

MIRAMICHI ADVANCE, CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, JANUARY 13, 1898.

General Business. TWEEDIE & MITCHELL, ATTORNEYS, NOTARIES, CONVEYANCERS.

OFFICES: Chatham and Newcastle. W. L. TWEEDIE, C. C. & B. MITCHELL, B. L. Chatham, N. B. Newcastle, N. B.



Some of the so-called 'Business Universities', but not all, are 'Business Universities'.

DO NOT IGNORE Text Books. WHY? Because all successful men of business...

AT THE HEAD of a list of a dozen or more books recommended by the American Association of Public Accountants...

The new way makes the student to transmit to himself the knowledge that he acquires...

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J. B. SNOWBALL'S MIRAMICHI WOOD TRADE CIRCULAR, FOR THE YEAR 1897.

CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA, December 31, 1897.

The winter of 1896-7 was the most favorable on record for getting logs from our forests.

The export of spruce from the provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, particularly from the latter Province, was excessive.

The depression existing in all United States markets, in marked contrast to the demand in Great Britain for wood goods, attracted all stocks in the earlier part of the season to Europe.

The output of logs the present winter will be very small, not over half the quantity got last year, but the wintering stock in the Miramichi district is large, so that next season's shipments from this port will probably be a full average.

The disappearance of sailing vessels is marked by the larger average tonnage of the vessels now visiting this port.

1885-86 Atlantic trade to this port averaged 774 tons, 1896 they averaged 813 tons.

Sailing vessels are preferred by both shippers and receivers of timber and lumber cargoes, yet, it is becoming apparent that they are to be still further forced out of the Atlantic business.

SHIPMENTS FROM MIRAMICHI FOR 12 YEARS, FROM 1886 TO 1897 INCLUSIVE, were—

Table showing shipments from Miramichi for 12 years (1886-1897) with columns for No. of vessels, Tons, Sup. ft. deals, and other metrics.

THE SHIPPERS FROM THE PORT OF MIRAMICHI IN THE SEASON 1897, were—

Table listing shippers from Miramichi in 1897, including names like J. B. Snowball, W. M. McKay, etc., and their respective tonnage.

1897.—DISTRIBUTION OF MIRAMICHI SHIPMENTS.

Table showing the distribution of Miramichi shipments by country: Great Britain, Ireland, Spain, Africa.

DISTRIBUTION BY PORTS OF MIRAMICHI SHIPMENTS.

Table showing the distribution of Miramichi shipments by port: Great Britain, Ireland, Spain, Africa.

OTHER NEW BRUNSWICK PORTS.

ST. JOHN, N. B. SHIPMENTS OF DEALS, &c., TO TRANS-ATLANTIC PORTS, DEC. 1st, 1896, TO DEC. 1st, 1897.

Table showing St. John shipments of deals to trans-Atlantic ports for Dec 1st, 1896 to Dec 1st, 1897.

DISTRIBUTION OF ST. JOHN, N. B. SHIPMENTS, DEC. 1st, 1896, TO DEC. 1st, 1897.

Table showing the distribution of St. John shipments by port: Avonmouth Dock, Barrow, Clyde, Glasgow, etc.

SHIPMENTS FROM ST. JOHN TO TRANS-ATLANTIC PORTS FOR THE PAST 12 YEARS.

Table showing shipments from St. John to trans-Atlantic ports for the past 12 years (1886-1897).

MONCTON. Table showing Moncton shipments by port: Dalhousie, Campbellton, Bathurst, Shediac.

DALHOUSIE. Table showing Dalhousie shipments by shipper: Geo. Moffat & Co., etc.

CAMPBELLTON. Table showing Campbellton shipments by shipper: Geo. McKay, etc.

BATHURST. Table showing Bathurst shipments by shipper: W. M. McKay, etc.

SHEDIAC. Table showing Shediac shipments by shipper: J. L. Black, etc.

RICHMOND. Table showing Richmond shipments by shipper: J. E. T. Jamieson, etc.

MONCTON. Table showing Moncton shipments by shipper: Geo. McKay, etc.

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TOTAL TRANS-ATLANTIC SHIPMENT OF NEW BRUNSWICK 1897 COMPARED WITH 1896.

Table comparing total trans-Atlantic shipments of New Brunswick in 1896 and 1897, listing ports and tonnage.

The trans-Atlantic shipments from the Province of New Brunswick for the past ten years were—

Table showing trans-Atlantic shipments from New Brunswick for the past ten years (1888-1897).

SHIPMENTS FROM NOVA SCOTIA, 1897.

Table showing shipments from Nova Scotia in 1897, listing ports and tonnage.

The Shipments of deals from Nova Scotia to trans-Atlantic Ports, for 1887-1897 were—

Table showing shipments of deals from Nova Scotia to trans-Atlantic ports for 1887-1897.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., JANUARY 13, 1898.

Why Should There be a General Election?

The New Brunswick Legislature is to meet on 10th February. The St. John Globe says, "there is an opinion that it will be the last session and that the general election will come off this year, probably at an early date."

The Frederick Gleason has had an imaginary general election for the province on his hands almost every month for a year or two. Now, the Globe is taking up its yarable to the same effect.

It is not possible to give, in the space we have for such purposes, an adequate report of all that was said by the different speakers at each meeting, nor is it necessary to report each meeting separately, inasmuch as that which was said is so generally repeated at the other: we give an outline of the most important things said at both meetings, without reference to place.

It is right, however, to say that the Napam meeting, as was to be expected, was the more successful. It was a fine meeting, representing one of our best farming communities. It was about equally divided between the sexes, and if anything the ladies had the best of it.

Very intelligent questions were asked by the women, and in the main, to Col. McCrea, who soon demonstrated that he was a real, practical all round scientific farmer and capable of giving his fellow farmers valuable information.

The St. John Sun has a despatch from Toronto which says: "Mr. Richard has put his foot down upon the acquisition of the Canada Eastern Railway by the government, and subsidizing another line between Montreal and Quebec. He is unalterably opposed to any scheme involving large expenditures, to which several of his colleagues wish to commit the support. In this attitude he has the support and co-operation of Messrs. Davies and Milk."

Let's see—This means our old friend, Sir Richard Cartwright. He's not a very dangerous person, after all, for he has had his day and must fall in with the views of his colleagues. The office he holds is a subordinate one, which goes to show that he is not looked upon as a safe man to be clothed with much authority.

He's the gentleman who was going to generally "spillulate" a certain viper called "protection." That was two years ago, however, and he and the viper are now the best of friends. The foot which the Sun says the old gentleman has put down on the Canada Eastern proposition is the same, no doubt, which was to crush the aforesaid viper. It may be a very big foot, but few people are afraid of it now-a-days.

Charlotte. Latest advice from Charlotte county indicates that the return of Mr. J. D. Chipman, who has been nominated by the friends of the local Government to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late ex-premier Mitchell, will not be opposed. This is another proof of the deserved popularity of the government.

St. John. The St. John Globe says:—"The Toronto World contradicts a rumor which it published last February that the Temiscouata Railway was to become a branch of the C. P. R., and apologizes for speaking of the road as "a white elephant."

Now, what has the Globe to say for itself in connection with its singular course in the matter of the proposed purchase of the Canada Eastern Railway by the government?

The World, and the Advocate's correspondent appear to agree in finding fault with Hon. Mr. Tweedie's remarks at the agricultural meeting on Monday evening. They call it a political speech and intimate that it sounded out of place. That opinion, we venture to say, was confined to just one person, and we believe it was he who imparted the brilliant idea to the Advocate's correspondent, who evidently did not attend the meetings, because he represented one gentleman who was not present as having made a speech. Mr. Tweedie merely compared what the present government was doing for agriculture with past governments had done, and he incidentally explained dif-

ing how slow it was, and said something was needed to accelerate it in New Brunswick. As an indication of what might be done by stimulating the farming industry he offered to the encouragement which had been given to the dairy industry by the present government and the fact that whereas only 60 tons of cheese were made in the province ten years ago, the output had reached 600 tons last year. This had been brought about by the government taking counsel with the farmers, bringing them together and encouraging them to start factories and organize for working them. Premier Emerson had declared that this was to be an agricultural government—that it was to have

—and, in order that it should be so, it was determined that these Farmers' institute meetings should be held all over the Province and the suggestions and advice of the farmers obtained. The Government wanted the farmers to take hold and help them by hints as to details to establish and carry out a policy that would best promote the farming interests, and they realized that this was the only way in which they could successfully carry out the plan announced by the premier. (Applause.) The lumbering and fishing interests of the province were said to be on the wane, but there was every reason to believe that the farming interest was growing every day, and that it would more than make up for any shortness in the other two. We must rely for our future prosperity mainly on this great interest, turning our attention to cheese and butter-making, giving the province a fair trial in wheat-raising, etc. It was by our farmers conveying information to the government along these lines that they obtained in establishing the strong agricultural policy which it was the Government's purpose to announce at the forthcoming meeting of the legislature.

Mr. LaBilieu referred to the dissemination of AGRICULTURAL LITERATURE as a very effective means by which the young people, especially on farms, would be benefited, and scientific knowledge could be obtained by them. He pictured the farm-house, in which some of the evolutions of the week might be devoted to the reading of good agricultural papers, or works, by members of the family qualified for the purpose—perhaps with neighbors present to listen and discuss the subjects—and said that method of acquiring useful knowledge would be found helpful and could not but have an elevating as well as an educating effect. The older farmers might not need this aid, but the younger ones would, as it would help the latter to acquire, in a few years, knowledge which their elders learned only in many years of hard experience. Even the pictures of first class pure bred animals in the agricultural periodicals of the day would examine those who were accustomed to the way of stock and create in their minds a right idea of what they should seek to raise in that line. Knowledge based on a proper study of the

SCIENCE OF AGRICULTURE made the farmer proud of his calling. It was therefore a duty for our farmers to make a new start. It had been said that he who made two blades of grass grow where only one grew before was a benefactor of his race, and as there was room and encouragement in our country for a great development of farming, it was to be hoped that an appreciation of what the government was willing to do to assist in the work would be met with corresponding counsel and effort on the part of our farmers.

THE WHEAT QUESTION was now commanding attention and it has been said that if proper mills for grinding wheat were available it would give a great impetus to the cultivation of that grain.

COLD STORAGE is also being advocated, for it is becoming a necessity in connection with the development of our winter pastures. It is the surprise of the citizens of St. John has done so much to promote.

FORK AND POUCHY raising are also receiving great attention as subjects connected with our future agricultural development. He referred to GOOD ROADS as essential to the farmer, and commended the movement for improvement in that direction, and he also mentioned the importance to farmers' families of subscribing for the Cooperative Farmer or some other periodical devoted to farming interests.

MR. W. SAKBY BLAIR. Mr. Blair, who spoke on the subject of horticulture, dwelt upon the pleasure to be derived from working on the farm. He said he was a large subject and the time at his disposal would admit of his only touching on one or two branches of it, particularly the apple. After affirming the importance of a man's devoting himself to some one work or object in life as an occupation, if he would succeed, he also mentioned the importance to farmers' families of subscribing for the Cooperative Farmer or some other periodical devoted to farming interests.

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BUILDERS WANT: EXTRA SHINGLES, HALIA, CLEAR SHINGLES, PAPER, CLEAR SHINGLES, LIME, EXTRA NO. 1 SHINGLES, HAIR, CLEAR WHITE SHINGLES, BRICK, NO. 1 SHINGLES, GLASS, PUTTY.

FAMILIES WANT: OOLIVIE'S HUNGARIAN FLOUR, KENT MILLS FLOUR, FAMOUS FLOUR, BUDGET FLOUR, KILN DRIED CORN MEAL, AMERICAN HOME LIGHT OIL, PEARL OIL, PORTO RICO MOLASSES.

W. S. LOGGIE COY., LIMITED.

have soil to take hold of and receive nourishment from. DON'T TRAMP THE SOIL until you have covered the roots well. Then tramp it and afterwards fill the hole with the other soil, but don't tramp that; you want that for a mulch to receive moisture and nourish the tree. The speaker thought it was best to...

taught by them and that was the way in which they could mutually help each other. COL. D. MCGRAE, of Guelph, Ontario, who is the son of a practical farmer and himself a farmer's successor on the paternal farm—95 acres one, which contains over a head of stock, by the acre, including 65 cattle, 8 horses and the rest sheep—producing all the food for the stock upon it, addressed the meeting on...

MAKING THE FARM PAY. Conditions of the market had changed during the last 10 years, in the way of a fall in market values, and they were obliged to change their methods accordingly, as to produce outside more cheaply, or in other words, make the farm more productive in feeding. He made of feeding, beginning with the spring, was to give the cattle winter rye, and when that was gone to feed a mixture of oat straw, peas and vetches with rape, also. He showed a hat with a large, large, large and 1 bushel of oats. Next comes the corn, which he sowed from 8 to 3 1/2 feet apart, (as that could be cultivated with the horse) and after that the winter wheat, which he sowed in the rotation being white turnips which he placed in the grass field all the fall. In winter he had corn which he allowed to grow until it ripened as much as one would have it for the table. The corn and wheat took place Sunday afternoon and was largely attended by the many friends of Mr. McGrae, who deeply mourn their loss.

WATER. To produce it a bushel of potatoes requires 200 bushels of water. The summer rainfall of water is not sufficient to supply the roots and cereals with this moisture; it is supplemented by the reserve water from the winter snow and rains and the night-dews of summer. Therefore the young trees, when set out must be potted. Their branches must be cut off so as to make them not draw too much from the soil. If you want the branches to grow towards you you must be careful in pruning to be guided by the buds in lopping off observe the bud; if it is on the inside of the branch, cut above it, and the shoot from the bud will grow towards you, in this way, shape the tree as you wish. I think a great many of our farmers prune their fruit and other trees without observing the buds—just cut as it seems with such pruning instruments as they are, regardless of the season of observation.

FRUITING. Mr. Blair, after stating the fact that the water taken up by the roots of the soil goes up to the leaf and helps, with other elements taken from the atmosphere, to form the food which goes downward from the leaf by way of the inside of the bark, to build up the trunk and branches of the tree, again impressed upon the audience the importance of being sure that the proper steps in choice of variety, soil, situation, shelter, care in planting, soil cultivation was observed. The necessity of cutting off suckers, which steal the nutriment of moisture and fertilizer from the tree was presented. The speaker deprecated planting an orchard around the house where the horse-cultivator could not get at it; he recommended planting in the open where the horse cultivator could have free access and work in looking up the soil. In these days if only discouraged the boys on the farm if they had to land-cultivate. Mr. Blair gave some points on the cultivation of strawberries.

HE went into detail and said much was condensed from that was valuable. He said it was a mistake for beginners to import large numbers of strawberry plants. A beginner can carefully cultivate 50 plants and pay such attention to them as to get an education in the business and be encouraged; whereas, if he should buy 500 plants to begin with he would be liable to get discouraged in the crop by finding out its possibilities. Plants should be set one foot apart, in rows two feet apart. He would advise the growing of only one crop in the same piece of ground—don't let the plants remain in the same ground for two seasons; make your strawberry bed by enough to be divided in two portions; plant potatoes in the half where you've had strawberries the year and strawberries where the potatoes were last year, and alternate the crops in that way. You'll get better and bigger fruit in that way. The best strawberries are the Bederwood and Queenston varieties.

HARVESTING should be planted 6 or 7 ft. apart, so that you can go through them with the cultivator. Mr. Blair made an appeal to farmers not to neglect the home surroundings by the omission of THE FLOWER-GARDEN and referred eloquently to the refining influence, as well as those of ornamental trees. The younger members of the family and community were improved by each object and surroundings, and he helped in making them appreciate the farm, its true meaning and value, its importance and attractions. There are pleasure and contentment and attractive surroundings and these are available to the intelligent farmer in a greater degree than to any other representative of the race. If he, the speaker, did not know something of the leaves and flowers which he had to him from the book of nature, something to enable him to go to his work with a will; if he did not know something of the structure and cell-structures of plants, the sources from which they draw their nutriment and vitality, their purposes and their place in our every day life, he would not enjoy farming.

BOOKS on the many subjects connected with agriculture were to be had and they were worth thousands to the young men who had the book of nature, and the professional. Business men and medical ones had to spend large sums for books and training to fit them for their life-work. Why should not the young farmer spend a little money for books or periodicals which would give him the benefits of the experience of practical and scientific agriculturists? He, the speaker, had worked as a boy on small wages on a farm. He was hired for 75 cents a day and thought the profession was no good; the first \$10 he received he spent for books on agriculture, and that was the beginning of his pleasure in farming. (Applause.)

FREE SEEDS. Mr. Blair, after dwelling on this part of his theme for some time, expressed his regret that superintendent Robertson of the Neppan farm was not present, and said they were anxious to hear from all farmers everywhere as to their experience and to have suggestions or questions from them on the subject of farm work. They were ready, on application, to send out, free, small quantities of seeds in variety for testing and he hoped the farmers would avail themselves of the offer.

MUTUAL TEACHING. If the farming communities were to be successful they must employ every mode of mutual instruction. It is not good to teach by means of a man, but it would be glad to be taught by means of a man. It is not good to teach by means of a man, but it would be glad to be taught by means of a man. It is not good to teach by means of a man, but it would be glad to be taught by means of a man.

view of demonstrating that phase of the question. Turning to the subject of CATTLE-FREEDING, Col. McGrae said that notwithstanding the fact that New Brunswick seemed to be well adapted for raising cattle it was singular that the industry was comparatively neglected. It is a fact under his own observation in Guelph, Ontario, that men constantly employed there at good salaries whose sole business it was to purchase cattle for the markets of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. And, yet, he saw no reason why New Brunswick should not raise cattle to supply its home market and have a surplus for export. It was a good country for raising cattle, good for tarps, and for grass. Straw and turnips produce good cattle and oil cake can be used for finishing them. You must feed them well from the start—for neglect of feeding at any period prevents full development. It is well to change the food, so as to give variety. Feed them well. The farmer's gain is that and not the farmer's loss. He said he had had a good experience. One said her husband was a good fellow, a fine fellow, a fine fellow, a fine fellow. He said he had had a good experience. One said her husband was a good fellow, a fine fellow, a fine fellow, a fine fellow.

Miramichi and the North Shore, etc. LEAVE YOUR WOOL WITH W. T. HARRIS to be carded. He guarantees satisfaction and your wool will be returned in one week. THE BANK OF MONTREAL is to be removed during the approaching summer, to the premises owned by Mr. Winslow and now occupied by Messrs. Baker—the White Store.

73RD BATT.—Capt. Wm. McNaughton, Capt. Hugh Cameron and Lieut. James Cameron of the 73rd Battalion are gazetted as being permitted to resign their commissions and retain their several ranks. Nor so: Alex. Gibson was not in town on Tuesday as stated by the World. The World is also in error in stating that Mr. Dawson of Dawsonville spoke at Monday's Neppan meeting on the subject of the wheat crop. Mr. Dawson was not in the County at all. He was prevented by illness from coming.

A VALUABLE STORE.—Messrs. Barker of the White Store, having to vacate the premises they now occupy, found considerable difficulty in getting a place to suit them. The have, however, succeeded in securing the store and warehouse now occupied by Mr. Wyse and owned by Messrs. A. B. & C. Loggie of Loggieville. The rent is said to be \$350 a year.

WILLIAM HOPKINS' DEATH.—William Hopkin of Williamsstown died last Thursday night at 10 o'clock. He was 77 years of age. He was a native of the Parish of Bandon, Cork County, Ireland, who emigrated to this country in the year 1831 and settled in Williamsstown where he was well and popularly known. He had a large stock of sheep and was largely engaged in the wool trade. He was a member of the Wesleyan Church and was a devoted member of the same. He was a man of high character and was highly respected by all who knew him. He was a man of high character and was highly respected by all who knew him.

IN THE WOODS.—Hon. Provincial Secretary Tweedie and R. A. Lavelle, Esq., of Chatham and A. Davidson, Esq., M.P.P. for the county of Northumberland, were on a hunting party in the woods near the town of Chatham. They were accompanied by a large number of sportsmen and were highly successful in their hunt. They were accompanied by a large number of sportsmen and were highly successful in their hunt.

FIVE SAMPLE ROOMS.—Mr. R. H. Groom of Newcastle has a list of the best sample rooms for commercial men in the county. They are located in the city of Newcastle and are highly respected by all who know them. They are located in the city of Newcastle and are highly respected by all who know them.

PERSONAL.—Hon. Mr. Adams' many friends are glad to hear that he is again able to be out of doors and, no doubt, soon be fully recovered from his recent illness. Alex. Gibson, Esq., was at Neppan on Tuesday. He was accompanied by a large number of sportsmen and were highly successful in their hunt. They were accompanied by a large number of sportsmen and were highly successful in their hunt.

Steam Navigation Company's Meeting.—The annual meeting of the Miramichi Steam Navigation Co., was held at Miramichi, Chatham, on Tuesday afternoon, the 9th inst. Hon. J. P. Burchill in the chair. The business of last year was shown by the directors' report to have been very good. A dividend of five per cent was declared and the old board of directors re-elected as follows: Hon. John P. Burchill, Andrew's Church, Miramichi; W. B. Scott, J. W. McDonald, John McDonald, W. C. Winslow, Alex. Fraser.

A Teacher's Death.—Miss Sara Carran, one of the teachers of the Wellington Ward School, and daughter of Mr. James Carran, died on Monday. She had a attack of typhoid fever from which she recovered, but it left her in a condition of nervous prostration from which she died. She was one of the most popular teachers on the town staff, was beloved by her pupils and highly esteemed by all who knew her and her death is very sincerely and generally mourned. The funeral, which took place yesterday morning at half-past nine was a very large one. The school were closed for the afternoon in order to enable the male pupils over 12 years of age to attend. There was a number of about four hundred under Principal Cox led the funeral procession, followed by the Trustees of Schools, the pall-bearers coming next and then the male pupils over 12 years of age. The funeral was very impressive and was attended by a large number of people. The funeral was very impressive and was attended by a large number of people.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the Chatham Board of Trade will be held in Y. M. C. A. Room on Tuesday evening, January 13th, at 8 o'clock. W. S. LOGGIE, President. J. D. B. MACKENZIE, Secretary.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Court for the purpose of declaring the bankruptcy of the late Mr. J. D. B. Mackenzie. The application will be made on the 15th inst. at 10 o'clock. J. D. B. MACKENZIE, Debtor. J. D. B. MACKENZIE, Debtor.

Enormous Stock-taking Clearance Sale Now going on Sale

OUR WOMEN AND GIRLS. Too Many are Broken Down Weak and Wretched. Paine's Celery Compound is the Great Life-giver for All Who are Sick and Ailing. It has Recured Thousands and Made Their Lives Happy. The Marvellous Compound is Woman's Best Friend. Jessie M. Ross says: "I Was Completely Cured by Your Wonderful Medicine." WELLS & RICHARDSON CO., DEAR SIR:—It affords me much pleasure to testify to the great good that Paine's Celery Compound has done for me. I was completely run down in health and a victim of the most distressing weakness, and after using three bottles of your wonderful medicine I was completely cured. It is the best blood purifier I know of, and I recommend it to all who are troubled as I was. Yours very truly, JESSIE M. ROSS, Queen's, P. Q. St. John's Letter: The shipments of deals from this port for 1897 amounted to 384,399,000 feet, or 77,132,644 more than the 287,266,356 feet of the year 1896. The total shipments from the province were 494,204,195 or 108,164,218 more than in 1896. It is a good many years since a large business has been done in this branch of industry but the percentage of profit has probably been less than 4 per cent. of its present value, and the market price of deal twenty-five or thirty years hence is likely to be very much higher than at present. The city's criminal statistics for the year 1897 have been published and are of much value. Arrests are made spontaneously and in the case of "drunks" they are often made for revenue only or to make apparent the vigilance of the officer. In the city in 1897 there were 1,392 arrests, of whom 1,029 were males and 363 females. 788 of whom were "drunks." In 1890 such arrests numbered 1,725, (1,518 males and 207 females) of whom 1,200 were males and 525 were females. There were two arrests for adultery, one for abduction, one for forgery and five for indecent assault; there were none for adultery, abduction or forgery, but one for indecent assault and two for murder in 1897. Four steamers, four schooners and one schooner were registered at this port last year. John Howe, many years postmaster in this city, died on the 3rd inst, aged 86 years. Several hundred Newfoundland dogs were taken through the city last week by the C. P. R. en route to the Yukon where they will be used as beasts of burden. They cost in Newfoundland about \$5 each. A project last week to place a steamer on the spring on the route between Bridgewater and other Annapolis river ports and St. John's.

There are now in port unclaimed ships, brigantines and five buquoys, one brigantine and 65 schooners. Since the holidays business is quiet throughout the city. Confidence in interest is felt in sugar and gold authorities predict that the general market will advance to five cents per pound. One of the reasons given for the predicted advance is the fact that the Government is now engaged in buying up sugar which will affect values in all parts of the world. Eggs are in demand at 18 cents and choice butter 17 cents; ordinary grades are unsaleable. Flour is unchanged; millers and exporters are waiting for a rise in the price of wheat. Lard has advanced 2 cents; oatmeal is easier, the best brands sell at \$2.70 to \$2.75. Fruits are easier. Messrs. DeForest are landing a large invoice of strictly choice Valencia layers which they quote one cent per pound lower than last year. The suit of Pascoe vs. Dumery for alienating the affections of Miss. Parsons ended last Friday evening in a verdict of \$300 for the plaintiff. F. A. Peters, Jr., Princess street, applies The Musician, a magnificent musical instrument at \$1.00 per day. The new popular songs, piano music and high class numbers are so issued at public prices, post paid. There were 13 deaths, 18 births and 19 marriages in the city last week. St. John, Jan. 10.

FOR TEN CENTS. Have you ever tried to estimate the satisfaction, pleasure and financial return that you get when you spend ten cents for a package of Diamond Dyes? The advantages and profits are strikingly wonderful. Faded and dirty looking dresses, blouses, capes, knitted shawls, hose, lace curtains, and pieces of drapery are all restored to their original value and usefulness. The result is that you are made as good as new and the cost only ten cents. This work is done every day by thousands with the Diamond Dyes. Beware of imitations that so desire after for the sake of big profits. Send to Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P. Q., for valuable book of directions and sample color card; sent post free to any address.

Down Below! Down Below! Down Below! These are a few of our Leading Lines and Special Drives, and we respectfully invite all to COME EARLY, COME EARLY, in order to secure them, secure them. REMEMBER we have no Special Bargain Day. Any day you go out shopping, you will find us at home ready to show and prove that our ADVERTISING IS GENUINE and BARGAINS UNEQUALLED.

Read Carefully! Notice our Reductions! Buy Goods at Half Price! All our Ladies' Coats, at Cost Price, FROM \$2.50 and UP, STYLE AND FIT GUARANTEED. Dress Goods Dept. Flannels and Flannellettes Dept. A few pieces of Double Width Plaid, 18c. now only 12c. 125 pieces of Melton Cloth, 25c. 30c., reduced to 12c. 3 pieces of Fancy Black Lustre, 45c. to clear at 20c. 5 pieces of Black Cashmere, extraordinary value, from 19c. A few pieces of Plain Serge, Good Shades, 30c. now only 22c. All our Dress Patterns, 25% under original prices. Special, Special, 2 pieces Navy Serge, 33c. changed to 19c. All our Remnants, Black and Colored Goods, at Half Price.

Prints, Muslins, Cretonnes Dept. Linens, Cottons, Sheetings Dept., Etc. Good Gingham, Fast Colors, Clearing Price 5c. Our Bargain Tables are full of Prints and Gingham. Good Cretonnes, New Designs, from 9c. up. Art Denims and Art Draperies, at Clearing Prices. 100 pieces of Fancy Lawn, Light Colors, only 5c. 28 pieces of Gingham, Color Guaranteed 10c., a bargain at 7c. 10 pieces of Fancy Colored Muslins, Usual Price 25c. only 9c. 15 pieces of White and Colored Canton Flannel 12c., reduced to 8c. Our noted Grey Sheetings, at 3c., 4c., 5c., and 6c., are the best in the market. 3 Dozen Unbleached Table Cloths, best on the market, usual price \$1.50, now only 80c. and \$1.20. 75 pieces Sheeting Cotton 10c. per yd., to be cleared at 7c. Toilet Covers, Sheetings, Fancy Linens, all reduced. Unbleached Table Linens, Pure Linen, from 19c. Linen Towels are being sold 25% under ordinary prices. Towellings, Towellings, at lower prices than ever. Reductions in all Departments.

Men's and Boys' Clothing Dept. Men's and Boys' Furnishing Dept. Men's Heavy Ulsters, a Leader 7.75, now only 4.95. Boys' Heavy Ulsters, all sizes, from \$2.40 and up. Men's Heavy Reefers, Marvellous Value, \$2.95. Boys' Heavy Reefers, all sizes, from \$1.40. A large quantity of Heavy Knit Socks, only 19c. former price 20c. Men's Heavy Pants, a Bargain \$1.45, worth double. Men's Neckties, Usual Price 25, 35, and 50c. to be sold at 15, 15, and 25c. Remember our prices are Genuine and Articles Good. Our Choice Stock of Fancy Shirts, all reduced. A few Men's Mufflers to be cleared at 25c. each, Less than Half Price. Men's Underwear, Linters, and Drawers all reduced.

Remnants of Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, Etc., etc., all Thrown out on the Counters. NOTE. NOTE. NOTE. In addition to these special drives, we have a large quantity of Knitted Wool Wraps which with many other bargains too numerous to mention will be sold regardless of Cost. All Goods marked in plain figures and sold One Price Only.

J. D. CREAGHAN, J. D. CREAGHAN, THE CASH - BARGAIN - CENTRES. Chatham and Newcastle.

THE ORPINGTONS.

A New Breed of Profitable and Handsome Fowls.

The Orpington breed of fowls is a new one which has received much attention from poultry fanciers...

They were developed in England by a fancier named Cook, who says he brought them into existence for the purpose of infusing into farming fowls a new element of profitable poultry keeping...

The first variety of the Orpingtons was the black. To make these I took a good Black Minorca, which variety is extraordinary layers, black plumage, but small and not putting on fat readily...

With these beautiful pullets I mated some Black Langshans, which are also good layers, and as well as being good layers, they are also good mothers...

The feathers down the legs had to be disposed of, and to do this I sought out all the Langshans that were produced without feathers on the legs...

These were the original Orpingtons made. Some people objected that the single combed birds were like Langshans, and Rose Combed Orpingtons were next made by substituting a Rose Combed Langshan male...

To make the Buff Orpingtons three varieties were crossed. First, Golden Spangled Hamburg cocks were mated with Dorkings. The result was progeny were by far the best layers of the cross...

The Orpingtons have all the strength and vigor of other breeds, and as egg producers, especially in autumn and winter when eggs pay the greatest profits, they are remarkable. They lay like the tinted eggs which command a premium in the market...

Great must be sharp. Feed before water. Do no feed glass for grit. Feed a mash the year round. Good food is positive economy.

The egg has always been a prime object in the breeding of chickens. The jungle fowl of India lays an egg not half as big as an egg of the barnyard fowl, while the eggs of the Plymouth Rock or Light Brahma hen attain a surprising maximum in respect to dimensions...

nature, has been produced. There is a popular notion, derived from nobody knows what source, that brown eggs are richer in flavor than white ones, and they bring a higher price in the market...

Mr. E. O. Rossie, the well known poultry breeder, says in an exchange that the breed of excellence known from one end of the country to the other is the Barred Plymouth Rock. There is not a farmer, amateur or fancier who does not at once recognize the sterling qualities of this most popular of all breeds...

It is safe to say that the demand for Plymouth Rocks is far in excess of that for any other breed. This does not reflect unfavorably on the other breeds. It simply shows that they are the public's favorite.

The very best quality any breed can have is hardiness. A vigorous constitution in fowls is the first thing to consider. With it we may expect a good growth, an early maturity, a good egg yield and a fine carcass...

Among the business breeds which lay white eggs or whose color is limited, we have the Leghorns, Minorcas and Andalusians. The Minorca lay a large, egg, and, if properly handled, plenty of them—but are they business egg machines? The Andalusians also are prolific layers, but if we breed them to perfection is the demand sufficient to justify their being kept for profit? We are forced to fall back on the Leghorns...

Their enemies, and they have some, call them spring and summer layers. They will lay as strong in the dead of winter as any other breed, if properly housed. Being a closely feathered variety, they need warm quarters. Keep them snug all winter in a house where the water never freezes in the pans, feed them liberally and keep them busy and they will lay continuously...

Points for Shippers. One of the greatest mistakes in shipping live poultry is that of mixing fat hens and roosters in the same coop. The hens cannot be assisted in bringing better prices by having males with them, while buyers will not buy in large lots and pay good prices for mixed stock...

Chickens with canker should be at once removed from the flock and kept in separate quarters. It is very contagious. Wash the spots with burned alum dissolved in new rum. Cleanse thoroughly morning and night and remove the canker daily. A weak solution of nitrate of silver can be used to touch the spots, but this must be done with great care, as it is rather a severe treatment...

J. D. CREAGHAN, J. D. CREAGHAN, Chatham and Newcastle.

GREAT - DISCOUNT - SALE

COMING ON! ENORMOUS SALE OF REMNANTS! From Jan. 1 to 15th.

We are Stocktaking and all our Odds and Ends WILL BE CLEARED AT RIDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES.

Come Early Come Early. Bargains Genuine, Bargains Genuine!

DON'T MISS GOODS AT HALF PRICE.

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CHATHAM STEAM LAUNDRY AND DYE WORKS.

Following are our Prices for Dyeing Orders Promptly Attended to. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Table with columns for DYEING and OLEANSO, listing various items like suits, pants, shirts, and their prices.

GOODS CALLED FOR AND DELIVERED.

Advertisement for 'Make a Pie' featuring an illustration of a pie and text describing the product and its benefits.

Advertisement for 'INDURATED FIBREWARE' by The E. B. Beddy Co. Limited, featuring an illustration of a tub and text describing the product's durability.

Advertisement for 'Granby Rubbers' featuring an illustration of a person and text describing the product's quality and availability.

Advertisement for 'SCOTT'S EMULSION' featuring an illustration of a man carrying a large fish and text describing the product's benefits for health.

Miramichi Foundry, STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER WORKS, CHATHAM, N. B.

JOSEPH M. RUDDOOK, PROPRIETOR

Steam Engines and Boilers. Mill Machinery of all kinds; Steamers of any size constructed & furnished, complete.

GANG EDGERS, SHINGLE AND LATH MACHINES, CASTINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

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DESIGNS, PLANS AND ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION. Established 1866.

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PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES AND HARDWARE.

Ready-Mixed Paints, all shades, including the Celebrated WEATHER AND WATERPROOF, THE BEST EVER MADE.

School Blackboard Paint. Gloss Carriage Paint, requires no Varnishing. Graining Colors, all kinds. Graining Combs, Dry Colors, all shades.

100 Kegs English White Lead and Colored Paints. 10 Tons Refined Iron \$2.50 per 100 lbs. Cast Steel, Bellows, Chain, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Grindstones, Grindstone Fixtures.

WHITE MOUNTAIN ICE CREAM FREEZERS \$1.90, CLOTHES WRINGERS \$2.50, DAISY CHURNS \$3.75.

Cart and Wagon Axles, Cow Bells, Wire Screen Doors, Window Screens, Green Wove Wire 1 1/2 yd., Barbed Wire Fencing, Counter Scales, Weigh Beams, Steeplecarts, Carpet Sweepers, Blasting Powder and Fuse, Sporting Powder, Guns, Revolvers.

Barber's Toilet Clippers, Horse Clippers, Lawn Shears, Accordeon & Violins, Saws and Fixings.

FARMING TOOLS. ALL KINDS. Mower Sections, 70c doz. Heads, 40c each, Knife Heads, \$3.00.

My Stock of General Hardware is complete in every branch and too numerous to mention. All persons requiring goods in my line will save money by calling on me, as they will find my prices always down below the lowest; prove this by calling.

J. R. GOGGIN.

JUST OPENING.

JUST OPENING. BOOT AND SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY.

SCOTCH AND CANADIAN TWEEDS, NEWEST MAKES IN DRESS GOODS,

OILCLOTHS, HEARTH RUGS & DOORMATS, WOOL, BRUSSELS & TAPESTRY CARPETS,

BLACK & COLORED CASHMERE & MERINOS, ART MUSLINS, CRETONNES & REPPS,

LACE CURTAINS & COUNTERPANES, LACES, RIBBONS & HAMBURGS,

SILKS IN BLACK, COLORED, SURAH, & Worsted Coatings, Black and Blue Serge Suitings, White and Regatta Shirts, Ties, Collars, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handk'fs, Hats, & Caps, Etc.

ALSO A FULL & COMPLETE LINE OF GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

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Successors to Gillespie Foundry. Established 1852.

Mill, Railway, and Machine Work, Marine Engines, Boiler repairing. Our Brass and Composition Castings are worthy a trial, being noted throughout the country.

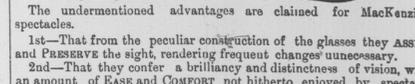
All work personally supervised. Satisfaction guaranteed. Send for estimates before ordering elsewhere.

Mill Supplies, Fittings, Pipe, etc. in stock and to order. JAS. G. MILLER.

ASK FOR MONARCH Steel Wire Nails, THEY NEVER LET GO, AND TAKE NO OTHERS.

Orders filled at Factory Price, and a Freight Allowance made on lots of 10 kegs and upwards at one shipment.

KERR & ROBERTSON, SAINT JOHN, N. B. N. B.—IN STOCK AND TO ARRIVE 100 DOZEN K. & R. AXES.



The undermentioned advantages are claimed for MacKenzie's spectacles. 1st—That from the peculiar construction of the glasses they ASSIST AND PRESERVE the sight, rendering frequent changes unnecessary.

2nd—That they confer a brilliancy and distinctness of vision, with an amount of EASE and COMFORT not hitherto enjoyed by spectacle wearers. 3rd—That the material from which the Lenses are ground is manufactured especially for optic purposes, by DR. CHARLES BARDON'S improved patent method, and is PURE, HARD AND BRILLIANT and not liable to become scratched.

4th—That the frames in which they are set, whether in Gold, Silver or Steel, are of the finest quality and finish, and guaranteed perfect in every respect.

The long evenings are here and you will want a pair of good glass to come to the Medical Hall and be properly fitted or no charge. J. D. B. MACKENZIE.

Chatham N. B., Sept. 24, 1895.

Miramichi Advance, CHATHAM, N. B.

THE LEADING NORTH SHORE NEWSPAPER. PRINTED EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING.

TERMS ONE DOLLAR A YEAR PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR

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RAILWAY BILLS, CUSTOM HOUSE FORMS, FISH INVOICES, BILLS OF EXCHANGE,

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The only Job-Printing office outside of St. John that was awarded both MEDAL AND DIPLOMA AT THE DOMINION AND CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION AT ST JOHN IN 1883

Orders by Mail promptly filled & Satisfaction Guaranteed. CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY, SUMMER 1897.

Table with columns for 'Between Fredericton Chatham and Loggieville' and 'Connecting with I. C. R.', listing train schedules and times.