

GENERAL BUSINESS.

ROOM PAPER!!

FOR SPRING 1879.

JUST OPENED 1000 PIECES

OF AMERICAN AND CANADIAN

ROOM PAPER.

NEW SHADES & DESIGNS,

AT

J. B. SNOWBALL'S, CHATHAM.

1879. 1879. SPRING TRADE!

THESE goods have had in order to save the duty and we offer them at the low prices.

Table with columns for Paints, Brushes, and other goods. Includes items like 'Best English Boiled & Raw Oil', 'Turpentine', 'White Lead', etc.

READY MIXED PAINT (every man his own painter).

PATENT KNOTTING-VARNISHES.

Special Attention to LOCKS, HINGES, etc., Builder's Materials.

As my attention is all given to the trade I have in Stock every article required in the trade, which will be sold at such low prices as will defy competition.

General Hardware Store, Chatham, N. B.

J. R. GOGGIN.

NEW SPRING GOODS, JUST OPENED.

BLACK DRESS GOODS, IN FRENCH MERINOES and CASHMERE, COBBOURNS, LUSTRES & BRILLIANTS.

COLORED DRESS GOODS, IN LUSTRES TWILLS, SERGES, MERINOES DE BRAGES.

Prists, Galleses, Libras, Cottons, Shirting, &c., a fine stock of Cloths, a large lot of LADIES' BLACK STRAW HATS & TRIMMINGS.

Men's and Boy's Felt and Fur Hats, Ready-made Clothing, for Spring and Summer.

Also a nice lot of FANCY DRY GOODS and SMALL WARES.

CHATHAM, MAR. 79. A. J. LOGGIE, & CO.

TAMARSOID THE WORLD-RENOVED CONSUMPTION CURE.

FRESH SALMON WANTED. Seed Wheat.

THESE goods we have had in order to save the duty and we offer them at the low prices.

150 Bushels Good White Bald Seed Wheat.

Springfield, Chatham, 8th April, 79. ALEX. MORRISON.

HAY CARTS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, 20 TONS GOOD HAY. Price and terms to suit the times.

JOHN U. LOGGIE.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., APRIL 24, 1879.

Mr. Tilley's Decadence.

New Brunswickers have accustomed themselves to think well and speak well of Hon. Mr. Tilley. They have always shown a disposition to look upon his activities in the best possible light when his public acts have not been in accord with the accepted code of political wisdom or morality, and whenever he was manifestly in error public criticism was dismissed by the recollection of his record, which, in the main, had been a good one, up to the year 1873.

Mr. Donville read from the Freeman to show that the protection cry was raised the evening of the 17th. He had been assured by the then Minister of Customs that the Government would go in for protection after the election.

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Why do they not act as the Japanese did until recent years? isolate themselves from the rest of the world, and absolutely prohibit all commercial enterprise beyond the Dominion?

The editor of the ADVANCE made a visit on Friday last to the Northwest Miramichi Fish Breeding Establishment, which is now under the exclusive superintendence of Samuel Wilcox, Esq., chief of the fish culture branch of the Department.

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of the establishment and that it be removed there. In this way the nine-tenths would be secured. Then the one tenth left in the Hatchery could be made a test of the question at issue, viz, whether the water of stream is deadly or not deadly to "pinks," or fry after they are hatched.

We feel more than an ordinary interest in this matter, for all past experience with the Northwest Hatching House has established us in the conviction that if the million of fry now hatching are left in the trenches where they now are they will be lost. That is also the belief of many others well qualified to form an opinion in the matter and we therefore hope our suggestion will be received and considered in the same spirit that prompts it.

A Matter of Regret. Referring to the private letters which passed between Hon. S. L. Tilley and Sir Albert J. Smith, on the subject of the re-appointment of Mr. Tilley, as Governor of New Brunswick, for a second term, the St. John Globe says:

"But no man, unless political feeling has degenerated and destroyed every hearty and generous impulse of his nature, can do other than regret the quarrel which has brought both these letters. It is not a pleasant sight to see men who have filled, or are filling, the highest offices in the country quarrelling like school-boys, but disclosing that which was never intended for the public eye, and sacrificing past friendship and mutual esteem to ruthless political hate."

It is perhaps no harm to discover, as these letters reveal, that among men in public life there are tender moments, in which a public man, under the seal of a secrecy that he supposes will never be broken, can express his interest in a political opponent. From this point of view there is certainly nothing objectionable in Mr. Smith's letters. He had acted in the political concerns of this Province with Mr. Tilley for ten or twelve years, and their relationship had been of a pleasant and harmonious character. They had fought together bravely about Confederation, but from 1867 to the days of the Pacific Scandal, Mr. Smith had given to the Government an independent support of that kind which no honorable gentleman need be ashamed to accept. There is, therefore, nothing surprising that a man like Mr. Smith should readily forget the battle of Confederation and remember in the day of his power and influence the friend alongside of whom he sat for so many years, and to whom in after days he had given an independent support. In his letter to Mr. Tilley he distinctly states that he acted without the knowledge of the Premier, that his act was personal, and that old friendship had much to do with it; then, too, he recalls to Mr. Tilley's remembrance the fact that his normal political position is on the Liberal side of the House. In all of this there is nothing improper, but there is much that reflects credit not only on the man, but on the side of the ex-Minister's nature. It is plain that he could never have expected that these letters would be quoted against him; and it may be added that their publication is far better for him than any more version of them. In regard to their subject-matter it may be said: There was a sincere desire on the part of the people on both sides of politics—apart from the mere party managers—that Mr. Tilley should be Governor again. Many of his political friends did not desire him one more to go through a political contest; they thought he had done enough of that, and that the easiest and most honorable way for him to retire from the public arena was through the Governor's chair. Even though he has been successful, many still hold to this opinion. On the part of his opponents there was no doubt some feeling that a powerful man could be thus honorably set aside; but this was coupled with the feeling that Mr. Tilley deserved well of his country, and that his re-appointment by a Liberal Government would have removed any stain that might rest upon his personal appointment to the office, and leave him in such a position that history could level no harsh criticism against his second acceptance of the chair."

Mr. DONVILLE asserted in the debate in the House of Commons on Thursday last that Mr. Snowball had vilified Mr. Tilley in the late canvass in Northumberland. The statement is absolutely untrue, but, then, we presume Mr. Tilley was anxious for Donville or some other "responsible" to make some statement to justify his personal attack on our representative.

PERSONALITIES between members in the Commons at Ottawa are indulged in to a great extent. The *Hansard* reporters, however, are prevailed upon to cut them out of their reports, as offending members are said to grow ashamed over their efforts in that line when they "cool off."

Who were the parties who telegraphed to Mr. Donville to "look out for Snowball," etc., when he went to St. John last autumn, after the election. Mr. Donville seems to be inclined to act as "stool pigeon" for all the political shapers of his party. He said in the Commons as our report shows that he received the telegram referred to but when challenged by Mr. Snowball he was gone out of him. Great is Donville!

HOW WE APPEAL SWISS.—The *Moniteur* quotes the St. John *Sun* and the *St. John Star* and they seriously tell their readers that they are thus giving expression to public opinion. Fortunately the officials and ex-officials who compose the writing forces of both papers are known as pensioners who receive dollars and cents belonging to the public for advocating the desperate cause of the retrograde Liberals who have joined the Conservatives in lying operative taxation upon New Brunswick.

THE CAMPBELLS ARE COMING.—Lord Lorne's father, the Duke of Argyll, is expected to arrive at Quebec in the second week in June for a four months visit to his son and Royal daughter-in-law. A week later they will greet Rear Admiral Duke of Edinburgh, at Halifax, who will succeed Admiral Inglefield in command of North America's squadron. At Halifax the party will be joined by Lord Warwick, Lord Colin Campbell (the Mar-

quis' brother), Mr. Eustace Balfour, who will marry Lady Elizabeth, the Marquis' second sister, in a few days, Earl Percy, H. R. R. Northumberland and the dukedom of Northumberland and husband of Lady Edith, the Marquis' eldest sister, and probably Lord Rosebury and wife.

DOUBLE DEALING.—The *Ottawa Free Press* says:—The whole country must sympathize with Lord Lorne in the exceedingly delicate position in which he is placed, through the Machiavellian tactics of an unscrupulous party leader. It is now evident that the Province of Quebec was promised for the Conservatives on condition which Sir John has found himself unable to fulfil, and that for some months past pressure has been brought to bear from that Province to secure the Lord Governor's despatch. Instead of manfully carrying out his programme, he has shifted the responsibility of inaction to the shoulders of His Excellency as we believe, not without first ascertaining that the final decision will be adverse to the contention of an important section of his followers, who thus stand in the position of having been shamefully deceived.

Telegraphic Despatches. From our Special Correspondent, Zelig Zinbort, P. B. The following is the latest conundrum: If the Home Government advise the Marquis to dismiss Letellier, and if the Quebec Legislature dissolve and if the people again support the July Government, what do Sir John and the Tory party going to do about it? When this is propounded to him Sir John puts on his most Beaconsfieldian and sphinx-like look, and looks wise—exceedingly so.

On dit—That Mr. Donville has secured the sole right for the Session of next year, to sit in the House and make unwarranted and unwarrantable remarks about their conduct at his own sweet will—trespassers on his preserve will be prosecuted. That owing to pressing picnic engagements in Ontario for the summer, Mr. Tilley will be unable to accept the challenge of your member to discuss the National Policy in N. B. That there must be something in the wind—about Miramichi as the Senator and "the borresponient" seem to have a deal to say to each other. That "the complot" urged him to plead the Hospital candidate's broken jaw, but that Mr. Pope told him there had been too much jawing about it already, the "distributor of patronage" having informed him that the jaw business was a very old matter—of at least twelve years' standing and that by this time the fracture ought to have been healed.

That the era of retrenchment and economy has at last finally set in, being inaugurated by the appointment of Mr. Lamb of Montreal to the position of "supervisor-chief" for the Dominion—salary \$4000 per annum. That this looks well for "filling" those "pledges" and a good many people want to know why a penal clause for the undervaluing of goods in invoices—and the present Customs Staff could not have done all that was necessary for the working of the N. P. of course there would have been no fat offices for friends under such an arrangement; in fact, would have been altogether too simple and effective to work alongside such a marvelous contrivance as the N. P. Tariff. That no one—not even Mr. Tilley—could resist the tariff as Mr. Chaiton has characterized the tariff as "a general scheme of plunder."

That the Government appear to require some remarkable machinery to run the affairs of the nation—as for instance Sir John's declaration. That it was one of his principles (if) that Government should remove the duty on wheat (that) by implication on other things too)—times of depression. That, of course, the threat or even a rumour of an intention to remove the duty on wheat at an election, would bring down home prices will be an exquisite little device for keeping the farmers in line and making them stick to their principles. That it is hard to say what the Government will want next. That there is no benefit in having a good majority if you don't make a use of it. That the motto for the Government is "Government by expediency." ZEDEKIAH THIBERTOP.

Medical.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE For CATARRH SNEEZE! SNEEZE! SNEEZE!

Universal Satisfaction. From a well-known Druggist. Gentlemen, I am happy to inform you that SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE is the best remedy for Catarrh I have ever used. It gives instant relief, and I have found a cure that will last by the use of one bottle. Please send me your supply. MANCHESTER, MASS. ANDREW LEE.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS

Dyspepsia and Indigestion. Agree Bileous Liver Pains. Placed over the centre of the nervous force, the Voltaic Plaster restores the vitality of the system, and relieves the patient of all his ailments. It is a perfect cure for all the ailments of the system, and is a most valuable remedy for all the ailments of the system. PRICE 25 CENTS.

Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

The Public Square Committee publish a warning in another column.

Who lost a gold ring? See advertisement.

WILD GESE sell at 60 cents each in town.

St. George's.—Yesterday was St. George's Day.

The Ice indications are that the river will be clear of Chatham early next week.

POTATOES, HOPS, ETC. are to be sold at auction on Saturday at Mr. Geo. Robinson's—See advt.

MIRAMICHI ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY is to hold its annual meeting on 19th May at the Canada House, Chatham. The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock.

THE EPISCOPAL LETTER of His Holiness, the Pope, prefaced by a pastoral from His Lordship Bishop Rogers of Chatham, and instructions on the Jubilee, will be found on our fourth page.

FOUR ASSOCIATIONS.—The annual general meeting of the Northumberland County Rifle Association is to be held at the office of W. R. Howard, Esq., Secretary-Treasurer, on Tuesday evening 6th May at half past eight p.m.

FIRE.—An alarm of fire was caused yesterday afternoon, by a spark igniting the roof of Dr. Patten's residence. A small house was burned in the roof before the fire was extinguished. The engines were turned out, but fortunately were not required.

MIRAMICHI CRICKET CLUB.—A meeting of the members of this Club will be held in Dr. J. B. Bennett's office on Saturday evening next 28th inst. As business of importance will be brought up a full attendance is requested. Gentlemen interested in the game, but not members, are invited to be present. By order of the President, RICHARD FRASER, Secy. & Treas.

SOCIAL.—The Newburgh Fireman's Club on Thursday last was a well managed affair, and deserved a full attendance, which it did not receive. The people of the shire town do not seem to realize that they have an excellent and efficient organization in their fire company, and that it is their duty to give it all the support and co-operation possible.

BY-ROADS.—The By-Roads grant has been approved to the Northern Counties as follows:—

- Northumberland, \$8,714
Gloucester, 4,382
Kent, 3,992
Hants, 3,992
Kings, 67,229
Northumberland and York being next in order.

PAID.—It is to be presumed that the "Tooley Street" party has paid the "election bill" that the "junior for man" was winning about in Chatham last week, as the Advocate is faithfully reproducing "public opinion" from the Sun, and otherwise indicating that said "junior" threat has held "no more to do with Tooley Street, but know who to support next time," was all speaking.

A NEW SERIAL.—BROOKLYN JOURNAL will begin in the number of April's Living Age for the week ending April 21st. It is published in the author's elegant sheets, and opens in a very interesting way. The progress of a new story by this popular writer will be eagerly watched.

A new volume of The Living Age, by the way, began with the first number of April, affording a good time for the beginning of new subscriptions.

For fifty-two numbers of sixty-four large pages each (or more than 3,000 pages a year), the subscription is \$8 in advance, by \$10.50 the publishers offer to send any one of the American \$4 monthlies or weeklies with The Living Age for a year, both postpaid. Littell & Co., Boston, publishers.

SCIENCE.—EXAMINATIONS.—The Semi-annual Examination of the public schools in district No. 1, Chatham will take place next week, as follows:—

Primary Dept. Miss Alexander's, on Monday forenoon April 29th;
Intermediate Dept. Miss Hamilton's, on the afternoon of the same day;
Advanced Dept. Miss Hamilton's, on Tuesday, April 29th, forenoon and afternoon;

Grammar and High School, Mr. Oakes, on Wednesday, April 30th, forenoon and afternoon.

MATRIMONIAL.—A considerable number of invited friends went through to Sheldale yesterday to witness the interesting ceremony which rendered supremely happy a professional gentleman of Moncton and the daughter of a prominent gentleman who formerly held a high position on the I. C. R. Particulars in another column.

The party returned to Moncton at 4.30 p.m., in a special car decorated with flags, and proceeded to the residence of His Honor, Judge Botsford, where a very pleasant evening was spent. The grounds in front of the house were illuminated by torches carried by a number of boys, and when Moncton Brass Band supplied the music. A large number of people were attracted to the spot, and altogether much interest was manifested by the whole company who yesterday joined hands for the couple's journey of life. We trust that perpetual happiness will be their lot.—See "Queenie," eldest daughter of Lewis Carroll, Esq., and Dr. Botsford, son of His Honor, Judge Botsford, were the "high contracting parties" to the above.

We have not the privilege of being acquainted with the groom, but if the bride is worthily matched he must be an excellent fellow.

Entertainment of the Dutcher Reformers.—On Tuesday evening the weekly entertainments of the Dutcher Reformers took place in the Masonic Hall, John Shiffert, Esq., in the chair. The Rev. Mr. McKewen opened the meeting with prayer, addressed by Messrs. Ross, (Montreal) A. W. Paterson, Wm. Sinclair, and the Rev. Mr. McKewen; songs by Messrs. A. Davidson, Kate Gillis, Miss Johnson, Emma Burns, Lottie Vaughan, Annie Shiffert, and Capt. Brown; instrumental music by Miss A. Shiffert; recitations by Masters William Snowball and Charles Ferguson; choruses by the choir, Misses M. Bell and Shiffert presided at the piano. The meeting was well attended and during the evening a number signed the pledge.

New Steam Tug. Jas. W. Fraser, Esq., of the Miramichi Foundry has had under construction during the past winter a new steam tug for Messrs. A. & J. P. Dugas, the hull of which is now about finished, the woodwork being by Mr. Wm. Sinclair. The tug is to be towing purposes; both frame and planking are of juniper and the ceiling is of spruce. The boat's dimensions are as follows:—length 54 ft; beam 9 ft; hold 4 ft. 5 in. The frame is about 4 inches square and the planking runs from 2 inches to 1 1/2 inch. Being intended for light drafts of water, she is a paddle-wheel boat, and will be supplied with high pressure engines, working on an inclined iron frame, the power being transmitted to the paddle-shaft by gearing. The engines are

being built at the Miramichi Foundry and though larger, are on the same plan as those made at the same establishment last year, for a boat built for Mr. Miller of Derby. The cylinders, which are arranged side by side, are 8 inches diameter, with 12 inches stroke, and will be of about 40 horse power. The workmanship is plain and substantial, and the arrangement very compact. The boiler is cylindrical, built of the best American iron, with 63 tubes in the upper portion and a large flue of 2 1/2 inches in length. When this boat is completed, she will, doubtless, reflect credit on Mr. Fraser's establishment and prove an effective auxiliary in carrying on the business of the enterprising owners.

An Attractive Lecture. The sixth lecture of St. Mary's Sunday School course will be delivered on Tuesday evening, 29th inst., by I. Allan Jack, Esq., of St. John—Subject, "The Individual in Canada—His Functions and Powers."

Referring to Mr. Jack's election to the position of President of the St. John Mechanics' Institute, the following is an extract from the Globe of 15th inst. said:—

The literary guild will heartily congratulate Mr. I. Allan Jack on his election to the honor of the position of President of the St. John Mechanics' Institute. The position is one where sound common sense, combined with good literary taste and ability, can be of great benefit to our citizens. Those Mr. Jack possesses in a very large degree. He is more of a literary worker than most common individuals of the "ordinary observer," is apt to suppose, but he is what most literary men are not, at least in the present day, retiring and reserved, the outcome of a fair amount of natural modesty. Many of our readers perhaps know something of Mr. Jack's essays and pleasant sketches in Canadian magazines; the readers of the papers not attended at the meeting will be glad to see his name in the columns of this and other St. John journals; and very few would suspect him of being a contributor of philosophical speculations to associations like the Smithsonian Institute at Washington. Whatever he has to say, he does so, and so we believe the Institute has done well in choosing him to be its President.

Mr. Jack's lecture in Chatham, though it is to be delivered in a building used for the special purposes of a church congregation, will be as available to the general public as if it were read from the platform of the Masonic Hall, and we advise our local friends not to miss the opportunity that will be presented on next Tuesday evening, of listening to an effort of merit on a practical subject.

Master Meetings. The following lists of Church officers elected on Easter Monday did not reach us in time for last week's issue:—

St. Mary's Church, Richibucto. Wardens.—James C. Moody, M. D., and William Hudson.

Vestrymen.—Thomas W. Bins, Caleb Richardson, Charles S. Sayre, Robert Hutchison, John Dickenson, James W. Foster, Allan Hains, William Wheten, David Palmer, Henry H. Foster, William Brown, Wm. A. Black.

Caleb Richardson, Esq., was elected Vestry Clerk. St. Andrew's Church, Newcastle. The Easter meeting of this Church, was held on Monday, April 14, being Easter Monday. The following gentlemen were elected:—

Wardens.—Messrs. E. L. Street and John Malby. Vestrymen.—Messrs. Thomas Malby, J. G. Keith, Wm. Fenn, Thos. Russell, Richard Malby, Chas. Malby, James Corp, Thos. Halloran, J. R. Malby, Wm. Russell, W. H. Beck, R. E. Haddow.

Vestry Clerk.—R. B. Haddow. Representatives to Synod and Lay Delegates to D. C. S.—Messrs. E. Lee Street and Charles Malby. Substitutes.—Messrs. J. G. Keith, A. F. Street, Frederick.

Lower Napan D. T. Club. The quarterly meeting of the Dutcher Reformers of Lower Napan, held on Friday evening the 18th inst., was largely attended. The chair was occupied by the President, Mr. George McKnight and the meeting was opened with prayer by the Chaplain, Alexander Gillis, senr., Esq.

PROGRAMME. Chorus—"Work for the night is coming," by the Choir. Address—by Peter Gillis, junr. Address—by Alex. Gillis, senr. Officers were then elected as follows:—

President—Richard Colthart. Vice do.—William Gillis. Secy do.—James Gillis Jr. Treas.—George Colthart. Secretary—Peter Walls. Treasurer—John M. Searle. Chaplain—Alex. Gillis, senr. Marshal—Andrew Lockerie.

Gentlemen's Executive Committee.—Alexander Lockerie, Alex. Gillis, Jr., Alex. Richardson, and William McKnight. Ladies' Executive Committee.—Miss Gussie Searle, William McKnight, Miss Mary, Jane Dickson, Annie Penton, Isabella Lockerie.

Visiting Committee.—George Dickson, John Gillis, and Wm. McKnight. The meeting was brought to a close by the Choir singing "Ring the bells of heaven."

Gasparina Seizing. Referring again to the prohibition of gasparina seized in the Miramichi, the Advocate says:—

We are glad to learn, and so are the Gasparina fishermen of the North West, that the Minister has taken a step to stop the wholesale destruction of Bus and other species of fish by setting, as the setting was allowed by them last season for the purpose of helping their candidate, Mr. Snowball.

It is a fortunate thing for the fishermen that there has been a change of Government, as it would take three or four years the reckless destruction of last year to put an end to the Bass fishery altogether. We will venture to say that at the mouth of the North West during the season's setting operations that ten billion of Bass if not more, were caught to one of Gasparina.

The Bass fishermen of the North West, who know that the greater part of their catch and sales during the past winter were of illegal sized fish, will perhaps feel little encouragement when they see in the cry respecting the destruction of that fishery by gasparina seines. They also know that gasparina setting was never interfered with until the late Government was in power and that Mr. Mitchell with the aid of Inspector Tennant induced Sir Albert J. Smith to prohibit a general setting for the purpose of working a wrong upon the fishermen and making "the Grits" unpopular.

With the change of Government our fishermen had a hope that they would receive some relief from the malicious and vindictive persecutions of the Inspector and that even those who had made use of him for the purpose of annoying and causing loss to the fishermen would join with our representative in relieving the Miramichi of such an incubus, but they have, instead, done all in their power to mystify

the Department and misrepresent the fishermen and their interests. The closing statement in the above is a sample of the kind of information placed before the Minister of Fisheries by Mr. Vaux, and endorsed by Senator Michaud and Mr. Mitchell in person, and by letters of two or three Miramichi correspondents. The fishermen will therefore understand how difficult it is to have their interests fairly placed before the fishery authorities at Ottawa.

Bank Holidays and Deal Deals. Among the "jack straw" class of politicians who are in Parliament Mr. Donville is conspicuous. When he found his party had won at the late elections he thought he saw a clear glimpse of glory, so he made a desperate effort to become a Minister in the Government. But he was put off and his vanity tickled by an appointment to the chairmanship of the Committee on Banking and Commerce, the Protectionist paper, and other well-disposed towards Mr. Donville, personally, proclaiming that it was on account of superior merit that he got said chairmanship. The well-informed, however, knew all about the matter and were amused over the ease with which Mr. Donville's claims to a seat in the Government were swamped by the chairmanship referred to.

Straightway, however, Mr. D. realized he must do something to entitle him to the eminence to which he imagined he had attained as a member of the Government, and he set on foot a plan to provide holidays for Bank Clerks. No doubt, his constituents will be very grateful for his efforts in behalf of this hard worked class—poor slaves who are obliged to handle great, big bank notes sometimes for the heaviest amount, from 10 a. m. till 4 p. m. they only have a half for lunch! No doubt, the interest sought to be benefited in this way will raise Mr. Donville's honor a monument of iron. It should be crowned by a figure in brass, representing Mr. Donville with the Bank Holiday Bill in one hand as the Magna Carta of the Bank Clerks' liberties, while suspended from the other should be his motion for papers in connection with "Snowball's deal and transactions with the late Government."

Between the Bank Holiday and deal and business Mr. Donville must be a hard-worked man, so much so indeed that we perceive that eminent and consistent statesman, Mr. Tilley has been obliged to step in and shoulder the deal and business, which he terms "the deal and business" leveled against his tariff inquiry. Donville's statement, which is now favored by the obliging Finance Minister, is to the effect that Snowball got \$1,754,400 for some 774 cords of kindling wood, which we learn, was delivered, and the transaction on the I. C. R.—a distance of 9 miles from the mill. The price is thus some 82 per cord. Mr. Donville, or Mr. Tilley, intimates through the Sun that Hamilton & Fish sold wood of their mill for \$1.60 and \$1.25 per cord, say 40 cords, which on 774 cords would give Mr. Snowball an advantage of \$309. We presume that Messrs. Tilley & Donville, with their joint knowledge of finance, can figure out the cost of loading 774 cords of wood into cars and conveying them over nine miles of railway. They will, doubtless, be able to tell us of the enormous portion reverting to Snowball out of \$309, after paying the cost of loading and transporting these 774 cords of wood to Chatham Junction. Of course it would cost nothing to haul all this wood piled up and dried for the special purpose a year beforehand. Then, as it was all given to pay the debt of the Chatham Branch Railway to the I. C. R. and Mr. Snowball, probably never received a cent in any way in return for the wood, and the price of \$82 a cord, the enormity of the transaction will at once appear. Donville deserves political condemnation for his brilliant display of arithmetic, his huge mare's nest, and Mr. Tilley deserves all the honor that attaches to his making use of the same arithmetic to the balance of glory, however, belongs to Donville, because he has the exclusive right to the setting of the mill, and in the role of philanthropist. He is the bank clerk's John Wilkes, and he is the cause of a suffering financial interest with hours from 10 to 4 daily—Sundays excepted—and a cartload of Saturdays in certain localities.

"Lo" and the Mills. Burdette is out in the Indian country, and he says: "I see the beautiful Indian, an leaning up against the fence, calmly surveying his territory. And I am free to admit that the territory is a beautiful sight more beautiful than the Indian. The Indian is chewing tobacco and swearing at a mule. He is six feet high, the Indian is, and his tail is full of burrs, the mule's is. He wears buttoned jeans and a fur cap, the Indian does, and you can hear him say clear into the ear of the mule. He has a bushy head of hair and shaggy whiskers, tanned out by the sun, has the Indian; and he wears more fat leather harness than has hair, the mule does. He carries a black snake whip the Indian does, and he carries a whip over his shoulder, the mule's hunker. And the Indian, he, the mule, kicks down a whole panel of me. I trust that I have made this clear enough."

Correspondence. A Farmer on the Tariff. To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance: Sir:—I am astonished at the manner in which you have treated the tariff question, generally, as far as I have seen, for complaining of the new tariff. Surely it is a great improvement on the old one; true, the duties are raised a little on some things you require to carry on your business, but they look to the protection you get. If it had been the farthest that were complaining, I would not have been so much surprised, when I consider the enormous tax on our farm implements, and the very small protection we get, but, Sir, though our calling has not been one of encouragement which it deserves, still we feel thankful that we have been recognized as one of the industries of the country deserving protection, our interests having been so long and shamefully neglected by both Dominion and Local Governments. I hope, as we are now acknowledged as one of the industries of the country, we will take courage and prosecute our calling with energy and determination to raise enough for man and beast, and I have no doubt, but many will now engage in the honorable and independent calling of agriculture who have hitherto considered it beneath their notice, and we will, for the future, make ourselves respected and consulted in the affairs of the Dominion. The little encouragement which has been received has already stimulated some to greater activity. If you would take a drive through the rural districts, you would hear the sound of the axe and the falling of the trees; and see hauling of mud, manure and old oyster-beds from rivers, says he.

Some have been trying to frighten us

with the high duties on woollens and cottons, but, Sir, that will not affect the industrial farmer. We can produce our own wool and get it reasonably and well manufactured; suitable for under cover clothing, and where there is a family of girls, they can do it themselves, and our house of wisdom has considerably made the duties low on silks and broad-cloths so that when we have to mingle with your upper-shelf people, we can supply ourselves with these at a reasonable rate. I hope you will be able to view the new tariff (though perhaps not perfect) with an enlightened and unprejudiced spirit, and aid all to carry out all the good measures therein with cheerfulness, and hurry on the good times so long promised us. You have a powerful lever in your hand and you have promised to use it for our advancement. I remain, yours truly, A FARMER.

Our farming friend ought not to be astonished because the ADVANCE and "the press generally" do not echo his views on the tariff, but he says it is so we take his word for it, and hope the sensation will do him good. It has always been one of our ambitions to astonish our friends, though we had not the most ardent idea of directing our efforts towards the cause which Mr. Donville's claims to a seat in the Government were swamped by the chairmanship referred to.

That the whole top structure of the bridge, when finished, would rest on log cribs from four to five feet long, one end of these logs ending in rotten face logs of the piers the other end on the frozen ballast, snow, ice, etc.

That the cedar which the contractor was using for the towers was not of the best quality, but only seven and nine inches at the top end.

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of hens and eggs, I would like to know what would be the increase and relative value of the stock at the end of five years. The Minister of Finance should be able to show by very clearly, and by doing so he will oblige.

OSE WHO WANTS TO MAKE MONEY. Have you got it? The Northwest Bridge. Newcastle, 19th April 1879.

DEAR SIR.—Some time ago I wrote you concerning the way in which the Northwest Bridge over the Grand river was being bridged. In that communication I challenged the Inspector to deny the following statements:—

That the whole top structure of the bridge, when finished, would rest on log cribs from four to five feet long, one end of these logs ending in rotten face logs of the piers the other end on the frozen ballast, snow, ice, etc.

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thing for your children to confront you, and tell you they have perished through your neglect, for want of frequent warning and earnest solicitation to shun the path that leads to endless misery and unhappiness.

Have you noticed in what I have said but for the good of the rising generation; to see them improve in every grade and virtue, to be ornamental to their country and a blessing to their parents and friends and to all around them.

A FRIEND TO THE YOUTHFUL. The highest authority in New England! The State Assayer of Massachusetts, after a careful analysis of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, certified that it is the best preparation for its intended purposes that has ever exhibited for examination, that its constituents are pure and carefully selected for excellent quality, and that it forms an efficient preparation for promoting the growth of the hair and restoring the original color. This world-renowned preparation is for sale by all druggists.—See Red Oak, Iowa.

A life saved for thirty-five cents! A lady in Boston had Diphtheria and was almost dead from strangulation, but was instantly relieved and finally cured by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. Every family should have a bottle ready for instant use.

Profitable investment. One dollar's worth of Sheridan's Cavity Curative Powder sold to a co-op of thirty hens will yield a profit of three dollars, besides preventing a large number of eggs from being spoiled. Price \$1.00. Address the author, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

Why Will You Allow a cold to advance in your system and thus encourage more serious maladies, such as Pneumonia, Hemorrhages and Lung troubles when an immediate relief can so readily be attained? Dr. Green's German Syrup has gained the largest sale in the world for the cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest forms of Bronchitis. It is Dr. Roscoe's famous German prescription, and is prepared with the greatest care, and no other medicine can be administered to the youngest child, as pure as direction.

The sale of this medicine is unprecedented. Since first introduced, there has been a constant increasing demand and without a single report of failure to do its work in any case. It is a safe and reliable remedy, and the truth of these remarks. Large size 75 cents. Try it and be convinced.

An Astonishing Fact. A large proportion of the American people are to-day dying from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasure. Millions of people are suffering from these diseases, and the result is a constant and increasing demand for a remedy that will cure them. Dr. Green's German Syrup is the only remedy that will cure them. It is a safe and reliable remedy, and the truth of these remarks. Large size 75 cents. Try it and be convinced.

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