

## Farmers of Western Canada

The only way you can be sure of petting all you onght to
realize for your grain is by shipping it in car lots to Forn Wi] realize for your grain is by shipping it in car lots to Fort Wil
liam or Port Arthur, and havnig it handled by a reliable and experienced grain commimion firm. We are not trark buyer and do not own elevators, but we act as your agenta and fook after the grading of your grain, aed dispoes of it as youir agents, alwaye striving to do the beet poestle in every way for your intervath.
The commieion rates instituted several gears ago by the: Winnipeg Grain Exeliange for handling grain in this market have recently been -mpepended, bot an independent grain commisetion firm that does not buy your grain at a handsome margin of profit, but wills to realize for yon the highest poemible price, must make a definite charge for the services it renders, and therefore our charges for performing the same are a commiseion of 1 cent per bushel on wheat and flax, $3 / 4$ cent per bushel on barley, and $1 / 3$ cent per bushel on oats.
We make liberal advances on car shipping bills as soon as
same are received, if shippers so desire; make prompt returns same are received, if shippers so descire; make prompt returns
affêr sales are made, and always farnish our customers with alver salea are made, and always farnish our customers with
the name and addreas of the bnyers we e.ll to. the name and address of the buyers we.e.ll to.
We solicit a continuance of the patronage we have enjoyed
for to many yeara from western farmers We invite jon to for so many years from western farmers. We invite you to write os for market prospects, shipping instructions and "Our Way of Doing Bufness." Yop will be sure to gain advantage and satisfaction thereby.
We are licensed by the Dominion Government. Our license number this season is E. 55 , and our bond to the government

THOMPSON, SONS \& CO., Grain Commission Merchants
703-F Grain Exchange, Winnipeg, Canada

UCENSED MACLENNAN BROS. coun ricancer Wheat :: Oats :: Barley :: Flax Consignments Sold to Highest Bidder. Net Bids Wired on Request
 and adraser
dirsetioss.

##  It's as much our business to <br> Give Satisfaction <br> as secure <br> grain shipments Try us <br> Continental Grain Co. <br> Parrish \& Lindsay 223 Grain Exchange, Winnipeg



The Grain Growers' Guide will not accept an advertisement from any grain commission firm known to be associated with the elevator combine


## 1067 NEW SUBSCRIBERS IN TWO WEEKS

The above is not a publisher＇s dream．The names of 1.067 new subscribers were added to The Grain Growers＇ Gume mailing list from January 10th to e4th，inclusive， a fact which can be verified by our sulscription books，which are open to all advertisers．

There is a reason for this rapid progress．It is because The Guide is the livest publication in Western Canada today，and is being recognized as such by the farmers of the country，in whose interests，and by whom，it is being published．

The wisdom of securing space in these columns should be apparent to every manufacturer and business man．Others are getting results，why not you？

Contracts made now on the basis of our present cir－ culation will double in value before the end of 1910.

That means one hundred per cent．on your advertising investment and by the time you are called on to pay， the results will be apparent in your Sales Department．

The Grain Growers＇Guide will bring you big returns for every dollar you spend in it right NOW．

Every month these returns will become greater．
Every month your advertising space will increase in value．

Every succeeding month yoll will reap the cumulative returns of the preceding months＇advertising．The philoso－ returns of the preceding mot IN NOW
phy of the thing is：GET

Write for advertising rates and further particulars regarding the paper．

THE GRAIN GROWERS＇GUIDE．

## Wall－Ênimic Bande <br> JCanufactured only by the Manitoba Gypsum Co． Winnipeg Man．

## ค $\rceil$ Buy Wholesale instead of Retail

For February we are offering our customers an opportunity which has never been equalled in the West，viz：buying an article which you use a considerable amount of every day at a wholesale price instead of retail．

We are offering a High Grade Coal Oil，warranted to give a good white light and not smoke the chimney，an Oil that is giving the highest satisfaction in thousands of Western homes every day，and a grade that you now pay from 30 to 40 cents or perhaps more for

## Our Special Price for February： Per 45 Gallon Barrel $\$ 9.75$ <br> Per 10 Gallon Case（wine measure） <br> $\$ 2.50$

## MUNRO <br> GROCERS

614 PORTAGE AVE．WINNIPEG，MAN．

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## JAXUARY Phh, I910

## THE EDMONTON CONVENTION

The second ansual convention of the United Farmers of Allierla was sucresful even beyond expectatiors, and at once the agricultural intersis of the province of Alberta were brought to the forefront. The farmers in attendance came from all parts of the province and were engaged in various lines of agricultural work. Realizing that only by combined effort could they secure their rights, the delegate who was a grain grower stoed side by side with the delegale who was a stock riser. Shoulder to shoulder the At berta farmers are pushing forward the chariot of progress. One of the outstanding features of the convention was enthusiasm, which was if poositle, even greater than that exhibited at the Brandon convention. Co-mperation is the keynote of the new agricultural enterprise in Alherta. This en-mperation not only extends throughout the provinee among the farmers themselves, but also includes the government of the province. . A most striking frature of the convention was the spirit of eo-operation with which the government, in the person of the Premier and the Minister of Agriculture, met with the farmers, At the oulset the Promier announced his intention to render every aid to farmers, and before the convention was eompleted opportunity was opened to the Promier to fulfil his promise in a wav which must have gladdened his heart. The farmers of Alberta took the Premier at his worl and a large number of matters were m-solved into shape to demand the attention of the government. The-United Farmers of Alberta is a powerful and exceedingly ind pendent organizntion of mm . Taking a leaf from the book of the farmers of Denmark, they have decided to go ahead and lav truly and well the foundation of a new and progressive agricultural life. Now that the government of Alberta, in the person of the Premier, has expressed itself so favgrably. and is anxious to co-mperate with the farmers, it rests with the organived farmers to see that the progress of the work is what it should be, The local unions throughout the province must stand behind and support their provincial directors and officers in every way. There are at present upwards of 7,000 farmers associated with the organization. This number, during the next year, should be doubled at least, and every farmer who has the interest of his province, his community and his family at heart, should join hand in hand with his brother farmer to forward the good work.

The delegates at the convention represented considerable power, but all the local unions in the province working with cordial unanimity
would represent still-greater power. The farmers of Alberta, onee thoroughly aroused, and with a proper organization. will be the most potent influence for good in the province. They will be the main factor in moulding the fufute prognser of Alherta; and, judging by the work done at the Edmonton convention, the future of the province is in good hands. The delegates at the convention nprisented young men in their twenties and old men who had paserd the allottert spant there were seholars from the leading eclucational institutions of the Old Land and Canada; there were men who had been trained in various walks of life and there were men whose chief education had been derived from stern experience in the University of Hard Knoeks. Such a gathering of men was able to deal with questions upon merit, and to analyze and examine a question so that it was fully understood before it was dealt with. It was brought home to every thinking man at the convention that the main need among the farmers of the country at the present time is education. Whenever a question came up hefore the convention. with which every delegate was conversant, it was dealt with summarily, and no time was wasted upon it. When questions came up upon which many of the delegates were not familiar, it was necessary to have explanations. The delegates represented the pick of the farmers of the province. They were mostly men who had rereived considerable advantage in the matter of experiener and education. The result of the Edmonton Convention will be to give a great impetus to the work of the farmers: aesociation during the next year. A program of work hassbeen laid down, which, if completed in a satisfactory manner, will greatly improve the conditions under which the farmers of the province are working. Every? thing that the farmers have demanded will probably not be granted during the next twelve months, but they should see to it that it is brought before the proper authorities and that something is done towards a consummation.
It was very pleasing to all attendants at the convention to note the per entage of ladies which were present. To some it might be considered that there was ittle of an interesting character to the ladies; but the farmer who is endeavoring to carry on his work without the intelligent sympathy and support of his wife is under a terrible handiap. The farmer and his wife must work together and the charact r and tone of the meeting will be greatly improved through the attendance of the ladies. Their co-operation will greatly improye the social life of the farming community of the province. It will also assist in making the local unions the centres for mutual help, education, and culture. The farmers of Alberta are eertainly alive to the importance of their province and to the possibilities of the great work which they are undertaking. Although in numbers the organization in the province of Alberta is not so strong as in the two sister provinces to the east, yet the enthusiasm, vim, and determination is there, and the two sister provinces must look to their lanrols if their record is to be as good as that of Alberta.

## THE PORK PACKING PLANT

The subject which excited probably the mbst interest at the Edmonton convention was that of the extablishing of the government pork packing plant. The government has had the project under consideration for some time, and have not been making the progress which the United Farmers have considered the importance of the scheme demanded. The need of the plant is very great: In the nature of things the government was not exceedingly anxious to accept the responsibility that would follow the erection of a plant such as the United Farmers required. The hog industry in-Alberta has been drooping showing the most infavorable system of mar
keting which is in existence. The farmers were determined thiat a remedy must come, and put a proposition up to the government that was not accepted. The government in turn made another proposition which was not accopted; but at the convention last week a new proposal brought forward by the govern: ment was accepted. This new draft proposal is that thefarmers agree to supply all the hogs that they raised for the market to the government pork packing plant. A penalty is to be imposed for selling any loge to any other conerm. This scheme was not looked upon with unanimmus favor by the convention at the outset. However, it was ascertained that in Denmark, where the pork packing industry has been brought to the highest state of efficiency. that even a heavier penalty was placed upon the farmers who did not support their own plant. The matter was viewed then in a different light. It was realized that if the government would do its part, the live stock commisuioner would be well able to ascertain the feeling of the farmers towards the new sheme, when he visits the local unions during the remainder of the winter. The government now has an opportunity to show the depth of its good intentions towards the farmers. There is no misfrust on the part of the farmery towank the government on the pork parking question. It is a foregone concluvion that the pork packing plant of Alberta will be underway very shortly. The hog indikitry of Alherta, when marketing conditions are mule right, will assume considrrable proportions. The conditions are such in Aiberta that hoge can prohably be raised more cheaply than in any other part of the west. There is a grod parket for cured meat in Alberta and British Columbia. The impetus given to this industry will make a notiecable difference in the income of many farmers who devote attention to the raising of hogs.

## CHILLED MEAT PLANTS NEEDED

An outline scheme for the establishment of a svatem of chilled meat p'ants for Alherta was rliscusesd to considerable length at the Edmonton convention. The farmers in attendance at the eonvention were of one accord in their desire to have the live stock industry placed unon a remunerative basis through the establishment of chilled mrat blants. A scheme for a privately-owned syatem of chilling plants was brought forward before the convention but was not regarded with favor, and after considerable discussion the convention decided to ask the Dominion government to take up the matter and act as soon as possible. The provincial government was also asked to assist the project in every way possible. The farmurs of Alberta are thus leading the way to one of the graatest projects that has ever been undertaken in the west. There is no reason why the livestock industry of Western Canada should not grow until it assumes the proportions of that of the western States. There is little encouragement to the farmers in Alberta today to invest more deeply their moncy, time and labor in an industry, the products of which are controlled by monopoly. To make this matter right, the farmers must be given another avenue through which to market their live stock. Different schemes have been mooted, but it seems hardly likely that any solution of the present problems will give the desired relief unless it is absolutely under the control and is operated by the Dominion government. Although Alberta is foremost in the live stock trade, yet Saskatchewan and Manitoba have also to be considered and a great deal of live stock will be marketed from these two provinces when conditions are made right. The Dominion government should take hold of the chilling proposition and erect plants capable of handling the live stock of the three provinces.

A refrigerator car system would also be necessary and if this were in the hands of
the government it would prove much more satisfactory than has been the case in the States, under monepolistic control. The working out of the chilled meat industry in any other way than under the federal government would hardly be satisfactory, and when backed by federal finances there will be much better opportunity for investigating and opening up the market to the east and to the west. The Department of Trade and Commerce employs trade commissioners throughout the world investigating markets for Canadian goods. If the government decides to take hold of and encourage this branch of the agricultural industry in Canada, there should be no difficulty in finding markets abroad for all the produce that Canada has to export. There is a question as to the advisahility of continuing the live stock export from Westem Canada. Many men, conversant with conditions, maintain that it is not desirable that any cattle should be shipped from Western Canada to England on the hoof. Owing to the embargo on Canadian cattle, and also to the stringency with which quarantines are enforced, even though it may be without proyocation, there is always a much greater m fit trade. This matter, of course, will require a great deal of attention, and will have to be studied from all its various phases before any decision can be arrived at. The tastes and desires of the Englishman must be taken into consideration as well as the conditions of the English market. What we want is that which is best for the Canadian producer, and will p'ace the live stock industry upon a sure and a paying basis. The Pork Packing Plant scheme which has been arranged between the government of Alberta and the United Farmers of Alberta will, undoubtedly, one day, become a part of a great system under the Dominion government. The fact that this will be the future, need not deter the provincial government from 'going ahead. It will cause no difficulty to amalgamate the pork packing plant which the government will establish, with the great system which the Dominion government will eventually organize.

## CO-OPERATING WITH GOVERNMENT

The Manitoba Grain Growers' Elevator Committee was called'into consultation with the members of the government last week to further consider the proposition of the establishment of a publicly-owned system of elevators. The government is working hand in hand with the Grain Growers and is now preparing a bill for submission to the legislature. The bill will first be submitted to the Grain Growers' committee for their approval. The main point in the creation of the system is that of securing proper and impartial control. The government and the grain growers are equally desirous of having this matter placed upon a right basis at the outset, and the co-operation of the two will undoubtedly make the working of the new elevator system as near perfect as possible. The government realizes the advisability of having the commission properly constituted and its authority adequately secured. The legislature will meet in the course of a few weeks and the joint findings of the government and the Grain Growers will be crystallized into law at that time. Co-operation between government and farmers is the surest method for safe-guarding the agricultural industries of the country. In the working out of this new system, no one feature would augur so well for its success as would the fact that the control of the commission should be such that the farmers of the province would have absolute confidence in its action. The farmers are working towards this end, and with the co-operation of the government it will be secured beyond a doubt.

## JUST THE SAME IN CANADA

In giving evidence before the committee of Congress for investigating food-stuff prices, Secretary Wilson, of the U.S. Department of Agricul ure, says that American products are sold morecheaply abroad than in the United States. He lays the blame for this upon the trusts, which he also declares is the cause of the present high cost of living. As a remedy for conditions he suggests more farmers, and more intelligent farming. We have the same conditions in Canada that are descrihed by Secretary Wilson in his own country. The flour made from Manitoha wheat sells cheaper in England than in Manitoba. The same applies to Canadian-made agricultural implements and the same to a certain extent to Canadian beef. Secretary Wilson does not seem to attach any importance to the American tariff as a factor for creating the present objectionable conditions. There should be free trade in farming implements. We believe the Canadian farmers would secure considerable benefit thereby. If the Dominion government took hold of the Chilled Meat Industry in the west and placed it upon a proper foundation, we believe that the Canadian citizens would not pay more for second-rate beefsteak than the Englishman does for the choicest products of the Canadian ranges. If marketing conditions in wheat were right and the milling companies compelled to face keen competition, the prevailing situation would soon change. What are we going to do about it? The American government seems determined to investigate the operation of the National Packing Co., which is known as the Beef Trust. If what is anticipated oceurs, there should be a change and greatly for the better, in the price of beef. The Beef Trust says there, are no cattle on the ranges, while the government say there are more than there have been for many years. If the American government means business in this great work it has undertaken, then we say, more power to its arm.

## CANADIAN COUNCIL OF AGRICULTURE

At last the great scheme of amalagmating the various farmers' organizations of Canada into one, for the purpose of dealing with questions of federal importance, has been practically completed. The draft constitution which was prepared by the Dominion Grange and endorsed at the Brandon convention was also unanimously passed at the Edmonton convention. Three great provincial organizations have thus accepted it, which was all that was necessary to bring the Dominion organization into existence. There is no doubt but that the Saskatchewan Grain Growers will endorse the same, when at the Prince Albert convention. History is making Prapidly in these days.

## NEED FOR DEVELOPMENT

Sir Wilfrid Laurier says that he is in favor of the construction of the Georgian Bay Canal and the deepening of the Welland Canal, and the construction of the Hudson Bay Railway. He points out that very shortly there will be $600,000,000$ bushels of wheat for export from Canada, which will tax every possible outlet. Sir Wilfrid said nothing about the western route, but it also must be developed. Canada is, rapidly forging to the place of the first wheat exporting country in the word. The transportation of this wheat will require a vast expenditure and any government that is wise will certainly keep looking ahead to the future.
${ }^{*}{ }^{*}{ }^{*}$. Through an error in The Guide of Decem-
ber q9th, H. W. Johnston was named as the seconder of the resolution equalizing railway fares at the Brandon convention. The seconder was 0 . Wright, as stated in the minutes published in the issue of December 22nd.

It is not only humorous, but it is also significant to note that now-a-days it is becoming fashionable to be "born on a farm." At the Edmonton convention' this was particularly noticeable. Among all the public men why came to address the convention every one pl them took care to explain in his preliminary remarks that the farmer was "the backbone of the country," and that the speaker himself was in perfect sympathy. with the farmer because he likewise was "born on the farm." Before the end of the convention this grew to be a huge joke, and a leading educationalist. not understanding the joke, was somewhat surprised when the statement that he was "borh on a farm" provoked a roar of laughter at his expense. However, it is encouraging to the farmers to know that the farm isn't so bad after all.

Direct legislation has been endorsed by another provincial fämers' organization and was enthusiastically received at the Edmonton convention. It seems very probable that this system will be upon the statute books of the Dominion of Canada at no very distant future. It is a scheme towards which no government can legitimately take any objection. Its aim is entirely for good, and its weak features are not apparent.

The Canadian Pacific Railway is the only railway company owning and operating terminal elevators at the lake front. The company has asked us to mention in this connection with the editorial statement in our issue of January 12th to publish this information. This fact, of course, makes it clear that there could be no inducement for the operators under such circumstances to take part in grain manipulations.

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The tremendous death list following the C.P.R. train wreck at Spanish River last week is another dark blot in Canada's history. More than two score. human beings were hurled to sudden death. Whose was the blame? Investigations may tell. If the reprtation for safety of passengers on the C.P.R. east is of any importance to that company, then there is hope for improvement.

Free trade in farming implements is begining to appeal to the farmers of Western Canada. The United Farmers of Alberta feel that they would be better off and that the country would be just as prosperous. if they were able to buy their farm implements at a lower rate. This is a subject for the consideration of the Canadian Council of Agriculture at its first session.

The govermment of Canada that would suggest holding general elections on the instalfitent plan, as is the case in England, would not last very long. By holding the election in one day the agony is shortened and the triumph more pronounced. There are also other arguments in favor of the one day election.

The announcement is made that the Western Canada Flour Mills Company will add to the elevator capacity of their St. Boniface and Goderich, Ont., mills by over $1,000,000$ bushels. It looks as though the milling business was not all loss.

These farmers' conventions are landmarks in the progress of the west. The "powers that be" are certainly sitting up and taking notice. They realize that the present scheme of organization is not one outlined just for a day

The only way in which a farmer can be assured of success is to know all about the subject before him and then persistently work for the results needed.

# The Grain Gromurs'suluiuf <br>  

## * Government Ownership in Germany

 Is te ensvey this oritige of the estent is which the asworiated monarchies, firming the Gierman imperial state, are carogrul in profit-yielding wally trft esifirely to perwins and rame panirs. Ampries.ns are aequainted with the aims of the Norial-Demberntie party. the "evolutionary, socialism of firrmany; with theree and a quarter milliuss of veters, organitrol, irveoncilalile, aflame
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lands, forsols, and ofher instrements lands forssts, and ether i instruments of prominction, is monarrhieal suesalisin, operation with cunservative parliamentary myjurities
The imperial government and the govprufits in 1908 , from the various businrases conducted by thrin, of $8277,325,095$. Estimating the eapital a. a 4 per cent.
ratios, the value of the prorfurtive stateowned properties is $86,933,687,375$. Rowndly, the governments operate divi-detrd-sielding works, lande, and means
of conmunication worth $87,000,000,000$, and the governments continue to follow a policy of Iresh aequisitions. Taking the fryerated states together, 38 per
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for governmental purposes were met last for governmental purposes were met last
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governments on army, navy, and all goveraments purposes, were paid out of the net profitson government busursaes. Among the undertakags are no tobacco, spirit,

## Pays Governing Expenses

The miniature ducal monarchy of Schaumburk-Lippe, with a pupulation of 44.992, and an area of 131 kquare miles,
made 8206,150 from property owned made 8206,130 from property owned
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great states of the empire where state great states of the empire where state
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the more impurtant resulta. Bavaria pays 39 per cent: of all the administrative costs from public-awned properties; Sax-
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rent: and Pruswa, 47.36 per ernt. Prussia, whire, has a constanily inerengits of the empire, has a constantly increasing which yielded, in 1908, net ret urns of about $8176,000,000$, or mure than twice the sfate's income Irom taxes, which was $\$ 85,459,000$; the average income from taxatuon per capita was 18.1 marks;
while the average. per capita taken

By ELMER ROBERTS in Scriber's Magazine
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## syndiestes in the real and iren industries

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Outfit of John Allen, Cordors, Man. 1909
passed a bill extending widely an old act, giving the state the right jo take over riches on private lands.
German manufacturing and mining is rather more completely under the control of combinations than is the industry of any other cuuntry. The closely organized

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tins of the pefash sypolirate. The theory of the Prussisn ealinet and the erown is. that it is for the intervats of the people that the stale should take part in indue trial comblinatimas that undertake to maulate ilie priers of artieles, at the produetion in any induatry. Puldie opinion sugperts this principle.
Hesides the proluetive ownerships of the empirs, and of the individual states. the cities of Germany have gone deeply into strert railsays, pas, electrieity,
waternaorks. slaughter-hours, water-works, slaughtro-hourss, asarket Thus the repulilie of Lulsinek pays 18.99 Thus the repulilie of Lubirek pays 18.20
per event. of its expenses from surk courexs Ilamburg isis lift eent., and Bremin 6.07 per event. If is a fact of sume intereat that the republics among the slatra of the emplire are far mong backward in communal ownership thas are the munarchirs.
A summary of the government-owned propertion and the income derived from them is suljoined!

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Upon no department of industry does any of the state governments luse except upon steamers. The prad durhy of
Baden ruas its internal navigation lines Baden runs its internal navigation lines
at a loss of $815, M 33$. Saxony. Wurtem: at a loss of 815,M33. Saxony. Wurtem-
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on their lines 87,103 , so that on the whole on their lines $87,1 a s$, so that on the whole
of the state-owned steamer lines there of the state-owned
is a loss of 88,070 .

## Vital to German Life.

This structure of collective ownerahip, which I have called monarrhical socialism, rests upon a way of thinking in Germany, which differentiates the sorial and politieal conditions there from those of any other great inclustrial state. The repre sentatives of the monarelhiral prineple in association with the conservative classes have accepted this way of thinking
and it has entered into the very texture and it has entered into the very texture
of thier ideas of government, and is of thier inleas of government, and is supported sueb as Schmoller and Wagner. The policy of acquiring and managing industries, lands, mines, and mrans of communication by the government is so vital and living a part of the German empire the subordinate stater, and the parishes, that it is slowly making Germany fundamentally different induatrially and prifically from the onited states, Great Britain, France, of any country that comesinto comparison aish Germany talking with a German about social of political questions, finds that he and the German are looking at things from different basal conceptions of the functions of government. The Englishman has that barkground of eight centuries, during which his race has developed individual liberty, and has given free political institutions, or some form of them, to all other modern states, ineluding Ciermany. A social system has bren developed whose key-iden individuality. citizen (ree play to his individuality. tinues to work in the United Kingilom. the great assuciated colonial states, the great assuciated culuaisi siates, modified by the individualist achoof of
thinking, has grown up among a different
order of idess prevalling on the eontinent derived in part from Homas lawn and from antocratie mosarehieal proetice. The individual has had a Inss important place in the organism. The strength, Eelfare, sad health of the ghole has bees the ruting econcoption. Hraee it was ponithe for an enlightraed society, such sineere party urging during the Dreyfus sincere party urgag, during the Dreyfus
trial, that it erem better for an individual trial, that it sere better lot an individual
to suffer wrong than for thr itate to to wrakened by low of mopect for the Ferneh army. The Viselith peint of view weould be that it were better for a state that could not give an individual juatioe to could not give asa, individual juatioe to
peribh is the endeaver to do so, than for perinh is the esidesver to do so, than for atitution through a diaregard for the rights of one person.

## Duties of the State

The Holenamellerns in Pruala, and the monarchies in the minor Germans states. in draling with the prraury of their peoples for areater politieal rights, took Travons that caused political fermentation. The monarclies pave a progressively the responsibilities of proterting the weaker members, of society afainst eeonomie misery. The so-called Prasian common law, as modified by Frederick William II, promuleated July 1, 1794. condemited idleness, recognized the right of every subject to work, and defined the state to be the protector of the poor. The common law procasimed:
for the suatenance and suptate to provide for the sustenance and support of those of its subjects who cannot obtain sibsustencer for themselves
and eapacities shall be supplied strength and capacities shall be supplied to those earning a living for themaelves and those earning a iving for the
III. Those who, ffom laxiness, love of idleness, or other irresular proclivities, offered them of torming a living means kept at useful earming a living shail be punishment, under broper compulsion and VI. The state is poound to take such measures as will prevent the destitation of its subjeets, and check excessive extravagance. place must police authority of ever place must provide for all poor and destitute persons, whose subsistence cannot This fundamental way
This fundamental law supplemented by the Stein-Hardenburg legislation, of thet second decade of the last century, was the foundation upon which Bismarck stood, when, on May 9, 1884, in speaking upon industrial insurance, he proclaimed "Give the workingman of work.
he is healthy, assure bim ware as long as he ick incure him maintenare when he is sick, incure him maintenance when he
is old. Was not the right to work openly proclaimed at the time of the publication of the common law? Is it not established in all our social arrangements, that the man. who comes before his fellow-citizens and says, 'I am healthy, I desire to work, but can find no work, is entitled to say, also, 'Give me work,' and that the state is bound to give him work?
'But large public works would be necessary," exclaimed an opponent. "Of course," replied Bismarck. "Let them be undertaken.

## Bismarck's Winning Policy

The Bismarckian policies, carried out with the full approval of the old emperor, Prussian legislature and the imperial parliament, have left as deep an impression upon the social life of Germany as his part in the unification of Germany.
Modern Germany began with him to abolish payperism, to make ordered provision for indigent old age, the sick, and the disabled. Poverty is abundant in Germany, but it does Inot shade off so quickly into pauperism next-door to starvation as it does in the United Kingdom and in some American cities. The poverty is one that can, with self-respect. receive medical aid or maintenance of right from funds to which it has contriThese measures, whule to contribute. chapter from state participation in in dustry, are inter-related, because both are consequencies of the dominant school of political thinking that finds stability and health for society through the state
tharing in businets, and in eompulang jruvinlone agoinst the sornal maladia 4 facuprisem and the unemployed. The sim of the government in its polecy, of acquisition and control of mines, of dharing, to some estent, is all prodection whether apricult onsl, minernl, or induatrial if not primprily to rase revenue. The Aeclarstive of Bismarek upen the subject of state ownerohip of
"I do sot regard railesys as in the i do not regard railenys as in the main intrnded to be an otject of financial ways are intended more for the service of iralte thas of finasion thoughit sould, of course, be foeliah to my that they of could not bring financial sulvastages. should not bring, financial advastages. in the form of pet profits, of which ro to shareholders in the form of dividends, are really the tasation which the states mingt ing ose uf on the traflic by reason of its privilege, but shich, in the case
of private raslans, falls to shareholders."

## State Railway System

The state railway systems of Germany are managed apon two general principles. Virst, they are to serve the general in-
terests of clomestic and external trade, tercats of domestic and esternal trade, factory profit. The Prusuian railway administration in 1008 lowervd its regular freight tariffs for 64 per cent. of the traffic is onder to serve the exigenelies of trade. esplecially export trade, during a period of eommercial depresaion. The government is in a position in Germany to infivence the whole itachinery of trade and transportation as no other government in the world can do, and this fact Enust be taken into account when other peoples think of competing on equal
terms with the Germans in the far Gast terms with the German
The administration
telegraphministration of the railways, telegraphs, telephones, mines and the public domains by the state is possible
only through trained civil servants. The efficiency of state-managed mins and factories in competition with privately owned enterprises in Germany comes from the character of the bureaticracy. This permanent civil service is one of the greatest glories of Germany, and one of the most powerful of reasons upholding the menarchical principle in a semiautoctatic form in Germany. The Prussaan bureaucracy, the model of the other German states, is the creation of the Hohienzollern family during three centuries. It had been developed and improved under all the efficient sovereigns of the Hohenzollern line, such as the Great Electer and Frederick the Great, and it has been a principie of the private
policy of the Hohenzollern family to rule policy of the Hohenzollern family to rule place in the state is as honorable, as that place in the state is as honorable as that
of the army, or perhaps it would be more just to say as ranking next to the army. The non-partisan administrative body, with its own disciplinary courts for cutting out of the publie service any member who uses his official position to favor a private interest, either his own or that
of another, has kept the civil service of another, has kept the civil service up to a code of honor that can be compared
in the United States only to the codes gegulating the army and navy. Thus in Germany a public servant, because of the power that his tlass possesses, the personal distinction, and the social position that go with the public service,
is willing to work for the state for less is willing to work for the state for less
than he could receive in the service of a private company.

## Salaries Paid

The chiefs of technical bureans in the mining, agriculture or forestry, telegraph, telephone, or railway services, are paid from $\$ 1,750$ to $\$ 3,000$ a year. The direc-tor-general of the Alsace-Lorraine railways is paid 83,375 , and an allowance for house rent. District superintendents
on the Prussian lines, each of whom has on the Prussian lines, each of whom has
supervision over from 1,500 to 2,000 miles of line, are paid 8,750 a with free dwellings. It frequently happens that men in the government service of unusual capacity reject offers from salaries they are receiving. The officials salaries. they are receiving. The officials feeling about them that a United States army engineer would have. His pride in the service, the sense of usefulness to the country, the social consideration shown to


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## THE BLACK HAND






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## Bonnar, Trueman \& Thornburn

BARRISTERS, ETC

## 

## : : Newspaper Opinions : :

THE MIGHT OF RARNEST EFFORT Every fair thinkiyg farmer is the wes Bust sos Bacerntopt that the only chaner of securing the thints, wheh the ant cultural infrresto so mueh need can only be secured by saited action. As has Grais Growers, Asworiatios thes Hrdver atronger each year, there are atill masy Gronger each ywar, there are still many
farmers who are not members. Thi should not be. Every lanilowsert should become a member, and by so doine hely his bruther farmers, as in their fieht they are strugsling not oaly for thematlve but for every farmer in the west. Kach member of the asoociation should go out amonget his neighbors and fell them of what has already been dons, and while outlining to them the procram for the future, ask for their and in the work. No one aced be ashamed to puah the wark of orgasiation. It is not a selfich cause or eae that works for the benefittof a few, but a cause which has the highest
aim and the best idealo of any cause aim and the best ideals of any cause the farmers of any land.-The Itedvers, Sask., Observer.

A TORONTO TRIBUTE
The Grain Growers' Association Manitoba has mained a notable tory in its fight for government ownerhip of elevators. It was announced tohs brandon convention that the Banitoba government sould co-operate sith o acheme of government osnerhhip internal elevators. The awneriation. which is the most powerful organination in Manitoba, has claimed for years that. there was toe great a difference beween the price the wetern farmer was paid for wheat and the price the consamer paid in the east.
The anociation finally decided that the trouble lay in the elevators, which. was asserted, were controlled by a firtenal monopoly, A policy of govern ment ownership of interior and terminal elevators was decided upon. It has been long fight, and the firanilon anhounce the larmer.
The heart and soul of the fight for the grain-growers has been D. W. Me Cortage propperous farme boen for sis cars presicent of the assoriation, ant R. Menenaie, the secretary, a man of wonderful ofganizing ability, considerable platform talent, and keen business acumen. He is also a trenchant writer, and is editor of the organ of the assoriation, the Grain Growers Geids.-Toreinte Globe.
NEW BRUNSWICK INTERESTED The question of public ownership grain elevators is attracting much attention in the western provinres. Farmets in the prairie country, revolting against the arrogance of grain companies in favor of a government system of ele vators. A resolution favoring federal overament ownersilp and operation of terminal elevators was passed in the The proposal to establish elevators is giving much satisfaction e sgriculturists in the grain-growin provinces. The movement is significant mphazing the extent to which the prinof transportation-faeilities is being ac cepted in the west. In view of such progressive movements in other part. of the country, it is somewhat interesting to observe the faith in the gullibilit of the public certain private corporations
and their mouthpieces have in respect o the retrograne proposal to rever from the principle of public ownership main artery of transportation in the Maritime provinces.-Moncton, N.B., Transcript

[^0]Nhtional Couneril of Amleulture previously adopted by the Girangs, itharks one mor step is advance is the movement of lookine to the formation of a Domindos-
wide farmorn' wide farmirring arguniantion. The two
central proviness of Confederation are centrai proviaces of Confederation are now in line and there is every trasen
to expert that Altirrta and Sackateliewan will follow sult of the conventions re presnting these provinces to be, held in January and Yebruary. The creation Maritime piravinies to be affliated with the federil beoly, may resuenably be espected to come fater. The day of
weakness and division among for nets weakness and division among far net is at hasd.-Ruaell, Mai. Hanser.
FEDERATION AN ACCOMPLISHED
The wisdom and tact of Premier Roblin and his colleagues was never better shown thas when, through the minister of education, Hon. G. R. Coldwell, speaking at the Arandon convention, it was announced that the Manitoba
government had adopted the principle government had adopted the prineiple
of goverament-owned elevators as laid of government-owned elevators as laid down by the Manitoba Grain Growers'
Amertatifn. The importance of this announcement is hard to realirer as it is fraught, with unforeseen results. It of men can acromplish. Two years aro any man predieting this outcome would any man procieting this outcome soudd is more convinced than ever that the federation of western farmers is an ace complished fact, though yet only in its embrye stapes. The right men are at the head of it. and they have the right ideas. Ownint and publishing their own papet is one of the reasons of their success; we venture to say that without it the movement would the Pratron of Imenatry to failure, such as the Patrons of Industry
experienced. Every farmer should beexperienced. Every farmer should become a member, a live, though not necessthat they eannot pull together.-Nokomis Times.

## HOW THE MONOPOLY BEGAN

The present-movement in farming of government ownership of elevators is the latest phase of a long struggle
made by the farmers of Manitoba for made by the farmers of Manitoba for free tracie in the matter of marketing
their grain. The struggle began 20 to 23 years ago. panies in the first place, as common carriers, to provide accommodation for recriving and shipping wheat and other grains, just as it was and is their duty to provide waiting rooms for passengers, freight sheds for general freight and stock yards for cattle. But the railway companies evaded their duty and because they evaded difficultic s have arisen which have sequent anficulus hearisen which have grower in marketing his produce. Ingrower of doing their duty by providing elevator accommodation themselves they leased sites to the elevator owners whereto accept for shipment any wheal except throngh these elevators. Thus at one
step the elevator monopoly was created step the elevator monopoly was created
and the krain grower put in bundage to the elevator man.-The Deloraine

## .

Lendon, Jan. 12.-The Earl of Crewe, secretary of state for the colonies, has notified the British. Cotton Growing Association that the government has decided to grant 850,000 annually for three years to
in the industry.

As the result of an early morning fire in Saskatoon January 14, no less than five a jixth has since succumbed. Just how the fire originated or what prevented the family escaping from the devouring element, is not yet plain:
but the grim reality of the affair is realized when it is stated that a whole family is wiped out, while a second is minus two
of its younger members.


SANITARY CHURN
nerve so comperion hiome the entiler cootes chars ond the "SURKXA", Hent



 maket to operotes by thuing bek the frow




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 or hiny master.
 The Petrie Manufacturing Co. Ltd. Thata

[^1]
#  Improve The Country School 

The new coustry house and the new country whond are the forres that must Mr. O. J. Kern. Superiatendent of wrat arhools is Winaeliago County, Itilinets, a man who is of the people and who has given tre yrars of has lifr in thr improvein the eld state of Iltinois and has rearlird * Patifying sueveas. But how are we in Manitobe and what have we done to earich the life of our cuastry ehild? and everywhere one sens sees sulenilid and commodious dwellinge and farm buildings, in many cases sdorned sith nature's handsomest material, trees: equipped sith all medern cunvenieness both in the huuses and farm building, all modern marhinery and in many cases the best and mout improved breevls of atock. The new country home, so far as its material side is concerned, ia buig whaked have the same peoples the But what have the same fors done for their achuols?
farmars'
farmers done for thrir
Practieslly nothing.
The cuuntry sehool today in Manitobs, taken as a class is in much the same condition as it was as yrars ago. The tesching is little or no better and the is buipment, which was then hew, is now of cases nearly worn out. is buadreds of cases nesarly worn out Truly our country sace with the development of the kept pace with the development of the
country home. Our farmers lave or country home. Our farmers have of their industries and are constantly sturlying how they may complete and make thrse organizations more and make thrse or anizalivas more. Thry have The Ilorse Breed ers' Asociation, The Pure Bred Cattle Breeders' Assuciation, The Grain Gruw ers' Association, and even the poultry breeders have organiard their Poultry Associations. They have great fairs and exhibutions for these organizations and hold great conventions. The municipalities have organised their Municipal Union and from all these united forces great good is wrought for the material

Obsolete Methods
During all this improvemeft and organization, what has been done for the country achool? What organizations have the people made who are most interested in this institution?

Practically none
The country school and its influence and board of three trustees is the same was is years ago, with a lew exreptions. Wha as years ago, with a lew exreptions No study seems to have been made by being dune elsewhere to organise and improve that country school, and when our farmers get wealthy, as they are now doing, and desire an improved education for their children, they leave the gold mine of the farm and move into the cities and tuwns or else send their children there at great expense for that education which will put them on an equal footing with the child of the cities and towns. The usual result follows. that thrse children never return to that mine of health, independence and wealth,
which was the foundation of the opporWhich was the foundalion of the opporThis brings up a consideration of the relative position of the town, city and evuntry srhool.
Is there any comparison which may be masle bet ween the isolated, oberovmeri country schuol and the greai city sehou they be compared in equipwent, in elliciency, in teaching ability? If so, Why do our farmers move into the towns and cities or send their chiddren to the schuols there, whenever and so soon as they can affurd it? Truly there is no cumparison whatever. In connection with this also should be considered the cust to the people of the education being got in the town or city schoul and in the cuuntry school. The following are
some figures taken from the published some figures taken from the published returns of schuols in Manitota in lyos, have up to date been published.
"Thou shalt Enrich and Enlarge the Life : :: :: : of the Country Child" : : : : :
By Hon. G. R. Coldwell, Minister of Education, Manitoba Coverrment

The cost per pupil is 1908 based on he average attrailance was is
Winsijeg. gie as
Brandoti, ses.es.
Purtage is I'rairie, ixs, 21 .
While is 68 rural districts taken ot randum and not for the purpose of this evampilation, and scattered over the shole
province, the coat per pugil was sos.S6. Prorince, the cost jer putill was sos.se. the three rities mestiuned. When ose cumpare the results obtained from this greatly increased expenditure sith that obtained in the eity selhomes, the cout ts the prople in the country districta produces a still grater disparity.
tains in Manitulatis in all cout maisdistricts whes placred alongide the tosi anel enty schouls But Manituba is not singular in this respect. The same thing prevails in the other provinera
of the Desinios and throughout the Cnited States, rexpt in places olhere thry have fonsle an effort to improve it Years ago our neighbors to the south

of us woke up to the idea that the country child was entited to, and should have, the kame educational advantages as with few exceptivas have our people, to realine the puat have been slower to realize the position of the country chrove that conarifition educationally. One
prome prove that publiesupirited citizen, however, was found who saw the coodition and had the meatis to do something to remeely it. In $\operatorname{sir} \mathrm{F} \mathrm{Jm}$. Mactunald, of Montreal, Canaila found a berieflactor after the style of the great American who fornided and equipped the Stout Agrirultural
Iligh Scluoul at Menoninee, Viseonin, light Schoul at Menominee, Wiseonsin, and an Industrial liigh school at Fairhaven, Mass; two scluonds which are
said by experts to be the best on the

Amerires rontinent- Sir William Mar: plenalad shout the your $100 \mathrm{f}_{\text {made a }}$ aptrathel eflot in Conarls to bring home provimers olast mijht be dume to inaptove their country sclumels and to adve the
cusustry child the same colucationsl advastry chatd the same colurational has. That this might be done, siit Wilism hat Arafly drmmetstratina. Can the same think be done for our country
chilal is Manitola? We Think so and the Department of Edurnation of our proviser thinks so and io carrying on a vigututes eampoifn tuwards that end. Our peuple romplain of the incifirienry Our fiemple complain of the inefirienry
of thrir cuuntry salow, of the sumall attendance and the irregularity of attradance, of the poor and indifierent Trarhing. and send thrir children
the tuwns and citios for a remedy. Inception of New System
Sir William proceecled is a business-like Fay and procured an rduratiunal enthusiast in the pernon of Dr. Jas. W,
Rembertson, who knew his Canacla from end to rend and its educational nevils. He dercided tas investipnte and he found that is thir United States a system had been started and was working out sitios or consolidation of two or more sinaleroomed country schools into one larze school of two or more rooms, as the pecrssities of the diftrict might require, and tranaporting (by teams and vans) the childres to the mew or consolidated
school as it was ealled. Ile found that school as if was ealled. Ile found that the plan had originated in the state of and was in operation in over 60 per cent. of the country schools of that state, and, like the immigrants, had spread wretward into Ohio, Indians, Illinois, Wiconsin, Nebraska, North and South the Union. Sir William and Dr Rehert son found that it met the dificultios that our country schools were laboring under and derided to bring it to the attention of the Consodian prople. Sit William supplied the means and set Dr. Rohertson to work. Four places of Ontario, Nova Scotin. New Ifrunswick and Irince Fidward Island, at which a demonstration consolidated sehool should be extablished, and they set to
work and built four new buildinge for work and built four new buildinge for
this purpose. Now it must not le this purpose. Now it must not lie school, in order to bring to the country chid the same educational advantakes which the rily child enjoged, required an improved course of study. One virutuments of the country child, the enas the cily and town schools wrere adepted and equipped for the calling and envirunment of the town or city ehild Consequently, schoul karolening and nature study were introduced, correspunding to the mannal training of the city schoul momexise a crrtain mount of the same manual training and also Domestic and the results. In Ontario a magnilieent

## TO IMPROVE THE COUNTRY SCHOOL

The farmers must take hold of the school organization work with the energy they display in uther interests. wn schools and the farms be equipped or the children will be sent to the The schools mast be made more ho ike and more efficient teachers Consolidation is the remedy for present evils as shown in the eastern provsthose of consolidated schools give the country children the same advantage the school life is more attractive and the benefits to the community are real and lasting.

## buildisg was put up upen a portion of the sgricultural coil-ger farm. It

 evintained srome eipht roerms, sith a large surmbly hall whirh woulet srat abse 60s peoples was equippeal sith all monders sanitary applianers and eutsvity sers ourh as are found is the beot sity arlowits and art upon a large site Sh brautiful stirruundings. One would love thought that in the immeilistevirinity of the errat farmers' ogrorultural virinity of the grat farmers agrurultural
rulloge. shirh is inderd sald to be une of the best, if not the beat. thing of its kind in the worla, that the edurational influence forwing from it should bave Lees suffirient to have made the country arloools claee to it an goond and refirient an thry should be. We shall see. The cuasuliblaterl sehool was opened in 1904. At first four cuantry distriets were uond on as many routes to draw and deliver the chuldires to the sew erlowed, and the longrat poute was aeven miles. The trst of effriency may be
failgel firat from iso things, sis the juldend first from twe things, vis., the enrulment in the arhoul and the regularity attendance.
Ilere at Guel
Hrre at Guelph in the old province oflowisria, thie mother of our publie ing the highrat pererntage of literscy ing the Dominion, acronting to the last eensus, somethity happenerd. Iofore ronsulidation the enolment is dunuary to 144 in June, sad after conestinlation the rarolment rose to 181 in Jannary and 192 in June.
Before consolidation the averngr daily aftendance was 39 per crnt. in Jonuary and 6s per cent. in June, and after consolidation it was 87.84 per ernt. in January and al per erent. in June. So here it was evident that the new sehool was duing two of the thiniss necessaryit was bringing out the children to the achond and bringing them, regularly. fifth district came into the scheme
This was a pure country consolidation. Town Consolidation
Next thry went to Nova Scotia and ylected what may be called a town about 800 people, a similar buideling was about soo prople, a similar building was erreted to the one at Gurlph upon four
arres of grumind. A similar equipment and improved courses of sturly were provided. Seven rural districts aere anired with the town distriet. The town had iso children in its nwn school; the seven rural districts had $8: 37$ rhildren
in their schools, making a tutal of 367 n the eight distriets.
The school anas opened in 1003 with the usual Iransportation routes. Before consolidation. the enrolment was 307 , with an average daily attendance of las or 34 per cent; after consolidation the enrolnient rose almost at oner to 400 and the average daily attendance Next a similar
Whe put up at kingoton and equipment was put up at kingston, New Hrungand away from any town or village The same improved courses of sillage. were provided and similar transpurtation. The school was opened in 1904 and before consolidation the enrolment in the seven districts which were consstlidated was res and the average daily attemtance the enrolment ruse to 170 and the average the earomerni ruse to $17 \%$ and the average Next a similar building and equipment was put up at Ilillstoro in Prince Edward Island and containing the same improved courses of study, and transportatiout
Six districts were unted in Iu05. Before cunsulidation the enrulment was 148 and the average daily attendance was 60 per ceut; after cunsolidation the endaily attendance to 74 . Now, a little study of these figures these new schouls were mereting some of the difficuities. The children were
being brought out and that regularly.

#  Reaping the Fruits of Endeavor 

Nothing, which has ever aceurred in the agricultural life of Alberta has equalled
the sucesas of the coavention of the tited the sucessa of the coavention of the United
Farmers which was held at Edmonton on January 10-71.
There $=$ ss is sttendasee from all parts of the province sotie three hundred delegates and the business conducted will have a far-praching effect in moulling
the future dratiny of Allierta farm life.
A fiotable iacident of the convestion A sotable incident of the convention
was that it was attended by the premier
of the province and by the Misister of of prieulture, both of whom delivered
Apher and addresses indicating a strong deaire asuopiation.
Chief among the setual resulta secruing from the annual gathering was the aceett. ance of a draft scheme presented by the
government for a provincial pork packing government for a provincial pork packing
plant. The directors were appointed plant. The directors were sppoisted to meet the government and work out all details. strong resolutions overe agovernments to aid in the eatahlishment to straight poverade; also sith regard elevators both terminal and internal. In this latter regard the prosincial govand operate the internal elevators.

The United Farmers endorsed una The United Farmers endorsed unani-
mously the resolutions alopted at the Brandon conventiva sith regard to Direet Legislation: and the organization of a Canadian Council of Agrieulture, The continuation of the Grain Growers'
Grise as the offirial organ of the I nited Getbs as the offirial organ of the Lnited which was unanimously carried. Signal vineial legislature when the government agreed that farmers shall be fairly re-
presented upun the senate and governing board of the university. The Alberta government has also agreed to finance a commission to investigate a mestern train route via the Tehasntefee Railuay,
This investigation will occur dunag the This investiga
present jear.
present jear. the vast magnitude of the business conducted, last week, was one Alberta. The profilems dealt with which effected the interests of the producer effected the interests of the producer
were handled in a manner that showed were handied in a manner that showed tion was with every feature of them;
redress was demanded for wrongs and remedies suggested for these wrongs. The lepislation proposed is calculated to vastly improve the cunditions of the farming community
operation was the convention. The delegates asked or a co-operative pork packing plant; five associations for the marketing of grain and farm products; they stood of the western grain trade and for co-
operation in organizatioh. Nor were operation in organization. Nor were
the problems of productlon and marketing the only ones touclied upon; a resolution was adopted ealling for the
consolidation of rural schools. The provconsolidation of rural schools. The provthe association to procure money at a
low rate of interest on the credit of the province and to loan it out to farmers

## Dead Meat Export. Trade

 The resolution calling upon the governments to take action toward the deveolpestablishment of a chilled meat trade was: -Whereas it is of very great importance to the whole west that prompt governmental action be taken toward the estab-lishing of a ehilled meat industry on lishing of a chilled meat industry on the interests of the producers adequately
protected, we, the members of the United protected, we, the members of the narmers of Alberta, in convention assembled, do herehy urge that the federal government take the matter up with the object of placing the business upon a practical thermore, that the provincial governments be urged to do all in their power to im:
press upon the Iederal government the necessity for prompt goveramental

Convention of United Farmers of Alberta an exhibition of the might of numbers; Epoch making resolutions passed; Concessions Gained; Reforms Achieved. Most Successful Agricultural gathering in the History

## action with regard to the taking up of the proposal and rendering the seevas ary sasiatace for the estalisliment ary suistance for the eatalitisht When the reoplatlun in rekard to governcame up the cunvention eave a eardial reeption to the propenitive sdvanced sugprsted a government guarantee of as independent terminal elevator st the Pacifie coast. The tone of the meeting. however, was atrosigly for government ownership and thrir stand was strengthownership and thrir stand was strenethand Manitobs Guvernments in Prgard to the matter. The resolution for ernment ownership was unanimous. Othert resulutions, wasued-were those onhing the floard of birectors to confer sith the povernment in regard to the establishminnt of a laloer bureas by the asooriation for the securing of lahor in the harvest season; s resolutoin asking that the government retain control of cruancries: a msolution saling the gov- ernment to arrange a proper ailjustmint ernment to arrange a proper adjustmint of the damages by prairie fires: a resoluof the damages by prairie fires: a resolu-  act under directios of the dirretors: take up the matter of duty ehiatged of

## 

## U. F. A. OFFICIALS

OFFICERS ELECTED FOR 1910 AT ALBERTA CONVENTION PRESIDENT VICE-PRESIDENT DIRECTORS AT LARGE

DIRECTORS FOR VICTORIA EDMONTON STRATHCONA RED DEER MACLEOD MEDICINE HAT CALGARY

## T. H. BAALAM, Vegreville

..GEORGE LONG, Namao
F. H. LANGSTON, Rosenro-l .E. CARSWELL. Penhold
...... J. QUINCY, Barons
E. GRIESBACH. Glelchen

VON. MIELEIKI. Calgary

all elases of wire with the object of securing a reduction of the duty that wire may be put to greater use for trares; a resolution demanding legislation in
the matter of exorlitant rates of interest charged on Inans by banking institutions: and a resolution aaking the government and a , resulution asking the government
for a generous grant for woll bounty purposes. The Premier Speaks
The convention listened with the closest attention to the addresses of Premier
Rutherford and the Hon. Duncan Mar shall, whirls were delivered at the opening session. The Premier asked the convention to discuss fully the question of goverpment ownership of terminal elevators, and to formulate some business-like proposition which they could present to
the government and the legislature. the government and the legislature.
He, stated that although a great many He, stated that although a great many
more farmers had availed themselves of the hail insurance offered by the government, there was still a considerable defirit. The fon. Duncan Marshin what he termed the outrageous charge by the railway company for the transportation of copl from the coal mining centres to the isolated towns and villages in the province and of laying the case before the railway cotmmssion, with a
demand for redreas in the furm of cheaper
but he was opposed to discontinuing the hail insurance business. A report of the year's business would appear in
the directors' report and he hoped the the directors report and he hoped the tion.
"A matter which has agitated the farmers of the province, sidulthe premier,
is, whether the agricultural college should be a part of the university or not.
The blame for the course that has been taken has been placed on President Tory,
the senate of the university and on myself. the senate of the university and on myself.
I would like to have the responsibility rest on the proper shoulders as I sm sure some of the criticism would not have arisen if the circumatances had bren clearly understood. In-1907 the legisature purchased a site for the univeraty, including an agricultural college. The
responsibility of this rests on the old responsibility of this rests on the old
legislature, and it has to take the blame egislature, and it has to take the blame Dr . Tory arrived to be president of the university. I should be sorry to see all the agricultural education in the province given within the walls of the university or college. It should be continued as it has been throughout the province, and eatablished in connection with the high schools. I am sure the government and the senate of the university would be pleased to have a committee of this
sasociation meet with them to discuss

Its promise to establish a eo-operative pork packing plant at some point is the proviacs, provided that the farmerf gave sufficient guarantee that they would ap prepared to aupply aufticient rav materal to keep the plant on its foet.
The reports of the Preadent, Secretary, Board of Trade, Legislative Committes and Auditors presented to the conventios were of the moot comprebensive natury and reflect the remarkable pre
the I'nited Farmiers of Alberta.

## Premier Rutherford to United Farmers

Leader of Alberta Legialature attended Convention at Edmonton, and discussed issues face to face with Delegates. Expresuions on Pork Packing, Elevator, and University Problems

JAMES BOWER, Red Deer
W. J. TREGELLUS, Calgary JAMES SPEAKMAN, Penhold D. W. WARNER, Clover Bar f. H. JELLIFF, Spring Coulee

## The monderfol grosith of the provinee of kilmerts in the pat lour or five yours ons showa in the introductory remarks of Premier Hentherford, schond distriets had bees formed since the inasguration of the province. The seloel enrolment shosed an increse The achool enrolment ahnweil an increase of from s,000 to 8,000 every year, and had atvaneet lyy 20,000 scholars. In 1906 there were 93,000 scholars on the school roll, and in 1008 the number was incrased to 40,000 . Continuing whe increased to that the province of Allerts owned, more pubtic utillties than any other province ia the Dominion. In the list were the telephnnes, eresmeries In the list were the teiephones, resameries garding the hail insurancer, he said that garding the hail insuranery, he said that the past year had again strown a deficit

the question of agneultural education in the province.
university and cellet in favor of having the asd expediency. The arguments for
and separation are for political expediency. I have letters to show that the best thought of the provinee is favorable to the anion. Senator Tallot, of Iacombe, has expressed himself as being in harmony with the setion taken."

The Pork Packing Plant
Regarlling the pork parking plant, the premier said that owing to the fllness
of Ifon. Mi. Finlay. ex-minister of of Ilon. My. Finlay, ex-minister of The new minister of agriculture sow had The new minister of agriculture now had
the matter in hio Jands and it was hoped the matter in hin Sands and it was hoped peint. As far as the government was point. As far as the government was the farmers in all pledges which had been
Preased to make some remarka on
the government control of internal elevs the government control of internal clevasituation in the sister provinces of Sas: katchrwan ind Manitobs and requested that the United Farmers of Alberta, in convention assembled, should appoint a committee to draft and place before the government a good practical scheme lor the government control of the internal grain trade of the province. If a satisfac-
tory scheme could be evolved the governtory scheme could be evolved the government was prepared to carry it out. He placed great stress on the value of trade Columbia and stated this wna snother problem to be solved by the farmers. problem to be solved by the farmers. trade could also be submitted to the committee for investigation.
On the conclusion of the address by the premier, W. J. Tregellus was given permisaion by the president to ask the premier whether the appropriation for the university and agricultural college
site was made through the Public Works site was made through the Public Worka Department is the usual way.
In reply, the premier said that when the budget apeech was made tha amount Was mentioned especially as being for the purchase of the ale for the university that everything had been done in the that everything had been done in th

Address By J. R. Boyle, M.P.P.
R. Boyle, M.P.P. For Sturgeon, in speaking later said that the question of the amalgamation of the university and the sgricuitural collegf had never been discussed in the of
legislature. He said that none of th legislature. He said that none of the be discussed until formally brought up He did not think the legalature should interfere with the choice of sites but as to the agricultural college being an adjune of the university and controiled by the university, that was another matter. It had never come before the old legislature and he was surprised to hear the premier announce that it was all settled
Mr. Boyle personally was in favor Mr. Boyle personally was in favor of the agricultural classes of the province
controlling their own educational facilities, and not the senate of the university. The Premier was absent when Mr. Boyle apolke.

Optimism, Advice and Encouragement
President Bower of Unlted Farmers of Alberta sounds a Clarion Call at Edmonton Convention. Must be no Relaxation of efforts; Work must be conducted along broad independent lines

To the offiers and members of the U.F.A.: In meeting together as the
United Farmers of Alberts at this, United Farmers of Alberta at this, dur acond annual conventions, we have every reason to frel a sense of deep aratitude
and thankifuras to a Nind Provifence and thankfuiness to a kind Prowilence as tillers of the soil.
We may well be thankful that from a point af production our beloved province of Alberta is in no way behind any
of our sister provinces in this fruitfat
Dominion, so that in this respect at least Dominion, so that in this respect as least
we can well say that the lines are fallen in pleasant places and ours is a goodly in pleasa
cas have a senar of armification that many casfave asense of gratification that many and that many net aveliwes of incressed usefulness and influence are opening up before us and we would be unwise indeed If we do not take a retrospect of the past
and then enter into these new avenues and then enter into these new avenues
with a greater apirit of hopefulness. with a greater apirit of hopefulness, truer knowledge of the conditions that prevail and of the ob
To be forewarned is forearmed, and in this will be our strength, topether sith the consciousness that our cause is just, others recognize in us a power that they It arems to me that we do not half recognize in ourselves the power we have of what we are capable of, we do not
eves rerognise the magnitude of what we are doing Conditions are improving. but so gradually that we are apt to take it as a matter of course and lose sight of the cause of these changed condtitions.
There can be no nobler ambition in the There ean be no nobler ambition in the
mind and heart of any man than to work mind and heart of any man than to work
with unving effort to secure for the with unखring effort to secure for the
laborer a just recompense for his toil, nor can there be any more ignoble desire nor can thre be any more ignoble desire
on the part of any man thap to align himself either privately or with any corporation to scheme and plot, so that what by right belongs to the
should be filched from him.

Worked Along Broad Lines
But about the work of the association daring the past year: It has been so vast and varied in its scope that I think 1 may be pardoned if this report docs not
seem to enter as deeply itsto the details seem to enter as deeply itsto the details
as each act would seem to warrant. At our last convention many resolutions
were passed and work outlined which At our last conventionk outlined which
were passed and work
was referred to standing and special were referred to standing and special committers, and the reports of t
come befure you in due course.
Immediately after the convention our board of directors met in council. We were then informed by our government that they had in view the calling together in conference all the varied interests which would be affected by the opening up of a grain route westward. The offer
was made to us of appointing delegates was made to us of appointing delegates
to that conference to represent the farmers of this province. This was done by ers of this province. Whe are not so well
us, but jou/know whe
organized in the large wheat growing districts of the south as we are in the mixed farming districts, consequently we. were somewhat in the dark as to who Would best represent the wheat growers,
though I believe those appointed vorced though I believe those appointed vorced
the sentiments of their people generally. the sentiments of their people generally;
Some alverse eriticism has been indulged in alruut the nutcome of that conference by farts. I feel satisfied that that convention has proved to be a very important factor in bringing the farming interests
of the province before the different interests of B.C. and paved the way for a larger inter-provincial trade with that
province where lies our natural market. At that first meeting of the board your
president was appointed fraternal delegrese to the Grain Growers' convention glarily availed myself as I was anxious glarily availed myself as was anxious
to study from -an impartial standpoint
the attitude and arguments of those the attitude and arguments of those
members of that association who hold
different opinions on the elevator and other questions, as these questions have
both a direct and indirect bearing on
the welfare of our, asociations and
provines.
A call
A call was lasued from the prosident of
the Inter-Provincial Council which jour the Inter-Provincial Council of which your
eareutive are members for the memliers exreutive are members for the memilers
to lie prosent at the close of the Weylurs ta lue present at the close of the Weyburs
convention to which call your preaident conventiun to which eall your president and vier-precident rraponded. A report for your resuileration.

Recegnition hy Premier
You sill remember that at our last convention the premier of our province reougnising the importance of the sork done by our asonciation, kindly suggrsted that we appoint a special transportation committee to take up the queation of Iransportation and estrnaion of markets for the farm products of our province. Thisted. Thir report, sill slao compe
before you and for this report I would ask your apecial consideration for meat to the pork packing sclirme I believe it to be of more vital interest to us than anything eloe, unloss, perhaps, the elevator question, which question 1 believe should be meried into the larger one and transportation facillties for our Apportioning Werk
Apportioning Werk of Directers last convention we elected our directors one for rach federal conatituency, the delegates from these constiturncies voting only in the election of their own directors.

I point this out, not by any means as I eritieises of what has brea done, for Thope that all who have joined our maks
are men good and trus, fut simply as a grave danger to be guardrd againat.

## A Suif Proposttlon

Following up along general lises we might refer you to the park parking velomes, but for the present I will confine myself to giviag you a brief acrount of
what has been done. Prom the first we appear to have bese up againat a this and knowing the danger of delay. and knowiag also that before the goverisment would do anything the farmers would have to give a measonable asuurance that they would supply a eertain sumber of hogs a voluntary form of agrevment was ment out from the secre-
tary's offee with my consent. Acenmpanying this form was a distinet state neal that we had no means of knowing juat what form of agreement the govern: that a sponisnends ofter of this kind coming from our members would farilitate matters very much, showing to the Fovernment that we were in earnest be fortheoming. This ogreement was being signed for large numbers of hogs when we were informed by the pesers that be that they would not aecept an agreement of that kind. A draft agreement was then presented to us lor our sugerstions. This form we atrongly objected to on the ground it as we beflieved that there were obliga. tions in it beyond the power of man to live up to. This one whs aecordingly withdrawn. We offered further sugges

## HON. DUNCAN MARSHALL INTRODUCED

## Addressed Convention of United Farmers of Alberia on Some Vital Ques-

 tions.Hon. Duncan Marshall, the new Minister of Agriculture was given a great ovation as he rose to address the United Farmers of Alberta for the first time. He laugrhed at once into the question of the government pork packing plant.
He said that his department was plederd to do certain thingo under certain conditions. These conditions were that the men who want a pork packing
plant be ready to supply the hogs. Packing plants already established had not plant be ready to supply the hogs. Packing plants already established had not the hogs if they could get the price, Mr. Marshall said that the Live Stock Commissioner would present a sample contract for the farmers to sign. This contract auuld be a guarantee that they would suppprt the plant and not have
it standing idle, merely as a menace to the private concerns in keeping op the
price. Mr. Marshall also spoke favorably of the co-operative chilled meat proposition. He had frequently diseussed the question and hoped that the Dominion government would soon do something in the matter as the conditions under which cattle were exported was most unsatisfactory

In conciusioa. the minister of agriculture irew on his experience in the province of Ontario particularly in the matter of approaching governments for legis-
lative measures. He had learned that a government was an institution that lative measures. He had learned that a government was an institution that did things, not so much for a farmer, as with a farmer, that aovernments had responsplities and could not move as fast as irresponsible parties would like to things, having in view the idea of "the greptest good to the greatest number.

There was some little difficulty in carrying out this plan in the constituencies where we are not numerically strong, but I believe we should try to perfect this or some other plan of like nature Lecause although it has no honor in his own country, yet it is always besf to have men on the it is always best to have men on the in their own neighborhood.
It was decided by the board that each director should have charge of the organization work in his own constituency,
this plan while theoretically good, was this plan while theoretically good, was
found to have its own disadvantages tound to have its own disadvantages
too, because as it is not always, possible too, because as it is not always possible
for the director to give his own time and attention to the work it becomes and attention to the work it becomes position of organizers to have too free s hand in this work and in their own peculiar annunciation of the principles
of our association. I earnestly hope that you will be able at this convention to work out some plan of organization work
which will be more effective and conwhich will be more effective and con-
sistent with the aims and objects of our association. If it were possible for our
directors to do the work then well, directors to do the work then well,
but as it is not then we must have or ganizers who have the confidence of the ghanizers association. We know very well
that an organizer will gather around him that an organizer will gather around him
men of his own stripe, we want good, level-headed men and if an organizer
is of that kind, he will attract men of like
calibre, but it he is not he will repel them.
tions to the government which they took into consideration. Another draft, was
niade out and we are told sent forward miade out and we are told sent forward
for the drcision of the eabinet, but owing to the illness of Mr. Fielding action was to the iliness of Mr. Fielding action was
not taken.

## Beef Chilling

Another scheme of much larger proportions and consequanily much harder to grapple with has been prominently before us during the year. That is the
beef chilling proposition. We are yet very much at sea as to what that proposition entails. The Dominion. govern-
ment have, I believe, been for years ment have, I believe, been for years
investigating this malter and it appears have not, yet arrived at any definite conclusion. It would not seem that this appased by any opposition of interested parties, which as we might well believe may be the case in our pork packing scheme, because the present barbarious system of shipping live cattle can be, and is entered into by men of comparatively limited means, and there seems to be a general outcry on the part of all for
something better, so that it seems to me that we should by all means in our power continue to post oursclves in this matter
and in the meallime do as the Stratheona and in the mearitime do as the Stratheona
and other branches have done, request the Dominion government to take the matter up more vigorously and carry it along as soon as some sound and safe
business proposition that will adequately safeguard the produ
placed_before them.

One of tha most far-reaching and important questions before us during the vitation given by the Dominion Grange that we send a drlegste to their convention et Toronte to tale jart is the insururation of the Canadias Cousell of Agrieulture. This was something which I was looking forward to with the grratest interest, but we were under the impresains that the convention was to take plage in January, so when the notice came is
November that the enpveation was to November that the conveation was to
be held on the 8 tih or esth, be held on the sith or ssth, we were
reluctantly compelled to decline to send ieluctanty sompelied to ouste as it mas not posithe to do so on such short notice.

> Must Be No Relaxation

As you know, the setion of the goversments of Manitoba and Saskatelorwan a somewhat new aspect and there is now a proapect of a happy ending to the work of the Grain Growers towards government ownership: yet as everlasting
vigilance is the price of sucress it would vigiance is the price of success it mould not be wisdom on the part of the Grain
Growers and Vnited Farmen to relas Growers and Cnited Farmen to relax
too much in their efforts until governmenttoo much in their efforts until govermment-
owned elevators are an acromplished faet. I am glad to know that our government has not considered favorably the proposition of bonusing, privately-owned eleva: tors at the Pacifie coast. This would be no benefit to us unleas the goverament retaned sueh complete control over them that the warehousing of the grain would be completely takes out of the hands of interested parties. Another proposition broadly hinted at, that of the ascociation taking shares is a privately-owned eleva tor at the coast would aloo, I believe.
be frawght with grave danger to our best be fraught with grave danger to our beat
interests and may be but one of the interests and may be but one of the
many seliemes evolved to draw wo awny many sehemes evolved to draw us awny
from the stand which we have heretofore taken.
The development of the varied resources of our province brings constantly before us new and important problems with which we must be prepared to cope. and in no way can we better prepar than by the interchange of ideas at our branch meetings throughout the year and then coming together at these annual conventions to formulate these idea can be presented to the government, the railway companies or other bodies Must be No Narrowness EBing located as we are in a province of such great extent and of such varied natural resources, we will need to rememducing the same things. We should,
therefore, not allow our sectional interests therefore, not allow our sectional interests to interlere with our best judgment as to what is of chief interest to the whole
province. There will be placed before province. This time many questions of a somewhat complex character which will need to be approached with tact, caution
and deliberation. That we have come prepared to deal with these guestions prepared to deal with these questions will prove that the Enited Farmers of Alberta have a potent influence for good and that they are the strongest champions of true success and improvement in the province.
I thank you, gentlemen, for the sympathy you have displayed and for the hearty co-operation of all during the year and I bespeak for my successor in office the same forbearance and assistance

## Imperial Hotel

# Headquarters for Grain Growers in Brandon 

E. W. HANNA

Ptoprietor BRANDON Manitoba

## Dartmouth Twine

The Harmer Implement C . Winnipeg

## Epitome of a Triumphant Year

Report of Directors of United Farmers of Alberta, a Record of achievements throughout. Their endeavors have been ceaseless to obtain much needed reform Presented at U. .X. A. Convention

Wa have the boner to prownt this our firt annuel tepport. Siace our lat ing the krooth sud wook of the turo ing the growth and nork ef the amor direotann and by the cowestive combitiee appeiated to your diretors
Immediately after the last coavention our dimector terivel an liviation
 Rovite Your direetors samelted this invitation send th the revert of the previere spedited es delegatoto to of cially represent the atasibitice This cive the matter of weotern stiposerats bing diecuusd from the standpiat of sil internita and the result teises that foudiase of the appeinted to toy the Hodiags of the eonvention betorn the of Trude nod Commetree This sommittee proceded to Ottans io Appil and ant there presented. teport sotiong for foverament ounerhhip of terminal cleva: ownembip and korernument subtrol, th stablitherat of a ser inyyetion ill. ribiva to cuasist of the proniaces of AL berta and Mritioh Columbia, two car order books one for castern and ane for wotern stipments and that the prorusums of the Manitota Grain Aet be
made to apply to ail weters, as well as made to apply to all
The delegation was informed that the govermment sould not undertake the Ownerstip, of terminalt and thre anked hat at an aiternatire the miumgo be ties for handlios smin, Le, thrir ternimal devators on the ame bavis as thrir ther freight warthouses. This murat was faveraly mercived, allthough nothing hass bien done in the matter to tar Io reard to the other revustos, the commitiee was informed that if they met sith the approval the oticrs in charge the working of the act they sould he prated, and it is now anouounced that all arranerements, are completed for the Catabliahment of atery, board at Calary, that heing the tetal work ne $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{n}}$ retarning seotword so interiex ans arranged with Mr. Whytes emond vie-presilent of the C.P.in, and the sith him.

Private Concern Turned Down Mr. Whyte promised that the C.P.R. wourd ereet a terminal elevator at Manand rapable of bring addled to as the raile denianded it the elevator to te built in time for the 1909 busihres. Mr. Whyte has not seen fit to keep his promise and therefore the western shipment movement is not in ns flourishing a condition as was expected would be
the case, Your directors have been the case, Yoir directors have been
approached by individuals to consent approached by individuals to consent to the formation of a company to ereet
terminals on the Pacific conatt, and then terminals on the Pacific cuast, and thet
to approach the provincial governments to approach the pronincim kovernmients.
to guarantee the bonds of this company. but have refused positively to have anything to do with surh a proposition, of the farmers of Altierts to see that the terminals, were in sale hamsls from the start. For this reason, nothing has been done and your directors would ask for regard to the subject, and whether the stand in the matter of a private company
Was the corret one. also taken up the matter of sugpested clianges in the toba Grain Act up with the Dominion government and received an answer to the act at the present session of parlia ment. In accordance with your instrue tions at the last anniual meeting. your directors appointed a transportation com-
mittee, consisting of Messrs. Bower, Woulford and Ottewell. This committe will present a separate report on the work undertaken during the year, A legis-
lative. committee, consisting of the presilative committer, consisting of the presi-
dent, vice-president and secretary, wa
alvo appoisted, and although the work of this committee was nut strenuous it was able to do wome good wurk, an will be report

Organtration Plans
Your directors, early Iin the year teok up the matter of arpaniation and appolited esch direvtor oeflial organiart for his own daitriet. but this was found to be not altogether satisfactory, ind at the last meeting held it was cfrcided to try and arrange for a permanent organiger o take charer of tive whule work. This is urgently nereded and if a satisfactory wheme ean be outhaed, there is every reason to expert that the memberohily Jour directers slecided to shave the evnatitution printed is English and re Constitution printed in English andin the latter was left in the hands of Mr. won Mielecki, the director for the Calgary distriet. It was alow decided to ordry a larke supply of statiunery, weeipt booke and buttons and supply them to the local unions at cost price.
Your dirertors appeinted the president to attend the convention of Saskatclie ans Grain Growery held at Weyburn in Feliruary last, and lie was accompanied
by the virr-prosilent to attetid a meeting by the vireprosilrnt to attend a meeting
of the Intes-I'roviscial Council. This meeting recommended the organisation of the couneil on a permanent basis. and alse took up the matter of government ownership of initial elevators, fel conelusion in Manitobia. The matter of termunal elevators was alvo copdidered and at a later date your secref(ary had the privilege of serving on the delegation from Manitoba and Saskateliewan in presenting the petition to the Dominion government

The Pork Packing Plant
As was to be experted, the most serions propusition before your directurs this year was that of the goversment pork parking plant. Your direct ors ore on amply he sand that all the farmers ar ananimusus, and have done everything to briag this to a successful conclusion. even going so for as to sed out a petition to the anions with the result that aumber of petitions wrre sent in to the Jive Stoek Commissioner signed- by furmers. and guarantrring a supply of mittee waited uppen the premier in May andtee waited pase the matter sertled but nothing has been done. The fulle but nothink interviess sith the porther ment sill be given by the lepialative committee. Your dirertors frel that it sill be advisable for the delegates a the annual convention to express their views on the subject, as it is feared that there may be an attempt to blork this scheme, which, when is full operation, sill be a blow to certain husiness interests, and it may be that their influence is being used against the proposition. In any event. a while sear has gone since the report of the pork parking commission was accepled, af hail asurane dione areiving attention and this will to deall with lyy the legislative commitice in their report. Your directors have recive requests asking for assisinnce in the during the last few monthas, had unile consideration and investigntion a swheme originated by a firm of druggists in Chieago. Your dircetors hare, however. is too vague and unsatisfactory at present and therffore it cannot be recommeniled. At present the only sure plati seems to be in the Local Improyement
in the Local Improvement Act.
union, your directors took up the matter of the inadequate system of inspection of weights and measures, with the result that the district was sub-divided and an conecssions asked for were the full concessions asked for were not secured, made. Participated in Victorious Fight

Participated in. Victorious Fight
Your directors have, during the ye

The lock that holds the Peerless Fence


Do you really want to get the very BEST RESULTS Irom your IF Home Garden and Field Crops?

## Western Seed Annual (Free) Steele Briggs

This asefully compiled and beautifully Illustrated Catalogue represents a business direited by a Weitern Agriculturist whoo'ed in Feeils from boylood. It repreients the Canaslian recorif lor Feed surcesanal sdisared methods in growing Heeds with the metto "PROVE AND SUPPLY THE BEST," Ilow well this purf oe is sa-tained asa le determined fom the fact that the only new Variet es of Vemtable Needs bred and boaglit out in Man tols
lave leen of STEELE BRIGGS INTRODUCTION. Ther varieties are having a great rus -they ean oaly be obtained through Steele Briggs.
Steele Briggs Seed Co., Wimipeg, Canada

## Wanted, 5,000 Hides <br> Taken off during January and February, for whek the migheat manket metee will to patd



Mullins Tanning \& Mfg. Co.,Ltd. WINNIPEG, and get TOP MARKET PRICES.

## We are doinf a tremendoss basisens and every purehaver is delighted. Resd Wers


$\$ 18.00$
Domo Cream Separator
Dimet. Wiy pry ses to
SPECIAL 3O-DAY TRIAL OFFER


Hamiltons'
WINNIPEG
G. B. Dannins. Testoth, Sark, Jes, Sik, 1010. "The Doino I purehseed trom yoe has proved very satiolactory. We are sell pleses. mith it take maeh pleasure is reeommending it to asybody aishises to purehase a Separator" (Purchase Price \$18.00)
O. II. Woode, Airdrie, Alts, Jss. Mit, 1910. if wast asy that it (the Domon) is, givieg mo perfeet satiafaetios. Marb better thas
experted for sueh a low price. I cossider it experted for sueh a low price. I cossi
so good as the high prieed maebises." (Purchase Price \$24.50)
N. A. Douslass, fartney, Man., Jan, 4th, 1910 We are quite satistifed with the Separatei I I think it very chesp at the price:-
(Purchase Price \$39.50)
analated Mr, \& In. Jelliif, dirveter for the Lethbridge distriet, in his Golit agoinat the Alberta, Railasy and limi. Cofore the The information sas loid Cflofe the Railasy Commusion by the
Cardaten Farmens Anociation, asuisted Cardaten Farment Anseriatios, assisted the country, sind ahen the latter showed Jelliff plockily sidertaok the shole. Mr. Jelliff plockily undertook the zbule worki,
prowented the case bifore the Comminion prowndiderides.and loter thent to Ottawa pith additional information, he had seeured. At the last diliertors' meeting. at the request of Mr. Jelinif. your direvtors took up the matter and pasied a strong him. This was sent to the Comminsion at Ottases. Late is July a dechion was rendered by the Comminaios and a splen: did virtary has been gised, a virtory
vhich is further emphaised by a later decisios rendered is the latter part of the year, and your direrters feel that this vietory is mainly respusaible to Mr, Jellif, who aserificed a latase amount of
time and money to carry on the fight, time sod money to carry on the fight,
and sho they stepped saide in order
that the amociation may get the eredit. that the aluseciation may get the credir
of the victory. Other matters presented before the Raimay
dealing with the Ifacing of right-of-way,
eattle ruards, farmerr' eroasigs, and like matters, is all of shirb the rulings
vere is faver of the complaints supported vere is faver of the
The work the U.P.A. has areonplished canmot be summed up in as shert Teport, but it is conflently stated that
the C.F.A. is recognised as ene of the the C.Y.A. is recognized as ene of the moot prouresive organizations is Canads and the work scromplasiod is alratiying in Alberta that they should be members. as it cas sow be ueve during the coming yesr problems will have to be fared vhich require sll the enercies of every farmer is the proviace. The saricultural
induatry of Alberts is so varied that it ndustry of hiberta is so valied that it to one subject and we must be prepared to keep alive the weat trade as well as
the grais trade. Your dirertors sould the grais trade. Your dirverors sould sugest among the subjects otich should
be lirouzht forward during the coming be brought forward during the coming
year one of the most important is that year one of the most important is that
of education, eaperially along the lines of education, esperially along the lines
of co-aperative markrting sad the preof co-operative markrting and the preparing of our products for the markets. elevators and hail insurance and an efficient organining system, will be sork -hich will require all our energies during the year of which is respectfully submitted.
and 40 e. for the 88.00 and $\$ 8.00$ indemanities respertively. The result is that is spite of the iscruard rate, the lomara this yrar are liravirt thes
following synopsis will show.
Acronding to meturns reeeived the number of contrarts issued was 4.001 and the number of elaims for indemnity was 963. The total numbier of servis fully insured was 846,099 and partially insured was 4N,732, making a total of cas,431 arres, or peducing the partially insured acres
to fully insured the total srrage fully insured was 871,06S, divided thus:
At the rate of toe. per sere At the rate of sue, per aere

97,608 At ilier rate of soe per acre .- 813,643
thuyahowing that nearly $\mathbf{5 0 \%} \mathbf{8 7 1 , 6 6 5}$ the highort rate of iedrentity was under fore earried the heaviest losses.
The total amount of premiums colleeted
 were g18s,008, ine, Iraving a defleit of 873,140.03. The ratimatifl servage of the province was 941 , 200 and the approximate proportion of total sereage under erop insured $90 \%$. The number of acres damperd was 64,803 , and the pereentage of insured acres damaged was
i4 ? ${ }^{24}$ These

These fgurse spesk for themarlves and it will nut be neevssary to go into further details. but this will no doubt be takes into consileration when making
arrangementa for this year's insurance. arrangements for this year's insurance.
It is sati-faetory to know that the preIt is sati-fartory to know that the pre-
mier eonsiders that the hail insurance buiness has not been gives a fair trial yet and that the government will not abandon the business to private cempanies. It might be advisalle? to, appoint a commission to act on this matter possilily in conjunct ion with the government, and ser if it is possible to arrive at some equitalile-basis of eo-operative or compulsory hail insurance for the province.

## The Saskatchewan System

In this connection it is perhaps as well to point out that in the province of frou the hail insurance busibess last yrar. and that four private companies entered the field, three adopting a uniform sliding scale in which the risks were
classified into five classes, the first eomclassilied into five classes, the first comprising, quarter sections upon no part of which injurious hail had fallen in
the ten growing seasons last past, the the ten growing seasons last past, the
second class comprised quarter, sections second class comprised quarter, injurious hail upon any part of which injurious hain
had fallen in not more than one of the ten grewing seasons last past, the third class comprised quarter sections, which were not hailed more than twice during, a similar period, the fourth class not more than three times and the fifth class not more than four times. Guarter sections
upon any part of which hail that would upon any part of which hail that would in more than four of the ten growing seasons last past, were not insured by
these companies. The growing season

## Hemmed in by Unfair Conditions

Report of Transportation Committee presented to U. F.A. Convention by President Bower, reveals Distressing Trade Situation. Producers harassed by Monopolies, and exorbitant freight rates.

Proposed Remedy
The following Transportation

Hing apponted by the United Farmers
Being appointed by the United Farmers of Alberta transportation committee to carry out the work of that committee
in British Culumblia, and acting as special in British Culumbia, and acting as special representafive for Alberta to investigate
conditions bearing on the transportation cotbditions bearing on the transportation
and marketing of Alberta farm prodi.ets and marketing of Alberta farm prodiets subait nay repurt.
After consulting with the government at whose suggestion the committee was appointed, and who passed an appro priation to cover expenses, I left for I first visited the coast eities, getting in tourh with the various boards of thale and Fruit Growers Association, and making as thoruugh a canvass as my time would
permit of individuals and companies engaged in lumbering and other indussale and retail, who handle the variou farm products such as those grown in Alberta.
was further sperified ta simily the perind betwees May 14 and Reptember 16 in any year. These companies underper acre as might be droired, and ploo to allow premiums to be paid is cash of to be aettled by note, the rates charged

$$
\text { Rate per } 8100 \text { of Insurance }
$$

|  | Cash | permium | Note premi |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First | class | 4.00 | 8. 60 |
| Serond thast .... 4.65 |  |  |  |
| Third class ..... 5 s. 65 |  |  |  |
| Fourt | class | 7.60 |  |
| Fithe | Jasa | 8.65 | -10 |

The exact figures are Bet yet available.
as the companirs have madre no analysis of their eapenditure for hail insuranee oaly, and tio seme clicialis are sonicoting freas will it is eatimated that after paying expenars and agrsta' cammisolot ar expeary companies eame out shout even, and it is to be noted further that this was upon the best clasers of risks enly, as no insurance was effreted upon the ffth class so that to all intents and purpuses it may be considered that harrlly. any farmer in the province of Saskatehe wan whu had bees hailed more than twie in the past ten years was insured.
The fourth eompany offered insurance at frofis $8 t$ to $8 s$ per acre, at the rate ections upon no part of which hail that-would injure or destroy erais erops ien growing seasons last past. This company also undertook to sertle by note at the rate of $84 . a s$ per 8100 of insurance. No reports have been rerived as to the business doae. Thes lat rates are nearly double thove formerly chargeel by the government of Saskatchecriminations as to the risk nffered, bet carried every farmer is the provine sho chose to apply for insurance, which sconents for the hesvy annual defieits.

## Fat Rate Charges

The flat rate charged by the government of Alherta last year was ss per $\$ 100$ of insurunce, and no. discriminations or insurance secured same, whet her he had been hailed once or every year during the last ten growing seasons. Thi isleration, and as we have the assurane siderationt, and as we have the assurance businrss sill not be abandunel by then it sill be sell to make arrantement o secure the fullest possible data on This subject and thereby arrive at solution which will be as far as possible satisfactory to all parties concerned.
Your committee, would further reto arrange details of the elevator busines on the same lines as adopted by the Manitoba Grain Growers Assoriation, no as to have all the noves-ary information on hand at the carliest possible moment.
All of whick is respectfully submitted.

2
 $-$ $+1$
> +
ion relating to the bounty on coyoten the bounty was replaced. The resilution relating to the duty on cattle was referred to the Enited States and Dominion Departments of Agriculture, but nothing has been done in the matter of redueing the duty on cattle shipped to the Fitates.
The resolution asking for a change the government and the requested amendments aere in a modibied form granted, making it possible for thinly settled districtricts and secure the necessary edue districts and secure the necessary edu-
cation for their children. The resolution regarding the taxing of coal rights was relerred to the governthat it was impossible to do anything in the matter at present. The requested amiendment to the agrieultural socteties ordinance was not granted. In regard to the taxing of railway lands, the government is pushing this matter to the
fullest extent and it is expected that the fullest extent and it is expected that the
final decision will be given by the highest final decision will be given by the highest
court in the realm, the Privy Council, court in the realm, the Pear.
Hail Insurance Problem The matter of hail insurance was also taken up with the gdvernment, and the
suggestions of the convention conveyed suggestions of the convention conveyed
to the premier. The result was that the graduated system of insurance was adopted, but the plan of premiums suggested by your comittee was not bruught in the
effect. This suggested plan was that the rate for the $\$ 4.00$ indemnity should remain at the old rate, but the rate for to Jully cover the loss, as estimated by the average loss rate per acre since Ine hail insurance plan was adopted. a Hlat rate, increasing the rate from
13c, per acre to que. per acrefor the 84.00 indemnity and making a rate of 30 c .
at a reasonable figure, the department sill assist in securing same at wholesale prices from reliable johiers. The request tion committee was freely granted by the premier, and the resuit of this wild by the president on the sub
The resolution regarding the fencing panies sas referred to the railway comnission and an order has been passed by the commisslon bringing this into Alberta Railway and Irrigation Co. was also referred to the railway commise on, and Mr. J. L. Jelliff took a very artive part in pustring matters to a definite conclusion, and a very sweeping decision, against the company has bees ren-
rview thas arrangrd, at which it was promised sith the findings, of the commission. Your committee is given to understand corponated in sez draft agreement to the esecutive cuuncil of the government for conslderation and final ratification

At a Standstill in the mitter since, as fer ar heard of mittee are aware, although from informa: tion secured by individual members of stand that the unfurtunate illness of the late Minister of Agriculture was to alarge extent responsible for this delay.
However, there is a new and aetive minister at the head of the agricultural department now and therefore it is to
be hoped that prompt and effective measures will be taken to start this project. There is not the stightest into the hog raising business on a large scale, until the government plan is assured, and un this account we look and hope
for immediate action. Your committee presents this, matter to you and asks presents this, matter

Government Assisfance
In regard to the request for assistance in combatting the gopleer pest, arrangements were made by the government
whereby all local improvement districts were empowered to spend nut more than seventy-five dullars in the purchase
atrine and to arrange for held days, etc., so that cuncerted' action could be taken in the matter, the work to be department of agriculture. In this con-
nection your commitlee would farther say that the department of agriculture has announced that in any districts
where it is impossible to get strychnine
Your legislative committee presented the resolutions yasaed at the last annual conventivn to the government
with a very fayorable liesing.
with a very fayorable bearing.
with the pork packing indestry it ans pointed out to your committre at the that the findings of the commissina were not in the hands of the goverament was prepared and consequestly it would have been entirely out of place for the government one aubert at the time. Your committee was aswurd that the govern-
ment were not indifferent on the matter, ment were nut inqifferent on the intersst in the proposition. Later a draft agreein the proposition. of the elauses, as worded, did not meet June last.
th, 1910

January 26th, 19 J
THE GRAIN GROWERS
GUiDE
Page 15
altould try te serure for aunselves is very evidret. In a sievh wives hy Hest, of that prasisice, we find the fullowisg rountries srarly ive milline forrige countrive serarly twe millios diltare surth of sgriesultural preslerts on whert duty oss pusid, this lring aloust whe-
quarter of the tutal importalin-hs: the resoaining thrrecsuarters consings: the oflier parts of fanada, se that the actwil outunt for theee rommonditirs suold be Letsros seven and richt nullive dullars a fart whirh wwold lie disheartening were it not that thirse larke supplirs are requirrd to supply the areide of a enptitly artrasing populations, elose standaral of living demands, and shose wagrs permit thir lest".
Thers is the Budert Sperelh of Felirusry 17, isus, wr-find- "The heval narlet for agrirultural produry is still suppilied to a very large estrat from eutside. These
 guantitira of dirsued mirst andy poultry*ete recrivird from Australia alo.ne, ern Canside. The value of peubltry and

 oe state, as the statistivs are rumpiled at Gitawa, and will hot be available us
til Marrh, si" "

United States Gets the flusiness Thad the privilege of pertusion in ropy that beviles the imperts evming int British Columbia from serves ther mounand oats matil misny thorusands of dollar werth of frrah thent as well as eurrs meats ewning in from the I'sitrol States. me figures, which was an estimate of the nto the cuast citirs frum the Unitri
States this being alent thuble what rame in from aerwes the mountims. Man


 the interelanger of the natwe I proulurite
of esech provinee with the leasef pussilde loss te us in transit anid the grrafrat pessi-
ble profit to eurselves. I find that there are many things standing in the way of a free ond unfettered exchange of comprovinces; and yet, these very things
themselves are wsed as a bone of rwintration betwern as, whereas, by a better
unterrstannling athit maturn! +ffort, many If the British Columbia Iumbermen goes to a railway othrial tor a lower frright
rate, he is told that the prairie farmer
has to buy his lumber any way, and will the lumberman, sloumid agitate for the United State

Discrimination of the Railways
 our prualucts going to Mritish Columbia, anyway, and that thry sill have to pmy
gie fieight. This kind of arkument
is very u-eful in keef ing up a lan feeling between $u$-, and in keefing up the j-rices
to the cunsumer without giving the pro-
dacer any lenelit. If we look into this matter more C.P.R. discriminates against the wext ernstern end. As far as I have leen able
to tind out, the ratos lietueen Winnipeg and Laggan are about the same as between one case bring about one-third of the
distance in the other. Higures submatted by a delegation from the Vancyuver
Board of Trate to a weeting of the present, slowned a tiscrininution in

## Nuw, while these discriminations

unjust to the resinents of beth provinces
it is duubly unjust/ to the Alferta farmur
for, is the finst place it inakes our market smaller is Hritish Codumblis, because of the Ameriess importation. thrue having the sdvantage of loser rates. Thes agsin. it makes the prires of our produrts
ti. the smaft operator in lumber and ollier (iil the smatt operatur is lambier anol slier things prohilitory. Thus, st the same
time talias him out of tlie feld 'as a purchaser of our givels, and as a come. purfitarer of the larger operator, It males the coat of propluitios to all these murh bieliet, whirh they immediately sharge hark to us is the lirat ewat of their prop durts, suldirs to olich the high freight prohilitury to many of us, thus curtailing prothintury to many of us. thu* curtailing produrts, end maling thuse of wes whe buy pay the high froight hoth eays.
New, it may fe that the C.P.R. do nut want to enrry any ervaler amawnt of freipht aser their orsters rall, rather
phomisis to enter to thirir eraters truele. Chosiag to reter to thrir rasters thate.
It may be that bevause of thirir charter It may ler that bevasue of therir charter
and the manipulation of their stoeks they en defy ithe railesy cummisolion: yet. if the reaidrats of Itritish Cedumbia and Allierta get tegether and prove that

 surely wer ren hope for reilirss.

## Irretularities of Live Stock Trade

Knetlier condition olirlo prevail that
 fright ratrs is the anomalows evelition
of the live stowh tratr, using to the monerely that exists, and olich is continuaily lighitening its grip and estraling its oferations: Now, we awn that if a farnier or iniley enilent draler has
buncly of export cattle, he ought to shle to fight his way thruugh to the Fnglish markets but in the first placr. it oumblal not be poseible for him to get
that bunch, sithout ot the same time ertting as largas or puevilly a larker bunch of lonteher catilr. The vebly market for sherh is in lhitish Colambise ond the
Iskon. This fart gives the firm that has the mosoppoly of ther British C'elumbia

Monopely of the Pork Besiness
the pork trailr. the situation
 to the C, P. if. in the matter of frrigbt
raies dVlile clarming to lie parkers. it is quite evidrnt that they do not want
to slo any packingo of allow anvone else to der any parking. perferring the hather profits on the smaller besings. Thry
are now wine biearly all eur supplies which thry have frell controt, tradr, ond lowing prartically all their cured meat from for live hoss than here. They are using purpune. that of cullit storage plante thirre is an supply, to hold the same and
put it on thr market later, anil slow to discrumge anyone eloe putting in rem
parking plants knowing foll wrll that then the price of live longs would inertese, whle that of rured mrats would slevrease:
and thus redure their travle in fresh meat. and haus reliure their truile in fresh meat.
Now, while the brat pmosible sedution of tho enigma is the extablishmurnt af a guverament packing plant, yrt at the
same time we want to devise says and same time we want to devise ways anil
marans to brrak up this monopmly in sould recommend that wr work tomether with the resirlents of British Columbia
fur the estalishment of system of minicipal abattoirs under -government afrantages these would have over the onspection that is only on instrumern in thie hands of the large operaturs to
crush thrir smaller rivals. We have row a system of buying and selling That enaliles the large operators to kerp
the sinall ones almust entirely out of the field, by forcing the price up or down lo do business.

## Government Control A Remedy

 With government controlled abattoin,he same inspection would aptly to all, and the cyst of killing would be muel
less than now, liecause Where sre now many places where there are three of
four buteliers, rach with has uwn slanghter move the cause of dispute between the
producer and the buteher aver the dreased seighit of the slasphtervd animal and the allegred trickery cauning the daspute. It woulal give the indejrendrat propluren and draler a rhasie to meet and make the moneppolist, whe eould net thes raise the price beyend the rearh of th Anall dralrt, sithout waking it univrrasi. And is thus giving the amall dealet, hasiling his own business, a rhance compete silh the larger onrs, the conprier and quality, all having the advantage of the sane isejerfion. It would increase our market is lifitish Columhis lyy dreping out tlie larger quastitirs of elresard mesi aew' cominat is from the I sited Mates and retirely eliminate the deaner to the Hritish Celumblis evesumer of Luyine isferior and disersured ansat it sould deasay with the prosent shrink-in-husing swimille, ss the prowlucer rould asfely itll ws the dressed seight of the carcass. it ovuld ebrourake the proslurtion of le to the produrer's isterrat to ares the class that sould yield the mest mers of the beat ausality. I lelieve that the greater part of the people of flritish Crester part of the peuple of initial ert sueh a aystem eataliliaherl, and Mr flowhern, the live stoek f ommisaione, there has promiaed me that he sould
give it his fullest support. To encourage give it his fullest suppert. Te enceurace other lines of interprosincial traile with
Iritish f'elumbia onal to safecuard oer Hritish ( elumbia and to salecuard oer
interests, there should lie a system of interests, there should $l i r$ a sysirm me
liernsing and bohding commissios me chants is the same way that grais'com
Ruineus Condition of Hay Trade
Then agsin, one of the mont unseli lartary and ruinous evnditions esist in the hay trade, levasase of the lark of some stamilard of quality and system of indpection, ond the sasne mpplies in the are difirulties in the way of warking out an inepection system is thes, but
 olong the same liners as the goverament inspertion and sraling of loge now in casue of disponte it mould lie sul.mitied to one of these inspertors as referer- whose derision woulil lie final.
Nuw, in loringing, this somewhat lengthy report to a chose, sant to sey that our selfare is more ties up with the selfare of Dritiah folumbian than with any ather
part of the Dominines. We are inter-

## Alberta Gaining Momentum

## Comprehensive report of E. J. Fream, Secretary of the United

Farm mas. Western winz of the movement welded solidly,
184 Unions in the Province. A Year of
Farmars. Western winz of the movement welded soldily,
184 Unions in the Province. A Year of

## In presenting the first report to the delegate of the U.F.A. it io gntifyng

 to be able to say that the naturiantion membership is easily over 5,000 and from made for information in mard to the mastriation and for ormanizro, no lao than wix applications harving lieen nalrady reerired this year. 1 am confdent that with the ferling now apparent "e sthal Tarmert aserrintion in Canalo. and the dormant membere, our membership vill run away, up into the thoumandeliandling the correspondence end of the asosination, it is prolataly ensier tor me to ghage thic Irling than any othrr proper axietance in the surp that sith
 nown all over the provinee, and to have south as the international boundary and into the Grand Prairie Country in the north.
1g2 uniun time of preparing this report 18x unions have reported in good atanding
and there are 68 yet to hear from, the majority of these being old branclies of the C.S. of E. It is alosulutely necessary that arrangements be marle for more Organization work to be carried on, the
farmers are ready. for the asooriation and we must be prepared to meet them In the endeavor work. and the unions interested is member
whirls is lieing carried an by the associa tion, eleven circular lefters were isaned during the past year. These have en mislters shich have come tofore the nistlers. *welt have comr irefore the been the mrans of keeping the erntral acenciatern in toueh with the I loclieve this plan has founil favur with the majority of the unions: the membert lreing plensed to secure these circularn. To show that the work of the asserciation is no small matter, it is only necessary to state that during the past Iwelve months, pex0 letters, $\mathbf{1 , 7 4 4}$ circulars and 110 parcels have been sent out frum
the secretary's office. As far as possilile the secretary's office. As far as possilile matters at uner, and to do vive all isformatuen

## Complex Secretarial Duties

In connection with this work, hawever it is only fair to point out that the gracral secretary's offire is only a directing office, and is not by any means a complat organization for buying and seiling During the early part of last year, a ss the a, rquests were recervel, salt, farms other and joblumulitics on whotesnle wal do this would require an iminense operalive suciety and the C.F. A. not in a position to take surbs suljiect op. What was dune by the cratral office is each case was to place the is

## that may he required, no matter what the

depeniret oor on the ether For one this proviare a propereves mivel farming
 oo are is terminal plevaturs at Yort Wallias or Ilsolea Hay, or eves lise If evstors ilirough the prairie provisers:
 evetrrs esport grais route at the ap ane time! but, as we all know, whest is aot timet bui, as se all knuw, whest is set
our mainstay, nor can it ber for arverstions to ceme. Our shirf natural line of pros locy, snd is ous cuine smins, shal is the cest, and through the seat lirs our market. ar prooif of this, we have only to compore the priers paid during the last few month tor cats sail larlyy ot rountry pointe sith prievs paid at Yort Willism, the differ enrer not being enough to more than
half pay the froight, and in some caers half pay the froight, snd is some caars
shere the producer shipped his grain west himertf, the prore ohdained was rquas to that pathi at Yort Wilisem. and in it *ere bint livenue of the unjuat cliseriming: tios in frwisht rates, our traile woul
flow setwand as natarally as ester if the wes. Nem as naturaily as mater to provinial traile sp are the ravtiry of the firat part.
the inatiative.

## The Premler's WIIIngnese

Afier dhiag a evrtain amanat of prethat this proliminary work though re sulfant is murly goud was set tor a certais. extent a enote of time anif energy,
if we are sait prepareil to fullese it op, With this in siea I interviewel the Pre. mier, Ilan. 3tr Itutherfurd, she first suggrotel that we take up this work. the loest reaslls some roncertel srtion must be taken. I promisenf to plare the matter liefore this rossention, anil sokeil of his government mould le silling to crast ins further support if this asookis. tion slerifics to follow the matter ap. Ta this he elire fully wheed, even promsong a effort.
Now then, it is up to us. My propesal cunference of repipsentation of all the different prolueing anil evansuming is lereats of both pravisers, as well as the lirsals of the goverbments of lmilh prove
iners, mal there work out ways anil riesens


## Splendid Progress <br> <br> Presented at U.F.A. Convention

 <br> <br> Presented at U.F.A. Convention}tervoted partios into touch with eech ether. supplying the various dralers vith $s$ list of The unions, and referriag letters from unions and isdividual mana: ters to the dealeres theteby bringing earh party is lown wink thes thet the I brlieve the remit of this ows that various unions did purchase supplim it larere quastities, and made conaider.A asvinge. to hair anmle sunoriation and is puraty ank exumombe derive the fratest nuut be kept such to derive die Theated good to the greateat sumber, and ulling operative sysuem be left to the loen: must neccuariy beistion being uned only to fint get iato touch with the differen to firse pencilly investigating the finascie armanting of the intervated parties, and everally becomung the fobet sees foe Guyer and seller. At Hed Deer, a U.Y.A Co-eperative Ausciation has bees furned and is doing good surk, malisas berketpriest for sill the producto they ane marked. ing, thas any of the
iog towns can mort of rrquests have been reecived from the uaions during the year and in every case, wherever puowhi, they have been attended talers hed is the year some of the meembers hat packing houses, this man purchaving pocking with what turned out to be practieally sorthlest cheques. This matter ons referred to the Minister of Finance at Ottawa who gave his decision on the at oubject. Unfortunately at present the U.F.A. has no powet of further pushing such matters and this individual therefore excaped, as the membing the matter. do not feel justified in pushing the matcerd This is something thas be given power to and the auociation like gatdres, should it puah saytin.

## Queries Dealt With

Another matter was the fencing of the right-of-way of railway lines in Alberts. This was relerred to the railway comminst. ion with a result that a sweeping oretet was passed compelling railmays to fence in settied districts even belore they bepha been reetived for information relating been received lor informpanies and the Individual Sthipping of Grain. This information hass been supplied in every case and wierever, asked for a copy of the Manitota Grain Act has been forwarded. In fact is all such matters as this the assistance asked for has been given. Karly in the spring it was ascertnined that Mir. C. C. Castle, Warehouse Comniassioner, would visit hileria, to get him tage was takes of his visit to get him to address a series of meetings under the
suspices of the U.F.A. In sill twelve auspices of the C.F.A. In all tweve meetings were beld and the net resuit was very satisfactory to the assosiation. in securing loading plat forms, one at Airdrie, whice is now completed, and one at Acme, which will be efect
soon as the railway reaches there. Secured Concessions
In March last, in answer to requests Irom residents south of Red Deer, an
interview was lield with the general interview was ore
superintendent of the C.N.R. at Edmenton, at which I was assisted by the live stock commissioner, and cuncessions were secured is regard to prompter switching of carloads of live stock from Stratheona to the Griftin plant at Edmontun. Arrangements were also made with the C.P.R., special shipping day for all points a special stipping bay for aill points nately nullified by the action of the Dominion governiment in placing all that portion of the province from the township line north of Lacombe, between townships 40 and 41 , to the international boundary in a quarantine district, and requiring inspection by a veterinary inspector before any shipments could be made. This quarantine refers to cattle and horses. As the inspectors
are few and far between, the upshot of are few and far between, the upshot of this order is that the small shipper a man shipping his own cattere it is almost an impossitility. It is only necessary to say that there is no inspector living how the matter of inspection stands. This quarantine area is almust as bad a blow to the smail man as the mieat inplaced all the export fousiness in the hand
of thiter firms and drove the amall mas out of busisess.
A large apmber of letters lave bees received from different parts of 11. C. and oor of two from faskatchessan, asking for quotations on feed grais and
ared grain, and euples of these have bees aeed grain, and eupies of these have been association sbo are interested is the busi-
Fresin Enpland, the United States, Manitola and Ontario raquirics have been. reecived relative to farm labor, and several have alse been forvarded os by the Edmenten Bearil of Trade. The latest enquiry meceived was in mference to fanding situstions for young somen
on the farms and rasclies. This is a on the farms and ranclirs. This is a
serious fartor is Alluerta farm work, and I think the time has now come and I think the time has now come in conpection with the central effices. in active labor bureas, through which the proapertive employer and cmployee the pruapertive employer
Another matter which is coming in for considerable diseususen is that of
limiting the elistrirts in which bulls may rua at large, according to the regwlations laid down under the Entire Animals Orlinance. The country is rapiolly changang and greater restrictions sill have to be brought inte effect. In connection with this it is perhaps ailvisable to point out that there is every prospect of the Local Improvement Act being considerably amended at the fortho coming session of the legislature, and the
sugkestion thas been made that the augeration has been macle that the districts should be given Rwater powers,
including the control of this vesatious
desire on the part of all officials and per:sons we have come is contart with to asant us in our work! the mere menting of the C.F.A. gecuring a patient hisaring secure the ebjects we were striving for by quiet and persistent work, and expernence has shown that se have been sueenesfel.
As a watchword for the ensuing year I vould sugrest organisation, better, more thorough, and more painstaking work, and would besprak for your offeern f all members so that this cas be duse.

Pernenally I wibl- to think all for the ashataner that has bees given mee during the past yrar and to asoure all mernbern that thid has bers thoroughly appreriated. I fegret that it was imposable to accept all the "kind invitations formarled me to visit the unions throughout the coust
try, and would enly say in this behalf try, and would only say in this behall that the office
by some one.
Thanking ygu for your kiadly considerstion, I am, Emallpmen,

Yours to command, EDWARD J. YREAM

## Government Aided United Farmers

Two Interesting Items in Auditor's report to the Alberta Convention show that grants from this source amounted to $\$ 1,269$. S:atement Indicates Progress

United Farmers of Alberta Balance Sheet for the Year Ending, December 31 . 1909

## RECEIPTS

To membership fers: for 1909, 21 ase 81,073 s0; for 1910, 813,00 . $81,086.50$
Te fees from members at large 8.00 To government grant to the association
$1,000.00$
To government grant for dele:
gates expentes to Grais
To membership buttons sold. 124.35

By poin EXPENDITURE
By priating and advertisiag.
1 300.00 By postage and supplies
181.90

By organisers' expenses and R. Sheppard, 850.60 :
 Treaillus, sis.ss; G. H. Maaker, $80.35 ;$ II. Mackia-
toath, 88.85 ; II. Jamieson, 17.41: G. MeDomald, 8s.00 Total.
By officers' expenses; J. Bower 1102.20; E. J. Fresm, 870.00 C. Sheppard, sse.75; G.
 Dalasm, Ere.75; G. Long,
$818.75 ;$ A. von Mielecki,
 y secretary's salary.
By experses of triasportation
By expenses of delegates to Grain Convention at Calgary ................... 203.35
33.30
By expenses
40.07
405.46


By expenses of U.F.A. tent at
By expenses of UiF.A. tent at 83.28
By rent of halls for meetings
By secretaryatreasurer's bond By express charges on supplies
By exeliange on cheques...... ${ }^{2} 0.00$
ordinnnce. If this is done, it will mean that each district will solve its own problems as regards animals runiing at large. Fencing
There has also been considerable discussion in regard to the finer graile of tencing materials, sich as coy ote proo fencing, ete. At present the aire used in the manuafecture of these fences is
subject to a duty, but the Minister of subject to a duty, but the Mrimister of the Interior has stated that if it can be shown that this finet grade is netrosary
for farning purposes there is every likelio hor farnuing purposes there is every likell an effort is being made to bring the sheep industry on to a more stable, basis by getting the farmers to carry small bands and also as this fencing is necessary in order to keep the cuyotes away from the poultry flocks, there is apparently no reason why this article should not be placed on the free list. A supgestion has further been forwarided to the Live Stock Commissioner that he use his influence to serure a bonus to the farme securing this class of fencing material equal to the amount of reight which fencing in. During the year the Railway Commisswest ars. Dillinger, une of its experts west to inspect the stock yards, with the result that thrse have berp considerably improved. This avsuciation assisted the
Live Stock Commisaiuner as much as Live Stock Commissiuner as much as possible in this matter.

## In Conclusion

This report will show to a slight extent the amount of work being carried on by the assuciation, and also the labor
it. involves on its executive officers But to sum the whole matter up it is only necessary to say that in every kheerfully given, and there has been a

To stationery sold . . To receipt books sold To balance eash fro

Total. Total . . . . . . . . ......... $82,518.32$
hereby eerify that I have examined and audited the books and account of the United Yarmers of Alberta for the fiscal year ending the
Deepmber, 1909, and that 1 found them correct and in very good shape
Dated at Edmonton, this seventeenth

## $\square$

## Edmonton's Generosity

## Tendered a Banquet to U.F.A. Legislators and other <br> Victory was the domina

 The eitizens of Edmonton paid a tribute to the Alberta farmers in attendance at the U.F.A. convention by tendering them magnificent banquet in the separate school hall on Thursday evening. so successful was the event in promoting the most friendly relation-shipp betneen the city and country that ship Letueen the city and country that feature of every farmers' convention that the city may see in the future. It was essentially s .gathering farmers and their wives, but there were also presemt a miost unique representation of pulitical leaders: business promoters, prominent educationalists, professiunal men and governuent officials. I nder the circumstances the program of speech was made as elastic as possible. was aimed to give every representative something, with the result that the sam quet was marked mure than ansthing Quet was marked more than any thing
else by the great range of subjects discussed and the variety of opiaiuns ex-

[^2]busy alay in the convention, there wa: reliected the success which is attending the farmers in the solution of their proilems. The keynute of the meeting was The tables sere being turned agricuiture. The tables were lieing turned on the othe classes of suciety and the farmers of The clash of interests to their own. new province, appeared like a get ine of new province, appeared like a game of
foutball in which the farmers had the face off. If they did not play there was no game. Like team work in the campus it was evident that co-operation was be coming a reality and on these tactic the succes of the farmers' labur depended.

## Prominent Speakers

Ald. Armstrong, acting mayor of the chom can - eattributed mehairman ess of the gathering He confined the speakers to five minutes and called upon each to speak on some particular topic were Ald. Hyndman, on behalf of the were Ald. Hyndman, on behalf of the Continued on Page 20

$$
20.00
$$

Mid-Winter Sale Catalogue (Na. |18), 1910


## Mid.Winter



Except for this page and one other, the catalogue is illustrated through-
out. This page of bargains shows our policy of putting Mail Ordér customers on an equality with store customers.

If you want to reap the benefits of this policy send for a copy of this
Mid-Winter Sale Catalogue to-day.
Your address on a post card will bring it by return mail.

## The STRNDN Company Robert <br> $\square$

## SASKATCHEWANSECTION

Magnetic Campaign Bulletin
Mountain View Association has sent the following Circular to every Farmer in the District. "We Need You,

You, Need Us," They Sıy.

Mr. Grain Grower-Alloz me to draw your attration to the el.jects of the
SG.G.A. This emenniation differs from all eflhers in that it seeks. to bind tegether all farmers into one annad orkanmation.
 lesninges, nond elitain for them the full Truits of thrir teil. Whel her you be concervativg hiteral or sorialict: Noman arnoatiof: you are a farmer and a man, and at worl mered certain matrrial meres: ities as fooml. elot hing, shriter implements, atork and land. Epon the man: arr in which you procure and hour individual freerlome proenerity and happiness. Ilut the manner of deternianx the ownership of these things. the mosle of tifo under whiels we live. the prin. cifle unclerlying the uae and pouserion of property is devided hy the majority.
Vous os on individual, have no controi jou. hes matter. noply as yeur infuroce in the matter. nnly as your infurnce of your clase finn you belp form the laws shirth make or mat your wellye? laws shirf make of mar your meilye? the human family, and io this relation hive a purpose and a duty to fulti. No one elar can dout for yous for orgeniastion is sa epportunity to make your
influrnere effertive for good. Organiration means life to you and your class. It is a glariaas privilegr to share in a sorial it ant for rourcill anily yma ciace.
happiness is fundamentally progress and science. The permanent arltare of man kind canaut lie procured apart Irom their

## RAPID RESLLTS

We had our annual meeting of the Zelmn G.G.A. Jinnary 14. The following offirers were elected $\mathbf{O}$, Wingrove, presi-
dent: $\mathbf{F}$. Imholts, vice-president: A. H. Cline, sec--trens. Directors selerted were G. ('a mpliell. W. J. Boneham, C. G. Hendrieksun, J. S. Reid, O. Fraleigh and A. W. Getts.
Our association was organized on
Feliruary is, 1009 . The numbler of Feliruary 18, 1000. The number of fully pait up membiers for that jear were fitern. Alrealy we have flune good work by getting a looding platform for our porm. Isenty four of the mecting held pineil our aseowintion, while many others pined our asowintion, while many others have fign
the same.
A resolution was moved by John MeBrive. sreuniled by W. J. Buthehain, tion put itsell on record as in fave of the IItrdson Bay route entirely owned and-operated by the Dominion Government. Our assuciation is one of the strongext and most energetic on the G.T.P.
line. line.
H. CLINE
Sec.-Treas.

Zelma, Sask.
GOVAN TAKING DIRECT MEASURES The annual meeting of the Govan Branch of the Graim Growers Association was hel. 1 in the Town Hall, January ${ }^{\text {Q }}$ "The following officers were elected for 1910. President, C, B. Latta; vier-president. II.S. Nerly: sec.-treas., J. H. Edwards. Fansher, C. Travis, P. J. Curdin, A. Fansher
It was resolved that whereas the for the carrying on of it's work, that this for the carrying on of it's work, that this branch adopt the plan formulated by
Mr. Gireen of. life membership and eneréetically push the scheme. appropriating funds for the building of a Canallian Navy, that the request
of. the Saskatchewan Association be

F. W, GREEN, Edito

to sit ear raparity and to build a stockyard is coasectuon at Govan.
WOLSELY URGES MANY REFORMS At the annual meetina of the Wulseley branely of the Kaskateheman Girain firowers Asuoriation held January is, 1810
 W, Giloen. That this mertinge wnuld faver W. Giloons. that this merting wnuld faver
the rumbuyment of a travelling agrnt, the raplayment of a travelling agrnt, silh a vir: to diarveriag the proniortion posrehase. purchase;
E. K. Preley, that this mereting would by E. K. Prrley, that this merting would nut - Geverament Ilail Insurance system. Moved by J. T. Mateman, seconded by R. P. Lanpford, 're the qurstion of using government elevators, that it be left to the individual members to wae ther own diservtion. Moved by J. Ellioft, secundel by J. P. Dill, that this merting does not favor our grain to lie hanilled by the commisainn, as well as the eleva-
tors and by so sloing take the grain tors and by so cloing take the grain entirely out of the hands of speculators.
Moved by J. Filiott. Moved by J. Elliott, teronifed by J. T. Bateman,that sr favur the life membership plan as a mrans of strenpthening and
making permishent our irganisation. Moo ved by R. P. Langfotd, arconded by Alartin. that this meetung would not favor the raising of the annual meniliership fre to At.00, and serure for every member the official organ. Moved by L. Thomson, secontrd by 9. Whioft, that this merting favor a Reciprocal Deasuraze law. Movpil by E. A. Banlarry. secondeel by J.P. Dill, that this meeting be not in favor of separating the rural electonal districts from the rities and towns. Moved by R. P. Langford, serondrd by J. Elliott. that the question ie the convention bring beld ot a fixed erntral point hercafter Thomeon, srconded by $A$. Touriguy, that this merting favor the pooling of the fares. Moved by L. Thomson, seconded by J. T. Bateman, that this mereting favers the priaciple of Consolidated Sehools, but not the same to become compulsory. Moved by L. Thomson, secundrd by J. Elliett, that this meeting doen not favor either the Warehouse Commissioner. Inspector IIorn or their Deputios being invited to the conveption bovernment, also ruilsay eficials the government, also railway officials being Mowed by J. T. Bateman, seconded by L. Thomson, that we ask the cunven-
tion to dral with the question of raileay erousinge and ealtleguards. Movral by that it is the openimes of this mireting that it is the opening of this hireting
that thier government should take inamediate strjes lo consitruet a long divtase telephaser liae frum Wularley to Windthonst. The matios was unanimusis Mened hy II. P. .anaturn, servandra hy meeting, the riilway ewapaniss le evmperlicd to place sulficirai material en the ground to coupllete graolos Irading over the railnas on all evastrueting rualways Mused by J T. Natrman, anvadrd loy A. T. Hompas, that is the equanis of the merlina the dution we Eavdine sluruld be molucrid. Muved loy that D. II. Yrasuith Le prerlerted pival. thent. Mleved by J. P. bith, neninded by j. T. Hatenan. that it. in. Harlier be plected virr-presilent. Meved by I. Thruysen, spevibiled hy A. P. Rompas, that IV, Cherw, Jr. be reelected secretary: Treasurer. Moved by $V$, $K$ Ferley, seevindrol hy IS. X. Harlier, that the follow. isa le elevtral directors: I. Thumson, A. P. Nompas. Thas. Itizney, J. Vllioth, F. Dill J. T. Hateman and W. Mowed liy C. Mlass that the fullosing Ie ed hy C, lloses that the fullonsing te 1) II Seromith. I. Thomase, W, Clew, Is and W, Monlitey and W. Mu= Lray.

## ELECTED OFFICERS

The following is a list of alfieers elected for Nwanson Ifraselh for 1910. Prea dent. 1. Thamewn: sice-predident. IB. (firvan. sect'y-trras.; D. Melatyre, ex Brown, N. Frawer, A. MeIntyre, D. Whyte and J. W. Ilorn.

## D. MeINTYRE

THE PERDUE ANNUAL.
Perdue held a rousing merting, Jaunary is. and the 'qurstions suhmitted Joy the general secretary for cunsicleration a. foused cunsimerable intercst. They Mr. P. Corbin, secund to none in the couniry. Fifers were elected as folloss: President. Win. T. Jackenn. Croeusvale: oecr'y,-treas. Ilarry Farl, Asquith. The writer was elected a delegnte to the annua convention at I'rince Allirrt. PL, MCKER Ex-Secretary

OPPORTUNE QUERIES
An attempt to answer the following questions will be made by the members of the Moose Jaw Agricultural Society at the Brandon Convention.
In view of the great responsibilities the importance of Canada-to the Empire the importance of agriculture to Canada


This le aomething entrely now and a great time and labor asver. N. E. Baumunk, Dundurn, Sask., last fall threshed beside the
the importance of the independent yeomins. the importanee of the rural home builianz, with all that the mental, morel comerumitis physical sell-bieing of rura communities mpans to the national life, live clrmand that eur best yeung mes and women should be moerved for serviee to their coustry en the land?
In vies of the shitrís man burilen, the wuplarts ewnot safinishend task, the aris and motives whirh will rosult is that ohirh is liest for sill, de you think the farm life provides the mesns for breadest. purrat, stronerst and biest it ment and at the same time presornts the oppantunity for the impuens of that the dividuality of the lives of his fellows, and the nation's governmental marh-

In view of the fart that opportunity shy ,lo se many leave the farm ansl ruah you conailer the ehief reavens shy se many young jeople dialihe form lifel
In vien of thie soul.f's great work the great oppoet anntios offered by farm life, the kebrat Antike that toses tiren mani. you recommirnd that conditions may lie. live sill be Ernetally considerril to io on the farm: and that people sill corret to be enlleyl farmers. insl, women will deproceed to estalhah the new cunditions?

ONE HUNDRED FARMERS Listened to Spirited Address by Secre. tary Green at Beithune. 1s. over one hunstrel farmers met in an adderss given by V. W. Gireen of Growers' Asweriation. The speaker ens introlucrd by James Anoleroun, prosident of the local branch, why is a few wrli
chosen and enncise rronarks told of wlat chosen and ennciae rrmarks told of alat
lonnefit the association had bern to flethuge histrint and that Mr. Green would
five of vast amount of instruetion as of vast amount of instruetion as
of the wess and means of carrying on
A nisl cl cring and applanse, the chomjom of farmers rights took the platform. hie said that by lonking over the rlass of people sith that in them wheresipon national structure could of the trials and diffieulties the pioneers of this "last West" had to undergo. Ofien had he rididen and trampod over
these thethune phins years apos, traliring at that remote period that in time to
comie. hoppy honves, wrll-tilled firlds and smiling gardras woull greet the eye. $\mathrm{Mr}_{\mathrm{M}}$ Green Co-operation
apon the prople the importance ofess operation. He said he ass nut afraid to run up against wny one man living:
but when ten men were bandrd against him hr had to go vuder: five men acting as individuals. He remarked that when a dog entered a enttle, ard, ath lowered heads and fierce bellows he was driven out: the tiny sparrows eongregated cattle and sparrows going together against a common lue. We should take a lesson from these, and as compaet bodies, stand
tions. product of the farmer buys is the from the purelinse of a eradle to that of gave us freedom: we have the ruling power bought by their Llood. yet it has
n. $t$ been usrd. The Grain Growers Assuciativn offers the grandest channel for the purpose of binding farmers to-
gether. It is not composed of religious fartions, it is merely men on the land held together for a comtonn purpose; that dition of their homes, wives and elaiddren. Farmers Must Watch
the slip-shed man mer in which the farmer sells his produce, weighing nothing; knowing nothing about the proper values of articles purchased: yet the man he
buys from, weighs everyihing he buy/s from the farmet, and what he sells to

The merlienisis is not yet hers. If the famb lirs doss with the lios sow-s-days he sill get littes. So is the farmet The reawn is not far to seek. The tine. cultural elass is a disiategrated. mess. while theit epprowing sladly jois hasts *gainat the lamb
Mr. Grees then laid the life membership plan hefore ther sudirnee. The cullecting of the annusi fee was a lalorinas tack. One juar as anoriativo flourislied. the nent it died and so on. The life member: thip plan gave it atalility. The trust
fund osa a awm lerhind the orgeniration
 for our emanripation.
of thask sas tesdetse address a vote
M. EDDY.
Kee.-Treas.


## Two Hundred Farmers' Meetings

Comprehensive Educational Campaign arranged for Saskatchewan

## Perliminary, announcrment of mertiag: Ior mexing of 1919 with na ers asd dater of merting: ers and dater of morlinge <br> Lerturers-Juhn A. Monery, Viee Previlent, Canadias Seed Grusers Aso Frreillent, Canadian Seed (iruwers' Aaso- cialiun. Ilegina. A. I. N(vrnewn, Dan-    Yeb M: Iirstait. Feb. 9: I-seview, Feh. 10: Frohisher, Felk. 11; Ala meda, Feb. It:   fait will le heldi at 10 A.M., at Elimme at 8 P.M. and at all of her places at 8 P.M. Circuit No, "B" not N. II. Fraser, Qu'Appelle, Lecturers-J. H. Frauer, QueAppelle, Kask., Grurg Iarvey, Indian Hean, Kask. Sask., Grurge Iarvey, Inclian Hean, Rask. Seriley, Jan 31: Francis, Frb, 1: Tywan, Feb. 8: Villmare, Frlb, 3: Ilaransille, Frb. 4: Crrelman, Frb, S: Ktenchton, Frb. \%: Fornet. Feb. 8: Kisliey. Feh. 9 Arcola Vol. 10; Carlyle, Feb. I1: Manot Febs is. All of the above meetings will Fel be behl at \& Pit be held at \& P.M. <br> Circuit No. "C" Kask. Norman M. Itoses, Indian Ilead,

 Kask. Lumsulen, Jan 31: Disley, Fel., 1 Hethune, Feb, ti: Chamberlain, Febs s; Hydworih, Fels. 4: Ilanley, Feb. S: If af the above meetings will be held at \& P.M.Circult No. "D" Iecturers-J. II. Fraser, $Q u^{\prime}$ Appelle.
Sask. Georke Harvey, Indian Head, Sask. Gieorge Harvey, Indian Head,
Sask. Tessirr, Feh, $17:$ Laura, Fel. 18 Sask. Tessier, Feh, 17 ; Laura, Frh. 18;
Rosetown, Fels. 19; Zralandis, Yeh, it Rusetown, Feb. 19; Zealandis, Feh, 21
Glenhurst, Veh, 8t: Fertile Valley, Fel Qli; Outtouk. Feh. 24: Brooleriek, Feb. 25: Loreluarn, Feb. 26: Bridecfori, Feb. 28 : Tugaske, Mar, 1; Central Butte, Mar-
Brownler, Mar. 3; Keler. Mar. 4. Al of the above meetings will be dield at Q P.M. Circuit No. "E"
Lecturers-Dunran Anderson, Orillin, Lecturers-Dunean Anderson, Orillin, Ont. C. E., Platt, Tantallon, Sask. Wriwyn, Prh. Q: Spy Hill, Frb. 3; Ban cor, Febs, 4: Waldron, Feb. 5: Birming hatm, Frebs 7i Punniehy, Feh, 8: Kelliher Nokomis, Feh. In; Venn, Fel. 16: Young. Feh. 13: Allan, Feb. 16; Viscount, Fhi, The mureting at Seamans will be held at \&.45 P.M. The one at Elatow will
be hilla at \& A P.M. and the others will be beld at 2 P.MI. Circuit No , "F" Lecturers-Ilon, W, IR. Motherwell, Regina, Kask. George P. Camplofl, ETlus-
Loro, Sark. Scott, Yeb. 1: Wilkie, Yeb. 2; Perdue, Fels. 3; Normanton, Feb. 4 Taskatuon, Feb. S: Asquith, Fel, Finly. Feb. 8: Landis, Feb. 9: Kinley
held at a P.M. and the one at Kinley sill be held at s.30 P.M. All the other meetinge will le hell a
Circalt No.
Lertarers-llon, Wo. "G,", Motherwell Redinarers-lion, Gack. Gearge P. Camplell, Elisiorors, Saik. P. if. Firedt, Itegiss, Eilask.
Sask.
Gova Bulyes. Fobs, 15: Fitrasaburg, Feb. IS! Ilaliarres, Feh, is: Yait Orey. Yeb, 18: 21: McDonalit Hits, (date to be fised Iater), Alernethy, Feb. Et: Lembirg Feh. Es: Grayoun, Feb. 25: Duhwe, Feb.
8S. Ntockhoilif, Feb. 20. The shove meeting will lie held at \& P.M. Govan geed fair will be helad on Fels. 1s. Mr. Mothersell will attend mertingent Govan attenil all otlier meretings, and Mr. Campluell will attend all meetings.

> Circult No. "H"

Lecturers-Mathew' Snow. Winnipeg. Mas. A. B. F'etter, Lanybank, Fas. Yeadn, Fels, 19! Murr, Feb, 14; Howell,
Fels. IS; Dana, Fel. 16: Bruna, Feh, 17: Febs 1s; Dana, Feb, Feb, 19: Kuroki, Feh, 81 :
 Topo, Feh, sts; all the above meetings will be held at \& P.M.

## Cieruit No.

Lecturers Mathew Snow, Winnipez
Man. P. M Man. P. M. Mredt. Nexina, Nask. Ianarnhurf, Yeb, 1i Kalteonts, Yeb. I: Rokely, Feb. 3; Spring-i,le, Feb, Heaverilal Foam Lake, Yel. 8: Wynyard. Feb. 9: Eliros, Feb. 10; Lanigan, Feb. 11: Guern-
sey. Feb. 11. The meetings it sey, Feb. II. The meetings at Kifros other meetings will be held at \& P.M.

Circuit No "J
Lecturers-John Millar, Indian Head, Sask. A. B. Potter, Langbank, Rask. Prince Albert, Jan. 31: Duek Lake, Feb.
1: Justhern, Feb. \&: Warman, Feb. 3: 1: Justhern. Feb. I: Warman, Feb. 3;
 Borden. Feb. T: Radiston, Veb, 8; May
mont, Feb. 9: Rurldell, Vel, 10: Delmas mont. Feb. 9: Iturddell, The meeting at Warman will be lield at 1.30 P.M. All other meeting will be,held at \& P.M.

Circuil No, "K"
Man. Turs Willing Necint, Argyle Man. T. N. Willing. leapina, Sask, Qu Appelle, Jan. 31 ; Windthorst, Feb. I Beeston, Feb. P; Graytown,
Farmede, Feh. 4; Wolacley. Fairmedc, Feh. i; Wolseley,
Ellisborn, Gienfell, Feb. 9; IVillesden, Feb. 10 Edgewood, Feb. 11; Broadriew, Feb, 12; Spring Lake, Yeb. 14; Clifton, Feb. 15;
Whitewood, Feb. 16: Mnosomin, Yeb, 17; Gettel. Fel. 18. Ail of the above meet ings, will be held at \& P.M.
In addition to the above merting: circuits are being arranged in the Moose Jaw and Wappila districts, nlung the

## SEND FARM PHOTOGRAPHS

Farmers of Saskatchewan! You have homes and farms just as good an those in any part of this Great West. It is the duty of every successful farmer to encourage his brother. Get a goed photograph taken of your farm buildings and stock for publication in The Geins. You will not only be helping yourself in this way, and your brother farmers, but you will also be helping your own paper.

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Y Years' Experionee fo Menliono OOOD LAND, EANY TRRME TWO BBCTIONs elowe to CIt ond
Elewaters: What gio.so per aerols svary sers
J. B. GOWANLOCK

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NO REDUCED RATES
We have recrived notice from the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway that they sill not be in a position to grant us the operating under construction.
In eotsequence, it will be necessary for all delegates attending the convention from points on the G.T.P. lines to purchase return tiekets, as it will be impossible for them to secure standard certificates.

## DURUC OFFICERS

The annual meeting of the Dubue Grain Gruwers' Assuciation was held January 15. Messrs. E. H. Clayton and Ernest Kendrick were chosen as delegates Albert. Central Convention at Frince The following were elected as officers president; W. I. Trood, vice-president; president; W. Bobier, sec--treas, vice-presinent; síx was also selected.
S. BOBIER,
Sec-Tress.

## Page 20

WANT,SALE AND EXCHANGE
 Ti dopronit sim




 miver sto ho fiontirnt

ATHENTLONI I Bave yoi sale tue neat




 fon sale -gattons pedigerio sexd
 ros sate - THonovchump scotch
 spely A. Caseos, Enterisors, Sat? it Dorse or ote hanpy, rmproved mesp


FOR SALE GOOD WHEAT FARM WTTH
货等 100 DOLLAR FOR CONVICTION OF THiEF

FARM FOR RENT, OR SALE STGUTED

SEED OATS. RFGENERATED ABUNDANCE É

FARM FOR SALE is ACRES, 220 UNDER


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Hot ie. Me iesaley. Mas.
WANTED, PARTIES HAVING HOLSTEIS

BREEDERS' DIRECTORY
Cardo andel the hatiog will he iswrted weelly
trepoled liser
 sud Bredete every whem, so yous are soll swarf. ithe herte or ito erthange of some partientar the best mothet anthority ind iow rewengited th
 to doal vith thers haying tote thath of carryisg A card io this eolomn compartd with the mevilt

PURE BRED R.C.RT, REDS COCKERELS

ROSEDLEE FARM RERKSHIRES, - STOCK

herefogd cattle a shetland ponies.
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##  <br> Not By The Acre <br> Didn't Wear 'Em

 A farmer living in Acet and late disinct in the east of Scotland loond lie drecided not to renew hifs lram. Mert iog. Mis landford the other day, he said:--1 can mak' nothing, of oice wat and nour land, and $\mathrm{T}^{\prime \prime}$ no no goint on wit of I'll be nuined.said the lohn, take time to think of $\mathrm{L}^{\prime \prime}$ taid the landlord: "no doubt ae'li be able to come to termas, 1 might let you have. the farm at a reduction on the "Ah, laird," replied the larmer, "Your land should be let by the gallon, no by the scre?

Final Division of Money
Whes the thrifty master departed this globe of joy and strife and sor rows, he left belind him a snug sum. To his sife $83,000$.
To his shifiless son,
The enntents of this will only served as a bellows to the jealousy, lust, hat red and ambition that lurked in the coals of the fanily forge. Conseguent by these lernefiesuries elostied and fought It out in the courts. When the law had setiled the dispute the final divaion Wife, 82,000 .

> Her lawyers.
> Her lawyers, 83,000
> Her sister-in-law, 88, 000 .

The lasyers, 80, neo.
iso.

## Edmonton's Generosity

city, Premier Rutherford. Hon. Duncan Marshall, minister of akriculture, Chas Stewart M.P.P. of Killam, E. E. Miehener. M.P.P., of Red Deer, Jas. Bower, of Red Deer. president of the U.F.A. R. J. Pream, of Innisfail, seertary of the U.F.A., editor of the Grain Growers' Guide. T. A. Crerar, of Winnipeg, representative of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association, W. F. Stevens, Alberta Live Stock Commissioner, Riec Sheppard, Stratheona, Dr. Tory, president of the University of Alberts, Giea. Hareourt, deputy minister of agriculture Henry Jamieson, of Red Deer, D. W. Warner, Clover Bay, G. II.
Manser, Lewisville, G. Ball, Stratheona, Manser. Lewisville, G. Ball, Stratheona,
Joshus Fleteher and Capt. Worsnop of Joshus Fle

## The Premier's Advice

Farmers are often to hame that they do not have the representation they are entitled to in the lrgislature," said the Premier. So often they set about to ruin the rareer of one of their number who is called to a position in the government. ecther and submit one the forter ment of their general condition." better
Ilon. Duncan Marshall said that notloinz had happened in Western Canada in recent years that had pleased him quite so muth, as the way the grain men of by their srain company. He sard that when farmers learned to cooperate in that manner they came near to the solution of all the problems that confront them individually and hinder their progress.
That the farmers' wives are the back bone of the country was the statemen macration with their wives was as essential to the farmers' cause as co-operation A great ovation awaited Jas. Bower, for the second time president of the U.F.A. He declared that the farmers are the roots
and all other classes are the branches of society. If the roots did not flouris E. J. Fream, secretary, placed trans

Jimmie gisaled shen the teacher read the story of the man who swam artuas the Tiber three times before breakfast.
"You do not doubt a trained swimmet could do that, do you, James? "Na, sir," anawered Jlimmie: "but 1 and ered back to the side bis elothes and
were
on.


Grati ${ }^{-1 / 1}$ know why editiors call themedres

neirit =igo that the man who doennt ine the for him to thent
portation as the first among the great problems that Alberta farmers are required to solve. There were others such as the labor probletn. He hoped the association woillt establish an active labor bureas and that all government
literature would announre that such literature would announre that such education, he hoped to see the college education, he hoped to see the college
have an advisory committee composed of have an a
Dr. Tory in his address, replied to the suggestion that the University Senate had already made provision for an excultural the views of farmers on agricultural education. He said that the members of the agricultural college soil culture and arricultural sperience in Verture and agricultural science.
Very practical addresses were delivered by the farmers whose names appeared in the list of speakers. Joseph Rye told of the method of co-operation as practised in Denmark. W. F. Stevens gave a valuable talk on the raising of hogs. T. A. Crerar, spoke of co-operation among the grain growers of Soskatehewan
and Manitoba, and Geo, phasized the importance Harcourt emphasized the importance of soil culture
on Alberta farms.

TYPICAL FARMERS' GENEROSITY Farmers generosity was well exemplified in a little incident, which occurred at the Edmonton convention last week. from the executive of by the secretary Women's Christian Association: The let ter pointed out the work which the Young Women's Christian Association was doing for the girls and young women who came Aniendess to the city of Edmonton. wives and waughters wives and daughters to make themof that association. The greeted with enthusiasm, and letter was ous desire enthusian, and a spontane which the Young Women's Christian Association was doing. The hat was passed, and $\$ 58, \div 0$ was contributed towards the cause in about five minutes, and was sent to cheer the ladies of the organization on their mission of friendli-

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## FURS HIDES

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Approved Memorandum to Government
Plans submitted to Provinctal Legislature for the Establishment of Government-Owned Elevators endorsed by Associations

At a special mereting of the Shoal lake asoriation called lost week, the following resolutios was passed: Moved by Willians Short and seronded by John Dandridge: That we approve of the memorial as prosented by the committie of the Manitoba Grain Growers Asociation to the local government, re the system of Govion that they should not recede from the pesition sot taken.

OAK LAKE APPROVES
A largely attended and representative meeting of the Grain Growers' Association of the Oak Lake distriet was held at Oak Lake January ${ }^{19}$. The mertine was addressed by J. G. Moffat, of Souris. The following resolution was offered by Mr. Smith and on motion, seconded by Mr. Montgomery, was unanimously carricel. That we, the farmers of Oak Lake distriet in meeting assemblied, do hereby heartily endorse the action of the Graim Growers expcutive in the demand they
have made on the government for govhave made on the government for gov-
ernment-owned elevators and an inde-ernment-owned elevators and an independent commission. We would also gotiations if the government insiset on taking a referendum hefore complyian with the request.

GLADSTONE'S SUPPORT
meeting got the Glidatone Grain Grosers' Assoriation was held in the Municipal Hall on Jan. 15 to
reports of delezates to Nrandon.
W. I. Chancler gave a detailect report and Messra. J. W. Flanina and J. Thompson also gave addresses. An interesting discussion followed, in which most of thuse present participated. It was the brightest meeting held for quite a while. On mution of J. W. Hanna, seconded by II. MeComb, a resolution was carried as follows: "That in the opinion of
this branch the government should own this branch the government should own and operate a stockyard and abattoir
is Winnipeg, managed by the same in. Winnipeg, managed by the same commissiun that will control the operation of the government elevate indejendent commission.
"Th was also unanimously resolved Tair and this branch heartily endorses the fair and eynitalile memorandum presenter by the directors to the government for
the operation and control of the internal the opiera
elevators.
elevaturs. That loan companies and other lenders of money on real estate security should be compelled to accept their money whenever the borrower is in a money whenever the borrower his tha pusition to pay it, proviled that three
months' notice be given of the intention to pay. Also that the triennial inspection of real estate securities be dispensed with. thereby saving the borrower the $\$ 13$ fee charged for this insp ection." I am pleased to report that we now have a larger membership, than at any time in the seven years' existence of this branch and good prospects of doubling ou'r last year's membership. Gladstone, Man. W. CHANDLER,

APPROVED AT KENVILLE
At the last regular meeting of the
Kenville branch of the Mantoba Grain Kenville branch of the Manteba Grain tions were passed, copies of which I enclose in order to show you that the Grain Growers of this district are taking a more intense interest in association work than ever before.
"Resolved, that in the opinion of this branch of the Manitoha Grain Growers' Association that the interests of the Grain Growers of the Swan Valley district would be better served by the formation of a county executive to be composed of one representative from each branch association in the valley. The arranging districts over which each
asueciation shall work is aecuring erop reperts: providing for speokers to reseh outling points and for the more consentatives.
" Resulved, further, that the executive of the Krnville branch be inatructed to eorrespond with neighboring loranches

W. H. Keglith, Harding, Mas.
with a view to aecuring a eqnvention at some central point during February. 1910. for the purpose of forming such

Resolved, that the executive of the Kenville branch of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association be a committee to prepare a campaign to increase our membership by securing at least m0 per cent. of the farmers resident in the distriet as members of the association."

Expressed Approbation
Resolved, that an expression of thanks is due to the Central Esecutive of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Assoriation

## FROM GILAERT PLAINS

At the regular merting of the Gillert Mains branch held January B, aeveral members speke is lirarty approval of the Iirecturs actions Os motion Parker, the fullowing resolution was earried by standing vole:
"That having earefully conaldered the scheme of fovernment owned elevstors as eutlined is the proposituon submitted to the government by the cowmittee appointed by the Grais Growert convention of Brandon, we believe the plan to be feasuble, and is the best nterrats of the proviaces and it meets our hearty approval.

JOHN R. DUTTON,
See-Treas.
ENDORSED AT SALEM
The Salem branch of the Manitoha Grais Growers' Zasociatios at ite last meetiog adopted a resclution approving of the memorandam preesated to the Manitolis goverament. The members are/looking forasrd to the time when government ownership will be an eatabfished fact.

ALEXANDER SUPPORTS THE COMMITTEE
A telephone mesasge was received from Alexander. Man., that at a meeting. of the Grais Growers' Assoriation there a resolution was unanimously adopted endorsisg, the memorandum presented to the Slanitoba goverament outlining a plan for a system of government owned elevators.

## UNDIVIDED SUPPORT

At a well attended meeting of Miami braneh of the Manitols Grain Growers, the question of government ownership the question of government ownership
of interior elevators and memorandum submitted to government by the executive of the Manitobs Grain Growers, was introduced by F. A. Colling and Wm. Dunn and the following resolution passed unanimously:
"That this association endorse the action taken by the executive in connection with government ownership of elevators:

And, further, we desjre at this particular time to assure our executive of the undivided support of this association

Whtur of the Grais Giresery' Anoriatios. We endorse their drmased for as inde: pendent comminaion. We large the ese cutive to sithirsw frome the segotiations with the government, should they inaiat on submiting a referendur to the prople of Manitoba, as a large propertios of the people are not istervited and will sot be laxed to aupport the asme", The above is copy of motion carried at our meeting today, KILIARNEY APPROVES PRINCI. PLES
The following resolutions wrre passed at a meeting of. the Erais Greater Asooriation at Killarsery, January ig. On motion by Geo. Camplell and D. Finey: "That we approve of the priaciples of interior elevators as laid dewn by our exccutive "-Camied.
On motion by Iloward Irown and Johe Lawresce! "That it is the opiniop of this assoriation that a commisuion should be appoisted ly the Dominion govern: ment to inquire into the smount of shest of different grades received at the terminal elevators aloo the amount of esch gryle shipped out is order to arrive at rggularities sre found to exiat that oup cgularities are found to exist that our have the Deminion government tals charge of the terminal elevators Killarney, Man.
S. M. HAYDEN, See.

## HELD SPECIAL MEETING

Bpringfield branch of the Grain Growers Association held ina extru meeting January 19, and pasard the following rexolutionat Moved by J. M. Pool, aeconded by
George Willerton: "Resolved, that the Springfield braseh of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Associatios endorse the principle of government ownership of ateraal elevators, and also the memorandum to the Manitolsa government." ENTIRE APPROVAL, OF BELMONT At a meeting of the Delmont asooriation held January 20 the followiag Mrsolution was adopted, moved by 5 . MePhail, seronrled by Guy Jenkins: "That the memorandum presented to the Manitobs Grain Growers' Asareciation meels sith our entire approval and ae think it a very business-like and eomthink it a very business-like and com-
prehensive scheme. And, further, we prehensive scheme And, further, we urge the government to enaet the necese
ary legialation at the coming session of parliament to bring the scheme into effect in total." . SELWYN WEBB,
F. A. SELW YN WEBB, * $\theta$ o

ASHVILLE ASSOCIATION BUSY
The Ashville association had a large


Barne and Stock of W. H. English, Harding, Man.
for their able, work during the past year and that we congratulate them on their suceess in securing the support of the Manitoba government to the scheme of government ownership of internal elevators and that this association express their approbation of the pledge as outlined by Central Executive and that we believe said pledge should be used to cover direct legislation. and the securing YERNON LOAT, See.
in their efforts to secure the same, as in their efforts to secure the same, as to the government:"TH, Psesident C. YMPITREY, Piesident GRISWOLD SATISFIED Moved by W. A. Lealie, seconded by A. E. Hill: "Resolved, that we, the Grain Growers of the Griswold subordinate association, do heartily endorse the elevator proposition, submitted to
the provincial government by the exe-
volume of local work to attend to at its last meeting. This included agitating for a stock yard at that point, and securing a night service on the telephone. The report of the Brandon convention was read by the delegates and was received with great interest. There were several briet comments on the various phases of the report, and it met with phases of the report, and it met with aspociation. W, E, KEEFER, See-Tress.
 Festivities at Franklin

Banquet of Grain Growers an Overwhelming Success

## (Neepaza Presu)

Like all sther date\% the thirtesalh Lhke all elter datet, then and with it the banpurt-that grat event in the history maling of our village and commanity. It is wevil known fact that the beolot of doing big things and the Yranklis Grais Growers' banquet was mo exceptions, for, although it was got up os a fairly large ecale, it lacked nuthiag. and pasued of satiofactorily. The house of banquet was tastefully and appropriately decurated, the mense service toasto pithy and elopwent, while the local asociation reerived profuse cos. gratulations frum their diatinguishied
Thit speech-maling got a good start when K. T. Yarquast proposed "Oner as the evidences of great proaperity miele Canads wos givisg to the world by eonatrueting the Grand Trunk Focite the proposils for building the Ottams $\mathrm{M}_{r}$. Faryuhar morarded eharneter Luilding as of equal, if aot greater. impertance the Grain Growers' Aswotiations would see to it that this phase of our progreas
was not overiooked. One contented settlers was werth 800 pacres of immigra: tion litenture and one hoiest mas worth 100 miles of railsay.

Mr. Malcelm's Views
E. H. Maleolm, M.P.P. For Birtle, regrettrd that is the early stages of hail \#ey. developmenty of expedient for the C.J.A. to delegate its ropponsiliditier in the matter of grain storage to sulsidiary
elevator companies for that evurse had led to great abuses and hardship to the
farmers. It was now too late to call upon the railways to do thise abid goverge. merit elevaturs (buth solution of proserit difiteulties It was gratifying to know Manitotas had signifird sillisasoces to undertake this groat work, and efforts sould aow be niade to liave the federal government perform its duty in the in the Manitola legisiature, Mr. Malcolm promised to assist the government in earrying oot the great untiertaking.
of his persunal sympathy with their of hist persunal sympathy mith their
chief sims which he understoved to be the elimination of middlemen as far as possible between the producers and conpurelisse of farm supplies. He warned purehase of farm supplies to keep out of politics.
Perry Brown dilated at some length
At the virturs of womanhourd. on the virtues of womanhoud. At the
conclusion of his eulogium of the fair conclusion of his eulogium of the fair
sex is general, one of them stepped sex in general, ene ormard and presented him with a bouquet In..proposing the toast "Our Legisla-
tors." Jno. herr said the sucetss of all movements fort the betterment of conmovements
ditions slepended on eapatble and honest
legijlators. He commeded organization egsonatortial to success. Only by this means could farmers cambat the en-
croachments of organized ruilways, bankerouchments of organized rnilways, bank-
era, manaffact urers, tradesmen and others. iv. Wisclefle M. P.P. for Minsedoss, pointed out that half the present legis-
laturs of Manitola were farmers, which accounted for the progress of legislation
in their interests. in their interest

## Dr. Roche, M.P., Talks

Dr. Roche, M.P. for Marquette, had come to the banquet to learn and nut spoke fluently of the greatness, the progreess and prospects of Conada; and assur-
ed his hearess that irrespective of politics. the parliament of Canada was desirvus of meeting the wishes of all classes of
people. It was up to those desiring people. It was up to those desiring there was no doubt that justice would bee done them. The trom that part of the proposal
dissent laid before the slanitoba government
by the Grain Growers' executive which
asived for the saming of the comminionert "hich we gorernment should appeint. achnostedyed its power, but romplationd that the daily popers sere too marh gives to lying and too oftes to the injury
of the farmers intervits the farniers' interests.
Hesponding, A. Dualop, of the Neepawa Press pointed out the side divergence of purpoar betwen the eity and country papers. The farmers sad exiated tourch *ith the farmers and existrd by the sappont of and to promote the inthat so many tarmers for the sake of a dullar or a lithe prrjudire held alool from the Grin Groweric Alsociation or the local paper's sulacription list,
vhra their doflar in cither case meant *o much for their own good.
W. Sperking for the profesuions, Rev. W. C. Buat showed that the farmers prodoce men for the highrot places
pa all spheres of life-the minitury. lave and medicine-as well as grain, cattle

Propening the tanat. "Proviacial Grais Growerg Avowistion, daimed eredit ors due the patroas of legilatios of intervening, years partiev-
 Gnis Growern into pristence. Mr, sirett pronosesed himself sruly epposed to the prope shl for soverament efrvators. It was s bis job of

## Secretary MeKenzie's Address

The speech of the evening was that of A . MeKenie, secriary of the provithotanding all advice to krep out pelition the Grain Growers sere right pato politics Lut not party polition How elie could they secure favoralle legialation but by taling part in pelitions? Thrir mistivan was to educat- the pailic. and influence politicians is thrir U-half. And they aere accumplishing sometlaing in that direction. The Grais Growern vere not trying to make or hrrak anybuly, but to get justice for the producern
of this country. Their program *al of this, country. Their program sas elucation, co-uperatiun, legsiation. 3 if Me Kicnaie noted that there were difierent linds of farmers-men who sorked the harms anal med who worki, the farmens. of the latter class who were is partias.


and horses. By its quiet simple life the farm was more favorable for the developfity, with thrir incespant noise and extravagant habits. Atitutions," John Allan, Meeve of Oclanah, poted that in the rural councils the princi ples of the Grain Growers' Asseciations were in operation. There was direct
taxation, direet legislation. and women taxation, direet legislation, and women
enjoyrd the Iranchise. The practise enjoyrd the franehise. The practise
in Oidanah was to have a ratepayers moeting some time provious to nomination day so that the doings of the yea ed for teternining a het oper or pot aftordeil for itetermining abet hier of not rlanges
were desiralle. Odlanaly was in a similar position to Langford-out of delt and muney in the bank. Mr. Allan urged the women to organize for a bettermient their evadition.

## TO SECURE A SAMPLE MARKET

The Grain Growers of Manitoba realize that they are not securing full value for their wheat, throught the present markrting system. The only way by Which the miller can tell the milling value of wheat is by inspeetion of the sample will, to a great extent, eliminate the speculative element in the present marketing system. The only way by which an effective sample market can be provided controlling such a system would be strietly indepiendent and in the office of the Commissiun a sample market would be maintained. Farmers having their wheat special binned in government elevators in the country would have samples
of their wheat exposed on the sample market in Winniper. The millers would of their wheat exposed on the sample market in Winnipeg. The millers would
be able to tell at unce the milling value of the wheat. Government ownership be able to tell at unce the miling value of the wheat. Government ownership
would insure the identity of farmers' grain being preserved and the grain being would insure the identity of farmers' grain being preserved and the grain being
handled exelusively by the government officials would be protection for the handled exeluxively hy the government ufficials would be protection for the
miller who purchased on sample. The millers and the fatmers would both benefit miller who purchased on sample. The milers and the farmers woult is onth
from the sample market. The only way to solve the dificulty is to have the elevators of the province owned by the province and operated by an independent commission. This is what the organized Grain Growers are asking of the governCommittee. Every local branch association should pass a resolution endorsing the action of the Brandon convention and thus strengthening the hands of thrir directors. The farmers must look to their own interests and see that they are the Grain Growers, but the Grain Growers must show that they are united Pass resolutions at your local branches and send them in to R. Me Kenzie, Gen eral Secretary, Manitoba Grain Growers' Association.
ment and in partizan politics. The natural instinct of the man who bought from the farmer was to buy for the lowest pessille price, and these who suld to prise. Ilence farmiers were ofkanized to combat both-to get the must they could for what they produred, and to
get as cheaply as possilte what they had get as cheaply as possilite what they had to purchase. It wis right nid proper
that they shumld organize for this purpose. as all ofther interrats organized for their special benefit. The Grain firasers Poticy was not wholly solfish, however, If the farmers adiced inorrearh depenilent on the success of the farrier reaped some benefit. Hence the proposal for povernment clevators was not dlass leckislation. It was for the general gom. It wouse
bring producer and consumer doser together and olliterate middlemen.

Ansociation.

## Fuetuatlons of Wheat

No commonlity fluetusted is price much as shrat: yei no cummodiny frequent furtuationg, vere dur to meno ply and mativelation, and it oas is The intervis of the producer and cossumet olike to break tho poser of these comebinations. Mr. MeKenaie then noted that is Jumr, Nirn the produrers had the highost prices os the Liverpod Barkets, lecause of its intrinaic value. But in Septrmikr, Octaber and Navember Elike the promburera surf farced by varimas Circumatances ta wli, stanituba Eheat was tir likest. Why wes this? It wes bectuse of a digantir motopuly is the purchane and expert of Maniteta whirat, such an did not esigt elernhiver: these munopelies, buyers and exporters, countruling all the storage farilitirs bet seen the farm and the zulli's gratest mariet. Peogle were that by the bring daily papers ofiech got thrir cue from the men in the grain Combine that heavy shipments from Hania had eaused a derline of prices nut?- tursian whicat hase commanded nut-Husian mheat has commanded foo the past four montho. The fact is that the depression of Manitola price: was brought alout by the Wianipe! combination that contracted in jume last, while Manitoba sheat was serth gi. is in Liverpoul, to deliver nillions
of bushels of it io Aoven Ler at 81.28. To do so at a larfe profit to themselves they hammered Manitoba farmers' prier down as low as ot cents. This rubbery
was facilitated by the insistent cefleeting was facilitated by the insistent colleeting
ageneies of the varied interests sllied agencies of the varied
with the grain buyers.

Benefits of Government Ownership With government elevators (interior and terminal) this deprosion of pricer
could not be worked breause it would could sot be worked breause it mould
thra be posille for evmparativily free then be posilide for evmparativily free
trade in whrat. The Grain Growers tracke in shrat. The Grain Growers
Grain Company could export in ship Grain company could export in slipp londs and self the unmesed proviuct
of Manitoba farmers on the spot cash market for what it was worth as foov every month of the year. Mrat. Ne goven mient did aut take over or cunstruet Gruin Company would have to biave une of their onn at Yort William, as it sas aow a certainty that the C.P.B. elevator
could not tie leased. Legislation had undoultedly helped the far niers to soure eatent, but the crowning triumph of niarketing movement. The extension of this enterprise to such dimensivas, that neither the $\mathrm{O}_{\text {gilties }}$ nur Lake of the Wouds, nor the l'attens nur Irevery' could hamper them, would prove the emancipation of the Girain Growers mestern Canada from the oppressivn tors would give the farners complerative grain marketinz company a elear track, and it was the duty of every farmer to work and vote for the farrying vut of that policy. Mr. Mecheazie tleclared so emilienty fair and just movenuent was so eminently fair and just and the present no fair man who inderstoppresive that hrsitate a mement atreut giving the besitate a moment abrout giving his It was not right that the buyer of grain should control the arishing and storake of the Grain Growers' executive of the priviliege of naming the commissiun that nent elevators. The ehief offections to the policy of government elevators was the probminity of its lecoming a
gigantic pulitical machine. This obection was removed by the suggested method of appunting the commission. Yet not so radiral as some people argued. were appointed by the federal governument on recommendation of the Muntreal Grain Growers. Assuciation was not the asme dictaturs of any political party to mrans of government elevaturs and special biuning privileges that a sample market
could be surcessfully worked in Winnipeg: could be surcessfully worked in Winnipeg; great boun to the Grain Growers.
Mr. Me kenzie resumed his seat anid portant epoch-making event passed into

Through every step in farm operations EATON Goods keep pace with the Grain Grower, and EATON Prices enable him to reduce the cost of production.

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## nonce to conarspondents <br> 

THE BUGBEAR OF sOCIALISM
Elitor, Gevos:-In your lisue of Sederwiek. Alts, contributes a letter. which contains some excellent remark: on eo-operation. It seems such a pity that a man of intelligence and sy mpathy
like your correspondent should display like your correspondent should display a pet prejudice, without explanation or
apelogy, as he has done in a eertais parseraph of hes othervise sidminsble letter. Ife says "I get the impresion slong Socialistie lines for the interreto of the farmers in bope this is sot 50 . and that you will eopefine the paper to the eo-perative ides, which ${ }^{\text {in }}$, rally
the secret of all the big suecesues in the vorld today.
Now, Iam an ordisary ignorant person, sho eannot kee any difference in princigle bet ween Socialism and ro-operation. Co operation, which is the wecfet of big suceess, appears to me to be only an ineipient voluntary Socialism. In other oords, when co-operation becomes general and the co-operating majority decree that, scrambling, commercial, competition must scranabling, commercial, competition must bull-scaring Socialism, which will not from its having been under the caep phonous name of eo-operatlon, when in ts transition stage, lack anything of the monatrosities aseribed to it by the quasi-sage councillors of mankind. The question arises: Should TiFE Getos remain in the haxy plane of obscuratism, doling out mornels of truth in the terms of our ignorance, or should it proclaim the eternal verities in the
concise language of clarified thought and concise language,
with pure loge?
Another phase of the question is: Should the producers of agricultural wealth let a stibboleth mar the development of the solddarity of habor socialism is the only solution of the areat problem of poverty and riches, and organized Socalism does not advocate the abolition
of peasant proprietorship, so it is the of pearant duty of Ths Grais Growse Gerbe and $\bar{F}$. of $\mathrm{L}_{\text {. }}$ to identify iteelf with the idenis of the awakenit It is also the duty of men like Mr. Sparrow, leaders in their own hittle sphere to cast petty prejudice aside and realize the responsibility of their position. True, their antipathies cannot stem the oncoming tide of progressive thought, but they retard its action.
It is to be hoped that Tris Getps
will not turn blind. We have surpeit will not turn blind. We have a surfeit of blind guides.

JoHn Campbell.
Llogdminster, Alta.
INote--Ilere is another reader who deals with a complex subject. Educational work is needed, and our correspondent \#ho disagree with him. Let the campaign of the west must not lose sight of the vital of the west must not lose sight of the vital
problems that are near at hand, and in problems that are near at hand, and in
need of solution. Our readers are not $a$ unit on the views expressed in this letter, but they are one in the determination to correct the present marketing systems and to secure fair treatment for
the producer.- Editor.

## ON FARMERS' PROTECTION

Editor, Guide:--In your issue of January the Sth Mr. Copeland calls attention to a fact that should cause others, who have the wellare of the Grain Growers' Association at heart, to pause and conWolves in the guise of sheeps' clothing
have caused many vell meant efforts to go satray. What folly is it to allow moetings and delates if that kno vedpe is aned for your destruction? Do the elevator or manufacturing interests allow, an eutaider to attend their meetinger? Thould asy not. Thes why allow others thas farmers to become members? It it time for such foolishases to stop. allais our present poxition, and do not allow anything that is likely to isjure our association's future usefulaess to ereep in.
The report of the stoek shipper's meeting is another case in point. Last year the shippers solemnly declared that by per would be sold.led and watered-and per would bers." Have they kept to that amperment? The cattle and plf, are still bing sold in the good ofd way.
posubly becuse there is less troulite posabreving them when the beasts are atarved empty. Who is to blame? One of the ehief causes is a certain prominent member, a paid official of to the merting of the shippers, will do his rery beet to counterat their effotts
behind their hacks if tie did not do behind their hacks. If fie dhd not do by another. The railway company would stand for nothing else. Remember the arguinents he usel in Ottiwa last winter aguint the interests of the Alberta ranchers. Is it not folly to allow such people arcess to your plans before you landss letter over again and see if he is not tight. OLIVER KING.
Wawanesa, Man.
OLIVER KING.

## SERVANTS AND MASTERS

Editor, Gerps:- 1 have just become a subscriber to your paper, first one to hand. put it mildly. You certainly it is to put it to mildy. You certainly are not farmer. I think there is no doubt that in a great measure eredit is due THE Guing for bringing the question of govern-ment-owned elevators to almost a surety. and scaring the life out of the bogey "constitutional difficultics.
The "willingness" of the government to come to time, when it couldn't help itself, is only a proof of what the farmers
can do by united effort. If the workingcan do by united effort. If the working:
man and tarmer would only realize that
their interests are identical and their interests are identical and work together, it would not be long before we could change the color of things in this country, as far as.politics are concerned, and praying for our rights as we knees and praying for our rights as we have
to do now, and with no likelihond of getting anything except what the govern-
ment like to band out. We could make them realize that they-the governmentare the servants, and not the masters,
and would, of course, have to legislate as the people directed.
I notice a letter by Mr. Mabee in which he blames your paper for not being more
radical in its views: He complains that The Guide is not advocating anything to help the farm laborer or one who works for wages. While in a sense that may be true, still we all know that when the all over, by better conddtions generally ail over, by better condtions generally
and better wages. In fact, there are "good times."
Then I think that we should not lose sight of the fact that government ownerright direction, and we should help along
the good work with all our might to the end that suitimately we vill see alded to the list of publicly-owaed enterprius: nill=ays, telegrajhas coat milmes, and al publie utilities

CHAS TOWER.
Iagelow, Man

## THE BETTER PLAN

The following letter lias bees sest by the Grais Growery' Grais Co. For publication is the Gulde.
Gentlemen:- 10 erference to my ear of wheat, No, soost, shipped from Clarse. hotmi I wiath to say that I reevivel a grade better than I was offered here.
and ales ten (10) eents more per buishel and ales ten (10) eents more per buahiel car more than I could grt by selling to mend you company to any of my brother farmers. Wishing you eviry sucess.

## Claresholini, Alta.

## NON-PARTISAN FARMERS

Editor, Getbs:-1 think every senaible person will agre with "New heporter There he says in your inueg, January 3 Grais Grawers' organired on polition matters and eduested to tale their rieht place by having their own representative in rural diatricts.
Why? Pecause our financial poaitionand thus our ceneral wellare as a clase very eliiefly depenils upon our political actions. If we anite our votes we ean have our just rights. If we divide them we fall, hence the politiral mudalie Mudille" The thirf need of the formen Muddle. The chief need of the farmens is that thry be edurated and organiers. into Non-Partisanahip in their politics: moot part of liberals and conservatives. We should all be thdependents instead of virulent partisans. Hence the peliticel muddle. Heser the party fournals that now exist for the sperfice purpour of exciting partisanship of the worst kind. May common sense hasten the day *hen non-partisanslip in political affairs sill take the place of present campaiga bigotry.
Some of us farmers and $n$ few journals anve worked many years for this end, and for a long while it sremed, almost
without any encouragement of any kind, without any encouragement of any kind,
but it does seem to me that farmers and others are fast losinig their politieal bigotry, and that the time is at hand that liberal and conservative "bossism," demanding its partisan pledges of its candidates to stand in with its leaders (who stand in with the privileged monopolists) will find themselves up against the Grain Growers' vote. Yes, farmers are begianing to see that partisanship ahove good and clean government. The great majority of farmers
are fairly deevnt citizens and would not be guilty of taking a bribe, or looking for a political promise of some future
luerative jobs they would in warilly deslucrative job: they would inwarilly des-
pise and vote against the candidate whose pise and vote against the candidate whose II, instead of
Il, instead of us having goveraments run by the political machines, if farmers who have been hitherto held up by the
machine and elique bosses, will fully machine and evique bosses, will lully candidates who are true patriots, daring to stand for the common good, it is plain to be seen that the results from such a government would return to every bonest toiler and producer a hundrellfold more benefits than the paltry jub, bribe or petty office in which benefit, not only citizen would like wise equal Now, we farmers have before seeding starts, more time to think than during
the busy summer and autumn. Will all my readers put down their thoughts on Trie Guide what they intend to do next polling time? Don't write your thoughts of the entire tomm onty for the good out with entive decliberation; then write and say "I have come to the conclusion FREDERICK KIRKHAM.

## Saitcoats, Sask. $\dagger$

OPPOSES CANADIAN NAVY has been, said and written about a Canadian Navy it seems to me that the farmers will fall-are not being asked for their
opinion of this Naval polieg, I do not think that any of the promet premiers of who do the astion's thisking (unasied) "ho do the nation's thinkinter (o) build waft erected oa a pirdige either to buips of eontribute towards the batile ships or contrisute tibueard battie oulip of eves os rowbinat to the mother sountry. I believe that all this asval heol has sprune up dund-likr is a very. very short time. Ido not believe that Canadian people have erested this suodden demand for a Canadian navy. Now lei wis look a little into the weird mysteries of past naval prestiges. Great Giftain han a pipantic navy corting the people milliuns of dollars earbl year. What do the people they ert the privilege of reading is the big dailies in glaring liradlines that "Dread nought mo-and-s0 can, with one of ber turnt runs, fire a projectile weighing Now my farmier friends, let me auk you to read beteren the lines. This is shat yeun will sere, samely, that it takes about 1,500 pounds of powder to diacharge ene of these big ruas. You are tased to pay for this powder, my triend. Then spain, your sons'are called upon to mas these huge instruments of pillage and murder. Now, my farmer friends, the only
thing a tatitrabip ean do is murder, and this a thatirship can do is mardec, anot this murder in nine cases out of ten is not
only murder but mutilation as well. Let only murider but mutilation as well, Le me ask you to take a sober second thought thes see if you whi lend your aid to thie sebeme of murder, mutilation and deatruction of property whiek our representative at Ottaws are trying to fotre upon us.
No , so, my farmer friends, frown it doms, disermay in every say. It is aminal discourage it in every way. It is againg! our best intrrests it is opposird to ${ }^{2}$ ood ship, it is a clog on the wheelo of Christian ship, it is a clog on the wherls of Christian progress. it as sirect by indiviaualiatie pelishie opinion. This navy they are purcing upon us, stamp it out, AHERN.
II. G. AHERN. Claresholm, Alta.
ANOTHER MISSIONARY WON OVER Elitor, Getise:-Please find enclosed 81.00 for Griss Gmownes Getbr. has interested me very much. I think the Grain 'Growers' Grain Company is s great thing and mill snon be virtorious have nut shipped any grain through it but expert to next year., when I intend also to join the association. There are many others around here who intend joining another year. Wishing Tus Genlimited success, and sith thanks for sample copies.

## Grayson, Sask.

THOMAS RIDLEY.

MR. CURRAN'S LOGIC
Editor, Gelos:-1 read with interest an article by Mr. F. J. Colljer, in your issur of danuary sth, andi, while agreeing pressel. I take exception to his proposition contained in the suncluding paragraph, aamely:- to provide storage and shipping fackites for our own grain.
Now, I canot see why we should not ank the Government to supply such storage and shipping facilities, and for these reasons:-1s not the farming elass the greatest wralit producer of this province,
country?
Dors not the sucters, of every line of trade and busincss, profession and matuffacturing depend upon the sucess of the farming class? Is not the agricultural class the fundsThe mhy should we not ask the Govert ment to give us something that we believe will better our condition, and indireetly, the condition of every other avenue of trade and society?
That was a beautiful idea of co-opera tion, but I doubt its feasibility. To be include all the units which are interested thereby. If every man who grows and markets grain, had as broad and libera a mind as 1 believe Mr. Collyer possessets
then the ridea of cp-operation in this respect would assuine huge proportions.
per cent of the farmenty-ive or thirty in a position tharmers put themselves in a position of possible sacrifice, for the hundred, when at the present time
hrough the lack of interest or seglect. rad is thrir duller per yrar to make our Asociatios evre more of somer power poed thas it is at the preient t poen Emerion, Man.

## HIS EYES ARE OPENED

Editor, Geras:-1 hail the weekly haue of your paper as as oasis is the desert. Iam ene of the million who have come into the country during the pat decade and the Goveranest has hoasted about mes: at least they have boasted that they indured me to come here. At that poiat their boasting comes to a very suddes cuaclunion.
1 got one piece of solid consolation somie time ago whes I weet to a local picnic The primipaispeaker wasour hower- Bu.P. farmers presest by telliag them that if Garmers present by telling them that if they could aot get money to pay their your unest ned liactement." said he. it you were sitting is your easy chairs from one year's end to the other you would to making money. A voice fron the erowd sugsested that if we were represented at Ottawa by farmers things would be betier. I naycalled on to the platformat the close of the meeting, suspected of being thr cause of the interruption. 'What's a good 'Gedt' like you, Blain, kieking over the traces fort" It did me good to have the pleasure of telling him that the conditions under which 1 was compelled to ive were unfitted for a free man.
I said to him, Your government must have population is the country. Why not bring in more people from Southern and What you are looking for., you will find What you are looking for hope is the country. Here is the 8 sas hope in the country. Here in the Swan
Hiver Valley we have soil second to none. Hiver valley we have soil second to none.
The trouble is that the vampires have The trouble is that the vampires have Beea suckiaf our blood or ten long years. the enemy will vanish. Thanks to our united efforts we can today raise the cry of Robert the Bruce at the battle of Bannockburn. "On them, on them, they fail." When I interviewed the mighty man on the platfor io I knew something was wronk, but did aot fully understand where the trouble lay. Since becoming a subscriter to Tne Gutis my eyes are opened.
This system of accepting nomincer of the party machine has simply got to be papped of our troubles. part of our troables
What a glorious heritage this country *ill be when the enemy is cast into the wounds that he has made with his the wounds that he has made with h D. BLAIN. Minitonss, Man.

TIME FOR THOUGHT
The following letter by Rice Sheppard, Vire-President of the Lnited Farners of Allierta, appeared in the Edmonton Builetin on Dec. 30, 1009: Sir, - An article under the above heading (Government Elevators) that i enough to make one feel very sick, just at Christmas time, prevents me, though It is late, going to bed until hiave answe edit: and one is the more sick to feel thal such an aricle, so uter Liberal paper, sould be found in a good Liberal paper, Now, sir, I must say that it is a disgrace to our province to print such stuff. ments before the public and the outside arrld, in respect to the profluctivenes of Alberta; that we can raise the liest of wheat and oats, barley, ete., and Biesides have an ideal province for mixed farming. You in your article, for the purpose protecting a governmest sho do not want. to do what the producers have asked them to do, state that unless se follow the mixed farming our land will soon be useless, and then fou say worse, by stating that should the Aberta governmer ling elevatur we shuold neglect the feeding of stock and ill the elevators with grain of port quality, to be sold abroad as Alverta grain, and so lower the credit of our graia credit of our province so much as will the fact that our papers and some other interested parties are putting up such storics as appear from time to time on such important matters as the elevator question, just to poison the minds of suck that do not investigate and think for
themselves. Do wo not boast of having
twenty million seres of land that ean be farmed, and that as yet only ahout one miltion is under cultivation? Have se not esough ibrs, to grow both grain and ateck, and to do, a large export buainess world that we cas produce the beat wheat and eats? Have we not takes the highast awards for both ot the worldig ex positionat What about our cats at Paris positiona? What about our eats at Paris not our winter whest take the top price Bot our winter whrat take the top price the sakr of protecting the elevator faterests oho. is the past, have made our graia growing unprofitable, and kept many of ear farmen almost in peverty, and aloe for the purpose of protecting surh as want to be our masters who really are our servants, you set about dishing up such ofuff on the elevator queation. I ayy ve bave got to have public essed elevators We fore the farmers will have any confidence. We have been roblied in the past, and enee litten twiee shy. As to the cost of fovernment elevators, you serni to know Did the farmers vart of the proposition. Did the farmers ever propose that the Government should pay the coat? Ne, they did not. We have always had to
pay the cost, twice over, is dockage Any the cost, twice over. is dockage. is to pay the whole of the cost just once. by paying all cost of handling and storage. and an save what in the past has biect stules from us?. And what sould be the result. Why, we should as farmers be ahle to sulserribe for a daily paper and pay eash for our implements, hay a lot more comfurts far the family, build bouses instead of shacks, house our cattle is liarms worthy of Alberta, instead of bosating that they live under a straw stack all wiater; undertake to supply the university with hoys and girls and alan the mpricultural coilegr. provide the
country with M.P.'s and M.P.P.'s as well. country with M.P.s and M.P.P.s as well. had got the opiniun of s sureresfat farmet had got matter of elevatons and he though on the matter of elevators, and he thought bias sould have s tendency to lead some wrak-kneed farmers out of the stock business, Do you listen to the opinuen of one farmer rather than to the opinion of a farmers' assuciation 5,000 strons? Is there any weight in numbers or not? Should the many be protected or a privileged few? Now, what I want you to get into your hrad is thiss that if the government undertakes to build what we
is an asuoriation asked for, a reasonable amount of storame, througheut the province. we as farmers will stand by our promise and pay all the cost oif of the grain that is fanafted. Our grain has always had to pay the cost, and we expect it still to do so. We are not beggars, we are trying to improve conditions for the province at larke, annot see shy the papers and merchants are not with us in this matter. The only reason can be that they have not only reason can the that Proper thought. Plese perilon me, but do think. Thanking you for
space, I am, yours truly,
RICE SHEPPARD.

A STAUNCH SUPPORTER
Editor, Guide:-Fnclosed please find si renewal subseription to your valuable paper. I regret not having sent it in sooner. I admire the stand you have and I malider that you have combine, lead in thider tyat you move takea the the farmers of this country. The Grain Groners'Gruin Co and tle Grain Groners Gcides have done a puble ark feel it is my duty as well as the duty of every farmer to stand by them to the end. Their reward is in sight. Wishing you a prosperous New Year, HORAN
Nutana, Sask.
J. A. HORAN.

UNLIMITED CONFIDENCE
Editor, Guide:- Please find enclosed 81.00 , my renewal for another year for much pleased with it and intend to stay with it.
I am no prophet, but venture to predict for it a greater future than any farm paper in Canada.
Iam gratified to find that you are well able to take care of yourself in the controversial arena.

I am yours for the right.
CHAS. LONGMA Deloraine, Man.

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## 

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FORMING A FIGHTING SqUARE Khiter, Gribs:-OMer menth wee there
 o brasel of the Graie Grosers Asweis: tion, and already se have a lare nember of mermbers. The formers is this distriet sre becoming aetive ased have jeised forces to 6ipht the elevator combine. A great number of earn of ohest over shipped to the Grais Grozerblervise compasy, hy the farmert eftaierily dunss this wana, have shipped af graia to onat ampal satiofed with the results i stavined from them.
A. L. ISAAC.

Aberdees, Sank.
SHORT AND SINCERE
Elitor, Gutas:-I think your paper is the best se ert. It is a aplendid pullice:-
tion for the farmer. Wiahing you every tion for thr farmer. Wialing yous every sureesy sith your paper for this bright New Yess.

JOHN HILL
Tyvan, Saak.

## PIONEERS

Editor. Gutes:-1 have bees a subaeriber to your valuable paper searly seriber to your valuable paper geariy of exprowing my appreciation of, and thanks for, the good work you are doing on behalf of the farmers in this western comatry.
This Geras comes into our homes as one of us. It is a pioneer as se are. It takes a position that all the other farm papers seem to me to have studiously avolded, namely, the marketing end of our business, and looks at it through the farmers' eyes or from his standpoint. The alogen of the farm paper has beea "produce, producs", and then the erop reperts of the year have been gathered in with the-astounding totals, the editors have congratulated whem aell in educating the formers to produce such enormous the far And they have done vell; but they have lef sell enough alone, now comes Tus Getos and does better.
Someone has suid: "That a thin sell reised is half sold," but how often we have experienced the greatest difficulty in doing the other half of the selling. in doing the other half of the selling. The farmer is to blame a good deal for this As a rule, he does not concern of his produce: he has been too willing of his produce: he has been too willing of his business, with the result that the of his business, with the result that the mituation. There may have been a time when it was neressary to have someone gather up the prodution of our farms and put them on the market; but the very conditions that have made the middleman's busineses so profitable, such $s s$ increased production, increased facilities for marketing, are the best of reasons why we should take over this business ourgclves: What! Take his living-awny Trom him? No. There is still some wood to be sawn and a few other odd chores to do around the place.
He ored not atarve if he wants to sorks but I object to paying anythere tork; but I object to paying anywhere from
30 to 50 per cent. for his servies in ${ }^{20}$ to 50 per cent. for his services in handling my products.
ditions? ${ }^{\text {are }}$ (ope going to alter these conditions? Co-operate. Have you got an few hundred bushels of grain to sell?
You are not the only one: find the other You are not the only one; find the other to sell. If it is enough to fill a car, you two can go to the other neighbors and get them to haul a load or two for you. In this way you can help yourselves and the whole community. Don't be afraid of having to haul a mile or two farther for the neighbors. We are not working by the hour at this game, but for the good, sound principle that will pay us the very best dividends. Our assoriation has put this principle into practice in the past year to the entire satisfaction of those who have joined hands together.

GEORGE PENSOM,
Lloydminater, Seal wood Farmers A Lloydminster, Sask

WEIGH YOUR GRAIN
Editor. Guids:-The elevator men at this point are all in the fight to keep the grain from the Grain Growers Grain Co. They cut the ratesfor loading grain, if you will allow them to ship. snd the commission is-well just out of
vight. 1 had a car plared es the alilias Afow davasa, the platform sas full ased tows to laed las. 1 enuld not load from the growad, therefore 1 was comperied to loose my car or eloe load through as bevadred buabels of faxis and the balanere of the car of aats. Their terme to to me were
 Ye. as Aser for losding if it wold throueb them but 11, if. if slipped it myseli, them and $1 / 4 \mathrm{e}$. if I shipped them.
How is it that it cost more to haselle erais that is to be shipped by the farmer thas it does if shipped by the elovator company? A few daysago I met a former putting flas into tose of the elevators and had weighed each load the elevator mas weighed. It tallied about right sutil the laat losed, but, behold when he got his ticket from the town acales, there was a difference of seven bushels, of about that. So said my friend, thoubt that a little too thick and took thoupht that a little too thick and took
the tiket to him and be gave me another The ticket to him and be gave me another
ticket for dight dollars and twenty-five ticket for elabhi ceats (85.83)."
Now I could aot asy that this was anything but sedidental. Aecidents *ill occur is the best of regulated ( $M$ ) elevatons. Farmers ase the town scales, not because the elevator friends wish to "do you" but just because aceidents *ill happen and it is well to be on the anfe side. Beware of the secidental difference.

RUBEN R. TEGART
Roulean, Sark.

## * *

## APPRECIATION

Editor, Getbs:-Please find encloned 81.00 subecription to Tus Geipe for 1910. It is one of the best papers for the farmers the morking of the grain buyens and the Exchange in one year than we could have learned any other way.
W. W. SHIRLEY.

Swan Lake, Man

WOULD NOT MISS A COPY Editor, Grtez:-Find one dollar enclosed for renewal af subscription to Tas Gasta Gowkas Guibe, for in its columns we read the news and market reports which can be relied upon. Thank you for continuing the mailing of the paper. though my subseription had run out. I would not like to miss one copy of it.
Totonka, Man.
E. B. BULLOCK.

KEEPING POSTED
Editor, Getioe:-Please find enclosed 81.00 for renewal of subscription to Tis Guide for the year 1910. 1, prise it to much, owing to being able to get posted on the main topics of the day in such a small space.

NOAH CHANT.
MaeGregor, Man.

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The oldest Insurance Office in the world TOUnDED A.D. 1710 BI-CENTENARY 1910 Home Office, London, England
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## WNORONORONONONON Sunshine Guild

SUNSHINE HEADQUARTERS： sot Bus Aceord Mlluek，Wianipeg．
To every care heolouded life．
Some ray of litr impart．
And touch yeur lips sith gladness． Ia the morning．
SUNSHINE is winning
Dear Yriendes－As my space is limited this wrok，I will confine my talk to terling you alout hradquarters and loave hues． aes for asether seek．The bre Nun－ ahise headquarters whirh ae have just arquired oill prove a blosing to many lnarly lirarta．Every day fersh eans of distroa are coming to hand and all so pitiful that our hraris aribr to help thene at unce．We have dreilind that in order to do this，or muat nenil out cmererney frum this surre tecome ententet frumb this suarce becumer exhasered，se vill kerp replenishing them，so that ao call for heip may go unatiended，We had on Thuraday evruing at at hich the sork wos discuesed is its varinus phame Wr have arranged a svatros of relay by which the lacties will take turnas of two hours earh is being in attendance at the office．Headquarters are new opea each day from $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{mm}$ ．till g． 30 p p．m， and arr proving a havra of rrat for gits sithout a howe．At the same time it enables theras to cultivate the spirit of kiedsess by working，for bthers．We have always plenty of garments in the making：fetters to be answered；books to be packel，and visits to ter paid to our siek and lonely ones．The Sunchine Movement has spresd to all parts of the west and the mail is simply apalling． Although two asistant seeretarie；have kindly given their asaistance since．Derm．
bet 80,1 am still $t w a$ hunded letter： bet 20,1 am still two hunderd letiers bebind．We have leen gratefol indeed
for the pilca of groot dieet vent tooth trom for the pilcs of grool chest sent footh from town and country rraders，and I am sure hundiectls have been made happy by hundievis have been made happy by Sunshine work has been indeed brantiful and will draw us eloser in the loving bond of fellowship．

## Sowing Kindness

I will give you an idea of how the work
condurted．One lady will come in is condurter．One tady will come in of goer a bunille of mail．Another：will come is with two sets of milk tickets： onmeone will bring flaanellettr and othet material to br made into elothing．One firm sent in fifity－two and one－hali yards of fannerliette，and a half dozen ladies are now busy making up this matrrial into small narminats for our maternity boys：Our ladies who visit the siek
come in to repurt and farnish a list of what is nevecsary for rach particular case．We at once set the wherls in motion to obtain the necrssary help．One prour wuman and ber two children wanted a home and came to the lieailquarters on
a Saturday：by Turslay she and ber a Saturday；by－Turslay she and her
two little on－r were placmin a goond home． two litile on－s were placrid in a gooid home． inere is another wuman who neevis skirt hadly：akain，there is a cail for evmfurts for as crippted childs，a blind giri is brought in next：and so the day
gurs on．We are planning to give a gurs on．We are planning to give a
cuncert in the near future whin we expeet to procure sufficient funds to help． us with the spring aork．
Ou a previous oecrasion I have told you of Mr．England．This puor fellow was hoperessly erippled for three years，and Was about to go to the llome for in－ curabies，whrn we heard there was a
fighting chance，and so collerted envugh to send him for a tume to The Harrison Hot springs．Now be has artually gained s pounds and will，the doetor thinks，make rapid improvement．Now more fuants are uecessary to thelp this pour feilow，and if each reader would unly send a small a mount or send for a cul－ lection card，to make up a donation among friends，we would soon have enough to keep this mas at the springs for a bittle time longer．He has a wile and two batires，and at the present time hus wife is gring vut to work daily．The sunstine and other mecessities．

We are desirpos of forming Sunshine Socerti．$s$ in all three of the westers prov． lacrs and sould like to have the co operstiod of sill readros．A letter ad operantion to The Sundina Allesileuarters vill briag full information．

MARIE＂

## AT SCHOOL

1 like to alt in arhool and look
At all the pirls 1 know．
Whes every head ahove a book
They bere to nury low．
Thry sre so mumh sliks，you see．
For sumer have cyes of brown．like me，
And zome have eyer of Mue．
When we＇re sdmiring Margurrits． Whose braids are longe and fine． Slop says she thinks that eurlo are sweet． Hat Jouphthe sail If mine． straight hair is lovetiep：
Anst louk at Marguerite and grieve We are not more like lier． And some have shiny flaven hair： Andl othern brown or Mack：
Some wrar it short snd others wear
Two pixtails down thr lask． And maime have bows of nibbon gay． But every girl likes test the But every girf hkes lest the＊iy
Juat think，if all the little girls Then all，wishing，clange therir state． Then all the pigtails wuuld be curls And all the curls be straight． And I should look like Marguerite， And Marguerite like me． And every day at sechool we＇d meet－ How fanny it would bet st Nicholas．

## ＊$\%$

WANTED FOR SUNSHINE
Clothing of every deweription for men women and ehildren：beds bedding and blanketsi sherts and pillow caues：mas． （vrial for making garments；provisions，

WHERE TO SEND SUNSHINE
Mrs．Enclanil，304 Harbison Ave． Elmwood，Winnipeg．
Frank Snares， 34 Mrantford St．，St． James，Winniper－Monks and postearls Mrs，Buso，4et Miegrins Ave．（both hushand and wife tulureular cases）．－Eggs
Mellies，chresens，MeGure， 71 Ste．Stella Ave．（husband
Mren anderwent operation；wife and three sunall children left destitute）．－Send ma－ terial Sunstine．

## HIS PLAYM．ATE

If evr $t$ ask vister Liz to ramp and play with me．
 bpe ant hye－ril wer：
$r m$ trying for a prive at school－$r$ m almoat sure to win it－
Im wery sorry，Bobby，but I hasen＇t pot
And if Italk to father when＇he comes home ask him if he thinks my model engines suddenly pets anful bored，and says it reeme a pity
He eun＇t be left in prace，when he＇e been corking in the eity！
Bul if I po to
She play．
She docrn＇t reem to find that Im the leant
She＇s neter flurried，tired or cross，like dad
$A n^{\prime}$ and set she gher liasie a lot more done－she＇s aluaye a uffal buey．
She waikes，makes and mends the clother； the duste the rooms and cooks：
She pets things nice for daddge and helps their suith het books，
An＇thengh she＇s pot all this to do，she＇s
For nezery cecons or of the dappy
some one happy．


## PAGE WHITE FENCES

 Lesost wices and bisk．

R．LANGTRY
137 Baneatroe it．E．Wmexpec
fence and cates in stock

## HIDES AND RAW FURS

Our relums to shippen are the WAlte Fion Make us a trial abipment and beat advertisements we bave become a permanent customer The Lightcap Hide and Fur Co．，Ltd． WINNIPEG M然发筑 MANITOBA

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## 

## Woman's Sphere in Life and Labor

## :: : The Quest for Ideas :: :

A Bevy of Opinions from a V.vacious Correrpordent

Rditur, Woman's Sphere:- Your letter under the hesaling "Which whall it be," is the Grain Growers' Guzas of Devemlet 99 ahould meet sith a response frome every goman is the sest. You say that "so for, ouly three er four somen have in-
diested that they ever sav the Jiuman's dicated that they ever saw the What aheut the men? Do not Page." What alout the mea? be discouraged, se are it alright and so do the men. Does it ever strike you the story pares and the ehildren's pagra the story papre and the chidresi pead by the mes and boys, as well as by the women and girls, and that the "solid" reading in the rest of the paper is perused by the somen just the same as it is by the men? Not only that, bet the whole family and the strantro sithin the gates, look eagerly for, study the mean ing of, and laugh heartily, singly and is chorus aver the cartoons. TiEk Gcibs'a cartoons are the beat yet, Even the farm somen cas see the point.
whole farm paper is for the farm soman whole farm paper is for the farm soman. and if she is not interested in any Womas's. Pagt therefos apperthisglacking shall I say in the soman? We all agree that there are parts of tarm life and literature that appeal more to as thas to the average farther, namely, that which pertains to our apecial line of sork in home making but as a rule you can not matter. Should we discuss the topic you suggest and they are all perfectly proper topics, you will had they are quite as interesting to the men as they are to us and we like to hear a man's view, alse on such topics as "Votes for Women, and "Conselidation of Schools."

Favors Serial Stories
The short story and the serial will both be interesting to the whole family men as well as women. It is suggestions you want, I take it; then regarding the erial story, there are many of us living hundreds of males from a public library and new books are seldo. seen. What orter of the best of the new books than by sunning them as serials in this paper. wouning them as serials in to this paper by Canadian authors. Short stories ef Western Canada, true to life, are always appreciated. The revies of R . J. C Stead's new book of poems, The Empire Builders, and his "Homesteader," though not appearing on the Women's Page of THE Gutids must have been mad ant re-read. The latter poem especially wil appeal to every homesteader's wife:

They say there is wealth in the doing That royal and rich are the gnins
But 'tisn't the wealth I am wocing
So much as the life of the plains.
There is not a woman of us all, but knows the above to be true, and pany a one bachelor would ask his sweethear to come from back east, from the states or from over the sea, if he realized how little she cared for his future wealth, providing he the life on the plains, taste of the joy of that life.
By all means give us poems such as Page.

## The Name Alrigh

Women's Sphere in Life and Labor That is rather a fine looking title and though it is rather difficult to diseven what really is "Woman's Sphere in Life and Labor." It strikes me that there Let us have paragraphs on the work being done by women, Half the women fo not know how the other half live. For example, who has not read Hood's wasted pity on the modern factory kirl, thinking what a hard, unwholesome fe she must Jive, running a ine all day, at a very small sum per uozen
shirts. The reality in the present day
means a large, well.ventilated, well. lighted room, and erwing machises rum by poser. The morker has but to thres wer marhine into grar, set in her work. shich is already cut and keep it straight the cannot work overtime. as the pesee shout eff. It is true that she can make n. arat sanaber of garments a day and
ram fairly good pay. Some ather airls ram fairly good pay. Some other airla and similar sork.
The faetery, girl gets a half holiday os Salurday and is minally the pitcture of Whlth, by bet long quiek walk to work, morning, noon and night; and by working is well-ventilated rooms.
If there is a moral in the above to the farm girl it is ect out is the fresh air and keep your windos,open when indoors. The moral for the farm women is, buy your clothing ready-made as the manaufacturer has better means for buying goods cheaply and has his machinery mork rooms, and labor, so arranged that it takrs less time, eotiequently less money farm moman to make pieces Whan for the
foan usually farm woman to make one. Wgean usually
buy a ready-made. skirt chesper thas $=$ en can buy the material of which it is made.
fond of two thines $\rightarrow$ bette and an ortumest Haviaz becomer engound in the latter on this day of the pienic, he
loroke the former over the head of his broke the former over the hrad of his opposent and was haled awny to the loekup. The youns people ralled a hasty meeting and appointed a com. mitter to enit upon Squire Nugnt to prouible. The squire ase braving to paue olen the comire mitter smring Joey', apokrmas tresettiolly esplained The shoudute secraity of foey's promese at the pienie that day. "That's i good spat, squires, Tiave me The squire took down a ponderous lawbook and began thoughtfully to furn the paycs.
"If you tr looking for the legal author: ty covernin my cave, squirs, yell find " in Myron," the prisoner suggested. "Cas you quote it" anked the magh rate, with a twakle in his eye. "Aye. so I ras,", Joey promptly re-
torted. it reads, "On with the danee: torted. "it reatlo, On
let Joey Ee unconfined.
The anuire adjudged Byron a compet. ent authority, and Joey was uneob fined.

A CLUSTER OF SMILES
Miss Clara Kvelyn Mellugh, a teacher Miss Clara Kvelyn Mellugh, a teacher

"With Rippling Cheer."-Levell

Will some one tell me what is the reason mp ehimneys suddeniy crack? When
 a long narrow strip will fly out: sometimes the crack will continue up and down in curves un:il the chimney is surrounded. It there are any extra strong glasurs manufactured they do not come this way Soan: ore cons: quick and tell me the M. E.vGRAHAM.

## HIS LEGAL AUTHORITY

There was consternation among the ing at the pience in the glen had got any othier "music" but Joer the fidaler. He was indispentile, doey the fiddler. He was indispensible, but he was also
erratic. In the old country Joey had been a schoolteacher and a man been a schoolteacher and a man of
considerable learning, but here he had

##  <br> asoneaa0sosso <br>  <br> 

a recent teachers " meeting from a quain collection of examination answers that she had been gathering for some gars.
The gems of Miss MeHugh's

## The gems of Miss McHugh's collectio

"A blizzard is the insidr of a hea." round the earth. -" menagerie lion runnin "Orygen is a thing that has eight sides." The euekoo never lays its own eggs. A mosquito is a child of black and white parents.

Primitive women had bigger waists
Than ours," satd the fair Miss Charm
Ah, yes," said Ann," but primitive man had longer arms.
Mrs. Sharp: "Have you filed those ivorce papers for me? ?" If so I want to stop them at on
Lawyer: "H
your husband?

## Mrs. shat

by a motorear, and 1 want to sue" the ewner for da mages."
"But aurely you are not going to marry "My alour, if I knew all about Mim I mighta't want to marry him.'
"It is a voman", lot to suffer ie sillence, sher remarked. "I should put it different. ly," rejoined the mere man. "How, pray $\mathrm{P}^{\prime \prime}$ "A silent woman suffers a lot."

PRECISENESS MAY DETEAT ITSELF
"We me many homes," ays a woman *riter "in which preciseness defeats the very purpose for which it was instituted. There is auch a thing as having the childres, the home manners, the home Laule, eves the placing of the home hairs, too precise
hildres of the the romplshass of the thildies of the homes of pioneer days, is hot a bad thing to have in any home. Cheery laughter, voices not sepulchral i Too much precisenes home atmosphere Tou much preciseness causes a minute neness in pays trasoform it mell If may eves iransform ituelf into hype

Fhis habit of strained preciseness may become a disease. We recall the fond uother who, ansious to always have her hildren currert, kept a dietionary at he plate of each on the dining table. Slenever a word was incorrect or could not be correctly spelled, the obefient children turned to the authority. is they mere lively children, they soon ound they sere getting more dietionary han lood, and a revolt followed. Th mother appaaled to a friend, learned in simple things.
"My dear madame,' he replied, 'the dictionary has its place in the library, but at the table only the most natural, simple instincts should prevail.

A soldier's heels come together with preciston when he salutes, but the sol lier is quite an automaton. We wish but not automatically. Spontaneity. but not automatically. Spontaneity, hould be encouraged in the young mind,

APART AND YET TOGETHER
know-a garden where the lilies glea
know a garden where the lilies gleam,
And one who lingers in the sunshine nd one who lingers in the sunshine
there; She is that white-stoled lily foy and oh, her eyes are heaven-lit with a drean!

I know a garret, cold and adrk and drear And one who toils and toils with tireUntil his bra
, sad eyes grow weary-
He seeks the stars, pale, silent as a

And ah, "tis strange, for desolate and dim
Between these two there rolls an
Yer he is ine:
Yet he is in the garden by her side, ge garret there with him
-Robert W. Service.

THOUGHTS FROM MRS, CRAIGIE
When women love exceedingly, they o not recognize it as a temptation They think it the smpreme blessing of their lives. When they renounce it, they do so for the man's sake-not for their own. This is the history of all women who have loved with any depth. It is, perhap
earnestness.

A woman is exactly like your shadow: run away from her and she follows That is an old saying. It is true so you. as she dues not love the man. And when she loves the man-well-then she ceases to be a shadow. She becomes a living thing.

A woman never considers love and passion as an abstract. It is associated always in her imagination with the man or with the men she has loved: with the man or with the men who
have loved her. Love is the person and have loved her. Love is the person and significance, its philosophy-depends wholly on the quality of her own af-
fection and on her experience of men

Women love more wildly and Intense Iy than men, because they lead, purer crude physical lavs the halt-kneslede crude physical laws the half-knowledge of which vitiates so much modera puychology. It mes lived, as a rule, as most vomen live, they too sould place love first in thrir exiatence. Pasion like the sus-ray which conaumes a dewns ferrely is ite innocest, atthengh burns fievrely in the innocent, although anflords the experienced an- occasion only for amused self-introspection. This of life, knows as firat love. is touehed with a irtesistille charm which will suretly a irresistible charm ohych will awertly to dreamb, and natures the mont atule bors before besuty.
THE POOR

Ionor beto all honest, conditions of human ife, and to that of honest poverty among he rest. Let the poor only tars their ulafortunes to the improvement of them. elves: let them pressme not to think that suffering authorizes them to commit fintes, or to foster hatred; and they caninot wholly be unhappy. Never, however, ander any circumatances, ought we to e severe in our judgment of them. Have deep compasanon upon the really poor, although they are aften goarled by impatience even to rage. Con ider how hard a thing it is to suffer extreme want on the highway or in the hovrl, while within a few steps the wretched man beholds his fellow-ereatures, 4, lendidly arrayed and daintily fed, paas by him. Forgive ham, it he have the weaklieve his sants becarse be is a man. Coleridge.

WOMEN EXPERTS
Mrs. 8. 9. Porter, of West Plaias is considered the fiest farmer in Missouri. She has 840 acres under cultivation
Miss Blanche H. Tuott, of Buffalo, N. Y, probably the leading woman machunery expert of America, has demothstrated that the feminine brain ean grasp the intricacies of cogs, wheels and bolts as readily as it can put to use the ncedle and thread.

Face the world with your hieart forward, and your backbone straight.

PLANTS IN THE SICK-RCOM
The question is often asked "Is ight to have plants in the sick-room, Of course the point is not shers? Of course the point is not whether one for flowers, if hurtful, would injure just or flowers, if hurtful, would injure just the same whether one were sleeping of
waking. The point is, shall we have flowers in our sleeping rooms at night.
Aside from the soothing, cheering
is the silk-roen it is elaimed that the dayliaht aets throwah the grees tisem of the plants, se as to really make frech ony ges is the ay of the roan, by breaking up the carbonie scid gas, which the ill person breathes out from his lungs, iherefore planta is daytime help to rentilate the sick of any other room.
Pants is the siek room at might is the vun or dayli mother. They, withent and help to spoil the sive off poisons toos and hrlp, to apoil the air just as a perione does whether sick or well, but not to he same extent of courme.
If the sick person is very fond of flowers and hates to part with them even for the aight, keeping the room, well ventilated could make it quite safe to indulge this cheerful fancy.
 THE SECRET OF BEING HAPPY है

Wouldst thou be wretched? Think of but antf, and welt
oThink of bet self, and welf alone, afl of oThink of thy pain, thy grief, thy loss, of ©All that thou hast to do, or feel, or Think of thy good, thy pleasure, and of Think only of thyselt, 't will not be © Think only of thyself, 'twill not bee

"
Woultht thou be happy? Take an eacy life:
Think of those round thee-live for Think of theirh day:
eThink of thrir pain, their lows, their 9 $\oint$ Alt that they have to do, or feel, or of ©Think of their pleasure, of their good, © et thrir gain:
Think of those reund ther, 'twill not to e be in vain.
bete ete evecerepent HOLSEHOLD HINTS
Buns--One cup scalded milk; one third cup butter: one third cup sugar: one yeast cake, dissolved in one quartercup lukewarm water: one half-cup raisins, toned and chopped; one teaspoon lemon Atract; one half-teaspoon salt; flour. Add half the sugar and salt to the milk: and one and one-half cups of flour. Cover and let rise till lisht; add butter. remaining sugar, raisins, lemon estract and flour to make a stiff batter; let rise, hap e like Liveuits; let rise again and bake. If wanted glazed, brush over with beaten ge before baking.

Iruit Rolls or Pin Wheel Biscuit Two cups flour: four teaspoons baking powder; half teaspoon salt; half eup butter; two-thirds cup milk; two talle.


150 Favorite Old-Time Songs
with words and music complete for 15 Cents



 REMARKABLE OFFER

 THE WHOLESALE BOOK CO., Dept. 62, Winnipeg, Canada
spoons sugar: twe tablespoens, cieron. findy chopped; one-third teaspoon rasis. Mix as for baking powler biscuitas roll to anc-fourth inch thickness brush vith fruit sump like a jelly roll, eut off pleees, threefourths inch thick. Flace on buttered tin and bake is hot oven 6 fiteen minutes. Currante
and casis.

Cookles: Thin and Rich
Ose cup butter; ene cup sugar; thrre ege; ail Geate to an rell very tion
 Niev for 5 o'dock tea.

TO REMEMBER
For a tiekling cough, mir equal parts orney and lemon juice with warn barley water and sip it when the cough troubles you.
Whip cream in a pitcher instead of a boul to do it in half the time and with out spattering.
In the making, candy and coffee are both improved by a small pinch of salt.
Dates and fifs eut in small pleces ana served with jlenty of sugar, make ana served sith plenty of tagar, make rice brited in milk.

HOW THE OTHER HALF LIVES
If a Chinese sailor mescues a drowning man, he is bound by Chinese law to keep him and feed him for the rest of his life.
In Glasgow, over halt the population live more than two in a room.
In nearly every street in Japanese ities is a publie oven, where for a sme ce. housewives may have their dinners nd suppers cooked for the
fathers
A school for fathers has been started in a London suburb.

FREE FREE

## The Threshold of Democracy

is the Labor, Agriealtaral and Reform pres. No other aprney provides the same effertive forum which penerates true progrees.

## THE VOICE

III BUPERT ET. WINNIPEG


Dese in ewn arrey to pos that the or coword forem and wortwrams shosel

THE I3-PAGE WERELT VOICE 31.00 A TEAR

## 640 acres

## Veteran Scrip <br> athor

$\$ 2.75$ an acre
No cash required if you have an improved farm to offer as first mortgage security.
Better write us now for particulars while Scrip and land can be secured.
Farm loans granted without delay.
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Winnipeg

Are being made daily for Purity Flour. The first bag makes a lasting friend. Tl at friend makes others by telling of the good results got with it.

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## FARM BOOKKEEPING

The onty Betrietly Farmars' Courst,
Farm Cusince from Ctart to Finieh The WIIEAT CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE BAANDON, MANITOBA

Page 50
Improve The Country School Faeb of these selools hat from five to Each of thachers and had High Sehoel de: sis trachers and many of ther elder childres partmente, asd sifford to lrave the farm and pay the expener of going to the eity or tows school came out to these cunsolidated schools. This ens a mpertitien is Cansda of shat had eccurred in the Esited States.
New to ear ews province of Manitohas. Some Sive yrars ago the education department lifgas to inform our prople sbout this incw proposirima ant illolland lime a coamalilalius Thok place at ore atill and al hirdea. The informed silh every going and or are informed At Ilolland twe distrirts eusuclidated and transtwe distrirts cusulidatrd and vour van routes portation was put on four years and a Shth was put oe last yrar. Nome st childres are belag drasn from the country distriets to the achoel is the town of Htufland and are puing there regularly The ehairman of the Sehoel Roard informs us that norarly every available ehild is the distriet is going to the scheo and poing mgularly. Thr vas restes vary from two and a half miles to sis miles, and are eperated regularly. The school distriet provides the vans and hires s man (by tesiler) to operate thrm. The eled arhool sisd the older ones take fredrd shool sad
The teschers are found to be belter io all thrar ronsolidated achoola and are on a par with the trachers in the fown of eliy seloools. With a better plant and equipment, befter teachers, more scholars, and reguiar atiendance, call the result fail to be better? in all cases it is beyond any doubt better and we begio to are how the educational opportunity of the city child may be brought home to the countryty Novs scotio has now some tarnly-two Nonsolidated Irunselick four, with schools rouipp Ne the Msedonald Demenatratio d hake. It is not reported what Ontario and Prince Edward Ialand have done so far. Is Manitoba the work is going on and we find that thre are already some sis net consolidated distriets in eperation and nine more ready to go iato operation as soon as they ean get their buildings and plant ready. Twa of these have alrrady voted money bv-laws for 810,000 esch to build four roomed school in esch consolidated district. But there are many place where it will not be practicable to fors consolidated diatricts an effort to improve people must make an ellort to improve done by a little interest and attention and organisation, as has alresdy bee done in many casrs, and transportation may he put on for the more distant children and, indeed, for adjoining districts. This is being done in many places in our province with most striking results. Here is one case, and other are similar. In 1909 McKinley arhon distriet made an agreement with it neighbor, Brigden, that MeKinley would cluse its achool and transport its children to the Brigclen school, thus making a larger and better school. Bee what happened and remember that Brigden district in whe people were near by had no transportation. had no transportation.

Butnney McKinley

| Month 1909 | No Tr'p'tion Enr'd Av. Att. |  | With Tr'p'tion |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March. | 14 | 11.39 | 10 | 9.43 |
| April |  | er sick f time | School | clos |
| May | 12 | 7. | 12 | 10.37 |
| June | 14 | 6.9 | 12 | 9.45 |
| Aug. |  | 5.47 | 9 | 8.23 |
| Sept. | 10 | 3.78 |  | 8.76 |
| Oet... | 12 | 458 | 12 | 9.9 |

Silver Plains and Willow Heiphts school districts operate in like manoer or past five years and the attendance of the transported district has been nearly 100 per cent. or perfect. The that during the recent very culd and stormy week in December last thei schoof van went every day to schubl and got through all -right. The van drivers are placed under bonds to mak the trips and they get through somehow. The vans go, when under bonds, in weathe
and under conditions that the farmer
thrmurlves wes't face. Here is a plat for the reseideratios of our Manitobs larmers and will thry coatiane to seglert the beet rrop of the faria-thr edurative of the childres-shes the epportuaits lirs at therir doer to improve it? If our oflher organiastions of the farm are to prugevas and mtain thrit influrnere it ran eply be thrawgh thr belter eduration of the cusntry ehildres. The country arhumal anot ber maslr as gond and refirival or its purpuse as ibr lient country houn and its surfoundings arv for its purpou It is lieing slune eloepherf, sill oae one shit lehind their esterprisias seigh. hurst We thisk sot. GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP IN GERMANY
his'service, and the evrtainty of being prometcal maularly, and of having a perainn upen lis erlimment, make the publie aerviev unore altractive than a piovate obe could be. The prowni chiperor has the pasion for eftirinary shirh wos the mont eminent quality in Frralerick the Great. The Emperoe trusts, and in every passible manaer honors, the, तiyil servant ohu has done
an exryntunal thing. As Mr. Bryve an exry twenal thing As hir hrye says of Vroderirk, it was net enongh foe the ervat aisan that a thing was owli tlone, but that it muat Ther qualitirs and then pefiestandes that am mryulied of the lumeras effirw holve that are tryuminct of thr hurvan-
erat have madr it poseil. for the Gierman Finterver as King of Prussia to rrfain his sutecrstic peset in the state sluring - pernol shen dempueratie povernment has ruled the grrat noighbering states, with the exreption of Itwests, shal during - period when Germany has made its ereatest advances is culture and in indestry
If it should be that Gierman statesmen have hold of true principles in the ownership and management of productive properties by thr state, Germany has the start by a eentury ever other nations, It may be that a peritimal industrial assirm it is understood in the United States, as it is understow fary produce in a further deve sialest may produre in a further clevr opment German cwncrives to be a more balanced justire. Wherher that be so of not, justire. Wherher that be so of mot,
cunservatives in Germany have faith in their system. and beliew.that subserquent kenrrations of-other peoples will find wrll-being in doing as the firro mans are doing. There it is, a mighty phennmenon in the industrial lif
of the most advanced nations.

## THE WORLD IS WATCHING

The outcome of the system of provinrial government-owned elevators will producing countries of the world, as this is the first time the principle of publicly. is the brst time the principle of publiciy-
owned grain elevators has lieen applied to thr grain prolucts of an entire province. "To make the system produce the best results, it would be also necrssary for the Dlominion goversiment to take over the terminal eleratots at Fort Willam and Port Arthur from private hanels. With that securral, and our sister provinces of Alberta and Saskatehewan brought into line with Manitoba, no only will the many flagrant aluses, of whirh the western farmers cutmplai be removed, but it will have a tendency to steady the prices of the market for our grain, and prevent the abnormal the storage farilitest taken out of the hands of the manipulators of the grain market, they will be deprived of their strongeat weapon of manipulation.
"Whilst it is a fart that nuthing and welfare of our populace than stability in the prices of fosod products, yet,
uncler existing conditions, there is no uncler existing ennditions, there is no
article of commerre whirh is -so muct artiele of commerre whieh is "so much
suljiected to extreme flurtuations in suljected to extreme fluctuations in
price as whrat."-Interview with MeKenzie, secretary-treasurer of the Grain G Tribune.
A. J. Coe, a well-tu-du farmer from the vicinity of Moosejaw, Sask. stopped at Detruit Derember ta, un his way east to a duzen bigh-grade automobiles friends around Moose Jaw. He is no while getting a machine for himself.

## ?  THE 1910 DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATOR

In keeping with the established De Laval custom of making the De Laval Cream Separators as much better earh year as possible, the De Laval marhines for 1010 show even greater perfection than they have in the past.

The cairy farmer who buys a 1010 De Laval can feel avsured that he has by far the best cream saparator ever made anywhere at any time.

The dairy farmer who lets the year or even the month pass by without at least seeing and examining the 1910 De Laval will be doing himself an injustice.

The oporturity of examining and trying a 1910 De Laval right at his own home is open, free, of all cost or trouble, to every dairyman who will simply say the word.

Nest to a De Laval Machine is the De Laval Catalogue, free for the asking and containing a Separator education in itself.

## The DeLavalSeparator Co. <br> Mentrel <br> winnipeg <br> Vancourer

## You Should Have Reliable Farm Power



The Manitoba Pumping Windmill ${ }^{\text {Grrto }}$ ort, Steol Saw Frames and Wood and Iron Pampe.

We are boilding a larger addition to our factory to accommodnte the everincreasing demand for Manitohe moode. Kend for Free Catalogue 9 . Why ot boy direet from the mannfactures.
The Manitoba Windmill \& Pump Co. Ltd. Box 301 BRANDON, MAN.

Notice Re Grain "Growers' Grain Co. Limited. NOTICE is Hereby Given that after January 15th this Company will pay no commission
to anyone for selling its stock unless the seller has received, since January Ist, 1910, official authority from the Company to ad in the coppocity.
The Grain Growers' Grain Co. Limited

## Summary of The Week's News of The World <br> vestigating the price of toedotuffs is <br> witter dropped from 35 to 50 erats a

## National Crusade Against Trusts

Citizens of Canada and the United Srates up in arms against exorbitant prices. Governments Investigating. Populace of Many Cities abstaining from Meat in effort to Bring Down Prices

Dominion Government Investigating
The Mialater of Agriculture for the Domiaion of Casads, is having as is vestigation by the officials of the departmeat into the aboormal initrease is the cost to the consumer of various farm products and other commodities reAating thereto during the past few years. As intimated is Hon. Mr. Misher's sppech before the Canadian Clut on Saturday
last. thoush the price of baeon. bread last. though the price of baeon, bread
meats, etzes and other staple household meats, etas and other staple hoasehold are now considerably higher the they were some years ago and are compars Aively dearer is Canada than is Great Britain, it does not appest that the of the enhanced price. Whether the in: of the enhanced price. Whether the in-
creased coat of living is due to the increased cost of living is due to the inthe middlemen are fetting an undue the middlemen are setting an undue percentage
The Department of Agriculture is simply conducting an inquiry as to the trice with a siem. to throwim sasel light on the situation which may after zards be of use in connection with the Operation of Cembines bill now before parliament, and on which action may be taken if deemed necessary. The data will be placed at the dispoial of the minister of labour, wnder whose administration the Combines act vill be. A similar investigation into the cost of living, with a view to getting comparative figures as to wholesale and retail prices, wages, coit of raw material and of the finished product on a large line of commodities in daily use, has also been undertaken by the minisThe investization will be a most comThe investigation sill be a most coms. plete and thorouloked into from every problem aide and comparisoas the Vnitet conditions in Canada, uhe United state and oll living. remuneration of the and other phases of the subject, ing the past two decades. The result of the invertigation will be publisher in the Labor Gazette, and will prove - most illuminating compendium of information on the trend of modern social and industrial conditions.

Mentioned in Speech from Throne
Lieut. Governor, Hon. J. M. Gibson in his speech from the Throne in the Ontario Legislature, January es, said "Remarkable and continuous advance articles of household use, has attractel and certainly merits public, attention. It has already caused hardship is many households and promses to add gre vously to the burden of iving, especially of people of large incomes. It would seem that prompt and thorough enquiry uggestion of a remedy. Obviously the suggestion of affairs, affecting the peopl of the Dominion of Canada as a whole comes within the purview of the Do $t$ is to be hoped that such inquiry will be instituted.

Toronto In The Fight
Following in the footsteps of the citizens and labor unions of the United States, erusade was started January 25 by retail meat dealers. "We, the undersigned, pledge ourselves to refrain from eating meat (flesh). For a period of thirty days, of until the outrageous, retail
The foregoing pledge was nailed up to a notice board in the labor temple last night. Many names had been appended. There gre 18,000 union men in
Toronto. If they and their fammlies bebe 60,000 vegetarians in labor probly be 60,000 vegetarians iv labor circles

An acitation has bren aet an foet at Chatham, Ont. by consumers to beycott ever and meat ahich have gone up the price drops. A petition is being the price drops. A petition is being to use seither cess nor mest, and fit is being rapidly signed. Fges have gone up to 40 and as centa an the market.

May Land Behind Bars
The United States government is preparing to summon the Clicago beef trust to the bar of juatice. Criminal proserution is contemplated, and if the plans do not go astray, seme of the men reaponable for the rapidly incteased the barn

Seope One For Farmers
The farmers of Kanass declined to play inte the hands of the packers, January et. It was the packers game- expected by the live stock dealer-to une the mena boycott to bear prices at the first intimation of large receipts. The buyers were ready to hammer, prices on boyeott rumors or heavy receipts-but the receipts. were small, only 12,000 steers being received. The average grice was ten cents Jower than Priday. Beore one for the farmers" "a live stock dealer said.

What Magnates Say
The anti-meat eating cruasde is not worrying the great meat packers. according to interviews given at Omaha panuary tl, by the managery of the great packing houses at South Omaha. The that the farmers rather than the packery themaelves, sill feel the effects of the boy. cott: the packers concede that if the move- Amerisat portacts sers. dellared that American produets are seld cherper abroad thas they aro in this eountry: Mr. Wilson eosatinued "but se have lrome 17 to 60 per evet. We have found from 17 to 60 per ernat. We have fousd
that there eviato tome ment of a combias. tias amone the retailers by which they fis the buying price to the conaumer These are the liftele truats, but they tre as effective so any truat. I do sot know whether the packers are to blame. The depantment paciertice are till develop. this pornt is the prosecution which fit Is about to begis.
Secretary Wilson inalated the formefs were not erting the beonft of the Mish prices. although it had been found that the two year old steer on the farm could be bought to-day just as cheaply so twelve years suo, Repreantative Whley, of New Jerseg, interrupted to way
that i New Jerwey farmer has to sell his that Aor New derney farmeer has to well his he formerily did, while the price of veal in Washington had advanced from to to so per cent.
Boston In The Fight
Boaton, on January 21 joined the coun-try-wide boycott on mesat is the fight tor lower prices. A "no meat" elub nathropists. Wm. Sleacters and phii. lawyer was made secretary. The Twen-
tieth Century Club the Yrading ormeni. natio in live topics, hase added tits memberision of committer was formed with Hobert Paynes James A. Kliss of the sehool board: Efoard Filane, merchant, head ing the list. They met last Saturday noon and arranerg for a monster mase preting of the momeur hent aill be wich the and arrued pro and cons and the meed bership list will be swelled to enotmen. proportions.
With sirflein steak at ss eents, rump steak 24 to 35 , rib rosst 15 , chops 40 , ham

## TRADES COUNCIL SUPPORTS GRAIN GROWERS

R.S. Ward introduced the guestion of government ownership of elevators at the mreting of the Winnipeg Trades and Labor Council January q0, and azid he thought the council would pasa a resolation endowsing the prinople which had been advocated by the Grain Growers' Association and recently adopted by the government. The scheme, he said, would be a benefit to producers, and
though the eity workers were not directly affected, he thought they anuld show their sympathy with the movement. He moved that the council re-affirm its endorsation of the principle of government ownership of elevators, and requeat the government to pass such legisiation during the next session of the legislature as would give effect to the scheme of the Grain Growers' Association. The
ment becomes great enough prices will decreaser but they also daim that a reduction in the price of meats will be aceomplished by
paid for live stock. It they prople wi. have to eat less meal if they are to get what they eat at lower prices said E. A. Cudahy, head of the Cudahy Parking Company, "The present high prices are due to the fact that
Manager Finey, of the Armour Packing company, said: "IC the movement grown ffected. the live stock will bave to down accordingly:" General Manager
ional Packing Company, of the Nat out part we will be glad to abstain from like the high prices any more than the people do, but we have to be governed the price of live stock. The trouble If the movement is larger the price of meat may go down, but the price of live stock will fall with it ${ }^{\text {" }}$
Warfare Against Trasts.
President Taft plans unceasing warfar against every industrial combinatio or trust that is operating in violation the law. The prosecution of the beel trust marks the beginning of the crusade.
Prosecutions will be of a criminal nature and intended to reach direetly the men Farmers Foot The Bi
January 44 , in his testimony before the January 24 , in his testimony before the
congressional committee which is inr-

24, chickens 35 and other provisions at proportionately high, prices, the "no
meat" movement will meat movement will have one of it strongholds in Boaton.

Chicago Agitated
Thousands are joining the movement at Chicago in favor of a thirty-day meat boycott in an effort to lorce down the price of that necesity. The agita-
tion is growing stronger hourly. tion is growing stronger houriy

## Trust Investigation

As the first official move of what promises to be the most remarkable truat investigation ever begun by the U.S. government, Judge Landis, at Chicago,
January 4 ,
revealed the true inside significance-politial and true inside significance-political and otherwise In the present board prosecution. instructions to a jury heard in Chs cago in many years he disclosed the fact that the present campaigned the ated, not in Washington, but right here in Chicago.

## Prosecuting The Beef Truat

 A United States army investigation nal pray a part in the forthcoming crimarmy within cost of living directly in the increase from 8 to if cents ration for the ealisted men. The commissary-general had th get a deficiency appropriation of $\mathbf{8 2}, 000,0$to meet the advance.
Bearing Frult In Iowa
The fight against high prices of to. is beginning to bear fruit in lowa, as evidenced by a drop of five and six ceper pound in butter in a number of cit
in lows. In Des Moines the price
ix eent puque there vas a decline of ax centa per poand and at' Davenpori it sold for 38 at 31 eenth whereas tholesale price of both beef and pork fell off 10 oents per hundred teday
but there was no decresae is the retail but th
price.

## Puttins $\mathrm{On}_{\mathrm{n}}$ The Ld

Unips labor leaders at St. Leuis, Mo. elain that by January to thirty thousand Manion mes wiil have forreworn mest. Many, however, have put the lid on meat as individuals without concerted action by unions:

Serlous Sitaation at Pitabura
The mest boyeott which struek Piteburg some days ago has takes a serious turas of os miles of the Mitshurt court houre there are ant less thise 75,000 persouns who hare swors mot to eat meat fer thirty days. Many thoes she have hesitated to aife the mo-mest paper are rapidly beiner cubbed intoline. Pinififred Savers, s millionaire, vas one afternoon rauers, satilionairg, was one sliernoon who met him coming out of a butcher shop with meat in his arms.
The different labor unions of Ritaburg have passied resolutions endorsing the no-mest ides. President 8 mith of the chamber of commerce today announced that the chamber is now considering diffenent blailding market houses in the diferent parts of the eity and arranging with farmers and other producers to bring their produce to this place selling to the dity direet, which will in turn sell to the consumer, thereby taking a cudgel Uve on Forty Cents a Day

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Live on Forty Cents a Day } \\
& \text { not so mueh a question of }
\end{aligned}
$$

It is not so much a question of living ss it is one of the cost of high living,
James J. Hill, builder of railroads and preseher of errmons is the test of "sen preacher of the land, gave the shove thumnail the iand, gave the sbove thumnail the problem that confronta the house the problem that confronts the house
wife every time she looks at the groerr? bill. And in the same vein he sadded "for forty cents a man can buy all that he ean possibly eat or need for austainiry that he is influenced by fis sppeti and not by his necessities.
Creamerles are Caught

Butter prices dropped three cente a pound at St. Louis, Mo, January is. when prices at the Elgin. Illinois, erea mery market fell sir cents to $381 / 5$ cents a poend. St. Louls butter dealers attribute the break directly to the consumets sym. pathetie strike against the high pries
for provisions in general.

The Mine Workers Activr
The United Mine Workers'
at Indianapolis will probal
a resolution asking the mem
organization to join with t
throughout the country
effort to drive down
nnd necessities of life
that will result in the
increase in wages.
Butuer
The price of
to 30 cents per
board of trade
tom fell out
One but
reduced
reduced
and ree
ers,"

418 eents as yesterday, se the first fruite ofler strike. Other shope sere eopspelled tor follow suit. The retailers do plare the strike is aimed at typ wFowite peroples, asid say the soly reapt sill bo draler, Itenry Feur, eloned his denits draler, Hesiry feur: oloned his deners
tordey: Its shop is is the fartory
 distrint. Grucers in the itatrict is ahica
the fartury surkers live are reapinat the harvest, Veivtables. cervals and canned gunds are replacing mesti,

## COMPANY RE-ORGANISED

The re-urgenisations of The Hevmas Mandsetaring fenpany, manufaflurer: of the" Jumbes Gersis (lvanet", and More capital has bres takes is asd the ceme pany intesul enlarginet their prearnt petythrouarhout the spot. The manarment of the complany ronsist of the following sell-known bliskerss mien: G. C. Herman. prosielent: II. F. Naylor, vieeprriident; gins direetor.

APPALLING TRAIN WRECK Ferty-eight dead and many injured in wreck which ecturred at Nairn Cente Int. lant Friday.
The sorst train areek in the history of Canadian railruads occurred on the Kow brasel of the C. P. N. near Welbwoen on the afternowen of Vriday, January it The, lust it is thinght that the tolal lial M, but it is thinght that the total liat very wriously sounded. The expreses Saulteste. Marie. The trais was specding Saulteste, Marie, The train wav speroting siofifenty without marnini of any hint everal of the ears left the fails near Gridge and planyril dows a sterp embankment. two of the rars going through the iev into the Npanish river, and adoling Jeath by drownint to the horrurs of railway areident. A dining car was partly subterereril, and a first-class coarh. oas driven wholly under watet. About is pavencrts were in the first-lass coach. The inurers were rushed to the hompital it sudfury. biet sis dird before the thain rearlord there. A diver) was bronght
to the wrete of the acrident, and has leren to the scrne of the acriclent, and has bren kept at work taking the bocties out many bontier, have floated away. A dispatch from the scene of the acciden tays that the storics of witnroses, and
those enicked in recoveriar the bodies those enocerd in recovering the boulies
afe loo horrible to print. The gruesome are too horrible to print. The gruesome disaster in New York. Yire destroyed
hal of ore of the ears which was left the wreek said: ely the second dass car
track it struck an upright nil telescoped. The first the bridge and burned. if, simply Teaped out the other two coaches of the brokes car Thove in the first hile those in the ned. in the burnin e half which - four taken
irned were
STANDING OF PARTIES TO DATE Unionist Laberal
Nationealist
Total
still te pell
GAINS TO DATE:

## Unionist

## Lioneral

 LaberPRINCE RUPERT EXPANDING Prince Itupert continues to spread turla over Ther hals-and vales of Kalen Iulani. The lemildinet afe exrlusively
of wool and the conatrurtion work sime June trprosuls an outlay of at Irat \$73Q,000. Husises blorks rise in the midst of muskres. Nest rraideners and omart fooking bunnslows erown stump-
otudeded heizhts. Loner lines of strueaturlofed hiakhts. Lonk lines of struethaph four thomsand pirtums, Hive, meve and have their being in the Girand Trunk Parifie termians. If threre is not apereimist amone them hr-does not declare his ruasirtions. Faith in the prra.

## HALLEY'S COMET

Aecordint to all calculations to dats betwern June I and 10, the earth will providing the wanderer has an appendage. fone before thif, hiowever. earth if wellers sill see the comet in the western sky earh evenins, it having pased around the sun on its out ward course. The comet will be lont from view during March and part of April awint to the position of the earth is her orbit. the sun comine between the earth and the comet. There is every reasod to believe that the present viat of the comet will eclipue forimer appear: ances at least in splendor, but it would lee imposible to kive any definite data at present as to the extrnt of tail it may have. Hy looking back over pretious rerords it is found that it once displayed
a train of light reaching to the enormous

## LEGISLATURE CALLED FOR FEBRUARY 10

The Manitoba legislature has been called to meet February 10. This will be the third session of this legislature and the general impression is that it will be followed immediately or within a few months' time by a general election. The coming session will be of exceptional inierest to the Grain Growers orManirient of government owned elevators in the province.
length of 100 millions of miles, and again. it had faded away to seven million miles and on its return journey it was simply a bright star, having no visible tail.

## ALBERTA SCHOOL CONSOLIDATION

The first experiment in the consolidation of ruraf schools of Alberta, the prineiple of which was endorsed by the convention of United Farmers last week, will be marde at Red Deer, in which the school districts of Red Deer and the four
rural school districts adjacent will be involved. The pupils will be gathered in from the rural districts each morning by teams and will be taken home after school in the evening, the expense to be met by the school districts. In all there are about 73 pupils in the rural sehools in
two large classes.

DESTRUCTIVE FLOODS IN FRANCE France has suffered a national calamity during the past week as the result of devastating foods. Several fatalities are reported.
Many thousands are homeless and the roblem of providing for the sufferer
ias taken precedence of all other matters ninister of public works and their secreuries today personally visited the flooded stricts of Paris and the president was
erwhelmed by the scenes of suffering erwhelmed by the scenes of suffering
ich he beheld. He contributed $\$ 4,000$ ich he beheld. He contributed $\$+, 000$ the relief fund.
Uoney is being given liberally in all
rters. The senate today voted 8100 , The private subscriptions will ag-
gregate perhape a millioin more. Special fusds have bers placed at the diaposal of profects of pelime is the provisional distrimts for immordiate use in carise for the hemerless. The Rothurhilds have given *pe.0es, the Rank of Franers 810000 and the Basque. De Paris Et Des Pais-las tle non.
Althnugh it has ceaud rainisg, bulletins from the weather iepart ment say that a further rise of the Reine may be expected tomorrew, Alrrady the peint rearlied by the enter has loen ewescrled only twice in the history of the citv. the tave high recotil being in Ians. In some of the residentisi parts of, Paris, where peophe of menlerate means live, thrse are submerred to the first atory. Noldiers are sorkina day and nieht makine reorucs. Several arroplane shope an the baskis for the wae of the mertine at Ileliopolis. Ferypt, have bees slestroyed.

## TO AMEND HOMESTEAD TEEGULA-

## TIONS

3. ©. Turtit, mehpluer Tor A viniluels. introduced a hill in the forse of Commons last werk to amend the Dominiop lands Tet, which receivel its first reading. The object of the bill is to provilie repumehase a homratead and thes makes purchase a homestead and then mayes that the land is worthless Unier the that the land is worthess, aet at present it is imponsible for that land and ert another quarter sertion withont forfeiting not only his ten slellars entry fee but alse 8160 which he has paid on arcount of prineipal. The amendment. M. Tertif ptopotes is that sithin ix monthe a man may have an opportunity of going to a land officr, ahanoloning a worthless quarter section, substitute another in ite place, and get erelit for the amount of money he has paid in.
CREAMERY DECTARES DIVIDEND
At the annual mreting of the Swan Valley Creamery company great interest was evinerd, as everyone was ankious to know if the season the report was read it showed sufficient surplas over expenves

War on the combines Indignant at High Cost of Food-Stufts Nation-Wide Crusade has Started.
Hearled in a streasous endeavor by Stra, John Fi, Ifendersent, Mry. Vlles Spes eer Musuey and the wives of a sumber at conrreanmen. the national anti-truat leaTub, which was formerly orkanisd is Washinatton. D.C., January 16, is makiss preparations for a nation-wide erusaile on the hich prices of food stuifs and the trusts shich are held responsible for the increased root of living:

The mails hourly brinat in thomsando of letters from housewives and homekecpers all over the country showing that the interest in the movement ia intrnse. Althourh the response fron ares of sidespreat. yet it is the wo conererned is the matter. appear vitally concrerned inguiriag Tow iher may telp cascrly inquiriat how they may heip as to the methad of procedure suggestion

May Ortanise Boycott
The executive commitire vill deride whether or not a call shall he lesued to all the members of the distriet to abotain from wine the commodity that is overcharzed. It is thought by officen of the learue that, this moral boycott is permissable suder the law when practised by the majority of housekerpers and home-makros, and i Mirlentally bayers in any eity will soon brine the dealers to time and force them to lower their pricrs and be content with sane, profits.
Is Germany, this plan was tried sith In Germany, this plan was tried with great success and it is said practically the whole nation went without coffee at one time for a civen period, and after that the price of coffee came down to a normal basis. The self-denial plan will be modelled along that of the Catholic churches in thrir Lenton scheme of food principle rather than league coercion.

## * 96

## TO AMEND INTEREST ACT

W. D. Staples, Member of Parliament or Macdonald. introduced a bill in the House of Commons to amend the Interest Art. The object of the bill is to make it possible for a mortgagee or right. to pay of a morteage at any timey by giving reasonable time to bill is to prevent mortgagees from tying ap property indefinitely and thereby standing in the way of a sale. The bila passed its first reading.

It has been alleged on a number of recent occasions that the average quality of Western Canadian wheat is not as good for milline purposes as it was a few Mears ago when only a small part of Manitoba was producing crops. No definite announcement has been made that the British millers do not convider our wheat as strong as that which they bought from us a few years ago. This is bought from us a few years ago. This is definitely decirled so that if the facts be as stated farmers of the Canadian West may take such steps as will effectively correct any mistakes that they may now -be making by sowing varicties of wheat that are inferior in milling value to Red Fife.
The millers themselves evidently believe that a larger proportion of Red Fife wheat should be grown. An evidence in support of this is the fact that the Western Canada Mour Mjlls Co. recently donated a splendid trophy, known as the Purity Plour Cup, to be offered at the Saskatchewan Provincial Grain Show January 2.-28, for the best bushel of Red Fife form the northern 'district of Saskatchewan, it may be said, is that part of the province situated north
the $Q_{n}{ }^{\circ}$ Appelle Valley, east of Last the Qu'Appelle Valley, east of Last Mountain Lake. and north of the Grand
Trunk Pacific Railway from Nokomis Trunk Pacific Railway from Nokomis
westward. The offering of this cup for westward. The offering of this cup for
Red Fife should be at least a hint to farmers that the millers wish to use Red Fife wheat in their business.
hatpin injured a man's eye and whose hatpin injured a man's eye, and caused compensation to marry him. The offer was accepted.

Ladies in Hanover are prohibited from

# CRANIIVESTOCK AND 

## Liverpool Market Letter

## Hy Pboctan \& Co., Lavkapool. Javeamy 11, 1910

Our market closed today alout unchangel frupa a weel agn, having in the interval Liern quite strong, and quite a larer bisincsa has bere done mainly is cargors of Aus tralian wheat and a few cargurs and a numbier of parrels of Mate shrat. The hesines.
 foes and parcels are almost unoalrable, and apparrntly the immerlinte demand has the IV K. farmers are theoleist rather more quieter markets with leas demanal. In in the amount offering, and it is penerally experted for the seat three monthe that the movement of native what will he a fair one deridedly larive thas has bern the case Arevatine.-Markets have of things, should be the same as the eostinent. dificult to boy. The erop reports have burn very conflicting and this somaso it will tir mort ifflicutt ta estlmate the quantity of the erop owime to the tomentous varistion Thesattitsele of the farmers arnerally is to hold hack ther wheat and they are offering to sell enly the lightre weights. Broemhall in his report recrived today estimates the exportahle surplas at $10,000,000$ qras. arainst a previous extimate of $18,000,000$ grs., hut it is only a auess and a more than usually dificult trues to make. Yeaterilay there
 the farmers there are very obatinate holders. A carzo of Ho.Ve wheat, ealles, Jan. shipment, has heen cancelled here today at il/- owing to the grvat difficulty experi-
eferd is ertling hola of this wrisht of whent to ship. Itwois All our advires upeat enced is petting hola of this weight of wheat to ship. Itwsia.-All our adviers speak ing down for the oratoratof owing to the state of the roads. It is experted therr will be a very large quantity sold for March-April shipment. Aevounts of the growina lee a very laree quantity sold for March-April shopment. Aecounts of the growina
winter wheat crop are very cood. Roumania. Crop reports continue exrellent. India.- We hear nothing but good reports of this Crop, and later on, if the favorable promise ts still maintained, me espect to see quite a comaderalle quantity of ofd wheral come on with the country, they are cautious about parting with the halance of thrit ofl erop antil they are practically eertain that the new one is assurcd.

## Continental Europe Wheat Situation

Wheat. - Another wok of frmmest is herimo wis and the Earopean markets, likr the Amerian, have dipplayed grrat activity. The cateme merve on the part of Ar

 uture

Notheng similar this year, and precisely mirn more than ever before, wr are to Gunt on the Arpentine lepublie for ample and immediate supplins to bring us over quantities going into consumptiene countries contribote very little to replaer the be expected that for the nest three months our supplies will hardly come up to our requirements and our expectation of hizh pricrs for spot wheat during this period remains unabated. while it is quite possible that spring will show us another image. Though we almit that the Plate crop estimatr, will have to be redoerd considerably, not only in quantity but also in quality, and while Canade alson, sfter the lieayy export of about $3,500,000$ qrs., may perhaps not export more than $2,500,000$ grs. for the remaining of the season, we believe that Itussia, India and Australia, and, furthermore, the greally delayed native wheats, will give us sufficient wheat, not to be too argament which might annihilate it entirely, and this is the prosperts for the to thin crop, which will certainly be this year of greater influence than usual, the growing admitted that the provperily of last year's has allowed farmers to kerp lask anvenall large quantities and they might only loe dispowed to part with them if a fine oustowk on the fields invite to selling. a great danier should late frosts intervene, the disaster might be great. Hut this is onity a possibitity. Whith att things going right, our strong opininn goes not beyond the month of March, for the reasons we have exposeci above, in spite of all sensational news America might, for the sake of their May manipulation, send us.
, Fediag stolls, whe baricy, maize, oats and ryc, are krpt very irm, fopecially owing to the reserve of North A merica. The firmness of wheat reflects on these feeding stuffs. As Itussia is clowed, offers are necrssarily not very large and higher price therefore are not to be wondered at long while is unprecedented in the history of the article. Old crop is now touehing fr. 40, whilst new crop is at about Ir.37, and there is no sign, so far, of an imminent reaction. India which was fear

## Liverpool General Market Report

 Whaken from The Corl Trade News, January 11, 191Wheat cargbes are negleeted, and 3d. to thd. .ower to sell.
 40;: $\begin{aligned} & \text { (approx. } 8.211 \text { ). } \\ & \text { Rusian wheat cargoes are quiet and rather easier. Azoff-Black Sea afloat, } 41 / 6\end{aligned}$



 Choice White Kurraelheree. hoter White Kurrarher Cholier White Kurrarhere Ited Kurrachice No. \& Club Caleutia


$\begin{array}{ll}30 / 4] \\ 39 /[ & \text { sppras. } 81 \\ 81 & 181 \\ 1 & 17\end{array}$ $19 / 6$
$58 / 6$

SALEA OF CARGOFS TO ABRIVE
Wepnsabor, JaN. S.
B.see tons Vietorian, espectrd Feh. shipment, sold last night Thi habiv, JaN. 6. $\qquad$ Feibay, Jan. 7.
ooo qras. Nouth Australian, Jan. Is. Feh, shipment...
SALES OF PARCEBAS


## Winnipeg Futures

Following are the quotations on the Winnipeg Grain Vischange during the past


## Liverpool Spot Cash

| Australian . . . . . 9 , | appros. 81.38 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 Nor. Man. . . . . 8/6] | 1.23 |
| \& Nur. Matr. . . . . . 8/5 | 1.21 1-5 |
| 3 Nor. Man. . . . . 8/4 | 1. 20 |
| No. 4 Man. . . . . . 8/8 | 1.173-5 |
| C h. White Karachi |  |
| Oril. terms ...... $/ 6$ | 1 2t it5 |
| Hed.-Ord. terms .8/3) | 1.18 z |
| 2 Hard Winter . . .8/7 | $1.43{ }^{3}-5$ |
| \& Hed Winter . . . 8/7 | 1.23 3-5 |
| Harussm . . . . . 8/8 | 1254 |
| Hussian . . . . . . 8/3] | 119 \% |

The Week's Grain Inspection The following shows the cars of grain
inspected during the zeek encing Jan. ¥1:

| One Northern |
| :--- |

One Northern
Two Northern
Thiree
Nis. 4
Yerd
Rejected I
Rejected $z$
No grade.
Nograde
Rejerted
Concemned
Spring Wheat

Winter Wheat
No. $4 \mathrm{R} . \mathrm{W}$.
$\mathrm{N} s .4 \mathrm{M} . \mathrm{W}$.

## Oats

## 

Stocks in Terminals
Total wheat in store, Fort William and Port Arthur, of Jan. 21 , was $4,033,702$ bushels, av against 4,772,905 bushels last week, and $\mathbf{4 , 0 0 0 ,} 156$ bushels last year.
The total shipments for the week were The total shipments for the week were
$3: 32,138: 39$ Inshels; last year, $\$ 66,829$ $3: 38,138.39$ Lushels; last year, $566,2 k 9$

bushels. Amount of each grade was  | No .1 Ilard |
| :--- |
| N a. |
| N |

| 1910 | 1909 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 23,886 20 | 3,836.20 |
| 1,399,940.00 | 348,190.30 |
| 1,645,921.00 | 1,330,089.30 |
| 1,008, 461.00 | 1,073,208.40 |
| 238,334.40 | 583,040.10 |
| 54,763.50 | 248,504.10 |
| 501,353.00 | 1,013,247.10 |
| 4,933,702.30 | 4,600,156.30 |
| deks of Oata |  |
| 175,293,3e |  |
| 1,402,610.02 |  |
| 215,050.10 |  |
| 8,293.14 |  |
| 107,731:24 |  |

## Styciks Barley. Barle Flax <br> $\begin{array}{ll}417,554.00 & 420,571.00 \\ 651,035.00 & 732,386.00\end{array}$

## Canadian Visible

## (Official

## Winnipeg Grain <br> Winnipeg, Jan. \&1. Exchange)

Ft. William . $2,078,598 \quad 542,644$ BaRLET
 Depot II't

Mid. Titin. $1,58 s, 407$ Collingwood. 50,266 Goderich - 348.35 Sarnis-
Ph. Rdeard 108.ze9 I . Cellorge isn, 000 Kingotope Prescott Montrea

Queler. | Queliec |
| :--- |
| 162,056 |
| 400 |
| 153 |

wos, 8 ues $43,018-51,187$ 407,000- 44,000

37,25t 16,505

 | $\$ 15,000$ | 81,000 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $11,00 e$ |  |
| 15,000 |  |

352.640
46,000 S00 st. John, N.II. 735,nes $14,60650,833$ Arthur, Buffalo and Daluth, 3,2pe,009 Tot. visible 18, 837, ,N75 $5,066,734$ last week. i $12,726,574$ Sh1s3,398 939,641 Last year ... $6,5 \$ 5,061$ 3,515,034 136,043

## Comparative American Visible



## Flour

The following are mill prices, per bag: Ooilvie Yuoun Milla Co.-
Mount Itoyal ...
Glenofa Patents
Manitubastrung Bakers
Lake or tue Woops Mative Five Roses
Lakewoud ...
Medora
. 83.05
XXXX … Canabs Fuous Mi.................. 1.
aba Floud Milla Purity
Battle Matent
Maitland Bakers
Hurun
Hedson's Bay
Hungarian Patent.
Strathcona
Stratheo
8.190
8.75
8.45

45 | 3.05 |
| :--- |
| 8.90 | 1.70



## Feed

The following, are prices on mill feed, pegton
Bran Shorts .... Choppe. ..............
Barley, per ton, in sacks.
Barley and Oat.
Potatoes
Quotations still remain at forty cents bushel.

Hay
Quctations on hay are atill maintained
as follow:
Native Hay, No. 1 . ............. 810.00
Native Hay, No. 2
Timothy,
Stockyard Receipts
The (ollowing gives the number of
eattle, sheep and hogs received at the
C.P.M. atorkyards durian the week radiag Jan. 15, asd their dianaition: From C.P.R. points of isis sot Fromin C.N.R.pelats 175 sis Total $\overline{621} \overline{\text { Ete0 }} \overline{504}$ Butclers east this week Cussumed lorally Sheep beld ove:
Butchers from last week
veek" Stockers Weat
Hides, Tallow and Wool
Nerthwest IIide GFur Ce
Grees fruara hyily
Drees Flist butcher hides. ................ Ise. try rough and fallen lides.... is to ise. Tallow, per pousd
Senees Rloot
Woel.
British Live Stock
Liverpool, Jan. 8s-Joha Rogers and Ce. state trade ia cattle is firm and prices are as follows
Cates cattia
IIeifers


Heifer
Hulls

## Dressed Meat

Retail dealers is Wianipet are offering the fallowias prices fur dresued mests Jelivered is good deas shape: Hind quarter lieef Dresied hoge, 18S-130 the Dresued hofs, over toolbs. Heavy Veal
Small ealf, under 100 lbs Dressed lamb

## Dressed Poultry

Wisnipes retailers who purchase direct from the producer quote the following prices per pound for dressed poultry, feet off:
Chickens
Fowls
Turkeys
Turkeys
Ducks
to 15 c
to 11 e
10 e
16 e

## Butter and Egga

The quotations given in Tur Gerbs for these products are those secured from retail merchants in Winnipeg who purchase direct from the farmer. Fop this week they offer as follows for butter and eges laid down in Winnipeg:
Choice Dairy Butter
er ............
Ib. p. .
ays or under)
(lied) New Laid Eges ( 7 days or
Cooking Eggs (Candled).

## Advance in Live Stock

By Bater \& McLea
Stockyarde. Winnipeg. Jan. as
There has been a marked advance during the past week in quotations coming in, but buyers are paying pricts coming ip, but buyers are paying prices or butchers equal to that formerly paid Good butcher steers. Butcher cows. Gobed to choice bulls. Choice calves. $84.50-84.60$ Medium calves
$83.00-83.25$
83
$87-30 \mathrm{c}$
$87-30 \mathrm{c}$
Shoice Neparator $4 \frac{116 . \text { p. . . . ... 27-30 }}{}$


## Swine

Hogs made an advance to 88.50 this week and buyers are offering this price for entire shipments without regard to weight of quality. The demand is more marked than at any time since early fall.
Cboice hogs
Rough sows
88.50
87.00 Stags
$84.50-85.00$

## Lambs and Mutton

Shipments are light and the Jollowing Shipments are light
prices are being paid: prices are bein
87.00 Local sheep
86.00
for export, but not a areat deat, and we may say export demand has been very quirt. The four mills are buying our theat is considerable quantities: in fact. they are taking searly all of the better chipped over the Casecially stuff Berifie Rail. say. This with the demasid from Os. tay, millers, has kept prices fairly steady arie millers, has kept prices fairly steady and gave us a goed demand for our
cash wheat right along. The big im. porting countries are now beine supplied porting countries are now brine supplied a the past have not bees in a condition for milling but in the past two weeks of so. considerable threshing has bees done and farmers have been marketing their grais and this accounts for the poor eiport demand we have had from these countries.
It arems to be considered that the Argentine erop will not be a big factor fin the price-making of the world's mar. kets this year, as it is more than likely that this country will not export a much as she did last year by probably thirty millien bushels. On the ether hand. India has a good crop as has also Australia and Russis, and with the extra shipments from these three countries as well as the extra shipments from Ameri ea (which meant Cansele as well as the United States) the deficiency in the Argentine is far more than made up, and as prices now are at a good high point we do not look for much higher values.
Winter. Wheat in the United States is howevet, a isetor to be taken into consideration. Upito the present time we of this crop but the time is comine of this crop is all probability fet reports of we wuil in all probability get reports of damage to thas Winter Whrat crop prices could very wially to mach higher. On the other hand should this erop continue to shet good promise we should sce loser prices. Wood advise mahint asles of Cash fries. on all of the good strong points of th market.

Oats have ruled steady and have had very little change in price.
Barley has been in fairly good demand with advancing prices.
Flat has had tremendous fuctuntions, and it is useless to predict what this market is likely to do, as flaw might go up 26 cents per bushel higher or it might decline 50 cents and it could do either within a few days.

The growers of the seed that is being introduced into western Canada by the Garton Pedigree Seed Co. Winnipeg will be interested to know that the Garton Co. has offered a splendid trophy
valued at 8100 , for the best two bushels of oats grown from seed purchased from of oats grown from seed purchased from
them last spring. The winning of the cup on the occasion of the fortheomine provincial grain show at Regins, which begins on the asth inst. will not determine its final ownership, as the company has stipulated that it shall be offered annually until it shall have been won three times by one person, when, it will become his
The conditions of the competition are that only grain grown from seed bought from the Garton Co. in the spring preceding the show at which the grain exhibited may be shown in competition for the cup.

The Garton Co. is to be commended for their advertising acumen, and their customers are fortunate in having thi In competition provided for them. In addicion to 8103 , including prize mounting to 8103 , including a 82 Iwo sections of the Provincial Seed Grai Show. The Garton Cup is offered is lass $q$ section 4 , and competitors to this prize should note this fact whe making their entry.

## QUOTATIONS IN STORE AT FORT WILLIAM FROM JANUARY 19-25, INCLUSIVE

| ${ }^{*}$ | WHEAT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | BARLEY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | $1 *$ | $2 \times$ | 3* | 4 | 8 | * | Feed | ${ }_{1}^{\mathrm{Roff}}$ | ${ }_{1}^{8}{ }_{2}$ | ${ }_{2}^{\text {Rej }}{ }_{4}$ | $\left.{ }_{2} \mathrm{Rel}\right)^{2}$ | eed. ${ }^{\text {en }}$ | Repenso | 3 |  |  | Foed | 20 m |  | INW | 1 Man |
| 19 | 102 | ${ }^{991}$ | 97\% | 95 | 93 | 83 | ... | ${ }^{961}$ | ${ }^{95}$ | ${ }^{95}$ | -93) | ${ }^{93}$ | ${ }^{93}$ | 46 | 44! |  |  | ${ }^{36}{ }^{1}$ | 35 |  |  |
| 20 | 102 | $100^{\circ}$ | 98 | ${ }^{95}$ | 93 | 85 | . | 96 | ${ }_{95} 9$ | ${ }_{96}^{95}$ | 931 |  |  | 46. | 44 j |  |  | ${ }^{36}{ }^{1}$ | 35 |  |  |
| 21 | 103) | 101 | ${ }^{99}$ | ${ }_{961}^{96}$ | 94 | 87 86 |  | ${ }^{97}{ }^{97}$ | 95 96 | 963 96 | 94) ${ }_{94}$ | 96 96 | 94 94 |  |  |  |  |  | 351 |  |  |
| 28 24 | 103 | 101. | ${ }_{98}^{99}$ | 96] | 94 | 86 |  | 97) | 96] | 96) | 94 | 96 | 94 | 4814 | 45 |  |  | 365 362 | 35 ! |  |  |
| 25 | 102] | 1001 | 981 | 951 | 93 | 83 |  | 971 | 961 | $961^{7}$ | 941 | 961 | 94 | 47 |  |  |  | 362 362 | 351 | 183 |  |

# GRAIN GROWERS' GRAIN CO. WINNIPEGTMMTCD MANITOBA $\square$ LIMITED <br> $\qquad$ 

 business more strenuously than ever in the present year, and we ask all ourbusiness more strenuously than ever in the present year, and we ask all our
friends to be with us, to send us their grain right along and to advise others
to do likewise. We shall be pleased to forward information regarding market
prospects or the shipping of grain TO ALL WESTERN GRAIN GROWERS WHO
WILL WRITE US. Write us today. Get in touch with the Farmers' Company.
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WILL WRITE US. Write us today. Get in touch with the Farmers' Company.
One Word More. We have MADE GOOD in the past, we intend to push
business more strenuously than ever in the present year, and we ask all our
friends to be with us, to send us their grain right along and to advise others
to do likewise. We shall be pleased to forward information regarding market
prospects or the shipping of grain TO ALL WESTERN GRAIN GROWERS WHO
WILL WRITE US. Write us today. Get in touch with the Farmers' Company.

$\mathrm{W}^{\mathrm{E}}$have pleasure in telling our friends that our records show a splendid response to our solicitations for Grain Consignments in 1909. Our Farmers are loyally supporting their own Company, thus mightily strengthening our hands to champion their cause, fight their battles and win out.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { We look for the same favor and support in } 1910 \text {. } \\
& \text { We can get you TOP PRICE for your grain. } \\
& \text { We look after your interests in every way. } \\
& \text { We have the volume of business which enables us to sell to best advantage. } \\
& \text { Our CLAIMS DEPARTMENT does good work and is at your service. }
\end{aligned}
$$



The gang of FIVE ZINC SCREENS used in the upper shoe for wheat (the top sieve covered with oil cloth) makes it practically impossible for the oats to pass through with the wheat.

The sperial monstruction of the sieves is carried out with the effert alway * it virw of mtaining ther FLAT pmaitum of the witd outs an they will mot gov thmugh the round sieve holes with the wheat. This ruil has lown perfietly attained, and the operatoun of the sieves is invariable. The upper shoe sieves ranger shoter and shorter and those oals that havuen to go through with the wheat fall on lalank iron and start off in a flat position wherh leserns the chance of their going through the lower serewns before they are out on the tuil-lonanl. A their patage over the sereens is shorter each time, they are eventually screened out.

Unlike other makes the "Wonder" includes a gang of four upper shoe zine barley screens in its regular equipment (no extras). It is important that this special barley gang can be used for abnormally large wheat. See the COCKSHUTT Agent.

We cannyt do justice to the many ingenious devices introduced into this machine in a brief notice. Write, us at once for our DETAILED"printed matter, giving the fullest" particulars or see the Corkshutt Agenty hut five minutes' inspection of the "WONDER" doing its work would conconce you that here inderd IS a cleaner that will CLEAN MERFECTLY.

Made in two sizes: No. Q, screens 32 in . wide; No. 1, screns 24 in . wide. We recommend the large size mill (No. g), as its capacity is much lager, and it is quite easy to handle. Nitherican be furnished with a strong practicable bagger of large eapqcity.

## Light Draft COCKSHUTI <br>  <br>  <br> canada.



The whel is attarhed to the axke, which turns with is. The
end axk. hearings and rivitelt to
 ining of the aske. We nee short
axlen which an st at the cornet anple to give the proper pitch and kath $r$ to the wherle. This foature iscos-mtial to a lietht Iraft machine, and cannet te phmained by a con-
timbous asle. By the no of slort
 and draft drill ever brilt.


This Frame is used on all "New Cockshutt" Drills-Single Disc, Double Disc or Drag Shoe. Notice the heavy I Beam carries the weight.
 sag in the centre and hear hravily on the turning conti mons axle. At every revolution of the axbe the weight of the loox and its wontenta has trused, will (traft. By our new method of construction the weight is carried by the heavy I beam, and we are enabled to use shgrt arles and chain drive, which have made our driil the envy of all competitors owing to its lightress of draft and the cunstant true position of the working parts.

## COCKSHUTT PLOLINA <br> CALGARY <br> SASKATOON <br> EDMON


[^0]:    A NATIONAL MOVEMENT The unanimous acceptance by the
    Manituba Grain Growers' Assuciation of the draft constitution of the propose

[^1]:    When writing to advertisers please mention The Guide $=$

[^2]:    Coming as the banquet did, after

