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THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE

| me Chartered Banke |  |
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| BANK OF MONTREAL. <br> (RSTABLISHED 1817.) Incorporated by Act of Parliament |  |
|  |  |
| Rt. Hon. Lorond strathona and |  |
|  James Rose, Esq. Hon. Robt. Mackay. |  |
| E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.A. Macnider, Chief Inspeetor and Supt. of BranBRANCHES IN CANADA: |  |
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The Chartered Banke
Bank of Rritish North America.
Invo porated by Ro al Obar.er.
$\frac{\text { The Ohartered Banken }}{\text { caly }}$

THE MOLSONS BANK. 96th DIVIDEND.
The Court of Directora hereby give notioo that an
Interim divicend free of tincome tax for the half


 carroan on the \#ed dayblof October mext. of exchan ge fixed
 muet bo cloesad durling that peril d.
By order of the Court.

A. G. WALLIS,

No. 5 Gracecharch Ftres ,
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Birchy London, Bank of Montreal, 22 Abchurch Lane, E.C. Alex. Lang, Man.
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." Western National Bank. $\quad \begin{gathered}\text { Nate } \\ \text { When }\end{gathered}$
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Buffalo-The Marine Bank, Buffala
San Francisco-The First Nationa
" The Anglo-Californian Bank, Lto
Montreal, 31st August, 1903.
THE BANK OF IORONTO, INCORPORATED 1855
HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, CANADA
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Reserve Fund $-\quad-\quad 2,900,000$
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WM. H. Beatty, Esq., - Vice-President

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The Shareholders of The Molsons Balk are hereby notified that a Dividend of
FOUR $\triangle N D$ ONE HALF PER CENT, upon
the capifal etock has been declared for the curren hair year, and that the same will be payable of Brance of the bank, in Montreal, and at the Branches, on and after the

FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NBXT.
The transfer books will be closed from the 16 h to the atth September, both days inclusive
The Annual General Meeting of the 8hare holders
will be held at its bankt g house, in this cley, Monday, the 19th of October next, at three o cloc

By order of the Roend,
JAMES RLLIOT
General II anager.
Moutremb, 28th Auguet, 1903
The Americ
The Northern
Rank of Nova
3nffalo:
Orleans;

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Capital Author
Capital
Reserve
John Gow
W. F. Cowan,
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T. H. Mc

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$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Capital } & \text { Author } \\ \text { Capital } \\ \text { Subscri }\end{array}$
Capital Paid-up
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 all parto of the Domindon-wondere it in bees adoweviving medium to Oanado-apuar to all othere combinek, white fle rates to not tintilita hoown semmibuions.
-Mr. John Grimes of the Rossin House, Toronto, has, it is stated, bought the Whatsor Motel, Ottaiva, for a sum in the vicinity of $\$ 25,000$.
-Winnipeg adviees of the first of the week stated that the wheat movement in Manitoba was at a standetifl owing to the wet wenther. The yield is reported to be turning out much larger than estimated
-Mr. William Warnock, of Aylmer, Ont., has sold his private banking business to the Soverign Bank, and a branch will be opened immediately with Mr. H. A. Ambridge, who has been manager of the Molsons Bank there for Afteen yeare, as manager. The Sovereign and the Trader's Banks have each opened branches in springfield.
-Up to e week ago close to 90,000 catthe have been shipped this season from the Port of Montreal. This is not only a record, but is 40,000 more than the total amount handled in any previouts feenson. Before the end of the present season the total number of cattle handled by Camadian railways and Canadian steam. ship companies is expected to be more than dotible that of thy prevtouts your. The marked feature of the increase has been the larger number of cattle received from different points throughout Ontario. The increase has been much greater there than in any part of the weest.

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-The Union Bank has opened a branch at Newboro, Ont., with Mr. G. A. Bagshaw as manager.

Welsh timplate works, employing between 20,000 and 30,000 men, are shut down because of a wage dispute.
-The new proprietors of the Belleville, Ont., rolling mills have a gang of men at work overhauling the machinery. They expect to b gin work by the middle of October.

The Toronto Street Railway Company have be $n$ experimenting with a new antomatic electric switch, which has given

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 EXPORT MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS, BRIBTOL, Hngland. Makers of High Class Candies, and Sweetmeats of all kinds.SPECIALITIES :-IItanzipan Faneles. Bouquet Lozenges Best Gum Goods, Cream Goods, Ec. Ec.<br>Speolal prioes under Canarilan Tarlit.<br>Full prive llote froe on applionston.<br>Tarme: F.O.B. BRIBTOL.<br>Onet egthet till of Inding.

such satisfaction that it will, in all probability, be installed throughout the system.
-Work was begun on the 28 th ult., upon excavating for the foundation of the new rod mill of the Dominion Steel and Iron Company at Sydney. The mill will be a marge one, and work on it will be pushed vigorously until completed.
-The liquidators of the Elgin Loan Company, St. Thomas Ont., have declared the first dividend of 25 cents in the dollar for depositors, whtch was payable August 31st, and añiounce that a second dividend will be given in about 30 days.
-A cable from Sydney, N.S.W., states that the Government has decided to call for tenders from manufacturers at home and abroad for the manufacture locally of sixty to a hundred railway locomotives, estimated to cost $\$ 1,250,000$. Four or five years will be allowed for completion of the work.
-The steamer Pittsburg, of the Georgian Bay Navigation Company's fleet, was burned to the water's edge while tied up ut a dock in Sundwtch, Ont., on Sunday moritig tast. The boat, valued at about $\$ 60,000$, is a total loss. Partial insurance. Incendiarism is suspected.
-The William L. Douglas, the first steel six-mast schooner ever built, was succesffully launched some days ago from the yards of the Fore River Ship \& Engine Co., at Quineey, Mass. The Douglas is 306 feet on the water line, 339 feet 6 inches over all, 48 feet beam, and has a displacement equal to 8,700 tons.
-We learn from Ottawa that Hon. Raymond Prefontaine, after consulting with the local inspector of fisheries, has informed the Fraser River, B.C., canners that he cannot agree to thefr request for the tuforoment of it those manor on the

## R. WHITE \& SON, Widnes, England.

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GALTANIZED SHERTS, BAR IRON. ABRIAL WIRE ROPBWAZS. Steel Ralls of all Seetions. Fish Plates. Bolts. Spikes. Points and Crossings. Steel Sleepers. Wagons for all purposes. Wire Ropes. Pit Hoadinger Sereens. Mining Steel. Pulsating Pemps.


Fraser River from Aug. 29 until Sept. 12. The suspension of fishing operations was sought in order to enable the sockeye salmon to reach the spawning grounds.
-"The Revillion Canada Far North Company" is the name under which a syndicate of residents of Paris and Quebec have secured incorporation. They will deal in furs and pelts, carrying on lumbering, mining, ranching, etc., and operate steamships. They propose to acquire the steamship Mary from the Black Friars' Steamship Company of London, Eng. The capital stock of the company is $\$ 250,000$.
-Hamilton advices state that the suit entered against the Maxey estate by the creditors of the old firm of Maxey, Lawrason, and Goff, railway contractors, has been settled. An offer of 30 cents in the dollar made by Mr. Maxey through W. G. E. Boyd ,assignee, was accepted, and the money paid over. Mr. Maxey's affairs in connection with the Commercial Hotel have not yet been wound up.
-The Consolidated Lake Superior Co., says a Philadelphia letter, has temporarily recovered from its troubles, and will

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Whe mapply these, $38 \frac{1}{3}$ poo, to Oanadisns, meter the 2Vow Eseferential Tarlie.
be reorganized with a capital of $\$ 40,000,000$. In official of the company said:-"We have raised money to pay off the Speyer loan of $\$ 5,050,000$, and we have accomplished this by the formation of an underwriting syndicate. All shareholders, common and preferred, will have to pay an assessment of $\$ 8$ per share or drop out. We expect to get the property at $\$ 8,000,000$, and intend to capitalize it at $\$ 40,000,000$. There will be no 'water' in this $\$ 40,000,000$ stock issue.'
-An Ottawa letter states that the contract with Colombier Borthirs for the establishment of a steamship service between Bordeaux. France, and Canada has been signed. In return for a subsidy of $\$ 100,000$ per annum, the contraosors undertake to put four steamers on the route, and give eighteen trips. If the subsidy is increased to $\$ 133,000$ twenty-four trips will be given. The service will be inaugurated on April lst next and will be effective for ten years. There is a provision that if found satisfactory the service may be extended for another five years, in which case the total subsidy for the whole period of fifteen years would be $\$ 2,000,000$. Mr. C. E. Carlonneau, a returned Klondiker, is interested in the new veniure.
-A meeting of the creditors of George Wilson \& Co., contractors and lumber merchants, St. Catharines, Ont., who assigned to $\mathbf{W} / \mathrm{m}$. Burson, Thorold, a short time ago, was held at
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St. Catharines, on the $28 t n$ ult. The statement presented exhibited nominal assects of $\$ 99,000$ and secur d libilities of $\$ 70$,$93 \overline{\text {, }}$, with unsecured claime of $\$ 28,572$. The Quebec Bank is most heavily interested, with a claim of $\$ 53,664$, for which they claim security, and the principal Toronto firm affected, according to the stat:ment of affairs, is the Gall Lumber Cc., $\$ 4,258.97$. Other firms interested for considerable amounts, include Henry wise, Begy, Sons and Co., Flym Bros., and W. J. Keys.
-British Parliamentary returns have been issued showing the trade of the various British Colonies and possessions, inclusive of bullion and specie with the United Kingdom, othe British possessions and foreign countries during each of these years 1890-1900. In the first named year the Colonies imported $£ 110,976,000$ from the United Kingdom, £33,573,000 from Brit-
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School Boots:-Boy' and Girls'.
ish possessions, and $£ 51,179,000$ from foreign countries-total, $£ 195,728,000$. In 1900 the corresponding figures were £116, $823,000, £ 46,276,000, £ 80,839,000$ and $£ 243,938,000$ respective. ly. In 1890 the exports to the United Kingdom were £85, 276,000 , to British possessions, $£ 33,739,000$, and to foreign countries $£ 68,549,000$-total, £ $187,564,000$, For 1900 the figures were $£ 107,932,000, £ 43,563,000, £ 86,778,000$ and $£ 238$ 273,000 respectively
-The trade returns for the fiscal year ending June 30 last denote what a rapid increase there has been in immigration from Great Britain and the United States to Canada. The total value of settlers' effects which was $\$ 3,740,630$ in 1901

## James Allen \& Son,


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D 8. Inclusive trice, \&4 5
and $\$ 480,381$ in 1902 , last year reached a total of $\$ 6,442,724$ The details are as follows:-


Canada's export provision trade is in a very satisfactory state. Of butter we in 1901 exported a value of $\$ 3,595,663$, produced in this country; in 1902, $\$ 5,660,541$; and in the last tiscal year, $\$ 6.954 .618$. Our exports of cheese manufactured in Canada in 1901 amounted to $\$ 20,696,951$; in 1902 to $\$ 19,686,291$,
and in 1903 to $\$ 24, \bar{\imath} 12,943$. We sent abroad bacon and hams to the value of $\$ 11,778,446$ in $1901 ; \$ 12,403,793$ in 1902, and $\$ 15,906,334$ in 1903 . In each case Great Britain was our larg est customer, the amount for last year in the respective classes being:-Butter. $\$ 6,554,014$; cheese, $\$ 24,620,004$; bacon and hams, $\$ 15,873,739$.
-Ottawa Clearing House.-Total for week inding August 27,1903 , clearings, $\$ 1,921,375.99$; corresponding week last year, 81.499,946.11.

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HE CANADA LIFE'S new business for the first half of 1903 exceeded that of any similar period in the Company's history.

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Montreal, Friday, September 4th, 1908.

THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION ON TRUSTS AND COMBINES

There will not be a few who on hearing that Trusts and Combines have been condemned by American lawyers will say that is an illustration of "Satan rebuking sin." We are not disposed to depreciate their criticism because they might be told "Pliysician heal thyself," for the justness of a rebuke is not lowered by its being applicable to the critic himself. If Satan were to rebuke sin it would be a sign of his proverbial wisdom.
The American Bar Association met last week at Hot Springe, Va., where a report was communicated from

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the Committee on Commercial Law: This committee had come to the unanimous conclusion that industrial combinations ought to be checked. The report describes the situation most graphically as follows:
"The modern combination's primary object is to control trade, and commerce in plain articles of produetion and substitute a more or less perfect monopoly in the place of a more or less free competition. It changes entirely the basic principle of commercial relations between man' and man, and if they are to cortinue to grow

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FRANIS HENDRICKs, Supt. of Insurance. | FRANis hendricks, Supt. of Inburance. |
| :--- |
| Policy holders, $, \quad \$ 54,567,51200$ | Total Payments to Policyholders, $\mathbf{\$ 5 4 , 5 6 7 , 5 1 2 0 0}$ Surplus to Policyholders,

519,712.42

## Union Assurance Society of london.

(Ingtituted in the reign of Queen amere, A.D. 1714.)
Onpltall and Accumulated Finde exceed, = \$16,ee0,000.00.
ONE OF THE OLDEST AND STRONGEST OF FIRE OFFICES.
Canada beange
Dor. St. Jemes and MeG111 Btreets
MONTRGAL
T. L. MORRISEY, Manager.
and develop in the future as in the past will render necesary most important changes in the principles of our mmmercial law. Combination as an economic force is talst coming to take the place of competition. The producers are combining, transportation companies are (mulining, tradesmen are combining, workmen as well *. amployers are combining; everything seems to be coming in some form of combination and everybody serms to be a combiner. The competition that still remains is fast disappearing. Workmen are refusing to 'ompete for jobs. Labor unions are enlarging the sphere III their activity, and extending their operations. The tmion of the employers is still stronger and more fat waching than the union of the workmen.
The report goes on to describe the U. S. Corporation as a combination of combinations. The department store combines the business of hundreds of merchants, some of whom had absorbed smaller concerns. The Standard Oil Co. had embraced the business of 10,000 corporations ly contract or force. The great railways were made up out of combinations of smaller lines. The time is foreGhadowed as possible, when "one organization will comhine all the itdustries of the land, so that the workman who works for wages can find but one possible employer and the purchaser of wares but one pessible seller. The
steps toward the formation of one universal industrin coppration which shall crowd out all other corporations and assume to itself all the industries of the land, have been already more than half taken. It is not so far to go from now to that end as we had to go to reach present industrial conditions.
Some pungent, sarcastic comments are then made on the proccedings of Mr. Morgan, and other monopoiists, and it is stated that, ".ie cannot rely on natmal forces, on the laws of supply :med demand, or on economic considerations to limit the growth of modern combinations. If they are undesiable, if the people of the United States desire to restrain these huge trusts they will have to look to their Legislature, to Congress and to the Courts." The evil having been described with much vigour the report proceeds to suggest certain rennedies such as the following
First.-We can tax combines to death, we can so tax tham as to impede their growth and enlargement.
second. -W'e can compel them to render better service. Congress can enact that any corporation or individual who engages in interstate commerce must furnish its services or supply its goods at lower rates wherever by any combination con.petition is prevented than where competition is left free.
Third.-The State can enter the industrial field and lestore the force of competition by competing with the great trusts.
The rhetoric of the American lawyers is admirable, but, their practical knowledge of business conditions, and what they necessitate and involve is not manifested in their report on thusts and combines. The proposal to "tax to death" a great industrial corporation would receive a round of wild cheers in a socialist gathering but an assembly of ordinary business men would condemm such a drastic course as being a remedy worse than the disease. The lawyers forget that thousands of persons, have their all invested in these Trusts and Combines, and thousands more are dependent upan them for sustenance, provided liy a regular income. Taxing a big industrial corporation to death means inflicting an appalling amount of suffering on famrlies, and the destruction of capital to an extent that would shake the credit of every enterprise in the country
The proposal to "compel them to render better service," is somewhat absurd. How could any legislation compel the U. S. Steel Corporation to turn out better steel, or, the Sugar 'Trust, better sugar? How could a law be enforced requiring goods to be reduced in price if produced by a corporation organized as a combine? Such a law would have to fix a legal standard, a schedule of prices for an infinite variety of goods. Such laws would paralyze trade; would render time contracts impossible to arrange; and would destroy the very competition which was being sought to be restored.

The proposal to have the State go into the industrial field is almost too ludicrous for comment. We fear this clause was inserted in the lawyer's report by some practical joker. On the whole we see no reason to anticipate anything being changed in consequence of the American Bar Association's Report on Trusts and Combines. It only tells us what we all know and suggests remedies for a disease which would destroy the patient.

## FISCAL POLICIES

All readers of history are aware of the changes that take place in the meaning originally attached to old Party titles. The names Whigs and Tories, with their humble origins, which gradually became the distinctive titles of two great political parties in (ireat Britain and Ireland, were fated to develop into meanings so divergent that Tories were evolved (very nearly) into Whigs under a new title, and Whigs marched further afield to find themselves followed by their old opponents until both became divided anew into Conservatives and Liberals, or modifications of these party titles. Thus it has become in a measure also with the old economic terms Freetraders and Protectionists; these distinctive titles no longer describe as accurately as they did during the greater portion of the latter half of the mmeteenth century the fiscal attitudes of those who favour any modifications of the tariff-for-revenue policy of the C'nited Kingtom, or of the tarfff-for-protection purposes of the I niteci states, (iermany, France, Canada and other countrics.
The term Free-Trade does not properiy describe England's policy: tea, coffee and chocolate, which pay an import duty in England, are admitted duty fice by Canada. Beer is heavily taxed in both praces, and no one will contend that the Englishman's beer is not as dear to him as his daily bread; indeed, one has no occasion to go far afield to prove that the former costs him more than the latter-that F'alstaff's bill-of-fare, so far as the proportion of fluids to solid is concerned, has not undergone any remarkable modification during fue flight of centuries. The cheap tankard would be as welcome to Hodge as the cheap loaf. He would hail the alternate impost.
Times and circumstances have changed; what was adapted to the condition and needs of the people in the forties is no longer what is required. It is one thing to devise how best to levy taxes; it is another to consider whether they were earned, or the people able to pay them. At present there are four or five defined fiscal policies in operation throughout the world, and not one of them belongs to the British Empire. The most distinctive of them all is that of the United States of Aurerica: "less powerful, but more scientific and intel-ligent"-as a writer in Blackwood points out-is that of the German Empire: the third, which is self-defensive rather than aggressive, prevails in France and Russia: the fourth, in which the labour interest predominates, is that of Canada, and (in a degree) the other Imperial Colonies. These policies are all of them living realities, not made up from musty text-books and wornout party cries. These fiscal policies are judged by the people from the standpoint of actual results-treated by them as an important part of the experimental science of self-government. Practical people do not measure them by the fiscal doctrines of sisty or forty years ago, but by their own experience from day to day. Whether other people like them or not, they must re-
cognize their existence and their activity in respect of politics and international trade.
Our "kin beyond the sea" have been studying these fiscal policies, especially those of Germany and the United States. As regards the German policy, it is not a little singular that it is in many points a reproduction of the system discarded by the Motherıand in 1846; indeed, it closely tesembles the British tariff of the Huskinson period-about 1822 to 1830. The German navigation laws are a revival of those cast aside by England in 1849 as antiquated, and which she owed to Oliver Cromwell; the Germans owe theirs to List, under Bismarck, the Cromwell of his age. We know that Cromwell's policy raised the British navy from insignificance to the supremacy of the seas; Bismarek's in a single generation created for Germany a navy which carries the flag of the Vaterland round the world in keenest rivalry to that of the country whose fondest boast was that she was "Mistress of the Seas..

Who could have thought even a dozen years ago, after the close of the Franco-German war, that the finest and fastest sicamships on the Atlantic would be the product of (ierman shipyards? that the bulk of the passenger trade between Europe and the United States would be German? that the many wealthy Canadians bound for Europe would prefer the great Deutschland steamships? that in the Indian and the Pacific Oceans German steamships should be cutting into every branch of Britain's colonial trade? and that in every respect-comfort, speed, safety, discipline, and courtesy to passengersthey have no rivals? Ask any Canadian who has tried them all round, and the answer is inevitable. The federation of the German Empire following on the war with France (1870-1) was the beginning of her great prosperity wisely and fearlessly followed out to its great possibilities. The birth of the Zollverein was at the crowning of their then Emperor at Versailles in 1871, but it was by Frederick List, their great modern political economist, that it was conceived and eventually developed. He had long advocated efficient transport facilities by river, canal and rail, under united management; the creation of a German fleet; the founding of colonies; national supervision of emigration; efficient foreign consulates; regular lines of steamships, and the negotiation of favorable commercial treaties. His chief warning was not against France, but against the commercial supremacy of England. "To fight England with her own weapons-ships, colonies and commerce-is the fond dream of every patriotic German; and it gives additional zest to the struggle that England should have thrown aside her natural weapons just when Germany was getting ready to pick them up.'
The modern German economist framed his system 10 suit the needs of Germany, as Adam Smith adapted his great work to England's circumstances at the time. List staked his national system against what he termed the "hottom!ess cosmopolitanism" of free trade. All that he contended for was followed up-all that he predicted would follow have come to passsprung into an existence with a rapidity unrivalled; and what is still more wonderful, is, that the once poor, and perforce thrifty, Fatherland has found the means to pay for all. Instead of resulting as they should have done according to Cohden Club principles, they have enriched her and set her in the front rank of the progressive nations of the world. Let the lesson be heeded.

If the emporiums days this dicating to chases, the we can onl business in what to th that the co in all quar excess of ex linery open traction wh her decorat decorated s of millinery adequate fo by the vast Ontario and linery house the whole D During t to a degree short a term It is not to more numer changes of $t$ was again lo not been dis form a porti models show: large extent, and also tilte are a feature universally ac In trimmin creater of new a consequence variety, of a eye of the $m$ 1 very pret to the right. brown velvet, brown chenill, brown ostrich A handsome of black velv up, high with vet ribbon ties the velvet sho the shape, it i the crown or round in fold pretty toque il outlined with is also shirred somewhat dome well towards t shading into plush is made of chenille-face
respect of lying these $y$ and the $y$, it is not production 1846; inthe Husman naviy England to Oliver under Bishat Cromgnificance ingle genarries the est rivalry s that she

## FALL MILLINERY OPENINGS.

If the crowds which thronged the various millinery emporiums in Montreal and Toronto on the opening days this week are-as in the past-looked upon as indicating to some extent by their presence and their purchases, the business life or inactivity of the Dominion, we can only conclude that, regardless of stocks or bonds, business in Canada is "booming." Perhaps, owing somewhat to the inviting weather, aided by the knowledge that the country generally is prospering and threshers in all quarters showing results of the grain harvest in excess of expectations, extra numbers attended the millinery openings this season. True, Toronto has an attraction which calls upon young and old to come within her decorated gates, and there, we are told, the vast, decorated storerooms, glittering in all that the world of millinery could conceive, were, at times, totally inadequate for comfortable sight-seeing and purchasing by the vast throng of interested callers from all over Ontario and the far West. Montreal wholesale millinery houses appeared to be the centres of gravity for the whole Dominion if one could judge by numbers.
During the past year styles have shown distinctions to a degree seldom brought within the confines of as short a term, for fashion as a rule changes gradually. It is not to be wondered at, therefore, that callers are more numerous now, because, following the radical changes of the last few seasons, something entirely new was again looked for. In this the millinery world has not been disappointed. While the flat shape will still form a portion of the coming season's attractions, the models shown most prominently and which will, to a large extent, supersede these will be of a higher crown and also tilted from the left front. In fact, large styles are a feature of the new shapes, beyond the fact that the universally admired toque will still remain.
In trimmings velvet will play a prominent part. The creater of new shades has not been idle meanume and as a consequence these trimmings will admit, by their vast variety, of a fund of originality of blend by the trained eye of the millinery artist.
I very pretty hat is of brown velvet, worn tilted well to the right. The brim is faced half way with lighter brown velvet, outlined in Greek pattern with golden brown chenille cord. At the left is a cluster of shaded brown ostrich feathers, fastened with a large buckle.
A handsome hat shown is of the wide-brimmed type, of black velvet, faced with chenille, the left caught up high with a cluster of ostrich feathers. Narrow velvet ribbon ties add to the picturesque appearance. While the velvet shows to best advantage drawn smooth over the shape, it is also, being soft and pliable, shirred for the crown or brim of some of the new toques, or put round in folds, etc. Shirring is again in vogue. A pretty toque in violet velvet has the brim shirred and outlined with chenille cord. The crown, which is low, is also shirred at the edge, with the centre left full and somewhat dome-shaped. The left side is turned up high, well towards the back, and is finished with a flat wing shading into greenish tints. Light-weight, long pile plush is made up into many elegant hats, and others are of chenille-faced fabrics. Chenille is a particularly well-
employed material, being used in folds alternating with velvet or plush, to form the foundation of the hat, as a facing for brims, in cords, medallions and decorations generally.

Aigrette mounts are a feature of the season, but fancy feathers, fancy wings, Mephisto mounts and pom-poms are all favorites. Another feature of trimming seen on almost every pattern hat is the "motif," these being in lace, chenille, feather, astrachan and fancy effects, while from the very character of the trimmings the season promises to be marked by a display of buckles, which are showing in great abundance, some of them nine inches in size. They are most effective as to finish. A most attractive model was a large hat in the new metal-grey tone of fancy chenille, with brim facing of velvet, and finished with two large black plumes, and jet buckle. Another large hat was in a chenille mixture of green and black; black wings flatly applied gave a distinctive touch.

## LORD STRATHCONA AT TORONTO.

The Exhibition at Toronto, which has been elevated to the dignity of a "Dominion Exposition", was formally opened on the 29th ult. by Lord Strathcona. In replying to an address he alluded to the first shipment of grain out of the North-West, 27 years ago, which amounted to 500 bushels of red wheat. "That land," said Lord Strathcona, "which yielded 500 bushels in 1876 yielded as much as 120 to 150 millions last year, and gives promises of doubling that amount in the near future." In 10 years' time he predicted that the British colonies would produce enough food to feed the entire Empire. A glowing description was given of the development of Canada from being a land of "trackless forests" to one covered with the homes of a prosperous and loyal people. While in Toronto he was tendered a banquet at the Toronto Club, and had conferred upon him the title of LL.D., by Toronto University. The "World" expresses wonder at his lordship's marvellous vitality and energy. After travelling all night, he next day was the leading figure $i_{n}$ five public functions, at each of which he delivered an address, several of them of some length. After a whole day so spent he took a special train back to Montreal, leaving Toronto at midnight. Few young men could endure such a strain; we do not know one in Canada who could make such a succession of appropriate speeches, all admirably expressed, full of matter and most agreeable in tone. Lord Strathcona seems to have renewed his youth, like the fabled eagle. May his vitality continue to develop!

Lacoste, Chisief Justice of the Come days ago by Sir Alexander Lacoste, Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, authorparties who it is elaimed take evidence in New York of the William Bla it is claimed were defrauded by Morris Bachrack, William Blakeley and Abraham Levy, the Toronto merehants, who are charged with having conspired with George Margolius to defraud his creditors. The case was postponed from the June term in order to have witnesses examined in New York, and is the first sit down in the September term here. The commission, which left for New York, consists of Judge Des noyers, J. J. Lemax, J. P. Cooke, Crown Attorney, S. W. Jacobs, R. A. Greenshields and A. W. Wilks.

## ACTUARIES' MEETING.

The fourth international gathering of Actuaries is being held during the week in New York. Delegates were present from Canada and the principal countries of Europe. The Secretary of Labour and Commerce, Mr. (G. B. Cortelyon, who is an honourary member, delivered an interesting address reviewing the origin, history and functions of the actuarial prefession ats comnected with insurance, whether ure, fire or accident. The Congress, he remarked, in many particularz, occupies a unique position. The relation of the actuarial society to all material conditions of life is fortunate, for it stands on the high plane of impartiality; it recognizes in the broadest sphere of its calculations neither race nor class, nor creed; it encourages thrift; it is the friend of the toiler as well as of thoso in high places of power and aflluence; it carries light and cheer and comfont and dopee into carth's dark places. In all walks of human endeavour competition is keen, and the struggle for position and profit among individual: and among nations is active and unflagging. If the competition is directed into right channels, if such meetings, international in their character, bring together representatives from many countries for mutual interchange of thought and opinion on subjects of general interest, even though in many instances members are competitors, who can doubt their helpfulness and their trend toward better feeling? The members of the congress-a title well chosen-are in the broadest sense representative-representative of the thought and progress of the nations. From the discussions and deliberations will come new principles and new methods in the science to which it is devoted, but greater and more beneficial than these will be the silent influences that spring from the good fellow:hip and better understanding fostered in the friendly meeting of representatives of many of the world's greatest nations.

It will be source of satisfaction to the legion of persons who hold life insurance policies to learn from the consensus of opinions expressed at the congress that the span of human life is to-day longer than it ever was before-that of the ancient patriarchs, of course, exceptcel. As making for longevity three callses were adduced -the increased and more intelligent maternal care during infancy, improvement in sanitation, the progressive and more effective means of dealing with epidemics, and the vast improvement in medical and especially surgical science.

FIRE BUSINESS OF BRITISH COMPANIES, 1902.
Premiums. Losses. Ratio Ratio Comof of bined Losses, Expenses. ratio
p. c. p. c. p. c.

Atlas.
Caledonian.
Commercial Union.
Guardian
Law Union \& Crown
L'pool \& L'don \& Glo
London \& L'shire
Manchester.
Nat'l of Ireland.

North British Northern. Norwich Union. Phoenix Royal Scot. Un. \& Nil sun.. Union.

$\begin{array}{llllll}9,330,000 & 4,898,300 & 52.4 & 33.4 & 85.9\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}4,801,800 & 2,351,600 & 48.9 & 32.3 & 81.2\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}5,381,300 & 2,774,100 & 51.5 & 34.3 & 85.8\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}7,078,200 & 4,428,700 & 62.5 & 30.7 & 93.2\end{array}$ | $13,817,600$ | $7,231,300$ | 52.3 | 34.4 | 86.7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | $\begin{array}{llllll}2,939,200 & 1,671,500 & 56.8 & 34.1 & 91.0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}6,043,300 & 3,278,200 & 54.2 & 34.3 & 88.5\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}2,582,700 & 1,273,100 & 49.2 & 35.9 & 85.2\end{array}$

The above return shows that the British fire insurance companies generally had a moderate loss ratio last year, only two being over 60 per cent., and five of them below 50 , while the average of the others was about 54 per cent. The expenses ratio seems to be increasing. Time was when 30 per cent. of the premiums was the standard, but the lowest in above table was over 30 , 14 of the companies had an expense ratio of over 33 per cent., several over 35 and 36 . This feature of the fire business calls for more attention, as it is not satisfactory to property owners to be called upon for imwreased rates when so large a portion of the premiums are required to cover expenses.

## THE DRY GOODS SITUATION.

The dry goods trade is for once face to face with a problem, regarding the outcome of which the largest dealers have about as much knowledge as the owner of the country general store. We refer to the cotton situation. Canadian cotton manufacturers have not, so far, been hampered by the general shortage of raw cotton, which supply is being held by speculators at prices which have justified many United States millowners in shutting down rather than pay. Yet to a limited supply there must come an end, and with the outlook for the new crop not at all assuring, coupled with the fact that cotton shelves are comparatively bare all over the country, heavy and continued advances seem the only expected result. Cotton goods have been gradually advancing in Canada during the past year or more, fraction by fraction. Only last week wholesale firms received notice from the manufacturers of another advance in prices of leading lines of cotton goods. Awnings, tickings, plain and Oxford shirtings, apron ginghams, plain Saxonies, domets and shakers were all advanced $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{c}$ to $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ per yard; to go into effect immediately. Early in June tickings, some lines of Saxonies, plain and Oxford shirt-. ings, etc., were advanced. The last advance came as a surprise to the trade. Orders by-large firms had been' well placed, so that so far 'as the jobbing trade is concerned it did not materially affect them, except in the case of repeats, so that some who had refused to heed the warnings of the wholesalers to place their orders earlier in the season may find themselves short. The advance was, of course, caused by the higher cost of the raw cotton, which had heen steadily rising since the mills got supplies. Manufacturers have had to pay higher prices since June, and the advance was necessary to enable them to even up on the cost of the raw material. There is talk now about speculation, manipulation, or whatever it may be called, in the new crop, and further advances extending to grey and white cottons are
not regarded as among the most unlikely happening of the near fature.
As showing the situation in the U. S., we publish the following report from Boston: To say that the situation in the dry goods market is serious is perhaps to re peat a truism, but it only faintly expresses the condition of affairs. The continued high prices of spot cotton, which has been pegged at 123 c e since July 31, and the continued and steady advance recently in futures add more and more uncertainty to the situation. That the new cotton will open at very high prices now seems ascured, and though indications and estimates favour a large crop, early frosts may seriously interfere with the prospect. Some of the mills have completed their shut down, others are just entering upon the same policy At the same time, all the mills are curtailing in many ways, the result being to give possibly not more than 50 per cent. of the usual output. This, of course, does not apply to the Lowell mills, which are still wolking on their contracts for fall goods, and which they have covered by purchases of spot cotton. They are said to be about three months behind with these contracts, but are now making deliveries with reasonable regularity.

New business is practically at a standstill, as the manufacturers are not willing to accept contracts, except on the basis of the present price of the raw material. Buyers who want small lots of goods to supply imnsediate wants come into the market, and for such lots as they can pick up pay full prices. They are not ready, however, to pay these prices for later delivery. Therefore the market has something more than the seasonable dulness. At the same time, it is certain that there will be no accumulation of goods; the curtailment of production now going on will take care of that. Instead of any surplus stocks, it is now certain that there will shortly be a shortage in the supply. The mills are offering goods, fout the desirable lines are scarce, and in some cases not to be had at all. Stocks with retailers are unusually small, and it is said that on some leading lines they are depending upon their purchases from week to week. Jobbers, too, have small stocks of some of the leading lines of bleached sheetings and goods of that nature. In fact, it is apparent that the shortage will be most noticeable in staple goods. Of seasonable goods the supply is better, though not large. Some lines are al ready well sold up, and it will practically be impossible, under present conditions, to secure further suipplies. Higher prices seem to be assured for some time to come -well into next year, it is predicted, and the tendency to recognize this is growing from day to day. Buying is of a most conservative nature, and the market, as regards stocks and business, is in a most healthy condition.
-At a meting held at Toronto some days ago final arrange-
ments were completed for a new hotel to be built at Niagara Falls, on the site of the old Clifton House. The financial in alls, on the site of the old Clifton House. The financial inerests will be principally held by Toronto men, although the Kiagara Falls Power Company and several railroads will be represented in it. The hotel will have some three hundred rooms. The directors of the new company are Messrs. W. B. Rankine of Niagara Falls, T, G. Blackstone of Toronto, Fredtrie Nicholls, Alfred J. Wright, Albert E. Gooderham, To ronto; James R. Smith, Buffalo; Charles Crosby, Pittsburg; W. H. Brouse and A. Munro Grier, Toronto. Mr. H. W. Merrill, the manager of the Hotel Royal Palm, at Miami, Flosand Islands managed one of the largest hotels in the Thousand Islands last year, is a prospective lessee.

## THE LATE MR. SAMUEL FINLEY

The death of Mr. Samuel Finley on the 1st inst., came as a sad surprise to his numerous friends. On the return voyage from the old country he was seized with sickness from a chill, but it was hoped that home nursing combined with medical skill would restore him to health. The mischief proved, however, to have been too serious to be removed, and the end came with lamentable suddenness-as indeed it may be said to do even when long anticipated.
Mr. Finley belonged to a type of men to whose business energies, talent and enterprise Montreal owes its rapid development into a great mercantile and manufacturing centre. He was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, in 1825. On attaining his majority he became partner with his cousins, Sir William and Alexander McArthur in the dry-goods business at Londonderry. He went to Eingland in 1854 to superintend the export business of the firm, which was developing with Australia, to which Colony he went and established the firm of S. Finley \& Co., at Melbourne. In 1865 he returned to England, and shortly afterwards came out to Canada, where he joined the firm of Gault Bros. \& Co., with whom he remained until the close of his business career, having amassed a considerable fortune, and become one of our most respected citizens.
He was president of the Canada Coal and Railway Company, and the Dominion Burglary Guarantee Company; also a director of the Molsons Bank, the Royal Kictoria Life Insurance Company, a local director of the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company and a director of the Dominion and Montreal Cotton Companies: His engagements in connection with local charities and educational institutions were numerous He was a member of the Council of Public Instruction of the Province of Quebec, and of the committee of management of the Montreal General Hospital, and president of the Protestant Hospital for the Insane. He was a governor, Honourary Treasurer of McGill University, and took an active interest in many philanthropic associagtions.

He married Miss Emma Gault, sister of the late Mr. A. F. Gault. The surviving members of Mr. Finley's family, besides his widow, are Dr. F. G. Finley, of the medical staft of McGill University; Mr. William F. Finley, wholesale merchant, of Finley, Smith \& Co.; Mr. S. Arnold Finley, architect, of the firm of Finley \& Spence; Mrs. Adams, wife of Prof. Frank D. Adams, professor of geology at MeGill Univerity; Mrs. A. G. MoArthur, of London, England, and the Misses Greta and pathleen Finley.
Montreal may well mourn the loss and honour the memory of Samuel Finley, for his services in extending its trade, and splendid example of a life of diligence in business and earnest devotion to good works.
-A branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia has been opened at Stratheona, N.W.T., and a regular branch of the same bank bas been established at St.Andrews, N.B., formerly at sutb-branch to -St. Stephen, N.B.

## WHAT CANADA BUYS-(53).

We continue publication of a list of the goods imported by our own people during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1902, with the view of afflording information to those of our friends abroad, who may be desirous of opening up or extending business in Canada. This alphabetical list, compiled from the Customs returns, is unavoidably voluminous and will probably run through the greater portion of the "Journal of Commerce" for the current year: it should prove most valuable to those
manufacturers in the United Kingdom and their representatives who would avail themselves of the advantages offered under our Differential Tariff which, it may be seen, allows one-third off the orinary duty on goods of British manufacture expneted to Canada. Any information which, alphabetioully, must recur later on in our tables will be furnished meantime on application to the office of the "Clanadian Journal of Commerce," Montreal. Newer returns show considerable increases:

DU'IIABLE GOODS.-(Continued.)


| Great Britain. . . . . . . .. 488,206 | 32,567 | 13,942 | 1,27i | 319.25 | 461,411 | 30,448 | 5,074.94 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Belgium. . . . . .. .. .. . . 180 | 186 | 180 | 186 | 46.50 |  |  |  |
| Franer.. .. .. .. .. .. .. 3,067 | 559 | 3,067 | 359 | 139,75 | ...... |  |  |
| Germany. . .. .. .. .. .. .. 11,423 | 1,290 | 11,423 | 1,290 | 322.50 |  |  |  |
| Holland . .. .. .. .. .. .. 340 | 40 | 340 | 40 | 10.00 |  |  |  |
| United states.. .. .. .. .. 1,919,754 | 110,766 | 1,817,479 | 110,731 | 27,682.75 |  |  |  |
| Total. . . . . . . . .. 2,422,970 | 145,408 | 1,846,431 | 114,083 | 28,520.75 | 461,411 | 30,448 | 5,074.94 |
| Dry white and red lead, orange mineral and zine white- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Great Britain. . . . . .. .. 3,552.848 | 124,059 | 233,701 | 8,538 | 426.90 | 3,259,280 | 114,351 | 3,811.82 |
| Newfoundland. . .. .. .. .. 212,001 | 4,979 | 212,001 | 4,979 | $248.95{ }^{\text {- }}$ | ...... | ...... |  |
| Belgium. . . . . .. .. .. .. 532,006 | 19.311 | 532.006 | 19,311 | 965.55. | ...... |  |  |
| France.. .. .. .. .. .. .. 1,360 | 30 | 1,360 | 30 | 1.50 | ...... |  |  |
| Germany . . . . . . . . . .. 5,148,368 | 190,086 | 5,158,368 | 190,086 | 9,504.30 | ...... |  |  |
| Holland.. .. .. .. .. .. .. 270.274 | 8,618 | 270,274 | 8,618 | 430.90 |  |  |  |
| United States. . . . . . . . . 5,895,174 | 256,538 | 5.917,174 | 257,869 | 12,883.45 |  |  |  |
| Total .. . . . . . . . . 15,612,031 | 603,621 | 12,324,884 | 489,231 | 24.461.55 | 3,259,280 | 114,351 | 3,811.82 |


| Ochres, ochrey earths and raw siennas- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Great Brilain. . .. .. .. .. 148.632 | $1.533{ }^{\circ}$ | 59,976 | 584 | 116.80 | 86,656 | 949 | 126.54 |
| France. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 331.248 | 2,763 | 331,248 | 2,763 | 552.60 |  |  | ...... |
| Germany . . . . . . . . . . . . 52,542 | 695 | 52,542 | 695 | 139.00 |  | ...... | ...... |
| Italy . . . . . . . .. . . . .. 1,394 | 25 | 1,394 | 25 | 5.00 | ...... | ...... |  |
| United States. . . . . .. .. 446,279 | 3.966 | 446,279 | 3,966 | 793.20 | $\ldots$ | ...... | . . . . . |
| Total .. . . . . . .. .. 978,095 | 8,382 | 891.439 | 8,033 | 1,606.60 | 86,656 | 949 | 128.54 |
| Oxides, fire proofs, umbers and burnt siennas, N.E.S.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Great Britain. . . .. .. . 798,242 | 12.793 | 188,390 | 2,230 | 5 5ิ7. 50 | 612,652 | 10,582 | 1,765.44 |
| China.. .. .. . . .. . . . .. 200 | 18 | 200 | 18 | 4.50 | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| Germany . . . . . .. . . . . . 76,215 | 1,712 | 76,215 | 1,712 | 488.00 | ...... | . ..... | ...... |
| Italy . . . . . .. .. . . .. . 10,032 | 143 | 10.032 | 143 | 35.75 |  |  | ...... |
| United States. . . . . . . . 665,159 | 10,232 | 665,159 | 10,232 | 2,558.00 |  |  |  |
| Total. . .. . . . . . . $1,549,848$ | 24,898 | 080,000 | 14.385 | 3,583,75 | 612,652 | 10,582 | 1,765.44 |



## PREPARATION OF COLONIAL BUTTER FOR THE

 ENGLISH MARKET.The one great difference between the manufacture of Cana dian butter and that made in Australia, says the Colonial Dairy Produce Review, of London, is this:-In Canada, butter is made for rapid consumption and therefore not enough regard is paid to its keeping qualities, while in Australia and New Zealand special care and attention are given to the keeping qualities of all butters for export. In Canada, the Govert ment authorities appear adverse to the use of boron compounds, which, if used in proper 'quantities, are perfectly innocuous to health, if not even beneficial. Their use has now been legalized in the United Kingdom, and they possess marvellous powers of preserving butter from undergoing any deteriorating change for many months. The scientific use of boric acid is the first and most important remedy that must be applied. Another improvement would be for Canadian manufacturers to make their butter drier, as dryness undoubtedly tends to improve its keeping qualities. Oanada, however, has disadvantages which do not exist in Australia and New Zealand, viz., long land transits to the seaboard, but these are not insuperable, and with her grand lines of railways and water-ways it requires only careful organization and proper refrigerating facilities in order that all riske of deterioration of butter during the land transit may be removed. The butter refrigerating-cars on the railway should be regularly limewashed inside, and never used for anything except non-odorous articles, It might also be a great advantage to Western CanFada if Toronto were made the collecting point for the deapatch of butter and cheese to the seaboard. All butter arriving in Toronto should go straight in a freezing store, not an ice store. Cars could then be filled up with butter, and if properly iced, a car load of frozen butter would reach Montreal without rising above freezing point. It would be still further advantage if the railway companies would organize a line of refrigerated steamers from Toronto to Montreal. Butter and cheese would then travel cheaper than by land, and could be loaded overside direct into the sea-going steamer, thus saving handling, and consequently the packages would arrive cleaner and less broken than at present. The temperature at which Canadian butter is carried both on land and sea is' far too high. At sea it should never exceed 20 degrees Fahr., and if it could be carried at 15 degreese Fahr. so much the better. III New Zealand butter is carried at the same temperature as frozen meat, that is, below 20 degrees Fahr. and often below 10 degrees, and it arrives in this country in splendid condition. Even if this low temperature were to cost slightly more for freight, this would be more than recouped by the high price realized on our markets owing to its greatly improved condition and quality. The shipping companies should also to as the Australian and New Zealand companies do. viz., examine the temperature of the butter before it is put on board the steamers, and reject all butter found to be above a fixed standard of temperature, say over 35 degrees Fabr. At the norts of shipment all butter arriving by rail ought to be kept in a frozen store for three days at least before shipment.
The Canadian butter box is not quite strong enough and should be made of thicker wood. The lining of each box with tasteless and odorless parafine wax is an advantage not poscessed by the Australian and New Zealand box, but much of the parchment paper used in Canada is not genuine, and this imitation stuff should be immediately discarded. In New Zealand many of the best factories are using double parchment paper, but with the box waxed inside one thickness of genuine parchment is sufficient.
Shipping Arrangements.- The amount of butter received from Australia last season was so small that it is futile to speak of Australian shipping arrangements. Several of the New Zealand steamers brought as much in one rovage as the whole quentity sent from Austratin turting the season. The adoption of the practice of loading dairy produce at only two ports in New Zealand instead of several; as formerly, has proved of great benefit, especially in its rapid discharge in London. One or two vesnely last season which did not follow the naw ayatem; centred vert prent fnconventence in Tondon. and hundreds of pounds were lost to the owners of the butter through delay in discharging, as the market was falling rapidly all the time. Thie new syatem enables the butter and
cheese to be loaded last and discharged first. There are however, two point in connection with the new system in which improvements might be instituted. It would be an advantage if the coastal steamers had refrigerated chambers in which to carry the butter, and as the new syatem causes the butter boxes to become dirty through so many handlinge, -t would be an improvement if the boxes were covered with calico bags us the Canadian are. The Canadian shipping arrangements, although much improved of late years, yet leave room for further improvement before they can be considered satisfactory. Steamers should leave Canada at regular weekly intervals, especially for such important ports as London and Liverpool, as until weekly arrivals can be relied upon to fill retailers' requirements for fresh butter, Canadian butter will have to fight its Continental opponents-who adopt this systemat a very great disadvantage. Canadian butter should be ship. ped immediately it is made, and the shipping arrangements should be such as to ullow it to go straight into consumption? It has hitherto been the custom in England to buy Canadian butter in the summer and put it into cold store for winter use. When it comes out of cold store it is deteriorated in quality, and its reputation is thus far lower than it would be if it were consumed while comparatively fresh.
Cheese Imports,--The relative positions of our Colonial and foreign countries in the matter of cheese imports are just reversed in the case of butter. Instead of being a seventh of the amount as in butter, Colonial cheese imports are twor and-a-third times greater than foreign, and this proportion is yearly enlarging. Since 1894 Colonial cheese imports-mainly from Canada-have increas d by over 33,000 tons, and foreign have diminished by 13,400 tons. Cheese, however, as an article of diet is not in so much favor as formerly, and consequently the same relative increase in the total imports of cheese, ns in butter, cannot be expected. Since the year 1894 the total imports of cheese have risen from 100,820 tons to 124,500 tons, an increase of nearly 20,000 tons, while those of butter for the same period have grown from 123,054 tons to 200 ,'so tons, an augmentation of over 77,000 tons, or a growth of nenrly four times greater than that of cheese.

- Colonial Cheese.-Canadian arrivals,-Only two of our Colem nies export cheese to the Mother Country, viz., Canada and New Zealand, the former being a very large shipper, while the latter is nearly the smallest of all countries which send cheese to British markets. In 1893 Canada sent to this country 53,643 tons, and for the year ended 30th June last a record quantity of 87,883 tons, which was nearly forty times the amount imported from New Zealand, and was more than double the quantity received from all other sources, the to:al of which reached 41,716 tons.
Canadian Quality.-Never before have the quality and condition of Canadian cheese on its arrival in this country bow equal to what they were last season, although there is still room for improvement; and the extraordinary high prices wh: h prevailed-the highest since the year 1884 -were in no san:ll degree due to this circumstance. Parcels of heated cheese, or of a hot and objectionable flavor, were, if not absolutely, yet practically unknown. The mild, sweet palatable flavor with which the bulk of the cheese arrived brought about a very large consumptive demand, such as had not previously existed, and the success of last season should be one of the most im. portant object lessons Canadian cherse makers and shippers ever received, It has thus been made very evident that if Canadian cheese were to arrive regularly in a more mature condition, and free from the heated and biting character it too often possesses, the extraordinary difference in value between English and Canadian cheddar would rapidly diminish, the Canadian product would be in greater demaud, and would command far higher prices than it has hitherto done. The practice of shipping cheese too new or "green" which, unfor tunately, has been resumed during the last few months, is one that cannot be too emphatically condemned, as it does an immense amount of damage to the reputation of the Canadian product, and the various dairying organizations which exist in Canada could not use their influence to greater advantage than in fighting against this most injurious practice.
Canadian Prices.-The remarkably high prices which prevailed during the spring of this year have not been equalled for nineteen years. From December to May the values were permanently above 60s per cwt., and in April the average for the month wes 71s 9d.


## UNITED STATES FINANCES.

The following has been issued by the banking firm of Henry Clews \& Co., New York, inder date August 29:-Diversions, such as yachit races, vacations, ete., have materiatly checked activity in the stock market. Besides these interferences, it is evident that the big leaders are postponing operations until crop and monetary conditions are beyond uneertainty. Still another catuse of innctivity is that the Street has not yet fully recovered from the severe shock of pessimism by which it was attacked a few weeks ago; while the public, as usual, awaits some positive indication of teadership before venturing with any freedom after such experiences as recently witnessed. Nevertheless, confidence is steadily reviving, and after a perior of sufficient rest it is reasonable to expect both a more active and a stronger market if uffavorable developments do not interfere. It is important to remember that nearly all the forces now at work are either conservative or corrective; questionable flancring being at an and. Recent liquidation has left the market in a somewhat lame and exhausted condielon, but the injuries were local and conditions are daily becoming more favorable to recovery. Wall street, in its final accounting, depends upon national prosperity; and this, fortumately, has not been seriously interrupted by financial ex: cesses. Indeed. the Wall Street collapse, serious as it has been in some quarters, has had a distinctly beneficinal effect in other quarters through foreing a spirit of conservatism in mercantile and imdustrial circles that was much needed, and without which we might have ere long run into a more serious setback than Wall street experienced. Fortunately, bankers, merchants and manufacturers in all parts of the country took early warning from the storm signala sent broadeast from the Stock Exchange, the results being that gineral business is in an exceptionally sound condition, free or overdoing and over expansion to an unusual degree; so that, were it not for the ill effects of labor agitation and the restraining effect of high coste of prodtretion. the buminese ontlook would be unustually roseate.
In spite of drawbacks, however. business prospects are en couraging. Labor agitation is subsiding and coming back to renaon. Capitnl is likely to make amaller profits but the volume of business promises to be large, and our industries are all well employed. Should prices of manufuctured products decline to more normal figures the effect would b advantageous. inasmuch as consumption would be stimulated while ex cessive new competition would be discouraged by more normal profits.
The agricultural situation promises to carry the country safely beyond any crisis. The farmer-whether he grows cottoll. eorm, whent, hanv, live stock or dairy produce-is sure of profitable prices for lis output. Apparently this is not to be a year of big crops, but our agricultural products are not increasing as rapidly as the demand for them, the consequence being high prices and good profits to the farmer. Very likely combines and apectulation have unduly enhanced th costa of meat and cotton, but they could not have done this were the not for the gradual overtaking of supply hy. demana, the effects of which they simply exaggerated for their own finanein advantage. It is many years since the American farmer on joved such prosperity as he is having to-day, and there is every prospect of his having another year of the same sort This means muth for general business.
The monetary situation is still a subject that excites attention. Good rates for money are likely for some months to come, lonns hnve failed to some down from recent high figures in spite of recent liquidation. This is a disappointment and indicates a continued demand for accommodation 'n nigh quarters. Railroad borrowings are known to be heavy but these do not cause' concern, being for legitimate purposes and backed by good eredit. Indications pointed to some of these loans being shifted to Europe for the purnose of relieving the local situation. This would defer gold imports, but our credit abroad was strengthened by our ability to liquidate last senson's loans, and Enrope is much more wiling to give us loane than to take our securities outright. When the crop demands are over. which fall heavily upon this centre in spite of the growing ability of the West to flnance its own crops, this shifting of credits to Europe will probably cease and re
payment of the obligations we are now incurfing will be in order.

For a long time past it has been the fear of the money mar ket at the coming crop-moving period that has terrified Wall street. Now that that apprehension has about worn itself out the early frosts in September are expected by the pessimists to do great damage to the late corn crop. At the present timr, however, the outlook for that product, due to the pred sent growing weather, is most favorable; still, it is the cori erop that is the thing to watch, and, as a matter of fact, is about the only obstacle in the way to an improving stock market. With a good corn crop, an equally good wheat crop and a fair cotton yield, the producers are assured of extrabor dimarily good prices on necount of the needs of Europe for our surplus supplies of all of these products. This country will occupy thereby an extraordinary position in obtaining very high prices for exports as against very low prices for imports of sugar and coffee, which are now at the lowest prices on record, and which cannot fail to give us a very large international aredit bulance for this year. The high prices which the farm res throughout the West and South were able to obtain last year for their products have given them sufficient money to admit of their opening bank accounts, which has been at unknown thing with most of them in the past. This should diminish the necessity for sending during the crop-moving period as large a supply of actual money for that purpose, and will be a feature of considerable consequence in connection with this winter's supply of money in Wall Street.

## the brussels sugar reculdations

At midnight on Aug. 31, English papers say, the Brussels Sugar Convention, will come into operation. That will mean the total prohibition of importations of sugar from Russia, Argentina and Denmark, countries which are not parties to the agreement. Foreign merchants whe hold large stocks are char tering every available steamer so that they may land thei consignments before the act comes into force. And this is why sugar-laden vessels are sailing from all parts of the globe for England, while shippers are hurrying more cargoes into the holds of steamers which will have to race hard to reach here in time. Should the sugar ships of the countries concerned nerive after midnight on August 31 the captains will be compelled to produce a certifiente of origin. Wholesale confiscacation of cargoes will follow.
A London cable of the lst instant says: The Sugar Conven tion, which goes into effect to-day, will make importations of that commodity from Russia, the Argentine Republic and Denmark into Grent Britnin illegal. becanse these countries did not share in the agreement at Brussels, For tuls reason Rus. sian exporters have been rushing cargoes here for the last few weeks, but not in sufficient quantity to seriously affeet the market. Opinions differ as to what influence the convention will have on the price of sugar in Great Rritain. A majority of those in the business helieve it will have little, if any, effect at all events it will onlv be temporary. In France, however it is believed that the convention will have the effect of reducing the price considernbly. The Scottish manufacturing confectioners have raised the price of their confections two shillings per ewt. This action was taken becanse of the abo lition of sugar bounties under the Rrussels convention, whic becomes operative to-day

## sekking to pivert grain trade.

Philadelphia grain exporters have, it is reported, joined with the Baltimore merchants in the movement to prevent the further diversion of the western grain trade to Montreal and other Canadian ports, and a conference will be held in PlilaHelpho this week to devise a plan of action. New York and Boston merchants interested are also to be represented.

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## THis WORLI Ot HASHION

The new fashions for autumn may now be said to be settled and to have arrived．The skirted coat and the long three quarter east，whth whith we hate been futriltar struce the late spring，as well as the corset coat eaught on rapturously，but buyers and millinery and dressmakers who went to Paris in the early summer，says a writer from that centre，were sur－ prised to find that the makers of the modes Parisian had not taken these garments at all into account whin deciding upon the new styles．French women，and English wometh who pride themselves on being dressed by French artists，wi re all wear－ ing either the short Eton or the loose，baggy garments fashion－ ed upon the kimoino or dressing saque order．The Jong－filtted coat was a fashion of which they took no cognizance whatever； it did not enter into their scheme of dressing at all．However， the claims of this coat were pressed with such vigor that Paris has now adopted it with the reekless enthuriasm which char－ actertzes atl her dotngs sartoplal．
Velvets in their many grades and under many names are high up on the roll of fashionable fabrics．The new weaves in these are so soft and sheer that the old－time objection to thetr wetght can no longer be put forth．Many and various are the qualifying adjectives，all int：nded to express the airy nature of the velvet．Velous，mousseline，chifiton，zephyr，ete．， are some of the tittes，and really the fabrte justifles their application．
Receptlon gowns，dinner gowns，ball gowns，are all shown in many colored velvets，while for wraps and coats the heavier grades are fminently suitable，of course these will not be cheap garments，for velvet demands an amount of care in the handling that prectudes cheap tabor，added to whith．if the cut and fit and finish are not in every way absolutely above reproach．the result is more deplorable than if exeented in any other fabrie．
All the mohair and Sicilienne weaves are in high favor，and the new weaves are really beautiful in their sheen and lustre， The entire color card is represented in thene，besides which herks and plaids of various sizes are also to be had．
Waists are to be more on the fitted order than heretofora， the lining carefully featherboned to the figure，but the little Wonse front which every size and shape of figure feminine found so becoming is at last to be banished after a long and allecessful reign．th will disappear but slowly，however，for there is not yet anything in sight which can adequately take is place．Indeed manufacturers report a steady demand for the long－skirted blouse coat．
Skirts，too，are to be longer and straigter and fuller，and masses of sheer material are used in straight breadths to fall in soft folds to the feet．Naturally this mode will call for very light－weight goods．and the new weaves intended to be lade up after this style are almost diaphanous in their tex． ther．Volles atted eoltunes toppenr tulder new names，sichi as ，iffre．lunel．ete．The skirt or drop skirt to be worn beneath all this flufty mass of material must be more carefully fitted than ever．Fashion continues to say＂Hips int＂and in ordef to balantee the slender effect at the hips and waistline a mark－ add flare is dectared at the foot．There bins gust been pitt of the market a novelty in the shape of a linen and haireloth flounce，woven in just the correct curve，and all one has to no is to cut off the necessary lengths，apply it on the drop 4kirt or petticont and the requisite fashionable flare is at－ tained．
Since the corset is really and truly the foundation of the nostume，and the effect of the latter depends almont entirely ＂pon the fit and contour of the former，it would be as well to take a look at what is being sold for us to wear with the new designs．The frst thing that attracts aur attention is that the long，slenger hip is till the accepted model．This de－ sign gives such a graceful effect，to even a clumsy figure that we cannot help but hope that it will remain with us indefin－ itely．From the waistline up，however，we see a change．The hust is rafeed comstarmbty，that thif ts of course tim accord with the dictum that tightly－fitted waists are to be the correct thing．Now，however．with the higher－bust corset，with its long，slender hip，all sorts and shapes and sizes of flgiures can find a suitable model，can lreep up with the procession in

Prashion＇s ranks，and know enelh is loolding her beat while so doine．
The style it hats being largely dependent upon the modes in coiffure，many of those for the coining season are adapted to wear with the low coil at the neek，with which is worn one of the many new hairnets．These have found a very general acceptance abroad．
The Charlotte Corday is one of the new shapes．Pletures of that ill－fated heroine have made us familiar with the style of headgear，but this season the hat is trimmed with more fea－ thers than it was in the days when its sponsor wore it．All the turbans continue good and they will be much used，since they are well adapted to show off the shaded effects in silks and velvets，which are，perhaps，the leading feature of this fall＇s novelties．And this shaded effect is not confmed to hat thaterials；it has reached out and embraced almost every arti－ ele of feminine wear．The new dinner corsages are fashioned of shaded chiffons，the lighter tint being displayed at the shoulder，and the color deepening until at the waist the deep－ est tone is used．These are so artistically dyed that the tran－ sittorn from the one shade to the other is scarcely appreciable； one tone blends so well into the next that there is no divid－ ing line whatever apparent．With these dinner walsts come hats－large hats－with plumes dyed exactly to mateh the color scheme of the waist．The new lavenders and mauves and violets make an exquisite color scheme for such development． and the soft shades of fawn deepening into wood－brown are pretty when livened up with a touch of green．

## THE MASON \＆HAMLIN FAILURE

The Mason \＆Hamlin Company of Boston and Cambridgeport， Massachusetts，whose name has for generations been most pro－ minently identified with the manufacture of church and cot－ tage organs，has been obliged to summon a meeting of their ereditors at the factory on Monday last，A statement read by the assignee showed the total assets to be 轎09，165；total lia－ bilities．\＄286，316；contingent liabilities， $878,976,39$ ，and only about $\$ 26,000$ of the latter will be real liabilities．A detailed statement of the assets and liabilities follows：Assets－Organs and pianos in process of construction． 8170,568 ：money needed to complete pianos，$\$ 00,000$ ；to complete organs，$\$ 30,000$ ：com－ pleted organs and pianos，consigned，$\$ 20,232$ ；loaned，$\$ 24.381$ second－hand $\$ 4,087$ ；rented，$\$ 3.761$ ；total， 859.894 ．Total mer chandise．finished and unfinished，\＄230．432．Receivable and accounts，$\quad$ \＆67．332．New York branch in liquidation，\＄16，842； Boston instatments，刺，610：western branches， 11.738 ：total 4322．051．Deduct pledges to Central National bank，\＄13．786 naking net assets， 8 舸 09.10 n ，which does not include machinery and tools，amounting to 881,380 ，or patents and scales． 820,000 Siabilities－National bank，including Central National bank， \＄70，000；other banks， 881,342 ：total． $\mathbf{~ \$ 1 3 1 , 3 4 2 ; ~ J o h n ~ C . ~ H a y n e s ~}$ \＄10，000：bills payable and notes，$\$ 47,001$ ；merchandlse accounta payable， 447,722 ；wages and salaries due， 816,029 ；Brondway Storage Company（factory rent），\＄6．250；total，$\$ 268,816$ ．Con tingent liabilities， 878.026 ．only about $\$ 26,000$ being real．In an interview the assignce said that Mr．Wannamaker was willing to influence certain financiers to back the company．The factory will be kept in operation．
－We learn from Toronto that a party of surveyors is being brganized with instructions to make a thorough survey of the country in a northwest direction from the present northern terminus of the Teminkaming \＆Northern Ontario Railway， so as to obtain such iuformation as is desirable for the selee－ tion of the best route for the extension connecting with the Grand Trunk Pacfic．The Chief Sngineer was advised that the ronte selected should be one which would offer the bent grades and curves available；that the survey should be through the valley of the Blanche River northwesterly and that the survey ors should make a full report as to the character of the coun－ try throughi which the ronte passed，the nature of the soll and the forest products which the country contains．

## TENDENCHES OF THE DRUG MARKET.

The market for quinine is in good shape. The statistical position is strong and many interested persons look for an advance after the next cinchona bark sale at Amsterdam, which is scheduled for this date. Although an advance or a decline in the price of quinine is a difficult thing to predict, it nevertheless looks very much as if higher prices could be counted on, and it is a practical certainty that there will be no decline, for, although the offerings of bark for the coming sale are considerably over the average, as will be seen by an accompanying table, compiled by the Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter, stoeks of bark in the hands of manufacturers are by no means heavy, and, as there was no bark sale in August, there will probably be an active demand at the auction. The of ferings of bark aggregate 10,889 packages and compare with the quantities offered at preceding sales as shown in the following table:-


Another strong feature of the market is the excellent demand for quinine, which. although it involves very few large lots, is nevertheless of goodly proportions in the aggregate and extends both to manufacturers and second hands. The latter are running very short of stock, a fact which naturally induces much firmness. This is particularly true with regard to Iava quinine. The regular monthly tender of this article which was scheduled for August 26, was postponed until next month, and the dates of the sales during the remainder of the year have been rearranged. The new dates are September 9. October 14, November 18, and December 23. The importc of chinchona bark and quinine during the last fiscal year were considerably in excess of the amounts entered during the preceding fiscal year.

A number of eruds drugs, chief among them being cantharides and lycopodium, oceupy very firm positions at present. Until lately neither of these articles has been in particularly active demand. but the development of a genuine scarcity, not only here, but in primary markets as well, has led to more business and a consequent advance in prices. In speaking of cantharides we refer only to the Russian article, as no definite information regarding the Chinese flies seems to be available. The scarcity, both of cantharides and lycopodium, is due to short crops, and it appears likely that higher prices will prevail in the near future.

An article which should be firm. but which, at present, is not. is ergot. There is little demand at this time, but the prediction is freely made that this drug will command high prices before long, as it ,too, has been a short crop this year, particularly as regards the Spanish product. Another article. in much the same position as ergot. is Valencia saffron, and the above remarks are thoroughly appropriate in this case as they are also in the case of arnica flowers, although there is a little more demand for them than for the two preceding articles, and the market has recently advanced to the level of prices quoted at this time last year.

## DOMTNION CUSTOMS REVENUE

The enstoms revenue for the two months ending Aug. 31, was $87,131,460$, an increase of $\$ 1,201,773$ eqmpared with the same period of last year. For August only the revenue was 83 , 907,767 , an increase of $\$ 581,311$.

The customs receipts at the port of Montreal continue to increase. For August $\$ 1,200,000$ was collected, an increase of $\$ 61,733$ over the same month of last year. During the months of June, July and August the collections amounted to $\$ 3 ; 700$, 000, which is far the largest received in this port. Since July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year, there have been 35,834 dutypaid entries, largely in excess of last year. Mr. R. S. White, collector of customs, says there is no sign of any abatement in the increases, and the outlook is hopeful. Following is a comparative statement of the amounts collected for the eight months of 1902 and 1903 respectively:-
1902.
1903.

January.
February
March.
April.
May..
June.
July. .
August.
Increase for 1903, \$1.951,495.34.
Cattle Shipments.-Last week 3,617 head of cattle and 562 sheep were shipped. During the month of August there were shipped 23,653 head of cattle, 7,521 sheep and 54 horses. Following were the shipments of live stock from Montreal for the last five years respectively :-

Year.
Sheep. Cattle. Horses.
1903.
$\begin{array}{rrr}\mathbf{2 8 , 6 0 9} & \mathbf{9 4 , 1 5 1} & \mathbf{2 2 2} \\ \mathbf{2 1 , 2 5 8} & 43,340 & 354 \\ 31,387 & 45,230 & 343 \\ \mathbf{1 8 , 3 6 5} & 56,406 & 2,842\end{array}$
1901.
1900..
1899.
$\begin{array}{lll}\mathbf{3 0}, 811 & 53,240 & \mathbf{3 , 1 4 3}\end{array}$

## FRENCH WHEAT CROP UNFAVORABLE.

French wheat-growers, particularly those of Normandy and Brittany, are suffering a tremendous disillusion in regard to the present wheat crop. It has been several years since conditions were so favorable at the outset, but persistent and illtimed rains not only have hurt the wheat, but are now interfering disastrously with the harvesting. Many acres of wheat have been ruined before it was possible to gather the grain.
It looked at first as if the crop would amount to $130,000,000$ hectoliters ( $368,330,000$ bushels), said an expert who was sent by the Minister of Agriculture to examine into the crop prospects, but now I should say that the losses to the farmers in the North of France because of the rains will amount to $\$ 60$,000,000 . They are much disgusted with the situation, which is sure to have a considerable effect upon our markets. In the centre of France, especially Touraine, whole fields of wheat were inundated after being cut. In my opinion the crop will not be as large as that of last year, which was nevertheless below the average.
Wine growers also bitterly complain that the downpour of rain, which is spoiling the grapes, and the humidity of the air are developing cryptogamic maladies in the vines after the growers have spent millions of franes to root out such maladies. Statisticians are to make the present condition. of the vineyards the basis of a special report to the Minister of Agriculture.

## DOES NOT LOOK LIKE A BREAK-UP

A Sydney, N.S., letter of the 31st ult. savs: The Dominion Iron \& Steel Company are about to erect fifty more dwelling houses on the new Victoria Road, somewhere in the vicinity of those recently completed on that street. The work of clearing the land for these houses was commenced some days ago.

TWICE the quantity in Fine Blacks and Tans already booked for 1903 Season as compared with corresponding period last year

# The "Oceanic" Boot For the British People. 

 + THE "OCEANIC"Is the most Up-to-Date exponent of GENT'S HIGH-GRADE FOOTWEAR to /Retail at 10-6 and 12-6.
It has always been easy to get fine Boots if you paid a FANCY PRICE. "OCEANIC" Footwear, for the first time, makes it : possible to buy Stylish, Comfortable, Beautiful, Dainty and Durable Footwear for

> HALF-A-GUINEA.

Enquiries from Retailers wishing to know address of nearest Factor stocking these Goods will be much appreciated.

maker, $\mathbf{A}^{*} \mathbf{E}_{z}$ MARLOW, st. James' worke,<br>NORTHAMPTON, England<br>Speolal prioe uinder the New Canadian Preferential Tariff.

## DAIRY PRODUCE.

A private London circular, date 21st ult., treating of the duiry produce situation, says:-Butter.-The abnormally cold, cloudy and wet weather which has prevailed now for a month or more shows no signs of changing and pastures therefore remain in excellent condition. Such a green August as the present is seldom experienced. There is an improvement this week in the demand for Canadian Butter, but not sufficient to influence prices, which remain where they have been for some weeks. Arrivals of Canadian for the first three weeks in August show an increase on the previous three weeks, but they total only $18,973 \mathrm{cwts}$. against 40,354 for the corresponding period of last year. Choicest salted brings 92 to 94s, and saltless 96 to 98 s , but there are many complaints of the mouldy condition of the latter. Australian and New Zealand saltess never come mouldy, because the butter is kept at greatly lower temperatures than Canadian.
Although the last season's arrivals of New Zealand butter nominally came to an end early in May, small quantities have come forward regularly at short intervals ever since. This is all autumn made butter and has been lying in cold store in the Colony. Exaggerated statements of the the amount in cold store are current in the United Kingdom. As far as can be ascertained only about 1,000 tons remain to come forward before the new season opens at the end of October or early in November. Afioat there are 16,400 boxes. Australian shipments of cold stored butter have also commenced to arrive, but the quantity to come is only about one-thire of the amount from New Zealand. There are about 8,800 boxes afloat between Australia and the United Kingdom. The Danish Committee has allowed the Copenhagen quotation to rermain unchanged; although the market is, strong in the Danish capital. According to the Customs returns the total imports of butter from all sources for the last three weeks are over $\mathbf{1 , 1 0 0}$ tons less than for the corresponding period of 1902.

Cheese-There is a good demand without any speculative character for Canadian cheese with spot pricss for white at 50 to 51 s per cwt., and a solid 51s for colored. Very ilittle cheese is available below these figures. C.i.f. quotations, in Canada are 50 s 6 d to 51 s 6 d for both sorts, although Peterborough cheese was cleared this week at prices equal to 52 s c.i.f. London. The total imports of cheese for the last week are 3,776 tons less than for the same period in 1902. Corresponding week, 1902, choicest Canadian sold at 49s to 50 s and finest at 47 s to 48 s .

## THE CAMPHOR MONOPOLY.

The Japanese government is reported to have given to Samuel Samuels \& Co., of London and Yokohama, a monopoly of the camphor industry in Japan and Formosa. An official of their firm said: "For the past three years Samuels \& Company have had exclusive control of the camphor industry in Formosa, and the new arrangement so far as Japan is concerned is on the same basis. The new concession gives the company the absolute and sole right to produce and refine camphor. One result will be elimination of competition in this business. Although we have a monopoly, it will not be the company's policy to advance prices. The price of camphor is high enough now. We simply intend to continue business along the same line as in the past. The new agreement covers the entire camphor industry, the production of crude and refined camphor and by-products."
-London Clearings House.-Clearings for August, 1908, $\$ 3,398,873$.

# L. \& P. UTHLTER \& SON, 

## LIMITED.

Whole ale and Export Clothiers, and Woollen Warehousemen,

> 68, Commercial Street, Spitalflelds,

LONDON, E., England.

We manufacture specially for Canadians, under the New Preferential Tariff, $331 / 3$;p.c. in favour of Canada.
(Cate will be inserted as soon as reoeived。)

## NEWLY INCORPORATED COMPANIES.

The Hamilton Brewing Association, Limited, has received a provincial charter, by which it becomes incorporated with a capital of $\$ 800,000$. The provisional directors are Alexander Turner, H. N. Kittson, James Turnbull, Charles T. Grantham, Samuel B. Cunningham and J. J. Scott, all of Hamilton.
The Sudbury Power Co., Limited, has been incorporated with 9400,000 capital. The head office is at Ottawa, and the provisional directors are Angus W. Fraser, Henry A. Burbridge, William Clark Moodie. Hamilton, and John I. Davidson, Tovo: to.
The Lake Ontario Navigation Co., Limited, of Hamilton, starts with a capital of $\$ 150,000$ and the following directors George Hope, William Clark Hawkins, Cyrus A. Birge, and John Moodie, Hamilton, and Johñ I. Davidson, Toronto.
The Sunbeam Incandescent Lamp Co., of Canada, Limited of St. Catharines, capital $\$ 100,000$, has the following provisional directors: George C. Loveys, Charles S. McInnes, Britton Osler, and Andrew M. Stewart, of Toronto, and Elmer W. Gillmer, of Warren, Ohio
The following companies have also been incorporated:-
The Canada Malleable and Steel Range Manufacturing Co. Limited, capital $\$ 50,000$. provisional directors, August E. Hager Peter J. Meegan, Charles M. Meegan, Albert r. Winkelmann, and James M. Murphy, of Toronto.
The Colonial Development Company, Limited, of Toronto. capital $\$ 50: 000$,provisional directors, James. S. Lovell, Robert Gowans, Stanley R. Wilkie, Ernest W. McNenl and Richard Richardson, of Toronto.
The Consolidated Stores Company, Limited, of Toronto, capital $\$ 50,000$, provisional directors, William Eaerett, Malcolm MeKenzie Ferguson, Henry J. Jones, Edward L. Liedicott, and William J. Smith, of London.
The Neilson-Robinson Chemical Company, Linited, of Napance, capital $\$ 95,000$, provisional directors John L. Neilson,

John A. L. Robinson, James S. Neilson, John F. VanEver and Charles A. Anderson.
The Premier Carriage Company, Limited, of Toronto, capital $\$ 40,000$, provisional directors John M. Kerr, Edgar T. B. Pennefather, George Edwards. Frederick Moran, and Arthur Harper Edwards.
The Safety Fruit Picker Company, of Ontario, Limited, Capital $\$ 20,000$, provisional directors Willis Henry Coon, of Rochester; Charles Ernest Holland, George Alexander Graham, James Henry Widdicombe, and William Thomas McElory, of Toronto.
The Thornbury Gasoline Engine and Foundry Company, Limited, capital $\$ 5,000$, provisional directors Hugh Alexander Carmichael, Duncan Carmichael, jr., and Mary Carmichael, of Thornbury.
The Peterborough Turf Club, Limited, capital $\$ 2,500$, provi: sional directors Jacob M. Brooks, Arthur Rountree, Robert J. Munro, Robert H. Jackson, John Clancy, George N. Graham and Alexander Elliott, of Peterborough.

PRODUCTION OF ASBESTOS IN 1902.
The production of asbsstos in the United States in 1902, acoording to the report of Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt to the United States Geological Survey, recently issued, was 1,005 short tons, valued at $\$ 16,200$, chiefly from the mines at Sall Mountain, White county, Gorgia. The production of asbestos in the United States has never been over 1,200 tons per annum, and when these figures are compared with the amount of asbsstos imported, which is almost entirely of the chrysotile variety, it will be appreciated how large is the demand for this variety. The total value of the imports of asbestos in 1902 was $\$ 762,432$, as compared with $\$ 691,828$ in 1901 , with $\$ 355,951$ In 1000, and with $\$ 312,008$ in 1890 , an incrense of orer 100 per

Telegrams : "Solidity, Northampton."
HรTABLISHRD 1880. F. GOODMAN \& SON,

Abington Street, - NORTHAMPTON, Bnglaind.
-SOLE MAKERS OF-
THE "SOLIDITY"
Men's, Youths', and Boys' Boots and Shoes in all Qualities. - ALSO
"W ALKA WAY," "Unlonease"
"Olvilian."

## -FACTORIES AT-

## NORTHAMPTON \& BOZEAT.

In addition to the above, F. GOODMAN \& SON have always on hand a Large Stock of Factored Conods AT PRICES WHIOH GANNOT RE BEATER.
cent. in the four years. Nearly all the asbestos is obtained from the province of Quebec, Canada. The value of the Canadiun production in 1902 was $\$ 1,148,319$, as compared with $\$ 1$, 186,434 in 1901, with $\$ 783,431$ in 1900 and with $\$ 485,849$ in 1599, an increase of about 240 per cent. in the four years.

THE TONI PNEUMATIC TYRE (Patent No, 26,555, 1898.)

$\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{T}}$ Is the simplest and most easy tyre to attach or detach. Solf gripplng. It is manufactured of the very best material the Kinglish Market can offer. The Para rubber superine is apeolally prepared to stano all extremes of climate It Is fitted to CyalesMotor Cyclen-Car. rlages of every doscription.

Eighteen Months' Quarantee 'with overy Tyre.
F. TONI \& OO,

20 EANWAY STRRIET WORKE, OXAFORD STRMET,

LONDON, W.O., ENG்.
Spectal Rateoto Cautediuan under the sew'tarlit

## FAILURES FOR MONTH OF AUGUSY.

August insolvencies in the Dominion were shightly more numerous than last year and the amount of defaulted indebted ness was very much heavier, but, on the other aand, the exhibit is very much better in both respects than in August, 1901 All commercial failures in August, 1903, were, according to Dunn's Review, 90 in number ant $\$ 840,620$ in amount, against 83 last year, involving $\$ 469,349$, and 132 in 1901 with liabilities of $\$ 1,045,514$. In manufacturing lines there were 23 suspensions for $\$ 518,433$, compared with only 14 last year, when the insolvent debts aggregated $\$ 81,650$. This year there were several individual failures for about that amount; one in iron, one in machinery, one in clothing, one in paper, and a contractor. Trading bankruptcies numbered 65 and involved $\$ 319,195$, against 68 last year for $\$ 386,499$. There were two otner failures not properly included in the principal classes, with liabilities of $\$ 8,992$. As usual, the Canadian returns include no banking defaults for the month.

## Estimating the recent stock shrinkage.

It is estimated that in 1893, on a capitalization of $\$ 4,668$, 000,000 , the mark $t$ value of railroad stocks shrunk only $\$ 1$, $300,000,000$, against a shrinkage this year of $\$ 2,650,560,000$ on capitalization of $\$ 6,024,000,000$. On the basis of representative issues railroad bonds in 1893 shrunk $\$ 567,480,000$ es agains $\$ 500,430.000$ this year. This makes the total shrinkage in 1893, a year of great financial trouble, $\$ 1,900,000,000$ and in the few months of this year $\$ 3,150,000,000$. A bulletin was issued es timating the loss in market value upon thirty-seven railiond et $\$ 1,121,537,320$, and on thirty-one industrials at $\$ 886,537,905$, a total of $\$ 2,008,975,285$.

Telegrams : Ribotine, Leicester.
WATERHOUSE REYNOLDS \& CO.


Corset
Manulacturers,

Brown
Street

## Leicester,

 England. Oir Speciality Boys Sailor \& Canadian Suits in Serges, Tweeds \& Valvets in Great Variety.

## -

Patterns sent free of charge or Sample Parcel sent on receipt of $\$$ ra or trade references.
Specially adapted for Colonial trade

## write

E. BERGER \& CO., FAmOUS works.
Ruitland St.,
EMGLAND.
P.O.8. Londonior LAvospool.


## WORLD'S GRAIN CROP.

Budapest, Hungary, advices state that the annual estimate of the world's grain crop, issued by the Minister of Agriculture, set the wheat crop in Hungary at $41,226,700$ metercentners (a metercentner equals 440.92 pounds), compared with $46,507,000$ last year. The deficiency in other cereals is about the same percentage. The report strikes a balance between the re quirements of importing countries and the available exporting surplus of the other States, indicating a deficiency amounting to $13,270,000$ metercentners in the world's grain crop.

A TEN CENT RATE FOR WHEAT.
A Wimipeg report of August 31 says:-The C. N. R. to-day confirmed the statement made some time ago that a 10 -cent rate for wheat would go into effect to-morrow. This means that wheat will be carried from. Winnipeg to the lakes for six cents a bushel. The farmers of Manitoba are much elated.
-London Clearing House.-Clearing for week ending Auguat 72, 1808, 8058,703.

# HUTCHINS \& MAY <br> LIMITED. 

## BRISTOL, تng. And STAPLE HILL.

## REGISTERED OFFICES:

23 Portland Square, - BRISTOL, Eng.

## CONFIDENCE at sault ste. Marie.

The following statment as to the likelihood of the works of the Lake Superior Consolidated Company closing pending reorganization was handed out some days ago by Mr. Coyne, ussistant to the president of the Lake Superior Consolidated
"There is no possibility of the works shutting down; all of them at present in operation will continue to operate and the work of getting non-operative ones in shape to operate will be pushed as rapidly as possible. All industries at present in operation are making good profits."
There is no uneasiness felt among the business men of the two "Soos" regarding the situation. They are unanimously of the opinion that reorganization is the best thing that could Happen the Consolidated, although the failure of the bond issue will necessarily delay the commencement of operations for a few weeks. The future of the company, and consequently the future of the Twin Cities, looks brighter than ever. The citizens have the utmost confidence in President Shields' management and feel that within a few weeks the company will be able to go ahead with their projects with satisfactory results.

RAILWAY TO JAMES BAY.
As construction and colonization continues northward, nothing is, apparently, heard of the severity of the climate, or its tendency to retard either comfort, growth or cultivation. At a conference held Saturday in the Mayor's office, says the Toronto Globe, between Mr. W. H. Moore of the Mackenzie \& Mann Co. and the members of the Board of Control Mr. Moors said that, as representing the Toronto \& James Bay Railway Company, he desired to secure the co-operation of the city in securing from the Dominion Government assistance to build the railway. The board decided to actively support all measures looking to the construction of such a road, and Ald. Oliver and Burns were deputed to go to Ottawa in the interests
of the proposed road. Mr. Moore says the company propose to build 450 miles from Toronto to the proposed Grand Trunk Pacific, so as to be ready to exchange traffic with that road as soon as it is in operation. The northern section to James Bay will come after.
The resolution passed by the Board of Control states that the line is to be constructed from a point at or near Toronto to a point on the new trans-continental railway, crossing the Canada Atlantic at or near Parry Sound and the Canadian Pacific at or near Sudbury. The company was incorporated in 1895, and already has a short line connecting Parry Sound and the Canada Atlantic. A subsidy has been voted by the Dominion Parliament for 60 miles and by the Province for 157 miles.

A considerable portion of the proposed new line has already been surveyed, and, during the past week, deputations from Parry Sound, Burk's Falls, and from the farming country between the Magnetawan and French Rivers, have been at Ottawa urging the Government to aid the line. The promoters of the project point out that there is a large district lying between the Georgian Bay and the G.T.R. North Bay line in need of railway facilities, since at many points farmers have to haul their produce forty miles for shipment.
-That the Fruit Marks Act is being enforced throughout Canada will be learned with pleasure by all who are honestly inclined. The following news item from Hamilton speaks for itself:-A young fruit dealer from near Paris, Ont., offered "faced" fruit for sale on Central Market yesterday, and six baskets of peaches which he had on sale were seized. At the Police Court he was convicted of offering for sale fruit that was all right on top of the baskets, but much inferior in the bottom, and he was fined $\$ 6$ and costs. He said it was not his fruit that he had on-sale, and he declared that he was innocent of the "facing." Superintendent Fill of the market said numerous complaints had been made to him by market patrons. hence he decided to take action.

## Leggings!! Leggings!! <br>  <br> The Puttle Legging. <br> High-Class Leggings, <br> in all Patterns and from <br> all Classes of Material.



The Pattle Legging.


The Anglo-Indian Legking.

## Pig-Skin, Tan \& Antelope,

 Calf, Tan Brick, Smooth and Grained Hide.

The W. W. Legging.
The Colonial Legging-Front View.

L. Watkin \& Sons, wewirgoroby!

TORONTO CUSTOMS DUTIES.
Collections of duty at the port of Toronto show a remar able increase over previous records. The total duty collected for Augu-t was \$ $\$ 86.282$, as against $\$ 664,100$ in August, 1902 . an increase this year of $\$ 122.182$. The amount collected in 1902 showed an increase of $\$ 77.617$, making the collection this year \$09.099 over August, 1901. The amount collected in August, 1896, was $\$ 359,564$, so that the increase since that date has been $\$ 423, i 18$. or more than 116 per cent. in the seven years.-The duties collected at Toronto Junction for

August amounted to $\$ 9,115.15$, an increase of $\$ 5,687.26$ over August of last year.

## POOR SHOWING FOR CREDITORS.

How a retail dry goods business aould pile up debts well on to a hundred thousand dollaps with a showing of stock invoicing $\$ 14.000$, will cause the average dry goods merchant to shake his head and think a while. He may get to

Te egraphio Address: "INDUSTRIA, BRIsTOL."

## Betty Brothers \& Co



Sole Manufacturers extra light, easy-fitting Silk Hat. Pliable Consol. Price Lists upon application.
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dealers in d failure is 100 The liabiliti The assets amounting $\$ 400$. E. F The late T. which was roing to his 1885, was re 1897, a surp T. W. Fair advanced. the dollar. lingwood; Montreal; K
Kissock, Mo

The custor just closed $t$ 1902, an iner ceipts of Ser venue for the port. The re ures are for year.

## J. R. Bousfield \& Co. HIMITED

 — Molloxale Clathing Mannfactures
showe


The Finest Beapole Pranufteturers 381 p.o. in

in Ingland, for the Oansedian Slarkot, tavour of Oanada.

## THE COOL SEASON.

The cool summer throughout the north-eastern portion of the continent, especially the New England States, has seriously checked the growth of vegetables and, to some extent, fruit also. Table corn, accounted such a lexury by our Amert can cousins, which usually ripens about the beginning of August, was not edible along the north Atlantic coast even on the first of September. It was havilly fit for fodder. The canneries everywhere are short of their usual supplies of the various kinds of vegetables, so that a havdening of prices is not improbable.-The attendance of guests at summer hotels has been unusually thin for the same reason, and many of them, especially those which had been undergoing expensive improvements of late years, will likely have voceasion to repent of their enterprise at the close of the season.

## ANSWRRS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Inquirer, Kingston.-The St. Lawrence Rall, Cacouna, Que., recently burned, has changed hande several times of late. A

Mr. Chipman of Quebee purchased the hotel from Samuel Waddell of this city some ten years ago, and, in turn, sold it to a resident of Quebec, name unknown. The hotel, when destroyed, was owned by a joint stock company, the principal member of which was a Mr. Stocking of Quebee.

Frsanclit.
Montreal, Thursday Evening, September 3, 1903.
The House of Commons gave a majority of 46 in support of the Bill to give effect to agreement to build the Grand Truak Pacific. There will be a length of time elapse before any expenditure will commence of an extent to affect trade generally, but, when construction work begins in earnest there can be no doubt that there will be a considerable demand for goods hoth home made and imported, whltoh, let tin hope, will keep the tide of prosperity ruming on for some yoars longor. The Dominion Iron a Steel Co., whid thal Dominilo Oonl Od, are divoroed. What inmachal arrangomente have been made
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# CATTELL BROTHERS. 

# Avenue Worke, KHTTERING, EMNLAND. 

Export Manufacturers of Gents BOOTS \& SHOES, in Box Calf, Black and Tan Glace, Tan Willow, Brown Calk, \&c., in Goodyear Welted, Fair stitched, Standard Screwed and M.s. work

## Curermon Derea.

has not been revealed, but the shares of meither concerh have been advanced since the companies separated. The whole coun try hopes the froh and steel Works at isydncy will proapen, but there is all uncomfortable impression abirohd that the enterprise has been too much regarded from the ibare apecolation atand point, and too little from that of a great manueucturim ili dustry that demands a high type of expert, mechanicar? skill and great experience in malking froll and gateel to be os spicoess. A mah may be a great genius ais al flnamicial mamipulation, and yet be grossly incompetent to have any bit whatever in the management of an iroh and steel industry; a taet which seems to be very little understood where it ought to be thoroughly realized. The American Oan Oo., with its 88 milliohs of espital, has declared a divident of b eg per cent., the trot shice tit wais organized over two years ago. The profts last year are reported to have been slightly over one per cent, 8 peb,7h, on a capital of $\$ 02,465,000$. So much lor one Trust company, whote preferred stook to entthed to 7 per cent! To bo "ontitled" to a dividend and to get it are difterent matters. The railmay carnings continue to increase, yet there is a widespread opinion that the highest point has been passed of tuade activity. There is no prospect, however, of any marked deeline, but enough symptoms to suggest eaution and ecomomy. Consols, $901 / 4$. The local stook market is stagnant, but a firmer tome is developing and more activity wouhd soon set it were the signs favourable, as there ts athetp of molley reidy for operbs tions. Paciffe has been selling at les to lett/ Doeninton Oont 84 to 85 ; Dominion irom, preferret, 31 to 32 , and common $0 \%$; Heat \& Power 75 to $751 / 2$; Twin City 98 to $83 \%$; Toronto Street 99 to $891 / 2 ;$ Montreal Street 240. Bank shares eut no figure at present. Pavis, exehange on london, 25t ithe; Berlin $20 \mathrm{~m} 37 \% \mathrm{pf}$. Money th London tis at the bottom price. Harvesting is in full swing, and crops promise to yield well. Foreign exchange, sixties, $8 \%$, and demand $0 \%$. Money rates nchanged, with no prospect of ease for a length of time.

## EETABLIENED IB74.

GEO. AINDER \& BROS.

## Home, Foreikn, \& Colonial Bool \& Shoe Mlianufacturers,

 Lemrence Hill, - BRISTOL, England.Ploase see samples of our Leading Linet andjuage the Value we ofter,


Bast Value fop Wholessle Buyers the ino Trade. ROB. at any Engitsh Port.

The followheg to a comparative table of atock for week ending Sept. 3, ato mpplied by Charles Meredith \& OO., Stoek Brokets, itontreit


Miveelhaneolus.

| On, Pae. Railway Oo.. .. |  | 187\% | 124 | 144\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Miontreal Street Railway | 12 | 840 | 239 | 8884\% |
| Montreal Power Co.. | 1828 | 75\% | $731 /$ | 108 |
| Toronto Street Railway | 38 | 00\% | 99 | 188 |
| Toledo Railway.. . . . | 65 | $9{ }^{3}$ | 28 | 37\% |
| TWwin City Transit... .. ... | 045 | 04 | 88 | 188\% |
| Richelietu Ont. Nav. Oo. | 05 | 88 | $81 \%$ | 1207\% |
| Oommercial Cable. . | 80 | 161 | 151 | 178 |
| Montreleplione. | 40 | 168 | 157\%/ | 165 |
| Montreal Cotton..... | 95 | 116 | 115 | 10 |
| Dolm. Ooal, eommon. | tet | 85 | 70 | 143\% |
| Switeh, pref.. ... .. .. .. | 8 | 96 | 96 | . ... |
| Detroit United Illec, Ry | 31 | 70 | 681/2 | 95\% |
| Iron \& Steel, com Ditto. | 285 | 10 | 01/4 | 73\% |
| Nova Scotia. | 181 | 32 | 50 | 100 |
| Sova scotie.. | 75 | $831 / 8$ | 88 | 1131/2 |

## El Padre Needles

to ognte.

## VARSITY, <br> - osme.

The Beat craars that money, skill and mearly halif a oentury's experienee ean produce.


## POR IMMEDIATE SALEI This IMPROVED CRANE

To Handle E Tons at 16 ft . Radlus, Free on Ralls.

EXHIBITED AT THE WOLVEREAMPTON EXHIBITTOM,
Jessop a Appleby BROS.(LEECESTER \& LONDON), LTW.

HOMEST BRITISH AWARDS FOR CRANBS AT PARTS,1878,1880,8:1000

## London Btoam Orano Worke, LETOET Ten, Ene

2E Wallorook, LOWDOH, E.En Eng; Oable: "Jassop, zDTONSTME,

## Bonds

| Montreal street Ry.. | 300 | 1031/2 | 103 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nova Seotia | 2000 | 1091/4 | 1091 |

CEMENTK.-Inquiries for a lot of 4,000 brls, are being made, but the deal has not been closed. Good trade is re. ported in a jobbing way. Receipts for week ate geo brle. Einglish rement, 3,150 bris. and 11,500 bags Belgian and Ger. man cement, and 70,900 firebricks.

## MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Thursday Evening, September 3, 1903.
Warmer weather is keeping visitors at the summer resorts, while delaying the trade in fall dry goods often perceptible by this date. Values hold firm in many commodities. Cheese is much higher. Butter shows a slight advance. Eggs are dearer. Flour holds firm at the recent advance. Drygoods are advancing owing to the cotton shortage. A heavy break, however, occurred in the New York market to day. Hardware prices are unchanged. Harvesting is in full swing in the Western wheat belt, and yields are promising much beyond earier predictions.

BUTTER.-There is considerable more firmness existing in the market and large sales were reported during the week, mostly on local account for speculation. Export orders coming in show nothing to warrant an increase, as English markets are not responding and buyers there refuse to order at the advanced price, so that all these purchases are going into cold store, with expectations of a better market heter on. The activity and movement seem to be largely at country points, and are caused chiefly by competition between buyers. Sales are reported of finest creamery at $191 / 4$ to $191 / 2$ c, under qualities, $181 / 2$ to 19c. In dairy's there is little or no improvement to report, there being scarcely any export demand. Lroeally trade is exceptionally quiet. Selects are quoted at $141 / 0$ to 15 c ; under grades, 13 to $13 \%$.

CHEESE.-A strong market is reported, with an extra demand passing for export. Finest Western is quoted at $10 \% \mathbf{e}_{\text {, }}$ with Eastern $101 / 4 \mathrm{e}$ to $101 / \mathrm{c}$. The tendency is still in favor of buyers, and higher markets are looked for in a few days. Peterboro, Sept. 2.-A case of bidding $1 / \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{e}}$ higher than afterWards settled for was ventilated, and the guilty party begged off on promise. After considerable discussion this whet altowed.

## THE "PREMIER" STITCHER Ferms


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apple grow favorable, and have freestone, Plums-Ca small crate sell at $\$ 2.5$ Apples-事1 300 size, ${ }^{3}$. *3. Banar $22-q t$. boxe 30 c each; 1 pineapples, case, 84.50

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## MHN'G BOOTS and SHOHS;

 Tartix, P.O.B., Bondon or Etverpool, Bend for our Zow Blat

20,000 ; other B.C., rivers, sockeyes, 9,000 . Columbia River, 50,000 less than in 1902. Alaska pack about normal. Total pack fully $1,000,000$ cases less than 1902 and $2,000,000$ less than in 1901. Beans are reported as likely to be a very short crop. English hop growers predict a partial failure of hop crop there owing to damp weather.

LEATHER.-Trade, locally, is rather quiet, though small parcels are moving regularly. Export trade keeps up well. Prices steady.

LUMBER.-Unsold stocks in the West are smaller than usual at this season, and the outlook is for a steady demand at firm prices. In pine lumber the demand is running to the lower grades, but this must be taken as a favorable factor, for the disposal of the comparatively small percentage of upper
which is now produced causes manufacturers no anxiety. If prices are to advance in relation to the demand, higher prices for box lumber may be predicted, for the call for this grade is unusually heavy. By many it is believed that hemlock lumber will make new prices in the near future. it is going into consumption so rapidly as to warrant a readustment of prices on a higher basis. For stock two inches and thicker there is a very active demand. The supply of lumber other than pine is still short. Dealers have been large buyers of elm and have picked up basswood where it could be found. Maple is also selling more freely. The different markets supplied by the Canadian product are in a healthy condition, with little probability of a curtailment of buying power for some time. Should an abundant crop of grain be harvested in Canada and the United States, it will in all probability be reflected in a strong lumber market.

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## BELLS. IIIOIOATORS. TELEPMOESS.

Correspondence is invited from well-entablished houses in the Dominion, respecting agencien.

OILS, PAINTS, ETC.-While linseed oil and turpentine are both firm in price, quotations are unchanged from last week Trade is rather quiet. Paints are steady.
-London, Ont., Notes.-Manager Sharpe of the Dominion Express Company, say that the shipments of early fruit this year exceed anything ever known in the business of the district. This refers chiefly to the Leamington and Erie Cistricts, where there has been a great abundance of peaches and other fruits. The transportation people have been kept soing night
and day handling the traffic. This year, Mr. Sharpe says, the shipments will treble those of last season.-Farmers in this section are deploring the rain of the past week as the cause of the ruination of many a good crop of oats. Probably one fifth of the whole crop is still in the fields, and the rain has made it next to worthless. Most of the crop is cut, but is still standing in stooks. The tomato crop is also suffering for lack of warm, sunny weather. There is an abundance of tomatoes, but they do not ripen.-Threshers who have been operating in this vicinity say the grain crops are very heavy. Wheat yields 50 bushels to the acre and barley as high as 70 bushels. Oats in some cases have straw enough for 80 bushels.

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## GAPE TRADE specially catered for. HAND MELTED Fspbciflty.

 WHOLESALE ONLY.-A valuable discovery of a superior Perhaps the most gratifying feature of important part in the world's history seam of hematite iron ore was, according Mr. Carnegie's donation is the accompany- but nothing could be further from the ago on Long Island, situated about tweelv ing letter of transmission. This is re- facts. Great Britain and the United ago on Long Island, situated about twelve markable for the fact that it does not States have had any number of dis.
miles west of North Sydney. In the im. contain a miles west of North Sydne $g$. In the im- contain a single condition, limitation or putes, almost any one of which might
mediate vicinity there has also been dis- qualification. The gift is covered a rich deposit of red ochre, used qualification. The gift in the been considered sufficient warrant in the manufacture of paints.

## ARBITRATION.

Andrew Carnegie has given away $\$ 10$,000,000 in the effort to live up to his theory that the man who dies rich dies disgraced, but no one of his gifts has attracted the attention aveorded his donation of $\$ 1,500,000$ for a Palace of Peace in or near The Hague. Hitherto the sessions of the international peace tribunal have been held in the House in the Woods, not because that was an ideal building for the purpose, but because there was no other place available. The powers of the earth had taken advantage of the hospitality of the government of Holland when they accepted the invitation of the Czar of Russia to organize an international court of arbitration, but they had not gone through the little formality of buying a building in which to meet. Indeed, after the court became an established fact nothing in the direction established fact nothing in the direction
of securing a permanent home was done, of securing a permanent home was done,
with the logical result that Queen Wilhelmina's ministers have deen sorely put to it to find a council chamber for the delegates. It will thus be seen that Mr. Carnegie's gift in every sense "fills a a long.
land's draft for the amount will be hon-
ored, and Hollond ored, and Holland will put up such a
building as in her opinion will best conbuilding as in her opinion will best conserve the convenience of the delegates. Naturally Holland will also be the custodian during the interims between the sessions, and it goes without saying that she will reserve from the $\$ 1,500,000$ given by Mr. Carnegie a sum sufficient to keep it in proper repair.
Already it has been urged that Mr Carnegie's gift is more quixotic than practical. In support of this view it has been pointed out that the international arbitration tribunal has so far accomplished very little, which is quite true. On the other hand, there has been no op. portunity to do more. But the submission of the Venezuelan dispute to arbitration must be regarded as a triumph of the methods of peace over those of war. It is true that actual war preceded the agreement to submit the matter to The Hague court, but that fact only serves to emphasize the victory and the value of the international tribunal, for it will not only decide all points as issue bewween Venezuela and the allied powers, but will also pass upon the validity of the contention of thase powers that their laims take precedence over those of the other creditor nations.
The impression appears to be renemal that arbitration has not played a very
for war. In some cases the meuteness of the situation was relieved through the ordinary channels of diplomacy, as when President Cleveland so unexpectedly "called England down" for her attitude toward Venezuela in the boundary dispute. But other matters have progressed beyond the limits of diplomatic settlement and have been satis factorily adjusted by arbitration.
The great trouble with arbitration hitherto has been that the umpire selected usually has been the president of the monarch of some country. Eith er this man was certain to have lean ings toward one of the purties to the controversy or he knew nothing what ever of the points at issue. In the former contingency his decistun was apt to be unsatisfactory, and in the latter it was likely to be absurd. Most monarchs when selected as arbitrators sim ply turn the matter over to their legal advisers and have nothing more to do with the business except to sign the findings. This is bad enough, but it is not half so bad as when the ruler takes his selection seriously and proceeds ,despite the fact that he does not possess the slightest knowledge of international law, to settle the case out of hand.
A noteble example of this sort was the decision of the late King William

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Holland, Wilhelmina's father, who nalized the close of the war of 1812, great lakes and the St. Lawrence river. ": 1 s asked to arbitrate the dispute be- three commissions were held to decide This was arranged by dividing the watwren the United States and Great vexed points. The first had to do with ter equally.
limain over the northeastern boundary. the possession of certain islands in In 1842
His finding was politically and geo- Passamaquoddy Bay. The Urited States question, left in on and northeast boundary graphically impossible.
some notable instances in which arbi tration did what diplomacy had been inadequate to effect are the following:
The United States first experience with arbitration occurred in 1793 ove the identity of the River St. Croix mentioned in the treaty of peace with England as the boundary between cer tain portions of this country and British America. There were one American and one British répresentative. These appointed a third, a Britisher, and the commission finally decided in favor of the English contention.
Under the treaty of Ghent, which sigwas particularly anxious to get Grand by tion, left in an unsettled condition Menan. The commission of three-two erlands, was fixed by the Webster-AshAmericans and one Englishman-gave burton treaty, by which the United this government several small islands, States sustained a loss of several hunbut awarded to Great Britain the much dred square miles of territory as comaoveted Grand Menan. The second parei with the king's award. commission under the treaty of Ghent The next boundary dispute between dealt with the St. Croix river matter. England and this country came near reAfter six years of surveying and argu- sulting in war. It concerned the boundment the commission reported that it ary from the great lakes to the Pacific was unable to agree, and the entire ocean, Oregon at that time including matter was referred to the king of Hol- much of what is now British territory. mat with the absurd outcome already Diplomacy was efficacious in settling mentioned. The third commission un- most of the differences, but the ownerder the same treaty had as its principal ship of San Juan island remained in work the fixing of a boundary between controversy until the Emperor of Gerthe United States and Ganda along the many, to whom the matter was refer-

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red, decided in favor of the United States, and those of Great Britain in seventy- attitude during the civil war. Then Arbitration was also responsible for five cases. th. Halifax commissioult took up the the settlement of the indemnity for The fur seal controversies were set- matter of the fisheries about Nova Sooslaves taken by England in the war of tled by arbitration, as was also the tia and Newfoundland and disposed of 1812, but as late as 1853 there were still conflict over the fisheries near Nova it satisfactorily to both governments. remaining unsettled between the two Scotia. Indeed, the latter in 1870 The Alaskan boundary dispute was countries 115 matters. The historical reached such an acute stage that the last of importance between the London commission was appointed to thoughtful men were of the opinion that United States and England. This, like settle these claims, and Joshua Bates, a war must result, but the treaty of most of the others, was important more Massachusetts man, who had become Washington, signed in 1871, did much to because of its value in demonstrating that the head of one of the largest banking relax the tenseness of the situation by powerful nations do not have to resort firms in England, was chosen as um- disposing forever of the northwestern to war to obtain their rights than bepire. His decision upheld the conten- fisheries matter and the Alabama cause of any great isgue involved. The tion of the United States in forty cases claims, resulting from Great Britain's thing, however, which more than any

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FLOYD, KIGHTLEY \& CO., Nimimion it
other helped along the prineiple of ar-
PATENT REPORT.
bitration was the treaty entered into between Lord Pauncefote and Secretary of State Olney, by which perma-
and expert, Temmle Building reports Neaud, Montreal, Quid nent arbitration between the two coun- the following patents granted to Uan- Ont, shingle cutting marpine; Messrs, tries was provided for. The other na- adians last week:-Lung and voice de- Desjardins \& Michaud, St. Pierre, Man., tions looked on askance, and it was veloper, Peter E. Nichol; carbon-copy clothes-pin; Messrs. Desjardins \& Michdoubtless this treaty, which prompted letter-book, Geo. Spence; nut-lock, D. J. aud, St. Pierre, Man., bed; John H. the suggestion of the Czar, which was Thorne; T-square-clamping device, Geo. Grimm, Montreal, Que., sap-spout; Jas, of the permanent arbitration court at Dunt, et al; mech; root-puller, A. E. Sutton Henderson, Parrsboro, N.S., larThe Hague.

It is true that scores of controversies Cairns; needle-glide mechanism for sewhave been arbitrated by European coun tries, though many of them have anbse minc for railway-switches, $H$. BeaucheBu al; automatic railway signals, H. cision of the umpire, but the foregoing Below will al
are cited because the United States has recently watent always stood for the peaceful solution ment through the agen thus addressed the students of the soMarion, patent attorreys, Montrea, ciety's summer school recently:- "How ters , in adidtion that, Canada, and Washington, D.C. Informa- the world does move. Frfty years ago, ters relating directly naturally of greatest interest to us. be supplied free of charge by applying to would have been hooted as the idea of
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a dreamer or visionary. The business was the brains and manhood of the country capital and equipment that nature and then only beginning to take its first fee- than there is at present in life assur- training have given him.
ble steps toward public recognition and ance; and I welcomer ance; and I welcome you to our ranks as the founder解

Enlarging upon the qualities desirable gllests we are gone forward by leaps and bounds until toward the increase of small measure tinued:
it can be said that there is hardly a sin- manard In the struggle upward to the heights gle interest in the country that ranks manhood already in this important field. reached by great men in any profession, Now it is of greatest importance that a effort is vain without enthusiasm. To be it in magnitude and importance. Still young man should determine early in life enthusiastic means to be wide awake. It for for to know in what di- is not only interest, but intense interest;

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nce, nine times out of ten, between mis- places in your experience ms a canvasser. sage, the philosopher's stone, the end of erable failure and triumphant success, is It takes in the situation at a glance, and the rainbow, and the pot of gold.
the difference between half-heartedness prompts you to advance or retreat, to The quality of industry was dwelt upon and whole-heartedness. Impress every one strike while the iron is hot, or wait for by the eloquent speaker with especial to whom you talk on the subject of life the seed to grow, as the case may be. I force. From the lengthy and convincing assurance with the belief that you feel have again and again seen the man of arguments in favor of this essential we every word that you say. Let every fibre moderate abilities, by the use of this quote a few gems of thought
of your being thrill with love of your weapon, carry off the prize that was be- The capital qualification in securing work and desire to be successful in it. yond the reach of his moru brilliant com- success in the field of lire nssurance is As to the cultivation of tact, it was petitor. In fact, tact may be said to be indefatigable industry. If it be true that said among other things: the art of using moderate abilities to ad- necessity is the mother of invention, it Another quality that you will need in vantage. necessity is the mother of invention, it
is doubly true in the field of life assurthis business is Tact. This is perhaps but Tact will enable you to sut every Gor- ance that industry is the mother of sucanother name for common sense, prompt- dian knot that you cannot unloose. It cess. In this celling, as perhaps in no ing you to do the right thing at the right will keep you from running up against other, the hand of the diligent maketh moment. It is the great weapon of the windmills in your work. With it you rich. Seest thou a man diligent in life diplomat; it is diplomacy itself. It car- are usually master of the situation, and assurance, he shall stand before kings; ries you successfully over the roughest all things are yours, the Northwest pas. he shall not stand before mean men. I

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wish I could to read the every week. ginger into Scotch eall work than that I know life are usua of ordinary of hard wor umphs than high road to old highway effort.
And here 1 that the tend is greater in other. I ha and energy of full-blooded i the point of vating influen

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wish I could get every life memarance agent knswiwh it is, but the tendency to indo- thought or theme. The maxim of Solon to read the Proverbs of Solomon over once lence is one of the banes of the business; was, 'Know thyself'; that of Pittacus every week. They will pit more fire and and, as a manager, I find that it is only was, 'Know thine opportunity,' while that ginger into you, and give you what the by the application of a series of uplifts, of Periander was, 'Nothing is impossible work than any other pieoe of literature that men are kept agoing. The man who will improve it you have yemius, industry Work than any other pieoe of literature that men are kept agoing. The man who will improve it; if you have none, industhat I know of. The greatest results in enters this business strung with a deter- try will supply its place.
life are usually achieved by the exercise mination to do his best, and who keeps There are other elements in industry, of hard work may be traced more tri- or fifteen years, deserves out for ten such as patience, perseverance, the imumphs than to anything elsu. The great among the heroes of industry. high road to human welfare lies along the If like the dyspeptic hero of Locksley want to drive it home upon you with all old highway of steadfast and persistent Hall, you are longing for those 'summer the impact of which $I$ apon capable, that effort. here let me warn you, isles of Eden lying in dark-purple spheres without the power of sustained and conthat the tendency to lag, or relax effort, life asurance. But if the song of your you will never succeed in life assurance. is greater in this business than in any soul is 'Better fifty years of Europe than Go at this business in the way the Roother. I have often seen the strength a cycle of Cathay,' there is no more stren- mans went at the work of romi-building. and energy of the most highly $:$ strung and uous life than that offered in this busi- They projected their romds upona mathe-
full-blooded in a corps of agents wilt to nes. full-blooded in a corps of agents wilt to ness. You know the seven sages of matical plan, inflexible in direction, on vating influence of the business. I do not and three of them are pertinent to our through hills, filling up valleys, bridging

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stream and stopping at or for nothing.
An exhaustive dissertation on the ne cessity of courage as ah element of suc. cess, included the following gems of thought:
The next qualification that you want
is Courage. One of the things that makes a man $n$ quitter is lack of cournge, and
you may set it down ns unalterable ns
clients. Often and often I rang the door
bell of a man's house, hoping inwardly,
while I stood waiting for a responce, that 1 gone to a man's
 might be out. It was harder for me to and he permits any anthing. seen the most himself not we are told he gathered muster up courage to talk to some men trivial, to interfere with his keeping this Derbe, and returned again to Lystra.

## HART \& LEVY. Ltd. <br> Wholesale <br> and <br> Erpert

Olothing Manufacturers
than it would be for me to talk to a gra- appointment; and the faithlessmess of Innting class in a ladies' seminary. My mankind, and partieularly these having feet sometimes got cold, and my knees any dealings with assurance men, drives thook, and a clammy perpiration oozed you to the verge of madness, or to the hom my skin, so that very little life was giving up of the business altogether. It保 as I got rarther along in takes nerve to win in the field of life and I think I any andion again you have nywhere, and to any one. Now, gentle. po screw your courage to the sticking men, you have got to face difficulties. point to keep from absolute breakdown. One of the finest examples of courage that I know of is that of the Apostle it Yestra. You haye read the story of his and disapporetmont. and poxtiont and
 quest of these enemies of your success, at Lystra they wanted to make him a " go to sen a man again and again, god, but it ended in his being beaten and 1 he is not in. You make an appoint- stoned, and cast out of the city for dead. .

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## AR

thlessness of those having men, drives is, or to the together. It field of life in you have the sticking breakdown. of courage e Apostle at story of his ember when nake him a beaten and ty for dead. rough treathis mission. Did he rest gathered to Lystra


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to you as your mother or sister, your friend, whose cause you will ehampion, and whose homor you will defend agatust all comers. I know there are other good all comers. I know there are other good
companies, but I say, after twelly years companies, but I say, after twenty years us a manager, that there are none better. 1 know its ways will not always suit you, and you will be tempted to say again and again, 'I can do better elsewhere.' 1 do not sometimes know how to account for some of the actions of the society; und I sometimes get mad, but my madness is always short-lived and I reason myself out of my rage by recalling the fact that if I oceupied the standporat of the officers, I would see things entirely different. Of one thing be assured, that if you cannot suceeed in assurance in the ranks of this company you cannot succeed anywhere. , There is no support that can be faiply agked that is not yours; there are no weapons needful for your success that the society is not willing to give.
Finally, I would urge upon aspirants to a successful career in life assurance a determination to be indepenetent.
One or two things more, let me urge upon your attention. If I were going into this business, I would go into it de termining to be independent. There is no man living could tempt me to take an advance or a salary for any considerable time, or any money in any way until 1 had earned it. I am satrified that, for the most port, the advancement of money to a man is a curse. Many and many a good agent have I seen ruined 'by advances, and the strings of his energy cut until he was ebsolutely not worth his salt. There is no disguising the fact that in proportion as life is made easy to a man, the development of his manhood is retarded; and the less men feel the pressure of necesaity, the more likely are they to lose their grit. In England they say the surest way to kill geniius is to pension it. Many and many a brilliant literary career has been killed by the national admiration thet prompted if government pension. Of the strongest forces that drive men to work, none are stronger than necessity and ambition; and the former is by fer the stronger of these forces. Money earned is usually a testimony to a man's character and capacity; but money borrowed or advanced is often a testimony to the want of both.

WOLFSKY \& CO., LTD To treep pace with the steady growth of refinem pace with the steady growth One might expect this to cover a wide the toundness and superb finish which ings around heme before travel aibro world are association with the outer could be undertaken, and, beyond all, vorld are supposed to bestow upon thorough knowledge of what should eom-


Col. M.-J.-T. Ingram, Chairman of Messrs. Wolfiky \& Co., Ltd.
that portion of mankind farozat plete the outititings of the person underwith financial plenty, has been and taking a journey. The first, requisite will continue to be the aim of all those of course would be a travelling in the front rank of the various branches bag, a fltted case or dressing. bag, of manufacture which have, in any way, a trunk, liat cases, hand bags, ete., to do with the make-up which is indis- such as would "have and hold" all the penaible to complete the necosaries' of minor as well as the principal artiles

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are $381 / 8$ p.o.

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Mr. R. G.
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## Sellers' Cream Blacking

Entirely Supersedes all kinds of Paste and Liquid Blacking,
This new Prepsration comblines the essentlal properties of Boot Cream and Blacking, and may be ased for every description of Black Leather. Boote and
Shoes-licluding Box Calf, Glace Kid, Patent Lleather,

It is entirely free from soid, and Patent Leather, \&co., with great advantage. does not perith the leather or dentroy the all injurions properties-therefore does not periah the leather or dentroy the siticohes of the properties-therefore
Boacking.
It dries quickly - produces a brilisiant jet black-does not clog or crack in
use-renders thie leather soft and elastlo-le not affeoted by rain or damp-doe than any other kind of Blaoking. is more cleanly, convenient, and economical It any other kind of Blaoking.
It thaves an immense amount of time and laboir, as Boots and Shoes dressed with this Creem Blecking, retaln their polish for, several days, and ouly need freshness.
and amooth as this Dreasing ordinary Calf Leather Boots become nearly as bright
It is livaluable to Lailes and Travallers, and amooin as Patent Leather in a ohort thme.
avallable for all klads of Black Leather. Travelers, as it is cleanly avd easily applted-lnetantly produces a britiant ahtne-and ie
One trial will prove its value and Importance.
TO OBTAIN THE BEGT RESULTS FOLLOW THE SLMPLE DIREOTIONS ON EACH TIK
In deoorated Air Tight Tins apecially sultable, for Export, GOOD-PUSHING AGKNTS WANTED, PuII
ar $38 \%$ ppos if desired on application. Those goods aresuperior to those made in America, and under the Fill Fxport Price List INVENTORS AND SOLE MAKERS:
JOHN SEHLERRS \& OO, Manufacturing Chemists, 11 Glerkenwell freen, LOMDpI, Bigland.
needed. On such a question volumes,might well, if on this earth you can be fitted fitted cases of every description, which be printed, suggestion after suggestion out at all.
might be given, but after all was said and Messrs. Wolisky \& Co., Ltd., are well
written the whole might bo summed up in known throughout the Unted


Mr. R. G. FitzGerald-Uniacke, Secretary and General Manager.
the one remark:, Messrs., Wolfsky \& Co. to all dealers in travelling goods, as being Limited, of Southwark Street, Lon- the principal manufacturers of Gladstone don, Eng., can fit you out completely and bags, trumks, matohele, dresaing bags anid
tact and thorough ladapribility, to the wants of the travelling public could conceive. "Best British Bags" is the proud motto of the house, and that this is not an empty boast is proved by the unrival led reputation they have gained
The firm of Wolfsky is not of recent date, but has enjoyed many years of gradually expanding business, until of late they have beoome recognized as leaders in all that modern ingenuity ean bring forth in this line of goods. Were such firms to have long since been content with the presumably complete lines of former decades, simply pinning their faith to careful manufacture and close selling, the world would not have advanced in this regard, and it would have remained for the more exacting and fastidious to cry out: "Something still more complete than this dressing case outit, or this trunk, might be produced were time and tact sufficiently devoted." Yet far from permitting such to be heard, the ever energetic managers of the firm of Welfsky \& Co., London, Eng, have so far outstripped even the farthest desires of the travelling public in respect to such outfit tings that the latter have many times sonfessed that this firm's productions are beyond their best conceptions.
To give an idea of the perfection to which Messrs. Wolfsky \& Co, have brought this line of manufacture, we reprint from the firm's catalogue (part 2) the description and contents of one of their gentlemen's suit cases:-26-inch finest polished walnut crocodile case, with eight corners, two best loeke, three handles, lift-out ends, and lined with walnut crocodile to mateh. Containing solid silver square shape fittings as follows:-Soap, tooth brush, nail brush, and two tooth powder cases, two perfume bottles, flask with bayonet cenp, playing card and visitting card cases. Sill-ver-mounted case with nickel travelling watch and aneroid. Two lerge coneave military hair brushes, cloth and hat brushes, comb;" glove stretehers, boot fooks and paper linife of finest ivory.

## Hetablished 1859

$\square \square$
(Late T. \& J. JONES)
 Brougham street mills, Leicester, England.

Large crocodile writing book, box mirror satchel, $t$ e firm of Messrs. Wolfsky \& Co, dressing cases, ete., so low as to command with plain and magnifying glasses, strop Ltd., manufacture, each and all are sub- steady trade and constantly increasing case, jewel box, razor case containing seven ject to the closest inspection, and cuetom.
best ivory razors, and cutlery board fit- are sold at the very lowest prices. The elaborate illustrated catalogues pre. ted with corn knife, sporting knife, thre consistent with quality. This firm's pared by the firm will be mailed free to pairs of scissors, and four piececs of rut immense output makes them buyers all interested, by addressing Messrs.


Mr. H. J. Atkinson, Assistant Manager.
lery. Silver-mounted ink and light boves, of raw materials in very large quan large army strop, ivory tooth, nail and tities, thereby enabling them to secure the shaving brushes.
From such an outfit, suitable as a wed- much less cost than otherwise. This large-
ding present for the multi-millionaire, ly accounts for their being in a position to down to the smallest and simplest hand quote prices on trunks, travelling bags, users, but by its enduring perfectness res

Telmgrape Address: "Prando,"
\& Son,
-MANUFACTURERS OF-

## Elastic Welos.

All business commanications to be addressed to the firm.
that has been freely said of it by English
lieves the min slightest doubt the hoots or sh ant "vening, re other injurious
ers \& Co., of 11 don, Eng., are m tors of the arti desirous of esta
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The length of time the public will be content to walk abroad with boots polished by a substance which retains its gloss but a few hours, or until the first road dust settles on it and eats away its surface, is measured by the length of time it takes to remove the doubt al. ways apparent in the human mind regarding an untried article.
It certainly seems strange that in the matter of polish for boots and shoessomething which reveals the character of the wearer at every step-there should be the least hesitation about trying an arcle which not only at ouce upholds all


## T. K. BELLIS'S, Real Turrle Soup \& Turtil Jelly,

For Invalids, Travellers, Dinner, Supper Parties and Luncheons, will often save a valuable life Easily Digested, Sustaining, Nourishing and the best food for Iuvalids, in fact unless Turtle
Soup or Turtle Jelly have been administered, it Soup or Turtle Jelly have been administered, it cannot be said that the utmost has been
done for the suffere.


These preparations are guaranteed to be the product of the Anes; Imported Live Turtle, and vastly superior to
any forms of Meat Extract. any forms of Meat Extract.
The Soup is put up in pint tins, price, $5 /$ - (exsectly half the price usually charged) and In Class Flacons, 7/- The Turthe Jelly is sold in $2 / 6$ glass bottles, ready for use. ists, Grooers and Stores; or ach package rrom Che be addressed. and stores; or orders and remittances oan

The T. K. BELLIS TURTLE CO., LImfed,
15 Bury Street, ST. MARY AXE, LONDON, E.C. Eng.

By Royal Appointment to the late Queen Victoria.


## the firm.

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to command y increasing
talogues preailed free to ing Messrs. 1-113 Southo ige, London,

## 2UETTES.

ufactory of ockton, Cal. ensive plant from screencoal preparsphalt from ess of maks not been Pacific Oil e of these satisfectory it has been f briquettes economy of of heat obheat ob

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lieves the mind of the user from the slightest doubt as to the appearance of the hoots or shoes worn for the full day othe injurious settlings. Messrs. J. Sellers \& Co., of 11 Clerkenwell Green, London, Eng., are manufacturers and proprietors of the article in question, whd are desirous of establishing an agency in Montreal for the sale of their leather preparations in Canada.
The world has, nevertheless, long been looking for a preparation at once handyi anil stceessful in maintaining a suitable poli-h on boots and shoes. That this has beell all along considered lacking is proven fon devices which have the market-and upon newith but very rimited success: "tent" leather shoes and enamel leather vowerl been introduced, each with the want, but while these makes universal want. but while these makes are sold
care needed in their behalf in order to are now manufacturing a cream blacking have their polish preserved, which even which all who have used are loud in praise the careful wearer does not always show. of. It possesses, they say, all that was Thus it is that until very recently the lacking in boot and shoe polish since the public had to submit to the humiliation morning Noah got stuck in the mud on Which only too often and too regularly the top of Mount Ararat as he emerged attaches to the wear of a pair of boots, from the ark. This polish, we are told, the surface of which reflected almost assists rather than injures the leather, like a mirror on leaving home, but chang- and after its application holds true to ed to a linre-stone grey or muddy due be- its calling for days, the mere rubbing Fortunes with a cloth bringing out almost instantly Fortunes have been lost because of the full gloss which may have slightly the want of polish on a pair of shoes. faded after a full day's exposure. Such Suicides have been indirectly traced to a polish is certainly a boon to humanity such needs; but the bootblack alone has Such a polish, we are told, is now being made hay. The shoes he polishes in the made exclusively by John Sellers \& Co, early morning wend their way to him at the above address,

> ere noon hour and again toward evening, Here is what the makers say about not because of no vigor on his nart.. hut. it. not because of no vigor on his part, but it:
because the blacking he uses has but a Sellers' cream blacking entirely super very limited reflection-a brilliant but sedes all kinds of paste and liquid black Messrs. ing. This new preparation combines the Clerkenwell Green, London, E.C., England, blacking, and may be used for every des-
C. SMITH \& SONS,

Forest Gate Shoe Works,
ANSTEY near LEICESTER, encland. Boot and Shoo Manufacturers
For Canadians under the New Preferentlal Tariff.
cription of black leather boots and shoes -including box calf, glace kid, patent leather, etc., with great advantage.
It is entirely free from acid, and all other injurious properties-therefore does not perish the leather or destroy the stitches of the boots like ordinary blacking.
It dries quiekly—produces a brilliant jet black-does not clog or crack in userenders the leather soft thd elastic-is not affected by rain or awmp-does not rub off or soil the dress-and is more cleanly, convenient and economical than any other kind of blacking.
It saves an immense amount of time and labor, as boots and shoes dressed with this cream blacking retain their polish for several days, and only need occasional rubbing with a soft dry cloth to restore their original brightness and freshness.
By using this dressing ordinary calf leather boots become nearly as bright and smooth as patent leather in a short time. It is invaluable to ladies and travellers. as it is cleanly and easily applied-in-

stantly produces a brilliant shine--and is available for all kinds of black leather. One trial will prove its value and importance. To obtain the best results follow the simple directions on each tin. In decorated air tight tins specially suitable for export. Good pushing ugents wanted. Full export price list and samples if desired on application. These goods are superior to those made in America, and under the new Canadian tariff are add mitted at a reduction in duty of $331-3$ per cent. John Sellers \& Co., manfacturing chemists, inventors and sole makers, 11 Clerkenwell Green, London, England. Write for price list.
The Boot and Shoe Trades Journal:"Sellers' Dressings provide the trade with reliable articles. Buyers and exporters should see the latest introductions and write to Mr. Sellers for particulars and price lists."
The Shoe and Leather Record:-"We have tested Sellers' Boot Cream and Dressings and they fully justify the claims set up for them; it is not sumprising that they have found a large sale in home and shipping trade."

## KENT \& CO.,

"Barges, Loridon. Telograms


City Billiard Works,
Middlesex St., LONDON, J.O., Mngland. Manufacturers of every desoription of Billiard Tablos and Acoessorlen, for Canadians ander the New Preferential Tarif.


Manufacturers of the most improved.

## cranes

for Canadians under the New Preferential Tariff, of $33 \mathrm{t} / 3$ p.c. in their favour.

Wiges
"LIFTING," LRICEBTTER.

Sellers' Perfect Polish (C.eam) produces a brilliant surface not affected by damp. Tan Cream for brown leather boots and shoes. White dressing for glace kid, patent leather, etc., boots and shoes. Black polish for box calf and glace kid, etc., boots and shoes. No. 1, large flat bot thes, with metal top cork, per gross 54 s . No. 2, medium flat, with metal top cork, per gross, 33 s . No. 3 , smaller flat bottles, with metal screw tops, per gross, 27s. In 1 doz. boxes. Can also be had with wire and sponge attached to cork at 3d per dozen extra.
Sellers' Lily-White Cream, for cleanning and whitening buckskin, white kid and canvas boots and shoes, military belts; etc., No. 4, large flat bottles, with metal top corks, per gross, 48s; No. 5, medium flat bottles, with metal top corks, per gross, 27s. In 1 dozen boxes. Can also be had with wire and sponge attached to cork at 3d per doz. extra.
Sellers' Russian Cream (Paste) possesses and imparts the odor of Russian leather Brown, white and black, in the following sizes:-6. Extra large glass jars, with metal screw caps, per gross 90 s. 7. Large ghass jars, with metal screw caps, per ross 54s. 8. Medium glass jars, with me tal screw caps, per gross 48s. 8a. Small squat jars, with metal screw caps, per
gross 27s. 9. Large square jars, with metal serew caps, per gross 48s. 10. Small square jars, with metal serew caps, per gross, 24s. In 1 doz. boxes.
Sellers' Special Cream for box calf, glace kid, ete. Sellers' special cream meets all requirements, and is superior to any preparation yet introduced for these goods. 11. Large glass jars with metal screw caps, per gross 54s. 12. Medium jars with metal serew caps, per gross 48s. 13. Small jars with metal screw caps, per gross 24 s . In 1 doz. boxes.
Sellers' Cream Blacking. A new preparation entirely superseding paste and liquid blackings. It combines the essential properties of boot cream and blacking, and may be used for box calf, glace kid, patent, and all kinds of black leather boots and shoes, giving a jet black waterproof polish with a minimum of time and labor. 16. In air tight tins, per gross, 96 s. 17. In air tight tins, per gross, 54s, 17a. In air tight tins, per gross, 33s. In 1 doz. boxes.
Sellers' Radiant Gloss, for ladies' and children's boots and shoes. It dries quickly and does not soil the clothing. 18. In square bottles, with metal top cork and sponge, per gross in cartons, 54 s . 19. In square bottles, with metal top cork and sponge, per gross in sawdust, 45s. In 1 doz. boxes,

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"JAPLAK" oucorparyme pantry por нolose

##  <br> Dick's Marine Engine \& Cylinder Oils,

AS USED EY WHITE STAR, CASTLE, ORIENT, BRICISH INDIA, AND OTHER LEADING LINES, Sole Proprlotors and Manuraoturers-
W. B. DIOK © OO. LTD., З3-3ठ EASTOHEAP, LONDON, E.C., ENG. ㄹ LAVENDER WHARF. ROTHERHITHE. NDON, E.C.
BRANOHES : LIVERPOOL, QLASOOW, OARDIFF, NEWOASTLE AND HAMBURG.

WI ARI BYILL LEADIAG THET WAY WITH
BRITHSH SHOE GINISIEES
Boyel-Oak Btain for Bole Finishing. British-Oak Russet for Sole Finithling. Rapld Brown for Fiecle and Higes. Now Procoms Black for Feele and Bottome. Iidge Inles, Fahe, Eeel Balls, Waxes, dec.

We Excel in these Lines.
Write Direot or through your shlpper to
International Shoe Findings, Ltd., manozacturiay Stain, Ink, Waxes, \&ec.,
 Gray Street Mills, LEICESTER, Eng nt Apoolal prioes to Oanadians ander the ivem Tarif, -o Buylng Agents Wanted.

## THE

"PEETER" Patent Petroleum Engino


JAMES B. PETTHER" \& SONS, Itd,
Nautilus Works, YEOVIL, Eng。
140 Victoria Street, Bristol, \& 73a Queen Victoria Street, LONDON, E.C., Eng。

Sellers' Kid Reviver-for dull kid, 20 In large glass jars with metal serew caps, per gross.; 48s. 21. In medium jars with metal screw caps, per gross, 48s. In 1 doz. boxes. ld tins, 9s per gross, in 3 doz. boxes.
how to hold a position.
How to hold a position? Do just as little work as you possibly can; take no interest in the business; curse the injustice of your employer when you see younger men advanced over your head. By following these rules you may hold a position for life, and at the end of five or ten years, the salary paid you and the responsibility placed upon you will not be any greater than when you started.
But by holding a position we mean something broader and better than this, says H. J. Hopgood, the wellknown authority on the employment problem. We mean constantly increasing your employer's satisfaction by steadily developing higher ability and surely advancing to larger salary and granter responsibility.
What I am talking about is then really success in business and this, like success of any kind is "untaught and wateachable." There are, however, certrin whuable hints to be gained by studying the careers of men who have silictefled. Although the paths by wiich these fon have won success are Witely different. there are certain features whin stand out prominently in all of them. These I believe to be the Cossentials for business success-promptness, courtesy, loyalty, hard work.
Fromptuess is the key note in this age of hustle. Opportunity waits for nobody, and the man who is always a little behind time is playing a losing game. "Always there with the goods," is one of the highest tributes that can be paid to a modern business man. "Having the goods" is the first consideration, but this will avail little if you are not always there with them when wanted.
In this connection I heard a good story
W. \& J. Pegg,


Plain and Ribbed Seamless Hose and Half Hose, Children's Socks and $3 / 4$ Hose, and Bovs' Knicker Ribbed Hose.

Sole makers of His Majesty, The City Myfekting, Excelsior Piccadilly British Workman, Union Fearnought, and othet Carded Porpoise Lacel.


## SHAW BROTHERS.

Leather Lace Manufacturers,
Stone Brldge Street Works, - Lelcester, England.
of Philip D. Armour and a young man who had just begun work for him. When on the first morning the young man reached the office at 9 o'clock, he found his employer already there at work. The next morning at 8.30 , and the following morning at 8 o'clock it was the same. At last, determined for once to be there first, the yew clerk was on hand at 7 o'clock. When he walked into the office, Mr. Armour looked up from his desk and grimly inquired: "Young man, where do you spend your forenoon?"
Business hours are not usually so long as Mr. Armour made them, but whatever they are they should be rigidly observed. Five or ten minutes in the morning, trivial as it may be itself, is a pretty sure indication of the degree of promptness you will show in more important matters.
"I know of no investment' more certain to pay large dividends than courtesy," said a successful business man the other day, and he spoke the truth. In the

Telegrams: "Carried," Lelcester.
Rstablished 1879.

## WALTON CARR, Junr.,



W HOLESALE

## Boot t Shoe

 MAIUFAOCUEER

Asfordby street Work:3, North Evington, Leicester. Enoland.

Tontractors to the Indian Government, London County Council, H.M. War Office, Corporation of City of London, \&c., \&c.
Telephone No. 899, Hop.
Established 1856. Telegraphic Address: "SKUDDER, London."

GEORGE SKUDDER \& CO.


98 Tooley Street,

Are extensively used in Railway Locomotive Pistons and Valves, also by Coal, Iron and Steamship Companies, \&c.

## ASBESTOS MANUFACTURERS

Patent Improved Non-Conducting Compound, for covering Boilers, Steam Pipes, and all puper-heated sutfacith For the Prevention of Freezing in Cold Water Pipes our Compound has no equal.

LONDON, S.H., Eng. $+$

or the Prevention of Freezing in Cold Water Pipes our Compound has ho equal.

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LIMITED.
THERE'S MONEY!!

Special Points. "QUALITY" the first consideration. Unequalled for Hard Wear-
Latest Styles. Superior Finish. Kerrect Details.

To be got out of our Splendid Range of New Samples.

Expert Boot Buyers Recogniee these Distinctive Lines
As the greatest YALUIS ever offered.

# Phoonix Shoe Works, - Northampton, England. 

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# SIMON COLLIER, Limited, 

Northampton, England.
-MANUFACTURERS OF-
High Class Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fine $\underline{\text { Boots and Shoes, }}$

For the Canadian market, under the New Preferential Tariff.
Cuta will be laserted as soon as reoelved.

MOVTREAL WHOLIBALE PRIOBE OURRENT THURSDAY. BEPTEMBER S, 1003.
they are sometimes really quite dangerous for application to iron work, because instead of preventing oxidation they are apt to further it. Rust is hydrasted iron oxide, and seems to possess the peculiar faculty of spreading from a centre, in some way acting on adjacent iron to form additional rust; moreover, the artificial metallic paints are frequently made from copperas and iron pyrites, and are apt to contain sulphuric acid, which is another source of danger to an iron surface. Coal tar is much used as a paint for the roughest class of work, both wood and iron, in the latter case, especially for cast-iron pipes, smokestacks, and work to be buried underground. It has the noture both of resin and of oil. Muelder, in a series of experiments, found that it continually decreases in weight losing from two to five per cent in eighty-seven days. It has also the disadvantage of becoming exceedings brittle by the action of cold, and softening at 115 degrees $F$. Asphalt permits of somewhat wider range a 000 of temperature, but otherwise exhibits the same peculiarities. These substances, while they last, are probably the most valuable of paints, especially under water; but they are unfortunate in their tendency to crawl on the surface to which they are applied, finally leaving the upper portions almost or quite bare. This is the cese even under-ground.

In house painting the most important thing to consider is the permanency and durability of the paint itself. In eenstruc-

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MONTRGAL WHOLEBALE PRIOB8 OURREAT


##  <br> 20


C. G. ALLEN \& SON Banupaoturere of the worla Ronowined EICESTERE ENG. OXFORD BRAND of Bnots, Nhoes and Sandals and Leggirgs.


The Canadian Workman's Boot.
The Standard School Boot for Boys and Girls.
These Stendard Lines cannot be beaten for Price and Durabillty. The Durable

## The Thoroughgood "

Football Boots, The Kickeese, Patent No. s3or6. Cycle Shoes with Special Neverslip Soles in M.S. orn Veldt Choen. Gents, Ladies Boots in all Styles and Varieties. Our Boys and Girls School Boot, defy Competition.

Specially made for Canadians under the New Tarlili, 88\% p.0. In thelr favour.


## HAM, BAKER \& Co. LIMITED.

N․․

Penstooks \& Valvee For Baidterla Beds.



BAAL, BARER A CO., Apparatus for Drilling and Tapplary Water Mains under Pressure A Makint Connection wilthent Turning Of Whator.

Price F.O. B. London or Liverpoel, - cro-so-a

MUNTREAL WHOLRBALR PRIORS CURREM TRURBDAY, BEPTEREBER 8, 1003.

it work freer, as well money for material.
A careful reading of the foregoing will we hope, render it clear that red lead may advantageously be used, not only for frop work and the priming of wood work as it is at present, but also for many other purposes, especially when the surface is subjected to hard wear. For any purpose where great durability and moderate cost are required, nothing probably can exceed the virtues of ied lead. Agricultural implements, carts, waggons, barrews, dust earts, in fect vhicles in general that are subject to hard wear, can be painted and kept in good condition more economically with red lead than with any other paint. The color need not stand in the way of the plgment being employed because, as already pointed out, the addition of a little black greatly moderates the bright color

## A DEFENCE OF DISTILLED WOOD SPIRTTS

Benjamin F. Havery, of Bainbridge, Ga writes as follows to the Savannah Nava Stores Review:-I have read carefully an article reprinted by you from the New York Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter on pine knot turpentine. It is such a glar ing, ignorant statement of che matter, that the writer surely never satw a turpentine plant of this kind, or its products, or he would not have written the article. He states that "several lots of 200 barrels

MONTRHAL WHOLEBALE PRTOBBOURRRNT THURSDAT, SEPTB MBRR 8, toob.


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MONTREAL WH
THURSDA


Bullating Dry wheting (rol
Tarred Wontreat Grebn
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 oprifgitho, 80. ${ }^{1}$. Borse htaes....


Tbe General-Ineendescent Co., Litd,

## Worke of Warahouses ILTORD.

 02a Aldersgate Street, LONDON, R.O., Fing. PRIOE LIST.

1. O.L.C. Best Quality High Candle Powor Mantle

4/8 tos.
2. G.L.C. Silk Mantle

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8. G.L.C. Speeial Double Woven IItantle, Double Strength
very popular, specially recommendod
6/0 $\quad 3$
4. O.i.C. Extrat Long High-Pressure Ifantle, sultable fop all High-Pressure Burners
$7 / 8$
5. GLLC Gem Mantle
$4 / 8=$
6. G.I.C. Mantle for No. 4 Kom Burner
8). "

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Bpecial prioes to Canadtans under the Now Tarte, 83/p.c., in Pavour op Oanadians.

MONTREAL WHOLBSALE PRIOMB OUCRENT
THUREDAT, BEPTRMBER 8, 1008.

each had been consigned to local firms 'who found it difflcult to dispose of it, etc. The facts are that this turpentine has not boen made yet in 200 bargel lots nor has there ever been even one 200 bar rel lot shipped to New York or any other market. He says that painters say it hurts the eyes on account of the acid it hurts the eyes on account of the acid fully. Painters in the south who have used it for six monthe state that thro it not true; that any turpentine in a close room which must be kept so as to keep finish from drying too fast affects the eye some by making them red, but that this clase of goods is no worse thath suth mate turpentine. He says that promoters and land boomers are working up this matter There are eight plants now working and four more buthding ind in every one of these there has not been a promoter. Turpentine men as a rule are the owners of these plants. . Land boomers are not to be considered, as a ten cord plant will not employ more than eight people.
He says that $\$ 1,750,000$ has been invested in these plants. I state the full facts When I say that there has not been $\$ 178$, 000 -one-tenth of the Drug Reporter's fig-ures-put into this business as yet. The amount put in plants is not speculative. It is put in as an furvestment, as those who have personally investigated any plant in operation will admit without a dotbt.
That the goods will sell, and readily, every one knows who has had any connection with any plant. We have not start. ed here as yet, but mquiries for prices come from all over this country and Europe to me.
Biscoe, North Carolina, has the oldest plaint tin operation under the latest methods of prodeing turpentine. There is a plant at Aberdeen, also. One of these plants sells its turpentine and has sold atl of it sifice starting to a furmiture tactory and no employe has ever complained of his eyes being injured.


Thie Cavadtan Jouknal of commeroe.

## 



Pattern Ne: B0--Prieed romplete.



Pattern Wo. E1,-Prierd completo.



Pattern


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Why a standard paper shoutd publish Why a standard paper shoutd publish
"it is reported," etc., to work an injury t. an article of merrhandise is surprising to me. Turpentine is in the pine tree: yom ean get it out in two ways- one by Chi sum, the other by distililation with steam. From the sume tree-common sense would say either was turpentine.
That is all there is in the question.
It is unfair and unjust to try to do an injury to a business of any one with it is reported, it is intimated, etc., as the paper has seen fit to do. Its article is wholly based on "reports." "intimations."

Let the paper quoted get the real facts
 Ih. produnta and than lot eyory "Unb-headway in the leather industry. Praviand then let every "tub headw in the lea inausir. Frenionk to this time leather was produced
most largely by vegetable tannins and by methods which had prevailed for centuries, with little or no progresssion in romnection with the foundation prineiples. The tanner of the past was rath. a hardheaded trademman. ffe was haredly more than that. He could seareely be called an artisan.
'Within the past twenty-five years a greater change has taken place in the

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The Beat and Mont Popelar Brand of
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Poot Hear.
In Goodyear Welts, Turns and Blake Sown.
T. Roberts \& Sons. "w山s LEIOESTER, ENG.
These Shoes are Manufactured for Canadians at
Now Onte will be fenerte eactweok.

The silver-lead producing camps of the
slocan and Kootenay countries are bear-
production of leather than in probably any one century preceding that date
To-dny we have reached thint potit where the great bulk of the upper leathers used in shoe making are produced by the chemical or so-called chrome process teather imáde by chemitcat processes caninot be produced haphazardly as could the old time tannages, but must to-day have attention and the chemist and the student of technology coutd study his lessons in a trade school and become better fitted for his work there than in any other place, and be better fitted to took after the work that is to-day accomplished in the leather, manufactories

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Specially made for Canadlan Market 33\% p.0., In favour of Canada.
ny witness of the encouragement which effective is announced. Miners are at will purchase matter from the Trail or has been lent the silver-lead interests work on many properties, getting them in Hall mines smelter, to be refined by the hrough the recent grant of a bonus of condition for producing; saills and min- electrolytic process and corrode it by the $\$ 15$ per ton for lead produced in British ing plants are being overhauled, and the Gardner process, which was covered by Columbia. Work is being resumed on prospects for a brighter summer and win- patents which expired last year. It is also the St. Eugene, the largest silver-lead ter are decidedly better than existed only proposed to erect a sheet and pipe plant, pioperty in the province, and on a soore a few weeks past. Another lead furnace which is to market its products in the of other properties which have been shut is to be blown in at the Trail smelter Orient, in competition with the San Fran a desultory fashion shortly to become the second in opera- cisco plants, now catering to that trade down or worked in a desutory fashion short
that there are to-day not less than 1,250 From Vancouver comes a story of an ef- cently in Sandow, B.C., at which the tons of silver-lead concentrates lying fort being made by an English engineer committee which was selected to represent along the line of the Kalso \& Slocan rail- to establish a lead refining and corroding the industry at ottawa reported the reoad, which will be shippeal to market as plant at that point. It is proposed to sults of its work. A permanent organizasoon as the date on which the bonus is erect a small plant as a foundation, which tion was effected, and a proposition to

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Cosmos, a German paper, guarantee the fact that under the label of canned lobsters the soft parts of the cuttlefish and crabs are sold

In Paris snails are of late very popur, and the adultrators mix them with gundy' snails.

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The chemists in the Paris municipal laboratories have shown that tomato jelly is adulterated with turnips, and powdered pepper contains a large admixture of powdered hard-tack


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