

A PEACE WITHIN THE NEXT SIX WEEKS; RUSSIA NOW HAS THE JAPANESE TERMS; REPORT CONFIRMED IN HIGHEST CIRCLES

General Linévitch Continues to Withdraw His Forces Toward Harbin.

Figures Show Russia Has Half Million in Killed, Wounded and Prisoners.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—The information contained in these dispatches for over a week regarding the change in Emperor Nicholas' attitude concerning the advisability of making a pacific proposal to Japan is fully confirmed, and in very high quarters peace within six weeks is regarded as certain. The positiveness with which this is affirmed would indicate that the Government is already in possession of information as to the Japanese terms, which indicate a basis on which they can agree.

The exact situation is shrouded in mystery. The secret of what has been done and what is being done is zealously guarded. The Associated Press hears, however, from a source close to the throne, that negotiations are actually in progress in Paris, but possibly only of a preliminary character, and that Copenhagen may be the scene of the first exchanges between representatives of the two powers. In this connection, importance is being attached to the visit on Tuesday of M. D'Iskowsky, Russian minister at Copenhagen, and Baron Rosen, former Russian minister to Japan, to M. Bompard, the French ambassador to Russia.

The parties to this conference refuse to admit that significance is attached to it. In the meantime the foreign office is silent.

St. Petersburg, March 25, 1:50 p.m.—General Linévitch continues the retirement of the bulk of his army northward.

The general staff now declares it is certain that Field Marshal Oyama has been compelled to relinquish the idea of a pursuit in force for the present. The Japanese forces on the Russian flanks are too light to constitute a serious danger, and a full in heavy fighting for several weeks if not months is predicted by some of the correspondents. A Russian correspondent warns the St. Petersburg authorities of the dangers of Japanese activity in Mongolia, where he says their emissaries are enlisting the lamas and arousing their old warlike spirit.

Lost Half Million.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—Stung by the wholesale criticism lately heaped upon the war office for its unpreparedness and incapacity in providing the Manchurian army with men, guns and munitions, the Army Office today says here what has been done since the opening of hostilities, giving the exact figures. From these it appears that up to March 12, the war office had dispatched 13,087 officers, 761,467 men, 146,408 horses, 1,521 guns and 236,321 tons of munitions and supplies to the front, declaring the transportation strained the Siberian Railroad to its utmost capacity. The Army Office admits that the army in the far east when the war opened, was hardly worth the name (no figures being given) but it is known that the troops did not exceed 60,000 men, depending this on the ground that Emperor Nicholas desired to avoid war and therefore refrained from sending reinforcements which surely would have provoked it.

The criticism of the war office's failure adequately to supply Port Arthur is met by the statement that it was provisioned for a garrison of twelve battalions, the decision to put 30 battalions there being taken so late that the original calculations could not be remedied.

While affirming that the quick-firing guns and field guns of the Russians are superior to those of the Japanese, the war office explains that the misfortune in the insufficiency of the mountain guns was due to the fact that when the war broke out Russia

FOUGHT A DUEL TO THE DEATH WHILE LOUNGERS CHEERED THEM

Steubenville, Ohio, March 24.—A knife duel to the death was fought by John Dobinsky and John Slato, two Polish miners, at Plum Run, a mining town in Smithfield township, today. The men, maddened by liquor, agreed to settle a grievance with knives. Stripping to the waist in a large room, they began the battle. Each thrust of the knives that caused blood to spurt was cheered by the loungers who looked on. The men grew weaker and weaker from loss of blood and fell. On the floor, the

CAUGHT IN FLOOD
\$175 Horse Drowned and Driver in the Water Three Hours.

Forest, Ont., March 25.—Mr. Jacob Rup, of this town had a narrow escape from drowning in the Au Sable River yesterday, while returning from Grand Bend. Although the road was swept away by the floods, Mr. Rup attempted to cross, when the current swept his horse and buggy from the road. The horse, which was valued at \$175, was drowned, and Mr. Rup himself was three hours in the water before he was rescued.

A BANK MERGER
Peoples' Bank of Halifax Absorbed by Bank of Montreal.

Halifax, N. S., March 24.—The Peoples' Bank of Halifax goes out of existence today, its assets having been absorbed by the Bank of Montreal. The paid-up capital of the Peoples' Bank is \$1,000,000, the reserve fund amounting to \$400,000. The par value of the shares is \$20. The Peoples' Bank has 27 branches, nine of which are in Nova Scotia, eight in New Brunswick and ten in Quebec.

Fired on Constable.
Windsor, Ont., March 25.—The police here are on the lookout for Charles Binnett, a farrier, wanted by the Chatham authorities. Binnett, with several other men, engaged in a fight, Constable Brown placed Binnett under arrest. Binnett broke away, and after running a short distance, turned and fired several shots at Brown, afterwards escaping. He is believed to be making his way to the border.

Western Members Ask Sifton Re-enter Cabinet

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, March 25.—There will be a meeting of all the western members this afternoon to pass a resolution asking Sir Wilfrid Laurier to invite Mr. Sifton to return to the cabinet. A delegation will be appointed to present the resolution to the Premier.

FREIGHT HITS A STREET CAR

Three Persons Painfully Injured in Collision at a Berlin Street Crossing.

Berlin, Ont., March 25.—Three persons were injured in an accident which occurred on King street, where the Grand Trunk and street railway lines cross, about 6:40 this morning, when a freight train collided with one of the Berlin and Waterloo street railway cars. The injured were Mr. Ford, of Stratford, had scalp wound, which necessitated the putting in of five stitches; John Collins, jun., injuries about the face and hip; John Collins, sen., elbow badly wounded, probably a break, also some bruises on the face.

The car was in charge of Motorman L. Schluter and Conductor W. Schiller. The opinion is that the conductor could have averted the accident if he had used more caution.

It's Up to the King.
Rome, March 25.—Acting Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs Tittoni today announced to Parliament, that the whole cabinet had resigned, leaving the King free to name a new ministry, and that his majesty had reserved his decision. In the meanwhile Signor Tittoni and his colleagues will remain in office for the transaction of ordinary business.

Parliament then adjourned until the formation of the new cabinet.

RUSSIA'S GOLD RESERVE
Minister Says It Amounts to \$639,000,000.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—Finance Minister Kokovtsov made a personal statement today that the Russian gold reserve deposited in St. Petersburg amounts to \$639,000,000, besides \$200,000,000 in London and Paris. He added that the treasury had in addition to this 320,000,000 roubles in gold abroad, mostly in Paris and Berlin.

STOLEN RELICS
Russian Government Warns Museums Not to Buy Them.

London, March 24.—The Russian Government has published a description of priceless antiques, including a gold chalice and the ring of King David II, known as "The Restorer," which were stolen last July from the Monastery of Gelati, near Kutais, Transcaucasia. The circular warns Government museums not to buy the stolen relics.

King David II. flourished in the eleventh century and founded the church and monastery of Gelati, which contain some remarkable frescoes, paintings, and mosaics, also a collection of ancient parchments and books, and a perfect museum of jeweled icons, church vessels and priestly vestments. Among the most ancient is an image of the Saviour, known by the name of Johnne, and probably 800 years old.

SPANKING FOR INTOXICATION

The Toronto Grand Jury Recommends It After the First Offense.

Toronto, March 25.—In their present session this morning at the general sessions the grand jury said: "We strongly approve of spanking for drunkenness after the first offense. We would suggest spanking without incarceration and without the option of a fine. Every other sentence should include spanking."

WIDENING THE BREACH

May Be an Open Rupture Between Balfour and Chamberlain.

London, March 25.—In the absence of anything else fiscal reform has again become the prominent question of the day. Mr. Chamberlain's Greenwich letter is almost the sole topic of the lobby of the House of Commons. His opponents regard it as an indication of the widening of the breach which they assert has long existed between Premier Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain, and are looking for an open rupture. In the meantime the Unionist free traders are advocating setting the tariff reform opposition with reprisal candidates. Thus the opposition by a tariff reformer to Lord Hugh Cecil at Greenwich is ground for opposing Sir Gilbert Parker at Gravesend with a free trader.

Wm. Wild Dead.
Ottawa, Ont., March 25.—William Wild, barrister, of Wynd, Oaker & Ewart, died this morning, aged 51 years, after a lingering illness. He was born in Dundas, Ont., and was one of the best-known lawyers practicing here.

A Game Seizure.
Toronto, March 25.—Chief Game Warden Tinsley has seized an illegal shipment of 5,000 wild ducks sent from Manitoba to a Toronto commission merchant.

DYING MAN IN A MARSH

Party of Sportsmen Rescue the Unfortunate, But Too Late.

Windsor, March 24.—While hunting muskrats near the M. C. R. bridge in the River Rouge swamp about a half mile from River street in Delray, a party of sportsmen noticed a body submerged in water nearly to the shoulders. One man was clutching the weeds showing that the man was trying to pull himself out. Investigation showed that the man was still alive and breathing faintly.

The man was rescued and taken to Cocotte's Club House where he seemed to revive and while being carried up stairs, gasped: "Let me catch my breath." He then became unconscious. Several hospital doctors worked over him, but it was of no avail, the man dying in the ambulance on the way to the hospital, probably of exhaustion.

Royal Betrothal.
London, Saturday, March 25.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says it is reliably stated that preliminary negotiations for the marriage of Princess Patricia, daughter of the Duke of Cornwall and Devon, and Prince Alexander of Greece, which were formally opened Thursday, well-informed courtiers say the negotiations are almost certain to succeed.

NANSEN FEARS END TO UNION

Situation Over Norwegian Consuls a Grave One.

SWEDEN IS ACTING UNFAIRLY
The Great Arctic Explorer Says There Must Be Equal Rights for Both States.

London, March 25.—Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, the Arctic explorer, who is making a short stay in London to discuss scientific matters with the Royal Geographical Society, being interviewed on the consular difficulty between Norway and Sweden, said that the situation was graver than generally understood abroad, and that there was a very serious danger to the union, if Sweden persisted in refusing Norway's undisputed rights. Then, explaining the history of the dispute in detail, Dr. Nansen said that the consular question involved a test as to whether Sweden was prepared honestly and honorably to recognize the right of union or if Norway was to become a mere Swedish dependency. Owing to the fact that Sweden is protectionist and Norway free trader, and because of Norway's more extensive sea trade and other divergences of commercial interests, Dr. Nansen said, it was absolutely essential for Norway to have her own consular service; but since Sweden's breach of faith in her failure to carry out the agreement on the subject arranged by the two governments in 1902, Norwegians were reluctantly driven to the conclusion that it is useless to enter into further negotiations.

A NEW CURRENT

Sir Oliver Lodge Has New Discovery in Electricity.

London, March 24.—Sir Oliver Lodge, principal of the University of Birmingham, the well known electrical authority, lectures tonight on what he described as a perturbation of electric current. Stripped of technicalities, he said it could be described as a perturbation of current, which would overcome great obstacles and go in any direction regardless of what stood in the way. He had been looking for such a current since 1884, and had only recently encountered it. He had applied it successfully in his prolonged experiments with wireless telegraphy, and declared that was the last thing in the world that Norwegians would dream of doing.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow—Partly Fair and Mild.
Sun rises, 6:13 a.m. Moon rises, 12:00 a.m. Sun sets, 5:34 p.m. Moon sets, 3:50 a.m.

Toronto, March 24—8 p.m.—Local showers have occurred in the Lake region and in the Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence valleys. Elsewhere the weather has been fine, and nearly everywhere very mild.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 42-57; Edmonton, 32-56; Calgary, 30-52; Qu'Appelle, 28-53; Winnipeg, 34-44; Port Arthur, 30-42; Parry Sound, 28-50; Toronto, 30-45; Ottawa, 28-40; Montreal, 34-42; Quebec, 30-50; St. John, 30-40; Halifax, 20-46.

MISCAMPBELL VERY ILL

The Ontario Conservative Organizer Not Expected to Recover.

Toronto, March 24.—Mr. Andrew Miscampbell, ex-M. P. and Conservative organizer for Ontario, is lying at his home, Close avenue, in a very critical condition, and his physicians doubt very much whether he will live. Mr. Miscampbell has suffered for years from stomach trouble. Four weeks ago it took on an aggravated form and he has been confined to his bed ever since. Mr. Miscampbell represented Simcoe in the Legislature for three terms.

LATER.
Toronto, March 25.—Andrew Miscampbell, ex-M. P. and Conservative organizer, died at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon.

WHITNEY NOT KEEN FOR BUSINESS YET

The Opposition Anxious to Expedite Matters.

IS TOLD "THERE'S NO HURRY"

Standing Committees To Be Struck Off Tuesday—A Twenty Minute Session on Friday.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Toronto, March 24.—The Legislature contented itself with a 20-minute session today, the only matter discussed being the striking of the standing committees of the House. Mr. Harcourt urged an immediate appointment, but Mr. Whitney answered that there was no hurry, as there would be no work for the committees for a week or ten days.

CASTRO IS BACK AND VERY ANGRY

Shows a Strong Hostility Towards American and French Interests.

Paris, March 25, 1:05 p.m.—An official dispatch from Caracas, Venezuela, says President Castro, who was absent from the capital during the recent supposed amelioration of the situation, has returned to Caracas and has manifested strong hostility against American and French interests. His attitude, it is added, is particularly menacing against the French Cable Company. It is premature to say what steps France will take, as the information has just been received, and the officials have not yet had an opportunity to consider it. However, it is likely that their action will depend upon President Castro putting his menaces into effect by covert acts against the company or the forfeiture of its concession. No orders for warships to be held in readiness have yet been issued or are contemplated for the present, but there seems to be a growing impression in official quarters that the presence of a warship in Venezuelan waters might exercise a salutary influence.

JAP PRIESTS AND TEACHERS WORMING A WAY INTO CHINA

Berlin, March 25.—A letter from Peking, published by the National Zeitung today, gives the results of an inquiry into Japanese political activity in China. The writer says Japanese agents in various lines of business are penetrating into China and settling in every important place in the empire, devoting themselves to their calling in life, whether priest, editor, teacher or trader, and to winning popularity by the good will of the Chinese for Japan. The method most often used is the founding of newspapers printed in the Chinese language and friendly to Japanese aims. These try to influence the provincial governors and Peking Government to employ Japanese teachers in the schools, and especially to place Japanese military instructors

Mr. Sifton States His Case As to Autonomy Measure

Declares He Was Consulted by Colleagues in Making of Bill.

Prepared to Vote With Government on Compromise Clause.

Approves of Plan to Keep Regulation of Immigration in the Hands of the Federal Government.

Ottawa, March 24.—The Hon. Clifford Sifton, ex-Minister of the Interior, made his statement to the House in regard to his views on the school clause, and the cause of his resignation from the cabinet. Mr. Sifton denied that he had not been consulted in the making up of the bill. He stated that the Government was quite familiar with his views as to the autonomy bill, views that he had laid before his colleagues a year ago. Mr. Sifton said he was prepared to vote for the compromise clause, though he could not do so with a great amount of enthusiasm.

Mr. Sifton said that on the present occasion, while his friends had been good enough to greet him with applause, he did not feel the same confidence as usual in meeting the general approval of those on the Liberal side. He observed that it seemed to be an irony of political fortune that it was upon the measure admitting to provincial status the country upon which he had lavished an affectionate solicitude that he should have been obliged to sever his relations with the cabinet—his official relations with the party with which he had been associated for fourteen years.

Mr. Sifton wished it to be clearly understood that the report was unjustified which said that the bill had been introduced with its educational clause without his having been consulted. He said the fact was that his views on the subject of autonomy were well known to his colleagues, he having left a memorandum with them a year ago embodying those views, and in the main, the bill now before the House, with the exception of the educational clause, was the measure which he had recommended. Mr. Sifton defended the division of the territories into two provinces, as being the only reasonable method in dealing with them. Only that he favored the extension of these provinces to the northern confines of Canada, for he believed that as soon as possible the Federal Government should divest itself of the administration of these territories, and turn it over to the Provincial Government. The Province of Canada was a most important matter, and he was sure Parliament would do nothing which would imperil the success of the immigration policy of the Government. But to hand over the lands to the Province would be to invite friction that it was even now difficult to avoid with the Dominion and the lands branches under the single control of the department of the interior. It would be impossible to carry on a unified immigration policy with the lands in the hands of three different provinces each with its own minister of crown lands and its own land policy. The provinces would have to administer those lands for purposes of revenue rather than settlement, no could they be handed over to the provinces with a limitation on the preservation of a homestead policy.

HAVE RUSS AND JAP SHIPS MET?

Dispatch Says Three of Rojestvensky's Battleships Have Been Torpedoed.

Paris, March 25.—The Matin's St. Petersburg's correspondent sends an unconfirmed report that three torpedo boats have succeeded in damaging Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky's battleships Sissoi, Vityaz, and Navarin.

THREE YEARS FOR BROWN.

Windsor, Ont., March 25.—John Brown was found guilty of assisting Charles Jackson to escape from the county jail at Sandwich, and sentenced by Magistrate Bartlett to three years in Kingston penitentiary. Brown was serving a six weeks' sentence for theft. Turnkey Herl has recovered from the effect of the assault made upon him by Jackson and Brown.

CATHOLICS IN RUSSIA.

Rome, March 25.—The Vatican has been informed that the Russian Government has communicated to the Roman Catholic bishops in that country that it will require three months in which to consider their memorial concerning liberty of religion. In view of this Bishop Pallou will delay his arrival at Rome for a few days.

Friction and agitation would inevitably ensue, Mr. Sifton declared that the financial arrangement was generous. This suggestion, however, he would make to the Government—that the estimate of \$1.50 per acre on which the financial allowance was based, was a mistake, as it admitted that the provinces were really entitled to be considered the beneficiary owners of the land. Mr. Haultain had not been slow to see this, and if the bills went through the representatives would soon be asking for a readjustment of the allowance; for while they agreed with the federal principle that the provinces were entitled to the ownership of the lands, they were not satisfied with the federal valuation. The result would be an agitation most embarrassing to future administrations. Another question was the interest of the House. He repeated that these clauses led him to resign from the Government, and denied that personal pique had anything to do with his action. He did feel, he said, that the Prime Minister was not well advised in bringing in the measure without consulting his views, and that the legislation itself that caused his retirement from the Government. On the whole, he said, he agreed largely with the statements and arguments of the leader of the Opposition than with the views of the Prime Minister. His conclusions, however, were not in accord with those of the leader of the Opposition. He thought Mr. Borden was wrong in his view that considering legislation which was to bring about certain things in the Northwest, Parliament should shut its eyes to the examination of the actual educational effect of the proposal before the House.

"It seems to me," said Mr. Sifton, "that almost everybody will agree with my honorable friend, the Minister of Finance, that while the man on the street sees both the leader of the Government and the leader of the Opposition standing on the rock of the constitution, but coming to diametrically opposite conclusions, the man on the street will be likely to say, 'I cannot hope to understand the law or the constitution, but I do not want to know what kind of schools they are going to have in the Northwest Territories.'"

Mr. Sifton then discussed the terms of the Northwest Territories act of 1875, which established separate schools in the west. Following the passage of that act, he said, there sprang upon the territories a complete dual system of schools. The Roman Catholics had their own board of education; they prescribed text books, course of studies, and conducted what were practically schools wholly and absolutely. The schools were similar to the separate school system which was abolished in Manitoba in 1890. The Legislature of the territories decided that the separate schools, as conducted, could not be longer allowed, and in 1892 the dual system was wiped out, and the present system established. Mr. Sifton told how the Roman Catholics petitioned the Dominion Government, and the Northwest Ordinances which converted their church schools into what are practically public schools. Sir John Thompson agreed that the Roman Catholics were in contravention of the act of 1875, but he refused to disallow them. Church schools came to be a thing of the past in the territories, and the board of education was discontinued, all the schools came under the council of public instruction, and Government control was established, ending the recognition of a homestead policy.

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REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

CHELSEA GREEN.

The Wilcox Manufacturing Company are now putting the roof on their new factory. The Southwestern Traction Company have completed their power house and will install the machinery at once. Eleven contracts for new residences have already been given this spring. If you have not purchased a lot you should do so at once. Call and see me.

WILLIAM STREET—New brick story and half, stone foundation, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, parlor, bath, den or sewing-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, furnace, corner lot. Cheap, only \$2,000.

RICHMOND STREET, CENTRAL—Story and half, brick-veneer, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, modern conveniences; lot 23x130 feet. Only \$2,000.

WINDSOR—VACANT LOT, CRAWFORD AVENUE—CHEAP.

BRIGHTON STREET—New story and quarter brick, 4 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, bath and closet; lot 57x105 feet. Only \$1,500.

COLBORNE STREET—Frame story and half, brick foundation, 4 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, bath and closet; lot 30x132 feet. Only \$1,100.

SIMCOE STREET, CENTRAL—Frame story and half, 2 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen; lot 6x130 feet. Only \$1,400.

STANLEY STREET—Two-story and attic, brick-veneer, 4 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, all modern conveniences; lot 23x130 feet. Only \$2,000.

KITCHENER AVENUE—Brick cottage, 2 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, large pantry, water in house; lot 55x117 feet. \$1,100.

ELMWOOD AVENUE—Brick two-story and attic, stone foundation, slate roof, 3 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, conservatory, mantel and gas grate; first floor finished in hardwood; heated by hot water; cellar under all of house; all modern conveniences; also workshop; lot 1/2 acre of land; choice fruit and ornamental trees, flowers, etc. This property may be sold as a whole or in part; would make a smaller house or cottage in part payment.

ASKIN STREET—Semi-detached two-story brick, 3 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room and kitchen, bath and closet, modern conveniences. Will sell on easy terms.

EGERTON STREET—Brick-veneer story and half, 4 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room and kitchen, shed, good cellar, hard and soft water in house; lot 33x130 feet. A snap, \$1,250.

FORWARD AVENUE—Brick cottage, on stone foundation, 2 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, woodshed, barn and stable, fruit trees, one-half acre of land; only \$1,000.

FORWARD AVENUE—Frame two-story, brick foundation, 4 bedrooms, double parlor, dining-room, kitchen, fruit trees; lot 45x200 feet; nearly new. \$1,200.

WHARNCLIFFE HIGHWAY—New brick story and half, 3 bedrooms, bath, w.c., parlor, dining-room, kitchen, summer kitchen, woodshed, good large double cellar, veranda, gas and fixtures, barn, chicken house, driveway; lot 60x130 feet. Only \$2,200.

PICCADILLY STREET, CENTRAL—New two-story brick, 4 bedrooms and sewing-room, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, pantry, combination fixtures, all modern conveniences, veranda; lot 51x135 feet. Call for price.

TALBOT STREET—Brick cottage, 4 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, woodshed, bathroom, gas; lot 65x125 feet. Will sell for \$1,000.

RESTAURANT—Doing splendid business, good reasons for selling.

ELIZABETH STREET—Brick-veneer cottage, 4 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, summer kitchen, large barn; lot 20x115.

GREY STREET, CENTRAL—New brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, dining-room, kitchen, parlor; lot 52x125 feet.

SYDENHAM STREET—Frame cottage, on cement foundation, 4 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, large summer kitchen, cement walks; lot 23x135 feet. \$1,200.

SYDENHAM STREET—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, summer kitchen, grain shed, veranda; lot 23x135 feet. \$1,200.

DUNDAS STREET, CENTRAL—Brick two-story and attic, stone roof, stone foundation, 7 bedrooms, double parlors, sitting-room, kitchen, summer kitchen, bath, closet, mantel, gas; splendid brick barn; lot 52x120 feet. \$1,500.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—Brick-veneer cottage, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, hall, kitchen, summer kitchen.

EMERY STREET—New brick-veneer cottage, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, good cellar; lot 40x200 feet. Easy terms.

ELMWOOD AVENUE—Brick two-story and attic, stone foundation, 6 bedrooms, drawing-room, sitting-room, kitchen, summer kitchen, bath, closet, mantel, gas, electric light, gas; lot 120x100 feet.

OXFORD STREET, CENTRAL—Three new brick-veneer, story and half, 4 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, bath, veranda, good veranda, furnace, good veranda.

RECTORY STREET—Frame two-story, 7 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, kitchen and summer kitchen, bath; lot 60x130 feet.

LOTS IN BECHER BLOCK—SOME OF THE BEST LOTS IN THE NORTH PART OF THE CITY.

FOUR LOTS ON GROSVENOR STREET, NEAR COLBORNE STREET, 42x130 FEET. EACH.

NEAR C. P. R. ROUNDOUSE—Fine lots, \$20 to \$40 each. Will build you a house to suit your taste and in part for cash. Call at once if you want one of these.

EVERGREEN AVENUE—Some of the best lots in South London.

PRINCESS AVENUE—Story and half brick-veneer, 4 bedrooms, double parlor, dining-room, kitchen, hard and soft water in house; lot 53x102 feet. Only \$2,000.

JOHN STREET—Brick-veneer story and half, 2 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, all modern conveniences, veranda. \$2,000.

KENT STREET—Semi-detached two-story brick, one house contains 5 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, modern conveniences; the other house contains 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, modern conveniences; lot 23x130 feet. A good investment.

MATLAND STREET—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, hall, kitchen, summer kitchen, two verandas; lot 41x130 feet. \$1,500.

SAUNBY STREET—Frame cottage, 2 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, shed, chicken coop; lot 100 feet frontage. \$500.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—Frame story and half, 4 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, apples; half an acre of land. Only \$1,100.

OXFORD STREET, CENTRAL—LOT 45x135 FEET. Only \$65.

KENT STREET—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, bath; lot 70x135 feet. Will sell for price of lot.

PETER STREET—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, bathroom, large barn; lot 54x135 feet.

STRATHROY ONE ACRE AND FRAME COTTAGE WITH BRICK FOUNDATION, GOOD CELLAR, NEW FENCE, CONVENIENT. THIS IS A SNAP. PICK IT UP QUICK.

LORNE AVENUE—Story and half brick-veneer, 3 bedrooms, double parlor, dining-room, kitchen and all modern conveniences; lot 33x150 feet. \$2,200.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

P. Walsh's Bulletin.

CLARENCE STREET—A splendid brick cottage, 6 rooms, in good order; nice lot. At a reasonable figure.

WELLINGTON STREET, near Hyman street—Two-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern improvements; lot 21x130 feet. Price, \$2,300.

PALL MALL STREET—14-story brick house, stone foundation, slate roof; 9 rooms, all modern improvements; lot 47x143 feet. At a reasonable figure.

OXFORD STREET, near Richmond street—Two semi-detached two-story brick houses, 10 rooms each, all modern improvements, large lot. Price, \$4,800; rents at \$25 per month.

HYMAN STREET—An up-to-date two-story brick house, 10 rooms. Price on application.

RICHMOND STREET, near Mount Hope—Two semi-detached two-story brick houses, stone foundations, dressed stone fronts, slate roofs, very desirable property, at a low figure; owner now living in England.

WORTLEY ROAD—Two-story brick house, stone foundation, 9 rooms, all modern improvements; lot 57x620 feet. Price, \$3,800.

HILL STREET—Frame cottage, 6 rooms; lot 33x155 feet. Price, \$1,100.

PRINCESS AVENUE—A neat frame cottage, 6 rooms; corner; lot 33x133 feet. Price, \$700.

WINDSOR STREET—Two-story brick house, 10 rooms, modern improvements; frame barn; lot 45x233 feet. Price, \$3,600.

BYRON AVENUE—A splendid two-story frame house, on brick foundation, 8 rooms, all modern improvements; lot 53x130 feet, shade and ornamental trees. At a bargain; owner leaving for the Northwest.

BRISCOE STREET—A large frame cottage, 4 bedrooms, frame barn, three lots. At a reasonable price. Call and see me.

OXFORD STREET, near Wellington street—A large frame cottage, on brick foundation; frame barn, nice lot, with 100 trees; shade and ornamental trees. At a bargain; owner leaving for the Northwest.

PLACE YOUR PROPERTY WITH US AT ONCE. WE WILL FIND YOU A FAVORABLE BUYER. IF YOU PROPERTY FOR SALE.

NO COMMISSION OR EXPENSE UNTIL YOUR PROPERTY IS SOLD.

ALBERT STREET—A splendid two-story brick house, 11 rooms, in perfect order, all modern improvements; frame barn, large lot. At a very reasonable figure. We are going to sell. Inspect at once.

ELIAS STREET—A splendid two-story brick house, 9 rooms, in perfect order; lot 45x132 feet. Price, \$2,500.

ST. JAMES STREET—A new 1 1/2-story brick house, 8 rooms, modern improvements; frame barn; lot 50x130 feet. Price, \$2,500.

THORNTON AVENUE—14-story frame house, almost new, 6 rooms, in good order; good lot. Price, \$1,100; cheap.

We have two good houses in this locality are badly wanted to meet the demand. Why not get one of these lots while the price is low?

Simcoe Street—Frame, brick foundation, 6 rooms. \$1,000.

William Street—1 1/2-story brick, 7 rooms, splendid location. \$1,500.

Grey Street—Frame, brick foundation, 6 rooms. \$900.

Stedwell Street—Frame cottage, brick house, 6 rooms, lot 50x140.

Alma Street—Brick, 9 rooms; lot 50x140.

Waterloo Street—1 1/2-story brick, new 9 rooms, all modern conveniences, a beautiful location. \$2,700.

English Street—Two-story brick, 10 rooms, all modern appointments, a magnificent home. \$3,100.

Markboro Place—Two-story brick, 9 rooms, modern, up-to-date, superior. \$2,200.

Lorne Avenue—Two-story brick, 9 rooms. Dirt cheap, \$2,100.

King Street—Two-story brick, 10 rooms, hot-water heating, modern, very central. A bargain, \$2,700.

Dundas Street—Two-story brick, stone foundation, slate roof, all modern improvements. \$3,000.

Rectory Street—Two-story brick, 8 rooms. Very cheap, \$2,300.

Stedwell Street—Brick cottage, stone foundation, all modern, nicely located, a beautiful, cosy home, \$2,800.

Queen's Avenue—Two-story brick, 11 rooms, modern, choice locality. \$5,500.

See what we have.

Money loaned in sums of \$100 and upwards, on good security, for building, improvement, advanced as building progresses, remodel the old house, and pay off old mortgages.

A. A. CAMPBELL, Real Estate Loans and Investments, No. 42 Richmond Street, London, Ont.

C. H. ARMITAGE, Field Manager, Telephone 642.

FOR SALE—FARM, 150 ACRES, LOTS 11 and 12, con. 150 Acres, Township, good building, good land; 2 miles from London; immediate possession. Apply William McGuffin, grocer, 401 Piccadilly Street, London. 60-23-24.

OSTEOPATHY.

PROF. A. G. ADAMS & WIFE, Osteopathic and suggestive therapeutics for chronic diseases. Consultation free. 24 King Street, London.

DR. V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN—Chronic diseases. 554 Richmond Street, Phone 1,574.

DRESSMAKING.

PLAIN AND FANCY DRESSMAKING done by Misses Spencer & McVicar, 194 Dundas.

OLD BOYS IN CHICAGO

Are Already Arousing an Interest in the August Home-Coming.

The London Old Boys' Association of Chicago, with "Bill" Small and "Tom" Weston at its head, is not losing any time in getting every Londoner in Chicago interested in the reunion and the home-coming to be held in August.

A number of meetings have already been held, and before the big gathering many more will be called. The arrangements of the Chicago association will be as complete this year they have been in the years gone by, and when the special train from the Windy City pulls into the London depot on Aug. 4 it will have on board an enthusiastic crowd of the old boys, and the old girls, as well. It may be that more than one train will be required this year, so great is the interest in the home-coming. Arrangements may shortly be completed with one of the railway companies for a special rate for the excursion. With a reasonable fare, an immense representation from Chicago is assured.

The Chicago association has a Women's Auxiliary, composed of the wives and daughters of the London Old Boys, and it will take no little part in promoting the excursion. Cleveland also has an auxiliary.

The Chicago Old Boys' Association is having a smoker at the Grand Pacific Hotel tonight.

GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAGO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days.

German locomotive engineers receive a gold medal and \$500 for every 10 years of service without accident.

The Welsh revival is said to be a good thing for the bakers. The women are so busy attending the meetings that they have no time to make their own bread as usual.

COLDS LEAD TO PNEUMONIA

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world-wide remedy for colds, whooping cough, croup, etc. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove, 25c. ywt.

Swiss steamboat companies, to avoid disputes as to the age of children, have established measurement rules. Under two feet in height go free; children under four feet four and dogs pay half fare.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

J. F. SANGSTER'S LIST.

THIRTEEN ACRES of fine garden land, with good 12-story frame house, stables, poultry house, etc.; fine lot of fruit; 3 acres of hardwood bush; living spring; about 2 miles from market. \$2,000.

NEW 1 1/2-STORY BRICK—Three bedrooms, bathroom, conservatory, about half-acre with all kinds of fruit, stable and fruit trees. Price, \$2,000.

FINE NEW TWO-STORY BRICK, with three acres of good garden land, adjoining city limits. Price, \$3,800.

NEW 1 1/2-STORY BRICK—Three bedrooms, bathroom, conservatory, about half-acre with all kinds of fruit, stable and fruit trees. Price, \$2,000.

FINE 2 1/2-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE—Five bedrooms, bathroom, conservatory, with hot water system throughout; lot and ornamental trees and shrubs. \$4,500.

SEMI-DETACHED TWO-STORY BRICK, on Princess avenue; has all modern improvements, and in first-class order. Sell for \$4,500; real one-half.

NICE TWO-STORY BRICK—Four bedrooms, bath, w.c., and furnace. Only \$2,500. Lots on the Oliver property will be advanced in price on the 1st of May next. Fine residential location in the city.

LOT 70x132, on corner of Richmond and Grosvenor streets. Only \$1,000.

FINE 1 1/2-STORY BRICK, near Maitland, 50x125. Cheap.

LOTS 1, 2, 3, 4, north side of Florence street, 50x125 each; easy terms.

COMFORTABLE FRAME COTTAGE, on Horton street. Only \$500.

NEW 1 1/2-STORY BRICK—Two bedrooms, bath, w.c., and furnace. Only \$2,500. Lots on the Oliver property will be advanced in price on the 1st of May next. Fine residential location in the city.

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The Odontine Habit.

To use Odontine reg-
after meals is one of the
of all habits. It is a
habit for children to ac-
and a good one for
folks to keep up. Od-
(C. & L.) keeps the
free from discoloration
tends to preserve the
and it hardens the

Odontine is a liquid with a pleasing flavor. Aren't you tired of using gritty, lumpy powders?

In sprinkler top bottles, or

CAIRNCROSS & LAWR
Chemists and Druggists
216 DUNDAS STREET

Hyacinth
Thrips

Daffodils

The popular spring
flowers for a pr
table decoration

GAMMAC

207 DUNDAS STREET.
TELEPHONE 90.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY
W. H. Bartram, 59 Dundas street
EAST.
LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS
LEAN, jeweler, 402 Richmond street
EAST.
LIVERIES AND HACKS
MYER'S LIVERY, NEXT AD-
vocate, Telephone 1-277. Coaches, hacks
Open day and night.
W. J. KING EDWARD LIVERY, 425
Wellington, opposite F. M. C. Co.
ber-bered hacks, coaches, Victoria
livery. Phone 502. A. G. Street
corner.

bridges and other works
and the Niagara Falls
On and after the 1st of
plans and profiles may be seen
obtained at the comp
engineering
Scott and Front streets, Toronto
The lowest or any tender will
be accepted.

FREDERIC NICHOLLS, P.
Toronto, 16th March, 1905. 67

TENDERS FOR DRAIN-
Tenders will be received by the
designed up till noon, Monday,
at the office of the Engineer,
known as the Dingman Creek
Plans and specifications at F.
London, or the clerk's of
the City of Toronto, or the
section or for the whole. No tender
amendment accepted. JAMES SMITH
North Dorchester, N.S., 3, Lane

AUCTION SALES.
Auction Sale of Farm, Farm St.
D. F. Graham, lot 5, con
Tuesday, March 25: 11 horses, 25

Isaac Crouse, lot 17, con. 1. Wed.
Wednesday, March 29; 32 cows,
stock and implements; sale at
11 a.m. Sharp. Hunt & McGreg-
or, auctioneers.

Lawrence Deadman, village of
Westminster, Saturday, April 1
1906. 22 milk cows; sundry stock
Hunt & McGregor, auctioneers.

CLEARING AUCTION.

Thirty-two dairy cows and
stock and implements, on Wed-
nesday, March 29, at 10 o'clock.
Giving up farming. Everything
to be sold at 1 o'clock. See poster.
Proprietor: HUNT
& MCGREGOR, auctioneers.

BY AUCTION

At Jones' auction rooms, on
March 28, at 10:30 a.m.—Four
chairs, 2 stuffed parlor suites, 1
couch, 2 easy chairs, 2 walnut
chairs, 2 easy chairs, 2
stands, 1 case of stuffed birds.

buffet sideboard, 1 dining-table
machines, 2 bedroom suits,
bed and bedsteads, 2 cooking
stoves, 2 refrigerators, 2
bureaus, 3 gas stoves, 2 refri-
gerators, kitchen utensils, gas
water heater, 20 volumes of
a barrister's sale of 20 volumes
of law by J. W. JONES.

AUCTION SALE
Of household furniture, etc., on
Friday, March 24, at 3 o'clock,
on Grand street, J. W. Jones has
constructed by Mr. R. Edgemoor
and others, comprising: Draw-
ing room, 2 bedrooms, 2 bath-
rooms (in odd pieces), center tables,
etc., halfstand, carpets, stair
carpets, Turkish rug (2x9), sideboard, d-
ining table, 2 chairs, 2 sets of
contents of 2 bedrooms in suit-
ware, Jewel gas range, refrigerator,
etc. J. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE of Household
Furniture, Piano, etc., on Thurs-
day, March 23, at 3 o'clock,
on Grand street, at 3 o'clock,
March 30th at 10:30

469 Park Avenue.
J. W. Jones has been the whole of D. D. Brad to sell the house of hold effects, comprising, Squ (rosewood case), drawing-room odd pieces, easy and recept sofas, couches, center tables, taberet and jardiniere, ecrus statuary, Wilton and Brussel rugs, curtains, blinds, etc., hall and bedroom table, hall mirror, sideboard, dining table, dinner and tea sets, glassware, cutlery cabinet, dinner wagon of 4 bedrooms in suites, vau and enameled bedsteads, mattress springs, mahogany cheffonier, bedding, bed and table linen, dressing bureaus and stands, wash, kitchen stove, refrigerator, cabinet, kitchen sink, etc. etc. J. W. JONES Auctioneer

1000

London Advertiser
TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office107
Job Department175
Editorial Department134
LONDON, SATURDAY, MARCH 25.

Who Passed the Law?

We are asking consideration from the House for a bill to do what? To override legislation enacted by the Territories? To wipe out laws they have passed? Will any gentleman say we are? Most undoubtedly not. Do you say, "You are passing a law to continue an act on the statute books of the Province?" Yes. But who passed that law? Parliament? No. Premier Haultain's Government and the Legislature of the Northwest Territories. (Loud ministerial cheers.) There is their act—chapters 23, 29 and 31. Of their own free mind the representatives of the people of the Territories passed it. And what are we doing? As they wanted us to do in the Manitoba case. To repeal the law? No. Simply to confirm it. Talk about Mr. Haultain not being consulted. Talk about the Northwest representatives not being consulted. He was consulted. If he had never been consulted what better indications can you have of the wishes, the desires, of the people of the Northwest Territories than their own legislation? (Cheers.) Mr. Haultain left to the Legislature of the Territories if he would change the law his answer was, if I remember correctly, "If I would not change it." (Applause.) Talk about provincial rights being invaded by this? (Renewed applause.)—Hon. William Patterson, in the House of Commons.

This puts the case in a nutshell. The Federal Government is confirming the school ordinances framed by a Protestant majority in the Legislative Assembly of the Northwest Territories. The object of these ordinances was the nationalizing of the school system of the Territories, so that no school public or separate, is now closed to Catholic or Protestant children by reason of any theological bias in the course of instruction. It is probable, almost certain, that if the Federal Parliament dropped the school clauses from the autonomy bill, and gave the new provincial legislatures carte blanche in the matter of education, the practical results would be the same as they will be when the proposed school clauses become part of the organic law of Alberta and Saskatchewan. The people of the Territories today are satisfied with the present system, and in all likelihood it would not be abolished within the measurable future if the new provinces had the power. The separate schools in the Territories are not to be compared with the separate schools which existed in Manitoba before the dual system was extinguished. The latter were church schools, and did not conform to the public schools in text books or teachers' qualifications, whereas the separate schools of the Northwest are national schools, identical with the public schools in their regular course of instruction.

If the people of the Territories, it may be asked, are satisfied with the present school system and disposed to preserve it without compulsion, why should federal legislation be necessary at all? For the same reason that in transactions between man and man, while there may be the utmost good faith on both sides, each party prefers to have legal and formal guarantees. No doubt the Protestant minority would continue to be fairly treated in the Province of Quebec, if their constitutional rights, with respect to education were suddenly withdrawn; but they would have opposed Confederation had those rights not been guaranteed in the British North America Act. The Catholic minority in the Territories are in somewhat the same position as were the Protestant minority in Quebec before Confederation. While not doubting the good faith of Mr. Haultain and the majority in the Territories today, they ask for some permanent assurance of their privileges. Whether these privileges have already become constitutional rights is a question upon which constitutional lawyers differ, but the latter is as fully qualified as the legal expert to pronounce upon another question, namely, whether Parliament is not morally obliged to preserve to the minority rights granted them 30 years ago, when it was fully believed by the majority, by the minority, and by Parliament itself, that these rights were forever established.

The War Operations.

According to the latest dispatches from the seat of war the Russians are still retreating slowly northward along the railway. Linévitch appears to be concentrating his troops at Gunshu Pass, but his rear guard is still far south of that point. About a third of the distance from Tie Pass to Harbin has been covered. There is much speculation in the European capitals as to the Russian commander's intentions. Across his path lies the Sungari River, and military experts believe he will defend the crossing of the stream at a point some 80 miles south of Harbin. At this point the steam is a very broad one and should Linévitch get across in good order he might be able to check Oyama's pursuit until reinforced.

Apparently the Japanese are still keeping pace with the Russians on either flank, meanwhile worrying the rear guard. The Russians reporting a number of heavy night attacks which were repulsed. Unofficial dispatches say a large Japanese force is moving to the investment of Vladivostok.

At St. Petersburg the peace party, headed by M. Witte is said to hold the upper hand, and peace negotiations are believed to be a matter of a few hours, if not already put forward. Parisian financial circles think France will soon be asked to act as a go-between.

On the other hand, Rojstevsky's fleet, which will soon be reinforced by the third section, has been ordered to

search out and crush Togo. This is not such a hopeless task as many appear to think, and were it successful would badly cripple the Japanese. In point of efficiency and experience the Japanese admiral has the advantage of the Russian, but at that, it is not to be supposed that Rojstevsky has been idle all these months. It is quite likely that he has whipped his crews into some degree of efficiency, while he will go into battle greatly his adversary's superior in number of ships, guns and men. Togo has but four battleships, and must depend largely on fast-sailing cruisers. Rojstevsky has eight battleships, five of them of the first class and modern construction, and three of them of the second class, but in good fighting trim.

Should the Japanese admiral fail to win decisively or be defeated, serious complications would follow. A drawn battle would constitute a defeat for the Japanese. Rojstevsky might be able to reach Vladivostok, where there are two Russian cruisers in good condition. The communications between Japan and Oyama's armies would be continually menaced. In sporting phraseology, Togo to win would be a good betting proposition, but the smallest accident might give victory to the Russians.

Since the above was written a dispatch from St. Petersburg, confirmed in high quarters, says a peace is likely to be arranged within the next six weeks.

Thinking Imperially.

A number of architectural and structural ironworkers waited upon the mayor of Toronto the other day to protest against the employment of English immigrants by a contractor working for the Consumers' Gas Company, a quasi-public corporation. Mr. Chamberlain would probably say that these Canadian workmen have not learned to "think imperially." He is constantly preaching that all men under the British flag are citizens of the Empire. He would have them acquire "the larger outlook" as we used to say in the late Ontario campaign, and project their vision beyond the boundaries of their particular countries to embrace the whole British realm. The leader of the Conservative party in Canada, in an effort to think imperially, once declared that it made no difference whether an industry was located in the mother country or Canada, because it was all the same to the Empire. This was intended to be an argument in favor of the retention of robust tariff protection for Canadian manufacturers, against their British competitors, but it would seem to work both ways. The British manufacturer might urge Canadians to think imperially by ceasing to penalize British goods, seeing that "it's all in the family." But there is very substantial evidence that many people in this country fail to rise to the height of Mr. Chamberlain's imperial conceptions, and persist in making geographical distinctions. The Canadian manufacturer thinks it makes a difference whether the goods which Canadians buy are made by himself or a fellow-Briton in Manchester or Birmingham. The Canadian workmen will sing that fine old ballad, "Hands Across the Sea," with patriotic fervor, but when hands across the sea reach out for jobs in this country it's another story, as Kipling says. The British workman, on the other hand, is so lacking in imagination that he balks at paying more for his food to make Canada the granary of the Empire upon which the sun never sets. Thinking imperially is all right as a theory, but conditions will probably count for more than theories in working out the imperial idea.

P. S.—The Canadian woolen manufacturers, or a number of them, complain that British competition is killing the Canadian woolen industry, and they demand that the duties on British wools be raised to at least 40 per cent.

P. S.—The Canadian Manufacturers' Association not long ago declared itself in favor of Mr. Chamberlain's policy and cabled him a message of sympathy and appreciation.

A taste of the big stick may be the right medicine for Venezuela.

Togo and Rojstevsky are getting together after the manner of the lady and the tiger.

The Opposition at Toronto yesterday placed a few thorns in the Government's bed of roses.

A good many who speak against separate schools in the Northwest take care not to describe what kind of separate schools they are.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Borden both speak of the rock of the constitution. It's the rock on which the constitutional experts split.

Newfoundland has become tired of fishing for favors in the American market and will refuse to sell bait to Yankee fishermen, thereby violating the Monroe doctrine.

It is well to remember that the people of the Northwest are satisfied with their school system. They have made it what it is, and nobody proposes to make them change it.

The late Jules Verne wrote scientific fiction which has since been surpassed by scientific fact. The world has moved rapidly in the lifetime of one man.

The United States obliged Great Britain to arbitrate her differences with Venezuela, and now the pesky little republic refuses to arbitrate with the United States. "How sharper than a

serpent's tooth it is to have a thankless child."

A Medical Mystery.

[Toronto Globe.] One of the most deadly of diseases as well as one of the most mysterious is cerebro-spinal meningitis, at present epidemic in New York and adjacent centers of population. It is of microbe origin, the particular microbe always present being known as the meningococcus. How this agency is transmitted and what is its mode of operation are still matters of speculation, and the New York Board of Health will by extensive research work seek to make the action of the microbe less a mystery. It is not yet certainly known whether the disease-producing organisms are commonly present in the throat and nasal passages of persons in normal health, or whether they are present only before an attack of cerebro-spinal meningitis. That the disease is infectious seems to be beyond dispute. Indeed, an outbreak that occurred a week ago in Russell county, in the Otsego Valley, plainly indicates this. One after the other three men and a girl belonging to a family took ill and died of a mysterious disease that the local physicians could not diagnose. It was not until Dr. Hodgett, secretary of the provincial board of health, went down, that the cause of death was understood.

Probably in the Market Now.

[Chicago Tribune.] "So the last of your younger sisters is off to the west," said one of the guests at the wedding. "I suppose you'll be going next." "I don't know, I am sure," said the other, with a pensive look. "Papa and mamma certainly don't need me as a sample any longer."

The Anvil Chorus.

[Louisville Courier-Journal.] Grave-digging was born with a silver spoon in her mouth. Gladys—judging by the size of the aperture, one would say it was a ladle. Doves—if you've ever noticed her table manners, you'd swear it was a knife.

Bishop Brooks and Matrimony.

[Boston Herald.] The late Phillips Brooks, being a bachelor, was greatly annoyed by receiving offers of marriage from women all over the country. One woman told him that she had a fortune at his disposal if he would accept her hand and heart. He replied: "Give your money to the poor, your heart to God, and your hand to the man who asks you for it."

The Big Men's Valuations.

[Pittsburgh Dispatch.] It is almost impossible nowadays to make even an approximate stagger at the wealth of the multi-millionaires who make New York their headquarters. The fact is that these poor fellows do not themselves know how much they are worth. Russell Sage is sick today, as he was yesterday. He is old—very old. People are speculating on the fortune he will leave.

Explained.

[Cleveland Plaindealer.] "Why do people eat welsh rabbits only in the evening?" "Because it's easier to be miserable while asleep."

SS. VICTORIAN GOES LIKE GHOST

Slips Through Water Like a Knife Without Vibration.

NOT A TREMOR PERCEPTIBLE

No Nasty Cranks and Throbbing Piston Rods on the New

Allan Turbine Boat.

New York, March 25.—A London dispatch, dated Saturday, to the Herald, upon the new turbine vessel Victorian, begins:

"Fine weather, turbines working smoothly, no vibration, now 50 miles out at sea."

This message, sent by wireless telegraphy from the new Allan liner Victorian, was received yesterday at Malinhead, on the Irish coast. The champions of the turbine found their expectations exceeded by the maiden voyage of the vessel, which is the first ocean-going passenger steamship to be driven by turbines.

"When the ship arrived at Moville yesterday en route for Canada," telegraphs a Derry correspondent, "it was stated that though on the previous night she had encountered a strong northeast gale and choppy sea, the passengers slumbered peacefully in their berths. So quiet was the Victorian that she might have been at her dock."

The absence of vibration, both fore and aft, astonished the Atlantic travelers on board, and many gazed persistently over the side to see if she was really moving through the water with a speed of either 17 or 18 knots. There was scarcely a perceptible tremor or through the ship. Looking down from the upper grating, the engine-room presented an unfamiliar appearance. The boiler-house, the old-fashioned, noisy cranks and throbbing piston rods which engineers loved, were missing. All they had to do was to watch their indicators to see how much pressure there was on the high and low turbines.

At each end of these is an instrument like a sashrop, to which the engineer on watch put his ear occasionally. The proper sound is a continuous roar. If it is intermittent there is something wrong somewhere. Men long accustomed to the old reciprocating engines looked around them in a hopeless way.

"They will have to put aside all their theories and knowledge and adapt themselves to the new turbines," said Charles Allen, superintending engineer of the Belfast firm who built the Victorian. Mr. Allen added: "I expect that in less than ten years we shall have our ocean steamships driven by gas engines mounted on board. An experiment will shortly be made with a steamship built on that principle."

Santo Domingo Troubles.

Brussels, March 24.—The protests of the Belgian Government and of the French and Belgian bondholders of Santo Domingo, are said to be due to Santo Domingo's non-observance of the agreement concluded with these bondholders, June 2, 1901, to pay towards the service of the public debt \$25,000 monthly out of the customs returns.

The strangest flag under which men ever fought is that of the Macedonian insurgents. It is red on one side and black on the other.

PADEREWSKI

the greatest of all pianists, will use a

STEINWAY GRAND

at his concert to be held here in April.

NORDHEIMER

is the first Piano made in Canada.

Full Information at

NORDHEIMER'S,

(LIMITED.)

188 Dundas St., - London.

Real Estate Transfers.

The Western Real Estate Exchange reports the sale of the following properties during the past few weeks:

W. H. Spencer's 100-acre farm, being northwest half of lot 22, concession 2, township of Harwich, county of Kent, sold.

Edwin Mill's 50-acre farm, being the southwest quarter of lot 3, concession 4, township of Charlotteville, county of Norfolk, sold.

House and lot in the town of Dresden, county of Kent, owned by N. C. Strickland, sold to C. Lilley.

J. Albright's 50-acre farm, being north quarter of lot 20, concession 4, township of Chatham, county of Kent, sold to J. W. Rosebrough.

Oliver M. Bruher's 100-acre farm, being lot 6, concession 5, township of Mersea, county of Essex, sold to James A. Hutchins.

Mrs. Sarah Wright's 50-acre farm, parts lot 1, concession 2, township of Mersea, county of Essex, sold to Chas. Stockwell.

House and lot in the city of London, No. 1003 Colborne street, owned by George Dickenson, sold to Mr. Churchill.

William Elkerton's 100-acre farm, lot 30, concession 11, township of Ebrford, county of Middlesex, sold to Mr. John H. Weston.

Fred Talbot's farm, being part lot 26, concession 5, township of Somers, exchanged for the east half of lot 11, concession 3, township of Ennisville, county of Lambton.

Seventy-five acres in the Township of Charlotteville, county of Norfolk, owned by Benj. Blake, sold to Mr. English.

One hundred acres, being part lot 10, concession 10, township of Windham, owned by J. E. Blaney.

Charles S. Adam's farm, lot 15, concession 4, township of Zone, county of Kent, sold.

James Miller's 100-acre farm, lot 11, county of Lambton, sold to William Tallman.

William Tallman's house and lot in the town of Ebrford, sold.

E. F. Parson's 100-acre farm, lot 9, concession 10, township of Carleton Place, county of Middlesex, sold to James H. English.

Fifty acres, lot 10, concession 10, township of Albion, county of Ebrford, owned by Mrs. Mary Ridley, sold to Thomas Jones.

C. R. Marlett's house and 6 acres of land, in the town of Simcoe, county of Norfolk, sold.

Ninety acres, lot 16, concession 13, township of Harwich, county of Kent, sold to J. R. Jordan.

Fifteen acres, being part lot 20, concession 1, township of Raleigh, county of Kent, sold to George Hobson.

Five and a half acres of land and house near the village of Dresden, formerly owned by Mr. Hooper, sold.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresoleine tablets. Ten cents per box. All druggists.

A woman was one of the competitors in a plowing contest lately held in Derbyshire, England.



BEDFAST FOR THREE YEARS

With Inflammatory Rheumatism

Helpless as an Infant—Now Walks Without Crutches.

Wonderful Recovery of Mr. John McCullough, of Uxbridge, Ont.

The Clafin Chemical Company, Windsor.

Gentlemen—It is with much pleasure that I send you this testimonial regarding the wonderful benefit I have derived from the use of "Bu-Ju" Kidney Pills. Have been an invalid for nearly three years with inflammatory rheumatism, and was bedfast until about six months ago, when an old friend of the family called to see me, and left me some of your pills. I began to feel the benefit of them after taking one box. I have continued using them, and am now able to get out without crutches. Before taking the pills I was as helpless as an infant, and had to be taken care of like one.

I honestly believe that your pills have been the cause of my getting better. I have tried about everything that could be thought of as a cure for my trouble, but feel this remedy of yours has done me more good than any of them, and I feel if I were a younger man, that by taking them for another few months I would be well and strong again; but, of course, I am an old man now, and have not the constitution to work on, but I hope this simple story of the way your pills have helped me will be of value to others. I remain yours truly,

JOHN McCULLOUGH, Uxbridge, Ont.

Special Sale of Hosiery

"SHREWD BUYERS NEED NO URGING."

We are making a special feature this week in a great clearance sale of Hosiery at prices which will make it worth your while to investigate. "We do not handle trash." We use great care in selecting our stock of Hosiery to get nothing but the best—those that are sure to wear you well and give perfect satisfaction. No house can give you better values. We mention a few of the items.



HOSIERY BARGAINS.

Ladies' Plain Cashmere Hose, seamless and double sole, for 30c pair.

Ladies' Ribbed Cashmere Hose, seamless and double sole, regular 50c, for 32c pair.

A special line of Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Hose, seamless, regular 25c, clearing at 15c pair.

Children's Ribbed Cashmere Hose, seamless and double sole, regular 50c, for 32c pair.

A special line of Children's Fine Ribbed Cashmere Hose, regular 52c, for 38c pair.

Children's Heavy Ribbed Hose, seamless, regular 25c, clearing at 2 pairs for 25c.

Children's Fancy Embroidered Cashmere Hose, all sizes, regular 50c, sale price 25c pair.

A new line of Ladies' Tan Cotton Hose, 30c pair.

Ladies' Lisle Hose, in tan, at 35c, 50c and 65c pair.

Ladies' Lisle Hose, in black, 45c, 50c and 60c pair.

Corsets to Fit all Figures.

Our selection of Corsets bespeaks the spring innovations in Corset Fashions, and marks the trend of the newest vogue in woman's attire; the extensive variety insures a "shape for every figure."

Absolute Comfort and Perfection of Fit.

Girdle Corset, steel filled, made of good quality Sterling Jean, lace trimmed on top, all sizes. Price.....50c

Ladies' Corset, made in extra quality Sterling Jean, steel filled, drab, low bust, long hip, cluster hooks for hose supporters, sizes 19 to 26, neatly finished with lace. Selling at.....50c

An Ideal Corset for spring wear, made of extra quality of Linen Batiste, colors white and drab, no brass eyelets, low bust, long habit hip, 11-inch 5 hook steel, lace and ribbon trimmed on top, all sizes. Splendid value at.....\$1.00

Ladies' Linen Batiste Corset in white only, low girdle bust, extra long hip, bias filled, perfect-fitting with hose supporters attached. Price.....\$1.25 Ask to see the "Victory" Corset Shield—best corset shield made.

Delinctor for April Now on Sale.

KINGSMILL'S

Special Sale of Hosiery.

SEE DATES BELOW.

COMING TO OUR TOWN

Established 1866. Over 30 Years of Success in Toronto, Ont. 192 West King St. J. Y. EGAN, Specialist, P.O. 539, Toronto.



Rupture

THE MOST RELIABLE and Successful Authority—Greatest success in the treatment of Hernia (Rupture) Varicocele (False Rupture) of all known agencies in modern times. He who makes a specialty of one department must certainly be more experienced and capable than those having many irons in the fire. Don't put off your case, believing it to be simple—Remember neglect often proves fatal. Have your case attended to now, and thus avoid danger. Stop wasting time and money elsewhere but come to one whose life-long study has taught him what to do. Do not depend or be deterred from seeking further advice, or because of repeated failures consider your case incurable. Because others failed in your case you have become discouraged. This is the very time you should consult me as my reputation has been made in curing hopeless (re-called) cases.

LADIES suffering from Navel or any form of Rupture should not hesitate in having their case attended to at once. Everything strictly private and professional.

MOTHERS—Look to your children—Now is the time to have them cured, while young. Don't allow them to grow up handicapped in the race of life, with rupture.

MY CHARGES are within reach of all, the poor man as well as the rich. Terms can be satisfactorily arranged, no reason why you should not consult me at once, during this visit.

SPECIALIST WILL VISIT: LONDON, GRIGG HOUSE, One Day Only—All Day and Evening.

Consult Specialist Early. 71c-12x

The husband of Charlotte Brontë, Mr. Nichols, is still living in an Irish village, the object of much honor and respect among a large circle of friends.

THE SUPERIORITY of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

Henry Harland, a well-known author, writes so small a hand that he puts several hundred words on a page.

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION. CANADIAN PACIFIC

Tourist Sleeping Car Service Without charge for Northwest and Coast points, leaving Toronto at 1:45 p.m. on Monday for Winnipeg, Tuesday for Vancouver, Wednesday for Seattle, Friday for Winnipeg, Saturday for Vancouver, and from North Bay, connecting with train for Toronto at 1:45 p.m. on Sunday for Vancouver, Thursday for Vancouver.

Fully equipped with bedding, cooking range, etc. Porter in charge. For use of first and second class passengers. Moderate berth rates.

Time tables and full information from W. H. P. L. London, or write C. B. FOSTER, D.P.A., Toronto.

During the months of March, April and May the Wabash will make sweeping reductions in the one-way colonist rates from Canada to Texas, Old Mexico, California, Nevada, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Arizona, Utah, Washington and British Columbia. Also round trip tickets on sale daily at greatly reduced rates to the South and West. There is nothing more assuring to the traveler than his knowledge of the fact that he is traveling over the Wabash system, the great winter tourist route to the South and West. For full particulars address J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, northeast corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

FOR NEW YORK

12:35 a.m. daily, with Through Pullman Sleeper, arrives New York 4:33 p.m.

Express trains also leave at 3:35 a.m. and 4:11 p.m.

Special One-Way Excursion to the West.

Billings, Mont., Colorado Springs, Denver, Col., Nelson, Rossland, B.C., Portland, Ore., Seattle, Wash., Vancouver, Victoria, Westminster, B.C., San Francisco, Cal.

Rates from London, \$24.25 to \$42.25. For tickets and full information call on E. DE LA HOOKE, city ticket agent, or E. RUSE, depot ticket agent.

Michigan Central

The Niagara Falls Route

Several Hours Quicker

THAN ANY OTHER ROUTE TO

New York

and Boston

Tickets, sleeping car reservations, and all information will be gladly furnished on application at city ticket office, 256 Richmond street, Phone 255. THOS. EVANS, agent, London, W. RUGGLES, G. P. and T. A., Chicago, Ill.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

WHY CANADA'S FAMOUS TRAIN, THE

"Maritime Express"

Leaving Montreal 12 o'clock, noon daily, except Saturday.

DOES THE BUSINESS

Between Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax and the Sydneys, with connection for Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland.

BECAUSE

Its dining and sleeping car service is unequalled.

THAT IS WHY.

Write for timetables, fares, etc., to

TORONTO TICKET OFFICE, 51 KING STREET EAST.

Spring Humors

Disappear when the
Blood is made Pure by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Pimples, boils and other eruptions,
are signs that a blood-cleansing, tonic
medicine is needed.

So are tired, languid feelings, fits of
indigestion and headache, loss of ap-
petite and general debility.

The best blood-cleansing, tonic medi-
cine is Hood's Sarsaparilla—this state-
ment is verified by 40,366 testimonials
received in the last two years, in addi-
tion to tens of thousands already on
file. Truly, Hood's Cures.

Get Hood's. 100 Doses One Dollar.

MARKET PRICES

Today's Markets on Page 6.

BEAN MARKET.

DETROIT.

Detroit, March 24.—Beans—March
17, 72; May 17 77 bid, June 2 cars at
\$1.30, July 31 32 asked. Offered on the
cure at \$1.82.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 24.—Oil opened
and closed at \$1.26.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., March 24.—Credit balances,
\$1.23; certificates, no bid; shipments, 57,297
barrels.

LONDON.

London, March 24.—Petroleum, Ameri-
can refined, 5/6d; refined, 5/6d.

ANTWERP.

Antwerp, March 24.—Petroleum, 15 francs
25 centimes.

BREMEN.

Bremen, March 24.—Petroleum, 6 marks
35 pfennings.

DAIRY MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, March 24.—Butter—Strong,
unchanged; receipts, 3,314 pkgs. Cheese—
Firm, unchanged; receipts, 2,394 boxes.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Ill., March 24.—Butter—Firm;
creameries, 20c to 22c; dairies, 20c to 21c.
Cheese, 12c to 13c.

FLAXSEED.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 24.—Flaxseed—North-
west, 31 3/4; southwest, 31 3/4; March, 31 3/4;
May, 31 3/4.

SUGAR MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, March 24.—Sugar—Raw
nominal; fair refining, 4 1/2 to 4 3/4.
99 test, 4 1/2; molasses sugar, 4c; refined
dull. Molasses—Steady.

LONDON.

London, March 24.—Raw sugar—Centri-
fugal, 15s 6d; nominal. Muscovado, 20s;
beet sugar, March, 14s 4d.

TORONTO.

Toronto, March 24.—Sugar—Prices here
are unchanged; granulated, 5 1/2; domestic
do, 5 1/2; yellow, 5 1/2; bags are quoted
5c less.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

TORONTO.

Toronto, March 24.—There was practi-
cally no market at the city cattle yards
today, only four cars of stock arriving.
Quotations for all grades are steady at
yesterday's figures, the market clearing
at those prices.

Run today, four cars, with 29 head of
cattle, 84 sheep and lambs and 100 hogs.
Total run for the week, 155 cars, with
2,435 head of cattle, 441 sheep and lambs,
1,669 hogs and 155 calves.

Exporters—Market 25c higher, at \$4.85 to \$5.00
for beef and \$4.00 to \$4.15 for the general
run; cows, \$3.50 to \$4; bulls, \$3 to \$3.40;
export bulls, \$3.25 to \$3.75.

Butchers—Market 25c higher, at \$4.85 to \$5.00
for beef and \$4.00 to \$4.15 for the general
run; cows, \$3.50 to \$4; bulls, \$3 to \$3.40;
export bulls, \$3.25 to \$3.75.

Short-keep Feeders—Very good demand
and market higher, at \$4.40 to \$4.70.
Stockers—Market steady, at \$2.25 to \$2.50;
feeders, short-keep, \$2.30 to \$2.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Market firm; pros-
pects steady; export ewes, \$4.75 to \$5.25;
bucks, \$3.50 to \$4.25; lambs, \$5.75 to \$7.75;
barnyard lambs, \$5.50 to \$6.50; dull; spring
lambs, \$4 to \$8 each.

Calves—Market firmer.
Hogs—Market steady to firm; select,
\$6.25; lights and fat, \$5.75 to \$6.

The total receipts for the week at the
Union stock yards, Toronto Junction,
were 22 cars, containing 873 head of cattle,
2 sheep, 1,227 hogs, 11 calves, 1 horse.
Prospects are that live hogs will be con-
siderably higher next week.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, March 24.—Live cattle are quoted
at 10s 6d to 12s per lb; refrigerator
beef, 8s 6d to 9s per lb; sheep, 12s to 13s
per lb.

HAY MARKET.

TORONTO.

Toronto, March 24.—Baled Hay—The
market is quiet.

It always helps
An ailment like consump-
tion that has been months
and years getting a foothold
cannot be relieved in a week
or day. Scott's Emulsion
will always afford relief and
often cure, but not over night.
The consistent use of Scott's
Emulsion will positively help
the consumptive at any
stage of the disease. We
guarantee nothing beyond
this, but we know that right
living and Scott's Emulsion
have done more to cure con-
sumption than anything else.

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, Toronto, Ont.

WEST LONDONERS WERE VERY UNEASY; PATROLED BREAKWATER WITH LANTERNS

Thames Took a Very Rapid Rise
But Did Not Get Into
the Village.

Part of Front Street, South
London Under Water—River
Recedes This Morning.

Though it looked for awhile last
night as if West London was in for
another flood, the indications are to-
day that unless a heavy rainstorm sets
in the suburb will escape an inundation
—for some days, at least. Of course,
the water in the river is very high, but
it was, at high water mark this morn-
ing, probably five feet lower than it
was when the village was flooded a
year ago.

Assistant Engineer Kirkpatrick re-
ports that at 11 o'clock today the river
showed a rise of fifteen feet at King
street bridge. Engineer Simmie, of the
waterworks, at the same hour, report-
ed seven feet five inches of water go-
ing over the Springbank dam. These

later figures show that the water fell
five inches from 7 o'clock this morning,
when the gauge at the dam registered
seven feet ten inches.

This morning Engineers Graydon and
Kirkpatrick thoroughly inspected the
breakwater, and they both stated that
the wall is holding its own. They
added that the river will have to come
up at least five feet before it will be
able to make its way in over the low-
est part of the breakwater, and as the
water up till noon was steadily reced-
ing it looks as though there will be no
flood for a while yet.

Last night great quantities of ice
went down the river, and large crowds
stood on all the city bridges watching
the icy floats go by on their way to
the lake. The watchers on Dundas
street bridge witnessed the top-liner at-
taining a record, however, fully
75 feet in length, and about 3 feet in
diameter at the root, came down the
north branch at a terrific rate. A large
branch extended like an arm to the
westward, and as the tree reached the
forks, where the currents of the north
and south branches meet, it was driven
straight into one of the center piles
against the pier, with the huge branch,
which formed the arm, on one side,
and the mighty trunk on the other.

There the tree still remains, and it will
likely stay there until it is cut away
when the water goes down. Persons on
the bridge say they felt a slight quiver
in the structure when the tree
struck it.

All night people who reside in the
lower districts of West London pat-
rolled the breakwater with lanterns,
watching for breaks that might lead
to a serious flood. Engineers Graydon
and Kirkpatrick, with a number of
men, were also in the village the
greater part of the night, seeing that
all went well.

At its highest ebb today the water
reached the doors of the bathhouse at
the foot of Dundas street, but it was
a couple of feet below the doors of the
bathhouse of the London Rowing Club
at the foot of Dundas street.

In South London the water flooded
the easterly end of Front street, but it
did not go into any of the houses,
though it was dangerously near them.
The piece of new breakwater erected
there last summer appeared to be do-
ing good work, because it diverted the
current to the northern bank, and pre-
vented the water taking a short cut
across Winnet's island. Winnet's is-
land was covered today, and the wa-
ter was also making its way into
Moore's flats and other low lands in
the southeast section below the city.

ONTARIO POWER COMMISSION ENGINEERS ARE NOW IN CITY

Seeking Data for the Report on
Niagara Power Which Is
Being Prepared.

Mr. R. A. Ross, of the firm of Ross
& Holgate, Montreal, and A. S. Henry,
an engineer employed in this office, were
in the city today in connection
with the report on Niagara power
which is being prepared for the munici-
palities by the Ontario power com-
mission.

Mr. Ross was formerly a member of
the commission, but he resigned when
he was appointed to the position of
electrical expert by that body. He,
with Mr. Henry, is now engaged in the
work of securing data for the report.
Mr. Ross today told The Advertiser
that he will be in the city at least two
weeks, but Mr. Ross leaves the city
at once. Both were introduced to
Mayor Campbell today by Hqn.
Adam Beck, who is also a member
of the commission.

As to the nature of the information
which it is proposed to collect here,
Mr. Ross today told The Advertiser
that it will be the aim of Mr. Henry
to find out exactly what power
resources are available in the city, and
hydraulic is used in London, the cost
of the same and the number of firms
using power.

"In our report we shall try to show
the exact cost of steam power to firms

in London which now burn coal at
say \$4 a ton, and also what it will
cost to supply electrical energy from
Niagara Falls to Londoners."

Mr. Ross was asked if it was true
that even if it is found possible to
transmit electricity from Niagara
Falls to London at a less cost than it
can be secured here, the plan to build
ed nearer the Falls than London will
be able to purchase power cheaper than
this city.

His reply was in the affirmative.
Then he shall be at identically the
same relative disadvantage regarding
power prices as we are now? Mr. Ross
was again asked. "For example, Ham-
ilton being situated nearer the Falls
than London, it will be able to pur-
chase the energy cheaper than this city
can purchase it. So all the places
lying between London and the Falls
will have us at a disadvantage in this
regard."

"Precisely so," was Mr. Ross' reply.
"I see no way out of the difficulty. But,
of course, we figure that power prices
will be greatly reduced all around,
through the use of Niagara power.
Moreover, I do not think that there
will be any difference in the price of
electrical energy sold to London and to
places, say 50 miles east of here. The
steam will, I think, be the same."

Today the engineers are at Spring-
bank ascertaining the amount of hy-
draulic and steam power used there.
"In our report the report will be
ready by July 1, 1905."

ROBBING A FIRM OF CITY GROCERS

One of the Implicated Parties
Pleads Guilty—Other Two
Were Remanded.

The first development to prove the
story that several men were conduct-
ing wholesale thievery in several firms
in this city, came out this morning
when Frederick Fitzgerald pleaded
guilty to a charge of stealing from the
firm of Scandrett Bros. The three
men accused of being implicated in the
game were in the dock, and Fitzger-
ald's name was called out first. He
stood up and on being asked what he
had to say in answer to the charge of
stealing groceries to the value of \$100
he made no reply. His lawyer, how-
ever, entered a plea of guilty for him
and proceeded to state that while he
pleaded guilty to the charge he did not
commit all the thefts with which
he was charged. However, he de-
clared that he should enter the plea,
as he had been guilty of several of the
thefts. It was pointed out to the
magistrate that Fitzgerald had
had borne a good reputation; that he
was the sole support of his wife and
two small children, and that his
chances in life would be spoiled if he
was sentenced on the first charge of
which he was guilty. If he was taken
away, his wife would be left with no
means of support. It was asked that
the magistrate be lenient on this oc-
casion.

Without comment the magistrate
said that he would first take the plea
of Harry Gardiner and W. J. T. Berry,
who were charged with the same of-
fense. Their counsel asked that they
be remanded without pleading, and
this request was complied with. Fitz-
gerald was also remanded for a week,
when sentence will be passed.

Arthur Morrison, charged with
fraud, was remanded for a week until
his mental condition could be ascer-
tained. Dr. McArthur, the jail sur-
geon, has been watching Morrison for
some time, and has concluded with a
conclusion that he is not in his proper
senses. It is thought that when the
effects of drink have worn off it will
be possible to judge whether he knew
what he was doing when he tendered
a false check to Liverman Hueston.

Thomas Lawrence, who previously
pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing
an overcoat and a gold watch from
a sick man at the City Hotel, was let
go on suspended sentence. He was
under the influence of liquor when the
theft was committed, and as he had
been in jail for some time the magis-
trate thought it advisable to give him
another chance.

Andrew Macpherson pleaded guilty
to assaulting his wife, but would not
agree to pay her an allowance if he
was separated from her. The magis-
trate remanded him for a week.

Three first-time drunks were allowed
to go.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c.
CATARRH CURE ... 25c.

Is sent direct to the diseased
parts by the Improved Blower.
Heals the ulcers, clears the air
passages, stops dripping in the
throat and permanently cures
free. All dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase
Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

Special Notice.
Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses
renovated and sterilized; also manu-
facturers of Mattresses, Feather Pillows,
Cushions and Spring Beds. Brass and
Iron Beds, Stoves, Furniture, Camp
Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and
Mattress Cleaning Factory, J. E. Hunt
& Sons, 533 Richmond street. Phone 997.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES
COLDS, ETC.

HAS ANNIE ABBOTT POWER TO HEAL?

Mr. Samuel S. Glass Claims He
Has Been Cured by the
Touch of the Wonder.

Has Annie Abbott, the Georgia mag-
net, the power to heal? This young
woman, who has been the headliner
at the London Vaudeville Theater this
week, has attracted and mystified thou-
sands by the wonderful power which
she possesses, or appears to possess.
By merely placing her hands against
the side of a chair on which are seated
five men, she is able to lift it from
the floor, and by placing her hands at
each side of a man's head, she lifts
him from the chair the subject scarce-
ly feeling the pressure of Miss Abbott's
hands.

It was the performance of this latter
test upon Mr. Samuel S. Glass, travel-
er of 321 Horton street, city, that
prompted the asking of the question, as
to Miss Abbott possessing the power to
heal.

Mr. Glass has resided in London
nearly all his life. For some years he
was a locomotive engineer on the
Grand Trunk railway. He has been
compelled to give up his occupation be-
cause of a chronic nervousness, caused,
no doubt, by the rocking of the loco-
motive, and the tension at which an
engineer's nerves are constantly
strained. Later he was in charge at the
machinery plant at Victoria Hospital,
and for the past three years he has
been a traveler for a Guelph house. A
couple of days ago he visited the Lon-
don Vaudeville Theater, and was re-
quested by Manager Bennett to go on
the stage, and assist in the tests, as
there were but few men in the audi-
ence and all appeared little backward.
Mr. Glass consented, and Miss Abbot,
placing her hands at each side of his
head, raised him from the floor.

For years he has been troubled with
a pain immediately behind the right
ear, but no sooner had Miss Abbott
placed her hand on the spot than the
pain ceased. Mr. Glass was seen yester-
day, and he repeated the story as
before. He remarked that where
the pain formerly existed he could
then feel only a burning sensation.
Yesterday he had Miss Abbott again
place her hand on his head, and he
stated afterwards that the touch of the
Georgia magnet had still further bene-
fited him.

"I don't know what her power is," he
said, "but she has, I believe, cured me
of the chronic nervousness, with which
I have been afflicted for years. I feel
better than at any time since I was a
boy."

Miss Abbott does not talk much of
the matter, she says, however, that in
several places where she has given ex-
hibitions people have claimed that she
has cured them of nervous diseases.

SELLING DISEASED MEAT

Series of Prosecutions for the Offense
May Be Instituted.

The recent prosecution and convic-
tion of a Montreal man for selling
diseased meat for sale to a farmer
for considerable interest throughout
the northern part of the county, where
it is said, a great part of the London
meat supply is obtained.

A prominent resident of one of the
northern towns said today that it
could be shown that a large percent-
age of the meat sold in that section
was not fit for consumption, and that
the men who disposed of it to the
wholesale butchers were well aware of
it. The action against the McGillivray
farmer made a number of others
very uneasy, as it is rumored that

a series of prosecutions are to be con-
ducted.

WILL STAY IN MONTREAL

Rev. O. W. Howard Declines Invita-
tion to Stratford Church.

Rev. O. W. Howard, brother of Rev.
R. S. W. Howard, of this city, and
lecturer in the Diocesan College at
Montreal, has decided not to accept the
call tendered him by the congregation
of St. James' Church, Stratford, whose
pulpit was vacated by the Bishop of
Huron, and has notified the church to
that effect. While he was considering
the offer, Mr. Howard received an un-
signed letter from Stratford, in which
it was indicated that the congregation,
especially the leading members, had
not been unanimous in their choice of
him. He, therefore, felt it was his duty
not to accept and he notified the Bishop
of Huron of his decision. A Montreal
paper had the following with regard to
Rev. O. W. Howard:

Rev. Professor O. W. Howard will
continue to occupy the chair of apolo-
getics and ecclesiastical history in the
Diocesan College at Montreal. At a meeting
of the governors of the college on Monday
it was moved by the Very Rev. the
Dean of Montreal, seconded by James
Crabtree, and unanimously resolved:
"That the board of governors of the
Montreal Diocesan Theological College
desire to express their sincere appre-
ciation of the high Christian charac-
ter and scholarly attainments of the
Rev. Professor Howard, B.D., and his
very special gifts as a teacher in sacred
theology, and furthermore, the board
would take this opportunity of assur-
ing him of the great sorrow which
would be caused by his withdrawal
from the college, and at the same time
would put on record their earnest hope
that in the ways of God's wise providence
his so highly-valued services
may be retained here." The above,
with other resolutions of the board of
governors and a memorial from the
student body, expressing their appre-
ciation of his work, and the desire
that he remain at the college were
presented to Professor Howard yester-
day morning. Professor Howard said
last night that he had decided not to
accept the offer made to him by the
congregation of St. James' Church,
Stratford, and had communicated his
decision to that effect to the Bishop
of Huron.

Itch on the human body cured in 30
minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lot-
ion. Never fails. Sold by C. McCallum
& Co., Druggists.

All the world loves a man who can
make a baby stop crying. Qualifications,
TIERCE TWO desirable, qualifications,
pleasant to the taste and at the same
time effective, are to be found in Mother
Worm Exterminator. Children
like it.

The Crystal Palace accommodates
more people than any other building
in the world. It will hold 100,000.
A REQUISITE FOR THE RANCHER.—
On the cattle ranges of the west, where
men and stock are far from doctors and
apothecaries, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil
is kept on hand by the intelligent as a
ready-made remedy, not only for many
human ills, but as a horse and cattle
medicine of surpassing merit. A horse
and cattle rancher will find matters great-
ly simplified by using this Oil.

One of the guests at a recent golden
wedding at Danzig, Germany, was the
bride's mother, aged 91 years.

FOR OVER FORTY YEARS BROWN'S
Bronchial Troches have been recom-
mended by physicians, and are recog-
nized the world over as one of the best
cough remedies. Sufferers from Bronchial
and Lung Troches should try them. Sold
only in boxes.

\$9.00 New York Excursion \$9.00—Via
Lehigh Valley Railroad
Friday, March 31st.

Tickets only \$9.00 from Suspension
Bridge to New York and return. Tick-
ets good returning on or before April
5. Tickets good on all regular Lehigh
Valley trains leaving Suspension
Bridge at 8:30, 7:15 and 10:15 a.m., 6:20
and 8:20 p.m. For tickets, sleeping-car
berths, and full information, apply to
ticket agent, Suspension Bridge
or to R. S. Lewis, Canadian pas-
senger agent, 10 King street east, Tor-
onto, Easter Excursion to Washing-
ton, April 21.

West Shore Excursion April 6.
Write L. Drago, Canadian passenger
agent, 69 1/2 Yonge street, Toronto, for
full particulars of spring excursion to
New York.

A man won a smoking contest in
Paris by keeping a cigar alight for 2
hours and 29 minutes.

Woods' Fair

See our
Great value in
Cashmere Hose
For 25 cents.

Visit Our
Art Room
In the
Basement.

MONDAY WALL PAPER ITEMS.

Wallpaper is going out surprisingly fast. We realize the need of
having special sales during the week. Besides our regular Saturday
Wallpaper events we announce for Monday a very special sale in the
wallpaper section. If you anticipate clothing your walls now or later,
you will do well to visit this sale. There's a saving of money here for
you.

Window Shades, in cream, regular 35c. Sale price 25c
Curtain Poles, in oak and mahogany. Sale price, 15c or 2 for 25c
White Enamel Curtain poles. Sale price, 15c or 2 for 25c
Curtain Poles, complete with rings. Sale price 25c and 40c
Extension Rods. Sale price, 5c and 10c

We carry a full line of Beaver Brand, Paints. They cannot be ex-
celled. If once tried you will always be satisfied. Sold in half pint,
pint, quart, etc.

Woods' Fair

Big value
In China
In the
Basement.

See our
Special line of
Umbrellas
For 75c.

SOMETHING DIFFERENT.

We find that most people in buying
a Sideboard want something a little
different from their neighbors—not the
same old designs that they've been
looking at for years.

Most of our Sideboards are designs
that have never been shown in London
before.

The Sideboard illustrated here is
quarter-cut oak, with lined silver
drawer and large British plate mirror.

\$27.00.

The Ontario Furniture Co.

228-230 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

Give Nature a Chance

—BY USING—

Newbro's Herpicide

The ORIGINAL remedy that "kills the dandruff germ."

It destroys the tiny vegetable growth in the seba-
ceous glands of the scalp, after which the hair will grow
as nature intended. Don't wait until it is too late, for
chronic baldness is incurable.

The microbe of dandruff and baldness makes the hair
dull, brittle and lustreless. It fills the hair with dandruff
and causes itching of the scalp. Later, it chokes the
very life out of the hair and causes it to fall. Save it with
NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE. Extraordinary results follow
its use.

Itch on the human body cured in 30
minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lot-
ion. Never fails. Sold by C. McCallum
& Co., Druggists.

All the world loves a man who can
make a baby stop crying. Qualifications,
TIERCE TWO desirable, qualifications,
pleasant to the taste and at the same
time effective, are to be found in Mother
Worm Exterminator. Children
like it.

DOMINION

Savings and Investment Society,
MASONIC TEMPLE.

NOW is the time to begin a "savings account" if you have none. A dollar in our Savings Department grows continually greater, while a dollar in the pocket grows continually less.

Three and a half per cent allowed on permanent deposits.

F. H. BUTLER, STOCK BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for free pocket manual. Long distance phone 1278. OFFICES—Masonic Temple, London.

Patronize Home Industries.

Buy your Meats at—
CANADIAN PACKING CO.'S STORE,
Next to Postoffice.

TODAY'S MARKETS

Yesterday's Reports on Page 5.

LOCAL MARKET.

London, Saturday, March 25. Considering the state of the roads the market today should be considered a good one, as the attendance was almost up to the average for a Saturday. The bulk of the offerings consisted of the smaller lines. Sales were brisk, as the market was pretty well cleaned by noon. Prices as a rule were firm.

Grain—Oats were in good demand, the supply was the largest for the past ten days. Sales were made at \$22 to \$23 per cwt, most of sales were made at \$23 per cwt.

There was about a dozen loads of hay on the stand. Sales were made at \$10 and \$10.50 per ton. It is likely that hay will drop in price as soon as there is an improvement in the offerings being quickly absorbed at \$12 to \$13 per dozen by the basket.

Apples—The supply was large. Sales were slow, most of the offerings being quickly absorbed at \$12 to \$13 per dozen by the basket.

Vegetables and Fruits—Potatoes were in fair supply, sales were fairly brisk at 50c to 55c per bag, not many selling at the last-named price. Lettuce sold at the 40c per dozen, Rhubarb, 10c per bunch, or 50c to \$1 per dozen. Eggs, 40c per dozen. Cabbages, 40c to 50c per dozen.

Poultry—There was less offered today than on any Saturday since Christmas. The dealers could hardly secure enough to fill their orders at anything like reasonable prices. Chickens, dressed, 40c to 45c per lb. Turkeys, 15c and 16c per lb. pair, dressed; for live ducks, 75c and 10c per pair, was asked.

Dressed Hogs—About 75 carcasses offered; sales were brisk at 35c per cwt for nearly all the offerings; a few sold at \$8.10 to \$8.25 per cwt.

Live Hogs—Prices for Monday will be 35c per cwt for select. The market is not as strong as a couple of days ago. Small pigs are quiet, and the holders asked \$4 to 5c per pair.

Butchers' Meat—Sales slow and prices unchanged.

Honey—Very little offered; strained sold at 10c per pound.

Maple Syrup—The first offerings of the season; sales slow at \$1.10 to \$1.20 per gallon.

GRAIN, PER CENTRAL.

Wheat, new, 1.25 @ 1.26
Oats, new, 1.15 @ 1.16
Corn, new, 1.00 @ 1.01
Barley, new, 1.00 @ 1.01
Rye, new, 1.00 @ 1.01
Buckwheat, new, 1.00 @ 1.01
Peas, new, 1.00 @ 1.01

GRAIN, PER BUSHEL.

Wheat, 1.00 @ 1.01
Oats, 1.00 @ 1.01
Corn, 1.00 @ 1.01
Barley, 1.00 @ 1.01
Rye, 1.00 @ 1.01
Buckwheat, 1.00 @ 1.01
Peas, 1.00 @ 1.01

POULTRY, ALIVE.

Old hens, pair, 70 @ 80
Ducks, pair, 70 @ 80
Turkeys, pair, 70 @ 80
Chickens, pair, 70 @ 80
Hens, pair, 70 @ 80
Ducks, pair, 70 @ 80

POULTRY, DRESSED.

Old hens, pair, 70 @ 80
Ducks, pair, 70 @ 80
Turkeys, pair, 70 @ 80
Chickens, pair, 70 @ 80
Hens, pair, 70 @ 80
Ducks, pair, 70 @ 80

DAIRY PRODUCE.

Butter, store lots, 12 @ 15
Butter, crocks, 12 @ 15
Butter, creamery, 12 @ 15
Eggs, doz, wholesale, 17 @ 18
Eggs, doz, retail, 18 @ 19
Honey, strained, 10 @ 12
Honey, comb, 12 @ 15

Not Every Individual

has the qualifications to manage your estate. In using this Company you are not experimenting.

The London & Western Trusts Company, Ltd.

Office and safe deposit vaults, corner of Dundas and Richmond streets.

C. N. SPENCER

STOCK BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Phone 181. OFFICE, Market Lane.

BUTCHERS' MEATS.

Dressed hogs, cwt., 8.00 @ 8.25
Dress, per cwt., 8.00 @ 8.25
Cuttin, per cwt., 6.00 @ 6.50
Lamb, per lb., 11 @ 11 1/2
Pork, lb., 8 @ 8 1/2
Pork, lb., forequarters, 8 @ 8 1/2

LIVE STOCK.

Hogs, select, cwt., 6.00 @ 6.50
Hogs, per pair, 4.00 @ 5.00
Sows, per cwt., 3.25 @ 3.50
Stags, per cwt., 3.00 @ 3.50
Grass cattle, cwt., 3.50 @ 3.75
Export cattle, cwt., 4.00 @ 4.50

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, per ton, 10 @ 10.50
Straw, per ton, 6.00 @ 6.50
Wool, washed, per lb., 19 @ 20
Wool, unwashed, per lb., 12 @ 14
Hides, No. 1, per lb., 3 1/2 @ 4
Hides, No. 2, per lb., 3 @ 3 1/2
Hides, No. 3, per lb., 2 1/2 @ 3
Hides, rough, lb., 2 @ 2 1/2
Sheepskins, each, 6 @ 6 1/2

Eggs For Sale, 16c Doz.
Phone 982, or call at warehouse. 664 BATHURST FLAVELLES, LTD. STREET.

STOCK MARKETS.
H. C. BECHER, stock broker, 412 Richmond St. Long Distance Phone 212.

STOCKS.

Bank of Montreal, 100 @ 100 1/2
Bank of Toronto, 100 @ 100 1/2
Bank of Commerce, 100 @ 100 1/2
Bank of Nova Scotia, 100 @ 100 1/2
Bank of Hamilton, 100 @ 100 1/2
Bank of Ottawa, 100 @ 100 1/2
Bank of St. John's, 100 @ 100 1/2
Bank of British Columbia, 100 @ 100 1/2
Bank of Western Assurance, 100 @ 100 1/2
Imperial Life, 100 @ 100 1/2
Consumers' Gas, 100 @ 100 1/2
Ont. & Q. Appelle Land, 100 @ 100 1/2
C. P. R., 100 @ 100 1/2
Toronto Electric, 100 @ 100 1/2
Canadian General Electric, 100 @ 100 1/2
Northern Telephone, 100 @ 100 1/2
Bell Telephone, 100 @ 100 1/2
Richelleu & Ontario Nav., 100 @ 100 1/2
Niagara Navigation, 100 @ 100 1/2
Northern Navigation, 100 @ 100 1/2
St. L. & C. Navigation, 100 @ 100 1/2
Toronto Railway, 100 @ 100 1/2
Twin City Railway, 100 @ 100 1/2
Winnipeg Street Railway, 100 @ 100 1/2
Sao Paulo Railway, 100 @ 100 1/2
Northern Railway, 100 @ 100 1/2
Dominion Coal, 100 @ 100 1/2
Northern Coal, 100 @ 100 1/2
Crows' Nest Coal, 100 @ 100 1/2
Mackay, 100 @ 100 1/2
Salt, 100 @ 100 1/2
Canadian Lumber, 100 @ 100 1/2
Canada Permanent, 100 @ 100 1/2
Canadian S. & L., 100 @ 100 1/2
Central Canada Loan, 100 @ 100 1/2
Hamilton Provident, 100 @ 100 1/2
Fluron & Erie L. & S., 100 @ 100 1/2
Manitoba Loan, 100 @ 100 1/2
London Loan, 100 @ 100 1/2
Ontario Loan & Debenture, 100 @ 100 1/2
Toronto Savings & L., 100 @ 100 1/2
SALES: Canadian General Electric, 25 @ 100 1/2, 50 @ 100 1/2, 75 @ 100 1/2, 100 @ 100 1/2, 125 @ 100 1/2, 150 @ 100 1/2, 175 @ 100 1/2, 200 @ 100 1/2, 225 @ 100 1/2, 250 @ 100 1/2, 275 @ 100 1/2, 300 @ 100 1/2, 325 @ 100 1/2, 350 @ 100 1/2, 375 @ 100 1/2, 400 @ 100 1/2, 425 @ 100 1/2, 450 @ 100 1/2, 475 @ 100 1/2, 500 @ 100 1/2, 525 @ 100 1/2, 550 @ 100 1/2, 575 @ 100 1/2, 600 @ 100 1/2, 625 @ 100 1/2, 650 @ 100 1/2, 675 @ 100 1/2, 700 @ 100 1/2, 725 @ 100 1/2, 750 @ 100 1/2, 775 @ 100 1/2, 800 @ 100 1/2, 825 @ 100 1/2, 850 @ 100 1/2, 875 @ 100 1/2, 900 @ 100 1/2, 925 @ 100 1/2, 950 @ 100 1/2, 975 @ 100 1/2, 1000 @ 100 1/2.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Toronto, March 25.—Wheat—The market is unsettled, with buyers and sellers apart; prices firm, at \$1.04 to \$1.06 for Ontario red and white; spring, 95c to 98c; goose, 90c; Manitoba, white, 95c; all fall quaterns, No. 1, 95c to \$1.00, No. 2, 90c to \$1.00, No. 3, 85c to \$1.00, with sales for delivery the opening of navigation at 6c to 7c lower.

Flour—Quiet; 90 per cent patents, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Barley—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Maize—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Beans—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Peas—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Lentils—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Onions—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Potatoes—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Cauliflower—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Brussels Sprouts—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Cabbage—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Kale—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Carrots—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Turnips—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Parsnips—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Swedes—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Beet—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Spinach—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55 per cent, \$3.00 to \$3.10; 50 per cent, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 45 per cent, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 40 per cent, \$2.40 to \$2.50; 35 per cent, \$2.20 to \$2.30; 30 per cent, \$2.00 to \$2.10; 25 per cent, \$1.80 to \$1.90; 20 per cent, \$1.60 to \$1.70; 15 per cent, \$1.40 to \$1.50; 10 per cent, \$1.20 to \$1.30; 5 per cent, \$1.00 to \$1.10; 0 per cent, \$0.80 to \$0.90.

Peas—Quiet; 90 per cent, \$4.40 to \$4.50, in buyers' hands; 85 per cent, \$4.20 to \$4.30; 80 per cent, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 75 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.90; 70 per cent, \$3.60 to \$3.70; 65 per cent, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 60 per cent, \$3.20 to \$3.30; 55

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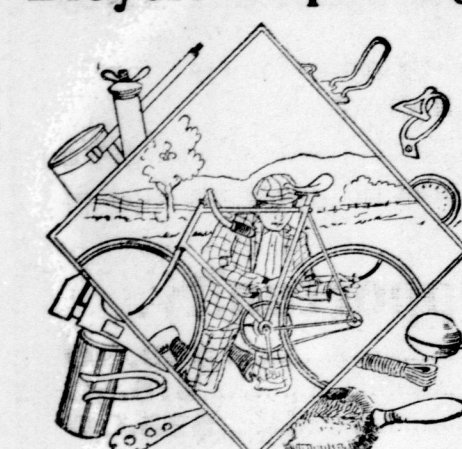
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can find no flaw in them, and today they are serving as models to the entire piano-making industry.

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MAGAZINE DAY.

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LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Miss Lottie Johnstone, Clinton, is visiting in this city.

—Mrs. Charles F. Boyce, Port Huron, is staying with relatives here.

—Mrs. Harriet Lemon, West Lorne, is on a visit to relatives in London.

—Mr. H. Pickles, of Hespeler, has started a divinity course at Huron College.

—Miss Isabel Macbeth is at present staying with her sister-in-law, Mrs. Macbeth, Ottawa.

—Mrs. R. J. Maiten, of New York, is at present with her sister, Mrs. Wm. H. Stone, Elgin street.

—Mr. H. Cassels, Clinton, has moved with his family to this city, where he has accepted a situation.

—Mr. C. Washburn has resumed his studies at Huron College after undergoing an operation at Victoria Hospital.

—Mr. and Mrs. Noyes, of this city, have been having a pleasant visit with the latter's mother, Mrs. John Earl, Duclaine.

—Miss Etta L. Harvey, of Detroit, Mich., will return home after two weeks' visit with her cousin, Louis L. McCallan, Carling street, city.

—Mr. A. F. Read, foreign freight agent, of the G. T. R., and Mr. L. R. Read, of Ottawa, spent a few days this week with their sister, Mrs. Callender, George street.

—His Lordship the Bishop of Huron will conduct confirmation rites at Aylmer and Tillsonburg next Sunday, and will visit various localities in Elgin County during the succeeding week for the same purpose.

—The Worthy Road Baptist Sunday School held its anniversary entertainment on Thursday night. Rev. Mr. Walker presided and a programme of 20 numbers was rendered. Superintendent James distributed the prizes won during the past year.

Another of those very enjoyable contribution parties, conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cowan, was held last evening at the residence of Mr. John Paul, Queen's avenue, it being intended as a farewell to the Misses Paul, who shortly will move from the city to St. Catharines.

The Seabrook farm, consisting of 205 acres, in the township of Carleton Place, just across the river from Delaware village, is to be sold by public auction by Auctioneer J. M. Hart, at his office, King street, April 15, at 1:30 o'clock. This is without doubt one of the best farms in the county of Middlesex.

A very successful concert was given Thursday evening in Bethany Mission, Pall Mall street. Solos were rendered by Miss Uptegrove, Miss Jessie Redge and Messrs. F. Maguire, E. Webster, E. McBride and A. Parker. The elocutionist of the evening was Miss Ethel Kirk, who was given a splendid reception and kindly responded to entreaties. Rev. E. Holmes made a pleasing chairman. The soloists were accompanied by Mr. Bert Weir. The ladies of the mission are arranging for a sample sale to be held in April.

FORMER LONDONER DEAD.
An old former resident of London, Mr. Robert Seaton, died in Hamilton, Ontario, on Thursday. Many citizens will remember Mr. Seaton when he kept a boot and shoe store on Clarence street for a number of years. His remains will be brought to this city today for interment in Woodland Cemetery, the funeral taking place from Ferguson's undertaking parlors.

CONCERT AT INCURABLE HOME.
The members of the Anglican Young People's Association of the Memorial Church gave a concert at the Home for Incurables on Tuesday evening, which was very much enjoyed. Those who contributed to the programme were the Misses Armitage, Blanche Armitage, Axton, Luscombe, Nash, Butler, Robinson, Beaumont, Kinder and Darville, and Messrs. Wright and Robertson. Mr. C. H. Armitage acted as chairman.

A CORRECTION.
In a review of the thirty-fifth annual report of the Mutual Life of Canada, published some time ago, it was stated that the amount of new business transacted during 1904 was \$2,800,000. This was an error. The actual business of the company for the year, totaled the magnificent sum of \$5,048,168, covering 3,452 policies. This is a record the Mutual Life may well be proud of, for it stamps the company as solid and progressive.

SACRED CANTATA.
Gaul's sacred cantata, "Ruth" will be given in Dundas Center Church on Tuesday evening next. This is a beautiful work, and will doubtless draw a large audience of music lovers. The soloists will be Mr. Clara M. Allan, contralto, of Hamilton; Miss Lillian G. Wilson, soprano, and Mr. W. Skinner, bass. Preceding the cantata a short miscellaneous programme will be given by Mr. W. H. Hewlett, a former organist of the church, who will play solos, and also accompany Mrs. Allan and Mr. Morris in vocal selections.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES.
The second anniversary of the induction of Rev. James Rollins as pastor of the King Street Presbyterian Church will be observed by suitable services tomorrow, when Rev. W. J. Clark, of the First Presbyterian Church, will preach in the morning, and Professor John McNaughton, of Queen's University, will preach at night, while an afternoon service under the auspices of the Sunday school will be addressed by Principal Merchant, of the Normal School.

STUDENTS' APPOINTMENTS.
The students of Huron College will take services tomorrow as follows: Chatham—E. Powell, Lucknow—K. McGowan, Port Stanley—J. M. Horton, Port Burwell—T. J. Hamilton, All Saints—D. J. Cornish, Oil Springs—H. Miller, Wardsville—T. K. Hughes, Home for Incurables, Barclay.

ENGINE RAN AWAY.
St. Thomas Journal: What might have resulted in an accident occurred yesterday (Thursday) morning at the Pere Marquette Railway in this city. It appears that the engine which is used on the run from St. Thomas to London was taken from the roundhouse with full head of steam and full boiler of water, and placed outside on the scale track ready for the crew to take charge of her. From some unknown cause, it is supposed that the throttle sprung open and the engine started on her wild chase for the west, keeping up her speed for some miles. Before Sheddin was reached she came to a standstill none the worse for her desertion. It is a miraculous thing that no accident resulted, and the train on the line at the time or the results might have been serious.

CHOIR ENTERTAINED.
The choir and the music committee of the First Presbyterian Church were entertained at supper by the Ladies' Aid Society last evening. Tastefully arranged tables, decorated with flowers, were set in the supper-room beneath the Sunday school. A large number were present to enjoy the dainty repast, and the list of names, given by numerous musical selections, then followed.

EIGHT HUNDRED OF THEM.
Filling sixteen passenger coaches of the Great Northern railway, trains which passed through the St. Clair tunnel on Wednesday were 800 immigrants travelling westward.

HEREDITY Can Be Overcome in Places.
The influence of heredity cannot, of course, be successfully disputed, but it can be minimized or entirely overcome in some cases by correct food and drink. A Connecticut lady says that she, a coffee addict, suffered from bilious attacks of great severity, from which I used to emerge as white as a ghost and very weak. Our family physician gave me various prescriptions for improving the digestion and stimulating the liver, which I tried faithfully, but without appreciable results. I was acquainted with my family history for several generations back, and once when I visited him he said: "I have not so strong a believer in heredity as he was, however, and, beginning to think for myself, I concluded to stop drinking coffee, and what effect that had on my health, I feared it would be a severe trial to give it up, but when I took Postum and had it well made, it completely filled my mind for a beverage and I grew very strong of it."

"I have used the Postum Coffee for three years, using no medicine, and the change has completely cured me. During all that time I have had absolutely none of the bilious attacks that I used to suffer from, and I have been free from the pain and debilitating effects that used to result from them. The change is surely very great, and I am compelled to give Postum Coffee the exclusive credit for it."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Look for the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each package.

Merchants Lost Goods; Trio of Arrests Follow

Drayman, Shipper and Machinist Alleged to Have Operated Together.

The police court today was marked by one extraordinary case. It was that of three men who were charged with theft, and aiding and abetting thefts. The trio arrested on the charge were Frederick Fitzgerald, who was employed as a drayman at Scandrett Bros., wholesale grocers; Henry Gardner, a machinist, at John Ferguson & Sons, and W. J. F. Berry, a colored man who for some time has been employed to remove the rubbish from the rear of Scandrett's store, which by the way, adjoins Ferguson's factory.

The home of Fitzgerald was also visited, and there the detectives found chairs and small tables, valued at about \$50. These are supposed to have come from Ferguson's factory, and that they were exchanged by Gardner with Fitzgerald for groceries.

Fitzgerald and Gardner are married. Berry is a widower. Gardner has a large family.

CHANGES IN THE CONFEDERATION LIFE'S WESTERN ONTARIO BRANCH

Frederick H. Heath and S. Frank Glass Have Been Appointed District Managers.

The Confederation Life has recently completed arrangements in connection with its Western Ontario organization which will result in the return to London of Mr. Frederick H. Heath, who for many years acted as general agent and who two years ago was promoted to a position on the Toronto Agency staff. Mr. S. Frank Glass, the present general agent at London, will remain in the city for some time in advancing the company's interests, and he and Mr. Heath will be associated as district managers. Messrs. Heath and Glass will, as such district managers, take charge of this most important field. Their popularity, large acquaintance and undisputed ability as life insurance men, and their quality them for the task of keeping the Confederation Life to the fore.

Mr. Heath's many friends will be glad to welcome him back to his old home and the many friends of both gentlemen will extend their congratulations to them on their promotion. The company's offices in the Masonic Temple have recently been redecorated and refurnished. The new district managers will be pleased to welcome old and new friends, whether contemplating further insurance or not. Mr. Heath is expected to return to London permanently on or before June 1, in the meantime making occasional visits when he can spare time from his duties in Toronto.

F. H. HEATH.

S. F. GLASS.

FIRST HUSSARS FOR LONDON CAMP, NOT NIAGARA-ON-LAKE

Mounted Regiment to Have Their Training This Year on Carling's Heights.

The officers of the First Hussars have been notified by the district officer commanding, Col. Peters, that the regiment will this year go into camp on Carling's Heights. For two years past the Hussars have had their annual training at Niagara-on-the-Lake, and during the last year they made quite a difference to the London camp.

No. 1 Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, has a Dance Ball and every Thursday evening during the winter season the non-commissioned officers and their lady friends enjoy a pleasant couple of hours in dancing. Last Thursday evening the final "hop" for the season was held.

The music was furnished by Ensign's orchestra, and Mr. H. Floyd kindly acted as master of ceremonies. Supper was served at 11:30, and dancing was resumed soon afterwards. The last dance was the "Home Sweet Home Waltz" after which the orchestra played "Auld Lang Syne."

"For years, while I was a coffee drinker, I suffered from bilious attacks of great severity, from which I used to emerge as white as a ghost and very weak. Our family physician gave me various prescriptions for improving the digestion and stimulating the liver, which I tried faithfully, but without appreciable results. I was acquainted with my family history for several generations back, and once when I visited him he said: "I have not so strong a believer in heredity as he was, however, and, beginning to think for myself, I concluded to stop drinking coffee, and what effect that had on my health, I feared it would be a severe trial to give it up, but when I took Postum and had it well made, it completely filled my mind for a beverage and I grew very strong of it."

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There's a reason.

Look for the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each package.

Lieut.-Col. J. S. Knifton, of the Twenty-third Regiment (Northern Pioneers), has returned to his home in Parry Sound from Wolseley Barracks.

Lieut. J. B. Waugh, Twenty-eighth (Perth) Regiment, is taking a special course of instruction at Wolseley Barracks.

Applications for the next short course at Wolseley Barracks, which will be held on Tuesday, April 4, are coming in rapidly.

Lieut.-Col. and Brevet-Col. C. C. Swell, of the Permanent Army Medical Service, having attained the age limit, is retiring, retaining his rank, and is granted the terms of the military pension act.

The Thirteenth Regiment of Hamilton has decided to buy new full-dress uniforms this year. The whole corps will be fitted up with scarlet tunics. The militia department makes an allowance only for strength of the regiment, 43 men, and more than 600 belong to the corps. The officers have

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Seven great days ahead in this Important Sale of Silverware, Jewelry, Watches, Cut Glass, Etc. Do not miss the opportunity. A straight bona-fide reduction of 25 per cent.

Thos. Gillean,

402 Richmond Street.

corps, signal corps and medical corps—and while this programme will involve an annual outlay of not less than \$2,000,000, it will place the Canadian military system on a practical army basis, differing only in slight degree from that of the British Empire. The result probably will be a more symmetrical development of the Canadian military establishment and a broader system of military education. Hitherto the Canadian army has devoted themselves more largely to the training of cavalry and infantry than to the other arms of the service, and with the splendid fortifications at Halifax and Esquimaux under their control they will naturally give increased attention to engineering and artillery, with special references to coast defense. To that end the British Canadian army on the broad lines which have been marked out for it, will be regarded by the American people, with cordial sympathy and approval. For with changing conditions, both political and commercial, throughout the world, the development

of the military resources of the North American Continent, irrespective of boundary lines, is an indispensable safeguard for vast interests which the English-speaking nations hold in common. It has always been conducted upon a high plane, and enjoys very justly one of the leading places among the service journals and periodicals of the world. Of late years its friendly tendency towards British and things British has been very marked, and in strong contrast to its attitude in former years.

Quiet, reliable saddle horses for spring riding. Hueston's Livery.

Try our dainty fancy Genesee. Just the thing for afternoon tea or reception. 25 cents a dozen at Fawkes, 70-0.

IS ANYTHING TOO GOOD

—FOR YOUR—

HUSBAND AND CHILDREN,

particularly when it applies to what they eat and drink?

After good meat and good bread is anything more important than good tea?

Doesn't a poor cup of tea often spoil a well-cooked dinner?

Red Rose Tea

will help to make your meals a success.

It helps digestion and has a rich, tasty taste.

BOTH BLACK AND GREEN.

AT YOUR GROCER'S.

Careful drivers

RUSSIANS HALT TO REST; JAPANESE MENACE FLANKS

Linevitch's Rear Guard Beats Off Two Night Attacks by Oyama—Paris Financial Circles Say the Czar Is About to Negotiate a Peace.

St. Petersburg, March 25, 2:40 a.m.—The Russian rear guard is now occupying a line of fairly strong natural positions 34 miles south of Gunshu Pass, the center being the railroad village of Sipinghai and the flanks covering the roads on either side, which, apparently, it is the intention to defend long enough to force the Japanese to show their hands. The Russian army, however, have been outflanked, and have no intention of making a serious stand, especially as all the correspondents continue to report runners of wide ranging operations on both flanks, indicating a probable basis in fact. The correspondents believe a resumption of hostilities on a grand scale, and an attempt to break the impasse inside of three months.

Russians Halt for Rest.

Gunshu Pass, March 24.—Noon.—The Russian retreat has now reached the village of Sipinghai, 74 miles north of the Pass, where the Russian rear guard has decided to seek peace. It was said in these quarters that Russia would deal directly with Tokyo through the French minister, who has charge of Russia's interests there. However, the reports of France's active part in the negotiations were said to be not entirely correct, as other powers have contributed towards a pacific solution, and it is expected they will take part in its realization. It appears that some of the lesser powers, including Sweden, are assisting to that end. Russia's chief preoccupation is said to be avoidance of having peace plans arouse the animosity of the powerful war element at home.

Is Peace at Hand?

Paris, March 24.—The prospects of peace between Russia and Japan assumed a more definite and almost tangible aspect today, as the result of the announcement of the resumption of negotiations for a Russian loan. The postponement of the event occurred through the stand taken by the financial element against proceeding while the uncertainties of the Russo-Chinese bank have removed all its money except \$150,000.

GETTING RICH BAD HABIT

So Says Millionaire Packer Nelson, of Chicago, Who Should Know.

Chicago, March 24.—N. O. Nelson, of St. Louis, a millionaire against his will, told a Chicago audience these things about the rich and riches: "Getting rich is merely a habit—a bad habit. Wealth piles up a load on the shoulders of the captain of industry. It won't hurt you, but it will hurt your children and grandchildren who have no hand in its accumulation. There is no comfort in living in a mansion with a staff of 50, or in a \$200,000 mansion the other day, built from the proceeds of a cotton corner. It will give the owner no comfort and cost the livelihood of hundreds of thousands of cotton-mill operatives. You know and I know that the highest job a man can have is living up to a big income. Try living with the poor. Hire a room for \$15 a week and eat ten-cent breakfast. It won't hurt you, but the microbes of disease are no more likely to harm you there than in a steam-heated room for which you would pay \$2 to \$5 a day. Now, I have ceased to take any dividends from our business. Although it is operated in my name, the employees get dividends on their wages, amounting during the last ten years from four to ten per cent. This goes toward buying an interest in the business and paying for houses, except three-fifths of it, which is devoted to philanthropies. Mr. Nelson built the town of Le Claire, Ill., opposite St. Louis, and there conducted a mammoth profit-sharing business with 4,000 employees.

HE SAW ST. THOMAS

W. C. Rockefeller, Railroad Magnate on a Tour of Inspection.

St. Thomas, March 25.—This place was visited yesterday afternoon by W. C. Rockefeller, head of the great Lake Shore system, Mr. Rockefeller and party came through on a special tour of inspection of the C. P. R. line, which has recently been acquired by the Rockefeller interests. The train was a most sumptuous one, consisting of the official inspection car, a Pullman and a dining car, a Lake Shore locomotive was at its head, Messrs. John Burke and W. King being the drivers. Conductor Stinson was in charge of the train, which stopped here for about ten minutes. A large crowd had assembled to see the great railway magnate who seemed much interested in what he saw of St. Thomas.

Skipped to Death.

Chatham, March 24.—The first skipping death of the season occurred here today, when Fred Robinson, the 12-year-old son of ex-Ald. Henry Robinson, died. Fred was a particularly lively and playful boy, a week ago he was skipping steadily for a couple of hours, and afterward came he was sick in bed, suffering from an attack of peritonitis, and passed away today.

The Italian Cabinet.

Rome, March 24.—The Italian Cabinet headed by Acting Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs Tiloni, received a vote of confidence in the Chamber of Deputies today, the Government's majority being 120.

on the market, and doubt concerning the uses to which the loan would be put. However, it seems to be the accepted view of financiers that the proceeds of the loan will not be applied to the further continuance of the war.

It is understood that one of the inducements to the resumption of the negotiations was that a considerable portion of the proceeds shall remain in France for the purpose of meeting the interest coupons on other loans, and that the placing of contracts for Government supplies will be required even after the conclusion of hostilities.

Coupled with the announcement of resumption of the loan negotiations was the intention to form a front and diplomatic quarters that steps looking toward peace had been definitely taken by Russia. The French minister, who has charge of Russia's interests there, however, the reports of France's active part in the negotiations were said to be not entirely correct, as other powers have contributed towards a pacific solution, and it is expected they will take part in its realization. It appears that some of the lesser powers, including Sweden, are assisting to that end. Russia's chief preoccupation is said to be avoidance of having peace plans arouse the animosity of the powerful war element at home.

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MOB AFTER MOTORMAN

His Car Killed a Child and He Has to Fight for His Life.

New York, March 24.—A quad of extra police was summoned from a station in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn today to rescue a policeman and the motorman of a surf car from an angry mob of 2,000 persons who were punishing the motorman for the death of a child. The child, Frederick von Gilder, aged 4 years, ran in front of the car as it was passing through Park avenue, and was struck and instantly killed. As the boy hesitated just before reaching the track the motorman did not reduce the speed of the car. Several women in the street and car fainting when they witnessed the accident. Hardly had the motorman, James McCauley, stepped out of his car, than several men seized him, with cries of "Lynch him!" threw him down and jumped on him. The conductor took refuge in the car and locked both doors. McCauley struggled back to the car and reached a switch iron, with which he knocked down several of his assailants. A policeman came to his rescue, but the mob attacked him also. The two men held the mob at bay until the police reserves arrived.

The body of the boy was then removed from under the car. The cause of the accident is said to have been owing to a mistake or omission in the orders to the yard foreman.

FATAL HEAD-ON CRASH

Two Trainmen Killed on C. P. R. Line in New Brunswick.

St. John, N. B., March 24.—In a head-on collision on the C. P. R. line between West St. John and Fairville last night, two men were killed, two injured, and the engines were badly damaged. Brakeman Wm. Rogers was crushed beneath the engine tender, and Oliver Carrier, foreman, was so badly scalded that he died in the ambulance on his way to the hospital. Murray Campbell, engineer, was badly scalded, and Allan Worden, yard foreman, had his legs broken. The cause of the accident is said to have been owing to a mistake or omission in the orders to the yard foreman.

DOWIE COLONY IN MEXICO

Chicago Prophet Thinks of Buying a Million Acre Ranch.

Tampico, Mexico, March 25.—John Alexander Dowie arrived at the Lopez ranch, about 100 miles north of here, today, and is inspecting the property with the view of purchasing it. The ranch embraces more than 1,000,000 acres and borders for some distance on the Gulf of Mexico. Dowie says that he will locate a great Zionist colony on the land and the transaction is made. His plans also contemplate the building up of a deep water port and city at the mouth of the Soto La Marina River and the construction of a railroad 70 miles long to give an outlet to the world.

TO PRODUCE LIFE

Remarkable Result When Acid Was Used in Sea Urchin Trial.

San Francisco, Cal., March 25.—Prof. Jacques Loeb has discovered in producing artificial life by fertilizing the eggs of the sea urchin that they were best fertilized by the use of acetic acid or vinegar or formic acid, followed by common salt. Large numbers of sea urchin larvae, normal and healthy, can be produced from eggs by purely chemical and physical means. Many students of heredity have long been looking for methods of raising animals in large enough numbers for experiments, which should possess the hereditary characters of one parent and the physical characters of the other. Detailed comparisons of such individuals with those which derive their characters from both parents will lead to results in the field of heredity of far-reaching importance.

A REAL GAINSBOROUGH

A Portrait of King Louis XIV. Discovered at Milwaukee.

Chicago, March 24.—There has been discovered in Milwaukee a canvas that is believed to be a genuine Gainsborough. The picture is a portrait, or purports to be of King Louis XIV. of France.

The discovery of the picture will revive, it is said, the discussion of four years ago over the genuineness of the Duchess of Devonshire canvas that was purchased by J. Pierpont Morgan from the Agnew Gallery in London for \$125,000.

Connoisseurs who have seen the picture declare that it is a genuine Gainsborough. The owner declares that he had had it in his possession during the past 20 years and that when he bought it he paid but a paltry sum for it.

The person from whom it was purchased said that it had been stolen from France in which it hung in the Louvre during the French revolution and that it had gone through many hands, finally landing in Canada, where it was purchased by a French emigrant for a few shillings.

London, March 24.—Admiral Stephenson delayed the recent ceremonial opening of Parliament because of his inexperience and ignorance of the duties of "Black Rod."

The King was visibly annoyed, but the members of the House of Commons were amused. Carrying his wand of office, "Black Rod" came to the bar of the House. He was nervous and ill at ease. Instead of stopping at the table bearing the gilded mace, "Black Rod" continued down the aisle, apparently headed for the Speaker's chair.

The Irish members jeered at "Black Rod's" blunder, while the Tory members could not restrain a laugh. When he was brought to a halt beside the mace, "Black Rod" forgot the message that he had brought to the Commons from the King, who was over in the House of Lords.

The King's messenger was to "command the immediate attendance" of the members of the Lower House, and this message the official forgot. "Black Rod" had come over for, rushed noisily from the Commons over to the House of Lords, to remember his message. While the House of Commons was having fun with the King's messenger, the House of Lords was having a good time. The King's messenger was to "command the immediate attendance" of the members of the Lower House, and this message the official forgot. "Black Rod" had come over for, rushed noisily from the Commons over to the House of Lords, to remember his message.

His majesty appealed to the Lord Chancellor, but Lord Halsbury shrugged his scarlet-clad shoulders and "Black Rod" remembered his message. The King then appealed to the Duke of Norfolk, who, as Earl Marshal, was supposed to know what was the cause of the delay. The duke looked annoyed, but could not tell his majesty anything.

Finally the members of the Commons came in in a rush, the King looked relieved and, rising from his pretty new throne, began reading the speech.

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MOSCOW WANTS A HEARING

Asks To Be Represented in Conference to Talk Over Reforms.

St. Petersburg, March 24.—Interior Minister Boulgan today received a delegation from the municipality of Moscow, who urged that delegates of the municipality should be admitted to the representative conference announced in the imperial rescript of March 3, that a discussion of the questions affecting the work of the conference be permitted in the press, and that the deliberations of the conference be held in public. The interview lasted an hour.

M. Boulgan will receive a deputation from the Moscow zemstvo tomorrow.

FOLLOWS THE TRAFFIC

Influenza Spreads Along Fastest Railroad and Steamer Lines.

London, March 25.—Dr. Thomas C. Allbutt, regius professor of physic at Cambridge University, in an address to the Hunterian Society, declared that influenza was spreading by express trains and steamships. He said that when there is an influenza epidemic the towns served with quick trains are the first to be attacked.

North China is the cradle of the disease, as the Ganges Valley is of cholera. The Trans-Siberian Railway greatly facilitates the spread of the disease. Bokhara was the disseminating point of the epidemic of 1889. From England the disease reached New York in the time occupied by the fastest steamer in crossing the ocean.

Dr. Allbutt said he believed that only those cases are infectious in which the respiratory organs are affected. He mentioned a new type of the disease, which he called continued influenza. In this form all special sensations are affected throughout convalescence. For instance, a music lover would find good music almost unappealing one. He completely recovered, when his taste would return.

The misery and depression so frequently following influenza can be shortened by a plain diet of milk and vegetables. Beef tea and other supposedly strengthening foods only delay recovery.

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CASSIE CHADWICK'S DEBT

Under Oath Declares She Owes No More Than \$750,000.

Cleveland, O., March 24.—Mrs. Chadwick said under oath this afternoon at her bankruptcy hearing that her debts do not exceed \$750,000, including bonuses paid to bankers and others for securing loans for her. She said that the sum actually secured by her from Herbert Newton, of Brookline, Mass., was \$750,000, and notes for \$500,000, which she gave notes for \$100,000. From J. W. Friend, of Pittsburgh, she borrowed \$750,000, and gave him her note for \$150,000. Friends, Mrs. Chadwick said, arranged other loans for her, aggregating \$150,000, for which she gave a note for \$150,000, and put up as security jewelry worth from \$50,000 to \$75,000. The jewelry was later appraised at \$42,000.

GOT OFF EASY

Man Given Eighteen Months for Seduction of His Stepdaughter.

Hamilton, March 24.—William Marshall, of Millgrove, pleaded guilty today to charges of seducing his 16-year-old stepdaughter, Martha Adams, and of disfigurement of the body of her infant to conceal his birth. The remains were found buried under Marshall's barn by the police a few weeks ago, and the police supposed the baby had met with foul play. The inquest did not show this, although the doctors would not swear it had not been killed. Marshall was sentenced to eighteen months. He is 45 years old, and has a wife and five children. The girl was acquitted.

Mr. Fielding in Accident.

Ottawa, March 24.—Hon. W. S. Fielding had a narrow escape from injury this evening. He was driving home from the House of Commons to his home at 6 o'clock a closed sleigh. On a street near the Windsor Hotel the sleigh was mounting high, and the sleigh upset. It took very little time for the driver to get out, but the Minister of Finance got out unharmed and walked the remainder of the way home.

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CASTRO INVITES FOREIGN WRATH

Limit to Forbearance Reached by the Powers.

DICTATOR'S ARBITRARY TACTICS

Probability of Forcible Interference by France Makes the Situation a Perilous One.

Washington, D. C., March 25.—Before Congress meets again there is likely to be an object lesson in regard to the methods of treating bankrupt Spanish-American republics. Venezuela is to be in the limelight from now on. The United States will not interfere, although it has a large pecuniary interest at stake, but conditions are shaping themselves for another sensational desecration upon Venezuela by European creditors, and the action of the Senate with regard to the Santo Domingo treaty will put it out of the power of President Roosevelt to interfere in Venezuela.

Most people here admit that the proposed intervention in Santo Domingo without the consent of the Senate was unconstitutional, and that, even if the treaty had been ratified, American occupation would have been a dangerous precedent at least, and might in the end have forced this country to annex Santo Domingo to get rid of it.

It is curious, therefore, that Venezuela should be starting out on a campaign which seems likely to result in that European interference which President Roosevelt feared in Santo Domingo. President Castro could not play into the hands of President Roosevelt to better effect, if he had tried than he has done by his recent series of arbitrary acts, which have resulted in strained relations with three or four nations, including the United States.

Castro was terribly afraid of Roosevelt. He had heard of the big stick and was scared. He was driving home from the House of Commons to his home at 6 o'clock a closed sleigh. On a street near the Windsor Hotel the sleigh was mounting high, and the sleigh upset. It took very little time for the driver to get out, but the Minister of Finance got out unharmed and walked the remainder of the way home.

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS
OF THE
BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA
PRESENTED TO THE PROPRIETORS AT THEIR SIXTY-NINTH YEARLY GENERAL MEETING

bank's affairs.

Balance Sheet for the Half Year Ending December 31, 1904.		Cr.
To capital.....	\$ 4,866,666 66	
20,000 shares of 50 each, fully paid,		
reserve fund.....	2,044,000 00	
To deposit and current accounts.....	1,094 44	
To notes in circulation.....	5,017,967 20	
To cash and specie at bankers and in		
hand at close and short notice.....	7,345,651 43	
By cash and specie at bankers and in		
hand at close and short notice.....	\$ 7,345,651 43	
By Investments—		
Consols £25,000, at 86.....	\$ 214,000 00	
National War Loan £50,000 at 90.....	\$ 45,000 00	
Exchange bonds, £55,000.....	115,461 46	
Dominion of Canada bonds, £140,000	\$ 1,280,161 46	
at 97.....	620,593 33	
Other securities.....	630,142 00	
By bills receivable, loans on security and other ac-		
counts.....	2,591,196 79	
By Bank Frances, etc., in London, and at the		
branches.....	23,865,783 46	
By deposit with Dominion Government, required		
by act of Parliament for security of general		
bank note of circulation.....	877,589 28	
Note.—The latest monthly return received from		
Dawson City is that of the 30th November,		
1904, and the figures of that return November,		
December and January are not yet received. In		
transacting this account, The balance of the		
has been carried to a suspense account, pend-		
ing the receipt of the December accounts.		
deduct:		
Transferred to Bank prem-ises account.....	\$45,666 66	
Transferred to Officers' Fund, 57,353 33		
Transferred to Officers' Pension Fund.....	2,500 00	
Transferred to Officers' Pension Fund.....	2,771 39	
Balance available for April dividend.....	151,271 28	

We have examined the above Balance sheet with the books in London, and the certified returns from the branches, and find it to present a true statement of the bank's affairs.

EDWIN WATERHOUSE



Cleveland Plaindealer.

JUST ONE MORE BLOW.

DISTINGUISHED
ANTI-OSLERITESNOTED INSURANCE MEN WHO RE-
FUTE THE DOCTOR'S THEORY.

[From the Insurance World.]

The future builds for us as a possibility a new sect, "Oslerites," founded upon a belief in the statement of a certain Dr. Osler, of Baltimore. The doctor has the hardihood to maintain that at 40 years of age a man has ceased to be at his best intellectually, that men under that age have done, and are doing, the larger portion of the world's best work, and that there is no usefulness in a man over 60. That any man of acknowledged ability should make such a statement that it is possible for marked skill to run in a defined groove; a groove so deep and narrow that the man within falls absolutely of a broad knowledge of the world without. The doctor appears to have dug such a trench with his surgical instruments. Its edges have obscured his vision so that he presumes to judge all humanity by the action of the men he has seen under the knife. The physical strength of youth there is better than the mental strength of age. It is also somewhat surprising that Dr. Osler, who is himself on the borderland of 60, should be willing to confess to the nearness of his own uselessness. His falling powers must, we conclude, have inspired the statement. Let us consider a few facts from the viewpoint of fire insurance. It must be conceded that there is no business in which experience counts for so much. It is those men who can look back furthest with the years, that have, as a rule, built the most successful companies that have advocated and maintained the most useful methods that have legislated to the

best result. The older and experienced heads regulating and directing the energies of perhaps younger men are the bulwarks of the business today. It can safely be said that experience (and experience comes only with time), is the basic principle of successful fire underwriting. Here are a few names, living and live monuments to the fallacy of "Oslerism."

George L. Chase, president Hartford Fire, born 1829.

Wm. B. Clark, president Aetna Fire, born 1841.

John D. Browne, president Connecticut Fire, born 1838.

E. T. Bedell, president Queen Fire, born 1839.

Henry T. Hall, president National Board of Fire Underwriters, born 1846.

J. M. Hare, manager Norwich Union, born 1842.

Charles Platt, President Insurance Companies of North America, born 1829.

James Nichols, president National of Hartford, 1852.

D. W. C. Skilton, president Phoenix of Hartford, born 1829.

Robert E. Beath, president United Firemen, born 1829.

Henry W. Eaton, manager L. and L. G., born 1839.

Tattnall Building president Delaware, born 1840.

George T. Cram, president American Commercial, born 1834.

E. Dale Benson, president Pennsylvania Fire, born 1841.

These are but a few chosen at random, and the list could be extended to considerable length with names of men from north, south, east and west, whose energies have not dimmed with the years, and who are still capable of directing successfully the immense responsibilities in their charge.—J. Campbell Haywood.

The stroke of a lion's paw is the third strongest force in the animal world. The first is the blow of a whale's tail and the second the kick of a giraffe.

WEAKNESS

Right now, today, is the time to look for better health. If you use Ferrozone you'll find it. Ferrozone is a grand blood renovator, makes the vital fluid rich, red and nutritious. By strengthening the blood, a current of life is sent into every nook and corner of the body that puts stamina and staying power into all weak organs.

A complete restoration to health and spirits of youth is within the reach of everyone that uses the food tonic, Ferrozone. You can hardly afford to miss the benefit of such a strength-giving medicine. Hadn't you better try it?

FERROZONE

It is impossible for any one to be weak or nervous if they use Ferrozone. It possesses the power to kindle new vitality and strength in systems of people almost dying of weakness.

It is an extraordinary and magical tonic, a wonderful re-builder, far-famed for its lasting cures.

You'll never know what real good health means until you have used Ferrozone, which contains more actual nourishment and strength-giving elements than you can get in any other way.

As a blood purifier, nerve strengthener, and appetizing tonic, Ferrozone has positively no equal.

Makes Vital Strength!

CAUTION—Beware of the unscrupulous dealer who urges you to accept something "just as good" as Ferrozone. No substitute can cure, so be sure you get Ferrozone. Price 50 cents per box or six boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers or by mail, from N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A. and Kingston, Ont.

THE DECEPTIVE TOAD;
HOW HE HIDES AWAYSTRANGE STORIES TOLD ABOUT
HIM EXPLAINED.

Have you ever seen a toad bury himself? Often, in moving a box or flowerpot which has stood in a dark and sheltered corner of the garden, you will discover a toad underneath. But he is not at all easy to see. His flat, rough back is perfectly level with the surface on which the box rested, for the toad is so loose and bulky in figure that he can accommodate himself like putty to the flat bottom of the box under which he has hidden.

It is this habit of the toad, to be discovered by the merest accident in the midst of soil which has apparently formed around him, since there is no visible aperture by which he entered, that gives rise to the belief that toads can live for untold ages underground.

When, too, miners and others—worthy men, who are evidently trying to tell you the unvarnished truth—speak of toads which have withstood the action of the block of coal split open, and a live toad is seen exactly fitting the hole that is in the center, the narrative seems to be no more than a startling confirmation of your own theory.

The fact is, of course, that the creature has buried himself where you found him, and so quietly and unobtrusively that operation performed that, even if you were looking in that direction, no movements could be seen. The toad simply sinks into the soft ground backward, his long hind-legs, and so he is hidden, upward, around and over himself. Thus he smoothly closes over him, and, though he has no sign whatever on the surface of his presence, he fills exactly the same space as before he hid a fraction of an inch lower.

Consequently, our friend the toad sets out upon his little journey with so little suspicion that it is the look rather than a deep well to see luckless toads straggling on the top of the water far below, to be seen by the fish.

Arrived below, he follows nature's rule, and finds some crevice into which he can bury himself backward, and then, with the loose debris which his entry displaces, only coming out at intervals to search for food. Longer, longer, and a blow of pick of shovel above his hiding place, and as blocks fall aside, there, in a cavity exactly fitting the hole, he is found, and who are still capable of directing successfully the immense responsibilities in their charge.—J. Campbell Haywood.

A very simple geological calculation then fixes the approximate number of millions of years or so that the toad has gradually become a block of coal—answers.

Popular Science.

When the newest English "penny-in-the-slot" apparatus receives its coin, a music box at a distance, as in another room, begins to play, being operated by a wire which is quite white. Longer exposure developed muscular paralysis.

In calcium carbonate and nitrate, a membrane separates the carbide from the water. The membrane is ruptured electrically, and five minutes later the gas generated is exploded by another electric spark.

Bananas, the new food of fine quality from the plantain, is reported to have proven an agreeable and healthful food. In Venezuela, where it seems to be gaining favor, it is especially recommended as nutritious food for children and invalids.

Keeping one lot of plants for two months in an atmosphere containing five times the normal proportion of carbonic acid, and another lot in ordinary air. The former has shown an average increase of growth due to the carbonic acid of 90 per cent. The plants included lettuce, tobacco, cucumber, and mint.

The up-to-date water bottle keeps the water in its place as coils of wire, and when the bottle is connected with the plug in an electric fixture, the current heats these coils to the desired temperature, which is maintained as long as needed. The advantage is obvious. The bottle is neither too warm nor too cold, it does not scald, and it promptly gives the proper heat without waiting for water to boil.

While a diving-bell 17 feet in diameter was being lowered at the Government harbor works, Dover, the other day, it passed through a shoal of sprats and 1,000 of the fish were caught in the bell and carried down to the sea bottom, where the divers secured them.

Since the Bureau of Plant Industry was organized three years ago it has been necessary to increase its force nearly 50 per cent, and it now employs 500 workers, 60 per cent of whom are engaged in scientific investigation and its application to the farm, the orchard and the garden.

VETERAN'S STORY OF CHARGE
OF THE LIGHT BRIGADE

By Lady Henry Somerset in the N. Y. Journal.

It was a gray spring morning, when I crossed the city to go to London's great fish market at the Monument. Billingsgate has an unenviable reputation for rough language and rougher people, and at 6 o'clock in the morning it was filled with costers with their barrows, eager buyers from the west end shops, porters, entreating to be allowed to carry huge crates of fish, the air resounding with every conceivable cry.

The silver-covered scales of immovable fish covered the roadway and the pavement, and dead fish were everywhere handled by busy human hands. But it was not with the intention of buying in the fish market that I went at that early hour, but with the desire to find a man who was employed as a porter, and who had been one of the heroes in charge of the Light Brigade at Balaclava. I had on the previous day received a letter which ran as follows:

My Ladyship: We want your help for poor old Frank. He is getting on a bit, but he thinks as you'll excuse us writing but 'e's awful bad, 'e's worn out, and we're sorry for 'im, old Frank's mates."

And then followed six names written with evident difficulty.

The old man had for years earned a scanty living by carrying crates of fish, until he could do so no longer, and now, worn and weary, he could find no work, and yet he dreaded the poorhouse beyond expression. I had but to make a few inquiries to find the man I sought, tall, square-shouldered he stood in the road, but his face was white and transparent, and the big bones were scantily covered with flesh.

The description of the man's mates was accurate; he was "worn out," and he talked with him a while and he told me his history, how he was a native of Nottingham, and enlisted in the Enlistment Dragoons, serving with them through the Crimean campaign, and had been discharged as a corporal at the expiration of his term of enlistment. And then, drawing out of his pocket a little package of newspaper he unwrapped something, handling it as a devout Catholic might the most sacred relic, and he showed me his Crimean medal. I knew what he would answer me, but I wanted to hear him say it, and so I asked him why in dire straits he had not parted with it. He looked at me for a moment as though he sought I could not read his mind, and said: "D'ye think I'd 'ave risked my life to get it and then sell it even for bread? I'd much sooner 'ave died!"

A little more conversation, and I found that he had a son in New York, and his one object was to get to him, and so I asked him why in dire straits he had not parted with it. He looked at me for a moment as though he sought I could not read his mind, and said: "D'ye think I'd 'ave risked my life to get it and then sell it even for bread? I'd much sooner 'ave died!"

Some years afterwards tidings were brought to me of him in New York. His health had mended somewhat when he first got to America, but the disease which was so deeply rooted was not to be eradicated even by American sunshine. The last illness of the old soldier, however, was very pathetic, and he died on his pillow.

On the day before his death, his birthday, he seemed a little better, and sat up in his sick-bed, propped up by pillows. His worn eyes were pleased to greet a face from the home land. His mind, they said, constantly wandered back to the exciting scenes of his earlier life, and he was glad to welcome a sympathetic visitor.

For a few days he seemed to be getting on his feet, and then he would brush back the long disheveled hair from his forehead, and mop away the big drops of perspiration that had gathered on his forehead.

He gazed out of the window and did not stir for a long time; in the distance he saw the playing and the old man's eyes glistened, and for a few minutes he stared around at the humble furnishings of his room, at some old colored prints on the wall, and then he would turn to the window and look out at the city.

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Head-ache

Most headaches are caused by the liver. This vital organ becomes torpid. No bile is excreted, bringing Constipation. This affects both stomach and kidneys. And they in turn, bring the headaches from which so many people suffer.

Fruit-a-tives
or Fruit Liver Tablets

make dull, aching heads as clear as a bell. They act as a tonic on the liver—increased the flow of bile—cure Constipation—prevent Indigestion and Dyspepsia—and keep the kidneys strong and well. Try these famous fruit tablets, and see how much better you feel.

Your druggist has them.

50c. a box.

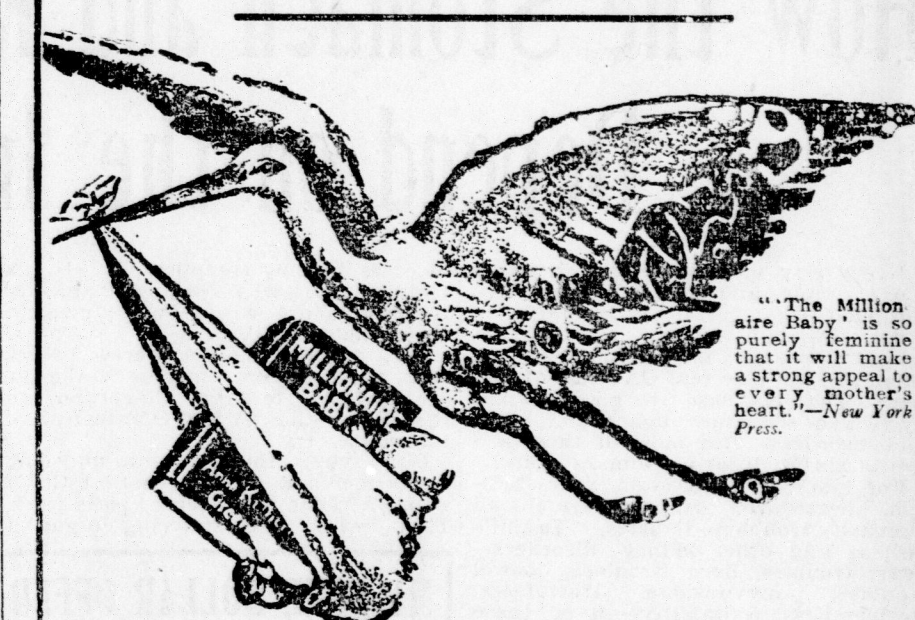
FRUITATIVES, Limited,
OTTAWA.The Man On the Box
"Wins in a Drive"

"The Man on the Box" is the smartest novel of the season."
—St. Paul Dispatch. "The Man on the Box" is vastly exciting—and, what is more, it turns out to the greatest satisfaction of all."
—New York Times. "The Man on the Box" will hold any audience breathless."
—Atlanta Constitution. "The idea is novel, the situation ingenious and the humor bubbling."
—San Francisco Call.

Harold MacGrath, the Man Who Wrote "The Puppet Crown," Has Written This Year's Winner

The Man On the Box

ALL BOOKSELLERS NOW HAVE NEW SUPPLY
THE BOBBS-MERRILL COMPANY, PUBLISHERS



FLYING HIGH IN POPULAR FAVOR

"We shall have our opinion of the reader if he is not very much obliged to Anna Katharine Green for 'The Millionaire Baby.'"
—New York Sun.

"The Millionaire Baby" is more fascinating than any of Anna Katharine Green's former productions. It stamps her the greatest detective story writer of America."
—Burlington Times.

The MILLIONAIRE BABY

By ANNA KATHARINE GREEN
Author of "The Filigree Ball"

FOR SALE AT ALL BOOKSELLERS

THE BOBBS-MERRILL COMPANY, PUBLISHERS

McLEOD & ALLEN, TORONTO,
Canadian Prices: Paper 75c, Cloth \$1.25.

The Judas Kiss.

Dr. H. W. Wiley, the brilliant and original chief of the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture, was asked the other day by a reporter why he did not investigate rouge.

"Rouge," the reporter said, "may be very harmful, very poisonous, sir. Don't you think that it requires investigation?"

Dr. Wiley smiled. "I can't say I do," he answered, "but I can say I don't. Rouge were poisonous unimpaired women would have died of it long ago."

"By the way, I'll tell you a queer thing about rouge. It is something that I came upon one day in the pharmacy, and I think it illustrates an odd phase of human nature."

"A young girl was buying a pot of rouge, and I heard her murmur to the clerk:

"You guarantee that this will not rub off?"

"I do, indeed," the clerk answered. "This, like all our rouges, is warranted to stand the hardest kiss of investigation that any of your women friends will try on it."

To the Lungs.

Do you go to New York to reach Victoria? No. There's a better and more direct way. Then why try to reach your lungs by way of your stomach? Don't.

Better go straight to the lungs at once. Just light the vaporizer and breathe in the healing, soothing vapors of Cresoline.

The medicine goes exactly to the right place. Your lungs quickly heal and your cough disappears. For whooping-cough it's simply perfect.

Vapo-Cresoline is sold by druggists, or sent express prepaid on receipt of price. A Vapo-Cresoline outfit including a bottle of Cresoline, complete \$1.50. Send for free illustrated booklet. Laroche, Munn & Co., Ltd., Agents, 388 St. James Street, Montreal, Can.

The Williams Piano Co., of Oshawa, publish three booklets on the construction of pianos, which should be read by all contemplating the purchase of a piano. They are sent free on request, or can be obtained from the local warerooms.

The Williams Piano Company, Limited, Agents, 121 Dundas Street.

ALLEN'S
LUNG
BALSAM

will positively cure deep-seated

COUGHS,

COLDS,

CROUP.

A 25c. Bottle for a Simple Cold.

A 50c. Bottle for a Heavy Cold.

A \$1.00 Bottle for a Deep-seated Cough.

Sold by all Druggists.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet,

Gonorrhea and Runnings

in 48 HOURS. Cures Kid-

ney and Bladder Troubles.

The United States, Great Britain,

Germany, France and Switzerland are

the only countries that market goods

in Manitoba.

Interesting Gossip About Notable Men and Women.

BY THE MARQUISE DE FONTENAY.

Ireland's new secretary and representative in the Zolof cabinet, Walter Long, is the most complete anti-thesis of his accomplished and courtly predecessor, Phoenix, that it is possible to conceive, and while an honest, straight riding, country squire of the Tory persuasion, he cannot lay claim to any of the intellectual gifts or charm of manner of George Wyndham. He is a hard hitter rather than a persuasive speaker and must be included among the members of the present administration whom Winston Churchill described the other day at Manchester as "cabinet pygmies," mediocrities, whose public utterances, even the newspaper organs of their own party consider it necessary to print for the benefit of the public. It is difficult to understand just why Long has been chosen for this particularly delicate post of Irish secretary unless it be that the government could be induced to accept it. For he is chiefly known in Ireland in connection with his violent quarrels in the house of commons with Dr. Parnell, the pugnacious but warm-hearted nationalist member for Cork, who usually came off victor in his encounters. Moreover, Walter Long has earned widespread unpopularity through his responsibility for the severe dog muzzling and dog quarantine laws now in force throughout the United Kingdom. While it cannot be denied that the measures in question have brought about an amazing decrease in the prevalence of rabies, yet the laws rigorously applied, are looked upon as a particularly gross hardship by all dog lovers, the chief objection being to the act preventing the bringing of any dog into the United Kingdom, and after a short stay in a kennel abroad without undergoing a six months' quarantine. Indeed, petitions covered with hundreds of thousands of signatures have been presented to the late and present premiers calling upon them to eliminate from the cabinet Walter Long, in the word to muzzle the "dog muzzler."

Walter Long is married to one of the sisters of the Earl of Cork, still plays a fine game of cricket and in times gone by achieved some celebrity in sporting circles as a particularly daring steeplechase rider.

King Edward, in announcing that there are to be no ceremonial gifts exchanged between the great Indian princes and dignitaries and the Prince of Wales on the occasion of the latter's tour through Hindustan, does not mean that the heir apparent will not present to friends and acquaintances in India souvenirs of his visit and in return from them in return mementos of his stay in India. Indeed, the court jewellers in London are already preparing an immense number of scarf pins, bracelets, sleeve links, cigar and cigarette cases, adorned with the jeweled emblems of the crown, the king and of the prince, to be given away by the latter.

What is meant by Edward VII's announcement that there shall be none of that species of official and compulsory gift offering which is part and parcel of Indian etiquette. It has always been expected, and indeed exacted, from the Indian semi-independent rulers, rajahs and princes, subject to the English crown, that whenever there was any ceremonial exchange of visits the oriental should offer some more or less magnificent

Moreover, there is the question of expense. All these rulers derive their revenues from taxing their subjects, and the spending of colossal sums of money on presents to royal visitors from England means merely an increase of those exactions from their subjects, which is always endeavoring to diminish without undue interference in the internal administration of the native semi-independent states. So bearing in mind that under any circumstances the vassal rulers will devote large amounts to the mere entertainment of the Prince and Princess of Wales when they go to India in November, it has been decided to inform the oriental potentates that the prince will neither consent to receive nor will he give any of the official ceremonial gifts.

Sir William Lawrence, by the bye, has been selected by the King to act as the chief of staff of the Prince of Wales, as his adviser and mentor throughout the tour, subject, of course, to Lord Curzon, having served Lord Curzon twenty years as his confidential private secretary at Calcutta and at Simla. The position of an important one and highly paid, for he is virtually the principal lieutenant and alter ego of the viceroy, the Lord Curzon. It may be remembered, was private secretary to the late Lord Northbrook when viceroy of India, and secretary to Lord Ripon, and Lord Curzon's new private secretary is a Jewish civil servant of the name of Nathaniel, brother of the important English colony of Hong Kong. He is the first person of this kind under the British crown.

One of the most unpleasant features in connection with the scandal caused by the flight between the court of Dresden and the former Crown Prince, Prince Albert, Princess Anna Monica, and one which have not yet been mentioned in any of the dispatches, is the fact that her aunt, the old Archduchess Marie Louise of Austria, who was the ex-crown princess of Saxony, had accompanied her to Italy last fall to act as her chaperone, and she had been so completely won over by her niece's conduct to have accompanied her to do with her.

The old Archduchess, who is a sister of the Grand Duke of Baden, has like many others, felt profoundly sorry for her unfortunate niece, and has been endeavoring to be reconciled to her actions, owing to the condition of her health, at the time when she was in the hands of the Crown Prince, having obtained the consent of Emperor Francis Joseph, who took charge of the ex-crown princess and of the latter's little girl, and left with her for Florence, where everything seemed to be tending towards a partial reconciliation and rehabilitation of the princess.

Then came the death of old King George, the ill-advised and premature departure of the princess, and the announcement by the Prime Minister of Saxony for her return, the angry outburst of the question, and after that, the ill-advised trip to Dresden and her public repulse, turned away from her children's door, by the police. All this seems to have contributed to her present not very mental balance, at any rate her good resolution.

Of course, it may be argued that her enemies will put the worst construction upon the situation, and that the detectives by whom she is constantly being watched, are obliged to give way to their imagination at her expense in order to prove their usefulness and that they are worthy of their hire. But the fact remains that the princess, who had been full of the most tender and devoted affection for the ex-crown princess, has considered herself obliged to leave her, and, in short, to abandon her to her fate.

What the end of the entire affair will be is impossible to predict. Dr. Koerner, the lawyer of the King of Saxony, treated the ex-crown princess with the greatest delicacy on the occasions of his meeting with her at Florence, and acted with the utmost discretion in his attempts to secure possession of the child by force or abduction, that he has excited popular sympathy throughout Italy.

The price, by the way, entered holy orders as the result, it is said, of an unfortunate affair of the heart, having been a brilliant cavalry officer. He has persistently declined all ecclesiastical honors, and has been doing missionary work in the Whitechapel district of London. Afterward, for a short time, he acted as curate of a church at Nuremberg, and then, finding that he could not escape in Germany the honors due to his rank, he fled to the Swiss Republic, where he is now residing.

The medical men and specialists designated by the French tribunals and the court of Vienna to determine the question of the sanity of the princess, the eldest daughter of the King of the Belgians, have now completed their work, and have reached the conclusion that while the princess is inclined to prodigality, and easily influenced, yet she is sane, and certainly not in a condition of mind as would warrant any interference with her freedom. In fact, the alienists, by whose verdict the princess, her husband and the court at Vienna have agreed to abide, declare that the princess is entitled to her liberty, and that her detention for so many years in an insane asylum at Dresden has been unjustified. The verdict will be officially pronounced at the end of the month, by the Austrian ambassador at Paris to the court at Vienna.

Princess Louise of Coburg is at the present moment still living at the Hotel Vendôme in Paris, with her sister, the Duchess of Braganza, and at the rate of \$60 a day, which rate, if continued long, will amount to a considerable sum. She is a woman of about 25, and her husband, Philip of Coburg, contributed to her support an insane asylum at Dresden, and which he has been obliged to support since the death of his father, Emperor Francis Joseph, to continue to this day. As soon as her sanity is definitely decided, after the official publication of the diagnosis, she will be free to leave, and, according to her own wishes, to return to her home in the metropolis, which she will make her headquarters, spending her winters in the south of France.

While she does not forget that she is a royal princess and the daughter of a reigning sovereign, yet she is not troubled by her bitter experiences of the past, and declining all offers of crowns or the part of fashionable courtiers, who are aware that at her father's death she will be entitled by law to a part of his colossal fortune, this woman, who formerly thought nothing of spending \$20,000 and \$30,000 for a single dress, now gets her frocks from the Louvre, just like any little Parisian or provincial bourgeois. It is probable that she will add to the allowance which she is now receiving. For he cannot but appreciate her conduct in her flight, and her sister, Stephanie, who is her father's favorite, is in her mind, never made an attempt to see her, or manifested the slightest sympathy or interest in her fate.

Two Germans have discovered a method by which they can hear plant growth. In the apparatus the growing plant is connected with a disk, having in its center an indicator which moves visibly and regularly, and this on a scale 50 times magnified denotes the progress in growth. Both disk and indicator are metal, and when brought in contact with an electric hammer, the electric current being interrupted at each of the divided interstices of the disk, the growth of the plant is as perceptible to the ear as to the eye.



VOICE FROM UNDER THE BED: "LET THE WAR GO ON!"

IS THE ROYAL BENGAL TIGER THE KING OF BEASTS?

BY S. O. D. IN CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

The lion and the royal Bengal tiger are the largest and most formidable members of the cat family, and men who have hunted both usually regard the tiger as being, contrary to the popular notion, the more ferocious and dangerous beast of the two. There is not much difference between their average sizes. Both usually weigh from 250 to 350 pounds and measure from eight to ten feet from tip of nose to tip of tail, and both have massive muscular development, the tiger being, perhaps, on the whole, the more powerful of the two. The tiger seen in zoological gardens is usually a long, thin animal, whose muscles, from lack of exercise, have become flabby, but the tiger in his native jungle is bulky, and his muscles stand out all over his body, showing the effects of his night and day pursuit of and struggles with his prey.

Like the lion, the tiger seldom attacks men unless they first attack him. He usually tries to avoid them, and if he accidentally meets a man he commonly passes by without paying any heed to him, or retreats into the forest. A little more than twenty years ago, near Bhundara, in the Jubulpur district, there was a large, powerful tiger, which had slain 500 of the natives' cattle, but which never had been known to molest man, woman, or child. Most tigers prowled about at night, but this tiger was a day hunter. A little more than twenty years ago, near Bhundara, in the Jubulpur district, there was a large, powerful tiger, which had slain 500 of the natives' cattle, but which never had been known to molest man, woman, or child. Most tigers prowled about at night, but this tiger was a day hunter. A little more than twenty years ago, near Bhundara, in the Jubulpur district, there was a large, powerful tiger, which had slain 500 of the natives' cattle, but which never had been known to molest man, woman, or child. Most tigers prowled about at night, but this tiger was a day hunter.

However, when the tiger is attacked by man he will usually turn and defend himself. He is the most dangerous of all wild beasts. Hunting the tiger is regarded in India as the noblest, as well as the most perilous, of sports. If a tiger is thought to be in the neighborhood a fire bullock is put in the jungle as bait for him. The bullock had best not be seen by the tiger, for the tiger might suspect a trap and refuse to attack him. He is usually tied by the leg. The bullock must also be in good luck, for the tiger is extremely hungry he will not kill a skinny animal. Having killed the bullock and eaten it, the tiger will then lie down and sleep. Early next morning the hunters go out on horses or elephants and "beat up" the jungle. When his report is up, the tiger, ferociously assailed man or any other animal, including even the lordly elephant. He attacks the elephant by leaping up and seizing the upper part of its trunk firmly with claws and teeth. The elephant is usually more than a match for him, in a fair fight, but if the tiger gets a good hold on the trunk he quickly brings the larger animal to its knees. If there is a good shot in the party he, about this time, takes a hand and ends the contest.

The tiger does not, like the lion, strike a heavy blow with his paw. When he leaps upon a man he claws him terribly upon the head, and seizing him with his jaws in the region of the shoulder drives his long, powerful teeth into both back and chest until they meet in his victim's lungs. In attacking a bullock the tiger leaps upon the animal's forequarters and with jaws and paws gives his neck a twist, which usually breaks it. The tiger's weight, coupled with the velocity of his leap, gives him a momentum sufficient to overthrow almost any animal he fights with except the elephant. His strength is so great that, like the lion, he drags off full-grown cattle, and can leap a fence with a good-sized bullock in his jaws. However, he sometimes meets his match in the tiger, and the tiger also is a tiger off single-handed when the stealthy animal fails to take them by surprise, and in some parts of India a tame bull may sometimes be seen chasing a tiger up a hill, as a cow chases a dog, apparently relishing the sport.

The tiger feeds principally on cattle, deer, wild hogs, peafowl, etc. As already stated, it seldom attacks man unless attacked first, and even when it kills a man it often does not eat him. It sometimes happens, however, that a tiger which has got a taste of human flesh turns "man-eater." The man-eater is usually an old tiger or tigress which has become unable to catch game, and has therefore taken to hunting villages for women or children who may venture forth unprotected. As cunning as it is cowardly,

it flies precipitately before an armed man. But not all man-eaters are of this sort. Several years ago an audacious, powerful, and ferocious tiger prowled on a road near Mandla, and adopted the practice of dragging the natives from their carts and devouring them in the adjoining wood. When two or more carts were together the tiger made off with the driver of the rear one. The English superintendent of police tried to trap the animal. He put a savadist dummy in one cart, and taking a seat, gun in hand, in another, drove past the tiger's lair. The tiger was on hand, as expected, but the ox teams became scared and ran away, and the tiger got away with the dummy. A short time later the dangerous beast was killed by a native hunter. In three years 546 people and 6,882 cattle (including asses and pigs), were killed by tigers in Central India alone.

The tigress gives birth to from two to six cubs. The cubs remain with her until about 2 years old. She has been known to desert her cubs, and to be pressed and even to eat them when hungry; but she usually guards and instructs them with great courage and maternal care. When they begin to require other food besides her milk she commences to kill for them and to teach them the art of hunting and killing. They first practice on deer, calves, and pigs. While training her young the mother sets them a ferocious and bloodthirsty example. At

other periods neither male nor female kills more game than is required to save its hunger, but at this period the female destroys with wanton cruelty every living thing that comes near or that she can find. The male tigers kill young male cubs when they get a chance, and many family fights take place over the children.

The true tiger is found nowhere except in Asia and Asiatic islands. Its habitat extends from the Territory of Amur on the north to the Islands of Java, Sumatra, and Bali on the south.

SUDDEN TRANSITION from a hot to a cold temperature, exposure to rain, sitting in a draught, unseasonable substitution of light for heavy clothing, are fruitful causes of colds and the resultant cough so perilous to persons of weak lungs. Among the most effective of bronchial disorders so arising, there is none better than Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. Try it and become convinced. Price, 25 cents.

Vegetable silk, made of cotton and cellulose, is to be manufactured in Mexico on a large scale. The cost is only one-fifth to one-fifteenth of real silk.

TO DISCOVER and deal immediately with causes and cures of them, rather than to battle with effects after the disease has secured a lodgement, is the chief object of the medical study of a cold. Anti-Consumptive Syrup is the result of patient study along this particular line. At the first appearance of a cold the Syrup will be found a most efficient remedy, arresting development and speedily healing the affected parts, so that the ailment disappears.

Women of the Spanish aristocracy have elected to be manufactured at \$1500 to make a new crown for the reputedly wonder-working silver image of the Virgin in Seville Cathedral.

INTERNATIONAL CURES GAINED IN COUNTRIES. About 1,000,000 telegrams are sent over the world's wires daily. In 1903 the total was 364,848,474. England sent 22,472,000. The United States was second with 91,291,000. Germany, Russia, Austria, Belgium and Italy followed in the order named.

Every day medical science becomes more simple and MORE CERTAIN. Simplicity and certainty go hand in hand. For science has learned that while there are many diseases, yet there are but few real CAUSES of disease. That is, there are many names by which we know aches and pains and disorders. But most of these ailments spring from a common cause. For instance, indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn, dyspepsia and all stomach troubles—diabetes, Bright's disease and other kidney disorders, heart troubles, liver troubles, bowel troubles, nervousness, restlessness, sleeplessness, irritability—all of these ailments are due to this single cause. Painful, disagreeable, and dangerous though they be, they are not separate diseases—and they are not to be treated as such. They are merely OUTWARD signs of INWARD trouble—NERVE trouble.

Understand first that we have two entirely separate nerve systems. When we walk, or talk, or act, we call into play a certain set of nerves—nerves which obey our mental commands. That is why the mouth opens, or the eye shuts, at the slightest desire. That is why your fingers can delicately pick up a pin one moment, and hold a heavy hammer the next.

But these are not the nerves we are to consider here. There is another set of nerves which manage and governs and actuates the heart and the stomach, the kidneys and the liver and all of the vital functions. You cannot control these nerves. By no supreme effort of mind can you make your heart stop or start—nor can you even make it vary by a single beat a minute. And so with the stomach and the liver and the kidneys and the bowels—they are automatic—they do their work at a certain set speed whether you are awake or asleep—whether you want them to or not.

It is on these INSIDE nerves that life and health depend. As these nerves perform their proper duties we are well and strong. When they fail, we know it by the inevitable symptoms—stomach troubles, kidney troubles, and these troubles have no other origin, ever, than in these same nerves. For the stomach, the heart, the liver, the kidneys have no power of their own, no self-control. They owe their every impulse to the inside nerves. The nerves are the masters. The organs are their slaves.

These automatic nerves are sometimes called the "sympathetic" nerves. This name is given them because of the close bond of sympathy which exists between all branches. This explains why stomach trouble often develops into heart trouble—why indigestion brings on nervousness—why

diseases become complicated. It explains, too, why ordinary medical treatments are so frequently fails. For, despite the discoveries of science, the common remedies of the day are designed to treat the organ, not the nerve—the SYMPTOM instead of the cause.

Don't you, though you may not know medicine at all, see that this is wrong? That it is mere patchwork? That while the suffering organ is filtering, why does it live itself depleting upon these life-giving power nerves—these inside nerves?

I realized, too, that all ailments which result from one cause may, of course, be cured by one remedy. I resolved not to doctor the organs, but to treat the one nerve system which operates them all.

For those who treat only the symptoms need a different remedy for each. Such treatments are only palliative; the results do not last. I determined never come in disease of the stomach, heart, liver or kidneys, until the inside nerve power is restored. When that is done Nature's cures take care of the symptoms. There is no need of doctoring them.

My remedy—now known by druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative—is the result of a quarter century of endeavor along this very line. It does not dose the organ or deplete the power—it goes at once to the nerve—the inside nerve—the power nerve—and builds it up, and strengthens it and makes it well. There is no mystery—no miracle. I can explain my treatment to you as easily as I can tell you why cold freezes water and why steam boils. Nor do I claim a discovery. For every detail of my treatment is based on truths so fundamental that none can deny them. And every ingredient of my medicine is as old as the hills it grows on. I simply applied the truths and combined the ingredients into a remedy that practically cures.

In more than a million homes my remedy is now known, and relied upon. Yet you may not have heard of it. So I make this offer to you, a stranger, that every possible excuse for doubt may be removed. Send no money—make no promise—take no risk. Simply write and ask. If you have never tried my remedy, I will send you an order on your druggist for a full dollar bottle—or sample, but the regular standard bottle keeps constantly on his shelves. The druggist will require no conditions. He will accept my order as cheerfully as though your dollar lay before him. He will send the bill to me.

Will you accept this opportunity to learn at MY EXPENSE, how to get rid of the trouble, but of the very cause which produced it? Write today.

For a free full Book 1 on Dyspepsia, dollar bottle Book 2 on the Heart, Book 3 on the Kidneys, Dr. Shoop, Box Book 4 for Women, Dr. Racine, Wis., Book 5 for Men, Book 6 on Rheumatism, book you want.

Mild cases are often cured by a single bottle. For sale at forty thousand drug stores.

How the Stomach and Kidneys Depend on the Inside Nerves

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MY FREE DOLLAR OFFER

Any sick one who has not tried my remedy

=Dr. Shoop's Restorative= may have a Full Dollar's Worth Free. I ask no deposit, no reference, no security. There is nothing to pay, either now or later. I will send you an order on your druggist which he will accept in full payment for a regular, standard = size Dollar bottle. And he will send the bill to me.

C. I. SHOOP, M.D.

enjoying its temporary relief, the nerve that is really sick may be getting worse and worse? Does this explain why you relapse so frequently follows a supposed cure? Does this not account for the uncertainties of medicine?

More than thirty years ago this thought came to me: "If life and health depend upon perfect heart action, upon proper stomach digestion, upon correct kidney

action, then the only way to get rid of the trouble, but of the very cause which produced it? Write today.

For a free full Book 1 on Dyspepsia, dollar bottle Book 2 on the Heart, Book 3 on the Kidneys, Dr. Shoop, Box Book 4 for Women, Dr. Racine, Wis., Book 5 for Men, Book 6 on Rheumatism, book you want.

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