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Whiskard's

New and Enlarged Stores Will Be Open During the Evenings of Fair Week.

Pay a visit. You will find the atmosphere of our special values we have to offer you in all departments.

All-Silk Ribbons. Stock taken from the bottom of a bigger meet such a ribbon chance as this. It is seldom that you are for you at take advantage of it was happily ours—here they

OUR STOCK. Ladies' Fine Embroidered Handkerchiefs at 10c, 12c, 15c, 20c, 25c each.

Fall and Winter Hosiery. We are showing some special lines in Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.

Great Scottish Writers. Right Hon. A. J. Balfour on the Gentlemen Whose Names are on Their Fellow.

BEHRING SEA QUESTION. Senator Sherman's Contentious Demands.

SHOULD HAVE SHOT SOONER. A British Officer's Judgment Questioned by Little League.

ONLY WAY TO TELL. [Chicago Post.]

HOW TO CURE ALL SKIN DISEASES. [Chicago Post.]

WATER SCOT'S GREAT GENIUS. [Chicago Post.]

POUR DISGRACED SCOTSMAN. [Chicago Post.]

MY I COULD NOT BE PRESENT. [Chicago Post.]

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London Advertiser.

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LONDON - CANADA.

JOHN CAMERON, President and
Managing Editor.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—Browning.

London, Saturday, Sept. 18, 1897.

The Reverse in India.

There will be general regret that in the operations to put down strife on the northern borders of India the valiant British forces have sustained a reverse and that heroic blood has been spilled in the encounter.

The enemy must have been present in great numbers, for the second brigade of Sir Bindon Blood's division was a strong body of men, and they fought bravely. Yet they were defeated, and with considerable loss in native and European soldiers.

This experience does not uphold the theory expressed by recent cablegrams that the hill tribes were cowed by the advance of the British, and that only desultory fighting was to be expected. It is apparent that the tribes, who are dare-devils in warfare, are all mountainous peoples, are not to be easily subjugated, and that Gen. Lockhart, now on his way to take supreme command in Northern India, will have to pit against them a large and aggressive force before he re-establishes order.

In Afghanistan the British bought "peace and concord" by liberally subsidizing the Ameer. To a limited extent, the subsidizing policy has in the past been pursued with regard to the tribes in the mountainous regions around the Khyber and Kohat passes. It is just a question if further extension of the subsidizing policy to some of the tribesmen now kicking against the enlargement of the sphere of British influence would not have been cheaper in the long run than the warfare now entered on, and from which there can be no turning back till the offending tribes are subjugated.

The Government of British Columbia have become so impressed with the good work accomplished for agriculture by the Farmers' Institutes of Ontario, that it contemplates establishing a similar system in the Pacific Province. In order that the new departure may be properly gone about, the Premier of British Columbia has requested the Ontario Minister of Agriculture to nominate a graduate of the Ontario Agricultural College to perform the task. Accordingly, Mr. T. F. Paterson, a native of Bruce county, who has been thoroughly trained in scientific farming, will proceed to British Columbia. He will, no doubt, prove a most efficient organizer of the new work on behalf of Western farmers.

At the recent demonstration in his honor, John Charlton, M. P. for North Norfolk, was presented by Rev. Mr. Slaght, on behalf of his constituents, with a magnificent gold watch and chain.

Prophecies Present and Past.

Mr. Whitney, the Ontario Opposition leader, like an exuberant school boy, has been telling a Toronto reporter, in a burst of confidence, that in the ensuing Provincial elections his side will sweep the Province. The Liberals, according to him, will simply be nowhere. This child-like and bland method of counting one's political chickens before they are hatched is not a new expedient with the Opposition leaders, and it is not likely to influence many "doubtfuls" to cast in their lot with Mr. Whitney, because of the impression that by so doing they will be able on election eve to shout on the winning side.

In every campaign in the past, Mr. Whitney and his associates have up to the counting of the votes, expressed themselves just as sure of victory as the Catholics were being neglected. Therefore, the Liberals should be driven out by the solid vote of the Catholic community. Prior to voting, Mr. Whitney and his friends were sure of victory, as he says he is today. But it was found that the cry did not work, as it was untrue. Therefore in the next campaign, an opposite policy was pursued by the Conservatives—the Protestant electors were assured that the Catholic people were too well treated by the Liberal

Administration, and that the separate schools were being made too efficient by the changes effected in the Legislature. Elect us, said Mr. Whitney and his friends, and we will undo all this. Up to the day of the election they asserted, as Mr. Whitney does now, that the overwhelming majority of the constituents were in favor of their policy. But the electors once more falsified the prophecies.

At last bye-election, in this city, the Conservative leader came along with the usual assurance that his candidature would carry all before him, and perhaps some people put faith in the declaration, but at the close of the poll the majority for the Liberal candidate was found to be 902.

We see no cause for believing that Mr. Whitney has any more ground for hoping for victory in the ensuing elections than his abler predecessors had in past contests. Nevertheless, few people will grudge the Opposition leader the satisfaction of whistling to keep his courage up. That is ever the prerogative of those who are in the cold shades.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, ex-premier of Canada, who has become president of the Belleville Intelligencer Newspaper Company, points out to the Conservatives in that district that the more they strengthen the Journal which expresses their views the better able is the paper to battle for good government and sound principles. Sir Mackenzie's observation is applicable to members of both political parties.

The Halifax, N. S., Chronicle, whose representative recently took a trip through Ontario, looks for a sweeping victory for the Liberal government in this enlightened province at the ensuing provincial elections. Indications certainly point that way.

Testimony From Petrolia.

The Petrolia Advertiser (Conservative) says that the prospects for a profitable season in the oil regions of Ontario during the ensuing winter are bright. Rigs are likely to be active, as the price of crude is sufficiently high to stimulate production. This testimony of the condition of affairs from a journal on the spot is in marked contrast with the grumbling of Opposition contemporaries published outside the oil region, which have been informing their readers that the moderate reduction in the oil duty undertaken by the present Administration was a surrender of the Ministers to the Standard oil monopoly.

D. L. Moody, the noted evangelist, will hold a series of meetings in Montreal about the middle of October, when he comes west from Halifax, N. S. He may be asked to speak here. It is now eight years since his last notable visit took place.

A young British nobleman is a groom in a livery stable at Johannesburg and a brother-in-law of an English duke is bossing a gang of negro laborers there. This is better than living in idleness; but why, asks the Rochester Herald, do not these men come to America and get rich? There are still a few business left who are ready to close a deal in affection for a title, asking few questions!

The Better Times.

We are glad to learn that manufacturers in this neighborhood and elsewhere, who, prior to the revision of the tariff, expressed their conviction that any reduction would cause them to close up their business, are in many cases working overtime in order to keep up with the demand for their wares. None are probably better pleased than they are that their prophecies have not come true, and that the outlook for business in Canada is brighter than it has been for many years.

The Austro-Hungarian consul-general has recently made a tour of the settlements of people of that nationality in the Canadian Northwest. He has returned to Ottawa, and reports himself delighted with the beautiful country, the fine land, and the prosperous condition of the settlers. Farmers willing to work and to be economical will always find good homes on the prairie.

ALL THE NEWS WORTH PRINTING.

Eaton Rapids Herald.
A newspaper which constantly abuses its local contemporaries is a weakling without influence. The fact that it constantly assails a rival is proof of jealousy, which is generally caused by the success of the assailed. If anyone seeks the standing of a newspaper he has only to see if it is in the category of assailer or assailed. If in the former, it has few readers and seeks by constant barking at its successful rival to get itself into notice. The newspaper—the paper that people like to read—has very little space to devote to the abuse of rival concerns. It uses its columns for news; all there is that is worth printing.

A GOOD START.

[Boston Traveler.]
"Yes, grandma, when I graduate I intend following a literary career—write for money, you know."
"Why, when you graduate, you haven't done anything else since you've been at college."

HON. DAVID MILLS.

Public Opinion Points to Him as the Successor to Sir Oliver Mowat.

A CLEAN NAME AND LARGE GIFTS.

[Vancouver World.]
Hon. David Mills is a man of clean name and large gifts.

EMINENTLY FITTED.

[Woodstock Sentinel-Review.]
Senator Mills is eminently fitted for the position of Minister of Justice should it fall vacant. He is, as everyone is aware, one of the ablest constitutional lawyers in Canada, and would be a tower of strength in the office of chief of the Canadian Judiciary. And not only his ability, but the respect and esteem in which he is held throughout the country, make him a most suitable man for the position.

PUBLIC OPINION POINTS.

[Ottawa Correspondence Buffalo Express.]

Sir Oliver Mowat has at last decided to go to Government House, Toronto. He is busy packing up and cleaning out the pigeon-holes of his department before he leaves. Whether Hon. David Mills will succeed him or not remains to be seen, but public opinion points to the great constitutional lawyer of the Dominion as the next man who ought to fill the position of Minister of Justice.

GOOD FOR BOTH POSITIONS.

[Ottawa Citizen.]

Should the Hon. David Mills be given the portfolio of Justice and the leadership of the Senate, the Government would have a good man in both positions. Mr. Mills is a studious, industrious and learned man, and he has taken an honorable part in public life.

AN UNFAIR PROPOSAL.

[Ottawa Correspondence, St. John Telegraph.]

The suggested reconstruction whereby Louis Davies would become Minister of Justice is considered impracticable, because it would, by transferring Mr. Cartwright to finance, abolish the Department of Trade and Commerce and give Ontario no voice in the council. The Department of Trade and Commerce could not be reduced by anyone of less importance than Sir Richard Cartwright. Ontario, too, would object to the important department of Justice going to the Maritime Provinces in addition to the Marine and Fisheries, Railways and Canals, and Militia and Defense. The appointment of Mr. Mills would fill the position with credit, and lead the Senate with ability, and overcome all present difficulties and replace Mowat by a statesman of wide experience and profound knowledge of constitutional law.

AMPLY QUALIFIED.

[St. Thomas Journal.]

The dispatches state that Sir Oliver desires that when he succeeds as governor general he shall be succeeded by a minister of justice by his old friend and able coadjutor in the Senate, Hon. David Mills. Sir Oliver could not have a more worthy successor. The appointment of Hon. David Mills would be especially gratifying to the people of Ontario and give general satisfaction throughout the Dominion. Mr. Mills' standing in Parliament, the confidence reposed in him by the people, his great ability, high attainments and long experience amply qualify him to fill the important portfolio which Sir Oliver is vacating.

Contemporary Opinion

HARD LANGUAGE FOR WOMEN.

Two young Armenian ladies were arrested in Stamboul yesterday for circulating a manifesto about the Dasknakutian.

ATTEND TO HIM AFTER LUNCH.

[Philadelphia Ledger.]

The man who rocks the boat should always be the last one rescued, and it is not absolutely necessary to rescue him at all.

SPIKING GUNS GOES ON.

[Hamilton Herald.]

Another Conservative gun is spiked. Under legal pressure William Smith has retracted his charge that the Hon. John Dryden sold the Ontario regiments. It looks as if the Tories will have to enter the Provincial campaign without any heavy artillery.

THE WATERPROOF PRINCE.

[London Daily News.]

The Prince of Wales astonishes visitors at Marienbad by his indifference to rainy weather, and he is much admired for coming out in a downpour at 7:45 a.m. and taking a walk of an hour and a half. He drinks Kreuzbrunnen while walking, and slips it through a glass upon the streets, which he often speaks to English persons he knows. In the afternoon he undertakes excursions.

A TITLED WOMAN BAGPIPER.

[Westminster Gazette.]

Inverary Pipe Band, the distinguished combination of bagpipes which created a sensation by promenading Glencoe in charge of Lord Archibald Campbell, walked abroad in Inverary the other day, headed by a young lady, who blew the pibroch with all the dexterity and success of a prize bagpiper at Olan Highland games. This was Lady Elsie Campbell, Lord Archibald's handsome daughter. She is an expert player, and has done a good deal to make the dredded instrument popular in fashionable circles.

THE HOLIDAY QUESTION.

[Stratford Beacon.]

There is a good deal of attention being given at the present time to the question of holidays, and a suggestion has been made in The London Advertiser that civic holiday should be merged into Labor Day. City Swiss and German newspapers that the policy thus announced will encounter obstacles which the attempt to enforce it is made. It is not customary in German countries of the continent—whether German Austria or Germany, or German Switzerland—for a man to give a woman the preference in any way on a street car. Not only have the women on the cars learned not to expect them, but they are unwilling to accept them. The man who offers a seat in a car is pretty sure to be greeted with a polite but resolute declaration of "No, thank you; I don't want it." It is a pity that a man with a look of wonder that says plainly: "You must be a stranger hereabouts."

which are celebrated all over the Dominion, are sufficient for all purposes, and are placed at such intervals as punctuate the year suitably for all people.

VALUE OF THE CROW'S NEST PASS RAILWAY.

Toronto Mail and Empire.

Sir Charles Rivers Wilson says that even an extreme interpolation of the Dingley bill will hurt the Grand Trunk but little. The Canadian Pacific's Japan trade will be interfered with to some extent, but as the traffic in the west is rapidly growing, it will be little felt. Four thousand men are pushing the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass branch. When this is completed the Canadian Pacific railway will carry vast quantities of coal from this side of the mountains into the smelting regions. This traffic alone will probably be many times that of the Japan trade. The Crow's Nest Pass, by the road, but in addition the supplies of the mining regions, which now come from the south, will be drawn from Manitoba and the Territories, and the Canadian Pacific will get all that carrying trade. A good local market will thus be created for Manitoba and Territorial food stuffs, and the country should be largely benefited.

THE OUTLOOK FOR FRANCE.

[Prof. Goldwin Smith in the Sun.]

France is all the time suffering from her extravagant militarism, as she deserves, and not in a financial way when the population is so small. The French peasant has always grumbled under the blood tax, and it might have been supposed that when he got political power under the republic the conscription would have been voted down; but militarism and the habit of submission to central authority, it seems, were too deeply ingrained, and the French peasantry have continued patriotically to allow their children to be sacrificed to the god of war. Sacrificed the children are in a moral as well as in an industrial point of view. It is impossible that the lives of youths in garrison towns at the age when passion is hottest, should be moral. Perhaps we have here not the least potent cause of the physical decline of France. Camp and garrison immorality is a curse which adheres to militarism in general.

THE ANGLO-SAXON LEADERSHIP.

[Review of Reviews.]

The clear and unanimous decision which Canada has made between the two great sections of the English-speaking race is significant of much. Geographically and commercially they are so closely connected with the United States that even now many Americans can hardly realize the fact that the Canadians really prefer to be represented in London rather than in Washington. The attempt to coerce them by hostile tariffs has developed a sentiment of self-respect which has been fatal to the idea of continental union. Canada stood for a long time as a passive and obedient rival, and after a period of hesitation she has now definitely thrown her lot with the British empire, which she looks upon as a British colony, which of all others had the greatest temptation to look to Washington rather than to London as capital, and which has also had by far the most opportunities of seeing how republican institutions operate in practice. The question of the empire as against the republic, other colonies will come to the same conclusion, and the question of the leadership of the race. It is ours, no doubt, by right of clear and unimpeachable decision.

THE NEW BABY.

[Edinburgh Chronicle.]

There came to port, last Sunday night, The queerest little craft.
Without an inch of rigging on;
I looked and looked, and laughed.

It seemed so curious that she
Should cross the unknown water,
And moor herself right in my room,
My daughter, O my daughter!

She has no manifest but this,
No flag hoisted on the mast;
She's too new for the British Lloyd's—
My daughter, O my daughter!

Ring out, wild bells, and tamed ones,
Too!
Ring out the lover's moon!
Ring in the little worsted socks!
Ring in the bib and spoon!

Ring out the muse! ring in the nurse!
Ring in the milk and water!
Away with paper, pen and ink—
My daughter, O my daughter!

MAUDIE UP TO DATE.

[St. Louis Star.]

Maud Miller on a summer night
Was riding her wheel without a light,
With graceful hump and a bicycle face,
She scorched along at a merry pace,
When across her path there loomed a man.

And into him Maudie straightaway ran,
But, alas! to her sorrow and shame,
A police court judge of stern decree;
And she sighed next day as he fined her.

'Stead \$9.98—as it might have been.

MOTHER GOOSE IN NAVAL REPAIRS.

[New York Press.]

Dickens is a dicker a dock.
The cruiser went on the rock.
Ours are too small.
John Bull has 'em all—
Dicker and dicker a dock.

TO IMPROVE STREET CAR MANNERS.

[Zurich City Council has ordered that this notice be posted in every street car on the municipal lines:]

"Women have the first right to the seats in the interior of this car."
It is predicted by Swiss and German newspapers that the policy thus announced will encounter obstacles which the attempt to enforce it is made. It is not customary in German countries of the continent—whether German Austria or Germany, or German Switzerland—for a man to give a woman the preference in any way on a street car. Not only have the women on the cars learned not to expect them, but they are unwilling to accept them. The man who offers a seat in a car is pretty sure to be greeted with a polite but resolute declaration of "No, thank you; I don't want it." It is a pity that a man with a look of wonder that says plainly: "You must be a stranger hereabouts."

WORK OF LIGHTNING.

Why Buildings in the Country Are More Often Struck Than Are Those of the City.

[Baltimore American.]

In explanation of the many cases of buildings in the country suffering damage from lightning, seldom frequently than buildings in the cities, Dr. C. H. Cronk, of the weather bureau says: "The great mass of material of which a city is built acts as a mediator between earth and sky, and the electricity is usually conducted quietly away. It is the solitary barn or dwelling in the country that is struck. The reason of this is because its isolation forms an objective point to attract the lightning. For the same reason lightning rarely does damage in a forest. The trees in the dense woods, using very good conductors of electricity, relieve the electric tension of the earth and clouds during a storm, thus giving protection to the surrounding country. Lightning strikes the isolated trees in the prairie, but seldom the tree in the forest, surrounded by hundreds of its kind."

"It is generally understood that barns in the country are struck more frequently than dwellings. Some time ago inquiry was made at this office as to why thunderstorms were more destructive to barns after harvest time than before. It was suggested, in support of the theory, that these buildings were struck more frequently after harvest; that before harvest the stacks of grain and grain in the barns were struck more frequently, and the electric tension of the atmosphere, and afforded protection in some degree to the buildings they surrounded. After harvest the dry stubble it was claimed, insulated a large proportion of the unwooded surface and the electric tension was therefore, relieved through the buildings."

"A second theory advanced was that the overheated condition of a barn filled with harvested crops made it a better conductor of electricity than a house or an empty barn, and that lightning sought it the more quickly. A third argument advanced was that a barn filled with ripe crops was more inflammable than a house or an empty barn, and was more likely to be destroyed by fire resulting from a stroke of lightning."

"The bureau responded to all this that it was doubtful whether its statistics were sufficiently reliable to answer the question, as it was certain that the farmer and the whole community would notice the destruction of a barn filled with the products of a year's labor more than they would notice the loss of an empty barn. All three of the theories advanced in support of the idea of greater destruction after than before harvest were thought by the bureau to be likely, and not in contradiction with known laws."

"The second theory was thought to be the one most effective. The heat which is always to be found with packed hay and other crops naturally makes a barn or a stable warmer than the surrounding space. With a warmth there is also more or less moisture, and these are probably uprising currents, not very strong ordinarily, but liable to be accentuated during thunderstorms. It must be remembered, too, that barns, as a rule, are located on hills or hill-sides and there may exist an air circulation due to topography."

"These, with the heat generated in the ripening of the crops, tend to make a barn struck more likely to be struck and also more inflammable than an empty one."

VICTORIA DESCENDED FROM AN IRISH KING.

The London Genealogical Magazine traces the descent of Queen Victoria to the rule of Queen Victoria. Victoria was descended from the twelfth century. To Edward IV., one of the connecting links in the chain to the throne of Ireland, the Queen traces her descent as follows: Edward, Duke of Kent; George III., Frederick, Prince of Wales; George II., George I., Sophia, Elizabeth, James I., Mary, Queen of Scots, James V. of Scotland, prior claimant, and wife of Henry VII., Edward IV. She is consequently 29th in descent from the great Irish kings. This should reconcile the Irish people to the rule of Queen Victoria. The late visit of the Duke of York to Ireland and the nicely-worded letter he wrote to the Irish people from Queen Victoria, adds considerable interest to the above.

SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABES
And rest for tired mothers in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure. CUTICURA REMEDIES afford instant relief, and point a speedy cure of torturing, itching, humiliated, itching, burning, bleeding, crusty, scaly skin and scalp humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. **PORTER, DAVIS AND CO.,** Sole Props., Boston. **CUTICURA SOAP** and **CUTICURA OINTMENT** are made by **CUTICURA SOAP CO.**

There is a good deal of guess work just now in the soap trade, but in the manufacture of that lovely perfumed

LANOLIA TOILET SOAP

Everything is done with mathematical precision and no chance work permitted, and so you have that perfection of toilet necessities, Lanolia Soap. See the whole process in Saunders' Drug Store window.

27th

126-128 Dundas St. London, Ont.

SATURDAY NIGHT FAIR.

THE LIST of bargains below is a brilliant closing for a brilliant week of matchless Merchandizing. On Saturday evening, from 7 o'clock to 10 o'clock, you will be able to have your Drygoods and Clothing and Mantle wants supplied at prices so low that they couldn't possibly be lowered. Come in and roam about the store at your leisure, even if you don't intend to buy a copper's worth.

Millinery Department.

New Ribbons, grand value, 4 inches wide, in moire and plain silk, shot effects, all shades, for 25c yard, worth 35c.

One line of Children's Felt Hats, all shades, for 40c, worth 50c and 60c.

Ladies' Felt Walking Hats, 75c, worth 85c.

New Flowers, in velvet and silk, all shades and prices.

New Felt Sailors, latest shapes—Jubilee and Manhattan—from 75c to \$1.50.

One table of Birds and Wings, at 5c and 10c.

Dress Goods.

Fifteen pieces fancy Dress Goods, all wool, new goods; worth 60c per yard, for 45c per yard.

Ten pieces Fancy Repp Dress Goods, a great range of colors; regular price, 75c, for 50c per yard.

Ten pieces Black Figured Dress Goods; worth 35c, for 25c per yard.

Ten pieces Shot Tweed, new goods; worth 25c per yard, for 15c per yard.

Seven pieces Stripe Silk, in gold and black, green and black, blue and black, green and red, and pink and blue; worth 45c per yard, for 35c per yard.

Mantle Department.

Fifty only, Ladies' Wrappers in Cambrics and Elderdoun Flannel, regular prices \$1.75 to \$2.50. Saturday night, 90c.

Black Cashmere Skirts, eight-gore, well-lined, velvet faced, worth \$3. Saturday night for \$2.

Tweed Bicycle Skirts, our own special line, \$3.50 to \$3.75. Saturday night for \$2.50.

Staple Department.

White Wool Blankets, very large; worth \$3, for \$2.50.

White Quilts, size 2 1/4 by 2 1/4 yards, fine finish; worth \$2.50, for \$1.75.

Tapestry Table Covers, worth \$1.35, for 75c.

Wrappettes, reversible, in black and white checks and stripes; worth 15c, for 12 1/2c.

Unbleached Table Damask, all linen, 55 inches wide; worth 30c, for 24c.

Twill Sheetting, unbleached; worth 16c, for 12 1/2c; 2 yards wide.

White Spread, full size, American make; worth \$1, for 75c.

Feather Ticking, double fold; worth 30c, for 24c.

Bleached Table Damask, 63 inches wide; worth 60c, for 45c.

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

Men's Melrose all-wool cloth Waterproof Coats; regular \$14 kind, for \$7.50.

Men's silk-lined Venetian all-wool Top Coats; regular \$10 kind, for \$7.75.

Boys' all-wool Three-piece Suits; were \$4. Saturday night, \$2.25.

Boys' fine all-wool Three-piece Suits, long pants; were \$5.50. Saturday night, \$2.95.

Young Men's good-to-wear Tweed Suits; regular \$6 kind, for \$3.95.

Haberdashery Dept.

Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, Hermsdorf dye, regular 15c and 17c. Saturday night, 2 for 25c.

Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, Hermsdorf dye, regular 25c. Saturday night, 18c.

Ladies' Plain Black Cashmere Hose, double heels and toes; regular 35c. Saturday night, 25c.

Misses' Black Cotton Hose, plain and ribbed; regular 10c to 15c. Saturday night, 8c per pair.

Ladies' Colored Josephine Kid Gloves, regular \$1.25. Saturday night, 75c.

Ladies' Black Suede Gloves, regular 35c. Saturday night, 20c.

Misses' and Ladies' Black and White Cotton Gloves. Saturday night, 1c.

Colored Border Handkerchiefs, regular \$1.75 to \$2.50. Saturday night, 50c dozen.

F. H. BUTLER,

STOCK BROKER.
Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Private wires to New York Stock Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade. Telegrams and Money Stock Exchange quotations received by wire. Long distance telephone.
35 and 37 Blooring Temple, London.

Real Estate and
Mining Stock Broker.
Money to Loan. Notes Collected.

JAS. MILNE, 35 Dundas St.,
LONDON, Ont.

The Canadian Savings and Loan Company.
M. H. ROWLAND, Manager.
420-422 Richmond Street.

Late Afternoon Markets.
New York Stock Market.
Reported by Frank Butler, Broker, Masconie Temple.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Sept. 18
Atchafalca R.	104	107	105	106
C. & N. W.	101	104	101	102
C. & N. W.	101	104	101	102
Chicago & N.	104	107	104	105
General Electric	149	152	148	150
L. & N.	102	105	102	103
Manitoba	112	115	112	113
Missouri Pacific	104	107	104	105
Pacific Mail	104	107	104	105
Rock Island	104	107	104	105
Reading	104	107	104	105
S. P. M.	104	107	104	105
Tenn. Coal & Iron	104	107	104	105
Wabash	104	107	104	105
Western Union	104	107	104	105
Distilling Trust	104	107	104	105
Leather Trust	104	107	104	105
Bank Trust	104	107	104	105
Tobacco Trust	104	107	104	105
E. S. & S.	104	107	104	105

Toronto Stock Market.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Sept. 18
Atchafalca R.	104	107	105	106
C. & N. W.	101	104	101	102
C. & N. W.	101	104	101	102
Chicago & N.	104	107	104	105
General Electric	149	152	148	150
L. & N.	102	105	102	103
Manitoba	112	115	112	113
Missouri Pacific	104	107	104	105
Pacific Mail	104	107	104	105
Rock Island	104	107	104	105
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COMMERCIAL.

Toronto Grain Markets.
Toronto, Sept. 18.—Wheat is dull and easier, owing to the poor demand for export. New wheat is quoted at 84c west, Manitoba wheat is easier at 81c for No. 1 hard, Goodrich, and 81c for No. 2 hard.
Flour is easier and dull, at 24c for cars of straight roller west.
Milled unchanged.
Rye firm at 46c west.
Corn steady at 31c for yellow west.
Oats are firm at 24c for white west.
Peas steady at 48c to 49c north and west.
Bad hay steady at \$5 to \$5.50 for cars here.
Baled straw dull at \$3.25 here.
Eggs are steady at 13c to 14c for fresh here.
Butter—Choice dairy is scarce and firm at 13c to 14c for pails and tubs.
American Produce Market.
DETROIT, Sept. 18.—Wheat—No. 1 white, 84c; No. 2 red, cash, 82c; Sept. 82c; Dec. 82c.
TOLLEDO.
Wheat—Sept. 18.—Cash, 82c; Sept. 82c; Dec. 82c.
MILWAUKEE.
Wheat—Sept. 18.—Cash, 82c; Sept. 82c; Dec. 82c.
BUFFALO.
Wheat—Sept. 18.—Cash, 82c; Sept. 82c; Dec. 82c.

Chicago Exchange.
Following are the quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade furnished by F. H. Butler, Broker, Masconie Temple.
Chicago, Sept. 18.
Wheat—Dec. 91c; May 91c; Sept. 91c.
Corn—Dec. 33c; May 33c; Sept. 33c.
Data—Sept. 33c; May 33c; Sept. 33c.
Pork—Sept. 33c; May 33c; Sept. 33c.
Lard—Sept. 33c; May 33c; Sept. 33c.
Sugar—Sept. 33c; May 33c; Sept. 33c.
Coffee—Sept. 33c; May 33c; Sept. 33c.
Hops—Sept. 33c; May 33c; Sept. 33c.

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Sugar—Sept. 33c; May 33c; Sept. 33c.
Coffee—Sept. 33c; May 33c; Sept. 33c.
Hops—Sept. 33c; May 33c; Sept. 33c.

W. T. Strong & Co.
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.
184 Dundas St., London.
227 Marriage Licenses Issued.

ARE YOU READY TO DYE?

We're the good friend who can advise you what to dye—dye or clean your garments so that you need not dye at all. We'll wash and fashionably dress at little cost.

R. PARKER & CO'Y.
Dyers and Cleaners.
217 Dundas Street, Telephone 611.

The Oil Market.

Oil City, Pa., Sept. 18.—Oil closed at 69c.

Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; strong; light, \$4 to \$4.40; mixed, \$3.85 to \$4.25; heavy, \$3.70 to \$4.20; rough, \$3.70 to \$3.90.
Cattle—Receipts, 2,000; market weak and unchanged.
Sheep—Receipts, 8,000.

RUIN IN CUBA.

Gen. Luque Has Destroyed 1,600 Cuban Farms—A Wild Rumor.

Chicago, Sept. 18.—A dispatch from Panama to the Times-Herald says: It is rumored here that Gen. Weyler has been captured by the Cubans.
Havana, via Key West, Sept. 18.—In an official dispatch to Gen. Weyler, published by all the Havana newspapers, with full authority from the press censor, Gen. Luque reports that at the head of his column of 5,000 Spanish soldiers he has utterly destroyed 1,600 farms in the province of Santiago de Cuba.

THE EARLY-RISER EXPLAINED.

He Is Simply a Poor Individual in the Incipient Stages of Insanity—His Conceit.

Of late years it has been argued wisely and well that early rising is one of the chief causes of lunacy, says the London Standard. Liers in bed in all ages have contended that it is one of the many effects of lunacy; there was not the smallest doubt about the mental condition of a man who rises at daybreak from choice, but modern science has discovered that it is not only an effect but a cause of insanity. Liers abed will be overjoyed to hear that those who rise at 4 all suffer the same fate as those who rise at 6.

Use fuses. All grow by slow degrees. Brainless as chimpanzees, Monkeys as brutes, Go mad and beat their wives, Plunge after shockproof lives, Razors and knives Into their gizzards.
Such is the terrible fate of the rash individual who would dare to rise before the sun. The overbearing conceit of the man who rises at daybreak has long been a source of wonder among observant physiologists, but now it is no longer a mystery; it is explained by the new early rising and insanity theory.
Surely the conceited Pharisee, who struts like the cock he helps to the sun, is more deserving of pity than contempt, for are not his symptoms premonitory of the madness, insipid as yet in him, but freely pronounced in its fullness by the medical faculty to all who waste the best hours of the day drinking the intoxicating morning air of an empty stomach? The picture of the early riser in this interesting stage of incipient madness is highly edifying and it is of him and his ilk that the psalmist speaks when he says: "Behold, as wild asses of the desert go they forth to their work, rising betimes for their prey."
Having risen with the sun, the morning Pharisee has reached by breakfast time a sublime altitude from which he gazes down on the sinner heins around him with a lofty contempt. He imagines that because he has secured the dewdrop before the lark has had a chance to plan the lark, he is necessarily a poet of the first water—an exalted being above the littleness of expostulating with the man who appears when the coffee is cold.
After all, what has he achieved? A dewdrop, wet feet and a morbid waiting for the picturesque and sensational in nature. In these days of cranks and crazes, and no home should be cracked-brained people who would barter away three hours of healthy sleep for a dewdrop and its underling, the right of evils. No one wonders at this, it is so common; the wonder is that these people have never found their way, until quite recently, into the treatises of the morbid pathological conditions of the brain.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure cures where others fail. It is the leading remedy for consumption and no home should be without it. Pleasant to take and goes right to the spot. Sold by all druggists.
A dispatch to the New York World from Washington says: The British ambassador, Sir Julian Pauncefote, was notified that time ago that, in view of the fact that he is 70 years old, his retirement awaited the conclusion of the present session. It is very likely that Sir Julian will be recalled before the new year.

QUESTIONS OF THE NIGHT.
(Philadelphia Times.)
Whether or not women are fitted to discuss questions of the day, the married ones with husbands who keep late hours know something about questions of the night.

A Large and Complete Assortment of . . .
Trusses, Shoulder Braces, Supporters, Crutches, etc.

W. T. Strong & Co.
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.
184 Dundas St., London.
227 Marriage Licenses Issued.

Dominion Trade Increasing.

According to an Ottawa dispatch the trade returns of Canada for August show an increase in both imports and exports. The total trade increase for the month is over \$1,000,000. For the two months of the fiscal year the increase in the total trade, as compared with the two months last year, is nearly \$5,000,000. The imports for August were \$11,456,225, as compared with \$11,083,875 for August, 1896, or an increase of \$372,350 in value. There was a decrease in the duty collected for the month of \$124,791, and of \$182,962. The returns, however, of Vancouver city have not been received for two months, and when they are they will add about \$55,000 to the revenue. The exports for the past two months were \$31,216,826, compared with \$26,015,954 in July and August, 1896, or an increase for the present year of \$5,200,872. The total trade was \$22,550,192, as compared with \$22,167,830, or an increase of \$382,362 for August, 1897, against \$47,570,111 for July and August, 1896, or an increase of \$4,780,981 for the past two months.

LATEST FORECAST.

Strong Winds, and Fair, Cool Weather.

Toronto, Sept. 18.—11 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the lower St. Lawrence region: Strong winds and fair, with some showers, shifting to northwest; fair, cool weather.

Around the City

—Miss Lizzie Strong, Woodlee, has been visiting friends in London.

—J. S. McKay, of Bolesworth, Man., is registered at the Griggs House, 200, Adelaide street, Toronto.

—Chief Bolby, of the fire department, St. Thomas, was in the city yesterday.

—Miss Drake, of St. Thomas, is a visitor at the residence of Mrs. Stevely, King street.

—Miss Jennie Davis, one of Aylmer's best pupils, is in the city on a brief visit.

—The London Ministerial Association will hold its first autumn meeting on Monday morning.

—Mrs. F. Wheeler and family, of Rutherford, New York, are visiting Mrs. C. E. Wheeler, King street, city.

—Mr. Fred Karn, of Woodstock, has returned home after making a short visit to the Misses Mutch, city.

—Miss Tena Rodgers, of Adelaide street, has returned from Toronto, accompanied by Mrs. Phipps, wife of the well-known C. P. R. engineer.

—Mr. Herbert P. Allen, the manager for D. S. Perrin & Co. left last night for Hartford, Conn., to spend a couple of weeks with relatives in that city.

—John Robb's milk delivery wagon came to grief at the Wharfedale road this morning, caused by the horse running away. The rig was upset, and the lacted fluid streamed into the street.

—Miss Alice H. Galbraith and her talented pupils, Susie McGill, Ina Riddell, Violet Leclair and Frankie Tucker, have returned home from the Highland games in Durham, where they were most successful, winning all the prizes in their classes.

—The heavy frost last night produced thin ice in many sections of the surrounding country. The cucumber crop is done for. The price of tomatoes may now be expected to advance, as the vines have been entirely destroyed. They sold this morning at 10 to 15 cents per bushel.

—Mary Walsh, an old lady of about 70 years, appeared before Magistrate Parker this morning. Her wrinkled face was a mass of bruises, the result of contact with the ground. The old woman was arrested by P. C. R. on the Wharfedale yesterday. She was drunk and lying in the ditch.

—Principal Merchant, of the College Institute, narrowly escaped being seriously injured last evening. While wheeling on Queen's avenue, in the vicinity of Waterloo street, he was run into by a grocery wagon driven by a small boy. Fortunately Mr. Merchant got off with a slight shaking up.

—Mr. W. C. Fitzgerald left this afternoon for Hamilton, where he will take part in the unveiling of the monument to the late Mayor.

—The genial face of Mr. George Johnston was seen on the streets today. He has just got back from visiting Dr. (Jamaica) Johnston. While he is much benefited, and enjoyed the beautiful scenery in the tropics, he finds no place so pleasant as London.

—Walter Cash, son of Robert Cash, plasterer, London West, prevented a runaway this morning. He was driving a horse and carriage, and being near Talbot the animal bolted west and ran to the baseball grounds, where it was stopped. The horse was taken to the horse, which dashed over the bridge at breakfast speed.

—A large flag has been floating at half-mast for the past few days on the business block on York street occupied by A. M. Smith & Co., Bowman, Kennedy & Co., and Sterling Bros. The significance it bore was unintentional, but merely the result of a broken pulley, and when inquiries began to come in to the several establishments the holiday decoration was quickly removed.

—In consequence of an item which recently appeared in The Advertiser, Lucy Joselyn, the young girl taken in charge by the Children's Aid Society last week, has been returned to her guardians, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Klover, who live near Chatham.

—Mr. Thomas Isagerwood, of 352 King street, who was seized with an attack of paralysis of the brain one week ago, passed away on Friday. He never recovered full consciousness from the time he was stricken until he expired. The deceased was highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was born in Glasgow, Derbyshire, England, in 1830, and came to London in 1862. For the past 25 years he had been employed on the G. T. R. as an engineer, and was a valued member of the Brotherhood of Engineers.

—"THE HONEYMOON" TONIGHT.
Another large audience witnessed the production of "Cymbeline" last night. Tonight Miss Mather closes her London engagement with that sterling comedy, "The Honeymoon," which is Tobin's masterpiece. Miss Mather will be seen in pure comedy, and will give further

proofs of her versatility. Her visit has been refreshing to lovers of the classic drama, and tonight should cap the climax.

LAD AT REST.

The funeral of the late Conductor Patrick Murray took place this morning from his son's residence, 415 King street, to St. Peter's Cathedral, where high mass was celebrated by Father Tiernan, assisted by Fathers McCormick and Le Hérault. There was a large attendance of sorrowing friends, and among the number were many railroad men. The floral tributes were numerous and very beautiful. Among the relatives present were Mrs. Murray, of Brooklyn, N. Y., a cousin of deceased, and Mrs. Murray's daughter, Mrs. O'Brien, also of Brooklyn. The pall-bearers: R. Butler, J. Egan, D. Daly, J. Laughlin, P. Pocock, John Forristal, M. McMea and P. Cook.

A FRIENDLY CRITIC.

"You have a beautiful city," said a Toronto man to an Advertiser reporter yesterday. "Of course, we are very proud of our Queen City, and in many ways it is far ahead of London, but \$72. The total trade was \$22,550,192, as compared with \$22,167,830, or an increase of \$382,362 for August, 1897, against \$47,570,111 for July and August, 1896, or an increase of \$4,780,981 for the past two months."

BOY PREACHERS.

The Idea Denounced by Bishop Vincent of the Michigan Conference.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Sept. 18.—Bishop J. H. Vincent preached the annual conference before the Michigan M. E. conference yesterday morning. The bishop's text was "Be ye as ye would be judged." Among the bishop's sayings were: "The ruling love of a man makes success or failure. Study individuals, know his faults and elements of power; must constantly heed his mind, must be able to adapt himself to the spirit of the age; must know society today and its needs; know the social life of his own town; of all the people individuals study individuals, and put them in classes; must avoid professional sham; must live the true life of honor. They are nothing, manhood is the basis of all ministerial success."

ANOTHER ACCIDENT.

Mr. Moore, of Crumlin, Injured—Upset in Crossing the Street—Railway Track.

For a place this city has no city for the William Moore, of Crumlin, Miss Jennie Moore, was driving into the city this morning with a load of oats, on Dundas street east. Mr. Moore came in on the north side of the Pottersburg track, and crossed again to the south side after crossing east a few rods he attempted to recross the track to the north side. In doing so he was struck by a passing passenger train, and the vehicle swerved round, throwing Mr. Moore and his daughter out on the road. He was found lying on the rails, and was picked up by the conductor of a passing Pottersburg car and was brought to the city.

McCullum's drug store, at the corner of Richmond and Dundas, and Dr. Moore summoned Mr. Potter, of the street railway, did all in his power to assist the injured man and the anxious family. Mr. Potter procured Mr. Moore taken to the hospital, where on examination it was found no bones were broken.

Mr. Moore is badly bruised, and sustained another injury to his collarbone, which was dislocated. He is now in the hospital, and is expected to be discharged in a few days.

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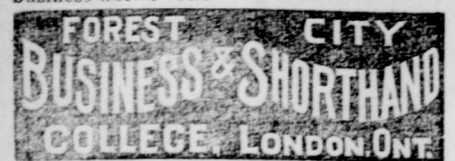
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THE REVIVAL

of business means that greater numbers of competent young people will be needed by the business world. The



will prepare you for a position of usefulness in the business world. Inquire about it. Mr. C. H. May has accepted the position of book-keeper and stenographer with the London Box Factory. J. W. Wasthew, principal.

FAIRBAIRN
MERCHANT
TAILOR.
Opp. City Hall, Upstairs.

FITZGERALD AND FITZGERALD
Barristers, 111 Dundas St., Fitzgerald Block.

SMOKE THE LA GUIDO, 10c CIGAR.
The best value in the market.
ONLY PLACE—
J. GOLANER, 2031 Dundas Street,
Opposite the Hub.

YOU MAY WANT
to take home some memento of your visit to the city. We have a large stock of novelties to select from. Come in and look around. No trouble to show you what we have.
H. Davis & Son, JEWELERS,
170 Dundas Street.

SAY!
If you want to buy your Coal at bottom prices just try the C. P. R. Coal and Wood Yard before placing your order.
Summer Wood, \$3 per cord.
Best Beech and Maple, \$4.50 per cord.
Geo. McNeil,
Cor. C. P. R. Tracks
and Richmond St.
Phone 383.

Change Your Diet
Try our confectionery for a change and be delighted. Our lunch parlor is always at your command for rest and refreshment.
KENT'S,
209 Dundas Street.

THE ROOM OCCUPIED
by you can be made more home like and attractive by placing new Wall Paper upon it. Don't cost much. Wall Paper can be had at any price. Some of the cheaper grades are of handsome design. See the thousands of patterns.
R. Lewis, 434
Richmond St.
London Business University.
Night School.
Fall term begins Monday, Sept. 20.
Enter at once and get the full benefit of whole term.
W. N. Yerex, B.C., Principal.

NOTICE
R. K. TOWAN, barrister, etc., has removed his office to the county buildings, Court House Square, corner Dundas and Bloor streets, where he will continue his law practice.
SPECIAL NOTICES.
Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.
Box stoves, big stoves, cook stoves, little stoves, parlor stoves—all kinds of stoves and furniture, bedroom suites, mattresses, pillows, feather beds and mattresses cleaned. Stoves bought at HUNT & SONS, 533 to 537 Richmond Street North. Telephone, 597.
Wabash Train Service.
No. 3, Chicago and St. Louis limited, leaves London 11:35 a.m.; is solid vestibuled train to Chicago, with through sleeper to St. Louis. No. 5, Pacific Express, leaves London 9:15 p.m.; is solid train to Chicago and St. Louis. Passengers going to Mexico, California, west or southwest, should wait for Wabash trains; they are the finest in America. Full particulars from any railroad agent, or J. A. Richardson, Canadian Passenger Agent, northeast corner of King and Yonge streets, Toronto. 3317.

We guard against low-grade furniture, and also have a desire to please our customers. We keep only furniture of the best, at lowest prices. TRAFFORD'S, 35 and 37 King Street.
Photography—Artist—Photography
For a man. Qualify as essential in the distribution to be had every day at Frank Cook's old established studio over 150 1/2 and 151 Dundas Street.

At 402 Talbot Street, T. C. THORNHILL'S jewelry store, all sorts of watches, clocks, etc., can be thoroughly repaired at the shortest notice, and at most reasonable prices. The Thornhill and Parson's Hospital.

A large elevator at Emerson, Man., owned by D. H. McMillan, of Winnipeg, was destroyed by fire Thursday night. The elevator contained about 10,000 bushels of wheat in store. Its capacity was about 20,000. Loss \$15,000. Insured.

GUNS

A large and well-selected stock at astonishingly low prices.

Loaded Shells.

Hand and machine loaded, with black Gold Dust and Schultze smokeless powders. A special line at very low prices.

W. Gurd & Co.,
185 Dundas St., London.

There's a World

of satisfaction in a suit of clothes such as we make to order—the best that fine materials and skillful hands can produce.

SOUTHCOOT'S, 361 Richmond Street.

FAIR AND A LITTLE WARMER.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 17—11 p.m.—The depression which was over the Ottawa valley last night has moved to the Gulf of St. Lawrence, while the important western high area has traveled southward. The weather has been fine and decidedly cool throughout Ontario and Quebec, and showery in New Brunswick and western Nova Scotia. The temperature has risen considerably in the Northwest Territories and Manitoba.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Esquimaux, 44-72; Kamloops, 42-72; Edmonton, 44-74; Calgary, 42-78; Qu'Appelle, 38-72; Minnedosa, 39-76; Port Arthur, 38-78; Harry Sound, 50-58; Toronto, 60-66; Ottawa, 54-69; Montreal, 60-64; Quebec, 54-62; Halifax, 54-63.

PROBABILITIES.
Toronto, Sept. 18—1 a.m.—Probabilities for 24 hours for lower lake region: West and southwest winds; fair and a little warmer.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory yesterday were 69 and 48.

YOU NEVER TIRE

Of Johnston Bros' bread. It's always made the same way, and that the best that experience can produce. Delivered in all parts of the city.

LOVERS
of a good smoke buy their cigars and tobaccos from
W. J. Portwood,
304 Richmond St.
Opposite City Hall.

Your Eyesight
Your health and your comfort rests with the man who fits your glasses. Consult the only exclusive refractician in Canada.
F. C. LaGrange, M. O.
204 Dundas Street.

In the Dining-Room.

SUNDAY, SEPT. 19.

BREAKFAST—Grapes. Sweet breads in tomato. Graham biscuits. Baked potatoes. Coffee.
LUNCHEON—Pickled lamb's tongues. Buttered bread. Plum shortcake. Tea.
DINNER—Tapiooca and milk soup. Roast duck and sweet potatoes. Scalloped onions. Hominy croquettes. Coffee sherbet.

Cut out these recipes and paste them in a scrap-book.

Sweetbreads in Tomato—Procure one pound calf's sweetbreads; remove the tough parts; put them in cold water to soak over night; wash in the morning and put them over the fire in cold water. As soon as it boils pour it off, put on more; let them simmer half an hour; add to the water a tablespoonful of salt ten minutes before taking off the fire; drain and cool by plunging into cold water; then drain. This process of parboiling makes or softens the delicate flavor of the sweetbreads. Remove the membrane which covers each section must be removed. Should these pieces have a reddish tint they are not cooked enough, boil a few minutes more. Slice and fry to a golden brown in two tablespoonfuls of butter or drippings. Pare five medium-sized potatoes and cut into small pieces. When the sweetbreads are brown remove them and cook the potatoes in the butter in which they were fried. Stir often and let them cook to pieces. Season with a half-teaspoonful of salt, one-fifth teaspoonful of pepper and a pinch of cloves. When they have cooked to a smooth consistency stir in a teaspoonful of butter rolled in flour. Drop the sweetbreads in the tomatoes, boil up once and serve.

Pickled Lamb's Tongues—Boil until tender in salted water, using a tablespoonful of salt to two quarts of water; then remove the skin, place the tongues in a jar and pour over sufficient hot vinegar to cover, adding a teaspoonful of whole peppers, and three whole cloves. If liked, cover vinegar and they are ready for use the next day.

Plum Shortcake—One quart of flour, sifted dry, with two large teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one tablespoonful of sugar and a good pinch of salt. Add three tablespoonfuls of butter, and sweet milk enough to form a soft dough. Bake in a quick oven, and when partially cooled split open, spread liberally with butter and cover with a layer of plums, which have been previously stewed, sweetened and cooled (a quart of unsteamed plums is needed). Lay in the other half on top and spreading in the same manner with the plums. This is first cousin to strudel. Bake in a quick oven, and spread with a layer of plums, which have been previously stewed, sweetened and cooled (a quart of unsteamed plums is needed).

Tapiooca and Milk Soup—Use half a

Fair Visitors

Should call at our store while in the city. Our stock of furs, including Mantles, Capes, Muffs, etc., is now complete. Prices are very moderate.

MILNE, SPITTAL & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Furriers.
146 Dundas Street.

London Advertiser.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.
107.....Business Office.
134.....Editorial Rooms.
175.....Job Department.

cupful of tapioca, two cupfuls of water, two pints of milk, two tablespoonfuls of butter, one of flour, one teaspoonful of salt, one-fourth teaspoonful of pepper, one medium-sized onion, two blades of celery, and a slight grating of nutmeg. Wash the tapioca and soak it for two hours in the two cupfuls of cold water, put it in the double boiler and cook an hour. Then put the milk in another double boiler and set it on the stove to heat. Now put the butter, the onion and the celery, chopped fine, into a small frying-pan, and cook slowly for ten minutes; add the flour and stir until smooth and frothy. Pour the contents of the pan into the boiler of hot milk; add the salt, pepper and nutmeg; cook ten minutes longer. Then strain the milk mixture into the boiler containing the tapioca and cook all for half an hour.

Coffee Sherbet—To a pint of strong coffee add a pint of double cream and six ounces of sugar and six drops of vanilla essence. Use a tablespoonful and a half of fine ground coffee to a half pint of water. Put coffee, cream, sugar and extract in the freezer surrounded with salted ice; keep the slices free as fast as the ice begins to melt. When congealed serve in glasses.

A Local Budget

—Tilbury Times: The London Fair has never been so well attended from this section as this year.

—Mrs. James Bickerton, of Woodstock, is visiting Mrs. (Rev.) Harris and Mrs. Fife, London West.

—Miss Rosa Gough, of Jefferson avenue, Detroit, is visiting her friend, Miss Minnie Roberts, of South London.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Goodall, of Paisley, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. (Dr.) Ferguson, South London.

—Mrs. Wm. McAllister, 80 Birch avenue, Hamilton, is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. E. Green, Queen's avenue, city.

—Mr. James Norton, city, has sold his fast pacing horse, Dr. W., to Mr. W. J. Webster, of Bismarck, at a handsome figure.

—Mr. J. Randolph, of St. Louis, who has been visiting Mrs. and Miss Mabel Cavanagh, 41 Palace street, returned home today.

—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. B. Harris and daughter, Ridout street, leave on Wednesday next for a year's sojourn and journey through China, Japan and India.

—Mr. John A. Padfield, the telephone lineman who was so seriously injured by falling out of a widow in the Daly House, Ingersoll, is on the high way to recovery.

—Hon. C. H. Bennett, ex-mayor of Jackson, Mich., visited the Western Fair Thursday. The excellent exhibit and products of this district were a surprise party to him.

—Mrs. Dunbar, of Talbot street, has returned from a trip to the western states, accompanied by her granddaughter, Miss Mary Grant, and Miss Dundas, of Chicago. Miss Dunbar will remain in Chicago for a few weeks before returning.

—At the marriage in Lindsay on Thursday morning of Miss V. V. Benrose, of Bradford, Rev. T. Manning, assisted by Rev. M. P. Talling, of St. James' Presbyterian Church, London, a performance of the ceremony.

—Mrs. Wm. Nash, of 506 Elizabeth street, plucked a peach in her garden this morning that measured 5 1/2 inches in circumference, and weighed 5 1/2 ounces. The tree upon which it grew is 8 years old, and was produced by a pit brought from Hamilton.

—The collection of flowers made out of pure salt and shown in the exhibit of the Windsor Salt Company, at the Western Fair, was the clever work of Miss Alice Sage, of Walton, Ont. The salt flowers were in various colors and were very prettily executed.

—Evangelists Crossley and Hunter are now in Parrissboro, N. S. They are much pleased with the town, and much encouraged with the great work in progress, as about 300 have already confessed to start for Zion. They expect to get back to St. Thomas before Christmas.

—Mrs. C. E. Pratt, Hyman street, has received the sad news from her brother, Mr. E. D. S. Gustie, who resides at Alexandria, Manitoba, that he had buried two of their bright

Soups

We have just received a fresh supply of Franco-American Soups. We can recommend these Soups as being the BEST that are made. Our assortment comprises Ox-Tail, Mulligatawny, Mock Turtle, French Bouillon, Chicken, Primitane, Chicken Gumbo, Mutton Broth.

We are selling NEW SALMON at 10c per can.

T. A. Rowat & Co.
234 Dundas St. Phone 317.

Little children from an attack of diphtheria—Pearl, aged 12 years, and Joe, aged 8. They were both buried on Sunday last.

—The service at Dundas Center Methodist Church tomorrow will be a special character. In the morning the pastor will preach, and in the evening the pulpit will be occupied by a famous English divine, Rev. Isaac Naylor, of Hull, England. Special music by the choir at both services.

—Dr. Percy Leslie, a native of London West, who leaves for China shortly, will be ordained as an elder, and designated to the missionary work at Erskine Presbyterian Church, Montreal, on Sept. 25. Rev. Dr. Warden, Rev. Principal McVicar and Rev. Murdoch McKenzie will take part in the service.

—The L. E. and D. R. R. are undertaking extensive improvements at Port Stanley, which have been in anticipation for some time. They are advertising for tenders for dredging, piling, constructing new piers and building a slip-dock. The work is to be ready as early as possible next season.

—Frank Biggs, the young Englishman who broke his back while at the sulphur springs bath house on July 11, and has been paralyzed ever since, has been taken back to England by his sister. He was taken to the C. P. R. on a stretcher and then placed in a Pullman, en route for Montreal, where he will embark on the steamer Vancouver for Bristol.

—Mr. R. M. Cassels, the well-known and popular G. T. R. ticket agent at London, who was on Wednesday married at Goderich to Miss Huber, arrived in the city with his bride, and was met by a number of his old friends with many kind wishes and congratulations. The happy couple left for the east yesterday.—(Toronto Mail and Empire.)

—Mr. Wm. Warren, of Horton street, died of his brother Richard, an engine driver, who was killed on Friday morning in a collision near Chippewa, Wisconsin. Mr. Warren's brother had been a driver for over thirteen years, and was formerly on the Michigan Central, but left for St. Paul about eight years ago. His wife is a native of St. Thomas. She and Mr. Warren have the same sympathy of their many friends in this sad bereavement.

—The young ladies' mission circle of the First Methodist Church held their annual meeting on Tuesday evening. The following were elected officers for the year: Mrs. Scream, president; Miss Dawson, first vice-president; Mrs. Eccles, second vice-president; Miss Fowler, recording secretary; Miss Graham, treasurer; Miss Sanderson, secretary. The society has been very prosperous during the year. The annual report showed a decided increase in the funds over several previous years.

—Three young men from New York and Buffalo were arrested at the G.T.R. yard, Ingersoll, on Thursday night, by Chief Skirving, having beaten their way from London on the "bumpers."

They were extremely sorry, and the police lost no time in disposing of the bumpers. When searched they had among them a couple of gold watches and about \$6 in money, besides a list of all the fall fairs in this district. The police authorities here have asked that they be held until further investigations are made. On being arraigned all three pleaded guilty, and were each fined \$30, and \$40 fine for each day in Woodstock jail at hard labor. Not having enough money they were sent down.

ASYLUM MANAGEMENT PRAISED.
The Toronto Star of last evening says: "Ald. Saunders returned this morning from a trip to London. While there he paid a visit to the London Asylum and was treated very hospitably by the superintendent, Dr. Bucke. Ald. Saunders is loud in praise of the system employed by the asylum authorities to use the sewage of the institution as a fertilizer. The alderman says that the results are simply wonderful, that sterile and heaps are transformed into beautiful, rich farm land. Dr. Bucke impressed the Toronto alderman with the idea that it is simply sinful to allow sewage to be choked up the pure rivers when it can be used with such splendid results."

MISSION WORK.
The resignation of Rev. Kenneth McLennan, late Canadian Presbyterian missionary to Honan, China, has been accepted, owing to the condition of his wife's health. Dr. Percy Leslie, who leaves for China shortly, will be ordained as an elder, and designated to the missionary work at Erskine Presbyterian Church, Montreal, on Sept. 25. A report by Mr. Hamilton Cassels and Mr. A. Jeffrey on their recent trip among the missions on the Pacific coast shows that the work there is in a most hopeful condition. A letter has been received from the Rev. F. M. Dewey, of Montreal, to the effect that his mission board respecting certain articles that have appeared in the press there regarding Chinese mission work in that city, which reflect on Dr. Thompson, the

missionary. Rev. Mr. Dewey reports that the work is in a prosperous condition, and that the opposition to Dr. Thompson is instigated by certain Chinese who are opposed to all Christian work. The financial statement made by Rev. Dr. Warden this week upon the receipts to the foreign mission fund for the past six months shows that the finances have not so far been improving, and that in order to avoid an increase of the deficit greater liberality will be necessary on the part of the Presbyterian congregations.

A FAMOUS DIVINE.
A famous divine will sojourn in London next week, perhaps the most noted British clergyman now visiting America. He is Rev. John Robertson, of Glasgow, successor to Rev. John McNeill, the brilliant evangelist. Mr. Robertson will address the men's mass meeting in the Auditorium tomorrow at 4:15 p.m. He will be in London all next week, speaking twice daily.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.
The finance committee met last night and considered a number of petitions for remission of taxes. All these were filed.

The solicitor's opinion, re Priddis Bros. and George F. Morris' personal property taxes, was that the council had no power.

The question of opening Lorne avenue to Charlotte street was referred to next year's council.

G. G. McCormick's petition, re frontage rates on Dufferin avenue macadam pavement, was laid over.

R. H. Dignan complained of an error in assessment, and the mistake will be corrected.

The members present were Ald. Bennett (chairman), Turner, Winnett, Gerry, Douglass, Rumball and Secretary Pope.

SUCCESSFUL CANADIAN INVENTORS.
The following list of patents recently granted to inventors residing in the Dominion of Canada is reported for The London Advertiser, by P. J. Edmunds, International patent solicitor, London, Ont.: Canada patents—L. Wener, New Glasgow, N. S., shovel plough; E. J. Gussack, Havelock, N. B., steam boiler; W. F. Dale, Bowmanville, Ont., harness; J. Chalfant, Winnipeg, Man., washing glove; American Dunlop Tire Company, Toronto, Ont., tires for bicycles (trade mark); M. R. Harrison, Ontario, Canada, "Sensitizing" (music copyright); United States—J. T. Duncan, Toronto, horse-clip; G. P. Ekinan, Toronto, cloth cutting machine; R. M. Ellis, Nainimo, fire escape; L. M. Joner, et al., Toronto, seedling machine; J. M. Keen, Digby, combined bicycle clip and brake; S. Piche, St. Prosper, Canada, butter box.

A CANADIAN PRODUCT.
The local author of "Heterodox Economics and Orthodox Profits" (a widely read pamphlet on the economic situation) yesterday received an inquiry for quotations for a thousand copies of the pamphlet from Fustberg, Pa., the center of the coal miners' strike. The inquiry was from the secretary of the central committee of the socialist labor party of the United States. The following notice of the same pamphlet is clipped from the "Appeal to Reason," a Kansas weekly paper with 25,000 circulation (dated Sept. 18, 1897): "Every business man who believes he can succeed under the profit system should read a little book just published by Henry B. Ashplant, viz., 'Heterodox Economics and Orthodox Profits.' It shows the cause of many business failures, and the impossibility of 'profits.'"

A SLICE OF NEW YORK
Claimed by Members of the Edwards Family—Latest Legal Decision in the Case—Points Gained by the Claimants.

Members of the Edwards family, a number of whom live in this vicinity, claim—as many readers of The Advertiser are aware—that they are heirs to a large and valuable piece of property in the heart of New York city. In this connection, the following from a New York newspaper of a recent date, is interesting:

The wealthy Trinity Church (N. Y.) Corporation won a victory today in the supreme court when Justice Beach dismissed a suit brought by Joe B. Edwards, Isaac Edwards and about 20 other heirs-at-law of Robert Edwards, to recover from the corporation 62 acres of land in the heart of the city. While he dismissed the plaintiffs' complaint with costs, Justice Beach did so without prejudice to them, and with leave to renew the suit.

The plaintiffs, who all reside in South Carolina, assert that prior to May 26, 1789, Robert Edwards was a free man of the city of New York, and was lawfully possessed in fee simple of a Fair tract of land described as beginning at a point designated as the southeast corner of Broadway and Canal street, thence east to the south line of Mott street to Canal street, thence to the line of Chatham Square, to the eastern termini of New Chambers street, thence west along New Chambers and Chambers street to its intersection with Broadway.

The plaintiffs allege that on May 26, 1789, Robert Edwards, in consideration of \$3,000, leased this tract of land to the Trinity Church Corporation for a term of 99 years. Robert Edwards died in 1795, intestate, and never having married, left as his heirs his brothers, Walter and Thomas, and his sister Frances.

The plaintiffs are heirs and lineal descendants of the two brothers and the sister of Robert Edwards. They assert that the 99 years' lease expired on May 27, 1878, and that they, as heirs-at-law of Robert Edwards, are entitled to the possession of the land. The suit was to recover possession of the land, and for a decision compelling the Trinity Church Corporation to account for the rents and profits arising therefrom since the expiration of the lease.

While the casual reader might not see in the above decision anything favorable to the claimants, those who have for so many years been fighting the case will find that they have gained two very important points: They have now for the first time been recognized as "heirs-at-law" and also they are not barred by limitations from taking further proceedings.

Capt. Henry Edwards, of Komoka, secretary of the association formed by the heirs, feels greatly encouraged by the results of the recent proceedings. He has always maintained that they were in the right, and is sanguine of ultimate success. He claims that they have important documents in reserve which will be produced in due time. They have not presented these papers in court, because the heirs do not wish to have their case away at this stage of the proceedings.

Pure, rich blood feeds the nerves. That is why Host's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, cures nervousness.

67 Cases

NEW FALL GOODS

Received To-Day.

KINGSMILL'S

The Great Drygoods and Carpet House of the West

Always the Cheapest.

AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS AND PUBLICATIONS.

Trolley vs. Wagon.

Another Collision at Waterloo and Dundas Streets.

Narrow Escape of Two Boys From Instant Death—Knocked Skyward Through the Glass Vestibule of the Trolley Car.

Alex. McArthur, son of Alex. McArthur, porter at the freight sheds, and Frank Gray, who lives at the corner of Gray and William streets, had a narrow escape from death last night about 8 o'clock. They were driving south on Waterloo street in one of Mann's wagons, behind another coal wagon. At the intersection of Dundas street, the first wagon increased its speed and got over the track in good time. This prompted the drivers in the second wagon to hurry up, and the old gray horse was urged on. The boys could not have seen a west-bound car approaching, for they were going too fast to stop in time, and too slow to get clear of the rails, as No. 36, of the market and London West line, in charge of Motorman Reader, came steadily on, with the gong sounding loud and clear.

A collision could not be averted, and the car caught the wagon at right angles on the corner of the box, and the impact was terrific. The horse was cut loose from the vehicle, which was badly wrecked, and overturned. The boys were thrown into the air, and the car caught the pair on the descent. Both boys plunged head first through the front vestibule windows, but received nothing more serious than several scalp wounds and a bad shaking up. They were carried to Abbott's carriage works, where Dr. Flock and Dr. Nelles dressed their wounds and had them sent home.

The front wheels of the wagon were carried from the corner of Waterloo west about 200 feet. The escape of the boys was a marvelous one. The horse was not hurt in the slightest. The crowd that gathered in two minutes was a large one. The effect of the accident was the blocking of the road for some minutes.

Investment of Funds.
The investment powers of the North American Life were recently greatly enlarged, which no doubt will help materially to swell the already large realized profits heretofore earned by this solid Home Company, and add to its popularity as a policy-holder's company. The company can invest its funds in or on all classes of debentures, bonds, stocks or other securities of the Dominion or in any of its provinces or municipalities, as well as of well-established loan companies. It can also invest in the stocks of foreign companies which do not buy or lend upon policies.—Monetary Times. Persons having any of the above securities to offer should communicate with R. B. Hungerford, Room D, Masonic Temple.

ALBERT EMERSON HEALEY.

An Ingersoll Boy of Eleven Years Lost in the Crowd at the Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Silas Healey, of Ingersoll, are greatly exercised over the disappearance of their 11-year-old son, Albert Emerson. On Thursday Mr. and Mrs. Healey, accompanied by their son, came to the Fair. They left the grounds together and took the street car to the station. Arriving there, and boarding the train, Mr. Healey, in consequence of the crush, became separated from the boy. As soon as he missed him, a search was instituted. Mr. Healey got off the train, but could see no trace of him on the platform, and, taking it for granted that the boy would have sense enough to get aboard, took his seat in the train and went home. At Ingersoll Emerson failed to show up, and his parents returned home with heavy hearts. Yesterday morning Mr. Healey took the first train to London, and learned that Emerson had stopped at the depot all night, and had gone to the Fair again. Last night his anxious mother stood at the Dundas street gates until chilled through, in the hope of seeing him. Her wait and search was in vain. She went home last night without her boy, but informed the police and railway authorities. The boy was dressed in a blue suit and black cap.

THE UNIVERSAL ANSWER.

What Dyes are always guaranteed, And in our country take the lead? The Diamond Dyes.

What Dyes are strong, and bright and fast, And always dye to live and last? The Diamond Dyes.

What Dyes bring profit, pleasure, peace, And by their work a great increase? The Diamond Dyes!

What Dyes should every woman try? Hark! Listen to that mighty cry—The Diamond Dyes!

SCIATICA, OUCH!!!

Excruciating Pains—Have You Suffered Rheumatic or Sciatic Pains?—South American Rheumatic Cure Will Relieve in Six Hours and Cure.

"I suffered intensely with rheumatism and sciatica in my left hip. I tried a great many remedies and a number of physicians, but they could do very little for me, only giving me at times a little temporary relief. I saw South American Rheumatic Cure advertised and decided to give it a trial. The first few doses benefited me wonderfully, and after taking only two bottles the pain disappeared and there has been no return. I consider my cure a marvel, as I had been so bad for two years that had I not given the whole universe I could not lie on my left side." E. Errett, Meriville, Ont.

Sold by C. McCallum and B. A. Mitchell.

The notice of T. C. THORNHILL, watch, clock and jewelry store has been faithfully carried out, as to prices, and thanks the public for their past patronage and support, and as kindly will welcome his friends in his usual way, at 402 Talbot street.

For Boys And Girls

The Fox and the Rabbit.

A Fable.—By James Riley.
Once a fox, being driven by some dogs and getting far ahead, entered a wall. There he met a gray rabbit.
"Good morning, Bob!" said the fox, with his most gracious smile.
"Good morning, Ben!" answered the rabbit, elated that his family, the Grays, were at last recognized by the Fox folks.

The fox chatted very pleasantly, asked how burrowing was, if berries were plenty, and if he ever saw any hens straying out from farmyards into the woods.
The rabbit answered all these questions as a good rabbit should. Burrowing he said, was round, and very very red, especially the checker-berries, and as for hens, he avoided them. He never saw a cackle! Simplicity was his motto.

"The harvest moon, and frosty nights for me!" he added. "They make you new life into my bones," he continued, "and braces me right up."
"Yes," said the fox, "I saw one of your folks braced up this morning, hanging by the neck from a sapling. But," he added, "there are times for all of him! It was at Snag's snare."

The rabbit turned pale.
The fox now thought of the delightful breakfast he was driven from when those vulgar hounds came upon him an hour ago; but he refrained from speaking of it. He was naturally too polite and too well brought up to hurt his brother's feelings with such a ghastly tale. There are times for all things, and besides, his friend was a vegetarian. It would not do to speak of diet when tastes disagreed.

He turned to other subjects; if the Hares now associated with the Grays, or were they still the old high-leapers and long-lanks, changing their coats once in six months? This last was a compliment to present company.
But no, the rabbit said, the Hares still kept by themselves, and moved in their own particular circle, especially when the hounds were on track.

In fact, they were the old-time high-leapers, generally on a jump, and kept themselves secluded in awnings and damp places.

Having gone the round of common subjects, the fox now very suavely asked the rabbit to come and see him. The rabbit, flattered to be heard at such high courtesy, was just returning the compliment when the bark of dogs was heard. It came nearer and nearer, and was now at the wall.

The rabbit crouched and trembled. The fox sat high on his haunches and thought:
"This is very unfair of you, Mr. Fox! Very unfair, and very wrong to bring all of this trouble upon me!" said the frightened rabbit. "It was the smell of your feet on the wet leaves that brought these dogs."

The deep bay of the foremost hound, not two feet away, now closed the sentence.

"I know," answered the fox, in the full outside, "but if you want the acquaintance of your dogs, you must first be prepared to share their troubles and take their risks."
The rabbit was saying he thought this unfair under the circumstances, and the fox was thinking out a wise, proper, most gracious, and on the whole, sufficiently foxy answer, when the rough voices of men were heard at the wall.

The fox and rabbit listened.
The men began to rear down the wall. At first they were on the wrong way, and the fox laughed.

They then turned, and the fox looked serious.

They came nearer.

They were now right over their heads. There was a dull, grating, shivering sound.

Only one more stone, the second stone above the other, and the pinning stone, remained. Under this were the fox and rabbit. It was their arch of safety.

"I'll bet it's only a little, nasty stray rabbit!" said a voice.
"If I thought it was only a gray rabbit, and not a fox, I would never try to lift this stone," answered the second voice. Just then the red of a great hand showed itself under the corner of the stone.

"I'll poke with this stick," said the first voice.
"Squel!" whispered the fox.
"Wheel! wheel! wheel!" squealed the rabbit.

"Told you 'twas a rabbit," said the first voice.
"I'll give it up," answered the second voice.
"Come, Benet! come Benet! come Benet!"

The fox and rabbit looked at each other.

The fox and rabbit looked at each other.

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bugle!" and whistling up the dogs the voices grew faint.
The fox now began to loosen with his paw a small, flat chink stone that was under the stone that arched over the rabbit.
"What are you doing?" asked the rabbit.
"Getting ready for breakfast," said the fox.
"Don't see anything to eat," queried the rabbit.
"I do," said the fox as he whetted his teeth upon the stone.
"What are you going to eat?" asked the rabbit.
"Rabbit," answered the fox with a leer, the same time trying his teeth on a stick.

Once more the rabbit trembled.
"Where shall I begin?" asked the fox.
"Have you any objection, Bob?" he continued, "if I should first strike in right here, and he put his forepaw playfully upon the neck of the rabbit. "Or shall my teeth first go in to the round of the neck?" he was just going to say "back" when one of the hunters, returning for his powder-horn, stepped on the unhinged stone. It trembled and caught the fox by the tail, who howled in pain and was thus discovered, captured and killed while the rabbit crawled further into the wall.

A Smile:
A Laugh.

Lieutenant Beery—Oh, I've lost my bearings, kind sir.
Esquimaux Chief—There's a repair shop just around the iceberg.

An old librarian, unable to find his umbrella one evening when it was time to close, returned and looked anxiously for it in the card catalogue, under the letter U.

Little David was 4 years old. When at his grandmother's she considered it her privilege to prepare his food for him. One evening she was very deliberate in her movements, and he was compelled to wait a long time. At last his patience was exhausted, and he said: "Grandma, is slow-poke a nice word?"

Bacon—Have you seen Sprocket lately?
Egbert—No.
Bacon—He's a sight. Face all cut, arm in a sling, and walks lame.
Egbert—How did he do it?
Bacon—No, if he could have stayed on his bicycle, he'd been all right.

"Well, I played golf with my wife this morning," said the Man at the Club.
"Which won?" asked the Man at the Little Table.

The first man looked up, twisted his mouth around a bit, started to say something, but refrained. The other one looked up. "Which won?" he repeated.

"Which one?" said the other, angrily. "What do you think I am, a Turk or a Mormon?"

"Now, Patrick Muldoon," said the magistrate to the evidently alarmed witness on the stand, and a case of burglary, "bear in mind that you have sworn to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth."

"Yes, yer honor," stammered Mr. Muldoon, his eyes wavering from the judge, the jury and back again. "It's meself that do the very best I can; but I hope the gentlemen will be a trifle easy with me at the start, for it's little used I am to that sort of thing, yer honor."

A certain Georgia literary society in the University district, being asked to name the best ten poems in the English language, sent in the following list: "The Green is On the Mead," "The Old Red Hills of Georgia," "Can-Can Pulling Time," "Betsy and Jane," "Pollard's Little Gal," "When Nancy Went to Meetin'," "Log-rolling," "The Sun on the Ball," "Love and Tater Pone." The secretary of the society sent word that "all these poems was wrote by home folks."

The following is a story told of a doctor at one of the London hospitals: He was one day lecturing to a class of medical students, when he dropped and asked a question, which for some time none of them answered. But one man, who had never answered a question before, and was looked upon as the fool of the class, answered him correctly. The doctor was astonished and started at the man in amazement.

"I'm a doctor," said the student.
"So did Balaam!" was the doctor's sharp reply.

It is very refreshing to hear of an aspirant for public office who frankly admits his ambition, yet declines to see a position in which he will have nothing to do but draw his salary.

The wayward politicians were discussing the corrupt practices of modern politicians.

"Raggy," said one of them, "you don't know after a gov-ment job, do ye?"

"I don't mind sayin' I'd take one of I could get it," Shaubalong, responded the other, "but I don't want no job that's all fat. I'm willin' to earn my wages."

"An' what sort of job would be about your size?"

"Well, I'd like to fill fountain pens for some assistant secretary of the treasury."

THE REPORTER'S RULE OF FOUR "W'S."

Where? When? Who or What? and Why?

These monosyllables make up what the late Editor Cowles, of the Cleveland Leader, was pleased to call the reporter's first and foremost rule.

"Put the where, when, and what in the first paragraph, and let the why make the rest of the article," was the able Cleveland editor's first little lesson to many an aspirant for newspaper honors who began his career on the Leader.

And this brief rule is worth remembering. It is excellent for the guidance of the newspaper tyro, while the experienced reporter will recognize in it a direction which he involuntarily follows. Notice how it applies:

"A fire broke out at 8 o'clock last evening in the chimney of the Maxwell Iron Works foundry on Commercial street. It was caused by falling sparks from the chimneys of the molding-room, etc., etc." The where, when and what are in the first sentence. The whys and wherefores and results follow.

This alternative rule is short and simple and useful. Many a newspaper novice will find his path made easier by knowing it, however axiomatic it may seem to the veteran of the pen. And that it might not die with its author, we have "printed it down."—Massachusetts Editor.

News Links.

Gossip From Every Land Summarized for Busy Readers.

IN THE course of 1896, 143,928 cwt of Scottish cured herrings were sent to Austria-Hungary, and the trade is capable of great expansion.

THERE was received at Montrose, Scotland, the other day, a herring 13½ inches long, 12 inches in girth, and weighing 3 pounds 9½ ounces.

FAME hesitates to crown some strange British names in India. Sir Bindon Blood is fighting the Swatis, while Gen. Yeatman-Biggs is about to strike down the Orakzais.

KAISER WILHELM keeps up mediaeval traditions. He has made Gen. Count Caprivi, his dismissed chancellor, canon of Brandenburg Cathedral; his only duty will be to draw his pay, which is \$750 a year.

ORGAN-GRINDING has been taken up by a Felixstowe, England, curate to bring money for his church building fund. He pays \$10 a month for the hire of the barrel organ, and in three weeks has collected \$75.

LESE MAJESTE has sent a young engineer of Liegnitz, in Silesia, to jail for six months. He expressed his opinion of Kaiser Wilhelm in a letter to the table, and his loyal mother-in-law at once denounced him to the police.

TWELVE young Abyssinians, selected by the Negus, are on their way to St. Petersburg to be educated. Four will enter the technical school, and eight a military academy. The Russian Government has offered them all free tuition.

HOW dear old London does like to ride in 'buses! They carried no less than \$2,277,314 passengers there during the first six months of the present year, taking the great bulk of popular transportation within the limits of the metropolis.

MISS PERCEVAL, the last survivor of twelve children of Spencer Perceval, who was assassinated while prime minister in 1812, has just passed her 92nd birthday, in full possession of all her faculties. Six of her brothers and sisters have died, and she is now 90 years of age.

EXPERIMENTS are being made at Portsmouth, England, with cordite as ammunition for quick-firing guns for the purpose of determining the visibility of the flash at night and how far it would guide an enemy's fire. Cordite is said to give a much smaller flash than powder.

AFTER partaking of ginger beer, apples, nuts, chocolate, three bottles of ginger ale, and some sherbet and water at a picnic, and then putting away his regular tea at home, a 9-year-old London boy complained of a pain in his inside. The corner next day called it gastro-enteritis.

CHILDREN of life peers, who have hitherto been in a sort of social limbo in England, have had their place in the aristocratic fix by a recent decision of the Queen. They will be styled "Honorable," and will rank immediately below baronets.

A GERMAN paper calls attention to the extraordinary fact that in Aachen (Aix la Chapelle) alone 800 tons of steel wire are used up annually in the manufacture of needles—4,900,000 needles, valued at \$1,500,000. And it again asks the old question: "What business of all the needles in the world?"

A PLAN for connecting South and West Australia by railroad is under consideration. The distance between the ends of the railroad system is only 53 miles, but the country to be traversed is an arid desert, and reservoirs must be built at 25-mile intervals along the whole line. The cost will be about \$10,000,000.

PRINCE LOUIS NAPOLEON, the brother of Prince Victor, is colonel of a Russian regiment of Ulians of the guard, and has spoiled his chances as a French prince by accepting a German decoration on the occasion of Kaiser Wilhelm's recent visit to St. Petersburg.

AT KEW GARDENS the rule prescribing that no visitor shall take in a handbag or parcel larger than 7 by 5 by 3 inches, was strictly enforced. A Russian lady was ejected and had her person seized.

SIR ROBERT MENZIES, of Menzies, at 80 years of age can still shoot. On two days recently he brought down 31 and 28 brace of grouse, following up by starting from his shooting box at 4 o'clock one morning, roving fourteen miles down Loch Erroch in a drenching rain, and then taking a long railroad journey in order to open a bazar.

GEN. SIR GEORGE WHITE, G.C.B., G.C.I.E., V.C., commander-in-chief in India, who passed many years of his regimental service as an officer of the Ninety-second Highlanders (now Second Battalion Gordon Highlanders), has been selected for the colonelcy of the Gordon Highlanders, vacant by the death of Lieut.-Gen. C. E. P. Gordon, C. B.

A MRS. KAYE, who has just died near Leeds, invented the metal boxes in which fares are still deposited by passengers on omnibuses and horse cars in Britain and her provinces. Before them turnstiles were used in entering cars, and Mrs. Kaye, being inconvenienced by them, as she wore a rindoline, set her wits to work and devised the box.

PANJASCHKOWITZ is the name of a new religious sect that has started up in the Russian province of Saratov, and is called after its founder. They believe that while the soul is immortal, the body belongs to the devil, and should be neglected. They, therefore, never wash nor shave nor cut their nails or hair, never change their clothes nor clean their houses. They tacked him and pulled out his whiskers while he was riding on one of the company's cars. It appears to have been the opinion of the court that the possession of whiskers long enough to be

seized and pulled out in this manner deserves to be discouraged.

ANOTHER important archaeological discovery has been made in Russia, at Malkop, in the northern Caucasus, where, in a burial mound, a great quantity of gold and silver ornaments has been found, probably belonging to some Scythian king, and dating centuries before Christ. There are gold rings, ornaments, jewelry, silver tankards, bronze axes and other interesting objects.

PILGRIMAGES through the public streets are being revived by English Catholics. In St. Mary's Church at King's Lynn, Norfolk, a replica of the House of Loretto, the statues carved by Ober-Ammergau peasants, has been set up in a side chapel, and to this a procession, with women in white veils and priests in their robes, was recently made through the streets. It is intended to repeat the procession annually.

PINGOES in the Transkei are giving the English trouble and may soon become as well known to them as the Akums of Swaziland. They are rising because their cattle die after being inoculated for the rinderpest, and they believe them to have been deliberately poisoned. The Transkei is the southern part of Kaffraria in South Africa, and the Pingoos are trying to put down the revolt.

A PALMIST is not a fortune teller. At least, such a decision has just been rendered by a jury in Brooklyn. Several policemen testified that the accused woman pretended to tell the present and future of devotees for 25 cents a head. But she said she was simply a palmist and a fortune teller, and the jury was also of the same opinion. In the language of the Boverly, they gave her the glad hand.

THE little town of Peculiar, in Cass county, Mo., got its name in rather a curious manner. Its founders got into a controversy over what they should christen it, and finally they referred the matter to the postoffice department, saying they didn't care what name was given the place as long as it was peculiar. One of the Washington officials then, in a spirit of waggonery, named it accordingly.

AMONG the presents taken by President Piare to Russia were toys and dolls, gifts from Miss. Piare to the infant grand duchess. The principal present, however, was an olive branch in gold for the tomb of Alexander III. It was one of sixteen specimens of French orfèverie taken to St. Petersburg by the president. On the ribbon attached to the olive branch is the motto: "Pax concepta ferat tempus."

BISMARCK'S brain, according to the estimates from external measurements made by Herr Ammon, an anthropologist, when the emperor made the iron chancellor's bust, probably weighed 1,867 grammes, in which the brain was contained. On record, Cuvier's brain weighed 1,839 grammes, Byron's 1,807, Kant's 1,650, and Schiller's 1,531. The average weight of the brain for an intelligent European is 1,380 grammes.

A NEW departure in the appointment of bishops seems to have been taken by the Salisbury government. Dr. Eden, Suffragan Bishop of Dover, having been appointed to the vacant see of Wakefield, the last appointment made, that of Bristol.

As the auxiliary bishops are appointed by the bishop-elect, it is not to be expected that the crown, in Conservatives like an indirect encroachment on the prerogative.

Light is our sorrow, for it ends tomorrow.
Light is our death which cannot hold us fast.
So brief a sorrow can be scarcely sorrow.
Or death be death so quickly past.

One night, no more of pain that turns to pleasure,
One night, no more of weeping, weeping, And then the heaped-up measure beyond measure.
In quietness for evermore.

Our sails are set to cross the tossing sea,
Our face is set to reach Jerusalem;
We toil awhile, but then we rest for ever,
Sing with all saints and rest above with them.

—Christina Rossetti.

My Rosewood Cross
I said, "Though cross it be,
And rugged the way up Calvary,
That thing craves which best will make me good
And worthy of my womanhood."

Then God smiled, as He gave to me,
And rugged the way up Calvary,
Up Calvary.
The rosewood cross of Motherhood.

—Edna Heald.

The Last Parade
They were days to be remembered,
When at sound of trumpet call,
Young recruits we left the village,
Bent on glory one and all.

And the music round us flashing,
Made us feel that evermore
Our lives were worth the doing,
As they never were before.

I remember the day
When the music rode away,
To the dreams that the music made
And our hopes, one and all.

When the old trumpet call
Rang out clear for our first parade.
It was glorious while it lasted,
But the years went by too soon—
Youth should stay a little longer
When a lad's a bold dragon.

Then, like shadows from a drifting
Comrades fell in foreign land,
Home again! the roll call found us
But a broken little band.

As we rode down the street
To the old measured beat
It was years that the music made
And it seemed like a prayer
To the lads who would never
Stand again by our side on parade!

But the marching days are over,
Veterans' now at ease we stand,
Till the order comes for marching
To the last and restful land.
Only when the troops are passing
Our ninety years we all forget,
And the old familiar music
Makes us feel we are young yet.

And we're young once again
As we hark to the strain,
Till the sounds in the distance fade,
So we wait one and all
For the last trumpet call
That shall sound for the last parade.

—J. L. Molloy.

Minard's Lament, Quoted Randomly.

Novel AND Wonderful.

An important discovery of asphaltum deposits in the island of Barbadoes, of the West Indies, is now reported. The mineral is called manjak, and it bids fair, according to the accounts, to outrival in point of utility all similar substances found in various parts of the world. This manjak is black, possessing high lustre, and having a bright conchoidal fracture, in appearance closely resembling newly broken pitch. In Barbadoes these newly discovered deposits are found very near and sometimes even upon the surface of the ground in seams varying from a foot to two feet in thickness, running usually at an angle of about 30 degrees and in close proximity to the surface. The substance is supposed to have been formed by the drying up and consolidation of petroleum, which is abundant in the same localities, and is often seen oozing out of the ground or floating down the streams. In composition it is not unlike Trinidad pitch, the Utah gilsonite and the Canadian albertite, though of superior quality to any of these. An analysis of the best quality manjak is found to consist of moisture 2.00; volatile organic matter, 70.85; non-volatile organic matter, 23.97; mineral matter, 0.18—ordinarily, however, not quite coming up to this standard. Among the various uses to which the manjak has been applied successfully mention is made of the following: As insulation for electric wires; as varnish for the best quality; as bituminous concrete in asphalt roads and pavements; as fuel mixed with peat or other organic matter.

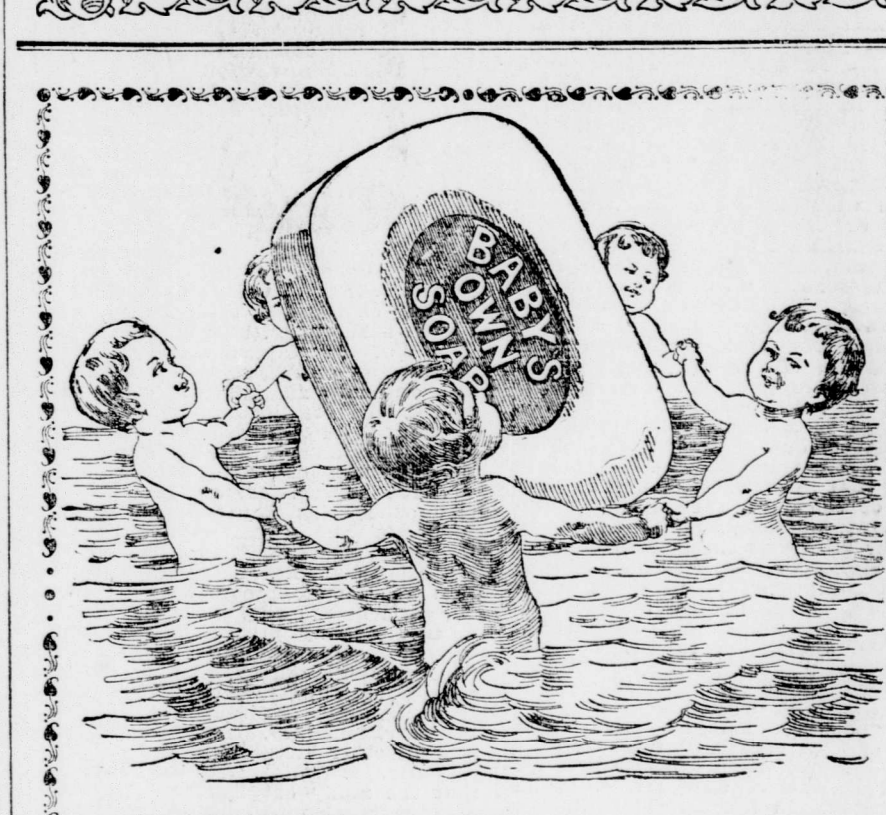
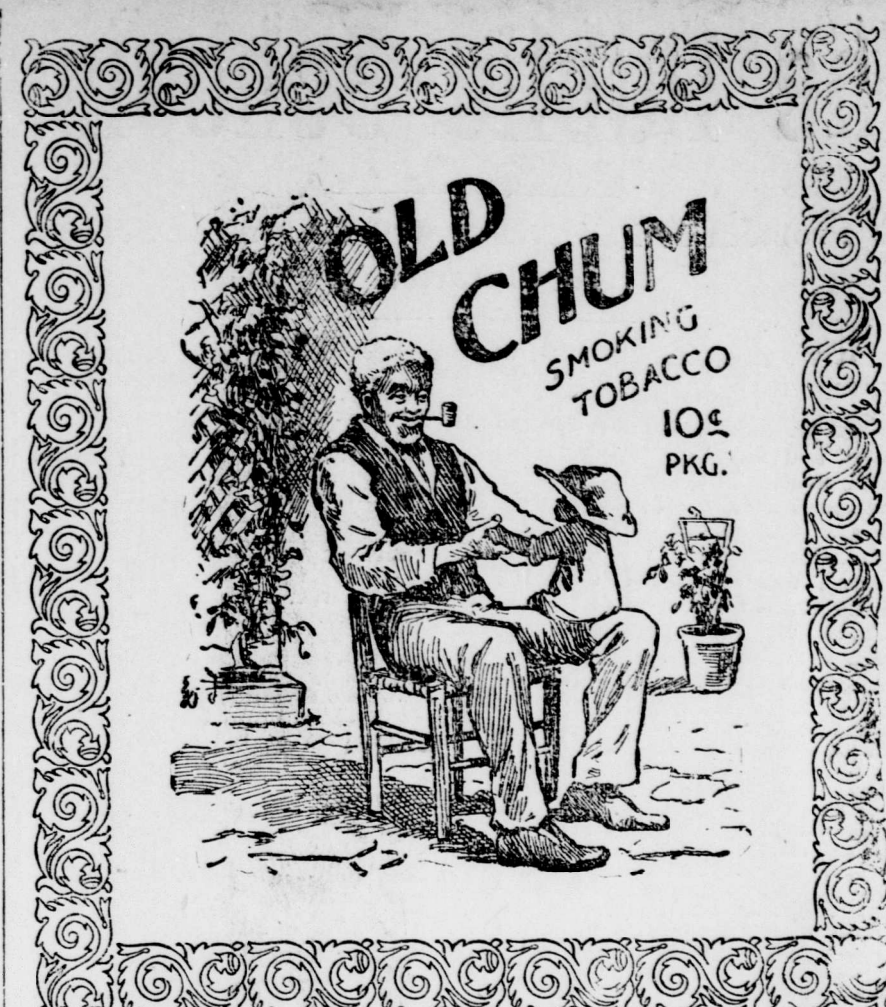
One of the proposed novelties for the Omaha Trans-Mississippi Exposition is a mechanical device of gigantic dimensions, resembling the framework of a vast umbrella; the part corresponding with the stick is an enormous cylinder, 30 feet in diameter, covered of steel plates firmly riveted. This structure rearing its head 250 feet above the level of the ground. At the extreme top of the cylinder are to be fastened twelve long arms resembling the ribs of an umbrella—steel trusses reaching almost to the ground—and at the lower end one of these ribs is suspended a car for carrying passengers, each car having a carrying capacity for twenty persons. These monster ribs are raised by hydraulic power, acting by means of steel cables operating through the cylinder, aided by a device much resembling that portion of an umbrella which comes into action when the umbrella is opened; by means of this mechanism the gigantic arms are raised, until they are horizontal, the cars in the meantime being carried outward and upward till they reach a point 250 feet above the ground, the diameter of the huge circle formed by the suspended cars also being 250 feet. When the highest point has been reached another mechanism comes into play, and the suspended cars are swung slowly around in a circle, and after this they are lowered to the ground. The sides of the cars are of glass, thus admitting of a most extensive view.

Interest in the future of ramie and its manufactured products appears to be on the increase, especially in England. It is found that yarns from this fiber can be satisfactorily used for the coarsest fabrics and up to the finest lace, covering in fact, a range from twines, sail cloth, fishing lines and nets, hose piping, etc., where its qualities of strength and resistance to moisture are so desirable, and ladies' and dressgoods, tapestry, upholstery, pushes and velvets, lace, damask cloths, sewing threads, and ladies' dresses and shawls, etc. The nolis are used for mixing with wool and spinning on the wool's system for all kinds of cloths, while the combed silver has been mixed with wool, its spinning qualities helping weak wools, and imparting to them a certain luster. For the production of 1,000 pounds of yarn per day a plant is required, consisting of four decumming bobbins with accessories, two finishing bobbins with whorls, bleaching bobbins with whorls, two finishing bobbins with whorls, four finishing bobbins with whorls, five roving, twenty spinning, six doubling, ten reeling, two burling presses, cans, etc.

Experiments made by the Flax Fibre Association of Oregon point to an encouraging degree of success for those enlisted in enterprises in that region for flax growing and manufacturing in America. The average measurement of the stalks produced, ready for pulling, is stated to be about 52 inches long, and so far as does not attain that length. The two remaining conditions for first-class fiber, viz., strength and fineness, cannot be demonstrated until the time for pulling arrives; but where Oregon fiber has been produced heretofore, its strength is said to have proved very satisfactory, and the fineness nearly equal to the best. Estimates of the yield of straw per acre are set at four and a half tons, which is stated to be more than double what is derived from the industry in Minnesota or in Canada—exceeding largely, in fact, the figures given for any other part of the world.

In advanced stages of Consumption, Scott's Emulsion soothes the cough, checks the night sweats and prevents extreme emaciation. In this way it prolongs life and makes more comfortable the last days. In every case of consumption—from its first appearance to its most advanced stages—no remedy promises a greater hope for recovery or brings comfort and relief equal to Scott's Emulsion. Book on the subject free for the asking.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Ltd., London, Eng.



THE DEAR LITTLE CHAPS—they feel "just lovely" after a bath with BABY'S OWN SOAP. No substitute will give their skin the exquisite softness, and freshness, and sweetness as this king of nursery soaps.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., Manufacturers, Montreal.

CAUTION—Baby's skin will soon show the difference between it and many of its dangerous imitations.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Ready Reference Guide of London

Banks, Wholesale Dealers & Manufacturers.

Accountant.
FRANCIS G. JEWELL, 388 Richmond.

Auction Mart, Storage and Moving
PORTER & CO., phone 1162.
MILLER'S ELECTRIC PARCEL EXPRESS, 223 Dundas, phone 535.

Artists.
J. P. HUNT, 344 Dundas street.

Architects.
J. A. GAULD, 180 Dundas.

Banks.
BANK OF TORONTO, 359 Richmond.
MERCHANTS' BANK, opp. custom house.
DOMINION SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.
CANADIAN SAVINGS AND LOAN.

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REID BROS. & CO., 391 Clarence.

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PEOPLE'S BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, Molsons Bank Bldg.

Bill Posters.
BELTON & ROOTE, Opera House.

Books and Stationery.
JAS. I. ANDERSON & CO., 183 Dundas.

Combination Organ.
SCRIBNER ORGAN AND MFG. CO.

Clothing.
BURNS & LEWIS, 337 Richmond.
R. GREENE MFG. CO., 137 Carling.
LONDON PANT AND OVERALL MFG. CO.

Coal, Wood and Coke.
HUNT BROS., 363 Richmond street.

Cigar Manufacturers.
KING BOLT CIGAR CO., phone 815.

Confectionery.
JOHN FRIEND, 117 Dundas street.

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STOCKWELL'S, 259 Dundas street.

Deering Harvester Co.
F. G. BOWLEY, agent, 101 King St.

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E. LEONARD & SONS, York street.

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JOHN C. GREEN, & CO., 122 Ridout.

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Hats and Furs