

The St. John Standard,

NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA.

VOL. VII. NO. 86

SIXTEEN PAGES

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 8, 1915

PROBS—FAIR

PRICE TWO CENTS

GERMAN SEA FIGHTERS BEATEN BY RUSSIAN WARSHIPS IN ENGAGEMENT OFF THE ISLAND OF GOTHLAND

TWO GERMAN WARSHIPS LIMP INTO KIEL BADLY CRIPPLED AFTER FIGHT IN THE BALTIC

German Fleet in the Baltic Meets Russian Sea Fighters and Brisk Engagement Follows—Enemy Reported to Have Lost at Least Two Ships—Had Eight Army Corps at Riga Ready for Advance North Supported by Fleet.

London, July 2.—The Copenhagen correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company states that a message has been received from Gothland, telling of a naval battle off the east coast of that island. According to the message gunfire was heard last night and at 6.30 o'clock this morning a naval action was observed from Ljugarn harbor and later warships steamed north. At 10 o'clock four cruisers were seen closely engaged near land. Later a German torpedo boat with many wounded, arrived at Katthammersvik, on the east coast of Gothland.

An official statement, issued by the Russian War Office on July 1 told of an attempt by German warships to bombard the port of Windau, Courland, and land troops.

This attempt was repulsed. Windau is a Russian port across the Baltic from Gothland island.

London, July 2.—"A naval action occurred this morning off the coast of the island of Gothland," says the Stockholm correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company.

"The German mine-layer Albatross was chased by four Russian cruisers and ran ashore to escape capture. Twenty-one of the mine-layer's crew were killed and twenty-seven were wounded."

TWO BATTLESHIPS CRIPPLED.
Copenhagen, July 2, via London, July 3.—The German battleships Wittelsbach, which is damaged, and a battleship of the Kaiser class, with many shots under the water line, from the battle in the Baltic, have returned to Kiel.

Copenhagen, via London, July 3.—The Politiken's Petrograd correspondent states that it is reported that not only was a German torpedo boat sunk at Windau, but a cruiser of the Magdeburg type was also lost.

Copenhagen, via London, July 3.—In preparation for an advance north, supported by a German fleet, the Politiken's Petrograd correspondent states that eight German army corps were concentrated at Riga and in the Shavil region. The attack on Windau, the correspondent believes, was an evidence that this was the object of the German military and naval authorities.

MEN NEEDED FOR BRITISH FLYING CORPS

Limited Number of Vacancies in Royal Naval Air Service Provides an Opportunity for Canadians.

Special to The Standard
Ottawa, Ont., July 2.—Candidates are required from Canada for a limited number of vacancies in the Royal Naval Air Service, for the period of the war. They must be over nineteen years of age, and less than thirty, nineteen to twenty-three preferred. A high physical and educational standard is obligatory, therefore only athletic and physically fit men of good intellectual capacity can be accepted. Full details can be obtained from the Secretary, Department of Naval Service, Ottawa.

PAGE'S DAUGHTER WILL WED IN ROYAL CHAPEL OF ST. JAMES PALACE

London, July 2.—King George, it was announced today, has placed the Chapel Royal of St. James' Palace at the disposal of American Ambassador Page for the marriage of the Ambassador's daughter, Miss Katherine

REFUSES TO PERMIT THEIR RETIREMENT

Application of Twenty Commanders and Lt. Commanders of U. S. Navy is Denied by President Wilson.

Washington, July 2.—President Wilson has denied the application for voluntary retirement of twenty commanders and lieutenant-commanders of the navy, who sought to leave the active list under the law which permits such retirements on June 30, when promotions from the grade of junior lieutenant have been less than forty during the preceding year. Department officials said, as far as they know, none of the twenty applicants had received offers from the private war munitions establishments which have been seeking to employ army and navy officers. It was disclosed, however, that some other officers have sought retirement, to accept such positions, and that their requests have been promptly refused on the ground that to permit naval officers on the retired list to engage in the manufacture of ordnance for a foreign belligerent would be a breach of neutrality.

Page, to Charles G. Loring, of Boston, and the couple will be married there in August. The King and Queen Mary on account of the war will not attend the wedding, which will be a private one.

EXPLOSION IN CAPITOL AT WASHINGTON

Considerable Damage to Senate Building—Believed Explosion May Have Been Caused by a Bomb.

Washington, July 2.—An explosion occurred in the Senate wing of the Capitol shortly before midnight tonight, doing considerable damage. The explosion took place in the reception room on the second floor of the building, next to the office of the Sergeant-at-Arms. The doors of the room were blown out, but no one was hurt. Authorities immediately began an investigation.

The doors of the Capitol were closed immediately after the explosion and no one was permitted to enter while the investigation was under way. While the origin of the explosion has not been explained, some reports said it might have been caused by a bomb.

Visitors were allowed in the room during the day, and a timed machine might have been left without attracting attention.

Until an expert has made his report no official statement concerning the incident will be made public.

Part of the ceiling and side walls of the room were shaken down. The huge mirror and a crystal chandelier shattered and the doors blown open.

WILL BE THE MOST POWERFUL AIRSHIP EVER CONSTRUCTED

"Canada" Now Being Built at Toronto for British Army will be Last Word in Aerial Fighters.

Toronto, July 2.—The giant aeroplane now under construction for the British government at the Curtiss works in Toronto is to be completed this month, and will be one of the most powerful, if not the most powerful, aerial fighting machines in the world. The general lines of the America are being followed in the design, but several departures in details will make her a distinctive type, which will be known as the "Canada," that being the name bestowed on the machine when finished. While the America is a hydro aeroplane, the new flying machine will be of the land type. She will carry a machine gun and a plentiful stock of ammunition and explosives.

SHOOT DOCTOR THEN TURNS GUN ON HIMSELF

Hamilton, Ont., July 2.—Hepworth Holmes, who is believed to be a resident of Gravenhurst, today shot and killed Dr. Harry Williams, and immediately turned the weapon on himself with fatal results. The motive for the crime is still a mystery. Williams had only been here a short time, looking after the practice of Dr. Victor Ross, a dentist, who is in the north country.

CAPTAIN BRAVES SUBMARINE FIRE TO RESCUE PET DOG

With Submarine Shelling His Vessel Jumps Overboard to Rescue Canine.

THREE MORE BRITISH STEAMERS TORPEDOED

Submarine Attacks Steamer Engaged in Rescuing the Crew of Another Torpedoed Vessel.

London, July 2.—Three British steamers, the Caucasian, Inglemoor and Welbury, the bark Sarozien, and the schooner L. G. Tower were reported today to have been sunk by German submarines in the vicinity of the Scilly Islands and off South Ireland.

The Caucasian met her fate southwest of Lizard Head, on the coast of Cornwall on Thursday morning. While engaged in picking up her crew the Inglemoor fell a victim to the same submarine.

The Caucasian, when the submarine opened fire, was given full steam in an endeavor to escape. Not until the steamer was struck by several shots, one of which demolished the wheel, did her captain surrender. The crew of the steamer took to the boats. The submarine hauled alongside and fired eight shells into the vessel. A dog belonging to the captain of the Caucasian jumped overboard and the captain plunged from one of the boats into the rough sea and rescued his pet.

A few hours later the Inglemoor appeared on the scene and started picking up the Caucasian's boats. The Inglemoor had taken the occupants of the small boats on board when the submarine emerged and opened fire on her. Escape being hopeless the crew took to the boats, and the submarine then torpedoed and sank the Inglemoor, subsequently returning to the Caucasian, which was still floating, and sending her to the bottom.

The crew of the Inglemoor and a part of the crew of the Caucasian were landed at Penzance, but one of the Caucasian's boats, with nineteen men in her, was being rowed toward France when last sighted.

The steamers Inglemoor and Caucasian were sunk by the U-39. This was the submarine which torpedoed and sank the Cunard Line steamship Lusitania off Old Head of Kinsale, Ireland, on May 7, with the loss of more than 1,100 lives.

According to the correspondent at Plymouth of the Exchange Telegraph Company the submarine sank the Inglemoor while that steamer was rescuing the men in the lifeboats from the torpedoed Caucasian.

SECOND INJUNCTION IN MONTREAL STREET RAILWAY MATTER

Montreal, July 2.—The agreement to give the Montreal Tramways Company an extension of franchise, as passed on Wednesday by Mayor Martin, Controller Hebert and Controller Cote, despite an interim injunction to stay their action will not go to the city council next Monday. A second interim injunction reached City Hall today, and everybody in sight is restrained by this document from proceeding any further in the matter until the court decides whether the injunction shall be permanent or not. This question will come up next Tuesday.

HON. MR. HAZEN COMING TO ST. JOHN

Special to The Standard.
Ottawa, July 2.—Hon. J. D. Hazen leaves for St. John tomorrow. He will probably be there for a week at least.

BRITISH STRENGTHEN HOLD ON GALLIPOLI PENINSULA

INDUSTRIAL ARMY HAS ENROLLMENT OF 46,000 FOR FIRST WEEK OF CAMPAIGN

Munition Works Coming Forward in Encouraging Numbers—Country in Great Peril and No Time for Censorious Attitude Lord Curzon Says—Munitions Bill Passes Third Reading.

London, July 2.—Introducing the Munitions Bill in the House of Lords today Lord Curzon, Lord Privy Seal, announced that the first week of the campaign made to speed up the manufacture of arms and ammunition resulted in the enrolment of 46,000 volunteer munition workers.

He was confident, Lord Curzon added, that before the end of the year the advantages in both men and material would be decisively on the side of Great Britain and her Allies.

Lord Curzon said the present situation was one of grave anxiety. It was not too much to say that the country was in great peril. Events and recent statements had removed the scale from everyone's eyes.

This was not a time, he said, for a critical or censorious attitude, but the time to pass the bill, which would enable the organization of a rapid supply of munitions, and to go ahead, make up the leeway and put matters straight.

After a few remarks had been made by Baron Weardale, who criticized the remissness of the late government, and placed the responsibility for it upon Premier Asquith, the munitions bill was passed in all its stages.

Conscription a Much Discussed Subject in England at Present

Press Devotes Much Space to Question and Strong Reasons Put Forth for and Against Compulsory Service—Another Interesting Letter from Colin McKay.

(Special Staff Correspondence.)
London, June 9.—A battle royal, or at any rate a journalistic jamboree, rages around the question of conscription. The daily papers devote much space to the subject; editorials, articles, letters deal trenchantly, often savagely, with the matter, urging arguments pro and con. Strong feeling evidently exists on both sides. Some people evidently believe that conscription is absolutely necessary, that the country is fighting for its existence, and must take drastic measures to make the slacker come up to time. On the other hand, Lord Northcliffe's Daily Mail, the chief organ of the conscriptionists, is used to make bon fires on stock exchanges and street corners.

One can spend hours in the public libraries reading what the advocates and opponents of compulsory service have to say, and he will probably come to the conclusion that the arguments on both sides are put forth with a good deal of ingenuity and cleverness. But personally I should say the most sensible view of the question that I have seen is that taken by The Clarion, a weekly edited by Robert Blatchford, the Socialist, whose articles in the Northcliffe papers some years ago pointed out that Germany was bent on war caused some sensation, though they did not make a great impression upon the government or the people. This paper says:

"If the coalition cabinet is any good it will put its foot into this feast of flapping right now. We cannot afford to run the risk of national cleavage by a question so bristling with contentious material as conscription."

(Continued on page 3)

Turkish Transport With Troops Torpedoed

London, July 3.—A British submarine in the Sea of Marmora, on June 26, sank the Turkish transport No. 42, which was full of troops, according to the Athens correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company.

AUSTRIA RAISES THE TAX ON LIQUOR

Zurich, Switzerland, via London, July 3.—Preparatory to making the production of spirits a state monopoly an Austrian ministerial decree prohibits the erection of new distilleries and raises the tax on spirits from ten to fourteen cents a litre.

Successful Outcome of Recent Attack on Turks' Position a Noteworthy Triumph—German Drive in Galicia Unchecked—Polish Fortress of Zamosc Reported Fallen.

London, July 2.—The sudden recurrence of heavy artillery fire by the Germans at many points in France is a marked feature of the fighting on the western front, but in the meantime the Austro-German advance in Galicia and in Poland is unchecked, and the Teutons have shown no disposition to diminish the intensity of their eastern offensive.

The Polish fortress of Zamosc has been captured, and progress in other sectors of strategic importance in the East is claimed by Berlin. For weeks it has been the same story in this theatre of war—an Austro-German rush, a Russian retreat—and the end is not in sight.

There has been during the week no official news whatever from the British front in Flanders, but Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton, commander of the Allied land forces at the Dardanelles, in his second official despatch of the week, records the repulse of a vicious counter-attack by the Turks who were bent on recovering the lost ground south of the fortified hill of Achi Baba and the strong position at Krithia which the British held for some time before attempting to envelop.

An Important Gain in the Dardanelles
The British forged a bit forward last Monday, and the following day the Turks, after sapping and mining, launched a counter-stroke with the bayonet. This was crushed, while the French forces operating on the right in Kereves Dere Valley, toward the east coast of Gallipoli, advanced and consolidated the ground won the latter part of June. The distances are not stated.

Despite the hard fighting ever since the landing on April 25, the Franco-British expedition only lately has achieved anything notable toward strengthening its hold on the tip of the Gallipoli Peninsula, Achi Baba being a small Gibraltar, bristling with machine guns, surrounded by barbed wire and terraced with trenches. This is the reason why an Allied progress is hailed with great satisfaction in England.

It is interesting to note tributes paid to the Turks' bravery and even gallantry in almost every despatch from the British correspondents at the Dardanelles. At no time during the Peninsula fighting have the Turks been accused of atrocities.

The munitions measure, giving David Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, wide power to whip up the munitions supply, passed the House of Lords today, and will be a statute when the King affixes his signature.

There are manifold indications throughout the United Kingdom that the people only now, after nearly a year, fully sense the seriousness of the war. Only a few months ago the boast was, "business is as usual."

Theatre patronage was undiminished and the restaurant trade normal. The cabinet ministers now are urging the necessity of the most rigid economy by individuals, and school children are being besought to invest in the war loan. The newspapers daily are carrying full page advertisements of the war loan.

The Teutonic successes in Galicia, the slowness of the Dardanelles operations, and the failure of the Allies to inaugurate the much discussed offensive in the west, are responsible for this change in public demeanor.

ASK ONTARIO GOV'T TO SEND DOCTORS AND NURSES TO THE FRONT

Toronto, July 2.—A resolution urging the provincial government to send a special expedition of doctors and nurses to the front to treat soldiers suffering from mental and nervous strain was passed by the Ontario Medical Council before it adjourned at 11 a. m. today for a year. It was urged that either this be done, or the sufferers brought home for treatment in Canada.

ST. JOHN'S GIFT FOR BELGIUM IS RECEIVED

London, July 2.—Among the subscriptions yesterday to the national committee for the relief of Belgium were \$3,700 from the Mayor of St. John, N. B., \$350 from the Lord Sackville Chapter, I. O. O. F., Sackville, N. B., and \$500 from the Fiji Islands.

Fierce Attacks By Germans in The Argonne Repulsed

Two New Brunswick Men In Casualties

Charles Welsh of Port Elgin, Wounded, and Douglas Wells of Sackville Reported Missing.

Ottawa, July 2.—A long list of casualties was issued at 9 o'clock tonight and contains the names of the following from the Maritime Provinces:

THIRD BATTALION.
Wounded.
Charles Welsh, Port Elgin, N. B. (gunshot in knee).

SEVENTH BATTALION.
Unofficially Reported War Prisoner at Munster.

H. C. Wolfe, Dartmouth, N. S.

TENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Robt. C. Hartling, Port Dufferin, N. S.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Missing.
Richard F. MacDonald, Pictou, N. S.; Douglas Wells, Sackville, N. B.

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.
Prisoner.
Cecil R. Brown, Trenton, N. S.

THIRD FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.
Wounded.
Gunner C. P. Campbell, Weymouth, N. S.

Included in the 9 o'clock list are:

FIRST BATTALION.
Missing After Action Near Givency, June 15.

Alfred Hawkins, England; Fred Mordling, England; Fred Carberry, Newfoundland; Lance Corporal George Fraser, Detroit, Mich.; Cecil Garrett, Windsor, Ont.; Albert Hill, Sutton, Ont.; Que. J. D. J. Anderson, Windsor, Ont.; James Lothian, Providence, R. I.; Charles E. Keenle, Toronto; Harry McLean, Edmonton, Alb.; Edgar A. Young, St. Thomas, Ont.; Jas. Prince, London, Ont.

Wm. Lethbridge, Sarnia, Ont.; Harry Mithine, Windsor, Ont.; G. E. Kavanagh, Petrolia, Ont.; Bugler Gordon Walker, Kearney, Ont.; Harold E. Gillroy, London, Ont.

Killed in Action June 15.
Arnold Breaner, Zurich, Ont.; Corporal George Knisht, Kincardine, Ont.

SECOND BATTALION.
Killed in Action June 17.
Thomas P. J. Connolly, Kingston, Ont.; Robert Harper, Edmonton, Alb.; Corporal John I. MacNab, Richard's Landing, Ont.; Gordon Huxa Smith, Limolou, Que.

Prisoner and Wounded at Paderborn.
Lieut. Clyde Rutherford Scott, Perth, Ont.

Wounded.
Corporal Charles A. Gibson, Belleville, Ont.; Alexander Sample (formerly 32nd Battalion), Rapid City, Min.; Nicolas Coe, Montreal.

Missing.
Peter Grant, South St. Marie, Ont.; K. Harrington, Nanawans, Ont.; Corporal Hay Howden, Fairfield, Conn.

THIRD BATTALION.
Killed in Action June 17.
Sergeant Donald L. Anderson, Strirling, Ont.; Frank Bicknell, Hildon, Ont.; Samuel Emery, Montreal; Corporal Wilfred Dawson, Westmont, Que.; R. H. Barnes, Toronto; Corporal Arthur B. Thompson, Toronto; William Francis Dempsey, Quebec; Roy Cameron Hunter, Warton, Ont.; David Roberts, British West Indies.

Wounded.
Charles Welsh, Port Elgin, N. B. (gunshot in knee); Harold Fyfe, Edmonton, Alb.; Thomas Clark, Montreal.

Missing.
William Smith, West Kintwinn, Alb.; Thomas S. Fitzbairn, Erie, Penna.

FOURTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
John J. Coulter, Toronto; Nathaniel Baillie, Hamilton, Ont.; T. H. Podd, Brantford, Ont.; Frank A. Ellis, Brantford, Ont.; J. Hawke, Toronto; James Russell, Hamilton, Ont.; Neil Sloan, Simcoe Post Office, Ont.; George Huggins, Brantford, Ont.; Andrew Cameron, New Aberdeen, C. B.; Lance Corporal Robert Spence, Petrolia, Ont.

Wounded.
Ernest C. Hartling, Vancouver; Edward Martin, Portland, Me.

FIFTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Leonard Hemming, Vancouver.

SEVENTH BATTALION.
Leslie G. Plumber, England; Clement Sears, Victoria, B. C.; Robert Motton, Victoria, B. C.

Previously Reported Wounded, now Reported Missing.
Alexander Douglas, Scotland; Edward Gyle, England; William O. Mellows, England.

FOURTEENTH BATTALION.
Seriously Ill.
Gordon Anderson, Montreal.

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.
Prisoner.
Hugh Campbell, 95 Dupont street, Toronto; CECIL R. BROWN, TRENTON, N. S.

Wounded.
Percy F. White, Toronto.

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Ernest Weeks, Lansley, B. C.

Previously Reported Missing, Now Reported Safe.
Cecil D. Corrie, Nings, Man.

TWENTY-SECOND BATTALION.
Seriously Ill.
Phillips LeBrun, 303 Marquette street, Montreal.

PRINCES PATS.
Wounded.
William H. Jacques, 403 Bannerman

GERMAN PAPER BARRED FROM CANADIAN MAI LS

Special to The Standard
Ottawa, July 2.—The Lincoln Frete presse, a German paper, published in Lincoln, Nebraska, has been refused the privilege of the Canadian mails, and is prohibited from circulation in Canada in any way.

avenue, Winnipeg; Ernest Mathew Taylor, Morris, Man.

LORD STRATHCONA'S HORSE.
Died of Wounds.
W. Mathews, 48 Dorval road, Toronto.

Previously Reported Missing, now Rejoined Unit.
Edgar D. Taylor, 163 Marion street, Winnipeg.

THIRD FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.
Wounded.
Gunner C. P. Campbell, Weymouth, N. S.

ROYAL CANADIAN DRAGOONS.
Died of Wounds.
C. H. Kelly, 28 Robinson street, Toronto.

Wounded.
B. J. Lee, 121 19th Ave., West, Vancouver.

Suffering From Shock.
John C. B. Goodridge, Vancouver.

Unofficially Reported Prisoner at Munster.
John Edwin Idens, Winnipeg.

EIGHTH BATTALION.
Unofficially Reported Prisoner at Munster.

James Healey, England; William Siddall, England; Albert Green (no next of kin); R. S. Mullins, Gananoque, Ont.

Edward Yoell, Port Arthur, Ont.; Archibald Boag, St. Asaph, Des Monts, Que.; Thomas H. Burk, Port Arthur, Ont.; Joseph H. Hendrickson, Pipeston, Ont.; William Allen, Pine View Post Office, Man.; H. C. Wolfe, 127 Portland street, Dartmouth, N. S.; Ernest Bouter, Laurierville, Que.

Severely Wounded.
Thomas M. Dunsmore, 764 Flora Ave., Winnipeg.

Wounded.
William Wilson, 6 Berry street, Norwood, Man.

TENTH BATTALION.
Died of Wounds.
Corporal Philip Mitchell, England; Alfred Worley, England; Serjt. Major John Watson, Winnipeg.

Wounded.
William J. Kennedy, England; Thomas H. Weir, Scotland; John Nicholson, Scotland; G. E. Lambert, England; ROBERT C. HARTLING, PORT DUFFERIN, N. S.; John Edwards, Salt Lake City, Utah; Daniel Gold, 10 McGeorge Ave., Winnipeg.

Prisoner at Bischofswerda.
Lieut. G. A. Caldwell (previously reported killed in action) Brandon, Man. Dangerously Ill.

Richard A. Brothers, General Delivery, Calgary.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Missing.
Harry Pitt, Montreal; Corporal J. L. Reid, Seaforth, Ont.; Richard F. Macdonald, Box 23, Pictou, N. S.; Douglas Wells, Sackville, N. B.; John McHardy Morrison, Montreal; Lance Corporal Ernest W. Wilson, Montreal; Edward J. McNulty, Montreal; John H. Stephen, Montreal.

Previously Reported Missing, Now Rejoined Regiment.
James J. Rowe, Newfoundland; Ernest Harris, Calgary.

Previously Reported Wounded, Now Wounded and Prisoner at Hilliaz.
Thomas Whigley, Montreal.

Previously Reported Wounded, Now Wounded and Prisoner at Paderborn.
Robert Irving, England.

The list issued at midnight is as follows:

SECOND BATTALION.
Suffering from Shock.
Charles C. Winmill, England.

Slightly Wounded.
Gunner Joseph Joyce, (formerly 6th Battalion), Deserouse, C. B.

Unofficially Reported Prisoner.
Sert. George W. Lyons, England.

THIRD BATTALION.
Killed in Action June 15.
John William D. Tuck, (formerly 9th Battalion), Edmonton, Alb.

Missing June 17.
Lance Corporal William Mallett, Montreal; Sert. Louis A. B. Inglis, (formerly 9th Battalion), Edmonton, Alb.

Wounded.
Herbert Kennaugh, England.

Unofficially Reported Wounded and Prisoner.
Captain Leonard B. Morrison, Toronto.

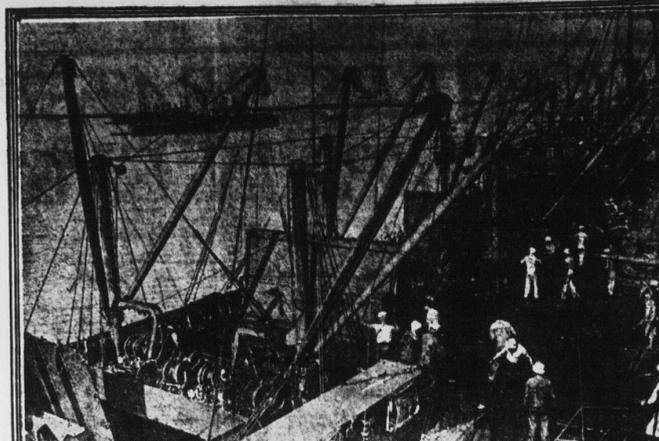
SEVENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Lee W. King, (formerly 30th Battalion), Victoria, B. C.

Unofficially Reported Prisoner.
Edmund Langstaff, Emo, Ont.; R. D. Chandler, Colg. 2, B. C.; Albert E. Wamsley, Chilliwack, B. C.

TENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Sert. Percy Lockhart, Strathclair, Man.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Missing.
David Campbell, Dorval, Que.

UNITED STATES BATTLE SHIP COALING AT SEA



A battle ship coaling at sea is shown in this picture. The Cyclops, a navy collier, is putting a supply of coal aboard the United States armored cruiser Washington, doing the work in eight hours, and handling 2,100 tons of coal.

OFFICIAL REPORTS

RUSSIA

Petrograd, July 2, via London, July 3.—The following official war statement was given out here tonight:

"On July 1st, north of Przasnyz, and the following night in the Shavli and the Racionz regions, we repulsed local German attacks. On the left bank of the Viutla the enemy on Thursday delivered barren attacks on the front Sienczastow. In the direction of Lublin the enemy is in contact with us along the Por and Wyznica rivers.

"Between the Wieprz and Bug rivers the enemy continues to progress towards the north and the northeast.

"In the region north of Zamosc on Thursday there was stubborn rear guard fighting. A regiment of Prussian Guards which had seized the village of Jourkoff was repulsed by our counter-attack.

"On the Sokal-Halicz front the enemy on Wednesday and all of Thursday morning delivered numerous attacks, most of which were repulsed, inflicting heavy losses on the enemy. During our counter-attacks we took over two thousand prisoners and captured several machine guns. Nevertheless south of Rohatyn important enemy forces succeeded Thursday evening in establishing themselves on the left bank of the Gnla Lipa.

"There is no change on the Dniester river."

FRANCE

Paris, July 2.—The following official statement was issued by the

French War Office tonight:

"During Friday on the entire front, there was nothing but artillery duels, especially in the region of Queneviers.

"In the Argonne, the enemy, after a very violent bombardment, attempted a new and general attack between the roads leading to Benarville and Blaneuil. After an especially stubborn fight, which at certain points developed into a hand-to-hand encounter, we were able to hold all our positions.

"Yesterday evening the Germans, after most intense artillery preparation, attempted on our positions on Hilgenfirst (in the Vosges) a series of attacks, the first two of which were repulsed. In the course of the third attack the enemy succeeded in gaining a foothold in our works. Through a counter-attack we recaptured this morning all our positions, which the Germans are continuing to shell violently.

"In the Dardanelles, after the successes gained by the British troops on June 25, the Turks attempted several counter-attacks against the positions taken from them. They were repulsed with heavy losses.

"On June 30 we carried a Turkish redoubt in the form of a quadrilateral, including six successive lines of trenches. The ground is covered with the bodies of Turkish soldiers. We have not been counter-attacked."

AUSTRIA

Vienna, July 2, via London, an official statement given out (11.35 p. m.)—General Von Lin-

Russians from a strong position along the Gnla Lipa from

DOMINION GOV'T TAKES OVER SHOPS AT TRACONA

Winnipeg, July 2.—Notice was posted in the Tracona shops today that the Dominion government will take over the shops, dating from July 1st.

DIED.

COWAN.—Suddenly in this city on July 1st, Julia Flewelling Cowan, age 75 years, daughter of the late Charles and Martha Cowan. Funeral on Saturday at 2.30, from her late residence, 101 Adelaide street.

CHICAGO ARCHITECT TESTIFIES BEFORE ROYAL COMMISSION AT MANITOBA

Winnipeg, July 2.—E. C. Shankland, the Chicago architect, was examined at today's session of the Royal Commission, principally with regard to the \$302,000 contract. Asked why he came to see Dr. Montague on October 1, he said it was in connection with Horwood's estimate of \$812,047, as to the cost of steel to be used in the south wing, the central portion, and the dome of the new parliament buildings. After studying this estimate he had wired Horwood that he could not

MATINEE TODAY OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT

Last two chances today to enjoy that BIG FUN SHOW offered by the EMPIRE MUSICAL COMEDY CO. Matinee starts at 2.30—the price is 10, 20c. Tonight at 8.15—10, 20, 30c. DON'T MISS IT.

Starting Monday the Company makes an entire change of programme, presenting for Mon., Tues., Wed., a real classy musical comedy—"Izzy, the Spendthrift at the New York Winter Garden." All new and gorgeous SPECIAL SCENERY AND COSTUMES. A \$2.00 production at Little Prices. THAT QUARTETTE will be heard in a good number—everything about the show is changed but the name.

"Those who are hard of hearing will do well to book front seats but bring your eyesight with you. The show is one dazzling, scintillating, joyous riot of color, music and mirth. Seats now on sale. Phone Main 1363.

IMPERIAL HAS GREAT DETECTIVE PLAY

ALSO "THE BLACK BOX" AND COMEDIANS

A Story That is Known by All Readers of Standard Fiction

Profound Mystery

Emil Gabor's Famous Tale of French Detective Work

"FILE No. 113"

Those Famous Clowns "Snakeville Volunteers" ONE LONG SHOUT OF FUN With Sophie and Slippery Slim

"THE BLACK BOX" - LOST IN GREAT BIG LONDON

Whose Mysterious Hands Killed Lord John? Lenora Captured in the Meantime

Corking Week-End Bill Laughter and Excitement

RETURN NEXT MONDAY ONE DAY ONLY "THE SPOILERS"

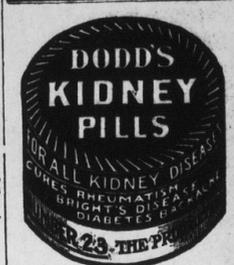


Blaming his predicament on his association with disreputable characters in Washington, one of whom is alleged to have offered to do murder for \$500, Thomas G. Forney, thirty-two years old, a young lawyer, of the national capital, was arrested on a charge of having attempted to kill his father-in-law, T. Franklin Schneider, also of Washington. Forney made a statement in which he implicates a waiter, T. G. McHenry, who has been arrested in Washington on similar charges and who is now held to await the action of the authorities. Mr. Schneider is said to be worth millions. Besides owning large property interests in Washington, he is the president of the Associated Candy Stores, with a large factory in Pittsburg, a store in Philadelphia and agents in almost every part of the country.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET SALES

	High.	Low.	Close
Jan.	10.05	9.94	9.99
Mar.	10.25	9.18	10.23
May	10.41	10.40	.44
July	9.84	9.20	9.28
Oct.	9.76	.64	9.76

Spot—8.60.



RETURN DATE Next Monday, July 5th

IMPERIAL THEATRE "The Spoilers"

Because of Insistent Requests

The three days rain of the First Engagement of this Marvelous Film Kept Thousands at Home.

MATINEE AND NIGHT ONLY!

Afternoon Prices 10 & 15c. Night Prices, 10, 15, 25c.

400 Coupon Reserved Seats at 25 cents On Sale Now.

CATARRH
and
DISCHARGES
Relieved in
24 Hours
Each Case
Santal Midy
Dissolve in water

DRAMA
American Players Present Their Latest Success
"HIS AFFIANCED WIFE"
2-Act Play of Intense Interest

MON. CHAS. CHAPLIN TUES. COMEDY
In "HIS MUSICAL CAREER"
— UNIQUE —
Something Extraordinarily Good Next Week
FEATURES:
Mon.—"MILLS OF THE GODS"
Wed.—"MONS. NICOLA DUPREE"
Fri.—"THE BABY"—Wonder Photo-Play

HOLIDAY JOY EXTRAVAGANZA!
WILBUR AND HARRINGTON
Novel Exponents of Brilliant Pastimes IN SONGS, DANCES AND BARREL JUMPING
"ETHEL'S DOG GONE LUCK"
Presenting Fay Tischer in Bright Comedy
LYRIC
MONDAY—VAUDEVILLE and Pictures De Luxe!
"WHEN EAST MEETS WEST"
Scenic Comedy Constructed Along New Theater Lines

MATINEE TODAY OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT
Last two chances today to enjoy that BIG FUN SHOW offered by the EMPIRE MUSICAL COMEDY CO. Matinee starts at 2.30—the price is 10, 20c. Tonight at 8.15—10, 20, 30c. DON'T MISS IT.
Starting Monday the Company makes an entire change of programme, presenting for Mon., Tues., Wed., a real classy musical comedy—"Izzy, the Spendthrift at the New York Winter Garden." All new and gorgeous SPECIAL SCENERY AND COSTUMES. A \$2.00 production at Little Prices. THAT QUARTETTE will be heard in a good number—everything about the show is changed but the name.
"Those who are hard of hearing will do well to book front seats but bring your eyesight with you. The show is one dazzling, scintillating, joyous riot of color, music and mirth. Seats now on sale. Phone Main 1363.

IMPERIAL HAS GREAT DETECTIVE PLAY
ALSO "THE BLACK BOX" AND COMEDIANS
A Story That is Known by All Readers of Standard Fiction
Profound Mystery
Emil Gabor's Famous Tale of French Detective Work
"FILE No. 113"
Those Famous Clowns "Snakeville Volunteers" ONE LONG SHOUT OF FUN With Sophie and Slippery Slim
"THE BLACK BOX" - LOST IN GREAT BIG LONDON
Whose Mysterious Hands Killed Lord John? Lenora Captured in the Meantime
Corking Week-End Bill Laughter and Excitement
RETURN NEXT MONDAY ONE DAY ONLY "THE SPOILERS"

Al
FRENCH
PEOPLE
GOLD
Private S
France i
Between
Billion F
Paris, July 2
gold in France
estimated at fi
francs. (The
dollar.)
The governme
vite the citize
change their
that and Fin
addressed a l
France, sugges
ters be set as
its branch
try for the re
citizens who d
taneously to r
national defense.
In addition
in exchange fo
tor will be han
forth his servi
W. F. GA
SEND
Resigns
Parliame
Revelatio
tracts In
Special to The
Ottawa, July
P. for Carlot
nately that he
into private li
his resignation
Speaker. Dr.
city, however,
ment of a vac
not be obtaine
the result of
Sir Charles De
tracts inquiry
which Powell
ings contracts
gone to him.
House of Com
press gallery,
ed that he ha
with governme
rectly or indir
in no way pro
Amongst the
Carleton Cou
R. T. Richards
dent of the C
George Kidd,
ther of the la
James Muir, a
and a member
press gallery,
warden of the
of the Carlot
Association h
from the offic
rector.
PORFIR
DIES
Former Pr
co Passes
Long Illn
Paris, July 2
former preside
seven o'clock
Gen. Diaz's
Romero Rubio
Porfirio Diaz, J
were at the b
came.
Gen. Diaz ha
since reaching
his resignation
of Mexico, fo
Madero revol

Allies Complete Capture of Turkish Line in the Dardanelles

FRENCH GOV'T ASKS PEOPLE TO EXCHANGE GOLD FOR NOTES

Private Stock of Gold in France is Estimated at Between Five and Seven Billion Francs.

Paris, July 2.—The private stock of gold in France has been unofficially estimated at from five to seven billion francs. (There are five franc to the dollar.)

The government has decided to invite the citizens of France to exchange their gold for notes, and to that end Finance Minister Ribot has addressed a letter to the Bank of France, suggesting that special counters be set aside in the bank in Paris and its branches throughout the country for the receiving of gold from citizens who desire, in this way, spontaneously to render service to the national defense.

In addition to the bank note given in exchange for this gold, each depositor will be handed a certificate, setting forth his service to the country.

W. F. GAREAND, M. P. SENDS IN HIS RESIGNATION

Resigns from Dominion Parliament as Result of Revelations in War Contracts Inquiry.

Special to The Standard
Ottawa, July 2.—W. F. Garland, M. P. for Carleton has announced definitely that he will resign and retire into private life. It is understood that his resignation has been sent to the Speaker, Dr. Sproule is not in the city, however, so that the formal statement of a vacancy in Carleton could not be obtained. Garland resigned as the result of the revelations before Sir Charles Davidson in the war contracts inquiry last week. The profits which he made in the field dressings contracts were shown to have gone to him. Prior to this in the House of Commons Garland had stated that he had not been connected with government contracts either directly or indirectly, and that he had in no way profited.

Amongst those mentioned for the Carleton Conservative nomination are R. T. Richardson of Woodroffe, president of the Conservative Association, George Kidd, K. C. of Ottawa, a brother of the late Edward Kidd, M. P., James Muir, an alderman of Ottawa, and a member of the parliamentary press gallery, and W. J. Armitage, ex-warden of the county. The directors of the Carleton County Agricultural Association have removed Garland from the office of joint managing director.

PORFIRIO DIAZ DIES IN PARIS

Former President of Mexico Passes Away After a Long Illness.

Paris, July 2.—General Porfirio Diaz, former president of Mexico, died at seven o'clock this morning.

Gen. Diaz's wife, Senora Carmen Romero Rubio Diaz, and her son, Porfirio Diaz, Jr., and the latter's wife were at the bedside when the end came.

Gen. Diaz had been in failing health since reaching Europe in 1911, after his resignation from the presidency of Mexico, following the successful Madero revolution.

THE KING PRESENTS A PRIZE

Washington, July 2.—An old vase standing more than two feet high, the gift of King George to the Yachtsmen of America, was received at the British embassy here today from London, and forwarded to the Panama Pacific Exposition, where it is to be one of the prizes in the aquatic contests. It is inscribed:

"Presented by King George V., Panama Pacific Exposition regatta, 1915."

TURKS DRIVEN FROM SIX LINES OF TRENCHES AFTER A WEEK'S STUBBORN FIGHTING

London, July 2.—An official statement given out by the British government this evening announces the capture of certain trenches in the Dardanelles operations which complete the capture of that part of the Turkish line gained by the French on June 21.

The full text of the statement follows:

"General Sir Ian Hamilton's report that on the afternoon of June 29 hostile columns, moving west from North Achi Babi and south from Kilit Bahr towards the Turkish right flank indicated that the enemy was preparing for a counter-attack against a position we captured on the previous day. During the evening two mine galleries in front of our right centre were blown in, after which the enemy subjected the trenches to a heavy rifle and machine gun fire for two hours. After a lull and another outbreak of fire a determined attack was made against the left of our position with the bayonet. This attack was repulsed with a heavy loss to the enemy.

"On the southern front the Turks made a concerted attack along the coast where H. M. S. Wolverine, a destroyer, got searchlights and guns into the main body and caused a heavy loss.

"To the east the attack was pressed closer under a heavy artillery fire, but finally was checked about forty yards from our parapet. Bomb attacks and intermittent shelling continued, but no further general attack was made, and at 6.30 a. m. the French moved out, and by 7.20 a. m. had taken a strong system of entrenchments immediately in front of the left center of the line called by them quadrilateral.

"A number of Turks were driven out of the trenches by the French bombardment and much execution was done during their retreat. Subsequently trenches adjacent to the quadrilateral to the south were captured after some more serious fighting, thus completing the capture of all of that part of the enemy's line required to round off the gains made by the French on June 21. The enemy's losses everywhere were considerable. The captured positions are being consolidated."

Winnipeg, July 2.—Sir Rodmond Roblin, on the stand this afternoon before the commission appointed to investigate the charges made by C. P. Fullerton, K. C. on behalf of fourteen private members of the Manitoba legislature, declared he had no knowledge of any matters on which the charges were alleged to have been based, nor had he anything to do with the publication of the charges made. He stated that he was ignorant of any arrangements with the Liberals, save regarding the "saw-offs," which, he said, had been customary in every election he had been interested in during the whole of his public life.

Counsel pointed out that Dr. McPadden had known of the "saw-off" plan in connection with the protest against his own election, but had raised no objection. He did not think that a "saw-off" would be material for a Royal Commission's investigation.

As to the money part of the charges, Sir Rodmond averred he had no knowledge of any monetary transaction between his cabinet and the Liberals.

The ex-premier was examined as to the circumstances surrounding his resignation. The negotiations had been carried on by H. H. Philpotts, who had told him that Mr. Hudson had agreed that the Royal Commission should cease its labors and a civil suit be instituted against Kelly, provided Sir Rodmond resigned as Premier. The plan had received the approval of Chief Justice Howell and he heard later the Chief Justice had seen the collusion.

Regarding his resignation he said the clause in connection with Mr. Hudson's charges had been handed to him by Mr. Philpotts and so far as he knew he had copied it accurately in his letter of resignation. Shown the form Mr. Philpotts had discussed with Mr. Hudson he admitted the wording was changed, but did not know whether Mr. Philpotts's copy handed to him was changed, or whether he had changed unintentionally in dictating to his stenographer.

Attorney-General Hudson on the Stand
Hon. A. B. Hudson, Attorney-General, was the first witness called this morning when the Royal Commission on the Fullerton charges resumed its investigation of the alleged political deal. His evidence, begun on Wednesday, was continued under cross-examination by Mr. Pitblado, Liberal counsel.

Mr. Fullerton read a telegram from W. N. Tilley, at Ottawa, that he was quite willing to come here and give evidence, but could not fix any date.

Mr. Hudson said he had charge of the election petitions, and with the exception of one protest no person had any authority to withdraw them without his consent, and he, in turn, must have consulted the committee. He never consented to withdrawal of any petition, with the exception of that of Sir Rodmond Roblin. In that case they had no evidence, since the

Ignorant of Arrangement With the Liberals, Says Sir Rodmond Roblin

Ex-Premier of Manitoba Tells Royal Commission He Had No Knowledge of Monetary Transactions Between His Cabinet and the Grits.

witness had gone to the war.

Discussing the situation with Hon. Mr. Johnson and two others on May 7, "they thought," said Hudson, "that if the commission was on and we, as prosecutors, were to present the whole of the evidence we had or hoped to have, we felt that Kelly, when the time came for an action to be instituted by the province to recover the money, would have a great advantage in knowing our case, and in addition the witnesses seemed to have a faculty of disappearing."

Horwood was in Minnesota, said Mr. Hudson. "He probably knew more of this than any one else, except Kelly." They had to spend a lot of money to find Salt. They found him once but he got away.

Mr. Hudson explained that the whole case of the prosecution in the parliament buildings enquiry was altered when a letter was produced showing Kelly's tender to put in caissons for slightly over \$40,000.

Previously it had been understood that Kelly was being paid for caissons on a parage basis, and witnesses were to be called to show an alleged shortage in material. The letter, said witness, was a great surprise and upset their theories.

The Attorney-General said he knew Philpotts and Tilley were preparing to attack the jurisdiction of the original commission. This they did on May 7, and following the injunction a suit was entered restraining the commission from compelling Kelly to give evidence. The injunction, said witness, was entirely apart from anything discussed with Philpotts, and action was not taken through any collusion.

"Have you any knowledge of any money in connection with these dealings?" asked counsel.

"None."

"Were you promised any?"

"None."

"Did you expect any?"

"No."

He said he never heard of the charge of the payment of money in connection with election protests until after the change of government, when he heard rumors which, however, he was unable to trace to anything definite, and there were, he said, many reasons in support of the position taken by Philpotts at the time he talked with witness, but Hudson said he felt he could not afford to draw back at all until things were cleared up. The commission thus was continued, and he had no intention of stopping it.

Re-examined by C. P. Fullerton, Mr. Hudson said before he heard of the letter on the contract price on caissons it was his opinion that Kelly could not escape the penalties. After this letter was produced, he thought it constituted a possible loop-hole in the criminal suit, though he did not think it a good defence in a civil action.

Checks for interest at 8 per cent were received yesterday by holders of debenture shares of J. S. Gibbon & Co., Ltd.

REV. DR. CAMPBELL RESIGNS PRESIDENCY OF MOUNT A. LADIES' COLLEGE

Will Devote Himself to Teaching and Forward Movement in Aid of the Institutions.

Sackville, N. B., July 1.—A special meeting of the Board of Regents of Mount Allison was held yesterday afternoon and evening sessions being held. The resignation of Rev. Dr. Campbell, who for four years has been the efficient head of Mount Allison Ladies' College, was received and Rev. Dr. Borden, president of the university, was appointed acting principal of the Ladies' College until a successor to Dr. Campbell is procured. Dr. Campbell resigned in order to devote himself entirely to the work of professor in the university and in connection with the Mount Allison Forward Movement, which includes the raising of money to increase the endowment fund and to erect a science building, which is so urgently needed. The many friends of Dr. Campbell throughout the Maritime Provinces while regretting that he has resigned from the presidency of the Ladies' College will rejoice to know that he will still be connected with the institutions in a way that will give full scope for his well known platform ability.

Dr. Campbell was present at the meeting of the board were Messrs. Justice McKeown, H. A. Powell, R. T. Hayes, E. R. Machum, St. John, R. C. Tait, Sheldrick, Mr. Birchell, Sydney, Rev. Dr. J. H. Hallifax, Rev. Dr. Jost, Bridgewater.

IRELAND HAS SENT OVER 120,000 MEN TO FIGHT FOR EMPIRE

Of This Number Twenty-four Thousand are Members of the Irish National Volunteers.

London, July 2.—John E. Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalist party, speaking at Dublin Thursday night, said that up to the 16th of June, 120,741 Irishmen from Ireland had joined the army, according to a report of the speech, made by the Freeman's Journal which reached London late today.

Mr. Redmond stated that of those who have enlisted, upwards of seventy thousand are Catholics, and some twenty-four thousand are enrolled members of the Irish National Volunteers.

Mr. Redmond is quoted as saying that he still did not believe in coalition government, but that inasmuch as it existed only from day to day, as it were, it could not in any event prevent Home Rule from coming into operation automatically at the end of the war.

MAIL FOR SWEDEN IS OPENED BY A GERMAN CENSOR

London, July 2.—Letters have been turned over to the Foreign Office showing, it was announced, that first class mail on board the Swedish ship Bjorn, which was seized in the North Sea and taken into a German port, had been opened by the German censor. It is expected that Sweden will protest to the German government.

Conscription a Much Discussed Subject in England at Present

(Continued from page 1)

"To end this disgusting and pitiful quarrel the one thing necessary is that the Coalition should face the facts, and take the public into their confidence. If the people once understand that the energies of the whole nation are really required to tackle this job the hysterical arguments about conscription and Voluntarism will be silenced. The people will weigh in. The Coalition will be there, but it will carry no sting. It will come from outside. It will not be a question whether a man will elect to be a freeman or a soldier, but whether he will elect to be a freeman or a German conscript."

"On the other hand, if the machinery is correct, if the country is full of slackers who will fail to respond to any appeal, however serious and urgent, the question of formal conscription will undoubtedly arise, and the Voluntarist will have to overhaul his convictions. In such circumstances he would probably find that some of the foundations of his uplifted red tape have had a lot of sins to answer for; no use to hide that fact; the English know it and say so, and Canadiana should know it too. In his particular job of raising armies Lord Kitchener has got rid of a lot of red tape. And he has caused armies faster than the war department could equip them. That fact has been a hard nut for the conscriptionists to crack. And so far it has made unanswerable the contentions of the conscriptionists."

All Should Get Together.

So far in this war lack of co-operation between the ministers and official red tape have had a lot of sins to answer for; no use to hide that fact; the English know it and say so, and Canadiana should know it too. In his particular job of raising armies Lord Kitchener has got rid of a lot of red tape. And he has caused armies faster than the war department could equip them. That fact has been a hard nut for the conscriptionists to crack. And so far it has made unanswerable the contentions of the conscriptionists."

Says Zeppelins Successfully Bombarded Factory in England Where War Munitions Being Made

Passengers on Str. Lapland Reaching New York Claim Air Raid of June 15 More Destructive From Military Standpoint Than Previous Aerial Attacks.

New York, July 2.—A description of the bombardment of the north coast of England by Zeppelins on the night of June 15, details of which have not been permitted by the British censors to become public, were brought to New York by passengers aboard the steamship Lapland from Liverpool.

According to accounts of the air raid given by the Lapland passengers, the Zeppelins, which raided the northeast coast of England, were more successful from a military standpoint than any of the previous aerial war craft which have flown over England, as they did considerable damage to Palmers' foundry, a large machine shop in Newcastle, now used for a munition's factory.

The official reports, according to the Lapland's passengers, cited that a majority of the deaths caused by the explosive bombs dropped by the raiders took place in the munition's factory, which also suffered grave material damage. Except for insignificant injury to the Tilbury and Gravesend docks no damage worthy of the name of military usefulness, it was said, had been wrought by any German aircraft in England until the raid by Zeppelins June 15 on the northeast coast.

The raid began at Grimsby, where the highly important and valuable docks at Immingham narrowly escaped bombs which were dropped by the Zeppelins, it was said. From Grimsby a course was then steered for Hull but when Hull was reached little attention apparently was paid to the city, which had suffered heavily from the previous visit of German aircraft. The pilot, who evidently knew the country well, led the Zeppelin squadron then to Newcastle.

Running with double shifts day and night the munition's factory at Newcastle was well lighted, and offered fair target to the aircraft. One of the big Zeppelins seemed to hover almost stationary over the munition's work and rained down upon the factory a quantity of explosive and incendiary bombs.

How great the damage was, it was said, has been withheld from the public. Only officials have been allowed near the bombed factory since then, but it is generally known that it suffered considerable damage from the attack.

tion of trade union leaders that at the back of the demand for conscription is a desire to deprive the working class of the rights and liberties they have fought so hard to obtain. The Zeppelins' attack, which has recently been given to the public, opinion grows and is freely expressed that if there is any reason to complain of the lack of munitions it is due to the lack of organization on the part of the government, rather than to slackness of the industrial classes.

A French View of England.

Of course England was not prepared for this war, though various publicists assert she was more than prepared, and has more than fulfilled any obligations her allies were entitled to expect of her. Certainly her work in the way of keeping the sea lanes open, and financing her allies has been of first importance. On the other hand a distinguished publicist, Frederick Harrison, recently returned from France, declares that the French are not satisfied with what the British are doing, and draw a vivid contrast between conditions in France and England, observing that one country has the appearance of a nation fighting for its very existence, while the other still goes complacently about its ordinary business and pleasures. Other English writers state that if Britain is to exercise a decisive influence in this war, it must man a much longer front than it holds at present, a very small front compared to that the French are holding. These and other considerations have given some support to the conscriptionists.

What Arnold Bennett says.

On the other hand Arnold Bennett, who in many respects one of the best interpreters of the British spirit can say:

"The conscriptionist does not believe in the national genius of Britain. But he does believe in the national genius of Prussia, and his keen desire is to import certain Prussian ideas into Britain. It is naught to him that the greatest offensive and defensive force in the world—the British Navy—is a force of volunteers."

"He insists that we weren't ready for war, whereas the degree of our readiness for the war astounded everybody. Both our Fleet and our Expeditionary Force were ready. But he wants conscription, and to him 'unreadiness' simply means non-entrapment. At the very moment when the Prussian way is proving the wrong way, he advocates the Prussian way. He crabbled the Territorials."

for years. He did his best to ruin them, with the assistance of the War Office. Then the London Scottish came along, with results well defined by Sir John French. Does this affect the conscriptionist? Not a bit, though the occurrence was exceedingly convenient for him. He wants conscription.

"He will snatch at anything to get it. For many weeks now the theme of despatches, official and unofficial, has been the man-for-man superiority of the British soldier to the German—of the volunteer to the conscript. Conscriptionists . . . found this hard to stomach."

So far as I can judge the attitude of trade union leaders their opposition to compulsory service is based on the suspicion that it is a deliberate scheme to sap the independence and self-reliance of British citizens. Even the poets give some warrant for this idea.

"Vain, misthriest fleets of iron framed; Vain those all-shattering guns; Unless proud England keep unamed The strong heart of her sons."

COLIN MCKAY.

FOUR OFFICERS IN INDIAN REG'T. MURDERED

Killed By Two Fanatic Mohammedans Who Ran Amuck in the Line When Trying to Escape.

London, July 2.—The killing of a major, a captain, a lieutenant and a captain and a sergeant, all officers of the Eighth Indian Cavalry, by two fanatic Mohammedans who were subsequently shot to death, was announced tonight by the British official press bureau. The statement follows:

"A lamentable tragedy occurred in the Eighth Cavalry of the Indian army stationed at Jhansi, (in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, British India). Two Mohammedan soldiers ran amuck in the lines, shooting and killing Major Gale and cutting down Lieut. Courtenay, who has since died of his wounds.

"The murderers ran toward the officers' mess, and on the way met and wounded Capt. Hudson. Turning towards the artillery barracks they fired at a sergeant and a bombardier, wounding slightly the former and killing the latter.

"The murderers were pursued and shot down by a party of men of the regiment, led by two British officers, but not before they had fired and killed another officer, Captain Cooper."

"The two men are reported to have been of a morose and fanatical disposition."

HEAD OF RUSSIA'S PURCHASING COMMISSION MEETS FAMILY

Prominent among the passengers who arrived in America recently on the Kristiansfjord, of the Norwegian-American line, were Mrs. Helene Sapojnikoff and her daughter, Miss Barbara, wife and child of General A. W. Sapojnikoff, head of the Russian Purchasing Commission in the United States, with headquarters in New York. General Sapojnikoff, who said he preferred his civil title of professor of chemistry in the Institute of Engineering, Ways and Communications, Petrograd, met his wife and daughter. He said the average American knows but little about Europe, and least of all about Russia, for the only news of Europe now published dwells on catastrophes.



GENERAL AND MRS. SAPOJNIKOFF, SON AND DAUGHTER.

LATE SHIPPING
St. Nazaire, June 25—Ard: Str Wray Castle, Howe, Montreal.
Goussier, June 30—Ard: Sch Lavinio, Pubico, N. S.
Boston, June 30—Ard: Sch Annie, Salmon River.
Old June 30: Sch Bravo, Halifax Vineyard Haven, June 20—Ard: Sch Beatrice L. Corkum, Port Leadway, S. Lilla B. Hirtle, Gaspe, Que. B. Hazard, Boston.

used
NEW YORK COTTON MARKET SALES

High	Low	Close
10.05	9.94	9.99
10.25	9.18	10.29
10.41	10.40	.44
9.84	9.20	9.28
9.76	.64	9.79

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM
GRAVEL
DIABETES

TURN DATE
Monday, July 5th

IMPERIAL THEATRE
"The Spoilers"

Case of Insistent Requests
Three days rain of first engagement of this famous film kept them at home.

MATINEE AND NIGHT ONLY!

Season Prices 10 & 15c.
R. Prices, 10, 15, 25c.

Coupon Reserved Seats
cents On Sale Now.

TUES. COMEDY
Keynote Film Riot
"OTHER PEOPLES' BUSINESS"

CHESTER CONKIN
Is a Force of Smiling
Hits and Laughable
Adversaries

RAVAGANZA!
Elements of Brilliant Pastimes
DANCES AND
DRELL JUMPING

"WHEN EAST MEETS WEST"
Scenic Comedy Constructed
Along New Theatrical Lines

RAISE TONIGHT

BIG FUN SHOW offered by
Matinee starts at 2:30—the
10, 30c. DON'T MISS IT.

An entire change of production, a real classy musical
New York Winter Garden.
ERY AND COSTUMES. A
AT QUARTETTE will be about
the show is changed

well to book front seats but
is one dazzling, scintillating.

DETECTIVE PLAY
AND COMEDIANS

113"
Emil Gaborn's
Famous Tale of French
Detective Work

makeville Volunteers'
ONE LONG SHOUT OF FUN
With Sophie and Sluggery Slim

"LOST IN GREAT BIG LONDON"
Killed Lord John?
The Meantime

Laughter and Excitement

THE SPOILERS"

The St. John Standard

Published by The Standard Limited, 32 Prince William street, St. John, N. B., Canada.

H. V. MacKINNON, Managing Editor.
ALFRED E. McGINLEY, Editor.
United States Representatives: Henry DeClarue, Chicago, Ill. Louis Kiebach, New York.
British Representative: Frederick A. Smyth, London.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1915.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King.
TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

NEW BRUNSWICK'S RESOURCES.

Life is not all politics, nor is industry wholly subservient to the war. There are more lines of activity than the solidifying of the party vote and more people engaged in their own every-day affairs than in the work of the Red Cross. Men and women are much the same wherever they may be and it is true in this province as elsewhere that today, in spite of the chaotic belligerency of Europe, those engaged in commercial and industrial enterprises are endeavoring to the best of their ability to attend to their own business.

It is equally true that far away fields look green, and, perhaps, there are in New Brunswick at the present time many who believe that this province is not endowed by nature with qualifications entitling it to rank with the successful producers of the world's necessities. Many are inclined to listen attentively to stories of wealth afar off and to disregard true tales of what happens to be found nearer home. Yet we believe in New Brunswick and that there is reason for our faith is clear to all who pause for a moment to consider our advantages. Indeed when dealing with the resources of this province, superlatives may be freely used without exaggeration.

Now realize that in New Brunswick are to be found the richest open deposit of iron ore in the world, the greatest pulp mill in America, the most up-to-date sugar refinery in the world, the finest apple growing districts in all Canada, the most important undeveloped water powers in the Dominion, the richest known oil shales, and many other advantages which have become so common in our every-day conversation that we fail to rate them at their full worth.

Appreciating this familiar falling on the part of mankind, The Standard is endeavoring to bring to the notice of people generally something about their home land which while perhaps known in a semi-conscious way, is not clearly impressed on the minds of many.

On Saturday last week this paper printed a review of the discovery and development of the antimony mines at Lake George in York County. Today we offer for consideration something about the magnificent new pulp mill which is now being completed in Bathurst by the Bathurst Lumber Company. This splendid industry is a direct outcome of the far-sighted policy of the provincial administration. In fact, a policy enunciated by Hon. J. K. Flemming, the effects of whose statesmanship will be appreciated more and more as years pass by, and is made possible by the belief in New Brunswick entertained by a group of men, not natives of this province, who, however, realize the possibilities lying to their hands. For next Saturday The Standard hopes to offer a third article along similar lines, and unless something unforeseen prevents there will be a series of these features continuing for some weeks, all touching upon the advantages of this land of ours in whose progress all are so deeply concerned.

THE WAR SITUATION.

Heavy fighting without decisive result is the story from all the zones of war. The Allies appear to have made most progress in the Dardanelles, where, according to an official report from General Sir Ian Hamilton, they were able to consolidate them in preparation for defence. The fighting there appears to have been especially desperate and the losses heavy on both sides.

In the western war zone the Germans have again made vigorous attacks on positions held by the British and French troops but although the losses have been heavy there has been no decisive result. In the east the Germans and Austrians are still advancing in Galicia and Poland. The Russians are putting up a strenuous resistance but without apparent result as the pace of the enemy has not slackened.

The events of the past month have served to convince the British people that this will be a long and costly war. It is now reported that business in Great Britain is commencing to feel the pinch and a realization that the Empire's resources of men and money

will be severely taxed before the struggle ends is now general.

It is not believed that the torpedoing of the steamer Armerian will give additional cause for complaint in the United States. A score or more of Americans lost their lives in the tragedy but as they were engaged in carrying contraband for the Allies, and the Armerian attempted to evade the German submarine when approached, it is felt that America's attitude will not be changed because of their death. The first naval engagement to be reported for some weeks is said to have taken place in the Baltic between German and Russian vessels and while reports to hand are meagre it would seem that the Germans were worsted. The results of the comparatively little naval fighting since the war opened seem to indicate that the Germans are outclassed in that field, but land operations, it must be confessed, are not so satisfactory as to give hope for an early end of hostilities.

CANADA'S GRAND OLD MAN.

Sir Charles Tupper, Canada's grand old man, celebrated yesterday the ninety-fourth anniversary of his birth. For some years the veteran Canadian statesman has been living in retirement in Bexley Heath, a few miles from London, and it is reported of him that while his physical capacity has paid toll to his advancing years he retains phenomenal mental vigor.

Sir Charles Tupper, Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir George Etienne Cartier were undoubtedly the three leading spirits in the confederation of Canada. The latter gentlemen have passed from earth but Sir Charles lives to see the tremendous results of that action. He has lived to see the federation he helped to form, send to the aid of the British Empire, in a conflict threatening even the very existence of that empire, the greatest contingent of fighting men that ever crossed the Atlantic Ocean; he has lived to know that the men of that contingent stood shoulder to shoulder with the soldiers of Britain and did their duty in a manner that cannot but bring added lustre to this country. If he is spared for two years he will see Canada round out half a century of life as the greatest of the British sister nations, truly a fitting climax to the career of a man who played such a prominent part in the foundation of this great Dominion.

The facts of Sir Charles Tupper's life and service for Canada are too well known to require reference. The pages of Canadian history teem with tributes to his worth and work. Already he has lived far beyond the span of life allotted to man but it will be the wish of every Canadian that he may be spared to enjoy years of pleasant leisure, enhanced by reflection on events in a distinguished career in the public life of the Empire.

THE GARLAND CASE.

W. F. Garland accepted the inevitable. The representative of Carleton, Ont., in the Canadian House of Commons, has decided to resign his seat and retire to private life. Unquestionably his action was the result of his repudiation by Sir Robert Borden and the knowledge that having profited from a government contract he would not be permitted by the Premier to continue as a member of the Canadian Parliament.

Sir Robert Borden has acted wisely, not only in the case of Garland but in the binocular scandal as well. As soon as evidence was presented to the Public Accounts Committee, and it was shown that an official of the Militia Department was involved, the suspension of that official was at once ordered. Events since that time have shown the wisdom of this course, for Col. Hardman certainly did not do his duty when he passed as first class an inferior binocular supplied by a contractor who was so deeply concerned with the question of profits than with the quality of the article with which he was purposed to equip the Canadian soldiers.

The course of the Government throughout has been honest and above board. It was the government's desire that only the best articles should be supplied and the price fixed was sufficiently high to ensure this. That the plan failed in the case of the binoculars, was due entirely to the cupidity of an unscrupulous contractor and the absolute dishonesty of a Grit appointed official.

AUTO GOES OVER EMBANKMENT, ONE OF OCCUPANTS KILLED

Patrick Heffernan, Probably Fatally Hurt and Miss Geneva Johnson Killed in Accident at Andover, N. B.

Special to The Standard.

Andover, N. B., July 2.—A sad accident occurred at seven-thirty this evening when Patrick Heffernan, while backing out of his own yard in an auto, lost control of the machine which plunged over a twenty-five foot embankment and turned over against a tree. Miss Geneva Johnson, who was returning to her work in the car with Heffernan, was caught between the car and the tree and instantly killed. Mr. Heffernan was badly cut and bruised, and has been unconscious since the accident. The extent of his injuries is unknown, but it is feared they may prove fatal.

APPOHAQUI NOTES.

Apohaqui, July 2.—Mrs. R. H. McCready and sons of Banzor, Me., who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. McCready, returned to their home yesterday. Mrs. McCready spent a few days of this week in Sackville, guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. McCready. Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Burgess were visitors to Hampton on Wednesday where they were guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Heston Park.

Major and Mrs. Jones and family motored down from Sussex last evening where Mrs. Jones has been spending a few days with her husband. Major Jones returned this evening to Sussex where preparations are being made to remove the 55th Battalion to Valcartier.

Miss Florence Ellison is spending a few days with friends in Sussex. Miss Vida Reid, head milliner for Jones Bros., left on Tuesday of this week to spend her vacation at her home in Oxford, N. S.

The students from here who graduated in the Sussex High school were the Misses Ruth Tingley, Ethel Gilchrist and Harold Pearson. Rev. J. L. and Mrs. Tingley, Mr. and Mrs. Murray Gilchrist and L. D. Pearson were visitors at the graduation exercises on Tuesday evening.

Dr. Gilbert Chamberlain, Fort Fairfield, Me., and Miss Nettie Chamberlain were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Secord on Monday.

Col. H. Montgomery-Campbell spent a few days of last week in Halifax. Miss Lillian Sharp, Collins, was the guest of her aunt Mrs. E. Erb, for a few days last week.

Little Benny's Note Book.

By LEE PAPE
I got a letter from sister Carry this morning, Willyum, ma sed to pop wile we was eating breakfast today.
How nice, sed pop. And he kep on drinking his kawfee with wun hand and reeding the papir with the uthir, and ma sed, Carry tells me she had sutch a nice time at Lola Joneses wedding.
Eh, heb, sed pop.
Carry ses Lola had 6 brides maids and reseed moar than 100 presents, sed ma.
To bad, to bad, sed pop going awn reeding.
How do you meen, to bad, sed ma.
I meen, how charming, I see the papirs are still full of that Bryan affair, sed pop.
Carry also rites that her husband seems to be awl ovir his lumbago, sed ma.
That probery of aborring intrist to Carrys husband, but I cant say id wawk meny miles out of my way to heer it, sed pop, my deer, I wish you woud realize that the most importint thing in this shoart life is a sents of the value of seelckshin, now I havent red Carrys letter, but ill bet a dollir to a jitney that thares not wun thing in it that woud reely intrist me.
Wy, Willyum, sertyn thare is, sed ma.
I repeat, not wun thing, sed pop. I defy you to reed me wun thing out of that letter that will make me exhibit the sliest curiosity, intrist or estement.
Awl rite, sed ma, heer you are rite in the verry start, Carry ses, Pawleen, I am riteng to tell you that I simply insist awn yupe making Willyum allow you to go with me for a weak in the mountains, it wont cost moar than 60 dollirs, Im sure.
Jumping Billy Studey, sed pop.
Thare, that intrist you, duzent it, sed ma, are you going to let me go.
You wimin are wun of the deepest sexes in the world, sed pop, now wy in the naim of John D. Blazes did you haff to ring in awl that stuff about lumbago and bride-maids befor terting awn the fatal shock, in the old days that woud of come undir the hod of torture.
Hee hee, sed ma, are you going to let me go.
Ill think it ovir, sed pop. Wich hes still doink.

The Best Quality at a Reasonable Price.

You Need a Good Watch Most In Summer

In summer an accurate watch becomes an exceedingly important necessity in your leisure time as well as during business hours.

Much of your pleasure depends on having accurate time if you are travelling, missing a train may bring all kinds of trouble and waiting around a railway station, because you haven't correct time is tedious and causes you to miss many pleasant experiences.

Even if you don't travel, correct time plays an important part in much of your fun.

Come in and look at watches. You'll find you can afford to own a good Howard, Waltham, Hamilton or DeLormel, for they are the best watches made and Sharp's prices are exceedingly reasonable.

L. L. Sharpe & Son, JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS.

21 King Street, St. John, N. B.

Now Is the Time To Plan for the Summer

St. John's Summers are so deliciously cool that the city is a place of refuge during the hot season, and study just as pleasant as at any other time. Students can enter at any time. Catalogues mailed to any address.



A Perfect Food For the Growing Child

BUTTERNUT BREAD — rich in the best wheat nutrition, easily digested, light, clean, pure and Sweet as a Nut.
Comes Wax-Paper Wrapped—At the Grocers

Don't Lay This Paper Down

Turn to page 12 and let your children enter the contests.

TORONTO BANK CLEARINGS.

Toronto, July 2.—Bank clearings in Toronto for the week ending June 30 were \$28,196,295, as compared with \$34,982,217 for the corresponding week last year.

Reduced Prices On 1915 Styles Men's Low Shoes



"Hart" Dull Calf Patent Tan and Vici Kid \$5.00 low shoes Now \$4.50
Dull Calf and Tan \$5.00 low shoes Now \$4.00
Dull Calf \$5.50 low shoes Now \$3.00
Dongola \$2.50 low shoes Now \$2.00
Open Friday Evenings and all day Saturdays Until 10.30 p. m.

FRANCIS & VAUGHAN, 19 King St.

Don't Let The Roof Leak

Only a few Shingles may be needed to make it tight. Let your carpenter fix it now before the rain spoils the ceilings.
Our Clear Shingles make a good roof.
Write or Phone us for anything in Lumber.
Christie Woodworking Co. Ltd. Erin Street

A Perfect Food For the Growing Child

BUTTERNUT BREAD — rich in the best wheat nutrition, easily digested, light, clean, pure and Sweet as a Nut.
Comes Wax-Paper Wrapped—At the Grocers

Don't Lay This Paper Down

Turn to page 12 and let your children enter the contests.

Solves the Breakfast Problem

For nine years Kellogg's Corn Flakes have constantly increased in popularity and have solved the breakfast problem in thousands of Canadian homes.

Made in - Canada from the Sweet Heart of the finest white corn. 10c. per package.



MODERN TIME PIECES

The accurate Time Keeping qualities of "The Modern Watch" are to be found in the Watch of Moderate and even Low Price, as Compared with those of our Grandfathers time. Our large stock of Watches, are from "The Best" only of the "Modern Watch Factories" You should consult us about Watch accuracy. Ferguson & Page, Diamond Importers and Jewelers—King Street.

Going Fishing?

We can outfit you with the best and most improved FISHING TACKLE, and our stock is a large and well assorted one. Visit our Sporting Goods Department and get what you require to make your fishing trip a pleasant one.

See "OUR SPECIAL" STEEL RODS, 3 Pieces—8 1-2, 9 1-2 and 10 ft. lengths, with Reducer, adapting it to Stream or Lake use, \$2.25 Without Reducer, 2.00

T. McAVITY & SONS LTD., 13 KING ST.

Printing

You Want Printing We Want Your Orders
Come In and Ascertain the Cost

THE STANDARD JOB PRINTING CO. St. John, N. B.

D. K. McLAREN, LIMITED

Manufacturers of Genuine English Oak Tanned Leather Belting, Balata Belting Lace Leather and Belt Fastenings of Every Description. Complete Stock at 64 Prince Wm. St. Phone 1121. St. John, N. B.

WE HAVE MOVED TO THE TISDALE BUILDING

And will be prepared to handle all orders for ENGRAVING and PRINTING in a few days FLEWELLING PRESS, 3 Water Street, Corner South Wharf, Phone No. 1740-11. St. John, N. B.

Me... Sale At Three Store... If Bo... OPERA... Izzy Cohen took the bank, put the sad took the tr When he got the crowd and found Gaden. Between stage and the sig aret, Izzy almost His adventures musical comedy, thrift, in the N. which the Empire agents at the Oper Tuesday and Wed Without exception tended the perfor week thought this best of its kind t St. John. The m many says that the ed for the first of even better. "Izzy" is played is without except comedian in mus We have had im but Mike is the re and has a strangi dions of local thea Dick Stead w brand new in des

More Shoe Bargains

Sale At Three Stores The Very Shoes You Want For Summer Wear

- Women's White Canvas Colonials, Covered Heels, 88c.
- Girls' White Canvas Mary Jane Pumps, 68c.
- Children's White Canvas Mary Jane Pumps, 58c.

Waterbury & Rising, Ltd.

King st. Main st. Union st.

"Scientific" Acetylene Generators

All the comforts of a city residence, so far as lighting is concerned, can be had in any part of the country. We have hundreds of churches, residences, stores, hotels, etc., lighted with our systems: Fully guaranteed. Send for descriptive circular.

P. CAMPBELL & CO., Manufacturers
73 Prince Wm. St.

If You Are a Boy or Girl

Turn to page 12 of this issue and enter the contest.



A GROUP OF FUN MAKERS WITH THE EMPIRE MUSICAL COMEDY COMPANY AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

OPERA HOUSE

Izzy Cohen took a roll of money from the bank, put the shutters on his store and took the train for New York. When he got there he followed the crowd and found himself in the Winter Garden. Between the show on the stage and the sights he saw the cabaret, Izzy almost lost his eyesight. His adventures form the plot of the musical comedy, "Izzy, the Spendthrift, in the N. Y. Winter Garden," which the Empire Musical Comedy presents at the Opera House for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week. Without exception, everybody who attended the performances of the past week thought this show was about the best of its kind that has ever played St. John. The manager of the company says that the show he has selected for the first of the coming week is even better.

"Izzy" is played by Mike Sachs, who is without exception the best Hebrew comedian in musical comedy today. We have had imitations here before but Mike is the real simon-pure article and has a strange hold on the affections of local theatre goers already. Dick Stead will offer something brand new in descriptive songs, staged with special effects. That Comedy Quartette will drop the comedy and slug something real classy, an announcement that will be interesting to music lovers. All the other members of the company will be seen to advantage.

The show will be staged with all new special scenery used only for this production and beautiful costumes that dazzle and delight the eye. Altogether "Izzy in the Winter Garden" will positively be a classy \$2.00 production, the like of which has never before been seen on the local stage at little prices. There will be a matinee on Wednesday. All night performances are over in plenty of time for out of town patrons to make their suburban trains. Seats may be reserved in advance. The phone number is Main 1363.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of Miss Blanche Northrup, Brooks street, took place yesterday afternoon. Rev. Dr. Hutchinson conducted the service. Interment in Cedar Hill.

The funeral of Patrick Nugent took place Friday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from his late residence, 106 Marsh road to the cathedral, where services were conducted by Rev. Wm. M. Duke. Interment was in the new Catholic cemetery.

NEWSPAPER MAN FROM BERMUDA VISITING HERE

John J. Bushell, Proprietor of Only Daily Paper on the Island—Talks of Conditions There.

John J. Bushell, of Bermuda, is a visitor in St. John. He arrived here, with Mrs. Bushell, via New York and Boston a few days ago and intends staying in the city for a short time. T. D. Popbam, of 181 Duke street, now on service with the 26th Battalion, is Mrs. Bushell's eldest brother. Mr. Bushell, at the beginning of the present year, received the appointment of King's printer in Bermuda. He is also manager of the Colonist and Daily News, the only daily paper published in the island.

Mr. Bushell has many interesting things to relate about Bermuda. The climate, he says, is delightfully temperate and salubrious. The island is much favored by the American people as a health resort, but since the beginning of the war tourist travel from and to New York, and other American points, has fallen off considerably, and the steamship service has also been curtailed. There is now only a ten days' service to New York, but a movement is on foot to secure weekly sailings.

The Products.

Onions, potatoes and arrowroot, Mr. Bushell remarks, were formerly the chief items of produce sent to New York, but large quantities of vegetables, such as lettuce, parsley, peas, turnips and carrots are now sent to that city.

Asked as to how the war had affected conditions in Bermuda, Mr. Bushell said the reduction in the touring traffic had resulted adversely to the island's interests as large sums had been annually spent by the Americans. The general impression was that when the war started, the conflict would be a short one, he said, but the people are now convinced that early impressions were wrong and realize that in all probability it will be a long time before peace is possible. "There are no signs of depression on this account, though," he remarked, "for the feeling is that the Allies are sure to succeed in the end."

Domestic Conditions.

Mr. Bushell spoke entertainingly of domestic conditions in Bermuda. The houses, he said, are built mostly of white coral with plaster coatings on the outside and cement on the inside. The whole island is of coral formation. Automobiles are not allowed to traverse the streets of Bermuda. The scenery, Mr. Bushell stated, is superb. "When I left," he said, "the oleanders were in full bloom, and with other flowering shrubs and plants, presented a magnificent sight."

"As Bermuda can be reached from St. John in but a little more than three days," said Mr. Bushell in conclusion, "there seems to be no reason why, if increased steamship facilities can be provided for carrying freight, more business cannot be transacted between the island and your city."

FOR KEEPING TRACE OF CANADIAN SOLDIERS

G. H. Turnbull Offers Timely Suggestion to People of New Brunswick

E. H. Turnbull, who at present represents New Brunswick at London, England, has addressed the following "Open letter to the people of New Brunswick who have sons or other relatives at the front:"

London, W. C., 17th June, 1915.

Few people who have not had actual experience can conceive the difficulty of tracing the whereabouts of getting in touch with a soldier, who has left his home for the present war, after he leaves Canada. The other day a cable came in from an anxious parent as follows: "I have just heard my son, Lieutenant —, has been seriously wounded at the front. Obtain best medical advice; spare no expense." This cable was at once taken to the Canadian Information Bureau in London, but they were not able to do anything in the matter as they had not the slightest idea of the whereabouts of Lieutenant —. It is to overcome difficulties like these that I have opened a Soldiers' Record Book in the New Brunswick Government Office, 37 Southampton street, Strand, London, W. C. If, as soon as a soldier arrives in London he will come in and leave his address here, I will furnish him with a number of addressed postal cards, and will ask him when he leaves England for the front, which is often some months after he arrives, to send them his address in France with his official number and the unit he may be serving in, which oftentimes is a very different unit to the one to which he was attached when he left home or even different to the unit he was attached to when in England. If he is wounded I would ask him to get a nurse or any other person who may be attending him to fill in the card so as to keep us posted as to his whereabouts.

All wounded, without any respect to the different units to which they may belong, are gathered up by bearers as soon as it is possible for these bearers to reach them. In the case of the men in the trenches, it is only possible to take them away at night, they are then conveyed promiscuously about a mile to the rear of the fighting line to a dressing station, where wounds get their first medical dressing; from there they are taken by ambulance to a hospital about four to seven miles from the dressing station. The building is of a more permanent character than the dressing station, and is usually equipped with an operating table; from there they are taken back to a clearing hospital or some base hospital, such as Boulogne or Rouen, and will later on be brought back to some hospital or convalescent home in England. It will easily be seen that unless a soldier will make the effort to keep up in touch with his address from the time he is wounded until he arrives in England, it is hopeless for us to convey any messages from his relatives to him.

Trusting that a number of the relatives of soldiers who have not yet left New Brunswick will impress upon them the importance of keeping our record book fully posted as to their whereabouts, and also that the relatives of those boys who have already left Canada will impress on them the importance of registering here, I am, Faithfully yours,

E. H. TURNBULL,
Representative Province of New Brunswick.

TO ESTABLISH CLUB ROOMS FOR SOLDIERS

Khaki League Formed for This Purpose—Contributions to the Fund are Needed.

One of the pressing needs of the great military camp at Valcartier is the establishment of some place for the amusement of the boys when off duty. Of course, the government supplies them with everything to eat and wear, but it does not provide recreation rooms. When drill is over, on rainy days and dark nights, there is no place for the boys to go except to their tents.

The Khaki League of Montreal was formed last winter for the purpose of establishing recreation rooms for the soldiers mobilizing for the front and for caring for the sick and wounded during the period of convalescence.

The Patron, H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, on a recent visit to Montreal, made a careful personal inspection of the work of the League and opened its first convalescent home.

Three club rooms were opened in Montreal and proved very successful in contributing to the material well being of the men, by giving them comfortable quarters where they could obtain light refreshments in the way of coffee, tea, sandwiches, cake, etc., play games, read the latest papers and magazines, write letters and meet their brother soldiers.

The rooms were continually filled and they were much appreciated by the men, is proved by the numerous letters of thanks received by the secretary and members of the committee.

Club rooms of similar lines have been established in Ottawa and Quebec by committees of the citizens of those places, which have proved to be equally successful.

The Montreal League are now undertaking to establish a branch at Valcartier Camp. This is at the particular request of the camp commandant, Col. Hughes.

It has been suggested that, as a great number of Maritime Province men are in training at Valcartier, the people of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island would like to help in this work.

Perhaps you, who are now reading of the work of this excellent organization, have a son or brother or friend there? You can help to give him many pleasant hours of recreation by subscribing to the League.

The men do not receive this as a charity or anything of that sort. The funds, raised by the league all go into equipment, providing rooms and furniture. For the refreshments the men pay bare cost. There are no salaries for supervision or to any of the officers.

Many subscriptions of one dollar have been received, as one dollar constitutes a membership in the League. A subscription of \$50 or over enrolls a foundation member. The members of the Quebec committee of management are Mrs. Lorenzo Evans and Mrs. J. C. McLimont.

It is hoped that a generous response to this appeal may be forthcoming, as

ST. JOHN RIFLE CLUB SUMMER ACTIVITIES

Indoor Range in Globe-Atlantic Building—Seventy-eight Members.

The members of the St. John Rifle Association have arranged their summer programme and shooting will take place on their range in the basement of the Globe-Atlantic building every Tuesday and Friday evening. The range is seventy-five feet in length and is roomy and well adapted for the purpose.

For indoor shooting the club is equipped with ten rifles of the Lee Enfield type having the regulation B. S. No. 9 service sight. Four targets are available and wooden mounds have been provided for the purpose.

During last summer the club was active and did a great amount of shooting on the outdoor range. Spoon matches were held every Saturday and holiday. Several challenge cups were open for competition.

Shooting was indulged in every evening during the winter on the indoor range, and some fine scores were made.

The association now has a membership of seventy-eight and the officers are as follows: Neil J. Morrison, captain; E. S. R. Murray, lieutenant; James G. Sullivan, secretary; Major Maske, assistant secretary; R. A. C. Brown, A. G. Staples, A. Ellison, Frank Shannon and Fred Emery, executive committee.

THE FUNDS

Red Cross.

A. W. Baird on behalf of Miss Maud Dykeman and Miss Annie Nutter, has handed to Mayor Frink \$26, the proceeds of a social and literary entertainment at Evandale, Kings County. The money is for the Provincial Red Cross Society.

Serbian Relief.

The Knights of Columbus acknowledge receipts of the following sums: Previously acknowledged, \$101.00; Misses Gray & Richey, 5.00; Miss Annie P. O'Neill, 5.00; Mrs. J. Fenwick Fraser, 2.00.

Belgian Relief.

The following subscriptions to the Belgian Relief Fund were received yesterday: M. M. F., \$5.00; Wm. Marley, third contribution, \$1.00; Proceeds entertainment, Southtown, K.C., per Mrs. H. F. Smith, 5.00.

Aid for the Poles.

An appeal for assistance for the Poles has been received from the Polish Relief Committee of Canada by Mayor Frink. The great need in which these people are was pointed out in the circular and it was stated that subscriptions to the fund in aid of these people would be received at any branch of the Bank of Montreal.

In view of the necessity there will be a heavy expenditure required to open the rooms at Valcartier which are bound to be of great assistance and benefit to our soldiers.

Subscriptions should be sent to the secretary, Mr. Austin Stead, 80 St. Francis Xavier street, Montreal.

Develop Your Home Market BUY La Tour Flour

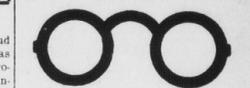
It Has a Flavor All Its Own

MADE IN ST. JOHN. For Sale By All Grocers



Painless Dentistry! We extract teeth free of pain. Only 25c.

We do all kind of dentistry. Call and see us. No charge for consultation. BOSTON DENTAL PARLOR, 157 Main St.—24 Union St. Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor. Tel. Main 652. Open nine a.m. until nine p.m.



The Best Place For the Best Glasses

There is no risk when you get your Glasses here. D. BOYANER, TWO STORES, 38 Dock St., 111 Charlotte St.

Sugar Sugar

With Orders The 2 Barkers Limited 100 Princess St. 111 Brussels St.

Offer 15 lbs. Fine Granulated - for \$1.00 100 lb. Bag Fine Granulated for \$6.45 The prevailing season will soon be here Buy Now!

STEAM BOILERS

We have on hand, and offer for sale the following new boilers built for a safe working pressure of one hundred and twenty-five pounds:— One "Inclined" Type 50 H. P. One Return Tubular Type 60 H. P. One Locomotive Type 20 H. P. Two Vertical Type 20 H. P. Full particulars and prices will be mailed upon request.

I. MATHESON & COMPANY, LTD.

BOILER MAKERS NEW GLASGOW, NOVA SCOTIA

MOLASCUIT

If you wish your horse to have a nice coat this summer try mixing some Molascuit with his grain each meal during April and May while he is shedding his old hair.

For Sale by A. C. SMITH & CO. New Brunswick Agents UNION STREET - WEST END

Manilla Cordage

Galvanized and Black Steel Wire Rope, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Oil, Paints, Flax Tackle Blocks and Motor Boat Supplies, Gurney Ranges and Stoves and Tinware. J. S. SPLANE & CO. 19 Water Street.

Hy-Rib Metal Lath

Best on the Market. Gandy & Allison, Agents 3 and 4 North Wharf.

BRITISH RELIEF PARTY IN THE FAMOUS "PLUG STREET" WOOD



MARCHING BACK TO THE TRENCHES THROUGH "REGENT STREET"

In this picture, drawn especially for this newspaper, the New York Herald and the London Sphere, a relief party is shown marching along Regent street, from the wood of "Ploegsteert," which some time ago became known to the Tommies, and subsequently to the official despatches, as "Pug street." They are marching along the narrow footway made of small branches closely placed together upon bigger transverse below. The men carry back with them from their billets their various personal belongings. Advancing with the party is a lieutenant, map in hand. The men are in no immediate danger, as a long line of sandbags, a little higher than a man, provides sufficient defence. Above the height of six feet the slender trees are scarred with marks where the bullets hit them a glancing blow. Sometimes a man will turn his head to follow, as it were, the track of a singing bullet through the air. On the extreme right is a sandbag shelter.

Late Gossip Of The Sporting World At Home And Abroad

BASEBALL IN THE BIG LEAGUES

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Buffalo, 8; Baltimore, 4.—The opening game of the series here today, 8 to 4. Blair's hitting featured the game. The score: Buffalo, 220000013—8 9 1; Baltimore, 00000000—2 8 1. Batteries: Krapp, Bedient and Blair; Quinn and Jacklitsch.

Newark, 7; Brooklyn, 2.—Newark defeated Brooklyn here today, 7 to 2. Rain fell throughout the game. The score: Brooklyn, 20000000—2 6 1; Newark, 20010004—7 9 1. Batteries: Smith and Simon; Falkenberg and Raitner. (Only three Federals scheduled.)

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Harrisburg, 3; Jersey, 1.—The old Newark Indians, driven from their native haunts by the Federal invasion, celebrated their chance to a new home by winning from Jersey City in their first game in Harrisburg by a score of 3 to 1. They performed the almost remarkable feat of getting three runs and winning on a total of two hits, which was all they could gather off Crutcher, recently imported, with his battery mate Trassessor from the Boston Braves. The score: Jersey City, 00000000—1 6 1; Harrisburg, 00000001—3 2 1. Batteries: Crutcher and Trassessor; Schiack and Heckinger.

Toronto, 1; Buffalo, 0.—Toronto, July 2.—One run scored by client to win from Buffalo today, the game being called at the end of the fifth inning on account of rain. Manning was in fine form, allowing the Bisons only two hits in the five innings. The score: Buffalo, 00000000—0 2 0; Toronto, 00000001—1 4 0. Batteries: Bader and Lalonde; Manning and Kocher.

Postponed.
Montreal-Rochester, wet grounds.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 1; Washington, 0.—New York climbed back into fourth place today by defeating Washington in a light hitting game by a score of 1 to 0. The score: Washington, 00000000—0 2 1; New York, 00000100—1 3 2.

Batteries: Shaw, Ayres and Henry; Pich and Sweeney.

Detroit, 2; Chicago, 1.—Detroit, July 2.—Faber suffered his third defeat of the season today when Detroit defeated Chicago, 2 to 1. He has won 13 games. Dubuc gave more hits than Faber, but Chicago could not bunt them. Crawford's home run drive over the bleacher screen featured the score: Chicago, 00100000—1 8 2; Detroit, 01000001—2 7 1. Batteries: Faber and Schalk; Dubuc and Baker.

Postponed Games.
Cleveland-St. Louis, rain.
Philadelphia-Boston, wet grounds.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 3; New York, 0.—Brooklyn, July 2.—Coombs and Mathewson engaged in a pitcher's duel here today with Coombs having the better of the veteran Giant, shutting out New York by 3 to 0, giving Brooklyn its third straight game from New York. The score: New York, 00000000—0 4 3; Brooklyn, 00000023—3 6 1. Batteries: Mathewson and Meyers; Coombs and Miller.

St. Louis, 2; Cincinnati, 0.—Cincinnati, July 2.—Meadows allowed Cincinnati one hit and St. Louis won 2 to 0. St. Louis made its two runs by three successive hits and a sacrifice hit in the eighth inning. The score:

GREAT OLD PLAYER SUSPENDED



Because of his flight on the field with "Hap" Myers, of the Brookfords, "Joe" Tinker, the Chicago boss, has been suspended. Myers suffered a similar punishment. Tinker joshed Myers after the big first baseman had been put out, and in a rage Myers knocked "Joe" to the ground. Several players on the opposing teams separated them when Tinker got to his feet.

UPHOLDS SPORTING CONDITIONS

The Prince of Wales, heir to the British throne, who passed his twenty-first birthday Wednesday, June 23rd, is an all-round athlete and sportsman, and apparently well able to uphold the sporting traditions which attach to the name. Since the thirteenth century, when Edward Plantagenet became the first English Prince of Wales, the holder has usually been a patron and devotee of sport. When the Hanoverian dynasty was set up two centuries ago, and George Augustus of Hanover, afterward King George II, assumed the Welsh title, he inaugurated a new line of sporting princes. As prince and monarch he was a patron of all sorts of sports, and was an admirer of Jack Broughton, the father of modern boxing. Prince Frederick Lewis, son of George II, never reached the throne, as his father survived him, but he became a monarch of the British sporting world.

JACK BARRY SOLD

Boston, July 2.—Jack Barry, short stop of the Philadelphia Athletics for several years, was sold to the Boston Americans today. He will oppose his former team mates tomorrow when he will play second base for the Red Sox. President Lannin stated tonight.

TWILIGHT LEAGUE BASEBALL

HAZEN AVE. LEAGUE.
In the Junior Hazen Avenue League series last evening the Tigers defeated the Giants by a score of 9 to 3. The batteries were: Tigers, Priers and Cohen; for the Giants, Doherty and Christie.

EAST END LEAGUE.

In the East End League series last evening the Nationals won from the Commercials with a score of 8 to 4. The game lasted five innings and was marked by some very fast ball playing. The official score and summary follows:

Nationals	A	B	R	H	P	O	A	E
Seely, lb	2	1	1	8	1	0		
B. Sproul, c	3	0	2	2	1	0		
Smith, p	3	3	1	0	3	1		
Cunningham, rf	3	1	1	0	0			
Shepard, ss	3	1	0	3	0			
Speedy, 3b	2	0	1	0	0			
Yeomans, 2b	2	1	0	1	1	0		
W. Sproul, rf	3	0	2	0	0			
Totals	24	10	15	12	4			

Commercials

Commercials	A	B	R	H	P	O	A	E
Garrett, cf & lb	3	1	1	2	1	0		
Gorman, lb & p	3	2	0	4	1			
Gaskin, 2b	3	0	1	2	1			
McHugh, lf	3	0	2	0	0			
Ramsey, 3b	2	0	2	1	0			
Pendrich, rf	3	0	1	0	0			
Pirie, c	1	0	0	2	1			
Brennan, ss	1	0	0	2	1			
Hatheway, p & cf	1	0	0	1	0			
Gaynes, cf	0	1	0	0	0			
Totals	21	4	15	7	3			

Score by Innings:

Nationals, 25510—8
Commercials, 00103—4
Summary—Nationals (8), Commercials (4). Sacrifice hit, Ramsey. Struck out by Smith (1), by Hatheway (1) in two and one-third innings. Base on balls by Gorman (3), by Hatheway (2), by Gorman (1) in one inning. Hits off Hatheway (7), off Garrett (2) in one and two-third innings, off Gorman (1). Double play, Smith to Speedy to Seely. Wild pitch, Smith. Passed ball, Pirie. Stolen bases, Pirie, Smith, Shepard. Time of game 1 hour 5 min. Umpire, J. McAllister. Scorer, H. Nixon. Tonight—Alerts vs. Glenwoods.

SOUTH END LEAGUE.

A fair attendance witnessed a snappy game of ball on the Barrack Green last evening, when the Curlews defeated the Lantics by a score of 7 to 3. The game was closely contested to the sixth and last inning when the Curlews got seven men across the plate. The official score and summary follows:

Curlews	A	B	R	H	P	O	A	E
F. McKel, c	4	0	0	12	1			
W. Bartlett, rf	3	1	1	0	0			
T. McDonald, 3rd b.	4	1	0	0	2			
W. McDonald, 2nd b.	1	1	0	0	2			
Pirie, ss	3	1	1	0	0			
Donovan, 1st b.	3	1	4	0	1			
Quinn, lf	2	1	1	2	1			
Murray, 3b	2	0	0	0	0			
Akerley, c	2	1	2	2	1			
C. McKel, p	2	1	2	2	1			
Totals	28	11	10	18	6			

Lantics

Lantics	A	B	R	H	P	O	A	E
Mooney, ss	2	0	1	1	4			
Cole, 1st b.	2	0	0	0	1			
Allendale, cf	2	0	0	0	0			
Dunn, 2nd b.	2	0	1	3	1			
Lowerson, rf	3	1	1	0	0			
Harley, lf	3	1	1	0	0			
Murray, 3b	2	0	0	0	0			
Akerley, c	2	1	2	3	0			
Lawrence, p	3	0	2	0	2			
Totals	21	3	8	18	8			

Summary: Curlews, 11; Lantics, 3;

home run, Donovan; three-base hit, Bartlett; two-base hit, McGivern; bases on balls off Lawrence 9, off McKel 4; struck out by Lawrence 4, by McKel 11; hit by pitched ball, Law-

THE R.K.Y.C. LONG DISTANCE MOTOR RACE

The Royal Kennebecasis Yacht Club has decided to hold a long distance handicap motor boat race on Saturday, July 10th, and the course will be from Millidgeville to Erb's Cove on the Belleisle.

The circular which is being sent out to all boat owners in the province is as follows:

You are cordially invited to take part in the R. K. Y. C. annual long distance race to be held on Saturday afternoon, July 10th. This race is open to all clubs and all motor boat owners in the provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, and it is hoped there will be a long list of entries. At least ten prizes will be awarded. The race will be run as one race, but boats will be divided into three classes: Speed boats, cruisers and open boats, on the basis of the American Power Boat Association classification.

Handicaps will be given at the start and the first boat to finish will be given a sweepstakes prize. There will be also first, second and third prizes in each of the three classes. Start will be made from Millidgeville at two p.m. for the first boat, and each other boat will start as her handicap expires. Final instructions as to signals, course and time of start will be given to each boat before the race. Each boat will carry a racing number, said number will be furnished by the secretary upon receipt of entry. Entries closed July 8th at ten p.m. Carrying of tender optional. Course will be starting from Millidgeville, thence out through western channel, following regular steamboat channel up St. John river (going Oak Point side of Grass Island) to Gorman's Bluff at entrance of Belleisle Lake, follow dredged channel from Gorman's Bluff to Shampers wharf, thence up Belleisle Lake to finishing line off wharf in Erb's Cove.

Boats that are not already measured should arrange with the secretary before July 8th to have this done, or certificate of measurement made by any official club measurer will be accepted. Entries and measurement certificate must be in before July 8th at ten p.m. to give time to make up handicaps.

It is hoped that every owner of a motor boat, large and small, will enter for this event. Not only is a good sporting contest which will afford much exciting racing and keen competition, but it gives an opportunity for an enjoyable trip through the most beautiful part of the St. John river waters. The distance is not excessive, and can be easily covered in daylight, and a leisurely return can be made the next day.

Deane Gandy, secretary motor boat committee, R. K. Y. C., Box 431, St. John, N. B. Phone M. 478. Phone M. 1292-21 (house).

tonight's Game
Lantics vs. Tartars.

tonight's Game
Lantics vs. Tartars.

Accessible—Reasonable in Price

Hotel Seymour
44-50 West 45th Street
NEW YORK
Between Fifth Avenue and Broadway. Three minutes from Grand Central Station. Near Shops and Theaters. Large Light Rooms. Beautifully Furnished.
Rooms, with Bath, \$2.00
Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, 3.00
Excellent Restaurant a la Carte
Also HOTEL BRETON HALL
Broadway & 86th Street

TO HELP SPEED UP THE WAR MUNITIONS OUTPUT IN ITALY

Committee Formed in Lombardy to Co-operate With Military Authorities in Organizing the Industries.

Milan, Italy, July 2, via Paris.—Lombardy, Italy's greatest manufacturing centre, has organized a "preparation for munitions" committee, the executive committee of which, in collaboration with the military authorities, will work to organize Italian industries on a vast scale to cope with the new and unexpected national situation regarding munitions.

The duties of the committee will be to ascertain if the various factories can supply the necessary machinery to enable them to undertake army work; to inform the various industries what the state requires; to regulate the prices to be charged, and stimulate rapidly in construction, which is expected to be obtained through methodical work during long hours and the alteration of fresh artisans for day and night duties.

The committee, whose services will be rendered gratuitously, consists of experts belonging to the Milan College of Engineers and Architects, and the Italian Electro-Technic Association, which are largely providing the funds required, aided by subscriptions from the residents of Milan.

the executive committee of which, in collaboration with the military authorities, will work to organize Italian industries on a vast scale to cope with the new and unexpected national situation regarding munitions.

The committee, whose services will be rendered gratuitously, consists of experts belonging to the Milan College of Engineers and Architects, and the Italian Electro-Technic Association, which are largely providing the funds required, aided by subscriptions from the residents of Milan.

the executive committee of which, in collaboration with the military authorities, will work to organize Italian industries on a vast scale to cope with the new and unexpected national situation regarding munitions.

The committee, whose services will be rendered gratuitously, consists of experts belonging to the Milan College of Engineers and Architects, and the Italian Electro-Technic Association, which are largely providing the funds required, aided by subscriptions from the residents of Milan.

the executive committee of which, in collaboration with the military authorities, will work to organize Italian industries on a vast scale to cope with the new and unexpected national situation regarding munitions.

The committee, whose services will be rendered gratuitously, consists of experts belonging to the Milan College of Engineers and Architects, and the Italian Electro-Technic Association, which are largely providing the funds required, aided by subscriptions from the residents of Milan.

the executive committee of which, in collaboration with the military authorities, will work to organize Italian industries on a vast scale to cope with the new and unexpected national situation regarding munitions.

The committee, whose services will be rendered gratuitously, consists of experts belonging to the Milan College of Engineers and Architects, and the Italian Electro-Technic Association, which are largely providing the funds required, aided by subscriptions from the residents of Milan.

the executive committee of which, in collaboration with the military authorities, will work to organize Italian industries on a vast scale to cope with the new and unexpected national situation regarding munitions.

The committee, whose services will be rendered gratuitously, consists of experts belonging to the Milan College of Engineers and Architects, and the Italian Electro-Technic Association, which are largely providing the funds required, aided by subscriptions from the residents of Milan.

the executive committee of which, in collaboration with the military authorities, will work to organize Italian industries on a vast scale to cope with the new and unexpected national situation regarding munitions.

The committee, whose services will be rendered gratuitously, consists of experts belonging to the Milan College of Engineers and Architects, and the Italian Electro-Technic Association, which are largely providing the funds required, aided by subscriptions from the residents of Milan.

Ford Car Owners HAVE AN

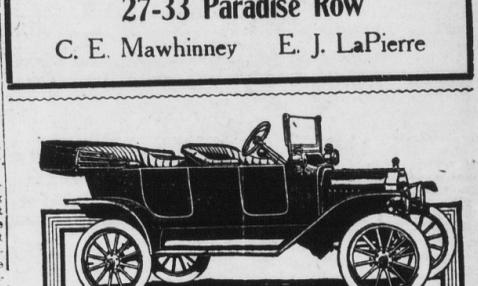
Apelco Electric Starter INSTALLED

Price Complete \$100

Imperial Garage & Motor Co.

Phone Main 2478
27-33 Paradise Row

C. E. Mawhinney E. J. LaPierre



Ford Touring Car Price \$590

Prices of Ford spare parts have been reduced an average of ten per cent. A Ford touring car may now be bought, part by part, for but \$38.87 more than the price of the car ready to run. Another big slice off the "after cost" of motoring.

Buyers of Ford cars will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915.

Runabout \$540; Town Car \$840; F. O. B. Ford, Ontario, with all equipment, including electric headlights. Cars on display and sale at St. John Branch, Main 2806.

At Winnipeg the electric lines afford for all important routes to Alaska, the Pacific, and other parts of the world.

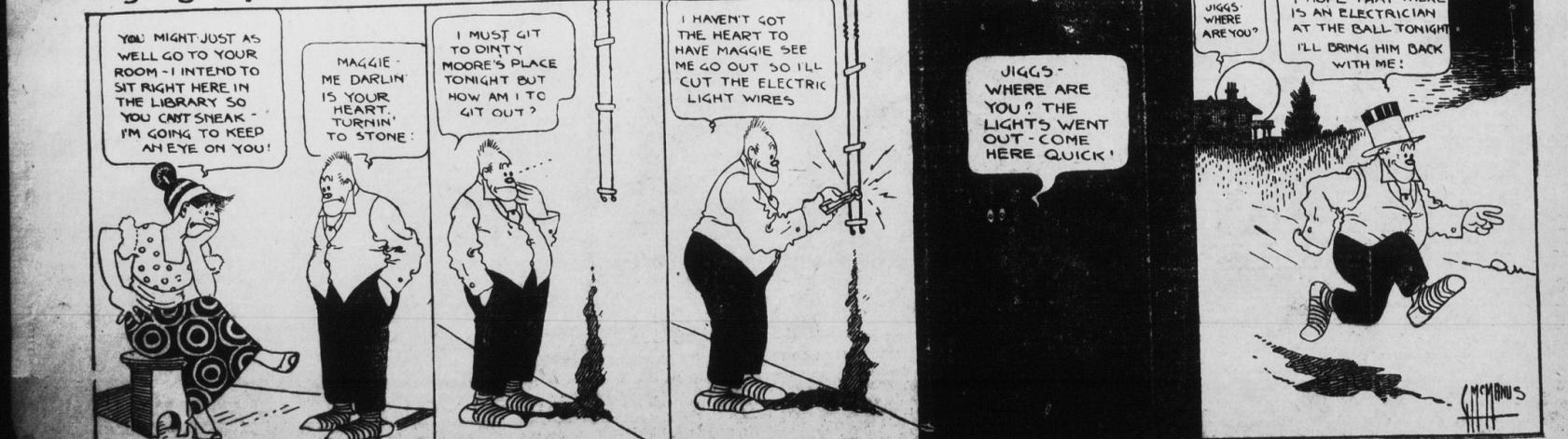
The opening of the Government railway in the real, thence Temi Ontario, Transcon Grand Trunk Pac Union station (the continuous band to ocean.

Publications per route with ocean be procured from agents and passives of the Canadian ways and Grand

Chicago, July 2 nominal; No. 3 r hard, nominal. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 76 1/2. Oats—No. 3 standard, 61 @ Rye—Nominal. Barley—68 @ 7 Timothy—5.50 @ Clover—8.50 @ Pork—16.72; lar \$5 @ 10.25.

WINNIPEG July—89 1/2. Oct—44.

Bringing Up Father.



YOU MIGHT JUST AS WELL GO TO YOUR ROOM—I INTEND TO SIT RIGHT HERE IN THE LIBRARY SO YOU CAN'T SNEAK IN GOING TO KEEP AN EYE ON YOU!

MAGGIE—ME DARLIN' IS YOUR HEART TURNIN' TO STONE?

I MUST GIT TO DINTY MOORE'S PLACE TONIGHT BUT HOW AM I TO GIT OUT?

I HAVEN'T GOT THE HEART TO HAVE MAGGIE SEE ME GO OUT SO I'LL CUT THE ELECTRIC LIGHT WIRES

JIGGS—WHERE ARE YOU? THE LIGHTS WENT OUT—COME HERE QUICK!

I HOPE THAT THERE IS AN ELECTRICIAN AT THE BALL TONIGHT I'LL BRING HIM BACK WITH ME!

ALL NATIONAL OF ST. OCEAN Fast Passen be Inaugu Between Winnipeg adian Gov ways. An important ment is made to is to have a N Eastern and W Fast passenger surated on J and Winnipeg Government (R tinal), the G and the Temi Ontario railway. These three ra to make this ne forty-two hours. This train will National' is th which has been elial train on be bound journeys. Tuesday, Thursd Winnipeg on an and Thursday, it ing of colonist s lighted first clas and standard sle ing car, which through without The mileage b tween Toronto a miles and "The a fast run, cover ing and Northw through the sea magami and the district. Cochrane is r and "The Nation journey over the ada's Transcont roadbed, little noticeable grad to the greatest o day or night. I of wonderful nov tens of thousand carve out their h The region be Winnipeg is one reasons for the of winter, for h the finest sp continent, while the forests. Ther panorama of be flowing north an source in the b and here the i civilization, still is indeed virgin natural lovelines marred by fire or Before entering Manitoba the famous Nibigami region, another cent holiday resce at 3:50 p.m. Eastbound "Th Winnipeg at 5:15 Cochrane at 6:15 Toronto in fifteen Toronto the Queen noon. At Winnipeg the cific lines afford for all important Canada, the Pacif etc., and also fu route to Alaska, the Pacific, and other parts of the world. The opening o makes an epoch ada as the new for fast, throug to Prince Rupert, and other Pacific. All Canadian ro Government rail (Railway) in the the Grand Trunk Union station (the real, thence Temi Ontario, Transcon Grand Trunk Pac Union station at continuous band to ocean. Publications pe route with ocean be procured from agents and passives of the Canadian ways and Grand

broad

All the Latest News and Comment from the World of Finance

ive committee of which, in on with the military an will work to organize Italian on a vast scale to cope with and unexpected national sit- arding munitions.

es of the committee will be in if the various factories y the necessary machinery them to undertake army nform the various indus- the state requires; to sup- s and patterns, and to regu- rities to be charged, and rapidly in construction, expected to be obtained methodical work during long- and the alteration of fresh or day and night duties.

mittee, whose services will be granted gratuitously, consists of the Milan Col- engineers and architects, and an Electro-Technic Associa- ch are largely providing the required, aided by subscriptions residents of Milan.

wners

c Starter

ED

e \$100

Motor Co.

478

e Row

E. J. LaPierre

ing Car

590

parts have been

of ten per cent.

may now be

for but \$38.87

the car ready

g slice off the

ing.

are in our profits if

August 1, 1914, and

40: F. O. B. Ford,

at, including electric

and sale at St. John

HERE

RICAN

TONIGHT

M BACK

E:

NATIONAL BAND OF STEEL FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

Fast Passenger Service to be Inaugurated July 13 Between Toronto and Winnipeg Over the Canadian Government Railways.

An important railway announcement is made today. The Dominion is to have a new service between Eastern and Western Canada.

Fast passenger service is to be inaugurated on July between Toronto and Winnipeg over the Canadian Government Railway (the Transcontinental), the Grand Trunk system, and the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario railway.

These three railways are combining to make this new service of a superior class in every respect. The National is the appropriate name which has been chosen for the principal train on both its east and west bound journeys.

This train will leave Toronto each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and Winnipeg on each Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday, its equipment consisting of colonist sleeping cars, electric lighted first class coaches, tourist and standard sleeping cars and dining car, which will be operated through without change.

The mileage by this new route between Toronto and Winnipeg is 1,267 miles and "The National" will make a fast run, covering the distance in forty-two hours. Westbound passengers leave Toronto at 10:45 p.m. and travelling over the Grand Trunk lines are at North Bay at 7:00 o'clock next morning. A splendid daylight run is then made over the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario railway, through the scenic beauties of the Masamun and the interesting Cobalt district.

Cochrane is reached at 4:25 p.m. and "The National" there begins its journey over the main line. Tuesday's Transcontinental with its solid roadbed, little curvature and no noticeable gradients, all contributing to the greatest degree of comfort by day or night. It traverses a country of wonderful possibilities in which tens of thousands of settlers will carve out their homes in the future.

The region between Cochrane and Winnipeg is one possessing great attractions for the sportsman as well as the hunter, for here are situated some of the finest fishing waters on the continent, while big game abounds in the forests. There is an ever changing panorama of beauty. Great rivers, flowing north and south, have their source in this height of land country and here the Indian, unspoiled by civilization, still makes his home. It is indeed virgin territory, for its natural loveliness has not yet been marred by fire or the lumberman's axe.

Before entering the province of Manitoba the train runs through the famous Nibigami (country of lakes) region, another of Canada's magnificent holiday resorts, reaching Winnipeg at 3:50 p.m.

"Eastbound" "The National" leaves Winnipeg at 5:15 p.m., arriving at Cochrane at 6:15 p.m. next day and Toronto eighteen hours later, arrival in the Queen city being timed at 12:05 noon.

At Winnipeg the Grand Trunk Pacific lines afford splendid connections for all important points in Western Canada, the Pacific Coast, California, etc., and also furnish a new short route to Alaska and the Yukon, traversing the Canadian Rockies and other marvels of scenic interest.

The opening of this new route makes a epoch in the history of Canada as the new service will provide for fast through travel from Halifax to Prince Rupert, Vancouver, Victoria and other Pacific Coast cities, via an All Canadian route to the Canadian Government Railways (Intercolonial Railway) in the east connecting with the Grand Trunk railway system in a Union station (Bonaventure) Montreal, thence Temiskaming & Northern Ontario, Transcontinental railway and Grand Trunk Pacific connecting in the Union station at Winnipeg, forming a continuous band of steel from ocean to ocean.

Publications pertaining to this new route with ocean map may be procured from all principal travel agents and passengers representatives of the Canadian Government Railways and Grand Trunk system.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE

Chicago, July 2—Wheat, No. 2 red, nominal; No. 2 red, new, 1.18; No. 2 hard, nominal.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, 76 1/2 @ 77; No. 2 yellow, 76 1/2.

Oats—No. 3 white, 50 1/2 @ 52 1/2; standard, 51 1/2 @ 53.

Rye—Nominal. Barley—48 @ 72. Timothy—4.50 @ 6.75. Clover—8.50 @ 13.25. Pork—16.72; lard, 9.22 @ 9.30; ribs, 9.55 @ 10.25.

WINNIPEG OATS CLOSE. July—89 1/2. Oct.—44.

TRADING DULL YESTERDAY WITH STOCKS FOLLOWING AN ERRATIC COURSE

C. P. R. Developed Sudden Weakness and Shares Fell to 142—Heavy Selling of International Bonds for Foreign Interests.

New York, July 2—Stocks pursued an erratic course today, price changes being more than ordinarily confusing. Some standard issues were up, while others were lower; the same condition applying to numerous specialties.

Trading was dull except during the first and final hours, when the weakness of United States Rubber and St. Paul created general unsettlement.

Because of the passing of the Rubber dividend, interest centered mainly about that stock at the opening. Initial sales consisted of 5,000 shares at 45 to 46, against yesterday's close of 51.78. From this level the stock declined to 44 1/2, making moderate recovery later.

Meantime other stocks, particularly war specialties and a few railway investment shares, had manifested a tendency to break away from Rubber. Improvement was well maintained until sudden weakness developed in Canadian Pacific, which lost its gain of the opening and soon fell to 142, a fraction above its low record.

In the last hour the entire list reflected its gains on a precipitate decline in St. Paul, which fell 7 1/2 to 83 1/2 on rumors affecting the maintenance of its dividend. As the St. Paul earnings are known to be unsatisfactory, credit attached to these rumors. Thereafter the market moved more heavily.

Steel's strength was ascribed to the optimistic statements of trade authorities, which found partial confirmation in further price advances of certain manufactured materials. American Can's rise was based on the belief that the company was participating in some large war contracts. Among secondary railways, Missouri Pacific was conspicuous for its new low price of 5.78.

Total sales of stocks amounted to 342,000 shares. Sudden withdrawal of pressure against exchange on Paris was one of the interesting developments of the day. Demand bills on Paris made marked recovery and remittances to all other European centres, including London, also strengthened.

Part of the heavy selling of international bonds, presumably for foreign interests was a feature. Total sales, par value, were \$2,810,000.

World's Shipping News

MINIATURE ALMANAC. July—Phases of the Moon. Last quarter... 4th 1h. 54m. p.m. New moon... 12th 5h. 31m. p.m. First quarter... 19th 5h. 9m. a.m. Full moon... 26th 8h. 11m. p.m.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived Friday, June 2, 1915. Str Governor Cobb, 1658, Clark, Boston, A C Currie, mdse and pass. Sailed.

DOMESTIC PORTS. Bathurst, June 29—Arr: Str Skrymo, Preston.

FOREIGN PORTS. Newcastle, June 30—Arr: Bkina Valkyrian, Hanson, Iceland; Mercel Lund, Relykjarik.

THE ROYAL TRUST CO. OF MONTREAL. EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES. Capital Fully Paid, \$1,000,000. Reserve Fund, \$1,000,000.

St. John office in Bank of Montreal Bldg. W. J. Ambrose, Man.; F. R. Robinson, Acting Secy for New Brunswick.

THE SOVEREIGN WHISKY ROBERT BROWN'S FOUR CROWN SCOTCH

The most talked of, and the most frequently called for Whisky in Canada.

FOSTER & COMPANY St. John Agents for New Brunswick

STOCK QUOTATIONS ON N.Y. EXCHANGE

Table with columns: (McDougal & Cowan), Open, High, Low, Close. Includes Am Beet Sug, Am Car Py, Am Loco, Am Smelt, Anaconda, Am Tele, Atchison, etc.

MONTREAL TRANSACTIONS

Table with columns: (McDougal & Cowan), Montreal, Friday, July 2nd—Morning. Includes C. P. R.—13 @ 143, Textile—25 @ 7 1/2, etc.

PRODUCE PRICES ON MONTREAL MARKET

Table with columns: (McDougal & Cowan), Wheat, High, Low, Close. Includes Jan., Sept., Dec. prices.

MONTREAL MARKET

Table with columns: Bid, Ask. Includes Brazilian L. H. and P., Canada Car, Canada Cement, etc.

LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT CO. LTD.

Assets in England... 5,551,660 Reserve... 197,880 Assets in Canada... 445,134.79

FIRE INSURANCE

We represent first-class British, Canadian and American tariff offices with combined assets of over One Hundred and Sixty Million Dollars.

THOMAS BELL & CO., St. John, N. B.

PUGLIE BUILDING, 48 PRINCESS STREET Lumber and General Brokers

Western Assurance Co.

INCORPORATED 1851. Assets, \$3,213,438.28 R. W. W. FRANK - BRANCH MANAGER ST. JOHN, N. B.

A Real Comfort

After a hard day's work, what is more comforting and soothing to the tired nerves, than a "Night-cap of

Whyte & Mackay's

Always the same good quality.

CLOSING LETTER OF N.Y. MARKET BY E. & C. RANDOLPH

New York, July 2—The advancing movement of the forenoon was checked after mid-day by heavy selling of St. Paul. A substantial part of the selling in that stock was foreign liquidation but rumors of a reduction of the dividend had something to do in causing the decline.

The directors will act upon a dividend matter this month, but although the earnings for the year just closed were not favorable there is a prospect of market improvement and it is not considered probable that a change in the rate will be made in view of the brighter prospect in the roads territory.

The firmer tendency in foreign exchange has been maintained notwithstanding the liquidation of foreign holdings of American issues in the New York market. Liquidation continues very heavy in bonds, while a considerable amount of stock is also being sold.

The action of the market shows that the foreign selling is now the chief influence. When this was suspended in the forenoon, prices advanced, but a sagging tendency set in again. Sales 350,000. Bonds \$2,865,000. E. & C. RANDOLPH.

ROBERT CARTER CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

Auditor and Liquidator Business Systematized Cost Systems Installed

W. Simms Lee, F. C. A. Chartered Accountant and Auditor.

Queen Building 777 Hollis Street HALIFAX, N.S. Box 723

N. S. TOWN BONDS At Par.

H. M. BRADFORD Metropole Building, Halifax

Paul F. Blanchet CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

Telephone Connection St. John - and - Rothesay

STEAMSHIPS. Crystal Stream Steamship Co.

ST. JOHN-FREDERICTON ROUTE The steamer D. J. PURDY will sail from North End for Fredericton and intermediate points every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 8:30 a.m.

ST. JOHN-WASHBROOK ROUTE The steamer "MAJESTIC" will sail from North End for Cole's Island and intermediate points every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 10 a.m.

Eastern Steamship Lines. INTERNATIONAL LINE. Steamships Calvin Austin, Gov. Dingley and Gov. Cobb.

Coastwise—Leave St. John, Mon., Wed. and Fri., at 9 a.m., for Lunenburg, Eastport, Portland and Boston. Return leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mon., Wed. and Fri., at 9 a.m. for Portland, Eastport, Lunenburg and St. John.

Direct—Leave St. John, Tues., Fri. and Sat., at 7 p.m. Return leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mon., Thurs. and Sun., at 10:00 a.m.

METROPOLITAN LINE Steamships Massachusetts and Bunker Hill. Leave North Side of India Wharf, Boston, every day at 5 p.m., due New York at 8 a.m. Same service returning.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE. Steamships North Land and North Star. Leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, Tues., Thurs. and Sat., at 6:30 p.m., also Mon. at 10:30 a.m., for New York. Same service returning.

FURNESS LINE. From London June 11—Catinro... June 30 July 1—Messina... July 17 July 10—Appennine... July 28

WM. THOMSON & CO., Agents.

RAILWAYS. CANADIAN PACIFIC

PANAMA-PACIFIC EXPOSITION SAN FRANCISCO

Tickets on Sale to November 30th. Limit Three Months. \$115.70 From St. John, N. B. Going and Returning via Chicago.

Going via Chicago and Returning via Vancouver, or vice versa, \$17.50 additional.

W. B. HOWARD, D.P.A., C.P.R. ST. JOHN, N. B.

OCEAN LIMITED (Daily). Departs Halifax 8 a.m. Connection from St. John 11:20 a.m., daily except Sunday.

Departs Moncton 2:25 p.m. Arrives Montreal 8:05 a.m. following day.

PANAMA PACIFIC EXPOSITION, SAN FRANCISCO. For latest information regarding fares, routes, time tables, etc., consult City Ticket Agent.

Write or call for descriptive folders. "Abegweit," "Bras d'Or Lakes," "La Baie de Chaleur."

STEAMSHIPS. The Steamer Victoria

Will leave St. John (Old May Queen wharf) every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8:30 a.m. for Fredericton; will leave Fredericton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m.

THE VICTORIA S. S. CO. LTD. Warehouse H. G. Harrison, Manager. Phone M. 2650.

Majestic Steamship Co. Steamer Champlain

On and after June 5th steam Champlain will leave Public Wharf, St. John, on Tuesday and Thursday at twelve o'clock, noon, and Saturday at 2 p.m., for Hatfield's Point and intermediate landings. Returning on alternate days at 1 p.m.

On freight received after 1:30 p.m. on Saturdays. R. S. ORCHARD, Manager.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED)

Until further notice the S. S. Connors Bros. will run as follows: Leave St. John, N. B., Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co. on Saturday, 7:30 a.m., for St. Andrews, calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Black's Harbor, Black Bay or Letete, Deer Island, Head Store, St. George. Returning leave St. Andrews Tuesday for St. John, calling at Letete or Black Bay, Black's Harbor, Beaver Harbor and Dipper Harbor, tide and weather permitting.

AGENT—Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., St. John, N. B. Phone 2681. Manager, Lewis Connors, Black's Harbor, N. B.

This company will not be responsible for any debts contracted after this date without a written order from the company or captain of the steamer.

GRAND MANAN STEAMSHIP CO. Atlantic Standard Time. After June 1st, 1915, and until further notice the steamer Grand Manan will leave Grand Manan Monday 7 a.m. for St. John, arriving 2:30 p.m. Returning leave Furubull's Wharf, Tuesday 10 a.m. for Grand Manan, both ways via Campbellville, Eastport and Wilson's Beach.

Leave Grand Manan Wednesday 7 a.m. for St. Stephen. Returning leave St. Stephen Thursday 7 a.m. for Grand Manan, both ways via Campbellville, Eastport and St. Andrews. Leave Grand Manan Friday 6:30 a.m. for St. John direct, arriving 11 a.m. Returning leave St. John 2:30 p.m. for Grand Manan, arriving 7 a.m. same day.

Leave Grand Manan Saturdays 7 a.m. for St. Andrews, arriving 11 a.m., returning same day 1:30 p.m. for Grand Manan, both ways via Campbellville and Eastport. LAWTON C. GUPTILL, Mgr.

MANCHESTER LINE. From Manchester, St. John, June 6—Manchester Miller—June 19 June 19—Man. Exchange—July 3 These steamers take cargo to Philadelphia. WILLIAM THOMSON & CO., Agents, St. John, N. B.

THE WEATHER

Forecasts: Maritime—Moderate easterly to southerly winds, mostly fair, with much the same temperature. Toronto, July 2.—Showers have occurred today in many parts of Ontario, Manitoba, and Eastern Saskatchewan, while in other parts of the Dominion the weather has been fair. It has been moderately warm in Ontario and the Maritime Provinces, and cool in Quebec and the western provinces. Temperatures: Mtn. Max. Vancouver 58 82 Kamloops 58 80 Calgary 44 66 Edmonton 38 62 Medicine Hat 48 64 Battleford 40 60 Prince Albert 44 50 Moose Jaw 40 60 Winnipeg 40 60 Port Arthur 52 64 Pary Sound 58 72 London 62 76 Toronto 63 76 Kingston 60 78 Ottawa 62 78 Montreal 58 66 Quebec 50 62 St. John 58 72

Around the City

For Playgrounds Making Movies in the Far East, an illustrated lecture by Louis A. Holman in St. David's schoolroom, Monday evening, tickets 25 cents. Quelled a Disturbance. Policeman Hopkins was called to Harrison's alley, off Brussels street, yesterday afternoon to quell a disturbance that was created by some colored people. Straw Dumped on Street. Traffic was delayed for a time on Mill street yesterday afternoon when part of a load of straw fell from William Jackson's wagon. The street cars were held up until the wagon was reloaded. North End Survey. The city council at a committee meeting yesterday discussed the plans of the North End survey and it was decided to have the opinion of the city solicitor on certain matters. The committee will meet again later. Charged with Stealing. Langford Coram, a boatman, was arrested last evening for being drunk on Britain street. He is also held on suspicion of having stolen an electric flashlight valued at \$1.75 from the schooner Francis V. Sawyer lying in the Lower Cove slip. The light is the property of the first officer on the vessel. Another Bed. A donation of \$30 has been handed to Rev. Dr. D. Hutchinson by Mrs. W. A. Chesley, of 226 Douglas avenue, to provide a bed in No. 1 Canadian General Hospital, France, now in charge of Dr. Murray MacLaren. Mrs. Chesley's daughter is the wife of Lieutenant Donald Hudson now in England. Beulah Camp. The Beulah Camp meetings, which are being held at Brown's Flats, will commence today and continue until the 12th. The chief speaker at the camp will be the Rev. Joseph H. Smith of Chicago, Ill., who is an evangelist and writer. He will be assisted by several ministers and workers. Already a large number of visitors have come to the camp, fifty arriving yesterday on the steamer Victoria from Fredericton. Juvenile Court Case. Three boys named LeVigne, Knox and Green, will appear in the juvenile court this morning to answer to the charge of breaking into Robinson's bakery and confectionery building on Celebration street and stealing \$1.75. It is said the young fellows gained an entrance by picking the door lock with a pen knife. A number of other boys will also appear in court this morning, having been charged with destruction of property. Fish Market. There has been a fair supply of fish during the week, but sales have not been particularly brisk. Salmon, however, has been in good demand at from 18c to 24c per pound. The season for shad is about over. Lobsters are obtainable at from 15c to 45c each but they are rather scarce, the season being over in most provincial centres. Mackerel is also scarce at from 15c to 35c each. Halibut brings 18c per pound, haddock and cod 10c per pound. No change of importance in the prices of smoked fish have recently taken place. Invited to Muskoka. The monthly meeting of the King's Daughters was held yesterday afternoon in the guild room. In the absence of the president, Mrs. Arthur Kirkpatrick, Mrs. John Mullock occupied the chair. The general secretary, Miss Pratt, reported that the annual contribution of \$60 from Joseph Allison had been received. The general secretary of the Young Women's Christian Association at Toronto wrote inviting members of the King's Daughters to attend a convention at Lake St. Joseph, Muskoka. The report of the charitable work was also received and the fresh air campaign was discussed.

SEEK FURTHER DEVELOPMENT OF OIL FIELDS

Messrs. Agar and Lodge Go to England in An Endeavor to Have More Work Done in Albert County.

Yesterday's Standard contained a paragraph to the effect that Matthew Lodge of Moncton and Miles E. Agar, of St. John, had left for England where they would endeavor to arrange a settlement with the controlling interests of the Maritime Oilfields Limited in respect to the continued operation of the properties of The New Brunswick Petroleum Company in Albert County. It will be remembered that the Petroleum Company, which was organized a good many years ago, did a certain amount of development work in Albert, and having learned that oil and gas existed in large quantities, sought English capital for further development. Following this action an entirely separate company was organized in which English capital is very largely interested, called the Maritime Oilfields Limited. This new concern, by agreement, secured an option on the properties of the Petroleum Company, under the terms of which it was to work the properties for a period of six years. The Oilfields Company was to spend so much each year on development work, and was to open up certain areas, and in short to generally develop the property in accordance with the requirements of the lease. This all happened more than six years ago. The six year option expired in January last. During the time the Oilfields Company has been in possession, certain moneys have been paid to the original owners, and a considerable amount of work has been carried on. There is no dissatisfaction on the part of the Oilfields Company in so far as The Standard can learn with the policy of the Oilfields Company, excepting an impression that a large portion of the properties included under option has not been developed as might have been done. On the other hand it is stated, and not contradicted, that the Oilfields Company has invested the full amount of money which it was required to invest under this option. Now, however, that the option has expired and has neither been taken up nor dropped, and as it is the desire of the Oilfields Company to continue to operate as in the past, the time has come for a readjustment of terms. It is felt by the Petroleum Company that as only a portion of the whole property has been developed, something more should be done in this respect, to make the industry greater than it now is. On the other hand there is no contention that the Oilfields Company has not lived up to its agreement, but as to the completion of this agreement there are differences of opinion. It is to arrive at a satisfactory adjustment of outstanding affairs that the meetings in England are to be held and there is a hope that the Oilfields Company has not lived up to its agreement, but as to the completion of this agreement there are differences of opinion. It is to arrive at a satisfactory adjustment of outstanding affairs that the meetings in England are to be held and there is a hope that the Oilfields Company has not lived up to its agreement, but as to the completion of this agreement there are differences of opinion.

EXPERIENCES WORTH RISKING HIS LIFE FOR

C. L. Ross Writes His Sister, Mrs. Alexander Cameron, West St. John—Brother Killed in Action.

Mrs. Alexander Cameron, of West St. John, has received from her brother, Q. M. S. C. L. Ross, 4th company 48th Highlanders (15th Battalion) a letter dated June 12, of which a portion is here printed. Mr. Ross and his brother Walter both enlisted in the same regiment at Toronto. "Dear Sister—I now sit down to write you a few lines, hoping you are well, as I am at present. I have some bad news to tell you. I have just received word this evening that Walter was killed in the battle of Langemarck. I was not with him there; I was out at Ypres taking in the rations to the trenches at the time, and have not been able to find out what happened him until today. Do not worry yourself, he died for a good cause, and he was a good soldier, and died in the greatest battle in the history of the world. "This is a war of murder. There are hundreds falling every day. You never know whose turn it will be next. I have had some great experiences since I came out here that were well worth changing my life for, and if I come through all right, I will never regret it. "Your brother, "Q. M. S. C. L. ROSS.

MORE RECRUITS WANTED AT CAMP SUSSEX AT ONCE

Main Body of Battalion Will Go to Valcartier but Part Will Remain in Sussex.

The 55th Battalion will start from Sussex this afternoon for Valcartier, where they will continue their training for overseas duty. It had been thought that the men would remain at Sussex for the summer at least but now has been given out that the regiment will move. Still the battalion is nearly three hundred short of the number required to bring it up to full strength and an effort will be made to recruit the required number in this province. A small detachment will remain at Camp Sussex to continue the recruiting work. Great preparations are being made to give the battalion a good send-off. The citizens of the town will be out in force accompanied by the band. Feelings of regret are expressed on all sides at the early departure of the regiment. No better body of men ever paraded together and the Duke of Connaught in his recent review at Sussex said they would leave for the front as one of the crack regiments. Their conduct has been good. Recruiting. Yesterday was a dull one as regards recruiting for the 55th. Only one man, Hertford Beers of Emmerson, Kent Co., was sent forward by the recruiting officer, Sgt. London. Five other applications were received but these have not yet passed the medical tests. They are: Thompson Girden of Aberdeen, Scot.; John Lewsey, of Haybridge, Eng.; Philip White of Shediac, N. B.; Gordon Anderson of St. John, Albert Stubs of Leeds, Eng. As far as is known at present the local recruiting office will be kept open for the further enlistment of recruits. Sergt. London went to Sussex last evening for orders and hopes to return this morning.

Why Try to Patch Up Cracks in Plastered Walls? As long as you use plaster, you'll have to patch, re-paper, and then have unsightly cracks, which mean annoyance, repair bills, litter and inconvenience. You'll find it easier, cheaper and cleaner to use BEAVER BOARD which you nail right to the studding in new rooms, over the old plaster in old ones, and it gives you a complete wall—staunch, firm, fire-retarding, cooler in summer, warmer in winter. BEAVER BOARD admits of beautiful decorative effects, soft color tones offering pleasing, restful combinations, its panneling possibilities affording wide scope for originality in design for every room in the house. LET US SHOW YOU BEAVER BOARD AND TELL YOU ALL ABOUT IT. W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. MARKET SQUARE AND KING STREET

Macaulay Bros. & Co., King Street, St. John, N. B. Stores open at 8 a.m.; close at 6 p.m.; open every Friday night till 10 p.m.; close Saturday 1 o'clock. Ladies' Black Jap Silk Waists, \$3.90 Each 36 to 44 bust sizes Many have been waiting for just such Blouse Waists in black. Those who require extra large sizes will find them in this collection. All are cut to use high or low neck, box plaited front and back, trimmed front and sleeves with black ball buttons and hemstitching. All are made from extra good firm materials. One Year to 14 Years Sizes in Print, Seersucker, Crepe, Pique and Lawn Dresses for Girls One Year Sizes . . . 35c each to \$1.50 Two Year Sizes . . . 50c each to \$2.00 Up to 14 years . . . 75c each to \$2.50 MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

Now for the Holiday Season We have a particularly large range of Velocipedes, Carts, Wagons and Wheelbarrows—something to suit almost any fancy. VELOCIPEDES . . . \$2.25 to \$5.50 EXPRESS WAGONS (all sizes) . . . 60c. to \$5.75 CARTS (great values) . . . 35c., 45c., 75c. WHEELBARROWS . . . 75c., \$1.15, \$1.65 BICYCLES (Crescent and Ivanhoe) . . . \$30.00, \$40.00 Undoubtedly the best line in our City. Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Men's High-Grade Shirts The Latest Novelties in All Silk and Silk Fronts SHIRTS of Pure Jap Silk, in white with collar attached or separate, double collar, double cuffs. . . Each \$3.25, \$3.50 SHIRTS of Fancy Silk, in white, neat colored half-lines and self figures, double cuffs and separate double collar. . . Each \$4.00 and \$4.50 SILK FRONT SHIRTS with white bodies or colored stripe cotton bodies to match silk fronts, double cuffs and separate double collars. . . Each \$1.25, \$2.00, \$2.25 KHAKI SILK SHIRTS, regulation military style with separate double collar. . . Each \$7.25 Silk Half Hose The most reliable makes procurable with double soles, triple spliced toes and extra high spliced heels. All popular colors . . . Pair 50c. to \$1.50 MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEPT.

Get a Hammock Now for the Summer Home PALMER'S Excel for Comfort and Durability PALMER HAMMOCKS are ideal for perfect comfort and this display presents the newest in construction and design, handsome colorings, close twill and canvas weaves with concealed spreaders, wood bars, hitch end rings and other patent features. \$1.55—Woven part 36x78, Regular Pillow, wide valance, assorted colors. \$1.90—Woven part 36x80, Regular Pillow, wide valance, assorted colors. \$2.45—Woven part 38x82, Regular Pillow, wide valance, assorted colors. \$2.45—Woven part 38x80, Regular Pillow, wide valance, assorted colors. \$3.00—Woven part 37x82, Lay-back Pillow, buttons and tassels, assorted colors. \$3.25—Woven part 38x82, Lay-back Pillow, buttons and tassels, assorted colors. \$3.75—Woven part 40x82, Lay-back Pillow, buttons and tassels, assorted colors. \$4.00—Woven part 41x82, Lay-back Pillow, buttons and tassels, assorted colors. \$4.75—Woven part 40x84, Lay-back Pillow, buttons and tassels, assorted colors. \$5.75—Woven part 42x84, Lay-back Pillow, buttons and tassels, assorted colors. \$7.00—Woven part 41x87, Lay-back Pillow, buttons and tassels, assorted colors. Also Hammocks without spreaders, convenient for travelling purposes. Each Hammock in a bag. Colors: Khaki and red, khaki and green stripes. Each \$1.65 LINEN ROOM AND FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited

FROM ST. LUCIA TO JOIN COLORS

E. S. Westall Closed Out Business to Come Here and Enlist.

E. G. Westall, of St. Lucia, in the West Indies, has left his business interests in that place and come to St. John to enlist with the Empire forces. He arrived here Tuesday on the steamer Chaleur. He saw service in the South African war. In conversation with a Standard reporter Mr. Westall said he considered it his duty to enlist and do what he could for the Empire. In St. Lucia he had a good business but the call to arms came to him strong and he closed out his interests to enlist. "You can understand that it is not the money that I can receive as a soldier that caused me to take the course I have taken," said Mr. Westall, "for I am financially well situated and it is nothing more than the duty I owe to my country that causes me to take this step. "England is fighting a just fight, and she should get all the backing that her sons can give her. While this country has sent away a large number of young men to fight for Old England's cause, it seems to me, and I have only been here two days, that there is a luke warm feeling among the young men here. I should expect that there would be a greater number enlisting. There seems to be something lacking, I do not know what it is, but I am sure it is not that your young men are not brave. Great Britain needs us, and all of us who are able should rally round the flag and do our share in this great struggle. "Mr. Westall said that he did not know as yet in what position, or what part of the army he would be placed, but the chief thing he wanted was to get to the front as soon as possible.

AUTOMOBILE CLUB MET IN NEW QUARTERS

The New Brunswick Automobile Association last evening held its first meeting in the new quarters in the Manor House at Glen Falls. In the absence of T. P. Regan, the meeting was presided over by R. Downing Paterson. After routine business had been transacted a resolution was passed, thanking John A. Pugsley for donating a room to the use of the association and it was further decided to call the Manor House the official headquarters of the N. B. A. A. Different members of the association who had been touring through the country on Dominion Day reported on the conditions along the highways. It was said that between St. John and Sussex forty cars were on the road. A few cars were ditched, but were hauled out without damage. It was agreed by all that the road from Hampton Village to Norton was about the best road in the province. A considerable improvement has been made on the section of the road in the vicinity of Rothesay. The road supervisor had agreed to use the steel drags provided by the association on this section. In the vicinity of Musquash work was being done and the road there was in first class shape. The secretary reported receiving requests for guides to the province: Scotch hard coal re-screened free from slack, in chestnut, nut and furnace sizes, for prompt delivery. J. S. Gibbon & Co., Limited, No. 1 Union street and 6 1/2 Charlotte street. Telephone Main 2636.

Reports of Members Received and Various Subjects Discussed.

Many people were disappointed because they could not get one of those Palm Beach suits that F. A. Dykeman & Co. were selling in time for the holiday, but the firm received by express yesterday a large shipment of both the real Palm Beach cloth suits and the imitation. These they will sell as before at \$5.75 and \$10.00 each. Sizes 16 to 40 bust. Take a week-end trip up river—camer Victoria, one fare to all points, going Saturdays and returning on Mondays. A few experienced agricultural families, Scotch and Irish, can be secured in August, if parties in need of this class of help will apply immediately to James Gilchrist, superintendent of immigration, box 204 St. John. Come today and see the big values for little money at our Mid-summer sale of clothing and furnishings. Store open all day from 9 a. m. until 11 p. m. Hunt's, 17-19 Charlotte street. Westfield Outing Association. A meeting of the above association will be held in the hall at Westfield Beach, Saturday evening, 3rd of July, at eight o'clock. All members are requested to attend.

FROM ST. LUCIA TO JOIN COLORS

E. S. Westall Closed Out Business to Come Here and Enlist.

E. G. Westall, of St. Lucia, in the West Indies, has left his business interests in that place and come to St. John to enlist with the Empire forces. He arrived here Tuesday on the steamer Chaleur. He saw service in the South African war. In conversation with a Standard reporter Mr. Westall said he considered it his duty to enlist and do what he could for the Empire. In St. Lucia he had a good business but the call to arms came to him strong and he closed out his interests to enlist. "You can understand that it is not the money that I can receive as a soldier that caused me to take the course I have taken," said Mr. Westall, "for I am financially well situated and it is nothing more than the duty I owe to my country that causes me to take this step. "England is fighting a just fight, and she should get all the backing that her sons can give her. While this country has sent away a large number of young men to fight for Old England's cause, it seems to me, and I have only been here two days, that there is a luke warm feeling among the young men here. I should expect that there would be a greater number enlisting. There seems to be something lacking, I do not know what it is, but I am sure it is not that your young men are not brave. Great Britain needs us, and all of us who are able should rally round the flag and do our share in this great struggle. "Mr. Westall said that he did not know as yet in what position, or what part of the army he would be placed, but the chief thing he wanted was to get to the front as soon as possible.

AUTOMOBILE CLUB MET IN NEW QUARTERS

The New Brunswick Automobile Association last evening held its first meeting in the new quarters in the Manor House at Glen Falls. In the absence of T. P. Regan, the meeting was presided over by R. Downing Paterson. After routine business had been transacted a resolution was passed, thanking John A. Pugsley for donating a room to the use of the association and it was further decided to call the Manor House the official headquarters of the N. B. A. A. Different members of the association who had been touring through the country on Dominion Day reported on the conditions along the highways. It was said that between St. John and Sussex forty cars were on the road. A few cars were ditched, but were hauled out without damage. It was agreed by all that the road from Hampton Village to Norton was about the best road in the province. A considerable improvement has been made on the section of the road in the vicinity of Rothesay. The road supervisor had agreed to use the steel drags provided by the association on this section. In the vicinity of Musquash work was being done and the road there was in first class shape. The secretary reported receiving requests for guides to the province: Scotch hard coal re-screened free from slack, in chestnut, nut and furnace sizes, for prompt delivery. J. S. Gibbon & Co., Limited, No. 1 Union street and 6 1/2 Charlotte street. Telephone Main 2636.

Reports of Members Received and Various Subjects Discussed.

Many people were disappointed because they could not get one of those Palm Beach suits that F. A. Dykeman & Co. were selling in time for the holiday, but the firm received by express yesterday a large shipment of both the real Palm Beach cloth suits and the imitation. These they will sell as before at \$5.75 and \$10.00 each. Sizes 16 to 40 bust. Take a week-end trip up river—camer Victoria, one fare to all points, going Saturdays and returning on Mondays. A few experienced agricultural families, Scotch and Irish, can be secured in August, if parties in need of this class of help will apply immediately to James Gilchrist, superintendent of immigration, box 204 St. John. Come today and see the big values for little money at our Mid-summer sale of clothing and furnishings. Store open all day from 9 a. m. until 11 p. m. Hunt's, 17-19 Charlotte street. Westfield Outing Association. A meeting of the above association will be held in the hall at Westfield Beach, Saturday evening, 3rd of July, at eight o'clock. All members are requested to attend.

A COMMISSION WILL TAKE UP ASSESSMENT

Mayor Frink Has Decided Upon the Men Who Will Do the Work.

Mayor Frink has completed the list of the citizens whom he intends to nominate for places on the civic assessment commission for which provision was made at the last session of the legislature. In making up his list His Worship says he has endeavored to secure the men who will be able to give the city the best possible advice on this important matter and who will be able to frame a reasonable and satisfactory assessment plan. He is confident that local men can perform this task more acceptably than any important experts, not only because of his confidence in the ability of the citizens of St. John, but also because knowledge of local conditions is such an important factor in assessment problems. The list will be presented to the common council for approval at an early date.

PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Murray of Taunton, Mass., are here, the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Gibbs at St. Thome Avenue. Canon Smithers passed through the city yesterday afternoon on his way to Fredericton from Rothesay, where he has been attending the retreat. David Waterbury returned to the city yesterday afternoon on the Halifax express. Miss Turnbull of Digby, N. S., is in St. John visiting her brother, Eber Turnbull. Rev. Ralph Sherman has returned from attending the retreat in Rothesay. Among those who came to the city yesterday on the steamer Victoria were Henry DeYeber and Alexander McDermott, of Gagetown. Miss Fox, of Lower Gagetown, came to the city and will go to New York. Louis McKay, Walter McKay, John Burk and Charles Leach of the Maritime Mail Co. Ltd. will leave this morning for New river on a fishing trip. Will Visit Exposition Mrs. J. Percy Cruikshank and Master Merrill Cruikshank left Monday evening for San Francisco, Tacoma and Port Angeles to visit relatives and friends. They were accompanied by Mrs. Cruikshank's sister, Miss E. M. Crombie, who is engaged in the Methodist mission field in Japan. While at the coast they plan to visit the exhibitions at San Diego and San Francisco. Go to Hunt's Mid-summer sale today, 17-19 Charlotte street.

VOL. NA WAS TOO SH An Un able, With Valu Stupe Along the of "Edwards Brunswick, those whose legs, the pop Bathurst Lur—that, this power in and perhaps ed, one hear. This human occupations. ing force of the and all the lines, and o portion of his to an exact so forming thous of helping ot All these va are given the performance due share of fellow townsm energy, and a ness, may be prosperity wi Jobs. Among Lean is reza pure and simp no one intere or in fact in to Bathurst w The Bathurst which are the justly so. He berman, and make the best h cuts, Mr. ates have buil Bathurs Bathurst to prising town New Brunswic

NEW BRUNSWICK MUST BECOME AN IMPORTANT PULP-PRODUCING PROVINCE, SAYS ANGUS McLEAN

WASTE OF GOOD SOUND LOGS, TOO SMALL FOR SAWMILLS, SHOULD NOT BE PERMITTED

An Unlimited Quantity of Pulpwood is Available, and the Province Might be Dotted With Pulp Mills Making Use of This Very Valuable Forest Product—Plans Call for a Stupendous Industry.

Along the Gaspé coast they speak of "Edwards & McLean." In New Brunswick, and especially among those whose business has to do with logs, the popular designation is "The Bathurst Lumber Co." But in Bathurst—station, town and village—where this power in industry is best known and perhaps most accurately estimated, one hears only "Angus McLean." This human dynamo has a number of occupations. Ostensibly he is the driving force of The Bathurst Lumber Co. and its allied enterprises. As side lines, and occupying a considerable portion of his time, he has developed to an exact science the faculty of performing thoughtful acts for others, and of helping others to help themselves. All these various forms of activity are given their due attention, and the performance of them is also given a due share of credit by Mr. McLean's fellow townsmen. To Angus McLean's energy, and ability in the lumber business, may be traced much of that prosperity which Bathurst now enjoys. Among his associates Mr. McLean is regarded as a lumberman, pure and simple. It is proverbial that no one interested in the pulp business or in fact in any other business goes to Bathurst without having a look at "The Bathurst Lumber Co." mills, which are the pride of his heart—and justly so. Hence because he is a lumberman, and because he wishes to make the best use of the timber which he cuts, Mr. McLean and his associates have built a pulp mill.

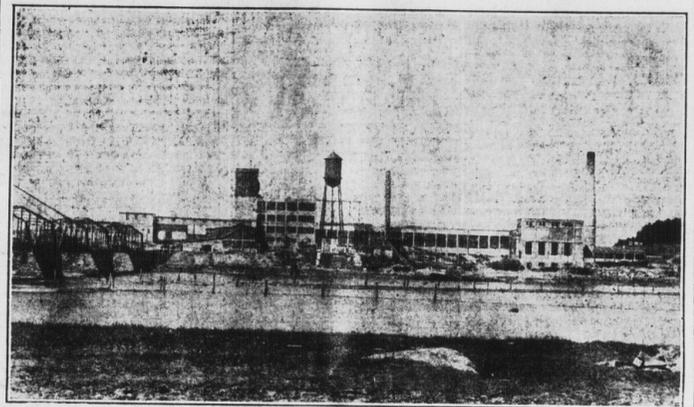
Bathurst Enjoys a Boom
Bathurst today is the most enterprising town on the North Shore of New Brunswick. It was on the map

of the country," said Mr. McLean to The Standard, "so in the not distant future must it become a pulp country. Today we, in common with all other milling concerns, are cutting down trees for deals, boards, shingles, and laths. With modern saw mills we are making fairly good use of the logs or of such proportions of them as are suitable for our purposes. But there is a waste of timber on every hand, a criminal waste, which is not only depriving us of a large percentage of our forest growth, but is taking away from our people the employment which the proper utilization of this waste would afford. Not only are the lumber companies permitting this waste, but private individuals, new settlers, and farmers, in clearing their lands are destroying such vast quantities of pulp wood, as would furnish raw material for many modern mills. We are literally throwing away our resources, for even the most far-sighted operators must of necessity, by confining their interests to saw mills alone, utilize only a portion of the timber cut by them. We saw logs from seven to eight inches upward, but for pulp we could use all timber from seven or eight inches down to three or four inches, and every tree that is cut down contributes under existing conditions its share of the annual waste."

Supply of Pulpwood Unlimited
"On our own limits on this Nepisiguit river alone, and in our ordinary operations, there is an ample supply of pulp wood to run a modern plant indefinitely without our operators doing more than following our fixed policy of cutting each season only the

And to Show His Faith in the Future, He and His Associates of the Bathurst Lumber Company are Spending \$3,500,000 in the Most Modern Pulp and Paper Mill in America.

FIRST SECTION, WHICH COST \$1,250,000, NOW READY FOR OPERATION.



GENERAL VIEW OF THE NEW PULP MILL TAKEN FROM ACROSS THE RIVER. THE CUT-UP MILL AND A PORTION OF THE WOOD ROOM ARE HIDDEN BY THE BRIDGE. THE EXTENDED PLANT WILL CONNECT WITH THE FAR SIDE OF THE MILL, LEAVING THE ABOVE FRONTAGE CLEAR FOR DEEPWATER SHIPPING.

have made an investment which we believe will not only prove profitable to ourselves, but will be of advantage to this community, to the district over which we operate, and in a more restricted sense to the entire Province. We believe that the pulp mill now nearing completion includes in its construction and equipment more of the very newest ideas in pulp and board manufacture than are to be found in any mill in America. We look upon it as the most up-to-date plant in Canada. It has been made so for motives of economy in operation, and the capital involved in the initial investment will be found a wise expenditure in view of the economical production which we will be able to attain.

Will Capture Germany's Trade

"We are starting out on a new line. Hitherto Canadian pulp mills have devoted their attention to the manufacture of purely merchantable ground wood pulp. Mills manufacturing the higher grades of paper have depended wholly upon Germany for their supply of Mitscherlich pulp for use in the manufacture of the higher grades. The German source of supply is at present cut off, and there appears to be no reason so far as we can see, why this grade of pulp should not be manufactured in New Brunswick just as successfully as it is manufactured in Germany. Our Canadian paper makers should not patronize a home concern to the fullest extent. We believe that our enterprise will enjoy the confidence of the Canadian and American paper manufacturers, and that there will be no difficulty in securing a sufficient market for our entire output.

"Our present intentions include the construction of a mill which will represent an investment of between three million and four million dollars, which will consist of our present plant with the addition of a newsprint mill of two hundred tons per day capacity. For the present we will operate our pulp and board plant as soon as completed and we expect to commence operations within four weeks. Construction will be continued without any delay until the entire plant is in operation.

Many Uses For Container Board

"It has been observed that with the advent of parcels post there has come into use board containers, and that in the ordinary run of commerce for freight shipments, and for shipments of heavy commodities these board containers are in many cases taking the place of wood. Even hardware is now being shipped in millboard. This is not so apparent in Canada today as it is in the United States, and there are but few concerns in this country manufacturing board particularly

adapted for this purpose. But the demand will increase. Our board mill will meet it and we anticipate that we will present a lively market in the United States with the possibility of a rapidly growing market in Canada. The plant which we have installed in our mill is capable of meeting practically all requirements in this respect and we believe that our enterprise will be sufficiently appreciated as to give us a ready market."

The Big New Mills

The new pulp and paper mills of the Bathurst Lumber Co. consist of the present of a thirty ton Mitscherlich sulphite mill, and a sixty ton container board mill. This plant will eventually be enlarged, possibly to completion within the next two or three years, to include a two hundred ton news print mill, and also to contain a capacity of forty tons more per day in sulphite pulp, and one hundred and sixty tons per day of ground wood pulp. These mills are being constructed at the mouth of the Nepisiguit River on Bathurst harbor, on the left bank, less than a mile from Bathurst town. This location has deep water shipping at the side of the mill and direct connection with the Intercolonial Railway. Shipping facilities will be greatly improved in the very near future by a contract which has recently been awarded to the McManus Company for the construction of a spur line from the Intercolonial Railway at a point about two miles below Bathurst direct to the pulp mills.

For the enlarged plant water powers on the Nepisiguit River at Grand Falls and Pabineau, to which the Bathurst Lumber Co. have the rights, will be developed giving upwards of fifteen thousand horse power electrical energy. The present plant however uses entirely steam power, because of the fact that both kinds of pulp are manufactured by a cooking process which requires large quantities of steam. Thus the additional generation of steam for power purposes can be economically managed.

The wood forming the raw material for these mills will be obtained as stated by Mr. McLean from settlers in the district, from small logs, from tops and crooked logs provided by the company's lumber operations in connection with their saw mills, and by the use of slabs and other second-hand waste from these saw mills. When the pulp mill is in operation all the bark and sawdust will be utilized in the boilers. Bathurst lumber mills will no longer fill the air with clouds of smoke from their refuse fires, and this material now going to waste will be utilized for the generation of steam.

Pulp Wood Will Be Sorted

It is proposed to divide the product

of the pulp mill into two classes so that all this raw material may be graded, and only the highest class black spruce used for sulphite pulp. The lower grades of spruce and fir along with slabs will be used in the manufacture of container board. Neither of these products has ever before been manufactured in Canada. The sulphite will replace the German pulp which hitherto has been imported. Mitscherlich, as it is called, takes its name from Eilhard Mitscherlich, a German chemist at one time professor of chemistry in Berlin University, who became famous through his researches on the allotropic forms of sulphur, and acids. This Mitscherlich pulp is of a particularly strong quality, having a long and strong bleached fibre. It is used for high grade papers in competition with rag stock, being particularly adapted for the manufacture of writing papers, books, ledgers and specialties. The market for this will be found largely among the mills in the United States, and the principal market will be found in the United States which will replace the lower grades of cardboard and wooden boxes since it is stronger, lighter and cheaper for containers than wood. The market in Canada is limited just now, but will undoubtedly develop for containers manufactured from this stock will be found thoroughly waterproof, easily sealed, and lighter in handling than the cases now in ordinary use.

A Competent Staff

A. G. McIntyre of St. John, son of the Rev. Dr. McIntyre, is General Manager of the pulp and paper mills, and has made a somewhat remarkable record not only in the work of construction, but in the acquisition of a staff of experts. Indeed engineering journals have displayed a great deal of interest in the work carried on last winter under the supervision of this staff. Concrete was poured all through the winter, often at zero temperatures, and with every possible success, in spite of the opinions of some who believed this could not well be done. The entire mills have been designed by the company's own engineers, and construction was started on June 27th, 1914. Two years would have been a reasonable time allowance, but an effort was made to complete the work in twelve months. This has not been exactly attained, but manufacturing will commence within two or three weeks, thus providing a record for construction of this nature in Canada. Following are the members of the staff at the plant, who are responsible for the mills, and many of whom will be permanently attached to this important industry:

OPERATIONS WILL BEGIN IN A VERY FEW WEEKS AT THIS BIG NEW PLANT

St. John Man Has Made a Record in Construction and Has Assembled a Plant More Up-to-date Than Any in America—Many New Processes Used in Manufacture.

A. G. McIntyre, Manager Pulp & Paper Mills.
A. A. MacDiarmid, Chief Engineer.
J. H. Thickens, General Superintendent.
J. G. Mayo, Office Manager.
A. G. Hinzke, Sulphite Superintendent.
G. E. West, Electrical Engineer.
J. H. Mellander, Assistant Engineer Sulphite Mill.
T. R. H. Murphy, Construction Superintendent.
Frank Spear, Master Mechanic.
C. F. Fritz, Civil Engineer.
R. S. MacBeath, Assistant Civil Engineer.
A. Block, Assistant Engineer.
John Shaw, Night Superintendent.

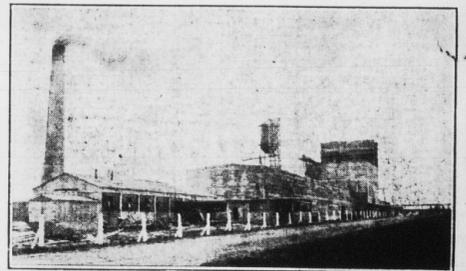
Concrete and Steel Construction

This mill has been designed along entirely new lines, and the various buildings embody in their construction and equipment many new processes and patents. The type of construction used is the most permanent in modern engineering practice, consisting of both reinforced concrete and steel. Up to date one hundred and forty-two carloads of cement has been used. The structural steel in the buildings was embodied in the Dominion Bridge Co. of Montreal, but the rest of the entire building construction was done by The Bathurst Lumber Co.'s own employees and engineering staff without any outside contractors. The buildings all embody the most modern daylight construction, being entirely of glass on the open sides. They are absolutely fire proof and carry Barrett specification roofs. The plant as a whole measures eight hundred and seventy-

feet by A. A. MacDiarmid, the Chief Engineer, is the most modern paper mill plant in Canada today, and consists of:
Babcock and Wilcox Boilers.
Taylor Automatic Stockers.
Jeffrey coal handling equipment.
Foster superheaters.
Westinghouse generators and steam turbines.
Westinghouse condensers.
Terry boiler pump steam turbines.
Westinghouse switch gear, transformers and switches.
N. W. Kellogg Co. high pressure piping and fittings.
Cochrane metering water meter and feed water heater.
This plant will develop five thousand and horse power, which will be distributed throughout the entire mill to operate the mill during the winter. In the wood room pulp wood is barked by a series of drums designed by the company's engineers, and now

Piling Wood by Wholesale

This mill is admirably situated for the handling of pulp wood. The wood is cut into four foot lengths by a cup up mill on the shore and is carried by a conveyor eight hundred feet long either to the wood room for immediate use, or to a travelling stacker.



THE PULP MILL FROM THE REAR, SHOWING THE UNFINISHED WALLS OF THE MAIN BUILDINGS, TO WHICH WILL BE JOINED THE EXTENSIONS FORMING THE PAPER PLANT ON WHICH CONSTRUCTION WILL BEGIN AT ONCE.

one feet over all, and consists of the following buildings:
Wood Room—seventy feet by one hundred and eighteen feet.
Main Building seventy feet by four hundred and fifty feet.
Digester Room, seventy-six feet six inches by thirty feet.
Mather and Platt turbine boiler hundred and thirty-eight feet.
Screen Room, sixty-two feet by three hundred and twenty-eight feet.
Pattern Shop and Stores, sixty-six feet eight inches by forty feet.
Acid Plant, two buildings, sixty-six feet three inches by sixty-three feet six inches, and forty-nine feet four inches by forty-one feet.
Boiler Room, fifty-one feet four inches by eighty-five feet ten inches.
Power Plant, fifty-one feet three inches by forty-seven feet eight inches.
All the smaller machines and equipment have been built by the company in their own machine shop, which is one of the largest in the Province, and sulphite pulp goes to the bleachers, where it is bleached by a new drum system. It is then washed and passes

operating for the first time in America. After the wood has been softened in hot water tanks, it passes automatically into these drums, is barked, is again sorted, and is then chipped in the ordinary way. After being screened it is elevated to the top of the digester building, which is the high building shown in the accompanying illustration. There the sulphite chips are cooked in two digesters, seven feet by thirty feet, and the container board chips in three digesters, eight feet by thirty feet. The liquor used in cooking these chips is made by a new chamber process, adopted from Norway, and never before used in this country. It is a somewhat complicated process, but very effective and economical, and was invented by a N. K. F. Hanson, the famous Norwegian engineer. The rights to this process for Canada have been secured by the Bathurst Lumber Co. for this mill at a considerable cost. From the digester building the pulp is washed and screened in the usual manner, and sulphite pulp goes to the bleachers, where it is bleached by a new drum system. It is then washed and passes

(Continued on page 16)

ch, re-paper, and then repair bills, litter and in-painter to use
D, over the old plaster in ch, firm, fire-retarding,
D tones offering pleasing, cording wide scope for
LL YOU ALL ABOUT IT.
MARKET SQUARE AND KING STREET

John, N. B.
close Saturday 1 o'clock.

\$3.90 Each

Those who require extra or low neck, box plaited and hemstitching. All are

in dresses for Girls
to \$1.50
to \$2.00
to \$2.50

& CO.

oliday Season

olopedes, Carts, Wagons and any fancy.
\$2.25 to \$5.50
60c. to \$5.75
35c., 45c., 75c.
75c., \$1.15, \$1.65
\$30.00, \$40.00

er Std.

Saturdays 1 p. m.

Shirts



Summer Home

Excel for and Durability

MOCKS are ideal for per-display presents the new design, handsome colored canvas weaves with wood bars, hitch end and features

colors.
Each Hammock in a bag.
\$1.50

on, Limited

Social Notes of the Week



A visit this week to the home of the local Red Cross found the ladies of the different committees as busy as bees.

Mr. and Mrs. John B. Magee and the Misses Magee have taken a cottage at Rothesay for the summer months.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hooper announce the engagement of their niece, Miss Ada Yates Peirce, to Mr. Herbert J. G. Taylor, Moose Jaw, Sask.

Mr. and Mrs. W. K. McKean and daughter Helen left on Wednesday for St. John's.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Sturdee were guests at Mr. Arthur Adams, Duck Cove, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Anglin gave a delightful picnic at "The Glen" on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Robinson arrived home from Calgary last week.

The new home of the Girls' Club was opened on Tuesday afternoon.

The tennis tournament between Fredrickton and Rothesay, on Thursday at Rothesay, was a very exciting match.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Smith spent the holiday in the city and returned to St. Andrews today.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Sturdee and Mrs. Payne are spending a few days at Moncton.

Mr. Charles Scammell and Miss Annie Scammell are the guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Allison at their residence, "Kingshurst," Rothesay.

Mr. and Mrs. Baird of Anlover, was brought to the Fisher Memorial hospital on Friday, where Dr. Rankine operated on him for appendicitis.

Misses Ruth and Alice Thompson and Blaind Carleton won prizes at St. Mary's Academy, Houlton, where they are studying.

Mr. P. R. Hayward and little daughter of Fairville are the guests of her parents Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Harmon.

Miss Gladys Grant, who has been visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Grant, Northampton, sang solos at both services in St. Paul's church on Sunday.

Misses Pauline and Louise Prescott, students of Edgehill school, are at home. Miss Pauline passed a satisfactory examination in music and received a certificate.

A miscellaneous shower was given Miss Estella Jules and Miss Aurilia Arnold at the residence of Mrs. Theodore Jules, Chapel street, on Monday evening.

Lieut. Charles H. Buell has resigned his commission and enlisted with the 15th Battalion in Sussex and left for England on Saturday.

Miss Maud Smith, who has been teaching at Grand Mere, Quebec, is spending the holidays with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Duppa Smith.

Miss Marie Thompson, who has been attending a convent at Halifax, has arrived home.

Miss Jennie Allingham of Fort Fairfield, is spending the summer with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Richard Allingham.

Mr. Alfred Lindon of Edmundston is the guest of her sister Mrs. J. W. Ellsworth.

Paul Williams, Whightman Manzer and Douglas Carr are home from Rothesay College for the holidays.

Nash Smith attended the closing exercises at Rothesay College.

Miss Margaret Bolton and Miss Helen Short of St. John were the guests over the holiday of Miss Mildred Berry.

A Red Cross Society is being organized for the summer by the subcommittee of Grand Bay and all ladies interested are asked to meet at the cottage of Mrs. Joseph Irvine on Thursday afternoon, July 8th, at three o'clock.

Mr. Andrew Tuth of the city spent the holiday here the guest of Mr. Charles Patterson.

Mrs. T. Burchill of the city was the guest over the holiday of Mrs. J. A. Mowry.

Miss Mildred Foster of St. John spent the week-end here the guest of Miss Florence McLean of the city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Taylor and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown spent the holiday here the guests of Mrs. O. P. Price.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stevens of St. John was the week-end guest of Mrs. H. C. Coates "Wexford Lodge."

Miss Ethel White, who has had charge of the school here for the last term, has gone to her home at White's Mills, N. B. for the holidays.

Miss Margaret Bolton and Miss Helen Short of St. John were the guests over the holiday of Miss Mildred Berry.

A Red Cross Society is being organized for the summer by the subcommittee of Grand Bay and all ladies interested are asked to meet at the cottage of Mrs. Joseph Irvine on Thursday afternoon, July 8th, at three o'clock.

Mr. Andrew Tuth of the city spent the holiday here the guest of Mr. Charles Patterson.

Mrs. T. Burchill of the city was the guest over the holiday of Mrs. J. A. Mowry.

Miss Mildred Foster of St. John spent the week-end here the guest of Miss Florence McLean of the city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Taylor and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown spent the holiday here the guests of Mrs. O. P. Price.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stevens of St. John was the week-end guest of Mrs. H. C. Coates "Wexford Lodge."

Miss Ethel White, who has had charge of the school here for the last term, has gone to her home at White's Mills, N. B. for the holidays.

Miss Margaret Bolton and Miss Helen Short of St. John were the guests over the holiday of Miss Mildred Berry.

A Red Cross Society is being organized for the summer by the subcommittee of Grand Bay and all ladies interested are asked to meet at the cottage of Mrs. Joseph Irvine on Thursday afternoon, July 8th, at three o'clock.

Mr. Andrew Tuth of the city spent the holiday here the guest of Mr. Charles Patterson.

Mrs. T. Burchill of the city was the guest over the holiday of Mrs. J. A. Mowry.

Miss Mildred Foster of St. John spent the week-end here the guest of Miss Florence McLean of the city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Taylor and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown spent the holiday here the guests of Mrs. O. P. Price.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stevens of St. John was the week-end guest of Mrs. H. C. Coates "Wexford Lodge."

Miss Ethel White, who has had charge of the school here for the last term, has gone to her home at White's Mills, N. B. for the holidays.

Miss Catherine Bell, Rothesay, has arrived home from the States where she has been attending college.

The Misses Jones (England) have been visiting Mrs. J. Lee Day at Westfield this week.

Mrs. F. B. Ellis returned home this week from Sussex where she had been a guest at Spruce Lodge.

The regular monthly meeting of the Royal Standard Chapter I. O. O. E. is to be held at the Girls' Association on Tuesday, July 7th, on Tuesday evening.

The appeal for skinner to be sent to Lieutenant Skinner of the 24th Victoria Rifles, for his platoon met with a prompt response.

Mrs. George McAvity and Miss Rosemond McAvity spent the holiday and week-end at Sussex guests at Spruce Lodge.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Tennant, Miss Tennant and Master Tennant are spending a couple of weeks at Sussex at Spruce Lodge.

Although the holiday was not very bright many enjoyed delightful outings in the suburbs and country districts.

Automobiles were seen flying along to Hampton and Sussex at the latter many visitors still are, but expecting shortly to be moved to Valcartier.

The opening of the Manor House at Glen Falls was a great attraction, many attending. This picturesque spot will not doubt be a great boom to our pleasure seeking resorts.

The Manor House has been very artistically fitted up with tea rooms, ball room and private luncheon rooms.

The Sign of the Lantern have taken charge and that alone speaks for the success that is sure to follow.

Thursday delicious refreshments were served and music was provided by the Son of England Band.

Everything was done for the pleasure of its guests by Mrs. F. C. Melick of St. John was the guest of Mrs. Melick "Idewhyle" on Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. I. V. Mackenzie and the Misses Parks of the city were the guests over the holiday of Mrs. Chas. Belyea.

Mrs. James Collins of the city spent a few days here this week with Mrs. Charles Patterson.

Mrs. Wm. Stevens of St. John was the week-end guest of Mrs. H. C. Coates "Wexford Lodge."

Miss Ethel White, who has had charge of the school here for the last term, has gone to her home at White's Mills, N. B. for the holidays.

Miss Margaret Bolton and Miss Helen Short of St. John were the guests over the holiday of Miss Mildred Berry.

A Red Cross Society is being organized for the summer by the subcommittee of Grand Bay and all ladies interested are asked to meet at the cottage of Mrs. Joseph Irvine on Thursday afternoon, July 8th, at three o'clock.

Mr. Andrew Tuth of the city spent the holiday here the guest of Mr. Charles Patterson.

Mrs. T. Burchill of the city was the guest over the holiday of Mrs. J. A. Mowry.

Miss Mildred Foster of St. John spent the week-end here the guest of Miss Florence McLean of the city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Taylor and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown spent the holiday here the guests of Mrs. O. P. Price.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stevens of St. John was the week-end guest of Mrs. H. C. Coates "Wexford Lodge."

Miss Ethel White, who has had charge of the school here for the last term, has gone to her home at White's Mills, N. B. for the holidays.

Miss Margaret Bolton and Miss Helen Short of St. John were the guests over the holiday of Miss Mildred Berry.

A Red Cross Society is being organized for the summer by the subcommittee of Grand Bay and all ladies interested are asked to meet at the cottage of Mrs. Joseph Irvine on Thursday afternoon, July 8th, at three o'clock.

Mr. Andrew Tuth of the city spent the holiday here the guest of Mr. Charles Patterson.

Mrs. T. Burchill of the city was the guest over the holiday of Mrs. J. A. Mowry.

Miss Mildred Foster of St. John spent the week-end here the guest of Miss Florence McLean of the city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Taylor and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown spent the holiday here the guests of Mrs. O. P. Price.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stevens of St. John was the week-end guest of Mrs. H. C. Coates "Wexford Lodge."

Miss Ethel White, who has had charge of the school here for the last term, has gone to her home at White's Mills, N. B. for the holidays.

Miss Margaret Bolton and Miss Helen Short of St. John were the guests over the holiday of Miss Mildred Berry.

A Red Cross Society is being organized for the summer by the subcommittee of Grand Bay and all ladies interested are asked to meet at the cottage of Mrs. Joseph Irvine on Thursday afternoon, July 8th, at three o'clock.

Mr. Andrew Tuth of the city spent the holiday here the guest of Mr. Charles Patterson.

Mrs. T. Burchill of the city was the guest over the holiday of Mrs. J. A. Mowry.

Miss Mildred Foster of St. John spent the week-end here the guest of Miss Florence McLean of the city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Taylor and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown spent the holiday here the guests of Mrs. O. P. Price.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stevens of St. John was the week-end guest of Mrs. H. C. Coates "Wexford Lodge."

Miss Ethel White, who has had charge of the school here for the last term, has gone to her home at White's Mills, N. B. for the holidays.

Miss Margaret Bolton and Miss Helen Short of St. John were the guests over the holiday of Miss Mildred Berry.

A Red Cross Society is being organized for the summer by the subcommittee of Grand Bay and all ladies interested are asked to meet at the cottage of Mrs. Joseph Irvine on Thursday afternoon, July 8th, at three o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Rankine moved to their summer residence, Acamac, on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James S. Harding left on Wednesday for Digby, where they will be guests for the summer months at the "Myrtle House."

Mr. Justice Grimmer, Mrs. Grimmer and Miss Lois Grimmer have come that day by day the trenches are filled and the hospitals filled, no rest day or night for our brave defenders who are sacrificing so much for us and let us ever keep in mind when thinking of the frightful war the well known motto—"This too shall pass away."

Mrs. Louis W. Barker and little daughter Phyllis Barker arrived in the city from Montreal and are the guests of Mrs. Barker's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles McLoughlin, Princess street.

Mrs. George F. Smith left this week to spend the summer months at St. Andrews-by-the-Sea. Mrs. Smith's two daughters and their children from Montreal are already there. Mrs. Guthrie and Mrs. Robinson.

Mrs. T. E. Ryder, who has been spending a few weeks at the Capital, a guest of Mrs. T. C. Allen, spent a few days this week in the city returning to Fredericton on Friday.

Mrs. Alexander Thompson, (Fredericton), spent a few days in the city this week.

Mrs. John McMillan is visiting at her daughter's Mrs. Mackay's, Rothesay, and later will leave for Dalhousie on a short visit.

Mrs. Paul Ritter (Costa Rica) who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

HAMPTON

Hampton, July 1.—A pretty home wedding was solemnized at four o'clock on Tuesday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. R. Hammel, Warrenton, Lower Norton, when their eldest daughter, Miss Helen Sophia, became the bride of T. Harold Fairweather. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. A. S. Warneford, rector of Johnston, and uncle of the bride, in the presence of the members of the family relations of bride and groom. The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, R. H. Warneford, was given in white silk with a bouquet of pink and white carnations. The groom was attended by Fenwick Hoyt, a cousin of the bride. Little Miss Titus, niece of the groom, made a very attractive flower girl. Misses Grace Warneford, Hazel Warneford, Lucy Hoyt and Daphne Fairweather acted as ribbon bearers. The drawing room was beautifully decorated with potted plants, ferns and daisies. After the ceremony was a party partook of a sumptuous lunch and groom was proposed by Dr. Warneford, uncle of the bride, to which the groom responded. Mr. and Mrs. Fairweather left on the six p.m. train for Boston and other American cities, where they will spend their honeymoon. A large number of presents were received.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Smith spent the holiday in the city and returned to St. Andrews today.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Sturdee and Mrs. Payne are spending a few days at Moncton.

Mr. Charles Scammell and Miss Annie Scammell are the guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Allison at their residence, "Kingshurst," Rothesay.

Mr. and Mrs. Baird of Anlover, was brought to the Fisher Memorial hospital on Friday, where Dr. Rankine operated on him for appendicitis.

Misses Ruth and Alice Thompson and Blaind Carleton won prizes at St. Mary's Academy, Houlton, where they are studying.

Mr. P. R. Hayward and little daughter of Fairville are the guests of her parents Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Harmon.

Miss Gladys Grant, who has been visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Grant, Northampton, sang solos at both services in St. Paul's church on Sunday.

Misses Pauline and Louise Prescott, students of Edgehill school, are at home. Miss Pauline passed a satisfactory examination in music and received a certificate.

A miscellaneous shower was given Miss Estella Jules and Miss Aurilia Arnold at the residence of Mrs. Theodore Jules, Chapel street, on Monday evening.

Lieut. Charles H. Buell has resigned his commission and enlisted with the 15th Battalion in Sussex and left for England on Saturday.

Miss Maud Smith, who has been teaching at Grand Mere, Quebec, is spending the holidays with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Duppa Smith.

Miss Marie Thompson, who has been attending a convent at Halifax, has arrived home.

Miss Jennie Allingham of Fort Fairfield, is spending the summer with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Richard Allingham.

Mr. Alfred Lindon of Edmundston is the guest of her sister Mrs. J. W. Ellsworth.

Paul Williams, Whightman Manzer and Douglas Carr are home from Rothesay College for the holidays.

Nash Smith attended the closing exercises at Rothesay College.

Miss Margaret Bolton and Miss Helen Short of St. John were the guests over the holiday of Miss Mildred Berry.

A Red Cross Society is being organized for the summer by the subcommittee of Grand Bay and all ladies interested are asked to meet at the cottage of Mrs. Joseph Irvine on Thursday afternoon, July 8th, at three o'clock.

Mr. Andrew Tuth of the city spent the holiday here the guest of Mr. Charles Patterson.

Mrs. T. Burchill of the city was the guest over the holiday of Mrs. J. A. Mowry.

Miss Mildred Foster of St. John spent the week-end here the guest of Miss Florence McLean of the city.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

DORCHESTER

Dorchester, June 29.—Mrs. Joseph and Miss Etta Chapman, and Miss J. Percy Foster were in Amherst for a day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Starratt, Mr. Elsie Starratt, Miss Mabel MacDonald and Miss Mae Palmer, motored to Hapewell Hill, Albert Co., and in company with Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Rogers and Mrs. Frances went to McPadden Lake on a fishing trip.

Mr. Blanchard, Mrs. C. S. Hickman and Mrs. A. B. Pipes, were visitors to Moncton last week, and spent the day with friends.

Mrs. A. E. Oulton and Miss Marion Oulton, Boston, left on Monday last for St. John, where they were present at the marriage of Mrs. Oulton's son, George King Oulton to Maisie Emery, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Emery, at the home of the bride on June 22. Mr. Oulton, who is on the staff of J. M. Robinson & Sons, Bankers, is one of Dorchester's popular young men. He has many friends here who join in wishing him and his bride much happiness.

Mrs. Lionel Teed, of St. John, is here for the summer vacation, and is at present the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Hannington.

Miss Muriel Thomas returned on Wednesday from Amherst, where she has been the guest of Miss Edith Lawson for the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Baker, who has been the guest of Miss Lois Grimmer.

</

Social Notes of the Week



MONCTON

Moncton, July 2.—Mr. R. M. Boyd formerly of Moncton, but for the past two years chief accountant in the Royal Bank at Victoria, B. C., has been appointed to the position of assistant manager of Vancouver.

Mr. W. H. Irving, a Rhodes scholar, and formerly of the Aberdeen High school teaching staff in New York, is spending a couple of weeks in the city on his way to the Philadelphia from England, landing in New York on Sunday last, and is expected home the latter part of this week.

Miss Gwendoline Hallett is home from U. N. B. to spend the summer holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hallett, Humphrey's Mills.

Mrs. W. A. Lockhart, of St. John, is spending a couple of weeks in the city the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Cole, Alma street.

Judge W. W. Wells arrived in the city this week from Ottawa and will spend a few days here before going to St. Andrews to spend the summer.

Mrs. Claude Peters and son, of New York, have arrived in the city, to spend the summer with Mrs. Peter's mother, Mrs. C. P. Harris, Steadman street.

The Aberdeen High school closing was held on Tuesday evening in the Grand Opera House. Twenty-seven took all the graduation papers and twenty-seven received diplomas.

Miss Emily B. Oulton led the class with Miss Jessie L. Stannard a close second. Mr. George Irving led the boys. Mr. Reginald was valedictorian; Miss Oulton, class prophetess.

Mrs. E. H. Hall and daughter, Miss Vera, of Winnipeg, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Wran, Railway avenue.

Miss Doris Farquarson, of the Bank of Nova Scotia, Calgary, Alberta spent a few hours in Moncton on Monday, en route to her home in Charlottetown.

Judge C. F. Steeves left on Wednesday for Halifax to spend a few weeks. About twenty-five young lady friends of Miss Greta Northrup gathered at the home of Miss Lillian Cole, Wesley street, and tendered her a silk shower on Monday evening. A very pleasant evening was spent.

Three interesting weddings took place on Wednesday at high noon: Miss Greta Pauline, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Northrup, was married to Mr. William E. Weldon, son of Mr. W. J. Weldon, of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Weldon left on a trip to Montreal, Toronto, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Chicago and other American cities.

At four o'clock in the afternoon Miss Augusta Rebecca, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Barnes, became the bride of Mr. William M. Humphrey, son of Mr. W. F. Humphrey, M.L.D. Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey left on a trip to Upper Canadian cities.

At seven o'clock Miss Mabel Margaret, daughter of Mrs. E. C. Jones, was married to Mr. Walter Nugent, son of Mr. John Nugent, Mr. and Mrs. Nugent left on the Maritime for Upper Canadian and American cities.

BABY HAS LION FOR PLAYMATE



Little Madeline Ricardo, a baby seven months old, with a baby lion two months old, is shown in this picture. The baby's parents, who live in Denver, Col., are trainers of wild animals. Madeline and the little lion are playmates.

ST. ANDREWS

St. Andrews, July 3.—Mrs. Ira Stenson received for the first time since her marriage on Tuesday and Wednesday afternoon at her pretty home on Water street. Mrs. Stenson wore a pretty gown of white embroidered voile and was assisted in receiving by Miss Fannie Billings, Miss Amelia Kennedy, Miss Noe Stinson and Miss Gertrude Stinson served the guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Markey and family of Montreal arrived here last week and have opened their cottage "Cliff Side" for the summer.

A pretty home wedding was solemnized at 3:30 on Wednesday afternoon, June 29, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Hanson, Sr., when their daughter, Miss Bessie M. Hanson, became the bride of Mr. Nelson H. Boyd. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. R. W. Weddall, pastor of the Methodist church, in the presence of immediate relatives and friends.

The bride who was given in marriage by her brother, Mr. D. G. Hanson, was gowned in white duchesse satin with frounces and toilers jacket of embroidered net, and carried a shower bouquet of bridal roses and lilies of the valley. The parlor was beautifully decorated in white and green, the ceremony being performed under a floral arch of daisies, snowballs and spire. A reception followed the ceremony after which the happy couple left by auto for St. Stephen en route for Boston and other American cities.

The bride's traveling gown was navy blue broadcloth with white hat. Many beautiful gifts were received. The groom's gift to the bride was a pearl necklace.

Mrs. Will Nesbitt and children are spending the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gardiner.

Mrs. Holding and Miss Marquette Holding of St. Andrew's, Que. are the guests of Mrs. Fred Andrews at the "Haven".

Doctor and Mrs. Mitchell of Boston are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hibbard.

The Misses Hilda Hewitt, Rhoda Stickney, Katie O'Halloran of Deer Island teaching staff and Miss Bessie Thompson of Milltown, N. B., are home for the holidays.

The graduation exercises of the Charlottetown Grammar School was held in the assembly hall of the Prince of Wales Hotel.

Miss Laura Wilson sang a solo in the Episcopal church on Sunday morning in a very pleasing and finished manner.

Mr. and Mrs. Longley, of Windsor, N. S., have been here visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Foss.

For the week Miss Alice Davidson, and Miss Annie Brock are at Mr. and Mrs. Bell's camp at Gondola Point. Many friends are glad to welcome them.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Heine of Montreal were guests during the week of Mr. W. H. Heine, at his cottage, Pleasant street.

Miss Garda Tingley, teacher of the primary department, will spend the holidays at her home in Dorchester.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Harnett are receiving congratulations on the arrival Tuesday morning of a baby daughter.

The Ladies' Bridge Club was entertained last week by Mrs. E. A. Smith, when the prize fell to Mrs. Wilson of Montreal.

Mrs. Wilson was guest of honor at a very enjoyable function on Saturday evening, when Miss Lena Bray entertained at two tables of "auction." The pretty souvenir of the game was won by Miss Mary Weldon.

On Thursday afternoon last Mrs. E. C. Turner gave a very pleasant thimble party in honor of her daughter, Miss Clara and Miss Garda Tingley.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce will be the guests of her father, Mr. J. W. Bradley, when they visit him in St. John.

Mrs. Fred Inglis and children are home from a visit to P. E. I.

Mrs. J. R. Bruce leaves town this week to visit at the home of her son, Mr. W. Bruce, St. John. Before returning Mrs. Bruce will be the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Condon at Campbellton.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis of P. E. I., who are on a wedding trip to New Brunswick, were guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. W. Arard.

Mrs. Shannon and little daughter, of Sydney, are at the home of Miss Evans, Main street. Mrs. Shannon was Miss Carly Newman of Shediac.

Miss Bessie Wortman will leave town this week to spend some time with friends in Ontario.

Mrs. W. Gleason and Miss Atkinson are home from a trip to New York and Upper Canada. They were accompanied to Shediac by Miss Bradley, of St. Catherine, Ont. The latter is the guest of her father, Mr. J. W. Bradley.

Mrs. Fred Inglis and children are home from a visit to P. E. I.

Mrs. J. R. Bruce leaves town this week to visit at the home of her son, Mr. W. Bruce, St. John. Before returning Mrs. Bruce will be the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Condon at Campbellton.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis of P. E. I., who are on a wedding trip to New Brunswick, were guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. W. Arard.

Mrs. Shannon and little daughter, of Sydney, are at the home of Miss Evans, Main street. Mrs. Shannon was Miss Carly Newman of Shediac.

Miss Bessie Wortman will leave town this week to spend some time with friends in Ontario.

WESTFIELD

Westfield Beach, July 1.—Westfield was the objective point for the National History Society of St. John to hold their first outing of the season, which took place on Saturday afternoon. They came from the city on the afternoon suburban train and were the guests of Mrs. C. E. L. Jarvis, Mr. Jarvis unfortunately being absent in New York. The weather was all that could be desired until after preparations had been made for the evening meal on the shore, when the rain came in torrents, causing the members to make a hasty retreat to the spacious piazza surrounding Mr. E. L. Jarvis' residence.

Mr. W. F. Burditt, the president, was present, and Mr. James A. Estey had charge of the affair. Fitting reference was made to the death of three prominent members of the society—Senator Ellis, Dr. G. U. Hay and Dr. G. A. B. Addy, Sr.

The programme of the outing was interrupted by a heavy shower of rain and consequently impromptu talks were substituted.

A large number attended the weekly dance at the pavilion, Public Landing, on Saturday evening.

Rev. Mr. Bertram and bride are expected to arrive from Boston tomorrow, and for a few days will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Macburn.

Mr. Bertram has recently been appointed in charge of the Westfield circuit of the Methodist church and will preach for the first time on Sunday morning.

Rev. J. Spicer Gregg, B. A. occupied the pulpit the Methodist church on Sunday evening for the last time prior to the division of the Westfield circuit. He read the pastoral letter drawn up at the conclusion of the recent Methodist conference and made a few remarks regarding his leaving the circuit.

A sale of home-made cooking is to be held at the home of Mrs. R. Duncan Smith, Onneton, on Saturday afternoon, July 3rd at four o'clock.

Mr. Cruikshank of Fredericton, N. B. is having a new suburban home erected near the station.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones of Moncton were the weekend guests of Mrs. Stephenson. Mrs. Jones is remaining a few days longer with her mother.

Miss Margaret Patterson has returned from Halifax Ladies' College and is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Patterson.

Mrs. H. B. Schofield of St. John spent the weekend here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Robinson.

Mr. W. A. Church and the Misses Church are spending a few days cruising on the river this week.

Mr. W. G. Campbell of St. John is spending today with friends here.

Miss Ethel Jarvis has returned home after spending several weeks in Fredericton.

Miss Jessie Gilliland has returned from Brookville, N. B. and is spending the summer at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Tilton have come from the city to spend the summer at Hillside and are occupying rooms at Mr. and Mrs. Kirkpatrick's.

Miss Jennie Smith is spending a week at her home at Jerusalem, N. B. Mr. C. E. Jarvis is spending some weeks in New York, seeking medical treatment.

Mr. H. Harris Biggar, B. A. has arrived from Montreal and with Mrs. Biggar who arrived a few weeks ago is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Leander Lingley.

An informal dance was held in the hall last evening.

Mr. Seymour of St. John is today the guest of his daughter, Mrs. C. H. Hutchings.

Miss Hatch and Mr. C. Brooke Skelton of St. John were the weekend guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Jarvis. They are also their guests today.

Mrs. Matthew Armstrong, of South Bay spent last week with relatives here.

Mrs. Hubert A. Seely of Woodstock, N. B. is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Leander Lingley.

Miss Mairie Fleming of St. John was a weekend visitor at the point.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. McDonnell of Montreal have arrived to spend the summer here and are occupying Mr. George W. Crawford's new residence.

Mrs. Jenkin, Miss Jenkin and friends are spending the day at their cottage here.

Mrs. Fowler and son of St. John spent the weekend with Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stephenson.

Mrs. R. M. Burden of Boston has been spending some time this week at "Lonevale Farm."

The ladies who are summering at Ingleside have formed a society to be known as "The Ingleside Ladies' Association" and have taken as their object the work of providing necessities and comforts for the soldiers.

Miss McEivern of St. John is the guest of Mrs. J. G. Knowlton at Onneton.

At Ingleside on Saturday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Everett about thirty young people from St. John and those summering here were entertained at a most delightful picnic.

Mr. Lloyd Campbell is spending the holiday with his parents here, Mr. and Mrs. J. Roy Campbell.

A branch of the Soldiers' Comfort Association has been formed here with Miss Myrtle Porter as collector in this district, and several other ladies are also interested in the work of the society. Some of the things required are socks, handkerchiefs, cakes, candy, dices, nuts, tobacco, books, matches, cigars, foot case, vaseline, face lotion, vermilion killer and money.

The closing exercises in connection with the public school took place yesterday afternoon in the presence of relatives and friends of the pupils. The room was tastefully decorated and under the direction of their teacher, Miss Lois Lingley, a lengthy programme of recitations, dialogues and songs were well carried out. Miss Lingley has been engaged as teacher for another year. She will spend the holidays at her home in Westfield, N. B.

The holiday has been spent quietly here today, and although the weather has been mostly fair, there were a few showers during the day. A large number of visitors spent the day here (than usual). Several picnics were held by auto and motor boats to picnic on the shore. Tennis parties have been using the Hillside courts for practically the first time.

The holiday has been spent quietly here today, and although the weather has been mostly fair, there were a few showers during the day. A large number of visitors spent the day here (than usual). Several picnics were held by auto and motor boats to picnic on the shore. Tennis parties have been using the Hillside courts for practically the first time.

Winnipeg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Hutchinson, of Douglstown.

Mrs. Brownlow Malby is visiting in Montreal, where she was accompanied by her uncle, James Jones, to the hospital for an operation for cataract.

Miss Miller of New York is visiting Mrs. T. W. Crocker.

Mrs. Walter J. Jardine and family are visiting former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, of Port Daniel, P. Q.

Mrs. Major Randolph Crocker, of Millerton and family, have removed to Fredericton to join Major Crocker there.

Miss Belle Robinson has returned from Brockton, Mass.

Miss May Sullivan, of Chelsea, N. S., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Sullivan.

Mrs. Clara Adams of Campbellton, is visiting Rev. and Mrs. A. Firth, Douglstown.

Miss Marjorie Davidson left yesterday to spend July and August in Ontario.

Miss Sarah Murray, of Bridgetown, N. S., is visiting Mrs. Geo. Lake.

Patrick Keating, Sr., is spending a vacation in New Haven, Conn.

West India Cable Restored.

The C. P. R. telegraph office announced that the Bermuda cable, running between Halifax and the West Indies, has been restored. This cable was interrupted some time ago, and to effect repairs has proven an exceptionally difficult undertaking. The normal route for messages to Bermuda, Turks Island, Jamaica and all the West Indies via Bermuda is now after noon by Mrs. Hugh Montreiff, of available at the lower rate.

March, accompanied by three days of Lake.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

March, spent a few hours before going to Quebec.

URE



...he'll take a spell from care quite free; ...fit and well, ...as you all can see.

EVER LITTLE ARTIST



...publishing the sketch sent in with Mitchell, 207 Douglas Ave., ...N. B., and am sure you will ...that Edith well deserves the ...I should have liked to have ...space will not allow. I am send- ...the special sketch made by ...

itions and Girls

...ture which I want all boys of age to color with either

...the best I will give a first

...rd rules, no entrance fees, ...color it the way you think as the one shown on this ...em up, pin them to the ...ed to

DICK, DARD, St. John, N. B.

July 8th, 1915

Both Contests

MPETITION D GIRLS

...day (for 14 years of age).

...appear in the Children's Corn-

...ing Contest

...society (St. John Branch.)

...by your efforts. Here are ...both measuring ten inches by ...ordinary cheese cloth, hand ...corner, and round the edges, ...and forward not later than

LE DICK, The Standard Office, St. John, N. B.

...girls and boys, as I want you possible, knowing that they are

...the best I shall award a val-

In Pulpit and Pew

BAPTIST

Negro Baptists Dr. B. F. Riley of Birmingham, Alabama, recently gave out the following figures as to the comparative strength of the negro membership in the leading denominations: Baptists, 2,341,205; Methodists, 1,436,824; Presbyterians, 29,000; Roman Catholics, 38,235; Protestant Episcopal, 19,098. According to these figures there are nearly 1,000,000—over 900,000—more negro Baptists in the country than negroes of all other denominations.

American Baptists Home Missions The American Baptist Home Mission Society embraces in its work nearly every state in the Union, and also Mexico, El Salvador, Cuba, and Porto Rico. It includes in its work twenty-seven missions which go to make up this "melting pot" of the world.

Supplying Spurgeon's Tabernacle Rev. T. T. Shields of Jarvis street church, is calling this week (Wednesday 23rd) for England, where, during July and August he is to occupy the pulpit of the Metropolitan (Spurgeon's) Tabernacle, London, Eng., with the exception of one, or perhaps two, Sundays, which will be taken by Dr. J. H. Jewett of New York.

United Services Brussels street and Waterloo street churches are uniting for July and August. Rev. D. J. MacPherson is on vacation for the month of July, Rev. F. H. Wentworth having charge of the services. Rev. D. J. MacPherson will have charge of the united services during August.

Main Street Rev. D. Hutchinson, D. D. will commence his vacation the first of August. The preachers in the Main street church for August will be: Aug. 1st, Rev. A. H. Marshall of the First Baptist church, Winnipeg; Aug. 8 and 15, Rev. H. R. Boyer; Aug. 22, 29, Rev. W. E. Norton, D. D. of Toronto.

Leinster Street Rev. W. Camp will commence his vacation the first of August. Rev. W. H. Johnson of St. George will supply the Leinster street pulpit Aug. 15th. Arrangements for other Sundays yet to be made.

This is Woman's Hour The Rev. W. Y. Fullerton, writing in the Baptist Times for the English Baptist Missionary Society, declares this is woman's hour. New opportunities and duties are opening everywhere around her. Men are called to the war, and women are called to the work; many of them busy on our railroads and at our bookstalls; they are busy, too, out of sight in our banks and warehouses; and in public service they have risen nobly to meet the need of the time.

Methodist The Methodist Chaplains now at the front, number upwards of one hundred, and 600 ministers are acting chaplains in various camps. Gipsy Smith has six cousins at the front, and declares he would go himself only he is too old.

The Christian Advocate, Nashville, Ten., the official organ of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, recently celebrated its biennial anniversary, and was in receipt of numerous congratulatory notes. President Wilson sending his best wishes. It is a noteworthy journal, its edition have been leading men in the Southern Methodist. The present editor is Rev. Thomas N. Ivey, long may he live to fill the chair.

The question frequently asked, "what forgetfulness" have upon soldiers at the front, who have been wounded for this purpose, "chaplains," I entered the house where the wounded lay. Whilst standing at the window the Germans made a direct hit on the house, and the place collapsed, covering us with plaster and bits of brick. The orderlies assisted the wounded men and carried them into the playground (the Dressing Station was a Boarding School) when another shell burst right in the playground. One got about two seconds' notice of the coming of a shell and in less than that time, we were all flat on the ground, and the shell

Applied in 5 Seconds Cured Corns Quick The Rev. Pierre LeBel, late of Escumac, Que., in the Presbytery of Miramichi, was inducted to the pastoral charge of Rose Bay, N. S., in the Presbytery of Lunenburg and Yarmouth. This congregation has been vacant since the lamented death of Rev. Wm. McPherson in August last. The Presbytery of St. John will hold its regular quarterly meeting in St. John on Tuesday, July 6. Rev. Gordon Pringle, of Kincaidville, is the retiring moderator and he will be succeeded by Rev. J. A. MacKeigan, of St. John. The Presbytery of Miramichi held quarterly meeting in St. John's church, Dalhousie, June 22. Rev. A. R. Ross, missionary in Song Chin, Korea, is on his return home for a furlough. He sailed from Yokohama, Japan, for Canada via San Francisco, June 12. During his student days, Mr. Ross served as catechist at Edmonston, N. B., for at least one summer.

Rev. J. C. Robertson, of Toronto, General Secretary of the Board of Sabbath schools and Young Peoples' Societies, has been in St. John this week visiting his brother, William

Robertson, of Hampton, N. B., who has undergone a serious operation in the St. John General Hospital. Mr. Robertson is among the speakers at the Summer School of Principles and Methods for Sunday school workers to be held in Berwick, N. S., August 12-19.

The completion of the new Presbyterian church in Westfield, N. B., marks the consummation of an earnest effort which found many supporters, not only among the people of the home community, but also among the friends of the cause from the city of St. John, who habitually reside here during the summer months. The dedication service last Sabbath was attended by a large congregation which filled the church to overflowing.

Among those to enlist in the Second University Company for service overseas from Canada is Harold S. Patton, of the editorial staff of East and West, the paper for young people issued by the Presbyterian Publication Board. Recruits are drafted for this company from the several Canadian universities.

Indore College, India, established and maintained by the Presbyterian church in Canada, is "doing its bit" in the present war. Among others who are serving the Empire in this time of need is a young Hindu from this college, Mr. Padmanji, who has accepted the call to work as a C. I. C. secretary among the Indian troops in France, giving his services without remuneration, and engaging to serve for a year.

The congregation of Merigomish held anniversary services last Sabbath in commemoration of its hundred years of history. Rev. Principal Mackinnon, of Halifax, was the special preacher, while Rev. Thomas Commins was presented to tender the greetings of the Presbytery of Pictou. The present minister of the congregation is Rev. A. F. Fisher.

A special memorial service was held in the Presbyterian church at Shubenacadie, N. S., June 20. The occasion was the unveiling of a memorial window in memory of the late Rev. James MacLean, D. D., who had been pastor of this congregation, by his son, Wendell MacLean, of Calgary, Alta., and the act of unveiling was performed by a grand-nephew, Master Allan MacLean. The special preacher was Rev. John Forrest, D. D., of Halifax, an intimate friend of Dr. MacLean's.

Rev. J. H. Ritson, Methodist minister, has just received the honorary degree of D. D. from the Wesleyan College, affiliated with the McGill University, Montreal. For the last fifteen years Mr. Ritson has been one of the two secretaries of the British and Foreign Bible Society. He has published a valuable book on the Bible in China, and has also served as one of the secretaries of the Edinburgh Conference, and of its Continuation Committee. The personal distinction which has now been conferred upon him is well deserved, and is likewise a recognition of the work of the Brit-

METHODIST

The Methodist Chaplains now at the front, number upwards of one hundred, and 600 ministers are acting chaplains in various camps. Gipsy Smith has six cousins at the front, and declares he would go himself only he is too old.

The Christian Advocate, Nashville, Ten., the official organ of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, recently celebrated its biennial anniversary, and was in receipt of numerous congratulatory notes. President Wilson sending his best wishes. It is a noteworthy journal, its edition have been leading men in the Southern Methodist. The present editor is Rev. Thomas N. Ivey, long may he live to fill the chair.

The question frequently asked, "what forgetfulness" have upon soldiers at the front, who have been wounded for this purpose, "chaplains," I entered the house where the wounded lay. Whilst standing at the window the Germans made a direct hit on the house, and the place collapsed, covering us with plaster and bits of brick. The orderlies assisted the wounded men and carried them into the playground (the Dressing Station was a Boarding School) when another shell burst right in the playground. One got about two seconds' notice of the coming of a shell and in less than that time, we were all flat on the ground, and the shell

Applied in 5 Seconds Cured Corns Quick

The Rev. Pierre LeBel, late of Escumac, Que., in the Presbytery of Miramichi, was inducted to the pastoral charge of Rose Bay, N. S., in the Presbytery of Lunenburg and Yarmouth. This congregation has been vacant since the lamented death of Rev. Wm. McPherson in August last. The Presbytery of St. John will hold its regular quarterly meeting in St. John on Tuesday, July 6. Rev. Gordon Pringle, of Kincaidville, is the retiring moderator and he will be succeeded by Rev. J. A. MacKeigan, of St. John. The Presbytery of Miramichi held quarterly meeting in St. John's church, Dalhousie, June 22. Rev. A. R. Ross, missionary in Song Chin, Korea, is on his return home for a furlough. He sailed from Yokohama, Japan, for Canada via San Francisco, June 12. During his student days, Mr. Ross served as catechist at Edmonston, N. B., for at least one summer.

Rev. J. C. Robertson, of Toronto, General Secretary of the Board of Sabbath schools and Young Peoples' Societies, has been in St. John this week visiting his brother, William

To Ward Off Summer Complexion Ills

To keep the face smooth, white and beautiful all summer, there's nothing quite so good as ordinary mercurial was. The colored or freckled skin so common at this season, is gently absorbed by the wax and replaced by the newer, fresher skin beneath. The face exhibits no trace of the wax, which is applied at bedtime and washed off morning. Great quantities of powders and rouges, on the other hand, apt to appear more conspicuous than usual these days of excessive perspiration. Just get an ounce of mercurial wax at any drug store and use the cold cream. It will help any skin at once and in a week or so the complexion will look remarkably young and healthy.

Rev. J. C. Robertson, of Toronto, General Secretary of the Board of Sabbath schools and Young Peoples' Societies, has been in St. John this week visiting his brother, William

TOOK THE ADVICE OF HIS FRIEND

Stomach Trouble and Rheumatism Relieved by "Fruit-atives"



MR. L. LABRIE 594 Champlain St., Montreal. "I have been restored to health by taking 'Fruit-atives.' For two years I was a miserable sufferer from Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. I became very weak, had frequent dizzy spells and when I took food, felt wretched and sleepy. I suffered from Rheumatism dreadfully, with pains in my back and joints and my hands swollen. A friend advised me to try 'Fruit-atives' and from the outset, they did me good. After I had started the second box, I felt I was getting well and I persevered in the treatment. I can truthfully say that 'Fruit-atives' is the only medicine that helped me.

LOUIS LABRIE "FRUIT-ATIVES" is the famous medicine made from fruit juices. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 35c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-atives Limited, Ottawa.

bursting upwards hit nobody as it exploded, but the metal fell on us as it came down again. Although twenty-four shells were hurled at us, but most of them exploded after we had found shelter in a cellar in another part of the premises. For 19 and a 1/2 hours we had no food, as we had to move our Dressing Station, and no one thought of food until we had found and filled up another place for the reception of the wounded. "Every man was cheerful, brave and true."

Rev. Dr. Ritson Rev. J. H. Ritson, Methodist minister, has just received the honorary degree of D. D. from the Wesleyan College, affiliated with the McGill University, Montreal. For the last fifteen years Mr. Ritson has been one of the two secretaries of the British and Foreign Bible Society. He has published a valuable book on the Bible in China, and has also served as one of the secretaries of the Edinburgh Conference, and of its Continuation Committee. The personal distinction which has now been conferred upon him is well deserved, and is likewise a recognition of the work of the Brit-

Rev. J. H. Ritson, Methodist minister, has just received the honorary degree of D. D. from the Wesleyan College, affiliated with the McGill University, Montreal. For the last fifteen years Mr. Ritson has been one of the two secretaries of the British and Foreign Bible Society. He has published a valuable book on the Bible in China, and has also served as one of the secretaries of the Edinburgh Conference, and of its Continuation Committee. The personal distinction which has now been conferred upon him is well deserved, and is likewise a recognition of the work of the Brit-

HOME STUDY SUMMER SCHOOL JULY AND AUGUST

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY KINGSTON, ONTARIO ARTS EDUCATION MEDICINE SCHOOL OF MINING CHEMICAL MECHANICAL ENGINEERING GEO. Y. CHOWN, Registrar

LONDON DIRECTORY

Published Annually. enables readers throughout the World to communicate direct with English MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS in each class of goods. Besides being a complete commercial guide to London and its suburbs the Directory contains lists of EXPORT MERCHANTS with the goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign Markets they supply; STEAMSHIP LINES arranged under the Ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate Sailing; PROVINCIAL TRADE NOTICES of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal provincial towns and industrial centres of the United Kingdom.

The annual meeting of The Standard, Limited, will be held at the company's office 82 Prince William street, St. John, N. B., on Tuesday, the thirteenth day of July, 1915, at three o'clock in the afternoon for the election of directors, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

MANNING W. DOHERTY, Secretary-Treasurer.

Fresh Fish Fresh Gaspereaux, Codfish and Halibut.

JAMES PATTERSON, 19 and 20 South Market Wharf.

land and Foreign Bible Society, and in particular of the Canadian Bible Society, in the formation of which Dr. Ritson did eminent and laborious service.

Rev. W. S. Carey has a brother in Woodstock, Carleton County, who is a faithful Bible class teacher and occasional preacher of great acceptance. A series of mission services, arranged by Rev. W. S. Carey, S. A., and W. J. Robinson, B. A., were held last week in the dining hall of the Fueliers in the camp on the Recreation Grounds at Newmarket. There were bright singing, of old familiar hymns and solos by members of the Regent street church choir. Miss Carey was accompanied and items were rendered by the Misses Colville, Boucher and McAuley. Addresses were delivered by the chaplains. The numbers and interest increased, until at the Friday evening gathering there was, for a military voluntary service, a record attendance of over 250. By a unanimous vote of the men the meetings are being continued for three days of this week. A deep seriousness has been manifested and much good is anticipated from the effort.

There was a good supply of provisions in the retail market yesterday. Not many changes in prices were noticeable except that chickens are dearer, \$2 per pair being asked. Some of the prices for other commodities are here given. Beef, roasts, 12c to 28c; veal, 12c to 20c; mutton, 12c to 18c; pork, 18c to 20c. Turkeys can be had at 25c to 30c per pound. Butter is plentiful, creamery being quoted at 20c per pound; dairy 26c to 28c; tub 24c. Fresh eggs bring 23c per dozen, case 20c. There is a plentiful supply of fresh vegetables, including turnips, carrots and spinach, all 10c per bunch. Bermuda onions are 5c per pound. Lettuce, radish, celery and tomatoes are on hand in good quantities at prices usual for this time of year.

Domain Savings Bank. The financial returns from the Dominion Savings Bank for the month of June were: Deposits \$57,576.70, withdrawals \$74,576.38.

SAINT ANDREW'S COLLEGE TORONTO - ONT.

RESIDENTIAL AND DAY SCHOOL for Boys, Upper and Lower School. Boys preparing for Matriculation into the Universities, for entrance into the Royal Military College, and for Business. Calendar containing full particulars sent on application.

REV. D. BRUCE MACDONALD M.A., LL.D., Headmaster. Autumn Term Commences Sept. 13th, 1915

ACADIA UNIVERSITY WOLFVILLE, Nova Scotia.

Departments— Arts and Sciences, Applied Science, Theology. Degrees— B.A., B.Sc., B.Th., M.A., and certificates in Engineering admitting to the first year of technical schools. First year in Medicine, Law and Theology given as electives in Arts course.

ACADIA LADIES' SEMINARY WOLFVILLE, Nova Scotia. A High Grade Residential School. The Aim—To prepare Girls and Young Women for Complete Living. The Course—Twelve, including College Preparatory, Music, Arts, Oratory, Household Science, Business. The Faculty—Twenty-five Teachers of Fine Personality and Special Training for the Work. The Equipment—First Class in every respect. The Location—Evangeline Land. The Expense—Very Moderate, from \$185 up, according to course selected.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY

DOMINION STEAM COALS GENERAL SALES OFFICE 112 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL. R. P. & W. F. STARR, LTD., Agents at St. John.

American Anthracite At Spring Prices

R. P. & W. F. STARR, LTD. 49 Smythe street 159 Union street.

Scotch Anthracite

To arrive July 1st a lot of Scotch Anthracite in bulk to be sold for spot cash. JAMES S. MCGIVERN, Tel. 42, 5 Mill St.

Landing Tuesday

500 Boxes BERMUDA ONIONS A. L. GOODWIN

SURPRISE SOAP. SAVE TIME. The 'Surprise' way is quick and easy; its action is gentle not harsh! SNOWY WHITE CLOTHES. DISINFECTS ON WASHES.

Classified Advertising. One cent per word each insertion. Discount of 33 1/3 per cent on advertisements running one week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum charge 25 cents.

WANTED. WANTED—Young man desires work on farm. Write to Wm. Nicoloff, 7 George St.

WANTED—Lady Bookkeeper and Stenographer. Experience preferred. Good salary. Apply F. A. Dykeman & Co., 59 Charlotte street.

WANTED—To buy a thoroughbred Guinea fowls (must have no white feathers); immediate delivery; state price.—F. G. Paul.

TO LET. NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS 168 King street east.

TO LET—Self-contained flat, hardwood floors, electric light and all modern improvements, centrally located. Apply to Armstrong & Bruce, Real Estate Brokers, 167 Prince William street.

MALE HELP WANTED. AGENTS WANTED—Agency \$5 a day selling mandets, which means graniteware, hot water bags, rubber boots, reservoirs, boilers, metal tubes and lineware without cement or solder. Sample ten cents. Collette Mfg. Co., Collingwood, Ontario.

Wanted now, reliable men to sell Pelham's Peerless Fruit trees, flowering shrubs, berry bushes, etc. Our agencies are valuable and terms generous. Write Pelham Nursery Company, Toronto, Ontario.

AGENTS—Salary and commission, to sell Red Tag Stock. Complete exclusive lists. Specially hardy. Grown only by us—sold only by our Agents. Elegant free samples. Write now to Dominion Nurseries, Montreal.

FOR SALE—Wall Board, Federal Wall Board in sheets 8 ft. by 22 inches, is a good Wall Board, and price is low, \$24.00 per 1,000 s. ft. Special prices on larger quantities. Write or ask for sample. Hain Bros. & Company, Phone Main 203.

FOR SALE—Stamps for sale, packages of mixed stamps, 10c, 12c, and 15c. Write to Box J, care Standard office.

FARM FOR SALE—Located on the River St. John, at Brown's Flats, 150 acres, 34 mile to churches, school, and stores. Easy terms. Apply to J. F. Sauaders, Brown's Flat, N. B.

MOTOR BOATS. New and second hand boats and Engines Sold and Exchanged. MOTOR BOAT AGENCY, 34 Dock Street.

SAW MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE OR RENT—Steam and water power plant in Victoria county is being offered at a very low cost for immediate sale. Suitable terms can be made for renting and sawing out this season's cut of spruce and hardwood. Capacity about three million feet. For further particulars write P. O. Box 376, St. John, N. B.

FOR SALE—Baby chicks, ducklings and hatching eggs. Poultry and fruits form a paying combination. Strawberry plants, 100, 100c; 1,000, \$5; currants, 10c; gooseberries, 15c; raspberries, 5c; rhubarb, 10c; and perennial flowers, roses, dahlias, etc. Catalogue forwarded on application. Chas. Provan, Langley Fort, near Vancouver.

Increase your light 100 per cent. Use Great White Light Burners, 18 cents each, post paid. Gives oil lamps double lighting capacity. Sold by others for 35 cents. Our price 18 cents while they last. Every country church should have them. The Maritime Farmer, Sussex, N. B.

Rubber Goods. Clothing of all kinds. Rubber Hose for all purposes. Rubber Tubing Steam Packings. Sanitary and Domestic Rubber Goods. Bicycle and Automobile Tires and Accessories. "IF IT'S MADE OF RUBBER" we supply it. ESTEY & CO., 49 Dock Street.

Watches. A full line of Bracelet and other styles at lowest prices. ERNEST LAW, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, 8 Coburg Street.

ELEVATORS. We Manufacture Electric Freight, Passenger, Hand Power, Dumb Waiters, Etc. E. S. STEPHENSON & CO., St. John, N. B.

HOTELS. Queen Hotel. Mrs. M. Hatfield, Proprietress. PRINCESTON STREET, St. John, N. B. \$2.00 AND \$2.50 A DAY.

PRINCE WILLIAM HOTEL. Overlooking the harbor, opposite Boat ton and Digby boats. Furnished in fine taste; excellent table; American plan.

ROYAL HOTEL. King Street, St. John's Leading Hotel. RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., LTD. T. B. Reynolds, Manager.

HOTEL DUFFERIN. ST. JOHN, N. B. FOSTER, GATES & CO. F. C. GATES, General Manager.

VICTORIA HOTEL. Better Now Than Ever. 87 King Street, St. John, N. B. ST. JOHN HOTEL CO., LTD. Proprietors. A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

WINES AND LIQUORS. RICHARD SULLIVAN & CO. Established 1878. Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchants Agents for MACKIE'S WHITE HORSE BLEND SCOTCH WHISKEY. LAWSON'S LIQUEUR SCOTCH WHISKEY. SIMPSON'S HOUSE OF LORDS SCOTCH WHISKEY. KING GEORGE IV. SCOTCH WHISKEY. AUK'S HEAD BASS ALE. PAEST MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER. GEO. SAYER COGNAC BRANDIES. Bonded Stores, 44-46 Dock Street, Phone 832.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS. William L. Williams, successor to M. A. Finn, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Spirit Merchant, 110 and 112 Prince William street. Established 1870. Write for family price list.

M. & T. MCGUIRE. Direct importers and dealers in all the leading brands of Wines and Liquors; we also carry in stock from the best houses in Canada, very Old Hye, Wines, Ales and Stout, Imported and Domestic Cigars.

NERVES, ETC., ETC. ROBERT WILBY, Medical Electricist and Specialist and Masseuse. Treats all nervous diseases, weakness and wobbles, paralysis, sciatica, rheumatism, etc., etc. Facial bleaches of all kinds removed. 27 Coburg street.

THE UNION FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS, LTD. ENGINEERS AND MACHINISTS. Iron and Brass Castings. WEST ST. JOHN, Phone West 11.

J. FRED WILLIAMSON MACHINISTS AND ENGINEER. Steamboats, Mill and General Repairs. INDIANTOWN, ST. JOHN, N. B. Phones, M-229; Residence M-1724-11.

WATCH REPAIRERS. W. Hately, the English, American and Swiss watch repairer, 138 Mill street. Work guaranteed.

PATENTS. "PATENTS and Trade-marks procured, Fetherstonhaugh and Co., Palmer Building, St. John."

Musical Instruments Repaired VIOLINS, MANDOLINS and all string instruments and Bows repaired. SYDNEY GIBBS, 81 Sydney Street.

ENGRAVERS. F. C. WESLEY & CO. Artists, Engravers and Electrotypers, 59 Water Street, St. John, N. B. Telephone 312.

WIRING. WIRING—Flats wired \$25.00 up. Knox Electric Co., 34 Dock street.

WATCHES. A full line of Bracelet and other styles at lowest prices. ERNEST LAW, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, 8 Coburg Street.

ELEVATORS. We Manufacture Electric Freight, Passenger, Hand Power, Dumb Waiters, Etc. E. S. STEPHENSON & CO., St. John, N. B.

HOW ITALY MADE READY FOR THE WAR

Not Only Military But Civil Preparation for Conflict Was Made.

PEOPLE MADE REALIZE GREAT ISSUE AT STAKE

Nation taught to understand how much was involved so that it might enter the struggle united in spirit.

By Gino C. Spearanza

The quick mobilization of the Italian military and naval forces upon declaration of war against Austria, and the rapid development of the strategic plans of the Italian General Staff have impressed the public as evidence of a carefully considered campaign and that painstaking organization which we have generally accepted as exclusively Teutonic.

But the civil preparation of Italy for the conflict, the orderly inventorying of the non-military resources of the country, and the systematic assignment and division of such non-combatant energies where they will do most good, should not be overlooked.

They offer a very striking example of the difference between the old wars of rulers and the new wars of peoples. For the civil mobilization in Italy, as in other countries in the present European drama, depends wholly on volunteer non-combatant forces. It is the labor of a citizenry willing and ready to take orders according to what it can do in cooperating to a national end. It is a discipline accepted by a whole people not imposed by any law or regulation, but a people's sacrifice of some of its daily freedom towards a common good.

Two Lines of Preparation

Such civil preparation in Italy has been along two distinct lines, one that might be called a spiritual and intellectual preparation, and the other a thoroughly practical one.

In order to understand the necessity for the former in the case of Italy, one must bear in mind the varied elements constituting that kingdom and the diversities in the development, political and material, of its various provinces. Such differences gave rise at first to very opposite tendencies regarding Italy's position towards the European conflict in all classes and parties. No government could certainly not govern which, like that of Italy, had had some opportunity to consider the causes and effects of the war, would have dared join without having behind it a united country, and a preponderating majority of the people who assented only after clearly knowing what their assent meant. Hence all over the kingdom discussion was welcomed, and opposing views in and out of Parliament, given reasonable, if not always respectful, consideration. This was aided by the encouragement of publications which aimed at popularizing the knowledge of historical data, the grasp of economic and financial questions, as well as ethnic, strategic, and idealistic considerations which might justify influence a free people in assuming the burden of suffering and sacrifice to further national aspirations.

Notable among such publications was a series of booklets, issued at cost, dealing in a concise, interesting, and reliable manner with "Italian Problems." The committee was composed of well-known men, under the chairmanship of the critic Ugo Objecti. A few of the titles will give some idea of the purposes aimed at. Thus we have had "The Moral and Financial Preparation of Italy," a clear and concise statement, both of the general considerations of finance in relation to the conduct of a war, and of the financial measures taken by the various belligerent states, with a study of their good and objectionable points, as shown by whatever facts could be gathered in the present condition of Europe. Guglielmo Ferrero contributed a critique "On the Origins of the Present War," while a number of the monographs or pamphlets deal with the history of the provinces constituting the "Italia Irredenta" and the aims, struggles, and sacrifices of Italy in securing its independence as a united country.

Lectures by distinguished foreigners and debates (the earliest and most notable being the one held by a representative of the German Socialists in the Reichstag, who came to Italy at the request of leaders of Italian Socialism) aided the native fondness of the Italian for discussion, a form of intellectual exercise, in which Latin delight.

Practical Measures Pursued

The practical preparation, on the other hand, has been along three main lines: First, hygienic, including both Red Cross preparation for the wounded in battle and the protection of the civil population from infection and contagion; second, philanthropic, including all work for the aiding of dependent and indigent families and the raising of funds for charitable or patriotic purposes; third, the preparation for and assignment to various positions or occupations of men-combatants who desired to find the places left vacant by combatants or to aid in the non-military but very necessary work of carrying on the civil functions

of the state and normal life of the nation. In considering such preparation, we are to bear in mind that the very particular organization carried out has been not only voluntary and gratuitous, but so arranged that it gave an opportunity to any and all persons to give their personal co-operation. An outline of such civil preparation and organization as carried on, for several months past, in one of the large cities of Italy, will best show the general system followed.

In the city of Florence, which during a war leads itself peculiarly as a large hospital base, being both centrally located and comparatively safe, citizens, both men and women, of every class and condition have been arranging for months every detail of non-combatant organization by securing and classifying pledges of what any and all numbers of the municipality could give or do for the common good on forty-eight hours' notice. Nothing was to be given or done until requested, but all was to be in readiness. The importance of this arrangement lies in the fact not merely that it saves the labor and expense of upkeep till an actual need arises, but that as it appeals for the giving up even of things that persons of modest means have in current use, it does not upset (until the emergency arises) the usual habits of the people.

The articles asked were of several kinds, new or used (as everything would be sterilized when taken), and included: (1) the dimensions of the larger pieces to be given by the person offering them; (2) personal, kitchen, and bed linen, stating whether of cotton, wool, or otherwise; crockery, silver, and kitchen utensils of any kind, describing the approximate capacity of holding vessels; (3) hospital supplies of all kinds; tools and fixtures. These who could give none of these might offer to be ready to give any kind of foodstuffs, or even fresh vegetables. The services asked were also graded to give almost any person, however unskilled, a chance to be useful, including miners, if they presented the written approval of their parents. In hospital work men had the choice of enrolling in any four classes: (1) medical and surgical attendance; (2) manual service, including cleaners and porters; (3) bookkeeping and registration of the wounded; (4) attendants and messengers, in which boys from twelve to eighteen were preferred.

Women in similar work had a choice of three lines: (1) trained nurses and helpers; (2) cleaning, cooking, and management of house and linen supplies; (3) bookkeeping, registration of wounded, and correspondence. Other work was unlimited in scope, it gave opportunity to every one to give or to help, it did not ask for money and did not offer money, nor did it limit the giving or the doing, but it allowed participation by all, rich or poor, skilled or unskilled. It helped even the poorest to inventory their humble possessions and see what they could spare or share.

Caring for the Wounded

Instead of providing expensive hospitals, the citizens of Florence and its environs were asked how much space, how many beds, and what attention, skilled or unskilled they could give in their own houses for wounded soldiers. Hundreds of private dwellings in Florence, from splendid villas of wealthy Americans and of the Italian aristocracy to humble apartments in the poorer quarters, have been registered "for service." Soldiers will be quartered according to injuries received or the treatment and attention required in quarters best adapted to each case.

Italy, as one of the great countries of immigration, had to face, even before it went into the war, a very serious problem of unemployment due to the sudden return of over half a million immigrants from the Belligerent States. The suspension of tourist travel added to the list of the unemployed a substantial number of hotel employees and of specially skilled workers. This was especially true in cities like Florence, where many artisans and craftsmen in the minor arts were suddenly left without work. To meet this situation, private initiative aided the efforts of the Government. Thus in Florence, marble was donated to certain workshops where sculptors and stonecutters were steadily kept at work; precious old vestments, lace, and textiles which had suffered from age or neglect, were taken from old collections and given to skilled needlewomen for repair; goldsmiths, decorators, chisellers, cabinet-makers, and



Always Cane Sugar

Lantic Granulated is pure cane sugar—no beets—no substitutes! Made in a new Refinery by new and improved methods—packed by automatic machines in original packages.

Lantic Granulated is perfect for cooking and preserving. Sold in 2 lb. and 5 lb. sealed cartons, also in 10 lb., 20 lb. and 100 lb. bags. Weight guaranteed. Buy "The Sugar of Extra Quality"

Lantic Sugar

Atlantic Sugar Refineries Limited MONTREAL, QUE. ST. JOHN, N. B.

armed. It does not give any impression of its immense size or of its enormous power. It may come as a surprise, therefore, to know that the gun is considerably over sixty feet in length, and that in times of peace ten or twelve months is not considered too much time to spend on the construction of one weapon. Add to this the knowledge that when complete it weighs about eighty tons—eighty tons of the finest steel it is possible to produce—and one begins to get a proper appreciation of the amount of labor and expense entailed in the construction of the modern big gun.

Although 13.5 inches is the diameter of the bore, that is the hole at the muzzle, the extreme outside diameter of the gun-muzzle is about twice this size, whilst at the breech end the thickness is between three and four feet. The gun is not one solid piece, as it appears to be, but is made up of several steel tubes, one shrunken over the other, that is, fitted over it when hot, and consequently expanded, so that when cool and contracted the outer one fits the one beneath it like a glove. Special care is needed in the manufacture of the inner tube or barrel, which is bored from a huge ingot of steel of special purity, and the inside is rifled so as to make the shell twist, and thus add to its speed as it flies through the air. At this point of its manufacture wire is wound round and round the gun by a special machine, in order to give it more power to withstand the enormous pressure which is exerted against its sides when a shell is fired. About 120 miles of wire are needed to cover one gun, or as much as would stretch from London to Ostend. Finally an outer

sheath of steel is placed over the wire-covered tubes, and the gun is ready for trimming up and fitting with breech and electric firing mechanism. The shell which this monster weapon fires weighs about 1200 pounds, or more than half a ton. It requires about 200 pounds of cordite to fire it, and itself contains perhaps one hundred pounds of explosive in order to shatter it when it reaches its mark, and so distribute the damaging splinters. When fired, the shell leaves the gun with a speed of more than thirty miles per minute, and after travelling twenty miles has not by any means lost its power.

In cost of material and labor the 13.5 gun represents a sum of about £10,000, whilst to fire a single shell means an expenditure amounting to hundreds of pounds.—The Pitts.

ITALIAN ATHLETES FIGHTING.
Rome, via Paris, June 29.—Doranco, who was disqualified in the spectacular Marathon race held at the London Olympic games, in 1908, is now driving a military automobile at the Italian front.

Some of the winners at the Olympic games held in Stockholm participated in the military exercises which resulted in the capture by the Italians of Monte Nero.

The members of all the sporting clubs, gymnastic societies and racing associations, have enlisted for the war, and some have distinguished themselves.

THE BIG GUNS ON A DREADNAUGHT ARE EXPLAINED

To a great many people the term "13.5 gun" conveys but a bare idea that it is one of the big guns with which England's dreadnaughts are

Health in Old Age

As age advances the blood gets thin, the nerves exhausted and vitality runs low.

By building up the nerve force of body and mind Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is an unbounded blessing to people of advanced years.

It costs a box, all dealers.

El Glostovo

Special Reduced Prices

El Glostovo - \$4.25

Hot Point Iron \$3.50

5 or 6 lb.

HIRAM WEBB & SON

91 Germain Street

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

It costs a box, all dealers.

Labatt's

ALE --- STOUT --- LAGER

PURE --- PALATABLE --- NUTRITIOUS --- BEVERAGES

FOR SALE BY WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS EVERYWHERE

LOCAL OPTION—Residents in the local option districts can legally order from this brewery whatever they require for personal or family use. Write to

JOHN LABATT, LIMITED, LONDON, CANADA

HAIR CAME OUT IN GREAT COMBFULS

Little Hills of Dandruff Itched Badly on Scalp, Cuticura Healed.

Oliver Burton, Que.—"My daughter's scalp was affected. The eruption was like little hills of dandruff which itched very badly. Her hair came out in great combfuls. I put on the Cuticura Ointment and Soap and they cured it." (Signed) Mrs. A. H. Allen, July 31, 1914.

My second daughter was troubled with a breaking out on her back. I used Cuticura Ointment and Soap and they cured it." (Signed) Mrs. A. H. Allen, July 31, 1914.

Sample Each Free by Mail

With 25¢. Skin Book on request. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. D, Boston, U. S. A." Sold throughout the world.

Write Us To-Day-- For a Copy of this Book of Bargains --

1915 EATON'S SEMI-ANNUAL SALE

SUPPLEMENT TO SPRING & SUMMER CATALOGUE

A WONDERFUL ASSORTMENT OF BARGAIN VALUES

SALE ENDS AUG. 14th

WOMEN'S ALL-WOOL SERGE DRESS \$3.50

WOMEN'S PLAIN AND STRIPE VOILE DRESS \$1.98

T. EATON CO. LIMITED TORONTO, CANADA

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO SAVE

OUR SEMI-ANNUAL SALE CATALOGUE is, undoubtedly, the most welcome book you could find these days. It lists a multitude of just such articles as are in daily use, and in nearly every instance the prices are surprisingly low. The quality of goods offered during this Sale is of our usual high standard, representing, in many instances, fortunate purchases on our part of odd lines at big price concessions. In other ways also we have secured special price reductions on large orders so that workers might be kept busy during the quiet months. All in all, this is a very wonderful Sale opportunity for you, as the prices we quote will fully bear out. But there is also this note of warning—

REMEMBER THAT THIS SALE ENDS AUGUST 14th

This means that you have no time to waste if you desire to make the most of the occasion. If you have not received a copy of our Sale Catalogue (28 pages), see to it that you secure one without further delay. Such bargains as are now possible may not come your way for a long time to come. You'll be more than surprised at the great purchasing power your money has through the means of this Sale Catalogue. Send in your order now, and you'll order regularly. It's not presumptuous to say that the Sale will be only too short for those who make the most of it.

THE EATON GUARANTEE ALWAYS PROTECTS YOU. THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED TORONTO, CANADA. THE MORE REGULARLY YOU BUY THE MORE YOU SAVE.

KEEP THE GRADE

What L Trade is ate price cessities time.

In the Hon Minister, on Ju President of Ivered a mo showing how charge had which it is e the prices of Mr. Runcime of his depart were being a gas comparat prices to inc for next wint prices was co peared that ed last winter declined. The first, to a g rplies comin ber of coal-c ashed to an e of them were alty. The int put into the for it, and pped by the those vessels able security lights were p nels were co allocating the was difficulty, giving faciliti to avoid with ers. To avoi necessary th rate of freight an indication go. Such pro go to the con ped that, a and restoring in condition fit of about a using the inte down freight, chants, in son see were great and many of taken over by

The rise in enormous rise in the winter. I cost did the ences with the now been ar should be str fluctuations in avoided. Nex producers of duction had a withdrawal of for the army, that with the trics the "ge see were great war, because a great deal ducing a large in the numbe created expend upkeep w mal times. T expenses of p the rises in were already ences with the no doubt that ed to the rise

Mr. Gladston How much bu in wages invol Mr. Runcime a coal owner h ton, but he estimate. He was at the pre was no doubt exaggeration, than shillings cost did not went up. It was undoubte After all coal price of coal in excess of w ses of getting coal owners in there was a h try, where the from year to ye as one of the high prices de trade but upon by pressing the most reached Midland coal ly concerned w coal which was various compa companies. Very shortly t er to the Govern he would immi It must be pe they were not ment. Parliame any exploitation ed they might to an agree

He came to the fluctuations He could only in the debate as price was co wheat in this could, result in the ascertainment of sp try. The Ame the world's st been met atly, been met in the supply of

KEEPING DOWN THE PRICES IN GREAT BRITAIN

What London Board of Trade is doing to regulate prices of food and necessities during war time.

In the House of Commons, Westminster, on June 16th, Mr. Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, delivered a most interesting speech showing how the department under his charge had used the powers with which it is equipped for dealing with the prices of necessities and food.

Mr. Runciman said that the figures of his department showed that steps were being successfully taken by the gas companies, though at advanced prices, to increase their stocks of coal for next winter. The problem of coal prices was most acute in London. It appeared that the high prices which ruled last winter had not yet appreciably declined. Those high prices were due, first, to a great shortage in the supplies coming into London. The number of coal-carrying ships was diminished to an enormous extent, as many of them were taken over by the Admiralty. The interned vessels which were put into the trade were not suitable for it, and the whole traffic was impeded by the precautions to enable those vessels to travel with reasonable security. Boats were lifted, lights were put out, and many channels were covered by mine-fields. In allocating the interned vessels there was difficulty, as it was necessary in giving facilities to certain companies to avoid withholding them from others. To avoid preference it was also necessary that the ordinary market rate of freights should be charged as an indication of the price to be charged. Such profits as were made would go to the community, and it was expected that, after paying for upkeep and restoring the vessels to their original condition, there would be a profit of about £200,000. One effect of using the interned vessels was to keep down freights. Coming to the coal merchants, in some respect their expenses were greatly enhanced by the war, and many of their horses had been taken over by the War Office.

The rise in expense was, however, by no means sufficient to explain the enormous rise in retail prices during the winter. He had had many conferences with the merchants, and it had now been arranged that their profits should be strictly limited. Violent fluctuations in price would also be avoided. Next came the case of the producers of coal. The cost of production had gone up partly by the withdrawal of about 200,000 miners for the army. He was glad to say that with the exception of two districts the "get" of coal per man had gone up since the beginning of the war, because the miners realized that a great deal depended on their producing a large output. The reduction in the number of men led to an increased expenditure in getting coal. The upkeep was the same as in normal times. The main addition to the expenses of getting coal came from the rises in wages, many of which were already operative. There was no doubt that the miners were entitled to the rise of wages which they got.

Mr. Gladstone (Lab., Sunderland)—How much burden does the increase in wages involve?

Mr. Runciman said that if he were a coal owner he should say 1s. 6d. per ton, but he could not agree to that estimate. He could not say what it was at the present moment, but there was no doubt that 1s. 6d. was a gross exaggeration. It was nearer pence than shillings. But the materials cost did not end there. All materials went up. The most serious increase was undoubtedly that for pit wood. After all had been said the present price of coal at the pit head was far in excess of what the present expenses of getting coal could justify. The coal owners had put the point that there was a highly speculative industry, where the profits varied greatly from year to year. He had pointed out that they were not looking upon this as one of the normal good years. Their high prices depended not on normal trade but upon a state of war. It was by pressing that point that he had almost reached an agreement with the Midland coal owners, who were mainly concerned with the supply of the coal which was a source of anxiety to various companies, and especially to gas companies. He hoped to announce very shortly that they had come nearer to the Government's expectations—he would almost say their demands. It would be perfectly obvious that if they were not fairly met by agreement, Parliament would not tolerate any exploitation. (Cheers.) But he hoped they might still be able to come to an agreement.

Food Prices.

He came to the difficult question of the fluctuations in the price of food. He could only repeat what was said in the debate early in the year so far as price was concerned. The price of wheat in this country so far as he could ascertain was not in any degree the result of speculation in this country. The American price did control the world's price. They had, unfortunately, been met with a great shortage in the supply of wheat from Australia,

which had to import from the Argentine. The high price of wheat was a subject of great anxiety to the Government. Not only was the high price a source of anxiety, but they had been faced with anxiety as to a definite shortage in this country. Although it was no doubt serious that wheat should be in the region of 50s. per quarter, it would have been a still more serious matter if the margin had been cut down to two or three weeks' supply with the risk of interruption to the supplies across the Atlantic, which would have meant absolute starvation to those who were unable to pay famine prices. They had stayed off all risk. There was now no fear of our supplies of wheat being cut off or our margin being destroyed. Great profits had been made by one or two firms in the great rise of wheat. He held no brief for speculators and bakers. Their balance-sheet showed abnormal profits. He could only say that it was on a rising market on which the profits of their balance-sheet rested. He hoped that in 1915 they would have a falling market, on which their profits would be balanced. He hoped that the profits which they made last year would be swallowed up in the diminution of prices to which they all looked forward this year. He hoped that the abundant supplies of the harvest would bring down the price, and he hoped that the opening of the Dardanelles, to which they all looked forward with great certainty—(cheers)—would lead to Russian supplies coming forward to the western markets. What they wanted was not speculation, but a steady supply with normal profits.

The question of meat was also raised. He could not hold out any hopes that the meat supplies were to be increased during the war. The great consideration was the home supplies, as the imported meat was going to feed the British and French armies. The hunger of the British soldier was greater than the hunger of the British civilian. As the British soldier fought so well on meat the French Government decided also to feed their men on it as well. This meant an increased demand on the frozen meat supplies of Argentina, New Zealand and Australia. Nothing could be more thorough than the action taken by the States Governments in Australia and the Dominion Government in New Zealand. The Government here were in communication with them only for a short time, when they put into operation all the legislative powers which they possessed, and in a few weeks all the meat output there was in their hands. They shipped it to this country. The steps taken by them were deserving of the highest praise—(cheers)—and the Ministers concerned worked with so much energy that they surprised our Allies with the assiduity with which they filled their frozen stores. The main supplies of beef, however, were in Argentina, and there the export supply was nearly all controlled by American companies that went by the name of the Meat Trust. There was a certain amount controlled by English

companies, but they acted together, if the British and French military authorities had dealt separately with them there was no saying what price they would have been able to extract. The Board of Trade felt that the first necessity was to make a complete contract with them for the supplies of both armies. The French Government lent the matter in British hands, and the French Government had expressed their satisfaction at the way the British Government had handled it. They had entered into negotiations with the shipowners concerned covering all the refrigerating space in ships running to the Argentine.

The board requisitioned every available steamer, and, after a long discussion, they were able to come to a satisfactory agreement without exercising the compulsory powers which were held in reserve. The rate of freight which was paid would even now yield a good profit, to the shipowners concerned. The price of meat as it was delivered in this country would certainly be higher than last year. He held no brief for the speculators, but he was glad to see that the distribution of meat to the public was not being interfered with. He had asked them to avoid all sales to merchants, and they sold direct to those who distributed. Therefore the frozen meat with which the Government was concerned passed through channels which were not speculative. The Board of Trade had unfortunately had to ask consumers to check their appetites for meat during the summer, and unless they did so he feared there might be a great diminution in the amount of stock available owing to the temptation to slaughter young animals.

No topic had given the Government more trouble than the shipment of cotton from the United States, which might find its way through neutral countries to Germany. The Government had held up a very large number of cotton vessels on terms which were satisfactory to the United States, which had thus avoided any friction that might have been apprehended. Their anxiety extended also to cotton yarn. The figures which had been given to the House made it clear that they were to be freely exported. The Department was ostensibly going to neutralize. The Government had got a guarantee that, in the case of exports, the yarn was either going to the actual user or to be used in some way in the neutral countries and could not be exported. He could not quote any instance of that guarantee being broken. He could only give the figures of imports and exports, and these suggested that cotton yarn which had not all been used in neutral countries had been going to succour the enemy. In these circumstances the board had felt bound to place cotton yarn nearly all controlled by American companies that went by the name of the Meat Trust. There was a certain amount controlled by English

companies. It would be composed of men in the trade, who could deal far more quickly and efficiently and justly with the subject than Government officials. With regard to the London strike the Board of Trade had been in close touch with the parties from the first. He was glad to say that when it was found necessary to insist that the tramcar service should be revived for the convenience of men working at Woolwich the Board of Trade met with co-operation in that object.

The Daily Express had done the Board of Trade the honour of devoting a good deal of attention to it during the last few days. That newspaper had set up in its columns—at the expense of nobody, he understood—what was practically a labour bureau. They succeeded in getting a large number of men to say they would go to certain works, especially those concerned in the making of aircraft. On April 29 the Board of Trade published an order in council which gave them power to prevent an appeal being made for the transfer of labour. The committee and companies had been making enormous demands on the labour market for skilled men. They were getting them from every quarter—from Belgium and Holland, the United States and Canada, where Mr. Barnes transferred through in securing skilled men for industries in this country engaged in producing munitions of war. Some of those great concerns found that they had no sooner got men into their works than some other firm offered a little more. This competition for labour kept some of the great companies on which the Government were relying in a state of anxiety. He hoped the committee would not run away with the idea that the labour exchanges had been inefficient.

In the past four months 400,000 vacancies had been filled by the labour exchanges, over 80,000 were in engineering and building, including 46,000 in the skilled trades. Vacancies were now being filled by the labour exchanges at the rate of 4,000 a day. Since the outbreak of the war no fewer than 100,000 workmen had been transferred through the labour exchanges to engagements on national work. The total number of transfers of one kind or another had been 178,000. These were larger figures than could have been dealt with by voluntary agencies outside. The board had

pointed out one of the directions in which the Press could help. He had in his hands a draft of a public appeal for the Engineers' War Service Public Register, and if they could get assistance from the Press in extending the number of men who would put their names down on the register the department would have the cases sifted and would communicate the list to the Ministry of Munitions. He had the authority of the Ministry of Munitions for saying that unless the control of labour remained in the hands of the Labour Exchange they saw nothing but trouble in it. It was on account of that that he asked the newspapers not to attempt to do this work entirely themselves, but to co-operate with the board.

The Cost is the Same to You

Then why use Inferior, Flavorless, Dusty Teas, when you can get delicious

"SALADA"

for the asking — Yes, Why Indeed!

Black, Green or Mixed — Sealed Packets only.

Lantic Sugar

in 2 lb. and guaranteed.

ar

ST. JOHN, N. B.

E BEST

of New

er and

er

IES, Limited

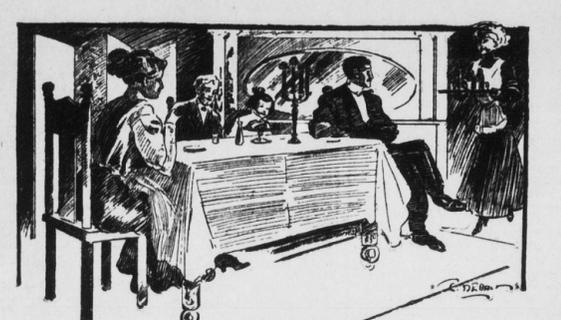
n, N. B.

ay--

rgains - -

Highest Authority in America

Selects RED BALL Ale and Porter



A short time ago, one of the highest officials in the United States Federal Government, was ordered by a physician to procure some porter for his wife, who had undergone a serious operation. He applied at once to the Government Analyst for reports on all brands of porter.

This officer, having in mind the purpose for which the enquiry was made, and with regard to tonic qualities and nutritive value, at once recommended "Red Ball Ale and Porter" manufactured by Simeon Jones Ltd., St. John.

This recommendation was followed by a series of orders from Washington, and subsequent correspondence went to show that this local product had given every satisfaction.

SIMEON JONES, Ltd.

BREWERS ST. JOHN, N. B.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Sears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Altman*

BIG, HEARTY BABY BOY

The Woman Who Takes

the proper help to keep her digestion right and her system free from poisonous accumulations, is not troubled with headaches, backache, languid feelings, unnatural sufferings. All women who have tried

BEECHAM'S PILLS

know this famous remedy to be the proper help for them. A few doses will make immediate difference and occasional use will cause a permanent improvement in health and strength. They cleanse the system and purify the blood and every woman who relies on Beecham's Pills, not only enjoys better physical condition, with quieter nerves and brighter spirits, but she

Enjoys A Clear Complexion

Worth a Guinea a Box

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

Mrs. Beck's Fondest Hopes Realized—Health, Happiness and Baby.

Upper Lohave, N. S., Can.—"I wish to thank you for the benefit I received by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles from which I was a great sufferer, so that I was completely run down in health. Other medicines did not help me, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me well and strong. I now have a big, hearty baby boy, and praise your medicine for the wonderful lot of good it has done me."—Mrs. ISRAEL BECK, JR., Upper Lohave, Lunenburg Co., N. S., Canada.

The darkest days of husband and wife are when they come to look forward to a childless and lonely old age.

Many a wife has found herself incapable of motherhood owing to some derangement of the feminine system, often curable by the proper remedies.

In many homes those childless there are now children because of the fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound makes women normal.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letters will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Ready For Driving

We are showing an excellent line of Driving Harness in Nickel, Solid Nickel, also rubber mounted. We also carry a full and complete stock of Horse Furnishing Goods, all which we offer at low prices.

H. Horton & Son, Ltd.

9 and 11 Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Willis Pianos and Players

MADE IN CANADA

Endorsed by the World's Leading Musicians

Have attained an unpurchased pre-eminence which establishes them as peerless in tone, touch, workmanship and durability.

WILLIS & CO. LIMITED - Manufacturers

580 ST. CATHERINE STREET, W., MONTREAL, P. Q.

Branch Houses and Agencies from Ocean to Ocean



No peat is employed in the curing of the malt for McCallum's Perfection Scotch, and the "smoky" taste, so objectionable in many Scotch whiskies, is noticeably absent. Perfection, with all the "elegance" of a distinctively high-class Scotch, is a mellow, epicurean beverage, with a distinct appeal to the cultivated palate.

Beware of Imitations—Always Ask for D. & J. McCallum's

TO SAVE

to book you could find and in nearly every instance this Sale is of our own part of odd and price reductions on the. All in all, this is a it. But there is also this

AUGUST 14th

conclusion. If you have not without further delay. You'll be more than the Sale Catalogue. Send the Sale will be only too

THE MORE REGULARLY YOU BUY THE MORE YOU SAVE.

DR. THOS. WALKER IS MEMBER OF NEW COMMISSION

Gov't Names Commission to Take Charge of Arrangements for Hospitals and Convalescent Homes for Soldiers.

Special to The Standard.
Ottawa, July 2.—The government has appointed a commission to be known as the Hospital Commission, whose duty will be to provide and equip hospitals and convalescent homes where the more seriously wounded soldiers may receive proper treatment and where those whose injuries are less severe may have the opportunity to recover under the most favorable conditions.

CORNER STONE OF NEW HOSPITAL AT NEWCASTLE WAS LAID THURSDAY

Ceremony Performed in Presence of Over 1,000—Branches of Women's Institute Organized in North Shore Towns.

Newcastle, July 2.—Yesterday was a red letter day for Newcastle when in the afternoon Mrs. Hugh G. Moncrieff of Winnipeg, a native of Douglastown and daughter of Ernest Hutchison, laid the corner stone of the new Miramichi Hospital. About 1,000 people witnessed the ceremony.

E. A. McCurdy, the indefatigable secretary of the Board of Trade, to whose efforts the hospital is largely due, was chairman. He announced that the land and building, costing \$38,000, was entirely paid for by one resident of the Miramichi, who prefers to be unknown. The building is 118 x 40. Besides a basement 10 1/2 feet high, there will be three stories. The building is of Miramichi free stone, and the equipment will be up-to-date including an x-ray apparatus. There will be accommodation for 21 patients—24 in public wards and 7 in private rooms. The permanent endowment is already \$2,500 per year. On June 30th, the E. Sinclair Lumber Co., Newcastle, subscribed \$2,000 and R. Corey Clarke of the British Home Guard, formerly a resident here, has given an extra \$500.

The hospital has been agitated for years by the Board of Trade and is now a fact.

The ceremony began shortly after 3 o'clock with E. A. McCurdy chairman. Telegrams were received from Lt. Gov. Wood and Hon. J. D. Hazen, and letters from Drs. Walker of St. John and Ferguson of Moncton, regretting their inability to attend.

Supt. W. W. Kenny of Halifax Victoria General Hospital, was present. Addresses praising the unknown donor and congratulating the people of Newcastle and the county on having secured the hospital, were delivered by Hon. John Morrissey, Minister of Public Works; Mayor Hickey of Chatham; Mayor Stohart of Newcastle, the chairman; J. L. Stewart, M. L. A.; Hon. John E. Wilson of St. John; W. S. Loggie, M. P.; Hon. John P. Burchill, Hon. D. Morrison, W. B. Snowball, of Chatham; Ex-Mayor Morrissey of Newcastle.

Newcastle, July 1.—Mrs. Laura Winter, organizer for N. B. Women's Institute, lectured in Newcastle town hall last night, giving demonstrations in nursing and a comprehensive lecture on the work of the institute. At the close a branch was organized with following officers:

President, Mrs. Besse Gough; V. P., Mrs. A. B. Leard; sec.-treas., Mrs. H. H. Stuart; directors—Miss Kate Quigley, Mrs. A. E. Petrie and Mrs. W. F. Copp; auditors, Mrs. John Russell and Mrs. Geo. Lake.

The meeting night will be the second Tuesday of each month, and the place Town Hall.

Mrs. Winter organized in Douglastown Tuesday night with following officers:

Frs. Mrs. Wm. Wood; V. P., Miss Annie Alexander; sec.-treas., Miss Zella Johnson; directors, Misses Annie Morrison, May Donovan, and Belle

BRITISH OFFICERS IN A RUINED FARMSTEAD BEHIND THE FIRING LINE IN BELGIUM



ENJOYING AN AFTERNOON TEA BEHIND THE BRITISH LINE IN THE YPRES DISTRICT.

With the aid of F. Matania, special artist for this newspaper, the New York Herald and the London Sphere, with the British army in the western field, we are able to take our readers into the interior of a ruined farmhouse behind the British lines. The officers are at tea. An orderly has just brought in a fresh brew and has placed the pot upon the table. "A half cup, sir?" is always, maps, maps, maps everywhere. But now is the interlude of tea, and the steam from the cups mingles with the fragrant smell of good tobacco.

Bransfield, auditors, Misses Emma Morrison and Eliza Simpson. Next meeting will be at the Misses Morrison's, July 16th.

W. R. Payne, stationmaster here for about 8 years past and who was superannuated on June 30th, was last evening the recipient of an address and gold headed cane from fellow railway men.

SUBSTITUTE FOR GASOLINE

With the reductions in the price of gasoline that have taken place the past year, the problem of motor fuel is not considered as important in this country as it was a year or two ago, and less is heard about substitutes for gasoline. The war, however, has made the question of a substitute fuel more important than ever abroad, and much is being done in the way of attempting to discover some fuel that will give equally as good results as

gasoline and that will be in large supply and cheap.

In the English motoring press just now they are discussing a new fuel called "Natalite," which originated in Natal and is made of alcohol produced from molasses and other substances. It has recently been under test by the Royal Automobile Club. Discussing this new fuel a writer in Country Life says:

"Particular interest attaches to the fact that this fuel is composed entirely of alcohol and its derivatives. It does not consist of alcohol only, but its production is dependent solely upon the growth of vegetable crops of a sugar-bearing order, and is in no way injuriously affected. In fact, any difference that there may be appears to be in favor of Natalite. As regards fuel consumption, Natalite appears quite to equal gasoline in economy. The composition of the fuel is such that no free acid, resulting in the corrosion of the metal of the engine, can be formed. This claim is borne out by chemical facts, and another interesting point is that if an engine already somewhat fouled is run for a time upon Natalite, it will be found to be thoroughly cleaned internally. The exhaust gases are quite clear and inoffensive, and the smell of the fuel itself is no bar to the use. As regards safety, it has the advantage of being extinguishable by water,

for drinking purposes.

"The behavior of Natalite in an ordinary car engine designed to run on gasoline is indistinguishable from that of gasoline itself. Acceleration and hill climbing abilities are in no way injuriously affected. In fact, any difference that there may be appears to be in favor of Natalite. As regards fuel consumption, Natalite appears quite to equal gasoline in economy. The composition of the fuel is such that no free acid, resulting in the corrosion of the metal of the engine, can be formed. This claim is borne out by chemical facts, and another interesting point is that if an engine already somewhat fouled is run for a time upon Natalite, it will be found to be thoroughly cleaned internally. The exhaust gases are quite clear and inoffensive, and the smell of the fuel itself is no bar to the use. As regards safety, it has the advantage of being extinguishable by water,

which should command it particularly for use on motor boats.

"In the matter of engine starting, the chemical constitution of the fuel seems to bear out the claim that it is very volatile, even at low atmospheric temperatures. It does not suffer from the disadvantage possessed by benzole of making starting difficult in cold weather, or the kindred drawback of being not well suited for use on aeroplane engines liable to ascend into cold atmosphere. The fuel can be produced from any alcohol crop, but the intention in the first instance is apparently to employ molasses, which in many parts of the world are a waste product from the sugar plantations."

Police Court.

John Dean, charged with lying and lurking, was sentenced to a fine of \$5 as were four drunks.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER 94 YEARS OLD AND IS ENJOYING GOOD HEALTH

London, July 2.—Sir Charles Tupper is spending his ninety-fourth birthday quietly today at Bexley Heath. Considering his advanced age the veteran statesman enjoys good health. On being visited he was found reading congratulatory messages from different parts of the world. Sir Charles was naturally much pleased at the way in which the anniversary has been remembered in different parts of the Empire.

MUST ASSIGN \$15 A MONTH TO THEIR WIVES

Soldiers Must Set Aside This Amount for Wives or Latter Will Not Be Given the Separation Allowance.

Special to The Standard
Ottawa, July 2.—Every married man who joins the soldiers has to set aside \$15 a month for his wife or she does not get any separation allowance from the government. In the artillery the officers are insisting that the married men set aside \$15 a month to their wives when they enlist. After that they still have about \$15 a month entirely for spending money because the food and clothing are all furnished them. If a comes in and says that his wife does not need his \$15 a month he is told that she does not need the \$20 a month separation allowance which the government gives in addition to the soldier's pay. It is a very effective way of avoiding imposition upon the government with regard to the separation allowance and seems to be more satisfactory than the provision that where men marry a certain after they enlist their wives were not entitled to the separation allowance. It is felt that if a man is prepared to give half his salary to his wife, the government should be ready to give the separation allowance. It works the same with the men who are the only support of mothers or sisters and therefore are entitled to the separation allowance.

WEIGHED 569 POUNDS, REQUIRED 12 MEN TO CARRY HIS COFFIN

St. Thomas, Ont., July 2.—The funeral of the largest man in Elgin county took place yesterday in the township of Bayham. His name was John H. Dennis, and he lived all his life on the farm where he died. When eleven years old he weighed 200 pounds, and at his death his weight was 569 pounds. His waist measure was nine feet, his chest eight feet. The casket was thirty by thirty-six by six feet, and the body had to be carried outside and put into it. Twelve men placed the casket on a dray.

TORPEDOED THREE DAYS AGO, IS STILL AFLOAT

London, July 2.—The Norwegian bark Kotka, which was reported to have been sunk on June 30, off Farnet, Ireland, by the gunfire of a German submarine, was discovered this morning still afloat.

The Kotka left Stockton, Maine, May 5th for an English port. When the bark was attacked by the submarine the twelve men of the crew took to the lifeboats, and were landed six hours later at Queenstown.

Steamers have been dispatched to tow the Kotka into Cork, to which port her timber cargo was consigned.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

- Victoria.
- J. W. Wise, Boston; J. C. Gillespie, Truro, N. S.; G. T. Clark and family, Springfield, Mass.; H. Ash and son, Philadelphia; W. B. Williams, Halifax; E. W. Seely, Moncton; Rene de Dion, Quebec; Chas. A. Garneau, do; Wm. Moran, Charlottetown; Geo. P. Law, Chicago; H. B. Morphy, Moncton; J. S. Chisholm, Truro, N. S.; A. E. Griggs, McAdam Jet; N. E. Gaultier, Brownville Jet; Miram B. Alward, St. George.
- Royal.
- J. D. Weldon, Shediac; W. F. Longworth, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Douglas, Amherst; Lt. and Mrs. P. P. Keating, Sherbrooke; Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Hatfield and two children, Cambridge; Mrs. E. P. Phipel, Misses Marion and Mildred Phipel, Master Robt. Phipel, New York; Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Lovett, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Dodge, Mrs. Chas. Simoni, New York; Mr. and Mrs. E. T. McKnight, Miss McKnight, Westford; Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Matheson, Wilmington; Mrs. M. Fletcher, Boston; G. Lipsey, J. Lederer, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Brittain, Montreal; Capt. R. B. Willis, Halifax; G. W. Pauline, N. R. Jennings, Toronto; J. O. Green, Boston; W. D. Rankin, Hayter Reid, G. Reid, Montreal.
- Dufferin.
- L. S. Hustis, Truro, N. S.; J. C. Robertson, Toronto; H. S. Campbell and wife, Fredericton; Geo. S. Parker, New York; Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Robins, New Glasgow; Harry Pike, Boston, Mass.; Geo. F. Hanson, Montreal; A. R. Weldon, Fredericton; C. L. Grant, Moncton; V. S. Josey, Halifax; J. K. S. and Mrs. Fraser, Charlottetown, S. C.; C. S. Ryan and wife, Toronto, Ont.; Charles S. Perkins, Boston, Mass.; J. F. Pellan, Glace Bay; M. J. Smith and wife, Leslie Sampson, Otis Smith, Lawrence, Mass.; M. Bathus, Sydney; Chas. H. Jagger, H. Dudley, Percy Fox, Toronto; W. J. Wilson, Montreal.

It is not necessary to cross the Atlantic to see something of Old France, for in the beautiful city of Quebec many characteristics and echoes of the old French regime may still be seen. Sous le Cap. Street is like a corner cut of some Norman city with its narrow passages and steep-roofed houses. The Chateau Frontenac is built on the site of the old Chateau St. Louis and repeats the architecture of mediæval France, so far as is consistent with the necessities of a modern hostelry. St. Anne is the patron saint of sailors, and St. Anne de Beaupré is the greatest pilgrim church in Canada. Several hundred thousand visit the shrine each year, and as many cures are reported as at Lourdes. Near St. Anne de Beaupré are the Montmorency Falls, which are higher than the falls at Niagara.