

READ THE WANTS in the GAZETTE today and every day.

The Evening Gazette.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE GAZETTE If you want to know what is going on in the city or the world.

VOL. II.—WHOLE NO. 401.

ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1889.

PRICE TWO CENTS

AUCTION SALES.

GREAT APPLE SALE AT AUCTION.

Market Square, on tomorrow, Saturday, Sept. 7, 1889. The choice of the season, Empire, &c. T. B. HARRINGTON, Auctioneer.

SAUSAGES, CHOICE ROLL BUTTER, PUDDING, all flavors.

STEWART'S GROCERY.

25 Boxes Corn Flour, 75 Broma Chocolate and Cocoa Sticks, 10 Pasty Soap, 18 Germain Street.

THE MENDELSSOHN PIANO ORGAN.

Thoroughly Constructed, Attractive in Appearance, Efficient in Tone, Reasonable in Price. Fully Warranted.

A. T. BUSTIN, 38 Dock Street.

BLIZZARD MILK TWIST.

We have now the Electric Blizzard Milk Twist in operation, and invite the public to call and try its merits. Price 5 cents.

PARKER BROTHERS, Market Square.

School Books and Requisites.

All kinds of school books, 600 Dozen Lead Pencils, 100,000 Envelopes, 200 Reams City and Note Paper, Just Arrived, Inspection Invited.

D. McARTHUR BOOKSELLER, 80 King Street.

G. R. PUGSLEY, L. B. Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, &c.

OFFICES—Corner Prince William and Church streets, St. John, N. B.

George C. Lawrence, UNDERTAKER, 101 King Street, Saint John, N. B.

MONEY TO LOAN on good security.

MONEY TO LOAN on good security. E. T. C. KNOWLES, 15 Prince William St.

BOARDING.

Advertisements under this head inserted for 10 cents each line or fifty cents a week. Putable in advance.

WANTED.

Advertisements under this head inserted for 10 cents each line or fifty cents a week. Putable in advance.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head inserted for 10 cents each line or fifty cents a week. Putable in advance.

JUST OPENING, SECOND EDITION.

A JOURNALIST'S REQUISITE.

Edward B. Rankin of the Boston Herald, died this morning of heart failure.

Rankin was well known in Boston as a journalist and a man of letters.

He was born in Quebec in 1840 and was educated in his infancy and was left to the care of his mother who soon after came to the United States.

He spent his early years in the public schools of Boston and at the age of 14 secured employment in the office of the Boston Herald.

During his 20 years service as an employee of the Herald, he served successively as office boy, printer, special reporter, special writer, court and city government reporter, war correspondent, telegraphic news editor, military editor and sporting editor.

Rankin was well known in Boston circles in the United States and Canada.

Mr. Rankin was in St. John, N. B., on the morning of the 2nd inst. when he was reported to have died at the regatta on the Kennebec.

The funeral will be held at the residence of his mother, Mrs. Rankin, on the morning of the 7th inst.

He was a general companion, a good friend and a thorough newspaper man.

Mr. Rankin had numerous friends among the fraternity in this city, who will learn of his unexpected death with the most profound regret.

THE SEABEARD-OSCONOR RACE. The final stake deposit was made by TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The final deposit of stakes in the match between Seaboard and Osconor was made yesterday.

The betting is 5 to 4 in favor of Seaboard.

By telegraph to the Gazette. STERILITY. Sept. 6. Dynamite exploded today in a carriage factory in the vicinity of the Bourne, killing several persons and doing much damage to property.

Portions of the Bourne were struck by the burning fragments and set on fire, causing a panic in that building which was at the time crowded.

Deaths at the Exposition. (By telegraph to the Gazette.) PARIS, Sept. 6. Gladstone visited the Panslavery exhibition to-day.

He was present with spectators and was seen to be much interested.

In reply to a speech of welcome he said the universe was indebted to the French Republic for an exhibition which formed a veritable school for the people of the world.

Death of a Collier. (By telegraph to the Gazette.) BIRMINGHAM, Sept. 6.—A Collier working in the mines along the Iowa Central and Toledo, Peoria, and Western railways, struck yesterday for an advance of 10 cents per ton.

The trouble is liable to lead to a general strike throughout the Peoria district.

Germany Concedes to England. (By telegraph to the Gazette.) BERLIN, Sept. 6.—The Vostische Zeitung says: "It is scarcely possible to doubt that Germany has formally recognized the expansion of the present sphere of German influence in Africa."

New Relief for the Turkish Troops. (By telegraph to the Gazette.) LONDON, Sept. 6.—The Turkish Ministry of War has ordered 100,000 Marseilles repeating rifles to be ready in a month for distribution among the troops.

A Strike Conference. (By telegraph to the Gazette.) LONDON, Sept. 6.—Cardinal Manning, the Lord Mayor, the Bishop of London and Sir John Lubbock are conferring with the officials of the Dock Companies and the shipping merchants.

Eight Hours a Day Rejected. (By telegraph to the Gazette.) DENVER, Sept. 6.—At the Session of the Trades Union Congress to-day, a vote was taken upon the adoption of the eight hours a day and it was rejected 88 to 62.

Empress a Catholic. (By telegraph to the Gazette.) VIENNA, Sept. 6.—An inspired article in the Viennese announces that Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany has joined the Catholic church.

Boiler Going to Sea. (By telegraph to the Gazette.) PARIS, Sept. 6.—The boiler of the Co-cadre has been succeeded to four months imprisonment and to pay a fine of 1500 francs for permitting court documents.

Weather Report. (By telegraph to the Gazette.) PORT LEBLANC, Sept. 6, 9 a. m. wind south west, calm, thick fog, therm. 50.

Lowest Quotations Given on Special Supplies.

HARBOR COMMISSION.

THE OPINIONS OF PROMINENT CITIZENS ON THE SUBJECT.

Good Reasons for Adopting a Measure That has been Long Delayed.

When a GAZETTE reporter asked Hon. Wm. Pugsley why he favored putting the harbor in commission, that gentleman answered: "I favor harbor commission because large improvements are urgently required in the harbor in order to accommodate the business which I believe will grow here if proper facilities are provided."

From the fact that almost nothing has so far been done to provide modern facilities, I have come to the conclusion that unless the harbor is put into commission it will be many years before the necessary facilities will be provided.

If the citizens of St. John decide to put the harbor in commission it will be a declaration on their part that they are determined that the improvements shall be made without delay, and the commission is furnished by the act of 1882 with the necessary funds for carrying them out.

Nothing could show more clearly the necessity for a change in the management of the harbor than the fact that although it has been gradually filling up and that there is no harbor in which the necessity for a dredging is more urgently felt than here, yet the Council have taken no steps to meet this urgent need.

Anybody visiting the wharves and comparing our facilities with those that are provided at other ports cannot help but be struck by the inferiority of the harbor in this respect.

It is a great future before it. Having faith in the future we should not hesitate for a moment about incurring the expense necessary to put the harbor in commission.

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE ONLY REASON. C. N. SIMON, M. P., said: "I am in favor of harbor commission because I think the harbor requires a large sum of money to be laid out on it, to fit it to the needs of the city, and that by raising money and taxing itself for the purpose, I think that a commission appointed by either the general government or by the Common Council would be better than to leave it in the hands of the Common Council themselves who are a fluctuating body. A commission while the control is in the hands of the Common Council, because it would place the management of the harbor in the hands of the property of the Dominion, the government would be more likely to add to the harbor than to subtract from it."

THE LONDON STRIKE.

DEAL PORTERS FORBIDDEN TO ACCEPT TERMS OF DOCK COMPANY.

The Strike Will Probably be Over by Monday.

By TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE. LONDON, Sept. 6.—The Commercial Dock company yesterday offered to concede the demands of 2000 dock porters. The men were willing to resume work but late at night the strike committee forbade them to do so. The strike committee will issue another manifesto today. Burns declared his belief that the strike will be over by Monday.

It is estimated it has already entailed a loss of over £1,500,000.

ARMED OUTRAGE CONTINUING. By TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE. LONDON, Sept. 6.—It is rumored that the strike will spread to other parts of the country to include the outages in Armenia, especially those mentioned by Gladstone. The director of the Danube shipping company asserts that Austrian arms are being largely imported into Bulgaria and that the Austrian army instructors are also arriving.

Assaulted by Dockmen. By TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE. LONDON, Sept. 6.—A gang of dockmen yesterday attacked the third officer of the steamer Chan Graham, kicked him until he was insensible and then rifled his pockets. The outrage was committed out of revenge, the vessel having been loaded by Lacera.

WANTS TO BE BURNED ALIVE. By TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE. BUFFALO, Aug. 31.—William Brown, an old law captain of this city, is anxious to be burned alive in the Buffalo Cemetery and has entered into negotiations with the officers of the crematory to get them to let him try an experiment, which he expects will demonstrate the fact that he can live regardless of his body. To-day he sent the following letter to the secretary of the crematory: C. C. BURNHAM, Secy.

DEAR SIR: I desire to be cremated in the Buffalo Crematory in order to demonstrate that I can assume a spirit form and appear as a mortal man, with power of speech, after my existence has been burned away. I would expect that I had made the necessary preliminary arrangements to be cremated and am incensed at the refusal of the crematory to do so.

What would you care for your reputation as a crematory? Respectfully, WILLIAM BROWN.

Brown at his home on Myrtle avenue, and asked him what he meant by his startling proposition. Brown, who is a religious enthusiast, replied that he meant just what he said in his letter.

"People may call me a crank or anything they want," he said; "and I am once imprisoned in the asylum at Cincinnati for insanity, simply because I have held peculiar views. You can call me a crank or anything you like, but that does not alter the fact that I am the devil's attorney, and that the Spirit Mother and Spirit Father talk through my body. I have tried to commit suicide seventeen times, in order to make the demonstration that I can live without my body, but neither poison, knife nor pistol had any fatal effect on me."

Mr. Brown is seventy-four years old, and is a retired law captain. Fifty years ago he commanded the sidewheel passenger steamer Canada, Connaught, Constitution and others.

"In 1858 I was incarcerated in Cincinnati asylum," said he, "because I solemnly swore that there would be a rebellion. People who talked with me then and since have said that I was sane. I am not a Spiritualist, though I am a medium and healer. I believe in the individuality of God and Goddess, and claim that I am the only begotten son, not son of the Spirit Mother, who was born to earth Jan. 3, 1870, and was proclaimed Prince of Peace on this earth on July 4, 1870, the anniversary of American Independence.

"How do you propose to make your demonstration?" "It will be easy enough," said the Sun. "If they will rent me their crematory, I shall arrange my earthly affairs so that in case the experiment is not a success I will leave everything in their hands. I shall get a couple of good physicians to properly chloroform me, after I have put on suitable vestments. Then I expect the crematory to treat my body precisely as if it were dead. After that I shall appear to the people in much the same manner as Christ did when he arose from the dead, except that I do not expect that my body will be restored. I will simply appear in mortal form and talk and act through the spirit as though I were mortal. That's all."

London Markets. (By telegraph to the Gazette.) LONDON, Sept. 6. Money 9 3/4 for money and 9 1/2 for 3 months. United States 105 1/2. Consols 101 1/2. India 101 1/2. Suez Canal 101 1/2. Egyptian 101 1/2. Argentine 101 1/2. Chilean 101 1/2. Peruvian 101 1/2. Bolivian 101 1/2. Paraguayan 101 1/2. Uruguayan 101 1/2. Brazilian 101 1/2. Mexican 101 1/2. Cuban 101 1/2. Haitian 101 1/2. Dominican 101 1/2. Venezuelan 101 1/2. Colombian 101 1/2. Ecuadorian 101 1/2. Guatemalan 101 1/2. Honduran 101 1/2. Nicaraguan 101 1/2. Costa Rican 101 1/2. Panamanian 101 1/2. Colombian 101 1/2. Ecuadorian 101 1/2. Guatemalan 101 1/2. Honduran 101 1/2. Nicaraguan 101 1/2. Costa Rican 101 1/2. Panamanian 101 1/2.

THE CREW'S VISIT TO PARIS. (By telegraph to the Gazette.) VIENNA, Sept. 5.—The News Presse says that should the Caracovich visit Paris the whole world would believe that Europe was on the eve of a general war.

Just received from Havana La Habana, La Vega, San Juan, Sancti Spiritus and Victoria Suarez, Quezadas, and retail at Whitehouse & Co. City Market Building, Charlotte Street.

SHILLON'S CATHARTIC—A positive cure for Catarrh, Diarrhea and Constipation.

Advertisements under this head inserted for 10





