

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1917

VOL. XLVI, No. 41

SPECIAL TRIPS

S. S. STANLEY

During Exhibition week the Steamer Stanley will run between Charlottetown and Picton. On her first trip Monday, 24th inst., she will leave Picton for Charlottetown after arrival of trains from Halifax and Sydney. From Tuesday 25th to Friday 28th, inclusive, she will leave Charlottetown at 6.00 a.m., returning in the evening. On Saturday, 29th inst., she will leave Charlottetown at same hour, 6.00 a.m., but will not return. The Arrangements will also make the usual tri-weekly trips during the same period.

District Passenger Agent's Office, Charlottetown, P. E. I., Sept. 13th, 1917.

Sept. 19th, 1917—2.



Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intestate homesteader.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live in nine miles of his homestead or farm of at least 20 acres solely used and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader is good standing may pre-empt a quarter section of available Dominion land for \$20.00 per acre.

Patrols—Must reside upon the homestead and cultivation of the land in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to possess a patent) and cultivate fifty acres.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain pre-emption may enter for a parcel of land in certain districts. Price, \$2.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside on the land in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$200.00.

W. W. O'RY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior

LIME!

We have on hand a quantity of

St. John LIME

In Barrels and Casks.
PHONE 111
C. LYONS & Co.
April 26, 1916—17

JOB WORK

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office,
Charlottetown P. E. Island

Check Books

Dodgers
Receipt Books
Note of Hand Books
Posters
Bill Heads
Head Letters

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Prince Edward Island Railway.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 21st, 1917.

Trains Outward, Read Down.				Trains Inward, Read Up.			
Daily Ex. Sun.	Daily Ex. Sun.	Daily Ex. Sun.	Daily Ex. Sun.	Daily Ex. Sun.	Daily Ex. Sun.	Daily Ex. Sun.	Daily Ex. Sun.
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
4.00	12.15	6.40	Dep. Charlottetown	11.55	11.10	10.20	10.20
5.20	1.48	7.40	" Hunter River	10.46	10.10	8.50	8.50
6.05	2.50	8.13	" Emerald Jct.	10.09	9.40	7.40	7.45
6.50	3.30	8.40	" Kensington	9.37	9.10	6.50	6.50
7.20	4.10	9.05	Arr. Summerside	9.10	8.45	6.10	6.10
		P. M.					
8.50	12.20	Dep. Summerside	8.30	5.35	10.20	10.20	10.20
9.48	2.10	" Port Hill	7.54	3.56	8.50	8.50	8.50
10.37	3.57	" O'Leary	7.05	2.36	7.45	7.45	7.45
11.18	5.07	" Alberton	6.19	1.17			
11.55	6.05	Arr. Tignish	5.45	12.15			
		P. M.					
Tues. and Sat. P. M.	Mon. and Wed. P. M.	Tues. and Sat. P. M.	Tues. and Sat. P. M.	Tues. and Sat. P. M.	Tues. and Sat. P. M.	Tues. and Sat. P. M.	Tues. and Sat. P. M.
7.50	9.45	9.45	Dep. Emerald Jct.	9.35	7.35	7.35	7.35
8.40	10.25	10.20	Arr. Cape Traverse	9.00	6.45	6.45	6.45
		P. M.					
Daily Ex. Sun. P. M.	Daily Ex. Sun. P. M.	Daily Ex. Sun. P. M.	Daily Ex. Sun. P. M.	Daily Ex. Sun. P. M.	Daily Ex. Sun. P. M.	Daily Ex. Sun. P. M.	Daily Ex. Sun. P. M.
3.20	7.00	7.00	Dep. Charlottetown	11.10	10.10	10.10	10.10
4.30	8.50	8.50	" Mount Stewart	10.00	9.10	9.10	9.10
4.57	9.27	9.27	" Mossell	8.50	8.20	8.20	8.20
5.17	9.57	9.57	" St. Peter's	8.00	7.30	7.30	7.30
6.20	11.30	11.30	Arr. Souris	7.00	6.30	6.30	6.30
		P. M.					
P. M.	7.35	7.35	Arr. Elmira	5.40	5.40	5.40	5.40
		P. M.					
4.30	8.05	8.05	Dep. Mt. Stewart	8.50	4.10	4.10	4.10
5.19	10.15	10.15	" Cardigan	7.52	2.54	2.54	2.54
5.40	10.55	10.55	" Montague	7.28	2.25	2.25	2.25
6.15	11.85	11.85	Arr. Georgetown	6.50	1.40	1.40	1.40
		P. M.					
Sat. only P. M.	Daily Ex. Sat. and Sun. P. M.	Sat. only P. M.	Daily Ex. Sat. and Sun. P. M.	Sat. only P. M.	Daily Ex. Sat. and Sun. P. M.	Sat. only P. M.	Daily Ex. Sat. and Sun. P. M.
3.10	8.10	8.10	Dep. Charlottetown	10.10	9.45	9.45	9.45
4.25	9.45	9.45	" Vernon River	8.27	8.31	8.31	8.31
5.55	7.05	7.05	Arr. Murray Harbor	6.30	7.00	7.00	7.00

All trains, unless otherwise marked, run daily, Sunday excepted.

Grand Opening!

L. J. Reddin begs to announce to his Customers, in and out of Charlottetown, that he has opened his New Dry Goods Store at 164 Richmond Street, Newson Block.

I Must Sincerely Thank

all those who have given me such liberal patronage in the past, and hope to receive their support in the future.

My intention is to offer my Customers Good Service, Splendid Values, and as expenses will be greatly reduced, all patrons will benefit by the reduction in Profit.

We offer many Snaps, both in Men's and Ladies' Goods, and notwithstanding the steady advance in all classes of Dry Goods, many of our lines will be sold Cheaper than ever.

Come In and See Me

You will receive a Cordial Welcome even if you are not in a Buying Mood.

A Word of Cheer or a Welcome dear Helps some; my Boy, helps Some.

L. J. REDDIN.

June 6, 1917.

Your Soldier Boy Wants HICKEY'S TWIST

No matter where he is, or what other tobacco he can get, the Island soldier who chews tobacco is never satisfied with anything but HICKEY'S TWIST. In hundreds of letters from the boys in Flanders, France, England and the training camps, they ask for HICKEY'S TWIST—and the 105th took along 20,000 lbs with them. Send your soldier boy a pound of HICKEY'S with the next parcel.

Hickey & Nicholson, Ltd.
CHARLOTTETOWN.

J. D. STEWART

Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public.
OFFICE: NEWSON BLOCK, Charlottetown.

Branch Office, Georgetown.

Money to Loan on Real Estate.

Dec 13, 1916—17.

A. A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law,

Charlottetown P. E. Island

Puzzles

(Lawrence Boyle in Stella Maria.)

Everyone who has attempted to undo a puzzle, especially a wire puzzle knows how the seemingly obvious solution is not the right one. Often the puzzle seems to be insoluble until someone explains how it is done, and then all exclaim, "How simple!" Henceforth, the solution of that one particular puzzle is more child's play. But when another is proposed to us we are usually just as far off its solution as we were in the first case. Sometimes we even say, "It can't be done."

Again the solution is shown to us and again we exclaim, "How simple!" And so on, again and again the seemingly impossible becomes the obvious. Spiritual puzzles—i. e., difficulties, embarrassments, trials and dangers, bear a strict resemblance to the child's puzzle-toys, in that they seem so often insoluble, and yet are so easy of solution in ways quite unexpected.

Take, for example, the solutions we pray for in time of difficulty. Our prayers are then usually said with our mind's eye on a solution we desire, which as a matter of fact, is not at all the way in which our difficulties are to be solved. If we refused to solve the puzzle-toy in any other way but in the seemingly obvious one we might strive forever without ever reaching a successful issue. This we all see and admit.

Why then the endeavor to work out a puzzle in the spiritual life on principles we should abandon at once in other matters as soon as we are told, "That is not the way?"

God's ways of solving the puzzles of the soul are very easy when they are known; they are also very unlooked for. Every puzzle has a solution, as every prayer has an answer; but just as the solution of the puzzle is in ways unlooked for, so too often are the answers to prayer. If we were on the lookout for answers to prayers in more ways than one, we should find we have less unanswered prayers than we are accustomed to think we have.

A little load will bear to heavily on a child, but if the child receives the strength of a man how light and negligible the burden becomes. Of the great class of spiritual puzzles this principle is true, that the solution of them is to be found not in their removal but in receiving strength and courage to bear them. The mind may make all the difference in the world to pain, trouble and trial. A soldier on the battle-field will bear without a quiver, almost without noticing it, a wound that in ordinary circumstances would make him writhe in agony. Such an attitude of mind God gives to those who ask it. The trial remains, but the mind that wears the charm of grace now looks upon it as of little moment; nay, the sufferer learns even to love and kiss the cross, which is a far greater wonder than the removal of it.

In other words Mary, you have been drafted. Meet each day with a burning prayer, face bravely the duties of the hour, and leave all else to God. Whatever may be hidden in the folds of the future, you may be certain that Tom will do honor to the drab colors of the American soldier, and on the morrow, when we look for him in the dull gray shadows of defeat or see him come forth smiling in the white light that is born of victory, you may again be certain that your brother will have been faithful to his God. All of which is a splendid benediction, and therefore filled with consolation.

Sincerely yours in Christ,
(Rev.) G. J. DONAHUE.

Favoring the Classics

There are still, and in all probability there always will be, earnest advocates of the study of Latin and Greek. Sir Andrew Noble once said that "as a sharpener of the young intellect, it would be difficult to improve the curriculum which, in the main, has been in force for many centuries." At a conference on classical studies at a convention of the National Educational Association, which was held in Minneapolis fifteen years ago, one professor maintained that "one of the greatest benefits of the Greek course is that the results more than pay for the exertion, not only in the esthetic line, but in the strength of character produced," and another professor stated that the question is not what your boy will do with Latin, but what Latin will do for your boy. "Modern languages," said another professor at the same conference, "do not produce the results and discipline which are derived from the ancient classics.

work out of pupils with modern languages, and it is the work that counts."

An Oxford professor, Francis Palgrave, declared that the thorough study of English literature is hopeless, unless based upon an equally thorough study of the literature of Greece and Rome. To know Shakespeare and Milton is the pleasant and crowning consummation of knowing Homer and Aeschylus, Catullus and Virgil; to other terms can we obtain it." A noted New York publicist wrote several years ago that "if a few of our American colleges would stand upon the traditional course in Greek, Latin, mathematics and philosophy, teaching each student the elements of one natural science and of two at least of the modern languages," the experiment would be justified by its "practical results." The history of this country is filled with proof of the utility of classical studies. Thirty-five per cent of the signers of the Declaration of Independence had made those studies. Of the committee of five who drafted that immortal document three—sixty per cent—had made them; and the men who wrote it—Thomas Jefferson and John Adams—had both been classically educated. It has been the same with our famous jurists and political leaders. Yes a study of the ancient classics pays well.

Consoling the Afflicted

Some weeks ago a young man in Connecticut left with his regiment for the front. His sister, stricken with grief, went to her parish priest for consolation, and his letter to her, which is appended, applies with equal helpfulness to thousands of other sisters:

Shelton, Conn., August 31.
My dear Mary: Our Catholic faith by the grace of God, are usually so brave as well as good that I dread to guide them. Their superiority makes me a nervous dispenser of counsel. To discover one in a passing distress simply acquaints me with my limitations and multiplies my fears. Your letter is but one more contribution to a literature that is born in times that are full of strife. It makes clear how far-reaching is the horizon and how broad is the sky that encompasses the victims of war. It is obvious however that all the soldiers are, not in the trenches and that some of the rarest "heroes" wear braided hair. Battlefields may be geographically located, but sacrificially all of them have their roots struck in countless homes whose charity has been stabbed by the departure of a son or brother to the front. The thin line of battle consists not merely of brave boys clad in khaki, but of the red courage in the heart, tears on pallid cheeks and prayers on fervent lips of gentle mothers and sisters at home. In other words Mary, you have been drafted. Meet each day with a burning prayer, face bravely the duties of the hour, and leave all else to God. Whatever may be hidden in the folds of the future, you may be certain that Tom will do honor to the drab colors of the American soldier, and on the morrow, when we look for him in the dull gray shadows of defeat or see him come forth smiling in the white light that is born of victory, you may again be certain that your brother will have been faithful to his God. All of which is a splendid benediction, and therefore filled with consolation.

Sincerely yours in Christ,
(Rev.) G. J. DONAHUE.

The City of Riga

Discovered

Riga the capital of the Baltic province of Livonia, was founded in the year 1201, by the German Bishop Albert, who is known as the Apostle of Livonia. The colonization of Livonia had begun in the year 1158, when German merchants from Lubeck were stranded at the mouth of the Dyvina river. In 1158, the Augustinian Meinhard, set out from Bremen to evangelize the land. Two years later Uruk, southeast of the future Riga, became an episcopal see.

troops revealed the ruins of an ancient church which had stood on the road from Jerusalem to Egypt, the road mentioned in the New Testament as that which the Ethiopian eunuch took after he had met and been baptized by St. Philip. After six feet of soil had been cleared away a fine mosaic pavement measuring 27 by 18 feet was discovered bearing an inscription. Although in parts of this showed that the church was built in the 501st year of the Christian era by "our most holy father in God and most pious George." Beneath this pavement a tomb was found containing the body of the founder of the church, his feet turned to the east and his arms crossed on the breast.

Some allege that this is the body of St. George, whose head is venerated in Rome. St. George however, who is known principally as patron of England, was not a bishop, but a soldier. The identity of the remains will need investigation, but the church is certainly one of the earliest Christian structures. The bones of the founder, which were so intact when discovered that a broken arm, reset, could be distinctly discerned, crumbled to dust when touched, and only a few of the larger were saved after their 1400 years of entombment. They were carefully placed in a casket. It will be interesting to see who eventually receives them.

Rheims Cathedral

Suggestions are being pulled advanced as to the destiny of the Rheims Cathedral, says a dispatch. Discussion centers on whether it should be restored as a cathedral transformed into some sort of national memorial dedicated to those who have lost their lives in the war, or left as a monument to Teutonic barbarism. The question cannot be definitely decided, perhaps until the German guns have been driven from Fort Brimont and the fine condition of the historic fane, after so many months of bombardment, can be ascertained. Meanwhile Cardinal Luco, Archbishop of Rheims, who has remained beside his beloved Cathedral throughout the bombardment, is firmly determined the Rheims shall always have its temple.

Is it true that he is worth a million?

"I guess so; he made it in the same business. Minard's Linnent Co., Ltd. Gents.—A customer of ours secured a very bad case of diphtheria in a valuable horse by the use of MINARD'S LINNIMENT. Yours truly, VILANDE FERRES

There is nothing harsh about Laxa Liver Pills.

Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache and Bilious Spill, without griping, purging or harshness. Price 25 cts. "why did you leave your last place?" asked the boss. "I didn't leave, it left me." "Rather strange, I should say." "Not at all. I worked in an ammunition factory."

Suffered with Kidneys

Could Hardly Sleep.

No woman can be strong and well unless the kidneys are well, for when the kidneys are ill the whole body is ill. Doan's Kidney Pills are a specific for all kidney troubles. They begin by expelling all the poisonous matter from the kidneys, and then heal the delicate membranes and make their action regular and natural. Miss A. Parks, East Middle La. Ave., N.S., writes: "For three years I suffered with kidney troubles. I could hardly sleep at night. I used all sorts of kidney medicine; some helped me for a while; others, which I gave a fair trial, did not help me at all. I was very sallow and had puffing under my eyes. I made up my mind I would try Doan's Kidney Pills, and on taking two boxes I found I was getting better, so I kept on using two more, and to-day I don't know I ever had kidney trouble. I owe all the praise to Doan's Kidney Pills."

"Doan's" are put up in an oblong grey box; the trade mark "The Maple Leaf"; price 50c. per box, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

BAD STOMACH AND CONSTIPATION

CURED BY MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS

Mr. Sylvester Clements, Galt, Ont., writes: "I wish to express my heartfelt thanks for what Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills have done for me. I have been suffering from a bad stomach and constipation, and would be off work for 4 or 5 months a year. I was hardly able to get inside without getting a severe headache. I tried doctor's medicine and other remedies, but got no relief until a friend advised me to use Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. Now I can work inside without any headache or pain. I would not be without your remedy for anything. I write this so that anyone suffering the same as I did may use them and be cured."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 20 cents per box. For sale at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

After the inhabitants of Livonia had relapsed into paganism, Albert von Appeldern of Bremen organized a crusade. Sailing up the Dyvina river, he conquered the territory on both sides. At the mouth of the Dyvina, Albert thereupon founded the fortified city of Riga in 1201. Albert subsequently became bishop of the city which he founded. The Knights of the sword were organized in the following year for the protection of the city. The commercial progress that Riga made aroused the envy of the Order of German Knights and in 1237 they gained partial control and finally gained entire control.

Riga remained a thriving German trade center until 1531, when it capitulated to King Stephen Batory of Poland. In 1621, it was captured by Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden. Peter the Great of Russia, who routed Charles XII of Sweden at Poltava, invaded Livonia and captured Riga in 1710.

Riga preserved its German traditions despite its frequent changes of hands. Until 1889, the use of the German language was permitted in official transactions. The present population is estimated at 15,000, of whom about 100,000 are Germans. The Lithuanians who are closely related to the Lithuanians and who are Lutherans, are the most numerous section of the population, the Russians comprising only sixteen per cent. The Catholics, who have three churches in the city, constitute about ten per cent of the population.

Is it true that he is worth a million? I guess so; he made it in the same business. Minard's Linnent Co., Ltd. Gents.—A customer of ours secured a very bad case of diphtheria in a valuable horse by the use of MINARD'S LINNIMENT. Yours truly, VILANDE FERRES

There is nothing harsh about Laxa Liver Pills.

Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache and Bilious Spill, without griping, purging or harshness. Price 25 cts. "why did you leave your last place?" asked the boss. "I didn't leave, it left me." "Rather strange, I should say." "Not at all. I worked in an ammunition factory."

Suffered with Kidneys

Could Hardly Sleep.

No woman can be strong and well unless the kidneys are well, for when the kidneys are ill the whole body is ill. Doan's Kidney Pills are a specific for all kidney troubles. They begin by expelling all the poisonous matter from the kidneys, and then heal the delicate membranes and make their action regular and natural. Miss A. Parks, East Middle La. Ave., N.S., writes: "For three years I suffered with kidney troubles. I could hardly sleep at night. I used all sorts of kidney medicine; some helped me for a while; others, which I gave a fair trial, did not help me at all. I was very sallow and had puffing under my eyes. I made up my mind I would try Doan's Kidney Pills, and on taking two boxes I found I was getting better, so I kept on using two more, and to-day I don't know I ever had kidney trouble. I owe all the praise to Doan's Kidney Pills."

"Doan's" are put up in an oblong grey box; the trade mark "The Maple Leaf"; price 50c. per box, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The Herald

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1917
SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR.
TO THE UNITED STATES \$1.50
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
AT 81 QUEEN STREET
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
JAMES MCISAAC
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

Who Will Lead The Liberals?

Whether Sir Wilfrid Laurier will resign the leadership of the Liberal party, or with opposition to conscription as his chief policy, will lead it in the coming election, is not yet definitely decided.

Two men are mentioned as possible successors, Hon. George P. Graham and F. B. Carvell. Hon. Mr. Graham supported conscription, but did it in a half-hearted spineless way, devoting most of his address on that occasion to petty criticism of the Government.

As to the rumor that Mr. Carvell may succeed to the Liberal leadership, that if it should develop, would put Liberalism in a worse way than even its most bitter enemies could desire.

There are many reasons aside from politics why Sir Wilfrid Laurier should want to resign. He is an old man, his health is not as robust as it was formerly, and a campaign, especially in winter, does not appeal to him.

In a straight party fight Conservatives could see for nothing better than to see Mr. Carvell as Liberal leader. It is very doubtful

Fighting for the Coast

No more desperate fighting has been witnessed in any period of the war than that which has been going on for several days on the Flanders coast territory.

Canada and the Empire

First, Last and Always

The entrance to the Dominion Government of Mr. Hugh Guthrie, the stalwart Liberal representative of South Wellington, is another important step toward that Union administration which, for many months, has been the heart-felt desire of Sir Robert Borden and the better element in both political parties.

To have satisfactory union at Ottawa there must be, and we believe, there will be, union in the country. The great mass of the Canadian people, independent of previous political affiliations, must recognize that the changes now taking place in the capital represent a determination to secure the complete co-operation of the electorate in the great work of winning this war.

To make such a management fully effective it must have the support and sympathy of the Canadian people. Liberals who have entered the Government, and those yet to come in, have not done so, or will not do so, without personal sacrifice.

What Mr. Guthrie has done other Canadians should be willing to do. As the member for South Wellington says: "I have not turned my political coat, I have taken it off; and I shall keep it off until after this war."

Unless they do this we shall have a partisan, bitter, mud-throwing election campaign, which is the last thing Canada wants and the last to which Canadians should be forced to resort.

The issue has been forced by partisan politicians who think more of party success than of national welfare. They should be met by a united army of Canadian voters, Liberals and Conservatives alike, animated by but one purpose, responding to but one slogan, and that slogan "Canada and the Empire, First, Last and Always."

Fighting for the Coast

At daylight swarmed from their trenches over ground that had been harrowed by myriads of shells from the great array of artillery, and all along the front of more than eight miles from south of Tower Hamlets to the north of Langemarck they made notable new gains of terrain, inflicted heavy casualties on the Germans while themselves suffering slight losses and took many prisoners, large numbers of whom gladly surrendered in order to reach a haven of safety from the machine-guns.

With the Britishers secure in all the positions they won Thursday along the more than eight-mile front of the Ypres sector in Flanders, Field Marshal Haig's men were busily at work Friday consolidating newly won positions and preparing for another back into the German lines when the time becomes propitious.

Comparative quiet prevails on all the other battlefronts. The artillery duels between the French and the Germans on the Verdun sector and in Champagne continue and at several points in the latter sector General Petain's forces again have repulsed attacks delivered by troops of the German crown prince.

Closure Generally Approved

That the Government acted wisely and in the interests of the country in applying closure during the session just closed is now assured by the general commendation of that course from all parts of Canada.

There is general agreement that in all public matters there should be freedom of speech, but the usefulness of the system by which such discussion has been permitted to continue long after every essential fact has been brought out and thoroughly debated must be apparent to all who peruse Hansard and find there page after page of wordy, valueless rubbish and reiteration.

It has been said in Ottawa, and not without cause, that Maritime Liberal members are the most verbose men in the House of Commons. The unnecessary talking of the Pugsleys, Macdonalds, Kyles, Carvels and Mackenzies of the country has cost Canada thousands and of dollars in the last six years and has been of little or no real value.

Not only has closure reduced the unnecessary discussion in the House but it has materially improved the quality of the contributions to the debates. With but twenty minutes at their disposal, the time allowed to a speaker under the closure regulation, members have shown a tendency to condense their utterances into essentials, the facts have been discussed but valueless verbosity has been eliminated.

A Policy of Reprisal

Great Britain is to deal with Germany as Germany has dealt with Britain. Airmen from Britain are to bomb German towns in reprisal for air raids on London and other English cities. This

decision, it is reported, has been reached by the British Government, and while it is to be regretted that the necessity for such a course has arisen, yet none who recall the barbaric frightfulness that has characterized Germany's conduct of affairs will be so bold as to say that Britain is not amply justified in the step she has decided to take.

Shortly after the war opened the Germans introduced the terrible poison gas and followed it by liquid fire. Both of these perfections of cruelty were effective until the Allies also resorted to their use and demonstrated to the superior of the Germans at that game. As a consequence poison gas and liquid fire have figured less prominently as German offensive weapons.

In legitimate air fighting Britain and France have already shown themselves to be masters of the Hun, but no commendable return has been secured for the damage done by German air raids over British cities and towns. London has been bombed repeatedly, and many lives have been lost, while the property damage has mounted to millions of pounds.

So far Britain has attempted no reprisal, in which respect she has been behind France. The latter nation, early in the game, determined to pay the Germans in their own coin, and did it so effectively that air raids on Paris and other French cities are now seldom recorded.

Progress of the War

London, October 2.—That extreme nervousness over approaching events pervades the German front in Flanders is indicated by the infantry attacks, the forces of Crown Prince Rappent of Bavaria daily are throwing against Field Marshal Haig's army on the Ypres salient. These attacks are being centered on the apex of Haig's salient in the line which is pointing dangerously toward the Ostend-Lille Railway.

London, Oct. 6.—Field Marshal Haig's report from headquarters in France tonight says: "Our artillery was active all day on the whole battlefront. The enemy's artillery fire was directed mainly against our new positions on the ridge from Broodseinde southward but no counter-attacks developed. An additional 380 prisoners were taken by us in the last 24 hours. In the rest of the British front there was nothing of importance to report."

London, October 3.—An attack by the Germans this morning between Tower Hamlets and Polygon Wood, following a vigorous artillery fire, was repulsed either by barrage or British infantry, according to the report from Field Marshal Haig tonight. All the British positions remained intact. The text of the statement reads: "Shortly before dawn the enemy heavily bombarded our positions between Tower Hamlets and Polygon Wood; afterwards his infantry attempted to advance. Our artillery opened fire vigorously, and on the greater part of the front the assault broke down before reaching our lines."

The anticipated renewal of Field Marshal Haig's big offensive in Flanders has begun, and all the objectives of the first day have been won and held. Like the preceding attacks the latest one was timed to the minute; the British forces at the given signal

at daylight swarmed from their trenches over ground that had been harrowed by myriads of shells from the great array of artillery, and all along the front of more than eight miles from south of Tower Hamlets to the north of Langemarck they made notable new gains of terrain, inflicted heavy casualties on the Germans while themselves suffering slight losses and took many prisoners, large numbers of whom gladly surrendered in order to reach a haven of safety from the machine-guns.

With the Britishers secure in all the positions they won Thursday along the more than eight-mile front of the Ypres sector in Flanders, Field Marshal Haig's men were busily at work Friday consolidating newly won positions and preparing for another back into the German lines when the time becomes propitious.

Comparative quiet prevails on all the other battlefronts. The artillery duels between the French and the Germans on the Verdun sector and in Champagne continue and at several points in the latter sector General Petain's forces again have repulsed attacks delivered by troops of the German crown prince.

London, Oct. 6.—Today's war office announcement reads: "The enemy's artillery has showed increased activity on the battle front, but no action has been attempted by his infantry. An attempted raid on our trenches south of Holbeke was driven off by our rifle and machine gun fire. The Welsh troops successfully raided the enemy line northeast of Goutzevaucourt bombing dugouts and inflicting casualties upon the garrison."

A FINAL CLEARANCE OF.. Women's Coats, Suits, Dresses Prices Less than the Bare Cost of the Materials of Which They're Made



August ushers in our final clearance sale of Summer Ready-to-wear Goods of all sorts. Throughout the department—the greatest of its sort in P. E. Island—all lines of Summer Goods have met the price-cutter's blue pencil.

There are many garments here that would pay us well to hold—for they cannot be duplicated so far as value goes. But the policy of the department is always—everything fresh at the beginning of each new season.

And so—that means that you can buy here today the very coat, the very suit or dress that you have been wanting, at less than the goods cost you today—HALE WHAT THE GOODS ALONE WOULD cost you in a few months time.

Here are some of the special values. Read them over, then hurry—for there are but few of each kind—sometimes only one or two of each sort.

- 16 Ladies' Suits, copen, lawn, navy and shepherd checks. Worth to \$26.00, for.....\$11.00
10 Ladies' Silk Suits, navy, army, brown, green and black. Worth to \$35.00, for.....\$20.00
8 Ladies' Sport Coats, checks and stripes. Worth to \$10.50, for.....\$6.75
9 Ladies' Sport Coats, checks and tweeds. Worth \$18.00, for.....\$11.00
Ladies' Linen Suits, worth \$6.75, for.....\$4.50
Ladies' Linen Dresses, worth \$11.50, for.....\$8.00
Ladies' Linen Dresses, worth \$19.00, for.....\$13.00
Ladies' White Dresses, worth \$12.75, for.....\$8.50
Ladies' Colored Muslin Dresses, worth \$6.00, for.....\$4.00
Old lot Linen and Voile Dresses—last year's clearing, at.....\$3.00
4 Ladies' Silk Suits, copen and black, worth \$22.00, for.....\$15.00
22 Ladies' Suits, mustard, apple, green, dark green, navy, black and fawn, worth to \$37.50, clearing at.....\$19.00
12 Ladies' Sport Coats, checks and stripes, worth to \$16.00, for.....\$8.50
10 Ladies' White Blanket Coats, worth to \$15.00, for.....\$8.50
Ladies' Linen Dresses, worth \$9.00, for.....\$6.00
Ladies' Linen Dresses, worth \$15.00, for.....\$10.00
Ladies' White Dresses, worth \$9.00, for.....\$6.00
Ladies' Pink Dresses, worth \$8.50, for.....\$5.50
Ladies' Colored Muslin Dresses, worth \$5.00, for.....\$3.50
Old lot Silk Poplin Dresses, last year's, worth \$8.50, for.....\$5.00
OLD LOT LADIES' WHITE AND COLORED BLOUSES Last Year's 50c each.....50c

MOORE & McLEOD, Ltd. 119-121 Queen Street, Charlottetown August 8, 1917.



Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 2nd November, 1917, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week. Over Royal Mail Route No. 1, from Charlottetown, P. E. Island, to the 1st January next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Charlottetown, P. E. Island, and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Charlottetown, September 24, 1917. Sept. 29, 1917-3.



Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 2nd November, 1917, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week. Over Royal Mail Route No. 1, from Murray River, P. E. Island, to the 1st January next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Murray River, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Charlottetown, September 20, 1917. Sept. 29, 1917-3.

S. S. Aranmore RESUMES TRIPS.

Commencing Monday, September 2nd, Steamer Aranmore will resume tri-weekly trips, leaving Charlottetown at 7.00 a. m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday each week, and leaving Pictou Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at same hour. District Passenger Agent's Office, Charlottetown, P. E. I. Sept. 5, 1917.

It Would Please You As well as Ourselves

For you to call in and see our assortment of

Wrist and Other Watches (For Ladies and Gents) From Six Dollars up

SOLID GOLD RINGS From \$1.50 up to any price you wish to pay

Diamond Rings \$15 up.

It would also pay you to look over our Combinations, in Diamond and Ruby, Sapphire and Emerald Rings

BROOCHES, in gold, silver and nickled plate, including Maple Leaf and other fancy designs. Necklets, Locketts, Pendants, Bracelets and Scarf Pins.

WEDDING RINGS always in stock. In our Optical Department we can test your eyes and fit the right lenses in any style of mounting you may desire.

E. W. TAYLOR JEWELER.....OPTICIAN 142 Richmond Street.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR

(Continued.) Paris, Oct. 6.—The war office announcement of the progress of the campaign tonight reads: The two armies were quite active in the region of Braye-en-Laonnois and on the right bank of the Meuse, north of the Bois de Chauvigny. In the Vosges we carried out a surprise attack in the neighborhood of Senones.

Eastern Theatre, Oct. 6.—Calm prevailed along the whole front. Enemy patrols were repulsed west of Lake Oehrida. Allied airplanes abarded enemy establishments north of Gievogel and near Resna.

Rome, Oct. 7.—The Italian war department today, issued the following statement: "In the Daou Valley, of the Trentino, on Thursday night, enemy parties with the support of artillery of the forts in their rear, attacked our positions. They were repulsed. On the Bainsizza Plateau, north of Vipacco, in the Loro Fatti sector of the Carso front violent fighting occurred. South of Polizza we captured some prisoners in patrol engagements."

Petrograd, Oct. 7.—The Russian war office today issued the following statement: "Northern front. In the Riga region small enemy detachments attempted to attack north of the Pskoff highroad and east of Lumburg. They were repulsed by our fire. On the other battlefronts only fusillades and scouting encounters have occurred. Aviation—On Thursday some enemy airplanes bombed Gabelt Rumania, causing several casualties among soldiers and civilians."

British Front in France and Belgium, Oct. 9.—(By the associated Press)—A counter attack by the Germans in force east of Polygon Wood, in the region of Beutel last evening was quickly beaten off by artillery and machine gun fire. The front involved was over a width of about five hundred yards. The attacks were preceded by a heavy barrage which was put down not only in this section but along the greater portion of the new battle line. The rain of yesterday turned the Flanders battlefield into a mass of deep mud and filled the shell holes with water, making most difficult military operations of all sorts. The sun was shining this morning, but it will take several days of fair weather to repair the damage done yesterday. Calm all along the fighting lines during the night is reported.

Paris, Oct. 9.—The official communication from the war office tonight reads: "There were artillery actions at various points along the front, particularly in Belgium, in the region of Hurbise and Craonne. Eastern theatre, Oct. 7.—Slight activity was displayed by the artillery along the whole front. In the region of Dorian two raids, supported by air-planes, entered the enemy lines, which they partially destroyed. In the Skumbi Valley a contingent of Essad Pasha's forces took some Austrian prisoners."

Roosevelt vs. Laurier Theodore Roosevelt whose sturdy patriotism has won for him the admiration of hundreds of thousands of Americans, placed himself on record as to the question of a war-time franchise the other night when he said: "No man, and I have weighed my words carefully, is entitled to vote in this country unless he is willing to fight for it in time of war, and prepare himself to fight for it in time of peace." Yet Sir Wilfrid Laurier proposes that every slacker, pro-German and pacifist in Canada should be permitted to cast his ballot for the election of the Laurierites in the coming campaign. And the anti-conscription, low-the-war press support him in that attitude.

After Nov. 1st the profits of Canadian millers will be limited to the maximum average of twenty-five cents on the milling of sufficient wheat to make a barrel of flour of 196 pounds and ofals produced in such milling. Hon. W. J. Hanna, Canadian food controller, makes this announcement as the outcome of conferences with representatives of all branches of the milling trade. Every mill with a capacity of one hundred barrels of flour or more a day, must take a license from food controller.

Local and Other Items

The Peruvian Government has handed passports to Dr. Peri, the German Minister. The Spanish Legation has taken over the interests of Germany in that country.

Dr. Adam Shortt has been appointed chairman of the board of historical documents. He will be succeeded on the civil service by C. Jamieson, M.P. for Digby, N. S.

The Naval correspondent says: The figures of official weekly returns on shipping losses are the most encouraging had since the intensive underwater warfare began in February.

The American schooner Annie F. Conlon was attacked with gunfire by a German submarine on Wednesday morning off the Scilly Islands. The crew of eight men has been landed safely.

President Poincare at a recent cabinet meeting signed a decree providing for the requisitioning of all vessels—French, allied and neutral—for the service of the government.

Twenty thousand airplanes for America's fighting forces in France, authorized in the \$940,000,000 aviation Bill, passed by Congress last July, actually are under construction.

Pope Benedict has sent to Cardinal Amette, Archbishop of Paris, 50,000 francs for the Cardinal's work on behalf of refugee families from the districts of France occupied by the Germans.

At the Liberal-Conservative Convention, held in this city yesterday, Mr. Alexander Martin, of Valleyfield, was nominated to contest Queen's County as the colleague of Mr. Nicholson.

Uruguay has several diplomatic relations with Germany. A presidential decree announced the rupture following a vote in favor of it, by the Chamber of Deputies, 74 to 63. The German Minister has been handed his passports.

Capt. Wm. Apher Redmond, son of John E. Redmond, the Irish leader, has been awarded the distinguished service order for gallantry on the night of Sept. 12-13. Captain Redmond is a member of Parliament from the East Tyrone district.

Great Britain's new embargo on shipments of practically everything to Sweden, Norway, Denmark and the Netherlands is regarded here as the most important move in tightening the cord which slowly but surely is killing the military power of Germany.

The King's County Exhibition, held at Georgetown on Thursday last, was fine. The exhibits were, perhaps, not as large as on some former years, but were of excellent quality. The weather was fine and the attendance was very good. Everything passed off in excellent order.

Mr. C. C. Ballantyne, of Montreal, a former Liberal, has been taken into the Borden Cabinet and appointed Minister of Public Works, and Mr. Hugh Guthrie, Liberal member from Ontario, has been appointed Solicitor General. Other appointments are expected to follow before long.

A crowd of poor people in the southwest district of London appealed to Premier Lloyd-George, says the Daily Mail, for reprisals on Germany's air raids on London. The Premier shouted to the crowd, "We will give it all back to them, and we will give it to them soon; we shall bomb Germany with compound interest."

It is expected at Ottawa that at least three ministers will retire, and with the two vacancies already filled by Liberals will open a way for the entrance of five new members of the Cabinet. There will be at least this number, and probably one or two more. In addition to Cabinet reconstruction and the appointment of ten senators, there are other important positions to fill. Among these are a member on the Railway Board, three members for the Soldiers' Land Settlement Board, Comptroller of the Northwest Police, Clerk of the Commons and Sergeant-at-Arms of the Commons. Most of these positions will be filled before the writs are issued, and two of them will go to members of the present Cabinet.

Three steamers passed during the time they were adrift and Mr. Stuart said the vessels paid no attention to their signals. He thinks the officers of the steamers thought the lifeboat a German submarine, using the distress signal as a subterfuge to get them close enough to attack them. Finally, when all hope of rescue had been abandoned and those in the drifting boat were reconciled to death the rescue steamer came along. The distress signal was seen by the second officer.

Adrift For Ten Days

Boston, Oct. 5.—A thrilling story of shipwreck and suffering was brought to port yesterday by 53 men and one woman, survivors of the American steamer Itasca, which foundered September 23 while on a passage from Bermuda to New York. Captain Harold J. Bond, the commander of the Itasca, went down with his vessel. Chief Engineer M. E. Elwell, 46, was drowned the first night by the capsizing of one of the life boats, and Thomas Smith, colored an oiler, belonging to St. David Island, Bermuda, died soon after being taken on board a United Fruit Company's steamship.

Miss Grace M. Bond, the young wife of the captain, was among the rescued, but her condition was so serious that, upon reaching port, she was hurried to a hospital. For ten days and nights the castaways were adrift in an open boat. Their stock of provisions and water was exhausted and during the last days of their flight for life they were sustained by eating raw turtle meat. Some of the crew became delirious from drinking salt water. Sm's thirst is said to have resulted from trying to quench his thirst in this way. Chief Officer A. C. Stuart who was in charge of the lifeboat had to threaten some of the crew with a hatchet when they tried to take possession of the scant supply of water. Mrs. Bond, although heartbroken over the death of her husband, tried to encourage the others: "I never saw such a brave little woman," said Chief Officer Stuart. She sat in the stern of the boat during those days and nights of terror and spoke words of encouragement to the men. She tried to prevent them from drinking sea water and they paid more attention to her requests than to the orders of any of the officers. She insisted on sharing two cans of salmon and sardines with the starving men, and she even divided some of her own rations with them.

The story of the loss of the Itasca was told by Chief Officer Stuart. Mr. Stuart said the Itasca left Norfolk May 20, laden with a cargo of 1,230 tons of coal for the British government. She struck the western end of Bermuda, and was hard and fast for 40 days. Then she was floated, taken to St. George and repaired.

The Itasca left Bermuda for New York September 22. The following morning an easterly gale sprang up, which steadily increased, until it was blowing with the force of a hurricane. The steamer was pitching and rolling heavily and soon she began to leak. The pumps were started but the water gained steadily and that night the fires were extinguished. Capt. Bond ordered the two life boats provisioned. At 11 p. m. the boats were lowered away. Part of the crew got into No. 1 boat and pushed away. Then the No. 2 boat was ranged alongside. Chief Officer Stuart got the captain's wife safely on board and the remaining members of the crew followed. The captain remained on board the steamer to cast off the painter, before leaving the vessel. By that time the sinking steamer was rolling her rails under water, and the captain was unable to get on board the lifeboat, which was carried away from the steamer. During the night all hands were put into No. 2 boat, as No. 1 boat was leaking. While the men in the lifeboat were rowing frantically to reach the steamer she sank stern first. About half her length had gone down when there was a terrible explosion, and then the craft disappeared. No trace of the captain was found.

Three steamers passed during the time they were adrift and Mr. Stuart said the vessels paid no attention to their signals. He thinks the officers of the steamers thought the lifeboat a German submarine, using the distress signal as a subterfuge to get them close enough to attack them. Finally, when all hope of rescue had been abandoned and those in the drifting boat were reconciled to death the rescue steamer came along. The distress signal was seen by the second officer.

All kinds of Job Printing done at the Herald Office.

Arabian's Effective Work for Allies

New York, Oct. 4.—Interesting military possibilities in Palestine are forecasted in advices from Mecca, as reported in Arabic newspapers reaching New York, to the effect that the Arabs in Arabia, in revolt against the Turks, have effected a junction with the British army in Southern Palestine. The Arab revolt was making increased headway when the latest British official statement regarding it, issued on August 22, reported its progress.

The King of the Hedjaz, as the new head of the Arabian revolution is styled, was then declared to be conducting military operations on a comprehensive and well thought out scale and to have definitely attached his cause to that of the Allies. Already a considerable section of the Hedjaz Railway running parallel with the Red Sea coast northward from Medina had fallen under Arab control.

The current advices state that his railway is now controlled by the Arabs as far north as Maan, about seventy miles northeast of Akaba, at the head of the Gulf of Akaba, on the easterly side of the Sinai Peninsula. It is pointed out that the reported Arab junction with the British, whose advance in Palestine is now in the vicinity of Gaza, is likely to prove of notable importance as regards the occupation of Syria. With the close of the hot, rainless summer, campaigning is again possible and the Turks apparently will have to cope not only with the British on the south and west out with the Arabs on the south and east. A speedy report of concerted action by the combined forces is for cast in the advices.

DIED.

McDONALD—At the Charlottetown Hospital on Saturday, October 6th, Helena Catherine, third daughter of Lieut. Governor and Mrs. McDonald. Her body lay in state at Government House until Monday morning, when the funeral took place at the Cathedral, where a Solemn Mass of Requiem was celebrated by Rev. Father McQuaid with Father Hughes as deacon, Father Wm. McDonald sub-deacon and Rev. Dr. McLellan Master of Ceremonies. After Mass the funeral cortege proceeded to the Railway Station, whence the remains were borne by special train to Montague. At Montague, after the Libera in St. Mary's Church, interment took place in the adjoining cemetery. May her soul rest in peace.

McLEOD—In Teanton, Mass., September 23rd, Flora McLeod, widow of John McKinnon, formerly of Highfield, P. E. I.

McINNIS—At Quincy Mass Sept 23rd, of pneumonia, Myles F. McInnis formerly of Forest Hill, Lot 41, P. E. Island, in his 61st year. Burial in Middleboro, Mass.

WARD—In this city on Oct. 5th, Robert McArthur Ward, aged 46.

LUND—At East Royalty on Oct. 4th, Mildred, dearly beloved daughter of Robert and Mrs. Lund, aged 3 1/2 months.

STERLING—At her daughter's residence, 23 Water Street Clara Richpound, widow of the late David Sterling, aged 91 years.



Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon on Friday, the 16th November, 1917, for the conveyance of the Majesty's Mail, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week. Over Rural Mail to and from Montague, P. E. Island, from the 1st January next. Printed notice containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be had on blank form of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office at Montague, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

J. F. WEAVER, Post Office Inspector. On leave, October 5, 1917. October 10, 1917-31.

A. J. McLean, K. C. & J. C. McDonald, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law. Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

IN THE PROBATE COURT.

In the matter of the estate of Ambrose A. Malone, late of St. Catherine's, in Township number Forty-five, in King's County, in the said Province, Farmer, deceased, Testate.

GREETING: WHEREAS Francis J. O'Donnell and John Malone, both of Surris, in the said County, Executors of the last will and Testament of the said Ambrose A. Malone deceased, have by their Petition on file prayed that all persons interested in the said Estate may be cited to appear and show cause if any they can, why the accounts of the said Estate should not be passed and why the said Estate should not be closed.

YOU ARE THEREFORE required to cite all persons interested in the said Estate to appear before me at a Probate Court to be held at my Chambers in the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown in Queen's County, on Thursday the First day of November, A. D. 1917 at the hour of Eleven o'clock in the forenoon to show cause why the accounts of the said Estate should not be passed and why the said Estate should not be closed.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court (L.S.) this twenty-first day of September, A. D. 1917. (Sgd.) ENEAS A. McDONALD, Judge of Probate. Sept. 26, 1917-41

Sheriff's Sale

By virtue of a writ of Statute Execution to me directed, issued out of His Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature of Prince Edward Island, at the suit of Ulrich Matthew, John McLean and Benjamin Heitz against Eneas A. McDonald, I have taken and seized all the estate, right, title and interest of the said Eneas A. McDonald in and to ALL THAT tract, piece or parcel of land situated lying and being at Chepstow, Lot or Township Number Forty-five, in King's County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Bounded on the north by a road leading from the East Point Road to the St. Catherine's Road; on the east by land formerly owned by Alexander McDonald, now owned by Margaret McDonald, wife of Peter D. McDonald, and on the south and west by land of Gabriel McDonald, containing thirty acres of land a little more or less.

And I do hereby give Public Notice that I will on Tuesday the 9th day of April, A. D. 1918, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, at the Court House in Georgetown, in King's County, set up and sell at Public Auction the said property, or as much thereof as will satisfy the levy marked on said Execution, being one hundred and forty-one dollars and twenty-six cents, besides Sheriff's fees and all legal incidental expenses.

ROBERT CURRAN, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, King's County, Sept. 29, A. D. 1917. Arthur F. McQuaid, Plaintiff's Attorney. Oct. 3, 1917-31

Sheriff's Sale

By virtue of a writ of Statute Execution to me directed, issued out of His Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature of Prince Edward Island, at the suit of John McLean against Clement McDonald, I have taken and seized all the estate, right, title and interest of the said Clement McDonald in and to ALL THAT tract, piece or parcel of land, situated lying and being at Clear Spring on Lot 44, in King's County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Bounded on the north by the Gulf of St. Lawrence; on the east by land of the heirs of John Y. McDonald; on the south by land formerly owned by John Y. McDonald and Angus Gillis; and on the west by land now or formerly owned by Donald McDonald, and containing fifty acres of land a little more or less.

And I do hereby give Public Notice that I will, on Tuesday the 9th day of April, A. D. 1918, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, at the Court House in Georgetown, in King's County, set up and sell at Public Auction the said property, or as much thereof as will satisfy the levy marked on said Execution, being three hundred and twenty-eight dollars and thirty-nine cents, besides Sheriff's fees and all legal incidental expenses.

ROBERT CURRAN, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, King's County, Sept. 29, A. D. 1917. Arthur F. McQuaid, Plaintiff's Attorney. Oct. 3, 1917-31



Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations

Any person who is the sole holder of land, or any male over 18 years of age, may homestead a quarter section available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Location Lands Agency or Sub-agency in the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duration—Six months' residence upon cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within five miles of his homestead on the first year, and on the second and third years by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead rights and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchase homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duration—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$500.00.

W. V. C. K. Y. (Sign) Minister of the Interior.

LIME!

We have on hand a quantity of

St. John LIME

In Barrels and Cask.

PHONE 111

C. LYONS & Co.

A. R. 26, 1916-17

SPECIAL TRIPS

S. S. STANLEY

During Exhibition week the Steamer Stanley will run between Charlottetown and Picton. On her first trip Monday, 24th inst., she will leave Picton for Ch'town after arrival of trains from Halifax and Sydney. From Tuesday 25th to Friday 28th, inclusive, she will leave Ch'town at 6:00 a. m., returning in the evening. On Saturday, 29th inst., she will leave Charlottetown at same hour, 6:00 a. m., but will not return. The Arramore will also make the usual tri-weekly trips during the same period.

District Passenger Agent's Office Charlottetown, P. E. I., Sept. 13th, 1917. Sept. 19th, 1917-21

W. J. P. McLELLAN, M. D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 105 KENT STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND

JOB WORK

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office

Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Check Books, Dodgers, Receipt Books, Note of Hand Books, Posters, Bill Heads, and L. ters

F. J. Holman & Co. Ltd

Charlottetown, P. E. I.

WE BUY

Poultry, Butter, Eggs, Oats,

Potatoes

And other farm produce at highest cash prices

WE SELL

Groceries, Meats, Dry Goods Flour, Feed & Wire

Fencing

At lowest possible prices. "Let us trade together."

Sept. 5, 1917.

Feed! Feed!

Just Received into Warehouse

1000 bags Bran, best quality

300 bags Middlings

400 bags Cracked Corn

250 bags Cornmeal

600 bags Oilcake

Meal (old process). Several cars Good Hay

500 bushels Feed Oats

Cracked Grain, &c., &c.

Lowest Prices

Wholesale and Retail.

Carter & Co. Ltd.

Queen Street Warehouse

FREISCHMAN'S YEAST

TO MAKE GOOD BREAD You must have Good Yeast

GOOD BREAD is, without question, the most important article of food in the catalog of man's diet; surely, it is the "staff of life." Good bread is obtainable only by using the Best Yeast, the best flour, and adopting the best method of combining the two. Compressed Yeast is in all respects the best commercial Yeast yet discovered, and Fleischmann's Yeast is indisputably the most successful and best leaven known to the world. It is uniform in quality and strength. It saves time and labor, and relieves the housewife of the vexation and worry which necessarily suffers from the use of an inferior or unreliable leaven. It is, moreover, a fact that with the use of Fleischmann's Yeast, more loaves of bread of the same weight can be produced from a given quantity of flour than can be produced with the use of any other kind of Yeast.

This is explained by the more thorough fermentation and expansion which the minute particles of flour undergo, thereby increasing the size of the mass and at the same time adding to the nutritive properties of the bread. This fact may be clearly and easily demonstrated by any who doubt that there is economy in using Fleischmann's Yeast. If you have never used this Yeast give it a trial. Ask your Grocer for a "Fleischmann" Recipe. Book.

R. F. MADDIGAN & Co.

THE QUEST

(Written for The Catholic Bulletin by Dr. James Henderson.)

Past the far gates of Oblivion we sped, Silence and I; Fair was the road and untrodden Faire—the sky. We walked in a world that was olden, Walked in streets precious and golden; This land was where men never die. Twas up near the vault of the vistas Men seek with the eye of the soul, Out where dwells Myra and a Yankee, Close to the boreal pole; Yet farther than that had we trodden, This night when our senses paid dole. The star-dust was cold, iridescent, I had been in this region before And silence was painful, incessant, For time had long since gone before; So we hastened 'mong margs and meadows Weird as the wof of some dream, 'Mong spirits that still tried to dream. But hold! I cried; Silence, I doubt you; This world is not wholly content, Else why should their grieving be nurtured? Look!—See how their garments are rent. We were seeking a soul still unshriven, By doubt and distrust madly driven, She had passed thro' this marginal-land so lately From star-dust to stars dwelling farther Than Algol that burns in the blue; And as far 'yond his place in far heavens— "Farther," said Silence, "than you." "She must yet go to regions far distant Before that her sojourn is thro'!" A sound swayed the vistas about us, 'Twas the young suns that rise in some morn On shores that first sweep into being When young worlds are summoned and born. Let us go, I cried. Silence! 'Tis truly A vision that beckons us on, Else why in this chancel if questioned? Said she, "'Tis the voice of some Dawn, On some far shore the voice of some Dawn. Then let us—the moon, see, has risen; It beams 'yond the Lake of Delight— Let us go from this palace or prison, I know not of Day or of Night." A nebulous form swept on pinions, Swept up from that region of rest, While the duplicate horns of yon crescent Paled out 'yond the gold of the West, And we quested the querulous lone spheres That trembled and blinked in the blue, Silence and I, and no answer; Thro' nebulous voids hence we flew, O'er ways that were lone in far heavens— Winged Nights overburdened, unborn, That lay in the pathway of crescents Still swaying there, horn after horn; Said Silence, "We'll cease and walk ever, Tho' reaching no ultimate morn."

The Romance of a Poor Lawyer.

(By Florence Gilmore, in the Extension Magazine.)

(Concluded.)

"I don't care," she answered, with a little skip of delight. "Oh, father, those lights seem just as far away as they did ten minutes ago!" Elizabeth had grown too tired to talk; the others were too much excited, and during the last half mile of their long walk few words were spoken. Mr. Morrison's automobile was at the station, where it had stood for two hours waiting

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning that it is extremely hazardous to neglect, so important is a healthy action of these organs. They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and sometimes by gloomy foreboding and despondency.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures kidney and liver troubles, relieves the back, and builds up the whole system.

For Elizabeth, and she insisted on taking her new friends to their destination before she parted from them with many expressions of gratitude. A week passed, during which Elizabeth thought many times of the man, old before his time, whose narrow shoulders had bent wearily beneath the burden of work for which he was unftted, whose head had whitened in the struggle inevitable when a highly strung nature is thrown into the strife made necessary by the fierce competition that is an integral part of modern business conditions. She recalled his meek face and courteous manner; his love for his daughter and his overbearing pride in his only son. Enviously, she thought of the bright, happy girl whose society her father and brother had preferred to any other. They were in her mind one evening as she stood before the great log fire in her father's library, dreamily watching the fitful blaze and the merry dance of countless truant sparks. "Mr. Shae," the maid announced. Elizabeth started slightly. "Bring him in here," she said. Five minutes later they were chatting cozily. Elizabeth had once admitted to Miss Lawson that she liked Mr. Shae when she was with him, but that as soon as he went away she resolved anew never to admit that he had a single redeeming trait. "I'm tired of hearing his praises sung," was her wise reason for this. "Oh, tell me about the Good-ridge ball," Elizabeth demanded eagerly. "I had a cold and could not go."

Their Benjamin

Helen Moriarty, in The Magnificat

The farmhouse nestled against the side of the hill which seemed to regard and unfold it lovingly. All around it rose other hills, and in the distance still other hills, presenting as fair a panorama as ever greeted the eye. The fertile acres that spread across the broad valley belonged to John Sheeran, who sixty-five years ago had first seen the light in the little house on the hillside. Little and unpretentious it was then, but big enough to house comfortably a large family of which he was the eldest and the only one to stick to the farm. Hence the home place became his, and there forty years ago he had brought his bride, rosy cheeked and slender. "Forty years! I can't believe it!" he was saying to himself this morning as he threaded his way through the lower meadow, where the cows, pictures of peace and contentment, were standing knee-deep in the shallow stream that flowed from one corner to another of the valley. "Why, it seems like only the other day—" he took off his hat and began to fan himself with its broad brim—"only the other day," with a slow reminiscent smile he repeated. "But they've been mighty busy years in between, I can tell you. And so could mother. It took considerable hard work to raise all the young ones—that it did. But great Caesar!" his smile becoming comically rueful—"how awfully quick they did grow up once they got a good start, and how soon they all went away—all but Benjy," a tender inflection in his voice. "Benjy's like myself," proudly. "He's going to stay with his old dad, and some day the whole place'll belong to him."

Flying Machines

A few years ago flying machines were hardly thought of, nor was Scott's Emulsion

in summer. Now Scott's Emulsion is as much a summer as a winter remedy.

Science did it. All Diseases

DIARRHOEA

WAS SO BAD.

Thought She Would Lose Child.

During the hot weather young children are very much subject to diarrhoea, in fact, more so than adults, on account of the more delicate construction of their constitution. It behooves every mother to look after her children on the first sign of any looseness of the bowels, for if they do not some serious bowel trouble such as diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera infantum, cholera morbus, summer complaint, etc., is liable to follow, and they will perhaps, lose their little one by not taking the precaution to check this loose-

ness of the bowels by using Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

Mrs. R. J. Hillis, St. Mary's, Ont., writes: "My little girl was so bad with diarrhoea the doctor could not cure her, and we were sure we were going to lose her. A friend of mine told me to use Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, so I sent for a bottle right away, and by the time I had given her one bottle she was able to sit up, and before I had the second bottle used she was cured. I tell everybody about this sure cure. The price is 50c a bottle, but it is well worth it. It is 15 years since I first tried it, and it will always keep it on hand. It is good for old and young alike."

"Dr. Fowler's" has been on the market for the past 72 years, so if you want to be on the safe side be sure and see that you get "Dr. Fowler's" when you ask for it.

The genuine is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Benjy's machine now. I didn't expect him home so early. "Why glancing at his watch in surprise, "It's only a little after ten. I wonder—"He quickened his steps a little and by cutting across the intervening field he reached the farm-yard almost as soon as his son, who took the last lap in from the road with anything but his accustomed celerity. He looked rather sober, his father thought, as he caught a glimpse of the boy's face.

"Machine out o'whack? he called cheerily as soon as the car slowed up and came to a stop.

"No, She's all right," Benjy answered, smiling. He stepped out slowly and as though he were tired, his father thought. I just thought I'd come home."

"Out late last night, I expect, his father said, quizzically.

The young man who was busying himself with something about the car shook his head laughingly without looking up.

"Martha always fires me at 10:30," he announced; and it takes me only fifteen minutes to get home in the boat."

(To be continued.)

BEWARE OF WORMS.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

"If you want a comfort in the house, get one of those instantaneous heaters. It keeps the whole family in hot water all the time."

"Don't need it. My wife attends to that."

W. H. O. Wilkinson, Stratford says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price 25c. a box."

Cloeman was feeling his way before definitely engaging the physician famous for his high charges.

"Pardon me, doctor," he said, "but do you—take off anything for cash?"

"Certainly," was the reply. "What would you like taken of a hand or a foot?"

Mary Orington, Jasper Ont. writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days. Price 25 cents."

SUFFERED TERRIBLY

WITH HEART AND NERVES.

WOULD WAKE UP SMOTHERING.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Cured Her.

Mrs. A. M. Powell, Norval, Ont., writes:—"I cannot speak too highly of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I suffered for five years with my heart and nerves, but the last two years I have suffered terribly. If I went to bed I would wake up as if I was smothering. I did not get one night's sleep out of seven. I got so very weak that the doctor was called in, and he said it was my heart, and that I must take great care of myself. I saw your advertisement in your almanac for Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and said I would try them. I have only taken two boxes of them and I feel a new woman. I will recommend them to anyone afflicted with heart trouble."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c per box, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

DIARRHOEA

WAS SO BAD.

Thought She Would Lose Child.

During the hot weather young children are very much subject to diarrhoea, in fact, more so than adults, on account of the more delicate construction of their constitution. It behooves every mother to look after her children on the first sign of any looseness of the bowels, for if they do not some serious bowel trouble such as diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera infantum, cholera morbus, summer complaint, etc., is liable to follow, and they will perhaps, lose their little one by not taking the precaution to check this loose-

ness of the bowels by using Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

Mrs. R. J. Hillis, St. Mary's, Ont., writes: "My little girl was so bad with diarrhoea the doctor could not cure her, and we were sure we were going to lose her. A friend of mine told me to use Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, so I sent for a bottle right away, and by the time I had given her one bottle she was able to sit up, and before I had the second bottle used she was cured. I tell everybody about this sure cure. The price is 50c a bottle, but it is well worth it. It is 15 years since I first tried it, and it will always keep it on hand. It is good for old and young alike."

"Dr. Fowler's" has been on the market for the past 72 years, so if you want to be on the safe side be sure and see that you get "Dr. Fowler's" when you ask for it.

The genuine is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Benjy's machine now. I didn't expect him home so early. "Why glancing at his watch in surprise, "It's only a little after ten. I wonder—"He quickened his steps a little and by cutting across the intervening field he reached the farm-yard almost as soon as his son, who took the last lap in from the road with anything but his accustomed celerity. He looked rather sober, his father thought, as he caught a glimpse of the boy's face.

"Machine out o'whack? he called cheerily as soon as the car slowed up and came to a stop.

"No, She's all right," Benjy answered, smiling. He stepped out slowly and as though he were tired, his father thought. I just thought I'd come home."

"Out late last night, I expect, his father said, quizzically.

The young man who was busying himself with something about the car shook his head laughingly without looking up.

"Martha always fires me at 10:30," he announced; and it takes me only fifteen minutes to get home in the boat."

(To be continued.)

BEWARE OF WORMS.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

"If you want a comfort in the house, get one of those instantaneous heaters. It keeps the whole family in hot water all the time."

"Don't need it. My wife attends to that."

W. H. O. Wilkinson, Stratford says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price 25c. a box."

Cloeman was feeling his way before definitely engaging the physician famous for his high charges.

"Pardon me, doctor," he said, "but do you—take off anything for cash?"

"Certainly," was the reply. "What would you like taken of a hand or a foot?"

Mary Orington, Jasper Ont. writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days. Price 25 cents."

SUFFERED TERRIBLY

WITH HEART AND NERVES.

WOULD WAKE UP SMOTHERING.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Cured Her.

Mrs. A. M. Powell, Norval, Ont., writes:—"I cannot speak too highly of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I suffered for five years with my heart and nerves, but the last two years I have suffered terribly. If I went to bed I would wake up as if I was smothering. I did not get one night's sleep out of seven. I got so very weak that the doctor was called in, and he said it was my heart, and that I must take great care of myself. I saw your advertisement in your almanac for Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and said I would try them. I have only taken two boxes of them and I feel a new woman. I will recommend them to anyone afflicted with heart trouble."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c per box, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Boots and Shoes

At Reasonable Prices

INVICTUS

About a year ago feeling the advance coming in all lines of Footwear, we bought large quantities of all our staple lines.

TODAY

We can give you shoes at about the same prices as a year ago.

TRY US

ALLEY & CO.

Agents for Amherst, Invictus and Queen Quality.

Pure Bred Live Stock for Sale

NAME ADDRESS BREED MALES

Dan. G. McCormack Launching York 1 (2 yrs. old)

Dan. G. McCormack Launching " 1 (4 mos. old)

Dan. A. McNeill Village Green " 1 (2 yrs. old)

J. Leslie Poole Lower Montague " 1 (5 mos. old)

Joseph Carmichael Peake's Sta., R.R. 2 " 1 (1 year old)

Col. G. Crockett York " 1 (2 year old)

G. W. Wood Hazelbrook Berk 1 (4 yrs. old)

A. P. Ings Pownal, Lot 49 " 1 (1 year old)

Jos. L. Cameron Ellis River " 1 (3 yrs. old)

C. B. Clay Bridgetown, Shrop. lams, 10 rams and 7 ewes

John Howlett Annandale " 7 rams

A.A. Farquharson, 259 Queen St., Ch'town, for Island Stock Breeding Company. Shrops—1 mature and 4 ram lambs

Cheviots—1 mature and 2 ram lamb

Leicesters—1 ram lamb

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

LET US MAKE

Your New Suit

When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered.

You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price.

This store is noted for the excellent quality of the goods carried in stock, and nothing but the very best in trimmings of every kind is allowed to go into a suit.

We guarantee to fit you perfectly, and all our clothes have that smooth, stylish, well tailored appearance, which is approved by all good dressers.

If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please you.

MacLellan Bros.

TAILORS AND FURNISHERS

158 Queen Street.

Advertise in The Herald

It Would Please You

As well as Ourselves

For you to call in and see our assortment of

Wrist and Other Watches

(For Ladies and Gents)

From Six Dollars up

SOLID GOLD RINGS

From \$1.50 up to any price you wish to pay

Diamond Rings \$15 up.

It would also pay you to look over our Combinations, in Diamond and Ruby, Sapphire and Emerald Rings

BROOCHES, in gold, silver and nickled plate, including Maple Leaf and other fancy designs.

Necklets, Locketts, Pendants, Bracelets and Scarf Pins.

WEDDING RINGS always in stock.

In our Optical Department we can test your eyes and fit the right lenses in any style of mounting you may desire.

E. W. TAYLOR

JEWELER.....OPTICIAN

142 Richmond Street.

FLEISCHMANN'S

YEAST

TO MAKE GOOD BREAD

You must have Good Yeast

GOOD BREAD is, without question, the most important article of food in the catalog of man's diet; surely, it is the "staff of life." Good bread is obtainable only by using the Best Yeast, the best flour, and adopting the best method of combining the two. Compressed Yeast is in all respects the best commercial Yeast yet discovered, and Fleischmann's Yeast is indisputably the most successful and best leaven known to the world. It is uniform in quality and strength. It saves time and labor, and relieves the housewife of the vexation and worryment she necessarily suffers from the use of an inferior or unreliable leaven. It is, moreover, a fact that with the use of Fleischmann's Yeast, more loaves of bread of the same weight can be produced from a given quantity of flour than can be produced with the use of any other kind of Yeast.

This is explained by the more thorough fermentation and expansion which the minute particles of flour undergo, thereby increasing the size of the mass and at the same time adding to the nutritive properties of the bread. This fact may be clearly and easily demonstrated by any who doubt that there is economy in using Fleischmann's Yeast.

If you have never used this Yeast give it a trial. Ask your Grocer for a "Fleischmann" Recipe Book.

R. F. MADDIGAN & Co.

Agents for P. E. Island.

W. J. P. McMILLAN, M. D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE

105 KENT STREET.

CHARLOTTETOWN.

P. E. ISLAND

McLEOD & BENTLEY

Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors.

MONEY TO LOAN

Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.