

**QUEENS COUNTY
GAZETTE**

MISSING ISSUE

April 13, 1898

POOR DOCUMENT

QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE

VOL. II.

Published Every Wednesday Morning.

GAGETOWN, N. B. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1908.

JAS. A. STEWART, Publisher.

NO. II.

Watch this space next issue and see what

J. E. COWAN

HAS TO SAY.

39 Main St., St. John.

VALUE OF AN EDUCATION.

The measure of the value of any education is what can be done with it. Without education there is almost absolutely no hope of attainment to any great measure of usefulness or success in the world, and that education will be found to be the most valuable as the means of success in life, that leads out in the direction of the world's greatest and vital activities—the pursuits of a business career.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

The Currie Business University, Cor. Charlotte and Princess Sts. ST. JOHN, N. B.

D. BOYANER, OPTICIAN, Eyes Tested and Suitable Spectacles Adjusted.

545 MAIN STREET, NORTH END, ST. JOHN, N. B.

HOTELS. Hotel Dingee, MAIN STREET, GAGETOWN, N. B.

The above Hotel is located in close proximity to all public buildings and principal places of business. It is within five minutes walk from the steam boat landing and post office. Spacious Sample Rooms on the premises. Permanent and transient guests accommodated at reasonable rates. Livery and Boarding Stable in connection. Passengers conveyed to all points in charge of competent drivers. TERMS MODERATE.

WM. B. DINGEE, Proprietor.

CAFE ROYAL, Bank of Montreal Building.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS. DINNER A SPECIALTY. TERMS MODERATE.

56 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

WM. CLARK, Prop.

Victoria Hotel, 81 to 87 King Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Electric Passenger Elevator and all Modern Improvements

W. D. McCormack, Proprietor

Queen Hotel, FREDERICTON, N. B.

J. A. EDWARDS, Prop.

First Class Livery IN CONNECTION.

RE-FITTED. RE-FURNISHED.

Queen Hotel, 111 and 113 Princess Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

WM. AGATE, Proprietor.

Centrally Situated.

Electric Cars Pass the Door.

Rates \$1.50 and \$2.00 Per Day. Special Rates by the Week.

FREDERICTON The Business COLLEGE.

W. J. OSBORNE, PRINCIPAL.

5 to 1

FIVE students entered in January, 1898, for every ONE that enrolled in the same month of 1897.

Send for catalogue of this growing institution. Address:

W. J. OSBORNE, Principal.

FREDERICTON, N. B.

The United States and Spain.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Spanish Minister Polo has made final preparations for departure. When Madrid instructs him to leave, the French ambassador will care for Spanish interests.

St. VINCENT, Cape Verde Islands, April 14.—The Spanish armored cruisers, Cristobal Colon and Marie Teresa have arrived here. The Spanish torpedo flotilla is still in these waters.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The testimony taken before the senate committee on foreign relations in connection with the investigation into the relations between the United States and Cuba was made public today.

The statement which contains the greatest current interest is made by Consul General Lee. The Consul General said that he was informed on very good authority that the Spaniards had placed two rows of torpedoes just at the mouth of the Havana harbor by Morro Castle within the past two months, or subsequent to the Maine disaster, and the switchboard was in the room at the castle. He said, however, that he had no information of the placing of any torpedoes before the Maine was destroyed, and none in regard to the purchase abroad by the Spanish authorities.

"Have you any reason to suppose that the harbor was mined at all before the blowing up of the Maine asked Senator Frye. "No sir; I had no reason to suppose anything of the sort up to the time of the explosion."

"He then went on to say that General Weyler's letter to Santos Cuzman had led him to believe that mines might have been placed there previous to the Maine incident and he said that his supposition was strengthened by a telegram from General Weyler, of which he had cognizance. Upon the whole he thought the Weyler letter (the Maine letter), was a correct copy of a genuine letter. The telegram which he referred to was addressed to Mrs. Canal, a noted Spanish woman and an admirer of Weyler's, and to Senor Gussman, and it read as follows: "Grave circumstances force me to ask you to destroy the last letter of Feb'y 25."

General Lee said that this telegram had never been published, and he found in its language every evidence of the genuineness of the Weyler letter.

General Lee said "I am satisfied the explosion was from outside. I have always had an idea about the Maine, that she was blown up by some of the officers who had charge of mines and electrical wires and torpedoes in the arsenal. I do not think General Blanco, the present Captain General of the island, had anything to do with it. I saw him just shortly after the occurrence. I was sitting in my room at the hotel. I heard the explosion and saw from the balcony a great column of fire go up in the air. A few minutes later I went down to the palace and asked General Blanco. He came in directly by himself. He had just heard it and was crying; tears were coming out of his eyes. He seemed to regret it as much as anyone in Havana. I think it came from some of the subaltern officers who had full knowledge of the business."

HAVANA, April 14.—Referring to the reconcentration of the Diaro de Marino today remarks: They do not need Uncle Sam's help any more. Spain has devoted three million pesetas to their assistance. Besides this the Spaniards of Mexico have given ten million dollars for the same purpose. McKinley should know that General Blanco has revoked the reconcentration orders and that all the reconcentrados are going to work in the country and are joining their families. Then why this charity display if not to make fools of us? Humanitarianism does not set well on a people accustomed to read "Uncle Tom's Cabin" without shedding tears for the negro slaves. The Union Constitutional touching on the same subject says: "Do not trouble yourselves about sending any more desiccated beans."

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The house of representatives yesterday, after one of the most exciting and memorable days in its history, by a vote of 224 to 20 adopted a resolution which nine-tenths of its members believe makes war with Spain inevitable.

The following is the resolution adopted by the House. Resolved, etc., that the president is hereby authorized and directed to intervene at once to stop the war in Cuba to the end, and with the purpose of securing permanent peace and order there and establishing by the free action of the people there a stable and independent government of their own in the island of Cuba; and the president is hereby authorized and empowered to use the land and naval forces of the United States to execute the purposes of this resolution.

The following is the majority resolution reported to the senate and now under discussion in that body:— Whereas, The abhorrent conditions which have existed for more than three years in the island of Cuba, so near our own borders, have shocked the moral sense of the United States, have been a

disgrace to Christian civilization, culminating as they have in the destruction of a United States battleship with 266 of its officers and crew while on a friendly visit in the harbor of Havana, and cannot longer be endured, and has been set forth by the president of the United States in his message to Congress April 11, 1908, upon which the action of congress was invited. Therefore, Resolved, first, that the people of the island of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Sign of activity for what now seems to be a probable conflict, continues at the war department. Everything is in readiness for a prompt movement of troops toward some central point, particularly of the forces east of the Rocky Mountains, but General Miles says that nothing is likely to be done in the way of moving any large body of troops southward until it is evident that their services will be needed. In the event of a call upon the national guard, attention will be directed first, to the organization in the states of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and the district of Columbia.

Second; that it is the duty of the United States to demand and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters. Third; that the president of the United States be, and he hereby is directed, and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into actual service of the United States, the militia of the several states, to such extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

MADRID, April 14 (via Havana), France, April 15.—The action taken by the Spanish cabinet today has confirmed the general belief which has been prevalent here since yesterday that war is now inevitable. The war like tone of the official dispatch issued by the Spanish government finds general approval here and creates much excitement. Contrary to the general opinion that the Queen Regent has been negotiating for peace since her attitude today has much to do with the firm action of the cabinet. It is learned on unquestionable authority that the Queen Regent recently made the following statement:

"I prefer even the horrors of war rather than a tarnish on the prestige of the army, an impairment of the rights of the crown."

Another factor undoubtedly is Don Carlo's manifesto, in which he says: "I will applaud from my soul those who have the good fortune to face the fire, and I shall consider those Carlites as solving my cause who embark in war against the United States. But, if everything leads me to fear that the policy of humiliation will again prevail, we will snatch the reins of government from those who are unworthy to hold them and we will occupy their places."

The report that Spain had purchased the Hamburg-American liner Normanna and Columbia was confirmed tonight. As indicated tonight in the Herald, Spain is figuring on yellow fever being an important factor of the Cuban situation. It says: "We have 200,000 troops on the island perfectly acclimated, and any Americans who are landed there will die like flies."

MADRID, April 15, 11.40 a. m.—On his return to the United States, regarding the Maine, etc., are violently denounced here. General Weyler reiterates that the letter of which he is said to be the author, referred to by General Lee, is apocryphal.

It is announced here that in spite of the armistice the insurgents continue their incursions, and it is added that the government has received news that new filibustering expeditions are being organized in Florida, their destination being Cuba.

According to Madrid reports the Spanish minister at Washington, Senor Polo Y. Bernabe, is ready to leave Washington, but has not yet received the necessary orders from his government.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The Washington Post's summary of the situation, to be published in to-morrow's issue, includes the following statement:

"Immediately the president is empowered to use the army and navy he will issue an ultimatum to Spain, giving her twenty-four hours—possible forty-eight—within which to answer whether she will peacefully withdraw her troops and flag from Cuba. Her refusal to evacuate the island, which is expected, will be the signal for action on the part of this government, and that action will be the vigorous use of both our naval and land forces. The Post makes this statement upon the highest possible authority, the course of action indicated having been decided upon at yesterday's cabinet meeting. Should the resolutions reach the president accompanied by the amendment recognizing the people of Cuba, the president will sign them, but in a brief to con-

gress he will hold that the constitutional prerogative rested in the president to recognize other government cannot be taken away, and that the amendment is therefore void and inoperative.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Evidently the most warlike step by the war department in preparing for the possibility of an encounter with Spain was inaugurated today, when orders were issued for the concentration at four points in the south of six regiments of cavalry, twenty-two regiments of infantry and the light batteries of five regiments of artillery; at Chickamauga there will be six regiments of cavalry and the light batteries of five regiments of artillery; at New Orleans eight regiments of infantry; at Tampa seven regiments of infantry, and at Mobile seven regiments of artillery. Since the civil war no such preparation of the army has been mobilized, and the movement itself is the best evidence of the gravity of the situation as looked upon by the president and his advisors.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The Senate last night, after twelve hours debate, passed the Cuban resolutions reported by its own committee, with an amendment offered by Mr. Tamm recognizing the independence of Cuba. The vote on the final passage was 67 to 21. The house has yet to agree to the resolution, which are different from those passed by that body.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—A majority of the senate will give very little attention to any other subject until the Cuban question is finally disposed of in congress. That body having acted upon the resolutions of independence and intervention, the question is not properly before it, but there is such intense interest in the senate that they will continue to give it their individual attention until an agreement with the house is secured.

The supporters of the senate form of expression are very hopeful that public sentiment will compel the house to accept the senate declaration, but they know that the industrial conservative element is against them and they realize that they may be disappointed in the action of the house. In that event they are prepared to stand out against a surrender on the part of the senate. How long this determination will hold good remains to be developed, but the advocates of the recognition of Cuban independence refuse to be convinced that any other course than their recognition is tenable. They decline to even discuss the time of any compromise short of the senate action on this point. Whether they would hold to this if they should find the house equally determined is not sure in view of the pressure for action. Still many of the more radical pro-Cubans say that insufficient action is no better than no action at all. "The hand of the president is an excellent one for respectable party actions which favor the house resolutions over those of the senate, and whose influence will be constantly exerted in the senate against the body's own declaration."

Steam Driving.

Log driving in the streams will begin this year between the 21st and 27th of April. The prospects for the Miramichi for driving are said to be fair. There is not much snow but there is lots of water. On the Upper St. John the prospects are a little more brighter. There has been more snow there than on the Miramichi and its branches, and being heavier in Quebec it did not waste as rapidly as in New Brunswick. There is not, therefore, only a fair quantity of snow yet in the Quebec woods, but there is plenty of water as well. Men are now hiring for stream driving. Mr. Welsh and Mr. Lynch have already engaged forces, and they will probably leave some day this week or the beginning of next for the streams. Mr. Welsh's men will go in to the Miramichi by way of Glassville, Carleton county.

Wm. Richards, who is in town to-day, also has his force ready for driving. The wages this year rate from a dollar to a dollar and fifty per day, the majority getting \$1.50.

Assistance Wanted.

TORONTO, April 11.—Dr. W. S. Richardson, son of James H. Richardson, of this city, who went to the Yukon district in August last, has written a letter to his father, in which he says: "There will be a great deal of fever and scurvy here next summer. Scurvy is already very prevalent, and will increase considerably, because of the utter absence of the proper food to check it. There will not be so much want and starvation as was predicted, because so many have gone out and sold their outfits, and men are using their grub-up carefully, but there is no spot in the world that needs the services of a few nurses and supplies of food so urgently as this district does. If assistance is coming it must come quickly."

TORONTO, April 13.—The following is an extract from a letter received by David Henderson, barrister, from a friend in Victoria: "We are beginning to see the horrors of the Klondike, but the true reports are not printed. A Seattle steamer brought down forty corpses last week, and on Saturday last a Victorian coming from Dawson brought news of the death from exposure of L. B. Hamlin, C. E., and his companion. Dr. Richardson, son of B. Richardson, of Toronto, has a small hospital in Dawson city. He did all possible for him, but without avail. It is fearful, this greed for gold. We see it here in all classes. Many will never return; but they will probably come back to be a burden upon the coast cities. You will say I have not much faith in the Yukon. I have not. The merchants, contractors, and hotel men will make their fortunes, and there will be left to Canada a lot of useless inhabitants."

North End Boot and Shoe Store.

Realizing the fact that the QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE must be read by a large number of Queens and Kings County people, I have taken a larger space, so as to have space to tell you during the season, the many GOOD things I have to sell you in the way of SHOES. I have made a careful study of the requirements of the

UP - RIVER - TRADE,

and have put in stock the style and CLASS of goods that will satisfy you all. I have

Stylish Serviceable Goods at Moderate Prices.

Strong, every day BOOTS and SHOES made to WEAR. BOOTS for the OLD PEOPLE made for COMFORT. BOOTS for MIDDLE AGED combining comfort and style.

Boots for Young Men and Women with lots of Style.

Call and see the large and varied stock I carry, can please you every time

W. J. FORBES,

Corner Main and Kennedy Streets, North End, St. John, N. B.

WE CAN YET GIVE YOU A CHANCE TO GET A WATCH CHEAP.

AMERICAN DYE WORKS CO.

Redyers of Ladies' Dresses and Gent's Wear.

Works 27 and 29 Elm St. Office 10 King Square.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

COMFORT

Comes cheap to the person who invests in a pound of UNION BLEND TEA

Forty cents thus spent will prove a source of great enjoyment.

SOLD IN LEAD PACKAGES ONLY.

Geo. S. deForest & Sons,

Proprietors, St. John, N. B.

ST. JOHN MARKET REPORTS.

WHOLESALE.

Table listing market prices for various goods including Beef, Pork, Butter, Eggs, etc.

ST. JOHN MARKET FEES.

Table listing market fees for various goods including Beef, Hogs, Sheep, etc.

Seeds! Seeds!

Choice American Timothy, Extra Canadian Timothy, Red, Alsike and White Clover, Beans, Carrots, Beet, Turnip, Squash, Cucumber, Potato Onions and Onion Sets.

Wheat, Barley, Oats and Corn.

Always pleased to quote prices.

Yours sincerely,

P. Nase & Son,

Indiantown, - St. John, N. B.

Wm. Hillman,

GOLD AND SILVER PLATER.

All kinds of Old Silver Ware replated and repaired and made to look as good as new at reasonable prices. Orders by mail promptly attended to. All kinds of Carriage Irons plated with Gold or Silver.

NO. 11 GERMAIN STREET.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

POOR DOCUMENT

Bargains! Bargains!

Commencing with the New Year I will sell my whole stock of Dr. Joods and the following Groceries


Fruits, Canned Goods, Tobacco, Cigars, Drugs, Patent Medicines, Stationery, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Country Produce of all Kinds,

at prices that cannot be equalled for quality in this place, at least that is what competent judges say of them. We think so from quantity sold during Holidays.

1 two horse knee Sled, 1 one horse knee Sled, 1 pair of bobsleds, 1 express wagon, with top for peddling; 1 double seated open carriage, 1 double seated covered carriage, 1 top buggy, 1 set express harness 2 sets single driving harness.

Liberal Discount for Cash.

J. W. DICKIE.



They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.

RIPANS

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

Oxford Cloth TAKES THE LEAD.

The following are our duly authorized Travelling Agents for the sale Oxford Cloth, Yarns, etc.:

JOHN ROBINSON, Jr., Narrows.
MRS. J. E. COY, Upper Gagetown.
WM. LIVINGSTON, Jerusalem.
DANIEL PALMER, Jr., Douglas Harbor.
ROBERT ANDERSON, Armstrong's Corner.

They will visit the people at their homes with full stock.

OXFORD CLOTH is also for sale at Gagetown, Cady's, Oromocto, etc.

Oxford Manufacturing Co., Oxford, N. S.

LOOK HERE

I have just received a car-load of extra good Buggies and Express Wagons, Road Wagons and Carts.

They are built to order, and the very best material used in construction. It is impossible to find any better in the city. Every vehicle is guaranteed. I also have a fine stock of PLOWS.—Plows to suit all soils. Every person that buys one always recommends it to his neighbors. My Harrows this year are an extra good quality. I keep the best Lever Harrow in the market.

Albert's Thomas Phosphate Powder is Good for all Crops.

Don't buy any other Fertilizer.

Oliver Burden,

Phoenix Square, Fredericton, N. B.

E. C. LOCKETT, Agent at Gagetown.

Farm and Household.

Pruning.

In taking up a tree there is a loss of root and it must be reestablished. The nursery man cannot dig up a tree with all its roots and it would be of no value if he could. If the top of the tree is reduced to correspond with the loss of roots there will be but little check in the transplanting.

A great many have the mistaken notion that a root feeds. It does nothing of the sort. The principal use of the root is to serve as a reservoir for the food which is gathered by the little hair-like growths from the branches of the roots from the soil surrounding them. We found this out when some nice got among our pear trees and ate all the roots off. They didn't die, but were almost the better for it. A peach-tree may be pruned to a walking stick and do better than one left with the mass of roots with which it came from the nursery.

With the advent of spring the sap goes to the extremities of the limbs and the growth begins there. In pruning look to the buds on the limbs and see how you wish the new trees to grow. If inward then let the bud on the inner side be at the end, cutting just beyond it. If outward, then cut to the outside bud will be the last. This gives the chance to form the tree properly, or just as it is wanted. It requires a little thinking, but if the location of the buds is noticed it is not only easy but interesting.

Cut all the roots smooth. To cut them hold the tree in the left hand from the under side up. Cutting from the top makes a wound which will hold water, and this will cause it to rot. In setting the tree hold it firm, and with the fingers work the earth down around the roots to press close against them and leave no air holes; fill the earth good, then press it firmly, and finally pound it solid with a mallet. This having the earth close about the root and having every tangled root cut smooth across is of the utmost importance.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Extra Early Potatoes.

Some careful tests in starting potatoes in the greenhouse and planting them later in the open ground were made at the Kansas experiment station with fairly satisfactory results. About the middle of February greenhouse flats were filled with sand, and in them were placed, good sized potatoes with the seed end up and about one-fourth of the tuber exposed. Each flat contained forty-four potatoes. These were set under a bench in a cool propagating-house, where they received partial light, and a temperature of 50 to 65 degrees. Strong sprouts began to grow from the exposed eye, very different in appearance from those of potatoes sprouting in the dark. March 29 they were planted in furrows, the tubers being carefully removed from the sand and planted in the same position and fourteen inches apart in rows. Ordinary whole tubers which had been kept in the cellar and sprouted in bulk were planted. As a check, out seed of the same variety was also planted. Both lots of the whole seed kept ahead of the seed which had been cut. June 1 the greenhouse sprouts showed excellent young table potatoes, while the others were fully a week later. The difference in yield is not very marked, the chief value being the gain of a week in earliness.—American Agriculturist.

Fuchsias.

There are few plants that thrive better in a dwelling house than fuchsias. Their grace and beauty and free-flowering qualities always make them attractive plants. Indeed, few plants will repay more fully the trouble of growing them than the fuchsia. Now, to grow fuchsias is a very easy matter, but to grow first-class plants is very difficult, indeed. It requires knowledge of the plant in hand, patience, and persevering attention. Yet with a love for the fuchsia all difficulties can be overcome and the admiration of friends as they look upon your plants will more than make up for your trouble. Now here, as in everything else, a mistake at the beginning is a sure cause of failure. The cuttings (selected should be strong, healthy and short-jointed, with not less than two or three joints under the sand when inserted in the cutting pot. Each cutting should be struck (rooted) singly in thumb pot, plunged just as if it was an ordinary cutting. Keep them close and moist. A cutting should never become dry from the time it is put in until it is rooted as it causes the wood to become hard and it is impossible to make a good plant from it. It should be exposed sufficiently to keep the leaves from damping, until they show signs of fresh growth; then let them be gradually exposed, hardening them more and more each day. February is, I consider, the best month to strike them. As soon as they have made a good start to grow, and the young roots show through the bottom of the pots, give them a lift into five-inch pots. The advantage of striking them in small pots is, that you get the roots intact, whereas, if rooted in large pots, half the roots are broken off in repotting.

In shifting them from one pot to another make sure that the soil is in a proper condition—neither too wet nor too dry. By no means let the plants lay dry at the time of shifting, but if anything, rather on the wet side; for, when plants are shifted from one pot to another they are sure to lose a certain amount of supply; therefore, let the soil be firmly and nicely placed around the ball. This is rather a delicate operation, but I think it will be sufficient to say that the plants must be transferred with as great care as possible from the small pots to the larger, so that they receive no stoppage in their growth; for if they do, the wood becomes hard, flower buds appear and stuntedness sets in, and they are perfectly useless for years, which always give such large, rich flowers. The plants must be kept growing. Always strive to have a nice moist atmosphere to prevent red spider, the water to be used of the same temperature and perfectly clean. Use the syringe night and morning to keep the foliage clean and healthy; when rain water can be had, by all means use it in preference to any other. As soon as the plants begin to grow well, let them be stalked and the plants tied up as they grow. Be particular about the drainage of the pot. Place a few small pieces of broken pots in the bottom, and then a thin layer of moss over them, to keep the soil separate; if this is not strictly attended to, the drainings will become choked, and the plants sickly and lose all their leaves. Fuchsias to be grown well must be grown quickly, therefore, give the plants every encouragement to grow by giving them frequent waterings of liquid manure. Get some fresh cow manure from the meadows where the cows have been feeding on grass, say half a bushel to a barrel of rain water, mix it well together with about half a peck of soot. When clear let each plant have a small quantity, say, about a pint every three days, to be increased every week. Be sure not to give it too strong, for if so it may cause all the flowers to drop off. Apply it in the after part of the day, with the regular water. Fuchsias are gross feeders and almost any kind of stimulant will make them grow. Plunging one pot within the other and filling the vacant space with moss, assists in keeping them in one regular dampness; if once allowed to become over dry or over wet the injurious effects will soon manifest themselves in the appearance of the plants; therefore, always keep a strict watch that the soil is of a nice healthy, growing moisture and the plants will succeed accordingly.

A very important part of the fuchsia culture is the stopping, or as it is often called pinching, or taking away the end of the branches. If this is not attended to the plants will grow sprawling and unsightly, but by proper stopping the plant becomes bushy, and the multiplying of the branches increases the number of the flowers. As soon as the young plant has made about half a dozen leaves, cut the head off. This will cause it to send out side shoots. After the side shoots have grown three leaves, cut them off at the second leaf. This will give you two branches more on each, and so on until your plant is large enough to bloom. Remember, do not allow a branch to grow more than three leaves (or more properly, eyes), before nipping the end off. Keep to this to within six weeks before you wish your plants to flower, and you will be astonished by the fine plants you will be able to grow.—S. S. Bain, Florist.

at the time of shifting, but if anything, rather on the wet side; for, when plants are shifted from one pot to another they are sure to lose a certain amount of supply; therefore, let the soil be firmly and nicely placed around the ball. This is rather a delicate operation, but I think it will be sufficient to say that the plants must be transferred with as great care as possible from the small pots to the larger, so that they receive no stoppage in their growth; for if they do, the wood becomes hard, flower buds appear and stuntedness sets in, and they are perfectly useless for years, which always give such large, rich flowers. The plants must be kept growing. Always strive to have a nice moist atmosphere to prevent red spider, the water to be used of the same temperature and perfectly clean. Use the syringe night and morning to keep the foliage clean and healthy; when rain water can be had, by all means use it in preference to any other. As soon as the plants begin to grow well, let them be stalked and the plants tied up as they grow. Be particular about the drainage of the pot. Place a few small pieces of broken pots in the bottom, and then a thin layer of moss over them, to keep the soil separate; if this is not strictly attended to, the drainings will become choked, and the plants sickly and lose all their leaves. Fuchsias to be grown well must be grown quickly, therefore, give the plants every encouragement to grow by giving them frequent waterings of liquid manure. Get some fresh cow manure from the meadows where the cows have been feeding on grass, say half a bushel to a barrel of rain water, mix it well together with about half a peck of soot. When clear let each plant have a small quantity, say, about a pint every three days, to be increased every week. Be sure not to give it too strong, for if so it may cause all the flowers to drop off. Apply it in the after part of the day, with the regular water. Fuchsias are gross feeders and almost any kind of stimulant will make them grow. Plunging one pot within the other and filling the vacant space with moss, assists in keeping them in one regular dampness; if once allowed to become over dry or over wet the injurious effects will soon manifest themselves in the appearance of the plants; therefore, always keep a strict watch that the soil is of a nice healthy, growing moisture and the plants will succeed accordingly.

A Convenient Kitchen.

It is surprising how many badly arranged kitchens we find upon our farms, kitchens that makes slaves of women instead of "kitchen queens" our poets sing about. A woman's housekeeping orbit is "fixed" from table to pantry, pantry to sink, sink to stove and an occasional visit to the cellar. This goes on day in and day out, 365 days in the year. If this orbit is not economically arranged, think of the waste, the enormous waste of time during a year. The time would equal a two weeks' visit to one's old home, and if one has a second trade, of sewing, scribbling or even berry picking in its season, that "time is money," and that money would enable one to buy a corner piece of furniture or go toward an organ or piano.

Husbands like to see their wives looking fresh, yet they do not comprehend how much these little conveniences help to keep us young and free from acidity. Low sinks are found in many farm-houses, sinks that were made two or three generations and should have gone out of fashion with "storks" and "pumpkin hoods." These sinks round one's back and besides the dragging ache from working over them, the after effects often come in the form of divers distressing ailments. The spare time of a rainy day, a few boards and a willing Barkis would make that sink the correct height and add sufficient room on both sides for water buckets, unwashed and washed dishes and milk vessels. The partition wood box that can be filled in the woodshed, and then swung around inside the kitchen walls, saves quantities of dirt and trouble. I wish that all farmhouses might have one, also a good supply of running water, or at least an easy working pump in the sink.

A good floor is a labor saver, and by good I do not mean an expensive hard wood floor; a smooth pine one, kept painted or nicely covered with oilcloth carpeting, does nicely and saves one much in scrubbing, whereas a rough, splintery floor is soul-revexing. Besides the china closet and pantry, you will need a good sized clothes closet

to stow away the childrens everyday jackets, caps and rubbers, also the men's jerseys and boots, which, especially in winter when the average farmer dines in the kitchen, are not ornamental if hanging from pegs or standing about the room. A kettle closet that affords a great amount of comfort, is made in the wall, close to the stove. And right here let me say that these may be easily improvised in the old fireplace that you closed with a fire board.

When possible have your cooking table in the pantry. Most new houses are planned in this way, with flour bins, towel, drawers, etc. With the flour barrel at your right, and the molasses and other jars, at your left, you can dispatch the weekly baking in quick time.

Care of Plants.

Many palms are sold by florists to people who have never grown such plants and are entirely ignorant of their care. To such the following hints are respectfully dedicated.

Wash or spray the foliage at least twice a week with clean water.

Give them plenty of light but no sun. See that drainage is perfect, and if pot is kept in an outer cover or jardiniere a little gravel or broken pot should be placed under the pot, so that water may not stand about the roots.

Do not allow a palm to stand in a cold, draughty place, and do not place it close to a radiator or fireplace; in other words avoid extremes of temperature.

Now, the most important of all, never allow this plant to become dry. When the soil begins to dry out water thoroughly, and do not water again until it begins to dry out again. If a palm grower could be made to understand that the neglect to water the plant, to the extent that the soil becomes dry and white, means almost invariably loss of foliage, more palms would be grown and "luck" would not mean neglect to the extent it does now.

Of course if you forget to water the plant to-day it does not mean that the leaves will show it to-morrow, or even next month, but, sometimes in a month, sometimes in three months, the leaves will suddenly turn yellow and dry up without any apparent cause; yet it would be undoubtedly caused by the neglect at the early date.—H. E. Gould, Florist.

Profits from Poultry.

Farmers do not give the hens credit for all that is done by them. The proper mode of estimating the value of poultry and eggs is to compare the work of the fowls with something else on the farm. One who has given the matter consideration draws a very nice comparison by stating that eggs are produced largely at a certain season from the waste produce of the farm, and that in winter fifty dozen will bring more cash to the farmer than a load of hay, which occupied a patch of ground larger than the poultry yard to grow it, to say nothing of the man and teams to plow, harrow, mow, rake, load and haul the hay to market. Yet the fifty dozen eggs can be laid by only five hens in the year, and the profit will be greater than from any acre of wheat or corn after the cost of the production of the grain has been subtracted. Fifty hens, then, should give the same result (with a liberal allowance for cereals) as can be obtained as profits from ten acres at the prices ruling from grain last spring, and one does not want to have to wait until harvest time to get the profits from the hens.

Drinking Fountain.

Not every farmer is supplied with running streams where the poultry can get good water when they want it, especially young chickens, turkeys and goslings. I bought several three gallon pails for 17 cents each and some small pans for 10 cents, writes a Vermonter to the Orange Judd Farmer. A small hole was made in the bottom of each pail, which was then filled with water and set in the middle of a shallow pan. A board cover was placed on top.

You ought to have seen how much the chickens and goslings enjoyed this good drinking fountain. Do not get the pan too large. A space of one and one-half inches below the pail and the outside of the pan is sufficient. This allows plenty of room for drinking, but the young birds cannot foul it. Care should be taken to have the hole in the bottom of the pail quite small. The opening made by the point of an awl or small nail is large enough. I fill one of these fountains twice a day for 60 goslings.

Atroc Dispute.

LONDON, April 6.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, alluding to recent reports of an approaching settlement between Great Britain and France of their African claims, says he has authority to state that the reports are untrue and that no advance in that direction has been made by French salesmen.

Immediate Assistance.—"Mr. Grumpy" said the chronic borrower, "I'm financially embarrassed to-day. Can you help me out?" "Cheerfully." Then Grumpy kicked his caller through two offices and a long hallway.—Detroit Free Press.

"Your sister got married last night, didn't she? Were you the best man?" "Naw—but I was the worst boy."

W. A. CURRIE, D. D. S.

(Late Instructor in Boston Dental College.)

EVERY FORM OF Modern Dentistry.

Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty

Chestnut Building, - Fredericton.

WM. PETERS,

DEALER IN—

Leather, Hides, Tallow,

Furriers' and Tanners' Tools,

Shoemakers' Findings, etc.

Manufacturer of the Famed Bluenose Buffalo Sleigh Robe.

240 Union St., St. John, N. B.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that under authority of the Act 48 Victoria Chapter 36, the Rector, Church Warden and Vestry of Trinity Church, in the Parish of Carleton Place, intend to offer for sale, at a time to be appointed, on or after Easter Monday next, a lot of land, owned by the said Corporation, situated at Douglas Harbor in the Parish of Carleton, containing 200 acres, more or less, bounded by Asa Balmann on the one side and John Allen on the other.

Dated the twelfth day of January, 1898.

(Signed) R. W. COLSTON, Rector.
JAMES R. MILLER, Church Warden.
STEPHEN YEOMANS, Warden.

BOARDERS.

The subscriber can accommodate visitors with pleasantly situated rooms. Telephone and post office convenient and only a few minutes walk from the steamboat wharves.

MRS. E. SIMPSON.

T. Amos Wilson, BOOK BINDER

Blank Book Manufacturer.

Law Books and Periodicals, Bound in a Superior Manner, Paper Ruled in any Pattern, Color Stamping executed. Orders promptly attended to.

CHESTNUTS BUILDING, FREDERICTON, N. B.

Gone Astray.

A Bull two years old, dappled red and white. Any person giving any information concerning same would oblige the owner.

WM. MCCUSKER, Queen's Queens Co.

If your boy

isn't on time, the chances are it is no fault of his. Do you expect him to tell time by the sun? Has he a watch? If not that is your fault. He might have a first-class time-keeper as low as \$2.75; up to \$10.00 according to style—all the style anybody could ask.—Good enough for you, too, if you need a watch.

L. L. SHARPE,

Watchmaker and Optician,

42 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.

When You Ask for Pelee Island Wine

Be sure you get our brand, as other Canadian Wines are sold as Pelee brand. Brands—Pelee Port, Dry Catawba, Sweet Catawba, Iceberg, St. Augustine, Old Port Concord, Unfermented Grape Juice Chateau Pelee Claret.

GAGETOWN, JULY 27th, 1867
E. G. SCOVILL, Agent Pelee Wine Co.
Dear Sir:—My wife has been afflicted with nervous prostration for several years, using every kind of medicine recommended, but obtaining no relief until I procured some of your Pelee Wine, which I am delighted to say, has had the desired effect. It is the greatest tonic of the age. I think too much cannot be said in its praise and no house should be without it. We have recommended it to several sufferers from a gripe debility, with like good results.

I am, yours gratefully,

JOHN C. CLOWS.

E. G. SCOVILL, Tea and Wine Merchant, 42 Union St., St. John, sole agent for Maritime Provinces. Telephone 623.

NOTICE.

A thorough bred stallion Harry T. Wilkes is offered for sale. He is very handsome and the most perfect of any horse that ever travelled through the county. He is very gentle and kind. He weighs 1250 lbs., and according to weight cannot be beaten for speed. This stallion will be in Gagetown and other parts of Queens county the last of February and if any of the Gagetown sports want to try his speed the chance is open for them. Any one wanting any other information regarding Harry T. Wilkes apply to H. L. MOFFETT, Central Norton, K. Co., N. B.

FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale on easy terms:
3 very fine driving horses.
2 heavy draft mares, handsome and young.
2 heavy draft colts, raising three years.
1 poney that children can drive and ride
1 Holstein and Ayrshire Bull, 3 years old.
T. SHERMAN PETERS.
Gagetown, Q. C., Dec. 7th

POOR DOCUMENT

Do You Think of Building

I manufacture every description of Building Materials, and will furnish prices and estimates. Give Me a Trial Order.

A. A. MABEE,
212 and 214 Main St.,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

A. KINSELLA,

FREESTONE, GRANITE AND MARBLE WORKS,

No. 112 MILL STREET,

Next to I. C. R. Station, St. John, N. B.

Monuments, Tablets and Gravestones, Baptismal Fonts, Mantle Pieces and Plumber's Slabs.

Orders from the country promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed.

E. C. LOCKETT, Agent, Gagetown, N.

CUT THIS OUT

And return it to us with a year's subscription to The Queens County Gazette.

The Queens County Gazette,
Gagetown, N. B.

Enclosed find \$1.00 for which send me for one year The Queens County Gazette.

Name.....

Post Office address.....

ADDRESS,

JAS. A. STEWART,
Gagetown, N. B.

NOTICE!

The undermentioned Non Resident Ratepayers of the Parish of Gagetown, County of Queens, Province of New Brunswick, are hereby notified to pay the amount of Rates and Taxes set opposite their names, together with the cost of advertising, 55 cents each, to the undermentioned Collector of Rates and Taxes within two months from the date hereof, otherwise proceedings will be taken to recover the same.

Gagetown, Queens Co., N. B., March 21st, 1898.

T. H. GILBERT,
Collecting J. P.

NON RESIDENT DEFAULTERS' LIST, PARISH OF GAGETOWN, QUEENS CO.

NAME	1892		1893		1894		1895		1896		1897	
	County	Road	County	Road	County	Road	County	Road	County	Road	County	Road
Allingham, Albert	1.00	.50	1.00	.50	1.00	.50	1.00	.50	1.00	.50	1.00	.50
Burhill, Thomas	1.00	.50	1.00	.50	1.00	.50	1.00	.50	1.00	.50	1.00	.50
Babbitt, Frederick	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Babbitt, John T.	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Case, Mays	2.25	1.05	2.00	1.05	1.95	1.05	1.95	1.05	1.90	1.05	1.85	1.05
Carrigan, John	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35
Copwell, Calvin	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Crothers, T. B.	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Estabrooks, Henry	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Estabrooks, Leander	.80	.35	.80	.35	.80	.35	.80	.35	.80	.35	.80	.35
Forbes, Geo. C.	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Hoben, Hubert	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Hoben, John	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Gaunce, Frederick	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Logue, Wm. J.	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35
McKeague, John	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Mahoney, Thomas	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
McCracken, Mrs. John	.40	.35	.40	.35	.40	.35	.40	.35	.40	.35	.40	.35
Miller, James	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35	.75	.35
Newwood, Andrew	1.50	.30	1.50	.30	1.50	.30	1.50	.30	1.50	.30	1.50	.30
Neales, J. DeVeber	1.15	.35	1.00	.35	1.00	.35	1.00	.35	1.00	.35	1.00	.35
Robinson, T. W.	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Scott, Charles L.	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Scott, Mrs. Bessie	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Sutton, Wesley	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Turner, Othar T.	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Turney, C. H.	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Trustees Late Daniel and Charles Smith	18.25	3.75	18.25	3.60	18.25	3.60	18.25	3.60	18.25	3.60	18.25	3.60
Van Buskirk, John E.	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Watson, Charles	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30
Watson, Franklin	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30	.50	.30

R. DEB. SCOTT. C. F. SCOTT.

SCOTT BROTHERS,
Steam Saw Mill and Carriage Factory.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Carriages and Sleighs of every description.
Repairing and Painting in all its branches.
General Blacksmithing done in connection.
LAND ROLLERS A SPECIALTY.
MAIN STREET, GAGETOWN, N. B.

THAT JOB OF PRINTING

You may need soon can be neatly and promptly executed at the office
+++ QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE. +++
Good Type, Plenty of It, and Skilled Workmen handle it.

TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

Contributed by the I. O. G. T.

I hereby give notice that I have made satisfactory arrangements with the Editor of the QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE by which this column will be devoted to the interests of the I. O. G. T. I make an appeal to all lodges throughout the county, and all persons interested in Temperance work, to do their part, so that the work may be a success from the beginning. Address all communications to, ERNEST M. STRAIGHT, Lower Cambridge, N. B.

THE SKELETON IN THE CLOSET.
You wondered to see at the banquet that cynical manner of mine. That while others were merrily drinking my lips were unmoistened by wine; They were all men of brain as you tell me, good fellows as ever were known, And how 'mid wit flashes and laughter, could I sit as though carved of stone! Ah! you know not my pitiful story, the memories sombre and dread. The promise I made to the dying, the pledge that is held by the dead.

Born to riches was I, and an orphan, sole master of houses and gold— Bad servant in he and worse master, grown up with his will unconquered— And I rattled along with my comrades, my wealth made me leader to them. Through the senseless and purposeless follies of the older and wiser condemn; No worse than too many around me, but fast sliding downward, when came A glance from the eyes of May Norton, which kindled my bosom to flame.

Not her beauty it was that subdued me, though she was surpassingly fair, Though her eyes were the deepest of azure and sunny the tint of her hair; 'Twas a subtle infusion of spirit that left me no freedom of choice; I was won by the grace of her motion, enslaved by the tone of her voice, Enhanced by her wonderful sweetness, the bloom and the flash of her youth, Her tenderness, frankness and virtue, her purity, honor and truth.

I seemed but a dull old beside her, so high and so excellent she; But with wooing and worship I pressed her, till mine she consented to be, We stood side by side at the altar and solemnly bared our truth; She swore to obey, love and honor, and faithfully cling to her oath; I swore to protect her and cherish, to love and to honor till death— Oh! hearts that are won and neglected, and the promise of man is but breath.

How happy the two years that followed— green spot in the desert of life!— Home drest meal times to its pleasures—the magnetism of my child, my wife. Our little boy, Ronald, I kissed him and tossed him aloft in my gloe. Said he was just like his mother, she called him the image of me. Who dared to predict I'd neglect her, my darling, my beautiful May. Leave her kisses for those of the wine cup, the kisses that were to betray!

And yet, in less time than a twelvemonth, no need for the why and the how, I sank to be gamster and drunkard—the mode of it matters not now; I gathered again my old comrades, I led in each brutal carouse, For creatures whose presence degraded abandoned my child and my spouse. You say that was certainly madness, I was not free agent, you think; The madness was one self-created, the terrible craving for drink.

Poor May! though her spirit was failing, her health breaking up with the strain, Never once with a harsh word reproached me nor showed either anger or pain. Her language was pleasant and loving, her accents were tender and kind, Her smiles ever welcomed my coming— ah! brute that I was, deaf and blind! Our Ronald took sick. When they told me, "Let the doctor look to him," I said, "Then sought my carousing companions—I was drunk when my poor boy lay dead.

As I lay in a half drunken stupor, the doctor came into my room— "Mrs. Trevor, a blood vessel ruptured!" his words seemed the knelling of doom. I sprang to my feet, shocked and sober; the chamber I found where she lay, Her face sunken, ashen and pallid, her life slowly passing away. "Tis painless," she tenderly whispered; "I've naught to forget or forgive; But promise me will you my darling, to drink no more wine while you live!"

With my promise forever before me, and memories greivous and ghast, The sight of the wineglass arouses the terrible pang of the pang of the past. Every man, be he set in a hotel, or lord in a palace of pride, A skeleton keeps in his closet he ever, or lord in a palace of pride, But I show to you frankly and truly this skeleton secret of mine, And you know why I'm sad at a revel, and whence is my horror of wine.

"I'm the greatest hand for dreaming fish stories." "That's probably why you lie awake so much."

AN ATTRACTIVE COOK.

A Style of Dress That Will Add Brilliance to Any Dish.

To the Women of the Empire, Sallie Joy White contributes a series of papers on "Cookery for Girls," advising the would-be cook to put on this neat and dainty costume: "Wear big aprons—regular pinafores that button in the back and have long sleeves, full bishop sleeves that will go on over any dress, and then are held around the wrists by elastic cord that may be slipped out when the apron is laundered. This pinafore is usually made of white or some pretty print, light colored, because it looks fresher and is just as easy to launder as a dark one. This cooking apron should be worn for no other purpose. You can see for yourself how much nicer it is to cook in your work than getting delicate dishes with an apron which you have not worn while sweeping or doing any other work that would mean getting dust particles in it, even with great care. With the apron is worn a pretty little cap made from muslin or from a pocket handkerchief. This keeps the flying particles of flour from settling in the hair, and it also keeps the hair in place. Then pinned to one side is a small hand towel, and to the other a holder on a long tape. "Yes, you know how often the fingers need wiping while you are doing even the simplest bit of cooking. If you have to step to the stove rack every time, you take many unnecessary steps. Then you know what a habit unattached holders have of getting mislaid, slipping out of sight just when they are needed. Sometimes you can't stop to hunt them up, and then you make shifts with anything and perhaps burn your fingers. Well, you see the introduction into the holder fastened to the belt of your apron, you don't have to cross the kitchen to use one, and the other can't get away from you.

Let me tell you something, girls—this dress is a very becoming one, and you needn't be afraid to let any one see you in the cooking cap and apron. My word for it, any dish you cook with this outfit when you wear this sort of costume in its preparation, for in itself it suggests neatness, cleanliness and the neat that goes to make dishes tempting and appetizing."

DAUGHTERS OF DISEASES.

The Difference Between Ailments That Are Contagious and Infectious.

The terms contagious and infectious are not synonymous. A disease is contagious when it is transmitted from the sick to the well by personal communication or contact, more or less intimate, and all contagious diseases are infectious—i. e., they are due to the introduction into the body of a susceptible individual of a living germ. But all infectious diseases are not contagious. Thus smallpox, scarlet fever, measles, diphtheria, influenza, etc., are infectious diseases which are contagious, while malarial fever, typhoid fever, yellow fever, cholera, meningitis, peritonitis, etc., are infectious diseases which are not contagious—at least they are only contagious under very exceptional circumstances, and those in close communication with the sick as nurses, etc., do not contract these diseases as a result of such close association or contact. The generalization that all infectious diseases are due to the introduction into the bodies of susceptible individuals of living germs capable of reproduction is based on the exact knowledge gained chiefly during the past 30 years, as regards the specific infectious agents or germs of a considerable number of the diseases of this world. In some infectious diseases, however, no such positive demonstration has yet been made.

The investigations which have been made justify the statement that each infectious disease is due to a specific, i. e., distinct—micro-organism. There are, however, certain infectious diseases which physicians are not supposed to distinguish, and to which specific names are given which are now known to be due to one and the same germ. Thus, for example, typhoid fever and erysipelas are now recognized as being caused by the same germ, the germ which is the usual cause of pneumonia is also the cause of a considerable proportion of the cases of cerebro spinal meningitis, etc.—Burgeon General George M. Sternberg in "Apostrophe" Popular Science Monthly.

Memorabilia.

A sailor on one of Uncle Sam's warships writes to a newspaper in his native city as follows:

"Whatever scientists say to the contrary, every sea captain knows that moonlight can twist a man's face out of shape if it shines on him while he sleeps. And that it will spoil food, too, much quicker than sunlight. One night as I was in the hold, I was so tired that I fell asleep. When I awoke, I found that I was all right, but the moonlight had been on me for some time. I was just as sure of it as if they are that there is a rise and fall of tides."

Penalties of Being a Bachelor.

The ancient Romans were severe with their bachelors, who were made to pay heavy fines, and worse than that, Camilla, after the siege of Veii, is recorded to have compelled them to marry the widows of the soldiers who had fallen in war. In the time of Augustus married men were preferred for public office. The Romans had to pay them. Plato condemned single men to a fine, and at Sparta they were driven at certain times to the Temple of Heracles by the women, who castigated them in their military style. In the French settlements of Canada women were sent over after the men, and the single men, that they might be forced to marry, were subjected to a heavy tax and to restrictions on their business and their movements generally.—Exchange.

A Very Good Reason.

"Why did the boy stand on the burning deck?" asked an Alleghany girl. "If that's a conundrum," replied her friend, "I'll give it up for I never guess conundrums. Why did the boy stand on the burning deck?" "Because it was too hot for him to sit down."—Fitzburg Chronicle.

Great Aim.

"It was the end of my life," said the big man with a satisfied sigh. "What's that?" "Brought down four ducks and a sand crane at one shot."—Detroit Free Press.

Minister, to irate colored woman who has been complaining that her husband neglected and abused her—Have you tried coals of fire on his head. No, Massa, but I've done tried hot water outen de kettle.

An Egg Joke Rolling.

At a small social gathering the other night somebody started the egg joke a-rolling.

"Did you ever hear the story of a hard boiled egg?" he solemnly enquired of some one across the table. "No," was the innocent answer. "It's hard to beat," said the joker with much gravity.

You can't help smiling at these things, and after the laugh died down somebody else sprung up: "Did anybody hear about the egg in the coffee?" "No," said an obliging somebody. "That settles it," remarked the funny man blandly.

Of course there was another laugh and then a brief silence. It looked as if the egg jokes had been exhausted. But presently a little woman at one end of the table enquired in a high soprano voice if anybody present had heard the story of the three eggs.

The guests shook their heads, and one man said "No."

"The little woman smiled. "Two bad," she said.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Wise.

"Fish, sir? Caught within the half hour; not been lying in the boat all day in the sun. Fresh from the water, sir!"

"We stopped to look at his fish, but quite so much for a look at his fine frame, which had attracted our attention as he strode through the water, carrying with ease upon one shoulder a weight of yard and sailcloth under which most men would have bent and staggered. His eye was quick and bright and his complexion of that clear red and white showing through the sun tan which comes only by nurture on fresh air, sunshine and wholesome food. What a royal heritage! A sound body, accompanied by a sound mind.

"Your mates do not appear to be as strong as you are," I remarked, looking at the two who were bringing more of the day's catch from the fishing-smack anchored a little distance from the shore. "Well, no, sir, they're not; and it's their own fault, more's the pity! You see, they're old neighbors, and I hire them by the day because very few others will, but they won't either of 'em be doing for work much longer if they don't mend their ways a bit."

"You are the master of the fishing-vesel, then?"

"Yes, sir; master and owner too, thanks to my father being a wise man."

"I'd like to hear something of that wisdom of his, if you don't mind telling me," I said.

"Not a bit, sir. Always feel as if it was a testimony, as you learned folk call it, to him, now he's gone."

The fisherman laid his load down on the wharf and sat on a barrel and as he went on:

"When I was a young boy there was a great deal of beer drinking going on all about me. My father fell in with the custom, too, in a moderate sort of a way; but as time went on things seemed to get worse and worse. For I've always noticed, sir, that when the devil gets a good hold on a neighborhood he's never a bit inclined to let up on it, but gets a tighter and tighter hold on it unless the Lord sends His own power to throw him, which He always seems to do sooner or later.

"Well, my father had the good sense to see that it wouldn't do for his boys; so when the temperance movement came our way he took hold with all his might and didn't begin by saying to us boys, 'You do this and so,' but he did it himself. Yes, sir, his name went down among the very first that signed the pledge, and then he says to us, 'Now, boys, if you'll pledge yourselves never to touch a drop of liquor till you're twenty-five I'll pay you your beer money every week,' for there were plenty of boys about the neighborhood that expected their beer money as regular as a man and got it on a neighborhood he's never a bit inclined to let up on it, but gets a tighter and tighter hold on it unless the Lord sends His own power to throw him, which He always seems to do sooner or later.

"We put our money into the savings-bank, where it brought interest. And we put all our earnings we could spare beside it. I think the having a bit there already made us more likely to save what the other boys thought nothing of spending, and you'd be astonished to see how a little money grows if you only give it a good chance.

"When I was twenty-five I took out my money and bought that boat. My brothers have stuck to the pledge the same as I have, and they are both in good business of their own, calling no one master except One"—the fisherman looked reverently upward—"and He makes a good Master, sir."

John G. Adams.
UNDERTAKER

Funeral Director.

Caskets, in Brocade, Velvet, Broad cloth (Black or White), Rosewood, Walnut, Oak, French Burl and Stained Wood, Highly finished in different Styles and Qualities, All Sizes, Prices Reasonable.

Polished Woods and Cloth Covered Coffins, Robes, Shrouds, and MOUNTINGS.

A FIRSTCLASS HEARSE

In connection with White or Black Mountings for Young or Old. Orders from the Country carefully attended to at Moderate Prices.

Opp. Queen Hotel, Fredericton
Telephone No. 26.

We Carry a Large Assortment of

PICTURE MOULDINGS.

J. + R. + Vanwart,

GROCCER,

General Dealer in Flour, Oats, Feed, Country Produce, Fruits, Meats, &c.

BRIDGE ST., INDIANTOWN,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

YOU CAN BUY

Pianos, Organs,

or anything else in Musical Instruments, Fine Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry or Silverware, at

TERMS TO SUIT YOU,

FROM

K. BEZANSON,

258, 260 and 262 Main St.,

MONCTON, - N. B.

ESTABLISHED 1791.
A. CHIPMAN SMITH, STRUAN ROBERTSON.

A. Chipman Smith & Co.,

Druggists and Apothecaries,

No. 1 City Market Building, Charlotte St.,
Saint John, N. B.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Fine Drugs and Chemicals, Materia Medica, Druggists' Supplies, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery,

Soaps, Brushes, Combs, Etc., Etc.

St. John Weekly Sun.

4,992 Columns a Year.
16 Pages Every Week.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

POOR DOCUMENT

4

QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE, GAGETOWN, N. B. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1898.

QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE,
JAS. A. STEWART,
Publisher,
GAGETOWN, N. B.

THE GAZETTE will be published every Wednesday morning in time for despatch by the earliest mails of the day. Subscription price \$1.00 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Lines accompanying the latter, 3 cents per line.

Queens County Gazette.
GAGETOWN, N. B., APRIL 20, 1898.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Philadelphia Press, after pointing out that it will cost Great Britain in the neighborhood of \$240,000,000 to keep everybody possible and comfortable this year, pertinently adds: "This comes pretty near being peace at any price." Approves of the same subject, the Detroit Tribune says that the peace the American Government aims at establishing in Cuba seems to be the kind that passeth understanding.

The Dufferin Advertiser remarks:—"What possible excuse can there be for the existence of the Senate? When it does nothing but merely endorse the acts of the people's representatives it is doing no good. When it vetoes bills passed by the people's representatives it is doing a great deal of harm by striking at the foundation of democracy. In function it is useless; in action, dangerous. Down with the Senate!"

The German-American papers are extremely displeased at the acquittal of Sheriff Martin and the deputies who worked such a slaughter among the unfortunate foreign-born strikers at Luttimer. One paper makes the sharp comment that "sympathy for the crushed people of desolated Cuba is nothing but low-class hypocrisy when expressed by the many papers which had not a word of censure for the murderers of Luttimer."

The British West Indian colonies of Bermuda, St. Kitts, Antigua, Dominica, St. Lucia, Barbadoes, Trinidad and British Guiana imported in 1896 about 466,000 barrels of flour, of which less than 1,500 came from Canada. The same colonies bought in that year 1,355,000 pounds of butter, of which a little over 47,000 pounds came from Canada. Butter brings on an average 48 cents a pound in the islands. In these lines alone a good trade should be opened by Canadian merchants.

Jamaica Garrison.

DUBLIN, April 11.—The first battalion of the Leinster regiment which only recently completed fifteen years of foreign service has been ordered to sail for Halifax.

HALIFAX, April 11.—If the independence of Cuba should be declared it is feared that an outbreak in the West Indies would follow. This is given out as the opinion of the garrison officers here for the move in strengthening the garrison at Jamaica. The first Battalion of the Leinsters, which will replace the second Battalion here, is said to be short of men. It is stated today that five or six hundred men would be recruited in Canada to complete its strength.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, April 11.—Sir Augustus Hennings, the Governor of Jamaica, has received a cable dispatch from Halifax announcing that the Talbot and two other British cruisers have been ordered here.

LONDON, April 11.—Lord William Seymour it is understood has been selected to succeed General Montgomery Moore in command of the British troops in Canada. Lord Seymour was born in 1838, first served in the navy as a midshipman, entered the Coldstream Guards in 1855, became Major-General in 1858, and Lieutenant-Governor in 1896. His Lordship served in the Crimean war, in the Egyptian campaign and was at one time Assistant Quartermaster-General.

Blood Told There.

VANCOUVER, B. C., April 12.—Fourth Officer Hepburn, of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's steamer Empress of Japan, says that he watched an interesting street fight in Hong-Kong just before the sailing of the steamer, in which four hundred Germans, French and Russian sailors stretched along Queen street for a hundred yards double column, and defied the "Yankees" and "Johnnie Bulls" to come on. One hundred and fifty United States and British sailors took up the challenge. They seized all the jinnicksaws in sight, and making a wedge of them broke the lines of the allied forces. Half of their number stayed behind to engage the front lines, while the others smashed the jinnicksaws and used the pieces as clubs. In this way the one hundred and fifty Anglo-Saxons surrounded four hundred Germans, French and Russian sailors, and in the words of an eye witness, "knocked seven bells out of them." The police were powerless to interfere and the Anglo-Saxons would not listen to the cry for quarter from the foreigners, until their superior officers landed in launches and ordered them to return to their ships. A large number of broken heads had to be attended to.

Wheat Sold as High as \$1.07.

The Montreal Herald says: There was a stronger tone to the wheat market in Chicago today. July opened at 83c, and soon advanced to 84. The feeling was steady around that figure, but later the market firmed up, and prices ranged between 84c and 84c, going up on several

occasions to 84c. At 12.30 the market was quoted at 84c. May wheat, at the same time, was quoted at \$1.06, the highest for the morning being \$1.07. The second cable on wheat was quiet at an advance of 3c. A telegram yesterday from San Francisco said: "Wheat is booming on account of the worst weather yet. Several cents higher on wheat and barley than Saturday."

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—The report of the Department of Agriculture for April 1st makes the average condition of winter wheat 86 against 81.4 last April, and on April 1st, 1896. The average condition of winter rye is 92.1, against 88.9 on April 1st, 1897, and 82.9 on the corresponding date in 1896. There are a few sections of the country from which a very satisfactory report as to the condition of winter grain has been received. The lowest average from important wheat states are those of Illinois and California, 75 and 62 respectively.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

April 13.—The premier made a short statement about the first line. He said that Mr. Peterson had met great difficulties, but had made great progress notwithstanding. The government had information that the greater part of the capital had been underwritten and a strong board was formed. He had reason to believe that the ship would be under construction by the first of July.

Mr. Craig moved the adjournment of the House to enquire from the premier when a plebiscite bill would be brought down, and whether it would mix up other questions with that of prohibition. The premier said he was glad to reassure his friend he could see no reason why the plebiscite bill should not be introduced on the close of the budget debate. The premier could not now see what questions would be proposed in the bill, but felt certain that the bill would be such that Mr. Craig could vote for it. After the vote was taken the government would abide by the decision of the people.

Mr. Peterson resumed the budget discussion, arguing that the tariff changes of last year had a general effect of reducing taxation. Mr. Clarke Wallace and Dr. McDonald, of Haron continued the debate.

The Kettle River railway bill was discussed for some time, Mr. Tarte opposing the measure and Mr. McLean and Sir Adolphe Caron favoring it.

For or Against Prohibition.

OTTAWA, April 15.—The great question that has been troubling all interested parties for a year was settled this morning in the Liberal caucus, which discussed for two hours the honesty and policy of submitting the plebiscite on prohibition with riders about direct taxation compensation and vested rights. The overwhelming opinion of the party was against a mixed bill and was practically decided that a straight question, Are you in favor of total prohibition of the liquor traffic, shall be the one submitted direct to the people. The bill will be introduced next week.

Condensed Despatches.

The bulletin issued this morning regarding the health of Mr. Gladstone announced that he was holding his ground and suffering less.

Hoff's tropical patriotic song in the "Bell of New York" which is sung under the crossed flags of the United States and Great Britain, declaring that the two nations will face the world together, stirred the audience at the Shaftesbury theatre, London to remarkable enthusiasm, which seems to grow more fervent nightly.

William J. Barry, the well-known comedian, died at his home in Brooklyn, today, aged 48. He had been ill of a complication of stomach and liver troubles for some time and his death had been hourly expected for several days. William J. Barry was born in Ireland.

The Queen Regent of Spain has headed the national subscription with a million pesetas, arousing great enthusiasm. The opening of the National League base ball in Philadelphia season has been postponed until tomorrow on account of rain.

Married at Woodstock.

April 13.—A quiet but very pretty wedding was celebrated at Christ's church Woodstock, on Wednesday, the 13th inst., at 3.15 o'clock, the principals being Lewis H. Bliss, son of the late Geo. J. Bliss of Fredericton, of Lincoln, and a member of the Sanitary county council, and Miss Bessie Dibblee, eldest daughter of the late Livingstone Dibblee of Woodstock. Ven. Archdeacon Neale solemnized the marriage, assisted by Rev. H. E. Dibblee, the bride's brother. The groom was supported by Dr. Stewart Skinner of St. John. Miss Dora Dibblee, sister of the bride, was the bridesmaid. The bride, who looked very pretty, wore a dress of pearl grey with trimmings of heliotrope silk, hat to match. The bridesmaid wore a steel grey dress with black trimmings, hat to match. Each carried showery bouquets of roses and maiden hair fern. The bride was given away by her brother, Reginald Dibblee. The church was beautifully decorated with plants and cut flowers by the young friends of the bride. Owing to a quite recent death in the bride's family there were no guests invited. The bride was the recipient of many handsome gifts. The young couple took the 4.30 train en route for Boston, where they will spend their honeymoon. A number of friends were at the station to wish them happiness.

"My Uncle Frank is a veritable Klondike," Longleigh—"Why, how's that?" Shortleigh—"Plenty of wealth, but cold and distant."

This Time in Quyon.

Hundreds in the Town Can Vouch for the Truthfulness of the Story.

Mrs. Bass is Cured by the Great Spring Medicine, PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND.

She Suffered For Long Years From Frightful Neuralgia

She says "No Tongue Can Describe the Agonies I Suffered."

Paine's Celery Compound the Great Medical Prescription for Neuralgia, Sciatica and Rheumatism

Beware of Imitations; "PAINE'S" IS THE KIND THAT CURES

The quiet life of the town of Quyon, situated on the Ottawa river, has furnished many a strong and convincing testimonial for earth's most popular medicine, Paine's Celery Compound. One of the latest letters received is from Mrs. David Bass; a lady well known and highly esteemed; she writes as follows:

DEAR SIR:—I have much pleasure in testifying to the worth of your life-saving medicine, Paine's Celery Compound. I was a victim of neuralgia in its worst form for many years, and no tongue can describe the agonies I suffered. A friend recommended your Compound to me, and after using two bottles I am completely cured. I cheerfully recommend Paine's Celery Compound to the world, especially to all who suffer the agonizing tortures of neuralgia.

Yours very truly,
Mrs. DAVID BASS, Quyon, P. Q.
Boston Items.

Mr. Jacob Langley and daughter Mrs. Camp are on their way from the far west to their former home, Salmon Creek, Quebec county. They will stay a short time in Boston on the route through to visit friends and relatives.

Mr. James Darrach who has been working at his trade, blacksmithing, in the lumber camp at New Hampshire has arrived in Boston with intentions of remaining indefinitely.

Miss Winifred Demmons who graduated, November 1897, from the Women's Hospital in Massachusetts, is proving a first-class nurse. Both Jew and Gentile find her proficient and satisfactory.

Mrs. George Burridge, of Lower Salmon Creek, Quebec county, N. B., is visiting friends in Boston. Worcester, Stoneham and Dorchester, Mass., is on her visiting list. Her sister Miss M. Lloyd who came with her has secured a good position in a dressmaking establishment.

SPANISH STRENGTH INSPIRED BY A WOMAN. MADRID, April 6.—Senator Augustus said to a friend at the council at the Palace: "We went in, seven men to see one woman, and emerged seven women, leaving one man inside,"—meaning that they went in disposed to yield, but that the Queen's patriotism and firmness inspired them. At the same time it is reported that the Queen Regent is doing much to avoid a rupture. The activity of Count Dubsy, the Austrian Ambassador in this direction within the last two days is said to be inspired from the Palace. He has visited United States Minister Woodford and a prominent member of the Cabinet. Apparently there is a pessimistic feeling at the Legation.

The Queen Regent of Spain is alleged to be prepared for flight with her young son. There are 20,000 Russian recruits for the far East, who will traverse the Dardanelles in vessels of the Russian volunteer fleet.

LONDON, April 9.—The world's Easter egg, as in 1897 has a war shape, giving the holiday makers of Great Britain an unusually interesting subject to talk about.

Queen Victoria is pronounced to be stronger than she has been for a year past.

A permanent separation is being arranged between the Grand Duke and the Grand Duchess of Hesse. Queen Victoria sides with the grand duchess, who is her grandchild—being a daughter of the Duke of Saxe Coburg-Gotha, otherwise the Duke of Edinburgh.

A Klondike Tragedy.
SEAGWAY, via Seattle, April 9.—Fully fifty people were overtaken by a snow slide on Chilkoot trail to-day and were either buried in snow or scattered over the borders of the snow in a more or less injured condition.

Thirty-one bodies in all have been recovered. Five thousand people are at rescue work. It is estimated that ten thousand tons of outfits are buried in the snow.

DRESSING WELL.
Is Quite Easy When You Know How To Do It.

There are too many women who are careless about their home gowns. They imagine they are thrifty and economical because they put on from day to day a faded or dingy dress or skirt. Such women are neither economical nor wise; they are either misers or indifferent to the feelings of their family and friends when they act thus.

At an expense of from ten to twenty cents for one or two packages of Diamond Dyes any woman can make her faded gowns or skirts as good as new. This kind of home work is wisdom and true economy.

This spring thousands of wise and thrifty women are using the Diamond Dyes, giving new life to old and cast-off dresses and costumes, fitting them for another season's wear.

When you decide to dye, do not risk your materials with poor dyes or imitations of the Diamond Dyes; see that your dealer gives you the "Diamond" that work so easy and successfully.

Sutton, Que. Fire.
SECTON JUNCTION, Que., April 15.—A fire broke out this morning in an out-building adjoining the residence of Dr. MacDonald, at Sutton. The high wind prevailing caused it to spread with great rapidity, consuming the residences of Dr. MacDonald and Dr. Cutter, the stores of Mr. Olmstead, S. Sweet, Boright & Safford and several other buildings, including Curley's and another hotel. The whole business portion of the village is now in flames, and it looks as if the entire village would be swept away. Assistance has been sent from St. John's, Farnham, Knowlton and from Richford, Vermont, by special train.

FOR SALE.
One of Emerson & Fishers best ranges; only used 3 or 4 weeks; proved to be too small for our family. Hot water back. Burns either coal or wood. In perfect order. Apply to
T. SHERMAN PETERS,
Gagetown, April 19th, 1898.

Now is the Time TO BE TALKING ABOUT SEEDS!

And as we have bought a larger stock than before to meet the demands for our increasing trade we can offer the following at prices and quality that cannot be beat:

American Timothy Seed
Canadian Timothy Seed,
Red Top Grass Seed,
Red Clover Seed,
Alsike Clover Seed,
Fodder Corn,
Peas,
Seed Oats,
Seed Wheat, Etc.

And here we might add that OUR TEAS Are Great Values.

King & Nobles
Indiantown, St. John.

Needle Cases, Pins, Books, Etc.

Ladies use only Elliptic Large Eyed Needles. Send 25 cents and I will send you post paid a neat and handy Needle Case, containing five papers (125) best elliptic gold eyed sewing needles, mixed numbers, also darning, bodkin, carpet needles, etc. Other Cases 25 to 50 cents. Send 10 cts. for a paper Canbenden Pins. Can be driven through an inch board without bending or breaking. Catalogue of Books free. Send name on postal.

Address: STEPHEN COLWELL, Douglas Harbor, Queens Co., N. B.

"WHOSOEVER HATH, TO HIM SHALL BE GIVEN."
That is Scripture, and its truthfulness is verified by every-day experience. It is true of those having a thorough business training, as of those holding any other position. This is proved by the fact that our graduates hold almost every leading position in Saint John, and comprise a large percentage of our most capable business men.

ALBERTS' THOMAS PHOSPHATE POWDER. THE FARMERS' FRIEND. WALLACE & FRASER, ST. JOHN, N. B.

B. MYERS,

St. John, N. B., Nos. 693, 695, 697 Main St.

We give the people what they want GOOD GOODS AND AT Best Bargains

We are offering a few articles very low.

30 YARDS OF GREY COTTON FOR \$1.00.
37 INCH WHITE COTTON 54 CENTS PER YARD.
SPECIAL BLACK FIGURED DRESS GOODS 25 CENTS PER YARD.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CANADIAN TWEEDS 30 CENTS PER YARD.
LADIES' FANCY SHOULDER CAPES ONLY 35 CENTS.
LADIES' WRAPPERS, WELL MADE, \$1.00.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF HEMP CARPETS 16 CENTS PER YARD.
ENGLISH MENOLEM (OIL CLOTH) 25 CENTS PER YARD.

BARGAINS FOR MEN.
A WELL MADE CANADIAN TWEED PANTS ONLY \$1.00.
WHITE LAUNDRIED SHIRTS 48 CENTS.
MEN'S BUSINESS SUITS ONLY \$3.50.
BOY'S SAILOR SUITS ONLY 99 CENTS.

Also, a large assortment of Shirts, Drawers and Top Shirts at VERY LOW PRICES.

Cut This Out
And when you make a purchase of \$2.00 WORTH you will receive the following presents:—
Half Dozen Tea Spoons,
1 Silver Plated Sugar Spoon,
1 Silver Plated Butter Knife.
This Coupon is only for the country Trade.

Fire Brick, Lime &c.

TO ARRIVE AND IN STOCK.

15000 Scotch Fire Brick.
10 Tons of Fire Clay.
50 Bbls Portland Cement.
1 Car Load Snow Flake Lime.
1 Car Calcined and Farmers' Plaster.
5000 Red Brick.

FOR SALE BY JAMES S. NEILL, Fredericton.

This Space Reserved for PHILLIPS BROS

Look out for the next issue.

READ, REFLECT, REMEMBER.

Monthly Mottoes. Modern Manorial Maxims.

FEBRUARY... "Fertile fields freshly furnish food for all. Farmers find fortunes from fertilizing frequently."
MARCH... "More meadows mowed mean more money made. Manure moderately, make moderately; minimize manure multiply mortgages."
APRIL... "Abandon antiquated agriculturists advising applying ammonia. Assimilate available atmospheric air and apply aftermath. Advanced authorities are agreed Alberts' acids are all available and advocate business men."

ALBERTS' THOMAS PHOSPHATE POWDER. THE FARMERS' FRIEND. WALLACE & FRASER, ST. JOHN, N. B.

SEEDS!
SEEDS!
++++
JUST RECEIVED:
Flower and Garden Seeds
++++
JOS. RUBINS,
Main St., Gagetown.
Opposite Hamilton's Blacksmith Shop.

GO TO
T. F. FOLEY
—FOR—
Room Paper, Paints
of all kinds and
Window Blinds.
PRICES THE LOWEST.
379 MAIN ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

W. B. PURDY. — **F. P. PURDY.**
PURDY BROS.,
—DEALERS IN—
PROVISIONS & GROCERIES
101 Washington Street
Opposite Cathedral BOSTON.
—OR—
ST. JOHN SCHOONERMEN
Are Especially Invited to Call as
We Have a Full Line of
SHIPS STORES
ALWAYS IN STOCK.
Goods Delivered at Any Wharf.

AMERICAN
Steam Laundry
98 to 102 Charlotte St.
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Best! Biggest! Busiest!
Our Laundry is equipped with all the
Modern Labor and Fabric Saving Machinery
known to the business.

GODSOE BROS. Props.
INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO.
TWO TRIPS A WEEK
FOR
BOSTON!
Commencing March 22nd, the Steamers
of this company will leave St. John every
Tuesday and Thursday morning at 8
standard, for Eastport, Lubec, Portland
and Boston.
Returning, leaves Boston Monday and
Thursday at 8 a. m. Portland 5 p. m.
Through tickets on sale at all Railway
Stations, and Baggage checked through.
Passengers arriving in St. John in the
evening can go direct to the Steamer and
take Cabin Berth or Stateroom for the
trip.
For rates and information apply to near-
est Ticket Agent.
C. E. LAECHLER, Agent.
St. John, N. B.

CUNARD & GORHAM,
—DEALERS IN—
Fresh and Salt Meats
Lard and Sausage a specialty the year
round. Hams and Bacon.
Country Correspondence Solicited.
Prompt Returns Made.
2 MAIN STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

When In St John come to
Watson & Co's,
COR. CHARLOTTE & UNION STS.
—FOR—

WALL PAPER,
Window Blinds, Curtain Poles, and
in fact anything you want.
PRICES THE LOWEST.
WATSON & CO.
FOR SALE!
—OR—
500,000 Dry Planed Hemlock Boards.
A quantity of Dry Planed Spruce and
Pine Boards.
Spruce and Pine Sheathing, Pine,
Spruce, and Hemlock Plank and Deal.
Pickets, Scantling Shingles, etc., etc.
PRICES LOW.
—AT—
T. E. BABBITT & SON,
GIBSON N. B.

New Advertisements.

P. G. C. This Time
Diamond Dyes Dressing Wall
International S. S. Co. For Boston
Godsoe Bros. Steam Laundry
Cunard & Gorham. Masts
Watson & Co. Wall Paper
A. Poyas. Watches, etc.
R. S. Mayes. Farm for Sale
P. Knox & Son. Seeds
John McCann. Groceries
Massey Harris Co. 1898 Bicycle
Sovill Bros. & Co. Clothing
A. Myers. Mr. Wagon Reservoir
Phillips Bros. Space Reserved
T. S. Puters. For Sale

Local Happenings.

Items of Local Interest Carefully
Prepared by the Gazette's
"Man About Town."

H. W. Woods, General Merchant,
Welsford, has just received a fine, new
line of the celebrated B. Laurance Spec-
tacles and Eye glasses in Gold, Gold-filled
and nickel frames. Mr. Woods keeps a
perfect line of test lenses, and can guaran-
tee perfect satisfaction to any person who
require perfect aids to vision.

PROBATE COURT.—The Probate Court
for the County of Queens will be held in
future on the second Wednesday in each
month.

SCOW LAUNCHED.—Mr. H. Weston
and Capt. Bridges launched the largest of
the two scows that they built here this
winter, on Monday afternoon.

TO BE MARRIED.—Rumors are in the
air of a wedding in the near future, when
one of Jenness's captains will take one of
Hampton's very popular and society
young ladies.

ARBOR DAY.—Arbor Day will be ob-
served in the schools in Inspector
Stevens division on Friday, 6th May, and
in Inspector Bridges district on Friday,
13th May.

FIRST STEAMER.—The Springfield was
the first steamer to arrive at Gagetown
this year. She arrived here about 6 a.
m. on Monday, landed some freight and
took a number of passengers and a small
consignment of freight away.

GONE WEST.—Mr. J. Henry Miller
and family, former residents of this city
but of late years living at Fredericton
 Junction, have sold out and removed to
Mississauga. His granddaughter Miss
Nellie Richards accompanies them to
their new home.—Reporter.

THE MARELLO.—The stmr. Martello
has undergone a thorough repairing
this spring. Her wheel house and cabin
has been greatly enlarged thereby mak-
ing them very convenient. She will go
to St. John this week and have a new
boiler placed in her. She will then be
in first class condition for the summer's
work.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. Wm. Brooks, jr., who
was returning home with his team from
the public wharf on Tuesday morning
met with quite a serious accident. The
hobdack gave way and when he went to
repair it, the wagon moved ahead on the
horses frightening them. They ran over
him cutting his face and head very badly.
He also received other injuries the full
extent of which has not as yet been ascer-
tained.

RETURNING FROM THE KLONDIKE.—A
Sheffield correspondent writes: "Thomas
P. Burpee, second son of Charles Bur-
pee, ex-M. P. for Sunbury, who left St.
John a few weeks ago for the Klondike
with between one and two thousand dol-
lars in cash, and went as far as Vancou-
ver with Harrison Bridges, is now on his
way home again to resume his old berth
in the steamer David Weston, if not a
richer, then a wiser man."—Fredericton
Herald.

PULP MILL.—Preparations for the erec-
tion of the pulp mill at Mispec were be-
gun Thursday, a large number of men be-
ing engaged in the work of excavating for
the foundation of the establishment,
which will be built of brick and stone.
The old wooden mill is being torn down
also. Dr. V. Drousen and A. Drousen
of New York are here looking after the
furnishing of the acid reclaimers, their
tender, report says, having been accept-
ed. Messrs. Grant and Arkby of Pem-
broke are in town figuring on the water
wheels and flumes.—Sun.

END OF THE JOURNEY.—While being
lustrily driven out Regent Street on
Thursday, a big and faithful horse owned
by the Messrs. Mitchell of Lincoln, broke
his leg at the ankle and had to be shot.
In the crowd soon collected, all sorts of
suggestions were made to put the animal
out of misery and complaints about cruel-
ty in handling the poor creature. But
after being hauled up the hill out of
danger, officer Roberts shot the faithful
beast. This horse for a number of years
was hitched to Miss Lipsett's delivery
wagon.

BROKE HER PROPELLER.—The steamer
Hamstead, Capt. Mabey, which went up
river Tuesday, struck a large piece of
floating ice when pulling into her wharf
at her destination and lost her propeller.
The damage was not noticed at the time,
and it was not until ready for the return
trip that the steamer's disabled condition
became known. Tapley Bros. at Indian-
town were telephoned to and the tug
Hercules went up and towed her back.
She will have to go on the blocks for a
few days.—Sun.

POTATO PLANTING.—Messrs. F. and G.
Dingee commenced planting potatoes on
Tuesday. This is the first reported.

REMOVED.—Mr. C. S. Babbitt has re-
moved his stock of goods to the store in
Bridges Block known as the MacDer-
mott's store.

THE STMR. MAY QUEEN.—We are glad
to see the Stmr. May Queen again on her
route. She arrived here on Monday
evening at 6.30 o'clock. She has recent-
ly received a new coat of paint which adds
greatly to the appearance. She has also
been thoroughly repaired during the
spring and is now in first class order.
The officials are the same as last year.
Everybody was glad to see Captain Bran-
don and his officers once more. The
Queen went as far as Jenness on Tuesday
morning, after returning here and
receiving a quantity of freight and a few
passengers she returned to St. John. She
make her regular trips as soon as the
Grand Lake ice is out. Until then she
will run between St. John, Gagetown
and Jenness.

DEATH OF WALTER CHESTNUT.—A tele-
gram from Mr. Chas. E. Neill to A. F.
Randolph & Sons, received here yester-
day afternoon, brought the sad intelli-
gence that Walter Chestnut had died on
his way over the White Pass to the
Yukon, on the 4th inst., of inflammation.
Deceased was the fourth son of Mr.
Henry Chestnut, and was nearly 21 years
of age. He left here March 1st with a
party for the Klondike. Mr. Geo. Black,
manager of the party, last reported from
Skagway, where all were well. The de-
ceased was one of Fredericton's most
popular young men, and the news of his
death has caused quite a sadness in the
city. His parents have the heartfelt sym-
pathy of the community in their bereave-
ment. The remains will be brought back
to Victoria, B. C., and in all probability
will be interred there.—Farmer.

A SAD AFFAIR.—The family of William
Carney of Cripple Settlement, two miles
in the rear of Oranoceto village, have
been sadly stricken with diphtheria. The
family consists of father and mother and
eleven children between the ages of eleven
and eighteen years. With the exception
of the father all have had this disease in
its worst form. Five children are already
dead, and three others are in a precarious
condition. They are very poor, living in
a two roomed house and without even the
necessaries of life. Dr. Peake of Oranoceto
has done everything in his power to
help the unfortunate people, but has
been fighting against heavy odds. It was
impossible to obtain proper care for the
sick ones, and the neighborhood is paria-
lized with fear for the disease.

THE STAR LINE.—The Star Line com-
pany have decided to commence their sea-
son's business on Tuesday, when the Ol-
ivette will make an effort to get through.
On Wednesday the David Weston will
leave her first trip of the season, and
unless either steamer is ice bound they
will make daily trips until the 24th
of May, when the new steamer Victo-
ria will make a round trip, after which
she will take the Olivette's place on the
route. Capt. Chas. C. Taylor, who has
had command of the Olivette for the past
several seasons, will take charge of
the David Weston. Capt. Taylor's
many friends will hear with pleasure of
his appointment, and the Sun is safe in
saying that no one will ever com-
manded a river steamer. Capt. Dingee,
who had charge of the David Weston
last year, will probably act as mate with
Capt. Starkey on the Victoria. Capt.
Starkey, who was prevented by ill health
last season from doing active service, has
recovered his old time condition, and will
make his appearance with the Victoria.—
Sun, Saturday.

Lower Jenness.
April 18.—The ice is fast disappearing.
The Star Line steamers and the May
Queen are anxiously looked for. "Big
Admiral and others have passed here en-
route to Fredericton. The water is rising
very fast. The wharf is completely cov-
ered. Some of the farmers will com-
mence ploughing this week, the land is
getting quite dry on the high ridges.
At present there seems to be strong
talk in favor of a cheese factory being
erected near the La Tour Mineral Springs.
A factory of that kind is what we farmers
want. It is hoped that it will be pushed
along and prove successful and that
every one may receive a benefit
therefrom.

PERSONAL.
Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Hansen went to
St. John on Tuesday.
Miss Mabel Peters is visiting in St.
John.
Mr. Harvey Weston resumed his duties
as Mate on Stmr. May Queen on Tues-
day.
Miss Annie Mahoney went to the city
on Tuesday.
Mr. Oliver Peters went to St. John
last week.
Miss Lulu Peters has returned to Roth-
sey.
Mr. James Bulyca went to St. John on
Monday.
Sheriff Reid went to St. John on Stm.
Springfield on Monday.
Miss Dingee, of Hotel Dingee, is visit-
ing in St. John.

Mr. Humbert Gaunce is in St. John.
Mr. Bruce MacDermott went to Freder-
icton on Tuesday to resume his duties on
Stmr. Arden.

Mr. R. DeB. Scott spent Sunday in
Queenstown.
Mr. Louis Brooks of Upper Gagetown,
is working on Stmr. May Queen.

Messrs. Fred Cooper and Wm. Ham-
ilton were the guests of Mr. and Mrs.
Archie McAllister on Sunday last.

Mr. E. P. Dykeman, of Jenness, was in
town on Monday.

Mr. Wesley Erb is visiting at his home
here.

Mr. Orland Dykeman, of Jenness, was
in town on Monday.

Mr. Thomas Lee, of St. John is the
guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Peters.

Messrs. Charles Hunter and George
Allingham were the guests of Mr. and
Mrs. Michael Mahoney on Sunday last.

Mr. Michael Law went to the city on
Tuesday.

Mr. Waldon Purdy, of Jenness, was in
town on Tuesday.

Mr. J. D. Colwell United in Mar-
riage to Miss Mable Sanders.

BOSTON, April 3.—A quiet home wed-
ding took place Wednesday evening at
137 Lowell street, Waltham, Mass., when
Miss Mable Sanders was united to John
Duncan Colwell, of South Boston, former-
ly of Jenness, N. B. The ceremony was
performed at 7 o'clock by the Rev. E. D.
Mason, pastor of the Baptist church,
Waltham, and was attended by only the
nearest relations of the contracting par-
ties.

The bride was attired in a handsome
gown of white silk trimmed with ribbon
and lace and carried a bouquet of bride
roses.

The bridesmaid was Miss Doris Purdy,
a cousin of the groom, who wore a blue
and white India silk trimmed with ribbon
and carried a bouquet of day-break pinks.
Mr. Charles Sanders, a cousin of the
bride, was best man.

After the ceremony, a short reception
was held. Mr. and Mrs. Colwell left on
a wedding trip, returning from which
they will reside in South Boston.

A large number of beautiful gifts mark-
ed the event.

MARRIED.
ACTRESS LANGRISH.—At Chipman, on
March 23rd, by Rev. W. E. McIntyre,
Wm. T. Austin to Bertha E. Langin,
both of Chipman.

DIED.
PALMER.—At Scotchtown, Grand Lake,
on April 1st, of pulmonary phthisis, Lida
Palmer.

LINTON.—At Northfield, Sunbury Co.,
N. B., on 20th inst., after severe mental
suffering for eight years, Martha J., wife
of Robert Linton, aged 71 years.

BROWN.—At Red Bank, Chipman, N.
B., on 20th inst., Isabella, wife of An-
drew Brown, aged 71 years, leaving
three sons and two daughters to mourn
their loss.

CARR.—Melvin Carr, a well-known re-
sident of Geary, Sunbury county, died
Sunday evening from the effects of paraly-
sis, with which he was seized about six
weeks ago. He leaves a widow, three
sons and four daughters.

Farm for Sale.
The subscriber offers for sale his farm
situated at Otanog, Parish of Hamp-
stead, Queens Co., containing 60 acres of
upland and 20 acres of intervals, about 40
acres under cultivation, the remainder
well wooded. There is also a new house
on the farm. The farm is well watered by
springs.
For further information apply to
R. S. MAYES, Otanog,
or J. W. DICKIE, Gagetown.

FOR SALE!
A House and Lot at Young's Cove
Station. House new, justly finished,
20x28. Lot about 1 1/2 acres. 16 fruit trees,
young and healthy. Fine site for trad-
e-man.
Will be sold at a bargain. Possession
given any time.
Address,
B. W. PARKER,
Highfield, Queens Co., N. B.

Pigs for Sale.
From a two-year old sow and sired by a
Tamworth boar. Will be three weeks old
the 20th inst. Price \$2.00.
F. S. TAYLOR,
White's Cove, Queens County.

FOR SALE.
Two Feather Beds. Also a number of
Feather Pillows, Bolsters, etc.
MRS. GEO. SIMPSON,
Gagetown.

OATS!
150 bushels of White Oats.
50 bushels of Seed Buckwheat.
FOR SALE.
NORVAL H. OTTY,
Tullamore, Gagetown, Q. Co., Mar. 29th.

EGGS!
PLYMOUTH ROCK EGGS
FOR SALE!
60 Cents a Dozen.
Two Dozen for \$1.00.
I have also two young hoes that will
be sold very cheap.
H. B. HALL,
GAGETOWN.

JUST OUT!

WELSFORD

BLEND

TEA!

Sold in Lead Packages Only,
—BY—

H. W. WOODS,

Welsford, N. B.

A. POYAS,

—DEALER IN—
Watches, Clock, Jewelry
and Silverware

Repairing in all its branches,
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

645 MAIN STREET, N. E.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Established 1862.

John McCann,
CHEAP GROCERIES

—CONSISTING OF—
FLOUR,
MEAL,
FISH,
SPICES OF ALL KINDS,
TEA AND COFFEE.
Cream Tartar, pure, 24c. per lb.
TEA VERY LOW
INDIANTOWN, N. B.

MASSEY-HARRIS Co., Limited.
C. L. SCOTT, Agent, Gagetown.

A PERFECT SNAP

We are now manufacturing a Ginger Nut, or Snap,
which all who have seen them call the most perfect
ever placed upon the market.

Our Fig Bars
are Faultless—equal to, or better than, any ever made or imported.
With every confidence of your approval, we offer those two lines for
your criticism.

QUEEN BISCUIT COMPANY,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

ONLY AUTHORIZED MANUFACTURERS IN CANADA OF THE
Famous Boss Lunch Milk Biscuit
Each Biscuit stamped "BOSS."

OUR VICTORIA SODA
is admitted by all Biscuit manufacturers to be the best in the world.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY FILLED.

Barbed Wire Fencing,
4 POINTS—6 INCHES APART.
Plain Wire Fencing,
Woven Wire Fencing,
Poultry Netting, Etc.

Pumps for all Purposes
WATERING STOCK,
WASHING CARRIAGES,
WELL PUMPS,
HOUSE PUMPS, & C.

Send for our Pump Catalogue.
T. McAVITY & SONS.
ST. JOHN, N. B.



POOR DOCUMENT

6

QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE, GAGETOWN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1898.

Poetry.

BY AND BY.

We shall see a mighty change,
By and by,
See some revelations strange,
By and by,
All the customs of to-day
In the past will fade away,
Life will be as sunny May,
By and by.

Men whom we elect to power,
By and by,
Of the land will be the flower,
By and by,
They will seek the people's weal,
Will not look with tireless zeal
For a chance to make a steal,
By and by.

Politicians will be pure,
By and by,
Doctors never fail to cure,
By and by,
Our officials all will be,
Clear of sin and infamy,
From dishonesty be free,
By and by.

Not a rattling tongue we'll hear,
By and by,
Not a scandal wound the ear,
By and by,
Ministers will cease to teach
Doctrines out of common reach;
Pure religion they will preach,
By and by.

Sex will surely cut no ice,
By and by,
Women will not shy at mice,
By and by,
When they get the coming chance
They will march in the advance,
And may even wear the pants
By and by.

They will never wed for fame,
By and by,
Will not ask a titled name,
By and by,
No divorces will be given,
By and by,
Every home will be a heaven,
By and by.

Lawyers to the truth will stick,
By and by,
Nor attempt a legal trick,
By and by,
In the courts the men of fame,
Will be treated just the same,
By and by.

This will be our funny state
By and by,
It is coming, sure as fate,
By and by,
Though your lips and mine be dumb,
In the grave, 'tis sure to come
With the great millennium,
By and by.

—The Denver Evening Post.

Literature.

A SHIP'S COMEDY.

When Mrs. George Holden lifted her lace and red morocco heels across the gangway of the R. M. S. Lady of Lorraine, she was possessed strongly of the feeling that something was going to happen soon. She had felt the same prophetic touch before in very many ways, but today it bubbled to the phenomenal. "Such a presentiment, my dear," she remarked to her companion, "that it came in with a buzz, and stays in my head like a neuritic."

For 9 months 12 in Mrs. Holden held all but every right of married life, widowhood, maidenhood. As she herself expressed the situation, "it is charming to think and feel like a widow and all the time your husband to be living and in Africa." Her philosophy might be summarized in three phrases—that nothing lasts long, that nothing matters much and that it will be the same a hundred years hence.

There was a husband in the case. Possessed of devils of unrest he was exploring the Congo with a camera, joining his wife at Yonville for the "round the world" trip. Jack Holden's sister said that he married George for her eyes, which were violet and blue and nine other colors, as the light caught them. But no man has denied they were worth the marrying.

Well the ship left her berth in the dock, Mrs. George slept and the presentiment flourished as the bay tree. So that when the breakfast gong sounded and the ship was heading down the channel she at the companion met and touched eyes, as it were, with a man on the same burrished stair, she drew in her toes and said half aloud, "I felt so sure it would be." "We've met in another place!" he asked gravely. "Oh, dear no! I'm sure we've never met," she said decidedly and swept past him into the saloon. But—so it happened—that they were cast to the captains table and allotted consecutive seats. This was the beginning of things.

Now flirtation in towns, is on one or other side, not above the constraining touch of diplomacy. But on a ship when the husband is a fortnight ahead circumstances are sally plastic and manageable. There flirt and flirt meet at all meals and in between. After dinner in the forepeak straining over the ship's rail, they watch the white moonlight strike

the ship's bottom and glint blunted from the copper, or, leaning on the anchor, whisper little things to the tinkle of the lady's banjo. Yet later they may sit against the wheel box, losing themselves in the utter loneliness of it all, and heedless of the brown little flying fish, dreaming of puck and the fairies. There is in these circumstances, as they say in the law difference operative and material.

"Let's forget all about consequences and husbands and all horrid things," she said once in a white fluffly muslin thing she sat by the aforesaid wheel box. "Tis the diving right of queens," he answered, lightly. He was a man who prided himself on taking things as they came along—mercies, great or small, leaves or crumbs were all the same to him.

Following a night across a card table she in cross measuring arraigned him for parsimony in parting with his hearts. So in the small hours, he with an industrious penknife extracted all the hearts from the pack. Heaping them into an envelope, he sent them to the lady, quilling on a visiting card the pretty paraphrase, "take all my hearts, my love, oh, take them all!"

At Santa Cruz Holden came on board, and his wife was gala gowned and delightful. They ate, drank and were glad until they touched the tropic of Capricorn. Then his wife got a fever a common cough, for a fortnight sort of thing, and full of sighs and fury was instantly quarantined to the ship's hospital. Mat the man was nervous and sent messages, but the husband sat by her side for many hours, brought her contraband chocolates and read her light verse in the language of France. On the third day she sat up a little and was merry.

It was Sunday, and bedtime brought banishment to Holden, and he came on deck. They were crossing the line, and the head hung over them as a shroud. Aft a trailing glory of phosphorescent light spreads itself farwise from the ship's screw, and over the ship front ledness of the tropic night.

The ship was breathing heavily, as a creature in pain. It lifted its great breast to the waters, and trembled like one who would be free, but was held to a bondage.

A weeping low set moon dropped its lips to the night tenderly as a mother's kiss.

In the engine room the pumping sob of the piston rods beat out a music of misery, and the tortured stokers lifted their heaving shoulders to the air shafts and prayed for a death by freezing.

Holden crossed the main main deck, took the companion to the promenade. For seven days in the tropics most of the men sleep on the upper deck, the women in the drawing rooms. Holystoned and ash white in the moonlight, there was something so eerie about this camp of silent forms that shudderingly he picked his way to the taffrail, bent his shoulders and wondered at the waters.

There was a cry from below, and he saw the black shadow of a man drop from the side like a bag of sand, plunge and disappear. On it floated in the wash—on toward the screw. In the instant, with tight hands, Holden leaped the rail and fell struggling into the water. McWhirter was officer on the bridge. He heard the dip of the falling bodies, and the instinct of the sailor told him the cause. Springing to the telegraph, he jammed the handle to "Stop her," then dead across to "Full Speed astern."

Along the ship sounded the pipe of the boatswain's whistle and the quick call of "Man overboard." On poop and fore peak the watch caught the cry, and the frightened passengers alert from sleep, whistled and turned frightened eyes to the sea.

There was a hurrying to and fro. "Lower the gig!" roared McWhirter. The boat was lifted from the clocks, the men let go the trigger, she swung out on her davits, and, with ropes long jawed in the strain, dropped like a skinning gull on the oily waters. On the ship—so still it was—they heard the creak of the whipping oars. And the green starboard light glittered as an evil eye.

Holden, holding the man by the armpits, had spent his strength when the boat reached them, and they were dragged dripping across the gunwale. Plying oars brought them to the ship's side. Afterward on the deck the doctor demonstrated the Sylvester method of resuscitation. The rescued was promptly appreciative and sat up, calling for whiskey, but for three hours they worked on the obdurate rescuer until at the flood some show of life returned. Although the adventure was entered in the logbook as a "regrettable accident," it was nothing of the sort. It was the result of a mad impulse, familiar phenomenon to every sea captain, when the sight of black water of a sudden stirs the blood to the leap.

In the morning that followed Holden sat up in his berth. From his porthole he watched the porpoises wallow and plunge in the still sea. Ineffably weak with that prostrate dropping weakness that comes of a bad time in the water, he fell back at last and slept. Later a deputation comprising the second officer, the surgeon and three picked passengers, waited on him. "Mr. Holden," said the doctor, "we are elected of the ship, which asks the honor of your company at dinner to-night. We wish to drink your health, sir, and if you are well enough,

have you drink your own." He looked down and thanked them, said that, though he didn't quite care about the business, he'd be amazingly pleased to show up. "No one'll disturb you again," said the doctor, "so pull yourself together by 8."

On the average of three in half an hour he exchanged penciled notes with his wife. The pencil broke down and he climbed from his berth to find another. There are many had places to find lead pencils, but a lady's chateleine is one of the worst. His wife's was an arrangement in steel and oxidized silver, and from it he unhooked a dainty prong which after much labor might make holes. When, trying to rehang it, the whole affair dropped from his fingers on the boards. An envelope slipped from the needle pocket, scattering a shower of tiny red hearts, and uppermost in the centre lay a gentleman's visiting card. On the front was a line of verse, on the back an original idea for an appointment. It was engraved "Reginald Mathew" and signed "Reggie."

He poised the card for a time, wondering; then a cold wind came into him, and he understood.

Like the first night at a theatre or the moment in church before the bride blushes down the aisle, there was something living, electric, contagious in the atmosphere that evening. Mrs. George, had she been well enough to dress and dine, would have likened the sensation to "biting between two worlds before a thunderstorm." Admittedly one ship's dinner is very like another. Still to-day there was a touch of the special in the superwhiteness of the table covers, in the gleaming glass and plate, in the freshened palms; the ship's officers, gilt-brided and blue serged; men in simple dinner jackets and immaculate shirts, women in blouses of muslin and grass lawn and white weeping pouge silk, and here and there a pretty face and here and there a diamond.

No one stayed on deck till the joint that evening, and at eight, when the lights were switched on and Holden very weak and white, walked to his seat on the captain's right, there was a rattle of sparkling glass and from women's eyes little bright shots of admiration. For the hour he was unquestioned hero, albeit a grave enough type of the heroic. Mathew sat opposite to him trying to catch his eye but shy of making a scene.

Holden initiated his wine card for a bottle of rolnay and afterwards talked chartroom mysteries with the captain.

A light ground swell listed the ship lightly, and the bergs of ice in the deep sea tumbled pinged against the glass like the dropping of small shot. The porthole shutters were alert for fresh air, but vainly, and a yellow haze filled the saloon and touched the skin like prickly fever.

People who were imprisoned for six weeks, caught at excitement with both hands, as a God's gift, precious beyond prayer. To-night it ran as a whisper through the soup, and if fish began staidness by the joint it was again rife and bubbled mercury like from sweets to salad. It was terribly hot, but at coffee time all settled in their seat, well fed and cozy. Then across the table the captain caught the eye of the enquirer, and the chief nodded to the doctor.

With a hand on each lapel the doctor, dapper and round, stood at his ease to talk. They were proud, he said, among other things, to marry Mr. Holden in the ship; proud to think that, whether in a Netherlands' hooker or in H. M. S. Birkenhead—say, in any floating craft, from a tramp—there were still men, large hearted and strong limbed, ready at call to offer their lives in another's service.

Ladies sparkled at Holden, best hands and smiled, as in tournament days they garlanded their knight in flowers, and the men shook their glasses and deeply "Hear, heard." Then the captain lifting his glass to the level of the lights called out cheers for Holden, and a wheezy, salted piano drummed hoarsely rearward, and the man on the watch wondered why the saloon dinner was run mad.

Lifting himself to his feet, Holden stood with an effort. "I have only to say," he said quickly, "that rather than have saved this man's life, I would have given up my own. Yet I am glad to pull round to call him a blackguard, a cur and—He lifted his glass and, stem to finger, flung the burgundy full tilt in the man's face.

Oddly enough, the next morning Mathew, too, fell sick. He kept his cabin till the steamer hove at Cape Town, when he went ashore without ostentation in a hired dingy. His baggage followed in the tender.

And Mrs. George sat up in her gauffered nightdress and with large appealing eyes told of the man's relentless persecutions, of her merciless snubbings and how she had kept counsel from her husband for peace's sake. "You don't know Jack! God! You don't!" she said.

And Holden believed Mrs. George, for it is written he was in love with his wife's eyes. They looked at him now full of depths and wonders and meanings, like the dream of Alnaschar.—J. P. Blake in Black and White.

Attic Wit.—"I don't think that new prima donna will do," said the boarder who has the attic room. "She is too much like the furnace here—at least her voice is." "How is that?" asked Mrs. Hashcroft. "Very weak in the upper register."

TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

Contributed by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Hampstead, N. B.

Rise up ye Women that are at Ease

THE DAY IS BREAKING.
Rejoice! the day is breaking;
The gloom of night is gone;
The people are awaking,
And work has to be done.
The temperance reformation
Must steadily roll on,
Until a sober nation
Shall hail the victory won.

Rejoice! the cause is telling,
With power it clears the way;
Uprooting and dispelling
Delusions which betray.
Drink customs still prevailing,
Through centuries have grown,
But, with the truth assailing,
These shall be overthrown.

Rejoice! our tide is flowing,
By means of tongue and pen,
Choice gifts of love bestowing—
"Peace and good-will to men."
With temperance light increasing,
The brighter day shall come,
And earnest work, unceasing,
Shall seal the tempter's doom.

DOWN WITH ALCOHOL.

The Blue Cross of France has issued the following stirring appeal: "Citizens! Two Doctors of Paris in a recent work has formulated these sinister conclusions: 1. Alcohol is a poison. 2. France offers to us the desolating spectacle of a nation literary rushing towards a decay through alcohol. Patriots! A revolution develops itself. Do you wish a new tyrant to reign over us? In all parts of the country cafes and taverns are multiplied; it is the multiplication of suicides, of crimes, of insanity. Alcoholism enfeebles intellectually and morally the leading classes while it increases the army of the helpless, the poor and the discontented. Alcoholism diminishes the birth rate, and increases the death rate. Alcoholism costs our country yearly a hundred thousand francs. Alcoholism, therefore, is a ruin to the public health and endangers the public security. Is it not enough Frenchmen? Let us unite for the suppression of the demand for alcohol. Let each give up personally, radically, courageously the use of spirituous liquors. Thou, who will go to shed thy blood at the frontier, art thou ready for sacrifices more obscure but more efficacious? Thou, who wilt renounce all to save France, wilt thou renounce, in order to deliver her, thy small glass, thy appetite, thy spoonful of brandy? Down with Alcohol! This is to say, long live France!"

"THE LITTLE LIGHT WITHIN THE LUTE."
There was but one crack in the lantern, and the wind had found it out and blown out the candle. How great a mistake one unguarded point of character may cause us! One spark blew up the magazine and shook the country for miles around. One leak sank the vessel and drowned all on board. One wound may kill the body. One sin destroy the soul.

A little lamp is so perfectly the rest of the lantern is protected, the one point which is damaged is quite sufficient to admit the wind, and so it little matters how zealous a man may be in a thousand things, if he tolerates one darling sin; Satan will find out the flaw and destroy all his hopes.

The strength of a chain is measured, not by the strongest but by the weakest link, for if the weaker snaps, what is the use of the rest? Satan is a close observer and knows exactly where our weak points are; we have need of very much watchfulness, and we have great cause to bless our merciful Lord who prayed for us that our faith fail not.

Either our pride or our sloth, our ignorance, our anger, or our sensuality would prove our ruin, unless grace interposed; any one of our senses or faculties might admit the foe, yet, our virtues and our graces might be the gate of entrance to our enemies.

Let us watch and pray that God's holy grace may safe-guard us against approach of evil.

A "moderate" estimate of the drink-caused mortality in Canada puts the figure at 8,000 lives per annum.

The average production of Canadian breweries for five years is stated to be: Whiskey, 4,538,000, and beer and ale together, 17,150,000.

The entire number of retail liquor dealers in the United States for the year ending Jan. 30th, 1894, was 214,419 as against 219,863 in the year previous. It takes 2,000,000 boys every generation for raw material for the saloons.

How can prohibition increase taxation? What do we pay taxes for? Is it not for policemen, judges, sheriffs, courts, jails, almshouses, asylums, etc.? Then, if you do away with 85 per cent. of the work of these forces, how can that increase taxes?—Missouri Voice.

You may not be able to leave your children wealth or the inheritance of a great name or eminent social advantages, but you can leave them the results of fidelity and precious memories of devotion to the holy task of trying to make them know what God says to us in the Old and New Testaments, and what he wants us to believe and to do and to be.—Dr. F. A. Noble.

THE QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE,

The Queens County Gazette will be issued from the office of Jas. A. Stewart,

Main Street, Gagetown, N. B.

EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING,

In time for Despatch by the earliest mails of the day.

The Subscription price will be

\$1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

THE GAZETTE

Job Printing Department

is equipped with good press, new type and a complete stock of material. We keep on hand a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of Stationery. We are in a position to do all kinds of Job Printing, such as

Letter Heads,
Note Heads,
Bill Heads,
Statements,
Envelopes,
Business Cards,
Visiting Cards,
Pamphlets
Dodgers,
Posters,
Circulars,
Labels,
Tickets,
Tags,
Books,
Etc., Etc.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Address all communications to

Jas. A. Stewart,

Publisher,

Gagetown, N. B.

FOR DOCUMENT

S COUNTY GAZETTE, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1898.

UPPER JEMSEG, N. B.

This Mill is well equipped with all the modern machinery. Grain of all kind Ground and Cracked at Short Notice.

A full line of Cracked Grain and Heavy Feed always in Stock, at LOWEST PRICES.

JAMES COLWELL, JR.

Why is it that of all the preparations of Cod Liver Oil in the market

WIEY'S EMUSION.

is the most satisfactory and getting the largest sale.

BECAUSE

It is one half Pure Cod Liver Oil, full dose of Hypophosphites, readily taken by children as well as adults.

Cures Coughs, Colds, and Builds up the System. Made from the Most approved formula after years of experience.

Sale by Dealers Everywhere.

OCUM & ALWARD.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. CITY MARKET, - ST. JOHN, N. B.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

of all kinds consigned to us will receive our careful attention.

Prompt Returns Made.

Wm. Brander,

MANUFACTURER OF BOOTS AND SHOES, Harness, Laragans, Shoe Packs, Etc., Etc.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Highest Cash Price Paid for HIDES, CALF AND SHEEP SKINS.

LL WORK GUARANTEED.

GIVE US A CALL. MAIN ST., GAGETOWN.

T. F. Granville,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN General Groceries and Provisions, Flour, Meal, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Pork, Fish, Farming Implements, etc.

Country Produce consigned to me sold at highest market prices and quick return made. Consignments solicited. Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods. Robertson's Wharf, Indiantown.

MANKS & CO.,

65 Charlotte St. WE BUY RAW SKINS! Wanted now—Bear, Raccoon and Skunk.

WE SELL All kinds of Hats! All kinds of Caps! All kinds of Furs! Come and try us.

John Harvey,

PHOTO ARTIST 164 Queen St., Fredericton.

All the Latest Styles of PHOTOS.

BOY WANTED.

Wanted a boy to learn the printing business. Apply to JAS. A. STEWART.

ENTLE THACKERAY.

ed Christmas Eve When His Light Went Out.

known Thackeray 18 years, and he would open his heart as though he had never known the feeling of reticence. He cared little for display and adulation, and when a banquet was tendered him on his departure for America he said he wished it were over, as such things always set him trembling.

"Besides," said he, "I'll have to make a speech, and what am I to say? I'll see if I can hammer out something. I am afraid it will be stammering by and by."

At the time "Vanity Fair" was published, Charles Dickens was producing its monthly form the story of "Dombey and Son." Thackeray read with eager delight each number as it came from the press. Where Dickens described the death of little Paul with a depth of pathos which produced a vibratory emotion in the hearts of all who read it, Thackeray seemed electrified at the thought that there was a man living who could exercise complete control over him. Putting the copy of "Dombey and Son" in his pocket, he hurried down to Mr. Punch's office and, dashing it down on the table with startling vehemence, exclaimed: "There's no writing against such power as this—one has no chance. Read that chapter describing Paul's death. It is stupendous!"

Thackeray was found dead in bed on the eve of Christmas, 1869. He had laid his "weary pen" aside and sunk into his last deep sleep after months and years of suffering.

My song, save this, is little worth. I lay the weary pen aside And for the solemn Christmas tide, As fits the holy Christmas tide, Be this, good friends, our careful still, Be peace on earth, be peace on earth. To men of gentle will.

If these simple but impressive words may be taken as a shadow of what his feelings may have been when called upon to lay aside his pen for the last time, may well believe that at that sad moment his thoughts were full of prayer for the earthly peace of all.—Detroit Free Press.

"TELL HER SHE MUST."

The Doctor's Mistake, Which Was Corrected by the Married Man.

The family physician puffed meditatively as his client for a few minutes before coming down to business.

"I have been to see your wife, as you requested," he said at last, "and you told me to come in so that I could tell you what should be done. She's in a pretty bad way."

"Indeed?"

"Yes. No regular sickness, you know, but generally run down and in bad shape. With rest and care she'll come out all right, but you'll have to look after her pretty closely."

"I beg your pardon?"

"I say you'll have to look after her pretty closely. You'll have to appoint yourself sort of general overseer or supervisor of everything pertaining to her welfare for a time and be very strict with her too. In the first place, tell her she must!"

"Doctor, are you acquainted with my wife?" interrupted the husband.

"Not intimately," replied the astonished physician. "I've been called upon to treat her once or twice, as you know, but that's all."

"Possibly that may be urged as an excuse," said the husband, "but it's not a particularly good one. There are women with whom you are quite well acquainted, are there not?"

"Certainly."

"Married women?"

"Many of them."

"And still you advise me to tell my wife that she must do something or other?"

"The physician looked at the husband, and the husband looked at the physician.

"My dear sir," said the physician at last, "it is not a matter of judgment, but of fact. It is in your own hands to tell her what you think she must do."

"Must" is a word that ought to be eliminated from the English language or at the most restricted to the intercourse of parents with children.—Chicago Tribune.

A Queer New England Betrothal.

Hawthorne found romance on the shores of old New England, and there is a good deal of it unimpaired in the modern life of the Yankees. The following story of love and marriage, strange as it may seem, is known to the writer to be true:

Years ago a summer boarder at a cottage on a point of land which formed the protecting arm of the harbor of a fishing town in Massachusetts was a girl baby only a few months old. He looked at the babe and admired; then said to the mother:

"Will you give me that babe for my wife?"

The mother had known the young man for several summers; she liked him, and therefore answered promptly, "Yes."

"Will you promise never to tell her that you have selected me as her husband?"

"Yes."

The conditions of the singular betrothal were observed. The girl baby grew up, and summer after summer the young man courted her. When she was 14, he married her, and not till then did she know that she had been betrothed to her husband while in her cradle. Can old romance be more romantic than this story of a New England fishing town.—Youth's Companion.

Stars, but Not in His Line.

"You referred to me this morning, etc.," howled the eminent actor, "as the Alcazar of the theatrical profession! Allow me to ask you, sir, if that is a miserable attempt to play upon the word 'alcazar' as a reminder, sir, that I was once addicted to the excessive use of the intoxicating bowl!"

"By no means, sir," protested the newspaper man. "I meant by that expression to convey the idea that you were a 'table star'—sometimes brilliant and at other times not so brilliant."

With a muttered apology the eminent actor turned on his heel and stalked away.

"And this," bitterly exclaimed the newspaper man, when alone again, "is what comes of giving a dramatic assignment to an astronomer!"—Chicago Tribune.

A Dish of Worms.

One of the choicest delicacies in Jamaica is a huge white worm found in the heart of the cabbage palm. It tastes when cooked like almonds.

FOR SALE Notes of hand and receipts for sale at the QUEEN'S COUNTY GAZETTE office.

FOR SALE—District School Assessment Blanks and School Tax Notices for sale at the GAZETTE office.

LIFE ON JUPITER.

How It Would Appear as Measured by Terrestrial Standards.

Judged by our terrestrial experience, which is all we have to go by, the magnitude of a planet, if it is to bear life resembling that of the earth, is limited by other considerations. Even Jupiter, which, as far as our knowledge extends, represents the extreme limit of great planetary size, may be too large ever to become the abode of living beings of a high organization.

The force of gravitation on the surface of Jupiter exceeds that on the earth's surface as 2.64 to 1. Considering the effects of this on the atmosphere, the laws of pneumatics, etc., it is evident that Jupiter would, to say the very least, be an exceedingly uncomfortable place of abode for beings resembling ourselves. But Jupiter, if it were to become a solid, rocky globe like ours, must shrink enormously in volume, since its density is only 0.24 as compared with that of the earth. Now, the surface gravity of a planet depends on its mass and its radius, being directly as the former and inversely as the square of the latter. But in shrinking Jupiter will lose none of its mass, although its radius will become much smaller. The force of gravity will consequently increase on its surface as the planet gets smaller and more dense.

The present mean diameter of Jupiter is 86,000 miles, or 64 times that of the earth in the ratio of 316 to 1. Suppose Jupiter shrank to three-quarters of its present diameter, or 64,500 miles, its surface gravity would exceed the earth's nearly five times. With one-half its present diameter, or 43,000 miles, it would become more than ten times that of the earth.

On such a planet a man's bones would be so heavy that he would scarcely be able to walk, and his weight would be so great that he could scarcely support himself. He would soon, then, that, unless we are to abandon terrestrial analogies altogether and "go it blind," we must see an upper limit to the magnitude of an inhabited planet, and that Jupiter represents such an upper limit, if indeed he does not transcend it.—Popular Science Monthly.

QUANT DEVICES.

Some of the Articles Which Are Passing or Have Passed Away.

In England they have dolls, hop poles, large wooden rattles, smock frocks and shepherd's crooks, which are gradually disappearing. The use of the rattle for scaring birds and birds must be very ancient. One such is mentioned in 1490, in the "Transactions of the Antiquarian Society, Durham and Northumb. IV, 266. Within my recollection nearly every Yorkshire farm boy had a large wooden rattle, or clacker, of his own making, which he used in his leisure time for his own amusement and to the disturbance of his neighbors.

With these things he played the old watchman's rattle (I used to visit an old lady who kept one in her bedroom for use in case of fire), pillows (on which I have seen farmers' wives ride to market behind their husbands on horseback), spinning wheels, hand lingers (in use long before the stamped tin lanterns), Italian irons and heaters (found in every house in the island), lanterns (in use long ago), and a host of other things, which are alluded to in the old song, "I have heard sung as 'clippings'."

Instead of a churn she used an old boot, and instead of a clear dash she used a bar foot.

Oh dear, what a wife had I, salt boxes, which used to be hung up in nearly every farmhouse, in a recess near the door. Probably I am one of the last who have seen a performance on the salt box, and very clever and laughable it was. "The 60 years ago!"

In serious more serious work shall jobs. And clattering and battering and clapping combine. With a rap and a tap while the hollow side sounds, Up and down she leaps the flap, and with rattling rebounds.

Milk kits have quite disappeared from this part of the country, and cheapening blocks and knives, used for sausages and mince pies, are now rarely seen, instead of which the little machines sold by the ironmongers are used by every one.—Notes and Queries.

The Origin of Kew Gardens.

Couriers could be dispatched to the ends of the land for the queen's formal bouquet, and the day laborer can do his duty, but some obscure owner of a choice plant came forth to sacrifice her possession to the gratification of her ruler, Queen Elizabeth.

Both received many such voluntary contributions of flowers from her subjects, but the history of the garden, the manner and quality of the flowers was frittering to a queen of the English. In the winter the withering of buds and gardeners withered, and the flower loving queen felt the loss more keenly than those less favored with the fortune of life. With the wealth of an imperial nation at her back she could not command the choice of flowers for the day laborer can do his duty.

Out of this royal necessity grew the most famous garden of the world. With her own hands Queen Elizabeth laid out the grounds that were to produce and bring to the flowers for her drawing room. She started to raise flowers for her own personal gratification and ended by producing flowers and plants for the millions. No single desire of an impatient queen ever yielded better fruit. On Queen Elizabeth's little flower garden the nation gazes today with national pride. Its original purpose of supplying the royal table with cut flowers is still observed, but that is a small incidental feature of the Kew. The garden belongs to the nation, and it is the nation, the ignorant and unlettered as well as the wise and studious, that enjoys its fragrant flowers, its graceful trees and palms, and its balsamic herbs and plants.—Lippincott's Magazine.

The Cook Was Innocent.

The polite agent for the new parlor photograph who knocked at the door insisted that the eminent actor, "as the Alcazar of the theatrical profession! Allow me to ask you, sir, if that is a miserable attempt to play upon the word 'alcazar' as a reminder, sir, that I was once addicted to the excessive use of the intoxicating bowl!"

"By no means, sir," protested the newspaper man. "I meant by that expression to convey the idea that you were a 'table star'—sometimes brilliant and at other times not so brilliant."

With a muttered apology the eminent actor turned on his heel and stalked away.

"And this," bitterly exclaimed the newspaper man, when alone again, "is what comes of giving a dramatic assignment to an astronomer!"—Chicago Tribune.

A Dish of Worms.

One of the choicest delicacies in Jamaica is a huge white worm found in the heart of the cabbage palm. It tastes when cooked like almonds.

FOR SALE Notes of hand and receipts for sale at the QUEEN'S COUNTY GAZETTE office.

FOR SALE—District School Assessment Blanks and School Tax Notices for sale at the GAZETTE office.

Seeds! Seeds!

JUST IN AT

G. T. Whelpley's

1 Carload Timothy and Clover Seed.

1 Carload Ontario Seed Oats, (Assorted Kinds) Banner, White Russian, Rosedale, Early Gotthard.

ALSO

The Usual Large Stock of Fine Groceries, Flour, Corn Meal, Oat Meal, &c.

TEA A SPECIALTY.

G. T. Whelpley,

310 Queen St., Fredericton.

C. L. SCOTT,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN GARRIAGE, CARTS AND SLEIGHS.

ALSO HEAD QUARTERS FOR Massey-Harris Farm Machinery.

SUCH AS—

FLOWS, HARROWS, REAPERS, MOWERS, SOWERS, CULTIVATORS, ETC., ETC.

ALSO

Agent for the Parishes of Gagetown, Hamptstead and the Western portion of Cambridge to handle the

High Grade Fertilizer

OF THE

Provincial Chemical Fertilizer Co., LTD., ST. JOHN, N. B.

Best prices on following goods—Imperial Superphosphate, Special Potato Phosphate, Victor's Gunno, Fruit Tree Fertilizer, and Bone Meal.

Can also supply Thomas Phosphate Powder.

Orders by mail promptly attended to

C. L. SCOTT, MAIN ST. GAGETOWN, N. B.

HAMM BROS.,

MANUFACTURERS OF Plain and Fancy Biscuit, Cake and Pastry.

CREAM SODAS AND FAMILY PILOTS A SPECIALTY.

MAIN STREET (North), St. John, - - - N. B.

James Stirling,

Manufacturer of Harness, St. John.

I have recently bought out the stock of the estate of the late William Robb, consisting of

Harness and Saddles

of all kinds. Some good bargains will now be offered.

My stock on hand is second to none in the city, to choose from. Working Harness, Light Harness from \$14 and upwards. Give us a call.

JAMES STIRLING, 12 Charlotte St., - St. John, N. B.

R. WOTTRICH,

Gun Maker,

MANUFACTURER OF All Kinds of Sporting Goods.

Special attention given to Winchester Rifles and Revolvers. Also repairing of all kinds of Bicycles and manufacturer of Surgical Instruments and Trusses. Perfect fit of Trusses guaranteed. Made to order.

254 UNION STREET, ST. JOHN.

Farm for Sale!

Containing 170 acres of upland, cutting about 40 tons of upland hay, situated in Jerusalem settlement in the Parish of Hamptstead, three miles from the St. John River. The farm is well watered a good boiling spring near house, it is also well wooded and centrally located to post office, general store, blacksmith shops, etc., it is in a good neighborhood where the neighbors are strictly honest and obliging.

Also, 1 horse rake, plows and other farming implements.

This is a good chance to get a farm on easy terms as the owner is in no hurry for the money.

For terms, etc., write to MESSRS. H. L. DUFFIE, Glassville, Carleton Co., N. B.

WANTED.

A situation for six months on a farm. STEWART LAW, Gagetown.

Everything from

NEEDLE TO ANCHOR

Call and see one of the most complete and well-selected lines of Goods kept by any general store in the province. You can find at any season of the year, a good assortment in all our departments, viz.:

STAPLE & FACY DRY GOODS, Groceries and Provisions

Hats, Caps and Furs, Hardware and Tinware,

Boots, Shoes and Oil Tanned Goods, Ready Made Clothing and Gen's Furnishings,

Crockery ware, Glassware and Fancy Dishes,

Furniture and Stoves, Druggs and Patent Medicine,

Paints and Oils, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

Coffins, Caskets and Undertaker's Supplies.

As we buy all our Goods for Cash we are enabled to sell at

BOTTOM PRICES.

King Lumber Co. (Ltd.),

Chipman, N. B.,

J. W. KEAST,

GENERAL DEALER IN

Flour, Meal, Feed, Oats, General Groceries

Hardware, &c.

Fresh Meats:

of all kinds.

Game, Poultry and Fresh Fish

A SPECIALTY.

Orders for Fresh Meats from customers on the river solicited.

Consignments of fat cattle, sheep, poultry, etc., solicited.

Bridge Street, Indiantown, St. John, N. B.

Patronize the

GLOBE LAUNDRY,

2 Doors Below Queen Hotel, Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

JOSEPH RUBINS, Agent Gagetown.

G. R. PERKINS, Proprietor.

CROTHERS BROS.'

STEAM SAW MILL,

Upper Gagetown.

Local Sawing done in First Class Shape and at Reasonable Rates.

150 CORDS 4-FOOT SLAB WOOD FOR SALE VERY LOW.

NOTICE!

Having made arrangements with Messrs. Wallace & Fraser to sell

ALBERTS THOMAS PHOSPHATE POWDER

IN HAMPTSTEAD AND VICINITY.

I will call on all farmers as soon as possible. Those intending to purchase will do well to hold their orders until I call or write for prices.

Phosphate the Best, Prices the Lowest,

Terms Easy, GEO. J. RATHBURN, Agent, Hibernia, Queens Co.

March 4.

Notice to the Public.

The thoroughbred Stallion Harry T. Wilks will travel through Queens County and Sunbury and will stand in Jerusalem 2 days in every three weeks at Hastings barn. This is one of the best horses that ever was on the road and one of the best foal getters that ever was out. H. L. Moffitt will be in Gagetown the first of May, the owner of Harry T. Wilks and groom. Any one wishing to patronize this horse and I don't see them can drop me a postal card.

H. L. MOFFITT, Springfield, Kings County.

FOR SALE.

One Sable Island Pony, with or without sleigh and harness. JAMES FLOWER, McDonald's Corner.

H. Niles

& Sons,

DEALERS IN—

GENERAL GROCERIES

Flour, Meal, Hay, Oats

Feed, Etc.

Correspondence solicited and promptly attended to.

Write for quotations.

Robertson Wharf, Indiantown, N. B.

NEXT

June Weddings!

Easter has come and its requirements and demands have been met. It's gone. The next thing to command our attention is the gathering together of pretty, popular-priced things to supply the numerous calls for Wedding Gifts.

June always brings the weddings—Lucky occasions for us. China, Pottery, Bric-a-Brac, Silverware. Are the first-though-of things, Whether the prospective giver has a dollar to spend or fifty.

You Can't expect a man to write about babbling brooks, twittering birds and flowers that bloom on the hillside, when the cold wind is playing hide-and-seek between his legs and his rheumatism is beginning to come back on him. But we want to tell you about these Elegant Spring-Eve Couches.

Odd Chairs.

This isn't a public meeting, but all the same, we invite you to take the chair, several in fact; the more chairs you take the handsomer and more attractive you will make your house. It's the height of oddity not to admire our odd chairs, and surely no one is so odd as that.

The cheapest easy chair, the easiest cheap chair and the best looking easy and cheap chair ever sold.

You can lean way back or sit up straight—adjustable.

Deep spring seat, a wealth of padding and tufting—that's what makes it feel so good, and rests you so.

For That Tired Feeling,

Try One of Lemont's Couches.

We want to talk Couches to you. By talking the right kind of Couches, couches in plain words, we hope to have every house-couch with one of our elegant Couches. If your house is not supplied with a good Couch you do not know what you are missing. It's just the piece of furniture needed to supply that aching void. Just imagine yourself reclining on one of our soft, downy Couches, which gives way to your weary weight. But talking about weight reminds us to warn you not to wait too long, as

POOR DOCUMENT

B. WEDNESDAY, APRIL



White's Cove.

One day last February while J. D. Rardon and Alexander McKinnely were hauling hay from Sheffield J. D. Rardon had the misfortune to lose his watch and chain while loading hay. They looked thoroughly for it but could not find it. A few days ago while Alex. was feeding his sheep the watch was found on the barn floor. It was not going when found but the watch was in good order and not hurt in the least.

Who is going to run the meat wagon this summer? Here is a chance for a live man to make some money, and it is just what is needed by the people. It was well patronized last summer and it should be a paying business.

Mrs. Frank Fairweather of Coal Creek, is visiting her parents and friends here. Mrs. Sam'l F. Farris who has been ill is slowly recovering.

Leslie Wright is able to be out again and is gaining slowly.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Durost are receiving congratulations—a girl.

Sheriff Reid passed through here on Wednesday with the mail carrier.

The ice in Grand Lake appears to be quite firm yet. Teams were travelling on it on Saturday.

Alex. McKinnely and Charley Farris are making improvements on their buildings.

Harry Orchard is saving his wood with his wind mill.

W. H. Belyea spent his Easter vacation visiting friends in Albert County.

Bruce Farris shot a wild goose on Thursday. Geese are not very plentiful so far this spring.

Capt. Young has started the "Sea King," and is away to St. John with a load of wood.

Newcastle Creek.

There has been quite an exodus of late from this community. A number of young men have already left the place, having obtained situations in vessels engaged in the coasting trade, among whom are Messrs. Chas. McMann, Fred Basley, Edmund Haux and Geo. Wasson.

Capt. John B. Haux leaves next week for St. John to get his vessel in readiness for the opening of navigation.

Other vessel owners expect to follow shortly.

Mrs. R. A. Smith and the daughter Hazel have gone to visit relatives and friends in Boston.

Miss Alice Monroe has been engaged to teach the Mill Cove School and will enter upon her duties next week.

Mr. Harry Bridges of Sheffield, spent Sunday with relatives and friends here, prior to his departure for the Yukon Mining District.

Messrs. Hollie and Tom Bridges also spent Sunday in this vicinity.

Mrs. Hector McLean of Cumberland Point, spent a few days of last week with friends here.

Mrs. S. B. Stuart received a communication this week from her son Charles, mechanic of Havelock, stating that he was en route for Vancouver, B. C., to take advantage of the recent building boom there.

While Master Blain Bailey was exercising his steed last week it became unmanageable and got away from him. He was thrown out, but happily escaped with slight injuries.

Butler.

April 3.—The snow storm of Friday last has made very good travelling on the roads here, and people that were behind with their hauling are taking advantage of it.

The ice in the Grand Lake is good yet; the shores are comparatively good.

About all the sea faring men have gone to their vessels in St. John.

Flower Bros. have commenced work on their vessel, under the careful management of A. J. Doyle. Too much cannot be said of Mr. Doyle's skill as a ship carpenter.

Mr. A. McM. Thurott intends building a vessel. He will begin operations in a few weeks.

As Harry and Bennie Flower were returning from Little River, Sunbury Co., their horse got loose from the sleigh and did not stop until it reached home leaving them a distance of ten miles to walk and haul their sleigh. Between mud and water their walk was not a pleasant one. They are now the guests of Daniel Slocum, of Waterborough, Queens county.

Mr. Rupper Sypher has gone to Jemseg to repair his schooner the Mand S.

The many friends of Miss Elsie Barton will regret to hear of her illness; but under the skillful treatment of Dr. H. B. Hay hopes are entertained for her recovery.

Mr. Charles Flower is also sick with la-grippe.

Gasperaux Forks.

April 21.—The many friends of Mrs. Donald MacEacheron will regret to hear that she is suffering from a severe attack of inflammation of the lungs.

The remains of the late John McDougall, of Upper Gasperaux, were laid to rest in the Red Bank burying ground. The service was conducted by the Rev. D. McD. Clarke.

Mr. Frank Stevenson has arrived home after having spent the winter in British Columbia. He reports times as being very dull out there.

Mr. Morley P. MacEacheron, of this place, has charge of the school at Fulton Brook.

A few of the neighbors in this place have met with heavy losses through the killing of sheep by dogs. It is to be hoped that these sheep-killing dogs will be wiped out of the place.

A number of lumbermen have gone back to the brooks to drive their lumber.

Mr. and Mrs. William Austin are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son.

Summer Hill.

April 16.—A wood splitting frolic and mat hooking party was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Corbett on Monday afternoon, 11th inst. Quite a number of the Young people of Cove Hill and Armstrong's Corner were present. A very pleasant afternoon and evening was spent by all. Dancing was indulged in until about 3 o'clock in the morning.

The pie social held in No. 4 Orange Hall on Good Friday evening was not a very successful one, owing to the bad roads and the short notice given.

Messrs. Robert and David Scott left here for Portland, Me., on Tuesday last.

Armstrong's Corner.

Mr. William Smith and Charles Anderson are busily engaged painting a bridge here.

Miss Annie Scott, of Summer Hill, and Miss Donald are visiting Miss Mabel Queen.

Mr. John Queen, of Petersville, has returned home from Vancouver to visit his friends.

Mr. Hazen Hamilton, of Petersville, has gone to St. John, where he expects to remain for the summer.

A large number of our young men have returned from the lumber woods.

Quite a number of young people of Armstrong's Corner attended a dance at Mr. John Gale's, and spent a very enjoyable evening.

Young's Cove Station.

April 9.—Spring is here—that is the season is—but not the spring weather. But as "spring would be but gloomy weather if we had nothing else but spring," yet I think people would rather have nothing else but spring, and they could then endure the gloomy weather with fortitude.

Lumber drivers report the water low for stream driving. Some operators have to send men home on account of scarcity of water.

George Lewis, Garfield Gilbert, Thomas Lewis and others have gone to the upper St. John to stream drive.

All the old hands are back again on the Central R. R.

The driver of the Jemseg mail makes good time from the station averaging 7 1/2 miles per hour through a sea of mud and slush.

Mr. Caleb Lewis while calling on Mrs. Robt. Reid was seized with sudden illness. It was several days before he could be removed to her home. Dr. Earle was in attendance.

It is rumored that Thomas Nicholson has disposed of his property to Stanley Densmore.

On Thursday the new engine No. 3, Central R. R. ran off the track at the station, while drawing three loaded coal cars from the siding. This caused a delay of about six hours.

Wood chopping, mat hooking, and quilting bees are all the rage here.

Highfield.

On Saturday, the 9th inst., a pie social was held here under the auspices of the Methodist church. Twenty-one pies were sold and the sum of \$29 realized.

Our popular lumber surveyor, D. M. Pearson, was auctioneer, and D. J. Hamilton, our popular merchant, was secretary. After the pies were disposed of, the Rev. Mr. Bailey made an eloquent and pleasing speech thanking all present for their efforts in making the social a success. A unanimous vote of thanks was tendered to the auctioneer. After this the meeting dispersed with everybody feeling happy because everyone deserved to be.

Mr. Wm. Pearson is engaged, with a crew of men, steam-driving.

Mr. Dunon Carmichael has a busy season with his sawing machine. He is cutting wood for Mr. Fred Pearson.

Mr. Arthur Vradenburg has about completed his contract on the Methodist church at Belleisle. It is said to reflect great credit on his skill as a workman.

We are glad to see Mr. T. H. Pearson about again. His health has been poor this winter.

Mr. D. M. Pearson has gone to Fredricton on a business trip.

The home of the Rev. C. H. S. Warneford has been made happy by the arrival of a daughter.

Mr. Fred Long has about completed his maple sugar making for this season. He has sold a large quantity to our enterprising merchant, judging from the number of trips he has made to get sufficient maple candy to supply his customers.

Mr. Alfred Pearson, who intends to farm extensively this summer, has rented his brother's farm.

Miss Agnes Pearson has returned from Franklin, Mass. Her many friends are delighted to see her.

Our popular blacksmith, Mr. John Pearson, reports a busy season.

All we hear is Klondike! Klondike.

The firm of J. S. Armstrong and Bro., merchant grocers, St. John, have issued a card of thanks to their patrons announcing that Mr. J. S. Macdonald has been admitted into partnership of this well known firm on Charlotte St. Mr. Macdonald, so well and favorably known in Petersville, his native home, as a courteous and upright business man, comes ripe with experience into the new firm and his many friends wish him much future prosperity.

As the whole firm are Queens county boys, with a large number of customers in the lower end of the county where the Gazette also circulates freely, we suggest to the business manager of the GAZETTE to secure the good will and patronage of this enterprising firm J. S. Armstrong & Macdonald and kindly mail them a marked copy of GAZETTE containing this item with the compliments of the Chipman correspondent.

The farmers of this vicinity intend holding a public meeting on the evening of the 23rd inst., in Kings hall for the purpose of taking into consideration the advisability of making application to the Commissioner of Agriculture for a bonus as an aid in erecting a mill for grinding wheat as provided by a recent act of the local legislature. Mr. J. H. Wilson, who owns a grist mill at Chipman, is corresponding with the head of the department and it is expected that an application from Chipman will be laid before the Governor in Council in order to secure the bounty for a wheat mill.

Mr. William Kadey of Hardwood Ridge has the misfortune to lose his dwelling house by fire last week. The fire originated in the kitchen from a defective fuse and the devouring element soon gained such headway that all hope of saving the building was abandoned in trying to save the furniture from the greater portion was secured. As Mr. Kadey had no insurance his loss is keenly felt and it is probable that the public will generally sympathize with him.

The people of Briggs Corner and the Forks are to have a daily mail.

The people along Salmon Creek and Hardwood Ridge, N. B. will be supplied with mail three times a week from Chipman which will be a great improvement upon the uncertain mail service which formerly came twice a week from Sheffield.

The other sections of Salmon river, North Forks and Iron Bound Cove will also have a better mail service than formerly.

Isiah Morrison is selling off his household effects, intending to move back to Nova Scotia where he formerly lived.

Mr. John McDougall an old resident of Upper Gasperaux passed away at the advanced age of 84 years and was buried last Sunday in Red Bank cemetery.

The men are all away upon the drives; the none of the lumber has come down river yet; probably soon will as the recent showers and warm weather are causing the freshet to almost cover the islands along the river.

Red Bank.

April 8.—We had lovely weather here during the month of March. It looked more Springlike than it does at present. Many men who had gone to stream drive were obliged to return home on account of the recent storm.

Miss Maggie Fraser entertained a number of her school mates at her home on Saturday evening.

Mr. Leslie McInnis has purchased a fine horse from Mr. Robert Clark.

Mr. Robert Derrah has added to his buildings by erecting a large garage.

Great regret has been felt for Councilor Fraser who had the misfortune of pulling the shoeing off his sleigh while crossing a piece of bare ground. He had to send the horse and sleigh home and finish his journey on foot.

A large number of young people of Chipman and vicinity of Red Bank drove to the home of Mr. Sherman Rankine on Thursday evening, 7th inst. A very pleasant evening was spent, about thirty being present. At 6:30 the tables were spread with an excellent supply of edibles and there could be but one opinion as to the manner in which the company enjoyed the repast. When all had given the required attention to the dainties provided they indulged in various games until a late or rather early hour Friday morning. The party broke up by singing, "God be with you till we meet again." All joined in thanking Mr. and Mrs. Rankine for the kind manner in which they were entertained.

Mrs. Andrew Brown died at the home of her son-in-law, Red Bank. Deceased was 71 years of age. Rev. Mr. Clarke officiated at the funeral. The maiden name of deceased was Isabella Smith. She was a sister of Andrew and Joseph Smith of Cumberland Bay.

Hibernia.

April 18th.—The people of this place are busy splitting their wood.

Mr. W. G. Rice will have a chopping frolic on Tuesday, 19th. Four correspondents hope that a large crowd will gather and that ample justice may be done at the tea table.

John Deller intends doing an extensive business in the farming line this summer.

It is reported here that Thomas Crawford, of New Jerusalem, intends to move in the Beagle house this spring.

The chief topic of South Queenstown is catching drift wood and shooting dogs.

Cambridge.

April 19.—The funeral of Mrs. John Pugsley took place on Thursday, the 14th inst. Rev. A. B. Macdonald conducted the service and preached a very appropriate sermon for the occasion.

The Star has been making regular trips to Macdonald's Point for the last week and is expected to make her first trip to Cole's Island today.

Mr. John McAlpine, sr., is dangerously ill.

George H. Macdonald, of Boston, Mass., is spending a week at home visiting his kind friends Rev. A. B. Macdonald and Mrs. Macdonald.

W. H. Humphrey was the first to begin farming in this section. He ploughed on the 14th inst.

The many friends of Miss Mabel Straight will be pleased to learn that she is out again and able to resume her work in the school room.

The friends of Mr. Ernest M. Straight, school teacher at Lower Cambridge, will be glad to know that he is recovering from his present illness. It will be some time however before he is able to teach.

ST. JOHN, N. B.
Business in the Maritime Provinces—What our Readers Advise—News, Notes—The Markets, etc.

A Halifax paper of a few days ago says that the question of war between the United States and Spain excites less discussion than the question of better supply for the stock in the city is well nigh exhausted and further supplies cannot be possibly obtained, for immediate use. Butter that sold two weeks ago at 14 cents a pound now sells for 22 to 25 cents, and only favored customers can purchase it at that. Such a condition of affairs is anything but creditable to the farmers of the maritime provinces. By growing fodder corn and peas and oats down together, four acres of ordinary land should be made to maintain a grade Jersey or Ayrshire cow the year round. Such a cow, beside supplying a small family with milk and butter, if well cared for, should produce 300 pounds of butter a year, which, if "gilt edge," would sell for \$75. If our farmers would get rid of their scrub cows and replace them with good grade milkers they would have less occasion to complain of hard times than at present.

In the interest of the port Mayor Robinson leaves for London by Steamer Lake Superior on the 20th inst.

Last Tuesday two married women met on South wharf and demolished two new Easter bonnets and wrecked each other generally. Jealousy.

Steamer Concordia sailed for Glasgow last Thursday with 68,000 bushels of grain.

Last Wednesday a bicycle was stolen from the hall way in A. A. Wilson's residence.

H. H. Dustin of Boston has bought a farm at Annapolis where he will hereafter reside.

Richard Rawlings of this city has been appointed Provincial constable. He was formerly chief of the Portland police.

Two guests at Elliott's hotel disappeared the other morning with overcoats belonging to other guests.

One hundred men are now at work on the new pulp mill at Mispec.

Bar Duffy of the Street railway has left to join the United States cavalry.

The U. S. government is negotiating for the purchase of the steamers of the D. A. Hallway.

Steamer Monticello is going on the route between Campbellton and Gaspe.

Percy Lewis, for the attempted murder of his wife a few weeks ago, was placed on trial last Friday.

There is considerable excitement in the wheat market and millers have advanced the price of flour 20 cents per barrel. Oatmeal is firm but price is unchanged. The recent change in the tariff has increased the cost of sugar from 1-16 to 1/2 cent per pound. The foreign markets are very firm and local refiners have advanced prices 1/2 cent on most grades. Extremely low prices for beans are apparently done for the present; choice hand picked are now quoted at \$1.10 per bushel. Beef and pork are higher and are active at advanced prices. Lard is also higher; a considerable quantity of pure lard of the finest quality has been imported from the United States which sells at 82 cents in tubs and 9 cents in pails. Dried fish are arriving freely; medium cod \$3.15; large \$3.25 and pollock \$1.90 per 100 pounds. There is an active demand for butter and good ordinary grades sell at 17 cents. Eggs are in large supply and sales are dull at 9 and 10 cents.

F. A. Peters, jr., who controls the wonderful "Scientific Combination Pipe Organ" here, showed your correspondent yesterday a beautiful oak cased instrument of this type. It is about the size of a large upright piano, and one can scarce understand whence comes its grand church like tone, variety and power. It is certainly the best organ for small church yet produced and is made, Mr. Peters explains, in sizes up to large organs of two manuals, fit for any building.

EDWARD EDWARDS.
St. John, April 15.

Death of Cardinal Taschereau.

QUEBEC, April 13.—The death of Cardinal Taschereau occurred shortly after six o'clock last evening. Those present at the bedside when he came were his two nephews, Alexandre and Edmond Taschereau, His Grace Mgr. Begin, Archbishop of Quebec, Mgr. Marois, vicar-general, and other members of his household. The funeral took place on Tuesday.

We Have Made Attractions

In our Store that make it the largest and most convenient (in our line) in Indian town. We have sold out our King street business and intend giving out whole time to our Indian town business. We are showing the largest and best stock of Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps and Mens Furnishing Goods we have ever shown. Some of our Customers say our Custom Tailoring is perfect, but we are still trying to improve it. We invite inspection and comparison of our Goods and Prices.

C. B. PIDGEON,
Indian town.

PICK OF

MEN'S CLOTHING
AND YOUTH'S CLOTHING
AND BOY'S CLOTHING

That's the way we gather our stock. That is why choosing is so easy here—and so satisfactory.

When a garment of any kind gets into Greater Oak Hall it comes as with a merit patent of nobility. Unless quality is right the doors here are closed to it. So, too of styles and patterns.

Our aim is not to heap up mountain masses of every possible thing in the Clothing way and so make the assortment bewildering, confusing—but to eliminate and eliminate until every line of goods in the store is the cream of its class and exactly fitted to some special service.

OUR MAIL ORDER department is open to you. Suppose you write for samples of our line of Men's Suits at \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00. They go forward at once and you can see for yourself what pains we have taken to serve you rightly. If you have boys, ask for samples of suits at \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 for little boys—and \$3.75 to \$5.00 for bigger boys that wear a vest.

Greater Oak Hall,
Scovil Bros. & Co.,
St. John, N. B.

THE PLACE IN SAINT JOHN
TO GET ANY ARTICLE IN
Jewellery, Watches, Clocks and Silverware,
PIANOS AND FANCY GOODS

T. L. COUGHLAN'S,
Jewellers Hall, 28 King St.

This Space is Reserved for
A. MYRES,
82 GERMAIN ST., ST. JOHN.

GREAT
Clearance - - Sale.

As I have to leave the store I now occupy on the first of May, I will commence on Monday, 14th inst. to sell the whole of my stock of

Dry Goods, Men's Underwear, Boots, Shoes and Overshoes at

FROM 15 TO 30 P. C. DISCOUNT

	FORMER PRICE.	TO \$1.10	SELLING PRICE.
A LOT OF FELT HATS FROM 90 CTS.	TO \$1.10	30c.	
A LOT OF BOY'S CAPS	35	25c.	
LINIMENTS,	—	25	20c.
PATENT MEDICINE,	\$1.00	80c.	
DOZ. REEFERS,	—	6.00	\$3.00
	—	4.00	2.00

Groceries and Canned Goods 10 p. c. discount.

TERMS—Sums under \$10.00, cash; from \$10.00 to \$20.00, 3 months; all sums over \$20.00 4 months; with approved notes with interest at 7 per cent.

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange for Goods.

Chas. S. Babbit,
Main Street, Gagetown.