

SUMMER.  
R. D.,  
and, of a large assortment  
of the first Houses in the Trade,  
selected from a variety of  
SILKS, SHAWLS, RIB-  
BURY, &c., &c.  
suds, Waist-coatings, Cotton and  
SOUTIERS.  
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in his Friends that is future his bis-  
whose accounts were furnished to the

HE COLONIAL  
SURANCE COMPANY.  
THE EIGHT HONORABLE THE  
GIN and KINCARDINE, Governor  
and—  
St. ANDREW'S Square, Edin-  
Management in Halifax for New-  
land Edward Island—  
B. A. Almon, Banker.  
Wm. A. Black, Banker.  
B. L. Long, Banker.  
T. T. Twiss, Esq., Barrister.  
B. Leyland, Esq., Barrister.  
Alexander Keith, Merchant.  
Stewart, Esq., Solicitor.  
al Adviser—A. F. Saver-  
stary—Matthew H. Richy, Solicer.  
The gentlemen have been appointed Offi-  
cian in Prince Edward Island, and  
to furnish information as to the pri-  
ciples of the Company and the rates of  
—Medical Adviser—H. A. Johnston,  
—Medical Adviser—David Kaye, M.  
William Sanderson, M.  
—Medical Adviser—Joseph Bell, M.  
Thomas Hunt.  
MATTHEW H. RICHY.

AL LOAN FUND LIFE  
AND  
Fire Insurance Companies of London  
ruled by Act of Parliament.  
DIRECTORS of Fire Insurance for  
land, T. H. Hartfield, Esq., Hon.  
F. Lawrence, Esq., Robert  
Thomson, Esq., &c.  
taken at considerably reduced pre-  
cipitation, and all other informa-  
tion from the Subscribers, at the Office  
of the Agent, Charlottetown.

H. J. CUNDALL,  
Agent pro tem.

Fire! Fire!  
Property at a saving of fifty per cent.  
only be done by insuring in the MU-  
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

only Office where claims for loss can  
refer to a foreign Company.

of application, and any other informa-  
tion at the Secretary and Treasurer's  
treat.

ALLIANCE  
FIRE INSURANCE COM-  
PANY, LTD., LONDON,  
BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.  
Total £25,000,000 Sterling.

CHARLES YOUNG,  
Agent for P. E. Island.

Marine Insurance  
Company.

C. W.—Agent for Prince Edward

BENJAMIN DAVIES,  
April 1, 1853.

L and Sheep Skins.

will pay the highest market price  
for any quantity of WOOL and

LINEN.

ROBERT BELL,  
Ch. Town, 3 60

WHOLESALE,

ELLIOT & Co. of BOSTON,

ates, Merchants, have constantly on

hand, P. E. Island, a large supply

articles which will be disposed of as

possibly be imported for—

Cotton, Cloth, Sugar, Coffe,

Tea, Coffee, Hosiery, Navy

Spices, Vines, Quinine, Soap, To-

Toys, Books and Toys, &c., &c.,

to their Agents.

HENRY PALMER,  
1853.

NIPER POSTS.

by the Subscribers, 500 JUNIPER

H. HASZARD,  
April 27, 1853.

BRICKMAKERS.

R. BRICK MAKING MACHINE,

making Ten thousand Bricks a day.

The Subscriber, if applied for early.

E. L. LYDIARD,  
Square, June 8. Tel. 10.

ONEY TO LEND.

the Office of CHARLES PALMER,

1853.

TO BE LET.

of the Province to E. L. Ly-

mann, North side of Queen's

Street, Second Floor. Also—TWO OF

second Floor. Immediate possession

to the subscriber.

E. L. LYDIARD,  
1853.

splendid Entire Horse.

VULCAN.

This Superior Animal, three years

old, took a prize at the Royal Ag-

ricultural Fair in Charlottetown, in

1853. He was sired by the impor-

tant "Saddlin," with a fine Columbian

temper, stands 16 hands, and is of

brown colour. He will stand for the

King's Arms, three Mile Run, every

year, excepting Saturday, or which day

at the stables of JAMES W. CARRE,

Charlottetown.

For the Season, 20s.; insurance,

for one year, £10.

W. GARNET, Charlottetown, or in

the Green, King's Arms, North Bl.

April 18.

# HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

FARMERS' JOURNAL, AND COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

Established 1823.

Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Saturday, July 9, 1853.

New Series, No. 49.

Haszard's Gazette.

GEORGE T. HASZARD, Proprietor and Publisher.  
Published every Wednesday morning, and monthly  
Once, South Side Queen's Square, P. E. Island.

Trans.—Annual Subscription, £1. Diamond for cash.

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## HASZARD'S GAZETTE, JULY 9.

### CLEANINGS FROM LATE PAPERS.

#### AUSTRIA AND PRUSSIA

Austria has pronounced for "the Autocrat of all the Russias," against the Porte; and, while we record the fact, that "War of Principle," predicted by George Canning, and for which Europe has been fast ripening since 1840, may have been already initiated by the advance of the Russians into the Danubian provinces of Turkey.

From Austria, Turkey has nothing to fear; though in times gone by, she was one of the Porte's most formidable foes. Like Rome in her decline, Austria has her hands full at home. She feels that on her three ancient dominions, including Syria and Carinthia, she alone can place complete reliance. The gallant Huns are once again ready for revolt. Ten times, already, have this noble people battled for their liberty; and as often have they passed under the tyrant's yoke; but, such is the holy spirit of freedom, that the more a nation suffers for its sake, the more prodigal of blood will the people be when the day to "strike" arrives.

The Gallicans are decidedly Poles to the core; the Bohemians are as restless as the Huns; they never forgot that their fathers, in the fifteenth century, were the most intrepid defenders of civil and religious liberty in Europe; and in the eloquent language of their own historian:—"The strain on our banners at the Battle of the White Mountain, has yet to be wiped out—and the bright day will dawn, when the Black Eagle of Hapsburg shall be a stranger in our valleys."

Then, there lie the Venetian and Lombard States of Italy as a charged mine; and, thus, with the map of Austria spread, and modern history open before us, it is pretty obvious that she, at all events, can lend but feeble aid, now, to Nicholas in any attempt to inflict a death blow on Turkey.

There was a time when Russia might have advanced on Persia as a ready ally against the Turk. But Persia advanced so much in her last disastrous quarrel with the latter, that the certainty is, she will range her hordes under the Ottoman banner, her natural antipathy to her earliest foes notwithstanding.

**AUSTRALIAN MATTERS.**—The dates from Melbourne, Australia, to the 22d of March. During the week ending March 19th, 5,495 persons had been added to the population of Melbourne. During the same week 35,104 ounces of gold reached Melbourne, making the total receipts, there from the first, eleven millions of dollars. There was a great demand for labour at high rates; carpenters obtained from \$5 to \$6 per day; compositor thirty-seven cents per thousand; blacksmiths \$4, to \$5 per day; seafarers for fish this season, so far.

**Mrs. H. Bannister Swayne.**—At a recent meeting of a Committee of the Glasgow University Alumnae Society with Professor Stowe, the gentlewoman stated "that Mrs. Stowe had contemplated the preparation of a work on the Temperance movement, similar in plan to "Uncle Tom's Cabin," and that it would have been her earliest publication, but for the necessity which had arisen to indicate the view she had furnished of American Slavery, by exhibiting the stern facts of the system, as has been done in the recent work called the "Key."

We trust that the distinguished Lady referred to may be enabled to complete the contemplated work at an early day, as eminent benefit to the cause of Temperance would result from her able advocacy.

The Galaxy Packet publishes the following as a "remarkable coincidence." The Kilkenny and Waterford line, Rallied on Sunday, was scattered on Saturday, the 17th, with the exception of ten miles of the Waterford side. The engine was manufactured by Mr. Shrigley, and a large portion of the line was constructed by Mr. Butler.

The sum of \$11,000,000 has been invested in supplying the cities of England with gas.

**LAWYER FROM ENGLAND.**—Telegraph.—Lady Reliant at Quebec. Levy of all Mariners in French Ports, fit for service, married and single, to join ships of War. Austria fully approves Monckhoff's proceedings at Constantinople. Austria and Russia are therefore concluded against England, France, Spain, and other continental powers. A tremendous Revolution in Europe expected.

#### UNITED STATES

**Great Slave.**—The locomotive that was despatched from Liverpool to Chicago for physicians at the late Mr. Drexler, who was suddenly stricken with apoplexy ran the entire distance and back 116 miles, in 100 minutes.—*George Journal.*

**New York June 23.**—A terrible riot occurred last night, at the residence of Dr. George A. Wheeler, in 17th street, caused by the finding of some human bones on the premises. A mob of 200 collected, armed with clubs, axes and stones. Dr. W.'s store and dwelling were attacked, the inmates driven out, and the premises completely gutted. Nobody killed, though some police officers were injured.

**ANNOUNCING TERM.**—The Convention now in session in Boston have passed to a second reading a resolve, purporting that it is not advisable to add the phrase "His Excellency" to the title of "Governor of this Commonwealth."

**Waukesha, June 23.**—The Unions of this morning announce the appointment of Robert J. Thornto to the China mission.

A calorifer engine, the Ericsson structure, is to be exhibited at the Mechanics Fair to be held in Boston in September next. It is being built in New York by Mr. Ericsson himself, and is to be of one-horse power, with 14 inch cylinder, and three-inch stroke.

The return of Salmon in the Sacramento river this season has been enormous; four thousand were taken daily, weighing 17 pounds each on an average. The rivers of California and Oregon are alive with these fish at all seasons. They are beginning to sail and cure them largely on the Sacramento. We didn't know before our latest date that there were salmon in California—though gold good enough for them.

**The Mountain River.**—It is now generally admitted, that the Mayor, Mr. Wilson, did give the orders to fire, though the troops can not be sure what the command of their officer before obeying the mandate.

The Mayor has left the city to escape the odium that his conduct has brought down upon him from all classes of the community; and Mr. Alderman Atwater was, at the last meeting of the Town Council, unanimously elected to act in his stead during his absence.—*Quincy Monitor.*

It is announced in Fredericton that the troops are to be withdrawn from that city, and we presume the whole Province of New Brunswick.

#### NEWFOUNDLAND.

(From the Halifax Advertiser.)

**St. George's Bay, N. F., May 1853.**—On the afternoon of the 17th inst., the French man-of-war schooner *Fauvette*, St. Clare, Com., arrived here from St. Pierre, via God Roy; where she stopped the British, who were fishing entirely for some days previous to her sailing from the latter place, immediately on the arrival of the F. at Bay St. George, who sent her boat about amongst the vessels in the Bay, (about 40 in number) all British, and gave notice, that she would allow them *one day* to get up their nets, and then to immediately proceed to leave the fishing ground. Next day, the 18th, it blew in a gale from the westward which prevented the vessels from doing anything towards preparing to leave, and on the following day, the 19th, the whole of the fleet were forcibly driven out, by the boats and guns of the cutter and this in the face of the still continued gale; numbers of them went without wood or water, and many of them had to leave all their nets down, and nearly all of them totally unfit to proceed safely to sea.

One vessel that remained until after 6 p. m. of that day, was ordered to move within a quarter of an hour, or she would be fired into. She had, consequently, to put to sea, instantly under the alternative of being sunk by the guns of the latter, and left all her nets &c., it being impossible to secure anything.

The *Seine* Kousset, (Br.) *Messervy*, master, was the only vessel allowed to remain uninterfered with.

The F. remained, until relieved by another French cutter of war, when the F. proceeded to St. Pierre, where great praise was awarded to the commander for what he had done.

On the 4th June a French war steamer arrived, and notified all concerned, that next year the French would not allow the inhabitants, or any British vessels coming there, to prosecute the fishing there, or to interfere with them in any way.

The French officers alleged "that this is an act of retaliation, for the acts of the British men-of-war, in driving the French fishing vessels off the coast of Labrador last season, and it is only a matter of politeness and courtesy, that the French authorities have allowed the British inhabitants to fish this season, so far."

**AUSTRALIAN MATTERS.**—The dates from Melbourne, Australia, to the 22d of March. During the week ending March 19th, 5,495 persons had been added to the population of Melbourne. During the same week 35,104 ounces of gold reached Melbourne, making the total receipts, there from the first, eleven millions of dollars. There was a great demand for labour at high rates; carpenters obtained from \$5 to \$6 per day; compositor thirty-seven cents per thousand; blacksmiths \$4, to \$5 per day; seafarers for fish this season, so far.

**CHARTERED BANKS.**—At a recent meeting of the

Princes County.

Nomination for Prince County, came off at St. Eleanor's yesterday the 7th, they are as follows:

First District.—Hon. James Warburton, Jas. Yeo, Esq.; Thomas Gorman, Esq.

Second District.—Allen, Franklin, Esq.; W. E. Clark, Esq.; Mr. Jasen Campbell, Esq.

Third District.—W. Lord, Dr. Conroy, Mr. James Walsh, Jun., James Muirhead, Esq.

Fourth District.—D. Montgomery, Esq.; Mr. George Sinclair, Mr. James McKay.

The nomination of members before the Sheriff's Court, took place inside the Court House, which was literally "filled full almost to suffocation." The specifying took place outside, in front of the Court House, where many flattering promises were made, one would suppose we never would have a "had" member returned again. All spoke except Dr. Conroy and Jas. McKay.

**Kings' County.**

George Town, Heath Hartshorn, Esq., H. Moore, Esq., Hon. Joseph Hosley, John Ross.

First District.—Emmanuel McEachern, Peter McGowen, Esq., John McIntosh, Esq., W. Cooper, Esq.

Second District.—Hon. E. Whelan, Hon. J. Jardine, Theophilus DesBarry, Esq.

Third District.—Hon. E. Thornton, Joseph Wrightman, Esq., John Goff, Esq., John Aldous, Esq.

Fourth District.—Hon. T. Drexler, Mr. James McElroy.

**PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.**—The nomination of members before the Sheriff's Court, took place inside the Court House, which was literally "filled full almost to suffocation." The specifying took place outside, in front of the Court House, where many flattering promises were made, one would suppose we never would have a "had" member returned again. All spoke except Dr. Conroy and Jas. McKay.

**King's County.**

George Town, Heath Hartshorn, Esq., H. Moore, Esq., Hon. Joseph Hosley, John Ross.

First District.—Emmanuel McEachern, Peter McGowen, Esq., John McIntosh, Esq., W. Cooper, Esq.

Second District.—Hon. E. Whelan, Hon. J. Jardine, Theophilus DesBarry, Esq.

Third District.—Hon. E. Thornton, Joseph Wrightman, Esq., John Goff, Esq., John Aldous, Esq.

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## VARIETIES.

Somebody, on one occasion, annoyed at being advised by one to do this, and by another to do that, burst out with—

"There are societies every where for the suppression of all sorts of vice under the sun, except one; and I wish with all my heart there was one to suppress that!"

Being asked what that vice was, he answered:

"A vice; a vice which has not unfrequently done as much harm as any other in the world."

This may have proved true of many kinds of advice; but the following "piece of advice" must recommend itself to the good sense of every reader:

"If any thing in the world will make a man feel badly, even more so than pinching his finger in the crack of a door, it is unquestionably avarice. No man ever failed to think less of himself after it than he did before. It degrades him in the eyes of others; and what is worse, it blunts his sensibility on the one hand, and increases the power and passion of irritability on the other. The truth is, the more quietly and peacefully we all get on the better—the better for us, the better for our neighbors. In nine cases out of ten the wisest course is, if a man cheats you, to quit dealing with him; if he is abusive, quit his company; if he slanders you, take care so to live that nobody will believe him. No matter who he is, or how he insults you, the wisest way is just to let him alone; for there is nothing better, nothing that will sooner "heav coals of fire" upon your enemy's head, than this cool, calm, and quiet way of dealing with the wrongs one meets with in this world."

Candies.—To twelve pounds of lard use of alum and saltpetre each one pound; dissolve the alum and saltpetre in a small quantity of water; then pour into the melted lard, and boil the whole until the water evaporates. The mixture requires constant stirring to prevent settling in the bottom of the vessel. Candies made of this composition are equal to the best tallow, and last some time longer.

HINT to YOUNG LADIES.—An intelligent gentleman of fortune visited a country village in Maine, not very far from Bangor, and was hospitably entertained and lodged by a gentleman having three daughters—two of whom in rich dresses entertained the distinguished stranger in the parlour, while one kept herself in the kitchen, assisting her mother in preparing the food and setting the table for tea; and after the supper, in doing the work till it was fully completed; when she also joined her sisters in the parlour for the remainder of the evening. The next morning the same daughter was again early in the kitchen, while the other two were in the parlour. The gentleman, like Franklin, possessed a discriminating mind—was a close observer of the habits of the young ladies—watched an opportunity and whispered something in the ear of the industrious one; and then left for a time, but revisited the same family, and in about one year the young lady of the kitchen was conveyed to Boston, the wife of the same gentleman visitor, where she now resides at an elegant mansion. The gentleman whose fortune she shares she won by a judicious deportment and well directed industry. So much for an industrious young lady.

"Will you give us a 'apoth o' what you don't sell?" asked a young ragamuffin, on entering a chandler's shop. "Oh, willingly!" retorted the shopkeeper, on laying a stick rather roughly about the shoulders of the querist. "We always give that gratis!"

"On, my friend!" said a doctor to an Irish patient; "be composed! We must all die once!" "An' it's that what vexes me!" replied Pat. "If I could die half a dozen times, I'd not care a ha'penny about this time!"

A LIBELLER of the fair sex says the women are all alike. "When they are maid, they're mild as milk; once make them wives, and they lean their backs against their marriage certificate and defy you!"

An American paper says:—"A young lady in Albany was lately married to Mr. William Tongue. Isn't she Tongue-tied? We hope she will be happy and hold her tongue many a long year."

"Mornin', I shouldn't be surprised if our Susan got choked some day." "Why, my son?" "Because her beau twisted his arms around her neck the other night, and if she had not kissed him to let her go, he would have strangled her."

HEIGHT of GALLANTRY.—At the late fair for the blind, in Boston, a sailor was strolling past a table kept by a most lovely woman. Jock stopped, looked for a moment in breathless admiration, then took a ten-dollar note from his pocket, laid it on the table, and was passing on. "My good friend," said the lady, "won't you take something for your money?" "I thank you madam," replied the tar, with another shy look; "I've had more than my money's worth already."

An attorney about to finish a bill of costs was requested by a client, a baker, to make it as light as he could. "Ah!" replied the attorney, "that's what you may say to your foreman, but it's not the way I make my bread."

We notice in a contemporary's columns the advertisement of a lady for a husband—"None need apply under six feet." The lady goes in fearlessly for Hyson.

Books are the depositories of those minds which were busy in their generations, in striving for the applause of their own age and the esteem of posterity.

## To the Electors of Charlottetown and To the Electors of the Second District of Queen's County.

GENTLEMEN,

I SOLICIT the honor of representing you in the new House of Assembly when it shall sit. Should you agree to elect me with that object, which different circumstances now render of more importance, I will then at any former period of my life, if I can be extricated with it—I shall endeavor to discharge its duties with that zeal, integrity and self-sacrifice which should ever distinguish a Representative of the people.

I am, Gentlemen, your humble servant,

EDWARD PALMER.

Charlottetown, June 10th, 1853. A.D.A.

## To the Electors of the First District of Queen's County.

GENTLEMEN:

SINCE accepting your invitation to come forward as a Candidate for your suffrage, I have visited a considerable part of the District, and I feel thankful for the kind manner in which I have been received, and for the general promise of support tendered me. At present I have no enemies, I know not who New London intended doing, whether they would nominate a Candidate for that and of the District, or not, so that I had no cause for myself alone.

They have now a man in the field—Mr. John McLeod—the New London people having engaged to support me, with the understanding that my friends would support Mr. McLeod. I am aware that a few of my friends have promised to vote for Mr. Cole, as well as myself; to those I may keep my promises, and vote as you have engaged; but tell me, as to the rest, if any of my supporters, or of the District, have not yet promised that they will not support Mr. Cole; I now solicit them to give it to the New London Candidate, and on no account to give me a plumper, but divide with Mr. McLeod. Our prospects are good; and as no one blames Mr. Cole for trying to get Mr. Laird supported, it is nothing but right that the other end of the District should have a Representative. We pledge ourselves to do our duty to Cole, and to help the Assembly as far as Otago Island, and to make it a truly Responsible Government. If eight or ten members of the Assembly get elected, it will be as great a compact as that of which we have lately got clear of. Let us stand by each other, and the victory is ours.

Your Obed. Servt.  
GEORGE BEER, jun.

Charlottetown, June 25, 1853.

## To the Electors of Charlottetown and Royalty.

A GENERAL ELECTION for Members to sit in Colonial Parliament will shortly take place, I am induced to offer myself as your candidate for the representation of this district. Towns.

I have to rest my claims for a renewal of your suffrages on a review of my conduct in the House of Assembly, as your Representative, for the past four years; and if it has, proved to be such as to warrant a continuance of your confidence, you rest assured that I shall pursue the same line of Policy and Principles as heretofore.

This, I think I may be permitted to say, with your accordance, that during the period I have been of representing you in the Assembly, I have never been guilty of any measure for the purpose of obstructing colonial legislation popularly, or voted against the interests of my constituents for the consideration of offices or emoluments.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,

With much respect,  
Your Obed. and Obit. Servt.

FRANCIS LONGWORTH.

Charlottetown, June 17th, 1853.

## To the Electors of the Second Electoral District of Prince County.

GENTLEMEN:

I AM induced, from the repeated solicitation of many of the most respectable influential Electors amongst you, to offer myself as a Candidate for your Suffrages at the approaching Election.

My object in thus making my intentions public through this medium is, because I have hitherto declined, when requested by many of you, to offer myself as a Candidate.

I may be permitted to say, that I believe I am independently acquainted with you all, and am satisfied that you are aware that it is not from any selfish or pecuniary motive that induces me to come forward.

As a native of the Colony, and one whose interests are inseparably connected with your own, it would be my highest aim to advance its best interest and prosperity. And, be assured Gentlemen, should you honor me with your confidence, nothing I trust on my part shall be wanting to advance the best interest of the Colony, and this my native district particularly.

I am, Gentlemen truly yours,

JAMES CAMPBELL.

Saint Georges, May 28, 1853.

To the Electors of Georgetown and Royalty.

GENTLEMEN:

I ENCOURAGED by the cordial promise of support which I have received from many of you, now offer myself as a Candidate for your suffrages at the approaching election.

Although I hold the office of Attorney General, I am unable to perceive why that should render me incompetent to represent you and your constituents; on the contrary, if informed by you, I am determined to do all I can, and will, to assist me I shall be prepared to advocate all sound liberal measures, calculated to benefit the country generally. I shall feel it to be an especial duty to see my legislative influence which my position may afford me, to advance the local interests of Georgetown and Royalty.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

JOSEPH HENSLEY.

June 16th, 1853.

To the Electors of Georgetown and Royalty.

GENTLEMEN:

I AM induced, from the forthcoming General Election, in consequence of the many generous offers of support which I received from my friends during my recent visit amongst you. I am no office-holder, and therefore I can represent you fearlessly and independently, without being shocked in my votes by the undue influence of the Government. The true interests of this my native country will never be studied or cared for, so long as the popular branch of the Legislature is composed of great officials, who are bound hand and foot to support the Government, and who, without exception, without exception, without exception, the views of their constituents upon the subject. Under such a despotic system, a Member of the House of Assembly is not the People's servant, but the Government's willing slave. Should I obtain, for the third time, the distinguished honor of being returned as one of your Representatives to the Colonial Parliament, rest assured I will be second to none in attempting to carry out all measures that may have the slightest tendency to advance the prosperity and local improvement of Georgetown and Royalty.

I remain, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

T. HEATH HAVILAND.

June 10, 1853.

To the Electors of the Second District of Queen's County.

GENTLEMEN:

I AM induced to offer myself as a Candidate for your suffrages at the forthcoming General Election, in consequence of the many generous offers of support which I received from my friends during my recent visit amongst you. I am no office-holder, and therefore I can represent you fearlessly and independently, without being shocked in my votes by the undue influence of the Government. The true interests of this my native country will never be studied or cared for, so long as the popular branch of the Legislature is composed of great officials, who are bound hand and foot to support the Government, and who, without exception, without exception, without exception, the views of their constituents upon the subject. Under such a despotic system, a Member of the House of Assembly is not the People's servant, but the Government's willing slave. Should I obtain, for the third time, the distinguished honor of being returned as one of your Representatives to the Colonial Parliament, rest assured I will be second to none in attempting to carry out all measures that may have the slightest tendency to advance the prosperity and local improvement of Georgetown and Royalty.

I remain, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

T. HEATH HAVILAND.

July 2, 1853.

To the Tenantry on that part of Lot or Township No. 15, the Property of the Undersigned.

I TAKE NOTICE that we have this day revoked

I made and gave to a captain, Mr. Foul, or Power of Attorney, made and given to me by James Yeo, Esq., of Port Hill, bearing date the Fifth day of February, One thousand Eight hundred and Fifty two, and that we have resumed the management of the said Property ourselves. All sums due, therefore, due to us for Rent, or arrears of Rent, by you, our tenant, have been required to be paid as soon as possible.

Dated at Charlottetown, the second day of June 1853.

ELLEN STEWART.

MARY STEWART.

MARGARET STEWART.

Charlotte July 2, 1853.

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Dated at Charlottetown, the second day of June 1853.

THOMAS D. DESHERAY & CO.

CHARLOTTETOWN, JANUARY, 1853.

HAVE just received, per late arrivals from London, Dublin, United States and Halifax, their Supplies for the Season, comprising, in the whole, on Extensive and varied Assortment of DRUGS & CHEMICALS, BRUSSES, COMBS, SOAPS, and other Toilet requisites; POWDER, OILS, COLOURS, and Dye Stuffs; FRUITS, SPICES, CONFECTIONERY, Medicated and other LOZENGES; with all the Patent Medicines in repute, and every other article usually kept at similar Establishments in Great Britain (See Apothecaries Hall Directory). The whole of which they can with confidence recommend to the public, and, if quality be considered, at as low, if not lower prices, than they can be procured in the market.

By Order,

J. B. COOPER, Druggist.

CHARLOTTETOWN, March 17, 1853.

PAPER HANGINGS

JUST RECEIVED, per Sir Alexander, 2000

Pieces of the cheviot from Scotland to per piece.

DANIEL DAVIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, June 5, 1853. Dr.

MONEY TO LEND.

ENQUIRE at the Office of CHARLES PALMER,

Esq., Charlottetown, or

FRANCIS BELL, Green, King's Arms, No. 10, Esq.,

CHARLOTTETOWN, April 10, 1853.

Two Horses for sale.

Apply to J. W. CARRE, Charlottetown, or

FRANCIS BELL, Green, King's Arms, No. 10, Esq.,

CHARLOTTETOWN, April 10, 1853.

NOTICE.

THE TENANTS on Township Number Sixteen and Twenty-four, in this Island, the property of The Right Honourable Lawrence Talbot, are hereby required to make immediate payment of all arrears of rent due by them, otherwise proceedings will be commenced for the recovery thereof.

GEORGE T. HASZARD, Agent.

CHARLOTTETOWN, April 10, 1853.

WILLIAM FORGAN,

CHARLOTTETOWN, April 10, 1853.

Established

Haszard

GEORGE T. HASZARD,

Established

Haszard

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