

Births, Marriages, Deaths

DIED.

BODKIN.—In Delaware township, Wednesday, July 19, 1899, Sarah, relict of the late Wm. Bodkin, age 85 years.
Funeral Friday, July 21, at 1 o'clock, from her late residence. Friends and acquaintances will kindly accept this intimation.

Amusements and Lectures

Baseball Championship

Wednesday and Thursday, July 19 and 20.
LONDON VS. GUELPH.

Game called at 4 p.m. 100m

Moonlight Excursion to Port Stanley

Thursday, July 20, under auspices of Y. M. C. A. Band, Guitars and Banjo Club. Trains leave depot at 8:15 and 9:50. Round trip tickets 60c, at De la Hock's or Y. M. C. A.
Music by the club. 98k

GROVER'S EXCURSION, NIAGARA

Full, Wednesday, July 26, via Michigan Central. Special fast train, first-class coaches. Leave London 7 a.m. Fare \$1.75. Good for two days. 1000b

KEEP COOL BY TAKING A

Swim in the swimming pond at Shipp's Springs. Cole & Edmonds. 22vt

TO LET—SPRUCE GLEN—PORT STANLEY

Large, shady lawn. For furnished rooms apply Mrs. Mothersill, Port Stanley. 90n 22v

BICYCLE RACES, BALL GAME, AND

Harpers at Tecumseh Park, Saturday afternoon. Best sport of the season. b

1899 THE POINT FARM, GODEFRICH

is open for the season. J. J. Wright Prop. 92h 12

VOICE CULTURE

EVA N. ROBLYN.
Studio, Mordheimers rooms. Residence, No. 320 Dundas street. Concert engagements. Telephone 1274. 21

8,000 READERS OF THE ADVERTISER

are informed that the newly-fitted steamer *Parisian*, of the Allan Line, will sail Montreal to Liverpool, Thursday, August 3, after being in the ship yard six months. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser. 90n

BOAT EXCURSIONS TO MONTREAL VIA

the favorite steamers *Persia* and *Ocean*, sail from Hamilton and Toronto every Tuesday and Saturday, pass the rapids and Thousand Islands in daylight. Montreal to Liverpool, morning 1 a.m. for Quebec. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser, agent. 90n

RACING MEN WHO INTEND TO TAKE

part in coming meets in Tecumseh Park can secure positions for training privileges for entire season, for one dollar, by applying to Jas. McCormick, care Dayton & McCormick, or care of R. C. Struthers & Co. 90n

Fleetings.

I. O. O. F.—DOMINION LODGE, No. 48, this (Wednesday) evening. Regular meeting. Visitors invited. Geo. Arnett, N.G.; Thos. D. Hastings, R.S. b

Domestics Wanted.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT—APPLY at 327 Queen's avenue. 1c

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with light housework. Apply Mrs. F. Plant, 790 Queen's avenue. 1c

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply immediately 454 Talbot street. 1c

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT—APPLY 435 Colborne street. 1c

WANTED TWO THOROUGHLY COMPETENT general servants for Port Stanley. Apply Wednesday afternoon or evening or Thursday morning, 325 King street. 100c

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Good wages, no washing. Apply 988 Dufferin avenue. 100ft

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 267 Wellington street. 90c

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT, TO go to Chatham. References required. Apply to Mrs. C. S. Hyman, Grand avenue, South London. 90c

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT—APPLY Wellington House. 90ft

WANTED—AT ONCE, A GOOD KITCHEN girl. Apply Central House. 90n

Male Help Wanted.

WANTED—LABORERS AT MCORMICK Manufacturing Company's building. Apply on premises. 90n

WANTED—PORTER—AT ONCE—AT Richmond House. H. Peice, proprietor. b

WANTED—BOYS AT SMITH'S CONFECTIONERY, 140 Wootley road, wholesale and retail confectioner. 90c

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OR BOY to deliver milk in the city and work on farm. Apply to D. S. Ferguson, Odell, P. O. 90n

MEN—OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE explains how we teach barefooted in eight weeks. Mailed free. Moier Barber College, Chicago, Ill. 90n

Female Help Wanted

WANTED—NURSE GIRL—230 WATER-100 street. 100c

WANTED—GIRLS—NOT LESS THAN 18 years of age. Apply McCormick Mfg. Co. b

Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD HORSE, SUITABLE for heavy wagon. B. F. Brighton, St. James Park Bakery, 12 o'clock; after, at residence on Emery street. 90c

WANTED—GOOD DRIVING HORSE—Apply Thursday or Saturday, Sanborn & Tebbelock, Bell Piano Warehouses, 183 Dundas street (Anderson's Book Store). 80ft

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GENTLE MEN'S cast-off clothing. A. P. Sainsbury, 90 King street. Mail orders attended to. 90n

Viavi Treatment.

VIIVI TREATMENT—MRS. L. STEIN, 547 Talbot street; at home Saturdays. 90n

They Do Not All Know

That it is a wasteful policy to invest money in anything but reliable goods.

Everybody knows there's a world of difference in clothes. But only those who have had the experience are conscious of the fact that any old thing looks good when it is new. Some suits of clothing will outwear three or four others, and they will look better than the fourth that is made of shoddy. It pays, and pays well, to invest in good clothes. The so-called cheap article is seldom cheap. It is when a reliable firm, such as Deeks & Munson are known to be, offer to sell at largely-reduced figures in order to make room for the coming season's goods, that real bargains may be had.

393 Richmond Street.

Telephone 1321.

CASH CONQUERS

In buying Shoes, just the same as in anything else.

We Guarantee

To give better value at a smaller price than any other shoe house in Western Ontario. We buy and sell for cash only. We keep our books, and have no losses. You get the benefit.

Women's Dongola Kid, buttoned and laced, all shapes; kid and patent tips \$1.00
Men's Solid Leather Working Shoes 90
Men's Solid Leather Gaiters, plain and foxed 1.00
Boys' Box Calf, laced, riveted soles, pointed toe 85

J. P. Cook,
173 Dundas Street.

Your money back if you want it.

Lost and Found.

DOG LOST—SUNDAY LAST—ENGLISH Harrier, marked black and white; answers name of Chief. Reward by leaving at 67 Dundas street, or Advertiser. 1u

LOST—ON CLARENCE STREET, QUEEN'S avenue, Dundas or Richmond—Lady's belt with turquoise buckle. Finder kindly leave at 575 Clarence street or Advertiser office. b

LOST—MONDAY—A LADY'S SILVER watch and chain. Reward on returning to this office. 1u

STRAYED—ON PREMISES, LOT 11, CON. 2, London township, two-year-old roan heifer. Norman Fish, Arva, Ont. 90c

LOST—ONE 2-YEAR OLD HEIFER—Dehorned, part Jersey, light colored. Finder please notify Norman Fish, Arva, Ont. 90c

Real Estate.

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP—EASY terms. Lots in Central avenue, east Adelaide. Good location to build cottages to rent. Apply 388 Adelaide street. 10u 12

FARM FOR SALE IN WESTMINSTER—105 acres, first-class improvements, 5 miles from London. Apply Joseph McDougall, Pond Mills, Ont. 90n

FOR SALE—BRICK VENEER COTTAGE—East of city limits, situated on Homer street, near Hamilton road. Apply Lewis Clark, 328 Beatty street, or this office. b

FOR SALE—NICE RESIDENCE, WILLIAM street, all modern appointments. Apply A. N. Udy, over C. P. R. ticket office. 90n

\$100 A YEAR WILL PURCHASE A fifty-acre farm in the township of Dawn, county of Lambton, or will exchange same for city property. Tennent, McDougall & Colbridge, London. b

Articles For Sale.

FOR SALE—AMERICAN CORN NOW arriving. Six Slater's storage bins, east York street. \$14 (fourteen dollars) per ton. 1c

FOR SALE—PONY AND OUTFIT—APPLY 428 Piccadilly street. 100k yxvt

TENTS FOR SALE OR TO RENT, in first-class condition. A. P. Sainsbury, 90 King street. 90n

FOR SALE—COMET BICYCLE—In splendid condition. \$15 cash. 649 Waterloo street. 90c

COAL AND WOOD—GOOD HARD WOOD C and mixed summer wood, cheap; the best hard coal, and smokeless coal guaranteed equal to or better than Pocahontas coal, at a low price. Green & Co., corner William and Bathurst streets. Phone 1301. b

BUGGIES, PHAETONS AND GLAD STONES exchanged on Palmerston bug gies. Selling for what they will bring. Great bargains this month. Stringer's, 141 King street. 90n

BEST HARD COAL AND WOOD DELIV-ERED. In all parts of the city. W. G. Eadey, 771 Dundas street. Phone 1134. b

DIAMONDS REMOUNTED AND OLD jewelry made up-to-date at small expense J. T. Westland, 260 Richmond street, upstairs. 90n

HIGH-GRADE BICYCLE PEDALS, 85c a pair. Repairing, enameling and painting at lowest prices. D. McKenzle & Co., 374 Richmond street. 90n

PIGEONS FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—"Homer's" specialty. Apply for particulars, Box 138, this office. 45ft

FOR SALE—ONE SQUARE PIANO ON easy terms, quantity second-hand stoves and ranges, bedroom sets, sideboards, extension tables. Parish's store, 807 Talbot street, south market. b

FOR SALE—SUMMER WOOD—AT THE "Hornbill" saw. Bathurst street. Call or phone 244, and try a load. D. R. Gillies & Co. 90c

300 YARDS RAG CARPET AT 30c AND 35c a yard. Keene Bros. Cash Bargain Furniture Store, 127 King street. 90n

KEENE'S MARBONIC TEMPLE, IS THE cheapest place to buy stoves or furniture. Large stock on hand. 90n

ONE HEINTZMAN & CO. PIANO, UP-RIGHT, 74 octaves, slightly used, at a bargain. Heintzman Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence. 90n

MERRY BELLS—WE MAKE BELLS and Brass Work. Our Bell metal is equal to any, and cannot be beat. John Law, 112 Clarence street, London. 90n

Houses, Etc., To Let.

TO LET—TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE—modern conveniences, ten rooms, 355 Prince's avenue. Apply W. Taylor, 24 Hyman street. 1c

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE—EVERY CON-VENIENCE, in first-class repair. C. D. Johnston, 126 Dundas street. 1c

TO LET—STORE 189 DUNDAS STREET—Apply R. Short, 673 York street. 90n

TO LET—OFFICE ON GROUND FLOOR, and basement 40x20. Apply on premises, 338 Clarence street. 80ft

TO LET—THE UNION FURNITURE VAN. Have your furniture carefully handled. John Bage, Cathcart street, South London, late of London Furniture Co. 90n

Board and Lodging.

ROOMS TO LET—APPLY 245 RICHMOND, corner Horton. 100n

Miscellaneous.

THE LONDON CARPET-CLEANING Works—Carpets cleaned and relaid and every carpet disinfected. Jas. S. Shaw, Phone 1308. 90n

Business Chances.

GROCERY BUSINESS—SMALL STOCK, good stand. Good chance, reasonable rent. Apply Box 17, this office. 1k

Business Cards.

GEORGE MCGUIRE, 90 DUNDAS STREET, plumber, etc. Estimates furnished on application. 90n

DODD & CO.—PRACTICAL BUILDERS and carpenters and joiners. Jobbing and repairing promptly attended to. Shop 155 Fuller-street. 90n

Defaming the City.

The Free Press, in its editorial of today, writes as if it had just arisen after a late supper overnight on indigestible viands, and was still suffering from the effects of nightmare. It actually loses its head sufficiently to argue that the bringing in of outside militia "was warrantable from the fact that the city was threatened with an anarchistic uprising on a scale which the civil power could not attempt to control." In its crazy comments, our contemporary goes on to say, "the war" was plainly to be an onslaught on property, with all the consequences possible to issue from a popular outburst of passion." It then proceeds to lecture the clergymen of the city for having failed "to grasp what this means," etc.

Our contemporary would be injurious to the city, were it not making itself ridiculous, in talking as if the great mass of orderly, law-abiding citizens of this beautiful and prosperous city were "anarchists." In a city in which to a greater extent than any other, the masses of the people own the houses in which they live, such talk about "anarchy" is childish in the extreme.

Nor need our headless contemporary be too much alarmed about the safety and value of property in our pleasant city. In no city in the world is property safer than amidst our own English-speaking homogeneous population. We do not know of any persons in London who desire property to be without its due protection, even though they may not fall down and worship it, like Tennyson's "Northern Farmer."

"Doesn't thou 'ear my erse's legs, as they canters away?" Property, property, property—that's what I 'ears 'em say."

And what shall be said of our contemporary's lecture to the clergymen of the city? Simply, that our contemporary is again talking nonsense. If our clergymen as a whole have had any fault—and we are not sitting in judgment—it has not been the fault of holding up in their true light the mistakes and misdoings of the London Street Railway Company. In Old London, some years ago, on the occasion of the great dockmen's strike, the greatest English clergymen of the day, Protestant and Catholic, remembering that Christ himself had been a carpenter, did not hesitate to side strongly with the men against monopoly. We do not say our local clergymen should declare all the fault to be on the one side; but there would be propriety rather than the opposite in their insisting on a settlement on the Christian principle of full and fair arbitration.

More Light Needed.

As will be seen in another column, the Police Commissioners have declined to make investigation into the causes of the resignation of Sergeant Jenkins, or the condition of the police force generally. Though the police Commissioners sat for more than two hours, only a few details of the discussion have been furnished. This is unfortunate, both for the commissioners and the public, and illustrates once more that all public bodies should be open to representatives of the press. Even now, the meetings are not actually confined to the commissioners. The chief of police, as a sort of secretary, is always present. One can understand that the chief should be allowed near by, so that he could be brought in when required; but there might often be matters affecting members of the force, or for that matter an occasional complaint against the chief himself, that could be dealt with but awkwardly with a person not a commissioner insisting on always being present. One could imagine cases, too, in which the interests of faithful men might depend on the personal liking or otherwise of the fourth unauthorized member of a secret board.

The Advertiser is more than ever impressed with the absolute necessity, in the public interests, for all meetings of public bodies and committees being thrown open to the press.

TENDERS.

BULK TENDERS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF

Brick Valve House,

on Evergreen avenue, will be received at this office, where plans and specifications may be seen up to 4 o'clock, on Thursday, July 20.

A. O. GRAYDON, A.L.D. P. McPHILLIPS, City Engineer, Ch. Sewerage Com. 212 yx

May End the Crisis For

The Teeth

Use the most refreshing, agreeable and beneficial dentifrice ever placed before the public.

Odontine (Cairncross & Lawrence) is a delightful substitute for tooth powder. Keeps the teeth pearly white, the breath sweet, the gums healthy, and prevents decay.

Odontine is recommended by dentists and physicians as the ideal dentifrice. Price, 25 cents. Every bottle of the genuine bears the name of Cairncross & Lawrence.

THE CASE OF JOHN DARE

The Man Who Turned the Street

Railway Switch.

Superintendent Potter Says Cars Were Damaged \$2,000—Dare Committed for Trial—Other Cases.

Another lengthy session of the police court was held this morning before Magistrate Parke.

John Dare was charged with misdemeanor in obstructing the free running of the London Street Railway on Saturday, July 8.

Percy Cassidy, non-union motorman, sworn, said that some days previous to that date Dare had made a proposal to him to quit the employ of the company. Dare had asked him to run his car into the barn on Saturday at 12:30. He agreed to run the car in, but said he would force no one else to. He saw Chairman Garnett and Richard Westby, another of the striking employees, at Adelaide street, about 9:30 in the morning. Garnett crossed in front of the car and dropped a note to run the car to the barn, and picked up the note and read it, and then handed it to him to read. At 11:20 he again saw Garnett, in company with James Westbrook, on Dundas street. He and Dare went off duty at 1:04 p.m.

Constable Rowland Johnston was on duty on July 8. He knew Dare by sight, and had seen him at the corner of Dundas and Lyle streets. He saw Dare turn the switch at Lyle street, to run the cars into the barn, and the crowd cheered.

W. H. Laughlin, non-union motorman, was riding on car 64. When the car came west from the fair grounds loop, the switch was turned to run the car to the barn. The car was run in but Superintendent Potter was at the barn and ordered it out again.

Superintendent Potter, sworn, was at the barn on the 8th inst. There had been no order for the cars to be run to the barn. He gave the order for them to go out again. Dare had no authority to order the cars run into the barn. He should judge that the damage done to the cars would total \$2,500 or \$3,000. Some seven employees of the company were more or less injured by the stone-throwing.

Manager Carr gave evidence that Dare had no authority to run the cars in.

Dare was committed for trial.

The case of William Nelson, charged with rioting and assault, was enlarged until tomorrow.

The case of Robert Hueston, charged with immorality and driving an adulterous car for a week, Mr. Hueston being out of the city.

Frank Brown was charged with the same offense. Enlarged for a week.

Heaman was charged with unlawfully obstructing cars, and adjourned for a week. P. C. Howie was charged with Sunday, July 9. He was standing with a crowd on Lyle street, and did not move when told to do so by an officer. P. C. Tuke was the complainant. Heaman was fined \$2.

Thomas Stevens, a man about 70 years of age, was also charged with obstructing the street on Tuesday, 11th inst. P. C. Howie was the complainant. He had told Stevens to move on, but he did not go. He asked him his name, and Stevens told him he had none. He asked him where he lived, and he told him he did not live at all. The defendant said he stood on the corner only about two minutes, talking to Mr. Gale, an old friend. P. C. Howie grabbed him by the collar and took him to the station. He would not speak to a dog the way Howie spoke to him. Mr. Stevens has been a citizen of London for over 40 years, and was never in court before.

Mr. Enoch Gale, who was talking to Mr. Stevens, swore that they were not standing over two minutes, and that there was no crowd around. Mr. Gale said it was petty persecution to grab a man and drag him through the streets like Officer Howie did. It was a shabby, contemptible trick. He had lived in London 50 years, and never saw such an outrage.

Stevens was fined \$2.

A drunk was discharged.

Sarnia

...Gasoline

—WITH—

Quick Meal Stoves.

Greatest summer comfort. Will do all a range can do. Quick. No work, dust, dirt nor ashes. Every kitchen in Canada should have one. Quarter cost of any other fuel. Write us for particulars.

The Queen City Oil Co., Limited,

TORONTO.

Samuel Rogers, president.

Call up London branch. Phone 1,240.

Transvaal Parliament Adopts Franchise Reform.

Great Importance Attached to the Action of the Raad.

Remarkable Scene in the Senate at Madrid.

Progress of the Peace Conference at The Hague.

The Kaiser's Visit to England—Hitch in the Arrangements—Milan's Little Game.

London, June 19.—The Times this morning says: "The government attaches the highest importance to the Volksraad's seven-year proposal, which is regarded as practically ending the crisis."

The Volksraad resumed discussion of the franchise bill yesterday. The trend of debate favored seven-years' retrospective franchises. Replying to a question, President Kruger reviewed the Bloemfontein conference, and said that the proposals of Sir Alfred Milner, governor of Cape Colony and British high commissioner of South Africa, were too wide, but that the alteration from nine to seven years was only a slight difference, and for reasons of honesty and righteousness he (President Kruger) recommended the alteration, which would not be endangered thereby, but would gain the applause of the world.

The Volksraad, in secret session, ultimately adopted the seven-years' franchise proposition.

SCENE IN THE SPANISH SENATE.

A scene occurred in the Spanish Senate yesterday. Several delegations of women, having relatives among the prisoners in the hands of the Filipinos, sought an audience with Senator Silveira, the premier, who had them conducted to the galleries of the senate, where Count d'Almeida drew a lamentable picture of the sufferings of the prisoners, which aroused frequent outbursts of sobbing from the women. Count d'Almeida blamed the American authorities and the Spanish Government for the plight of the unhappy Senator Silveira, in defending the government, said that although the United States had at first placed obstacles in the way, they were now endeavoring to assist in the liberation of the prisoners. For the sake of prudence, and in order not to hamper the negotiations now in progress, the premier declined to say anything regarding the steps being taken to accomplish that end.

MILAN'S LITTLE GAME.

London, July 19.—According to the Daily Mail's London correspondent, absolute confirmation has been obtained that ex-King Milan of Serbia himself planned the sham attempt upon his life recently made, for political purposes. The correspondent also says that the Austrian Government has decided to invite Milan to voluntarily exile himself from Serbia in order to prevent further trouble.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

The sub-committee of the arbitration committee of the peace conference met yesterday afternoon to draft the amendments demanded at the last session of the plenary committee. It is understood that Capt. Alfred H. Mahan, one of the American delegates, has decided to withdraw his proposed amendments to the scheme for adapting the Geneva convention to naval wars, owing to objections on the part of Great Britain and other powers.

THE KAISER'S OUTING.

According to the Daily Chronicle, Emperor William wished to come to London to attend Queen's birthday ceremonies, intending to spend some time in this country, but his visit was considered inopportune. Being piqued at this, his majesty refused to come for the Cowes yachting week, which was considered a more favorable time for his visit.

GRAVE PULL OF BRICKS.

People were growing tired of dukedom and earldom claimant cases, when two fresh ones bobbed up—claims to the dukedom of Hamilton and the earldom of Buchan—which are creating a sensation in Scotland. Colin Gunn Hamilton, claiming the dukedom, was chased out of Arran, and is now in Glasgow working up his case. He claims he is the supposed dead Lord Charles Hamilton, whose burial was a bogus one, and that the grave is full of bricks. The case is to come before the courts shortly, and is expected to be a prolonged one. Two claimants to the earldom of Buchan have come to an arrangement. Erskine, the claimant, is to stand aside, while Milton Bradford, a London solicitor, has his try; then, failing him, Erskine will have a shot for the title.

OUT OF SIGHT.

Work has been begun upon the construction of a passage from the cell of Capt. Dreyfus to the hall in which the court-martial before which he is to be tried, will sit. This will enable the prisoner to escape the annoyance of observation by the curious.

SENSATIONAL MURDER TRIAL.

The most sensational murder trial that has occurred in Hungary during this century ended on Monday in the district criminal court of Temesvar. Nine women and three men, all residents of the little town of Szabely, in Southern Hungary, were charged with having murdered their respective husbands, wives and sweethearts, with arsenic. The main instigator of all the crimes is supposed to be George Korin, the village druggist. Dr. Johann Mayer, the village physician, who was also on trial, accused of being the practical accomplice of the druggist, has been acquitted. One hundred and twenty witnesses testified during this remarkable trial, and it was thought the accused would be sentenced to death, but none received the extreme penalty. Marie Nikoden, the widow, who was convicted of having murdered two husbands successively, was sentenced to imprisonment for life at hard labor, while the other women were let

London Advertiser.

(ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1881.)

Managing Director and Editor, John Cameron

London, Wednesday, July 19, 1899.

The Summer Holidays.

Londoners going away on vacation may have their favorite paper—the Advertiser—sent to their temporary residence, without extra charge. Leave your address in the business office.

The Premier's Inadequate Salary.

The Montreal Gazette (Conservative) generously suggests that the salary of the Prime Minister should be increased. The question is not a new one, but it has been brought to the front again by the discussion of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's private affairs in the House of Commons. The Premier, to refute a mean slander, was obliged to disclose that he had to borrow money to enable him to purchase a residence at Ottawa. Many of the social functions which devolve on a premier are inseparable from his public post and entail an expense which his official salary is barely able to meet. Unless he has an independent income, he is put in an unjust and perhaps embarrassing position in trying to maintain the social honors of his station.

Sir John Macdonald, after a lifetime in the country's service, was by no means a rich man. Sir John Thompson died absolutely poor, and parliament, without a dissenting voice, voted his wife and children a substantial provision for the future. It was an act of public gratitude and public duty. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, by his devotion to politics, sacrificed a lucrative professional career. It is said a number for his personal friends recently undertook to raise privately a testimonial of \$100,000, in order to lift him above private anxieties. There are illustrious precedents for such a step both in British and Canadian public life; but it is understood the Premier has declined the proffered honor. It would be more creditable to the Dominion if its first Minister were given decent remuneration, so that if he happened to be a poor man he would not have financial worries superadded to the cares of his office which, in all conscience, are heavy enough. The Premier's salary of \$8,000 per year is far less than is paid to many men who manage banks, railways, and other business and financial institutions, and who have nothing like the social obligations imposed on a Cabinet Minister.

This is a matter which should be handled with delicate consideration for the Premier's feelings. Rather than be thought self-seeking, he would reject any proposal to increase his allowance. It would be a graceful act on the part of an Opposition member to move at the next session of Parliament that the salary be raised after the next general election. There would be no chance to make party capital out of such a motion. No self-respecting Canadian would raise an objection.

An English Expert on the Klondike.

A most interesting and exhaustive report on the Klondike by an English expert, A. N. C. Treadgold, M. A. (late scholar of Hertford College, Oxford), has been published by George N. Morang & Co., Toronto. Mr. Treadgold was the special commissioner of The Mining Journal, Railway and Commercial Gazette, of London, England. He appears to have gathered a vast amount of information, which is presented in clear, readable form, and in terms which show him to be a technical authority on mining. His report is illustrated by two maps, and by numerous diagrams and sketches. It is a most valuable addition to our information on Canadian resources and the favorable picture of conditions in the Yukon, which it presents must stimulate British interest and confidence in that great country.

Mr. Treadgold devotes a chapter to the administration of the Yukon, and throws a flood of light on the real source of the "grievances" and complaints which have reached eastern Canada in such a loud chorus. He thus defines the various groups and sections at Dawson camp:

1. The old-timers, used in the past to govern themselves, largely Americans, inclined to regard the Canadian Canadian civil organization as needless, yet seldom heard on any subject save royalty; on that eloquent as on other "crown reservations."

2. The checkalos or new-comers of this year, all of course, chagrined to find that officials and old-timers had not reserved a claim for each of their 20,000 on the best part of Eldorado or Dominion, but, except for this fact, easy to distinguish into:

(a) Australians, excellent fellows and good miners, used to laws of their own, and not always liking to have to obey the Canadian laws, complaining for some time because "they had not been told that the Klondike was mostly staked out, but after a time settling down to work, pushing further afield and doing well.

(b) British Columbians, also accus-

tomed to laws of their own, convinced that the Yukon ought to figure as part of British Columbia, the mining province of the Dominion; yet I never heard one of them suggest that Yukon claims (250 feet) should be reduced to the length of British Columbia claims (100 feet).

(c) Genuine miners, of whatever nationality, in considerable numbers with genuine grievances, partly remediable, partly not.

(d) A crowd of professional men and traders and "superior persons," all wanting claims, and expecting from the officials special facilities for acquiring claims. Some of them had been forbidden to practice law or medicine without Canadian diplomas. Many were adepts at "skimming" a new country, and hated to find that concessions from Ottawa barred their way in their quest for timber, firewood, hay, and rights of various kinds as for telephones, ferries, etc.

(e) Scum of all classes and trades and nations, ready to do or say anything for dollars and for the privilege to loaf at Dawson, especially dangerous to the newspaper correspondent, whom they frequently beguiled with their loud-voiced complaint that there was nothing left for the "free miner," that "the officials kept all for themselves," etc., that the poor man had no chance of getting his letter or his record of a claim," etc.

A perusal of the above, Mr. Treadgold truly says, will show how plentiful a crop of grievances could be collected by a correspondent with an aptitude for the garbage of a mining camp, and without that power of perspective which is so necessary, and yet so difficult to exercise in hurried letter-writing. "It is beyond question," he adds, "that 'grievances' and 'scandals' were made on the outside to assume an importance which they never possessed in the Klondike itself."

Mr. Treadgold proceeds to enumerate the genuine grievances of the Klondike among which he classes: 1. Unequal taxation. 2. Want of publicity of claim records. 3. Want of surveys. 4. Certain defects in the mining laws. 5. Want of roads. 6. Want of adequate mail service and delivery of mail. 7. Want of recording officials on every creek. Mr. Treadgold says these grievances have been exaggerated by critics. A glance at the list reveals the need of time and of a whole army of trained officials, with an unlimited purse, to effect the remedy. The writer points out that the phenomenal growth of the camp, the sudden volume of business, and the fact that Canada is new to mining, made it hard for any officials to cope with the conditions in Dawson City, especially as the officials have to learn their business as they go on. He saw little that could not be made smooth by a telegraph wire to Ottawa, and a few changes in the mining laws. The telegraph line, which is now being erected, is the easiest step by which the Government can foster the mining interests of the country. Mr. Treadgold discusses the royalty at length, and recommends that the taxes be spread over all classes and industries, instead of falling almost exclusively on the mining interests. The latter owe a very great debt to the Dominion for the security of person and property enjoyed in the Yukon; but the writer fears that the royalty may retard the development of the country by making capital slow to move into it.

However one may differ from Mr. Treadgold's conclusions, he reaches them by fair and reasonable argument. He gives the Dominion Government and the Yukon administration credit for the best intentions. He spurns as utterly base the attacks on the character of men like Major Walsh and Mr. Thos. Fawcett. "There is not a man living," he says, "who dare openly suggest that either of them was corrupt." Evidently Mr. Treadgold had not heard of Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper. The legitimate grievances, he insists, arose from the inefficiency of two departments—the postoffice and the record office—but inexperience, and not corruption, was the cause. Since Mr. Treadgold's visit, these defects have been remedied, and we now hear little complaint from Dawson City.

So many people lose their lives every year through not being able to swim that there is a disposition in many places to have children taught the swimming art along with their ordinary school studies. In Boston, any child under 15 years of age is entitled to be taught to swim at the public bathing place. This teaching will be given two hours daily, and one hour before and one hour after high tide on the beaches. The instructors are experts, and will teach the children the plain swimming stroke by the most scientific methods, leaving the little ones to pick up the fancy strokes as they see fit. The idea in view is to enable every child to save himself or herself from drowning when beyond depth. Later in the season there will be special instruction in life-saving work. The Bostonians exhibit wisdom. The proper time to learn to swim is in early youth. Then it is so easy; later in life, it is generally very difficult. In China, among the residents on the houseboats, every child is taught to swim almost as soon as it can walk, and thus, though often falling overboard, few children ever lose their lives. The same methods are

pursued among the hardy fishermen of the Bahamas. When a child is thus taught to swim in early years, he never forgets it. He insures himself against drowning under almost every condition in which he may be placed.

Better News From South Africa.

The news from London and Pretoria is more cheering. The action of the Raad in conceding the franchise to Uitlanders who have been seven years in the Transvaal has apparently averted a crisis and cleared up the situation in South Africa. At the recent conference between Sir Alfred Milner, the British Commissioner, and President Kruger, the latter flatly refused to consider the retroactive principle, except under restrictions which Sir Alfred could not entertain. Since then the President has come to his senses, under the moral pressure of British war preparations. The seven-year term approved by the Raad on Mr. Kruger's recommendation, will likely be accepted by the British Government as a reasonable compromise. A large number of Uitlanders will at once reach the status of citizenship and exercise the power of the ballot, which has been hitherto denied them. The Boers have a presentiment that the foreigners will use the franchise eventually to vote away the independence of the republic.

They are right. The Uitlanders already outnumber the Boers, and in time will so utterly swamp them that political control must pass from the minority to the majority. It is a stage in the natural process of evolution which is shaping another great confederation under the British flag in South Africa.

Tennyson's famous phrase, "The eternal want of peace which vexes public men," seems to fit the Canadian Premiers exactly.

The Toronto Telegram says the street car disturbance in Toronto some years ago was a hundred times as bad as the disturbance here. Very true. But Toronto escaped humiliation because the disturbance did not enter the heads of the local authorities.

One of the aldermen who is now "hedging" on the strike question, has been the loudest denouncer of the Street Railway Company for years, and during the trouble last October declared that the Company had broken nearly every clause of the agreement, and that there was little use in asking them to carry out the clause which required them to provide a complete service. The Company and the City Council have been at loggerheads for years, and the Council have little reason to show the Company any leniency.

The American war correspondents at Manila have declared war on Gen. Otis, the American commander, who has been slaughtering their dispatches. The general has hitherto been far more successful in suppressing the truth than in suppressing the Filipinos, but the facts have now leaked out, and it looks as if the general's health will require him to be sent home. The American people are sick and tired of the way the war is dragging. The Administration will have to take vigorous measures to stamp out the insurrection, or the people will soon demand the reason why.

What Others Say.

Laurier's Poverty. [Hamilton Herald.] Laurier refuses to become an object of charity, but chooses rather to remain in honorable poverty—that is, comparative poverty.

The Situation Summarized. [Toronto Telegram.] Aguinaldo is talking like George Washington while Uncle Sam is fighting like George III, and a Bunker Hill may yet diversify the scenery of the Philippines.

The Premier's House. [Hamilton Herald.] The opposition in the Dominion House of Commons is guilty of pretty small business when it compels the head of the government to enter into a detailed explanation of his personal affairs in order to show that he has not accepted a bribe from a wealthy contractor.

Of course, Mr. Taylor accepted the premier's statement, but made a shuffling excuse for his own blunder in having brought the matter before the house. It had, he said, been common talk on the streets of Ottawa. Is it not a humiliating confession of the house to make that he made a common rumor the basis of a serious charge against the head of the government?

Judges Should Be Circumspect. [Woodstock Sentinel-Review.] The attitude of some of the occupants of judicial and magisterial positions towards the public suggests that it might be an improvement on the present system if these officials were appointed for a term of years instead of for life. They would probably then realize, what some of them seem to forget now, that they do not own the community which they are supposed to serve. But of course they would be somewhat of a departure from a system which is strongly en-

Light and Shade.

ACCOUNTING FOR THE SHORT-AGE. "Brimble seems to have a good deal more money than brains. 'Yes, all he inherited from his father was the money.'—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Noel Little—Fuddy says a good thing, occasionally. Bryton Early—Yes; but one gets tired hearing it.

Deacon Skinner—Wal, Silas, our church got struck by lightning last night, and it'll cost \$50 to repair the steeple. Deacon Grider—Wal, then, by heifer! we'll take it out of the parson's salary! I knew suthin' or other would happen after them free and easy sermons he's been preaching lately.

Mrs. Crabshaw—My husband is very angry because he didn't print the speech he delivered at the mass meeting. Mrs. Crawford—Did they ignore him altogether? Mrs. Crabshaw—Worse than that. His name appeared among the "also spoken."—Boston Herald.

"I cannot sing the old songs," So trilled a vocal dame, Yet all the neighbors went to note She tried 'em just the same.

Of Local Interest. To all who have felt the evil effects of deranged kidneys is the assurance that Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are meeting with enormous sale and unparalleled success in this district. Backaches and aching kidneys, where Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are known. One cent a dose. 25 cents a box, at all dealers.

Phone 1046

THE RUNIANS, GRAY, CARRIE CO.

Phone 1046

ON Wednesday we close at 1 o'clock and our employees spend the afternoon at their own sweet will. In order to make this half holiday a success we ask the public to assist, by making their purchases early in the day.

EXTRA SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY.

2,300 yards Printed English Cambric, 32 inches wide, in Dresden effects and muslin patterns, regular 12½c goods, for..... 50c
50 White Crochet Quilts, worth \$1 25, for..... 79c
100 Ladies' Blouses, worth \$1 25 each, for..... 75c
5 dozen Ladies' Parasols, worth 75c each..... 50c

Together With the Following List:

Dress Goods Department

10 pieces Black Dress Goods, Priestley and other celebrated makes, in figured and plain material, for skirts and dresses, 44 inches, all wool, worth 50c to 75c a yard for..... 35c
10 pieces Fancy Black Goods, in the celebrated Gold Medal, also Priestley's make, 44 inches, all wool, worth 75c to \$1 a yard for..... 50c
Black, Figured Blouse Silks, in dainty, small designs; also floral designs, etc., suitable for waists or dresses, per yard..... 50c
Fancy Linenette Skirt Lining, in new, bright colors, extra finish, 36 inch, striped..... 15c
A Special Lot of Linings, including 27 inch gray linenette and 36 inch gray roll lining, all to clear at, per yard..... 5c

Shoe Section

Women's Glaze Dongola, Oxford, and Two-Button Trimby Shoes, black and colored, 4½ inches, all leather, worth \$1 25..... \$1 25
Women's Dongola, Button and Lace Boots, kid toe-cap; special value..... \$1 50

Smallwares

10 Dozen Ladies' Leather Belts, worth from 15c to 35c each, your choice..... 8c
Ladies' Pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 20c each; selling at 8c, or 3 for..... 25c

Whitewear Specials

Ladies' Corset Covers, best English Cotton, untrimmed, 32 to 40..... 12½c
Corset Covers, nicely trimmed with lace and embroidery, all sizes, at..... 15c, 22c, 25c and 35c
Ladies' White Skirts, fine white cotton, deep frill, muslin embroidery; regular price, \$1 25 for..... \$1 00
Ladies' Nightgowns, trimmed with lace and tucks; special..... 50c
Ladies' Nightgowns, made of fine Lonsdale, Empire style, trimmed with insertion and embroidery, worth \$1 25, for..... \$1 00
R. & C. Corsets, in light gray satin, perfect fitting, trimmed with lace, worth 85c, for..... 59c
Summer Corsets, long waist, double waistband; special..... 29c

Waists and Skirts

Pique Waists, in black, blue, helio and pink stripes; half price; regular value, \$1 25, for..... 60c
A new lot of Pique Skirts, in plain and embroidered, each..... 50c to \$3 50

Hosiery and Underwear

Extra Special—Ladies' Fine Black Cotton Hose, regular 20c; 2 pairs for..... 25c
Boys' Heavy Ribbed Hose, 6½ to 10; very special, per pair..... 10c
Another lot of Ladies' Bleached Vests, Richelieu ribbed; special, 12½c

Gentlemen's Wear

Men's Black Cotton Socks, seamless and stainless, regular price, 20c a pair; 2 pairs for..... 25c
Up-to-date Neckwear, the very latest in Bows and Ascots; very stylish and new..... 25c

Staple Section

50 pieces Reversible Wrapperelettes, colors red and black, in stripes and checks, newest out, for..... 10c
23 pieces Striped Flanellettes, light and dark colors, 34 inches, a special snap at..... 8c
Plain Pink Shakers, 28 inches..... 5c
Plain Pink Shakers, 30 inches..... 8c
Plain Pink Shakers, 34 and 36 inches..... 10c and 12½c
10 pieces White Pique, 29-inch cord running crosswise; scarce goods; very special..... 12½c
28-inch Navy Ground Galateas, small white stripes and spots, for boys' wear; special..... 12½c
Linen Cabbage Dusters, in assorted plaids, knotted fringe ends, full size, regular price, \$1 each, for..... 75c
Heavy large Honeycomb and Crochet Quilts, regular price \$1 25 each, for..... 79c
Swansdown Blankets, American make, fast colored, borders in cream and gray, selling rapidly at per pair..... 75c, 85c and 95c
Bleached and Unbleached Pure Linen Tablecloths, border all round, half price.

The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co.

IMPORTERS.

208, 210, 210½ and 212 DUNDAS STREET.

FOR BETTERING BUSINESS

British Government's Plan for Increasing Anglo-Colonial Commerce.

Washington, D. C., July 19.—Details of plans by the British Government for building up trade between the British West Indies and British ports, and also between Canada and the British West Indies, have been received here. They are in a letter from the colonial office in London to the West Indian committee, written under the direction of Mr. Chamberlain, secretary of the colonies, explaining the plan of establishing new steamship lines, with subsidies paid in part by the Imperial Government and intended to link together the mother country and the colonies, as well as the colonies among themselves.

The matter is of special interest in connection with the recent negotiations between the United States and Great Britain over reciprocity with the British West Indies, as these colonies have shown a disposition to look to this country for trade as well as to the mother country or Canada. As to the line between Canada and the British West Indies, the letter to the colonial office says: "As regards improved inter-insular service and an improved Canadian service, a contract will, it is hoped, shortly be concluded with the aid of an Imperial subsidy between the Dominion Government and Messrs. Pickford and Black, which it is hoped will effect both objects."

"The contract is for the period of five years, the service to begin in June, 1900, and the contractors will bind themselves to establish a fortnightly service from Halifax and St. Johns alternately to Trinidad and British Guiana, with an average rate of ten knots per hour."

The steamers will proceed alternately by way of Bermuda, St. Kitts, Antigua, Montserrat, Dominica, St. Lucia, Barbados, St. Vincent, Grenada, Tobago, to Trinidad; and by way of Bermuda, St. Lucia, Barbados, Trinidad to British Guiana."

The letter also gives the details of the contract already signed for a new steamer service between Jamaica and Southampton. This service will begin in May, 1900, the steamers making fortnightly runs and having fifteen knots speed. They will have a capacity for carrying 20,000 bunches of bananas, and while intended especially as fruit carriers, they will take passengers also.

A subsidy of \$10,000 per year is to be paid the line, the British Government paying half.

Imitations. Every good thing is imitated. There are lots of vile compounds of alum, etc., which crack the feet and injure the leather. These afford big profits to the seller, but if you want comfort and satisfaction, ask for FOOT ELM, and take nothing else. 25 cents at druggists, or postage paid from D. A. Stott & J. Bowmansville, Ont.

Some elephants can draw fifteen tons, lift ten hundredweight and carry on their backs three tons. Pugilistically speaking the tongue is mightier than the glove. Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

60 HOUSES BURNED

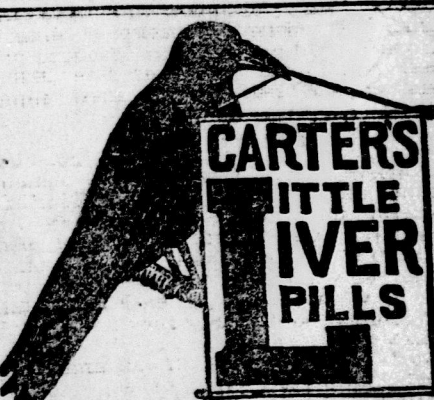
Disastrous Conflagration in Quebec—Loss Estimated at Over \$100,000.

Quebec, July 19.—Quebec was again visited by a disastrous conflagration yesterday afternoon, the fire fiend destroying over 60 houses. The loss will be over \$100,000; partially covered by some \$50,000 of insurance.

At 3 o'clock fire broke out in the first story of a house occupied by the family of a man named Nadeau, a shoemaker, corner of Richardson street and Boulevard Langelier, the upper part being occupied by the proprietor, a roofer, named Edmund Barbeau. Before the firemen arrived and got to work the fire had made considerable progress. The woodwork in the vicinity of the fire was dry and ignited like tinder. The building where the fire originated was a cheap full of inflammable material, such as varnish, oils, etc., belonging to Barbeau. Unfortunately there is a break in the water main, and the supply of water by the old pipes was very poor. A strong northeast wind was blowing, and the fire spread rapidly, notwithstanding the firemen's efforts. A detachment of the Royal Canadian Artillery was called from the citadel and they set to work at once pulling down the houses belonging to Messrs. Guay and Bourget, in order to stop the progress of the fire.

At 5 o'clock twenty houses had been destroyed and the fire was still raging fiercely, threatening to spread in the direction of the large Congregation de Notre Dame Church (Roman Catholic), situated on the corner of St. Joseph and Caron streets. At 7 o'clock the fire brigade succeeded in getting the fire under control, but not before it had reduced to ashes between 60 and 70 houses.

The fire area covered three blocks, from Richardson street, on the Boulevard Langelier, to St. Francis street, destroying houses on King street and on both sides of the street between St. Anselme street and the Boulevard Langelier.



Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

F. H. BUTLER,

STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for vest pocket manual. Long distance phone.

OFFICES: 15 and 16

Geo. McBean & Son.

We are open for office of GRAIN, FLOUR and MILLFEED. If offering please state quantities and lowest prices.

P. O. BOX 807. MONTREAL

TODAY'S MARKETS

Montreal Stock Market

MONTREAL, July 19.

Canadian Pacific	107 1/2	107 1/2
Duluth, preferred	107 1/2	107 1/2
Commercial Cable	107 1/2	107 1/2
Commercial Cable Bonds	107 1/2	107 1/2
Montreal Telephone	107 1/2	107 1/2
Richelieu and Ontario	107 1/2	107 1/2
Montreal Street Railway	107 1/2	107 1/2
Montreal St. Railway, new, ad.	107 1/2	107 1/2
Toronto Railway	107 1/2	107 1/2
Montreal Gas Company	107 1/2	107 1/2
Bell Telephone	107 1/2	107 1/2
Royal Electric	107 1/2	107 1/2
Bank of Montreal	107 1/2	107 1/2
Ontario Bank	107 1/2	107 1/2
Molson Bank	107 1/2	107 1/2
Bank of Toronto	107 1/2	107 1/2
Merchants Bank	107 1/2	107 1/2
Merchants Bank of Halifax	107 1/2	107 1/2
Quebec Bank	107 1/2	107 1/2
Union Bank	107 1/2	107 1/2
Bank of Commerce	107 1/2	107 1/2
Northwest Land	107 1/2	107 1/2
Montreal Cotton Co.	107 1/2	107 1/2
Canada Colored Cotton	107 1/2	107 1/2
Dominion Cotton	107 1/2	107 1/2

Toronto Stock Market

TORONTO, July 19.

Montreal	107 1/2	107 1/2
Ontario	107 1/2	107 1/2
Toronto	107 1/2	107 1/2
Merchants	107 1/2	107 1/2
Commercial	107 1/2	107 1/2
Imperial	107 1/2	107 1/2
Dominion	107 1/2	107 1/2
Standard	107 1/2	107 1/2
Hamilton	107 1/2	107 1/2
British America	107 1/2	107 1/2
Western Assurance	107 1/2	107 1/2
Consumers' Gas	107 1/2	107 1/2
Montreal Gas	107 1/2	107 1/2
Dominion Telephone	107 1/2	107 1/2
Northwest Land	107 1/2	107 1/2
Canada Pacific Ry. Stock	107 1/2	107 1/2
Commercial Cable Company	107 1/2	107 1/2
Commercial Cable Bonds	107 1/2	107 1/2
Com. Registered Bonds	107 1/2	107 1/2
Bell Telephone Company	107 1/2	107 1/2
Richelieu and Ontario	107 1/2	107 1/2
Montreal Street Railway	107 1/2	107 1/2
Toronto Street Railway	107 1/2	107 1/2
London Electric	107 1/2	107 1/2
Dominion Savings and Invest.	107 1/2	107 1/2
Huron and Erie L. and S.	107 1/2	107 1/2
Huron and Erie, 20 per cent.	107 1/2	107 1/2
London and Canada L. and S.	107 1/2	107 1/2
London Loan	107 1/2	107 1/2
London and Ontario	107 1/2	107 1/2
Ontario Loan and Debent.	107 1/2	107 1/2

New York Stocks.

Reported by F. H. Butler, 15 and 16 Masonic Temple, for the Advertiser.

New York, July 19.

Yesterday's	Close	Open	High	Low	2 p.m.
Acheson	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Acheson Pfd.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
N. Y. Gas	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Brooklyn Trans.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Canada Pacific	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
C. & N. W.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Chicago Gas	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Gen. Electric	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Jerry City	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
K. & N. Y. Pfd.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Metropolitan	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Mo. P.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
N. Y. E.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Northern Pacific	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Ont. & Western	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
P. E. C.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Reading	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
St. Paul	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
St. Paul Pfd.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
T. C. L.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
U. P.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
U. P. Pfd.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2

WHEATS:

Lead

Soybeans

Federal Steel

Rubber

Steel and Wire

Tobacco

Continental

Montreal Produce Market.

Montreal, July 19.

Grain basis

adroit: No. 2 white oats, 32 1/2; peas,

62; buckwheat, 62; barley, 44; rye,

60. Flour—Manitoba bakers, 32 1/2 to

33 1/2; spring patents, 34 1/2 to 35 1/2;

winter do, 35 1/2 to 36 1/2; feed—Ontario bran,

32 1/2 to 33 1/2; shorts, 34 1/2 to 35 1/2; Manitoba bran,

32 1/2 to 33 1/2; shorts, 34 1/2 to 35 1/2; Canadian

pork, per barrel, 35 1/2 to 36 1/2; ham, 11c

to 12c; bacon, 10 1/2 to 11c; lard, pure, 7 1/2c

to 8c; compound, 7 1/2 to 8c. Produce—

1 1/2c; compound, 7 1/2 to 8c. Produce—

Eggs, choice candied, 14c; ordinary, 12c.

Syrup—Receipts light; firm at 6 1/2c to

7c in wood; 8 1/2 to 9c in tin. Sugar,

8c to 9c; honey slow, prices nominal.

Beans, jobbing basis; choice hand-

picked, 90c; prime, 80c. Old potatoes

firm at 15c per bag in round lots.

Toronto Produce Market.

Toronto, July 19.

Wheat—Steady,

at 55c to 56 1/2c for red and white, and 57c

for goose wheat; Manitoba wheat steady,

at 51c for No. 1 hard west. Flour—

Dull; cars of straight roller flour

are quoted at \$2 20 to \$2 30. Milled—

In good demand and steady, at \$14 to \$15

for cars of shorts, and \$11 to \$12 for

bran west. Corn—Canada yellow nominal,

at 35c west; No. 2 American, 42c

west. Oats—Steady, at 22 1/2c for white

west. Peas—Nominal, at 67c west.

Eggs—Steady, at 14c for select fresh

gathered. Butter—Steady, at 13c to 14c

for choice dairy pails and tubs, and 10c

ceipts, 11,772 barrels; sales, 2,900 pack-
ages; state and western dull and 5c to
10c lower to sell; Minnesota quiet,
\$3 75 to \$3 85. Rye flour—Quiet,
\$75,000 bu.; options, No. 2 red, weak
and lower in consequence of fine crop
news, lower cables and liquidation;
July, 75 9-10c to 76 1/2c; Sept., 75 1/2c to
76 1/2c; Dec., 77 1-10c to 77 1/2c. Corn—
Heavy; No. 2 western, 53c; l.o.b., 54c.
Butter—Receipts, 321,500 bu.; sales, 60,000
bu.; options, No. 2 weak and heavy
under liquidation and continued fine
crop prospects; Sept., 37 1/2c to 38 1/2c;
Dec., 37 1/2c. Oats—Receipts, 89,600 bu.;
Dec., 37 1/2c. Butter—Receipts, 8,109
packages; easy; western creamery,
15c to 18c. Cheese—Receipts, 5,727
packages; market firm; large, white,
8 1/2c; small, white, 8 1/2c to 8 3/4c; large,
8 1/2c; small, colored, 8 1/2c to 8 3/4c;
8 1/2c. Eggs—Receipts, 11,774 packages;
steady. Sugar—Raw, quiet and
steady; refined, steady. Hops—Quiet
and steady. Lard—Firm. Potatoes—
Steady.

Chicago Exchange.

CHICAGO, July 19.

Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago

Board of Trade furnished by F. H. Butler

broker, Masonic Temple, Phone 1728.

Chicago Exchange.				
CHICAGO, July 19				
Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade, furnished by H. Butler & Co., brokers, Macaonic Temple, Phone 1278.				
	Open	High.	Low.	Close
Wheat—Sept.	11	7 1/4	7 1/4	7
Dec.	7 3/4	7 1/4	7 1/4	7
Mar.	7 1/4	7 1/4	7 1/4	7
Corn—Sept.	31 1/4	32 1/4	32	31
Dec.	31 1/4	31 1/4	30 3/4	30 3/4
Mar.	30 3/4	30 3/4	30 3/4	30 3/4
Oats—Sept.	26 1/4	26 1/4	25 3/4	25 3/4
Dec.	26 1/4	26 1/4	26 1/4	26 1/4
Mar.	26 1/4	26 1/4	26 1/4	26 1/4
Pork—Sept.	9 3/8	9 3/8	9 1/4	9 1/4
Oct.	9 3/8	9 3/8	9 3/8	9 3/8
Lard—Sept.	5 60	5 62	5 52	5 52
Oct.	5 67	5 68	5 60	5 60
Ribs—Sept.	5 30	5 32	5 27	5 27
Oct.	5 35	5 37	5 22	5 22

"IT'S SO EASY"

To make a delicious cup of Tea when

SALADA

CEYLON TEA

Is used. "It's all pure tea." Sealed lead packets only.

JESSAMINE.

"I am not quite content with this match, nor with Orrin's tone. I have not looked for a lover's rhapsodies, knowing his critical taste in these matters, but he ought not to acknowledge or feel the need of apologies for his choice. I am afraid his love does not leave him as little to wish for and to fear, as mine does."

He looked up at the portrait with a smile. "But there is only one Jessie in the world, and she will be here tomorrow night."

Still standing before the picture he made an involuntary gesture, as of folding something in his arms. "My darling, soon to be my angel in the house. I think it would kill me to lose you now."

His sudden motion had struck a book from the corner of the table, exposing a letter that lay beneath. It was a foreign envelope, and had probably been given to the servant by the postman that afternoon, and placed there by her with the book on top, for safe-keeping. An inclosure fell out as he opened the cover—a letter that had arrived in Heidelberg after he set out for home, said a line from a fellow-student in the university. The smile lingered lovingly about mouth and eyes, while he tore off the inner wrapper.

The superscription was Jessie's; the note, the short and cold farewell she had indited after her parting with Orrin Willys, on the 6th of September. "No harm done," reiterated the affectionate kinsman, walking slowly along to his lodgings under the pure moon. I should have been sorry had she carried her threat into execution; spoiled her own prospects, and made Roy wretched. But I could find it in my heart to regret the wretched even now that I am on the eve of beatification. The affair was interesting—most engaging while it lasted—had more cayenne and wine in it than this dry, lawful and eminently and remunerative love-making. My 'lassie with the light-white locks,' says it is just the sweetest thing in the world. 'Peut-etre!'

"An excellent piece of work, Madame Lady!"

"Would it were done!"

Roy was at the station Wednesday afternoon to meet his wife. "You are not well, I am afraid!" she said, when they were in the carriage that was to convey them home.

"I am not sick, but I have had much to think of and to do lately, and I may look somewhat faded," she answered.

"You left Eunice well, you say?" "Quite well, thank you! You have overworked yourself in getting the house ready for me. You should have left that for me to do."

"It was not necessary. As it is, you will find much room for alteration and improvement, I doubt not. You were fortunate in meeting with a pleasant escort on your journey. Are you much fatigued?"

"No; my head aches a little," turning her face to the window.

She was disappointed in her reception. The party from Eunice had been a grievous trial; the journey itself, with mournful thoughts of the past, that now lay so very far behind her. In turning her back upon her parents' graves and her birthplace she seemed to have parted company forever with the blithe girl who had been born and had grown up to woman's estate, careless and joyous as the swallows that had for a century built their nests in the belfry of the church tower. She had almost forgotten how Jessie looked, felt and acted. Yet she was thankful that in the midst of melancholy and daze, her appointed way lay clear and open before her; that she had still a sure staff on which to lean—the hope and resolve that she would do her duty bravely and well in the sphere to which her marriage-vow had set her apart. It was indicative of the generous temper and sound sense that never failed to assert themselves when the momentary tumult of passion had passed, which neither her faults nor the influence of the tempter had warped, that she had never, for one moment blamed Roy for hurrying forward their marriage. They were, "troth-plight," as her Scottish ancestors would have put it. She had said, "If you insist upon the fulfillment of my promise, I will submit to your decision." And she had not said it idly. He had taken her at her word, as he had the right to do, and by that pledge she would abide.

Lonely and tired, the sight of Roy's face in the crowd of strangers upon

the platform of the Hamilton station had cheered her heart like a cordial. She forgot that he was her husband; remembered him only as a noble and faithful friend, in whose presence she would be no longer solitary. And she was even conscious of a proud sense of proprietorship in the fine-looking, dignified man who was the first to enter the car when it stopped—a consciousness that flushed her cheeks faintly, and quickened her pulses as she introduced him to the gentleman who had acted as her escort, and heard his well-chosen words of acknowledgment for the favor done him. He had not kindled her then—she supposed because there were so many looking on; but after taking his place beside her in the carriage, he would surely tell her that her coming gave him joy; repeat something of the rapturous anticipation that had overflowed his heart in writing his last letter, received by her the night before. His face was very pale, his eyes abstracted, his voice constrained. Anything more unlike the Roy she had known in Dundee could hardly be imagined, without changing the identity of the man. It was not surprising that a quail of homesickness weakened her heroic resolutions; put to flight her dreams of forgetting her unhappiness in the sustained effort to be and do all she wished.

Roy saw the struggle and surmised, in part, the cause of it; but what could he say to assuage or encourage? The caresses and fond words with which he had sought to console her in the earlier days of her desolation must, he now saw, have laid the foundation upon his honeymoon by that terrible letter, have aggravated her sufferings.

Professing to be her protector, he had played the part of a brutal ravisher; had torn her—shrinking and crying, from the loathed union which would "be a sin, a fearful sin," from her free, happy, girl-life, and bound her, soul and body, in fetters more hateful and enduring than manacles of steel. After the first shock of horror and grief, he forgot the wrong he had sustained in his overmastering compassion for her. And he could not free her. Loving her better than he did his own happiness and life, he was powerless to insure her peace of mind by restoring her to liberty. Had he been other than the true Christian and true man he was, the distracting anguish of that conviction would have driven him to madness and to suicide, as a sequel to the fearful vigil that followed the discovery of his real position.

Light came with the morning, and strength for the day. His course was plain—to mitigate the rigors of her fate by such kindly deeds as a brother might perform for the promotion of a sister's welfare; by abstaining from even such manifestations of affection as are a brother's right. There should be no formal explanation until she had recovered from the fatigue of her journey, and begun to feel at home in her new abode. Thus much he could and would do, and wait the result.

"What a pretty, pretty house," exclaimed Jessie, as the carriage drew up at the gate of a cottage on the southern slope of one of the hills on which the handsome town was built.

She had meant to praise his selection of a residence however ordinary its appearance, but her enthusiastic admiration was genuine.

Roy smiled, but not with the glad gleam she looked to see. "It is good and kind in you to say so. If you can be satisfied here, I ask nothing better or grander."

A tidy girl opened the door, whom Jessie recognized with pleased surprise as a former servant in Dr. Baxter's family.

"Why, Phoebe, this is homelike. How very generous in Cousin Jane to give you up to me."

"She said you might find me useful, Miss Jessie. I beg your pardon—Mrs. Fordham!" replied the girl, dropping a curtsey.

Jessie colored. Roy thought, painfully, at the as yet unfamiliar name. He interfered to save her further embarrassment, in the shape of congratulations. "You will show her to her room, if you please, Phoebe. And then let her have a cup of tea. She has a headache. Your trunks will be sent up in the course of half an hour, Jessie, but I would not advise you to wait for them, or the trouble of changing your traveling dress. You must begin your life here by doing just as you choose in such matters."

[To be Continued.]

SODA WATER GENERATOR EXPLODES.

Brookville, July 18.—H. H. Cossitt, one of Brookville's leading confectioners, was nearly killed yesterday by the explosion of a soda water generator at his store. The explosion smashed the machine and the windows of the room, and made a black cloud of things generally. Mr. Cossitt was removed to the hospital, badly cut on the forehead and arm. He was also generally bruised, and his legs terribly burned with acid.

DEATH OF SENATOR SANFORD.

The tragic death of Senator Sanford by drowning in Muskoka, has called forth widespread expressions of sympathy and regret. The deceased gentleman was particularly well liked in the halls of legislature, irrespective of political affiliations.

IRISH SETTLERS IN THE WEST.

The Globe's Ottawa correspondent states: "On Saturday next Mr. Charles R. Devlin, the government immigration agent in Ireland will sail for Londonderry. Mr. Devlin has spent the last two months in the Northwest. In the course of his journeyings Mr. Devlin met a number of Irish settlers whom he had been instrumental in sending to Canada. They expressed themselves satisfied and contented, and were anxious to return to Ireland."

PROROGATION IN SIGHT.

Business is rushing on Parliament Hill these days, and each twenty-four hours sees more solid work accomplished than was recorded in a whole month at the beginning of the session.

THE DIVORCE EVIL seems to grow with every year. 7,500 divorces were granted in the State of Ohio last year. We agree that there are faults on both sides, but the great problem is: Are those faults remediable? To a great extent there is no doubt the conditions which result in divorce may be remedied. Given a dyspeptic husband and a wife suffering from female trouble and we have the ready-made elements of a divorce case. In view of the facts there can be very little doubt that many women look forward to divorce only because they seek relief from obligations they do not feel fitted to fulfill. Women are not to blame. They have looked forward to their home life as a dream of paradise. Then disease comes like a serpent and destroys all happiness.

Women who suffer with debilitating drains, inflammation, ulceration, female trouble and bearing down pains, will find certain relief and cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It so invigorates the organs peculiarly feminine and regulates their functions that they are established in a perfectly healthy condition. The old lightness of heart comes back; there's light in the eyes and a smile on the lips. The old irritation and nervousness are gone, and the husband comes to his home as a haven of rest and comfort.

"I was troubled with female weakness, and after taking the bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription I am free from pain," writes Mrs. M. E. Jones, 539 Madison Ave., Ypsilanti, Mich. "I had suffered for two years when I began taking your medicine. I could not sleep across my room without suffering dreadful pains. Now I do all my housework and walk where I please—thanks to Dr. Pierce's medicine."

Appetizing

For this season of the year when fresh vegetables are scarce.....

Large 3-lb. tins French String Beans, 20c.

Rodel French Peas, 15c.

Rodel Mushrooms, 25c.

Whole Tomatoes for slicing, 20c.

Canned Corn, Peas, Tomatoes, Beans, French Kidney Beans, Succotash, Baked Beans, Tomato Sauce.

California Prunes, 8c per lb.

California Silver Prunes, 12½c per lb.

California Dried Peaches, 10c per lb.

Fitzgerald, Scandrett & Co

160 DUNDAS ST.

WE GIVE

in

TRADING

A LETTER FROM OTTAWA

Mr. John Hague's Revelations—Mr. Devlin and Irish Immigration—The Late Senator Sanford.

Ottawa, July 15.

The Montreal Herald, a few days ago, published a remarkable letter from Mr. John Hague, editor of the Journal of Commerce, purporting to give the inside history of the preparation of the gerrymander bill of 1882. Mr. Hague tells positively, the request of Sir John Macdonald, he prepared an electoral map, showing the vote in the various constituencies at the two previous elections. "I was informed," he said, "that the government wished to effect was a rearrangement of the electoral districts, so far as possible recognizing a common unit of representation. This, however, was to be made sufficiently elastic to admit of the distribution of different sections of the districts so as to detach Conservative voters from places where they were in excess of the needs of a majority, and the attaching of the surplus to districts where the new accession would turn the scale in an election in favor of a Conservative candidate, where a Liberal has hitherto been returned. Electoral districts which were hopelessly Liberal were, of course, to be abolished, or the constituencies so arranged as to put the Liberal voters all together in one district, especially where they could be drawn away from the Liberal stronghold, the Conservative candidate."

HIVING THE GRITS.

"The process was afterwards called 'hiving,' which is quite appropriate, though while the work was being done for the act of 1882 this word was never used. After making a colossal chart, I took each electoral district and its surroundings in hand, and wrote up each of the numbers pooled for each party at the two previous elections, the total number of electors with the majority in each case. I colored each district so as to show at a glance its political complexion, and then made a study of the official returns of the two last elections and took out hundreds of statistics for comparison and adjustment. Some of the districts were so full of members that I could secure the results desired. It was said the configuration of some of these represented nothing on earth, in the heavens, or the waters under the earth, but they simply represented an effort to fix the boundaries of electoral districts according to two rules; first, on the principle of equal representation to equal numbers of voters; second, on the principle that electoral districts should be arranged to serve the interests of the party in power when they are rearranged. These rules do not work well together, hence the highly eccentric shapes of some of the districts on the chart I have constructed. The gerrymander act as it was called was simply the chart I have constructed expressed in legal language."

There is nothing particularly new in this confession of Mr. Hague's, for it has been practically admitted often times that the principles actuating the framers of the last two redistribution bills were exactly those suggested in the above statement. It is, however, interesting to have confirmation from such a well-informed source.

ANOTHER BUBBLE BURST.

It will be within the memory of many of your readers that during the last session of parliament considerable fuss was made about the alleged misappropriation of certain federal moneys for the purpose of investigating frauds in Manitoba in connection with the federal general election. The energetic and investigative ex-minister of justice charged all sorts of things in connection with this matter. Cabinet ministers had paid their private debts out of the fund, Liberal candidates had had their election expenses paid, party workers had made a good thing for themselves on the side, and in fact, the public moneys had been squandered right and left. Every facility was given to Sir Hilbert Tupper to prove his charges, and any and all witnesses whom he desired were summoned before the committee. The result was complete failure to prove one solitary allegation; but, nothing daunted, Sir Hilbert declared that the matter would be laid over till the session he would prove everything. All manner of returns were prepared at considerable cost, and now, after the government of the day has been ousted, and his disposal, Sir Hilbert abandons the investigation and practically admits that he had no evidence whatever upon which to base his reckless charges, but that he was only fishing in the vague hope of discovering something to make a fuss about.

DEATH OF DR. T. H. DACK.

Creemore, July 18.—Dr. T. H. Dack, a prominent physician, died at his residence here, after a short illness. His wife and a small family survive him. He was highly thought of in his profession, was prominent in the community, was a good citizen and a staunch Liberal in politics.

TWO LADIES TESTIFY.

Speak in the highest terms of Laxa-Liver Pills.

Everywhere the ladies are discarding the old-fashioned harsh laxatives and cathartics for Laxa-Liver Pills.

These little fellows are so easy to take, act so gently, without any griping, weakening or sickening, and are so adapted to the constitution of the most delicate, that they have in truth become the "ladies' favorite medicine."

Miss Alina Goguin, Cape Bald, N.B., says: "I had an attack of liver trouble and indigestion last spring and decided to buy Laxa-Liver Pills. They had a more lasting effect than any remedy I ever took, and I believe them to be the best medicine for liver trouble that is to be found."

Miss Ellen Whalen, Niagara Falls, Ont., says: "I had dyspepsia for two years, and took various remedies, but none of them suited my case like Laxa-Liver Pills. They cured me promptly and effectually."

Laxa-Liver Pills always cure biliousness, sick headache, dyspepsia, constipation, heartburn, water brash, catarrh of the stomach, coated tongue, bad breath, salivary and muddy complexion, etc.

As an "after dinner" pill they are most valuable, removing that full or bloated feeling and preventing indigestion.

SLEEPLESSNESS.

Like the other wants of the body, the necessity of sleep is imperative.

Sleep is necessary to repair the system and make it fit for action.

In olden times those who were condemned to death by being denied sleep, soon became raving maniacs.

The practical conclusion is that Sleeplessness is inevitably destructive to body and mind.

There are thousands of people all over this land who are tossing on sleepless pillows night after night, or who pace the bedroom floor, with nerves unbinged, and to whose eye sleep will not come, to whom Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills offer the blessing of sound refreshing slumber.

They renew the worn out nervous tissues and restore the equilibrium of the deranged nerve centres, then "nature's sweet restorer" comes, and sleep is peaceful as a babe's.

Those, too, who sleep in a kind of way, but whose rest is broken

into by fearful dreams, nightmares, sinking and smothering sensations, who wake in the morning as tired and unrefreshed as when they went to bed, can have their old, peaceful, undisturbed, refreshing sleep back again by using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

To be able to lie down at night and in a few minutes fall asleep—to know no dream or waking until morning—then to bound out of bed full of vigor, freshness, and good spirits, ready for each and every duty that the day may demand—that seems a good deal to expect as the result of using any remedy, but it is just what Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have been doing and can do for nervous, irritable, run-down, weak, sleepless men and women.

Mr. Chas. Tighe, a well-known resident of Mount Forest, Ont., says:

"Until I commenced using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which I got at Yeoman's drug store last

November, I was very excitable. The slightest trouble set me trembling all over, and it would be a long time before I could calm myself. My heart often beat so fast that I felt as if I would smother, and my nervous system was so completely unstrung that I could hardly sleep at all. Some nights I got no sleep whatever, and I can assure you it is a bad state to be in, as I went to my work feeling weak and nervous."

"I have taken two boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and they have relieved every one of my troubles. My heart is all right; I sleep well and go to my work strong and refreshed. They have restored my nervous system to health and vigor, and I appreciate the remarkable good they have done me more than I can tell you."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c. a box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25. T. MILBURN & Co., Toronto, Ont.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

New Improved Sick Grinders, Only \$5.00 Each.

Section Knives, Deering Binder Twine

—AT—

A. Westman's

111 Dundas Street West.

Branch Store, 654 Dundas street, East London

SHIRT COLLARS IRONED STRAIGHT so as not to hurt the neck. Stand up collars ironed without being broken in the wing. Ties done to look like new. Give me a call. If you are not suited no pay. Washing returned in 24 hours. All laundry work done in the city. Parcels called for and delivered.

Lee Hing Laundry

467 Richmond Street.

FOR FIRST-CLASS DRY MAPLE AND BEECH

wood cut to order, call Phone 347.

Campbell & Chantler,

176 BATHURST STREET

John Ferguson & Sons

FUNERAL DIRECTORS and EMBALMERS.

FIRST-CLASS IN ALL APPOINTMENTS. 174-180 King Street.

Telephone—House No. 573; Store No. 543

Railways and Navigation

CPR+ CPR+ CPR+ CPR+ CPR+ CPR

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Upper Lake Service

Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday during season of navigation. Steamships Alberta, Athabasca and Manitoba will leave Owen Sound at 5:30 p.m., after CPR arrival of S.S. Express leaving Toronto at 1:30 p.m.

Connection will be made at CPR Sault Ste. Marie and Port Arthur and Fort William for all points west.

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Railways and Navigation

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after Monday, June 19, 1899, the trains leaving Union Station, Toronto (via Grand Trunk Railway) at 9 a.m. and 9:30 p.m., make close connection with Maritime Express and Local Express at Bonaventure Depot, Montreal, as follows:

The Maritime Express will leave Montreal daily except on Saturday, at 7:30 p.m., for Halifax, St. John, N. B., and points in the Maritime Provinces. It will run on Saturday to Lewis only, stopping at St. Hyacinthe and other points.

The Maritime Express from Halifax, St. John and other points east, will arrive at Montreal daily, except Monday, at 6:30 a.m. The Monday train will be from Lewis and intermediate points.

The local express will leave Montreal daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 a.m., due to arrive at Riviere du Loup at 5:05 p.m., and Little Metis at 8:25 p.m.

The Local Express will leave Little Metis daily, except Saturday, at 4:25 p.m., and Lewis daily, at 11:45 p.m., due to arrive at Montreal at 6:30 a.m.

Through sleeping and dining cars on the Maritime Express. Sleeping cars on Local Express.

VESTIBULE TRAINS.

The Intercolonial Railway gives the finest train service between Montreal and the magnificent tourist country in Eastern Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. In this route are included Quebec City, Riviere du Loup, Cacouna, Metis, the Metapedia, Restigouche and other great fishing rivers, the Bale de Chaleur, Prince Edward Island, Cape Breton, and many other desirable places for a summer outing at a moderate cost.

The vestibule trains are new and are equipped with every convenience for the comfort of the traveler. The elegant sleeping, dining and first-class cars make travel a luxury within the reach of all.

Tickets for sale at all offices of the Grand Trunk system, at Union Station, Toronto, and at the office of the General Traveling Agent, William Robinson, General Traveling Agent, 39 York Street, Rouses House Block, Toronto.

H. A. Price, District Passenger Agent, 134 St. James street, Montreal.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

K. O. T. M.

SUPREME LODGE AND UNIFORM RANK ENCAMPMENT.

PORT HURON, MICH.

July 17 to 22.

Return tickets will be issued from LONDON, at

SINGLE FARE,

on July 17, 18, 19 and 20, good for return until July 25, 1899.

Any further particulars relating to rates accommodation, etc., from E. De la Hooke, K. O. T. M., C. E. Horning, Depot Agent, M. C. Dickson, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

L. E. & D. R. R.

Steamer Urania

on each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday during season will leave Port Stanley for Cleveland, 11 p.m., returning leaves Cleveland 10 p.m. Sunday, Wednesday and Friday. Fare from London \$2, return \$3.

CAR FERRY, "SHENANGO NO. 1," on each Monday and Friday during the season will leave Pt. Stanley at 6 p.m. (Eastern standard time) arriving at Conneaut, Ohio, at 11 p.m. Returning leaves Conneaut, Ohio, at 11 p.m. and Friday at 9 a.m., central time, arriving at Pt. Stanley at 4 p.m. Fare, one way, \$2.50; return fare, \$1.50. Special tourists' rates to points in Ohio and Pennsylvania.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Excursions

At Following Low Rates

Seattle, Tacoma, Wash., Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., and Portland, Ore., round trip..... \$76 55

Nelson, Robson and Rossland, B. C., round trip..... \$71 55

Arizona and California Points, one way..... \$50 00

SAVING AND SPENDING

Everybody likes to save, and everybody likes to spend. It's pretty hard to do both at the same time, but it can be done by purchasing Wall Paper from us. Although the prices are low this year we can give you satisfaction.

O. B. GRAVES 222 Dundas St.
BICYCLE LIVERY.
Tandems and Single Wheels.

W. F. HORTON, 283 Dundas Street.
Phone 801.

"Union Forever!"



Union Men.—Buy your Fishing Tackle at **W. A. BROCK'S**, 192 Dundas Street.

Without Heat

and pleasanter, is the house that is lighted by electricity.

Call or write for estimates.

LONDON ELECTRIC CO.
330 Richmond Street.

We Have Continued

To please patrons this spring with our handsome **WALL PAPERS**. Nowhere can you secure better satisfaction both in variety and workmanship. It is not too late to come and see what we have. You will be delighted and the prices will meet your approbation.

H. & C. COLERICK,
443 Richmond Street.

Eau de Cologne
Large handsome bottle, worth 50c.
For 25c.
WHITE DRUG STORE
120 Dundas St.
N. W. EMERSON
DRUGGIST.

HUGE CONTRACT

The Carnegie Steel Company Makes a Billion Dollar Deal.

Pittsburgh, July 19.—The Pressed Steel Car Company has contracted with the Carnegie Steel Company for 30,000 tons of steel plates monthly for a period of ten years. This is the largest steel contract ever awarded to one firm, and amounts to about \$1,000,000,000. A representative of the Pressed Steel Car Company said today that the actual cost of the material to be furnished will be between \$75,000,000 and \$80,000,000 a year. The delivery of the contract will begin on Aug. 1 next.

Several months ago the Carnegie Steel Company contemplated the erection of a mammoth steel car plant, but the project was abandoned and a working arrangement entered into between the Pressed Steel Car Company and the Carnegies, the terms of which provided for the purchase of all steel required by the car company from the Carnegies.

They Don't Weigh the Lead With Tea.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

A recent case that appeared before the court, and which has attracted much attention, has been one that affects the public in regard to the weight of articles purchased. It has been stated in open court by some witnesses that it was a common practice for grocers and others to weigh in the paper, or other wrapping material, with the article sold. Now we would like to emphatically contradict this, and we state that it is not the practice of the trade to do so. There are individual cases in which it is done, as was proved against the accused in court, but our goods have been before the public for many years, and we can say most decidedly that every package of tea sold under the brand of "Salada" contains full weight inside the lead of each package. We will thank you very much if you will acquaint your readers of this fact. Yours truly,
THE SALADA TEA COMPANY,
Toronto.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

FOR 85 CENTS.

See Our Window of

\$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50

COLOR SOFT SHIRTS For 85c.

GRAHAM BROS.

Stoves! Stoves!

We have to make room for our fall stock of Stoves and Ranges, which are now arriving. In order to do so we will clear out Gas and Oil Stoves, Ice Cream Freezers, Screen Doors and Windows, and other Summer goods at cost. Call and get a bargain.

STEVELY'S, Richmond Street
Phone 462.

METEOROLOGICAL

Toronto, July 18—8 p.m.—Since this forenoon a high area has appeared to the northward of Lake Superior, and from present indications will bring cooler weather in both Ontario and Quebec. Local showers have occurred today in the Maritime Provinces, and also in the Ottawa Valley, but the weather generally has been fine. Great heat continues in the Northwest Territories. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 54-76; Kamloops, 62-88; Calgary, 54-86; Qu'Appelle, 62-94; Winnipeg, 62-84; Port Arthur, 56-63; Parry Sound, 55-72; Toronto, 56-83; Ottawa, 56-80; Montreal, 56-80; Quebec, 62-74; Halifax, 58-70.

Local temperatures.—The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Tuesday, July 18, were: Highest, 80°; lowest, 59°.

The sun rises today at 4:53; sets at 7:54. Moon rises at 5:05 p.m.; sets at 1:10 a.m.

ALWAYS FLOWERS

GAMMAGE & SONS—Dundas and Clarence.

London Advertiser.



A LOCAL BUDGET

—Miss R. Weitzel, of Turin, spent a few days with her brother, Mr. E. Weitzel, of William street, London.

—Mrs. E. R. Richards, 154 Wreay street, South London, is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. Duncan, Victoria.

—Miss Ida Phillips and Miss Lottie Griffin, of London, are guests of Mrs. E. McLurg, Ashgrove Farm, Lobb.

—Mr. Thomas Carnegie, of Frederick Stearns & Co., Detroit, Mich., is spending his vacation with Mr. John C. Gosling, of this city.

—Some important business was transacted at a minority meeting of the hospital committee last night. Smith Bros. & Co. got a contract to supply some pipes.

—Mrs. Josephine M. Tennant, of Saginaw, and Mrs. L. M. Porter, and her daughters, Mrs. (Dr.) Hutchins and Mrs. E. H. Holmes, of Flint, Mich., are the guests of Mrs. Lucetta Morden, of Lambeth.

—Toledo, Ohio, News, July 17: Mrs. R. F. Booth went to Detroit today to meet her friend, Miss Emma Donevan, of London, Ont., who will come for a visit. Another guest at the hospitable Booth home will be Mr. Joseph H. Booth, of London, Ont., who will arrive today.

—Mrs. L. M. Smith, of St. Johns, who had three ribs broken yesterday afternoon, by being thrown from a buggy on Dundas street, is still in a serious condition. Dr. David H. Piper, to whose house, at the corner of Waterloo and Dundas streets, she was removed, is in attendance, and reports a slight improvement today.

—At St. Peter's, Brantford, Sunday morning, a circular was read from the administrator of the diocese, calling a meeting of the congregation to arrange for the reception of the Rev. Mr. McEvay, of Hamilton, Bishop-elect of the London diocese. He is expected to arrive at Brantford on Friday, Aug. 4, two days prior to the date set for his consecration by Archbishop O'Connor.

TAYLOR—BOTHWELL.

At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Bailey, 513 Philip street, yesterday, Mrs. Emma Bothwell was united in marriage to Mr. A. E. Taylor, of the G. T. R., formerly of Point Edward. The ceremony was witnessed by the immediate friends of the contracting parties. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor left last evening for Sarnia, where they will reside.

NO MORE THREES.

The postmaster-general has decided that owing to the reduction in the domestic rate of letter postage to 2 cents, no more 3-cent letter cards, 3-cent stamped envelopes, or 3-cent stamps will be issued. Postmasters are authorized to use such as they may have in stock at the face value, and to redeem at face value what may be offered. But no new ones will be issued, and all those in stock in the department will be surcharged down to "2 cents" and issued at that value. When the supply of these has been exhausted new two-cent red stamps, postcards and stamped envelopes will be issued and the present purple ones discontinued.

THE SUMMER HOLIDAY.

A pretty brochure issued by the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company contains all kinds of information about hundreds of places where one might spend an enjoyable summer holiday.

It is illustrated freely with beautiful half-tone engravings, giving glimpses of many of the most charming spots in the world, and of comfortably near at hand. Foaming streams and rugged glens among the mountains, placid rivers and rolling hills, glancing, laugh-

HAMMOCKS.

Strong, Neat, Cheap.

CROQUET.

See our Sets from 90c up.

Paper-Bound Books

Large Assortment from 5c up.

ANDERSON'S.

138 Dundas Street.
We give Trading Stamps.

ing water by the sea shore, cool, blue, mirroring lakes in sheltered woodland, all within a day or two of travel.

Robert S. Lewis, Toronto, is the Canadian passenger agent for the Lehigh Valley road.

LAI D AT REST

Funeral of the Late Richard Whetter—

Prominent Resident of Westminster for 45 Years.

The funeral of the late Richard Whetter took place yesterday afternoon and was largely attended. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Wm. Gray, Arthur McClary, John Minihinnick, David Gilmore, E. West and Angus Mathewson.

Richard Whetter was born in Cornwall, England, and came to Canada in 1832. For 45 years he resided continuously in Westminster township, and had been connected with the Westminster Agricultural Society since its incorporation, being for a time president. Twenty years ago he retired from the business of stock shipping, but always took an active interest in all agricultural pursuits, and served in many positions, including that of president on the Western Fair board. When president of the last fair on the old fair grounds he received a gold medal from his co-directors. His thoroughbred Durham stock was widely known. In politics Mr. Whetter was a Conservative. He was well known in Masonic circles, being a member of St. John's Lodge, No. 20. He leaves a widow, one son, H. Frank Whetter, traveler; one daughter, Mrs. Andrew Lawrie, of this city; a stepdaughter, Mrs. Field, and six grandchildren. Mrs. David Gilmore, of Nilestown, being one of the latter. Mr. Francis Whetter, of Pottersburg, is a brother of the deceased, and Mrs. Liddell, of London, England, a sister.

PLEASANT AND PROFITABLE

Meeting of Empress Avenue Methodist Women's Missionary Auxiliary.

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Missionary Auxiliary of the Empress Avenue Methodist Church in West London was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Tuttle.

The president, Mrs. Heritage, was in the chair. After devotional exercises and regular business, Mrs. (Rev.) Harris introduced a programme, the first part of which was an "Exercise on the Lord's Prayer," which was answered by a large number of the members. Readings were given by Miss Greene and Miss Heritage on that land and its religions, all of which contributed very full information. Then came the usual "Watch Tower," the Herald giving the latest news from Japan, China, South America, and the French-Canadian and Indian work. All of these fields showing encouraging progress.

Miss Lena Haynes gave a very pretty and appropriate solo during the afternoon, and her sister, Miss Haynes, a returned missionary from work among our Indians at Berins River, gave a very instructive and interesting talk on the religion, habits and other matters relating to our Northwest Indians, which added greatly to the pleasure and profit of the ladies present.

Before the ladies went home they spent a social hour together, over refreshments served by Mrs. Tuttle.

SAN JOSE SCALE

Commission to Meet in Toronto—Interim Report to Be Issued.

Prof. James Mills, of Guelph, chairman of the San Jose scale commission, held a conference with the minister of agriculture yesterday in regard to drawing up an interim report for the guidance of workers in the field, preparatory to the issuing of a complete report and an account of the commission's work.

As Hon. Mr. Dryden leaves for a tour today, a short rest, calling together of the commission for the purpose stated was left to the professor, and a meeting will be held in Toronto at the end of this week or early next week. As this is the interim report will be immediately issued. Following the completion of the commission's labors during the tour last week, Prof. Mills and one or two other members visited Catawba Island, on the Ohio side of Lake Erie, a large grape and fruit growing district. He met there Professors Webster and Wooster, of the Ohio Experimental Station, and with them visited a number of the principal vineyards. The Canadian commissioners were informed that some three thousand infected trees in the Catawba district had been recently destroyed. The Americans stated that good trees, no matter how near to those infected, were not disturbed, and it was certain, they added, that any attempt to destroy them would result in the mobbing of the government officials.

In Ontario all trees within a certain radius of those infected are destroyed.

CRAZY FROM COLD.

Louisville, Ky., July 19.—Thomas N. Noles, who left New Albany fifteen months ago to take a position as chief engineer on one of the steamers of the Alaska Navigation Company, plying in the Yukon River, has returned to his home a raving maniac, his insanity being caused by suffering from cold in the Northwest. Noles became insane after the ship was wrecked, and set fire to the hotel at which the men were quartered. A number of men connected with the boats had become insane on account of the severity of the climate.

GATHERING OF THE CLANS

Annual Picnic of the Scots at Port Stanley.

One of the Most Successful in the History of St. Andrew's Society.

Grand Weather—Great Crowd—Good Music—Excellent Management—A Glorious Day.

The annual outing of St. Andrew's Society and Clan Fraser, held at Port Stanley yesterday, was an immense affair. The trains leaving this city both morning and afternoon were crowded. The number that went from here is estimated at about 2,500; added to this were the hundreds from St. Thomas and many other places in the vicinity of Port, which made the total attendance between 3,500 and 4,000.

It was "a braw day," and the fine crowd of Scotchmen and their friends were happy.

Everything favored the promoters of the picnic, and notably the weather, which was perfect—fine and breezy. The attractions provided were the best for many years.

INTERESTING FEATURES.

The Forty-eighth Highlanders' Pipe Band, and swordsmen, Pte. Stewart and Sgt. Williams, were great drawing cards, and were up to all expectations. The band was composed of eight pipers and three drummers, and the strains of the bagpipes were sweeter to Gaelic ears than music of any other nature.

In the evening a concert was given on the Fraser House lawn, to the delight and admiration of an enthusiastic crowd. It is a pleasure to say that the Scotchmen's picnic of 1899 will go down into history as one of the most successful ever held by St. Andrew's Society.

THE SPORTS.

Shortly after 2 o'clock the sports were commenced, and were "pulled off" in a very creditable manner. They were witnessed by an immense crowd. Competition was keen in all the events. The officers were:

Starters—President Wm. Wanless, Messrs. Ed. Flood, city, and Duncan Black, of Belmont.

Judges—Messrs. Doty, of Painsville, Ohio; R. K. Cowan and J. McIntosh, city.

Judges for best costumes on grounds—Col. Macbeth and George Angus.

Judges of Jancings—Messrs. John Ratray, of Cape Town, South Africa, and J. Murray, of the Forty-eighth Highlanders, Toronto.

Following are the events and the prize-winners.

WINNERS.

Girls' race, under 10 years—Edith Whitman, 2 Ina McLeod, 8 Annie McLeod.

Boys' race, under 10 years—George Richardson, 2 Thomas Brennan, 3 Roy Fitzgerald.

Girls' race, under 16 years—Loran Wilson, 2 Clara Watts, 3 Pearl Baker.

Boys' race, under 16 years—F. McKeown, 2 Archie McMahon, 3 Alex. Galloway.

The Andrew Durand gold medal for the best-dressed boy in Highland costume was given to Eugene Lockhart.

Mayor Wilson's medal for the best-dressed girl in costume was won by little Ina Riddle.

The exhibition of sword vs. bayonet by Sgt. Williams and Pte. Stewart, champion of the British army, both of Toronto, was won by Williams with five points against Stewart's four.

The contest attracted a great deal of attention, and was a rare exhibition of skill in handling the bayonet and the sword. The combatants were cheered lustily as they scored the different points. Both men wore masks and padded suits and hand and arm protectors.

The Highland fling for girls was won by Susan McGill; Ina Riddle was second, and Florence Small third.

Shaun Treves dance, girls—1 Barbara Sparks, 2 Marys; 2 Florence Small, 3 Susan McGill.

Highland fling, boys—1 Eugene Lockhart, 2 Willie Le Clair.

Sailors' hornpipe—1 Willie Le Clair, 2 Eugene Lockhart, 3 Susan McGill.

Irish jig, in costume—1 Josephine Grayson, 2 Susan McGill, 3 Ina Riddle and Eugene Lockhart. Third prize was divided between these two.

At the conclusion of the sports the Pipe Band played on the Fraser House grounds until an adjournment was made to the banquet hall.

SWEETS FOR THE LITTLE FOLKS.

Shortly after the arrival of the picnicers in Port, Mr. J. W. Jones presented all children under 5 years of age with a box of candy. This part of the programme tickled the little folks immensely.

THE BANQUET.

In the evening, as is customary, a banquet was held at the Fraser House, with President Wanless in the chair. The dining hall was gaily decorated with flags, bunting and flowers. Scotch thistles were also in prominence. The spread was a dainty and appetizing one, and was well appreciated by the participants.

THE GUESTS.

Among the guests seated around the table were: Col. Stacy, St. Thomas; Col. Edgar, Boston; Messrs. T. H. Purdon, Robert Boston, Bruce Wainwright, P. H. Bartlett, ex-Adm. Bennett, A. G. Chisholm, Walter Wanless, John Jones, W. H. Davis, B. T. Essery, W. Fairbairn, Andrew Denholm, A. Tunc, George Gibbons, jun., J. C. Treblelock, Wm. Horner, W. B. Laidlaw, Wm. Culver, London; J. B. Laing, Toronto; J. J. Paxton, Cleveland; James Anderson, John Purdon, John W. Jones, and John T. Gentleman, London.

AFTER DINNER.

The after dinner speeches were

NO 10 O'CLOCK LUNCH.

A Food That Sustains the Body After Common Food Is Exhausted.

With many people there comes a feeling of faintness and need for food before the noon hour is reached. This is generally because of the use of white bread and other non-nourishing articles of food used for breakfast. The use of Grape-Nuts, which is a food of concentrated food, Grape-Nuts, that no feeling of hunger is felt until the noon hour. The facts show forth that the food is sustaining and nourishes and feeds the body hours after the power of ordinary food is exhausted.

A few days' trial of Grape-Nuts tells the tale.

Found at grocers, and made by the Fortum Co., at Battle Creek, Mich.

No Doubt About It!

It's profitable to trade here at any time, and especially so during our

BETWEEN SEASONS SALE.

Every department offers you something at a price not usually so low, but stocks must be lowered to make room for early fall shipments.

Between Seasons Silk Values.

Fancy Figured Pongee Silks, 24 inches wide 25c. Between seasons price..... 15c

Fancy Figured Silks, cream grounds, 75c. Between seasons price..... 49c

French Broche Silks, light shades and a pretty range of Dresden Silks that were \$1.10. Between seasons price..... 79c

A line of Colored Surah Silks, in all new shades, 75c. Between seasons price..... 50c

One piece only, Black Brocade, a decided bargain, 75c. Between seasons price..... 39c

A complete range of Colored Satins, also Black. Between seasons price..... 39c

Every lady interested in getting the prettiest for Waist or Dress should visit the Silk counters.

KINGSMILL'S Between Seasons Sale of Seasonable Goods.



Watch This Space Tomorrow—Thursday—July 20.

The Fit-Reform Wardrobe

ROBERT M. BURNS, 180 Dundas Street.

short, only three toasts being in order.

"The Queen," was responded to by the company singing the National Anthem.

"The United States" was coupled with the name of Col. Culver, here, and Col. Edgar, of Boston.

"Slater Societies" was responded to by Mr. E. T. Essery, on behalf of St. George's Society.

This ended the speech making. The pipers dispensed music while the feasting was in progress. The Italian harpers were also in attendance. A number of good old Scotch songs were sung by the company before breaking up, and many humorous stories told in connection with the "Land o' the Heather."

President Wm. Wanless, Secretary W. B. Laidlaw and Treasurer J. W. Jones, J. B. McKillop, Col. Macbeth, Frank Love, and the other members of the committee are to be congratulated on the great success of their efforts. They were about the grounds all day, doing their best to make everybody have a good day of it.

NOTES.

Drummer Murray, of the 48th, is certainly "one of the finest." He was the center of attraction all day. One could stand on his head and beat the drum, if he saw fit. Col. Edgar, of Boston, made Murray a handsome present in token of his admiration for him.

The merry-go-round and lunch counters did a brisk business.

The pleasure steamer Urania took a large crowd for a pleasant two-hours' sail on old Erie in the evening.

Those Toronto pipers are certainly in the first rank. They received much well-merited applause.

A number of dances were enjoyed by little parties in the old dancing shed.

The Scotch thistle could be seen on all sides.

The bath houses did not do much business. Old Erie was a little too chilly.

The tram service was excellent.

BY A CLOUDBURST

Father, Mother and Eight Children Lose Their Lives.

Tekamah, Neb., July 19.—Word was received today of the drowning, Iowa, near the Minnesota line, Monday night of A. W. Blades, his wife and eight children, while en route to Minnesota in an emigrant wagon.

HON. W. B. IVES' FUNERAL.

Sherbrooke, Que., July 19.—The funeral of the late Hon. W. B. Ives, Q.C., M.P., was probably one of the very largest and most representative of any ever seen in this city or the district.

ALL RIGHT AGAIN.

Ottawa, Ont., July 19.—Mrs. Behan, Miss Agnes Behan and the Misses Kirby, who were rescued from drowning through the heroism of young Gordon Heron, of Chelsea, on Friday, have recovered from the effects of the shock and are being congratulated on their escape. The heroic act of young Heron is very highly commended, and it is thought his bravery deserves some tangible recognition.

MANITOBA REDISTRIBUTION

Only a Few Constituencies Are Affected.

Winnipeg May Run Sunday Cars—Good Crop Prospects in the Northwest.

Winnipeg, Man., July 19.—The redistribution bill was distributed in the house. Only a few constituencies are affected. Six townships are taken off Mountain and added to Manitou, and the same number taken from Manitou and added to Morden, making these three ridings almost equal in size. Six townships on the east side of Beautiful Plains have been added to West Mountain, while the same number have been added to Beautiful Plains, on the north end. A slice has been taken off the east side of St. Andrew's, combined with Kildonan. The region lying between Lakes Winnipeg and Manitoba, and north of Woodlands and Rockwood has been erected into a new constituency, which will be known as Gimli. The region lying west of Lake Winnipeg and Lake Winnipegosis and northwest of Bourne and Beautiful Plains and east of Russell, will be known as settlement of Swan River. Russell has not been changed.

GOOD CROPS PROMISED.

Reports received by Dr. Saunders, director of experimental farms, indicate a favorable outlook for grain and grass crops in Manitoba and the Northwest. Dr. Fletcher, who has spent the last fortnight in surveying the best grain-growing sections in Manitoba and the territories, says that the crops everywhere are magnificent. Some of those best able to judge say that there has never been better promise of an abundant harvest.