

Carleton Place Herald.

VOL. XV.

CARLETON PLACE, C. W., JANUARY 25, 1865.

No. 19.

I WISH HE WOULD DECIDE.

I wish he would decide mamma,
I wish he would decide
I've been a bridesmaid twenty times,
When shall I be a bride?
My cousin Anne, my sister Fan,
The nuptial knot tied,
Yet come what will, I'm single still—
I wish he would decide!

He takes me to the play, mamma,
He brings me pretty books,
He waxes me his eyes, mamma,
Such speeches things he looks
When'er I roam—abroad, at home—
He lingers by my side;
Yet come what will, I'm single still—
I wish he would decide!

I throw out many hints, mamma,
I speak of other baus,
I talk about domestic life
And sing "They don't propose."
But ah! how vain each piteous strain,
His warring heart to guide.
Do what I will, I'm single still—
I wish he would decide!

I really shall insist, mamma,
If nothing intervenes,
My brother Thomas questions him,
And asks him what he means
And if he wants to "break, mamma,
My passion or my pride,
Unacquainted yet, shall soon regret—
I wish he would decide!

Metal shirt bosoms are advertised in New York.

The wheat crop of Ohio for the past year was about 20,500,000 bushels.

An old gentleman in Wisconsin, aged 100 years, has just married a widow of 88 summers.

Why is conscience like an omnibus strap? Because it is an inside check to the outer man.

"John, has the doctor arrived?" "Yes, sir." "Then go immediately for the undertaker."

Politeness is like an air cushion, there may be nothing solid in it, but it eases the jolts wonderfully.

The city of Philadelphia will begin the year 1865 with a debt of upwards of forty millions of dollars.

A thief who lately broke open a grocer's warehouse, excused himself on the plea that he only went to take tea.

Two-fifths of an acre of ground in Flin-William, N. H., raised ten and three-quarters tons of turpentine this year.

The Chicago lake tunnel has been excavated for nearly a quarter of a mile, and is progressing at the rate of ten feet per day.

A reward of \$25,000 is offered for the arrest and conviction of the conspirators lately engaged in firing the principal hotels in New York.

"I live in Julia's eyes," said a loverlain swain. "I do not wonder at it," said another, "I noticed she had a spy in one of them when I last saw her."

The great mass of a man's mind like the greater part of his body, he takes care to cover, so that no one may judge of its defects except they be very prominent.

A true man has as much strength in adversity as in prosperity. As, in the dark of the moon ways the tide as powerfully as in her full-orbed brightness.

The manner of advertising for a husband in Java is by placing an empty flowerpot on the portico roof, which is as much to say, "A young lady is in the house. Husband wanted."

Lord Brasfield (a Scotch judge) once said to an eloquent culprit at the bar, "You're a very clever chit, mon; but I'm thinking ye wad be none the waur o' a hinking."

Mr. Bruce, at Liverpool, said he remembered the witty retort, made in reply to the argument used by a champion of public schools, that Burn was a Harrow boy. It was, "Yes but Burn was a ploughboy."

A man in New York has recovered \$4,000 from a city stage company, for injuries received while crossing Broadway; and another has obtained \$22,300 from the corporation, for leaving an old well open, by which his little boy lost his life.

"Are you fond of novels?" a lady asked a gentleman who wished to be thought a lover of literature. "Yes," he replied. "Have you ever read" continued the inquisitive lady. "Ten Thousand a Year?"

"Dear me, madam," said the gentleman, "Why I never read so many in all my life!"

It has been discovered in New York that some of the gold bags transferred in sales have been tampered with, and that instead of containing gold the coin has been mixed with stones, old iron, new pennies, and other make-weights. To what extent this has been carried has not yet been ascertained.

A gentleman while skating fell into the water, and ran imminent risk of his life. A man with much difficulty pulled him out. The gentleman rewarded his rescuer with a six pence. The bystanders expressed some surprise respecting the insignificance of the sum; but the man only observed, that the gentleman knew best what his own life was worth, and walked off.

A man in Fairfield, Ohio, stole \$35 in greenbacks. By statute of that State, the stealing of \$35 constitutes a grand larceny, which is a penitentiary offence. The Republican lawyer who defended the prisoner, pleaded that the statute contemplated \$35 in value, and that as the notes stolen were worth less than the sum, the prisoner was only guilty of small larceny. The court sustained the plea, and the rogue escaped.

Burning the bils.—"Please, marm, and what shall I do with these candles?" "Take them down stairs and burn them in the kitchen, Bridget." Off she started. At night Bridget called the lady and asked her for a candle for the kitchen. "A candle—what have you done with the pieces you had this morning?" "Faith marm, I put them in the fire and burned them in the kitchen as you told me this morning."

A FATHFUL APPEAL.—They have a way of doing up things in the "Farnside" order, at the office of the New Orleans Picayune, altogether unique. This is the way they do it:—

Meet, oh! meet me, I implore you,
Meet where most I do adore you,
Nestle the shadow of the bowen,
Meet me there at any hour;
Meet me there, or where you will
Meet me—pay that little bill.

A DUTCHMAN IN SEARCH OF A WARRANT.

A Dutchman in a passion labours under many difficulties when he attempts to express his feelings in English. "Yew have mercy upon him and the justice at his expense are both numerous and irresistible. While we sympathize we cannot but laugh. "A breathless, excited individual," says a late number of a contemporary, "rushed into the police office yesterday and inquired for the chief."

"What do you want of him?" inquired an impatient officer.

"I want," said he, with a Teutonic accent, "I want ein baper to kill a tot voi pities me in to leg."

"Ah, you wish an order of execution issued against a vicious canine," said the officer.

"No, I wantent want any such thing. I want a baper to tell me to kill de bup. He pities my leg so bad, I have got to hydrophobia. He will kill him, or goes mad too."

"You require authority to proceed with force of arms against the dangerous animal."

"Mein Got, not dat ish not vat I want. I want to tell de bup to give me license to kill to leg. I want him to make me baper so ven I kill to leg he can nicht go inter de police court and swear against me."

"The dog?"

"Nein, not to leg; to man vat owns to leg. Yew see I kill him—"

"Nein—to leg. Und to man eues me for to price of to leg, den I want ter law on mine side, d'yer see?"

"O yes," said the officer, who was quietly chuckling at the caution evinced by the German, "then you want to get a warrant to arrest the man that owns the dog, so that the animal may not again attack you."

"No, no. You gets everything by to tell," cried larger beer, who began to think the officer was kidding him. "I tink you want to make choks of me. Tunder and blitzen! I want shutes, not choks. I want to cut to leg's head off, and if shutes will not give me a baper, I cut his head off any how."

And the lover of sourkraut started to leave the hall but meeting the 'Jed' or 'Beloe' at the door he conversed with him in a German dialect. He knew his wants, and received an order to execute the vicious animal.

As he was going out he met the impassive officer.

"All right?" he enquired.

"Yah, all right. I goes straight off to to owner of to leg and kill him."

"What, the owner?"

"No, to leg. You make fool of yourself by saying to ven I means man, and ven I means man you say to leg. Now you gone to ter tavel!"

Admaston Council.

Admaston, 9th Jan., 1865.

The municipal council of the township of Admaston met this 9th day of Jan., 1865, according to previous resolution of adjournment.

Present Messrs. Brown, Cardiff, Gorman, and the Reeve in the chair.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved of.

Mrs. Patrick Enright and Michael McMahon, having appeared and made complaint that their statute labour charged against them was not performed in consequence of their not receiving warning from the proper pathmaster.

Mr. Brown moved seconded by Mr. Cardiff, that the Collector be instructed not to proceed against Mrs. Patrick Enright and Michael McMahon for the amount of said statute labour charged against them on the roll, but that he apply to Mr. Harris for payment of the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Gorman seconded by Mr. Cardiff, that Peter Mayhew and George Philip be exempted from payment of statute labour, charged against them on the roll of 1864, they having performed the same, and that the amount so charged against them be struck off the said Collector's roll. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Brown seconded by Mr. Cardiff, that the amount of statute labour charged on the Collector's roll of 1864 against Robert Patterson, William Morrow, William McLeod, James Haines and Thos. Briscoe be struck off the said roll and charged against them on next year's statute labour list, they not having received proper notice to perform said labour. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Gorman seconded by Mr. Cardiff, that David Farquharson get leave to put his next year's statute labour on the concession line between the 4th and 5th concessions, leading from the Opeongo road till it reaches the 6th lot in the 5th concession. Carried.

John O'Dea having applied in person to have a day's statute labour charged against him on the roll of 1864 struck off.

Moved by Mr. Brown, seconded by Mr. Cardiff, that the amount charged against John O'Dea on the roll of 1864 for statute labour be struck off said roll, he having performed said labour. Carried.

Mr. Walker presented his account for surveying Roads. Amount \$5.

Petition from William Goodwin praying for Shop License, presented by the Reeve.

Mr. Brown moved seconded by Mr. Gorman, that the Clerk be instructed and he is hereby instructed to grant an order on the Treasurer in favour of Mr. Walker for the sum of \$4 as payment of his account for surveying roads. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cardiff seconded by Mr. Brown, that this council do adjourn for one hour.

The Council resumed as per adjournment, the Reeve in the chair.

Moved by Mr. Brown seconded by Mr. Gorman, that the application of the Good Templars of this Township for the use of the Hall to hold a Soiree on Friday evening next the 16th inst. be granted. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Brown seconded by Mr. Cardiff, that the Clerk do and he is hereby instructed to grant orders to the Treasurer in favour of the following parties, viz. to Mr. Whelan for services attending meeting of council and distributing statute labour lists, \$15 25, for superintending roads the sum of \$17; to Mr. Gorman for attending meetings of council and distributing, \$10 75, for superintending roads \$12; to Mr. Brown for attending meetings of council and distributing statute labour lists \$13 25, for superintending roads \$6 50; to Mr. Cardiff for attending meetings of council and distributing statute labour lists \$12 25; to Mr. Harris for attending meetings of council \$6 25; to James Poole, Esq.,

for printing proceedings of council for the year 1864—\$20. Carried.

Mr. Gorman moved seconded by Mr. Brown that this council do now adjourn sine die. Carried.

Proceedings of Ramsey Council.

Ramsey 16th Jan., 1865.

The newly elected Councilors met this day in the Town Hall. The Clerk presiding.

The Councilors elected, severally made and subscribed the declaration of office, and oath of qualification, as directed by Statute.

Mr. Houston proposed Mr. Galbraith as Reeve; Mr. Marshall seconded the nomination.

Mr. Galbraith was duly elected Reeve. Mr. Houston moved, seconded by Mr. Galbraith, that Mr. Marshall be deputy Reeve.

In amendment, Mr. Drummond moved that Mr. Taylor be Deputy Reeve. No second.

Mr. Marshall was duly elected deputy Reeve.

The Reeve and deputy Reeve made, and subscribed the declaration of office, and took their oaths accordingly.

[The Council in session.]

The Clerk read a circular from Mr. Russell, Stationer, Toronto, offering to supply the municipality with blank forms, &c.

Mr. Galbraith presented the report of a committee appointed at last meeting of council, to examine part of the 7th con. line at lot No. 11.

The Reeve appointed Mr. Michael Foley an Auditor.

Moved by Mr. Teskey, seconded by Mr. Drummond, that Mr. Mathew Anderson be an Auditor for the year 1865.

Mr. Houston moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that Mr. William Russell, Jr., be an Auditor for the current year.

On the amendment being submitted it was carried.

The original motion lost.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, seconded by Mr. Houston, that after the representation of the Collector, with respect to the case of Joseph O'Berry, it be hereby Resolved, that the Collector be, and he is hereby, authorized to relieve the said Joseph O'Berry from the payment of the amount of taxes now charged against him on the Collector's Roll.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, seconded by Mr. Houston, that the Clerk be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay the Blank forms, stationery, and "Journal of Education," necessary for the current year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Teskey, seconded by Mr. Drummond, that Messrs. Hart be allowed the sum of Fifty dollars for the year 1865, and that Mr. John Taylor be requested to expand the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Teskey, seconded by Mr. Drummond, Resolved, that Mr. Campbell be, and he is hereby authorized to get William Gilmore an order on the Treasurer for dollars and fifty-two cents, being the amount expended by him on behalf of Betsey Pollock, as directed by this council.

Moved by Mr. Teskey, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that Betsey Pollock be allowed a like amount for 1865, as was paid for her by this council last year, and that William Gilmore see the same expended. Carried.

Mr. Teskey moved, seconded by Mr. Drummond, that there be a number of applicants for the Assessorship, be it Resolved, that tenders be now received from the most eligible parties applying, and the office be awarded to the party who will do the work cheapest.

Moved by Mr. Teskey, seconded by Mr. Drummond, that James Simpson be appointed Assessor for 1865, and that his salary be \$36. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Houston, seconded by Mr. Teskey, that with respect to the Petition of John Kilpatrick, and others, submitted last year, the Clerk be instructed to notify the petitioners to appear at next meeting of Council when their case will be considered. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Teskey, seconded by Mr. Houston, that John McCarton be appointed Taver Inspector, and that his salary be \$6. Carried.

Adjourned till Saturday, 25th February. DAVID CAMPBELL, Town Clerk.

Minutes of the Township of Horton Annual Election.

The Annual Election passed off very quietly. There were eight candidates nominated, as follows, Messrs. Burton, Farrall, Eady, Jamieson, McNab, Airth, Lindsay and McConghy.

The poll continued open until eleven o'clock, forenoon, of the second day.

The Returning officer, adding up the different columns, declared the following members duly elected: Messrs. William Burton, Edward Farrall, Allen McNab, Robert Eady, Henry Airth; and notified them to meet the Clerk in the Town Hall, and hand over their oaths of office and qualification, on Monday, the 16th inst, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, and elect from among themselves a fit and proper person as Reeve, to represent them in County Council.

In accordance with said notice, the following gentlemen appeared in the Town Hall, on Monday the 16th instant, at 12 o'clock, noon: Messrs. Burton, McNab, Eady and Airth. [Mr. Farrall had not his appearance at this time,] and handed over their oaths of office and qualification duly attested.

The Clerk reminded them that their first duty was to elect a Reeve.

Moved by Mr. Eady, seconded by Mr. Airth, Resolved, that Mr. William Burton be, and he is hereby elected Reeve of this municipality for the current year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Airth, seconded by Mr. Eady, Resolved, that James Johnson be re-elected Township Clerk, with the same salary as last year. Carried.

Mr. Farrall came forward and handed over his oath of office and qualification and took his seat.

Moved by Mr. Farrall, seconded by Mr. Eady, Resolved, that there be an extraordinary meeting of council and distributing statute labour lists, for a balance of money due him since last spring, Fourteen dollars and fifty-two cents. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Eady, seconded by Mr. Airth, Resolved, that this Council do now adjourn for one hour.

In accordance with the adjournment, the Council met, Present, the Reeve, Eady, Airth, McNab and Farrall.

Moved by Mr. Airth, seconded by Mr. Eady, Resolved, that Mr. Robert McLennan

be, and he is hereby appointed one of the Auditors to audit the public accounts for the past year. Carried.

Mr. William Burton, Reeve, in accordance with the Statute, made and provided in that case, appointed Mr. Joseph Knight, in connection with Mr. McLennan, as Auditor.

Moved by Mr. Farrall, seconded by Mr. McNab, Resolved, that the Township Treasurer do receive the sum of \$21 25 for his services as Treasurer for the current year. Lost.

In amendment, Moved by Mr. Airth, seconded by Mr. Eady, Resolved, that Mr. William Jamieson be Treasurer for the sum of £1 for his services. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Eady, seconded by Mr. Farrall, Resolved, that Mr. Colin McNab and John Burwell be the Assessors for the current year with a salary of Seven pounds ten shillings for their services. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Eady, seconded by Mr. McNab, Resolved, that Mr. Thomas Clark be Taver Inspector for the Township of Horton for the present year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Farrall, seconded by Mr. McNab, Resolved, that the Township Treasurer do receive the sum of £1 for his services as Treasurer for the current year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Eady, seconded by Mr. McNab, Resolved, that the Township Treasurer do receive the sum of £1 for his services as Treasurer for the current year. Carried.

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Queen's University.

INTRODUCTION OF PROFESSORS BELL AND MACLEAN.

A meeting of the Convocation on Queen's University was held in Convocation Hall Tuesday afternoon, at three o'clock, for the purpose of publicly introducing into professional standing, Mr. Robert Bell, C.E., as professor of Chemistry and Natural History, and Donald Maclean, M. D., as Professor of the Institutes of Medicine.

The appointment of these gentlemen to their respective chairs was made by the Board of Trustees and each Professor entered upon his duties at the College at the commencement of the present session, and both have continued their duties up to the present.

A Statute of the University requires that Professors shall be publicly introduced, and shall make responses obliging them to conform to the rules and teachings of the University; and it was for this purpose that Convocation was specially summoned.

Mr. Bell, Resolved, that Mr. Thomas Clark be Taver Inspector for the Township of Horton for the present year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Farrall, seconded by Mr. McNab, Resolved, that the Township Treasurer do receive the sum of £1 for his services as Treasurer for the current year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Eady, seconded by Mr. McNab, Resolved, that the Township Treasurer do receive the sum of £1 for his services as Treasurer for the current year. Carried.

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ought to be. I think the most superficial consideration of this question will suffice to convince any person who is open to conviction that there is the most imperative demand for reform in the Canadian schools, and to prove this it is necessary to call attention to the fact that the present system of education is not only defective in its principles, but is also defective in its execution. It is not fair to mention in reference to these practitioners that however inferior their qualifications may have been at the time of graduation, many of them have subsequently acquired the means of extending their acquirements with the aid of the medical education in Canada and the necessity which exists for its improvement and reform does not require to be proved or illustrated by any such inquiries or comparisons, for any person with even a very moderate acquaintance with human nature who will take the trouble to make himself acquainted with the present mode of administration of our medical schools will have no difficulty in forming an estimate of its inherent imperfections and the necessity of its reform. If any additional proof were wanting it can be obtained to an overwhelming extent from history, from the history of the English and Scotch medical schools. In this fact consists our chief comfort and ground for hope. Only a few years have elapsed since the medical schools of Scotland were oppressed and their progress impeded by exactly the same causes which now oppress those of Canada and impede their progress.

IMPORTANT RAILWAY CHANGES.
The Prescott Messenger says:—On the 1st of January instant, the entire interest of the Ottawa and Prescott Railway Company was handed over by the representatives of that Company to the Grand Trunk Railway Company, and within a few days, the old Grand Trunk Railway Station will be deserted. All the books of the office, the freight, clerks and all, will be removed to the Ottawa and Prescott Railway Station, where hereafter the work will be done. No train will be sent to Prescott by the Grand Trunk Railway. Before all passenger trains are due East and West, local trains will leave the station at the foot of Water street, for the Junction; where the passengers will transship themselves, and after the main train has passed, the local train will return. Additional office and freight accommodations will be required, and before a year elapses, we do not doubt the appearance of things in the vicinity of the depot will be very much changed by the buildings which will be erected. In the meantime, however, the present premises will have to suffice.

Very few people have any idea of the business which the Grand Trunk has built up at this point, and which we are glad to see is on the increase. Of course the present passport system tends to injure the passenger traffic, but the freight business, being left to itself, goes on expanding, as may easily be seen in the largely increased exports and imports at the Port. The amount of exports for the year 1863, amounted to \$225,636; the last quarter of the year, when the railway connection had just been perfected, furnished this, about half, viz: \$305,345. Last year the exports show a gratifying increase, of over 50 per cent amounting to \$400,512. The imports also present an equally favorable aspect. The total imports for 1863 were \$944,123; for 1864 they were \$1,615,467, showing an increase of nearly three quarters of a million of dollars—a most gratifying result as showing the increased traffic by the Grand Trunk Railway.

CHARGE OF FORGERY REPEATED BY THE AID OF THE MICROSCOPE.—At the Police Court in London, on Wednesday, Mr. C. W. Kent, was charged with altering two promissory notes drawn up by Henry Fletcher. It was alleged by the prosecutor that the words "with interest at twenty-five per cent" had been fraudulently added after the notes were signed. The prototype tells the remainder of the story:—The county attorney, Mr. Hutcheon, was present for the prosecution, and Mr. Beaudouin for the defence. Two powerful microscopes were introduced into court by Mr. Saunders, and the writing on each note was critically examined by these means clearly showed, to our minds at least, that the words mentioned must have been written before the signatures were appended. This was easily discovered, even on one of them, with the naked eye alone. The examination by the microscope, however, appeared to set all doubts at rest on that point, by revealing certain strokes of the pen in the top signature crossing a portion of the line said to be afterwards added, and showing plainly enough to the most obtuse that the words in question must have been inserted at the time the notes were drawn up. Here the case rested; the prosecutor, when called, failed to appear; whether frightened by the tell-tale microscope or not, we do not know, he could not be found. The charge was therefore dismissed, every one present feeling that under the circumstances no other course could be adopted.

PETTY OUTRAGES.
A few persons in the eastern part of this county, have from time to time amused themselves by shaving horses' tails, and other petty outrages against their neighbours, whose political views did not harmonize with their own. The perpetrators generally managed to keep their identity from being known, and thus evaded punishment. It is high time that this sort of thing should be done away with; and a little publicity to a case which is just come to light, may help to deter others from such unwarrantable deeds. Some time in October last, the tails and manes of Mr. William Wilson's horses, in Belmont, were subjected to this shaving process; and a few days ago, on summons issued, Messrs. John Burgess and John Brooks were convicted before a bench of magistrates at Norwood for committing the act; the fine and costs amounted to \$34. A correspondent who writes to us adds, significantly, that horse hairs, as well as straw, show "which way the wind blows." We trust this will be a warning to similarly disposed persons in future.—*Peabody Reviewer.*

Two men named respectively McLeod, of Dundas, and Schofield, of Igouville, were arrested in London on Saturday for passing counterfeit money. The hearing of the case was postponed until Tuesday.

On the 19th, Jan. 16, The beautiful little English Church recently erected here was destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. It had been burning for some time before it was discovered, and everything in it was consumed. The fire is supposed to have arisen from the heating apparatus.

What time is that which, again backwards and forwards, is the same?—*Moan.*
Fortune is painted blind that she may not blush to behold, those who belong to her.
An Irishman fights before he reasons; a Scotchman reasons before he fights; an Englishman is not particular as to the order of precedence, but will do either to accommodate his customers.
Dates from Mexico of the 26th ult. represent affairs there as very unsettled. Between 4000 and 5000 of the Imperial troops had been defeated at Etla by the Republicans.
A man named David McGibbon, of the Township of Nepean, was frozen to death on Thursday last, about 60 miles above Pembroke, while on his way to the shanty. He was in the employ of the Hon. James Black at the time of his death.
The Rev. G. D. Macartney, upon his resignation of the Mission of Plantagenet, in consequence of bad health, has received from his people several flattering addresses and handsome presentations, including a piece of plate and a copy of Alford's Great Testament, expressive of their attachment and esteem, and of their sorrow at his departure from amongst them.
Why Not?—We do not see why the rule will not apply in one case as well as the other. An adductor and a lawyer were talking of a disastrous battle. The former was lamenting the number of brave soldiers who fell on the occasion, when the lawyer observed, that "those who live by the sword must expect to die by the sword." By the similar rule, replied the officer, those who live by the law must expect to die by the law.

The following anecdote is told in illustration of the Scotch veneration of the Sabbath:—A geologist, while in the country, and having his pocket hammer with him, took it out and was shipping the rock by the wayside for examination. His proceedings did not escape the quick eye and ready tongue of an old Scotch woman. "What are you doing there mon?" "Don't you see?" "I'm breaking a stone." "Y'are doing mair than that; y'are breaking the Sabbath."

"PUPPIES NEVER SEE TILL THEY ARE NINE DAYS OLD."—It is related, that when a former Bishop of Bristol held the office of Vice-Chancellor of the University of Cambridge, he one day met a couple of undergraduates, who requested to pay the accustomed compliment of calling. The Bishop inquired the reason of the neglect. The two men begged his lordship's pardon, observing they were freshmen and did not know him. "How long have you been in Cambridge?" "Only eight days," was the reply. "Very good," said the Bishop, "puppies never see till they are nine days old."

The Herald.
CARLETON PLACE.
Wednesday, Jan. 25th, 1865.

The circulation of the C. P. Herald is now very large and constantly increasing. Merchants, business men and all who desire to communicate with the public will secure a wide publication for their notices, by advertising in its columns. Charges as low as for other papers of less than half the circulation. No charge for publishing births, marriages and deaths.

We have had much pleasure, from time to time, in marking the progress which was being made towards the completion of the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad; and we are sure that our readers, generally, will agree with us in giving credit to the present company for the diligence and perseverance with which the work has been pushed forward since it came under the able management of Mr. Richardson.

It is only a few weeks since we copied, from the "Brockville Recorder", a lengthy article written by the editor of that paper, who had made a visit to the railroad office, examined the books of the company, and reported everything, in relation to the financial affairs of the road, in a prosperous and highly satisfactory condition.

The course pursued by Mr. Richardson since his connection with the road, has long since dispelled any doubt or mistrust that may have arisen in the public mind, in reference to the interests of the municipality. And, that gentleman has afforded another proof of straightforward dealing in the matter, by remitting to the county treasurer of these United Counties, the large instalment of two thousand, seven hundred and sixteen dollars and fifty cents, due of the surplus earnings of the road.

The following is a copy of Mr. Richardson's letter, to the Treasurer:—
Brookville, 16th Jan., 1865.
WM. FRASER, Esq.,
County Treasurer, Perth.
DEAR SIR:—Owing entirely to misunderstanding between our respective Councils, and not between the R. R. committee of your Counties Council and myself, the formal written agreement between the counties and this company has not yet been executed.

Since the basis of this agreement was first created between us I have proceeded steadily in good faith to work up to the spirit as well as letter of our understanding.

Accordingly I believe it will be admitted that, so far as time has allowed, every engagement made by me has been honorably fulfilled.

Determined that no member of your Counties' Council shall be able to justify or truly accuse me of breach of faith.

Determined that, whatever cause of complaint the people of these counties may have had against the old B. R. Company, they shall have none against the new for having failed to commence the earliest possible repayment.

Determined that, whatever difficulty may hereafter arise from the exercise of civil influences in your council, and whatever the consequences, the discredit thereof shall not attach to this new company, but the same shall be proved in any court to have discharged its duties to the uttermost in favour of the counties.

Determined on these points and although the spirit of my agreement with your council was that I should not have to make payments until 1866, I now offer to the counties through you a further practical

evidence of my good faith and conduct towards them and their interests.

Herewith I beg to enclose a cheque in your favour on "Bank of Upper Canada" for two thousand seven hundred and sixteen dollars and 50 cents, being equal to one fifteenth part or one annual instalment on the amount already paid to Government, under the 5 cents in the \$ act as per your statement of account, and in terms of my agreement.

Allow me to assure you that I did not expect to do this in 1863, and that it places this company under the severest strain.

In my opinion the counties would have done better for their own ultimate advantage had they allowed me to apply the money towards improving the road, which will require very large expenditures to enable it to earn as much as it should do.

However I keep my agreement as to "surplus".

The following is extracted from your account:—

1869	December 1	\$13067 25
1860	do	1370 85
1861	do	13978 79
		\$40747 50
		\$2716 50.

One fifteenth of which is \$2716 50. Receipt of this to the credit of this company, as per agreement, will much oblige.

Yours truly
JOHN G. RICHARDSON.

We are afraid that the peace rumours, which were so current last week, are too shadowy and imaginative to afford anything tangible on which to hang a hope, of a speedy solution of the difficulties between the Northern and Southern States. Mr. Blair's mission to Richmond appears to have resulted in a failure, and he has returned without any letter from President Davis, and without being able to give any other account, than that the Southern authorities are still determined on achieving national independence for the South.

The Northern forces, however, have been winning victories, and making conquests, which will, very materially, cripple the resources of the South, and may, if vigorously followed up, be the means of bringing rebellion to terms. The capture of Fort Fisher, after a second attack, is an important victory on the Northern side, and will weigh heavily in the Southern breast. Two sea-board strong-holds, Fort McAllister and Fort Fisher, have passed into the hands of the Northern military forces—the former capture leading to the occupation of the city of Savannah, the latter, probably, will terminate in the reduction of Wilmington.

But, all this time, General Lee continues to present a defiant front to General Grant; and, for days past, the Federal camp has been in dread of an attack. In Richmond the old spirit of defiance is still maintained; and, as for the slavery question and the barrier which it has so far opposed to European recognition, the die has already been cast, and negro slaves are now fighting for Southern independence and their own freedom. Thus has it come to pass once more that with regard to the negro the two belligerents are on a level. The North and the South alike have used the negro as a slave until the necessities of each have compelled them to turn to recognize him as a soldier and a man. The war threatens to sweep away every vestige of negro bondage from the land, and must entirely change the nature of society over the area of the Southern and border States. This result is now patent; the other result, the independence of the Southern States or the conquest of all the revolted territory by the Federal armies of the United States, is yet hid in the impenetrable future, and may be left to our lot without the aid of any spurious prophecy.

The tone of the British press, in commenting upon the recent order of General Dix, is very gratifying. We are not, after all, to be left to our own resources. The old spirit of the British heart is not yet too callous to be aroused by the blustering of such imprudent generals. The "Times," very forcibly, thunders the warning in their ears, that, if they make war upon Canada, they will have to feel the might of England's power. Though somewhat tardy in espousing its present sentiments, such a declaration, from the leading British organ, is of value, as showing the turn in the feelings of the English people, which has been excited by the arrogant attitude of the Northern States towards this colony. Though the Dix order has been recalled, the animus of the American people yet remains; and Secretary Seward of the State Department at Washington still seeks to annoy the people of this country, while the Senate and House of Representatives spitefully believe they have sealed the order of our bankruptcy by voting the abrogation of the Reciprocity treaty.

When enemies are thus showing their heads on our Southern border, it is well that their still stronger the national British sentiment that insult and injury to the people of a colony is most for resentment by the force of the Empire.

In the case of Benet G. Burley, tried before Recorder Duggan, of the city of Toronto, his honor, the Recorder, has given a lengthy judgment against the prisoner, and committed him to go to await the action of the Governor General, who alone is able to order the surrender of the prisoner. There can, now, be no doubt that he will be given up to the Federal authorities, and this decision, we think, will meet with satisfaction by the Canadian people.

All the proceedings which have taken place in parliament, since its meeting on the 19th instant, appear in our columns to-day. The speech is long and interesting; and will repay a perusal, as foreshadowing the legislation which may be expected during the coming session.

A despatch from Washington says the House has concurred in the resolution of the Senate to terminate the Reciprocity Treaty.

It is said that owing to a falling off in the supply of rat skins in Paris this season there will probably be a rise in the price of "extra fine" kid gloves.

The remains of Mr. Dayton, the late American Minister to France, have been embalmed, and are to be sent to the United States.

It is a settled fact, that the U. S. Senate has decided to do away with the reciprocity treaty. How far it will affect Canada is matter of dispute in different quarters, and will not be fully known without a trial. The "Montreal Witness" says:—If Canada loses the Reciprocity Treaty there must, necessarily, be a great change in her system of farming. Oats and Barley are the chief staples of a large portion of Western Canada, and we may say of all Lower Canada. The chief market for these crops is the United States—from which, if they are shut out, the price must fall to what it was in olden times. Many Lower Canada farmers will remember oats at 10d. to 1s. per bushel, instead of 1s. 9d. to 2s., and that grain has been lately; and so with barley. Wheat and peas, which can be exported advantageously to Great Britain, will not be so much affected by the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty. In view of this great change hanging over us, and which is likely to come into operation about one year from this date, the farmers of Canada should be laying their plans for an altered system. If they find a profitable market, it should be more largely cultivated; and, above all, more attention should be turned to cattle and sheep husbandry. Butter, cheese, beef, wool, mutton, tallow, &c., should take a far higher place than they have yet done among our staple products; and it so happens that there are just the crops, not only to keep the land in good heart, but greatly to improve it. With proper attention to animals, also, much smaller farms will support families; so that we may have a much denser population, and schools and churches will, in consequence, be much more prosperous.

RESIGNATION OF THE HON. ISAAC BUCHANAN.—The Hamilton Spectator of Wednesday announces the resignation of the Hon. Isaac Buchanan of his seat in the Legislature as member for the city of Hamilton. It seems that Mr. McElroy, who was contesting Mr. Buchanan's election, consented to withdraw his protest, and that thereupon Mr. Buchanan sent his resignation to Quebec. It will be remembered that the hon. gentleman promised to retire as soon as the Hamilton relief bill had passed. The Spectator complains of Mr. Buchanan's conduct in taking this step without consulting his constituents, a step which will throw the city into the turmoil of an election during a session of Parliament.

Our readers will observe, by a card which appears in our advertising columns, that Mr. W. C. Lewis, who, for some years past, kept the Almonte House, with so much satisfaction to the travelling public, has removed to Perth, and rented the Glasgow Hotel, in that town, for a term of years. As a hotel keeper, Mr. Lewis is a general favorite with the public. He keeps the best of accommodations, and good food, and has the faculty of making his friends feel comfortable and at home, in his house.

Today for Feb. punctually to hand as usual, if possible, more attractive than ever. It opens with a beautiful design for a country residence. A handsome steel engraving entitled "Sabbath Eve"; depicting a peaceful family worship, in a cottage. The fashion plate is unusually brilliant. "St. Valentine's Day," a charming wood cut, reminds us that this day of merriment is fast approaching. It also contains many patterns for fancy work, and useful receipts for young housekeepers. The reading matter is entertaining and instructive. None of our fair readers should be without Godfrey.

A meeting of the Directors of the Ottawa and Prescott Railway Company, was held on Tuesday, when, K. Bell, Esq., M. P., having tendered his resignation as President of the Company, W. H. Reynolds, Esq., was elected President, resigning his office of Vice-President, which was filled by the election of C. J. Bridges, Esq., as Vice-President. Mr. Joseph Mooney, resigned his office of Secretary, and Treasurer, and Mr. B. Billings, was temporarily appointed to that office.

LOWER PROVINCE NEWS.—St. John, N. B., papers of the 12th inst., contradict the statement that Mr. Hathaway had withdrawn from the Cabinet. Halifax papers state that Mr. Palmer had retired from the Prime Minister's Cabinet, and J. C. Pope had taken the post of President of the Council, vacant by Colonel Gray's resignation. The return of Colonel Gray to the Cabinet was expected.

Glasgow is suffering from prevalence of typhus fever. The disease has extended so widely over the city that the local authorities are unable to provide accommodation for the sufferers in the ordinary institutions, and in consequence they have ordered the construction of a temporary fever hospital.

AMERICAN CONSULS TO RECEIVE U. S. CURRENCY FOR PASSPORTS.—Secretary Seward has issued a circular announcing that all consular officers in the provinces are authorized to receive U. S. currency in payment for passports, and directing, in case any Consul has charged an excess over the prescribed price, that he refund the same.

The following appears in the Odessa Zeitung: "Muller the murderer of Mr. Briggs was formerly in the Russian navy but was dismissed the service in consequence of robbing the captain of his ship of his watch."

It is said that owing to a falling off in the supply of rat skins in Paris this season there will probably be a rise in the price of "extra fine" kid gloves.

The remains of Mr. Dayton, the late American Minister to France, have been embalmed, and are to be sent to the United States.

THE VOLUNTEER FORCE.—A code of instructions has been issued for the guidance of officers connected with the Volunteer Force now on duty on the frontier. These instructions relate to the pay and allowances to the officers and men, rations, fuel, light, transport, medical attendance, &c. The paymaster is to advance a sufficient sum weekly to each officer in command of a company for the pay of the non-commissioned officers and men, who are to be paid twice a week—namely, on Monday and Thursday. The ration of a volunteer is stated as follows: Bread, one pound; fresh meat, one pound; butter, two ounces; coffee, one third of an ounce; tea, one sixth of an ounce; sugar, two ounces; rice, two ounces; milk, one pint; potatoes, two pounds; per man, per day. The contractor for groceries will be allowed to charge 2 cents per man per diem for supplying bread, salt, pepper, and a sufficiency of vegetables (to the satisfaction of the commanding officer) for making soup. The rations must be examined by the orderly officer every morning, and if they are not according to contract, they are to be condemned by a board of officers. An allowance of oat feed will be issued as follows:—For each store actually and necessarily used in barracks rooms, 5 rations or inches per day; for each store actually and necessarily used in guard rooms, 7 rations or inches per day; fuel for cooking purposes will be issued in such quantities as may be found actually necessary by the commanding officer on the spot. Ninety six rations or inches of fuel are equal to one cord of wood. One coal oil lamp, will be allowed for every ten men. The allowance of oil is left to the commanding officer. "When a volunteer is in hospital or under charge of a local practitioner, his pay and allowances will be charged for in the pay list, in the ordinary way: the pay will be issued to himself in the usual manner, and the 'allowances' will be handed over to the hospital authorities for his subsistence and medical comforts, excepting medicines, which will be furnished by the medical officer and charged to the Government in a separate account."

We mentioned last week that the person who threw a stone through the cars, one night last fall, has been arrested and is now in jail in Perth. The "Smith's Weekly Review" says, that his name is J. McElroy, and the circumstances connected with the felony, and its discovery are as follows:—McElroy, accompanied by a companion named John Murray, was proceeding home from the village of Perth, when he saw the train approaching, placed a stone on the rail, which however, was kicked off by Murray, who at the same time cautioned his companion about the enormity of the crime intended to commit. As the train came up McElroy caught up a stone and dashed it through the window. After reaching the place where he was employed—a shanty on a new farm belonging to Mr. D. Terney—he commenced telling in a spirit of bragadoecia what he had done. The shanty was kept by Daniel Alexander, a person known in this village, and he, stimulated by the prospect of the reward, doubting as he seems to have been on very tardy in the matter—lodged an information with A. McDougall, Esq. A warrant for McElroy's apprehension was immediately issued, and on Saturday last he was arrested by constable Gilroy. At the trial evidence was clear, that Mr. McDougall, who had been committed him for trial at the Quarter Sessions of the Court of Queen's Bench.

THE BALLOT.

The following are the names of those drafted in the County of Renfrew which were omitted in the last year:—
RENEWED VILLAGE.
William Mills, Robert McLean, Joseph Hazelton, Carl Crear, E. Cameron, Peter Gammon, John Wright, William Pennington, G. Lowland, E. Sullivan, Thomas Sullivan, Peter Stewart, John McGee, W. Hazelton, James Cook, David Murphy, Andrew Frothingham, H. Leggett, Thomas McDougall, John French, Robert McKay, Robert Carwell, J. McWilliam, James Arch, A. Muro, Alfred Plant.

ANOTHER VILLAGE.
A. Welsh, Thomas Ford, William Russell, A. Russell, Edward Edry, John O'Connor, Thomas Foster, Hayhurst, W. H. Lang, W. Thompson, Thomas Knoch, James Minnie, Thomas Burnett, Augustus Croor, Thomas Leitch, Alcock Jack, J. Leonard, John McGuire, Francis Bushby, Mack Mary, James Jenkins, Peter McNaigh, Patrick McGonigal, John Oakes, John Terney, Patrick Cunningham.

RALPH TOWNSHIP.
James Colton, Hugh Fitzpatrick, Wm. McConnell, John John McCormack, P. J. James McConnell, John McCarty, P. J. Brian.

WILLIE TOWNSHIP.
James LaRoche, John Smith, McCarty.

Jan. 21st 1864.
The annual meeting of the North Riding of Lanark county agricultural society, was this day held in the Town Hall, Ramsey. Lawrence Naimish Esq., President in the chair.

Proceedings of the past year were read, and also accounts from the Board of Agriculture and other county societies. Reports of all the Branch societies were presented.

The Treasurer's account, as audited, correctness certified by the auditors, was read.

Mr. Robt. Young, moved, seconded by Mr. Jas. Black.

That Lawrence Naimish, Esq., be President.

Mr. Robt. McFarlane, moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. John Steel, that John Baird, Esq., be President.

The amendment was carried. John Baird, Esq., was elected President for the current year.

Moved by Mr. Robt. Young, seconded by Mr. Robt. McFarlane, that Mr. L. Naimish be first Vice President. Carried.

Moved by Mr. M. McFarlane, seconded by Mr. M. McFarlane, that Mr. Robt. Young, be second Vice President. Carried.

Moved by Mr. John Steel, seconded by Mr. Robt. Young, that David Campbell, be Secretary and Treasurer. Carried.

The following gentlemen were also elected Directors: viz: Messrs John Steel, Geo. Bowland, Gilbert Forgie, Andrew Wilson, John Taylor, Andrew Keshock, and B. H. Davis.

Moved by Mr. James Black, seconded by Mr. R. Young, that Wm. Baird, Andrew Ochoane and Robert McFarlane be auditors for the current year—carried.

Moved by Mr. R. McFarlane, seconded by Mr. J. Baird, that the Secretary procure for

the use of members of the society 126 copies of the Canada Farmer and 50 copies of the Albany Cultivator and Register of Rural Affairs—carried.

Moved by Mr. James Black, seconded by Mr. R. McFarlane, that James Johnson, Esq., London, F. W. Stone, Esq., Guelph, Richmond, Gananoque, and Wm. Ferguson, Esq., M. P. Frontenac, be the members nominated by this society to fill up the vacancies in the Board of Agriculture for the ensuing year—carried.

After some other discussions the meeting broke up.

DAVID CAMPBELL,
Sec. and Treas. N. L. A. S.

To the Editor of the C. P. Herald.
DEAR HERALD,—To the West, to the West," was my mental exclamation one very stormy morning not long ago, when I took my seat in the B. & O. Railway train, as it stopped for a few minutes at old Carleton Place. Toot, toot went the whistle, round went the wheels, and we were off, gliding smoothly over the splendid track of our road. The great depth of snow which had fallen during the night, scarcely seemed to be any obstruction to the mighty "Mississippi" as she plunged through the night, dragging the heavy train behind. At the entering village of Franktown, however, we were subjected to a stoppage of more than half an hour, caused by the non-arrival of the train. So we sat and tiddled our thumbs and looked out on the dreary scene; hop-poles railing their small heads through the snow, and piles of cordwood, which were becoming shapely mounds of white. But we started again leaving Franktown and all its pleasures behind, Smith's Falls, Irish Creek, Bellamy's, euphonious names these. Who was the driver? Who was the Irishman? Who was Bellamy? Well, never mind, we may find out some day. Brockville was reached at last, and the welcome shelter of the Willson House, where the store in the office sent forth a rush of hot air which soon thawed our chilled toes and fingers. Finding that the Grand Trunk trains were all in confusion on account of the previous night's snow storm, I resolved to make myself as comfortable as circumstances would permit, and, ensconcing myself in an arm chair near the stove, above mentioned, I was soon deep in the pros and cons of a quarrel between the Recorder and the Monitor. Will your

Editorship please to explain how it is that County-town newspapers invariably get up such miserable dirty little squabbles with one another. How is it that the Blankville Sun threatens to scorch to annihilation the ditto Reporter, because the latter gentleman has dared to oppose the election of that highly respected minister, Patrick Muldoon, Esq., to the responsible office of winding up the town clock? There is a mystery in it at least to my unprofessional mind. If the aforesaid Mr. Muldoon had agreed to pay a certain per cent of his salary to the Sun, or his competitor, Timothy Muggins had entered into a similar contract with the Reporter, there might be some cause for calling each other "scoundrel scribblers" in defence of their favorites; but I hardly think this is probable. Perhaps, as Carleton Place never was a County Town, you are unable thoroughly to enter into the finer feelings which actuated your more civilized confreres in these contentions. Where ignorance is bliss 'tis folly to be wise.

Brockville seems to be highly favoured in the article of young swell, gentlemen at large without any money. I took an observation of a considerable number of specimens of this genus, and from my corner studied their characteristic points. According to their own declaration, they were a very Yankee twang, their principal occupation appears to be "kind o' loafin' round"; to which may be added, consuming cock tails, whenever they can run their intelligent countenances for a drink, and expatiating on the glorious qualities of the Brockville Fire Engine if they happen to observe a modest stranger from the rural districts, (e.g., your humble correspondent) betraying any symptoms of listening to their remarks. I do believe they think the sun might rise by Brockville time.

Another assemblage of youths in the Hotel, also, attracted my attention. They were a very jolly lot, and from some mysterious allusions to "Billy," which I overheard, I have an idea that they were Queen's College students, on their way home to enjoy the Christmas Holidays. One of them, a tall youth of about 16, had got hold of a cigar, his first to just, in a mode of holding the article. I watched him for a long time, and it was a most amusing scene. The look of disgust which would force its way into his countenance after a few whiffs, and the marked contrast of the awkward appearance of sublime enjoyment which he assumed, when any of his companions turned to see how he was getting on, proved almost too much for my visibilities. I had a good mind to offer him my own "good old brier," but I was afraid that he would look upon a pipe as a vulgar thing never countenanced by a gentleman, at least when it was in his power to obtain the genuine aborigine. Unhappy soul! I was afraid that his stomach paid for his devotion to a vegetable diet.

About two o'clock in the morning the bus came around to the door, and took me up to the depot, where I had the satisfaction of learning that the train had not, at that time, reached Cornwall, and that it would not be up for a couple of hours. The interval I passed by the glowing stove, listening to various anecdotes of the famous Wilson Leucates, related by a funny fellow, who had belonged to that remarkable corps. They sang "The Longest Lane has a Turning," and I suppose it's quite true. Anyhow, the train did arrive at about half-past four. On entering the car I found about a dozen passengers stretched on the seats in all manner of elegant attitudes, and in all degrees of sleep, from wide awake to snoring. One lengthy individual, something less than seven feet, had shut himself up like a jack rabbit and was lying on a seat with his knees in very close proximity to the roof of the car. Two or three had given up all attempts at sleep, and sitting by the stove maintained a disjointed conversation, the chief statement in which appeared to be that it was a plucky old night, and it was. The stove was getting almost red hot, and any attempt at warming a person's toes, generally resulted in scorching the knees of his unfortunates, while, at the same time, the temperature of his dorsal region was anything but "Fever Heat." To add to our discomforts, the engine wouldn't work as it ought, and insisted on coming to a dead stop every two or three miles. Nevertheless we managed to crawl slowly along, past hills, and rocks, and telegraph posts, till shortly after daylight we arrived at Kingston, where the passengers made a rush for the refreshment room, in the hope that a hot breakfast was awaiting them—Vain hope! There was nothing on the table but table-cloths. I approached a mild looking individual, who, with a coat-tail under each arm, was warning his back at the stove, and ventured to hint that something to eat wouldn't be bad to take. "Crackum in the bar," was the gracious answer. On proceeding to the bar, I enquired for these articles of food, which, I supposed, were analogous to biscuits. The young man behind the counter brought forth the whole stock. Three! I took them

with a sigh—for I thought he might need them himself—he looked very thin and hungry. Being of a generous disposition I shared the plunder with my neighbours, and silenced my appetite with visions of "hot vittles" at Cobourg. Slowly proceeded through village and town, stopping at stations, or anywhere else, as the iron horse took the inclination; rattling over the horrible Grand Trunk track, till every bone in my body ached, and I began to repent that I had not insured my teeth before starting. I have driven over some pretty fair specimens of ordure, but the G. T. R. is a long way ahead.

At Belleville we got rid of our pervers locomotive and obtained one which was more under control. The train was due at Cobourg about 9 o'clock, but ten, eleven, twelve, passed and still no Cobourg. At last, about 2 P. M., we approached the station and rushed to the refreshment room. Sausages, Mutton chops, Beefsteak, Chickens, Toast, Coffee, &c., &c., soon found a living tomb, and we arose like giants refreshed, we didn't pause to inquire whether the sausages were pork or puppy, or to make any minute investigation into the actual composition of the Beefsteak. A very nice thing is real pie, when you know the lady who made it, it was Sam Weller's opinion. But we knew not the lady that made it, and we were too hungry to care. I don't grudge the man all that he made out of me that morning.

At Cobourg, moreover, we were favoured by the interruption of several almost star-famed institutions, Victoria College, several of whom were, I think, the drunkest men I ever saw able to stagger. Had they been connected with that "Godless" College designated the University of Toronto, I could have underlined the matter at Victoria, "Old Vic," it was beyond my comprehension.

In due time, that is six hours after time, we reached Toronto where, securing the services of a cabman, I was soon engaged in the pleasant occupation of shaking hands with old friends, and indulging in remembrance of the days of "Auld lang Syne." The undiluted enjoyment there is in a good hearty squeeze of a friendly hand. For my part, I believe far more in the mode of shaking hands, as an index of character than in Physiognomy, or Phenology, either. Let anyone take notice of the way in which the next dozen acquaintances shake hands, and I think he will become a convert to my doctrine.

The Torontonians were enjoying splendid sleighing when I reached the city, and King street, about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, presented a brilliant spectacle, splendid turns, cuts, jacked up and down the roadway, while the sidewalks were crowded with gorgeously dressed swells, and beautiful ladies. Of the latter class, for which Toronto has long been famous, I can, however say very little for I am sorry to say, they were under a cloud. I must bid you adieu in the meantime, but I hope soon to give you an account of things in the rural districts to the west of the city to which I paid a short visit.

Yours, ever,
C. P.

Minutes of Pakenham Council.

Tuesday, Dec. 15th, 1864.
The council met at Ten o'clock. There were present the Reeve and Messrs. Hilliard and Forsythe.

The minutes of last session were read, approved, and signed by the Reeve.

Mr. Hilliard moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, That the first standing Rule be suspended for the present, in order to allow the tenders for Russell's bridge to be received and opened. Carried.

Mr. Hilliard moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, That the tender of William Whalen, for building the bridge on Russell's gully, be accepted, it being the lowest. Carried.

Petition of Gregor McGregor, praying for payment for a railing on the Broad Brock bridge, was read.

The council now adjourned until half past one o'clock.

Pursuant to adjournment, the council met, and there were present, the Reeve and Messrs. Hilliard, Burrows and Forsythe.

Petition of Samuel Dickson, Esq., and others, praying for some assistance for Wm. Bailey, was read.

Mr. Hilliard moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, That the tenders for Russell's bridge be suspended for the present, in order to allow the tenders for Russell's bridge to be received and opened. Carried.

Mr. Hilliard moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, That the sum of fifteen dollars be granted to assist in the erection of a bridge, petitioned for by Francis Cockburn and others. Carried.

Mr. Burrows moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, That in reply to the petition of John O'Neill and others, that the council arrange to procure materials for the culvert, and posts for a bridge across the gully opposite the parsonage, and that it will be let by tender at the proper season. Carried.

Mr. Forsythe moved, seconded by Mr. Hilliard, That the clerk of the council be, and he is hereby authorized to grant orders on the Treasurer for the several small sums due, such as for keeping the Town Hall, Postage, Stationery, &c. Carried.

Mr. Hilliard moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, That the thanks of this council are due, and are hereby tendered to York St. Scott, Esq., for the efficient manner in which he has presided over this council. Carried unanimously.

The council was now adjourned to the Reeve, sine die.

JAMES CONNERY,
Town Clerk.

A bill has been introduced into the United States Senate by Mr. Sherman, levying internal duties on tobacco. It provides for a tax of 20c per lb on leaf tobacco stems and scraps, 30c on tobacco leaves as strips; and requires all tobacco growers, on or before the first day of August, to notify the Assistant Secretaries of their respective districts of the number of acres planted in tobacco, under penalty of \$500 for each offence.

A few days since, a young lady in this town, having chapped hands, applied to Mr. Forsythe, for some Vio. President. Carried.

Moved by Mr. John Steel, seconded by Mr. Robt. Young, that David Campbell, be Secretary and Treasurer. Carried.

The following gentlemen were also elected Directors: viz: Messrs John Steel, Geo. Bowland, Gilbert Forgie, Andrew Wilson, John Taylor, Andrew Keshock, and B. H. Davis.

Moved by Mr. James Black, seconded by Mr. R. Young, that Wm. Baird, Andrew Ochoane and Robert McFarlane be auditors for the current year—carried.

Moved by Mr. R. McFarlane, seconded by Mr. J. Baird, that the Secretary procure for

A pious old lady, on going to church, always took all her money with her, remarking that it helped to keep her mind steady at her devotions, for where the treasury is there will the heart be also.

Opening of Parliament.

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.
Quebec, Jan. 19.
This day, at three o'clock, p.m., His Excellency the Governor-General proceeded in state to the Chamber of the Legislative Council in the Parliament Buildings.

The members of the Legislative Council being assembled, His Excellency was pleased to command the attendance of the Legislative Assembly and that House being present, His Excellency was pleased to open the third session of the eighth Parliament of the Province of Canada with the following Speech from the Throne:

HONOURABLE GENTLEMEN OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL—
GENTLEMEN OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY—
In calling you together to assume the performance of your constitutional duties, I desire to express my thankfulness to a beneficial Providence, that I am enabled to congratulate you on the general prosperity and contentment of the people of this Province, and the continuance to us of the inextinguishable blessing of peace.

Outrages have been committed on the commerce and territory of the United States of America, by persons who, after the perpetration of these acts, have sought refuge on Canadian soil. In order to prevent the organization of any such enterprises within this Province, and also to ensure the discharge in an effective manner my duties towards a neighbouring power, on terms of friendship with Her Majesty, I have seen fit to organize a system of detective police on the frontier line of the United States, and with the same design have called out for permanent duty a portion of the Volunteer force of the Province.

Similar considerations have suggested the propriety of arming the Executive Government with stronger powers than it now possesses for dealing with persons who, while availing themselves of the right of asylum which has always been allowed to British soil to political refugees from all foreign countries, may be unmindful of the implied obligations which, by their residence amongst us, they contract, to obey our laws and to respect the declared policy of our Sovereign. A Bill for this purpose will be laid before you, and I ask for your early consideration.

I am happy to be able to inform you of the zeal and alacrity displayed by the members of the Volunteer Force when called upon to turn out for active service. This conduct shows that the present population of Canada has been educated and trained in the virtues which characterize the race from which it derives its origin, and that it may be relied on, under all circumstances, to respond to the call of duty either for the maintenance of internal order or to repel foreign aggression.

The Commission appointed under the provisions of the second chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Lower Canada, to frame a Civil Code and also a Code of Civil Procedure for Lower Canada, have completed the former part of their duty. The results of their labours shall be laid before you, and I am informed that the Code of Civil Procedure is in a very advanced stage. The completion of the codification of the civil law in both French and English cannot fail to be of great benefit to the inhabitants of Lower Canada, by enabling the people of all origins to read in their own language the civil law under which they live, and which hitherto only has been possible in a language which is not the mother tongue of a portion of the people whose civil rights are regulated by it.

THE EXPENDITURE rendered necessary by calling out the volunteers for active service, and which was unforeseen when the estimates of the current year were agreed to, will necessitate a supplementary vote for that service. I have directed that an estimate for this purpose shall be laid before you.

I am happy to be in a position to inform you that the financial legislation of last year has been attended with successful results. The revenue has largely increased, and there has been a contemporaneous extension of the trade of the Province. I have directed the estimates for the next financial year to be laid before you, and you will find that they have been framed with due attention to economy, combined with efficiency.

HONOURABLE GENTLEMEN AND GENTLEMEN—
At the close of the last session of Parliament I informed you that it was my intention, in conjunction with my Ministers, to prepare and submit to you a measure for the solution of the constitutional problem, the solution of which has for years agitated this Province. A careful consideration of the general position of British North America induced the conviction that the circumstances of the times afforded the opportunity, not merely for the settlement of a question of personal politics, but also for the simultaneous creation of a new nationality.

Parliamentary negotiations were opened by me with the Lieutenant Governors of the other Provinces of British North America, and the result was that a meeting was held at Quebec, in the month of October last, composed of delegates from the Legislatures, representing all shades of political party in their several communities, nominated by the Lieutenant Governor of their respective Provinces, who assembled here with the sanction of the Crown and at my invitation, to confer with the members of the Canadian Ministry on the possibility of effecting a union of all the English-speaking Provinces of British North America.

This Conference, after lengthened deliberation, arrived at the conclusion that a federal union of these Provinces was feasible and desirable; and the result of its labours is a plan of constitution for the proposed union, embodied in a series of resolutions, which, with other resolutions relating to the subject, I have directed to be laid before you. The general design of a union, and the particular plan by which it is proposed to carry that intention into effect, have both received the cordial approbation of the Imperial Government.

An Imperial Act of Parliament will be necessary in order to give effect to the contemplated Union of the Colonies. And I have been officially informed by the Secretary of State that Her Majesty's Ministers will be prepared to introduce a Bill for this purpose into the Imperial Parliament as soon as they shall have received notice that the proposal has received the sanction of the Legislatures representing the several Provinces effected by it.

In commending to your attention this subject, the importance of which to your selves and to your descendants, it is impossible to exaggerate, I would claim for it your calm, earnest, and impartial consideration.

I fervently pray that your minds may be guided to conclusions which shall redound to the honour of our Sovereign, to the welfare of her subjects, and to your reputation as patriots and statesmen.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Quebec, Jan. 19.
The members having returned from the Council Chamber, the Speaker announced the seats that had become vacant since last session and the members who had been returned.

The newly elected members having taken the oath were then introduced and took their seats.
Hon. Mr. Cartier moved the usual *pro forma* motions at the opening of the session. The Speaker laid before the House the Speech from the Throne, the reading of which was dispensed with.

Hon. Mr. Cartier moved that the Speech be taken into consideration on Monday next.
Hon. Mr. Holt then thought this an unusual delay, and was surprised at it. The English practice was to take up the Speech at once, adopt the address, and then go to general business, without more than one day's delay after the opening of the session.

Hon. Mr. Cartier said, the gentleman opposite would have been more surprised, if he had moved to take the Speech into consideration at once. They were all aware what English practice was, and he approved of the Canadian Parliament disposing of the address immediately. Then, if the Speech which contained so many grave subjects for the consideration of Parliament were taken up at once, absent members might be surprised at the haste displayed. It was because the Speaker contained these grave questions, and because so many members were absent, that he had thought proper to move the resolution.

The motion was then carried.
Hon. Mr. Cartier moved the appointment of a Select Committee to strike the Standing Committee.
Hon. Mr. Cartier also moved formal resolutions on Bribery and Corruption. Carried.
The Speaker laid on the table the report of the Librarian.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Quebec, Jan. 19.
The Hon. Messrs. Giguere, Durocher, Lafontaine, and Dugas, and also the Hon. Messrs. Giguere, Durocher, Lafontaine, and Dugas, were introduced and took their seats.
On motion of Sir E. P. Tache, the consideration of the Speech was postponed until Monday next.
The House then adjourned.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York, Jan. 20.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says:—One of the results of Secretary Stanton's visit to Savannah is to solve a doubt as to the soundness of General Sherman in the negro question. This soldier's view and policy are those of the Government. His treatment of the negroes of Savannah has inspired with confidence, and they rely on him wholly. He has borne in his heart a great scheme for the benefit of their race in Georgia, and it is understood here that the country will be electrified in a few days by an order from him, partitioning among them the abandoned lands and property of fugitive rebel planters, and establishing them in their new freeholds, and laying the foundation of a new social condition in the South, whose superstructure but few politicians in the country are now permitted clearly to see.

The *Herald's* Washington special says:—F. P. Blair, senior, will start for Richmond again to-morrow. Since his return he has been in frequent and close conversation with the President and other leading members of the Administration, but what the character of his communications has been, or with what authority he is now clothed, is as yet unknown. That he should soon return is indicative of his having been charged with some communication by Mr. Davis, the tenor of which has not been made public, and which, in connection with the successes achieved by our forces since his interview with the rebel ex-Confederate, will tend to give satisfaction to the Southern people to continue the war, induces a belief on the Administration that the resources of statesmanship may now be usefully employed, in connection with a vigorous prosecution of military and naval operations to bring about a termination of the existing difficulties. At all events it is certain that he returns at once to the rebel capital. This would indicate that Mr. Blair's first mission was far more successful than was allowed to transpire.

Halifax, Jan. 21.—There are no signs of the Steamship Canada. Weather fine. Philadelphia, Jan. 2.—The Bulletin says, a letter has been received in Philadelphia from a prominent gentleman in Washington, who says, that F. P. Blair, Senator, returns to Richmond, with full authority from President Lincoln, to give a safe conduct to Washington for peace commissioners from Jefferson Davis. Mr. Blair is expected to be in Richmond this evening.

LANARK COUNCIL.

Middleville, 16th Jan., 1865.
Agreeably to Statute, the councillors elect for the Township of Lanark, met this day at 12 o'clock, noon, and made, in the presence of the Town Clerk, the requisite declarations of office.
Mr. Ryan moved, seconded by Mr. Reid, That Mr. Mathie be Reeve for this year.
Mr. Mathie having declined to accept of the office, it was
Moved by Mr. Yule, seconded by Mr. Mathie, That Mr. Ryan be Reeve for the present year.
Mr. Ryan made the declaration requisite in such cases.

The rules of order and mode of conducting the business of the municipality were, after some modification, adopted.
The minutes of last session of council were then read, approved, and signed; and the following petitions, accounts, &c., were presented and read.
Petition of Edward Closs, praying the council for the remission of a fine imposed upon him by two Justices of the Peace, for neglecting to make, as Pathmaster, a return in due season, of the Statute Labour under his charge.
Petition of James Rankin, and 30 others, praying the council to repeal the By-law for granting licenses to Grocers.
Petition of John Campbell praying to be appointed Assessor.

Petitions of Andrew Stevenson and Thomas Graham, praying to be appointed Assessor.
The clerk presented a receipt from J. Doran, Insurance Agent, for \$6, as renewal of insurance of Town Hall.
Mr. Yule gave notice of his intention to introduce, at the present session of council, a By-law to provide for the appointment of Auditors, Assessors, Clerk and messenger to council.
Mr. Mathie gave notice of his intention to introduce, at the present session of council, a By-law to provide for the repeal of the By-law passed on the 10th day of December, 1864, and entitled 'A By-law to

provide for Licensing Grocers in Lanark Township.'

Moved by Mr. Reid, seconded by Mr. Mathie, That the By-law to provide for the appointment of certain municipal officers be read a first time. Carried.
The Reeve appointed James Stewart of Middleville, Merchant, an Auditor.
Moved by Mr. Mathie, seconded by Mr. Aitken, That the first blank in the above said By-law be filled with the names of James Stewart and John Blackburn; the second with the name of John Campbell; the fourth blank with the sum of \$36; the fifth blank with the name of William Scott; the sixth blank with the sum of \$80; the seventh blank with the name of Peter McLaughlin; and the eighth blank with the sum of the sum of the By-law be then read a third time and passed. Carried.

The blanks were accordingly filled, the By-law read a third time and passed.
The By-law providing for the repeal of a By-law passed on the 10th day of December 1864, providing for Licensing Grocers, was, on motion of Mr. Mathie, seconded by Mr. Aitken, and carried, read a first time, on motion of Mr. Yule, seconded by Mr. Mathie, and carried, read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Aitken, seconded by Mr. Mathie, and carried, read a third time and passed.

Moved by Mr. Mathie seconded by Mr. Reid, That as Thomas Graham is not possessed of the property qualification for the office of Assessor this council cannot entertain his petition for that office. Carried.
Moved by Mr. Yule, seconded by Mr. Aitken, That the council, though sympathizing with Edward Closs, yet having no power to interfere in judicial decisions, must dismiss his petition. Carried.
Moved by Mr. Mathie, seconded by Mr. Reid, That an order be made in favour of the clerk for the sum of \$6; such sum having been advanced by him of the municipality for the Town Hall. Carried.

Adjourned till the 11th March.
WILLIAM SCOTT, Town Clerk.
Lanark, January 18th 1865.

Arthur Leesh has written a communication to the London Times, complaining of the decoration of his farm in the village of the Village of Pakenham, containing Dwelling House, Barn, Stable, Shed, and Well, and being within a few rods of the River and within five minutes walk of the village, together with all the farming utensils on the premises.
Apply, if by letter, prepaid, to Mr. HILL, of the Village of Pakenham, Commercial Hotel, or to Mrs. BURTON on the premises.
Pakenham, January 17th, 1865. 19*

Birth.
In Ramsey, on the 13th inst., Mrs. Chas. Simpson, Jr., of a son.
At Carleton Place, on the 20th inst., Mrs. W. B. Gray, of a son.
At Ottawa, on the 12th inst., the wife of William O'Meara, Esquire, of twins—son and daughter.
At Ottawa, on the 14th inst., the wife of John L. B. Ross, of a daughter.

Married.
On the 10th of November last, at St. Stephen, Westbury Park, England, by the Rev. Harry Brooks, M. A., Hugh Taylor, Esq., of Colchester, Norfolk, son of the late Adam Taylor, Esq., of Lady's Lane, Norwich, to Julia Maude, eldest daughter of Charles Cecil Neville, Esq., of the Civil Service, Quebec.

Died.
At Franktown, on the 18th inst., Miss Margaret Gibson, aged 21 years.
On the 14th inst., in the township of Lanark, the wife of John James Deceased was buried on the following Monday, at St. George's church, Clayton.
In Ramsey, on the 7th inst., Mr. Charles Simpson, sen., in the 76th year of his age. Mr. Simpson, who was a Free-mason, has been a resident of Ramsey for over 36 years, and was highly respected throughout the Township. His death is deeply lamented by a large circle of friends and acquaintances.
At Nashville, on the 16th ult., from the effect of a ball passing through his head, Corporal Norris Hamilton, son of Wm. Hamilton, Esq., of Ramsey, in the 41st year of his age. He was under command of Capt. John K. Pollock, who (in a private letter to Mr. Hamilton's wife) speaks in the highest terms of his abilities as a soldier and his conduct as a gentleman. He had, in a previous battle, been shot through the jaw, and was within 8 months of the expiration of his engagement.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REQUISITION.
THE UNDERSIGNED qualified electors of the municipal corporation of the Township of Beekwith hereby require that a poll be taken in terms of the Act of 1864, to determine whether or not the qualified municipal electors of the said municipality will adopt under authority and for enforcement of the Act the by-law following, which we hereby propose for their adoption, To Wit: The sale of intoxicating liquors and the issuing of licenses, therefore, is by the present by-law prohibited within the municipal corporation of the municipality of the township of Beekwith, under authority and for enforcement of the Temperance Act of 1864.

Witness our hands this ninth day of Jan. in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
John McKinnon
Duncan Scott
James Conn
W. B. Gray
John Tomlinson
Adam Poles
Wm. A. McQuinn
David Cram
William Taylor
William Neelin
George McPherson
Moses S. Lawley
Donald Stewart
Peter Cram
Alexander Stewart
Donald Stewart
Donald Ferguson
P. W. Cram
James Cram, sen
James Cram, jr.
Daniel Cram
John Stewart
Donald Sinclair
William Cram
Alex Stewart, jr.

Whereas the above requisition and proposed by-law was delivered to me and filed in my office on the 9th day of January, 1865, PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the municipal electors of the municipality of the Township of Beekwith will be held in the TOWN HALL of the said Township on
Tuesday, 21st day of Feb. next, at ten of the clock, A.M., for the taking of a poll to decide whether or not the said proposed by-law is adopted by such electors in terms of the Temperance Act of 1864.
Ewan McEwen,
Town Clerk.

Dated this 20th day of Jan., 1865. 19*

MARKETS.

Brookville, Jan. 18, 1865.
Fall Flour @ 100 lbs. \$2 75 @ 3 00
Spring Flour..... 2 50 @ 2 80
Spring Wheat..... 0 80 @ 0 90
Buck Wheat..... 0 35 @ 0 38
Indian Corn, @ 56 lbs. 0 40 @ 0 45
Barley @ 48 lbs. 0 40 @ 0 45
Fall Wheat..... 0 90 @ 1 00
Potatoes..... 0 25 @ 0 30
Rye..... 0 55 @ 0 60
Oats..... 0 30 @ 0 35
Peas..... 0 50 @ 0 55
Onions..... 0 35 @ 0 37
Hay @ ton..... 10 00 @ 12 00
Beef @ 100 lbs. 5 00 @ 6 00
Pork @ 100 lbs. 5 00 @ 6 00
Pork, Prime Mess..... 14 00 @ 16 00
Wool @ lb..... 0 30 @ 0 40
Butter..... 0 17 @ 0 19
Eggs..... 0 15 @ 0 17
Turkeys..... 0 40 @ 0 50
Fowl @ pair..... 0 20 @ 0 30
Geese..... 0 20 @ 0 30
Sausages..... 0 10 @ 0 12
Dried apples per 22 lb. 1 50 @ 1 75
Buck Wheat Flour per 100 1 75 @ 2 00
Corn Meal per 100 lb. 1 75 @ 2 00
Lard..... 0 10 @ 0 12
Honey..... 0 08 @ 0 10
Hardwood..... 2 30 @ 2 50

An elderly lady, telling her age, remarked that she was born on the 22nd of April. Her husband, who was present, observed, I always thought you were born on the first of April. "Pleasant might well judge so," replied the matron, "in the choice I made of a husband."

TO RENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER will rent from the first day of April next, for the term one, two, or three years, his farm in the village of the Village of Pakenham, containing Dwelling House, Barn, Stable, Shed, and Well, and being within a few rods of the River and within five minutes walk of the village, together with all the farming utensils on the premises.
Apply, if by letter, prepaid, to Mr. HILL, of the Village of Pakenham, Commercial Hotel, or to Mrs. BURTON on the premises.
Pakenham, January 17th, 1865. 19*

RETURN OF CONVICTIONS MADE BY HER MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PEACE WITHIN THE UNITED COUNTIES OF LANARK & RENFREW FROM THE SEPTEMBER GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS, 1864, TO THE DECEMBER GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS, 1864.

Name of Prosecutor	Name of Defendant	Nature of Charge	Date of conviction	Name of convicting Justice	Amount of penalty fine or damage	Time paid, or to be paid, to said Justice	To whom paid over by said Justice	Remarks
Jacob Dillabough.	Henry Bell.....	selling liquor without license	Sept 22	P. Clark & E. McRae	\$10 00	forthwith.....	to pros. & to monie	fine and costs
Catherine James.	Edward Delaney	trespass	Oct 24	Peter Clark.....	50	do	Treasurer of Municip.	
James Leitch.....	Thomas Graham	assault and battery.....	Nov 22	".....	2 00	in 20 days.....	do	
Hugh McCanoe.....	Wm. Manoe.....	assault.....	".....	".....	50	forthwith.....	do	
Alex. McDougall.....	George Paul.....	assault and battery.....	Sept 24	David Wilson.....	1 00	do	do	Dalhousie
Henry Liston.....	Patrick Tallon.....	{ keeping boarding-house } { without license..... }	Nov 1	Andrew Irving.....	20 00	in 10 days.....	do	Pembroke vill.
David Hunter.....	Wm. Vergin.....	nonpayment of wages.....	Sept 8	John Holliday.....	4 00	in 21 days.....	defendant.....	not yet paid
".....	Denis Gidde.....	do	".....	".....	1 50	do	do	amount paid
".....	David Hunter, jr.	do	".....	".....	2 50	do	do	not yet paid
Patrick O'Connor.	James Schollard	do	".....	".....	32 00	do	do	do
Michael Collins.....	James Power.....	assault and battery.....	Aug 2	Arch. Thomson.....	50	August 12.....	Treasurer of Renfrew	not paid
Stephen White.....	Peter White.....	refusing to do statute labour	Sept 10	Michael Stanley.....	2 00	in 15 days.....	not paid	
Thomas H. Johnson	Wm. Leonard.....	desertion of employment.....	July 16	A. Irving & T. Murray	2 00	forthwith.....	Treas. of municipality	
John Main.....	John Main.....	do	".....	".....	2 00	do	do	
Thomas H. Johnson	Patrick Manion.....	do	".....	".....	2 00	do	do	
Marshall Jackson, jr.	Alex. Campbell.....	assault and battery.....	Sept 9	James Young.....	1 00	in two weeks.....	not paid	
William Hughes.....	William Hughes.....	do	".....	".....	1 00	forthwith.....	Township Treasurer	
Joseph Pappa.....	Joseph Pappa.....	profanation of Sabbath.....	Aug 25	Archibald Foster.....	5 00	do	to pros. & to Treas.	
John Box.....	John Box.....	assault and battery.....	Nov 15	John Robertson.....	1 00	do	Treasurer of McNab	
James Russell.....	James Russell.....	assault.....	Oct 31	Young Scott.....	2 00	do	do	Pakenham
Bernard Haggarty	Bernard Haggarty	indecent exposure of person	Nov 14	Robert Brown.....	5 00	do	do	Lanark town.
Norman Whittan.....	Norman Whittan.....	assault and battery.....	Nov 5	James Rankin.....	1 00	in 30 days.....	do	do
".....	".....	profane & obscene language	".....	".....	2 00	do	do	do
Norman Whittan.....	Mar. McLachlan	trespass.....	Sept 10	Thomas H. Johnson	10	one week.....	do	Alice..... not yet paid
John Caley.....	Robert Roe.....	assault.....	Sept 19	".....	20	forthwith.....	do	Wilberforce
David Johnson.....	Maria Driscoll.....	assault.....	Oct 1	".....	75	do	John Byrne.....	paid
John Byrne.....	Jer. McCarthy.....	trespass.....	".....	".....	50	do	Treasurer of Stafford	
Donald McGregor.....	Donald McGregor.....	assault.....	15	".....	6 40	in 15 days.....	do	Pembroke vill.
John Conroy.....	John Conroy.....	assault and battery.....	17	".....	2 00	in 30 days.....	John Tang; distress issued	ed, not returned
John Tang.....	Wm. Selkirk & jr.	trespass.....	22	".....	1 00	do	James Brudenell	paid
James Brindell.....	James Brindell.....	trespass.....	22	".....	1 00	do	James Brudenell	paid
Wm. Selkirk, sen.	James Brindell.....	assault.....	Oct 25	".....	1 00	in one week.....	not paid; time extended	
Fred. Haselick.....	Bernard Melon.....	assault.....	Nov 12	".....	1 00	do	Treasurer of Pettawawa	
Bernard Melon.....	Antonie Jones.....	trespass.....	12	".....	1 00	do	served 20 days in lock	up house
John E. Wright.....	John E. Wright.....	trespass.....	17	".....	1 00	in 21 days.....	served 20 days in lock	up house
John E. Wright.....	John E. Wright.....	nonpayment of wages.....	Dec 8	".....	5 00	do	not due	
Daniel O'Brien.....	James Acheson.....	do	".....	".....	50	do	not due	
James Acheson.....	Michael Sheady.....	malicious injury.....	Sept 27	Robert Smith.....	2 00	in 10 days.....	Treasurer of Bromley.....	not paid
Martin Sheady.....	Martin Sheady.....	trespass.....	30	".....	20	do	do	do
Martin Sheady.....	Martin Sheady.....	trespass.....	30	".....	20	do	do	do
Michael Sheady.....	Michael Sheady.....	trespass.....	30	".....	20	do	do	do
Eliza Burgess.....	John Burgess.....	assault and battery.....	Nov 4	".....	2 00	do	do	do
John Burgess.....	John Burgess.....	assault and battery.....	12	A. McDougall.....	10 00	in 14 days.....	to vill. treas. & to in	former
Geo. Williams.....	Geo. Williams.....	pigs running at large.....	Sept 16	".....	1 50	in 4 days.....	do	do
".....	".....	do	".....	".....	50	do	do	do
".....	".....	do	".....	".....	50	do	do	do
Philip Holiday.....	Michael Riney.....	drunk and disorderly.....	Oct 8	".....	1 00	in 8 days.....	do	do
Michael Riney.....	B. Degman.....	assault.....	".....	".....	2 00	in 14 days.....	do	do
B. Degman.....	Mrs. Jane Bell.....	assault.....	27	".....	1 00	in 1 day.....	do	do
J. Caswell, licen.	Peter Healy.....	selling liquor without license	Dec 7	".....	10 00	do	do	not paid
".....	William Edgar.....	do	".....	".....	10 00	do	do	do
Wm. Fitzgerald.....	William Edgar.....	do	".....	".....	1 00	in 4 days.....	do	do
Wm. Robertson.....	Francis Homer.....	assault and profane language	Oct 23	A. G. Hall.....	1 00	October 29.....	Treasurer of Lanark vill	
Maria Woodmark.....	Henry Moffatt.....	selling liquor without license	Dec 10	P. Clark & J. Shields	10 00	in 10 days.....	to informer & to treas.	Montague not pd
Dugald O. McNab.....	James Moor.....	destroying property.....	Nov 2	William Russell.....	5 00	forthwith.....	Treasurer of Arnprior	
".....	N. Vallie.....	do	".....	".....	5 00	do	not paid.....	sent to jail 1 mo.
Jacob Dillabough.....	Michael Kelly.....	selling liquor without license	Sept 28	E. McRae & R. Knapp	10 00	in 10 days.....	Montague Municipality	
John Richardson.....	Charles Walker.....	assault and battery.....	Nov 9	John Patterson.....	10 00	forthwith.....	John Patterson.....	do
Charles Mair.....	Finlay McLaren	malicious injury to property	Sept 19	Wm. Robertson, et al	5 00	in 10 days.....	Treas. of Lanark Village	
Charles Mair.....	Esau Hawkins.....	do	".....	".....	5 00	do	do	
Charles Mair.....	Charles Mair.....	profaning the Sabbath.....	19	".....	10 00	do	do	
Wm. Feichner.....	Jas. McIlquham.....	malicious injury to property	30	".....	5 00	do	prosecutor for his costs	incurred
Charles Stewart.....	Michael Valaley	rescue from Bailiff.....	Nov 19	Arch. Thomson, et al	20 00	forthwith.....	Township Treasurer	
Patrick Kelly.....	Margt. Neilson.....	missuse on highway.....	Sept 28	Andrew Baird.....	1 00	in 10 days.....	do	
Jeremiah Dooley.....	James Shanshan	pigs running at large.....	Nov 23	John Holliday.....	3 00	October 12.....	Treasurer of Bagot	
John McLean.....	David Kennedy.....	assault and trespass.....	Nov 23	John Holliday.....	50	in 21 days.....	not yet paid	
Bridget Wendell.....	Johanna Darley.....	nonpayment of wages.....	Dec 7	John Holliday, et al	2 15	do	not yet paid	

