

The Standard.

OR FRONTIER GAZETTE.

VOLUME 11

NUMBER 11

Price 13s. in Town]

SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 13, 1844.

[15s. sent by Mail]

We wish it to be distinctly understood, that we do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by correspondents.

THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 13, 1844.

FIRE AT ST. GEORGE.—We regret to learn that the premises occupied by Mr. Berwick Douglas, at St. George, known as the "Douglas Arms Inn," was destroyed by fire on the morning of Tuesday the 5th inst., with the furniture, clothes &c. a bed being the only article saved. We are informed that the fire was discovered a little before 5 o'clock a.m., and the inmates of the House had barely time to escape from their beds, such was the progress of the flames. The loss will be severely felt by Mr. Douglas, who has a wife and family as he is left perfectly destitute, he is well known in this Town as an industrious and honest man, and we are happy to learn that means are being used to relieve him in his present destitute circumstances. The premises were owned by Dr. Robert Thompson, and not insured.

STEAM TO BOSTON.—The Steamer *Portland*, commanded by our old friend, Capt. Thos. Rogers, will commence her regular trips for the season, by leaving Eastport for Boston (touching at the intermediate ports) on the 24th of the present month, at 4 p.m. We also learn that the Steamer *Herald* will commence her trips at same time, running in connection as heretofore.

THE CULTIVATOR.—We have received the two first numbers of the New Series of this excellent Agricultural Journal published at Albany by Luther Tucker Esq., price \$1 per annum. The Cultivator is said to be one of the best, if not the leading Agricultural Journal in the United States. The Editors: W. Gaylord, and L. Tucker Esqrs., are not only practical farmers, but scientific men, and their correspondence is so extensive that it proves the paper to be a favorite with the practical farmer.

We recommend our agriculturists to subscribe for it at once.

The Editors of the *Loyalist*, have been discharged from Gaol by their Honors the Judges of the Supreme Court, under a writ of Habeas Corpus. The Assembly, therefore, have no longer the power of committing to "Breach of Privilege"—unless committed in their presence.

Legislative Council.—The *Courant* in noticing the remarks of some papers (our own among the rest) upon the Despatches of Lord Stanley, respecting the composition of the Legislative Council says:—

If the Editors of the papers referred to above, would read Lord Stanley's Despatches of the 11th July and 29th December they will find he does not lay down the principle that "each religious denomination shall be represented according to their numbers,"—but so far from it he says "Thus far it has appeared that no practical difficulty would arise in giving effect to the views of the Assembly, but it may not be equally easy to adopt their suggestions as to the qualifications which they desire every unofficial Member of the Legislative Council should possess. To find fourteen gentlemen all at once able and willing to serve in that House, all independent in their fortunes and all so connected with the social and Christian Denominations of the inhabitants, as that no such interest or denomination shall be without some one Patron or Representative there, is a problem of which it may not be possible to discover any perfect solution. The utmost that can be promised or attempted is, that in the selection of Members, these recommendations will be borne in mind, and will be acted upon as far as may be found practicable."

A Destructive Fire occurred in New Orleans on the 12th ult. by which a large quantity of cotton was consumed, and the building considerably injured. The loss is estimated to be \$375,000.

Great Fire at Canton.—By an arrival at New York, dated the 10th Nov. have been received from China, a most destructive fire occurred at Canton on the night of the 15th Oct. by which 1400 houses were burnt.

Mr. Thompson, Queen's printer in Nova Scotia, has resigned his office, and Mr. Crookill, of the Morning Post, has received the appointment.

WOODMAN, SPARE THAT TREE.—Russell, while singing this song in Charleston, lately, so excited, it is said, that at the close, one of his audience, a long, lank Southerner rose to the height of seven feet, and with a great deal of excitement, asked Mr. Russell—"and did they spare that tree?"

Russell was non-plussed for a moment, looked at him with surprise, but suddenly re-

plied,—"Yes, sir, they did spare that tree." The other cooled off at once, replying, "I am glad of it—for I'll have a small box made out of that tree the next time I go to New York."

COMMUNICATION.

To the Editor of the Standard.

Sir, I had hoped that "R. Douglas" would have been satisfied with the exhibition of himself, which appeared in your paper, a few weeks since, in the shape of a letter addressed to the Editor of this Parish, which very properly remained unanswered; but to my surprise I observe in the last St. Stephen's *Courant*, a communication bearing his signature, written apparently with the object of justifying his former attack on the Church of England, to those few who, he says, "thought proper consideration" have taken offence at what, he calls, his "published thoughts." Now who is this R. Douglas who has been led, by a sense of duty to attack so vehemently what, he terms, the silly fable of Apostolic Succession? because, in determining on the reliance, to be placed on his assertions, for he does not offer proofs, we ought to know something of the man who makes them. He does not tell us himself who or what he is, and no doubt has vanity and self-sufficiency enough, to imagine that the signature R. Douglas is so well, and generally known, as to ensure for all, to which it is appended, full credence and respect; but if I am rightly informed, for I do not know the individual myself, this R. Douglas was, a few years back exercising the industrious and useful calling of a Journeyman Shoemaker; and has since that period, been labouring, I dare say very industriously, and zealously, and no doubt, in his own opinion, profitably, as a Methodist preacher.

Now Mr. Editor, without wishing, or intending to disparage the exertions of Mr. Douglas or the sect to which he belongs, I would ask what right he has to imagine, either from his former situation in life, or his few years experience as a Preacher of that sect, that his opinions of Apostolic Succession, or of the distinctive principles, and doctrines of the Church of England, are to pass current with the public, or to make it necessary that the Rector of St. Andrews, or any other member of that Church should come forward to support those principles and doctrines. They have, I am inclined to think, been attacked and supported by men far able, and more learned than even Mr. Douglas, (with all his self-complacency) can think himself to be; they have withstood those attacks, and the doctrines and discipline of that Church, which he dissects from and ventures so impudently to destroy, stand too high in the estimation, not only of its own members, but of the greater part of the Christian Community, who understand them to be at all affected by any thing that R. Douglas can say. I therefore cannot help pitying the weakness of the man who for the sake of a little notoriety, has displayed to every man of sense in the Community, his ignorance and vanity; if he is really anxious to be instructed on the points which he has been writing about, let him read the life of John Wesley the Founder of his own sect, who so repeatedly expressed his reverence and love for the Church of England, and who, were he now living, would I am very sure disclaim many of his pretended notions; or let him apply to the Rector of this Parish, who though he will not reply to his letter, will, I have no doubt, lend him works much more likely, if studied with humility to give him a correct idea of the doctrines of the Church, than "the sure way to find out the true religion" which appears to have been his authority for his present, crude notions, and which work, he tells us, can be seen at the Mission House. I do not myself, feel the inclination even had I the ability, to enter into a Newspaper controversy, with Mr. Douglas, but have been led to make these few remarks, in the hope that he will himself, on reflection, see how useless a display he is making, for his own ignorance, and be led at all events to study the subject on which he writes, before he again intrudes upon the public.

Yours &c.

A LAYMAN.

St. Andrews, March 4, 1844.

Agriculture the best and safest business.—Gen. Dearborn, in a lecture on this subject, states that from careful observations made by him during a long course of years, and while an officer in the Custom House at Boston, he had ascertained that ninety seven out of every one hundred merchants fail or die insolvent. Being in the Custom House, he had great opportunity of seeing them rise and fall. A few years would sweep a generation of them into bankruptcy and an entirely new list of names would appear on the books. He took pains to inquire as to the results of the observation of other persons of age and experience, and found his estimate of facts fully confirmed by them. The recommendation, therefore, which followed this view of mercantile ruin, was the selection of agriculture,

rather than those of commerce. Such intelligence from such a source, it might be supposed, would check the course so prevalent with many, of putting their sons behind the merchant's counter.

The business of farming is always honourable and healthful, and, with ordinary industry and the common blessings of Providence sufficiently lucrative, ensuring a competency down to old age. It furnishes, moreover, an increasing ability to do good. And if there be a liberal appropriation of God's mercies, to the spread of the gospel, and the relief of the poor and suffering, the obvious elevation of character in such an individual will be felt far round the community, and his departure from the world will be amid the lamentation and regrets of all who had heard of his worth and benevolence.

How many farmers there are at this moment in happy circumstances, who are thus honouring the Lord with their substance, where he has richly rewarded their industry, whose sons will shortly set in glory; but how many more there are, thus circumstanced, whose departure few will lament—their hearts have been so absorbed in accumulation, while little sympathy has been exercised towards the destitute and the perishing. Oh how sad the contrast!

Diseased Potatoes.—Potatoes have been affected in some sections, the past year, by a disease which is by some supposed to be an analogous to smut in wheat. "A Subscriber" from Monroe county, recommends that when potatoes which are thus affected, are planted, a compost should be applied to them to destroy the fungus. He says, "take salt, lime, and plaster, of each a bushel, and of ashes ten bushels—mix them together, and put a handful on each hill before covering. I would also put clear lime, and clear plaster on some hills. If any person raised potatoes last year that were not diseased, in the same section where others were, it would be useful to describe the mode of cultivation."

Salt as a Manure.—A writer in the *Farmers' Journal* says that Salt has the effect to keep soils moist in the heat of summer, and soft in winter's frost; it suits dry soils and seasons, while most other concentrated manures require wet—that by this and its penetrating quality, it keeps every thing in the soil in the softest and most soluble state, best fitted to work on each other, and to be acted on by the air and weather.

Cure for Founder.—A friend at Zanesville, Ohio, has sent us the following recipe:—"Bleed freely in the neck, say from one to two gallons, and dress with strong decoction of sweetflag tea—one or two quarts. If the horse is not relieved, repeat the decoction in six hours. Let him drink the weak assasin in nine cases out of ten, a perfect cure will be effected in twelve hours at farthest."

Green Peas in Winter.—The Editor of the "Maine Cultivator" says he saw not long since, "green peas as succulent to all appearance as they were when plucked from the vine some five or six months before." The mode of preparing them, is to pick when the proper size for eating, shell, and carefully dry on cloths in the shade. All the care necessary, is to prevent their molding; this done they will be fine and sweet. Beans may be preserved in the same way, and with perfect success. If in addition, a stock of green corn is secured at the proper time, as it may easily be, by scalding on the cob when fit for roasting or boiling, and then cutting or shelling the corn from the cob, and carefully drying in the sun, green peas, or beans, or our favorite succotash, may be had the whole year, which may have never tried it, may be assured that a dish of the latter, in January or March, is a luxury.

Catholic Chapel Destroyed by Fire.—We are sorry to learn that the Catholic Chapel at the Sydney Mines, was totally destroyed by Fire on Monday last, between the hours of 3 and 4 in the afternoon. Some workmen were employed in finishing the inside of the edifice; they had gone to dinner, leaving a fire in the stove. Shortly after their return, the whole under surface of the floor was discovered to be on fire—and the flames immediately burst through, and communicated to every part of the structure, which was speedily consumed. It is supposed that some coals had escaped through a flaw in the stove, and fallen through a crevice in the floor, setting fire to the shavings beneath.—*Sydney C.B. Spirit of the Times.*

Death of Nicholas Biddle.—The Philadelphia Gazette, announces the death of Nicholas Biddle, which occurred that morning. He was born at Philadelphia on the 8th of January, 1786. His paternal ancestors immigrated with William Penn—his father was Charles Biddle, a Revolutionary War, who was active in the American cause during the war of independence. At the period of the birth of Nicholas, he enjoyed the command of the 2nd State, while Benjamin Franklin held the first.

Atmospheric Railway.—Mr. Saml. Clegg, the inventor of the Atmospheric Railroad, has arrived at Berlin, where he has been invited by the Prussian Government to direct the construction of an atmospheric railroad from the capital to Charlottenburg.

LATER FROM BERNOS AYRES.—The bark Mexican, Capt. Deming, arrived in N. York, Friday evening from Buenos Ayres, whence she sailed on the 23rd Decr.

Montevideo still held out against the besieging forces.

The Montevideo government was in great want of the needful, and had called upon the citizens for voluntary donations of jewels and plate.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.
IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, IN
BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of Joseph Pratt, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provision of the Acts of the General Assembly of the Province aforesaid, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Joseph Pratt, of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, Lumberer, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me, Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris H. Hatch, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on or before the eleventh day of January next, all such sum or sums of money debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession power or custody, any property or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the said eleventh day of January next, and I do further hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof, to deliver into the said Assignee, a statement in writing of their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt, to be held at my office in St. Andrews, on Tuesday the second day of April next, at noon of that day, at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any adjournment thereof of the said Bankrupt, will be examined on oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the eleventh day of December, 1843.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts, for the County of Charlotte.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY.
IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK, IN
BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of JAMES DRISCOLL, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provision of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New-Brunswick, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, JAMES DRISCOLL, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Trader, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me:—Now, therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris Henderson Hatch of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the 21st day of December next, all such sum or sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power or custody any property or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the 21st day of December next. And I do further hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof, to deliver into the said Assignee, a statement in writing of their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office, in Saint Andrews, on Saturday the thirteenth day of March next at eleven of the clock in the forenoon of that day at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any adjournment thereof of the said Bankrupt will be examined on Oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at Saint Andrews, the tenth day of November, A. D. 1843.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts in the County of Charlotte.

transacted as may be deemed necessary. Given under my hand at Saint Andrews the 21st day of November 1843.

HARRIS HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.
IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,
In British North America, SS:

In the matter of Peter Goss, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provision of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province, Peter Goss of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, Farmer, hath been declared Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me: Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris Henderson Hatch of Saint Andrews, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on or before the 16th day of December next, all such sum and sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession power or custody any property of the said Bankrupt to deliver the same to the said Assignee on or before the 16th day of December next; and I do hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Colonies or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the date hereof, to deliver into the said Assignee and to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my Office in St. Andrews, on Monday the eighth day of April next at noon of that day, at my said Office, for the purpose of receiving proof of, or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be examined on oath touching the said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, will be transferred as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at Saint Andrews, the tenth day of November, A. D. 1843.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts in the County of Charlotte.

TO LET FROM 1st MAY NEXT.

THE Store and premises occupied by Mr. E. Flagherly, ALSO.

The House and large Garden attached occupied by the same.

For particulars enquire of D. MOWAT, St. Andrews, 12th Feb. 1844.—m.

BOOKS, STATIONERY,
Book Bindery and
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY,
Adelphi & Zetabur,
Union Street, Calcutta, &c.

HAVE for Sale an excellent assortment of SCHOOL, COLLEGE, and ACADEMIC BOOKS, STATIONERY of all kinds and of the best quality, Paper of every kind and very cheap—Litho, Slates, Pencils, Quills, Wafers, Wax, Steel Pens, &c. a good assortment of Fancy Articles. BLANK BOOKS of all kinds, manufactured of the best Stock, ruled and bound in any pattern and warranted.

A LSO—Writing Books of the best quality and very cheap. BOOK BINDING of every description executed with neatness and despatch. Particular attention paid to binding Periodicals, Music, Newspapers, old Books, &c. &c.

A good supply of Periodicals, Cheap Pamphlets, and English Papers constantly on hand. NEW WORKS received as soon as published, and any works, not on hand, will be furnished at the shortest notice.

Orders left with Mr. Thomas Tappan will promptly attended to. August 9, 1843.

NOTICE.
ALL Persons are hereby informed that a sitting on the 14th inst. in the Parish of Penrith—caused by the Subscribers to the Law will be prosecuted to the utmost of the Law.

SAMUEL GRAY,
St. Andrews, Jan. 3, 1844.

The Subscribers also, to the persons trespassing on the lot in said Parish, caused by the late James Thompson, Persons wishing to cut grass or that lot, may apply to S. GRAY, Trustee for same.

GRIFFIN'S PRIME SCYTHES
34 and 40 ft.
For Sale by the Subscriber,
JAMES W. S. REEF,
July 31, 1843.

New Brunswick, Provincial Parliament.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.
From the Journals.

Saturday, March 2.
Report of Committee, to take into consideration all matters connected with the Fisheries, having first taken into consideration the Petition of J. Brown, W. Ladlow, T. T. T. and 233 others, Fishermen of the Parish of West Isles and Camps Bello, praying for Legislative enactment in the restriction of the use of Weirs in the shore-fisheries; also the Petition of William McInnes and one hundred and sixty others, praying that the prayer of the first Petition be complied with; and after due investigation of the matters set forth in the above Petitions, are of opinion, that the several matters set forth in the first above named Petition appear to require Legislative enactment restricting the use of Weirs and to remove the evils complained of.

The Committee having given serious consideration to the Petition of William Ker, John Wilson, William Garnett and sixty six others of the County of Charlotte, praying that a Bounty may be granted for the encouragement of persons prosecuting the Fisheries within the Province, concur in recommending the prayer of the Petition to the favourable consideration of the House, inasmuch as it extends to the Cod and Seal Fisheries.

The several Petitions of Wilford Fish, John McIntosh, Esquire, and eighty others; Thomas Moses, James Chaffey, Esquire, and one hundred and eighty nine others, of the County of Charlotte, praying for Legislative enactment for the protection of the Fisheries, and encouragement by Bounties on these two cases, the Committee recommended, in the case of John Wilson, Esquire, and others, provided the funds of the Province will admit of such appropriation.

The Petition of Church Meigs, Cochran Craig, Esquire, and one hundred and seven others, of Grand Manan, praying Legislative enactment to protect the Spawning Ground adjacent to that Island; also to prevent the taking of Fish by Set Lines. The Committee recommended that the spawning ground be protected for each purpose by Law, and also that the new system adopted of Set Lines Fishing, in like manner be restricted.

The Committee have had under consideration the Report of a select Committee of the Provincial Association, recommending Bounties on Vessels employed in the Cod and Seal Fisheries, also on the Catch in open boats engaged in the shore Fisheries. The same Committee also recommend a Bounty on the catch of Mackerel and Herrings, per barrel, according to quality. They also earnestly recommend that, in order to carry out the system of Bounties effectually, and to raise the character of the Fish of New Brunswick in Foreign ports, it will be absolutely necessary to frame a new inspection law, and they suggest the mode adopted elsewhere of establishing an inspection department, with a chief Inspector, &c. &c.

Your Committee also recommend that application be made to Her Majesty's Government, by Address to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, that an armed Vessel may be stationed in the Bay of Fundy during the fishing season, to prevent the infringement of existing Treaties by Foreigners.

Your Committee further recommend, that a Select Committee be appointed to prepare a Bill to meet the views expressed in the several Petitions as heretofore recommended, also to advise and amend the same relative to the inspection of Fish.

Monday, 4th March.
A Bill to amend an Act, intituled "An Act to amend an Act to provide for maintaining Light Houses within the Bay of Fundy," &c. to substitute other enactments in lieu thereof, passed the House.

A Bill in further addition to the Acts relating to the Public Registry of Deeds in this Province, passed the House.

English Sovereigns have been made by the House of Assembly—a legal tender, at One Pound four Shillings.

On motion of Mr. Partelow.
The House again went into Committee of the whole on the Messages from His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, with the various Documents accompanying the same.

The following resolutions were adopted.
Resolved, As the opinion of this Committee, That the various Documents and Correspondence on the subject of the Boundary between this Province and Canada, laid before the House by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor on the sixteenth February last, should be referred by the House to a Select Committee to report thereon by Address to Her Majesty.

Resolved, As the opinion of this Committee, That the Despatch laid before the House by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor on the twenty third February last, on the matter of substituting an Export Duty on Timber, in the place of the Duty on the granting of Licenses, should be referred to the Select Committee appointed on the tenth February last, to consider and report upon the subject.

On motion of Mr. Partelow.
Resolved, That a Select Committee be appointed to prepare a humble and dutiful Address to Her Majesty on the subject of the Boundary between this Province and Canada, as recommended by the first Resolution passed this day, when in Committee of the whole House in consideration of the several Messages from His Excellency the Lieutenant

Governor—Messrs. Partelow, J. A. Street, and the Hon. Mr. Wilnot be the Committee for that purpose.

On like motion of Mr. Partelow.
Resolved, That the subject of the matter of the sixth Resolution, relative to an Export Duty on Timber in lieu of the Duty on granting Licenses; as also that of the seventh Resolution, in reference to the Consolidation of the Departments of Revenue, be severally referred to the respective Committees appointed on the tenth day of February last, to consider and report upon those subjects.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.
Wednesday, Feb. 28.
The House went into Committee of the whole in the consideration of a Bill to make more effectual provision for the collection of Parish and County Rates.

Hon. Mr. Hatch said he had prepared an amendment to the Bill which he thought would meet the views of the hon. members. It was to authorize the Justices of the Peace, to compel the Collector of Rates to give Bonds for the faithful performance of his duties in certain cases only, he said the office of Collector was always sought after in Charlotte County; the different Magistrates often had a friend they wished to get appointed in such cases, and where there was a large sum of money to be collected the Magistrates would compel the person appointed to give Bonds or not. He (the hon. Mr. Hatch) knew that the County of Charlotte had suffered repeatedly on account of improper persons being appointed; he knew of Collectors who received money and refused to pay over, they were put in Jail and when they came out the country was worse off than when they went in, for they had spent all the money and nothing could be got out of them; he was anxious to have the Bill pass, as he thought it would be of benefit not only for Charlotte but other Counties.

Hon. Mr. Kinneir thought it would not be more than right to give the Justices of the Peace the power to compel the Collector to give bonds if they found it necessary, for the faithful performance of their duty; but he thought the bond should be given in the name of the Magistrate. He knew a Magistrate in St. John who told him, not very long since, he was afraid he would be prosecuted yet, although he had no doubt the Judge would decide according to Law, it would however be attended with a good deal of expense and trouble. Another thing, Collectors are only appointed for one year; at the end of the year in the event of new Collectors being appointed under the old act they cannot collect the balance of taxes that may be due for the last year. He (the hon. Mr. Kinneir) thought the Law should be altered in this respect also and had prepared some amendments to the Bill.

Hon. Mr. Street thought the Law, as it was a very arbitrary one, regarding St. John, but very much doubted whether they could make the amendments, but through some alterations in the old Law should be made.

Hon. Mr. Hatch said the amendment he had introduced would leave it optional with the Magistrates whether bonds should be given or not. If they thought the sum to be collected was of sufficient importance then they would say to the party appointed, if you wish to receive the office, you must give security for the faithful performance of the duties.

Hon. Mr. Kinneir opposed this measure, as it was a very arbitrary one, and should therefore support a Bill and thought the bond had better be taken in the name of the Magistrate.

Hon. Mr. Hatch said he was inclined to support the provision of the Bill; as regards the amendment to the law spoken of by him, Mr. Kinneir, he thought it questionable whether they had a right to introduce them into the Bill, they had amended the assessment law, but the other branch of the Legislature might say they will not allow such things to originate in the House.

Hon. Mr. Johnston said the very part of the act complained of originated in St. John; the bill was at any rate introduced into the lower house by a member from St. John.

Hon. Mr. Kinneir said by a late decision of the King's Bench they had decided that no property should be seized and sold without first giving the parties a hearing.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell said on account of the amendment introduced, he should go for the bill. No difficulty to speak of had been experienced in York County, he did not think that more than thirty pounds had been lost by the collector of rates for the last 20 years, in his county, therefore the giving of bonds would not be necessary.

House adjourned till 12 o'clock to-morrow.

Monday, March 4.
An Act to regulate the Herring Fishery in the Parishes of West Isles, Grand Manan, Camps Bello, Pennfield and Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, and to provide for the inspection of Smoked Herrings in said Parishes; was thrown out by the Council.

The Hon. Mr. Hatch presented a Petition from William Pomeroy, a Tallow Chandler, in the Town of Saint Andrews, praying that the Town of Tallow may be returned to him, which was received.

First!—A workshop in Duke Street, owned by John J. Hogan, Cabinet Maker, was destroyed by fire on Wednesday night last, about 12 o'clock. The night was mild and still—also there would have been very serious destruction of property, as there was no water to be obtained until a long time after the engine was on the ground. The plugs in the neighborhood were frozen out of order, and the engines had to be supplied from the cellars, next at hand. It is not known how the fire originated, there was no insurance on the premises. Let the Water

Plugs, be better looked after—and kept more comfortable;—or else they will be of precious little service during the time of fire.—*St. John Herald.*

The next Mail for England will close on Thursday, the 28th inst. at 6 p. m. at the Post Office in this Town.

COMMUNICATION.
Fredericton, Friday Evening March 8.

Mr. SMITH.
SIR,—In your paper of the 6th, I find a communication, signed by Mr. Nobody, reflecting on me as one of the Representatives of Charlotte, (and that part of it particularly in which I reside,) for going against the reception of a Petition said to be signed by a large and respectable portion of my constituents in that quarter, relative to the establishment of Boards of Health, in that County.—Now Sir, I would have your correspondent know, that the Petition referred to was never seen by me, nor was I aware of such a petition being in existence, until I made enquiry of my colleagues this evening, when Mr. Hall informed me, that he received such a petition, and was directed by Col. Weyer, to show it to me, which he did not; but presented it when I was engaged in some of the Committee rooms, and was not so your correspondent would have it, rejected; had it been, then I should have known it was before the House; it may be supposed, however, that I might have seen it, as it appeared in the Journals, but never having been informed, that such a petition was before the House, I did not think of looking for it, as I certainly would have done, if I had the least idea, that there was such a petition before us. I set too high a value on the constituency of St. Andrews, to treat any petition they may please to send either by neglect or disrespect,—it is true I heard such a petition was in course of signature, but it is also true, that I never saw it, nor knew it was here until this evening, so much for that part of it.

When the Bill came to be discussed there was not one word said about the petition, for had it been spoken of, I should have felt it my duty to have referred to it immediately and withdrawn any opposition to the Bill. I opposed the Bill, and have done so for the last two years, and shall again, until the Board of Health act, as they ought to do. Let not the good people of St. Andrews be led away as they have been in this matter, the party most anxious to have this measure passed, has other motives in view, and he knows that I am aware of it; let the Board of Health find some other person to assist them, to squander away in salaries for doing nothing. I have no idea that the Province shall pay the salaries of any man's debt.

Just before fellow Transmitters enquire how often there have been cases of sickness in the Cholera Hospital for the last twelve or thirteen years, and I believe they will find but two this being the case why should the Board be drawing from the Provincial Funds Two Hundred a year to squander away among their needy dependents, as I said before I do not know the name of one of the petitioners, but I shall search the Files of the House in the morning, and should I find the name of any of my friends who are connected with the Shipping interests of the County, I will tell them they have lost sight of their own interests, do they want the trade interfered with, and their vessels sent to quarantine? do they want the old Tax of three shillings to be abstracted from their Pockets as Fees to the Visiting Physician, whether they have sickness on board their vessel or not? The commerce of the Port is hampered enough already without having any more burdens to bear. Will all the laws of the world prevent contagious or infectious diseases, from getting into a country, I answer they will not, but much may be done to prevent the spreading of disease, and at a very small expense, we have now on our statute book, as good a law for that purpose as can be framed, only it does not give the power of squandering money.

This society would never have been raised, were it not for designing persons, who have already perished out to themselves the money they expect to get. I would ask what pains were taken to prevent the spread of Yellow Fever brought to St. Andrews last summer by Capt. Donaldson, who reported the circumstance on his arrival. Did any of the would be guardians of the public health, attend to the wants of the sick, dead, or dying? They did not. Did they do anything to prevent the spread of that Fever they did not. But it is well known, who risked his own life, to smooth the pillow of the victims of that fatal disease. Your correspondent says the people of St. Andrews are placed in a very singular position so far as their interests are concerned in the Legislature; let him point out any Representative they ever had, since the meeting of the first Legislature that has done them the same amount of substantial justice as I have done for St. Andrews. I now tell that grumbler, your correspondent, that him and his party have made two attempts, to haul me from my present position, I will afford them another opportunity I hope before long, when they can again bring all their lies and slander to bear upon me, I fear them not! No man will have the hardihood to tell me to my face, that I have misrepresented the people of Charlotte, unless he be one of my determined enemies. I am charged with malice. I have no other motive, but to do justice in my public capacity to friend or foe. Having said as much at this time, as I think necessary in my own defence, I have now to request that you will give this, my reply, a place in your next number.

Yours &c.

JAMES BOYD.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.

The following persons are re-appointed Sheriffs of the several undermentioned Counties for the ensuing year, viz:—
Edward W. Miller, Esquire, for York
John F. W. Winslow, Esq. " Carleton
John Hazen, Esq. " Sanbury
N. H. DeVeber, Esq. " Queens
J. LeBaron Drury, Esq. " Kings
Thomas Jones, Esq. " Charlotte
W. P. Sayre, Esq. " for Westmorland
J. M. Johnson, Esq. " Northumberland
Wm. A. Black, Esq. " Kent
H. W. Baldwin, Esq. " Gloucester
John U. Campbell, Esq. " Restigouche.

Surveyor General's Office, March 2, 1844.
The undermentioned Lots of Crown Land will be offered for Sale by Public Auction, on Tuesday the 2d day of April next, at noon, by the respective Deputies at their Offices, in the following places, agreeably to the Regulations of 11th May last:—

CHARLOTTE.
By Deputy Mahood, at St. Andrews.
100 acres, lot 19, 2d tier, Tryon Settlement, east, R. Saunders.
100 acres, lot 21, 2d tier, Tryon Settlement, east, W. M. Morne.
100 acres, lot 17, 1st tier, Tryon Settlement, east, J. Trimble.
100 acres, lot 5, Baillie Settlement, west side, Wm. Wallace.
100 acres, lot 3, block 2, Clarke's Point, M. Gleason.
100 acres, lot 8, do. do. M. Gleason, Jr.

THOMAS BAILLIE,
Surveyor General.

THE STANDARD.

St. Andrews, Wednesday, Mar. 13, 1844.

Charlotte County Bank.
Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President.
Director next week—Wm. Babcock Esq.
Discount Day—TUESDAY.
Hours of Business, from 10 to 2.
BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Times and Clock House.
Commissioner next week—Thomas Turner.

Saint Stephens Bank.
G. D. KISS Esq., President.
Director next week—Abner Hall.
Discount Day—SATURDAY.
Hours of business, from 10 to 1.
BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES.
London.—Feb. 3 Montreal.—Feb. 29
Liverpool.—Feb. 4 Quebec.—Feb. 29
Edinburgh.—Feb. 1 Halifax.—Feb. 29
Paris.—Feb. 1 New York.—Mar. 5
Toronto.—Feb. 30 Boston.—Mar. 7

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

ACT TO INCORPORATE THE C. C. BANK.
In the course of the debate upon the Act to incorporate the Charlotte Bank, on the 1st inst., several remarks were made on the manner in which banks generally were managed, but we merely give those of the members from this County, as we have not space to devote to the whole debate.

On the section being read relating to the number of Directors, and what per cent they might have out of the Bank at one time for their accommodation.

Mr. Brown said he was not as well acquainted with the Bill as his hon. colleague (Mr. Boyd.) He had little or no dealings with banks and knew as little about them as he knew what, when he wanted to pay his workmen, when supervisor of the roads, he lodged the money in the bank, and gave them cheques on the bank and they got a when they wanted it. With regard to the number of directors, that, in his opinion, made but little difference, the number had come down from nine to seven, and he saw no necessity for any further alteration.

Mr. Boyd said that the complaint in St. Andrews was, that there was too many directors, and the inhabitants wished the number to be as small as possible. He thought that five directors were quite sufficient to transact the business of the bank. The inhabitants of St. Andrews complained of two directors of the one family being in the same bank together, and he quite agreed with them in that point.

Mr. Thompson said in his opinion, the business of the Bank would be better managed with few than many, for the greater the number the harder it was to have them all of a mind. He knew that in Joint stock Companies, two managers were better than five or six, it mattered not to him how many or how few Directors there were.

Mr. Boyd said that the Bank in St. Andrews was managed by five directors. Four of the nine being wooden ones, and has been so for several years, and the reason why he moved for five directors was, that they should be always on the spot to see that the business of the Bank should be carried on in a proper manner.

Mr. Brown said he should leave the question among those that knew about Banks, for his part he knew very little. A great many petitioners had signed the bill when it came up, approving of its contents. He did not know whether nine, seven, or five Directors were best, and indeed did not care very much.

"Some members being absent on the day of the session relative to the number of directors, the question was carried in favour of the amendment, but returning immediately after, the motion was reconsidered when it was carried in favour of the proposition.

Mr. Boyd moved for a re-consideration of the Bill. He did not wonder at the conduct pursued by hon. members, when they did not wish to vote on any particular Bill before the house, they withdrew for a short period, until it suited their own ends to return, and thereby the country had not the right sense of the House on the subject. He had before stated why the people of St. Andrews wished to have the number of directors reduced—it was on account of family compact, (there being a complete monopoly of office) and a large number of directors.

Mr. J. A. Street called upon the hon. member to explain himself—he did not know what he meant.—When speaking of family compact he wished to know if the hon. member referred to him.

Mr. Boyd—Yes.
Mr. J. A. Street said it was the most impertinent, unfounded and ungentlemanly assertion he had ever heard made in that house—he did not even know who the Directors were.

[We copy the above from the Reports. If a "family compact" does exist, exerting an influence prejudicial to the interests of the Stockholders, or the community at large, it is the first we have heard of it since the present Directors came to office, and as to there being "four wooden ones," this is not the case, there being seven active Directors—namely—this Town at the present time, out of the nine; and it is a self-evident, that an increase, rather than a decrease of numbers, would be most likely to defeat any thing like family compact. If family connections hold the Stock, and enjoy the confidence of the Stockholders, so as to entitle them to the preference of being directors, we know of no just cause of complaint, particularly while it is admitted by the whole community, with a very few exceptions, that the affairs of this Bank are as liberally and as fairly managed, and enjoy the confidence of the Public as fully, as any similar institution can do.—Ed. STANDARD.]

GOAL TO LET.—Capt. LAW informs us, that the Charlotte County Goal is to let—for the second time this Winter—not an individual having been confined in it for some time.—This speaks well for our County—long may it continue tenantless.

It is intimated in the Halifax papers that after the late decision of the House of Assembly, in favour of a mixed government, His Excellency made offers to the Ex-Councillors, Howe, Urquhart, and McNish, of seats in his Council, stating at the same time that he had retained a fourth seat for a Catholic gentleman. Two offers were refused by them unless Mr. M. Almon and Mr. Stewart would resign. Upon this Mr. M. Almon tendered his resignation, which the Governor refused to accept.

PLANTING POTATOES.—As we observe a number of persons are proceeding to plant potatoes, we just mention that by setting posts, with the top ends down they last much longer, as they do not so readily absorb the "mould" from the ground which causes decay. By attention to this subject, which will require very little trouble, a great saving may be made.

MANURE.—It is the opinion of many good farmers that one cow properly kept will make manure enough in a year for a whole acre of tillage land. How important to save that manure, many persons in town who keep a cow, should look to this, as it may be the means of saving manure enough to plant all the potatoes they may require.

A gross OUTRAGE was committed on several persons passing from the city of St. John to Portland on Thursday night last, it appears a gang of ruffians placed themselves on each side of the road, and as persons were passing commenced an indiscriminate attack upon them—a man named Marks was attacked, and being armed with a brace of pistols, drew one and shot a lad named Donovan.—Such disgraceful proceedings should be stopped at once.

THE SCOTCH THISTLE.—We were asked the other day the origin of the National badge of Scotland, and now give it as handed down by tradition. There is some difficulty however in saying which is the genuine original thistle, as it is represented of various species in royal bearings and coats of arms, with its motto "Nemo me impune lacessit."—The following is said to be the origin:—

"When the Danes invaded Scotland, it was deemed unwarlike to attack an enemy in the pitch darkness of night, instead of pitched battle by day; but on one occasion the invaders resolved to avail themselves of this stratagem, and in order to prevent their tramp being heard, they marched bare-footed. They had thus neared the Scottish force unobserved, when a Dane unluckily stepped with his naked foot upon a superb prickly thistle, and instantly uttered a cry of pain, which discovered the assault to the Scots, who ran to their arms and defeated the foe with a terrible slaughter. The thistle was immediately adopted as the insignia of Scotland.

MARRIED.

On the 3d inst. at St. David, by the Rev. A. D. Thompson, Capt. JOSHUA PETTIGREW, of St. Andrews, to Miss PAMELIA HEWES, second daughter of Capt. C. Hewes, of St. David.

At Boston, on the 28th ult., by Rt. Rev. Bishop Eastburn, Mr. Benjamin T. Stevenson, formerly of this Town, to Miss Nancy K. Hall.



Real Estate of S. M. Todd	24 March
Do Francis Aymer	24
Do Wm. Gilbert	16th
Do Seth M. Todd	16th
Do John W. Todd	30th
Do Acadian Company	13th April
Do Josiah True	20th
Do Lewis B. Messenett	20th
Do John Scott	21st
Do Acadian Company	25th May
Do James Collins	25th
Do John Scott	1st June
Do Nicholas Meating	1st
Do J. A. O'Leary	1st
Do James Allanshaw	3d
Do Jeremiah Donoghue	20th
Do James Rait	22d July

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 17th day of FEBRUARY next, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. of the same day, at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, estate, and interest of J. A. O'Leary, of, in and to the following tracts or lots of land, situated in the Parish of St. George, all being in the Military Grant on the old Fredericton Road comprising 1650 acres more or less; and of in and to all other real Estate in the County not herein described.

On the North West side of the Road. Lot No. 7 originally granted to Payne containing 200 acres. 8 ditto Gardiner 100 9 ditto D. McDonald 100 20 ditto J. Brown 100 21 ditto McHenry 100 22 ditto Shaw 100

On the South West side of the Road. Lots 4 and 5 originally granted to Charles and John Riley containing 150 acres. 6, 9, 10, & 11 each containing 100 acres originally granted to W. B. Phair. 12 originally granted to James M'Leod, containing 100 acres. 19 ditto James Price 100

And a part of tract do. No. North 200. The said tracts, parcels, or lots of land with their improvements having been levied upon and seized by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, in favor of Jas. Boyd, Esquire, endorsed to levy £10 5 1 with interest Sheriff's Fees, &c.

The sale of the above Property is postponed until Saturday, the 20th April.

Sheriff's Office, THOS. JONES, 5th Aug. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday, the 24th day of FEBRUARY next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, estate, claim, and demand of Lewis B. Messenett, of, in and to that tract or parcel of land, situated on the Western side of the Maguadavic river, near the Southern boundary of the 1800 acre lot, so called, which tract was conveyed to him and his brother Claudius Messenett, by Josiah G. Seeley, the same having been seized and levied on by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, in favor of James Boyd, endorsed to levy £25 10s 8d with interest, Sheriff's Fees, &c.

The sale of the above Property is postponed until Saturday, the 20th April.

Sheriff's Office, THOS. JONES, 10th Aug. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday, the 16th day of MARCH next, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. of the same day, at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, estate, claim, and interest of WILLIAM GILBERT, of, in and to the Southern moiety, or half, of lot No. 2, in Water Street Bockley's division of the Town plat of St. Andrews. This lot is 40 ft. 6 in. high, and the house one story and a half high, and 30 ft. by 20 ft.

The same having been levied upon to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of Benjamin Sprague, endorsed to levy £47 13s Sheriff's fees &c.

Sheriff's Office, THOMAS JONES, Sept. 4, 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Saturday the 16th day of March next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock, P. M.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim, proper, and demand of Seth M. Todd of, in and to a certain Lot of Land in Mill Town St. Stephen with the Dwelling House and other buildings thereon, on the other side of the Road leading to Mohanna's, being the same lately occupied by said Seth M. Todd and having been taken by virtue of an execution of Fieri Facias issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province in favor of F. M. Pingree & Z. Chipman against said Todd endorsed to levy £46 2s 6d besides Sheriff's Fees, &c.

Sheriff's Office, THOS. JONES, Aug. 22, 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction, at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Saturday the 30th day of March next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of John W. Todd of, in, to or out of the following described property, viz:— All that certain Dwelling House with the lot of land adjoining the same formerly belonging to G. B. Alward, and at present occupied by said Todd, at the

bridge's landing, in the parish of St. Stephen. ALSO.—All the Real Estate, with the tanyard, store, bark mill, and other buildings and erections thereon, at the Union Mills, in the said parish. ALSO.—Three hundred acres of Land situated in the parish of St. James, belonging to Todd & Townsend, and known as the 'Bohary' lying on the western side of the road leading from Hinchings corner to Hinchings Mill.

Also.—Any and all other Real Estate in the County of Charlotte belonging to the said firm, or to the said John W. Todd.

The same having been taken by virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Supreme Court in favor of W. T. Ross against Seth M. Todd, and John W. Todd, endorsed to levy £25 8s 9d, besides Sheriff's execution fees &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday the 13th day of APRIL next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock p. m. at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of the ACADIAN COMPANY, to the lands, houses, mills, sluices, dams, and other erections, owned by them, on the Pocologan River, and on the New River, situated in the Parish of Pennfield—the same having been seized, to satisfy an execution, in favor of Joseph C. Noyes, endorsed to levy £167 18s 11d, &c.

Sheriff's Office, THOS. JONES, 29th Sept. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday, the 25th day of April next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock P. M. at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of John Scott, to that Lot of Land, occupied by John Scott Hall, situated on the northern side of the Maguadavic river, in the town of St. George.

Also.—On Saturday the 1st day of June, All his right, title, interest, claim and demand to one acre of Land in La Petite Passage, bounded Northerly by the South line of the grant to James Campbell and William Grant at La Petite Passage, westerly by the Western shore of a small creek emptying into La Petite Passage about 30 chains from the same, and Easterly and Southerly by such lines as will comprise the said acre, as decided by James and Elizabeth Paine to G. F. Campbell and conveyed by him to said John Scott.

The same having been taken, seized, and attached on the 18th instant, to satisfy an execution in favor of Thomas Leavitt and Edwin Kechem endorsed to levy £25 5s 11d, &c.

Sheriff's Office, THOS. JONES, 28th September, 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday, the 25th day of May next, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. of the same day, at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, estate, interest, and claim of the Acadian Company, of, in and to that Lot of Land and Water Privilege, with the appurtenances, called the 'Day Gas' situated on the Western side of the Maguadavic River, near the Bridge at the East Falls of the river. The same having been levied upon to satisfy an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court in favor of the President Directors and Company of the Connecticut Bank, Boston, endorsed to levy £19 7 1s 2d, &c.

Sheriff's Office, THOS. JONES, November 9, 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 25th day of May next between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. of the same day at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, estate, interest and claim, by Heirship or otherwise, of James Collins, of, in and to that Farm Lot and Tract of Land, situated in Town Hill, in the Parish of St. James, about six miles from the head of Oak Bay on the Woodstock Road, being the farm formerly occupied by David Collins, and also of in and to a Town Lot in the Town of St. Andrews, with the buildings thereon, situated near the Court House. The same having been taken to satisfy two executions the first in favor of James Allanshaw, Thomas Weyer and Geo. D. Street endorsed to levy £24 14s 6d, &c. and the second in favor of James Allanshaw surviving partner of John McMaster, endorsed to levy £43 6s 11d, &c.

Sheriff's Office, THOS. JONES, Nov. 10, 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 1st day of JUNE next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. of the same day, at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right title estate, and interest of Jeremiah Arthur O'Leary, to that new house, lately erected by him, and now in his occupation, situated on the Portage of the Maguadavic, and in the Town of St. George. The two properties having been seized taken and levied upon, to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court for £49 1s 2d. &c. &c. at the suit of Peter McCullum, Junr.

Sheriff's Office, THOMAS JONES, 17th Nov. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Monday, the 3rd day of JUNE next, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, at the Court House, in Saint Andrews.

ALL the right, title, estate, claim and legal interest of the Hon. JAMES ALLANSHAW, of, in and to the following described tracts or lots of land, with the houses, mills, and other improvements thereon, the same having been taken, and levied upon as well as all other real estate, belonging to him, to satisfy executions issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suits of the President Directors, & Co. of the Charlotte County Bank and others.

In the Parish of St. Andrews.

The lot of land, with the house and premises situated in the Old Jail block, so called, in the town of St. Andrews, now in the occupation of the said James Allanshaw.

Lot No. 2, in Block letter P. Bulkeley's division in the town plat of St. Andrews.

In the Parish of St. Patrick.

A tract of land, containing 200 acres, with the houses, mills, and other erections thereon, commonly known as the Digdegush mill.

Three islands, viz:—Hog Island in the Passamaquid Bay, a small island near it, and Long Island, so called, at the mouth of the Digdegush river.

A tract of land, situated at the Rolling Dam on the river Digdegush, with the mills &c. thereon.

A lot of land, on the Eastern side of the river Digdegush, above the land granted to David Layton and others, purchased by James Allanshaw and John McMaster, from Eschian Cameron.

A lot of land on the Western side of the river Digdegush, purchased by Jas. Allanshaw, and John McMaster, from Eschian Cameron.

A tract of land, containing 450 acres on the Eastern side of the river Digdegush purchased by James Allanshaw and John McMaster from William Curry and Wife.

Lots numbered 10, and 11, containing 200 acres purchased from Joseph Hill.

A tract of land containing 300 acres granted to Archibald McDeviant and conveyed by his heirs to the said James Allanshaw.

In the Parish of St. David.

Lots numbered 1, and 2, on the river Digdegush purchased by James Allanshaw and John McMaster, from Eschian Cameron.

A tract of land with the mill privilege thereon, near the residence of Tristram Moore Esq., commonly known as Moore's Mills.

A tract of land known as the North Mill privilege, at the head of Oak Bay, formerly belonging to one Robert Moore.

In the Parish of St. James.

Four tracts of land containing 200 acres granted to James Allanshaw by Letters patent, dated 25th September, 1838.

100 lots of land containing about 270 acres conveyed to James Allanshaw by Josiah Moore 31st December, 1838.

In the Parish of Pennfield.

A lot of land known as lot No. 26 purchased by James Allanshaw and John McMaster from Jedediah Child and wife.

Also a lot purchased by them from the late Robert William Pagan, Esq.

Two tracts of land containing about 95 acres situated near Deadman's Harbour, formerly granted to Anthony McCann.

In the Parish of St. George.

A Tract of land and mill privilege on the Eastern side of the river Maguadavic at the Upper Falls with the mills and other erections thereon purchased from Robert W. Crookshank Esq. of the City of St. John.

A tract of land adjoining the above and situated near the Village at the Upper Falls also purchased from Robert W. Crookshank, Esq.

A lot of land, near the above tracts, purchased from the late Coun. Campbell Esq. as Sheriff of Charlotte.

Half of Lots numbered 5 and 6 on the Eastern side of the river Maguadavic near the Boom at the Lower Falls, purchased from Rich. Brockway.

Two tracts of land containing 75 acres granted to James Allanshaw, by Letters patent, dated 13th Dec. 1837.

A lot of land on the Western side of the river Maguadavic, near the Upper Falls, with the house and buildings thereon, now in the occupation of Thomas Davies.

Sheriff's Office, THOS. JONES, 17th Nov. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction on SATURDAY the 22nd day of JUNE next, between the hours of ten and five o'clock.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim, property and demand of Jeremiah Donoghue, to the land on which he now resides together with the buildings thereon, situated in the parish of St. George and on the main road from St. Andrews and St. George.

The same having this day been seized, levied on and taken by me, by virtue of executions issued out of the Supreme Court at the suits of John Wilson, and James Driscoll.

Sheriff's Office, THOMAS JONES, 15th Dec. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni exponas to me directed, will be sold, by public auction, on Monday the 22d day of JULY 1844, at 10 o'clock a. m. the following property, belonging to the Estate of the late JAMES RAIT, Esquire, seized and taken under a writ of Dism. clausit extremum, to satisfy a debt, due the Crown of £2305, 6, 4, besides Sheriff's execution fees, &c.

In the Parish of St. Andrews.

LOT No. 56, containing 50 acres, more or less, fronting on the river St. Croix, with all the houses, out houses, and buildings thereon.

Lots Nos. 2, 3, 6 and 7 in Block letter B. with the water Lots, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 in Block letter H. all in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews, with the dock and beach in front of the same, with the buildings &c. thereon.

Part of Town Lot No. 4, in Block letter A. Bulkeley's division, with a front of 43 ft. on Adolphus street, and extending 80 feet to the rear, bounded S. W. by land heretofore sold to Mrs. Amy Campbell, and N. W. by land heretofore occupied by Hugh Boyd, with the buildings, &c. thereon.

A lot of Land, in the Town Plat of St. Andrews, being part of Parr's division, adjoining Lot No. 3 in the possession of R. Hassack Esq. with the use, in common, of a reserved road of 20 feet in width.

Lots Nos. 3, 4, and 7 in Block letter L. in Bulkeley's division of the Town plat of St. Andrews.

Lot No. 8 in Block letter L. in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews.

Water lot No. 4 Block letter H. in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews.

Lots numbered 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8 in Block letter F. in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews, fronting on Queen Elizabeth and Montague streets with the buildings &c. thereon.

Half part of Lot number 4 in Block letter D. in Morris's division of the Town of Saint Andrews, with the buildings and improvements thereon.

In the Parish of St. Stephen.

Lot of land, known as Campbell's point, commencing at a stake in Libby's cove, near the Bridge, which stake is also the first bounds of Lot Q, and No. 1, in the Grant to Donald Grant and others, comprehending land, beach and flats, containing 4 acres and thereabouts, with the wharf, buildings and improvements thereon.

A Lathing Machine under that half of a Saw Mill, situated in Mill Town, which was purchased by John Austin of Henry Esquire, man, together with all the privileges thereunto belonging.

In the Parish of St. Patrick.

Lot No. 3, adjoining the lot conveyed by one James Muir to Thomas Sloman, with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

In the Parish of St. George.

Lots Nos. 15 and 17 in Block letter H. and lots number 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 13 in Block letter K. in the Town Plat of Saint George.

An equal undivided moiety or half of a lot of land, adjoining Main street of Martin Hall's cove, containing 100 acres more or less.

An equal undivided moiety or half part of 3 lots of land in the township of L'Etang, which William Low purchased of Paul Brampton.

Two Garden Lots in the Town plat of L'Etang, heretofore owned by William Low.

That lot of land, on the portage at the lower falls of the Maguadavic river, with the buildings thereon, formerly occupied by Henry Seely, and situated between properties owned by S. G. Andrews Esq. Dr. Thomson and Mrs. Reed.

That piece of land on the West side of the Maguadavic river opposite the fresh water landing place, at the lower portage, containing about 40 acres.

A lot of land on the N. E. side of Lake Utopia, being part of lot No. 7, formerly granted to Daniel McMaster and others, containing 220 acres, more or less.

A lot of land on the E. side of Lake Utopia, and in the rear of lots formerly owned by one James Ash, in blocks numbers 5 and 6 being 130 rods in front, on said Lake &c. containing 150 acres more or less, together with all the buildings &c. thereon.

A tract of land containing 75 acres more or less, situated about 4 of a mile below the Upper Falls of the Maguadavic river and on the Eastern side of it, bounded by land owned by Major Stannus, &c. with all the improvements and buildings thereon.

In the Parish of Pennfield.

A lot of land containing 700 acres, more or less, being part of a tract once laid out in six acre lots, on the head or N. E. shore of the N. E. branch, or arm of Beaver Harbour, near lands granted to John Munro, and Evan Thomas.

A lot of land containing 400 acres more or less, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, bounded by the six acre lots, and lands formerly granted to James, Jacob and Joshua Paul.

Two lots of land, forming together a point called Deadman's Head, lying between Deadman's Harbour and Black's Bay—containing 350 acres with the buildings &c. thereon.

A lot of land, containing 270 acres bounded on one side by land granted to Hugh McKay, Esq. and by the shores of the Mill Lake.

A Tract of land commencing at the N. E. corner of a grant of land of 200 acres to Samuel Buckman junr., thence along the N. line to centre of said grant &c. supposed to contain 100 acres more or less.

Lot No. 10, formerly owned by Samuel Buckman, containing 200 acres more or less.

That Tract or parcel of Land formerly granted to Thomas Berry, containing 95 acres more or less.

200 acres of land, crossing Knights Mill road, and Cripps Mill Stream.

200 acres touching Lot No. 16, formerly granted to William Stewart.

300 acres near Lot No. 41, granted to Robert Woodward, and crossing the great road, from Saint Andrews, to Saint John.

In the Parish of Grand Manan.

A lot of land containing 114 acres, beginning at Adam Dixon's line, with all the buildings thereon, being the same which James Rait purchased from John Sprague.

Lot No. 10 in the original grant of the Island, containing 140 acres, more or less, with the buildings thereon.

The Southern part or half of Lot No. 59 granted to Levi Richardson, situated at the Northern end or head of the Island, containing 250 acres, more or less, together with a right of way to the Cove, Creek, or inlet called Eel Brook.

Part of Lot No. 59, at the Northern end of the Island, granted to Levi Richardson, containing 100 acres, more or less, together with the privilege of erecting dams, &c. on Eel Brook.

Lot No. 6 in the first division of the Island Grant, originally granted to Samuel Ingersoll, with all the improvements thereon, containing 90 acres more or less.

The water front of Lot No. 37, owned by Nathaniel Gupill, on Grand Harbour Stream, with the privilege of erecting dams, mills, &c.

Lot No. 60 formerly granted to Aaron Richardson, with the buildings thereon.

All the right, title and privilege to a water Brook or Stream running through Lot No. 17, owned by Joseph Drogan, and also to parts of the said Lot No. 17, sufficient for the purpose of flowing the water, erecting Mills, piling places, &c.

The Levi Richardson Lot so called at the Northern end of the Island.

Lot No. 36 containing 200 acres more or less.

Lot No. 13 in the second division of lots granted to John Faxon and others, containing 200 acres more or less.

One half of Lot No. 15 in the above division, formerly granted to William Benson.

Lot No. 72, containing 32 1-2 acres, more or less.

Lot No. 33, comprehended in the Grant to Edmund Cheney with Lots numbered 62 and 63 containing 50 acres more or less.

Lot No. 71 in the first division of Lots surveyed by Donald McDonald.

Lot No. 20 in the second division containing 200 acres more or less with the buildings thereon &c.

A Tract of Land comprehending Lots No. 37, 38, 39 and 40 containing 850 acres more or less—with the buildings, &c. thereon.

Lot No. 11 on the Northern Head of the Island.

Lot No. 100, on the Western side of the island, near Dark Harbour—containing 750 acres more or less.

That privilege to the water, in front of Lot No. 37 on Grand Harbour Stream, and to the bank or shore of the said Lot, and back from the said stream, to the extent of five acres.

A Tract of Land containing 400 acres, commencing at the Northern angle of School Lot No. 10 granted to James Rait 22d August 1836.

Also another Tract containing 800 acres, granted to him at the same time, commencing at the Northern angle of Lot No. 20 granted to Barnabas Rich on the North West side of the island.

Also another Tract containing 200 acres, granted to him at the same time, commencing at the South Westerly angle of Lot No. 14, granted to Barbara Ross on the North East side of the island.

A fourth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 2000 Acres, commencing at the south west angle of lot No. 20 granted to Barbara Ross.

A fifth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 200 acres, commencing at the west side of a reserved road and the southern angle of lot No. 42, granted to the Rector, Church Wardens and Vestry, of Grand Manan.

A sixth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 500 acres, commencing at the south western angle of lot No. 100 occupied by T. Ranny.

Also another Tract of land granted to him containing 750 acres, commencing at the north western angle of lot No. 101.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 30th June, 1843.

Any information required respecting the above mentioned Properties will be given on application at the Sheriff's Office.

Lot No. 33, comprehended in the Grant to Edmund Cheney with Lots numbered 62 and 63 containing 50 acres more or less.

Lot No. 71 in the first division of Lots surveyed by Donald McDonald.

Lot No. 20 in the second division containing 200 acres more or less with the buildings thereon &c.

A Tract of Land comprehending Lots No. 37, 38, 39 and 40 containing 850 acres more or less—with the buildings, &c. thereon.

Lot No. 11 on the Northern Head of the Island.

Lot No. 100, on the Western side of the island, near Dark Harbour—containing 750 acres more or less.

That privilege to the water, in front of Lot No. 37 on Grand Harbour Stream, and to the bank or shore of the said Lot, and back from the said stream, to the extent of five acres.

A Tract of Land containing 400 acres, commencing at the Northern angle of School Lot No. 10 granted to James Rait 22d August 1836.

Also another Tract containing 800 acres, granted to him at the same time, commencing at the Northern angle of Lot No. 20 granted to Barnabas Rich on the North West side of the island.

Also another Tract containing 200 acres, granted to him at the same time, commencing at the South Westerly angle of Lot No. 14, granted to Barbara Ross on the North East side of the island.

A fourth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 2000 Acres, commencing at the south west angle of lot No. 20 granted to Barbara Ross.

A fifth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 200 acres, commencing at the west side of a reserved road and the southern angle of lot No. 42, granted to the Rector, Church Wardens and Vestry, of Grand Manan.

A sixth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 500 acres, commencing at the south western angle of lot No. 100 occupied by T. Ranny.

Also another Tract of land granted to him containing 750 acres, commencing at the north western angle of lot No. 101.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 30th June, 1843.

Any information required respecting the above mentioned Properties will be given on application at the Sheriff's Office.

Hour, the Hon. porter valued in order appears Report proper and ord the day ed to what as list on Judges draw should the who the affa