

GENOA CONFERENCE NEARS BREAKING UP STAGE BECAUSE OF DISTRUST OF GERMAN

Germany Debarred from Further Consideration of Questions Pertaining to Russia.

GERMANS PROTEST ALLIED ACTION

Declare They Did Nothing Secret or Dishonorable in Making Treaty With Russia

Genoa, April 18.—With Germany debarred from further deliberations with respect to the agreement which the powers hope to conclude with Russia, the Genoa Conference is tonight in a state of crisis. The Allied Powers sitting with the states of the Little Entente, have imposed a severe penalty on Germany because of what is termed her violation of the conditions to which she pledged herself in entering the conference.

This violation took the form of "secretly concluding" a treaty with Russia on the very matters which all the powers have agreed to discuss in common at Genoa.

Despite the Allies' vigorous action indications are tonight that the Germans would not bolt the conference, although they had not disclosed what attitude they would adopt. Apparently they will decide without consulting Berlin.

Dr. Rathenau, the German Foreign Secretary, has protested the Allies action, declaring that the Germans did nothing secret or dishonorable. He asserted that the Allies themselves were preparing a treaty with Russia in secret, after which Germany would be informed of it and would be expected to sign.

Allied Note to Germany. Following is the text of the Allied note to the German delegation:

The undersigned powers learned with astonishment that, in the first stage of the Genoa Conference, Germany, without reference to the other powers assembled, had secretly concluded a treaty with the Soviet Government.

The questions covered by the treaty between the representatives of Russia and those of all the other powers invited to the Conference, including Germany, and the German Chancellor himself, declared at the opening session that the German delegation would co-operate with the other powers for a solution of these questions in a spirit of genuine loyalty and fellowship.

"This treaty is not subject to any examination or sanction by the conference. We understand that it is final and that it is not proposed to be submitted to the judgment of the conference. It is, in fact, a violation of some of the principles on which this conference is based. In these circumstances the undersigned do not consider it fair or equitable that Germany, having effected her own arrangement with Russia, should enter into a discussion of the conditions of an arrangement between this country and Russia; they, therefore, assume that the German delegates have taken action renouncing further participation in the discussion of the conditions of agreement between Russia and the various countries represented at the conference.

The undersigned powers, therefore, express to the German delegation in the frankest terms, their opinion that the conclusion of such an agreement, while the Conference was in session, is a violation of the conditions to which Germany pledged itself on entering the Conference.

"By inviting Germany to Genoa, and offering her representation on every Commission on equal terms with themselves, the inviting Powers showed their readiness to waive memories of the war, and granted Germany an opportunity for honest co-operation with former enemies in the tasks of the Conference. To that offer of good will and fellowship Germany replied with an act which destroys the spirit of mutual confidence and respect, the establishment of which is the chief aim of the Conference.

"At all conferences unofficial conversations between parties are permissible, often as desirable. They are helpful so long as they are designed to facilitate the common task, and so long as the results are brought to the Conference table for common discussion and decision. But that is not what the German delegates have done."

(Sgd.) Lloyd George (England) Barton (France) Facta (Italy) Ishii (Japan) Thomson (Belgium) Benesi (Czechoslovakia) Skirmunt (Poland) Nidzitch (Yugo-Slavia) Diamandy (Rumania).

P. E. I. WOMEN ARE AFTER THE VOTE

Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 18.—A bill to give the vote to women on the same qualifications as for the Federal Parliament is to be introduced into the provincial legislature in a few days.

Laws Prohibiting Women Smoking Regarded Unwise

Washington, D. C., April 18.—Legislation intended to prohibit women from smoking is unwise, according to an official announcement issued here today by the Methodist Episcopal Church through its board of temperance, prohibition and public morals, saying: "We favor and have always favored the prohibition of the sale of tobacco to minors, but have never favored the extension of any such prohibition to adults, either men or women. However, women who smoke certainly show no respect for their own womanhood. God himself is responsible for the differences between a woman and a man, and the proper sort of women are proud of them and fully realize that they incur certain obligations because of them. The woman who smokes is at best a poor imitation of a man."

UNITED STATES SENATE HEARS FURTHER ARGUMENTS ON ST. LAWRENCE WATERWAY PROJECT

Senator Calder of New York Opposed the Scheme, Intimating It Was Purely for Benefit to Canada—Michigan Senator Pleads for Project as Means of Lightening Burdens of Transportation Borne by Western Farmers.

Washington, April 18.—The St. Lawrence waterway project received further debate in the Senate today, Senator Calder, Republican, New York, speaking in opposition of the enterprise, and Senator Townsend, Republican, Michigan, urging and predicting its completion. Senator Calder denied there was sectional prejudice in his attitude, but Senator Townsend declared that all of the organized opposition had come from New York State.

Senator Calder asserted and Mr. Townsend denied that Canada would benefit more from the waterway than the United States.

After the delivery of a prepared address by Senator Calder, in which he enumerated many arguments against the project, Senator Townsend spoke extemporaneously, declaring he could not let Senator Calder's arguments go unanswered or unchallenged. Senator Calder was not familiar with the facts, Senator Townsend asserted.

"It does not come with good grace from representatives of New York," said Senator Townsend, "to speak about expenditures of money for waterway improvements and oppose a proposition that will do so much good to the Middle West and the Far West. We have spent more money in New York than the widest estimate of what this project would cost. The Senator from New York ignored the estimates of American and Canadian engineers."

Senator Townsend continued: "It may be an ideal dream this enterprise," Senator Townsend continued, "to extend the seaboard a thousand miles into the country, but thousands of the ships now sailing the seas between the United States and Europe draw water less than the 35 feet canal proposes."

Declaring Senator Calder admitted that the Canal would save five cents a bushel to Canadian wheat farmers, but at the same time scooped at the idea that the United States farmer would receive any benefit, Mr. Townsend said the handling charges alone would cost the farmer six to eight cents a bushel. "This enterprise would be an economy," Senator Townsend asserted, "and it is going to succeed, this self-proclaimed 'Canadian' project, notwithstanding."

HORRIBLE ACT OF DEMENTED MOTHER

Killed Two of Her Children, Attempted to Kill Third, Then Tried Suicide.

Columbia, Kentucky, April 18.—Mrs. Arnold Holt, in a sudden fit of dementia at her home in Russell Springs, a village near here today, killed two of her children, attempted to kill a third and fastened a hatchet in a fence with the blade toward her, back of her twenty feet and ran into it head-on. Physicians say she will die.

Maxime, aged 13, was decapitated with a butcher knife and a son six years old and a baby were thrust into a barrel of water and covered with a quilt. The baby drowned, but the boy threw off the covering and was found hanging over the edge of the barrel. Neighbors rescued him. The only victim was George Harris, Mrs. Holt's father, with whom she had resided since she sued for divorce.

STEAM FERRY AT STRAIT OF CANSO

Sydney, N. S., April 18.—A steam ferry at the Strait of Canso for the transportation of motor and other vehicular traffic will be provided at once by the Provincial Government, according to a letter, today, from A. S. McMillan, chairman of the Nova Scotia Highways Board, to A. N. McLennan, Secretary of the Sydney Motor League.

LIFE SENTENCE FOR CRIMINAL ASSAULT

St. Catharines, Ont., April 18.—Life imprisonment was the sentence imposed tonight by Justice Lennox, on Charles Miller, aged 23, whom a jury after a minute's deliberation had declared guilty of a criminal assault upon twelve-year-old Agnes Lawson at St. Davids on November 21st last.

SNIPERS ACTIVE THROUGHOUT BELFAST CITY

Military Replaced Police Force and Had Difficulty in Locating Gunmen.

INCENDIARISM AND RIOTS CONTINUE

Marrowbone District Scene of the Wildest Disorders—Attacks Renewed on Houses.

Belfast, April 18.—Sniping activities continued throughout this afternoon in the Marrowbone district. The military replaced the regular police force, and were having great difficulty in locating the gunmen. The police early today raided a house in Disraeli street and arrested ten men, including the proprietor and his two sons, with two rifles, 87 rounds of ammunition and a 15-pound shell.

At the same time had been set on fire earlier, and, but for the presence of soldiers, more would have suffered.

In Sanderson street, the crowds got beyond control and several houses were set on fire. The fire brigade worked amid the whine of bullets to save threatened buildings. The shops were looted. During the trouble the fire trucks took their customary toll and ambulances were busy.

"We will get the benefit of whatever improvement is made," Canada could not under any circumstances profit as much as the United States. Her railroads afford her ample transportation facilities. We are short of railroads, and we are short of money."

"It is a notorious fact," continued Senator Townsend, "that if only water power was developed from the project the cost of the enterprise would be warranted."

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STRONGLY OPPOSE ARBUCKLE FILMS

Clergy of Toronto Will Fight Their Screening in Canada.

Toronto, April 18.—Arbuckle films will not even be granted a trial release in Ontario if the opinion of the local clergy can be taken as any criterion of public opinion.

"I am opposed," said Rev. T. Albert Moore, secretary of the General Conference of the Methodist Church, "to allowing Arbuckle the right of appearing on the screen, platform or stage anywhere in Canada. The fact that he has been acquitted by the jury in San Francisco does not acquit him at the bar of public opinion. I do not believe that Canadians will ever stand for the re-appearance of Arbuckle films in this country."

Rev. J. G. Shearer, Secretary for the Social Service Department of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, also agreed that the public should take a firm and unqualified stand in demanding from both producers and movie stars a high standard of morality. The revelations made in connection with the Arbuckle trial and subsequently should be sufficient to bar the film clown from ever appearing again in Ontario.

TURKISH SUBJECTS KILLED IN BERLIN

Probably Done Through Political Motives by Armenians Resident in Berlin.

Berlin, April 18.—Two Turkish subjects, Jamal Amyk Bay, former Governor of Trebizond, and Baha Eddin Chakir, a leading member of the Turkish Committee of Union and Progress, were shot and killed here last night.

A semi-official version of the shooting says it was probably done through political motives by Armenians resident in Berlin. Eye-witnesses assert that three youths did the shooting and fled immediately after the Turks were killed. An American automatic pistol was found later at the scene of the shooting. The police authorities have offered a reward of 20,000 marks for the apprehension of the assassins.

GREAT RECEPTION FOR DEMPSEY

Southampton, April 18.—A great reception was accorded Jack Dempsey, pugilist, when he disembarked here today from the steamer Aquitania. A large crowd was on the quay when the steamer docked. Dempsey retorted that he has not come to Europe to fight Carpentier or Beckett or to give exhibitions. He said his trip was being made merely for pleasure.

IRISH REBELS WRECK PLANT AND OFFICE OF DUBLIN PAPER

View of section of wrecked plant, showing remains of linotype machine.



View of section of wrecked plant, showing remains of linotype machine.

Angered at the paper's editorial comments, a band of Irish rebels recently radded the plant of the Freeman's Journal in Dublin, Ireland, and completely wrecked the offices and plant, doing damage estimated at \$200,000.

PRESIDENT BAXTER OF N. S. PLEADS FOR TOLERANCE ON PART OF CONCILIATION BOARD

Believes Miners Will Be Able to Convince Any Fair-Minded Board of the Necessity of a Better Award Than That Given by the Gillen Board.

Sydney, N. S., April 18.—A plea for a careful scrutiny of all the factors of the present crisis in the Nova Scotia coal industry, and for a spirit of mutual tolerance on the part of those who may be appointed on the new Conciliation Board, is embodied in a statement issued tonight by President Robert Baxter, of the United Mine Workers.

"Miners throughout Nova Scotia are today pleased at the turn in events which has brought about a reconstituted Conciliation Board to rehear our case," declared Mr. Baxter.

"I firmly believe that we can convince any fair-minded Board, of the necessity of a better award than that given by the last tribunal which considered this wage dispute. Mr. Gillen, chairman of the former Board, in a statement issued in Halifax, declared that he was willing to go much further than the award of the last Board, had he received certain co-operation from his colleagues."

"It appears to me that, in a matter where there is so much at stake and where the consequences are possible, it should be the concern of those upon whom such responsibility rests to make an extra effort by persuasion or by being persuaded, to reach a more satisfactory recommendation."

Little Turns the Scale. "In disputes of this kind, it does not require much, one way or the other, to reach large amounts of money in the course of a year's operation."

STARVING CHILDREN NEED YOUR HELP

All Funds Forwarded to Campaign Will Reach the Needy Ones.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 18.—Sir Louis H. Davies, honorary secretary of the Canadian campaign organization to send relief to the starving children of Russia, has wired the committee in charge of the work here that copies of cablegrams and letters refuting charges made by the London Daily Express, as published in the Toronto Saturday Night, will be forwarded to Charlottetown. Sir Louis urges friends in the Island Province to subscribe, assuring them that all funds forwarded will be received by the starving children.

TRURO WOMAN DIES AS RESULT OF BURNS

Fatally Burned in Effort to Save Children from Burning Home.

Truro, N. S., April 18.—Death relieved her sufferings tonight Mrs. Thomas Harrington, who yesterday struggled in vain to rescue her three children from her burning home, set ablaze with astonishing rapidity as the result of the explosion of an acetylene lamp. Mr. Harrington, the bereaved husband and father, who was also badly burned and had two legs broken when he jumped from an upstairs window, is expected to recover.

BIG DRIVES ON MIRAMICHI RIVER

Fredericton, N. B., April 18.—Fifty million feet of logs will be brought down the Miramichi River this spring, according to estimates available here. Most of the logs were cut a year ago and have been lying on the banks of the streams.

Some of the mills on the Miramichi are reported to be resuming operations.

HEAVY DEATH TOLL FOLLOWED STORMS

Chicago, April 18.—The terrific storm sweeping Eastward across the country, which in some parts of the Central States became tornadoes, resulted in at least 32 persons killed, two missing, 229 injured and several millions of dollars damage to property, according to incomplete reports tonight.

RUM-RUNNERS' CONVENTION IS LATEST THING

Bootleggers and Rum-Runners Met at Seattle to Discuss Prices, Etc.

AGREE TO INCREASE COST OF WHISKEY

Meeting Gives Federal Prohibition Authorities Something Else to Think About.

New York, April 18.—(Canadian Press)—A rum-runners convention, at which many Canadians were in attendance, is the latest thing to come from the United States Prohibition Enforcement officials, according to a despatch to the Tribune, from Washington. It was held last week at Seattle and was held quite openly, according to the Tribune report. It is embarrassing, not only to the prohibition agents, but to the Federal Trade Commission as well; for the meeting is declared to have violated various United States laws supposed to prevent combinations to advance prices, though there is no danger of the convention taking any steps to restrain trade.

Decisions Arrived At. Among the decisions reported to have been reached at the convention are the following:

Increase of \$10 a case in Scotch and American whiskies in sales to Seattle bootleggers.

Formation of a Liquor Runners and Wholesale Dealers Amalgamation whereby the set price will be maintained.

Agreement to give Victoria a proportionate share with Vancouver, B. C., in the liquor trade of Seattle. Resolution to legislate with decreased liquor prices in British Columbia on the basis that Canadian dealers are working on twice the margin effective on the American side.

Agreement of Victoria and Vancouver wholesale dealers to back the rum-runners in their action in raising prices, by refusing to sell to the smugglers attempting to fight the amalgamation.

During the convention, meetings were held on the subject of liquor runners enroute to and from Victoria and Vancouver at the time could participate at the end of their runs.

IRISH FREE STATE CONSTITUTION READY

It Will Be Before Electors Several Weeks Before Elections.

London, April 18.—The Irish Free State Constitution has been presented, and its publication may be expected within a few days, says a despatch to the London Times from Dublin. The despatch adds that the Constitution will be before the electors for several weeks before the elections. It is understood the Provisional Government is firmly resolved to hold the Southern election in June, and is prepared to take all measures necessary to secure a free expression of the people's will. Michael Collins and Arthur Griffith, according to the despatch, will make substantial concessions, when the Peace Conference between the representatives of the Provisional Government and the De Valerians is resumed, as the price of an agreement, but will refuse any further postponement of the elections.

FATHER CARRIED OUT HIS THREAT

Believed Detroit Man Drowned Sons and Self to Make Wife Suffer.

Detroit, April 18.—The body of a boy, about eight or ten years of age, and answering, in a general way, the description of Leandroe Besse, one of the small sons of Ray Besse who disappeared with his two boys March 3 after he had threatened to kill the children, was found in the Detroit River today. Besse's body was found in the stream yesterday.

Finding the boy's body convinced Mrs. Besse, the widow and mother, she said, that her husband had carried out his alleged threat to "go away with the boys to make her suffer." The harbormaster's crew is dragging the river for the body of the second boy, Raeburn, six years old.

Mrs. Besse was reported near death tonight from shock.

ARRANGE LOAN FOR BRAZILIAN GOVT

Purpose to Take Up Banking Credits Arranged Against Coffee Warrants.

London, April 18.—The London Times learns that the negotiations for a loan to the Brazilian Government are approaching completion. It is hoped to issue the loan within a fortnight. It will be issued by the Barclays, Rothschilds and Schroeders. The amount will be a considerable one. Its main purpose is to take up banking credits arranged last year against coffee warrants, which are understood to exceed \$5,000,000. The loan will be secured on coffee.

THE AMERICAN ONLOOKERS ARE SCEPTICAL

Ringside Observers at Genoa Have Little Faith in Economic Conference.

Genoa, April 18.—Yesterday there was considerable meeting of sub-committees of all but the political committee, but most of the work accomplished was in preparing more sub-committees, was extremely vague and disappointing.

The communiqué of Sir Basil Brackley, British Treasury expert who is chairman of the committee of the economists existing under the Finance Commission, is a fair sample of the situation. The communiqué reads:

"The principles underlying the currency situation were fully explained and the suggestions dealing with practical needs of the various nations involved were put forward."

This postponement of real conference work, and especially of the conference on the currency, gives confidence to obtain the views of a number of Americans who, whether classified observers or not, certainly have a realistic view of everything which is going on.

The American Embassy in Rome has made it plain in all quarters that there is no official observer from the United States except the ambassador.

So there has been a distinct ebbing of interest on the part of Americans ever since Ambassador Child appeared in town. However, but not to be directly quoted, it may be said that a number of these ringside onlookers are growing more confused daily as to whether any real hopes can be realized at Genoa.

There also is a swing back in favor of France—because of the conviction that whether she is foolish about it or otherwise, France does not intend to cede by permitting a discussion of either reparations or disarmament.

Many outside representatives of big business feel that Russia is making a tremendous selling spectacle here, but that in reality her shelves are empty and that the cry of the situation remains Germany after all.

Therefore, the Georgian plan for a military holiday would, in effect, put a prohibition on reparations and thus, in case the project fails, Lloyd George would go home and to his electorate constituency point out France as the villain of the piece.

Also there is increasing a feeling that in such a case Lloyd George might conceivably deliver himself of an opinion aimed at America, in which he would assert that at Genoa Europe followed the American desire for her to put her own house in order and that on the basis of the Genoa result—whether a total failure or a partial success—he will then declare that without American aid Europe can do no more and thus delicately suggest that any further delay in American cooperation would make America a sort of an assistant villain of the piece.

Hence his grudging sympathy for the French, who are plainly alarmed at the unfavorable press comments they have received since their arrival in Genoa less than a week ago.

It is now pointed out that France actually has an excellent case, but that naturally it has been so badly handled, at Washington and elsewhere that now it must all be gone over again.

That end the conviction that the Poincaré Government will never cede on anything it has taken a stand on—no matter what hole the French delegation is placed in here—brings a week-end feeling of pessimism that the life of the conference is more likely to be three weeks than three months and result in nothing to cheer about.

Russia up to now has determined the progress, or rather, delay, of the conference. Today, except for unofficial getting together, it might be considered that the conference was standing still, waiting upon Russia's somewhat uncertain will. As far back as Wednesday the Russians were to have appeared before No. 1, or the Political Commission, and verify to the memorandum of the Allied experts in such manner that the conference might know whether to consider her as a likely member, in fair standing, of the great European family or otherwise.

She asked for twenty-four hours' delay, and then another twenty-four hours. Thursday night she succeeded in getting a third twenty-four hours, which freed her appearance for today. Today she has decided that Tuesday is the earliest possible moment she can appear, and thus the conference gets an Easter vacation, after all.

A large number of the British were out on Lord Bickenhead's yacht, and are trying to decide with the yacht's captain whether a permanent anchorage down the coast would be better than Porto Pinco or St. Marcetella. The lord chancellor is not disposed, that the British private yacht shall be an object of interest in the harbor of Genoa during a conference of such character as the present.

Lloyd George is greatly improved in health since his arrival on the Italian Riviera. He is planning to leave tonight with his daughter Megan for Rome, where he will remain over until Easter Monday. Many conference leaders are planning trips along the Riviera or back into the mountains over the holiday.

The weather is like mid-winter, so the afternoon siesta habit of the Italians has already spread among all the delegations. The mornings are lively enough, the air cool and bracing. But from noon until about five o'clock the city is comparatively dead under the torrid sun.

The conference committees already have agreed that 5.30 o'clock is the best hour to begin the afternoon sessions. Thus dinner and life after dinner usually continue until the early hours of the next day.

FIRE DESTROYED ANOTHER CONVENT

Montreal, April 18.—Notre Dame Convent, in the east end of this city, the oldest teaching institution in the Province, founded by Rev. Sister Marguerite Bourgeois, recently canonized, in 1699, was totally destroyed by fire tonight with a property loss of \$150,000, partly covered by insurance.

PLANS TO REORGANIZE AMES, HOLDEN, McCREADY

Trade Creditors Appoint Committee for Purpose of Developing Reorganization Scheme.

Montreal, April 18.—Trade creditors of Ames, Holden, McCreedy, Limited, at a special meeting held here this afternoon appointed three of their number as a committee to cooperate with similar committees of bond holders for the purpose of developing a reorganization of the parent company and its subsidiaries.

The committee named consists of: Elmer Davis, of A. Davis and Sons, Kingston, Ont.; T. Dod Stewart, of the Anglo-Canadian Leather Company; and J. R. Payand, of Dupont and Payand, St. Hyacinthe.

D. Lorne McGibbon reviewed the financial position of the company and urged all creditors and bondholders to cooperate in the re-organization plan, as to permit the company to go into liquidation should a highly adverse reduction on the leather and allied industries. He pledged that he would be prepared to put another \$500,000 in the re-organization company should a highly adverse reduction on the leather and allied industries. He estimated the entire claims against the company at less than \$500,000.

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WESTERN FARMERS ARE DISAPPOINTED

Warm Sunshine and Drying Winds Needed to Get Ground in Shape for Seeding.

Winnipeg, April 18.—The past seven day period has proved disappointing all over Western Canada from a farmer's standpoint, says the second spring crop report of the grain Trade News issued here today. Warm sunshine and drying winds are needed to put the land in shape for seeding. The weather has been generally fair over the Eastern portion of the territory reviewed by the report, but Alberta and much of Saskatchewan have been again blessed with abundant moisture in the shape of snow. Reported blizzards in Southern Alberta are reported to have caused severe losses among cattle which were already weakened after a rather short feed supply.

SENATOR THOMPSON NOT IMPROVED

Complications Set in Following an Indisposition from Severe Cold.

Ottawa, April 18.—The condition of Senator F. P. Thompson, of Fredericton, N. B., who is ill in a local hospital was reported as serious at an early hour this morning. Complications have set in following an indisposition from a severe cold.

PORTUGUESE FLIERS AT ST. PAUL'S ROCKS

Permaneco, Brazil, April 18.—Captains Coutinho and Sacadura, in their flight from the Cape Verde islands for Brazil, arrived at the Cape Verde islands, just above the Equator, northwest of the island of Fernando Noronha, at eight o'clock this evening, Brazilian time.

RAILWAY WORKERS REJECT O. B. U. PLAN

Chicago, April 18.—A proposal to amalgamate all railway workers into one industrial organization, modelled on the One Big Union idea, was rejected today by delegates attending the convention of the railway employees department of the American Federation of Labor.

SECOND EXPERT IN NEVINS WILL CASE

At the conclusion of the evidence given yesterday in the Probate Court in the matter of the contested will of the late Charles Nevins, he court adjourned until May 16, on account of the fact that the counsel in the case will be otherwise professionally engaged in the meantime.

William B. Hingston, of Boston, a handwriting expert called regarding the genuineness of the signature to the will, was on the stand all day yesterday. Mr. Hingston's evidence lacked, today by delegates attending the convention of the railway employees department of the American Federation of Labor.

The Two Ages of Man. Of all the ages of man, there are only two: Crabbage and dotage. The ages in between do not count. They vary so with personal experience that they cannot be analyzed, weighed, appraised. There is no way of sticking a value on them.

Yes, verily, brethren, it is only at the slow end of the British that we count, and on either end we count both teeth and hair.—Richmond Times Dispatch.

EPWORTH LEAGUE OFFICIAL OFF ON TRIP TO EUROPE

The Rev. Charles W. Guthrie has accepted an invitation from Methodist bishops in Europe to help establish and co-ordinate league work there with the work in the United States. During his work abroad Dr. Guthrie will visit practically every country of Europe.



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PLENTY OF WATER FOR LOG-DRIVING

Saw Mills Ready to Hum Along the St. John River.

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, N. B., April 18.—The Corporation drive started from Grand Falls on Monday. The water there has fallen six inches since Sunday but there is plenty of water for driving. The river is also dropping slightly here. The effect of the recent rain in which one quarter of an inch of rain fell, has not yet been felt.

The Fraser drive on the MacTavish is progressing favorably and will be out within the next couple of days. The weather on the Nashwanakia where a drive of a million feet of lumber for the Fraser Companies Ltd., and seven hundred thousand for the Hawkins Lumber Co. went in Monday, will start immediately the necessary preparations for rafting having been started.

The mill of Stanley Douglas Ltd., at South Devon, starts sawing Wednesday morning. The season's cut will be between five and six million feet and the mill will be in operation until November. The Victoria mill of the Fraser Companies Ltd., in this city, which has been sawing last all winter, will start the regular season's sawing about the first of May. The season's sawing will total about nine million feet and will not be completed until late in the fall. The mill of W. D. Guter and the Hawkins Lumber Co., have now been in operation for some time.

CARNEGIE FOUNDATION READY TO ASSIST

Inadequacy of Educational Institutions in Maritime Provinces Revealed by Survey.

Halifax, N. S., April 18.—In an interview yesterday with the Hon. J. G. MacKenzie, President of Dalhousie University, said the report of the Carnegie Foundation, which has made a survey of the facilities of higher education in the Maritime Provinces, emphasized the inadequacy of educational institutions in the Maritime Provinces and the probability of the situation growing worse if separation continued.

The Carnegie Foundation, he said, would sympathetically consider giving generous financial assistance to a co-operative scheme centered at Halifax but would not dictate what should be done, expecting the initiative to come from the Maritime Colleges. The Foundation expected the Government of Nova Scotia and the City of Halifax to contribute to a united university.

Mr. MacKenzie expressed the belief that the Foundation would give to a united university at Halifax, a sum sufficient to make it rank with the foremost institutions in Canada. The complete report will be made public shortly.

TORNADO CARRIES GIRL ONE MILE

Picks Her from Bed, Landing Her Against a Tree, Mile Distant.

Contra Costa, Ill., April 18.—A daughter of Valentine Schaefer was carried out of her bed and left a mile away by the tornado yesterday, it was learned today. She was found with her back broken and taken to a hospital where it was said she probably would die.

Died

SMITH.—Suddenly, at Hampton, the morning of April 17, Grace, widow of the late A. B. Smith, leaving to mourn one brother, one sister and a host of friends.

Funeral from Methodist church, Hampton, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Harrison and family wish to thank their many friends for kindness, sympathy and flowers sent in their recent bereavement.

Membership Drive Away To Good Start

First Meeting Under Auspices of A. O. H. County Board Held Last Evening.

The membership drive, which is being conducted under the auspices of the A. O. H. County Board, was inaugurated at a meeting, held last evening in the hall of A. O. H. Division No. 1, Union street. This was the first of a series of meetings, which are to be held for the purpose of increasing the membership of the divisions and ladies' auxiliaries in the city and throughout the county, and there were a large number of ladies and gentlemen present. The drive got away to a good start, and much enthusiasm for its success was expressed by different speakers. It was also announced that the Maritime Convention would be held in St. John during the coming summer, and that the National Convention would be held in Montreal in 1923. There were several addresses given last evening, and at its conclusion, these, the meeting partook of the nature of a social evening, during which an enjoyable programme was carried out, and light refreshments were served by the members of the ladies' auxiliary.

The meeting was opened with an address by John Stanton, county president, and addresses were also delivered by John C. Ferguson, on the fraternal benefits of the order; George J. McDermott, on the aims and objects of the order; F. J. McInerney, an Iliertian Knight; J. E. McAndrew, on sick and death benefits; Charles O'Neill, on scholarships and monies expended; W. J. McNulty on the motto of the order; Louis Keenan, Daniel Murphy, J. C. Hanlon and John Sheehan, on the benefits of membership in the order; and by Peter Shuckler and Dan Griffith.

The meeting was also addressed, on behalf of the ladies' auxiliary, by Mrs. William Gillen, Mrs. Nealls, Mrs. B. Flanagan, Mrs. H. Y. McCall, Mrs. George, Mrs. O'Brien, Mrs. McCarthy, Madeline Mahoney, Anna McCarthy and Rose McEadden.

GERMANY'S NEW ENVOY TO ARRIVE IN U. S. IN MAY

Recent dispatches from Berlin state that Dr. Otto Wiedfeldt, new German ambassador to the United States, will sail for this country at the end of April. Commenting on a recent "peace and amity" speech of Ambassador Houghton, Dr. Wiedfeldt said, "As a manufacturer I would not raise the questions of the past and concentrate my attention upon the problems of the present and the future."

EDUCATE PUBLIC ON LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Campaign of Public Speaking to Arouse Interest in Functions and Aims of League.

Toronto, April 18.—A campaign of public speaking, to arouse interest in the functions and aims of the League of Nations, is being begun by the Canadian Branch of the League of Nations society, Sir George Paater, is in the city today preparatory to making four addresses in the Province this week on the work of the League. His first address is to be given at Brantford this evening.

"The campaign," said Sir George, "will be carried on during the Spring and Summer months of this year. Its immediate objective is the establishment of branches of the society in all possible Canadian cities and towns. I believe that a solid mass of favorable public opinion throughout the world is the fundamental necessity if the work and influence of the League of Nations are to develop as they should."

BE ALWAYS READY TO WELCOME VETS

British Empire Service League Working in Interests of Former Soldiers.

Ottawa, April 18.—Predicting a great wave of migration and settlement in the British Empire in the very near future Field Marshal Earl Haig, president of the British Empire Service League, has written to R. B. Maxwell, Dominion President, W. V. A., outlining a plan whereby a good measure of reciprocity might be made effective in welcoming and assisting ex-service men from the old country settling in the Dominion.

The general policy in this matter, as enunciated further in the communication, is to the effect that: "Wherever an ex-service man, belonging to a society which is a member of the British Empire Service League, may find himself within the British Empire, whether moving within the mother country to a dominion or colony, or from one dominion or colony to another—that he should be met with a friendly and hearty welcome, and that he should be at once extended to him by the great brotherhood of the B.E.S.L. wherever he may happen to find himself."

The Great War Veterans' Association is the recognized Canadian unit of the B.E.S.L., and steps are being taken to comply with Earl Haig's proposal.

PAPER MAKERS' UNION TAKING STRIKE VOTE

Vote Follows Ten Per Cent. Wage Reduction by Paper Mills.

Albany, N. Y., April 18.—Orders for a strike vote on the proposed ten per cent wage reduction of paper mill owners have been sent to every union in the United States and Canada. Jeremiah T. Carey, of Albany, president of the International Paper Makers' Union, made known today. Mr. Carey said that a conference between representatives of the union and owners would be held in New York April 26, and that the result of the vote will be known at that time. He indicated that no announcement of the vote would be made until then, or possibly the day before.

CLEAR UP MYSTERY OF PRIEST'S DEATH

Catholic Missionary Lost Life by Drowning in Waters of Northern Lake.

Edmonton, Alta., April 18.—The mystery attached to the death of Rev. Father P. Frappan, of the Great Bear Lake Roman Catholic Mission, has at last been cleared up. Major G. T. Jennings, officer commanding the Royal Canadian Mounted Police here, has received a report from Staff Sergeant S. C. Clay, in charge of the Fort Norman detachment, which shows that the missionary lost his life by drowning in the waters of the Northern Lake.

Y. W. C. A. Directors Monthly Meeting

Regret on Resignation of President, General Secretary and Cafeteria Director—Reports Received.

The Y. W. C. A. directors' monthly meeting was held yesterday afternoon at the centre, with the president, Mrs. John McAvity, in the chair. The devotional opening was conducted by Mrs. Alfred Murray.

The report from the Cafeteria and House Committee showed twenty girls in residence and forty trainees during the month, 1,740 meals served to the public.

The Travellers' Aid report was submitted by Mrs. James F. Robertson, showing that 191 trains and 26 boats had been met. Ninety-six people had been brought to the hostel and 113 assisted at the station. Employment was found for four girls; one of them was a girl arriving here with the expectation of going to the States, but not having enough money remained in St. John and work was found for her. A number of special cases were spoken of.

For the Physical Committee, Mrs. Weyman reported that the month had proved very successful and at the close of the basketball season the Y. W. C. A. team had captured the league cup donated by John McAvity, and had defeated among other teams the U. N. E. and the Mount Allison. Great activity is being shown in the gymnasium over the evening exhibition to be given on May 16, 17, 18, when it is expected to surpass that of last year. At present a committee are hard at work on the costumes under the co-operation of Mrs. E. A. Loggie, and good progress is being made.

Mrs. J. D. Innes read a report on the Girls' Work, which was most encouraging. Miss Bettinson has given a great deal of time in teaching the girls military and a large number of very pretty hats were turned out for Easter.

The Boosters' Club report was highly satisfactory and much credit is due Miss McKenzie and Miss Jean Somerville for their untiring efforts and plans are now being made for the summer's work.

The directors were very sorry to receive the resignation of Mrs. John McAvity as president, Miss Ines MacKenzie as general secretary, and Miss Feltner, the Cafeteria director, and much regret was expressed at the loss of these three valuable officers.

The membership report was very encouraging, showing that there had been a great increase in membership, and among these active were Centenary, Germain Street, St. David's and St. Andrew's. At present there is a membership of about 600.

The annual meeting will be held on May 19.

NOT THE HOLD UP MEN

Sergeant Detective Powers and Edwin E. Wetmore, proprietor of the Sanitary Meat Market, Stanley street returned to the city from Moncton last evening. Mr. Wetmore failed to identify the three men detained by the Moncton police as suspects in the recent hold-up of which he was the victim, as his assistants. The police and detectives will now renew their efforts in following up every possible clue, to locate the three desperadoes.

ATTENDING DIOCESAN BOARD.

Delegation from the local branches of the Catholic Women's League left yesterday morning for Moncton to attend a meeting of the diocesan board which opened there. Among those who went from the city were Mrs. D. P. Chisholm, Mrs. Elizabeth Walsh, Mrs. Harry Sullivan, Miss Nettle Reed, Mrs. Jan. McMurray, Mrs. F. I. McCaffery, Miss Catherine O'Neill, Miss Margaret McCloskey, Mrs. John Boyce and Miss Sarah Lynch.

Cases Dealt With In Police Court

Charged With Shooting Pigeons—Two Liquor Cases—Large Deposit Forfeited.

In the police court yesterday morning, J. W. McAuley pleaded not guilty to a charge of discharging firearms within the city limits and shooting and wounding pigeons. The defendant contended that he did not know the birds, as in the West where he came from a man was permitted to shoot any birds that were on his premises.

Miss Catherine McLaughlin said that she lived near the accused on Douglas avenue, and that on April 13 she had found three wounded pigeons on the side her door. She also saw the defendant with his loaded .22 calibre rifle in his hand.

Policeman Dettis took it going to see the defendant about the matter, and the latter told him that he had shot a couple of birds in the hope that the rest of them would keep away from the house, where they were becoming a nuisance.

The maximum fine of forty shillings, or about \$4, was allowed to stand.

Two liquor cases also came before the court. The case against R. Toibaa, charged with having over-strength beer in his possession was again postponed. W. H. Ryan appeared for the prosecution, and E. S. Ritchie for the defendant.

Harry Quinn forfeited a deposit of \$600 when he failed to appear yesterday morning in answer to a charge of having liquor in his shop on Union street, and of obstructing policemen in the discharge of their duties. W. M. Ryan appeared for the prosecution.

Removes Hairy Growths Without Pain or Bother

(Modes of Today)

It is not necessary to use a painful process to remove hairy growths, for with a little delicate hand you can keep the skin entirely free from these beastly defectors. To remove hair, make a stiff paste with a little powdered talcum and water. Spread this on the hairy surface and in about 2 minutes rub off, wash the skin and the hair is gone. To guard against disappointment, be careful to get real talcum. Mix fresh as wanted.

"In confidence search for a more dignified and comfortable method of removing hairy growths. Research Co. of Canada is taking the initiative in this matter. It should be a national organization of the United States of America. Chemical the responsibility of the Research Co. of Canada is a more dignified and comfortable method of removing hairy growths. Research Co. of Canada is taking the initiative in this matter. It should be a national organization of the United States of America. Chemical the responsibility of the Research Co. of Canada is a more dignified and comfortable method of removing hairy growths. Research Co. of Canada is taking the initiative in this matter. It should be a national organization of the United States of America. Chemical the responsibility of the Research Co. of Canada is a more dignified and comfortable method of removing hairy growths. Research Co. of Canada is taking the initiative in this matter. 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YOUR EYES

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CANADA TO BE REPRESENTED AT THE CONFERENCE OF INTERNATIONAL SCIENTISTS

Dr. W. Bell Dawson, Superintendent of Tidal and Current Survey Department of the Naval Service, Sails Today on "Melita" to Attend Conference at Rome.

W. RANDALL, Publicity Dept., Steamship Traffic. When it was decided to hold an International Science Conference at Rome in May of this year, the National Committee of Canada appointed five delegates, three of whom are being sent to the conference by the respective departments in the Dominion Government service.

On the Pacific, as well as in Hudson Bay, The National Committee of Geodesy and Geophysics for Canada includes the men at the heads of these various branches in the Government service, as well as a professor in one of our western universities, making ten in all.

Interested In Cotton Growing In East Africa Study of Possibilities of the Industry in That Country Attract Attention.

London, April 18.—(By Canadian Press.)—Lancashire is greatly interested in the cotton growing industry in East Africa, which is regarded as of vital importance to Lancashire, hence Lord Stanley is the eldest son of East Africa for the purpose of looking into the cotton growing question there.

Double Poisoning Blamed On Spirits Fancher's Wife Promises to Guide Him to Success After She Is Dead.

New York, April 18.—(Drama spiritism!) Herman Fancher of Newark said yesterday. What caused the imprecation was this: His young wife had poisoned their baby and herself. The baby was dead. The mother lay in the City Hospital, protesting against efforts to save her. Before administering the poison she had written a twenty page letter to her husband. She thought he would go home from work and, finding her full purpose accomplished, derive solace from the letter, for it explained that after death she would be able to help her husband a great deal better than she had been able to do in life.

Some Difficulties Of The Nova Scotia Coal Industry With Every Ton of Coal Hoisted Four Tons of Water Are Pumped.

Halifax, N. S., April 18.—Some of the competitive difficulties of the Nova Scotia coal industry are indicated by the fact that the Cape Breton mines are mostly submarine, and for every ton of coal hoisted nearly four tons of water have to be pumped. In West Virginia, which ships coal through Hampton Roads, and which is an important competitor, it is said that most of the water from the mines runs away by gravitation. In most of the Nova Scotia mines the coal seams dip, probably one foot in ten, making the haulage all up-hill work.

A HUNDRED DOLLARS WORTH FOR THIRTY FIVE CENTS. When you are awakened from a sound sleep by cramps, when without a moment's warning pain springs upon you, it then you would readily pay a hundred dollars for the relief that you can get from a thirty-five cent bottle of trusty old Nerwilline.

Scotland Yard Clearing House For Lost Articles

Lost Article Feature of Policeman's Business Is Somewhat Extensive.

London, April 18.—Scotland Yard naturally is a clearing house for lost articles, and in this city of this size it may easily be surmised that the lost article feature of the metropolitan policeman's business is somewhat extensive. However, it is not the large number of things lost that is of special interest, but the apparent indifference of many of the owners as to whether they ever get them back or not.

Everything found in a public vehicle and not claimed within three months is returned to the driver who handed it in, in a final appeal by the police, just before the three months expire, the owner is not forthcoming. If the goods are claimed, the driver is allowed to keep the value thereof, except as to jewelry, upon which he gets 15 per cent. of the value of \$10, after which the percentage divides evenly between the police and the owner.

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GERMAN-MADE GOODS PEDDLED BY FORMER CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Flood of German Novelties to be Found in Stores of Import—Made in Germany Means Low Cost and Value.

(Montreal Star.) Canadian veterans of the Great War are canvassing downtown office buildings peddling German-made novelties. Toronto merchants with eyes focused on the two objectives of financial gain and a neat profit are refusing to buy German goods—until the phrase "Made in Germany" has been eradicated from their minds.

The label "Made in Germany," is steadily being recognized as a hallmark of low cost and value. These novelties are being peddled by former Canadian soldiers who have been elicited today from a group of Montreal wholesalers, importers and merchants during the course of a series of interviews on this subject.

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Woman Mayor, 80, Resigns And Goes Back To Kitchen

Mrs. Mary McFadden Steps Down, Leaving Reform of Town to Others.

Magnetic Springs, Ohio, April 18.—The oldest woman Mayor in the United States, Mrs. Mary McFadden, 80 years old, has retired to her kitchen, disgusted with politics and politicians. The Councilmen lost interest in Mrs. McFadden's program to plug leaks in prohibition and wage war on vamps, speeders and other municipal evils; they were a. w. o. l. at council meetings, and thereby used the "admission" to what was there to do but quit?

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Decaying Monument Marks Resting Place Of John Wesley

Memory of Founder of Methodism Deserves Something Better of His People.

London, April 18.—A forlorn and decaying object is the monument over the grave of John Wesley, the founder of Methodism. The little graveyard where Wesley was buried is behind the famous chapel in the City Road, and is visited by thousands of pilgrims. The turf in this place of burial is mossy and impoverished, and the asphalt paths are cracked.

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Russian Women Discover Tobacco Staves Off Hunger

Number Smoking Cigarettes Has Increased Materially Since Soviets Came Into Power.

Moscow, April 18.—Russian women have found that tobacco staves off hunger hence the number of women who smoke cigarettes has increased materially since the Soviets came into power. Women of all ages and classes smoke in their rooms, in the trains, in the restaurants and shops, and it is not uncommon to see them smoking on the streets.

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The St. John Standard

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HYDRO.

Now that the possibility of the City undertaking the sale and distribution of the Musquash current begins to take on more of the nature of a probability, our esteemed friend The Globe is beginning to advise that caution be observed by the City authorities with regard to entering into any binding agreement with the Power Commission. This is precisely what The Standard has been urging all along, but to all appearances our urgings have fallen on deaf ears.

Unfortunately there is a section of the community which has let the personal antipathy to the N. B. Power Company outweigh its judgment, and this sentiment has been fostered and pandored to by some of our contemporaries to such an extent that it is very difficult to get any dispassionate consideration given to the question. To such a pitch has this anti-Power Company sentiment reached that a demand for civic distribution of the Musquash current has become a craze with many people, who will not tolerate for a moment any attempt to consider the merits of the proposal. The wish is father to the thought; the demand is for cheaper light and power, and those people have not got the idea that any other source than the Power Company can or care supply it.

THE RUSSIAN COUNTER-CLAIMS. Premier Lloyd George's diplomatic talent has been taxed to the utmost by the sharp antagonism between the French and Russian delegations at Genoa, and the question of claims and counter-claims cannot, like the question of armaments, be barred from discussion on the ground that it is not included in the agenda.

A DISTINCTION WITHOUT A DIFFERENCE. Premier Foster in 1920 (Official Report): "This Commission will come into competition with people who have in good faith invested their money in the development of power proposals in this Province."

More plausible is the report that Mr. Lloyd George has urged Tchitcherine to recognize Russia's pre-war debts and war debts, and liability for foreign property nationalized by the Soviets, in return for a promise that the Allies would receive and consider the counter-claims made against them by Russia for damage done in the civil wars which they instigated and supported.

The proposed Finance Commission was unable to agree on this proposal. It was proposed to recognize this liability, but only on condition that the Allies recognized their liability for the damage which they had done in Russia, which he estimated at \$4,000,000,000, adding that Russia would also an initial payment of \$400,000,000 on the balance as a measure of rehabilitation.

and adjourned at once, but Lloyd George seems to have been spurred to fresh efforts to find a formula that would satisfy all concerned. The great difference between the two sets of claims is that one is for the most part definite because based on money lent, while the other is indefinite because based on damages alleged. Even if the full responsibility of the Allies were admitted, adjustment of the claims for losses caused by the operations of Kolchak, Denikin, Yudenitch, Wrangel and other leaders who had foreign support would be almost as tedious and difficult a matter as the adjustment of claims on Germany for reparations.

Lloyd George appears to be seeking quick results by yielding "in principle" to the Russian claims, while insisting on postponing definite promises till the Russians have accepted the much more definite claims of the Allies. If the issue should come before the Conference in such a form as to suggest that the Allies were owing Russia money it is quite certain that the patience of the French would break under the strain.

EXPLANATIONS NEEDED.

Mr. Herbert Phillips last evening made a most valiant attempt to prove that no increase in civic taxation would follow if the City undertook to go into competition with the N. B. Power Company and build a transmission line of its own to distribute the Musquash current.

In the Kirby-Phillips report the cost of distribution is given as \$322,500 per year, including the cost of the current at 1.2 per k.w.h. at the receiving station, Fairville. Included in this total are the following items: sinking fund, \$13,500; depreciation fund, \$25,000; taxes, \$25,000; cost of current, \$120,000.

Spreading over a four year period, he proposed to drop the first three items altogether, and accept the offer of the New Brunswick Power Commission to supply energy at 3 cents or \$80,000 per year, a saving of \$40,000 per year there. In this way he figured the total cost for the four years' period would be \$777,000, and he estimated the receipts for the same period at \$987,500, thus showing a surplus of \$210,500. He would then pay the Government \$160,000 and have a clear balance of \$50,000 left.

This sounds well, but Mr. Phillips has overlooked one or two little items. In the first place the City cannot issue bonds without a sinking fund, and this at \$13,500 per year will wipe out his \$50,000 surplus and leave him \$4,000 in debt. The depreciation fund and taxes must be met in some way, and when these are considered, instead of only being \$4,000 to the bad, he will be \$204,000 on the four year operation.

If this is not raised by direct taxation where is it to come from?

Mr. Foster in 1922 (last Thursday): "The Province of New Brunswick is not entering into competition with the N. B. Power Co. It is making arrangements to sell electric current to the City of St. John."

Does the Council of the City of St. John imagine for one moment that it could find a purchaser under such conditions? Would anyone knowing that the city had imposed such legislation, pay his good money for a franchise of so little value? The new owner would stand no better chance to make the service at once satisfactory and remunerative than the old—or than the city itself. What man who knows the value of money would pay a cent for a franchise which could be so treated?

Have those who propose this compulsory legislation any idea of the effect such a suggestion must have on the credit of the city making it? Imagine the feelings of a bondholder of the company. He hears of a proposal that the property on which he holds a mortgage may be taken over and operated by someone else, and that any resultant deficit shall constitute a claim prior to his mortgage. Surely, there would be no such thing as ownership or title if such a thing could be done, for such a contract

Michell's what to do. So proud apparently are the Commissioners of the work they are doing that they spent \$200 in having some moving pictures taken of the power site. One gentleman received \$86 for "services as chauffeur and draughtsman." This is rather an unusual combination, and suggests lots of other possibilities. One thing is clear at any rate. The Commission cannot be charged with being stingy or close-fisted.

We understand the Chancery Court is soon to take up the matter of the C. P. R. bridge. Does anyone, we wonder, ever stop to consider what sort of plight this City would be in should this crazy application succeed? It would take months to raise that bridge and much of it would have to be rebuilt, during which time, no trains could enter or leave the City and Fairville would have to be the C. P. R. terminus. The old bridge cannot be used for the reason that it is only held together by bolts that are rusted away, and it would be egregiously criminal to use it again for the transportation of human lives. This application is another piece of insensate folly that has nothing but malice at the root of it.

Mr. Herbert Phillips had only cold comfort to give the expectant citizens of St. John last night. He put down 6.35 cents as the average price at which the City could sell light to consumers over its own distribution plant, which means that the ordinary homeholder will still pay pretty much the same as at present, or at the most only a cent or two less. What the great majority of people do not understand is that 6.35 is only the average price at which the whole output can be sold; the small users must still pay 12 to 15 cents, and the very large users from 4 to 5 only. Those people who are under the impression that 6.35 means the peak price at which light will be sold, are due for a very rude awakening when they get their first light bill.

CITY OF ST. JOHN AND CONFISCATORY LEGISLATION

Whether born of the rough and ready ways of the war or representing simply a phase in the economic evolution of the people, the fact is that Canada—and probably the world—has had a deluge of strong arm legislation, proposed or actually adopted, such as it would have been difficult to find any representative man to even suggest a decade ago.

At the bottom of much of this legislation is the mistaken belief that democratic government can do no wrong. The government of a democracy is presumed to represent the majority, and the distorted view is held by many that a majority may do pretty much as it pleases without violating the principles of democracy and of liberty and justice. That is to say that it is the duty of a minority to submit to anything the majority may decide, and if they do not, they are guilty of a crime against the divine right of majorities—and we are back out far from where we were a couple of centuries ago.

These explanatory remarks are apropos of a piece of legislation suggested, according to newspaper report, by the city of St. John, N. B., in connection with certain hydro-electric developments. Without being intimately acquainted with the situation, it is evident that a certain question has arisen which involves the possibility of the city, if it enters into the distribution of electric current derived from a power development carried out by the New Brunswick Electric Power Commission. In the city, the New Brunswick Power Co., a privately owned company, already supplies the street car, gas and electric service, and a point at issue is whether this company or the city shall take the new power from the N. B. Electric Power Commission and distribute it in the city.

Many details regarding prices and terms are discussed in the article, which are unnecessary to the present consideration. The point which strikes us as worthy of censure is the apparent assumption that the commission may do as it pleases with the company. In its proposed contract with the N. B. Electric Power Co., the city proposes that if the company fails to give a satisfactory service in any department, the city shall have the right to take control of the company's property and provide the service itself, and here comes the joker—if the city cannot operate the service to provide sufficient revenue, then the deficit shall become a first lien on the property of the company. To satisfy such lien the city may sell the property and franchise of the company and give a good and sufficient conveyance to the purchaser.

Does the Council of the City of St. John imagine for one moment that it could find a purchaser under such conditions? Would anyone knowing that the city had imposed such legislation, pay his good money for a franchise of so little value? The new owner would stand no better chance to make the service at once satisfactory and remunerative than the old—or than the city itself. What man who knows the value of money would pay a cent for a franchise which could be so treated?

Have those who propose this compulsory legislation any idea of the effect such a suggestion must have on the credit of the city making it? Imagine the feelings of a bondholder of the company. He hears of a proposal that the property on which he holds a mortgage may be taken over and operated by someone else, and that any resultant deficit shall constitute a claim prior to his mortgage. Surely, there would be no such thing as ownership or title if such a thing could be done, for such a contract

Benny's Note Book BY LEE PAPE. FRED FERROT AMONG THE LIONS. Some, Fred Ferrot in the jungles with a guide. Fred Ferrot. G, these curtesy are dark jungles. Guide. The worst is yet to come. They get darker inside of lighter. Fred Ferrot. Heck, is that so? Guide. Yes, and the darker they get the more lions there is. Fred Ferrot. Well hay, I can get one bullit left. Guide. Well then if a lion comes after us, waterter you do dont fire till you see the wites of his eyes. Fred Ferrot. Good nite heer comes one now. Holy smokes look at the size of him. He looks more like a elephant in size. This suspense is awfil. Guide. Dont fire till you see the wites of his eyes. Fred Ferrot. Lissen to him roaring. Look at his teeth. Gosh sutch suspense. Guide. Never mind his teeth, wait for the wites of his eyes or we're both lost forever. Fred Ferrot. G wize this is ferse. Ive saw suspense before but never like this. Guide. Yee gods hes got red eyes. Run like heck! (Which they do.) The End.

WHAT OTHERS SAY. The Melghen Railway Policy Adopted. (London Free Press). So all the condemnation of the Melghen Government's railway policy during the election campaign by Hon. Mackenzie King, his satellites and his press was only so much bluff and bluster. On every platform the Government was abused up hill and down dale. In the Maritime Provinces one of the leading issues was the restoration of the intercolonial to its old status. In Quebec the principle of public ownership was vigorously defended and it was intimated that there would be a return of the roads to private hands. The Montreal big interests, antagonistic to public ownership, threw all their weight and influence behind the Liberal party. In Ontario and the West no policy was put forward, but the Government was generally denounced for its railway program and blamed for the deficits. The outlook was painted in the gloomiest of colors. Yet all this denunciation was apparently so much campaign oratory. Hon. W. C. Kennedy, minister of railways and canal, brought down his railway statement on Tuesday in the House, and it was the Melghen policy without a change. Mr. Kennedy announced that a single board of directors will be appointed to unify the whole railway system. Here are his words: "A single representative board of directors for unified control and co-ordinated operation of the Government-owned lines now directed and controlled by two separate boards and two different managements. This board will be thoroughly representative, and will include in its number the most competent railwaymen, men of wide practical experience and training, and possessed of expert knowledge in the various departments of railway activity." The board will be appointed under legislation already provided for by the Melghen Government. In addition to this the Melghen policy of establishing operating districts or divisions under separate managers with a certain amount of local autonomy will be carried out.

The improvement in the financial condition of the road is due to the policies of the Melghen Government. The ex-prime minister with justifiable pride remarked: "The statement is such that it will carry encouragement to the people of this country and strengthen the hands of those who have believed that if we followed right lines we should make these roads a success. Increased traffic is due to better service, and better service due to better equipment and better system, brought about by the Melghen policy of administration. I venture to submit to the House that in comparison with the record of Government operation in other countries, and the comparison with the record of private operation in the same period, it establishes the system of management which the late Government put in as the best yet devised for operation of Government or any other railways."

During 1921, a year of business depression, the deficit in operating expenses was reduced from \$38,842,970 in 1920 to \$16,092,901. The payment of interest on capital in 1920 brought the deficit up to \$67,506,959, and in 1921 to \$46,673,934. The National Rail-

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Fixtures for 7 Rooms, \$17.00. ELECTRICALLY AT YOUR SERVICE. THE WEBB ELECTRIC CO. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS 91 GERMAIN ST. Phone M. 212.

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DELEGATION. Genoa April 1922. The British and Belgian guests, headed by the Hon. Mr. George Titcherine, minister in order would cost 250 Mr. Titcherine, incidentally the whole hotel is now homes of any of. During the first was closely guarded and special precautions were taken to guard gates, and telegrams and Mr. Titcherine, this secrecy, that. We. A wedding at performed yesterday eleven o'clock in nuptial mass, when McLaughlin, daughter and Mrs. William city, was united. Hon. Joseph McLaughlin, and as Rev. J. W. Holroyd. Arthur rendered appropriate service. The bride was Miss Joseph McLaughlin, daughter of the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Montreal, and on the in Paddock street at the wedding. Hon. P. J. Mahon, norland county Phillips of Bonaventure party, Ontario, played the organ during the ceremony. The bride was Miss Joseph McLaughlin, and as Mendelssohn's Wedding March. A quiet wedding Rev. F. S. Dowling, 88 Duke street, Walker H. Leeman, Matilda Stevens were united in the presence of Mr. Shirley L. Brown, a sister of the Leeman will reside in street. Pinfield. Fredericton, A day evening, April wedding took place in the presence of Mr. Central Kingsley's eldest son, who was united in marriage. Mrs. Alex. Jewell, N. S. Rev. F. A. performed the ceremony of the intimate friends and the bride was Miss Joseph McLaughlin, and as Mendelssohn's Wedding March. The many friends of Mrs. Geo. Howland, who were present, were Mr. Wm. Conroy, last Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Conroy, and Miss Dunlop, who were present. The many friends of Mrs. Geo. Howland, who were present, were Mr. Wm. Conroy, last Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Conroy, and Miss Dunlop, who were present. The many friends of Mrs. Geo. Howland, who were present, were Mr. Wm. Conroy, last Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Conroy, and Miss Dunlop, who were present.

DELEGATES FROM RUSSIA LIVE IN LUXURY AT GENOA

Representatives Delighted to Exchange Miseries of Russia for Sunshine and Plenty of Italy.

Genoa April 18.—Although the exact price the Bolshevik delegation will pay is not known for only the French, British and Belgian delegations are Italy's guests, having shown hospitality to Italian delegates at other conferences the food and apartment of George Tchitcherin, the Soviet foreign minister, in ordinary circumstances would cost 250 lire daily, which is over 5,000,000 Bolshevik rubles.

Incidentally the apartment and the whole hotel is more luxurious than the homes of any of the other delegations. During the first two days of the hotel was closely guarded by 800 carabinieri and special police that journalists were unable to pass beyond the garden gate, and it was only after telegrams and letters were sent to Mr. Tchitcherin, protesting against this secrecy, that it was possible to reach the hotel entrance.

Weddings

McMahon-McLaughlin.
A wedding attended by many was performed yesterday morning at eleven o'clock in the cathedral, with special mass, when Miss Marie Agnes McMahon, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William McMahon of this city, was united in marriage to William Joseph McMahon, B.C.L., by Rev. J. W. Holland, vicar of the church. Arthur Goddard, the organist, rendered appropriate music during the service. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Agnes McMahon, Lawrence Mulken of North Bay, Ontario, assisted the groom. After the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. McMahon left on the Montreal train for upper Canada, and on their return will reside in Paddock street. Among the guests at the wedding were John McMahon, Hon. F. J. Mahoney of Miramichi, Westmorland county, and Miss Mary Phillips of Boston, Mass. As the bride party entered the church the organist played the Bridal Chorus from LeNoe. Other selections were played during the mass; at the offertory "The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden," and as the bride party left Mendelssohn's Wedding March.

Stevenson-Leaman.
A quiet wedding was performed by Rev. F. S. Dowling at his residence, 88 Duke street, last evening, when Walter H. Leaman and Miss Florence Matilda Stevenson, both of St. John, were united in marriage. The couple were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Shirley L. Brown, Mrs. Brown being a sister of the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Leaman will reside at No. 8 Courtney street.

Pinfield-Jewers.
Frederickton, April 18.—On Wednesday evening, April 12, a pretty home wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John McKay, Central Kingsclear, when Mrs. McKay's eldest son, William E. Pinfield, was united in marriage to Mrs. Jewers, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Jewers, of Harrigan Cove, N. S. Rev. P. A. Wightman, of Devon, performed the ceremony in the presence of the immediate family and intimate friends of the groom. The bride and groom were unattended, and the single ring service was used. The bride was attired in navy blue and sand georgette and her going-away suit was of navy blue tulle, with picture lace. The coming bride to the bride was a check. The young couple were the recipients of many useful and beautiful gifts. The happy couple will reside at Central Kingsclear for the present.

FUNERALS.
The funeral of Mrs. Harriette Forde Green was held yesterday afternoon from the residence of her son-in-law, 104 Lennox street, to Fernhill. Rev. F. S. Dowling conducted service.

HAMPTON
Hampton, April 17.—Miss Millie McPherson is seriously ill at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. McPherson.
Miss Lewis, George Truman and Miss Lewis are spending the Easter holidays at the Wayside Inn. The monthly meeting of the Baptist W. M. F. M. was held Wednesday at the home of Mrs. John DeLozier.
Mrs. Guy Humphrey spent last Sunday in St. Stephen, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Scoville.
Misses Constance March and Lillian Fowler who have been spending the winter in St. John returned to their homes this week.
Mr. Wm. Conway of Moncton spent last Tuesday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Conway.
Miss Dunlap of St. John spent the week end with Miss Nina Thompson.
Miss Laura and Mrs. Howard spent the holiday season with their mother, Mrs. Geo. Howard.
The many friends of Mr. J. Harry Fowler will regret to hear of his death which occurred on Saturday evening. Mr. Fowler has been in good health this winter and a few days ago he was taken seriously ill with pneumonia. Besides his wife, formerly Miss Annie Flowering, he leaves two daughters, Mrs. E. G. Evans of Moncton and Mrs. Douglas Hooper of Grand Falls, the two sons, Ernest of Fredericton and Walker of Cleveland, Ohio.
Miss Mary Downey of St. John is a guest this week at the home of W. S. Wilkinson.
Mrs. M. M. Barnes has sold her beautiful residence on Everett Street to the Roman Catholic Bishop of St. John. Mrs. Barnes will for the present occupy the house formerly occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Howard Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. Ryan moved to St. John, N. B., and Mrs. Panton Keirstead has removed to Halifax. Their former home of Langstroth is again for sale.
The many friends of Mr. Frank Keirstead will be glad to know that he is again able to resume his duties as principal of the Hampton Consolidated school after his recent illness.
Mrs. E. G. Evans of Moncton and Mrs. Harry Ryan are spending the last few days with Mrs. H. J. Fowler.
Miss Helena Newman of Rothesay spent the Easter holidays at Wayside Inn.

Halifax Explosion Wrecked Her Nerves
The reader will, no doubt, remember when a few years ago there was a collision in the Halifax, N. S. Harbor and one of the munition ships was blown up, causing great loss of life and leaving a large portion of the city in ruins and causing a great deal of suffering and distress among the inhabitants.
Mrs. Winifred Dell, now of Windsor, N. S., was living in Halifax at that time and went through this trying experience and the shock wrecked her nerves. She writes as follows:—"I was living in Halifax at the time of the explosion, and it wrecked my nerves so that I could not do my housework. I would take such nervous spells I would be under the doctor's care."
I saw Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills advertised, so I took two boxes, and they helped me so much that I am now, and now I am completely relieved. I can recommend them to anyone suffering from heart and nerve trouble."
To all those who suffer from nervous shock we would recommend our MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS as the best remedy to tone up the entire nervous system and strengthen the weakened organs. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are the original heart and nerve food having been on the market for the past 27 years. Price, 50c. a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

ALL POLICE IN NEW YORK WILL DO EXTRA DUTY

Members of Force from Inspectors Down Sent on Patrol—To Hold Crooks.

New York, April 18.—Police inspectors, captains and lieutenants were ordered last night to go out on the streets and police beats for several hours in the twenty-four like members of the rank and file of the police department.

This was one of a long series of drastic orders from police headquarters last night issued to keep a maximum number of policemen on patrol duty, especially during the hours of the night when crimes have been most numerous.

In order to get still more policemen on the streets to check crimes of violence the drivers of taxicabs, the clothes men of the Truck Squad, the Bomb Squad, the Italian Squad and the Safe and Lock Squad have been ordered to go out on extra duty patrol duty several hours a day.

Patrol increased.
The automobile patrol squad has been greatly increased, it was announced, by fast automobiles sent by citizens. Many of them went out last night manned by crews of traffic policemen, who had volunteered for service.

Another order last night summoned back to the city all policemen on vacation. A number of half-trained "rookies" from the training school were ordered into immediate patrol service in many precincts.

Fifteen hundred detectives and plainclothes men were instructed to hunt down all ex-convicts and all suspected criminals, to question them all and to hold those who could not give a satisfactory account of themselves.

Reports to precincts and police headquarters by telephone and police boxes will be made hourly by all the police forces, the regulars and those added by the several recent orders.

Thirty-five additional patrolmen were placed on the east side and lower Manhattan last night under Police Captain Patrick J. Randles.

Parade Drills Stopped.
Police were ordered to stop drilling for the police parade. The employment of thousands of policemen in drills at various armories for the annual public spectacle has been ordered to stop as a waste of police time much needed for the protection of life and property. The police parade was postponed from May 6 to May 13, and will include a parade which might be cancelled altogether this year if the crime wave continues.

Thus far the police commissioner has made no reply to the charges of "feathering his own nest" with gifts of automobiles and the acquisition of money and other property which has been made since he took office. In his last public statement he contended there was no crime wave, and that acts of violence had been less frequent this year than during the same period in 1917, the last year when Ehrlich's immediate predecessor, Col. Arthur Wood, held office.

Maintaining the crime wave agitation was not based on genuine occurrences, but on fictitious statements originated by gambling and vice interests which had been ruined by the police work. Commissioner Ehrlich issued an order yesterday withdrawing 113 policemen from patrol duty and posting them on raiding premises. No formal explanation accompanied the order, but it was said at police headquarters that many of the policemen merely replaced others who previously had been on watch at alleged gambling houses and disorderly resorts.

WAR MENACING EQUILIBRIUM OF CHINESE

Trains Late, Roads Blocked by Troop Movements—Chang Marching on Suchow.

Peking, April 18.—The spectacle of President Hsi Shi-Chang's troops before the Nan Hai Sen Palace of China that day was averted, along with the belief that the country has been spared thus far, starts even those who are least alarmed regarding the possibility of war in China.
Foreigners who planned to leave Peking for business trips now fear to depart because, if war starts, they will be unable to return to the city. Such fears, while not entirely supported, are borne out to some extent.
All trains on the Peking-Hankow and Peking-Mukden lines are three hours late, due to troop movements. General Chang Tso-Lin's troops believe it is believed to be Suchow, in Shanghai. Motorists returning from Tientsin say it is nearly impossible to get through because troops are using the roads. In Hupeh the situation is worse. Dr. Sun's army, if it reaches Hupeh, may force General Wu Pei Fu into fighting.
A dinner given to Minister Schurman at Mukden the Chinese envoy in a speech urged a united China to restore the country's prestige with the world. General Chang pointed out the mistaken belief that China is bankrupt. He said that instead "there is plenty of money here in Mukden and elsewhere." He also said he did not want war, but was ready to sacrifice his desire with his splendidly ready troops if forced to.

The Chinese Chai Chi, acting Premier, is attempting to hold the Liang cabinet together pending the outcome of the present difficulties. Chou is a complete failure, and is being replaced with some approval, but is known as a lieutenant of Liang and probably General Chang as well, who is still looked upon as the dictator of China.

Sees Washington Stepping In After Genoa Conference

President Harding Expresses Hope of Great Success of Present Parleys.

Washington, April 18.—The good wishes of the American administration in the Genoa meeting of the European powers was expressed by President Harding during the White House conference with the press today. Further than this Mr. Harding would not speak of the Genoa conference.

It was made clear, however, that the administration has great interest in the conference in Genoa and it was indicated that it would be wrong to think the United States was holding aloof through any apprehension of what action might be taken by the delegates there.

Reference to the statement by Mr. Lloyd George that if things are settled in this conference America will gladly come in, it was intimated at the White House that confirmation would be sought from Mr. Lloyd George.

On the other hand, official confirmation could not be expected at this time of reports that the United States was engaged in active assistance in helping Europe in her rehabilitation work if the Genoa conference is successful. In well informed circles here Mr. Lloyd George's statement was regarded as a fair forecast of what may be expected and the interest which the United States was taking in the Genoa conference would seem to confirm this impression.

American officials continue to regard this as preparing the way for further action in which—without any real questions in which the United States cannot participate swept out of the way—this Government may take a helpful part. When the disarmament conference was held in Washington, President Harding indicated that the administration was looking ahead to future international conferences of mutual interest. Herbert Hoover, Secretary of Commerce, has said repeatedly that the United States was eager to do its part in the rehabilitation of Europe just as soon as the European governments gave an indication of being willing to see their political and economic problems on a basis which would make it possible for the United States to cooperate.

Charles Evans Hughes, Secretary of State, has indicated that the American Government's view is expected to influence, but not to determine the decisions of the conference with regard to Russia. The working out of a policy compatible with the views held by Mr. Hughes and by Mr. Lloyd George is regarded as one of the most important things to come before the conference. Mr. Lloyd George is prepared to accept from Moscow provisions that regard reforms in their practices and institutions, while Mr. Hughes demands performance as a prerequisite to admitting Russia into the family of nations. The French view basically is a demand for guarantees of the indemnification of the French Government and people for investments in lost territory, and the French have shown little disposition to make compromises with the Soviet Government.

The Russian Government is concerned chiefly with eastern Siberia and will insist upon guarantees of the safety of her nationals in Siberia, and the right of her citizens to travel and the right of navigating the Amur River.

In a high official quarter it was stated that the chief apprehension of the conference may not go to the fundamentals and may seek to institute artificial stimuli where radical reforms are required. It is pointed out that whatever may be the results of the Genoa conference it will have brought the nations nearer to complete agreement of their problems of their inter-dependence, and will be followed, it is not doubted, by a succession of conferences.

MILITARY NOTES.

The following appointments, promotions and transfers have been recorded recently in district orders issued by Colonel A. P. Ogilvie, D. S. O., commanding military district, No. 7:
12th Brigade—Amunition Column, to captain, Lieutenant S. F. Widdowson, who vacates the appointment of adjutant.
The Northumberland (N. B.) Regiment—The provisional captain, Provisional Lieutenant W. H. Hoyt.
No. 1 General Hospital—To be Lieutenant-Colonel and to command the hospital, Major S. Skinner, from the Regimental Medical Services.
The undermentioned provisionally appointed officer, having qualified himself for the appointment, is confirmed in his rank, Lt. (Supp.) E. H. J. Barber.
The undermentioned officer is struck off the strength of the Reserve of Officers, G. E. F., on transfer to his retired list, active militia, Lieut. Arthur Joseph Cyr.
1st (Brighton) Field Company—To be provisional captain, Provisional Lieutenant W. H. Hoyt.
No. 1 General Hospital—To be Lieutenant-Colonel and to command the hospital, Major S. Skinner, from the Regimental Medical Services.
The undermentioned provisionally appointed officer, having qualified himself for the appointment, is confirmed in his rank, Captain I. F. Price, 8th Hussars.
The New Brunswick Dragoons—To be provisional lieutenant (superannuated), George Clarence Blight.
3rd (N. B.) Heavy Brigade, 6th Siege Battery—To be captain, Lieut. M. H. Roberts, N. B. Hussars.
The York Regiment—To be provisional lieutenant (superannuated) Lt. Colonel Ervrad Coeman.
3rd (N. B.) Heavy Brigade, 6th Siege Battery—Provisional Lieutenant A. B. Brown is permitted to retire.
The Carleton Light Infantry—To be provisional lieutenant, William Donald Rankin.
3rd (N. B.) Heavy Brigade, 6th Siege Battery—To be provisional lieutenant, Robert John Turner.
1st (Brighton) Field Company—Lieutenant W. R. Y. McLeod is transferred to the Reserve of Officers.
The Carleton Light Infantry—To be

PUBLICITY IS OBJECTIVE OF ALL AT GENOA

Delegates and Others All Eager to Get Their Views Before the World.

Genoa, April 18.—Open politics is struggling to hold the ground gained at Washington. The fight thus far has been fairly successful, due not so much to any low European politicians here for playing in the open, but because of an anxiety in the existing situation to have their own viewpoint reach the public.

Newspaper correspondents, who protested at Washington against the methods of Secretary Hughes, find it not popular in Genoa for the chiefs of the delegates, much less the president of the conference, to give thirty to sixty minutes every day to a discussion of the day's developments. The system of continuous news is not compatible with the armament conference.

Thus far the British delegation has been a most refreshing exception. It stands as the chief reliance of British and American correspondents; the news thus obtained coming from men who are participating in the conference is accurate and uncolored.

The French are making a heroic effort in the field of publicity, but are not always successful as the system they have adopted is not calculated to impress those seeking motives and not routine facts. The French, nettled by the remarkable success of Lord Riddell, British spokesman at Washington, British spokesmen at Washington, Cannes and elsewhere, have an elaborate organization, but it does not work smoothly toward the end sought.

The Germans and Russians do more children in the new game of dealing with the press. They are cordial, always, but just do not know how. They do not appear to have kept pace with the times.

Genoa has literally been a heaven-sent opportunity for the Soviet leaders to get their doctrine before the world public and yet they did not even have copies of Tchitcherin's opening day address available, although it was read from a typed copy.

The Germans played their cards even worse. They are in the most strategic position since the war and make little use of it through their adherence to obsolete methods of dealing with diplomats instead of the public.

The Italian Government is doing everything possible for the physical comfort of the correspondents, but a majority of them are more eager for their desks in their deep leather chairs where the bearded writers of central Europe score when succumbing to this wonderful southern sun.

Premier Poincaré is a very popular chairman among all the delegates, but is nothing like the dominating figure Secretary Hughes was in Washington. The conference is in deep jeopardy for the dissemination of official interpretations of the conference work. His role is chiefly of an agreeable host.

To Lloyd George, Barbon and Tchitcherin the laurels of outstanding personalities. There is nothing like those detailed reports of secret conferences which fill the papers and the pages of the Boston Transcript during the Washington conference, consequently all manner of rumor, gossip and speculation regarding the actual proceedings have resulted.

The real news of this assembly does not lie in the details of the organization of various sub-commissions and the election of several of the smaller states to membership. The vital work is being done in private conference among the chief delegates who are conventionally situated for secret negotiations. They are scattered along 30 miles of the Riviera. Taxi bills necessarily to keep correspondents in contact would equal the national debt if the conference continues as long as expected.

The commission's work is incomparable in importance regarding the issues transpiring in secret over Lloyd George's "non-aggressive pact" which the British leader hopes will guarantee the tranquility of Europe until the nations recover economically.

Life and Death.
A minister who guarded his morning study hour carefully told the newsmen that in no circumstances were callers to be admitted—except, of course, he added in case of life and death.
Half an hour later the maid knocked at the door.
"A gentleman to see you, sir."
"Why, I thought I told you—"
"Yes, I told him," she replied, "but he says it's a question of life and death."
So he went downstairs—and found an insurance agent—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

provisional lieutenant (superannuated), Gordon Miller McPhail, guaranteed to be provisional major, Captain H. G. Palmer.

The Aromatic Fragrance of a 'high-grown' Ceylon Tea is Superb and never-to-be-mistaken

"SALADA"

is just the choicest of such teas and its flavour is unique. Largest Sale in America. A post card will bring samples. SALADA, MONTREAL.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, N. B., April 18.—The annual elections in the town of Devon today brought only a fair vote. Mayor Gilbert Henry, who was mayor for three years since the town's incorporation, without opposition, was re-elected.

There were aldermanic contests in three out of four wards. The result of the polling was as follows:
For Mayor—Gilbert Henry, 117; Whitman Brewer, 71.
For Alderman—Ward No. 1, Clarence D. Brown, 131; Amos McLaggan, 128; G. Fred. Pond, 96.
Ward No. 2—Robert D. Forbes and George W. Ward, by acclamation.
Ward No. 3—R. A. Malloy, 144; John C. Macneil, 119; E. Jack Miles, 77.
Ward No. 4—H. H. Pickard, 131; W. B. Dayton, 118; Charles E. Dunphy, 74. Each ward is represented by two aldermen, so the aldermen of the new council are Messrs. Brown, McLaggan, Forbes, Ward, Pickard, Dayton, Malloy and Macneil.

TOTAL GERMAN CLAIMS AGAINST RUSSIA

Including Bank Deposits, Railway Shares and Industrial Claims Figure 74,000,000 Pounds.

London, April 18.—The total German claims against Russia including bank deposits, railway shares and industrial claims generally, were about £72,000,000 it is reported in financial circles of London, according to the London Times financial notes.

Against this Russia, in accordance with the Versailles treaty, had claims for the assets of German companies with Russian confiscation and nationalization of property except for some £17,000,000 the Times says, Germany was not concerned in industrial enterprises in Russia.



ASPIRIN

WARNING! Say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin. Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all. Why take chances?

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache Rheumatism
Toothache Neuralgia Neuritis
Earache Lumbago Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada of Bayer Manufacturing Co. of Mondak, Germany. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer, manufacturers to avoid the public's attention, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Feeling Drowsy, Eh!
—Got that tired feeling which makes you want to sleep all the time? You're run down and must take
Dr. Wilson's Herbine Bitters

The natural remedy for all common ills which so many people have at this time of the year. The Tonic is made from the curative principles of DANDELION, Mandrake, Burdock and other medicinal herbs, which make it quite harmless.
50c. a bottle. Family size four times larger \$1.00.
TRY A BOTTLE.
The Brayley Drug Co., Ltd., St. John, N. B.

"I'm glad to see you've brought my bag of
REGAL FLOUR
It makes baking day a pleasure"
"It's Wonderful for Bread"

Bottle
Retains the water bag.
Cotton flannel
11-17 King St.
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Box 702.
al value.
n, N. B.
\$17.00
Co.
ST. JERMAIN ST.
Works, Ltd.
West 598.
G. Manager.
OUR EYES
of percent of
eyes have their
eye-strains. If
from headaches
do not
would seem to
thing to find
eyes are the
of examination
very clearly
headache is
of defective
we tell you ex-
amination in-
you to deter-
cause of your
PIPE & SON,
Optometrists,
St. John, N. B.
AL
Anthracite,
Prizes,
Reserve,
Blacksmith,
Cannel,
and grate coal.
F. Starr, Ltd.
159 Union St.
TO BEGIN WITH
we will have so
and our method of
attention makes it
when one orders.
to welcome you at
S. KERR,
Principal

THE STANDARD'S SPORTING SECTION

BLACK'S BOWLING TEAM LEADING IN BRUNSWICK BALKE TOURNAMENT

Finish of First Day's Series Gives Leaders Four Wins and No Losses in Maine and Maritime Championships—Two Teams Tied for Second, and Three for Third.

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Black's	4	0	1000
Y. M. C. I.	2	1	667
Calais	2	1	667
Fredericton	1	2	333
Amherst	1	2	333
Moncton	1	2	333
Houlton	0	3	000

Black's bowling team with four wins and no losses was leading the field when the first day of the Maritime Provinces and Eastern Maine Bowling Championships was brought to a close last night. The Y. M. C. I. champions of 1921, and the Calais, Me., team were tied for second place with two wins and one loss.

Jenkins of the Y. M. C. I. team made the highest single strike total yet recorded with 133 to his credit, while Jenkins of Black's team and Anderson of the Calais team each rolled for 132.

The highest three strike total of the day, 309, was also made by Jenkins of the Y. M. C. I. Lawlor of Fredericton rolled 308, and Harrington of the Y. M. C. I. rolled 297.

Smith of Amherst made the highest average of the day, 106.3. Norwood of Calais was second with 105.1, and Jenkins of the Y. M. C. I. was third with 105.

The Y. M. C. I. had the highest total pin fall of the day, 1421.

The games will be continued today, the first two beginning at 9 o'clock. Rotation playing the Y. M. C. I. and Amherst playing Black's. The last game in the tournament will be rolled at 6.30 p.m., following which the challenging bowling teams will be the guests of the Y. M. C. I. at a banquet to be served in the evening.

A summary of yesterday's games, and the individual scoring of the different teams follows:

MORNING GAMES

Y. M. C. I. vs Black's

Player	W	R	O	A	Total
McCarthy	70	70	80	251	77
Chop	80	80	80	240	80
Field	70	90	92	254	88
Harrington	81	88	106	274	91.4
Garvin	91	84	96	271	91

Calais vs Y. M. C. I.

Player	W	R	O	A	Total
Casey	90	97	100	287	94.3
Gillette	89	101	98	288	94.3
Bauners	102	97	90	289	91.3
McDonald	81	101	96	278	87.3
Garvin	84	94	98	266	86.3

AMHERST vs MONCTON

Player	W	R	O	A	Total
Robson	105	86	94	285	91.3
Brigham	78	102	74	254	84.3
Anderson	89	123	102	314	102.3
Grohn	95	97	77	269	85.3
McIntyre	85	97	116	298	95

AMHERST vs CALAIS

Player	W	R	O	A	Total
Casey	97	81	92	270	90
Gillette	75	90	85	250	84.3
Brigham	82	89	88	259	85.3
Rutherford	87	89	86	262	87.3
Norwood	100	106	106	312	102.3

AMHERST vs MONCTON

Player	W	R	O	A	Total
Casey	85	84	85	254	85.3
Gillette	70	100	102	272	90.3
Brigham	75	84	91	250	84.3
Rutherford	80	100	100	280	90.3
Norwood	94	104	111	309	106

Oxford-Cambridge Were Victorious

By Score of Four to Three Over Scalp and Blades of Buffalo—Points Tie Broken

New York, April 18—By its victory yesterday of 4 to 3 over the Scalp and Blades team of Buffalo, the Oxford-Cambridge University twelve of Buffalo managed to break the tie in total points that had accumulated in the eight games it previously played in competition for the International Lacrosse Trophy.

To win the trophy the sum total of the Oxford-Cambridge scores must be greater than the combined scores of the American teams it plays. The score is now 41 to 40. The invaders hope to add further points by defeating Cornell at Ithaca tomorrow.

Managers Hold Out For Larger Purse

Johnny Kilbane and Eugene Ciriqi, French Champion, May Not Fight in France.

Paris, April 18—It was considered probable in boxing circles today that the proposed 20-round bout between Johnny Kilbane, world's champion featherweight boxer, and Eugene Ciriqi, French featherweight champion would not take place in France.

The offer for a purse of 500,000 francs has failed to arouse much enthusiasm in either camp. Kilbane's manager is holding out for \$50,000, which is equivalent to nearly 700,000 francs, while Ciriqi's desire to meet the champion is not equal to his paying his own training expenses and running the risk of receiving no money.

Bowling Results In Local Leagues

Only one game was rolled in the Brunswick Balke today. Black's alloys, team No. 4 taking three points from team No. 1.

The scores follow:

Team No. 1

C. Galbraith	85	97	97	279	92.3
J. Galbraith	83	99	79	261	87
160 182 176 538					

Team No. 2

Tower	75	91	91	257	85.3
Jordan	83	97	91	271	91.3
168 188 182 538					

Universal Tongue Becomes Necessity Of The World

Language, the Vehicle of Communication, Remains Under the Curse of Babel.

London, April 17—Language, the master-key to thought and the vehicle of communication remains under the curse of Babel, while Arabic numerals, measurements of latitude and longitude, mathematical signs, chemical formulae and even the metric system have progressed to such an extent that they are now a world language, declares the Times scientific expert, urging the necessity of an universal tongue.

"Separate or, in some modifications of them, seem to hold the balance of advantages in the choice for an international language," he adds, "although Latin and English have received sufficient support to be ranked as serious candidates. Scientific men, he says, form the group most anxious to see a world agreement on a common language, and are not inclined to care what one is chosen.

"Were it possible to acquire a second language in addition to the native tongue, the progress of science would be broken down."

Of the language contending for world recognition, he says that a different and irregular grammar is one of the chief objections to Latin, while English has a "chocoy" spelling, with a difficult and various pronunciation.

Also, he says, the choice of one from among the many living languages would create intense and destructive jealousy.

Reviewing efforts that have been made in the movement, the writer calls attention to the work of the International Research Council, in Brussels during the summer of 1918, of the British, American, French, and Italian Associations, and of the League of Nations. Those various bodies, he contends, are "free from the suspicions of advocating serious study of what might be regarded as a smaller vogue, but being in appearance and sound more attractive.

"The vital requirement," he concludes, "is that the language chosen should be kept auxiliary, the vehicle of formal statements; if it should become a language of common speech, of emotion, or of literature, it will as a consequence fall to the wayside as an additional linguistic burden."

THE PENALTY!



Babe Ruth watching one of the opening games of the season from the grandstand.

Baseball Results In Big Leagues

NATIONAL LEAGUE
 Pittsburgh 81 Cincinnati 4
 Cincinnati, April 18—Pittsburgh outplayed Cincinnati and won today's game by a score of 8 to 4, making a clean sweep of the series. Score: Pittsburgh, 8; Cincinnati, 4.
 Carlisle, Hamilton and Gooch; Markle, Cooney and Wingo.

AMERICAN LEAGUE
 Philadelphia at Brooklyn, wet grounds.
 New York at Boston, wet grounds.
 Chicago, April 18—Timely hitting by Chicago coupled with a steady pitching by Cole enabled the locals to make it two straight from Detroit today by a score of 7 to 0.
 Detroit 7; Chicago 0.
 Philadelphia 17; Washington 2.
 Philadelphia, April 18—Philadelphia knocked Johnson out of the box for the first time this season and hammered a trio of his successors for a total of 18 hits aggregating 24 bases and defeated Washington today 17 to 2.
 Philadelphia 17; Washington 2.
 Cleveland, April 18—The Indians found three St. Louis pitchers wild and ineffective today and defeated the Browns 17 to 3.
 St. Louis 3; Cleveland 17.
 Cleveland, April 18—The Indians won today 10 to 3.
 New York 10; Boston 3.
 Boston, April 18—Boston's new pitcher, Kolp, Bayne, Henry and Severid; Collins, Uhle, and Nunnemaker.

Report For The Month of March

Y. M. C. A. Director Submits Most Creditable Report for the Physical Department.

The Y. M. C. A. Physical Department Report for the month of March submitted by Wm. Bowie, Physical Director is as follows and is most creditable:

Class Attendance	Boys' Classes
Junior "A"	1031
Junior "B"	470
Special Class	244
High School	308
Business Boys	434
Jr. Leaders' Corps	98
Circuit Practises	143
Beginners' Swim	32
"Tulis Boys"	43
"Trail Blazers"	97
Boys' Club	70
1716	
Senior Department:	1918
Intermediates	112
Senior Class	96
Business Men	186
St. Leaders' Corps	53
440	
Special:	
Circuit Practises	50
Beginners' Swim	33
Girls' Class	234
Boxing Class	39
Wrestling Class	88
Tumbling Squad	30
Volley-Ball, Bus. Men and Special Games	320
680	
Grand Total	1836
3870	

Schr. Henry Ford Will Be Eligible

Lateness in Reaching Fishing Grounds on Account of Accident Will Not Bar Her from Race.

Gloucester, Mass., April 18—If the schooner Henry Ford is late in reaching the fishing banks because of the time required for repairs after her recent stranding she will not be considered ineligible as a challenger for the International Fishermen's Race trophy.

The Halifax trustees of the cup today informed the United States race committee that in event she was chosen to challenge her late arrival in reaching the grounds would not be held against her. Under the rules fishermen seeking to compete in the races must be on the banks by April 30.

Marathon Classic To Be Run Today

Seventy-Eight Men Line Up for the Word Over Boston Course.

Boston, April 18—Seventy-eight men of many nationalities and occupations were ready, tonight, for the twenty-ninth running of the American marathon over the 26 mile Ashland-Boston course. The field will be the strongest that ever ran in the classic, it seemed probable tonight that the runners would have a cold westerly wind at their backs at the good conditions by tonight's shower. The course, which covers an undulating countryside, was put into good condition by tomorrow's shiner.

Six former winners are entered including Frank Zuma, plumber from Newark, N. J., who last year broke the record when he ran the 26 miles in 2 hours, 15 minutes, 57.3 seconds. Other former winners who will attempt to repeat are Trivittino, the New York Greek winner in 1920 and third place man last year; Carl W. A. Linder, of the Boston Athletic Association, 1919; Edward Fabre, of Montreal, 1915; William J. Kennedy, Morningglade A. C., New York, 1917, and C. C. De Mar, Dorchester, 1911. Nine of the first ten finishers in 1921 will be in the lineup tomorrow.

Geo. Stallings Makes Denial

Baltimore, Md., April 18—George Stallings, owner of the Rochester International League baseball club, denied here today that Outfielder Archie Mason of his club, would go to Detroit Americans in exchange for two players and cash consideration.

Class: Harold Barley, Junior Leaders' Corps (Senior Section); Don Robertson, Junior Leaders' Corps (Junior Section); Clayton Urquhart, Jr., Business Boys.

YOUNG BOB WINS DECISION ON FOUL

New York, April 18—Young Bob Fitzsimmons was tonight awarded a decision over Jack Reeves, of San Francisco, after the latter had been disqualified in the tenth round of their contest, for fouling. Reeves had been out-pointed Fitzsimmons in a majority of the other rounds. Fitzsimmons weighed 150 pounds and Reeves 170.

The Leaders' Corps continue to do great work in their several classes. A High Bar Squad (composed of several members of the Senior Corps) are training for the exhibition. The following leaders are definitely tied up to groups:

Jim Hoyt, Senior Business Boys

MACDONALD'S Cigarettes

The Tobacco with a heart

15¢

Why Pay More?

AMERICA'S

Best

45¢ per box

100 CIGARETTES

AMERICA'S

Best

45¢ per box

100 CIGARETTES

THE STANDARD'S FINANCIAL SECTION

Reactionaries Dominated The New York Market

Leaders of Almost Every Group Sustained Declines of 1 to 7 1/2 Points.

New York, April 18.—For the first time in several weeks the stock market today was dominated by reactionary influences. Leaders of almost every group, except rails, sustained extreme declines of one to 7 1/2 points. Dealings again were active and unusually diversified, approximating 1,734,000 shares. The total shares fell far below the record for almost two years made on the previous day.

Lacking more convincing or obvious reasons observers ascribed the day's almost continuous reversal to technical conditions as represented by an over-extended position of the very large bull account. In other quarters there was a disposition to associate the setback with the growth of the coal strike, bonus legislation and latest European developments, notably the Russo-German treaty. Foundation for the latter belief rested on the unsettled tone of the foreign exchange market at this center.

Oil Led Retreat

Oils led today's retreat just as they had featured the recent advances. Steels, equipments, motors and affiliated issues fell back more or less as named, but losses being more severe in Mexican Petroleum, Sinclair, Baldwin, Electric Storage Battery and United States Rubber. Pacific, granulars and issues of the roads traversing the cotton belt were 1 to 2 points higher at their best, but lost much of all of their advance in the more persistent liquidation of the final hour, when heading and other leaders weakened.

The money market offered all comfort to the bullish interests, all loans being throughout at 3 1/2 per cent. This is the lowest stationary quotation since the stock market began its protracted advance. Sterling fell almost one cent in the course of the day on very heavy dealings. The Paris rate lost 5 points in connection with the French protest against the entire continental rail based 1 to 4 points.

N. Y. Quotations

Table of N. Y. Quotations listing various stocks and their prices, including Attila Chem., Am Loco, Am Int Corp, etc.

Montreal Market Recorded Gain of One To Ten Points

St. Lawrence Flour Stepped Up Ten Points at 95—Sixteen New Highs Hung Up.

Montreal, April 18.—The local stock market re-opened today, after the holiday with a practically forty-thousand-share day during which 16 new highs were hung up and with gains ranging from one to ten points distributed widely over the list.

Brilliant again took over market leadership and, like most other stocks, opened a point up at 46 1/2, touched a new high at 46 3/4 and closed with a half point gain at 46 1/2. Second in market activity was Spanish preferred which opened 2 1/2 points up at 21 1/2, and closed almost at the high at 21 for a net gain of 3 1/2 points.

Ten Point Gain

The biggest gain of the day was in St. Lawrence Flour, preferred, which stepped up ten points at 95 at little more than a board lot trading. Other strong stocks not included above took in Ashboles common up 1 1/2 at 63 1/2; preferred up 1 at 80; Canadian Converters up three at 83; Steamships preferred up 1 1/2 at 48 1/2; Lake of the Woods up 1 at 26 1/2; Ontario Steel up 2 1/2 at 46.

Montreal Sales

Table of Montreal Sales listing various commodities and their prices, including Attila Chem., Am Loco, Am Int Corp, etc.

Montreal Produce

Table of Montreal Produce listing various agricultural products and their prices, including Oats, Canadian Westerns, etc.

EVANS POINTS TO THE POSSIBLE EFFECT OF STRIKE ON BUSINESS

By C. B. Evans.

Chicago, April 18.—The leader by the Secretary of the Treasury of \$20,000,000 Treasury certificates maturing in six months and bearing interest of 3 1/2 per cent is naturally looked upon by bankers in its bearing on the open market, and there is a feeling that at times the United States drives a bargain rather too hard.

Bond Market Kept Pace With The Day's Stock List

It Was Reactionary Selling for Profits Going Far to Eface Recent Gains.

New York, April 18.—The bond market kept more or less regular pace with the reactionary stock list today, heavy selling for profits going far to eface the gains of the previous days.

Unlisted Sales

Toronto, April 18.—Unlisted sales today were:—284 Pressed Metal 39 1/2; 485 Brompton 28 1/2; 130 B. A. Oil 29 1/2; 2,000 V. N. T. 31 1/2; 7,900 Teck Hughes 51; 700 Hollinger 97; 87 Imperial Oil 106; 25 Wayagamack 64 1/2; 10 Lyall 36 3/4; 15 Can. Cotton 104; 2 Ashton 81; Ashton 67 1/2; 100 Castle 21; 1,000 Dome Lake 13 1/4; 10 Converters at 83 1/4; 1,000 Schumacher 54; 1,000 Beaver 36; 10 Price Bros. 45 3/4; 20 Montreal Power 69 1/2; 80 Whelan 10 1/4.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 18.—Cotton futures closed quiet and steady. Closing: April 10.16; May 10.15; June 10.14; July 10.14; August 10.09; September 10.01; October 9.99; November 9.94; December 9.90; January 9.78; February 9.66; March 9.60.

Gas Buggies—It's Enough To Discourage Any Man.

After you get bawled out for being late at the office, and your ability as a book-keeper has been questioned in no uncertain terms, and an impudent traffic cop calls you down and keeps you waiting ten minutes, and you think how glad you'll be to get home where you'll be treated like a human being, and then you get this: 'WELL!!—A FINE TIME TO BE GETTING HOME—DO YOU EXPECT ME TO SLAVE AROUND HERE ALL DAY AND THEN KEEP YOUR DINNER WARM TILL ALL HOURS OF THE NIGHT—DO YOU? NOT WHILE I KNOW IT—Etc.'

Wheat Market Quiet And Steady With Prices Easier

May Opened Strong But Fell Away, Closing One Down—Coarse Grains Quiet.

Winnipeg, April 18.—The wheat market opened quiet but steady today with prices in both futures easier. After reaching a high of 1.41, May fell gradually away and finished one down from the previous close.

Prices On Chicago Wheat Market Show Weakness

Chicago, April 18.—Notwithstanding display of a stubborn proclivity to go higher, wheat prices weakened at the last today, affected for the most part by the New York market declines and by misting of European diplomatic tangles.

Toronto Board of Trade Quotations

Toronto, April 18.—Manitoba wheat, No. 1 Northern 156; Manitoba oats, No. 2 c.w. 61; No. 3 c.w. 56; extra No. 1 feed 67; No. 1 feed and No. 3 feed not quoted; Manitoba barley, No. 2 c.w. nominal.

London Oils

London, April 18.—Close: Calcutta linsed 220, 2s 6d per quarter. Linsed oil, 88s, per cwt; sperm oil 231 per ton.

Cotton Market

New York, April 18.—Cotton futures closed steady. Cotton lints: January 17.06 to 17.01; May 17.04 to 17.00; July 17.06 to 17.00; October 17.06 to 17.01.

Tax Exempt BONDS

We have a selected list ready to send to you on request.

J. M. Robinson & Sons, Ltd.

ST. JOHN. Montreal Fredericton.

Wheat Market Quiet And Steady With Prices Easier

May Opened Strong But Fell Away, Closing One Down—Coarse Grains Quiet.

Winnipeg, April 18.—The wheat market opened quiet but steady today with prices in both futures easier. After reaching a high of 1.41, May fell gradually away and finished one down from the previous close.

Prices On Chicago Wheat Market Show Weakness

Chicago, April 18.—Notwithstanding display of a stubborn proclivity to go higher, wheat prices weakened at the last today, affected for the most part by the New York market declines and by misting of European diplomatic tangles.

Toronto Board of Trade Quotations

Toronto, April 18.—Manitoba wheat, No. 1 Northern 156; Manitoba oats, No. 2 c.w. 61; No. 3 c.w. 56; extra No. 1 feed 67; No. 1 feed and No. 3 feed not quoted; Manitoba barley, No. 2 c.w. nominal.

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C. N. R. EARNINGS

Toronto, April 18.—Canadian National Railway earnings for the second week of April totalled \$1,712,117 compared with \$2,189,778.35 for the same week of 1921, a decrease of \$487,661.15. For the period from January 1 to April 14 the total earnings were \$20,768,896 a decrease of \$6,430,545, compared with last year.

G. T. EARNINGS

Montreal, April 18.—Grand Trunk Railway system traffic earnings for the seven days ending April 14 last, were \$1,536,548 as compared with \$1,670,960, for the corresponding period of last year. The decrease is \$134,412.

For Investment We Recommend Bonds

Ask for our list giving particulars of Bonds selling to yield 5.35 p.c. to 8 p.c. Correspondence invited.

Eastern Securities Company Limited

St. John, N. B. Halifax, N. S.

NEW BRUNSWICK MUNICIPAL BONDS

Table of New Brunswick Municipal Bonds listing various municipalities and their bond details, including Province of New Brunswick, City of Moncton, etc.

THOMAS, ARMSTRONG & BELL, LTD.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES. 101 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET. S. Allen Thomas, Donald W. Armstrong, T. Moffat Bell.

AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE

Only the Strongest British Companies. ARMSTRONG & BRUCE, 103 Prince William Street. Phone Main 477.

BURGLARS BUSY AT CARLETON PLACE

Carleton Place, Ont., April 18.—Burglars were busy in this town during the night. Entrance was effected into the office of Brown and Sons, four miles. The safe was unlocked, and the burglars carried off \$27,000 in registered victory bonds, and some small change.

COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING

Commercial advertising until further notice. S.S. Connors, inspection, Brunswick freight, or Thorne's St. Lewis Co. Thorne's house.

COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING. COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING. COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING.

CUNARD ANCHOR-DONALDSON ANCHOR LINES

Table with shipping schedules for Canadian Services, N.Y. and Boston Services, and Anchor-Donaldson Lines.

MARINE NEWS

Table with moon phases and shipping schedules for the Port of St. John, N.S.

Old Clipper Ship Glory of The Seas

Saved from Junk Heap—Interesting Facts About Other Famous Fast Sailing Ships.

European Paper Competition No Longer Feared

Sweden Can Meet the Market But Has Small Supply.

Classified Advertisements

One cent and a half per word each insertion. No discount. Minimum charge 25c.

WANTED

WANTED—To buy or rent for May 1st, a two family house in central part of city.

ENGRAVERS

F. C. WESLEY & CO., Artists and Engravers, 15 Water Street, Telephone M. 221.

DANCING

PRIVATE DANCING LESSONS, 50, afternoon and evening, E. S. Searle, Phone M. 432.

Circulars Warn Public Against Conan Doyle

Thousands of Honest Seekers After Truth.

New York, April 18.—A "warning" against Sir Arthur Conan Doyle and his spiritualism propaganda...

"Is there no one in this country who can check his influence?"

"Just think of such a man assuming to be a public instructor! He is actually more incompetent than Luther I. Marsh, Hyelo, Carrington or Funk."

"He is unwittingly leading thousands of honest seekers for truth and is trying to drag them down to the level of the superstitious Chinese with Animism, in which it is believed that by drumming on tin cans, banging cymbals, blowing horns and making

other frightful noises evil spirits can be driven away."

"Sir Conan himself is not demagoguing anything. He could not possibly do it if he tried. Moreover, he is unable to produce a medium who can, when he tells you he is going to 'prove' something he means that he is going to sell his opinion or guess at the best price obtainable."

"Have we no regard for the rising generation? Are we to allow a hopelessly deceived fanatic to beguile our youth in their no one in this country who can check his influence?"

"The new person service, THERAPION No. 1, THERAPION No. 2, THERAPION No. 3."

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Fertilizers. Buy Standard Fertilizers. Special Fertilizer for lawns. Get our prices. St. John Fertilizer Co., Chesley Street, St. John, N.S. Phone M. 4317.

FOR SALE—Awnings and Tents. Brewster Manufacturer, 242 St. James, Montreal.

FOR SALE—Property at Gordon Point suitable for summer camp or all the year round home. F. H. Teed, 150 Prince William Street.

FOR SALE—Building lot, freshhold, Summer Street, J. F. H. Teed, 88 Summer Street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Awnings and Tents. Brewster Manufacturer, 242 St. James, Montreal.

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BRITISH TRADE RAPID STRIDES TO THE FRONT

Steady Rise in Securities Indicative of Better General Business Conditions.

London, April 18.—Gladstone's great Conservative opponent, Darnley, used to say that the commercial trade was the best single index of the state of British industry.

Private as well as public credit is improved by the steady rise in gilt-edged securities. British Government war loans have been making new records and some cases are higher than during the short boom which followed the armistice.

Cheap money, which culminated in the recent welcome reduction in bank rates with very low rates for discount and treasury bills, is favorable both to business and stock markets but the system of cash transactions restricts speculative business. Consequently, the London Stock Exchange committee, in the interest of those brokers and jobbers who depend for their livelihood on speculative clients, is proposing new rules to restore the control over the market.

Strong opposition is anticipated. Objection to abuses of the pre-war system might be met by a provision that speculators running outside accounts should deposit a margin.

Most Recent Flotations Successful.

The Czechoslovak loan and all recent flotations except the French rail loan are at a premium. The French loan is accounted for partly by the start of another large borrowing operation in Paris and partly by opposition raised by Barthes at Genoa to any limitation on armistice.

The Russia gold bonds, which had fallen to one-tenth or less of their face price, have risen lately through the favorable impression created by Tchitcherine's speeches and his Geneva proposals for disarmament.

These hopeful views for trade revival must be modified by reference to continuance of the engineering lock-out and also to the deadlock in negotiations between Lancashire cotton employers and trade unions. Employers offer 50 per cent reduction in the standard rate, and operatives would accept 40. The employers' offer would still be 10 per cent above pre-war wages, which is much better than the 20 per cent rate after allowing for the increase in cost of living.

To Repeal Safeguarding Act.

"Guard" observes the Manchester Guardian, "we are not going to have a collapse in the great cotton industry for so small a difference. Wednesday's preliminary debate on the safeguarding industries act should show how unpopular that measure has become. It is that, even in the present House of Commons. If the Government allowed its supporters a free vote there would be a majority for repeal."

The bill has caused much annoyance to many traders and has produced virtually no revenue. The dyestuffs act with the declining committee is equally unpopular with all classes of textile manufacturers. Trade with Ireland is much improved by the present committee. Linn manufacturers both in Ireland and Scotland are led to extreme caution by the otherwise welcome decline in flux. Though all Chinese securities under the guard-handle of conservatism have risen, Hong Kong and Shanghai banks report that political and financial conditions in China are growing steadily worse. The Foreign Government, it says, "is suffering from an empty treasury and exhausted credit."

With Enlist France.

Alton and Virginia were discussing Gladys.

"You know Gladys Wade, don't you?" Alton asked.

"I've heard of her, but I've never met her," Virginia replied. "What sort of a girl is she?"

"Oh, you'd like Gladys," Alton assured her. "She's one of those girls that would do anything in the world for you if you were her friend. Honestly, she is the best married thing."

"She's married?" Virginia inquired.

"Yes, she is," Alton replied.

"What's her husband do?"

"He's a doctor," Alton replied.

"A doctor?" Virginia asked.

"Yes, a doctor," Alton replied.

British Engineers Unable To Agree

London, April 18.—The announcement that the negotiating committee of the 47 unions in the engineering industry has failed to agree with the employers in regard to the dispute over the managerial rights and the control of the workshop comes as an unpleasant surprise to most people.

It was understood that the negotiations were proceeding satisfactorily. The stumbling-block according to the employers' representatives was the demand "to obtain the sole right to decide what were the material changes" so that while ostensibly conceding the right of the men to discuss such changes with the management, the employers could stultify this by denying in any particular instances which they desired, that there was any material change.

What will happen next? The lock-out notices have been suspended and the employers have not yet decided whether they shall now take effect. Meanwhile the 47 unions, while still a separate negotiating body are again ranged alongside the Amalgamated Engineers Union in resisting the employers, although mutual jealousies and recriminations may prevent a definite rapprochement. It is possible that the Parliamentary Labor Committee will again endeavor to find some way of bringing the offending parties together, by evolving a formula which will safeguard "the right of the employer to manage," already conceded as a fundamental by the unions concerned, which is now as the employers assert, again denied by the men's claim to participate in deciding what are "material changes."

It should not prove impossible to define the phrase satisfactorily to both parties, and it is evident from the cordial manner in which they parted that they are eager for any suggestion which will enable them to bridge their difficulties.

Swedish Paper Competition No Longer Feared

New York, April 18.—Outthroat overseas competition in the American newspaper market is at an end, your correspondent was told today by the local representative of one of the largest Swedish pulp and paper organizations. Swedish newspaper, he told me, had never sold in this market at abnormally low prices. Unlike Germany, Sweden has never been in position to cut far below the American prices. The cost of manufacturing newspaper and pulp in Sweden has been fairly stable and the Swedish currency has fallen much below the value of the pre-war period. Prices based upon a depreciated currency have therefore been impossible of attainment by the Swedish paper manufacturers.

"While the Swedish newspaper manufacturers have never been able to cut under American and Canadian prices to the same extent as the Germans, we still can sell in the United States somewhat below the American prices," your correspondent was told. "And I believe we shall continue to do so. Our costs of manufacture are lower than they are in the United States and the freight rates between Swedish ports and points on the Eastern and Western American coasts are so low that the factor of freight charges is not sufficient to offset our lower costs."

Swedish manufacturers are today in a position to undersell American newspaper manufacturers even on the Pacific coast, this man told your correspondent.

It was cheaper, he said, to ship newspaper from Stockholm to San Francisco, than it was to ship it from Vancouver to San Francisco. This fact was permitting Swedish manufacturers to compete on the Pacific coast with Canadian manufacturers such as the Whelan Pulp and Paper Company.

Supply is Small.

"But while we can undersell American and Canadian manufacturers of both pulp and paper slightly, our influence on the American market is somewhat limited, by reason of the relatively small amount of pulp and paper we are in a position to export. Swedish production is so small, as compared with Canadian production, for instance, that we cannot hope to compete so far as volume is concerned, with even Canada in the American market."

My informant did not look for the continuance of unfair competition on the part of the German newspaper manufacturers in the American market. Such competition of this type had occurred in the recent past, was the result more of special conditions, than it was of any especially favorable position of the German paper industry. As a result of the various reparations agreements, the German Government was in need of credits in foreign countries, particularly in the United States. These credits had to be built up by drastic means. The German newspaper manufacturers had their part in building up these foreign credits, by selling abroad newspaper which they needed at home.

In this they had been helped by foreign exchange situation. By taking advantage of Government subsidies, a depreciated currency and by depressing German newspapers of newspaper they needed in the worst way, the German manufacturers developed an apparently large market for their product in the United States.

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Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc.

Until the resumption of service on the International Line between Boston and St. John, freight shipments for the Province from the United States, especially Boston and New York, should be routed care Eastern S. S. Lines, Boston, and same will move forward every week by the S. S. Y. S. Co. and S. S. "Keith Chan" to St. John. This weekly service means prompt dispatch of freight. Rates and full information on application.

A. C. CURRIE, Agent, ST. JOHN, N. S.

Commencing March 6th and until further notice while the S.S. Connors Bros. is in for inspection, the Aux. Sch. Brunswick Maid will receive freight on Mondays in Thorne's Slip.

Lewis Connors, Manager, Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., Agents.

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Business Cards

MARRIAGE LICENSES. MARRIAGE LICENSES issued at Wason's, Main Street and Sydney Street.

ROYAL HOTEL. King Street. St. John's Leading Hotel. RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., LTD.

VICTORIA HOTEL. 27 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N.S. St. John Hotel Co., Ltd. Proprietors. A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

For Reliable and Professional OPTICAL SERVICE. Call at G. GOLDFEATHER. Optician and Optician. 5 Dock St. Phone Main 2412.

W. SIMMS LEE, George H. Holder, F. C. A. C. A. LEE & HOLDER, Chartered Accountants. QUEEN BUILDING, HALIFAX, N.S. Rooms 19, 20, 21. P. O. Box 122. Telephone 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.

FOR SALE AT BARGAIN PRICES: 18 ALL-WOOL MEN'S MACKINAW COATS TO CLEAR BEFORE STOCK TAKING AT \$25 EACH. WORTH \$125.00. YOUR GAIN, OUR LOSS. H. HORTON & SON, LTD., 9 and 11 MARKET SQUARE.

VIOLINS, MANDOLINS, And All String Instruments and Bow. STYNNY GIBBS, 81 Sydney Street.

ELEVATORS. We manufacture electric freight, Passenger, Hand-Power, Dumb Waiters, etc. E. & STEPHENSON & CO. ST. JOHN, N. S.

PATENTS. FEATHERSTUNNAUGH & CO. The old established firm. Patents everywhere. Head Office, Royal Bank Building, Toronto. Ottawa office, 4-1/2 King Street. Offices throughout Canada. Booklet free.

BINDERS AND PRINTERS. Modern Plastic Work by Skilled Operators. ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. THE McMillan Press. 27 Prince William Street. Phone M. 2744.

FRANCIS S. WALKER. Sanitary and Heating Engineer. No. 14 Church Street. Designs and Estimates prepared to Customer's Requirements.

EMERY'S. Cabinet Makers, Upholsterers, 125 Prince Street, St. John, N.S. Reproductions of Eighteenth Century Furniture.

THE NEW PERSON SERVICE. THERAPION No. 1, THERAPION No. 2, THERAPION No. 3. 80, 1st Reader Street, No. 1 for Hood & Box. 80, 2 for Hood & Box. 80, 3 for Hood & Box. SOLD BY LEADING OPTICIANS. PRICE IN FULL. THE TRADE MARKERS WORD "THERAPION" IS OF THE BEST. COPY CAREFULLY TO AVOID IMITATIONS.

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THE WEATHER

Toronto, April 18.—The disturbance which was over the Georgian Bay last night has moved quickly to the Gulf of St. Lawrence and another shallow low area is moving eastward near Lake Superior. The weather has been mostly fair today in Ontario and Quebec, while light showers have occurred in the Maritime Provinces. In the West it has been mostly fair and cold with local snow burrles.

AROUND THE CITY

CHANCERY COURT. The April session of the Chancery Court, which was to have opened yesterday, was adjourned for one week owing to the Appeals Court sitting in Fredericton.

FIRST TRIP OF SEASON. The Millidgeville ferry steamer Margie Miller made her first appearance of the season yesterday on the Millidgeville-Baywater route.

FIRST AID CLASS. In the Y. W. C. A. centre last evening the St. John Ambulance Association formed a new first aid class for ladies. The class is being instructed by Miss Dorothy Purdy and will meet every Tuesday evening.

NEARLY \$1,800. The receipt of the money collected by the Local Council of Women for the Free Milk Fund, on Saturday, took place at the Bank of Nova Scotia yesterday morning, and was found to amount to the satisfactory sum of \$1,784.63.

SPECIAL RATES ANNOUNCED. The New Brunswick Department of Agriculture has been notified that from date to April 30, the C. N. R. will give special freight rates on oats, hay, corn and mill screenings to points on the main line between Moncton and St. John.

ON THE RIVER. Two of the river steamers made a start yesterday, the Champlain going to Jemseg and the Hampton to Bellefleur. Both had quite heavy freights. The Oceanic arrived at Indiantown yesterday morning from Wickham with a fairly good freight and several passengers.

HELD RUMMAGE SALE. A rummage sale was held in the Y. M. C. A. Hall of the Portland Methodist church yesterday afternoon, the proceeds to be used for church purposes. Mrs. H. J. King was in charge of the arrangements and was assisted by other members of the church.

CAR NOT TO BLAME. In regard to the accident on Mill street Monday, when a window of the Asia Hotel was broken, the fault was not with the Overland car but with the driver who, while backing the automobile, allowed it to go over the sidewalk and collide with the building.

A POSTPONEMENT. The drama, "The White Sister," advertised for presentation in St. Vincent's Auditorium, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week in aid of Rev. Fr. Coughlan's building fund, has been postponed until May 3, 4 and 5. Word was received yesterday that the costumes for the production were not available until the May dates.

THE CUP WINNERS. The Basinium tournament which has been so successfully held at St. James' church, Y. P. A., finished Monday evening with a closely contested match between M. Scott and Miss E. Pierce vs. E. Murray and Miss Francis Murray. The former won the handsome cups donated by Major Pugh and Albert Ellis.

BANKRUPTCY COURT. In the Bankruptcy Court yesterday before Francis Kerr, registrar, a petition was presented by D. K. Hazen, in behalf of J. D. Craghan of Newcasale, acting for the Dominion Rubber Systems, asking for the appointment of the Canada Permanent Trust Co. as official trustee of the firm of Lawlor & Barry of Newcasale. The order was granted.

ASSUMPTION FAIR. The Church of the Assumption's High Tea and Sale was continued last evening and attended by a large crowd who liberally patronized the different booths. The door prize, a six months' pass to the Empress Theatre, which was donated by A. T. Smith, was won by Miss Bernice Gillespie. The other prize winners were: bean board, H. Costley; bowling game, R. McLaughlin; ring toss, James Keleher; bagatelle, D. Pitta. Tonight's door prize will be a load of coal, donated by R. P. & F. W. Starr. The fair will be continued throughout the week.

Just landing, 1 car of No. 2 C. W. Banner Abundance and Alberta recombined oats. Also 1 car of Cream of West. Flour Milling, Shorts, Bran and Food Flour. J. P. McEay, Agent for Borden's Flouring.

Hydro Distribution Was Ably Discussed

Messrs. McLellan and Phillips Address Gathering in Pythian Hall on This Subject.

Before an audience which little more than half filled the Pythian Castle Hall, Messrs. Phillips and McLellan last evening discussed the hydro distribution question and the latter made some criticism of the acts of the present Mayor and City Commissioners. Roy Willett, president of the United Organizations was in the chair in opening the meeting he said it was the first of a series which were to be held this week, the West Side and North End to be visited on later evenings, the object being to give the voters an opportunity to hear the facts of the question discussed. He then called on the first speaker, Herbert Phillips.

Mr. Phillips said the United Organizations and friends of civic distribution of the hydro energy were highly gratified at the result of the primary election, at which the people set the seal of their approval on their efforts to get the utmost benefit for the people from the Musquash development. In view of the fact that there was said to be some late converts to the policy of civic distribution, it had been thought necessary on the part of the United Organizations to amplify their platform and to add to it the words "at the least possible cost," making it read now "civic distribution at the least possible cost to the consumer."

This meant that there could be no consideration of the New Brunswick Power Co. or purchase of any part of its plant unless that purchase enabled the supplying of electricity to the users at a lesser cost than would otherwise be possible. There had been a considerable amount of talk about increasing the rate if the city undertook to distribute the current through a plant of its own, and this needed to be nailed at once. Such a canvass was merely an attempt to confuse the issue and to frighten the citizens away from civic distribution. It was one of the principal planks in the platform of the United Organizations that power must reach the consumer without there being any increase in the general tax rate because of the city undertaking its distribution, and he proposed to show that this was possible, and quoted figures spread over a four-year term to back up his statement. He would not make any provision for sinking fund, depreciation or taxes for this period, and would thus save \$63,500. To this he added the \$40,000 which would be saved by the offer of the New Brunswick Power Commission to furnish 10,000,000 k.w.h. for \$30,000 per year instead of \$129,000 for a three-year term, a total saving of \$103,500 yearly, bringing the annual cost down to \$219,000. He admitted there would be a loss the first year, but claimed that this would be more than made up in the following years. The total cost for the four years, he said, would be \$777,000, and the total revenue \$487,499, a profit on the four years' operation of \$210,499. Against this there was the \$150,300 owed to the Provincial Government, and this, according to his figuring, a clear profit of \$50,000 for the four year term.

The chairman then introduced Mr. McLellan who said he proposed to deal with the canvass that a sane, sound, successful and sensible business man was needed at city hall as mayor and head of the finance department, the impression of the owners of this slogan was trying to create being that he was not such a man, and to point out that some of the things done at city hall in the past two years hardly looked like the action of a man of this stamp. The first thing he would call attention to was the great delay in getting ready to distribute the Musquash power. The mayor and common council had been notified in the fall of 1920 that this power would be ready in the fall of 1921 and they were not nearer ready for it now than they were in 1920. It had been claimed this delay had been attended with considerable profit, but if there was any profit from it the Power Co. not the citizens were the ones who had benefited.

It was reported the mayor had changed his attitude on civic distribution since the passing of the Power Bill by the legislature but he knew enough about the stick to it to doubt the mayor to doubt this until he had it from his own lips. The bill as it emerged from the legislature was hardly one that any sane, safe, etc. man would care to champion. He expressed the belief that the eagerness to spend money shows by the council in the past two years could hardly be characterized as safe, sound, etc. business or show that a business man was at the helm.

Provincial Chapter Of New Brunswick

Twenty-Second Annual Meeting Will Be Held in Fredericton Tomorrow.

The I. O. O. E. Provincial Chapter of New Brunswick will hold the twenty-second annual meeting in Fraser Memorial Hall, Fredericton, tomorrow, sessions being held both morning and afternoon. The reports, musical and literary programmes were carried out to the enjoyment of the members and some invited guests.

The annual meetings of Nos. 1 and 2 Salvage Corps and Fire Police were held last night and following the election of officers and the receiving of reports, musical and literary programmes were carried out to the enjoyment of the members and some invited guests.

United Baptist Missionary Union

Important Resolution Was Passed at the Recent Convention Re Prohibition.

At the convention of United Baptist Women's Missionary Union, held in German street Institute rooms last Friday, the following resolution re prohibition was passed by the executive board: Whereas, the United Baptist denomination of the Maritime Provinces has always stood for the prohibition of the liquor traffic; and whereas, as Baptist women we are unalterably opposed to deriving revenue from the sale of liquor; and whereas, we view with alarm recent pronouncements on the temperance question; therefore:

Anniversary of Golden Wedding

Yesterday was the occasion of an interesting event in the lives of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Henneberry, 26 Castle street. Miss Alice Duffy, their only daughter, celebrated her Golden Wedding anniversary. The anniversary date fell in Holy Week, this year, and for that reason, the observance of the event was postponed until yesterday.

The feature of the observance was the celebration of a solemn High Mass of Thanksgiving in the Cathedral yesterday morning at 8 o'clock, when Mr. and Mrs. Henneberry worshipped in the church wherein they were married 50 years ago, April 13, Rev. Joseph F. X. Michael, long deceased, was the officiating priest. Miss Alice Duffy, (now Mrs. Richard Walsh), was bridesmaid, and Thomas Henneberry, brother of the groom was best man. On account of the anniversary coming in Holy Week, celebration had been postponed.

A family re-union was held last evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Henneberry, and an interesting programme was carried out. The occasion was commenced with a dinner at 6.30 o'clock, after which the evening was passed very pleasantly in a social way. During the course of the evening, Mr. and Mrs. Henneberry were presented with a purse of gold by the members of the family, of which there were about forty-five present, including children and grand-children of the couple. Many of their friends called to extend congratulations and wishes for a long life.

Salvage Corps And Fire Police

Annual Meetings of Nos. 1 and 2 Companies Held Last Night—Reports Received, Officers Elected.

The annual meetings of Nos. 1 and 2 Salvage Corps and Fire Police were held last night and following the election of officers and the receiving of reports, musical and literary programmes were carried out to the enjoyment of the members and some invited guests.

Common Council Regular Meeting

Waterloo St. Paving Turned Down—City and C. P. R. Agreement Re Upkeep of Trestles Approved.

The agreement between the city and the C. P. R. for the upkeep of the trestles leading to the West Side wharves was approved by the Common Council yesterday; the paving of Waterloo street was turned down for the present, there not being a unanimous vote for the bond issue which will be required; the matter bringing the Town Planning Act into force by proclamation of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council was referred to the Mayor with power to act, and several items of routine business were disposed of.

Radio Telephone The Chief Topic

The radio telephone question for St. John and other parts of the Province is becoming the chief topic of the day and when first taken up by the Commercial Club, the secretary sent out letters to some whom he thought would be interested, with the result that he is being deluged with letters from all over the Province showing that a great deal of interest is being taken in the matter. Farmers are writing stating that they would be pleased to receive the weather reports in the evening, and would also like to hear health lectures as well as the late news. Hospitaliers feel that arrangements could be carried out if it could be supplied with musical programmes during the day. So great is the interest that a meeting has been called for Friday evening next in the Commercial Club rooms for the purpose of forming a Radio Club. W. H. Golding, manager of the Imperial Theatre, has indicated his willingness to assist with programmes by the Imperial orchestra should the telephone system be installed.

Common Council Regular Meeting

The report of the committee of the whole, as published yesterday, was adopted with the exception of the section relating to the paving of Waterloo street, which, as it required a bond issue, needed a unanimous vote, and it was opposed by Commissioner Jones, who at Monday's meeting expressed the opinion that other streets, particularly in the Lower Cove section of the city, needed paving more than it did, did not pass.

Easter Missionary Meeting

The Easter meeting of the Young Ladies' Aid of the Main Street Baptist church was held last evening in the lecture room of the church, and the programme proved most interesting to those present. Miss B. A. Babbit was in the chair. The programme consisted of the following numbers: Bible reading, in which a number took part; recitation, Miss Olive Estabrook; selected readings by Miss Helen Cowan, Miss Jessie Scott and Miss Clara Alward.

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PUT YOUR TRUST IN SCHOFIELD! Do Not Be Stampeded! Be Sure You're Right THEN Go Ahead! IF NOT SCHOFIELD--WHO? No Rash Promises--Safe, Sane Policy. Before casting your vote on Tuesday next, consider well. You have a choice of two men for Mayor—one of them has a record as a successful business man, and a satisfactory Mayor for the last two years. He is working in what he considers to be the best interest of all citizens and tax payers using the same policy which has kept success for him in his private enterprise. It is not a question of a job with him. He is interested in the future of our City—our City's welfare is his also and the policy he is advocating is for a trial of hydro under MUNICIPAL CONTROL, guaranteed not to give control to any corporation but to protect the citizens and their money as taxpayers. The City cannot lose control but can decide after a practical test what should be done with hydro. Though others say forty-eight hours he says—go slow—take no chances.

Common Council Regular Meeting. Waterloo St. Paving Turned Down—City and C. P. R. Agreement Re Upkeep of Trestles Approved. The agreement between the city and the C. P. R. for the upkeep of the trestles leading to the West Side wharves was approved by the Common Council yesterday; the paving of Waterloo street was turned down for the present, there not being a unanimous vote for the bond issue which will be required; the matter bringing the Town Planning Act into force by proclamation of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council was referred to the Mayor with power to act, and several items of routine business were disposed of. Mayor Schofield presided, and all the members of the Council were present. The report of the committee of the whole, as published yesterday, was adopted with the exception of the section relating to the paving of Waterloo street, which, as it required a bond issue, needed a unanimous vote, and it was opposed by Commissioner Jones, who at Monday's meeting expressed the opinion that other streets, particularly in the Lower Cove section of the city, needed paving more than it did, did not pass. A request from A. Gilmour, 68 King street, for permission to erect an electric sign, was referred to the Commissioner of Public Works for a report. The application of E. F. Biddiscombe to be appointed a lumber surveyor was referred to the Mayor with power to act. A communication from W. F. Burditt, asking the City Council to advertise the fact that it was their intention to apply to the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council for approval of the Town Planning Act and to bring it into operation, was referred to the Mayor with power to act. Commissioner Bullock moved the agreement between the city and the C. P. R. for the upkeep of the trestles on West Side leading to the wharves be approved of by the Council and executed under the common seal. Carried. On motion of Commissioner Bullock, lots 4 and 5 Park Place, Lancaster, were sold to J. L. O'Brien at \$400 each, the usual stipulations to apply. Commissioner Bullock moved that the offer of George McPherson to clear Birch street, Park Place, on condition that he be given all the wood on the area, be not accepted, and that Mr. McPherson be given a lease for pasture at \$5 per annum. Carried. On motion of Commissioner Thornton, Frank Lodge was appointed operator of the City Hall elevator at a salary of \$50 per month. Meeting Held At Centenary Church. Ladies Gave Banquet to Men—Congregational Meeting Followed When Interesting Reports Were Received. At Centenary last evening a banquet was given to the men of the church by the ladies and between seventy and eighty were present at a pleasant function. After the banquet a congregational meeting was held with Rev. R. G. Fulton presiding. Reports were received from the following: Finance committee, F. W. McLellan and C. F. Sanford; quarterly board, George A. Henderson; missionary committee, Grant Smith; pew committee, W. A. Lockhart; choir committee, Percy Leonard. All the reports indicated the greatest progress in the history of the church. The Sunday school rooms are in use every day by different organizations, and a great amount of improvements have been accomplished on the church buildings. Perhaps the most beautiful car in St. John is the Paige Sedan recently delivered here. Several of the finest soloists in St. John will be heard in Centenary on Friday next week. Clifton House, all meals 60c.