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18 Jan 17

MONDAY MORNING JANUARY 29 1917—FOURTEEN PAGES

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VOL. XXXVII.—No. 13,228

# SUCCESSSES GAINED ON ALL FRONTS

**British Advance and Take Prisoners on Somme** **French Crush Germans in Attack at Verdun** **Russians Break German Front** **March Toward Hungary**

**British Cruiser Laurentic Lost With Many of Crew** **Borden Calls for New War Vote of \$500,000,000**

## RUSSIANS BREAK FOE FRONT IN DRIVE ON KIMPOLUNG ROAD

**Czar's Men Smash German Positions on Two Mile Sector Across Pass Leading South From Bukovina to Transylvania.**

Petrograd, Jan. 28, via London, 4.45 p.m.—(British Admiralty, per Wireless Press).—Russian forces, after artillery preparation, assumed the offensive yesterday against the Austro-German fortified positions on both sides of the Kimpolung-Jacobson road, near the northwestern frontier of Moldavia, and after a heavy fighting, broke through the Teuton lines along a front of nearly two miles, says the official statement issued today by the Russian war department. Prisoners and booty were taken by the Russians, the extent of which has not yet been ascertained. Southwest of Luga three successive German attacks were repulsed by the Russians. The Russians had come down this road a considerable distance in an offensive to relieve the pressure on Rumania, but they found that the enemy had massed heavy artillery and large forces in this area, making progress slow. Operations then totally ceased owing to the coming of extremely cold weather.

The fighting southwest of Riga continues with sharp intensity, although local insubordination, and the Russians are maintaining their positions. Cold weather.

Severe cold and heavy snows have been interfering with military operations all along the Rumanian front, says a Russian despatch from Jassy today.

"The enemy's efforts," says the correspondent, "are now directed chiefly in the region of Nemes and the confluence of the Rivers Putna and Sereth, where an alternation of advances and retreats has been going on."

(Continued on Page 7, Column 3).

## TO PLACE BRITAIN ON SHORT RATIONS

**Labor Members Warn Workers That Urgent Necessity Has Arisen.**

**CO-OPERATION SOUGHT**  
Masses Called on to Help Government by Restricting Consumption.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.  
London, Jan. 28.—England, must shortly be placed on short rations unless a drastic system of regulating the supply of food is instituted, in order that this may be speedily accomplished, says Hon. Arthur Henderson, the labor representative in the house of commons, in touring the country addressing large audiences, and appealing to his hearers to assist the government in every way in their power to tide over the stress which the shortage of food at the present time has brought about.

Mr. Henderson addressed a large mass meeting in Leicester tonight, and his words brought forth a storm of cheers from his hearers.

Wm. C. Anderson, labor M.P., said he was giving no secret in stating that the population of the United Kingdom would at a very early date be put under a ration system.

## WAR SUMMARY THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

AFTER the recent spell of dulness news has suddenly become full of action from the British, French and Russian fronts. No fewer than three important, if partial, actions, fought on as many fronts, have given the allies gains more important than they look on paper, for they show the enemy that after due preparation the allies can advance where they choose. This fighting, of course, will be nothing compared to the fighting to come in a few weeks or months, for the allies have pretty nearly guns enough and shells enough to outfight the enemy everywhere, even on the Rumanian front. In that region the reorganization of the Rumanian army is rapidly proceeding.

In a smart and sharp local action English troops in the west captured a commanding position near Le Transloy on Saturday morning, and they made 350 Germans prisoner. For several days before the actual suspension of the Somme campaign, the British had striven to secure the low ridge of heights and high ground before Le Transloy and thus to gain a

(Continued on page 2, cols. 1 and 2.)

Do You Know Whether These Are Toronto People?



One of the members of the Princess Pats, who failed to sign his name to the letter, sent this photograph to The World. He found it on the Somme. A letter with a Toronto heading also was there, he says, but the page with the names was missing. He thought the picture was of some Toronto people, who might recognize it.

## BRITISH ADVANCE AGAIN BEFORE KUT-EL-AMARA

**Retake Positions Occupied by Turks—Find Many Dead in Recovered Trenches—Lose Few Men Themselves.**

London, Jan. 28.—British troops last Friday resumed their offensive against the Turkish positions near Kut-el-Amara, on the Irak front, and recaptured trenches which the Ottoman troops had occupied on the previous day, says an official statement issued tonight by the British press bureau. Four hundred Turkish corpses were found in the positions. Two violent Turkish counter-attacks broke down under British fire. The text of the statement reads:

"During Thursday night the enemy renewed attempts to recapture lost ground, but was repulsed with severe losses. Early Friday we resumed the offensive under cover of an intense bombardment. We assaulted and recaptured the trenches which the Turks had occupied by Thursday's counter-attack."

"On Friday afternoon the enemy launched two violent counter-attacks. Both were completely broken by our artillery and machine gun fire with the severest losses."

"In the trenches captured by one of our brigades, which suffered only 200 casualties, we found 400 Turkish corpses. We are now consolidating our gains."

## PARLIAMENT TO VOTE HALF BILLION DOLLARS

By a Staff Reporter.  
Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 28.—Canada's war appropriation for the ensuing year, which will end on March 31, 1918, will be the immense sum of half a billion dollars. Sir Robert Borden has given notice of a resolution "which he will move in the house, probably at the end of this week, that this sum be granted for the necessities of the war. At the same time, he will also move a resolution, which he will move in the house, that the government be authorized to raise by way of loan, in consequence of the existence of a state of war, and payments made for the said purposes during the fiscal year ending the thirty-first day of March, 1917, in excess of the amount authorized by the War Appropriation Act, 1916."

By Loan Or Otherwise  
That the government-in-council be empowered to raise by way of loan, temporary or otherwise, such sums of money as are required for the purpose of making any payment authorized by any act founded on these resolutions.

That the principal raised by way of loan under this act and the interest thereon shall be chargeable on the consolidated revenue funds.

White's Resolution  
Sir Thomas White's resolution reads: "That it is expedient to authorize the government-in-council to raise by way of loan in addition to the sums now remaining unexpended and negotiable of the loans authorized by parliament by any act heretofore passed, such sum or sums of money, not to exceed in the whole the sum of one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) as may be required for paying maturing loans and obligations of Canada, carrying on of public works authorized by parliament and meeting expenditures for general purposes authorized by parliament."

It is anticipated that the sums necessary can be raised in Canada.

## SEVIGNY HOLDS SEAT SECURELY

**New Minister Has Substantial Majority Over Cannon After Hard Fight.**

## SAYS TRICKERY FAILED

**Warning of "Conscription" Within Two Weeks" Attributed to Liberals.**

Quebec, Jan. 28.—After one of the fiercest political contests ever witnessed in a Dominion by-election, Hon. Albert Seigney, the new minister of inland revenue in the Borden cabinet, was elected on Saturday in Dorchester County by a majority of 244 votes over his Liberal opponent, Lucien Caron. Seigney's majority in 1911 was 382.

Mr. Seigney was given a public demonstration in the different parishes of the county on his way to Quebec after the election. On his arrival at

(Continued on Page 10, Column 4.)

## FRENCH SMASH GERMAN LINE ON EASTERN BANK OF MEUSE

## BIG PLANS TO DEVELOP RESOURCES OF EMPIRE

**Great British Financiers Form Organization Designed To Assist in Payment of War Debt.**

Special Cable to The Toronto World.  
London, Jan. 28.—A great private organization, aiming "to promote the development of the empire's resources in order to assist in the payment of the war debt," has been launched under a committee styled the empire resources development committee. The chairman of the committee is Sir Leander Starr Jameson, president of the British South Africa Company, and its membership includes Earl Grey, Lord Selborne, Desborough, Dunraven, Islington and Plymouth; Alfred Bigland, L. W. Evans and A. H. Paget, members of the house of commons, and Rudyard Kipling.

## BRITISH CRUISER SUNK FEW OF CREW SAVED

**Twelve Officers and One Hundred and Nine Men Survivors of Auxiliary Craft Lost off the Irish Coast.**

London, Jan. 28.—The British auxiliary cruiser Laurentic, of 14,892 tons gross, has been sunk by a submarine, as a result of striking a mine, according to an official statement issued tonight by the British admiralty. Twelve officers and 109 men were saved.

The Laurentic, before entering the British naval service, was in the service of the Ocean Steam Navigation Co. of Liverpool. She was 550 feet long and was launched at Belfast in 1908.

The admiralty statement adds that the vessel went down off the Irish coast last Thursday.

The commander of the Laurentic, Captain Reginald Norton, is among the survivors. He was appointed about six months ago to the command of the steamer, which was commissioned for patrol service in November, 1914.

In Canadian Service.  
Before being taken over by the British admiralty for auxiliary cruiser duty the Laurentic was in the Canadian service of the White Star Dominion Line. The vessel was owned by the Ocean Steam Navigation Co. of Liverpool.

In the first two years of the war the Laurentic was engaged in doing patrol duty in the far east, but several months ago returned to European waters.

The launching of the Laurentic at Belfast in 1908 marked the entry of the White Star Line into the Canadian trade in conjunction with the Dominion Line. The vessel was said to be the first passenger steamship to be fitted with a combination of reciprocating engines with a low pressure turbine. At that time the Laurentic was the largest vessel in the Canadian trade. She was 555 feet long, with a beam of 67 feet 4 inches, in addition to accommodations for 150

## Only Light Loss of Life in Massapalaiseau Explosion

Special Cable to The Toronto World.  
Paris, Jan. 28.—According to an official report, only one person was killed and three injured tonight in the explosion that heavily damaged the big explosives works at Massapalaiseau earlier in the evening.

It was at first believed that at least a hundred or more lost their lives because of the terrific explosion, which shook the earth for miles in all directions.

## DINEEN'S STOCKTAKING SALE.

Reductions of 25 to 50 per cent. apply on all Dineen's regular stock offers during the February Stocktaking Sale. The original prices were extremely reasonable for high-class furs, so that the reductions really mean exceptional bargains. Men's fur-lined and coon skin coats are on the schedule of reductions. W. & D. Dineen Company, Limited, 140 Yonge Street, Toronto. In Hamilton, 20 and 22 King Street West.

## GALLANT ATTACK BY BRITISH OVER FIELDS OF SOLID ICE

**Strong German Point on the Somme is Captured With Three Officers and 350 Men in Advance Following Terrific Drum Fire Which Tears Enemy Trenches to Pieces.**

With the British armies in France, Jan. 27, via London, Jan. 28.—From a staff correspondent of the Associated Press.—In spite of the hard weather conditions, a gallant attack was made today by English troops against strong German point on the Somme, resulting in its capture with three officers and more than 300 men. The Germans apparently did not anticipate an attack and were somewhat off guard owing perhaps to the heavy frost and strong blizzard sweeping over the snow-covered field. The Germans remained snugly in their dugouts, probably believing that the British would do the same.

Outwardly there was no movement within the British lines; in the trenches the troops were waiting for a sudden attack, which had been well prepared for and organized beforehand. Suddenly the ordinary desultory fire of the British batteries was concentrated in a terrific drum fire, flinging shells of enormous destructive force upon the German trenches and defensive works.

Fields of Solid Ice.  
The barbed wire before the German positions was cut as the by shears. Following the curtain of fire, the English troops went briskly out into Man's Land. The breath of the men looked like a smoke cloud as they went across the field of hummocky snow and shell craters filled with solid ice.

The British troops had been cold, but, fresh with the heat of battle, they moved forward like a machine and carried out the operations with precision and self-control.

The Germans were trapped in their dugout. The English boys were over and around the position before the Germans could get up to bomb them or

fire upon them with machine guns. The whole garrison on the strong point surrendered without a fight, seemingly thinking that resistance was useless. The English troops suffered few casualties and sent back the prisoners in triumph.

Counter-Attack Was Weak.  
Meanwhile the German gunners had seen signals of distress and presently they became aware of the fact that the strong point had been captured. They came out of their dugouts and began firing at the captured position, but the visibility was bad owing to the whitish fog, and the German drum fire was not so intense as in former days on the Somme front. The British troops had taken possession of the deep underground rooms within the German position. In this way the officers laughingly said they celebrated the German Emperor's birthday.

Official Statement.  
In a successful operation on the Somme front in the neighborhood of Le Transloy tonight, says the official communication issued from British headquarters tonight, a commanding portion of a German position was captured by British troops. More than 350 prisoners were taken in the operation.

The statement follows:

"A successful operation was carried out by our troops on the Somme front early this morning in the neighborhood of Le Transloy. All the objectives attacked were gained and a commanding portion of the enemy's position was captured. We have taken over 350 prisoners, including six officers."

"Vigorous counter-attacks were made by the enemy during the day to regain the lost ground. These were all driven back by our fire with heavy losses. Our total casualties were very slight."

"The enemy's positions were raided by us at daylight this morning northeast of Neuville-St. Vaast. Prisoners were secured and dugouts containing arms and ammunition were destroyed. We had no casualties. Enemy trenches were also entered last night by one of our patrols northeast of Vernelles. A number of casualties inflicted on the hostile garrison."

## Ally Makes Successful Stroke Between Les Eparges and Colonne Trench

**Enemy Leaves Many Dead and Much Booty on Field.**

Special Cable to The Toronto World.  
Paris, Jan. 28.—French troops, advancing after careful artillery preparation, Saturday evening, carried off one stroke German positions between Les Eparges and the Colonne trench on the right bank of the Meuse, north of Verdun, and they captured important booty, the French war office announced this afternoon.

It has been evident that important preparations for an advance in this region have been under preparation for many days, from the heavy artillery bombardment which has been proceeding from the heights of the Meuse.

The French found numerous dead in the captured positions.

Details of the operation are being withheld by the military authorities, probably because they have not completed it, for tonight's official report says that the usual cannonade occurred along the whole front, being particularly lively in the Verdun and Alsace regions.

The French official statement reads: "On the left bank of the River Meuse there was grenade fighting in the vicinity of the eastern slope of Hill 304."

"On the right bank of the river we effected a coup de main last evening between Les Eparges and the Colonne trench which was completely successful. We found numerous corpses in the enemy trenches and seized important booty."

In Lorraine there were artillery duels in the sector of the forest of Bezeange.

In the region of Meulainville a German airplane was brought to earth by the fire of our anti-aircraft guns."

The official statement from headquarters tonight reads:

"The usual cannonade occurred along the whole front, particularly lively in the region of Verdun and Alsace."

Belgian communication:

"Spirited artillery actions took place, especially in the direction of Ramscapelle, Dixmude and Het Sas. In the sector of Het Sas there was violent bombardment."

The official communication issued by the French war office last night, reads:

"Quite spirited artillery actions have taken place on the left bank of the Meuse in the region of Hill 304 and Le Mort Homme and on the right bank in the sectors of Louvemont and Bois Caurettes."

In Lorraine our batteries destructively shelled the German organizations in the Parroy Forest. There is nothing to report on the rest of the front."

Belgian communication: "There has been great artillery activity in the region of Dixmude during the night and today."

## Commission Will Control Britain's Rice Importation

London, Jan. 28.—Baron Devonport, the food controller, has decided that the royal commission on wheat supplies shall control the importation of rice into the United Kingdom. The sale and price of rice will be fixed from time to time by the commission.

## Great Landslides in Bali Almost Wipe Out Village

London, Jan. 28.—A despatch to Reuters, from Amsterdam, gives further details of the earthquake on the island of Bali. It says that great landslides destroyed a whole village with the exception of 14 houses. Three hundred persons were killed in the earthquake, and the total casualties were nearly 600.

## Men's Brotherhood

A well-attended meeting of the Barin's court Men's Own Brotherhood was held yesterday afternoon in the auditorium, Central Methodist Church, Ascot avenue, when President Rev. Arthur Wallace, B.A., delivered an interesting address on "Church Union."

## Earlier reports placed the loss of life at 550.

Earlier reports placed the loss of life at 550.



## CALL BY HUGHES FOR MILITIA ACT

Time Has Come to Apply It,  
He Declares at  
Montreal.

### CAN BE SENT ABROAD

French-Canadians Would Be  
Willing to Go Under Fair  
System.

Montreal, Jan. 28.—"Were I minister of militia again I should have no hesitation, and I am sure I should have the backing of all Canadians in applying the Militia Act, if we could not get enough men any other way."

This statement was made by Lieut.-Gen. Sir Sam Hughes in an address before the junior bar of Montreal at a banquet in the Windsor Hotel Saturday evening, when he spoke on "The Militia Act, as it applies to general service in recruiting."

Further, Sir Sam said:

"I have no hesitation in saying it would be better to apply the act so as to get them today."

He claimed that the government had power, under the law, to enrol men at any time for active service, to train them and send them abroad in the service of the empire. Many legal men whom he had consulted had agreed with him on this point, he said.

Eligible Number 800,000.

Sir Sam said there are still 800,000 single men of eligible age in the Dominion. He advocated enrolling somewhere from 100,000 to 200,000 of them for home defence, and declared that if this were done three-fourths of them, after being trained, would enlist for overseas. As to the French-Canadians, he said they had told him, time and again, that if a fair system of sending men abroad, the front were adopted they would be willing to go.

Sir Sam said he intended bringing up in parliament the question of why Canadians are not coming forward in the army corps of Canada. He wants to know, he said, why such men as Currier and Turner have not been appointed.

John Hackett presided at the banquet.

### Another Norwegian Steamer Sunk by German Submarine

London, Jan. 28.—Lloyds announces that the Norwegian steamer Myrdal, 2821 tons, previously reported as "believed to have been sunk," has been sent to the bottom by a submarine. Her crew was saved.

The shipping agency also announces that the Norwegian steamer Dicaux is reported to have been sunk.

## WAR SUMMARY THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

(Continued From Page 1.)

larger control over the Peronne-Bapaume road, in order that they might sweep forward to the east of Bapaume and cut it off by a turning movement, but the Germans, realizing the gravity of their situation at Le Transloy, had clung tenaciously to these bits of higher ground, and they had delayed their capture long enough for the autumn rains and mud to come to their assistance. After several weeks of suspended infantry fighting, an opportune snowstorm and frost made the ground solid enough by Saturday last to permit a rapid advance, so the British promptly organized their attack, and the heaviest fighting of the position on Le Transloy does not appear in the British official report, but as it is regarded as important, it probably comprises one of the low heights, permitting the others to be turned. The Germans put a high value on this position, for they organized two heavy counter-attacks, but the British gunners made short work of these targets and they failed to get back the position.

The British also carried out some important operations in other sectors. Twice they raided German trenches in the region of Neuville St. Vaast, bombing dumps, on one occasion filled with 50 Germans and on the other filled with an unspecified number. Before Festubert they also, in a raid, inflicted damage and made prisoners. The chief significance, however, seen in the official communications is the report of aerial activity and of destroying German machines inside the British lines. The Germans, it seems, started to scout with more audacity than usual over the British lines the other day. This unusual behavior led to much aerial fighting. In all, since Jan. 23, nine German machines have fallen in the British lines after being destroyed in the combats. The British losses of machines number much fewer than the German losses, showing that they are keeping their aerial supremacy. This air fighting has a great value, for without gaining a sort of mastery the Germans cannot hope to conduct an offensive, or to defeat an allied offensive. Without plenty of guidance by aeroplanes no army can make progress in the reducing of tiers of trenches.

The French have won an important success on the eastern bank of the Meuse, between Les Eparges and the Calonne trench, their official communication saying that they effected a coup de main on Saturday night and it was completely successful. They found numerous bodies in the German trenches, and they also found a large number of machine guns. It was not forthcoming from any official source. The artillery action became lively in this region, and lively also in the Vosges region, where the French war office said last night. It was probably fear of the coming attack and desire to detract from its effectiveness that induced the enemy to launch the attack west of the Meuse the other day. The work about Hill 304 continues lively, the artillery fire being briskly maintained.

In the Carpathians, near the Bukovina, Moldavia and Transylvania frontier, the Russians have just dealt the Austrians a severe and unexpected blow by breaking their lines on a front of two miles and making a considerable advance. From where they are marching the Russians look down upon the Hungarian plain across Transylvania, and if they then turn the mountains and deploy on the southwestern side of them, they will gain an advantageous position for further offensive action. Once a large concentration to save Hungary, and to weaken his front elsewhere. Owing to the action of the Germans in arming Poles, White Russians and Letts, with the object of forcing them to fight against their own countrymen and the allies, it is not improbable that the allies will hasten their combined offensive against the enemy to gain a speedy decision, and that they will give up the slow method of attrition.

At the northern end of their front, the Russians engaged in a soldiers' battle with the Germans. The enemy attacked them three times west of Riga, but the Germans could not face the Russian fire, and on one occasion at least they broke and fled back to their own shelters. The Germans also attacked the Russian lines west of Brody, in Galicia, but their attempt had no success.

The British official press bureau announced last night that British troops fighting in the vicinity of Kut-el-Amra on the Irak Mesopotamia front, recaptured the trenches which the Turkish troops had occupied on the previous day. Later the Turks attempted to regain the lost ground, but British artillery and machine gun fire completely broke their two violent counter-attacks. The Turks suffered severe losses. One British brigade found 400 Turkish dead in one of the trenches, while its loss was only 200 casualties.

The British Admiralty announces the destruction of the British auxiliary cruiser Laurente, either by mine or torpedo, and it says that 109 men and 12 officers survive. The loss of life has therefore been heavy, for a converted cruiser of her size, more than 14,000 tons, must carry a crew of 300 or 400 men.

## ORANGE AND GREEN JOINS IN HONORING CANADIAN

Visit of Canadian Rangers to Armagh Results in  
Blending of Emblems For First Time  
Since Battle of Boyne.

### ARMAGH, IRELAND, JAN. 28.—The Orange and the Green united here today in welcoming the Duchess of Connaught's Own Canadian Rangers.

Orange and yellow favors, respectively the emblems of the Catholics and Orangemen, being blended perhaps for the first time since the battle of the Boyne. The visiting soldiers attended in parties respectively the Catholic cathedral and the Protestant cathedral.

After mass at the Catholic cathedral Cardinal Logue referred to the great future before Canada. He welcomed the Rangers and expressed his gratitude for the manner in which they had offered themselves for the defence of the country. The cardinal said that everyone was longing and praying for peace, but that it must be a just, stable and permanent peace, not a mere halting in hostilities between the two warring powers. The Most Rev. John Baptist Crother, Protestant primate of Ireland, said the noble part the Canadian troops were playing in the war was Canada's message to the world that her gallant children were one with Great Britain when the empire's life and honor were at stake.

### CHEERED BY THOUSANDS.

Special Cable to The Toronto World, Dublin, via London, Jan. 28.—The Duchess of Connaught's Own Canadian Rangers, composed of Irish-Canadians, were feted on Saturday by the city. After the parade past, cheering thousands in the streets of the city, the officers were taken to a luncheon by the lord mayor. The Duchess of Connaught sent a letter of welcome to her regiment, and other letters from Premier David Lloyd George and from John Redmond, were read to the men. Mr. Redmond, in his letter, eulogized the Irish fighters from across the sea.

"Ireland is proud of her fighting sons," was the great Irishman's closing sentence. During the course of his talk, he said that approximately 500,000 Irishmen were in the service of the empire.

Lord Wimborne, lord-lieutenant of Ireland, was the guest of honor at the luncheon.

### HEARTY SEND-OFF.

London, Monday, Jan. 29.—The Canadian Rangers were given a hearty send-off by the crowds at Armagh, but this was comparatively quiet when contrasted with the extraordinary demonstration that was accorded them on arriving at Belfast last evening. The streets for a mile from the barracks to the barracks were lined with the populace, who cheered enthusiastically as the regiment passed.

### BERLIN ADOPTING "UNIFORM BREAD"

Rye, White and Barley Flour  
to Form an Unpalatable  
Product.

### PROTESTS UNAVAILING

Bread Commission Insists on  
Measure Despite Numer-  
ous Complaints.

Berlin, Jan. 27.—(Via London).—"Uniform bread," consisting of half rye flour, about 40 per cent, white flour and 10 per cent, barley flour, is to be adopted exclusively in Berlin according to a ruling made today by the magistrates. The ruling conforms with a recommendation of the bread commission which has been investigating the increasing bread shortage that has made itself painfully felt during the last few weeks.

The decision was taken despite protests from every conceivable quarter and in face of arguments that "uniform bread" would not appreciably better the situation. The bread shortage has been confined to nearly white loaves and is due on one hand to transportation difficulties and on the other hand to the over generous production of bread by bakers. Cake making, therefore, has been forbidden hereafter. Rumors of the impending introduction of the unpopular "uniform bread" were spread on Wednesday. The weekly allowance of 1800 grams would be reduced, but it was declared that this step was not intended under any circumstances.

### FREIGHT CLEAN-UP IN LOCAL YARDS

Over Three Thousand Cars  
Rushed Out Yesterday by  
One Railway.

MANY TRAINS MOVE  
Much Coal Arrives Together  
With Large Amount of  
General Freight.

Three thousand two hundred and fifty-five freight cars moved yesterday either in or out of the Mimico yards, creating a new record for this time of the year for the Toronto terminal of the Great Trunk Railway.

Trains at least, are leaving for the Niagara frontier before 3 a.m. this morning and four trains were in the yards yesterday.

It was planned yesterday to make one grand clean-up of the congestion that has prevailed for some time at the front yards of the Great Trunk and by this morning it is expected that every car will be cleared away from these points.

Nine trains left the yards at Mimico yesterday for Black Rock and five for Sarnia tunnel with a total of 987 cars, and 957 cars, mostly containing coal and general freight, arrived at the yard. During the day many trains arrived from the east and eight went east.

Among the trains that arrived during the day was one from the west containing horses that was destined for the Union Stock Yards.

At midnight the available power and crews were made available for the morning attack on the balance of the freight at Black Rock and Sarnia, and orders were issued for six trains to leave at short intervals between one and three o'clock for the border yards.

### TWENTY ARE INJURED.

Special to The Toronto World, Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 28.—Twenty persons were injured, none of them seriously, when the Buffalo Express, eastbound, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was wrecked near Landville, Pa., tonight. Eight of the injured passengers were able to proceed to their destinations, while two women, who refused to give their names, were slightly hurt and returned to this city. Ten of those hurt were dining car employees.

The accident was caused by a broken axle on the tender. Three coaches were derailed.

### ALL RECORDS BROKEN

The Electric Wiring & Fixture Co., corner of College and Spadina avenue, during the months of January and February they would accept contracts for wiring and fixtures occupied houses for electric light, and they would not without breaking the plaster or marking decorations, at about cost, to keep things moving during the two slack months, and the amount of the work was completed during January has broken all records of that company for the same month during the past eight years. It is expected that the wheels turning during the slack seasons, although at cost, as each installation is a standing advertisement of the firm's business.

## BULLET IS SHOT THROUGH BIBLE

This is a picture of Pte. John Prince's Bible, which protected his limb and probably saved his life, when he was wounded Sept. 17, 1915, in the battle of the Somme.

Cookstown, Ont., Jan. 27. Pte. John Prince, who enlisted for active service with many other Cookstown boys on August 25, 1915, has had an unusual experience on the battlefield. While acting as a stretcher-bearer in the battle of the Somme, on Sept. 17, 1915, he was wounded. In the hip pocket of his trousers was a Bible, which had been given to him by his Sunday school teacher, Mrs. (Rev.) J. J. Coulter, previous to his leaving for England. This book was struck by a charge from a German rifle. The bullet entered the open Bible and passed through it, and it was deeper than the three hundred pages, as the illustration of the closed book shows. The bullet then entered his hip and lodged there. Since that time Pte. Prince has been in a military hospital in England, where he has recovered so rapidly from his injuries that he thinks he will soon be able to go back to the firing line and help again to lift up his fallen fellow soldiers.

Five of his best friends, who went with him from home, were killed in the battle of the Somme, and almost all the others were wounded. Jack is a lad of cheerful disposition and willingly plays his part, no matter what danger may be in his path. He was born at Cookstown 19 years ago.

—Photo, by M. E. McFadden, Cookstown, Ont.

Cookstown, Ont., Jan. 27. Pte. John Prince, who enlisted for active service with many other Cookstown boys on August 25, 1915, has had an unusual experience on the battlefield. While acting as a stretcher-bearer in the battle of the Somme, on Sept. 17, 1915, he was wounded. In the hip pocket of his trousers was a Bible, which had been given to him by his Sunday school teacher, Mrs. (Rev.) J. J. Coulter, previous to his leaving for England. This book was struck by a charge from a German rifle. The bullet entered the open Bible and passed through it, and it was deeper than the three hundred pages, as the illustration of the closed book shows. The bullet then entered his hip and lodged there. Since that time Pte. Prince has been in a military hospital in England, where he has recovered so rapidly from his injuries that he thinks he will soon be able to go back to the firing line and help again to lift up his fallen fellow soldiers.

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## CANADIAN CASUALTIES

Previously reported missing, now for official purposes presumed dead—405378, Walter Parker, 25 Napier street, Toronto; Ron Collin, Montreal; C. E. Hunter, England; C. E. Dickinson, Winnipeg; E. S. Hawley, Scotland; Albert G. Dickson, New Waterford, N.S.; Peter Chappiz, Chateaufort, Ont.

Previously reported missing, now believed killed—G. B. Macintyre, Renfrew, Ont.

Dangerously wounded—754990, E. J. Williamson, Hamilton; Lance-Sgt. Alexander James, Scotland.

Previously reported dangerously ill, now died—H. G. Martin, Scotland.

Killed in action—E. G. Gundy, England; Wounded—Wm. Barker, Lechate, Que.; L. H. Charnaud, Winnipeg; Alfred Bodden, England; Henry Easter, Wm. Chard, Victoria, B.C.; L. B. Cuthbert, Winnipeg; J. W. Richardson, Mulhills, Man.

Previously reported missing, now officially reported prisoner of war—J. A. Westwick, Canada.

Dangerously ill—August Bourne, Rainy River, Ont.

Previously reported missing, now for official purposes presumed to have died—Harry Jones, Brantford, Ont.

Seriously ill—Napoleon Cormier, Port Elgin, N.B.

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## EIGHT ARE INJURED IN HAMILTON SMASH

Loaded Street Car Crashes  
Into Engine of Double-Header.

No Fatalities Result  
No Flagman Guards Danger-  
ous Crossing of Grand  
Trunk on Sunday.</



# EATON'S DAILY STORE NEWS

STORE OPENS AT 8.30 A.M.

CLOSES AT 5 P.M.

## The Hardware Dept. Offers These Splendid Values in Tools and Accessories for Mechanics, Carpenters and Householders

### Men! The Special Sale of Trousers Continues Today

Featuring Eaton-Made Trousers at \$2.50 and \$3.50

It is not only that the prices are most moderate, but it's the extraordinary values obtainable at these figures that stamp this one of the most eventful sales of its kind for some time. It's possible for prices to remain stationary, but qualities to suffer during strenuous times such as we are going through, but not so in this case, for qualities are maintained—the result of buying the materials in tremendous quantities and storing for this notable sale. Another feature worth noting is that these trousers offered today have been made in our own work-rooms, a guarantee of style, fit and finishing. Variety in patterns, shades and sizes all help to make selection from such assortments comparatively easy. Whether you want odd trousers for work or to go with frock coat, come today and take advantage of the great values offered.

The trousers at \$2.50 are shown in worsted-finished materials in striped patterns, in medium and dark shades; are well sewn throughout, and have strong pockets and trimmings. Sizes 32 to 44 waist. Sale price ..... 2.50

The line at \$3.50 includes worsted trousers in many stripe effects, in mostly medium and dark greys. They are well shaped and well tailored throughout. Sizes 32 to 44. Sale price ..... 3.50

English Worsteds in fine weaves and neat patterns, at ..... 4.50, 5.00 and 6.00

A feature of the sale today will be the clearance of military breeches at half price, \$2.75 and \$3.75. These are in the finer quality khaki serge, and are in correct military cut. Khaki serge breeches, laced up at knees, and with top, hip and watch pockets, in sizes 31 to 38. Today, half price ..... 2.75

Khaki Wool Serge Breeches in finer quality and in same regulation style; sizes 35 to 42. Today, half price ..... 3.75

Main Floor, Queen Street.

RECENT reports from the hardware markets show notable advances in almost every line, so that values like these, unusually good at any time, are nothing short of remarkable under the prevailing conditions.



Amateur Bench Vise, 85c.



Set of 6 Bits, 1/4 to 1/2, 75c a set.



Hand Drill, \$8.50.



Carpenters' Ratchet Braces, 10-inch sweep. Price \$50 to \$150. Bits are 12c to 50c each.



Saw Vise, 9-inch jaw; screw to bench, 85c.



Buck Saw, lance tooth. Price 95c.



Carborundum Tool Grinder, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.25.



Acme Hand Saws, steel blade, \$1.00.



Carborundum Knife Sharpeners, 80c.



Pruning Saw, with steel blade, 50c and 85c.



Nickel-plated Wrench, 9 inches long; opens to 2 inches, 50c.



Carpenters' Pinchers, 10 inches long, 85c.



Saw Sets, 50c.



Stilson Wrench, 10" size, \$1.05 14" size, \$1.35 25c to \$2.50 each.



Nickel-plated Combination Pliers, 85c.



Inside Lock Sets, brass or copper finish, 65c.



Front Door Sets, brass or copper finish, \$2.50.



Hall Hook of cast iron, bronze finish. Each, 25c.



Try Squares, with wood handle and steel blade. Price, 25c.



Padlocks, many types. Priced 10c to \$1.25.



Chisel Handles of Hickory, 5c each.



Saw Vise, 75c.



Pipe Vise, \$1.75 to \$2.95.



Wire Cage Rat Traps, 65c.



Galvanized Rat Traps, Each, 20c.



Nevaleak Ready Roofing, Per Roll, 98c.



Reliable Building Paper, 400 sq. feet for 60c.



Boxwood Zig-Zag Rules, 20c to 30c each.



Carpenters' Draw Knife, 90c.



Box or Plate Casters, 30c set, with screws.



Moore's Picture Hangers, 10c per box.



Iron Bed Castors, 4 in set, for 20c.



Glass Castors, 4 in set, 60c.



Automatic Hand Drill, \$1.85.



Adjustable Auto Wrench, 50c to 85c.



Revolving Clothes Line Reel, 75c.

### HERE AND THERE IN THE STORE

The premier value in the Eaton selection of violins is one priced at \$12.00. It was made in France and possesses an exceptionally sweet tone, and is perfectly made and beautifully finished in every detail. It's a full-sized instrument, and a better violin than one would expect to get at such a price. Case for this violin is priced at \$3.50. Good quality bows are \$1.00 each.

A great convenience for tourists and travelers and to all homes not equipped with stationary showers is McElroy's Hygeia needle bath, shower and shampoo spray. It is attached instantly to any ordinary bath tub spigot, furnishing a perfect horizontal shower or needle bath without wetting the head unless desired. No tubing or curtains are required, for it does not splash water on walls or floor. Price 50c, in the Basement.

Motorists who drive cars in cold weather will no doubt be interested in the remarkably low price of radiator and engine hood covers. They are made of good quality pantosote, lined with felt and in sizes to fit any model of Ford and Chevrolet cars. Greatly reduced. Each, \$1.00, in the Auto Accessory Dept., Fifth Floor.

A few minutes' exercise each day, especially in the morning, keeps a person fit, puts vim and enthusiasm into the body and tones up the system for the day's task.

The Whitley Exerciser is recommended, for it can be used by every member of the family. Adjustable to three tensions—light, for the children; medium, for beginners or poorly-developed people, and heavy, for those who have developed a degree of strength. Easily fastened to wall and made with strong, easily-running pulleys that do not jam. Prices, \$2.50, \$3.50 and \$4.00.

Bring your snapshot films to our Camera Counter, Main Floor, and let us develop them at 5c per roll. Efficient workmanship and quick service assured.

When you enter the store from Yonge Street, you can get to second and third floors much quicker by using escalators just inside the doors.

### DEAL SEVERE BLOW TO LIQUOR STORES

"Land Office Business" Is Stopped by License Commission at Montreal.

### SUPPLYING TO ONTARIO

Many Refused Licenses to Carry on, and Only Two Are Renewed.

Montreal, Jan. 27.—The board of license commissioners this morning dealt a severe blow to the local stores which have been doing "a land office business" supplying liquor to Ontario. Eleven such firms were opposed by J. H. Roberts, of the Dominion Alliance, yesterday, and in their decision this morning the board cut off nine of them. Those granted licenses are L. George and the Consumers' Export Co., C. H. Michie, D. Rothschild. Those refused licenses are: E. T. Stoddard, Woods Ltd., H. Corby Ltd., A. H. Herbert, Montreal Export Co., E. R. Barnfield, H. L. Brown. The decision, however, does not mean that Ontario will be deprived of liquor. Other stores will supply the demand even if a number of those cut off do not secure licenses by buying out some of the present licensees. A number of the firms losing their licenses came here from Ontario cities when the province went dry. The commissioners found that some of the licensees had premises in office buildings which were not considered as "retail business" and therefore the granting of licenses was refused. He claimed he had and when asked where it was said: "In the safe." The licensees which were cut off until the first of May, Woods Limited, who did business in Toronto for 50 years before going to Montreal, will carry on a retail business until May, and will then take out a wholesale license, as was their intention.

### LARGER CURRICULUM AT SCHOOL FOR BLIND

Many New Subjects Have Been Added to the Provincial Institution.

### SAPPER C. C. SCOTT KILLED IN ACTION

Queen's University Student Makes the Supreme Sacrifice on Battlefield.

Special to The Toronto World. Kingston, Jan. 28.—Sapper Campbell C. Scott, a student of Queen's University, was killed in action with Queen's Engineers. His home was at McDonald's Corners. He was awarded a military medal for distinguished service. HOUSE AND STORE BURNED. Special to The Toronto World. Brockville, Ont., Jan. 28.—A double frame house, which also contained a grocery, operated by Mrs. William Rutherford, was burned in the early hours of the morning, the occupants barely escaping with their lives. The blaze started in the grocery from a stove placed too near the woodwork. Some insurance was carried, but the losses will be heavy.

### DESPERADO CAUGHT IN A HOTEL ROOM

James Stewart Admits Shooting Inspector Jackson Near Windsor.

### WAS HIDING IN BARN

Craving for Food and Drugs Drove Him Into the City.

Windsor, Ont., Jan. 27.—After a spectacular two-day man-hunt, James Stewart, safe blow and slayer of Immigration Inspector Jackson of Winnipeg on the Canadian Pacific train on the outskirts of Windsor on Thursday, was captured this morning at the Essex House, Sandwich street. Since the murder the man had been hiding in a barn within a mile of the scene of the shooting. Hunger and a craving for drugs to which he is addicted drove him from his hiding place shortly before daylight. He walked from this barn, the exact location of which has not yet been determined by the police, to Sandwich street, and on to the hotel. He met a number of people but was not recognized. After registering as "James Emmerson" he went to the dining room and afterwards to the bed room assigned to him. County Councillor Lew Smith of Leamington saw the man in the hotel and immediately recognized him. He informed Inspector Morton Wigle, who despatched Detective William Reid and William Broderick and Constable Rose to the scene. They entered his room and before Stewart could reach for his revolver he was overpowered and handcuffed. He admitted the shooting, but said he did not intend to kill Inspector Jackson. "The gun had a hair trigger and it went off unexpectedly. I guess I

### AMERICAN BARBER TO FACE BIGAMY CHARGE

Thomas Ensbey Marries at Brockville While Legal Wife Lives Across Line.

### START NEW CAMPAIGN

Two Hundred and Fifteenth Battalion Men Begin Recruiting Effort.

Special to The Toronto World. Brockville, Ont., Jan. 28.—A barber going under the name of Thomas Ensbey, an American, disappeared from here a few days ago leaving a bride of two months the daughter of a Brockville resident. Investigation by the police showed that Ensbey had a wife and three children living across the line and steps were taken to bring about his arrest on a charge of bigamy. The man was arrested at Stella Mines, N.Y., and on landing at Prescott he was promptly arrested by the Canadian authorities and brought here. The prisoner is on remand. MONEY IN HQS. Eggs and Butter Take a Drop in Price at Brantford. Special to The Toronto World. Brantford, Jan. 28.—A new record for live hogs was set here Saturday, when \$18.75 was paid. Even with high prices for grain, it is said farmers can raise hogs with profit, and as this long has been noted as a hog centre, big returns are being reaped. Eggs and butter are declining, selling at 47c for butter and 55c for eggs a five-cent drop. WINS MILITARY CROSS. Special to The Toronto World. Kingston, Jan. 28.—For gallantry on the battlefield, Lance-Sergeant Percy Godfrey, son of A. Godfrey, Tweed, was awarded a Military Cross. BELLEVILLE RESIDENCE BURNED. Special to The Toronto World. Belleville, Jan. 28.—A dwelling house, owned and occupied by Mr. A. Dumesnil of this city, was yesterday gutted by fire. The loss to building and contents amounted to several hundred dollars. The gun had a hair trigger and it went off unexpectedly. I guess I

### REJECTED SOLDIER RUNS AMUCK AT HOME

Mother of Pte. Richa Asks to Have Son Sent to the Front.

### BRANTFORD COUNCIL STOPS DELEGATION

Mayor Bowlby Fails to Get Sanction to Attend Roads Convention.

Special to The Toronto World. Brantford, Ont., Jan. 28.—There will be no trips for the city fathers here this afternoon, being invalided home. They were accorded a public reception by the citizens of Belleville, being met at the depot by the 25th Battalion Band and a platoon of that battalion, and were escorted thru the main streets of the city in early decorated automobiles. Pte. George Kitchens, son of Mayor Kitchens, arrived home at an early hour in the morning. WILL INVESTIGATE MILK. Special to The Toronto World. Brantford, Ont., Jan. 28.—Milk will be the next article of food to be investigated by the local high cost of living committee. Three milk men here have been asked by the committee to turn up at the next meeting. Ex-Ald. G. A. Ward has been elected chairman of the committee which last year went thoroughly into the causes of high prices and asking the government for action. WINS A PROMOTION. Special to The Toronto World. St. Thomas, Jan. 28.—Lieut. Chas. Stevenson, of St. Thomas, who went overseas with the 51st Battalion as machine gun officer, has been promoted to be a captain in the 4th Canadian Battalion, and is second in command of his company.

### VOTES CONFIDENCE IN FRENCH LEADER

Chamber of Deputies Sustains Policy of Premier Briand.

### PERTAINS TO GREECE

Motions Rejected Refer to Macedonian Campaign and Reparations.

Paris, Jan. 28, 9.35 p.m.—The question of confidence in the government again came before the chamber of deputies at the close of a secret session, which had been debating Greek affairs. Six resolutions on this subject were introduced on the resumption of the public sitting. Premier Briand announced that he would accept only one resolution, that of M. Lenoir and his colleagues, clearly expressing confidence that the government would take all measures required by the situation in Greece, including the question of the safety of the armies in Macedonia and the reparations demanded of the Greek Government. The chamber adopted M. Lenoir's resolution by a vote of 213 to 135. ARTILLERY FIGHTING MARKS ITALIAN FRONT. Rome Reports No Event of Importance—Patrol Reconnaissances. Rome, Jan. 28, via London.—An official statement issued today by the Italian war department reporting operations on the Austro-Italian front says: "Along the whole front the usual artillery actions and patrol reconnaissances were reported. No event of importance took place."











# The Toronto World

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Main 5195—Private Exchange connecting all  
departments.  
Branch Office—40 South Main  
Street, Hamilton.  
Telephone 1946.

MONDAY MORNING, JAN. 29.

## A War Government Needed.

Canada, along with the British Empire and her allies, is engaged in the greatest war struggle ever known to history. The fight is for free institutions, liberty, democracy against Prussian militarism, autocracy (government by a few), a dynasty (the Hohenzollerns) that claims to rule by divine right; against the German people, who would subdue if they could all other nations and peoples. That war has been waged for over two years and may last for a long while yet. We have no certainty of victory. We are risking our all in it, our very future as a nation on this continent, the very fortunes and lives of all our people. It is a life and death struggle.

In such a supreme situation it is absolutely necessary that the government of Canada should be efficient and effective up to the highest possible point. It should be united and have behind it a united parliament and a united people. There should be no faction, no partyism, no partisanship. There should be an end put to any and every consideration by our public men and our electors for the concern of party politics, party advantage, election strategy, the benefit of leaders, the promotion of the affairs of party workers, the aggrandizement of financial, industrial or transportation interests, who are willing to recognize such service by contribution to party funds, by supplying huge election funds to be used more or less corruptly.

We have been carrying on this stupendous war, this struggle for our very existence, for over two years; and at the same time our public men have been carrying on their political work, involving all the things above set out, as more than a distraction; and as a consequence their entire and best energy has largely been diverted from the pursuit of the war. Their minds, their energies, are bent on politics as well as on war.

The two parties, while they have cried a truce, have been marching and counter-marching, organizing for an election, making moves in parliament for exposures and counter-exposures to be used in elections; some of our newspapers are hot-beds of faction of the lowest kind; meetings more or less secret are being held all over with party advantage in view; the two parties have lined up in parliament with politics more than war in their eye. The bitterest appeal to race prejudice as between English-speaking and French-speaking Canadians is under way, and may be fanned into a sudden flame.

Both parties are sparring over conscription; both parties are watching the labor vote; both parties would outvote the soldier vote; both parties created a soldier franchise and associated in passing legislation for "rewarding the soldiers' vote abroad in a new election; both parties would play on the question of nationalizing our railways as they saw party advantage in it.

The government and supporters are full of politics at this moment; so the leaders and followers of the opposition. And all this factional dispute and prospective discord is growing day by day.

If we are not neglecting we are more or less side-stepping great issues like enlistment and possible conscription; we are afraid to intern men who should be interned; we have fed disloyal communities with munitions contracts to keep them quiet; the more they get the hungrier they become; a long procession of politicians and individuals have swooped down on Ottawa for war contracts in order, so they said, that constituencies could be kept or made friendly; thousands of requests for military preference have been based on political consideration; discontent under this head has found its way into the English newspapers. All these things have gone largely in the political consciousness of Canada than the crucial vital question of winning the war. Yet if the war be not won all these things are but as chaff before the tempest.

Great Britain saw this, and fortunate in the possession of a public opinion which is still latent or unorganized in Canada, the nation voiced an imperative demand that politics be laid aside and the war receive the supreme and united attention of all parties. A coalition was formed, and still the sparring for position went on until, provoked beyond endurance, the democracy of Britain, in the person of Lloyd George, refused any longer to be a pawn in the hands of the politicians.

Ottawa politicians appear to think, judging from their actions, that the democracy of Canada desires no such self-sacrifice on the part of the political parties or of the political leaders. We believe from the temper of the people of Canada, west, centre, and east, that there is nothing they would so cordially respond to as the summons of a Canadian Lloyd George to abandon the hesitating, shuffling, inefficient war policy of the government and, calling together the wisest and

most unselfish of all the men in politics or in public political life, to form a government which would drive the military program of the government forward as it requires to be driven, in a war in which all we have and all we are is at stake.

In the whole situation nothing is so disheartening and discouraging as the fact that all proposals for reform or suggestions for improvement are regarded by the politicians as attacks on their own preserves, perfectly unwarrantable as they seem to think, as leveled against an unimpeachable and flawless administration. This blindness to the possibilities of improvement, with its consequent doubt of the good faith of critics, and suspicion of all who do not bring flattery and approval, is the most fatal weakness in all political organizations, but in a war government it is deadly indeed, and its lethal influence is evident in the stagnation of Canadian military preparations.

Canada is not without thinking men and women, and these are making the needs of the situation known, and impressing it on the minds of the less thoughtful. A public opinion is growing, however slowly, and if action in the desired direction be not taken speedily, election or no election, the new spirit will find a way to give Canada as active and effective a war administration as the obligations of the country require.

## Thrift After Charity

Now that the people of Toronto and the surrounding district have done so nobly by the Patriotic and Red Cross Funds, an opportunity is afforded them to assist the cause of the nation and the empire in supporting the war and at the same time doing themselves a good turn. Some time ago the minister of finance called attention to the issue of war savings certificates in small denominations to suit those whose incomes necessarily limit their savings. Every little helps so far as the government is concerned, for in the aggregate the purchase of these savings certificates will add a considerable sum to the amount needed for war purposes, and the enormous demands of the war require that every resource should be available.

One of the remarkable things of the recent record collection for the Patriotic and Red Cross Funds was the fact that the heaviest proportionate contributions came from those with limited means, and the munition workers in this respect beat all other records proportionately. After charity comes thrift, and the appeal of the government in issuing these war certificates should reach the same class of workers with successful results.

The small amounts in which the certificates are issued; their accessibility at the postoffices; and the high rate of interest on savings which they secure should make thrift a popular virtue. Not only is it a personal virtue, but it is also a national virtue, for the thrift of the individual adds to the credit of the nation, and becomes, as the minister suggests, a permanent national advantage.

Those who find work abundant and remunerative at present should take thought of the time to come when other conditions may supervene. The habit of thrift, the possession of these war certificates, the confidence which comes of a certain amount of financial independence, all add to the public and national mood and make for the prosperity of the country.

## Generosity by Agency

One of the interesting facts of the war has been the lavish generosity of Great Britain and France to tortured and desolated Belgium. The nine millions of the Belgian nation have suffered every horror that a barbarian enemy could inflict. Unable to assist Belgium directly, France and England welcomed the assistance of the neutral United States in distributing their bounty and for more than two years it has flowed unceasingly. A strange result has occurred as far as the Belgians and the Americans are concerned. As the fund is dispensed by the United States Relief Commission under the Stars and Stripes, the Belgians have been giving all the credit of the assistance rendered them to the people of the United States. This is one of the rewards of neutrality. Of the money so far contributed, amounting to over \$200,000,000, more than \$191,000,000 has been given by France and Britain, and less than \$9,000,000 by the United States.

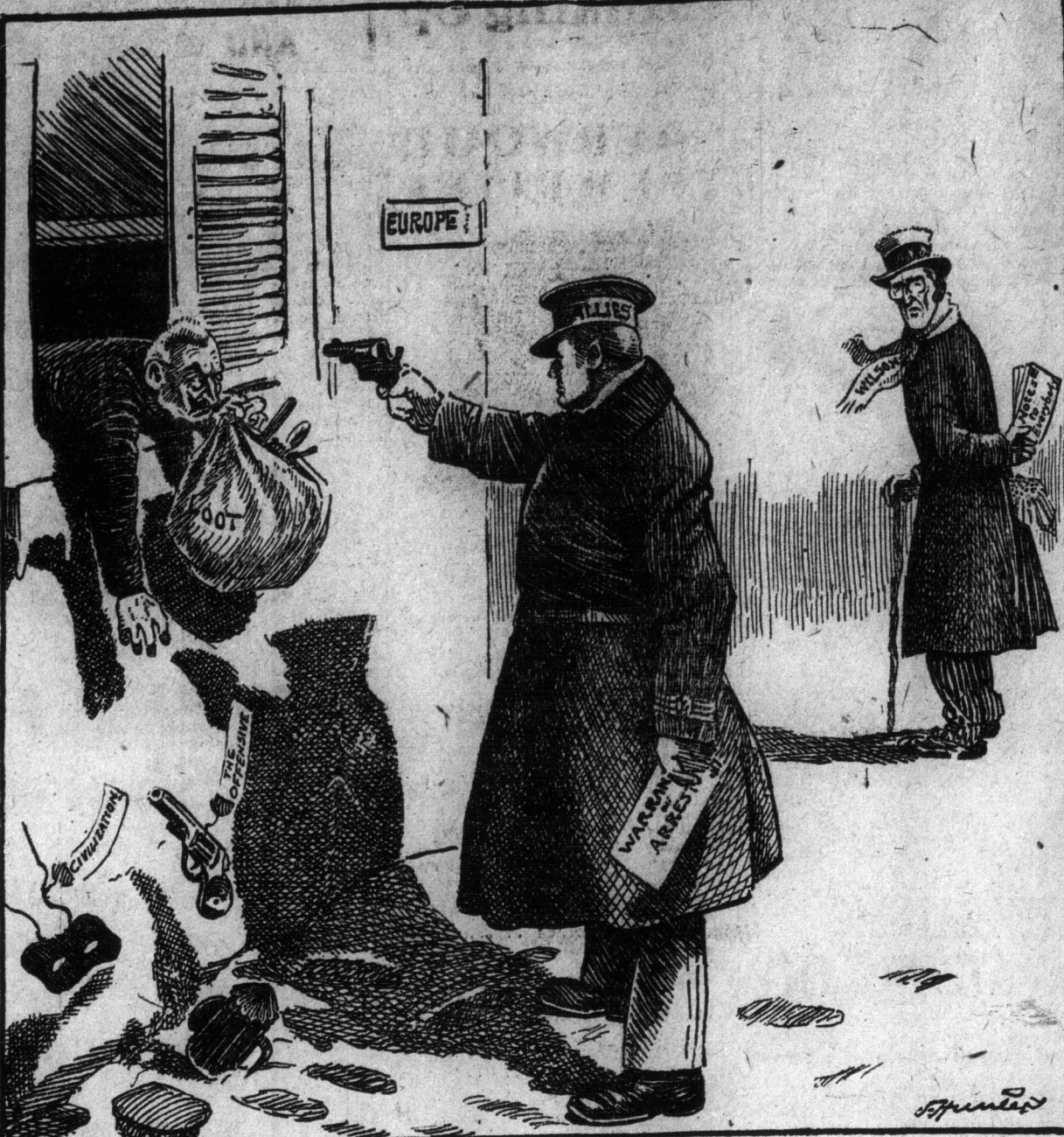
The United population of France and Britain is not 80,000,000. The United States claims 100,000,000. That is to say France and Britain have given at the rate of \$2.50 per head, and the United States at the rate of nine cents a head. It is to be considered also that the United States has no war expenses to meet, and is making money at an unparalleled rate out of the war, while both Britain and France are spending gigantic sums to defeat Germany as well as to relieve the Kaiser's victim.

## FARMERS' WASTE PAPER.

Editor World: For some time I have been wondering if it would be possible, when spring opens up, for someone in the city to send out motor trucks to the country to gather the waste paper. If the daily papers would ask the farmers to save it all up till spring they would be able to get tons of it, as nearly every farmer takes two or three papers. We have been saving ours for some time. Hoping this suggestion may help out a little.

A. R. Mills.  
Caledon East.

## MISJUDGING THE SITUATION



ELDERLY GENTLEMAN (quite deaf and rather short-sighted): Tut, Tut! Let there be no violence. Shake hands, and let us have PEACE.

## UNION STATION FATALITIES.

Editor World: Re accident at Union Station. The justice of the British Empire and the apparent injustice to the workman in some parts of it. We have now three men in jail who were performing their duties right and honestly, namely, Engineer Ross, Fireman Turner and Signaller Hickey. There have been several deaths in the city thru automobile accidents, and an auto can be turned to either side within a few yards. The railway company has been trying to run on rails. If this accident had happened in the station it would be quite different, but it happened on the freight track, where the public had no business to be. Evidently Col. Macdonald, as some of the others thought he was on a platform. The engineer and fireman had come from Samia to Toronto, about 170 miles, in that terrible storm, and if these people that were making merry could see a huge engine with its lights, how could they expect the engineer to see a few men in the dark and storm. The railway company has been trying for years, with a staff of constables and the assistance of the courts, to keep the people off its right of way. It is apparently the fault of the old station, for allowing the public in where they have no right or cause. I have known them to purchase tickets to Parkdale just to get in the station. And have seen people running across the tracks, in front of incoming trains, as if they were stepping as easily as a baby carriage. There is a great call for justice for our country from the young and workingman. This engine and fireman did not break any rule or law, but the other men walked right into the accident. And to punish innocent men and the families who are suffering the justice we read about being handed out in Germany.

A Canadian Workingman.

## COLLECTIVISM.

Editor World: Collectivism boasts of a greater number of adherents today than ever it did before. The war has brought to light its hidden merits, and what hidden merits it has emerged pure as gold. Has not Britain, in order to win this war, been forced to adopt this method?

It is clear, therefore, that what is needed among the newspapers is a national and sane journal that will fearlessly proclaim this altruism. Your paper, fortunately, is to hand, in this direction it has done well. I am doing admirable work. I trust that it may be sustained to continue.

The great crisis, through which we are passing, has forced many lessons upon us, and the most striking is that our present social and economic system is ill fitted to bear the strain of war. One of our great difficulties has been to get recruits for the army, owing chiefly to the unsatisfactory provision we are making for their dependents and their own future. Had we been a nation organized on real national lines we would have faced the war much better. The state, producing everything and owning all the means of transport and distribution, import and export, would have had no problem of enlistment or payment of dependents. The fate of dependents would deter no man from going out to fight, for he would know that they would be provided for by the commonwealth, whatever happened to him. For with the national control of the industry we not only had no problem of the enrichment of the few. There would be no contractors or middlemen to grow fat out of the people's needs, and our huge, wasteful charitable funds would be unnecessary.

The cost of the war would come out of the national profits, and so reduce the income of every one equally. Everyone would thus bear an equal share of the cost of the war. Would it be better than the chaos in which we are living today. Here we are, asking men to die for us for less than they are getting for their daily work, and are doling out such miserable pittances to their dependents that they have to be supplemented by the charity of the state. Our newspapers contain whole page advertisements asking for a square deal for our fighters. Meanwhile, how much are these advertisements costing? And how much is being spent in collecting and administering this fund? Why this waste? Simply because the government will not do its duty.

These advertisements tell us in large, bold type that the soldiers' wives and mothers are living from hand to mouth, and that their children are insufficiently clothed. If this is true, it is a public scandal. If this is a scandalous ill-treatment exists today, what will it be at the end of the war? If we do not force the government to put this matter on a right basis now, we ought never to look a soldier or a soldier's widow in the face again. All cadging appeals to spasmodic charity ought to be completely wiped out of our national records. We must not allow that our soldiers, who are giving their lives while their mothers, wives and children are offered—the shameful alternative of charity or starvation. It will not be long before a shameful thing if the wealthiest empire that the world has ever seen, called upon her sons to risk their lives for her, while she begrudged the sale of the wealth to the women and children who are dependent on the men who have to fight. These men are prepared to give their lives. All they ask is that out of the abundance of the wealth of this country, their dependents should be spared enough to keep them from want and charity.

Oh! for a real national government.

Merton P. O. Fair Play.

## WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE CAMPAIGN.

To Editor World: With your kind permission, I should like to make a statement regarding the woman suffrage movement as I find it in Ontario. Coming as I have from British Columbia, where we have so recently conducted a very successful campaign for woman suffrage, and having acted in the capacity of secretary for the W. S. A. I feel keenly interested in the campaign being carried on here.

In British Columbia, both the civilian and the soldier are strongly in favor of the woman suffrage referendum. The soldier evidently realized that in this time of preparation it was necessary for his wife, mother, daughter or sister to have a voice in the affairs of the nation.

Since coming to Toronto, I have heard a rumor to the effect that the present is a most inopportune time to carry on a campaign for woman suffrage. I can only say that in British Columbia I found the suffragettes all earnest Red Cross workers and very patriotic women. As the president of a branch of the Red Cross Society, I have reason to know that in working for the Red Cross the women were by no means neglected, the workers feeling that a greater expenditure of energy during the campaign was well worth while. From a standpoint of true patriotism, the suffragettes felt they were indeed working for a movement which would be of vital assistance to the women who have given their all for the cause of the empire, and who will find the power of the ballot not only a help, but a real necessity.

When the time for reconstruction comes surely there is no one who is more worthy or deserving of having a voice in the affairs of the government than the wife and mother of the Canadian soldier.

I am delighted to find so much enthusiasm shown in the campaign here, and I believe the women for the most part in the movement are anything but unpatriotic, as among them are leaders in the most patriotic work being done by women. That the women of Canada will have to take her share of the responsibility of the reconstruction of our nation is evident to all, and it stands to reason that she must be armed with all power possible. Intelligently do her duty as a true citizen. Thanking you for this valuable space, I am,

Anna M. McIntyre.

## CO-OPERATION AND COAL.

Editor World: Being a reader of The World, I notice that, something new for a newspaper, you are advocating co-operation. Being a disciple of Owens, I am interested to the extent of wishing you luck. Peg away. Start something. You have a hard row to hoe. First, you will need a new government. Being a native of Lancashire, where co-operative stores were first made successful, when a boy in the early 80's my people were in business, and when a co-operative store opened up close to, father soon felt the effect of its competition, gave up and bought shares in it. It is the only system that will make a true democracy of this country. There is all the more reason why we should give it a try. Take over the mineral wealth of the country and exploit it for the benefit of the people as a whole. It is their birthright. Don't give it to a few to exploit the people to their own ends. Also the land and railroads and shipping. I wish it were possible for my pen to be equal to this subject. Regarding the municipal coal yard, if the people have not learnt their lesson this winter they never will, any more than a green mark do not realize they are at war. In a city like this, that is dependent upon the United States for its heat in winter, it is necessary to have thousands of tons in reserve. The last place to go for advice in this matter is the coal men. There is not an up-to-date coal plant in the city. If a municipal plant is organized right the coal barons cannot compete with it, tho they may have been in business for a long time. In Ashbridge's Bay the city has an ideal situation for a storage yard, where the latest and most up-to-date plant could be erected, where up-to-date steamboats could discharge their 10,000 tons of coal in three or four hours. In the course of time, when the Welland Canal is finished, the coal ports of the U.S. will be at your door. Again, when in a few years the city takes over the street railroad system, it has a means of distributing coal to district yards and to large consumers directly in their own cars. There are great possibilities in co-operation. Do something, start something, now.

Capt. J. C. Smith.  
13 Balfour avenue.

By scooping out the inside of your heel it is possible to smuggle pig iron into the United States, but not in enough quantities to make it profitable.

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Anna M. McIntyre.

A self-winding door mat with all the complicated mechanism of the old time market. The idea is to save time and also prevent visitors' feet from being caught in the gears.

BREWED EXCLUSIVELY FROM MALT AND HOPS

## CANADIAN FILMS HERE NEXT MONTH

Toronto Will Soon Have Opportunity of Seeing Our Men in Action.

## SUCCESS IN LONDON

Pictures Were Shown There and Acclaimed as Most Vivid Yet Taken.

The recent cabled announcements that the Canadian Courcellette films have been released in England, followed now by the announcement of their release in Canada. The films will be presented early next month simultaneously in Toronto, Montreal and Ottawa and later throughout the Dominion by Messrs. Jule and J. J. Allen of the Famous Players Film Service, Limited, the Monarch Film Company and other well known theatrical enterprises under the auspices of the leading newspapers of the country from coast to coast. This was the plan followed in the case of "Britain Prepared," which was the first of the series of official war films produced by direction of the British Government, showing the progressive stages of Britain's share in the struggle. It was the plan followed in the case of the second chapter of the story, "The British and Canadian Armies in France," the film that showed the Kitchener's new army in the field ready for business, and it was the plan followed in presenting "The Battle of the Somme," the wonderful pictures which showed the army actually in action. This plan was described as "the greatest moving picture in the world," and it made new records for attendance everywhere it was shown.

Better Than Somme Pictures. The new Canadian film is said to be a greater piece of war photography than the Somme picture taken in July. Its exposures were made in September last by Lieut. G. H. Mains, the same fearless operator of the topical committee's staff who made the Somme pictures, and who works greater risk than those of the soldiers themselves. The film deals principally with the action at Courcellette, Sept. 16th last, when the Canadians made their victorious advance in conjunction with the first appearance of the now celebrated "battleships on land," which the soldiers have dubbed "the tanks."

A Canadian Associated Press cable, referring to these pictures as the most vivid war pictures yet secured, reads: "The Canadian war memorials fund stands to benefit appreciably through the sale of the latest moving pictures of Canadian soldiers at the front, taken for Sir Max Aitken's staff. These will be shown in Canada almost immediately, and are claimed to be the first movies of Canadians actually taken in France."

"They comprise depictions of almost all the most vivid parts of what the men of the maple leaf achieve and endure. Canadians are seen fixing bayonets, nonchalantly 'chewing' meanwhile or taking last puffs at cigarettes, then scrambling up ready to take over the top and racing at the German lines. Big guns belch their terrible missiles in the Somme direction. The wonderful tanks go forward, crawling over rock, stone, ditch and shell fissures, seemingly with the ease of a lawn mower over a tennis court."

"Some pictures are almost poignant to realism, notably the burial of a Canadian officer, and Germans lying still just where they were covered by a rain of explosive."

## A METHOD FOR RECRUITING.

Editor World: Last June you very kindly published a letter from the writer with some suggestions regarding methods of recruiting. At that time a number of military men and other experienced military approval of the methods proposed.

As the matter is again under discussion, and as I believe the suggestions would be practicable and effective, I venture to ask you to republish the suggestions made in that letter, as follows:

I call up immediately for training all men of military age and Canadian citizenship. This can be done under the Militia Act. Call them up in three batches for one month each. The healthful life in the tented field, the initiation to the mysteries of drill, the formation of new comradeships and the whole influence of life in a military camp would prepare for the second step.

2. Call for volunteers from time to time to form a complete battalion.

## MORE ABOUT THE H. C. OF L.

With all commodities soaring in price, it behooves the buyer to look for full value in every article.

## WHEN BUYING MATCHES SPECIFY EDDY'S

Their quality is beyond question, but besides this every box is a generously filled box.

Look out for short-count matches; there are many on the market.

Avoid imposition by always, everywhere, asking for EDDY'S.

## Safeguard your Health with

## D. J. Collis Brown's CHLORODYNE

Used with unvarying success by Doctors and the public for upwards of 60 years.

## THE BEST REMEDY KNOWN FOR

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, ACTS LIKE A CHARM IN DIARRHOEA, CHOLERA and DYSENTERY

A true palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE, CHECKS AND ARRESTS FEVER, GROUP, AGUE

Of all Chemists.

Prices in England: 1s. 3d. 2s. 6d. Always ask for a "Dr. Collis Brown's"

LYMAN BROS. & CO., LIMITED, TORONTO.

## Hotel Assessment

IS AGAIN REDUCED

But Board Decides It and Other Hotels Liable for Business Tax.

According to the decision of the Ontario Railway Board, the King Edward and other hotels of Toronto that appealed against business assessment for the year 1917 are not exempt. The appeal of the King Edward in this case was dismissed, but the assessment reduction on the building, made by the court of revision, was confirmed. The court of revision reduced the assessment from \$1,000,000 to \$800,000, and the county judge increased this to \$150,000. The board now reduces it to \$600,000 again.

The decision of the board is based on that rendered in the case of Clark v. Town of Leamington, in which it was held that a hotel not holding a liquor license was liable to a business assessment. This was a standard hotel in a municipality under local option. In the judgment the board holds that this fact does not differentiate it from the case of a hotel without a liquor license since the Ontario Temperance Act came into force. Regarding the assumption that the Ontario Temperance Act exempted the hotel from business assessment for 1917, the board holds that this exemption was for 1916 and not for 1917.

## PTE. ROXTON RETURNS

Special to The Toronto World. St. Catharines, Ont., Jan. 25.—Port Dalhousie turned out with a band and tendered a reception at the town hall to Pte. John Paxton who returned yesterday night from the front. A brother of the returned soldier paid the supreme sacrifice.

## A Sparkling, Satisfying Lager

Many people cannot tell the difference between O'Keefe's Imperial Lager and imported lagers. You will find all the flavour, sparkle and purity are maintained in



Brewed for local sales

On-Draught at all Hotels

Tell your Dealer to send you a case for your table use. Be sure you get O'Keefe's.

THE O'KEEFE BREWERY CO., LIMITED TORONTO, - ONT.







## **Baseball** A Talk With Nap Lajoie

## MANAGER N. LAJOIE TO PLAY FIRST BASE

Visit to Toronto—Will  
Build Up New Team.

baseball situation over in Toronto. He arrived late on Saturday night, and just had time to see his veteran athletic coach, patriot, Newby Lalonde, and Les Canadiens win the deciding game of the first half of the first series of the N.H.A. The new manager is an ardent hockey fan, having been a regular attendant while living in Cleveland. Larry is good-natured, personified, and looks a decade younger than his actual 41 years. He announced that, with Frank Truesdale on the team,

his life to the initial corner. The Leafs' new star-slicker will surely give the owner of the Barrow a run for the honors, and this is the earliest prediction that he will be the champion stickler of 1937.

Lajoie will go over with Eddie Durnan on the iceball today to have a look at the new team and with its snow-covered diamond. He will stay till tomorrow, and will next attend the schedule meeting in New York. He has nothing to say about signed players, and apart from Blackburn, the Leafs' hidden man, they are early sign up a new team. But that is a pretty good start.

Manager Napoleon dismissed the news

They're in Rome, and was voted champion of the season open.

Tho of French-Canadian parentage, LaJoie was never in Montreal and this is his first trip to Toronto. He was born in Rhode Island. He speaks French.

## STATES INTRODUCE BOXING MEASURES

Five of Them Appear to Be Anxious to Get Back Into Boxing Game.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Boxing, given a black eye in days gone by because of the danger to the spectators, may come back.

Aroundy in five states—Illinois, Missouri, California, Michigan and Nebraska—has never been able to get a law passed to legalize boxing, and there is every indication that they will pass.

In Illinois, the legislature at the 2nd Illinois Innary, impressed by the success of boxing among the masses, has agreed to the extent of the state under provisions in Missouri where boxing in professional number of rounds is offered to raise the limit to 20 rounds. It is fostered by Dr. C. C. Johnson, who is the state boxing commission. In St. Louis 12-round contests, under police supervision, are held in the city of St. Louis. In Kansas City and St. Joseph 15 rounds is the limit. In California, where the police are favourable to boxing, the state of California is in the process of passing a law to whether the police administration is favourable or unfavourable.

In Michigan, where boxing is popular, the Western bill would make all parts of the state legal.

In California the proposed law provides for a state boxing commission and a board of referees, and a board of judges, and a board of referees. The remainder of the commission would be the same as the Western bill would go to the Mother's Pension.

ably upon the measure offered by General Melady, the Omaha promoter, which would make boxing legal under state supervision. The bill also would eliminate the guarantee and make each fight a book.

Conditions in Michigan are peculiar and over-eagerness on the part of the promoters may spoil the chances. During the administration of Governor Parson, both houses of the legislature passed a measure legalizing boxing. When the measure reached the governor it promptly was vetoed. Boxing enthusiasts were leading supporters of the new executive.

A. E. Sleeper is said to look favorably

For grand, and no sooner had Governor Sleeper taken office than they began stalling bouts all over the state, whereupon the governor instructed the sheriff to clamp them up and arrest them on pretense that the fight had been made lawful.

Minnesota is in danger of losing the game as a result of the boxing commission's interpretation of the law passed two years ago. George Moeller, a representative and author of the law, intended that the state should not permit prize-fighting bouts, but the commission construed it to apply only to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, and Moeller, angered at what he believes unfair rulings, is asking a repeal of the law.

Nick Altrock has abandoned his hope of being a vaudeville star and has gone into business. After being booked solid for a week in Chicago's suburbs, his little plan seemed to fall flat. "You see, I'm not a 'White Rat,'" said Nick, "so the vaudeville managers are awfully nice to me and don't try to make me work. Now, I see the ball players may have to go on a strike. So I thought I had better get a regular job. I signed up with the Ashland sport-

how to wear a baseball uniform. It looks better than the stage stuff to me, and I don't think I'll ever get used to the old style." "I don't worry if the boys go on the strike."

**NEXT PROGRAM.**

The champion Canadians, after their victory over the 228th, are remaining over in Toronto to be in the best of shape for Toronto in the opening game of the second series for N.H.A. championship. The Canadians are confident they will be a hard team to beat, but the blue shirts have released Bill Watters, a former Toronto rickety, who has poor performance, this time against Wanders, and the Canadians are confident the Redlands, Robert, Lesueur or Crooks, the T.R. & A.A. smart star, in the 202, and the 202, will be a hard team to beat. The plan opens tomorrow at the Arena and Mondays. With the game of the 202, after this they have been in years.

**Sporting Notices**

to future events, where an admission fee is charged, are inserted in the advertising columns at fifteen cents a line display (minimum 10 lines). Announcements for clubs or other organizations of future events, where no admission fee is charged, may be inserted in this column at two cents a word, with a minimum of fifty cents for each insertion.







## BELGIAN MINISTER EXPOSES GERMANS

Washington Legation Denounces Deportations for Supply of Labor.

### RETURNS TO SLAVERY

Enemy Revives Institution Long Abolished by Civilized Nations.

Special to The Toronto World. Washington, Jan. 28.—Excoriating the Belgian deportations instituted by the Germans, the Belgian Minister Emmanuel Havenith, issued a statement tonight replying to the recent defense of the action made by the German foreign office in response to an inquiry from the U. S. S.

After showing how raw materials and machinery have been seized during the German occupation of Belgium, thus depriving the Belgians of work and sustenance, Minister Havenith says that the Germans have conspired to bring the Belgians to a point where they would be forced to work for German interests against their fellow-countrymen and compatriots. He says that action is repugnant to all civilized nations and is nothing more nor less than slavery. He concludes as follows:

"It is a return to an institution which has been definitely suppressed by civilized nations. The United States, especially, in order to assure the abolition of this institution, did not hesitate to give its utmost resources and to sacrifice the blood of its noblest sons. Today a nation which calls itself civilized wishes to re-establishment of the institution in the twentieth century. A fact more grave is that she wishes to justify her re-establishment of the institution upon the principle of international law. If this theory should be accepted it would mean the shipwreck of all acquisition, of all progress that civilization has made during these recent centuries. It would be an admission that all the efforts made in the past for the advancement and progress of humanity, and which have been the various treaties and conventions, could be used as justification for the re-establishment of the most hideous servitude from which humanity has suffered."

### PLANT AT SILVERTOWN WRECKED BY EXPLOSION

Disaster Did Not Occur at Woolwich Arsenal, Say Americans.

New York, Jan. 28.—Passengers arriving here tonight from Liverpool on the American liner steamship St. Louis, who were in London on the night of Jan. 19, when a large munition plant exploded near the city, causing the deaths of 13 persons, and the destruction of the plant, stated that the disaster occurred not at Woolwich arsenal, as was at first believed, but at Silvertown.

The city of London was shaken severely by the explosion, which caused windows in some of the principal hotels being broken, but as they had to leave London at 9 o'clock the next morning to catch the ship, details of the catastrophe could not be obtained because of the secrecy enforced by the officers.

John A. Wilson, of Franklin, Pa., said he was in the Great Eastern Hotel when the explosion occurred, and that a telegram and a check for \$100 had been blown up, and that it was at a point on the Great Eastern Railroad, about seven miles from London, that the information indicated it was not Woolwich arsenal, he said.

### BORDEN WILL REPLY TO TURRIFF CHARGES TODAY

Premier Will Give Unqualified Denial to Statement Made by Western Member.

Special to The Toronto World. Ottawa, Jan. 28.—The political situation has been fanned into a new hot spot by reason of the charges made by Mr. Turriff, the member for Assiniboia, in the House of Commons, to the effect that Sir Robert Borden had told the Toronto Recruiting League that the government thought recruiting had gone far enough, and that more energy should be devoted to developing the resources of Canada. Mr. Turriff also said in his speech that if given a committee he would establish what he said.

The current gossip here is that Mr. Turriff proposes to name J. M. Godfrey of Toronto as authority for his statement, or perhaps even Sir Sam Hughes, the nothing very exact in this respect could be learned here today. Conservatives feel very indignant over the charge made against the premier, and the general opinion is that if the intention is to imply that Sir Robert Borden had said anything of the kind, it will fall very flat upon the country and among the public here. It is understood that Sir Robert will make a statement at the opening of the House on Monday, and as far as he is concerned give the charge an unqualified denial.

The situation is, nevertheless, in a somewhat volcanic condition, and any kind of explosion may occur between now and Tuesday night, especially if Sir Sam Hughes takes the floor, as it is now reported he will, on Tuesday, or if he takes it, for Sir Robert Borden's statement on Monday.

### LIFE PRISONER WILL NOT GO TO CHURCH

Jesse Pomeroy Refuses to Attend Services in a Boston Prison.

Special to The Toronto World. Boston, Jan. 28.—Although because he has not been granted a pardon, Pomeroy today refused to attend prison services with a company of prisoners. Since the commutation of his sentence Pomeroy, who spent forty-three years in solitary confinement, has been granted the same liberties allowed other prisoners. He has steadfastly refused, however, to take advantage of his newly-enlarged liberties.

Pomeroy should be granted a full pardon, he will have a position open to him at once. A woman in the Back Bay district, who refused to allow her name to be published, has written to the prison authorities saying that she will employ the famous life as a house servant. If the prison can be arranged.

## TRI-COUNTY COUNCIL NAMES SUPERINTENDENT

Good Roads Manager Will Receive Thousand a Year and Expenses.

Special to The Toronto World.

Cornwall, Ont., Jan. 28.—At the closing session of the counties council, the united counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, held on Saturday, J. G. Cameron, C. E. of Herwick, was appointed county superintendent over the extensive good roads scheme adopted by these counties.

Mr. Cameron was given a salary of \$1,000 a year and traveling expenses the latter not to exceed more than \$1,000 a year, his duties to commence on February 1, 1917, and to include the keeping open of the designated roads for the balance of the winter, so far as possible. He is to devote his time and attention exclusively to the work of the counties. A sub-committee composed of Mr. Fisher, Herkley, Cope and Nicholson, C. E. of Herwick, was appointed county superintendent over the extensive good roads scheme adopted by these counties.

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## FOE NEWSPAPERS ADULATE KAISER

Promise to Follow Emperor Thru Thick and Thin During War.

MANY GAIN PARDONS

Convicted, Soldiers, Sailors, Civilians Receive Release on Birthday.

London, Jan. 28.—11-10 p.m.—German newspapers, says an Exchange Telegraph despatch from The Hague, published leaders on the emperor's birthday, expressing loyalty and promising that Germany would follow the emperor thru thick and thin until the end of the great war. The hope is also expressed that this certainly will be the emperor's last birthday.

The emperor, the despatch adds, in commemoration of his birthday pardoned a large number of convicted soldiers, sailors and civilians. The emperor spent the day at German headquarters on the eastern front with the empress, Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary, Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, Foreign Minister Zimmermann and Field Marshal von Hindenburg.

Birthday appointments made by the German Emperor, says a Reuter despatch from Berlin, includes that of Field Marshal von Falkenhayn to the command of the 10th Army, Gen. Schubert, inspector of field artillery, is transferred to the general staff and the Duke of Brunswick, the emperor's son-in-law, is promoted to be a major-general.

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## CORNWALL PREACHER SAYS "LET THEM VOTE"

Declares Women Are as Intelligent as Men and Should Have Power.

Special to The Toronto World. Cornwall, Jan. 28.—Rev. Wesley Cosgrove, in the Methodist Church today, gave his congregation some of the reasons why, in his opinion, women are entitled to the franchise. He said: "They can as intelligently consider matters relating to the welfare of the country as the men who do."

"They are especially interested in laws relating to the protection of the home and the safeguarding of the child. In order to be able to obey the laws, it is only fair they should be allowed to help decide what these laws should be."

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## LIEUT. G. BEAUMONT VICTIM OF ACCIDENT

Son of Major Beaumont, Kitchen-er, Bombing Instructor, Meets Death in France.

Special to The Toronto World. Kitchener, Ont., Jan. 27.—Word was received in this city today by Major E. J. Beaumont of the accidental death of his son, Lieut. George J. Beaumont, formerly of this city and a former employee of the F. H. Deacon company, brokerage office, Toronto. Lieut. Beaumont enlisted with the Queen's Own at the outbreak of the war and after serving in Egypt was transferred to France, where he was killed in a bombing school behind the Somme front. The news of his accidental death was received with regret in this city. He was very popular.

## OMNIBUS LINE WILL RUN TO PT. BURWELL

Company Will Operate Up-to-Date Line From Aylmer and St. Thomas.

Special to The Toronto World. St. Thomas, Jan. 28.—There is a probability that the transportation facilities, which have for years been inadequate between St. Thomas, Aylmer and Port Burwell, will at last be improved. A company has been formed to run an up-to-date omnibus line between these points. The vehicles will be of the most modern design, and will have accommodation to carry thirty passengers, and freight as well, and will run an hourly service.

For years the residents of this district have been trying to promote an electric line. Some wanted the terminal in London, and others insisted upon St. Thomas, as it was the county town, and the route could never be decided on.

## CLASH OF IDEALS OBSTRUCTS PEACE

Sir Thomas White Defines Situation in Address at New York.

FIGHT OF DEMOCRACY

War Cannot End Until Right Principles Have Been Established.

Special to The Toronto World. New York, Jan. 28.—The establishment of democratic government in Germany will bring peace to the world, said Sir Thomas White, member of the House of Commons, in a speech to the annual dinner of the Biltmore Hotel, Canada, he said, is fighting with Great Britain and the United States for the establishment of democracy. Until the establishment of true democracy throughout the world, he said, there is no hope of lasting peace. In part he said:

"There has been talk of peace, but there cannot be durable peace while ideals remain at war. Let Germany establish a democratic government and she will have no difficulty in making peace. What guarantee can there be of permanent peace until the German people lose confidence in the machine and demand for world domination? Why talk of peace while the ideal remains for 'survival of the fittest'?"

"That this is not only a war of defence but a war of idealism is the point I wish to emphasize to my Canadian-American fellow-citizens. 'We Canadians believe there can be no compromise. If we consent to no compromise, we are establishing the ideal of world peace our hero's death would ask us from the graves for what they had been called upon to die. The real issue is whether the spirit which perpetrated the Belgian atrocities, executed Edith Cavell and sank the 'Tusit' mail ship, will be the spirit of the future or the spirit of the past. No, not if Great Britain can prevent.'"

"I am very much gratified for the country and for myself. I feared the result, because the Liberal canvassers here have been instructed to state every-where in the country that a vote for Seigney meant conscription within two weeks. I have proof that special instructions were given to this effect."

"I placed the question of the war before the electors and told them it was their duty to make all sacrifices to assure victory. 'I am happy to see that the French-Canadians understood the situation by refusing to support my adversary and the demagogues who supported him. The people of Quebec are in sympathy with the other parts of Canada in this great question. And when the war is over in politics the French-Canadians would do as well as the soldiers of the 22nd Battalion and Asselin and the others who are contributing to victory.'"

"I hope that the Liberal leaders in Quebec will understand that it is ill timed to arouse political disputes and that the war is over it will be easier to settle all the bilingual questions through Canada. 'I am proud of my good electors of Ontario. On this question of our countrymen who know my past know that I want to see the two races united in this country and justice given to minority races. I am sure that the majority of the citizens of Canada would realize that we are in union with our countrymen on this great question. And when the war is over it will be easier to settle all the bilingual questions through Canada.'"

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## Returned in Dorchester

on Albert Seigney, new minister of interior, will be defeated Liberal opponent by 244 votes.

EVIGNY HOLDS SEAT SECURELY

(Continued from Page 1).

Levis on Saturday night 2000 people assembled at the depot to greet him. Upon learning that his election was certain Mr. Seigney gave the following interview at St. Henri's on Saturday night:

"I am very much gratified for the country and for myself. I feared the result, because the Liberal canvassers here have been instructed to state every-where in the country that a vote for Seigney meant conscription within two weeks. I have proof that special instructions were given to this effect."

"I placed the question of the war before the electors and told them it was their duty to make all sacrifices to assure victory. 'I am happy to see that the French-Canadians understood the situation by refusing to support my adversary and the demagogues who supported him. The people of Quebec are in sympathy with the other parts of Canada in this great question. And when the war is over in politics the French-Canadians would do as well as the soldiers of the 22nd Battalion and Asselin and the others who are contributing to victory.'"

"I hope that the Liberal leaders in Quebec will understand that it is ill timed to arouse political disputes and that the war is over it will be easier to settle all the bilingual questions through Canada. 'I am proud of my good electors of Ontario. On this question of our countrymen who know my past know that I want to see the two races united in this country and justice given to minority races. I am sure that the majority of the citizens of Canada would realize that we are in union with our countrymen on this great question. And when the war is over it will be easier to settle all the bilingual questions through Canada.'"

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## PRaises MANITOBA TEMPERANCE ACT

Hon. A. B. Hudson Declares Measure in Forefront of Prohibition Legislation.

PROVINCE IS MODEL

Drunkenness Has Decreased Eighty-Seven Per Cent.—Crime Also Slumps.

Winnipeg, Jan. 28.—In lauding the report of the Manitoba Temperance Act, compiled by J. N. MacLean, on the table in the legislature, Hon. A. B. Hudson, attorney-general, said it was generally recognized that the Manitoba Temperance Act was the act of the people. The government didn't claim credit for having done anything more than passing the act and submitting it to the people fairly by means of a referendum, and when it was passed having it carried into effect honestly and administered effectively.

The Manitoba Temperance Act, Mr. Hudson said, was regarded generally as being in the forefront of temperance legislation in the Dominion. When other communities wanted to do anything in the way of advance temperance legislation they looked to the Manitoba act as a model.

The report contained many striking statements, as follows: "The support accorded to the act has surpassed the public good it is noted that the earnings of the Winnipeg Beach branch of the Canadian Pacific for the summer of 1916 doubled the earnings of the previous best year. "Examination of the reports of druggists in the province would lead to the conclusion that there has been no increase of sales thru this channel since the introduction of the act. "Drunkenness has been reduced 87 per cent. since the introduction of the act. According to commitments to jail all other crime has been reduced 76 per cent. since the introduction of the act. "The results achieved have been obtained with a minimum of friction. "There were 220 prosecutions under the act and two under the Doherty act. "A sum of \$11,285 was realized thru fines collected."

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## MAKE YOUR DOLLARS

## FIGHT

AT THE FRONT.

BUY

## DOMINION OF CANADA

THREE-YEAR

## WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

\$ 25.00 FOR \$21.50  
50.00 " 43.00  
100.00 " 86.00

INDIVIDUAL PURCHASES LIMITED TO \$1500.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS APPLY AT ANY BANK  
OR ANY MONEY ORDER POST OFFICE

JAN. 9, 1917

FINANCE DEPARTMENT  
OTTAWASALES WERE SHORT  
CAUSING A DECLINE

Rumors of New Peace Proposals Gave Encouragement to Bears.

Special to The Toronto World.

New York, Jan. 27.—Trading in today's stock market was almost entirely influenced by the published statements in regard to the expectation that the German emperor will make some announcement at his birthday celebration that would be accepted as a new peace proposition and make the approach of the cessation of hostilities seem close at hand. Stocks were for sale at the opening in fairly large volume, but specialists in nearly all the important issues like U.S. Steel common said that the supply came almost wholly from the operators persistently committed to the bear side. The short interest was undoubtedly increased by the early selling, but those committed to the short side generally held to the view that some development might occur covering next week at lower levels. The U.S. Steel meeting to be held on Tuesday was looked forward to with high degree of interest, but no authoritative statement has been made by anyone of the management of dividend intentions of those who were concerned on the long side could do was to hope that recent predictions might come true.

U.S. Steel common under this pressure declined from 114 1/4 to 113 1/4, but quickly recovered most of this loss. The marine issues dropped off about two points with brisk rallies before the end of the first hour and similar losses and recoveries were noted in the copper stocks and in the railway and steel industrial. When the early forenoon passed without any new announcement from the German capital there was a disposition to buy back some of the stocks sold at and just after the opening, but, taken all together, the dealings on both the decline and rally were of no great significance, and simply indicated the shifting of position of the speculative element on the floor.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE

## HAD STEADIER TONE

Sterling and Francs Supported by British and French Credit.

Special to The Toronto World.

New York, Jan. 27.—Late in the week just passed the foreign exchange market took a turn counter to the previous movement, in which there had been a surprising succession of new low records in Italian exchange, and rubles and some other classes sustained declines below the previous low records, as in Vienna, kronen fell from 1.01 to 7.91. The final figures, as above stated, showed a moderate rallying tendency in Italian exchange and rubles, while Scandinavian exchange developed strength and rubles and kronen became firmer. Sterling and francs showed almost uninterrupted steadiness and as left off. The weakness in the various exchanges was considered in the light of a calamity through Ontario and is putting it mildly. The late Col. Hay will be a hard man to replace as a mining engineer of the highest integrity, a thorough gentleman possessing tremendous executive ability, and a born diplomat. He was a tower of strength to every mining board he ever served on, and the passing of such a genius is decidedly Northern Ontario's sad loss.

## MONEY RATES.

Glazebrook & Cronyn, exchange and bond brokers, report exchange rates as follows:

Buy. Sell. Counter.  
N.Y. fds. 1-32 pm. 3-64 pm. 3/4 to 1/2  
Mont. fds. par. par. 3/4 to 1/2  
Ster. dem. 475.30 475.70 3/4 to 1/2  
Cable tr. 476.50 476.70 479

Rates in New York—  
Sterling demand, 100 to 100.00  
Bank of England rate, 5 1/2 per cent.

W. J. Green and C. K. Dods have formed a partnership as Green, Dods & Co., with offices in the Royal Bank building, for the transaction of a brokerage business. The firm are members of the Toronto Stock Exchange.

## NEW BROKERAGE FIRM.

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## Record of Saturday's Markets

## TORONTO STOCKS.

Am. Cyanamid com.	Ask.	Bid.
do. preferred	40	39
Barclays	194	193
Brazilian T. L. & P.	45 1/2	45 1/4
B. C. Fishing	60	59
Bell Telephone	147	146
F. N. Burt com.	79	78
do. preferred	92	91
Can. Street com.	112 1/2	112
do. preferred	112 1/2	112
C. Car & P. Co.	21	20
do. preferred	21	20
Canada Cement com.	64	63 1/2
do. preferred	64	63 1/2
Can. St. Lines com.	14 1/4	14
Can. Gen. Electric	112 1/2	112
Can. Loco. com.	89	88
do. preferred	89	88
C. F. R.	162	161 1/2
Royal Bank	240	239
Confederation Life	385	384
Coniags	4.40	4.39
Cons. Smelter	164 1/2	164
Consumers' Gas	165	164 1/2
Detroit United	125	124 1/2
Dom. Canners	59	58
do. preferred	65	64
Dom. Steel Corp.	65 1/2	65
do. preferred	65 1/2	65
Dom. Telegraph	90	89
Dunlop - Superior	89	88
do. preferred	89	88
Maple Leaf com.	67 1/2	67
do. preferred	67 1/2	67
Monarch com.	41	40
do. preferred	41	40
N. Steel Car com.	174 1/2	174
do. preferred	174 1/2	174
Nipissing Mines	8.50	8.40
N. S. Steel com.	116	115
do. preferred	116	115
P. Burt com.	29	28
do. preferred	29	28
Petroleum	14.10	14.05
Porto Rico Ry. com.	42 1/2	42
Quebec L. H. & P.	69	68
Ridion common	123	122
Rogers com.	93 1/2	93
do. preferred	93 1/2	93
Russell M. C. com.	80	79
do. preferred	80	79
Sawyer Massey pref.	66	65
Shredded Wheat com.	138	137
do. preferred	138	137
Steel of Canada com.	65 1/2	65
do. preferred	65 1/2	65
Toronto Paper	75	74
Toronto Railway	83	82
Twin City com.	80	79
Winnipeg Railway	80	79

## STANDARD STOCK EXCHANGE.

Gold	Ask.	Bid.
Apex	11 1/2	11 1/4
Boston Creek	138	137
Davidson	70	69
Dome Lake	41	40 1/4
Dome Mines	21	20 1/4
Dome Consolidated	21	20 1/4
Eldorado	2 1/2	2 1/4
Foley	1 1/2	1 1/4
Hollinger com.	6.87	6.82
do. preferred	6.87	6.82
Inspiration	15	14
Porcupine Tidal	48	47
Kirkland Lake	48	47
McIntyre	194	193
McIntyre Extension	61	60
Moneta	18	17
Newray	141	140
Pearl Lake	1 1/2	1 1/4
Porcupine Bonanza	71	70
Porcupine Gold	2	1 1/2
Porcupine Imperial	4 1/2	4 1/4
Porcupine Tidal	48	47
Porcupine Vipond	45	44
Preston	6 1/2	6 1/4
Schomberg	38	37
Tock - Hughes	80	79
Tommy Burns com.	42	41
West Dome	32	31
Krist	35 1/2	35
Silver	6 1/2	6 1/4
Bailey	38	37
Beaver	13 1/2	13 1/4
Chambers Ferland	14	13 1/2
Coniags	4.10	4.09
Consolidated	48	47
Foster	48	47
Gifford	5	4 1/2
Lorrain	19 1/2	19
Great Northern	14 1/2	14
Hargreaves	19	18 1/2
Hudson Bay	20	19
Kanabek	26	25
Kerr Lake	4.76	4.75
Lorrain	19 1/2	19
La Rose	60	59
McKin. Dar.	8.50	8.40
Nipissing	8.50	8.40
Ophir	12	11
Right-of-Way	6 1/2	6 1/4
Rochester Mines	21	20 1/4
Silver Leaf	2 1/2	2 1/4
Sensac Superior	60	59
Timiskaming	59 1/2	59
Tretheway	19	18 1/2
White Reservoir	30	29
Wells	7 1/2	7 1/4
York, Ont.	2 1/2	2 1/4
National	21	20
Miscellaneous	42	41
Vacuum	42	41
Silver-76 1/2		

## STANDARD SALES.

Open.	High.	Low.	Cl.	Sales.
Gold	11 1/2	11 1/4		1,500
B. Creek	150	148	138	3,525
D. Lake	41	40	41	3,500
H. B. C.	14	13	14	1,000
Hollinger	6.95	7.00	6.85	6,800
McIntyre	194	195	193	1,200
do. pr.	194	195	193	1,200
P. Crown	70	69	68	1,600
Imperial	48	47	46	5,000
Can. Locomotive	48	47	46	2,000
Vipond	45	44	43	1,000
Preston	6 1/2	6 1/4	6 1/2	4,000
Newray	141	140	139	8,000
T. Hughes	79 1/2	80	79 1/2	4,500
West Dome	30	29	28	5,100
Bailey	6 1/2	6 1/4	6 1/2	1,200
Coniags	4.30	4.29	4.29	1,800
Crown Res.	42	41	40	9,000
Steel Car	174 1/2	174	173 1/2	9,000
Gr. North	15	14	13	25,500
Hargreaves	19	18 1/2	18 1/2	2,500
Ch. St.	85	84	83	1,000
La Rose	55	54	53	1,000
Lorrain	19 1/2	19	18	1,000
McKinley	59 1/2	59	58	3,000
National	21	20	19	2,000
St. Paul	12	11	10	2,000
30 R. of Way	6 1/2	6 1/4	6 1/2	800
Shamrock	60	59	58	2,000
Timiskaming	59 1/2	59	58	2,000
Total sales	131,247			

## NEW YORK COTTON.

Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan. 27	17.23	17.44	17.18
Jan. 28	17.23	17.44	17.18
Jan. 29	17.23	17.44	17.18
Jan. 30	17.23	17.44	17.18
Jan. 31	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 1	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 2	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 3	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 4	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 5	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 6	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 7	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 8	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 9	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 10	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 11	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 12	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 13	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 14	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 15	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 16	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 17	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 18	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 19	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 20	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 21	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 22	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 23	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 24	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 25	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 26	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 27	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 28	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 29	17.23	17.44	17.18
Feb. 30	17.23	17.44	17.18

## MONTREAL STOCKS.

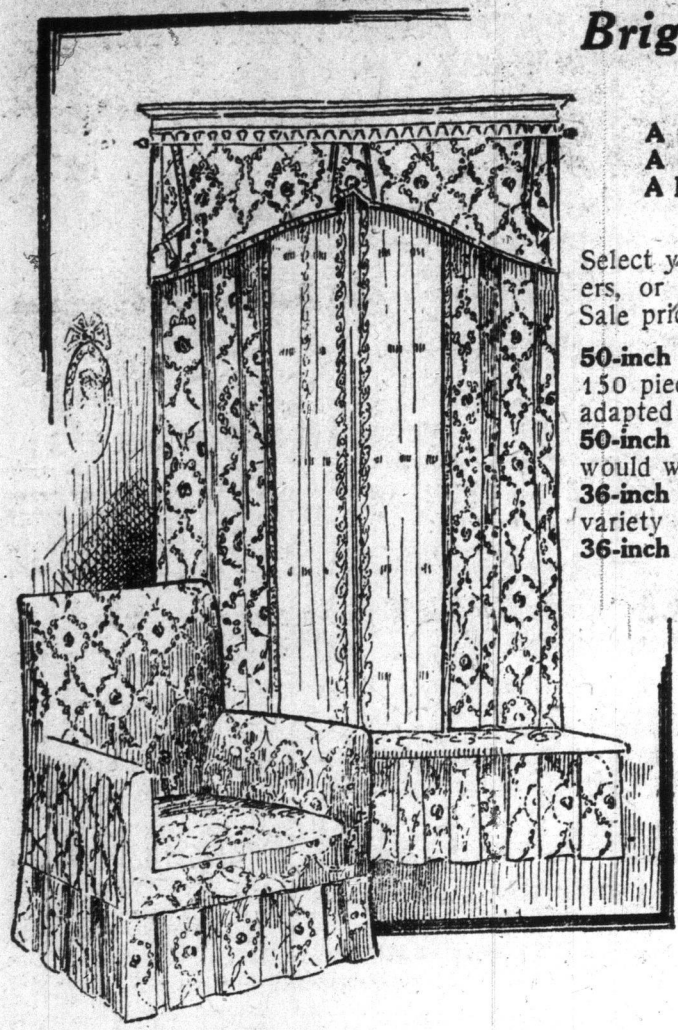
Smelters	33	32 1/2	43 1/2						
Tr. Paper	74	72	45						
Tr. Rails	102	102	42						
War L.	1931	97 1/2	\$1,000						
War L.	1925	95 1/2	\$100						
Unlisted									
D. S. Fdy.	149	158	52						
d. pfd.	88 1/2	15	15						
Hollinger	700	193	3,255						
McIntyre	193	194 1/2	2,000						
McIntyre	83 1/2	2,000							

Supplied by Heron & Co.									
				Op.	High.	Low.	Cl.		Sale
Bell Tel.	145	145	145	145	145	145			
Can. SS. com.	94	94	94	94	94	94			
Detroit U.	24	24	24	24	24	24			
Quebec Ry.	24	24	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2			
Toronto Ry.	38	38	33	33	33	33			
Can. Car. F.	30 1/2	31	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2			
Can. Com. P.	64	64	64	64	64	64			
Can. Smelt.	32	32	32	32	32	32			



# "Top Notch" Monday Values at the SIMPSON Store February Sale of Floor Coverings and Draperies

**Brighten Up the Furniture and Windows Now.  
Take Advantage of These Offers.**



- A Chintz Slip Cover, made for any Chair ..... 1.00  
A Chintz Slip Cover, made for any Chesterfield or Sofa ..... 2.00  
A Pair of Chintz Curtains to match ..... 1.00  
These prices do not include material.

Select your fabric now, and we will send a man to measure your furniture for slip covers, or your windows for curtains, and make them up for you at the special February Sale prices. Here are suitable materials:

**50-inch English and French Linens and Chintzes at \$2.00 and \$2.50 Per Yard**—About 150 pieces to select from, all are excellent quality and in beautiful colorings, especially adapted for slip covers or curtains.  
**50-inch Aubusson Linens, \$3.50 Per Yard**—Unusual colorings, extra heavy quality, would wear as well as tapestry.  
**36-inch Chintzes and Taffeta at 69c to 98c**—Verdure and conventional patterns in a variety of color combinations.  
**36-inch Chintzes at 39c, 49c and 59c**—Light colorings for bedrooms.

## Have Your Furniture Re-covered Free of Charge

Figure the price of labor and see what this means. You have the choice of our extensive stock of English and Italian tapestries, which are marked at tempting prices. Select your covering, and we will put it on the chair or sofa free of charge. All you pay for is the price of the material and the cost of any repainting necessary.

**50-inch English and Italian Tapestry at \$1.85 and \$2.50 per Yard**—This is a very extensive line and includes all the most popular color combinations and designs of good quality.

**Curtain Nets at 69c**—This lot comprises such popular effects as the filet and bungalow. They are in ivory and white, 50 inches wide, which should sell regularly up to \$1.25 yard.

**Scrim Curtains at \$1.39 and \$2.98 per Pair**—Neat, serviceable and effective scrim curtains, 2½ yards long, trimmed with pretty laces and insertions, in white, ivory or ecru. Priced at \$1.39 and \$2.98 per pair.

**Here Are Examples of Floor Coverings  
Priced Lower Than We Would Have to  
Pay the Manufacturers for the Same Goods**

### Japanese Grass Rugs

This is a heavy make and comes in three colors, green, brown and crimson, with different designs in conventional patterns or plain lined borders. Size 2.6 x 5, February Sale, 75c; 3 x 6, 89c; 4.6 x 7.6, \$1.95; 8 x 9, \$3.65.

### Remnants of Brussels Carpet

100 1½-yard lengths of Brussels Carpets, some of the very best qualities, being a lot of discarded patterns and manufacturers' samples. February sale, 1.65 each.

### Axminster Hearth Rugs

30 only of these heavy and well known rugs, good selection of conventional and Oriental patterns, in close weave and will stand endless wear and rough usage. Size 42 x 62 inches. Regular \$7.50. February 5.95 Sale.

### versatile Rugs

This is a manufacturers' job line of useful reversible rugs that are suitable for any place in the house where a small rug is wanted. In dark colors with lined borders, or self two-tone effects in lighter shades for bedroom. Size 24 x 48 in. February Sale, 1.49 each.

## See the Big Values We Offer in Odd Rugs

Each day during our sale our stock man is going through our various piles of rugs to select all those that may be slightly soiled, or are odd rugs, and these will be offered at greatly reduced prices, so that each day this stock will contain a different selection of rugs in all makes. Here are a few in Monday's list, including some that are made up from short lengths of our Axminster and Brussels carpets, together with woven rugs of various makes:

One only, Axminster Rug, size 7.6 x 8.3. Oriental design in blue and tan colorings. Regular 29.50 \$39.50. February Sale ..... 11.75

One only, English Axminster Rug, size 7.6 x 7.6, dark green ground with conventional design. Reg. 11.95 \$18.50. February Sale ..... 9.75

Two only, Brussels Rugs, size 7.6 x 10.6. blue ground, dark crimson Oriental pattern. Regular 9.75 \$15.25. February Sale ..... 27.50

Two only, Hair Brussels, size 9 x 12 feet, plain brown centres with brown and green borders. Reg. 27.50 \$35.00. February Sale ..... 59.50

One only, Brussels Rug, size 6.9 x 10.6. green ground with brown and tan figure. Regular \$22.95. 11.75 February Sale

One only, Wilton Rug, size 11.3 x 12 feet. Oriental design in tan and green colorings. Regular 32.95 \$49.50. February Sale ..... 43.75

One only, Extra Fine Wilton Rug, size 11.3 x 12 feet. fringed edge, two-tone blue and old rose colorings. Regular \$65.00. February Sale ..... 43.75

One only, Extra Fine English Wilton, size 11.3 x 11.6. handsome scroll design, blue and cream colorings. Regular \$85.00. February Sale ..... 59.50

## Boots at Low Prices

Men's good looking, serviceable winter weight boots, gun-metal and box heel blucher and straight lace boots, full round and English recede toe styles, double Goodyear welt leather soles and medium weight rubber fibre soles; military and low heels; sizes 6 to 11. Regular \$4.00. Monday ..... 3.24

**Women's Patent Colt Gunmetal Button Boots**, dull calf and black cloth uppers, plain vamp; also dongola kid lace, medium toe, patent tip, good weight sole for walking, high Cuban and low heels. Sizes 5½ to 7. Monday ..... 3.00

**Boys' Tan and Black Box Kip Leather Boots**, with solid standard screw soles, reinforced and sewn with strong wax thread, solid box toes and counters. Made on neat full fitting last.

Sizes 5 to 5½. Monday ..... 2.75

**Girls' Strong Comfortable Fitting Box Kip Blucher Boots**, heavy solid soles and low heels, full round toe shapes. Sizes 8 to 10. Regular \$1.45. Monday ..... 1.49

**Babies' Boots**, beautifully made lace and button style boots, red, blue, pink, black, white and combination leathers. Soft soles. Sizes 0-4. Regular 63c and 75c. Monday ..... .49

## Soldiers, Attention!



**Khaki Flannel Negligee Shirts**, collar attached or separate collar style; large roomy bodies. Sizes 14 to 17. Each ..... 2.00

**Officers' Khaki Varsity Flannel Shirts**, guaranteed fast color. Each shirt has two separate collars, shoulder straps and buttoned cuffs. Sizes 14 to 17. Monday ..... 3.50

**Money Belts of canvas and leather**, 4 and 6 pockets. Sizes 30 to 44. Each, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25. Monday ..... .50

**Khaki Ties**, in plain silk or knitted. Each ..... 1.00

**Officers' Pure Silk Knitted Ties**, A. T. Reid make. Each ..... 2.00

## Men's Pants Very Good Values

**Men's Work Pants** that will give very satisfactory service. The material is a cotton worsted cloth in dark color with light stripe pattern. Strongly tailored. Sizes 32 to 44. Clearance price ..... 1.49

**A Brown Worsted Cloth Trousers at \$2.25**

A Trousers that will give most satisfactory service, being made from English worsted, in brown with dark stripe pattern; finished with five pockets; sizes 32 to 44. Special value at ..... 2.25

**Trousers of a most satisfactory wearing navy blue serge cloth**. Has five pockets and belt loops. Nicely tailored. Sizes 32 to 44. Special value at ..... 3.50

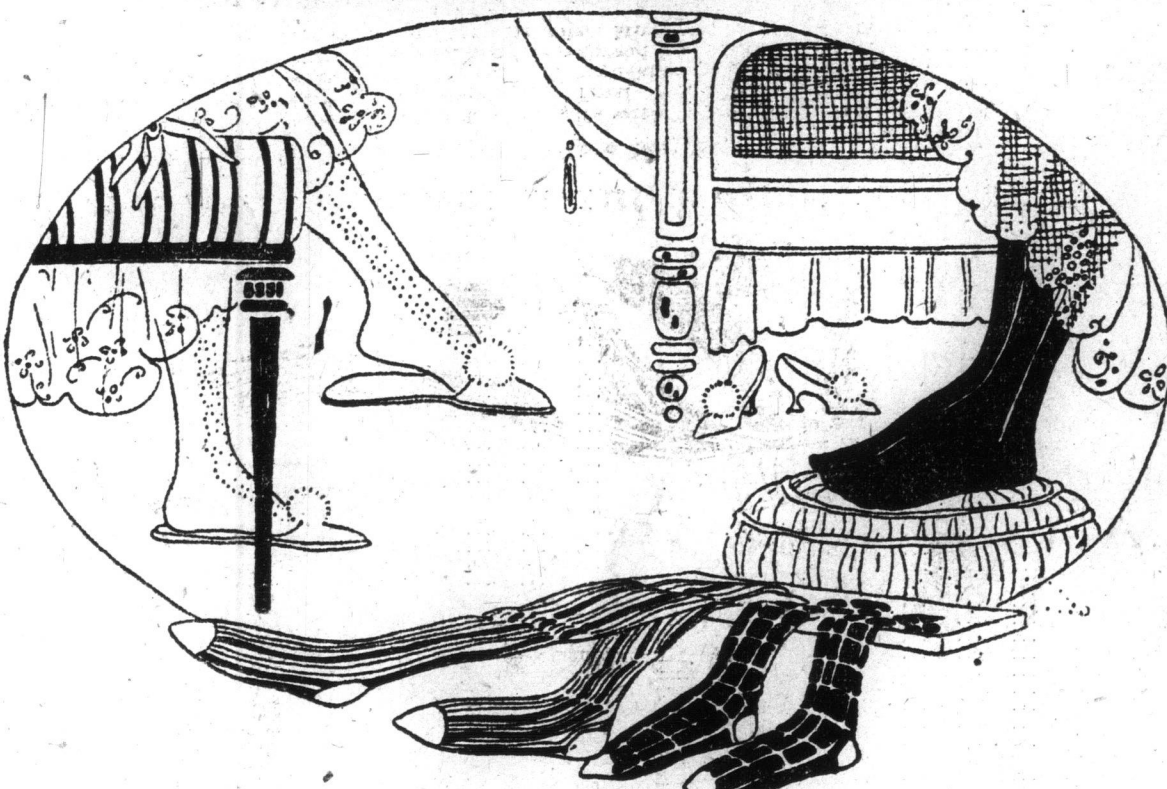
**Trousers made from a fancy English worsted cloth**, in grey with dark stripe pattern; finished with five pockets and belt loops; sizes 32 to 44. Extra value at ..... 3.50

**Trousers specially designed to fit stout men**. The material is worsted cloth in grey mixed stripe pattern; finished with five pockets and belt loops; sizes 44 to 48. The price is ..... 3.50

### Men's Union Made Overalls

From a good quality Stiffell's blue denim, with white stripes, cut in a roomy style, and has all necessary pockets and elastic braces; sizes 32 to 44. Price ..... 1.25

## The February Hosiery Sale



### A Group of Exceptional Values for Today

#### Women's Silk Hose 69c

17 shades, and black and white; extra fine clear thread, closely woven, seamless finish. American make, deep lisle thread top. Monday ..... 69c

**Women's Silk Hose \$1.29**

Finest quality pure thread silk hose, travellers' samples and floor stock; extra heavy thread, closely woven; black and white; good range of colors. Monday, pair 1.29

**Women's Fibre Silk Hose**

High silk leg, seamless finish, strong thread; in tan, lavender, white, sky, black, cadet, cardinal, sage, beige, grey and pearl; deep lisle thread top. Monday special ..... 49c

#### Women's Cotton Hose 39c

Heavy weight cotton hose, a mixed assortment, extra wide width and regular width; ribbed and plain tops; shades balbriggan, white, black and sky. Monday, 3 pairs \$1.10; per pair, 39c.

#### Women's Fibre Silk Hose

In black and white with high silk leg, seamless finish, manufacturers' seconds; well-known, guaranteed-hose, lisle thread top; spliced heel, toe and sole. Monday ..... 33c

**Women's "Penangle" Hose**

Plain black lisle thread and fine cotton hose; mill seconds, including tan, dark grey and light grey; fine quality; closely woven. Extra special value. Monday at ..... 23c

#### Children's Cotton Hose

Ribbed cotton hose; tan, black, white and balbriggan shades; seamless finish; one-and-one ribbed; good heavy weight; excellent quality. Monday ..... 29c

#### Boys' Heavy Ribbed Hose

Famous "Pen-Angle" Brand boys' strong stockings, extra heavy finish, knitted seamless, 2-1 ribbed, extra reinforced foot; sizes 6 to 10. Monday, a pair ..... 49c

**Men's Cashmere Sox**

Men's heavy weight cashmere socks; plain black, white and natural shades; seamless foot, knitted extra close; winter weight; seconds of "Pen-Angle" Brand. Monday, a pair ..... 33c

#### Men's Fine Cotton Sox

Consisting of black, grey, purple, white, tan, cadet, wine and pearl grey; fine quality cotton in a lisle thread finish; seamless foot; woven in a good weight; high spliced heel, toe and double sole. Monday, 3 pairs 55c; per pair, 19c.

#### Men's Silk Sox 49c

A group of silk and lisle and all-silk hose, fancy effects; great range of colors and black and white; good heavy thread, closely woven. Monday, a pair ..... 49c

## Make Your Home Attractive Now While the Sale is On

With such low prices in effect on many lines of furniture, rugs and draperies, you will find this the right time to get the additional things you were thinking of. Even though you may not be prepared to pay all cash, you can still take advantage of this sale and get the benefit of

## Cash Prices

### On Home-Lovers' Club Terms

That means the lowest prices obtainable—and have the payments spread out over a convenient period. Please remember that there is no interest or other charge in any form for this accommodation. See the Secretary of the Home-Lovers' Club, Fourth Floor.

## Halt Price for Wall Papers

**Floral Stripe for Bedrooms**, white ground with two stripes worked with flowers, in blue and pink colors. Regular 10c. Rush selling Monday, single roll, 5c. 9-inch border to match, regular 2½c. Monday, a yard, 1c.

**Tapestry and Fabric Effects** for living-room, halls, etc., large range of colorings and decorative ideas. Regular 50c a single roll. Monday Sale Price ..... 25c

**Varnished Tile Papers**, for bathrooms and kitchens; green, brown and blue colorings. Regular 25c a single roll. Monday ..... 12½c

**English Chintz Papers**, all over floral designs, in blue, pink, yellow and mauve. Regular 35c a single roll. Monday ..... 17½c

**Fancy Ceiling Papers**, suitable styles for all rooms; white, cream and green grounds. Regular 15c a single roll. Monday ..... 7½c

### Picture Framing

Have your pictures framed now. On Monday we will frame pictures in sizes up to 22 x 28 in. a choice of 12 different patterns of oak and mahogany moulding finishes, in weathered, Flemish, brown or black. These mouldings would be very suitable for college groups, diplomas, photographs or colored pictures. Framed complete with glass and back. Monday ..... 1.98

### Trunks

Tourist trunks, covered with emerald blue, wide alaia, two leather straps, brass corner protectors, check lining with deep tray and covered hat box. Size 34 inches, for ..... 6.25

Sizes 36 inches, for ..... 6.75

### SUIT CASES

Fibre suit cases, strong handle, brass lock and bolts. 24-inch size ..... 3.50

26-inch size ..... 3.75

# The Monday Basement Sale of China and Household Hardware

**Washboards**, any kind you like at Monday Basement Sale price.

The Prior, all wood ..... 25c  
Metal faced, Monday ..... 25c  
Glass faced, Monday ..... 43c

**Ironing Boards**, size 12 x 60 inches. Monday ..... 59c

**Clothes Pins**, package of six dozen. Monday ..... 10c

**Imperial Clothes Wringers**, enclosed cogs, spiral springs, warranted rolls. Monday ..... 4.99

**Washing Machines**—The "Standard" is a very popular style, round cedar tub, jolly action, light and easy running, at ..... 4.99

**Galvanized Iron Wash Boilers**, non-rust; size No. 8, Monday, 85c; No. 9, Monday, 95c.

**Verandah Gates**, to keep in the little tots, made of hardwood varnished, riveted, extends to 4 feet. Monday ..... 1.95

**Lunch Boxes**, folding, will fit in

Stand Soap Dishes, round or oblong, nickel-plated brass. ..... 25c

**Glass Shelves**, heavy plate glass with superior grade brass nickel-plated brackets; size of shelf 6 x 18 inches. Monday, \$1.25; 6 x 24 inches, Monday, \$1.60; 8 x 30 inches, Monday, \$1.75.

**Bath Stools**, white enameled, with four rubber capped legs. Monday 1.49

**Daisy Dustless Ash Sifter**, galvanized iron, separates the ashes from the coal quickly and easily. Monday .98

**Nickel-plated Copper Tea Kettles**, flat bottoms. No. 7 size, Monday \$1.75; No. 8 size, Monday, \$1.95; No. 9 size, Monday, \$2.15.

**"Wear-Ever" Aluminum Windsor Kettles**, 4-quart size, with aluminum cover; a very convenient utensil and at less than factory price. Monday 1.25

**BATHROOM FIXTURES**

**Bath Seats**, white enameled seat, with rubber-covered adjustable steel ends, to fit any size bath. Monday ..... 85c

**Toilet Paper Holders**, ebony-finished roller, nickel-plated frame. Monday .35

**Stand Soap Dishes**, round or oblong, nickel-plated brass. ..... 25c

**Glass Shelves**, heavy plate glass with superior grade brass nickel-plated brackets; size of shelf 6 x 18 inches. Monday, \$1.25; 6 x 24 inches, Monday, \$1.60; 8 x 30 inches, Monday, \$1.75.

**Bath Stools**, white enameled, with four rubber capped legs. Monday 1.49

**Daisy Dustless Ash Sifter**, galvanized iron, separates the ashes from the coal quickly and easily. Monday .98

**1,200 Corn Brooms**, good grade broom corn, well made, medium weight, four strings. Monday ..... 39c

**500 Polish Mops**, for cleaning and polishing hardwood floors, linoleums, oilcloths, etc.; complete with handle. Monday ..... 25c

**144 Yacht Mops**, for cleaning floors; cotton string head, long handle. Monday ..... 39c

**360 Towel Racks**, eight wooden arms, each 24 inches long ..... 25c

**Galvanized Iron Garbage or Ash Cans**, bail handle, slip-over covers. Monday ..... 85c

**Larger sizes**, Monday, \$1.10 and \$1.35.

**Ash Barrels**, galvanized iron, corrugated with cover. Size 17½ x 23 inches. Monday ..... 3.50

**Coal Scuttles**, japanned open pattern. Monday, 35c; galvanized funnel pattern, Monday, 75c.

**Furnace Shovels**, steel scoop, D handle. Monday ..... 49c

**Wire Dish Drainers**, thinned wire; very convenient when washing dishes. Monday ..... 59c

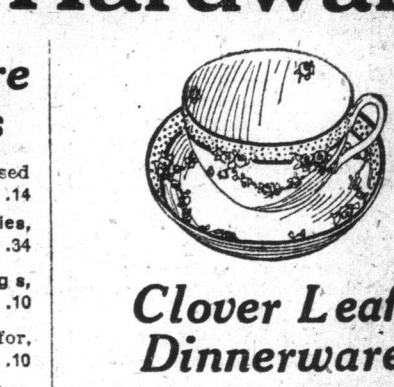
**Sidewalk Scrapers**, good steel blade, with long handle ..... 25c

**Three Dinnerware Bargains**

**\$16.50 Dinner Service for \$12.50**. Fine quality English semi-porcelain, Minton border decoration, gold lines and edges; 97 pieces. Monday ..... 12.50

**"New Riviera," \$13.95**. English semi-porcelain, with pretty floral and conventional border decorations and gold lines; 97 pieces. Monday ..... 13.95

**"New Clifton," \$12.95**. Pretty pink rose garland and green border decoration on excellent quality English semi-porcelain; 97-piece complete dinner service, for Monday only ..... 12.95



## Glassware Specials

19c Fruit Bowls, pressed glass, 8-inch, each. .14

50c dozen Fruit Nappies, pressed glass, dozen .34

15c Cream Jugs, Colonial, for, each. .10

15c Water Pitchers, for, each ..... 10c

Tumblers, kitchen, key design, each ..... 3c

Tumblers, decorated, thin glass, each ..... 5c

Your Choice, 10c each, including Lemon Reamers, Vases, Jugs, Handled Bonbon Dishes, Heart Nappies, Compotes, Vinegar Bottles, etc. Monday, each. 10c

Vases at 15c each—Various sizes, Colonial glass. Regular 25c. Monday ..... 15c

Compotes, 15c each—Pressed glass compotes or open sugar bowl. Monday ..... 15c



## Clover Leaf Dinnerware

Cups and Saucers, each ..... 10c

Bread and Butter Plates, each ..... 5c

Soup Plates, each ..... 10c

Dinner Plates, each ..... 10c

Oatmeal Dishes ..... 7c

Fruit Saucers ..... 7c

Meat Platters, 25c, 39c, 49c and 69c each

White Porcelain Cups, only 5c each; 6 for 25c.

Cups and Saucers, white porcelain, good quality ..... 10c

Decorated Cups and Saucers, 25c each—Pretty floral decorated china cups and saucers, various designs. Monday, cup and saucer for ..... 25c

Gibson's Teapots, 25c.

Slightly imperfect, 2 to 6-cup sizes, with various decorations. 1c each choice ..... 25c

The **SIMPSON** Company  
Robert Limited