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NOVA SCOTIA

## OCTOBER, 1919.



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HALIFAX，NOVA SCOTIA，OCTOBER， 1919.

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I．－The JOURNAL OF EDUCATION shall be published semi－ annually，in the months of April and October respectively，and shall con－ tinue to be the medium of Official Notices in connexion with the Depart－ ment of Education．

II．－The JOURNAL，which is the Semi－annual Supplement of the Education Report，will be furnished gratuitously，according to law，to each Inspector，Chairman of Commissioners and Board of Trustees； and will be supplied to other parties wishing it at the rate of ten cents ${ }^{6}$ copy．

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## EXAMINATION QUESTIONS, JUNE, 1919.

County Academy Entrance - - - - - - (Grade VIII).
(See Comments and Regulations of Council of Public Instruction, No. 67-75, and No. 222, Journal of Education, Aprul, 1919, page 163).

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE.--VIII.

## 9 to 11 a. m., Thursday, 26 June, 1919.

ada in Describe briefly "Life in Norman Enyland," or, "Country Life in Canthe Thirties," as found in the Fourth Reader.
2. Name the author of each of the following, and explain the words in italics:
"He tore out a reed, the great god Pan
From the deep, cool bed of the river."
"And the widows of Ashur are loud in their wail
And the idols are broke in the temple of Baal."
'Her crew hath seen Castile's black fleet beyond Aurigny's isle, At earliest twilight, on the waves lie heaving many a mile."
3. Write eight lines of poetry from your last year's reading.
4. What is a sentence? An Interrogative Sentence? An Imperative SenGive an example of each.
5. Correct the following where necessary:-John is the tallest of the two it hims. She laid down for half an hour this afternoon. Was you there or was
the battle try. Who do men say that I am?
6. Write a sentence containing a noun, pronoun, adjective, adverb and a ${ }^{1} \mathrm{ran}_{\text {sitive verb. }}^{6 .}$ Write a
7. Analyze the following:-

Beneath those rugged elms, that yew tree's shade,
Where heaves the turf in many a mouldering heap,
Each in his narrow cell forever laid,
The rude forefathers of the hamlet sleep.
8. Parse the words in italics in the following:-

How sleep the brave who sink to rest By all their country's wishes blest!
9. and 10. Dictation and Spelling Exercises.

## DRAWING AND BOOKKEEPING.-VIII.

2 to 3.30 p. m., Thursday, 26 June, 1919.

1. On the scale of 100 to an inch, draw a line of 156 , from its end diaw deflected $30^{\circ}$ to the right, a second line of 78 , from its end a third line of 123 , deflected $40^{\circ}$ further to the right, from its end a fourth line of 95 , deflected $50^{\circ}$ further to the right, and from its end a fifth line of 165 , deflected $60^{\circ}$ further to the right. Complete the hexagon by joining the end of the last line with the beginning of the first, and measure its length and the No. of degrees in each interior angle. From the point of beginning draw lines to opposite angles of the figure, and measure the length of each.
2. Draw a native flower, insect or animal.
3. Draw an open book lying on a table; Or, a pumpkin, apple and potato on a box; Or, the outline of a house and its approaches.
4. Sketch any thing you choose.
5. Write out as beautifully as you can, the facsimile of an addressed envelope.
6. Explain the terms:-Acceptance, Bill of Lading, Coupon, Indorse, Part Asse ts, Postal Note.
7. Rule and fill out ledger accounts for three parties dealing with a grocer.
8. Write a sample of an interest bearing note, also a bank cheque. (Technical Drawing Question, which may be substituted for 2, 3 and 4 above).
9. Draw two views of an hexagonal packing nut. Make greatest diameter $3^{\prime \prime}$ with other dimensions to correspond. Or, Draw two views of a plate washer $4^{\prime \prime}$ square and $\frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{}$ thick, with hole $1^{\frac{1}{2}}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ diameter.

## GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY.-VIII.

### 3.30 to 5 p. m., Thursday, 26 June, 1919.

Only three questions in Geography and three in History to be answered.

1. Name and locate the countries of Europe, with their capitals, that remained neutral during the late War, and describe any one of them.
2. Tell what you know about the atmosphere. Or, Name and locate many large cities of the United States as you can.
3. Write a note on New Brunswick, naming and locating the counties chief towns, and chief products of the Province.
4. Give a brief description of the British Empire. Or, Tell what you know about one of the following: Russia, China, South Africa, Mexico.
Conn. Where and what are the following:--Fraser, LaHave, Providence, Dundee aught, Dandbe, Madeira, Aral, Ceylon, Chignecto?
dates. Name the Tudor sovereigns, telling their relation to each other, and the of their accession.
Britain. What great wars occurred during the 18th Century in which Great took part?
Jubile Write a note on each of the following:-Fenian Raids, The Queen's ees, National Policy, Red River Settlement, Treaty of Chent.
Sir 9. Who were the following:-The Cabots, Pontgrave, Coureurs des Bois, ohn Harvey, Sir John Thompson?
of Quebec. Describe the struggle between Wolfe and Montcalm for the possession

## MATHEMATICS.-VIII.

## 9 to 11 a. m., Friday, 27 June, 1919.

1. A merchant bought 30 bags of potatoes each containing 90 lbs at 80 cents per bushel, and exchanged them for sugar at $\$ 7.50$ per cwt. How many pounds of sugar did he receive?
2. A man bought a farm containing 90 acres at $\$ 175.00$ per acre; he sowed it with wheat at the rate of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ bushels per acre, at a cost of $\$ 1.80$ per bushel. What can he afford to sell it for including the crop so that he may receive as much as he paid out, including one year's interest at $6 \%$ on the cost of the farm?
3. After leaving $\$ 500$ to charity a man devises one-third of his estate to his on and the balance, $\$ 4,000$ to his wife. What was the value of the estate?
4. Multiply 274.75 by .0024 and divide .01944 by 2.43 .
5. A school section voted $\$ 700$ for the maintenance of a school. If the that valuation of the section is $\$ 150,000$, what would a ratepayer have to pay property is assessed for $\$ 6,500$ ?
6. Simplify $5 \frac{7}{8}+1 \frac{3}{7}-3 \frac{3}{3} \div 2 \frac{1}{7}-\frac{13}{13}$.
7. 4 . I imported 10 chests of tea each containing 84 lbs ., for which 1 paid Canadiper lb., and freight 9d. per chest. What did the whole shipment cost.in

27 in. What will it cost to carpet a room 24 ft . long, 18 ft . wide, with carpeting wide, costing 90 cents a yard?
9. A house was insured for half its value at four-fifths per cent. The premium amounted to $\$ 4.200$. What was the value of the house?
10. When $a=8, b=6, c=1, x=9$ and $y=4$. Find the value of

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3}{8} a c=1, x=9 \text { and } y=4 . \\
& \left.\frac{b^{2}}{9 y}\right)-\sqrt{ }\left(\frac{x y}{x^{2}}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

# GENERAL KNOWLEDGE.-VIII. 

2 to 3.30 p. m., Friday, 27 June, 1919.

(Ten questions only).
(A certificate for a full course in Mechanic or Domestic science for a year, may count as three questions: but 30 points can be given only for the highest possible excellence in the course, 15 being the value of a merely passable course. In other words the certificate of any such course shall be valued from 0 to 30 according to the evident excellence of the candidate's training. Candidates receiving values for such certificates can receive no value for the answering of questions below on the subject of such certificate. If they answer more than seven questions below, they should get credit for the seven highest values. Questions 4, 5 and 6 must be answered by all).

1,2 and 3. Indicate with drawings any work which you learned to do with tools; Or, household work, such as sewing, cooking, gardening, etc. Descrite the circumistances, whether at home or in school, under which you learned to do such work; Or, present a certificate of a full course as indicated in the paragraph above.
4. What are War Savings Stamps? What advantage are they to Canada? What to the one buying them?
5. "The smoking habit thru the use of matches is responsible for many destructive fires every year." (a) Are there other reasons why the babit should not be formed? State them. (b) When so many people form the habit, does not that mean that it may be found to be useful to many? Discuss this view.
6. What does the policy of the prohibition of alcoholic beverages mean to bring about? What argument can be made "for" or "against" the policy?
7. What bad weeds, bad insects and bad birds are troublesome on yout place, or on places on the way to school? How should these be dealt with according to your observations?
8. Explain why earth is so very different at different places,-stony, sandy, gravelly, clayey and fine and red or dark. In other words how did these soils come into their present place in their present from?
9. Compare the advantages of any one of the following occupations against the others:-Farming, Gardening, Fishing, Mining, Lumbering, Carpentry, Maspn Machine Shop, Engineer, Sailor, Soldier, Printer, Railway Conductor, Bank Clerk, Lawyer, Teacher, Doctor. In other word's, make out a good case for your favorite occupation.
10. What wild plants and birds do you know? Write a few words on each showing what you know about them.
11. Explain one of your most interesting science experiments.
12. What do you think to be the more useful subjects you study at school? What the most useless? Give short reasons why.
13. Make a drawing to show how a coal mine is ventilated. Explain what would happen if the ventilation scheme would not work, and why.
14. How should coal mines be lighted? Explain why?
15. The water cannot run out of a mine. Explain how it can be got out; and what would happen if the apparatus failed.
16. What is the difference between a force-pump and a suction-pump, and when should the one or the other be used?
17. What do you know about gases in mines?

# Provincial high sciool examinations. JUNE, 1919. <br> For regulations and syllabus see pages 195-251, Journal of Education, Atrid, 19191. 

## GRADE IX.

## ENGLISH.-IX.

9 to 11 a. m., Monday, 23 June, 1919.

1. From each of any five poems in the year's curriculum quote any two consecutive lines, respectively, mentioning the titles of the selections, and the names of the authors.
2. (a) State in what relation a noun may stand to a verb, adjective, or (b) in a sentence.
the (b) Give examples, respectively, of the noun and pronoún in apposition in nominative and objective cases.
in tak. State the title of the selection from which each of the following quotations aken, and give the names of the authors.
(a) Love thyself last; cherish those hearts that hate thee.
(b) The trumpet shall be heard on high, The dead shall live, the living die, And music shall untune the sky.
(c) I never felt the kiss of love, Nor maiden's hand in mine.
(d) They bore within their breasts the grief that fame can never heal.
(e) O judgment, thou art fled to brutish beasts.
3. Mention what you consider to be the five most important things to be observed in Oral Reading: Write a short note on any two of them.
in both Distinguish between the relative and interrogative pronouns. Decline singular and plural, who, Which and I.
the things Distinguish between writing a story, and telling it orally, mentioning gs one must pay particular attention to in each respectively.
corrections Correct, where necessary, any of the following, giving reasons for any
(a) While the leaves laid thickly on the ground I laid me down to rest.
(b) The man does not know or care.
(c) I flew from the house to catch my canary that had fled from its cage.
(d) I care not who I offend, or who offends me.
(e) Between you and I he is the cleverest of the two.
4. Parse italicised words in the following:-

Me might transports move and thrill:
So keep I fair thru faith and prayer
A virgin heart in work and will.
9. Analyse fully each clause in No. 8.
10. Write a short story (fictitious or real) on an heroic act that won the $V$. C., paying particular attention to spelling and punctuation.

## FRENCH.-IX.

3 to 5 p. m., Monday, 23 June, 1919.

1. Give the four forms of the definite article, stating when they are used, and giving an example of each.
2. Conjugate : être in the present indicative interrogative; and indicate two ways of asking questions in French, apart from inflexion of voice.
3. Translate: En voyant ce pauvre taurean à demi étranglé Pepin fut pris de pitié. Il sauta dans l'arène, et, tirant son épée, il tua le lion d'un seul coup. Cet acte de courage frappa tout le monde d'étonnement et d'admiration, et les seigneurs ne questionnèrent plus son droit d'être leur roi.
4. Write in French: (a) Here is my overcoat. (b) Their books are there, (c) John's pen and Mary's book are there. (d) There is their house. (e) Where are their horses?
5. Distinguish between Conjunctive and Disjunctive Personal Pronouns, and name the latter in French underlining those that may also be used conjunctively.
6. Translate: Il se baissa pour ramasser une pierre et la leur jeter; mais le sol était gelé, et la pierre tenait si fortement qu'il ne put l'arracher. L'Espagnol, qui dans son pays n'était pas habitué aux effets de la gelée s'écria, "Maudit soitce pays! On y lache les chiens et on y attache les pierres!"
7. State three cases in which the definite article is onitted after $d e$, and exemplify any two.
8. Translate: Ils appelèrent le renard et lui exposèrent leur différend. Le renard, fin, et fourbe, répondit: 'Le serpent a raison, c'est la coutume du genre humain de rendre le mal pour le bien; mair contez-moi le fait parce que les circonstances peuvent avoir quelque chose de particulier."
9. Explaint the use of the pronoun ce and the adverb $y$, and transcribe to French:
(a) Those are some friends of my brother.
(b) You notice in it also cows and sheep.
(c) Will you place it on the table? Yes, I will.
10. Translate: Suivant leurs habitudes vagabondes, ils avaient chassé devant eux leurs troupeaux et s'étaient enfuis si loin que l'armée des Perses n'aurait jamais pu les atteindre.
(b) Account for chasse in the above being left in the singulat while enfuis is plural; and give the French for: the apple which I ate was sweet.

## DRAWING.-IX.

## 9 to 11 a. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.

[8 questions only to be answered.
(The questions in Freehand Drawing should be drawin in Pencil).

1. Draw in pencil out line a group of two or three apples by the side of a bowl in a space 5 "x $3^{\frac{1}{2}}{ }^{\prime \prime}$.
2. Make a working drawing of a plain kitchen table, showing a plan, and a front, and an end elevation. The table is $28^{\prime \prime}$ wide by $48^{\prime \prime}$ long, $30^{\prime \prime}$ high, the top is $3^{\prime \prime}$ thick, the legs $2^{\prime \prime}$ square. Put in a drawer. Plot to a scale $1^{\prime \prime}$ to a foot.
and 3. Make a pencil sketch of a book with one corner towards you, below level
3. The temperature at mid-day during a week in Decentrer, registered each as follows:-Sunday $28^{\circ}$, and the following days $22^{\circ}, 32^{\circ}, 40^{\circ}, 25^{\circ}, 34^{\circ}, 20^{\circ}$, espectively. Make a chart or graph that will clearly show the variation of temperature:
4. In plain block letters 3" high, print or letter the words. "Buy Thrif
mps or "Produce and Save."
5. A merchant vessel steams east from $\mathrm{A}, 72$ miles to B , then turns $30^{\circ}$ wards the north and proceeds 64 miles to C , then turns $60^{\circ}$ more to the north and goes 86 miles to D. How far is D from A and what angle does A D make with A B?
6. Draw in pencil, outline or mass, a sketch of acorns, or cherries, or apples, des native berries, showing leaves and stem in a space $3^{\prime \prime}$ square. Then make a mat for flat decoration adapted from your drawing for a tile or a border round mat, or wall paper.
Union. Make a pencil sketch showing the appearance of the Canadian flag or the Jack waving in the breeze.
7. In pencil, outline or silhouette, make a drawing to illustrate a well known nursery rhyme, or illustrate with figures that suggest action rather than detail, children sleighing or fishing, or any other outdoor game. Make the picture inside a space about $4^{\prime \prime} \times 5 \frac{1}{2}$ ".
bovy. 10. Name the colors of the spectrum in their order as they occur in the rainWhat is meant by warm and cool colors. Name and group them.
domestic Draw some object of nature study that you know, a flower, a shell, a
brd. Print neatly the title undercath in small capital letters.
Use 12. Make a design for a tile, or a cushion cover, or a border round a calendar. pattern.

## GEOGRAPHY.-IX.

3 to 5 p. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.

1. Name the chief industries, exports and imports of Nova Scotia.
2. Write notes on the Geography of one of the following:-(a) New Zea(b) Holland; (c) Italy.
3. Explain the following terms:-Latitude, Longitude, Meridan, Equator, Zone, Delta, Monsoon, Twilight.
4. Where and for what noted are the following:--Muskoka, Hearts-Content, Versailles, Hebrides, Pisa, Siberia, Potsdam, Poland, Hague, Hedjaz?
5. What cargo would a ship probably carry in sailing from Halifax to King? ston, Jamaica and what produce would she carry on her return voyage to Halifax? Thru what waters would the ship sail?
6. Draw an outline map of Prince Edward Island naming the Capes, Counties, and County towns.
7. The dependencies of Great Britain are classified as Empire, Colony, Crown Colony and Protectorate:-State the basis of this classification and name one or more in each class.
8. Name the provinces of Canada noted (a) for the production of wheat, (b) for the catch of fish, (c) for the production of minerals, (d) for manufacturing.
9. Name the great river systems of South America. Describe one of those systems; Or, What do you know about the German Colonies?
10. Write notes on South Africa from the following heads: position, climate, products, form of Government; Or, Write a note explaining the various ways in which Canada aided the Allies in winning the war.

## ALGEBRA.-IX.

## 9 to 11 a. m., Wednesday, 25 June, 1919.

1. Find the value of $3 x^{2}-2 x+5-\left(2 x^{2}+x-1\right)$, when $x=0$, also when $x=2$.
2. Solve $(2 x-1)^{2}-(x-3)(x-2)=3(x-2)^{2}-4$.
3. Divide the product of $x+2,2 x-3,3 x-2$ by $3 x^{2}+4 x-4$ and check when $x=1$.
4. A father is 30 years older than his son; five years ago he was four times as old. Find the son's present age.
5. Solve and verify: $\frac{x+6}{4}-\frac{3 x-16}{12}-1=\frac{x+3}{6}$
6. Solve: $x+\frac{1}{2} y=y-2$.

$$
y+1 x=x+6
$$

7. A farm was rented for $\$ 650$, part of it at $\$ 6$ and the rest at $\$ 8$ per acre. If the rates had been interchanged the rental would have been $\$ 750$. How many acres were in the farm?
8. Factor: $x^{2}-5 x-14, x^{2}+x+\frac{2}{2}, 2 x^{4}-32,(x+y)^{2}-y^{2}$.
9. Simplify: $\frac{1 \text { a }}{a^{2}+3 a+2}+\frac{2}{a^{2}+5 a+6}+\frac{3}{a^{2}+4 a+3} \quad$ (Check when $a=1$ ).
10. When $a=3, b=2 \frac{1}{3}, c=2$, find the value of

$$
\frac{a^{8} b}{7}+\sqrt{7 a b\left(2 c^{3}-a b\right)}-(2 a-3 b)^{2} .
$$

## SCIENCE.-IX.

## 3 to 5 p. m., Wednesday, 25 June, 1919.

IN. B.-Only two sections out of the threc (a), (b) and (c) are to be answered dist the same question is not to be answered more than once. Place the number as will $\begin{aligned} & \text { at the beginning of the answer to each question, and give such headings }\end{aligned}$ drawing enable the examiner at once to know what you are describing. Illustrative
wings more than repay the time they takel.

## Section (a)-Botany.

1. Name the different patts of an ordinary plant, telling the purpose of each
difficult What weeds troubled you most in your garden? Which ones were most made the destroy? What habit of growth made them troublesome? What解 difficult to destroy? Or, Write a short account of hower clusters.
characteri Describe two flowers belonging to the order compositac so as to show the istics of the order and the differences between the flowers you select.
2. What are rootlets and root hairs? What parts of the root are principally What ned in taking food from the soil? What substances do they take and in What is condition must these substances be in order to be capable of being absorbed? by th is the purpose of other parts of the root? Or, What materials are taken in sary in leaves? How does the leaf make use of these subatances? What is necesary in order that the leaf can do its work properly?
differ ${ }^{5}$. The fruits of the strawberry, raspberry, blucberry, plum, and apple features good deal. From the botanist's point of view what are the most notable lhy? of each of these? To which of them is the hip of the rose most similar?

## Section (b).-Agriculture.

${ }^{\text {or }}$ cat 1 . Tell what you can in the time about the character and habits of horses, or for what poultry, or rats. How would you take care of any of the first three, hat reasons and how should the last be destroyed?
2. Describe cutting or budding; Or, tell what you can about lime-stone.
account Tell what you know about canning fruit or testing milk, or write a short of the benefit of tillage.
done by A machine cannot do work of itself but it sometimes enables work to be statemy using a less force than would be necessary without it. Illustrate this the iment by the case of moving a weight up an inclined plane. Or, Write about mprovement of cultivated plants.
5. Write a short essay on what can be learned in farm work.

## Section (c).—Physics.

1. Give some properties that solids, liquids and gases all have and some proin which they differ.
anoth. Your text book has a paragraph on work done by a moving body and
a barom on energy in repose. Tell what you can about these. Or, Describe how meter is made and what its use is.
done by A machine cannot do work of itself but it sometimes enables work to be using less force than would be fiecessary without it. Illustrate this state-
ment by the case of moving a weight up an inclined plane. Or, Why do our lakes and rivers freeze on the top instead of at the bottom, and why does it take so tong for ice to form on a big lake?
2. In a house heated by a stove why is the stove not put upstairs where it would be out of the way? Or, Why is it that if a man is chopping wood at a dito tance you see the stroke before you hear the sound? Give other illustrations of the principle involved.
3. Everyday life has lots of things that involve physics. Describe one or more of them.

## LATIN.-IX.

## 9 to 11 a. m., Thursday, 26 June, 1919.

1. (a) Decline together in both numbers: Prima lux, forte animal, totus mons.
(b) Give principal parts of gero, vinco, video, peto, ago.
2. (a) Compare audax, celer, potens, aegre, diligenter, celeriter. (b) Illur trate by translations of "the mother is more beautiful than the daughter" the statement that "after Comparatives two methods are used in Latin to express comparison."
3. Write (first person singular only), the future indicative active and the perfect indicative active of the following verbs: do, doceo, capio, sum, pono, divido. venio, maneo.
4. (a) In what class of nouns alone does the vocative differ from the no inative? (b) Point out distinctive features in the declension of neuter nouns. (3) What cases never come under the government of prepositions?
5. How does the Latin express time how long? How time when? Illustrate both answers by simple sentences.
6. Translate into Latin: (1) He ordered all the Senate to convene They bring hostages to Caesar. (3) The sea is enclosed by high'mounta
7. Translate into Latin: The nights are shorter in Britain than in Italy, (2) Two legions he will leave, but will lead three out of winter quarters. They will be killed by the soldiers with swords.
8. Translate into English: (1) Caesar multas legiones cogit; pauc ${ }_{(3)}^{0^{8}}$ equites in provincia cogunt. (2) De communi salute desperavimus. Magna cum multitudine equitum bellum gesseras.
9. Translate into Latin: (1) Tullus nuntium audivit et respondit. (2) ${ }^{\text {(2 }}$ d Inter acies ante meridiem proelium equestre commiserunt. (3) Tertio die flumen latius perveniunt.
10. Translate into Latin: (1) Signa militaria quattuor et septuagizat relinquuntur. (2) Tum Horatius de ponte in medium flumen desiluit. .Magnum spatium imperator aberat.

## ARITHMETIC.-IX.

3 to 5 p. m., Thursday, 26 June, 1919.

1. Simplify, giving steps in full: $24-1 \frac{1}{8} \div 3{ }^{3}+45 \div 4{ }_{1}^{16}$.
2. Find the prime factors of 1881 and 4332 , and hence their H. C. F.
3. Find the value of $4 \sqrt{.005}$, correct to four decimal places.
4. What will it cost to carpet a room 14 ft . by 12 ft .4 in . with carpet 27 inches wide, at $\$ 1.75$ per yd.?
5. A tea dealer has teas worth 90 cents and 60 cents per pound, respectively, which he mixes, taking two pounds of the former to one pound of the latter, and ells the mixture at 85 cents; what does he gain or lose per 100 pounds?
6. By selling wheat at 5 s .6 d , a bushel I gained 37⿺辶 $\%$; what per cent.
7. Suppose you were offered a single discount of $45 \%$, or two discounts of $30 \%$ and $20 \%$, which would you take? What would be the difference on mer-
8. What per cent. of what he grinds does a miller receive who takes as his toll four quarts out of each bushel? And the flour which the miller keeps is what per cent. of the flour the farmer receives?
9. 

interest?
10. Find the amount accumulated at the end of four years by a person who. invests $\$ 150$ on Jan. $1 \mathrm{st}, 1919$, and the same sum at the beginning of each succeeding year, at $4 \%$ compound interest, calculated yearly.

## GRADE X. <br> ENGLISH.-X.

9 to 11 a. m., Monday, 23 June, 1919.
Warre 1. Give a summary of the "peroration" in Burke's opening speech against ren Hastings.
2. Give a short description of "Cranford Society."
3. Give the substance of Brutus's speech at the funeral of Julius Caesar.
4. Give an outline of "The Handwriting on the Wall."
two 5. "Ambiguity (in narration) may be due to various causes." Mention causes, and write two short sentences by way of illustration.
of each. What is meant by (a) Hyperbole; (b) Antithesis? Give an example
7. Give the parts of speech which are (a) variable, and (b) invariable. Give an example of each.
8. Write three short sentences containing respectively (a) a noun clause; (b) an adjective clause; (c) an adverbial clause. Underline the words forming the clause in each sentence.
9. Give examples of words with (a) prefixes: with-inter-; (b) suffixes:ward, -ist; (c) roots: bene, chronos. Explain the abbreviations: C. M. G.; N. P.; ob.; viz.
10. Give a short account of the quarrel between Godfrey Cass and his brother Dunstan.

Note:-In marking the answers to question 10, quality of composition will be taken into account.

## GREEK.-X.

## 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., Monday, 23 June, 1919.

1. Decline in all numbers $\nu \dot{v} \xi, \alpha^{\alpha} \rho \mu a$, à $\nu \eta \eta^{\prime} \rho$, $\theta a \lambda a ́ \tau \tau a$.
2. State generally the distinction in meaning
 for, (1) that man (over there); (2) this man (the one just mentioned) ; (3) this man (the one about to be introduced).
3. Give the principal parts of $\pi \epsilon i \theta \omega, \pi \varepsilon ́ \mu \pi \omega$, $\lambda \epsilon i ́ \pi \omega, \ddot{a}^{\gamma} \gamma \omega, \ddot{a}^{\rho} \chi \chi \mu a \iota, \ddot{a}^{\chi}{ }^{\omega}$.
To what tense in English does the Greek Aorist correspond? To what in Latin? What is the meaning of the word Aorist?
4. Six prepositions are capable of governing three different cases. Name the prepositions and the cases.
5. Describe Augment, and write the first person singular of the imperfect indicative of $\boldsymbol{\pi} \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \boldsymbol{\theta} \boldsymbol{\theta}$, , ä $\gamma \omega$, є́рхонає, $\ddot{\eta}^{\prime} \kappa \omega$.
6. Translate into Greek: (1) The river Meander flows through the park. (2) Thence he marches five stages. (3) A messenger is said to be coming from Darius.
7. Translate into Greek: (1) On the morrow a messenger came saying that Syennesis had fled. (2) At that time these were first both on land and sea. (3) Cyrus managed his horses finely.

## 8. Translate into English:








 (2) $\mu \grave{\eta} \kappa \omega \lambda \dot{\omega} \omega \mu \epsilon \nu$ тò Kú $\rho о \nu \quad \sigma \tau \rho a ́ \tau \epsilon \nu \mu a \dot{a} \pi \epsilon \lambda a u ́ \nu \epsilon \iota 1$. (3)


## FRENCH.-X.

3 to 5 p. m., Monday, 23 June, 1919.
Give principal parts of avoir and Atre and write down the fulure of each. Translate: We have pens and ink, but no paper. These poor people are cold and hungry.
2. Translate: Après la mort de mes parents, que je perdis, hélas! de bonne heure, mon oncle m'avait recueilli chez lui. Je me sens ému, lorsque je songe à l'affection qu'il me témoignait. Je partageais les travaux et les jeux de son fils, Hans, qui avait juste mon age, treize ans.
8. Write the Comparative and the Superlative of: grand, mauvais, bon, bien, and translate:. My brother is taller than you. We have better books than they. My pens are worse than his. You speak best.
4. Translate: Nous voilà prêts. Quelle route prendrons-nous pour aller à Paris? Vous savez qu'il y en a plusieurs. Nous pouvons y aller par Douvres, Folkestone, ou Newhaven. Par Newhaven elle est Calais que la traverée est la plus courte. Par Newhaven elle eat beaucoup plus longue.
5. Point out the difference between celui-ci and celui-ld giving illustrations; write down the feminine and plural of these demonstrative pronouns and translate: This is pretty, but I like that. I have lost my gloves and my brother's also.

English, and in what case alone do the two languages agree. Explain and translate: He gives it to me. about it. Show it to them. Think of me.
7. Give principal parts of: aller, faire and savoir, and write down the Present Indicative of aller. Turn into the negative form: donnez-la-mos; parlez-leur-en; vendez-les-lui; allez-y.
8. Translate: Henri Hudson.-Jamais personne ne connut mieux le mettier de marin. Son courage était à l'épreuve de tous les événements, el sa constance infatigable. Le but de ses voyages était de trouver un passage pour aller aux Indes par le nord-ouest.
9. Enumerate the interrogative pronouns. What form does what? assume: (1) as direct object; (2) as a subject; (3) after a preposil tion or absolutely? Translate for examples: What have ying found? What is making that noise? What are you speaking of?
10. Translate: Rappelle-toi, mon fils, qu'avant de censurer autrui, il est à propos d'acquérire de l'expérience. Ceux-là seuls ont le droit de blamer, qui se sont signalés par l'esprit, la prévoyance, le courz. ge. Je te parle ainsi pour ton bien.

## GERMAN.--X.

11 a. m. to 1 p. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.

1. Principal parts of: haben and sein. Write down the present Indicative of each. In what capacity is werden used? Givetwo illustrations.
2. Translate: König Karl der Grosse wurde einmal von den Sachsen geschlaggie und foh mit seinsen Franken an deu Main. Weil sie aber Fluss Furt nicht zu finden wussten, konnten sie nicht über den erschien gehen, um sich vor ihren Feinden zu retten. Da ersinnen plötzlich eine Hirschkuh, ging durch den Fluss, und zeigte inn so den Weg.
3. Mention the case or cases the prepositions in extract 2, govern. Write dow the prepositions governing two cases; when do they require the one, when the other case? Give two sentences in illustration-
4. Translate: Ein Schiff wurde von Mannheim den Neckar hinaul nach Heidelberg gezogen. Ein Handwerksbursche ging densel ben Weg und fragte? "Dar§ ich auch mit? Was muss ich geben? Der Schiffsherr, der ein lustiger Patron war, antwolft inr "Fünfzehn Kreuzer, wenn Ihr im Schiff sitzen wollt. aber mit ziehen, nur sechs"
5. Illustrate the use of: nicht and nichts. Translate: This man has no money. Whose house have you bought? What kind of tea do you lixe to drink?
6. Decline the 4 cases singular and plural: Der gute Knabe. Mein schores Buch. Comparative and Superlative of: schön, gut, siel.
7. Translate: Der berühmte General Wallenstein plegte als Knabe mit seinen Schulkameraden Soldat 2 u spielen. Einmal sagrt jemand $z u$ ihm: "Du benimmst dich, als wenn du ein "dgs wärest." "Was nicht ist," antwortete der stolze Knabe. kann noch werden."
8. Decline: wer? and was? Translate: Whom have you sent to town? house have you bought? What have you done?
9. What are the distinguishing marks between regular and irregular verbs? Principal parts of: loben, sprechen, sehen. Translate: I have found this book on the table. This boy says that he has a gold watch. To-morrow I shall have a holiday.
Translate: Vorgestern trat ich in ein türkisches Kaffeehaus; in einem kleinen Garten, über dessen Mauern hinweg man eine prachtvolle Aussicht auf den Bosporus und die asiatische Küste hat, sassen mehr als hundert Männer auf niedrigen Rohrschemeln, und rauchten das Nargileh oder die Wasserpfeife.

## GEOMETRY. Set A.--X.

9 to 11 a. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.
(Only for Candidates using N. S. High School (reometry).
exclusively:-(Eight questions constitute a full paper. Candidates must work sively from set $A$ or set $B$ ).
the $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1. Each of the angles formed by two intersecting straight lines is equal to }\end{aligned}$ rically opposite angle.
2. If two isosceles triangles are on the same base, the straight line joining their vertices is an axis of symmetry of the figure; and the ends of the base are
corresponding points. ponding points.
the 3. If one side of a triangle is greater than another side, the angle opposite greater side is greater than the angle opposite the less side.
two 4 . If two triangles have two angles and a side of one respectively equal to angles and the corresponding side of the other, the triangles are congruent.
is $\begin{gathered}5 \\ \text { s. . Pridise }\end{gathered}$ that the middle point of the hypotenuse of a right-angled triangle uidistant from the three vertices.
6. If two angles of a triangle be bisected and the bisectors be produced to angle. He line joining the point of intersection to the third angle bisects the third Hence the bisectors of the three angles of a triangle pass thru one point.
remote from the medians of a triangle each cuts the other at the point of trisection - .
8. Construct a triangle having given the middle points of the three sides.
$\operatorname{triang}^{9}$. The sum of the perpendiculars from any point within an equilateral the 10
the equal From any point in the base of an isosceles triangle st. lines are drawn Il to of equal sides and terminated by them. Prove that the sum of $f$ hese lines $=0 n e$ equal sides.

## GEOMETRY. Set B.-X.

9 to 11 a. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.<br>(Only for Candidates using the Hall and Stevens Text).

Note:-(Eight questions constitute a full paper. Candidates must work exclusively from set $A$ or set $B$ ).

1. If two straight lines cut one another, the vertically opposite angles gre equal.
2. If two angles of a triangle are equal to one another, then the sides which are opposite to the equal angles are equal to one another.
3. All the interior angles of any rectilineal figure, together with four right angles, are equal to twice as many right angles as the figure has sides. Prove it.
4. The straight line which joins the middle points of two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side.
5. At a given point in a given straight line make an angle equal to a given angle.
6. Find a point equidistant from the three sides of a triangle.
7. Construct a triangle having given the lengths of one side and the medians which bisect the other two sides.
8. From two given points $P$ and $Q$, on the same side of a straight line $A B_{1}$ draw two lines which meet in A B and make equal angles with it.
9. If the middle points of adjacent sides of any quadrilateral figure are joined, the figure thus formed is a parallelogram.
10. Construct a triangle $A B C$ having the angles at $B$ and $C$ equal to ${ }^{\text {tw }} \mathbf{D}$ given angles $L$ and $M$, and the perpendicular from $A$ on $B C$ equal to a given line $P$.

## ENGLISH HISTORY.-X.

## 3 to 5 p. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.

1. Sketch the career of the Duke of Marlborough; Or, State as fully as you can President Wilson's Fourteen Points for World Peace.
2. Name sovereigns of the Tudor Period, giving dates of accession. Name three great events during the Reign of the Tudors.
3. Explain:-Petition of Right, Tunnage and Poundage, Penny Post, WarSavings Stamps, Government Anmuities.
4. Tell what you know of war with Holland (1652). What did Blake effect as a Naval leader?
5. State terms of Peace of Ryswick and of the Act of Settlement, with dates of each.
6. Write a note on Science and letters at end of the Stuart Period.
7. Sketch briefly chief events in the reign of Queen Victoria. Or, Write a brief note on the Indian Mutiny.
8. What are the duties of Provincial and Federal Governments?
9. How is the Speaker of the House of Commons chosen? Mention some of his duties. Or, What are the stages in the passing of a Bill?
10. Tell what you know of the recent German naval surrender. Or, Discuss the Union of England and Ireland.

## ALGEBRA.--X.

9 to 11 a. m., Wednesday, 25 June, 1919.

1. Find the simplest factors of:
(a) $x^{3}+4 x^{2-3 x-12}$
(b) $27 a^{3}-64 b^{3}$
(c) $3 x^{2}-x-2$
(d) $a^{2}-b^{2}-4 c^{2}+4 b c$.
2. Solve the equations: $\frac{3 x}{5}+\frac{y}{3}=6$

$$
x+\frac{3 y}{4}=11 \frac{3}{4} .
$$

of the There are three numbers such that when each is added to twice the sum emaining two the results are $44,42,39$. Find the numbers.
4. Construct the graph of the equation $3 x-4 y=16$.
5. Find the L. C. M. of $x^{2}-7 x+10$ and $x^{3}-6 x^{2}+11 x-6$.
6. Simplify: $\left(\frac{a}{a-x} \frac{x}{a+x}+\frac{2 a x}{a^{2}-x^{2}}\right) \div(a+x)^{2}$.
7. Solve and verify: $\frac{1}{10}-\frac{5 x-7}{10 x-5}=\frac{4 x-3}{4 x-2}$
8. Find the square root of $x^{2}-6 x^{3}+17 x^{2}-24 x+16$.
9. Simplify by rationalizing the denominator:

$$
\frac{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{ } 2}{9+2 \sqrt{ } 14}
$$

10. A line 20 inches long is divided into two parts, such that the rectangle Contained by the parts has an area of 48 square inches more than the square on the thorter part. Find the length of the parts.

## PHYSICS.-X.

3 to 5 p. m., Wednesday, 25 June, 1919.
and why Give (with drawing) a description of an air or water pump showing how acts.
2. (a) What is a thermometer used for? (b) Make a drawing of a thermarking the degrees at several places, and tell what these particular
markings stand for. (Such markings are given in the text book). (c) What property in bodies makes it possible for a thermometer to show the temperature?
3. (a) What are called the fundamental units in physical measurements? (b) Why are these units called fundamental, and what is meant by the term unit? (c) One of these units is used twice in acceleration. What unit is it? (d) What other fundamental unit is used in the unit of acceleration?
4. A body moving with uniform accelcration has a velocity of 10 ft . per second. A minute afterwards it has a velocity of 40 ft . per second. What is the acceleration? (Be careful to express the unit correctly).
5. What space would be passed over in the minute during which the body spoken of in question 4 was in motion? Or, An engine is able to hoist a bucket from the bottom of a mine 400 ft . deep once every minute. If each load is 1000 lbs . find the horse-power of the engine? (One horse-power is 550 ft . lbs. per second).
6. A machine cannot do work of itself but it sometimes enables work to be done by using less force than would be necessary without it. Illustrate this statement by the case of moving a weight up an inclined plane. Or, State Boyle's Law and give an experiment to prove it.
7. Describe an experiment to show that the air has weight.
8. 500 grams of water is heated to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. and 120 grams of ice at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. is put into it; what will be the resultant temperature, the latent heat of fusion being 80 calories? Or, What evidence can you give that all sounds, no matter what the pitch may be, travel at the same rate? Or, Explain as far as you can in the time what is meant by the spectrum. Or, Describe and explain the working of the electric bell.
9. What is meant by "sympathetic vibrations" in sound? Or, What is meant by the focus of a concave mirror? How can it be determined experimentally? Or, What is meant by magnetic declination and magnetic inclination?
10. Describe any experiment in Physics you choose. (The simpler the experiment the more careful and complete must be the description).

## LATIN.-X.

## 9 to 11 a. m., Thursday, 26 June, 1919.

1. (a) Write the ablative singular and genitive plural of the following nouns and adjectives (all genders): nox, vox, opus, res, fortis-e, fortior-us, acer-ris-re. (b) Give the principal parts of pareo, parco, patior, audio, audeo, cado. cedo.
2. Write short sentences in Latin illustrating the distinction between the Ablative of Means and Ablative of the Agent.

- 3. Explain the respective uses of the pronouns se and ipse. What inflectional peculiarity has the former?

4. Explain and illustrate the construction known as the Ablative Absolute. Explain also its frequent occurrence in Latin.
5. Write a short sentence illustrating the construction which ordinarily follows verbs signifying to order, command, etc.; also another illustrating a very prominent exception to this rule.
6. Translate into Latin: (1) After the departure of the army, he sent ${ }^{\text {a }}$ letter (pl.) to the senate. (2) Repulsed by our troops, they had hidden therm selves in the nearest woods. (3) He said not that the Romans were about to come, but that they had already (jam) come.
(2) Tr Translate into Latin: (1) They had stood continuously for six hours.
(8) The baggage was sent ahead and placed together on the top of the mountain. They began to resist more boldly and to fight more bravely.
7. Translate into English: (1) Signum proelii datum est. Fratres proelium committere non dubitaverunt, sed magna cum fortitudine impetum facere Contenderunt. (2) Lars Porsena fines latissimos in Etruria habebat et multis de causis inimicus erat populo Romano.
Sabini Translate into English: (1) Itaque propter magnitudinem injuriae,
facile sullum cum populo Romano gesserunt. (2) Intellegit impetum minus Ustineri. (3) Scimus litteras a Caesare ad senatum missas esse.
8. Translate into English: Sed nullo omnino modo Fabricio persuadere ab rat, atque ea spe dejectus, hoc consilio destitit. Atque legati, qui ad senatum
ab rege missi erant, rejuntiaverunt Romanos pacem numquam cum eis facturos qui suis finibus egressi essent atque in Romanum agrum transiissent.

## ARITHMETIC.--X.

3 to 5 p. m., Thursday, 26 June, 1919.

1. Simplify: $\frac{\frac{5}{3!}-5{ }^{4}{ }^{4} 5}{6 \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2}}$
2. Reduce to its simplest form: $\frac{(.05)^{3}-(.025)^{3}}{(.05)^{2}+(.05)(.025)+(.025)^{2}}$
of a Find the cost of gravelling a walk, one yard in width, around the inside two and one-half acre square field, at 15 cents per square yard.
are $3^{4}$. Find the number of cubic feet in a cistern, whose internal measurements $8 a l_{0} \mathrm{ft} .2 \mathrm{in}$. long, 2 ft .8 in . broad, and 2 ft .6 in . deep; and also the number of will hold-one gallon being equal to 2774 cubic inches.
piece ${ }^{5}$. Water expands $10 \%$ in freezing. Find the weight of water in a solid
Teighs 1000 yards long, 5 ft . wide, and 10 inches thick. (A cubic foot of water
after a At what price must an article which cost $\$ 12$. be marked, in order that discount of $10 \%$ has been taken off, it may be sold at a gain of $\$ 2$. ?
3. On a demand note of $\$ 950$, made Jan. 25th, 1908 , bearing interest at $7 \%$, per annum a demand note of $\$ 950$, made Jan. 26 th, 1908 , 2 ead, 1908, $\$ 225$; May $\lg ^{\prime}{ }^{\circ}$, 1908, $\$ 174.19$; June $29 \mathrm{th}, 1908, \$ 187.50$. What sum was due on Jan. 1st,
pound interest sum will purchase an annuity of $\$ 500$ for seven years at $6 \%$ con:eing interest, the amount of $\$ 1.00$ for seven years at $6 \%$ compound interest
4. 

and four How many cubic feet of earth must be dug out to sink a well 21 ft . deep, lour feet in diameter? and find the cost at $\$ 2.75$ per cubic yard.
${ }^{0}{ }^{n}$ it 10 . One side of a triangular field is 12 chains 76 links, and the perpendicular rom the opposite angle is 9 chains 45 links. How many acres in the field?

## GRADE XI.

## ENGLISH.-XI.

9 to 11 a. M., Monday, 23 June, 1919.

1. Give the substance of Brutus's soliloquy in his orchard.
2. Describe briefly the scene in the Senate just before the assassination of Caesar.
3. What do you consider the principal features in the character of Bratus? Illustrate your answer by two or three short quotations.
4. Explain the words in italics:-
(a) "Thou, like an exorcist."
(b) "He hath the falling sickness."
(c) "But for your words, they rob the Hybla bees."
(d) "Unicorns may be betrayed with trees."
(e) "All the interim is"
"Like a phantasma."
5. Give an account of Johnson's life up to the time he entered Oxford.
6. Give the substance of Macaulay's comments on Johnson's; (a) "Dictionary"; (b) "Journey to the Hebrides."
7. Give an account of the life of Milton.
8. Give a biographical sketch of the poet Shelley.
9. Mention two works of each of the following authors:-Bacon, George Eliot, Dickens, Wordsworth, Pope.
10. Describe the circumstances under which David Balfour was inveigled on board the "Covenant."

Note.-In marking the answers to question " 10 ," quality of composition wil be taken into account.

GREEK.-XI.

## 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., Monday 23 June, 1919.

1. Write the dative singular and plural of
 principal parts of $\quad \underset{\partial}{\prime} \tau \tau \omega, \kappa a \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega, \sigma \pi \alpha^{\prime} \omega, \dot{a} \kappa \kappa v^{\prime} \omega$, è $\lambda a \dot{v} \nu \omega$.
2. Write a full explanatory note on the augment, with ilhustrations of its various forms.
3. State the meaning of the following verbs and the cases which they respectively govern:

4. Express in Greek: (1) They came during the night. (2) They remained six days. These things happened (use aorist of yúrvo pal) on the following day.
5. Translate into Greek: (1) On the same day Clearchus came to the market. (2) For I think that you are friends to me. (3) Xenophon consuits with Cyrus. (4) After this he sent a messanger to the soldiers.
6. Translate into Greek: (1) We have arms, and chariots, and sufficient provisions. (2) And he made a numbering of the Greeks in the park. (3) He asks the soldier who is praising the soldiers of Tenon.

## 7. Translate:






Parse $\grave{\eta} \rho \dot{\sigma} \tau \omega \nu$. Explain case of $\sigma \tau a \theta \mu o u s$.
8. Translate:

$$
\ddot{\dot{u}}{ }^{*}{ }^{\prime \prime} \mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu
$$





Write explanatory note on $\tau \boldsymbol{v} \delta_{i a \beta a i \nu \epsilon \iota \nu . ~ W h y ~}^{\text {a }}$ the genitive tov̂? Parse ${ }^{\prime \prime} \iota \sigma \epsilon \tau a l$.

## 9. Translate:

Kinos





Parse tin au. Explain case of aùroû.

## 10. Translate:

Parse $\grave{\epsilon} \beta \dot{\beta} \omega \nu$. Explain case of $\dot{\eta} \nu{ }^{\prime} \dot{\partial} \chi \omega \nu$.

## FRENCH.

## 3 to 5 p. m., Monday, 23 June, 1919.

1. In what way do the French express affirmation and negation? Translate for examples: Have you any friends? Yes sir, I have some. Have you ever been in France? No sir, I have never been there. Mention the principal negations used.
2. Translate: Il me prit les deux mains, les serra et me dit: "Mon brave capitaine, vous souffrez plus que moi de ce qui vous reste a faire, Je le sens bien; mais qu'y pouvez-vous? Je compte sur vous pour lui conserver le peu qui m'appartient, pour la protéger, pour veiller à ce qu'elle reçoive ce que sa vieille mère pourrait lui laisser, n'est-ce pas?
Form short sentences with the relative pronouns: qui, dont, ce qui, ce que. Translate: What I spoke of is true. The books which I have lent them. The neighbour with whose children we often play-
3. Translate: "Si je me souviens des alliés," dit-il en clignant de l'oeil, je crois bien; ils m'ont coaté assez cher! J'etais justement à Sarrebruck du avec ma charrette pleine de contrebande: du café, du sucre, du tabac; j'attendais une bonne occasion pour traverser la derniere ligne.
4. Principal parts of: aller, pouvoir, vouloir. Write down the future of aller, and the present subjunctive of pouvoir.
5. Write three sentences illustrating the use of the Subjunctive.
6. Translate: Lorsque je rentrai, les voyageurs étaient à table, Je jetai un coup d'oeil rapide et inquiet sur les convives; toutes les chaises ${ }^{\text {se }}$ touchaient, et toutes étaient occupées, je n'avais pas de place!. Un frisson me courit par tout le corps; je me retournai pour chercher mon hôte.
7. In two cases the Past Participle of faire is invariable; explain and give two illustrations. Supply the proper form of the past particippe jes the infinitive in italics, and translate: Voild mes cousines; je les ai prier de venir. La belle saison qu'il a faire. Ce sont personnes que j'ai entendre sonner.
8. Principal parts of: partir, croire, lire. When may a noun-clause be rendered in French by a direct infinitive? Explain, and translate: thought I saw him pass an hour ago.
9. Translate: C'est alors que je me mariai. J'epousai une jeune fille fort jolie, et, ce qui vaut mieux, très bonne et très aimante,-mais sans fortune. C'etait un tort grave aux yeux du monde d'employés dans lequel je vivais. On y est très positif, on ne voit guère dans le mariage qu'une bonne affaire.

## GEOMETRY. Set A.-XI.

## 9 to 11 a. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.

(Only for candidates using N. S. High School Geometry).
Note.-(Eight questions constitute a full paper. Candidates must work exclusively from set $A$ or set $B$ ).

1. The complements of the parallelograms about the diagonal of any parallelogram are equal to each other.
2. The square on the difference of two straight lines equals the sum of the squares on the two straight lines diminished by twice the rectangle contained by the straight lines.
subtended two angles at the center of a circle are equal to each other, they are
3. On a given straight line construct a segment containing an angle equal to a given angle.
4. Two equal triangles A B C and D B C are on opposite sides of the same base. Prove A D is bisected by B C or B C produced.
5. $C$ is the middle point of a straight line $A B$ and $D$ is any other point in $C^{2}$ line. Prove: (1) $A D . D B=A C^{2}-C D^{2}$; (2) $A D^{2}+D^{2}=2 \mathrm{~A}^{2}+2$ C D2.
6. Construct a triangle having two sides and the median drawn to the third side equal to three given straight lines.
7. Construct a square that contains 20 square inches.
8. The square on the base of an isosceles triangle is equal to twice the rectangle contained by either of the equal sides and the projection on it of the base.
A B ${ }^{10}$. An escribed circle of triangle $A B C$ touches $B C$ at $D$ and also touches equals the diffroduced. The inscribed circle touches B C at E. Show that DE

## GEOMETRY. Set B.-XI.

9 to 11 a. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.
(Only for candidates using Hall \& Stevens' Text).
exchusivele, (Eight questions constitute a full paper. Candidates must work

1. If two triangles are equal in area, and stand on the same base and on the same side of it, they are between the same parallels.
2. The opposite angles of any quadrilateral inscribed in a circle are together equal to two right angles.
3. Two circles of different radii are external to each other. Draw a pair of transverse common tangents to the two circles.
4. In an obtuse-angled triangle, the square on the side subtending the obtuse angle is equal to the sum of the squares on the sides containing the obtuse angle together with twice the rectangle contained by one of those sides and the projection of the ot her side upon it.
5. Divide a straight line into two parts so that the square on one part may be $t$ wice the square on the other.
6. Cut off from a given triangle $A B C$ a fourth part by a straight line drawn from a given point $x$ in the side $A B$.
7. In the triangle $A B C$ the angles at $B$ and $C$ are acute; if $B E, C F$ are drawn perpendicular to $\mathrm{AC}, \mathrm{AB}$ respectively, prove that $\mathrm{B}^{2}=\mathrm{AB}, \mathrm{B}^{\prime} \mathrm{F}+\mathrm{AC}$. C E.
8. A semicircle is drawn on a given line $A$ B; and from $x$, any point in $A B$, a perpendicular $x \mathrm{M}$ is drawn to $\mathrm{A} B$ cutting the circumference at $M$, prove that $\mathrm{A} x, x \mathrm{~B}=\mathrm{M} \boldsymbol{x}^{2}$.
9. A semicircle is described on A B as diameter, and any two chords A C, B $D$ are drawn intersecting at $P$ : Prove that $A B^{2}=A$ C. A P $+B$ D. B P.
10. Draw an equilateral triangle on a side of two inches, and construct ${ }^{2}$ rectangle [Problem 17] of equal area. Hence find by construction and measurement the side of an equal square.

## GERMAN.

## 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.

1. Decline: (a) In the 4 cases singular and plural: mein lieber Vater. (b) The personal pronouns $i c h$ and $e r$. Translate: Have patience with him, dear brother.
2. Translate: Friedrich Chopin setzte sich an das Instrument und löschte die Lichter aus. Er spielte immer zarter und leiser, als went er beabsichtigte Kinder einzuschlaffern, bis er entdeckte, dass seine Zuhörer, nach und nach, sämmotlish er entdummert waren. Geräuschlos verliess der junge Künstler den Saal.
3. Principal parts of werden; write down the Present Indicative. Show, givirig. illustrations, that werden may be used: (1) As an auxiliary; (2) As an independent verb.
4. Translate: Jetzt blieben alle, Leute stehen. Keiner ging vorüber. Alle lauschten atemlos den wundervollen Tönen und Melodien. Immer grösser wurde der Kreis der Zuhörer. Selbst die glanzen ${ }^{-1}$ den Wagen der vornehmen Herrschaften hielten an. Es war, als hätten diese Töne eine bezaubernde Macht.
5. Mention the auziliary verbs of mood, and give principal parts of können and durfen. What form does the perfect participle of a modal aurior iary assume when construed with an infinitive? translate: have not been able to do it.
6. How is the position of the verb affected by: pure conjunctions; by adverbial conjunctions; by subordinating conjunctions? Explain and translate for examples: I shall come, but my brother cannot come. It rains, therefore I remain at home. When I arrived yesterday, it was quite dark.
7. Translate: Zwölf wohlbewaffnete Jäger trafen nach ein paar Tagen in der Abtei ein, und wollten die Jagd beginnen. Allein es fiel so dicker Schnee, dass kaum durchzukommen war; jeder Gedanke an eine Wolfsjagd musste aufgegeben werden. Nun war an selbigem Tage ein Pferd gefallen. Das gab einem alten, erfahrenen Jäger Veranlassung, eine List zu versuchen.
8. Explain, giving sentences in illustration, the position of the verb: (a) in the normal order; (b) in the inverted order; (c) in the transposed order.
9. Principal parts of: lesen, schreiben, rufen. What is meant by compound separable verbs? Fully explain and translate: The sun rises at seven o'clock and sets at six o'clock. The sun has already risen.
10. Translate: Iu einem einzigen Augenblick bin ich nun ein reicher Mann geworden. Jene Papiere sind mein rechtmässiges Eigentum; denn bei diesem Schatze lag zugleich ein Testament, das mich, im Fall des Ablebens meines Vaters zum Erben des Grossvaters ernennt.

## ANCIENT HISTORY.-XI.

## 3 to 5 p. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.

Esyptian Write a note on the Religion, Arts and General Culture of the Ancient
suttee, Tell what you know of the Kingdom of Lydia; Or, Explain the terms, Caste, the Vedas, transmigration of Souls, Buddhism, as found in India.
3. Describe briefly the chief national games of Greece and their influence Troje society, religion and literary life of the people; Or, Write a note on the

Grecian Give a short account of the Greek Colonies. Locate with comments a Wy that played an important part in the late War.
Aristo Write short notes on the following:-Socrates, Phythagoras, Sophists,
in the le, Epicurean; Or, Give as complete a list as you can of the principal actions - war, in which our Canadian soldiers distinguished themselves.
the differell briefly what you know about the early inhabitants of Italy. Locate - traces.
destr. Write a full note on the Roman family and its dependents; $O r$, On the action of Carthage and its results.
Dolitic "'The establishment of the Roman Empire was, after all, the greatest of thical work that Roman Enpire What were the chief features
is great work, and by whom was it achieved?
9. What do you understand by the terms Romance Nations, Romance
Languages; Or, Tell what you know of Sir Douglas Haig, Marshal Foch, General

Jofre, Admiral Beattie, Major Redmond.
10. Give a brief account of the rise and spread of Mohammedanism.

## ALGEBRA.-XI. <br> 9 to 11 a. M., Wednesday, 25 June, 1919.

1. Obtain the square root of $4+2 \sqrt{ } 3$.
2. Solve the equations $x-y=4, x y=60$.
3. What number must be subtracted from each of the numbers $11,13,26,34$, 80 that the results will be proportionals?
4. Find all the cube roots of 8 by solving $x^{3}-8=0$.
1.1
5. Express in terms of positive powers of 3,5 and 10 the number (2.25)
6. Form an equation whose roots are the squares of the roots of $3 x_{2}-4 x+6$ $=0$.
7. If $x-a$ is a factor of $x+p x+q$, find the relation between $a, p$ and $q$.
8. The geometric mean between two numbers is greater than one of them by 20 and less than the other by 100 . Find the numbers.
9. If 8 men and 5 women apply for 5 different positions, 3 of which must be filled by men and 2 by women, in how many ways may the positions be filled?
10. Define "monomial," "linear factor," "homogeneous expression."

## CHEMISTRY.-XI.

3 to 5 p. m., Wednesday, 25 June, 1919.
(N. B.-Formulae are to be used only for definite weights, not as a kind of shorthand for the names of substances; but when an action is described, give the equation if you can).

1. Of what elements is pure water composed? How can the composition be proved? Name four substances that are soluble in water, and four that are in soluble.
2. How can it be shown that a candle, or oil lamp, produces water when it burns? What other substance is produced at the same time. How can that be proved?
3. What was the principal factor in bringing about the "chemical revolution" towards the end of the eighteenth century? What was that revolution? Or, The of textbook says, "Such elements are said to be allotropic." What is the meaning " the term? Give the names of allotropic elements you know of.
4. Describe any chemical experiment in common life such, for instance, ${ }^{20}$ you could do without apparatus except such as could be found in any kitchen.
5. How is oxygen prepared? What are its properties? What is the most notable one, and how could you illustrate it?
6. What are acids and bases? Write two equations showing how acids and bases act on each other, and state in words the information given by each equatio bases act on each other, and state in words the information given by each equat
7. Describe the formation of any compound of sulphur and give its propertet

## JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.

8. Describe the properties and uses of copper; Or, mercury; Or, aluminium.
9. Given the following equations for the Le Blanc process for making sodium carbonate, calculate how many tons of sodium carbonate should be made from 58.5 tons of common salt. $2 \mathrm{NaCl}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{4}=\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{4}+2 \mathrm{HCl}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+4 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}+4 \mathrm{CO} \\
& \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}+\mathrm{CaCO}=\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO} \mathrm{O}_{3}+\mathrm{CaS}
\end{aligned}
$$

$(\mathrm{C}=12 ; \mathrm{O}=16 ; \mathrm{Na}=23 ; \mathrm{S}=32 ; \mathrm{Cl}=35.5 ; \mathrm{Ca}=40$. These numbers are
10. Discuss as fully as you can in the time some feature of War Chemistry. (For instance you as fully as you what chemicals are specially expensive here because of the war; or what things the Germans have found difficult to obtain for their munitions; or what gases were used in the war, and how the gas masks acted a a protection. These are only examples; you may take any chemical sideof the War you choose). Or, Describe the making of glass.

## LATIN.-XI.

9 to 11 a. m., Thursday, 26 June, 1919.

1. Decline in the singular ignobile vulgus, and in both numbers acre certamen.

Write perfect indicative and supine in $-4 m$ of following verbs: curro, do, dedo, - aufero, tollo, cognosco.
2. Explain and illustrate constructions which come after the following classes preventing: (4) Of hoping and promising: (2) of fearing: (3) of hindering and (4) of saying and thirking.
3. Translate into I.atin: (1) Let us remove our horses to make the danger $n_{0}$ orix equal. (2) The Helvetians thought that he was frightened. (3) Dumwas eager for a revolution. (4) Caesar did not forget the former insult.
(2) 4. Translate into Latin: (1) He slew the leading men and all the Senate. directiostages will be given up to you by us. (3) He does not know in what ction they have gone.
and $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5ub } \\ & \text { surespe }\end{aligned}$ Whort sentences illustrating different constructions following in pectively.
Ut in ${ }^{6}$. Translate: Boios petentibus Aeduis, quod egregia virtute erant cogniti, in parem ibs suis collocarent concessit; quibus illi agros dederunt, quosque postea

Exp iuris libertatisque conditionem, atque ipsi erant, receperunt.
Explain case of virtute and special use of atque.
7. Translate: Hi, si quid erat durius, concurrebant: si qui graviore vulnere

Ccepto Translate: Hi , si quid erat durius, si quo erat longius prodeundum aut
celerius equo deciderat, circumsistebant: si quo erat
ublevat recipiendum, tanta erat horum exercitatione celeritas, ut
Expit cursum adaequarent.
construplain the force of the various comparatives occurring in extract: also ructions of quo and iubis.
9. Translate:
veniet lustris labentibus aetas,
cum domus Assaraci Phthiam clarasque Mycenas
servitio premet ac victis dominabitur Argis.
nascetur pulchra Troianus origine Caesar, imperium Oceano, famam qui terminet astris, Iulius, a magno demissum nomen Iulo.
Phthiam, Mycenas, Argis-why are these places singled for special mention? Indicate scansion of fifth line.
10. Translate:

Iuppiter, hospitibus nam te dare iura loquuntur, hunc laetum Tyriisque diem Troiaque profectis esse velis, nostrosque huius meminisse minores. Adsit laetitiae Bacchus dator, et bona Iuno.
Parse velis and explain mood. Parse profectis and account for case of huius.

## PRACTICAL MATHEMATICS.-XI.

$$
3 \text { to } 5 \text { p. m., Thur sday, } 26 \text { June, } 1919 .
$$

1. Prove the formula $\sin ^{2} \mathrm{~A}+\cos ^{2} \mathrm{~A}=1$.
2. Solve the triangle A B C given $c=90^{\circ}, a=25 \mathrm{ft} ., b=72 \mathrm{ft}$., $\tan 19^{\circ} 9^{\prime}=$ $.3472, \cos 19^{\circ} 9^{\prime}=.9447$.
3. Without using tables, find the value of:

$$
\frac{3 \sin 90^{\circ}}{\sin 245^{\circ}}\left(\tan ^{2} 30^{\circ}+\tan ^{2} 60^{\circ}+\cot ^{2} 45^{\circ}\right)
$$

4. Given that $\log 121=2.0828$, write down the values of: $\log 1.21, \log 0.121$ $\log 1210, \log 0.0121, \log 11, \log 110$.
5. Prove that: $\sin 5 \mathrm{~A}-\sin 3 \mathrm{~A}=2 \cos 4 \mathrm{~A} \cdot \sin \mathrm{~A}$.
6. Prove the Law of Cosines.
7. Given the formula beginning $\cos (A+B)=\cos A \cos B \ldots \ldots$. prove that $\cos 2 A=1-2 \sin 2 A$.
8. A circular disc of diameter 7 inches, is placed in a square box whose side is $\ddot{17}$ inches long. What will be the area of the portion of the bottom of the box exposed to view?
9. Find the radius of a sphere whose area is equal to that of a circle 4.2 cms . in diameter.
10. The base of a pyramid is a square of side 15 inches: each of its other faces is an isosceles triangle whose equal sides are 25 inches long. Find (a) area of exposed surface; (b) volume of the pyramid.

## GRADE XII.

## ENGLISH (a).-XII.

## 9 to 11 a. m., Monday, 23 June, 1919.

1. Name the four dialects into which the speech of the Teutonic invaders of Britain was broken up. Where were they spoken? Or, Give three examples from "Bradley" of the difference between the English and German languages.
2. State generally the effect of the Norman Conquest upon the native lanSuage of England. Or, What, according to Bradley, was the most remarkable, and Dis of the most beneficial changes which the English language has undergone? iscuss it briefly.
3. Into what four periods does Lounsbury divide the English language? Give dates Or, Write a note on the literary, as distinguished from the colloquial adoption of French words into the English language (Bradley).
"Wh. Give a brief summary of Lounsbury's remarks in discussing the question: tion?" is to us the future of our tongue?" Or, What is meant by "Back formaIllustrate by three examples from Bradley.
4. In what four ways was the duty of the relative pronoun performed in "Anglo-Saxon'? $O r$, Illustrate by tuo examples from Bradley the changes in meaning which words have undergone.
5. ."The slow progress of the Renaissance in England is due to various causes." Discuss the causes.
mention Name the three principal prose writers of the Elizabethan period, and their principal works.
6. Give an account of the life of John Bunyan.
7. Give a biographical sketch of Robert Burns. What are his chief characteristics as a poet?
8. Mention two works of each of the following authors:-Shelley, Thackeray, Pope, Carlyle, Dryden.
GREEK.-XII. (a).

## 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., Monday, 23 June, 1919.

1. Write the accusative singular and plural of $\nu a u ̈ s, ~ i \pi \pi \epsilon u ́ s$, révos, ópuıs, є̀ $\lambda \pi i ́ s$; and the dative singular and plural of $\pi \dot{o}^{\prime} \lambda \varsigma, \dot{\eta} \gamma \epsilon \mu \dot{\omega} \nu, \tau \rho a \dot{a} \pi \epsilon \xi a, \pi a ̂ s$, ( $\pi \hat{a} \sigma a$ $\pi \hat{a} \nu)$. Explain how adverbs form the comparative and superlative degrees. Compare in full $\epsilon \hat{\nu}, \theta a ̂ t \tau o \nu$,

2. State, with case governed, the Greek prepositions governing but a single case. Arrange in classes according to cases governed, those which govern more than one case.
3. "Only one tense of the Greek verb embraces both augment and reduplication."' Name this tense, explaining why this is so.

Give the first person singular future indicative of $\mu a \nu \theta a^{\prime} \nu \omega, \beta a^{\prime} \lambda \lambda \omega, \pi i \pi \tau \omega, \pi i \nu \omega$, è̀aúv $\omega$.
4. Distinguish between $\epsilon i \mu l$ and $\epsilon i \mu \ell$, and write in full present indicative of each.
5. Write brief sentences illustrating the following constructions: (a) Dative of Agent. (b) Dative of the Possessor. (c) Partitive Genitive. (d) Accusative of Specification.
6. Explain and illustrate the three uses of aùrós Distinguish between tâvta and rav̀тá.
7. Translate into Greek: (1) The horses and beasts of burden had been led through a hostile country. (2) Then at daybreak he sent heralds concerning a truce.
8. Translate into Greek: (1) He will gladly cease from the war against the barbarians. (2) Since you are not willing to follow me, I will follow you. (3) For I think that you are friendly to me.
9. Translate into Greek: (1) Most gladly would I hear the herald's name. (2) He commanded Clearchus to take command of the left wing. (3) Cyrus is a worthy friend to whomsoever he may be a friend.

## 10. Translate at sight:-






 $\mu \hat{\nu} \nu$ éavrô̂ $\sigma \hat{\omega} \mu a$ oùk ầ $\nu$ dévaıтo тoútocs $\pi \hat{a} \sigma \iota$ коб $\mu \eta$ -
 $\dot{a} \nu \delta \rho i \nu_{0} \mu i \xi o t$.
${ }_{2}$ used to distribute. 2 ornament. 3 personal. decoration.

## FRENCH.-XII.

3 to 5 p. m., Monday, 23 June, 1919.

1. Give principal parts of: pouvoir, sacoir and vouloir. What mood is used after such verbs in principal clauses; give illustrations. Trantlate: He went away without speaking to me.
2. Translate: Que s'est-il passé? que se passe-t-il? où est le vicomte? Malheureux que je suis! m'ètre donné tant de peine, avoir tant travaillé, pendant deux mois, à l'unique fin de l'apprivoiser! Que d'esprit, que d'adresse, pour en arriver là! J'avais triomphé de tous ces scrupules. Mes bras s'ouvraient pour le recevoir; il allait m'appeler son beau-père. Trois mois encore, et j'ttais baron, je siegeais à la chambre haute.
3. When have personne, rien, aucun negative force, and when are they rendered in English by an affirmative? Translate: Nobody has come. I saw nobody. Don't speak to anybody. What does he say? Nothing new. He said nothing to anybody. Without doing anything.
4. Translate: Polyeucte. Vous ne m'étomez point: la pitić qui me blesse Sied bien aux plus grands coeurs, et n'a point de faiblesse.
Sur mes pareils, Néarque, un bel oeil est bien fort: Tel craint de le fâcher qui ne craint pas la mort; Et s'il faut affronter les plus cruels supplices, Y trouver des appas, en faire mes délices, Votre Dieu, que je n'ose encor nommer le mien, M'en donnera la force en me faisant chrétien.
5. Illustrate the use of the Subjunctive in adjectival clauses: (1) after a negative; (2) after a superlative or seul; (3) after whatever or howerer.
6. Principal parts of: plaire, rire, ouvrir. Translate: Whatever efforts he Whatever may be the cause of it. Whatever he may say.
7. Translate: Le Maitre de Philosophie. Et que sera donc la philosophie? Je vous trouve tous trois bien impertinents de parler devant mol avee cette arrogance, et de donner impudemment le nom de science à des choses que l'on ne doit pas même honorer du nom d'art, et qui ne peuvent être comprises que sous le nom de métier misérable de gladiateur, de chanteur et de baladin.
8. Give reasons for the omission of pas in the sentences: Il n'y a rien qu'il ne sache. Que n'attendez-vous? Je ne saurais faire cela. N'importe; allez toujours le faire. Translate these sentences.
Translate into French: My dear friend. My cousin has just returned from France where he has been for four years. Come and see him at our house, Thursday next. He will tell you what he has seen and heard. He has visited a number of the cities destroyed by the enemy. I shall expect you.
Translate: Madame Jourdain. Tout ce monde-là est un monde qui a raison, et qui est plus sage que vous. Pour moi, je suis scandalisée de la vie que vous menez. Je ne sais plus ce que c'est que notre maison: on dirait qu'il est ctans carême-prenant tous les jours et dès le matin, de peur d'y manquer, on y entend des vacarmes de violons et de chanteurs dont tout le voisinage se trouve incommodé.

## GEOMETRY.-XII.

9 to 11 a. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.
(Eight questions constitute a full paper).

1. Similar polygons can be divided into the same number of similar triangles, and the lines joining corresponding vertices in each figure are proportional.
2. If two triangles have one angle of the one equal to one angle of the other, their areas are proportional to the rectangles contained by the sides about the equal angles.
3. Draw a circle to pass thru a given point $P$, and to touch two given straight lines $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{AC}$.
4. If two intersecting straight lines are respectively parallel to two other intersecting straight lines not in the same plane with them, then the first pair $a^{\text {nd }}$ the second pair contain equal angles.
5. Find at what point in $C$, a given straight line of indefinite length, the angle subtended by a finite line $A \mathrm{~B}$ is a maximum.
6. Show that the polar of an external point with reference to a circle is the chord of contact of tangents drawn from the given point to the circle.
7. Explain and illustrate by figures.
(a) the division of a line harmonically,
(b) pole and polar with respect to a circle,
(c) harmonic pencil.
8. $O$ is a fixed point in a plane, and $P$ is a fixed point outside it. Find the locus of the feet of perpendiculars drawn from P to all lines in the plane thru $O$.
9. A D is a median of the triangle $A B C$; and the angles $A D B, A D C$ are bisected by lines which meet $A B, A C$ at $E$ and $F$ respectively. Prove that $E$ is parallel to $B C$.
10. If two straight lines A B, C D intersect at $x$, so that $x \mathrm{~A}: x \mathrm{C}=x$ (2) $x \mathrm{~B}$; (1) prove by Theorem 64 that the triangles $\mathrm{A} x \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{C} x \mathrm{~B}$ are similari hence prove the points, $A, D, B, C$ concyclic.

## GENERAL HISTORY.-XII.

## 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.

1. Sketch briefly the early history of the Northmen.
2. Tell what you know of the Ottoman Empire.
3. What do you understand by the term "Renaissance"? Name the chief pioneers of Italian humanism in the fourteenth century. Or, Write a note on the Crusades.
4. Who were chief enemies of Charles V. of Spain? Name different wars in his reign, with the treaties ending each, and state effects of these wars.
5. Explain briefly: Bill of Rights, Divine Right of Kings, War Loant Chivalry, Pacification of Ghent.

Tell 6. Name the most important provisions of the Peace of Westphalia; Or Tell what you know about the conditions of the recent Armistice.
7. Write a note on the Congress of Vienna.
8. Briefly discuss the effects of the Revolution of 1688 in England.
9. Tell what you know of the Afghan War. Give date and results.
10. With what historical events were the following connected? General Gordon, Simon de Montfort, General Petain, Mr. Gladstone, Daniel O'Connell, Maria Theresa, Robespierre, Bismarck, Cecil'Rhodes, Paul Kruger.

## PHYSICS.-XII.

## 3 to 5 p. m., Tuesday, 24 June, 1919.

1. What work is done in raising a mass of five pounds, 144 fect? From this. calculate the velocity which the body would have if allowed to fall from that hight taken is danger of making a mistake in this calculation unless great care is by in the use of the units involved. Therefore test the accuracy of your result byorking the next question.
2. How long would it take a body to fall 144 feet, from rest; What velocity would it have at the end of that time?
3. A solid cylinder of metal of specific gravity 7 would of course sink in water but if made into a hollow cylinder of the same circumference but ten times as long it would finto a hollow cylinder or tortion of its volume above water. What length would it need to bensiderable porter that the volume above water equal the volume of the original solid cylinder?
4. Given that the following forces are acting on a point, East 12 poundals, re.E. 20 poundals, N. 5 poundals, N. W. 6 poundals, S. W. 12 poundals; find the resultant in magnitude and direction by drawing the polygon of forces to scale. (If you have no me means of exact measurement draw approximately). In view of One of the forces having a direction N. E. and another S. W., two polygons are possible for the same resultant. Draw the second polygon also.
in. Discuss shortly the size of molecules or the structure of the atom or the
and theory of molecules, showing how this theory accounts for Boyle's Law, or the effect of change of temperature in a gas.
its 6 . What mass of ice must be dissolved in a liter of water at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. to reduce emperature to $3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (Latent heat of fusion 80 cals ).
5. Write a short account of applications of convection currents in gases, and Liquids; Or, Illustrate by the pulley and inclined plane the law of machines, "The Work done by a machine is equal to the work put into it."
6. A candle and a gas flame which is four times as strong are placed six feet
apart. There are two positions on the line joining these two sources where the screen may be are two positions on the line joining that it may be equally illuminated by each source. Find these positions: 0 , placed so that it may be equally illuminescent in parallel on a 100 volt circuit. If the Or, Four incandescent lights are joinely 100 ohms, 200 ohms, 300 $0 h \mathrm{~ms}, 400$ the resistances of the lamps are respective thru the group of lamps and secondly ohms; find first the total current pasould take the same current as the Broup.
theory Describe the solar spectum and account for the dark lines; Or, discuss a
statical of the action of a voltaic cell; Or, discuss electrical induction either of a
cal charge or of currents.
7. Describe any experiment you choose, in physics. (Either choose an experiment suitable to your grade, or indicate how you would explain to a clabs in Grade IX the important features and principles involved in an experiment suitable for that grade).

## ALGEBRA.-XII.

## 9 to 11 a. m., Wednesday, 25 June, 1919.

1. Sum $1, \sqrt{ } 3,3, \ldots$ to 12 terms.
2. Find the logarithm of 49 to base 343 .
3. Determine the rate per cent. at which a sum of money will treble itelf in 13 years at compound interest, given $\log 3=.4771, \log 1.088=.0367$.
4. The roots of $x_{2}-p x+q=0$ are two consecutive integers; Find the value of $p$ in terms of $q$.
5. Express in the form $\mathrm{A}+i \mathrm{~B}$ the fraction $\frac{(1+i)_{2}}{3-i}$
6. Solve $x_{2}+2 \sqrt{x^{2}+6 x}=24-6 x$.
7. If ${ }^{28} \mathrm{C}_{2 r}:{ }^{24} \mathrm{C}_{2 r-4}=225: 11$ Find $r$.
8. Find tre greatest'term in the expansion (5-4x) when $x=1$.
9. Expand to 5 terms in a series of ascending powers of $x$ the fraction $\left(e^{5 x}+e^{x}\right) \div e^{3 x}$
10. Find the least value of $x 2-12 x+40$.

## LATIN (a).

## 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., Wednesday, 25 June, 1919.

1. (a) Point out peculiarities in the declension of filia, flius, meus, pelogus, locus, domus. (b) State gender of following nouns, and show how this in each domus, vulgus, dies
2. Give the supines in $u m$ of following verbs: seco, veto, solvo, surgo, spertho, sterno, cogo. Explain the formation of the future infinitive passive with an illustration.
3. The authorized text-book classifies the ablative case under nine heade Mention these and write brief Latin sentences or expressions illustrating each.
4. (a) Write a complete sentence in Latin showing the use of moods in bot the main and subordinate clauses of an indirect statement. (b) Name and briefly illustrate the various uses of the subjunctive mood in independent tences.
5. Translate into Latin: (1) He said that he had been informed by the Gauls themselves concerning the surrender of the town. (2) No one was found there was willing (imp. subj.) to undertake this business. (3) He wrote that there had been great difficulty because all things had to be done at once.
6. Translate into Latin: (1) He inquires why they are unwilling to return (reddere) what (use plural with antecedent) they had received. (2) He was ordered to find out in what direction Caesar was leading the army. (8) The same thing had often happened before.
found. Translate into Latin: (1) When the enemy had fled, much baggage was wound (2) Let us show what our plan is. (3) They were so worn out with unds that they retreated to the mountain.
Would Translate into Latin: (1) There were some who feared that the soldiers (3) Let obey the command. (2) Liscus was influenced by Caesar's speech. go to Rome to the senate to ask aid.
tions in Write brief sentences illustrating the various ways of expressing prohibiclassic prose.
7. Translate at sight: Legati haec se ad suos relaturos dixerunt, et re delinorata post diem tertium ad Caesarem reversuros; interea ne propius se castra veratet, petierunt. ne id quidem Caesar ab se impetrari posse dixit. cognotand enim magnam partem equitatus ab eis aliquot diebus ante praedandifrumeneius rue causa ad Ambivaritos trans Mosam missam; hos exspectari equites atque
ius rei causa moram interponi arbitrabatur.

## BOTANY.-XII.

3 to 5 p. m., Wednesday, 25 June, 1919.

1. The text book gives morphology, physiology and ecology as three parts of Botany. What, exactly, is meant by these terms?
into the Trace the early growth of a seed, such as the squash seed, after it is put
plant. D scuss storage of reserve material in the root, and the benefit it is to the
stems. Discuss the process of photo synthesis: Or, the various modifications of differeny which term is meant differences in form, length, location, etc., not the ence between dicotyledons and monocotyledons.
blue-green Discuss movement of liquids in the stem; Or, Describe some forms of the reen algae; $O r$, give the life habits of the blue-green algae.
2. The text book says of a certain class of algae that it includes the most some piful of the marine algae. Describe the life habits of this class, or describe particular member of the class; Or, Describe the different kinds of fruits.
3. Describe some particular fungus giving the character of the class to which it belongs and the features which separate it from other classes; Or, describe plant products used in manufactures.
4. Discuss how plants protect themselves.
cher 9 . Describe the mayflower, or hepatica, or ground ivy, or clintonia, or wild Chary, along with some other member of the same family, so that the family Pescriberistics may be given and some special difference between the two plants
5. Discuss some botanical subject that has interested you, excluding any subject in the foregoing questions.

## LATIN (b).-XII.

9 to 11 a. m., Thursday, 26 June, 1919.

1. Translate: Eo de media nocte Caesar isdem ducibus usus, qui nuntijab Iccio venerant, Numidas et Cretas sagittarios et funditores Baleares subsidio oppidanis mittit; quorum adventu et Remis cum spe defensionis studium propus nandi accessit, et hostibus eadem de causa spes potiundi oppidi discessit.

Explain cases of ducibus, subsidio, oppidanis.
Parse potiundi and note peculiarity in both form and use.
2. Translate: Unum petere ac deprecari: si forte pro sua clementia ${ }^{a c}$ mansuetudine, quam ipsi ab aliis audirent, statuisset Aduatucos esse conservandos ne se armis despoliaret. Sibi omnes fere finitimos esse inimicos ac suae virtuti invidere; a quibus se defendere traditis armis non possent.
(The extract is in indirect statement).
Explain cases of armis (3rd line) and virtute.
What relation is witnessed by traditis armis?
3. Translate: Itaque cum intellegeret omnes fere Gallos novis rebus studere et ad bellum mobiliter celeriterque excitari, omnes autem homines natura liberta studere et condicionem servitutis odisse, priusquam plures civitates conspirarent. partiendum sibi ac latius distribuendum exercitum putavit.

Explain cases of rebus, natura, sibi.
4. Translate: Id ea de causa faciebat, quod cum tanta multitudine hoatjumr praesertim eo absente, qui summam imperii teneret, nisi aequo loco aut opportlu* nitate aliqua data legato dimicandum non existimabat.

Opportunitate data. What relation does this clause express? Explain case of legato.
5. Translate:

Tum vero tremefacta novus per pectora cunctis
Insinuat pavor; et scelus expendisse merentem
Laocoonta ferunt, sacrum qui cuspide robur
Laeserit, et tergo sceleratam intorserit hastam.
Ducendum ad sedes simulacrum, orandaque Divae
Numina conclamant.
Parse Laocoonta. Explain mood of laeserit and intorserit. Parse later verb.
6. Translate:

Non tali auxilio, nec defensoribus istis
Tempus eget: non, si ipse meus nunc afforet Hector.
Huc tandem concede: haec ara tuebitur omnes, Aut moriere simul.
What type of conditional sentence does the clause si. . . . . . . . Hector introduce? Explain case of auxilio and parse moriere.

## 7. Translate:

Non ita: namque etsi nullum memorabile nomen
Feminea in poena est, nec habet victoria laudem,
Exstinxisse nefas tamen, et sumpsisse merentis
Laudabor poenas; animumque explesse juvabit
Ultricis flammac, et cineres satiasse meorum.
Parse merentis and account for case of fammae.
8. Translate:

Adeo coelestibus ambo
Diffidunt monitis; sed quid tentare nocebit?
Descendunt, velantque caput, tunicasque recingunt,
Et jussos lapides sua post vestigia mittunt.
Saxa (quis hoc credat, nisi sit pro teste vetustas?)
Ponere duritiem coepere suumque rigorem,
Mollirique mora, mollitaque ducere formam.
Explain case of monitis. Parse coepere, and write a note on its form.
9. Translate:

Vix spes ipse suas animo capit, aurea fingens
Omnia. Gaudenti mensas posucre ministri,
Exstructas dapibus, nec tostae frugis egentes.
Tum vero, sive ille sua Cerealia dextra
Munera contigerat, Cerealia dona rigebant;
Sive dapes avido convellere dente parabat,
L.amina fulva dapes admoto dente nitebant.

Parse gaudenii and tostae. Account for case of frugis.
10. Translate:

Ostendit adhuc Tyaneius illic
Incola de gemino vicinos corpore truncos.
Haec mihi non vani (neque erat cur fallere vellent)
Narravere senes: equidem pendentia vidi
Serta super ramos, ponensque recentia dixi,
Cura pii dis sunt; et, qui coluere, coluntur.
Explain the mood of vellent and write a note on the form and case of dis.

ENGLISH. (b).-XII.
11 a. m. to 1 p. m., Thursday, 26 June, 1919.

1. Give an outline of the plot of Shakespeare's "As You Like It," and state urce of the play.
2. Outline the character of Rosalind, as portrayed by Shakespeare, and II Istrate your remarks by short quotations.
(Act if Describe the scene between Orlando and Adam, before Oliver's house. I, Scene 3).
3. Explain the words in italics:-
(a) "I will physic your *ankness."
(b) "You'll be whipped for taxation one of these days."
(c) "That which stands up
(d) "Is but a quintain."
(e) "And thou, thrice-crowned queen of night."
4. Give briefly the context of the following passages from "Paradise Lost."
(a) "Better to reign in hell than serve in heaven."
(b) "War hath determined us, and foiled with loss
"Irreparable; terms of peace yet none
"Vouchsafed or sought."
Peers. Give the substance of Satan's opening speech at the council of the infernal
5. Explain the italicized words:-
(a) "Sublim'd with mineral fury."
(b) "Cornice or frieze, with bossy sculptures graven."
(c) "A pitchy cloud
"of locusts, warping on the eastern wind."
(d) "With bright imblazonry, and horrent arms."
(e) "When he who most excels in fact of arms."
6. What does Mr. Gladstone say regarding the acquisition of the island of Cyprus in his speech on "Principles of Foreign Policy?"
7. Give the substance of Sir Edward Grey's remarks on the first Moroccart Crisis of 1906.
8. Give an account of the interview between King Richard and the Archbishop of Tyre; Or, Give an outline of the short story "Markheim"'; Or, Describe the combat between Sohrab and Rustum.

Note:--In marking the answers to question 10, quality of composition will be taken into account.

## TRIGONOMETRY.-XII.

## 3 to 5 p. m., Thursday, 26 June, 1919.

1. Give the values of : $\tan 60^{\circ}, \sin 30^{\circ}, \cos 45^{\circ}, \sec 60^{\circ}, \cot 45^{\circ}$.
2. Prove the following identity:

$$
(\sin \theta+\cos \theta)^{2}+(\sin \theta-\cos \theta)^{2}=2
$$

3. (a) Reduce to degrees the angles whose radian measures are

$$
\frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{5 \pi}{16}
$$

(b) Reduce to radian measure: $120^{\circ}, 225^{\circ}, 150^{\circ}$.
4. Given the formulas for $\sin (A+B)$ and $\cos (A+B)$ in terms of the ratios of $A$ and $B$, deduce a formula for $\tan (A+B)$.
5. Solve the equation $\sin ^{2} x+\cos x=1$, giving all possible solutions.
6. Solve, by means of the Law of Sines, the following triangle:

$$
\text { given } \quad \begin{aligned}
& a=260, \mathrm{~A}=38^{\circ} 50^{\prime}, \mathrm{B}=21^{\circ} 35^{\prime} ; \\
& \sin 38^{\circ} 50^{\prime}= .6271 ; \sin ^{2} 21^{\circ} 35^{\prime}=.3679 \\
& \sin 60^{\circ} 25^{\prime}=.8696 .
\end{aligned}
$$

7. If $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C}=180^{\circ}$, prove that

$$
\sin A+\sin B+\sin C=4 \cos \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{B}{2} \cos \frac{C}{2}
$$

8. Solve the triangle A B C given that $\mathrm{C}=90^{\circ}, \mathrm{B}=58^{\circ}, b=750 \mathrm{ft}$.;
$\log 750=2.87506$
$\log \sin 58^{\circ}=9.92842$
$\log 884.3=2.94660$
$\log \tan 58^{\circ}=0.20421$
$\log 884.4=2.94665$
$\log 468.6=2.67080$
$\log 468.7=2.67089$
9. Define the following terms:-Great Circle; distance between two points on a sphere; quadrant; spherical angle; spherical excess.
10. State and prove the Law of Cosines for a spherical triangle.

## GERMAN.-XII.

9 to 11 a. m., Saturday, 28 June, 1919.
1 Which auxiliary is used to form the future and the true passive of verbs? Translate: We shall go home to-morrow. The town was destroyed by the enemy. Distinguish between: Der Brief war geschrieben and der Brief wurde geschrieben.
2 Translate: Vor Jahren war ein Hochzeitsfest in dem alten Schlosse, und die einzige, junge und schone Tochter des Hauses wurde mit einem Manne vermahlt, den sie unaussprechlich liebte. In dem grossen Saale wurde geräuschvoll bankettiert, zahlreiche Găste waren geladen, Musik ertönte, Gläser klangen, Trinksprüche wurden ausgebracht.
4. Translate: Also es war am 3. Marz, Anno 1779. Ich war in der Nacht allein in unserer Mühle. Ich bin damals Muhlhnappe bei den Müller Heyde gewesen. Ich gehe also auf und ab, schutte aus und ein. Es rast der Wind, dass man meint, er nimmt die ganze Mühle mit fort. Ich sehe zum obern Fenster hinaus, ich weiss nicht warum.
5.

Ich gehe also $a u f$ und $a b$ (Extract 4). Account fully for the prepositions $a u f$
and $a b$. In what two cases do these prepositions change their position? Give full explanations with illustrations.
B. What form does the principal clause assume, when preceded by a dependent clause? Explain and translate: After he had written his letter he went out.
7. Translate:

Altinghausen. $O$, mächtig ist der Trieb des Vaterlands! Die fremde, falsche Welt ist nicht fur dich; Dort an dem stolzen Kaizerhof bleibst du Dir ewig fremd mit deinem treuen Herzen! Die Welt, sie fordert andre Tugenden, Als du in diesen Thälern dir erworben.
8.

Compose three German complex sentences, the dependent clauses of which are respectively: (a) a noun clause; (b) an adjective clause; (c) an adverbial clause.

Explain the use and the meaning of: (a) the indirect subjunctive (Oratio obliqua); (b) the optative subjunctive: translate for examples: He wrote to me that he had sold his house. God grant that we
10.

Translate: Gessler. Nun, Tell, weil du den Apfel triffst vom Baume Auf hundert Schritt, so wirst du deine ArmbrustVor mir bewahren massen.- Nimm dach dich fertig, Du hast sie gleich zur Hand-und mach zu schiessen.Einen Apfel von des Knaben Kopi dass du Doch will ich rathen, ziele gut, den Schuss; Den Apfel treffest auf den ersean
Denn fehlst du ihn, so ist doin Kopl verloren.

## GREEK．－XII．（b）．

11 a．m．to 1 p．m．，Saturday， 28 June， 1919.
1．Translate：




 $\pi \alpha \rho \dot{\prime} \sigma \epsilon \sigma \theta a t$
Explain the form càmoi．What is the peculiar formation called？

2．Translate：



 ＂каі èvтім

モ̇чúz才ave $\ddot{\omega} \nu$ ．What name is given to this use of the participle？Write an explanatory note on $\grave{\epsilon} \nu \tau i \mu \omega s$ е́ $\chi \chi \nu$ ．

3．Translate：




Parse àmo入éral．Explain construction of $\sigma \tau \rho a \tau \epsilon \dot{\epsilon} \epsilon \nu$ ．

4．Translate：




 övтı．
$\dot{a} \rho \chi \iota \kappa \grave{\nu} \nu$ ．Of what gender is this adjective？ Explain your answer．$\tau \hat{\omega} \nu$ $\sigma v \nu \dot{\partial} \nu \tau \omega \nu$ ．Explain construction．
5. Translate:




Explain cases of $\tau 0 \cup \dot{\tau} \omega \nu, \dot{\alpha} \nu \tau \hat{\omega}, \pi а р \eta \mu є \lambda \kappa \omega ่ s$.

## 6. Translate:







Parse $\tau o \hat{v} \epsilon \bar{\epsilon} \xi \rho \rho \mu \hat{\eta} \sigma a \iota$ and $\phi \dot{a} \nu \eta \tau \epsilon$.

## 7. Translate:






 Parseỗụ. Of what form is this word an Attic variation. Explain case of $\sigma \omega \tau \eta p i a s$

## 8. Translate:

 $\sigma$ ie $\quad$ dol


 I
$\tau а$ út $\eta \varsigma ~ \tau \eta ̂ \varsigma \nu v \kappa \tau o ̀ s$. What Greek construction of time does this expression illustrate-
9. Translate:
'A


 бүтє.
Explain construction of $\dot{\epsilon} \mu \dot{i}, \dot{\omega} \nu, \mu \sigma \sigma \dot{\partial} \nu$.

## 10. Translate:







Parse $\tau v \chi \epsilon i \nu$. Explain agreement of participle $\pi \epsilon і ̈ \sigma a s$.

## CHEMISTRY. -XII.

## 3 to 5 p. m., Saturday, 28 June, 1919.

1. Show that unless the law of definite proportions and the law of multiple proportions held good there could be no atomic theory. (Perhaps you had better not write your answer to this question at once, quite probably when you are answer ing some of the other questions some ideas upon this will occur to you).
2. What volume of oxygen is necessary to unite with 100 grams of hydrogen ${ }^{\mathbb{A}}$ to form water? (You may choose your own temperature and pressure).
3. How has the gravimetric composition of water been determined?
4. Write a short essay on solution.
5. Give an account of the occurrence, preparation and properties of iodine or of sulphur.
6. Copper, silver and gold have some relationships with the alkali metals. Give similarities and differences between them and the alkalies. .
7. Give the names and formulae of six gases, the materials from which formed, and the method. (Illustrative example: Hydrogen, $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ by action of dilute sulphuric or hydrochloric acid on zinc or similar metal).
8. Discuss the arsenic group of metals, or silica and the silicates.
9. Discuss illuminating gases, or compounds of lead of industrial interest.
10. Describe some chemical experiment suitable for Grade IX in a style that should be understood by a pupil of that grade. Or, Discuss some features ${ }^{\text {oed }}$ war chemistry. (The newspapers have frequent articles on how the war faffed the chemistry or chemistry affected the war. The war has sometimes been called chemists ${ }^{\text {war }}$ ).

## UNIVERSITY GRADUATES' TESTING EXAMINATION.

## 1919.

## ENGLISH-(MINOR).

1 and 2. Write an essay on one of the following subjects:-
(a) The case of the returned soldier.
(b) The prevailing industrial unrest.
(c) The relations between teacher and pupils.
3. Mention, without going into minute details some of the principal changes Wrought in the English Language by the Norman Conquest.
Word "honor," a brief summary of Lounshury's discussion of the spelling of the
Coleridge; Live an account of one of the following:-Charles Lamb; Samuel Taylor
(b) 6." Mention the principal works of the following authors:-(a) De Quincy; Savage Austin; (c) Maria Edgeworth; (d) John Keats; (d) Waltor Landor.
give an account of any one of them.解 any one of them.
(b) ${ }^{8}$. Name the principal works of the following authors:-(a) Lytton; Sworth; (c) Macaulay; (d) Ruskin; (c) John Stuart Mill.
principa Give a biographical sketch of Wordsworth, and mention three of his
10. Give the titles of four of (a) Browning's, or (b) Tennyson's "shorter"
poems, and give an and give an outline of any one of them.
is taken:- Name the author and the poem from which each of the following extracts
(a) "I arise from dreams of Thee,

In the first sweet sleep of night."
(b) "And thou art dead, as young and fair

As ought of mortal birth."
(c) "Few, few shall part, where many meet!

The snow shall be their winding-sheet."
(d) "One more unfortunate,

Weary of breath,
Rashly importunate,
Gone to her death!'
(e) "The hand of the reaper Takes the ears that are hoary, But the voice of the weeper Wails manhood in glory."
ard English Give an outline of one of the following extracts from Pancoast's "Stand-
(a) "Detached thoughts on books and reading."
(b) "The English Mail-coach."
(c) "The defeat of the Armada."

## LATIN-(MAJOR).

1. 

(a) Write the second person singular present imperative of eo, fio, nolo, dico, memini, fero, loquor: (b) Write the present infinitives corresponding to the following supines and participles: casum, cullum, satum, messum, fictus, fixus, ratus, ultus, gavisus.
2.

Write brjef sentences in Latin illustrating (a) The circumstance under which quo replaces ut in clauses of purpose; $(b)$ The cases of the objects exchanged after muto; (c) The mood employed in indirect questions; ( $d$ ) The use of $n e$ and $u t$ after verbs of fearing.

Write short descriptive notes suggested by the following names of persons or places: Cato, Regulus, Octavius, Catiline, Jugurtha, Cassius, Lepidus, Lake Trasimenus, Zama, Brundisium, Pharsalia. Or Assign authors to the following works: "The Eclogues," "The Tristia," "De, Officiis," "Bellum "Civile," "Germania," "Bellum Jugurthinum, "Carmen Saeculare."
4. Translate into latin:-(a) Thus they fought long and sharply in doubtful battle. (b) The Aedui frequently enjoyed (utor) the aid he the Roman people. (c) He carefully guarded Dumnorix, that he might know what he was doing. (d) He hoped to finish the war with out any labor or danger. (e) He is a barbarous, passionate, rash mar. I cannot bear his rule any longer.
5. Translate:-

Ac mihi quidem, tametsi haud quaquam par gloria sequitur scrip torem et auctorem rerum, tamen in primis arduum videtur res gestas scribere; primum quod facta dictis exaequanda sunt, dehinc quia plerique quae delicta reprehenderis, malivolentia et invidia dicta putant; ubi de magna virtute atque gloria bonorum memores, quae sibi quisque facilia factu putat, aequo animo accipit, supra ea veluti ficta pro falsis ducit.
6.

Translate:-Ac primum in hoc Panaetius defendendus est, quod non utilia cum honestis pugnare aliquando posse dixerit-neque enim ei fas erat-, sed ca, quae viderentur utilia. Nihil vero utile quod nor idem honestum, nihil honestum quod non idem utile sit, saepe testatur negatque ullam pestem maiorem in vitam hominum invasisse quam $\mathrm{e}^{-}$ rum opinionem, qui ista distraxerint. Itaque non ut aliquando ante ${ }^{-}$ poneremus utilia honestis, sed ut ea sine errore diiudicaremus, si quando incidissent, induxit eam, quae videretur esse, non quae esset, repugnantiam.
(a) Who was Panetius? (b) Explain the case and construction of ea.
7. Translate:--ego ac tu simplicissime inter nos hodie loquimur: ceteri libentius cum fortuna nostra quam nobiscum. nam suadere principi, quod oporteat, multi laboris: adsentatio erga quemcumque principem sine affectu peragitur. Si inmensum imperii corpus stare ac librari sine rectore posset, dignus eram a quo res publica inciperet: nunc eo necessitatis iam pridem ventum est, ut nec mea senectus conferre plus populo Romano posset quam bonum successorem nec tur ${ }^{2}$ plus iuventa quam bonam principem.
(a) Explain cases of principi and laboris.
(b) Write a note on mood of eram.
8. Translate:-
vere novo gelidus canis cum montibus umor liquitur et Zephyro putris se glaeba resolvit, depresso incipiat iam tum mihi taurus aratro ingemere, et sulco attritus splendescere vomer. illa seges demum votis respondet avari
agricolae, bis quae solem, bis frigora sensit;
illius inmensae ruperunt horrea messes. et quidam seros hiberni ad luminis ignes pervigilat, ferroque faces inspicat acuto;
interea longum cantu solata laborem
arguto coniunx percurrit pectine telas,
aut dulcis musti Vulcano decoquit umorem
et foliis undam trepidi despumat aeni.
Translate:-
Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori:
Mors et fugacem persequitur virum,
Nec parcit imbellis juventae
Poplitibus timidoque tergo.
Virtus, repulsae nescia sordidae,
Intaminatis fulget honoribus;
Nec sumit aut ponit secures
Arbitrio popularis aurae.
Virtus, recludens immeritis mori
Coelum, negata tentat iter via:
Coetusque vulgares et udam
Spernit humum fugiente penna.
Explain cases of poplitibus, repulsae, arbitrio, immeritis.
10.

Translate:-
quid enim ratione timemus
aut cupimus? quid tan dextro pede concipis ut te
conatus non paeniteat votique peracti?
evertere domos totas optantibus ipsis
di faciles. nocitura toga, nocitura petuntur
militia; torrens dicendi copia multis et sua mortifera est facuntia, viribus ille confisus periit admirardisque lacertis.
Explain cases of conatus and viribus.

## LATIN-(MINOR).

Give the ablative singular and genitive plural of $d u x$, nox, vox, bos, senex, foedus, cubile, domus.
2. (a)

Proxime, humite other degrees of ditior, senior, frugaliter, pessime, vetustior, proxime, humiliter, nequam. ing prohib (b) State, with illustrations, the principal modes of expres. 8. Ang prohibition in Latin.

Mention the three most distinguished Latin poets of the Augustan Age, with the titles of their chief poems. Select the writings of any one of these for special consideration as to style and poetic merit.
4.

Translate into Latin:
(c)

This place was distant from the camps of Ariovistus and Caesar by an almost equal space.

He thought that from this it could be judged how large the army own men.
(d)

Elated by this victory, the Helvetians began to take a bolder stand.
Translate:-Cum ab his quaereret, quae civitates quantaeque in armis essent et quid in bello possent, sic reperiebat: plerosque Belga esse ortos ab Germanis Rhenumque antiquitus traductos propter lisse, fertilitatem ibi consedisse, Gallosque, qui ea loca incolerent, expulise Ter solosque esse qui patrum nostrorum memoria omni Gallia vexata feri, tonos Cimbrosque intra fines suos ingredi prohibuerint; qua ex re fier uti earum rerum memoria magnam sibi auctoritatem mag nosq ${ }^{1 \text { le }}$ spiritus in re militari sumerent.
(a) Explain cases of Rhenum and memoria, (where first occurring); (b) What would be the usual construction for ingredi prohibuerint?
6. Translate:-Namque hoc praestat amicitia propinquitati quod $e^{x}$ propinquitate benevolentia tolli potest, ex amicitia non potest: subnet. enim benevolentia amicitiae nomen tollitur, propinquitatis man $e^{s}$ Quanta autem vis amicitiae sit ex hoc intellegi maxime potest, quod en infinita societate generis humani, quam conciliavit ipsa natura, ita du ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{5}$ tracta res est et adducta in angustum ut omnis caritas aut inter du aut inter paucos iungeretur.

Propinquitus-relationship.
Adducta in angustum-narrowed down.
Caritas-mutual affection.
Translate:-Dein brevi effecit, ut pater in se minimum momentull ad favorem conciliandum esset. Nunquam ingenium idem ad res diversissimas, parendum atque imperandum, habilius fuit. Itaque haud facile discerneres, utrum imperatori an exercitui carior egset neque Hasdrubal alium quemquam praeficere malle, ubi quid fortiter ${ }^{\text {ac }}$ strenue agendum esset, neque milites alio duce plus confidere aut andere. Plurimum audaciae ad pericula capessenda, plurimum consilii inter $\mathrm{j}^{5 \sqrt{5}}$ pericula erat.
momentum-influence or factor.
(a) Account for the case of duce; (b) Account for the mood of malle.
8. Translate:-
at non ille, satum quo te mentiris, Achilles talis in hoste fuit Priamo; sed iura fidemque supplicis erubuit, corpusque exsangue sepulcro reddidit Hectoreum, meque in niea regna remisit. cui Pyrrhus: 'referes ergo haec, et nuntius ibis Pelidae genitori; illi mea tristia facta degeneremque Neoptolemum narrare memento. nunc morere.'
"Saium quo te mentiris." Parse this clause word by word.
9. Translate:-

Sanctius his animal, mentisque capacius altae Deerat adhuc, et quod dominari in cetera posset. Natus homo est; sive hunc divino semine fecit Ille opifex rerum, mundi melioris origo; Sive recens tellus, seductaque nuper ab alto Aethere, cognati retinebat semina caeli. Quam satus Iapeto, mixtam fluvialibus undis, Finxit in effigiem moderantum cuncta Deorum; Pronaque quum spectent animalia cetera terram, Os homini sublime dedit; caelumque tueri
Jussit, et erectos ad sidera tollere vultus.
Annotate atus Iapeto, and parse both words.
10.

Translate:-
Latius regnes avidum domando
Spiritum, quam si Libyam remotis
Gadibus jungas, et uterque Poenus
Serviat uni.
Redditum Cyri solio Phraaten
Dissidens plebi numero beatorum
Eximit Virtus, populumque falsis
Dedocet uti.
Vocibus; regnum et diadema tutuin
Deferens uni propriamque laurum,
Quisquis ingentes oculo irretorto
Spectat acervos.
Dedocet uti-dissuade from using.
Explain cases of Gadibus, uni (first in extract), plebi.

## MATHEMATICS-(MINOR).

angles. In a convex solid angle the sum of the face angles is less than four right
2. In the triangles $A B C$, DEF the angles $A$ and $D$ are equal:

Prove (a) If $\mathrm{AB}: \mathrm{AC}=\mathrm{DE}: \mathrm{DF}$ the triangles are similar.
(b) If $\mathrm{AB}: \mathrm{DE}=\mathrm{DF}: \mathrm{AC}$ the triangles are equal in area.
length. Obtain a formula for the volume of a regular octabedron in terms of the one edge.
4. If $a^{2}, b^{2}, c^{2}$ are in A.P. so also are $\frac{1}{b+c}, \frac{1}{c+a}, \frac{1}{a+b}$.
5. Obtain the square roots of

$$
-7-24 \sqrt{-1}
$$

6. $y+2 x y+2 x+a y-3$ can be broken up into two rational factors; find $a$.
horses. Forty animals are bought consisting of pigs at 40 dollars, sheep at 20 and es at 170. The total bill is $\$ 3010$; how many of each were purchased?
7. Prove $1+\frac{2^{3}}{\underline{12}}+\frac{3^{3}}{\underline{3}}+\frac{4^{2}}{\underline{4}}+$ etc. ad. inf. $=5$ e.
8. Determine the cosine of $202 \frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$.
9. Prove $\sin x+\sin 2 x+\sin 3 x=4 \cos \frac{x}{2} \cos x \sin \frac{3 x}{2}$
10. Find $x$ if $\tan 4 x \tan 5 x=1$.
11. In a right spherical triangle prove $\cos c=\cos a \cos b$.

## MATHEMATICS.-(MAJOR). <br> 1st Paper.

1. Find the tangent of the angle between $4 x-3 y=6$ and $9 x+2 y=8$.
2. What is the equation of the line parallel to $12 x-5 y-6=0$ whose distance from the or gin is greater by 3 .
3. Draw a figure to represent (a) $x y-k x=0$, and (b) $y^{2}=x+k$ where $k$ is an arbitrary constant.
4. Find the equation of the circle whose center is ( $3,-2$ ) which touches $3 x+y=12$.
5. Find the tangents to $x^{2}+y^{2}-6 x-10 y+2=0$ that pass thru $(3,-3)$. $5=0$. ? What diameter of the parabola $y^{2}=6 x$ bisects chords parallel to $3 x-2 y^{\dagger}$
6. Obtain the equation of the tangent to $b x^{2}+a^{2} y^{2}=a^{2} b^{2}$ at a point ( $x, y$ ) on it.
7. By transformation of coordinates remove the $x y$ term from $13 x-10 x y$ $+13 y^{2}=72$.
8. Determine the length of the minor axis of $3 x^{2}+2 x y+y^{2}+6 x+4 y+\frac{7}{2}=0$.
9. What are the direction cosines of the line whose direction angles are equal?
10. Determine the area of the triangle $(4,-3,2),(6,4,4),(-5,-2,8)$.
11. Prove $\frac{x}{3}=\frac{y}{-1}=\frac{3}{-2}$ perpendicular to $\frac{x}{4}=\frac{y}{6}=\frac{3}{3}$

## MATHEMATICS.-(MAJOR).

## 2nd Paper.

1. At what points on $y=\log \sec x$ do $x$ and $y$ change at the same rate?
2. Find the maximum ordinate of $(y-x)^{2}=x^{3}$.
3. Calculate the radius of curvature of $y_{2}=4 a x$ at the origin.
4. Integrate $\sin ^{3} x d x$.
5. Integrate $\frac{d x}{\sqrt{4-3 x^{2}}}$,
6. Calculate the area between $y=x-x^{3}$ and the $x$ axis.
7. Determine the volume formed by the revolution of an ellipse about ${ }^{\text {ts }}$ minor axis.
8. Find the most economical proportions for a cylindrical tin dipper to hold a pint.
9. At what points on $x y^{2}-16$ does the normal go thru the origin?
tan $x$
10. Derive with respect to $x$ the producte $\cos x^{2}$.
11. Evaluate $\left(x^{2}-\sin ^{2} x\right) \div x^{2} \sin ^{2} x$ when $x=0$.
12. Expand by Taylor's Theorem to four terms in powers of $x$ and $y$ $e^{\sin } x$.

## GEOLOGY.-(MAJOR).

1. Discuss the occurence of gold, nickel and lead in any part of Canada where found.
2. What blowpipe tests can be used for lead, arsenic and zinc minerals?
3. Give any division of Canada into geological areas, stating your reatons for the divisions chosen. (Young gives six divisions).
4. In what ways are ores deposited or segregated?
5. Volcanic rocks differ in certain respects from igneous rocks which did not reach the surface in the molten state, though they may now be found exposed. Give some of these characteristics.
6. Why are contacts between different kinds of rocks carefully looked for by geologists? What kind of things should be observed?
7. Discuss different kinds of building stones and the advantages of each.
8. Describe any geological section of Nova Scotia extending twenty miles or
9. Discuss any epoch making work of any of the great geologists.
taken special interert account of any geological work or study in which you have special interest.

## GEOLOGY.-(MINOR).

1. What is the typical structure of a geyser? What are the causes of its Deculiar action? is the typical structure of a geyser? way various geological phenomena may be the solution
of of solids in water and their preciritation from water solutions?
2. Discuss the erosion of rocks by weathering and the difference due to different Discuss the erosion of rocks by weathering and the
3. Discuss the nature of erosion and deposition, along the course of a river.
$D_{\text {iscus }}$ 4. How does the nature of the sea bottom vary according to deptl? Or, coral islands.
4. What are joints and faults? How do they affect quarrying and mining? in ${ }^{6}$. ${ }^{6}$. Give characteristic features of glacial action, and, if possible, examples sotia.
5. Describe three sulphide minerals, and cilher three carbonates or three silicates.
6. Give characteristic differences between igneous rocks and sedimentary. In this classification, what makes it difficult to place gneiss?
7. Give the larger divisions of geological time and the characteristic fosgils in each; Or, Give some account of the relationship of mineralogy and petrography to geology.
8. Describe any notable geological formations that you have studied (Cape Blomidon or the Joggins would be an example of what is meant; and there are others in Nova Scotia).

## PHYSICS.-(MINOR).

1. Discuss Lissajous' figures; Or, the interference of sound waves.
2. Give detail of some method for determining length exactly: For example, the screw gauge or the cathetometer. Or, give a description of how standards of length are chosen and fixed.
3. Write a short account of the polarisation of light; Or, of the passage of electricity thru rarefied gases.

4. Deduce the formala $\tau=2 \pi V^{l}$-where $T$ is the periodic time of pendulum, $l$ its length; and $g$ the acceleration of gravity.
5. Discuss electrical lines of force showing roughly their form under different arrangements of electrified bodies. Or, Deduce the formula for the lens
6. Show how a graphical representation is constructed of a varying velocity and of the space passed over by a body moving with a variable velocity. Deduce the particulat figure for the velocity and space in the case of a uniformly accelerated body.
7. How is the specific heat of a gas determined when the gas is kept at constant pressure? Why is this specific heat more easily determined experimental ly than the specific heat under constant volume? How may the latter be derived from the former?
8. What is meant by critical temperature? Illustrate by reference to some substance-carbon dioxide is a classical example.
9. Show how the mechanical equivalent of heat is derived from electrical experiments. Or, deduce the formula for the tangent galvanometer.
10. Discuss any subject not already taken up, in such a way as to show your knowledge of some particular question in which you have taken interest.

## CHEMISTRY.-(MINOR).

1. What is the easiest method for deciding whether or not water is pure? How can it best be purified? To what extent does filtration purify water?
2. In what way can the boiling point of water be raised and the freezing boint lowered? Write enough to show that you understand the importance of this question.
3. Why is it that oxygen is now prepared from the air on the Commercial scale while this it method is not ordinarily employed for makine small quantitics for lecture experiments? The answer to this question as it stands is short but should be expanded to show your knowledge of the subject.
4. It is not easy to give a perfectly consistent definition of valency but try to give your ideas on the subject as clearly as possible.
5. Why is 22.4 liters (approximately) called the gram molecular volume? $\mathrm{In}^{1}$ some of the old books on chemistry 11.2 liters was taken as the standard volume tor the ele old books on chemistry 11.2 lases were said to have two volumes. $S_{\text {how }}$ if yomentary gases and compound gases were sandard volume is not arbi trary.
of nitroge wive with equations, a method of obtaining three gaseous compounds
any, of Give a method for preparing any two common acids, and the action, if 7. Give a method for preparing any two common acids,
of each of them, on gold, silver, tin, lead, iron and quartz.
6. Some metals that are placed in the same group in some text books are placed in different mouns are placed in the s. Discuss any two metals that you Would put in the same group and show why you group then together.
chernistry on the Dany phase or phases of the effect of the war on chemistry or of -
7. Write a short essay, suitable to the grade of this examination, on any element not already discussed, surtable intention of this question is to give the candidate an opportunity to show any special work or reading that he has done).

## BIOLOGY.-(MINOR) -ZOOLOGY.

materiap What variations occur in the animal egg as to the distribution of yolk of cleavage. Indicate in a general way the effect of such distribution on the type

Comp. Describe the structure of a simple snonge such as Grantia or Sycon. Compare ascribe the structure of a simple snonge such as more salient features with the Commercial sponge.
$P_{\text {en }}^{n} \begin{aligned} & \text { naria } \\ & \text { with respect to }\end{aligned}$ Compare the fres Hydra with a typical salt water hydroid such as With respect to structure and reproduction.
(c) Taenia 4. Write a life history of (a) Any parasitie Protozoan; Or, (b) Trichina; Or,
of an ${ }^{5}$. Describe the nervous system of the Earthworm and compare with that Arthropod such as the Crayfish or the Grasshopper.
acterize Into what great groups are the Vertebrates usually divided? Char.
Reptif. Give as complete an annotated list as you can of the $A m p h i b i a$. the tilia of Nova Scotia.
8. What do you know of the early development and larval history of $(d)$ the Lobster, Or, (b) the Oyster, Or, (c) the fresh water mussel.
9. Write a brief essay on the animal life of (a) a typical tide pool, or, (b) a fresh water pond.
10. Distinguish between Darwinism and the Mutation Theory.

## BIOLOGY.-(MINOR).-BOTANY.

1. Describe the structure and reprotuction of any one of the following: (a) Spirogyra, or, (b) Vaucheria, or, (c) Oedogonium, or, (d) Chara.
2. What do you know of the alsorption and assimilation of Nitrogen by the green plant?
3. Indicate the characteristics of the following families in sufficient detail for field recognition, viz:: Ranunculaceive, Rosaceaf, Leguminosar, Zabiutur, Ericaceas.
4. Write on the various devices exhibited by plants for insuring cros ${ }^{9}$. pollination illustrating with examoles from our native flora.
5. Describe a typical embryo sac of an Angiosperm at the time of fertiliza. tion and give an explanation of the phenomenon known as Xenie.
6. Write a life history of any one of the Brown Algae.
7. Describe the structure and reproduction of the black mould musor.
8. Give as full an account as you can of any fungus of economic interest affecting (a) a grain or (b) the potato or (c) a fruit tree. Give methods of control.
9. Describe in sufficient detail for identification any native moss or fern with which you are familiar, and give a brief account of its life history.
10. What do you know of the plant associations characteristic of (a) a peat bog, or (b) a salt marsh, or (c) a sand dune.

## TEACHERS' MINIMUM PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION EXAM ${ }^{\prime}$. NATION.

For Syllabus See Pages 156-157 of the Apri?, 1919, Journal of Education.
M. P. Q.

SCHOOL' LAW AND FORMS.
9 to 10 a. m., Friday, 27 June, 1919.

1. Draw up a specimen attendance sheet of a register, filling in names and attendances of five pupils for two weeks. Find grand total days attendance, average daily attendance, and percentage of pupils in daily attendance.
2. Explain the following terms: (a) poll-tax; (b) grade; (c)
(d) class; (e) annuity; (f) Provincial Aid; (g) poor section; (h) second schedule.

## ( $T_{0}$ be handed on its receipl by the Secretary of the School Board to each Teacher employed within the School Section). <br> TO be sent in to the Inspector "NATURE" OBSERVATIONS. in to the Inspector aith the Returns in Fetrunry and July).

Ho This sheet is provided for the purpose of aiding teachers to interest their pupils tre, it ing the times of the regular procession of natural phenomena each season. Mourse may help the teacher in doing some of the "Nature" lesson work of the The oband province. Twn copies are provided for evele information for the the froervations, one to be preserved as the property Tho will year to one to be preserved as the property of the section for referWh ransmit it to the Superintendent for examination to to the Inspector To What is desired to to have recorded in these forms, the dates compilation.
fering and fruiting of plants and trees; the first appearanc the first leafing. hed higrating north in spring or south in autumn, etc. While the the locality of tind ine of given so as spring or south in autumn, etc. Whable comparison to te made been the different tind be of the Province. it is very desirable that other local phenomena of a similar thonetly its own. Every locality has a tiora, fauna, climate, etc., more or less that which own; and the more common trees, shrubs, plants, crops, etc., are Teristics of a scries of seasons from a local point of view in comparing the bupile in erhers will find it of seasons.
one in ols will find it one of the most convenient means for the stimulation of Whter thils radiate as far as two miles from when going to and from the school, and Whout encronditions would thus be undertaken at the most convenient time, The monotonying on school hours; while on the other hand it will tend to break mool the most valuable forms of educational discipline. The ty es of a whole thally if passing over the school routes will let very little escape notice es acte first the first observer of each annually recurring phenomenon receives credit of the st be derver of it for the year. The observations will be accurate, as the
${ }^{4}$ specime demonstrated by the most undoubted evidence, such as the bringing ${ }^{\text {On P }}$ Ting ${ }^{0}$ all observers the school when possible.
4ing, is emphats the following most important, most essential principle of reSports osized: Better no date, no record, than a wrong one or a doubtfold field, shout of season due to very local condicions not common to at least hyed for the purposes of recorded exrept parenthetically. The date to be re4. of the the purposes of compilation with those of other localities should be the Wery from from its chrysalis in a sheltered cranny by a southern window in be an indication of the general climate, but of the peculiarly Pacial, in which ane chrysalis was sheltered; nor would a flower in a semiCur, tharm shich the chrysalis was sheltered; nor would a foots out of season ity of some of also be recorded, but within a parenthesis to in
Why These schedules conditions affecting their early appearance.
in and
y of may also be the date required. When hesis to indicate the pecu${ }^{1} \int_{\text {und }}$ and sebredules should be sent in to the Inspector with the school returns in The) and thary, containing the observations made during the Spring (January Han Rerister fall (July to Decemher) respectively.
 Wory the head of in carefully and distinctly the date, locality, and or the ogical erss and came of the responsible compiler should be omitted the whole paper the By bervations. be bound up for preservation in the volume of The Phenthe ${ }^{2}{ }^{4}$ the ${ }^{3}$ mind of aid of the table given at the top of pages 3 and 4, the date, such as 4 tre ante, "the for instance, can be readily and accurately converted into the of do 0 nual date of the day of the year," by adding the day of the month given conting 144 . The annual day of the preceding month (April in this case), thus Piler is ish can antual date can be briefly recorded, and it is the only kind
of the quite year intain that he or she can make the conversion without error, the year instead of the day of the month will be preferred in the record.
i

## PHENOLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS, CANADA.

(1920 Schedule).
(For the months January to June 19 ; or the months July to December, Province. .................... County District. Locality or School Section

No.

| The estimated length and breadth of the locality within which observations were made. tance from the sea coats. ....................................... Estimated abov feet. Slope or general exposure of the region. <br> General character of the soil and surlace. <br> Proportion of forest and its character. <br> Does the region include lowlands or intervales? <br> Or is it <br> river or stream. .................. Or is it all substantially highla <br> Any other peculiarity tending to affect vegetation. <br> The most central Post Office of the locality or region |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Name and Home Address of Teacher or other Compiler of the Observations responsible for their accuracy.


## PHENOLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.-(Continued).



PHENOLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.-(Continüed).



## (Other Observations or Remarks).

101. Senecio Jacobaea (St. James Ragwort, cattle-kill); Is it found within the
102. The Brown Tail Moth? etc.
103. Give the requirements in Arithmetic and English for grades VII and VIll of the Public School Course of Study; Or, (a) What instructions to teachers are usually contained in the Journal of Education? (b) During the last two or three years, the "Journal" has contained instructions on special patriotic duties. Have these been used to advantage in your school section? How?
104. State as fully as you can the duties of the teacher.
105. Give with as much detail as possible the duties of Trusters and Secretary to Trustees.

## THEORY AND PRACTISE OF TEACHING.

10.10 to 11.10 a. m., Friday, 27 June, 1919.

1. Write notes on a lesson, suitable for a common school, on one of the folDay. (a) Politeness; (b) Economy; (c) Arbor Day; (d) Thanksgiving
2. Distinguish between articulation, emphasis and pronunciation. What method would you adopt with a reading class to ensure that these shall be clear, just and correct?
3. Describe the kind of manual employment best suifed to give to little children, the idea of form and construction.
4. Sketch a lesson on word-building to Grade IV. Indicate how you would make a lesson on this subject helpful in the study of grammar.
5. In the teaching of what subjects would you urge the formation of collections of specimens in the school? Illustrate your method of teaching and forming a collection by an example.

## HYGIENE AND TEMPERANCE.

### 11.20 a. m. to $\mathbf{1 2 . 2 0}$ p. m., Friday, 27 June, 1919.

1. Outline the law relating to instruction in schools as to the nature and should of alcoholic beverages, and the use of narcotics; Or, show why such laws enacted.
the 2. What is the law in reference to vaccination of school children? Explain asons for such a law.
how 3. What are the dangers from uncleanliness in rural or urban schools, and would you attempt to obviate them?
2. What are the defects in eye, ear, mouth and in body, generally, which may e detected by a system of medical inspection? What observations could you as teacher, be by a system of medical inspection? in hake in regard to remediable arrangements to offset defects What youg, seeing, etc., in your pupils? (A few examples only wanted, to show you expect to have to do in a new school).
You feel Discuss in a careful manner any other problem in school hygiene in which feel interested.

## SCHOOL MANAGEMENT.

## 2 to 3 p. m., Friday, 27 June, 1919.

1. Give a summary of Sir Joshua Fitch's directions on classification of a school.
2. Point ont various ways in which moral training may be secured thru school discipline.
3. To what extent would you use Biography in your History lessons: (a) in low grades, (b) in high grades? Would you use Biographies in school apart from your History: If so where would you go for material?
4. Show for what reasons and how you would use (a) tasks, (b) detention from play, as punishments for pupils.
5. (a) Write briefly on the use of maps in teaching Geography; (b) What, in your opinion, are the advantages gained from a lnowledge of Physical Geogramh?

## HISTORY OF EDUCATION.

### 3.10 to 4.10 p. m., Friday, 27 June, 1919.

1. Give a brief digest of the Herbartian method.
2. What do you understand by the Renaissance? What new elements in crlucation did it introduce?
3. What was Huxley's idea of a liberal education; Or, What were Jefferson's vews on education?
4. "Write a short account of the "Institute of the Brethren of the Christian Schools."
5. What have you to say of education as a preparation for citizenship? What is Canada doing in that respect outside the public school system?

## PEDAGOGY.

### 4.20 to 5.20 p. m., Friday, 27 June, 1919.

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## PASS LIST, 1919.

## COUNTY ACADEMY ENTRANCE EXAMINATION:

[Regular Examination in June, Supplementary in August or September on
Subjects of the Common School Coursel.
the C. The valuations of candidates' answer papers, under the regulations of Principal and the staff of each County Edacation Department, are made by the

| Academy. | No. of Candidates. | Passed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $A^{\text {Anapolis }}$ | 17 | 9 |
| Antigonish. | 39 | 164 |
| Cape Breton. | 245 | 47 |
| Cumbertar. | 130 | 48 |
| Digby. . . | 16 | 11 |
| Guyshoro. Hantor | 18 |  |
| Invern.. | 38 |  |
| Kings. | 15 |  |
| Pictandurg | 42 | 29 |
| Queens | 88 | 15 |
| Richmond |  |  |
| Shelburne. | 14. |  |
| Yatoria. | 6 |  |
| armouth | 29 |  |

## PASS LIST, 1919. PROVINCIAL HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

## The Candidates' names are not in order of merit.

They are given in the order in which they appear in the Deputy Examiner's Report.

The valuation of Candidates' answer papers is made by the Provincial Examiners, according to the Regulations of the Council of Public Instruction, of which the following are the most importantl.

Reg. 223. (2) Generally the "High School Pass" in all grades shall be an average of 50 per cent., with no subject below 30 per cent., on a group of six subjects for Grades IX, X and XI; and a group of nine papers, with no subjecl below 30 per cent. (in the case of two papers an average of 30 per cent.) for Grade XII.
(3) Generally the "Teachers' Pass" shall be an average of 60 per cent. on a group of six subjects in Grades IX, X and XI; and on a group of nine papers for Grade XII with no subject below 40 per cent. (in case of two papers an average of 40 per cent.). 50 per cent., however, must be made on English in each grade for ${ }^{2}$ "Teachers' Pass."
(4) Candidates may write on more than the six subjects or nine papers indicated in (2) and (3). In such case the "pass" shall be determined by the group including the highest six subjects, or the minimum grout, of papers, as the case may be.

Reg. 103. (a) Candidates failing to make a High School Pass in the grade applied for shall be ranked as making a High School Pass in the grade next below, provided an average of 40 per cent., with no subject below 25 (in the case of two papers an average of 25 ) be made; and as making a pass in the grade second below provided an average of 30 per cent. be made.
(b) Candidates failing to make a Teachers' Pass in the grade applied for shall be ranked as making a Teacher's Pass in the grade next below, provided an average of 50 per cent. be made, with no subiect below 30 (in case of two papers an average of 30 ; and as making a Teachers' Pass in the grade second below, provided an average of 40 per cent. be made.

A High School Pass (low pass) of any grade ranks as a Teachers' Pass (high pass) of the grade next below.

The pass list shows in order (1) the name of the successful candidate, (2) the number of papers written, and (3) the total aggregate of marks.

Where necessary names are abbreviated so as to be contained in one line, altho the records have the names in full.

ADVOCATE-(20 candidates).

> IX. (12 candidates).

> XI. (1 candidate).
Emma Alexia Ward 6:357
X. ( 7 candidates).
Georgia Edith Smith $\quad 6: 339$
Theima Augusta Merriam

## AMHERST-(156 candidates).

XIl. (9 candidates).
Laura Isabel Davison
Crace Mackenzie Dunne
Geraldine Elizabeth Moore
Roxanaa Eliza MacKenzie
Elbert Paul
Emma Amelia Smith
Rose Trerice

10:726
10:578
11:532
10:726
9:492
10:754
10:674
XI. (32 candidates).

Lewis Bernard Black
Glacys Alvina Bryenton
Urville Alvina Bryenton
Edith Ceorge Calhoun
Edith Claire Chapman
Eester Marshall Chapman
Earl Arthur Chesnutt
Marion Loutise Goodwin
Mary Loutise Goodwin
Marjorie Lusby
Chargaret Helen McCallum
Alfred Malcolm S. MacLeod
baura Creelman Milner
James Smith Martin
Avard Eric Morrison
Avard Sarah Ripley
Matrice Neita Selig
Mary Embree Trenholm
Minnie Wright Campbell
Minnie Wright Campbell
Certrude Gladys Chapman
X. (24 candidates).

Rawrence E. A. Fraser (XII)
9:439
Gaymond Harold Wiles (XII)
Hazel William Christie (XI)
10:506
6:255
Wizliam Velma Crossman (XI)
7:293
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Lilliam Gerald Ormond (XI) } & 7: 280 \\ \text { Alberta Gertrude Black } & 6: 437 \\ \text { Cictoria Brownell } & 6: 384\end{array}$
Carl Chaictoria Brownell
Charles Edter Allen
Elsie Gertward Payson Burns
6:302

Daisy Elizabeth Bowser
An Belle Newson
Haza $^{\text {Hazel }}$ azel Akerley.
Hazel Louisa Josephine Coates
Thelms Marion Elderkin
Lee Allison Martin
Helen
Sylva Winnifred McCull
Joha Annie McGilvray
John Cordon McGilvray
Frederick Robleod
Dorerick Robb Knyvet Naftel
Carroll Patrict
6:303
6:316
7:447
6:333
6:352
6:468
7:513
7:500
6:390
6:404
7:418
8:676
7:566
7:480
7:514
7:549
IX. (90 candidates).

Clara Estella Carter (XI)
Mary Clarissa Etter (XI)
Blanche Lawrence (XI)
Dora Dean Lusby (XI)

Kathryn Lucille Morash (XI)
6:331
Nina Eulalie Morash (XI)
Marion Barbara Read (XI)
6:282
6:268
Rae Norman Walsh (XI)
6:273
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Nathan Deane Miner (XI) } & 6: 275 \\ \text { Nath Hacel MacLellan (XI) } & 6: 234\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Lila Hazel MacLellan (XI) } & 6: 234 \\ \text { Worb (X) } & 6: 264\end{array}$
Mary Isalell Roach (X) $\quad 6: 353$
Rebecca Annie Davis 6:373
George Wilson Brownell $\quad 6: 388$

| Mildred Alice Logan | $6: 38$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $7: 323$ |  |

$\begin{aligned} & \text { Horace Charles Blenkhorne } \\ & \text { Madeline Dorothy Wells }\end{aligned} \quad 6: 341$
Vivian Bertha Read 7:438
Janet Leslie Angus 6:399
7:423
7:358
6:363
6:379
7:379
6:309
7:367
7:384
7:526
6:339
8:603
7:435
7:486
7:368
7:380
7:464
7:493
7:436
7:401
7:523
7:410
7:495
7:366
7:404
6:389
7:390
7:479
7:380
7:382
7:343
8:575
7:431
8:651
6:338
7:354
7:404
7:532
7:417
7:427
7:433
6:328
7:424
7:391.
6:346
7:439
7:395
6:379
7:417
Unsuccessful, (XII, $0 ;$ XI, $1 ; ~ X, 4 ; ~$
IX, 33 ).

ANNAPOLIS-( 76 candidates). XII. (5 candidates).

| Edythe Harriet Burnham | $10: 476$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Robert Fietcher Reerl | $11: 720$ |
| Mary Lena Fisher | $12: 627$ |
| Evelyn Rose Bentley | $10: 608$ |

## XI. (22 candidates).

| Marguerite Alice Bancroft | $6: 427$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Miriam White Bancroft | $6: 401$ |
| Audrey Maude Bishop | $6: 332$ |
| William Henry Reeks | $6: 321$ |
| Emma Iavinia Parker | $6: 357$ |
| Lawrence Prescott Patterson | $7: 378$ |
| Olive Velzian Atlie | $8: 443$ |
| Winifred M. L. Braine | $8: 491$ |
| Annie Edythe Coodwin | $8: 411$ |
| Pauline Alice Harris | $8: 458$ |
| Ethel Gertrude McCormick | $8: 347$ |
| Henry Gordon McCormick | $8: 399$ |
| May Irene Ruggles | $6: 409$ |
| Helen Elizabeth Chipman | $6: 373$ |
| Nina Edith Wheeler | $6: 307$ |
| Eva Elizabeth Sproul | $6: 316$ |

X. (19 candidates).

Cynthia Jane Bent (XII) (XI) 10:472
Gerald Vincent Saunders (XI)
Lillian Evelyn Mills (XI)
Mildred Jean Banks (XI)
Cyril Alexander Reeks
Mary Marguerite O'Dell
Olive Frances Burnham
Joseph Neil McClafferty
George Arnold Harnish
Alexander Eugene Harris
Nelle Coombes Hudson
Ethel Amy Hudson
Marıon Bowles Langille
IX. (29 candidates).

Alice Olevia Armstrong (XI) 6:236
Josephine A. Amberman (XI)
6:219
Kathleen Goldsmith (XI)
Georgina Alex. Bancroft ( X )
Reta Winnifred Collins (X)
Kathleen L. D. Mellor (X)
Ruth Lavinia Mills (X)
Walter Owen Calnek
Janet Eva Fox
Frank Robblee Troop
James Willett Reed Mary Katherine King
Eric Ritchie McClafferty
Madelyn Teressa Merriam $7: 238$
6:299
7:262
7:293
7:285
6:3'9
6:345
7:046
6:417
6:359
7:361
Walter Burton Ritchie
Olive Alexandra Harnish

| Harriett Marjorie Merriam | $6: 386$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Albert Henry Marshall | $7: 372$ |
| Annie Kathleen Bancroft | $6: 354$ |

Supplementary, (1 candidate).
Unsuccessful, (X, 6; IX, 17).
ANTIGONISH-(161 candidates).
XII. (12 candidates).

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Florence Regina McDorald | $10: 493$ |
| Mary MacIsaac | $10: 515$ |
| Anna Somers | $10: 527$ |
| Bertha Maloney | $9: 97$ |
| Clare Winifred Kyte | $10: 573$ |

XI. ( 24 candidates).

| Thomas Edwin Kirk (XII) | $9: 406$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| John Daniel McDonald (XII) | $9: 436$ |
| Annie Mary Johnson (XII) | $10: 433$ |
| Mary Cecelia Donovan (XII) | $9: 418$ |
| Ina Emma Simpson (XII) | $10: 438$ |
| Anna Mae Hierlyhie | $7: 431$ |
| Grant McKeough | $7: 354$ |
| Hugh Joseph Chisholm | $7: 370$ |
| Rita Frances Ahern | $6: 305$ |
| Helen Barbara Ahern | $6: 331$ |
| Annabel Macdonald | $7: 344$ |
| Joseph Henry Digout | $7: 450$ |
| Mary Margaret Gillis | $6: 348$ |
| Mary Adele Macdonald | $8: 455$ |
| Marjorie Gordon Worth | $6: 301$ |

X. (44 candidates).

| Margaret McDonald (XII) | 10:480 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rebecca A. MacDonald (XII) | $10: 381$ |
| Michael Ryan (XJ) | 7:245 |
| Mary Jane Breau (XI) | 6:256 |
| Edwin A. R. Webb (XI) | 7:280 |
| Bernard Ryan (X1) | 8:332 |
| Lillian Margaret Gillis (XI) | 8:341 |
| Rose Mary MacAdam (XI) | 7:275 |
| Cecelia MacLellan (XI) | 8:471 |
| Mary Somers |  |
| Evelyn Norma Wilkie | 7:402 |
| Jessie Sarah Gillis | $7: 345$ |
| Christina MacDonald | 8:443 |
| Ellerton Stanley Kehoe | 6:404 |
| Mary McIsaac |  |
| Annie McDonald | 8:3, |
| Anna E. McGillivray | 8:447 |
| Hugh Dan McGillivray | ${ }_{7}^{8: 369}$ |
| Ernest Duncan MacNaughton |  |
| Aubrey Smith Kirk | 8.420 |
| Florence Anna Chisholm | 8.959 |
| Angus Joseph Cameron | 8.962 |
| Eliza Veronica Meagher | $8: 864$ |
| Annie Ross | 7:482 |

1X. (81 candidates).
Roderick Alex. MacLennan (XI) 7:249
Leslie Stewart (XI)
Isabella McDonald (XI)
Mary Janet Cameron (XI)
Kathleen Gorman (XI)
Angus R. MrDonald (XI)
Myrtle Grace McNaughton (X)
7:275
8:347
6:193
7:266
6:234
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Myrtle Grace McNaughton (X) } & 7: 262 \\ \text { Ino Josepha Chisholm (X) } & 8: 296 \\ \text { Will }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { William Hector Macdonald (X) } & 8: 265 \\ \text { Alexander }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Gexander Beaton (X) } & 8: 325 \\ \text { George William Sinclair (X) } & 7: 332\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Daniel L. MacGillivray (X) } & 7: 331 \\ \text { Henrietta MacDonald (X) } & 6: 256\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Menrietta MacDonald (X) } & 6: 256 \\ \text { Mary Francis (X) } & 8: 309\end{array}$
Clinton Lee Stewart ( $X$ )
7:304
Cath Cecelia Chisholm (X) $\quad 7: 302$

| Cathatine L.. McDonald (X) | $7: 316$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Natatalie Euphemia Rogers (X) | $7: 318$ |


$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Marjorie Simpson } & 8: 361 \\ \text { Marion P. Hanrahan } & 7: 402\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Margaret C. Chisholm } & 7: 399\end{array}$
Catherine Ellen MacDonald
Margaret Cecelia Somers
8:491
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Margaret Cecelia Somers } & 8: 406\end{array}$
Mary McDonell
Mary Agnes McDonald
Catherine McDonald
Catherine McDonald
Partha M. MacDonald
Katharine Macdonald
George Michael Bovle
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Dan C. MacNeil, Jr. } & 8: 421 \\ \text { Lauchie }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Gillis Purcell } & 8: 508 \\ \text { Tohn } & 8: 373\end{array}$
John Cameron Fraser $\quad 8: 453$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Colin Broudille Chisholm } & 8: 352 \\ \text { Annie May }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Annie May MacGillivray } & 7: 346 \\ \text { Catherine McDonald } & 77423 \\ \text { Joseph Mas } & 7: 338\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Oseph MacKinnon } & 7: 338 \\ \text { Duncan Rod McLean } & 8: 358\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Gordon Rod McLean } & 8: 358 \\ \text { Lois Meagher } & 7: 415\end{array}$
Lois Mason $\quad$ 8:388
Allilie Hugh Kell
Cathensus MacDonald

| Catherine Teresa McMaster | $8: 376$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $8: 397$ |
| Mary Kennedy |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Gertrude Marion Fougere
Marence Marie MacDougall 7:359
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Cary Catherine MacDonald } & 7: 456 \\ \text { Catherine Grace Somers } & 7: 427 \\ \text { Donelda } & 8: 45\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Donelda Lee Henderson } & 8: 445 \\ \text { Clara }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Clara Harriet Sutherland } & 6: 350 \\ \mathrm{~K}_{\text {athleen }} & \\ & 7: 402\end{array}$
Blanche Clarissa Webh $\quad 7: 354$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Josephe Clarissa Webh } & 7: 354 \\ \text { Claren Hilus C. Webb } & 7: 399\end{array}$
Clarence William Delorey
Sister MacKinlay Grant
7:340
8:416
7:446

Supplementary, (1 candidate).
$\mathrm{Un}_{\text {successful, }}$ (XII, $0 ; \mathrm{XI}, 1 ; \mathrm{X}, 15$; IX, 40).

ARICHAT-(40 candidates).
XI. (5 candidates).

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ernestine Anita Boudreau | $6: 365$ |
| Hilda Mary Cutler | $6: 302$ |
| Delta Elizabeth LeBlanc | $7: 400$ |
| X. (12 candidates). |  |

Marjorie De Roche (XI) $\quad$ 0:277
Adolphe Boudreau 7:548
Rene Boudreau $\quad 7: 470$

| Rene Boudreau |
| :--- |
| Leonard Philip Edwards |$\quad 7: 488$

Leonard Philp Edwards $\quad 6: 310$
Laura C. Cutler $\quad 6: 341$
Irene Boudreau Kyte $\quad 7: 399$
Pauline Amelia Kyte $\quad 7: 448$
Mary Alexandra Kyte $\quad$ 6:566
Loretta Le Blanc $\quad 6: 377$

Matilda Le Blanc
IX. (23 candidates).

|  | $7: 282$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Gladys Petitpas (X) | $7: 343$ |

Barthelemy Le Blanc - 8:351
Viola Boudreau
Mary Charlotte Monbourquette 7:468

| Lorraine Monbourquette | 8:433 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $7: 361$ |  |

Marguerite Mary Forrest 8:405
Anna May Lovely MacMillan 7:361
Marguerite Elizabeth MacMilan 1.061
Unsuccessful, (XI, 1; X, 2; IX, 16).
BADDECK-(54 candidates).
XI. (4 candidates).

Ruth Rebecca MacRae
Hanna MacKenzie Nicholson
6:310
John Daniel MacPhee
X. (23 candidates).

Catherine Mary MacAulay (XI)

[^1]Clarence Melville Bethune 7:432
Gladys Isabel McKinnon 7:433
Jean Munson MacKinnon 7:411
Arabella Christine MacDonald 8:492
Greta Valentine Taylor 7:466
Jessie Charlton Abbinette
$7: 407$
Annie Flizabeth Crowdis 8:672
Cecilia Catherine MacNeil
6:351
Mary Sara MacMillan 6:301
Beatrice Carmichael 6:305
Philip McQueen 6:396
Sadie Anna Maclver $\quad 6: 302$
Robert Charles McLeod $\quad$ 6:324
Rachel Flora MacDonald
Ruth Annie MacDonald
6:309
Ruth Annie MacDonald
IX. (24 candidates).

[^2]
X. (11 candidates).

| Mary Eliza Snow (XI) | $6: 289$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Edith Eilan Wilson | $6: 349$ |
| Burton Arthur Gardner | $6: 377$ |
| Kenneth Wilmer Crowell | $6: 345$ |
| Nellie Nash Pearle Snow | $6: 388$ |
| Muriel Althea Snow | $6: 380$ |

IX. (12 candidates).

Harriett Bell Christie (X) $6: 255$
Bessie Maude Ensor (X) 6:268
Mabel Letitia Robertson 6:304
Mary Margaret Strang $\quad 6: 255$
Alberta Mae Thomas
6:320
Unsuccessful, (XI, 1; X, 4; IX, 9).

BEAR RIVER-(41 candidates).
XII. (2 candidates).

Walter Bertram Morehouse
10:668
XI. (3 candidates).

Miriam Elizabeth Wade $\quad 7: 534$
Della Aletta McCormick
X. (16 candidates).

| Edith Pauline Lovett | $7: 408$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Allison Pearl Nickerson | $6: 524$ |
| Dorothy L. G. Nickerson | $6: 344$ |
| Muriel Webster Purdy | $7: 414$ |
| Thomas Bruce MacDormand | $6: 476$ |
| Leta Pauline Wright | $6: 359$ |
| Garnet Orlando Wright | $6: 317$ |
| Olga Mary Schmidt | $7: 402$ |
| IX. (18 candidates). |  |
|  |  |
| Blenda Olivia Harris (X) | $6: 286$ |
| Frances Gertrude McClellard (X) |  |
| Harriett Glendora Banks (X) | $6: 270$ |
| Carrol Herbert Snell | $6: 402$ |

BERWICK--(76 candidates).

## XI. ( 22 candidates).

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Marion Lois Banks | $6: 448$ |
| Lulah Maud Marchant | $6: 334$ |
| Jean Blossom Dennison | $6: 343$ |
| Edna Clare Sanford | $6: 429$ |
| Mildred Lorena Wood | $7: 341$ |
| Margaret Elizabeth Wheeler | $6: 406$ |
| Eva May Hiscoe | $6: 33$ |
| Kathleen Elberta Bowlby | $6: 524$ |

X. (22 candidates).

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Helen R. Jocelyn Chute (XI) | $6: 257$ |
| Marion Beatrice Hird (XI) | $6: 262$ |
| Clara Edythe Elliott (XI) | $6: 268$ |
| Vera Adelia Armstrong (XI) | $6: 296$ |
| Emma Alberta Fisher (XI) | $6: 263$ |
| Ruth Aileen Pelton (XI) | $6:: 402$ |
| Myra Elizabeth Lee | $6: 146$ |
| Gordon Henri Bowles | $6: 477$ |
| Clara Olive Hale | $7: 427$ |
| Murray Edward Ritchie | $6: 366$ |
| Helen Alexandra Pineo | $7: 342$ |
| Harold Alanson McNally | $8: 372$ |
| Ivan Gordon Cornwall | $6: 308$ |
| Norman Illsley Clark | $8: 498$ |
| Cloyda Hope Neaves | $6: 334$ |
| Nina Blanche Barkhouse | $6: 340$ |
| George Ernest Richardson | $6: 481$ |
| Hida Margaret Nichols | $6: 410$ |
| Erma Pauline Barteaux | $6: 366$ |
| Kathleen Mildred Hayes | $6: 382$ |
| Marion Elizabeth Mosher | $6: 317$ |

IX. ( 29 candidates).

John Henry Webster (XI)
Velma Leora Hird (XI)
Marguerite White (XI)
Elsie Idella Hiltz (XI)
Mary Elaine Eaton Power (XI)
William Ernest Bartlett (X)
Ruth Evangeline LeCain (X)
Elmore Constantine Gaul
Margaret Edaa Brydon

Mary Adelaide Bishop
Norma Viola West
Jean Catherine Mck
Man Catherme McKay
Freda Fite Zamon Savage
Freda Ernestine Parker
Hazel Kathina Dennison Banks
Supplementary, ( 3 candidates).
$U_{\text {nuccessful, (XI, }} 3 ; \mathrm{X}, 5 ;$ IX, 20).

## BRIDGETOWN--(114 candidates).

## XI. (25 candidates).

## Ronald Carey Bishop

Charles Spurgon Longley
Olma Hanner Stronach
Olma Grace Slocomb
Welen Ethel Mildred Phinney
Mama Evelyn Phinney
Joseph Helen Walker
Ben Church Hicks
ben Church Hicks
Kanet May Daniels
Kat May Daniels
Wilhryn Cameron Fraser
${ }^{0}$ Wen Thby Messenger Phinney
Pwen Treves Rumsey
Mary Marie Cole
Eleany Helena Hicks
Cheanor Augusta Longley
Harlotte Winnifred Bowlby
6:366
6:414
6:361
6:468
6:434
6:306
6:379
6:477
6:374
6:303
6:409
7:381
6:359
6:342
6:330
6:333
6:381
6:364
X. (31 candidates).

| Minnie Adelia Hall (XI) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alice Muriel Piggott (XI) | $6: 294$ |
| Moody Raymond Sanford | $6: 343$ |
| Florence Estelle Karnes | $6: 328$ |
| Marion Marshall | $6: 426$ |
| Grace Marguerite Elliott | $6: 328$ |
| Frances Vaughan Banks | $6: 467$ |
| Sarah Augusta Hicks | $6: 411$ |
| Howard Marshall | $7: 504$ |
| Gordon Ray Starratt | $6: 459$ |
| Clyde Manning Brown | $6: 371$ |
| Helen Gladys Hirtle | $7: 341$ |
|  | $6: 376$ |

IX. ( 54 " candidates).

| Clarence T. Fitz Randolph (XI) | $6: 389$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Jean Emma MacPherson (XI) | $6: 052$ |
| ohn Stark Troop (XI) | $6: 336$ |
| Norval Spinney Banks (XI) | $6: 272$ |
| Ceila Bernice Poole (XI) | $6: 261$ |
| Mara Minerva Smith (X) | $6: 263$ |
| Epelyerite Augusta Palfrey (X) | $6: 284$ |
| Ceran Emma Longley (X) | $6: 248$ |
| Arla Morton Freeman (X) | $6: 311$ |
| Marioh Burrell Goodwin (X) | $6: 360$ |
| Kath Louise Fowler | $7: 446$ |
| Mary Allison Mary Craig | $7: 441$ |
|  |  |

## 6:416 <br> 6:372 <br> 6:358 <br> 7:425 <br> 7:374 <br> 6:329 <br> 6:349

| Augusta Emily Messenger | $6: 358$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sophie Alice Anderson | $7: 488$ |
| Lillian Katherine Egan | $7: 464$ |
| Lois Elen Salsman | $6: 315$ |
| Susie Cora Banks | $6: 302$ |
| Irene Minard Crowe | $7: 397$ |
| Maurice Whitman Armstrong | $8: 478$ |
| Ralph Ranald McPherson | $6: 332$ |
| Ernest Redmond Buckler | $7: 520$ |
| Borden Rodger Tupper | $7: 355$ |
| Lillian Oril Saunders | $6: 314$ |
| Janet Selina Piggott | $6: 348$ |
| Lois Elfreda Wentzel | $6: 337$ |
| Charles William Longmire | $7: 384$ |
| William Henry Gill | $7: 362$ |
| John Melbourne Lane | $7: 402$ |
| Aubrey Reginald Van Blarcom | $6: 325$ |
| Alice Winnifred Longley | $6: 361$ |
| Beatrice Frances Mitchell | $6: 310$ |
| Janes Stanley Crockett | $6: 303$ |
| Francis Fugene Daniels | $6: 362$ |
| Vernon Douglas Shaffner | $6: 376$ |
| Harold Blanchard Price | $7: 421$ |
| Gertrude Ella Barnes | $7: 352$ |

Supplementary, ( 3 candidates).
Unsuccessful, (XI, 0; X, 16; IX, 27).

BRIDGEWATER-(87 candidates).
XI. (10 candidates).

| Mildred Agatha Baker | $8: 458$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Hilda Getson Zwicker | $7: 358$ |
| Jennie Muriel Durling | $6: 301$ |

X. (24 candidates).

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Beatrice Pauline Bollivar (XI) | $8: 288$ |
| Miriam Lucinda Ernst (XI) | $8: 363$ |
| Ruth Eleanor March | $8: 552$ |
| Lauchlin Bernard Currie | $8: 438$ |
| Carleton Morgan | $7: 350$ |
| Roxie Verna Feindel | $6: 356$ |
| Sadie Florence Ramee | $6: 392$ |
| Hilda Grace Dauphinee | $6: 308$ |
| Lola Marguerite Feener | $6: 312$ |

IX. (48 candidates).

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $8: 242$ |
| Gladys Elizabeth Kedy (XI) | $6: 253$ |
| Erna Muriel Ritcey (XI) | $6: 203$ |
| Ethel Lee Chesley (XI) | $6: 228$ |
| Arnold Ross Hebb (XI) | $8: 341$ |
| Olive Alexandria Weagle (X) | $6: 292$ |
| Dora Lucy Haughn (X) | $6: 269$ |
| Elva Minnie Risser (X) | $6: 242$ |
| Beryl Rosella Wolfe (X) | $6: 266$ |
| Mabel Blanche Dauphinee (X) | $8: 447$ |
| Harry Cogswell Barnaby | $8: 458$ |
| Alice Margaret Cook | $8: 512$ |
| Daisy Lucinda Cook | $8: 488$ |
| Josephine Cochrane Cook | $7: 367$ |
| Edith Bishop Dawson |  |


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Winifred Ivy Kaulbach | $7: 354$ |
| Freda Evelyne Knox | $8: 430$ |
| Edward Joshua Kedy | $8: 363$ |
| Ruby Mary Abegal Mulock | $8: 563$ |
| Verna Hattie Sriyder | $8: 448$ |
| Dorothy Henrietta Willis | $8: 479$ |
| Willian Collins Whitford | $8: 387$ |
| Hilda Elizabeth Wile | $8: 393$ |
| James Archibald Collie | $8: 380$ |
| Evelyn Adelia Dean | $7: 332$ |
| Hildred Christina Hebb | $7: 408$ |
| Reginald Alfred Stephen Fraser | $7: 372$ |
| Lawrence Arthur Rafuse | $6: 395$ |
| Lillian Idella Corkum | $7: 346$ |
| Mildred Catherine Himmelman | $6: 402$ |
| Eva Blanche Silver | $6: 357$ |
| Frances Patilace Hamm | $6: 556$ |
| Gordon Wallace Fancy | $6: 379$ |

Supplementary, (5 candidates).

Unsuccessful, (XI, 1; X, 12; IX, 25).

CALEDONIA- (31 candidates).
XI. (9 candidates).

| Muriel Mary Silver | $6: 449$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Walter Elton Harlow | $6: 401$ |
| Myrtle Viella Parker | $6: 311$ |
| Lillian Mae Baxter | $6: 430$ |

X. (11 candidates).

Viola Alice Nelson (XI) $6: 315$
Marjorie Jobinah Neily (XI) 6:268
Lillian Emma Hendry ( $6: 372$
Ora Mabelle Spidel 6:359
Alice Harrington McLeod 6:384
Evangeline Bessie MacAdams $6: 315$
Leta Christopher Cole 6:367
Emma Burns Atkins 6:310
I!elen Gertrude Canning 6:304
IX. (9 candidates).
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Leona Any Burhoe (XI) } & 6: 209 \\ \text { Ruth Carder Waterman (XI) } & 6: 194 \\ \text { Gladys Mary Dukeshire (XI) } & 6: 253 \\ \text { Constance Irene Fraser.(X) } & 6: 299 \\ \text { Dora Deborah Ashkins (X) } & .6: 252 \\ \text { Hilda Filda Ball (X) } & 6: 283 \\ \text { Marion Louise Marshall } & 6: 372 \\ \text { Corra Marie Harlow } & 6: 353 \\ \text { Reta Maud Chute } & 6: 303 \\ \text { Lillian Mae MacDonald } & 6: 376\end{array}$

Supplementary, (2 candidates).
Unsuccessful, (X, 1; IX, 5).

CANNING-(33 candidates).
XI. (4 candidates).

IX. (20 candidates).

|  | 6:310 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Florence Maria Louise Ross | 6:37 |
| Mildred Gertrude Holmes | 6:968 |
| Frances Alexandra Burns | 6:887 |
| Florence ILeone Tupper | $6: 378$ |
| Margaret Hartson Harding | 6 |
| Montague S. Burgess | 6:339 |
| Bertram Graham Blenkhorn | 6:346 |
| Wilfred Harry Brown | 6:442 |
| Ruth Sheffield | 6:414 |
| Ethel Withrow Crowe | 6:3 |

Sacharissa Lucy Carke
Supplementary, (1 candidate).
Unsuccessful, (XI, 0; X, 1; IX, 9).
CANSO--(33 candidates).
XI. (4 ¢̧andidates).

Aileen Florence O'Donaghue
Evelyn Gertrude Feltmate
Alverta Tona Burns
X. (11 candirlates).

Edith Rosetta Powell (XI)
Hope Beryl Feltmate
Harding Pyle Moffatt Albert Edward Horton Nora Kathleen Sullivan
Helen Kathleen Tobin
Lolita May MacKay
IX. ( 17 candidates).

Margaret Ellen Cohoon
Anita Elizabeth White
Anna Myrtle Hart
Gertrude Arabella Mosher
Thomas Bradford Kennedy Glenneth Floy Munro Margaret Alice Grady

| Kenneth Barnard O'Hara | $7: 440$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| William Alexander Grady | $7: 348$ |
| Supplementary, (1 candidate). |  |
| Unsuccessful, (XI, 0; X, 5; IX, 8). |  |

CHESTER-(71 candidates).

| - XI. (13 candidates). |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Gertrude Rhodella Zinck | 6:318 |
| Fra Pearle Coolen | 6:347 |
| Alice | 6:345 |
| Rena Hannah Meister | 6:392 |
| Rena Muriel Croft | 6:364 |
| X. (18 candidates). |  |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\text {Onàld }}$ Olding Hebb (X | 6:249 |
| Ernistine Marie Hawboldt | 6:276 |
| Leost Mills MacDonald | 6:302 |
| Elsie Kathleen Houghton | 6:343 |
| 2 eim Margaret Fleet | 6:317 |
| Chesla Amelia Gates | 6:344 |
| Marie Stewart Lantz | 6:406 |
| Bessie Clouise Oxner | 6:401 |
| Mamie Alice Satine Publicover | 6:386 |

IX. (39 candidates).

| Johllis Margaret Carroll (XI) | 6 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Gran William Cole (XI) | 6:20 |
| $\mathrm{G}_{\text {Wen }}$ Juliet Webber (XI) | 6:20 |
| Sadie Flora Publicover (XI) | 6:22 |
| Muriel Evelyn Corkum (XI) | 6:266 |
| Lillian Mara Oxner (XI) | 6:315 |
| Jessie Amy Hume (X) | 6:24 |
| Anna Amelia Russell (X) | 6:288 |
| $\mathrm{Ral}^{\text {la }}$ ( Florence Boylan (X) | $6: 29$ |
| Eva Marcus Oxner (X) | 6:29 |
| Dori May Graves | 6:309 |
| Merl -illian Nauss | 6:34 |
| Clara cole Stanford | 6:816 |
| Herberorence Zinck | 6:351 |
| $V$ era ${ }^{\text {r F F }}$ B. H. Feaver | 6:30 |
| Mary rertrude DeAubin | 6:372 |
| Erm Margaret Pulsifer | 6:370 |
| Marion Janet Publicover | 6:34 |
| Violet Grace Verge | 6:38 |
| George Edean Mosher | :35 |
|  | $6: 88$ |
|  |  |
| $U_{n_{s u c e}}$ |  |

${ }^{\text {ChETICAMP—( } 13 \text { candidates). }}$
X. (3 candidates).

Roderick Daniel McNeil
Martin Russell Cumming
IX. ( 10 randidates).

|  | $7: 290$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Paut P. Chiasson (X) | $7: 870$ |
| Sophie Lucie AuCoin | $\mathbf{7}: 429$ |
| Joseph Thimothe Chiasson | $\mathbf{7} 448$ |
| Elizabeth S. Lefort | $\mathbf{7 : 4 2 4}$ |
| Annie P. AuCoin |  |

Unsuccessful, (IX, 6).
CLARKS HARBOR-( 15 candidates).
XI. ( 1 candidate).
X. (3 candidates).
Charles Sheldon Williams (XI)
6:302
Lydia Cook Bateman
IX. (11 candidates).

Marguerite Condon Swimm (X) 7:279
Charles Bruce Brown $\quad 7: 389$
Evelyn E.dra Nickerson
7:424
Unsuccessful, (X, 2; 1X, 8).

> DIGBY-(47 candidates).
XI. (13 candidates).

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ethel Louise Morehouse | $6: 371$ |
| Ancel Solomon Dakin | $6: 323$ |
| Eva Cora Chute | $6: 319$ |
| Roland Margeson Davidson | $6: 414$ |
| Mary Allison Read | $6: 426$ |
| Annie Katherine Cossaboom | $6: 308$ |
| Frederica Augusta Steadman | $6: 343$ |

X. ( 15 candidates).

Dorothy Katherine Hogg (XI) - 6:277
Ida Frances MacKay $\quad$ 6:874
Mildred Hannah Robbins 6:452
Ingeborg Elvira B. Haight 6:368
Myrtle Inez Ellis $\quad 6: 887$
Ethel Maud Everett Morse - $6: 880$
Louis Burnett Clarke Morse 6:480
Donald Havelock Collins $\quad$ 6:365 -
Geoffrey Sherman Du Vernet
Fern Sarah Cossaboom 6:362
Hazel Maud Snow
6:811
Florence Mildred Cossaboom
6:301

Dorothy Margaret Daley (XI)
6:258
Marguerite L. Van Tassel (XI)
6:252
Elsie Robertson (XI) (X) 6:236
Myrtle Blanche Sulis (X) $\quad$ 6:274
Miriam Irene Turnbull (X) 6:288
Eric Sinclair Morse (X) 6:257
Annie Sophia MacNeill 6:329
Alice Esther Marshall

| Olive Elizabeth Specht | $7: 388$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Carolyn Mildred Jones | $7: 388$ |
| Kathleen Robertson | $7: 472$ |
| Florence Christina Sulis | $7: 427$ |
| Margaret Hazel Handspiker | $7: 432$ |
| Margaret Josephine Winchester | $6: 332$ |
| Florence Amy Holmes | $7: 352$ |

Supplementary, ( 1 candidate).
Unsuccessful, (XI, 2; X, 1; IX, 9).

EAST RIVER, ST. MARY'S-(16 canclidates).
XI. (1 candidate).

Eva Winnifred Cruickshank 6:315
X. ( 5 candidates).
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Clara Katherine Kirk } & 6: 422 \\ \text { Pearl Willena Archibald } & 6: 364\end{array}$
Mary Cameron
7:366

> 1X. (10 candidates).

Samuel Angus H. Gunn (X)
6:297
Nellie Louise Mason (X)
7:319
Mary Evelyn Kirk
7:372
Annie Pearl Lawson
7:346
Unsuccessful, (IX, 8).

FREEPORT-(29 candidates).

| XI. (4 candidates). |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Mina Louise Stevens | $7: 533$ |
| Carl Reginald Tibert | $6: 459$ |
| Muriel Kate Nickerson | $6: 389$ |

X. (10 candidates).

Norma Elaine McDormand (XI) 6:263
Verna Catharine Glaven 6:496
Muriel Ruby Thurber 6:507
Dorcas Alena Powell
6:480
Sheldon Miller
Florenice Evelyn Collins
Adelia May McDormand
IX. ( 15 candidates).

Annie Frnesteen Peters (X)
6:257
Evelyn Christina Powell (X)
6:287
Edgar I.awrence Outhouse
Tillman Burpee Tibert
6:363
Nora Adelia Thurber 6:859

Rebecca Kathryn McEwan
Douglass Howard Titus
Bessie Maude Eaton
6:449
6:317
6:432
6:444
Hazel Oneita Morehouse
Esther Pearl Buckman
Edna Dorothy Cann
Frances Edmunda Bailey 7:409

Supplementary, ( 1 candidate).
Unsuccessful, (X, 2; IX, 4).
GLACE BAY-(249 candidates).
XII. (14 candidates).

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Harold Robert Muggah | $11: 700$ |
| William Claude McGillivray | $11: 792$ |
| Marjorie Jean Archibald | $12: 779$ |
| Mary Cohen | $10: 694$ |
| Daniel Francis Roberts | $11: 676$ |
| John Angus Nicholson | $10: 609$ |
| Ethel Marguerite Young | $10: 584$ |
| William Philip Campbell | $11: 666$ |

XI. (51 candidates).

| Joseph Basil Nearing | 8:449 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Edna Marje McNeil |  |
| Katie Belle Sampson |  |
| Blanche Boutilier |  |
| Percy John Mitchell |  |
| Edward Crosby |  |
| Mary Louise MacDonald | 6:487 |
| Christina McNeil | ${ }_{7}^{6: 500}$ |
| Helen Jessie McArel | 7:432 |
| Bessie Cohen |  |
| Angus Norman McDonald |  |
| Catherine Rebecca MacOdrum | 8:416 |
| Lorena Ellen McLean | 7:44 |
| T. Whitfield McKinnon | $7: 410$ |
| Elizabeth Agnes Ferguson | 7:4188 |
| Mandel Lurie | 8:489 |
| Elizabeth Rhoda Grant | 8 |
| Annie Florence Bagnell | $8: 534$ |
| Rose Gold | $7 \cdot 412$ |
| Isabel Florence Tamer, Jackson |  |
| Margaret Isabel Hull | 7.6 |
| James Francis McNeil | $7: 8$ |
| Alex Bernard Campbell | 7:376 |
| Donald Orestes McLennan Willie Carmichael | 7:44 |
| Max Rosenblum | 7: |
| Charles Francis McGillivray | 7.872 |
| Daniel McCuish | 6:108 |
| Helen Blanche Ogilvie | 7.407 |
| Florence MacPherson | 7 |
| Annie Gouthro | 6.36 |
| Margaret Mary Ferguson | ${ }_{7} 698$ |
| F.lizabeth Martell McAskill |  |

Margaret Isabel Boone (XII)
John Malcolm Shank (XII)
William McLellan Ross (XII) Cassie Elizabeth Fortune (XII)
Bertha Le Gere (XII)
Louis Green (XII)
Ignatius Nearing (XI)

| G |  | Martina McSween (X) | 7:279 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Margaret | 7:273 | Joseph Ernest Curry (X) | 7:285 |
| Susannah Joutilier (XIne Verner (XI) | 8:388 | Elizabeth MacEachern (X) | 6:273 |
| Melica Carter (XI) | 7:311 | Clara Long (X) Wells (X) | 6:310 |
| Mary Johnena McCuish (XI) | 7:317 | Ruby Margaret Wells (X) | 7:359 |
| Nettic Martell Peach (XI) | 7:312 | Harold Kinley Peach | 7:349 |
| Margaret Jessie McGregor (XI) | 7:331 | Lindsay Gasken Lewis | 7:414 |
| Fan Holm | 7:514 | Effie Munroe ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Mackeigan | 7:344 |
| Frances Margaret MacDonald | $7: 421$ | Mary Sarah McKinnon | 8:417 |
| Moses Rosent | 7:368 | Helen Faustina Casey | 7:425 |
| Claresence Mcleod | 7:447 | Mary Josephine McNeil | 7:535 |
| Jean Christiana MacAskill | 7:536 | Florence Driscoll | 7:481 |
| Catherine Meehan | 7:421 | Margaret Mackinnon | 8:493 |
| Kessie Lillian Shepard | 7:400 | Agnes Chisholm | 7:382 |
| Kathleen Isabel Ross | 6:387 | Cleophas Currie Burns | 58 |
| Margaret MacKenzie Ross | 6:304 | Mary Catherine Burns | 7:500 |
| Meorge Robert Dillo | 6:341 | Blanche Mary Camp | 7:448 |
| Marie Agnes Casey | 7:369 | Annie Connor | 8:487 |
| Rucy Gouthro | $7: 359$ | Ethel Hest | 7:417 |
| Mare O'Donnell | 7:424 | Dorothy MacNell | 7:505 |
| Annie O'Leary | 7:371 | Mary Annie Mcencer | 7 |
| Annie Timmons | $7: 334$ 7.335 | Ethel Florence McLeod ${ }^{\text {L }}$ | 7:374 |
| Max Wainger | 8:704 | Audrey Irwin | 7:380 |
| John Cyril Bur | 8:352 | George Byron Irwin Nicholson | 8:439 |
| Alexander Hassa | 8:551 | Clarence Mackinnon | $8:$ |
| Abnie May McQuarrie | 7:374 | Annie Margery | 8 |
| Haroham Ein | 8:470 | Isabel Campbeniel | 8 |
| Josephine Gordon Moseley | 8:422 | Edith Pear Samps | 8:391 |
| Margaret Bach | $7: 531$ 6.366 | Therese Same Elizabeth McDonald | $8: 364$ |
| Matilda Johnso | -7:366 | Edna King Liscombe | $8 \cdot 393$ |
| Katherine E. Marie | 7:364 | Victoria Ethel.Boutili | 7:427 |
| $\mathrm{Frann}^{\text {a Hamburg }}$ | 7:505 | Annie Johnston | 7:369 |
| ${ }^{\text {Frederick Lester Jackson }}$ | 8:536 | Teresa McDonald | 7:483 |
| Dian Elliott Hudson | 8:420 | Mary Frances McPhee | 7:412 |
| $\mathrm{Han}_{\mathrm{aze}}$ Archie McLean | 48:56 | Nellie Margaret Walk | 7 |
| Arthur Elizabeth Martell | 7:0b1 | Alice Finlayson | 7:838 |
| Jane L Augustus Harris | 7:414 | Kathleen M. Kearniasson | 7:418 |
| Rita Alexandra Carmichael | 7:378 | Aloysius Carroll | $7: 363$ 7.346 |
| Donald George Bell | 7:540 | Aridgid Hanrahan | 迷 |
| Robert Joseph Hayes | 7:378 | Francis McNeil | 7:337 |
| Krances Gertrude Spencer | 7:350 | Edith Elizabeth | 7:361 |
| Jamneth Milfred Grant | 8:480 | Marjorie MacPherson | 7:311 |
| Florenctias Roberts | 8:451 | Ronald Francis McKinn | 7:343 |
| - | 7:430 | Morris Cipin | $7: 367$ 7.356 |
| ). |  | Elaine Dobson | 7:374 |
|  |  | Benjamin Herman Fine | 7:366 |
| Rilfred Joseph Gouthro (XI) | 8:269 | John Jameison | 7:407 |
| Victoria ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Augustine Walker (XI) | 8:397 | Tennie Gold | 7:371 |
| Reta Olia K. McKinnon (XI) | $7: 273$ 6.287 | May Forenatine McQueen | 7:525 |
| Doris Edwards (XI) | 6:287 | Jeannie Dick | 7:565 |
| Anniterine V. Jamieson (XI) | 7:276 | Evelyn Matilda Keday | 7:402 |
| Mary Laurie Gillis (XI) | $6: 250$ | James D'Arcy | 7:511 |
| Kary Alice Young (XI) | 7:198 | Francis Isabelck O'Handley | 7:344 |


| Christine Belle McDonald (XI) | $7: 254$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Catherine Manes McLellan (XI) | $7: 190$ |
| EIna Matilda (X) | $7: 316$ |
| Annje MacLeod (X) (X) | $6: 292$ |
| Christine McLeod (X) | $7: 314$ |
|  | $7: 307$ |

GREAT VILLAGE-(65 candidates).
XI. (8 candidates).
Mary Olive Fulton
Annie Layton MacLachlan
Sarah Kent
Emma Janet Thompson
Norma Blanche Smith
Viola Mae McLellan

$$
\text { X. (24 candidates). }
$$

| Sara Macleod Johnson | $8: 599$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mildred Jean Robinson | $8: 563$ |
| Mabel Blanche Forbes | $7: 566$ |
| James Leonard Layton | $7: 473$ |
| Matthew Edwin Peppard | $8: 567$ |
| Earle Macnab Graham | $6: 351$ |
| Ellsworth Lewis | $6: 147$ |
| Hattie Gratto | $6: 503$ |
| Middred Simpson | $6: 311$ |
| Sadie Gertrude MacLaughlin | $6: 497$ |
| Annie May McEImon | $6: 459$ |
| Ida Pear Carr | $6: 386$ |
| Bessie Edna Bulmer | $6: 328$ |
| Margaret Isabel Smith | $6: 504$ |
| Maude Grace Thompson | $6: 357$ |
| Helen Josephine Lewis | $6: 383$ |

IX. (32 candidates).

Fronz Davison Doherty (XI)
Minnetta Crowe (XI)
Eva Alma Simpson
Ellen Blanche Chisholm
Eva Jean Lewis
Allen Earnest Davidson
Dawson Fulton
Muriel Cassidy Smith
Edith Lillian Fletcher
Agnes Hope Cottam
Gladys Maude Gass
Ettinnie Marsdon Perrot
Elizabeth McLeod
Mary Elizabeth Quilty
Gertrude Alena Patriquin
Susie Louise Porteous
Helen Adams Bulmer
Isabel Fulmore
Firman Sanford Geddes
Florence Margaret Rose
Arthurena Jane Fulton
Isabel Jean Ryan
Anna Hislop Layton
Margaret Ruth MacLellan
Melinda Gould Blaikie
Achsah Lucilla Graham

Supplementary, ( 1 candidate).

7:456
8:530
7:466
6:391
6:332
6:405

8:599
8:563
:566
8.4
$6: 351$
6:417
6:503
6:311
6:497
6:459

6:504
6:383

7:246
6:333
7:385
7:346
6:356
6:348
6:364
6:386
6:394
6:439.
6:357 ${ }^{\circ}$
6:312
6:332
6:427
6:356
6:415
6:466
7:319
7:358
6:381
8:563
7:448
8:437
8:486
7:878
7:332

GUYSBORO-(41 candidates).
XI. (3 candidates).

| Michael Ambrose Rogers | 8:378 |
| :---: | :---: |
| X. (15 candidates). |  |
| Austin MacLean Fulton | 7:431 |
| Lillian Maria Cook | 6:327 |
| Edith Parks Jenkins | 7:381 |
| Mary Esther Martin | 6:402 |
| Elsie Bruce Pyle | 6:301 |
| Annie Edith Fulton | 7:418 |
| Peter Joseph Tompkins | 7:462 6 |
| Erna Hart DesBarres | 6:36 |
| IX. (23 candidates). |  |
| Margaret Anne Tobin (XI) | 6:192 |
| Maria Simpson Maguire (XI) | 6:268 |
| Lionel Courtenay Trivett (X) | 6:241 |
| Elsie Maud MacIntosh (X) | 6:308 |
| Mamie Jeanetta Brown (X) | 7:402 |
| Margaret Alice Worth | 7:878 |
| Jeannette Charlotte Myers Bessie Violet Taylor | 6:388 |
| William Wallace Martin | 6:331 |
| Claude Stanley Lipsett | 6:352 |
| Lila Blaisdell Taylor | 6:306 |
| Mary Alexandra Chisholm | 7:33 |

Michael Ambrose Rogers7:4316:327Edith Parks JenkinsMary Esther MartinElsie Bruce Pyle6.401
Annie Edith Fulton ..... 7:478
Erna Hart DesBarres ..... 6:352
IX. (23 candidates).

Unsuccessful, (X, 4; IX, 16).
HALIFAX-(321 candidates).
XII. (18 candidates).

|  | $10: 662$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Margaret Willis Littler | $10: 562$ |
| Sylvanus Archibald Morton | $10: 5623$ |
| Derrick McCarthy | $9: 658$ |
| Thelma G. Cecelia Smith | $10 ; 538$ |
| Ethel Victoria Gould | $9: 501$ |

XI. (58 candidates).

| XI. (58 candidates). |  |
| :--- | ---: |
|  |  |
| Dorothy Evelyn Curtis (XII) | $10: 575$ |
| Muriel Matilda Mosher (XII) | $9: 434$ |
| Alma Elizabeth Algee | $6: 448$ |
| Carl Palm Bethune | $7: 388$ |
| Frederick William M. Bisset | $6: 818$ |
| Arthur Cyril Bowman | $7: 861$ |
| Douglas Sturrock Campbell | $8: 590$ |
| Marion Isabel Clark | $7: 472$ |
| Frederick Dawson Congdon | $8: 346$ |
| Francis Wm. Hubert Dentith | $7: 468$ |
| Evelyn May Fox | 7470 |
| William Edmund Fultz | $8: 476$ |
| Mary Isabel Gilroy | $7: 334$ |
| Howard Glube | $8: 469$ |
| Alice Gordon Harvey | $7: 504$ |
| Mary Caroline Hawkins | $7: 360$ |
| Florence Curry Holland | $7: 890$ |
| Colin Campbell Ives | $7: 613$ |
| John Robert Kaye | $7: 362$ |
|  |  |

Un, (X, 1 ,

|  | 8:607 | Hazel Rosalind Jones | 7:541 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freder | 7:370 | Alethea Dorene Johnson | 7:379 |
| May Evelyn Linton Leverman | 7:397 | Eva Mabel Knodell | 7:495 |
| Bessie | 7:344 | Bertha Marion Kerr | 6:314 |
| William Everett Moseley | 7:496 | Florence Grace Lovett | 8:472 |
| Murdoch Maxwell MacOdrum | 8:497 | Anthony I van Mader | 8:627 |
| Mar Alexander McQuinn | 7:339 | Madeline Mader ${ }^{\text {M }}$ | 8:486 |
| Harguerite MacPhee | 7:461 | Alexander Harold Marshall | 7:436 |
| Mury Dow O'Brien | 7:444 | Suzanne Marie Michel | 449 |
| Helene Alizabeth Ross | 7:358 | Archie Evan Miller | 7:424 |
| Irene Amanda Sandford | 8:553 | Arthur Blenus ${ }_{\text {Frank }}$ Vennette Mumford | 8:366 |
| Douglas Stewart Thompson | 7:351 | Phyllis Mary Moorman | 7:391 |
| Marjorie Grace Wambolt | $\begin{aligned} & 7: 525 \\ & 8: 590 \end{aligned}$ | Marcia Gertrude Monk | $\begin{aligned} & 7: 863 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Ian Macdona | 8:417 |
| X. (85 candidates). |  | Mabel Jean MacDonald | 7:337 |
|  |  | Margaret Alice Macdut | 8:454 |
| Reta ${ }^{\text {dise }}$ Tupper Custance (XII) | 9:412 | Bertha Helen McPhail | 8:493 |
| John Louise Farrer (XII) | 9:451 | Philip Lloyd Ox | 7:368 |
| Carl ${ }^{\text {douglas Fraser (XII) }}$ | 9:434 | Edith Davison Rhind | 7:447 |
| William ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (XII) | 9:492 | Ina Frances Romsell | 8:558 |
| Arthum Gordon Ray (XII) | 17 | Anna Louise Russell | 7:335 |
| Claire Vernon (XII) | 9:468 | Dorothy Jean Scriven | 8:442 |
| Helen Margaret Yates (XII) | 9:438 | Lawrence Edward Shatford | 7:395 |
| Daisy Louise Zwicker (XII) | 9:457 | Beatrice Rose Elena Smith | 7:556 |
| Richard Ferguson (XI) | 7:283 | Henry Gerald Stairs | 8:518 |
| Renetta Elizaboth Cluney (XI) | 6:310 7 | Myrtle Evelyn Topple | 7:415 |
| G. Colquhoun (XI) | 7:282 | Charles Lockhart Travis | 8:345 |
| therford Conrod | 7:315 | Percy Waterman |  |
| Kiliam Stanley Lee (XI) | 6:281 | Harold Vernon | 8:446 |
| Frathleen Esther Peart (XI) | 7:314 | Gilbert Murray W | 0 |
| Rances A. Charlotte Power (XI) | 7:309 | Jean Church Webber | 61 |
| Donaldizabeth Pace (XI) | 6:277 | Ethelbert G. Locke Wetmore | 8:435 |
| $\mathrm{Harald}_{\text {arold }}$ Lloyd Redmond (XI) | 7:296 | John Donald | 7:415 |
| Marion Elizabtson (XI) | 7:301 | Charlotte Edna Parker | 7:504 |
| $J$ ean A Elizabeth Hoben (XI) | 7:278 | Grace Kathleen Patterson |  |
| May Irexandra Shaw (XI) | 6:298 | IX. (150 candidates). |  |
| George Willard Wilson (XI) | 7:335 |  |  |
| Alan Louise Wilson (XI) | 7:275 | Helen Louise Borgle (X | 7:211 |
| harles J ble Rhody Armitage | 8:437 | Hazel Lillian Conrod | 58 |
| Winnifred Warden Beckwith | 8:518 | Violet Estella Cummings | 5:348 |
| Dorifred May Berringer | 7:392 | John Chesley Da | 7:376 |
| Annathy Isabel Boyce | 7:451 | Harold Larnder (XI) (XI) | 7:322 |
| Margaret Figuson Callan | 8:534 | Helen Cecil Marshan (XI) | 7:318 |
| Florence Alora Chisholm | 7:395 |  | 7:264 |
| ${ }_{\text {R dna Mildred Christian }}$ | 8:360 | Wm. Gordon Robertson, Jr. (XI) | $7: 279$ 7.266 |
| $\mathrm{K}_{\text {athert }}$ Murray Colwell | 7:379 | Barrie Shaffner (XI) | 7:301 |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\text {oris }}$ the Hanington Covert | 8:714 | Egerton Smith Allen (X) (X) | 7:330 |
| Evelyn Fran Covey | 7:559 | Margaret Forbes Bartlett ( X ) | 7:294 |
| Frances Francis Cox | 7:416 | Roy Stewart Bell ( X (ey (X) | 8:374 |
| Julia Weir Elizabeth Davison | 7:336 | Gerald Robert Buckuhoun (X) | 8:358 |
| Walter Roy Douglas | 7:418 | Alfred Clifton Colter (X) | 7:285 |
| Harry MacD Elliot | 8:580 |  | 8:341 |
| rothy Chard. Flowers | 8:361 | Marga Annie Edwards (X) | 7:306 |
| Willie Elizabeth R. Hayward | 8:531 | Joyce Mehemia Jenks (X) | 8:320 |
| Jamam Auchmuty Hewat | 8:590 | Eva Waddell Mader | 8:533 |
| Carl ${ }^{\text {stanley Hillis }}$ | 7:363 | Gordon Mac Odrum | 8:335 |
| Clara Wessley Hiltz | 8:494 | Harry Houghton | 8:351 |
| Ora Msabel Hutchison | 8:522 | Graham Dodds Thompson ( X ) | 7:356 |
| Anajabel Jackson | 7:457 | Doris Blackadar Ackhurst | 7:448 |
| Edith Madeline Jones | 7:346 6:392 | Margaret $F$ Arthur Norman Bailey | 7:359 |


| Bernard Stewart Bailey | 8:526 | Jessie Rita Tucker | $\begin{aligned} & 7: 391 \\ & 8: 347 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roy Willard Barry | 7:411 | Charles Frank Trider |  |
| Phyllis Bowers | 7:439 | Carrie Ethel Stoddard | 7:423 |
| Annie Buffett | 8:546 | Margaret Clifford Turner | 6:0140 |
| Amy May Blakeney | 7:412 | Russell Glen Urquhart | 7:442 |
| Vera Rose Cooke | 7:371 | Harvey Stanley Venner |  |
| Freddie Elizabeth Cunningham | 7:480 | Mary Elizabeth Van Buskirk | 33 |
| Jean Myrtle Cutten | 7:350 | Alice Mary Vernon | 8:4318 |
| Arthur Stanley Cook | 7:407 | Marion Eliza Weldon |  |
| Reginald William Cooper | 7:374 | Edith Marjorie Wright | -6:308 |
| Emma Martha Collins | 7:351 | Jean Elva Willneff Dorothy Catherine Myatt | 7:365 |
| Carrie Maude Crooks <br> Patricia Davidson | $7: 447$ 6:323 | Dorothy Catherine Myatt |  |
| John William Dobson | 7:416 | Supplementary, (10 candidates) |  |
| Arthur Ernest Doull | 7:516 |  |  |
| Muriel Frances Dean | 8:476 | successful, (XII, 3; XI, 1 |  |
| Kathleen Agnes Dickson | 8:392 | IX, 69) |  |
| Freda Merrill Fraser | 7:489 |  |  |
| George Leonard Fraser Meyer Goldberg | 7:417 | HALIFAX (ALEXANDRA) | (222 |
| Thomas Edgar Holloway | 6:354 | candidates). |  |
| Marjorie Louise Hyde | 7:357 |  |  |
| Dorothy Eleanor Hughes | 7:430 | XI. (34 candidates). |  |
| Edith Madeline Hawkins | 6:354 |  |  |
| Dorothy Crosby Jost | 7:493 | Madeleine Agnes Anderson | 7:377 |
| Eric Jackson | 7:341 | Marguerite Mary Burns |  |
| Greta Kirkpatrick Kerr | 8:509 | James Herbert Brady | 7:877 |
| Alva Grace Knox | 7:313 | Cyril James Brown | 7:369 |
| Jane Allen Kuhn | 7:470 | Lillian Jane Byalin | 6:304 |
| Clara Gertrude Kent | 6:334 | Una Kathleen Conrad | 6:447 |
| Freda Edith Lowndes | 7:358 | Agnes Carmichael | -7:380 |
| Barbara Lucas | 8:493 | Kathleen Cecilia Cashen | 7 7:454 |
| Gladys Mary Logan | 8:394 | Rita Annie Mary Clancey |  |
| Marjorie Beatrice MacAulay | 7:476 | Mary Catherine Cotie | 7:417 |
| Ella Rachel MacDonald | 7:401 | Agnes Pauline Davies | $7: 424$ |
| Flora Isabel Macdonald | 7:509 | Cyril Ellis Drysdale |  |
| Edith Jsabel Macneill | 8:623 | Catherine Sutherland Grant | 7:522 |
| Marguerite Chaddock | 7:411 | Mary Florence Mackey | 7:475 |
| Jean Creelman MacRae | 7:456 | Mary Nora Elaine Morash | 6:380 |
| Mabel Florence M, Murdoch | 6:302 | Marguerite G. Mary Whalen | 7:561 |
| Herbert Creighton Morton |  |  |  |
| Reginald Carlyle Morrison | 7:528 | X. 6 |  |
| Mary Ernestine Marshall | 7:568 | Maria Viola Dockrill (XI) | 6:247 |
| Eledge Laurie McElmon | 8:426 | Richard Jeffrey Flinn (XI) |  |
| Marjorie Jean McGlashen | 8:425 | Mary Irene Hallisey (XI) |  |
| Agnes Duff McGlashen | 8:391 | Ruby May Hollett (XI) |  |
| Mina Loretta Myra | 7:033 | Muriel Pearl Maskell (XI) | 71818 |
| Mae Catherine Newcombe | 7:478 | Marion Elizabeth Pitts (XI) |  |
| Alice Beatrice Naugler | 6:400 | Cecil George Skinner (XI) | $7{ }_{7}^{7: 386}$ |
| Marjorie Annie Ormon | 7:371 | Ellen Emily Orme Adams | $7: 841$ |
| Dorothy Margaret Puddington | 7:420 | Annie Jane Aikenhead | $7: 36$ |
| Helen Madeline Pearce | 7:405 | Arthur Rogee Baker | 7:987 |
| Miriam Ritchie | 7:365 | Minnie Scott Blackman | 7:899 |
| Henry Leaman Roper | 7:340 | Keith Heustis Butler | ${ }_{7} \mathbf{7} 513$ |
| Kathleen Milsom Romans | 8:384 | Margaret Ruth Butler |  |
| Allison Elliot Russell | 8:561 | Mary Rosamond Cable | $7: 415$ |
| Ethel Bernice Reeves | 6:378 | Douglas Gordon Christie | 7:468 |
| Olive Evangeline Richards | 8:390 | Louis Edward Distant | 7:409 |
| Alice Zylpha Sweet | 7:325 | Ellen Kathryn Deal | $7: 417$ |
| Louise Sidebottom | 6:343 | Mary Gladys Doody |  |
| Carrie Ethel Stoddard | 7:387 | Catherine Cecilia Foley |  |
| Hazel Aileen Mabel Siteman | 7:365 | Sadie Gladys Fox | $7: 404$ |
| Emma Telpha Smith Rita Jean Smith | 6:377 6:401 | Patrick Joseph Grant | 7:41 |


|  | 7:356 | Hazel Mary Sullivan | 7:359 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Catherine Eileen Healy | 7:396 | John F. Shaw | 7:380 |
| Miriam Teresa Hyde | 7:461 | Jennie Smith | 6:536 |
| Florence Lucille Hiltz | 7:476 | Edna Alexandra Stephen | 7:849 |
| Marjorie Helen Lavers | 7:367 | Melburne Stonehouse | 7:323 |
| Marie Teresa Leary | 7:391 | Harriet Mae Thompson | 7:346 |
| Alexandra Lemoine | 7:444 | Margaret Elizabeth Videto | 6:461 |
| Lloyd Gertrude Merlin | 7:839 | Pauline Mary Weaver | 6:374 |
| Charles Robert Mitchell | 7:366 | Wan Munro Wh Wonna | 6:410 |
| John Cos Mont | 7:419 | Murial Patricia Warry | 6:351 |
| John Lester | 7:383 | George Wm. C. Van Euskirk | 7:392 |
| James Michael Joseph O'Connor | 7:670 | Mary Monica Flavin | :328 |
| Edna Geneveive Mary Pitts | 7:566 | Frederick Ronald Hayes | 7:397 |
| Carl Hentor Parks | 7:480 | Reginald Matheson Piercey | 6:354 |
| Bertha Marie | 7:503 | Jack E. Horne | 7:375 |
| Mary Gertrude Stone | 7:431 | Margaret Jean Haverstock | 6:343 |
| $\mathrm{Francis}^{\text {Leo Smith }}$ | 7:407 | Gordon Saint Clair Higgins | 6:384 |
| Frargaret Ann Thomas | 7:348 | Estelle Hobbs | 7:503 |
| Erances Loretta Young | 7:363 | Nettie Elizabeth Halse | 7:466 |
| Florentherine Cameron | 7:449 | Alice Mary Hitorn | 7:363 |
| orence May Parsons | 6:318 | Leonard Alfred Hilton | 7:451 |
| IX. |  | Everina Jens | 6:353 |
|  |  | Mary Margaret Cecilia Kirby | 7:342 |
| Muriel Irene Cooper (XI) | 6:289 | Florence Violet Knodell | 6.348 |
| Marie M. Agnes Coolen (XI) | 7:252 | Earl Greye Knight | 7:365 |
| Monath Greene (XI) | 7:311 | Mildred Winnifrer Logan | 6:377 |
| Lillian Marie Hollett (XI) | 7:254 | Kathleen Lang Leonard | 7:315 |
| Edna Josephine Laing (XI) | 7:320 | Florence Theresa Leonar | 7:392 |
| Cathat. May Morton (XI) | 7:242 | Joseph Laba ${ }^{\text {a }}$, | 7:326 |
| Annie E M, F. Clancey (XI) | 7:189 | Clarence Macs McGill | 6:300 |
| Mildred. Houlihan (XI) | 6:226 | Muriel Mulcahy | 7:323 |
| Dorothy Sabelle Dagnall (X) | 7:331 | Muriel Mulcahy | 6:300 |
| Francis Helen Grierson (X) | 6:304 | Evan Ross Maxwell | 6:337 |
|  | 7:315 | Bessie May Mont | 6:313 |
| Gladyn Grace Holmes (X) | 6:271 | Edith Vera Morns | 6:348 |
| Rita MacDobl Keating (X). | 6:296 | Muriel Leone Nicholson | 6:326 |
| Mary Evelyn Marsh | 6:313 | Abraham David Ottman | 7:426 |
| ${ }^{\text {Douglas Charles Murphy ( }}$ ( ) | 7:380 | William O'Connell | 7:377 |
| Annie Frances O'Brien ( X ) | 7:296 | John Francis O'Connor | 7:321 |
| James Fraser Irving (X). | 7:290 | Cyril Cornelius |  |
| George Fred Burbridge | 6:322 | Unsuccessful, (XI, 2; | X, 61). |
| Evelyn Mae Bremer | 7:407 | Unsuccessful, |  |
| Margaret Theresa Cashen | 7:342 |  |  |
| ary L. Gertrude Christia | 7:500 | FAX (ROCKINGH | -(40 |
| Leo Corbege | 7:398 | candid |  |
| Elfie Daret Adele Cook | 6:443 |  |  |
| Jean Morothy Cove | 6:445 | (14 candid |  |
| Edna Muriel Dockrell | 6:374 |  | 10:628 |
| Thomannon Dunlop | 6:370 | Mary Stella Burke | 10:486 |
| Gramas Cyril Joseph Doyle | 7:383 | Mabel Casey | 10:556 |
| John Clyde Filia Fauchea | 6:308 | Sadie Gillis Geraldien Elizabeth Horne | $10: 649$ 9 |
| $\mathrm{H}_{\text {ugh M }}$ Me Flinn | 7:344 | Geraldien Kickham | 9:589 |
| Edith Wirray Grant | 6:331 | Winnifred Edna Leary | 10:497 |
| Adward S. Fairbanks Pie | 6:371 | Laure M. C. Esperance | 10:684 |
| Johed Thomas Pridgeon | 6:361 | Margaret Mary Mahoney | 10:497 |
| Rha Leonard Purdy | 6:349 | Gertrude Agnes Mea | 10:577 |
| Anmia Resnick | 6:451 | Mary Josephine McDonald | 10:503 |
| Geral Agnes Redm | 7:446 | Mary Emma Macintosh | 10:608 |
| Gertrine Grace Rita Roche | 6:408 | Evelyn Marie Reardon | 10:609 |
| Trude Margaret Roche | 7:415 | Gertrude Sheehan |  |


| XI. (16 candidates). |  | IX. (19 candidates). |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stella McLeod (XLI) | 10:420 | Kathleen Inez Alley | 7:374 |
| Mabelle Sarah Comeau | 7:341 | Carl Dickson Mitchner | 70 |
| Margaret Bernadette Delancey | 7:413 | Everett Hoyt Pentz | 7:370 |
| Catherine Loretto Gouthro | 6:352 | Lillian Mary Stevens | 7:362 |
| Mary Agnes Hanlon | 6:482 | Neil Allison Forsythe | 7:466 |
| Marjorie Marshall | 8:507 | Alan Bruce Creighton | 7:4899 |
| Alma L. Miles | 7:452 | Jean Carlyle Fraser | - |
| Elma Penny | 7:485 | Annie Ethel Coffill | 7:4426 |
| Florence Mary Penny | 7:360 | Jack Creighton Swaine | 7:437 |
| Teresa Josephine Ryan | 7:428 | Ethelyn Mary Bezanson | 6:364 |
| Aileen Agnes Skerry | 7:380 | Nellie Althea Greene | 6:419 |
| Mary Alice Spray | $7: 363$ $7: 365$ | John Thomas Riley | 6:308 |
| X . (10 candidates). |  | Unsuccessful, (XI, 0; X, 0; IX, 6). |  |
| Edyth Constance Andrews (XI) | 7:309 | INVERNESS-(96 candidates). |  |
| Gertrude Helen Hurley (XI) | 7:346 |  |  |
| Kathleen E. Stokes | 7:368 | XI. (10 candidates). |  |
| Mary Celina Amirault | 7:497 |  |  |
| Malinda H. C. Colman | 7:502 |  | 7.424 |
| Mary Isabel Doucet | 7:490 | Malcolm Angus McEachern | 7:409 |
| Annie Morrisey | 7:513 | Emma Blanche Brasset | 7:488 |
| Mary Ann Murphy | 7:522 | Margaret MacIsaac | $7: 399$ |
| Mary Catherine McCluskey | 7:500 | Delphina Susan Le Blanc | $7: 403$ |
| Mary Lydia Roy | 7:438 | Dan William Ling | 7.348 |
| Elizabeth Loretta Tobin | 8:533 | John Hugh McEachern | 7:322 |
| Mary Aloysia Tobin | 7:584 | James McLennan | 6:427 |
| Margaret Genevieve Provencher IX. (no candidates). |  | X. (37 candidates). |  |
| Mary Katherine McMullin (XI) | 7:320 | Mary Flora McEachern | 7:373 |
|  |  | Rosa Alice LeBlanc | 7:446 |
| HANTSPORT-(40 candidates). |  | Lexina McEachern | $7: 403$ |
|  |  | Mary Rankin | 7:387 |
| XI. (11 candidates). |  | Elizabeth Mary Gillis | 7:399 |
|  |  | Mildred Mary McDonald Mary Josephine Kennedy | 7:436 |
| Maude Lillias Crandall | 8:409 | Mary Agnes Beaton |  |
| Austin Edward Brownell | 6:366 | Elizabeth McEachern |  |
| George Gideon Reid | 6:403 | Mary Bridget Mclsaac | 7:430 |
| Jessie Edna Borden | 7:428 | Laura Margaret McLeod | 7:474 |
| Ralph Herbert Shaw | 6:406 | James Daniel Kennedy | $7: 325$ |
| Lottie Lawrence Pentz | $7: 425$ | John Duncan McEachern | 7:335 |
| James Powell Kieley | 7:374 | John Cameron | 7:385 |
| Adelaide Jean Borden $\quad$ 7:393X. (10 candidates). |  | Frederick Cameron | 7:354 |
|  |  | Penelope MacKay | $7: 418$ |
|  |  | Julia Catherine McIntosh | 7:441 |
| William Organ Perry (XI) | 6:300 | Bessie E. C. MacDonald | $7: 428$ |
| Helen Coalfleet Patten (XI) | 6:289 | Lilla May E. Stirling | 8:491 |
| Lydia Eloise Newcombe (XI) | 6:284 | Isabel Bessie MacLean | ${ }_{7.384}$ |
| Russell Lee Yeaton | 6:360 | Annie Laura Campbell | 7:390 |
| Isabelle Minnie Frizzle | 7:389 | Albyn Catherine MacDonald | $7: 3$ |
| Georgie May Wall | 8:695 |  |  |
| William Alston Newcombe | 6:469 |  |  |
| Ida Pamela Blackburn | 8:555 | IX. (49 candidates). |  |
| Hettie Foye Perry | 8:643 |  |  |
| Elva May Riley | 7:520 | Neil McKinnon (XI) | 8:338 |
| Queenie H. Edith Stevens | 7:484 | Malcolm McLellan (X) | 8:399 |
| Grace Albertha Blackburn | 7:438 | Catherine Lillie MacQuarrie (X) | 8:204 |
| Grace Harriett MacLatchey | 8:669 | Mary Margaret Kennedy (X) | 8:3 |


| Mar | 7:32 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mary Bell McLellan (X) | 7:29 |
| Mary Christena MacIsaac (X) | 6:29 |
| Jessie Margaret MacDonald | 8:37 |
| Anaie Belle McIsaac | 8:40 |
| Mary Agnes Rankin | 8:416 |
| Ooseph Lawrence Le Blanc | 8:459 |
| Ohn Hughie Beaton | 7:35 |
| Helen Lemillan | 8:428 |
| Frances Cavenia Morse | 7:510 |
| Kate Annie Campbell | 7:38 |
| Alice Catherine MacKinn | 8:448 |
| Mary Flora MacPhail | 6:319 |
| Dugald J. McM. McLean | 6:35 |
| Hannah H. W. Maclean | 6:35 |
| Unsuccessful, (XI, 1; X, 8; I |  |

JOGGIN MINES-( 33 candidates).

> XI. (4 candidates).
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Theresa Margaret O'Regan } & \begin{array}{l}\text { 6:343 } \\ \text { Clara Alma Kennedy }\end{array} \\ 6: 404\end{array}$
X. (11 candidates).

| Edna May Hilton (XI) | 29 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lean Bernice Christie |  |
| Tilan May Barbour |  |
| Mhelma Baird Glen | 6:382 |
| Marjorie Beryl Landels | 7:377 |
| Vssie Romaine Logue | 7:344 |
|  |  |
| Myrtle Catherine Johnston | 88 |
| IX. (18 candidates) |  |
| Mary Leodora DesBa |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Hazh }}$ Fstelle Hilton | 7:432 |
| Elsel Maude Ferraud | 6:364 |
| Mae Florence Miller | 7:409 |
| Camie Elizabeth | 7:467 |
|  |  |
| ene Melanso | 7:386 |

$U_{\text {nsuccessful, }(X, 4 ; I X, 12) .}$
KENNETCOOK-( 27 candidates).
XI. (4 candidates).

| Verna Georgina Dunn | $6: 340$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Esie Hannah Barker | $6: 401$ |
| Mabel Hilda Brown | $6: 500$ |

X. (6 candidates).

Hildred Miller
Leolad Isabelle Hennigar
Ruby
6:375
6:357
6:411

## 1X. (17 candidates).

| George Martell Paterson (XI) | $6: 298$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dorcas Brown McCulloch | $6: 302$ |
| Elsie Rebecca Anthony | $6: 309$ |
| Iva Miller | $6: 428$ |
| Caroline Marie Miller | $6: 401$ |

Caroline Marie Miller
6:401
Unsuccéssful, (XI, 0; X, 3; IX, 13).

KENTVILIE-(79 candidates).
XII. (1 candidate).

Hazel Frances Kinsman
$10: 682$
XI. (19 candidates).

Mary Elaine Dodge $\quad 7: 414$
Margaret DuRov Harris $\quad 7: 417$
Cyril Beverly Ells
8:619
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Lillian Madeline Hiltz } & \mathbf{7 : 3 7 2}\end{array}$
Alice Evangeline Porter $7: 358$
Thelma Floyde Ross $\quad 7: 354$
Christine Agnes Wambold Webster 8:493
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Norma El Alena } \text { Nood worth } & 6: 314 \\ \text { Margaret } & 7: 575\end{array}$
Eileen Kirk Willey 6:391
Lillian Rebecca Brechin 6:387
James Lloyd Jess
X. (21 candidates).

|  | $9: 779$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Yula Rose Dennison | $6: 358$ |
| Bernice Marie Saunders | $6: 303$ |
| Margaret Ann Schofield | $6: 332$ |
| Bertha Leona Whitman | $7: 320$ |
| Edith Maie Porter | $7: 360$ |
| Laura Viola Harvey | $8: 552$ |
| Alice Joyce Haryey | $8: 604$ |
| Mary Ann Harvie | $7: 522$ |
| Muriel Agnes Murray | $7: 440$ |
| Charles Henry Nixon | $7: 427$ |
| Minnie Melba Parker | $7: 449$ |
| Mary Kathryn Shaw | $7: 399$ |
| Dorothy Evangeline Clark |  |

IX. (35 candidates).

Freda Wardrope MacQuarrie (XI)8:328
Lilian Gwendolyn Turner (XI) 7:434
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Paul Greydon Webster (XI) } & \text { 7:218 }\end{array}$
Marjorie Evelyn Sheffield (XI) 6:264
Edna Minetta Brown (XI) $\quad 6: 317$
Jean Witney Morton (X) 6:276
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Mary Ferguson (X) } & 7: 317\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Violet Elizabeth Pineo (X) } & 7: 318 \\ \text { (X) } & 6: 288\end{array}$
Reginald Robert Redden (X)
8:548
Muriel Emeline Reeves
7:329
Wallace Whelden Bishop
8:396
Alma Margaret Badham
8:504
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Helen Pauline Blair } & 8: 546 \\ & 8: 50\end{array}$
Doris Leona Cross
8:466

| Katie Evelyn Hiltz | S:499 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Myra Elizalieth McIvor | $8: 397$ |
| Russell Jess | $7: 443$ |
| Alice Gertrude Lamont | $8: 584$ |
| Luville Taylor Steadman | $8: 493$ |
| Alice Victoria Trask | $8: 585$ |
| Mary Evelyn West | $8: 489$ |
| Melbourne E. Williams | $8: 456$ |
| Malcolm MacBride | $8: 541$ |
| Mabel Rand Ells | $7: 367$ |
| Mary Helen Vaughan | $7: 407$ |
| Murray Clifford Skinner | $6: 308$ |
| Farle Grey Collins | $6: 403$ |
| Marion Leda Forsythe | $7: 350$ |
| Edith Evangeline Keizer | $6: 319$ |
| Supplementary, (3 candıdates). |  |

LIVERPOOL-(76 candidates).

$$
\text { XI. ( } 16 \text { candidates). }
$$

Elsie May Scobey
7:361
Peter Lorimer Judge $\quad 8: 367$
Raymond Perry Thompson 8:477
Alfred Laurence Seldon 7:404
Hilda Beatrice MacGowan 6:355
Harriet Leonora Smith 6:473
Lillian May Parks

## X. (17 candidates).

| Crace Kathleen Smith (XI) | $7: 283$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Charles Elwood Zinck (XI) | $8: 305$ |
| Louglas Arthur Lockwood (XI) | $6: 268$ |
| Mary Elenia Hebb Johnson | $7: 388$ |
| Lillian Pearl Simms | $7: 420$ |
| Faesy Mona Freeman | $7: 321$ |
| Ross Hartwell Putnam | $7: 422$ |
| Enid Alston Smith | $6: 384$ |
| Andrew Shaw Cleveland | $7: 562$ |
| Evelyn Gertrude Lloyd | $7: 433$ |
| Jessie May Hartlen | $7: 373$ |
| Edith Margaret Freeman | $7: 459$ |
| Marguerite Amelia Fancy | $6: 434$ |
| Evangeline Fontanelle Leslie | $.6: 374$ |

IX. (43 candidates).
L.ena Smith (XI)

Alice Mary Wright (XI)
$7: 285$
7:228
Margaret E. Payzant (XI)
Edna Amelia Kenney (XI)
7:271
7:261
Wilhelmina J. Dexter (XI)
Wm. Donald Payzant (XI)
7:221
Willet LeRoy Robart (X)
Kathleen Margaret Freeman (X) 7:310
Vera Mildred McDonald (X) 6:285
Rona Joicey Payzant
Rhoda Eleanor Boutilier
6:374
Catherine Lucy Warman
6:347
Marguerite MacD. Henderson
Jean Havelock Dunlop

| Florence Elizabeth Morton | 6:509 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Elizabeth Ruth Wentzell | 6:405 |
| Helen Camplell Joudrey | 6:376 |
| Hector MacLeod | 6:311 |
| Russell Llewellyn Judge | 6:330 |
| John Alexander Fraser | 6:424 |
| Prescott Leon Gardner | 6:433 |
| Donald Smith | 6:463 |
| Herbert Inness More | 6:385 |
| Richard Morris Smith | 6:364 |
| Dorothy Mae Croft | 6:384 |
| Chester Lemont Wentzell | 6:361 |
| Imogene Georgina Rieser | 6:879 |
| Helen Frances Hagen | 6:340 |
| Eliza Isabelle Wentzell | 6:329 |
| William Allen Wentzell | 6:358 |
| Mary Drew Webber | 7:417 |
| Alma Fancy | 7:410 |
| Unsuccessful, (XI, 0; X, 3 ; JX, 20). |  |
| LOCKEPORT-(36 candidates). |  |
| XI. (6 candidates). |  |
| Ruth Lee Harding | 6:318 |
| Laura Elizabeth McIntosh | 6:360 |
| X. (11 candidates). . |  |
| Marjorie B. MacMillan (XI) | 6:271 |
| Mabel Elaine Ruggles | 6:33 |
| Frances Irene Williams | 6:450 |
| Greta Belle Meadows | 6:470 |
| Ida Florence Decker | 6:497 |
| Terence Ross Huskins | 6:403 |
| Loletia Hardy | 6:454 |
| Lawrence Alton Decker | 6:436 |
| Florence Jean Decker | 6:316 |
| Olive Williams | 6:340 |
| IX. (19 candidates). |  |
| Thos. Theodore Benham' (XI) | 6:360 |
| Esker Frank Thompson (XI) | 6:3827 |
| Abbie Keziah Seaboyer (XI) | 6:281 |
| Mary Elberta Pierce (X) | 6:278 |
| Angelina Sutherland | 6:428 |
| Thomas Johnson Locke | 6:378 |
| Hubert Arnold Williams | 6:378 |
| Geo. James Locke Copeland | 6:388 |
| Wilfred Laurier Hardy | 6:365 |
| Murray Williams | 6:340 |
| Mary Winnifred Hupman | 6:340 |

Supplementary, (1 candidate).
Unsuccessful, (IX, 12).
LOUISBURG-(31 candidates).
XI. (6 candidates).

Katherine Mary Buttenshaw Helen Jean Covey
X. (36 candidates).

| Mara Victoria Backman (XI) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{H}_{\text {arry }}$ Wirkwood Currie ( |  |
| Ruby West Messer (XI) |  |
| Mildred Anabel Mason (XI) |  |
| Ola Kred Louise Schnare |  |
| Aleta Fathleen Morash |  |
| Phe Faletta Geldert |  |
| Lilli Eleanor Pentz |  |
| Auth Sophia Burns |  |
|  |  |


| Rebecca Macdonald <br> Katherine Maria Tutty <br> Blanche Evelyn Cross <br> Sarah Alexis Harris |
| :---: |
| X. (9 candidates). |

Charles Loring Townsend
Hethur Whatson McQueen
Effie Macdonald Whitman
Effie Macdonald
Colet MacGillivray
Christina Ann MacRury
Margina Ann MacRury
Margarita Reid
Florence MacLean
IX. (16 candidates).

| Elizabeth Mary Fiander | $7: 455$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Elizabeth Greta Cameron | $7: 426$ |
| Anna Mary MacLellan | $7: 402$ |
| Sarah Lillian Peters | $7: 339$ |
| Robert James Peters | $7: 349$ |
| Katie Bates | $7: 34$ |
| Jessie Beaton | $7: 417$ |
| Unsuccessful, (XI, 0; X, 1; IX, 9 ). |  |

LUNENBURG-(104 candidates).
XI. (27 candidates).

| Vida ${ }^{\text {hom }}$ Guy Walters | 8:465 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Francely C Oxner | 8:516 |
| Jean Fes Mae Tanner | 7:394 |
| Jennie Lerence Smith | 8:496 |
| Murray Luetta Tanner | 7:450 |
| Grace E Barnson Emeneau | $10: 879$ |
| Erna Evely Leila Geldert | 7:443 |
| Cecelia Lelyn Westhaver | 8:518 |
| Mra Louise Seaboyer | 7:384 |
| Jean Marguerite Rafuse | 7:401 |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\text {loren }}$ Marguerite Geldert | 7:375 |
| Nina We Pearl Backman | 7:383 |
| Mae Ward Corkum | 7:349 |
| Leroy Kise Sarty | 7:575 |
| Flora Kermit Gerhardt | 7:320 |
| Ethel Aeatrice Covey | 8:605 |
| Grace Arlene Stevens | 6:361 |
| Grace Marie Wentzell | 6:344 |
| Ictoria Mosher | 6:309 |

## 7:503

7:475
7:403
6:323

## 6:467

7:450
7:532
7:446
7:461
7:400
6:348
6:309

7:455
7:426
7:402
7:339
7:349
7:344
7:417


| Beatrice Louise Smith | 65 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ellen Catherine Heisler |  |
| Jean Alberta Thompson | 6 |
| Joyce Olive Mosher | 37 |
| Grace Evelyn Zinck | $7: 348$ |
| AJetha R. Elizabeth | :324 |
| William Edmund Conrad | :350 |
| May Edna Publicover | 6:325 |
| James Reuben Creaser | 6:340 |
| Gerard Victor Reinhard |  |
| IX. (40 candidates) |  |
| Ralph Bell Zwicker (XI) | 7:238 |
| Grace Frederica Jodrey (x |  |
| Marguerite Leone Parks | 7:220 |
| Dorothy Irma M | 7:262 |
| Hilma Pearl K | 8:330 |
| Mildred Kathleen Rerringer (X) | 8:342 |
| Charles Warren Publicover (X) | 7:304 |
| Ellwood Charles Geldert (X) | 8:371 |
| Grace Marion Richards (X) | $7: 294$ |
| Lucille Barbara Creaser (X) | 6:296 |
| Evangeline Booth McClell | 8:486 |
| Nina Rebekah Cook | 8:570 |
| Frank Henry Adams | 8:509 |
| Anita Kathleen Smith | 7:421 |
| Ronald George Smit | 7:485 |
| Margaret Pauhme McClelland | 7:405 |
| George Wallis Smith | 8 |
| Frank Ross Corkum | 7.427 |
| Vivian Blanche Walt | 59 |
| Sophie Loye | 7:388 |
| Bernice E. M | 7:330 |
| Sadie Alice Backm | 7:361 |
| Helen Pauline Knock | 9 |
| Helen Mary Gaetz | 387 |
| Edward Alexander | 7:349 |
| Belle Luetta | 7:347 |
| Ernest Guy Schna | 8:354 |
| Joyce Leola Hebb | 1 |
| Clyde Winston Sperry | 6:352 |
| Jennie Elizabeth Ritce | 7:407 |
| Verna Grace R | 6:368 |
| Nellie Marie Crandall Alfred Berringer | 7:354 |
| Supplementary, (2 candidates). |  |
| Unsuccessful, (XI, 0; X, 12; IX, 16). |  |
| MAHONE BAY-(64 candidates). |  |
|  | 6:324 |
| Joy Ida Moshe | 6:312 |
| Sadie E. Blanche Smeltzer | 6:358 |
| Hannah Selena St | 6:314 |
| Ruth Evelyn | 6:336 |
| Effie Ellen Lake | 6.309 |
| Beatrice Amanda Dauph |  |


| X. (18 candidates). |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| Hazel May Schnare (XI) | $6: 284$ |
| Winnie Florence Rafuse (XI) | $6: 275$ |
| Eloise Esme Gwendolyn Hiltz | $6: 328$ |
| Rubena Carene Keddy | $6: 327$ |
| Edith May Mader | $6: 334$ |
| May Cecilia Jollymore | $6: 336$ |
| Grace Inath Tobin | $6: 407$ |
| Daisy Belle Rhodenizer | $6: 375$ |
| L.eon Merrill Rhodenizer | $7: 476$ |


| IX. (31 candidates). |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Annie Adeene Dauphinee (XI) | $6: 229$ |
| Florence Lenora Hamm (XI) | $6: 236$ |
| Marion Gertrude Smeltzer (XI) | $6: 209$ |
| Burdette Rena Zinck (XI) | $6: 222$ |
| Lottie Zipporah Andrews (X) | $6: 292$ |
| Olive Kathleen Mader | $6: 394$ |
| Nellie LaBelle Zink | $7: 383$ |
| George Albert Ernst | $7: 419$ |
| Edward Roger Ernst | $7: 340$ |
| Amy Kathleen Freeman | $6: 342$ |
| Hope Matilda Hyson | $7: 365$ |
| Carey Linden Hiltz | $6: 327$ |
| Hector Irving Langille | $7: 354$ |
| Vera Rebecca Mason | $7: 443$ |
| Kenneth Allen Keddy | $6: 332$ |
| Flora Alexandra Langille | $6: 321$ |
| Alberta Deborah Morton | $6: 385$ |
| Ellen Louisa Ernst | $7: 381$ |
| Hazel Geraldine Ernst | $7: 378$ |
| Frank Henry Ernst | $7: 339$ |
| Supplementary, (1 candidate). |  |
| Unsuccessful, (XI, 1; X, 10; IX, 16). |  |

MAITLAND-(49 candidates).
XI. (4 candidates).

Mary Josephine Graham $\quad 6: 396$
Lillian Lawrence 6:362

> X. (14 candidates).

| Eudora May O'Brien | $6: 452$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Norma Ellen Spencer | $6: 347$ |
| Calvin Howard O'Brien | $6: 424$ |
| Nellie Fern Hatt | $6: 321$ |
| Violet Amelia Franklin | $6: 366$ |
| Bessie Helen C. Drillio | $.7: 374$ |

IX. ( 30 candidates).

Ina Leola O'Brien (X)
Bertram Blois (X)
Lillian Ada Woodworth
Mabel Ellen Margaret Woods
Andrew Clifford Hayes
Annie May MacKenzie.
Duncan Grant Morrison

6:274
6:362
7:453
6:325
7:342
7:377
7:444

| Ethel Gladys Sloan | $7: 420$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Alice Ruthe Rose | $7: 418$ |
| Carrie Graham Rose | $7: 390$ |
| Roy Leslie MacKeil | $7: 390$ |
| Annie Sybella Brown | $6: 330$ |
| Laura May Davison | $7: 371$ |
| Supplementary, (1 candidate). |  |
| Unsuccessful, (XI, 2; X, 6; IX, 19). |  |

 Lawrence Brennan Coady $\quad 9: 468$
XI. ( 10 candidates).

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Daniel O'Connell McDonald | $6: 386$ |
| Jessie May Cody | $6: 802$ |
| Julia Ann Tompkins | $6: 820$ |
| Margaret Gertrude MacDaniel | $6: 852$ |
| Daniel Angus Collins | $7: 340$ |
| Annie Genevieve Gillis | $6: 378$ |

X. (11 candidates).

| X. (11 candidates). |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Arthur William Coady (XI) | $6: 312$ |
| Wilfred Angus McDaniel (XI) | $6: 300$ |
| Bernard Chiasson |  |
| Empress Maud MacDermid | $6: 811$ |
| Clifford Hastings Lawrence | $7: 30^{60}$ |

IX. ( 20 candidates).

Ronald Cameron (XI)
Hattie May LeBlanc (X)
Willie Ambrose Collins
Unsuccessful, (XII, 1; XI, 1; X. ${ }^{7}$; IX, 19).

METEGHAN-(25 candidates).
XI. (3 candidates).

| XI. (3 candidates). | $7: 971$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Juliette Marie LeBlanc | $7: \mathbf{8 1}^{11}$ |
| Marie Emelie Rebecca Gaudet | 7 |

X. (13 candidates).

Ethel Gertrude Black
Gertrude Brownell
Mary Agnes Robicheau
Marie Angile Robicheau
Mary Mazie Comeau
Mary Rose Saulnier
Marie Julie Deveau
George Maillet


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mary Frances Cox | $8: 360$ |
| Muriel Constance Crawford | $6: 310$ |
| Cordon Lewis Acker | $6: 308$ |
| Jack Landy Hudgins | $6: 342$ |
| Kizbro Potter Dolliver | $6: 371$ |
| Cecil Neily Welton | $6: 370$ |
| Supplementary, (2 candidates). |  |
| Unsuccessful, (XI, 0; X, 15; IX, 22). |  |

NEW GLASGOW-(246 candidates).

## XI. (40 candidates).

| Jvy Frances Bowden | $8: 62 S$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Leonard William Fraser | $8: 378$ |
| Dorothy Johnston Graham | $8: 409$ |
| Clara Fraser Murray | $9: 515$ |
| Clara Belle Macdonald | $8: 511$ |
| Verda Isabel Macdonald | $8: 408$ |
| James Drummond MacGregor | $8: 566$ |
| Charles Edward McIntosh | $7: 345$ |
| Grace Hazel Makay | $8: 433$ |
| James Mckenzie Robertson | $8: 358$ |
| Nellie Eunice MacKay | $8: 415$ |
| Alice Fraser | $6: 316$ |
| Ethel MacKay Chisholm | $6: 385$ |
| Barbara Catherine Fraser | $6: 316$ |
| Gordon Daniel Fraser | $7: 53$ |
| John James Meikle | $6: 308$ |
| Robert Keith Muir | $8: 421$ |
| Buelah Grant MacLean | $8: 550$ |
| Fillen Sinclair Reid | $6: 324$ |
| Jcan Stewart | $6: 304$ |
| George William Smith | $7: 350$ |
| William John Chisholm | $6: 408$ |

$$
\text { X. ( } 92 \text { candidates). }
$$

| Ralph Graham Davis (XI) | 7:296 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Anna Christine Sutherland (XI) | 8:344 |
| Roterick Malcolm McColl (XI) | 8:319 |
| Mary Izella West (XI) | 7:261 |
| Hiram Clinton Muir (XI) | 7:372 |
| Mary Sophia MacKenzie | 8:479 |
| Gordon Mitchell Graham | 8:433 |
| Iean MacElvie Munroe | 8:479 |
| Katherine Dunbar Marshall | 8:460 |
| Donald MacMurran Gass | 6:366 |
| Jsobel Claire MacDermid | 8:381 |
| Jean Alma Dowylas | 9 |
| Marzaret MacDonald | 9:733 |
| Margaret Elizabeth MacKay | 8:488 |
| Harold Copeland Grant | 8:387 |
| Isabel Jean Smith | 8:377 |
| Kathleen Mary Mactougall | 8:555 |
| Joseph Mackay Stewart | 8:408 |
| Earle David Sutherland | 8:471 |
| Ruth Lockhart Purvis | 6:324 |
| Mary Christina Johnston | 7:397 |
| Matilda Spiro | 8:430 |
| Stella Marjorie Murphy | $8: 450$ |
| Margaret Richmond Gass | 7:397 |
| LeVerne Margaret Dewar | 8:400 |


|  | 8:466 | Mary Rose McIntosh | 7:359 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mary Elizabe Cavanagh | 8:466 | Mary Byrne | 7:410 |
| Elizabeth May Fraser | 7:387 | Mary Josephine Brennan | 7:432 |
| Pearl Margaret Copel | 7:398 | Cecilia Elan Gillis | $7: 458$ 7.390 |
| Frederick William | 8:458 | Fedora Julia Chiasson | 7:390 |
| Edwin Stanton Fraser, | 7:429 | Sadie Mc Neil | 7:365 |
| George Douglas Green | 7:355 | John Vincent Keat |  |
| Margaret MacAulay | 7:468 | IX. (38 candirlates). |  |
| Kathleen Alex McLeod | 8:481 $8: 469$ |  |  |
| Jennie Marguerite Waldren | 8:354 | Joseph John Chiasson (XI) | 7:301 |
| Harold Cameron Reeves | 8:396 | John Pius Macleod (XI) (XI) | 7:206 |
| ${ }^{\text {Harry Coll Park }}$ | 8:356 | Frances Muriel Robertson (XI) | $7: 241$ 6.261 |
| $\mathrm{K}_{\text {atherine Elizabeth Campb }}$ | 7:346 | Paul Sheridan Ratchford ( X ) | 6:261 |
| John Arthur Frederick Hogg | 8:464 | Mary Roseline Roherts | 7:473 |
| Millie Marcella Walsh | 6:334 | Evelyn Mary O'Brien | 7:401 |
| D orothy Mildred Gillespie | 7:327 | Viola Bernadetta Pe | 7:379 |
| Miexander Roderick Chisholm | 7:379 | Catherine Mclean | 7:421 |
| Louidred Whitman Hunt | 6:308 | Alice Boon | 7:464 |
| Janise Alice Conway | 7:416 | Peter Miclean Campbell | 7:358 |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\text {Ona }}$ Alexander Muir | 8:427. | Colin Andrew Campben | 7:543 |
| Ianald McDonald Grant | 8:396 | Jewel Miller Henderson | 7:378 |
| J. Wes McMillan Reid | 7:414 | John Edward | 7:464 |
| Jane Gace MacLean | 8:377 | John Cam | 7:379 |
| Sarah Grant Cameron | 6:367 | Hugh mack | 7:382 |
| Marah Jean Smith | $7: 345$ | Mary Agnes McL | 7:363 |
| Hargaret Brown Park | 6:354 | Gabrielle Evenon | 7:419 |
| Isabel Florence Fraser | ${ }^{6} \mathbf{6 3 3 0}$ | Mary Adeline Pembroke | 7:371 |
| Florence Mrow Kirkwood | ${ }_{6}^{6: 391}$ | Annie Cecilia Johnstone | 7:415 |
| Evelyn Mabel Reeves | 6:338 | Julia Emma Graudet | 6:397 |
| Alexander Freod Maclea | 7:385 | George Michael Andrews | 7:437 |
| William Earl Fraser | 7:465 | Raymond Harvey | 7:345 |
| ther Tamplin | 6:370 | Duncan McDougall | $7: 401$ |
| race Katherine Stew | 7:403 | Edward Joseph McGillivray | 7:347 |
| Vizabeth Violet MacKenzie | 7:342 | John James McIntosh |  |
| rginia Cecelia Carson | 7:491 | 1, (XI, 0; X, 5; | 16). |
| Cathe Genevieve MacDonald | 7:498 | ul, |  |
| Annie Erine Marv MacDonald | 7:459 |  |  |
| Margueriter MacIntosh | 6:364 | NORTH SYDNEY- 96 can | tes). |
| Annie Elvera MacQuarrie | 6:434 |  |  |
| Mristy Hazel MacDonald | 6:304 |  |  |
| Martle Jane MacDonald | 6:331 |  | 7:454 |
| Juarguerite Irene MacDougall | 6:413 | Lillian Irene ${ }^{\text {Apple }}$ | 7:444 |
| Erlest Marian Matheson | 7:487 | Jennie Rose Cossman | 7:479 |
| Samuel Carl MacDonald | 7:551 | George Gilmour Campbeld | 7:362 |
| el Cos Strickland | 7:355 | Frank Sanborn MacDo | 8:464 |
| Supplementary (5 candidates) |  | Lorne Colin Rice | 7:341 |
|  |  | Kathlyn Mclean | 7:426 |
| $\mathrm{Un}_{\text {successful, }}$ (XI, 1; X, 32; IX, 50 ). |  | Annie Ethel F Mna Melvin Warren | 6:404 |
|  |  | Vivian McDonald | 7:445 |
|  |  | Ralph Schurman | 7:376 |
| NEW WATERFORD-(58 candidates). |  | James Burrows |  |
| XI. (5 candidates). |  | X. (35 candidates). |  |
|  |  |  | 7:505 |
| ia Hawley | 7:324 | Jean Isabenne Campbell | 7:393 |
| (15 candidates). |  | Mary Mildred Ratchford | 7:463 |
| Mart X. (15 candidates). |  | Louise Winslow Beamm | 7:358 |
| Witliam Marie Gillis (XI) | 7:284 | Agnes Margaret Camp | 6:357 |
| Maram Carl Harrison <br> Margaret Cecelia McIntosh | 7:385 | Annie Jane MacleodMargaret Ann MacKinnon |  |
|  | 7:439 |  |  |


| Joseph Allan McDonald | 7:518 | X. (28 candidates). |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Patrick Clancy Keating | 7:471 |  |  |
| Neil Alexander MacDonald | 7:458 | Grace Esther Demings (XI) | 6:260 |
| Colin Francis McInnis | 6:327 | Alice Aileen Gordon |  |
| Mansell Lehigh McLean | 8:452 | Elsie May MacCabe |  |
| Douglas Walker Hackett | 7:373 | Eva Elizabeth Mayne | 6:312 |
| Charles Hurlburt Young | 8:531 | Annie Thompson Dickie | $8: 626$ |
| Oscar Porter Saunders | 7:430 | Leotta Pearl Halliday | 6:965 |
| Donald Philip McAskill | 7:341 | Helen Clair Thompson | 8:531 |
| Donald Farquharson Morrison | 8:653 | Kathleen Clare King | $8: 587$ |
| Mary Anderson Redding | 8:580 | Margaret Veronica Jeffers | 51 |
| Blanche Laura Hickey | 7:354 | Winnifred Lorena Isenor | 8:551 |
| IX. (47 candidates). |  | Dorothy Clinton Glennie Etta Lorine Hunter | 8:4406 |
| X. (17 candidates) |  | Doris McInnis | 6:335 |
| Annie Jessje MacInnes (XI) | 6:223 | Thomas Winstone Daniel | 8:433 |
| Kathryne Macdonald (XI) | 7:268 | Elsie Aileen Hue | 46 |
| Joseph Daniel Gillis (XI) | 7:258 | Marion Archibald Swan | 7:446 |
| Cecilia Elizabeth Wilkie (X) | 7:260 | Harry Hunter Hills | 94 |
| Charles Maxwell Lovett (X) | 7:298 | Estella MacIntosh Ross | 94 |
| Vincent Henry Maynard (X) | 7:336 |  |  |
| Gordon Francis McGuire (X) | 7:312 | IX. (45 candidates). |  |
| Katherine McP. Redmond (X) | 7:926 |  |  |
| Marcella Maud MacLeod (X) | 7:244 | Harley Reid Mattinson (XI) |  |
| Helen Gertrude Clark (X) | 7:269 | Florence Pauline Smith (XI) |  |
| Elizabeth Ruth Smith (X) | 7:296 | Annie Isabel Mitchell (XI) | 6:283 |
| Edith Grace Pynn (X) | 8:325 | Doris Lillian McKennie (X) |  |
| Margaret Mary McDonald | 6:326 | Annie Lucinda Swan (X) |  |
| Sadie McDougall | 7:342 | Mildred Grace Johnston (X) |  |
| Mary Rose McDonald | 7:341 | Kathleen Gordon Blair (X) |  |
| Mabel Harriet Moffatt | 7:538 | Helen Gladys Mattinson |  |
| Margaret C. McDonald | 8:450 | Elsie May McKenzie |  |
| Mary Catherine Fraser | 7:418 | Greta May Smith | $6: 389$ |
| Katherine Marjorie Campbell | 7:459 | Edna Matilda Patterson | 17 |
| Annie Christina McDonald | 7:382 | Lella Marie Dickie |  |
| Mary Sarah McKinnon | 6:409 | Ellen Nancy Mattinson | 6:332 |
| Sadie Nicholson | 7:359 | Alice Aura Lowther |  |
| Christie Ann McDonald | 7:374 | Estella Laura Lockhart |  |
| Anna Louise Brown | 7:427 | Lottie Danie McCabe |  |
| John Lionel Healey | 7:365 | Celia Mae King |  |
| Archibald McMillan | 6:358 | Aubrey Henderson Smith |  |
| Ernest Burchell Jubien | 7:435 | Eunice Isabel Fraser | 6:35 |
| Roland Carlin Brown | 8:351 | Thelma Grace Harrison | 6:348 |
| John Russell Ratchford | 8:461 | Lorimer Eugene Hunter |  |
| Stanley Aikens Appleby | 7:402 | Ina Muriel Pratt |  |
| Mary M. Macdonald | 6:377 | Sylvia Lorene Black | 6:38 |
| Ethel Cossman | 7:480 | Olive Josephine King | 6:478 |
| Marjorie Blanche Ingraham | 7:545 | Unsuccessful, (XI, 1; X, 7; IX, 28). |  |
| Elsie Pilkington | 7:337 |  |  |
| Beatrice Lewis | 6:300 |  |  |
| Jean Dorothy Moffatt | 7:478 | PARRSBORO-(72 candidates). |  |
| Horace Leigh Rudderham | 7:459 |  |  |
| Clara Elizabeth Hamilton | 6:336 | XII. (1 candidate). |  |
| Emma Hopkins Lewis | 6:359 |  | 10:546 |
| Unsuccessful, (X, 7; IX, 20). |  | XI. (11 candidates). |  |
| OXFORD-(82 candidates). |  |  |  |
| XI. (9 candidates). |  | Blanche Margaret Davies | 6:3866 |
|  |  | Karl Thompson Mosher $\quad 8: 460$ |  |
| Gladys Rane Cove | 6:356 | X. (29 candidates). |  |
| Mary Florence Jeffers | 6:357 |  |  |
| Verna May King | 6:355 | Bertha Ellen Corbett (XI) | $7: 311$ |


| Phyllis Evangeline Denton (XI) | $6: 243$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cora May Willigar (XI) | $7: 304$ |
| Clara Belle Fullerton | $7: 414$ |
| Robert Wilson Allen | $7: 455$ |
| Arthur Morton Hughes | $7: 374$ |
| Georgia Ellen Kirkpatrick | $6: 330$ |
| Darrel Maurice McGuire | $8: 368$ |
| Marjorie Lucille Randall | $8: 590$ |
| Beatrice Evelyn Roberts | $7: 386$ |
| Dorothy Elizabeth Rogers | 77453 |
| James Grant Rowe | $7: 332$ |
| Eva Margaret MacKenzie | $8: 510$ |
| Monica Elizabeth Sears | $7: 400$ |
| Kathleen Christina Tracy | $8: 511$ |

IX. ( 30 candidates).

|  | 6 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lena Hattie Doyle (XI) | 6 |
| Foseph Reginald Berryman (XI) | 7 |
| Elizabeth Julia Hatfield (XI) |  |
| Nina Isabelle Marsh (X) | $7: 292$ $8: 333$ |
| Irene Bliss Elderkin (X) | 8:333 |
| Velyn Moore (X) | 7:315 |
| Grace Desmond | 7:390 |
| Charles Alexande | 7:398 |
| Aubrey Hill Win | 7:36 |
| Mildred Josephine McBu | 7:47 |
| ${ }_{\text {ditha }}$ Genevieve Lewis | 7:42 |
| Douglas Dearborn Cu | 7 7: |
| Hoseph Chamberlain Merriam | $7: 365$ |
| John Malds Puddington |  |
| Marshall Sproule |  |
| Supplementary, (1 candidate). |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { successful, (XII, 0; XI, 0; } \\ & \text { IX, 20). } \end{aligned}$ |  |

PICTOU-(158 candidates).
XII. (23 candidates).

| Ina Jessie MacKenzie | $10: 481$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alberta Sutherland | $10: 482$ |
| Wallace Bentley MacKenzie | 11711 |
| Russell MacKay Douglas | $11: 602$ |
| Evelyn Marguerite Murray | $12: 677$ |
| Grace Evelyn Atkins | 12.741 |
| Jean MacLean | $12: 562$ |
| Estelle Jane Saunders | $11: 529$ |
| Janes Arthur Forbes | $11: 648$ |
| John Forbes Brown | $12: 807$ |
| Alexander Coll McLean | $11: 660$ |
| Margaret Gilhain Huddart | $12: 637$ |

XI. (30 candidates).
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { William Sydney Gilchrist (XII) } & 12: 569 \\ \text { Anna Laura Creighton } & 7: 365 \\ \text { Bertha Jean Lowden } & 7: 350 \\ \text { Jennie Tamplin } & 6: 319 \\ \text { Jean Isabel Robertson } & 8: 368 \\ \text { Marguerite Anna MacKay } & 8: 669\end{array}$

| Flossie Marguerite MacKay | $8: 412$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pearl Gertrude Young | $7: 506$ |
| William Ackley Richardson | $8: 364$ |
| Arthur Ferguson MacDonald | $8: 376$ |
| Theodore Merrill Cumming | $8: 357$ |

X. ( 38 candidates).

Jean Matheson Munro (XII) 10:354
Nellie Mae Campbell (XII) 11:441
Ruth Kathleen Chisholm (XII) 11:494
Catherine D. Thomson (XII) 12:527

| George D. H. Morrison (XII) | $11: 474$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $10: 403$ |  |

Lawrence Joseph Kiggins (XII) 11:483

| John James Oliver (XII) | $9: 521$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{9 : 4 8 9}$ |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Bernard Chisholm (XII) } & \mathbf{9 : 4 8 9} \\ \text { William Thos. D. Ross (XI) } & 8: 290\end{array}$
Ira Reginald Sutherland (XI) 8:406
Georgie Etta Gunn (XI) 7:307
Margaret May Fraser (XI) 7:284

| Bessie Ruth MacKenzie | $8: 477$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $8: 483$ |

Ruth Irene Falconer $\quad 7: 321$
Vera Kathleen Carson 8:426

| Elda Wynona Wood | $8: 502$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| George Huch Pringle | $8: 520$ |

8:546
Roland Fraser Harris $\quad$ 7:420

Beatrice Roland Sutherland $\quad$ 6:352
Mable Rosemonde Young $\quad$ 7:372
Harold Lambert Scammell 8:522
Grace Wilson MacDonald 8:384
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Anne } \text { Irwin Kaiser } & 7: 360\end{array}$
Alan Huddart 8:566
William Leo Fraser $\quad$ 8:569
Mary Regina Comeau $\quad 8: 416$
Greta Cheveric 7:403
David MacKay Ross
IX. (65 candidates).

Arthur George Evans (XI) 7:326
Josephine A. Johnston (XI) 6:208
Bessie Olive Anderson (XI) (XI) $7: 221$
Isabel Eleanor MacLanders (XI) 6:262
Isabel Wisener (XI)
7:329
Margaret Helen MacLean (XI) 7:282
Donald L. G. Gordon (XI) $\quad \begin{aligned} & 7: 267 \\ & 8: 213\end{aligned}$
Edith Lillian MacDonald (XI) 6:337
Redners Robert Ross (XI) (XI) 6:262
Allister Murray MacKay (XI) $\quad 7: 273$
Leah Hockin Grahan (XI) - 7:300
Mary Hilda Gallant (XI) $\quad 7: 203$
Eleanor Mac
Mary Lott (XI) (Xraser (XI) 7:299
Jean Barbara Fraser Harris (X) 6:270
Hughlena Sutherland (X) 6:293
Edith R. Sury Thomson (X) 8:317
Charlotte A. Robertson (X) $\quad 8: 346$

Muriel Edna MacKay (X) $\quad$| $8: 317$ |
| :--- |
| 7.307 |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Lillian M. MacDonald (X) } & 7: 307 \\ \text { Ervin Sutherland Murray (X) } & 7: 315 \\ 7: 313\end{array}$
Ervin Sutherland Murray (X)
Blanche Reid (X) Murray (X) $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { 8:3135 }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Christene Hannah Murray (X) } & \text { 8:365 } \\ \text { Margaret Marion Elliott (X) } & 7: 387\end{array}$

| Muriel Lillian Powell | 8:514 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Hester Gravestock | 8:634 |
| Ollie Katherine Mahar | 8:473 |
| Florence Hildred Talbot | 8:447 |
| Jessie Alice Sproull | 7:370 |
| Ruth Christena Brown | 8:433 |
| Albina Ethel Ferguson | 7:385 |
| Minnie Jean Brown | 7:421 |
| Dorothy Ross | 8:461 |
| Uldene Fraser | 8:339 |
| Dorothy Fraser | 8:385 |
| Creame Nassar | 8:607 |
| Ethel Jean Innis | 8:477 |
| Hazel Louisa MacDonald | 8:376 |
| Dickson Carlisle Wallace | 8:499 |
| Edward Clark Powell | 7:349 |
| Jack Urquhart Ross | 8:398 |
| Oliver Wilbert Pearl | 8:438 |
| Stanley Lawson Murray | 8:498 |
| James Osborne Sutherland | 7:366 |
| Robert Rodric McDonald | 8:425 |
| John Ernest Priest | 8:479 |
| James Bernard Grattan | 8:464 |
| Martha Alice Atkins | 8:393 |
| Margaret Mary Hannon | 8:367 |
| Cecelia Nan MacDonald | 8:523 |
| Etta Agnes Kiggins | 8:444 |
| Margaret Alice McKenna | 8:371 |
| Eva Mary LeBlanc | 8:369 |
| Mary Amelia Boudreau | 8:454 |
| Dorothy Celia Gunn | 7:326 |
| John Earle Munro | 7:393 |
| Blanche Elva MacQuarrie | 6:320 |
| Hildred Caroline Young | 7:399 |
| Isabel Emeline MacKenzie | 8:373 |
| Jessie Beatrice Douglas | 7:412 |
| Isabel Murray | 6:315 |

Supplementary, (2 candidates).
Unsuccessful, (XII, 1; XI, 1; X, 11, IX, 28).

PORT HAWKESBURY-(86 candi-
XII. (1 candidate).
XI. ( 14 candidates).

| Margaret Jane MacKinnon | $6: 389$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Bessie Mabel Grant | $7: 327$ |
| Christena Mabel Martin | $6: 309$ |
| Dan Angus McLeod | $6: 36$ |
| Elva Edna Hunt | $.7: 420$ |
| X. (28 candidates). |  |
| Edgar Henry MacLean (XII) | $10: 369$ |
| Elsie Hannah Cameron (XI) | $6: 278$ |
| Archibald Donald N. McIntrye | $7: 371$ |
| Dan Malcolm Lamey | $8: 601$ |
| Margaret Ada Philpott | $7: 428$ |
| Mona Evangeline Joncas | $6: 357$ |
| Ella lsabel Grant | $7: 349$ |


| Bessie Annie McCalder | $6: 366$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jessie Christina MacKenzie | $6: 332$ |
| Bessie Jeanette Murray | $7: 336$ |
| Margaret Mae MacQuarrie | $6: 325$ |
| Helen Winnifred Lawrie | $7: 314$ |
| Dorothy Lalita Barrie | $7: 338$ |

IX. (42 candidates).
George Henry McLean (XI) ..... 6:272
Mildred Mary MacKichan (XI) Walter Maclnnis (XI) ..... 8.217
Thomas James Morrison (XI) ..... $7: 266$
John Henry H. McTavish (XI) ..... 7:227
Winifred McLeod (XI) ..... $7: 246$
Thomas David Earl Martin (X) ..... 6:281
Anastasia McDonald (X) ..... 7:298
Tena Mary C. MacInnis (X) ..... 7:320
Dan Hugh McEachern (X) ..... 7:258 ..... 7:258
Amnie Relle MacDonnell ..... 7:434
Opal Forrestall ..... 6:351
Anthony O'Neil ..... 6:300 ..... 6:300
Mary Cecelia Holmes ..... 7:410 ..... 7:410
Euphemia Della MacKenzie ..... $7: 441$
Gertrude Wilhelmina Miller
7:406
7:406
Joseph Henry Mundell
Joseph Henry Mundell
7:404
7:404
Mary Belle Campbel! ..... 7:349
Katherine Isabel MacLean ..... 8:450
Elvira MacDonald ..... 7:384
Mary Catherine Macdonald ..... 8:402
James Herbert Joncas ..... 6:383
Joseph Andrew Peters ..... 7:375 ..... 7:375
Mary Christena Chisholm ..... 7:409

Supplementary, (1 candidate).
Unsuccessful, (XI, 2; X, 13; JX, 27).
PORT HOOD-( 57 candidates $)$.
XI. ( 10 cancliclates).

| Alice Domitilda Chisholm | $7: 393$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Agnes Watts Bell | $6: 303$ |
| Sarah Ellen LeBlanc | $6: 368$ |
| Alexander MacDonald | $7: 434$ |
| Alexander MacInnis | $7: 394$ |
| X. (13 candidates). |  |
|  |  |
| Mary Eveline Walsh (XI) | $7: 270$ |
| Mary Ann Gillis (XI) | $7: 316$ |
| Maria Lily Davis (XI) | $6: 255$ |
| Allen Stellarton Mclsaac | 77388 |
| Mary Florence McMaster | $7: 396$ |
| Elizabeth Josephine Laidlaw | $7: 417$ |
| Emma Day Sproule | $7: 385$ |
| Flora Chisholm | $7: 415$ |
| Lucy Virginia McLean | $7: 448$ |
| Florence Sarah Livingstone | $7: 368$ |
| IX. (33 candidates). |  |


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Joseph Patrick Chisholm (X) | $7: 310$ |
| Isabel Mac IIsaac (X) | $7: 303$ |
| Catherine Eliza McDonald (X) | $7: 276$ |
| Hope Hart Johnstone | $8: 555$ |
| Margaret Sarah McCuish | $7: 515$ |
| Margaret May Leadbetter | $8: 421$ |
| Robert Fraser | $7: 448$ |
| John Lawrence McDonald | $7: 383$ |
| John Dan McMillan | $7: 449$ |
| Anthony Maclsaac | $7: 444$ |
| Jessie May MacMaster | $6: 320$ |
| Anna Marcella McLellan | $6: 324$ |
| Lillian Helen Walsh | $7: 334$ |
| Mary Elizabeth MacLellan | $7: 396$ |
| Margaret Mary McMillan | $7: 418$ |
| Annie May Hart | $7: 337$ |
| Mary Any Campbell | $6: 349$ |
| Charlotte Rankin | $6: 394$ |
| Supplementary, (1 candidate). |  |
| Unsucessful, (X, 3i IX, 18). |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Annie Ione Sillers | $8: 468$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| David Stockley Sutherland | $6: 382$ |
| Hugh Roy Cameron | $6: 349$ |
| George Williann MarKay | $7: 353$ |
| Almira Jean Clark | $6: 373$ |
| James Austin McNabb | $6: 315$ |
| Greta Mildred Langill | $7: 396$ |
| IX. (20 candidates). |  |

## Margaret Meikle Keith (X) 6:298

Bessic Henderson (X)
Bessie Catharine MacIntosh 7:333

Supplementary, (1 candidate).
Unsuccessful, (XI, 2; X, 7; IX, 19).
SHEET HARBOR-(30 candidates).
XI. (4 candidates).

Hazel Vance Miller 6:399
Cassie May Wessell
X. (8 candidates).

Verna Mae Andersnn 6:337
Margaret Caroline Hartling $\quad$ 6:371
Edith Belle Irwin 6:335 IX. ( 18 candidates).

Christina Pearl Hartling (X1) 6:219
6:258
Nora Leona Rutledge (X) 6:329
7:438 Frances Elva Ballong (X) 6:311
7:547 Joseph Parker Hall $\quad$ Bertha Elizabeth Lowe
Unsuccessful, (XI, 0; X, 3; IX, 16).
SHELBURNE-(40 candidates).
XI. (6 candidates).

|  | $8: 432$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $8: 505$ |
| Audrey Riseborough | $8: 491$ |
| Helen Mary Wood | $7: 422$ |
| Ruth Adeline Wagner | $6: 599$ |
| Nina Louise Purney |  |
| Evelena Augusta McKenzie | $6: 455$ |
| Verna Isabelle Reynolds |  |

X. (13 candidates).

## 8:704

Alice Rose Cox
Alice Rose Cox 8:676
Sarah Goldberg
8:582
Effie Mable Goodick
8:607
Elizabeth Rose Blanchard 7:561

$$
\text { X. ( } 20 \text { candidates). }
$$

| X. (20 candidates). |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Minnie Maclennan | $8: 400$ |
| Marion Gertrude Colter | $8: 416$ |
| Florence Alberta Allen | $8: 372$ |
| Isabell Florence MacNabb | $8: 463$ |


| Percy Mack Bigney | 6:465 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Bersitina S. Maclenuan | 8:366 |
| Helen Jean Douglas | 7:603 |
| Rebecca | 8:399 |
| erca Isobel Ross | 7:369 |



| Jennie Aletha Gordan (XI) | $6: 252$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ellen Margaret MacGrath | $6: 301$ |
| Nora Fidelis Pye | $6: 313$ |
| Margaret Gilbert Neilson | $6: 382$ |
| Flora Gladys MacKeen | $6: 337$ |


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mary Margaret Grant (X) | $6: 282$ |
| Rebecca McGregor McMillan | $6: 335$ |
| Edward Alfred Capstick | $6: 429$ |
| Ciara Mabel MacQuarrie | $7: 404$ |
| Roy Nelson Chisholm | $7: 410$ |
| Any Alice Ashton | $6: 343$ |
| Carleton Lamont MacMillan | $7: 409$ |
| Giadys Leone MacLellan | $7: 366$ |
| Barbara Christena McIntosh | $6: 401$ |

Unsuccessful, (X, 2; IX,11).

> STELLARTON-(51 candidates).
XI. (6 candidates).

Edward Leonard Baillie John Morie McLean

7:488
7:340
X. (17 candidates).

| Jas. Raymond Thompson (XI) | $7: 277$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Frances Gertrude Yuill | $7: 551$ |
| Florence Penketh | $7: 452$ |
| Elizabeth Ellen Cowan | $7: 893$ |
| Margaret Helen Patriquin | $7: 418$ |
| Jessie MacLellan | $7: 368$ |
| Jean Louise McLellan | $7: 311$ |
| Harry Morley Stewart | $6: 304$ |


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nellie Ethel Burke | $7: 425$ |
| Annie McIsaac | $6: 387$ |
| Supplementary, (2 candidates). |  |
|  |  |
| Unsuccessful, (X, 5; IX, 22). |  |

> STEWIACKE-(70 candidates).
XI. (9 candidates).
Beatrice Crouse
Helen MMceod Bowers
Irene Logan Madill
Harold Alexander Reid

$$
\text { X. ( } 32 \text { candidates). }
$$

| N. (s2 cannidates). |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Helen Auris Schofield (XI) | $7: 271$ |  |  |
| Edith Lillian Brown (XI) | $7: 322$ |  |  |
| Samuel Martin Burris | $8: 609$ |  |  |
| Gordon Guild Burris | $8: 449$ |  |  |
| Walter Leichti Bowers | $8: 545$ |  |  |
| George Graham Campbell | $7: 501$ |  |  |
| Earl Giorge Geddes | $7: 484$ |  |  |
| Chalmers Jack Wickwire | $8: 577$ |  |  |
| Mamie Wealthy Withrow | $7: 510$ |  |  |
| IVa Magdalen Spares | $7: 401$ |  |  |
| Mary Alice Gay | $6: 365$ |  |  |
| Martha Vivienne Horton | $8: 384$ |  |  |
| Adelaide Lawrence Caddell | $7: 357$ |  |  |
| Annie Isobel Power | $7: 361$ |  |  |
| Bessie Marian Power | $7: 424$ |  |  |
| Jean Gertrude MacDonald | $6: 458$ |  |  |
| Rhoda May Withrow | $7: 487$ |  |  |
| Nita Vera Ashley | $6: 360$ |  |  |
| Mabel Scott | $6: 312$ |  |  |
| Hilda Agnes Isenor | $6: 349$ |  |  |

## IX. (29 candidates).

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Annie Mable Gibbon (XI) | $7: 279$ |
| Lydia Jan Marshall (XI) | $7: 253$ |
| Kathleen Elizabeth Blaikie (XI) | $7: 218$ |
| Helen Meadows (X) | $7: 274$ |
| Percy Maxwell Ambrose (X) | $7: 260$ |
| Murray Whitmore Dickie (X) | $7: 283$ |
| Mark Anthony Cook | $7: 308$ |
| Spencer George Sutherland (X) | $7: 375$ |
| Muriel Pearle McKay (X) | $6: 269$ |
| Clare Elyza Withrow (X) | $7: 315$ |
| Ora Lulu Ashley (X) | $6: 245$ |
| Avis Hunter Marshall | $7: 356$ |
| Blanche Marie Gourley | $7: 367$ |
| Olive Margaret Fleming | $6: 391$ |
| Thomas |  |
| George Edwin Isenor | $6: 335$ |
| Zoa Marray Lewis | $8: 462$ |
| Sadientte McCabe | $7: 341$ |
| Winiena Dartt | $6: 308$ |
| Wifred Maude Courtney | $6: 377$ |

$\mathrm{U}_{\text {nsuccessful, }}(\mathrm{X}, 6 ; \mathrm{IX}, 21)$.

SPRINGHILL-(99 candidates). XI. (18 candidates).

|  | $7: 418$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Gladys Bradshaw Paul | $7: 409$ |
| Leida Sophia Ross | $7: 411$ |
| Mary Isabel Welton | $7: 423$ |
| Jean Aiton Leadbettcr | 77479 |
| Mabel Irene Fullerton | $6: 415$ |
| Mary Constance Gilroy | $7: 388$ |
| Matthew Hislop Nicholson | $7: 353$ |
| John Vircent MacPhee | $7: 409$ |
| Charles Wallace Hannah | $7: 553$ |
| Joseph Batist | $7: 389$ |
| Lillian Isabel McRae | $7: 398$ |

X. ( 38 candidates).
Nettie Alice Cudhea (XI)

7:346
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Nettie Alice Cudhea (NI) (XI) } & 7: 437 \\ \text { Annic Cunningham Foster (X) } & 7: 309\end{array}$
Katie Athelia MacLeod (XI)
Rod F. MacDonald (XI) $\quad 7: 281$
Arthur StClair Simpson (XI) $\quad$ 6:275
Marguerite Geraldine Anderson
7:390
Olga Wynona Brown 7:452
7:461
Annie Edith Conr 7:466
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Mary Jane Crummey } & 7: 347 \\ 7: 363\end{array}$
Irene McLeod Davis $\quad 7: 498$
Edna Jeanne Embree $\quad \mathbf{7 : 5 2 0}$
Ida Kathleen Fullerton $\quad 7: 493$
Mary Cecelia Hatherly $\quad$ 6:387

| Harry Lloyd Hyatt | $6: 38$ |
| :--- | :--- |


| Georgie Willena Kennedy | $7: 389$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $7: 512$ |  |

Ivy Lucetta Layton $\quad 7: 359$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Marion Violet Lees } & 7: 35 \\ \text { Roderick Louis MacDonald } & 7: 391 \\ \text { Mar } & 7: 489\end{array}$
Margaret MacIsaac $\quad 7: 410$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { James Everett McKenzie } & 7: 467 \\ \text { Vera Maude McKenzie } & 7: 459\end{array}$
Vera Maude Mckenzie 7:454
Lillie Mackey McLellan 7:419
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Agnes Naomi McLellan } & 7: 427 \\ \text { Margaret Lillian Megeney } & 7: 496\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Margaret Lillian Megeney } & 7: 496 \\ \text { Christie Ellen MacLeod }\end{array}$
Marguerite Anna Noiles 7:424
Isabel Carlyle Roney $\quad 7: 589$

Evelyn Frances Rogers 7:624
Sarah Saffron 7:511
Anna Maude Tabor $\quad 7: 582$
Marguerite Ida Terris $\quad 7: 392$
Jennie Elizabeth Ward
IX. (42 candidates).

Christeen Wilbur Moss (XI) 7:343
John Glyndine Jones (X) 6:245
Elsie Blanche McLellan (X) 7:358
Alice Winifred Bond 8:416
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Hazel Barlow } & \text { 8:505 } \\ 7: 497\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Annie Burden } & 8: 482 \\ \text { Eva Anne Doucette } & 78: 409\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Eva Anne Doucette } & 7: 409 \\ \text { Greta Violet Herrett } & 7: 599\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Annie Lysaght } & 8: 549 \\ & 7: 394\end{array}$
Flora Isabelle MacDonald 7:394

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Agnes MacIsaac | $7: 460$ |
| Edith Blanche MacLeod | $8: 522$ |
| Jennie McMillan | $6: 326$ |
| Greta Adele MacSavaney | $8: 619$ |
| Margaret Dougherty McSephney $7: 386$ |  |
| Margaret Doris Ogles | $7: 543$ |
| Agnes Lorraine Olsent | $7: 481$ |
| Mary Kathleen O'Neil | $8: 565$ |
| Charlotte Augusta Paul | $7: 437$ |
| Myrtle Blanche Pugsley | $7: 399$ |
| Mary Harriett A. Ridgway | $8: 558$ |
| Effie Garfield Roney |  |
| Elizabeth Annie Robbie | $8: 551$ |
| Iris Evelyn Smith | $8: 519$ |
| Fances Willard Tabor | $8: 591$ |
| Emma May Ward | $7: 405$ |
| William Charles Fear | $7: 450$ |
| John Thomas Fraser | $7: 437$ |
| Basil Charles Matheson | $8: 474$ |
| Murray Kenneth Mills | $7: 374$ |
| Alexander MarLeod | $8: 516$ |
| Clarence Price | $6: 303$ |
| Harry Herbert Smith | $6: 349$ |
| James Addison Wardrope | $7: 459$ |
| Queenie Mae O'Brien | $7: 351$ |
| Mary Elizabeth Arsineault | $7: 456$ |
|  | $6: 328$ |

Supplementary, ( 1 candidate).
Unsuccessful, (X, 8; IX, 9).

> SYDNEY-(365 candidates).
> XII. (30 candidates).
Margaret Dona MacKinnon
Margaret Macauley
Margaret Sarah Cameron
Amy Gertrude Nicoll
Elizabeth Drusilla Cooper
Sara Christine Fraser

Elma Blanche Israel
Mary Olive Maddin
Najla Azar
William Boyd MacOdrum
George Henry Midgley
Mona Catherine MacKinnon
Margaret McLeod
10;628
Margaret Macauley
11:537
10:641
10:719
11:700
10:675
11:712
11:755
11:786
11:739
10:587

Marion Janet Smith
Helen Jean Bannerman
10:690
11:690

David Elman
George William Curtis

## 11:726

Frank John McLeor
11:856
11:619

Wm. Alex. Douglas Gunn
Lewis Carlyle Campbell
Theodore Fraser Johnson
11:600
10:558
11:646
11:572
11:645
11:569
11:801
Irving Abramson
Jennie Laura MacKinnon
11:513

## XI. (74 candidates).

Mary Nora McCarthy (XII)
Jennie Ellen Horkins (XII)
Annie M. MacIntyre (XII)

| Emma W. Greenwell (XII) | 11:427 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lavina Bright McCabe (XII) |  |
| Edward Alfred Bayer (XII) | 11:591 |
| Madge Lorimer Musgrave |  |
| Mary Isabel Walton |  |
| Ada Isabel Rogers | 8:432 |
| Catherina Mary Stuart |  |
| Elizabeth MacLean Camero |  |
| Amy Bertha Ormiston |  |
| Onida Kathleen Noiles | 析 |
| Amy MacQuarrie |  |
| Flora Margaret MacLeod | 9 |
| Fanny Craven |  |
| Maryuerite Isabel Johnston | 8:400 |
| Alice May Howlett |  |
| Annie Mary Murray |  |
| Lillian Becker |  |
| Mabel Ardellis Blois |  |
| Helen Sophia Calver | 7:304 |
| Catherine Jessie MacLennan |  |
| Mary Jessie McDonald |  |
| Annie Mary Currie |  |
| Agnes Mary MacKinnon | 0 |
| Margaret Teresa McDonald |  |
| Mary Margaret MacAdam |  |
| Barbara Farouharson Mackin |  |
| Mary Jennette Setchell |  |
| Harriet Macauley |  |
| George MacKay Morrison |  |
| Thomas Laurence Fogo |  |
| Roy Alexander MacKenzie | 8:429 |
| Abraham Anthony Hashem | 9:061 |
| Geo. Sanford MacDonald | $8: 47$ |
| John Francis Connolly |  |
| Eric Dunn |  |
| Ernest Vincent King | 8:365 |
| Blair Fraser Crowdis | $8: 498$ |
| Arthur John Moore |  |
| John Lawrence Cann |  |
| David Drummond Mackenzi | 7:5180 |
| Roy Desbarres Duchemin | 9:600 |
| Louis Nathanson |  |
| Bruce Atholl Ingraham |  |
| Frank Wilfred MacPherson |  |
| Colin Hubert McLeod |  |
| Edward Beaton |  |
| Robert John Mackinnon | 8:435 |
| Roderick MacAskill | 8:55 |
| Margaret Elizabeth Macleod | 37 |

## X. (94 candidates).

Katherine MacCuish (XI)
Roberta Genevieve Spencer (XI)
Emily Matilda Moffatt (XI)
Vera Beatrice Ormiston (XI)
Evelyn Lyall Dobson (XI)
Margaret Mary Jackson (XI)
Evelyn Clothilda Young (XI)
Marguerite H. Wilson (XI)
John Anthony MacDonald (XI)
James Frederick Petrie (XI)
Jas. Ed. Myron Meikle (XI)

Alan Rolf MacKeen (XI)
John Percy Willett (XI)

| Victoria Evelyn Robertson (XI) | 7:320 | Helen Maude Muggah (XI) | 7:253 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 7:320 | Katherine Mary Campbell (XI) | $7: 269$ 7.281 |
| George Ronald Konig | 8:462 | Leila Morrison (XI) | 7:281 |
| Clifford Trueman Harrington | 8:642 | Helen Danstrom (XI) | 8:473 7.226 |
| $\mathrm{R}^{\text {rancis Simon Gillis }}$ | 8:497 | Mary Anne Gillis (XI) | 7:221 |
| Sabert Peter Campbell | 8:396 | Rita Marcella Bennett (XI) | 8:2394 |
| Harry Mollie Abramson | 8:603 | Thomas W | 8:207 |
| Louis Garland Pollett | 8:527 | John Robert Stevea | 8:299 |
| Roy Chishibald Johnston | 8:501 | Percy Peter MurpDonald (XI) | $8: 205$ |
| George Karles Wilson | 8:505 | Tom Mason Mclellan (X) | 8:315 |
| Allan Kendall O'Neil | 8:390 | Katie Johnston (X) | 7:274 |
| ${ }^{\text {Anna }}$ Tennesa Macleod | 7:438 $3: 503$ | Frances Amelia Boutilier (X) | $8: 350$ $8: 327$ |
| Vonald Hugh McQueen | 7:433 | George Wells Keyes ( X ) ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ( X ) | $8: 327$ $8: 297$ |
| Alice ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Catherine Fraser | 7:415 | Gordon Vincent Mckonaic (X) | 8:322 |
| Hector Stewart Newcomb | 8:612 | Flora Kathryn Mcken | 7:320 |
| Winnif Alexandra Buchanan | 7:454 | Zeta (race Ripley | 8:315 |
| Dorothy Dorothy Carey | 8:430 |  | 8:345 |
| Marion Agnes Smith | 8:601 | Mary Cassie Macloug (X) | 8:287 |
| Bessien Mae Bunzie | 8:408 | Margaret MacA Mackimmon ( X ) | 6:255 |
| John Evae Buffett | $7: 409$ 8.407 | Annie Mary McInnis (X) | $8: 299$ |
| ${ }^{\text {Carry }}$ Creighton Stevenson | 7:358 | Fthel May Dillon | 7:292 |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\text {an }}$ William Hassett ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Woodill | 8:605 | John Williamı Mck | 7:279 |
| Arthur Neil Morrison | 8:483 | Alexander Mclellan (X) | 8:598 |
| Leonordenner Akehurst | 7:339 | Mabel Henrietta Macpherson | 8:484 |
| George Brardon Israel | 8:465 | Marjorie May Jenkins | 8:441 |
| Hugh Alexandeld Rowrings | 8 8:585 | Martha Lolita Dewar | 8:618 |
| George Harold Murph | $8: 559$ 8.404 | Annie Josie Smith | 7:388 |
| Angus Marild Murphy | 8:404 7 7 | Margaret Downie Galbraith | 7:374 |
| Terence Kevin Boyle | 8:509 | Tena Matheson | 7:945 |
| Thonce Bernard Petrie | 8:498 | Georgie Hazel Jefferson | 8:599 |
| Willias Wilson McRitchie | 8:419 | Nina Elizabeth Sharpe | 8:630 |
| Ronald Harrington Nash | 8:555 | Annie May Jolly McDonald | 8:518 |
| Ethel Jean Rh Mulcahey | 8:366 | Rhoda Beatrice Mce McPherson | 8:586 |
| Florence E Ross | $8: 662$ | Wargaretherine Lewis | 7:425 |
| Miriam Elizabeth Rudernam | $8: 519$ 8.549 | Mary Margaret Morrison | 8:542 |
| essie Agnes Beaton | 8:423 | Arlie Grace Lewis | $8: 498$ |
| Mary Jean Ferguson | 8:356 | Clara Edith Boutilie | 7:411 |
| Clare Mannah Boyle | 8:345 | Marianne Katherine | 8:461 |
| Margaret Martha Keating | 7:390 | Ona Muriel Crofton | 8:546 |
| Anna Waret McInnis | 8:409 | Burnet Ward Lewis | 8:484 |
| Mollie Walker | 8:506 | Kathleen Drusilla Mersereau | 7:335 |
| Mary Walsh | 8:354 | Alfreda Davison | 8:344 |
| Elizabeth Margaret McDonald | 8:423 | Emily Lena Macaulay | 7:397 |
| Rose Mcith Campbell | 8:424 | Grace Ethel Fraser | 7:407 |
| Robert Melntosh | 8:494 | Annie May Mackenzie | 7:350 |
| ${ }^{\text {Harry }}$ Faii Ross | 8:643 | Annie Christena Harries | 8:408 |
| Jacob David Laud | 8:726 | Catherine M. Armstrong | 8:345 |
| John Kirector | 8:558 | Margaret Edith Wilians | 8:513 |
| Ralph Kenyon Wright | 8:344 | Edith Edna Cox | 8:445 |
| William Hilliam Wright | 8:468 | Loyola Currie Young | 7:418 |
| Gertrum Henry Morley | 8:592 | William Harry Gavse | 7:342 |
| $J$ Jhn Ade Helen Wellwood | 7:350 | Jennie Gertrude McKenzie | 6:307 |
| Malcolm. Gillies | 6:392 | Norman Hector Mckil | 8:369 |
| Florenm John MacLeod | 7:408 | Donald John McNas Boutilier | 7:481 |
| Cathere McIsaac | 8:436 | Frederick Thomas Duchek | 7:460 |
| Mary El Walker | 8:416 | Francis Alexander Duchek | 8:508 |
| Elizabeth McIntosh | 8:411 | James Arthur MacMinlan | 8:525 |
|  |  | Ernest Roy Semple | 7:465 |
| (166 candidates). |  | John Albro Charles Lew | 7:506 |
| Atherine Nell |  | Roy Robson | 8:473 |
| ${ }^{\text {Annie Catherine }}$ Nillies (XI) | 6:300 | David Kyle Gonce Sutherland | 8:472 |
| Catherine Bayer (XI) | 8:349 | Arthur Lawrence Sutherland |  |



TATAMAGOUCHE-(73 candidates). XI. (23 candidates). Annie Elizabeth Lombard
Mary Elizabeth MacDonald
Margaretta MacLeod
Margaret Dean MacKay
Emence Mildred Hayman
Jessie Gertrude Clark
Matıd Primrose Clark
Kaude McLellan
Kenneth A. Mulgrave Parker
Domes Robert Sutherland
X. (18 candidates).

| Labert MacIvor Wilson (XI) | 6:28 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Geo Alay Simpson (XI) | 6:259 |
| Marjorexander McDonald (XI) | 6:277 |
| John Morie May Stevenson (XI) | 6:282 |
| Jane Clarkay | 6:364 |
| John Willia | $7: 475$ |
| Janie Bell Donaldson | 6:363 |
| ${ }^{\text {Annie }}$ Clizabeth Swan | 6:355 |
| Cassie Bell Clark | 6:332 |
| Essie Isabell | 6:307 |
| Etta Blanch Ande | 6:388 |
| Es sie Margaret Sutherland | 6:429 |
| , Harriet MacEachern | 6:30 |

## IX. (32 candidates).

| Rachel Bonnyman (XI) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Oren Drysdale Johnson (XI) | 8 |
| rence Antoinette Forbes (XI) | 6:189 |
| Eleana Lillian Weatherby (XI) | 6:253 |
| Lillian Sassey Swan (XI) | 6:250 |
| Gilbert Jane McPherson (XI) | 6:282 |
| $J$ Jmes Pelmer Murray (XI) | 6:2 |
| Rexford Wey Upham (XI) | 6:2 |
| Chesley William Upham (X) | 6:260 |
| $V_{\text {iola }}$ May Tarold Bell (X) | 6:2 |
| Minarine A. Haske |  |
| Vera Mie Blanche Murdock |  |
| Anmi Margaret Spinney | $6: 42$ |
| Annie Jane Donaldso | 6:371 |
| Care | 6 |
| Elizabe Louise Da | 6:351 |
| Elizabeth Clark Cunningham | 6:318 |
| $M$ areth Catherine MacDonald | 7:4 |
| Dorgaret Violet Belyea | 7:47 |
| Mary ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Barbara Sutherland | $6: 3$ |
| Ruth Elizwood Grace | 6:4 |
|  |  |
| succe |  |

TRURO-(215 candidates).
XII. (22 candidates).

|  | $10: 583$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Beatrice Irene Innes | $9: 564$ |
| Dorothy Mae Dickie | $9: 564$ |
| Marie Jean Whittier | $10: 747$ |
| Arthur Reginald Prince | $10: 682$ |
| Dorothy Jean Hughes | 10.602 |
| Mary Edith Smith | $10: 630$ |
| Erna Jean Dowden | $10: 606$ |
| Laura Marjorie Edwards | 11720 |
| Ruby Mary Thompson | $10: 565$ |
| Floyd Edith. Creelman | $11: 764$ |
| Catherine Louise Whittier | 10.673 |
| Norma Elizabeth Frame | $10: 645$ |
| Tom Robin MacLanchlan | $10: 748$ |
| Lincoln Martin Zink | $1: 628$ |
| Frank Eliot Archilald | $9: 545$ |
| Douglas Stevenson Wetmore | $9: 461$ |
| Marion MacLean Carter |  |

* XI. (58 candidates).

Edith Irene Philips (XII) 10:385
Addison Hobart Peppard (XII) 9:446
Janet Rose Setchell - 7:361
Agnes May MacElmon $\quad 8: 537$
Eva May Barnhill $\quad$ 7:404
Hilda Mary Wright 7:408
Jean Muir Swan $\quad$ 7:528
Margaret Frances McCurdy $\quad$ 8:615
Phyllis Matilda Bragg $\quad$ 7:489
Edith Rosanna Doane 7:457
Annie Louise Snide $\quad 7: 565$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Annie Cleta Wright } & 7: 342 \\ \text { Helen Merle Peterson } & \end{array}$
Helen Merle Peterson $\quad$ 6:314
Muriel Arace Millett 7:409
Mary Grace Millett 6:388
Hattie Beatrice Barnhill $\quad 7: 429$
Herbert Newton Heal $\quad$ 6:375
James Louis Lee Chisholm $\quad 7: 452$
Charlie Lockhart Eaton 8:488
Hugh Macdonald Eaton 7:434
James Arthur Doane - 6:378
Ernest Grant Best 6:322
George Reid McCurdy $\quad \begin{array}{ll}\mathbf{8}: 479 \\ & 8: 579\end{array}$
Nelson Burgess MacLeod
. 570
John MacKay Anderson $\quad \mathbf{6 : 5 2 6}$
Hugh Robert MacKenzie - $\quad$ 7:416
Nathaniel Earl Hunt $\quad 6: 361$
John MacKay Hamilton 7:415
Elsie Ruth McLauchlin
7:483
Albert William Trueman
7:381
Edward England Dodson
6:427
Clarence Addington Clarke $\quad 7: 376$
Mildred Murray Thomas
8:604
Ethel Sadie Jean Gay
8:596

| Ethel Sadexander Weir | $8: 596$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Harold Alexan | $6: 339$ |
| Elizabeth Margaret MacLean | $6: 351$ |

6:351
Percy Roy Fielding
7:495
Edna Irene Marshall
Mary Malina Clarke $\quad \mathbf{7 : 5 4 1}$

| Rose Loleta McNutt | 6:405 | Elizabeth K. MacKay (X) | 7:328 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vilida Georgic Cavanagh | 8:483 | Florence Helen Flemming (X) | $7: 299$ |
| Lillie Olive Jean Berry | 6:399 | Gertrude Elsie Morrell | $6: 315$ |
| John Mclean Whidden | 7:452 | Robert Currie Creelman |  |
| Mary Isabel Robertson | 7:343 | Fred Harold Anderson |  |
| Jean Ferguson Crowe | 7:350 | Percival Allen Walker |  |
| Ernest Albert Nelson | 8:464 | Isabel Cecilia Chivers | 7:400 |
|  |  | Roy McKeen Wiles | $8: 603$ |
| 入. (49 candidates). |  | William Egbert Dewar | 7 7:361 |
|  |  | Grace Elizabeth Miller | 718168 |
| Helen Elizabeth Pollock (XII) Cecil Rae MacDonald (XII) | 9:396 $9: 350$ | May Elaine Dowden Rita Eleanor Creelman | 7:4120 |
| Albert Wallace Craigie (XII) | 9:568 | Rosella Stalford | 7:437 |
| Mae Anderson MacIntosh (XI) | 6:368 | Theodore Arnold Rose | $7: 386$ |
| Hazel Aileen Donkin (XI) | 7:306 | Charles G. MacLennan | $6: 318$ |
| Addie Loretta MacKenzie (XI) | 8:308 | Arthur Russel Wilson | $6: 4180$ |
| Anna Christene MacIvor (XI) | 6:280 | Reta Ercell Smith | O |
| Ervin D. MarDonald (XI) | 6:309 | Viola Beth Johnson |  |
| Karl Creighton Fraser (XI) | 7:330 | Jeanetta Pauline Rose |  |
| John Franklyn Dexter (XI) | 6:299 | Mildred Baer Morrison |  |
| Harold Kent (XI) | 6:288 | Mildred Hill |  |
| Katherine Mary Wilson (XI) | 7:338 | Ethel Irene Tays |  |
| Lelia May Ryan (XI) | 8:319 | Willena Mary Moore |  |
| Hector Murray Thomas | 7:337 | Hazel Dean Murray |  |
| Gladys Whittier Custance | 6:372 | Jean Catherine MacDonald | 7 7: 466 |
| Alden Bernard Hayman | 8:490 | Margaret Irma Bentley | 7:3615 |
| James Alfred Thomson | 8:566 | Marguerite Clotilde Benoit |  |
| Mary Minerva Withrow | 7:341 | Jean Gammell Cox | 7:422 |
| Etta Archibald Fuller | 8:482 | Helen Jillooah Dewar | $8: 377$ |
| Winifred Helen Coward | 7:416 | Gladys Myrtle Goodwin | 77345 |
| Blanche Isabel Etter | 8:540 | Erma Charlton Christie | 7 7:372 |
| Elenora May Fulton | 7:424 | Jean Clara MacLean | $7: 428$ |
| Beatrice May Lindsay | 7:395 | Merina Catherine Casper | $7{ }^{7} 4.393$ |
| Alice Margaret Millen | 6:365 | Helen Spencer | 77.405 |
| Orley Eugene Bruce | 7:359 | Cecil Robert Philips |  |
| Gladys Blackmore | 7:435 | Edith Rema Wilson | \%:346 |
| Clara Louise MacLeod | 7:329 | William Gordon Gazeley | 77408 |
| Norma Greta Ogilvie | 6:399 | Arthur Francis Shortt | $7: 489$ |
| Dorothy Mae Murray | 7:389 | Helen Sara Archibald | 7:469 |
| Winifred Laura Fisher | 7:334 | Ernest Chipman Harper | 7:612 |
| Evelyn Grace McCallum | 9:378 | Alexander John Campbell | 8:620 |
| Lawrence L.oughead | 7:416 | Donald Willoughby Cox | 6:361 |
| Gladys Vernna Mclean | 6:312 | Leslic Crowe Miller | $7: 488$ |
| I sabel MacDonald | 8:481 | James Alexander Allan | 7:435 |
| Reta Sara Dopikin | 8:471 | Arthur Dunbrack Yuill | 8:098 |
| Ralph Weldon Peel | 7:399 | John Alfred Black | 7:460 |
| Harry Stanley McCulloch | 6:307 | Earle Strathie Baker | 7:363 |
| Romaine Ingerson Moore | 6:392 | Helen Jane McCabe |  |
| Frank Burnett Dickie | 8:413 | Eugene George Moore | 7:502 |
| Carman Garfield Forbes | 6:323 | Violet Vivian Bugden | $7: 478$ |
| Clarence MacDonald | 6:347 | Estella Marjorie Bizelow | 7:30 |
| Francis Willard Cox | 6:323 |  |  |
| Gladys Jean Lindsay | 6:426 | Supplementary, (5 candidates). |  |
| Estella Margaret Rose | 7:386 |  |  |
| IX. (81 candidates). |  | Unsuccessful, (XII, 0; XI, 1; X, IX, 32). |  |
| Ronald Currie Heustis (XI) | 8:260 |  |  |
| William Moran (XI) | $\begin{aligned} & 8: 403 \\ & 7: 359 \end{aligned}$ | UPPER STEWIACKE-(35 cand |  |
| James Kent McCluie (X) <br> Katharine Victoria Parker (X) | $7: 359$ $6: 290$ |  |  |
| Burtchell F. Macdonald (X) | 6:342 |  |  |
| Florence Alida Archibald (X) | 7:282 | XI. (5 candidates). |  |
| Beatrice Nellie Johnson (X) | 6:254 |  | 7:492 |
| William Scott Bryson (X) | 6:257 | Christy Frances Grant |  |

## X. (12 candidates).

Jean McQuarry Davidson (XI)
Laura Aline Bentley (XI)

Elizabeth Frances Smith (XI)
6:273
Peara Jane Redmond (XI)
Pearl Lila Conroy
Ada Alice Reynolds
Helen Cassels Revnolds
Hilda Jane Foster
Mary Teas
Muriel Deane Fulton
Mary Jean mith
Edward Bryden Stewart
1X. (18 candidates).
Ethel Blanche Reynolds (X)
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Mae Ella Annie White (X) } & 6: 273 \\ \text { Marie Le }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Marie Lenora Fulton (X) } & 7: 315 \\ \text { Nellie Creelman Rutherford } & 6: 355 \\ \text { Grace Kelm }\end{array}$
Arace Kirk Reynolds 6:446
Alice Kathleen MacKenzie
Isabel Power
sabel Power
Margaret Mable Gourley 7:574

| Margaret Mable Gourley | $6: 318$ |
| :--- | :--- |

Wilbert Logan $\quad 7: 405$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { William Foster Power } & 7: 448 \\ \text { Albert Eben Gammell } & 6: 347 \\ \text { Ruith Allit }\end{array}$

| Rlith Eben Gammell | $6: 347$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alice Alison Fulton | $8: 508$ |
|  | $6: 349$ |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Alice May Gahan } & 6: 349\end{array}$
$\mathrm{U}_{\text {Insuccessful, }}$ (XI, 0; X, 1; IX, 8).
Walliace--(36 candidates).
XI. ( 6 candidates).

Elizabeth Blanche Purdy $\quad 6: 407$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Elmer Russell McMinullen } & \text { 6:407 } \\ \text { Percy Raymond Drysdale } & 7: 487 \\ \text { Pertha Louise Johnson } & 6: 472 \\ \text { P:414 }\end{array}$
X. (11 candidates).

Jennie Isabel Stevens (XI) $\quad 7: 317$
George In
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { George Ian McKenzie } & 6: 312 \\ \text { Hazel Laurine Baker } & 6: 307 \\ \text { Roherta }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Razel Laurine Baker } & 6: 307 \\ \text { Roberta Drysdale } & 6: 336 \\ \text { Raymond Livingstone Betts } & 6: 356\end{array}$

## IX. (19 candidates).

| Sadie Jean MacIntosh (XI) | 6:293 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Marion Lavinia Treen (X) | 6:284 |
| Marion Keene Stewart (X) | 6:242 |
| Carrie Et Bythnia Moodie ( X ) | 6:244 |
| Iva Mae Mel Benjamin | 6:304 |
| Hazel IremacNutt | 6:343 |
| Francis Cene Seaman | 6:345 |
| Florence Wylie Grant | 7:428 |
| Jessience Annrigley Pentelow | 7:331 |
|  |  |

WESTVILLE--( 55 candidates).
XI. (4 candidates).

| Dorothy Elizabeth Ross | $7: 426$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mary Jane MacKenzie | $7: 502$ |
| X. (20 candidates). |  |

X. (20 candidates).

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Harold Annand Frame | $8: 598$ |
| Thomas William Dick | $8: 350$ |
| Allan Macteod Roy | $8: 480$ |
| Gertrude Evangeline Murray | $7: 392$ |
| Alma Daley | $8: 360$ |
| Isabel May Grant | 77344 |
| Margaret Florence MacKenzic | $7: 556$ |
| Florence Katherian MacCoull | $7: 339$ |
| Mary Beatrice Duprey | $7: 416$ |
| Beatrice Bell Chisholm | $7: 344$ |
| Stella Catherine MacCallum | $8: 369$ |

IX. (31 candidates).

Annie Irene Cameron (XI) $\quad 6: 220$

| Christena Maude Balfour (XI) | 6:269 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $7: 305$ |  |


| Margaret Catherine Stewart (X) | $7: 305$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Willa Jean Baillie (X) | $7: 297$ |

Willa Jean Baillie Marblvie (X) $\quad 7: 324$
Pauline Isabel Fraser (X) $\quad$ 7:298

| Pauline |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Margaret Bowness Gray | 8:576 |
| 7:486 |  |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Edna May Jones } \\ \text { Ruth Arnold McNairn } & 8: 390\end{array}$
Bessie Florence Breen 7:333
Ruth Muir .
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Annetta Muir } & 8: 050 \\ \text { Elizabeth Ferguson Wilson } & 8: 599\end{array}$
Elizabeth Ferguson Rundle 8:506
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Barbara El Kelvin Ross } & 8: 431 \\ \text { Alexander Ken } & 8: 526 \\ \text { Andrew Love Richardson } & \end{array}$
Unsuccessful, (X, 5; IX, 21).
WEYMOUTH--(29 candidates).
XI. (6 candidates).

|  | $6: 398$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mary Madelcine Comeau | $6: 441$ |
| Vernon Scott Cosman | $6: 482$ |
| William Milne-Miller Fream |  |

X. ( 11 candidates).

Mabel Marie LeBlanc (XI) 7:367
Gladys M. Melanson (XI) 6:272
James Scott Hawkinson $\quad 6: 401$
Dorothy Catherine Rudolf 7:397
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Frances Minerva Brooks } \\ & \text { Florence Elizabeth Smith }\end{aligned} \quad 6: 397$
Forence Elizabeth Smith 6:323
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Gladys Helen Buther } & 6: 359 \\ \text { Faith Sanders Sabean } & 7: 45\end{array}$
Joseph Edward Melanson 7:457

| IX. (12 candidates). |  | Gladys Elaine Brown (X) <br> James William Thompson (X) | $\begin{aligned} & 6: 278 \\ & 6: 246 \\ & 0: 80 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dorris Maria Mallette (XI) | 6:200 | Elizabeth MacNamara (X) | 6:288 |
| Marie Celeste Melanson (X) | 7:321 | Verna Olive Miller | 6:312 |
| Elma Laurette Amirault (X) | 6:291 | Blanche Audrey Grant | 6:4024 |
| Ralph Milne-Miller Fream | 7:348 | Nataline Hale Boyd |  |
| Gordon William James Copeland | 7:372 | Blanche Lillian Smith |  |
| Agno Louis Comeau | 8:579 | Marion Elizabeth Hopkins |  |
| Cyrus Arthur William Grierson | 7:429 | Edith Amelia Illsley |  |
| Mary Rosalie Comeau | 8:452 | Esther Stirling Mounce |  |
| Josephine Dunbar Newcombe | 7:413 | Ella Hope Munro | $\stackrel{6}{7} 3$ |
| Elizabeth Sylvia Muise | 6:414 | Gertrude Amelia Robinson | 7:351 |
| Marguerite Mary Doucette | 7:406 | Madge Louise Redden |  |
|  |  | Gordon Stirling Vaughan | $7: 337$ |
| Unsuccessful, (X, 2; IX, 4). |  | - Lewella Edith Fox Georgie Winnifred | 7:311 |
|  |  | Mary Isabella Anderson | 8:324 |
| WINDSOR-(127 candida |  | Isabel Kathleen Aylward | 6:336 |
|  |  | Ernest Vincent Burgoyne |  |
| XI. (22 candidates). |  | Helen Gibson Clark | 58 |
|  |  | Helen Kent Currie |  |
| Florence Churchill Shand | 7:365 | Sadie Beamish Curry |  |
| Annie Allison Cochran | 7:375 | Rufus Malcolm Curry |  |
| Marie Josephine DeMont | 7:356 | Mary Isabelle Cochrane | 7:368 |
| Helena Louise Miller | 6:470 | Amelia Blair Dimock |  |
| Charles Lawrence Roach | 7:440 | Norma Annie Glassey |  |
| Nora Doreen Searle | 7:452 | Erma Margorie Haley | 27 |
| Louise Blanch Anthony | 6:334 | Isabel Irene Daniels | 6:27 |
| Mary Helen Card | 6:333 | Ora Claire Hayes |  |
| Aubrey Karl Simm | 6:342 | Wallace Heustis Munn |  |
| X. (37 candidates). |  | Supplementary, (1 candidate). |  |
| Emma Stuart Caldwell (XI) | 6:295 | Unsuccessful, (XI, 0; X, 17; |  |
| Josephine Christie Rathbun (XI) | 7:348 |  |  |
| Ruth Evelyn Lockhart (XI) | 6:291 |  |  |
| Annie May Millett (XI) | 7:261 | WOLFVILLE-(52 candid |  |
| Mabel Evelyn MacCulloch (XI) | 7:287 |  |  |
| Dorothy Verna Manning | 7:346 | XI. (17 candidates). |  |
| Philip Hamilton Davison | 6:374 |  |  |
| Willford Parker Crossley | 7:407 | Mary Metcalfe Patriquin |  |
| Harris Carleton Smith | 7:408 | Arlene Eliza Margaret Bishop | $7: 448$ |
| William Anthony Metzler | 7:377 | Nina Beatrice Wickwire | 6:371 |
| Jessie Hamilton Snence | 6:318 | Karl Eaton Nowlan | 6:371 |
| Mary Ellen Harvey | 6:318 | Ellen M. Henrietta Kinsman | 6:334 |
| Alice Drusilla Baxter | 6:393 | William Allan Parker | 6:320 |
| Grace Crosby Marshall | 6:524 | Mildred Beatrice Pick |  |
| Gertrude Maude Rathbun | 6:360 |  |  |
| Ruth Irene Rockwell | 6:444 | X. (7 candidates). |  |
| Reta Beulah Dunbrack | 6:326 |  |  |
| Mabel Frances MacDougall | 7:478 | Hilda Beatrice Johnson (XI) | 7:358 |
| Chester Owen Sommer | 8:548 | Dorothy C. Mitchell (XI) | 6:240 |
|  |  | Madge Lylean Pratt (XI) | 6:291 |
| IX. (67 candidates). |  | Dorothy Page Hill (XI) | 7:210 |
|  |  | Donald Frederick Johnson (XI) | 6:497 |
| Harvey Everette Lake (XI) | 6:257 | Cora Evelyn Beattie | 6:368 |
| Ola Beatrice Crowell (XI) | 6:240 | Gertrude Marie Rogers | 6:345 |
| Mona Edna Pratt (XI) | 6:208 | Helen Katherine Hogan | 6:423 |
| Lexie Kirke I.ockhart (XI) | 6:229 | Daniel Jonathan Coldwell |  |
| Evelyn Grace Macumber (XI) | 6:196 |  |  |
| Albro Elliott Ettinger (XI) | 6:294 | IX. (28 candidates). |  |
| Helen Gladys Smith (XI) | 6:263 |  |  |
| Blanche Mary Canavan (XI) | 6:204 | Marion Florence Redden (XI) | 6:209 |
| Helen Beatrice Dimock (X) | 7:270 | Evelyn Marie Duncanson (XI) | 6:250 |
| Morris William Gounley (X) | 7:344 | Carrie Agnes Baker (XI) | $8: 801$ |
| Mabel Rose Greenough (X) | 6:291 | Charles E. A. Brown (XI) |  |


| Minnie Irene Barkhouse (XI) | $6: 230$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Roy Montrose Schofield | $6: 353$ |
| Marion Ross Ryan | $6: 335$ |
| Elizabeth May Fuller | $6: 312$ |
| Freda Margaret Townsend | $6: 405$ |
| Frederick William Murphy | $6: 352$ |
| Ruth Agnes Young | $7: 479$ |
| Margaret Forbes Mitchell | $7: 392$ |
| Margaret Mae Robert | $7: 442$ |
| Helen Hope Redden | $6: 354$ |
| Laura Margaret Sllver | 77371 |
| Margaret Glen Allan | $7: 432$ |
| Leicester Alden Coit | $7: 438$ |
| WWilliam Herbert Stairs | $7: 346$ |
| Wallace Leoland Barteaux | $7: 408$ |
| James Graham Patriquin | $7: 479$ |
| Curtis Lakeman Newcomb | $6: 307$ |
| Dorothy Claire Cutten | $7: 428$ |
| Charlotte Myra Kinsman | $6: 426$ |
| Cinsuccessful, (X, 3; IX, 10). |  |
| WOODS HARBOR-(20 candidates). |  |

XI. (8 candidates).

| Viola Maude Nickerson | $6: 303$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Juanita Gould Nickerson | $8: 427$ |
| Ethel Eva Nickerson | $6: 315$ |
| Greta Gould Goodwin | $7: 364$ |

X. ( 2 candidates).

| Lindsay Harold Goreham (XI) | $7: 315$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cedric Lester Sears (XI) | $8: 450$ |
| Harold Earnest Nickerson | $6: 373$ |

IX. (8 candidates).
Cyril Stewart Kendrick
Loina Gladys Marden
Teresa Belle Nickerson
Sadie Bessie Goldberg
Ralph Morley Nickerson.
James Kenneth Abbott
Supplementary, (2 candidates).
$\mathrm{Un}_{\text {successful, ( }}$ (XI, 2; X, 1; IX, 2).
YARMOUTH-(174 candidates).
XII. ( 9 candidates).

Hilda Rhoda Wyman
11:594
Pierrie Shoda Wyman
Hutt
Nugh Edgar Kelley
11:769
Norh Edgar Kelley
11:651
9:681
XI. (2s candidates).

| Douglas Crosby Wyman (XII) | $10: 422$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Certrude Morey Lewis | $6: 446$ |
| Audrey Florence Gray | $7: 346$ |
|  |  |


|  | $7: 411$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jean McPherson Porter | $7: 368$ |
| Mariorie Stanley Robbins | $7: 435$ |
| Maud Fvelyn Reeves | $6: 374$ |
| Arthur Wellington Wyman | $8: 484$ |
| George Murray L. Hatficld | $8: 297$ |
| Chester Harvey Rogers | $8: 482$ |
| Frederick Joseph Gaudet | $6: 346$ |
| Floretta Catherine Pothier | $6: 445$ |
| Russell Byrus Curry |  |
| Irminie Apolline d'Entremont | $6: 462$ |
| Hattie Ellenwood Gates | $6: 361$ |
| Mary Ethel Hanilton | $6: 412$ |

X. (55 candidates).
Melford Grant (XII) ..... 9:624
Jemie Churchill Allen (XII) ..... 9:349
Hubert Tilley Lonergan (XII) ..... 11:474
Marion Winnifred Reeves (XI) ..... $7: 349$6:251
Marguerite Louise Pcrry (XI) ..... 6:338
Elaine Winnifred Rceves (XI)
6:322
6:322
Elma Matilda Corning ..... 7:441
Katherine Lea Dalton ..... 8:445
Margaret Jenette Ashe .....
8:445 .....
8:445
Lillian Margaret Seagars
Lillian Margaret Seagars ..... 7:374 ..... 7:374
Marguerite E. McKinlay ..... 8:417
Flla Irene Shermatine Boyd ..... 7:530
Mary Alice Hilton ..... 8:403 ..... 8:403
Penelope Christon Giannon ..... 8:424
Mildred Irene Syvertsen ..... 7:364
Douglas Ashton Porter ..... 7:439
Frederick Raymond L.eBlanc
Frederick Raymond L.eBlanc
7:363
7:363
Christopher (Georgerchill ..... 7:378
John Patterson ..... 7:448
Harold David Saunders ..... 7:372
George Hedley Doty ..... 7:396
Fred Leo Comeau ..... 8:455
Anthony Emin ..... 8:530
Gordon Allison Grant ..... 7:395
Jack Wilmer Allan ..... 6:311
Sabra Moses Wetmore ..... 7:412
Evelyn LeBlanc ..... 7:356
Anita Margaret Amirault ..... :3437
Esther Patricia Amirau ..... 6:335
Janes Everett Moses ..... 7:431
Simon Lawrence Doucet ..... 7:421
Mary Emeline Muir ..... 6:233
Rope Reta Scott ..... $6: 356$
$6: 306$
Reta Pearl Cootes ..... 6:317
Louis Egide Pothier ..... 6:385
Mary Inez Simms6:393
Vera Tedford Graham
IX. (86 candidates).7:242
James Killam Fleet (XI) Marjorte Alberta Reeves (XI) ..... 6:304
Kathleen Frances Reeves (XI)6:220

| Jacob Arlington Hamilton (XI) | 6:247 | Leola Jeanetta Hatfield | 7:423 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kathleen Mary Maloney (XI) | 6:309 | Ioyce Wyman Grant | 8:431 |
| Gwendoline Lovett Atley (X) | 8:316 | Robert Stanley Ross | 8:522 |
| Jean Madeline Sweeney (X) | ¢:311 | Donaid James Amirault | 8:516 |
| Maurice IeBaron Floyd ( X ) | 6:269 | Isaac Nelson | 8:531 |
| James Galen Vickery ( X ) | 7:325 | Walter Lawrence Sweeney | 8:589 |
| George Harold Hopkins (X) | 7:256 | Harold Robertson Wyman | 7:586 |
| George Alfred Crosby (X) | 8:344 | John Gordon Ross | 8:44 |
| Marie Delsie Amirault ( X ) | 7:316 | Ceorge Adolphus Hurlburt | 8:445 |
| Dorothy Parry Churchill (X) | $6: 253$ | Gladys Helena Kelley | 8:610 |
| Lenna Maude Roberts (X) | 6:258 | Katherine Starr Vickery | 8:470 |
| Helene M. d'Entremont (X) | 6:368 | Helen Victoria Davis | 8:446 |
| Sarah Bingay Rose | 6:344 | Alice Berthia Davis | 8:548 |
| Maiben Aird Perry | 6:300 | Harriet Lovitt Horton | 8:467 |
| Luella Mary d'Entremont | 6:435 | Kathleen Laskie | 8:384 |
| Celestine Adelina d'Entremont | 6:381 | Helena Eairbrother White | 8:430 |
| Clara Verinta Hamilton | 6:336 | Lucy Bernice Corning | 7:366 |
| Eva Annis Hatfield | 6:389 | Kathleen Joan Hildyard | $7: 389$ |
| Frances Kathleen Boyd | 6:329 | Kathleen Thelma Ryerson | 8:438 |
| Anna Francelia Foulis | 6:302 | Stanley Alfred Morrell | 8:453 |
| Catherine Jeanette Landry | 7:381 | William Cedric Chipman | 8:544 |
| Verna Gavel Reynard | 7:382 | Robert Colquhoun Swim | 8:549 |
| Lydia Stewart Ellis | 6:353 | Victor Perrin Seary | 8:569 |
| Marion Josephne Baker | 8:447 | Allan Chaloner Hill | $8: 390$ |
| Anna. Nelson | 8:394 | Robert Winter Allen | 8:512 |
| Ethel Whiteheard | 8:542 | Thomas Andrew Murray Kirk | 8:378 |
| Florence Lorraine Carey | 8:681 | Wilfred Carl Allan | $8: 549$ |
| Ada Deborah Wyman | 8:408 | Raymond Eugene Wetmore | 8:452 |
| Dorothy Belle Blackadar | 8:563 | Isabel Victoria Hilton | 8:535 |
| Sylvia Kitaeff | 8:464 | Harriet Allan Hill |  |
| Susie Madeline Trefry | 8:520 |  |  |
| Margaret Emily Hilton | 8:599 | Supdementary, (1 candidate). |  |
| Anna Price MacKinnon | 8:5_2 |  |  |
| Rose Ida Smofsky | 8:558 | Unsuccessful, (X, 9; IX, 34). |  |

## PASS LIST, 1919.

## UNIVERSITY GRadUATES' TESTING EXAMINATION.

Syllabus, See Pages 275-283, Journal of Education, 1917].

## Final.

No. 12. Sister Teresa Maria, (Teresa Roche), B. A., (Dal.).
No. 13. Guy Eldridge Cameron, B. A., (Mt. A.).
No. 14. Morris Osborne Maxner, B. A., (Mt. A.).
No. 15. Sister Rose Catherine, (Nellie Comeau), B. A., (Dal.).
No. 16. Janet Mabel White, B. A., (Dal.).
No. 17. Chesley Garfield Mosher, B. A., (Mt. A.).

## Partial.

Laura Aileen Blenkinsop, passed in English Minor.
Jean Pauline Campbell, passed in English Minor, Mathematics Minor.
Anna Mary Gunn, passed in English Minor.
Min William Edwin Harris, passed in Mathematics Minor, French Major, French
or, Mathematics Minor, Chemistry Minor.
Major Claude James W. Kedy, passed in English Minor, Physics Minor, Geology Major, Geology Minor, Chemistry Minor.
Minor Bradford Rhodes Hall, passed in English Minor, French Minor, Physics Mor, Geology Minor.
Karl Ernest Mason, passed in Geology Minor, Chemistry Minor.
Ralph Hartley Wetmore, passed in Physics Minor, Geology Minor.
Geology Minor. Wickwire, passed in English Minor, French Major, French Minor,
$M_{\mathrm{aj}}$ Fred Willard Winters, passed in English Minor, French Minor, Mathematics Major, Physics Minor, Chemistry Minor, Latin Minor. (Has completed the mination before graduation from University).

## PASS LIST, 1919.

## TEACHERS' PROVINCIAL EXAMINATIONS.

## MINIMUM PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATION.

[See Comments and Regulations of the Council of Public Instruction, "Licen" sing of Teachers," and Reg. 116, page 156. Journal of Education, April, 1919].


BARRINGTON-(7 candidates).

Enma Alexia Ward Stella Bernice Porter Thelma Augusta Merriam Kathleen Ellen Crossman Cassie Olivia D'Orsay Bernice Vera Charman

## AMHERST-(16 candidates).

| Roxanna E. MacKenzie Second Rank. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rose Trerice | " | BERWICK-(11 candidates). |  |
| Katherine Florence Dyas |  |  | ird Rank. |
| Bertha Mae Smith | ird | Emma Alberta Fisher T | Third ${ }_{\text {" }}$ |
| Jessie Edna Lowther | Third ${ }_{6}$ Rank. | Marguerite White |  |
| Cladys Alvina Bryenton |  | Grace Bernham McConnell |  |
| Clara Estella Carter | ، | Kathleen Abbie McConnell |  |
| Certrude Gladys Chapman |  | Frances El Roy Calkin |  |
| Margaret Helen McCallum |  | Helen Alexandra Pineo | " |
| Laura Smith Martin | 的 | Vera May Bowlby |  |

Liia Hazel MacLellan
ANNAPOLIS-( 6 candidates).
Harold Parker Troop
Mary Anna Chute Mildred Blanche Fairn Juanita Pearle Fouler
ANTIGONISH-(16 candidates).

| Anna Mae Hierlyhie | Third Rank. |
| :--- | :---: |
| Mary Margaret Gillis | ". |
| Lillian Margaret Gillis | ". |
| William Garvie | $"$ |
| Julia Sears | Margaret Agnes McLean |
| Elizabeth Hanrahan | $"$ |

BADDECK-(9 candidates).

[^3]BRIDGETOWN-(10 candidates).
Helen Dorothy Beals First Ranks Helen Morothy Beals $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Second Rank } \\ & \text { Pearle Marie Cole } \\ & \text { Mary Helen Walker } \\ & \text { Third Rank. }\end{aligned}$ " Leila Bernice Poole " Leone Alice Banks ،
Caroline Isabel Horton
Vivian Revola Longmire
BRIDGEWATER-( 16 candidates).

| BRIDGEWATER-(16 candidates) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Hattie R. Meldrum | Second Rank. |
| Amy Ellen Rafuse | Third ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Sadie Florence Ramee | " |
| Mabel Blanche Dauphinee | e |
| Hilda Grace Dauphinee |  |

CALEDONIA-(7 candidates).
Muriel Del Plaine Parker Second Rants.

| Ruth Carder Waterman Third Rank. Alice Harrington McLeod Hilda Filda Ball Jennie Matilda Nowe |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| CANNING-(4 candidates). |  |
| Vera Mildred Cox <br> Marjorie Mavourneen St | Third Rank. ong |

> CANSO-(1 candidate).

Annie L.aurie Swaine Third Rank.

## CHESTER-(30 candidates).,

${ }_{\text {F }}^{\text {ranistine }}$ Marie Hawboldt Third Rank.
${ }^{\text {Frances Veronica Boylan }}$
${ }_{B}$ Alice Hannah Meister
$V_{\text {Biola }}$ Barah Eisener
Viola Myrtle Hume
Marence Matilda Barkhouse
Lila Lian Irene Publicover
Wia Gladys Coolen
Minna Mae Cove
Minnie Blanche Coolen
CLARKS HARBOR-(2 candidates).
$\underset{\text { Charles Sheldon Williams Third Rank. }}{\text { Lydia Coote }}$

> DIGBY-(8 candidates).
${ }^{\mathrm{I} v o}$ Russell Thomas
Phyllis Evelyn Mas Second Rank.
Violet Eleanor Mayden
EValet Eleanor Hayden
Myrtle Inez Elle
Elis
EAST RIVER ST. MARYS-( 1 candidate).
Jean Mary Cameron Third Rank.
FREEPORT-(1 candidate).

GLACE BAY-(14 candidates).
Sadie H ill
Mary

Mary Lillian Driscoll<br>Wiiabeth Walsh<br>Marbert Henry Spenser<br>Mary McKinnon Kary E . McNeil<br>Katharine MacDonald

Second Rank.
$\because$
". $\quad \begin{gathered}\text { Katherine C. Mac } \\ \text { Sadie McDonald } \\ \text { M rgaret } \\ \text { B. Dela }\end{gathered}$

Third Rank.
Anna MacDonald
Third Rank.
Roderick A. Walker Thir"
Catherine Rebecca MacOdrum !
Margaret Mary Ferguson ".
Catherine Meehan ..."
Beatrice Langwith
GREAT VILLAGE-(7 candidates).
Leona Alberta McBurnie Third Ramk. Ida Pearl Carr

GUYSBORO--(10 candidates).
Lillian Maria Cook Third Rank.
Annie Edith Fulton
Mamie Jeanetta Brown
HALIFAX-(6 candidates).
Nellie Meta Wright Second Rank. Ellen Trider Lindsay

HALIFAX (ROCKINGHAM) - (44
Mary Julia Hallisey Acad. Rank.
Margaret McCarthy
Clara Agnes Egan Superior First Rank.
Mary E. Healy
Mary Frances Kennedy "،
Louise Emza MacIntosh First Rauk.
Mary Catherine McCluskey ".
Mary Ann Bond Burns "
Margaret Lorette Burns "،
Margaret Chisholm "
Sarah Jane Coady "
Helen Mary Edens
Catherine Clare Flanagan "
Monica Bridget Morley "،
Mary Ann McLean "
Ann Cecelia McNeil "
Agnes Norris
Teresa Josephine Ryan Second Rank.
Alice Addicott
Margaret Evelyn Baldwin ".
Marie R. A. Belliveau Maria Buchanan "
Elizabeth Maria Buchanan ".
Anna Gertrude Currie $\quad$ "
Madeleinc Catherine Margaret Kennedy "
Alice Margaret Kennedy
Anna Mildred Leary "
Katherine C. MacDonald ".
M rgaret B. Delaney Third Rank.
Gertruide Elizabeth deCourcy
Elizabeth McSween

| Martha Shannon Janet Katherine Ramisch Stella McLeod | Third Rank. |
| :---: | :---: |
| HANTSPORT-(5 candidates). |  |
| Donald Alexander Grant First Rank. <br> Ida Elizabeth Dunlop <br> Second Rank.  <br> Marion Elder Grant  <br> Third Rank.  |  |
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| Queenie Harriett E. Steven |  |

> INVERNESS-(25 candidates).

| Anna E. Macdonald Sec | Second Rank. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Elise Annie Glabais This | Third Rank. |
| Veronica Boyle |  |
| Margaret Eliza MacFarlane | ane |
| Martha May MacKinnon | - |
| Isabel Bessie MacLean | " |
| Annie Laura Campbell | " |
| Albyn Catherine MacDonald | nald |
| Clara Christina MacDougall | gall |
| Catherine McDougall | " |

JOGGIN MINES—(4 candidates).
Helen Elizabeth Pugsley Second Rank. Mary Leadora DesBarres
Theresa M. O'Regan Third Rank.
KENNETCOOK-(3 candidates).

Isabel Marie Fletcher $\quad$| Second Rank. |
| :--- |
| Hildred Miller |
| Ruby Freda Hill |$\quad$ Third Rank.

> KENTVILLE-(8 candidates).

Mazel Frances Kinsman Second Rank. Thelma Floyde Ross Christine Agnes Wamboldt " Margaret Alena Woodworth " Lillian Madeline Hiltz Third Rank. Eileen Kirk Willey

LIVERPOOL-( 12 candidates).

Grace Kathleen Smith Harriet Leonora Smith Vera Mildred McDonald
Helen Francenia Hicks

Third Rank. " "، "

LOCKEPORT-(4 candidates).

Mona Thompson
Abbie Keziah Seaboyer James Kenneth Huskins
Florence Jean Decker
LUNENBURG- (32 candidates).
Murray B. Emeneau
Grace Victoria Mosher
Dorothy Kathleen Parks
Lela Marguerite Schnare

First Rank. Third Rank. "

OXFORD--(18 candidates).
Leonce Susan Cove
Florence Pauline Smith
Florine Bessie Gilroy
Annie Isabel Mitchell
Edith Isabella MacDougall
Evelyn Ripley
Eva Elizabeth Mayne
Edith Mae Furlong
Annie Thompson Dickie
Second Rank.
Third Rank.
eotta Pearl Halliday
Helen Clair Thompson
Mildred Grace Johnston
Elta Lorina Hunter
Mary MacArthur
Wilma Beryl Baster

## PARRSBORO-(16 candidates).

Lena Hattie Doyle
Millicent Eloise Marsh
Nina Isabelle Marsh
Kathleen Christina Tracy
Beryl Raymond McLeod
Myrtle F. Lamb
Mildred Josephine McBurnie
PICTOU-(22 candidates).
Bernard Chisholm
I:illian Anna Cameron
John Murdoch Fraser
Alberta Sutherland
Nellie Mae Campbell
Ruth Kathleen Chisholm
James Arthur Forbes
Margaret Helen MacLean
Jean Isabel Robertson
Redvers Roberts Ross
Leah Hockin Graham
Francis E. Willard Sutherland
Katherine Gladys MacLeod
Mable Rosemonde Young
Violet Mae MacConnell
Donalda Ellena MacDonald
PORT HAWKESBURY-(17 candidates).
Mildred M. MacKichan
Bessie Mabel Grant
Sara Margaret MacLeod
Jessie Christina Mackenzie
Aelen Winnifred Laurie
Alice Margaret McKay
Gertrude Minerva Lamond
Gertrude Wilhelmina Meiller
James Leo Chisholm
Annie Margaret MacKenzie
Lillian Ethel Greaves
PORT HOOD-(9 candidates).
Mary MacLennan

Second Rank.
Third Rank.


SHEET HARBOR-(8 candidates).
Sedella May Myers
Second Rank. Winifred Marguerite Leslie Edith Belle Irwin Third Rank. Christina May Fancy

SHELBURNE-(8 candidates).
Margie Allen Harris Nina Louise Purney Second Rank. Third Rank.
Evelena Augusta McKenzie
Myrtle McLean "،
Margaret Albertina Doane
Winnifed Euphemia Bower
Winnifred Euphemia Bower
SHERBROOKE-(4 candidates).
Mrs. M. Hewitt Fleming
Mary G. MacMillan
First Rank. Third Rank.
Althea Caroline Wiggins
Jennie Greta Redmond
STELLARTON-(4 candidates).
Dorothy M. Cameron Third Rank.
Katharine Robertson
SAINT PETERS-(8 candidates).
Helen Frances Bissett Third Rank.
Annie Matilda MacRae
Margaret Sybil MacCuspic ""
Neil Kenneth MacLean
Alexandra Ross Murray ""
Elizabeth Viola Murray
Annie Agnes O'Toole $\quad$ ".
Annie Chisholm MacKenzie
STEWIACKE-(6 candidates).
Hilda Agnes Isenor
Edith Lillian• Brown
Second Rank. Third Rank.

SPRINGHILL-(34 candidates).


Margaret A. Bannerman First Rank. Margaret Macdougall Second Rank. Isabel Violet Blue
Sophie MacLeod
Christine O'Keefe
Mary Isabel Walton
Flora Margaret MacLeod
Agnes Mary MacKinnon
Margaret Teresa McDonald
Agnes Bernadette MacAulay
Murdena MacDonald
Catherine Walker
Caroline Mullins
SYDNEY MINES-(1 candidate).
TATAMAGOUCHE-(9 candidates).
Robert MacIvor Wilson Third Rank. Mary Elizabeth MacDonald ,
Margaretta Macleod
"
Eleanor Bassey Swan
Nina Eldora Hayman
TRURO-(17 candidates).
Floyd Edith Creelman
Tom Robie MacLachlan
Lincoln Martin Zinck
Second Rank.

Frank Fliot Archibald
Annie Letitia Johnson
Mary Grace Millett
Rose Loleta McNutt
Muriel Dickie Kent
Dorothy Jean Hughes
Janet Rose Setchell
Hilda Mary Wright
Muriel Alexandria Lockhardt

| Flizabeth M. MacLean | Third Rank. |
| :--- | :---: |
| Katherine Mar/ Wilson | "a |
| Glayds Whittier Custance | $"$ |
| Mary Minerva Withrow | $"$ |

> UPPER STEWIACKE-( 5 candidates).

Christy Frances Grant Second Rank.
Elsie Pearl Fisher
Alice Cairns Archibald
Ethel Blanche Reynolds Third Rank.
WALLACE-(5 candidates).
Elizabeth Blanche Purdy Third Rank.
Sadie Jean MacIntosh
Margaret Bythnia Moodie
WESTVILLE-(8 candidates).
Lottie May MacLeod
Leola Alice Campbell
Second Rank,
Third Rank.

WEYMOUTH-(4 candidates).
Vernon Scott Cosman Third Rank:
Elizabeth Marie Lewis
14
Madeline Zele Comeau
WINDSOR-(11 candidates).

| Myrtle Annie Sanford | Second Rank. |
| :--- | :---: |
| Harvey Everette Lake | Third Rank. |
| Emma Stuart Caldwell | " |
| Marie Josephine DeMont | $"$ |
| Mabel Rose Greenough | $"$ |
| Gladys Elaine Brown |  |
| Frances Adelaide Davidson | $"$ |

WOLFVILLE-( 3 candidates).
Minnie Irene Barkhouse Third Rank.
Daniel Jonathan Coldwell
LR. WOOD'S $\begin{aligned} & \text { dates }) .\end{aligned}$
Juanita G. Nickerson $\quad$ Second Rank.
Cedric Lester Sears
Greta Gould Goodwin Third Rank. Mamie Alberta Nickerson

YARMOUTH— ( 8 candidates).
Melford Grant
Hilda Rhoda Wyman
Marie Eva Robichaud
Hattie Ellenwood Gates
Catherine Marie Pothier

## PROVINCIAL NORMAL COLLEGE OF NOVA SCOTIA

## DIPLOMA AWARDS, 1918-19.

## Superior First Rank.

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## Qualified for Superior First on fulfilling conditions of age, experience, etc; meantime holding First Rank.

| Leta Marie Cochrane, B. A..... . Fox River . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. <br> Esther Lee Gould, B. A. . . . . . . . . Wolfville . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Kings. <br> Elizabeth Blanche Henry, B. A. .River John................ Pictou. <br> Clifford B. Chapman. . . . . . . . . . Oxford. ............... . . . Cumberland. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
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First Rank.


| Winifred Elizabeth Conroy | Stewiacke . . . . . . Colchester. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Elsie Gladys Corbett | Five Islands . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| Nellie Viola Corkum | Italy Cross . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| Evelyn Hope Crowell | Yarmouth . . . . . . . . . Yarmouth |
| Lydia Olive Densmore | East Noel . . . . . . . . . Hants. |
| Margaret Elizabeth Dickson | Dartmouth . . . . . . . . . Halifax. |
| Georgina Annie Dickson | Glace Bay. . . . . . . . . . Cape Breton. |
| Mary Georgina Fiske | Maitland. . . . . . . . . . . Hants. |
| Una Pearl Freema | So. Brookfield. . . . . . . Queens. |
| Janet: Marjorie Fullerton | Halfway River . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| Josie Bertha Geldart. | Stewiacke. . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| Margaret Gillis | Morar . . . . . . . . . . . . Antigonish. |
| Mary Elizabeth Gormle | Sydney . . . . . . . . . . . . Cape Breton. |
| Francis Eugenia Greig | Halifax. . . . . . . . . . . . . Halifax. |
| Rita Elizabeth Hiltz | Lawrencetown . . . . . . . Halifax. |
| Lillian May Horto | Canso. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Guysboro. |
| Bertha Ruth Jackso | Port Williams. . . . . . . Kings. |
| Edith Gertrude Jacks | Clarence . . . . . . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| Florence Hyacinth Jefferson | I.aconia. . . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| Laura Margaret Johnso | Lower Truro. . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| Muriel Iwilda Kennedy | Grand Pre. . . . . . . . . . Kings. |
| Marie Evangeline LeBla | W. Arichat . . . . . . . . . Richmond. |
| Grace Lavinia Lindsay | Londonderry Station. . Colchester. |
| Muriel Bigelow Loomer | Parrsboro. . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| Gertrude Sophia Lumsden | Truro. . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| Eva Dell McCulloch | DeBert Station. . . . . . Colchester. |
| Ellen Stuart McDougal | Truro. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| Annie Margaret McGra | Halifax. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Halifax. |
| Mary Katherine McKinno | Port Hastings. . . . . . . . Inverness. |
| Ruby Cecilia McLaughlin | Springhill. . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| Mary Margaret McLeod | Orangedale . . . . . . . . . Inverness. |
| Lenora Sarah Macleod. | N. E. Margaree . . . . . . Inverness. |
| Ida May MacLeod | Caledonia. . . . . . . . . Cape Breton. |
| Mary Catherine MacQuar | Sydney Mines. . . . . . . Cape Breton. |
| Margaret Katherine MacM | Albert Bridge. . . . . . . Cape Breton. |
| Etta Kathleen Marshall. | Springfield. . . . . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| Kathleen Mary Marshall | Onslow Station. . . . . . Colchester. |
| Nina Selby Meister | New Ross . . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| Muriel Josephine Mille | Bridgetown. . . . . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| Alice Irene Mitchell. | Milford Station . . . . . . Hants. |
| Gladys Ewart Moreh | . Centerville . . . . . . . . . Digby. |
| Elizabeth Catherine Mor | Spencer's Island. . . . . . Cumberland. |
| Jessie Coghill Moss. | Springhill. . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| Elsie Calder Muir. | . Eureka. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| Agnes Marion Murray | . Earltown. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| Blanche Louise Oxne | . Mahone. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| Edna Helen Power | .Stewiacke. . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| Pearl Violet Publicov | . Blandford . . . . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| Georgina Rebecca Ripl | . Amherst. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| Emma Glendenning Robin | . Chester . . . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| Mamie Alma Robinson. | Great Village . . . . . . . . Colchester |
| Lydia Jane Ross. | . Roberta. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Richmond. |
| Olive Bernice Shaw | Mid. Musquodoboit. . . . Halifax. |
| Verda May Staples. | . Belmont. . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| Anna Teresa Stuart | Mulgrave . . . . . . . . . . . . . Guysboro. |
| Minnie Alma Thomps | Oxford. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| Mabel Hunter Walsh. | Port Greville. . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| Muriel Hattie Westhave | . Mahone Bay . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| Lucy Adeline White | Noel. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Hants. |
| Viola Thornton Wils | . Belmont . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| Marion Fraser Williams | . Great Village . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| Clarice Audrey Zinck. | Mahone Bay... . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| Edna Rebecca Zink | Mahone Bay... . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| Reginald Lester Shaw | Centerville . . . . . . . . . . Digby. |
| Minnie Cooper Whitman. | Annapolis Royal . . . . Annapolis. |


| Minnie Dunn Anthon | . Kennetcook Cor | Hants. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Marion Fiske Lock | Lockeport |  |
| Gertrude Mosher. | .Stewiacke | Hants. |

Qualified for First Rank on fulfilling conditions of age, experience,
etc; meantime holding Second Rank.

| Helen Alberta Corkum. | Italy Cro | Lunenburg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ethelyn Blanche Cossaboom | Tiverton |  |
| Pearle Maude Davison | Hantsport | Cape Breton. |
| Hazel Forgan. | Sydney Mines. | Annapolis. |
| Jenipher Peryl Gilliatt. | Granville Center | Shelburne. |
| Margarer Penberthy Hood | Shelburne. | Digby. |
| Maryaret Ferguson Journeay | Weymouth | Colchester. |
| Annie Easdale Mendy. | Truro | . Cape Breton. |
| Dorothy Yvonne Reid | Win | Hants. |
| Kelma Teletta Youn | Blandfor | Lunenburg. |
| Nelsie Georgina Andr | Coxheath. | Cape Breton. |

## Second Rank.





| Kind | Diploma, First Rank. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Susie Gertrude Loga | Shubenacadie. . . . . . . Hants. |
| Sybil Estella Peel | . Truro. . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. Newfoundland. |
| Susie Taylor Pike. | . Grand Falls. . . . . . . . . Newioundand. |

Teacher's Diploma in Mechanic Science.
Edwin Kaulbach Ford. . . . . . . . . Milton. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Diympens.
Robery.

Domestic Science, course not completed.

| Marion | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Evelyn D. B | . Glace Bay............ Yarmouth. |
| Ethel M | Yarmouth . . . . . . . . . . . . . Hants. |
| Grorgina A . Dison | . ${ }^{\text {Glace Bay. . . . . . . . . . Cape Breton. }}$ |
| Edlen S. MacDougal |  |
| Dorothy Y. Reid | Windsor. . . . . . . . . . . . Hant |

Promotion of Students of Former Years.
From First to Superior First Rank.


| Lindsay Ambrose Thurber. | Wolfville . . . . . . . . . . . Kings. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Hubert Yelverton Haines. . | Halifax.... . . . . . . . . . . . . Halifax. |
| Ralph Evens Marshall | Kentville. . . . . . . . . . . . . Kings. |
| Elizabeth Mary LeBlano | Belliveau's Cove . . . . . . Digby. |
| Bessie Jean Dill. | Mid. Stewiacke . . . . . . Colchester. |
| Henrietta B. Herkes | Hebron..... . . . . . . . Yarmouth. |
| Ethel E. MacNeill. | Aylesford. . . . . . . . . . . Kings. |
| Lillian Belle Ripley. | Maccan . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland |

## From Third to Second Rank.

| ry ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | Copper Lake....... . . Antigonis |
| :---: | :---: |
| Minnie Ethel Langille | Londonderry Station. . Colchester. |
| Theresa Coady. | Margaree |
| Margaret Mary MacD | Maryvale. . . . . . . . . . . . Antigonish. |
| Maud Evelyn Morell | Freeport . . . . . . . . . . . Digby. |
| Annie Belle Cody. | Margaree Forks . . . . . Inverness |
| Marie Catherine | Cheticamp..... . . . . . Inverness |
| Nora Ethel Gates. | Head Chezzetcook. . . . Halif |
| lice Romai | Londonder |

## RURAL SCIENCE TRAINING SCHOOL. 1919.

The subjects of the course are numbered as follows: (1) Nature Study, (2) Botany, (3) Biology, (4) Chemistry, (5) Fysics, (6) Geology and Mineralogy, (7) Plant Diseases, (8) Entomology, (9) Horticulture, (10) Agriculture, (11) Bird Study, (12) Wether Work, (13) Woodwork, (14) Brush and Carboard Work.

Those markt " $D$ " have completed the full course and qualified for diplomas. Those markt * completed the course in Fysical Training only. Those markt $\dagger$ were doing post graduate work. To those markt " C " the certificate of one session's work has been granted.
Allen, Jennie C., Arcadia, Yar. Co., 1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, D.
Anthony, Louise, Kennetcook Cor., Hants, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, D.
Anthony, Minnie D., Kennetcook Cor., Hants, 1, $2,3,4,8,9,10,1113$, 14, D.
Archibald, Alice Cairns, Up. Musquodoboit, Halifax Co., 2, 3, 5, 8, 10 ,
Bannerman, Margaret, 493 Townsend St., Sydney, C. B., 2, 4, 6, 9, 14, C.
Beals, Helen D., Lawrencetown, Anna. Co., 1, 2, 8, $9,11, \mathrm{C}$.
Beaton, Olga R., Amherst, N. S., 1, 4, 5,
Bent, Cynthia Jane, Belle Ísle, Anna. Co., 1, 6, 9, 14, D.
Bent, Susie Augusta, Belle Isle Anna. Co., 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 13, 14, D.
Black, Dorothy C., Onslow Station, Col. Co., N. S., 1, 5, 8, 9, D.
$\dagger$ Boss, Marjorie, Athol, Cumb. Co., N. S.,
Bowden, Annie (Mrs.), 292 Townsend St. Sydney, 2, 4, 6, 10, 14, C.
Buckell, E. L. (Mrs.), Centre Rawdon, Hants Co., 2, 3, 6, 7, 11, C.
Burrows, Mary Louise, Yarmouth N. S., 1, 3, 4, 8, 9, C.
Butler, James Frederic, New Glasgow, N. S., 2, 3, 4, 8, 11, 12, C.
Cochrane Ethel, Windsor, D.
Cameron, Lillian Anna, R. R. No. 3, Pictou, N. S., 1, 2, 4, 8, 10, C.
$\dagger$ Campbell, Irma B., Bear River, Digby Co.
Carlyle, Janet, East Wallace, Cumb. Co., 1, 2, 4, 8, 11, 18, 14, D.
Chisholm, Margaret Marie, Five Islands, Col. Co., $1,3,6,8,11$, D.
tConrad, Ethel, 288 Oxford St., Halıfax, N. S.
Creelman, Annie H. (Mrs.), River John, Pictou Co.
Distant, Dorothy, Halifax, N. S.
$\dagger$ Distant, Mary L., Halifax, N. S.

- Driscoll, Mary Lillian, Glace Bay, C. B.

Dunlop, Ida, Hantsport, N. S., 1, 2, 6, 8, 9, C
Dyas, Katherine L., R. R. No. 3, Amherst, N. S.
Fillmore, Mary Minola, 47 Albion St. $10,11, \mathrm{C}$.
Fillmore, Mary Minola, 47 Albion St., Amhergt, N.'S., $2,4,6,9,14, C$.
$\dagger$ Finlayson, D. K., Grand River, C. B., 6, 7,
mether, Ethel, Up. Muequodoboit, Halifax Co., 8, 8, 6, 8, 10, C.

Fraser, John Murdoch, R. R. No. 1, Westville, N. S., 2, 3, 6, 8, C.
Gillis, Bertha, Dominion, C. B.
Gray, Alice Mary, Seafoam, Pictou Co., 2, 3, 10, 11, C.
Grant, Donald, Wolfville, 3.
Henderson, J. A., Truro, N. S.
Hennigar, Annie Katherine, Hennigar's, Hants Co., 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, D.
Holman, Alice Irene, Mid. Musquodoboit, Halifax Co., 2, $3,10,11, \mathrm{C}$.
Horsfall, Zaidee Tremaine, Annapolis Royal, N. S., 2, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, C.
Huggan, Gladys Lena, Avondale, Pictou Co., N. S., 2, 9, 10, 14, C.
tHyon, Myrna, Mahome Bay, N.S.
Jackson, Edith Gertrude, Clarence, Anna. Co., 1, 2, 4, 11, 13, 14, D.
Johnson, Nellie Gwendolyn, Oxford, Cumb. Co., 1, 3, 4, 10, D
ones, Olwen Gertrude, Springhill, N. S., 1, 3, 7, 8, 9, 11, D.
Kelso, M. Hazel, Parrsboro, N. S., 2, 4, 8, 10, 11, C.
Kent, Florence Swinburne, Stewiacke, Col. Co., 2, 4, 8, 11, 14, C.
Kinsman, Hazel F., Berwick, N. S., 1, 2, 6, 9, 14, C.
angille, Minnie E., Londonderry Station, Col., Co., 2, 3, 8, 11, C.
Lantz, Verta P., New Ross, Lunenburg Co., 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 11, C.
Layton, Fannie' McKim, Wallace, Cumb. Co., 1, 2, 7, 9, 11, C.
${ }^{\mathrm{Mg}} \mathrm{gan}$, Edward Donald, Aberdeen, C. B., 1, 6, 9, 11,'C.
McConell
McColl, Kathleen A., Welsford St., Kings Co., 1, 5, 10.
McConell, Grace Bernham, Welsford St., Kings Co., 1, 2, 5, 10, C.
Ma lum, Martha G., R. R. No. 5, Amherst, N. S., 1, 2, 6, 11, C.
Macdonald, Anna Elizabeth, Inverness, C. B., 2, 3, 6, 10, C.
Macdonald, Jessie Robena, Cain's Mountain, C. B., 1, 10,
MacDonald, Mary Elizabeth, Balinoral Mills, Col. Co., 2, 4, 5, 6, C.
Macdonald, Mary Jane, Reserve Mines, C. B.
*Metridge, Helen Blanche, Brookvale, Halifax Co., 2, 3, 10, 11, C.
Mack nnis, Eva May, West Gore, Hants Co.
MacKay, Marion A., East Earltown, Col. Co., 2, 5, 7, 10, C. 11, D.
MacKinnon, Mary Katherine Port Hastings, Inv. Co., 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 11, D.

Macl
MacLean, Elizabeth Margaret. Riversdale, Col. Co.
Mcleod, Christine, 163 South Bentick St., Sydney, 2, 4, 6, 9, 14, C.
MacLeod, Lottie May, Westville, N. S.
Macteod, Mary M., Orangedale, C. B., 3, 6, 11, D.
*MacWi, Sarah, Orangedale, C. B., 1, 4, 11.
Malcolm illiam, Margaret Muriel, Stellarton, N. S.
Mallette, Jennie, Tatamagouche, Col. Co., 1, 2, 3, D.
Marsh, Millicent E., Lower Five Islands, Col. Co., 3, 6.
Marsters, G. M., Hantsport, N. S.
Millett, Mnnabel, Hedgeville, Pictou Co., 2, 7, 11, 14, C. 11, 13, D.
Myert, Mabel Viola, Lunenburg, N. S., 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, D.
NNors, Sedella May, Spry Harbor, Halifax Co., 4, 5, 10.
Nelsoo, Marjorie, Canning.
${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$ Brien Florence Bailly, Truro, N.S.
${ }^{\prime}$ 'Ken, Miles Angus, East Gore, Hants Co., 2, 3, 4, 5, 12, C.
${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{L}$ Learfe, Christine, Box 528, Glace Bay, C. B.
${ }^{4}$ Pearker, Lyda E., Harcourt, New Brunswick.
Princer, Muriel DelPlaine, Caledonia, Queens Co.
Punce, Arthur Reginald, Truro, N. S., 4, 7. Cum. Co., 2, 4, 6, 10, C.
Reid, Mey, Helen E., R. R. No. 2, River'Hebert, Cum. Co., 2, 4, 6, 10, C. Ritchie Muriel Belle, Pictou, N. S., 4, 3, 5, 6, 8, D.
Schie, Hazel G Morden, Kings Co., N. S., 1, 2, 3, 10, C.
Simmidt, June Sophia, Bear River, N.S., 2, 4, 5, 9, 10, C.
Sm, Jennie Proctor Gore Hants Co. $1,2,3,8,9,10,11, \mathrm{C}$.
pencer, Wilbert Henry, Mira Gut, C. B., 2, 3, 6, 8, 11, C.
Stonford, P. C., Dartmouth, N. S., D.
$S_{\text {toddard, }}$ Zaidee Fraser, Clam Harbor, Halifax Co., 2, 3, 5, 8, 10, 1.1, C.
Sutherlan, Wylie, Bridgetown, N. S.
land, Frances E. W., R. R. No. 3, Pictou, N. S., 11-14.
Sutherland, Gladys Jemima, Earltown, Col. Co., 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, D. Troop, Harold P., Granville Ferry, N. S., 2, 4, 5, 13, C.
Urquhart, Gertrude A., Montrose, Col. Co., 1, $2,6,11,{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{C}$.
$\dagger$ Verge, Ethel, Barss' Corner, Lunenburg Co.
Waller, Mary Elizabeth, Box 865, Truro, 2, 3, 8, 11, C.
$\dagger$ Walley, M. Grace, Newport, Hants Co., 7, 11 ,
Welton, Mary Isabel, Springhill, Cumb. Co., 9.
$\dagger$ Wetmore, R. H., Yarmouth, N. S.
White, Ida May, Upper New Horton, Albert Co., N. B. †Wood, Ruby A., Annapolis Royal, N. S.
Wyman, Hilda R., R. M. D., No. 2, Yarmouth, N. S., 1, 3, 4, 9, C.
Young, Alva Jane, Brighton, Digby Co., N. S., 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, D.
Number granted Diploma . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 21
Number granted Certificate (pass in 4 or more subjects) 44
Number passed in less than 4 subjects................. 20
Number taking drill only.................................. . . . 6
Number already graduates.............................................. 15
Total Enrolment ..... 106

## TEACHERS' LICENSES, 1918-1919.

ACADEMIC HEADMASTERS, 1918.

"A" SUPERIOR FIRST, 1918.

|  | Halifax. | Halifax. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 46-Josephine Ma | Dominion |  |
| 47-Harlen Levi Densmo | Noel Shore | Cape Breton. |
| 48 -Ruth Thelma Boyd | Sydney | Colchester. |
| 49 Sabel Macrae Meth | Trur |  |
| 4-Margaret Jessie MacMa | Long Po |  |

"A" SUPERIOR FIRST, 1919.

| 1-Florence Elder MacKinnon. | Sydney | Cape Breton. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3-Hilda May Douglas. . . . . . | Berwick. ... | Antionish. |
| Alexander MacDonald | .Fraser's Mills | Antig $\mathrm{Cumberland}$. |
| Ralph Maurice Moore. | Apple River | Halifax. |
| Pearl Clayton Stanford | Dartmouth. | Cape Breton. |
| 7-Marjorie McMahon. | . New Aberdeen | Annapolis. |
| 8-Darry L. Bustin | Melvern Squar | Halifax. |
| 9-Dorothy Elizabeth | Dartmouth | Cumberland. |
| 10 - Leona Victoria Hennesse | Joggins | Colchester. |
| 11-Marles Alexander MacKay. | Truro | Halifax. |
| $13-\mathrm{Mary}$ Alena Hamilton | Halifax | Halifax. |
| 14-Eenedict McLarty Matheso | Halifax | Colchester. |
| $15-\mathrm{R}$ | Truro. | Lunenburg. |
| $1_{6}$ - Irvssell Clark Zinck. | Chester | New Brunswick. |
| 17-Edine Berton Rouse | Corn Hill. | Hants. |
| 18-Sdith May Drillio | Maitland | Cumberland. |
| $19-$ Badie Rebecca Fullert | Pugwash | Guysboro. |
| $20-$ eryl Sophia Lipsett | Guysboro | Cape Breton. |
| 21-Ronald McNeil. | Sydney | Cumberland. |
| 22 - ${ }^{\text {eginald }}$ Nelson Ripley | Amherst. | Lunenburg. |
| 23. Anna Anita Pickles | Mahone Bay | Halifax. |
| 24-Man Gregory Harris | Halifax | Antigonish. |
| 25-Mary Marjorie McDonald | Antigonish | Annapolis. |
| 26-Max Gordon Saunders | Paradise | Annapolis. |
| 27 - Ernon Lamond Pearso | Melvern Squ | Cape Breton. |
|  | Sydney | Kings. |
| 80-Muriel Victoria Roscoe | Centreville | Pictou. |
| $3^{1}$ - ${ }^{\text {ean Henry }}$ | River John | Digby. |
| 32 Maisy Eliphal Nichols | Acaciavil | Colchester. |
| $3{ }^{3}-\mathrm{Garion}$ Agnes Doane | Truro | Digby. |
| 84-Mrace Gwendolyn McKay | Brighton | Lunenburg. |
| 35-Morris Osborne Maxner. | Lunenburg |  |
| is ham). Raphael (Hannah <br> 36-Anna <br> m).. | Mt. St. Vincent E. River St. M | Halifax. Pictou. |


"B" FIRST, 1918.

| Ila May Logan | Stewiacke | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 125--Ruby Helen Hartley | Truro | Colch |
| 126--Dora Mason Cochrane | Sydney | Cape Br |
| 127-Beatrice Emily Allum | Halifax | Halifax. |
| 128--Mary Ellen Rogers | E. Roman Valle | Guysboro. |
| 129-- Ruth Rockwell Fowler | Bridgetown | Annapolis. |
| 130-Mildred Beatrix Warner | . G oldboro. | Guysboro. |
| 131- Minnic Cooper Whitman | Annapolis Royal | Annapolis. |
| 132-Mary Grace MacNaughton | . Salt Springs | Antigonish. |
| 133-Margaret Constance Eisenha | Mahone Bay | burg. |
| 134--Mary Etta Ring |  | Digby. |

'‘B' FIRST, 1919.



| 85-Mary Gertrude Brown | Clark's Harbor | lbu |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 86-Hilda Alice Fountain | Up. Middleton | . |
| 87-Mrs. Martha Hewitt Flemming | Port Hilford | Guysboro. |
| 88-Donald Alexander | Wolfville | Kings. |
| 89-Ethel Margaret Allen | North Sydney | Cape Breton. |
| 90-Samuel Emerson Thurb | Freeport | Digby. |
| 91-Lenora Sarah McLeod | N. E. Marga | Inverness. |
| 92-Daniel MacLean | Inverness. | Inverness. |
| 93-Ellen Stuart MacDougall | Truro... | Colchester. |
| 94-Sister Agnes Columba (Mary |  |  |
| Bond).... | Mt. St. Vincent | Cumber |
| 95-Evelyn Verlie M. Chapman | Fort Lawrence | Cumberl |
| 96-Marion Fiske Locke | Lockeport | Shelburn |
| 97-Maria Muriel Greenwood | Halifax | alifax. |
| 98-Ethel Ermina MacNeil | Aylesford. | Kings. |
| 99-Margaret Gillis. | West River | . Antigonish. |
| 100-Mary Catherine MacQ | Sydney Mines | Cape Breton. |
| 101-Janet Carlyle. | .East Wallace | Cumberland. |
| 102-Ira Day Mader | . Mader's Cove | Lunenburg. |
| 103-Nora Neill Power. | . Halifax. | Halifax. |
| 104-Mrs. Annie Bowden | .Sydney | Cape Breton. |
| 105-Jennie Proctor Sim. | West Gore | Hants. |
| 106-John Angus Nicholson. | Glace Bay. | Cape Breton. |
| 107-Helen Dorothy Beals. | Lawrencetown | Annapolis. |

"C"' SECOND, 1918.
155-Vera Huntingdon Knox. . . . . . . . . . Riversdale. . . . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg.

156-Jane Lysaght.................... . . . Springhill
157 -Neva Annie MacLeod. . . . . . . . . . . . . Pugwash Jct. . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland.
158-Lottie Mary Allen
New Glasgow
159-Gladys Jean MacKinnon
160-Martha Lucilla Fulton.
Maple Grove
Great Village...........Hants.
161-Laura Gertrude Cameron. ........ Bridgetown. ........... . Annapolis.
162-Mary Jeanette Robinson......... . Wilmot . . . . . . . . . . . . . Annapolis.
163-Sister M. Xavier (Crace E. Brett). Mt. St. Vincent. . . . . . . . Halifax.
164-Muriel Belle Reid
Pictou
Pictou.
165-Susie Laetitia Giffen . . . . . . . . . . . . Sydney River. . . . . . . . . . Cape Breton.
166-Maud Olive Langille. . . . . . . . . . . Tancook Island . . . . . . . Lunenburg.
167-Dorothea Mae Harding.
Rockland
Shelburne.
168-Mabel Gertrude Nichols
Kentville.
.Kings.
169-Ethel Gladys Walker.
Joggins Mines
Nictaux Falls
Cumberland.
170-Hattie Evelyn Ritcey
171-Mary Hazel Armstrong. . . . . . . . . . . Black Point. . . . . . . . . . Halifax. Cumberland.

172-Mary Jean Rutherford . . . . . . . . . . Newton Mills. . . . . . . . . Colchester.
173-Sister St. Marie Beatrice........... Mt. St. Bernard. . . . . . . . Antigonish.
17.1-Nella Meta Wright . . . . . . . . . . . . Elmsdale. . . . . . . . . . . . . Hants.

175-Jennie McRay Malcolm . . . . . . . . Tatamagouche . . . . . . . . Colchester.
176-Sarah Ruben Lyons. .............. Yarmouth. . . . . . . . . . . Yarmouth.
177-Lucy Agnes LeBlanc . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Friar's Head. . . . . . . . . . Inverness.
178-Sister Anita Margaret (Annie
Dwyer) .......................Mt. St. Vincent....... . Halifax.
179—Edith Elizabeth Canning . . . . . . . . . Parrsboro . . . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland.
180-Irene Helen Cottam.....................Foll $/$ Mtn........... . Colchester.

## "C' SECOND, 1919.



## JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.



| 70-Sister Maria Austin (Mary E. Mc- <br> Intosh). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Mt. St. Vincent . . . . . . . Halifax. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 71-Sister Vincent Marie (Jessie F. <br> O'Donnell). ................. . . Mt. St. Vincent . . . . . . . Halifax. |  |
| 72-Sister Mary Anatolie (Annie ${ }_{\text {Trahan) }}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . Mt. St. Vincent. . . . . . . Halifax. |  |
|  |  |
| 73-Elizabeth Mary LeBlanc | Belliveaus Cove. . . . . . . Digby. |
| 74-Sarah Ruth Monroe | Trenton. . . . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 75-Annie Violet Cameron | Hopewell. . . . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 76-Jessie Margaret MacQuarrie | Pictou. . . . . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 77-Elsie Calder Muir | Eureka. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 78-Addie Marguerite Teed | Freeport. . . . . . . . . . . . . Digby. |
| 79-Sadie Beatrice Crouse | Springfield . . . . . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| 80-Ethelyn Blanche Cossab | Tiverton. . . . . . . . . . . . Digby. |
| 81-Margaret Jessie MacLellan | S. W. Margaree . . . . . . Inverness. |
| 89-Mary Alice Somers | Grosvenor. . . . . . . . . . . Guysboro. |
| 83-Emily Catherine Baker | New Cumberland. . . . . . Lunenburg |
| 84-Ethel Maud Stevenson | Middleton. . . . . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| 85-Guy Boomer Stevens | Truro. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Colcheste |
| 86-Mary Catherine MacE | Creignish Stn.. . . . . . . . Inver |
| 87-Marie Evangeline LeBlanc | W. Arichat. . . . . . . . . . Richmond. |
| 88-Agnes Florence Smith | Lr. Ohio . . . . . . . . . . . . Shelburne |
| 89-Annie Belle Cody | Margaree Forks . . . . . . Inverness. |
| 90-Olive Letitia Park | Owls Head Hbr.. . . . . . Halifax. |
| 91-Thelma Mary Turple | Apple River. . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 92-Alice Irene Mitchel | Milford Stn. . . . . . . . . . Hants. |
| 93-Rose Trerice | Amherst. ... . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 94-Bertha Mae Smith | Nappan Stn.. . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 95-Mabel Jean Robert | Bayhead . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 96-Julia Belle Fife | Five Islands . . . . . . . . . Colchester |
| 97-Pearle Forgan | . Sydney Mines. . . . . . . . Cape Breton. |
| 98-Beulah Maria Stead | . Hampton.. . . . . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| 99-Maria Estelle LeBlanc | Little Brook . . . . . . . . . Digby. |
| 100-Susie Augusta Bent | Granville Centre . . . . Annapolis. |
| 101-Margaret Ferguson Journea | . Weymouth . . . . . . . . . . . Dighy. |
| 102-Florence B. Nelson | .Truro. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 103-Jenipher Pernberthy Hood | Shelburne . . . . . . . . . . . She |
| 104-Evelyn Barbara Amirault | .Lr. E. Pubnico. . . . . . Yarmout |
| 105-Doris Lillian Alice Ross | . Berwick. . . . . . . . . . . . Kings. |
| 106-John Murdock Fraser | . Westville . . . . . . . . . . . Pictou, |
| 107-Helen Elizabeth Pugsley | . River Hebert . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 108-Georgie Anna McKay. | Meadowville. . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 109-Katherine Isabel MacKay | . Meadowville . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 110-Jennie Ernesteen Boliva | . Baker Sett. . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg |
| 111-Dollena McLeod | . Whitney Pier . . . . . . . . . Cape Breton. |
| 112-Mary Margaret MacVicar | Caledonia Mines Cape Breton. |
| 113-Hazel Frances Kinsman | Berwick. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Kings. |
| 114-Sister Regina Mercedes (Cecelia McNeil) |  |
| 115-Sister M. Columbine (Cousetta |  |
|  |  |
| 116-Katherine Alexandria Young | Millsville. . . . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 117-Lelia Lucy Smith. | Necum Teuch . . . . . . . . Halifax. |
| 118-Marie Fva Robichau | Cape St. Mary . . . . . . . Digby. |
| 119-Harold Parker Troop | Granville Ferry . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| 120-Lottie May MacLeod | Westville. . . . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 121-Thomas Robin MacLa | Great Village . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 122-Mary Jane Macdonald | Reserve Mines . . . . . . . Cape Breton. |
| 123-Hazel Greta Wilson | Springhill. ... . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 124-Minnie Ethel Langill | Londonderry Stn...... Colchester. |
| 125-Katherine Florence Dyas | Amherst.... . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 126-Hilda R. Wyman | Yarmouth. . . . . . . . . . . . Yarmouth. |
| 127-Sedella May Myers | Spry Harbor. . . . . . . . . Halifax. |
| 128-Jessie Jennie Dauphine | Lunenburg. . . . . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg |


"D" THIRD CLASS, 1918.

|  | Port Montery | Queens. <br> Annapolis |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $230-H a r o l d$ Borden | Granville Ferry | Annapolis. |
| 292 -Bessie Edith | Woodb | Inverness. |
| 238 -Mary MacLen | Po | Guysboro. |
| 294 -Mary Isabel Dor | Cole Harbor | Cape Breton. |
| 235 Sadie Johnson. | Leitches Cr | Hants. |
| $236-$ Elizabeth Jane Miller | Hennigars | Shelburne. |
| $287-1 \mathrm{yy}$ Victoria Smith | Lockepor | Guysboro. |
| 238-May Isabel Dort | Cole Harb | Lunenburo. |
| 239 -Pearl Leita Broome | New Ross | Hants. |
| 240 Ethel Florence Brison | Lr. Burling | L unenbur |
| 241-Mabel Ida G. Young. | Lunenbu | Cape Breton. |

"D" THIRD CLASS, 1919.


| 24-Laura Augusta Callahan. | So. Manchester . . . . . . Guysboro. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 25-Marian MacDonald. | Heatherton. . . . . . . . . . Antigonish. |
| 26-Elfreda Mary Wiles. | Simpson's Corner . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| 27-Mabel Evangeline Kendric | Shag Harbor. . . . . . . . . Shelburne., |
| 28-Annie Margaret Dowling | Askilton. . . . . . . . . . . . . Inverness. |
| 29-Vernon Lamont Pearson. | Melvern Square . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| 30-Genesta Malcome Manuge | E. Southampton. . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 31-Gladys Muriel Hall | Burlington. . . . . . . . . . . Kings. |
| 32-Florence Ada Nieforth | North Alton . . . . . . . . . . Kings. |
| 33-Marjorie C. MacPhee | Victoria Mines . . . . . . . . Cape Breton. |
| 34-Fdna Louise Fullerton | Parrsboro. . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 35-Hilda Pearle Coolen | Fox Point . . . . . . . . . . . -unenburg. |
| 36-Emma Amelia Smith | Amherst. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 37-Minnie G. Aitcheson | Wallace Stn.. . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 38 - Jessie Drysdale. | Wallace . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 39-Susan Dove Dewar | Marshy Hope. . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 40-Helen Alberta Corkum | Italy Cross . . . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| 41-Mildred Gertrude Wardrop | Milford Stn. . . . . . . . . . Hants. |
| 42-Alice May Skerry. | Londonderry. . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 43-Etta Maie Hall.. | Kinsmans Cor.. . . . . . . . Kings. |
| 44 -Bertha Elizabeth Garrison | Indian Harbor . . . . . . . . Halifax. |
| 45--Hilda Rhoda Wyman. | Yarmouth . . . . . . . . . . . . Yarmouth. |
| 46-Beatrice Evans. | Truro. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 47-Mildred May Ran | Up. Northfield . . . . . . . . Iunenburg. |
| 48 -Flora May Ling. | Inverness. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Inverness. |
| 49-Margaret A. MacDonald | Sydney.... . . . . . . . . . . . Cape Breton. |
| 50-Eleanor Hazel Trenholme | Brookfield. . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 51-Georgia Magnolia Toole | Londonderry Stn. . . . . . Colchester. |
| 52 -Leonce Susan Cove | Springhill. . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| $53-\mathrm{Ce}$ elia Chisholm | Lr. So. Kiver . . . . . . . . Antigonish. |
| 54-Margaret Hardy Hayden | Jordan Falls . . . . . . . . . . Shelburne. |
| $55-\mathrm{Charlotte} \mathrm{des} \mathrm{Lauriers}$. | Tracadie . . . . . . . . . . . . . Antigonish. |
| 56--Jean MacLean | New Glasgow . . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 57-Clara H. LeBlanc | Margaree Forks . . . . . . . Inverness. |
| 58-John D. Macdonald | St. Esprit $\qquad$ Cape Breton. |
| 59-Annie Beatrice Forbes. | Tatamagouche . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 60-Eva Gertrude Custance | So. Maitland. . . . . . . . . . Hants. |
| 61-Alena Elizabeth Algee. | Salt Springs . . . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 62--Dorothy Jean Hughes. | . Princeport. . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 63--Floyd Edith Creelman. | Old Barnes . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 64-Neil Kenneth MacLean | . East Lake Ainslic . . . . . Inverness. |
| 65-Marguerite Agnes MacIs | Port Hood. . . . . . . . . . . . Inverness. |
| 66-Jean Aiton Leadbetter. | .Springhill. . . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 67 -Linda Sophia Ross. | Springhill. . . . . . . . . . . . . .Cumberland. |
| 68-Mary Constance Gilroy. | . River Philip Cen.. . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 69-Mathew Heslop Nicholson | Springhill. . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
|  | Denmark. . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 71-Margaret Alma Woodworth | . Pt. Williams . . . . . . . . . . Kings. |
| 72-L eona Alberta McBurnie | Five Islands . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 73-Lillian Madeleine Hiltz. | . Kentville. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Kings. |
| 74 - Marion Elder Grant.. | Wolfville $\qquad$ Kings. |
| 75-Greta Gould Goodwin. | Woods Hbr. . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {Wings. }}$ Shelburne. |
| 76-Marie Josephine DeMon | Hartville . . . . . . . . . . . . . Hants. |
| 77-Mary Jane MacKenzie | Westville. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 78-Elmer Russell McMullen | Wentworth Stin.. . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 79-Elizabeth Blanche Purdy | Malagash. . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 80-Bertha Louise Johnson | Stake Road. . . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 81-Hazel Vance Miller . . . | W. Sheet Hbr. . . . . . . . . . Halifax. |
| 82-Ruby Annabel Mason | Eastern Points . . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| 83-Edith Belle Marshall. | Cen. Clarence. . . . . . . . Annapolis: |
| 84-Mabelle Sarah Comeau. | Southville . . . . . . . . . . . . Digby. |
| 85-Evelena Augusta McKenzie | Jordan Ferry . . . . . . . . Shelburne. |
| 86-Thersa Margaret O'Regan | Joggin Mines . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 87-Margaret Helen McCallum . | St. John. New Brunswick |


|  | pewell. | Pictou. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 89-Minnie Wright | Pugwash |  |
| $90-$ Annie Laura Swa |  | ngs. |
| 91 -Mildred Lorena Wood | Amherst | umberland. |
| 98 -Gladys Alvina Bryento | Amherst. | mberland. |
| 94-Laura Smith Martin | Nappan Stn. | Cumberland |
| 95-Aubrey Claude | Dutch Sett. |  |
| 96- Emma Alexia Ward | Advocat | Pictou. |
| $9_{8}{ }^{-}$-Christina Ann McD | New Glasg | Hants. |
| 99-Mildred Evadne Ling | Five Islan | Colchester. |
| $100-$ Blanche M. Davies | Whiteside | Richmond. |
| 101-Muresa Annie Doyle | Victoria Mines. | Cape Breton. |
| 102-Elizabeth McDsween. | New Waterford | Cape Breton. Cape Breton |
| 103-Ada Atwood | New Waterford | Shelburne. |
| 105 -Verna Isabelle Reynolds | Cape Negro | Hants. |
| 100 Maude Lillias Crandall | Hantspo | Kings. |
| 107-Thelma Floyde Ross | Kentville | Shelburne. |
| 108-Winnifred Euphemia B | Lower Ohio | Pictou. |
| $109-$ Leola Alice Campbe | Blue Menburg | Lunenburg. |
| $110-$ Frances Mae Tanne | Riverport | Lunenburg. |
| 111-Dorothy Margaret | Stellarton | ctou. |
| 112 Lottie Belle Higgins... | Newcombe C | Annapolis. |
| 114-Wilma Evelyn Phinne | So. Farmingt | Annapolis. |
|  | No. Range. | Digby. |
| 116-Vazel Eudora McNeil | Brighton. | Digby- |
| 117-Mary M Scott | Hartford | 年mberland. |
| 118 - Eva Marjorie MacKio | Pugwash | olchester. |
| 120 -Viola Mae McLellan | Bass River | Antigonish. |
| 121 -Mary Margaret Gillis. | Head | Colchester. |
| 122 -Annie Letitia Johnson. | Truro | Lunenburg. |
| 123-Melen Bernice Marton | Mt. Borden | Inverness. |
| 124-Emirgaret Eliza McFar | (rays River | Colcheste |
| 125-Ruily Ormand Suthe | Mid. River | Victoria. |
| 126 - Alice Hebecca MacR | New Ross |  |
| 128 -Viola Myrtle Hume. | Chester ; ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | unenburg. |
| 129 Mary Grace Millett. | Mariott's | Pictou. |
| 130 Margaret Alice Chishol | Moose River | Shelburne. |
| 181-2iba Adele Nickerson | C. Sab | Guysboro. |
| 182 - Jennie Greta Redmond | Liscombe...... | Shelburne. |
| 138 - Marma Mae Hitchens.. | Barringt Mills. . . | Colchester. |
| $134-$ Bers Elizabeth MacDo | Barltown | Colchester |
| ${ }_{186}^{80-F l o r e n c e ~ M a t i l d a ~ B a r k h o u s e ~}$ | Chester | Victoria. |
| $1: 7$ Marion Christina MacRae | Baddeck Bridg | Richmond. |
| 188 - Bessie Mabel Grant | Grantville | Cape Breton. |
| 139 Sophia MacLeod. | Albert Brid | Cape Breton. |
| 140 Agnes B. MacAula | Victoria Min | Cape Breton. |
| 141-Agnes Mary MacKinnon | Glace Bay | Cape Breton. |
| 142-Margaret Ann MacKinnon | Beaver | Richmond. |
| 143-Flora Margaret MacLeod | Framboise | Cape Breton. |
| 144 - Pright Lavania McCab | Coxheath. | Digby. |
| 145 - Phyllis Mallet | So. Range | Pictou. |
| 146 - Bernard Chisholm | Westv | Yarmouth. |
| 147 Hattie Ellenwood Ga | Kempt | Kings. |
| 148 - Daniel Jonathan Cold |  | Digby. |
| 149 - Eva Cora Chute | Digby....... | ants. |
| 150 - Muby Freda Hill. | Moose Bra... | lchester |
| 161-Ruriel Alexandria Lockhart. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Brooknela.. } \\ & \text { Dellert Stn. } \end{aligned}$ | olchest |


| 152-Ida Pamela Blackburn | Hantsport. | Hants. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 153-Jennie Luetta Tanner | Lunenburg | Lunenburg. |
| 164-Mary MacKinnon | Glace Bay | Cape Breton. |
| 155-Mamie Alberta Nicke | Woods Harbor | Shelburne |
| 156-Violet May Rice | E. Torbrook | Annapolis. |
| 157-Agnes Watts Bell | Port Hood. | Inverness. |
| 158-Kathryn Willoughby Purdy | Bear River | Digby. |
| 159-Millicent Eloise Marsh | L.r. Five Islands. | ster. |
| 160-Sister M. Calixtus (Mary |  |  |
| Doucet) | Mt. St. Vincent. | Halifax. |
| 161-Sister M. Ignace (T. J. Ryan). | Mt. St. Vincent | Halifax. |
| 162-Sister M. Dorotheus (Margaret Proveucher). | Mt. St. Vincent | Halifax. |
| 163-Margaret Jane MacKinnon | Port Hastings | Inverness. |
| 164-Irna Jessie MacKenzie | Meadowville S | Pictou. |
| 165-Margie Allen Harris. | . Allendale | Shelburne. |
| 166-Annie Iona Sillers | River John | Pictou. |
| 167 -Donelda Ellena MacDonald | Picton Isle | Pictou. |
| 168-Ruth Beatrice Higgins. | . Brookvale | Halifax. |
| 169--Sister M. Isabelle (Mary Amirault). | Mt. St. Vincent |  |
| 170-June Sophia Schmid | . Bear River | Digby |
| 171-Mona Thompson | . Bridgewater | Lunenburg. |
| 172-Clara Estelle Armstrong | . Mount Hanley | Annapolis. |
| 173-May Irene Ruggles | . Deep Brook | Annapolis. |
| 174-Vera Elaine Palmer | . Melvern Square | Annapolis. |
| 175-Mildred Blanche Fairn | Annapotis Royal | Annapolis. |
| 176-Catherine Marie Pothier | .W. Pubnico. | Yarmouth. |
| 177-Mary Beatrice Longwith | . Glace Bay | . Cape Bretorl. |
| 178-Mary Elizabeth McNeil | . Glace Bay | Cape Breton. |
| 179-Jean Isabel Robertson. | . Salt Springs | . Pictou. |
| 180-Elizabeth Walsh. | . Bridgeport | Cape Bretoll. |
| 181-Sara Margaret MacLeod | Orancedale | Inverness. |
| 182-Hattie Rosalie Meldrum | Up. Branch | . Lunenburg. |
| 183-Melford Grant | Yarmouth | Yarmouth. |
| 184-Gertrude Viola Grant | Elderbank | Halifax. |
| 185-Frances Adelaide Davidson | Cheverie | Hants. |
| 186-Annie Matilda MacRae | West Bay | Richmond. |
| 187-Annie McDonald Chisholm | Sunny Brae | Pictou. |
| 188-Mabel Irene Fullerton | Halfway River | Cumberland. |
| 189-Elizabeth Margaret Maclean | Riversdale.. | Colchester. |
| 190-Elizabeth Viola Murray | St. Peters | Richmond: |
| 191-Frances Veronica Boylan | New Ross | Lunenburg. |
| 192-Eva Elizabeth Sproul | Granville lierry | Annapolis. |
| 193-Jennie Muriel Durling. | Springfield | Annapolis. |
| 194-Ingeborg E. B. Haight | Rossway. | Digby. |
| 195-Hildred Alice Harris. | Bear River | Digby. |
| 196-Caroline E. Horton | Up. Granville | Annapolis. |
| 197-Marjorie Gordon North | N. Ogden. | Guysboro. |
| 198-Hazel Louise DeForest | Bear River | Digby. |
| $199-\mathrm{N}$ na Louise Purney. | Shelburne | Shelburne. |
| 200-Alberta Sutherland. | Westville | Pictou. |
| 201-Vera Bowlby. | Whites Corner | Kings. |
| 202-Bernice Vera Charman | Joggins. | Cumberland. |
| 203-Nellie Mae Campbell. | Centredale | Pictou. |
| 204-Gertrude Nicholson | Barachois Hbr | Cape Bretol. |
| 205-Christie Ann Nicholson | Barachois Hbr | Cape Breton. |
| 206-Nora Mary McCarthy | Up. Grand Mira | Cape Breton. |
| 207-Martha May MacKimon | Brook Village | Inverness. |
| 208-Merle Vivian Berringer. | Lunenburg. | I unenburg. |
| 209-Maria Isabel Pow | N. Side East B | Cape Breton. |
| 210-Neil Gladstone MacKe | Grand River Fa | Richmond. |
| 211-Isabel Violet BJue | Blue's Mills | Inverness. |
| 212-Amy Louise Rafuse | West Dublin | Lunenburg. |

## PASS LIST, 1919. EVENING TEChNICAL SCHOOLS, NOVA SCOTIA.

## AMHERS $\Gamma$

English and Arithmetic-(Effie T. Mott,, Teacher).
III-Inez Austin; Harry Stiles; Courtenage Higgins. II-Nettie Stiles; Minna McLeod; Mary Wright; Isabel Teed; Corey Edgett; Tina Lanclay.

English and Arithmetic-(J. B. Muise, Teacher).
IV—Jennie Purdy; Marshall Hogan.; G. D. Noiles; Hazel Porter. D. E. Bookkeeping-(J. B. Muise, Teacher).

Jersie Freeman; A. McKinlay; J. O'Brien.
Elementary Shorthand and Typewriting-(Mrs. J. H. MacPherson, Teacher).
Pettedna Perry; Grace Forest; Mary Wlite; Constance Cresswell; Harrict Mitegrew; Florence Cranton; Lillian Ripley; Greta McLanghlin; Annie Mitchell; Myrtle Mallard; Lcona Fairfax; Winnie McCarthy; Grace Ripley; essie Edgett.

Shorthand and Typewriting-(Wynne Collins, Teacher).
Advanced-Catherine McKinlay; Bessie Colburn; Greta Nelson. Elem-entary-Dorothy Lowther; Sarah Seymour; Erna Martin; Mabel Ross; Maude Wetnam; Lottie Noiles; Margaret Ratchford.

## Dressmaking Ist-(Mrs. Frank Harper,'Teacher).

Mcciteta McIvor; Violet Rogers; Annie Austin; Harriet McCleave; Sadie Hecleave; Margaret Hopkins; Elsie Hough; H. H. Withrow; Winnifred Shand; Hazel Joudrey; Jean Hogan; Gussie Higgs; Lillian Baxter; Eva Hough; Edna Casan; Dorothy White; Ella Milner; Mary Wilde; Celeste Baker; Christina Casey; Alice Casey; Mrs. Frank Staples.

## Dressmaking-(Mrs. Fales, Teacher).

E. I-Twila Tower; Lena O'Neill; M. B. Coleman; Ruth Wheaton; Mrs. Bradaylor; Mrs. Charles Clarke; Beulah Tower; Pearl Harrison; Mrs. Thomas Gadner; Mrs. Charles Mills; Miss Pearl Edgett; Hazel Nicol; Esther Johnston, Bryendoline McCullum. II-C. E. Black; Mrs. Owen Duff. IIl-Mrs. Annie Automobile Ist-(L. S. Rand, Teacher).
$M_{r e}$ Max. Gueguen; Mrs. Steele; Miss Foster; Miss Coates; Miss Christie; Spe. Dibblee; Leo White; Cecil Gilroy; Lee Martin: Kenneth Gilroy; Cecil Ppence; C. McDonald; Miss Sterne; Miss Pipe; Mrs. (Col) Morris; Mrs. MeKenzie; Ernest Cormie:; Arnold Carty; Blair LeBlanc.

Automobile 2nd-(R. L. Rand, Teacher).
Willard P. Ogden; B. C. Munroe; W. R. Edgett; Charles Floyd; R. Keddy Charles Cookson; John Gould; Lloyd Chambers; Thaddy Gould; Arnold Embree; J. E. Taylor.

> Mechanical Drawing-(E. T. Urquhart, Teacher).

George Pearson; Robert Pearson; Kenncth Pinches; James Smith; Lewis Smith; Norman Hogan; Egbert Burgess; Raymond Pipes.

> Machine Drawing-(E. T. Urquhart, Tearher).

Ernest V. Bell; James M. Nickerson; Max Gueguen; Blair LeBlanc; Edward Legere; Lorne Boutilier.

Elementary Electrical-(W. W. Casey).
Knyvet Naftel; Thomas Lusby; Lloyd Mclaughlin; Grordon Royley; Stanley Coates.

## SYDNEY.

PIER.

## Preparatory English and Arithmetic-(S. N. Maceachern, Teacher).

John L. McDonald; Joseph Bruno; Lawrence Madigan; Hosford Hyndmani Gertrude McKeigan; Frederick Petrie; John Willett; Patrick Russell; FredBolon.

> Business English-(W. C. Creelman, Teacher).

Nellie Lohnes; Molly White; Annie Shaw; Marion MacKinnon; Earl MC Keigan; Joseph McLellan;Angus McDonald; Charlotte MacKeigan; McMillan; Dan McLeod.

Practical Arithmetic-(John T. Archibald, Teacher).
II-Alex. McDonald; Charlotte McKeigan; Clarence McCauig. IIV Alex. White; Nellie Lohnes; H. McMillan; Earle Smith; R. J. McNeil. Harold Read; Dan McLeod; W. Wentworth; Earl McKeigan.

Practical Mathematics-(R. Ellis, Teacher).
Alexander Kennedy; Edward Beaton; Robert McKinnon;' William Briggt; Robert Stevenson; M. M. Marshall.

## D. E. Bookkeoping I-(Mrs. Colpitts, Teacher).

Annie L. MacEachern; Annie MacKinnon; Sadie Shirley. II-Christie Morrison; Christina MacSween; Hilda Bezanson; Blanche McCuish.

## Mechanical Drawing-(W. S. Wilson, Teacher).

I-C. R. Brown; W. Joiner; J. McLellan; A. White; R. Ferguson. IIK. Dean; R. Mercer; B. Richards; W. Stuart; W. Hall; J. Bearse; L. McIsaac; J. MacDonald. III-D. Tulk; C. Campbell.

## Strength of Material - (Allan D. Jost, Teacher).

Daniel McDonald; Walter Joiner ; Donald McPherson; David Deveridge; Roderick McMillan.

> Chemistry-(G. E. Cameron, Teacher).
G. D. Bezanger; C. R. Bown; I. Forrestal; W. Gavsie; S. McDonald; R. McKenxie; A. J. Smith; A. Ollet head.

## JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.

## Elementary Electricity-(H. A. Chase, Teacher).

M. K. I. McDougall; M. L. Scott; H. Burt; Leonard Snow; R. Boutilier. Elementary Stenography and Typewriting-(Agnes E. Hamilton, Teacher).
Kargaret Bannerman; Gertrude Gillis; Gladys Glover; Rhoda McDonall; atherine McLeod; Katie Jeans Margaret Gillis.
Advanced Stenography and Typewriting-(Alice M. MacKinnon, Teacher).
Elizabeth Stalker; Irene Severance; Jean McKay; Isabel Walton; Helen M. Johnstone.

> Elementary Dressmaking-(M. MacIsaac, Teacher).

Irene Howlett; Mary Reid; Edith Berchal; Christina MacDonald; Emily Everal; Alice Sutty; Edna Barron; Eva Harris; Mrs. F. T. Walker; Mrs. Chas. $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{Un}}$; Mrs. MacMaster; Mrs. Hagal; Violet Severance.

Dressmaking-(Miss Theriault, Teacher).
Lena McLeod; Alice McKinnon; Mrs. Joseph Huntington; Margaret Gillis; Mary McSweeny; Lizzje McSweeny; Lottie Morrison; Pearl Morrison; Sadie Erguson; Margaret Belorger; Sherman Green; Mrs. Eric McKay; Mrs. J. H. WHITNEY PIER.

## Dressmaking-(Miss Theriault, Teacher).

Catha Putt; Mrs. H. V. Chisholm; Mrs. Richard Butler; Mamie House; Bertherine Gallagher; Hazel Cockell; Mrs. Hughie McDougald; Bella Smith;

## YARMOUTH.

English and Arithmetic-(A. J. McLeod, Teacher).
son. II-Arthur Cosman; Ivan Goldsmith; Harry Goudey. III-Clyde Nicker-
D. E. Bookkeeping-(Roy S. Keeley, Teacher).

Edith Clarence H. Smith; Miss E. E. Wetmore; Miss Ruth O. Hamilton; Miss M. Acyerson Fleet; Miss Etta F. Tooker; Miss Florence Rogers; Miss Margaret John F B. Cook; LeCaina Reveau; J. Malcolm Horton; Wm. C. Penny.

## Elementary Stenography and Typewriting-(Georgie A. C. Walsh, Teacher). <br> $0^{\prime}$ Rosie Hermann; Lena Saulnier; Margaret Walsh; Ida Muise; Gladys

 His Burrows; Winnie Burrell; Hazel Doane; Myrtle Jeffery; Mary Sesgars; PhyDressmaking I-(Ada M. Raymond, Teacher).Annie Delaney; Helen Cleland; Flora Cleland; Ruth J. Hopkins; Eliza
 Kathleen Daley: Artimese Muise Mrooks; Mrs. H. Eldridge; Miss Ethel Eldridge; Miss Jane Daley; Artimese Muise; Mrs. Giss Mamie Sapp; Miss Emma Noah.


## Mechanical Drawing-(Milford Grant, Teacher).

Harold Hopkins; Victor Seatey; Edwin Sollows; Warren Gridley; Jack Allen.

> Elementary Electricity-(H. J. Wyman, Teacher).

Edgar Kelley; Chas. Morrell; Jas. McMellon; Robt. Horton; Fred Gaudet; Geo. Goudey; Christopher Hildyard.

## GLACE BAY.

Bookkeeping-(John R. McLean, Teacher).
Margaret McInnes; Mrs. Alice Hills; Mabel Hillier; Ella Munn; Anns Cordiner; Viola Rankin; Annie McDonald; Nellie Murrant.

## Dressmaking-(Mary McLennan, Teacher).

I-Lily Jacobson. II-Gertrude McDonald; Lily Brody; Annie Michael; Elia McMahon. III-Maisie Kerr; Annie Hest; Esther Brody; Edith Lurie; Mary Warner; Ida Gold; Nettie Matthews.

Dressmaking-(Mrs. Chas, Phalen, Teacher).
I-Mrs. W. D. Rutherford; Mrs. James McMahon; Miss Cleive Dunn II-Mrs. A. Spencer; Mrs. Peter Roberts; Mrs. Wm. Petrie; Mrs. W. K. Mr Donald; Mrs. George Costey; Mrs. Neil Dunn; Miss Agnes McLean; Mrs. James Kennedy; Mrs. D. T. Shedden. III-Isabel Warner; Mrs. James Edwards; Miss Alma Peters.

Stenography and Typewriting I--(Miss M. E. McIntosh, Teacher).
Elizabeth Currie; Gertrude Spencer; Josie McNeil; Mary Phalen; Margarct McLeod; Belle Ferguson; Edna Spencer; Gertrude McKinnon.

> Stenography and Typewriting II-(Ethel McPherson, Teacher).

Mrs. Ida McAulay; Catherine McLennan; Bessie Cohen; Annie R. McKay; Mary Mclellan; Jennie McIntyre; Bessie McQuarrie; Elizabeth Hest; Mary Grant.

## HALIFAX.

Practical English and Arithmetic-(A. C. Hayford, Teacher).
Leonard Hilton; Fraser Moore.
Practical English and Arithmetic-(D. W. Hoare, Teacher).
Alice Hilton; Stella Yeomans; Kathleen Abraham; Anna Boyle; Alice McBrien; Mae Gerrard.

## Practical English and Arithmetic-(W. C. Stapleton, Teacher).

III-Arthur Bamford; Clarence Haystead; James Pickles; Clive M. Bow. man; R. Smith; R. Eisner. II-John Lennihan; Wilbert Fralick; Arthur B. Tanner; Edward Pope; Elbert E. Eld; H. Munro; I-Harold Blackburn James Galvin.

> Practical Mathematics-(Dr. H. D. Brunt, Tracher)

Ernest Page; Walter C. Hamilton; Karl Wilson; Walter Hilton; M. R. Ferguson; C. W. McCarthy; Wm. Mosher; Alfred Appleton.

## JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.

Single Entry Bookkeeping-(N. W. Hogg, Teacher).
Kenneth Robl; McKenzie Oulton; Gladys Canning; Hilda Vogler; Patrick Lahey; Chas. Butler; Chas. Landry; Pearl Conrad; Elsie Conrad; Thomas Mitchell; Ralph Nickerson; Marjorie'Howard.

## Double Entry Bookkeeping-(J. G. Rafuse, Teacher).

I-Emily Maxwell; Cyril Curric; Annie Ellis; Arthur Hatrher; J. R. Timman; Clyde Clancy; Pearl Johnson; Annie Meagher; Madeline Dooks; Geo. J. Butt. II-Sgt. Russel E. Lohnes; Mary Ryan. III-Chas. F. Payne. Dressmaking 1--iMrs. Anderson, Teacher).
Gussie Lovett; Violet Lovett; Gladys Hare; Lottic Pope; Marion Smith; Mary Picco; Enmic Silver; Alma Cook; Georgie Munroe; Myrtle Barrett; Gwendolun MacKay; Celia MacKay; Marie Nichol; Grace Benuett.

Dressmaking I--(K. J. O'Neill, Teacher).
Matildarence Chisholm; Hilda Mosher; Kathleen Cornfoot; Estella Mosher; Dressmaking II-(Katherine Connors, Teacher).
Lizzie Langille; Mrs. Horne; Mrs. Meahan; Sadie Iaba; Miss Boutilier; Miss Gibs.

## Dressmaking (Community House)-(Miss Dee, Teacher).

But-Mrs. R. Collins; Mrs. W. Foley; II-Mrs. Sydney Beswick; Mrs. A. Butler; Miss Lena Cashen; Miss A. Druhan; Mrs. Geo. Robinson; Miss Jullivan. III-Mrs. Geo. Thorne.

## Dressmaking II-(Mrs. Geo. Hunt, Teacher).

Mary M. Robertson; Mrs. E. Bowes; Ida Coolen; A. Douglas; Hilda Elliott; Alice Fulton; Mrs. E. M. Glass; Mary Langdon; Alice Lockwood; Agnes La ${ }^{\text {Pierre; Mrs. W. H. Mosher; Mrs. W. H. Mitchell; E. Manette; Ethel Reinhardt; }}$ Gladys Stewart; Mrs. Stephens.

Millinery-(Nora M. Garde, Teacher).
D-Lillian Covey; Carrie Higgins; Nellie Shatford; Miss Flannery; Mrs. Barbara Freeman; Mrs. Tremaine; Mrs. Farquharson; Dorothy Ronanye. M-Mrs. Cragg; Mrs. Wonnacott; Mrs. Ronanye; Mrs. Stevens; Mrs. Moreash; III Anderson; Rose Crossman; Alice Fultz; Miss Parker; Daisy Cooper; III-Mrs. Willis; Mrs. Cecil Hamm.

Millinery-(Miss M. Walsh, Teacher).
May Ward; Mrs. Seymore Huntington; Eleanor Saunders; Henrietta Adry; May Kinsman; Mrs. W. Boutilier; Miss Lillian Lively; Miss Kathleen Adams; Annie Marr; Hilda Ward; Mary Callais; Laura Dean; Mrs. M. J. Architectural Drawing-(S. H. Case, Teacher).
Architectural Drawing-(S. H. Case, Tear
A. MeArthur; F. Goddard; F. Wood; H. Steadman; C. Charlton; F.
Sax
C. Han; W. Josey; C. Knight; C. Crocker; Geo. Toker; C. Josey; A. Butler;

> ; R. Smith; B. Orman.

Building Construction-(R. A. Johnson, Teacher).
J. H. Reid Gibbons; Arnold Etter; R. S. Conrod; C. W. Isnor; S. W. Bradun; Woolley; Douglas Wilbur; D. O'Brien; S. W. Hemlow; Arthur Mclntyre.

Mechanical Drawing-(Arthur R. Patton, Teacher).
George Colquhoun; Cecil Beaulands; Gerald Allen; Burton Naylor; Russell Robson; Sanford H. Jamer; Clayton 7wicker; Ernest Copus; Arthur McGuire; Augustus Carreau; Elbert Bishop; William Thomas.

Machine Drawing-(A. H. Chisholm, Teacher).
M. Leitch; A. W. Boulter; S. L. Harrington; E. M. Crosskill; R. E. Smith; J. Veinot.
D. Turner.

## Machine Design.

> Elementary Electricity-(Ben. W. Graham, Teacher).

Charles A. Stewart; A. S. Artz; Harry How; E. Mombourquette; K. Leiteh. Elementary Electricity-(R, R. Murray, Teacher).
L. Taylor; K. Power; A. Rose; Mr. C. Craythorne; R. Tyne; G. E. Bowe s; A. R. Ibsom.

## Surveying-(Prof. F, R, Faulkner).

Gerald N. Allen; Abram A. McArthur; Wm. F. Smith; A Freckleton.

## Auto Maintenance and Repair-(Ben W. Graham, Teacher).

H. K. Verge; Miss J. M. Gass; Miss M. Kinnear; Miss L. Redmayne; R. Allen; W. Cauldwell; W. Currie; P. Cooper; A. Lawrence; F. F. Mathers; Geo. Monaghan; C. Pearce; L. Trainer.

Auto Maintenance and Repair-(C. K. Gray, Teacher).
Mabel Anderson; W. Dauphinee; C. Deveau; Elsie Doyle; H. Giles; C. Holland; J. McCarthy; Ethel Mosher; J. Martin; Mrs. M. Myers; S. G. Parker; Frances Phillips; Frances Rice; W. Sands; Maude Sutherland; F. Smith; Made Spence; Maggie Yeomans; R. Young; J. Allen.

Auto Maintenance and Repair-(D. S. White, Teacher).
C. A. Canavan; Kerman Akerland; C. E. Barnhill; V. Christie; L. Conrod; H. Farquharson; Bernard Fenton; R. M. Harnish; Frank Hughes; John Maynard; K. Melvin; F. G. Myer; Rod. McIeod; J. D. Parker; G. L.. Renner; ${ }^{\text {L }}$ Wainwright; D. M. J. Woods.

Auto Maintanance and Repair-(D. S. White, Teacher).
H. Townsend; W. Farmer; G. A. Fraser; A. R. Giles; E. Glazebrook; E. L. Goff; C. G. Martin; T. W. Thomas.

## Auto Maintenance and Repair-(Jas. Hilton, Teacher).

A. Ray; L. B. Taylor; H. M. Smith; L. M. Clayton; M. Rockett; M. Publicover; E. Pride; Mr. Melvin;" Mr. Boudreau.

Machine Tool Operation-(S. Leedham, Teacher).
G. Osborne; D. Horne; J. Smith; A. Hilton; G. F. Millet; E. Dawson; J. W. Madigan; H. Illingsworth; G. Fultz; E. Boon; C. Mackie.

## NEW GLASGOW.

English-(J. T. McLeod, Teacher).
Roberennie McLaren; Margaret Cameron; Florence McKinnon; L. X. McNeil; French-(Louis Carreau, Teacher).
J. Chisholm. Bell; Miss M. Olding; Miss A. Simmonds; Mrs. Dr. Wright; Mrs. Arithmetic-(J. M. S. McCabe, Teacher).
A. R. Veinot; Howard Patton; Douglas McNeil; Bert Horton; John Martin;
Agnes Ross; Robert Enman.

Practical Mathematics-(J. T. McLeod, Teacher).
Knight. N. Johnson; John Roddam; Wm. Milligan; John S. Fraser; Ralph
D. E. Bookkeeping-(Claire McDonald, Teacher).

Mary Cameron; Jessie McMillan; Violet Cameron; Hector Milne; John Muirhead; Anna Baltye; Whitfield Munro.

Dressmaking-(Miss Annie F. Grant, Teacher).
Ca Mrs. Jas. Duncan; Mrs. Duncan Chisholm; Anna Meikle; Mrs. Walter Camphell; Mrs. Harry Anderson; Alice Cameron; Sadie Stewart; Ruth McFlorald; Mrs. W. Fish; Muriel Wright; Jean Grant; Mary h. Moss Mrs. John Ce Manning; Glennie McLaren; May Horne; Mrs. S. Stuart; Elizabeth Johnston; Billen. Mrs. C. H. Keith: Mildred Boudreau, Mell; Stella Hughes; Katherine Munroe; Alssie Durling; Mrs. Lawrence Campbell; Sameron; Myra Adamson; Edna In Alice Wadden; Gladys Fulton; Aadie Hill; Bessie Sullivan; Alberta Johnstonis; Mary Chambers; Verna Batty; Sadie Hill; Start; Ethel Morgan; Elizabeth; Lottie Allan; Iosie McG. Fraser; Kath. B. Bugdon.

## Domestic Science-(Miss Margaret McQueen, Teacher).

Edna Robertson; Glennie Mclaren; Bessie Dick; Edith Phillips; Mrs. Claude Keith; Minnie Ross; Maie McIntosh; Maude Smith; Irene McEachern; Tha Sheppherd; Alice Phalen; Lily Shirran; Gladys White; Ethel Henry; Thelma Huskins.

Stenography and Typewriting-(S. D. Devlin, Teacher).
1st Year-Katherine Butler; Ellen Campbell; Margaret Carson; Alice Fraser; Year-Katherine Butler; Ellen Campbelle Green; Alice MacKintosh; Ella Mardarbara Fraser; Marie Gillette; Gertrue Gren; Edith McGirr; Clinton Muir: JacDonald; Myrtle MacDonald; Ruth MacLellan; Elvy Bowden; Ernest Graham; Sara C. Hamilton; Rena Ross.

Mechanical Drawing-(J. D. Irving, Teacher).
Joe Cecil Fraser; James Gillette; James Gordon; Fred Gordon; Earle Green; MeNaynard; D. McDougall; Malcolm McIntosh; Allister McKenzie; Geo.

Machine Design-(A. P. McKenzie, Teacher).
Frase X. McNeil; Joseph Smith; H. L.. Fraser; R. G. McGregor; Clifford er; Jas. Austin; H. Howard; A. C. McNeil; Homer Smith.

Structural Drafting-(Fenwick MacKenzie, Teacher).
lace Clifford Arthur; Earle Munroe; Malcolm MacKay; Clifford Reeves; Wal9 pson; Frederick Diamond.

## PASS LIST, 1919. <br> COAL MINING SCHOOLS.

INVERNESS.
Preparatory-(E. P. Morse, Teacher).
David W. I.eslie; William Presten; John Gillis.
Mechanical Drafting-(A. H. Arens, Teacher).
Dan. D. McDonald.
Gl.ACE BAY.
Mechanical Drawing--(J. A. C. Johnston, Teacher).
Anthony McNeil; Howard McKeigan.
NEW WATERFORD.
English and Arithmetic-(Timothy Fougere, Teacher).
Qilliam Morrison; Donald Meleod.
BIRCH GROVE.
Preparatory-(R. T. Wilton, Teacher).
William Spencer; Earl McLean; James Dean; William Phalen; Duncan Ferguson; Colin McDonald; Donald J. Nicholson.

FLORENCE.
Arithmetic-(Blanche G. Hicks, Teacher).
Daniel Snow; John Wain; Jark Miles; James MacEwan; William Goodwin; William Mann.

SYDNEY MINES.
Preparatory Class (Peter Baxendale, Teacher).
James Smith; William Stanway; George Peach; James Richmond; Enoch Stanway: Gus. McLeod; Edward Round; Daniel W. Waye.

Advanced Mathematics--(W. E. Haverstock, Teacher).
William Ahern; William Crawford; Thomas Turner.
Electricity-(George Moreton, Teacher).
Arthur Jackson; Alex. Irvine; James Dalryemple; John O'Connell.

## STELLARTON.

English and Arithmetic-(Millage Oulton, Teacher).
Frank Wright; J. W. Conway; Peter McNaughton; Chester McIntosh; Bert Young; Andrew Ross; Samuel Conray; George Boudoux; William Fleming; Henry Austin.

## WESTVILLE.

Mechanical Drawing-(Thos. McEwan, Teacher).
John H. Wright; Arthur Breen; Wm. M. Ewan.

## NATIONAL SERVICE CERTIFICATES.

## Omitted from previous lists.



## HANTS.

Falmouth
$X I$
2274-Madeline Florence Dill Falmouth
INVERNESS.
2356-Frederick Cameron. Inverness ..... IX
2336-Hattie May LeBlanc Margaree Harbor. ..... vil
2345-Joseph T. Doucet Belle Cote ..... VII
2347-Charles Arsenault Belle Cote ..... VII
2348--Joseph T. LeBlanc. Belle Cote
KINGS.
2349-Margaret Louise Johnson Wolfville ..... $\underset{X 1}{13}$
2350-Merle Hilburns Mason Wolfville ..... X
2351-Karl Eaton Nowlan Wolfville
Sack ville ..... X
2353-Donald Frederick Johnson Wolf ville ..... $x$
2362-Chas. E. Arthur Brown WolfvillePICTOU.
2358-George W. Smith Merigomish ..... $x$
2367-Archibald Sutherland Pine Tree
VICTORIA.
2329-Leo Doucet South Bay, Ingonish ..... vll

## PR0VINCIAL AID

## To Teachers employed in the Public Schools for the half year ended 30 June, 1919.

## - <br> Number of Teaching Days employed. Am't paid to Teach. ers from Provincial Treasury.

ANNAPOLIS WES'T.

| Ruggles, Lenfest 102 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Wowell, Deborah C |  |
| Baodbury |  |
| B |  |
|  | 10 |
| cit, Cynthia | 103 |
|  | 59 |
| FitzR, Muriel |  |
|  |  |
| Fancy, Katherine |  |
| Cesmer Lydia A. | 28 |
| Hardy, Agne |  |
| Harris Hilda Lau | a 101 |
| Lons | 10 |
| 1 |  |
| McCu, M, Clair | 10 |
| Horehoch, Al | E. 103 |
| Aorthouse, Walter B. | , |
| Pool | 10 |
|  | 103 |
| Stevens, | 1 |
| d | 10 |
| Wa | 10 |
| Whit, Edna |  |
| Wood R, Minn | C. 103 |
| Apt, Albery Al |  |
| Campbell | 103 |
| amer |  |
| Crman |  |
| Gillis | 10 |
| ender Josephine | 10 |
| Hines, | n |
| Mailm, Minnie L. | . 103 |
| Margan, Gladys | 103 |
| Mussels | L. 102 |
| Mosher, Dora | 103 |
| Potter, Margaret A. |  |
| Rice, Alice L. | 10 |
| Chute, Marriet |  |
| $\mathrm{CrOscu}^{\text {c }}$, Seret | 103 |
|  |  |
| , ${ }^{\text {onn }}$ | 103 |
| Harnish, | 1 |
|  | 10 |
| Orsfall, |  |
| ogan, Laura H |  |
|  |  |


| MecNeill, Margaret 0 | 103 | 3000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payson, Laura M. | $102{ }^{3}$ | 2985 |
| Poole, Ida May | 93 | 2708 30 |
| Ruggles, Ethel C. | 103 | 2853 |
| Ritchie, Florence | 48 | 1397 |
| Sulis, Ruth H. | 103 | 3000 |
| Troop, Lizzie F. | 103 | 3000 |

Poor Sections.

| Allen, Muriel L. | 94 | $\begin{array}{r}35 \\ \hline 23 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allen, ${ }^{\text {Bayer, Olivia }}$ | 63 |  |
| Berry, Ella M. | 102 | 2794 |
| Bishop, Olive G. |  | 3890 |
| DeLong, Marion | 103 | 2150 |
| Ditmars, Vera E. | 103 | 3890 |
| Hudson, Vera May | 103 | 3890 |
| Miller, Birdie ${ }^{\text {c }}$. | 103 | 3890 |
| Simpson, Mary E. | 99 | 3738 |

Special Poor Section.
2500

2671
Pevotte

## Annuitants.

Shaffner, $\mathrm{S} . \mathrm{C}$. .
21000
Jones, Watson C.

## ANNAPOLIS EAST.

|  | 102 | 7427 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Baltzer, Adelaide E. | 102 | 7427 |
| Bustin, Harry L. | 102 | 59 |
| Armstrong. | 103 | 60 56 |
| Banks, ${ }_{\text {Bishop, Effie M. }}$ | 97 | 15 |
| Bishop, Effie M. (L) | 103 | 60 |
| Buddle, Frances | 103 | 60 |
| Cossitt, Ethel J. | 38 | 19 |
| Davis, Florence | 103 | 6 |
| Fowler, Ruth R. | 103 | 60 |
| Finigan, L. May | 108 | 60 |
| Lloyd, Constance | 103 | 60 |
| McCormick, A. ${ }^{\text {E }}$. | 103 | 60 |
| McAloney, | 103 | 60 |
| Marshall, Reta M. | 102 | $\stackrel{6}{6}$ |
| Parker, Minnie L. | 103 | 60 |
| Roach, Dorothy M. | 103 | 60 |
| Ritcey, Ade | 11 | 6 |
| Smith, Marguerie | 103 | 60 |
| Spinney, Theodioren | 99 | 57 |
| Smith, Mrs. | 97 | 56 59 |
| Turner, Glice M. | 102 |  |
| Troop, Ala ${ }^{\text {R E }}$. | 103 |  |
| Thurber, ${ }_{\text {Wheelock, }}$ Hattie M. | 103 |  |





|  |  |  | Sr. M. Thomas 103 | 4500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Johnston Agatha A. | 102 | 4456 | $\mathrm{Sr} . \mathrm{M}$. Thomas ${ }^{\text {S }}$, 103 | 4500 |
| Cohnstone, Annie. | 103 | 4500 | Sr. M. Veronica 103 | 4500 |
| Mactan, Mary H. | 103 | 4500 | Sr. M. Ma Mer ${ }^{\text {Sr. Sthat }} 80$ | 3494 |
| McCuray, Ida M. | 100 | 4368 | Sr. St. Alexander 103 | 4500 |
| McCurmick, C. | 103 | 4500 4456 | Sr. St. Augustine 103 |  |
| Maclonish, Agnes C. | 102 | 4456 4500 | Sr. St. Demetrius $\quad 102$ | -44 36 |
| MeDonald, Christina | 103 | 4412 | Sr. St. John C. $\quad 109$ | 4500 |
| MacDonald, Harriett | 102 | 4456 | Sr . St. Frances $\quad 75$ | 3275 |
| MacDonald, Joanna | 102 | 4456 | Sr. St. Genevieve 103 | 4500 |
| McDonald, Kate A. | 103 | 4500 | Sr. St. Mary R. $\quad 102$ | 4456 |
| MacDonald, Loretta | 102 | 4456 | Sr. St. Mancratius 78 | 3406 4456 |
| MarDonald, Nellie | 103 | 4500 | Sr. St. Roseline 102 | 4456 |
| MacDonald, Sara | 102 | 4456 | Smith, Annie 100 |  |
| McDonald, Sarah | 84 | 3668 4018 | Spencer, Mildred 102 | 4500 |
| MarcDonald, Theresa | 103 | 450 | Sutherland, Mary 103 | 4500 |
| McDougall, Cassie | 102 | 4456 | Simmons, Maud M. ${ }^{103}$ | 4500 |
| McDougall, Mary | 102 | 4456 | Traske, Elizabeth B. 103 | 4500 |
| MacDougall, Mary M | 103 | 4500 | Williams, Edith J. 103 | 3000 |
| MacDougall, Mildred | 103 | 4500 | Anderson, Mary 13 |  |
| MacEachen, Anna M. | 100 | 4368 | Attwood, Ada ${ }^{\text {attersby, Ethel E. } 103}$ | 3000 |
| MacEachen, Anna M. | 15 | 654 | Battersby, Ery M. 103 | 3000 |
| Maclsaac, Catherine | 91 | 3975 | Beaton, Mara M. Beaver, Lena M. | 3000 |
| MacIsaac, Margaret | 102 | 4456 | Blake, M. Frances ${ }^{103}$ |  |
| Maclvar, Margaret | 101 | 448 | Boutilier, Mary 103 | 3000 |
| Mckernie, Annie A. | ${ }^{65} \frac{1}{2}$ | 48600 | Burke, Rosie T. ${ }^{\text {T }}$ M. 102 | 2970 |
| MacKinnon, CatherineA | 103 | $4{ }_{4}^{45} 56$ | Campbell, Florence M. 102 | 2970 |
| Mackinnon, Hilda | 102 | 4456 | Campbell, Margaret 102 | 2970 |
| MacKinnon, Katie | 102 | 4456 | Carlin, Margaret A. 103 | 3000 |
| MacLean, Christine | 103 | 4500 | Coady, Margaret A. 4 | 116 |
| McL ${ }^{\text {actean, Rachael }}$ | 103 | 4500 | Cohen, Besse |  |
| McLellan, Mamie | 77 | 3362 | Costello, Concess 99 | 2882 |
| Macleod, Cecilia 1. | 103 | 4500 | Dillon, Leonora 103 |  |
| Mackeod, Tena H. | 103 | 4500 | Driscoll, Florence 102 | 2970 |
| MeNeil, Annie S. | 102 | 4456 | Fraser, Josephine 102 |  |
| MacNeil, Katherine | 102 | 4456 | Firlis, Bertha 103 |  |
| MacNeill Loretto | 100 | 4368 | Gillis, Catherine I. $\quad 82$ |  |
| MacNeil, Mabel E. | 102 | 4456 | Gillis, Jimina 103 | 1979 |
| Martin, Cassie A. | 103 | 4500 4456 | Gillis, Margaret $\quad 108$ | 3000 |
| Maxwell, Annie M. | ${ }^{102}$ | 4486 38 | Gillis, Seraphina 103 | 3000 |
| Moore, Elizabeth | 102 | 4456 | Jones, Estelle A. 103 | 3000 |
| More, Maude | 103 | 4500 | Keats, Teresa 103 | 3000 |
| Morrison, Lottie M. | 102 | 4456 | Kennedy, Mary 103 | 3000 |
| Murising, Perle Y. | 102 | 4456 | Kyte, Mary J. 103 | 3000 |
| Oram, Mildred | 102 | 4456 | Kyte, Viola ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 103 | 3000 |
| Power, Margaret | 102 | 4456 | Lahey, Martha R. 102 | 2970 |
| Riley, Margaret E. | 102 | 4456 | Ley, Mary ${ }_{\text {Ling, Ethel }}$ | 30.00 |
| Sargeant, Nellie M. | 102 | 4456 <br> 43 | Ling, Ethur, Margaret A 103 | 3000 |
| Simpsont, Bertha | 99 102 | $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ 44 \\ 44 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | McAulay, Christie 102 | 2970 |
| $\mathrm{Sr}_{\text {Sr }}$. Anita Margaret J. | 102 | 4456 | MacAulay, Elizabeth 103 | 3000 |
| Sr. Anita Margaret | 103 103 | 4500 4500 | MacCormick, Mary 103 | 3000 |
| Sr. M. Abrose | 102 | 4456 | Macdonald, ${ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ ristina 103 | 3000 |
| $\mathrm{Sr}_{\mathrm{S}} \mathrm{M}$ M Angelorum | 102 | 4456 | MacDonald, ChristinaA103 |  |
| Sr. M. Crescentia | 103 | 4500 | Macdonald, Dora G. 103 | 2970 |
| Sr. M. M. Euonysia Sr | 72 102 | 3144 4456 | MacDonald, Katherine102 | 3000 |
| $\mathrm{Sr}_{\text {r. }} \mathrm{M}$ M. Joseph | 108 | 4500 | McDonald, Kathy 103 | 3000 1950 |
| Sr. M. Lucina | 103 | 4500 | Macdonald, Mary A. 67 |  |
| Sr. M. Oswald | 103 | 4500 | MacDonald, Mary J. 102 | 3000 |
| Sr. M. Phillippa | 103 | 4500 | McDonald, Mary S. ${ }^{103}$ | 2752 |
| Sr. M. Teresina | 103 102 | 45 <br> 44 | MacDonald, Teresa B 94 |  |



## JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.



|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Bagnell, Robt. N. | 103 |
| Bagnell, Robt. N. (Lib.) |  |
| Casey, Gladys B. | 85 |
| Carter, Hattie M. | 103 |
| Fulmore, Della M. | 103 |
| Fulton, Martha | 103 |
| Flemming, Mattie E. | 98 |
| Fisher, Marvin | 103 |
| Hamilton, Mabelle | 103 |
| Morrison, Ida | 103 |
| O'Connell, Mary I. | 103 |
| Upham, Flora J. | 103 |
| Vance, Dora | 100 |
| Wilson, Bertha | 103 |
| Creelman, Annie G. | 95 |
| Durning, M. Myrtle | 100 |
| Davies, Mabel L. | 103 |
| Davidson, Pearle | 101 |
| Lockhart, Lillian M. | 102 |
| Lewis, Nellie V. | 96 |
| McCully, Florence. | 18 |
| McLachlin, Charlotte | 103 |
| McNutt, Greta | 103 |
| Starritt, Anna | 101 |
| Slack, Alice R. | 90 |

## Poor Sections.

| McLellan, Ada J. | 81 |
| :--- | ---: |
| McBurnie, Leona | 102 |
| Patterson, Alice | 101 |

## Consolidation.

Great Village
205

## CUMBERLAND.

| Camphell, Jessie B. | 102 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Lay, E. J. | 102 |
| Muise, James B. | 102 |
| Mcl.ean, Viola B. | 103 |
| Withrow, Helena H. | 102 |
| Black, Catherine | 102 |
| Doyle, Gertrude | 101 |
| McKim, Katherine | 102 |
| McCaughey, Hilda | 102 |
| Blanche, Julia | 101 |
| Boran, E. S. | 102 |
| Boss, Maude | 100 |
| Brannen, W. E. | 103 |
| Campbell, Helen J. | 102 |
| Carter, Lillian | 102 |
| Chapman, Marjorie | 103 |
| Charman, Jennie | 103 |
| Coates, Hazel | $101 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Conway, Isabella | 102 |
| Conway, Jean | 102 |
| Craig, Jean | 97 |
| Fdwards, Elsie | 102 |
| Fife, Cynthia | 103 |
| Forbes, Roherta | $102 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Gallager, Louise | 101 |
| Clennie, Edith | 101 |

JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.




| Silver, Alvenia | 68 | 1979 | HALIFAX CITY. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Salsman, Ida | 29 | 344 |  |  | 10500 |
| Scott, Eva M. | 103 | 3000 | Butler, G. K. | 103 | 19030 |
| Poor Sections. |  |  | Blackwood, E Florence | 103 | 9000 |
|  |  |  | Blois, H. H. | 103 | ${ }_{90}^{90} 00$ |
| Bowden, Gussie M. | 83 | 3223 | Cummings, E. | 103 |  |
| Carley, Annie B. | 103 | 4000 | Henry, Jessie | 103 |  |
| Forbes, Annie J. | 103 | 4000 | Huggins, G. M. | 103 | $\bigcirc 900$ |
| Fitzge'ald, Annie | 52 | 2019 | Marie, Sr. | 103 | 9000 |
| Girroir, Cecile P. | 102 | 3961 | Marshall, G. R. | 103 | 9000 |
| Kelly, Mary | 103 | 4000 | Matheson, D. J. | 103 | 9000 |
| Lawler, Monica | 101 | 3922 | Matheson, D. M. | 103 |  |
| Lukeman, Jessie M. | 102 | 3961 | Morton, S. A. | 103 | 9000 |
| Miller, Mary C. | 103 | 4000 | Murray, Mme. E. M. | 103 | 7500 |
| McLean, Catherine | 103 | 4000 | Rosaire, Sr. M. | 103 |  |
| Rogers, Elizabeth | 103 | 4000 | Trefry, J. H. | 103 |  |
| Strople, Carrie L. | 103 | 4000 | Agnes, Sr. T. | 103 |  |
| Fate, Catherine A. | 103 | 4000 | Augustine, Sr . M . | 103 |  |
| Special Poor Sections. |  |  | Bigney, Ella | 103 | 7500 |
|  |  |  | Campbell, Jean P. | 103 |  |
| L akedale | 103 | 3000 | Cecelia, Sr . F. | 103 |  |
| Lundi | 102 | 2970 | Clark, Lillian G. | 103 |  |
| Glencoe | 103 | 3000 | Colquhoun, Lillias W. | 103 |  |
| Annuitant. |  |  | Concepta, Sr. Marion | 103 | $\begin{aligned} & 7500 \\ & 7500 \\ & 750 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | deChantal, Sr. F. | 103 |  |
| Hannifen, Maggie |  |  | deChantal, Sr. M. | 103 |  |
|  |  | 3000 | Dexter, Hilda E. | 45 | 32 |
|  |  | Distant, Mary L. | 103 | 7500 |  |
| ST. MARY. |  |  | Douglas, H. G. |  | 103 |
|  |  |  | Finn, Mme. A. E. | 103 | 7500 |
|  |  |  |  | Frances, Sr. M. | 103 | 58 |
| McNaughton, Sarah I. 23 13 39 |  |  | Gillen, Mme. C . | ${ }^{80}$ |  |  |
| Urquhart, Gertrude 98 | 98 | 5709 | Cleeson, Jerrine | 103 | ${ }^{74} 88$ |  |
| Cameron, Isabel | 98 | 4280 | Haverstock, Alice M. | 102 |  |  |
| Corkum, Violet | 101 | 4412 | Henrion, Mme. K. | $\stackrel{20}{103}$ | 1450 |  |
| Hatrie, John D. | 53 | 2315 | Jamieson, Harriette | 103 | 7500 |  |
| Jollotta, Muriel G. | 103 | 4500 | Malcolm, Florence P. | 103 |  |  |
| Leslie, Esther L. | 103 | 4500 18 | Marshall, Lillian E. | 103 | 7500 |  |
| McNaughton, Mrs. A. | 138 | 1877 | Martin, J. P. Helen M. | 103 |  |  |
| Archibald, George H . | 103 | 3000 | MacDonald, Helen M. | 103 | 7500 |  |
| Cameron, Flora E. M | 103 | 3000 | MrManus, Marie | 103 |  |  |
| Cameron, Jean M. | 102 | 2970 | Michael, Sr. M. | 103 | 74 <br> 75 <br> 00 |  |
| Chisholm, Annie M. | 103 | 3000 | Nicholl, Margaret W. | 102 |  |  |
| Gillis, Isabel | 103 | 3000 | Phelan, F. J | 103 | 24 |  |
| Holland, Helen L. | 95 | 2766 | Raphael, Sr. M. | 34 |  |  |
| Hudson, Winnifred | 103 | 3000 | Reinhardt, Ethel, B. | 103 | 88 |  |
| Hudson, Cordelia | 103 | 3000 | Romaine, Sr. M. | 12 | 7500 |  |
| McLean, Emma McMillan, Gertrude | 103 | 3000 | Shiers, Mildred B. | 103 |  |  |
|  | 50 | 1456 | Tolson, Elizabeth A. | 103 | 7500 |  |
| Morten, Julia M. | 103 | 3000 | Vincent, Sr. A. | 103 |  |  |
| Munro, Evelyn B. | 103 | 3000 | Vincent, Sr. M. | 91 | -66 ${ }^{26}$ |  |
| Redmond, Jennie G. | 103 | 3000 | Vincent, Sr. T. | ${ }^{91}$ |  |  |
| Wilson, Florence | 93 | 2708 | Warner, Irene | 103 |  |  |
| Poor Sections. |  |  | Wynne, Mme. A. M. | 103 | $\begin{aligned} & 6000 \\ & 6941 \\ & 5071 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | Agnes, Sr . M. | 103 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Allen, M. Edith | 102 | 2271 |
| Ashton, Beatrice M. | 68 | 2640 | Allum, Beatrice | 39 | 60 |  |
| MacDonald, Helen | 103 | 4000 | Aquinas, Sr. M. | 108 | 60 |  |
| Morris, Ida L. | 103 | 4000 | Armitage, Mary F. | 103 |  |  |
| Pace, Deliah M. | 103 | 4000 | Baldock, Olive M. | 50 |  |  |
| Special Poor Section. |  |  | Beatrix, Sr. M. | 103 | 60 |  |
|  |  |  | Bernard, Sr. M. | 103 | 6060 |  |
|  |  |  | Blackman, Winifred | 103 |  |  |
| New Chester | 103 | 3000 | Bowden, Ida M. | 103 |  |  |


|  |  |  |  | 103 | 6000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{\text {Brawden, Laura J. }}$ | 103 | 60.00 | Pye, Eva C. | 102 | 5941 |
| Brime, Esther | 103 | 6000 | Rankine, Annie | 79 | 4601 |
| Brims, Mary C. | 103 | 6000 | Raphacl, | 103 | $6{ }^{6} 00$ |
| Burgoy Isabel | 103 | 6000 | Ross, E. J. Amy C. | 103 | 6000 |
| Campyne, Grace | 103 | 6000 | Saunders, Arme | 103 |  |
| Carmbell, Sr. A | 88 | 6124 6000 | Smith, Eunice C. | 103 |  |
| Cecelia, Sr. Sr . | 103 | 6000 | Smith, Marion | 103 |  |
| Clarissa, Sr. M. | 103 | 6000 | Smith, Sophie B. | 103 103 | 6000 |
| Clark, Esther | 103 | 6000 | Sulivan, Mme | 103 | 6000 |
| Comiling, Sr. M. | 103 | 6000. | Thompson, | 103 | 6000 |
| Conregs, Gladys P. | 103 | 6000 | Treery, Ediry ${ }^{\text {C. }}$ | 103 | 6000 |
| Conrad, Ethel M. | 103 | 6000 | Tullock, Mary ${ }^{\text {C. }}$ | 103 | 6000 |
| Cunning, Sr. M. | 103 | 6000. | Tinan, ${ }^{\text {V }}$ Sr. R. | 103 |  |
| $\mathrm{d}^{\text {'A }}$ Assissi, ${ }^{\text {Sr }}$, Laura | 103 | ${ }^{60} 200$ | Wakely, Agnes C. | 103 |  |
| Dempsey, Isabe | 39 103 | 6200 | Wallace, Eva M. | 108 | 6000 |
| $\mathrm{Dempstar}^{\text {D }}$, May W . | 103 | 6000 | Wambolt, Gertrude | 103 | 6000 |
| Dintant, Dorothy | 103 | 5000 | Warner, Edn | 73 | 4251 |
| D pryer ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Sr. M. | 103 | 6000 | Whitman, Marsaret | 39 | 2271 |
| Edwer, Mary T. | 103 | 6000 | Wickwire, Margaret | 103 | 6000 |
| Ernestina, $\mathrm{Sr}_{\text {c }} \mathrm{M}$. | 103 | 6000 | Wiswell, ${ }^{\text {Woorich, Mary E. }}$ | 103 |  |
| Ethestine, Sr. M. | 103 | 6000 | Xavier, Sr. F. | 103 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Florence, }}$ Sr. M. | 103 | 60 <br> 600 <br> 00 | Zive, Alta M. | 103 |  |
| Flowers, Edith. | 103 | 6000 | Ackhurst, Minna | 108 | 4500 |
| ${ }_{\text {Flowers, }}$ Harriet L. | 103 | 6000 | Baptist, Sr. | 103 | 4500 |
| ${ }^{\text {Fox }}$ ox, Irene | 103 | 6000 | Bayer, Annie | 103 | 4500 |
| Fran, A. | 103 | 6000 | Bell, Marie | 03 | 4500 |
| Franklyn, Gra | 103 | 6000 | Blakeney, Edna | 103 | 4500 |
| Gall Beatrice | 103 | 6000 | Cameron, Mary | 103 | 4500 |
| Gardiner, Mildred | 103 | 6000 | Catherine, ${ }^{\text {Sr }}$. T. | 83 | 3625 |
|  | 103 | 6000 | Codie, Mme | 103 | 4500 |
| Greenwood C. | 103 | 6000 | dePazzi, M. M E. | 103 | 4500 |
| Harlow, A, Muriel | 77 | 4484 | Devine, Mary ${ }_{\text {D }}$ | 103 |  |
| Harris, Jean G O . | 103 | 6000 6000 | Dorothy, Sh. Mr. M. | 103 |  |
| Hayford, Albert C. | 103 103 | 6000 | Evangelista, Sr. M. | 103 | 4500 |
| ${ }^{\text {Henry, }}$ Hean ${ }^{\text {Hint }}$ | 103 | 6000 | Felix, St. M. | 103 | 2402 |
| $\mathrm{H}_{\text {ines, }} \mathrm{R}$. May | 103 | 6000 | Graham, Ida M | 103 | 4500 |
| Kelley, Alice E. | 103 | 6000 | Grierson, Frances | 103 | 4500 |
| Kenney, Mme. M. | 103 | 6000 | Grierson, Ma | 103 | 4500 |
| King, A, Mary B. D. | 103 | 6000 | Gualbert, Sr. Marriet | 103 | 4500 |
| King, Alice L. | 25 | 1456 | Hamilton, Harriet | 103 | 4500 |
| Laracy, Ana D. | 103 | 6000 | Healy, Sath. | 34 | 1484 4500 |
| ${ }_{\text {Lawrence, }}$ Sr. C . | 103 | 6000 6000 | Helena, Edith M. | 103 | 4500 |
| ${ }^{\text {Lon, }}$, Sr, Mr . C. | 103 103 | 6000 | James, Clara A. | 103 | 4500 |
| contine, St. M. | 103 | 6000 | Johnston, Isabel | 102 | 4456 |
| Marianit, Grace E. | 103 | 6000 | Kennedy, Mary C. | 103 | 4500 |
| Maxwell ${ }^{\text {arianita, }} \mathrm{Sr}$. | 103 | 6000 | Kennedy, Winit | 103 | 4500 |
| Mingoell, Jessie | 103 | 6000 | Lawrence, J. Lenore | 103 | 4500 |
| Mooney, Irene B. | 103 | 6000 | L.eo, Sr. M | 103 | 4500 |
| MacDon, Ethel M. | 101 | 5883 | Lyall, Beatrice | 103 | ${ }^{45} 00$ |
| Murronald, Anna A. | 103 | 6000 | Martin, M. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ M . | 103 | 4500 4500 |
| Mckiay, Geneva | 24 | 1397 | Maskell, Eva F. J. | 103 | 4500 |
| MeNeil, Bessic ${ }^{\text {M }}$ | 103 | 6000 | Mitchell, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Mme. F. | 103 | 4500 |
| Pacen, Mary A. | 103 | 6000 | McDonill ${ }^{\text {McGillivay, Flora G. }}$ | 103 | 2096 |
| $\mathrm{p}^{\text {acee }}$, ${ }^{\text {a }}$, Maryery A . | 103 | 6000 | McQuarrie, Catherine | 48 103 | 4500 |
| ${ }^{\text {palmer, Gladys M. }}$ | 103 | 6000 | McLean, Annie | 103 | 4500 |
| $\mathrm{p}^{\text {fitre, Ada }} \mathrm{H}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 103 | 6000 | O'Donoghue, Margare | 103 | 4500 |
|  | 103 | 6000 | Pelagia, Sr. M. | 68 | 2970 4456 |
| Publicover M. | 108 | 6000 | Perpetua, Nra N . | 102 | 4456 |
| $10{ }^{\text {cor }}$ Lila D. | 75 | 4388 | Power, Nora |  |  |


| Reinhardt, Margaret | 103 | 4500 | Clark, Adelia M. | 103 | 60 600 00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Remigius, Bro. | 103 | 4500 | Conrad, May L. | 103 |  |
| Rita, Sr. M. | 103 | 4500 | Corkum, Florence J. | 103 | ${ }_{60} 60$ |
| Rockett, Margaret | 103 | 4500 | DeVan, Nano | 103 | ${ }_{60}^{60} 0$ |
| Ross, Christina M. | 103 | 4500 | Fisher, Jean E. | 103 | ${ }_{60}^{60}$ |
| St. Gaeton, Sr. M. of | 103 | 4500 | Foster, Christina A. | 103 | 6041 |
| Smith, Anna K. | 103 | 4500 | Harrison, Ethel W. | 102 |  |
| Sullivan, Margaret | 103 | 4500 | Hiltz, Adelaide S. | 103 | ${ }_{60}^{60}$ |
| Sullivan, Margaret TR | 103 | 4500 | Hiltz, Ethel M. | 103 | 6036 |
| Sullivan, M. Theresa | 103 | 4500 | Horton, Gladys J. | $988 \frac{1}{2}$ | 6000 |
| Theakston, S. Emma | 103 | 4500 | Houghton Cyretha | 103 | 6000 |
| Travis, Ada A. | 103 | 4500 | Keeler, Cerilia | 103 |  |
| Vaughan, Ethel M. | 103 | 4500 | Kent, Mabel J. | 103 |  |
| Vaughan, Kathleen | 103 | 4500 | Manson, Katherine | 103 |  |
| Wells, Clare | 103 | 4500 | - McGrath, Annie M. | 81 | ${ }_{33} 77$ |
| Gould, Marion | 58 | 1688 | Moseley, Mabel C. | 58 |  |
| Hopkins, Annie | 103 | 3000 | Murchy, Alice, | 103 |  |
| Jemmott, M. F. | 103 | 3000 | Noonan, Gertrude | 103 |  |
| Outhit, Helen M. | 39 | 1135 | Reeves, Helen | 103 |  |
| Patrick, Bro. B. | 103 | 3000 | Scott, Catherine M. | 101 |  |
| Rosalie, Sr. M. | 12 | 349 | Stephens, Beatrice | 20 103 |  |
| Annuitants. |  |  | Sterns, Dorothy E. | 103 |  |
|  |  |  | Sutherland, Gladys | 102 |  |
| O'Hearn Peter |  |  | Wilks, Helen G. | 83 |  |
|  |  | 25000 | Archibald, Janie | 103 |  |
| Mackintosh, Kate |  | 18000 | Armstrong, Mary H. | ${ }^{93}$ |  |
| Creighton, Ida M. |  | 6000 | Auld, Margaret E. | 103 |  |
| Delahanty, Kate |  | 6000 | Baker, Ella P. | 102 |  |
| Gaul, R. E. |  | 6000 | Boutilier, Adelaide C. | 99 |  |
| Hall, Helen McG. |  | 6000 | Courtney, Mabel K. | 100 |  |
| Hamilton, Mary A. |  | 6000 | Cox, Sara E. | 102 |  |
| Peters, Florence A. |  | 6000 | DeVan, Eileen M. | 103 |  |
| Shields, Sarah |  | 5000 | Elliott, Ruth | 102 |  |
| Theakston, H. S. Frances |  | 6000 | Finlay, Sadie | 103 |  |
| Cunningham, Anna Matilda |  | 6000 | Gates, Nora E. | 103 |  |
|  |  | 6000 | Hanilton, Annie K. | 93 |  |
| Broadhurst, M. E. |  | 4500 | Harpell, Cora W. | 101 |  |
| Coleman, H. E. |  | 4500 | Hawkins, Ora W. | 101 |  |
|  |  | - 4500 | Healy, Gertrude M. | 103 |  |
| Johns, M. A. |  | 4500 | Hilchey, Stella B. | 103 |  |
| Logan, Annie |  | 4500 | Hume, Bessie | 103 |  |
| Lyle, E. R. |  | 4500 | Johnsen, May | 102 |  |
| McArthur, Janet |  | 4500 | Keeler, Edna Pearl | 103 |  |
| Putnam, A. F. |  | 4500 | Kravis, Lucy | , 25 |  |
| Torry, Eleanor C. |  | 4500 | L aidlaw, Elizabeth | 103 |  |
| Walsh, Alice M. |  | 4500 | Langille, Maude | 102 |  |
| Willis, Eliza J. |  | 4500 | Lowndes, Vera E. | $100 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |
| McGregor, Annie Cunningham, Edith |  | 4500 | McCarthy, Catherine | 103 |  |
|  |  | 4500 | McDonald, Laura | 103 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | MacInnis, Edith L. | 102 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Maguire, Nola P. | 98 |  |
|  |  |  | MacKay, Isabel | 103 |  |
|  |  |  | MacKenzie, Mar. A. | 103 |  |
| HALIFAX C | OUN |  | McLeod, Beatrice | 103 |  |
| Stapleton, W. C. 103 |  |  | MacQuarrie, Gladys M | 103 |  |
|  |  | 10500 | Martin Kathryn | 103 |  |
| Hamilton, Mary A. 100 |  | 7281 | Moore, Bertha C | 102 |  |
| Hamilton, Mary A. <br> Moore, Jamesina | 102 | 7127 | Murray, Bertha F. J. | 103 |  |
|  | 103 | 6000 | Roche, Agnes D. | 100 |  |
| Archibald, Mabel | 103 | 6000 | Roche, Mary: | 108 |  |
| Bligh, Annie D. | 83 | 4834 | Siteman, Eva K. | 98 | 44 |
| Burrill, Hilda | 103 | 6000 | Smith, Isabella | 102 | 45 |
| Burris, Jennie P. | 973 | 5678 | Thomas, Bessie | 103 | 44 |
|  | 108 | 6000 | Thompson, Myrtle F. |  |  |
| Cameron, Sadie E. Christie, Margaret A. | 103 | 6000 | Wright, Nellie M. | 981 |  |


|  |  | 2737 | Smith, Flmira E. | 101 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asher, Flossie | 94 | 2730 | Smith, Laura E. | 102 |  |
| Ashley, Aubrey C. | 103 | 3000 | Smith, Lucy K. | 102 | 2970 |
| Benedict, Thelma G. | 102 | 29 70 | Stewart, Elsie N. | 103 | 30 300 |
| Bouver, Beulah W: | 99 | 2888 | Stoddard, Jennie A. | 103 | 2970 |
| Burnett, Ruby E. | 61 98 | 1753 | Stoddard, Rebecca J. | 102 | 3000 |
| Burns, Fannie E. | 94 | 2737 | Stoddard, Zaidie F-O. | 102 | 2970 |
| Callahan, Augusta | 44 | 1281 | Sutherland, Emily | 103 | 3000 |
| Clattenburg, Nellie | 97 | 2824 | Walters, Margaret | 103 | 3000 |
| Cooke, Nettie M. | 102 | 2970 | Webber, Irva M. | 103 | 3000 |
| Crosby, Lottie | 103 | 3000 | Webber, Mary M. | 95 | 2766 |
| Daye, Clare E. | 102 | 2970 | White, Edith M. | 103 | ${ }^{30} 00$ |
| Dechman, Anna M. | 103 | 3000 | Wiggins, Aldna | 84 | 2446 |
| Dickie, Annie L. | 62 | 1805 | Zinck, Sadie B. | 93 |  |
| Dunbras, Ida. | 31 | 902 |  |  |  |
| Eisner Cark, Josephine | 103 | 3000 | Poor Sect | ions. |  |
| Ellis, Ruth S. | 103 98 | 2853 |  |  | 2369 |
| Evans, Ruby S . | 98 102 | 2970 | Boudreau, Eupephie | 98 | 3806 |
| Fancy, Annie A. | 103 | 3000 | Berry, Alfreta | 59 | 2291 |
| Faulkner, Nina | 103 | 3000 | Dow, Nellie | 54 | 2097 |
| Forhes, Myrtle V. | 16 | 465 | Grant, Gertrude ${ }^{\text {a }}$ E | 91 | 3534 |
| Fraser, Melissa | 92 | 2679 | Harpell, Theodosia E. | 94 | 3650 |
| Gammon, Vivian | 103 | 3000 | Keddy, Vreta M. | 102 | 3961 |
| Gates Con, Goldie | 103 | 3000 | Lewis, Greta, Jessie M. | 102 | -3961 |
| Grates, Gertrude | 99 | 2882 | Mackenzedith G. | 102 | 39 40 40 |
| Grace, Dorothy C. | 80 | ${ }_{29} 230$ | Skerry, Emma | 103 | 3961 |
| Greeno Stella | 102 | 2970 | Stewart, Florence M. | 102 | 3767 |
| Havill, Ruth Florence | 73 | ${ }_{29} 212$ | Stewart, Grace M. |  | 2834 |
| Havill, Ruth B. | 100 | 2949 | Stewart, Jean M. |  | 3534 |
| Haverstock, Beatrice | 12 | ${ }_{22} 13$ | Upshaw, Maggie M. | 60 | 2330 |
| Hilchie, Esmeratda | 103 | 3000 | Upshaw, Rachael | 100 | 3883 |
| Hilchie, Nellie M. | 100 | 2912 | Whallen, Jean |  |  |
| Holman, Alice I. | 102 | 2970 | Rural Science Tra | lling |  |
| Jamey, Irene G. | 103 | 3000 | Rural Science |  |  |
| Keating, Cora V. | 103 | 3000 | Sanford, Pearl C. | 69 | 5025 |
| Keddy, Emuriel H | 103 | 30 29 29 | Sanford, Pear |  |  |
| Kelley, Emily M. | 102 | 2970 | Annuita | nts. |  |
| Kent, Helena M. | 91 | 2650 |  |  | 6000 |
| Ken, Bessie D. | 102 | 2970 | Herdman, W. C. |  | 6000 |
| Kidston, Winifred M. | 103 | 3000 | Sr. Mary Ann |  | 4500 |
| Lay, Marguerite | . 103 | 3000 | Cook, Mary L. |  | 4500 |
| Lemoine, Adele | 100 | 2912 | Hume, Mary E. |  | 4500 30 |
| Lemoine, Annie L. | 102 | 2970 | Wier, Amelia |  | 300 |
| Leslie, Jean I. | 99 | 2882 | Gibbons, John |  |  |
| Lesilie, Olive J. | 102 | 2970 |  |  |  |
| Mita, Catherine | 102 | 2970 |  |  |  |
| Mitchell, Alice | 103 | 3000 | HANTS E | ST. |  |
| Mosher, Marion | 103 | 30 30 |  | 102 | 74.27 |
| Myers, Ola E. | 103 | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ \\ \hline 89\end{array}$ | Harrison, Laura M. | 103 | 6000 |
| Myers, Seah M. | ${ }^{99} 10{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 28970 | Bradley, Susie L. ${ }^{\text {L }}$ | 102 | 5941 |
| Myra, Blanche M. | 102 101 | 2941 | Bradshaw, Janet M. | 103 | 60 6000 |
| ${ }^{\text {Newcombe, Alice }}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{I}$ V. | 103 | 3000 | Carter, Elverena | 103 | 6000 6000 |
|  | 103 | 3000 | Cox, Amer, Annie K. | 103 | 5474 |
| Porper, Eugene F. | 102 | 2970 | Henniga, Jessie | $\stackrel{94}{ }$ | 6000 |
| Power, Marie | 100 | 2912 | King, Ada A. | 103 | 5416 |
| Rhynor, Eva B. | 97 | 2824 | McLellan, Evelyn L . | 103 | 6000 |
| Robinson, Mary E. | 103 | 3000 | McPhce, Ruth R. | 103 | 6000 |
| Rutledge, Effie | 103 | 3985 | O'Brien, Annie B. | 10 | 582 |
| Rutledge, Pearl H . | $102{ }^{10 \frac{1}{2}}$ | 3000 | Stephens, Gladys | 108 | 60 600 600 |
| Siteman, Ella R. | 102 | 2970 | Stoddard, Emma M. | 103 |  |
| eman, Laura A. | 101 | 2941 | Vance, |  |  |



## INVERNESS SOUTH.

| Chisholm, Ethel M. | 03 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Doucet, Pauline M. | 3 |
| MacLean, Jessie Belle | 103 |
| MacMaster, M | 103 |
| Neil, Anna W | 103 |
| t. Bridget | 103 |
| St. Catharine | 3 |
| ampbell, Lucy J. | 103 |
| Eampbell, Alex. A. | 3 |
| Embree, Viola Garnet | 103 |
| MacDonald, M. Jane | 103 |
| Dougall, Mamie R. | 101 |
| acLean, Edgar H. | 95 |
| clennan, C. Mae | 103 |
| CMaster, D. B. | 103 |
| Phee, Bessic | 99 |
| (ss, Ella Christina | 103 |
| S. St. Mary | 103 |
| St. Marcella | 103 |
| Doyle, Veronic | 103 |
| ${ }^{\text {Prawling, Annie M. }}$ | 103 |
| Craham, Margaret M. | 103 |
| Mraham, Annie Bell | 103 |
| Maskill, Christina A. | 103 |
| MacCormack, M. Jane | 69 |
| MacDonald, K. A. | 97 |
| Nrintyre, Florence | 103 |
| Mekinnon, E. M. | 103 |
| Maclennan, Mary | 103 |
| Maced, Dan Angus | 98 |
| MacMaster, Margaret | 102 |
| Mopuarrie, Ellen | 103 |
| Munan, Helen F. | 103 |
| Sr inro, Olive E. | 103 |
| Beat. Thomas | 103 |
| Peaton, Catharine | 103 |
| Beaton, Catharine A. | 103 |
| Bluton, M. Catharine | 103 |
| Blue, Effie Christine | 101 |
| Came, Isabel Violet | 103 |
| Cameron, Mary J. | 103 |
| Gillis ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 103 |
| Cillis, Katie Eliza | 103 |
| Gillis, Mary Ann | 68 |
| Greqs, Mary Ellen | 94 |
| Kenves, Lillian Ethel | 103 |
| Lennedy, J. Dougald | 97 |
| Mache, S. Minerva | 103 |
| MacCalder, Cath. M. | 103 |
| MacDoll, Cath. F. | 103 |
| MeDonald, Mar K. | 103 |
| McDonald, Rose E. | 101 |
| McDonnell, Margaret | 103 |
| MacIngall, Clara | 97 |
| MacIntos, Christina | 102 |
| MeKantosh, Mary | 103 |
| Macke, A. Margaret | 94 |
| Mackenzie, Annie M. | 101 |
| MeLellanon, M. May | 103 |
| McMan, M. Ann | 99 |
| MacPaster, Margaret | 103 |
| Macehail, J. K. B. | 95 |
| MacQuarrie, K. S. F. | 102 |

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|  | 103 | 2339 |  |
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| Martin, Mary M. | 103 | 27 | 37 |

Poor Sections.
Breen, Frances E. 102
3961

| Breen, |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Calder, Mabel | 103 |
| 4000 |  |

McDonald, Margaret 103
4000
4000
4000
777
3961
3689
3806
4000
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { MacQuarrie, M. Mae } & 98 \\ 103\end{array}$
Special Poor Sections.
Lake Horton
Big Harbor Island
Consolidation.
6000
Glencoe

## Annuitants.

Chisholm, Duncan
6000
Davis, Mrs. Mary
3000
McQuarrie, Angus

INVERNESS NORTH.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 103 | 6000 |
| Boudreau, A. .herine | 103 | 6000 |
| Campbell, Cath | 103 | 6000 |
| Coady, Agnes ${ }^{\text {R }}$. | 103 | 6000 |
| LeBlanc, John . | 103 | 6000 |
| Maclellan, Mary | 103 | 6000 |
| Morse, E. P. | 103 | 6000 |
| Sr. St. Mary | 103 | 4500 |
| AuCoin, James H. | 103 | 4500 |
| Austen, Bella May | 103 | 4500 |
| Austen, Annie | 100 | 4368 |
| Boudreau, P. C. | 103 | 4500 4500 |
| Burns, Eva | 103 | 4500 |
| Cahill, Catherine | 103 | 4500 4500 |
| Campbell, Hazel | 103 | 4600 4324 |
| Chiasson, Ephram | 99 103 | 4500 |
| Coady, Theresa | 103 12 | 40 5 |
| Desveau, M., 1 | 103 | 4500 |
| Donahue, M | 103 | 4500 |
| Gillis, Jessie M. $\mathrm{Mf}$. yr. | 9 | 392 |
| Gillis, J. M., | 103 | 4500 |
| LeBlanc, Annie R 1 hf. yr. | 9 | 392 4500 |
| Leblanc, A., ${ }^{\text {chen }}$ M. | 103 | 4500 |
| LeBlanc, Catn. A . | 103 | 4500 |
| LeBlanc, Lucy A. | 26 | 1134 4500 |
| LeBlanc, | 103 | 4500 |
| Macdonald, Mary C. | 103 | 4500 |
| McEachren, Marjorie | 103 | 4500 |
| McIsaac, Mary Ann | 103 |  |



|  |  |  |  | 38 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Webster, Abbie P. | 102 | 5941 | Turner, Susie B. Veinott, Laura | 103 | 30 30 30 |
| Whest, Gladys I. | 102 | 6941 | Weaver, Margaret | 103 |  |
| White, | 103 | 60 2858 |  |  |  |
| Youn, Emma | 49 103 | 28000 60 | Poor Secti | ons. |  |
| Zinck, Florence | 103 | 6000 |  | 101 | 3587 |
| Atwell, Lenna | 82 | 3581 | Ayer, Violet | 103 | 3658 |
| Bennett, Bertha | 103 | 4500 | Borden, Aletha | 102 | 3623 |
| Bishop, Hilda | 103 | 4500 | Bowlby, | 108 | 36 |
| Bowkhorne, Ethel | 29 | 1266 | Graves, Parne B. | 57 | 2623 |
| Bowlan, Helen G. | 103 | 4500 4280 | Hale, Etta M. | 102 | 34 34 45 |
| Camphell, Lena | 88 | 4368 | Hiltz, Louise J. | 100 | 3551 |
| Corkum, Prudence | -84 | 4500 | Hume, Viola | 102 | 3623 |
| Davison, Reta | 103 | 4500 | Jess, Alice M. | 102 | 3623 3445 |
| Eickie, Mabel | 103 | 4500 | Keddy, Neomia. | 97 | 3445 |
| $\stackrel{\text { Eaton, }}{ }$ Laura J. | 103 | 4500 | Keddy, | 103 | 8688 |
| Fulto | 101 | 4412 | Levy, , Florence | 101 | 3658 |
| Harvey, Mildred | 103 | 4500 | Marshall, Lillian | 103 | ${ }_{34} 10$ |
| Henderselizabeth | 103 | 4500 | Morse, Thelma | 0 | 3658 |
| Hipson, | ${ }^{60 \frac{1}{2}}$ | 2643 741 | Morton, Annie A. | 102 | 3623 |
| Jenkins, Abbie V. | 103 | 4500 | McConnell, Grace | 102 | 3623 |
| Kaizer, Mary B. | 103 | 4500 | McConnell, Kathlee | 97 | 3445 |
| Laffin, Lillian | 103 | 4500 | Redden, Delia M. | 103 | 3658 |
| M ${ }^{\text {Mnch, Pearl M. }}$ | 103 | 4500 | Robertson, A | 100를 | 3569 |
| Mapplebeck, Lau | 103 | 4500 | Sponagle, Letia M. | 103 | 3658 |
| Morse, Dorothy | 102 | 4456 | Sturk, Cly Ruth | 63 |  |
| Morse, Kate O. | 103 | 4500 | Weinotcott, Verna M. | 103 | ${ }_{22} 57$ |
| Nichots, Ruth V. | 103 | 4500 | White, Hazel M. | $77 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |
| Nichols, Mabel G. | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| Parker, Lola M. | 101 | 4412 | Assista |  |  |
| Parker, Essie | 103 | ${ }^{45} 00$ |  |  | 1029 |
| Ritchie, Myrtle | 102 | 4456 4500 | Frail, Elizabeth | ${ }_{100}{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1951 |
| Sanford, Alida | 103 | 4456 | Palmer, Annie G. |  |  |
| $\mathrm{S}_{\text {awler, }}$ Merinda | 103 | 4500 | Rural Science ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | lin |  |
| Schler, Pearl M. | 103 | 4500 | Ru |  |  |
| Sheffield, Evelyn | 101 | 4412 | Wetmore, R. H. |  | 7063 |
| Smith, Lizaie A. | 103 | 4500 4456 | Marsters, Gladys M |  |  |
| Spinney, Helen | 103 | 4500 | Annuit |  |  |
| Suthey, Laura B. | 92 | 4018 |  |  |  |
| Ward | 91 | 3975 |  |  |  |
| Wats, Edith R. | 103 | 4500 | Banks, Alonzo |  |  |
| Weaver, Annie | 103 | 4500 | Challen, Mertrude |  |  |
| White, Bertha M | 99 | 43 24 52 |  |  |  |
| Woodworth, Alfreda | +63 | 4412 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Beach, Sarah E. }}$ | 78 | 2271 | UNENB | JRG. |  |
| Dickichill, Orpha | 103 | 3000 | LUNENB |  |  |
| Crickie, Ada B. | 103 | 3000 | R. H. | 102 | 10500 |
| Hale, Fi, Charlotte | 91 | 2650 | Macteod, R. G. | 108 | 8912 |
| Harvey ${ }^{\text {den }}$ | 25 | 728 | Hewitt, Minnie C. | 102 | 8912 |
| llsley, Lillaleen | 103 | 3000 | Hewith, ${ }^{\text {d, }}$, Jeanette | 108 | 7500 |
| Lyons, Elizabeth | 103 101 | 30 2900 41 | Jacques, $G$. | 108 | 7500 |
| Newcombe, Marjorie | 101 | 2940 | Kelly, Cecilia | 100 | 7281 |
| Nieforth, Florence | 103 38 | 1105 | Spindler, Helen | 102 | 5941 |
| ${ }^{\text {Pingeo, Pa }}$ Paulorence | 38 | 11853 | Backman, May | 102 | 59 60 |
| Regan, Maude S. | 103 | 3000 | Baisley, Dorothy | 103 | 6000 |
| Spingey Mary Queenie | 103 | 3000 | Crooks, Gladys | 103 | 6000 |
| Starr, M, Erdeena | 103 | 3000 | Crow, Nellic | 3 | 6000 |
| Spinney, Mes | 103 | 3000 | Edmonds, Josephine | 3 | 5941 |
| Trenholm, Messie V. | 103 | 30 10 10 | Eisenhauer, Margaret |  |  |


| Ernst, Rhoda | 103 | 6000 | Burns, Margaret | 102 | 2970 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gillmore, Ada | 103 | 6000 | Cohoon, Beryl | 100 |  |
| Hebb, Bessie C. | 102 | 5941 | Coolen, Lila | 95 | $\stackrel{27}{ }{ }^{27} 70$ |
| Hiltz, Wilfred | 103 | 6000 | Conrad, Pearl | 102 |  |
| Hirtle, Pearl | 103 | 6000 | Corkum, Clarice | 103 |  |
| Johnson, Mary | 103 | 6000 | Corkum, Mary | 103 |  |
| Keddy, Pearl | 103 | 6000 | Cossar, Bertha | 97 | ${ }_{30}^{28} 20$ |
| Knickle, Jennie | 101 | 5883 | Croft, Hazel | 103 | 3000 |
| Knickle, Jennie, (Lit.) |  | 500 | Crouse, Effie | 103 | 3000 |
| Knickle, Kathleen | 102 | 5941 | Crouse, Gertrude | 103 |  |
| Leary, Mary E. | 100 | 5825 | Daurie, Florence | 103 |  |
| Miller, Sadie | 102 | 5941 | Deal, Annie | 103 | 30 |
| Munro, Cora | 103 | 6000 | DeMond, Agnes | 103 | 30 |
| Quinlan, Clara | 103 | 6000 | Eisenhauer, Florence | 103 | ${ }_{20}{ }^{2} 1$ |
| Rafuse, Eva | 102 | 5941 | Eisnor, Mildred | 78 | 22 |
| Romkey, Nellie | 103 | 6000 | Ernst, Amynilla | 103 | ${ }_{27} 08$ |
| Rudolf, Adah | 102 | 5941 | Ernst, Belle | 93 | ${ }^{27} 12$ |
| Veinotte, Alice M. | 103 | 6000 | Ernst, Effie | 100 | ${ }_{29}^{29} 12$ |
| Veinotte, Doris | 103 | 6000 | Ernst, Glennie | 100 |  |
| Walters, Muriel | 102 | 5941 | Ernst, Margaret | 103 |  |
| Wentzell, Elsie M. | 101 | 5883 | Ernst, Winnifred | 103 | ${ }^{30} 95$ |
| Wynacht, Margaret | 102 | 5941 | Fancy, Elizabeth | 96 | ${ }^{27} 50$ |
| Young, Bessie W. | 103 | 6000 | Fraser, Mary E. | 91 | 26 |
| Young. Helen R. | 102 | 5941 | Hagan, Ida | 102 | 2970 |
| Young, Mary E. | 102 | 5941 | Hebb, Evelyn B. | 102 | 2970 |
| Brooks, Blanche | 103 | 4500 | Hebb, Evelyn M. | 102 |  |
| Bushen, Ada | 103 | 4500 | Herman, Blanche | 103 | ${ }^{30} 00$ |
| Corkun, Hazel | 103 | 4500 | Hiltz, Evelyn | 103 | ${ }_{30} 00$ |
| Crawford, Florence | 101 | 4412 | Hiltz, Muriel | 103 | 3070 |
| Conrad, Grace | 103 | 4500 | Hiltz, Vera | 102 | ${ }_{20}^{29} 0$ |
| Croft, Margaret | 102 | 4456 | Hirtle, Mabel | 103 | ${ }_{28}^{20} 8$ |
| Crouse, Lettie | 102 | 4456 | Hirtle, Marion | 99 | 3000 |
| Crouse, Lettie, (Lib.) |  | 500 | Hirtle, Rae | 103 | ${ }_{28} 53$ |
| Crouse, Naomi | 103 | 4500 | Jodery, Nellie | 98 | 2800 |
| Deal, Bernice | 103 | 4500 | Kaulbach, Hazel | 103 | ${ }_{29} 70$ |
| Dolliver, Olive | 103 | 4500 | Maxner, Leah | 102 |  |
| Dominey, Margaret | 103 | 4500 | Mills, Pearl | 103 |  |
| Goodwin, Mabel | $102 \frac{1}{2}$ | 4478 | Morash, Emma | 102 |  |
| Himmelman, Amy | 102 | 4456 | Morash, Mona | 103 | ${ }_{30} 00$ |
| Hirtle, Erema | 162 | 4456 | Mosher, Hilda | 103 | 3000 |
| Hirtle, Nora | 103. | 4500 | Naugler, Ida | 103 |  |
| Keddy, B. M. | 103' | 4500 | Nowe, Annie | 98 |  |
| Knox, Vera | 103 | 4500 | Oikle, Mary | 103 |  |
| Mailman, Mary | 103 | 4500 | Rafuse, Amy | 102 |  |
| Naugler, Ella | 103 | 4500 | Rafuse, Hazel | 102 |  |
| Nauss, Mamie | 79 | 3450 | Ramey, Mildred | 103 |  |
| Ramey, Elma | 103 | 4500 | Richards, Laura | 103 |  |
| Risser, Maud | 103 | 4500 | Robar, Evelena | 32 |  |
| Sarty, I.aurier | 103 | 4500 | Romkey, Mildred | 103 |  |
| Sarty, Mabel | 103 | 4500 | Sarty, Eva | 84 |  |
| Sarty, Mabel, (Lib.) |  | 500 | Seamone, Marion | 103 | ${ }_{30} 00$ |
| Simpson, Bertha | 103 | 4500 | Simpson, Bernice | 103 | ${ }_{30} 00$ |
| Smith, Eva M. | $103{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 3647 | Sperry, Florence | 103 | ${ }_{29} 70$ |
| Stevens, Evangeline | 103 103 | 4500 4500 | Sperry, Hazel Tanner, Ethel | 102 103 | 39 80 |
| Warner, Emma L. | 103 | 4500 | Wagner, Lena | 83 | 24 |
| Wile, Dora A. | 99 | 4324 | Wagner, Iois | 103 | ${ }_{30} 00$ |
| Wile, Lela E. | 103 | 4500 | Wagner, Mabel | 103 | ${ }_{30} 00$ |
| Wilkie, Rheta | 95 | 4149 | Wambark, Iona | 103 | ${ }_{30} 0$ |
| Young, Hazel | 103 | 4500 | Wentzell, Grace | 103 |  |
| Baker, Louisa M. | 102 | 2970 | Wentzell, Jennie | 24 |  |
| Barkhouse, Florence | 102 | 2970 | Wentzell, Mabel | 103 | 29 |
| Berringer, Mabel Berringer, Merle | 103 | 30 300 30 | Wiles, Elfreda | 101 | 300 |
| Boehner, Ora G. | 101 | 2941 | Young, W. G. | ${ }_{74}$ | 21 |

JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.

|  |  |  |  | 103 | 30 11 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zinck, Muriel | 103 | 3000 | Zwicker, Constance |  |  |
| Z Wicker Amy | 103 | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ 1200 \\ \hline 15\end{array}$ |  |  |  |


| Poor Sections. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cook, Margaret | 79 | 3058 |
| Cook, M., 1st hf. yr. | 25 | 971 |
| Corkum, Beryl | 103 | 4000 |
| Daurie, Evelyn | 103 | 4000 |
| Hatt, Eliza | 102 | 3961 |
| Herman, Vera | 63 | 2.146 |
| Piorton, Helen | 103 | 4000 |
| Ritcey, Erna | 102 | 3961 |
| Seamone, Effie | 103 | 4000 |
| Znck, Ella | 102 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 3980 |

## Annuitants.

| MeKittrick, B. | 26000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Rieser, Daniel | 6000 |
| Kaulbach, Laura | 3000 |
| Heckman, A. D. | 3000 |
| Snith, Ada A. | 3000 |

$\begin{array}{lcr}\text { Rural Science } & \text { Travelling } & \text { Teaçer. } \\ \text { Verge, Ethel M. } & 19 & 1195\end{array}$

## CHESTER.

| Cann, A. J. 102 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Silver, Effie | 102 |
| Zinck, Jessie | 103 |
| Crous, Bertha | 39 |
| Jewers, Viola | 102 |
| Kaulb, Beatrice | 108 |
| Kaubach, Ella | 103 |
| M ${ }^{\text {a }}$ bach, F., 1st hf. yr. 26 | r. 26 |
| Stader, Jessie B., (Lib.) |  |
| Stevens, Esfie ${ }^{\text {We, }}$ | . 102 |
| Webber, Mamie | 102 |
| Yobber, Ola B. | 08 |
| Boung, Amy | 103 |
| Barkman, Ora | 101 |
| Corkhouse, Ruey | 103 |
| Corkum, Harold | 103 |
| Corkum, Harold, (Lib.) |  |
| Corkum, Lola | 103 |
| Erkum, Ruby | 103 |
| Hebs, Frances | 103 |
| Kaub, Mabel | 103 |
| Mitchach, Lily | 103 |
| Maclell, Hazel | 101 |
| Rafuse His, Muriel | 103 |
| Rogers, Hazel J. | 102 |
| Robinson Eladys | 108 |
| Stith, Mildred | 98 |
| Wermm, Emi | 64 |
| ber, Esther | 103 |


| 5941 |
| :---: |
| 5941 |
| 5941 |
|  |
| 2271 |
| 4456 |
| 4500 |
| 4500 |
| 1134 |
| 4500 |
| 500 |
| 4456 |
| 4456 |
| 4500 |
| 4500 |
| 2941 |
| 3000 |
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| 3000 |
| 3000 |
| 3000 |
| 2941 |
| 3000 |
| 2970 |
| 3000 |
| 2853 |
| 3000 |
| 1863 |
| 3000 |


|  | 103 | 4000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Broome, Pearl Vircinia | 102 | 3961 |
| Count way, | 100 | 3883 |
| Herget, Gertrude | 103 | 4800 |
| Salsman, Mamie | 98 102 | 3961 |
| Wynacht, Ruth |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| PICTOU E | EAST |  |
|  | 103 | 10500 |
| Mcleod, John | 103 | 7500 |
| Baillic, A. | 103 | 7500 |
| Larsen, Iida M. | 103 | 7500 7500 |
| Logan, Jessie M. S. | 103 | 7500 |
| MacLellan, Ruth | 103 | 7354 |
| Moran, Saclie | 103 | 7500 |
| Porter, Willia | 103 | 7500 |
| Rose, Annie 1 | 103 | 7500 |
| Robertson, E | 10 | 728 |
| Tattrie, | 103 | 7500 |
| Wadden, Ove ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | 102 | 6941 |
| Atkinson, M, Margaret | 103 | 6000 |
| Bonyman, M. Bern | 103 | 6000 |
| Baylee, Susic | 103 | 6000 |
| Calder, janet ( | 103 | 6000 |
| Cameron, Isabel | 103 | 6000 |
| Clarke, Margar | 103 | 6000 |
| Cameron, Marg | 103 | 6000 |
| Davis, Mary | 103 | O00 |
| Freeman, Ance | 103 | 6000 |
| Fraser, Annie D. | 103 | 5883 |
| Grant, Hazel | 102 | 5941 |
| Hayman, Cat | 103 | 6000 |
| Hadley, Agatha | 102 | 5941 |
| Hamblen, M. E | 101 | 588 |
| Holmes, Br | 102 | 5941 |
| Kennedy | 102 | 5940 |
| Lent, F. ${ }^{\text {a }}$, Ethe | 103 | 6000 |
| Macdonald, Mary C. | 103 | 6000 |
| Macdonald, Ruth |  | 6000 |
| Macdonald, Marg't |  | 6000 |
| Maclonald, Marg | 103 | 6000 |
| MacGregor, Jessie ${ }^{\text {a }}$ A. | . 103 | 6000 |
| MacGregor, Matine V. | 103 | 6000 |
| Mackay, ${ }^{\text {Ca }}$ Maude | 103 | 6000 |
| Mackay, ${ }^{\text {M }}$, Christena | 103 | 5883 |
| MacKenzie, S. Viola | 103 | 6000 |
| MacKay, Rob | 103 | 6000 |
| MacLean | 103 | 6000 |
| Macleellan, Ba | 102 | 5941 |
| MacL.eod, E. M. Estelle | 20 | 1164 |
| Maclean, M, Eliza | 103 | 60.00 58 |
| Monre, Katherine | 101 | 6000 |


| Oulton, Millage | 103 | 6000 | Mills, Martha | 102 | $2970$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Powell, Violet H. | 103 | 6000 | Muir, Annie | $103$ | 3088 |
| Robertson, Sarah | 103 | 6000 | Murray, Catherine | 53 | 1500 |
| Russell, Martha | 103 | 6000 | Munro, Laura J. | 103 | ${ }_{29} 12$ |
| Smith, Rose | 103 | 6000 | Ormiston, Irene | 100 | ${ }_{30} 9100$ |
| Sutherland, Ella F. | 102 | 5941 | Ross, Tena J. | 103 | 3000 |
| Thompson, Elizabeth | 103 | 6000 | Ross, Melva | 103 | ${ }_{29}^{30} 41$ |
| Wright, Margaret I. | 103 | 6000 | Smith, Marion F. | 101 | 2940 |
| Watt, Anabel M. | 101 | 5888 | Sutherland, Elizabeth |  |  |
| Young, Nettie B. | 102 | 5941 |  |  |  |
| Allen, Lottic M. | 103 | 4500 | Poor Sections. |  |  |
| Blair, Margaret L. | 103 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Chisholm, Marguerite | 103 | 4500 | Campbill, Leola A. | 102 | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \\ & 40 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ |
| Chisholn, Mary M. | 102 | 4456 | Cameron, Elizabeth | 103 | 4767 |
| Cox, Jeanette | 103 | 4500 | Chisholm, Isabel M. | 97 | 3228 |
| Cruickshank, Alice | 103 103 | 4500 4500 | Cameron, Daisy B. | 83 102 | 3961 |
| Graham, Gertrude M. | 103 | 4500 4500 | MacHardy, Joanna | 102 | 2640 |
| Fraser, Barbara A. | 103 | 4500 | MarDonald, Bessie E. |  | ${ }_{39}{ }^{21} 8$ |
| Fraser, Jennie | 97 | 4237 | MacLean, Pearl | 101 | ${ }_{40} 000$ |
| Harvey, Meta | 103 | 4500 | Redmond, Ada F. | 103 |  |
| Hanna, Viola A. | 103 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Johnston, Hughena | 103 | 1500 | Special Poor Sections. |  |  |
| Krith, Sylvia | 103 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Kirk, Gertrude B. | 101 | 4412 | Green's Brook |  | 2490 |
| MacDonald, Roberta | 103 | 4500 | Greenvale |  |  |
| MacDonald, Agnes C. | 103 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| MacDonald, A. Fraser | 108 | 4500 | Consolidation. |  |  |
| MacDonald, Annie M. | 103 | 4500 |  |  | 9000 |
| Macgillivray, Jane R. | 102 | 4456 | Bailey Brook |  |  |
| MacKenzie, Alexandra | 73 | 3188 |  |  |  |
| MacLeod, Catherine | 103 | 4500 | Annuitants. |  |  |
| Maxwell, Bessie B. | 102 | 4456 |  |  |  |
| Meikle, Annie | 103 | 4500 | Cruickshank, Jessie J. |  | ${ }_{29} 91$ |
| Munroe, Christene | 103 | 4500 | Rose, Jessie F. |  |  |
| Prowse, Cornelia Robertson, Tilly | 30 | 1310 |  |  |  |
| Robertson, Tilly | 97 | 4237 |  |  |  |
| Ross, Bessie B. | 103 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Sutherland, Annie M. | 102 | 4456 | PICTOU WEST. |  |  |
| Sutherland, Hattie | 83 | 3625 |  |  |  |
| Baillie, Anna | 102 | 2970 | MacLellan, Dr. Robt. |  | 10500 |
| Cavanagh, Muriel | 103 | 3000 | MacDonald, J. Crerar |  | 7500 |
| Cavanagh, Evelyn | 103 | 3000 | Archibald, Greta | 103 | 7500 |
| Cameron, Flora | 93 | 2708 | Kedy, Claude | 103 | 6000 |
| Cameron, Hannah | 103 | 3000 | Harris, W. E. | 108 | 6888 |
| Cameron, Muriel | 73 108 | 2126 30 | Heighton, Anna B. | 101 | 6800 6000 |
| Campbell, Mary B. | 108 | 3000 3000 | Hutchinson, Gladys MacArthur, Olive | 108 103 |  |
| Campbell, Jessie I. | 63 | 1834 | MacDonald, Ada | 103 | ${ }_{60}^{60} 00$ |
| Crockett, Elsie M. | 103 | 3000 | MacKenzie, Edna | 103 | ${ }_{60} 00$ |
| Flemming, Elizabeth | 103 | 3000 | Sillers, Violet A. | 108 | ${ }_{83} 68$ |
| Fraser, Elma | 101 | 2941 | Bryenton, Katherine | 77 | ${ }_{44} 86$ |
| Fraser, Jessie I. | 103 | 3000 | Creighton, Jessie M. | 102 | 4198 |
| Huggan, Gladys | 102 | 2970 | Campbell, Menah | ${ }^{96}$ |  |
| MacBean, Mary G. | 102 | 2970 | Elliott, Bessie | 108 | 4500 |
| MacDonald, Annie B. | 108 | 3000 | Fullerton, Irene | 103 | 4500 |
| MacEachern, Mabel | 108 103 | 3000 3000 | Gilchrist, Christene | 103 103 | 4500 |
| MacIntosh, Elsie | 103 103 | 3000 3000 | Grant, Etta W. Graham, Margaret M. | 103 | 4500 4500 |
| MacKenzie. Hazel | 108 | 3000 | Haley, Mary | 103 | 4500 |
| MacKay, Lelia C. | 103 | 3000 | Henry, Jeanette M. | 103 | 4500 |
| MacKay, Sophia J. | 103 | 3000 | Harris, Catherine | 103 | ${ }_{44} 66$ |
| MacKay, Clara G. | 103 | 3000 | MacCara, Marg't E. | 102 | 4460 |
| MacNeod, C. M, Marg't | 103 | 3000 3000 | MacKay, Marion MacKay, C. Marg't | 102 102 | 4480 4500 |
| MacWilliam, Marg't | 93 | 2708 | MacQuarrie, Christena | 103 | - |


| Malcolm, Jennie$103$ |  | 4500 | Clements, Mary | $\begin{aligned} & 103 \\ & 103 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6000 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MacLean, Adelaide 1 | 123 | 5372 | Freeman, Grace ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 103 | 6000 |
| Matheson, Muriel G. 1 | 102 | 4456 | Freeman, Winne | 103 | ${ }_{60}^{60} 00$ |
| Rurray, Bessie L. 1 | 101 | 4412 | Harrington, ${ }^{\text {Hemeon, Elizabeth }}$ | 103 | ${ }_{60}^{60} 00$ |
| Rose, Muriel B. 1 | 103 | 4500 | Locke, Helen | 103 | 6000 |
| Sillers, Jessie F. | 35 | 1528 4500 | Mosher, Hilda | 103 | 6000 |
| Sutherland, Marg't C. ${ }^{1}$ | 103 | 4500 | Parks, Evelyn | 103 | 6000 |
| Sutherland, Mars't C. 1 | 103 | 4500 450 | Sabean, Olivedean | 103 | 6000 |
| Thomson, Helen | 103 | -4500 | Smith, Lalia J M. | 103 | 6000 |
| Baillie, Christena | 102 | 2970 | Soley, Emma M. | 103 | 4500 |
| Dryer, Verna | 103 | 3000 | Eisenhauer, Bell | 103 | 4500 |
|  | 95 | 27.66 | Hardy, Martha | 103 | 45 4500 |
| Frasmore, Beatrice | 103 | 30 00 | Mouzar, Effie | 103 | 4280 |
| Gray, Alice M | 102 | 29 70 | McGowan, Estella | +98 | 4500 |
| Ham, Alice M. | 96 | 2755 | Wamboldt, Sadie | 103 | 4500 |
| Harris, Elsie M. | 74 96 | 2795 | Wharton, Ethel | 103 | 3000 |
| Mris, Elsie M. <br> MacCallum, Elizabeth 1 | 100 | 2912 | Anthony, Dorothy | $96 \frac{1}{3}$ | 2810 |
| Maccunn, Marion D. 1 |  | 2970 | Baker, Lois | 103 | 3000 |
|  | 103 | 3000 | Brooks, Lena | 103 | 3000 |
| MacCunn, Mary A. | 103 | 3000 | Farrington, Hel | 103 | 3000 |
| MacDonald, Flor. A. | 102 | 2970 | Fralic, Enid | 103. | 3000 |
| MacKay, Annie E. ${ }^{\text {MacKay }}$ | 101 | 2941 | Gardiner, Moss | 102 | 2970 |
| MacKenzie Helen M. | 103 | 3000 | Hardy, Ermad | 103 | 3000 |
|  | 103 | 3000 | Hartman, Belle | 103 | 3000 |
| MacPhersoren V. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 102 | 2970 | Hicks, Mary | 103 | 3000 |
| Morris, Nan, Christene 102 |  | 2970 | Kemr,ton, Cora | 103 | 3000 |
|  | 102 83 | 29 24 17 | Reynolds, Elsie | 103 | 3000 |
| Rae, Mary E. | 103 | 3000 | Manthorn, Mildrearet | 103 | 3000 |
| Suthertson, Hugh 1 | 103 | 3000 | Robertson, Ma M. | 103 | ${ }_{29} 70$ |
| Sutherland, Frances 1 | 103 | 3000 | Shields, Fredat Marion | 102 |  |
| Sutherland, Marg't E. 1 | 102 | 2970 |  |  |  |
|  | 103 | 3000 |  |  |  |
| Watt, And, Annie C. Whidden A. | 101 | 2941 | Poor Sections. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Therieau, Mildred | 105 | 2524 |
| Cor Poor Sections. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cameron, Christena | 100 | 3883 |  |  |  |
| Gunn, Mabel A | 98 | 3806 <br> 40 <br> 00 |  |  |  |
| Robertson, Annie I. | 103 49 | 1903 |  |  |  |
| Ross, Margaret A |  | 3145 | QUEENS NORTH. |  |  |
| Stewart, Margaret C. |  | 3961 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Suthert, Annie M. | 49 | 1908 | Ethrington, Bernice | 108 | 6000 |
| herland, Blanche | 100 | 3888 | Ethrington, ${ }^{\text {Frank, Mabel }}$ | 103 | 6000 |
| Annuitants. |  |  | Graham, B. Helen | 103 | 500 |
|  |  |  | Graham, B. Helen, |  | 4500 |
|  |  |  | Parker, Edna | 52 | 22.71 |
| MacArthur, Alex. |  | 6000 | Ennis, Hilda ${ }^{\text {argaret }}$ | 98 | 2970 |
| onald, D. W. |  | 6000 | Canning, Mari | 102 | 3000 |
| Rural ${ }^{\text {coin }}$ |  |  | Crookei, Mary B. | 102 | 29.70 |
| Science Travelling |  |  | Cushing, Florence | 92 | 2679 |
| Tina, J. MacCarthy | 69 | 3018 | Dukeshire, Gladys | 103 | 3000 |
|  |  |  | Himmer messie | 108 |  |
|  |  |  | Martin, Violet | 103 | 2369 |
| QUEENS SO | OUTH |  | Martin, Violet, |  | 1310 |
| Morton, R. F. <br> Freeman, Jessie E. | UTH |  | Rogers, Forethy | 103 | 1000 100 |
|  |  | 10500 | Smith, Dorothy, |  |  |
|  |  | 7500 | Smith, Dor |  |  |


| Poor Sections. |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
|  | 96 |  |
| Lohnes, Vernie | 103 |  |
| Parks, Bessie | 101 |  |
| Vaughn, Jennie |  |  |

## Annuitant.

Mullins, Jennie E.

## RICHMOND.

| Boyd, Gertrude | 103 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Collins, Catharine | 103 |
| Macleod, Jessie | 103 |
| Boudreau, Jeanne | 3 |
| Britten, James D. | 102 |
| Ftienne, George Wm. | 102 |
| Gracie, Florence A. | 58 |
| MacKichan, Annie | 103 |
| Samson, Mary Edna | 10 |
| Sr. Marie Ste. Firmine | 103 |
|  | 103 |
| Britten, Mary Ella | 108 |
| Cameron, Mary M. | 103 |
| Cameron, M. Marg't | 103 |
| Gillis, Cecilia Harriet | 103 |
| Hureau, Clara M. | 103 |
| Jackson, Henrictta E | 103 |
| Kemp, Dora C. | 103 |
| Landry, Caroline C. | 103 |
| McDonald, Cassie | 103 |
| MacKay, Flora_C. | 99 |
| McLeod, Margaret | 98 |
| MacLeod, Marie S. | 103 |
| MacNeil, Minnie | 103 |
| Mauger, Tina I | 103 |
| Monbourquette, C. D. |  |
| O'Toole, M. Alberta | 103 |
| Samson, Clara Jane | 102 |
| Shaw, Alfreda M. | 103 |
| Sr. Cecile Marie | 103 |
| Sr. Mary St. Hugh | 103 |
| Bissett, Helen Frances | 103 |
| Boudreau, M. M. | 103 |
| Bissett, Hazel | 4 |
| Brymer, Emma J. | 69 |
| Currie, Mamie | 103 |
| Ferguson, Annie May | 101 |
| Grant, Harold E. | 103 |
| Crimes, Alberta | 101 |
| Kehoe, Clara Ann | 103 |
| King, Dora Viola | 103 |
| Lavandier, Marie I. | 103 |
| Lavandier, Eugenie | 103 |
| Mauger, Agnes Jane | 103 |
| Pertus, Marie I eontine |  |
| Poirier, Jeffrey H. | 103 |
| Poirier, M. Juanita | 103 |
| Riley, Ada | 97 |
| Sampson, Mary Louise |  |
| Sr. Marie St. Prudent | 103 |
| Baccardox, Caroline | 103 |
| on, Annie Bel |  |

## JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |



## JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.



## Municipal School Fund

For the support of Public Schools, appropriated to Trustees of School Sections named below for the year ended July 31st, 1919.

The Asterisk $\left(^{*}\right)=$ in poor sections. (Con.) $=$ Consolidation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\begin{gathered}\text { Grand total days } \\ \text { attendance of }\end{gathered}$
品

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Albany | 204 | 1608 | 60 | 21 |
| West Paradise | 205 | 4879 | 8172 |  |
| Springfield | 205 | 2671 | 67 | 36 |
| Lake Pleasant | 200 | 2754 | 66 | 68 |
| Falkland Ridge | 205 | 4844 | 8149 |  |
| Torbrook Mines | 205 | 3246 | 71 | 11 |

Poor Sections.

| Douglas Road | 202 | 1869 | 9212 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arlington | $89{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1084 | 43 |
| W. Inglisville | 191 | 893 | 7886 |
| Inglewood | 2001 | 1568 | 8800 |
| Torbrook East | 120 | 626 | ${ }_{25} 52$ |
| Morse Road | 58 | $\begin{array}{r}441 \\ \hline 1769\end{array}$ | 9113 |
| Dalhousie Lake | 202 | 1769 | ${ }_{39} 915$ |
| Albany Cross | 103 | 161 | 7921 |
| Dalhousie West | 189 | 1031 | 9837 |
| Daihousie Center | 204 | 2438 | 88 |
| Cherryfield | 205 | 537 | 3238 |
| Hunter's Lodge | 83 | 207 | 32 |

## ANNAPOLIS EAST.

| School for the Deaf |  |  | 225 | 00 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| School for the Blind |  | 300 | 00 |  |
| Melvern | 399 | 5406 | 132 | 47 |
| Forest Glade | 204 | 3167 | 70 | 36 |
| E. Margaretville | 205 | 2928 | 69 | 22 |
| Margaretville | 203 | 3958 | 75 | 24 |
| Prince Albert | 205 | 2098 | 63 | 63 |
| Victoria Vale | 205 | 1769 | 61 | 50 |
| Mosher's Corner | $184 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1645 | 55 | 70 |
| Port George | 205 | 1568 | 60 | 14 |
| Mt. Hanley | 205 | 2514 | 66 | 34 |
| Outram | 190 | 643 | 50 | 52 |
| Port Lorne | 205 | 3900 | 75 | 36 |
| St. Croix Cove | 205 | 1964 | 62 | 77 |
| Hampton | 205 | 3840 | 74 | 97 |
| Clarence West | 205 | 3277 | 71 | 31 |
| Clarence Center | 205 | 3156 | 70 | 52 |
| Clarence | 205 | 3129 | 70 | 35 |
| Brooklyn West | 205 | 2893 | 68 | 80 |
| Spa Springs | 205 | 2658 | 67 | 27 |
| S. Farmington | 170 | 2776 | 59 | 50 |
| Wilmot | 204 | 2054 | 61 | 31 |
| Middleton | $1086 \frac{1}{3}$ | 23732 | 419 | 33 |
| Brickton | 201 | 4021 | 75 | 17 |
| Lawrencetown | 593 | 12728 | 227 | 39 |
| Paradise | 410 | 8734 | 156 | 80 |
| Bridgetown | 1226 | 35260 | 528 | 31 |
| Meadowvale | 205 | 2351 | 65 | 28 |
| Torbrooke | 404 | 7702 | 148 | 62 |
| Nictaux Falls | 205 | 4039 | 76 | 27 |
| Nictaux South | 205 | 2673 | 67 | 37 |
| Nictaux | 200 | 4386 | 77.30 |  |
| S. Williamston | 205 | 3252 | 71 | 14 |
| N. Williamston | 191 | 1474 | 56 | 16 |
| Carleton | 205 | 5678 | 86 | 91 |
| Centerlea | 200 | 4041 | 75 | 06 |
| Tupperville | 205 | 1738 | 61 | 30 |
| Bloomington | 205 | 2760 | 67 | 94 |
| Inglisville East | 202 | 1877 | 61 | 47 |
| Crossburn | 205 | 4497 | 79 | 24 |
| North Albany | 188 | 1216 | 53 | 75 |
| North Springfield | 205 | 6350 | 84 | 78 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## ANNAPOLIS WEST.

| Young's Cove | 204 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 4719 | 8055 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parker's Cove | 205 | 4559 | 9 |
| Hillsburn | 205 | 4204 | - |
| Litchfield | 172 | 3215 | 125 |
| Victoria Beach | 392 | 4609 | 126 |
| Port Wade | 205 | 5144 | 7 |
| Karsdale | 191 | 4582 | 7030 |
| Lr. Granville | 205 | 3122 | 6685 |
| Stoney Beach | 203 | 2667 | 4232 |
| Granville Ferry | 410 | 6509 | 14182 |
| Granville Center | 205 | 3356 | 7474 |
| Bclleisle | 205 | 3804 | 6931 |
| Gesner | 196 | 3309 | 7053 |
| Chesley | 305 | 3158 | 14678 |
| Round Hill | 410 | 7194 | 14698 |
| Moschelle | 205 | 2758 | 44510 |
| Annapolis | 1215 | 22878 | 44770 |
| Upper Clements | 205 | -1183 | 13903 |
| Clementsport | $409 \frac{1}{2}$ | 6022 | 12875 |
| Deep Brook | 407 | 4533 | 12863 |
| Waldeck East | 113 | 165 | 8060 |
| Bear River E. | 202 | 4819 | 12654 |
| Clementsvale | 387 | 4944 | 12378 |
| Prince Dale | 198 | 2381 | 6238 |
| Beaconfield | 205 | 1904 | 5911 |
| Greywood | 204 | 1438 | 6788 |
| Milford | 194 | 3162 | 5154 |
| Maitland | $130 \frac{1}{2}$ | 3030 | 6587 |
| Perotte | 205 | 2442 | 15404 |
| L'Equille | 410 | 8311 | 104899 |
| Waldeck W. | 188 | 2022 | 6719 |
| Allen River | 205 | 2644 |  |

## Poor Sections.

| Poor Sections. |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | 2817 | 102 | 51 |
| Phinney Cove | 205 | 68 |  |  |
| Greenland | 138 | 1266 | 62 | 67 |
| Wright | 156 | 914 | 65 | 90 |
| Virgin'a | 196 | 1253 | 83 |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Dargie | 182 | 968 | 76 | 01 |
| Lake LaRose | 123 | 1257 | 57 | 23 |
| Victory | 115 | 1036 | 52 | 17 |
| Guinea | 204 | 999 | 84 | 38 |
| East Victory | 205 | 1827 | 92 | 81 |
| Fundy | 59 | 470 | 26 | 15 |

## Special Poor Section.

$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Lake Munro } & 141 & 801 & 5940\end{array}$

## Consolidation.

Perotte Cons. under Sec. 5 (23) 2225
Border Sections.

| Dalhousie E. |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Bas | 315 | 795 |  |  |
| Bear River | 1230 | 9240 | 19684 |  |
| NNorthfield | 146 | 227 | 1384 |  |
| Kingston | 205 | 498 | 11 | 46 |
| New Grafton | 180 | 719 | 14 | 02 |

## ANTIGONISH.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Georgevill Blind |  |  |  |  |
| West River | olida |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Bailey's }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Antigonish (Over | 2572 | 55595 |  |  |
| - | 20 n | 1438 |  |  |
| Marbor | 205 | 1842 |  |  |
| Larristo | 157 | 1322 |  |  |
| S. Side | 179 | 1334 |  |  |
| Cape Georgeorge | 172 | 1729 |  |  |
| Morar | 172 | ${ }_{3402}$ |  |  |
| Margeville | 202 | 3181 |  |  |
| Arisagnant C | 205 | 4646 |  |  |
|  | 205 | 5014 |  |  |
| Pleasaras Brook | 199 | 2896 |  |  |
| Clydest Valley | 80 | 3218 |  |  |
| Sowe | 192 | 2788 2184 |  |  |
| M Side Harb | 192 | 1679 |  |  |
| Lonk's Head | 20 | 4553 | 73 |  |
| Uper Pomke | 205 | 7064 |  |  |
| Heathertonk | 205 | ${ }_{5431}^{4056}$ |  |  |
| Bayfield | 205 98 | 878 | 28 |  |
|  | 199 | 2364 | 60 |  |
| Big ${ }^{\text {Arm }}$ Tr | 205 | 5591 |  |  |
| E. Tracad | 202 | 3917 |  |  |
| Linwood | 173 | 47 |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Harbor Basen }}$ Boucher | 615 | 10257 | 202 |  |
| Glassbr's Grant | 205 | 3075 |  |  |
| Calerion | 191 | 1828 |  |  |
| Maryonia Mills | 205 | 1995 |  |  |
| St. Andre | 192 | 2411 |  |  |
| Dunmorews | 406 | 6213 | 131 |  |
|  | 205 | 2750 |  |  |



|  |  |  |  | The Falls | 184 | 1308 | 5359 6006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clifton | 204 | 5171 | 8413 5167 | East Earltown | 201 | 1105 | 5709 |
| Princeport | 179 | 1205 | 6851 | Brule Shore | 194 | 1567 | 5772 |
| Beaver Brook | 205 | $\stackrel{3176}{ }$ | 7113 | Denmark |  |  |  |
| Green Oaks | 190 | 2253 | 6133 | Poor Sections |  |  |  |
| 1 Preens Creek | 181 | 922 | 5028 |  |  |  |  |
| U. Pleasant Val. | 201 | 947 | 5532 | Lake Road | 199 | 2030 | 5846 |
| Hilden | 193 | 1398 | 56 79 | Truro Road | ${ }_{205}^{145}$ | 1369 | 7387 |
| Brookfield | 408 | 9304 | 16152 | Keble |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Brentwood }}$ | 144 | 2145 | 4939 |  |  |  |  |
| Fort Ellis | 188 | 1208 | 5388 |  |  |  |  |
| Lewiacke | 820 | 22434 | 34921 | COLC |  | WEST. |  |
| Shuber | 199 | 4532 | 7866 8121 | COL |  | 5430 | 13535 |
| Gays River | 204 | 4731 | 81 6839 | L. Five Islands | 406 | 6312 | 14100 |
| Coldstream | 205 | 1553 | 6031 | U. Five Islands | 198 | 3335 | 7047 13840 |
| W. St. Andrew | 152 | 968 | 4352 | Lr. Econony | 392 | 6426 | 13894 |
| Mouth Branch | 204 | 4670 | 8081 95 | Cen. Economy | 205 | 3449 1539 | 5487 |
| Meadowville (Con.) |  |  |  | Pleasant Hills | 183 | 8876 | 15903 |
|  |  |  |  | Bass River | 192 | 1762 | 5853 |
| Eastville | 205 | 2967 | 6973 | Montrose Village | 203 | 1918 | 6225 25089 |
| ${ }^{\text {Pumbroke }}$ | 178 | 2085 | 5729 | Highland Village | 615 | 1.5168 | $\begin{array}{r}250 \\ 50 \\ \hline 0\end{array}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {Burnside }}$ | 194 | 2110 | 6135 | Great Village (Co | 184 | 2053 | 5854 |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {p. Ss }}$ Roads | 193 | 3136 | ${ }^{67} 94$ | Lornevale | 184 | 13867 | 24240 |
| Otter Brook | 205 | 4691 | 8118 | Londonderry | ${ }_{204}^{615}$ | 12139 | 6397 |
| Mid. Stewiacke | 194 | 2857 3728 | 66 6798 | West Folly Mt. | 197 | 2288 | 6325 |
| Birch Hills | 177 | - 1626 | 6082 | East Village | 410 | 5923 | 13941 |
| Alton | 205 | ${ }_{3157}^{1626}$ | 7199 | Folly Village | 205 | 1811 | 6219 73 |
| Poor Sections. |  |  |  | Ir. DeBr | 203 | 8 | 13296 |
|  |  |  |  | Masstown | 386 | 1774 | 6178 |
| McCallum |  |  |  | East Folly M | 200 | 2101 | 6275 |
| Nuttby Set. | 136 | 899 | 5835 | Londonderry Sta | 205 | 2743 | 6823 |
| ${ }_{\text {Cam }}^{\text {p. North Riv. }}$ | 175 | 1195 | 6327 | Portaupique | 201 | 4125 | 7644 6897 |
| Forest ${ }^{\text {amd }}$ | 60 | 596 | 2324 | Hardwoodiver | 193 | ${ }_{900}$ | 518 |
| Riversiden | 170 | 1172 | 6162 | Portaupique M |  | 90 |  |
| Wittenher | 205 | $\stackrel{2946}{ }$ | 8700 | Poor Sections. |  |  |  |
| Lanesville | 196 204 | 2575 | $\begin{aligned} & 8117 \\ & 7441 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | 203 | $\begin{aligned} & 577 \\ & 181 \end{aligned}$ | 5945 |
|  |  |  |  | $1 . \mathrm{ynu}$ Castlereagh | 190 | 2587 | 7521 |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tatamagouche | 409 | 15004 | 199 | 54 |
| Trarbet | 205 | 2005 | 67 | 32 |
| Forest | 200 | 2383 | 64 | 62 |
| Waughs | 186 | 2066 | 59 | 11 |
| Midghleton | 153 | 2134 | 51 | 51 |
| French River | 200 | 3078 | 69 | 25 |
| Bayhead | 202 | 2266 | 64 | 33 |
| Murphys | 205 | 1453 | 59 | 64 |
| Mill Brook | 205 | 2329 | 65 | 48 |
| Olivers | 205 | 3879 | 75 | 80 |
| McLeod's | 199 | 1972 | 61 | 65 |
| Ryers | 205 | 2862 | 69 | 02 |
| Wilsons | 204 | 3477 | 72 | 87 |
| West Earltown | 82 | 440 | 22 | 91 |
| Balmoral | 194 | 1508 | 57 | 33 |
| Earltown | 195 | 3969 | 73 | 97 |
| Slades | 205 | 1579 | 60 | 49 |
| Rrule | 205 | 2403 | 65 | 98 |
| Conkey | 205 | 1803 | 61 | 97 |

## CUMBERLAND.

| MBER |  |  | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cchool for Blind |  |  | 15000 |
| School for Blind |  | 2940 | 7105 |
| Malagash Point | 205 | 1292 | 5995 |
| North Shore | 204 | 2988 | 6760 |
| Malagash | 204 | 2314 | 7552 |
| Stake Road | $197 *$ | 3550 | 6298 |
| East W | 200 | 1848 | 7663 |
| Lirden | 204 | 7848 | 15216 |
| Richmond | 399 | 7117 | 5704 |
| Wallace Road | $159 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2354 4590 | 7999 |
| Six Mil Amherst | 183 | 48878 | 7983 |
| S. Middleboro | 205 | 2364 | 11748 |


| East Amherst | 204 | 2524 | 6920 | Lr. River Philip | 188 | 2222 | 6296 789 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wentworth Sta. | 200 | 1671 | 6173 | River Fhilip Cen. | . 195 | 3327 | 7340 |
| North Wallace | 193 | 3163 | 7143 | Wyvern | - 172 | 2953 | 6437 |
| Fox Harbor | 190 | 1643 | 5899 | Williamsdale | 203 | 1800 | 6356 |
| Lr. Gulf Shore | 205 | 1183 | 5911 | Westchester Mt. | 196 | 2046 | ${ }_{93} 93$ |
| Up. Gulf Shore | $201 \frac{1}{1}$ | 1/1496 | 6066 | Westchester Sta. | 204 | 5655 | 93.24 |
| Pugwash | 615 | 16835 | 27970 | Hastings | 199 | 1649 | 10777 |
| N. Wallace Bay | 203 | 1983 | 6478 | Chignecto | 201 | 7626 | 7462 |
| S. Wallace Bay | 2031 | $\frac{1}{2} 1948$ | 6463 | Henderson Set. | 201 | 3323 | 74 59 |
| Pugwash Jct. | 204 | 3743 | 7859 | Carrington | 205 | 1201 | 6926 |
| E. Pugwash Riv. | . 205 | 1728 | 6331 | E. Hansford | 2041 | 12516 | 6428 |
| W. Pugwash Riv. | v. 150 | 1658 | 4936 | Millvale | 202 | 1948 | 6538 |
| Wallace Bridge | 205 | 3200 | 7465 | S. Mt. P:easant | 198 | 2217 | 6530 469 |
| Rockley | 204 | 1067 | 5798 | River Hebert | 992 | 29510 | 469 69 |
| Roslin | 195 | 950 | 5488 | West Pugwash | 203 | 2587 | 6877 |
| W. Hansford | 197 | 1354 | 5848 | E. Wentworth | 197 | 2688 | 6829 |
| Virtoria | 196 | 1195 | 5700 | Killarney | 72 | 614 | 5841 |
| Hartford | 204 | 3258 | 7486 | Clifton | 199 | 1281 | 5886 |
| Port Howe | 205 | 3019 | 7325 | Springhill | 5174 | 169634 | 5000 |
| Up. Linden | 205 | 3526 | 7716 | Springhill (Con.) |  |  | 7712 |
| Shinimicas Bridge | c 204 | 1228 | 5922 | Thompson | 204 | 3552 | 6729 |
| Lr. Shinimicas | 205 | 4949 | 8812 | Mansfield | 197 | 2495 | 6111 |
| Northport | 401 | 8668 | 16457 | South Prook | 1911 ${ }^{1}$ | 1868 | 5761. |
| Tidnish | 205 | 5797 | 9466 | S. Little River | 197 | 1241 | 7838 |
| Amherst Head | 199 | 5640 | 9199 | Springhill Jct. | 202 | 3778 | 6736 |
| Truemanville | 205 | 3065 | 7361 | Rodney | 195 | 2570 | ${ }_{74} 32$ |
| Warren | 204 | 4460 | 8412 | Conn's Mills | 200 | 3313 | 6330 |
| Amherst | 8152 | 216388 | 365541 | Beckwith | $195 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2027 | 6100 |
| Fort Lawrence | $196 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2908 | 7032 | S. Pugwash | 199 | 1618 | ${ }_{95} 25$ |
| Amherst Point | 186 | 1769 | 5891 | Colling wood | 202 | 5969 |  |
| N. Middleboro | 204 | 3474 | 7652 |  |  |  |  |
| Nappan Sta. | 410 | 6174 | 14988 | Poor Sections. |  |  |  |
| Maccan | 410 | 10135 | 17808 |  |  |  | 9623 |
| Lr. Maccan | 205 | 2631 | 7026 | Valley Road | 191 | 2281 | 9804 |
| Lr. River Hebert | 164 | 4363 | 7361 | Lr. Greenville | 199 | 2183 | 9884 |
| Barronsfield | 199 | 836 | 5498 | Farmington | 196 | 2089 | 9298 |
| Lower Cove | 193 | 3358 | 7294 | S. Victoria | 142 | 953 | 3311 |
| Minudie | 205 | 3712 | 7859 | Greenville C. Rds. | 80 | 333 | 9050 |
| Joggin Mines 1 | 1433 | 43218 | 68247 | River View | 177 | 1368 | 4325 |
| Joggin Mines (Con | -r.) |  | 5000 | N. Greenville | 95 | 735 |  |
| Shulee | 203 | 3953 | 7996 | Rushton | 95 | 634 | 4229 |
| orncville | 199 | 5689 | 9236 | Greenville Sta. | 72 | 601 | 3557 |
| Amherst Shore | 198\% | 1706 | 6155 | Black River | 180 | 841 | 6843 |
| Chapman Set. | 203 | 3196 | 7413 | Salt Springs | 167 | 633 | ${ }_{90}^{685}$ |
| Tirlnish Bridge | 171 | 3791 | 7090 | Westehester Val. | 205 | 1354 | 90 |
| River Hebert Hd. | . 149 | 2265 | 5372 |  |  |  |  |
| Athol | 202 | 2719 | 7021 |  |  |  |  |
| Southampton | 204 | 4864 | 8723 |  |  |  |  |
| West Brook | 204 | 3583 | 7736 | PARRSBORO. |  |  |  |
| East Mapleton | $172{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1115 | 5066 |  |  |  |  |
| Mapleton | $192 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1686 | 5994 | Parrsboro 2 | 2137 | 51745 | 24897 |
| Leamington | 205 | 2647 | 7040 | Port Greville | 615 | 12846 | 245 75 |
| South Athol | 204 | 2318 | 6762 | New Prospect | 191 | 3730 | 6667 |
| Wyndham. | 204 | 1267 | 5952 | Cross Roads | $198 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2371 | 64 80 |
| Glenville | 189 | 2982 | 6907 | Diligent River | 192 | 4865 | 7308 |
| Brookdale | 204 | 4012 | 8067 | Cannonville. | $202 \frac{1}{2}$ | 3076 | 23441 |
| Salem | 205 | 1282 | 5987 | Fox River | 615 | 10956 | 5329 |
| Fenwick | 203 | 2149 | 6606 | Brookville | 190 | 902 | 8440 |
| Up. Nappan | 202 | 3962 | 7993 | Fraserville | 205 | 4464 | 9356 |
| Streets Ridge | 167 | 2326 | 5864 | Spencer's Island 20 | 204 | 5685 | 952 10 |
| W. Leicester | 197 | 2903 | 7041 | Advocate (Con) 8 | 819 | 16925 | 30200 50 |
| E. Leicester | 205 | 4020 | 8097 | Advocate (Con.) |  |  | 152 18 |
| N. Little River | 195 | 1076 | 5585 | Apple River | 404 | 6959 | 15576 |
| N. Mt. Pleasant | 192 | 2949 | 6954 | New Salem | 176 | 4263 | 6606 |
| Oxford 1 | 1434 | 40122 | 65887 | Lakelands 2 | 204 | 2116 |  |


Poor Sections.

| Crten Hill |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Plack Rock | 205 | 1696 | 94 | 60 |
| Plas | 203 | 828 | 84 |  |
| Apple Riv. W. | 151 | 2044 | 7888 |  |

## DIGBY.

School for the Deaf
Milford Cor the Blind
lansdo Corner 2041536
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Masdowne } & 201 & 2711 \\ \text { Morganville } & 204 \frac{1}{2} & 1998 \\ S_{\text {ross Road }} & 205 & \mathbf{2 2 1 2}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Cross Rnad } & 205 & 2212 \\ \text { Smith's Cove } & 410 & 5080 \\ \text { Acaciaville } & 205 & 4601\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Acaciaville } & 205 & 4601 \\ \text { Hill Grove } & 205 & 2890 \\ \text { Nolth Range } & 204 & \end{array}$
Noith Range
Marshalltown
Brighton
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Plymphton } & 4 \\ \text { Gilberton } & 1 \\ \text { Ashmore Cove } & 1\end{array}$
Ashmore
Fort Point
Weymouth
Weymouth Nth.
Weymmotn
Doymouth Milis

${ }^{\mathrm{R}_{\text {sesway }}}$
Senterville
Sandy Cove
Mink Cove
Tive Cove
Central
Fentral Grover
Weeport
Lest Port
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { lake Jolly } & 615 & 16430 \\ & 203 & 1547\end{array}$

## Poor Sections.

| ${ }^{\text {Joggins }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wepth Range E. | ${ }_{192}^{168}$ | ${ }_{1} 1981$ | 9283 |
| Plymouth Falls | 168 | 1927 | 8375 |
| Bay View Sta. | 145 | 2243 | 7859 |
| Cullodew | 203 | 2997 | 10840 |
| Waterford | 205 | 3855 | 11893 |
| Lakeside | ${ }^{66 \frac{1}{2}}$ | 768 |  |
| fidravile | 188 | 1384 |  |
| Sost Ferry | 191 | 1846 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Puth Range }} \mathrm{N}$. | 196 | ${ }_{2532}^{1896}$ | 10054 |

Border Sections.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| *Southville | 186 | 728 | 35 | 14 |
| *Danvers | 77 | 509 | 32 | 74 |
| Bear River | 1230 | 11030 | 247 | 02 |
| Ohio | 205 | 1248 | 26 | 61 |
| *Harlem | 186 | 1100 | 1262 |  |

## CLARE.

30000
15000
8726
16732
6997
17060
15144
26103
15997
23924
37279
9725
13303
15383
6118
6601
6724
8044
17115
7021
8025
2541
7906
7478
14779
8402
7851
8578

9354
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Little Brookd } & 201 & 8547 \\ \text { St. Bernard } & 185 \frac{1}{2} & 6975 \\ \text { Satnierville Sta. } & & \end{array}$

| 205 | 2312 | 9901 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 184 | 1288 | 80 68 |
| 205 | 3436 | 11072 |
| 55 | 828 | 7369 |
| 153 | 1704 |  |

Hectanoog
Border Sections.

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 170 | 1356 | 5660 |
| Beaver River | 205 | 1987 | 4946 |
| Cedar lake | 205 | 2395 | 5236 |
| Ohio | 186 | 1388 | 5276 |
| *Harlem | 186 | 1115 | 145 |
| *Southville | 77 | 23 370 | 1295 |
| -Danvers <br> Dive Annis | 205 | 370 |  |

GUYSBORO.
15000
2043
37148

| Riverside | 205 | 3613 | 8377 | Sherbrooke | 530 | 10138 | $234{ }_{98}^{05}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roman Valley | 205 | 1987 | 6857 | Stillwater | 191 | 2554 | 785 |
| Cooke's Cove | 205 | 4318 | 9036 | Glenelg | 191 | 3090 |  |
| Roachvale | 205 | 1966 | 6837 | Lower Caledonia | 188 | 2049 | 28 |
| Ogden | 201 | 2087 | 6853 | Upper Caledonia | 195 | 940 |  |
| Erinville | 205 | 4846 | 9529 | Cameron Set. | 156 | 1285 | 7942 |
| Up. New Harbor | 188 | 3734 | 8075 | Aspen | 205 | 2847 | 9542 |
| Halfway Cove | 189 | 4316 | 8644 | Ecum Secum | 203 | 4442 |  |
| Queensport | 187 | 6121 | 10282 | Marie Joseph | 205 | 3778 | - 10888 |
| Half Island Cove | 171 | 5520 | 9380 | Liscomb | 205 | 5697 | 10862 |
| Hazel Hill | 612 | 15328 | 29253 | Wine Harbor | 166 | 2044 | 5003 |
| Canso | 1609 | 57086 | 92600 | Port Hillford | 123 | 1938 | 64 |
| Up. White Head | 188 | 2126 | 6572 | Sonora | 200 | 4621 |  |
| White Head | 161 | 5722 | 9275 | Goldenville | 168 | 3678 |  |
| N. Intervale | 156 | 1573 | 5275 | Goshen | 185 | 2283 | 10258 |
| Mid. Melford | 98 | 1483 | 3776 | Port Bickerton | 195 | 5318 | 10202 |
| Up. Manchester | 205 | 1854 | 6733 | Spanishship Bay | 188 | 3500 | 8383 |
| Mid. Manchester | 205 | 2299 | 7149 | Fisherman's IIar. | 171 | 1173 |  |
| Lower Manchester | r204 | 2315 | 7140 |  |  |  |  |
| Port Shoreham | 183 | 3620 | 7846 | Poor Sections. |  |  |  |
| St. F. Hartior | 187 | 1470 | 5935 |  |  |  |  |
| Boylston | 204 | 3030 | 7808 | Up. Smithfield | 174 | 1245 | ${ }^{82} 27$ |
| Mulgrave | 404 | 15483 | 24325 | New Chester | 205 | 2662 | 119 |
| Pirate Harbor | 410 | 11214 | 20481 | S. Lochaber | 93 | 510 | 6047 |
| Steep Creek | 191 | 3319 | 7760 | Liscomb Mills | 118 | 1116 | 8789 |
| Oyster Ponds | 123 | 3343 | 6124 | St. Mary's River | 190 | 1186 |  |
| C. Harb. Mines | 176 | 2161 | 6313 |  |  |  |  |
| Stormont | 185 | 2525 | 6872 | Border Sections. |  |  |  |
| Isaac's Harbor | 396 | 6852 | 16062 |  |  |  |  |
| Goldboro | 321 | 5736 | 13190 | Co. Har. C. Rds. | 205 | 745 | ${ }_{22} 41$ |
| Seal Harbor | 180 | 4782 | 8859 | Argyle | 92 | 426 |  |
| Giant's Lake | 205 | 3575 | 8341 |  |  |  |  |
| Dover | 205 | 8679 | 13112 |  |  |  |  |
| E. Port Felix | 205 | 7206 | 11735 |  |  |  |  |
| W. Port Felix | 205 | 5993 | 10601 | HALIFAX EAST. |  |  |  |
| Cole Harbor | 166 | 2792 | 6658 |  |  |  |  |
| Charles Cove | 203 | 8000 | 12428 | Clam Harbor | 187 | 3971 | ${ }_{76} 20$ |
| Larry's River | 408 | 15299 | 24250 | Owls Head | 153 | 3649 |  |
| Poor Sections. |  |  |  | I.r. Ship Harbor | 201 | 4931 | 19951 |
|  |  |  |  | N. Ship Harbor | 200 | 4759 | 10973 |
| Havendale | 205 | 1801 | 10025 | E. Ship Harbor | 205 | 55981 | 10487 |
| S. Intervale | 188 | 860 | 8083 | Pleasant Harbor | 192 | 4393 |  |
| Glencoe | 132 | 988 | 6214 | Tangier | ${ }^{90}$ | 3460 | 6543 |
| Black Point | 192 | 3664 | 12160 | Mooseland | 205 | 1445 |  |
| Sand Point | 205 | 1605 | 9750 | -Popes Harbor | 201 | 3873 | 6822 |
| Up. Big Tracadie | 83 | 700 | 4017 | Spry Harbor | 137 | 3258 | 7373 |
| Lakedale | 198 | 1273 | 9028 | Spry Bay, Henley | 196 | 2428 | 7757 |
| Coddle's Harbor | 152 149 | 877 | 6790 | Spry Bay, Leslie | 205 | 25831 | 9722 |
| Gosbee Harbor | 149 103 | 1534 | 7601 | Mushaboom | 187 | 4831 9170 | 19649 |
| N. Ogden | 140 | 1155 | 5276 6741 | W. Sheet Harbor | 198 | 5885 | 11121 |
| Lundi | 141 | 1268 | 6935 | Lewiston | 121 | 1096 | 9356 |
| Border Sections. |  |  |  | Watts | 200 | 4191 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Beaver Harbor | 191 | 2667 | $163{ }^{50}$ |
| Grosvenor |  | 14.55 |  | Port Dufferin | '392 | 8411 | 11171 |
| C. Har. C. Rds. | 205 | 5454 | 9532 | Harrigan Cove | 187 | 3251 | ${ }^{927} 48$ |
| Argyle | 192 | 316 | 1736 | Moser River | 328 | 5382 | ${ }_{93}{ }^{94}$ |
| Merland | 159 | 717 | 1778 | Smiths Cove | 171 | 4825 | ${ }_{93} 94$ |
| Auld's Cove | 198 | 708 | 3255 | Ecum Serum | 196 | 4321 |  |

Poor Sections.

| Sheet Hr. Road Sober Island | $\begin{array}{r} 59 \\ 177 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 723 \\ 3509 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29 \\ & 95 \\ & 95 \\ & \hline 14 \end{aligned}$ | Hd. Jeddore | 201588 | 473715848 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Waoxweil | 153 | 770 |  | 273 |
|  |  |  |  | MacNab's Island | 144 | 1648 |  | 2 |



| South Randon | 196 | 2981 | 6570 | Martock | 193 | 2879 | 70 57 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pleasant Valley | 194 | 1689 | 5745 | Forks | 204 | 7712 | 112 |
| West Gore | 205 | 5352 | 8214 | Fal. Village | 193 | 3460 | 7532 |
| East Gore | 198 | 2516 | 6339 | Fal. Center | 387 | 6604 | 149 |
| Upper Rawdon | 191 | 3207 | 6585 | Mt. Denson | 205 | 5332 | 935 |
| Mt. Uniacke | 185 | 1944 | 5679 | Hantsport | 965 | 22831 | 42186 |
| Up. 9 Mile Riv. | 205 | 3272 | 6965 | Avondale | 204 | 5011 | 9069 |
| W. Indian Rd. | 201 | 1718 | 5933 | Belmont | 178 | 4249 | 7811 |
| E. Indian Rd. | 205 | 3085 | 6853 | Pop. Grov | 205 | 5963 | 9771 |
| Lr. 9 Mile Riv. | 205 | 2420 | 6453 | Brooklyn | 203 | 3642 | 7920 |
| Balnan | 143 | 1668 | 4490 | Kennet. Dyke | 203 | 2647 | 11881 |
| Hardwood Lands Shubenacadie | 205 | 1410 15842 | 5846 44 | Cen. Burlington | 347 408 | $\begin{array}{r}4186 \\ \hline 10493\end{array}$ | 11882 <br> 185 <br> 188 |
| Mill Village | 188 | 15842 | 68442 | Summerville | 408 388 | 10493 7496 | 15585 158 |
| North Salem | 186 | 3017 | 6349 | Brookville | 294 | 6289 | 12307 |
| R!ines Creek | 196 | 1338 | 5584 | Cambridge | 205 | 2729 | 7228 |
| Urbania | 205 | 3694 | 7218 | Pembroke | 205 | 2251 | 6837 |
| Rochville | 400 | 6278 | 13527 | Congmagun | 183 | 19.41 | 6046 |
| Maitland | 205 | 4965 | 7980 | Sc. Village | 196 | 4266 | 8264 |
| E. Noel Rd. | 305 | 2796 | 6678 | Woodville | 182 | 2646 | ${ }^{65} 98$ |
| Selmah | 410 | 5654 | 13395 | McKays | 205 | 3787 | 5092 |
| L.r. Selmah Noel Shore | 205 | 3743 | 7247 | Newport Rd. | 205 | 6094 | 9978 18519 |
| Noel Shore East Noel | 205 | 2384 4503 | 6431 77 | St. Croix | 410 | 10429 | 18519 |
| Not! | 410 | 9940 | 15970 | Ellershous | 379 203 | 7194 2013 | -65 95 |
| Burncoat | 194 | 1302 | 5516 | Union | 205 | 2716 | 7217 |
| Moose Brook | 204 | 5857 | 8492 | Fal. Valley | 204 | 3309 | 7679 |
| Tenecape | 178 | 3025 | 6160 | Sweet's Cor. | 202 | 6465 | 10208 |
| Kennetcook | 197 | 7282 | 9178 | Poor Sections. |  |  |  |
| Kennetcook Ch. | 181 | 5366 | 7638 |  |  |  |  |
| Northfield | 205 | 5106 | 8066 |  |  |  |  |
| Head Kennetcook | 203 | 4135 | 7434 | Vaughan's | 183 | 1460 | 8481 |
| Five Mile River | 201 | 4529 | 1621 | So. Waterville | 204 | 3257 | 114 |
| (ieorgefield | 190 | 1818 | 5725 | Greenhill | 157 | 1086 | 7072 |
| Whate Creek | 203 | 1403 | 5794 | Ardoise | 204 | 2289 | 10267 |
| Gore | 199 | 2246 | 6203 | 5 Mile Plain | 163 | 2669 | ${ }_{89}^{92} 02$ |
| Grand Lake | 391 | 2617 | 11108 | Mills | 192 | 1575 | 89 87 |
|  |  |  |  | W. Branch | 195 | 1264 | 873 |


| Birch Brook | 201 | 2908 | 83 | 11 | Border Sections. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Nrw Dublin | 190 | 1709 | 70 | 75 | Mill Brook | 192 | 1273 | 86 | 31 |  |
| Nth. Noel Road | 205 | 4778 | 98 | 36 | Newport Doug. | 205 | 2039 | 41 | 93 |  |
| Creenfield | 187 | 927 | 63 | 98 | Walton | 409 | 1474 | 30 | 52 |  |
| Uniacke Mines | 103 | 815 | 37 | 36 | Hillsvale | 153 | 413 | 18 | 70 |  |
| East Tenecape | 205 | 2781 | 83 | 38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Border Sections.

| Newport Douglas | 205 | 1994 | 3668 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enfield | 205 | 3011 | 6533 |
| Elmsdale | 410 | 7113 | 13262 |
| Milford | 398 | 5314 | 11005 |
| Walton | 409 | 6478 | 12040 |
| Hillsvale | 153 | 1598 | 5366 |
| Lantz Siding | 138 | 3869 | 50, 61 |

## HANTS WEST.

| School for Blind |  |  | 240 | 00 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| School for Deaf |  |  | 150 | 00 |
| Windsor | 2348 | 81025 | 1234 | 64 |
| Wentworth | 197 | 4739 | 86 | 74 |
| 3 Mile Plain | 408 | 9049 | 173 | 42 |

## INVERNESS.



| Mabou |  |  |  | Ruisseau de Lac | 205 | 8000 | 133 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N. E. Mabou | 613 | 8211 | 23069 79 | Grand Etang | 205 | 6257 |  |
| Mabou Harbor | 169 | 1448 | 5552 | Friars Head | 199 | 40 | 79 |
| Mabou Mines | 169 | 1632 | 5004 | White | 396 | 5456 | 153 |
| ${ }^{\text {A }}$ icexander | 194 | 1190 | 5908 | Belle C | 199 | 4624 | 96 |
| Hillsborle | 205 | 2871 | 7838 | Jac | 204 | 4286 | 94 |
|  | 205 | 1275 | 6262 | Ford | 410 | 6720 | 170 |
| Pleasant Hill | 205 | 3723 | 8680 | Margaree | 167 | 1644 | 57 |
| Mull River | 192 | 2170 | 6829 5011 | Frizzleto | 160 | 1644 | 6817 |
| Eden | 179 | 6928 |  | Munto | 192 | 2061 | 63 |
|  | 198 | 2830 | 12455 | Big Interval | 198 | 3676 | 86 |
| Cent Ridg | 203 | 2150 | 7077 | Margaree H | 201 | 1550 | 65 |
| Oentennial | 201 | 2883 | 7753 | Chimney. | 205 | 2154 | 72 |
| North Wrille | 204 | 2814 | 7755 | St. Rose Mar | 205 | 7374 | 126 |
| Princevill West Arm | 1172 | 1730 | 5907 | Broad | 205 | 3180 | 8316 |
| Kingsville | 201 | 3946 | 8802 | ${ }_{\text {Broor }}$ C. Chapel | 1203 | 6662 | $\begin{array}{r}11.900 \\ 95 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ |
| Clendal | 201 195 | 2597 6997 | 7478 1166 | Brag River | 205 | 4409 97891 | 172096 |
| Melfor | 66 | 1054 | 5090 | Inverness | 202 | 496 | 7530 |
| MacPher | 182 | 14.45 | 5870 | Broad C. Ba | 197 | 3793 | 8762 |
| Wilb Brook | 91 | 2445 | 7074 | Strath | 205 | 2766 | 7885 |
| Ashfiel | 148 | 1220 | 4817 | Glen | 200 | 3222 | 82 |
|  | 175 | 1.664 | 5913 | Glenville (10 | 194 | 1154 | 5935 |
| Oring | 181 | 851 | 5265 | North Allan | 198 | 7033 | 12165 |
| Valley Mills | ${ }_{145}^{113}$ | 2240 690 | 4990 | McFarlane | 205 | 5190 3927 | 10413 88 |
| Mclueans' Brid | 196 | 4010 | 8741 | Sc | 197 | 4303 | 9293 |
|  | 205 | 1388 | 6864 | Millan Mill | 200 | 3464 | 8491 |
| Malarav. Dennis | - 191 | 1840 | 6476 | cMilian Mins. | 83.1 | 824 |  |
| Marble Mountain | 205 615 | 1833 | $\begin{array}{r}6811 \\ 258 \\ \hline 60\end{array}$ | Hays Sk ( ${ }^{\text {den }}$ | 166 | 3441 |  |
| Lime Hill | n 615 170 | 11178 1919 | 658 6043 | Roseburn | 205 | 1197 | 6248 |
| Cest Bay Rd. | 103 | 1113 | P9 98 | Stewartda | 205 | 5728 | 10974 |
| Craigmor | 205 | 2925 | 10518 | Whycocoma | 163 | 2046 | 6109 |
| $L_{\text {Litle Mo }}$ | 201 | 2857 | 10295 | South Lake A berdeen | 200 | 1971 | 6936 |
| It. Mabou, Fr. A | 204 | 1685 | 8850 1220 | Kenlock | 168 | 1913 6721 | 60 120 |
| Mankin ${ }^{\text {Marle }}$, Fr. | Alat | last yr. | 7759 | Verniere | 205 | 6721 | 120 |
| I arke Ridge | 188 | 2874 | 9885 | Poor | Sec |  |  |
| $B_{\text {ig }}$ He Hor | 186 | 794 | 7085 |  |  |  |  |
| Maple Hill | 158 | 1155 | 6652 |  | 158 | 1411 | 7098 |
| $V$ ictoria | 138 | 1467 | 6419 | Sight Poirt | 186 | 1475 | 81 |
| ${ }^{\text {ig }}$ Harb | 192 | 3373 | 10677 | Walker | -1+158 | 578 | 5940 |
| Marbor Isl. | 154 | 232 | 5410 | Whveoconas | 192 | 790 2179 | ${ }_{91} 911$ |
| Borde | r Secti | ons. |  | Widow Lords | 163 | 983 | 6670 |
| West Ray Cleveland |  |  |  | Glenmore |  | 1938 | 8745 |
|  | 183 | 1245 | 5690 | North Highland |  |  |  |

## KINGS.

INVERNESS NORTH.

| School for the Blind |  | 300 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Muise | 202 | 7193 |  | 29 |
| ${ }^{\text {Pra }}$ | 205 | 5476 |  |  |
|  | 171 | 2384 |  |  |
| Eastern H | 205 | 7164 | 12 |  |
| Pastern Harbo | (Con.) | 18876 |  |  |
| LeFort | 201 | 5035 | 10 |  |
| Le Blan | 205 | 6537 | 118 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| School for Blind |  | 30000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 7500 |
| School for Deat | 201 | 3875 | 7646 |
| Greenwood | 205 | 3035 | 7150 |
| Harmony | 205 | 2606 | 6846 |
| Nichnlsvill | 192 | 3991 | 7508 |
| Millville | 201 | 4120 | 7821 |
| Morristow | 201 | 2904 | 6958 |
| Sand Inp. Cor. | 387 | 5764 | 12302 |
| Dempkily (a) | 205 | 2755 | 6951 10217 |
| St. Mary's | 200 | 7538 | 14700 |
| Piedmont | 407 | 6736 | 14 |


| Ormsby Road. | 205 | 2119 | 6500 | Lake View | 138 | 782 | $\begin{array}{r} 5876 \\ 10669 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weston | 410 | 6637 | 14702 | E. Black Rock | 204 | 3016 | 18688 |
| Welsford | 205 | 4024 | 7851 | Chipman Br. | 172 |  | 10406 |
| Somerset | 410 | 7482 | 15300 | W. Halls' Har | 181 | $\stackrel{3220}{ }$ | ${ }_{96} 18$ |
| Berwick | 797 | 20257 | 33792 |  |  | 2080 |  |
| So. Berwick | 395 | 6790 | 14445 | Baxter's Har. Mt. | 122 | 2089 |  |
| Waterville | 394 | 8537 | 15658 | Baxter's Ha | +164 | 1873 |  |
| Grafton | 193 | 5703 6629 | 8747 14697 | ${ }^{\text {Pereau Mt.s }}$ Scot Rd. | 192 | 1243 |  |
| Woodville | 410 | 6629 3255 | 14697 7109 | Scott's Bay Rd. | 111 | 1140 |  |
| E. H. Harbor | 193 | 4577 | 7948 | Greenfield | 205 | 2188 |  |
| Lakeville | 410 | 5886 | 14169 | Prospect | 2 |  |  |
| Northville | 205 | 1319 | 5933 | Pine Woods | 16 | 2 |  |
| Brooklyn (c) | 205 | 2301 | 6630 | Woodlawn | 199 | 1409 |  |
| Cambridge | 410 | 6540 | 14634 | Up. Gaspereau | 187 | 1015 |  |
| Coldbrook | 205 | 4506 | 8193 | No. River | 101 | -9858 |  |
| No. Alton | 205 | 3885 | 7751 | Pleas. View | . | 1403 |  |
| Lake Mills | 198 | 2344 | ${ }_{87} 84$ | Whate Paul | 193 | 1559 |  |
| Canaan | 205 | 5298 57288 | 875 98808 | White Waters | 190 | 2550 |  |
| Kentville | 2335 | 57298 | 7063 | Ayarland | 123 | 1033 |  |
| Steam Mill | 201 | 8156 | 10680 | W. Brooklyn | 201 | 2387 | 8890 |
| Sheff. Mills | 410 | 0386 | 13815 | So. Waterville | 185 | 1437 |  |
| Scott's Bay | 186 | 4045 | 7401 | Border Sections. |  |  |  |
| Lr. Pereau | 158 | 4264 | 6873 |  |  |  |  |
| Pereau | 204 | 3609 | 7533 |  |  | 2527 |  |
| Medford | 162 | 3390 | 6351 | Kingston V. | 205 | 2276 |  |
| Habitant | 203 | 2504 | 6724 | Dalhousie | 179 | 1313 | 7969 |
| Canning | 790 | 19794 2598 | $\begin{array}{r}333 \\ 683 \\ \\ \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | Dalhousie | $\stackrel{1}{205}$ | 2346 |  |
| Woodside | 205 | 3381 | 11491 | hou |  |  |  |
| Lr. Canard | 410 | 5533 | 13920 |  |  |  |  |
| Town Plot | 205 | 1175 | 5830 | LUNENBURG. |  |  |  |
| Church St. | 205 | 3606 | 7555 |  |  |  |  |
| Up. Church St. | 189 | 1770 | 5862 |  |  |  | 30000 |
| Pt. Williams | 405 | 3142 | 15646 | School for Blind |  |  | 750 |
| New Minas | 201 | 2688 | 6805 | School for Deal |  | 78480 |  |
| Greenwich | 203 | 5274 | 8f 86 | Lunenburg | 856 | 2791 |  |
| Wolfville | 1383 | 43569 | 64607 | First Peninsula | 205 | 2063 | $70{ }^{74}$ |
| Black River Gaspereau | 184 380 | 3372 5639 | 6875 13262 | Second Peninsula | 205 | 2532 | 9865 |
| Lraspereau | 111 | 1201 | 13262 35 | Garden Lots | 205 | 4841 |  |
| Lr. Wolfville | 205 | 2504 | 6773 | Blue Rocks | 406 |  | 9312 |
| Avonport | 164 | 3860 | 6733 | Black Rocks | 202 | 4340 | $163{ }^{04}$ |
| Lockhartville | 203 | 2437 | 6676 | First South | 5 | 6271 | 9075 |
| N. Grand Pre | 205 | 866 | 5612 | Middle South | 5 | 4288 | 9280 |
| Bloomfield | 410 | 7565 | 15360 | Feltzen South | 204 | 6237 | 15788 |
| Grand Pre | 410 | 8184 | 15795 | Upper Rosebay | 205 | 3877 | 85990 |
| Delhaven W . Black Rock | 205 | 973 2427 | 5688 6180 | Lower Rosebay | 205 | 1583 |  |
| Tremont | 205 | 3036 | 7150 | Lower Kingsburg | 205 | 2335 | $265{ }^{18}$ |
| White Rock | 203 | 5650 | 8954 | Riverport | 610 | ${ }_{3791}^{11612}$ | 88 |
| Rockland | 171 | 3015 | 6305 | Lower LaHave | 205 | - 3791 | 206 |
| Hants Border | 194 | 2293 | 6352 | Parks Creek | 410 | 10586 | 174 |
| Billtown | 205 | 2342 | 6658 | Middle I aHave | 410 | 5888 | 10988 |
| Highbury | 205 | 3741 | 7650 | St. Matthews | 205 | 8513 | 18485 |
| Kingsport | 205 | 4533 | 82 7147 | Dayspring | 205 | 2672 |  |
| Windermere | 205 408 | 6633 | 14651 | North West | 205 | 4656 |  |
| Aylesford | 408 | 663 | 1465 | Fauxburg | 205 | 3386 | 6380 |
| Poor Sections. |  |  |  | Wynacht's | 177 | 13 | 1054 |
|  |  |  |  | Mader's Cove | - 205 | 32975 | ${ }^{680} 9$ |
| Clermont | 102 | -537 | $\begin{array}{ll}4298 \\ 93 & 39\end{array}$ | Mahone Bay | 1430 205 | 5650 | ${ }_{118}^{106} 29$ |
| Morden | 177 204 | 1322 | 93 <br> 88 <br> 68 | Indian Point | 203 | 6845 | $18{ }^{2} 28$. |
| L.ong Point | 185 | 1568 | 8530 | Martin's River | 410 | 8 |  |


|  |  |  | 18195 | Bush's Island | $178$ | $4070$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8431 \\ & 6435 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mid. Cornwal | 410 | ${ }_{3287}$ | 8230 | Union |  |  |  |
| Up. Cornwall | 185 | 2658 | 7061 | Poor Sections. |  |  |  |
| Newburn | 200 | 3502 | 8396 | Poor | Sections |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Parkdale }}$ | 204 | 1850 | 6835 |  | 205 | 2046 | 9408 |
| Maplewood | 205 | 4352 | 9372 | Oak Hill | 103 | 510 | 4032 |
| ${ }^{\text {Farmington }}$ | 205 | 3872 | 8890 | Big Lots | 104 | 1568 | 5481 |
| Centerville | 202 | 4792 | 9742 |  | 180 | 602 | 6660 |
| Stanbourne | 202 | 1352 | 6285 |  | 98 | 561 | 3937 |
| ${ }_{\mathrm{N}} \mathrm{N}$ Rosedale | 205 | 6010 | 11040 | Rhynos | 136 | 965 |  |
| Meisner's | 205 | 6817 | 11851 | Indiar Path | 1.95 | 1702 | 7776 |
| North Riv | 179 | 9417 |  | Lakefield | 191 | 3373 | 9815 |
| Riversdale | 143 | 2983 | 7973 | Scarsdale | 190 | 1927 | 8757 |
| W. Northfie | 205 | 298 | 9954 | Up. Wood | 78 | 303 | 2941 |
| Cookville | 204 | 703 | 5682 | Crouse's | 79 | 148 | 2768 |
| Maitland | 205 | 2783 | 7796 | Low. Woodstock | 205 | 1835 | 9127 |
| Sweetland | 197 | 1319 | 6130 | Stanley | 98 | 270 | 3547 |
| Ir. Northfield | 205 | 1502 | 6509 | Millipsegate |  |  |  |
| p. Northfie | 203 | 5203 | 10179 |  |  |  |  |
| Bew Canada | 202 | 3392 | 8335 |  |  |  |  |
| Branch LaHave | 122 | 2828 | 5817 |  | ESTER |  |  |
| Simph Lower | 205 | 3207 | 8223 |  |  |  |  |
| Hemford | 144 | 1632 | 515 10653 | School for Blind |  |  | 54383 |
| ${ }^{\text {Branch U }}$ | 205 | ${ }_{2432}$ | 17444 | Chester | 1223 +205 | 24958 | 8605 |
| Midville | 201 | 2432 | 7347 | E. Chester | 410 | 5331 | 15254 |
| Penny's |  | 1397 | 6037 | Marriott's ${ }^{\text {che }}$ | 608 | 11525 | ${ }^{2619} 9$ |
| 2nd Penins | 5 | 1406 | 6413 | Chester Bas | 404 | 6875 | 16631 |
| Wancook | 555 | 13220 | 26821 | M | 203 | 2032 | ${ }_{93} 69$ |
| Clearland | 198 | 3464 | 8310 8966 | Mack of Lake | 178 | 5098 5404 | ${ }_{99}^{9365}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {rider }}$ - | 2395 | 3948 53810 | 112514 | Forties | 205 | 4306 | 9245 |
| Conquerall B | 410 | ${ }^{53810} 6$ | 16292 | Gold River N. | 399 | 8917 | 18520 |
| Preasantville | 186 | 4067 | - 8623 | Gold River S. | 172 | 2640 | 6797 |
| Pralic's. | 205 | 3957 | 8975 | Martin's Point | 205 | 4107 | 9048 104 |
|  | 119 | 3500 | -64 10 | E. Randford | 205 | 5580 | 6707 |
| West Dublin | 393 | 10735 8141 | 20370 180 | Bayswater | 205 | 8387 | 18193 |
| Beell's Islan | 404 205 | 8141 | 180 88 84 | Fox Point | 407 | 8387 5090 | 181 81 |
| New Cumber | 204 | 3455 | 8448 | Mill Cove | 205 | 1212 | 6195 |
| Pet. Pleasant | 204 | 4343 | 9339 | Lewiston | 203 | 2028 | 69 <br> 83 <br> 97 |
| ${ }^{\text {Petite }}$ Rivie | 396 | 6766 | 15459 | Pine Plain | 205 | 3447 | 83 |
| Cherryhill | 181 | 5115 | 9555 | Deep |  |  |  |
| Vogler's Cove ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 176 | 4702 | 9018 | Poor | Secti |  |  |
| Crousetown W . | 204 | 5184 | 10185 |  |  |  |  |
| New Italy | 205 | 3738 | 8755 | Sherwood | 176 |  | 10067 |
| Conquerall Mills | $\stackrel{194}{205}$ | 3024 2509 | 7751 | Norwood | 172 | 474 | 4417 |
| Hebb's Mills | 205 | 2888 | 75 789 | Chester Grant | 181 | 1062 | 8191 |
| Bakers' Set. | 205 | 5818 | $\begin{array}{r}789 \\ 100 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | Leville | 180 | 1016 | 5160 9360 |
| Wewzombville | 194 | 2335 | 7077 | Beech Hill Set. | 204 | 1283 |  |
| Lakeville | 132 | 1093 | 4317 | Armstrong |  |  |  |
| Up. Cheve | 205 | 865 | 5869 |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Low. }}{ }^{\text {ore }}$ Chelsea | 97 | 1032 | 3403 |  |  |  |  |
| Lapland | 193 | 4470 | 9197 | PICT | W |  |  |
| Waterloo | 205 | ${ }_{1}^{2534}$ | 75 38 38 |  |  |  | 69000 |
| Camperdown | 101 | 1423 2170 | 38 71 80 | School for Blind |  |  | 30000 |
| Nineveh ${ }^{\text {W }}$ | 205 | 2170 | 9341 | School for Deaf |  |  | 5000 |
| Mi. Conquerall | 114 | 1207 | 9398 39 | Bailey Brook | arshv |  | 2000 |
| Middleton | 200 | 2606 | 7508 | School Garden, | River J |  | 122082 |
| East Tancook | 104 | 1361 | 3901 | Pictou Town | 2385 | 83768 | 6565 |
| Corkum's | 182 | 3462 | 7916 | Caribou River | 205 | 4170 | 7935 |
| E. Voglers' | 186 | 1045 | 5586 6443 | Toney River | 195 |  |  |


| Seafoam | 194 | 2164 | 6384 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Melville | 198 | 620 | 5302 |
| Cape John | 200 | 2120 | 6499 |
| Hedgeville | 205 | 3171 | 7419 |
| Marshville | 205 | 3100 | 7364 |
| Louisville | 203 | 1915 | 6414 |
| Mountain Road | 204 | 2927 | 7212 |
| River John | 402 | 13250 | 19918 |
| Hodson | 203 | 1087 | 5782 |
| Bigney | 173 | 1881 | 5654 |
| Welsford | 204 | 2325 | 6754 |
| W. Branch R. J. | 197 | 3775 | 7682 |
| Diamond | 199 | 810 | 5474 |
| Millsville | 195 | 1352 | 5786 |
| Elmfield | 201 | 795 | 5512 |
| Plainfield | 202 | 2206 | 6615 |
| Meadowville | 203 | 3300 | 7470 |
| Scotsburn | 203 | 3460 | 7592 |
| Heathbell | 205 | 2035 | 16555 |
| Cross Rds. R. Hill | 204 | 3375 | 7552 |
| Rogers Hill Cen. | 204 | 2850. | 7154 |
| Six Mile Brook | 205 | 1381 | 6054 |
| Brookland | 193 | 1330 | 5722 |
| Salt Springs | 191 | 2203 | 6343 |
| T'p. Mount Them | . 175 | 475 | 4630 |
| I.r. Mount Thom | 201 | 2245 | 6620 |
| Watervale | 197 | 2200 | 6485 |
| West River Sta | 205 | 1896 | 6446 |
| New Gairloch | 171 | 646 | 4573 |
| Lansdowne | 193 | 1204 | 5626 |
| Mill Brook | 196 | 1502 | 5926 |
| Loch Broom | 181 | 1197 | 5352 |
| Pleasant Valley | 204 | 1205 | 5898 |
| Lovat | 204 | 1609 | 6206 |
| Green Hill | 204 | 2862 | 7163 |
| Lime Rock | 185 | 1038 | 5303 |
| West River | 202 | 3150 | 7391 |
| Durham | 200 | 3526 | 7571 |
| Lyons Brook | 410 | 7120 | 15430 |
| Scotch Hill | 201 | 2208 | 6592 |
| Pictou Landing | 204 | 6321 | 9799 |
| Central Caribou | 205 | 4132 | 8152 |
| Bay View | 197 | 2004 | 6335 |
| Three Brooks | 196 | 1916 | 6241 |
| Pictou Island | 188 | 3913 | 7569 |
| Waterside | 205 | 2280 | 6742 |

## Poor Sections.

| Poplar Hill | 186 | 2499 | 96 | 63 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| E. Branch R. J. | 189 | 1311 | 84 | 13 |
| Loganville | 205 | 1613 | 93 | 47 |
| Dalhousie | 183 | 463 | 72 | 25 |
| Sylvester | 194 | 724 | 79 | 25 |
| Sundridge | 202 | 1709 | $93 \cdot 50$ |  |
| Caribou Islan! | 199 | 1537 | 90 | 45 |

## PICTOU EAST.

| New Glasgow | 5160 | 206630 | 2835 | 08 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alma | 205 | 1741 | 63 | 28 |
| Union Center | 205 | 2051 | 65 | 67 |


|  |  |  | 46 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blanchard Road | 102 | 776 | 8640 |
| Moose River | 191 | 1440 | 8972 |
| Kirkmount | 197 | 1543 | 8336 |
| Chance Harbor | 186 | 1336 | ${ }_{84}^{89}$ |
| Marshy Hope | 182 | 1.588 | 8316 |
| Marsh | 205 | 713 | 8897 |
| Rossfield | 123 | 348 | 7989 |
| Woodfield | 179 | 1215 | 2261 |
| Mt. Adam | 53 | 282 |  |


| Special Poor Sections. |  |  |  | RICHMOND. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Greenvale Greens Brook | 82 | 326 |  | School for the Bl |  |  | 300 7500 |
|  | 170 | 1080 | 7356 |  |  | 6 | 294 |
| Border Section. |  |  |  | adiavi |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Port |  | 18208 | 39145 |
| Bailey Brook | 02 | 2998 | 7220 | Poulam | 408 | 7560 | 22509 |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {D }}$ 'Esco |  | 3805 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Poir | 205 | 2042 |  |
| QUEENS SOUTH. |  |  |  | Rocky Bay |  | 5 |  |
| Port Joli $205 \quad 3782 \quad 93$ |  |  |  | Po | 410 | 8460 | 188 |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {Petit-de-Grat }}$ Peti-de-Grat S . | 203 | 3180 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Hunt's }} \mathrm{P}$ |  | ${ }_{4196}^{4742}$ | ${ }^{104} 20$ | Prange |  | 2306 | 74 <br> 95 <br> 56 |
|  | ${ }_{200}^{186}$ | ${ }_{3526}^{4196}$ | 8908 | Cape Augu | 205 | ${ }_{6336}$ |  |
| Mestern Head | 205 | 2592 | 7962 | Little Ans | 410 | 9977 | 204 |
|  | 205 | 2303 | 7632 |  | 196 | 2167 | 70 |
| Miverpool | 2050 | 55330 | 113253 | W | 196 | 3135 |  |
|  | 985 | 25462 | 53131 | Richmond Mines | 191 | 41 | 9010 |
| ${ }^{\text {each }}$ M | 410 | 6950 4605 | 10264 | Porc Malcol | 163 | 178 | 1250 |
| Eagle Head | 205 | ${ }_{3717}$ | 9249 | Pt. Malcoln, for | 170 | 1238 |  |
| Port Mertin | 205 | 1602 | ${ }_{6}^{68} 31$ | Punnys T | 408 | 7040 | ${ }^{170} 54$ |
| E. Port Medway | 410 | ${ }_{3112} 5$ | 18625 | Grantville | 147 | 1664 | 6627 |
| Mill Vithed Medway | 597 | 11141 | 27296 | St George | 189 |  | 8487 |
| Sumite Point | 200 | 1937 | 70.91 | Mackeside | 611 | 13447 | ${ }_{206}^{290} 75$ |
| $\mathrm{S}_{\text {W Pt. Mouton }}$ | ${ }_{192}^{197}{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 2224 3195 | 73 83 83 | Riv. Bourge | 410 | 10152 389 |  |
|  | Poor Sections. |  |  |  | Cannes |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Salnon | 20 | 1626 |  |
| St. Catherine R. ${ }^{\text {E. Pt. }}$ L. L'Herbert Denmark |  |  |  | Hay Cove | 185 | 15 | ${ }_{6}^{61} 33$ |
|  | 205 | 3341 | 11024 | Red Island | 1 | 803 |  |
|  | 158 | 1239 | 6584 | Peters' | 136 | 1085 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Siirling | 190 | 24 |  |
| QUEENS NORTH. |  |  |  | Fourche |  | 3031 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Frambois | 05 | 3219 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { N. Bant Rive } \\ & \text { Wrookfield } \\ & \text { Westfield } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | L'Archeveq | 198 |  |  |
|  | 409 | 5612 | 16392 | 1.Archeveque | 200 | 4807 |  |
|  | 184 | 1684 | ${ }^{64} 13$ | Grand Ri | 163 | 2384 |  |
| C. Caledonia | ${ }_{200}^{205}$ | 1859 | 70 | Print Michea | ${ }^{58}$ | 1170 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Harmony }}$ Caledia | 199 | 2077 | 7229 | L'Ardoise Hland |  | 3170 | -8833 |
| ${ }^{\text {Caledony }}$ S. Bria Cor. | 189 | 1856 | ${ }^{67} 31$ | Brym | 328 | ${ }_{8626}$ | 18510 |
|  | 410 205 | 6141 4903 | 10604 | W. L'Ardo | ${ }_{195}^{387}$ | 4250 | 9225 |
| Greenfield <br> Buckfield | 204 | 4076 |  | Rockd | 205 | 2455 |  |
|  | 204 | 116 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Poor S |  |  |  |
| Poor Sections. |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |
|  | 151 | 740 | 5660 | Janv | 182 | 1173 | 75 95 93 |
|  | 71 | 244 | 2512 | Marting | 205 |  | 8604 |
| ${ }^{\text {Bangrs }}$ Falls | 190 | ${ }_{1532}^{1885}$ | 8687 79 | Kempt Road | 171 | 1452 | 7520 |
| Border Sections. |  |  |  |  | 16 | 1478 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 191 | 97 | 824 |
| Now Grafton <br> New Grafto Northfield |  |  |  | The Poin | 196 192 | ${ }_{1588}^{1336}$ | 8467 |
|  | 146 | ${ }_{816}^{2655}$ | 4648 | Roberta |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| L. Lomond W. for last |  |  |
| Cape Breton | 163 | 1314 |
| St. Espric | 152 | 764 |
| Lewis Cove Rd. | 191 | 1890 |

## Border Sections.

Cleveland
Irish Cove
$205 \quad 2400 \quad 4648$
500
7143
6010
$88 \quad 58$

## SHELBURNE.

| School for Deaf |  |  | 7500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sable River | 185 | 4706 | 7495 |
| Louis Heart | 205 | 2097 | 6326 |
| Little Harbor | 205 | 3910 | 7477 |
| Matthews Point | 205 | 2093 | 6328 |
| Rockland | 162 | 3115 | 5923 |
| Allendale | 205 | 3396 | 7151 |
| Oshorne | 166 | 4450 | 6869 |
| Lockeport | 1025 | 28900 | 43337 |
| West Head | 205 | 3432 | 7175 |
| E. Green Harbor | 205 | 2176 | 6376 |
| W. Green Harhor | 133 | 4095 | 5888 |
| East Jordan | 204. | 3297 | 7063 |
| Jordan Falls | 406 | 5746 | 13544 |
| Jordan Branch | 200 | 2128 | 6224 |
| Jordan Ferry | 205 | 3492 | 7212 |
| Jordan Bay | 204 | 3136 | 6961 |
| Lr. Sandy Point | 187 | 4417 | 7360 |
| Sandy Point | 205 | 4010 | 7599 |
| Shelburne | 1435 | 37711 | 58987 |
| Lower Ohio | 195 | 5661 |  |
| Upper Ohio | 204 | 1292 | 5791 |
| Upper Clyde | 205 | 999 |  |
| Port Saxon | 205 | 2504 | 6585 |
| N. E. Harbor | 197 | 3463 | 6998 |
| Plack Point | 1.03 | 2001 | 3778 |
| Roseway | 205 | 2951 | 6869 |
| Gunning Cove | 170 | 5129 |  |
| Churchover | 204 | 2301 |  |
| Birchtown | 157 | 3091 | 5791 |

## Poor Sections.

| Big | 190 | 1595 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lt. Pt. L'Hebert | 181 | 2617 | 9111 |
| East Sable | 205 | 2973 | 10329 |
| West Sable | 180 | 2424 |  |
| McNutt's Isla | 176 | 1390 | 7761 |

## Border Section.

$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Clyde River } & 407 & 3799 & 90 \\ 20\end{array}$

## BARRINGTON.

| Port Clyde | 204 | 4247 | 86 | 87 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cape Negro | 205 | 2368 | 70 | 69 |
| Up. Port LaTour | 205 | 5054 | 94 | 17 |
| Port LaTour | 402 | 6329 | 153 | 35 |
| Baccaro | 410 | 9077 | 179 | 34 |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Munro | 204 | $\mathbf{1 5 7 0}$ | 75 | 99 |
| Kempt Head | 202 | $\mathbf{2 3 9 2}$ | 89 | 83 |
| Kempt Head (Con.) |  | 25 | 00 |  |

Border Sections.

| 7599 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8923 | Melhourne | 205 | 6046 | 8689 |
| 2500 | Melus. Lake | 194 | 2383 | 4919 |
|  | Pleas. Lath Kempt | 66 | 713 | 1749 |
|  | Lake Annis | 205 | 1490 | 1932 |
| 9799 | Tusket | 86 | 407 | 1050 |
| 12235 | Gavelton | 170 | 226 | 759 |
| 11392 | Beaver River Cedar lake | 205 | 332 | 964 |
| 11798 |  |  |  |  |
| 14002 |  |  |  |  |
| 9427 |  |  |  |  |

ARGYLE.

## YARMOU'TH.

School for Blind
School for Deaf
Arcadia $\begin{aligned} & \text { Deaf } \\ & \text { Cen. Chebogue }\end{aligned}$ R
Rockvile
Sogue
Sand Beach
Yarmouth
Yarmouth
Overton
S. Chegoggin
Pembroke
N. Cheke
Nandfogogen

Sandford
Port Maitland
Richmond

| 408 | 6735 | 149 | 76 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 193 | 2264 | 64 | 02 |
| 205 | 4471 | 83 | 40 |
| 205 | 4294 | 82 | 09 |


| Little Narrows | 205 | 1406 | 9799 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Up. Washabuck | 181 | 2850 | 12235 |
| Lr. Washabuck | 143 | 3026 | 11392 |
| Estma Cl | 145 | 3179 | 11798 |
| Westmere | 199 | 3380 | 14002 |
| Nest Ingonish | 161 | 1880 | 9427 |
| $\mathrm{Garry}^{\text {Garris }}$ | 153 | 1135 | 7503 |
| Jubilee | 179 | 967 1139 | 7976 |
| Cains Mou | 162 | 1139 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Big Harbor }}$ | 203 | 22605 |  |
| New Harris West | 205 | 1821 | 10725 |
| wreck Com. Ref. Rates | $\text { of } \mathrm{M}$ | nicipa | 4000 |



## Poor Sections.

$\begin{array}{lllr}\text { Pinkney's Point } & 203 & 5861 & 13988 \\ \text { Cape Forchu } & 171 & 6425 & 13447 \\ \text { Creenville } & 49 & 205 & 20 \\ \text { Cin } \\ \text { Somervile } & 183 & 1337 & 8189 \\ \text { Canaan } & 195 & 2247 & 96 \\ \text { Cor } \\ \text { Forest Glen } & 205 & 3215 & 110 \\ & \end{array}$

# (To be handed on its receipt by the Secretary of the School Board to each Teacher employed within the School Section). <br> LOCAL "NATURE" OBSERVATIONS. 

(To be sent in to the Inspector teith the Returns in February and July).
This sheet is provided for the purpose of aiding teachers to interest their pupils in observing the times of the regular procession of natural phenomena each season. First, it may help the teacher in doing some of the "Nature" lesson work of the Course of Study; Secondly, it may aid in procuring valuable information for the locality and province. Two copies are provided for every teacher to conduct such observations, one to be preserved as the property of the section for reference from year to year; the other to be sent in with the Return to the Inspector who will transmit it to the Superintendent for examination and compilation.

What is desired is to have recorded in these forms, the dates of the first leafing: flowering and fruiting of plants and trees; the first appearance in the locality of birds migrating north in spring or south in autumn, etc. While the objects specified here are given so as to enable comparison to be made between the different sections of the Province, it is very desirable that other local phenomena of a similar kind be recorded. Every locality has a fiora, fauna, climate, etc., more or less distinctly its own; and the more common trees, shrubs, plants, crops, etc., are those which will be most valuable from a local point of view in comparing the characteristics of a scries of seasons.

Teachers will find it one of the most convenient means for the stimulation of pupils in ohserving all natural phenomena when going to and from the school, and, some pupils radiate as far as two miles from the school room. The "nature study under these conditions would thus be undertaken at the most convenient time, without encroaching on school hours; while on the other hand it will tend to break up the monotony of school travel, fill an idle or wearisome walk with interest, and he one of the most valuable forms of educational discipline. The eyes of a whole school daily passing over the school routes will let very little escape notice, ${ }^{\text {es }}{ }^{-}$ pecially if the first observer of each annually recurring phenomenon receives credit as the first observer of it for the year. The observations will be accurate, as thing facts must be demonstrated by the most undoubted evidence, such as the bringing of the specimens to the school when possible.

To all observers the following most important, most essential principle of recording, is emphasized: Better no date, no record, than a wrong one or a doubtful one. Sports out of season due to very local conditions not common to at lear a small field, should not be recorded except parenthetically. The date to be the corded for the purposes of compilation with those of other localities should be the irst of the many of its kind following immediately after it. For instance, a butter in hy emerging from its chrysalis in a sheltered cranny by a southern window ria fanuary would not be an indication of the general climate, but of the peculiarly heated nook in which the chrysalis was sheltered; nor would a flower in a sermin artificial, warm shelter, give the date required. When these sports out of seas ${ }^{5^{n}}$ occur, they may also be recorded, but within a parenthesis to indicate the pectliarity of some of the conditions affecting their early appearance.

These schedules should be sent in to the Inspector with the school returns in Iuly and February, containing the observations made during the Spring (January to June) and the fall (July to December) respectively.

The register has a page for a duplicate of such records.
Remenber to fill in carefully and distinctly the date, locality, and of the blanks at the head of the schedule on the next page; for if either the date or paper locality or the name of the responsible compiler should be omitted the whole pher is worthless and cannot be bound up for preservation in the volume of The phen ological Observations.

By the aid of the table given at the top of pages 3 and 4, the date, such and $^{9}$ the 24th of May, for instance, can be readily and accurately converted int given annual date, "the 144th day of the year," by adding the day of the month , thus to the annual date of the last day of the preceding month (April in this case), kind $24+120=144$. The annual date can be briefly recorded, and it is the only when the of dating which can be conveniently averaged in phenological studies. When, the compiler is quite certain that he or she can make the conversion without error, day of the year instead of the day of the month will be preferred in the record-
(1919 Schedule).
(For the months January to June 19 ; or the months July to December, 19 )
Province................... . County
No
Locality or School Section
The estimated length and breadth of the locality within which the following observations were made

......teet. Slope or general exposure of the region
General character of the soil and surface
 Does the region include lowlands or intervales. substantially highla ds
river or stream
Any other peculiarity tending to affect vegetation
The most central Post Office of the locality or region

| Name and Home Address of Teacher or other Compiler of the Observations responsible for their accuracy. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1918 | 1918 |
| Nova Scotia Phenoch |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| d Plants, etc.- "Nomenclature "Gray's Manual". | 113 | 119 |
|  | 121 | 127 |
| 1. Alder (Alnus incana), catkin shedding | 112 | 119 |
| 2. Aspen (Populus tremuloides), shedering.......... | 127 | 132 138 |
|  | 132 125 | 132 |
| 5. Blood-root (Sanguinaria Canadensis), | 129 | 135 |
| 6. White Violet (Viola hlanda), flowering | 130 | 136 |
| 7. Blue Violet (Viola palmata, cucullial, | 131 | 136 136 |
| 9. Hepatica (H. trioba, etc.), | 129 | 136 172 138 |
| $110_{10 .}$ Strawberry (Fragaria Virginiana), fruit ripe | 131 | 138 143 |
| 12. Dandelion (Taraxacum officinale), flowering..... | 137 <br> 134 <br> 1 | 139 |
| 13. Adder's Tongue Lily (Erythronium Am.), | 134 138 | 136 |
|  | 138 138 | 143 |
| 15. Spring Beauty (Claytonia Caroliniana), | 138 197 | 143 200 |
| 16. Ground Ivy (Nepeta Glechoma), | 197 143 | 200 148 |
| 18. Indian Pear (Amelanchier Canad "\% fruit ripe..... | 143 235 | 240 |
| 19. Wild Red Cherry (Prunus Pennsylvanica), fruit ripe. | 142 | 148 |
|  | 197 | 158 |
| 21. Blueberry (Vaccinium Can. and Penn.) fruit | 148 | 158 158 |
| $23^{\text {2 }}$. Tall Buttercup (Ranunculus acris), flowern. | 142 | 149 |
| 24. Creeping Buttercup (R. repens), | 143 | 148 154 |
|  | 148 | 154 |

## PHENOLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.-(Continued).



## JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.

PHENOLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.-(Continued).


## CADET INSTRUCTION.

It is not known at time of going to press whether the usual Course to qualify male teachers as Cadet Instructors will be held during the months of July and August, 1920, or not. are unable at present to give any information regarding what courses may be given or what camps can be held for Cadet Corps during 1920. A definite announcement it is hoped, will be made later.

## Corps of School Cadet Instructors.

Teachers who have qualified as Cadet Instructors and who are actually instructing a bona-fide organization and gazetted Cadet Corps, may be appointed to the Corps of School Cadet Instructors with the rank of Lieutenant in the Militia.

A Lieutenant in the Corps of School Cadet Instructors may then be promoted to the rank of Captain after having held the rank of Lieutenant in that Corps for five years. He must during that time have instructed a Cadet Corps to the satisfaction of the Inspecting Officer, attended a further course of instruction in military training, and have obtained a certificate qualifying for the rank of Captain in the Active Militia.

Such further course of military training.is not, however, to be taken until after the officer has instructed a Cadet Corps for the period of at least two years.

## Uniform for Corps of School Cadet Instructors.

JACKET-Reefer of double breasted pattern of blue black cloth or serge, of ordinary civilian sack coat length; fastened in front by two rows of four buttons each, of Canadian Militia pattern.

Sleeves to be plain with two small buttons of Canadian Militia pattern at bottom of back seam. Shoulder straps blue cloth, with gilt metal rank badges

TROUSERS-Of Serge to match color of jacket; no stripe at seams.
CAP-Forage, N. P.
As an alternative the Khaki service Uniform, officers' pattern, may be worn.
Uniform and equipment to be provided by the officers of the corps, as is done by other officers.

## Allowances to Cadet Corps Instructors.

For the training of a Cadet Corps during the School Year, subject to the certificate of a Military Inspecting Officer that
the Cadet Corps has been well instructed in the course of Military training laid down for it an allowance will be paid as follows:-

Cadets up to $50-\$ 1.00$ per cadet.
Cadets 50 to 100--. 75 per cadet.
Cadets exceeding 100-. 50 per cadet.
(a) The above allowance will be calculated on the number of enrolled cadets present at the Annual Inspection, and in addition, those whose absence can be satisfactorily accounted for to the Inspecting Officer.
(b) In the case of a Cadet Corps authorized subsequent to 1 st of March in any year, a proportion of the above allowance, if any, that may be paid will be decided at Militia Headquarters.

## Cadet Corps in Schools.

It is to be regretted that in some high schools and academies the opportunity for the organization and carrying on of a Cadet Corps is not embraced, and more especially in schools where one of the Teachers is a fully qualified Instructor and was permitted so to qualify on his undertaking to instruct a Cadet Corps. The fact that schools in which are the most efficient Cadet Corps, usually stand high in scholarship attainments, is not only an answer to those who say they have no time for such work but should be an added incentive to the carrying on of this very important branch of education.

School Boards should also realize that a definite bargain has been made with the Militia Department, and financial assistance received from that Department for our teachers in both Military and Physical Drill, in consideration of the encouragement of Cadet Corps in the schools. Some schools are living up to the agreement. Others are profiting by the increased efficiency of the teachers in physique and disciplinary ability imparted by the Physical Training Courses Which they have undergone, but are not successful in completing their side of the bargain by organizing achers is again in their school. Attention of Principals and Teachain, which in requested to the loyal carrying out of this of enforced Unifuture if done, may obviate the introduction Public Schools. versal Physical and Military Training in our Public Schoors.

Cadet Corps should commence training immediately after schools re-open, especially those Corps in Rural Districts Where no Drill Hall is available.

The program of training for 1919-20 includes:-

1. Physical Training (Syllabus of Physical Training for schools).
2. Scout Training-(a) Scouting, Reconnaisance, Patrolling (Canadian Boy Scout); (b) Signalling, Semaphore; (c) Map Reading and Field Sketching, Chapter 4; (d) Engineering, Manual of Field Engineering, Chapter 10; Field Geometry, Section 57; Field Kitchens, Section 59; Water Supply, Section 61; Purifying Water, Section 63; Latrines, Section 67.
3. Infantry Training-Squad and Company Drill, Company in Attack, Protection on the March and at Rest, Rifle Exercises where possible and Ceremonial. (Infantry Training, 1911).
4. Musketry-Musketry and Judging Distance up to 800 yards. (Musketry Regulations, Part 1).

In all those branches theory should be mixed with practise, and an intelligent co-operation of all ranks rather than mere mechanical perfection aimed at. Taking up the various branches together thus giving variety, will add much to the interest of the course.

Note: All information with reference to organization and formation of Cadet Corps can be obtained, and a visit paid if requested, from The Organizer and Inspector of Cadet Corps, M. D., No. 6, R. A. Park, Halifax, N. S.

The following is a list of the Strathcona Trust Military Drill Prize winners, and the percentage of marks obtained in order of merit.


## JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.

One half of each of the above Prizes, is the property of the Cadet Instructor, the remainder to be used for the benefit of the Corps.

The following Corps also passed an efficient Inspection, and were awarded a bonus of $\$ 5.00$ each to be used for advancement of Cadet work.

No. 272, Amherst; No. 285, Antigonish; No. 110, Yarmouth; No. 267, Wolfville; No. 273, Chester; No. 149, Lunenburg; No. 233, Yarmouth; No. 782, Milton; No. 35, Halifax, D. Coy.; No. 219, New Glasgow, B., C. and D. Coys.; No. 308, Sydney, A., B., C. and D. Coys.; No. 206, Halifax, D. Coy.

Cadet Instructors should forward to the Organizer and Inspector of Cadet Corps receipts for the above prize money as soon as possible.

## Additional Prize Winners, 1918-19.

The Benson Cup, awarded to No. 254, Kings Collegiate School Cadet Bn., Windsor, N. S.

Cadet Instructors desirous of forming a club in connexion with Dominion Marksmen, should communicate direct with Dominion Marksmen, P. O. Box 1200, Montreal. They should also request that they be placed on the regular mailing list of The Dominion Marksmen's Review.

Cadet Instructors are reminded that Monthly Reports should be forwarded to reach this office not later than the third day of each month, and all communications touching Cadet Work and Physical Training should be addressed to,-

The O. \& I. Cadet Corps,
M. D. No. 6,
R. A. Park,

Halifax, N. S.

## PHYSICAL TRAINING.

## Strathcona Physical Training Prizes, 1920.

The present twelve inspectorates of the Province are the Provincial sub-divisions for supervision of, and competition in Physical Training for the Strathcona prizes which will be apportioned for 1919-1920 to each inspectorate in proportion to the annual school enrolment of the previous year.

The inspector shall award the prizes for physical training within his own inspectorial division. The total amount of each prize shall be paid to the teacher who shall apply one third, with the approval of the inspector and trustees, to some appropriate object to be permanently displayed in the school room as a memento. The following list of competition subdivisions and prizes in each inspectorial division is announced for the present school year, 1919-1920.

No. 1. Total amount to be divided into two equal sums.
(1) One half to Halifax City and Dartmouth in ten equal prizes.
(2) One half to Halifax County in ten equal prizes.

No. 2. Eight prizes of equal value; five for Lunenburg County and three for Queens County.

No. 3. Two prizes of equal value to each of the four subdivisions: (a) Yarmouth, (b) Argyle, (c) Barrington and (d) Shelburne.

No. 4. Six prizes of equal value, viz., three for Annapolis County and three for Digby.

No. 5. Four equal prizes for ungraded schools of the district. Two equal prizes for best department to two-department schools. One prize for best department of schools having more than two departments. Sections with Cadet Corps excluded.

No. 6. Six prizes, a first and a second for each of the three Districts, Antigonish, Guysboro and St. Mary.

No. 7. Ten prizes, five for Inverness South and five for Richmond, to be divided in the proportion of $8,7,6,5,4$.

No. 8. Inverness North, four prizes. Victoria County, three prizes.

No. 9. Eight prizes of equal value. Three for the incorporated towns not having an active Cadet Corps. Three prizes for the rural schools of Pictou East. Two prizes to the rural schools of Pictou West.

No. 10. Eight prizes of equal value. Three for the incorporated towns, one of which will be for Grades I to III inclusive, one for Grades IV to VI inclusive, and one for Grades VII to XII. Two prizes to the graded schools not included in the above. Three prizes to the rural (ungraded) schools.

No. 11. Two-thirds of the total amount to be awarded to the graded schools of the Division in ten prizes in the proportion of $19,18,17,16,15,14,13,12,12,11$ and 10 ; and one-third of the total amount to be awarded to the ungraded schools of the Division in six prizes in the proportion of $15,14,13,12,11$ and 10 .

No. 12. Nine prizes of equal or nearly equal value will be assigned: Two to North Colchester; Two to West Colchester; Three to South Colchester, and two to East Hants. Sections having a Cadet Corps will not be eligible for competition.

## STRathcona prizes for excellence in physical training, SCHOOL YEAR ENDED JULY 1919.

List of Strathcona Prize Winning Schools in each County of Nova Scotia List of Strathcona Prize Winning Schools in each County of Nova Scotia
arranged according to Inspectorial Divisions for the School Year ended July, 1919. Graham Creighton, Inspector, Division No. 1. (City and County of Halifax).








Miss Jean Harris, Alexandra School, Halitax . ......
Misa

Sister M. Clarissa, St. Patrick's Boys, Halifax
M.
Miss Marriet Flowers, Tower Road School, Halifax.
5.29
$\mathrm{Mi}_{\text {iss }}$ Marriet Flowers, Tower Road School, Halifax.
5.29

Miss Mildred J. Callagher, Bloomfield School, Halifax.......
Miss Margaret Rockett, St. Mary's Girl's School, Halifax.
Miss
Miss Eva Pye, Alexandra School, Halifax.............
Malifax. 5.29 5.29

Miss Agnes. O. Harlow, Morris St. School, Halifax.
Madam Wynne, College St. School, Halifax. 5.29 5.29 5.29
H. H. Maclntosh, Inspector, Division No. 2. (Lunenburg and Queens).
Miss Viola Crouse, Chester, Lunenburg. ..... $\$ 7.47$
Miss Blanche Brooks, Parks Creek, Lunenburg ..... 7.47
Miss Eva E. Rafuse, Lunenburg, Lunenburg ..... 7.47
Miss Gladys Crooks, Centreville, Lunenburg ..... 7.47
Miss Grace Conrad, Maders Cove, Lunenburg ..... 7.47
Miss Helen Locke, Liverpool, Queens ..... 7.47
Miss Winnie Freeman, Milton, Queens. ..... 7.47
Miss Sadie Wamboldt, Port Medway, Queens ..... 7.48
C. Stanley Bruce, Inspector, Division No. 3. (Shelburne and Yarmouth).
Miss Elizabeth Cole, Little Harbor, Shelburne ..... $\$ 7.54$
Miss Dorothy Phalen, Lockeport, Shelbutne ..... 7.34
Miss Ruby Snow, Port LaTour, Barrington. ..... 7.34
Miss Hazel H. Smith, Baccaro, Barrington ..... 7.34
Miss Rose Surette, Sluice Point, Argyle. ..... 7.34
Miss Mary I. Amirault, Amirault's Hill, Argyle ..... 7.34
Miss Anita W. Hopkins, Hebron, Yarmouth. ..... 7.34 ..... $\$ 51.38$
Mayhew C. Foster, Inspector, Division No. 4. (Digly and Annapolis).
Miss Mary L. d'Entremont, Meteghan River. ..... $\$ 6.63$ ..... 6.63
Miss Cordelia R. Thebeau, Cheticamp
Miss Cordelia R. Thebeau, Cheticamp
Miss Bessie B. Turnbull, Digby ..... 6.64
Miss Eunice A. Melanson, Weymouth Mills ..... 6.64
Miss Clyda Germain, Bear River ..... 6.64
Miss Mary Fitz Randolph, Round Hill ..... 6.64
Miss Muriel M. Slaunwhite, Lake Pleasant ..... 6.63
Miss Reta Marshall, Falkland Ridge ..... 6.64$\$ 53.09$
E. Robinson, Inspector, Division No. 5. (Kings and lants West). Balance carried over
$\$ 36.15$.
Miss Gladys Newcombe, Port Williams, Kings. ..... $\$ 6.02$
Miss Lillian Laws, Windsor, Hants West ..... 6.12$\$ 12.14$
A. G. MacDonald, Inspector, Division No. 6. (Antigonish, Guysboro and ${ }^{\text {St. }}$ Mary).
Sister St. Mary Beatrice, St. Bernard's Convent, Antigonish. ..... $\$ 7.00$
Miss Gertrude Stuart, Mulgrave School, Guysboro. ..... 7.00
Miss Sarah McNaughton, Coldenville School, St. Mary ..... 7.00
Sister Frances Paula, Harbor Boucher Convent, Antigonish
6.00
6.00
Miss Margaret E. Lawlor, Up. Manchester School, Guysboro. . ..... 6.00
Miss Esther I.. Leslie, Liscomb School, St. Marys ..... 5.24$\$ 38.24$
Mr. J. T. MacNeill, Inspector, Division No. 7. (Inverness South and Rich-mond).Prizes not awarded. Merit of competitors not up to the standard desirable.Will be added to amount distributed next year.
James MacKinnon, Inspectoŕ, Division No. 8. (Inverness North and Vicd toria.
Balance from last year ..... $\$ 21.55$.
Sister St. Alexander, Inverness ..... $\$ 4.45$
Helen Smith, Broad Cove Chapel ..... 4.44
4.44
Duncan MacMillan, Hamilton, Lake Ainslie. ..... 4.45
Margaret MacKenzie, Little Narrows ..... 4.44
Balance carried over ..... $\$ 30.43$.
E. L. Armstrong, Inspector, Division No. 9. (Pictou County).
Ada S. MacDonaid, Pictou. ..... $\$ 8.18$
Margaret E. MacCara, Rogers Hill ..... 8.18
Anna B. Creelman, River John ..... 8.17
Sadie M. Moran, Trenton ..... 8.18
Margaret I. Cameron, Chance Harbor ..... 8.18
Agnes C. MacDonald, Eureka ..... 8.18
F. G. Morehouse, Inspector, Division No. 10. (Cumberland County).
Miss Charlotte MacKenzie, Oxford ..... $\$ 7.69$
Miss Mary Soley, Springhill ..... 7.69
Miss Gladys Trerice, Parrsboro ..... 7.69
Miss Willena Reid, Pugwash ..... 7.70 ..... 7.70
Miss Mildred Ripley, Maccan ..... 7.70
Miss Hazel Wilson, River Philip ..... 7.69
Miss Nellie Boyd, Tidnish ..... 7.69 ..... 7.69
Miss Matilda Black, Oxford Junction. ..... 7.69
$\$ 49.07$$\$ 61.54$
T. M. Phelan, Inspector, Division No. 11. (Cape Breton County).
$\mathrm{Mr}_{\mathrm{r}}$ Timothy Fougere, New Waterford ..... $\$ 10.74$
Sister M. Ursula, North Sydney ..... 10.17
Miss Josephine Mackenzie, Sydney ..... 9.61 ..... 9.61
Miss Jessie Mackenzie, North Sydncy ..... 9.04
Miss Violet E. Bown, North Sydney ..... 8.48 ..... 8.48
Miss Grace A. MacIntosh, Sydney. ..... 7.91
Miss Sarah Belle MacDonald, Sydney ..... 7.35
Miss Mary Emily Peck, Florence ..... 6.78
Miss Isobel MacLeod, Sydney
Miss Isobel MacLeod, Sydney ..... 6.22 ..... 6.22
Miss Katie Nicholson, Alder Point. ..... 5.65 ..... 8.19
Miss Maude E. Brennan, Ball's Bridge
Miss Maude E. Brennan, Ball's Bridge
Miss Annie Campbell, South Bar
Miss Annie Campbell, South Bar ..... 7.65 ..... 7.65
Miss Mary B. Macdonald, Christmas Island ..... 7.10
Miss Catherine A. MacKenzie, Grand Narrows ..... 6.56 ..... 6.56
Miss Cassie Macdougall, Mill Creek ..... 6.01 ..... 6.01
Miss Anna M. MacEachen, Portage. ..... 5.46$\$ 122.92$
W. R. Campbell, Inspector, Division No. 12. (Colchester and East Hants).
Grace Walley, Earltown ..... $\$ 5.25$
Annie M. Langille, French River
Annie M. Langille, French River ..... 5.25 ..... 5.25
Lena Bambrick, Great Village. ..... 5.25
Marion Fisher, Portaupique ..... 5.25
Holema McLeod, Old Barns
5.25
5.25
H. Clare Putnam, Lr. Onslow
5.03
5.03
Myra Hyson, Bible Hill
Myra Hyson, Bible Hill ..... 5.25
Rena Stoddard, West Gore ..... 5.25

## Physical Training Imperative in all Schools.

Altho third class teachers are not required to have a certificate of qualification to give physical training in school as it should be given, they are nevertheless required to qualify as far as possible, and to give the exercises most suitable to
the conditions of the school from the prescribed text. This is one of the health precautions imperative in every school.

Every teacher of class higher than third must satisfy the Inspector that exercises suitable to the conditions of the school are being regularly given to the pupils according to the prescribed text. Neglect or inefficiency in this respect on the report of the Inspector will render the teacher liable to a reduction of Provincial Aid to the next lower class.

Physical Training is more than mere recreative exercises. It is an educational subject and should take its place in the time table of each school. A Physical Training lesson, consisting of a complete table and occupying at least twenty minutes, should be taught two or more times per week.

To assist the Inspectors in making the allotment of Prizes for Physical Training from the Strathcona Trust, a report in the subjoined form should be sent by each Principal (or Teacher in case of ungraded schools) to the Inspector on or before the 1st of June.

| Report of Physical Training, in | hool |
| :---: | :---: |
| Section No.. . . . . . . . . . District of | for school year |
| beginning August, 191. |  |


| Name of Teacher. |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | , |

Principal.
Note.-Column 2 "lesson" means the period of 20 minutes or more, devoted to teaching a Table of exercise.

Column 3, "Recreative Exercise" is the short break in each long period duris§ which the pupils are vigorously put thru one or more familiar exercises.

## Physical Training Text Books.

In all the Schools of the Province the Physical Training will follow the "Syllabus of Physical Exercises for Schools," Canadian edition, 1911, published by the Executive Council, Strathcona Trust. It is designed to furnish a uniform standard of training in this subject thruout the Dominion, and is practically a reprint of the Syllabus authorized by the British Board of Education.

The following amendments in the prescribed text should be noted:-

Table 30, group 5-The detail of this exercise is as follows: Arms forward -Raise Arms upward-Szeing Arms forward-Lower Arms backward-Swing. Table 64, group 1, (b).-"With Turning Feet-Change" is performed in four motions.

The explanatory Note should read "First the Left Foot is brought back, then the usual Right Turn is made in two motions, the Right Foot then lunges outward on the fourth motion.

Whenever the expression "Half Right (or Left) Turn" occurs as in Table 64 and following, Substitute "Right (or Left) Incline."

## Physical Training Courses.

Physical Training Courses for teachers will be conducted at the Rural Science School, Truro, N. S., during the Midsummer vacation. At least two hours drill per day will be required in these courses.

Candidates in these courses as well as at the Normal College, will be required to furnish themselves with gymnasium shoes and clothing appropriate to the work. Ladies who take the course will find that a one-piece dress which allows freedom of movement, will add greatly to the comfort of the pupil and success of the instruction.

## GRADE " $B$ " PHYSICAL TRAINING CERTIFICATES.

Normal College, Truro, N. S., (15 Feb., 1919 to 26 May, 1919).

| 9910-Evelyn Barbara Amirault | East Pubnico....... Yarmouth |
| :---: | :---: |
| 9911-Emily Catherine Baker. . | New Cumber |
| 9912-Jennie Ernesteen Boliv | Bakers Settle |
| 9913-Violet Regina Brow | Halfway River Station. . Richmond. |
| 9914 - Blanch Marie Boudreal | Arichat. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 16-Frank Eliot Archib | Truro... ${ }^{\text {Margaree Forks. . . . . . . Inverness. }}$ |
| 9917 -Frances Pearl | Margar River . . . . . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| 9918-Frances Pearle Ca | Clementsvale. . . . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| 9919-Mary Ann Chisholm | Margaree Forks . . . . . . . Invernese |
| 9920 - Sadie Beatrice Crouse | Springfield. . . . . . . . . . Annap |
| 9921 - Beatrice Margaret Jane |  |
| 9922-Marie Azelle Comeau. |  |



| 9987-Clara H. IeBlanc | Margaree Forks. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 9988-Mary Marcellina Pert | Poulamond. . . . . . . . . . . Richmond. |
| 9989 - Mary Mealina Pertus. | Poulamond. . . . . . . . . . . Richmond. |
| 9990 -Helen Ora Pier | Plymouth. . . . . . . . . . . Yarmouth. |
| 9991 -Olive Letitia Par | Owl's Head Harbor. . . . . Halifax. |
| 9992-Clara May Pa | Pugwash. . . . . . . . . . . . . Cumberland. |
| 9993-Dora Edna Peach | Port Morien . . . . . . . . . . Cape Breton. |
| 9994 - Robert Baden Pow | Plympton. . . . . . . . . . . . Digby. |
| 9995-Mamie Alma Robins | Great Village . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 9996-Doris Lillian Alice Ross | Berwick. . . . . . . . . . . . . Kings. |
| 9997 -Mabel Jean Rob | Bayhead. . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 9998-Lelia Lucy Smith | Necum Teuch. . . . . . . . . . H alifax. |
| 9999-Agnes Florence Sm | Lower Ohic. . . . . . . . . . . Shelburn |
| $10000-$ Edith Blanc | Brooklyn............. . Queens. |
| 10001 - Beulah Maria | Young's Cove. . . . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| 1000-Mary Alice Somers. | Grosvenor . . . . . . . . . . . . Guysboro. |
| 10003- Ethel Maud Stevenso | Middleton. . . . . . . . . . . . Annapolis. |
| 1004 -Olive Bernice Shaw | Mid. Musquodoboit. . . . Halifax. |
| 1000 -Reginald Lester Shaw | erville. . . . . . . . . . . Dighy. |
| 10006-Guy Boomer Stevens | Truro. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Colchester. |
| 0007-Addie Marguerite Teed | Freeport. . . . . . . . . . . . . Digby. |
| 10008-Georgie Magnolia Toole | Londonderry Sta...... . . Colchester |
| 1009 - Thelma Mary Turple. | Apple River. . . . . . . . . . Cumberlan |
| 10010-Mildred Gertrude War | Milford. . . . . . . . . . . . . Hants. |
| 10011 -Sarah Geneva Wina | Branch LaHave.... . . . . Lunenburg. |
| 10012-Marie Jean Whitti | Elmsdale. . . . . . . . . . . . Hants. |
| 001 - Katherine Alexandria | Millsville. . . . . . . . . . . . Pictou. |
| 0014 -Lincoln Martin Zinck | . Chester . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |
| 0016-Muriel Hattie Westh | Mahone Bay. . . . . . . . . . . Lunenburg. |

Normal College, Truro, N. S., (15th May, 1919 to 19 June, 1919).


Halifax, N. S., (15 May, 1919 to 19 June, 1919).


# Rural Science School, Truro, N. S., (10 July, 1919 to 6 Aug., 1919). 

| 10201-Mr. Wilbert Henry Spencer.... Mira Gut | ape Breton. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10202-Miss M. E. Frances Marchbank..Sussex... | ew Brunswick |
| 10203-Miss Ida May White......... . Up. New H | New Brunswit |
| 10204-Miss Eva May MacInnis. . . . . . . West Gor | Hants. |
| 10205-Miss Katherine Florence Dyas .Amherst | mberland. |
| 10206-Miss Sedella May Myers. . . . . Spry Harb |  |
| 10207-Miss Martha Grace McCullum. Amherst |  |
| 10208-Miss Sara Margaret MacLeod. .Orangedale |  |
| 10209-Miss Olga Reta Beaton........ Amherst |  |
| 10210-Miss Mary Minola Fillmore... . Amherst | berla |
| 10211-Miss A. Kathleen McConnell. . . Welsford Street | Kings. |
| 10212-Miss G. Bernham McConnell. . . Welsford Street | Kings. |
| 10213-Miss Muriel DelPlaine Parker. .Caledonia | Queens. |
| 10214-Miss Mary Isabel Welton.... . Springhill. |  |
| 10215-Miss Marion A. MacKay. . . . . East Earlt |  |
| 10216-Miss Mary Hazel Kelso . . . . . . . Newville | Cumberiand. |
| 10217-Miss Mary Jane Macdonald.... Reserve Mine | Cape Breton. |
| 10218-Miss Alice Cairns Archibald... . Up. Musquodoboit | ax |
| 10219-Miss Christine O'Keefe. . . . . . . Glace Bay | Cape Breton. |
| 10220-Miss Bertha Gillis. . . . . . . . . . . Dominion | Cape Br |
| 10221-Miss Hazel Frances Kinsman.. . Berwick | Kings. |
| 10222-Miss Phyllis Evelyn Mallette.. .South Range | Digby. |
| 10223-Miss Zaidee Fraser Stoddard . . . Clam Har | Halifax. |
| 10224-Miss F. E. Willard Sutherland. .Waterside | ictou. |
| 10225-Miss Ida Elizabeth Dunlop... . . Hantsport | Hants. |
| 10226-Miss M. Muriel MacWilliam. . . Stellarton | Pictou. |
| 10227-Miss Helen Dorothy Beals. . . . . Lawrenceto | Annapoli |
| 10228-Miss Lillian Anna Cameron. . . Pictou |  |
| 10229-Miss Margaret A. Bannerman. .Sydney. | Cape Breton. |
| 10230-Miss Mary Lillian Driscoll. . . . . Glace Bay | Cape Breton. |
| 10231-Miss Fannie McKim Layton . . Wallace | Cumb |
| 10232-Miss Hilda Rhoda Wyman.... . Sand Beach |  |
| 10233-Miss Zaidee T. Horsfall.... . . . . Annapolis Royal | Annapolis. |
| 10234-Miss June Sophia Schmidt . . . . . Bear River | Annapolis. |
| 10235-Mr. Harold Parker Troop. . . . . . Granville F |  |
| 10236-Miss L yda Davidson O'Leary... Harcour | New Branor. |
| 10237-Miss Christine MacK. MacLeod.Sydney | Cape Breto |
| 10238-Miss Effie Laura Buckell . . . . . . . Center | Hants. |
| 10239-Miss Gladys Lena Huggan. . . . . Avondale | Pictou. |
| 10240-Miss Millicent Eloise Marsh . . . . Lr. Five Isla | Colchester. |
| 10241-Miss Alice Irene Holman. . . . . . . Mid. Musquodob | Halifax. |
| 10242-Miss Helen B. McFetridge. . . . . Brookvale | Halifax. |
| 10248-Miss Annabel Maxwell. . . . . . . . Hedgeville | Pictou. |
| 10244-Miss Alice Mary Gray . . . . . . . . Seafoam | Pictou |
| 10245-Miss Anna Elizabeth Macdonald. Inverness. | Inv |
| 10246-Miss M. Elizabeth MacDonald. Balmoral | Colchester. |
| 10247-Miss Helen Elizabeth Pugsley. . River Hebert | Cumbe |
| 10248-Miss Lottie May MacLeod. . . . . Westville | Pict |
| 10249-Miss Minnie Ethel Langille . . . Londonderry Sta |  |
| 10250-Mrs. Annie Bowden. . . . . . . . . . Sydney | Cape Br |
| 10251-Mr. John Murdoch Fraser. . . . . Westvill | Pictou. |
| 10252-Mr. Donald Alexander Grant. . . Wolfville | Kings. |
| 10253-Miss J. Robena MacDonald... . Cain's M | Vict |
| 10254-Miss Elizabeth M. MacLean . Riversdal |  |

# Mount St. Vincent Academy, Rockingham, N. S., (20 Aug., 1919 to ${ }^{6}$ Sept., 1919). 

| 10255-Alice | Sister Leo Steph |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10256-Margaret Evelyn Bald | Sister Maria Margarette |
| 10257-Marie Rose Ann Belliveau | Sister Marie A |
| 10258-Margaret Lauretto Bur | Sister Teresa |
| 10259-Ellen M. Chisholm | Sister Mary Pau |


| 10260-Margaret Chisholm | Sister Maria Baptista. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10261-Anna Gertrude Currie | Sister Alma Maria. |
| 10262-Gertrude Elizabeth Necourcy | Sister Mary Camilla. |
| 10263-Marie Madeline Doirant | Sister Marie de Paul. |
| 10264-Mary Elizabeth Donahue |  |
| 01265-Mary Teresa Donahue |  |
| 10266-Elizabeth Dungan. | Sister Agnes Miriam. |
| 10267-Mary Esther Dungan | Sister Mary Esther. |
| 10268--Helen Mary Edens. | Sister Maria Edmund. |
| 10269 -Catherine Claire Flanaga | Sister Leo Stanislans. |
| 10270 - Elizabeth Ann Mary Flynn | Siter Ann Elizabeth. |
| 10271-Mary Agnes Garvey . . | Sister Mary Carnencita. |
| 10272 - Catherine Mary Harris |  |
| 10273-Mary E. Healy. . . | Sister Anita Joseph. <br> Sister Agnes Patricia. |
| 10274-Mary Josephine Higgins |  |
| 10275 - Christina J. T. Johnsen. | Sistel Maria Magdalen. <br> Sister Madeleine Paula. |
| 10276-Madeleine Catherine Jones | Sister Miriam Agnes. |
| 10277 - Catherine Gertrucle Kelle | Sister Jean de Chantal. |
| 10279-Helen Bridget Kennedy | Sister Regina Maria. |
| 10280-Anna Mildred Leary | Sister Mary Cecelia. |
| 10281-Marie Anna L'Esperance | Sister Leo Clare. |
| 10282-Margaret Mary Mahoney |  |
| 10283-Helena Mary Mantin | Sister Regina Carmel. |
| 10284-Annie Katherine MrDonald | Sister Mary Clementina. |
| 10285-Catherine Christine McDona | Sister Agnes Josephine. |
| 10286-Sadie McDonald. | Sister Rose Miriam. Sistcr Louise I eGras. |
| 10287-Mary Jane McGuigan | Sister Mary Dorothea. |
| 10288 -Cassie McIntyre. | Sister Louis Marie. |
| 10290-Mary Ann Mcl | Sister Mary Clarita. |
| 10290-Anne Cecilia | Sister Marie Loretto. |
| 10292 - lrene M. Petric | Sister Maria Perpetua. |
| 10293-Eilen A. Pittman | Sister M. Vincentine. |
| 10294-Janet Katherine Ramisch | Sister Clare Alovse. |
| 10295-Martha Shannon. | Sister Mary Marcellus. |
| 10296-Mary Teresa Stanton | Sister Mary Aiden. |
| 10297-Anna B. C. Tobin | Sister Joseph Aloysia. |

## 222. COUNTY ACADEMY ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1920.

The regular mode of admission into county academies shall be by an entrance examination in the last week of the school term in June, mainly on the subjects of Grade VIII. There shall tee six subjects of examination as follows, the questions being sent out from the Education Office:- (1) Reading-to be tested by the examiners on the Grade VIII reading. Music-Candidates known from individual or class exercises, or from reliable certificates, to be able to sing, especially when they have a practical acquaintance with any system of musical notation, may receive an extra mark as a bonus under this head at the option of the exam-
iner, provided the Reading is iner, provided the Reading is passable. (2) English Language. (3) Drawing and Book-keeping. (4) Geography and Fistory. Geography as in Calkin's Introductory. History of Canada as in Calkin's Brief History of Canada, and History of England as in Brief History of England. (5) General Knowledge including (a) The five families, Crowfoot, Rose, Heath, Violet and Lily; with the important native tribes, and the common weeds and insects injurious to agriculture. [Brit-" ain's Elementary Agriculture--"First Year Course" and "Common Weeds." (b) The common rocks and minerals of Nova Scotia. (c) A few of the common birds. (d) School Hygitne. (e) Mechanic or Domestic or Rural Science. (f) Music as in Regulations and Physical Training. (6) Mathematics.

For a pass, $60 \%$ will henceforward be required on both English Language and Mathematics. Dictation of memorized literature and correct writing of a list of commonly mis-spelled prords may be required.

[^4]Vocational productive work shall be defined to be any work that adds to the material wealth of the Country. Merit marks tor vocational work other than Mechanic or Domestic Science shall be determined and adjudged by persons appointed by the Department of Education, and in Agriculture by the Director of Rural Science.

Applicants for these certificates other than in Mechanic or Domestic Science shall notify the Inspector thrin a teacher, at the opening of school, or not later than 15 th September preceding the examination.

## SPECIAL PRESCRIPTIONS FOR HIGH SCHOOL GRADES.

## 223. HIGH SCHOOL PROMOTIONS.

(1) Description by drawing as well as by writing may be required in any question and should always be used when brevity or clearness may be gained.
(2) Generally the "High School (or low) Pass" in all grades shall be an average of $50 \%$ with no subject below $30 \%$ on a group of six subjects for grades IX, X and XI; and on a group of nine papers with no subject below $30 \%$ (in the case of two papers on any subject an average of $30 \%$ ) for Grade XII.
(3) Generally the "Teachers' (or high) Pass" shall be an average of $60 \%$ oh a group of six subjects in Grades IX, X and XI; and on a group of nine papers for Grade XII, with no sub-
ject below $40 \%$ (in case of two papers on any subject an average of $40 \%$ ). $50 \%$ however must be made on English in each grade for a "Teachers' (or high) Pass."
(4) Candidates may write on more than the six subjects or nine papers indicated in (2) and (3). In such cases the "pass" shall be determined by the group including the highest six subjects or the minimum group of subjects as the case may be. A"pass" requires the fulfilment of all conditions specified in special regulations which refer to it elsewhere, as well as those stated in the general regulations above.
(5) Two hours shall be given at examination for each paper.
(6) When a candidate wishes to raise a "Low Pass" to a "High Pass," he shall be required to make at least $60 \%$ on each subject (in the case of two papers on any subject an average of $60 \%$ ) not previously up to this standard. That is, a "High Pass" by partial examinations will require at least sixty per cent. on every subject. This can be necessary only when a candidate is not writing for higher grade, and therefore all such supplementaries can be taken on the papers of the regular examination.
(7) The "Low Pass" admits to the corresponding class in the Provincial Normal College, whose faculty can raise it to the "High Pass" on evidence of improved scholarship without which the Normal diploma cannot be awarded.
(8) Candidates for Grade XII certificates (Low Pass) who fail on account of being too low in not more than two subjects, but who have made the "Low" average pass on the other subjects and $50 \%$ on English, shall have the privilege of completing the pass at a subsequent examination by making at least $50 \%$ on each of the nine papers not previously up to this standard and $60 \%$ on English. Failing in this test candidates making an average of $50 \%$ on English and an average of fifty on six subjects may be granted a low Grade XI pass.
(9) Candidates for Grade XII certificates who fàil on account of being too low in not more than two subjects, but who have made a "high" average pass on the other subjects and $50 \%$ on English, shall have the privilege of completing the high pass at a subsequent examination by making at least $65 \%$ on English and $60 \%$ on each of the nine papers not previously up to this standard. Failing in this test candidates making $60 \%$ on English and an average of sixty on six subjects may be granted a high Grade XI pass.
(10) From one to three points may be added by the examiner for especially good writing. Bad writers have no right to be admitted to an examination except on certificate of physical defect, and if examined, the papers are subject to a deduction of marks. One point shall be deducted for every mis-spelled word.
(11) The High School subjects to be taught in a rural, or incompletely graded high school, shall be determined (subject to the school law) by the school board in agreement with the principal, with an appeal to the Inspector and from him to the Council in case of disagreement or dissatisfaction. Provided, however, that no pupil of High School Grade shall be prevented from study in the school with at least his or her proportion of the teachers time when most necessary and convenient.
(12) Any subject deemed to be of importance in any community may be put on the program of a school by the schoolboard, with the consent of the Education Department.
(13) No school is advised to undertake the work of Grade XII with a staff of less than three regularly employed high school teachers.
(14) A candidate who has taken Latin and no French in Grade IX may take the IX French paper instead of the regular one in Grade X and the X French paper in Grade XI, provided a 60 or 50 per cent. mark is made respectively for a high or low pass in each case. But the substitution of a lower grade work for that of a higher will be allowed under no other conditions than specified above. The candidate should state this fact in his application for examination as well as in his final examination declaration so as to allow of its verification.
(15) Teachers are required to make themselves 'acquainted with the probable future requirements of pupils by consultation with them and their parents or guardians, before advising the selection of the optional subjects. Those who are likely to attend the universities, etc., should select the subjects required for matriculation. The same policy will apply to others.

[^5]("The Advisory Board recommends that every high school pupil take at least one foreign language during each year of the high school course: and where more than one foreign language is taken, the Board recommends that one of these languages be Latin. The Board considers that a knowledge of Latin and another foreign language by all teachers is highly desirable."')
103. (a) Candidates failing to make a high school (or low) pass in the grade applied for shall be ranked as making a high school (or low) pass in the grade next below, provided an average of 40 per cent. with no subject below 25 (in the case of two papers on average of 25) be made; and as making a pass in the grade second below, provided an average of 30 per cent. be made. For Grade XII, as in Reg. 223 (8).
(b) Candidates failing to make a teachers' (or high) pass in the grade applied for shall be ranked as making a teachers' (or high) pass in the grade next below, provided an average of 50 per cent. be made with no subject below 30 (in the case of two papers an average of 30 ); and as making a teachers' pass in the grade second below, provided an average of 40 per cent. be made. A low pass of any grade ranks as a high pass of the grade next below. For Grade XII, as in Reg. 223 (9).

## 224. HIGH SCHOOL PROGRAM.

## For the Year beginning August, 1919.

Note.-The Prices of the various books may be found in the price list of the Nova Scotia School Book Bureau.

Books which have a asterisk (*) prefixed are liable to be replaced by others at the end of the school year, July, 1920.

## Grade IX.

(English and any other five subjects imperative).

1. English:-(a) Literature:-Ontario High School Reader by Marty (Can. Pub. Co.), to the end of Page 168, including the introductory chapter on the "Principles of Reading," with critical study, word analysis, prosody and recitations. (b) Composition:-Ontario High School English Composition (Copp, Clark) Part 1, Pages 1-159, with essays, ab8 stracts and general correspondence so as to develop the power of fluent and correct expression in writing. (c) Grammar:N.S.English Grammar (MacKinlay) except notes and appendix, with easy exercises in parsing and analysis. (d) Spelling:Nova Scotia Public School Speller (Copp, Clark), Pages 169 to 183 both inclusive.
2. Latin:-Ontario High School Latin Book by Robertson. and Carruthers (Educ. Book Co.), to end of Lesson XLII, Page 152, omitting the (B) exercises.
[The Roman (phonetic) pronunciation of Latin is to be used. Great care should be taken from the very beginning to teach the student to pronounce accurately, giving attention both to quantity and accent, and to read the Latin fluently and intelligently. The various word-list thruout the book should be thoroly mastered with a view to the acquiring of a good working vocabulary. Recitation of memorized passages and conversation should be practised in every foreign language studiedj.
3. French:-Ontario High School French Grammar by Fraser and Squair (Copp, Clark), Lessons I to XXV inclusive. Bertenshaw's First Conversational French Reader (Longmans), Lessons 1 to 25 inclusive.
4. Geography:-Physical and Astronomical. Calkin's General Geography (MacKinlay) for general geography of continents and British Empire in detail.
5. Arithmetic:-Academic Arithmetic (Allen), to Page 63.
[No examination questions will be taken from "Scales of Notation," "Continued Fractions" and "Recurring Decimals". Students wishing to excel in Mathematics are, however, strongly recommended to master these subjects.
6. Algebra:-N. S. High School Algebra (Macmillan), to end of Chapter X.
7. Drawing:-(a) Morton's Mechanical Drawing (Allen), with the construction of the figures in Euclid, Book 1.
(b) Model and object drawing, and Thompson's Manual Training, No. 2 (D. C. Heath).
8. Science:-Any two of these five subjects: (a) Bot-any:-Bailey's Beginners' Botany (Macmillan), and the study of the Wild Plants of the Phenological Observations, with the more common ferns in detail. (Spotton's Botany contains the . most concise flora yet published for the use of students).
(b) Agriculture:-Brittain's Elementary Agriculture and, Nature Study, M. P. Edition (Educ. Book Co.), "Second Year" Course, Pages 115 to 243.

[^6](c) Physics:-As in *Primer or equivalent in the hands of the teacher only. The text book prescribed for Grade X should aid the teacher in giving oral instruction.
(d) Mechanic Science:-Standard Course. $\dagger$
(e) Domestic Science:-Standard Course. $\dagger$
$\dagger$ [Valued thru Inspector of Manual Training].
Grade X.
(English and any other five subjects imperative).

1. English:--(a) Literature:--The same as in grade IX, but more advanced scholarship required. (b) Composi-tion:-Ontario High School English Composition, Part II, pages 160 to end of book, with special attention to the development of readiness and accuracy in written narrative, description, exposition and general correspondence.
(c) For outside reading and theme writing: Eliot's *Silas Marner by Herrick (Longmans).
(d) Grammar:-N. S. English Grammar complete.
(e) Spelling:- Nova Scotia Public School Speller, pages 184 to end of book. (Appendix for reference only).
2. Latin:-Ontario High School Latin Book, from Lesson XLIII to the end of page 299, omitting (B) and (C) exercises.
[The Roman (phonetic) pronunciation of Latin is to be used. Great care should be taken from the very beginning to teach the student to pronounce accurately, giving attention both to quantity and accent, and to read the Latin fluently and intelligently. The various word-lists thruout the book should be thoroly mastered with a view to the acquiring of a good working vocabulary. Recitation of memorized passages and conversation should be practised in every foreign language studied].
3. Greek:-White's First Greek Book (Ginn \& Co.), Lessons 1 to end of XL.
4. French:-Ontario High School French Grammar, Lecson XXVI to LI inclusive with a review of the preceding lessons. First Conversational Reader, Lessons 26 to end of book, including the section on "Conversation."
5. German:--Joynes-Meissner's Grammar (D. C. Heath), to end of Lesson XXV, with Buchheim's Modern German Reader, Part I, (Ox. Univ. Press), first division only.
6. History:-Ontario High School History of England. by Wrong (Macmillan), from Chapter IX to the end of the
book. (The Provincial examination questions shall be confined to this part of the History only altho the whole book is to be read by the pupils in class). Oral lessons by teachers based on Canadian Civics, N. S. Edition (Copp, Clark).
7. Physics:-Elementary Physics for High Schools by Merchant and Chant (Copp, Clark), (a) Parts I, II, III, IV and VI, and (b) either Part V, or VII, or VIII.
8. Arithmetic:-Academic Arithmetic complete.
[No examination question will be taken from "Average of Payments and Accounts" and "Clock Problems." Students wishing to excel in Mathematics are, however, strongly recommended to master these subjects].
9. Algebra:-N. S. High School Algebra, Chapters XI to XIX, both inclusive.
10. Geometry:-The Nova Scotia High School Geometry, Part I (Copp, Clark).

## Grade XI.

(English and any other five subjects imperative).

1. English:-(a) Meiklejohn's Outline of the History of English Literature (Heath). (b) Literature:-Macaulay's Life of Samuel Johnson by Buehler (Longmans), and Shakespeare's Julius Caesar (Longmans). (c) For outside reading and theme writing: Stevenson's* Kidnapped.
2. Latin :-(a) Authors: Caesar's De Bello Gallico, Book $V$ and Vergil's Aeneid, Book I, with grammatical and critical questions. (b) Grammar: A careful study of all the accidence and syntax contained in the Ontario Figh School Latin Book. (c) Composition: The B exercises English into Latin of the Ontario High School Latin Book in Lessons 59 to 80 inclusive.

> IA knowledge of the elements of prosody sufficient for the scansion of the dactylic hexameter should he imparted by the teacher. The student should be taught to scan easily and accurately with attention to the meaning as well as the metti al form of the verse; and a few short passages of the Aeneid should be memorized, such, for example, as lines $148-153,198-9,201-3,210,462,574,630$.
3. Greek:-(a) Grammar and easy composition based partly on author read. (b) White's First Greek Book to end of Chapter LIX. (c) Xenophon's Anabasis, Book I, with grammatical and critical questions.
4. French:--*Berthon's Specimens of Modern French Prose (Macmillan), omitting IV, VI, IX and X. Ontario High School French Grammar, Lessons LII-LXXXIII inclusive, with a review of the preceding lessons.
5. German:-Joynes-Meissner's Grammar, to end of Lesson XLIV, with Buchheim's Modern German Reader, Part I, complete. Review of Grade X German.
6. History:-Myers' A Short History of Ancient Times (Ginn \& Co.).
7. Chemistry:-Evans' Elementary Chemistry for High Schools (Educ. Book Co.), omitting pages 171 to 186 inclusive.
8. Practical Mathematics:-Murray's Essentials of Trigonometry and Mensuration (Allen), omitting Part III.
9. Algebra:- N.S. High School Algebra, complete, except exercises $162,163,164$.
10. Geometry:-Hall and Stevens' School Geometry, Parts II, III and IV, omitting pages 207 to 218 and pages 244 to 246. Or, The Nova Scotia High School Geometry, Parts II and III to page 198. [For 1920-21 only the N. S. High School Geometry].

## Grade XII.

(Leaving Examination).
[Nine papers out of fifteen on the following twelve subjects constitute a full course. The following subjects are im-perative:-English, two foreign languages, one mathematical and one scientific subject; except that those who take both Latin and Greek may omit the scientific subject and those who make an average of 70 (High Pass) or 60 (Low Pass) on English, may omit foreign languages].

1. English:-(Two papers):-(a) Language:-Lounsburys' English Language (Bell), or Bradley's The Making of English (Macmillan). (b) History of English Literature:Pancoast and Shelley's First Book in English Literature (Hotl).
(c) Literature:-Shakespeare's As You Like It (Longmans) ; Palgrave's Golden Treasury, Book II (Macmillan); and the following extracts from Selected Speeches on Foreign Policy (Oxford Univ. Press), namely, Gladstone's "The Neutrality
of Belgium" and "Right Principles of Foreign Policy," Sir Edward Grey,s "Negotiations," and Lloyd George's "International Honor."
(d) The following books for outside reading and theme writing:-Scott's Talisman (Macmillan); Jeffries' Longer Narrative Poems (Macmillan), and the following extracts from Selected English Short Stories (Oxford Univ. Press), namely, "The Squire's Story," "Rab and His Friends," "The Seven Poor Travellers," "Markheim" and "Christopherson."
2. Latin (Two papers):-(a) Composition: D'Ooge's Latin Prose Composition, Part I, Lessons 47 to 85 . Sight Translation. Grammar: All of the accidence and syntax contained in the Ontario High School Latin Book and D'Ooge's Latin Prose Composition, Part $I$, supplemented by notes given by the teacher with reference to some good Latin Grammar.


#### Abstract

[Besides a careful review of the accidence as given in the grammar and the due consideration of all the ordinary principles of syntax as they are met with in the texts which are read, it is suggested that some special attention and systematic study be given to the following. The expression of wishes; commands and prohibitions; questions, single and double, direct and indirect; final clauses and nther ways of expressing purnose; consecutive clauses, causal clauses; conditional clauses; independent uses of the subjunctive; the main principles of the indirect discourse]. [It is recommended that more time be given in class to sight translation and composition].


(b) Caesar's De Bello Gallico, Books II and III. Vergil's Aeneid, Book II. The following Myths from Ovid's Metamorphoses (Longmans): Deucalion et Pyrrha, Pyramus et Thisbe, Atlas in Montem Mutatus, Icarus, Midas, with questions on grammar and subject matter.
3. Greek (Two papers):-(a) White's First Greek Book complete and reviewed. Sight Translation. Easy Composition partly based on the prose author read.
(b) Xenophon's Anabasis, Books II and III, with questions on grammar and subject matter.
4. French:-Ontario High School French Grammar complete. Sandeau's Sacs et Parchemins by Pellissier (Macmillan). Corneille's *Polyeucte by, Fortier (Heath). Moliere's LeBourgeois Gentilhomme by Warren (Heath); with questions on grammar and composition.
5. German:-Buchheim's Modern German Reader, Part II, to end of selection 10, second division; and Schiller's Wilhelm Tell by Carruth, Acts I, II, III and IV (Macmillan). Joynes-Meissner's Grammar for Grammar and Composition.
6. Algebra:-Hall \& Knight 's Senior Matriculation Algebra (Macmillan). (A reprint of the first 19 chapters of the old and larger text).
7. Geometry:-Hall \& Stevens' School Geometry, Parts V and VI, omitting pages 306 to 310 and pages 411 to the end. [For 1920-21, N. S. High School Geometry completed $\dagger$ ].
$\dagger$ Solid Geometry in addition to this text as in old text or any equivalent text or lecture course].
8. Trigonometry:-(a) Plane: Murray's Plane and Spherical (Longmans). (b) Spherical: Murray's Plane and Spherical, Chapters I, II, III and IV.
9. Physics:-Ontario High School Physics (Copp, Clark) complete and Laboratory Manual.
10. Botany:-Bergen and Davis' Principles of Botany (Ginn).
11. Chemistry:-Newell's General Chemistry, Parts I and II (one volume). (Heath).
12. History:-Myers' A Short History of Medieval and Modern Times (Ginn). The two history texts for Grades XI and XII bound in one volume may be had from the School Book Bureau.

## 232. TEXT BOOKS FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

In performing the duty of selecting and prescribing text books for the Public Schools, the Council of Public Instruction has availed itself as fully as possible of the knowledge and experience of those who are engaged in the practical work of education. The sole aim of recent modifications has been to secure at a reasonable cost, a series of texts adapted for use in schools. Change in authorized books is in itself a very undesirable thing.

## Instructors and teachers are reminded-

(1) That the course of study for common schools encourages an economical expenditure for the text books by providing a system of oral instruction for junior classes. Too many teachers try to satisfy themselves in respect to their more youthful pupils by placing in their hands text books not needed in any case, and worse than useless when unaccompanied by proper
oral exposition. A text book should not be required for a child until he is prepared to use it intelligently.
(2) That the regulation which makes it illegal and improper for a teacher to introduce unauthorized texts, by no means hinders him from giving his pupils the benefit of other treatises to whose explanations he may attach importance. The progressive teacher will always have such aids within reach, and will so use them as to impart variety and interest to his instructions.

Under no circumstances, however, should the teacher order the pupils to purchase these other books which are not prescribed. The prescribed text book, on any subject, is the only one the pupils are expected to purchase.
(3) Under Section 72 (e) of the Education Act, school sections can vote money for the purchase of prescribed school books, and school trustees are free to arrange to distribute them at cost, at reduced price, or free to all pupils of their schools, or to pupils who cannot afford to buy them.
(4) The school trustees or school boards are the proper parties to take charge of the supply of books for they are in continual and close touch with the school. They can allow those who desire to own their books to do so; and the deserving indigent can be supplied free. Both oversight and economy can be easily maintained under the management of the local trustees. This scheme may be put into practise with very little effort on the part of the trustees or members of the school board; and a section which once voted the money for schools books could have it recouped annually and so with very little more cost year by year could continue to supply its pupils indefinitely.
(5) Following is a list of the prescribed texts, together with the grades in which they are used, which are prescribed for the public schools of Nova Scotia during the school year beginning 1 August, 1919.

The prices of several of the texts have been increasing since 1916 owing to the very great increase in the cost of paper and manufacturing, and also in cost of transportation.

## BOOKS PRESCRIBED FOR COMMON SCHOOL GRADES.

N. S. Primer, Grade I.
N. S. Reader No. I, Grade II.
N. S. Reader No. II, Grade III \& IV.
N. S. Reader No. III, Grades V \& VI.
N. S. Reader No. IV, Grades VII \& VIII.

English Dictionary, Grades V to VIII.
Nova Scotia Public School Speller, Grades III to VIII, IX and X.
Acadian Reader No. I, Part I, Grade I.
" " No. I, Part II, Grade I.
" - " No. I, Complete, Grade I.
" "، No. II, Grade II.
"، " No. III, Grade III.
" " No. IV, Grade IV.
N. S. Common School Arithmetic, Grades III to VIII. [Not prescribed after 30 Julv, 1920].
Marshall's Bookkeeping, Grade VIII.
Bookkeeping Blanks, Grade VIII.
Goggin's Elementary Grammar, Grades VII \& VIII.
Ontario P. S. Composition, Grades VII \& VIII.
Ontario P. S. Hygiene, Grades $V$ to VIII. |May not be prescribed for school year beginning August 1920|.
Calkin's Brief History of Canada, Grades V to VIII.
Brief History of England, Grades VI to VIII.
Calkin's Junior Geography, Grades V to VIII.
Royal Crown Copy Books 1 to 12, Graded Series.
Augsburg's Drawing Books 1 to 8, Graded Series.
Prang's Drawing Books 1 to 8, Graded Series.
School Day Melodies Pts. I \& II, Cover all Grades (Tonic-sol-fa).
The Common School Book of Music for Miscellaneous Schools (Staff).
The New P. S. Music Course, (Staff notation), Graded Series.
Book I; Book II; Book III; Book IV.
Book V (F Clef) Mixed Classes. Book V (G Clef) Girls' Classes.
Song Reader-Can. Edition of New Educ. Music Course.
First Reader-N. E. Music Course.

## For Teachers' Use.

Primary Reading Manual.
Reading Manua! with Readers II, Ill \& IV.
Arithmetic Manual.
Literature Manual.
Composition and Spelling Manual.
Syllabus of Physical Exercises.
Music in the Public Schools-Newton.
Teachers' Edition Elem. Grades-N. E. Music Course.
Song Teachers' Guide.
Augsburg's Drawing Manitials, Books I, II \& III.
Art Manual.
Common School Course of Study (Hand Book).
lournal of Education (Semi-annual).
Brittain's Elementary Agriculture \& Nature Study, M. P. Edition.

## BOOKS PRESCRIBED FOR HIGH SCHOOL GRADES.

Ontario High School Reader, Grades IX \& X. [May not be prescribed for school year beginning August 1920).
Ontario High School Composition, Grades IX \& X.
Nova Scotia Public School Speller, Grades IX \& X.
Nova Scotia English Grammar, Grades IX \& X.
Eliot's Silas Marner, Grade X.
Meiklejohn's Outlines of History of English Literature, Grade XI.
Macaulay's Life of Johnson, Grade XI.
Shakespeare's Julius Caesar, Grade XI.
Stevenson's Kidnapped, Grade XI.
Shakespeare's As You Like It, Grade XII.
Palgrave's Golden Treasury, Book II, Grade XII.

Scott's Talisman, Grade XII.
Jeffries' Longer Narrative Poems, Grade XII.
Selected English Short Stories, Grade XII.
Selected Speeches on Foreign Folicy, Grade XII.
Bradley's The Making of English, Grade XII.
Pancoast \& Shelley's First Book of English Literature, Grade XII.
Ontario High School Latin Book, Grades IX, X, XI \& XII.
D'Ooge's Latin Composition, Part I, Grade XII.
Caesar's Gallic War, Book 5, Grade XI.
" " "' Books 2 and 3, Grade XII.
Ovid, Myths from the Metamorphoses, Grade XII.
Vergil's Aencid, Book 1, Grade XI.
$\because \quad$ " Book 2, Grade XII.
White's First Greek Book, Grades X, XI \& XII.
Xenophon's Anabasis, Book 1, Grade XI. Books 2 and 3, Grade XII.
Ontario H. S. French Grammar, Grades IX, X, XI \& XII.
Bertenshaw's First Conv. French Reader, Grades IX \& X.
ISerthon's Specimens of Modern French Prose, Grade XI.
Sandeau's Sacs et Parchemins, Grade XII.
Corneille's Polyeucte, Grade XII.
Moliere's L.eBourgeois Gentilhomme. Grade XII.
Joynes-Meissner's German Grammar, Grades X, XI \& XII.
Buchheim's Modern German Reader, Part I, Grade XI.
Schiller's Wilhelm Tell Grade XII Part II, Grade XII.
Kennedy \& O'Hearn's Academic Arithmetic, Grades IX \& X.
Nova Scotia High School Algebra, Grades IX, X \& XI.
Hall \& Knight's Sen. Matr. Algebra, Grade XII.
Morton's Mechanical Drawing, Grade IX.
Thompson's Manual Training, No. 2, Grade IX.
Hall \& Stevens' School Geometry l to IV, Grade XI. [Not prescribed after 80 July, 1920].
*Hall \& Stevens' School Geometry, Parts V \& Vl, Grade XII.
Nova Scotia High School Geometry, Grades X, XI \& XII.
Murray's Essentials of Trigonometry nd Mensuration, Grade XI.
Murray's Plane \& Spherical Trigonometry Grade XII'.
Balfour Stewart's l'hysics Primer, Grade IX. [Not prescribed after 30 July, 1920].
Elementary Physics for High Schools, Grade X.
Ontario High School Physics, Grade XII.
Evans' Elem. Chemistry for High Schools, Grade XI.
Newell's General Chemistry, Complete, Grade XII.
Brittain's Elem. Agriculture and Nature Study, M. P. Edition, Grade IX.
Bailey's Beginners' Botany, Grade IX.
Bergen \& Davis' Botany, Grade XII.
Ontario High School History of England, Grade X.
Myers' Short History of Ancient Times, Grade XI.
Myers' Short History of Med. \& Mod. Times, Grade XII.
Myers' General History (the two texts for Grades XI \& XII in one volume).
Calkin's General Geography, Grade IX.
For Teachers' Use and M. P. Q. Exam.

Art Manual.<br>Canadian Civics, N. S. Edition.<br>Ont. H. S. Physics Laboratory Manual.<br>Calkin's Notes on Education.<br>Lyster's Hygiene \& Temperance.<br>Munro's Brief Course in History of Education.<br>Fitch's Lectures on Teaching.<br>Bagley's Educative Process.

## THE NOVA SCOTIA SCHOOL BOOK BUREAU.

The Nova Scotia School Book Bureau has been established by the Government in connexion with the Department of Education and is under the regulations of the Council of Public Instruction. The aim of the Bureau will be to provide the people of the province with the prescribed school books, not only at as low prices as possible, but at prices which will be uniform thruout the Province.

All books prescribed for both the common and high school grades, as well as the books necessary for the M. P. Q. examinations, are kept in stock at the wareroom of the Bureau, in the Provincial Building Annex, Cheapside, Halifax, N. S. A full list of the books supplied by the Bureau is printed on the Bureau's Requisition Form, which is also the Price List. No book not on this list is kept in stock by the Bureau. Among other things this list contains the retail prices at which the books supplied by the Bureau are to be sold, and the purchaser should know that the book dealers have agreed with the Bureau not to sell any books at a price higher than that which is shown on the Bureau's price list. The necessary postage per copy is also given, which must be sent in together with full list price, when small orders are to be sent by mail. The amount shown in column for postage is not part of the list price.

The Bureau will supply its books to any person, dealer or otherwise, who remits the necessary amount with his order, which order, for convenience, should be filled in on the printed Requisition Form supplied by the Bureau. School trustees and teachers are the proper persons to purchase the supply of books for the use of the pupils of the section. They should note the conditions.laid down herein.

## TO TRUSTEES AND TEACHERS.

School trustees and teachers may now purchase all the prescribed books for the use of the pupils of the section direct from the Bureau. When school trustees or teachers send in an order to the Bureau, amounting to three dollars list price or over, and certify that the books are ordered for the use of the schools of the section, the Bureau will allow a discount of 10 per cent. from the list price of the Bureau. Remittance to cover must accompany order.

Further, on all orders of three dollars or over the Bureau will pay transportation charges under the following condi-
tions. The Bureau will endeavor, as far as possible, to ship by the route designated in the order received from the teacher or trustees, but the Bureau reserves the right to ship the cheapest way, if such is considered of equal advantage with that specified in the order. If, however, person ordering demands that shipment be sent by express, post, or other costly conveyance, the Bureau will pay an amount not more than the "freight" equivalent. Balance of transportation charge must be paid by the person sending in the order.

The teacher or trustees ordering must, in such cases, sign the Agreement on Requisition Form, and they are at liberty to arrange to distribute the books at cost to them, or at reduced price. They must not, however, demand more than the price on the price list of the Bureau.

All orders under three dollars ordered to be sent by post, must be accompanied by full list price, together with necessary postage per copy as on price list of the Bureau; if ordered to be sent by other conveyance full transportation charges must be borne by purchaser. [It should be noted that the small costal packets require prepayment of charges in every case. Consequently when books are to be sent this way, sufficient to prepay charges should be sent in with order].

## TO BOOK DEALERS.

## How books may be obtained by dealers from The Nova Scotia School Book Bureau.

1. Dealers, when ordering books from the Bureau, should, as far as possible, use the printed Requisition Form, and should be very careful to fill in exactly and carefully all spaces, showing number of copies, shipping instructions, name and address, etc. This will obviate many mistakes that are liable to occur when orders are sent in not on the printed form. Dealers should state explicitly how they wish goods shipped.
2. Each and every Requisition for books must be accompanied by cash payment in full for all books ordered, calculated at $85 \%$ of the prices on the list issued by the Bureau. Payment may be made by Póstal Order, Express Money Order, Postal Note, Bank Draft, Cash or Bank cheque. Bank cheques must be payable at par in Halifax.
3. Dealers who wish to keep a stock of the books supplied by the Bureau, to sell at retail, must sign the agreement
on Requisition Form, when sending in their initial order. This agreement will be taken to cover future orders as well.
4. The Bureau will pay freight charges on orders amounting to $\$ 10.00$ (list price) or over, but purchasers are expected to take delivery from the railway, steam boat, schooner or stage company at the nearest available station or point, and to defray thereafter the cartage or other transportation charges. On orders of $\$ 10.00$ or over to be shipped by Express, the Bureau will pay an amount not greater than the freight charges, as outlined above, the difference between freight and express to be borne by the purchaser. The Bureau reserves the right to ship cheapest way.
5. On orders of less than $\$ 10.00$ (list price), transportation charges from Halifax to destination, by whatever conveyance, must be borne by person sending in the order. [It should be noted that the small costal packets require prepayment of charges in every case. Consequently when books are to be sent this way, sufficient to prepay charges should be sent in with order].
6. The Bureau agrees to repurchase from dealers, at the actual price which they paid to the Bureau, all unused books on hand in good condition which had been previously purchased from the Bureau, if and when such books cease to be prescribed for use in the schools of Nova Scotia. In this case those returning books to the Bureau must pay the transportation charges.

Note:-The Bureau will not repurchase books from dealers during the term of prescription.

## How books may be obtained in small lots.

Any person, dealer or otherwise, may obtain single copies or small lots of the books from the Bureau on sending in requisition for same. Each and every Requisition must be accompanied by payment in full for the books ordered, calculated at the full prices on the Bureau's price list, together with the stated amount per copy shown in column for postage. The books will then be sent by book post, or parcel post, without further cost to the purchaser. (Note): It is not expected that dealers will send in orders to go by Post, as being allowed $15 \%$ discount they must send in full postage which in some cases is more than the discount. Do not add list price and postage together and take the discount on that. The amount in column for postage is not part of the list price of the book. Full postage is not necessarily that shown on order form.

# NOVA SCOTIA SCHOOL BOOK BUREAU. PRICE LIS' AND REQUISITION FORM. 

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|  | N. S. Reader No. 2 | . 11 | . 04 |  |
|  | N. S. Reader No. 3 | . 16 | . 05 |  |
|  | N. S. Reader No. 4. | . 18 | . 07 |  |
|  | N. S. Public School Speller English Dictionary....... | . 22 | . 08 |  |
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|  | Goggin's Grammar. . | . 30 | . 05 |  |
|  | Ontario P. S. Composition. | . 15 | . 05 |  |
|  | Ontario P. S. Hygiene... | . 20 | . 07 |  |
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|  | School Day Melodies, Pt. 2 | . 10 | . 02 |  |



$\dagger$ Specify numbers and quantities of each here.

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of.............................................
Province of N. S., in consideration of the terms offered to purchasers of school books thru or from the School Book Bureau, which terms are set forth and described in the April "Journal of Education," 1919, under the heading entitled "The Nova Scotia School Book Burean,"' do hereby promise and agree to and with the said Bureau that I will not sell or cause or permit to be sold any of the said books at a price greater than the list price above given.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED FOR SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

The Great War in Verse and Prose. 160 pp. $5 \times 7 \frac{1}{2}$ ins., edited by Wetherell, and recommended by the Ontario Minister of Education to school libraries and teachers. A very interesting selection.

Oral and Written English. Books I and II, and,
Beginner's Book in Language. (Ginn \& Co., Boston). Recommended by N. S. Advisory Board to teachers and pupils.

Nature Study Hints, by L. A. DeWolfe, Director of Rural Science Education, Truro. Recommended specially by N. S. Advisory Board to teachers as an aid in giving useful Nature study instruction in the schools.

Doctor Thorne, by H. Rider Haggard, 253 pp ., $5 \times 7 \frac{1}{2}$ ins. (Longmans, Green \& Co., London, New York and Bombay). A thrilling story by the great novelist describing the terrible tragedy of an anti-vaccinationist. This is the time to read it.

Map Reading Made Easy, by Esson and Philip, 90 pp., $7 \frac{1}{2} \times 10$ ins., with splendid illustrations of scale work and the plotting of all kinds of maps and graphs. (George Philip \& Son, London).

Development of the Ontario High School, by W. N. Bell, Principal of the Paris High School, Ontario. It costs only $\$ 1.50$ and makes a most interesting study for any one interested in High School work. As such it is recommended to those interested in our High School development.

Teaching the Child Patriotism, by Kate Upson Clark, 174 pp. $5 \times 7 \frac{1}{2}$ ins. (The Page Co., Boston, 1918), $\$ 1.00$. A book for the schools of the United States; but capable in the hands of a Canadian teacher of showing by contrast what greater reasons Britons all over the Empire have for Empire patriotism.

## GOOD FICTION.

(The Page Co., Boston, Mass.).
Pollyanna, By Eleanor H. Porter.
Miss Billy, by Eleanor H. Porter.
Anne of Green Gables, by L. M. Montgomery.
Smiles, by E. H. Robinson.
Little Sister to Evangeline, by C. D. Roberts.

# Comments by Examiners on the Examinations of 1919. 

Professor John Waddell, B. A. (Dal.), B. Sc. (Lon.), Ph. D. (Heidelberg), D. Sc. (Edin.), on the Science Examinations of 1919.

With regard to the examinations in Science this year, I am glad to say that a good deal of attention seems to have been paid to what I wrote you last year for publication in the October Journal. The questions on units were answered much more satisfactorily and I hope there will be still greater improvement in future.

As you and many others are aware, I take a special interest in the Nova Scotia Schools, and wish to encourage the numerous, earnest teachers in their work. I have written extensively in the October Journal for a number of years back, with a view to giving help along lines that experience has proved require it. I would refer candidates and their teachers to these Journals and to the questions that have been asked in past years.

It is not my intention to write at length now, but with your permission (which the publishing of this letter may be assumed to give), I shall be glad to have any candidates or teachers write to me, (addressed to the Education Office), regarding any difficulty. If the letters reach me before the end of January, I shall try to answer them in the April issue of the Journal. It occurs to me that in this way I may best serve the interests of the schools.

By Prof. M. MacNeill, M. A.

## Grade XI. Algebra.

The striking fact about the results in Grade XI, Algebra, 1919 , is that the percentage of marks below $30 \%$ is very much smaller than it has been for many years, namely about $16 \%$ as opposed to about double that in recent examinations.

This is evidently due to the increase in the number of questions from eight to ten. As a general rule questions in Algebra are answered correctly or not at all. The number of partial results is smaller than on most subjects. In order, therefore, to obtain $30 \%$ it was usually necessary to do three questions whether the total was eight or ten, and it is evidently much easier to choose three from ten than from eight. It practically amounts to this, that this year seven questions could be left unanswered while last year only five could be abandoned. The effect was equally apparent at the other end as on account of the length being increased there were not so many marks above $90 \%$. In fact there was only one perfect paper, altho several fell short of perfection only by a failure to give one or two of the definitions called for in the last question.

These definitions were the only parts of the paper that were very badly answered. An occasional center gave them all very well but as a rule most ridiculous ideas existed as to the meaning of "monomial," "linear," and "homogeneous."

The fifth question was the other troublesome one and the meaning of it was not very clear to most of the candidates.

There were two answers to the second questions, but the great majority were content with giving one. In general, however, the results were very satisfactory, and it is evident that the new text book has been found easy to manage and has been productive of good instruction.

By Dr. I. B. Oakes.

## Geometry.

In Grade X, I found a number of candidates proving question 3, of "Set A" by the indirect method, citing a subsequent proposition or theorem to prove it, instead of proving it by Theorem 11, as nearly all candidates did. I therefore gave, according to my custom in similar cases, half value.

I also found a number mistaking the meaning of question 8 in "Set B" and in such cases gave such value as the work seemed to merit.

While I hope many teachers and pupils are endeavoring to fortify their proofs with reasons, step by step, there is much
room for improvement in this matter. Too much is taken for granted and conclusions reached are not at all justified by necessary argument and citation. I trust this matter may come to the attention of teachers generally and that less slip shod work may appear in future.

By E. J. Lay, Esq.<br>M. P. Q.

The outstanding feature in those papers is the want of preparation, in many cases there is no preparation at all. I do not say that this is universal, for at some stations there is ample evidence that some one had taken great pains to prepare the candidates, and that the candidates had taken advantage of their training.

I wish to furnish a few extracts that show total lack of preparation, but still that lack propped up by many words and general terms evidently intended to mislead the unwary examiner.
"Huxley's idea of a liberal education was embodied in what were known as the severe liberal arts, Grammar, Literature, Arithmetic, Astronomy, Harmonics, Geometry and Rhetoric."

This was followed by fifteen lines explaining each of those subjects.

Or this: "The Herbartian Method was the method of education as put forward by Herbart. He believed that education should start with the child and that as it became older it would be capable of grasping more difficult subjects." (Grade XII candidate).

Or: "Sir Joshua Fitch was one of our greatest teachers on the classification of schools. He tells us how to classify schools under certain heads in order, for the pupils to understand their works, and, for the teacher to pay a strict attention to the pupils in order to classify them for their work. Fitch's classification is a credit to any one who strictly follows it, for it enables them to be good discipline teachers in order to classify their pupils." (Grade X paper).

A Grade XI student tells us that "the Herbartian method was one used in Medieval History, by which a pupil started one subject and kept at it until they had mastered it."

Another declares that the "Institute of the Brethren of the Christian Schools," was founded by Thomas Aquinas.

These are but a very few of the instances showing want of preparation.

Another fault is the unnecessary multiplication of words, not only telling the same thing in different ways, but by going into unnecessary details after the question is fully answered, and thus leaving ones unanswered for want of time.

Candidates should give more attention to the Manual of the School Law, and to the Journals, so that they will not have to draw on their own imagination. This is a paper (School Law and Forms), that every one writes, and for which there is ample and oft repeated instructions.

Still I am told that "Trustees are appointed by the C. P. I." and that "the Secretary is known as the Principal whose duty it is to instruct the teachers below him," that "it is the duty of Trustees to appoint Inspectors, and to consider appeals against the Board of Directors," that "poll tax is a tax on dogs, horses and cows."

Thirty-two lines have been written about the requirements in English and Arithmetic, and not one word of those subjects, and a page of foolscap on teachers' duties without any mention of Agreement, Register or notice to Inspector. Will the candidates, another year, not come better prepared for this paper. As for the other subjects do give the authorized texts somestudy, however rich your own experience in the science of Pedagogy or the art of School Management. We want to hear of that experience and will give you credit for it, but throw in, for leaven, a thought or two from the wise ones who gave us those texts.

In the matter of "History of Education", it is useless for you any longer to try to build up one of your own, so do a little book study.

For your encouragement I may say, that I find a great improvement since four years ago in your writing, spelling and English, altho there are a few serious lapses in all three still. Come next year determined that your subject and predicate shall be on better terms, that your pronouns shall not swap cases, that your singulars and plurals shall recognize their proper place.

Come also prepared to spell, not after the present promiscuous and varied manner, but correctly, secretary, license, oblige, separate, register, just to mention the most frequent lapses, and all terms common in school life.

You will get credit where credit is due.

## By Dr. J. Liechti.

## Detailed Report on Examination Papers in French and German, 1919.

Numher of Papers in Grade XII: French, 154; German, 23. Grade XI: French, 602; German, 35. Grade X, French, 946; German, 37. Total 1797.

University Graduates Papers: French Major, 4; French Minor, 0; German
or, 1. Minor, 1.

Percentage of German Papers: $5 \frac{1}{4} \%$; French Papers: $94 \frac{3}{4} \%$.
Value of Papers in all Grades: Very Good, 900 or $50 \%$; Good, 514 or $28 \frac{3}{2} \%$; Satisfactory, 263 or $14 \frac{3}{4} \%$; Poor, 120 or $6 \frac{1}{2} \%$.

Value of Papers by Grades: Grade XII-Very Good, 90 or $503 \%$; Good, 52 or $29 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Satisfactory, 27 or $15 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Poor, 8 or $4 \frac{1}{2} \%$.

Grade XI--Very Good, 392 or $61 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Good, 153 or $24 \%$; Satisfactory, 73 or $11 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Yoor, 19 or $3 \%$.

Grade X-Very Good, 418 or $42 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Good, 309 or $31 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Satisfactory, 163 or $16 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Poor, 93 or $9 \frac{1}{2} \%$.

Percentage of French Papers: Very Good, 843 or $49 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Good, 499 or $29 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Satisfactory, 253 or $14 \frac{3}{4} \%$; Poor, 107 or $6 \frac{1}{4} \%$.

Percentage of German Papers: Very Gnod, 57 or $60 \%$; Good, 15 or $15 \frac{3}{4} \%$; Satisfactory 10 or $10 \frac{1}{3} \%$; Poor, 13 or $13 \frac{3}{3} \%$.

Percentage of French and German Papers by Grades: Grade XII-French: Very Good, 76 or $49 \%$; Good, 46 or $293 \%$; Satisfactory, 24 on $15 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Poor,
8 or $5 \%$.

Grade XII-German: Very Good, 14 or $61 \%$; Good, 6 or $26 \%$; Satisfactory,
$13 \%$. 3 or $18 \%$.

Grade XI-French: Very Good, 368 or $61 \neq \%$; Good, 151 or $25 \%$; Satisfactory, 70 or $11 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Poor, 18 or $2 \frac{1}{4} \%$.

Grade XI-German: Very Good, 24 or $68 \frac{1}{3} \%$; Good, 2 or $6 \%$; Satisfactory, 3 or $8 \frac{1}{2} \%$; Poor, 6 or $17 \%$.

Grade X-French: Very Good; 399 or $42 \ddagger \%$; Good, 302 or $32 \%$; Satigfactory , 159 or $16 \%$; Poor, 36 or $9 \%$.

Grade X-German: Very Good, 19 or $51 \not \%$; Good, 7 or $19 \%$; Satisfactory, 4 or $10 \frac{3}{4} \%$; Poor, 7 or $19 \%$.

In 1918 there were: French Papers, 1657; German Papers, 143. Total 1800.
In 1919 there were: French Papers, 1702; German Papers, 95. Total 1797.

Comparing results between 1918 and 1919:
1918.

Value of Papers, Grades XII, XI, X: Very Good: Good: Satisfactory: Poor: 612 or $34 \%$. 579 or $32 \frac{1}{2} \%$. 360 or $20 \%$. 249 or $13 \%$.

1800
1919.

Value of Papers, Grades XII, XI, X: Very Good: $\quad 900$ or $50 \%$. Good: $\quad 514$ or $28 \frac{5}{2} \%$. Satisfactory: 263 or 14 3 \% . Poor: $\quad 120$ or $6 \frac{1}{2} \%$. 1797
1919.

Grade XII Very Good; 503\%. Poor; 4 1 \%.
". XI Very Good; $61 \%$. Poor; 3\%.
Very Good; 42 $\frac{1}{\%}$. Poor: 9룽.

# OPENING LECTURE ON ORAL HYGIENE TO THE STUDENTS OF THE NORMAL COLLEGE, TRURO, N. S. 

By George Kerr Thomson, D. D. S, Professor of Ceramics, Crown and Bridge<br>Work, and Oral Hygiene, Dental Faculty of Dalhousie University, Halifax.

Ladies and Gentlemen:-
You have no doubt been informed in a general way of the objects of this course of lectures on Oral Hygiene, but I think it would be well for me to explain in detail why they are given, and inform you of the events which led to their institution.

You are certainly to be congratulated on the fact that the Council of Public Instruction, the Superintendent of Education and the Principal of your College, are so broad minded and men of such modern ideas that they have been sufficiently impressed with the importance of the mouth and tecth in their relation to the health of the body in general, to have authorized these lectures in your college.

The people who live in the localities to which you teachers will be appointed, will also be subjects for congratulation on the fact that you will have information to impart to them, which will mean to them good health and happiness.

The inmportance of the school teacher to the young and rising generation cannot be overestimated. The school teacher has more to do with the building of character and nations than the members of any other profession, and as it has been conclusively proved that healthy mouths and teeth have a direct influence on character, the teachers influence and assistance in this movement is Invaluable.

Our lecture to-day will be introductory and largely historical, dealing with the mouth and teeth in relation to the body, and the history of the world-wide Oral Hygiene propaganda in connexion with School Dentistry for the last 30 years.

[^7]which will be the means of producing in this Canada of ours an improved type of man and woman.

Suppose for instance, that each one of you can save from death, two percent, from mental and physical deficiency, ten percent; from suffering, twenty percent. of your pupils, each year, would you not make some sarrifice to do it? Or if you can show an increased efficiency of over ninety percent in the pupils under your care would you not do it?

Well: It is quite possible, and without sacrifice, either.
I suppose you have all had trouble with your teeth, and some of you may have lost weeks or months of school time from that very cause, (we know that many children do), and you realize in a general way that a great deal of it was unnecessary; but you do not realize that it was possible to have absolutely prevented such trouble, and I am sure the Government authorities in the various countries of the world do not yet sealize the possibilities in this direction, or we would certainly have a department of Oral Hygiene, and State Dentistry.

State Dentistry, which means briefly that the Government takes upon itself the responsibility of insuring clean and healthy mouths of citizens, particularly the school children, has been favorably discussed in Great Britain, New Zealand Canada and the United States, and it is hoped will be adopted, at least in a modified form in Canada at an early date.

In order that you may realize the importance of this matter I will present some facts historical and otherwise which may be of interest.

It was in England in 1885 and 1886, that the question of school Dentistry Was first given serious consideration by the British Dental Association and after careful examination of the children's teeth in schools thruout the Country and reports thereon, thirty Dentists were appointed for the purpose of providing dental treatment for the children in the Poor Law as well as elementary schools.

Quite a number of boys in the Poor Law schools were drafted into the British Army, and a few years after the inauguration of dental treatment it was found that a much larger percentage than formerly, were acceptable under the Military regulations.

In 1898, was formed the School Dentists' Society consisting of seventy members of the dental profession appointed to these schools.

A great deal of educational work has been done by this Society. Pamphlets on the Care of the Teeth, have been published for general distribution, and charts and lantern slides for the use of lecturers and schools, and information imparted that has had a decided effect on the mental and physical development of children.

It is largely thru the efforts of this Society that such an interest in the matter of public dental education has been awakened thruout the United States and Canada, as well as other countries where it has representatives.

In 1892, Dr. Jessen a prominent dentist of Strassburg, Germany, stated to the authorities that children who suffered from diseases of the mouth and teeth were mentally and physically deficient in comparison with those who had clean healthy mouths, and obtained permission to make examinations and tests to prove his assertions.

These examinations showed that over ninety percent of the children had diseased mouths or teeth, and the tests proved that those who suffered most from dental troubles compared very unfavorably with those who were comparatively free from them.

The report so impressed the authorities that a school tooth clinic was established in 1902, the work in which showed such a marked increase in mental and physical development of the children that other clinics were established, and in

1914, there were upwards of 40 School Dental Clinics in the German Empire with a $\$ 60,000$ building in Strassburg for this purpose.

The work was carried on under direction of the Government, and Dentists appointed to examine and treat the teeth of school children and give instructions to both teachers and pupils, an important feature of the Strassburg clinic being the instructions to teachers.

In this, as in many other directions, Germany was preparing for the Great War, and the fact that the school children had been receiving this attention for years meant a great deal to the nation in the organization of the Arm $/$.

Not only were che school children educated to value and care for their teeth, hut the Army had a thoroly organized and efficient Dental Corps to care for the teeth of the soldiers, and ready at a moments notice to take the field.

It is known that during a few years previous to the war an enormous amount of dental supplies and equipment was purchased for the Army, and among the first material captured by the Allies was a complete equipment of dental instruments.

In the South African War, it was soon discovered that diseases of the teeth were largely responsible for mer being on the sick list and not available for duty, and it was found necessary to appoint dental surgeons to the Army under the direction of the Medical Services, but in the Great War which has just been so successfully concluded the importance of the soldiers dental efficiency was so well recognized that an entirely separate organization was authorized to provide dental services for the Canadian Army.

It is estimated that the Canadian Army Dental Corps, which was orgainzed in 1915 was responsible for the piesence in the front lines of at least ten per cent. of the Canadian troops, which otherwise would not have been there.

In 1914, a large percentage of the men who volunteered for Military Service were rejected on account of diseased mouths and teeth, but after the organization of the Dental Corps it was unnecessary to reject any for that reason.

I mention these facts simply to illustrate the connexion of School Dentistry with Army Dentistry. Altho a Dental Corps would have been necessary in any case, the experience of the members in Army work teaches us that it would have been a much easier task to provide services for the men and the men would have been in much better physical condition, had they received dental attention during their school days.

A member of the Nova Scotia Dental Association is an honorary member of this Society.

While other countries in Europe were not so far advanced in this work ${ }^{\mathbf{a s}}$ England and Germany, some few appointments of dentsits to private and public schools were made in Switzerland, France, Italy and Russia, and in 1914 the pror paganda was rapidly spreading thruout Europe.

In the United States, in 1898, the National Dental Association with represery tatives from every State in the Union passed resolutions and appointed committees for the purpose of educating the public and establishing school clinics.

Clinics were established in Philadelphia, New York, Chicago, Cleveland and Rochester and the Municipal authorities and these, and other cities were so impressed with the importance of school dentistry from an economical as well as healthful standpoint that hundreds of thousands of dollars were voted for this purpose.

Regarding the economical standpnint-It was estimated that on an average ach child loses from six months to one year during his school course from tooth
trouble alone, and that in New York City $\$ 800,000$ per year could be saved if loss of time from this cause could be prevented.

Estimates in other cities are in like proportion, and altho no estimates have been made for Nova Scotia we must realize that each child who misses promotion to the next higher grade each year costs the Government a certain amount for repeating a year in the same grade.

There is no doubt that an estimate would show that it would be possible to prevent this loss of time, and save enough money for other important purposes, the most important at the present time being larger salaries for the school teachers.

So you see you prospective teachers are financially interested in assisting the Government to economize in this way.

With a view to proving the increase in mental and physical efficiency which would result from instruction in Oral Hygiene and care of the teeth, experimental and control classes were formed in Cleveland, Cincinnatti and Portland (Oregon), and the reports from these widely separated cities showed practically the same results.

The experiments in the Marion School, Cleveland, were made with the permission of the authorities and under the direction of the Oral Hygiene Committee of National Dental Association and the Cleveland Dental Society, and the conditions governing them were such that there could be no doubt about their reliability.

1. The children were to have their teeth put in perfect condition at no expense to themselves.
2. They were to brush their teeth carefully threc times a day.
3. They were to masticate their food properly not using liquid with solid food.
4. They were to attend any and every meeting of the class called, and take from time to time psychological tests.

There were six psychological tests prepared by Dr. Wallin the psychological director for the purpose of ascertaining standards in memory, accuracy of perception, rapidity and accuracy of thought and spontaneity of assoriation and differentiation.

Lessons were given in mastication and in use of the tooth brush.
At the end of one year careful scientific tests showed an increase of over ninetynine percent in mental efficiency.

The children's gain in health, self respect and knowledge of higher and better living which is equally if not more valuable could not he marked in percentage.

A special representative of the National Government was detailed at the request of President Taft to investigate this work and his report was a most interesting and flattering one.

As a result of these experiments, the National Mouth Hygiene Association was formed with Mr. Horace Fletcher the famous author of the "A. B. , Z. of Our Own Nutrition" and other books, as President.

I may say here that it was not claimed that this increased efficiency was entirely duc to the care of the teeth, but rather their proper use in mastication, Which of course necessitated that they be in good condition.

The photographs of these children taken before and after the experiment show very clearly the difference in their appearance and dress etc., the indirect result of clean healthy mouths.

Those of you who have not read Fletcher's books should certainly do so. In future lectures I shall quote some of the paragraphs which have a bearing on this subject.

I have with me to-day a complete report of the experiments conducted in the Marion School which I will leave in your library. It is certainly very interesting and instructive.

About this time, in 1910, there was founded in Boston by John Hamilton and Thomas Alexander Forsyth in memory of their two brothers, the Forsyth Dental Infirmary for children, governed by a Board of ten trustees, four of whom were business men, four dentists and two physicisans.

This institution, the most wonderful of its kind in the world has for its objecis:
(1) To educate parents, teachers, nurses and children in the hygienic value of healthy mouths and sound teeth, and to furnish instruction as to the best methods of securing the same-
(2) To prevent dental caries by Oral prophylaxis and by the care and preservation of the temporary teeth.
(3) To investigate the causes and to study the prevention of oral diseases and cares of the teeth.
(4) To remedy as far as possible existing conditions of dental cares and other oral diseases.
(5) To establish and promulgate a higher standard of dental asepsis.
(6) To furnish for the dental profession an opportunity for charitable work and for the educative experience of a large clinic.

On its consulting and operative staff are some of the most famous medical and dental specialists in the world. The Annual report which I am sure will be of interest to you, will be placed in your library here. You will notice that it is the policy of the trustees to encourage the attendance of very young children with the object of preventing disease rather than doing reparative work.

Time will not permit mention in detail of the wonderful work this institution is doing; but we find that in 1917, 31,750 children received treatment an average of about 363 patients per day. 199,175 operations, including operations in oral surgery, nose and throat orthodontia, etc. These operations are performed by full time, half time operators and visiting staff-18 full time, 14 half time, and 75 of a visiting staff being on duty in 1917.

There is also a Dental Hygienists Training school in connexion with the institution consisting of young ladies over 19 years of age who must be graduates of a High School and undergo a course of one year's training-The graduating class of 1917-18 numbered twenty four.

These Dental Hygienists receive thoro training which will fit them to be Oral Hygiene Teachers in public schools, and operate in the prophylactic treatment of teeth, and to act as dental nurses in private dental offices.

I mention this training school particularls as the Dental Hygienist may solve the problem of prevention of decay in the teeth of our school children.

In this connexion I quote the following paragraph from a letter just received from Dr. Cross, Director of The Forsyth Dental Infirmary, and an authority on such matters:
"In regard to the matter of suggesting dental hygienists as an economical and practical method of providing neressary dental services for the purpose of prevention of diseased treth in the public schools, would advise you that in my opinion there is no better way of controlling and preparing for this than by the prophylactic nurse and the dental hygienist who is trained in the proper method of prevention should be a paying investment for any public school. Of counse more definite results can be obtained with the lower grades than with the older classes,
"Presumably, Dr. Fones, of Bridgeport. Conn., could give you some statistics relative to this inasmuch as he is connerted with public school work' in Bridgeport and our Institution is not directly connected with the public schools."

In Bridseport, Conn., the problem for providins dental services for the prevention of decay of the teeth has apparently been met by the employment of these Dental Hygienists. The Bridgeport Dental Corps is composed of twenty dental hygienists, two supervisors and two women dentists, and from September 1917, to June 1918 over 15,000 childiren were given prophylactic treatments, some of them two or three times.

Thirty one schools were visited and the efforts were concentrated unon the children of the first five grades-The work for the Bridgetort School children has reached large proportions and the refining and healthful influence of a clean mouth is making itself felt in many ways.

When we consider that a prophylactic treatment in these cases includes not only the rubbing and polishing of every surface of every tooth, but a chart examination of each tooth for cavities, the recording of the condition of the gums and the presence of fistulas showing abscesses, as well as the record of the home care of the moutl?, we can realize what an cnormous amount of work has been accomplished in Bridgeport. This year will complete the Fifth year of this method and reports will be published to show its effect on reduction of death rate, as well epidemic and infectious diseases of childhond.

## An appropriation of $\$ 33$,oni per year is made for this service:-

"The following table is of much interest as it shows a comparison of the mouths of the 2780 children who have had three or more prophylactic treatments during the year 1914.

Totals of First and Last Examinations of Children receiving Three or More Prophylactic Treatments during the year

## STATE OF TEETH.

|  |  |  | First Examination. |  | Last Examination. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clean. | Fair. | Dirty. | Clean. | Fair. | Dirty. |  |  |
| 186 | 1067 | 1527 | 873 | 1769 | 143 |  |  |

The increase of cavities in the teeth during the year has been considerably less than one cavity per child. When we consider how easily a decayed tooth will incite decay in a neighboring tooth, we feel that this increase is comparatively small. A large number of the children developed no new cavities.

A number of the teachers have informed us that it is the first year that they have not had a large number of absentees on account of tootharhe. As time goes on we believe that the physical condition of the children will be much improved and infectious diseases much lessened with clean mouths and sound teeth."

In connexion with the work in Bridgeport, Dr. A. C. Fones, Director of the Division of Dental Hygiene, Department of Health, writes as follows under date of February 28th, 1919:
"Altho our five year demonstration of this work will not be completed until Tune, we found at the end of four years that we had reduced dental decay, that we had less sickness in our schools than we have ever known, and the largest number of promotions in the fourth grade of any previous record in his city. This last fact alone means an enormous saving in dollars and cents in the cost of re-educating retarded children.
"In the recent scourge of influenza, our city health officer in stating that Bridgeport had one of the owest percentages of cases of ans city of its sizc in the East, said definitely that he contributed it in no small part to the clean, healthy mouths of our school children and the educational work carried on by this clinic among children and parents.
"The war has opened the eyes of the nations to the miserable physical condition of the young men, and It is now realized that it is equally important to safeguard health and develop the physical, as it is the mental
"In Bridgeport this year, twenty thousand school children from the first through the fifth grades are receiving preventive treatment and education in the care of their mouths, and the city has again appropriated $\$ 93,000$ to continue the work."

In Chicago, New York, and many other cities of the United States Municipal as well as School Dental Clinics have been established.

The establishment of the Chicago Municipal Clinic was largely due to the efforts of Dr. C. N. Johnson a prominent Canadian from Ontario who has an international reputation and one of the best dental practices in Chicago.

In Canada previous to 1906 the attention of the Municipal aththorities was directed to this matter by Dr. Adams of Toronto and others, but the present Oral Hygiene Campaign so far as Canada is concerned, really originated in Nova Scotia, when the first examination in Canada of the teeth of school children under authority of the Government (an amendment to the Educational Act passed in 1907) occurred in 1908.

In 19'5, a committee on "Dental Education of the Public and School children" was appointed by the Nova Scotia Dental Association and Halifax Dental Society with instructions to secure:
r. An Act providing for the dental examination of the teeth of school children, and the appointment of dentists for that purpose.
2. Revision of school hooks with regard to Oral Hygiene..
3. Distribution of suitable booklets in public and private schnols and Militia Camps-

Ontario Public School Hygiene (Knight).
4. Special Instruction in Oral Hygiene in Normal Schools.
5. Sperial paper on this subject in examinations of applicants for teachers' licenses.

$$
x_{n} x_{n}
$$

6. Lectures before Teachers' Associations and School children in public and private schools.

This Committee received every encouragement and support from the Superintendent of Education and Supervisor of Halifax schools, both men of advanced ideas and on their invitation addresses were delivered before the Provincial Educational Association and Provincial Board of Health.

The addresses at the Educational Association and the discussion which followed resulted in the adoption of a resolution recomnending periodical and systematic dental and medical examinations of the children in the public schools.

Up to this time medical inspection had not been appointed nor was there any authority for their appointment.

In 1907, all amendment to the Educational Act providing for the appointment of both dental and medical inspectors was secured, thus in following instruction No. 1 , the Committee were instrumental in promoting the appointment of medical as well as dental inspectors.

The Committee was also instrumental in distributing pamphlets, giving public lectures as well as lectures to the soldiers in Camp on Oral Hygiene.

In 1908, the first systematic examination of teeth of the school children in Halifax City was completed, and an official report presented to the Board of School Commissioners, showing that over ninety percent of the mouths and teeth of the children were diseased, and recommending lectures to teachers and children, more thoro teaching of Oral Hygiene, revision of school books, and establishment of school dental surgeries.

Owing to lack of funds, it was not until 1916 that a School Dental Surgery was established, but since then, a surgery completely equipped with the most modern
dental appliances has been in operation in Halifax. The School Dentist is working along the same lines as the Forsyth Dental Infirmary in the treatment of the younger children, but at present only a half day per week is devoted to the work another half day being devoted to Halifax Dispensary dental operations in the same surgery.

The plans for new school buildings in Halifax provide for dental surgeries, and it is expected that the time devoted to this work by the school dentist will be increased.

It was not until this year that arrangements could be made for instruction in the Normal College, and altho a special examination paper on Oral Hygiene may not be given, it is expected that you graduates will have taken such an interest in our lectures, that you will be well equipped to instruct the pupils as well as the parents and public generally in the localities where you may be teaching.

In 1908, as a result of, and following a report of the methods and results of the dental examinations of school children in Halifax, and an address by Dr. Dubeau of Quebec, a resolution was passed at a meeting of the Canadian Dental Association in Montreal, appointing The Canadian Oral and Prophylactic Association to inaugurate and carry on a public dental educational campaign in Canada, under authority of, and as a Committee of the Canadian Dental Association.

The Canadian Oral Prophylactic Association, consisting of a number of Canadian Dentists, the majority of whom reside in Toronto was formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling special tooth brushes, pastes and powders on which the public might rely as being the best and most beneficial.

The funds derived from the sale of these articles are devoted solely to educational and philanthropic purposes, the Association in this respect occupying practirally the same position in Canada as the School Dentists Society does in England.

Too much credit cannot be given its members for the work they have a complished, and it has been largely thru their efforts and those of the Committee on Oral Hygiene of the Ontario Dental Society that School Dental Surgeries have been established in Canada and particularly in the City of Toronto.
4
I have said that the present campaign originated in Nova Scotia, but it was in Toronto that the first school and Municipal Dental Surgeries were established. $\$ 15,000$ was voted for this purpose by the Toronto City Council shortly after the 1908 meeting of the Canadian Dental Association in Montreal.

In Toronto to-day there are school dental surgeries in twenty different school centers, the school dental staff being as follows:-

Public Schools: 16 Dentists and 4 Assistants.
Separate Schnols: 2 Dentists and 2 Assistants.
A Chief of Dental Service is in charge of both groups.
In Public and Seaprate Schools there is one Dentist to about 4000 pupils.
The nation certainly owes the members of the dental profession in Toronto a debt which cannot be estimated and which can never be paid. They have always been ready to take advantage of opportunities to educate the public and have delivered lectures on Oral Hygiene to school teachers and nurses, besides publishing pamphlets for distribution and charts and lantern slides for lecturing purposes.

Now I think I shall have told you enough about the world-wide interest and action which has been taken with regard to this work, to convince you of its importance, but I have not told you all.

Not only the Municipal, School and Army authorities have recognized its importance, but we find that Insurance Companies who are naturally desiorus
of prolonging the lives of their clients and employees have now established Dental Divisions under the direction of qualified Dental Surgeons, and health bulletins are published by them containing instructions on the care of the teeth.

Large corporations also have established in connexion with their stores and. offices, completely equipped dental surgeries where their employees receive dental treatment from a reputable dentist, their employers recognizing the fact that it is economy to prevent tooth trouble with its consequent loss of time.

I will not take up your time to-day in enumerating the systemic diseases caused by unhealthy mouths, or in explaining how they are caused, but I want you to fully realize that dental caries or tooth decay is the most wide-spread disease found in man, and lhat careful investigation during the last fert years show's that it is the cause, directly and indirectly, of a great many systemic diseases which heretofore were inexplicable.

Sir William Osler has told us that more diseases and death have been caused by decayed teeth than by alcohol.

Dr. Mayo, one of the most famous surgeons in America, tells us that the next great step in preventive medicine must be taken by the dental profession, and "Prevention," the fact that $i t$ is possible for $u s$ to absolutely prevent ninety percent of this terrible scourge, is the second point 1 wish you to remember.

Yes It is possible, but how are we going to accomplish it?
So far as we can judge, the most practical and economical scheme seems to be the employment of Dental'Hygienists but as that will mean the expenditure of a certain a mount of money, it will be a matter for the Government's consideration, and we expect will be favorably considered by the educational authorities.

In the meantime, and until some action is taken by them we must do everything in our power to educate the children in Oral Hygiene and the proper mastication of their food, etc-We must not only advise them, but we must see that our advice is followed, and until dental hygienists are appointed for this purpose, or other measures taken, surely the authorities will not refuse to arrange so that more time may be devoted to this part of the child's education.

We know that it is difficult even now to arrange time for the subjects already taught, but the importance of this subject is so great that in the future, every school will have its period for (), al, as well as general Hygiene. And with this end in view this source of lectures has been arranged,

As I stated before, this is simply an introductory lecture, and the others will I hope prove of greater interest and contain information of a more practical nature, which will enable you to intelligently instruct your pupils in this branch of their education. Charts and lantern slides will be used when possible.

Just think of it; each one of you ladies and gentlemen will save the life of at least one pupil, during your first year of teaching.

You will also be in a position to make the homes of many of them happier, and save them much unnecessary suffering and pain.

They will develop into much stronger, more intelligent, better looking and happier young men and women than would be the case if they did not receive this instruction in Oral Hygiene which you will give them.

Isn't it worth while? I'm sure, you agree with me that it certainly is.
We members of the dental profession are endeavouring in every way to prevent disease, considering it so much more important than the cure or reparative work, and we consider it our duly to direct the attention of the public to the importance of prevention.

Your assistance in this work will be invaluable, and I'm sure you will not refuse our earnest appeal to help us in this great work.

How you can do so will be demonstrated in future lectures.

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION.

## (From the Acadian Recorder, 5 Aug., 1919).

While every step has been apparently taken to make war as unlikely as possible, yet it is doubtful if all the laws and leagues every passed or created can so order human society that nation shall not lift up sword against nation until the end of time. Of course in the far off future man's nature may so change that he will have no inclination to interfere with his neighbour, but unfortunately that time is not yet, and the powder must be kept dry. While no nation that can justly help it wants the expense of standing armies, yet it can preserve its safety by less costly means, namely, by a system of universal or general military training. Such a system is not militarism but movement in the direction of national fitness. Not only would it be an effective safe-guard against external enemies, but it would be of vast moment in regard to the national health. The medical examination of recruits in the late war in the United States showed a terrible condition of affairs in regard to individual fitness among the men of military age. Fully one-half the men of military age are unfit for military services. Thirty per cent. of those submitted for examination were little less than physical freaks or wrecks. Among the seventy per cent. remaining, flat chests, spinal curvatures and deformities, flat feet, wretched muscular development, defective teeth, slow co-ordination of mind and muscle were painfully common. So writes General Leonard Wood in "Modern Medicine," a magazine published in Chicago. There is no reason for thinking that similar conditions do not obtain in Canada, and if so, the results are equally deplorable. It is time therefore that the matter of national health should be taken up in a thorough going manner.

If the war of guns and swords is to be followed by a war of factories and ploughshares; if the competition of war weapons is to be followed by a keen competition of peace weapons, the nation will need the fullest application of the human energies in its possession. It has been shown time out of mind that military training accompanied by scientific medication is, the very best cultivator and preserver of health and strength, and we have seen the evidence of this all around us during the past five years in the more upright and sturdier forms of young men who formerly slouched along our streets with hunched shoulders and flattened chests. A system of general military training would change all this permanently and constitute a vast phycical mental and moral asset to the nation, arming it with the strength necessary to compete with the world in the new competition of trade and industry.

## IF INFLUENZA SHOULD COME.

(From the Morning Chronicle, October 10, 1919).
Although physicians and health officers do not expect a recurrence of the influenza epidemic on the American continent this winter, they are warning the public that they should take every precaution against the possible outbreak of the disease. Prevention in this, as in all other human maladies, is the best cure, and to that end they are making suggestions which the people would do well to heed, such as the following:-
"Avoid others who have colds.
"Avoid common drinking cups and common towels.
"Avoid spitting on the sidewalks and in public places. "Avoid spreading disease by coughing or sneezing. Use
your handkerchief.
"Avoid the dangers which lurk in a closed and stuffy bedroom.
"Sleep with the windows open.
"Avoid fatigue. Adopt regular habits, choose your food, and get into the habit of daily exercise.
"Avoid exposure to cold and wet. Don't fail to wear clothing according to the temperature of the day.

> "Avoid visiting patients suffering from respiratory diseases. The patient should occupy a sick room alone and should be isolated from others in the household.

> "Avoid serious consequences by consulting the family physician when you have a cold. Persons who go about un" treated are not only carriers of disease, but are liable to develop a more serious condition which will not respond promptly to treatment."
> All of these are tried and well tested rules of conduct, and they constitute a simple philosophy of life which everybody may well adopt as his own. It can do no harm. On the conltrary, influenza or not, adherence to these habits will assuredly make for better health and protection against disease.

## HEALTH OF SCHOOL CHILDREN.

(From the Acadian Recorder, 12 July, 1919).
The health of the growing youth is of prime importance to the community and the nation, and the care of their health is a State necessity. Wherever the medical inspection of school children has been adopted, it has demonstrated that a very large proportion of them suffer from disabilities which not only interfere with progress in their studies, but which may definitely prejudice their whole future careers. Many of these defects are easily remedied if the requisite steps are taken. The medical inspection serves to call the attention of both the teachers and the parents to the defects found, and this results in the calling of medical or surgical aid to remedy the matter before it is too late. It also serves to make the child itself take a more intelligent oversight of its own health. It is amazing how many children with hypertrophied tonsils, with adenoid growths, with defective hearing or defective vision are permitted to go untreated, making their school course hard for them and their way through life much more difficult than otherwise. It must also be remembered that epidemic diseases largely spread through the community by means of the schools, and if the proper precautions are taken they may be checked at the beginning. While parents naturally feel that they know all about the condition of their boys and girls, yet the fact remains that it is only when defects are very prominent that they are noticed. When a child is almost blind, nearly stone deaf and holding its mouth wide open all the time while breathing, parents are almost certain to conclude that there is something the matter, but if the defects are more moderate than this they are likely to go unnoticed, until discovered by the Medical Examiner. Numberless eyes are today comfortably looking upon the world through well fitted glasses that once saw dimly and with difficulty. Numberless persons are now breathing easily and fully because of the removal of the adenoid and tonsilar growths that formerly impeded. Many ears are hearing better because of attention paid them; and thousands of little ones are finding their school tasks much easier because of the improved sight, hearing. and breathing.

## PARAGRAPHS FROM THE ANNUAL ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT CRUIKSHANK TO THE MEDICAL OFFICERS OF HEALTH OF CANADA.

(From Public Health Journal, Oct., 1919).
The M. O. H. will find that about one-third die during the first ten years of life, one-third during the next fifty. After
he has analysed, tabulated and thought over these deaths he certainly will be better fitted to advise his Board of Health. He will probably find that seventy-five per cent. of children commencing school are defective and he will be compelled to think of the causes of bad teeth, infected tonsils, cervical glands and tuberculosis.

In 1917 I analysed one thousand consecutive cases examined by a Military Medical Board but was forbidden to publish it because it might indicate to the enemy our failing man power. No doubt the new Dominion Minister of Health will make this a careful study. Our diagnosis to be of any use must lead us to apply remedies. How can we avoid deaths among infants, ailments in school children, and among young men, defects that unfit them for service in war and consequently for efficiency in civil life? We can prevent small-pox with vaccination, but this will not protect against any other disease. So with typhoid and diphtheria and a few other diseases each with its own protection but like the alchemists we fail to find one universal panacea.

One hundred years ago one out of seven deaths was due to small-pox, vaccination has almost excluded this disease from civilized communities. During the Boer war more deaths occurred from typhoid than from wounds, during the recent war protective vaccine has almost eliminated this disease from modern armies; but we have not more than a half-dozen effective vaccines or serums, yet men and women lived and flourished before these were discovered.

Primitive men isolated the contagious or disposed of them by means not so humane. Fifteen hundred years before the birth of Christ, Moses laid down rules for quarantine, disinfection by washing and the burning of infected articles, but their only immunity was inherited or accidentally acquired. They had no vaccines but they had immunity.

This self-healing power of the race is the basis of our modern immunization, a vaccine is injected which stimulates the organism to produce its protective bodies in advance so that when disease arrives it meets an effective resistance, and the organism escapes. Sir Almonth Wright thinks that we are on the eve of a great development in vaccines.

But our ançestors were not without means for stimulating this inherent power of resistance to disease.

This is well illustrated by our sanitorium treatment of consumption, for which there is no specific, but confidence, rest, food and fresh air with sunlight are accomplishing miracles and these are the very agencies that have kept the race alive, are now, and even after the vaccine age arrives will continue to be our best aids to combat disease before and after exposure. Of course no amount of these things will prevent one getting smallpox or typhoid as does vaccination, but they help even these procedures, and are effective now. Vaccines are very few and limited to one disease, while these agencies are universal.

Fresh Air-When we speak of sanitoriums we think of fresh air. Fresh air is excellent, but the sunlight that should go with it is more important.

Sunlight-It is not without reason that the ancient Egyptians at the very zenith of their power and culture worshipped the sun.

An open case of tuberculosis with an occasional cough reads the paper for ten minutes, and the paper is covered with living deadly germs. He places the paper on the table in a good sunlight and in ten minutes every germ is dead. This reminds us that sunlight is not only a good tonic but also an excellent disinfective and that our movie theatres never see the light of day. Disease germs do not live long away from a living host but they do live best in the dark; our movies should be compelled to flood their auditoriums daily with sunlight.

A few years ago our factory was a great wall of brick with little peep-holes, now it is almost all glass. A workman's home should have as much sunlight as his factory. His home should be all sun-rooms or at least he should have one sunroom or out door sleeping-porch. This need not be expensive, with a French door instead of window somewhere, the sunroom could be added easily and cheaply. No one well-to-do ever plans his home without a glass sleeping-porch, why should the mechanic be without this room?

Doctor Adami says at least seventy-five per cent. of the Canadians have been tubercular. This means seventy-four out of seventy-five got well without knowing they had it; the only symptom probably was a run down feeling. What can a sanitarium have that one cannot have at home? It is not the mountain or forest air, for one of the most successful sanitariums in the continent is right in the heart of a great city. We can have the same doctor, the same nurse, the same food, but we
cannot have the same rest in the air and the sun unless we have a sun-room. Not only is this the best cure for consumption it is also the best prevention and it enables us easily to isolate the open case right in the disinfecting rays. It is also the best tonic for a child delicate from any cause.

## PROGRESSIVE OPINION.

Metric System Would Save Millions in Education.America's greatest educators are supporting the move made by the World Trade Club of San Francisco to secure the adoption of metric units of weights and measures by Britannia and the United States. "The adoption of the metric system by the United States would facilitate teaching of mathematics and applied sciences in schools," wires President Emeritus Charles W. Eliot of Harvard University. President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia has also sent the World Trade Club a telegram of support. Dr. Joseph V. Collins, an eminent educator, declares that the people of the United States lose $\$ 814,000,000$ yearly in education because of time wasted in teaching a system so much more complicated and difficult than the metric system.

## "LOOK IT UP."

"Divers weights and divers measures, both of them are alike an abomination to the Lord."-Proverbs, 20: 10.

Thinking men and women will do well to consider the arguments brought out by the World Trade Club of San Francisco in their campaign for adoption of the units of the metric system of weights and measures.

They show a striking anomaly: That the metric system was invented by a Briton, James Watt, in 1783, and yet all civilized nations have adopted it exclusively, excepting the United States and Britannia, including Canada.

That the so-called "British system" of weights and measures is of German origin-a relic of the old German Hanseatic trade league-and yet Germany scrapt it in 1871 and adopted the metric system, invented by a Briton.

People of Britannia and America may well ask themselves whether they are not carrying conservatism too far.

The Metric System is no untried theory.
Its principle-the principle of decimal computation-has been used in the monetary system of the United States since 1786. If the United States had heeded Thomas Jefferson, they should also have adopted this sytem of weights and measures based on decimals-so simple a system that a child can learn its main features in ten minutes. The Dominion of Canada now uses decimal coinage. We know how well the decimal system works with money. It will work equally well with weights and measures.

The World Trade Club has started the ball rolling. What we need is to look the subject up.

## PRIZE PAID AT THE WORLD TRADE METRIC CONFERENCE HELD AT SAN FRANCISCO, MAY, 1920.

RULES GOVERNING AWARD OF $\$ 1000.00$ Prize-World Trade Club pays for the one best name word for Britannia and U. S. America.

1. At noon, 15 May, 1920, World Trade Club of San Francisco will pay $\$ 1000.00$ to the person first suggesting the one best simple, useable, workable name word denoting U. S. America and Britannia. This date is during the World Trade Metric Conference held at San Francisco.
2. The contest is open to all humankind. Any number of names may be submitted.
3. If the same winning word is suggested more than once, and is adjudged the best, award will be made to the person from whom it is first received by the World Trade Club, this to be determined by the judge. If the judge is unable to determine which is first, he may divide the prize.
4. The decision of the judge shall be conclusive. Award must be final 15 May, 1920.
5. Only those words received before 1 May, 1920, will or can be given full consideration. The best word on a postal will win just as well as an airgram.

## 6.

San Francisco, 5 September, 1919.
"Received $\$ 1000.00$ from World Trade Club of San Francisco, to be paid as prize (or prizes) at noon, 15 May, 1920, according to rules herewith. If winner is in North America prize will be paid in U.S. American gold dollars or the equivalent; if elsewhere, exchange will be purchased at the current rate and draft mailed registered to the winner, in money of winner's country, to address given."

> (Signed, Wells Fargo Nevada National Bank, San Francisco.
> C. W. Banta, Assistant Cashier).
7. Albert Herbert is hereby designated to make the award and instruct Bank as to the name or names to whom the Bank will pay the $\$ 1000.00$ and the address to which they shall mail it registered, or divide it, if he so decides-at noon, 15 May, 1920. He failing, this shall be done by Aubrey Drury; he failing, by Newton Drury; and he failing, World Trade Club will nominate such other persons as necessary to get the thing properly and promptly done, so that the Bank shall at noon, 15 May, 1920 , mail $\$ 1000.00$ to the first sender or senders of winning word or words.
8. The following most attractive names, among others, are in our fireproof sale: Unitania, Usatania, Ameritania, Sambul, Yanglish. Send only names you think better than these.

## World Trade Club,

681 Market Street, Suites 3, 4, 5, 295
San Francisco, U. S. America.
Name, Ed. 1.

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Vol. V.
TRURO, 12 MAY, 1919
No. 8.

Editor: L. A. DeWOLFE, M. Sc., Normal College, Truro, Nova Scotia.

## HOME GARDENS.

In the Rural Science Bulletin November, 1918, we outlined garden contests and asked for suggestions. We intimated the possibility of a trip to Truro for garden winners; and gave a tentative score card.

Following the suggestions offered us we are now ready for our final plans. Our revised score card is published in the Rural Science Bulletin, April, 1919. For this year at least our decision is to distribute $\$ 10$ in each district covered by a Rural Science Travelling Teacher. Half of this money will go to the individual children and half to the schools on the following basis:

To the three scinool children in any travelling teacher's district who make the highest averages by said score card, the Education Department will pay prizes of $\$ 2.50, \$ 1.50$, and $\$ 1.00$ respectively.

To the three schools in any travelling teacher's district whose children make the best general showing in gardening, the Education Department will pay prizes of $\$ 2.50, \$ 1.50$ and $\$ 1.00$ respectively.

The travelling teacher will judge the gardens and will explain details of this contest. The regular teacher is expected, of course, to assist in every way possible.

A competition slightly different from this has been launched in Yarmouth and Shelburne Counties, where no travelling teachers nre located.

Frequently we are asked what flowers and vegetables are best suited to children's gardens. The prize list in the Journal of Education, October, 1918, pages 219 and 220 will prove suggestive.

## NOTES.

Teachers will notice in the Journal of Education, April, 1919, under the heading Rural Science Training School, that no Rural Science grants are offered for teaching Rural Science subjects in the schools. Increased bonuses are offered for attendance at Summer School, but no further grants are payable. In this connexion we hope to see as many of our progressive teachers attend the next Summer Session as possible. The opening date is July 9 .

Two printer's errors occur in the Bulletin, April, 1919. Won't you correct them? One is the last word in the 9th line, page 3. Instead of "Basket" read "Base" Ball. Also, the heading "Three Good Reports" on page 2 should take the place of "A Good Report" on page 3.

Will every teacher please send to the Director of Rural Science, Truro, not later than June 30 th, the number of Children's Home Gardens in her section?

How are your children progressing with their Thrift Stamps? The children of Springhill purchased over $\$ 400$ worth of stamps the first week of their Thrift Campaign. The children of Tatamagouche have formed a "Copper Thrift Club." They save their coppers to buy Thrift Stamps.

If you are looking for ideas suitable to the season consult past numbers of the Bulletin for the Spring months. They will be found in each issue of the Journal of Education since April, 1915.

Now is the time to begin to prepare for Fall exhibitions. There can be no garden exhibit in the fall if work is not begun in the spring. Whether you, as teacher, remain in the section or not you will be able to help the children start things. Have faith that your pupils and your successor will carry on the work that you begin.

We still have a number of packets of flower seeds in Truro for free distribution. Those who apply first will get them. Don't apply merely for sake of applying. Be sure you know of a place to put them, and some one who will take care of them. They may be planted in the children's home gardens, or in the school garden.

The Director of Rural Science, Truro, would like to know of Sections to which he could recommend Rural Science teachers for next year. Will those who know of vacancies be good enough to notify him? State size of school, grades taught, salary offered, and any other detail of interest to the prospective teacher.

## PHENOLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

Dr. A. D. Hopkins of the Department of Agriculture, Washington, points out the following ways in which the Phenological Observations are valuable:

Phenological Observations show climatic conditions. These same conditions govern the growth of our farm crops. Accurate Phenological Observations, therefore, would determine the actual time for the planting of each farm crop. For example, nstead of a calendar date one might say, "Plant corn when the

Indian Pear is in bloom." This will not be the same date every year. The Department of Agriculture, therefore, is trying to find out which wild plant indicates the proper planting time for each farm crop. Could not our children in school, in conjunction with the farm operations at home, make similar observations?

Are the Phenological Observations, then, that we are asked to keep, after all, useless? Apparently not.

## A LIVE WIRE CLUB.

"This club not only held many social gatherings, but it has also conducted a number of projects of much benefit to the farmers and the community. One of these was a crow and hawk hunt; another, a June bug hunt. The former freed the community of crows, and prevented great damage to the corn crop. The latter was equally successful. The hunt lasted a month. Two teams were organized. Each captain kept a record of the number of bugs caught by the members of his team, and at the conclusion of the contest the team which had the less number to its credit frunished supper to the other team. The time during which the largest number of bugs was captured was between $10 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. and midnight, as by that time the bugs had alighted upon trees to feed, and it was easy to shake them out onto canvas stretched beneath the branches. A total of 62,000 bugs was caught. If allowed to live, these bugs would have produced about $5,000,000$ grubs-sufficient to do enormous damage to growing crops."

Firom "The Liberty Book" by the International Harvester Company.

## WHAT OTHERS ARE DOING.

"At Guntur in the Madras Presidency, India, one fine large building is the Girls' Boarding School. It has an attendance of 500 girls. The library contains 1000 volumes. They also have a large, school garden-as every school here of any size or consequence has."

At Mosquito Creek, Saskatchewan, the teacher, Miss Ethel Finch, teaches her pupils more than the three "R's." She has added a fourth " R ", namely, "Right living."

Hers is one of the cleanest schools in the inspectorate. It is one-roomed with a main entry in which are found clean wash basin and clean towels. The pupils help prepare and serve the hot lunch. The teacher devotes a half hour each week (from one o'clock to half past on Friday afternoon) to "cleaning up." Each grade has its share in the work. The half hour is ample time and is part of the noon intermission.
ion.

## AWAY WITH THE HANDKERCHIEF.

"I believe the handkerchief kills every week more people than the German submarine did in the whole war," said Dr. Margaret Patterson, speaking on "Physical Development," and urging that, in cases of illness, at any rate, tissue paper be used and burned, in place of the handkerchief, which is shaken out and the germs, which have dried, set loose in the air. In some schools in the United States, she said, the handkerchief is prohibited and tissue paper is provided instead, with paper bags in which it can be put until burned. In these schools statistics
show that the days lost thru illness number only about a third what they do in ordinary schools.

## SCHOOL GARDENS IN NEW YORK.

The following four clippings are from the Tenth Annual Report of the School Garden Association of New York.
"The garden is the living picture book of man, full of color, change, movement and life. In peace, it ninisters to the love of the beautiful, in war, it allays the hunger of the valiant.

When we enter a garden, new relations are formed. When we work in it the best qualities in us are stimulated. While nature furnishes rain and sun${ }_{*}^{\text {shine, }}{ }_{*}$ man contributes humility and patient perseverance."
"Putlic School No. 11, has organized a most notable garden plan. The school maintains a Demonstration Home Garden at the school (20'x30'). The parents have formed a committee, one of whom visits each of the gardens of the home garden club every two weeks. One hundred and thirty-xix pupils are en;

"The most remarkable showing made by these farms has been the attend$\underset{*}{\text { ance, }} \underset{*}{\text { which }} \underset{*}{ }$ for seven weeks ending ${ }_{*}^{*}$ August $1_{*}^{7}$ th was $98 \underset{*}{\text { per cent." }}$
"I found a public school principal operating a fine war garden, and the rules of the garden stated that "Dogs and children are not permitted in the garden." I visited another school farm where the project was operated to yield a financial return alone and the participation of the pupils appeared to be only a secondary incident. I found a few schools where all of the gardening appeared to be done by the teachers or the janitors; children were nominally permitted to look on. I take it that these endeavors are not school gardening and should not be so represented."

Following is a synopsis of an encouraging letter written by Miss Grace Walley, Earltown:
"We had a meeting last week and appointed a Committee of six directors and six inspectors to look after garden and exhibition work. Each is assigned to a definite district.
"The Agricultural Society, Milk Testing Society and School Section are each offering prizes; and six individuals have already done the same. One of the trustees has offered a prize to the child who on exhibition day will get up and give the best spoken account of his work.
"I hope to get some one who will carry on the Canning work this year. It did a great a mount of good last year.
"I am going to attend Summer School again this year, and as long and as often as I can until I draw my annuity. The vim and enthusiasm it puts into teachers for work is wonderful."

Here are two more extracts from different sources:
"One woman has offered a prize of $\$ 2.00$ for the best "Milk" Essay written by a pupil of the school."
"For a short time we shall devote Friday afternoons to Sewing and Cardboard work. The parents are giving prizes for the best work in Sewing."

Following is a business-like extract from a school boy's letter:

Tatamagouche, N. S., 11 Mar., 1919.
I'm going to tell you how I saved money and now I'm putting it in Thrift Stamps.

My father gave me a call when it was very small. I fed it and when it grew big I sold it and got six dollars. With this I bought two old sheep. Then I sold one for mutton and got nine dollars for it. I sold a lamb for eight dollars. With the money I bought two young sheep. For the two young sheep and one old one I got twenty-seven dollars in two years and easy work.

James Langille:

## Łuural Science 建ulletin.

Vol V.
TRURO, 9 JUNE, 1919.
No. 9

Editor: L. A. DeWOLFE, M. Sc., Normal College, Truro, Nova Scotia.

## RAILWAY FARES TO SUMMER SCHOOL.

The railways refuse to grant special rates to students attending Summer School at Truro this year. The "Standard Certificate Plan' is not in operation.

The only alternative is to buy a return ticket, good for thirty days. School opens July 9. Don't buy the ticket earlier than July 8. An earlier date would prevent completing the course within the allotted 30 days. Only minimum travelling expenses are refunded at the end of the session. A return ticket is the minimum.

Remember that those who do good work in at least two scientific subjects will have their travelling expenses refunded. Those who satisfactorily complete four subjects may earn a bonus of about fifteen dollars in addition to travelling expenses.

## NEXT YEAR.

We hope teachers who are interested in the Bulletin will get the first number issued next school year. It will be published about Sept. 1. As soon as you know your new address let us have it. If we have any new suggestions by Sept. 1 you will, therefore, be able to get them.

As usual, the dates of County Exhibitions will be published in that number. We shall also publish score cards by which some of the judging of exhibits will be done. Upon receipt of the Bulletin containing these, you may begin instructing your pupils in the preparation or selection of ideal exhibits.

The outlook for rural science work is better than ever. Some well-meaning teachers still teach according to the old book methods of the past; but more and more are linking up school lessons with the children's home experiences and activities. Let us make next year the best yet. A forced increase of salaries pre-supposes a corresponding increase in intelligent Service.

## A SUGGESTIVE CLIPPING.

On Monday, April 28th, Miss Gladys Marsters, Rural Science Teacher, spent the day at Poplar Grove School.

During the morning session while Miss Cole taught the usual lesson, Miss Marsters gave a very interesting lesson on milk. This was followed by a lesson on the June Beetle and Tussock Moth.

In the afternoon several visitors were present, when Miss Marsters gave a demonstration on Cream Soup, making the same in the school room to show that children may be provided there with hot lunch. Then followed a taik on School Gardens and injurious insects and beetles. Those present were very mucli interested and a profitable day was spent by all.

Her work is already bearing fruit, as the teachers and pupils have got over twenty Tussock egg collections.

We have also started a school library and will thankfully receive contributions in money or books. Miss Marsters left five books from her private library as a nucleus for this library.-Windsor Tribune.

## "WHAT ONE COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SECRETARY HAS DONE."

"He encouraged and directed the organization of parent-teachers' associations for the consideration of matters of common interest to parents and to school people. Emphasis was laid upon the introduction of courses in home-making and practical arts for girls, including sewing, dressmaking, millinery, cooking, canning and preserving.

Lecture courses were organized for boys and men. One such course consisted of five lectures dealing with matters of immediate importance to boys, with reference to their physical life, their mental development, their choice of a calling, and their spiritual life. Men of anthority in each field were easily obtained as lecturers, and the expenses were met in part by charges for admission, largely collected by boys' committees and by contributions from interested citizens."-From "Rural Manhoud."

A pamphlet entitled "The Liberty Book" published by the International Harvester Company, Chicago, gives the following hints on the teaching of Agriculture:

[^8]mean most to her. Cement walks should be more important than the showy costly front porch, which is seldom used except on a warm Sunday afternoon. A vacuum cleaner is much more necessary than the velvet "parlor set" or showy mahogany mantel. A well-equipped, handy kitchen ought to be much more desirable to every housewife than a well-furnished showy parlor. Both are e$\underset{*}{\text { sirable, but if something must be sacrificed, let it be the things for }} \underset{*}{*} \underset{*}{*}$ show.

In 1911 there was held the First International Congress of Farm Women. As one glances thru the official proceedings it seems as if a new world is being opened up. Here are some of the topics and sub-topics: Beauty of the HomeI andscape gardening, effective architecture, harmony in decorative effects, simple furniture, the dining room, etc., (all for a farm house! And why not?) Food Values-Functions of food, food combinations, daily menu (think of this, you who eat fried ham and eggs and potatoes three times a day). Physical Laws of Life-Home sanitation, cause of epidemics, danger from flies, pure air and food. Emergency Nursing and Simple Home Hygiene--Conservation of energy. Housekeeping the greatest of all industries.

Studies in Rural Citizenship, Winnipeg.

## FARM MANAGEMENT.

Thus we pass from better farming to better business; indeed the two are almost inseparahly united.

Better business is needed in what is known as farm management. There is a great deal of shiftlessness and waste effort in many districts.

I think of a Western farm as I knew it some years ago. The machinery was left in the field and the straw burned. The harness was mended and the hay racks repaired only when work should have been commenced. In the winter there was practically nothing to do for four or five cuonths. Several grown sons and a hired man sat around the stove, yet the firewood was cut and carried in only armful by armful as it was needed. A few hundred yards away along the creek was a plentiful supply of wood, but the cutting and hauling was put off from day to day till during a severe blizzard it was necessary, in order to save the fainily from freezing, to break up a picket fence, carefully constructed the summer before.

Another type of farmer that is not infrequently met with. He works hard and long. His help is poor, but he thinks he cannot afford better. He attempts a little of everything-more than he can possibly overtake. Nothing is well done. His binder is old and in poor shape, but his acreage is so small that he "puts up" with the old, losing much time and running up heavy repair bills. His fields are weedy and some crops half thistles. His fences are always weak somewhere and horses and cattle are always in trouble. He puts in a good sized garden, but hasn't time to weed it until the most of the vegetables are choked out. The old orchard is past its best. It yields only enough apples for his own use and these poor, so that really it is hardly worth while pruning or spraying. He keeps all kinds of poultry, but somehow most of the young meet with fatal accidents before they rearh maturity and those that live destroy what is left in the garden. Everything is a little behind, yet the farmer of this class tries to save his taxes by doing his own road work and sometimes seeks to supplement his income by hiring out his man and team.

Studies in Rural Citizenship, Winnipeg.

## QUOTATIONS FROM TEACHERS' LETTERS.

"In South Berwick the people have organized a Community Club of forty members. We are now remodelling the school garden, making a vegetable garden, and making a tennis court. We also have a new flag-staff, 51 feet high.

When some plants were injured in the garden l suggested that the girls be Red Cross Nurses to care for them, and the boys be Policemen to prevent further damage. It worked splendidly.

In Auburn we have two active teachers. Thru their efforts a spruce hedge is started on the school grounds.

In Bear River, the Garden Club is experimenting with various fertilizers. Thrift Clubs are the order of the day. The Camp Fire Girls are sewing, cooking and raising poultry for exhibition. They have adopted the 'good turn' idea from the Boy Scouts."
(Signed) Irma B. Campbell.

[^9](Signed) J. Aileen Henderson.

"Our last years experiment here in Liverpool proving so successfui we had no difficulty in getting a grant from the Town for the next one. Profiting from our experience of last fall, we have divided our exhibition prizes according to ages. The Town has granted us $\$ 100$. "
"Mr. Graham offered One Hundred and Fifty Dollars for school prizes if the Kentville people would give the same. They were perfectly willing, so we have over Three Hundred Dollars. One Hundred is to go for exhibition purposes."
"On April 26th, we had, in the public hall here, a sale of fancy work, ice cream and fudge, clearing fifty-nine dollars for schoool library. In the fall we got quite a number of bulbs, which we had flowering about Easter time. The children helped to care for them and as they came in bloom, we sold them. These sales, just covered expenses of fancy sale."

## TWO GOOD LETTERS FROM SCHOOL BOYS.

Chegoggin, Yar. Co., N. S.

## Mr. DeWolfe, <br> Dear Sir,

I am writing you a letter to let you know what I am doing to earn money for Thrift Stamps.

My father gave me a pig when it was small and 1 put it in a pen all by itself, fed it, and took care of it.

When it was killed it weighed one hundred and sixty-four pounds and I got thirty dollars for it.

My father drives a milk team and in summer holidays I help him deliver milk and he gives me twenty-five cents every day.

Our minister went away on a vacation and he told me to take care of his hens and when he came back he gave me two dollars.

Last year I had a garden and I raised one bushel of potatoes which I sold for one dollar, also one pound of turnip seed for one dollar.

I sold some junk to the junk-man for two dollars.
1 am ten years old and in the sixth grade.
Yours respectfully,

## Carl A. Corning.

> Chegoggin, Yar. Co., N. S.
> May 16th, 1919.

Mr. DeWolfe,
Dear Sir,
My teacher read us this afternoon part of a letter from the Rural Science Bulletin that a little boy had written, so 1 am going to write one to you and tell you how I earn my money to buy Thrift Stamps.

Last Spring, I planted a garden and the vegetables I raised I took to Exhibition and on my potatoes I got third prize. I had four bushels and got four dollars and I put that in Thrift Stamps. I have planted a garden this year and I am trying for the prize.

I raised a pig that my father gave me when it was little. I took it to Exhibition and got third prize which was two dollars. With this money I bought a bag of feed and when I sold it I got thirty dollars.

I am eleven years old and in the sixth grade.

## Kural Sxience 解ulletin.

Vol. VI.
TRURO, 23 SEPTEMBER, 1919.
No. 1.

Editor: L. A. DeWOLFE, M. Sc., Normal College, Truro, Nova Scotia.

## SCHOOL EXHIBITIONS.

Again exhibitions claim our attention. Look up Journals of Education since April 1915, for hints. The Rural Science Bulletins of the autumn months each year have had exhibition notes. These are reproduced in the October Journals. Study the prize list, Journal of Education, October 1918, Page 218.

Following are the dates of the County Exhibitions for 1919, with the names of the Secretaries.

|  | Sept. 22, 23 and 24 | John D. McDonald, Pictou. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Antigonish, | '. 25 and 26 ,' | Duncan Chisholm, Antigonish. |
| Sydney, | "، 30, Oct. 1-3, | D. R. Nicholson, Coxheath. |
| St. Peters, | "، 18 and 19, | Rev. R. L. Mameron, Inverness. |
| Inverness, | ". 96 and 10 , | H. M. Scott, Guysboro. |
| Guysboro, | "، 23 and 24 , | Chas. Logan, Middle Musquodoboit. |
| Bridgewater, | 23-25, | J. G. A. Robertson, Bridgewater. |
| Digby, | 25 and 26, | F. W. Nichols, Digby. |
| Yarmouth, | Oct. 1-3, | Wm. Corning, Yarmouth. |
| Shubenacadie, | Sept. 30 Oct. 1 and 2 | Fred Kempton, Kempt (Queens Co. |
| Caledonia, | " 25 and 26 , | R. R. Black, Oxford Jct. |
| Oxford, | Oct. 8 and 9, | Wm. K. Hood, Shelburne. |
| Kentville, | Sept. 30, | Prof. W. S. Blair, Kentville. |

## SUMMER SCHOOL, TRURO.

The Summer School of 1919, was in many respects the best session yet held. The enrolment was 106. Never before have we had such whole-hearted co-operation in all our undertakings. Never have we had a better class spirit. Consequently we were able to do a number of new things in addition to the customary class work of other years.

Among our new ventures the most notable was our School Sports. In connexion with our exhibition-which, by the way, was the best yet-we had an excellent program of sports, contests and entertainment. Watch theAgricultural Gazette for a full report. Watch, also, the Journal of Education for photographs of our school garden and our Peace Day Float. If you did not attend Summer School this year get an account of it from some of your friends who did attend.

## CANNING VEGETABLES.

Bulletins on canning contain so much information and so many methods that many housekeepers give up in despair. To simplify matters, may we urge teachers to acquaint them-
selves with the one method best adapted to the average home and instruct their pupils in this method?

In our brief space we shall not give unnecessary detail. The teacher should procure a copy of Home Canning and Drying published by the National War Garden Commission, Maryland Building, Washington. D. C. Write also to the Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto, for bulletinNo. $25 \angle$, Home Canning. These bulletins may be had for the asking.

For success in canning much depends on the jars and the rubber rings. The red rubber rings imported from the United States are reliable. Examine your jars for cracks. Run your finger round the top of the jar and the bottom of the cover to detect flaws. Place the cover without rubber ring on the jar to see if it will "rock". If it does the cover will not fit when the rings are in place. Another test for tight jars: Put water in the jar, clamp tightly, turn upside down and watch for air bubbles or leakage. Such defective jars may be used for pickles.

Notice the word "tight" near the top of a spring-top jar. When the hinge of the wire is under this word, the cover will fit tightly. If the rubber ring is too thick slide the hinge round to an intermediate position. If too thin use two rings.

Equipment. The equipment needed for canning vegetables is simple. Use a wash-boiler or other pot with a tight fitting cover for sterilzing. If the cover fits loosely put two or three bricks on it. A wire or wooden rock must be placed in the bottom to keep the jars from the bottom of the boiler. A piece of cheese-cloth may be used in blanching.

Method of Procedure. The method recommended will be described in bulletins under the heading "Single Period Cold-pack Method."

1. Select young, tender vegetables and can them as soon after gathering as possible. Have ready beforehand the boiler with boiling water for sterilizing and a pot of boiling water for blanching. Have also a kettle of boiling water for filling the vegetable jars. Have your jars clean and hot.
2. Wash the vegetables. Remove strings from beans. Leave an inch of tops on beets and carrots. (These will come off after blanching). Soak cauliflower an hour in salted water. Pare squash and cut in small pieces. Can small beets whole. Shell peas shortly before canning.
3. Blanch in boiling water according to timetable. For blanching simply tie the vegetables in cheese-cloth and dip into boiling water. This will cool the water below boiling; but in a few minutes it should begin to boil again. Blanch according to time-table after the boiling point is reached. Then remove from the boiling water and dip into cold water. Change the water until the vegetables are cold to the touch. Cool as quickly as possible. This blanching and cold dip preserves the flavor. In the case of beets and tomatoes it also helps remove the skins.
4. Pack the vegetables in hot jars which stand in hot water, add $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoon salt to each quart jar and pour boiling water in until jar is full. Place wet rubber and top on jar and clamp or screw loosely. Don't fasten cover tightly until aftel sterilizing.
5. Place jars on rack in wash boiler, pour in water as hot as the glass will atand without breaking until the jars are well covered. Place the cover tightly on the boiler and proceed to boil according to time-table for sterilizing. Don't begin to count the time until the water is really boiling.
6. When sterilization is complete remove the boiler cover, lift out the jars, tighten the tojps at once and stand jars upside down to make sure they are tight. Store in a cool dark cellar.

TIME TABLE.

|  | Blanch (minutes) | Sterilize (hours) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beets. | 5 | $1 \frac{1}{1}$ |
| Cauliflower | 3 | $1{ }^{1}$ |
| Carrots. | 5 | ${ }_{3}^{12}$ |
| Corn. | 8 | 2 |
| Greens | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | 2 |
| Peas | 3 to 5 | 2 |
| Pumpkin... | 8 | 2 |
| String Beans | See Notes | 2 |
| Tomatoes. | 1 to 2 |  |

## CANNING FRUITS.

The old method of preserving fruits is wasteful of sugar. Besides, to most tastes, canned fruit is preferable to the oversweet preserved fruit.

As is well known the canning of fruit is simpler than that of vegetables. Sterlization need not be nearly so long, and in most cases blanching is unnecessary. Fruit cooked in the jars retains its flavor much better than if cooked in an open pot.

Simply pack the cold fruit in hot jars, cover with a thin or medium syrup and sterilize 16 to 20 minutes. Then clamp tightly as with vegetables.

Notes. A thin syrup is made by boiling 1 part of sugar with 4 parts of water until the sugar is dissolved. Use with sweet fruits. A medium syrup is 1 part sugar to 2 parts water and is used with sour fruits.

Pears and peaches should be sterilized 20 minutes. Other fruits 16 minutes.
Cook pumpkin and squash. Then pack in jars and sterilize.
The flavor of peas is improved by adding 1 teaspoon of sugar in addition to the salt to each quart jar.

Don't open jars after sterilizing.
There is no need of sterilizing the empty jar. It gets sterilized at the same time as the contents.

See that the sterilizing boiler does not boil dry. Neither should its temperature drop below the boiling point. Keep it boiling rapidly.

Be sure that rubber rings have not bulged out during sterilizing.
In canned soup many left-overs may be saved which are often thrown away.
A very simple method of canning string beans is as follows:-Cut in small pieces and wash. To 8 heaping cups of beans add $\frac{1}{2}$ cup salt, $\frac{\frac{1}{3} \text { cup sugar; cover }}{}$ with water, boil 20 minutes, put in hot jars, fill to overflowing and seal. When using, soak in clear water two hours and boil one hour before serving.

## SCORE CARDS.

Often children do not know how to select or prepare good exhibits. They do not know by what standards their products will be judged. To assist them, we submit the following score cards taken from a book used in Ontario.

These will help them in their Domestic Science Exhibits.

## SCORE CARD-BREAD.

| SCORE CARD-BREAD. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General appearance: |  |  |
| Flavor: <br> (Size and shape of loaf, color, character and depth of crust). | 20 points. |  |
| (Odor, taste) | 35 |  |
| Lightness.... | 15 | " |
| Texture | 20 | " |
| Color. | 5 | " |
| Grain |  | " |
| SCORE CARD-MUFFINS. 100 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| General appearance as in bread | 25 points. |  |
| Flavor, as in bread............ |  |  |
| Texture (lightness, tenderness, grain) | 30 |  |
| Color. | 10 | " |
|  | 100 |  |
| General appearance: |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Texture (lightness, color, crispness) ................ | ${ }_{20}^{30}$ points. |  |
|  | 50 |  |
| SCORE CARD-DROPPED COOKIES. 100 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| General appearance, as in Rolled Cookies . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .Texture, (lightness, color, tenderness) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ${ }_{20}^{30}$ points. |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | 50 | " |
|  | 100 |  |
| SCORE CARD-LOAF CAKE. |  |  |
| General appearance: <br> (Size, shape, color, surface) $\square$ |  |  |
|  | 25 points.$50$ |  |
| Texture and interior appearance: <br> (Lightness, tenderness, elasticity, grain, color) | $\begin{array}{r}25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ، |
|  | 100 |  |
| General appearance: <br> SCORE CARD-CANNED FRUITS. |  |  |
| (Container, color) <br> 15 points. |  |  |
| Fruit (whole, flavor, density). | 15 points. |  |
| Syrup (clearness, flavor, density) | 35 | " |
|  | 100 |  |

The following Potato Score Card is from the United States Department of Agriculture.
Score
(1) Uniformity as to size ..... points.
(2) Trueness to type ..... 15
(3) Size (desirability) ..... 10
(4) Shallowness of eyes ..... 10
(5) Freedom from scab and surface blemishes ..... 15
(6) Color and smoothness of skin ..... 15
(7) Color of flesh ..... 10
(8) Condition of flesh as to food value, amount of starch, etc. ..... 10
Total score ..... 100

# そural Sxience $\mathfrak{Z R u l l e t i n . ~}$ 

Vol. VI.
TRURO, 16 OCTOBER, 1919.
No 2.

Editor: L. A. DeWolfe, M. Sc., Normal College, Truro, Nova Scotia.

## COMMENTS ON EXHIBITIONS.

As usual, the school exhibitions have taught us much that will be of value. They have taught us the power a teacher has over her school. The children's interest in exhibitions is directly proportional to the interest and enthusiasm of the teacher. For example, a certain school has for the last five years sent four or five barrels of exhibits to its county exhibition. This year, with new teachers, that school sent its shipment in a ten-quart box! The fact that teachers are new to a section is not fatally serious; for in many cases teachers new to a section have organized successful exhibitions where none were ever held before. Everything rests with the teacher.

Tho some older exhibitions failed this year, we had an encouraging number of new ones. The gain has exceeded the loss.

For the children's benefit, may we point out one or two instances where improvement is desirable? A quart of jelly is too much to exhibit. One tumbler is enough. Don't send big cakes. It is extravagant. Cooking material is not fit to eat after having been exposed two or three days at an exhibition. A small pan holding one or two cups would be ideal for exhibition cake. There has been a vast improvement in the selection of exhibits. Schools exhibiting for the first time show, by contrast, their lack of training. By the way, don't wash vegetables.

School sports and contests have been a popular feature at two dozen exhibitions. These were modelled after a program inaugurated at our last Truro Summer School. From all sides we are learning the value of our summer innovations.

## HOW TO MAKE EXHIBITIONS EDUCATIVE.

To the child, the important part of an exhibition is the prize money. To the teacher, this is only an incidental. Education should prepare us for living as well as for making a living. Thru the exhibition the boy learns what type of vegetables will be in demand in the market. Attractive shapely vegetables always sell well. In short, the boy learns to sell his products, Similarly, the girl learns things which she will need to know by and by when, as a housekeeper she may have to buy in the open market.

But this is by no means all. The exhibition introduces the topic of cooking vegetables; and, incidentally, every phase of housekeeping. Is it not an education to learn how to cook, sew, can, buy, sell, produce? Here is the place to discuss food values and a balanced ration. At one exhibition this year a "model" school lunch consisted of an apple, an orange, a banana, a few grapes, some cucumber sandwiches, a small bottle of milk and a paper napkin. That was not a nourishing economical lunch. Consequently the first prize was awarded to a less pretentious lunch which cost less but had more food value. It consisted of egg sandwiches, buttered bread, cheese, a muffin, ginger cookies and an apple. If this lunch had had the

## bottle of milk and the paper napkin, it would have been a good model

 lunch.To discuss these lunches in school is good practical Domestic Science. Moreover, the accounts which cover the garden operations for a season, the geography of the material used in the cooking or the sewing, the bill of lading from the railway company who carried the products to the exhibition, the cheque by which the prizes were possibly paid, the money order sent for garden seeds, the written account of the garden or exhibition work, the calculation of the amount of fertilizer needed, the chemistry of the spraying material used-these are a very few of the topics the live teacher will use in her regular school work.

## SUGGESTIONS.

Teachers want to help and to be helped. The Women's Institutes can be, and sometimes are, a very great factor in connextion with the school. Every teacher should be associated with the Women's Institute. If no such organization exists in your community, get ten or more women to agree to become members, and then write Miss Helen MacDougal, Agricultural College, Truro, who will gladly visit you and organize an Institute.

It is good for teachers to get together. Why not get eight or ten teachers within a radius of a few miles to form a local teachers institute, which might meet once a month. Here, discuss your school problems and ask interested people to join in your deliberation If a travelling library reaches your community, make good use of it. Form a Community Reading Club. Look over old Rural Science Bulletins for suggestions. They will be found in the Journal of Education. Can you not make your school room as attractive as the living rooms in the best homes of your section? Your school room is a living room. Too often it looks like a barn. Treat it as a living room. Decorate it and care for it in such a way that the children will be proud of it and anxious to make it home-like.

## THE PLAY CORNER.

An article has already appeared in the Bulletin (see April, 1919), advocating the development and training of the play instinct in our school children thru organized and supervised games during the recess, noon and other leisure hours spent on the school grounds. "School ground" and "play ground" ought to be largely synonymous terms-but they are not so far as our public schools are concerned.

Jessie H. Bancroft, Asst. Director of Physical Training in the public schools of New York, from personal experience sums up the following uses of games: (I) The development of sense perceptions in the slow, dull, or lethargic child, and his consequent increase in scholastic ability. (2). The social development, whereby the timid and shrinking, the bold and selfish, the unappreciated or disliked child, all find their proper place in relation to others, and gradually lose these undesirable characteristics. (3). Most important of all, the training of the will to choose between fair and unfair means of winning an exciting game, and to act on that choice, give a trained and balanced power of will that counts immeasurably for character.

To quote Miss Bancroft further: "We have come to realize that Play, in," games and other forms, is nature's own way of developing and training power." While Groos impressively says, "We do not play because we are young; we have a period of youth so that we may play."

We might also quote a paragraph from C. F. Angell, International County Y. M. Secretary: "As the twig is bent, so is the tree inclined,' and as truly can it be said, the way children play will be the way they will live and act. Play decreases the sense of isolation, makes for cooperation, calls for initiative and deveopsl leadership. Play is human nature growing up."

Realizing the power that lies in play, shall we not attempt to use it? To do so we must also realize that unsupervised play may be productive of disastrous results. The bad habits, going uncorrected, become established for life. It is time we teachers awoke to our responsibility for the school ground as well as the school room; for play hours as well as study periods.

It is to help those teachers who are ready to assume this responsibility, that the "Play Corner" has been started in the Bulletin. In it from month to month will appear games for all ages, varying numbers, indoors as well as outdoors. The material has been gathered largely from Miss Bancroft's book "Games for the Play Ground Home, School and Gymnasium." This book is acknowledged as the best of its kind, is especially prepared to render such material available to teachers, and should be in every school library. It may be obtained from The MacMillan Company, Toronto; price $\$ \mathrm{I}$. $\boldsymbol{5}^{0}$.

The game selected for this month is "Prisoner's Base," a game popular for boys and girls, and in its more complex forms, with adults as well. From 10 to 30 or even more may participate. It affords opportunity for vigorous exercise for all of the players; hence is particularly good for chilly fall and winter seasons.

Its history is very interesting, and might vitalize an English History Lesson. "Prisoner's Base" and related games are supposed to have descended from the days of border warfare between England and Scotland. One historian mentions a "Proclamation at the head of the Parliamentary proceedings early in the reign of Edward III, where Prisoner's. Base was prohibited during the sessions of Parliament, because of the interruption it occasioned to the members and others in passing to and fro." The game at that time was played by adults.

The simplest form is here given as an introduction to the game:
The ground is divided into two equal parts, with a small base or prison marked off at the farther end of each division. (Players may simply agree on what is to form boundary lines). From five to fifteen players guard each side. They venture into the enemy's ground, and, if caught, are put into prison, where they must remain until tagged by one of their own side who is free. Both prisoner and rescuer may be tagged and brought back to prison before reaching their own ground. The game is won when one side makes prisolers of all of its opponents, or when a free man enters the opponents': prison, but this last may be done only when there are no prisoners there.
(Keep Bulletins on file for reference to Play Corner).

## LIST OF COMMUNITY BOOKS.

From time to time the Journal of Education publishes lists of books recommended to teachers. These, as a rule, are to help the teacher with the prescribed school subjects. The real teacher, however, will be a community leader as well as a school teacher. To assist her in recommending books for reading circles or school libraries, we submit the following list as supplementary to those previously recommended.

The Rural Teacher and His Work, H. W. Foght, MacMillan Co., Toronto.
The American Rural School, H. W. Foght, MacMillan Co., Toronto.
The Rural School, Methods and Management, Culter \& Stone, Silver, Burdett
Co., Boston.
Chapters in Rural Progress, Butterfield, Univ. of Chicago Press. Rural Life and Education, Cubberley, Houghton Mifflin Co., Boston. Education for Social Efficiency, King, D. Appleton \& Co., N. Y.
Better Rural Schools, Betts \& Hall, Bobbs Merrill Co., Indianapolis.
Country Life and the Country School, Carney, Row, Peterson \& Co., New York.

The Challenge of the Country, Fiske, Association Press, 124 East 28th St., New York.

The Country Life Movement, Bailey, MacMillan Co., Toronto.
Educational Resources of Village and Rural Communities, Hart, MacMillan's. The Rural School Plant, Challman, Bruce Pub. Co., Milwaukee.
The Work of the Rural School, Eggleston \& Bruers, Harper Bros., New York.

The foregoing books cost from $\$ 1.00$ to $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ each.
The Brown Mouse, Quick, Bobbs Merrill Co., Indianapolis.
The Fairview Idea, Quick, Bobbs Merrill Co., Indianapolis.
Joan and Peter, H.' G. Wells, MacMillan Co., Toronto.
Jean Mitchell's School, Wray, Public School Pub. Co., Bloomington, Illinois
The Evolution of Dodd, Smith, Rand McNally \& Co., New York.
Emmy Lou, Martin, Grosset \& Dunlap, New York.
These books give the newer education in story form.
Leaflets from American Unitarian Association, 25 Beacon St., Boston.
Leaflets from Warren H. Wilson, Supt. Country Church Work, 156 Fifth Ave., New York.

Leaflets from General Education Board, 6i Broadway, New York.
Some of these leaflets are free; others cost from 2 to 5 cents each.

## SUGGESTIVE EXTRACTS FROM TEACHERS' LETTERS.

"Last fall we had a splendid school club, and earned quite a bit of money, which paid for books and blackboards. We abandoned it in the winter, on account of the heating of the room, but had a basket-ball club instead, which met at the boys' club rooms, and was lent to us free, once a week.

We have a school garden, which is very rocky, but we have made it into a Flanders memorial garden, and planted poppies, and they are growing splendidly. Our window-boxes will make an improvement as soon as the plants get larger; and besides we have plants in the school room.

My pupils are very much interested in my insect collection, but I had the misfortune to break my cyanide jar this week, so we will have to wait until after the summer course, where I will obtain another one if possible."

Mabel V. Millett.
"I find my fairy godmother gave me a new pair of eyes while I was at Summer School and I find so many new things to be investigated every time I go for a walk. Perhaps I may pass on my fairy godmother's gift to at least some of my pupils."

[^10]"The School Commissioners of the county are giving ten dollars to each group of schools holding an exhibition. Isn't that splendid? They also are offering a, ten dollar prize for the best exhibits any school sends to the County Exhibition.'

The following paragraph is from a Nova Scotia girl now teaching in Saskatchewan. Why cannot our Eastern Schools take a hint from this live school in the West?
"I am in a country place and have twenty-three scholars and the first seven grades. My school house is just fine compared with the school houses down East. I have an organ, telephone, library, oil stove and school kitchen cabinet. Just as soon as the days get cooler I will have to oversee a hot lunch. Later I will let you know how things work out."


## Journal of Education.

## OCTOFEF, $1 \Theta 1 \theta$.

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

The full number of teaching days in the half school year ending 30 January next is 103 . Eleven weeks each in First and Fourth Quarters, ten weeks in Second and Third Quarters.

## Calendar 1919-20.

1919. 

Aug. 25 First Quarter of School Term began.
Sept.
Sept.
1 Labor Day (holiday)
Oct.
Oct. 13 Dominion Thanksgiving Day (holiday).
Oct.
Nov.
Dec.
2 Normal College opened at Truro.
Oct. 9 Fire Prevention Day (School Exercises).
28 Victory Loan Day (School Exercises).
10 Second Quarter of School Term begins.
1920.

Jan. 5 Schools reopen.
Jan. 6 Normal reopens. Students Reg. IX (b) admitted.
Jan. 29 Normal (D) completes course. See Reg. XI.
Jan. 30 Last Teaching Day of First Half School Year.
Feb. 22 First Teaching Day of Second Half School Year.
Feb. 4 Normal (C) admitted. See Reg. X and XI (a).
March 1 March Annual Meeting of School Sections.
March 4 Normal Admissions under Reg. VII (c) and X.
April 2 Good Friday (holiday).
April 12 Fourth Quarter of School Term begins.
May 1 High School Exam. App., due at Inspectors'.
May 1 Univ. Grad. Exam. notice due, Education Office.
May 7 Arbor Day.

| May | 15 | Inspectors' Exam. Lists due, Education Office. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| May | 21 | Empire Day (School Exercises). |
| May | 24 | Victoria Day (holiday). |
| June | 3 | King's Birthday (holiday). |
| June | 21 | High School Examination Week begins. |
| June | 25 | Last Teaching Day of School Year. |

## Amendments of the Education Act of 1918, by Chapter 7 of 1919, Nova Scotia.

## Chapter 9, of the Acts of 1918, "The Education Act," Amended.

33. Section 109 of Chapter 9 , of the Acts of 1918, is amended by adding thereto the following:-

In determining qualifications for a teacher's annuity time in the inspectorial service shall be deemed to be time in the teaching service.
34. Sub-section 2, of Section 124, of said Chapter 9, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:-
(2) Every parent or person in charge of any child who fails to comply with this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars, and in default of payment to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month; provided, that before any such penalty is incurred, the parent or other person liable therefor shall be notified by a notice in writing sent or posted by mail to his place of business or residence by the secretary of the Board or the principal, of the effect of such non-compliance, and shall have an opportunity, by compliance with the requirements of this Part, to avoid the imposition of such penalty.
35. Said Chapter 9 is amended by adding thereto the following section:-
151. The penalties and imprisonments prescribed for the violation of any of the provisions of this Act may be recovered or enforced under the Nova Scotia Summary Convictions Act, Chapter 161, of the Revised Statutes, 1900, as now or from time to time hereafter amended.

## The Special Statistics

to be entered into columns ( $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c ) of the School Register, for transference into the Annual Return, 1920, are as follows:

150 (a). How many of the pupils enrolled (on the Register) within the school year had been vaccinated before August last?

150 (b). How many have been vaccinated within the present school year?

150 (c). How many were admitted without vaccination on medical certificate or legal declaration as specified in Section 48 of the Public Health Act?

## Manual Training Blanks

hereafter will be supplied direct from the Education Office on application, instead of thru the Inspectors-both Mechanic Science and Domestic Science blanks.

## Cadet Drill.

Teachers and trustees should bear in mind that we are getting very considerable aid from the Department of Militia and Defense in the physical training of our boys. For this the Province promised to aid the movement as per agreement published in 1908. It is quite right, then, that at least an hour a week of school time be given to drill if that is found necessary.

## Physical Training.

Cadets, Boy Scouts and Girl Guides, are all desirable organizations in connexion with the Public Schools. Tact should be exhibited in their management, so that there may be no conflict of interests, no crowding of more work on any pupil than is desirable from a proper point of view. There should be a due subordination of each of these agencies to the central and predominant interests of the school, for which the Principal is the most responsible.

It is a matter of regret that we have not yet been able to stimulate similarly, or in some other way, the physical training of our girls, which is just as important for their personal welfare and the general good, as the physical culture for the boys.

## The Manual of School Law,

1911, has been entirely exhausted. The Educational Statutes were consolidated in 1918. The Regulations of the Council are now being revised and consolidated. The new Manual cannot be issued this Fall. It is expected to be published not earlier than January when it is hoped that, as usual, the Council will authorize the presentation of a free copy to each Board of School Trustees.

## The Journal of Education

is supplied free, at a very considerable expense to the Province, to each school room. Any teacher or other school official neglecting to keep informed can be held liable for the consequences of the oversight or neglect. Such neglect, even when no serious consequences follow is censurable on general principles. The teacher should be a type of a good law observer without which education is more dangerous than beneficent.

## Teachers, Trustees and Text Books.

From letters received at Education Office, it is evident that many teachers and trustees have not read the announcements of the Nova Scotia School Book Bureau, published in the Journal of Education, April and October. Only a few avail themselves of Section 72 (e) of the Education Act. [See Regulations published in each Journal since 1915].

## Vaccination.

The Provincial Legislature in passing the Public Health Act, imposed on the public schools, in Section 48, the duty of admitting no children to school without evidence of vaccination or a medical certificate or a prescribed declaration. The sweeping effect of this law, it appears, was not realized by many, even when it was published in the Journal of Education, April, 1919, page 196. The following is the Section most particularly affecting the schools:
48. No teacher of any school or of any department in any school, whether public or private, shall permit any child to attend at such school or department of such school until such child has produced a certificate from a qualified medical practitioner that such child has been successfully vaccinated (and in the case of children of the age of twelye years, or over, re-vaccinated), or that, by reason of the child's health, vaccination is inadvisable. Provided, that if the parent or custodian of the child has conscientious objections to vaccination, a declaration made before a Stipendiary Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, in the form in the Schedule hereto may be accepted in lieu of a certificate from a medical practitioner.

The Legislature has also prescribed a form of oath which every teacher must make in order to have the school recognized as a legal school, and without which the Superintendent cannot authorize the payment of any public money on account of the school. This oath must attest that the teacher "taught and conducted the school in accordance with law. Section 48 of the Public Health Act quoted above is law passed by the Legislature specially for the schools.

The teacher must observe the law or be open to a charge of of perjury if a return is sent in, whenever any one learning of the perjury chooses to make the charge.

The Council of Public Instruction, the Government itself, has to see that this law of the Legislature is effective. The Legislature only can change it. In the meantime we have to carry it out.

It had broken so suddenly on the schools, however, that in many parts of the Province, the pupils were not vaccinated last summer, which would be the best time. In remote parts of the Province, doctors are very scarce, and time was necessary to appoint a day at the school house when all the pupils could be present at an appointment made with a doctor, at the expense of the parents.

In the case of people unable to pay, the local health boards can arrange to have the work done at the cost of the Municipality. (See Sections 42 to 47 of the Public Health Act),

Inspectors are therefore advised, that if schools have complied with the law before the end of the half school year (in January next), when the attested returns are sent in, that the law will be assumed to be complied with for the said half school year.

## Changes Next Year.

On the recommendation of the Advisory Board of Education, the C. P. I. has prescribed new arithmetics (to be specified in the next April Journal), instead of the "Nova Scotia Common School Arithmetic," which will not be authorized after the end of this school year.

The Ontario Public School Hygiene is out of print and will not be reprinted in the form at present used in the schools of 17

Nova Scotia. A revised edition is being prepared for Ontario, but it has not yet been prescribed for Nova Scotia.

The Latin papers in the High School Examination will be written in the afternoon of Thursday, exchanging places with the Mathematical subjects.

There will be two papers given in English XI instead of one as formerly. The recommendation follows:

[^11]
## Inspectorial Training Schools,

instead of Teachers' Institutes are recommended as below by the Advisory Board of Education, and the Council of Public Instruction has been favorably entertaining the plan, which after consideration at the annual conference of Inspectors, may be modified before finally passed and published in the next April Journal.

The Advisory Board of Education is deeply impressed with the necessity of taking drastic steps to check the falling off of effective teaching in the rural schools of this Province, and submits the following plan for raising the standard of efficiency among our young teachers:-

Whereas, the teaching profession in Nova Scotia is being rapidly depleted by the removal of large numbers of our best teachers to the Western Provinces under the lure of far larger salaries there made possible by the Land Grants at the disbosal of the Education Departments of those provinces, in which Land Grants Nova Scotia does not share and in lieu of which it receives no compensating grant-
and Whereas, the foregoing condition has made absolutely necessary the employment of many untrained licensed teachers and the granting of a large number of Permissive I.icenses to untrained young men and women-
and Whereas, the employment of such a large number of untrained teachers is resulting in a lamentable falling of in the efficiency of the teaching in our rural schools, a condition which is fully recongized by the educational authorities of the Province and the general public-.
and Whereas, the Normal College with its present equipment and staff cannot be expected to meet the requirements of our schools in the preliminary training of prospective teachers of the lower grades-
and Whereas, the financial condition of the Province at the present time precludes the establishment of additional Normal Schools:

Therefore Resolved, that this Board recommends to the Council of Public Instruction the formation of a Short Professional Course for Untrained Teachers, under the following terms and conditions:-

1. The Education Department shall appoint, not later than June 30, in each and every year, two competent instructors for each inspectorial division to conduct courses in the Theory and the Practise of Teaching and School Management, and to super vise the study of a recognized text book in Pedagogy. These Instructors shall work under the supervision of the Inspector, who shall himself act as instructor in School Law and Forms.
2. One of the said instructors shall be a member of the Normal College staff so far as available and the other shall so far as possible be selected from among mature senior and junior under-graduates of recognized universities who have had professional training and successful experience in teaching.
3. The three instructors in each insnectorial division shall be paid a minimum salary of Twenty-Five Dollars a week by the Education Department.
4. The said Short Course shall be given in such centers as the Inspectors may select from time to time.
5. All untrained teachers about to eater the profession, and all intending to make application for Temporary or Permissive Licenses, shall be required to attend one of these courses.
6. The Short Course shall begin on the first Monday after July 25th, and shall continue for six consecutive weeks, the last two weeks to be devoted to artual teaching in neighboring schools under supervision of the staff of instructors. There shall be a minimum of four hours of class work daily for five days a week. Inspectors are empowered to make use of schools desirable for the above specified training in actual teaching.
7. Successful completion of the Short Course, to be tested partly by written examinations, shall be regarded as the equivalent of a Minimum Professional Qualification Certificate of Third Rank. Very special excellence may be rewarded with the M. P. Q. Certificate of Second Rank.
8. Prospective teachers actually engaged by Boards of Trustees for the school year then beginning, shall receive Provincial Aid for the time they are in attendance at the Short Course after the opening of the Public Schools; and sections which have engaged such teachers shall receive the Municipal Grant for the time the school or schools of the section shall be closed to allow the teachers to take the Short Course.
9. A classified list of all the students taking the Short Course shall be sent to the Superintendent of Education not later than Sept. 12th, and teachers for all schools vacant Sept. 14th, shall be provided Irom these lists.

It is well to remember here, that the whole difficulty even with regard to the supply of efficient teachers, is one of salary. It doesn't pay many to train except for a start in business here, or for the profession of teaching abroad. The rural schools are simply exploited by people who have no intention of becoming permanent members of the profession.

Did only one-half of our teachers remain in the profession, our Normal College would be amply competent to train the annual supply. But abnormal conditions require abnorma 1
adaptations. Something must be done to meet a present condition.

It may be found inadvisable to start twelve such schools at once. A few in places where they are most needed, would give an opportunity to Inspectors, not sure of conditions, to have experience, possibly as instructors, in the fewer courses started in the first year.

There were just 271 "temporary" and "permissive" teachers employed last year, which.would be an average of about 20 for each Inspectorate; and only a fraction of this number would find the locality selected convenient. But in several counties there have been no more than 2 or 3 to half a dozen such teachers needed.

There may be difficulties in finding schools to practise in if the six week course is extended into September, in finding schools for all candidates who present themselves, etc., etc., and the text book study of pedagogy may be no improvement on the M. P. Q. The course on school law and forms will under any conditions be extremely valuable, and may on its own account justify the trial of this recommendation.

## Canada Fire Prevention Day.

The first Fire Prevention Day for Schools in Nova Scotia was fixed for 14 June, 1918; when the outline of a lesson was given, and a 16 page pamphlet issued by the Hon. O. T. Daniels, Attorney-General of Nova Scotia, and Vice-President of the Canadian Forestry Association, was presented, describing the law respecting the Protection of Woods against Fires.

Now by Proclamation, the Dominion of Canada names the 9 th of October, as a special day not only in the school, but for every one.
J. Grove Smith, Dominion Fire Commissioner, sent the Education Department a supply of the Proclamation and of a Program for lessons in the schools, about the first of October, which were promptly despatched to the more accessible schools. He referred there to the action of Ontario and Sask. last year, which was practically what Nova Scotia had done.

These are republished here to put the whole on record for next year, as well as to furnish schools which did not get the information in time for 9 October, to give the lessons and information at a later date.

The Proclamation is quoted below from "The Canada Gazette," Verbatim et literatim, so that teachers may see the ancient manner in which such documents are presented to the people in modern times. After the Proclamation follows the outline of lessons for school use.

## PROCLAMATION.

L. H. DAVIES.
L. S.j
CANADA.

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyohd the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.
To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise con-cern,-Greeting

## A PROCLAMATION.

E. I. NEWCOMBE, Whereas, it is shown by reliable statistics Deputy Minister of Justice, Canara. that the amount of the average annual loss of property by fire in Canada exceeds twenty million dollars, the loss for the year 1918 being in excess of thirty million dollars, and that there is in addition a large annual unappraised loss from forest fires which if unchecked threatens to greatl/impair, if not to entirely destroy, our heritage of forest wealth;

And Whereas there is also every year in Canada a deplorable loss of human life as a result of fire;

And Whereas it is desirable for the well-being of the nation that a greater regard for the sanctity of human life be inculcated; that the material wealth of the nation be so far as possible conserved, and that every agency which tends to needlessly dissipate or destroy human life or property be vigorousky opposed;

And Whereas it is authoritatively estimated that at least seventy-five per cent. of the fires occurring are preventable by the exercise of proper care on the part of the individual citizens, and that therefore a corresponding proportion of the annual loss from fire can be avoided;

And Whereas it is desirable, in order that the attention of the public may be directed to the extent of the preventable loss of life and property from fire and the best means of controlling it, that one day of the year be set apart and properly designated for the dissemination of such information and the giving of such instruction on fire loss and fire prevention as may be practicable:-

Now Know Ye, that We, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council of Canada, have thought fit to appoint and do appoint Thursday, the Ninth day of Ortober in this present year, as "Fire Prevention Day" and We do recommend to Our loving subjects that, on that day,-

1. All dwellings and their surrountings be carefully inspected by their occupants and all conditions likely to cause or promote the spread of fires removed.
2. All public buildings, stores and factories be inspected and cleared of rubbish.
3. Fire drills be held for the children in all schools and for employees in all large stores and factories.
4. Special instructions on the subject of fire prevention be given by the teacher and by municipal officials in the schools and that such appropriate literature as may be made available be distributed to the pupils.
5. All legislation and regulations enacted or issued by Dominion, provincial or municipal authorities dealing with fire prevention be given publicity by the municipal officials, and that by puclic meetings or otherwise as may to them seem most fit, they endeavour to impress upon the citizens the national importance of safeguarding life and property from loss of fire.

Of all which Our living subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.
In Testimony Whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hrreunto affixed. Witness Our Right Trusty and Well-Beloved Counsellor the Right Honourable Sir Louis Henry Davies, Knight Commander of Our Most Distingusihed Order of Saint Michael and Saint Ceorge, Chief Justice of Canada, and Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter; One of Our Most Honourahle Privy Council; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order; Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this NINTH day of SEPTEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and in the tenth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

> THOMAS MULVEY,

Under-Secretary of State.

## Suggested Program for Schools.

The following school program, which should be varied to meet the requirements of local conditions, is suggested for use in all public schools on Fire Prevention Day:
(1) General Assembly of Scholars.
(2) Song: The National Anthem.
(3) Royal Proclamation-to be read by Scholar.
(4) Brief Address by Principal. Subject: "The Object of Fire Prevention Day."
(5) Song or Recitation.
(6) Address by local Fire Chief or School Trustee, Subject: "Why Fires occur and How to Prevent them."

A brief talk by an official in uniform will strike the imagination and arouse the interest of the pupils. In villages and rural districts where there are no organized fire brigades, reeves, clerks, village trustees or other prominent citizens should be asked to co-operate.
(7) Fire Alarm Demonstration. In cities and towns having public alarm systems, arrangements should be made to have the Fire Chief demonstrate to the scholars the operation of an alarm box. It is surprising how few people know the location of the box nearest their home, or how to operate it in an emergency.
(8) Fire Drill and General Exit.
(9) Demonstration of Chemical Fire Extinguisher. After the children have left the building and have assembled in the school grounds, the Fire Chief should demonstrate the operation of a chemical fire extinguisher. This will command the genuine and undivided attention of every pupil.
(10) Dismissal.

## Competitive Essays.

The writing of competitive essays by the various grades and forms is an excellent method of educating school children in fire prevention measures. If the best compositions are published in the local newspapers, their value is enhanced. The parents as well as the children are instructed. The following topics are suggested as being of value for this purpose:
(1) The Lesson's of Fire Prevention Day.
(2) What we have done at Home to prevent fire.
(Children should be permitted to ask their parents for assistance in writing upon this subject).
(3) Our Fire Department and the Service it renders.

Does it try to prevent fires or only try to extinguish them? Are factories and stores regularly inspected by the firemen? Does the Fire Chief visit your school from time to time and warn you against the dangers of fire? (Children should be permitted to ask the Fire Chief to inform them upon these points).
(4) The Fire Hazards in our School.

Of what materials is the building constructed? Are they fire-resisting? How many exits are there and do the doors open outwards? Are the stairways fireproof? Are there fire escapes and can they be easily reached from every floor? Are fire drills held regularly? Are stoves or furnaces used for heating? Is rubbish permitted to accumulate in the basement? Are your parents interested in protecting your school against fire?
(5) Some Common Causes of Fire and their Remedy.
(a) Carelessness with Matches.
(b) Overheated Stoves and Furnaces.
(c) Coal Oil and Gasoline.
(d) Defective Chimneys.
(e) Lightning.
(6) What is being done to prevent fire waste in Canada?
(a) By the Dominion Government.
(b) By your Provincial Government.
(c) By your City, Town, Village or Township.
(Principals should inform pupils of the provisions of the Canada Criminal Code respecting fires caused by hegligence; of the powers exercised by the Provincial Fire Marshal, and of local by-laws, if any, relating to the prevention of fires).

## Fire Facts.

Why we Should Prevent Fires.
In 1918, Canada's fire loss amounted to $\$ 33,800,000$. This was $\$ 92,600$ a day, $\$ 7,717$ per hour, or $\$ 129$ per minute.

If we add to the value of property destroyed, the cost of maintaining fire departments and the expenses of fire insurance companies in Canada, the total economic waste by fire exceeds $\$ 250$ per minute.

In European countries the average annual loss by fire is about 33 cents per head of the population. In 1918, Canada's fire loss was over $\$ 4$ per head of the population. Together with the expenditure on protection, fires cost every family of five persons more than $\$ 40$ in 1918.

Canada is made this much the poorer by fire. Burned buildings and goods do not replace themselves. Fire losses are not paid by the insurance companies. The companies merely collect premiums from everybody in Canada and pay a portion of the amount collected to the person who suffers by fire.

Fire taxes every one and none can escape. The cost of insurance, which represents the cost of fire waste, is added by manufacturers and merchants to the price of their goods. Fire increases the cost of everything, food, clothes, furniture, rents and all the necessities of life.

Saddest of all, fires in Canada destroy many lives. In 1916 there were 563 persons burned to death, 235 in 1917 and 261 in 1918. About sixty per cent. of all fire fatalities occur in dwellings and the large majority of the victims are children under twelve years of age.

In 1918 there were over 17,600 fires in Canada. Seventyfive per cent. of these were caused by carelessness, and could therefore have been prevented.

## How we can Prevent Fires.

Such simple precautions as the following will prevent many fires:
(a) Remove accumulations of rubbish from basements, outhouses and backyards.
(b) Never permit children to play with matches. Safety matches that strike only on the box should be used in every home.
(c) Do not permit stoves and furnaces to become overheated and never leave fires unguarded.
(d) Never throw cigar and cigarette ends and pipe ashes carelessly away. Smoking should not be permitted around garages, barns, stables, granaries and stocks. Children should never smoke.
(e) Oily rags and waste ignite spontaneously. Burn them immediately after using.
(f) Gasoline should not be kept in the house. Store it at least 25 feet from any building.
(g) Oil stoves and lamps should be filled only in daylight and never near an open light or fire. Keep oil stoves clean and watch for leaks.
(h) Never attempt to kindle a fire by using coal oil or gasoline.
(i) In open prairie country plough fire guards around buildings and granaries.
(j) Do not leave bonfires unguarded until the last spark has died out.

> Penalties for Carelessness.

The Criminal Code of Canada provides that any person causing a fire thru negligence may be punished by imprisonment for two years. It is also a criminal offence to maintain conditions that may cause fire or to disobey the order of the local Fire Chief to remedy such conditions.

Excepting in the Province of New Brunswick there are now Fire Prevention laws in every Province in Canada. The provincial fire commissioners inquire into every fire of suspicious origin. Arson, or maliciously setting property on fire, are serious offences punishable by imprisonment.

It is the duty of every person to know and heed the bylaws of the community in which they live. If fire occurs as the result of not complying with any fire prevention ordinance, the person responsible is guilty of an indictable offence.

## Carefulness will Prevent Fires.

## VICTORY LOAN, 1919.

Education Office, Halifax, N. S., 16 Oct., 1919.
To the Principals and all Teachers in the Public Schools of Nova Scotia:
As Superintendent of Education for the Province I am authorized to commend to your study for presentation to your
pupils in every class room, the object of the Victory Loan of 1919, and the reasons why it is good for all of us that it should be successful. It is as important for the political party not in power as for the party in power; for when the Government changes we all hope the country will go on improving as time runs on. It is for our country and its interests we are all unanimous.

I present you with the appeal of Dr. G. S. Campbell, the Chairman of the Campaign for the Province of Nova Scotia; and with a sample lesson which you are free to adapt to the intelligence of each class, the object being to give each such an idea as can be understood, in order to lay a foundation for the understanding of the principles of Government and how in the sum total the well being of the Dominion and ourselves depends on every citizen doing his own individual duty as well as possible. In every school the first and main lesson is fixed to be given on 28 October, at the beginning of the three weeks campaign, to be known as

## Victory Loan Day.

You will also find at your disposal thru circulars from the Publicity Department, and articles in the public press, other information bearing upon our duty to our country, and the direct advantage the exercise of this duty will bring to those investing in the 1919 Victory Bonds.

A. H. MacKay,

Superintendent of Education.

## From the Chairman for Nova Scotia.

To the Teachers in the Public Schools of Nova Scotia:
Ladies and Gentlemen:
Last year I wrote asking you to make a special effort to encourage subscriptions to the 1918 Victory Loan. This year it is again necessary for our Government to raise money to pay for expenses incidental to the great war, now so happily closed.

The principal items of this expenditure are for the benefit of our returned soldiers, such as war bounties, vocational training; land settlement grants, etc., etc. Considerable sums will also be used for the purpose of providing credits to enable Canadian producers to send their goods to European markets, without which our present business prosperity could not continue.

The Finance Minister of Canada is calling for three hundred million dollars for the above purpose, of which our Province is asked to raise seventeen millions. This is an arduous task, but it can be easily accomplished if everyone does his or her share.

The Superintendent of Education is sending you a "Model Lesson" prepared with the object of interesting the pupils. Will you be good enough to take advantage of the lesson, and impress upon the scholars the duty of helping in their own way to promote the success of the Loan. For one thing, they might take a personal pride in helping to secure for their own Town or District the Prince of Wales Honor Flag, to be awarded to each canvassing District reaching the amount of subscriptions allotted to it.

May I also ask you to exercise your personal influence in your own circle, on behalf of this Loan, which means so much to the general prosperity of all classes of the community.

Yours very truly,

## G. S. Campbell, Provincial Chairman.

## The Lesson.

## A Statement to the Schools of Nova Scotia from which it is Requested a Lesson be Taught.

Every boy and girl in the schools of Nova Scotia should know that Canada now needs much money and is looking to its citizens to supply it. In every school lessons should be given on how the Government of Canada gets money to carry on its affairs. All children can understand that money is needed to pay the salaries of judges, postmasters, and other officials and for railroads, wharves and other public works. As one of the ways to get money for these purposes the government requires every person bringing foreign goods into Canada to pay part of their value as Customs duty. The government also requires payment of a tax from persons whose income exceeds a certain sum. Then it gets money from the sale of postage stamps. There are many other ways of raising money. What is thus received is not sufficient to meet all the government's expenditure and more is borrowed, chiefly in times of peace, from a few wealthy individuals. Since the war began there has been need of very much more money and all, rich and poor alike. are
asked to lend the government as much of their savings as they possibly can. In doing this they will be helping Canada and be themselves well paid in the matter of interest.

Why Canada at this time needs so much money can be explained. Altho the war is over all of its cost has not yet been paid. In addition to this there are claims indirectly arising from the war to be paid. There is the cost of bringing our soldiers home; of paying them until discharged and a few months thereafter; of advancing money on loan for buying land to those who wish to become farmers; of training them in what is called vocational work; and of providing for the sick and wounded. But all the loan is not for our soldiers. Much will be used to pay farmers and manufacturers for the products they sell to Great Britain and our Allies in Europe. These countries are in great need of our products, but cannot pay cash at the present time. Canada, therefore, pays our farmers and manufacturers, and later on will be repaid by the Foreign Governments for this outlay. The result will be that employment will be plentiful in Canada, and business will flourish if the Victory Loan, 1919, is successful. Every doilar of the loan will be spent in Canada and farmers, fishermen, lumbermen, miners and workmen of all kinds, and indeed all classes, will be benefitted. Besides, it is better for Canada to borrow the money from her own people rather than borrow from foreign countries and have to send the interest out of Canada. In fact the money markets of the world to which Canada has had to resort in the past are now closed, and it is entirely necessary to rely upon the resources of our own people.

Every man or woman, or boy or girl, wholends money thru this Victory Loan of 1919 will have in the Government of Canada the best security possible for the payment of interest and principal. The rate of interest is high, being about double the rate that is paid by any Savings Bank. There is an old saying that high interest and poor security go together. Here we have an instance of high interest and absolute security.

The money you lend will be paid back in full either in five or fifteen years as you prefer. If you wish to have it repaid to you sooner you may have it paid back to you at any time you wish by sale of the bonds by means of a simple and easy transaction with any banker or broker.

In every county there is a large committee of men acting for the Government, and if you have money to lend all you need do is to see, at any time between the 27 th of October, 1919 and
the 15th of November, 1919, the canvasser in your neighborhood who is a member of this committee and he will gladly do the business for you free of all charge.

The money you lend to the Government thru the Victory Loan may be $\$ 50.00$ or any multiple of $\$ 50.00$. If all of moderate means invest to the extent of their ability the total sum received will be very large, and will greatly contribute to the success of the loan. It will be a matter of pride to every patriotic citizen to be able to say that he responded loyally to his country's call and gave 'of his substance to help her in her need. Every one should do his full part. The duty cannot be put off on your neighbor.

A great impetus is always given to any great scheme if the thoughts of all the people in the community are centered on this scheme, and their wishes united for its success. In securing this the co-operation of the schools is a very great factor.

While many teachers may not be able to lend money, all can render valuable help in making the loan a great success by making themselves familiar with the foregoing facts about the loan and imparting these facts to their pupils in lessons so thoro and in language so simple that all above the very elementary grades will have an accurate knowledge of the facts and be able to tell them to their fathers and mothers and friends in general, and thus induce them to take a hand in the very laudable endeavor to benefit their country by benefiting themselves.

## EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

## Oral Hygiene.

Dr. Geo. K. Thomson's first lecture in the course given at the Normal College is printed in this Journal (page 220) to enable all our teachers to have an opportunity of knowing the importance of "oral hygiene." In the M. P. Q. examination one question at least will probably be on the subject of this lecture.

## General School Sanitation

is known to be of more importance than was formerly thought. Dr. Ross L. Blackadar's suggestions published in the October, 1917, Journal (page 325), are recalled to the attention
of teachers and trustees. And also, this is a time when Professor D. Fraser Harris's lecture on the history of Vaccination should be re-read. See Journal of April, 1916 (page 33).

## Our Schools will not be Right

until there is a card index in every school room, noting the health condition, etc., of every pupil on his card each year-in graded schools the card to follow the pupil. This will involve the medical inspection of schools, which now being optional, is neglected by local school boards and ratepayers, who sometimes appear to be too unconcerned with the health of their children. As inspection is optional at present, why cannot progressive school sections move before compulsion comes, and thus prove their intelligence to the Province?

## VACCINATION LAWS.

Our teachers, we can assume, are acquainted with the history and development of Vaccination from the perusal of the sketch by Dr. D. Fraser Harris, of the University of Dalhousie, published for them in the April Journal of 1916 Vaccine is now the purest of all matter which can be taken into the human body, as proved hy microscopic investigation; and is oro the whole world it is the great by the biological test which shows that around ell as a most loathsome disease bulwark against what used to be a most fatal as well as a most loathsome disease of mankind.

The principle lately has been extended to control other terribly virulent diseases; so that in the great war of the last five years, there have been saved many millions of lives which otherwise would have certainly been lost but for vaccines giving immunity from such diseases as typhoid as well as small pox, of tetanus and of trench fever.

Some persons think, that in a remote part of the country where no small pox has been reported, there need be no vaccination. But this must be seen to be wrong from at least two points of view. First, for many an accident may start the population which is not made immune, forlit; and also to the undoing of the epidemic there to the injury of the localrotians. Second, it is unfair to vaccisacrifices of the 300,000 vaccinated Novatriotic, selfish miser or crank to save a nate the multitude, and leave some unpatriot, endangering the patriotic object scratch and a half dollar, while at the same treds of thousands of dollars of money of the multitude. The province has as the result of a few of such people, in the
small pox hospitals and quarantines, etc.

Yet our law in Nova Scotia tolerates these individuals, altho in New Brunswick, the United States and Quebec, no place is found for them. In other words our law allows "conscientious objectors" to get clear with a declaration.

The 400,000 people who are vaccinated see no fair play in the Nova Scotian exemptions, unless those exempt are taxed for the cost of small pox epidemics and quarantine caused by their conduct, if not also for business loss resulting to the public. So long as it is law, however, we must recognize the declaration.

## The Financial Tripod

supporting our schools is shown in the last Education Report to be as follows:

| Sectional Assessment | \$1,280,965 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Municipal Assessment | 163,994 |
| Provincial Grants. | 427,484 |

The Municipal leg is so short it is a wonder the system of support had not toppled over long ago.

Some people suggest making a new system-putting the sectional assessment in altogether with the municipal. That would be a tremendous change, restricting the local management, the results of which no one can predict. 35 cents per head gave the municipal figures above. Were this raised to $\$ 1.00$ per head we might expect the Municipal fund to amount to about $\$ 468,000$, making the Municipal leg fully as long as the Provincial. Let the Superintendent have your views on the matter promptly.

This would make a very substantial degree of equalization between the rich and poor sections and would run a very much greater chance of being endured; for it would still leave sections in charge of their own school. In other words, it would not be an utter revolution. It would be a toning up of the system as was probably originally designed. It is a simple matter as compared with the alternative which would introduce a radically new order.

## Salaries.

Many school boards have done nobly in raising salaries some way to offset the high cost of living. Pictou, Glace Bay, Bridgetown, Halifax and other places have done themselves honor, and have obtained or retained splendid teachers.

But the salaries in the rank and file of our system are simply scandalous. No criticism of the work of the school should be listened to, so long as such salaries are tolerated. What can be expected? It is a matter of life or death for the rural schools, because we cannot force able men and women to endure the meager remuneration and the raw or miserly atmosphere of some small schools, while they can get twice or thrice the pay with appreciation of their work in other occupations.

The cost of living has doubled since the beginning of the war. But the salary in the rural school where the products of the farm, the fisheries or of the factory have doubled in the most of cases, still remain little above the old figure.

The longshoremen of the Eastern United States coast strike for a wage of a dollar an hour; but some people will not allow us to make a law requiring at least one dollar a day for the teacher whose work is of a higher order and of more importance. Should our Inspectors and their District Boards bring into corporate life a school section so unfit to function? Should they continue to allow them to exist if they can be attached to other section, with some arrangement for aid in conveying the most distant?

The Superintendent asks for the opinions of people who think on these matters, to encourage him to press for a more appropriate system of minimum salaries, by next April.

## Compulsory Attendance.

The Cities and Towns Compulsory Attendance Law was originally optional. A few years ago it was made compulsory by the Legislature. Did any one complain? None. Why should the Legislature not make the present Rural Compulsory Attendance Law operative in every rural school section. It can do not harm to any one, as it is on the exact lines of the Cities and Towns Act, only having simpler procedure and a more generous age allowance.

Then why should not two cents be collected from the parent with the poll tax for each day his child should be in school but was not? Trustees might be required to fix a day in July where parents having a good excuse for the absence could present their case and win exemption if right.

This law would not really be a fine; but compensation to the section for Municipal fund lost thru the non-attendance. The system is absolutely fair, and besides has a good hortatory effect on the negligent parent. What is the objection to a system of this kind? Let the Superintendent hear!

The Register is already prepared for it, having a place for each school child in the section and the parent's address. The days of attendance are entered from the register. The days lost would be the difference between attendance and days school
was open. A pupil who did not attend at all would be absent every day school was open. The Secretary of trustees would have the data made up ready for him in the register before the teacher's return would be completed. The absentee compensation together with the poll tax would enable the Secretary to reduce the amount to be assessed upon the ratepayers which would not only be agreeable to them, but necessary justice; while it would be a caution to the careless parent. What objection can there be to this simple plan?

## The School Children's Motor Ambulance

for which $\$ 2291.84$ was raised thru the initiative of Mrs. Grace Tytus McLennan of Sydney, a photo of which will be found on page 158 of the April Journal of Education, 1916, has this month been returned, battered by an extensive war service in Europe, and hors de combat. It has been sent to the Technical College where its useful life may be restored and for some time preserved as a memorial of the efforts of the school children in the Great World War.

## SUPERVISOR E. J. LAY.

As the last form of the Journal is going to press, another of our leading educational veterans passed away on the morning of 29 October, without preliminary illness, and from a long, active, and useful life as a Teacher, Inspector, and Supervisor of Schools; and for some time a member of the Advisory Board of Education. As a citizen, E. J. Lay was also an eminently leading personality.

## Cadet Instructors' Course for 1920.

The Department of Militia and Defense of Canada is now preparing estimates with a view of reorganizing the Cadet Instructors Summer Courses interrupted by the war.

The Superintendent of Education has just been asked to estimate the approximate number of male school teachers who may desire to take such a course next summer.

Will male teachers who think they may probably take such a course next year, it it is offered, promptly send their name and address to him at the Education Office, Halifax, so that he may be able to secure provision for them, the applications being 1 egisteted at the Office in the order in which they come in. Journals of Education previous to 1915 , contain specifications of the original courses.

## Journal of Education.

## Published at Halifax, Nova Scotia. 5 November 1919.

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Editorial Comments


[^0]:    1. Explain "active attention," "passive attention," "secondary passive attention."
    2. What are the chief characteristics of (a) the formative, (b) the transitional stages of school life?
    3. Mention three types of Objective teaching, dealing with one type in detail.
    4. What are the steps suggested by Herbart for a development lesson? Illustrate one step.
    5. In three respects contrast the child's normal tendencies with the exactions of school life.
[^1]:    6:275

[^2]:    Christy Bell Stewart (X)
    7:334
    7:313

[^3]:    Marion C. MacRae
    Rachel Flora MacDonald

[^4]:    Note:-In the subject of General Knowledge in the County Academy Entrance Examination a certificate of a full years' course in Mechanic Science, Domestic Science, Agriculture or other vocational productive work shall count as three questions, with a maximum value of 30 points for a perfect course.

[^5]:    "High School students who look forward to teaching and who have in view their professional preparation at the Normal College should, as far as possible prepare tliemselves in the mathematics and natural science of the high school grades. Postponement of the study of these branches till the Normal College period places a candidaie at a serious disadvantage not only in seeking the diploma of the Normal College, but later, as a teacher in the public school. Reg. IV, Nor. Coll.
    "Candidates for a Domestic Science Diploma must hold a class B License or a High School certificate of Grade XI, with a teachers' pass in the science subjects of Grades IX, X, XI, or the equivalents." Reg. 261 (b) C. P. I.

[^6]:    [The "first year" course and the closing chapters of the book on "fruit-growing" practind "common weeds" will be valuable for general reading as well as for the mons in Grade VIIIJ.

[^7]:    Our future lectures will deal with the histology, anatomy, calcification, eruption and functions of the teeth, as well as their diseases; and will contain information as to methods of prevention, and instruction to pupils and parents with regard to home care etc., which will enable you teachers to play a leading part in a most important propaganda, a propaganda farther reaching in its effects on future generations than we at present realize.

    We nembers of the Dental profession, who realize perhaps more than the laymen, the evil results of ignorance and neglect of the the teeth, feel that this is an ideal opportunity for spreading the gospel of Oral Hygiene thruout the Provinct, but unless you teachers realize its importance and take the matter seriously, our work in this connexion will have been in vain, and thousands of children will grow up to manhoorl and womanhood (to say nothing of those who will die) in a weakened mental and physical condition, who might otherwise become strong and healthy specimens of our race.

    When you realize that a large percentage of diseases both mental and physical from which children suffer may be prevented by a little knowledge and care of the teeth, and that you teachers can in a large measure prevent so much suffering and even death, by following the suggestions which will be made to you, you will no doubt think it well worth while to assst in this propaganda, and spend parts of your school periods in imparting the necessary knowledge and instruction

[^8]:    "A four year Rotation Plan is recommended in teaching Agriculture. First year, Crops; Second year, Making Things; Third, Animals; Fourth, Soils. When this four-year rotation is finsihed we can start in again with the first years work. By this time the older pupils have graduated, and it has been so long since the first year subjects were studied that they will be new and fresh to both teachers and pupils.

    A word of warning here might be timely. Select subjects that belong to the region. Remember the important principle is to teach in the terms of the lives of the children. Fit the needs of the community. Distinguish between things which are merely interesting and things which are vital. To know that alfalfa was grown in Rome is interesting; to know how to get a stand of alfalfa is vital. It loes no harm for teacher and pupils to know things which are merely interesting, but in our teaching we must put the emphasis on the vital things.

    In studying each subject take up a few concrete points, and aim to get definite measurable results."

    ## LABOR SAVING DEVICES IN THE HOME.

    This is the day of labor saving devices in the home as well as on the farm. Scarcely any man would deny their place on thefarm, because he sees in their use a saving to him in dollars and cents, and that always makes a strong appeal. If a $\$ 60$ mowing machine will enable him to cut as much grass in one hour as his father cut in one day with a scythe, the argument is complete. But if a $\$ 60$ vacuum cleaner would enable his wife to do as much cleaning in one hour as her nother did in one day, he would doubtless spend a few months thinking about the expenditure of the $\$ 60$. Again, this is not necessarily because the man is hardhearted, unfeeling or stingy, but because if he thought of it at all he would feel that man is the bread-winner, that thru his labors the money and the wherewithal of life come into the home and any expenditure is therefore justified.

    In order to have any and all of these appliances in the home it is not necessary to be extravagant. If, as some political economists tell us, a woman is entitled to spend one-third of the yearly income, she can plan to get first those things which

[^9]:    "The Milk Testing goes well. Milk has tested from $1.8 \%$ to $9 \%$; cream, from $15 \%$ to $45 \%$. The boys are keeping score cards for their cows. One man came to the school to ask about the tests his boy brought home. He wanted to know whether a cow was not born with a certain test and never changed, and that testing was to cull out poor cows. After resorting to mathematics, kind of feed, and size of cows, I convinced him of his error. He then said: "I'll kill of those three cows and buy two that I shall not be ashamed of.' "

    The Women's Institute at Paradise has yoted money to carry on our canning experiments. They have given us a room with a stove and closet in it in a large clean warehouse."

[^10]:    "Several pupils bought War Saving Stamps and we look forward to form a War Savings Society with officers and thus obtain a charter from Ottawa.

    The lessons in Paragraph ( 1 ), furnished topics in Geography; the Thrift Magazine, of which each pupil received a copy, supplied Arithmetic Problems. Drawings in color were made including those sent with the essay "The Cow and Her Product."
    "Pupils continue with interest supplying material: plants, insects, etc., for lessons and potted plants for the school windows.

    We still receive the Educational Review, Canadian Teacher, Family Herald, Thrift Magazine, Daily Echo and the various publications of the Federal andProvincial Departments of Agriculture, which I have sent to the parents thru the pupils."

[^11]:    "In Grade XI there should be a careful review of the text book in English "Grammar, some special attention being given to the subject of the analysis of "sentences and to the history of the language as given in the Appendix, and that "the examination in this Grade be divided into two papers, the first to be upon "Grammar and Composition, and the History of English Literature; the second "paper to be upon English Literature-the mark on English to be the average on "the two papers."

