

(BY SIR WALTER SCOTT, BART.)

CHAPTER XIV.—(Continued.)

With sly gravity, interrupted only by private signs to each other, the Norman knights and nobles beheld the ruder demeanour of Athelstane and Cedric at a banquet, to the form and fashion of which they were unaccustomed. And while their manners were thus the subject of sarcastic observation, the untaught Saxons unwittingly transgressed several of the arbitrary rules established for the regulation of society. "Now, it is well known, that a man may with more impunity be guilty of an actual breach either of real good breeding or of good morals, than appear ignorant of the most minute point of fashionable etiquette. Thus Cedric, who dried his hands with a towel, instead of suffering the moisture to exhale by waving them gracefully in the air, incurred more ridicule than his companion Athelstane, when he swallowed to his own single share the whole of a large pastry composed of the most exquisite foreign delicacies, and termed at that time *Karun-pie*. When, however, it was discovered by a serious cross-examination, that the Thane of Cuningburgh (or Franklin, as the Normans termed him) had no idea what he had been devouring, and that he had taken the contents of the *Karun-pie* for larks and pigeons, whereas they were in fact *coquilles* and *nightingales*, his ignorance brought him in for an ample share of the ridicule which would have been more justly bestowed on his glibtongue.

The long feast had at length its end; and, while the goblet circulated freely, men talked of the feats of the preceding tournament—of the unknown victor in the archery games—of the Black Knight, whose denial had induced him to withdraw from the honors he had won—and of the gallant Ivanhoe, who had so dearly bought the hours of the day. The topics were treated with military frankness, and the jest and laugh went round the hall. The brow of Prince John alone was overclouded during these discussions; some overpowering care seemed agitating his mind, and it was only when he received occasional hints from his attendants, that he seemed to take interest in what was passing around him. On such occasions he would start up, quaff a cup of wine as if to raise his spirits, and then mingle in the conversation by some observation made abruptly or at random.

"We drink this beaker," said he, "to the health of Wilfred of Ivavoe, champion of this Passage of Arms, and grieve that his wound renders him absent from our board. Let all fill to the pledge, and especially Cedric of Rotherwood, the worthy father of a son so promising."

"No, my lord," replied Cedric, standing up, and placing on the table his untasted cup, "I yield not the name of son to the disobedient youth, who at once despises my commands, and relinquishes the manners and customs of his fathers."

"Tis impossible," cried Prince John, with well-tempered astonishment, "that so gallant a knight should be an unworthy or disobedient son!"

"Yet, my lord," answered Cedric, "so it is with this Wilfred. He left my homely dwelling to mingle with the gay nobility of your brother's court, where he learned to do those tricks of horsemanship which you prize so highly. He left it contrary to my wish and command; and in the days of Alfred that would have been termed disobedience—ay, and a crime severely punishable."

"Alas!" replied Prince John, with a deep sigh of affected sympathy, "since your son was a follower of my unhappy brother, it need not be inquired where or from whom he learned the lesson of filial disobedience."

Thus spake Prince John, willfully forgetting that all the sons of Henry the Second, though no one was free from the charge, he himself had been most distinguished for rebellion and ingratitude to his father.

"I think," said he, after a moment's pause, "that my brother proposed to confer upon his favorite the rich manor of Ivanhoe."

"He did endow him with it," answered Cedric; "nor is it my least quarrel with my son that he stooped to hold, as a feudal vassal, the very domains which his fathers possessed in free and independent right."

"We shall then have your willing sanction, good Cedric," said Prince John, "to confer this fief upon a person whose dignity will not be diminished by holding land of the British crown. Sir Reginald Front-de-Boeuf," he said, turning toward that Baron, "I trust you will so keep the goodly Barony of Ivanhoe that Sir Wilfred shall not incur his father's displeasure by again entering upon that fief."

(To be continued.)

NO PATENT. NO PAY.
PATENTS

obtained for mechanical devices, medical or other compounds, ornamental designs, trade-marks and labels. Caveats, Assignments, Interferences, Infringements and all matters relating to Patents, promptly attended to. We make preliminary examination and furnish opinions as to the practicability, free of charge and to those who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send us a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents, and other valuable matter. During the past five years we have obtained nearly three thousand Patents for American and Foreign inventors, and can give satisfactory references in almost every county in the Union.

Address: LOUIS BAGGERS
Co., Solicitors of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building,
Washington, D. C.

Canada
TEMPERANCE ACT

ULTRA VIRES!

THE subscriber is prepared to sell as formerly, (until further notice)

LIQUORS
In Large or Small Quantities
as may be required.

ON HAND AND FOR SALE:

50 DOZ.

English Champagne Cider
In Quarts and Pints.

It contains no Alcohol and is a Purely Temperance Beverage.

ALE & PORTER
In Quarts and Pints.

ALSO, AGENT FOR
JONES'S CELEBRATED ALE.

ALEX. BURCHILL.
Fredericton, Aug. 14, 1879.



NEW

WALL PAPERS!

OVER 25,000 ROLLS

Having received those papers before the Large Advance of Duties

on this class of goods came into operation, I will sell them at

My Old Price.

NEW CARPETS.

—IN—

BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY,
WOOL & HEMP,
RUGS to Match,
NEW SILKS,
SATINS, RIBBONS.

NEW DRESS GOODS

CURTAIN REPPS,

DAMASKS CORSETS,

And a general assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

JOHN McDONALD.
Fton, May 8, 1879.—tf.

Just Arrived!

ON CONSIGNMENT,
NO CHARDONSOLD MINE SYDNEY
COAL.

For Sale at Warehouse Very Low
J. G. GILL.
Fredericton, Oct. 7, 1879.

St. Mary's Hotel.

MILES & McKEEN, Proprietors.

This popular and favorite Hotel having just been nicely fitted up, the subscribers take pleasure in announcing that parties in want of board or rooms can be accommodated with the same at prices to suit the times. Special arrangements may be made.

St. Mary's, opp. Fton, Oct. 25.—3m.

AXES. AXES.

Now on Hand and For Sale
50 DOZ. HAND MADE AXES,

Warranted to be a superior article,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

At the subscribers workshop, Westmorland Street, Fredericton.

ISRAEL RISTEE.

Oct. ——. ——.



VOLUME II.

Business Cards.

Waverley House,

REGENT STREET,

Fredericton:

JOHN B. GRIEVES, Prop.

This Hotel has been established for 20 years; is convenient to the Public Offices, Steamboat Landings and Ferries, connecting with Riviere du Loup Railway; also, handy to the Free Market.

Stabling and Yard Accommodation second to none in the city.

Terms Moderate.

JOHN B. GRIEVES.

Fredericton July 26, 1879.—6 mos.

HOTEL,

Cor. King & Westmorland Sts.

BOARDERS, Permanent and Transient, may be accommodated at prices positively unapproachable.

Special arrangements can be made with the proprietor.

M. HAGEMAN.

Fredericton, Oct. 11.—3 mos.

English Champagne Cider

In Quarts and Pints.

It contains no Alcohol and is a Purely Temperance Beverage.

ALE & PORTER

In Quarts and Pints.

ALSO, AGENT FOR

JONES'S CELEBRATED ALE.

ALEX. BURCHILL.

Fredericton, Aug. 14, 1879.



Business Cards.

ALLEN & CHANDLER

Barristers, &c.

OFFICE:

PALMER'S CHAMBERS,

Princess St.

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

T. C. ALLEN. W. B. CHANDLER.

July 24.

WM. WILSON,

BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY AT LAW

CONVEYANCER, &c.

OFFICE, Opposite Normal School

QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON.

Accounts Collected, Lomas Negotiated.

July 5.

P. BRODERICK,

DEALER IN

General Groceries.

Country Produce taken in exchange.

Cor. Northumberland and George Sts.

Fredericton, Sept. 25th, 1879.

Boots & Shoes

CLAPBOARDS, SHINGLES,

BRICK AND LIME,

HARDWARE & PAINTS,

Groceries

CHOICE TEAS,

CROCKERYWARE, SPOONS

DRY GOODS, HAT, CAPS, Etc.

Country Produce taken in exchange.

Under Riviere du Loup House,

Gibson, Sept. 14, 1879. 6 mos.

For Sale.

200 Cords Dry Hardwood

75 Cords Softwood.

VERY

LOW FOR CASH.

The above will be delivered when ever ordered.

JOHN OWENS,

Queen Street,

Fredericton, Sept. 30th, 1879.—ff.

ELDON HOUSE

No. 190 Union Street, St.

John, N. B.

PERMANENT and TRANSIENT Boarders accommodated on reasonable terms.

W. A. LIVINGSTON, Proprietor.

Oct. 2, 1879.—1y.

GEO. LEE,

Boarding House

WESTMORLAND STREET.

Terms Cheap for Cash

Fredericton, Sept. 27th, 1879. 6 mos.

Daniel Lucy

KEEPS AS USUAL ON THE OLD STAND,

QUEEN STREET;

OPPOSITE THE CUSTOM HOUSE,

Where he will be found selling

BOOTS,

SHOES,

CLOTHING, &c. &c.

At REMAKABLY LOW PRICES.

All are welcome.

Remember the place.

DANIEL LUCY.

Oct. 6, 1879.—6mos.

NOTICE.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR

Hides, Calfskins,

Tallow and Bark.

BROWN & PALMER.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

Domestic LEATHER

Always on hand at

BROWN & PALMER'S,

Westmorland Street Tannery.

Oct. 28, 1879.—3mos.

GLASS

GLASS.

NOW LANDING AND IN STOCK:

250 BOXES Window Glass;

1 ton Putty;

RATES OF ADVERTISING
—IN—
Tri-Weekly Star.

SPACE.	LENGTH OF TIME.	RATES.
A Column.	One Year.	\$700
Half Column.	"	350
Quarter do.	"	250
4 Lines.	"	150
A Card.	"	125

Of the above spaces, half the amounts set opposite for six months, one fourth the amount for three months. Special arrangements for terms shorter than three months.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Shorter notices not more than one inch, 50 cents; subsequent insertions (each) for same space 25 cents.

Advertisements will be charged to the time of insertion if not ordered to be sent in writing.

Advertisments (outside the transient advertisements) payable every month.

Subscribers, ten cents a line.

Advertisers for the discontinuation of advertising contracts, after the time agreed upon, must be given in writing; also all continued "ads" will be charged at the regular rates.

WEEKLY STAR.

The advertising rates in the WEEKLY STAR are the same as those of the Tri-Weekly.

Advertisers who do not receive their papers promptly and regularly will please send word to the office.

Specified advertisements, may be made with the Editor & Publisher, at the office, 10 Queen Street, (up stairs,) Corner Queen and Regent Streets.

THE TRI-WEEKLY STAR.

PUBLISHED

Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings from the Office, corner of Queen and Regent Streets.

Terms: \$2.50 per annum, payable in advance.

Address "STAR," Fredericton.

The Evening Star.

J. E. COLLINS,.....Editor.

FREDERICTON, FEBRUARY 3, 1880.

JUST A WORD TO THE GOVERNMENT ON WHEAT.

We don't know whether what we have said about offering a bonus for wheat raising has had any impression on the Government or not; but we do know that such a course would commend itself to the people of the province, and might, and no doubt would, be the infusion of the breath of life into a most important industry. It is praiseworthy in a Government to preserve its balance when sections of the people cry "do this, and do that," but a government should be intelligent and practical enough in itself to see whether a scheme proposed to them is worthy of their consideration or not. We must reiterate the opinion that the Government could give \$3000 or \$4000 to no more laudable object than endeavoring to stimulate this industry.

Emulation is one of the greatest factors to success in every department in life. Every good Government offers bonuses for the stimulation of worthy enterprises; and out of the emulation, the striving of one with another for the offered prizes, results the success that speaks so well for the system.

But should the bonuses offered by our Government not stimulate the wheat raising industry, they would be no great amounts to lament over; and the Government might feel safe from legitimate and harmful criticism in the fact that they had made a move in the right direction: that the failure was not to be attributed to them but to the people.

Better the farmer to have a blooming field of wheat than turnpike roads as smooth as bowling greens to haul loads of unprofitable products to the market. Let the Chief Commissioner cut a little off the great roads and bridge grants next year; let the Surveyor General put his proteges on a smaller allowance, and let the savings be given towards helping New Brunswick's to raise their own bread.

There is no other industry in the province to-day that bears the promise this industry does. Why the farmers all tell you the "little bit of wheat" they raised last year was as good as gold to them. They can either take it to the mill or sell it for \$1.60, cash, per bushel. The yield from their land has been almost fabulous. It exceeds that of some of the best wheat raising districts in the States. The delusion that wheat becomes a prey to rust and weevil has passed away like many other unworthy theories. If the time came that New Brunswick could raise her own bread then indeed we should not have scores of our young men leaving the province by every train; and if the Government of New Brunswick could be the means of bringing this state of affairs about, they might then look back on something worthy their highest pride.

We have given considerable attention to the manner in which the government might allot the prizes, and are of opinion that the following order would best meet the requirements of the case:

Dollars. Acres.

1,000.....15

800.....12

600.....9

400.....6

200.....4

Or, the \$1,000 prize for the best yield from 15 acres; the second prize for the best yield from 24 acres, and so on down to the fifth prize.

It is difficult in matters of this kind to select a plan that will be fair to all; but we think it will be seen that the method we propose would be fair to every class of farmers in the Province. The scheme we lay out may not be perfect in detail, but we feel quite confident it is correct in principle, and very much easier to criticize than to devise. If only one prize were offered, there would be no chance for the poor farmer but in the plan we propose there is the same inducement to the farmer with his four square acres, relatively, as there is to the gentleman farmer with his hundreds of acres.

We wish the press of the Province

that usually takes an interest in such matters would help the scheme along. The *News* of late has had a little to say on nearly every subject; the Province and the *Star* would be thankful for its opinion on this scheme. It might not be fair to expect the *Telegraph*, not yet divorced from its best project, to say a word for wheat, though every one who takes the trouble to think must see how much more important the one is than the other. We command the scheme to the government. We command the scheme to the government.

DANE PETERSEN'S SCHEME.

Let the government by all means, give legitimate aid to this Dane Petersen, if he can satisfy them that his Immigration Scheme is worth bothering about. We certainly believe he can entice a few straggling Danes to come here each year, but such a flood of immigration as he pretends to say he can bring to our shores, is simply preposterous.

We know Mr. Fraser is not very impulsive, nor Mr. Wedderburn either; neither have we any reason to believe that any of the rest of the government would hearken unto the high sounding story of this ambitious Dane.

Let the government give to Dane Petersen just what they would give to any other Commissioner, but no more. He is worthy of no more, and perhaps should not be trusted with as much.

We are perhaps pestering our readers with so many references to this Scandinavian, but it is necessary that we should to so. So long as the government sits down to listen to the obsolete Lisear, so long will he pour his high tales in their ears. Every visit he makes here is on that mission though the poor Danes from the settlement curse him and say "this cay for him to roam about at the country's expense." We would say to the government, watch this Dane, for there is a certain amount of Scandinavian cunning in the fellow that might deceive the unwary.

A WICKED LITTLE PLAGIARIST.

The last number of *Grip* is before us and we are surprised to find the little brat, usually considered original, guilty of brazen faced plagiarism. It has a cartoon representing local politicians at Ontario to whom *Grip* in his crow's head is talking:

Mr. Grip—Well, Master Mowat, and what are you doing just now?

Master Mowat—Nothing, sir.

Mr. Grip—And you, Master Meredith?

Master Meredith—Please, sir, I'm helping Oliver."

This idea is stolen from a cartoon which appeared in *Punch* several years ago, and which has lingered on our memory.

It was during recess and Her Majesty said to Lord John Russell, who stands before her like a truant school boy.

"Queen—What have you been doing John?

John—Please, mum, nothing.

Queen to Palmerston—And what have you been doing?

Palmerston—Please, mum, helpin' John."

We hope *Grip* will keep in mind that there is someone down in New Brunswick who keeps an eye on what he is "doing."

A DREADFUL SENTENCE.

LEFURGEY the forger has received a terrible sentence, imprisonment for life. We are of the opinion that as what is virtue may be carried so far as to become a vice, so too severely may be carried to barbarity. By all means let crime be punished and let the forgers punishment be dread and severe; but let it be remembered it is in human nature to err and if the other Judge be as severe on us for our offences, then few will see glory. We only speak of the case before us from taking the abstract view of it; but the more we look at it, the more have we to condemn in the sentence. Forgery is an insidious offence, against which it is difficult to guard; but suppose a thief stole \$10,000, he would not be sentenced to imprisonment for life: Yet if he forged half that amount he is incarcerated during his natural life. We can see how this can be justified. Better whip the wretch till the skin hangs off his back, and feed him on bread and water for a period of years. Aye, nearly as well hang him as to shut him up for life in a prison. But we are not a Judge, though we do enter a protest.

MORE SNEERING.

How pleasant to be rich and honored! In a few days the Empress Elizabeth of Austria will leave for Dublin, where with some of the greatest nobles of Canada she will spend a fortnight in fox hunting. Their will be ballooning of grooms, barking of dogs, and scampering of foxes—and right royal sport.

The German press is becoming interested in the distress in Ireland.

The French Government repudiates any interest in the Leopold Canal. It is just as well. The American Government would not consent to the building of the canal because it would rob their transcontinental railroads of their traffic; and France would not be prepared to assist in having it built. We predict, that canal will never be built.

CHEAP SALE

AT

substantial is needed while nothing gorgeous and unnecessarily costly would be acceptable to the people.

It is just doubtful, however, if the local government, without some aid from the Dominion, are prepared even to give us buildings not costing beyond \$100,000. [The Government has asked for tenders.]

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK: A Manual of Information for Intending Settlers with a description and map of the Settlements, etc. (By Hon. M. Adams.) Fredericton, New Brunswick.

"This pamphlet speaks for itself, and is a very faithful representation of the opportunities and advantages presented to intending settlers in the sister province. It is published of course in the interests of emigrants, and to that class of folks it is undoubtedly a work of very considerable value. It is published from the office of the Fredericton Star, whose editor has our thanks for it.—North Star, St. John's, N. F., 17th ult.

Why he is Called Buffalo Bill.

William F. Cody thus explains how he came to be called "Buffalo Bill": "In 1867, when the Kansas Pacific road was being built, I was in the service of the Government. One of the managers of the road came to me and said the men were out of meat, and asked me what I would contract to furnish twenty-five buffaloes a day for. I told him I was in the service of the Government and could not work for him at any price. The company, however, made an arrangement with the Government, and got off, and he hired me at \$500 a month to shoot buffaloes. I thought \$500 a month was the biggest salary any man ever received. I went to work and in eighteen months killed 4280 buffaloes. The Irishmen employed on the road as consequence, became very tired of buffalo meat. When they saw me coming they knew my appearance heralded a fresh supply of tough buffalo meat, and they said one to another, 'Bogad, here comes Buffalo Bill again; sharpen your grinders, we'll have more buffalo meat now.' I soon became known along the entire line of Kansas Pacific as 'Buffalo Bill.'

Canadian Salmon in Glasgow.

[Glasgow Herald.] One of our enterprising fish merchants have sent a fine salmon (about 100 lbs)—brought west from Canada, a forty-two pound fish which we examined yesterday, being in excellent condition, and apparently the worst for its long journey.

Having partaken of part of a cooked fish, we can vouch for the gastronomic qualities of the Canadian salmon as being much superior to those of the Dutch and Norwegian fish, which we usually receive during the winter season, and of the former of which, owing to the Rhine being frozen over there is this season no supply.

The Canadian salmon is sent to Europe on the same plan as has been adopted for the carriage of American dead meat in refrigerated chambers—a cargo which reached Billingsgate some weeks ago on another plan, having paid a failure. The fish now being sold in this city, we believe, taken in the Bay of Chaleurs, a wide inlet of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and are in every respect equal to our good clean salmon. The bay in question receives the waters of the Restigouche river, which will doubtless afford the fish a protracted cradle during their spawning season, which, in this case, of the samples we have examined, does not appear to be within the limits of the close time appointed for our British rivers, and gives us further proof that what has been asserted in the *Herald* is something more than theory, namely, that we ought to be able to capture clean salmon in the Tweed all the year round. A large number of salmon are annually captured in the Bay of Chaleurs, the take of last year having been computed at 500,000 lb. weight, the fish averaging from 15 lb. to 20 lb., one two of 50 lb. weight being occasionally captured. Canadian salmon will never, however become cheap.

MISCELLANEOUS.

How pleasant to be rich and honored! In a few days the Empress Elizabeth of Austria will leave for Dublin, where with some of the greatest nobles of Canada she will spend a fortnight in fox hunting. Their will be ballooning of grooms, barking of dogs, and scampering of foxes—and right royal sport.

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CHEAP SALE

AT

GUIOU'S

Variety Store!

During the next THIRTY DAYS

GOODS WILL BE SOLD

AT COST

FOR CASH to make room for Fall Stock. British and American Silver taken at the face for goods.

WILMOT GUIOU.

Fredericton, Oct. 14th, 1879.—1f.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$3 free. Address: SYLTON & CO., Portland, Maine.

H. E. PERLEY. Enquire of

CHAS. E. PERKS.

F'lon, Jan. 31, 1880.—1f.

Just Received from Boston:

15 OZ. Snow Shovels;

30 doz. pairs T and Strap Hinges;

10 M. Carrington Bolts;

2 Cases Wood Screws;

10 doz. Angle Bits;

For Sale by

jan 31 JAMES S. NEILL.

PAYING BUSINESS

and permanent agency at canvassing for the popular

newspaper, *The Contributor*. 64 columns,

13 despatches, religious and secular. Rev

13. Earth, Linen, Wool, and other articles

and preachers write for it. Takes everywhere

"BETHAZZAH'S FEAST," a Fine Steel Plate

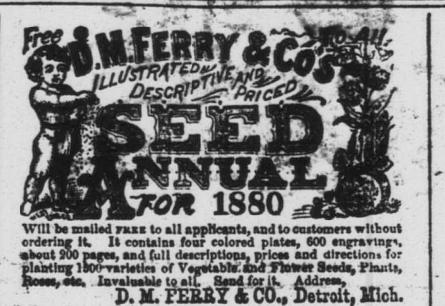
(20 x 24) engraved especially for "The Con-

tributor" to be sold at reduced prices.

Extraordinary inducements to agents. Large cash

commissions; also \$600, \$1250, \$125, &c., in

cash prizes.



CANDIED

Orange, Lemon and

C

NEW STORE !

New Styles.
New Goods
Bottom Prices,

Boots & Shoes

IN THE NEW
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
Shake's New Building.

The subscriber has just imported a new and select stock of

Men, Women and Youths'

BOOTS & SHOES,

.....FOR SPRING AND.....

SUMMER WEAR

From the very best FRENCH KIDS, to the cheapest quality. Also a new and select stock of

HATS, OF ALL SIZES AND STYLES

The latest fashion and cheap for cash.

I am prepared to sell the present stock at the LOWEST Prices, having purchased before the

National Policy came into operation.

The stock has been mostly manufactured expressly for me; the balance has been selected by myself. Give me a call and see quality and prices for yourself.

THOMAS LUCY
Shake's New Building, Queen Street
NEXT TO THE BAKER HOUSE.
Fredericton, May 8, 1879.—4.

JUST RISING FROM THE ASHES !

OWEN SHARKEY

Now occupies his New Building, (at the old stand), where he will be glad to meet all his old friends and customers, and all others who will be kind enough to favor him with their patronage.

The Stock comprises

CLOTHS, TWEEDS and WORSTED COATINGS,

Ready-Made Clothing for Men and Boys.

ALSO HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES

ROOM PAPER, &c.

All imported previous to the advance in the Tariff will be sold at prices that must guarantee satisfaction.

OWEN SHARKEY.

1ST PRIZE AT EXHIBITION, In 1878.

BROOMS

AND WISPS.

We Respectfully Solicit the patronage of those in the trade.

All Orders Promptly Filled & Satisfaction Guaranteed.

REED & REED,
QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.

Sept 16

WANTED!

CONSIGNMENTS OF

Oats, Buckwheat,
Potatoes, Bran,
Butter, Eggs, &c.

CHARGES MODERATE:

RETURNS PROMPT!

We have every facility for handling PRODUCE, and will always endeavor to obtain the Highest market Price.

All enquiries in regard to prices, etc., will receive prompt replies.

Goods purchased for our CUSTOMERS Free of Charge. Address,

WHITTIER & HOOPER,
Commission Merchants,
Fredericton, N. B.

Nov. 7, 1879.—wk. 3m.



Howe'er it be it seems to me
Whatever my rivals say
I can manufacture the equal
Of the Deacon's One-Horse Shay.

Carriage & Sleigh FACTORY.

WAGONS AND CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS AND PUNGS

Built to order in the Latest and Most Approved Styles. Any vehicle from our establishment guaranteed to wear out.

CARRIAGES PAINTED, FRAMED AND REPAIRED.

A number of Carriages for Sale cheap for Cash. Special terms can be made by calling on or writing to the proprietor.

R. COLWELL,
King St., Fredericton,
Oct. 14th, 1879.—1yr.

T. B. DUNPHY, Permanent and Transient BOARDERS.

NEXT ABOVE GEO. HATT & SOXS.

Queen St. est Fredericton, N. B.

HORSES TO LET.

Fredericton, September 26 & now.

LADIES' Felt Hats MADE OVER

INTO LATEST STYLES AT

The American Hat Factory,

OPPOSITE NEW POST OFFICE,
Oct 18 Queen Street, Fredericton.

Lemon's Variety Store

CHRISTMAS

FANCY GOODS. 63 Styles and Sizes of Dressed and Undressed DOLLS. A very fine and large collection of Bohemian, German and English China and Porcelain Fancy Cups and Saucers. Christmas Cards in Profusion, of many styles. Wood Toys, Tin Toys, Glass Toys, etc.

LEMON'S VARIETY STORE.
Dec. 2.

To Whom It May Concern.

The Subscriber begs leave to thank his numerous customers for their patronage during the past and to solicit a conference of the same in the future. BOARDERS, PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT, may be accommodated at seasonable prices

WM. MCALPIN,

Fredericton, Oct. 14th, 1879.—6mos.

CONSUMPTION POSITIVELY CURED

All sufferers from this disease that are anxious to be cured should try Dr. Kisser's Celebrated Consumption Powders. These Powders are the only preparation known that will cure Consumption and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs—indeed, so strong in our faith in them, and also to convince you that they are no humbug, we will forward to every sufferer by mail, post paid, a free Trial box.

We don't want your money until you are perfectly satisfied of their curative powers. If your life is worth saving, don't delay in giving them a trial, as they will surely cure you.

Price for large box, \$3.00, sent to any part of the United States or Canada, by mail, on receipt of price.

Address, ASH & ROBINS,

309 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Oct 30—W. IV.

WINSLOW TILLEY, Druggist & Apothecary

ST. MARY'S FERRY.

OPPOSITE FREDERICTON, N. B.

Prescriptions carefully compounded from Pure Drugs at all hours.

Oct. 14th—3 mos.

RICHARDS' RAILWAY TICKET AGENCY

ext Door above People's Bank.

Fredericton.

Through Tickets

Now issued to all points West, over any of the Great Lines of Railway; also to any point on the Intercolonial R. R.

Represents—

Intercolonial, St John and Maine Eastern, Maine Central, Boston and Albany, Pitchfork, Moose Tunnel, Canada, Lake Shore and Michigan Central Great Western, and numerous other first-class Roads.

Tickets to over a thousand different points West.

Always on the counter for free distribution, Railway Maps, Time Tables, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS.

Oct. 25, 1879.

THE

FREDERICTON LEATHER COMPANY

PAY CASH

FOR

Hides, Bark and Tallow.

ISAAC W. SIMMONS.

Nov. 13, 1879.—3mos.

Manager.

PETROLEUM.

WE BEG TO

Caution

The trade and consumers against the use of any

ROCK, OR

COAL

OILS

Branded with a STAR, unless our name in full appears on each package. We have commenced proceedings against parties for the infringement of our

Trade Mark

SILVER STAR

(With a five-pointed Star painted red each package.)

WE ARE ALSO PACKERS OF

REFINED OIL

In patent oil cans, and are the only manufacturers in Canada.

Producing a very high grade of Re-

fined Oil, we guarantee the same for

gravity, fire-test and burning quality.

ASK FOR

"SILVER STAR."

New Brunswick Railway.

TIME TABLE.

BEGINNING MAY 15th, 1879.

PASSENGER TRAINS.

LEAVE, A. M. ARRIVE, P. M.

Gibson, 9.00 Gibson, 4.00

Woodstock, 10.25 Woodstock, 3.35

Caribou, 8.15 Caribou, 5.00

E. Edmundston, 5.30 Edmundston, 7.45

T. HOBEN, Superintendent.

Fredericton, May 18th, 1879. Jly 29

THE "STAR"

Intercolonial Railway.

Summer Arrangement, 1879

On and after Monday, the 14th July, Train will leave St. John Daily, (unless excepted), as follows:

At 8.00 a. m. (Express) for Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene, and Prince Edward Island (during navigation,) and for Newcastle Campbellton and intermediate points accommodation from Moncton.

At 11.45 a. m. (Accommodation) for Point du Chene and Way Stations.

15.15 p. m. (Express) for Sussex and Way Stations.

At 4.45 p. m. a special will leave for Sussex and intermediate stations for accommodation of passengers.

At 8.00 a. m. (Express) for Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 10.00 a. m. (Express) from Sussex and Way Stations.

At 12.00 p. m. (Accommodation) from Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 14.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 16.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 18.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 20.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 22.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 24.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 26.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 28.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 30.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 32.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 34.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 36.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 38.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 40.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 42.00 p. m. (Express) from Halifax, Pictou Point du Chene and Way Stations.

At 44.00 p. m. (Express