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Written for The Canadian Phibatelic Weekly

# GeograpRical aņo Hio- <br> torical enferences in prilately. 

## BY L. H. Henton.

等ROM the designs and character on, and the condition of, many stamps much geographical and historical knowledge may be correctly inferred.
If a certain country issues only imperforated stamps the natural inference is that the country is not far advanced in civilized arts. Examples of this are found in the issues of some of the native Indian states,-Bapra, Bhore, Jummoo, Pountch, ete.
The comparative density of population may be inferred from the comparative number of stamps of the different issues used ; ditto, its commerce to a certain extent.
A country issuing no surcharged stamps shows a gool financial solidity, thus manifesting an independence of resorting to surcharges, either for economical or for speculative purposes. In some instances the immediate demand for certain values make surcharging an imperative necessity.

Chili is a good example of the unsurcharging class, all the better for being a neighbor to Peru, the whirlpool of surcharges.
That the United States is a commercial nation of patriotie people is manifest by the portraits and profiles of various statesmen on our stamps, and also by the reproduction of historical paintings, pictures of coats-of-arms, steamships, locomotives, etc.
The Confederate Provisionals give evidence of postal difficulties in the south during the great civil war.

Look at the Afghanistan stamps ! Do not those idiotic faces suggest a people given to
idolatry ?

From the Bavaria return-letter stamps do we not know at once that Augsburg, Bamberg, Wunchen, Nuremberg, Regensburg, Speyer, Wurtzburg are in Bavaria ?
The keys on the Bremen, and the castles on the Bergedorf and Hamburg stamps suggest the German castles.
British Guiana's ships tell us of the commercial instincts of its people.

Canada's beaver and Newfoundland's codfish, seal and vessels are emblematic of zoological, ichthyological and industrial matters in those places.
The various borders of the official Cubiertas stamps of Columbian Republic, and the fourteen varieties of paper on which many of Great Britain's envelope stamps are impressed imply a diversified varicty of taste
One would know that Congo was a Belgian possession by one look at the stamps.

That China, Corea, Hankow, Hong-Kong, Japan and Shanghai are in the "Celestial Empire "is evident. The birds of paradise on thes amps of Japan are also very suggestive. An Architectural taste (combined with a taste for American dollars) is evinced by the geometrical designs on Cuba's 1883 is-ue
The pyr.mids on the Egyptian stamps bring us to the conclusion that those Egyptians knew ing long before Brutus playfully inserted his jack-knife hetween Casar's ribs, or in the back of the neck, or as the case may be. I am a little uncertain about the precise point of conaction.
The changes in the government of France are apparent in the stamp issues.
The stamps of the various German states are all characteristic.
The very names on the stamps from Ivory Coast and Gold Coast tell the story of the production of those places. I wonder when Grain Coast, Slave Coast and Windy Coast, all near
by, will have stamps ! by, will have stamps !
All the British Colonies have, as does the mother country, the head of the Queen on their stamps. We do not know how many times place it above appeared, but we will venture to "tace it above a thousand. Some day we will "take a week off" and count them. The idea of the Queen's head on all these colonials does not necessarily signi'y patriotism, as many poor colonists cannot help themselves.
Hawaiian stamps remind us in many points of our own.
The post-horn on, and in (watermarked) the stamips of Brunswick, Hanover, Hungary, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, ete., reminds us of indigenous postal eustoms ; also suggesting In pastoral occupations.
In India the crude designs of stamps for the interior portray the extent of their cultivation. The swarthy faces surmounted by turbans on the Holkar and Sirmoor stamps each tell of the climate of the comitry and physiognomical characteristics of the inhahitants. The study of ethnography is one of the educational at. tributes of our philatelic treasures. The elephant represented in the watermark of the British Indian stamps tells more about the "inhabitants " of that sunburned country.
Liberia is another elephapt country. Here Elephas Africanus has for a neighbor the hippopotamns. This warm country is the home for the palm trees and colored gentlemen.
New South Wales is easily located by lecolirr petit after seeing one of the five shilling stamps of 1889. The stamps of some of the Panama issues have maps on them also, and are likewise useful. The stamps of the Centennial issue of New South Wales alone furnish material
enough for a story. Apropos to enough for a story. Apropos to my own sug. weekly readers. The lyre bird, kangaroo and emn, as does the portrait of Capt. Cook, all mean something.
The Peruvian local surcharge of 1882.5 bring
to mind the troublous times in that country chilig that period - the hot time they had wion chili.
From the Roumanian carly issues we learn the former name and extent of this kingdom-Mol-
davia. davia.
Salvador stamps bring before us her volcanoes and Columbus arrival on this continent. This is where was laid the scene of a certain Wag's little joke, when he remarked that Columbus immediately on arrival asked what time the ext train left for Chicago.
On the Sumoan issues we find the palm trees again.
Like Roumania, South African Republic issues tell us of a once different name, this one being Transvaal-the countro across the Vaal.
The tiger in his jungle is faithfully portrayed on the individual stamps of Straite Settlements.
The newspaper stamps of Turkey are attached to the papers before they are printed, and this fact is plainly apparent by the appearance presented by a used newspaper stamp of that empire, the printing forming the cancellation,
Venezuela's educational development is manifest on the Exruela (school) stamps, the proceeds from the sale of which go toward pay
ing the school expenses. Western Austral expenses.
Western Australia-Swan River Settlements -stamps are aptly illustrated with the swan. And so on with other instances, for I have taken only the mos prominent ones.

## From our Regalar Correspondent

## OTTAWA NOTZS

## by w. I. sabotrin.

Stamp collectors are increasing rapidly in numbers in our city. The rising generation are constant visitors to the offices and banks where
they obtain whatever they obtain whatever stamps are amassed by the clerks during the week.

An exchange department has been organized here in connection with the Ottawa Philatelic Society. Since Mr. Hooper hal business to attend to down in Joliet, Quebec, Mr Charles Prasks, formerly of Toronto has been appointed President, and Mr. Codville exchange Superin-
tendent.

## -

A half-penny Canada perforated was recently noticed in one of our exchange books matked at 812, but coilectors were not inclined to take it, and it was left owing to the high price.

## 6

Stamp collecting is advancing in the Dominion. Our time would be wasted in trying to compare it with three years ago. New recruits are coming in daily smiling as they enter into the field, and the majority of them are constantly show. ing outsiders their collections, which bas the effect of inducing others to begin. Five years hence it is my belief that a great change will take place, and that comparatively few will hes.
itate in becoming stamp collectors.

## Canadian Zhnilatelic 洁celky

published every thursday.

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THE CANADIAN PHILATELIC WEEKLY,
LONDON,
$185 \%$ Dundas Street,

## London, Canada, Femuary ath, 1894 <br> $\sqrt{\text { EDITORIAL. }} \rightarrow$

Mr. Harry Hegel, a well known Minneapolis collector, died recently.

## $\cong$

We desire to call the attention of our readers to the fraud which Mr. Chris. Peterson mentioned in his Chicago notes last week and which he exposes fully in this issue.

## $\cong$

We see by the Philatelic Kateidoscope that Mr. Edward Loring, of Chicago, says, that the jokes which Mr. J. R. Hooper got off in a recent issue of the Quaker City Philatelist are taken from an old issue of Puck:

Mr. R. G. Widdicombe, of St. Catharines, Ont, inform us that on the 25 th of March next he will issue a new paper which will be called The St. Catharines Philatelist. The size of the pages will be 5 3 by 87 , and will consist of from 4 to 20 pages monthly.

The colors of the Cuba stamps have again changed. The le. de. p. is now sky blue in color, the $2 \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{de} . \mathrm{p}$. is rose, the 2 hc. de. p . violet and the 20 c . de. p. light brown. The $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~m}$.
de. p. for printed matter is printed in rose.
Cuba supplies collectors with new issues altogether too frequently.

## $\cong$

The French post office at Valky, the crpital of Samos, in the French Levant is the latest of the French Colonies to be supplied with a series of surcharged stamps. Six varieties have appeared from this place, and are similar to those recently supplied the offices at Cavalla and Port Lagos.

Mr. Chas. E. Baboock has bought out the entire interest of the Hoosier Slamp, which paper is now in its second volume. The greater part of the paper is taken up by particulars of a prize contest which the publishers are conducting. A little solid reading would be appreciated.

The 19th auction sale of Messrs. R. F. Albrecht $\&$ Co. will take place at 25 Ann st., New York city, on Tuesday and Wednesday. Feb. 27 th and 28 th. The sale comprises some very fine stamps, most of which are the property of Mr. Bernh. Neumoegen, of New York city. In all the sale comprises somewhat over a thousand lots.

We have just received a circular announcing the publication of another new journal. It is to hail from Lynchburg, Va., and will be called the Virginia Philatelist. The Virginia Publishing Co. are the publishers, and the first issue is announced to appear on March the 25th. By the circular before us we are led to believe that this is the first philatelic paper that has ever appeared from this state.

The following area few of the principal prices realized at the Brock sale held in New York city on Wednesday vening January 31st: U. S. 1869 24c, with inverted medallion, brought \$88 : a used specimen of the 85 State, brought $\$ 40$; a lenoir local brought 866.75 ; a U. S. 30 c . yellow, grilled all over, $\$ 211$; etc. A large number of collectors were present and the bidding was lively. We expect to have a more extensive review of this sale next week.

At the 35th sale of Messrs, Ventom, Bull \& Cooper, which was held on the 14 th and 15 th of December, a large number of very fine lots were offered, among which we may mention, Tuscany, 60c. unused, which brought 210sh.; a Tuscany 3le, sold for 300 sh. ; damaged specimens of the 82,85 and 810 state department brought 205 sh. ; a'Vaud 4 c . brought 300 sh. ; a Basle 2hr. brought 80 sh., and a Great Britain 4d., on blue, brought 180 sh .

## $\cong$

The Sons of Philatelia, according to the January number of its official organ, has on hand twenty new applications and nineteen new members. Against this increase the following decrease is noted ; seven resignations accepted and fifteen new resignations received. How different is the progress now being made to what it was a year ago. Its young rival The

Philatelic Sons of America is progressing far more rapidly. Apparently the former Society is on longer a favorite.

At the 17th auction sale of Messrs. R. F. Albrecht \& Co. a number of very fine North American stamps were offered, and the following are a few of the prices realized: Athens, 5 c . violet, 855 ; Danvillc, 5c. red, 8140 ; Lenoir, 5 c . blue and orange, 891 ; Lynchburg, 5 c . blue, 842; Macon, 5c. black on yellow, fancy border, $\$ 75$; Macon, 5 c , black on yellow, plain border, 8125 ; Marion, 10 c . black, 8300 ; Rheingold, black hand stamp, 8141; many other lots brought equally high prices, and altogether the sale was a great success.

## $\cong$

Another new paper has been received. It is The Evergreen State Philatelist, and it is edited by Messrs. French \& Bundy, two well known collectors. The publication office is located at Hartland, Washington. The paper is rather small in size, yet it seems to be well edited and gives some very interesting reading. The publisher wishes to exchange advertising space for stamps. From this we may draw two inferences, either that money is not desired out there or that they do not consider their advertising worth cash and therefore offer it in exchange for stamps :

## $\cong$

Mr. John R. Hooper was brought before the Magistrate at Three Rivers, Que., on the 9th inst. The court rooin was again thronged by a very large crowd who came to hear whether the Magistrate would commit Kooper to the Criminal Court, or find the evidence insufficient and release him. The case was taken up by Judge Barthe at 2 o'clock, who read a long document giving his decision in the matter, and consigning Hooper back to jail to await the term of the Criminal Court which will be held in that place next June. Hooper's Solicitor applied for bail, but application was refused.

## $\cong$

We have just concluded arrangements with the author for two very fine lots of MSS. which will appear in the Canadian Philatelic Weekly, at an early date. The first is a series of twenty very interesting philatelic stories entitled "Tales of a Philatelist" written especially for our columns by Mr. R. S. Walters, a well known English collector. The second is a continued article on the "Philatelic Societies of the World " which has been prepared for us by Mr. A. O. East. These two lots are about the best of the kind we have as yet published and cannot but prove of interest to our readers.

## $\approx$

Nearly all the New Zealand stamps we receive now have advertisements ornamenting the back. It is said that the revenue which the government derives from these advertisements pays for the stamps and yields a good profit besides. Considering the size of the U, S. Columbian issue, which is twice the size of the New Zealand stamps, the U. S. government might have made a considerable amount by printing advertisements on the back. On the New Zealand stamps there are hundreds of
different varieties of advertisements, and already we hear of collectors who are starting to collect the different advertisements. Next !

## 플

According to Alvah Davidson, in Mekeels Weekly, on Thursday, the 30th of January, a man was arrested in the Bowery, New York city, earrying a satehel containing uncancelled postage stamps to the value of $81,945,50$. They were of the one, two, five, eight and ten cent denominations of the current issue. He stated that he purchased the lot from a man in Cincinnati, but as he was stopping at a cheap lodging house the police did not believe the story. They considered it the result of a post office robbery, the denominations being such as would be found in a small post office. As he looked like a typical erook his photo was added to the inspector's collection, and he sent to the Tombs for a later examination.

The French Colonies still continue to retain their reputation as the worst flock of black sheep philately has on her hands. We quote the following item in regard to these stamps from Stanley Gibbon's Monthly Journal: "We regret to learn from The L. P. that some of the absorbed colonies are to be exhumed. Diego Suarez is to lose its 'dependences ' and to have a new issue all to itself (has the so-called current issue ever reached its destination-postal, ntt philatelic?), and Nossi-Be and Ste. Marie de Madagascar are also to be fully provided, The same authority tells us of a new province with the extraordinary appellation of 'Djibonti,' which is to have a set of triangular stamps ranging in value from lc. up to 50 franes. We trust that all collectors will ' Djib 'at this addition to the load. Le T. P, gives the natae as 'Djibouti,' and states that only the 5 franes stamp is to be triangular, but that all are to be dated '1893-94,' thus giving promise of a future blessing."

## $\approx$

We see by the Philatelic Record that M Maury complains that his catalogue has been pirated by another dealer, who winds ap his preface with the snnouncement that "This catalogue has cost not less than a year's investigation and labor." From what M. Maury states, it seems clear that these investigations have been confined to ascertain what parts of the catalogue will best suit the purposes of this lahorious dealer to transfer to his own pages by the use of scissors and paste. M. Maury is one of the leading French dealers, and M. Vietor Robert admits that he is the accused party ; this latter gentlemen also occupies a prominent
position among the French dealers, M. Moens, position among the French dealers. M. Moens, of Brussels, Belgium, who is the oldest stamp
dealer in the world, finds that his catalogue has dealer in the world, finds that his catalogue has been subjected to a similar process, and pirated
in a wholesnle maner, errors and all, with a in a wholesnle maner, errors and all, with a
good deal of hopeless floundering about in tempting to piece the patehwork. It is anything bit agreeable for the authors of cata. logues to have their work pirated in this manner, whi is growing for too common. Weare, howaver, somewhat surprised to see that M. Victor Robart is the gailty party. : $\ddot{i} \frac{\pi}{\vec{j}}$

Mr. A. G. Apfi®on.


${ }^{21} 5^{\mathrm{B}}$R. A. G. ALLISON, of Toronto, is justly entitled to be ranked $3 s$ ones of the leading Canadian collectors. He is well-known in railway circles as the veteran train despatcher of the Grand Trunk. Mr. Allison's collection is one of the finest in Canada and is very complete. It is especially
rich in rare British North rich in rare British North American.

Written for the Casabias Pulatenic Weekl.v.

## " (OWhat eools ©We Mortalf Be."

## By WALTER A, WITHROW,

2Was five years ago that the accident happened which I am about to relate. I
had been collecting stamps abont had been collecting stamps about two
years, but as yet I had never seen a philatelic journal, and it was not strange that I was then ignorant of many little points with which I am now familiar.
About a mile outside the village in which I
ived, there resided a rich lived, there resided a rich but miserly old
farmer. He was a widower and livedal farmer. He was a widower and lived alone in a small house, but this summer he had a visitor, a young man from the city, who, it was whispered around, was the old man's heir and nephew.
How I became acquainted with the young man I do not now remember, bat soon we were on intimate terms and, if possible, our friendship was made closer by the discovery that he also was a stamp collector.
How many hours we passed studying and talking over our specimens ! One day 1 had told him of a 'find' that I had made in one of the old houses in the village, and before I had concluded my story, Fred (his name was Fred Williams), started to his feet and exclaimed :
"Save the rest of the story for another time. Walt, I'm going out to uncle's at once and search the home over, I'm sure I'll find something. Queer that I never thought of it before, but your story just put me in mind of the fact that I never thought to ask uncle if there were any old letters in the house. Wish me good luck, old man!'"
I thought it rather strange myself that the idea had not occurred to him before, but I said heartily, "I'm sure, I hope that you'll find something for your trouble," and I added, laughingly, " Ill take what you don't want off your hands."
"All right, please to keep that promise in mind."
Away he rushed, and I did not see him again until afternoon, when he came up to my office, two steps at a time, and bursting in at the door, he threw at my feet a packet of old envelopes and cried :
"There you are, Withrow. I'll take you at your word," and he dropped into a chair and watched me closely as I untied the string around the package and began examining the stamps. They were certainly a fine lot ; all of them U. S. five and ten cents, 1847. Some of them were unsevered pairs, and one block of four of the five cents value. But what struck me as peculiar was their uniformly fine color, and that they were all posted from the city, and I mentioned the circumstance to Williams. He replied carelessly :
" I noticed that, too, and spoke to uncle, but he cut me rather short, I expect it was because he was jilted. The handwriting on the envelopes is a lady's, as you can see. Uncle fished these out from an old trunk in his bedro $m$, after considerable persuasion. There were a few more stamps, but I can use all them myself. There was only one unperforated five cents second issue, but its a daisy copy, with great margins. Of course, you'll take these, won't you?"
I counted them over slowly -eleven tens and nineteen fives. Could 1 buy all of them ? I could, but it would take nearly all of my ready eash, for my income was exceedingly limited. But wern't they beauties?
"What do you want for the lot, Will?" I asked.
"Oh, as its you, they go for 812 , but I
could easily get $\$ 20$ for then in New Yors" could easily get $\$ 20$ for them in New York."
I yielded, though I had but a small sum left to my eredit when the amount was paid. I felt of my attenuated pocketbook ruefully, after Will had gone, but another look at my recently purchased specimens restored my spirits.

Three years passed. I now lived far from my former home and had a large clieatage, my practice bringing me a handsome income. I had not forsaken my collection, and spent many delightful moments in adding to it. But it was troublesome, keeping such a large collection in proper condition, and I resolved to specialize, selecting my own country as the favorite.
But, I must know more of these stamps, and a Tiffany history was sent for. Looking over its pages one evening, I chanced to read of the 1847 reprints or imitations, and the better to understand the articie, I brought out one of the stamps I had secured from Williams. Point after point wus taken up, and in every case my "tampe tallied with the description given.
"'Tis sad to relate," but I found that my friend: had palmed some of the reprints, pasted on old envelopes and fraudulently cancelled as originals.
Inever could find if he were any relation to the old miser and I did not investigate the matter closely, as now I was amply able to stand the loss.
I hardly know whether I was glad or sorry to find a few weeks later in a friend's collection, stamps bearing a similar postmark, and which I now knew to be reprints, and the description tallied with Fred Villiams. I vasn't the only one bitten!

Why do so many phrilatelie writers in contributing to our papers, hide their name and use a nom-de.plume? It is a bad habit and one which should not be used to excess. If you go so far as to write articles, notes, or poems, you should not be ashamed to acknowledge that
they are your productions. they are your productions.

Uruguay has just placed an order with Messrs. Waterloo \& Son of London, England, for eight million stamps of a new design, to replace the issue now in use. If Uruguay does issue stamps a little oftener than is necessary she usually has a very pretty set. Newfoundland, it is reported, will not issue a new set of stamps as
reported a short time since.

## CHICAGO NOTES．

by chbis，petvenos．
The thinl regular meeting of Branch No，I， of the P．S．of A．，was held on the evening of February 5th，at J．A．Pierce＇s rooms， 191 Clark At．The following officers were elected for the year of 1894 ：the Chicago favorite and phila． telic writer，C，E Nevern，was elected presi－ dent：Frank ，I．L．Fever，for vice－president ： and Chris．Peterson，for secretary and treasurer． Next meeting was called for the first Wednes－ day in Mareh．Several new items are to be brought up at next meeting to make it interest－ ing for the members．Meeting adjourned at 10.20 p．m．

## philatelic swinde．

In last week＇s notes collectors were warned against a Chicago party offering Columbian stamps at very low prices．We have in our possession letters written by the party，and other evidence to bring the party to justice．Follow． ing is a duplicate copy of a letter sent to F．N． Massoth．Hanover Centre，Ind：
 Adtrem Gen，1，Buwn

in ie $h$

Mr．Massoth，who has been swindled out of a small sum ly Byrne，came to Chicago on Feb． 8th and brought this letter with him，after furnishing us with a duplicate copy．Mr． Frank 3，Le Fever of the U．S．S．S，and Mr． Massoth went to post ottice inspector Fleming and entered complaint．Mr．Hoyt，another victim，had also sent in a complant，and all mail to fico．J．Byrne will be stopped，and next Monday he will be taken before the post－office authorities to open his mail．It is also under－ stood that Byrme receives consignments of stamps which he sells at any price he can get for them．All other information concerning said party will be thankfully received by Chris． Peterson， 193 Clark St．，Chicago，who makes a specialty of looking up all fraud debts，and also collects bad debts．

The Res．Vice－Presidency，of III．，for the S of P．，is wanted very badly by（i，R．Bryant， of 709 Maplewood Ave，Chicago．Mr．Bryant has sent out letters to all Chicago members for them to send his name in for the position． Chris．Peterson，of this city received the appointment some time ago，but owing to his large trade and lack of time，was unable to acoept it．

Join the Philatelic Sons of America．More benefits can be derived from this than any other society．It is a society for young honest col－ lectors，lady collectors especially invited to join． Application blanks can be had from Ralph N． Ascroft， 120 No，5th St．，Philadelphia，Pa．，or Chris．Peterson， 193 Clark St．，Chicago，III．

The latest craze in town is decorating with postage stamps．Quite a few novel designs have been made from them．There is also a few collectors of late who are giving some attention to post－mark collecting．What＇s
next？

## STAMP DEALERS＇DIRECTORY

A two or thrveline advertivenent under this heading s．00 per year，papable in adranec．Nixtra lines

BENSON，WMI．C．My Viatiast，Lomidn，


BOYD，L．B．${ }^{\text {to Coulbmes st．London C．Cunata }}$

## PIERCE \＆PETERSON

Chisago，III．，U．S．A．Wholesale dealers in U，S，Post
tase sommp．Columbians our specialty．Wholesale lis sent free on application．Collections bought．

## EXCHANGE．

We offer in exchange muare cut ac．Columbian envelopes yelope or wappers，or tor the same number of Canada en－
toc．，or BC，adhesives ；or ton for ten aoc．，or four soc ，adhesives．All values of Colum brian stamps for sale at whilesale，Price list fres

## PIERCE \＆PETERSON，

191 CLARK STREET，CHICAGO，ILL．

## UNUSED STAMPS．

Bos．wend tor one or my pmakecta

## E．F．WALKER，

## Taunten．Mases．v．E．A．

## CANADA F．F，LAW STAMPS．

 HALF PRICE．A．H．ADAMS，

## 12 Var．－COLUMBIANS－12 Var．

1 am now celling，for two weeks only，12 var． 1803 iswue My sampe for only $\$ 1,30$ post free and repistered． My packet No， 17 coutains yo var．U，S suamps，some of
wery tamp Princ oulting the Columbinan stampsand a 30 cen Send early for thas ary of Cow

A．A．CAUGER，

## STARE AT THIS ADV．

Fine Blank Rpproval Sheels OUR TRIUMPM HINGES， Complete Sels of Columbian Slamps natuy wan
Try our Fine Approval Sheets at $40 \%$ Com We fave Brgain！！mot mum unat LOOK AT THIS ONE！
 Whande，Transaal，Ceylot Br．Poteaterate，Conk Island and other fine stamps．Price，bo certs，post－said．

## Adrow－BEAVER STAMP CO＇Y，

 Hex 48\％，F．P．McDower，Manager．cavaba．

## BARGIINS IN PRCKETS．

Packet No．I contains 25 yarictics of stamps from rice only in ced

Parket No． 4 contains 100 varicties of foreign stamps and ciloultar．A hargain．Priee gs cents，nostpaid．

Packef No， 11 contain－ 30 varieties of U．S．stamps， pontpaid．demartments and old issues．Price is cents，

Preket No．is contains as varieties of U，8，Revenue Price zs cents，postpaid．
Packet No． 34 contains 25 varities of South American tamps，meluding Argentine，Brazil，Pery，Uruguay，Chili， elc．A splendid packet for the money．Priee， 2 s cents，

Paeket No． 41 contains 15 varieties of South Ameri－ splendid packet for a heginner．Price 13 cents，post－

## WM．C．BENSON． 204 Victoria Street，

LONDON，
CANADA．

## ＋HA GF PRICE ！

龺 SCARCE STAMPS AT
UNHEARD OF PRICES，事
We have on hand a very large stock of scarce stamps，
which we can offer at prices which defy competi． which we can offer at prices which defy competi－
tion．The stamps are in the finest pos－ifle condition，unless otherwise stated．The first column of prices are those given in Scott＇s s4th，white the second column are our own prices． Compare them．
TERMS－Net oush＇in advance．We do not send these found as represented money will be refiunded．All waysed spetimens and original gum．

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Soit's Our } \\
\text { Price, Price } \\
\text { Hahamas, } 185 \% \text { id. pale lake, umperforated. } \$ 1400 \$ 700
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
\text { - Harbados, } 1852 \text {, td, blue, blue paper. }
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Barlados, } 885 z \text {, id. hlue, white paper, } \\
& \text { Ceylan, } 8661 \text {, ith, and gd, kreen }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { "Ceylon, } 861, \text { sh, und gd. green } \\
& \text { "Ceylon, is61, sh. blue. } \\
& \text { tey....... }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Ceylot, 1861, zht, blue..... } \\
& \text { 'Ceylon, } 861 \text {, gd, dark brown } \\
& \text {-Mauritiun. } 8 \text { ? }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text {-Mauritius, 18s8, green. } \\
& \text { - Periu, 18s7, if, bluish }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - Peri, } 857 \text {, if. bluish paper. } \\
& \text {-Peru, } 1857 \text {, or, curmine, hluiv }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { *Peru, 1857, 2r. carmine, hluish paper } \\
& \text { "Queensland, s\&oc, sd. carmine...... }
\end{aligned}
$$

Queensand，1860，1d，carmine：
＂Queenslard，1361，3d．brown
South Australis，ish，slate，（sem
South Australia， 1855 ， $\mathbf{1 s h}$ ，orange
Transval， 1870, Id．red rouletied
Tranwaal，1800，6d，hlue，rouletted
Transvaal，1870，sh，kreen，rouletted
Gbectsland，registered，yellow， 1865
Trinidad，1851，rd，red，duivh paper
Trinidad， 1851, td，lyown violet，bluish paper
Trinidat， 185 t ，id．deep hlue，thuish paper
Trinidad， 8851 ，1d．brown，bluish paper
Trimidau， 855 ，rd，dull volet
Trinidad， 8554 4d，krey lilac
Trinidad， 8859 ，ish．blue black
V．，S，Interior dept，te，vermilion New South Wales，1862，od．blue，（anwink ） Canada， $1853,1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ ，pink，ribbed paper ＂Confederate States，1863，\％c，mose．．．
＇Confederate States，186；20c，greem Confederate States，1863，20c．green
Tasmania， 1853 ，4d，oranke Tasmania，r853，4d，oranke


U．S．1855，10c．，green
British North Porneo， 1889 ，\＄s．oo violet
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