



City of London Election.

Nomination in City Hall, Friday, 19th February, at 12 Noon.

Polling on Friday, 25th February, From 9 a.m. Till 5 p.m.

C. S. HYMAN
The People's Candidate.

Political Pointers.

Cargill's Majority in East Bruce Now Given as Ten.

The Liberals Will Demand a Recount.

Nominations in Bromo, Que.—Conservative Orators Who Fail to Connect—Hon. Wilfrid Laurier to Speak in the Interest of M. C. Cameron.

CARGILL HAS TEN MAJORITY.

The official count in the East Bruce election was held on Monday morning at the residence of Mr. Cargill, and resulted in a majority of 10 for Mr. Cargill. There will be a recount, and as the Reformers reported a large number of improper ballots accepted for Mr. Cargill, the prospects are that Mr. Cargill may yet retain the seat.

THEY FAILED TO CONNECT.

Mr. Cargill has been elected in East Bruce. But he need not thank the management for it. Dr. Manning had been killed for almost every night up to the election, yet he wasn't in the riding at all. Sir John Thompson was killed for Walkerston on Friday night. He didn't appear. Ditto with Hon. John Haggart in Tessa water. That kind of business doesn't pay in an election campaign. (Kincaid's Review.)

BROMO, QUE.

S. A. Fisher (Lib.) was nominated on Monday for the Dominion House for Bromo, Que., and Dr. McMillan for the Legislature.

HON. WILFRID LAURIER.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

Toronto, Feb. 15.—Hon. Wilfrid Laurier reached Toronto to-night on his way to Goderich where he speaks to-morrow night on behalf of the Mr. M. C. Cameron. He is in good health and in no way discouraged by the result of the elections. He was present for a few minutes at the banquet of the Young Men's Liberal Club held at the Walker House and upon entering the room was received in the most enthusiastic manner. The applause lasted for fully five minutes and the cheers were nearly deafening. In reply to the toast to "The Liberal Leaders" he said: "I have been ill, but I am not dead, and while we may have been whipped in some of the bye-elections, the Government will find at Ottawa a strong Opposition, prepared to do their duty and fight for the good of Canada." On account of leaving for the west, Mr. Laurier was compelled to cut his remarks short, but although he did not speak long he interested the large assembly with that enthusiasm which he inspires in all his followers. Mr. Laurier returns to Toronto on Thursday and leaves the same day for South Ontario.

NOTES.

Mr. D. W. Allison, the defeated Liberal candidate in Lennox, has demanded a recount.

The annual banquet of the Toronto Young Men's Liberal Club was held Monday night at the Walker House. President Frank Veigh presided and the speech was between 150 and 200 present. The feature of the evening was the unexpected visit of Hon. Wilfrid Laurier.

EX-PREMIER CRISPI RESIGNS.

Rome, Feb. 16.—The opinions say ex-Premier Crispi has resigned from political life, believing that his presence in the Chamber of Deputies is an obstacle to the formation of a strong Opposition, the leadership of which he resigned to Signor Zanardelli. He hopes, however, that his friends will not forget him when the proper time comes.

SWEETER THAN HONEY IN THE HONEYCOMB.

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Nothing is sweeter to the youthful and robust in health, but, alas! too many "Court in poetry and life in prose" after marriage. This is especially true of the wives whose changed relations bring on weakness and derangements peculiar to married women, so that their lives become "prayer." To all such Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a great boon. It cures weak backs, headaches, neuralgia and "bearing-down" pains, displacements and irregularities of the female organs. It is a restorative and invigorating tonic, strengthening the nerves and imparting new life to the tired and debilitated, bringing back the "roses to the cheek," and the "rainbow" to the eyes. Sold by all druggists, or guaranteed from its makers of satisfaction in every case, or price (\$1) refunded.

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Provincial Legislature.

Mr. Sol White Comes In for a Scoring.

The Leader of the Opposition Criticizes the Address—Reply of the Premier to Mr. Meredith—Mr. White Heard From—The Address in Reply to the Speech Passed.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

Toronto, Feb. 15.—The Legislative Assembly was occupied to-day in discussing the address in reply to the speech from the Throne. An otherwise dull debate was enlivened by a reference of Mr. Biggar, the mover of the address, to the members of the Opposition. Mr. Sol White, after referring to the different paragraphs of the address, he pointed out in reply to the charges made by Conservatives that debates were delayed, that the only politician who had described himself as an annexationist was Mr. White, the lieutenant of the leader of the Opposition.

Mr. Lockhart, in seconding the address, said that they had been assured by a member of the Ottawa Government that they would soon have in the Dominion Cabinet a man of ability, and possessing the confidence of the people of Ontario. This was generally taken to refer to the member for London, Mr. Meredith. He asked whether it was jealousy from within or pressure without, or that gentleman's modesty and disinclination to leave the scene of his present labors, which had prevented the adoption of the idea. Whatever the reason that honorable gentleman was with them still, and it was to be hoped they would long have him with them as the leader of the loyal Opposition, untainted by any doctrines of the member for North Essex.

Mr. Meredith replied to these remarks with some warmth. He little expected that an onslaught would be made on the Conservative party regarding matters entirely outside the jurisdiction of the House, and that matters would be imported into the debate which long ago had been put aside. He questioned the taste and propriety of such remarks. The Conservative party required no sponsor for its loyalty. He thought that the unfortunate death of the honorably deceased member of the House, Mr. Meredith, evoked thereby evidenced a feeling that to sever the isolated cases of those who wished to sever their connections with the British Empire, the great mass of the people were loyal, and that the great mass of the people were loyal, and that the great mass of the people were loyal.

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Berlin advices are to the effect that the Kaiser, however much he may talk peace, believes in no relaxation in getting ready for war. Work on the additions to the fleet is being pushed with great activity, and it is expected that the Kaiser will have a navy in the course of a few years able to rank very near to that of France. The Kaiser is reported to have said that the next war would be conducted on sea as well as on land, and that the navy only a weapon for Prussian aggression. Having no seaports or ocean commerce, they are not willing to pay for building up the commerce and prestige of the north.

It is intimated that the Kaiser's visit to his kitchen the other day was not altogether prompted by curiosity. Among the vagaries lodged in the Imperial mind is an appreciation of the fact that the Kaiser, it is said, thinks there are enemies both in and out of Germany, who would like to see him taken off, and who would enjoy seeing a child wearing a crown. This idea has been held in the Kaiser's mind that it has become very annoying to the Emperor and the rest of the family.

Gen. Booth's Triumphant Entry.

The monster procession of the Salvation Army on Saturday, upon the occasion of the "triumphant entry" into London of "General" Booth, was by far the greatest effort ever made by the Salvationists to attract attention to their work. There were 5,000 Salvationists in line, the number being limited to that. There were fully 20,000 other Salvationists in the throngs which witnessed the show. Everything that patriotism was done by the army. There were 4,500 red, yellow, blue and white pennants in the procession, so that it looked, from the houses, like a enormous many-colored sea. Proudly bearing banners in this rainbow-like parade was a representative battalion of junior soldiers, mounted on chariots, twelve in number, suitably decorated with mottoes as to their work among the children. Another was formed of the Slum contingent, then followed the cavalry force, next the "artillery," just inaugurated, mounted on a contingent of lifeboat men belonging to the army. Another interesting battalion was composed of the female cadets, a brigade of saved drunkards, and a contingent of the Salvationists with the trade contingent and representatives of the Salvation Farm Colony, with interesting farm trophies on chariots. The last battalion was composed of a contingent of continental officers in France, Germany, Italy, Switzerland and Spain, the officers of the field and headquarters staff in order of rank. Previous to the passage of this procession through the streets, General Booth had ordered the troops as they passed the barracks facing Buckingham Palace road. At night, a banquet at which 5,000 soldiers sat down, was held in Agricultural Hall. It is estimated that 2,000,000 people witnessed the parade.

A Corps in Nearly Every House.

Letters from St. Petersburg show that the telegrams which pass the censorship do not depict half the horrors of the situation. In the Province of Samara a Government official who went to carry relief to a village found it deserted. It is said, are found dead bodies of soldiers, and some of them contained several. In Penza the people may be seen praying for death. Suicide, however, is infrequent, no matter how terrible the situation. The Russian peasant, when his very last resource is gone, waits for death to come. The Government is already finding it difficult, on account of the enormous drain of the famine, to meet other expenses, and some official salaries are already in arrears. Work, however, is being pushed in the navy yards and on the military roads, the starving peasantry being largely employed for the latter purpose.

A Reign of Terror.

London, Feb. 15.—Executions and edicts cannot cover the evidence that the Spanish monarchy is resting on a volcano. In cities and country districts rampant, and there are plenty of intelligent leaders at work fomenting the spirit of discontent among the masses. Even priests, it is said, are found leading bands of so-called peasants, and it may be remembered in this connection that a humble priest, the brave Hidalgo, started the revolution which deposed the Bourbon dynasty. When the revolution broke out, the king fled to the throne. The executioners at Seville have only provoked a thirst for vengeance, instead of terrorizing the people as they wished.

Vandalism in Athens.

Athens, Feb. 15.—During the service at the President Church at Piræus yesterday a mob of men forced their way to the interior of the building and severely maltreated the ministers and the audience. They stole everything of value in the church, and then set fire to it. Before the church was destroyed the interior of the church was looted. The military authorities at once sent a detachment of troops to the scene of the outrage. The soldiers after they had subdued the fire turned their attention to the authors of the vandalism and succeeded in arresting many of them.

Saved His Sister.

London, Feb. 15.—Miss Kate Evanson, the adventurous girl of Reading who disappeared on Wednesday last on her way to school at Bristol, has been found. The police were watching for her all over the West of England, and following all the clues it was left to her own brother to trace his wayward sister to Shrewsbury, where he discovered her at an inn in male attire. She was willing enough to accompany him home and was restored to the arms of her parents. The escape was the freak of a romantic girl, who suddenly conceived the idea of putting into effect her long-cherished dream of visiting the world. She left the train at Gloucester, went to a clothing store, and bought the suit of man's clothes on the plea that she intended to give it to the poor person who had appealed to her for charity. She then went to the barber's and induced the man to cut her hair, on the pretense that she suffered from headaches. She later took the train to Middlesbrough, and while in the compartment of a first-class coach effected a change of clothing, leaving her suit of woman's apparel on the seat. At Middlesbrough she alighted, looking like a bright young boy. From that time she had a series of amusing adventures, managing to escape everywhere, and elude pursuit. Although the whole country was aroused and searching for her. It transpires now that Kate had made similar attempts to escape by the same means, but was prevented by the vigilance of her parents, and could not be restrained. There is nothing to be said against her character. Her motives were to escape the thralldom of home and school life, and seek a life of adventure. She was a high-spirited girl, and in her ignorance of the world, seemed one of innocent adventure. Her brother, who knew her ways and inclinations, followed her closely as soon as the search began, and succeeded in discovering her hiding place and rescuing her from danger.

Significant Vote in the House of Commons.

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Resigning a new Career at 90.

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The monster procession of the Salvation Army on Saturday, upon the occasion of the "triumphant entry" into London of "General" Booth, was by far the greatest effort ever made by the Salvationists to attract attention to their work. There were 5,000 Salvationists in line, the number being limited to that. There were fully 20,000 other Salvationists in the throngs which witnessed the show. Everything that patriotism was done by the army. There were 4,500 red, yellow, blue and white pennants in the procession, so that it looked, from the houses, like a enormous many-colored sea. Proudly bearing banners in this rainbow-like parade was a representative battalion of junior soldiers, mounted on chariots, twelve in number, suitably decorated with mottoes as to their work among the children. Another was formed of the Slum contingent, then followed the cavalry force, next the "artillery," just inaugurated, mounted on a contingent of lifeboat men belonging to the army. Another interesting battalion was composed of the female cadets, a brigade of saved drunkards, and a contingent of the Salvationists with the trade contingent and representatives of the Salvation Farm Colony, with interesting farm trophies on chariots. The last battalion was composed of a contingent of continental officers in France, Germany, Italy, Switzerland and Spain, the officers of the field and headquarters staff in order of rank. Previous to the passage of this procession through the streets, General Booth had ordered the troops as they passed the barracks facing Buckingham Palace road. At night, a banquet at which 5,000 soldiers sat down, was held in Agricultural Hall. It is estimated that 2,000,000 people witnessed the parade.

A Corps in Nearly Every House.

Letters from St. Petersburg show that the telegrams which pass the censorship do not depict half the horrors of the situation. In the Province of Samara a Government official who went to carry relief to a village found it deserted. It is said, are found dead bodies of soldiers, and some of them contained several. In Penza the people may be seen praying for death. Suicide, however, is infrequent, no matter how terrible the situation. The Russian peasant, when his very last resource is gone, waits for death to come. The Government is already finding it difficult, on account of the enormous drain of the famine, to meet other expenses, and some official salaries are already in arrears. Work, however, is being pushed in the navy yards and on the

The Advertiser

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God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.

—[BROWNS.]

London, Tuesday, Feb. 16.

I have had the honor to sit in Parlia-
ment about twenty years and have seen
many men come and go at Ottawa, and I
say in all soberness and earnestness that
few men in my experience have come to the
front during their first session in the House
and created so favorable an impression and
taken so high a position among the legisla-
tors of the country as has your popular
representative, Mr. Hyman. He has
thoroughly mastered the subjects he has
taken up on every occasion, and since the
House of Commons is so largely interested
in this question of trade and commerce, it
is extremely desirable that all interests
should be represented there; and then it
is particularly to be desired that so clear-
headed a man as Mr. Hyman should retain
a place in the House and by his judgment
and foresight be a continued benefit to the
nation. There is not a shrewder business
man in the House or one more able to ex-
press his opinions in an acceptable and
convincing manner. London should be
proud of her representative, and when an
election is forced upon them the people
should recognize their duty and do that
which they believe will benefit them most.

—[Wm. Paterson, M.P.]

THE MOLDERS' STRIKE IN EVI- DENCE.

If it had served the Dominion with a
search warrant, the Hyman organ could
not have found a better argument against
its unrestricted trade than it employs itself
in speaking of the molders' strike in Ham-
ilton. The places of the strike have been
filled by men from the States. These men
must have supposed they were bettering
themselves by coming here. If they were,
how could Canadian molders better them-
selves by having unrestricted reciprocity—
which means unrestricted competition—
with the molders of the United States.—
[London Free Press.]

It is apparent that the editor of our con-
temporaries has not perused the Hamilton
newspapers recently. In these papers it
has been made plain that the molders from
the States—brought in duty free—were
offered much higher pay by the Gurney
Company than the company was paying the
molders who have gone out on strike.
The object, it is well known, is to
enable the Gurney Company to meet its
contracts, while at the same time aiding to
break down the union. The point of our
contemporary's objection to freedom of
trade between the United States and Can-
ada is thus worthless.

By the way, the Gurney Company is one
of the organizations that aided in the foli-
owing of the system of high taxation upon the
Canadian people that has resulted so disas-
trously to many of our manufacturers, has
decreased the purchasing power of the peo-
ple by millions of dollars yearly and has
driven hundreds of thousands of the bone
and sinew of our population across the
border.

It is interesting to note what was the
alleged object of the Gurney Company
when it first took to the advocacy of the high
tax policy which has brought its employees
so little benefit. Before a parliamentary
committee at Ottawa, two years before the
"N.P." taxation was established, Mr.
Edward Gurney, chief of the firm, was
asked by Mr. Platt, M.P.:

"IF WE HAD RECIPROCITY IN THE
UNITED STATES, WOULD YOU BE IN
FAVOR OF IT?"

Mr. Gurney's ready reply was:
"I WOULD BE MORE THAN CON-
TENT."

This was about the time when it was
understood the stove making business was
an "infant industry." Yet it is seen
from this sworn testimony that it was
really reciprocity that the stove men
wanted. Since then, the Gurneys
have had a taste of trade restriction, and
they have amassed millions of dollars
through the operation of the stove com-
bine. This is the reason why the company
is now opposed to reciprocity, but it is
really no reason why the molders of Canada
should desire to continue a system that has
lessened the demand for stoves by increas-
ing the cost of raw material and the price
of the finished article, thus lessening the
amount of employment, and, as we have
seen, necessitating a strike to obtain living
wages. Trade freedom can have no fears
for the stove workers.

THE SUGAR COMBINE.

The Titer may as well call in that para-
graph it has had standing in its columns
for some days, coupling the price of sugar
with the N.P. Otherwise people may be
led to believe that the paper is quite as
stupid as it appears to be.—[London Free
Press.]

This is the gentlemanly manner in which
our contemporary is pleased to address the
Advertiser on the sugar question.

We have said, and we repeat, that as a
result of the high tax policy of the present
Administration and their transatlantic sugar
is unnecessarily dear in Canada. It is true that
in consequence of the abolition of the tax
on raw sugar in the United States, the
Dominion Government was forced to abolish
the duty on raw sugar entering Canada.

But it left a duty of nearly one cent a
pound upon refined sugar, and made it
possible for the combine to collect from
\$600,000 to \$800,000 a year more money
from the people of Canada than was neces-
sary to remunerate them for their trouble.
On inquiry to-day we find that leading
London grocers are still obliged to charge
\$1 for 18 pounds of granulated sugar, with
yellows in proportion, whereas in Detroit
25 pounds of granulated are sold for \$1,
and a very much larger quantity of yellow
sugar can be bought for the same price
than can be obtained in Canada.

The Free Press says this style of taxation,
which enables the refiners to buy castles in
England or to build them in Montreal, and
to make big fortunes in a few years, is not
attributable to the taxation policy of the
present Ottawa authorities.

Let us quote for its information and for
the instruction of our readers from the
Manufacturer, a "protectionist" organ,
which has been protesting that the Govern-
ment has given so many privileges to the
sugar millionaires that it is afraid the
whole fabric of "N.P." legislation will be
brought to the ground by the outraged
electorate. The Manufacturer recently
published this telegram, received by the
Toronto Empire from Kingston:

"Robertson & Son dropping out of the
combine has caused the price of sugar to
fall one-eighth of a cent. The price of
sugar to Robertson & Son was raised last
week by the refiners."

And these are the comments of the
Manufacturer on this incident:

"Which means that by this firm dropping
out of the wholesale grocers' guild the
consumers in Kingston are able to buy
sugar cheaper than before. But why
should the refiners raise the price of sugar
to Robertson & Son and not to the entire
guild? Evidently these gentlemen were
under the impression that when they
bought sugar and paid their money for it,
they had a right to sell it at any price
they pleased; but it is equally evident that
the guild and the refiners will allow no
such privilege. Not much. The refiners
stipulate the price at which the wholesale
grocers may sell sugar, and the guild will
not allow a member to cut prices. If the
price is cut, out goes the member; and if
he can get any sugar at all from the re-
finers it is at an advanced price."

"Canada has no experience with any
other such tyrannical combines as the
sugar refiners and the wholesale grocers.
Perhaps these latter are in no con-
dition to help themselves, for they must do
just what the refiners say. The refiners
are the masters of the situation, and this
by the grace and goodness of the Canadian
Government. Their industry is protected
by the tariff, as it should be, but the Na-
tional Policy never contemplated giving
them the power to be the tyrants they are.
We are accustomed to viewing the Mc-
Kinley tariff as the acme of protection,
but that measure gives American re-
finers but \$10 per ton duty on sugar,
while the Canadian tariff gives Canadian
refiners \$16 per ton. And Canadian con-
sumers are the sufferers. If our duty was
higher than the American duty, the
wholesale grocers could protect themselves
from the extortion of Canadian refiners by
importing German or English sugar. As
we have before shown, the Canadian Gov-
ernment in placing a duty of \$16 per ton on
refined sugar, besides giving Canadian re-
finers as much protection as American re-
finers, gives them, in addition thereto, the
absolute power to squeeze and extort \$6
per ton on all the sugar they can
produce out of Canadian consumers. Do
such Government newspapers as the To-
ronto Empire, Montreal Gazette, Ottawa
Citizen or Hamilton Spectator, announce
this condition of things, protesting against
it in the interest of the people of Canada?
No, indeed. Why? Ah, that is what no
man may know."

"The tyranny of the sugar refiners is
only equalled by their influence with the
Government to prevent the people obtain-
ing cheap sugar."

It is this condition of affairs that the
Free Press, with either its limited knowl-
edge or determination to conceal the facts
from its readers, asserts is not the product
of the taxation policy of the present Gov-
ernment. We leave our readers to judge
where the stupidity or the misrepresentation
comes in.

London ought to be pretty safe now.—
[Hamilton Spectator.]

Never fear; London is safe to re-elect her
popular representative, Mr. Hyman, on the
26th inst. All the pressure from Toronto
and Hamilton will not decrease his assured
majority.

SEIZES EVERYTHING.

Mr. Carling some years ago actually
monopolized the representation of the city
for the House of Commons and for the On-
tario Legislature at one and the same time!
But for the law, agitated for by the Lib-
erals, which prohibited dual representation,
our esteemed and portly townsman would
probably be monopolizing both seats until
the present day. Time passed on, until the
recent defeat of Mr. Carling, whereupon
that gentleman presently ensconced him-
self snugly in the Senate, with \$1,000 a
year and nothing to do. Most people would
have been content with this and allowed
a share of the honors to go elsewhere. But
not the sight of somebody else represent-
ing the city at Ottawa speedily aroused the
old monopolizing feeling, and now, not
content with the honors of 30 or 40 years,
he must throw up his Senatorship and
seek to wrest from a talented young citizen the
seat for the Commons. The spectacle is
not an admirable one, illustrative as it is of
the proverb respecting the persistency of
the ruling passion to the last.

THE FORGERY CASE.

Referring to the Tetu forgeries, the Free
Press says:
"Mr. Tetu was never charged with forgery
by Mr. Woodman. He was charged
by Mr. Woodman with having exaggerated
the quantity of wood consumed at De-
laure. That was all. The forgery was not
discovered until within one week of the
time Mr. Tetu was dismissed."

It is apparent our contemporary has not
read the record. On page 15 of the official
inquiry into the doings of Tetu, who was a
subordinate of Mr. Carling, Woodman re-
plied to Mr. Haggart as follows:

"275. You were shown these receipts in
May, 1893? I was shown one in May,
1893. I think Mr. Lynch got the papers
and showed them to me. I think there
were one or two which I considered were
forgeries."

"274. Did you tell him they were for-
geries then? I told Mr. Lowe these were
forgeries."

By Mr. Somerville:

"275. You told him this in January, 1893?
Yes."

"276. You remember that distinctly?
Yes."

"277. What did Mr. Lowe say when
you told them they were forgeries? He
said it looked bad."

Mr. Tetu was not dismissed till over a
year after the charge of forgery was made
by Woodman.
On Mr. Woodman's sworn testimony,
which was supported by the investigation
that, after a year and a half of delay, was
finally consented to by Mr. Carling, our city
contemporary misrepresents the case. It is
altogether too zealous in its attempt to
make believe that this favorite relative of
an Ottawa Minister was treated, say, as a
poor postman would be if he stole a \$5 bill.
Tetu loses his situation, because it was
alleged he was sick. But as soon as it was
resolved not to take action against him, he
speedily got well, and at last accounts
from Dakota, where he carries, he was all
right.

Another misrepresentation by the Free
Press is contained in this sentence, from
its issue of to-day:

"The more serious part of Mr. Hyman's
complaint is that Tetu was shielded be-
cause of his race and religion."

Not a single syllable has Mr. Hyman
uttered that could be construed into a com-
plaint that Tetu's race or religion had any-
thing to do with the failure of justice that
enabled him to escape the punishment for
forgery and theft of public money. What
Mr. Hyman has charged is mismanagement
and the establishment of a wrong principle
in the treatment of those who steal public
property. He has made out his case from
the official records, and by no amount of
quibbling can the newspaper advocate of
Mr. Carling and Mr. Tetu meet the indict-
ment.

Daring men like Langevin and Chapleau
have been able to reduce the plan of
political contributions to a system. What
is now needed on the back of the startling
revelations at Ottawa, is to arouse public
sentiment; to make it a disgraceful thing
to bribe a constituency, either by subsidy,
promise of Government improvements, or
by distribution of Government favors; to
prosecute and punish with imprisonment
those who bribe, and disfranchise those
who receive bribes; and that the depart-
ments at Ottawa shall be thoroughly
purged is essential.

The country seems to look to Mr.
Laurier as a pure-minded, honorable man.
—[Principal Bryce, Manitoba College.]

FATHERING THE ATTACK ON UNNAMED PERSONS.

The London Free Press says it was a
deputation of "the best known temperance
workers" in the city that asked it to attack
Mr. Hyman's unassailable record on the
temperance question in the House of Com-
mons. This is a public question. Name
"the best known temperance workers."

Mr. Hyman is thoroughly vindicated by
the records. He and his friends have a
right to know who the men are who have
been "posing as the best known temperance
workers." And the whole public are
interested in having shown to them the
temperance worker who believes that tem-
perance measures can best be promoted in
Parliament by sending a man there whose
every interest, all his life and now, is
bound up in the promotion of the sale and
consumption of intoxicating liquor.

Publish their names, gentle contem-
porary. Who are the men who have so per-
verted the record as it appears in the
official report of the debates and proceed-
ings in Parliament?

Only eight more working days till elec-
tion day. With the strength and vigor
they have put into the campaign so far, the
friends of the energetic young representa-
tive for the city will rally at the polls in
such numbers as will ever afterwards dis-
courage the city family compact from look-
ing upon places of honor in London as be-
longing to either one or other of them.

WHERE DID HE GET IT?

In order to weaken in some way the
new charges made against him, remarks the
St. John, N. B., Globe, Sir Adolphe Caron
publishes a number of receipts from Mr.
McGreevy in order to show that he (Sir
Adolphe) paid in the money which he after-
wards drew out for election purposes from
McGreevy's budget. It appears that on
Feb. 4, the Minister of Militia paid in
\$10,000 for "legal expenses for district" on
the 8th, he paid \$5,000 for "legal expenses
and disbursements" on the 18th, \$5,000
for "disbursements and legal expenses,"
and on the 20th, \$5,000 for "disbursements
and expense." Sir Adolphe does not say
where he got all this money, but he will be
asked to tell a parliamentary committee
all about it before many moons are over. It
is evident that at that time the Conserva-
tives had great confidence in McGreevy.

There are 5,724 voters on the revised
voters' list for the city of London.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

The oldest lawyer in Canada is now Mr.
Thomas Judah, of Montreal, who was ad-
mitted to the Bar of Three Rivers in 1824.
He has reached the ripe old age of 87.

Senator Sanford, of Hamilton, has just
returned from a visit to Europe. He re-
ports business very depressed in Italy and
Austria. Both these countries enjoy the
luxury of "protective" tariffs.

The Canadian Mute is the name of a
semi-monthly established and published to
teach printing to pupils of the Institution
for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville. The
paper is pretty as a picture, and a model in
every respect. We fancy we see a touch of
Mr. Superintendent Mathison throughout.
The idea is a happy one, and we wish the
Canadian Mute every success.

The Toronto Telegram pertinently re-
marks: "Solemnly indeed does the London
Free Press urge the temperance people to
smite down Hyman and boost up a states-
man whose name is writ large on a million
pale ale and lager beer bottles."

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
DIAMOND VERA CURA

ST. JACOBS OIL
CURES DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION
If you cannot get Diamond Vera Cura
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box to
CANADIAN DEPOT
44 and 46 Lombard St.
TORONTO, - - ONT.

SHILOH'S
THE GREAT
CONSUMPTION
CURE.
A DOSE
COUGH CURE
A DOSE

This GREAT COUGH CURE, this success-
ful CONSUMPTION CURE is sold by drug-
gists on a positive guarantee, a test that no other
Cure can stand successfully. If you have a
COUGH, HOARSENESS or LA GRIPPE, it
will cure you promptly. If your child has the
CROUP or WHOOPING COUGH, use it
quickly and relief is sure. If you fear CON-
SUMPTION, don't wait until your case is hope-
less, but take this Cure at once and receive im-
mediate help. Large bottles, 50c. and \$1.00.
Travelers convenient pocket size 25c. Ask
your druggist for SHILOH'S CURE. If your
lungs are sore or back lame, use Shilo's Fos-
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Sold by W. T. Strong, London, Ont.

Common Sense

Will teach us all that a combination of

BEEF, PEPSIN AND MALT

Must be a good

TONIC and STRENGTHENER.

BEEF makes Blood-muscle. ALE nourishes
the system. PEPSIN cures indigestion.

THEN USE

Ale and

Beef

PEPTONIZED,

Which is just such a combination, and
you will get

HEALTH and STRENGTH

25¢ ywt

A Small

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Extract of Beef

Added to any Soup,
Sauce or Gravy gives
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Irresistible in Improved and Economical
Cookery, makes cheap, purest, and
most healthful food.

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STEEL PENS

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These world-famous Pens are of the highest
possible quality, for 60 years universally admired
the best in the world.

Majority Guess.



CHAR. S. HYMAN.



ON. JOHN CARLING.

WEEKLY PRIZE—To the person guessing during each week
nearest to the majority of the candidate elected we will give one
pair of our celebrated \$3 50 pants to order.
To the person guessing nearest during the entire campaign we
will give one Scotch Tweed Suit to measure, valued at \$25.
Every purchaser of \$1 and upwards is entitled to a guess.
Contest closes on the eve of the election at 6 o'clock.

Burns The Clothiers

SEE OUR EAST WINDOW.

A LARGE MAJORITY

OF BUYERS NOW GO TO

TUPPER'S

NEW DRYGOODS STORE.

WHY? Because they get such GOOD VALUE every time

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Ordered work attended to promptly.
A perfect fit and perfect satisfaction
Guaranteed.
Prices moderate. Call and examine
my work.

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HYMAN and CARLING.

WHILE I WANT YOU TO VOTE FOR
the best man in the coming contest, I
don't want you to forget to call and get my
SERP LOGO, which is given free by
calling on
GEO. J. GRIFFIN
383 Talbot Street, London, Ont.

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what paper you saw the advertise-
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know which advertisements are
most effective.

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LONDON.

TELEPHONE 791.

WHIST

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Advertiser

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Hood's Sarsaparilla

It is especially prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Figwort, Juniper Berries, and other well-known and valuable vegetable remedies, by a peculiar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla curative power not possessed by other medicines. It effects remarkable cures where other preparations fail.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best blood purifier before the public. It eradicates every impurity, and cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, all Humors, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, General Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints, overcomes that tired feeling, creates appetite, and builds up the system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has met peculiar and unparalleled success at home. Such has become its popularity in Lowell, Mass., where it is made, that whole neighborhoods are taking it at the same time. Lowell druggists sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than of all other sarsaparillas or blood purifiers, sold by druggists, except for 25¢. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar**MARY HAD A LITTLE WHEEL.**

A Lady Intends to Cross the Continent on a Bicycle.

Retirement of the Canadian Skating Champion—Horse Talk and Other Sporting News.

CYCLING.

Mrs. Mary Robinson, of Hubbard, Oregon, intends to start off on a bicycle tour across the continent as soon as the weather will permit. She will start from Portland, and New York will be her destination. She will carry a flag which will be dipped in the Pacific and Atlantic oceans, and will then be sent to the World's Fair and put on exhibition. Six thousand dollars is being raised to defray her expenses. Mrs. Robinson is somewhat of a wheelwoman, and says she is confident that she will break the record. She is 50 years old and has eight children living in Clackamas county, the oldest being a girl of 16 years old, and the youngest a girl of 16.

SKATING.

Louis Rubenstein announced that he has retired from active competition as the champion figure skater of the world. Mr. Rubenstein has for thirteen years upheld the honor of Montreal and of Canada on the ice in almost every country of the civilized world, and his supremacy as a figure skater has been so well recognized that it has been difficult of late years to find men willing to compete with him, with the certainty of being beaten. This is one of the principal reasons for his voluntary retirement, as he hopes that it will bring out more competitors in the future.

HORSE TALK.

Lord Roseberry, owner of the well-known racing horse, Foxhall, formerly the property of James R. Keene, is about to send him to the United States, where he will be offered for sale.

The famous trotting stallion, Rocker, owned by the Thos. Banks estate at Chatham, died Saturday morning, aged 31 years. The animal was a well-known figure on local tracks, and many of his fast get are owned in this vicinity.

THE TRIGGER.

Thomas Willibrant, of the Walkerville Brewing Company, who won \$200 in a shooting match in Cincinnati on Friday, had 97 out of a possible 100 points.

ATHLETICS.

The national championship trophy of the Amateur Athletic Union's Baseball League, won by default last season from the team of the Detroit Athletic Club, champions of the western circuit, by the Baltimore Orioles of the metropolitan and eastern circuits, is now on exhibition in the clubhouse on the Newark Bay shore, N. J. The trophy is a handsome bronze urn over two feet high.

A dispatch from Bath, Me., states that Wm. Cocture, weighing only 140 pounds, put up a 110-pound dumbbell from shoulder to arm's length above his head 27 times in succession. A world's record is claimed for the performance.

IN LABOR'S FIELD.

The Molders' Trouble at Hamilton—An English Strike Ended.

There are no new developments in the battle now waging at Hamilton between the molders and foundrymen. The Bricklayers' and Masons' Union has come forward to the assistance of the molders, promising them both moral and financial aid. The bosses say they will not yield an inch, and hope to wear the men out by a protracted struggle, but the molders say that they can stand that sort of thing just as long as the employers can, and propose to fight the matter out.

The coal porters' strike in London has ended in a compromise.

Great Britain has 217,000 union mine workers.

Twenty-six of the stonecutters and masons employed by Joseph Yorke, contractor on the new library building of Toronto University, have brought action against him for non-payment of wages for the half month ending Jan. 15, the claims varying from \$3 to \$40 and amounting to \$625 in all.

A strike is impending in New York on account of cabinet-makers doing the work of carpenters at reduced wages at the New Netherlands Hotel and other large buildings. It is alleged the contractor is paying \$2.50 and \$3 a day for nine hours' work to cabinet-makers for doing carpenters' work, the union wages for the latter being \$3.50 for an eight-hour work day. The Board of Walking Delegates has decided that the cabinet-makers should be requested to leave Contractor Downey's jobs, failing in which the carpenters should be ordered to strike. If this does not bring out the cabinet-makers then the other trades are to be ordered out.

Our Best People Say So!

It is FAR EXCELLENCE the great family remedy of our times. Pain's Celery Compound is purely vegetable, being composed of the best herbs and roots known to science for the cure of disease. It is always reliable, and is suited for all ages and conditions.

St. Leon Water on draught at Strong's drug store, 184 Dundas street. 4717

SIX CASES NEW FALL GOODS.

All the newest shades in Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings. Trimmings to match. Work first-class. No fancy prices. Come and see.

HARRY LENOX

Corner Richmond and Carleton Streets.

A SAILOR'S HEROISM!**Death Stared a Vessel's Crew in the Face,**

But Brave Murdock Gills Braved the Waves and Swam Ashore With a Life Line.

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 15.—The Prince Edward Island schooner, *Avengeur*, was driven on the rocks 25 miles from St. John's on Saturday in a blinding snow storm. While the vessel was pounding to pieces the boat was launched and immediately swamped. Death stared the crew in the face. Captain Rice called for a volunteer to try and take a line ashore.

MURDOCK GILLS RESPONDED. He was carried shoreward on the crest of an enormous wave, but the shore was composed of precipitous rocks, upon which in the tumult of the breakers it was extremely difficult to effect a landing. There were in the sea a number of barrels of oil which had been swept from the vessel's deck and impeded and hindered the swimmer. Gills could not obtain a hold on any point on the shore and was obliged to give it up. He was drawn back on board the vessel, where he rested an hour. Then

HE TRIED AGAIN. This time being successful. Getting his hands in a hole in one of the rocks, he drew himself up, and by catching points of rock he succeeded in climbing to a spot on which he could fasten a line. Then he drew ashore a larger line, and by means of this the captain and crew

ALL GOT SAFELY TO THE SHORE. Gills had nothing on but his drawers, undershirt, socks, and a pair of slippers. In this scanty clothing, halting and shivering, he walked five miles to the nearest light-house, where he obtained more clothing, and the party proceeded to St. John's, having lost everything but their lives.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS

Six Miners Drowned—Unemployed Workmen in Rome Make Trouble—No Treaty Between Italy and Switzerland.

Sixty persons suspected of being Anarchists have been arrested in Berlin. The attempt to negotiate a treaty of commerce between Italy and Switzerland has failed.

Continued heavy expenditures have reduced the United States Treasury balance to \$27,247,500.

Baron Albert Rothschild has donated \$50,000 towards building a hospital for consumptives in Vienna.

The telegraph lines in Sweden and Russia were seriously affected by the aurora borealis Saturday evening.

Frederick Hanky, Conservative member of the House of Commons for the Chertsey division of Surrey, died Monday.

Charles North, a prominent citizen, of Oswego, N. Y., ex-Assemblyman and ex-mayor, died in that city on Monday, aged 72.

A dispensation from the Pope grants to Roman Catholics permission to eat meat during Lent on account of the influenza epidemic.

The 130 yard handicap race for £100 in the pedestrian contest at Manchester, Eng., on Monday was won by the American, Budd, by half a yard.

Rev. George Emlen Hare, D.D., S.T.D., LL.D., one of the best-known Protestant Episcopal clergymen in the country, died on Monday at Philadelphia, aged 66 years.

E. B. Wynne, general counsel for the Rome Waterworks and Ogdensburg Railroad, died at Watertown, N. Y., Monday night, after a month's illness from grip and liver trouble.

Parker City, the old oil town on the Allegheny River, 100 miles north of Pittsburgh, is threatened with an inundation from an ice gorge. Yesterday the river rose over five feet in a few hours.

John Hough on Sunday beat his wife into unconsciousness in Chicago by repeatedly striking her head against the pavement. The woman was intoxicated. Her skull is fractured and she will probably die.

The Democrats of the Ways and Means Committee of Congress have agreed to report favorably on the bill of Representative Turner, of Georgia, placing on the free list cotton ties, cotton bagging and machinery for making cotton bagging.

A disaster occurred in an amber mine which stretched under the sea near Paimboken, on the Frische-Haff, Germany. During a heavy storm the waters rose and suddenly poured through the upper openings of the mine, flooding the workings. Six miners were drowned.

The unemployed workmen of Rome and vicinity threaten to give much trouble to the authorities. They have threatened to wait no longer for aid from the Government, but to demand that they be furnished with work and other relief. The situation has become so critical that the troops are confined to their barracks.

The steamer *Orinoco* which arrived at New York on Monday from Bermuda, brought Capt. Richardson and his wife, the cook and first and second mates of the Portland brig *Annie Storrs*, who were on board two weeks ago while bound to Havana from Portland with coal. Four of the brig's crew were lost.

A delegation of representative New York business men was in Washington Monday to bring to the attention of Congress the needs of the great cities of the United States and of New York in particular for better and more speedy methods of transferring mail matter between central post-offices and sub-stations. Pneumatic tubes or electrical devices are proposed.

May Stop Keely's Cure. REFUGED, Feb. 15.—As a sequel to the numerous deaths alleged to have been due directly or indirectly to the Keely bichloride of gold cure for drunkenness, the matter will be called to the attention of the Legislature. Senator Enders will introduce a resolution calling on the State Board of Health for information regarding the Keely Institute and methods of treatment. His object is to pass a bill prohibiting the use of the alleged cure.

Sir Adam Wilson's Will. TORONTO, Feb. 15.—The will of the late Sir Adam Wilson, who died Dec. 29, has been admitted to probate. The estate is valued at \$179,858, made up as follows: Household goods, \$2,650; horse and carriage, \$800; bank secured by mortgage, \$110,775; bank stocks, 14,000; Toronto Land and Investment, \$3,500; Dominion pension money balance, \$300; law and other books, \$1,709; real estate, \$46,070. The Trusts Corporation of Ontario are appointed executors, and trustees, and they are to hold the estate and the income thereon for the life of the deceased's widow, Lady Emma Wilson, who is given full power to deal with and dispose of the estate in any manner she may please, as absolutely as if it were devised to her in perpetuity and not for life only. The will is dated June 28, 1891.

London Selected

As the Seat of a New Industry.

The Old Globe Works To Be Tenanted by a Casket Company.

The License Reduction Bylaw Discussed and Passed—Proposal to Raise the Price of Licenses Voted—Amalgamation Mooted.

There was a big crowd present when the Council met last night. About 75 or 100 ladies occupied seats in the foreground of the City Hall, and behind them were twice as many interested male auditors. On the north side of the council chamber a number of prominent temperance workers assembled, including Rev. A. C. Courtice, Dr. Arnott, Wm. Bowman, Professor Bowman, D. A. McDermid, C. R. Sayer and others, who came to support the third reading of the bylaw to reduce the number of liquor licenses by ten. The opposite forces were arrayed on the other side and their claims were presented by Messrs. Mace, Q. C., and M. D. Fraser.

Ald. Parnell set the ball rolling by moving that the order of business be reversed and the third reading of the bylaw taken up.

Ald. Gartschore moved that the bylaw be finally passed.

Ald. Connor asked that the deputation be heard.

Mr. James Magee said that whenever the public dealt with private rights the public should act with caution and justice. He contended that a case of this sort should be submitted to the people. Personally, he would vote in favor of the bylaw, but it might be right that the public should pronounce upon it. It had always been a matter for the people. Parliament would not think of taking action in the same direction without a plebiscite. One year ago there had been a reduction, and anything since occurred which warranted a further reduction?

Rev. A. C. Courtice—Yes.

Mr. Magee said the inspector had told him that the proportion of licenses to the population in the city was lower than in Hamilton, Kingston and Ottawa. It was easy enough to sign a petition, but the exercise of its request was a different thing. Mr. Magee cited a couple of instances to show that the last reduction had operated very harshly in individual cases. On the petition he found names which were not on the voters' list, and some 200 not in the city directory. One gentleman was running around trying to find out who put his name on it. Altogether there were only about 1,000 bona fide ratepayers' signatures, while there were some 6,000 in the city. However much they might regard its moral aspect, the business must be regarded as a legal business. Having crossed the Rubicon last year, it was to be expected they would be let alone for some time at least. He asked that the Council deal with the question in a spirit of justice.

Mr. D. H. Fraser said he was as good a temperance man as anyone. The Council as representatives of the people should have the voice of the people at its back; and if the people pronounced in favor of the bylaw, then his clients could not complain. The latter had been deprived some of their individual rights. Many citizens who would vote for the bylaw were opposed to the Council's manner of dealing with it.

Rev. A. C. Courtice expressed his counter-views. Two weeks ago the Council almost unanimously approved the petition. Nothing had occurred since then that indicated the disapproval of the public. There had not been an editorial or a communication in either the *Advertiser* or *Free Press* since regarding it. Surely if there was any agitation over the matter the papers as mirrors of the public mind would have reflected it. He denied that they were interfering with private rights—the traffic was a right conferred alone by special legislation. The utmost care had been exercised regarding the signatures to the petition, and he did not know that the names were not those of ratepayers. He read the police court records to show that drunkenness had decreased last year owing to the reduction of the number of drinking places. The *Free Press* some weeks ago called on the temperance people to wake up. He did not know that they were asleep. (Laughter.) Many letters were thrust into its columns asking why the temperance people had called a halt. Both the local journals were therefore in favor of the movement.

Ald. Garratt moved that the matter go before the electors at the next municipal election. This motion was received with applause by a section of the audience.

Ald. Connor seconded the motion.

Ald. Yates said it would be unmanly for the Council to shirk its responsibility. What would Parliament do if it had to act upon it? The Police Court records showed the benefit of the last reduction.

Ald. Parnell asked whether it was more hardship to deprive a few of their licenses or have families waiting for bread. He had a duty to perform, and it was to cut off these licenses.

Ald. Moule favored the matter going to the people. He hoped all the people would see the folly of intemperance, but the people should control this question.

Ald. Leonard said he was not present at the former Council meeting, and would have to vote to submit it to the people. At the end of the year he would be happy to vote in favor of a reduction of ten.

Ald. Judd accused Mr. Leonard of using his authority last year as a political engine.

Ald. Judd—If you knew the rules of the Board you would not interrupt me.

Ald. Leonard—Yes; but not when an untrue statement is made.

Ald. Judd, continuing, said he was elected to the Board to see that the law was enforced for the reduction.

Ald. Jones said he would support Ald. Garratt's amendment. He believed temperance was a righteous cause. He voted

for the reduction last year and probably would do so again. There should be more public discussion, however, on the matter.

Ald. Ercaney favored the matter going to the people. There was not enough accommodation in London, especially at Fair time and on big occasions. Only one hotel was left in East London, and that part of the town was dead at night.

Ald. Jeffery didn't think there was any necessity for a single saloon in London. All they wanted was respectable hotels.

Ald. Hannah said prohibition was the ultimate desire of the temperance people. These reductions were only the means to an end. He had always been a temperance man.

Ald. O'Meara said he was a temperance man, but believed the work should be done in a straightforward manner. There were a lot of political wire-pullers sneaking under the business.

Ald. O'Meara, continuing, said that just on the eve of the election they wanted to get the hotel-keepers to knuckle under. If the temperance question stood on its merits without mixing anything else up with it, a drop of liquor would not be found in the wide dominion in five years.

Ald. Gartschore supported the passage of the bylaw. The fact that so many names were procured in the time specified was a distinct expression of public opinion.

Ald. Bartlett said he would vote the same way as he did last time. He thought there was room to cut off ten licenses, provided the unnecessary places were eliminated.

The question was finally put, and the third reading passed on the following division:

Ayes—Aldermen John Heaman, Yates, Jeffery, Wm. Heaman, Gartschore, Hannah, Fitzgerald, Bartlett, Judd, Shaw and Parnell—11.

Nays—Aldermen Connor, O'Meara, Moule, Jones, Leonard, Garrett and Draneau—7. The result was applauded by those who favored it, and the hall crashed with it.

MILLINERY and MANTLES

AT YOUR OWN PRICES,

for Thirty Days,

COMMENCING SATURDAY, JAN. 2.

We will offer all Winter Millinery and Mantles remaining in stock at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

There are still some Choice Goods unsold, which intend ing purchasers will do well to see before making their selections.

A large assortment of Misses' and Children's Garments at

COST PRICE.

SPITTAL,

BURN &

GENTLEMAN

Successors to Thomas Beattie & Co.

176 & 178 Dundas St.

ESTERBROOK PENS

ROBT. MILLER SON & CO., AGENTS, MONTREAL.

NOTICE!

For the convenience of our London West, London South, down town customers and the public, we have opened a branch office at 421 Richmond street (opposite "Advertiser"). All orders for coal and wood left there will receive the promptest attention.

Cameron's

the first clause. Ald. Judd moved in amendment to the effect that it go back to the committee, the present bylaw be repealed and a modification be made which would prevent the hawkers from selling on the market in competition with the farmers. Carried.

The clause re fire supplies was sent back for further consideration. That dealing with the uniforms created some talk. Ald. Parnell said it was a disgrace to have the firemen always togged out in their old clothes, and gave strangers a poor idea of the city. It was decided to call for tenders.

NUMBER ONE COMMITTEE. By Ald. Gartschore, chairman:

1. Your committee, having examined the following accounts and finding them correct, recommend the same for payment:

No. 1 Committee Accounts—Administration of justice, court house and jail repairs, \$793 17; clerk of peace charges, \$122 79; jurors, \$1,814 54; selection of jurors, \$494; sheriff's charges, \$79 50; incidental expenses, telegrams, \$7 22; Belle Telephone Company, \$20 84; deputation to Montreal, \$53; printing, \$10 00; etc., *Advertiser*, \$1,166 66.

No. 2 Committee Accounts—Streets, etc., pay sheet, \$117 74; pay sheet, \$67 59; London Township Council, \$14 12; City Hall, W. H. Heard & Co., \$20 00; W. H. Heard & Co., \$29 00; W. H. Heard & Co., \$15 00; J. L. Fitzgerald, \$1 30; W. A. Brock, \$1 45; Victoria bridge, Isaac Crouse, \$14 62. Total, 766 82.

No. 3 Committee Accounts—Street lighting, Ball Electric Light Company, \$907 11; Forest City Electric Light Company, \$726 90; market, M. Donohue, \$14; street watering, M. Baldwin, \$5; total, \$1,653 07.

Relief accounts, *Aged Men's Home*, \$48 80; railroad passes, \$7 10; Victoria Industrial School, \$26; Hunt Bros., \$6 90; Geo. McNeill, \$100 20; C. J. Bickett, \$94 17; total, \$1,443 22; grand total, \$7,629 77.

2. That the petition of Thomas Edwards be granted by correcting error in assessment of house No. 5, south York street.

3. That W. H. Edgecombe's petition be granted and the error corrected by striking off income of 1880-81.

4. That \$27 remission be allowed and error corrected re C. P. R. petition.

5. That Edward Shea's assessment be corrected to read \$300.00.

6. That Jane Harris' taxes be remitted.

7. That P. J. Warr's and Tennant's commission be referred to D. Lester, tax collector, to report.

8. That the Women's Christian Association be granted \$200 for relief purposes.

9. That \$2 90 rebate be allowed Wm. Moore, on lot 13, south side West avenue.

10. That Alex. McIntosh's petition be referred to the committee.

11. That petition of W. T. Edge and Thos. Tamlam and William Howie's account be referred to the committee.

12. That the city registrar's returns for 1891 be referred to the auditors to report.

13. That report progress on the petition of Mary Brunstead, J. Thompson and R. J.

A good deal of discussion took place over

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AT YOUR OWN PRICES,
for Thirty Days,
COMMENCING SATURDAY, JAN. 2.

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Fysh & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Fine Candies and
Choice Confectionery,
Wedding Cakes, etc.
Lunch & Oyster Parlors
220 DUNDAS STREET.
TELEPHONE 491.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

DIED.
JOHNSTON—On Feb. 15, 1892, Alexander Johnston, a native of Donaghadee, county Down, Ireland, aged 75 years.
Funeral from his late residence, 425 Colborne street, at 2 p.m. on Wednesday.
ROBINSON—On Monday, Feb. 15, Francis Robinson, aged 82 years.
Funeral from his late residence, 416 South street, at 2 p.m. on Wednesday.
HILBERT—In this city, on Monday, Feb. 15, 1892, at the family residence, 416 South street, Edward James, only child of Edward and Florence Hilbert, aged 5 months and 18 days.
Funeral private.

JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE STOCK OF
5-CENT
LICORICE,
10-CENT
LICORICE,
15-CENT
LICORICE,
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

ANDERSON & NELLES
Druggists, 240 Dundas Street.
See our show window.

THIS BRAND OF FLOUR
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
OR PASTRY.
USE NO OTHER.
J. D. SAUNBY
207 York Street.
TELEPHONE 118.

DOMINION MILLS.

By our new process of manufacture our

OATMEAL
Is partly cooked and easily digested. Ask your
grocer for it and you will use no other.
C. A. RYAN & THE OATMEAL CO.
233 to 311 Talbot street, London, Ont.

ONE ENJOYS

The good fruity flavor which
is found in

MEXICAN FRUIT CHEWING GUM
Five Cent Bars. Try it.

R.K. Cowan

Barber, etc., over Bank of Commerce,
London.

FRESH CUT FLOWERS.

Wedding and Funeral Designs,
—GO TO—
S. S. WORTMAN,
Telephones 519. 230 Dundas St.
Prices moderate.

Rodgers' Cutlery

And All Plate,
Solid Silver Spoons

Fine Electro-Plate.

HOBBS

Hardware Company,
LONDON, ONTARIO.

We Want Money.

All winter goods must be
sold regardless of cost for
the next six weeks.

Men's Fine Overshoes, \$1.
Ladies' Girls' and Boys'
Rubbers, Overshoes, Moc-
casins and all winter goods at
like reductions.

Our stock of Felt and
Walking Boots is unques-
tionably the largest and
best in Ontario.

BUY FROM

POCOCK BROS.
And Save \$ \$ \$

GOOD CHANCE
Priddis Bros.
ARE SELLING
Blankets, Flannels &
Underwear
AT A GREAT REDUCTION
Before Stocktaking.

IF YOU WANT

A Key fitted,
A Lock repaired,
A Scissors sharpened,
A Knife sharpened,
A Razor ground,
A Razor set,
A Rubber Stamp made,
A Seal and Press made,
A Steel Stamp made,
A Typewriter repaired,
A Bicycle repaired,
A Rifle repaired,
A Gun repaired.

GURD'S GUN SHOP

185 Dundas Street.

Southcott's

FINE TAILORING.
361 RICHMOND STREET.

J. FRITH JEFFERS,

—AGENT FOR—
The Citizens' London and Lan-
cashire, Atlas, National and
Quebec Fire Companies.

Office, Union Buildings, Telephone, 735.
Ground floor, No. 47 Richmond Street.

THE WEATHER.

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 15—11 p.m.—A
very rapid increase of pressure has taken
place over the greater portion of the con-
tinent since last night, and it is now con-
siderably above normal nearly everywhere.

Snow and rain have fallen to-day in the
Maritime Provinces; elsewhere the weather
has been generally fair.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:
Edmonton, 26° below—26°; Prince Albert,
46° below—4° below; Qu'Appelle, 34° below—
—zero; Winnipeg, 34° below—12° below;
Toronto, 12°—24°; Montreal, 14°—38°;
Quebec, 12°—24°; Halifax, 14°—38°.

TO-DAY'S PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, Feb. 16—1 a.m.—The indica-
tions for the next 24 hours for the lower
lakes region (covering the peninsula and
as far east as Belleville) are: Light to
moderate wind; fine; stationary or a little
higher temperature.

Ales, Ales.

We have now in cellar in
fine condition for Christmas
trade:

200 Dozen Carling's Ale,
200 Dozen Labatt's Ale,
100 Dozen Bass' Ale,
100 Dozen Allsopp's Ale,
50 Dozen Guinness' Quarts,
50 Dozen Guinness' Pints.

In Wines and Liquors our stock is
new complete. Native Wines, white
and red, in fine condition.

W. HORNER

ON THE CORNER.

FACTS FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.

Detroit grocers are advertising 25 pounds
of granulated sugar for \$1. All that gro-
cers in London and other western cities can
give for \$1 is 18 pounds. The difference
goes in tribute to the sugar combine, the
chief members of which live in castles in
England or in million dollar mansions in
Montreal. The N. P. is a great institution
for the combines.

Mr. Carling and his friends are responsible
for the state of affairs that prevents the
people of London from obtaining 25 pounds
of granulated sugar in London, instead of
eighteen pounds.

Mr. Hyman will work and vote for a
change.

Sure Pop.

Poison's NERVELINE, the great pain cure, is
sure pop every time. No need to spend a large
sum to get prompt relief from every kind of
pain. For 10 cents will purchase a trial bottle.
Go to any drug store for it. Large bottles
with Nerve-line will cure acting within five
minutes. Try Nerve-line for all kinds of pain.
Ten and 25 cents a bottle.

MASS MEETING,
Grand Opera House,
—ON—
Thursday Even'g
Feb. 18, at 8 O'Clock.

Mr. A. F. Jury,
Mr. C. S. Hyman, Mr. Geo. C. Gib-
bons and others will address
the meeting.

"God Save the Queen."

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers:
137.....Business Office.
134.....Editorial Room.
175.....Job Department.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—W. R. Reid, of this city, was registered
in New York on Saturday.

—Mr. Percy E. Wilson, of Toronto,
representing St. Jacob's Oil Company, is in
the city.

—Mr. G. F. Brinkenden, of Queen's
avenue, told his firming yesterday since
his recent severe illness.

—E. Wright, of this city, will play the
champion pool-player of Hamilton a match
this week, best 11 in 21 games.

—The death is announced of H. H.
Meredith, Port Hope, uncle of Edward, T.
H. and L. Meredith of this city.

—The Rev. Dr. Sutherland, of Toronto,
missionary secretary, is announced to
lecture in the Methodist Church, Dorchester
Station, this evening on "The Great Mis-
sionary Problem."

—GO TO—
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for the state of affairs that prevents the
people of London from obtaining 25 pounds
of granulated sugar in London, instead of
eighteen pounds.

Mr. Hyman will work and vote for a
change.

Sure Pop.

Poison's NERVELINE, the great pain cure, is
sure pop every time. No need to spend a large
sum to get prompt relief from every kind of
pain. For 10 cents will purchase a trial bottle.
Go to any drug store for it. Large bottles
with Nerve-line will cure acting within five
minutes. Try Nerve-line for all kinds of pain.
Ten and 25 cents a bottle.

WOMEN AND MISSIONS.

London District Women's Missionary
Society Convention.

Address by Rev. A. Sutherland—En-
couraging District Report—Aux-
iliary and Mission Band Re-
ports—A Pleasant Even-
ing Session.

The annual meeting of the Women's Mis-
sionary Society of the London district was
held in Dundas Street Center Methodist
Church, this city, yesterday afternoon and
last evening. The president, Mrs. Evans,
presided.

The afternoon session opened at 3 o'clock
with the singing of hymn 743, "The Com-
ing of Christ's Kingdom," and prayer by
Rev. A. C. Courtice.

Queen's Avenue Methodist Church Aux-
iliary report showed that the attendance had
been good at meetings held during the
year. Reports were read from Wellington
street and London West churches. South
London report showed that the meetings
had been largely attended and that the
membership was steadily increasing. Dun-
das Center report showed the membership
to be 69. Arva, Westminster, Thorncliffe,
Siloam, Gore, Byron, Littlewood, Belmont,
reports were called for, but only three were
heard from.

A solo, "There is a Fold Where None
Can Stray," by Mrs. Graham (nee Miss
Smyth) was a welcome variation in the pro-
gramme.

Reports from mission bands were then
heard. One from the Grove, read by a
little girl, was interesting. The report of
the Queen's Avenue Church Band stated that
the meetings had been well attended. The
amount collected was \$52.40. Dundas
Center Church Band had 125 members.
They had collected last year \$201.27. South
London Circle had nothing special to re-
port. The meetings had been held regu-
larly.

Mrs. Dickson led the convention in a
missionary conference. She urged the
necessity of more work being done in the
missionary way. People should be more
earnest and take a more active interest in
the work.

Miss Stevenson, the soprano soloist of
the Dundas center choir, displayed her
sweet and full voice to advantage in a
selected solo.

A workers' conference, led by Mrs.
Burns, of St. Thomas, was freely partici-
pated in by the lady delegates. It proved
an interesting and instructive item of the
proceedings.

Mrs. Graham and Miss Stevenson sang
"Abide With Me."

An address on "Business Methods of
Conducting Meetings," by Mrs. M. R.
Thornley, of this city, concluded the after-
noon's programme. Tea was served to the
delegates in the lecture room during the
intermission between the sessions.

EVENING SESSION.

The public meeting in the evening was
opened with hymn 108, "All Hail The
Power," and prayer led by Rev. Mr.
Holmes. The attendance was large.

Rev. A. C. Courtice, who was announced
to occupy the chair, was absent and Rev.
Stephen Bond acted as his substitute. He
congratulated the Women's Missionary
Society represented, on their having
secured Rev. Alex. Sutherland, D.D., to
give an address.

A trio and chorus, "Be Thou, O God,
Exalted High," by Mrs. Stevenson, Court
and J. Belcher and the choir, was
rendered in their well-known style.

The report of the district was furnished
by the organizer, Mrs. McMechan. Mis-
sionary work was being done from Japan
to Newfoundland. The Women's Mis-
sionary Society were 438 auxiliaries, 183
mission bands, with a membership of
16,500, and an income last year of \$31,600,
an increase of \$6,138.20 over the previous
year. In the western branch there were
135 auxiliaries and 46 mission bands. The
auxiliaries had a membership of 3,281 and
the mission bands 1,797—total, 5,078.

The income last year was \$8,100. In
the London district there were eleven
auxiliaries: Queen's Avenue, Dundas
Center, South London, London West,
Wellington Street, Arva, Siloam,
the Grove, Zion, Thorncliffe and West-
minster. Queen's Avenue, Dundas Center
and Wellington Street, were the largest
mission bands. The vacant places were
Colborne Street, King Street, Queen's
Park, Hamilton Road, Dorchester, Lambeth
and Delaware. The income in this district
last year was \$1,480.71, an increase of
\$411.85 over the previous year. There
was a total of 4,850 members of the church
and it would not be far wrong to suppose
that half this number were women and
children. There were, however, only 678
of these who were members of an auxiliary
or mission band. Mrs. McMechan considered
this a very small proportion.

An excellent recitation suitable to the oc-
casion, entitled "So Much to Do at Home,"
was given by Miss Allen. A chorus,
"O Peaceful Evening," by the full choir of
the church followed.

Dr. Sutherland was then called upon for
an address. He had frequently wished
that he was able to deliver a thoroughly
good speech—not one that men and women
would applaud, but one that would move
their hearts. The movement of these
women had almost immeasurable proba-
bilities of great good being done. He was
most jealous of them. It is the felt con-
viction of multitudes that women should
be needed to-day in every work. She who
needed in the home mission work, to lift
up the degraded and fallen. She was
needed to-day in the electorate to quell the
fool play in elections. He would hardly
call himself the father of the Women's
Missionary Society, although at the time
of its organization he stood as sponsor for
the ladies. Some of the men were afraid
that the women in this movement would
outstrip the sterner sex. Their example
would be a stimulus and an inspiration to
the rest of us. The reflex movement com-
ing back upon the churches would stimulate
us. Time should not be wasted in discussing
the matter. He had inspected the
work being done in some parts of
this district. The work was done princi-
pally among the women and children.
There was not a man, woman or child that
was not within the reach of the Gospel.
The heathen abroad who had nobody to
teach them should receive attention. The
population of the world was increasing by
15,000,000 a year, and how long was it
going to take to evangelize the whole
earth? Nearly nineteen centuries had
elapsed since the command of the Lord was
given and it had not yet been fulfilled.

The women of the Methodist Church
were doing a grand work among the Indians
and heathen in the Northwest. There was
a large number of Chinese on the Pacific
coast and against them there was a strong
feeling of antagonism and prejudice. The
Chinese who came to this country were of
the worst class in China, and yet they were
better than the white men of the same
class on the Pacific coast. The Chinese
were good-tempered, peaceful and in-
dustrious. Gambling was carried on to a

FLAX SEED EMULSION

Read what the most eminent physicians of
America say:
"Wasting and restless nights are unknown to
those who use Flax Seed Emulsion. Nervous
prostration and general debility, weak and
delicate children, are made strong by using
Flax Seed Emulsion. Flax Seed Emulsion will
increase the weight, and give perfect peace
and rest to the weak and weary."

W. S. Bryers Barkwell,
Successor to Harkness & Co.,
Sole Agent for London and Vicinity.

great extent. In the future there would be
more Chinese women and children coming
to British Columbia than in the past, and a
rescue home would therefore be more neces-
sary. To man these distant posts was
the money was needed. Many
would say that it was a freak of enthusiasm
that took Livingstone out to Africa to spend
long years. He gave his life for the re-
demption of Africa. Livingstone would be
robbed and crowned in the world
above. The expenditure of carrying on
this great work was not a waste. The dark
places of the earth were the habitations of
cruelty to-day. In concluding the speaker
encouraged the ladies in their grand work.
The day was not far distant when all
womanhood would give themselves to en-
gauge in it.

While the collection was being taken up
this great work was not a waste. The dark
places of the earth were the habitations of
cruelty to-day. In concluding the speaker
encouraged the ladies in their grand work.
The day was not far distant when all
womanhood would give themselves to en-
gauge in it.

Mrs. (Dr.) Fowler moved a vote of thanks
to Dr. Sutherland for his able address. It
was carried unanimously.

The meeting closed with the Doxology
and the benediction.

Still they come! What! Thousands of
smokers, in thousands of homes, all over the
land, spending in the highest terms of the
word of the Lord, the money that should be
used for the redemption of the world. The popu-
larity of this brand of tobacco is something
remarkable, and it is due to its merit alone.
It is made by one of the best and
most equipped establishments in Canada.

Two 510 Excursions to Washington, D.
C., on Feb. 15 and March 15 via
Erie and Lehigh Val-
ley Railways.

Save up ten big silver dollars and have
one of the cheapest and finest trips of the
whole season. Take a trip south and see
the Southerners working down there.
There is no la grippe down there. For full
information apply to S. J. SHARR, 19 Wel-
lington street east, Toronto.

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MYRTLE NAVY
IS MARKED
T. & B.
IN BRONZE LETTERS.
NONE OTHER GENUINE.

STOP

spending your money for worth-
less medicines and buy a bottle of
WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF WILD CHERRY
THAT
will prove of inestimable value,
as it is almost certain to cure
at once that severe and rasping

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GILLET'S
PURE
POWDERED
LYE
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making soap,
boiling down, etc. A can equals 20 pounds of Soda
Ash. Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
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Genuine Horse Tail Razor Strops
at BROCK'S GUN-SHOP,
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Large sample rooms free of charge for busi-
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ecution parties.
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Elegantly furnished and heated rooms, elec-
tricity, bath, etc. Every accommodation for the
traveling public. Street cars from Union
depot pass the door every five minutes.
Terms—\$1 and \$1.50 per day.

The Big Range of Bargain

POWELL'S

have caused a flutter in drygoods this week
on Dundas street. After the storm
Monday and Tuesday buyers of drygoods
commenced to wake up, when our ad-
vertisement was read in this paper. We can't
afford to have dull days. We have in this
new lot of goods just to hand got some
desperate cheap drygoods, hosiery and
cottons.

No. 1.—A big lot of Tweed Dress Goods
in this new lot of goods, they are 84 inches
wide, beautiful patterns, grand goods for
early spring dresses. Ladies should see
these Tweed Suits; 45 yards will make a
full dress.

No. 2.—Don't let any lady forget that we
show from now until all are sold the con-
tents of two cases of ladies' and children's
Hosiery in fine Cashmere and fine domestic
Hose, all bought at desperate low prices.
We have paid for this lot of Hosiery and we
must get out money out of them at once.
You can buy a single pair at about the price
you would pay for them by the dozen.
Wholesale.

No. 3.—Ladies, remember that you
buy fine new fresh leather Belts at Pow-
ell's for 50¢ per yard. Don't pay twice for
an article is worth when you have such
cheap places as Powell's.

No. 4.—Girls' fine wool Hoods worth 75¢
every hood now selling for 25¢.

No. 5.—White and Grey Sheetings in
this cheap lot of goods, every yard to be
sold at job prices.

No. 6.—Don't forget that in this lot of
cheap goods which we show now you get
a wide 10¢ print for 6¢ per yard.

No. 7.—Remember you get 22 yards good
Grey Cotton for \$1 at Powell's now.

No. 8.—Don't forget that you get 7
yards extra heavy Grey Cotton at Powell's
cheap store for \$1.

No. 9.—In this big lot of job goods there
was a big pile of White Cotton, which
enables us to sell 17 yards of good White
Cotton for \$1, and 15 yards extra heavy
White Cotton for \$1.

No. 10.—Citizens of London, come with
your cash; it is cash that we want. We
sell for cash and sell cheap. Powell's
cheap store will give you the cheapest goods
in London.

POWELL'S

Known all over this Western
sala more and more as the
Millinery, Mantle and Dress
Store of London.
134 DUNDAS STREET
W. FAIRBANKS
FASHIONABLE TAILOR
Over Woods Store, corner Dundas
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STORAGE
For Furniture and all kinds
chandise. Apply for rates
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At 218 Dundas street, Duffell Block
from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m. every day.
Mornings and evenings specially for
ladies and children. ENGAGEMENT
made for public entertainments and
private houses. Write for terms.
Exhibition Phonographs for sale, \$300 for
complete outfit. Commercial Phonographs for
sale, \$150.
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PLACE YOUR ORDER WITH
DILLOWAY
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FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!
Groceries Below Cost.
A large quantity of goods slightly
damaged at
JOHN MOULE'S
Next Door to Postoffice.
WILL BE SOLD CHEAP BEFORE
LEAVING THE PREMISES.
If You Want Good Coffee
And at a low price, telephone to
BARNARD, the Grocer, and
try his 30c Java, cheap-
est in the market.
Corner Dundas and Adelaide Street
W. H. HEARD & CO.
PLUMBERS, Etc.
Crescent Hydrant
has two pipes, one covering the valve red
the pipe and the other conveying the water to
the pump (see pipe). The red in this hydrant
is actuated by a brass screw and handle above
and raising plunger; the smallest fraction
of an inch, closes valve before any water can
enter discharge pipe. With the valve open
we have the full and unobstructed flow of
water through the hydrant which can well
be compared to a straightway valve. It is
waycock. Closing the valve empties all water
from the pipe through dry hole. To repair
hydrant or washer remove top cap or plug
and withdraw plunger valve. It can be
readily repaired without digging up.

Call and see and get our price