

Donnelly Confesses
How Documents Have Been Destroyed
And Names Erased from the Books
In Order to Cover up Criminal Crookedness.
An Interesting Series of Questions and Answers—Ugly Rumors Affecting a Minister's Private Character.

OTTAWA, July 22.—Sworn proof is beginning to accumulate that Mr. A. Charles Donnelly, contractor and railway agent, was an extraordinary favorite with the Minister of Public Works, and was practically given liberty to do what he pleased with one of the largest contracts in recent years. He had only one of the six contracts, yet he was given the power to exclude the other five contractors unless they agreed to his terms and paid him 25 per cent. on the amount of their contracts. Some of them refused to do this, and by freezing them out, Mr. Charles was enabled to get the other contracts himself at greatly advanced prices.

Mr. Benson, elevator manufacturer, was examined by the Public Accounts Committee. He said he secured the contract for placing elevators in the Langevin departmental block, Ottawa. His original tender was \$82,000, but when Charles, the contractor for the building demanded a percentage, witness added \$5,000 to his figure and secured the contract. Witness gave Charles 25 per cent. on the total contract price. He saw a notice in Charles's office that all sub-contractors would have to pay Charles 25 per cent. interest on all sub-contracts. Witness added that Charles said he had lost on the main contract and was bound to make up on the other contracts.

Mr. Barron returned to the charges against Mr. Haggart, and moved that the committee ask leave of the House to examine all checks, vouchers, etc., connected with payments to Miss J. Craig, Miss A. Graham, E. A. McNeill, J. E. Lestour and others of the Postoffice Department.

Mr. Foster said that the regular way would be to move for a return in the House.

Mr. Barron remarked: "I thought you were just as anxious to have these matters investigated as we are." And the motion carried without further objection.

The Government have apparently thrown up the sponge. They abandoned their attitude of defense at the Tert committee yesterday, and for the first time manifested a genuine disposition to get at facts regardless of whom they might affect. Instead of attempting to balk the inquiry or to discredit the testimony, Mr. Oiler assumed the role of counsel for the prosecution and succeeded in bringing a few more of the dark ways of the Donnelly firm to light. The change of front from the one subject of comment here, "What does it mean? Have the Government made up their minds to abandon Sir Hector Langevin as they have abandoned Thomas McGreevey?" was a surprise. It was Martin P. Connolly yesterday that, at the suggestion of Mr. Tert, the firm had bribed the Government inspectors to certify to work that was never done. The books produced contain erasures which the witness confessed were made to conceal the names of other persons to whom money had been paid for an improper purpose. Connolly also admitted, after a great amount of teasing, that the firm had sent \$5,000 to three rivers during the election in which Sir Hector Langevin was returned. In the course of his testimony Michael Connolly said that the men Pelletier, Beaulieu and Germain were not employed by the firm and did not work for the firm. They were Government inspectors on the dredging, and made the returns upon which the estimate for payment to the firm was based. He did not remember by whose order he paid the money to them, he knew the men were giving no service for the money, but he had an idea what it was for. His idea was that it was for making returns for work that was never done. When Mr. Lister asked for the receipts witness said they might be torn up.

Q.—Did you want to destroy these receipts? A.—Because they might hurt the inspectors.

Q.—Why might it hurt them? A.—Because they had been making returns for which there was no value given.

Q.—The firm had been bribing them and you did not want it known? A.—Yes.

Q.—When did you want to destroy these receipts? A.—About the time I tore up the papers.

Q.—Who instructed you? A.—No one. I did it on my own responsibility.

Q.—Feeling it was the record of an improper transaction, you wished to destroy the evidence? A.—Yes.

Mr. Davies.—Did you make all of these erasures alone and without the assistance of anyone? A.—I did it alone, without the knowledge of anyone.

Q.—When you swore you erased words, which you think were "donations," did you erase letters, figures or marks which would have enabled you to tell to whom they had been made? A.—Yes.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell).—When did you miss the journal? A.—When I came before the committee.

Mr. Langevin.—It was in the office in Quebec when you left there? A.—Yes.

Col. Oulmont.—What made you think these entries ought to be erased? A.—When the charges were made by Mr. Tert.

Q.—You read all about the charges? A.—Yes.

Q.—And it was after you read the charges that you went through the books? A.—Yes.

A rumor has been gingerly referred to in the Toronto papers, in which a Cabinet

TERSE TELEGRAMS
Wired From Every Quarter of the Globe.

The Prince of Naples in London.—The Sheriff of Portico La Prairie Killed.

CANADIAN.

The C. M. R. A. held a celebration at Kingston yesterday.

The firemen's tournament opened at Brockville yesterday.

The Masonic Grand Lodge opened its annual session yesterday.

The reception to Premier Mercier will take place at Montreal this evening.

Alexander McLean, sheriff of Portage la Prairie, was instantly killed yesterday.

It has been discovered that transportation by pack-horses is practicable in Central Alaska.

The steamship Peveril left Montreal yesterday for Bristol with a very large consignment of cheese.

The Canadian clerk and treasurer of Northumberland and Durham, died last evening at Cobourg.

Dr. Allison, chief superintendent of education in Nova Scotia, has been elected president of the Sackville Wesleyan University.

The C. P. R. has ordered 50 new locomotives and 1,800 box cars to transport this season's harvest from the Northwest to the seaboard.

All the charges in the West Algonia election trial have been dismissed with the exception of one, argument on which will be concluded today.

A petition signed by 15,000 Patrons of Industry in favor of various changes in the present Government's policy was presented to the House of Commons by Mr. Lister yesterday.

UNITED STATES.

A colored man named Wm. Johnson, aged 17, was taken out of the county jail at Henderson, Texas, yesterday morning and lynched.

An impetus has been given to the production of nickel in California by the test of nickel steel armor plates in Europe. The exportation of nickel ore from New California last year amounted to 5,000 tons.

Instructions have been sent from Washington to pass free of duty the canoes and necessary outfits of Canadian canoeists who may visit the United States for the purpose of attending the meet of the American Canoe Association to be held on Long Champlain in August. The usual oath in regard to their effects must be taken by visitors, but they will not be required to give bonds for the return of canoes.

FOREIGN.

The town of Tropau, in Austrian Silesia, is inundated. Street traffic is carried on by means of boats.

The Lord Mayor of London, Sir Joseph Storer, has been created a knight of the Order of the Bath.

A Buenos Ayres dispatch states that troops stationed at Corrientes have revolted against the Government. The rebels killed before the outbreak was suppressed.

Victor Emmanuel, Prince of Naples, an eldest son of the King of Italy, arrived at Naples yesterday. He is on his way to the Prince of Wales and by the Italian Ambassador.

There was a conference yesterday at Berlin between members of the Government and representatives of the leading grain firms of Germany, brought about by an urgent summons issued by the Government. Reduction of duties on grain is supposed to be the topic of discussion.

The marriage of Ethel Forbes Leith, daughter of Mrs. A. J. Forbes Leith, of New York, to Charles Rodinburn, of the Fifth Royal Dragoons, and side-captain to the Prince of Wales, was celebrated in London. The Duke and Duchess of Connaught, the Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise, the United States Minister and wife, and others were present. Among the presents was a silver bowl from the Duke and Duchess of Connaught.

Fatal Railway Accident at Elmira.

New York, July 22.—The Lehigh express, which arrived at Elmira at 10:47 p.m. from Philadelphia and New York, crashed into the middle of a Northern Central freight train last night, killing the engineer, fatally injuring the baggage-master and slightly injuring the fireman.

The Berne Sea Trouble.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 23.—Mr. Wharton, Assistant Secretary of State, says the British Government has been practically agreed upon the draft of a document, which would be submitted to the judges of arbitration in the Berne Sea matter when they should be chosen.

Mine Disaster in Michigan.

QUINCY, Mich., July 22.—Peter Pascoe, jun., son of Superintendent Peter Pascoe, of the Republic iron mine, and James Dower, jun., were suffocated by smoke in the mine yesterday. The fire in the Republic has been raging since 10 o'clock Monday morning. The damage already is fully \$100,000.

The Bears Have Their Day.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The bears at 10:47 p.m. from Philadelphia and New York, crashed into the middle of a Northern Central freight train last night, killing the engineer, fatally injuring the baggage-master and slightly injuring the fireman.

Incandescent Light for Paris.

MARSEILLE, Mich., July 22.—Mr. J. A. Culverwell has secured a patent for an Edison incandescent plant for the town of Paris. The Royal Company were unsuccessful in their tender.

Why will you allow a cough to locate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when by the timely use of Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

BRITISH SOLDIERS MUTINY.
More Trouble With England's Famous Foot Guards.

LONDON, July 22.—Another mutiny has occurred in the British army. It is again one of the famous Foot Guards regiments which finds itself in trouble. The mutiny occurred in the Second Battalion of Coldstream Guards, whose colonel is Gen. Sir A. E. Harding, K. C. B. The second battalion of this regiment has been quartered at Wellington barracks, close to Buckingham Palace, and has been furnishing the guard of honor and incidents during the recent visit of the Emperor of Germany to London, taking a prominent part in the parade reviews. This work necessitated a considerable amount of extra duty, which was far from being pleasant to the Guardsmen. James Park in full marching order for the parade in full marching order. Upon the receipt of this order cursing and fierce mutterings were heard through the company. A considerable number of the third companies positively refused to parade, and told their non-commissioned officers that they could inform the privates of the determination the privates had arrived at.

LONDON, July 23.—The disaffected Coldstream Guards, having refused to obey orders, the non-coms had no course left but to report the insubordination. The first and second companies, after holding a consultation, reported to the colonel, and argued with the mutinous privates, setting forth to them the disgrace which had fallen upon the Grenadiers, and holding up to them the prospect of being exiled from England. Finally the rebellious privates consented to parade, and were conducted to St. James' Park in full marching order for their usual drill. But arrived upon the parade ground, the behavior and bearing of the Coldstream was so glaringly insubordinate that their officers concluded that it would be advisable to march them back to the Wellington Barracks. This was done, the men returning to the barracks with the consciousness that they had at least won a victory. The officers, however, issued orders confining their commands to the barracks for three days as a punishment. In addition the officers ordered that the ten senior privates of the mutinous companies should be placed under arrest, with the view of trying them by court martial for insubordination. No sooner did the main body of the excited guardsmen hear of this order than they barricaded themselves in a room in the barracks and declined to emerge until promised that the ten senior privates should not be worse than their comrades. A considerable time was spent in parleying with the mutineers, and they were finally persuaded, on the ground that they would make matters worse for all concerned, to open the doors to their officers in an orderly manner. The mutinous Coldstreamers were then addressed by Gen. Harding, who, by judicious speaking, succeeded in quieting them down. The mutiny of the Coldstream is another illustration of the feeling of discontent in the British army. Excessive drills, excessive punishment, excessive severity on the part of the officers and non-coms, with small pay, are said to be the cause of this discontent. The Times confirms the story of the mutiny of the Coldstream Guards.

GONE TO THE BOTTOM.

A German Vessel Sunk in Collision, and a British Steamer Wrecked—No Lives Lost.

LONDON, July 22.—The German steamer Neko, from Hamburg for Port Said, Falkland Islands, collided with the British steamer Stainfield in the English Channel, near the light of St. Ushant, and was so badly damaged that she sank. No lives were lost. The Stainfield was bound up the channel for Belboe.

LONDON, July 22.—The British steamer Soudan, from Bombay to Africa, for Liverpool, struck a rock off the Taboa July 6 and foundered. Her passengers, crew and mails are on board the British steamer Sierba, bound for Liverpool.

Ontario Dental Society.

BARRIE, Ont., July 22.—The Ontario Dental Society met its annual convention yesterday. Dr. C. B. Bonack, of Barrie, was elected president; Dr. Abbott, London, vice-president; Dr. W. A. Wilmut, Toronto, treasurer, and Dr. McLaughlin, Toronto, secretary. The day was spent in discussing the constitution.

Duluth to Liverpool by Steamer.

LONDON, July 22.—The new American steel steamer Charles W. Wetmore, which sailed from Duluth, Minn., during the latter part of June, arrived at Liverpool yesterday. The Wetmore is an inland-built steamer, and her cargo, which consists of 65,000 bushels of grain, is the first grain cargo shipped direct from a lake port to Liverpool without being reloaded. The Wetmore's route was down the lake from Duluth through the Welland Canal, down the St. Lawrence River and thence to the ocean.

A Young Couple's Close Call.

HAMILTON, July 22.—Vivian Lovell, a young man, and a lady friend had a thrilling experience in the bay Wednesday night. They were in a rowboat, and between 9 and 10 o'clock undertook to change seats. They succeeded the first time, but on the second attempt the boat upset and they went into the cold waters. They were then about 300 yards from the Grand Trunk elevator. On coming up they made a grab for the boat, but it turned and they both went down again. Once more they tried and failed. Lovell made a desperate endeavor to get hold of the boat and was successful. The girl hung on to the other side. A man in a boat came to the unfortunate pair's assistance and took them to the shore in an exhausted condition.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of harm, and without salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earache, bruises, cuts and sores respond to its action.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.
No Prorogation Yet for Over a Month.

Though the Government is Anxious to Choke Off the Opposition.

OTTAWA, July 22.—There were two new Government measures introduced into the House to-day by the Minister of Marine and Fisheries. The first was an act respecting the inspection of ships, giving the officers of the department power to inspect the hulls of the vessels. At present their powers of inspection are limited to the hull. The second is to amend the acts respecting the harbor of Pictou, in Nova Scotia. At present the harbor is managed by four or five commissioners, but they are not a body corporate. The object of the present bill is to make the commissioners a body corporate, and to give them the power of borrowing.

Sir Hector Langevin just before the orders of the day were taken up moved that Government orders have precedence on Mondays for the remainder of the session. Mr. Laurier opposed the motion, having regard to the present condition of the paper as regards private business. He said this was a motion that was usually made when prorogation was within sight. As far as he could see they had not approached the period when prorogation was at all within sight. There was a great deal of business on the order paper which should be discharged. It seemed to him that the motion was altogether premature. Apparently the session would last more than four weeks yet, he suggested that for the present the motion would not be printed in.

Sir Hector Langevin said that as private members did not seem inclined to push on their business, the Government might as well take Mondays. He, however, agreed to allow the motion to stand over for another week, with the understanding that it remain on the order paper.

Sir Richard Cartwright remarked that it was a pity the Government had departed from the proper rule, which was established a short time ago, that when a notice of motion was reached it should be proceeded with or dropped.

Sir Hector Langevin remarked that he saw special reasons why such motions should be allowed to remain on the paper.

Mr. White, of Shelburne (Conservative) resumed the debate on the budget. He declared that he believed in reciprocal trade with the United States, but it must be on a fair basis. The fisheries were in favor of it, for the great market for mackerel was in the United States.

Mr. Beaulieu, speaking in French, made a capital presentation of the Liberal case. He was followed by Dr. Spruille, one of the Conservative leaders, speaking from the treasury benches. He declared that the fisheries of Ontario were prosperous, and that to represent them as otherwise was a great slander. Dr. Spruille made so many misstatements in the course of his speech that he was called to order several times by Dr. Macdonald and Mr. McMillan, of Huron.

CHANGE OF POLICY NECESSARY.

Mr. Lavergne followed on the Opposition side, and declared that the fisheries controversy one thing was clear, they must have a change in their fiscal policy. He would vote for reciprocity in natural products, but that was at best a half measure, and they knew it could not be obtained in such a restricted shape. He gave his personal testimony as to the decreased value of farm lands in the Quebec district, where one-half of the farms were for sale and could find no purchasers. Never had he seen so great an exodus of the people of Quebec to the United States. Mr. Lavergne strongly supported the Liberal fiscal policy and replied to the cry about reversal of the duty on an honest and economical administration could save \$6,000,000 annually. He said Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment.

Mr. Davin, in rising to speak, utterly disapproved of the character of the debate and quoted the words of Mr. Paterson, of Brant, who had spoken in which they should conduct the discussion, and declared that no nobler words than Mr. Paterson's were ever uttered in any Legislature. With his eye on the blushing Spruille, Mr. Davin reproached the practice of members of declaring that an honest and economical administration could save \$6,000,000 annually. He said Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment.

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BAKING POWDER.
Delicious Tea Biscuits and Cakes can always be made when you use our Superior Baking Powder. Made fresh daily and guaranteed absolutely pure. 25 cents per pound. For sale only by CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS, 266 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT. TELEPHONE 255.

A BIG CIRCUS.
Arrival of John Robinson's Immense Show.

A Monster Feature—The Street Parade—Salient Features of the Exhibition.

John Robinson's big circus arrived about 3 o'clock yesterday morning. Fifty cars conveyed it from the east on the C. T. R. In a remarkably short time over six acres of ground near the East London station was covered with canvas, the main and the menagerie tents being monsters in size. The Robinson circus has a retinue of 600 men and women, making the scene on the grounds one of the greatest activity. Hundreds flocked around the grounds from early dawn and watched the array of employees engaged in the work of getting things in shape. The whole affair was a masterpiece of management.

The grand street parade started from the grounds at 9:30 a.m. and wound its way down King Street to Talbot thence back by Dundas to the starting point. It was witnessed by thousands along the route and called forth the loudest admiration. The pageant was imposing, though it did not fully represent the contents of the immense show, as many of the wild animals, horses and chariots were left in the tent. Glided chariots and bands, a female cavalry corps of 70 skilled horsewomen in brilliant uniforms, Kentucky (colored) jockeys and thoroughbred horses, ponies innumerable in a flight of the children, jester singers, rendering plantation melodies, cages of lions, tigers, bears, leopards and hyenas, gilded statuary, huge elephants and camels with Zulu attendants—all these features and many others were introduced in the pageant which was merely a keyhole glimpse of the delights within the canvas.

AN ADVERTISER REPORTER was shown around the menagerie by the obliging agent, Mr. S. H. Joseph, a department in which the management takes special pride, and with just reason. Mr. Robinson has a most complete collection of fowls, and strange creatures, of whom the best of care is taken. A towering giraffe, an animal which never utters a sound, stooped down and licked his attendant's hand. It is claimed that the black tiger on exhibition is the only one on the continent. They are a very rare species, orange-looking ostriches strutted about their enclosures arrayed in their beautiful plumage. But space will only permit a mere mention of the many wonders to be seen in this tent.

Functionality is one of Mr. Robinson's great principles, and the performances always commence at 2 p.m. and 8 p.m. sharp. The opening is characterized by the colossal biblical spectacle, "King Solomon," his Temple and the Queen of Sheba. This is said to be one of the most splendid of spectacles, participated in as it is by nearly 600 people in Oriental costumes, including bewitching ballets. The ground was leveled this morning and the rings prepared. The seating accommodation is enormous. London is the first city in Canada in which Robinson's Circus has exhibited. Its reputation is thoroughly established in the United States, and the intention of the Canadian tour is to do a like thing in this country. Heavy duties on all stock had to be paid, \$2,400 being the first installment handed to the customs officials.

BUILDINGS BURNED.

PETROLEA, July 22.—The total loss by Monday night's fire at Kerr's planing mill is \$2,000. Insured in Queen's, Lancashire, Mercantile and British American.

WINNIPEG, July 22.—Mrs. Conaghan, of Virden, had a stable and six horses burned Monday night.

In Crowds.

Mr. H. I. McIntosh, secretary and treasurer Universal Knitting Machine Company, Toronto, Ont., says: "We have pleasure in saying a good word for St. Jacobs Oil. Our employees use it extensively, and report it as an invaluable cure for pains, bruises, etc. Cases have been reported to us where it has worked like a charm." There's nothing like it.

According to Paris correspondent of the New York Herald, an old lady has just died at Spa leaving 100,000 francs as a prize to astronomers, French or foreigners, who within ten years shall be able to communicate with any planet or star.

Children Or for Pitcher's Castoria.

A barber in Iowa, Mich., has broken the record by shaving a man 26 seconds, being timed by stop watches.

NEW YORK STORE.

Use New York Rock Lump Salt for Horses, Stock, ETC., ETC.

E. B. SMITH
SOLE AGENT.

The great lung healer is found in excellent medicine sold as Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has curative when applied to be far advanced in consumption.

The New Kansas secret society, the "Knights of Reciprocity" contain nearly 300 subjects in Kansas.

The Remedy of the Day.—Every century has its own remedy. The great remedy of this age is Indigenous Bitters, a specific for the stomach. Sold everywhere in 25-cent packages.

MILL'S MORNING Edition.
VOL. XXVIII, NO. 132.

RAILROAD HUMBLINGS.

Grand Trunk Extension - President Van Horne's Departure - Earnings. The first sod in connection with the G. T. extension from Parkhead to Owen Sound was turned Monday. W. C. Van Horne, president of the C. P., has sailed for England on important business. The Canadian Atlantic Railway who are using the new Central Counties Railway, are now building from Glen Robertson on the

The Illinois Central Railroad Company's statement for the year ending June 30, 1930, shows earnings \$4,933,822, decrease, \$9,805. A further dividend of 2 per cent. is declared making 5 per cent. for the year.

Mr. Duncan McIntyre, the newly-appointed director of the Grand Trunk Railway, held a long conference with Sir Henry Deter, president of the company, Monday, Sept. 15, at the Waldorf-Astoria.

followed on Wednesday by Sir Henry
er, and when both reach Canada the
k of reorganizing the Canadian staff of
company will commence. Some vital
nges are being contemplated.

NOT HANLON.

of the Famous Athletes Says His
Brother Was Not Killed.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Geo. Hanlon, one
the original daring Hanlon brothers,

ze performers, has been in receipt of letters and dispatches bearing condolences at home in East Orange, ever since the announcement in the papers of the fatal shooting of one of the brothers during performance early last week. Mr. Hanlon says that the victim of that shooting was not one of his brothers nor was his name Hanlon. His name was William O'Mara. He and Robert Carney have been traveling as the Hanlon brothers. The two young men were pupils of the original Hanlons twenty years ago.

iam, the story of whose tragic death
been told, is living at Cohasset, Mass.;
ard at Coscob, Ct., and George at East
ge. The other three of the original six
hers are dead.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

orida bitter oranges for marmalade. A.
NTJOK, City Hall.

eth without plates; gold and porcelain
ns; established fifteen years. J. R.

warding from \$2 to \$3 per week for men
horses. Well-patronized hotels have
ated the Temperance House, 93 King
t.
k and cherry camp folding chairs
\$1; woven wire lounges \$3; bargains
toves and Furniture at T. BREN-
., 385 and 387 Talbot street.

A large stock. It must go. Harsure, at TRAFFORD's, 95-97 King st.

n't forget to call at Boomer's, 209 Nassau street, and get a dish of his delicious cream or a glass of his cream soda, which is made with fruit flavors. ywt

the Cheapest Yet.—All pictures left for sale during 1889 and 1890 will now be sold for sale at the price of the frame.

Now is the time to secure a bargain.

Hunt, 190 Dundas street. ywt

Ziegler & Ziegler, dentists.—Roots
lined with porcelain and gold; also
inserts. O. H. ZIEGLER, D.D.S.,
S.; C. H. ZIEGLER, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
192 Dundas street. Telephone,
49. ywt

F. Robertson's, 650 Dundas street,
leaf fans at 2 cents; Japanese fans
5 cents to 25 cents; hammocks, 60
up. Cheap stable and fancy station-

ADVERTISER and Free Press 6 cents
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all kinds of pastry, confectionery,
to W. J. McGINN'S, No. 519 Rich-
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a, home-made and fancy breads.

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prices for all kinds of interior finish,
or machine work of every description.
ing of any design done in the neatest

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ing of any design done in the neatest

r. Boulevard posts and rails, blinds
 reens, sash, doors and frames in all
 Prices right. Respectfully yours,
 DODD & SON, corner Wellington and
 1st streets, city. ywt

Port Stanley.
 g your riding suits to Port Stanley
 ke lessons. Mr. Fulcher's string of
 horses has gone there for the season.
 ywt

Housekeepers, Notice.

Good housekeepers will look to their
care before the rush of house cleaning
have it repaired and varnished and
to look as good as new for a trifle.
card or telephone. W. J. BRYANTON,
ing street; telephone, 479. Goods
r and returned. ywt

service, and it is to be hoped they take advantage of it by purchasing tickets via the favorite Erie and save lives the annoyance of changing cars mping off the trains for meals.

11-4

windy day those very baggy trousers rather a flip-pant air.

low who always walks when he goes his girl is apt to become beaulegged.

dinner fill.—Many persons suffer exing agony after partaking of a hearty

The food partaken of is like a ball upon the stomach, and instead of a healthy nutriment it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such abuses. They correct acidity, open the bowels and convert the food partaken of into a healthy nutriment. They are just the thing to take if troubled with indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, etc. If you are a man who doesn't differ restaurants would be a waste of money.

How to Cure All Skin Diseases.
Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT."
No internal medicine required. Cures letter,
itch, all eruptions on the face,
nose, etc., leaving the skin clear,
and healthy. Its great healing
powers are possessed by no other.
Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S
OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal
sole agents. ywt
Young ladies of Christian parentage

verted to Judaism a short time ago
oro. Both of these were influenced
of Hebrew men.

GRANT

NOT HANLON.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

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God's in His heaven,
 All's right with the world.
 —(BROWNING.)

London, Thursday, July 23.

"THE NEW EMPIRE."

Much talk has taken place in recent years about the constitution of the British Empire and the probable future of its constituent parts. Very little of the literature brought out on the subject will be sought but evanescent. This will necessarily be the case, because many discuss the subject from a partisan or prejudiced basis, and very soon writings of that description are of little value either as historic documents or aids to the teaching of history. "The New Empire," the most noted modern work dealing with the progress of the British nation, is fated to achieve more lasting fame. It is a fine volume of 600 pages, the work of Mr. A. O. Howland, a well-known Toronto barrister, who has brought to bear on his labors a keen, discriminating intelligence, and has produced a most valuable book. "The New Empire," whose past development, present standing and future possibilities are graphically set forth in this book, is the empire formed by the motherland and her colonial territories since the thirteen states across the border, goaded by maladministration, set up house for themselves. In a most interesting manner the author sketches the causes that led to the declaration of independence and the notable occurrences that have intervened in the history of Great Britain and the colonies since that great event. He is not an Imperial Federationist. He does not agree with the advocates of that as yet undefined policy who assert that the empire must go to pieces and British prestige depart unless Britain resists from her policy of free trade, but strongly holds to the opinion that colonies are already sister nations of the mother country—members of one family. The author describes the fall of the empire as it was constituted prior to the Revolution, and gives an interesting account of the events and influences which led up to that crisis. There is commendable breadth of view in the concession that the revolt of the thirteen colonies was not an unmixed evil; liberty the world over has most certainly been promoted by it, and the human race a gainer. It is hard to say how long much-needed reforms in the administration of public affairs would have been delayed if the king and his servile advisers had been victors instead of Washington. Yet it is made evident that it was more by chance—shall we say the degrees of Providence?—than by good management that the colonists succeeded in throwing off the yoke of those who refused to recognize the principles for which Washington and his coadjutors rightly contended.

"The Treaty of Partition" is the title of the second chapter. It is clearly proved that in the arrangements following the declaration of peace the colonists were treated with respectful liberality. The British statesmen at once gave the new republic control of the territory in the west that belonged to old Canada. Of such vast extent were the lands, and so small claim had the new nation to them, that astonishment at the liberality of his Majesty's Ministers was general. We are told, however, that these concessions were made as a peace-offering to the elder son of the empire, whose waywardness had been discovered to be warranted by the ill-treatment meted out to him. The view which Lord Shelburne entertained was that by this policy of conciliation Great Britain and the United States could be bound together in a bond of perpetual trade reciprocity. No formal agreement, however, was entered on, but with the author we are not without hopes that the cementing influence of complete freedom to trade between the two great branches of the English-speaking family may yet be fully

applied. Why should not Canada be the connecting link?

In the third chapter the author treats of the constitution of the new empire, which, he contends, is now firmly established. The subsequent chapters refer to "Our Centenary Year," and "The Crisis of the Empire."

In the former it is pointed out that 1891 brings the 100th anniversary of the foundation of Upper Canada, which, by the way, was the first colony created after the American revolution. Under "The Crisis of the Empire" the author discusses the Newfoundland question, and in an appendix he takes up the foreign relations of the empire, and vigorously treats of them. The volume as a whole is readable, and may well be studied by every patriotic Canadian. We need not necessarily agree with all its deductions to admire its frank, able diction. With such writers as Mr. Howland in the midst of us, we need not fear for the future of native literature. Readers of this volume must be interested in the declaration of the author that if life and leisure will permit on "Our Future: Its Prospects and Its Duties," in which he will discuss what appears to him to be the common interests of the English-speaking nations.

"THE NEW EMPIRE. Reflections Upon Its Origin and Constitution and Its Relation to the Great Republic. By A. O. Howland, of Quebec Hall, barrister-at-law. Toronto: Hart & Co.

THE EAST END RESORT.

The Queen's Park is a charming retreat, and is thoroughly appreciated by citizens, but it might be better kept at comparatively small cost to the taxpayers. One of the first improvements that should be undertaken is the opening up of a roadway or two. Just now carriages and wagons drive over the greenward and cut up the turf, greatly detracting from the looks of the grounds. If proper paths were laid out this might be prevented. Citizens do not half value this suburban retreat, but they are beginning to appreciate its merits. At the recent open air concert several thousand persons listened to the delightful music of the Seventh Band, demonstrating that the East End Park is a formidable rival to the central public resort. Let the aesthetic surroundings of the Queen's Park be enhanced in appearance by a little more attention from the aldermen and their caretaker. The Western Fair Board is doing its share by providing ample seating accommodation. When a place with so many natural beauties can be improved at so small cost in effort and money there is no reason why it should be maintained in a slovenly condition.

THE WHEAT OUTLOOK.

Though last week closed leaving many fields of hay ungathered through Middlesex and adjacent counties, the fall wheat harvest is now fully under way with continued prospects of a good yield. The hopeful view of probable prices taken by Mr. C. Wood Davis, as set forth in these columns, is corroborated by a sanguine article in the Cincinnati Price Current, a well posted and recognized authority on the subject. After going carefully over the whole field of wheat growing countries it says: "The logical deduction from this exhibit is that the world's wheat production in 1891 will be about 2 per cent. below the ordinary annual consumption, if present indications for European or American crops are maintained, or about 65,000,000 bushels. Aside from this moderate deficiency in wheat is the fact that rye, which is of great importance in Russia and very considerably so in other continental countries, is understood to be quite decidedly short of the usual production this season. A further feature considered to be a strengthening factor in calculations as to future prices is the recognized low condition of wheat reserves everywhere—so that the new crop, not only in this country but elsewhere, will more early than ordinarily begin to respond to the demands for consumption. The United States will by far be the most important wheat-exporting country this year—and if speculative operations do not too seriously interfere with a free and steady movement of the surplus as it is called for by the importing countries it should be expected that the average of prices will be even better than for the past year, which shows a marked improvement over any previous year for quite a period—covering the years back to 1882-83."

THE DAWN OF A NEW ERA.

Staid old Conservatives in England have been thrown into a state of great alarm because of Lord Salisbury's admission that the right to vote cannot much longer be withheld from women. The Tory chief, indeed, looks with more favor upon the proposition to cease discriminating in favor of man in the matter of voting than on the less radical proposition that the man and not the property should vote. Lord Salisbury and his friends, indeed, are as bitterly opposed to the principle of "one man one vote" as are their servile admirers in Canada. To them it is too much of a concession to democratic principles—too sweeping an admission that the landed aristocrat has no valid claim to an undue influence in the disposal of public affairs.

Woman's right to vote may therefore be conceded in Britain before the Conservative leaders give in to the "one man one vote" principle. That change will bring far-reaching results, but no one who has carefully watched the stand which women take on matters of great public interest, in those countries where they have, even in a limited sense, the right to go to the polls, will entertain misgivings as to the effect of their active interest in public affairs. While there is evidence that in a general way they will vote as their family traditions may suggest, when there is a great moral question up for settlement they may be relied on to exhibit less hesitancy in sacrificing their political predilections than the mass of men are in the habit of displaying. Women, as a rule, have a

keener sense of what is right and wrong than man, and because of that fact they will no doubt exercise a salutary influence at the polls. It would be most illogical to ask the women to take an increasingly active part in running elections, as both parties are inclined to do, and yet deprive the sex of all voice at the polls.

THE CERTAIN OUTCOME.

Civic affairs have been fearfully mismanaged in Toronto in recent years, and complaints of excessive taxation are made all along the line.

When either a country or a city is managed so that ineptables are foisted into positions of trust, solely on account of their partisanship, an era of corruption and extravagance is sure to set in. The taxpayers of the Dominion know how it is.

ONE AS BAD AS THE OTHER.

(Toronto Saturday Night.)
 For my own part, I think Mrs. Perley was quite as justifiable in receiving Mr. Murphy's diamonds as Lady Macdonald was in receiving those presented by the Canadian Pacific Railway. When Sir Hector Langevin accepted \$25,000 from contractors, he set an example likely to be followed by other people, particularly his subordinates.

TWEED'S REGIME ALONE EXCEPTED.

(Winnipeg Tribune.)
 Never, we believe, in the history of representative government has such corruption been shown to exist amongst those at the head of affairs as recent developments have shown to prevail at Ottawa. We ought, perhaps, to make an exception of that period when William M. Tweed was in control of the municipal government of New York.

AMPLY CORROBORATED.

(Ottawa Free Press.)
 Up to the present Mr. O. E. Murphy's testimony before the Privileges and Elections Committee has been corroborated by Mr. Verrett, the latter of Michael Connolly and Thomas McGreevy, and by Mr. Nicholas Connolly's failures to remember what has done with large sums of money paid out by Larkin, Connolly & Co. and charged in the books of that firm as donations. And there is more to come.

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 has effected in the city some marvelous cures, in many cases where the medical faculty has pronounced them incurable. The new principle of washing the disease out of the blood through the skin is much more rational and certainly more scientific than giving nauseous doses of medicine to carry it off through the stomach. When used properly with the

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An answer to which has more meanings than one. One is an answer to the question, "Your money or your life?" The other an action of surprise and also of gladness when we both see and hear of the good qualities possessed by the St. Leon Mineral Water in curing rheumatism. Another for joy at the 15th of June being so near at hand, when the Palace Hotel opens for the season. Mr. M. A. Thomas, manager, secures your rooms at once, as delays are dangerous.

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 Of real estate on favorable terms. No delays. Expenses moderate and fixed by tariff.

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Is a certain and speedy cure for
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In London's early days a published list of cut prices would have been a source of endless gossip and surmise. Now they are so common, real and sham, that it requires great skill to make the average much-deluded citizen read ads. at all. Common sense people, however, soon learn to pick the WHEAT from the CHAFF, and the number of close buyers who daily avail themselves of our offerings is large and constantly growing. This week's list is worthy of your careful perusal!

Best quality Flannelettes, worth 12c, for 5c a yard.
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CURE SICK HEADACHE

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure one headache, they are worth the cost.

ACHIEVE what you desire in those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but for whom the usual remedies do not give relief. Use them in so many ways that they will not be wasted in the most difficult cases. But after all, it is the cure that counts.

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He Fell Among Thieves

Harry strode solidly away, eager to be alone with his own thoughts. Almost before he knew it he found himself in Hyde Park, and there seating himself on a bench in a quiet corner he tried to pull his random wits together. For a while he could think of nothing but Inthia. His pulses sang her name. The thought of her face filled his mind. Many a thousand times in his lonely wanderings he had tried to picture her as she stood in the moonlight, and tried to anticipate the changes time would bring. He thought her now infinitely more beautiful than he had ever pictured her, or than she had been in her girlhood. He believed he read a hint of settled sorrow in her face, and he accused himself, as any honest man would be doing, that that young life ought to have gone unshadowed. He sat in a sort of daze, when the thought crossed his mind that his own boyish wickedness and folly had killed her lover, and had left a virgin heart widowed. He felt like an assassin. What right had he to rob her of that? He had been a fool from start to finish, and had even misread the legend of sterling family pride which had stared him in the face. He ought to have known that a man in the position of Lord Bridgebourne would not allow the family honor to be tarnished for the sake of a few thousand pounds. The hard old man would have said that he supposed him dead, and would have done at least as much to prevent the open shame of his appearance in the dock.

Sitting there unobserved he drew from his pocket a small leather wallet, dark and polished with long use. It contained but a single sheet of paper—Inthia's last letter. He knew its words by heart, and had known them any time since this new discovery. He read the lines again with a sort of reverence. He had always heard the girl's impetuous and vivacious voice in the words, and now the woman's graver and gentler tones seemed to repeat them with a solemn surety.

He had, in the course of the morning, felt so strangely moved to betray himself that he had been on the edge of doing it half-a-dozen times. Sitting retired in his little corner solitude, he had resolved to let his alias go. He could reply Lord Bridgebourne easily, and there the plain honest duty. He had made an honorable and famous name, and felt that the indiscretion of his youth was wiped so clean away that no man would care to bring it against him. But the letter, which had once looked like an act of heroism, seemed now only like one more folly added to the list.

His mind swung to and fro like a pendulum. He would and he would not. His mood of indecision was all the less tolerable to him because of his accustomed way of life, full of the rapid and most daring decision. He had leaped up to find mind upon the matter, when he rose to walk back to his hotel. There was a block at a crossing of the road, and looking up he saw Lady McCord and Inthia seated behind her ladyship's black-liveried coachman. They bowed to him, and he raised his hat in answer, reading or fancying that he read a renewal of the first inquiry in Inthia's eyes. If she should recognize him only as a coward hiding under an alias from the reproach he dared not face.

His thoughts were with him all day and through the greater part of the night. He awoke restless and unrefreshed, and walked out for an early morning swim in the Serpentine, still debating the one question by the way. It was unsettled when he returned, and looked likely to remain unsettled.

As he neared the hotel on his return he observed for the third or fourth time in the last day or two a curious figure on the pavement at the door—a man in an elegant little go-cart of finished construction, which was impelled and guided by the cripple's own hands. The man wore a skull cap of dark blue velvet, which was in striking contrast with the dreadful pallor of his face. His skin was colorless, and of hard smooth texture, like white paper. His eyes were sunken, and of a cold dead porcelain blue. His face was so clean shaven that it looked innocent of the razor, but the chin was decorated by a little goatee tuft, and whenever he was not occupied in wheeling himself about he sat

crossing this tuft with his blanched fingers, with a stiff, set smile, as if he were meditating mischief to somebody. The worst giant had never passed this ruined creature without a twinge of pity, which had yet a trace of repulsion in it. Constant suffering might well have given birth to the soulless grimace, and it was hard that a healthy man whose movement was a bodily pleasure should punish suffering even in his thoughts.

Behind the man this morning stood a tall and handsome girl of a marked American type, slender and insolent. She had a hand upon the back rail of the go-cart near the invalid's head, and was bending over him, when Harry first caught sight of them. The hall porter was standing on the steps of the hotel, and was in conversation with them. Harry heard distinctly the name of Ronald Morton, and as he passed through the doorway was aware of whispers behind them. The reflection in the glass doors showed him the group outside, the invalid pushing his chair forward, the girl peering eagerly over his head, the hall porter nodding backwards and sideways, as who should say "there goes the man you spoke of."

Harry was constantly receiving such evidence as this scene afforded him of the interest he excited in the public mind. He passed indoors and in a moment had forgotten the episode completely.

The invalid set his chair in motion, gliding smoothly over the level pavement. The girl walked slowly at his side, keeping pace with him.

"Gilead," she said, looking down upon him, "that ain't the man."

"What?" the other snapped, turning his eyes on her.

"It ain't the man," the girl repeated, with a drawing aside of her veil. "I know you no broader round the shoulders than I am. You could get three men like Willie into that man's waistcoat."

"You always were a mule, Prissilla," the girl answered, "and you always will be. You'd have been a mule if you'd been born to trousers, but being feminine you're fixed up proper."

"Dye think I don't know him?" snarled the man in the go-cart. "Don't men at his age thicken in the figure? He wasn't over five-and-twenty. What's to prevent his thickening in the figure? I'll tell you what it is, Prissilla—you make me mad."

"I don't care how mad I make you," the girl hummed back at him with a tranquil, settled obstinacy, "that ain't the man."

"Parrot!" said the invalid, and shot himself warily forward at a great pace. The girl walked calmly on, and by and by he came circling back, making a sort of round her and settled into his old place. "I'll know if he's the man or not," he said; "I'll put Heaton on to him."

"Consciousness of the pillar interest he excited," Harry breakfasted and settled himself to work at the preface his publishers had asked for a projected popular edition of his book. A waiter announced a gentleman to see him. For a while he was indisposed to receive a stranger. He had been besieged by curious impertinents of the lion-hunting tribe, and had made this decision in part against their admonition. But this particular visitor clung tenaciously to his point, and was at last admitted. He was gray, and responsible in aspect, and might have been an eminently respectable selector by his looks.

"My instructions are, sir," he said, "to place this letter and this book in your own hands. You are Mr. Ronald Morton?"

"I am, Ronald Morton."

"The gray, responsible man gravely handed him a sealed packet and a letter, and at once took up his hat to withdraw."

"Stay," said Harry. "There may be an answer."

"I was instructed to the contrary," said the respectable stranger, and with that and a quiet "good morning," he left the room.

Harry broke the seal of the letter, and found Messrs. Coutts & Co. in correspondence with Mr. Ronald Morton. On the 3rd of March, 1875, he was informed that he had, on the introduction of a respected client, made a deposit of seven hundred and fifty pounds, and a sealed parcel. With the exception of ten pounds twelve shillings and sixpence the whole sum deposited had been withdrawn a fortnight later, though Mr. Morton had distinctly understood that his balance was at once to stand less than five hundred pounds. The bankers' letters calling his attention to this fact had been returned to the address left with them, and learning that Ronald Morton, who had returned to London, they begged at once to place the sealed packet and a draft for the balance of his account in his hands, and to close correspondence.

An air of cold business offense breathed through this epistle, and it was evident that the bankers were aggrieved at their client's neglect and his contravention of their rules.

"But what to do with this confounded packet?" the recipient asked himself. "It doesn't belong to me. Poor Morton used to say that he had a relative in the world. The ordinance map shows no Kekewich in Cheshire. I have inherited a mystery, and I must walk out of it by the straight road."

(To be Continued.)

The Good Old Times.
"Then times were good."
Merchants cared not a rush
For any other far.
That Johnny cake and mush."

But now times have changed, and the plain and simple fare of the forefathers is done away with. Patent flour and high-seasoned food, and strong drinks, have taken its place, and as a result dyspepsia, impure blood, and diseases of the stomach, liver and lungs are numerous. This great change has led one of the most skillful physicians of the age to study out a remedy for these modern diseases, which he has named his "Golden Medical Discovery." Dr. Pierce in this remedy has found a cure for Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, in its early stages, and "Liver Complaints."

There are four varieties in society—the lovers, the ambitious, observers and fools. The fools are happiest.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FOR WARM WEATHER.

English Ginger Ale,
Soda Water,
Seltzer Water,
Rose's Lime Juice Cordial.

FITZGERALD, SCANDRETT & CO.,

109 DUNDAS STREET. TELEPHONE 483

THE TRAVELING DAIRY

Pays a Profitable Visit to Coldwater.

The Requisites for Good Butter-Making Set Forth—Pertinent Questions and Interesting Answers.

A meeting of the traveling dairy was held in Coldwater, which is about twenty miles northwest of Orillia. The country about here is in some parts rough and wooded, but the greater part of it, if cleared, would prove valuable land for cultivation. Crops look well on the improved farms, though a little backward, owing to the dry season. Potatoes and fall wheat will give a good yield, saying has just commenced and will be a fair crop for this season. The farmers until lately have given more attention to lumbering than to farming, hence some of their farms have been somewhat neglected, but, as the good lumber has become thinned out, they are devoting more time to farm work. This district is well suited to dairying, there being abundance of pure cold water and rich, low lands, valuable for grazing and for growing fodder crops. There are a few dairymen about, some of whom get good prices for their butter in Toronto and other cities, but the great majority of them sell in Coldwater, getting about 13 cents per pound, the quality good or bad. It is the saying here as in other places: the great quantity of poor butter in the market keeps the price down. This meeting was fairly well attended, considering that farmers are busy with their haymaking. Among those present were W. L. Levering (chairman), R. Miller (secretary of the institute), Mr. and Mrs. Hipwell, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Rouse, Mr. West, Mr. Moore, Sam and James Dunlop, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Manning, Mr. and Mrs. David Millar, Luke Leathdale, Mr. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan, John Leathdale, Mr. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. McIntyre, Mr. Nelson, Mr. James Balfour, Mr. and Mrs. Y. R. Greidels, Mr. McCall, John Gray, Jun., G. R. Vanzant (Markham), and Dr. Harvey.

Prof. Dean spoke on the "Requisites for Good Butter-making." The dairymen, to make a success of his business, must (1) get the right person to run the dairy; (2) get the right cow, one with strong constitution and ability to apply her food to the production of milk.

(3) Milk the cow regularly. Brush the udder before milking, which will prevent the flow of milk. Strain immediately after milking and set in deep cans in water at about 45°. Skim at the end of twelve hours, or if the water is at a higher temperature for 24 hours. Keep cream sweet till 24 hours before churning; then warm up to about 64° in summer, 68° to 70° in winter. When cream is well ripened, churn at about 58° in summer, 64° to 68° in winter, and churn. Wash butter in the churn, when in the granular state. Procure a lever butter washer if possible, and wash the butter in it. Use from half an ounce to one ounce per pound, as the market demands. Pack well in tins or crocks and cover with a salt.

Q.—What causes white specks in butter? A.—Leaving the cream on the milk too long; allowing the cream to dry on the sides of the churn, and working the butter milk out sufficiently.

Q.—Should the foam be allowed to settle on the milk before straining? A.—No. Strain immediately after milking; the foam will not materially affect the milk.

Q.—Why do you strain the cream when pouring in the churn? A.—To remove any impurities that may be present, or there is a risk of the milk being spoiled, which if allowed to remain would cause fermentation in the butter.

Q.—Do you like churns with a dasher inside? A.—No. I prefer a churn without dash and paddles on the inside as they are apt to injure the grain of the butter.

Cream was kindly supplied by Mrs. David Millar, and it was raised in shallow pans and skimmed at the end of 24 hours. This was churned by Mr. Brown in about 25 minutes. As usual, when the butter "broke," some cold water was added. It was then churned until it became about the size of wheat grains, when the butter milk was drawn off and about the same quantity of cold water added. As there was cream at first, after the churn was turned a few times, the water was drawn off and fresh water added, the churn turned again and the butter allowed to drain. The granular butter was then removed to the worker, skimed at the rate of 3 ounces to the pound, worked and made into prints. From 26 pounds cream 93 pounds butter was made.

Four samples of milk were brought for testing: three of new milk and one of skim milk. The skim milk from shallow pans, skimmed at the end of twelve hours, gave 1 per cent. of fat, indicating that over one pound of butter was in every 100 pounds of skim milk. The new milk was all of good quality, one sample from a breed owned by Mr. David Millar showing 4.3 per cent.

The tests showed: (1) 4.2 per cent. of fat, (2) 1.0 per cent. (skim milk), (3) 4.0 per cent. (butter milk), (4) 4.3 per cent. (butter milk), (5) 1.9 per cent. (No. 3 milk).

All those present at this meeting showed great interest in the proceedings, as usual asking many questions, which were answered as fully as possible.

You Take No Risk In buying Hood's Sarsaparilla, for it is everywhere recognized as the standard building-up medicine and purifier. It has won its way to the front by its own intrinsic merit, and has the largest sale of any preparation of its kind. Any honest druggist will confirm this statement. You decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, do not be induced to buy anything else instead. Be sure to get Hood's.

Speaking of a ministerial friend in Dundee whose face had a singularly thoughtful expression, Rev. George Giblin declared that he had been specially created to furnish a frontispiece to the Lamentations of Jeremiah.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband; but if she is weak and nervous, and under the influence of a different person, at least so they all say, and their husbands say so.

If there is one thing upon earth which mankind love and admire better than another, it is a brave man; it is a man who dare look a devil in the face and tell him he is a devil.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confounded with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills, as they are entirely different in their action. One trial will prove their superiority. Schoolmasters, quiet, clean, and obedient, how you obey I, too, have to obey; who can tell me whom I have to mind? Johnny—Your wife.

Is a good name of Dr. Doan's German preparation for the hair. It really works like magic. All who have used it pronounce it to be unequalled for restoring the vitality of the hair roots, restoring gray hair, removing dandruff, etc. Just try it. It is Dr. Doan's. All druggists sell it.

It is said that every fresh dose of medicine is an experiment, so is every action of life.

R.R.R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST MEDICINE FOR FAMILY USE IN THE WORLD. NEVER FAILS TO RELIEVE PAIN.

It surpasses all other remedies in the wonderful power which it possesses of curing RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA.

Thousands have been relieved and cured by simply rubbing with RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, applied by the hand, the part affected and the seat of the aching surface; at the same time several brisk doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will do much to hasten the cure.

INTERIALLY a half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water in a few minutes cures Cramps, Spasms, Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhoea, Summer Complaint, Colic, Flatulency, and all internal pains.

MALARIA

Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague Conquered.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other malarial, bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

An Excellent and Mild Cathartic. Mildly Laxative or Strongly Purgative, according to dose.

For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the internal viscera. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking RADWAY'S PILLS, by doing so.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from diseases of the digestive organs: Constipation, Inward Flies, Fullness of Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Bloating, Flatulence, Sinking or Fluttering in the Pits of the Stomach, Swelling of the Head, Headache, Difficulty Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking, Sore Throat, Stiffness of the Neck, Dizziness, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever or Chill in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning of the Face.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all these and other ailments. Send stamps for postage to RADWAY & CO., Montreal, for our book of advice.

RADWAY'S SANSAPARILLAN RESOLVENT PURIFIES THE BLOOD. It is a blood purifier, and it is sold by all druggists. DR. RADWAY & CO., limited, 419 St. James Street, Montreal, Canada.

Three Years Free

The Coming School of Medicine.

The Histogenetic System.

THIS SYSTEM IS COMPLETE, having different medicines for all the different diseases. The theory is entirely different from that of the old schools. The medicines are perfectly pure, containing nothing of a poisonous nature whatever, and are quite tasteless. For three years these medicines have been given away free and thoroughly tested in the most hopeless cases before being placed on the market. The result has exceeded the most sanguine expectations. Hundreds of cases supposed to be incurable have been cured, and the most skeptical that Histogenetic Medicine has cured and are curing to-day DISEASES at a later stage than any other system of medicine in the world. CURE troubles require a longer time, generally from one to three months, according to the nature of the complaint. IN FEMALE IRREGULARITIES, WOMEN TROUBLED, etc., the medicines have been especially successful. Private EXAMINATIONS in these troubles are almost not quite absolutely necessary. Call or send for one of our free books explaining the system. They should be in every house in the land.

RHEUMATISM and SCIATICA. I am happy to acknowledge, and now testify, to the efficacy of these medicines in curing Rheumatism. I have suffered with this painful disease in my shoulders, knees and hips for twenty-five years, also with sciatica for some time. I decided to try Histogenetic Medicine as a last resort, as nothing ever seemed to give me any permanent relief. The first week's medicine gave me relief, and in two weeks the sciatica disappeared and has not returned. I took the medicines for six weeks, and an acute rheumatism, I feel better in every way. I am sixty years of age, and feel quite smart and active. I can cheerfully recommend these medicines to the public, and will be glad to tell any sufferer about my case. It is now nearly two months since I ceased taking the medicines, and the effect is permanent.

MRS. FORDE, 1022 Maple Street.

CONSULTATION FREE

Office hours—9 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Histogenetic Medicine Assoc'n

Rooms 2 and 3, Albion Block, Richmond Street, London.

Head Office for Western Ontario.

Head Office for Canada, 10 Yonge Street, Market, Toronto.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL FOR THE CURE OF CANCER & TUMORS without the Knife. 63 Niagara St., BUFFALO, N.Y.

TO WEAK MEN. Sufferers from early decay, wasting weakness, loss of manhood, etc., will find a valuable treatise containing full particulars for home cure. PRICE 25 cents. A splendid medical work, suitable to be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Send for it at once.

Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Buffalo, N.Y.

OAK HALL

FOR Boys' and Children's Clothing

Do not forget the BICYCLE.

The time for giving it away is drawing very close.

OAK HALL

150 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

ALF. TAYLOR, Manager

A Food! A Drink! A Medicine!

Johnston's Fluid Beef

Has threefold usefulness

As Beef Tea, As a Stimulating Tonic, As a Perfect Substitute for Meat.

It contains the vital principles of Prime Beef.

CAMP BEDS,

CAMP CHAIRS,

CAMP TABLES,

Veranda Chairs & Rockers

CHEAPEST AND BEST.

London Furniture Manuf'g Co.

(Wholesale and Retail), LONDON.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

CONNECTED TO JAN. 1, 1901.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

LONDON TIME.

Canada Southern Division—Going East.

Leave London	Arrive St. Thomas
North Shore Limited (daily)	8:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m.
N. Y. Express (daily)	8:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m.
American Express (except Mondays)	9:00 a.m. 11:15 a.m.
Athletic Express (daily)	9:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m.
Mail (except Sundays)	9:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m.
Limited Express (daily)	9:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m.
N. Y. and Boston Express (daily)	9:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m.
Accom'dn except Sunday	9:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m.

Canada Southern Division—Going West.

Leave St. Thomas	Arrive London
North Shore Limited (daily)	8:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m.
Chicago Express (daily)	8:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m.
Chicago L.Y. Exp. (except Mondays)	8:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m.
American Express (except Mondays)	9:00 a.m. 11:15 a.m.
Mail (except Sundays)	9:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m.
Pacific Express (daily)	9:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m.
Accom'dn except Sunday	9:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m.

NOTE.—No trains to or from London of Sundays.

JOHN PATRICK, City Ticket and Passenger Agent, 236 Richmond Street.

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division

CONNECTED MAY 11, 1901.

MAIN LINE—Going East.

Leave London	Arrive	Depart
Limited Express (d)	8:35 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Atlantic Express (d)	9:00 a.m.	9:20 a.m.
St. Louis Express (d)	9:00 a.m.	9:20 a.m.
Accommodation	9:00 a.m.	9:20 a.m.
St. Louis Express (d)	9:00 a.m.	9:20 a.m.
Fixed	9:00 a.m.	9:20 a.m.
Accommodation	9:00 a.m.	9:20 a.m.

MAIN LINE—Going West.

Leave	Arrive	Depart
Chicago Express (d)	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.
West End Mixed	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.
St. Louis Express (d)	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.
Accommodation	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.
St. Louis Express (d)	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.
Fixed	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.
Accommodation	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.

Sarnia Branch.

Leave	Arrive	Depart
Chicago Express (d)	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.
Accommodation	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.
St. Louis Express (d)	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.
Fixed	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.
Accommodation	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.

London, Huron and Bruce.

Leave	Arrive	Depart
Express	10:15 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
Mail	6:45 p.m.	4:25 p.m.

London and Port Stanley.

Leave	Arrive	Depart
Mail	6:40 a.m.	6:40 a.m.
Accommodation	6:40 a.m.	6:40 a.m.
Mail	2:10 p.m.	2:10 p.m.
Accommodation	2:10 p.m.	2:10

F. Y. SH'S,
220 Dundas Street,
Corner Park Avenue.

Ice Cream and Lunch Parlors
Large Assortment of
CREAMS,
TAFFIES and
CONFECTIONERY
FRESH DAILY.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

MARRIED.
GLASS-STARK—On Wednesday, July 22, at All Saints' Church, Hamilton, Ontario, by the Rev. Rural Dean Forester, John H. Glass, youngest son of Sheriff Glass, London, Ontario, to Emily Mabel, second daughter of Robert Stark, Esq., of Hamilton, Ontario, formerly of Woodstock.

THOMSON'S
This Brand of Flour
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
OR PASTRY.
USE NO OTHER.
J. D. SAUNBY
257 York Street,
Telephone 118.

DOMINION MILLS,
GARTLEY & THOMSON
Manufacturers of—

OATMEAL
Cornmeal, Split Peas, Pot Flakes, etc. All
kinds of Mill Feed. 301 to 311 Talbot St.
ywt

The Celebrated Tolley English Diamond Frame
Safety Bicycle, \$75, ball bearings to all
parts, including pedals.

W. A. BROCK'S GUN SHOP.
192 DUNDAS STREET. Telephone 591.

W. H. HEARD & CO.
189 Dundas Street.

Sinks,
Baths,
Pumps,
Hydrants,
Lead Pipe,
Traps,
Closets,
Wash Basins,
Iron Pipe.
We are the headquarters for plumbing
materials. Call and get our prices
and make money. 189 Dundas Street

R. K. Cowan
Barrister, etc., over Bank of Commerce,
London.

JOHN T. STEPHENSON.
Undertaker and wholesale and retail
dealer in all kinds of Metallic Caskets.
Sole agent for the Dominion of Canada
for the Detroit Metallic Casket Company.
Telephone 438, London, Ont.

Wood Mantels
New designs from \$8 up.

R. R. BLAND
Mechanic Institute, Dundas Street, ywt

Case's Sarsaparilla Bitters

Cures Kidney and Liver Complaints, Pimples,
Eruptions of the Skin, Bells, Constipation,
Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Sick Stomach, Loss of
Sleep, Neuritis, Pains in the Bones and Back,
Loss of Appetite, Languor, Female Weakness,
Dizziness, General Debility, Rheumatism, etc.
Full directions with each bottle. Price 50c
and \$1. Refuse all substitutes. Prepared by
CASE MEDICINE CO., HAMILTON.

Sold by Cairncross & Lawrence, 298
Dundas Street, ywt

W. FAIRBAIRN

FASHIONABLE TAILOR,
over Woods Store, corner Dundas and Rich-
mond Streets. eod

Do Not Forget It!

POCOCK BROS.

GREAT

CLEARING SALE

STILL CONTINUES.

\$30,000 STOCK

—OF—

BOOTS AND SHOES

To Be Sold at Cost.

BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY

POCOCK BROS.

140 Dundas Street.
TELEPHONE 300. 722 ywt

We Are Now Showing
a Full Assortment

—OF—

Summer Suitings

—AND—

PANTINGS.

Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

Call and See Them.

Priddis Bros.

SUMMER EXCURSIONISTS

Will find a large assortment of Fishing
Rods and Tackle at all prices at
GURD'S GUN SHOP,
185 Dundas Street, London. Telephone 890.
ywt

Southcott & Patten

Fashionable Tailors,

361 Richmond Street

J. PRITH JEFFERS,

—AGENT FOR—

The Citizens' London and Lan-
cashire, Atlas, National and
Quebec Fire Companies.

Office, Albion Buildings. Telephone 735.
Ground floor, No. 437 Richmond Street.
704

THE WEATHER PROPHECY.

Toronto, July 22-11 a.m.—A general de-
crease of pressure is settling in over the lake
and eastern districts, where at present the
weather is generally fair and warm. In the
Northwest higher pressure is approaching,
with fair weather and northwest winds.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:
Swift Current, 40°-70°; Ott. Appleton, 52°-72°;
Winnipeg, 54°-74°; Port Arthur, 52°-72°; To-
ronto, 54°-74°; Montreal, 52°-72°; Quebec, 54°-74°;
Halifax, 50°-70°.

Local temperatures—Highest 55°; lowest 65°.

70°-72° is probable.

Toronto, July 23-1 a.m.—The indications
for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes region
covering the peninsula and as far east as
Belleville are: Fresh south to west and north-
west winds fair and very warm; some local
showers or thunder storms.

CHEESE!

—WE HAVE—

VERY FINE ASSORTMENT.

Fine Roquefort Cheese.
Fine Limburgh Cheese.
Imported Swiss Cheese.
Fine Fine Apple Cheese.
Fine Sage Cheese.
Fine Newichate Cheese.
Fine Old Canadian Cheese, two
years old.
Fine Old English Cheese.
Fine Gruyere Cheese.
Best selection in the city at

HORNER'S

ON THE CORNER
King and Richmond.

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers:
207.....Business Office.
204.....Editorial Rooms.
270.....Job Department.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—Detectives Allen, Crawford and Mason
arrested Wm. Tierney Tuesday night on the
complaint of George Stinson, who affirmed
that he had been struck with a stone at
Oxford Street bridge, and that a bystander
—supposed to be the prisoner—had ad-
mitted throwing it. Tierney was remanded
for eight days by Justice Smyth.

—The sight of a horse galloping at a
lively gait up the sidewalk on the north
side of Dundas Street, east of Richmond,
drove many pedestrians into convenient
stores Tuesday night about 5 o'clock. The
animal had escaped while being transferred
between street cars in front of the Tecom-
seh House and dashed up Richmond Street
to Dundas, and crossing the road upon a
baby carriage in front of Lawson's grocery
store. Mrs. Maddock's two little ones
were thrown out, but were not seriously
hurt. The horse was soon after captured.

—"Shorty" Morton got out of jail on
Friday. On Sunday he was discovered in
Victoria Park by Constable Adams, rejoin-
ing in all the glory of a pair of light kid
gloves, a walking cane and a beautiful
"jag." When arrested "Shorty" used the
most abusive language towards the officer,
threatening to kill him in about fifteen
different ways. At the court Monday
morning he claimed that he was perfectly
sober and that it was Adams who had per-
taken too much of the flowing bowl.
Prisoner stated that he intended to start
out for London at 6 o'clock Tuesday morn-
ing, and he was allowed to go on the ex-
press condition that he should turn Brant-
ford into a landscape artist of an hour or so.
—(Brantford Express)

—Mrs. Geo. Gregory, Langarth Street, is
visiting friends in London.

—Mr. and Mrs. Trell, of Cork, Ireland,
are visiting friends in London.

—Messrs. M. W. Althouse and J. A.
Balkwill, of this city, are spending their
holidays at Port Frank boatlanding.

—Charles Santo, of the Hobbs Hard-
ware Company, left Monday to visit friends
at Niagara.

—A union picnic from Thamesville, Glen-
coe, Newbury and Bothwell was held at
Port yesterday.

—The employees of the Loop Line
will picnic at St. Thomas to-day. The
Seventh Band were engaged for the oc-
casion.

—The usual crowd gathered in Victoria
Park Tuesday night at the concert given by
the Seventh Band. The music was un-
usually fine.

—The Christian Endeavor societies of
this city will picnic at Port Stanley on
Aug. 5. The societies of Ingersoll, Wood-
stock and St. Thomas will likely join them.

—The many friends of Mr. James
Howie will regret to hear that he re-
ceived a severe gash in the leg Tuesday
which will probably lay him up for two
weeks.

—Messrs. R. W. Scott, cashier, and G.
Mullins, dispatcher, of the G. T. R. freight
department, have gone on a pleasure trip
for a couple of weeks. They will visit
New York, Boston, Portland, Quebec and
Montreal.

—Tuesday evening while playing in the
garden, the young son of Thomas May,
Langarth Street, South London, had the
misfortune to run the prong of a garden
fork through his foot. No serious results
are anticipated.

—No. 2 Committee met Tuesday night to
reconsider Contractor Howie's tender for
blockpaving Dundas Street, as Mr. Howie
had objected to using all oak curbing. It
will be used only in front of stores and
wherever else the engineer may direct.

—The city is now threatened with a suit
from Contractor Shea for the way his name
has been used in connection with the gravel
scandal. He says he requested Engineer
Tracy time and again to discharge Mc-
Ewan because he would not deal justly
with him.

—The garden party under the auspices of
the ladies of London West Methodist
Church, held at the residence of J. D.
Saunby was a perfect success. Refresh-
ments and music were furnished, and the
large crowd present spent a most enjoyable
evening.

—About 200 people boarded Captain
Foster's steamer Tuesday night and enjoyed
the trip to Springbank. The announce-
ment that the fireworks in the fireworks
would take place there drew a whole
flotilla of small craft in addition to the
big boats. The pyrotechnic display
was not elaborate, but was enough to add
to the beauty of the resort. The Italian
harps added to the pleasure of the pas-
sage.

Personal Register.

Mrs. J. H. Hargrave and children, Port
Huron, visiting relations in city.

C. E. Perry, Wm. Atkins, J. Piper, H.
V. Taylor and G. H. Glenney, city, regis-
tered in Latham.

John Blodgett, Port Huron, visiting in
city.

H. Rankin, W. London, John Wright and
C. A. Morely, city, registered in Point
Edward.

Miss Gourlay, city, the guest of Malcolm
Thompson, Kincardine.

John McDonald, city, visiting John C.
McEwan, Riverton.

The Misses Graham, city, guests of Mrs.
Stephen Backus, Dutton.

Mrs. S. E. Burwell, Fingal, visiting her
daughter, Mrs. Beattie, city.

Break the Drug Cart.

Detroit dispatch says: An accident
which might have developed into a serious
casualty occurred on the Grand Trunk
Railroad Monday night. The train, which
consisted of eight cars, with sleeping, par-
lor and dining coaches, was filled with ex-
cursionists returning from the Toronto Edu-
cational Convention. At a point between
London and St. Catharines, the right driving
bar on the locomotive snapped while the train
was thundering along at a 40-mile rate,
and the remaining portion of the road
crashed through the cab, smashing the
side into kindling wood. It fortunately
happened that the engineer had moved
over to the fireman's seat immediately be-
fore the accident, else he might have been
killed on the spot.

The steam connecting pipe to the au-
tomatic brakes was destroyed, but after half
an hour's hard work matters were
straightened out and the engine was found
to be able to work with one piston. It
arrived in this city at 10:30 o'clock, over
an hour late.

A Miracle Explained.

The London Lady Day Saints, who are
preaching in Stratford, are meeting with
very strong opposition in the press and on
the streets. A writer in the Herald con-
tributes a scrap of history with which
many readers are unfamiliar. He says that
Joseph Smith, the Mormon prophet, visited
Toronto in 1832 and announced his inten-
tion of walking upon the River Humber.
Thousands of people assembled to witness
the feat, which to all appearance was suc-
cessfully accomplished. Some incredulous
persons, however, decided to make an in-
vestigation, and under cover of night a
party of them scaled boats and rowed over
to and fro whilst reading passages from the
Book of Mormon. A hurried consultation
ensued and the midnight investigators de-
cided to have a hand in determining the re-
sult of the next exhibition. To this pur-
pose they secured a hand saw and almost
severed the planks. The poor prophet, ac-
cording to this story, was not only discom-
fited but nearly drowned.

At Rest.

To the list of London's well-known and
worthy citizens who have recently been
summoned by death is now added the
name of William Short, who peacefully
passed away Tuesday afternoon at his
residence on York Street. Deceased was
born in Lington, Dorsetshire, England, in
April, 1809, and was consequently in his
88d year at the time of his death. He
came to Canada with his young family
over the summer of 1850, before the era of
sailing steamers, having been ten weeks on
the passage from Southampton to Quebec.
Mr. Short at once settled in London, which
has ever since been his home. Here he
found ample scope for his skill and in-
dustry as a bricklayer, and became one of
London's leading builders, Elliott's foundry
(since burned), the London Furniture Com-
pany's structure, the McCormick building
and numerous private houses having been
erected by him or largely under his
direction. Mr. Short was industrious, ef-
ficient and painstaking in his business, up-
right and honorable in his dealings, and
in every respect an estimable citizen. He
was a worthy member of the Methodist
Church, and was honored and beloved by a
wide circle of acquaintances and friends.
His death was caused by no especial
disease, but was the natural outcome of a
long and busy life. Besides his faithful

WHY NOT?

You have corns, warts, bunions, moles or
cancers. Why are they not cured? You ask a
reasonable question. It demands a candid
answer. You have it here. You bought a
corn cure. You thought you had Barkwell's,
but it was not the genuine. You got a coun-
terfeit. It was no more use than water. We
missed the sale of what you wanted. So far,
it is your money gone; our money goes too.
You get another and think it is the genuine.
You have made a mistake, and we are in dis-
grace. More of your money's gone; more of
our money's gone. Your corns are no better,
our reputation is no better. You make
up your mind they cannot be cured.
We have lost a customer. You have
got hold of the wrong end of the
stick. You have got hold of the wrong bottle.
Both our money's gone. Not only our
money's gone, but our opinion of one
another are wrong. We don't know you by
sight or name. You don't know us. We think
"how did you get to get an imitation when
you might as well get Barkwell's Sure Corn
Cure." And you think "what fools the man-
ufacturers of that corn cure are to cheat so."
The manufacturer is not the unhandsome name
you call him by. And you can't help it. Come
on. Nobody deals more handsomely. Nobody
ever loses a cent by getting Barkwell's Sure
Corn Cure, but they always lose a cent by
getting counterfeiters. Neither do you get
Barkwell's Sure Corn Cure.

Finest Cocoas in the World

Bensdorf's Royal Dutch Cocoa,
Switzer's Cocoa, Van Houten's Cocoa,
Heinrich's Gelatin,
White and Rose,
Needs no extra straining.
Perfectly clear and pure.

—AT—

J. L. Fitzgerald's

153 Dundas Street.
TELEPHONE 336. ywt

wife, he leaves a grown-up family of three
daughters and six sons, including Mrs.
Graham, of Edgar, Neb.; Mrs. Morgan, of
Worcester, Mass.; Mrs. Morris, of this
city; Thomas Short, of Luddington, Mich.;
William, of Victoria, B. C.; Frank, of
Chatham, and John, Reuben and James, who
reside here. The afflicted widow and other
members of the family have the sympathy
of many friends in their hour of sorrow.
The funeral, which will be private, takes
place Friday afternoon.

A Warning to Cow Owners.

The residents of No. 6 Ward are deter-
mined to beautify their residence and im-
prove the streets. Recently the Elmwood
avenue people have taken down their fences,
and by leveling and sodding or seeding
made the street look very much improved,
but apparently there is little encourage-
ment in so doing. Yesterday one resi-
dent had occasion to be out extra early and
the first sight which met his gaze was four
cows demolishing a neighbor's garden. He
at once aroused the neighbor, and the re-
sult was that the four cows were marched
off to "pound" and a charge of damages laid
against the owners. In talking over the
matter yesterday the residents in that
locally found to impound every stray
vine found around the streets, and while
the work may prove novel for some,
the owners will also find it very con-
venient to know just where to go for their
cattle, but perhaps rather inconvenient to
have the necessary cash to pay damages. A
pound-keeper's expense before recovering
their cows. Owners will do well to look
after their bovines.

Experience, capital, enterprise
a thorough interpretation of the facts of
the public is no wonder that the mem-
bers of the firm of H. McEwan & Co. have
been the success of the London Advertiser.
Nothing has done more to advertise London
as a commercial center than the fame of the
6-cent Highland Lassie, manufactured by
this excellent company. Once tried, it is
sure to become the companion of all who
car distinguish a first-class article.

Captain Hains, of the Cunard Line, now
commanding the Ettrick, has just made his
808th trip across the Atlantic.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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Cream Cheese,

About 2 Pounds Each, and

Jersey Cream Cheese

Very convenient sizes for picnic
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Next Door to Postoffice.

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IN CHINA & LACQUER WARE.

Call and See Them.

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Patent Flour

Best for pastry,
best for
bread

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Latest improved machinery. Try our
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the best.

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KINGSMILL'S

REDUCTION

SALE

—OF—

Summer

Drygoods.

What we say in the papers are only
random items from our large and varied
stock. It's only by seeing and comparing
that you can realize what a money-saving
time this is to buyers.

SILKS.

A large variety of summer
Silk stuffs reduced about one-
third to quicken sale. You
can catch the cue of what we
are doing by the following:

15 styles Printed 50-cent
China Silks selling at 35c.

14 colors Plain Pongee Silks
reduced to 33c.

20 colors Bengaline Silks
reduced from 60c to 45c.

10 pieces Black 75-cent
Surah reduced to 55c.

Hosiery.

See our west window for
prices and styles. Come in-
side to examine the qualities:
Men's Lisle Thread Hose re-
duced from 27c to 12c a pair.

Ladies' Cotton Hose, regular
price 12c; sale price 3 pairs
for 25c.

Ladies' Black Cotton Hose,
regular price 14c; sale price
10c.

Children's Cotton Hose, regu-
lar price 11c; sale price 8c.

Ladies' Seamless New York
Chemisettes, 10c.

In Gloves we have all sizes,
prices and colors in Lisle
Thread, Silk and Taffeta.

Ladies' Colored Lisle Gloves,
regular price 15c; sale price
10c.

Ladies' Taffeta, extra fine,
reduced from 37c to 25c.

Ladies' Pure Silk Gloves re-
duced to 30c.

Dress Goods.

With eyes to see, and ears
to hear, and tongue to speak,
you can secure some wonder-
ful value at our Dress Goods
counter. All the profit and
some of the cost taken off
many lines. To particularize:

36-inch American Challies,
10c.

20-cent Striped Lustres, 12c

25-cent Seaside Checks re-
duced to 12c.

15-cent Fancy Knickerbocker
reduced to 8c.

20-cent Polka Dots reduced
to 10c.

Parasols.

Fancy Sateen Parasols re-
duced from 47c to 25c.

Fancy Colored Satin Para-
sols reduced from \$1 65 to
\$1 15.

Fancy Shot Silk reduced to
\$1 50.

Fancy Colored Satin Plain
or Brocade with flowers re-
duced to \$2.

All must be sold. Hence the
low prices.

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