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PROBS—FAIR

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## VON KLÜCK'S ARMY REINFORCED FROM THE CENTRE STILL MAKING DETERMINED STAND

**Continues to Prevent Outflanking Movement of Allies, but Withdrawal From Centre Will Weaken Main Army — No Change in General Situation, is Laconic Report From French War Office—Defeat of German Army Which Invaded Russia From East Prussia Believed to Have Been More Decisive Than Early Reports Indicated.**

Only laconic reference concerning the actual fighting is made by the French war office in its latest report on the warfare in Northern France. "The general situation is stationary," it says.

Of present conditions on the left wing of the allies line, where a previous report had said the French had been obliged, at certain points, to cede ground to the Germans, the later war office statement merely declares that the action still continues. It adds that in the Argonne and Meuse regions, day and night attacks by the Germans have been repulsed by the allies.

In the eastern war zone the Russians report that having conquered the Germans in Russian Poland, two Russian armies are invading East Prussia, with Allenstein as their objective.

In the south, on the Adriatic, French men-of-war are reported again to be bombarding the Austrian port of Cattaro. As yet the situation surrounding the forts at Antwerp, which are under bombardment by the Germans, has not been definitely cleared up. The Germans still claim that they have captured several of the outer fortifications while the Belgians declare that the defences remain intact.

A report from Berlin that British ships have arrived at Lisbon, and that Portugal's co-operation with the allies in the war is imminent, brought forth a statement from the Portuguese minister at Washington that his country was prepared to take such a step whenever Great Britain could call upon her to do so under the Treaty of Mutual Protection existing between the two countries.

Great Britain is investigating coal shipments from the United States, under the suspicion that the cargoes, instead of reaching the ports to which they are destined reach German warships at sea.

The Prince of Wales relief fund has now reached \$15,000,000.

London, Oct. 5, 9.57 p. m.—Gen. Von Klück, reinforced with troops from the German centre, continues to make a determined stand against the attempt of the allies to outflank him.

The French, who yesterday officially reported that all the German attacks in this region had been repulsed, and that the allies had resumed the offensive, followed this today by the announcement that while to the north of the Oise the battle which commenced seriously about September 25, continues with great violence, no decisive results have been reached, and that at certain points the French troops have had to yield ground. The Germans in their report issued last night say that the battle is proceeding successfully for them.

**Germans Cannot Further Extend Line Without Weakening Centre.**

Both in London and in Paris there is the greatest confidence, although some surprise is displayed at the success of the Germans in preventing the outflanking movement. There is a feeling, however, that the Germans cannot extend their line much further north without weakening it at some point.

Along the rest of the line, the French communication says, there has been no change; so that the progress in the region of Soissons and in Woivre, reported on Sunday night, either has satisfied them for the moment or they have been checked by the Germans. Of the fighting here, at on their right wing, the German report says it is proceeding favorably for the German army.

Naturally progress by either side must be extremely slow, for after every advance, no matter how slight, the troops making it must entrench themselves for protection against the shells from the enemy's guns posted in strong positions from one end of the line to the other.

**Russian Victory of Great Importance.**

The defeat of the German army which invaded Russia from East Prussia appears from Russian accounts to have been even more decisive than previously stated. According to the Russian ambassador at Rome, the Germans, who he says, were completely defeated and routed, have suffered a loss of 60,000 men and have been forced to abandon everything.

The Russians are now moving forward with the object of again invading East Prussia. This victory, if it is as complete as reported, is of the greatest importance to the Russians, as it will prevent the Germans from undertaking any operations from land and sea, which would have compelled Russia to turn at least a part of its attention in this direction.

Gen. Rennenkampf apparently drove a wedge between the two Ger-

man forces which were advancing upon Druskenik and Osovitz, and brought about the battle of Augustow which resulted in a Russian victory. If the Germans have not already retreated from the left bank of the Nieman river at Druskenik, their defeat at Augustow must compel them to do so. The moral effect of another invasion of East Prussia will also be of importance.

From the Silesian and Galician battlefields nothing has come through to-day, and probably the main armies have not come together there. A big battle cannot much longer be delayed, as, particularly on the Silesian frontier, both armies are moving forward and will meet in Russian Poland.

Before the Russian advance in Galicia the peasants are fleeing the country and it is reported twenty thousand of them have reached Bohemia. The sanitary department of Vienna reports that four cases of Asiatic cholera have occurred among the troops returning from Galicia, but that all have been isolated.

**Antwerp Still Holding Out Against Enemy.**

Of Antwerp the official report says that the situation in the fortified positions remains unchanged. Fighting, too, continues in the near east, and the Anglo-French fleet has succeeded in destroying Lattaco, an outer defence of the Austrian seaport of Cattaro.

While the Serbians and Montenegrins are attacking the outer fortifications of Sarajevo, Belgrade, which has been so often under fire, has not been bombarded for several days, probably as a result of the re-occupation of Semlin by the Serbians.

Skirmishes have occurred on the Anglo-German frontier in East Africa, due to German raids into British territory for the purpose of cutting the Uganda railway. All these raids have, according to the British official report, been repulsed.

While the usual life in England is not seriously upset by the war, the regulations in many respects are becoming more stringent. An instance of this is to be found in the action of the authorities, who, in order to keep the army provided with warm clothing, have commandeered large quantities of woollens in Leicester, a step which is likely to be followed everywhere.

**Germans Abandoning Everything So Precipitate Their Retreat**

Rome, via Paris, Oct. 4, 11.20 p. m.—The Russian embassy here tonight made public an official communication received from the Russian headquarters staff, saying:

"The defeat of the Germans is complete. Their retreat is changing into a rout that is so disorderly and precip-

## Canadians Leaving For The Front



CANADIAN CONTINGENT OF TROOPS FOR ACTIVE SERVICE GOING ON THE QUAY TO EMBARK ON THE TRANSPORTS AT QUEBEC.

## ENEMY DRAWING FORCES FROM CENTRE TO PREVENT CRUSHING OF MAIN ARMY

**Allies Continually Moving Men North and Bending Towards Belgian Frontier—Regiment of French, Ordered to Rest, Petition Commander to Permit them to Keep on Fighting Until they Capture German Position.**

From The Battlefront, via Paris, Oct 5 (11.36 p.m.)—The allied armies, after having permitted their adversaries, as they thought, to exhaust themselves by continued attacks, today took a most vigorous offensive. The British and French, however, encountered such a strong resistance that their most advanced detachments on the western wing were compelled to fall back.

Only at this part of the long battle line did the opposing troops actually come into close contact.

Many picturesque villages, around which hundreds of thousands of men occupy positions, have suffered severely in the recent fighting, and probably will suffer still more before the struggle for supremacy is over.

The country where the chief fighting is going on is flat and under cultivation. In many places it is boggy, and there are scattered coal mines. The allied armies are continually extending toward the north and bending eastward toward the Belgian frontier, and are thus compelling the Germans, in order to prevent the crumbling up of their main army, to move large forces from the centre and so keep pace with the allies whose position menaces the invaders along the whole line. The allies' plan, it is thought, may compel the Germans to retreat, the pressure on the Belgians. The rapidity with which the French change positions is remarkable. Two entire divisions of

enemies performed a brilliant exploit at another point. Getting between the Imperial Guard and their artillery ammunition train, by a long dashing ride, they cut off the supplies, destroyed them, so that the Guards' big guns were rendered temporarily useless.

Gen. Gen Rousseau of the French cavalry, died today of wounds.

Audacious espionage carried on by the Germans has caused the staff of the allies to deal severely with all strangers found within the lines.

When two curious Irishmen, who were arrested yesterday, had proved their identity to the satisfaction of the officers, they were asked to go to the headquarters building where an automobile was drawn up with two officers, apparently French, occupying the front seat. Behind them were two supposed gendarmes, with a man-cled civilian between them. The staff officer said:

"This is the reason for our severity. These five men are German officers, who were captured today near the firing lines."

**SWEATERS FROM STATE FOR BRITISH TROOPS**

Philadelphia, Oct. 5.—Agents of the British government, it was reported here today, are securing bids from local knit goods manufacturers for 500,000 sweaters, similar to those recently furnished the United States army. Yarn dealers have been asked to quote figures for the necessary

British lancers and French troops.

## FINANCIAL CONDITIONS IN TURKEY ACUTE

**Appeal Made to Washington for More Funds to Assist Americans Who Are in Ottoman Empire.**

Washington, Oct. 5.—Ambassador Morganthau, at Constantinople, has appealed to the State Department for additional funds for the relief of Americans in the Ottoman Empire. The recent deposit by this government of \$150,000, has been found inadequate.

Ambassadors Page and Herrick, at London and Paris respectively, were advised of the situation, in an effort to make quickly available funds for Turkish distribution and steps also were taken in that direction by London officers.

Recent advices from Turkey describe the financial condition as acute. Checks and other negotiable papers are refused by the exchanges, the gold supply having been found to be inadequate.

A private despatch to the State Department today said conditions in Jerusalem were such that food could not be obtained by a large portion of the population, and many were facing starvation. Officials here were undecided as to what relief could be offered.

It is believed arrangements to send additional funds to Turkey will avoid using the cruisers North Carolina and Tennessee for distribution work. The North Carolina is already in Turkish waters, where she has been ordered to remain indefinitely. The Tennessee has been despatched to Brindisi, Italy, within 50 miles of the Turkish Empire.

## GAS EXPLOSION IN MINE KILLS SIXTEEN

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 5.—Sixteen men tonight are known to be dead, twelve injured as the result of a pocket gas explosion early today at the Mulga mines of the Woodward Iron Company, near Ensley. Removal of the bodies is proceeding slowly, on nine of the slain and had been brought out early tonight.

## VON MOLTKE, CHIEF OF GERMAN ARMY STAFF, HAS BEEN REMOVED; SUCCESSOR "A DARK HORSE"

London, Oct. 5.—News reached here tonight that Lt. Gen. Helmuth Von Moltke has been superseded by Gen. Erich von Foltz as chief of the German general staff.

Gen. Von Moltke is a nephew of the great strategist of that name, who died in 1891. At the funeral in that year the Kaiser told Major Von Moltke as he then was, that he would be promoted to the rank of personal aide de camp. He was promoted to be major general in 1899, and appointed commander of the first infantry brigade of the guards at Potsdam, and he became lieutenant general in 1902.

On January 1, 1906, Gen. Von Moltke assumed the office of chief of the general staff, in succession to Count Schlieffen. It was common knowledge at that time that Von Moltke did not consider himself qualified for so high an honor, and strove hard to avoid it, even declining the office on two occasions, but the imperial will was not to be thwarted.

Gen. Von Moltke has the reputation of being a serious, hard working soldier, as taciturn and silent as his more illustrious namesake, and a man who has done perhaps more to bring the German army to the fighting pitch than any other of his colleagues.

Of General Voigtschets, who succeeded Gen. Von Moltke, very little can be gathered, even from German reference books. His name is not even mentioned in "Wer lists." His father, however, was a great soldier, who was born in 1805, and rose to high rank in the military for war.

He commanded a division in 1870-1871 and afterward was appointed governor-general of Hanover. He died in 1877, and had an infantry regiment named after him.

Thus the new chief of staff may be

## GERMANS WERE FLUSHED WITH THEIR SUCCESS

**First Shock in Great Encounter with Russians Went Hard With Them.**

**HAD DRIVEN INVADER FROM EAST PRUSSIA.**

**Received Severe Blow When They Met Counter-stroke—Cossacks Have Met the Enemy.**

London, Oct. 6.—The London Times, in its war summary, dismisses all the news from France in three words, "no decisive results."

Of Russia's attack on Germany's northeastern frontier, it says: "It is now certain that the Russian army, under Gen. Rennenkampf, has inflicted a very serious defeat upon the Germans, under command of Gen. Hindenburg. The German loss is very heavy. It is estimated that the total force engaged on both sides in this battle is not less than half a million men."

"The importance of Gen. Rennenkampf's victory is great. The Germans under Gen. Hindenburg were flushed with success. They had checked the too precipitate Russian advance across East Prussia, and had raised the investment of Koenigsberg, and had driven the invader over the East Prussian frontier."

"Now they have met the Russian counter-stroke, and this first shock of the great encounter that is impending between the armies of Russia, on one side, and Germany and Austria-Hungary on the other, has gone heavily against the Germans."

The main Russian army, on the lower Vistula, has yet to come into contact with the enemy, but the screen of Cossacks on its flanks has already got into touch with the Germans.

The Times' medical correspondent, who went to France to investigate the medical organization on the British side, sends a reassuring report. He visited the hospital in the Astoria, which is in charge of the British Red Cross Society. There a wounded officer said:

"(Continued on page two.)"

"There must be something very gravely wrong indeed if the Germans find it necessary to get rid of the men who originated and directed the whole of the strategy of their campaigns, and that at a vitally critical moment."

"One cannot, for instance, believe that Von Moltke of his own initiative and free will withdrew troops from France at a moment when they were urgently needed to secure a decisive result in that area of war. Having withdrawn them, one cannot either imagine Von Moltke sending them on a useless errand to East Prussia when their presence in Galicia might have saved the Austrian army from disaster."

"At the same time one can understand that dissatisfaction is felt in high quarters with Von Moltke's work which has often been of a kind calculated to make his uncle of famous memory turn in his grave, but then we do not know how many of the mistakes were due to Von Moltke's bad judgment and how many to interference with his work by the Emperor or his camarilla."

"But if he was responsible for such a fatuous policy, then suppression is not sufficient punishment. He should be sent to take a Landsturm division into action."

# GERMANS HEAD FOR THE EAST BRUSH ALLIES' LEFT

## RUSSIAN BATTERY, ALMOST SURROUNDED BY THE ENEMY GALLOP INTO TAKES TO AVOID CAPTURE

London, Oct. 5, 11.50 p. m.—A Russian despatch from Petrograd says: "Side by side with the official account of the German defeat on the Russo-Prussian frontier details are published of the Russians crossing the Carpathians, which, as one writer says, destroys the legend that the eastern Carpathians are impregnable. "Before attaining Usok Pass the Russians successfully captured, thanks to a wide flanking movement, three well masked positions which were strongly defended by guns. Each time the Russians charged the enemy fled, and the Russians followed up the Austrian retreat with shrapnel and quick fire, inflicting heavy losses. "During the Russian retreat through

## WRECKED APPARATUS WHEN ORDERED TO SEND WIRELESS TO LEIPZIG

Operator, a British Subject, Refused to Communicate Message from German Freighter Boat Carrying Coal and Supplies to Enemy.

San Francisco, Oct. 5.—The German cruiser *Magdalena* was coaled and supplied from *Magdalena* from the cargo of the German freighter *Mazatlan*, which left here August 13, according to a story told today by G. D. Smith, wireless operator at the *Mazatlan*, 40 Rear Admiral Pond, superintendent of the Twelfth United States Naval District.

Smith said that the Leipzig took mail and supplies direct from the *Mazatlan*, but took on board the coal after it had been transferred from the *Mazatlan* to another vessel. Smith is a British subject. He was ordered to communicate to the *Magdalena* the coast of Lower California, he said, but refused and wrecked the wireless apparatus of the freighter.

After much correspondence with Washington the *Mazatlan*, with 900 tons of coal aboard, was permitted to pass Mexico August 13, under \$20,000 bond to deliver the coal as consigned.

Two days later, said Smith, Captain Frederick Jensen, the owner, who is a German reservist, a German officer called Helle, and one Gustave Traub, were taken on at St. John's. When I refused to communicate with the Leipzig I was threatened with a beating. To make good my refusal I put the apparatus out of commission, Smith declared.

"North of Magdalena Bay, however, we picked up the Leipzig and transferred mail and stores to her. The coal we carried to Guaymas, where it was transferred to the German steamship *Marie*, which in turn later sailed the Leipzig.

Somehow, the British cruiser *Newcastle* got wind of us and came cruising southward, but the Leipzig gave her the slip.

The *Mazatlan* was formerly under the Mexican flag. During the revolution in Mexico she was transferred for safety to German registry, and when the European war broke out she again hoisted the Mexican flag. The coal she carried south was said to have been originally consigned to Leipzig, but later was declared to have been sold to others for delivery at Guaymas.

Looking For Business  
Nearly every day brings fresh evidence that people in Western Canada are developing an interest in the business possibilities of New Brunswick. Yesterday the secretary of the St. John Board of Trade received a letter from a firm in Winnipeg, asking for information about the market for poultry products in St. John. The letter stated that if conditions were favorable the Winnipeg firm would try to develop some business at St. John, but did not say whether it was the intention to establish a poultry ranch near the city.

FUNERALS.  
Thomas Hill.  
Newcastle, Oct. 5.—The funeral of late night policeman Thomas Hill, Saturday afternoon, was one of the largest ever seen here. The procession to the grave was headed by a military escort from the 73rd regiment, led by Capt. W. H. Belyea, ex-Mayor of Newcastle, accompanied by the band of that regiment, which played the Dead March in Saül. The Mayor, town clerk and aldermen attended in a body, and also the Orangemen of No Surrender and Empire Lodges of Newcastle, and a number from Wycliffe Lodge of Douglasmouth. A large number of relatives brought up the rear. Services at the house were conducted by Rev. S. J. MacArthur, the Presbyterian choir singing "Jesus, Lover of My Soul" and "My Faith Looks Up to Thee." Services at the grave were conducted by Rev. Mr. MacArthur and the officers of the Orange Order. The pallbearers were Jas. Forrest, W. J. McCormack, Peter Aharon, D. C. Smallwood, James Baisley and E. O'Donnell. Among the floral offerings were a magnificent stand of flowers sent by the Mayor and Town Council, and wreaths from L. O. L. No. 47, and the Northumberland Royal Scottish Chapter, Davidson and Long and the family, and a sheaf of wheat from Postmaster Trew.

## DOMINION'S EXPORT TRADE IN HEALTHY CONDITION DESPITE EUROPEAN WAR.

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 5.—For the month of August which was the first month of the European war the total Canadian trade reached an aggregate of \$100,870,000 compared with \$97,832,000 for the corresponding month of 1913. This is the outstanding feature of the trade statement issued today by Hon. J. D. Reid, Minister of Customs. While there has been a falling off in imports, exports show that a healthy condition exists in the trade of the Dominion. During August last Canada exported \$8,780,000 worth of animals and their produce as against \$4,817,000 for August, 1913. For the five months of the present fiscal year, ending August 31, the total exports under this head were \$36,065,000 as against \$17,901,000 for the corresponding five months of the previous year.

There is also an increase in the value of manufactured articles exported. For August last these amounted to \$5,069,000 as against \$4,911,000 for August, 1913. For the five months the exports of manufactured articles were \$26,728,000 compared with \$20,963,000 for the corresponding period of 1913. The total dollar bill imported into Canada during August reached the total of \$11,452,000 as against \$572,000 for August, 1913. During August \$7,425,000 worth of domestic agricultural products were exported and \$10,824,000 worth of foreign agricultural products.

## STOCK COMPANY MAKES A HIT THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY IS A WINNER

Eleventh episode of exceptional picture just a little bit better than the last. A little bit better than the last. That seems to be the general verdict of each chapter of the *Million Dollar Mystery*, the picture which is being shown at the Lyric Theatre. The eleventh episode, "In the Path of the Past Express," is certainly an exceptional picture in more ways than one. The interest of the story is well sustained through a course of thrilling and adventurous events. Possibly the work of the fast express can easily take rank with the most sensational of the many scenes shown in the *Million Dollar Mystery* while the fight between the gang and the police with the daring rescue of Norton from the train rails, are also something above the ordinary. The different installments of the picture are well planned and each succeeding chapter seems to outdo the other in point of presenting daring incidents. The eleventh is particularly good in this respect.

As the play progressed the audience was kept in an uproar of laughter, and the hearty applause showed that the performance was meeting with general approval.

Mr. Howard, who took the lead, simply lived the part and in facial, physical and vocal expressions, showed an adaptability to the lines and had all the scenes well in hand. Mr. Arnold showed himself a bundle of energy and installed in his lines a vim that was decidedly entertaining. In a masterly manner he took over the part of the chief of chaos created order. Right here it may be as well to mention the fact that the *Broadway Jones* is a quartet of rich characters, the chief accountant with the Jones Company, continue her work up to the same standard as last evening. Broadway Jones is a play of the events of the coming winter. She has a pleasing presence, and her voice and bearing are a credit to the part she represented, and she held the attention of the audience as long as she wished.

Miss Storr as Mrs. Spatowood, the wife of Judge Spatowood, showed exceptional ability, and her talents were well shown in the part she represented, and she held the attention of the audience as long as she wished.

Mr. Stroughton as Jackson Jones' man servant, was refreshing. He put enough vim in his part to make it very close to real life and the never-ending interest in an ordinary mortal.

Miss Chester, Mr. Dimock, Miss Park, Mr. Brown, Miss Chapman, Mr. McDonald, Mr. Adams and Mr. Hayes all gave excellent support.

The company was well balanced, and every member of the cast showed exceptional ability in interpreting the ideas of the different people represented.

"Broadway Jones" proved a pleasing vehicle for the display of the talents of the different members of the company, and every person in St. John who enjoys a good laugh and clever acting, should make it a point to visit the Lyric Theatre at least one night this week.

LYRIC AGAIN HAS EXCELLENT BILL  
Pemberton and Brent in pleasing singing and talking novelty.—First-class film programme.

The Lyric Theatre has every reason to feel proud for the excellent performance given yesterday to capacity audiences at each session. The success of the entertainment may be judged by the fact that the first three days of this week can be largely attributed to the efforts of Pemberton and Brent who, in song and story, found favor with the audience and created much favorable comment. It is a daily pleasing and beautiful of wit and humor interpreted by two very clever performers. Miss Pemberton has a personality that cannot help but win admirers, and her work is complimented with grace and ease. Mr. Brent, who by the way is not a stranger to Lyric audiences, is exceptionally clever. In the song number, "Paris de Pauline," the work of both artists stands out in no uncertain manner and leaves a lasting impression with their audiences. The picture department receives the best of care from three of the leading manufacturers and the entire programme is well worth going to see. A return of Kendall and Hinchey is announced for the latter part of the week.

## METHODIST TRIMMED HATS AT MARR'S

General Conference Decides to Include Lord's Prayer, Commandments and Apostles' Creed — Closing Sessions Today.

Ottawa, Oct. 5.—For the first time in the history of the Methodist church in Canada some ritual will be embodied in the new hymn book for the church. The General Conference decided on this afternoon. The ritual will include the Lord's Prayer, the Ten Commandments, the Apostles' Creed, the questions and answers of the Reception Service, and the General Confession of the Service of the Lord's Supper.

Discussed on the report of the hymn book committee, of which Rev. Dr. S. P. Rose, Montreal, was chairman, and Dr. A. D. Watson, Toronto, was secretary, absorbed considerable time and was the feature of the business today.

The conference plans to conclude its business tomorrow and will sit until midnight if necessary.

The report of the hymn book committee provoked considerable debate. One of the first items to cause discussion was the recommendation that "amen" be sung only at the end of the service, and not at the end of each verse of the hymns. Some of the delegates favored singing "amen" at the close of all hymns.

Rev. Dr. Salem Bland, Winnipeg, pointed out that some hymns are in the nature of a warning. The committee's desire prevailed.

There was a feeling amongst some of the delegates that the closing of the conference by the singing of hymns for the new book had omitted to put in some of the best old tunes.

An amendment that the new book be sent to the annual conference before it is approved, was lost. An amendment to the amendment that the appendix be added was also lost. The report was adopted.

Rev. Dr. S. D. Chown, general superintendent, in virtue of being elected head of the church, will reside in Toronto.

Rev. Dr. Carman informed the conference he would accept the position of General Superintendent Emeritus.

Have Friends' Sympathy.  
The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Hamm will sympathize with them in the death of their three-year-old son, Wendell Hamre, the child's bright little fellow and general favorite.

DIED.  
HAMM—On Monday, October 5, at his parents' residence, Drury Cove, after a short illness, Wendell Hamre, aged 3 years and three months, youngest child of Sterling and Flora M. Hamm. Burial, Wednesday, at 2 o'clock. (Boston and Portland papers please copy.)

GET TICKETS NOW!  
For the Grand NATIONAL MUSIC FESTIVAL  
Imperial Theatre Oct. 15  
CHORUS OF 100 VOICES  
ORCHESTRA OF THIRTY  
BEST SOLO TALENT  
Under auspices of Daughters of the Empire and FOR OUR SOLDIER BOYS!  
Prices 75c, 50c and 25c  
Tickets being sold by Daughters of Empire, and also at Imperial Theatre, Store, Wilson's Book Store, Munro's, North End, and Wilson's, Carleton.

## Charming Fall Fashions TRIMMED HATS AT MARR'S

Delightfully chic are the millinery designs and colorings for the present season and never was there a year when our display was so complete—so comprehensive—as is the vast assemblage it is our privilege and pleasure to offer for your inspection today.

Particularly fetching are the close-fitting turbans, especially designed for the high collars so prominently featured in the late autumn modes. Other and equally pleasing effects there are, but these are too numerous to mention here, and only a visit to our showrooms will convey an adequate idea of their beauty.

The MARR-MILLINERY COMPANY  
1, 3 and 5 Charlotte Street

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"Trey O' Hearts" Imperial Today!  
EPISODE NO. 2 OF LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE'S STORY!  
Thousands Disappointed Friday and Saturday Will Be Able to See Great Feature Today and Tuesday.

CHARMING ALICE JOYCE  
In Two-Part Kaleem Feature  
"The Old Army Coat" "The One She Loved"

THE TWO VYNOS  
"THE MUSICAL FARMYARD"  
A Vaudeville Novelty that Will Please Old and Young Alike.  
ELSIE MARIE—Soprano  
And the Orchestra!  
HEARST-SELIG WEEKLY  
And the War News.

OUR SOLDIERS OFF TO EUROPE!  
Fifty Special Photographs of St. John Volunteers taken for the Imperial by Friends at Valcartier.

WED. His Big Version of "The Count of Monte Cristo"

OPERA HOUSE THOMPSON-WOODS STOCK CO.  
Tonight and All This Week. Matinee Wednesday, Friday & Saturday  
George M. Coban's Clever Comedy  
"BROADWAY JONES"  
PRICES—NIGHTS—25c, 35c, 50c; Boxes, 75c. MATINEES—Adults, 25c; Children 15c.

UNIQUE LYRIC  
IT'S A LONG WAY TO TIPPERARY!  
—But you don't have to go there to see a good show.  
READ ON! THINK IT OVER  
"IN THE PATH OF THE FAST EXPRESS"  
Eleventh Edition of The Million Dollar Mystery  
Some extra scenes of sensation follow in such rapid succession you will hold your breath in anticipation.  
EXTRA! Captain Junior  
2-Chapter Indian Military Drama  
A Fatal Flirtation  
Keystone bunch of fun with laughs aplenty.  
WED—OUR MUTUAL GIRL.

## London Ready to Zeppelin Invasion Warm Reception

Experiments prove that Searchlights can destroy enemy's aircraft over Metropolitan area at night.

(Associated Press)  
London, Sept. 25.—Tests over London last night proved that searchlights can detect a Zeppelin even in a foggy weather.

Incidentally the populace derived great amusement from the experiments. It was the first foggy night of the month—not a thick pea soup fog, such as November and December bring, but a very marked fog. The British airship which has been making experimental flights over London by day and by night the past fortnight made her appearance at dusk and sailed over the city for several hours. Searchlights were trained from several strategic points and they managed to follow her wherever she went.

Much of the time there were two shafts playing upon the big brown sausage-shaped craft, and they kept her in sight when she dropped down near to the roofs of high buildings, and followed her upward course and her sudden turns and windings. Many thousand people were out in the streets gazing on the spectacle. It has been believed that the Zeppelins

will choose a foggy London, if they attempt serious exploits, just as they have done in the past. The searchlights were trained from several points in Holland.

Every preparation is being made to receive the Zeppelins if they invade London. Searchlights are being constantly trained over the city. The cost of the Zeppelins is heavy. The economy in street lighting is being pushed to the limit. The Zeppelins are being trained to fly over the city at night. The searchlights are being trained to follow the Zeppelins wherever they go.

Retreat must be made. The allied army, constantly reinforced, are steadily extending their lines north beyond Arras. By sheer force of numbers they are pushing the German right wing steadily eastward. Every attempt of the Germans to break through in the neighborhood of Roye and Lagny and so relieve the pressure on the extreme northern line, has failed.

The outcome, the military experts here say, will soon be the long looked for German retreat to the new line of defence in Belgium. The pressure is becoming so great that for no other reason strategic considerations will force a withdrawal.

The centre, from the Duse to Arras, has witnessed no change for more than a week. The German armies remain in strong, entrenched positions, their fate depending on the battles in the west and east.

The army of the Crown Prince is still being pressed backward in the West, and French columns advancing from Compiègne and Nancy force the Germans to lift their siege of certain of the Meuse forts.

All official reports today unite in characterizing the general situation as satisfactory. The armies at the front are being constantly augmented, while it is certain, judging from wireless messages intercepted by the allied forces, that for the present at least the Germans are at the end of their resources. They have been compelled to send many troops to the east to hold the Rumanian line that there are at present no additional troops to reinforce the western fighting line of General von Boehm and Von Kluck, which have already been given every possible soldier that could be spared from the centre and from Amiens-Lorraine, where proceedings are at a standstill.

London, Oct. 5.—The correspondent of the Times at Bordeaux, commenting on the battle in Northern France, says: "The time has not yet come to reveal the composition of the allies' left, which is now striking up toward the Belgian frontier, but when the veil hiding the movement in the neighborhood of Amiens is drawn away, it will be seen what a potent factor the cavalry railway system has been in the battles of Northern France."

10 CENT "CASCARETS"  
STRAIGHTEN YOU UP  
Tonight! Clean your bowels and end headaches, colds, sour stomach.

USE ONLY  
Washing, Oct. 5.—Per shipments to be will not be molested by when covered by an unbroken sheet of canvas. They are for domestic use. Make known here conference between Sir and Sir Cecil Spring-Rice. The ambassador expressed approval of his government's proposal of American conference of American countries that charges on route to other non-belligerent ships would be used in it and not exported to.

# 200,000 WEAPONS ARE DRILLING IN THE DOMINION

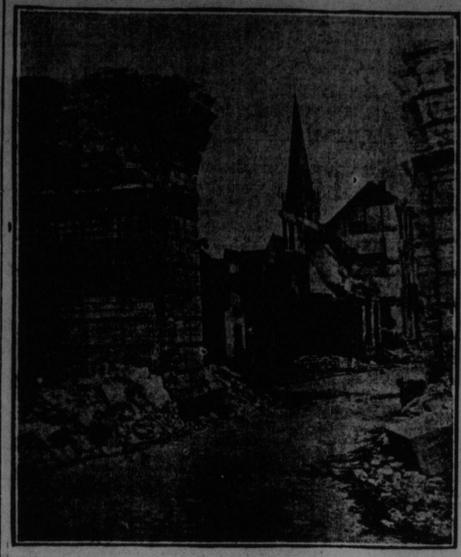
## London Ready to Give Zeppelin Invaders A Warm Reception

Experiments prove that Searchlights can detect enemy's aircraft over Metropolis even on foggy night.

(Associated Press) London, Sept. 25.—Tests over London last night proved that searchlights can detect a Zeppelin even in foggy weather. Incidentally the populace derived great amusement from the experiments. It was the first foggy night of the past month—not a thick pea soup fog, such as November and December bring, but a very marked fog. The British airship which has been making experimental flights over London by day and by night the past fortnight made her appearance at dusk and sailed over the city for several hours. Searchlights were trained from several strategic points and they managed to follow her wherever she went. Much of the time there were two shafts playing upon the big brown sausage-shaped craft, and they kept her in sight when she dropped down near to the roofs of high buildings, and followed her upward course and her sudden turns and windings. Many thousand people were out in the streets gazing on the spectacle. It has been believed that the Zeppelins

will choose a foggy day for a raid on London, if they attempt such a hazardous exploit, just as the British flying men selected a thick mist for their flights across Belgium into Germany, when bombs were dropped on Dusseldorf by mistake on Maestricht in Holland. Every preparation has been made to give the Zeppelins a warm reception if they invade English air. The London searchlights have swept the heavens constantly at night for the past fortnight. Aeroplanes fully equipped for fighting are kept in reserve, and could be launched like fire engines on the stroke of the bell, if an alarm of an approaching Zeppelin is sent out. The cost of the precautions against Zeppelins is heavy, but balanced by the economy in street lighting. Old residents say that London at night in these days reminds them of the old town before the advent of electric lights, when a few gas lights struggled against the gloom. Certainly two-thirds of the electric lights in the most populated districts are out of commission.

## DESTRUCTION OF TERMONDE BY THE GERMANS.



The scene pictured above shows the entrance to the town after the attack by the Germans.

## THE GERMAN VERSION OF SITUATION

Military correspondent to Amsterdam paper believes lengthening of Allies' line will mean their defeat.

London, Oct. 5, 6.20 p. m.—A despatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Amsterdam says: "In a long and optimistic review of the situation in both the eastern and western theatres of the war the military correspondent of the Berliner Tageblatt, Major Morath, though apparently not very well pleased with the scarcity of news from general headquarters, says that the German general staff has sufficient fresh troops at its disposal to oppose any French and British tactical attempts to outflank the German right wing, and to attack the German flank. "It is Major Morath's opinion that the long drawn out line of the allies' forces will be the cause of their final defeat. "Reviewing the situation in the Argonne, the writer maintains that the fall of Verdun, despite the activity of the garrison of Toul, is approaching. Though the German offensive is hindered by the strong resistance of these fortresses, this resistance will at the same time weaken the French east army. "Rome, Oct. 5, 12.15 p. m., via London, 7 p. m.—The German press, according to communications received here, thinks that Great Britain is using pressure to induce the Scandinavian countries, particularly Denmark, to abandon their neutrality and participate in the war against Germany. "The Deutsche Tageszeitung of Berlin says it is rumored that many hostile ships have been seen in the Skagerrak and the Categat, adding: "If these ships are British, it shows

## AERIAL FLEET WENT ASTRAY IN THE FOG

British Aviators on way to raid Zeppelin station at Dusseldorf dropped bombs by mistake into Maestricht.

(Associated Press.) London, Sept. 25.—People of the quiet Dutch city of Maestricht, which lies on a sort of peninsula bounded on the west by Germany and east by Belgium, have been striving hard to maintain the neutrality of their kingdom. They were startled Tuesday morning, Sept. 22, by the descent of a bomb from the mist overhead and a great explosion followed by the crash of glass. An aeroplane passing overhead had swooped down toward the roofs of the town and dropped a bomb overboard. The projectile fell near the Brussels gate of the old town, tore limbs from trees, ripped gashes in the walls of a house and shattered a number of windows. Several citizens attempted to follow the course of the aeroplane in motor cars but it soon was lost to sight. The Dutch government immediately took steps to inquire of the German and Belgian governments whether any flying man of their armies was responsible for the unpleasant surprise. The sequel developed the next day when the British press bureau announced a raid by British aviators aimed at the Zeppelin establishments in Dusseldorf and Cologne. The British aerial expedition started from Antwerp, and while the section bound for Dusseldorf reached its destination, the Cologne contingent confessed it lost its way in the fog. An intention to make a threatening demonstration against the Scandinavian states, particularly Denmark.

## CHINA WILL KEEP UP THE PROTEST

Will continue diplomatic efforts to have Japs retire from vicinity of Kiaochow.

Peking, Oct. 6, 1.30 a. m.—The Japanese cavalry, the advance of the troops that are occupying the German owned railway connecting the German leased possession of Kiaochow, with Tsai-Nan in the west of Shantung, has reached Tsing Chow, 35 miles west of Wei-Haio. The Japanese legation has promised the Chinese foreign office that Japan would occupy the railway with the fewest troops possible who would remain close to the line, and that civilian railroad men would be brought from Japan to displace the soldiers as soon as possible. Further, all the Chinese railroad employees would be continued in the service. The Chinese government, however, will continue its diplomatic efforts to cause the Japanese to withdraw to the vicinity of Kiaochow. The Germans threaten to dynamite all the bridges and burn all the stations on the line if the Japanese continue their march westward. A correspondent at Tsimo, north of Tsing Tau, who was compelled to leave that town because of illness on September 26, has arrived here. He reports that he saw no signs of the Japanese in the neighborhood of Tsing Tau. The Japanese are proceeding leisurely, he states, which supports the general understanding here that they are not ready yet to attack the formidable line of the German defenses. The British troops, like the Japanese, went to Kiaochow without tents, and are camping in the open air at Tsimo, which is the Japanese headquarters. A correspondent at Hankow, under Monday's date, reports that the Russian garrison numbering 238, sailed for Vladivostok Monday night.

## RETREAT MUST COME SOON, EXPERTS SAY

Paris, Oct. 6.—The northern flanking movement continues. The allied armies, constantly reinforced, are steadily extending their lines north beyond Arras. By sheer force of numbers they are pushing the German right wing steadily eastward. Every attempt of the Germans to break through in the neighborhood of Roye and Lesigny and so relieve the pressure on the extreme northern line, has failed. The outcome, the military experts here say, will soon be the long looked for German retreat to the new line of defence in Belgium. The pressure is becoming so great that if for no other reason strategic considerations will force a withdrawal. The centre, from the Oise to Argonne has witnessed no change for more than a week. Here both armies remain in strong entrenched positions, their fate depending on the battles in the west and east. The army of the Crown Prince is still being pressed hard in the Woivre region, and French columns advancing from Toul and Nancy force the Germans to lift their edge of certain of the Meuse front. All officials here today unite in characterizing the general situation as satisfactory. The armies at the front are being constantly augmented, while it is certain, judging from wireless messages intercepted by the field forces, that for the present at least the Germans are at the end of their tether. They have been compelled to send so many troops to the east to hold the Russians that there are at present no additional troops to reinforce the western fighting line of Generals Von Boehm and Von Kluck, which have already been given every possible soldier that could be spared from the centre and from Alsace-Lorraine, where proceedings are at a standstill. London, Oct. 6.—The correspondent of the Times at Bordeaux, commenting on the battle in Northern France, says: "The time has not yet come to reveal the composition of the allies' right wing, which is now striking up toward the Belgian frontier, but when the well-aiding movement in the neighborhood of Amiens is drawn away, it will be seen what a potent factor the French railway service has been in the battles of Northern France."

## CANADA COULD PROVIDE TEN CONTINGENTS

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Oct. 5.—"If necessary, I could raise ten contingents as easily as I raised the present one," said Col. Hughes tonight. "There are 200,000 men drilling throughout the country." He also stated that 44,000 Canadians were at present under arms, 32,000 are on their way to the front, 10,000 are doing guard duty, while 10,000 are at Bermuda. General MacDonald who was with Col. Hughes when he volunteered the above information added that a second Canadian contingent could be raised much more easily than the first. The overseas force will have plenty of good music he assured The Standard. There are several brass bands, several pipe bands and a good life and drum band. Three of the battalions wear the Scottish kilt. The Militia Department has received the offer of a cavalry regiment for the front to be raised in Montana and the men supplying their own horses, most of these men are Canadian born.

## FREDERICTON FRIENDS HEAR FROM SOLDIERS ON WAY TO FRONT

Letters Written Aboard Ship En Route to England—Assyrian Girl Shot by Playmate Contracts Pneumonia. Special to The Standard. Fredericton, N. B., Oct. 5.—Major Cecil Toogood, D. S. O., second in command of Lincolnshire regiment, brother of Mrs. Henry Wilnot of Lincoln, Sunbury county, who was reported wounded in the fighting at Mons, is now a prisoner of war in a hospital at Paderborn, in Westphalia, in Northern Germany. He is under treatment there and is reported to be recovering from his wounds, the nature of which has not yet been disclosed to his family in England. From what his relatives here have just heard, Major Toogood had intended coming to New Brunswick this fall to visit his sister at Lincoln, and it is believed that he will make the trip as soon as he is released by the Germans. Captain Rev. A. L. Skerry of Stanley, wrote to a friend in the city: "We have a line lot of officers and men and will give a good account of ourselves at the right time." Major Percy A. Guthrie sent the following letter to which letters to the boys should be directed: "A Company, 12th battalion, 4th Brigade, Canadian Forces, War Office, London, England." It will be noted that the number of the brigade has been changed. The 62nd volunteers from St. John are said to be in B company. Pneumonia has developed in the case of Minnie Thompson, the 10 year old Assyrian girl who was shot at Gibson on Saturday. There are many versions of the shooting being told, but that of Ramie Moosey, the boy who did the shooting, is missing because he has failed to show himself since the accident occurred. One report was that he had run away to the woods, but his relatives said that he was at home, but practically in a state of collapse from the shock. Mr. Thompson, the girl's father, does not say that the shooting was intentional, but he does declare that it is the result of gross carelessness and asserts that small boys should not be allowed to have firearms. He said today that his daughter had told him she was standing up in a carriage fifteen feet away from Ramie Moosey, who had been shooting at a target with a 22 calibre rifle. Ramie turned around and pointed the gun towards her, and as she cried out "don't shoot" a shot rang out and she was struck by the bullet.

## INTENDED COMING TO PROVINCE ON VISIT, IS NOW PRISONER OF WAR

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## WAR OFFICE THREATENS TO TAKE OVER THE WOOLLEN FACTORIES

London, Oct. 5, 7.30 p. m.—According to the Yorkshire Post, the War Office is taking drastic measures to secure an adequate supply of hosiery, underclothes, gloves and other woollen goods for the army and navy. All the manufacturers in Leicester, the chief centre of the woollen industry, have been informed that their entire product of heavy goods must be placed at the disposal of the War Office, and that if a single garment be withheld by a manufacturer, or is supplied to any firm whatever, the War Office will at once take over the factory at which it is made and run it, giving the firm a certain percentage of the profits.

## HARD, SOFT, OR BLEEDING?

No matter what kind or where located, any corn is promptly cured by Putnam's Corn Extractor; being purely vegetable it causes no pain. Guaranteed with every bottle of "Putnam's," use no other, 25c. at all dealers.

## LOCATES WIFE WHO TOOK SAVINGS AND RAN AWAY WITH A HALF-BREED

Find her driving with Indian lover and forces her to sign off claim to money she left in bank. Cornwall, Ont., Oct. 5.—Mrs. William Holbeck of Duquesne, Pa., deserted her husband last July, running off with an Indian half breed named Frank Good, and a thousand dollars of Mr. Holbeck's savings. The loss of the money seemed to trouble the wronged husband almost as much as the elopement of his wife, after twenty-two years of married life, but there were still \$2,000 in the bank in Duquesne, and this he proceeded to safeguard. The thousand Mrs. Holbeck had made off with, had been deposited in the bank in her name, as well as the remaining two thousand—such was the husband's confidence in the wife before the Indian lured her away. First Mr. Holbeck stopped payment of the \$2,000. Then he began a search for the missing woman. She was discovered yesterday near Messina, N. Y. across the river from Cornwall driving with her half breed lover and compelled in the highway to sign off her claim to the remaining two thousand dollars. She was then allowed to go her way in peace, while the husband returned to Duquesne.

## GLoucester, Mass., SAILOR KILLED AT SEA

Charlotte, Oct. 5.—Geo. Olsen, aged 66, a native of Gloucester, Mass., a sailor on the American schooner Glintonia, one of the mackerel fleet of East Point, was killed at sea by a part of the vessel's boom falling on him. He was buried at Sours, F. E. I.

## 10 CENT "CASCARETS" STRAIGHTEN YOU UP

Tonight! Clean your bowels and end headaches, colds, sour stomach. Get a 10-cent box now. Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and bad colds—turn them out tonight and keep them out with Cascarets. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lax liver, clogged bowels, or an upset stomach. Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour, fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. When you will feel great. A Cascaret tonight straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken.

## COPPER FOR DOMESTIC USE ONLY WILL NOT BE MOLESTED

Washington, Oct. 5.—American copper shipments to neutral countries will not be molested by British ships when covered by an understanding between shippers and consignees that they are for domestic use only. This was made known here today, after a conference between Secretary Bryan and Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, British ambassador. The ambassador expressed the approval of his government of the suggestion of American copper exporters that cargoes en route to Holland, Italy or other non-belligerent countries be shipped under the restriction that they would be used in those countries, and not exported to Germany.

## Had No Power Over the Limbs

Locomotor Ataxia, Heart Trouble and Nervous Spells Yielded to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. It would be easy to tell you how Dr. Chase's Nerve Food cures locomotor ataxia and derangements of heart and nerves, but it may be more satisfactory to you to read this letter. Mrs. Thos. Allan, R.F.D. 3, Sombra, Ont., writes: "Five years ago I suffered a complete breakdown, and frequently had palpitation of the heart. Since that illness I have had dizzy spells, had no power over my limbs (locomotor ataxia) and could not walk straight. At night I would have severe nervous spells, with heart palpitation, and would shake as though I had the ague. I felt improvement after using the first box of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and after continuing the treatment on now walk, eat and sleep well, have no nervous spells and do not require heart medicine. I have held several of my neighbors of the splendid results obtained from the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50c. a box, for \$2.50, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

## PLAN TO OPEN PUBLIC READING ROOM AND GYMNASIUM

Newcastle, Oct. 3.—A number of young men interested in the establishment of a public reading room and gymnasium met in the Temperance Hall last night, organized and elected the following executive: President, G. M. Lake; Vice-president, Willard Allison; Secretary, B. W. Hutchinson; Treasurer, Harold Hicks. Additional members, R. A. N. Jarvis, Principal L. R. Hetherington, Charles Aharon, J. C. Cook and George McNutt. The first four were appointed a committee to solicit for members and subscriptions. Membership fee, \$3.00 a year. Forty or fifty members are required to make the plan a success. It is proposed now to utilize the Temperance Hall instead of St. James' new hall.

"I believe the Canadian apple to be the finest in the world."—SIR GEO. E. FOSTER  
"Canadian apples are all right—firm, juicy, well-colored, good keepers."—LUTHER BURBANCK.

### "An apple a day keeps the doctor away"

"An Ounce of Apple is Worth a Pound of Cures"

The truth of the old saying is confirmed by the leading physicians of the world. 95% of our ills grow out of trouble in our digestive system. And 90% of such trouble can be prevented.

When the prevention is so pleasant, why let yourself need a cure? Eat apples—great, big, juicy, rosy-ripe Canadian apples—the finest fruit in the world.

John Burroughs, poet and scientist, says in his "Essay on the Apple":  
"... full of vegetable acids and aromatics, what an enemy the apple is to jaundice, indigestion, and torpid liver! It is a gentle spur and tonic to the whole system."

**APPLE LORE**  
Old Dr. Johnson, whose personal habits were immortalized by Boswell, used to walk about the streets of London munching an apple, his pockets sagging under the weight of "reserve supplies." He ranked the apple above all fruit—and if he were alive today he would rank the Canadian apple as the finest of his favorite fruit.

**APPLE RECIPE**  
Sliced Apples baked in Cream  
Pare, core and slice several apples; put into a baking dish and cover with cream; bake for ten minutes.  
Another good breakfast dish is made by covering the apples with well-cooked oatmeal and baking for twenty minutes. Serve with cream.

**Get This Free Book Today**

There are 209 delicious ways to serve them fully described in our "BOOK OF APPLE DELIGHTS." Give apples to the children between meals and for school lunch-baskets. Keep a box at the office—and munch one at eleven and another at five. "A great appetiser." Get your friends to join the Apple Consumers' League—Membership Fee: One apple a day.

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# The St. John Standard

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ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1914.

## A TEMPORARY CHECK.

Since the outbreak of hostilities, there have been occasions when it was felt that the official bulletins emanating from London and Paris were inclined to under-estimate the importance of successes won by the allied armies. There have been instances where unofficial reports told of movements, apparently of much importance, to which the official communications referred but briefly. Whatever ground might have existed for such criticism it is certain that the official press bureaus, in connection with the British and French war offices, have never sought to mislead the people. On the other hand we have been told that the allies have been "severely checked," or "forced to give ground" when, in reality, the reverses proved to be trifling and were usually overcome in a day or so. Yesterday the official statements recorded that the French army on the north had failed in the movement to outflank Von Kluck and that in some places the Germans had forced our armies to give ground. Such news is not particularly encouraging, but, on the other hand, it does not furnish ground for pessimism. An engagement covering a large area as the battle of the Aisne, where millions of men are fighting on a line stretching across the whole of northern part of France, naturally, must bring reverses with its successes, but it is not likely that the reverses of yesterday were sufficiently serious to prove more than a temporary check.

Whether the Germans succeed in regaining some of the ground taken from them, or whether the operations of the next twenty-four hours cause their line to be driven still nearer to the border, does not change the fact that the destination of the Kaiser's campaign was Paris and that a month ago the movement was more advanced than it is today.

On the eastern side of the war zone it is reported that the Russians have driven the Germans back and inflicted losses estimated at 70,000. This is of importance as Germans to date have undertaken no offensive operations against the czar's troops. To attempt any such movement will require more men than they seem to have at their disposal in that territory, and as it has already been well established that practically every available fighting man in Germany is in service, either in France or on the eastern boundary, it is not apparent at the moment where reinforcements are to come from. Certain it is, in view of the fact that the destination of the Kaiser's campaign was Paris and that a month ago the movement was more advanced than it is today.

Earlier in the campaign it was held that time fights on the side of the allies; that contention today is as true as ever. Every day that the armies meet for man, while inflicting loss upon them, will add to the strength of the allies in that it will allow them to bring up more men for the battle lines, and fill the gaps caused by the vigorous fighting of the past three weeks. Britain, France and Russia have nothing like the full strength of their fighting forces in the field. Germany has every available man under the colors. In this lies the real index of the future. It is to be a war of resources, of men, supplies and money. In such a war temporary checks or reverses such as reported yesterday cut but little figure. The power of endurance, the ability to strike one hard blow more than the foe is likely to decide the issue. Germany is extending herself to the limit. The allies have several "punches" in reserve.

## BELGIAN RELIEF.

Canadians cannot show too great willingness in their contributions to the funds being raised for the relief of the gallant Belgians. While there is no wish or desire to detract from the splendid work of the allied armies in the fields of France, it must not be forgotten that it was the soldiers of Belgium who, by their gallant defence of Liege, contributed the first check to the German military authorities who directed the march on Paris selected Belgium as the country through which the troops should pass, because they believed the Belgians either would not or could not offer successful resistance to the onslaught. That they were mistaken was abundantly proven to them in a series of engagements in which the Belgians, man for man, showed themselves superior to the finest soldiers in the Kaiser's army; but as the German forces were called upon to pay a terrible price for their resistance. Tens of thousands of Belgians have given their lives in defence of their homes and their country's honor. Their cities have been razed and their once peaceful farmsteads converted into debris heaps. Naturally there must be great and severe distress and the condition existing now will be aggravated during the winter months. Belgium has rendered wonderful service to the allies, and the most generous contributions the people of Canada can make to Belgian relief funds will not pay the debt we, in common with other portions of the Empire, owe to the men who first checked the German advances and gained the time necessary for the allies to bring effective forces into the field. The movement for relief has now been organized in St. John and an energetic canvass will be made for funds. A hearty response is assured.

## ITALY'S POSITION.

Next to the actual war, the most important question in Europe just now is: "What will Italy do?" It is expected that she will send her 1,500,000 men into the field as an ally of Britain, France and Russia. In fact the wonder is that she has not already done so, for she has no reason to side with Germany and Austria and, as events have turned out, nothing to hope for from such an alliance. When the Triple Alliance was formed Italy was the least enthusiastic member. Her co-operation was treacherously secured with specious promises never intended to be kept, and while some members of the Italian government are still in sympathy with that alliance by far the stronger sentiment is that the Italian people should cast their lot in with Great Britain, over the defender of liberty and France, with whom, of all European nations, Italy has the most reason to be allied. Italy has already had ample cause to declare war against Austria. There

## The Banner of St. George

is borne from the misty areas. The Banner of England's might. The blood-red cross of the brave St. George. That burns on a field of white; It speaks of the deathless heroes. On fane's bright page enrolled, And bids great England ne'er forget The glorious deeds of old.

O'er many a cloud of battle, That banner has floated wide, It shone like a star over the valiant hearts, That dashed the Armada's pride; Forever amid the thunders, The sailor could do or die, While tongues of flame leaped forth below.

And the Flag of St. George was high, O'er many a flag beloved Unfurled in a strife unblest, But give strength to the righteous arm And hope to the hearts oppressed; Three crosses in company, The Banner of Britain's might, But the central gem of the ensign fair Is the cross of the dauntless knight.

Still burns on your Banner white; Great race whose Empire of splendor Has dazzled a wondering world, May the flag that floats o'er thy wide domains Be long to all winds unfurled; Three crosses in company, The Banner of Britain's might, But the central gem of the ensign fair Is the cross of the dauntless knight.

—Shapcott Wesley.

## Rheims Cathedral 800 Years Old.

It is difficult to say to what extent the German shells have demolished the cathedral at Rheims, but since the Germans show no signs of retreating, and since a battle is again raging in this vicinity, it is not improbable that the damage may be increased, and the work of art may have to mourn as one of the mute tragedies of the war the complete destruction of one of the world's greatest works of art. The cathedral, which has been the seat of the grandeur and majesty of great architecture, has suffered an irreparable loss. The British nation would lose if Westminster Abbey were to be destroyed and all its memories were to be lost. The heart of Rheims, France, of historic France, was not in Paris. It was in Rheims; and there can be no slight exaggeration in saying that the German vandals turned their guns on Rheims.

The City of Rheims is very ancient. It was flourishing when Gaul was being conquered by Caesar, and early became a centre of Christianity, the name being the "Remi" tribe of Gauls who inhabited the surrounding country. Its first episcopal see was founded when it was captured by the Franks. In 720 it was captured by Charles Martel from Bishop Eligius, and it was in Rheims in 816 that Pope Stephen had his historic interview with Pepin, and attended the crowning of Louis the Debonnaire. Rheims having been made an Archbishop's See in 744. Ever since it has been the ecclesiastical capital of France, the Archbishop of Rheims being the Metropolitan Primate. With four exceptions all the Kings of France have been crowned at Rheims. Clovis, son of Charlemagne, King of the Franks, conquered the last Roman stronghold at Soissons, accepted Christianity, and was baptized at Rheims on Christmas Day, 496, and with few interruptions for thirteen hundred years the long and picturesque line of French kings descended the crown at Rheims, the most notable spectacle of all being when Joan of Arc placed the crown on the head of Charles VII.

The first foundations of the Cathedral of Rheims were laid in the year 480 to commemorate the teachings of St. Remi, who lived and died in the city. Eighteen years later the foundations of a new church were laid on the same site, and the completed cathedral was consecrated in 863. This building was destroyed by fire in 1210, only the ancient crypt partly surviving. The cathedral as we know it today is the work of the next thirty years the famous cathedral that has just been attacked. The architect was Robert de Coucy, and for his work alone he will be remembered as one of the great architects of all time. One of the most remarkable things about his work is that it was carried out exactly as planned. There were no alterations in the course of the thirty years it took in building, and when it was completed there was no intermixture of styles, no anachronism, no alleged improvements, additions or what not. The cathedral was the cathedral that he had prayed and dreamed.

Two cathedrals in France were larger than the Rheims, the cathedrals at Amiens and that at Chartres, but as Ruskin said, it would be impossible to say which was the lovelier, but the Rheims, whose heart was Notre Dame de Paris, the other cathedrals being those of Rouen and Bourges. Rheims Cathedral was 485 feet long, 101 feet wide, and 124 feet high. Whether the building itself or the sculptured figures with which it was gorgeously peopled were the greater wonder is a question that art authorities have discussed, but while the cathedral was practically completed in thirty years, the right tower was not finished until 1430, and for more than two hundred years sculptors worked busily at its ornamentation. Probably its most priceless treasure was the famous rose window, which dated in part to the thirteenth century, when the glass-maker's art was at its zenith. It was nearly 40 feet across and contained 24 sections. It was destroyed by the Germans in 1914, and critics have pronounced upon it the single word, "Perfect."

There were other treasures of Rheims, such as the tapestries, which hung all along the aisles. The church plate, too, which we suppose was saved, and of inestimable value, and some such pieces as a chalice of St. Remi of the eleventh century, a reliquary containing a thorn from the Holy Cross, the marble font in

which Clovis was baptized, the chalice of Louis XII, and the Sainte Ampoule, which contained the holy oil said to have been brought by a dove from Heaven for use at the coronation of Clovis. The windows on the cathedral are said to have only two equal, those of Chartres and those in the Cathedral of Burgos, Spain.

## War as "Made in Germany."

At the opening of actual hostilities in this great war it is necessary to visualize the campaign of the two Germanic powers against their allied enemies. Almost immediately it became a German war, with Austria-Hungary as a "brilliant second," to quote the Kaiser's own words with reference to Vienna's support of Berlin at the Alessandria Conference. That Germany would, sooner or later, have to fight Russia, France and England, separately or together, has been one of the maxims of European statecraft ever since the Franco-Prussian conflict of 1870. The politics of Europe has been largely premised on this assumption.

Therefore the splendid modern German navy would eventually force him to defend his possessions and achievements. The Kaiser has believed that necessary the Teuton and Slav, has been one of the axioms of the Kaiser's continental policy. To meet these great ends the German general staff has worked unceasingly for a generation, with a persistence and scientific conception that has elicited the respectful dread of the world. The power and efficiency of the chief moving factors in the work of the German general staff, in the shift and play of alliances, and in the advancement of German influence over the world, the implications of what this great war machine might do and the influence it has had upon the military establishments of other European countries are treated at greater length in other parts of this magazine. The Germans have felt that this enormous, splendidly equipped and highly efficient army was necessary for their national preservation. The rest of Europe has very generally regarded it as a menace. Secure behind the bayonets of his army and the guns of his navy, the Kaiser has spoken

boldly—his enemies say provocatively—in all the international situations of the past scores of years. It was to be expected that, when the opportunity came for a reckoning, the German would find few friends among the nations against the armies of Russia and France, and on her northern coast and the high seas against the navies of Great Britain. The German plan of campaign has been fought out by the Kaiser's general staff patiently and thoroughly many times. It may be said that every soldier in the German army has already participated in many campaigns of defence and attack against the enemies of the Fatherland, bloodless, although on much the same scale as though with shot and gun. German strategists and statesmen, soldiers and sailors, have frankly declared what they would do when the great war came. One military scientist, Bernhardi, has even written a book, in which he not only deliberately advocates preparing for war, and praises war itself, but tells what Germany may be expected to do. Briefly, the German strategy was this: Strike hard and quick at France. Crush her. Then march on Russia, the famous Kiel Canal and the straits between Norway-Sweden and Denmark. The German Empire, according to the patent, statistical professor of the Fatherland, is able, even with its ports blockaded, to live on its own resources for at least a year. During this time Austria, if possible, was expected to subdue, or at least hopelessly divide the Balkans, while Italy, "if not our active ally, at least not worse than neutral," would be the "subterranean channel" of outside communication. German military strategy and German statecraft made several miscalculations, nevertheless he was actually began in accordance with the plan of the German general staff.—From "News Story of the Great War" in the American Review of Reviews for September.

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Don't Be Misled— No other tea is "Just as Good"

Black or Sealed Packets only. Mixed . . . 35c, 45c, 55c, 65c Per Pound

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The practical use of Silver and its permanence—makes it an appropriate and lasting gift forever appreciated.

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Widths A B C D E and F. We can fit you.

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## Every Color and Shade of Silk Velvets

for trimming of suits millinery purposes

FANCY AND ROMAN STRIPED VELVETS. BLACK SILK VELVETS—All prices.

CORDUROY VELVETEENS—Black, white and We sell a make that will stand rain or out spotting. They are most popular children's wear.

WIDE COSTUME CHIFFON VELVETS—40 in black, grey, saxe, rose, olive; 5 yard length; 44 inch wide Black Chiffon Velvets make will never spot in wear, \$2.75 a y

## MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

## WHY TUBERCULIN TESTED

Because such milk makes your family secure from most dreaded diseases.

Because you owe it to your family to give them milk money can buy.

Nothing on your table is more important than clean milk.

## PRIMECREST FARM MILK

It comes from the most up-to-date dairy in Canada TUBERCULIN TESTED COWS—HEALTHY AN Monthly medical examination of Dairy and Barn All milk is scientifically cooled and bottles sterilized DELIVERED TO YOU IN SEALED GLASS

Costs a bit more—and worth it. "Certified" Milk 9c—Baby Milk 12c. per quart. Write or phone us for complete particulars.

257-43. PRIMECREST FARM - - - South B. H. H. WOOD, Supt.—Graduate Amherst, Mass., U. S. College.

## SALVATION ARMY

The announcement that Commissioner Richards, of New Zealand, had been appointed to succeed Commissioner Ross, who was lost in the Empress, was received with ringing volleys at the Citadel, Charlotte street, last night, where a welcome was given to the delegates attending the convention now being held here.

All offices made vacant by the Empress disaster have been filled with the appointment of Commissioner Richards, who is due to arrive in

## GILLET'S LYE 'EATS DIRT'

W G Goodwin, New Montreal; Bill C. R. W C Katman, New Watson, Halifax; A W B Bishop, Montreal; Springfield, L S M. ton; E A Murray, N B; R E Hall, Boston; Quebec; Miss Alice; E Medley Scott; S B Ward, J B Will Badley, W S K Montreal; W Y B Drum, Montreal; C. W. Grand Manan; York; C E MacLough P A Landry, Dorchester, Fredericton.

## HOTEL AR

Royce

## GILLET'S

W G Goodwin, New Montreal; Bill C. R. W C Katman, New Watson, Halifax; A W B Bishop, Montreal; Springfield, L S M. ton; E A Murray, N B; R E Hall, Boston; Quebec; Miss Alice; E Medley Scott; S B Ward, J B Will Badley, W S K Montreal; W Y B Drum, Montreal; C. W. Grand Manan; York; C E MacLough P A Landry, Dorchester, Fredericton.

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**The Time Has Come**



to make a change in your foot-wear. Beautiful weather, we all admit, but heavier and more substantial shoes are a necessity. In our Women's Department we are showing some exceptional values in Button and Lace Boots made on pretty shaped, perfect fitting lasts in all the popular leathers—Patent, Dull Calf, Dongola, Suede and Tan at \$3.50 a pair. It was our good fortune to have bought and obtained delivery of these goods before the war advance took place and will continue selling at same price until forced to do otherwise.

**MACAULAY BROS. & CO., KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.**  
Our Stores Open 8 a. m. Close 6 p. m. Saturdays, 10 p. m.

**Every Color and Shade of Color in Silk Velvets**

for trimming of suits or millinery purposes

**FANCY AND ROMAN STRIPED VELVETS.**  
**BLACK SILK VELVETS—All prices.**  
**CORDUROY VELVETEENS—Black, white and all colors.**  
We sell a make that will stand rain or snow without spotting. They are most popular for suits and children's wear.

**WIDE COSTUME CHIFFON VELVETS—40 inches wide, in black, grey, saxe, rose, olive; 5 yards a costume length; 44 inch wide Black Chiffon Velveteen. This make will never stain in wear, \$2.75 a yard.**

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**WHY TUBERCULIN TESTED MILK?**

Because such milk makes your family secure from one of the most dreaded diseases.  
Because you owe it to your family to give them the very best milk money can buy.  
Nothing on your table is more important than to have safe, clean milk.

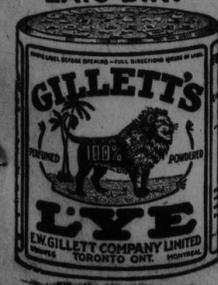
**PRIMECREST FARM MILK IS PURE**  
It comes from the most up-to-date dairy in Canada.  
**TUBERCULIN TESTED COWS—HEALTHY AND CLEAN.**  
Monthly medical examination of Dairy and Barn Staff.  
All milk is scientifically cooled and bottles sterilized.  
**DELIVERED TO YOU IN SEALED GLASS JARS**  
Costs a bit more—and worth it.  
"Certified" Milk 9c.—Baby Milk 12c. per quart.  
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**PRIMECREST FARM - - - South Bay, St. John**  
H. H. WOOD, Supt.—Graduate Amherst, Mass., U. S. A., Agricultural College.

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**GILLETTE'S LYE 'EATS DIRT'**



**HOTEL ARRIVALS.**  
Royal.  
W G Goodwin, Truro; J H McAfee, Montreal; Bill C Raworth, Amherst; W C Katman, New York City; A G Watson, Halifax; A S White, Sussex; W B Bishop, Montreal; R C Pepper, Springfield; L S McLaine, Fredericton; E A Murray and wife, Mabou, C B E Hall, Boston; L E Jones, Quebec; Miss Alice Harrington, Norton; E Medley Scovill, New York City; S B Ward, J S Wilson, Montreal; G W Badgley, W S Kerry, A W Drum, Montreal; W W Bole, Toronto; A W Drum, Montreal; C A Huntley and wife, Grand Manan; B O Wilson, Windsor; C E MacLaughlin, Ouellet, N. Y.; P A Landry, Dorchester; A E Hanson, Fredericton.

**P. E. PERRY STEAMER IS UNDAUNTED**

The "Prince Edward Island" launched yesterday—Named by Mrs. Geo. H. Perley.

London, Oct. 5.—The ice-breaker ferry steamer, specially built by the Armstrong, Whitworth company, to the order of the Canadian government, for the purpose of more effectively linking up the Province of Prince Edward Island with the Brunswick mainland, was launched today at Newcastle-On-Tyne, and was christened "Prince Edward Island" by Mrs. G. H. Perley, wife of the acting Canadian High Commissioner. The vessel, which will carry complete railway trains, both passenger and freight, is comparatively small, but is fitted with propelling machinery of considerable power, having three sets of triple expansion engines, two aft and one forward. The invited company included Earl Grey and Hon. George H. and Mrs. Perley. The latter, in the christening ceremony, expressed her pride in belonging to a dominion which was giving such material and moral support to Britain as Canada was doing in the present crisis.

Mrs. Perley, having been presented with a silver model of the vessel as a souvenir of the occasion, Hon. Mr. Perley spoke briefly, referring to his visit of inspection to the Tyne-side works, and saying that while watching the launching, he had been struck by the thought that here they had incontrovertible evidence of the supremacy of the British navy.

Earl Grey said that he had always been interested in the question of ferries for the St. Lawrence, and he was glad to congratulate the Armstrong, Whitworth Company on obtaining the seemingly impossible for Northumberland Strait.

**Belgium Relief Committee there secured large amount of food, clothing and provisions.**

The Rothery Belgian Relief Committee organized a week ago, collected \$452.50, as well as numerous contributions of potatoes and new and second hand clothing. With the money and the other contributions the committee was able to load a car which was sent to Trenton, N. S., where the Maritime Committee of the Belgian Relief Fund is located. Among the goods shipped in the car were six barrels of biscuits, ten cases of condensed milk, 14½ barrels of flour, five barrels of beans, 1,200 pounds of dried cod fish, 207 pounds of bacon, 100 pounds of butter, 50 barrels of potatoes, 2½ barrels of apples and sundry groceries.

The committee reports that the response from all parts of the parish was very generous and that much credit was due to Rev. A. W. Daniel for his work in soliciting subscriptions and interesting the people. About 82 persons contributed cash.

The committee consisted of Miss Annie Brook, Mrs. W. S. Allison, Miss Thomson, Miss M. Murray, C. Allison, Percy R. L. Fairweather and J. M. Robinson.

In addition to the carload of provisions and clothing, the committee also forwarded an express order for \$34.

**FUNERALS.**

**Mrs. Henrietta Bennett.**  
The funeral of Mrs. Henrietta Bennett, widow of Henry J. Bennett, of Hopewell Cape, took place at 2 p. m. Saturday last, from her late residence. The attendance of relatives and friends was very large and the services at the home and graveside were very impressive. Rev. H. Pierce, the resident Methodist clergyman, and Rev. Mr. McCully, of Salisbury, officiated.

The funeral tributes from relatives and friends were very bountiful and beautiful. The burial was at the Riverview cemetery beside her husband. Misses Evelyn and Mildred and Capt. Ronald V. Bennett were the members of the family at home. The eldest son, George H. Bennett, M. P., of Calgary, is on his way home and will reach here Tuesday next. The youngest son, George H. Bennett, real estate broker, of Edmonton, is a volunteer on the ocean on his way to the front and does not yet know that his beloved mother has passed away.

The funeral of Mrs. Jennie R. Lahey, wife of George S. Lahey, was conducted Monday afternoon from the residence of her son-in-law, W. J. Linton, of Manawagonish road to Cedar Hill, Rev. Mr. Townsend officiated at the services. Mrs. Lahey was seventy-one years of age, and had many friends in the city. She was survived by her husband, one son, Hunter Lahey, in western Ontario, and two daughters, Mrs. W. J. Linton and Mrs. Hazel Linton, in this city. She had been ill about two weeks.

**OBITUARY.**

**Mrs. John Touchie.**  
The death of Mrs. John Touchie, of Boom Road, occurred Thursday night. She had been in poor health for several years. She was the daughter of the late Geo. Matchett, of Redbank. She is survived by her husband, her son, Fred Matchett, and her children: Ellen (Mrs. Alvin Mullin, Boom Road), and Wm. Warren, George, Herman and Annie Bell, of Boom Road. Her funeral will be tomorrow afternoon at 2:30.

Three brothers, Everett Matchett, in the west; James, Boom Road; Hilbert, in the west; sisters, Mrs. Charles Mullin, Boom Road, and another in the west also survive.

**Mrs. Alex. Ogilvie**  
Woodstock, Oct. 5.—The death took place at eleven o'clock Monday morning of Mrs. Alex. Ogilvie, after a lingering illness of paralysis. Deceased was a native of Scotland, was an estimable lady, highly esteemed by a large circle of friends and acquaintances. She is survived by a husband, four sons, Alexander, David, Henry and John, and six daughters, Isabella, Flora and Mrs. Fred Risteen of Woodstock, Mrs. Matthew Tennant of Fredericton, Mrs. Mary and daughter, one in St. John and the other in the State of Maine. The funeral will take place at two o'clock Tuesday, the Rev. Richard Opie officiating.

**Much Pain From Kidney Disease**

Doctored in Vain Until Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills Were Used.

Kidney derangements are often associated with disorders of the liver and bowels, and under these conditions ordinary kidney medicines usually fail to effect cure. It is because of the unique combined action on the liver, kidneys and bowels that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are so generally successful, even in the most complicated cases.

Mr. Emanuel Bernard, farmer, St. Paul's Kent county, N. B., writes:—  
"About eighteen years ago my wife was badly diseased and suffered greatly from headaches, pains in bowels and stomach, and her heart was affected. For a year she was treated by her doctor, but with no apparent benefit. She then used five boxes of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills with most satisfactory results. This gave us such a good opinion of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills that we always keep them in the house to be used for all derangements of the kidneys, liver and bowels." Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, 25c. a box, 5 for \$1.00, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

**MUCH WORK IS BEING DONE BY THE RED CROSS SOCIETY**

Society sending supplies for soldiers in splendid manner—Use fund for special needs.

At a well attended meeting of the Red Cross Society held yesterday afternoon in the Stone Church school room, it was explained that the special fund started by the society was intended to supply special needs, such as the purchase of hospital supplies other than those which can be made at home. It was reported that more socks have been sent from St. John than from any other city, and that the St. John socks were better than those knit elsewhere. Miss Tingey was appointed convener of a committee to provide patterns for those who want to do work for the Red Cross. Miss Hazen reported on correspondence with various other women's societies. Mrs. White reported the holding of a tea at the Bungalow on Sept. 23rd the proceeds of which amounted to \$254. Among the donations were \$2 from Lady Johnston, \$2 from G. McAvity, \$1 from Lady Tilley and \$1 from Miss Rutledge, besides twenty-five pounds of sausages, shoes, slippers and flanneling, and corn from D. O'Neill & Co., with a rebate on potatoes from Gault Bros. Three little girls in Carleton unable to sew, gave twenty-five cents each. The girls' chapter of the Daughters of the Empire contributed useful articles: Mrs. G. F. Smith, a web of flanneling; Mrs. A. W. Adams, a web of flanneling; Mrs. Cross and Mr. Simms, pieces of cheese cloth; Mrs. G. E. Dickson, three pairs of wristlets; Mrs. Frank Stetson and Mrs. C. H. Fairweather, pairs of bed socks; Mrs. Powell, abdominal belt; Ladies' Auxiliary, Seaman's Mission, fourteen sheets and fourteen pillow cases; Mrs. J. B. Travers, twenty pairs of socks. These articles, as well as two boxes from Sheldon, and one box from Towse Hill, of which branch Mrs. C. E. Beach is president, were forwarded, together with a bale from the local society of ninety-eight shirts, eight suits of pyjamas, five pairs of bed socks, two pairs of pneumonia jackets and sixty pairs of socks. Two boxes contained work done by the girls' chapter, and also shipped during the day. They were extended to Mrs. G. F. Fisher for donation towards wool, to Mrs. J. L. Macdonald for the dozen towels, and Miss McArthur for handkerchiefs. St. Monica's Ladies' Society sent a cheque for \$25 and promised to provide night shirts. Mr. Stirling handed in \$8.05, the proceeds of an entertainment given by the following boys: Fred Brown, James Steirling, Edgar Fritchard, Cyril Coughlan, Ronald Rolston, and Percy McCollough. A letter was received from the ladies of St. Stephen Church saying they would make up slippers, hospital socks, and mittens. The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. wrote that they would help.

**RECLAMATION SCHEMES AT COURTENAY BAY**

The Norton Griffiths Company has three reclamation schemes under consideration at Courtenay Bay according to the report of the Harbor Committee of the Board of Trade, submitted to the board meeting last evening. The report says: "On the occasion of their last visit to Courtenay Bay, the committee appointed to inspect that work found about 300 men, five locomotives and three dredges in active operation at the works. The breakwater was almost completed. One suction dredge was employed on the inside of the breakwater discharging sand and gravel through a twenty-four inch pipe to the sea front of the breakwater. One elevator dredge was discharging near the end of the breakwater on the inside, and the third dredge was operating in the outside channel. As to the dredging itself, while a large space has been dug, an immense area still remains untouched and the engineers were of the opinion that it would be tight work for them to have it all completed at the expiration of the contract in 1917. The engineers stated that a dredge was coming from Havana and another was being negotiated for in England to hasten completion of the contract. The former of these has since arrived. About twelve acres of land has been reclaimed for the site of the proposed steel plant. The engineers stated that they have three reclamation schemes under consideration, which they hope soon to be able to present to the board. Probably one-third of the necessary excavation for the dry dock had been completed. The engineers in charge stated that owing to the presence of the ledge, it had been found necessary to change the quay sites to a point 300 feet to one side. Work on these quays would begin about May 1st, 1915.

**GLEANSSES YOUR HAIR MAKES IT BEAUTIFUL**

It becomes thick, wavy, lustrous and all dandruff disappears.

Surely try a "Danderine Hair Cleanse" if you wish to immediately double the beauty of your hair. Just moisten a cloth with Danderine and draw it carefully through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; this will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt, or any excessive oil—in a few minutes you will be amazed. Your hair will be wavy, fluffy and abundant and possess an incomparable softness, lustre and luxuriance.

Besides beautifying the hair, one application of Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; invigorates the scalp, stopping itching and falling hair.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-prolonging properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

Your hair will surely have pretty, soft, lustrous hair, and lots of it. If you will just get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter and try it as directed.

**WEDDINGS.**

**Reid-Arnold.**  
A quiet but pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Arnold, Rockville, on Wednesday September 30, at 3:30 p. m., when their second daughter, Blanche Victoria, was united in marriage to Hilary Alexander Reid, of Salt Springs. The ceremony was performed by Rev. F. B. Russell, of Waterford, in the presence of only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties.

The bride entered the room, which was tastefully decorated with ferns and autumn leaves, on the arm of her father, and was becomingly dressed in a gown of ivory duchess satin with crystal trimmings and carried a white prayer book, the gift of the bridesmaid, Miss Mabel Arnold, sister of the bride, who was dressed in white, and carried a bouquet of sweet peas. The groom was supported by his brother, Gardfield Reid.

The popularity of the young couple was testified by the numerous and valuable presents, including cash, furniture, silverware, glassware, china, lace and linens. The groom's present to the bride was a handsome motor car, and the bridesmaid a ring set with amethysts.

The bride's travelling suit was of navy blue serge with white hat. The only luncheon was served after which the happy couple left by auto for their future home in Salt Springs amid showers of rice and best wishes from the friends.

A number of their young friends gathered to receive them and gave them a good old time charivari.

**DOMINION TRUST COMPANY**

**"The Perpetual Trustee"**

Paid Up Capital and Reserve Over \$3,000,000.00

Head Office . . . . . Vancouver, B. C.

You should not take an advantage of your closest friend by appointing him your executor. He has his own affairs to look after.

Your best executor is the best Trust Company. The best Trust Company is never sick, is never out of town, and the care of estates is its business.

Sixty-five per cent. of Private Executors in the past have either shown partiality to one heir or another, used estate funds to postpone the probate, or in other ways willfully expropriated the funds to themselves.

This is the raison d'être of the Trust Company—a natural development of modern times.

How long would a reputable Trust Company retain a position after violating a single trust? You are invited to examine closely the records of the Dominion Trust Company and then consult one of its solicitors.

The Dominion Trust Company, however, co-operates without charge with its clients own solicitors in the preparation of wills.

**ST. JOHN BRANCH**  
PAUL LONGLEY, . . . . . Manager  
Bank of British North America Building, Market Square, St. John.

**YEARS SUFFERING FROM PILES**

Mr. J. McEwen of Dundas, Ont., writes:—"For fifteen years I suffered with Piles and could get no permanent cure until I tried Zam-Buk. Perseverance with this herbal balm resulted in a complete cure, and I have not been troubled with the painful ailment since."

Mr. Henry Fougere of Poulmond, N.S., says:—"I suffered terribly with Piles and could find nothing to give me relief until I tried Zam-Buk. This cured me. I consider Zam-Buk the finest ointment on the market."

The above are specimens of the many letters we are constantly receiving from men and women who have ended their suffering by using Zam-Buk. Why not do likewise?

Zam-Buk is best for eczema, blood poisoning, ulcers, sores, cuts, bruises, and all skin injuries and diseases. 5c. box, all druggists and stores, or ask free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. Send this advertisement with name of paper and one cent stamp for free trial box.

**ZAM-BUK**  
WRITE FOR FREE SAMPLE

**THIS ADV. IS WORTH ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$100) TO SOMEONE.**

Cut this out and the next time you require any dentistry of any kind, have a tooth (or teeth) extracted, filled, cleaned, artificial teeth made or mended, call and see us, as you may be the lucky one.

**BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS,**  
527 Main St.—245 Union St.  
DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.  
Tel. Main 683.  
Open 9 a. m. until 9 p. m.

**SCOTCH COAL**

We have on hand and ready for immediate delivery a good supply of SCOTCH ANTHRACITE. All three sizes: DOUBLES, TREBLES AND JUMBO.

**CONSUMERS' COAL CO., Limited**  
331 Charlotte St.  
Phone M. 2670

STANDARD, OCTOBER 6, 1914.

**THE EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE MEETING**

The Evangelical Alliance met yesterday morning in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, with the Ven. Archdeacon Raymond in the chair. It was pointed out that the policemen and street railway employes had no opportunity to attend divine service on Sunday. Revs. W. G. Lane, Gordon Dickie, F. E. Dennison, J. C. B. Appel and W. O. Raymond were appointed a committee to interview the authorities on this question.

The following resolution was unanimously passed: "That the Evangelical Alliance heartily commends the efforts already initiated both in the city of St. John and in other parts of the province to secure relief for the people of Belgium in their great suffering and need, brought about by the fortunes of war, and that a committee of this Alliance be appointed to take the whole matter into further consideration, with a view to forwarding any method of relief that may be agreed to locally and is found advisable, taking steps to widen the scope of the efforts to include the whole province."

The committee appointed to look after this matter were: Reva. Gordon Dickie, E. B. Hooper, F. H. Wentworth and W. H. Barraclough.

Rev. J. A. MacKintosh gave a very interesting address upon the peace conference held at Constance, Germany, in the month of August, on the eve of the declaration of war. He was the only delegate from Canada to the conference.



# MARKET OF FINANCE

## ADVISES CANADA TO SEEK NEW MARKETS

Should Go After South American Trade, F. A. Scroggie Says—Optimistic View of Future.

Montreal, Oct. 4.—"With the good weather we have been experiencing during the past week, the volume of business seems to be increasing in a healthy manner," said F. A. Scroggie, a representative of The Journal of Commerce. "It can safely be stated that the feeling is getting more optimistic and the curtailment among the buying public is less general. Yesterday was one of the best days this season has had since the beginning of the war. Of course, we are carrying on a very aggressive campaign, but in spite of this, business is extremely satisfactory. Buying power shows even less curtailment in the out-of-town districts and our mail business is heavy in volume.

## TRY TO STIMULATE INTEREST IN BONDS

Bond Houses Sending Out Circulars—No Further Reason For the "Do-nothing" Policy.

New York, Oct. 4.—The bond houses are beginning again to send out circulars in an attempt to rekindle interest in the bond market. One such issued by N. W. Halsey & Co. contains a summary of the investment situation, from which we quote as follows: "Until very recently there has been practically nothing the investor could do but await developments. Now, however, a limited list of securities is being offered by many dealers, and any one who has funds may put them to work by buying interest-bearing bonds if he desires. The extraordinary large subscription to the New York city short-time securities indicates that by buying interest-bearing bonds there is no reason for a continuation of the do-nothing policy. On the contrary, such investors believe this is the time to purchase sound securities if offered on an attractive basis.

## CONFIDENT TONE, ALTHO' TRADE LIGHT

Reports from Leading Trades to Dun's Show Confidence Well Maintained—Picking Up in Agricultural Sections, Bradstreet's Says.

Montreal, Oct. 4.—Despatches to Dun's Review from branch offices of R. G. Dun and Company, in leading trade centres, the Dominion of Canada, indicate that well maintained confidence prevails, although the actual volume of business has not increased to any great extent. Montreal reports that the movement of seasonal merchandise is rather slow, though satisfaction is generally expressed that sales are in a fair volume considering prevailing conditions. Retail trade is rather quiet, and wholesalers are not especially busy, but many manufacturing lines are more active, especially those engaged on government contracts.

## AN ENJOYABLE MOMENT WITH THE ALLIES



FRENCH AND BRITISH SOLDIERS DRINKING TOGETHER IN AMIENS.

## FOREST FIRES RAGING NEAR WOODSTOCK

Special to The Standard. Woodstock, N. B., Oct. 5.—Some very bad forest fires are raging near here. A large fire is now going on near Newburg, another forest fire is burning at Campbell Settlement, and still another at Clark Settlement. The fire near Newburg is being fought with little success in the majority of places. Messrs. Hayden and McElroy, the well-known lumbermen, have crews fighting the fires and are being helped by the farmers.

- Frank L. Harrison . . . 10.00
H. G. Rogers . . . 15.00
Richard Retailik . . . 5.00
Rev. W. F. Chapman, V. G. . . 1.00
John H. Tange . . . 1.00
Timothy O'Keefe . . . 1.00
Mrs. H. S. Gregory . . . 5.00
Stanley G. Olive . . . 10.00
T. Traynor (second) . . . 1.00
A. B. Clifford . . . 5.00
Robert Doherty . . . 5.00
Florence M. Belyea . . . 1.00
Mrs. Henry Nase . . . 1.00
Emma Robichaud . . . 25
Mrs. T. P. Cerry . . . 1.00
J. G. Lake . . . 2.00
Little girls King St. East . . . 75
Stanley D. Crawford . . . 10.00
John McKelvey . . . 5.00
James McGrath . . . 6.00
Geo. D. Scarborough . . . 5.00
Mrs. W. A. Lordly . . . 1.00
Mrs. David Magee . . . 2.00
Mrs. W. F. McVein . . . 1.00
Little girls King St. East . . . 75
Small girls' bazaar King St. E. 170
Geo. Smith . . . 2.00
Clyde C. Corkum . . . 1.00

## PATRIOTIC FUND

Donations to the Patriotic Fund sent to the Mayor yesterday were a second payment of \$25 from the crew of the government steamer Aberdeen and \$52.50 from the crew of the steamer Lansdowne. James G. Harrison . . . \$20.00

Serious Accident. Mrs. Wm. Mayble, of Winslow street, West End, while visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. J. Smith, slipped on the dining room floor and broke her leg. Dr. Neve was summoned and had her removed to the General Public Hospital where she is resting as comfortably as possible. Mrs. Mayble has been in poor health for many years and her friends will be sorry to learn of her accident.

### Weather Insurance

Rain or snow, if they find even a small crack in your roof, can do almost as much damage as a fire.

## NEPONSET Paroid Roofing

gives absolute protection against storm. NEPONSET Paroid Roofing cannot leak. It has proved it in every climate under every condition for a great many years.

### GANDY & ALLISON,

Sole Agents - North Wharf

### LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT CO. Ltd.

Accident Insurance, Employers' Liability, Guarantee Bonds

### CHAS. A. MACDONALD, & SON

Provincial Managers . . . 49 Canterbury St., Phone Main 1536

### Liability and Casualty INSURANCE

C. E. L. JARVIS & SONS 74 Prince William St.

### THOMAS BELL & CO., St. John, N. B.

PUBLICLY BUILDING, 48 PRINCE STREET

Lumber and General Brokers

SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, BIRCH, SOUTHERN PINE, OAK, CYPRESS, SPRUCE PILING and CRESOSED PILING.

### Western Assurance Co.

INCORPORATED 1851

Assets, \$3,213,438.28

R. W. W. FRINK - Branch Manager

ST. JOHN N. B.

## STEAMSHIPS.

### CANADIAN PACIFIC

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The S.S. MISSANABIE, the first of two new moderate rate steamships which are nearing completion, will sail on her maiden trip from Liverpool OCTOBER 7th for Montreal and returning sail from Montreal THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22nd.

The MISSANABIE is the last word in shipbuilding and should prove an attractive acquisition to the Canadian trade. Dimensions are: Length, 520 feet; beam, 64 feet; gross registered tonnage, 12,000. Capacity: 620 cabin, 1,200 third class. There are spacious promenade decks, veranda cafe, drawing room, lounge, gymnasium, smoking room and card room. All the latest and most approved devices for safety at sea are employed, and special attention has been paid to the ventilation system. We believe this will be the finest moderate rate ship on the Atlantic.

### ROYAL Line Steamships

combine the finer features of club or hotel. A ship's matron personally attends women travelling alone. Handsomely illustrated booklets—write for them.

123 Hollis St., Halifax, N. S.

### STEAMER MAY QUEEN

will leave P. Nase & Son's wharf, in downtown, Wednesday and Saturday mornings at 8 o'clock until further notice, for Chipman and intermediate stops, returning Monday and Thursday.

F. H. COLWELL, Mgr.

### THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED).

Until further notice the S. S. Connors Bros. will run as follows:— Leave St. John, N. B., Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., on Saturday, 7.30 a. m. for St. Andrews, calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Black Harbor, Back Bay or Letete, Deer Island, Red Store, St. George. Returning leave St. Andrews Tuesday for St. John, calling at Letete or Back Bay, Black Harbor, Beaver Harbor and Dipper Harbor, tide and weather permitting.

### Paul F. Blanchet

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

54 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET

Telephone in Connection St. John and Harbour

### Robert Carter

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

Auditor and Liquidator

Businesses Systematized

Cost Systems Installed

McCurdy Building, Halifax

### CHOICE

Carleton Co. Hay, Manitoba White Oats

All kinds of Mill Feeds

At lowest possible prices

### A. C. SMITH & CO.,

9 Union Street, West St. John. Telephone West 7-11 and West 8-1

### STEAM BOILERS

We have on hand, and offer for sale the following new boilers built for a safe working pressure of one hundred and twenty-five pounds— One "Inclined" Type . . . 60 H. P. One Return Tubular Type 60 H. P. One Locomotive Type . . . 30 H. P. Two Vertical Type . . . 20 H. P. Full particulars and prices will be mailed upon request

### I. MATHESON & Company, Ltd.

BOILER MAKERS

NEW GLASGOW, NOVA SCOTIA.

## RAILWAYS.

### CANADIAN PACIFIC

VERY LOW RATES (ONE WAY SECOND CLASS) TO NORTH PACIFIC COAST AND CALIFORNIA POINTS ON SALE DAILY

Sept. 24th to October 8th, 1914

FROM ST. JOHN, To Victoria, . . . . . \$62.65 To Vancouver, . . . . . \$62.65 To Seattle, . . . . . \$62.65 To San Francisco, . . . . . \$62.65 To Los Angeles, . . . . . \$62.65

W. B. HOWARD, D.P.A., C. P. Ry.

### SINGLE FARE TO MONTREAL

From all stations, Campbellton and East.

Going Sept. 17, 18, 19, Returning Oct. 5, 1914.  
Going Oct. 2, 3, Returning Oct. 19, 1914.

Tickets must be validated at Montreal before starting on return journey.

### STEAMSHIPS. EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

Autumn Excursions

via the INTERNATIONAL LINE

Going Sept. 19—Oct. 16, inclusive. Return limit thirty days.

St. John to Boston and return . . \$7.00  
St. John to Portland and return . . 8.50  
Through tickets at proportionately low rates on sale at railway stations.

### INTERNATIONAL LINE

Leaves St. John Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at nine a. m. for Lunenburg, Eastport, Portland and Boston. Returning leaves Central Wharf, Boston, nine a. m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Portland, Eastport, Lunenburg and St. John.

### CRYSTAL STREAM S. S. CO. (LTD.)

ST. JOHN-FREDERICTON ROUTE.

STMR. D. J. PURDY will sail from North End for Fredericton and intermediate points every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8.30 a. m., returning alternate days, leaving Fredericton at 7.30 a. m. The D. J. Purdy or Majestic can be chartered at any time for excursions or picnics.

### MAJESTIC STEAMSHIP CO. (FOR BELLEISLE)

Steamer Champlain will leave St. John on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 o'clock noon for Hatfield's Point and intermediate landings, returning will leave Hatfield's Point on alternate days, due at St. John at 1 p. m.

R. S. ORCHARD, Mgr.

### STEAMER ELAINE

Leaves Indiantown, Old May Queen wharf, foot of Hammond street, every Wednesday and Saturday morning at 8 o'clock for Chipman and intermediate points. Returning leaves Chipman every Monday and Thursday at 6 a. m.

While excursion season is on freight will be received up to and including the Willows.

CAPT. R. H. WESTON, Manager

### MANCHESTER LINE

From Manchester Steamer St. John  
Sept. 26 Man. Miller Oct. 12  
Oct. 17 Man. Exchange Nov. 3

Steamers go via Philadelphia.

WILLIAM THOMPSON & CO., Agents, St. John, N. B.

### FURNESS LINE

From London, Crown Point  
Sept. 26 Kanawha Oct. 30  
Oct. 6 Kanawha Oct. 30

WILLIAM THOMPSON & CO., Agents, St. John, N. B.

## World's Shipping News

### MINIATURE ALMANAC

October Phases of the Moon.

Full moon . . . . . 4th 1h 35m a.m.
East quarter . . . 12th 5h 33m p.m.
New moon . . . . . 19th 2h 33m a.m.
First quarter . . . 25th 6h 44m p.m.

Day of week	Sun rises	Sun sets	High water	Low water
Mon	6:32	5:51	0:30	12:44
Tue	6:34	5:53	1:08	13:12
Wed	6:35	5:48	1:47	13:59
Thu	6:35	5:48	1:47	13:59

### BRITISH PORTS

London, Oct. 3.—Ard star Menomene, N. S.; Ard star Olympian, N. S.

### FOREIGN PORTS

Boston, Oct. 2.—Ard schr Carria Ware, Eatonville, N. S.; G. H. Perry, St. John, N. B.; Genevieve, Shule, N. S.

Cid Oct. 2, schr Percy C. Liverpool; W. H. Waters Joggins Mines, N. S.; Otis Miller, Eatonville, N. S.

Sid Oct. 2, schr Hambleton Range, Montreal; schr B. Hardwick, Plympton, N. S.

New York, Oct. 4.—Ard stars St. Louis, Campania, Liverpool.

Portland, Oct. 2.—Gid schr W. M. Richard, Richard Port, Wade, N. S.

Rockland, Oct. 2.—Ard schr Susie P. Oliver, Stockton for New York.

Yonkers, Oct. 2.—Ard and sid schr Winifred, Mahone Bay for New York.

Ard Oct. 2, schr Abbie Bowker, New York.

Sid Oct. 2, schr Francis Goodnow, Boston; G. M. Cochrane, Yarmouth; J. Arthur Lord, St. John, N. B.; Lucille, Greenwich, Conn.

### ST. ANDREWS

St. Andrews, Oct. 2.—Miss Carrie Gardner left for Montreal, on Thursday night to spend a month with her sister, of Montreal.

Mrs. Alice Osborne and her daughter, Miss Ramont, who have spent the summer in St. Andrews, left for Calais on Saturday, enroute for Cambridge, Mass., where Miss Osborne will attend Radcliffe College.

Miss Kaye Cockburn entertained at an afternoon auction bridge, and china shower, in honor of Mrs. R. A. Stuart's birthday, on Tuesday of this week. Misses Bessie Grimmer and Gwendolyn Jack assisted at the tea hour. The prizes were won by Mrs. F. P. McColl and E. A. Cockburn.

Misses Bessie Grimmer and Gwendolyn Jack assisted at the tea hour. The prizes were won by Mrs. F. P. McColl, Mrs. G. D. Grimmer, Mrs. Barnard, Mrs. G. Elliot, Mrs. A. W. Mason, Mrs. F. Andrews, Mrs. T. R. Wren, Mrs. G. Smith, Mrs. E. A. Cockburn, Miss Belyea, St. John; Miss Helen Mowatt, Miss Bessie Grimmer and Miss Gwendolyn Jack.

The Misses Bessie and Minerva Hibbard, went to Boston on Wednesday for a few weeks visit.

Rev. Mr. Elliot has returned from Boston, where he spent his vacation. Miss Bessie Quinn and Miss Nora Chafferson, returned to Boston, on Wednesday, to resume their professional duties.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hunt returned to New York, on Monday, after a pleasant visit with their mother, Mrs. Lorenzo Hunt.

Mr. Eldon Merrithew, of Fredericton, is visiting in town.

Mrs. Charles Smith has closed her summer home "Rose Mount" and with her family, returned to Montreal.

Mrs. Paul Ravey, of North Leominster, Mass., is a guest of Mrs. Allison, at the "Inn."

Miss Lillian Morris, who has spent the summer in town, returned to Boston, on Monday.

Miss Belyea of St. John is visiting Mrs. Geo. Elliot at the Rectory.

The Misses Fannie Julia and Greta Etinson, who have spent the summer

### YORK COUNTY A.S.H. IN CONVENTION

Fredericton, Oct. 5.—The Ancient Order of Hibernians of York County in convention yesterday elected the following officers: County President, Frank Shorttill; County Vice-president, John Toner; County Secretary, Fred D. Shea; County Financial Secretary, David McGahey; County Treasurer, Joseph A. Olin. The convention voted to pay the dues of any members while engaged on active service in the war, and also passed the following resolution:

"Resolved, that we, members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of York County, in convention assembled, express our warm admiration of the firm and resolute stand of our distinguished compatriot, John Redmond, in bringing the Home Rule question to a successful culmination. And be it further resolved, that, in strict adherence to our principles of loyalty and sympathy with the British flag, we heartily commend his attitude in the present European conflict."

TRY UNGAR'S LAUNDRY.

### PRODUCE PRICES IN CANADIAN CENTRES

Montreal, Oct. 5.—CORN—American No. 2, yellow, 25¢; Canadian western, No. 2, 55¢ to 56¢; No. 3, 54½¢ to 55¢.

WHEAT—Man. spring wheat patents, \$4.70; second quality, \$4.60; public bakers, \$6 to \$6.25; winter patent, \$6.25 to \$6.50; choice, \$6.25 to \$6.50.

MILLED—Strain, 25¢; shorts, 22¢; middlings, 20¢; moulis, 20¢ to 22¢.

HAY—No. 2, per ton, car lots, 118 to 119.

POTATOES—Per bag, car lots, 60.

### Send For Our Latest Investment List

Eastern Securities Co., Ltd.

Investment Bankers

62 Prince Wm. St., St. John, N. B.  
Montreal, Que. Halifax, N. S.



# LATE SPORT NEWS AT HOME AND ABROAD

## HOW ATHLETICS AND BRAVES COMPARE IN THE STATISTICS

New York, Oct. 5.—When the Athletics of Philadelphia and the Boston "Braves" line up in the opening game of the World's Championship Series, the fans will have an opportunity of seeing in actual play whether the forecasts as to the relative merits of the teams, as a whole, or the individual players, man for man were correctly figured as a result of the work of the men during the season just finished.

Unofficial batting averages agreed up to Sept. 23, furnished an interesting comparison of the hitting ability of the opposing pennant winners. On paper Connie Mack's men look the stronger in this department. Three of them, Collins, Molans and Baker are well over the much desired 300 mark, while Connelly is only one among the "Braves" to have that distinction. Figures are stubborn facts and from season to season many of the few 300 hitters here demonstrated that they did not get to the high places on the list by a "fluke." Consistently good work with the stick is all that keeps the topnotchers in their exalted places in the average column. Their success is simply due to their good eyes and equally useful arms, a combination which completely eliminates the element of luck.

That they have become accustomed to the "boxwork" and the many futile strikes of the pitchers in their respective leagues during the season goes without saying. Just what the heavy hitters will or will not do with the "strange" curves and inshoots of rival league moundmen remains to be seen. Herein lies a great deal of the interest taken in the post-season games. This is what adds a little more uncertainty to the outcome and the uncertainty of baseball is a potent factor in the national game. Some very prominent pitchers have been "water-logged" when, in the world's series, they confronted "strange" batters. Probably a few surprises are in store for the men or more pitchers in the coming championship games. As in the past some one of them who is looked up to as almost invincible in his own league may be "fouled" by the batsmen of the other league. Everyone who goes to a game likes to see the boys "hit 'em out," and it is to be hoped they will

## J. F. BAKER COMING WORLD'S SERIES MAY BREAK ALL RECORDS

New York, Oct. 5.—Baseball statisticians are at present endeavoring to forecast the probable attendance at the coming world's series between the Philadelphia Athletics and the Boston Braves. It is predicted that should the series which begins this week prove closely contested and extend into six or seven games existing records will be in danger of eclipse in one or more directions. Both Boston and Philadelphia have demonstrated great supporting power in past world's series, the fans flocking to the parks in enormous numbers and taxing the capacity of stands and fields to the limit permitted by local ordinances and the National Commission ground rules.

The attendance at the 1913 series played between New York and Philadelphia was 151,000. The series of 1912, when the Athletics and Boston clubs engaged in an eight-game struggle, before the Boston Americans finally defeated the New York Nationals, set attendance figures of 251,901, which stands as the record today. It is not likely that this quarter of a million mark will be reached in the coming series, since neither the Boston nor Philadelphia parks can accommodate the world's series throngs that can find seats and standing room at the New York Polo Grounds. It is expected that should the Athletics and Braves battle through six games, the total attendance will pass the 150,000 mark. If this proves correct the total attendance at the world's series games since 1903, when the National Commission assumed charge of the annual inter-league championship, will approach close to one and one-half million, since the aggregate total at present is 1,284,558.

No accurate record of the attendance during the years 1884 to 1902 is available, but there were twelve series played within the period mentioned, the total number of games being eighty, and it has been estimated that the average attendance at these games approximated 3,000. Assuming the estimate, as made by former players and officers, to be correct, it would add another 240,000 to the known total attendance at the series to date, and bring the aggregate figures within striking distance of two million for the twenty-two series played since 1884.

Although neither Boston nor Philadelphia approach New York in the

## EDW. MURPHY THE RACE CARD THIS AFTERNOON



"Eddy" Murphy was born in Hancock, N. Y., on October 2nd, 1891. He is five feet, eleven inches in height, and weighs 165 pounds. He is an outstandingly good horseman, and has won the world's champion baseball team.

Judging from the talk on the street last evening, this afternoon promises to furnish some good horse racing over the Moospath track. The various classes have been well prepared for the meeting and much speculation is going the rounds as to who will be the winners in the various classes. The management have tried hard to make this meeting the banner one of the season, and with a Class A pace to head the card, followed by the named race between Etta Mac and Victor, which promises to be a battle both between horses and drivers, while the third round in the programme will be the Free-For-All, which will keep the rail birds guessing. All classes have been well filled which will insure a good afternoon's sport. It is expected Hugh O'Neill of Fredericton will give the horses the word.

**Class A Pace**  
Fern Wood, Geo. Miller, Shamrock, L. McNamara, Frank Patchen, Thos. Hayes, Lou Rexall, St. C. McKell, Margaret Chimes, F. J. Rafferty, Luck, John Glyn.

**Named Race**  
Etta Mack, John Glyn, Victor, W. J. Alexander.

**Free-For-All**  
Buchanan, A. Long, Nellida R. J. F. Kelly, Royal Lancer, A. S. Connor, Oren D. H. J. Short, Pearl Barronmore, Jas. Trainor.

In an important series in the past twenty years. They have yet to support a loser.

## RESULTS OF THE BIG LEAGUES

AMERICAN LEAGUE	
Washington, 9; Boston, 3	At Boston.
Washington, 200101032-9 9 2	Boston, 101100000-3 7 3
Batteries—Johnson and Ahm-Smith; Collins and Cady.	
Philadelphia, 2; New York, 0	
New York, 000000000-0 2 1	Philadelphia, 010100000-2 5 1
Batteries—McHale and Sweeney; Bush and Schang.	
American League Standing.	
Philadelphia	Won Lost P.C.
Boston	98 52 .658
Washington	90 61 .596
St. Louis	89 73 .552
New York	69 83 .454
Chicago	70 84 .454
Cleveland	51 102 .333
NATIONAL LEAGUE	
Boston, 15; Brooklyn, 2	
At Brooklyn.	
(First game)	
Boston	303050032-15 14 0
Brooklyn	000000000-2 7 3
Batteries—Crutcher and F. Tyler; Aitchison and McCarty.	
Boston, 9; Brooklyn, 5	
(Second game)	
Boston	003000105-9 10 4
Brooklyn	000100040-5 11 1
Batteries—Hughes and F. Tyler; Allen, Ragan and McCarty.	
Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 3	
At St. Louis.	
Chicago	000000310-4 8 1
St. Louis	000000000-3 9 3
Batteries—Zab and Tyce; Perritt, Perdue and Robinson, Williams.	
New York, 4; Philadelphia, 0	
At New York.	
Philadelphia	000000000-0 4 1
New York	020010100-3 9 2
Batteries—Rixey and Doolin; Demaree and Smith.	
Pittsburg, 4; Cincinnati, 3	
At Cincinnati.	
(First game)	
Pittsburg	004000000-4 6 4
Cincinnati	100000002-3 8 1
Batteries—McQuinn and Smith; Ames and Glickson.	
Cincinnati, 4; Pittsburg, 1	
(Second game)	
Pittsburg	0000001-1 4 1
Cincinnati	0003100-4 6 1
(Called end 7th, darkness).	
Batteries—Kelly and Schang; Schneider and Gonzales.	
National League Standing.	
Boston	Won Lost P.C.
New York	93 65 .616
St. Louis	81 82 .494
Chicago	78 76 .507
Brooklyn	74 78 .487
Philadelphia	73 79 .480
Pittsburg	69 85 .448
Cincinnati	60 94 .389
FEDERAL LEAGUE	
Chicago, 2; Kansas, 0	
At Chicago.	
Kansas City	000000000-0 6 2
Chicago	011000000-2 7 3
Batteries—Cullop and Eastery; Prendergast, Fisk and Wilson.	
Buffalo, 5; Brooklyn, 3	
At Buffalo.	
Brooklyn	00002010-3 8 2
Buffalo	012000001-4 10 2
Batteries—Seaton, Bluejacket and Land, Watson; Anderson and Lavigne.	
Pittsburg, 8; Baltimore, 6	
At Baltimore.	
(First game)	
Pittsburg	000110321-8 11 2
Baltimore	100030002-4 10 1
Batteries—Kretzer and Barry; Bailey, Smith, Wilhelm and Kerr.	
A Tie Game	
(Second game)	
Pittsburg	000000000-1 7 1
Baltimore	001000000-1 6 1
(Called end 8th, darkness).	
Batteries—Dickson and Roberts; Quinn, Conley and Jacobson.	
Indianapolis, 15; St. Louis, 8	
At Indianapolis.	
St. Louis	202010300-8 10 4
Indianapolis	104015130-15 13 1
Batteries—Groom, Crandall and Chapman; Kaiserling, Mullin and Raldeen.	
Federal League Standing.	
Chicago	Won Lost P.C.
Indianapolis	85 65 .568
Baltimore	79 68 .538
Buffalo	77 68 .531
Brooklyn	74 74 .500
Kansas City	65 83 .439
Pittsburg	62 83 .430
St. Louis	62 86 .419
THE ROLL OFF.	
On the Victoria alley, last night, the weekly roll off was won by Thomas Jenkins with a G. Stevens second, and Albert Simpson third.	

## MAYOR CURLEY WILL LEAD THE ROYAL ROOTERS

Boston, Oct. 5.—Mayor Curley will lead the Royal Rooters, a band of three hundred baseball enthusiasts, when they go to Philadelphia to cheer the Braves in the world's series contests there on Friday and Saturday he announced today. The Royal Rooters have followed the fortunes of every Boston team that has taken part

**The Gold Dust Twins' Philosophy**

WHEN young Miss Housewife first aspired, to build the home her mate desired, she dreamed of castles in the air, with never toil nor woe nor care. She half imagined in a way, that keeping house was only "play."

Too soon the sordid side of life—the dust and grime and soot and strife—each one, in turn, reminded her, that little problems must occur. A part of thrift is in the knack of fighting dirt around you, back; of keeping constantly at work where dust and germs of illness lurk.

**The Art of Dirt Chasing**

Another National Campaign: "Get the Dirt."

Ah! Ye who feel that, once begun, a housewife's work is NEVER done, have cheer! The Gold Dust Twins make play of any task that comes their way. A mop—a cloth—a busy brush, and honestly it makes us bluish, to think we ever played the drone by working in the house alone.

*The Gold Dust Twins*

## SPORTOGRAPHY "GRAVY"

Sixty-nine years ago from tomorrow there died in London one of the foremost figures of the British Empire. "Gentleman" John Jackson, who was champion of England from 1795 to 1860. In the history of pugilism he has left a name which is honored by Jackson, and his memory is kept green by a magnificent monument in the Victoria Park, London, which is one of the most artistic and expensive memorials ever erected over the grave of a pugilist. It is a coincidence that a similar honor has been paid to the memory of another Jackson, the great negro, Peter, whose last resting place in Sydney is marked by a stone put up by the sports of Australia.

Many boxers have won the sobriquet of "Gentleman" but few deserve it more than John Jackson. He was well past his eightieth year when—as a friend wrote—"peacefully and fruitfully, with his hand in that which he loved as he loved his daughter, John Jackson expired on the 7th of October, 1864." On his monument appears this inscription, "coming to the living:

"Stay, traveller, the Roman records said; To mark the classic dust beneath it laid; "Stay, traveller, this brief memorial cries; And read the record with attentive eyes. Hast thou a lion's heart, a giant's strength, Exit not, for these gifts must yield at length. Do health and symmetry adorn thy frame? The moldering bones below possessed of the same. Does love, does friendship, every step attend? This man ne'er made a foe, nor lost a friend."

## Magnificent Monument marks the grave of "Gentleman" Jackson.

Before 1795, when he became champion by defeating Ben Mendoza, the great Spanish Jew, Jackson was considered as just a clever boxer and instructor in the "noble art." He conducted a private school, where he numbered his clients and friends some of the greatest of England. Among them was Lord Byron, who, like Macdonald, Mack, Pipping, and other famous poets of today, was a boxing enthusiast. In a note to "Don Juan," Lord Byron referred to Jackson as "my friend and corporal master and pastor," and paid a tribute to the pugilist's "strength and symmetry," and his "athletic and mental accomplishments."

At the royal celebration of Napoleon's defeat, held in London a century ago, Jackson and several other fighters gave an exhibition of their skill before the members of the English royal family, the King and Queen, and other notables. Later, when George IV. was crowned, Jackson was commanded to form a guard of pugilists for the King, and eighteenth bruisers, commanded by Jackson, looked after the safety of the monarch during the coronation ceremonies.

A description of Jackson's street attire must turn the modern Beau Brummels of the ring green with envy. "He had on a scarlet coat," wrote a friend, "worked in gold at the buttons, holes, ruffles, frills of lace, a small white stock, and looped hat with broad black band; buff knee breeches, and long silk stockings, striped white stockings, pumps, and paste buckles; while his waistcoat was pale blue satin, spigined with white." Frank Erne, Matty Matthews, Jimmy Britt and other modern boxers have been "swell dressers," but they would have looked sad and funereal compared with John Jackson, taking the air on Holborn Hill.

## GRAND CIRCUIT RACING

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 5.—The victory of Frank G. Jones' Sparkie Watts, driven by the veteran "Pop" Geers in the \$5,000 two-year-old trotting future featured the programme of the opening day of the Grand Circuit meeting on the grounds of the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' Association today. After losing the first heat to Gen. French, Geers came back in the second and won in a driving finish, repeating in the third, a neck in front of Native Spirit.

**Summary:**  
Walnut Hill Cup, 2:12 Trotting of June 1—Value \$3,000. Three in Five.  
Rhythmell, blk m, by Rhythmic (Shanks)..... 1 1 1  
Margaret Drulan, b m, (Cox)..... 2 2 2  
Brighton B, b g, (Murphy)..... 3 3 3  
King Glansman, br h, (McMahon)..... 4 4 4  
Bertha Carey, br m, (Deryder)..... 5 4 4  
Bonington, ch b, (Dickerson)..... 7 5 6  
Henrietta C, b m, (Thomas)..... 6 5 5  
McCloskey, br h, (McDonald)..... 8 6 8  
Time—2:05 3/4, 2:06 1/4, 2:04 1/4.

The Futurity for Two-Year-Old Trotters—Value \$5,000. Two in Three.  
Sparkie Watts, ch f, by Gen.

## PRINTING of Every Description Promptly and Neatly Done

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Place Your Order at Once

**STANDARD JOB PRINTING COMPANY**

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## WAITING FOR FIRST TICKET

Philadelphia, Oct. 5.—Although the public sale of world's series baseball tickets does not begin until 9 o'clock Wednesday morning, a line of prospective purchasers, half a block long, had taken up their places early in front of the department store where the tickets will be placed on sale. One enterprising chap camped on a soapbox at the head of the line seven o'clock this morning. He is Joseph Banks of Camden, N. J., and he and his brother, by taking turns in holding the coveted place, hope to secure the first tickets disposed of. They are for his father, who he said, had not missed a championship series for many years.

1899—George McFadden knocked out Kid Lavigne in 19th round at New York. "Elbows," as McFadden was called because of his peculiar style of defense, was certainly the better kid. His victory over the "Sagwin Kid" came about three months after Lavigne had lost the lightweight title to Frank Erne at Buffalo. While George won from Lavigne by a knockout, all Erne could do was to win on points in a 20-round bout. McFadden also knocked out Joe Gans not long before the Baltimore negro copped the lightweight title. In one case "Elbows" was a little bit late and in the other a trifle previous, so he never connected with the title which he was so well qualified to defend. Lavigne stood no chance against McFadden in the New York fight, the fast life having robbed the French-Canadian boy, of his punch and his stamina.

1812—Tom Oliver defeated Tom Ford in 2 hours and 5 minutes in England.

1903—Jack Blackburn and Spike Sullivan fought 6-round draw at Chester, Pa.

1911—Willie Ritchie defeated Jack Britton in 4 rounds at San Francisco.

## COAL AND WOOD. DOMINION COAL COMPANY

**DOMINION COAL COMPANY**

112 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL

**COAL**

CANNEL COAL  
GEORGES CREEK CUMBERLAND, OLD MINE SYDNEY, SPRINGHILL, RESERVE,  
and all sizes of AMERICAN ANTHRACITE always in stock.

**R. P. & W. F. STARR, Ltd**  
49 Smythe Street, 226 Union Street.

**Coal Landing Ex. Cars.**  
Fresh Mined Acadia.  
Best Quality of American Hard Coal,  
ex Schooner "Hartney W."  
GEORGE DICK, 46 Britain street foot of Germain. Phone 1116.

**COAL COAL COAL**  
Your Winter's Coal at Summer Prices Scotch and American Anthracite.  
Book your orders now for immediate or future delivery to all parts of the city.  
C. E. COLWELL,  
West St. John. Phone West 17

**COAL ADVANCING**  
I expect to have a supply of Scotch Anthracite through the winter, and will sell to those who place their order with me AT THE PRESENT PRICES. You can leave your order with me for a quantity, and get delivery by the single ton as required.  
**JAMES S. MCGIVERN**  
Telephone 42. 5 Mill street

## Good Enough for Home

No Man Need Be Ashamed to Take Home With Him a Bottle of

**Four Crown Scotch**

He shouldn't drink at a Club, in a Cafe or Hotel any liquor that isn't good enough for the home. Four Crown has been a Family Liquor for years. Merit is the Cause.

**Foster & Co., - Agen's For New Brunswick**

THE WEATHER. Maritime—Fresh northerly winds, fair and cooler. Toronto, Oct. 5.—A fairly pronounced area of high pressure has moved down over Ontario and Quebec today from the north, while the western disturbance mentioned yesterday has dispersed. Rain has fallen locally in Manitoba and Saskatchewan and snow and rain in Alberta, from Ontario eastward the weather has been fair and warm.

Around the City

EVERYBODY HELPS. Gratifying evidences of the determination of the smaller communities in the province to do their duty in the matter of contributing to the Patriotic Fund were presented to the secretary of the St. John Board of Trade yesterday afternoon. One party called on the secretary and presented him with the sum of \$110 for the Patriotic Fund, and said sum being the proceeds of a pie social held at Long Point, O. Belleisle, under the management of Mr. McDonald. The other evening a pie social was held at MacDonald's Point on the St. John River, at which the sum of \$122 was realized. Yesterday this sum was presented to the secretary of the Board of Trade with the request that \$22 be handed over to the Patriotic Fund committee, and \$20 to the Belgium Relief committee, which was done.

Has Not Decided. Coroner Roberts has not yet decided on a date for an enquiry into the cause of Ernest Pitt's death at Sand Point last Thursday.

No Council. The city commissioners did not meet in regular session yesterday. Only Commissioners McLellan and Russell with the common clerk appeared. It is likely that the meeting will take place Wednesday.

Successful Operation. Walter Lamoureux of West St. John was operated on for appendicitis at the General Hospital yesterday morning and is now on the road to recovery. Dr. F. H. Neve performed the operation.

New Elevator. Assurance has been given the Board of Trade that the I. C. R. will not build a new elevator on the site of the one recently destroyed by fire, but will build an elevator in connection with new piers to be erected near the Ballast wharf.

Street Railway Improvement. The Street Railway put into service on the Carleton loop line yesterday one of the two new cars recently added to the West Side equipment. This is the finest car yet operated on the Carleton lines, and in addition to being very comfortable, is well equipped with heaters. The Carleton committee has been agitating for a better service is greatly pleased at this compliance with their requests.

Fish Business. Wholesale dealers in fish are inclined to regard the business as a sort of gamble from day to day, owing to the conditions brought about by the war. Local dealers have good stocks on hand, and prices still remain about normal. But there is great uncertainty about the future. Generally speaking prices in the export trade govern conditions in the fish market, and at the present time the export business is all at sea, so to speak.

Narrow Escape. William Fisher, of 164 Adelaide street, had a narrow escape from death last evening when he fell from the cab of one of the new wharves at West St. John into a scow below, a distance of twenty-five feet. Luckily he alighted on his feet and thereby escaped serious injury, although a nail was driven into one foot. He also sustained several sprains and bruises. Dr. F. H. Neve was summoned and after dressing the man's injuries ordered his removal to his home. It is expected that Fisher will be around again in a few days.

On Partridge Island. On Saturday last members of the physical department of the Y.M.C.A. went to Partridge Island and talked over with the soldiers stationed there the advisability of forming a playground baseball league, with the result that a six team league was formed among the soldiers yesterday. The formal opening will be held on the coming Saturday, when a preliminary game will be played between a Y.M.C.A. and a soldiers team. A volley ball league, with four teams, will be opened on the following Saturday. The Y.M.C.A. is also taking an active part in the equipment of the gymnasium donated by the city and a room twenty by sixty feet has been placed at their disposal. Colonel Armstrong is sending twelve of the soldiers to the Y.M.C.A. here each Wednesday for private instruction and these men will act as instructors in the gymnasium at the island.

TALK OVER MATTERS OF BUSINESS

Several subjects dealt with at meeting of the Board of Trade last evening.

There was a small attendance at the meeting of the Board of Trade last evening. Officials of the board had announced that the question of what St. John manufacturers and business men might do to develop new trade opportunities would be brought up for discussion, and it was, but those present did not spend much time discussing the matter.

The secretary read a communication from the Manchester Association of Importers, enclosing a resolution expressing approval and gratitude at the action of Canada in sending men and provisions to the assistance of the mother country. The secretary was instructed to make a suitable reply. A letter was read from the Maritime Board of Trade announcing the postponement of the annual meeting of that body on account of the war. It was said that the Maritime Board had agreed to discontinue contentious subjects, the condition under which the St. John board had agreed to join the Maritime board.

G. Fred Fisher wanted to know what the committee appointed to look into the Scotch coal and flour questions had done. He said he understood that Scotch coal was controlled by a monopoly and that the price was too high, also that the price of flour here was higher than in the States.

Mr. Fisher called attention to the congestion of traffic at Mill street, and wanted to know if W. F. Burditt's suggestion of a viaduct from the public library to Mt. Pleasant would solve the problem.

Mr. Burditt said this suggestion had been put forward as a means of facilitating traffic on the high levels. As to the Mill street crossing, either a bridge should be built over the street, or the railway tracks should be raised, leaving the street wholly free for ordinary traffic. If a station was built at Haymarket Square, overhead tracks would give the railway a better grade to the bridge at the Falls.

Mr. Fisher said his idea was to have an overhead street built from North street to Paradise Row. This would accommodate a large traffic, while making it possible to use the present street in front of the station.

Mr. Burditt said the city council had appointed a town planning commission, but it had not done anything yet, as attention was centered on the war. The matter dropped.

Mr. Fisher said the board should again take up the question of taxation and determine what would be the best system of raising city taxes. He said the council should take up the matter.

The report of the proceedings of the council since the last meeting of the full board was read and adopted.

Besides J. M. Robinson, the president; there were present A. O. Skinner, G. F. Fisher, W. F. Burditt, Capt. Moleady, C. W. Fawcett, Jas. Penner, A. W. Rowan, J. D. McIntyre, Stanley Fisher and J. W. Dankel.

Cash gifts should be sent to Mayor Frank, chairman and treasurer of the funds.

The committee appeal to clergymen, churches and organizations of all kinds and to private individuals to co-operate with contributions and in organizing sales and entertainments that will provide funds.

A depot for receiving food and clothing has been opened in the new Pettigill warehouse, Water street. The committee will be glad to receive clothing of all descriptions, new or old, for men, women and children, blankets of wool or cotton, and food of a non-perishable nature, that can be transported to Belgium. Shipments from outside points to the Belgian Relief Committee will be handled by the railways free of charge.

Information as to the plans of the committee will be gladly furnished to any desiring to assist, by the secretary, G. E. Darbour, St. John, N. B. Telephone M 216.

Presentation of Flag To New Brunswickers On Eve of Departure



Mrs. Hazen and Major Frank Black holding up the flag.—The Standard Staff Photographer.



Hon. J. D. Hazen addressing the men on the occasion of the presentation of the flag.—The Standard Staff Photographer.



One of the horse lines at Camp Valcartier.—The Standard Staff Photographer.

BRAVE GIRL BEATS MASHER WITH HATPIN

Miss Lillian Earle attacked in Riverview Park — Michael Burns arrested by Sergt. Smith.

A would-be masher received rather harsh treatment at the hands of Miss Lillian Earle in Douglas avenue last evening. As the young woman was coming along Douglas avenue, near Riverview Park, she was grabbed by a man and carried into the park. She resisted violently and by means of a hat pin drove off her assailant. She then started towards Douglas avenue again, but was hit on the back of the head and in a stunned condition was thrown over a fence near the park. She again put up a strong fight during which her hat pin weapon became broken. However, she was able to wrench herself loose again and ran in Douglas avenue. She met Police Sergeant Smith and told her story. The sergeant started some detective work, and afterwards located Michael Burns, who answered to the description given by the young woman, who identified him as the person who had assaulted her. Burns was arrested and lodged in the North End police station.

PERSONAL

J. J. Gillies, traveller for Waterbury and Rising, Ltd., was unable to leave the city this morning on account of illness but hopes to resume his duties in a few days.

L. M. Johnson left last night for Vancouver on the Montreal express. Arthur C. Ellis of North End has just returned from a trip to Toronto. While there Mr. Ellis was appointed New Brunswick agent for the S. F. Bowser Company, the big Toronto oil tank concern.

Beckles Wilson, who is to deliver an address before the Canadian Club, on the war, arrived in the city yesterday and is at the Royal.

WANTED—Kitchen girl. Apply Royal Hotel.

PARK HOTEL, KING SQUARE.

GOOD WORK.

The St. John Hardware Men's Association met yesterday and voted the sum of \$50 to the Canadian Patriotic Fund and another \$50 to the Belgium Relief Fund.

Work Commenced.

Contractor Ernest W. Green commenced work yesterday morning on the new Salvation Army Shelter at the rear of the St. James' street lot, facing Britain street. The free work formerly carried on in the Metropole will be conducted in the new building. It is the intention to push the construction of the building forward as rapidly as possible and every effort will be made to have it ready for occupation this winter. A start has already been made in collecting the subscriptions secured in the campaign which was conducted shortly after the destruction of the old Metropole by fire.

Will Receive Donations.

A committee of ladies will be at Centenary church school room each afternoon to receive donations of clothes, money, etc. in aid of the Belgians.

Artillery Drill

No. 1 and 3 Batteries 3rd Regiment Artillery will drill at the Armory, and No. 2 Battery on the West Side each Tuesday and Thursday evenings until further notice. Men wishing to join for voluntary drill should be present on these evenings.

Ladies Silk Dresses.

As all the silk producing countries are engaged in war, it is most likely that when the present stocks are used up silk will be a great deal higher in price. P. A. Dykeman & Co. have not advanced the price on their beautiful meseline and paillette silk dresses all of which are of this season's styles. They have them in a very large range of sizes and colors, and the silk dresses ready-to-wear can be had for \$5.00 to \$5.00 each. With reference to price the same can be said about their silk waists of which they carry a very large assortment priced from \$1.50 to \$5.50.

Hingley's B. B. B. Chain 20% Over Admiralty Tensile Strength For heavy work or under severe conditions this chain should be used. We have a good stock of the above celebrated chain in the following sizes: 3-16, 1-4, 5-16, 3-8, 7-16, 1-2, 5-8, 3-4, 7-8. ENQUIRIES SOLICITED. W. H. THORNE & CO. LTD. MARKET SQUARE & KING ST.

The Modern GLENWOOD "E" Is just the range you have been looking for. It is beautiful in design, light on fuel, and a perfect baker, has every requirement to please the cook. Come and inspect our line of high class stoves and ranges, all GLENWOODS (and better still all MADE IN ST. JOHN. If you want the best range that is made in Canada you cannot pass the GLENWOOD. We manufacture them in all sizes and all prices. Call at our sales room and inspect our line, or write for our GLENWOOD circular. McLEAN, HOLT & CO., LIMITED Lt.-Col. J. L. McAvity, President and Managing Director. 155 UNION STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B. Also for sale by BUCHANAN & CO., St. Stephen; HOWARD ROGERS, Fredericton.

Mantels—Grates—Tiles BUILDING OR REMODELING you will need some of these goods, as well as other fireplace fixtures, and we should be glad to have you call and see our line. WOOD MANTELS IN THE LATEST DESIGNS. MONARCH GRATES, OPEN FIRE LININGS, FENDERS AND ANDIRONS (BLACK OR BRASS), FIRE SETS, SPARK GUARDS, GAS LOGS, ETC. (We Carry a Large Range of Tile for the Fireplace, Bathroom and Porch.) Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Sale of English Down Quilts Continued This Morning IN THE HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT Bargain Sale of Axminster, Brussels and Tapestry Rugs Commencing This Morning This sale will consist of odd rugs in Axminster, Brussels and Tapestry among which will be found a floor covering suitable for every room in the house. For this sale we have taken from our regular stock every rug of one size remaining of each number, and altogether there is quite an assortment comprising all qualities in a wide range of attractive patterns and colorings. There will also be included Rugs made up from remnants of Carpets and odd Borderings. All marked low. Every rug a bargain. No Appropriation or Reserve. Bring Your Required Sizes. CARPET DEPARTMENT—GERMAIN STREET.

New Autumn and Winter Ribbons We are now prepared to supply your every ribbon need for Fall and Winter and the exhibit is by far the best and most interesting of any previous season. RIBBONS in Roman and Byzantine stripes, widths from 5 to 8 inches ... Yard, 25c. to \$1.50 RIBBONS in Dresden, Tapestry and Floral designs, light and dark mixtures, some with metal effects, suitable for Girdles, Dress Trimmings and Millinery, 5 to 11 inches wide ... Per yard, 35c. to \$4.50 "DOROTHY" DAINTY HAIR AND SASH RIBBONS to match, many new designs ... Yard, 60c. to \$1.70 RIBBONS in black and white. RIBBONS in stripes and checks. MOIRE RIBBONS, SATIN AND GROS GRAIN RIBBONS, all widths and colors. EMBOSSED VELVET RIBBONS, 2 1/2 to 9 inches ... Yard, 50c. to \$2.25 BLACK AND COLORED RIBBONS in Velvet, all widths. MILLINERY BANDINGS in gilt and silver, 1 to 2 inches wide ... Yard, 10c. to 60c. WASH AND LINGERIE RIBBONS in plain, spot and fancy effects. TRI-COLOR RIBBONS, 1/4 to 3 inches wide. Silk Elastic Beltting. Floral Accessories to Wear With the New Costumes. New Corsage Epaulet Bouquets, Single and Cluster Roses, Gilt, Gun Metal and Velvet Flowers, Violets in Boxes. RIBBON DEPT., ANNEX. Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited