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COMPENDIOUS HISTORY 0 F

Captain COOK's
LAST
A

YEARS 1776, 1777, 1778, 1779, and 1780;
Y N WHCH
ALL THE INTERESTING TRANSACTIONS ARE RE. CORDED, PARTICULARLY THOSE RELASIVE

TOHIS
UNFORTUNATE DEATH.
wITMA
MAP of the NEW DISCOVERIES,
ANDTHE

TRACK OF THE SHIPS.
$\qquad$

$$
L O N D O N .
$$

Printed for G. Kenzslita at No. 46, in Fleet Street, MDCCIxxxIV.
[Price Three Sullingri fewed.]

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Abried. Eond. 1784
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## $\mathbf{P} \cdot \mathbf{R}$

## ABRIDGEMENT.

Perhaps in no inftance has the public curiofity been. more excited, than by the work from which this little Volume has been extracted.

The price of the fplendid and elegant quarto Edition lately printed by order of the Lords of the Admiralty, under the patronage of His Majefty, is unavoidably (from the numerous and expenfive engravings) fo very high, that the majority of the Public are excluded from the pleafure of reading it: and it is an undoubted fact, that not one perfon in fifty can with convenience, or propriety, make the purchafe, however eager their curiofity to perufe it:

To accommodate the great number who are included in this defcription, has been the principal aim in printing this Epitome: I am therefore in hopes, the intention will be accepted as an apology for any defects which may be found in the execution.

His Majefty's motives in projecting there long and hazardous voyages, were truly laudable, as they had the general benefit of fociety without difinc-
tion, and the honour of Great Britain in particular, for their objects.
2r This Abridgement will confiderably contribute to the accomplifhment of thofe defirable purfuits; purfuits worthy of a great King, reigning over a great People.

Into what contempt do the trifling amufements of the principal part of our Nobility and People of Fafhion fall, when compared to fuch undertakings By this method of reducing the pride, and extracting the moft interefting parts, the whole body of the people will have a: opportunity of enjoying, what otherwife would have been confined to a very contracted circle.

Abridgements of fuch large works as are either ufeful or entertaining, have ever been encouraged, for the reafons already mentioned; and likewife, becaufe they give the mind a bias to rational amufement, and (what is of fill more importance) contribute to the extenfion of ufeful knowledge, without the inconvenience of incuring an expence. amounting almof to a prohibition.

The only difficulty arifing from the execution of fuch compreffed productions, is to preferve the felect paffages without deftroying the chain or connexion of the narrative. - How I have fucceeded, muft be left to the decifion of the candia Reader.

## ( $y$ )

The principal topics throughout the whole, contain defcriptions of what muft be not only new, but fingular; the tranfactions at the different Inands our people vifited, bave not been neglected; and under this head are included thofe memorable ones at Owhyhee, which record the ever-to-belamented death of Captain Cook.

Here it is not improper to mention, that the Infeription to his Memory is one of the moft elegant compofitions in the Englifh language: to have Thortened it, would have been injuftice to the writer; and it was with great reluetance that fome parts of Captain King's" Sketches of the Life and Public "Services of Captain Cook", were unavoidably. omitted, from an attention to the plan, which is to give a fair abridgement, without injuring the fale of the original work.

Some years fince, a concife account of Captain Cook's former Voyages, with fome others, was publifhed in four octavo Volumes, price one pound four fhillings. Even this has been found too expenlive for many readers; and to remove that incons venience, they are now printing, in one pocket Volume, to correfpond with this and Lord Anfon's Voyage; which was alfo printed in the fame mañper, and bas run through feveral editions.

## ( vi )

The elegant head which is given as a Frontifpiece, is engraved in Mr. Trotter's beff fyle, from a Medal, executed by Mr. Pingo, for the Royal Society, to perpetuate the memory of a man, whofe merit is far fuperior to panegyric.

On one fide of this medal is given a bold relief of Capt. Cook, with this infcription, JAC. COOK, OCEANI INVESTIGATOR ACERRIMUS. Immediately under the head is expreffed in fmaller characters, REG. SOC. zond. socio suo. On the reverfe appears an erect figure of Britannia Elanding upon a plain : the left arm refts upon an hieroglyphic pillar; her right arm is projected over $\therefore$ globe, and contains a fymbol; expreffive of the celebrated circumnavigator's enterpriling genius. The infeription round the reverfe is, NIL INTENTATUM NOSTRI LIQUERE; and under the figure of Britannia, auspićis georgil inl.

A few were ftruck off in gold, which are faid to be difpofed of as follows:

One to His Britannic Majefty, under whofe qufpices Captain Cook proceeded on his difcoveries.

One to the King of France, for his great courtefy in giving a fpecific charge to his naval commanders to forbear an hoftile conduct to either of the fhips under Captain Cook's command, and to afford every affitance in their power in cafe they fell in withthem.

## ( vii )

iece, om 2 iyal hofe

Ore to the Emprefs of Ruffia; for her great hofpitality to Captain Cook, when he touched at Kamtchatka:

One to Mrs. Cook, the Captain's relic.
One to be depofited in the Britifh Mufeum, and one to remain in the college of the Royal Society. - There were feveral filver ones diftributed amongft the Lords of the Admiraity, and other diftinguifhed Perfonages.

The following extract from the Introduction, enumerates fome of the advantages which muft refult fromi fuch undertakings.:

* It is not impoffible but there voyages may be " the means of fpreading, in time, the bleff" ings of civilization amongft the numerous "t tribes of the South Pacific Ocean, of abolifhing - their horrid repafts, and their equally horrid cs rites; and of laying a foundation for future " and more effectual.plans, to prepare them for " holding an honourable ftation among't the " nations of the earth. Other difcoveries of "c new countries have, in effect, bēen wars, or "rather maffacres. Nations have no fooner " been found out, than they have been extir-- pated; and the horrid cruelties of the con-- querors of Mexico and Peru, can never be
" remembered without blufhing for religion, ". and human nature.. But when the receffes " of the Globe are inveftigated, not to enlarge " private dominion, but to promote general " knowledge; when we vifit new tribes of "6 our fellow creatures as friends, and wifh " only to learn that they exift, in order to " bring them within the pale of the offices of " humanity, and to relieve the wants of their " imperfect fate of fociety, by communi"cating to them our fuperior attainments; "voyages of fuch difcoyery, planned with "fuch benevolent views by George thb "Third, and executed by Cook, have not, " we truft, totally failed in this refpect. The
" natives of the South Pacific Ocean comparing " themfelves with their vifiters, cannot but " be frruck with the deepeft conviction of their " own inferiority, and be impelled by the " Atrongeft motives, to ftrive to emerge from " it, and rife nearer to a level with thofe "children of the Sun, who deigned to look "upon them, and left behind fo many fpeci" mens of their generous and humane atten"tion. The very introduction of our ufe"ful animals and vegetables, by adding freh
" means of Subfiftence, will have added to


## ( ix )

 der to ces of their nunients; with THE not, The aring $t$ but their the from hofe lookTHE LORDS OP THE AbMIRALTE baving gipfied twice to the Coyrt of Cancerat 80 faptorefothy Sale of this little Volume, ander the idea ibat it would injure the circulation of tbeir large, cleggut, and expectSive Edition, it bas now andergone tbe altowations that were pointed out to tbe Editor as neceflary $t 0$ romovs their Lordjip's objections.
At tbe requeff of feveral refpeczable Scbools, for wubofo ape this Compendious History is intended, as wolll as thoff defribed in the Preface, a C hart of tbe Noin Difcoveries, and the Track of the Sbips, are nowi given.
SHORTVIE W
OFTHE
LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES
0 FCaptain 7 AMES COOK,
BXTRACTED FROM CAPTAIN KINO' SKETCHES.TO WHICH IS ADDED,
AN INSCRIPTION TO HIS MEMORY.
HE was born near Whitby in Yorkfhire, in 172\%,and at the ufual age was placed as an appientice to aShopkeeper; not approving of that fituation, he engagedhimiflf for nine years to the matter of a veffel in the coaltrade. In 1755 , at the commencement of the war, heentered into the navy, on board the Eagle, where SirHugh Pallifer, the commander, difcovering his merit,foon placed him on the quarter deck.

He was engaged in moft of the bufy and active fcenes in North America; yet he found time to read Euclid, and Eupply the deficiencies of an early education. Sir Charles Saunders, at the fiege of Quebec, committed to his care fervices of the firf importance. Lord Colville, and Sir Charles, both patronifed him ; and by their recommen da tion,

## ( xi )

tion, he was appointed to furvey the gulph of St. Lawrence and the coafts of Newfoundland. In 1767 , Sir Edward Hawke fixed upon him to command an expedition of difcovery to the South Seas, and for the purpofe of obs ferving the tranfit of Venus.

From this period, as his fervices are too well known to require a recital here, fo his reputation has proportionably advanced to a height too great to be affected by panegyrick.

The conftitution of his body was robuft, inured to labour, and capable of undergoing the fevereft hardhips.: His ftomach bore, without difficulty, the coarfeft and moft ungrateful food. Indeed, temperance in him was fearcely a virtue; fo great was the indifference. with which he fubmitted to every kind of felf-denial. The qualities of his mind were of the fame hardy, vigorous kind with thofe of his body. His courage was cool and determi. ned, and accompanied with an admirable prefence of mind in the moment of danger. His manners were plain and unaffected. His temper might, perhaps, have beed juftly blamed as to haftniefs and paffion, had not thefe been difarmed by a difpofition the moft benevolent and humane:

Such were the outlines of Captain Cook's character ; but its mof diftinguifhing feature was, that unremitting perfeverance in the purfuit of his object, which was hot only fuperior to the oppofition of dangers, and the preffure of hardfhips, but even exempt from the want of or: dinary relaxation.

Perhaps no Science ever received greater additions from the labours of a fingle man, than geography has done from thofe of Captain Cook. In his firf voyage to the South Seas, he difcovered the Society Ilands; determi-
thed the infularity of New Zealand; difcovered the fraits which feparate the two Iflands, now called after his name; and made a complete furvey of both. He afterwards explored the Eattern coaft of New Holland, hitherto unknown; an extent of upward of two thoufand miles.

In his fecond expedition, he refolved the great problem of a Southern Continent; having traverfed that hemifphere, in fuch a manner, as not to leave a poffibility of its exiftence, unlefs near the Pole, and out of the reach of navigation. During this voyage, he difcovered New Caledonia, the largeft Iland in the Sóuthern Pacific, except New Zealand; the ifland of Georgia; and an unknown coaft, which he named Sandwich Land, the Thule of the Southern hemifphere; and having twice vifited the tropical. feas, he fettled the fituations of the old, and made feveral new difcoveries.

But the voyage we are now relating, is diftinguifhed above all the reft, by the extent and importance of its difcoveries. Befides feveral fmaller Inlands in the Southern Pacific, he difcovered, to the North of the equinoctial line, the group called the Sandwich Iflards; which, from their fituation and productions, bid fairer for becoming an object of confequence, in the fyttem of European Navigation, than any other difcovery in the South Sea. He afterwards explored what had hitherto remained unknown of the Weftern coaft of America; containing an extent of three thoufand five hundred miles; afcertained the proximity of the two great continents of Afia and America; pafied the frraits between them, and furveyed the coaft, on each fide, to fuch a height of Northern latitude, as to demonftrate the impracticability of a paffage, in that hemifphere, from the Atlantic into the Pacific Ocean, either by an Eaftern or a Weftern courfe. In thort, if we except the fea of Amur, and

## ( xiii )

the ftraits after his He after. d, hither. thoufand
great proerfed that a poffibiout of the difcovered thern Pa rgia; and Jand, the wice vifitf the old,
inguilhed nce of its ne South. equinoc; which, $r$ for beof Euro he South remainpntaining ; a a cerof Afia and furNorth bility of tic into Weftern ur, and the
e Japanefe Archipelago, which fill remain imperfectly known to Europeans, he has completed the hydrogriphy. of the habitable globe.

As a navigator, his fervices were not perhaps leff fplemdid; certainly not lefs important and meritorious. The method which he difcovered, and fo fuccefsfully purfued, of preferving the health of Seamen, forms a new zrea ia navigation, and will tranfmit his name to future ages; amongt the friends and benefators of mankiad.

That dreadful diforder the feurvy, which is peculiar to long rojages, and whofe ravages have marked the tracks of difcoverers with circumftances almoft too fhocking to relate, muft, without exercifing an unwarrantable tyranny over the lives of our feamen, have proved an infuperable obflacle to the profecution of fuch enterprifes. It was referved for Captain Cook to thew the world, by repenisd trials, that voyages might be protrated to the unufial length of three or even four years, in unknown regions, and under every change and rigour of climate, not only without affeling the health, but even without dianinihh. ing the probabitity of life, in the fmalleft degree. The method he purfued has been fully explained by himfelf in a paper which was read before the Royal Society, in the year $\mathbf{3 7 7 6}$."

Captain King concludes his aecount of this extraordinary m an, whofe death cannot be fufficiently lamented, in the following words:-Having given the mott faithfu! account I have been able to collett, both from my own obfervation, and the relations of others, of the death of my ever-honoured friend, and alfo of his character and fervices; I thall now leave his memory to the A
gratitude

[^0]
## ( xiy )

gratitude and admiration of pofterity ; accepting, with a melancholy fatisfaction, the honour, which the lofs of him hath procured me, of feeing my namice jained with' hise; and of teftifying that affection and refpeet for his memory, which, whilf he lived, it was no lefs tmy inclination, than my conftant ftudy, to thew him.

## TOTED

, with a is of him jith' his; memory, lineation,

## Captain JAMES COOK,

THE
ABLEST AND MOST RENOWNED NAVIGATOR THIS OR ANY COUNTRY HATH PRODUCED.

LIE raifed himself folly by bis merit, from a very obscure birth, to the rank of Pof Captain in the Royal Navy, ana' was, unfortunately, killed by the Savages of the INland Owhybee, on the $14^{\text {th }}$ of $F_{c}$ bruary, 1779; which ifand be bad, not long before, discovered, when profecuting bis third voyage round be globe.

He pofefed, in an eminent degree, all the qualify-nations requifite for bis profeffion and great underbakings; together with the amiable and worthy qualilies of the befit men.

Cool and deliberate in judging : Sagacious in deterMining: active in executing : Ready and persevering enterprising from vigilance and unremitting cuon: unsubdued by labour, difficulties, and difapA. 2 poinsintens:

paintments: fertile in expedients: never wamting prigence of mind:, always poffefing bimfelf, and the frll ufe of a found underfianding.

Mild, juft, but exalt in difcipline: be was a father to bis people, who were attached to him from affection, and obedient from confidence.

His knowsedge, bis experience, bis Jagacity, rendered bim fo intirely mafter of bis fubject, that the greatef obfiacles were furmounted, and the mof dangerous navigations becaine eafys ind almoft fafe, under bis direction.

He explored the Southern bemippbere to a mucb bigber latitude than bad rever boen reached, and witb fower accidents than frequently befall tbofo wibo na. vigate the roofts of this ifland.

By bis bencvolent and unabating attention to tbe wélfare of bis Jhip's company, be difcovered and introduced a jyfem for the prefervation of the beallb of fcamen in long voyages, which bas proved wonderfully efficacious: for in bis fecond voyage round the world, wbich continued upwards of three years, be lof only one man by difemper, of one bundred and cigbtecm, of which bis company conffece.

## ( xvii )

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ity, renthat the neft dan$f \in$, under
a much and witb wibe no
on to the and inbeald of nderfully c world, lofs only cightect,

The death of this eminent and valuable man was - lofs to mankind in general; and particularly to be deplored by evory nation that refpects wfoful accomplifbments, that bonours frience, and loves the bencevolent and amiable affections of the beart. It is Aill' more to be deplored by this country, which may jußls. boaft of baving produced a man bitherto uncqualleds for nautical talents; and that forrow is farther aggravated by the reflection, that bis country was doprived of this ornament by the emmity of a pooples, from whom, indeed, it might bave been dreadrd, but from whom it was not deforved: for, setwated always by the mof attentive care and tender compafion for. the favages in general, this excellent man was aver. a/fiduoufly endeavouring, by kind treatment, to diffspate tbeir fears, and court tbeir friendjoip; averlooking their thefts and treacheries, and frequently interpofing, at the bazard of bis lifo, to protect thangitum the fudden refontment of bis own injured people

The object of bis laft miffion was to difcover and afcertain the boundaries of $A f a$ and America, and to penetrate into the Nortbern Occan by the North-Eaft Cape of Afrian

Traveller ! containplate, admire, rceerer and aman late, this groat mafer in bis profffions wibof firle A 3

## ( xviii )

and labours bave enlarged natural philojophy; bave. extended naütical fcience; and bave difclofed the long conccaled and admirable arrangements of the Allmighty in the formation of: this globe, and at the fame time the arrogance of mortals, in prefuming to account, be their fpeculations, for the laws by which be was pleajed to create it. It is now difcovered, beyond all doubt, that the fame Great Being who created the inniverfe by bis fiat, by the fame ordained our earth . To heep a juft poife, witbout a correfponding Soutbern : continent-and it does fo 1 © He fretches ouxt the - "North over the empty :place, and bangeth the eartb "upon natbing." Job. xxvi. 7.
$\therefore$ If the arduous, but exact refearches of this extraordinary man have not difcovered a new world, they - bave difcoversd foas mnnavigatad and unkinewn bsfore. They have made ws acquainted with iflands, poople, and productions, of which we bad no comception: and if he has not been fo fortunate as Amesicus to give bis mame to a continent, ibis pretenfons to fuch a diffinction ramain unrivalled; and be woill be revered, wbile there remains a page of bis awn modef account of bis voyagas, and as long as marimers and geographers 乃all be infiructed by, bis new map of the Solutorn bevijphere, to trace the variouk courfos and difceveries be bas mado.
( xix )
If public fervices merit public acknowledgments; if the man who adorned and raifed the fame of his country is deforving of honours: then Capt. COOK deforves to bave a monument raifed to bis momory, by a generous and grateful nation.

Virtutis uberrimum alimentum ef honos.
Val, Maximus ${ }_{2}$ Lib, 2, Cap, 6.

## xx .)

## THE Objects of this Voyage will be beft explained by inferting the following Extracis from Captain Cook's Instructions.

YOU are hereby required and direEled, his Majefty having a good opinion of your abilities, to take. the command of the Refolution and Difcovery, and proceed upon a voyage of finding out a Northern pafofage by fea, from the Pacific to the Atlantic Ocean.

On your arrival at the Cape of Good Hope, you are to refrefh the loops companies.

You are, if poffible, to leave the Cape of Good Hope by the end of OAober, or the beginning of November next, and proceed to the Sourhe ward in fearch of fome iflands faid to have been lately feen by the French, in the latitude of 48 deg. South, and about the meridian of Mauritivs. In cafe you find thofe iflands, you are to examine them thoroughly for a good harbour; and upon difcovering one, make the seceffary obfervations to facilitate the fioding it again; as a good port, in that fituation, may hereafter prove very ufeful. You are fhen to proceed to Otaheite, or the Society Ines (touching at New Zealand in your way thither, if you fhould judge it neceffary and convenient) and taking care to arrive there time enough to admit of your giving the loogs companies the refrefhment they may fand in need of.

Upon your arrival at Otaheite, or the Society Ines, you are to land Omiah at fuch of them as he may choofe, and to leave him there.

You are to diffribute among the Chieff of thofe inands fuch part of the prefents with which you have been fupplied, as you thall judge proper, seferving the remainder to diftribuse among the natives of the countries yoiu may difcover in the Northern. Hemilphere, You are to leare thofe iflande in the beginning of February, or fooner if you fhall judge it neceffary, and then proceed in as direct a courfe as you cina to the contt of New Albion, endeavouring to fall in with itin the latitude of 45 deg. North.

Upon your arrival on the cont of New Abbion, you are to put into 5is firt conveniant poot to jecruit your wood and water, and procure. sefreflementis,
ing a good olution and rthern pas
refrefh the
the end of the South. en by the neridian of nine them make tife good port, refthen to Zealand in nient) and siving the
re fo land there.
ch part of iudge prom es of the ou are $t 0$ you thall b you cin the lati-
put into d procuse fherestiy,

## xxi )

efreibumeats, and then to proceed Northward along the coatt, as far as the latitude of 65 deg. or farther,' where we could wilh you toarrive in the month of June neat. "When you get that length, you are very earefully to fearch for, and to explore, fuch rivers or inlets as may apgear to be of a confiderable extent, and pointing towasda Hudfon's or 3afin's Bays; and If, from your own obfervationt, or from any inormation you may receive from the natives (who, there is reafon to believe, are the fame race of people, and fpeak the fame language, of which you are furnifhed with a Vocabulary, as the Efquimaux) there mall appear to be a certainty, or even a probability, of a water paffige into the afore-mentioned bayt, or either of them, you are, in. fuch cafe, to ufe your utmoft endeavours to pafs through with one or Soth of the doopp, unlef! you falll be of opinion that the paffage mary, be effeted with more certainty, or with greater probability, by fmaller. effels; in which cafe you are to fet up the frames of one or both the imall veffals with which you are provided," and, when they are pot tos: gether, and are properly fitted, fored, and viluulled, you are to dir-: patch one or both of them, under the care of proper officers, mea, sind boatr, in order to attempt the faid paffige. But, nevertheleft, if you thall find it more eligible to purfue other meafures thas thofe above. pointed out, in order to make a difcovery of the before-montioned parf. fage, (if any fuch there be) you are at liberty, and we leave it co youre, diferecion, to purfue fuch mearuree accordingly.

In cafe you Ihall be fatisfied that there is no paltaje through to the above-mentioned bays, fufficient for the purpofes of navigation, you are, at the proper feafon of the year, to sepair to the port of St. Peter and Si. Paul in Kamifchatca, or wherever effe you thall judge more proper, in order to refrefo your people and pafs the wititer 3 andy in the Spring of the enfuing year $177^{8}$, to proceed from thence to the Northward, as far as, in your prudence, you may think proper, in further fearch of a North Eaft, or North Weft palfige, from the Pacis fic Ocean into the Aclantic Ocein, or the North Sea: and if, fromi. yqur own obfervation, or information, there fhall appear to be a probability of fuch paffage, you are to proceed as above direeted i and, having difcovered fuch paffage, or failed in the attempt, make the beft (f your way back to England, by fuch route as you may think beft for the improvement of geography and navigation.

At whatever places you may touch in the courfe of your voyage, where accurate obforvations have not alresdy been made, you are, as fat as your time will allow, very carefully to obferve the true fituation of fuch placei, both in latitude and longitude; the variation of the nee-

## ( xxii.)

de; bearings of head-lands; beight, direction, and courfe of the tides and carrents; depths and foundings of the fea; Thoals, rocks, sec. and alfo to furyey, make charts, and take views of ruch bays, harbours, and difierent parts of the coaft, and to make fuch notations thereon, as may be ufeful either to navigation or commerce. You are alfo carefully to ooferve the nature of the foil, and the produce thereof. You are likewife to obferve the genius, temper, difpofition, and number of the inhabitante, where you find any; and to endeavour to cultivate a frienddalp with them.

You are alfo, with the confent of the natives, to take poffefion, in the name of the King of Great Britain, of convenient fituations in fuch countries as you may difeover, that have not already been difcovered or viffed by any other European power; and to diftribute among the inhabitants fuch things as will remain as traces and teflimonies of your having been there; but if you find the countries to difcovered are uninhabited, you are to take poffefiun of thein fur his Majefy, by Setting up proper majiks and infcriptions.

You are, by all opportunities, to fend to our Secretary accounts of your proceedingo $i$ and upon your arrival in England, you are immediately to repalr to this office, in order to lay before us.a full account of the whole courfe of your voyage; taking care, before you leave the Hoop, to demand from the officers and petty officers; the tog-books and journala they may have kept, and to feal them up for our infpecRion ; and enjoining them; and the whole crew, not to divulge where chey have been, untit they fhall have permiffion fo to do: and you are to, direat Captain Clerk to to the fame, with sefpett to the officers, petty officerrs, and crew of the Difcovery.

Thefo infirusions are dated $f_{u l}$ y 6, 1776 , and fgwed by Lerd Sandwich and trwo other Commiffoners.

## ( xxiii )

## CONTENTS.

## Page <br> reface containing a/Deferription of the Frontigrise iii 10 ix <br> xtriacts from the Life of Cíptain Cook. by Captain King

Cription to the Memory of Captain -
Coox - - - - . xv to xix
Atructions for the Voyage - - - . ex to xxiii

> PARTI.
ranfactions from the commencement of the Voyage, in February 1776, to quitting New Zealand, in February 1777 - 1 to 18

PART. II.
rom leaving New Zealand, in February 1777, to their arrival at Otaheite, in July following

## P A R T III.

ranfactions at Otaheite and the Society Iflands, and profecution of the Voyage to New Albion, or the Weft fide of North America, from July 1777, to March 177885 to 139

> P.A R T IV.
ranfactions amongit the natives of North America; Difcoveries along that coaft, and the Eaftern extremity of Afia, Northward, to Icy Cape, and return, Southward, to the Sandwich IIlands, from March 1778, to January 1779; which ends Captain Cook's narrative . . . i40 to 204 PART

PARTV.

Captain King's Journal of the tranfactions on returning to the Sandwich Iflands, from January 1779, to March following - 205 to 267

PART VI and LAST.

Tramfactions during the fecond expedition to the North, by the way of Kamtschatka, and on the return home, by the way of Canton and the Cape of Good Hope, from March 1779, to Auguft 1780 . . . 268 to the

## A

## COMPENDIOUS HISTORY, Ěc.

## PARTI.

Pontaining a fummary view of the principal circumAa.ces that happened from leaving England in February 1776, to their departure from New Zsaland in February 1777. -

TOTWITHST'ANDING our great Circumnavigator, Captain Cook, had already made two ry intereting voyages of difcovery, (a Compendium of: bich is now printing in ane volume, to correjpond with, bis, and rwill be publißed in a few drys) his ardour to ontinue thefe purfuits, which are always attended with ifficulties of the firft magnitude, feems rather increafed tan abated. The objects of this, his third and laft oyage, were, for making Difcoveries in the Northri Hemisphere, and to determine the pofition and prent of the Weft fide of North America; alfo its iftance from Assa; and the practicability of a Northern affage to Europr.
The commifions for the profecution of this important ndertaking, were received on the 10th of Feb. 1776.
Captain Cook was appointed to the command of his Majeity's lloop the Refolution, and Captain Clerke to hat of the Difovery, a hip of three hundred tons urthen.
They immediately took on board all the necefiary, ores, and a confiderable quantity of iron tools and trinets, which might enable them to cultivate a friendly in:rcourfe with the inhabitants of fuch countries as they ight be fortunate enough to meet with; they alfo toots ome live ftock, confiting of fheep, two cows with their
calves, and a bull; they were likewife furnifhed with 2 quantity of European garden feeds, which could not fail of being valuable prefents th the new difcovesed iflands.

As they were to touch at Otaheite in their way, they were ordered to carry Omai back to his native coantry: He left London with a mixture of regret and fatisfaction; when he talked of his friends in lingland, it was with difficulty he refrained from tears; but the inftant the converfation turned to his own country, his eyes fparkled with joy. He was loaded with prefents of confiderable value by his Majesty, Lord Sand. wich, Mr. Banks (now Sir Josepie) and other perfons of diftinction.

Several months were fpent in preparation for this long and important voyage. Both the fhips arrived in Plymouth Sound on the 30th of June; here they made a thort ftay to take in fome additional provifions, to replace what had been expended, alfo a quantity of Port wine; and the petty officers and feamen received two months wages in advance. Contrary winds, and other circumftances of little confequence, prevented their clearing the channel till the 14 th of July in the evening. There were on board the two Mips 192 perfons, officers included. Nothing material happened till the if of Auguif, when they arrived off Teneriffe; where, by permifion of the Governor, who behaved with the greateft politenefs, they took in provifion for the heep, cows, \&c. alfo wood, water, and other neceffaries.
si To the eaftward of Santa Cruz, which is the principal city, the illand appears perfectly barren. Ridges of hills run toward the fea; between which ridges are deep valleys, terminating at mountains or hills that sun acrofs, and are higher than the former.

Mr. Anderfon, the furgeon of the Refolution, a gentleman of diftinguifhed abilities, but who unfortunately died upon the voyage, fays, the bafis of the hills is a heavy, compact, bluifh fone, mixed with fome fhining particles; and, on the furface, large maffes of red friable earth, or fone, are fcattered about.

The city of Santa Cruz, he obferves, though not large, is tolerably well built. The churches are not inagnificent without ; but within are decent, and indiffer-

## ( 3 )

ifhed with 2 ould not fail ered iflands. - their way, oh his native regret and in Eingland, rs; but the :ountry, his vith prefents ord Sand. other per-
or this long ved in Ply. they made a ions, to retity of Port ceived two and other their clearhe evening. ons, officers the ift of re, by perthe greatent reep, cows,
the princi2. Ridges ridges are Ils that run
, a gentlenately died is a heavy, p particles; bble earth,
hough not es are not d indifferently.
ently ornamented. They are inferior to fome of the churches at Madeira; but, he imagines, this rather arifes from the different difpofition of the people, than from their inability to fupport them better. For the private houfes, and drefs of the Spanifh inhabitants of Santa Cruz, are far preferable to thofe of the Portuguefe at Madeira; who, perhaps, are willing to ftrip themfelves, that they may adorn their churches.

In the afternoon of the 2 d , four of the officers hired mules to ride to the city of Languna, fo called from an adjoining lake, about four miles from Santa Cruz. They arrived there between five and fix in the evening; but found a fight of it very unable to compenfate for their trouble, as the road was very bad, and the mules but indifferent. The place is, indeed, pretty extenfive, but fcarcely deferves to be dignified with the name of City. The difpofition of its frreets is very irregular ; yet fome of them are of a tolerable breadth, and have fome good houfes. In general, however, Languna is inferior in aptpearance to Santa Cruz, though the latter is but fmail, if compared with the former.

Mules are here much ufed inftead of horfes, which are rather fcarce anid fmall, but well fhaped; they are principally referved for the officers. Oxen are alfo employed to drag their calks along upon a large clumfy piece of wood, and they are yoked by the head; though it doth not feem that this has any peculiar advantage over our method of fixing the harnefs on the thoulders.

The air varies here in its temperature exceedingly. Mr. Anderfon fays, he could fenfibly perceive it only in riding from Santa Cruz up to Languna; and.you may afcend till the cold becomes intolerable. He was affured that no perfon could live comfortably within a mile of the perpendicular height of the Pic, after the month of Auguft.

They make 40,000 pipes of wine annually, the greateft part of which is either confumed in the inland, or made into brandy, and fent to the Spanim Weft Indies. North America generally took before the late war 6,000 pipes of their wine; at the time this account was written, their trade with that part of the world was much interrupted; but in all probability has returned fince. The corn they
saife is; in general, infufficient to maintain the inhabitants ; but the deficiency ufed to be fupplied by importation from the Nosth Americans, who took their wines in return.

None of the race of inhabitants found here when the Spaniards difcovered the Canaries now remain a diftinct people, having intermarried with the Spanifh fettlers; but their defcendants are known, from their being remarkably tall, large-boned, and ftrong. The men are, in general, of a tawny colour, and the vomen have a pale complexion, entirely deftitute of that bloom, which dif. tinguifhes our Northern beauties. Omai did not, he faid, perceive much difference between the Englifh and thefe people, only that they were not fo friendly; to us, there feems to be very little fimilarity, either in perfons or manners. This ferves to prove how very differently the fame object frikes the cye.
Mr. Anderfon intended to vifit the top of the famous mountain called the Pic, but declined it from an apprehenfion that it would require more time than he could conveniently fpare. He fays, its appearance did not corref. pond with his ideas ; it is, fays he, far from equalling the noble figure of Pico, one of the Weftern illes which I have feen; though its perpendicular height may be greater. This circumftance, perhaps, arifes from its being furrounded by other very high hills; whereas Pico ftands without 2 rival.

They weighed anchor on the 14th of Auguf, and, at nine o'clock in the evening of the 10th, they faw the inland of Bonavifta bearing South, diftant little more than a league. After hauling to the Eaftward till twelve o'clock; to clear the funken rocks that lie abnut a league from the South Eaft point of the ifland, they found themfelves clofe upon them, and did but juft weather the breakers. Their fituation, for a few minutes, was very alarming.

They proceeded on their voyage, without meeting with any thing of note, till the 6th of October. They had, for fome days before, feen albatroffes, pintadocs, and other petrels, which occafioned them to found; but there was $n o$ ground with a line of one hundred and fifty fathoms.

On the 8th they faw fome birds called naddies, one of which was caught in the rigging. It is faid they never fly
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e when the in a diftinct h fettlers; - being rete men are, have a pale which dif. id not, he inglifh and lly ; to us, - in perfons differently
the famous an appre. n he could not corref. ualling the es which I $t$ may be om its beereas Pico
t, and, at y faw the more than e o'clock; $e$ from the themfelves breakers. alarming. ting with hey had, and other there was athoms. 9, one of never fly fas

Far from land, yet they then conceived themfelves at leafit one hundred leagues from the neareft, which was either Gough's or Richmond Inand. They are web footed, and fomething larger than an Englifh blackbird, and nearly ts black, except the upper part of the head, which is white. On the 18th of October, they arrived at the Cape of Good Hope, and found in the bay two French Eaft Hidi, Thips ; the one outward, and the other homeward bound. And two or three days before, another homeward bound Thip of the fame nation had parted from her cable, and been driven on thore at the head of the bay, where the was loft. The crew were faved; but the greateft part of the cargo fhared the fame fate with the fip, or was plun. dered and folen by the inhabitants.
-After the ufual falutation, Captain Cook went on fhore, accompanied by fome officers, and waited on the Goverhor, the Lieutenant Governor, the Fifcal, and the Commander of the troops. Thefe gentlemen received them with the greateft civility; and the Governor, in particu, lar, promifed them every. affiftance that the place afforded, Before the Captain returned on board he ordered foff bread, frefh meat, and greens, to be provided every day for the fhip's company.

Nothing remarkable happened till the evening of the 3ift, when it began to blow exceflively hard at South Eaft, and continued for three days; during which time there was no communication between the thip and the thore. The Refolution was the only thip in the bay that rode out the gale without dragging her anchors. Its violence was much felt on fhore, the tents and obfervatories which they had erected by permiffion of the Governor; were deftroyed, and their aftronomical quadrant had like to have been irreparably injured.

In the morning of the 10 th, the Difcovery arrived in the bay.* Captain Clerke informed them that he had failed from Plymouth on the ift of Auguft, and fhould have been with them a week fooner, if the late gale of wind had not blown him off the coaft. Upon the whole, he was feven days longer in his paffage from England thani the Refolution. He had the misfortune to lofe one of his

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marines,

- The Difcovery was detained at Plymouth fome days after the Refolut.on had failed from thence.
marines, by falling over-board; but there had been no other mortality amongft his people, and they now arrived well and healthy.

They fent the cattle already mentioned on thore to graze; one night fome dogs forced the fheep out of their pens, and killed four, the reft were difperfed; however, they were all recovered but two ewes, but not without much trouble and expence.

Mr. Hemmy, the Lieutenant Governor, has taken fome pains to introduce European Theep at the Cape; but his endeavours have been fruftrated by the obftinacy of the country people, who hold their own breed in greater eftimation, on account of their large tails, of the fat of which they fometimes make more money than of the whole carcafe befides.*

Mr. Anderfon and fome of the officers made an excur. fion into the country in one of their waggons; they croffed the large plain that lies to the Eaftward of the town, which is entirely a white fand, like that commonly found on beaches; and produces only heath, and other fmall plants of various forts. They paffed a large farm-houfe in the afternoon, with fome corn-fields, and pretty confiderable vineyards, fituated beyond the plain, near the foot of fome low hills, where the foil becomes worth cultivating. About feven o'clock they arrived at Stellenbofh, the colony next to that of the Cape for its importance.

The village does not confift of more than thirty houfes, and fands at the foot of the range of lofty mountains ${ }_{2}$ above tiventy miles to the Eaftward of the Cape Town. The houfes are neat ${ }_{i}$ and, with the advantage of a rivu: let which runs near, and the fhelter of fome-large oaks, planted at its firft fettling, forms a rural profpect in this defert country. There are fome vineyards and orchards, which, from their thriving appearance, indicate an excellent foil; though, perhaps, they owe mach to climate, as the air has an uncommon ferenity. They had little fuccefs in their botanical fearches, ror did they find many infeets; the foil in general confited of yellowih clay insermixed with fand.

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 hey croffed the town, only found ther frall farm-houle pretty con, near the worth cultellenbofh, ortance. rty houfes, nountains ${ }_{2}$ pe Town. of a rivu. arge oaks, eet in this orchards, te an exo climate, had little find many h clay in-They
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They left Stellenbof, and paid a vifit to a Mr. Cloeder, who entertained them with great hofpitality. Here they faw a very remarkable ftone, which, on account of Its fize, is called by the inhabitants the Tower of BabyLon, or Pearl Diamond. It ftands apon the top of fome Jow hills; and though the road to it is neither very fteep hor rugged, they were above an hour and a half in walking to it. It is of an oblong fhape, rounded on the top; and lies nearly South and North. The Eaft and Weft fides are ftecp, and almoft perpendicular. The South and is likewife fteep, and its greateft height is there; from whence is declines gently to the North part, by which they afcended to its top, and had an extenfive view of the country.

Its circumference muft be at leaft half a mile, as it sook above half an hour to walk round it, including every allowance for the bad road, and fopping a little. At its higheft part, which is the South end, it feems to equal the dome of St. Paul's church. They were much incommoded in this little excurfion by mufquitoes ot fand flies.

Captain Cook, immediately after the lofs of the two ewes, fent all the fheep and other animals on board. And he alfo here increafed his ftock confiderably, by the addition of two young bulls, two heifers, two young fonehorfes, two mares, two rams, feveral goats, rabbits, and poultry.

On the 3oth of November, the fhips left the Cape, and proceeded on their voyage.

On the $5^{\text {th }}$ of December, a fudden fquall of wind carried away the Refolution's mizen top-maft. Having another to replace it, the lofs was not felt. On the 6 th, in the evening, they paffed through feveral fmall fpots of water of a reddig colour. Some of this was taken up; and it was found to abound with a fmall animal, whick the microfcope difcovered to be like a cray-fim, of a reddifh hue.

They met with rough weather in their courfe to the South Eaft, which occafioned the thips to roll and tumble rery much, and made the prefervation of the cattle difficult; and, notwithftanding all their care, they loft feveral goats

## ( 8 )

goats and a few of the theep; the cold alfo, for they now felt it very fenfibly, contributed to this lofs.

Nothing very interefting happened from the 5 th of De. cember till the 26th of January, when they arrived at Van Diemen's Land; where, as foon as they had anchored in Adventure Bay, Captain Cook ordered the boats to be hoifted out. In one of them he went himfelf, to look for the moft commodious place for furnifhing fupplies; and Captain Clerke went in his boat upon the fame fervice.

Next morning early, Lieutenant King went to the Eaft fide of the bay with two parties; one to cut wood, and the other grafs, under the protection of the marines. For though none of the natives had appeared, there could be no doubt that fome were in the neighbourhood ; they alfo fent the launch for water. In the evening they drew the feine at the head of the bay, and, at one haul, caught a great quantity of fifh. Moft of them were of that fort known to feamen by the name of elephant fifh.

In the afternoon next day, they were agreeably furprifed with a vifit from the natives; eight men and a boy. They were quite naked, and wore no ornaments unlefs we confider as fuch, and as a proof of their love of finery, fome large punctures or ridges raifed on different parts of their bodies, fome in Atraight, and others in curved lines.

They were of common ftature, but rather flender. Their fkin was black, and alfo their hair, which was as woolly as that of any native of Guinea; but they were not diftinguiftied by remarkably thick lips, nor flat nofes. On the contrary, their features were far from being difagreeable. They had pretty gond eyes; and their teeth were tolerably even, but very dirty. Moft of them had their hair and beards fmeared with a red ointment; and fome had their faces alfo painted with the fame compofition.

They received every prefent without the leaft appearance of fatisfaction. When fome bread was given, as foon as they underfood that it was to be eaten, they either returned it or threw it away, without even tafting it. They alfo refufed fome elephant fifh, both raw and dreff ed. But upon giving fome birds to them, they did not
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Éturn thefe, and eafily made Captain Cook underfand hey were fond of fuch food. Two pigs were brought in hore with an intention to leave them, but the inhabiints feized them, and were for carrying them away imnediately, to kill them as it was fuppofed.
Omai difcharged a mufquet to thew them the fuperioity of European weapons, which alarmed them fo much, hat they ran inftantly into the woods. One of them was of frightened, that he let drop an axe and two knives hat had been given him. Afterwards they went to the lace where fome of the Difcovery's people were employ$d$ in taking water into their boat. The officer of that arty, not knowing that they had paid them fo friendly vifit, nor what their intent might be, fired a mufquet. the air, which fent them off with the greateft preciitation.
Thus ended the firft interview with the natives. Imnediately after their final retreat, judging that their fears yould prevent their remaining near enough to obferve hat was palfing, Captain Cook ordered the two pigs, veing a boar and fow, to be carried about a mile within he woods, at the head of the bay. A young bull and a Sow, and fome fheep and goats, were alfo, at firt, inended to have been left, as an additional prefent to Van Diemen's Land. But all thought of this was laid afide, fom a perfuafion that the natives, incapable of entering. torthe views of improving their country, would deftroy hen.

Several of the natives were feen next morning fauntering about the fhore; they now feemed fatisfied we did not atend to injure them, and were evidently willing to reew the intercourfe.' With this view the Captain and everal of his officers went on thore; upwards of twenty. of the inhabitants prefently joined them. There was one of this company confpicuounly deformed; and who was at more diftinguifhable by the hump upon his back, Than by the drollery of his geftures, and the feeming hunour of his fpeeches; which he was very fond of exkipiting. Unfortunately he could not be underftond, the anguage fpoken here being wholly unintelligible. It apeared to be different from that fooken by the inhabitants f the more northern parts of this country : which is not. extraordinary.
extraordinary, fince thofe now feen, and thofe they vifited upon their former voyage, differ in many refpects. Nor did they feem to be fuch miferable wretches as the natives whom Dampier mentions to have feen on its Weftern coaft.

Some of the prefent group wore, lonfe, sound their necks, three or four folds of fmall cord, made of the fur of fome animal; and others of them had a narrow nip of the kangooroo $\mathbb{1 k i n}$ tied round their ancles. They received fome beads and medals with much pleafure. But feemed to fet no value on iron, or on iron tools, and were even ignorant of the ufe of filh-hooks; yet it is not to be fuppofed that a people, fituated as they are upon a fea-coaft, who feem to derive no part of their fuftenance from the productions of the ground, fhould not be acquainted with fome mode of catching fifh. Their habitations were little fheds or hovels built of fticks, and covered with bark. There were evident figns of theis fometimes taking up their abode in the trunks of large trees, which had been hollowed out by fire, moft pro: bably for this very purpofe.

After Captain Cook had ftaid fome time with the na. tives, being well convinced they would give his people no difturbance, he returned on board to dinner; where Lieutenant King arrived foon after, and informed him, that juft as he left the fhore, feveral women and children made their appearance. Thefe females wore a kanguvon Kin tied over the fhoulders, and round the waif. TBut its only ufe feemed to be, to fupport their children when carried on their back; for it did not cover thofe parti which moft nations conceal; being, in all other refpects, 2s: naked as the men, and as black; and their bodies marked with fears in the fame manner. But in this they differed from the men, that though their hair was of the fame colour, fome of them had their heads compleatly fiom; in others this operation had been performed only on one fide, while the reft of them had all the upper part of the head fhorn clofe, leaving a circle of hair all round, fomewhat like the tonfure of the Romith Eccle: fiaftics. Many of the children had fine features; and were thought pretty; but of the perfons of the women; efpecially thofe advanced in years, a lefs favourable re-

## ( 11 )

ofe they vifi any refpects. retches as the feen on its
round their made of the had a narrow acles. They ach pleafure on iron tools h-hooks; yel uated as they part of their ound, fhould ig fifh. 'Their of ficks, and figns of their unks of large se, moft proi
with the na ive his people inner ; whert aformed him, and childres re a kaugaroos waif. Put hildren when r thofe parti ther refpects, their bodies $t$ in this they ir was of the Is compleatly rformed only 11 the upper le of hair all minh Eccleatures; and the women; vourable report

It was made. However; fome of the gentlemen beuging to the Difcovery, were faid to have paid their dreffes, and made liberal ofters of prefents, which were jected with great difdain; whether from a fenfe of true, or the fear of difpleafing their men, is uncertain. hat this gallantry was not very agrecable to the latter, ciear; for an elderly man, as foon as he obferved it, dered all the women and children to retire, which ey obeyed, though fome of them fhewed a little relucace.
Mr. Anderfon, as far as he had an opportunity of exining this country, while the thips lay in Adventure. y, fays, there are feveral tall foreft trees in this coun, which are very clofe grained and extremely tough; for fpars, oars, and many other ufes; and would, on cafion, make good mafts (perhaps none better) if a thod could be found to lighten it. It was remarked, birds were feldom killed an hour or two, before ey were almoft covered with maggots; this was attrited to the heat, as they had no reafon to fuppofe there a peculiar difpofition in the climate to render fubances foon putrid.
The only animal of the quadruped kind they got, was fort of opoffum, about twice the fize of a large rat; d is moft probably, the male of that Species found at deavour Kiver. It is of a dulky colour above, tinged th a brown or rufty caft, and whitifh below. About third of the tail towards its tip, is white, and bare unmeath; by which it probably hangs on the branches trees, as it climbs thefe, and lives on berries.
There are feveral forts of birds, but all fo fcarce and $y$, that they are evidently harraffed by the natives, who rhaps draw much of their fubftance from them. In e woods, the principal forts are large brown hawks or gles ; crows, nearly the fame as ours in England; yelwifh paroquets; and large pigeons. On the fhore ere feveral common and fea gulls; a few black oyfter atchers, or fea-pies; and a pretty plover of a forie co-: sur, with a black hood. About the pond or lake beind the beach, a few wild ducks were feen; and fome ags ufed to perch upon the high leaflefs trees near the ore.

## (12)

Some pretty large blackifh frakes were feen in the woods; and they killed a large, hitherto unknown, li. zard, fifteen inches long and fix round, elegantly clouded with black and yellow; befides a mall fort, of a brown gilded colour above, and rufty below.

The fea affords a much greater plenty, and at leaft as great a variety as the land. Several large rays, nurfes, and fmall leather jackets were caught; with fome fmall white bream, which were firmer and better than thofe caught in the lake. They likewife got a few foles and flounders; two forts of gurnards, one of them a new Species; fome fmall fpotted mullet ; and very unexpectedly, the fmall fin with a filver band on its fide called atherina bepfotus by Haffelquift.

Upon the rocks are plenty of mufcles, and fome other fmall fhell-fifh. There are alfo great numbers of feaftars ; fome fmall limpets; and large quantities of fonge; one fort of which, that is thrown on fhore by the fea, but not very common, has a molt delicate texture
Many pretty Medufa's beads were found upon the beach; and the Atinking laplyfia or fea-hare, which, as mentioned by fome authors, has the property of taking off the hair by the acrimony of its juice; but this fort was deficient in this refpect.

Infects, though not numerous, are here in confiderable variety. Amongtt them are grafshoppers, butterflies, and feveral forts of fmall moths, finely variegated. There are two forts of dragon-flies, gad-flies, camel flies; feveral forts of fiders ; and fome fcorpions; but the laft are rather rare.
The people of this place feem mild and chearful, and without referve or jealoufy of ftrangers. Their colour is a dull black, and not quite fo deep as that of the African Negroes; their hair, however, is perfectly woolly, and it is clotted or divided into fmall parcels, like that of the Hottentots, and fmeared with a kind of red paint. Their nofes, though not flat, are broad and full; their eyes are of a middling fize, with the white lefs clear than in us. Their teeth are broad, but not equal, nor well fet ; and not of fo true a white as is ufual among people of a black colour. Their mouths are rather wide ; but this appearance feems heightened $f=$ wearing their beards long, and clotted

## (13)

feen in the nknown, li. ntly clouded of a brown
id at leaft as ays, nurfes, 1 fome fmall than thofe $w$ foles and hem a new nexpectedly, lled atherina

I fome other bers of fea. $s$ of fponge; by the fea, sture
1 upon the which, as $y$ of taking out this fort
confiderable butterflies, ted. There 1 flies; febut the laft
earful, and ir colour is the African oolly, and that of the int. Their cir eyes are than in us. 1 fet ; and of a black is appearlong, and clotted
loted with paint, in the fame manner as the hair on their inds.
Thie following is a fpecimen of Vin Diemen's Land ocabulary.
Quadne, $A$ woman.

Eve'rai, Tbe ge.
Muidje, Tbenefo.
Ka'mys The teeth, mounth, or tongur.
Lae'renaes, $\frac{1}{q}$ fmall birds a netive of the woods bero. Koy'gee, Tbe car.
No'onga, Elevated frars on the bols. Teegera,
Toga'rago, I mijf be gone, or, $I$ will go.
I have no doubt but we dhall find, on a diligent inWiry, and when opportunities offer to collea accurately fufficient number of thefe words, and to compare km , that all the people from New Hollmndy Eaftward Eatter ifland, have been derived from the fame compa root.
At eight o'clock in the moraing of the 30 th of janu$y$, a light breeze fpringing up at Weft, they weighed chor and put to fea from Adventure Bay.
They purfued an Eaftward courfe, till the night of e ch of February, when 2 marine belonging to the fifovery fell over-board, and was never leen afterird. This was the fecond misfortune of the kind at had happened to Captain Clerke fince he left Engnd.
On the 10th of February, at four in the afternoon, ey difcovered the land of New Zealand. The part ey faw proved to be Rock's Point, about eight or nine egues difant.
They arrived there the next morning, and anchored Qneen Charlotte Sound. Soon after, feveral canoen led with inhabitants came along-fide of the hips, but try few of them would venture on board; which apzared the more extraordinary; as Captain Cook wai dil known to them all. There was one man i" particuamongt them, whom he had treated with reniarkakindnefs, during the whole of his flay when he was here. Yet now, -neither profefions of friendifip, nor C

## ( 14 )

'prefents, could prevail upon him to come into the lhip. This fhynefs was to be accounted for only on this fuppofition, that the natives were apprehenfive they had revifited their country, in order to revenge the death of Captain Furneaux's pec ple, many of whom had been de. Atroyed here.

On the' 1 th they fet up two tents, one from each thip, on the fame foot they had pitched themiformerly. The -obfervatories were at the fame time erected; and Mefiss. King and Bayly began their operations immediately, to find the sate of the time-keeper, and to make-other obfervacions. Some of the men were employed-in procur.ing wood and water, others in getiing grafs for the catitle; fpruce beer was alfo brewed, and every neceffary attention to the hips and rigging was atiended to.

It is curious to dberve with what facility they build; 'numbers came ryund the tents as foon as they were plitched, with their litile hits, which they ereet with great expedition. Captain Cook fays, the has feen above itwenty of them erected on a fpot of ground, that, rot an hour before, was covered with flitubs and plants. Thicy generally bring come part-of the materials with them, the reft they find upon the premifes.
Their atticles of commerce were, euriofities, fihh, and :women. The two firft always came to a good market; which the latter did not." The feamen had taken a kind of diffke to thefe perple ; and were either unwiling; of :afraid to affociate with them; which produced this gcoid effect, that none of the men quitted their Nation to go to them.

Amengf our occafional vifiters, was a chief named Kahoora, who was faid to have headed a party that cu: - off Captain Rurneaux's people, and himfelf killed Ms. Rowe, the officer who commanded. To judge of the charaler of Kahoora; by what was reported from many of his countrymen, he feemed to be more feared than be. loved amongft them. Not fatisfied with fay:ing he' was? very bad man, fome of shem even importuaed to hate thim killed ; and they were not a little furprifed that no -attention was paid to them, ffor, according to'their Ydeas of equity, this ought to have been done. But if their :advice had been.followed, the whole priace might have
nto the fhip. 1 this fippo hey had rethe death of had been de.
m each thip, nerly. The and Meffrs. nediately, to ke-other ob. d.in procur. for the catneceffary atto.
they build;
they were
ereet with as feen above that, rot an ants. They ith them, the
cies, fifh, and ood market; taken a kind unwiiling; or red this good tion to go to
chief named arty that cu? f killed M. udge of the 1 from many ared than be. ing he'was a wed to have rifed tothat no oo'their İdeas But if their might have beea
zen depopulated; for the people of every hamlèt comp lained of each other.
On the 16th five boats were fent up the Sound, to pro-. Mide food for the cattle.

As they returned, they vifited Grafs' Cove: Here Capan Cook met with his old friend Pedro, mentioned freuently in the former voyage. He , and another of his Fountrymen received them on the beach, armed with the pa-tos and fpear. Whether this form of reception was mark of their courtefy or of their tear, is doubtful: Sowever, if they had any apprehenfions, a few prefents pon removed them, and brought down to the beaci: two three more of the family; but the greateft part of: hem remained out of fight.
Whilt chey were at this place, their curiofity prompted hem to inquire into the circumftarces attending the sineincholy fate of their countrymen ; * and Omai was made fe of as their interpreter for this purpofe. Pedro, and tie reft of the natives prefent, anfwered all the queftions Bat were, put to them on the fubject without referve, fid like men who are under no dread of punihment for crime of which they are not guilty. Captain Cook ready knew that none of them had been concerned in he un! appy tranfaction. They told hime that while ur people were at dinner, furrounded by feveral of the atives, fome of the latter fole, or fnatched from them ome bread and fim; for which they were beat. This being refented. quarrel enfued, and twe New Zeaanders were thot dead, by the only two mulquets that vere fired. For before our people had time to difcharge third, or to load again thofe that had been fired, the. patives ruhed in upoi them, overpoivered them with sumbers, and put them all to death. redró and his companions, befides relating the hiftory of the maffacre,' pointed out the very spot that was the fene of it. It Is at the corner of the cove on the right-hind. They pointed to the place of the fun; to mark what hour of he day it happened; and, according to this it muft have been late in the afternoon. They otio theiked the place where the boat lay; and it appeared to "be about C. 2 INO:

\author{

- Yide Captain ${ }^{\circ}$ Cook's former Voyage.
}


## ( 16 )

two hundred yards diftant from that where the crew were feated. One of their number, a black fervant of Caph Furneaux, was left in the boat to take care of her.

Captain Cook was afterwards told that this black was the caule of the quarrel, which was faid to have happened thus: One of the natives ftealing fomething out of the boat, the Negro gave him a feverc blow with a flick. The cries of the fellow being heard by his countrymen at a diftance, they imagined he was killed, and imme. diately began the attack on our people; who, before they had time to reach the boat, or to arm themfelves againt the unexpected impending danger, fell a facrifice to the fury of their favage affailants. What became of the boat I never could learn, Some faid the was pulled to pieces and burnt; others told us that the was carried, they knew not whither, by a party of ftrangers.

In the evening, all the boats being loaded with g.ass, celery, feuryy-grafs, \&c. returned with difficulty to the thips, as it blew a perfect form.

On the zoth, there was anothicr ftorm, of thortet duration, but more violent.
By this time more than two-thirds of the inhabitants of the Sound had fettled themfelves near the tents, and great numbers of them daily frequented the fhips while the people there were melting fome feal blubber. No Green. lander was ever fonder of train-oil, than they feemed to be: They relithed the very okiminings of the kettle; but a little of the ftinking oil was a delicious feaft.

Having got on board as mutch hay and grafs as was indged fufficient to ferve the cattle till their arrival at Otaheite, and having completed the wosd and water of both fhips, on the $24^{\text {th }}$ they weighed anchor, and ftood out of the cove.

While they were unmooring and getting under fail, many of the natives came to take their leave, or rather so obtain, if they could, fome additional prefents: Ac. cordingly, Captain Cook gave to Matahouah and Tomatongequooranuc, swo of their Chiefs, two pigs, a boa and a fow, They made a promife not to kill them; though it was feared they would not keep it. The animals which Captain Furneaux fent on fhore here, and which foon after fell into the hands of the natives, they

## 17

he crew were ant of Caph of her. his black was have happen. ething out of with a ftick. countrymen and imme. , before they felves againd crifice to the ame of the vas pulled to was carried, ers.
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habitants of ts, and great while the No Green. y feemed to the kettle; feaft.
grafs as was fir arrival at ind water of , and ftood
under fail, $e$, or rather Cents: Ac. and Toma. igs, 2 boar kill them ;

The ani. f here, and tives, they were
vere told, had all died ; but it was afterward faid, tany of the poultry and feveral of the fows werc living: They had not been long at anclibr near Motuara, before hree or four canoes, filled with natives, came off to them fom the South Eaft fide of the Sound; and a brikk trade is carried on with them for the cutibfitie of this place. one of thefe canoes was Kahoora, leader of the party tho cut off the crew of the Adventure's boat. This as the third time he had vifited the fhips without beraying the fmalleft appearance of fear. Omai prefently ointed him out, and folicited Captain King to thoot im. Not fatisfied with this, he addrefted homfelf to fahoora, threatening to be his executioner, if he eve' gefumed to vifit the fhips again.
The New Zealander paid to little regard to thefé Fireats, that he returned, the next morning, with his thole family, men, women, and children, to the numper of twenty or upwards. Omai then renewed his faPcitations, faying, "Why do you not kill him? You tell ne, if a man kills mother in England, that he is hanged or it. This man has killed ten, and yet you will not Eill him; though many of his countrymen defire it, and twould be very good." Omai's arguments, though pefous encugh, having no weight with the Captain, de. red him to alk the Chief, why he had killed Captain Furneaux's people! At this queftion, Kahopra folded his arms, hung down his head, looked like one caught "n a trap, and as if he expetted certain death. But no n $n$ er was he affired of his fafety, than he became cheerAh, He did not, however, feem willing to give an anf wer to the queftion that had been put to him, till he was again and again affured of fafety. Then he ventured to own, that one of his countrymen having brought a ftone hatchet to barter, the man to whom it was offered trok it, and would neither return it, nor give any thing for it; on which the owner of it fnatched up the bread as an equivalent ; and then the quarrel began.

A youth about feventeen or eighteen offered to accompany Omai 10. Otaheite; his name was Taweiharooa: and another youth, about ten years old, named Kokoa, attended him as a fervant. The parents of both confented, and parted with them with great indifference.

From

## PARTI.

injury done
But, at of being in. punifhment. ent ; before $h$ they raife e moit horles, to ftrike o have not hem appear It chill the iftance, al. cruel, and $g$ in pieces, f their eneouring the peculiar ì

THE Thips left New Zealand on the 25th of Fe-bruary, and the two young adventurers repented. of their conduct as foon as they loft the fight of land ; but: at length they forgot both their country and friends, and became as mach attached to the people on board as ifthey had been born amongft them.

On the 29th of March, at ten in the morning, the Difcovery made the fignal of feeing land. It was foon found to be an ifland of no great extent.

They perceived it was inhabited, and faw feveral peoiple, on a point of land they had raffed, wading to the feef, where, as they found the fhip leaving them quickly, they remained. But others, who foon appeared in different parts, followed her courfe; and fometimes feveral: of them colleqed into fmall bodies, who made a friouting soife all together, nearly after the manner of the inhabitants of New Zealand.

Between fer $n$ and eight $o^{\prime}$ clock, they were at the Weft North Weft part of the ifland, and, being near the thore, could perceive with their glaffes that feveral of the natives were armed with long fpears and clubs, which they brandifhed in the air with figns of threatening, ox, as fome on board interpreted their attitudes, with invitations to land. Moft of them appeared naked, except having a fort of girdle, which, being brougitt up between the thighs, covered that part of the body. But fome of them had pieces of cloth of different colours, white, ftiriped, or checquered, which they wore as 2 garment. thrown about their fhoulders; and almoft all of them had a white wrapper about their heads not much unlike a

## (. 20 )

turban. They were of a tawny colour; and of a mid: dling ftature. .

At this time, 2 frmall canoe was launchod.in a great hurry from the further end of the beach, and a man get. ting into it, put off, as with a view to reach the fhip. On perceiving this they brought to, that they might receive the vift ; but the man's refolution failing, he foon returned toward the beach, where, : iter fome time, another man joined him in the. canoe, and then they both came near. They ftopt fhort, however; as if afraid to approach, until Omai, who addreffed them in the Otaheite language, in fome meafure quieted their apprehen. fions: They then came near enough to take fome beads and nails, which were tied to a piece of wood, and thrown into the canoe. They feemed afraid to touch thefe things, and put the piece of wood afide without untying them. This, however, might arife from fuperftition; for Omai told us, that when they faw us offering them prefents, they afked fomething for their Eatooa, or god, Still, however, they would not venture on board; but told Omai, who underfood them pretty well, that their countrymen on fhore had given them this caution, at the fame time direeting them to inquire, from whence the fhip came, and to learn the name of the Captain. Captain Cook on his part inquired the name of the inland, which they called Mangya or Mangeea; and fometimes added to it Nooe, nai, nairwa. The name of their Chief, they faid, was Orooaeeka.

One of thefe men, whofe name was Mourooa, was lufty and well made, but not very tall; his features were agreeable, and his difpofition feemingly no lefs fo; for he made feveral droll getticulations, which indicated both good-nature and a mare of humour. His colour was nearly of the fame caft with that common to the moft fouthern Europeans. The other man was not fo handfome. Both of them had ftrong, ftraight hair, cf a jet colour, tied together on the crown of the head with a bit of cloth. They wore fuch girdles as were perceived about thofe on hore; and were a fubtance made from the Morus, papyrifera, in the fame manner as at the other iflands of this ocean. Their beards were long, and the infide of their arms, from the lhoulder to the elbow, and

## (21)

d.in a great 1 a man getch the fhip. ey might reing, he foon le time, anoten they both if afraid to in the Ota. ir apprehen. e fome beads , and thrown thefe things, ntying them. n ; for $\mathrm{Omai}^{\mathrm{m}}$ em prefents, god, Still, d; but told th their coun. at the fame nce the fhip in. Captain land, which times added Chief, they ourooa, was features were lefs fo; for adicated both colour was to the mott 10t fo handair, c \{ a jet ad with a bit ceived about de from the at the other ang, and the elbow, and fome
ome other parts, were panftured or tatooed, after the manner of the inhabitants of almoft all the other iflands a the South Sea. The lobe of their ears was pierced, rather Alit; and to fuch a length, that one of them suck there a knife and fome beads, which he had receiv1 from them; and the fame perion had two poliffed earl Mells, and a bunch of human hair, loofely twifted. anging about his neck, which was the only ornament bferved. The canoe they came in (which was the only be they faw) was not above ten feet long, and very narow ; but both ftrong and neatly made. The lower part It canoe was of white wood; but the upper was lack, and their paddles, made of wood of the fame: $00-$ ar, not above three feet long; broad at one end, and unted. They paddled either end of the canoe forward differently; and only turned about their faces to paddie contrary way.
As foon as the fhips were in a proper ftation, about tep clock, two boats were ordered out, one of them from Difcovery, to found the coaft, and to endeavour to ad a landing place. With this view Captain Cook went one of them himfelf, taking with him fuch articles to ive the natives as he thought might ferve to gain tiatir bod-will. IIE had no fooner put off from the hip, that ee canoe, with the two men; which had left them not ng before, paddled towards the boat; and, having comt long-fide, Mourooa ftept into her, without being atked. ind without a moment's hefitation.
While they were thus employed in reconnoitring the hore, great numbers of the natives thronged down apon he reef, all armed. Mourooa, who was now in Captaif Sook's boat, probably thinking that this warlike appeari ace hindered them from landing, ordered the natives to. etire back, and many of them complied. So great was he curiofity of feveral of them, that they took to the ater, and fwimming off to the boats, came on board hem without referve. Nay it was found difficult to keep. hem out 3 and much more difficult to prevent their carm ying off every thing they could lay their hands upon. Hourooa kept his place in the boat, and went not withat fear, on board the fhip:

The cattle, and other new objects, that prefented them felves to him there, did not frike him with fo much fue prife as one might have expected. Perhaps his mind wa too much taken up about his own fafety, to allow him to attend to other things. It is certain, that he feemed very uneafy. Little new information could be got from him; a boat was therefore ordered to carry him in toward the land. As foon as he got out of the cabin, he happened to ftumble over one of the goats. His curiofity nov overcoming his.fear, he ftopped, looked at it, and akeed Omai, what bird this was? and not receiving an imme diate anfwer from him, he repeated the queftion, to fome of the people upon deck. The boat having conveyed him pretty near to the furf, he leaped into the fea, and fwam athore. He had no fooner landed, than the mul. titude of his countrymen gathered round him, as if with an eager curiofity to learn from him what he had feen As foon as the boat returned, the was hoifted in, and then they failed to the Northward.

It was fainful to them to leave this iland without ace quiring any knowledge of it; a place which reemed capable of fupplying them amply, as every thing muff in great plenty: It might, however, be a matier of curio. Gty to know, particularly, their method of fabiftence for Mourooa faid, that they had no animal's, as hogs and dogs, both of which, however, they had heard of; but acknowledged they had plantains, bread-fruit, and taro The only birds feen, were fome white egg-birds, tern4 and noddies; and one white heron on the hore.

After leaving Mangeea, on the afternoon of the 30 th they continued their courfe Northiward all that nighty and till noon on the 31 ft; when they again faw land North Eaft by North, diftant eight or ten leagues; and next morning, at eight a'clock, they got abreaft of it North end. Twa armed boats from the Refolution, and one from the Difcovory, under the command of Lien. tenant Gores, were fent to look for anchoring ground, and a landing-place. In the mean times, they plyed of under the ifland with the hips.

Juft as the boats were putting off, canoes were obr Cerved coming from the thore. They went firft to thy Difcovery, the being the neareft. Siip. It.was not long
efented then fo much fur: his mind was allow him to e feemed very ot from him; n. toward the he happened curiofity now it, and alked ing an imme. iftion, to fome ing conveyed the fea, and than the mul. m , as if with $t$ he had feen oifted in, and
d. without ac which feemed thing muff latter of curio $f$ fabiftence s, as hogs and heard of; but uit, and tara -birds, terns hore.
n of the 30 th 11: that night fain faw land leagues ; and abrealt of it efolution, and hand of Lieu. oring ground, they plyed up
oes were obr It. firft to the . was not long
ter, when three of thefe canoes cime along-fide of the folution, each conducted by one man. They are long id narrow, and fupported by outriggers. The fern is vated about three or four feet, fomething like a mip's pa-poft. Some knives, beads, and other trifles, were aveyed to our vifiters; and they gave us a few cocoa-: \$s, upon our alking for them. But they did not part Th them by way of exchange for what they had re-: ved from us; for they feemed to have no ilea of baring. With a little perfuafion, one of them made his canoe to the thip, and came on board; and the other twop ouraged by his example, foon followed him. Their, ole behaviour marked that they were quite at their' e; and felt no fort of apprehenfion of our detaining: ufing them ill.
After their departare another canoe arrived, conducted a man who brraght a bunch of plantains as a prefent; ing for Captain Cook by name, having learnt it from mai, who was fent before in one of the boats. In reIn for this civility, he received an axo, and a piece of. I ctoth; and he paddled back to the fore well ratis H. It was afterward underfood from Omai, that this fent had been fent from the King, or principal Chief the infand.
Not long after, a double canoe, in which were twelvé n, came toward them. As they drew near the hip, wey cited fome words in concert, by way of chorus, one of eir number firft ftanding up, and giving the word bere each repetition. When they had finifhed their fomin chant, they came along-fide, and arked for the hief. As foon as the Captain Chewed himfelf, a pig d a few cocoa-nuts were conveyed up into the hip; d the principal ferfon in the canoe made an additional efent of a piece of matting, as foon as he and his commions got on board.
The vifiters were conducted into the cabin, and to her parts of the thip. Some objects feemed to frike em with a degree of furpize; but nothing fixed theif ention for a moment. They were afraid to come near e cows and horfes; nor did they form the leat concepon of their nature. But the geep and goais did no

## ( 24 )

furpafs the limits, of their ideas; for they gave us to un. deritand, that they knew them to be birds. It will ap. pear rather incredible, that human ignorance could ever make fo frange a miftake ; there not being the mott dif. tänt firmilitude between a fheep or a goat, and any winged animal.
The people in there canoes were in general of a mid. diling fize, and not unlike thofe of Mangeea; though fe. veral were of a blacker caft than any we faw there. Their hair was tied on the crown of the head, or flowing loofe about the houlders; and though in fome it was, of a frizeling difpafition, yet, for the moft part, that, as well as the itraight fort, was long. Their features were various, and fome of the young men rather handfome. Like thofe of Mangeea, they had girdles of glazed cloth, or fine matting, the ends of which, being brought betwixt their thighe covered the adjoining parts. Ornaments, compoler of a fort of broad grafs, ftained with red, and frung with berries of the night-othade, were worn about their necks.

Soon after day-break, fome canoes were obferved coming off to the gips, and une of them directed its courfe to the Refolution. In it was a hog, with fome plantains and cocoa-nuts; for which the people who brought them demanded a dog from us, and refufed every other thing that was offered in exchange. To gratify thefe people, Omai parted with a favourite dog he had brought from England; and with this acquifition they departed highly fatisfied:

Thr. Gore was difpatched with three boats; two from the Refolution, and one from the Difcovery. Two of the nativés, who had been on board, ascompanied him, and Othai went with him in his boat is an interpreter. The Thips being a full league from the ifland when the boats put off, it was noon before they could work up to it. They then faw the three boats riding at their grapplings, juf without the furf, and a prodigious number of the natives on the hore, abreaft of them. By this it was concluded, that Mr. Gore had landed, and they became impatient to know the event. In order to obferve their motions, ana to be ready to give them fuch affifance as they might want, Captain Cook kept as

## (25)

ve us to uno It will ap. e could ever he mott dif. l any winged
of a mid though $f$ e. zere. Their lowing loofe it was of a that, as well es were vario fome. Like eà cloth, os aght betwixt Ornaments, ith red, and : worn about
ferved com. ed its courle me plantains rought them other thing hefe people, rought from arted highly
; two from
y. Two of panied him, interpreter, nd when the work up to their grapious number By this it 1, and they order to obthem fuch ok kept as nex
cear the fhore as was prudent. Some of the illandors, How and then, came off to the Chips in their canoes, tith a few cocoa-nuts, which they exchanged for whatver was offered to them.
Thefe occafional vifits ferved to leffen their folicitude bout the penple who had landed. At length, a little efore fun-fet, they had the fatisfaction of feeing the pats put off. When they got on board, it appeared hat Mr. Gore, Omai, Mr. Anderfon, and Mr. Burney, rere the only perfons who had landed. The tranfactions the day were fully reported by Mr. Anderfon as fllows:
© We rowed toward a fmall fandy beach, upon hich a great number of the natives had affembled. Several fwam off, bringing cocoa-nuts ; and Omai, ith their countrymen, whom we had with us in he boats, made them fenfible of our wifh to land.

Mr. Burney, the firft Lieutenant of the Difcovery, and $I$, went in one canoe, a little time before the other; and our conductors, watching attentively the motions of the furf, landed us. fafely upon the reef. An inlander took hold of each of us, obviounly with an intention to fupport us in alking over the rugged rocks to the beach, where leveral of the others met us, holding the green boughs, of a fpecies of Mimofa, in their hands, and faluted us by applying their nofes to ours.
$W$ e were conducted from the beach amidft 2 crowd of people, who flocked with eager curiofity to look at us; and would have prevented our proceeding, had not fome men, who feemed to have authority, dealt blows, with little diftinction, mongit them, to keep them off. We were then led up an avenue of cocoa-palms; and foon came to a number of men, arranged in two rows, armed with clubs. After walking a little way among thefe, we found a perfon who appeared to be a Chief, fiting on the ground crofs-legged, cooling himfelf with a fort of triangular fan, made from a leaf of the cocoa-palm. In his ears were large bunches of
beautiful red feathers; but he had no other mark to diftinguifh him from the reft of the people, though they all obeyed him.

We proceeded ftill amongft the men armed with clubs, and came to a fecond Chief, who fet fanning himefelf, and ornamented as the firft. In the fame manner, we were conducted to a third Chief, who feemed older than the two former. He alfo was fitting, and adorned with red feathers; and after fatuting him as we had done the others, he defired us both to fit down. Which we were very willing to do, being pretty well fatigued.

In a few minutes, we faw, at a fmall diftance, about twenty young women, ornamented as the Chiefs, with red feathers, engaged in a dance, which they performed to a llow and ferious air, fung by them all. We got up, and went forward to fee them; and though we meft have been ftre. objects to them, they continued their dance, w out paying the leaft attention to us. Their motions and fong were performed in exact concert. In general, they were rather fout than flender, with black hair flowing in ringlets down the neck, and of an olive complexion. Their eyes were of a deep black, and each countenarice expreffed a degree of complacency and modefty, peculiar to the fex in every part of the world; but perhaps more coflificuous here, where Nature prefented us with her productions in the fulleft perfection, unbiaffed in fentiment by cuftom, or unreftrained in manner by art. Their fhape and limbs were elegantly formed; for as their drefs coofifted only of a piece of glazed cloth faftened about the waift, and fearcely reaching fo low as the knees, in many we had an opportunity of obferving every part.

As we fuppofed the ceremony of being introduced to the Chiefs was at an end, we began to look about for Mr. Gore and Omai; and though the crowd would hardly fuffer us to move, we at length found

## (. 27 )

other mark the people,
armed with fec fanning In the fame Chief, who He also was ; and after he defined cry willing
all diftance, ted as the 1 a dance, Serious air, int forward seen fr? nance, $w$ cir motions concert. In sender, with neck, and re of a deep a degree of the lex in ore cofifpiis with her unbiaffed in manner by ty formed; ce of glazed coly reachd an oppor-
introduced look about the crowd nth found
them
them coming up, as much incommoded by the number of people as we had been, and introduced in the fame manner to the three Chiefs, whole names were Otteroo, Taros, and Fatouweera. Omai mentioned to them our views in coming on Shore, when he was told we mut wait till next day.

They now feemed to take forme pains to Separate us from each other; every one of us having his circe, to furround and gaze at him: and when I told the Chief with whom I fat, that I wanted to Speak to Omar, he peremptorily refufed my requeft. At the fame time, I found the people began to Steal Several trifling things which I had in my pocket; and when I tot k the liberty of complaining to the Chief of this treatment, he justified it. From there aircumftances, I now entertained apprehenfions that they might have formed the defign of detaining 48 among ft them

Mr. Burney happening to come to the place where I was, I mentioned my fufpicions to him; and, to put it to the tefl, whether they were wellfounded, we attempted to get to the beach. But we were flopped when about half: way, by forme men, who told us, that we mut go back to the place we had left. On coming up, we found Omai entertaining the fame apprehensions. . But he had, as he fancied, an additional reason for being afraid; for he had observed, that they had dug a bole in the ground for an oven, which they were now heating; and he could affign no other reafon for this, than that they meant to roast and eat us, as is practifed by the inhabitants of New Zealand. Nay, he went fo far as to alk them the question; at which they were greatly furprifed, anking, in return, whether that was 2 cuftom with us?
In this manner we were detained the greateft part of the day, being fometimes together and formetimes feparated, but always in a crowd; who, not fatisfied with gazing at us, frequently defired us to

## 28 )

uncover parts of our fkin; the fight of which commonly produced a general murmur of admiration. At the fame time, they did not omit thefe opportunities of rifling our pockets; and, at laft, one of them fnatched a fmall bayonet from Mr. Gore, which hung in its fheath by his fide.

Upon our urging again the bufinefs we came up. on, they gave us to underfand, that we muf ftay and eat with them; and a pis which we faw; foon after, lying near the oven, which they had prepared and heated, removed Omai's apprehenfion of being put into it himfelf; and made us think it might be intended for our repaft. The Chief alfo promifed to fend fome people to procure food for the cattle; but it was not till pretty late in the afternoon, that we faw them return with a few plentain trees, which they carried to our boats. A piece of the young hog that had been dreffed, was fet before us, of which we were defired to eat. Our appetites, however, had failed, from the fatigue of the day; and though we did eat a little to pleafe them, it was mithout fatisfaction to ourfelves.

It being now near fun-fet, we told them it was time to go on board. This they allowed; and fent down to the beach the remainder of the victuals that had been dreffed, to be carried with us to the fhips. They put us on board our boats, with the cocoa-nuts, plaintains, and other provificns, which they had brought; and we rowed to the ihips, very well pleafed that we had at laft got out of the hands of our troublefome mafters.

We regretted much, that our reftrained fituation gave us fo little opportunity of making obfervations on the country. For, during the whole day, we were feldom an hundred yards from the place where we were introduced to the Chiefs, on landing; and, confequently, were confined to the furrounding objects. The firft thing that prefented itfelf, worthy of our notice, was the number of people; which
which comidmiration. fe opportu. laft, one of Mr. Gore,
e came up. e muß: ftay e faw, foon had prepa. chenfion of us think it Chief alfo food for the a the afterew plantain
A piece of as fet before Our appeigue of the pleafe them,
them it was d; and fent the victuals h us to the s, with the iens, which = hips, very of the hands
hed fituation r obfervatihole day, we place where on landing; e furroundented itfelf, of people; which

Which muft have been, at leaft, two thoufand. For thofe who welcomed us on the fhore, bore no proportion to the multitude we found amongft the rees, on proceeding a little way up.
We could alfo obferve, that, except a few, thofe ve had hitherto feen on board, were of the lower: lafs. For a great number of thofe we now met With, had a fuperior digitity in their air, and were f a much whiter caft. Ir general, they had their pair tied on the crown of the head, long, black, nd of a moft luxuriant growth. Many of the -oung men were perfect models in Chape, of a comlexion as delicate as that of the women, and, to: ppearance, of a difpofition as amiable.
The wife of one of the Chiefs appeared with her hild, laid in a piece of red cloth, which laad been refented to her hufband; and feemed to carry it ith great tendernefs, fuckling it much after the panner of our women. A nother Chief introduced is daughter, who was young and beautiful; but. ppeared with all the timidity natural to the fex; bough the gazed on us with a kind of anxious conern, that feemed to ftruggle with her fear, and ta xprefs her aftonifhment at fo unufual a fight. Dthers advanced with a firmnets, and, indeed, ere lefs referved than we expected; but behaved ith a becoming modefty. We did not oblerve ny perfonal deformities amongft either fex; except n a few who had fcass of broad fuperficial ulcers, , emaining on the face and other parts.
About a third part of the men were armed with lubs and fpears; and, probably, thefe were only he perfors who had come from a diftance, as many f them trad fmall bafkets, mats, and other things. eftened to the ends of their weapons. The clubs ere generally about fix feet long, made of a hard lack wood, lance-fhaped at the end, but much roader, with the edge nicely fcolloped, and the phole neatly polifhed.

Though the landing of the gentlemen proved the means of enriching the Journal with the foregoing particulars, the principal object was, in a great meafure, un. attained; for the day was fpent without getting any one thing from the ifland worth mentioning.

Omai was Mr. Gore's interpreter, but that was not the only fervice he performed that day. He was afked by the natives, a great many queftions concerning the fhips, country, and the fort of arms which they ufed; and according to the account he gave, his anfwers were not a little upon the marvellous. As, for inflance, he told them, that the Englifh had hhips as large as their ifland ; on board which were inftruments of war (defcribing the guns) of fuch dimenfions, that feveral people might fit within them; and that one of them was fufficient to crufh the whole ifland at one fhut. This led them to enquire of him, what fort of guns we actually had in the two fhips. He faid, that though they were but fmall, in comparifon with thofe he had juft defcribed, yet, with fuch as they were, it would be very eafy, at the diftance the hips were from the fhore, to deltroy the ilfand, and kill every foul in it. They perfevered in their enquiries, to know by what means this could be done; and Omai explained the matter as well as he could. He happened luckily to have a few cartridges in his pocket. Thefe he produced ; the balls, and the gunpowder which was to fet them in motion, were fubmitted to infpection; and, to fupply the defects of his defcription, an appeat was made to the fenfes of the fpectators. It has been mentioned above, that one of the Chiefs had ordered the multitude to form themfelves into acircle. This furnined Omai with a convenient fage for his exhibition. In the center of this amphitheatre, the incoufiderable quan. tity of gunfowder, collected from his cartridges, was properly dippofed upen the ground, and, by means of a bit of burning wood from tine oven, where dinner was dreffing, fet on fire. The fudden blaft; and loud report, the mingled flame and fmoke, that inf .tty fucceeded, now filled the whole affembly with adonifliment; they no longer doubted, but gave full credit to all that Omai had faid.
proved the going partieafure, un. ting any one
that was not was afked acerning the they ufed; nfwers weje inftance, he rge as their war (defcrireral people was fuffiThis led we actually they were At defcribed, ery eafy, at deftroy the ered in their ld be done; could. He his pocket. wder which infpection; , an appeal It has been ordered the his furnifh ibition. In rable quan. ridges, was means of a dinmer was loud report, fucceeded ment ; they that Omai

If it had not been for the terrible ideas they conceived of the guns of the chips, from this fpecimen of their mode of operation, it was thought that they would have detained the gentlemen all night. For Omai affured them, that if he and his companions did not return on foard the fame day, they might expect that the principal (meaning Captain Cook) would land upon the -illand, With a number of men, and deftroy them. And as they food in nearer the land in the evening, than they had done any time before, of which pofition of the thips they were obferved to take great notice, they, probably, thought hey were meditating this; they therefore fuffered their uefts to depart, under the expectation, however, of feeing them again on fhore next morning. But they were no fenfible of the rifk they had already run, to think of repetition of the experiment.

Omai found three of his countrymen here, who were caft away in croffing from Otaheite to a neighbouring. ifland called Ulietea; a violeris form drove them upon this coaft.

The landing of the gentlemen on this ifland, though they failed in the object of it, cañnot but be confidered as a very fortunate circumftance. It has proved the means. of bringing to knowledge a matter of fact, not only very curious, but very inftructive. The account of the above three people will ferve to explain, better than a thoukand conjectures of fpeculative reafoners, how the detached paris of the earth, and in particular how the illands of the South Sea, may have been firft peopled; efpecially thofe that lie remote from any inhabited continent, or from each other.

Light airs and calms having prevailed, by turns, all the night of the $3 d$ of April, the Eafterly fwell had carried the thips fome diftance from Watecoo, before daybreak. But as they had failed in their object of procuring fome effectual fupply, they quitted it, without regret, and ftecred for another in and.

In a neighboring uninhabited ifland, they procured a hundred cocoa-nuts and grafs for the cattle.

The only birds feen here were a beautiful cuckoo, of a chefnut bruwn, variegated with black, which was thot. And upon the fhore, were fome egg-birds; a fmall fort
of curlew ; blue and white herons; and great numbers of noddies; which laft, at this time, laid their eggs, a little farther up, on the ground.

One of the people caught a lizard, of a moft forbid. ing afpect, though fmall, running up a tree; and ma. ny, of another fort; were feen. The bufhes toward the fea, were frequented by infinite numbers of a fort of moth, elegantly fpeckled with red, black, and white. There were alfo feveral other forts of moths, as well as fome pretty butterflies; and a few other infects.
Although Hervey's I Iland, difcovered in 1773, was not above fifteen leagues diftant, yet they did not get fight of it till day break in the morning. As they drew near it, at eight o'clock, they obferved feveral canoes put of toward the fhips. This was a fight that, indeed, fur. prized them, as no figns of inhabitants were feen when the ifland was firft difcovered; which might be owing to a pretty brikk wind that then blew, and prevented their canoes venturing out, as the fhips paffed to leeward; whereas now they were to windward.
As the fhips approached, feveral of the canoes, all double ones, came near them. There were from three to fix men in each. They fopped at the diftance of about a fone's throw from the fhip; and it was fome time before Omai could prevail upon them to come along-fide; but no intreaties could induce any of theni to venture on board. Indeed, their diforderly behaviour, by no means indicated a difipofition to truft them, or to treat them well. They were afterwards detected in an attempt to take fome oars out of the Difcovery's boat that lay along-fide, and ftruck a man who endeavoured to prevent them. They alfo cut away, with a fhell, a net with meat, which hung over that flips ftern, and abfolutely refured to reftore it; though it was afterward purchafed from them. They thewed a knowledge of bartering, and fold fome fiih they had (amongft which was an extraordinay flounder, fpotted like porphry ; and a cream-coloured eel, fpotted with black) for fmall nails, of which they were immoderately fond, and called them goore. They caught with the greateft avidia ty, bits of paper, or any thing elfe that was thrown
reat numbers their eggs,
moft forbid. ; and ma. es toward the of a fort of
and white. is, as well as Cts.
773, was not 10t get fight ey drew near :anoes put off indeed, fur. re feen when be owing to evented their to leeward;
canoes, all e from three diftance of it was fome
m to come any of theni y behaviour, them, or to ted in an at's boat that leavoured to Shell, a net h, and abfos afterward owledge of ongft which rphry ; and
for fmall d , and calcateft avidia was thrown
of them; and if what was thrown fell into the fea, they ade no fcruple to fwim after it.
Thefe people feemed to differ as much in perfon, as in difpofition, from the natives of Wateeno; though thie jiftance between the two iflands is not very great. Their folour was of a deeper caft; and feveral had a fierce, ygged afpect, refembling the natives of New Zealand.
Having but very little wind, it was one o'clock before they drew near the North Weft part of the ifland; when Lieutenant King was fent with two armed buats to exmine the coaft.
At three o'clock, the boats returned; and Mr. King formed us, "That there was no anchorage for the bips; and that the boats could only land on the outer dge of the reef, which lay about a quarter of a mile fom the dry land. He faid, that a number of the naives came down upon the reef, armed with long pikes Ind clubs, as if they intended to oppofe his landing. And yet, when he drew near enough, they threw fome socoa-nuts to the people, and invited them to come on hore; though at the very fame time, he obferved that the women were very bufy bringing down a frefh fupply. of fpears and darts. But, as he had no motive to land, se did not give them an opportunity to ufe them."
April the $7^{\text {th, }}$, they fteered Welt by South, with a ine breeze Eafterly, intending to proceed firf to MiddleDurgh or Eooa; but the wind changing they went into the atitude of Palmerfton's and Savage Iflands, difcovered in 1774, during the laft voyage, that, if neceffity reguired it, they might have recourfe to them.

At day-break, in the morning of the 13 th, they faw Palmerfton Ifland, bearing Weft by South, diftant about five leagues. However, they did not get up with it till ight o'clock the next morning : when four boats were fent, with an officer-in each, to fearch the coaft for the moft convenient landing-place. For, now, they were onder an abfolute neceffity of procuring from this inland, fome food for the cattle; otherwife they muft have been oft.
About one o'clock, one of the boats came on board, aden with fcurvy-grafs and young cocoa-nut trees; which, at this time, was a feaft for the cattle. The fame
fame boat brought a meffage from Mr. Gore, mention ing that there was plenty of fuch produce upon the ifland Before evening, Captain Cook went afhore in a fmall boat, accompanied by Captain Clerke.

They found every body hard at hork, and the landing place to be in a fmall creek. Upon the bufhes that from: the fea, or even farther in, they found a great number of men of war birds, Tropic birds, and two forts of boo bies, which, at this time, were laying their'eggs, and in tame, that they fuffered themfelves to be taken by the hand.

At one part of the reef, which looks into, or bound the lake that is within, there was a large bed of coral almoft even with the furface, which afforded, perhaps, one of the moft enchanting profpects that nature has any where produced. Its bafe was fixed to the thore, but reached fo far in, that it could not be feen; fo that feemed to be fufpended in the water, which deepened 6 fuddenly, that, at the diftance of a few yards, there might be feven or eight fathoms. The fea was, at this time, quite unruffled; and the fun fhining bright, ex pofed the various forts of coral in the moft beautiful or der. But the appearance of thefe was fill inferior to that of the multitude of firhes that glided gently along, feemingly with the moft perfect fecurity. The colours of the different forts were the moft beautiful that can be ima gined; the yellow, blue, red, black, \&cc. far exceeding any thing that art can produce.

There were no traces of inhabitants having ever bees here, except a fmall piece of'a canoe that was found upon the beach, which, probably, may have drifted from fome cther ifland. But what is pretty extraordinary, there were feveral fmall brown rats on this fpot; a circum. ftance, perhaps, difficult to account for, unlefs they wers imported-in the canoe juft mentioned.

Next day was fpent, as the preceding, one had been, in collecting, and bringing on board, food for the-cattle. Having got a fufficient fupply by funfet, every body was ordered or board. But having little or no wind, thej determined to wait, and to employ the next day by endeavouring to get fome cocoa-nuts for the people from the next ifland to leeward, where they could obferve that

## 35 )

ore, mention pon the illand ure in a fmall
ad the landing thes that from reat number of forts of boo reggs, and on e taken by the
to, or bounds : bed of coral ded, perhaps, nature has any the fhore, bat een ; fo that ch deepened in yards, there ea was, at this ig bright, ex at beautiful orinferior to that y along, feem colours of the at can be ima far exceeding ving ever bea as found upos ted from fome rdinary, there ot ; a circum. leffs they were
one had been, for the-cattle. very body was o wind, they ext day by ene people from d oblerve that thote
ore trees were in much greater abundance than where ey had already landed. Accordingly next morning they re fet to work, and found cocoa-nuts in abundance. mai, who was with them, caught, with a fcoop net, a very fhort time, as much filh as ferved the whole rty on fhore for dinner, befides fending rome to both ps. Here were alfo great abundance of birds, partifarly men of war and Tropic birds; fo that they fared mptuoufly. And it is but doing juftice to Omai to fay, ht, in thefe excurfions to the uninhabited iffands, he as of the greateft ufe; for he not only caught the fifh, itrefled thefe, and the birds that were killed, in an en, with heated ftones, after the faft. in of his country; th a dexterity and good-humour that did him great edit. There were, befides, fome other forts of hellh ; particularly the large periwinkle. When the tide owed, feveral Sharks came in, over the reef, fome of hich were killed.
Upon the whole, they did not ffend their time unpro. fably at this laft ifloi; for they got there about twelve andred cocoa-nuts, which were equally divided amongt le whole crew.
In the night bu een the 24 th and 25 th they paffed vage Ifland, which was difcovered in 1774. They Fered for the South, and then hauled up for Annalooka, and anchored two leagues diftant from it.
Soon after two cannes, the one with four, and the ther with three men, paddled toward them, and came onj-fide without the leaft hefitation. They brought pme cocoa nuts, bread-fruit, plantains, and fugar-cane, thich they bartered with for nails.
Next morning, at four o'clók, Lieutenant King, was ent with two boats to Komango, to procure refrefhments; nd, at five, made the fignal to weigh, in order to ply up b Annamooka, the wind being unfavourable at North Veft.
It was no fooner day-light, than they were vifited by x or feven canoes from different inlands, bringing with hem, befides fruits and roots, two pigs, feveral fowls, ome large wood-pigeons, fmall rails, and large violetoloured ccots. All thefe they exchanged for beads, ails, hatchets, \&c. They had alfo other articles of com-


## (37)

-hooks, fmall ars, and bows. chared till the nd leave giren ing's boat re untity of fruita His party was bitants. did not lich food clote re but indiffer. e pond of freh any appearance oard the Chief another, whot m a hog, as the next day. promife, and ere alfo proco. Fand plenty of
e' Nórth fide of yage they had $y$ reached it the
with a party of es, and fuch o e fent on fhore ing.

- began. Som attle; others in nant pool ; and e $4^{\text {th }}$ and 5 th the Difcovery g.cut in two b) eceflary to exal a were found 1 a
eat Chief from d whom Tajp ling of all thy cir obeifance ${ }^{\text {m }}$ feet. the folde
which they affo touched with each hand, firf with the 1 m , and then with the back part. There could be atle room to furpect that a perfon, received with fo mucle efpect, could be any thing lefs than the King.
In the afternoon, Captain Cook went to pay this grvat an a vifit, having firft received a prefent of two fisk om him, brought on board by one of his fervants. As on as he landed, he came up to him. He appeared to about thirty years of age, tall, but thin, and had more the European features than any they had yet feen here. fter a mort ftay, the new vifiter, and five or fix of his zendants, went on board; where each received fuitable jefents, and were entertained:
In the evening, the Captain attended them on fhore int boat, into which the Chief ordered three hogs to be out, as a return for the prefents he had received.
The firf day of their arrival at Annamooka, one of the atives had folen, out of the thip; a large junk axe. Eaptain Cook now applied to Feenou to exert his autholy, to get it reftored; and fo implicitly was he obeyed, hat it was brought on board very foon after he was fpoken b. On the 9 th, one of the Chiefs was detected carrying ut of the Chip, concealed under his clothes, the bolt elonging to the fpun yarn winch ; for which he was fenenced to receive a dozen laikes, and kept confined till he aid a hog for his liberty. After this they were not trouled with thieves of rank. Their fervants, or flaves, owever, were fill employed in this dirty work; and upon hem a flogging feemed to make no greater impreffion, han it would have done upon the main-maft. When any of them happened to be caught in the act, their matters? or from interceding for them, would often advife the Captain to kill them. But they generally efcaped withut any punifhment at all; for they appeared to them o be equally infenfible of the thame, and of the pain of porporal chattifement. Captain Clerke, at laft, hit uppn mode of treatment, which was thought to have fome fect. He put them under the hauds of the barber, and ompletely fhaved their heads; thus pointing them out as bjects of ridicule to their countrymen.
Finding that they had quite exhaufted the ifland of alnoft every article of food that it afforded, they employed the isth in moving off, from the Shore; the horfes, ob-


## ( $3^{8}$ )

'sfrvatories, and other things; as alfo the party of the marines who had mounted guard at their ftation, intending to fail as foon as the Difcovery thould have recovered her beft bower anchor. Feenou affigned many reafons when he found they were going, for their failing to an ifland called Hapaee, lying North Eaf,; and engaged te accompany them thither in perfon. He carried his point and Hapaee was made choice of for their next fation. As it had never been vifited by any European hif $s$; the examination of it became an object.
The 12 th and the 13 th, were Ppent in attempting the secovery of Captain Clerke's anchor, which, after much trouble, was happily accomplifhed; and on the 14th, in the mofning, they got under fail, and left Annamooka.
At day-break on the isth, being not far from Kao, which is a vaft rock of a conic figures, they feered to the Eaft, for the paffage between the iflands Footooha and Hafaiva, with a gentle breeze at South Eaft. About ten o'clock, Feenuu came on board, and remained all day. He brought with him two hogs and a quantity of fruit; and, in the courfe of the day, feveral canoes, from the different iflands round them, came, to barter quantities of the latter article, which was very acceptable, as their ftock was nearly expended.

In the courfe of this night they could plainly fee flames iffuing from the volcano upon. Toofoa, though to no great height.

At day-break in the morning of the 16 th, with a gentle breeze at South Eaft, they fleered to North Eaft for Hapaee, which was now in fight. The wind fcanting upon them, they could not fetch the land; fo that they were foreed to ply to windward. On the 17th, they anchored abreaft of a reef.

Soon after the fhips were filled w.th the natives. They brought from the fhore, hogs, fowls, fruits and roots, which they exchanged for hatchets, knives, nails, beads, and cloth. Captain Cook went on Thore, accompanied by Omai and Feenou; and landed at the North part of Lefooga, a little to the right of the fhip's sfation.

The Chief conducted them to a huts. fituated clofe to the fea-beach, which had been brought thither but a few minutes before for their reception. In this Feenou, Omai,
arty of the , intending covered her fons when to an ifland lite accom. s.point and ion. As it s ; the exa-
mpting the after much e 14 th, in tamooka. from Kao, ered to the otnoha and About ten ed all day. $y$ of fruit; , from the uantities of e, as their
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d clofe to but a few ou, Omai,
andt:Captain Cook were feated. The other Chiefs, and ${ }^{-}$ the multitude, compofed a circle, on the out-fide, front-: ing them, and they alfo fat down. Captain Cook was then:afked, How: long he intended to flay ? On faying, Five days, Taiparwas ordered to proclaim this to the people. He then harangued then, in a fpeech moftly dictated by Feenou. The purport of it was, that they. were all, both old and young, to look upon them as friends, who intended to remain with them a few days; that, during their flay, they muft not feal any thing; and that it was expetted they fhould bring hoga, fowls, fruit, \&cc. to the :hips, where they would receive, in exchange for them, fuch and fuch things, which he enumerated. Soon after Taipa had finifhed this addrefs to the affembly, Eeenou left them:

Next morning early, Feenou, and Omai, went on hoard.. The object of the vifit was to require Captain Gook's prefence upon the illand. . . After fome time, he accompanied them; and, upon landing, was conducted to: the fame place where he had, been feated the day before $;$ :and where he faw a large concourfe of people alroady affembled.s. Heguefied that fomething more than ordinary was in agitation' ; but could not tell what, nor could Omai inform him.
He had not long been feated, before near a hundred of. the natives appeaired in fight, and advatced, laden with yams, bread-fruits, plantains, cocoa-nats; and fugarcanes. They depofited their burthens in wo heaps, or piles; upan :che left, being the fide they came from. Soon' afters :arrived a number of others/ from the right, bearing the fame kind of articles, which were collected into two piles To thefe were tied two pigs, and fix fowls; and: to thofe upon the left, fix pigs and two turtles. Earoupa feated himfelf before the feveral articles upon the left, and andther Chief before thofe upon the right $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{i}}$ theyibeing the two Cbiiofs who had collected them, by order of Feenou, who feemed to be as implicitly obeyed here, as he'had beèn'at: Annamooka; $i$ and, in confequence of hisicomminading fuperiority over the Chiefs of Hapaee, had laid this tax upon them for the prefent occafion


As foon as this munificent collection of provifions was laid down in order, and difpofed to the beft advantage, the bearers of it joined the multitude, who formed a large circle round the whole. Prefently after a number of met. entered this circle, armed with clubs, made of the green branches of the cocpa-nui tree. Thefe paraded about for a few minutes, and then retired; the one half ! to ood fide, and the other half to the other fide, feating themfelves before the fpectators. Soon after they fucceffively entered the lifts, and entertained them with fingle combats. Gne champion, rifing up and ftepping forward from one fide, challenged thofe of the other fide, by exprefive geftures, to fend one of their body to appofe him. If the challenge was accepted, which was generally the cafe, the two combatants put themfelves in proper attitudes, and then began the engagement, which continued till one or other owned himfelf conquered, or till their weapons were broken. But what fruck them with mos furprize, was, to fee a couple of lufty wenches ftep forth, and begin boxing, without the leaft ceremnny, and with' as much art as the men. This conveft, however, did not: laft above half a minute, before one of them gave it upo: The conquering heroine receivad the fame applaufe from the fpectators, which they beftowed upon the fucceffful combatants of the other fex.
As foon as thefe diverfions were ended, the'Chief told Captain Cook, that the heaps of provifions on our right: hand were a prefent to Omai; and that thofe oin our left hand, being about two-thirds of the whole quaatity, were: given to him. When the provifions were removed on board in the afternoon, there was as much as loaded four boats. This prefent far exceeded any they had ever received from any of the Sovereigns of the various iflands they had vifited in the Pacific Ocean. The Captain loft no time in convincing this Chief that he entertained; grateful fenfe of his generofity, and made him feveral handfome prefento in return:

As Feenous had expreffed a defire to fee the marine go through their military exercife, the Captuin ordered them all afhore, from both hhips, in the morning. After they had performed various evolutions, and fired feveral vollies, with which the numerous feectators feemed well pleafed,

## (41)

fions was Ivautage, d a large er of med. the green ed abour df to one ag' them. cceffively gle comforward , by exsofe him. rally the pper attid ontinued till their vith mor ep forth, and with did not ve it up ufe from isce'sful
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rinet go ed them ter they ral vol-
ed well pleafed,
pleafed, the Chief entertained them, in his turn, with an exhibition, which was performed with a dexterity and exactinefs; far furpafing the fpecimen they had given of their military mancuuvres. It was a kind of dance, entirely different from any thing they had ever feen. It was performed by men; and one hundred and five perfous bore their parts in it. Each of them had in his hand an inftrument neatly made, fhaped fomewhat like a paddle, of two feet and a half in length, with a fmall handle, and a thin blade; fo that they were very light. With thefe initruments they made many and various flourihes, each of which was accompanied with a different movement. At firt, the performers ranged themfelves in three lines; and, by various evolutions, each man changed his ftaticn in fuch a manner, that thofe who had been in the rear came into the front. Nor did they remain long in the fame pofition; for thefe changes were made by pretty quick tranfitions.

They had mufical inftrumente; which confifted of two drums, or rather two hollow logs of wood, from which fome varieu notes were produced, by beating on them with two fticks. It did not however appear, that the dancers were much affifted by thefe founds, but by a chorus of vocal mufic, in which all the performers joined at the fame time. Their fong was not deftitute of pleafing melody; and all their correfponding motions were executed with fo much kill, that the numerous body of dancers feemed to act as if they were one great machine. It was the general opinion, that fuch a performance would have met with univerfal applaufe on a European theatre ; and it fo far exceeded any attempt that had been made to entertain them, that they feemed to picque themfelves upon thei: fuperiority.
In order to give tizem a more favourable opinion of Englifh amufements, and to leave their minds fully impreffed with the deepeft fenfe of our fuperior attainments, Captain Cook directed fome fireworks to be got ready ; and, after it was dark, played them off in the prefence of. Feenou, the other Chiefs, and a vaft concourfe of their people.' The water and $\mathbf{k y}$-rockets, in particular, pleafed and aftonifhed them beyond all conception; and the fcale was now turned.

## (42)

Curiofity, on both fides, being now fufficiently gratified, Captain Cook began to look about him, and next day took a walk into the illand of Lefooga, of which he was defirous to obtain fome knowledge. He found it to be, in feveral refpects, fuperior to Anaamooka. The plantations were more numerous, and more extenfive. In many places, indeed, toward the fea, efpecially on the Eaft fide, the country is fill wafte; owing, perhaps, to the fandy foil; as it is much lower than Annamooka, and its furrounding illes. But, toward the middle of the ifland the foil is hetter; and the marks of confiderable population, and of improved cultivation, were very confipicuous; with very large plantations, inclofed ia fuch a manner, that the fences running parallel to each other, form fine fpacious public roads, that would appear ornamental in countries where rural conveniences have been carried to the greateft perfection. There were feveral fpots covered with the paper mulberry-trees; and the plantations, in general, were well focked with fuch roots and fruits as are the natural produce of the ifland. To thefe Captain Cook made fome addition, by fowing the feeds of Indian corn, melons, pumpkins, and the like.

The inland is not above feven miles long; and, in fome places, not abcve two or three broad.

Nothing material happened the next day, except that fome of the natives ftole a tarpaulin, and other things, from off the deck. They were foon mified, and the thieves purfued; but without fuccefs.

In the morning of the 23 d , as they were going to unmoor, in order to leave the ifland, Fegnou, and his prime-minifter Taipa, came along-fide in a failing canoe, and informed them, that they were fetting out for Vavaoo, an ifland, which they faid, lies about two days fail to the Northward of Hapaee. The object of their voyage, they would have them believe, was to get an additional fupply of hogs, and fome red-feachered caps for Omai to carry to Otaheite, where they are in high efteem. Feenou affured the Captair, that he fhould be back in four or five days; and defired him not to fail till his re-turn, when he promifed to attend them to Tongatabou; to which he confented, and he immediately fet out.

## ( 43 )

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The Give. In on the laps, to ka, and of the iderable ry con1 fuch a 1 other, ar ornave been feveral and the ch roots d. To ing the e like. and, in
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to unand his cance, or Va ays fail ir voy$a$ addiaps for efteem. ack in his retabou;

The

The next day their attention was, for fome time, takent up with a report, induftrioufly fpread by fome of the natives, that a hip had arrived at Annamooka fisce they had left it; they alfo added, that Toobou, the Chief of that inland, was haftening thither to receive thefe newcomers. However, upon inveftigation, there appeared no foundation for it. What end the invention of this tale could anfwer, was not eafy to conjecture; unlefs to get them removed from the one ifland to the other.

In the Captain's walk he ftepped into a houfe, where a woman was dreffing the eyes of a young child, who feemed blind; the eyes being much inflamed, and a thin film fpread over them. The inftruments the ufed were two finder wooden probes, with which fhe had bruthed the eyes fo as to make them biced. It feems worth mentioning, that the natives of thefe iflands fhould attempt an aperation of this fort; though he entered the houfe too late, to defcribe exactly how this female occulift employed the wretched tools the had to work with.

He faw a different operation going on in the fame houfe, of which he gives the following account:
" I found there another woman Thaving a child's " head, with a fhark's tooth, fuck into the end of " a piece of ftick. I obferved, that the firft wet " the hair with a rag dipped in water, applying her " inftrument to that part which the had previouny "foaked. The operation feemed to give no pain " to the child; although the hair was taken off as " clofe as if one of our razors had been employed. "Encouraged by what 1 now faw, I foon after " tried one of thefe fingular inftruments upon my" felf, and found it to be an excellent fuccedaneum. "However, the men of thefe iffands have recourfe " to another contrivance when they flave their " beards. The operation is performed with two " Thells; one of which they place under a fmall "part of the beard, and with the other, applied " above, they fcrape that part off. In this manner " they are able to thave very clofe. The procefs $\because$ is, indeed, rather tedious, but not painful; and there
*6 there are men amongft them who feem to profefs ©! this trade. It was as common, while we were
66 here, to fee our failors go afhore to have their
*6 beards fcraped off, after the falhion of Hapaee,
"6 as it was to fee their Chiefs come on board to be
"Shaved by our baibers."
Finding that little or nqthing of the produce of the ifland was now brought to the fhips, they refolved to change their ftation, and to wait Feenou's return from Vavoo, in fome other convenient anchoring-place, where refrefhments might ftill be met with. At half paft two in the afternoon of the 26th of May, they hauled into a bay that lies between the South end of Lefooga, and the North end of-Hoolaiva, and there anchored.

About noon, a large failing canoe came under their Atern, in which was a perfon named Futtafaihe, or Pou. laho, or both; who, as the natives then on board faid, was King of Tongataboo, and of all the neighbouring illands. It was a matter of furprize to them to have a ftranger introduced under shis character; which they had fo much reafon to believe really belonged to Feenou. However, it being their intereft, as well as inclination, to pay court to all the great men, without making in. quiry into the validity of their affumed titles, he was invited on board; he brought with him, as a prefent, two fat hogs, though not fo fat as himfelf. If weight of body could give weight in rank or power, he was certainly the moft eminent man in that; refpect they had feen; for, though not very tall, he was very unwieldy, and almoft hapelefs with corpulence. He was a fedate, fenfible man. He viewed the thip, and the feveral new objects, with uncommon attention; and afked many pertinent queftions; one of which was: What could induce them to vifit thefe iflands? After he had fatisfied his curiofity in looking at the cattle, and other novelties which he met with upon deck, he was requefted to walk down into the cabin. To this his attendants objected, faying, that if he were to accept of that invitation, it murt hap. pen, that people would walk over his head ; but the Chief himfelf, lefs fcrupulous in this refpect than his ato tendants, waved all ceremony, and walked down.

## ( 45 )

n to profers e we were have their of Hapaee, board to be
oduce of the refolved to s return from place, where nalf paft two hauled into a oga, and the
: under their ihe, or Pouboard faid, neighbouring m to have a aich they had d to Feenou. s inclination, it making in. es, he was in'prefent, two If weight of e was certainhey had feen; ieldy, and alfedate, fonfiveral new obd many perticould induce tisfied his cuovelties which to walk down ceted, faying, , it muft hap. ead ; but the et than his ato down.

Poulaho

Poulaho fat down with them to dinner; but he eat little, and drank lefs. When he rofe from the table, he defired the Captain to accompany him afhore. Omai was afked to be of the party; but he was too faithfully attached to Feeioio, to thew any attention to his comperitor; and, therefore, excufed himfelf. The Captain: attended the Chief in hio own boat, having firt made prefents to him of fuch articles as, he could obferve, he had an inclination for. The moment the boat reached the beach, he ordered two more hogs to be brought, and delivered to them. He was then carried out of the boat; by fome of his own people, upon'a board refembling a hand-barrow, and went and feated himfelf in a fmall houfe near the fhore; which feemed to have been erected there for his accommodation. He placed the Captain at his fide ; and his attendants, who were not numerous, feate themfelves in a femicircle before them, on the outfide of the houfe. Behind the Chief, or rather on one fide, fat an old woman, with a fort of fan in her hand, whofe office it was to prevent his being peftered with the fies.
The feveral articles his people had got, by trading on board the fhips, were now difplayed before him. He looked over them all, with attention, inquired what they had given in exchange, and feemed pleafed with the bargains they had made. At length he ordered every thing to be: reffined to the refpective-owners, except a glafs bowl; with which he was fo much pleafed, that he referved it for himfelf. The perfons who brought thefe things to him, firt fquatted themfelves down before him, then they depofited their feveral purchafes, and immediately rofe up and retired. The fame refpectful ceremony was obferved in taking them away; and not one of them prefumed to fpeak to him fanding. The Captaing frayed till feveral of his attendants left him, firft paying him obedience, by bowing the head down to the fole of his foot, and touching or tapping the fame, with the upper and under fide of the fingers of both hands. Others, who were not in the circle, came, as it feemed, on purpofe, and paid him this mark of refpect, and then retired ${ }_{2}$. without fpeaking i word. The decorum that was obferved
frved, was beyond any thing they had feen elfewhere, even in civilized nations.
Next morning Poulaho, the King, came on board betimes; and brought, as a prefent, one of their caps, made, or at leaft covered, with red teathers. Thefe caps were much fought after, as it wasitknown they would be highly valued at Otaheite; and though very large prizes were offered, not one was brought for fale; which thewed, that they were no lefs yaluable in the eftimation of the people here; nor was there a perfon in either Ship, that could make himfelf the proprietor of one, except Captain Cook, Captain Clerke; and Omai. Thefe caps, or rather bonnets, are compofed of the tail feathers of the Tropic bird, with the red feathers of the parroquets wrought upon them, or jointly with them. They are made fo as to tie upon the forehead withoat any crown, and have the form of a femicircle, thofe radius is eighteen or twenty inches.

At day break the next morning, they weighed with a fine breeze; and ftood to the Weftward, with a vieiw to return to Annamooka. They were followed by feveral failing canoes; in one of which was the King He quitted them in a flort time, but left his brother and five of his attendants on board. . They had alfo the company of a Chief, juft then arrived from Tongatabno, whofe name was T'ooboueitoa. The moment he arrived, he fent his canoe away, and declared that he and five more, who came with him, would fleep on board; fo that the cabin was filled with vifiters. They brought plenty of: provifions with them, for which they always had fuitable returns.

On the 3 Ift, they ftood for the channel ${ }_{4}$ between Ko. too and the reef of rocks that lie to the Weft. The wind was frefh, and blew by fquals, with rain, and they; were not without apprehenfions of danger . Capt. Cook kept the deck till madnight, when he left it to the Mafter, with fuch directions as he thought would keep the Ships clear of the thoils. The Refolutions by a fmall thift of the wind, fetched farther to the wind ward than was expected. By this means the was very near runping full upon a low fandy ifle, called Pootoo Pootooa. It happened, very fortunately, that the people had juft be-

## (47)

a elfewhere, on board be. their caps, iers. Thefe known they though very ght for fale; uable in the e a perfon in proprietor of ${ }^{2}$ and Omai. ed of the tail athers of the t with them. head without ircle, whofe
ighed with a ith a view to. ed by feveral re He quitther anc five the company. abno, whofe arrived, he d five more, fo that the Sht plenty of: ys had fuit.
between Ko. Weft. The in, and they Capt. Cook to the Mar. Id : keep the tby a fmall dward than ear runping. ootopa. It had juit before
fore been ordered upon deck, to put the fhip about, fo that the neceffary movements were executed with judgment and alertnefs; and this alone faved them from deftruction. The Difcovery being aftern, was out of darger. Such hazardous fituations are the unavoidable companions of the man, who goes upon a voyage of difeovery.

This circumftance frightened the paffengers fo much, that they expreffed a frong defire to get athore. Accordingly; as foon as day-light returned, a boat was hoilted out, and the officer, who had the command of it, was directed, after landing them at Kotoo, to found along the reef that fpits off from that ifland, for anchorage.

They lay here until the 4 th, when they weighed; and; with a frefh gale at Eaft South Eaft, ftood away for Annamooka, where they anchored, next morning, nearly in the fame Itation which they had fo lately occupied.

The Captain went on fhore, and examined the feveral places where he had fown melon feeds, and had the mortification to find, that moft of them were deftroyed by a imall ant; but fome pine-apple plants, which he had alfo left, were in a thriving ftate.

About noon, next day, Feenou arrived from Vavaoo. He told them, that feveral canoes, laden with hogs and other provifions, which had failed with him from that ifland, had been loft, owing to the late blowing weather; and that every body on board them had perifhed. This melancholy tale did not feem to affect any of his countrymen who heard it ; and Captain Cook was by this time too well acquainted with his character, to give much credit to fuch a flory. The following moning Poulaho and the other Chiefs who had been wind-bound with him, arrived. Feenou now feemed to be fenfible of the impropriety of his conduct, in afluming a character that did not belong to him. For he not only acknowledged Poua laho to be King of Tongataboo, and the other infes; but affected to infilt much on it, which, no doubt, was with a view to make amends for his former prefumption. Both he and Poulaho went on board to dinner; but only the latter fat at table. Feennu having made his obeifance in the ufual way, faluting his Sovereign's foot with his head and

## ( 48 )

and hands, retired out of the cabin. The King had be. fore told Captain Cook that this would happen; and it now appeared, that Feenou could not even eat nor drink in his noyal prefence.

At eight ${ }^{\circ}$ 'clock next morning they fleered for Tonga. taboo, having a gentle breeze at North Eaft: About fourteen or fifteen failing veffels, belorging to the natives, fet out with them; but every one of thein outrun the fhips confiderably.

They continued their courfe till day-break, and were, infenfibly, drawn upon a large fat, upon which lay innumerable coral rocks, below the furface of the water. Notwithfanding all their care to keep the fhip clear of them, they could not prevent her from friking on one of thefe rocks. Nor did the Difcovery, though behind, ef. cape any better., Fortunately, neither of the fhips ftuck faft, nor received any damage. They could not get back without increafing the danger, as they had come in almoft before the wind. The moment they found a fpot where they could drop the anchor, clear of rocks, they carne to; and fent the Mafters, with the boats, to found.

About four o'clock, the boats made the fignal for having found good anchorage. Upon this they weighed, and Good in till dark, and then anchored in nine fathoms, having a fine, clear, fandy bottom.

The King now failed round the hips in his cainoe; there were alfo a great many fmall canoes. Two of thefe, which could not get out of the way of his royal veffel, he run quite over, with as little concern as if they had been bits of wood. Amongft many others who came on board the Refolution, was Otago, who had been fo ufeful-when they vifited Tongatabno during their laft voyage ; and one Toobou, who, at that time, had attached himfelf to Captain Furneaux. They brought two hogs, and fome yams, as a teftimony of their friendShip, for which they were amply rewarded.

At length about two in the afternoon, they arrived at their intended flation. It was a very fuug place, formed by the fhore of Tongataboo on the South Eaft, and two fmall iflands on the Eaft and North Eatt. Here they ani chored in ten fathoms water, over a bottom of oozy fand, diftant from the thore one-third of a mile.

## ( 49 )

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is : caitoe ; of thefe, yal veffel, they had tho came $d$ been fo their laft , had atbrought ir friend-
arrived at e, forme
and two they an ozy fand, companied by Omai and a few of the officers. They found the King waiting for them upon the beach. He immediately conducted them to a fmall neat houfe, fituated a little within the kkirts of the woods, with a fine large area before it. This houfe, he told them, was at their fervice during their ftay at the illand; and a better fituation they could not wifh for.

They had not been long in the houfe, before a pretty large circle of the natives were affembled, and feated upon the area. A root of the kava plant being brought, and laid down before the King, he ordered it to be fplit into pieces, and diftributed to feveral people of both fexes, who began the operation of chewing it ; and a bowl of their favourite liquor was foon prepared. In the mean time, a baked hog, and two bakkets of baked yams were produced, and afterwards divided into ten portions. Thefe portions were then given to certain people prefent; but how many were to fhare in each they could not tell. One of them was beftowed on the King's brother; and one remained undifpofed of, which, it was judged, was for the King himfelf, as it was a choice bit. "The liquor was next ferved out, but not a fourth part of the company had tafted either the victuals or the drink.

As they intended to make fome ftay at Tongataboo, they pitched a tent, in the forenoon, juft by the houfa which Poulaho had affigned for their ufe. The horfes, cattle, and fheep, were afterwards landed, and a party of marines, with their officer, ftationed there as a guard. The obfervatory was then fet up, at a fmall diftance. from the other tent; and Mr. King refided on thore, to attend the obfervations. The gunners were ordered to conduct the traffic with the natives, who thronged from every part of the illand, with hogs, yams, cocoanuts, and other articles of their produce. In a hort time, their land poft was like a fair, and the hips were fo crouded with vifiters, the failors had hardly room to ftir upon the decks.
It was now mentioned, that there were other great men of the ifland, whom they had not as yet feen ; in particular, a perfon named Mareewagee, who was of the firft confequence in the place. Some of the natives

## ( 50 )

even hinted, that he was too great a man to confer the honour of a vifit upon them. This account exciting curiofity, Captain Cook mentioned to Poulaho, that he was very defirous of waiting upon Mareewagee; and he readily agreed to accompany him to the place of his reffidence, the next morning.

Accordingly they fet out, pretty early, in the pinnace, and entered a fpacious bay or inlet, up which they rowed about a league, and landed amidft a confiderable number of people, who received them with a fort of acclamation, not unlike huzzaing. They immediately feparated, to let Poulaho pafs, who took them into a fmall inclofure, and - Thifted the piece of cloth he wore, for a new piece, neatly folded; that was carried by a young man. An old woman affifted in drefling him, and put a mat over his cloth; as we fuppofed, to prevent its being dirtied when The fat down. On afking him where Mareewagee was, to their great furprize, he faid he had gone from the place. It afterward appeared, that, in this affair, they had laboured under fome grofs miftakes, and that their interpreter, Omai, had either been mifinformed, or had mifunderfood what was told him about the great man, on whofe account they had made this excurfion.

The place they went to was a village, mot delightfully fituated on the bank of the inlet, where all, or moft vof the principal perfons of the ifland refide; each having his houfe in the midit of a fmall plantation, with leffer hibufes, and offices for fervants. Thefe plantations are neatly fenced round; and for the moft part, have only one entrance. This is by a door, faftened on the infide by a prop of wood; fo that-a perfon has to knock before he can get admittance. Every article of the vegetable produce of the ifland, abounded in thefe plantations; but thefe, it'was obferved, are not the refidence of people of the firt rank. There are fome large houfes near the public roads with fpacious fmonth grafs-flots before them ,and uninclofed. Thefe belonged to the King ; and, proSably, they are the places where their public affemblies are held.

About noon the next day, this Mareewagee, of whom: they had heard fo much, aetually came to the neighbourhood of their poft on flore; and with him, a very con-
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Iiderable number of people of all ranks. They were informed, that he had taken this trouble on purpofe to give them an opportunity of waiting upon him; having. probably, heard of the diipleafure Captain Cook had Shewn on his difappointment the day before. "In the afternoon, a party, accompanied by Feenou, landed to pay him a vifit.. They found a perfon fitting under a large tree, near the fhore, a little to the right of the tent. A piece of cloth, at leaft forty yards long, was fpread before him, round which a great number of peo-ple of both fexes were feated. It was natural to fuppofe; that this was the great man; but they were undeceived by Feenou ; who informed them, that another, who fat on a piece of mat, a little way from this Chief, to the right hand, was Mareewagee, and he introduced them to him, who received them very kindly, and defired them to fit down by him. The perfon who fat under the tree, fronting them, was called Toobou. Captain Cook, to diftinguith him from another of the fame name; mentioned by. Captain Furneaux, calls him afterwards old Toobou. Both he and Marcewagee had a venerable appearance. The latter is a flender man, and feems to be confiderably above three-fcore years of age. The former is rather corpulent, and almoft blind with a diforder of his eyes; though not fo old.

They were entertained, for about an hour, with the performance of two French horns and a drum ; but they feemed moft pleafed with the firing off a piftol, which Captain Clerke had in his pocket. Before the Captain and his people took their leave, the large piece of cloth was prefented to him.

In the morning of the 15 th, Captain Cook received a meffage from old Toobou, that he wanted to fee' him athore. They found him like an ancient patriarch; feated under the fhade of a tree; with a large piece of the cloth, made in the ifland, fpread out at full length before him; and a number of refpectably looking people fitting round it. He defired them to fit by him; and then he told Omai, that the cloth, together with a piece of red feathers, and about a dozen cocoa-nuts, were his prefent to the Captain; who invited him on boards, as he had nothing on fhore to give him in retum.

## ( 52 )

Futtafaihe, Poulaho's fon, made alfo a prefent of a piece of cloth feventy-fix yards long, and feven and a half wide, with cocoa-nuts; he was likewife invited on bnard, where they all dined. When dinner came upon table, not one of them would fit down, or eat a bit of any thing that was ferved up. On expreffing furprife at this, they were all taboo, as they faid, which word has a very comprehenfive meaning; but in general, fignifies that a thing is forbidden. Why they were laid under fuch reftraints, at prefent, was not explained. Dinner being over, and having gratified their curiofity, by fhewing to them every fart of the fhip, they conducted them afhore.

On the 16th, in the morning, Mr. Gore and Captain Cook took a walk into the country; in the courfe of which nothing remarkable appeared, but their having opfortunities of feeing the whole procefs of making cloth, which is the principal manufacture of thefe idands. As the procefs differs from the mner of making it at Otaheite, mentioned in a former voyage, it may not be unentertaining to give the following account of it:
The manufacturers, who are females, take the fiender ftalks or trunks of the paper-mulberry, which they cultivate for that purpofe; and which feldom grows more than fix or feven feet in height, and about four fingers in thicknefs. From thefe they ftrip the bark, and fcrape off the outer-rind with a mufcle-fihell. The bark is then rolled up to take off the convexity which it had round the falk, and macerated in water for fome time (they fay, a night). After this, it is laid acrofs the trunk of a fmall tree fquared, and beaten with a fquare wooden inftrument, about a foot long, full of coarfe grooves on all fides; but fometimes with one that is plain. According to the fize of the bark, a piece is foon produced; but the operation is often repeated by another hand, or it is folded feveral times, and beat longer, which-feems rather intended to clofe than to divide its texture. When this is fufficiently effected, it is spread out to dry; the pieces being from four to fix, or more, feet in length, and half as broad. They are then given to another perfon, who joins the pieces, by fmearing part of them over with the vifcous juice of a berry, called 1000, which ferves as a glue.

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e flender hey cul. ws more ingers in crape off is then d round pe (they trunk of wooden ooves on Accord. ed; but or it is es rather hen this e pieces and half on, who with the es, as a glue. glue. Having been thus lengthened, they are laid over a large piece of wood, with a kind of ftamp, made of a fibrous fubftance pretty clofely interwoven, placed beneath. They then take a bit of cloth, and dip it in a juice, expreffed from the bark of a tree, called kokka, which they rub brikly upon the piece that is making. This, at once, leaves a dull brown colour, and a dry glofs upon its furface; the ftamp, at the fame time, making a light impreffion, that anfwers no other purpofe, but to make the pieces, that are glued tongether, fick a little more firmly. In this manner they proceed; joining and ftaining by degrees, till they produce a piece of cloth, of focli length and breadth as they want; generally leaving a border, of a foot broad, at the fides; and longer at the ends, unftainied. Throughout the whole, if any parts of the original pieces are too thin, or have holes, which is often the cafe, they glue fpare bits upon them, till they become of an equal thicknefs.When they want to produce a black colour, they mix the foot procured from an oily nut, called dooedooe, with the juice of the kokka, in different quantities, according to the propofed depth of the tinge. They fay, that the black fort of cloth, which is commonly mof glazed, makes a cold dreff; but the other a warm one; and, to obtain ftrength :in both, they are always careful to join the fmall pieces lengthwife, which makes it impoffible to tear the cloth in any direction but one.
On their return from the country, they met with, Feenou, and took him, and another young Chief, on board to dinner. When their fare was fet upon the table, neither of them would eat a bit; faying, that they were tabco avy. From this they conjectured, that, on fome account or other, they were, at this time, forbidden to ufe water; or, which is more ptobable, they did not like the water made ufe of, it/feing taken up out of oue of their bathing-places.

Thefe people had falfo a very great propenfity to thieving. They ventured, at noon day, to attempt to fteal an anchor from the Difcovery, and nearly fucceeded; if the flook had not hooked one of the chain plates in lowering down the mip's fide, from which they conld not difeng age it by than; and tackles were things they were

## ( 54 )

unacquainted with. The only aet of violence they were guilty of, was the breaking the fhoulder bone of one of their goats, fo that the died foon after. This lofs fell upon themfelves, as the was one of thofe that it was intended to leave upon the ifland.

Early in the morning of the 18 th, an accident happened that ftrongly marked one of their cuftoms. A man got out of a canoe into the quarter gallery of the Refolution, and fole from thence a pewter bafon. He was difcovered, purfued, and brought along fide the hip. On this occafion, three old women, who were in the canoe, made loud lamentations over the prifoner, beating their breafts and faces in a moft violent manner, with the infide of their fifts; and all this was done without thedding a tear.
This day they beftowed on Mareewagee fome prefents, in return for thofe they had received from him the day before; and as the entertainments which he had exhibited for their amufement, called upon them to make fome exhibition in their way, a party of marines were ordered to go through their exercife; and, in the evening, they played off fome fireworks at the fame place. Poulaho, with all the principal Chiefs, and a great number of people, of all denominations, were prefent. The platoon firing, which was executed tolerably well, feemed to give them pleafure; but they were loft in aftonifhment when they beheld the water rockets.

In expectation of this evening fhew, the circle of natives about their tent being pretty large, they engaged the greateft part of the afternoon in boxing and wreftling. When any of them choofes to wreftle, he gets up from one fide of the ring, and croffes the ground in a fort of meafured pace, clarping fmartly on the elbow joint of one arm, which is bent, and produces a hollow found; that is reckoned the challenge. If an opponent appears, they come together with marks of the greateft good-nature, generally fmiling, and taking time to adjuft the piece of cloth which is faftened round the waif. They then lay hold of each other by this girdle, with a hand on each fide; and he who fucceeds in drawing his antagonift to him, immediately tries to lift him upon his breatt, and throw him upon his back; and if he be able

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of naengaged d wreftgets up und in a e elbow hollow pponent greatef le to adhe waift. , with a wing his pon his be able
to turn round with him two or three times in that pofition, before he throws him, his dexterity never fails of procuring plaudits from the fpectators. If they be more equally matched, they clofe foon, and endeavour to throw each other by entwining their legs, or lifting each other from the ground; in which Aruggles they fliew a prodigious exertion of Atrength, every mufcle, as it were being ready to burf with fraining. When one is thrown, he immediately quits the field, but the vitor fits down for a few feconds, then gets up, and goes to the fide he came from, who proclaims the victory aloud, in a fentence delivered flowly, and in a mufical cadence. When they find, that they are fo equally matched as not to be likely to throw each other, they leave off by mutual confent.

One of the moft dextrous blows of their boxers, is to turn round on their heel, juft as they have ftruck their antagonift, and to give him another very fmart one with the other hand backward. Some of the failors ventured to contend with them in wreflling and boxing, but without fuccefs, being always worfted. The boxing matches feldom laft long; and the parties either leave off together, or one acknowledges his being beat.

Before they quitted the illand, Captain Cook difpofed of feveral of the animals; to Poulaho, the King, he gave a young Englifh bull and cow; to Mareewagee, a Cape ram, and two ewes; and to Feenou, a horfe and a mare. As his defign, to make fuch a diftribution, had been made known the day before, moft of the people in the neighbourhood were then prefent. He inftructed Omai to tell them, that there was no fuch animals within many months fail of their country; that they were brought, for their ufe, from that immenfe diftance, at a vaft iroathle and expence ; that, therefore, they mult be careful not to kill any of them till they had multiplied to a numerous race; and, laftly, that they and their children uught to remember, that they had received them from the men of Britane. He alfo explained to them their feveral ufes; and what elfe was neceffary for them to know, or rather as far as he knew; for Omai was not very well verfed in fuch things himfelf.

## ( 56 )

It foon appeared that fome were diffatisfied with this allotment ; for, early next morning, one of the kids and two turkey-cocks were miffing. The Captain, being determined to have them back again, feized on three ca: noes that happened to be along-fide the fhips. He then went afhore, and having found the King, his brother, Feenon, and fome other Chiefs, he immediately put a guard over them, and gave them to underitand, that they muft remain under reftraint, till not only the kid and the turkeys, but the other things, that had been ftolen, at different times, were reftored. They concealed, as well as they could, their feelings, on finding themfelves prifoners; and, having affured him that every thing fhould be reftored, as he defired, fat down to drink their kava, feemingly much at their eafe. It was not long before an axe, and an iron wedge, were brought. In the mean time, fome armed natives began to gather behind the houfe; but, on a part of the guard marching againft them, they difperfed. On afking them to go aboard to dinner, they readily confented. But fome having afterward objected to the King's going, he inftantly rofe up. and declared he would be the firt man. Accordingly they all came on board. They were kept there till near four o'clock, when they were conducted afhore; and, foon after, the kid, and one of the turkey-cocks, were brought back. The other, they faid, fhould be reftored the next morning. As the Captain believed this would happen, he releafed them and the canoes.

In walking out with Omai in the evening, after the Chiefs were gone on fhore, they met with about half a dozen women, in one place, at fupper. Two of the com: pany were fed by the others; on aiking the reafon, they faid taboo mattee. On farther enquiry it was found, that one of them had, two months before, wahed the dead corpfe of a Chief; and that, on this account, fhe was not to handle any food for five months. The other had performed the fame office to the corpfe of another perfon of inferior sank, and was now under the fame reftriction; but not for fo long a time.

Next day, by the King's invitation, Captain Cook dined on fhore. The King fat down with him ; but he neither eat nor drank. He found that this was owing to
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the prefence of a female, whom, as they afterward underftood, had fuperior rank to himfelf. As, foon as this great perfonage had dined, fhe ftepped up to the King, who put his hands to her feet; and then the retired.

Some of the officers, belonging to both hips, who had made an excurfion into the interior parts of the ifland, without leave, returned this evening, after an abfence of two days. They had taken with them their mukkets, with the neceflary ammunition, and feveral fmall articles of the favorite commodities; all which the natives had the dexterity to feeal from them, in the courfe of their expedition. Feenor and Poulaho, upon this occafions very juftly obferved, that if any of them, at any time, wanted to go into the country, they oughe to be acquainted with it; in which cafe they would fend proper perfons along with them; and then they would be anfwerable for their fafety. Moft of the things were, however, recovered, and the turkey-cock alfo, through the interpofition of Feenou.

It was now the 25 th of June, and as there was to be an eclipfe of the fun, Captain Cook deferred failing till that time had elapfed, in order to obferve it; he therefore amufed himfelf by going with Poulaho :יp the country, fometimes by water. As they rowed up an inlet, they met fourteen canoes fifhing in company; in one of which was Poulaho's fon. In each canoe was a triangular net, extended between two poles; at the lower end of which was a cod to receive and fecure the fifh. They had already caught fome fine mullets; and they put about a dozen into their boat. The Captain defired to fee their method of fifhing; which they readily complied with. A fhoal of fifh was fuppofed to be upon one of the banks, which they inftantly inclofed in a long net like a feine, or fet-net. This the fifhers, one getting into the water out of each boat, furrounded with the triangular nets in their hands; with which they fcooped the fifh out of the feine, or caught them as they attempted to leap over it.

At another time they made an excurfion by land, attended by one of the King's minitters. Their train was not great, as he would not fuffer the rabble to follow them. He alfo obliged all thofe whom they met, to fit down till they had paffed; which is a mark of refpect
due only to their Sovereigns. By far the greateft part of the country was cultivated, and planted with various forts of productions. They met with feveral large uninhabited houfes, which, they were told, belonged to the King. There were many public and well-beaten roads, and abundance of foot-paths leading to every part of the illand. It is remarkable, that when they were on the moft elevated parts, at leaft a hundred feet above the le. vel of the fea, they often met with the fame coral rock which is found at the fhore. And yet thefe very fpots, with hardly any foil upon them, were covered with luxuriant vegetation.

When they returned from their walk, fupper was ready, It confifted of a baked hog, fome fifh, and yams, all excellentlj well cooked, after the methon of thefe iflands. As there was nothing to amufe after fupper, they follow. ed the cuftom of the country, and lay down to ileep, their beds being mats fpread upon the floor, and cloth to cover them. The King, who had made himfelf very happy with fome wine and brandy which they had given him, flept in the fame houfe, as well as feveral others of the natives. Long before day-break, he and they all rofe, and fat converfing by moon-light. The converfation, as might well be gueffed, turned wholly upon their vifiters; the King entertaining his company with an account of what he had feen, or remarked. As foon as it was day, they difperfed, fome one way, and fome another; but it was not long before they all returned, and with them, feveral more of their countrymen.

They now began to prepare a bowl of kava. The kava is a fpecies of pepper, which they cultivate for this purpofe, and efteem it a valuable article. The root is the only part ufed. They break it in pieces, fcrape the dirt of with a fhell, and then each begins and chews his portion, which he fpits into a plantain leaf. The perfon who is to prepare the liquor, collects all there mouthfuls, and puts them into a large wooden difh or bowl, adding as much water as will make it of a proper ftrength. It is then well mixed up with the hands; and fome loofe fuff, of which mats are made, is thrown upon the furface. The immediate effect of this beverage is not perceptible on thefe people, who ufe it fo frequently; but on fome
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of the officers, who ventured to try it, though fo naftily prepared, it had the fame power as firits have, in intoxicating them; or rather, it produced that kind of ftupefaction, which is the confequence of ufing opium, or other fubftances of that kind. They were feen to drink it feven times before noon, yet it is fo difagreeable, or at leaft, feems fo, that the greateft part of them caunot fwallow it without making wry faces, and Thuddering afterward.
When they got on board the fhip, they found that every thing had been quiet during their abfence, not 2 theft having been committed. This thews what power the Chiefs have, when they have the will to execute it ; which they were feldom to expect, fince, whatever was folen was gencrally, if not always, conveyed to them.

Next day, however, fix or eight of them affaulted fome of the people, who were fawing planks. They were fired upon by the fentry; and one was fuppofed to be wounded, and three others taken. Thefe were not difmified without punifhment. After this, they behaved with a little more circumfpection, and gave much lefs trouble. This change of behaviour was certainly oseafioned by the man being wounded; for. before, they had only been told the effect of fire-arms, but now they had felt it.

Mr. Anderfon and Mr. King, on the 30 th, went with Futtafaike to his houle. When they arrived, a large hog was killed; which is done by repeated ftrokes on the head. The hair was then fcraped off, very dexteroufly, with the tharp edge of pieces of fplit bamboo; taking the entrails out at a large oval hole cut in the belly, by the fame fimple inftrument. Before this, they had prepared an oven; which is a hole dug in the earth, filled at the bottom with itones, about the fize of the fift, over which a fire is made till they are red hot. They took fome of thefe ftones, wrapt up in leaves of the bread-fruit tree, and filled the hog's belly, fuffing in a quantity of leaves to prevent their falling out, and putting a plug of the fame kind in the anus. The carcafe was then placed on fome ftirks laid acrofs the flones, in a flanding pofture, and covered with a great quantity of plantain leaves. After which, they dug up the earth all round; and hav-
ing thus effectually clofed the oven, the operation of baking required no farther interference. Of this hog they chade a hearty dinner.

Ir their walks they faw feveral ternate bats, clinging to Etooa trees. They could not kill any for want of mufquets; but fome that were got at Annamooka, meafured near three feet when the wings were extended.

It is neceffary to mention, that when they fat down both to dinner and fupper, that inftead of Futtafaihe en. tertaining them, they were to entertain him ; the property of the feaft being entirely transferred to them, as his guefts, and they were to difpofe of it as they pleafed. The fame perfon who cleaned the hog in the morning, now cut it up, in a very dextrous manner, with a knife of fplit bambo; dividing the feveral parts, and hitting the joints, with a quicknefs and Ikill that furprized them. The whole was fet before them, though at leaft fifty pounds weight, untill they took a fmall piece away, and defired, that they would fhare the reft amongft the people fitting round.

After fupper, abundance of cloth was brought for them to fleep in; but they were a good deal difturbed, by a fingular inftance of luxury, in which their principal men indulge themfelves; that of being beat while they are afleep. Two women fat by Futtafaihe, and performed this operation, which is called tooge tooge, by beating brifkly on his body and legs, with their fifts, as on a drum, till he fell afleep, and continuing it the whole night, with fome fhort intervals. When once the perfon is afleep, they abate a little in the frength and quicknefs of beating ; but refiume it, if they obferve any appearance of his awaking. In the morning, they found that Futtafaihe's women relieved each other, and went to fleep by turns. In any other country, it would be fuppofed, that fuch a practice swould put an end to all reft ; but here it certainly acts as an opiate ; and is a ftrong proof of what habit may effect. The noife of this, however, was nut the only thing that kept them awake; for the people, who paffed the night in the houfe, not only converfed amongft each other frequently, as in the day; but ail got up before it was light, and made a hearty meal on fifh and yams, which were brought to them by a perfon,
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who feemed to know very well the appointed time for this nocturnal refrefhment.

Next morning on coming to the point, the native mentioned, fomething of one, who, they faid, had been fired at by fome of their people ; and, upon their wifhing to fee him, they conducted them to a houfe, where they, found a man, who had been thot through the fhoulder, but not dangeroufly; as the ball hâd entered a littlé above the inner part of the collar bone, and pafted out obliquely backward. He was the perfon who had been fired at by one of the fentinels, three days before; though pofitive orders had been given, that none of them hould load their pieces with any thing but fmall mot. They gave fome directions to his friends how to manage the wound, and who feemed pleafed, when told it would get well in a certain time.

They had prolonged their ftay at this inland, on account of the approaching eclipfe; but on the $2 d$ of July, on looking at the miciometer, they found fome of the rack work broken, and the inftrument ufelefs; and there was no time to repair it before it was intended to be ufed. Preparing now for their departure, they got on board, this day, all the cattle, poultry, and vther animals, except fuch as were deftined to remain.

Captain Cook obferving that the King, when at dinner the day before their departure, took great notice of the plates, gave him one of pewter; he then explained the feveral ufes to which he intended to apply it. Two of them are very extraordinary. He faid, that, whenever he fhould have orcafion to vifit any of the other iflands, he would leave this plate behind him at Tongataboo, as a fort of reprefentative in his abfence, that the people might pay it the fame obeifance they do to himelf in perfon. He was afked, what had been ufually employed for this purjofe, before he got this plate; and they had the fatiffarion of learning from him, that this fingular honour L.ad hitherto been conferred on a wooder bowl in which he walhed his hands. 'The other extraordinary ufe to which he meant- to apply it in the room of his wooden bowl, was to difoover a thicf. He faid, that when any thing was tolen, and the thief could not be found out, the people were all aflembled together before him, when he $G$ and $H$ walled

## ( 62 )

wathed his hands in water in this veffel; after which it was cleaned, and then the whole multitude advanced; onc after another, and touched it in the fame manner that they touch his foot, when they pay him obeifance. If the guilty perfon touched it, he died immediately upon the fpot; not by violence, but by the hand of Providence; and if any one refufed to touch it, his refufal was a clear proof that he was the man.

In the morning of the 5 th, the day of the eclipre, the weather was dark and cloudy, with howers of rain; fo that we had little hopes of an obfervation. About nine o'clock the fun broke out at intervals for about half an hour; after which it was totally obfcured, till within a minute or two of the beginning of the eclipfe. Captain Cook loft the obfervation, by not having a dark glafs at hand, fuitable to the clouds that were continually palfing over the fun; and Mr. Bligh had not got the fun into the field of his telefcope.

As foon as they knew the eclipfe to be over, they packed up the initruments, and fent every thing on board that had not been already removed. As none of the natives had taken the leaft notice or care of the three fheep allotted to Mareewagee, Captain Cook ordered them to be carried back to the Mips. He was apprehenfive, that, if he had left them here, they run great rik of being destroyed by dogs. 'That animal did not exilt in that illand, when he firft vifited it in 1773 ; but he now found they had got a good many, partly by the breed then left by him, and partly from fome, imported fince that time, from an ifland not very remote, called Feejee.

The boogo, which is a fpecies of fig, with narrow pointed leaves, is the largeft fized tree of the ifland; the bafis of which, as far as they knew, is enti ely a coral sock.

Beides valt numbers of cocon-nut trees, they have three other forts of palns. There is plenty of excellent fugarcane, which is cultivated; gourds; bamboo; turmeric; and a fpecies of fig, about the fize of a fmall cherry, called matte, which, though wild, is fometimes eat.

The only quadrupeds befides hogs, are a few rats and come dogs. Fowls, which are of a large breed, are domealicated bere.
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ats and are do-

Amonglt the birds are parrots, fomewhat finaller tham the common grey ones; parroquets, not larger than as〔parrow, of en fine yeliowifh green, with bright azure on the crown of the head, and the throat and belly red.
The only noxious or difgutting animals of the reptile or infect tribe, are fea fnakes, three feet long, with black and white circles alternately, often found on fhore; fome fcorpions, and centipedes..

The fea abounds with fifh, though the variety is lefs than might be expected. The moft frequent forts are mullets; feveral. forts of parrot. figh; filver fifh; old: wives; and fome beautifully fpotted foles; here are alin fharks, and fome curious devil-fif.

On July 6th they. were ready to fail; but the wind prevented them. for three days. On the 8th, in the: morning, Captain Cook walked out, and vifited feveral: Chiefs; all of them were taking their morning draught, or had already taken it. The king was found afleep in a fmall retired hut, with two women tapping on his brecchaAbout eleven oclock he arofe, and then fome ifin and yams, which tafted as if they had been flewed in cocoanut milk, were brought to him. Of thefe he eat a large portion, and lay down once more to fleep.

On the $10 i h$, they weighed anchor, and ftretched away for Middleburg; or Eooa (as it is called by the in-habitanis; where they anchored at eight o'clock the neximorning.

They had no fooner anchored than Taoofa, the Chiefs. and feveral other natives, came on board, and feemed to rejoice much at their arrival. This Taoofa knew Captain Cook when he was here upon the laft voyage. In a little time he went on fhore with him, in fearch of frefh water; the procuring of which, was the chief object. that brought them to Eooa. There was however none but fuch as was bad, or inconveniently fituated.

Here they put on thore the ram and two ewes of the Cape of Good Hope breed of theep; intrufting them to. the care of Taoofa, who feemed proud of his charge. Eooa not having, as yet, got any dogs upon it, feems, to be a properer place than Tongataboo for the rearing of fheep.

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The igth, in the afternoon, a party made an excurfion to the higheft part of the ifland. They were now about two or three hundred feet above the level of the fea, and yet, even here, the coral was perforated into all the holes und inequalities, which ufually diverfify the furface of chis fubftance within the reach of the tide.

From the elevation to which they had afcended, they had a full view of the whole ifland. 'The plains and meadows, of which there are here fome of great extent, are adorned with tufts of trees, intermixed with plantations, and form a very beautiful landfcape. While the Captain was furveying this delightful profpect, he flattered himfelf with the pleafing idea, that fome future navigators may; from the fame ftation, behold thefe meadows flocked with cattle, brought to thefe illancis by the Ships of Enjland; and that the completion of this fingle benevolent purpofe, would fufficiently mark to pofterity, that thefe voyages had not been ufelefs to the general interefts of humanity.

Omai, who was a great favourite, was tempted with the offer of being made Chief of this ifland, if he would have faid amongt them; and it is not clear, that he would not have been glad to ftay, if the fcheme had met with the Captain's approbation.

On returning from this country expedition, they were informed that a party of the natives had been seen to ftrike one of their own countrymen with a club, which laid bare, or, as others faid, fractured his $\mathbb{1 k u l l}$, and then broke his thigh with the fame. On abking the reafon of fo fevere a treatment, they were informed, that he had been difcovered in a fituation rather indelicate, with a woman who was taboo ${ }^{2} d$. They, however, underituod, that fhe was no otherwife tabon'd, than by belonging to another perfon, and rather fuperior in rank to her gallan't. The female finner has, by far, the fmaller fhare of punifhment for her mifdemeanor; as they faid, fhe winuld only receive llight punifhment.
The next morning was planted a pine-apple, and the feeds of melons, and other vegetables, in the Chief's plantation. They had fome encouragement, indeed, to flatter themfelves, that thir endeavours of this kind would not be fruitlefs; for, this day, there was ferved up
at di feeds N a pre fome
contri walki of the thing diatel on Ta offend concer neceffa one of pair of

The provid what $h$ were ne man's board. three of himfelf Soon they for rocks.

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## ( 65 )

at dinner, a difh of turnips, being the produce, of the feeds left here during their laft voyage.

Next day, July 16, the Captain received of the Chicf a prefent, confifing of two fmall heaps of yams, and fome fruit, which feemed to be collected by a kind of contribution, as at the other ifles. One of the failors, walking a little diftance, was attacked by twenty or more of the natives, who knocked him down, and then took every thing he had on his back. On hearing of this, they imme-diately feized two canoes, and a large hog; and infifted on 'Tanofa's caufing the clothes to be reftored, and on the offenders being delivered up. The Chief feemed much concerned at what had happened, and forthwith took the necefiary fteps to fatisfy them. It was not lang before one of the offealers was delivered up, and a fhirt and a pair of trowfers reftored.

The next morning the Captain landed again, having provided himfelf with a prefent for Tanofa, in return for what he had given him. The remainder of the clothes were now brought in; but, as they had been torn off the man's back by pieces, they were not worth carrying on board. Taoofa, on receiving the prefent, fhared it with three or four other Chiefs, kecping only a fmall part for himfelf.

Soon after they weighed. On heaving up the anchor, they found that the cable had fuffered confiderably by the rocks.

Thus they took leave of the Friendly Inands, after a fay of near three months; during which time, they lived together in the moft cordial friendthip. Some accidental differences; it is true, now and then happened, owing to their great propenfity to thieving; but, too often, encouraged by the negligence of their own people. The time employed amongit them was not thrown away. They expended very little of their fea provifions; fubfifting, in general, upon the produce of the illands while they faid. The idea of having benefited thefe people, by leaving ufeful animals among them, gave no fmaly pleafure to Captain Cook.

They fourd, by experience, that the beft articles for trafic, at thefe iflands, are iron tools in general. Axes and hatchets; nails, from the larget fike down to ten. G. and $\mathrm{H}_{3}$.
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## ( 66 )

penty ones; ralps, files, and knives, are much fought after. Red cloth; and linen, both white and coloured;
of the rather there a The men by for the that ap are fo but to expreffi women, fingers, in Euro

The brown. child at found at that the menon.
There formitie complai indolent increafe length. tefticles, But in 0 monly $h$

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of the men, which feems a confequence of much actions, rather conveys the appearance of ftrength than of beauty, there are feveral to be feen who are really handfome.
The women are not fo much diftinguified from the men by their features as by their general form, which is, for the mof part, deftitute of that ftrong flefhy firmnefs that appears in the latter; though the features of fome are fo delicate, as not only to be a true index of their fex, but to lay claim to a confiderable fhare of beauty and expreffion. But the moft remarkable diftinction in the women, is the uncommon fmallnefs and delicacy of their fingers, which may be put in competition with the fineft in Europe.

The general colour is a calt deeper than the copper brown. They faw a man and a boy at Hapace, and a child at Annamooka, perfectly white. Such have been found amongft all black nations; but it is apprehended, that their colour is rather a difeafe than a natural phenomenun.

There are, upon the whole, few natural defects or deformities to be found amongt them. There are tivo complaints frequent with them; one of which is an indolent firm fwelling, that affeets the legs and arms, and increafes them to an extraordinary fize in their whole length. The other is a tumour of the fame fort in the tefticles, which fometimes exceed the fize of the two fifts. But in other refpects, they may be confidered as uncommonly healthy.

The graceful air and firm ftep with which thefe people walk, are not the leaft obvious proofs of their perfonal accomplifhments.

Their countenances very remarkably exprefs the abundant mildnefs, or good nature, which they poffefs; and are entirely free from that favage keeunefs which marks nations in a barbarous flate.

The only defect fullying their character is a propenfity to thieving; to which thofe of both fexes are addicted. Great allowatces, however, hould be made; their minds were overpowered with the glare of objects, equally new to them, as they were captivating. The thefts fo frequently committed by the natives, may be faid to arife folely from an intenfe curiofity or defire to poliefs fomething


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## ( 68 )

alitig which they had not been acculftomed to before, and belonged to a fort of people fo different from themretives.
The men are all circumcifed, or rather fupercifed; as the operation confift in cutting off only a fmall piece of the forefkin, at the upper part ; which by that means, is rendered incapable, ever after, of covering the glans. This is all they aim at $;$ as they fay, the operation is practired from a notion of cleanlinefs.
The drefs of both men and women are the fame; and confits of a piece of cloth or matting (but moftly the former) about two yards wide, and two and a half long; at leaft, fo long as to go once and a half round the wain, to which it is confined by a girdle or cord. It is double before; and hangs down like a petticoat, as low as the middle of the leg. The upper part of the garment, above the girdle, is plaited into feveral folds s, fo that when unfolded, there is cloth fufficient to draw up and wrap round the fhoulders; which is very feldom done
The ornaments worn by both fexes'are necklaces, made of the fruit of the pandanus, and various fweet fmelling flowers, which go under the general name of kabulla. Others are compofed of fmall thells, the wing and legbones of birds, fhark's teeth, and other things; all which hang loofe upon the breaft; rings of tortoife-fhell on the fingers; and a number of thefe, joined together, as bracelets on the wrifts.

The employment of the women is of the eary kind, and, for the moft part, fuch as may be executed in the thoufe. The manufacturing their cloth is wholly configned to their care ; which has been already defcribed.

The manufacture next in confequence, and alfo within the department of the women, is that of their mats, which excel every thing that has been feen at any othor, place, both as to their texture and their beauty. There are many other articles of lefs, note, which employ the females; all finifhed with greaf neatnefs, and tafte in the difpofition of the various parts.:
The province allotted to the men is, as might be expefted, far more laborisus and extenfive than that of the marnen. Agricultuse, architeeture, bout-buildinge ahi ing

## (69)

$3, \mathrm{y}$, and other things that relate to navigation, are thies objects of their care.
They are amazingly deficient in their tafte for building; the houfes of the lower people aret mifarable things and very fmall, thofe of the better forty are lavget mit more comfortable. The dimenfions of one of a middiling fize, are aboat thirty feet long, twenty broads and twelve high. Their houfe is, properly fpeaking a tharched roof or thed, fupported by pofts and rafters, difpofed ins a very judicious manner. The Anoor is raifed with earth fmoothed, and covered with frong, thick matting, and, kept. very clean. A thick Arong mat, about two pad one half of three feet broad, heat into the fotmpof 2 femicircle, and fet upon itsedgei with the ends touching the fide of the houfe, in Thape refembling the fendergen a fire hearth, inclofei i I pace for the maftor sind mituef of the family ©feep in: The reft, of the family fleepe upon the floon, wherever they pleafe to lie downs sthe, unmarfied men and women apart from each others $\mathrm{Or}_{\mathrm{s}}$ ? if the family be lagges, shere are finell hute adjoiningy te: which the fervants retire in the night, 60 that privgers is as mach obfewed here, as one could lexpeot. The clothes that they wear in the day, ferve for covering tare the night. Their whole ifurnitutecendifts of a bowlat two, in which they make karva; 2 few gourdo, cocounut fhells; and fonc fmall wooden! fools; which ferye them for pillows.
The only tools which they make ufe of to contruas their boats, whichare very dexteron』y made' are harchets? or rather thick adzes, of a fmooth black fone thitrabounds. at Toofoa; zugres, made of flatre's tecth, fixed on finith handles; and rafps, of irrough Rkin of ai Ah, fiffected. on flat pieces of wood, thiamer on one fides, which alico have handles.
The cordage is made from the fibres of the cocpa-nut hukk; whish, though not more than nine or ten inctict long, they iplait; abour the fize of a quill, or leffy, toing: length that thiey, pleaf, and roll it up in bulle, firen. which the latgor ropes are made, by twiting feveriltio? thefe together. The lines that they fith withy zeret Arong gad aven w, she baf coid we make, refamblies; id

## ( 70 )

almoft in every refpect. Their other fifting inplements; are large and fmall hooks made of pearl thell:

The weapone which they make, are clubs of different Sorts, (in the ornamenting of which they fpend much time) fpears and dait. They have alfo bows and arrcws; but thefe feemed to be defigned only for amufement, fuch as fhooting at birds, and not for military purpofes.

Yams, plantains, and cocoa-nuts, compofe the greatett part of their vegetable diet. Of their animal food, the chief articles are hngs, fowls, filh, and all forts of fhell fifh. The two firf vegetable articles, with bread-fruit, are what may be called the bafis of their fond.
They feem to have no fet time for meals. They go to bed as foon as it is dark, and rife with the dawn in the morning.
Their private diverfions are chiedy finging, dancing, and mufic, performed by the women.
The Chiefs have coinmonly feveral women; though f,me were of opinion that ther: was only one that wasi: looked upon as the miftrefs of the family; the common: people have but one wife.
The unmarried women are generally very chate $s$ : therei are fame of a different character, but they ays tared to be, of the loweft clafs; and fuch of thernas as permitted fami-1 liarities to the failors, were profitutessby profeffion.
Nothing cap be a greater. proof.of the humanity of thefo. people, than the concera they fhew for the dead. They: miay be faid to mourms not in woyds but deeds; they beat ther teeth with 'Aones, frike a Soark's twoth into the head notil the blood flows in Arcams, and thrüf- fpears into the, inner part of the thigho into their fides below the atm-pite, and through the cheeks into the mouth. The comman peopla are interred in no pacticular, fpot.

Their long and general mourning proves that they conEder death as a very great:evil:-And this is ceafirmed by a very odd cuftom which they practice to avert it. They fuppofos that the Deity will accept of the little finger, as a fort of facrifice efficacions enough to procure the jrecovery of their healsh. They cut is off with one of their. fone ihatchets. There was fcarcely one in ten of, them whom we did not find this mutilated, in one on

## ( 71 )

both hands; which has a difagreeable effect, efpecially as they fometimes cut fo clofe, that they encroach upon the bone of the hand which joirs to the amputated finger**
They feem to have little conception of future punifhment. They believe, however, that they are juftly put nifled upon earth; and, confequently, ufe every method to render their divinitiés propitions. The Supreme Au' thor of molt things they call Kallafootonga; who, they fay, is a female, refiding in the aky, and directing the thunder, wind, rain, and, in general, all the changes of weather. They believe, that when the is angry with them; the productions of the earth are blafted; that many things are deftroyed by lightning; and that they themfelves are afflicted with ficknefs and death, as well as their hogs and other animals. When this anger abates, they fuppofe that every thing is reftored to its natural order. They alfo admit a plurality of deities, though all inferior to Kallafootonga. Amongtt them, they mention Tojfooaboolootoo, god of the clouds and fng; Falliteboo, and fome others, refiding in the Heavens: The firft in rank and power, who has the government of the fea; and its pio ductions, is called. Futtafaike, who, they fay, is a male, ánd has for his wife Fykgva Kajeca. But their notions of the power and other attributes of thefe beings, are fo very abfurd, that they fuppofe they have no farther concern with them after death.

Of the nature of their government, they know but little. Some of them faid the power of the King is unlimited, and that the life and property of the fubject is at his difpofal; and Captain Cook faw many intances to prove, that the lower order of people have no property, nor fafety for their perfons, but were at the will of the Chiefs to whom they refpectively belong.

When any one wants to fpeak with the King, or Chief, he advances and fits down before him with his legs acrofs; which is a pofture to which they are fo much accuftomed, that any other mode of ficting is difagreefible to them. $t$

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## ( $82 * 83$ )

To rpeak to the King ftanding, would be accounted here * a Ariking mark, of madeneofs, When he walks out, all he meets muft fit down till he has paffed. No one is allowed to be over his head; on the contrary; all mult come under his feet; for there cannot be a greater outward mark of fabmiffion, than that which is paid to the fovereign, and other. great people of thefe inlands, by their inferiors. The method is this ; the perfon who is tou pa' wbeifance, fquats down before the Chief, and Thows the hedd to tha fole of his foot; ;and, having tap. pad it with the under and upper fide of the fingers of both hands, he rifes up, and retires. The hands, efter this application of them to the Chieffs feet, are, in fame Sher, mundered ufelefa for a time; for, uncil they ate wained they muat not touch any kind of food. When she hands are in thisitate, they call it taboo rema. T Ta. dhoo, in general, fignifies forbidden; and rema is their iward for hand.

Taboa, as we have before obferved is a word of an ex. menfive fignification. Human facrifices are called tangata 2adoo ; and when lany thing is forbidden to be eat, or made ufe of, they fay, that it is taboo.

## ( 85 )




## P $A \quad R \quad T \quad$ III.

Tranfactions at Oiabeite, and the Sacisty Ilands; and Profecution of the Voyage to the Coaft of North America, from $\mathrm{J}^{2} \mathrm{y}$ y 1777 10 March 1778.

CAPTAIN Cook had now left the Priendly Illands, and on the inth of July he food to the South, when a fquall of wind tore both his main and top-gallant fails. On the $3^{1 f}$ Captain Cletke's mat maft was difcovered to be fpruxy in a very dangerous manner ; he had alfo loft his top-gallant yard, and he had not any means of fupplying their place.

The Refolution's fprit-fail top-Sail was fent him by Lieutenant King, and he got up a: jury top-matt, which enabled him to proceed with the Refolution.

In the morning of the 8th of Auguif, land was feen, bearing North North Eaft, nine or ten leagues diftant: it was every where guarded by a reef of coral rock, extending, in fome places, 2 full mile from the land, and a high furf breaking upon it. They allo obferved people on feveral parts of the coaft, walking or running along thore; and, in a little time after they had reached the lee-fide of the illand, they faw them launch two canoes, into. which above a dozen men got and paddled toward us.
They now thortened fail, as well to give thefe canoes time to come up with them, as to found for anchorage. The canoes having advanced to about the diftance of $z$ piftol-fhot from the thip, they flopped. Omai was employed, as he ufually had been on fuch occafions, to ufe all his eloquence to prevail upon the men in them to. come nearer; but no intreaties could indace them to truft themfelves within reach of the fhips. They kept eagerly pointing to the thore with their paddles; and fiveral of

## ( 85 )

their countrymen, who food upon the beach, held up fomething white, which was confi dered alfo as an invitation to lant. But Captain Cook did not think proper to rifk lofing the advantage of a fair wind, for the fake of examining an illand, that appeared to be of litule confequence. Fbr this feaforf, they made fail to the North, but not without getting from them, during their vicinity to the fhip, the name of their ifland, which they called Toobouai.

There are hills in it of a confiderable elevation. At the fog of the hills is a narrow border of flat land, nunning quite round it, edged with a white fand beach. Accorring to the information of the men in the canoes, their Hand is focked with hogs and fowls; and produces the feveral fruits and roots that are found at the other inlands in this part of the Pacific Ocean.
From the converfation they had with thofe who came of to them, they fatisfied themfelves, that the inhabitants of Toobouai fpeak the Otaheite language; a circumfance that indubitably proves them to be of the faine nation.

The difcovery of this ifand may be an object to future navigatyors. By the appearance of their canoes, which Were carved all over, they are evidently people of fome genius; if they have weapons, Captain Cook's people lid not fee them.

On the 12 th of Auguft they made the ifland of Maitem and prefently after Otaheite made its appearance. Al foon as we were near enough to the latter, a number of chnoes came off with two or three men in each ; but, as they were common fellows, Omai took no particular notice of them, nor they of him. They did not even feem to perceive, that he was one of their countrymen, a) though they convereed with him for fome time. At Iength a Chief, known by them before, named Ootee, and Omai's brother-in-law, who chanced to be now at this corner of the inland, and three or four more perfons, all of whom knew Omai, before he embarked with Capthin Furneaux, came on board. Yet there was nothing -ither senden or friking in their meeting. On the contrary, there feemed to be a perfeet indifference on both Gider tin Omai, having taken his brother down into

## ( 87 )

the cabin, opened the drawer where he kept his red feathers, and gave him a few. This being prefently known amongft the reft of the natives upon deck, the face of affairs was entirely turned; and Ootee, who would hardly fpeak to Omai before, now begged that they might be friends, and exchange names. Omai accepted of the honour, and confirmed it with a prefent of red feathers ; and Ootee, by way of return, fent afthore for 2 hog. But it was evident to all prefent, that it wasi not the man, bat his ppoperty, they were in love with. Had he not fhewin to them his treafure of red feathers: which is the commodity in greatef eftimation at the inland, it is to be queftioned wheither they would have bed. fowed even a cocoa-nit upon him. Sach was Omai' frit reception among his countrymen; and fuch Captain Cook faid he expected; but yet he had hopes that the valuable cargo of prefents, with which the liberality of his friends in England had loaded him, would be the means of raifing him into confequence, and of making him refpetted, and even courted, by the firt perfons throughout the extent of the Society IIlands. This could not but have happened, had he conducted himfelf with. any degree of pructence, but, inftead of that, he paid $t 00$ little regard to the repeated advice of thofe who wifhed him well, and fuffered himifelf to be duped by every defigning knave.
The inportant news of red feathers being on bound the fhips, having been conveyed on more by Onvitu friends, day had no foomer begun to break nex rhotuing, than they were furrounded by a multitude of canoes? crowded with people bringing hogs and fruit to markets, At firt, a quantity of feathers, not greater than what might be got from a tomstit, would purchafe a hog of forty or fifty pounds weight; but as almeft every body. in the flips was poffefled of fome of this precious article of trade, it, fell in its value above five hundred per cento: before night. However, red feathers continued more va-. luable than any other article; nails; and beads, and other trinkets; which, during the former voyages; had: fo great a run at this illand, were now fo much defpifed that few would deign fo much as to look at themi.

Soon after they had anchored, Omai's fifter came on board to fee him; and much to the honour of thein both, their meeting, was marked with exprefions of the tenderef affection, eafier to be conceived than to be described.
This moving fcene having clofed, and the hip being properly moored, Captain Conk and Omai went on shore, and they immediately paid a vifit to a very extraordipary man, who was called the god of Bolabola. He was an elderly man, and had loft the ufe of his limbs; So that he was carried from place to plice upon' 2 handbarrow. Some called him Olla, or Orra, which is the name of the god of Bolabola ; but his own proper name was Etary. Omai prefented to him a tuft of red feathers, tied to the end of a fmall ftick; but, after a little converfation on indifferent matters with this Bolabola man, his attention was drawn to an old woman, the fifter of his mother. She was already at his feet, and had bedewed them plentifully with tears of joy.
Here the Captain left him furrounded by numbers of prople to view a houfe, which fome ftrangers. had built fince his for. voyage. By an infcription, it appeared that two Spoukial chips had been there, that came from Lima.
As it was known that cocon-nuts were to be found in abundance in this and the neighbouring iflands, it was prypofed to the crews of both the hips by Captain King, to fubftitute the liquor which they produce, as an excellent beverage, and fave their rum, which might rul Thort; as they found the voyage would be neceffarily prolonged beyond the time intended; and it would diftrefo them much to be put to a fhort allowance in that article, efpecially in a cold climate. For thefe very fub. ftantial reafons, it was fubmitted to them, whether it would not be better to be prudent in time, and rather than to run the rikk of having no fpirits left, when fuch 2 cordial would be moft wanted, to confent to be without their grog now, when there was to be had fo excellent a liguor es that of cocoa-nuts to fubflitute in its place.
The Captain had the fatisfaction to find, that thiss. propofal did not remain a fingle moment under confide.

## (8) )

nation ; being unanimoufy approved of ;imitiediately, without any objection. However, both the crews were' indulged with grog on Saturday nights'; when the coing panies of both fhips had full allowance of it, that they might drink the healths of their female friends in Eht: land, left thefe, among the pretty girls bFO Oatheite, fhould be wholly forgotten.
The next day they began fome neceflary opetations: fuch as infpecting the provifions, fetting the caulkers to work, \&c. They allo niut on thore the buh, towts, Hopfes, and heep, and appointed two men to look after them while grazing ; as it was not intended to leave any ot them at this part of the ifland.
During the two following days it hardly ever cealed raining. The natives, nevertbelef, came to thent frod every quarter, the news of their arrival having fapidery fpread. Waheiadooa, though at a diftance, had been tit formed of it; and in the afternoon of the 16 th, a Chief named Etorea, under whofe tutorage he "was, brought two hogs as a prefent from him ; and acquainted Captain Cook that he himfelf would come on board the day aftel. And fo it proved; for they received a meffige from hith the next morning, notifying his arrival, and defring the Captain would go athore to meet him. Accordingly, Omai and he prepared to pay him a formal vifit. On this occaifon, Omai, affited by fome of his friends, dreffet himfelf; not after the Engiin fachion, nor that of Dtizheite, nor that of Tongataboo, nor in the drefs of ailt country upon earth; but in a ftrange medley of all thiat he was poffeffed of.
Thus equipped, they firt vifited Etary, who, carried on a hand-barrow, attended them to a large houfe, where he was fet down; and they feated themfelves on each fide of him. The Captàin caufed a piece of cloth of Tongataboo to be fpread before them, on which he placed the prefents he intended to make. Prefently the youns Chief came, attended by his mother, and feveral principal men, who all feated themrelves at the other end of the cloth. Then a man made a peech, conffining of fhort and feparate fentences; part of which was dietued by thofe about him. He was enifwered by one from the oppofite fide, near the Chief. Etary fooke nett,

## ( 90 )

Omai ; and both of them were anfwered from the fame qimurter. Thefe orakions were entirely about their arrivali and conneetions with them. 'The perfon who Spoke laft, told the Captain, amongt other things, that he was authorifed to make a formal furrender of the province of Tiarnhposo him, end of every thing in it ; which marks very plainly, that thefe people are no frangers to the policy of accommodating themfelves to prefent circumftancek, At length the young Chief was direeted by his attendaotis to come and embrace him; and, by way of confurming this treaty of friend3ip, they exchanged mames. The ceremony being clofed, he and his friends accompanied the Captain on board to dinner.
Omai had prepared a mare, or prefent, compofed of red and yellow feathers, which he intended for Otoo, the king of the whole ifland; and, confidering the place, it was a prefent of very great value. He was defired not to produce it now, but to give it, to Otoo, with his own hands 3 but he had too good an opinion of the honefty and fidelity of his countrymen to take advice. Nothing. would ferve him, but to carry it ahore, on this occafion, and to give it to Waheiadooa, to be by him forwarded to Otoo, in order to its being added to the royal maroHe thought, by this management, that he thould oblige. both Chief ; whereas he highly difobliged the one, whofe faveur was of the moft confequence to him; with out gaining any reward from the other. What was foreceen happened; for Waheiadooa kept the maro for himfelf, and only fent to 0 too a very fmall piece of feathers; not the twentieth part of what belonged to. the magnificent prefent.
On, the 19 th, this young Chief made me a prefent: of ten or a dozen hogs, a quantity of fruit, and fome cloth. In the evening were exhibited fome fireworks, which both attonihed and entertained the numerous spectators.

Having taken in a frefh fupply of water, and finihed all other neceffary operations, on the 22d they brought of the cattle and heep, which had been put on ihore here to graze ; and made ready for fea.
A light breeze fopinging up, they foom astived ax Matavi Bay.

## (93)

About nine o'clock in The morning Otoo, the King of the whole inand, attended by a great number of ca? noes full of people, came from Oparres his place of re-s fidencé, and having landed on Matavai Point, fent ${ }^{2}$ meffage: on board, expreffing his defive to foe Captaih Cook there. Accordingly he landed accompanied by Omai, and fome of the officers. They found a pliodigious number of people affembled on this occufion's and in the midit of them was the King, attended by his fuit ther, his two brothers, and three fifters: The Captutio went up firts, and faluted him, followed by Osnai, whor kneeled and embraced his legs. He had prepared himarex felf for this ceremony, by drefling himfelf in his verye beft fuit of clothes, and behaved with 2 great deul of refpet and modefty. Neverthelefs, very little notice: was taker of him. Perhaps, envy had fome thare int producing this cold reception. He made the Chief al prefent of a large piece of. red feathers, and about two or three yards of gold cloth; and the Captain gave him $a$ fuit of fine linen, 2 gold-laced hat, fome tools, and, ${ }^{5}$ what was of more value than all the other articles; a quantity of red feathers, and one of the bonnets in ufe. at the Friendly Inands.
After the hurry of this vifit was over, the King, mand the whole royal family, went on board, followed by feveral canoes, laden with all kind of provifions, int quantity fufficiens to have ferved the companies of both fhips for a week: Soon after, the King's mothery who had not been prefent at the fisft interview, came on board. bringing with her a quantity of provifions, and cloih. Omai now began to be noticed by his countrymen, in confequence of their difoovering bis riches, This the Captain enconraged, as it was his intention to fix him with Otoo. As heintended to leave all the European animals at this illand, he thought he would be able to give: fome inftruction about the management of them, and theite ufe, He very properly judged, that he would be respeqied. the more, by being fome diftance from his native iffind.
But, unfortunately; poor Omai rejected all ad vice; and conducted himelf info imp quident a maniner, thatise foon lof the friend hip of Ctoo, and of every etier ferfon of note in Otabeite. He affociated with none

But vagabonds and frangers, whofe fole views were to plonder him.
As foon as dinner was over, a party accompanied Otoo to Oparre, taking witn them fome poultry to ftock the ifland: amongit them a peacock and hen, (a prefent of Lord Befborough's) allo fome geefe and ducks:-They had the fatiafaction to fee the geefe and ducks had begun to breed before they left the ifland. They fand there a gander, which, the natives faid, was the rame that Captain Wallis had given to Oberea ten years before; Several goats; and the Spanifh bull, whom they kept tied to a tree, near Otoo's houfe. He was now the pro. perty of Etary, and had been brought from Oheitepeha to this place, in order to be Thipped for Bolabola. If they had not arrived, it would have been of little confeguence who had the property of him, as, without a cow, he could be of no ufe; and none had been left with him. The next day three cows were fent on Chore, to this bull; and the ball, which had been brought alfo. The horfe and mare, and heep, were put afhore, at Matavai.
$\therefore$ The Captain congratulated himfelf upon having thus difpofed of his paffengers; as he was pleafed to call them; and mentions with great pleafure, the fatisfaction he had in being fo fortunate as to fulfil his Majefty's hu: mane defign, in fending fuch valuable animals, to fupply' the wants of two worthy nations.

On the 26th, they had a piece of ground cleared for a garden, and planted it with feveral articles; very few of which, it is feared, the natives will ever look after. Some melons, potatoes, and two pine-apple plants, were in a fair way of fucceeding before they left the place. A number of the natives got together to tafte the firft fruit of a vine planted by the Spaniards at Oheitepeha; but, as the grapes were fill four, they confidered it as little better than poifon, and it was unanimoufly determined to tread it under foot. In that ftate, Omai found it by chance, and was overjoyed at the difcovery; for he had a full confidence, that, if he had but grapes, he could eafily make wine. Accordingly, he had feveral flips cut off from the tree, to carry with him; and the semains were pruned and put in order. Probably grown wife by Omai's infructions, they may now fuffer the

## ( 93 )

fruit to grow to perfection, and not pafs fo hafty a fentence upon it again.

They found here the young man who was called Ohedidee, but whofe real name is Hecte-heete. He had been upon a former voyage carried from Ulietea in 1773, and broughe back in 1774, after he had vifited the Friendly Iflands, New Zealand, Eafter Illand, and the Marquefes; and been on board in that extenfive navigation, about feven months. He was tenacious of his good breeding, and yes, Sir, or, if you pleafe, Sir, were frequently repeated by him. Heete-heete, who is a native of Bolabola, had arrived in Otaheite, about three months before, with no other intention; as it appeared, than to gratify his curiofity, or, perhaps, tome other favourite paffion; which are, very often, the only objects of the purfuit of ocher travelling gentlemen. It was evident, however, that he preferred the modes, and even garb, of his conttrymen; for, though fome clothes were given him, which the Admiralty Board had been pleafed to fend for his ufe, to which was added a chert of tools, and a few other articles, he declined wearing them, after a few days. This inftance may be urged as a proof of the frong propenfity natural to man, of returning to habits acquired at an early age, and only interrupted by accident. And, perhaps, it may be concluded, that even Omai, who had imbibed almof the whole Englif mathners, would, in a very fhort time after being left, re turn to his own native garments.
On the 27 th, there was a report of the arrival of two Spanifh Thips.'. This alarmed Captain Couk, who immediately from an apprehenfion of war between England and that country, (of which, however, he had received no information) put the ships in a fate of defence. This report upon enquiry had no foundation.

On the 27th in the evening, one of the furgeon's mates was robbed of three hatchets in an excurfion up the country. This was foon known among the natives, and they all made a precipitate flight from the fhips; even Otoo himfelf fled, and it was with fome difficulty they were brought vack, and trançuillity was reftored. The Caprain took no meafures to recover the hatcbets. The

## (94)

fellow who was entrufted with the carriage of them tan away with them. The furgeon's mate had taken them to purchafe curiofities with.
At this time the people of Morea, a neighbouring ifle, were in arms, and had beat fome of Otoo's partizans Who refided there, they applied to Captain Cook for affitante, which he with great prudence declined, being topally unacquainted with the merits of the cafe, and luncwing he had no sight to interfere in their quarrels. The Chiefs had feveral meetings upon this bufinels. Towha, than of mueh weight in the iffand, happened not to be at Matavai at this time; and, confequently, wap eot prefont at any of thefe confultations. It, however: appetred that he was no franger to what was tranfafted: and that he entered with more fpirit into the aftith, then any othor Chief; foty early in the morning. of the, it of September, a moftenger artived from him to aroquaint Otoo, that he had kilted a man to be facri-: ficed to the Easooa, to implore the affitance of the God atrainf Eimeo. This aet of thorlifp was to be performed 2I the great Morat at Attahiooroo; and Otoo's prefence; it foctin, wat abfotutely neceflary on that foleme oc cefiph.
n- Goptain Cook and his party, by confent of the Chiefsp attonded at this ceremony.

- At-this is a very ymgular account, it is laid before the reader in Captain Ciook's roords, omisting only a: fow of fuch paflages as are, leaft interefing.
* In our way we landed upon a fmall illand, which lies off Tettaha, where we found Towha and his retinue. After fome little converfation between the two Chiefs, on the fubject of the war, Towha addreffed himfelf to me, aiking my affiftance. When I excufed myfelf he feemed angry; thinking it Atrange that 1 , who had always declared myfelf to be the friend of their ifland, would not now go and fight againft its enemies, Before we parted, he gave to Utoo two or three red feathers tied up in a tuft; and a lean half-i


## - 195 )

Atarved dog was puti into canoe that was to ach company us. We then embarked again, taking on board a prieft who was to affift at the folemnity.

6 As foon as wo landed at Attahooroo, which was about two ${ }^{2}$ clock in the afternoon, 0 too ext preffed his defire that the feamen might be ordered to remain in the boat; and that Mr. Anderfon, Mr. Webber, and my felf, might take off our Hats as foon as we fhould come to the morai, to which we inmediately proceeded, attended by a great many men, and fome boys, but not one woman. We found four priefts, and their attendants, or affiftants, waiting for us. The dead body, or facrifice, was in a fmall canoe that lay on the beach, and partly in the wafh pf the fea, fronting the morai.
"The ceremopies now began: One of the prieft's attendants broughe y young plantain-tree, and laid it down before Otoa. One of the priefts, feafed at the morai, now began w long priyer: During this prayer a man, who ftood by the officiating prieft, held in his hands two bundles, feemingly of cloth. In one of them, as we afterwards found, was the royal maro; and the other, if I may bo altowed the exprefition, was the ark of the Eatooad As foon as the prayer was etided, the priefts at the morai, with their! attendants, went and fat dowit by thofe upon the beach, carrying with them the two bundles. Here they renewed their prayers The dead body was now taken out of the canoes and laid upon the beach, with the foet to the feas The priefts placed themfetves around it, fomie fits ting, and others fanding ; and one, or more of them, repeated fentences for about ten minuteo. It was now laid in a parallel direction with the fea-thore - One of the prieft then, ftanding tit the feet of it, pronounced a long prajer, in which he wais, at times, joind by the orliers; exch holds

## ( 96 )

ing in his haind a tuft of red feathers. In the courfe of this prayer, fome hair was pulled of the head of the facrifice, and the left eye taken out; both which were prefented to Otoo, wrapped up in a green leaf. He did not, however, touch it, but gave, to the man who prefented it, the tuft of feathers which he had received from Towha. This, with the hair and eye, was carried back to the priefs. Soon after Otoo fent to them another piece of feathers, which he had given me in the marning to keep in my pocket. During fome part of this laft ceremony, a king-fifher making a noife in the trees, Ot to curned to me, faying, "That is the Eatooa;" and feemed to look upon it to be a good omen.
cs The body was then carried a little way, with its head toward the morai, and laid under a tree; near which were fixed three broad thin pieces of wood, differently, but rudely, carved. The bundles of cloth were laid on a part of the morais and the tufts of red feathers were placed at the feet of the facrifice; round which the priefts took their ftations; and we were now allowed to go as near as we pleafed. He who feemed to be the chief prieft fre at a fmall diffance, and fpoke for a quarter of an hour, but with different tones and geftures ; fo that he feemed to expoftulate with the dead perfon, to whom he conftantly addreffed himfelf; and fometi,aes afked feveral queftions, feemingly with refpect to the propriety of hie having been killed. At other times he made feweral demands, as if the deceafed either now had power himfelf, or intereft with the Divinity, to angage him to comply with fuch requefts. Amongt which, we underfood, he afked hita to deliver Eimeo, Maheine its chief, the hoge, women, and other things of the illand, into their hands i which was, indeed, the exprefe intention of the facrifice.
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He then chanted a prayer, which tahed near walf an hour, in a whining, melancholy tone, accompanied by two other priefts, and in which Poutatou and forne others ' j ,ined. In the coure of this prayer, fome more hair was plucked by the prieft from the head of the corple, and put upon one of the bundles.- After this, the chief prient prayed alone, holding in his hand the feathers which came from Towhe. When te had finithed, he gave them to another, who prayed in like nanner. Then att the tufts of feathers were laid upon the bundles of cloth, which clofed the ceremony at this place.
"The corpfe was then carried up to the mont conficicuous part of the morai, with the feathers, the two bundles of cloth, and the drums, the laf of which beat flowly. The feathers and Bundles were laid againft the pile of foncs, and the corpfe at the foot of them. The priefts having again feated themfelves round it, renewed their prayers; while fome of their attendants dug a hole aboat two feet deep, into which they threw the ubhappy victim, and covered it over with earth and fones. While they were putting him into the grave, a boy fqueaked aloud, and Omai faid to me, that it was the Eatosa. During this time, a fire having been made, the dog, before mentioned, was produced, and killed, by twifting his neek, and ruffocating him. The hair was finged off, and the entrails taken out, and thrown into the fire, where they were left to confume. But the heart, liver, and kidneys, were only roafted, by being laid on hot ftones for a few minutes; and the body of the dog, after being befmeared with blood, which had been collected into a cocoa-nut Miell, and dried over the fire, was, with the liver, \&cc. carvied and laid down before the priefts, who fat praying round the grave. They continued their cja-

## ( 98 )

culations over the dog for fome time, while two men, at intervals, beat on two drums very loud; and a boy fcreamed, as before, in a loud, fhrill voice, three different times. This, 25 we were told, was to invice E: toon to feaft on the banquet that they had prepared for him. As foon as the priefts had ended their prayers, the carcafe of the dog, with what belonged to it, were laid on a whutta, or fcaffold, about tix feet high, that ftood clofe by, on which lay the remains of two other dogs, and of two pigs, which had lately been facrificed, and, at this time, emitted an intolerable ftench. This kept us at a greater diffance than would otherwife have been required of us; for, after the victim was removed from the fea-fide toward the morai, we were allowed to. approach as near as we pleafed. Indeed, afier that, neither ferioufnefs nor attention were much obferved by the fpectators. When the dog was put upon the whatta, the priefts and attendants gave a kind of fhout, which clofed the ceremonies for the prefent. The day being now alfo clofed, we were conducted to a houre belonging to Potatou, where we were entertained, and lodged for the night. We had been told, that the religious rites were to be renewed in the morning; and I would not leave the place, while any thing remained to be feen.

6 Being unwilling to lofe any part of the folemnity, fome of us repaired to the fcene of action pretty early, but found nothing going forward. However, foon after a pig was facrificed, and laid upon the fame whatia with the others. About eight o'clock, Otoo took us again to the morai, where the priefts, and a great number of men, were, by this time, affenbled. The two bundles occupied the place in which we had feen them depofited the preceding evening; the two drumss ftood in the front of the merai, but fomewhat

## ( 99 )

rearer it than before; and the priefs were beyond them. Otoo p.aced himfelf between the two drums, and defired me to ftand by him.
" The ceremony began with bringing a young plantain-tree; and laying it down at the King'y feet. After this, a prayer was repeated by the priefts, who held in their hands feveral tufts of red feathers, and alfo a plume of oftrich feathers, which I had given to Otoo on my firt arrival, and had been confecrated to this ufe. When the priefts had made an end of the prayer, they changed their ftation, placing themfelves between us and the morai; and one of them, the fame perfon who had acted the principal part the day before, began another prayer, which lafted about half an hour. During the continuance of this, the tufts of feathers were, one by one, carried and liid upon the ark of the Eatooa.
"Some litile time after, four pigs were produced; one of which was immediately killed; and the others were taken to a fty, hard by, probably referved for fome future occafion of facrifice. One of the bundles was now untied; and it was found, as 1 before obferved, to contain the malo, with which thefe people inveft their kings; and which feems to anfwer, in fome degree, to the European: enfigns of royalty. It was carefully taken out of the cloth, in which it had been wrapped up, and fpread, at full length, upon the ground before the prieft. It is a girdle, about five yards long, and fifteen inches broad; and, from its name, feems to be put on in the fame manner as is the common maro, or piece of cloth, ufed by thefe. people to wrap round the waif. It was ornamented with red and yellow feathers; but montly with the latter, taken from a dove found upon the ifland. The one end was bordered with eight pieces, each about the fize and chape of a hoife-

## ( 100 )

thoe, having thrir edges fringed with black fea. thers. The other end was forked, and the points were of different lengths. The feathers were in Square coinpartments, ranged in two rows, and otherwife fo difpofed, as to produce a pleafing ef. feet. They had been firf pafted, or fixed, uponfome of their own country cloth; and then fewed to the upper end of the pendant which Captain Wallis had difplayed, and left fying afhore, the firft time he landed at Matavai. This was what they told us, and we had no reafon to doubt it, as we could eafily trace the remains of an Englifh pendant. About fix or cight inches fquare of the maro was unornamented; there being no feathers upon that fpace, except a few that had been fent by Waheadooa, as already mentioned. The priefts made long prayer, relative to this part of the ceremony; and, if I miftook not, they called it the prayer of the maro. When it was finithed, the badge of royalty was carefully folded up, put into the cloth, and depofited again upon the morai.
"The other bundle, which I have diftinguifhed by the name of the ark, was next opened at one end. But we were not allowed to go near enough to examine its myfterious contents. The information we received was, that the Eatooa, to whom they had been facrificing, and whofe name is Ooro, was concealed in it; or rather, what is fuppofed to reprefent him. This facred repofitory is made of the twifted fibres of the hufk of the cocoanut, fhaped fomewhat like a large fid, or fugarloaf; that is, roundiff, with one end much thicker than the other. We t d, very often, got fmall ones from different people, but never knew their ufe before.
" By this time, the pig, that had been killed, was cleaned, and the entrails taken out. Thefe. happened
happened to have a confiderable thare of thofe convulfive motions, which often appear, in different parts, after an animal is killed; and this was confidered by the fpectators as a very favourable omen to the expedition, on account of which the facrifices had been offered. After being expofed for fome time, that thofe who chofe might examine their appearances, the entrails were carried to the priefts, and laid down before them. While one of their number prayed, another infpected the entrails more narrowly, and kept turning them gently with a ftick. When they had been fufficiently examined, they were thrown into the fire, and left to confume. The facrificed $p$ pg. and its liver, छic. were now put upon the whatta, where the dog had been depofited the day before; and then all the feathers, except the oftrich plume, were inclofed with the Eatooa in the ark ; and the folemnity finally clofed.
"Four double canoes lay upon the beach, before the place of facri'ice, all. the morning. On the fore-part of each of thefe, was fixed a fmall platform; covered with palm-leaves, tied in myferous knots ; and this alfo is called a morai. Some cocoa-nuts, plantains, pieces of bread-fruit, fifh, and other things, lay upon each of thefe naval morais. We were told, that they belonged to the Eatooa, and that they were to attend the fleet defigned to go againft Eimeo.

The unhappy victim, offered to the object of their worlhip upon this occafion, feemed to be a middle-aged man; and, as we were told, was 2 towiow; that is, one of the loweft clafs of the people. But, after all my inquiries, I could not learn, that he had been pitched upon, on account of any particular crime, committed by him, meriting death. It is certain, however, that they generally make choice of fuch guilty per-

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## ( 102 )

fans fir their facrifices; or elfe of common, low, fellows, who ftroll about, from place to place, and from ifland to ifland, without having any fixed abode, or any vifible way of getting an honeft livelihood; of which defcription of men, enough are to be met with at thefe inands. Having had an opportuuity of examining the appearance of the body of the poor fufferer, now offered up, 1 could obferve, that it was bloody. about the head and face, and a good deal bruiled upon the right temple; which marked the manner of his being killed. And we were told, that he had been privately knocked on, the head with a ftone.
"Thofe who are devoted to fuffer, in order to perform this bloody act of worfhip, are never apprifod of their fate, till the blow is given that puts aft end to their exiftence. Whenever any one of the great Chiefs thinks a human facrifice neceffary, on any particular emergency, he pitches upon the victim. Some of his trufty fervants are then fent, who fall upon him fuddenly, and put him to death with a club, or by foning him. The King is next acquainted with it, whofe prefence, at the folemn rites that follow, is, as I was told, abfolutely neceffary; and, indeed, on the prefent occafion, we could obferve that Otoo hore a principal part.
"It is much to be regretted, that a practice fo horrid in its own nature, and fo deftructive of that inviolable right of felf-prefervation, which every one is born with, fhould be found ftill exifting. Though we fhould fuppofe, that never more than one perfon is facrificed, on any fingle occafion, at Otaheite, it is more than probable, that thefe occafions happen fo frequently, as to make a Shocking wafte of the human race; for I counted to lefs than forty-nine fkulls, of former vietims,
lying before the morai, where we faw ane mome added to the number. And as none of thofe akulls had, as yet, fuffered any confiderable change from the weather, it may hence be inferred, that no great length of time had elapfed, fince, at leaft, this confiderable number of unhappy wretenes had been offered upon this altar of blood.

After this fingular fcene was finifited, to which the Captain feems to have paid particular attention, they all returned to the fhips, but not before he had fpoken his fentiments freely upon fuch a horrid practice. Upon this occafion Omai was employed as interpreter; and he entered into it with fo much fpirit, that the Chief feemed to be in great wrath; efpecially when he was told, that if he had put a man to death in England, as he had done here, his rank would not have protected him from being hanged for it. Upon this he exclaimed, maeno! maeno? [vile! vile!] and would not heay another word. During this debate, many of the natives were prefent, chiefly. the attendants and fervants of Towha himfelf; and when Omai began to explain the punifhment that would be inficted in England upon the greateft man, if he killed the meaneft fervant, they feemed to liften with great attention ; and were, probably, of a different opinion from that of their mafter, on this fubject.
On the $4^{\text {th }}$, a party dined afhore with Omai, who gave excellent fare, confifting of fift, fowls, and pork. There was alfo a large pudding. It was compofed of bread-fruit; ripe plantains, taro, and palm or pandanus nuts, each rarped, feraped, or beat up fine, and baked by itfelf. A quantity of juice, prefled from cocoa-nut kernels, was put into a large tray, or wooden veflel. The other articles, hot from the oven, were depofited in this veffel; and a few hot fones wero allo put in, to make the contents fimmer. Three or fuur men made ufe of fticks to ftir the feveral ingredients; till they were incorporated one with another, and the juice of the cocoa-nut was turned to oil; fo that the whole mats, at laft, became of the confiftency of a hafty-pudding,

## 104 )

ang. Some of the'e puddings are excellent; and few that are made in England equal them. The Cap. tain became fo fond of them, that he feldom afterwards dined without one, when it was to be had: he was a fpectator of the whole procefs in making it.

On the 5 th, they were fo unfortunate as to lofe a young ram of the Cape breed, that had been lambed on. board; this was a great lofs, as it was the only one they had of that breed. It was killed by a dog.

In the evening of the 7 th, they played off fome fircworks before a great concourfe of people.. Some were highly entertained, but the greater number were tersibly frightened. A table-rocket was the laft: it fleiv off the table, and difperfed the whole crowd in a mo-: ment; even the moft refolute among them fled with precipitation.

Otoo, who was very attentive to 3is vifiters, treated them with what may be called a play. His three fifters were the actreffes, and the dreffes that they appeared inwere new and elegant ; that is, more fo than had been ufually met with at any of thefe iflands.

A chief of this country, named Tee, whom Captain. Cook knew upon his former voyage, had died about four months before his prefent arrival; however, he had anopportunity of feeing the body, which was embalmed: it was, as he fays, entire in every part, and what was fill more extraordinary, putrefaction feemed fcarcely to be: begun, for there was not the leaft difagreeable fmell proceeding from it, though the climate is one of the hottef; and Tee had been dead above four months. The only, remarkable alteration that had happened was, a Thrinking of the mufcular parts and eyes; but the hair and nails. were in their original ftate, and fill adhered firmly: and the feveral joints were quite pliable, or in that kind of re-. laxed fate which happens to perions who faint fuddenly. On enquiring into the method of-effecting this prefervation of their dead bodies, he was informed, that foon after their death they are difembowelled, by drawing the inteftines, and other vifcera, out at the anus; and the whols cavity is then filled or ftuffed with cloth, introduced through the fame part; that when any moifture appeared

## ( 105 )

on the fkin, it was carefully dried up, and the bodies aftervaids rubbed all over with a large quantity of per-ib fumed cocoa-nut oil; which, being frequently repeated, preferved them a great many months 3 but that, at laft,: they gradually moulder away.
On the gth, being again honoured with Otoo's company, the Captain's Cook and Clerke, mounted on horleback, took an airing on the plain of Matavai; which furprifed the inhabitants, who were aflembled in numbers beyond all defcription, gazing upon them with as much afonifhment as if they had been centaurs. Omai indeed had, once or twice before this, attempted to get on horfeback; but he had as often been thrown off, before he could contrive to feat himfelf: fo that this was the firf time they had feen any body ride a horfe. This was afterwards repeated every day by one or another of thes officers; and yet the curiofity of the natives continued ftilt unabated. They were exceedingly delighted with thefe animali, after they had feen the ufe that was made of them; and' as far as could be judged, they conveyed to them a better idea of the greatnefs of other nations, thanall the other novelties put together, that their European vifiters had carried amongtt them. Both the horfe and mare were in good cafe, and looked extremely well.
Otoo was very careful to prevent his people pilfering any thing, either on board, or on the fhore ; but. he was mean enough to collect contributions from fuch girls as had private connections with the failors, which was generally done every morning.
Having got all their water on board, the fhips beling caulked, the rigging ovethauled, and every thing put in order, they began to think of leaving the ifland, that they might have fufficient time to fpare for vifiting the others in this neighbourhood.

September 21, Omai put on his fuit of armour, mounted a flage in one of the canoes, and was padded all along the fhore of the bay; fo that every one. had a full view of him. His coat of mail did not draw the attention of his countrymen fo much as might have been expected. Some of thein, indeed, had feen a payt of it before ; and there were others, again, who had ta-

Ken fuch dinike to Omai, from his imprudent condutat this place, that they would hardly look at any thing, however fingular, that was exhibited by him.

Captain Cook; being indifpofed, was obliged to decline an invitation from Otoo, and confine himfelf to his ship, when Otoo's mother, his three fifters, and eight more women, caine on board to him to flay all night, and endeavour to cure his diforder, which was of the rheumatic kind; he accepted their offer, and ordered a bed to be fpread upon the cabin floor. Their manner of treating him he defcribes in the following words:
"I was defired to lay myfelf down amongft them. 'Fher, as many of them as could get round me, began to fqueeze me with both hands, from head to foct, but more particularly on the parts where the pain was lodged, till they made my bones. crack, and my fleh became a perfect mummy. In. thort, after undergoing this difcipline about a quarter of an hour, I was glad to get away from them. However, the operation gave me immediate relief, which encouraged me to fubmit to another rubbing-down before 1 went to bed; and it was foeffectual, that I found myfelf pretty eafy all the night after. My female phyficians repeated their prefcription the next morning, before they went afhore, and again in the evening, when they returned on board; after which I found the pains entirely removed: and the cure being perfected, they took their leave of me the following morning. This they call romee; an operation which, in my opinion, far exceeds the flefh-brufh, or any thing of the kind that we make ufe of externally. It is univerfally practifed among thefe inanders, being fometimes performed by the men, but more generally by the women. If, at any time, one appears languid and tired, and fits dowr by any of them, they immediately begin to practife the romee upon his legs; and I have always found it to have an exceedingly good. effect."

Before they left this place, they had the pleafure to find that the geefe and the ducks were fitting, and that the other animals were in a promifing way.
Captain Cook gives an inftance of Otoo's conduct, which fhews thefe people have much addrefs or art. He had given him, amonglt a variety of other prefents, a fpying-glass; after having it in his poffeffion two or threé days, tired of its novelty, and probably finding it of no ufe to him, he carried it privately to Captain Cleske, and told him, that, as he had been his very good friend, he had got a prefent for him, which he knew would be very agreeable. "But," fays Otoo, " you muft not let Goote * know it, becaufe he wants it, and I would not let him have it." He then put the glafs into Captain Clerke's hands, at the fame time affuring him that he came honefly by it. Captain Clerke at firlt declined accepting it, but Otoo infifted upon it, and left it with him. Some days after, he put Captain Clerke in mind of the glafs, who, though he did not want it, was yet defirous of obliging Otoo; and thinking that a few axes would be of more ufe at this ifland, produced four to give him in return. Otoo no fooner faw this, than he faid, "Toote offered me five for it." "Well," fays Captain Clerke, "if that be the cafe, your friendihip for me fhali not make you a lofer, and you fhall have fix axes." Thefe he accepted; but he defired again, that Toote might not be told what he had done.

One of the chiefs gave Omai a very handfome double canoe, in return for fome of his prefents; this he ornamented with ten or a dozen flags and pendants, and drew oogether, by this gay difplay, as many people, Captain Cook fays, "s as a man of war would in an European port."
Omai would not have conducted himfelf fo improperly as he did, in many inftances, but for his fifter and brother-in-law, who, together with a few more of their acquaintance, engroffed him entirely to themfelves, with no other view than to ftrip him of every thing he had got.

On the 28th, Otoo came on board, and informed the Captain, that he had got a canoe, which he defired him to take and carry home, as a prefent from him to his Ma-

## * His manner of pronouncing Cook.

jefty the King of Great Britain, whom he called Eare rabit no Pretaine; it being the only thing, he faid, that he could fend ivorth his acceptance. The Captain was not a tittle plealed with Otoo for this mark of his gratitude. It was a thought entirely his own ; and it fhewed, that he fully underftood to whom he was indebted for the moft valuable prefents he had received. As it was too large to take on board, he was thanked for his good intention; but it would have pleafed him much better, if his prefent could have been accepted.
They were detained here fome days longer than they expected, by light breezes from the Weft. At length, at three o'clock in the afternoon of the zoth, the wind came at Eaft, and they weighed anchor.

As foon as the hips were under fail, at the requeft of Otoo, and to gratify the curiofity of his people, feven guñs loaded with fhot were fired. Otoo being defirous of feeing the fhip fail, they made a fretch out to fea, and then in again; then he took his leave, and went on fhore in his canoe.

It was a little extraordinary, that the friendly intercourfe which fubfifted between our voyagers and the people of this ifland, had never once been fufpended by any untoward accident ; nor had there been a theft committed that deferves to be mentioned.

It is not always in the power of the Chiefs to prevent robberies; they are frequently robbed themfelves, and complain of it as a great evil. Otoo left the mof valuable things he had in Captain Cook's poffeffion, till the day before they failed; and the reafon he gave for it was, that they were no where fo fafe. Since the bringing in of new riches, the inducements to piffering mult have increafed. The Chiefs, fenfible of this, are now extremely defirous of chefts. One was made for Otoo, the dimenfions of which, according to his own directions, were cight feet in length, five in breadth, and about three in depth. Locks and bolts were not a fufficient fecurity; but it muft be large enough for two perfins to fleep upon, by way of guarding it in the night.
The Spaniards left them, befides the bull already mentioned, lome goats, hogs, and dogs, alfo a ram. The hogs are of a large kind; have already greatly improved
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the breed originally found by us upon the ifland; and, at the time of our late arrival, were very numerous. Goats are alfo in tolerable plenty, there being hardly a Chief of any note who has not got fome. : As to the dogs that the Spaniards put afhore, which are of two or three forts, I think, fays the Captain, they would have done the illand a great deal more fervice, if they hadhanged them all, inftead of leaving them upon it. It was to one of them that his young ram fell a victim.

As it was intended to touch at Eimeo, in the morning of the 30 th of September, after leaving Otaheite, they ftood for the North end of the ifland. Omai, in his canoe, having arrived there long before, had taken fome neceflary meafures to thew the place.. However, they were not without pilates, having feveral men of Otaheite on board, and not a few women.

Next morning feveral canoes arrived, which brought with them abundance of bread-fruit, cocoa-nuts, and a few hogs. Thefe they exchanged for hatchets, nails, and beads; for red feathers were not fo much fought after here as at Otaheite.

In the morning of the 2d of October, Maheine, the Chief of the ifland, paid them a vifit. He approached the fhip with great caution, and it required fome perfuafion to get him on board.

This Chief, who, with a few followers, had made himfelf in a manner independent of Otaheite, is between forty and fifty years old. He is bald-headed, which is rather an uncommon appearance in thefe iflands, at that age. He wore a kind of turban, and feemed afhamed to thew his head. They had feen the head of one of their people fhaved, who was caught flealing; they therefore concluded, that this was the punifinent ufually inflicted by us upon all thieves; and one or two of our gentlemen; whofe heads were not overburthened with hair, wh could obferve, lay under violent fufpicions of being tetos, or thieves.

Captain Cook fays, it was his intention to have taken his leave of this place the next day, October the fixth $;$ but an accident happened that prevented it, and was attended with great trouble, and alfo very difagreeable confequences. This tranfaetion, the editor has thought it beft to give in the Captain's words.
*We had fent our goats ahore, to graze, with two men to look after them; notwithftaniding which precaution, the natives had contrived to feal one of them this evening. The lofs of this goat would have been of little confequence, if it had not interfered with my views of focking other iflands with thefe animals; but this being the cafe, it became neceffary to recover it if poffible. . The next morning we got intelligence, that it had been carried to Maheine, the Chief, who was at this time at Parowroah harbour. Two old men offered to conduct any of my people, whom I might think proper to fend to him, to bring back the goat. Accordingly, I difpatched them in a boat, charged with a threatening meffage to Maheine, if the goat was not immediately given up to me, and alfo the thief.
" Not thinking that any one would dare to fteal a fecond, at the very time I was taking meafures to recover the firft, the goats were put afhore again this morning; and in the evening a boat was fent to bring them on board. As our people were getting them into the boat, one was carried off undifcevered. It being iminediately miffed, I made no doubt of recovering it without much trouble, as there had not been time to carry it to any confiderable diftance. Ten or twelve of the natives fet out, foon after, different ways to bring it back, or to look for it; for not one of them would own that it was ftolen, but all tried to perfuade us that it had ftrayed into the woods; and night comi.:g on, put. a fop to all farther fearch. About this cime the boat-returned with the other goat, bringing alfo one of the men who had ftolen it; the firf inftance of the kind that 1 had met with amongt thefe iflands.
" Though they had reftored one, they feemed refolved to keep the other; which was a the-goat,
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and big with kid: I was equally fixed in my refolution that they fhould not keep it. I therefore applied to the two old men who had been inftrumental in getting back the firft. They told me, that this had been carried to Watea, a diftrict on the South fide of the ifland, by Hamoa, the Chief of that place; but that, if I would fend any body for it, it would be delivered up. They offered to conduct fome of my people crofs the ifland; but on my learning from them, that a boat might go and return the fame day, I fent one, with two petty officers, Mr. Roberts and Mr. Shuttleworth; one to remain with the boat, in cafe fhe could not get to the place, while the other fhould go with the guides, and one or two of our people.
" Late in the evening the boat returned, and the officers informed me they had not fucceeded. I afked Omai and the two old men, what methods I thould next take; they, without hefitation, advifed me to go with a party of men into the country, and fhoot every foul 1 fhould meet with. This bloody counfel I could not follow; but I refolved to march a party of men crofs the ifland; and, at day-break the next morning, fet out with thirtyfive of my people, accompanied by one of the ald men, by Omai, and three or four of his attendants: At the fane time, I ordered Iieutenant Williamfon, with three armed boats, round the Weftern part of the ifland, to meet us.
"The firft man that we met with upon our march, run fome rifk of his life; for Omai, the moment he faw him, afked me if he fhould thoot him ; fo fully was he perfuaded, that I was going to carry his advice into execution. I immediately ordered both him and our guide to make it known, that I did not intend to hurt, much lefs to kill, a fingle native.

## (112)

st As we began to afcend the ridge of hills over which lay our road, we got intelligence, that the goat had been carried that way before us. We then croffed the ridge without making any further enquiry, till we came within fight of Watea, where fome people fhewed us Hamoa's houie, and told us, that the goat was there. But when I reached the houfe, the few people we met with denied that they had ever feen it; even Hamoa himfelf came, and made the fame declaration.
' On our firtt coming to the place, I obferved feveral men running to and fro in the weods, with clubs and bundles of darts in their hands; and Omai, who followed then, had fome fones thrown - at him; fo that it feemed as if they had intended to oppofe any ftep I thould take, by force, but on feeing my party was too ftrong, had dropped the defign. I was confirmed in this notion, by obferving. that all their houfes were empty. After getting a few of the people of the place together, I detired Omai to expottulate with them on the abfurdity of the con.duct they were purfuing; and to tell them, that, from the teftimony of many on whom 1 could depend, I was well affured, that the goat was in their poffeffion; and therefore infifted upon its being delivered up, otherwife I would burn their houfes and canoes. But, notwithftanding all that I or Omai could fay, they continued to deny their having any knowledge of it. The confequence was, that I fet fire to lix or eight houles, which were prefently confumed, with two or three war-canoes that lay contiguaus to them. This done, I marched off to join the boats, which were about feven or night miles from us; and, in our way, we burnt Inx more war-canoes, without any one attempting to oppofe us.
" At length, about four in the afternoon, we got to the boats, that were waiting at Warrarade, the
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diftrict belonging to Tiarataboonoue; but this Chief, as well as all the principal people of the: place, had fed to the hills; though I touched not a fingle thing that was their property, as they were the friends of Otoo. After refting ourfelves here: about an hour, we fet out for the fhips, where we arrived about eight o'clock in the evening. At that time, no account of the goat had been received; fo that the operations of this day had not produced. the defired effect.
"Early next morning I difpached one of Omai's men to Maheine, with this peremptory meffage, that if he perfifted in his refufal, I would not leave him a fingle canoe upon the illand, and that he might expect a continuation of hoftilities as long as the ftolen animal remained in his poffeffion. And, that the meffenger might fee that I was in earneft, before he left me, 1 fent, the carpenter to break up three or four canoes that lay afhore at the head of the harbour. The plank was carried on board, as materials for building a houfe for Omais, at the place where he intended to fettle. I afterward went, properly accompanied, to the next harbour, where we broke up three or four more canoes, and burnt an equal number; and then returned on board about feven in the evening. On my arrival, I found that the goat had been brought: back. But in confequence of the meffage I fent: to the Chief in the morning, it was judged pradent to trifle with me no longer.
*. Thus ended this troublefome, and rather unfortunate, bufinefs; which could not be nore regretted on the part of the natives, than it was on mine."

The next morning the intercourfe with the natives: was renewed; from whence it may be concluded that they were confious it was their own fault About nine

## $134)$

o'clock the hips weighed with a breeze down he harbour ; and fteered for Huaheine, attended by Omai in his canoe.

The next morning it was in fight. At noon they anchored at the North entrance of Owharre harbour, which is on the Weft fide of the ifland. Omai entered the harbour jult before, in his canoe; but did not land. Nor did he take much notice of any of his countrymen, though many crowded to fee him ; but far more of them came off to the fhips, infomuch that the failors could with difficulty do their duty. The paffengers prefently acquainted them with what had been done at Eimeo, and multiplied the number of houfes and canoes that were deftroyed, by ten at leaft. Captain Cook fays, he was not forry for this exaggerated account, as he faw it made an impreffion upon all who heard it; from which he hoped it would induce the inhabitants of this inland to behave better than they had done during his formes vifits.

The arrival of the fhips brought all the principal people of the ifland to them, on the next morning, being the i3th. It was now high time to think of fettling Omai. Huaheine was mentioned as the -proper place. Captain Cook therefore refolved to avail himfelf of the prefence of the chief men of the ifland, and to make this propofal to them.

The Captain got ready to pay a formal vifit to Taireetarea, meaning then to introduce this bufinefs. Omai dreffed himfelf very properly on the occafion; and prepared a handfome prefent for the Chief himfelf, and an* other for his Eatooa. Indeed, afterebe had got clear of the gang that furrounded him at Otaheite, he behaved with fuch prudence as to gain refpect.

Omai fat down by the Captain, and they entered upon bufinets. Onai's eftablifhment was then propofed to the affermbled Chiefs.

He acquainted them, "That he had been carried by the Englifh into their country, where he was well received by the great. King and his Earees, and treated with every mark of regard and affection; that he had been brought back again, enriched, by their liberality, with a variety of articles, which would prove very uff-

## ( 115 )

gul to his countrymen; and that, befides the two horfes which were to remain with him, feveral new and valuable animals had been left at Otaheite, which would foon multiply, and furnifh a fufficient number for the ufe of all the iflands in the neighbourhood. He then fignified to them; that it was Captain Cook's earneft requeft, that they would give him a piece of land to build a houfe upon, and to raffe provitions for himfelf and fervants; adding, that if this could not be obtained for him in Huaheine, either by gift or by purchare, the Captain was determined to carry him to Ulietea, and fix him there."

The Chief immediately replied, that the whole ifland was at Captain Cook's difpofal, therefore he might fettle Omai where he pleafed; but the Captain, from prudent motives, defired the Chiefs would affign the particular fpot, and the exact quantity of land, which they would allot for the fettlement. After a fhort confultation among themfelves, his requeft was granted by general confent; and the ground immediately pitched upon, adjoining to the houfe where their meeting was held. The extent along the fhore of the harbour was about two hundred yards; and its.depth, to the foot of the hill, fomewhat more; but a proportional part of the hill was included in the grant.

The carpenters of both hips were now fet to work to: build a fmall houfe for Omai, in which he might fecure the European commodities that were his property. At the fame time, fome hands were employed in making a garden for his ufe, planting thaddocks, vines, pine-apples, melons, and the feeds of feveral other vegetable articleo; all of which the Captain had the fatisfaction of obferving to be in a flouriming ftate before he left the ifland.

Omai now began lerioufly to attend to his own affairs, and repented heartily of his ill-judged prouigatity white at Otaheite. He found at Huaheine, a brother, a fifter, and a brother-in-law; the fifter being married. But thefe did not plunder him, as he had lately been by his other relations. The Captain however obferves, that though they were too honeft to do him any injury, they were of too little confequence in the illand to do-him any pofitive good. They had neither authority nor influence

## ( ri6 )

to protect his perfon, nor his property ; and, in that helplefs fituation, it was apprehended that he run great rifque of being Atripped of every thing he had got.

A man who is richer than his neighbours is fure to be envied by numbers, who wifh to fee him brought down to their own level. But in countries where civilization, law, and religion, impofe their reftraints, the rich have a reafonable ground of fecurity. And, befides, there being, in all fuch communities, a diffufion of property, no fingle individual need fear, that the efforts of all the poorer fort can ever be united to injure him, exclufively of others who are equally the objects of envy. It was very different with Omai. He was to live amonght thofe who are ftrangers, in a great meafure, to any other principle of action befides the immediate impulfe of their natural feelings. But, what was his principal danger, he was to be placed in the very fingular fituation, of being the only rich man in the community to which he was to belong. And having, by a fortunate connection with his Englifh friends, got into his poffeffion an accumulated quantity of a fpecies of treafure, which none of his coun: trymen could create by any art or induftry of their own; while all coveted a fhare of this envied wealth, it was na. tural to apprehend, that all would be. ready to join in attempting to frip its fole proprietor.

To prevent this, if poffible, he was advifed to make a proper diftribution of fome of his moveables, to two or three of the principal Chiefs; who, being thus gratified. themfelves, might be induced to take him. under their patronage, and protect him from the injuries of others. He promifed to follow this advice; he did fo, and it lad the defired effect: and before the Captain left the ifland, he informed them that it was his intention to return again, after being abfent the ufual time; and that if he did not find Omai in the fame ftate of fecurity in which he was now to leave him, all thofe whom he fhould then difcover to have been his enemies, might expect to feel the weight of his refentment.

The number of cock-roaches that infefted the hip at this time is incredible; the damage they did was very confiderable; and every method devifed to deftroy them proved inetfectual. Theie animals, which at firt were

## (137)

2 nuifance, like all other infects, had now become a real pelt; and fo deftructive, that few things were free from their ravages. If food of any kind was expofed only for 2 few minutes, it was covered with them; and they foon pierced it full of holes, refembling a hony-comb.
They were uncommonly fond of ink, fo that the winting on the labels faftened to different articles, was quite eaten out ; and the only thing that preferved books from. them, was the clofenefs of the binding, which prevented thefe devourers getting between the leaves. They now not only did all the mifchief mentioned above, but had even got amongtt the rigging; fo that when a fail was loofened; thoufands of them fell upon the decks. They alfo did great mifchief to the bread, which was to befpattered with their excrement, that it would have been badly relithed by delicate feeders.

The intercourfe of trade and friendly offices, was carried on between the fhips companies and the natives, without being difturbed by any one accident, 'till the evening of the 22 d , when a man found means to get into Mr. Bayly's obfervatory, and carry off a fextant undifcovered. It was, however, with great difficulty recovered unhurt, and the thief was fent on board the fip to be punifhed, which was done by flaving his head and beard, and cutting off both his ears.
This very fellow was not, however, deterred thereby; for he foon after deftroyed and carried off feveral vines. and cabbage-plants in Omai's grounds; and publickly threatened to kill him, and burn his houfe, as foon as the Englifh fhould leave the inland. To prevent the fellow's doing any more mifchief, the Captain had him feized, and confined again on board the fhip, with a view of carrying. him off the illand; and it feemed to give general fatiffaction to the Chiefs, that he intended thus to difpofe of. him.

Omai's houre being nearly finifhed, many of his moveables were carried afhore on the 26th. Amongft a variety of other ufelefs articles was a box of toys, which, when expofed to public view, feemed greatly to pleafe the gazing multitude. But, as to his pots, kettles, difhes, plates, drinking-mugs, glaffes, and the whole train of domeftic accommodations, hardly any one of his coun-
trymen would fo much as look at them. Omai himfeif now began to think, that they were of no manner of ufe to him ; that a baked hog was more favory food than a boiled one; ; that a plantain-leaf made as good a difh or plate as pewter; and that a cocoa-nut fhell was as convenient a goblet as a black-jack: and therefore he very wifely dilpofed of as many of thefe articles of Engliih furniture for the kitchen and pantry, as he could find purchafers for, amongt the people of the thips; receiving. from them, in return, hatchets, and other iron tools, which had a more intrinfic value in this part of the world, and added more to his diftinguifling fuperiority over thofe with whom he was to pafs the remainder of his days.
In the long lift of the prefents beflowed upon him in England, fre-works had not been forgot. Some of theie. were exhibited, in the evening of the 28 th, before a great concourfe of people, who beheld them with a mixture of pleafure and fear.
Between midnight and four in the morning of the joth, the Bolabola man, who was in confinement, found means to make his ecicape out of the fhip. He carried with him the fhackle of the bilboo-bolt that was about his leg. Upon enquiry, it appeared, that not only the fentry placed over the pritoner, but the whole watch, upon the quarterdeck where he was contined, had laid themfelves down toflleep. The Captain was not a little pleated to hear afterward, that the fellow who efcaped, had traniported. himfelf to Ulietea.

As foon as Omai was fettled in his new habitation, they.
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## ( 119 )

may ferve to convey a fatisfactory account of the exact Atuation in which he was left, will be thought worth preferving ; and the following particulars are added, to complete the view of his domeftic eftablifhment. He had picked up at Otaheite four or five Toutous; the two New Zealand youths remained with him; and his brother, and fome others, joined him at Huaheine ; fo that his family confifted already of eight or ten perfons; if that can be called a family, to which not a fingle female as yet belonged, nor was likely to belong, unlefs its mafter became lefs volatile. At prefent Omai did not feem at all difpofed to take unto himielf a wife.

The houfe erected for him was twenty-four feet by eighteen, and ten feet high. It was compofed of boards; and, in building it, as few nails as poffible were ufed, that there might be no inducement, from the love of iron, to pull it down.

His European weapons confifted of a mulket, bayonet, and cartouch-box ; a fowling-piece; two pair of piftols; and two or three fiwords or cutlaffes. The poffeffion of thefe made him quite happy. Yet fuch implements of war, in the hands of one whofe prudent ufe of them there is fome grounds for miftrufting, will, in all probability, increafe his dangers rather than eftablith his fuperiority. After he had got on fhore every thing that belonged to him, and was fettled in his houfe, he had moft of the officers of both Mips, two or three times, to dinner ; and his table was always well fupplied with the very beft provifions that the ifland produced.

Before Captain Cook failed, he caufed the following infription to be cut upon the outfide of his houfe :

> Georgius Tertius, Rex, 2 Nowewbris, 1777. Naves $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Refolution, Jac. Cook, Pr. } \\ \text { Difcovery, Car. Clerke, Pr. }\end{array}\right.$

On the fecond of November, both the fhips failed out of the harbour, and all took their leave, except Omai, who remained till they were at fea. In an hour or two after he went athore, taking a very affectionate farewell of all the officers. He furtained himfelf with 2 manly reflution, till he came to Captain Cook. Then his utmot

## ( 120 )

utmot efforts to conceal his tears failed; and Mr. King, who went in the boat, faid that he wept all the time in going afhore.
It was no fmall fatisfaction to reflect, that he was brought fafe back; and yet, fuch is the ftrange nature of human affairs, that it was probable he was left in a lefs defirable fituation, than he was in before his connexion with the Englih. The advantages he received, placed him in a more hazardous fituation, with refpect to his perfonal fafety. Omai, from being much careffed in England, loft fight of his original condition; and never confidered in what manner his acquifitions, either of knowledge or of riches; woald be eftimated by his countrymen, at this return; which were the only things he could have to recommend him to them now, more than before, and on which he could build either his future greatnefs or happinefs. He feemed even to have miftaken their genius in this refpect, and, in fome meafure, to have forgotten their cuftoms: otherwife he muft have known the extreme difficulty there would be in getting himfelf admitted as a perfon of rank, where there is, perhaps, no inftance of a man's being raifed from an inferior ftation by the greateft merit. Had he made a proper ufe of the prefents he brought with him, this, with the knowledge he had acquired by travelling fo far, might have enabled him to form the moft ufeful connexions. But inftances have already been given of his childifh inattention to this obvious means of advancing his intereft. His father was, doubtlefs, a man of confiderable property in Ulietea, when that ifland was conquered by thofe of Bolabola ; and, with many others, fought refuge in Huaheine, where he died, and left Omai, with fome other children; who, by that means; became totally dependent. In this fituation he was taken up by Captain Furrtaux, and carried to Eng. land.

At the Frizially Inands he fquandered away much of his European treafare very unneceffarily; and he was equally imprudent at Tiaraboo, where he could have no view of making friends, as he had not any intention of remaining there. At Matavai, he continued the fame inconfiderate behaviour, till an abfolute ftop was put io his profufion by Cajtain Cooks. He might have fettled
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to great advantage in Otaheite, if his conduet had not given offence to Otoo, who was at firft his friend : he had formerly-lived there feveral years. The objection to admitting him to forie rank would have alfo been much leffened, if he had fixed at Otaheite; as a native will aiways find it more difficult to accomplifh fuch a change of fate amongit his countrymen, than a ftranger, who naturally claims refpect.

Whatever faults belonged to Omai's character, they were more than overbalanced by his great good-nature and docile difpofition. During the whole time he was on board, he feldom gave offence either to the Captain or the officers. His grateful heart always retained the higheft fenfe of the favours he had received in England; nor will he ever forget thofe who honoured him with their protection and friendflip during his fay there. He had a tolerable fhare of underftanding, but wanted application and perfeverance th exert it. We are not to expect that Omai will be able to introduce many of our arts and cuttoms amongit them, or much improve thofe to which they have been long habituated; there is little doubt, however, but that he will endeavour to bring to perfection the various fruits and vegetables before mentioned, which will be no fmall acquifition. But the greatef benefit thefe inlands are likely to receive from Omai's travels, will be in the animals that have been left upon them; which, probably, they never would have got, had he not come to England. When thefe multiply, of which I think there is little doubt, Otaheite, and the Society Iflands, will equal, if not exceed, any place in the known world, for provifions.

Omai's return, and the fubftantial proofs he brought back with him of our liberality, encouraged many to offer themfelves as volunteers to go with the Captain; but all fuch applications were totally rejected, agreeably to Lord Sandwich's inftructions.

The boat which carried Omai afhore having returned to the thip, the was hoifted in, and immediately food over for Ulietea. At ten o'clock at night, they brought to, till four the next morning, when they made fail round the South end of the ifland, for the harbour of Ohama-
neno. At noon, they were, by calms and light airs, fill a league from the entrance of the harbour.

Next morning, being the $4^{\text {th }}$, the fhip, head and Atern, was moored at the head of the harbour, and opened ont of the ballaft-ports. From this a llight ftage was made to the land, being at the diftance of about twenty feet, with a view to get clear of fome of the rats that continued to infelt them. The Difcovery mnoved likewife.

Nothing worthy of note happened, till the night between the 12 th and 13 th, when John Harrifon, a marine, who was fentinel at the obfervatory, deferted, carrying with him his mufquet and accoutrements. Having in the morning got intelligence which way he had moved off, a party was fent after him ; but they returned in the evening, after an ineffectual inquiry and fearch. The next day, having got information that he was at a place called Hamoa, the Captain weat thither with two armed boats.

He was found with the mufquet lying before him, fitting between two women, who immediately rofe up to plead in his behalf. As it was highly proper to difcourage fuch proceedings, they were ordered with a frown to begone. Upon this they burft into tears and walked off. Paha, the Chief of the diftrict, now came with a plantain tree, and a fucking pig, which he would have prefented as a peace-offering; but the Captain rejected it, and having embarked, with the deferter, on brard the firft boat that arrived, returned to the fhips. The fellow had nothing to fay in his defence, but that the natives had enticed him away. As it appeared, that he had remained upon his poft till within a few minutes of the time when he was to have been relieved, the punifhment inuicted upon him was not fevere.

Ahout a fortnight after our arrival at Ulietea, Omai fent two of his people in a canoe; who brought the fatisfactory intelligence, that he remained undifturbed by the people of the ifland, and that every thing went well with him, except that his goat had died in kidding. He accompanied this intelligence, with a requeft, that the Captain would fend him another goat, and two axes. Being happy to have this additional opportunity of ferving

## ( 123 )

him, the meffengers were fent to Huaheine, on the 18 tt ; with the axes, and two kids, male and female, which were fpared for him out of the Difcovery.

While they lay moored to the fhore, they heeled, and fcrubbed both fides of the bottoms of the Thips, and at the fame time fixed fome tin plates under the binds; firftaking of the old fheathing, and putting in a piece unfilled, over which the plates were nailed. Thefe plates were had from the ingerious Mr. Pelham, Secretary to the Come miffioners for Victualling his Majefty's Navy; with a view of trying whether tin would anfwer the fame end as copper, on the bottom of hips.
On the 24th in the morning, it was difcovered that a midhipman and a feaman, both belonging to the Difcovery, were niffing: the natives faid that they went away in a canoe the preceding evening, and were, at this time; at the other end of the inland. As the midinipman was $\mathrm{k}: \mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{wa}}$ ave expreffed a defire to remain at thefe iflands, it feemed pretty certain, that he and his companion had gone off with this intention; and Captain Clerke fet out in queft of them with two armed boats and a party of marines. $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}$ expedition proved fruitlefs; for he returned. in the evening without any certain intelligence where they were. The next morning he was told that the run-away's were at Otaha. Here he went with two armed boats, being accompanied by the Chief himfelf. But when they got to the place, they were told that they had quitted this ifland, and gone over to Bolabola the day before. Captain Cook did not sink proper to follow them thither, but returned to the she fully determined, however, to have recourfe to a menfie which, he gueffed, would oblige the natives to bring them back.

Soon after day-breai, the Chief, his fon, daughter; and fon-in-law, came on board the Refolution. The three laft he detained till the two deferters fhould be prodaced.

An explanation of the motives upon which this ftep was taken, and which they found means to make Oreo and his peole, who were prefent, fully comprehend, feemed to recover them from that general conlternation into which they were at firft thrown. However, many of the natives exprefled great forrow, and went under the

## ( 124 )

Difcovery's itern in canoes, to bewail their captivity,
which they did with long and loud exclamations. Poodooif for fo the Chief's daughter was called, refounded from every quarter; and the women feemed to vie with each other in mourning her fate.
Oreo himelf did not give way to unavailing lamentations, but inftantly began his exertions to recover the deferters, by difpatching a canoe to Bolabola, with a meffage to Opoony, the fove reign of that ifland, acquainting him with what had happened, and requefting him to feize the two fugitives, and fend them back. The meffenger, who was no lefs a man than the father of Pootoe, came to the Captain for inftructions before he fet out, by whom he was ftrictly enjoined not to return without the deferters; and to tell Opoony, him, that, if they had left Bolabola, he muft fend cal to bring them back; for he fufpected that they would nut long remain in one place.

The confequence, however, of the prifoners was fo
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Th by a Huah that $t$ to acc who threat ifland was cd account arrived that he had been mifinformed; upoin which he fent, and called them all in.

It was evident, however, from leveral corroborating circumitances, that the defign of feizing Caf ain Clerke
had really been in agitation amongt the natives. Nay. they made no fecret in fpeaking of it the next day. But their firf and great plan of operations was to have laid hold of Captain Cook. It was cultomary with him to bathe every evening in the frefh water: very often he went alone ; and always without arms. Expecting him to go, as ufual, this evening, they had determined to feize him and Captain Clerke too, if he had accompanied. him. But he had, after confining Oreo's family, thought it prudent to avoid putting himfelf in their power; and had cautioned Captain Clerke, and the officers, not to go far from the fhips. In the courfe of the afternoon, the Chief afked, three feveral times, if he would not go to the bathing-place; and when he found, at laft, that he could not be prevailed upon, he went off, with the reft of his people, in fpite of all that he could do or fay to ftop him. But as the Captain had no fufpicion, at this time, of their defign, he imagined that fome fudden fright had feized them, which would, as ufual, foon be over. Being difappointed, as to him, they fixed on thofe who were more in their power. It was fortunate for all parties, that they did not fucceed; and not lefs fortunate, that no mifchief was done on the occafion. For not 2 mufquet was fired, except two or three, to ftop the canoes. To that firing, perhaps, Meffrs. Clerke and Gore owed their fafety $\S$; for, at that very inftant, a party of the natives, armed with clubs, were advancing toward them; and, on hearing the report of the muqquets, they dif perfed.

The confpiracy, as it may be called, was firt difcovered by a girl, whom one of the officers had brought from Huaheine- She, overhearing fome of the Ulieteans fay, that they would feize Captain Clerke and Mr. Gore, ran to acquaint the firft of their friends fhe met with. Thofe who were charged with the execution of the defign, threatened to kill her, as foon as the Englifh left the ifland, for difappointing them. Being aware of this, it was contrived that her friends chould come, fome days af-

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## ( 126 )

ter and take her out of the ship, to convey her to a place of fafety, where fhe night lie concealed, till they fhould have an opportunity of fending her back to Huaheine.

On the 27th, every thing a fhore was carried on board; the moorings of the fhips were caft off, and they transported them a little way down the harbour, where they came to an anchor again. Toward the afternoon, the natives began tu thake off their fears, gathering round, and on board, the fhips, as ufual; and the tranfaction of the day before feemed to be forgotten on both fides.

The following night, the wind blew in hard fqualls from South to Eaft, and the cable by which the Refolution was riding, parted, juft without the hawfe. She had another anchor ready to let go; fo that the fhip was prefently brought up again.

Orea, the Chief, being uneafy, as well as the Captain, that no account had been received from Bolabola, fet out on the 29th himfelf, for that illand, from whence he foom returned with the two deferters. They had reached Otaha the fame night they deferted; but, finding it impoffible to get to any of the iflands to the Eaftward (which was their intention) for want of wind, they had proceeded to Bolabola, and from thence to the fmall illand Toobaee, where they were taken by the father of Pootoe, in confequence of the firt neffage fent to Opoony. As foon as they were on board, the three prifoners were releafed. Thus ended an affair, which had occafioned much trouble and vexation. The Captain would not have exerted himelf fo very much, but to prevent others from making the like attempt, and to fave the fon of a brother officer from being a lofs to his country.

On the 7 th of December both the fhips got out to fea, and fteered for Bolabola. Oreo, and fix or eight men more, took a paffage with them. The fole object in vifiting this ifland, was to get poffeffion of an anchor, which M. Bougainville had lof at Otaheite; it was taken up there, and fent to the Chief of this place as a prefent. It was wanted to fabricate hatchets, and other iron tools, which hai been almoft expended in exchange for refrefhments, and they now wanted to create a new stock of trading articles.

They landed where the natives dírected them $s$ ands foon after, th: Captain was introduced to Opoony, the Chief, in tine midft of a great concourfe of people. Having no time to lofe, as foon as the neceffary formality of compliments was over, he afked the Chief to give him the anchor, and produced the prefent prepared for him, confifting of a linen night-gown, a hirt, fome gauze handkerchiefs, a looking-glafs' fome beads, and. other toys; and fix axes. Upon the receipt of thefe prefents, he ordered it to be delivered. Having thus completed the negociation, he returned on board, hoifted in the boats, and made fail from the ifland to the North.
How high the Bolabola men are now in eftimation at Otaheite, may be inferred from Monfieur de Bougainville's anchor having been conveyed to them. To the fame caufe mult be alcribed the intention of tranfporting to their inland the Spanifh bull. And they had already got poffeffion of a ram, brought to Otaheite by the Spaniards. The Captain carried athore a ewe, which had been brought from the Cape of Good-Hope. He alfo left at Ulietea, under the care of Oreo, an Englift boar and fow, and two goats. So that, not only Otaheite, but all the neighbouring iflands, will, in a few years, have their race of hogs confiderably improved; and probably be ftocked with all the valuable animals. which have been tranfported hither by their European vifiters.

When once this comes to pafs, no part of the world will equal thefe illands, in variety and abundance of refrefhments for navigators: There are no places known that excel them in this refpect now.

At Otaheite, they expect the return of the Spaniards every day; and they will look for the Englifh, two or three years hence, not only there, but at the other iflands. It is to no purpofe to tell them, that you will not return; they think you muft; though not one of them knows, or will give himfelf the trouble to inquire, the reafon.
Too much feems to have been already known, and pablifhed in former relations, about fome of the modes of life, that made Otaheite fo agreeable an abode to many on board the dhips, There are, however, many part'
of the domeftic, political, and religious inftitutions of there people, which are but imperfectly undertood.
Perhaps there is farcely a ipot in the univerfe that affords a more luxuriant profpect than the South Eaft part of Otaheite. The hills are high and Ateep; but they are covered to the very fummits with trees and Shrubs. The flat land which bounds thofe hills toward the fea, and the interjacent valleys alfo, teem with various productions that grow with the moft exuberant vigour. Rivulets are alfo found in every valley.

The cloth plant, which is raifed by feeds brought from the mountains, and the ava, or intoxicating pepper, are almoft the only things to which they feem to pay any attention. The bread fruit tree grows fpontaneoufly.

Their chief trees befide are the cocoa-nut and the plantain; the latter only requires attention : in three months after it is planted it begins to bear.

Curiofities of any kind are not numerous. Amongt thefe we may reckon a pond or lake of frefh water, at the top of one of the higheft mountains, to go to, and to return from which, takes three or four days. Its eels are of an enormous fize. This is efteemed one of the greateft natural curiofities in the country.

The mufcular appearance, fo common amongt the Friendly Illanders, and which feems a confequence of their being accuftomed to much action, is loft here; where the fuperior fertility of their country enables the inhabitants to lead a more indolent life.

Perfonal endowments being in great efteem amonght them, they have recourfe to feveral methods of improving them, according to their notions of beauty. This is done by remaining a month or two in the houfe; during which time they wear a great quantity of clothes, and eat nothing but bread-fruit, to which they afcribe a remarkable property in whitening them.

Their common diet is made up of, at leaft, nine-tenths of vegetable food; and it is, perhaps, owing to this temperate courfe of life that they have fo few difeafes among them. They only reckon five or fix, which might be called chronic, or national diforders. The Englifh have unfortunately added one, unknown before, whith abundantly fupplies the place of all the others; and is now
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Their behaviour, on all occafions, feems to indicate a great opennefs and generofity of difpofition. Omai, indeed, has often faid, that they are fometimes cruel in punihing their enemies. - According to his reprefentation, they toment them very deliberately; at one time; tearing out "fmall pieces of flefli from different parts; at another, taking out the eyes; then cutting off the nofl, and lafly, सilling them by opening the belly. But this only happens on particular occafions. Mr. Anderfon faid, he never faw them, in any misfortune, labour under the appearance of anxiety, after the critical moment was paft Neither does care ever feem to wrinkle their brow. On the contrary, even the approach of death does not appear to alter their ufaal vivacity.

Their amufements all tend to excite amorous paffions; and their fongs? of which they are immoderately fond, anfwer the fame purpofe. They delight in mufic; nei ther are they ffrangers to che foothing effects produced by particulas forts of motion; which, in fome cafes, feem to allay any perturbation of mind, with as much fuccefs as mufic.

Their arts are few and fimple; yet, if they may be credited, they perform cures in furgery, and are not quite unacquainted with phyfic; they feem to have no emetics:
Of animal food, a very fmall portion falls, at any time, to the fhare of the lower clas of people; and then it is either fifh, fea-eggs, or other marine productions for they feldom or ever eat pork. The Eree de boi $\$$ alone, is able to furnim pork every day; and inferior Chiefs, according to their riches, once a week, fortnight or month. Sometimes, they are not even allowed that : for, when the ifland is impoverimed by war, or other caufes, the Chief prohibits his fubject to kill any hogs; and this prohibition, we are told, is in force, fometimes, for feveral months, or even for a year or two. During
§ Mr. Anderfon inyariably, in his manufeript, writes Erec de bait According to Captain Cook's mode, it is Erec rabie This is one of the numerous infances that perpetually occur, of reptefentiog the fame word differentl.

## ( 170 )

that reftraint the hogs multiply fo faft, that there ate in. ftances of their changing their domeftic ftate, andituming witd, A fimilar prohibition is alfo fometimes extended to fowls.

It is alfo amongt the better fort, that the ava is chiefly ufed. But this beverage is prepared fomewhat differently from that which was feen fo much at the Friendly Inands; for they pour a very fmall quantity of water uppon the root here; and fometimes roaft or bake, and braife the falks, without chewing it previously to its infufion. But its pernicious effects are very obvious; perhaps, owing to the manner of preparing it; as we often faw inftances of its intoxicating, or rather flupifying, powers. As an excufe for a practice fo deftructive, they alledge, that it is adopted to prevent their growing too fat; but it evidently enervates them, and, in all proba: bility, fhartens their days.

The women have not only the mortification of being: obliged to eat by themfelv\%, and in a different part of, the houre from the men, but, by a frange kind of po-: licy, are excluded from a thare of molt of the better: forts of food. The women, generally, ferve up their own victuals ; for they would certainly ftarve, before any! grown man would do them fuch an office.
If a young man ahd woman, from mutual choice, cos habit, the man gives the father of the girl fuch thinges as are in common life; as hogs, cloth, or canoes, in pro--) portion to the time they are together; and if he thinks that he has not been fufficiently paid for his daughter, hes makes no fcruple of forcing her to leave her friend, and to cohabit with another perfon who may be more liberal. The man, on his part, is always at liberty to make a new choice; but, thould his confort become pregnant, he may kill the child; and, after that, either continut, his connexion with the mother, or leave her; but if he: fhould adopt the child, and fuffer it to live, the partie. are then confidered as in the married fate, and they commonly live together ever after.

The women are oftel treated with a degree of harhnefs, or rather brutality, which one would fcarcely fuppofe a man would beftow on an object for whom he had
had the mon tha
Cutti amongt there al neighbu boua, or goes wit one of $t$ neath th thing he young m the fixin at one If the divi ceeds to At the being ta end of $f$ but a thi ing, the and a fir Taboua fqueezes then ret their bo
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The jects;
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had the leaf affection. Nothing, however, is more common than to fee the men beat them without mercy.
Cutting or inciding the fore-1kin is a practice adopted amongt them, from a notion of cleanlipefs. . When there are five or fix lads pretty well grown up in a neighburhood, the father of one of them goes to a $T a$ boua, or man of knowledge, and lets him know. He goes with the lads to the top of the hills, and, feating one of them properly, introduces a piece of wood underneath the forefkin, and defires him to look afide at fomething he preternds is coming. Having thus engaged the young man's attention to another object, he cuts through the kiin upon the wood, with a fhark's tooth, generally at one froke. He then feparates, or rather turns back, the divided parts; and, having put on a bandage, proceeds to perform the fame operation on the other lads. At the end of five days they bathe, and the bandages being taken off, the matter is cleaned away. At the end of five days more they bathe again, and are well; but a thicknefs of the prepuce, where it was cut, remaining, they go again to the mountains with the Taboua; and a fire being prepared, and fome fones heated, the Taboua puis the prepuce between two of them, and fqueezes it gently, which removes the thicknefs. They then return home, having their heads, and other parts of their bodies, adorned with odoriferous flowers.
They believe the foul to be both immaterial and immortal. They fay, that it keeps fluttering about the lips during the pangs of death; and that it then afcends, and mixes with, or, as they exprefs it, is eaten by the Deity. In this fate it remains for fome time; after which it departs to a certain place deftined for the reception of the fouls of men, where it exifts in eternal night. They have no idea of any permanent punifhment after death; for the fouls of good and of bad men are. eat indifcriminately by God. According to their doctrine, if a man refrain from all connexion with womeh fome months before death, he paffes immediately into his eternal manfion.
The King never enters the hoafe of any of his fub jects; but has, in every diftrict, where he vifits, houfes belonging to himielf; and if, at any time, he fhould

## $832)$

be obliged by accident to deviate from this rule, the houle thus honoured with his prefence, and every part of t the furniture, is burnt.

The ranks of people, befides the Evee de bai, or King und his family, are the Erets, or powerful Chiefs; the Mawabrones, or vaffals; and the Freou, or Toutou, fervants, or rather Iaves. The men of each of thefe, according to the regular jaftitution, form their connexions with (henen of thair relpective ranks ; but if with any infesior one; which frequently happens, and a child be born, it it preferved, and has the rank of the father, unlefs it happens to be an Eree, in which cafe it is killed. If a woman of condition fhould chufe an inferior perfon to officiate as an hufband, the children he has by her are killed. And if a $\mathrm{T}_{\text {cou }}$ be caught in an intrigue with a whman of the blood-royal, he is put to death. The fon of the Eree de boi fucceeds his father in title and honours, as foon as he is born; but if he fhould have no children, the brother affumes the government at his death.
Crimes are in general left to the fufferer, to punifh as he pleafes. If any one be caught ftealing, the proprietor of the goods may put the thief inflantly to death. But fo fovere a punihment is feldom inflicted, unlefs the articles that are ftolen be reckoned very valuable' ; fuch as breaftplates, and plaited hair. For fmall thefts, a flight beating only is inflicted. If a perfon kill another in a quar. rel, the friends of the deceafed affemble, and engage the furvivor and his adherents. If they conquer, they take poffefion of the houre, lands, and goods of the other party; but if conquered; the reverfe takes place. We need not wonder that the killing of a man fhould be confidered as fo trifling an offence, amongft a people who do not confider it as any crime at all to murder their own children. When talking to them about fuch inAtances of unnatural cruelty, and alking whether the Chiefs or principal people were not angry, and did not punith them ? Mr. Anderfor: recoived this anfwer, ". The Chief, neither could nor would interfere in fuch " cafes ; and that every one had a right to do with his " own chidd what he pleared."

Sevicnteen months bad now elapfed fince they had failed. frum England. Wish regard to the principal object of
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( 133 )
their inftructions, their voyage was at this time onfy be. ginning, and therefore every thing that might contribuse to their fuccefs was now to be thought of. As foon as they had got beyond the extent of their former difcoveries, a furvey of all the fores that were in the thips was made, in order to ufe them to the beft advantage.

In the night, between the 22d and 23 d , they crofed the line.
On the 24th; about half an hour after day-breide, land was difcovered bearing North Eaft by Eaf, half Eaft. Upon a nearer approach, it was found to be one of thofe low iflands fo common in this ocean; that is, a narrow bank of land inclofing the fea within. A few cocoa-nut trees were feen in two or three places; but in general the land had a very barren appearance.
They found foundings here, and anchored. At day-breats the next morning, they fent two boats, one from each Ship, to fearch more accurately for a landing-place; and; at the fame time, two others, to filh at a grappling near the fhore. Thefe laft returned about eight o'clock, with ward of two hundred weight of fifh. Encouraged by ..of fuccefs, they were difpatched again after breakfaf.
On the 26 th, in the morning, Captain Clerke was ordered to fend a boat, with an officer, to the South Eaft part, to look for turtle; and Mr. King and Captain Cook went each in a boat to the North Eaft part. Captain Cook faw five turtles clofe to the thore. One of thefe they caught, and the reft made their efcape. Mr. King foon after: returned without any; however, they did not defpair of getting a fupply; for fome of Captain: Clerke's officers had been more fortunate, and caught, feveral there.

In the morning of the 27 th, the pinnace and cutter, under the commaind of Mr. King, were fent to the Sonth Eaft part of the illand; they, and a party of Captain Clerke's people, brought upiwards of fifty.
In the afcernoon of the 30 th, the boats and turtling party all returned on board, except a féaman belonging to the Dificovery, who had been miffing two days. There were two of them at firft who had loft their way; but difagreeing about the moft probable track to bring them back to their companions, they had feparated ; and one N

## ( 13.4 )

of them joined the party, after having been abfent twenty. four hours, and been in great diftrefs.

The land over which they had to travel was not more than three miles acrofs; nor was there any thing to obftruct their view; for the country was a flat, with a few fhrubs fcattered upon it ; and, from many parts of it, the mafts of the hips could eafily be feen. But confidering how ftrange a fet of beings the generality of feamen are, when on ihore, inttead of being furprifed that thefe two men Chould thus lofe their way; it is rather to be wondered at, that no more of the party were miffing.

As foon as Captain Clerke knew that one of the Atragglers was fill in this aukward fituation, he fent a party in fearch of him, who returned with their loft companion. This poor fellow muft have fuffered far greater diftrefs than the other ftraggler; not only as having been loft a longer time, but as he was too fqueamifh to drink turtle's blood; which the other did, as there was no water in the inland.

Having fome cocoa-nuts and yams on board, in a fate of vegetation, Captain Cook ordered them to be planted here; he alfo left on the little illand, a bottle containing this infcription :

> Georgius Tertius, Rex, $3_{1}$ Decembris, 1777. Naves $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Refolution, Jfac. Cook, Pr. } \\ \text { Difory, }\end{array}\right.$ Difcovery, Car. Clirke, Pr.

They got at this ifland, to both fhips, about three hundred turtle, weighing, one with another, about ninety or a hundred pounds. Thefe wese all of the green kind, and perhaps as good as any in the world. They alfo tanght, with hook and line, as much fifh as they could tonfume during their ftay. Thefe confifted principally of cavallie's, of different fizes; large and fmall fnappers; and a few of two forts of rock figh.

There were not the fmalleft traces of any human being having ever been here before t'lem.

As they kept Chriftmas here, Captain Cooks called this difcovery Chriftmas Ifland.

On the 2 d of January, 1778, at day-break, they Weighed anchor, and refumed their courfe to the North.

## ( $\mathrm{r}_{35}$ )

On the 19th, at fun-rife, they faw land. At this time they, were in duubt whether or no the land there was inhabited; but this doubt was foon cleared up by feeing fome canoes coming off from the fhore toward the fhips. They had from three to fix men each ; and, on their approach, the Captain was agreeably furprifed to find, that they pooke the language of Otaheite, and of the other iflands lately vifited. It required but very little addrefs to get then to come along-fide ; but no intreaties could prevait. upon any of them to come on board. Some brafs medals were tied to a rope, and given to thein, who in return, tied fome finall mackarel to the ropi, as an equivalent. This was repeated; and fome fmall nails, or bits of iron, which they valued more than any other article, were given them. They ieemed very mild; and had no srms of any kind, except fome fmall fones, which thiy had evidently brought for their own defence; and thele they threw overboard when they found they were nos wanted.

Seeing no figns of an anchoring-place at this Eafter: extreme of the illand, they bore away to leeward, and ranged along the South Eaft fide, at the diftance of half a league from the fhore. Some came off, as the fips proceeded along the coaft, bringing with them roaltingpigs, and fome very fine potatoes, which they had exchanged, as the others had done, for whatever was offered to them. Several fmall pigs were purchafed for a fixp penny nail; fo that they found themfelves again in a land of plenty, and juft at the time when the turtle, which they had fo fortunately procured at Chriftmas Inand, were nearly exhaufted.

Next morning feveral of the natives took courage and came on board.
In the courfe of feveral voyages Capt. Cook never before met with the natives of any place fo much aftonimed, as thefe people were, upon entering a fhip. Their eyes were continually flying from object to object ; the wildnefs of their looks and geftures fully expreffing their entire ignorance about every thing they faw, and ftrongly marking that, till now, they had never been vifited by Europeans, nor been acquainted with any of their commodities, except iron ; which, however, it was plain, they had only

## ( 136 )

heard of, or had known it in fome fmall quantity, brought to them at fome diftant period. They feemed only to underitand, that it was a fubftance, much better adapted to the purpofes of cutting, or of boring holes, than any thing their own country produced. They alked for it by the name of bamaite, probably referring to fome inftument, in the making of which iron could be ufefully employed; for they applied that name to the blade of a knife, though they had no iciea of that particular inftrument; nor could they at all handle it properly. For the fame reafon, they frequently called iron by the name of toe, which, in their language, fignifies a hatchet; or rather a kind of adze. On being anked what iron was, they immediately anfwered, "We do not know; you know what it is, and we only undertand it as toe, or hamaite." When they were hewn fome beads, they aked firf, "What they were; and then, whether they thould eat them." But on their being told that they were to be hung in their ears, they returned them as ufelefs. They were equally indifferent as to a lookingglas, which was offered them, and returned it for the lame reafon; but fufficiently expreffed their defire for Bamaite and toe, which they withed might be very large. Plates of earthen-ware, china-cups, and other fuch things, were fo new to them, that they alked if they were made of wood; but wihed to have fome, that they might carry them to be looked at on fhore. They were, in fome refpects, naturally well bred; or, at leaft, fearful of giving uffence, afsing where they fhould fit down, whether they might fpit upon the deck, and the like. At firft, on their entering the thip, they endeavoured to feal every thing they came near; or rather to take it openly, as if they would not be prevented : however, they were foon convinced of their error; and if they, after forne time, Jecame lefs active in appropriating to themfelves whatever they took a fancy to, it was becaufe they found there was a watchful eye over them.

Juft as three boats, armed, were ordered to go on thore in fearch of frefh water, one of the natives ftole a butcher's cleaver, leaped overboard, got into his canoe, and 1 :tened to the fhore, the boats purfuing him in vain.

To prevent the communication of a certain difeafe, Captain Cook ordered all the female vifiters to bè ex-
cluded the can differ counten were fe faces, tion wa known be fent

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## 137 )

cluded from the hips. Many of them had come off in the canoes. Their fize, colour, and features, did not differ much from thofe of the men; and though their countenances were remarkably open and agreeable, thero were few traces of delicacy to be feen, either in their faces, of other proportions. Another neceffary precaution was taken, by frictly enjoining, that no perfon, known to be capable of propagating the infection, thould be fent upon duty out of the hips.
About noon, Mr. Williamfon came back, and reported, that he had feen a large pond, near one of the villages, which contained frelh water. He alfo reported, that he had attempted to land in another place, but was oppoied by the natives, who, coming down to the boats in great numbers, endeavoured to take away the oars, mufquets, aid, in fhort, every thing that they could lay hold of; and preffed fo thick upon him, that he was obliged to fire, by which one man was killed: But this unhappy circumitance the Captain did not know till after he had left the ifland; fo that all his meafures were directed as if nothing of the kind had happened.
Between three and four o'clock, he went afhore with three armed boats, and twelve marines, to examine the water, and to try the difpofition of the inhabitants, feveral hundreds of whom were affembled on a fandy beach near the village; at the back of which was the rece of water.
The very inflant he leaped on fhore, the collected body of the natives all fell fat upon their faces, and remained in that very humble pofture, till, by expreffive figns, the prevailed upon them to rife. They then brought a great many fmall pigs; he expreffed his acceptance of their proffered friendhip, by giving them, in return, fuch prefents as he had brought. When this introductory butinefs was finifhed, he ftationed a guard upon the beach, and got fome of the natives to conduct him to the water, which proved to be very good, and in a proper fituation for their purpofe. It was fo confiderable, that it may be called a lake; and it extended farther up the country than they could fee. The Captain having fatisfied himfelf about this very effential point, and about the peaceable difpofition of the natives, he returned on boird; and
thien gave orders that every thing fhould be in readines: for landing, and filling the water-cakss in the morning.

They met with no obftruction in watering; on the contrary, the natives affifted the men in rolling the cafks to and from the pool. Captain Cook, Mr. Webber, and Mr. Anderfon, then made an excurfion up the country; every perfon they met fell proftrate upon the ground, and remained in that pofition till they had paffed. Their Chiefs are accuftomed to the fame kind of homage.

In this fhort excurfion nothing was feen worthy of notice:; upon their seturn to the beach, they found a great crowd affembled, and a brifk trade for pigs, fowls, and roots, going on there; with the greateft order.

Amongtt the articles which they brought to barter, they could.not help taking notice of a particular fort of cloak and cap. The firft are nearly of the fize and fhape of the Chort cloaks worn by the women in England. The ground of them is a net-work, upon which the moft beau. tiful red and yellow feathers are fo clofely fixed, that the furface might be compared to the thickeft and richert velvet, which they refemble, both as to the feel and the gloffy appearance.
The cap is made almoft exactly like a helmet, with the middle part, or creft, fometimes of a hand's breadth; and it fits very cloie upon the head, having notches to admit the ears. It is a frame of twigs and ofiers, covered with a net-work, into which are wrought feathers, in the fame manner as upon the cloaks, though rather clofer, and lefs diverffied. Thefe, probably, complete the drefs, with the cloaks; for the natives, fometimes, appeared in both together.

The Captain was at a lofs to guefs from whence they could get fuch a quantity of thefe beautiful feathers; but he was foon informed; for they afterwards brought great numbers of akins of fmall red birds. for fale, which were often tied up. in bunches of twenty or more, or had a fmall wooden $\mathrm{Ik}^{2}$ wer run through their noftrils.

One of the natives was obferved to have a fmall parcel pendant to a ftring, which looked like human fleih. The queition being put to him, he anfwered, that it was part of a man. Another of his countrymen, who food by him, was then alked, whether it was their cuftom to eat
thofe killed in battle ? and he immediately anfivered in the affirmative.
1 At feven o'clock, the next morning, a breeze of wind fringing up at North-eaft, they fet fail in order to clear the thore; they then fleered for Oneeheow, to take a nearer view of it, and to anchor there if convenient : at eleven o'clock they were within two leagues; but the. Difcovery not appearing, they dropped their defign, and roturned to Atooi; and,.foon after, they were joined by the Difcovery.
They fetched in with the land about two leagues to leeward of the road, which, though fo near, they never could recover; for what they gained at one time, they loft at another: fo that, by the morning of the 2gth, the cufrents had carried them Wettward, within three leagues of Oneeheow. Some of the iflanders, who had come off to the fhips, informing them that frefh water might be got there, they ran down, and came to an anchor before it.

Six or feven canoes had come off, before thêy anchored, bringing fome fmall pigs and potatoes, and a good many yams and mats. The people in them refembled thofe of Atooi; and feemed to be equally well acquainted with the ufe of iron, which they alked for allo by the names of bamaite and toe ; 'parting readily with all their commodities for pieces of this precious metal. Many of them came readily on board, crouching down upon the deck, and mot quitting that humble pofture, till they were defired to get up. They had brought feveral females with them, who remained along-fide in the canoes, behaving with far lefs modefty than their countrywomen of Atooi.
On the 3 flt , the mafter was fent in a boat up to the South-eaft head, or point of the inand, to try if he could land under it. He returned with a favourable report; encouraged by this, Captain Cook went on fhore in the pinnace, taking with him a ram-goat and two ewes, a boar and fow-pig of the Englifh breed; and the feeds of melons, pumkins, and onions : being very defirous of benefiting thefe poor people, by furnifhing them with fome additional articles of food. To one of them, who feemed to affame fome command, he gave the goats, pigs, and feeds he intended to have left them at Atooi, as is juft-
selated. There did not appear to be above five hundred people upon the ifland. Some myfterious ceremonies were obferved; one of which was performed by a woman, who took a fmall pig, and threw it into the furf, till it was drowned, and then tied up a bundle of wood, which the alfo difpofed of in the fame manner. The fame woman, at another time, beat with a ftick upon a man's houlders, who fat down for that purpofe. A particular veneration feemed to be paid here to owls, which they have very tame ; and it was obferved to be a pretty general practice, amongft them, to pull out one of their teeth $\S$.

On Monday, the 2d of February, they ftood away to the Northward, in profecution of their voyage. This ifland fupplied both hips with a confiderable quartity of provifions, particularly vegetables.

Though this place is deftitute of the delightful views of Otaheite, its poffeffing a greater quantity of gentlyrifing land, renders it, in fome meafure, fuperior, becaufe it is more capable of improvement.

The vale, or moift ground, produces taro, of a much larger fize than any they had ever feen; and the higher ground furnifhes fweet potatoes; that often weigh ten, and fometimes twelve or fourteen pounds; very few being under two or three.

Befides the vegetable articles, bought as refrefhments, amongt which were, at leaft, five or fix varieties of plantains, the ifland produces bread-fruit; though it feems to be fearce, as they faw only one tree, which was large, and had fome fruit upon it.

The fcarlet birds, which were brought for fale, were never met with alive; but they faw a fingle fmall one, about the fize of a canary-bird, of a deep crimfon colour; a large owl; two large brown hawks, or kites; and a wild duck; and it is probable there are a great many forts, judging by the quantity of fine yellow, green, and very fmall, velvet-like, black•feathers, ufed upon the cloaks, and other ornaments, worn by the inhabitants.

The
§ It is very remarkable, that, in this euftom, which one would think is fo unnatural, as not to be adoptod by two different tribes, originally unconnected, the people of this ifland, and Dampier's natives on the Weff fide of New Hulland, at fuch an immenfe dianäce, should be found to agree.

The inhabitants are of a middling fature, firmly made. Their vifage, efpecially amongt the women, is fometimes round; but others have it long; nor can it be faid; that they are diftinguifhed, as a nation, by any general caft of countenance. Their colour is nearly of a nut brown. The women have been already mentioned, as being a little more delicate than the men, in their formation.
They are very expert fwimmers; leaving their canoes upon the moft trifling occafion; diving under them; and fimimming to others, though at a great diftance. It was very common to fee women, with infants at the breaft, when the furf was fo high that they could not land in the canoes, leap overboard, and, without Jangering their little ones, fwim to the fhore, througn a fea that looked dreadful.
It was a pleafure to obferve with how much affection the women managed their infants, and how readily the men lent their affiftance to fuch a tender office; thus fufficiently diftinguilhing themfelves from thofe favages, who efteem a wife and a child as things rather neceffary, than defirable, or worthy of their notice.

The children, wher very young, go quite naked. They wear nothing upon ie head; but the hair, in both fexes, is cut in different forms.
The men are frequently punctured, though not in any particular part; fometimes there are a few marks upan their hands, or arms, and near the groin.
Their houfes are about, without any order. Some are large and commodious, from forty to fifty feet long, and twenty or thirty broad, while others of them are mere hovels. They are well thatched with long grafs, which is laid on flender poles, difpofed with fome regularity. The entrance is made indifferently in the end or fide, and is an oblong hole, fo low, that one mupt rather creep than walk in. Of animal food they can be in no want, as they have abundance of hogs, which ran, without reftraint, about the houres; and if they eat dogs, which is not improbable, their tock of thefe feemed to be very confiderable.
A great number of fmall polihed rods were obferved, about fouror five feet long, founewhat thicker than the ram-

## ( 142 )

mer of a mufquet, with a tuft of long, white dog's hair fixed on the fmall end. Thefe are, probably, ufed in their diverfions. They play at bowls with pieces of about a pound weight, fhaped fomewhat like a fmall cheefe, but rounded at the fides and edges, which are very nicely polifhed.

In every thing manufactured by thefe peopie, there appears to be an uncommon degree of neatnefs and ingenuity. Their cloth is fained of a variety of colours : one would fuppofe that they had borrowed their patterns from fome mercer's fhop, in which the moft elegant productions of China and Europe are collected. In what manner they produce their colours, there were no opportunities of learning.

They fabricate a great many white mats, which are ftrong, with many red ftripes, rhombufes, and other figures interwoven on one fide; and often pretty large. But they make others coarfer, plain and frong, which they fpread over their floors to fleep uporr.

They ftain their gourd-fhells prettily with undulated lines, triangles, and other figures of a black colour; inftances of which we faw practifed at New Zealand. Their wooden difhes and bowls, out of which they drink their kava, are of the etooa-tree, or cordia, as neat as if made in a turning-lathe, and perhaps better polifhed. Their fifhing-hooks are generally made of pea. Thell; they are elegantly formed and beautifully polifhed alfo.

After Captain Cook had left the ifland, one of the Chiefs made his appearance, and paid a vifit to Captain Clerke on board the Difcovery. He came off in a double canoe ; and, like the king of the Friendly Ilands, paid no regard to the fmall canoes that happened to lie in his way, but ran againf, or over them. His attendants helped him into the hip, and placed him on the gangway. Their care of him did: not ceafe then; for they ftood round him, holding each other by the hands; nor would they fuffer any one to come near him but Captain Clerke himfelf. He was a young man, clothed from head to foot, and accompanied by a young woman, fuppofed to be his wife. His name was faid to be Tamahano. Captain Clerke made him fome fuitable prefents; and received from him, in return, a large bowl, fupported
by "two to the $d$ kill.
In th mode of the who fame aff fire an fomewh

On ward. This er courfe t and foc

On they we to the the rucl voyage hips $g$ wood a the co they $m$ bithert
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## ( 143 )

by two figures of men, the carving of which, both \%s to the defign and the execution, fhewed fome degret: of kill.
In their language they have not only adopted the foft mode of the Oţaheiteans, in avoiding harh founds, bat the whole idiom of their language; ufing not only th: fame affixes and fuffixes to their words, but the fame meafire and cadence in their fongs; though in a mannes fomewhat lefs agreeable.
On the 2d of February they ftood away to the northward. On the 7 th the wind veered to the South Eafto. This enabled them to fteer North Eaft and Eaft, which courfe they continued till the 12 th. They then tacked; and food to the Northward.
On the rith the wind weered to the South Eaft, and they were then enabled again toftear to the Eaft, inclining to the North. On the 25 th, they began to meet with the ruck-weed, mentioned by the writer of Lord Anfon's royage, under the name of fea. leek; which the Manilla fhips generally fall in with. Now and then, a piece of wood alfo appeared. But, if they had not known that the continent of North America was not far diftant. they might, from the few figns of the vicinity of land bitherto met with, have concluded, that there was none within fome thourand leagues of them.
During the calm, on the morning of the 2d of March, fome parts of the fea feemed covered with a kind of fime; and fome fmall fea animals were fwimming about; the moft conficicuous of which were of the gelatinous, or medus/a kind, almof globular; and another fort fmaller, that had a white, or flining appearance, and were very numerous. Some of thefe laft were taken up, and put into a glafs cup, with fome falt water, in which they appeared like fmall fcales, or bits of filver, when at reft, in a prone fituation. When they began to fwim about, which they did, with equal eafe, upon their back, fides, or belly, they emitted the brighteft colours of the moft precious gems, according to iheir pofition with refpect to the light.
On the 6th at noon, they faw two feals, and feveral whales; and at day-break, the next morning, the longlooked

## ( 144 )

lookivd for coan of New Albion - was feen, extending fivatiNorth Eaft to South Bat, diftant ten or twelve leagues.

From Saturday, March the 7 th to the 20th, they ftretched along the weft conft of North America, com. bating contrary winds.
On the 2gth they anchored in an inlet in eighty-five fathoms water, fo near the fhore as to reach it with an hawfer.
They no fooner drew near the inlet, than they found the coaft to be inhabited; three cances came off to the
they chang other folluv of ab
Refol
Th
grour able I forge cefio thip.: In one of thefe were two men, in another fix, and in the third ten. Having come pretty near the fhips, a perfon in the laft ftood up, and made a long harangue, inviting them to land, as they fuppofed, by his geltares. At the fame time, he kept ftrewing hand. fuls of feathers towarde them; $\oint$ and fome of his companions threw handfuls of red duft or powder in the fame manner. The perfon who played the orator, wore the $\mathbb{I k}$ in of fome animal, and held, in each hand, fomething which rattled as he kept fhaking it. After tiring himfelf with his repeated exhortations;, of which the thips company did not underftand a word, he was quiet. One canoe was remarkable for a fingular head, which had a bird's eye and bill, of an enormous fize, painted on it; and a perfon who was in. it, who feemed to be aChief, was no lefs remarkable for his uncommon appearance; having meny feathers hanging from his head; and being painted in an extraordinary manner. He held in his hands a carved bird of wood, as large as a pigeon, with which he rattled as the perfon firfmentioned had done ; and was no lefe vociferous in his harangue, which was attended with fome expreflive geftures.
They behaved very peaceably, but none of them could be prevailed uptom to venture on boand. They fhewed great readineff, however, to part with any thing they
*This part of the Weft gide of North America, wats fo named by Sir Francis Drake.
5 The natives of this cooft, twelve degrees farther South, alfo virought feathers as prefents to Sir Francis Drake on his arival. See an account of his voyage in Campbell's edition of Harris, Vol, io P. 18.

## ( 145 )

they had, and took whatever was offered them in exchange; hut were more defirous of iron, than of any other of their articles of commerce. Many of the canoes folluwed them to their anchoring-place; and a. group of about ten or a dozen of them remained alongfide the Refolution moft, part of the night.

Thefe circumitances gave our voyagers a reafonable ground of hope, that they thould find this a comfortable fation to fupply all their wants, and to make them forget the hardhips experienced during a conftant fuccefion of adverfe winds.

## ( 146 )

## P A $\quad$ I IV.

Tramfactions amonglt the Natives of North America: Difoveri's along that Coaft and the Eaflern Extromity of Afin, Noribward to Icy Cape; and Return Southward to the Sandwich IJands; from March 1778, to Fanuary 1779.

THIS place afforded the hips an excellent fhelter; on the North Weff fide they put into a finug cove.
A great many canoes, filled with the natives, were about the fhips all day; and a trade commenced, which was carried on with the fricteft honefly on both fides. The articles which they offered to fale were kkins of various animals, fuch as bears, wolves, foxes, deer, rackoons, polecats, martins; and, in particular, the fea otters, which are found at the iflands Eaft of Kamtichatka. Befides the ikins in their native thape, they alfo brought garments made of them, and another fort of clothing made of the bark of a tree, or fome plant like hemp; weapons, fuch as bows, arrows, and fpears; fifh-hooks, and inftruments of various kinds; wooden vizors of many different monftrous figures; a fort of woollen fuff, blanketing; bags filled with red ochre, pieces of carved work, beads, and feveral other little ornaments of thin brass and iron, fhaped like a horfe-fhoe, which they hang at their nofes; and feveral ciniffels, or pieces of iron, fixed to handles. From their poffeffing which metals, it was natural to infer that they had been vifited before by fome civilized nation, or had connexions with tribes on their continent, who had communication with them. But the moft extraordinary of all the articles which they brought to the fhips for fale, were human ikulls, and hands not yet quite fripped of the flefh, which they made the people on board plainly undertand they had eaten;
and, in had bee
Thef
courfe o If they to have and mi They w tants of pofieflin! from the the infta weighin! ler ones, ner. A eyery bi men we terous en would co a boat, the othe
The ot on the fig A con On their gular $m$ paddle, Chief, up with: fyeaking, the orato a mak, fome anit rattle in this circu and beg cfien, in all in $t$ mony.
The n and muc: many of
and, indeed, fome of them had evident marks that they. had been upon the fire.
The fame of Captain Cook's arrival brought a great concourfe of the natives to the thips in the courfe of this day. If they had any diftruft or fear at firft, they now appeared to have laid it afide; for they came on board the thips, and mixed with the failors with the greateft freedom. They were allo as light-fingered as any of the inhabitants of the other inlands, and far more dangerous; for, pofieling fharp iron infruments, they could cut a hook from the tackle, or any other piece of iron from a rope, the inftant that our backs were turned. A large hook, weighing between twenty and thisty pounds, feverai fmaller ones, and other articles of iron, were lof in this manner. And, as to the boats, they ftripped them of every bit of iron that was worch carrying away, though men were left in them as a guard. They were dexterous enough in effecting their purpoles; for one fellow would contrive to amuie the boat-keeper, at one cnd of 2 boat, while another was pulling out the iron woris at the other.
The obfervatory was carried on fhore, and tents pitched on the fide of a rock near the Refolution.
A confiderable number of the natives vifited daily. On their firt coming, they generally went through a fingular mode of introducing themielves. They would paddle, with all their fltrength, quite round both Thips ; a Chief, or ntier prineipal perfon in the canoe, ftanding up with a fpear; or fome other weapon in his hand, and freaking, or rather hallooing, all the time. Sometimes the orator of the canoe would have his face covered with a mak, reprefenting either a human vifage, or that of fome animal; and, infead of a weapon, would hold a rattle in his hand, a: before defcribed. After making this circuit round the fhips, they would come along-fide, and begin to trade without further cersmony. Very offen, indeed, they would firt chant a fong, in which all in the canoe joined, with a very pleafing harmony.
The neceflary repairs of the fhips were very numerous, and much engaged the attention of the people on board: many of the defects were but juft difcovered. While they
were thus employed, the natives continued to fupply then with provilions, particularly with fifh. In the evening they were vifited by a tribe of natives whom they had never feen before; and who, in general, were better looking people than thofe juft mentioned. Captain Cook prevailed upon thefe vifiters to go down into the cabin. They feemed to look with great indifference upon the objects that furrounded them ; forme few only feemed to be amufed.

The natives evidently traded with more diftant tribes; for it was obferved, that they would frequently difappear for four or five days at a time, and then return with frefh cargoes of tkins and curiofities, which the people on beard were fo paffionately fond of, that they always came to a good market. They alfo brought a confiderable quantity of very good animal oil, which they had referved in. bladders. In this traffic fome would attempt to cheat, by mixing water with the oil; and, once or twice, they had the addrefs to carry their impofition fo far, as to fill their bladders with mere water, without a fingle drop of oil. Nothing would go down with them but metal; and brafs had, by this time, fupplanted iron; being fo eagerly fought after, that before they left this place, hardly a bit of it was left in the fhips, except what belonged to their neceflary inftruments. Whole fuits of clothes were ftripped of every buaton ; bureaus of their furniture; ànd copper kettles, tin cannifters, candlefticks, and the like, all went to wreck.

It was found, by traverfing a few miles weft, that the land under which the fhips lay, was an ifland; and there were many fmaller ones lying feattered in the Sound on the Welt of it. Oppofite the North end of this ifland, upon the main land, the Captain oblerved a village, and there he landed. The inhabitants of it were not fo polite as thofe of the other. But this cold reception feemed owing to one furly Chicf, who would not let him enter their houfes, following him wherever he went; ; and feveral times; by expreffive fogns; tharking his impatience that he fhould be gone. Some of the young women, better pleafed than their inhofpitable Chief, drefled themfelves expeditiouny in their bet apparel.
apparel, was far $f$

While vifited by ple undet beyond th and other moft fing from the pofed to ftrangers ment.
Next $n$ vifited by canoes.
up, and which the
in quicke with the ing in con canoes; al the end of and then $b$ booes! for people on they liftene they came had to difp
On the with an in prevented. every forethe Captai to fail, or impatience termine to
The nat the Sound, canoes. '1 felf to the with a braf pletely hap

## ( 149 )

apparel, and welcomed him, by joining in a fong, which was far from difagreeable.
While the Captain was abfent, the fhips had been vifited by fome ttrangers; who, by figns, made his people underftand that they had come from the South Eaft, beyond the bay. They brought feveral fkins, garments; and other articles, which they bartered. But what was moft fingular, two filver table-fpoons were purchafed from them, which, from their peculiar fhape, were fuppofed to be of Spanifh manufacture. One of thefe ftrangers wore them round his neck, by way of ornament.

Next morning, about eight o'clock, the fhips were wifited by a number of natives, ire twelve or fourteen canoes. On advancing toward the fhips, they all ftood up, and began to fing. 'Some of their fongs, in which the whole body joined, were in a flow, and others in quicker time; and they accompanied their notes with the moft regalar motions of their hands ; or beating in concert, with their paddles, on the fides of the canoes; and making other very expreffive geftures. At the end of each fong, they remained filent a few feconds, and then began again, fometimes pronouncing the word hooce! forcibly, as a chorus. After entertaining the peop!e on board with this fpecimen of their mufic, which they liftened to with admiration, for above half an hour, they came along-fide the fhips, and bartered what the; had to difpore of.

On the 26 th every thing was brought from the flore with an intention to put to fea, but wind and tide both prevented. At four o'clock in the afternoon, they had cerery fore-runner of an approaching ftorm : this made the Captain hefitate a little, whether he fhould venture to fail, or wait till the next morning; but his anxious impatience to proceed upon the voyage, made him determine to put to fea at all events.

The natives attended them till they were almolt out of the Sound; fome on board the fhips, and others in their canoes. To one of ti.e Chiefs who had attached himfelf to the Captain, he prefented a new broad-fiword, with a brafs hilt; the poffefion of which made him completely happy. It is not to be doajted, that whoever
somes afier him to this place, will find the inhabitants prepared with no inconfiderable fupply of fkins ; an article of trade which may be purchafed to great advantage.
This place was honoured with the name of King George's Sound ; but it is called Nootka by the natives. The depth of water in the middle of the Sound, and even clofe home to fome parts of its fhore, is from fortyfeven to ninety fathoms, and perhaps more. The har*
the to comm flocks northe of bir fhy on pluma bours, and anchoring places, within its circuit, are numerous.
As the feafon was advancing very faft, and the neceffary repairs took up all their time, excurfions of every kind, either on the land, or by water, were never attempted. They muft have á great variety of animals, though only a few racoons, martins, and fquirrels were feen; as the natives clothe themfelves in the $\mathbb{R}$ ins of bears, foxes, deer, and wolves.
Hogs, dogs, and goats, have not as yet found their way to this place; nor do the natives feem to have any knowledge of the brown rats, to which, when they faw them on board the fhips, they applied the name they give to fquirrels.

The fea animals feen off the coaft, were whales, porpbifes, and feals. The laft of thefe feem only of the common fort, judging from the tkins which were feen here.

Sea-otters, which live moflly in the water, are found here. The fur of there animals;' as mentioned in the Ruffias accounts, is certainly fofter and finer than that of any other animal known by Europeans; and therefore the difcovery of this part of the continent of North America, where fo valuable an article of commerce may be met with, cannot be a matter of indifference $\$$.
The birds which frequent the waters and the flores, are not more numerous than the others. The quebran. tahuefos, gulls, and fhags were feen off the coaft ; and

F § Mr. Coxe, on the authority of Mr. Pallas, fays, that the old and middle.-aged fea-otters Kk ins are fold, at Kiachta, by the Rulfians, to the Chinefe, from 80 to 100 rubles a fkin; that is, from 261. to 201. cachy. See Coxe's Ruflan Difcurvics, p. 130

## (15r)

the two laft alfo frequent the Sound; thiey are of the common forts. They faw wild ducks in confiderable flocks; and the greater lumme, or diver, found in the northern parts of Europe. There are great numbers of birds of different fpecies in the woods, which are very fhy on account of the natives deftroying them for their plumage. Some fwans were feen once or twice flying acrofs the Sound.

- Fifh are more plentiful in quancity than birds. The principal forts, which they found in great numbers, are the common herring, but fcarcely exxceeding feven inches in length; a fmaller fort, which is the fame with the anchovy, or fardine, though rather larger; a white, or filver-coloured bream, and another of a gold-brown colour, with many narrow longitudinal blue ftripes. Sharks, likewife, fometimes frequent the Sound; ; for the natives have fome of their teeth in their poffelion.
The only animals of the reptile kind obferved here, and found in the woods, were brown fnakes two feet long, which are harmlefs ; and brownilh water-lizards; with a tail exactly like that of an eel.

The perfons of the natives are, in general, under the common ftature; but not flender, in portion, being commonly pretty full or plump, though not mulcular: the forehead rather low; the eyes fmall, black, and rather languifhing than fparkling; the mouth round, with large round thickiih lips; the teeth tolerably equal and well fet, but not remarkably white. Their eyebrows are alfo fcanty, and always narrow: but the hair of the head is in great abundance, very coarfe and ftrong; and, without a fingle exception, black, ftraight, and lank, or hanging down over the fhoulders.
Their colour could never pofitively be determined, as their bodies were incrufted with paint and dirt.
The women are nearly of the fame fize, colour, and form, with the men ; from whom it is not eafy to diftinguiih thein, as they poffefs no natural delicacies fufficient to render their perfons agreeable.

Their common drefs is a flaxen garment, or mantle, ornamented on the upper edge by a narrow frip of fur, and, at the lower edge, by fringes or taffels ; it is tied over the thoulders. Over this, which reaches below the
knees, is worn a fmall cloak of the fame fubftance, like. wife fringed at the lower part. In thape this refembles a round difh cover, being quite clofe, except in the middle, where there is a hole juft large enough to admit the head.

Befides the above drefs, which is common to both fexes, the men frequently throw over their other garments the Ikin of a bear, wolf, or fea-otter, with the hair outward, and tie it, as a cloak, near the upper part, wearing it fometimes before, and fometimes behind. Their drefs would by no means be inelegant, were it kept clean. But as they rub their bodies conftantly over with red paint, of a clayey or coarfe ochry fubttance, mixed with oil, their garments, by this means, contract a rancid offenfive fmell, and a greafy naftinefs; fo that they make a wery wretched dirty appearance. And, what is fill worfe, their heads and their garments fivarm with. vermin, which they were frequently feen to pick off, and eat with great compofure.

Sometimes they wear mafks, cut in wood, reprefenting human faces, the heads of eagles, and other large birds; the heads of land and fea-animals, fuch as wolves, deer, porpoifes, and others. But, in general, thefe. reprefentations much exceed the natural fize; and they are painted, and often ftrewed with pieces of the foliaceous mica, which makes them glitter, and ferves to augment their enormous deformity. So fond are they of thefe difguires, that Captain Cook fays he has feen one of them put his head into a tin kettle he had got from the fhip, for want of another fort of mak.

Though there is but too much reafon, from their bringing to fale human ikulls and bones, to infer that they treat their enemies with a degree of brutal cruelty, this circumitance rather marks a general agreement of charater with that of almoft every tribe of uncivilized men, in every age, and in every part of the globe, than that they are to be reproached with any charge of peculiar inhumanity. They feem to be a docile, courteous, good-natured people.
When diipleared, they are exceedingly violent; but they are foon pacified: Their curiofity appears, in fome meafure, to lic dormant; for few exprefied any defire
to fee or which, have appe flips did
The Ca wolf's that anim: which he
In traff fition.' B of the obj endeavour it; which childifh ct
There to look.out pofition ; to prevent
Their compared falls, and ent famili Clofe to boards, ra floor, and fleep. T long, and between th nor chimn
Their f
oblong pa
The na at leart o filh within their bond the additio heaps, and becomes $t$ In a word thing, in froke.

## (i 153 )

to fee or examine things wholly unknown to them; and which, to thofe truly poffefled of that paffion, would have appeared atonifhing. Even the magnitude of their fhips did not feem to engage their notice.

The Captain fays, he once faw one of them dreffed in a wolf's k in, with the head over his own, and imitating that animal, by making a fqueaking noife with a whiftle, which he had in his mouth.

In trafficking, fome of them betrayed a knavifh difpofition." But, in general, it was otherwife. The novelty of the object, with them, was a fufficient motive for their endeavouring, by any indirect means, to get poffeffion of it; which proved, that they were rather actuated by a childifh curiofity, than by a difhoneft difpofition.

There are holes, or windows, in the fides of the houfes, to look.out at, but without any regularity of -hape or difpofition ; and thefe have bits of mat hung before them, to prevent the rain getting in.

Their houfes, in the infide, may with propriety be compared to a long Englifh fable with a double range of ftalls, and a broad paffage in the middle; for the different families are only feparated by a piece of plank. 5 Clofe to the fides, in each of thefe parts, is a bench of boards, raifed five or fix inches higher than the reft of the floor, and covered with mats, on which the family fit and fleep. Thefe benches are commonly feven or eight feet long, and four or five broad. In the middle of the floor, between them, is the fire-place, which has neither hearth nor chimney. This part appeared common to them all.

Their furniture confifts only of a few chefts and boxes ${ }_{i}$ oblong pails and buckets, and a few wooden bowls.

The naftinefs and ftench of their houfes are, however, at leait equal to the confufion; for, as they dry theirfilh within doors, they alfo gut them there, which, with their bones and fragments thrown down at meals, and the addition of other forts of filth, lie every where in heaps, and are, it hhould feem, never carried avay, till it becomes troublefome, from their fize, to walk over them. In a word, their houfes are as filthy as hog-fties; every thing, in and about them, ftinking of fifh, train-oil, and fmoke.

## ( ( 154 )

Though their food, Atrictly fpeaking may be faid to confift of every thing animal or vegetable that they can procure, the quantity of the latter bears an exceeding fmall proportion to that of the former, Their greatef reliarce feems to be upon the fea, as affording fifh, mufcles, fmaller Thell fifh, and featanimals.

Their manner of eatiag is exactly confonant to the naftinels of their houres and perfons; for the troughs and platters, in which they put their food, appear never to have been wafhed from the time they were firf made, and the dirty remains of a former meal are only fivept away by the fucceeding one; for they eat the roots which they dig from the ground, without fo much as haking of the foil that adheres to them.
Their weapons are bows and arrows, lings, fpears, flort truncheons of bone, and a fmall pick-axe, not unlike the common American tomabaswk. The tomahawk is a fone, fix or eight inches long, pointed at one end, and the other end fixed into a handle of wood, which refembles the head and neck of the human figure; and the flone is fixed in the mouth, fo as to scprefent an enormouny large tongue.
They gave pretty frong proof that they are often engaged in quarsels, from the number of human fuulls which they brought to fell.
Their tafte or defign in working figures uppn their garments, correfponds with their fondneís for carving, in every thing they make of wood, Nothing is without a kind of freeze-work, or the figure of fome animal upon it; but the niof general reprefentation is that of the human face, which is often cut out upon birds, and the other monftrous figures mentioned before ; and even upon their fone and bone weapons.

The imitative arts being nearly allied, no wonder that, to their Ekill in working figures in their garments, and carving them in wood, they fhould add that of drawing them in colours. Captain Cook fays he has feen the whole procer's of their whale-fifhery painted on the caps they wear. This, though rudely executed, ferves; at leaft, to fhew, that they have fome notion of a method of commemorating and reprefenting actions in a lafting way.

## ( 1555 )

Their canogs arenoffinfimple Aructure, but; to appearance, wwoll calculated for every ufefurl purpofe. Even the dargeft, which carty twenty people or more, are formed of one tree. Many of them are forty feet long. feven bioad, and abgut three deep.. From the middle, toward each end, they become gradually narrower, the after + part, or tern, ending abruptly or perpendicularly, with a fmall knob on the top. Their paddles are fmall and light; the fhape, in forne meafure, refembling that of a large leaf, pointed at the bottom, broadeft in the middle, and gradually lofing itfelf in the haft, the whole being about five feet long. They have acquired great dexterity in managing thefe paddles, by conitant ufe; for fails are no part of their art of navigation:

They fometimes decoy animals; by cove:ing themfelves, with a fkin, and running about upon all fours, which they do very nimbly, as appeared from the fecimens of their kill, which they exhibited before the officers, making a kind of noife or neighing at the fame time; and, on thefe occafions; the malks, or carved heads, as well as the real dried heads, of the different animals, are put on.

Their principal tools are the chiffel and the knife. The chiffel is a long flat piece fitted into a handle of wood. A ftone ferves for a mallet, and a piece of fifhIkin for a polifher.

Their language is, by no means, harh or difagreeable, farther than proceeds from their ufing the $k$ and $b$ with more force; or pronouncing them with lefs foftnefs than we do. They have one found, which is very frequent, and not ufed by us. It.is formed in a particular manner by clafhing the tongue partly againft the roof of the mouth. It is difficult to reprefent this found by any compofition of our letters, unlefs from $l / z t b l$ : it is generally ured as a termination. The next mot general termination is compofed of $t \boldsymbol{l}$; and many words end with $z$ andifs. A fpecimen or two, of each of thefe, is here put down:

| Opulfzthl, | The fun. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Onulfzthl, | The moon. |
| Kabhieetl, | Dead. |
| Trejbcheetl, | To throw a fone, |
| Koomitz, | A human Ikull. |
| Quabmifs, | Filh roe. |

## ( )

On the 27 th of April both the fitips Bore away North Weft, in which diretion they luppoted the couit to lie. At half paft one in the ffternoon it blew a hurricane; fo that Captain Cook judged it highly dangerous to run any longer before its and therefore brought the fhips to. At this' time, the Refolution fpring' a leak. It was found to be inder the fatrboard bittock; where, from the breadroom, they could both hear and fee the water rufh in'; ands as they then thought, two feet under water. But in this they were happily miftaken; for it was afterwards foond to be even with the water-line, if not above it, when the Mip was upright. After the water was baled out; one pump kept it under to their no fmall fatisfaction.

On the 28 th of April, the weather began to clear up; and, being able to fee feveral leagues round, they ftered more to the Northward.
At feven in the evening, on the if of May, they got figlit of the land, which, abounds with hills, but one confiderably out-tops the reft; this was called Mount Edgcumbe. It was wholly covered with fnow ; as were alfo all the other elevated hills.

At half an hour paft four in the morning, on the 3 d , they faw a large inlet, diftant fix leagues; and the moft advanced point of the land, lying under a very high peaked mountain, which obtained the name of Mount Fair Weather. The inlet was named Crofs. Sound, as be. ing firft feen on that day, fo marked in our calendar.

On the 4th, they faw feveral whales, feals; and porpoifes; many gulls, and feveral flocks of birds; which had a black ring about the head; the tip of the tail, and upper part of the wings with a black band; and the reft blueif above, and white below, They alfo faw a browninh duck, with a black or deep blue head and neck, fitting upon the water.

From the 4 th to the 10 th, nothing very interefting occurred. On the 'roth, they found themfelves no more than three leagues from the coalt of the continent, which extended from Eaft half North, to North Wett half Weft, as far as the eye could reach.

Here they faw an illand extending from North to South, diftance about fix leagues.

## 157)

On the 1xth, they bore up for the ifland. At ten o'clock in the morning, Captain Cook went in a boat, and landed upon it with a view of feeing what lay on the other fide; but finding it farther to the hills than was expected, and the way being fteep and woody, he was obliged to drop the defign. At the foot of a tree; on an eminence not far from the fhore, he left a bottle with a paper in, it, on which were infribed the names of the lhips, and the date of their diftevery; and along with it he inclofed two filver twopenny pieces of his Majety's coin, of the date 1772 . Thefe, with many others, were furninhed him by the Rev. Dr. Kaye; (now Dean of Lincoln) and, as a mark of his efteem and regard for that gentleman, he named the inland after him Kaye's $I /$ hand: It is eleven or twelve leagues in length, in thedirection of North Eaft and South Weft ; but its breadth is not above a league, or a league and a half, in any part of it.
At the place where they landed, a fox came from the yerge of the wood, and eyed them with very little emotion, walking leifurely without any figns of fear. He was of a reddifh-yellow colour, like fome of the fkins we bought at Nootka, but not of a large fize. There were no marks of its ever having been inhabited.
They were now threatened with a fog and a form ; it was therefore neceflary to get into fome place to ftop the leak, before they encountered another gale. Thele reafons induced them to feer for an inlet, which they had no fooner reached, than the weather became fo foggy that they could not fee a mile before them; and it became neceffary to fecure the fhips in fome place, to wait for a clearer Ry. With this view, they hauled clofe under a Cape, which Captain Cook now called Cape Hinchinbrooke, and anchored before a fmall cove, a little within the Cape, in cight fathoms water.
When the fog difperfed, they had an opportunity of taking a view of the land near them, when they obferved feveral rocky iflands.
To thefe iflands Mr. Gore was fent in a boat, in hopes of thooting fome eatable birds; but he had hardly got to them, before about twenty natives made their appearance in two large canoes; on which he thought proper to

## (158)

teturn to the fhips, and they followed him. They would not venture along-fide, but kept at fome diftance, hal! looing aloud, and alternately claiping and extending their arms; and, in a fhort time, began a kind of fong exaetly after the manner of thofe at Nootka. Their heads were alfo powdered with feathers. One man held out a white garment, which was interpreted as a fign of friendShip; and another food up in the canoe, quite naked, for almoft a quarter of an hour, with his arms fretched out like a crofs, and motionlefs. The canoes were not confrueted of wood, as at King George's or Nootka Sound. The frame only, being flender laths, was of that fubflance ; the outfide confifting of the ikins of feals, or of fuch like animals. Though they returned their friendly figns, they could not induce them to come along-fide.

The natives who vifited them the preceding evening, came off again in the morning, but were filil afraid to venture on board. At eight o'clock, the violence of the fqualls obliged the fhips to anchor in thirteen fathoms, in a bay. The night was exceedingl tormy.

Next morning early, many of the natives came, and fome ventured on board; amongft them a good-looking middle-aged man, who was atterwards. found to be a Chief. He was clothed in a drefs of the fea-otter's fkin ; and had on his head fuch a cap as is worn by the people of King George's Sound, ornamented with 1 ky blue glafs beads, about the fize of a large pea. He feemed to fet a much higher value upon theie, than upon the white glafs beads which they had on board : any torts of beads, however, were in high eftimation with thefe people ; and they readily gave whatever they had, in Exchange for them ; even their fine fea-otter fkins. But here it is neceffary to obferve, that they fet no more value upon thefe than upon other flkins.

They could not prevail upon the Chief to truf himfelf below the upper deck, nor did he and his compafiots remain long on board : but while they had their company, it was neceffary to watch them narrowly, as they foon betrayed a thievifh difpofition. At length, after being about three or four hours along-fide the Refolution, they all left her, and went to the Difcovery; pone having been there before; except one man, who, at
this tim thither i ferved, fomethir trymen mip. As foc the heac they had mient pla operation the Ame towardst feeing th all the c on board of a gua her. So athers $\mathbf{c x}$ and the r flant the them, th noes, ab down the as if the rather: a what the man who Refolutio of her; and feeit quesior as plauder ditance with this of them drew the on deck for plun rudder o board to canoes.
this time, came from her, and immediately returned thither in company with the reft. When this was obferved, it was imagined that this man had met with fomething there, which, ke knew would pleafe his countrymen better than what they met with at the other flip. Dut this was a miftake, as will foon appear. \% As foon as they were gone, a boat was fent to found the head of the bay; for, as the wind was moderate; they had thoughts of laying the fhip a a hore, if a convenient place: could be found where they might begin operations to fop the leak. It was not long before all the Americans left the Difcovery, and made their way: towards the boat employed as above. The officer in her feeing this, returned to the mip, and was followed by all the canoes. T The boat's crew hat no fooner come, on board, leiving in sher two of theif number by way of a guard, thian fome of the Anferlians fepped into her. © Some prefented theie foctars itbefore the wo men; athers caftloofe the rope which faftened her to the fhip; and the reft attempted to tow hor away. But the infant they fiw thie people on board preparing to oppofe: them, they let her go, ftepped out of her into their canoes, and imade fignato © Captain Oäok'e people to lay: down their apinat apperating as (perfeelly unconcerned as if they had done nothing anffa. This, though rather: a unomi dariagy adtexppty was hifrdly equal to what they hapd meditated on board the Difoovery. The man whoc came and carriediall his qountrymien from the. Refolutioni: 0 the other hip, had Ara been on board: of her inwlierey after looking down all the hatchways, and feeing nobody but the officer of the watch, and one or swo more; he no doubt thought they might? plander ther with cafe; efpecially the the at fome dittance from the other hrip. It-was unqueftionably with this view, that they all repaired to her. Severalof them; withput any ceremony, went on board; drew their knives; made figns to the officer and people on deck to keep off y and began to look about them for plunder. The firf thing they met with was the rudder of one of the boats, which they threw overg board toithofe of their party who had remained in the canoes. Before they had time to find another object

## ( 160 )

that pleafed their fancy, the crew were alarmed, and began to con. a upon deck armed with cutlafles. $\mathrm{On}_{\mathrm{n}}$ feeing this, the whole company of plunderers fneaked off in their canoes, with as much deliberation and in. difference as they had given up the boat; and they were, obferved deferibing to thofe who had not been on boaid, how much longer the knives of the fhip's crew werc than their own.
Juft as they were going to weigh the anchor to proceed faxther up the bay, it began to blow and to rain as hard as before; fo that they were obliged to bear away she cable again, and lie faft. Toward the evening, finding that the gale did not moderate, and that it might be fome time before an opportunity offered to get higher up, Captain Cook came to a refolution to heel the Bhip where they were; and, with this view, moored her with a kedge anchor and hawfer. Inheaving the anchor out of the boat, one of the feamen; either through ignorance or careleffnefs, or both, was carried over-board by the buoy-rope, and followed the anchor to the bottom. It is remarkable, that, in this vary critical fituation, he had preferce of mind to difengige himfelf, and come up to the furface of the water, where he was taken up, with one of his legs fractured in 2 dangerous manner.

Early the next morning, they gave the hip a good beel to port, in order to come at, and fop the leak.

The leak being fopped, at four o'clock in the morn. ing of the 17 th, they weighed, and feered to the NorthWeftward, with a light breeze' at Eall North Eaft; thinking, if there fhould be any paflage to the North: through this inlet, that it muft be in that direction. They were now upward of five hundred and twenty: leagues to the Weftward of any part of Hudfon's Bay.

Next morning at three o'clock, they, weighed, and proceeded Southward,

At two in the afternoon, the wind veered to the South Weft, and South Weit by South, which reduced them to the neceffity of plying.

To the place they had juft left, they gave the name of Prince William's Sound.

Thefe tom amo cut quite the firft the man

The m red, and blue, or and the tate then black, th very fimil of Green took mor or rather

Befides there are find ther natives $b$ cubs ; fr They alf had very the comm varied black on points ou mentione faw the deer.

They $f$ the alcyo bright ce frequent The o which we they cau purnlifh The rock filh; anc a red cr: On T South W

## (: $6 y$ )

Thefe people have a firange appearance, from a cuf tom among them, of having their under lip fit, or cut quite through the direelion of the mouth; and the firt man who faw this incifion, called out, that the man had two mouth.

The men frequently paint their faces of a bright: red, and of a black colour, and fometimes, of a blue, or leaden colour; but not in any regular figure: and the women, in fome meafure, endeavour to imitate them; by puncturing or ftaining the chin with black, that comes to a point in each cheek; a practice very fimilar to which, is in faftion amongft the females of Greentand. Upon the whole, no favages ever took more pains than thefe people do, to ornament, or rather to disfigure their perfons.

Befides the animals, which were feen at Nootka; there are fome others in this place which they did not find there; fuch as the white bear; of whofe fkins the natives brought feveral pieces, and fome entire kins of cubs; from which their fize could not be determined. They alfo found the wolverene, or guiekhatch, which' had very bright colours; a larger fort of ermine than the common one, which is, the fame as at Nootka, varied with a brown coloar, and with fcarcely any black on its tail. The number of fkins found here, points out the great plenty of thefe feveral animals juft mentioned; but it is remarkable, that they neither faw the kins of the moofe, nor of the common deer.

They found here the white-headed eagle; the thag; the alcyon; or great king-filher, which had very fine bright colours; and the humming-bird, which came frequently, and flew about the fhip, while at anchor.

The only fith they get, were fome tork and halibut, which were chiefly brought by the natives to fell; and they caught a few fculpins about the mip; with fome purplith itar-fifh, that had feventeen or eighteen rays. The rocks were obferved to be almoft deftitute of inellfing; and the only other animal of thi tribe feen, fos a red crab, covered with fpines of a vry large fizc.

On Thurfday, May the 2 ift , they ftecred to the South Weft, and paffed a lofty promontory As the
difcovery of it was connected with the-Princefs Elizabeth's birth day, it was named Cape tlizabetb. They continued their courfe with little variation; obferving many high mountains, near the coaft, till the 30th, when they anchored in nineteer fathoms water under the Eaftern More.

Next day they food over to the Weftern fhore with a frefh gale at North North Eaft. This, with the othes on the oppofite Thoire, contracted the channel to the breadth of fous leagues. Through this channel ran a prodigious tide. It looked frightful to them who could. not tell whether the agitation of the water was occafioned by the fiream, or by the breaking of the waves againft rocks or fands. As they met with no fhoal, it. was concluded to be the former; but, in the end, they. Eound themfelves miftaken.

As they proceeded farther up, the marks of a riven difplayed themfelves. The water was found to be frefher; infomuch that they were convinced they were in a large river, and not in a trait, communicating. with the Northern feas. However, they weighed with the next flood in the morning of the 3 ift, and plied higher up, or rather drove up with the tide; for they had but little wind.

At nine o'clock they came to an anchor, in fixteen fathoms water, about two leagues from the Weft fhore; the tide was on the ebb. They faw an opening between the mountains on the Eaftern fhore, bearing Eaft from the flation of the flips, with low land, which they fuppofed to be iffands lying between them and the main land. From thefe appearances, they were in fome doubt wherher the inlet did not take an Eafterly direction, through the above opening; or whether that opening was only a branch of it, and the main channel continued its Northern direction through the low land now in fight.

- The Captain fent two boats to afcertain this matter: they returned, reporting there was no paffage.

If the difcovery of this great river, ${ }^{*}$ which promifes to vie with the mof confiderable ones already known

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## ( 163 )

Eliza-
They ferving e 30th, r under re with te other to the el rana 10 could. as occae waves hoal, it. d, they.
a rives to be ey were nicating. ed with. Id plied for they
fixteen It fhore ; between aft from hey fup. main in fome y direc. ier that channel ow land
to be capable of extenfive inland navigation, fhould prove of ufe either to the prefent, or to any future age, the time they fpent in it ought to be the lefs regretted: But to our adventurers, who had a much greater object in view, the delay thus occafioned was an effential lofs. They knew not how far they might have to pruceed, to the South; and they were now convinced, that the continent of North America extended farther to the Welt, than from the modern moft reputable charts they had reafon to expect. This made the exiftence of a paffage in to Hudfon's Bay lefs probable ; or, at leaft, hewed it to be of greater extent. It was a fatisfaction, however, to reflect, that, if they had not examined this very cong.. derable inlec, it would have been affimed, by fpeculative fabricators ef geography, as a fact, that it commu* nicated with the fea to the North, or with Hudfon's Bay to the Eaft.

In the afternoon, Mr. King was fent with two armed boats, with orders to land on the Northern point of the low land, an the South Eaft fide of the river ; there to difplay the flag; to take poffeffion of the countryt and river, in his Majefty's name; and to bury in the ground a bottle, containing fome pieces of Englifh coin, of the year 1772, and a paper, on which were in feribed the names of the thips, and the date of their. difcovery.

They weighed anchor as foon as it was high water; and, with a faint breeze Southerly, ftood over to tha Welt fhore, where the return of the flood obliged them to anchor early next morning. Soon after, feveral large, and fome fmall canoes, with natives, came off; who bartered their fkins; after which they fold their garments, till many of them were quite naked.

They then went to the oppofite fhore and anchored. A good many of the natuves came off, when they were in this ftation, and attended upon them all the morning. Their company was very acceptable; for they brought with them a large quantity of very fine fainon; molt of it was fpiit ready for drying; and feveral hundred weight of it was procured for the two fhips

In the afternoon, the mountains, for the firlt time fince entrring the river, were clear of clouds; and they difcovered

## ( 164 )

difcovered a volcano in one of thofe on the Welt fide. It did not make any ftriking appearance, emitting only a white fmoke, but no fire.

The wind remaining Southerly, they continued to tide it down the river, Before they left this place, fix canoes came off from the Eaft fhore; and after looking at the fhips with furprife, for fome time, they began to barter, and did not go till they had parted with all their fkins,' moft of which were made up into garments, and fome few were old, ragged, and louly.

One o'clock, next morning; a frefh breeze fprung up at Weft, with which, on Saturday, June 6, they got under fail.
On the 7 th, they paffed a large bay, which was then named Whitfuntide Bay. . The land on the Ealt fide of this bay is deftitute of wood, and partly free from fnow.

In ftanding in for the coaft, they croffed the mouth of Whitfuntide Bay, and faw land all round the bottom of it.

The three following days they had almoft conftant mifty weather, with drizzling rain; fo that they ieldom had a fight of the coaft.

The fog clearing up, with the change of the wind to South Weft," in the evening of the 12 th they had a fight of the land bearing. Weft, twelve leagues diftant. They ftood in for it early next morning. At noon they were not above three miles from it ; an elevated point, which ebtained the name of Cape Barnabas, bore North Eaft, ten miles diftant.

Nothing interefting happened till the 18th; when, having orcafion to tend a boat on board the Difcovery, gne of the people in her fhot a very beautiful bird of the hawk kind. It is fomewhat lefs than a duck, and of a black colour; except the fore part of the head, which is white ; and from above and behind each eye arifes an clegant yellowifh white creft, revolved backward as a ram's horn. The bill and feet are red. They had for fome days feen thefe birds in large flocks.

On the 19th, while they were under way, fome native:, in three or four canoes, brought a wooden cafe or box on board the Difcovery; it was opened, and a piece of paper was found, folded up carefully, upon which fomuthine was
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The n ceded globe. Cap: Ruffian fortuna method with hu firous 0 No fuch did not Weftwa to deter number

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## ( 165 )

written in the Ruffian language; as was fuppofed. The date 1778 was prefixed to it; and, in the body of the written note, there was a reference to the year 1776. The numerals marked fufficiently that others had preceded the Engiifh in vifiting this dreary part of the globe.
Captain Clerke was, at firft, of opinion, that fome Ruffians had been fhipwrecked here; and that thefe un. fortunate perfons, feeing the hips pals, had taken this method to inform them of their fituation. Impreffed with humane fentiments, on fuch an occafion, he was defirous of ftopping till they might have time to join them. No fuch idea occurred to Captain Cook ; therefore they did not make any further erquiry, but bore away to the Weltward, along the coalt, or inlands; for it was not eafy to determine whether the neareft land was continent, or a number of illands.
At the diftance of two miles, they faw fome fupendous hills, towering above the clouds, i:nd covered with fnow. The moft South-wefterly of them was difcovered to have a volcana, which continually threw up vaft columns of black fmoke. Its figure is a complete cone, and the volcano is at the very fummit.
In the afternoon, having three hours calm, they caught upward of a hundred halibuts, fome of which weighed an. hundred pounds. This was a very feafonable refrefhment. In the height of their fifhing, a fmall canoe, conducted by one man, came to them. On approaching the thip, he took off his cap, and bowed. It was evident, that the, Ruffians muft have a communication and traffic with thefe people, not only from their acquired politenefs, but from the note before mentioned. But here was now a frefh proof of it $;$ for this vifiter wore a pair of g ea cloth breeches, and a jacket of black cloth, or ftuff. He had nothing to barter, except a grey fox-fkin, and fome fifhing implements or harpoons, the heads of the fhafts of which were neatly made of bone. He had with him a bladder, which was fuppoled to contain oil; for he opened it, took a mouthful, and then faftened it again.

On the 22d a fog came on, and no part of the main land was in fight, except the volcano, and another mountrin near it.

## (1. 166 )

For two or three days they had very cloady weather. At fix in the morning of the 24 th, they got a fight of the continent, four leagues diftant. The foggy weather continued for feveral days.

At half palt four on the 27 th, they were much alarmed at the found of breakers very near. On heaving the lead they found twenty-eight fathoms water, and the next catt twenty five; they immediately brought both fhips to, and anchored.

A few hours after, the fog having cleared a little, it appeared that they had efcaped very imminent danger. They found themfelves three quarters of a mile from the North Eaft fide of an inland, which extended from South. by Weft to North by Eaft. Two elevated rocks; the one bearing South by Eaft, and the otheriliaft by South, were about half a league each from them, and about the fame diffance from-each other. There iwere feverat. breakexs about them; and yet Providence had, in the dark, conducted the fhips through, batween thefe rocks, which they would not have ventured in a clear day, and to fuch an anchoring-place; that they could not have chofen a better.

On a point, which bore Weft from the fip; three: quarters of a mile diftant, were feveral natives and their habitations. To this place they were feen to tow in two whales, which it was fuppofed they had juft killed. A few of them, now. and then, came off to the Mips; and bartered afew trifling things; but never remained abovea quarter of an hour at a time. They behaved with a degree of politenefs uncommon to favage tribes.

- On the z8th early in the morning they weighed, and foon came to an anchor on the Southern thore, while they lay there:

At day-break, on the 28 th, they weighed, with a light breeze at South, which was fucceeded by variable light airs from all directions; but as there run a rapid tide in their favour, they got through before the ebb made. They came to anchor in twenty-eight fathoms water, pretty near the Southern hore. Here they found the tide to run) full five knots and an half in an hour.

While they lay here, feveral of the natives came off, and bartered a few fifhing implements for tobacco. Ore
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## ( 167 )

of them, a young man, overfet his canoe. The youth, by this accident, was obliged to come into the fhip; and he went down into the cabin, upon the firft invitation, without expreffing the leaft reluctance, or uneafinefs. His drefs was an upper garment, like a hirt, made of the large gut of fome fea-aninal, probably the whale; and an under garment, of the fame fhape, made of the fkins of birds, drefled with the feathers on, and neatly fewed together; the feathered fide being worn next his fkin. His own clothes being wet, Captain Cook gave hin others, in which he dreffed himielf with as much eafe as an European, to whofe cuftoms it is evident they are no Atrangers.

At low water, having towed the flip into the harbour, they anchored in niue fathoms water.

Soon after, a native of the ifland brought on board fuch another note as had been given to Captain Clerke. He preiented it to Captain Cook ; but it was written in the Rulfian language, which, as already obferved, none on board could read. As it could be of no ufe to hims and might be of confequence to others, he returned it to the bearer, and diimified him with a few prefents'; for which he expreffed his thanks, by making feveral low bows as he retired.
This country is called by the natives Samganoodba. Fogs detained them till the ad of July. Great plenty of good water may be eafily got here, but nothing elfe.
Havirg put to fea, on the 3 d they fteered to the North.
On the 4th it fell calm, and being in thirty fathoms water, they put over hooks and lines, and caught a good number of fine cod-fig.
At five in the morning of the 16 th, they found themfelves ne ere the land than was expected. Here, between two points, the coalt forms a bay. Lieutenant Williamto: was fent with orders to land, and fee what direction the coat took, and what the country produced.
Soon after Mr. Williamfon returned, and reported, that having climbed the higheft hill, he found, that the farthelt part of the cqaft in fight bore nearly North. He took poiferfion of the country in his Majeity's name, and Left on the hill a bottle, in which were infcribed, on a piece
piece of paper, the names of the Ships, and the date of the difcovery. The promontory, to which he gave the name of Cape Newenbam, is a rocky point of confider. able height. The hills are naked; but on the lower grounds grew grafs, and other plants, very few of which were in flower. He faw no other animal but a doe and her fawn; and a dead fea-horfe, or cow; upon the beach. Of thefe animals they had lately feen a great many.
-From the r6th to the 2 If nothing material occurred. On the 21 it they were obliged to anchor, to avoid running upon a fhoal, which had only a depth of five feet. While they lay here, twenty-feven men of the country, each in a canoe, came off to the chips, which they ap. proached with great caution; however, fome few came near enough to receive a few trifles that were thrown to them. This encouraged the reft to venture along-fide; and a traffic prefently commenced; the fhip's people got drefles of ikins, bows, arrows, darts, and wooden vefiels, in exchange for whatever was offered them. They feemed to be the fame fort of people that they had of late met with all along this coait ; wore the fame kind of ornaments in their lips and nofes; but were far more dirty, and not fo well clothed.

Variable winds, with rain, prevailed till the 3 d of July. Ma Anderfon, who had been lingering under a confumption for more than twelve months, expired be. tween three and four this afternoon. He was a fenfible young man, an agreeable companion, well ikilled in his own profeffion ; and had acquired confiderable knowledge in other branches of fcience. He wrote feveral of the defcriptive parts of this voyage; and, had it pleafed God to have fpared his life, the public, no doubt, would have received from him fuch communications, on various parts of the natural hiftory of the feveral places he vifite., as would have abundantly fhewn that he was not unworthy of this commendation. Soon after he had breathed his laft, land was feen to the Weftward, twelve leagues diftant. It was fuppofed to be an ifland; and, to perpetuate the memory of the deceafed, for whom Captain Cook had a very high regard, they named it Anderfon's Ifland.

Ont ing We a fledge as the $F$ or frow the part Being 6th to t stood aui chor unc rock or fome lov Eaft by This it is the mity of
$A_{i} \mathrm{~d}$. fumed $t$ they anc As th on the 1 the fight fion, or the cour habitatic ingly, w fome of armed $w$ up on a drew ne and wer make lou they-reti figns and fome trif Kins, an As the 2lways i their fpe to fuppor Thofe hands, b

On the $4^{\text {th }}$ they difcovered a pretty high ifland bearing Weft by North; this they named Sledge TJand, from' a ledge being found upon it. It feemed to be fuch a one as the Ruffians in Kamitchatka make ufe of over the ice or frow. The confruction of it was admirable, and all the parts neatly put together.
Being convinced, after feveral obfervations from the 6th to the gth, that the whole was a continued coaft, they stood away for its North Weft part, and came to an anchor under it in feventeen fathoms water. A high fteep rock or ifland bore Welt by South. Under this hill lies fome low land, the extreme point of which bore North Eaft by Eaft, about three miles diftant.
This point of land was named Cape Prince of Wales; it is the more remarkable, by being the Weftern extremity of all America bitherto known.
A: day-break in the morning of the 10th; they refumed their courfe to the Weft ; and about ten o'clock they anchored in a large bay, two miles from the fhore.
As they were flanding into this bay, they perceived on the North fhore a village, and fome people, whom the fight of the fhips feemed to have thrown into confufioi, or fear. They could plainly fee perfons running up the country with burdens upon their backs. At thele habiations Captain Cook propofed to land ; and, accordangly, went with three armed boats, accompanied by ${ }^{-}$ fome of the officers. About thirty or forty men, each armed with a fpontoon, a bow, and arrows, flood drawn up on a rifing ground clofe by the village. As they drew near, three of them came down toward the fhore, and were fo polite as to take off their caps, and to make low bows. As foon as the boats touched the fhore, they-retired. The Captain followed them alone, and by figns and geflures prevailed on them to fop, and receive fome trifing prefents. In return they gave him two foxkins, and a couple of fea-horfe teeth.
As the Captain advanced, they retreated backward; always in the attitude of being ready to make ufe of their fpears; while thofe on the rifing ground ftood ready to fupport them with their arrows.
Thofe who flood ready with bows and arrows in their hands, had the fpear flung over their right houlder by

2 leachern

## ( 170 )

a leathern ftrap. A leathern quiver, Alung over their left fhoulder, contained arrows; and fome of thefe quivers were extremely beautiful; being made of red lea. ther, on which was very neat embroidery, and other ornaments.

Several other things, and, in particular, their clothing, fhewed that they were poffeffed of a degree of in. genuity, far furpaffing what one could expect to find amongft fo Northern a people. All the Americans they had feen, fince their arrival on that coaft, were rather low of ftature, with round chubby faces, and high cheek bones. The people they were now amongt, far from refembling them, had long vifages, and were fout and well made. In fhort, they appeared to be a quite different nation. All of them had their ears bored ; and fome had glafs beads hanging to them. Thefe were the only fixed ornaments they faw about them; for they wear none to the lips. This is another thing in which they differ from the Americans they had lately feen.

Their clothing confifted of a cap, a frock, a pair of breeches, a pair of boots, and a pair of gloves, all made of leather, or of the $\mathbb{k}$ ins of deer, dogs, feals, \&c. and extremely well. dreffed; fome with the hair or fur on; but others without it. They faw neither women nor children.

They have a great number of dogs of the fox kind, rather large, and of different colours, with long foft hair like wool. They axe, probably, ufed in drawing their fledges in winter; for fledges they have. It is alfo not improbable, that dogs may conffitute a part of their food. Several lay dead that had been killed that marning.
1 After a very fhort ftay with there people, they returned to their hips; and foon after they weighed anchor, and food out of the bay. In a few hours their pofition was nearly in the middle of the channel be$t$ ween the two coafts, each being feven leagues diftant.

From this ftation they ftecred Eaft, in order to get nearer the American coaft.

Cn Monday the 7 th, before noon, they perceived a brightnefs in the Northern horizon, like that refected
from ice it was i About a left ther brightne tacked, thoms w for it wa by South Here we but far

On the ther to $t$ the edge and feem farther was extr upon it

They
faw land about th forms a for whicl other ex that the of the $A$

Their were in body of It was tween it lefs it 1 Captain made the himfelf.

The 1 horfes; boats fro

By fer on board till now, were not

## ( 77 )

from ice. It was little noticed, from a fuppofition that it was improbable they fhould meet with any fo foon. About an hour after, the fight of a large field of ice, left them no longer in doubt about the canfe of the brightnefs of the horizon. At half paft two, they tacked, clofe to the edge of the ice, in twenty-two fathoms water, not being able to ftand on any farther ; for it was totally impenetrable, and extended from Weft by South, to Ealt by North, as far as the eye could reach. Here were abundance of fea-horfes; fome in the water, but far more upon the ice.
On the 18 th, at noon, they were near five leagues farther to the Eaftward. They were, at this time, clofe to the edge of the ice, which was as compact as a wall; and feemed to be ten or twelve feet high at leaf. But, farther North; it appeared much higher. Its furface was extremely rugged; and, here and there, they faw upon it pools of water.
They now flood to the Southward; at this time they faw land extending from South to South Eaft by Eaft, about three or four miles diftant.: The Eaftern extreme forms a point, which was much incumbered with ice; for which reafon it obtained the name of Icy Cape.. The other extreme of the land was loft in the horizon; fo that there can be no doubt of its being a continuation of the American continent.
Their fituation was now more and more critical. They were in thoal water, upon a lee-fhore; and the main body of the ice to windward, driving down upon them. It was evident, that if they remained much longer between it and the land, it would force them on fhore; ; unlefs it fhould happen to take the ground before them. Captain Cook, thus fituated, had no time to lofe; he made the fignal for the Difcovery to tack, and tacked himfelf at the fame time.
The igth, on the ice lay a prodiginus number of feahorfes; and as they were in want of frefh provifions, the boats from each fhip were fent to get fome.
By feven o'clock in the evening, they had reaeived, on board the Refolution, nine of thefe animals; which, till now, were fuppofed to be fea-cows; fo that they were not a little difappointed, efpecially fome of the

## ( 172 )

Seamen, who, for the novelty of the thing, had been fealling their eyes for fome days paft. Nor would they have peen difappointed now, nor have known the difference, If they had not happened to have one or two on board, who had been in Greenland, and declared what animals thefe were, and that no one ever eat of them. But; notwithftanding this, they lived upon them as long as they lafted; and there were few on board who did not prefer them to falt meat.

The fat, at firt, is as fweet as marrow; but in a few days it grows rancid, unlefs it be falted; in which fate, it will keep much longer. The lean flefh is coarfe, black, and has rather a ftrong tafte; and the heart is nearly as well tafted as that of a bullock.

They lie, in herds of many hundreds, upon the ice; huddling one over the other like fwine; and roar or pray very loud; fo that, in the night, or in foggy wea. ther, they gave notice of the vicinity of the ice, before it could be feen. They never found the whole herd anleep; fome being always upon the watch. Thefe, on the approach of the boat, would wake thofe next to them; and the alarm being thus gradually communicated, the whole herd would be awake prefently. But they were feldom in a hurry to get away, till after they: had been once fired at. Then they would tumble one over the other into the fea, in the utmoft confufion. They did not appear to be that dangerous animal fome authors have defribed; not even when attacked. They are rather more fo to appearance, than in reality. The female will defend the young one to the very laft; nor will the young one quit the dam, though the be dead; fo that, if you kill one, you are fure of the other. The dam, when in the water, holds the young one between her fore-fins.

The dimenfions and weight of one, which was none of the largeft, were as follow:

Feet Inches.

Length from the fnout to the tail
Circumference of the body at the Moulder Circumference near the hind fins

Weigh head Head Skin
By the we were, no way 1 e which wa

They which tin The num had feen, began to

On th cleared u Northwar view of like the next the

The fe when the Captain to make Atlantic ing. Hi out fome wood anc they fhou provemen fame tim in farther

At das ftecred fu bly in as ever, got fight diftant.

Wedne funfhine diftance tants, ar

## 173)

Weight of the carcafe, without the head, ikin, or entrails
Head
$41 \frac{8}{2}$
Skin
205
By the time that we had got our fea-horfes on board, we were, in a manner, furrounded with the ice; and had no way left to clear it, but by ftanding to the Southward, which was done till three o'clock next morning.

They combated the ice from the 19 th to the 27 th; in which time they killed a great number of fea-horfes. The number of thefe animals, on all the ice that they had feen, is almoft incredible. By this time the failors began to relifh them.

On the 29th, the weather, which had been hazy, cleared up; efpecially to the Southward, Weftward, and Northward. This enabled them to have a pretty good view of the Affatic coaft; which, in every refpect, is like the oppofite one of America: that is, low land next the fea, with elevated land farther back.

The feafon was now fo far advanced, and the time when the froft is expected to fet in, fo near at hand, that Captain Cook did not think it confiftent with prudence to make any farther attempts to find a paffage into the Atlantic this year; fo little was the profpect of fucceding. His attention was now directed toward finding out fome place where they might fupply themfelves with wood and water; and the object oppermoft was, how they fhould fpend the winter, fo is to make fome improvements in geography and navigation, and; at the fame time, be in a condition to return to the North, in further fearch of a paffage, the enfuing fummer.

At day-break; on the 30th, they made fail, and ftecred fuch a courfe as would bring them moft probably in with the land; for the weather was as thick as ever, and it foowed inceffantly. At ten, they. got fight of the coalt, bearing South Weft, four miles diftant.

Wednefday, September 2 , they had fair weather and funfline; and as they ranged along the coaft, at the diftance of four miles, they faw feveral of the inhabiitants, and fome of their habitations, which looked like

## IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)




Photographic Sciences Corporation


## ( 874 )

fittle hillocke of earth. None of them, however, at, tempted to come $6 f$.
The more they were convinced of being now upon the coaft of Afia, the more they were at a lofs to reconcile: Mr . Stathin's map of the New Nowthem Archipelago with their oblervations ; and they had no way to account for the great difference, but by fuppofing, that they had milithken Tome part of what he calls the Ifland of Alarchka for the American, continent, and had miffed the channe! that eparates them. Admitting even this, there would 1 iy have been 7 confiderable differeace. It was with fhem a matter of fome confequence, to clear up this point the prefent fearon, that they might have but one object in view the next. And, as thefe Narthern ifles are reprefented by him as abounding with wood, they were in hopes, if they thould find them, of getting acfupply of that article, which they now began to be in great want of pa board.

In hopes of getting fome wood, which they now began to want, they ftecred over for the American Coaft, and. on the fixth got fight of it.

On thie 7 th, they got clofe in with the land.
On the oth, they found themfelves upon a coaft covered. With wood, an agreeable fight, to which, of late, they had net been accuitomed. At niue o'clock next morning, being about 2 league from the Wel more, Cap4 Cook took two boats, and landed, attended by Mr. ring, to feek wogd and water.
Several people were feen, and one man came off in fmall canoe. The Captain gave him a knife, and a few beads, with which he feemed well pleafed. HavIog made figns to him to bring them fomething to eat, She immediately left them; and paddled toward the Thore : but, meeting another man coming off, who happened to have two dried falmon, he got them from him and on returning to the fkip, would give them to nobody but the perfon who had given him the knife and the beads Others of the natives, foon after, came off, and exclianged a few dry fill, for fuch trifles as they could get. They were mot defirous of knives; and they had no difike to tobacrioi

Afterdinnerg Liedtenaint Gore was fent to ree if wood and water were there to be got ; or rather waters for the whole beach tound the bay feemed to be coxered wish drift-wood. About oight o'clock, he seturned, with the taunch laden with wood.

Next day, a family of the nativescame near to the place whese they were raking of wood. There wert the hirband, wife, and child; alio a fourth perfor. who bare the humar fhape, and that was att; for 10 was the moft deformed cripple ever feet or hieard of. Iron was their beloved arcicle. For four knives, which were made out of an old ironi hoop, they got from them near four hundred pounds weight of fifh, whick: they had caught on this or the preeeding day. Some. were trout, and the reft were, in fize and taft, comewhat betweem a mullet and a herring. Thiey gave the child, who wae a girl, a few beads; on which the: mother burft into teass, then the father, then the cripple, and, at laft, to complete the concert, the girl herfelf. Befone night, they had got the flips amply fupplied with wood; and had carsied on board above envelve tons of water to each
On the 4ith, a party of meri were fent on thore to cut brooms, which were wanted, and the branches of Sprace-tpees for brewing beer.
At day-break, on the 16 th , nine men, each in his ca-. noe, paid them a vifit. They approached the flip with. Some caution; and evidently came with no other view than to gratify cheir curiofitye. They gave them.a fong.; while one of their number beat upon a cind of drum, and another made a shoufand antic motions with his hands. and body. Thert was, howfver, nothing favage, either: in the fong, or in the geftures that accompanied it.
The dwellings of thefe people were feated dofe to the: beach They confif fimply of a floping roof, without. any fide-walls, compofed of logs, and covered with grafs and earth The floor is alfo laid with logs; the entrance is 2 a one end; ;the fire place juft within it; and 2 fmall bolo in made near the deor to let out the fmoke. The inles here was in boncure of Sir Fletcher Norton", Speaker of the Houre of Cummoibs (Mri King ' bear is(Lrion) named Norton's Sound.

## 136)

* Ft was now high time to think of leaving thefe Northen regions, and to retire to fome place during the winter, where they might procure fome refrefhments for the people, and a fmall fupply of provifions. No place was fo conveniently within their reach, where they could expect toi have their wants relieved, as the Sandwich iflands; to them therefore they proceeded:

1. They weighed on the 17 th of September, and fteered South.
On the 25 th the Refolution fprung a leak, under the ftarboard buttock, which filled the fpirit-room with water, before it was difcovered; and it was fo confiderable as to keep one pump cunftantly employed: They durft not put the fhip upon the other tack, for fear of getting upon . Thoals ; but continued fanding to the Weft, till fix in the evening of the 26th, when they wore and food to the Eaftward: and then the leak no longer troubled them. This provet, that it was above the water-line; which was no fmall fatisfaction:
At A one o'clock in the afternnon of the 3d of Ocrober, they anchored in.Samganoodha Harbour; and the next morning the carpenters of both hips were fet to work to rip off the fheathing of and under the wale, on the farboard fide abaft. Many of the feams were found quite open, fo that it was no wonder that fo much water had found its way into the flip.

There were great quantities of berries found afhore. In order to avail themfelves as much as poffible of this ufeful refrefhment, one-third of the people, by turns. had leave to go and pick them. If there were any feeds of the fcurvy, in either fhip, thefe" berries, and the ufe of fpruce beer, which they had to drink every other day, effétually eradicated them.

A bdat was fent out every morning, and feldom returned without eight- or ten halibut; which was more than fufficient to ferve all the people. The halibut were excellent, and there were few who did not prefer them to falmon. Thus they not only procured a fupply of fifi for prefent confumption; but had fome to carry to fea. They. eaught one halibut that weighed two hundred and fifty polunds, weighta.

## ( 47 )

Torth inter; 5 peo was f expect ands ;
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ler the water, e as to lot put upon in the to the them. ch was

Cober, de next vork to te far1 quite er had
afhore. of this turns y feeds he ufe er day,
eturne than ere exhem to fifh for

On the Cuh, Captain Cook received by the hands of an Donalahka man, named Derramoufhlia, 'a vary fingtak prefent, confidering the place. It was a rye lowf, or rai. ther a pye made in the form of a loaf, dor it inclofed fome falmon; highly feafoned with papper. This man had the like profent for Captain Clerke, and a note fore each of them, written in a character which none of thein could read. It was natural to fuppofe, that this prefent. was from fome Ruffians now in the neighbourhood; and therefore they fent, by the fame hand, to thefe unknown friends, a fow bottles of rum; wine, and porter; which they thought would be as acceptable as any thing they lad befides; and they foon knew, that in this they had not been miftaken The Captain wlfo fent with Deman me thea, Corppral Lodiard of the marines, an intert. gent man, in order to gain fome farther informatiods With ordore, that if he met with any Ruffians, he flictla endedivour to make them underftard, that they were Divio lim , the friends and allies of their nation.

On the soih, Lediard returned with theee Rafiah. Scamen, or furriers; who, with fome others, refided at Egooehfhac, where they had a dwelling houfe, fome forct houfor, wit a floop of about thity tons bumthen. Guce Thefe mitit was enther Matter or Mate of thisivefiel, anm other of them wrote a very good hand, and underftoid Ggures: and they were all three well behaved, intelligent mell; and very ready to give all the information in theft power. But, for want of an interpreter, they had foite difficulty to underftand each other:-

They aro engaged in the far-trade, which is now exi tended Ealtward.

On the f4th, in the evening, while Mr. Webber and Captain Cook were at a village at a fmall diftance from Samganoodha, a Ruffian landed there, who was the prin-: cipal perfon anongt his countrymen in this and the: neighbourling iflands. His name was Erafim Gregeniof Sin Ifmyloff. He arnived in a canoe carrying three perfons, attended by twenty or thirty other canocs, each conducted by one man. The fint thing they did, ffter tanding, was to make a fmall tent for Ifmyloff, of inatekials which they brought with them; and then they wade others forthemfelues. Ifmylofthaving invited them into

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## ( $177^{8}$ )

jnta his tent, fet before them fome dried falmon and Eerries, which was the beft cheer he had. He appeared to be 2 fenfible intelligent man. Captain Cook and he converfed by figns and figures:

From what they sould gather from him and his countrymen, the Ruffians have made feveral attempts to get a footing upon that part of the continent, that lies contiguous to Oonalaakka and the adjoining illands, but have always been repulfed by the natives.
He would fain have made the Captain a prefent of a fea-otter Ikin, which, he faid, was worth eighty roubles at Kamtchatka; however, he thought proper to deline it, but accepted of fome dried fifh, and feveral bafkets of the lily, or faranne root, which grows at Kamtfchatka. In the afternoon Mr. Ifmyloft, after dining with Captain Clenke, left them, with all his retinue, pramifing to return in a few days. Accondingly, on the 1gth, he made them another vifit.

He remained with them till the 21 ft , in the evening, when he took his final leave. To his care Captain Cook intrufted a letter to the Lords Commiffioners of the Admiralty in which was inclofed a chart of all the Northern contin they had vifited. Mr. Ifmyloff feemed to have abie lities that might entitle him to hlgher fation ti life, than that in-which he was found.

After they became acquainted with thefe Ruffians, fome of the gentlemen, at different times, vifited their fettlememt on the ifland; where they always met with a hearty welcome. This fettlement confited of a dwelling-houfe, and two ftore-houfes. And; befides the Ruffians, there was a number of Kamtichadales, and of the natives; as fervants' or Iaves to the former Some others of the ${ }^{2}$ natives, who feemed independent of the Ruffians, lived at the fame place. Such of them as belonged to the Ruffians were all males ; and they are taken, or, perhaps, purchafed from their parents when young. There were, at thi time, about twenty of thefe, who could be looked yan in no other light than as children. They all live in the fame houfe; the Ruflizins at the upper end, the Kamtrchadales in the middle, and the natives at the lower end 10 where is fixed a large boiler for preparing their cood which confilts chiefly of what the fea producest.
with little wha the Coo was pudd no b tafte gred Exce they feem fron T betw pofe beav

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 178
## (79)

with the adition of wild roots and berries. There is little difference between the firtt and laft table, befides what is produced by cookery, in which the Ruffians have the art of making indifferent things palatable. Captain. Cook fays he has eat whale's flefh of their drefling, which was thought very good; and they made, a kind of pan-: pudding of falmon-roe, beaten up fine, and fried, that is no bad fuccedaneum for bread. They may, now and then tafte real bread, or have a dih in which flour is an ingredient; but this can only be an occafional luxary, Except the juice of berries, which they fip at their meals, they have no other liquor befides pure water; and it feems to te very happy for them that they have nothing fronger. .

Thete are Ruffians fettled upon all the principal iflands between Oonalaska and Kamtfchatka, for the fole purpofe of collecting furs. Their great object is the fea-: beaver, or otter.

The natives, to all appearance, are a peaceable ipoffenfive people; and as to honefty, they might ferve as a pattern to the moft civilized nation upon earth.

Thefe people are rather low in ftature, but plump and well Shaped; with rather Short necks, fwaythy: chubby face; black eyes; fmall beards; and long, fraight, black hair; which the men wear loofe behind, and cut before, but the women tie up in a bunch.
Both fexes wear the fame in fafion; the ouly difference is in the materials. The women's frock is made of feal Kkin ; and that of the men, of the kkins of birds; both reaching below the knice. This is the whole drefs of the women. But, over the frock, the men wear another made of gut, which refits water: and has a hood to it, which draws over the head.

Their food confitts of fifh, fea-animals, birds, roots, and berries. They eat almof every thing raw. Boiling and broiling were the only methods of cookery; that they were feen to make ufe of $;$, and the firf was probably, learnt from the Rufians;
Captain Cook was once prefent when the Chief of Oonalafika made his dinner of the raw head of Iuge hinlibut, juf exught. : Before ary was given to :

## (100)

the Nhivef wo of hiv fromito emethe githe withous ent of ener derflity by befiden fquesering our the fimes
 Toctail to the fre and monhed itiz, then cante with it and fat down ty the Chiof, fart palling: wp fome grifs; uren op pat of which the head was liad, and the re量 Anewed Before the Chief: He then cite large pieces Qff the choekes and laid thefe within the reach of the great man, who fwallowed them with as much fatisfaltion as the Europeans do raw oyfters When he had done, the remains of the head were cut in pieces, and given to the attendants, who tore off the meat nith their teeth, and gnaved the bones like fo many dags.
At there peaple ufe no paint, they are not fo dirty in their perfons as the favages who thus befmear themfelyes 3 , but are full as lowly and filthy in their hourfes. Their method of building is as, follows: They dig; Th the ground, an oblong fquare pit, the length of which feldom exceeds fifty feet, and the breadth twenty; but in gencral the dimenfions are fmaller. Over this excaration they form the toof of wood which the fea throws afiore. This roof is covered firft with grafs, and then with earth; fo that the outward appearampe is like a dunghill. In the middle of the toof, tomard each end, is leat a squane opening, by which the light is admitted; one of thefe openings being for this purpofe only, and the other being alfo ufed to go in and ont by, with the help of a ladder, or rather a poft, with Iteps cut in it. a In fome houfes there is another entrance below; but this is not common. Round the fedes and ends of the huts, the families (for feveral areslodiget to gether) have their feparate apantments, wheive threy ileejp and fit at work; not upon benches; bret im a thind of concave trench, which is dug all romilthe infide of the houfe, and covered with mate ; fo thoterthis piart is leept solerably decent. But the middle of the houl', which is cummon to all the fanilies, is fat cellerwifet fory althongh it is covered with dry grabs it is r meectatele for:

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 perfectoh in moit óf their woik, heát mewt dicy actitios
 No firc-place was feen in any one of their houfes? "tis? arelighted; as swell as heated, by lampse which ate atm
 They produce fire toth by collifion afd by attrituon the furmer by friking two ftones one againit another; on one of which a good deal of brimfoite is fire riboed. The latter method is with two piecte of woot; one $\%$ which s's a foick of about eightern indites in tomth, vid the other a flat piece. The pooted etid graench the prefs upon the other, whirling itritimbly rovidas atcill thos producing fire in a few miaute. Thetr canoby ar buit nearly after the manter of thofe aled by the Gie 10 landers-and efquimaux ; the framing being of tatide laths, and the covering of feal-pkins. Thef veople gre very expert in friking fifhy toft in the fed, and in rivert They tionalake ufe of hooks and Tines, nets atd warts The hooke are compofed of bore, and the lines $t$ finewis:

The Gihes which are ceminci to other Nothay Fany are found here, fuch as whates, gratipiates, aref foa fivordugh, lialibut, cod, mation, uqut, tere, itath. Several other forte of frall fin. - Sohdiofter indeds

 A veys bantill frid wo frot ingle whode ato




## ( 188 )

${ }_{5 s i n}$ the morning of Monday the 26th of Octobers, they put to loa from Sang anoodha harbour ', whd as the wind Whe Soptherlys Aond away to the Wefward.
St Scir intention was now to proceed to the Sandwich In and, there,to pend a few of the winter monihs, it Gale they Thould, meet with the neceffary refrefiments, and then to direct their courte to Kamitchateka, fo as to endenvour to be there by the middle of May the enfuing Gomper.
${ }^{4} \mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{n}}$ Monday the 2 d of November, the wind veered to th Sputhwerd; and, bétore night, blew a violént florm; Whet obliged them so bring to. The Difcovery fired levera, guns, which were anfwered ; but without knowing on what occalion they were fired.
Ip the afternoon of the 7 th, Captain Clerke came on board and ifformed them of a melancholy accident that happened on hoard his hijp, the fecond night "after they lef Somganoodha, The main tack gave way, killed ones man and wounded the boatswain, and two or three more, in addition to this misfortune, on the evening of Ie, third, his fails and rigging received confiderable Uwinge: the guns which had been fired, were fignals to bring to.
On the 26 hh, early in the morning, land was feen extrading from South South Eaft to Weft ; from this it was egident that the Sandwich Mands were but imperfectly ficcovered.

About noon, fome canoes came of liom the thote. They were found to be of the fame nation with the inh litants of the iflands more to leeward; it was pretty Chicent they knew of their having been there? Whey got from their vifiters a quantity of curtec-fifis, 80. pait and pleces of iron. They bitught very little

 X. Wifited them ; but about noon they had she cgppany dis good a many, who bronght, with, them bread-Eruit po


 wat, having dipored of hit the cargozs and hol fides 4.7 inclined to fetch more, the faijes left them. On the

soth of rovember they dicoverad another Minand catied Owhybee*:

I Fis ifland extended the next morning from Soth Eive to Seqth Wef. Finding they could fetch te, they food for it, and at feven in the evening were clofe up with the North fide of it. In the morning of the 2d, they wefe Gurprifed to fee the fummits of the mountains on Owhy hee covered with fnow. As they drew near the fhore fome of the natives came off. They were a little fhy at firf: but they were foon enticed on board's and at laft prevailed upon to return to the ingnd, and pring off what was wanted. Sön after thefe reached the hore, the thips had company enough's and 'few coming empty' handed; they got a tolerable fupply of fmall pigs; ffut, and roots. They continued trading with them till fix in the evening is when they made finl, apd ftood off, with? viowof plying to windward round the iffand.

Haying procured a quantity of fugar cane, and findins a frong decoction of it produced a very palatable beer. Captain Cook ordered fome more to be brewed for neral ufe. But when the calk was brosched, not on ord the crew would even $f 0$ much as tafte it. The offich continued to make ufe of it, whenever they courd materials for brewing it, A few hops, of which were were fong on board, improved it much. It has thetant of new malt beer, and is no doubt very wholefomer Ya the inconfiderate crew alledged, that it was injurious to their health. Upon this fubjeet Captain Cooks fiy's,
"Every innovation whatever on board 1 hip though ever fo much to the advantage of fermen, is fure to meet with their highen, difapprobationg Bothopoitablesfoppy rand four krout, werey it fret conderined as füff unfit for human beingey for tominanders have introduced into their thips mere Hoveltics, as ufeful varieties of food and drink that 1 have done. Indeed, few commanders have had the fane opportunities of trying fuchexperit thato of been driven to che frme needity of tey


[^5]jh then It has, however been in a great mea-
 b fodiptaice that 1 Have been able to preferve mypeoplis, ofnerally (peating, from that dreadfu) diftemper, the fcurvy, whicl his, pethaps, deftroyed more of our failors, in their peacefui. yoyages, than therve fallon by thic enemy in their military txpedialaisithe bib
nnisuanqu

su they kepe wi fome difance from the coaf, till the afore when elhey tood in again, fx leagues father to. Windward thath thoy had at yev reactrod:

- A We the uftetioon-of the 20 th, frome of the natives came gmin thicir candes, bringing with thein a few pigs and कumitaitss They continued trading, with tha people till fouri in tho afternoon; when, hiving get a precty good fupply, they mide fiil, and fletchoi off to the Northe warde
3wThe behaviour of there people was quite free from feferves more fo than had been before-experienced in any of the other iflands. It was very common for them to Fend up into the fhip the feveral articles they brought of fot batter; afterward, they would come in themfelves, wid wake their bargains on the quarter-deck. The people of Otatient, even after thoir repeated vifits, did not are te put 10 much confidence in them.
0 At four in the afternoon, after purchafing every thing thes the natives hed brought-off, they made fail, and Tretched to the North, with the wind at Eaft North Eaft. If Ax in the evening, the Southormmot extreme of the thanit bove South Wef, the nearefi: fiove feven or eight mides diftant ; fo that they had now frecoseded in getting to the winadyand of the illand; which they had aimed at wijt ro manch peafeverance.
Pefore day-break, the atmofphere was again loaded yifh heav clouds; and the new year was ufhered in Shith very hard rain, which continued at intervals, tult Phif ten oclock. They lay-to, tradihg with the inhabitaits, till three odock in the aftemoon', when having a Toltrable fapply they made'fati.
The three following days were fent in running down He South Eaf fide of the illang


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ten o'plock, there were not fewer than a thoufand about the twa fiips, moft of them crouded with people, and well Iaden with hogs, and other productions of the ifland. One of their yiftors took out of the Thip a boat's rudder. He was difcovered, but too late to recover it. Captain Cools thonght this a good opportunity to thew thefe people the ufe of fire-arms; and two or three mufguets, and as many four-pounders, were fired over the canoe which carried off the rudder. Ae it was not intended that any of the thot thould take effee, the furrounding multitude of natives feemed rather more furprifed than frightened.

In the evening, Mr. Bligh returned, and reported, Gathe had fonnd abay in which was gopd ancharage and frefh water. Here it was refolved to carry the fips, $t 0$ refit, and fupply themfelves with every refrethment the place conld afford. Numbers of the inhabitants requefted pernifion to lleep of board. Curiofity was not the only motive, at leaft with fome; for the next morning, feveral things were miffing.

At elever o'clock in the forenoon they anchored in the bay, which is called by the natives Karakakooa. The Thips continued to be much crowded with natives, and were furrounded by a minltitude of canoes. So many people were never feen together in the courfe of this voyage. Befides thole in canoes, all the fhore was covered with fpetfators, and many hundreds were fwimming round the fhip like thoals of filh. They wére much fruck with the fingularity of the fcene; few now lamented their having failed in their endeavours to find a Northern parfage homeward laft fummer, as to this difappointment they were indebted for revifiting the SandWich Ifles, by which they have enriched their voyage with a aifcovery $8 s$ which, though the laft, feems to bs the moft important that had hicherto been made in the Pacife Ocean.

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## Gaptain COOK's Narrative


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## PARTV.

Here Captain King took up bis pet, from wobofe account weve will endeavoừ to lay béfore our readers fuch parts as are moft intereffing, "and entertaining, and as fully as tbis comperidious account will admit.

Tranfactions on returning so the Sandwich Ifands, from January, 1779, to March following.

TARAKAKOOA Bay is fituated on the Weft fide of the Ifland of Owhyher. It is about a mile in depth, and bounded by two low points of land, 2.6 the diftance of half 2 league. This place appearing to Captain Cook a proper place to refit the flips, and lay in an additional fupply of water and provifions, they moored on the North fide.

As foom as the inhabitants perceived the hips anchoring, they came off from the fhore in aftonilhing numbers, and expreffed their joy by finging and Monting, and exhibiting a variety of wild and extra vagant geftures. The fides, the decks, and rigging of both thips were foon completely covered with them and a multitude of women and boys, who had not been able to get canoes, came fwimming round us. is thoals; many of whom, not finding room on board. remained the whole day playing in the water.

Among the Chiefs that came an board the Refolution, was a young man, called Pareea, who wai foon difcovered to be a man of confequence. On prefenting himfelf to Captain Cook;, he told him, that he was fakance * to the king of the ifland, who was at that time engaged on a military expedition at
*They afterward met with feveral others of the fame denominat tion; br" whether it be an office, or fome degree of affaity, they dould mu,es learn with certainty.

Mowee, and was expected to return within three or four days, A few prefents from Captain Cook attached him entirely, and he became exceedingly ufeful in the management of his countrymen, as was afterwards experienced to fome purpofe, for the fhips had not been long at anchor, when it was obferved that the Difcovery had fuch a number of people hanging on one fide, as occafioned her to heel confiderably; and that the men were unable to keep off the crowds which continued prefling into her. Captain Cook mentioned the inconvenience to Pareea, who immediately cleared the ship of its incumbrances, and drove away the canoes that furrounded her.

The authority of the Chiefs over the inferior people appeared, from this incident, to be of the molt defpotic kind. A fimilar inftance of it hoppened the fame day on board the Refolution; where the crowd being fo great, as to impede the neceflary bufinefs of the fhip, they were obliged to have recourfe to the affiftanc: of Kaneena, another of their Chiefs, who had likewife attached himfelf to Captain Cook. The inconvenience we laboured under being made known, he immediately: ordered his countrymen to quit the veffel; and we were not a little furprized to fee then jump over board, without a moment's hefitation; all except one man, who loitéring behind, and thewing fome unwillingnefs to obey, Kaneena took him up in his arms, and threw him into the fea.

Both thefe Chiefs were men of ftrong and well proportioned bodies, and of countenances remarkably pleafint, Kaneena efpecially.

The inhabitants had hitherto behaved with great fairneis and honefty, but the cafe was now exceedingly altered. The immenfe crowd of inlanders, which blocked up every part of the fhips, afforded frequent wpportunity of pilfering without rik of-difcovery. Another circumftance; to which this alteration in their behaviour might be attributed, was the encourageme th their chiefs; for generally tracing the booty into the poffeffion of fome men of confe. quence, there was the ftrongeft reafon to fufpect that thefe cepredations were committed at their inftigasion.

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Soon after the Refolution had got into her flation, Parcea and Kaneena brought on board a third Chief, named Koah, who, they raid, was a prief, and had been, in his youth, a diftinguithed warrior. He was a little old man, of an emaciated fgure; his eyes exceedingly fore and red, and his body covered with 2 white leprous fcurf, the effects of an immoderate ufe of the kava. Being led into the cabin, he ap. proached Captain Cook with great veneration, and threw over his thoulders a piece of red cloth, which he had brought aloug with him. Then fepping a few paces back, he made an offering of ${ }_{\beta}$ fmall pig, which he held in his hand, whilf he pronounced a difcourfe that lafted for a confiderable time.
When this ceremony was over, Koah dined with Captain Cook, eating plentifully of what was fet before him ;-but, like the reft of the inhabitants of the inands in thefe feas, could fcarcely be prevailed on to tafte a fecond time the wine or pirits. In the evening, Captain Cook, attended by Mr Batly and Captain King, $t$ accompanied him on hore. They landed at the beach, and were received by four ment, who cariled wands tipe with dog's hair, and marchicd before, pronouncing with a loud voice' a fhert fentence, in which we could only dillinguif the word Orono. The crowd, which had been collected on the flore, retired; and not a perfon was to be feen, except a few lying proftrate on the ground, near the huts of the adjoining village.
The Morai, or burying place, on the fide of the beach, is a fquare folid pile of fones, about forty yards long, twenty broad, and fourteen in height. The top wàs flat, and well paved, and furrounded by a wooden rail, on which were fixed the fculls of the captives, facrificed on the death of their Chiefs, In the centre of T 2

[^7]the area, trood a ruinous old building of wood, can feat with the rail, on each fide, by a fone wall, Which divided the whole fpace into two parts. On the fide next the country, were five poles, upwards of twenty feet high, fapporting an irregular kind of tcafold; on the oppoffe fide, towards the fca, food two fmall houfes, with a covered communication.

Upon this pile they perform their facrifices, of fome of which Captain Cork, Captain King, and other principal perfons, were fpectators.

After partaking of an entertainment which was tather difgufting to our guefts, they were uhered back to the boat with the fame attendants that accompanied them when they landed, They immediately went on board.
The next morning, Captain King went on More with a guard of eight marines, including the corporal and lieutenant, having orders to erect the obfervatory in fuch a fituation as might beft enable him to faperintend and protea the waterers, and the other working parties that were to be on hore. As they were viewing a foot conyeniently fituated for this parpofe, in the middle of the villoge, Pareea, who was always ready to thew both his, power and his good will, offered to pull down fone houfes that would have obfructed their obfervations. However, they thought proper to decline this offer, and fixed on 2 field of fweet potatoes adjoining to the Morai, which was readily granted, and the priefts, to prevent the intrufion of the the natives, immediately confecrated or tabooed the place, by fixing their wands round the wall by which it was inclofed.
No canoes ever prefumed to tand near them; the natives fat on the wall, but none offered to come within the tabooed place, till he had obtained permifion. But though the men, when requefted, would come acrofs the field with provifions, yet, nothing could prevail on the women to approach Prefents were tried, but without effect Pareea and Koah were tempted to bring them, but in vain; they were invariably anlwered, that the Fatoon and Terrecoboo (which was the name of their king) would kill them. This circumfance aforded so fmall matter of anufe.
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Kaire offerin 2 fire and al fented
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## ( 209 )

an ralls, On Is of 1 of tood
meat to thofe on board, where the crowd's of peopfe, and particularly of women, that continued to Hodk thither, obliged them almoft every hour to clear the vercel, in order to have room to do the necel Pary duties of the hip. On thefe occafions, two or three hundred women were frequently made to jump into the water at once, where they continued fwimming and playing about, till they could again procure admittance.

From the 19 th to the $24^{\text {th }}$, when Pareea and Koak went to attend Terrecoboo, who had landed on fomeother part of the inland, the caulkers were fet to work on the fides of the fhips, and the rigging was carefully overhauled and repaired. The falting of: hogs for fea-tore was alfo a conftant, and one of the principal olfjects of Captain Cook's attention.

They had not been long fettled at the obfervatory, before they difcovered, in the neighbourhood, the ha bitations of a fociety of priefts, whofe regular attendance at the Morai had excited curiofity. Theis huts ftood round a pond of water, and were furrounded by a grove of cocoa-nut trees, which feparated them from the beach and the reft of the village, and gave the place an air of religious retirement. On acquainting Captain Cook with thefe circumEtances, he refolved to pay them a vifit.

On his arrival at the beach, he was conducted to a facred building called Harrano-Orono, or the houfeof Orono, and feated before the entrance, at the foot: of a wooden idol, of the fame kind with thofe on the Morai; and, after wrapping him in a red cloth, Kaireekeea, accompanied by twelve prieft, made an offering of a pig. The pig was then ftrangled, and 2 fire being kindled, it was thrown into the embers, and after the hair was finged off, it was again prefented; it was then heid fon a fhort time under the Captain's nofe; cafter which 'it was laid, with a co-coa-nut, at his feet, and the performers fat down The kava was then brewed, and handed round; a fat $\log _{y}$ ready dreffed, was broughe in.
The civilities of this fociety were not, howevers: eprfinied to mere ceremony and parade. The party on Dore, recoived from them, every day, a cont Give T3 Sant

Cant fupply of hogs and vegetables, more than fufScient for their fubfftence; and feveral canoes loaded with provifions were fent to the flips with the fame panctuality. No return was ever demanded, or even hinted at in the moft diftant manner. Their prefents were made with a regularity, more like the difcharge of a religious duty, than the effect of mere libera. lity; and when enquiry was made at whofe charge all this munificence was difplayed, they were told, it was at the expence of a great man called Kaoo, the chief of the priefts, and grandfather to Kaireekeea; who was at that time ablent attending the King of the illand.

As every thing relating to the character and behaviour of this people muft be interefting to the reader, on account of the tragedy that was afterwards acted here, it will be proper to acquaint him, that they had not always fo much reafon to be fatisfied with the conduct of the warrior-Chiefs, or Earees, 2s with that of the priefts. In all their dealings with the former, they were found fufficiently attentive to their own interefts; and befides their habit of Itealing, which may admit of fome excufe, from the yniverfality of the practice among the illanders of thefe feas, they made ufe of other artifices equally difhonourable. One inftance, in which they difcovered, with regret, their friend Koah to be a party principally concerned. As the Chiefs, who brought prefents of hogs, were always fent back handfomely fewarded, they had generally a greater fupply than could be made ufe of. On there occafions, Koah, who never failed in his attendance, ufed to beg fuch as were not wanted, and they were always given to him. It one day happened, that a pig was prefented by a man whom Koah himfelf introduced as 2 Chief, who was defirous of praying his refpects; the pig was recollected to be the fame that had been given to Koah juft before. This creating fufpicion If fome trick, it was found on further enquiry, that the pretended Chief was an ordinary pesfon; and on conneeting this with other circumftances, these was reafon to fuspeet, that it wap not the firf time they Ind been the dupee of the like impofition.:

Thin they we were fut tives ke penfe, intercor arrival acciden obliged vegetab deavour the nati were at attempt mediate which h foon aft

The canoe; lage, a Their $\rfloor$ firf cani their ri with lor venerabl brethre Thefe i wicker of vario their clo oyfters, mouths dogs, al were ftr with ho went alc hymns
round th peeted, where t]

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## ( 211 )

Things coatinued in this fate till the 24 th; when they were a good deal furprized to find that no canoes: were foffered to put off from the fhore; and that the nat tives kept clofe to their houfes. After feveral hours fuf. penfe, they learned that the bay was tabooed, and all intercourfe with them interdieted, on account of the arrival of Terreeoboo. As they had not forefeen an accident of this fort, the crews of both fhips were obliged to pafs the day without their ufual fupply of vegetables. The next morning, therefore, they en deavoured, both by threats and promifes, to induce the natives to come along-fide; and as fome of them were at laft ventuying to put off, a Chief was obferved attempting to drive them away. A mufquet was immediately fired over his head, to make him defift, which had the defired effect, and refrefiments were foon after purchafed as ufual.

The next day, about noon, the King, in a large canoe; attended by two others, fet out from the village, and paddled toward the thips in great ftate. Their $\Delta$ ppearance was grand and magnificent. In the firt canoe was Terreeoboo and his Chiefs, dreffed in their rich feathered cloaks and helmets, and armed with long fpears and daggers ; in the fecond came the venerable Kaoo, the chief of the priefts, and his brethren, with their idols difplayed on red cloth. Thefe idols were bufts of a gigantic fize, made of wicker work, and curioully covered with fmall feathers of various colours; wrought in the fame manner with their cloaks. Their eyes were made of large peart oyfters, with a black nut fixed in the centre; their mouths were fet with a double row of the fangs of dogs, and, together with the reft of their features, were ftrangely diftorted. The third canoe was filled with hogs and various forts of vegetables. As they went along, the priefts in the centre canoe fung their hymns with great folemnity; and after paddling round the fhips, inftead of going on board, as was expeeted, they made toward the fhore at the-beach Where the obfervatory was erected.

As foon as they were feen, Captain Cook ordered put a little guard to receive the King; and perceiv-ing that he owte going on fhore, followed him; and
arrived nearly at the fame time. They were conducted into the tent, where they had fcarcely beeh feated, when the King rofe up, and in a verv graceful manner threw over the Captains fooulders the cloak he himfelf wore, put a feathered helmet upon his head, and a curious fan into his hand. He alfo fpread at his feet five or fix other cloaks, all exceeding. ly beautiful, and of the greateft value. His atten. dants then brought four very large hogs, with fugarc:nes, cocoa-nuts, and bread-frait; and this part of the ceremony was concluded by the King's exchang: ing names with Captain Cook, which amongft all the inlanders of the Pacific Occan, is efteemed the ftroriget pledge of friendfhip. A proceffion of priefts, with a venerable old perfonage at their head, now appeared, followed by a long train of men leading large hogs, and others carrying plantains, fweet potatoes, \& c . By the looks and geftures of Kaircekeea, he was known to be the chief of the priefts before mentioned, on whofe bounty they had fo long fubfifted. He had a piece of red cloth in his.hands, which he wrapped sound Captain Cook's thoulders, and afterwards prefented him with a fmall pig.

As foon as the formalities of the meeting were over; Captain Cook carried Terreeoboo, and as many chiefs as the pinnace could hold, on board the Refolution. They were received with every mark of refpect that, could be Ghewn them; and Captain Cook, in return for the feathered cloak, put a linen fhirt on the King; and girt his own hanger round him. The ancient Ka00, and about half a dozen more old Chiefs, remained on fhore, and took up their abode at the priefts houfes. During all this time not a canoe was feen in the bay, and the natives either kept within their huts, or lay proftrate on the ground. Before: the King left the Refolution, Capt. Cook obtained leave for the natives to come and trade with the inips: as ufual.

The, quiet and inoffenfive behaviour of the natives having taken away every apprehenfion of danger; the officers of both fhips went daily up the country, in fmall parties, ior even fingly, and frequently rei mained out che whole night. It would be eridtersto
secount all the inftances of kindnefs and civility which they seceived upon thofe occeafions. Wherever they went, the peopfo flocked about them diger to offer every efffance in thair power, and highly gratified if their fervices were accepted. Various little arts were pralifed to attraa their notice; or to delay their departure. The boys and girls ran before them as they walked through : their villages, and topped them at everyopening, where there was room to form a group for dancing,

The fatisfaction derived from their gentlenefs and hofpitality, was, however, frequently interrupted by that propenfity to tealing which they have in common with all the other inanders of thefe feas. ? Some of their moft expert fwimmers ware one day difeovered under the fhips, drawing out the filling nails of the theathing, which they performed very dexteroufly by means of a fhort fick, with a flint fone fixed in the end of it. To put a fop to this pradice, fmall fhot was fired at the offenders; but they eafily got out of reachiby diving under the fhips bottom. It was therefore found neceflary to make an example, by flogging one of them on board the Difcovery.
On the 2ath, Captain Clerke; whore ill bealth conGned him, for the moft part, on board, paid Terreeoboo his firt vifit, at his hut on Thore. He was received with great formality; and, on his coming away, he seceived a profent of thirty large hogs, and $x s$ much fruit and roots as his crew could confume in a week,
They were entertained with a boxing match, at which a vaft concourfe of people were prefent. A long f pace was left vacant in the midft of them, at the upper end of which fat the judges, under three ftandards, from which hung flips of cloth of various colours, the fkins of two wild geefe, a few fmall birds, and bunches of feathers. When the fports were ready to begin, the fignal was given by the judges, iand immediately two combatants appeared. They caine forward nowly, lifting up their feet very high behind, and drawing their hands along the foles. As they approached, they frequently eyed each other from head to foot, in, a contemptuous manner, caft-

## ( : $214^{4}$ )

Ing feveral arch looks at the fpectators, Araining their mufcles, and ufing a variety of affetted geftures. Being advanced within reach of each other, they flood with both arms held out ftraight before their faces, at which part all their blows were aimed Thicy ftruck, in an awkward manner, with a full fwing of tha arm; made no attempt to parry, but eluded their adverfary's atticle by an inclination of the bndy, or by retreating.r.The battle was quickly decided; for if either of them was knocked down, or even fell by accident, he was'confidered as vanquified, and the viffor expreffed his triumph by a variety of goffures, which ufually excised, as was' intended,' 2 louid laugh ainong the prectators. He then waited for a fecond antagenift; and if agaln victorious for a third, till - he was; at laftl in his surn defeated.

This day ditd William Watman, a feaman of the gunner's crew; a fimilar event of which had hitherto been very rave. He was an bold man, and much refpected on: account of his attachment to Captain Cook on: He chad fonmerly ferved as matine twenty-one years; after which he entered as a feaman. on board the Refolutiont in 1772 , and ferved with Captain Cook in his voyage toward the South Pole. At their return, he was admitted into Greenwich Hofpital, through the Captain's intereft, at the fame time with himfelf; and being refolved to follow thronghout the fortunes of his benefactor, he allo ginitted it along with him, on his being'appointed to the command of the prefent expeditiomen a mi mitit

At the requeft: of the King of the Ifland, heiwas buried on the Morais and the ceremony was perforimed with as much folemnity as our fituation permitted. Old Kaoo and his brethren were fpethators, and preferved the moft pr found filence and attention, whilit the fervice was reading. © When they began tc fill up the grave, they approached it with great reverence, threw in a dead pig, fome cocoa nuts, and plaintains; and, for three nights afterward, they furrounded it, facrificing hogey and performing their ufual ceremonies of hymns and prajers, which continued till daybreak. paft, bee parture. riofity to of them, caufe an enquiry country fit to the bellies. the crev down to to purch led then It was ri and patt tainly during t partly $b$ for then next bre fupply t in the $b$ tion of that the telling

As the head of the grave was erected a port, and fiey nailed upon it a fquare piece of board, on which was infcribed the name of the deceafed, his age, and the day of his death. This they promifed not to re-: move; and we have no doubs, but that it will be fuffered to remain, as long as the frail materials, of which it is made, will permit.

The fhips being in great want of fuel, the Captain purchafed of the prielts on the fecond of February, the rail that furrounded the top of the Morai. Whilft the failors were taking it away; one of them was ob-: ferved carrying off a carved image. Though this was: done in the prefence of the natives, who had notShewn any mark of, refentment at it, but had even' aflifed them in the removal, it was thought neceffary to fpeak to Kaoo, on the fubject ; who appeared very indifferent about the matter.

Terreeoboo, and his Chiefs, had, for fome days paft, been very inquifitive about the time of their departure. This, circumftance had excited a great curiofity to know, what opinion this people had formed of them, and what were their ideas refpecting the caufe and objects of the voyage. The refult of the enquiry was that they imagined they came from fome country whete provifions had failed ; and that their vifit to them was merely for the purpofe of filling their bellies. Indeed, the meagre appearance of fome of the crew, the hearty appetites with which they fat down to their frem provifions, and their great anxiety to purchafe and carry off, as much as they were able, led them, naturally enough, to fuch a conciufion. It was ridiculous enough to fee them troaking the fides, and patting the bellies, of the failors (who were cer.: tainly much improved in the fleeknefs of their-looks, during their fhort ftay in the ifland), and telling them, partly by figns, and partly by words, that it was time for them to go; but if they would come again the next bread-fruit feafon, they thould be better able to fupply their wants. They had now been fixteen days in the bay; and confidering the enormous confumption of hogs and vegetables it need not be wondered; that they thould wifh to fee them take leave. On telling Terreeoboo they fhould leave the ifland on the
wext day but one, there was a fort of proclamation immediately made, through the villages, to require the people to bring in their hogis, and vegetables, for the King to prefent to the Orono, on his'departure,
The next day being fixed for our departite, Ter. reoboo invited Captain Cook and Captain King to attend him, on the 3 d , to the place where Kaoo refided. On their arrival, they found the ground covered with parcels of cloth; 2 vaft quantity of red and yellow feathers, tied to the fibres of cocoa-nut huts; and a great number of hatchets, and other pieces of iron-ware, that had been got in barter from us. At a little diftance from thefe, lay an immenfe quantity of vegetables, of every kind, and near them was a very large herd of hogs. At firt, it was fuppofed the whole was intended as a prefent to them till Kaireekeea informed them that it was 2 gift, or tribute, from the people of that diftrict to the king ; and, accordingly as foon as they were feated, they brought all the bundles, and laid them feverally at Terreeoboo's feet; who gave all the hogs and vegetables; and two-thirds of the cloth, to the two Captains. They were aftonifhed at the value and magnitude of this prefent, which far exceeded every thing of the kind they had feen, either at the Friendly or Society Iflands.

The fame day they quitted the Morai, and got the tents and aftronomical inftruments on bnatd. And we had no fooner left the place, than the riatives rufhed in, and fearched eagerty about, in expectation of finding fomething of value, that might have been left behind. The people were become fo fond of Captain King, that they preffed Kim much to fay behind, and even folicited Captain Cook, whom they fuppofed his Father, to confent to his continuance amongft them.

On the 4th of February, they unmoored, and failed out of the bay, with the Difcovery in company, and were followed by a great number of canoes.

In the afternoon of the 7 th, though the weather was fill fqually, they food in for the land, and being about three leagues from it, they. faw a canoe, with two men paddling towards them, which they immediately conjectured had been driven off the thore by the late boifterous weather, and therefore flopped
the Min wretche had not weakne they w rope wh difficul with a lathed lain wit had lef from th caution child b men, vered.

At $m$ which the 8 th, had giva to retur ther bec which $t$ mifchief During windwas of the $b$ dark, th ing, wh as befos 11th, a maft, al Befides fultaine having holding were lik Mr, Kit 12th, al with th They re priefts.

## ( 217 )

the Ahip's way in order to take them in. Thefe poor wretches were fo entirely exhaulted with fatigue, chat had not one of the natives on board, obferving their weaknefs, jumped into the canoe to their affiftance, they would fcarcely have been able to faften it to the rope which was thrownoat for that purpofe. It was with difficulty they got them up the fhip's fide, together with a child, about four years old, which they had lafhed under the thwarts of the canoe, where it had lain with only its head above water. They faid they had left the fhore the morning before, and had been from that time without food or water. The ufual precautions were taken in giving them viatuals, and the child being committed to the care of one of the women, they were all next morning perfectly recovered.

At midnight on the 7 th, a gale of wind came on, which obliged them to double reef the toprails. On the 8th, at day-break, they found that the foremat had given way. This accident induced Captain Cook to return to Karakakooa bay. On the 10th, the weather became moderate, and a few canses came off, from which they learnt, that the late forms had done much mifchief, and that feveral large canoes had been loft. During the remainder of the day they kept beating to windward, and before nigat they were within a mile of the bay; but not choofing to run on while it was dark, they tood off and on till day-light next morning, when chey dropt anchor nearly in the fame place as before. They were employed the whole of the IIth, and part of the 12th, in getting out the fremaft, and fending it with the carpenters on fhore. Befides the damage which the head of the matt had fuftained, the heel was found exceeedingly rotten, having a large hole up the middle of it capable of holding four or five cocoa nuts. As thefe repairs were likely to take up feveral days, Mr. Bayly and Mr . King got the aftronomical apparatus on fhore the 12th, and pitched their tents on tne Morai, having with them a guard of a coporal and fix marines, They renewed their friendly correfpondence with the priefts. The failmakers wore fent on hore, to re-
pair the damages which had taken place in their department during the late gales. They were lodged in a houfc adjoining to the Morai that was lent by the priefts: fuch were their arrangments on thore.

Here commence the tranfactions that led to, and followed, in confequence of the fatal cataftrophe of the 14th, which it has been thought befl ta convey to the reader in the words of Captain King.

Upon coming to anchor, we were furprifed to find our reception very different from what it had been on our firft arrival; no fhouts, no buftle, no confufion; but a folitary bay, with only here and there a canoe ftealing clofe along the chore. The impulfe of curiofity, which had before operated to fo great a degree, might now indeed be fuppofed to have ceared; but the hofpitable treatment we had invariably met with, and the friendly footing on which we parted, gave us fome reafon to expect that they would again have flocked about us with great joy on our return.

We were forming various conjectures upon the occafion of this extraordinary appearance, when our anxiety was at length relieved by the return of a boat which had been fent on fhore, and brought us word, that Turreeoboo was abfent, and had left the bay under the taboo. Though this account appeared very fatisfactory to moft of $\boldsymbol{r}$; yet others were of opinion, or rather, perhaps, have been led by fubfequent events to imagine, that there was fomething at this time very fufpicious in the behaviour of the natives; and that the interdiction of all intercourfe with us on pretence of the king's abfence, was only to give him time to confult the Chiefs in what manner it might be proper to treat us. Whether thefe furpicions were well founded, or the account given by the natives was the truth,
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not in they
of $\mathbf{w}$ make yet th on his imme fequer interc neithe condu In 1 of anc which before fold a price a the $m$ vanced and $p 1$ laid on it was Chief. very d from t as wel quainte formed view, have to with amid!t may bo quence may bo till the
we were never able to afcertain. For though it is not improbable, that our fudden return, for which they could fee no apparent caufe, and the neceffity of which we afterwards found it very difficult to make them comprehend, might occafion fome alarm; yet the unfufpicious conduct of Terreeoboo, who, on his fuppofed arrival, the next morning, came immediately to vifit Captain Cook, and the confequent return of the natives to their former friendly intercourfe with us, are frong proofs that they neither meant, nor apprehended, any change of conduct.
In fupport of this opinion, I may add the account of another accident, precifely of the fame kind which happened to us, on our firft vifit, the day before the arrival of the King. A native had fold a hog on board the Refolution, and taken the price agreed on, when Pareen, paffing by, advifed the man not to part with the hog without an advanced price. For this, he was fharply fooken to, and pufhed away; and the taboo being foon after laid on the bay, we had at firft no doubt, but that it was in confequence of the offence given to the Chief. Both thefe accidents ferve to fhew, how very difficult it is to draw any certain conclufion from the actions of people, with whofe cuftoms, as well as language, we are fo imperfectly acquainted; at the fane time, fome idea may be lormed from them, of the difficulties, at the firft view, perhaps not very apparent, which thofe have to encounter, who, in all their tranfactions with thefe ffrangers, have to fteer their courfe amidft fo much uncertainty, where a trifing error may be attended with even the mof fatal confequences. However true or falle our conjectures may be, things went on in their ufual quiet courfe, till the afternoon of the $13^{\text {th }}$.

Towards

Towards the evening of that day, the officer who commanded the watering party of the Difcovery, came to inform me, that feveral Chiefs had affembled at the well near the beach, driving away the natives, whom he had hired to affift the failors in rolling down the cafks to the fhore. He told me, at the fame time, that he thought their behaviour extremely fufpicious, and that they meant to give him fome farther difturbance. At his requeft, therefore, I fent a marine along with him, but fuffered him to take only his fide-arms. In a fhort time, the officer returned, and on his acquainting me, that the iflanders had armed themfelves with fones, and were grown very tumultuous, I went myfelf to the fpot, attended by a marine, with his mufquet. Seeing us approach, they threw a way their ftones, and, on my fpeaking to fome of the Chiefs, the mob were driven away, and thofe who chofe it, were fuffered to affift in filling the cafks. Having left things quiet here, I went to meet Captain Cook, whom 1 faw coming on fhore in the pinnace. I related to him what had juft paffed; and he ordered mee, in cafe of their beginning to throw ftones, or behave infolently, immediately to fire a ball at the offenders. I accordingly gave orders to the corporal, to have the pieces of the fentinels loaded with ball, inftead of frall thot.

Soon after our return to the tents, we were alarmed by a continued fire of muifquets from the Difcovery, which we obferved to be directed at a canoe, that we faw paddling towards the fhore, in great hafte, purfued by one of our fmall boats. We immediately concluded, that the firing was in confequence of fome theft, and Captain Cook or-* dered me to follow him with a marine armed, and to endeavour to feize the people as they came on thore. Accordingly, we ran towards the place
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who wery, d afaway Cailors He their meant queft, It fuffhort inting with went with threw fome and 1 fillre, I ming at had their ently, I ace the ad of
were n the at a e, in poats. yas in k or-* and he on place here
where we fuppofed the canoe would land, but were too late; the people having quitted it, and made their efcape into the country before our arrival.
We were at this time ignorant, that the goods had been already reftored; and as we thought it probable, from the circumftances we had at firf otferved, that they might be of importance, were unwilling to relinquith our hopes of recovering them. Hav: ing therefore inquired of the natives, which way the people had fled, we followed them', till it was near dark, when judging ourfelves to be about three miles from the tents, and fufpecting, that the natives, who frequently encouraged us in the purfuit, were amuifing us with falfe information, we thought it in vain to continue our fearch any longer, and returned to the beach.
Dúring our abfence, a difference of a more rerious and unpleafant nature, had happened, The officer, who had been fent in the fmall boat, and was returning on board, with the goods which had been reftored, obferving Captain Cook and me engaged in the purfuit of the offenders, thought it his duty to feize the canoe, which was left drawn up on the fhore. Unfortunately, this canoe belonged to Pareea, who arriving, at the fame moment, from on board the Difcovery, claimed his property, with many proteftations of his innocence. The officet refufing to give it up, and being joined by the crew of the piniace, a fcuffle enfued, in which Pareea was knocked down, by a violent blow on his head, with an oar. The natives, who were collected about the fpot, and had hitherto been peaceable fpectators, immediately attacked our people with fuch a fhower of ftones, as forced them to retreat, with great precipitation, and fwim of to a rock, at fome diftance from the thore. The pinnace was immediately ranfacked by the illanders's and, but
for the timrely interpofition of Pareea, who feemed so have recovered from the blow, and forgot it at the fame inftant, would foon have been entirely demolifhed. Having driven away the crowd he made figns to our people, that they might cont and take poffefion of the pinnace, and that he would endeavour to get back the things which had been taken out of it. After their departure, he followed them in his canoe, with a midhípman's cap, and fome other trifling articles of the plunder, and, with much apparent concern at what had happened, afked, if the Orono would kill him, and whether he would permit him to come on board the next day? On being affured, that he fhould be well received, he joined nofes (as their cuftom is) with the officers, in token of friendihip, and paddled over to the village of Kowrowa.

When Captain Cook was informed of what had paffed, he expreffed much uneafinefs at it, and as we were returning on board, "I am afraid," faid he, "that thefe people will oblige me to ufe fome violent meafures; for (he added) they muft not be left to imagine, that they have gained an advantage over us." However, as it was too late to take any fteps this evening, he contented himfelf with giving orders, that every man and woman on board hould be immediately turned out of the fhip. As foon as this order was executed, I returned on Chore; and our former confidence in the natives being much now abated, by the events of the day, 1 pofted a double guard on the Morai, with orders to call me, if they Gur any men lurking about the beach. At about eleven o'clock, five iflanders were obferved creeping round the bottom of the Morai; they feemed very cautious in approaching us, and, at laft, finding themfelves difcovered, retired out of fight. About midnight, one of them venturing up clofe th the obfervatory, the fentinel fired over him? on
which of the Nex on boa my wa ed, tha from th Wh arming relled $\varepsilon$ happen fome e of the ons he ufual $p$ was 10 the Kir and to
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which the men fled, and we paffed the remainder of the night without farther diffurbance.

Next morning, the 14 th, at day 17 ght , 1 went on board the Refolution for the time-keeper, and, in my way, was hailed by the Difcovery, and informed, that their cutter had been folen, during the night, from the buoy where it was moored.

When I arrived on board, I found the marines arming, and Captain Cook loading his double-barrelled gun. Whilf I was relating to him what had happened to us in the night, he interrupted me with fome eagernefs, and acquainted me with the lofs of the Difcovery's cutter, and with the preparations he was making for its recovery. It had been his ufual practice, whenever any thing of confequence was loft, at any of the iflands in this ocean, to get the King, or fome of the principal Erees, on board, and to keep them as hoftages, till it was reftored. This method, which had been always attended with fuccefs, he meant to purfue on the prefent occafion; and, at the fame time, had given orders to fop all the canoes that fhould attempt to leave the bry, with an intention of feizing and deftroying them, if he could not recover the cutter by peaceable means. Accordingly, the boats of both fhips well manned and armed, were ftationed acrofs the bay; and, before I left the fhip, fome great guns had been fired at two large conoes, that were attempting to make their efcape.
It was between feven and eight o'clock when we quitted the fhip together; Captain Cook in the pinnace, having Mr. Phillips, and nine marines with him; and myfelf in the fmall boat. The laft orders I received from him were, to quiet the minds of the natives, on our fide of the bay, by affuring them, they fhould not be hurt; to keep my people together; and to be on my guard. We then parted the Captain went toward Kowrowa, where the

## 224 )

King refided; and I proceeded to the beach. My firt care, ongoing afhore, was to give Arict orders to the marines to remain within the tent, to load their pieces with ball, and not to quit their arms: Afterward I took a walk to the huts of old Kaoo, and the priefts, and explained to them, as well as I could, the object of the hoftile preparations, which had exceedingly alarmed them. I found, that they had already heard of the cutter's being ftolen, and I affured them, that though Captain Cook was refolved to recover it, and to punifh the zuthors of the theft, yet that they, and the people of the village on our fide, need not be under the fonalleft apprehenfion of fuffering any evil from us. I defired the priefts to explain this to the people, and to tell them not to be alarmed, but to continue peaceable and quiet. Kaoo afked me, with great earneftnefs, if Terreeoboo was to be hurt; I affured him, he was not; and both he and the reft of his brethren feemed much fatisfied with this affurance.

In the mean time, Captain Cook, having called off the launch, which was ftationed at the North point of the bay, and taken it along with him, proceeded to Towrowa, and landed with the Lieutenant and nine marines. He immediately marched into the village, where he was received with the ufual marks of refpect; the people proftrating themfelves before him, and bringing their accuftomed offerings of fmall hogs. Finding that there was no fufpicion of his defign, his next ttep was, to inquire for Terreeoboo, and the two boys, his fons, who had been his conftant guefts on board the Refolution. In a fhort time, the boys returned along with the natives, who had been fent in fearch of them, and immediately led Captain Cook to the Houre where the King had flept. They found the old man juft awoke from feep; and, after a thort converfation about the 10 s of the cutter, from which Captain

Cook it, he the day the Kin to acco
Thin boys be the part an elder ther of wives, entreatic the fam her, lai go no tives, along th the firin hoftility Cook aı tenant huddled capable require up alon and the they we about th was fittii All th with the his cous abandon continue to proce the Kin Chiefs with pra

## ( 225 ) .

Cook was convinced that he was in nowife privy to it, he invited him to return in the boat, and fpend the day on board the Refolution. To this propofal the King readily confented, and immediately got up to accompany him.
Things were in this profperous train, the two boys being already in the pinnace, and the reft of the party having advanced near the water-fide, when an elderly woman called Kanee-kabareea, the mother of the boys, and one of the King's favorite wives, came after him, and with many tears and entreaties befought him not to go on board. At the fame time, two Chiefs, who came along with her, laid hold of him, and infifting that he thould go no farther, forced him to fit down. The natives, who were collecting in prodigious numbers along the fhore, and had probably been alarmed by the firing of the great guns, and the appearances of hoftility in the bay, began to throng round Captain Cook and their King. In this fituation, the Lieutenant of marines obferving that his men were huddled clofe together in the crowd, and thus incapable of ufing their arms if any occafion fhould require it, propofed to the Captain to draw them up along the rocks clofe to the water's edge; and the crowd readily making way for them to pafs, they were drawn up in a line, at the diftance of about thirty yards from the place where the King was fitting.
All this time the old King remained on the ground, with the ftrongelt marks of terror and dejection in his countenance; Captain Cook, not willing to abandon the object for which he had come on Thure, continued to urge him in the moft preffing manner to proceed; whilf, on the other hand, whenever the King appeared inclined to follow him, the Chiefs who ftood round him interpofed, at firf with prayers and entreaties, but afterwards having
recoufe
recourfe to force and violence, infifted on his ftaying where he was. Captain Cook therefore finding that the alarm had fpread too generally, and that it was in vain to think any longer of getting him off without bloodfhed, at laft gave up the point; obferving to Mr. Phillips, that it would be impoffible to compel him to go on board without the rifk of killing a great number of the inhabitants.

Though the enterprize which had carried Captain Cook on thore had now failed and was abandoned, yet his perfon did not appear to have been in the leaft danger, till an accident happened which gave a fatal turn to the affair. The boats, which had been ftationed acrols the bay, having fired at Come canoes that were attempting to get out, unfortunately had killed a Chief of the firt rank. The news of his death arrived at the village where Captain Cook was, juft as he had left the King, and was walking flowly towards the fhore. The ferment it occafioned was very confpicuous; the women and children were immediately fent off; and the men put on their war-mats, and armed themelves with fpears and ftones. One of the natives, having in his hands a ftone and a long iron fpike, (which they call a pabooa) came up to the Captain, foourifing his wapon by way of defiance, and threatening to throw the ftone. The Captain defired him to defift; but the man perfifting in his infolence, he was at length provoked to fire a load of fmall thot. The man having his mat on, which the fhot were nat able to penetrate, this had no other effect than to irritate and encou? rage them. Several fones were thrown at the marines; and one of the Erees attempted to ftab Mr . Phillips with his pahooa; but he failed in the attempt, and received from him a blow with the but end of his mufquet. Captain Cook now fired his feoond barrel, loaded with ball, and killed one
of the fo with fo fwered b rines, an contrary fire with time to r ful Thou of the ut
Four rocks in of the wounded ftab betu forturiate had wou his blow time he water's firing, an who we boat-mer was defir is not im fion, pro that whi had offe turned a was ftabl the wate up a gn dragged who fnat Ihewed defructi
'Thus After 21 enterpriz
of the foremof of the natives. A general attack with ftones immediately followed, which was anfwered by a difcharge of mufquetry from the marines, and the people in the boats. The inlanders, contrary to the expectations of every one, flood the fire with great firmnefs; and before the marines had time to reload, they broke in upon them with dreadful thouts and yells. What followed was a fcene of the utmoft horror and confufion.
Four of the marines were cut off amongt the rocks in their retreat, and fell a facrifice to the fury of the enemy; three more were dangeroully wounded; and the lieutenant, who had received a ftab between the fhoulders with a pabooa, having fortunately referved his fire, fhot the man who had wounded him juft as he was going to repeat his blow. Our unfortunate Commander, the laft time he was feen diftinctly, was ftanding at the water's edge, and calling out to the boats to ceafe firing, and to pull in. If it be true, as fome of thofe who were prefent imagined, that the marines and boat-men had fired without his orders, and that he was defirous of preventing any further bloodihed, it is not improbable, that his humanity; on this occafion, proved fatal to him. For it was remarked, that whilft he faced the natives, none of them had offered him any violence, but-hat havirg turned about, to give his orders to the boats, he was fabbed in the back, and fell with his face into the water. On feeing him fall, the iflanders fet up a great fhout, and his body was immediately dragged on thore, and furrounded by the enemy, who fnatching the dagger out of each other's hands, thewed a favage eagernefs to have a thare in his deffruction.
'Thus fell our great and excellent Commander! After a life of fo much diftinguifhed and fuccefsful enterprize, his death, as far as regards himfelf, can-
mot be reckoned premature; fince he lived to finih the great, work for which he feems to have been defigned; and was rather removed from the enjoy: ment, than cut off from the acquifition, of glory. How fincerely his lofs was felt and lamented, by thofe who had fo long found their general fecurity in his fill and conduct, and every confolation, under their hardhips, in his tendernefs and humanity, it is ncither neceffary nor poffible for me to dercribe; much lefs fhall I attempt to paint the horror with which we were ftruck, and the univerfal dejection and difmay, which followed fo dreadful and unexpected a calamity.

It has been already related, that four of the marines who attended Captain Cook, were killed by the iflanders on the foot. The reft, with Mr. Phillips, their Lieutenant, threw themfelves into the water, and efcaped, under cover of a fmart fire from the boats. On this occafion, a remarkable inftance of gallant behaviour, and of affection for his men, was fhewn by that officer. For he had fcarcely got into the boat, when, fecing one of the marines, who was a bad fwimmer, ftruggling in the water, and in danger of being taken by the enemy, he immediately jumped into the fea to his affiftance, though much wounded himfelf; and after receiving a blow on the head from a ftone, which had nearly fent bim to the bottom, he caught the man by the hair, and trought him fafe off.

Our people continued for fome time to keep up a conflant fire from the boats (which, during the whole tranfaction, were not more than twenty yards from the land,) in order to afford their unfortunate companions, if any of them fhould ftill remain alive, an opportunity of efcaping. Thefe efforts, feconded by a few guns, that were fired at the fame time, from the Refolution, having forced the nasives at laft to retire, $a$ fmall boat, manned by five
of مours: dife, lyi to acten and the returnes the illan As 1 news 0 crews, called t fails w rines. tions 0 tranfac of the mile fr diftinet where heard t ceive fo multitu the boa paffing, muit Where it was both $n$ knew, cefs, i feas, $h$ that I momet now 1 might from to it.

## ( 229 )

of pours young midehipmen, pulled toward the fhore, where they law the bodies, without any Agnis of life, lying on the ground; but judging it dangerous to attenpt to bring them off, with fo fmall a force, and their ammunition being nearly expended, they returned to the ©hips, leaving them in poffeffon of the intanders, together with ten ftands of arms.
As foon as the general conternation, which the news of this calamity occafioned throughout both crews, had a little fubfided, their attention was called topur party at the Morai, where the maft and fails were on hoore, with a guard of only fix marines. It is impofible for ine to defribe the emotions of my own mind, during the time thefe tranfactions had been carrying on, at the other fide of the bay. Being at the diftance only of a fhort mile from the village of Kowrowa, we could fee difinitly an immenfe crowd collected on the fpot where Captain Cook had juft before landed. We heard the firing of the mufquetry, and could perceive fome extraordinary buftle and agitation in the multifude. We afterwards faw the natives flying, the boats retire from the fhore, and paffing and repaffing, in great fillnefs, between the fhips. I muft confers, that my heart foon mifgave me. Where a life fo dear and valuable was concerned, it was impoffible not to be alarmed, by appearances both new and threatening. But, befides this, I knew, that a long and uninterrupted courfe of fuccefs, in his tranfactions with the natives of thefe feas, had given the Captain a degree of confidence, that I was always fearful might, at fome unlucky moment, put him too much off his guard ; and I now faw all the dangers to which that confidence might lead, without receiving much confolation from confidering the experience that had given rife to it.

My firft care, on hearing the mufquets fired, wask to affure the people, who were affembled in confiderable numbers, round the wall of our confecrated field, and feemed equally at a lofs with ourfelves how to account for what they had feen and heard, that they fhould not be molefted; and that, at all events, 1 was defirous of continuing on peaceable terms with them. We remained in this pofture till the boats had returned on board; when Captain Clerke, obferving, through his telefcope, that we were furrounded by the natives, and apprehending they meant to attack us, ordered two four-pounders to be fired at them. Fortunately thefe guns, though well aimed, did no mifchief, and yet gave the natives a convincing proof of their powet. One of the balls broke a cocoa nut tree in the middle, under which a party of them were fitting; and the other Ghivered a rock, that flood in an exaet line with them. As I had, juft before, given them the ftrongett affurances of their fafety, I was exceedingly mortified at this act of hoftility; and, to prevent a repetifion of it, ; mmediately difpatched a boat to acquaint Captain Clerke, tinat, at prefent, I was on the moft friendly terms with the natives; and that, if occafion !hould bereaftor arife for altering my conduct toward them, I would hoift a jack, as a fignal ror him to afford us all the affifance in his power.

We expected the return of the boat with the utmoft impatience; and after remairing a quarter of an hour, under the meft torturing anxiety and taf. pence, our fears were at length confirmed, by the arrival of Mr. Bligh, with orders to Arike the tents as quickly as poffible, and to feud the sils, that were repairing, on board. Juft at the fame moment, our friend Kaireckeea having alfo received iatelligence of the death of Oaptain: Cook, from a sative, who had arrited from the other fide of the

Why, cime to me, with great forrow and dejections. in his countenance, to enquire if it was true? Dur fituation was, at this time extremely critical and implostant. Not only our own lives, but the cent of the expedition, andithe return of at lealt oreetef the Bips, being involved in the fame common dangery We had the maft of the Refolution, and the greatef part of our fails, on hore, under the protection of only fix marines: their lofs would have been irreparable; and though the natives had. not as yet Shewn the fmalleft difpolition to moleft us, yet it was impolfible to anfwer for the alteration, which the nẹws of the tranfaction at Kowrowa night produce. I therefore thought it prudent to diffemble my belief of the death of Captain Cook, and to defire. Kaireekeea to dilcourage the report; left either the fear of our refentment, or the fuccefoful example of their countrymen, migh lead them to feize the favourable opportunity, which at this time offered itfelf, of giving us a fecond blow. At the fame time, I advifed him to bring old Kaoo, ind the reft of the probie, int a bor hatif tht was clofe to the Morai; partly out of regard to their fafety, in cafe it fhould have been neceflary to proceed to extremities; and partly to have him near us, in order to make ufe of his authority with the penple if it could be inftrumental in preferving peace.

Having placed tie marines on the top of the Morai, which iormed a ftrong and advantageous poft, and left the cominand wi h Mr. Bligh, giving him the moft pofitive directions to act entirely on the defenfive, 1 went on board the Difcovery, in order to reprefent to Captain Clerke the dangerous fituation of our affairs. A foon as I quitted the foot, the natives began to annoy our people with fones 3 and I had fcarcely reached the fhip, before thend tie firing of the matines. I there-

## (23)

fore returned inftantly on flore, where a found things growing every moment more alarming. The natives were arming, and putting on their mats; and their numbers increafed very faft. I could alfo perceive feveral farge bodies marching towards us, along the clifts which reparates the willage of Kain kooa from the north fride of the bay, whece thie village of Kowrowa is fituated.

They began, at firt, to attack us with fones, from behind the walls of their incloftres, and find ing no refiftance on our part, they foont grew more daring. A few refolute fellows havifig crept along the beach, under cover of the rotks, fradenly made their appearance at the fodt of the Morai, with a defign, as it feemed, of ftorming it oh the frum we. the fea, which was its only accetrble part; and were not diflodged, tiff after they Fadftood a confiderable number of thot, and feen one of their party call.

The bravery of one of there affaniants well deferves to be patticularly mentiona. Por tiaving or a $x+5$-arty orrms'companict, amidf the fire of cur whole party, $a$ wound, which the received, made him quit the body and retire; but, in a few minutes, he zgain appeared, and being again wounded, he was obliged a lecond time to retreat.
 him seturn the third time, bleeding and faint; and being informed of what had happened, 1 forbad the foldiers to fire, and he was fuffered to carty off his friend; which he was juft able to petform, and then fell down himfelf, aind expired.

About this time, a ftrong reinfurcemeht from hoth Ships having landed, the natives retteated behind their walls; which giving medtucefs to bur friendy priefts, I fent one of them to endeavotr to bring their countrymen to Abme terths, Ind to fripore' to them, that if they would defitt from throwing fones,

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was a! the $\mathrm{m}:$ cal ap quitte fome. us any It got on five $p l$ ings. very 0 which it was be tal media delibe point

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## (. 233 )

I would not permit our men to fire. This truce was agreed to; and we were fuffered to launch the maft, and carry of the fails and our aftronomical apparatus, unmolefted. As foon as we had quitted the Marai, they took poffeffion of it, and fome of them threw a few funes, but without doing us any mifchief.

It was half an hour paft eleven o'clock when I got on board the Difcovery, where I found no decifive plan had been adopted for our future proceedings. The reftitution of the boat, and the recovery of the body of Captain Cook were the objects, which, on all bands, we agreed to infift on; and it was my opinion, that fome vigorous fteps fhould be takeu in cafe the demand of them was not immediately complied with. However, after mature deliberation, it was determined to accomplinh thefo points by conciliatory meafures, if poffible::-

During the time we were thus engaged in concerting fome plan for our future conduct, a prodigious concourfe of natives ftill kept poffeffion of the thore ; and fome of them came off in canoes; and had the boldnefs to approach within piftol-fiot of the flhips, and to infult us by various marks of contempt and defiance. It was with great difficulty ze could reftrain the failors from-the ufe of their toms on thefe occafions; but as pacific meafures nad been refolved. on, the canoes were fuffered to return unmolefted. .

In purfuance of this plan, it was determined, that I. fhould proceed toward the Ihore, with the boats of both lhips well manned and armed, with 2 viewi. to bring the natives to a parley, and, if poffible, to obtain a conference with fcime of the Chiefs.

If this attempt fucceeded, I was to demand the dead bodies, and particularly that of Captain Cook; to. threaten them with our vengeance in cafe of a re$\mathrm{X}_{3}$.

## ( 234 )

fufal; but by no means to fire unlefs attacked, and not to land on any account whatever. Thefe orders were delivered to me before the whole party, and in the moft pofitive manner.

I left the fhips about four o'clock in the afternoon, and as we approached the fhore, I perceived e ery indication of a hoftile reception. The whoie crowd of natives was in motion; the women and children retiring; the men putting on their war mats, and arming themfelves with long fears and daggers. We alio obferved, that, fince the morning, they had thrown up fone breaf wotks along the beat - here Captain Cook had landed, probably in exp ation of an attack at that placé'; and as foon as we were within reach, they began to throw ftones at us with flings, but without doing any mifchief. Concluding, therefore, that all attempts to bring them to a parley would be in vain, unlefs I firft gave them fome ground for mutual confidence, I ordered the armed boats to ftop, and went on in the frmall boat alone, with a white flag in my hand, which, by a general cry of joy from the natives, I had the fatisfaction to find was infantly Jerfood. The women immediately returned from the fide of the hill, whither they bad retired; the men threw of their mats; and all fat down together by the water fide; exteriding their arms, and inviting me to come on fhore.

Though this behavior was very expreffive of a friendly difpofition, yet I could not help entertaining fome fufpicions of its fincerity. But when I faw Koah, with a boldnefs and aflurance altogether vnaccountable, fwimming off toward the boat, with white flag in his hand, I thought it neceflary to seturn this mark of confidence, and therefore 'received him into the boat,, though arned; a circurnftance which did not tend to leffen my fufpiciodabo I I ruift cenfefs, I bad long harbloured an unfivourable

## 235 )

vourable opinion of this man. The priefts had al ways told us, that he was of a malicious difpofition, and no friend of ours; and the repeated detections of his fraud and treachery, had convinced us of the truth of their reprefentations. Add to all this, the fhocking tranfaction of the morning, in which he was feen acting a principal part, made me feel the utmoft horror at finding myfelf fo near him; and as he came up to me with feigned tears and embraced me, I was fo diftruftful of his intentions, that I could not help taking hold of the point of the pabooan, which he held in his hand, and turning it from me. I told him, that had come to demand the body of Captain Cook, and to declare war againft them, unlefs it was inftantly reftored. He affured me this thould be done as foon as poffible, and that he would go himfelf for that purpofe; and after begging of me a piece of iron, with as much affurance as if nothing extraordinary had happened, he leaped into the fea; and fwam athore, calling out to his countrymen that we were all friends again.

We waited near an hour with great anxiety for bis return; during which time, the reft of the boats had approached fo near the fhore, as to enter into converfation with a party of the natives at fome diftance from us; by whom they were plainly given to underfand, that the body had been cut to pieces, and carried up the country; but of this circumfrance I was not informed till our return to the fhips.

I began now to exprefs fome impatience at Koah's delay, upon which the Chiefs preffed me excoedingly to come on fliore; affuring me, that if, I would go myfelf to Terreeoboo, the body would certainly be refored to me. When they found they could not prevail on me to land, they attempted, under a pretence of wifhing to converfe with more eafe, to decoy our boat aniong fome roskt, where
they would have had it in their power to cut us off from the reft. It was no difficult matter to fee through thefe artifices; and I was therefore ftrongly inclined to break off all further communication with them, when a Chief came to us, who was the particular friend of Captain Clerke, and of the officers of the Difcovery. He told us, he came from Terreeoboo to acquaint us, that the body was carried up the country, Lut that it fhould be brought to us the next morning. There appeared 2 great deal of fincerity in his manner; and being anked if be told a fallehood, he hooked his two fore-fingers together, which is underfood amongt thefe inlanders as the fign of truth; in the ufe of which they are very fcrupulous.

As I was at a lofs in what manner to proceed, I fent Mr. Vancouver to acquaint Captain Clerke with all that had paffed; that my opinion was, they.

Ince Clerke per and tual me they $m$ moored pofted to row from c ferved which ing th quence to hav accour felves bodies burnir We morni a prsf leave 1
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## ( 238 )

In confequence of the report I made to Captain Clerke, of what I conceived to be the prefent tem per and difpofition of thefe illanders, the moft effectual meafures were taken to guard againft any attack they might make in the night. The boats were moored with top-chains; additional fentinels were pofted on both fhips; and guard boats were fationed to row round them, in order to prevent the natived from cutting the cables. During the night we obm ferved a prodigious number of lights on the hillsy which made fome of us imagine they were remov-. ing their effects back into the country, in confequence of our threats. But 1 rather believe them to have been the facrifices that were performing on account of the war, in which they imagined themfelves about to be engaged; and moft probably the bodies of our flain countrymen were at that time burning.
We paffed the night quietly, and early the next morning, Koah came along-fide the Refolution with
 leave to prefent to me. I have mentioned before that I was fuppofed, by the natives, to be the fon of Captain Cook; and as he in his life-time had always fuffered them to believe it, I was probably confidered as the Chief after his death. As foon as I came on deck, I quefioned him about the body; and on his returfing me nothing but evafive anfwers, I refured to accept his prefents and was going to difmifs thin with fome expreflions of anger and refentment, had not Captain Clerke, judging it beft at all events to keep up the appearance of friendfip, thought it more proper that he fhould be treated with the ufual refpect.

This treacherous fellow came frequently to us. during the courfe of the forenoon with fome trifing prefent of other, and as I always obferved him eye-
ing every part of the Ohip with great attention, took care hie-fhould fee we were well prepared for our defence.

He was extremely urgent both with Captain Cleske and myfelf to go on thore, laying all the blame of the detention of the body on the other Chiefs; and affuring us that every thing might be fettled to our fatisfaction by aperfonal interview. with Terreeoboo. However, his conduct was too: cufpicious to make it prudent to comply with his. requeft; and indeed a fact came afterward to our: knowledge, which proved the entire falfehood of his pretenfions. For we were told, that, immediately after the action in which Captain Cook was killed, the old King had retired to a cave in the ifeep part: of the mountain that hangs over the bay, which was accefible only by the help of ropes, and where he remained for many days, having his victuals let down to him by cords.
When Koah returned fro $n$ the fhips, we could percerve Enar his tunurtejume ohad, hean colleeted by break of day in va: owds on the fore, thironged about him with b.eat eagernets; as if to learn the intelligence he had acquired, and what was to be done in confequence of it. It is very probable that they expected we fhould atteinpt to put our threats in execution, and they feemed fully refolved to ftand their ground. During the whole morning, we heard conchs blowing in different parts of the coaft ; large parties were feen marching over the hills; and, in fiort, appearances were fo alarming, that we carried out a fream anchor to enable us to haul the thip abreaft of the town in cafe of an attack, and ftationed boats off the north point of the bay to prevent a furprife from that quarter.

The breach of their engagement to reftore the bodies of the Ilain, and the warlike poffure in which they at this time appeared, occafioned frefh debates

## (239)

mongh us concerning the meafures next to be purs fued. It was at laft determined, that nothing Gould be fuffered to interfere with the repair of the maft, and the preparations fer our departure; but that we thould, neverthelefs, continue our negociations for the recovery of the bodies.

The greateft part of the day was taken up in getting the fore-maft into à proper fituation on deok for the carpenters to work upon it, and in making the neceflary alterations in the commiffions of the officers. The command of the expedition having devolved on Captain Clerke, he.removed on board the Refalution, appointed Lieutenant Gore to be Captain of the Difcovery, and promoted Mr. Harwey, a midhipman, who had been with Captain Cook in his two laft voyages, to the vacant Liewtenancy. Juring the whole day we met with no interruptior from the natives, and at night the launch was again moored with a top-chain, and guard-boats ftationed round both hips as beforte.
About eight o'clock, it being:very dark, a canoe was heand paddling toward the hip; and as foon as it was foen, both the fentinels on deek fired into it. There were two perfons in the canoe, and they immediately roared out "Tixnee." (xitich was the way in which they. pronounced my name) and faid they were friends, and bad fomething for me belonging to Captain Cook. When they came on boand, they threw themfelves at our feet, and appeared exceedingly frightened. Luckily neither of them was hurt, notwithitanding the balls of both pieces bad gone through the cance. One of them was the perfon whom I have before mentioned under the name of the Tabso man, who conftantly attended Captain Cook with the circumftances of ceremony I have already. deffribed; and who, though a man of rank in the in and, could fcarcely be hindered crom.performing for him the loweft offices of
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## ( 240 )

menial fervant. After lamenting, with abundance of tears; the lofs of the Orono, he told us, that he had brought us a part of his body. He then prefented to us a fmall bundle wrappod up in cloth, which he brought under his arm ; and it is impoffible to defrribe the horror which feized us an finding in it a piece of human feefh, about nine or ten pounds weight. This, he faid, was all that remained of the body; that the reft was cut to pieces and burnt; but that the head and all the bones, except what belonged to the trunk, were in the poffeffion of Terreeoboo and the other Erces; that what we faw had been allotted to Kaoo, the chief of the priefts, to be made ufe of in fome religious ceremony, and that he had fent it as a proof of his innocrese and attachment to us.

This afforded an opportunity of informing ourfelves whether they were cannibals, and we did not neglect it. We firft tried by many indirect queftions, put to each of them apart, to learn in what manner the reft of the bodies had been difpoled of; and finding them very conftant in one ftory, that, after the flefh had been cut off, it was all burnt, we at laft put the direet queftion, Whether they had not eat fome of it? They immediately fhewed as much horror at the idea as any European would have done; and afked, very naturally, if that was the cuftom amongft us? They afterward afked us, with great earneftnefs and apparent apprehenfion, -When the Orono would come again, and whathe would do to them on his return ?" The fame inquiry was frequently made afterwards by others; and this idea agrees. with the general tenour of their conduct toward him, which fhewed that they confidered him as a being of a fuperior nature.
We preffed our two friendly vifiters to remain on board till morning, but in vain. -They told us, that if this tranfaction fhould come to the know-

## (241)

ledge of the King or Chiefs, it might be attended with the mof fatal confequences to their whole society 3 in order to prevent which, they hades in obliged to come off to us in the dark, and the fame precaution would be neceffary in returning on thore. They informed us farther, that the Chiefs were eager to revenge the death of their counfrymen; and particularly cautioned us againf trufting Koah, who, they faid, was our mortal and implacable enemy, and defired nothing more ardently than an opportunity of fighting us; to which the blowing of the conchs we had heard in the morning was meant as a challenge.
We learned from thefe men that feventeen of their countrymen were killed in the firft action at Kowrowa, of whom five were Chiefs; and that Keneena and his brother, our very particular friends, were unfortunately of that number. Eight, they faid, were killed at the obfervatory; three of whom were alfo of the firtt rank.

About eleven o'clock our two friends left us, and took the precaution to defire that our guard-boat might attend them till they had paffed the Difcovery, left they fiould again be fired upon, which might alarm their countrymen on fhore, and expofe them to the danger of being difcovered. This requeft was complied with; and we had the fatisfaction to find that they got fafe and undifcovered to land.
During the remainder of this night, we heard the fame loud howling and lamentations. Early in the morning we received another vifit from Koah. I muft confers, I was a little piqued to find, that; notwithftanding the moft evident marks of treachery in tis conduct, and the pofitive teftimony of our friends the priefts, he Chould fill be permitted to carry on the fame farce, and to make us appear to be the dupes of his hypocrify. Indeed our fituation was become extremely awkward and unpromifing 3
none of the purpofes for which this pacific courfe of proceeding had been adopted, having hitherto been in the leaft forwarded by it. No fatisfactory anfwer whatever had been given to our demands; we did not feem to be at all advanced toward a reconciliation with the iflanders; they fill kept in force on the fhore, as if determined to refift any atiempts we might make to land; and yet the attempt was become abfolutely neceflary, as the completing our fupply of water could not admit of any longer delay.

However it muft be obferved, in juftice to the conduct of Capt. Clerke, that it was very probable, from the great numbers of the natives, and froin the refolution-with which they feemed to expect us, an attack eould not have been made without fome danger; and that the lofs of a very few men might have been feverely felt by us, during the remaining courfe of our vayage. Whereas the $\because$ laying the execution of our threats, though $x_{x} 0$ one hand, it leffened their opinion of our prowefs, had the effect of caufing them to difperfe, ci the other. For, this day, about noon, finding us perfift in our inactivity, great bodies of them, after blowing their conchs, and afing every mode of defiance, marched off, over the hills, and never appeared afterward:- Thofe, howrever, who remained, Were not the lefs daring, and infolent. One man had the audacity to come within mufquet- mot, ahead of the fhip; and, after Ainging feveral fones at us, he waved Captain Cook's hat over his head, whilft his countrymen on blore were exulting, and encouraging his beldinefs. \$ur people were all in a flame at this iafint, and coming in a body on the quarter-deck, begged they might no longer be obliged to put up with thele repeated provocations; and requefted me to obtain permiffion for them, from Captain Clerke, to avail themfelyes of the

Irft fa Comn was p: be fire crew, at the then $b$ It bring our in and ha were randor duced For, 1 with that fo seft. relätio
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## 243 )

Grft fair occafion of revenging the death of theie Commander. On my acquainting him with what was paffing, he: gave orders for fome great guns to be fired at the natives on thore; and promifed the crew, that if they fhould mees with any moleflation at the watering-place, the next day, they fhould then béleft at liberty to chaftife them.

It is fomewhat remarkable, that, before we could bring our guns to bear, the iflanders had fufpected our intentions, from the ftir they faw in the fhipa. and had retired behind their houfes and walls.' We were therefore obliged to fire, in fome meafure, at random; notwithftanding which, our fhot produced all the effects that could have been defired. For, foon after, we faw Koah paddling towards, us, with extreme hafte, and, on his arrival, we learned, that fome people had been killed, and amongit the seft, Maiha-maiha, a principal Chief, and a near relation to the King. *

Sbon after the arrival of Koah, two boys fwam off from the Morai toward the Ihips, having each a long fpear in his hand; and after they had approached pretty near, they began to chane a fong in a very folemn manner; the fubject of which, from their often mentioning the word Orono, and pointing to the village where Captain Cook was killed, we concluded to be the late calamitous difafter: Having fung in a plaintive flrain for about twelve or fifteen minutes, during the whole of which time they remained in the water, they went on board the Difcovery, and delivered their fpears; and, after making a fhort ftay, returned on thore. Who fent them, or what was the object of this ceremony, we were never able to learn.

[^8]At night, the ufual precautions were taken fox the fecurity of the Chips; and as foon as it was dark, our two friends, who had vifited us the night beFore, came off again. They affured us, that though the effect of our great guns, this afternoon, had terrified the Chiefs exceedingly, they had by no means laid afide their hoftile intentions, and advifed us tu be on our guard.
' 1 he next morning, the boats of both fhips were fent afhore for water; and the Difcovery was warped clofe to the beach, in order to cover that lervice. We foon found, that the intelligence which the priefts had fent us, was not without foundation: and that the natives were refolved to take every upportunity of annoying us, when it could be done without inuch rifk.

Throughout all this group of iflands, the villages, for the moft part, are fituated near the fea; and the adjacent ground is inclofed with ftone walls, about three feet high. Thefe, we at firft inagined, were intended for the divifion of property; but we now difcovered, that they ferved, and probably were principa.ly defigned, for a defence againft invafion. They confift of loofe fiones, and the inhabitants are very dexterous in Chiiting them, with great quicknefs, to fuch fituations, as the direction of the attack may require. In the fides of the :nountain, which hangs over the bay, they have alfo little holes, or caves, of confiderable depth, the enitrance of which is fecured by a fence of the fame kind. From behind both thefe defences the natives kept perpetually harraffing our waterers with ftones; nor could the fmall force we had on thore, with the advantage of mufquets, compel them to retreat.

In this expofed fituation, cur people were fo taken up in attending to their own fafety, that they employed the whole forenoon in filling only one ton of water. As it was therefore impoffible to perform
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## ( 245 )

this fervice, till their affailants were driven to a greater diftance, the Difcovery was ordered to diflodge them, with her great guns; which being effeited by a few difcharges, the men landed without moleftation. However, the natives foon after made their appearance again, in their ufual mode of attack; and it was now found abfolutely necersary to burn down fome ftraggling houfes near the wall, behind which troy had taken melter. In executing thefe orders, I am forry to add, that our, people were hurried into acts of unneceffary cruelty and devaftation. Something ought certainly to be allowed to their refentrnent of the repated infults, and contemptuous behavior, of the ifianders, and to the natural defire of revenging the lofs of their Commander. But, at the fame time, their conduct ferved ftrongly to convince me, that the utmoft precaution is neceffary in trufting, though but for a noment, the difcretionary ufe of arms, in the hands of private feamen, or foldiers, on fuch occafions.

Their orders were only to burn a few ftraggling huts, which afforded fhelter to the natives. We were therefore a good deal furprifed to fee the whole village on fire; and before a boat, that was fent to Itop the progrefs of the mifchief, could reach the thore, the houfes of our old and conftant friends, the priefts, were all in flames. I cannot enough lament the illners, that confined me on board this day. The priefts had always beeni under my protection; and, unluckily, the officers who were then on duty, having been feldom on thore at the Morai, were not much acquainted with the circumftances of the place. Had I been prefent inyfelf, I might probably have been the means of faving their little Society from deftruction.

Several of the natives were Shot, in making their efcape from the fames; and our people cut off the

## ( 2.46 )

heads of two of them, and brought them on beard: The fate of one poor iflander was much lamented by us all. As he was coming to the well for water, he was hot at by one of the marines. The ball ftruck his calibafh, which he immediately threw from him and fled. He was purfued into one of the caves I have before, defcribed, and no lion could have defended, his den with greater courage and fiercenefs; till at laft, after having kept two of our people at bay for a confiderable time, he expired; covered with wounds. . It was this accident, that firlt brought us acquainted with the ufe of thefe caverns.

At this time, an elderly man was taken prifoner, bound, and fent on board in the fame boat with the heads of his two cquntrymen. I never faw horror fo ftrongly pictured, as in the face of this man, nor fo violent a tranfition to extravagant joy, as wher he was untied, and told he might go away in furety. He fhewed us he did not want gratitude, as he frequently afterward returned with prefents of provifions; and alfo did us other fervices.

Soon after the village was deftroyed, we faw, coming down the hill, a man, attended by fifteen or twenty boys, holding pieces of white cloth, grean boughs, plantains, \&ce. in their hands. I knew not how it happened, that this peaceful embaffy, as foon as they were within reach, received the fire of a party of our men. This, however, did not ftop them. They continued their proceffion, anic the officer on duty came up, in time, to prevent a fecond difcharge. As they approached nearer, it was found to be cur much-efteemed friend Kaireekea, who had fled on our firf fetting fire to the village, and had now returned, a-1 defired to be fent on board the Refolution.

When he arrived, we found him exceedingly grave and thoughtful. We endeavoured to make
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## ( 247 )

him underftand the neceffity we were under of fetting fire to the village, by which his houfe, and thofe of his brethren, were- unintentionally confumed. He expoftulated a little with us on our want of friendifip, and on our ingratitude. And, indeed, it was not till now, that we learnt the whole extent of the injury we had done him. He told us, that, relying on the promifes I had made them, and on the affurances they had afterwards received from the men, who had brought us the remains of Captain Cook, they had not removed their effects back into the country, with the reft of the inhabitants, but had put every thing that was valuable of their own, as. well as what they had collected from us, into a houfe clofe to the Morai, where they had the mortification to fee it all fet on fire by ourfelves.

On coming on board, he had feen the heads of his countrymen, lying on the deck; at which he was exceedingly fhocked, and defired, with great carneftnefs; that they might be thrown over-board. This requeft Captain. Clerke inftantly ordered to be complied with .

In the evenings the watering prety returned or : board, having met with no farther interruption. We paffed a gloomy night; , the cries and lamentations we heard on fhore being far more dreadful than ever. Our only confolation was, the hope that we fhould have no occafion, in future, for a repetion of fuch feverities. .,

It is very extraordinary, that, amidft all thefe difturbances, the women of the illand, who were on board, never offered to leave.us, nor difcovered the fmalleft apprehenfions, either for themfelves or their friends afthore. So entirely unconcerned did they appear, that fome of them, who were on deck when the town was in flames, feemed to adimire the fight, and frequently cried out, that it was maitsi, or very fine. :

2 The next morning, Koah came off as ufual to the fhips. As there exifted no longer any neceffity for keeping terms with him, I was allowed to have my own way. When he approached toward the fide of the flip, finging his fong, and offering me a hog, and fome plaintains, I ordered him to keep off, cautioning him never to appear again without Captain Cook's bones, left his life fhould pay the forfeit of his frequent breach of promife. He did not appear much mortified with this reception, but went immediately on hore, and joined a party of his countrymen, who were pelting the waterers with fones. The body of the young man, who had been killed the day before, was found this morning, lying at the entrance of the cave; and fome of our people went, and threw a mat over it. Soon after which they faw fome men carrying him off on their hhoulders, and could hear them finging, as they marched, a mournful fong.

The natives being at laft convinced that it was not the want of ability to punifh them, which had hitherto made us tolerate their provocations, defifted from giving us any farther moleftation ; and, in the evening, a Chief called Eappo, wiop had feldo $n$ vifited us, but whom we knew to be a man of the very firft confequence, came with prefents from Terreeoboo to fue for peace. Thefe prefents were received, and he was difniffed with the fame anfwer which had before been given, that, until the remains of Captain Cook Thould be refored; no paace would be granted. We learned from this perfon, that the fleth of all the bodies of gur people, together with the bones of the trunks, had been burnt ; that the limb bones of the marines had been divided amongft the inferior Chiefs; and that thofe of Captain Cook had been difpofed of in the following manner : the head, to a great Chief, called Kahoo-opeon, the hair to Maia-maia; and the legs,
thighs, and arms, to Terreeoboo. After it was dark, many of the inhabitants came off with roots and other vegetables; and we alfo received two large prefents of the fame articles from Kaireekeea.

The 19th was chiefly taken up in fending and receiving the meffages which paffed tetween Captain Clerke and Terreeoboo. Eappo was very preffing, that one of our officers thould go on fhore; and, in the mean time, offered to remain as an hoftage on board. This requeft, however, it was not thought proper to comply with; and he left us with a promife of bringing the bones next day. At the beach the waierers did not meet with the leaft oppofition from the natives; who, notwithftanding our cautious behaviour, came amongft us again, without the fmalleft appearance of diffidence or apprehenfion.

Early in the morning of the 20 th, we had the fatisfaction of getting the fore-maft ftepped. It was an operation attended with great difficulty, and fome danger; our ropes being fo extremely rotten, that the purchafe gave way feveral times.

Between ten and eleven o'clock, we faw a great number of people defcending the hill, which is over the beach, in a kind of proceffion, each man carrying a fugar-cane or two on his fhoulders, and bread-fruit, taro, and plantains in his hand. They were preceded by two drummers; who, when they came to the water-fide, fat down by a white flag, and began to beat their drums, while thofe who had followed them, advanced, one by one; and, hav ing depofited the prefents they had brought, retired in the fame order. Soon after, Eappo came in fight, in his long feathered cloak, bearing fomething with great folemnity in his hands; and having placed himfelf on a rock, he made figns for 2 boat to be fent him.

## (290)

Captain Clerke, conjecturing that he had brougbe the bones of Captain Cook, which proved to be the fact, went himfelf in the pinnace to receive them; and ordered me io attend him in the cutter. When we arrived at the beach, Eappo came into the pinnace, and delivered to the Captain the bones wrapped up in a large quantity of fine new. eloth, and covered with a fpoted cloak of black and white feathers. He afterwards attended us to the Refoiution, but could not be prevaited upon to go on board; probably not choofing, from a fenfe of decency, to be prefent at the opening of the bundle. We found in it both the hands of Captain Cook entire, which were well known frome a remarkable fcar on one of them, that divided the thamb from the fore-finger, the whole length of the metacarpal bone; the ikull, but with the fcalp feparated from. it, and the bones that form the face wanting $;$ the fcalp with the hair upor it cut fhort, and ears adhering to it ; the bones of both arms, with the flkin of the fore-arms hanging to them; the thigh and leg-bones joined together, but without the feet. The ligaments of the joints were entire; and the whole bore evident marks of having been in the fire, except the hands, which had the flefh left upon them, and were cut in feveral places, and ${ }^{\prime}$ crammed with falt, apparently with an intention of -preferving them. The fcalp hat a cut in the back part of it, but the fikull was free from any fracture. The lower jaw and feet, which were wanting, Eappo told us, had been feized by different Chiefs, and that Terreeoboo was ufing every means to recover them.

The next morning, Eappo, and the King's fon, came on board, and brought with tem the remaining bones of Captain Cook, the barrels of his gun, his thoes, and fome other trifles that belonged to him. Eappo took great pains to convince us,

## (251)

that Terreeoboo, Maiha-maiha, and himfelf, were mof heartily defirous of peace; that they had given us the mof convincing.proofs of it in their power and that they had been aprevented from giving it fooner, by the other Chiefs, many of whom were ftill our enemies. He lamented, with the greatef forrow, the death of fix Chiefs we had killed, fome of whom, he faid, were amongft our beft friends. The cutter, he told us, was taken away by Pareea's people; very probably in revenge for the blow that had been given him ; and that it had been broken up the next day. The 2 w 1 of theimarines, which we had alfo demanded, he affured us, had been carsied off by the common people, and were irrecoverablé ; the bones of the Chief alone having been preferved, as belonging to Terreeoboo and the Ereeso:

Nothing now remained, but to perform the laft offices to our great and unfortunate Commander. Eappo was difmiffed with orders to taboo all the bay; and, in the afternoon, the bones having been put is a coffin, and the fervice read over them, they were committed to the deep with the ufual military. honours.: What our feelings were on this occafion, I leave the world to conceive; thofe who were prefent know, that it is not in my power to exprefs them.

During the aftertoon of the 22d, not a canoe was feen paddling in the bay; the taboo, which Eappo had laid on it the day before, at our requeft, not being yet taken off. At length Eappo came off to us. We affured him, that we were now entirely fatisfied; " and that, as the Oromo was buried, all remembrance of what had paffed was buried with bim. We afterwards defired him to take off the taboo, aud to make it.known, that the people might bring their provifionsas ufual. The fhips were foon, furrounded with cannes, and many of the Chiefs came on board, expreffing great forrow at what had happened, and their fatisfaction at our recanciliation.

## ( 252 )

Several of our friends, who did not vifit us, fent prefentsof large hogs, and other provifions., Amongt the reft, came the old treacherous Koah, but was refufed admittance.

As we had now every thing ready for fea, about eight o'clock this evening we difmiffed all the natives, Eappo, and the friendly Kaireekeea, tơok an affectionate leave of us. We immediately weighed, and ftood out of the bay. The natives were colleeted on the fhore in great numbers; and, as we paffed along, received our laft farewells with every mark of affection and good-will."

- They got clear off the land about ten on the 22d; and, hoifting in the boats, food to the Northward.

In the atternoon of the 24 th, the weather being calm, with light airs from the Weft, they ftood on to the North North Weft ; but at fun-fet, obferving a fhoal, fretching from the Weft point of Mowee, toward the mitdle of the paffage, they tacked, and ftood toward the South.

The South Welt fide of this ifland, which they now hiad-paffed without oeing able to get near the Shore, forms the fame diftant view with the North Eaft; as feen on their return from the North, in November $177^{8}$.
Captain Clerke determined, without farther lofs of time, to proceed to Atooi. On the 28th, they bore away for that ifland, which they were in fight of by noon; and about fun-fet, were off its Eaftern extremity.

They paffed the night in plying on and off, and at nine the next morning, came to an anchor in twenty? Ge fathoms water.

They had no fooner anchored in their old fation, than. Ieveral canoes came along-fide of them; but they could obferve, that they did not welcome, them with the fame cordiality in their manner, and fatisfation in their countenances, as when they were here
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Th with fent os the $R$ fions ; found the be nefs; began great cordin the tra they f the fol force, to the return a dagg ado to foldier ing gi order

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## (253)

before. As foon as they got on board, one of the men began to complain that they liad left a diforder amongt their women, of which feveral perfons of both lexes had died.

Their principal object here was to water the fhips with the utmoft expedition; and Captain King was fent on fhore early in the afternoon. The gunner of the Refolution accompanied him to trade for provifions ; and they had a guard of five marines. They found a confiderable number of poople collected upor the beach, who received them at firft with great kindnefs; but as foon as they had got the calks on thore, began to be exceedingly troublefome. It was with great difficulty they were able to form a circle, according to the ufual practice, for the convenience of the trading party ; and had no fooner done it, than they faw a man laying hold of the bayonet of one of the foldiers mufquets, and endeavouring with all his force, to wrench it out of his hand. On coming up to them, the native let go his hold and retired; but returned in a moment, with a feear in one hand, and a dagger in the other ; and his countrymen had much ado to reftrain him from trying his prowefs with tho foldier. This fray was nccafioned by the latter's having given the man a flight prick with his bayonet, in order to make him keep without the line.
They now perceived, that their fituation required great circumppetion and management; the ftricteft orders were given, that no one hould fire, nor have: recourfe to any other act of violence, without pofi-, tive commands. As foon as thefe directions were given, Captain King was called to the affiftance of the watering party, where he-found the natives equally inclined to mischief. They had demanded from the people a large hatchet for every cafk of water; and this not being complied with, they would not fuffer the failors to roll them down to the boats.
Captain Ting had no foone; joined them, than one of the natives advanced up to him with great infor, lence, and made the fame claim. He told him, that as affiend, he was very willing to prefent him with a

## ( 254 )

hatchet, but that he fhould certainly carry off the water, without paying any thing for it ; and immediately ordered the pinnace men to proceed in their bufinefs, and called thice marines from the traders to protect them.

This thew of fpirit fucceeded fo far as to make the natives defift from any open attempt to interrupt them, yet they ftill continued to behave in the moft teafing and provoking manner. Some of them, under pretence of affifting the men in rolling down the cafks's turned them out of their courfe, and gave them $x$ wrong direction; others were ftealing the hats from off the failors heads, pulling them backward by their clothes, or tripping up their heels; the whole crowd, all this time, thouting and laughing, with a ftrange mixture of childifnnefs and malice. Though they continued, for the moft part, to pay great deference ard refpect to Captain King, yet they did not fuffer him to efcape without contributing his fhare to their fock of plunder. One of them came up to him with a familiar air, and with great management diverted his attention, whilit another, wrenching the hanger; which he held carelefly in his hand, from him, ran off with it like lightning; he was afterwards much alarmed by a ferjeant of marines, who informed him, that on turning quickly round, he faw a man behind him holding a dagger in the attitude of friking.

It was in vain to think of repelling this infolence by force; guarding therefore againit its effects, in the beft manner they were able, they had nothing to do but to fubmit patiently to it.

While they were getting the cafks into the launch, the natives, perceiving the opportunity of plundering wotld foon be over, became every moment more daring and infolent. On this occafion, the fame ferjeant fuggefted, the advantage that would arife from fending off his party firf into the boats; by which means, the mufquets of the foldiers, which, as has been already mentioned, were the objects the illanders hád principally in view, would be removed out of their reach; and in cafe of an attack, the marines
then if th
themfelves might be employed more effectually thas if they were on thore.

They had now got every thirg into the boats, and only the gunner, a feaman of the boat's crew, and Captain King remained on fhore. As the pinnace lay heyond the furf through which we were obliged to fwim, the Captain told them to make the beft of their way to it, and that he fhould follow them.
With this order he was furprifed to find them both refufe to comply, and the confequence was a conteft amongt them who thould be the laft on hhore. ${ }^{\text {I }}$ feems, that fome hafty words. the Captain had juft before ufed to the failor, which he thought refected on his courage, was the caufe of this odd fancy in him; and the old gunner, finding a point of honour ftarted, thonght he could not well avoid taking a part in it. In this ridiculous fituation they might have remained fome time, had not the difpute been foon fettled by the ftones that began to fly abous them, and by the cries of the people from the boats to make hafte, as the natives were following them into the water with clubs and fpears. Captain King reached the fide of the pinnace firtt, and finding the gunner was at fome diftance behind, and not yet entirely out of danger, he called out to the marines to fire one mufquet. In the hurry of executing his orders they fired two ; and when he got into the boat, he faw the natives running away, and one man, with a woman fitting by him, left behind on the beach. The man made feveral attempts to rife, without being able; and it was with much regret, he found he was wounded in the groin. The natives foon after returned and furrounded the wounded man, brandifhing their fears and daggers with an air of threatening and defiance; but before the people hid all reached the fhips they faw fome perfons whom they fuppofed to be Chiefs now arrived; driving them'away fr sm the fhore.
During their abfence, Captain Clerke had been under the greateft anxiety for their fafety. And thefo" apprehenfions were confiderably increafed, from his: havingentirely miltaken the drift of the converfation he had held with fome natives who had been on board.

## ( 256 )

The frequent mention of the name of Captain Cook, with other frong and circumftantial defcriptions of death and deftruction, made him conclude, that the knowledge of the unfortunate events at Owhyhee had reached them, and that thefe were what they alluded to; whereas all they had in view was to make known to him the wars that had arifen, in confecuence of the goats that Captain Cook had left at Oneeheow, and the flaughter of the poor goats themfelves, during the Atruggle for the property of them. Captain Clerke, applying this earneftnefs of converfation, and thefe terrible reprefentations, to our calamitous tranfactions at Owhyhce, and to an indication of revenge, kept his telefcope fixed upon us, and the moment he faw the fmoke of the mufquets, ordered the boats to bearmed and put off to our aflifance.

The next morning, March 3, they went again on fhore with the watering party. The rik they had run the preceding day, determined Captain Clerke to fend a conficerable force from both fhips for their guard, amounting in all to forty men under arms. This precaution however, was now unneceffary: for they found the beach left entirely to themfelves, and the ground between the landing place and the lake tabooed with fmall white flags. They concluded from this appearance, that fome of the Chiefs had certainly vifited this quarter; and that, not being able to ftay, they had kindly and confiderately taken this ftep for their greater fecurity and convenience. They faw feveral men armed with long fears and daggers on the other fide of the river on the right, but they did not offer to give them the leaft moleftation. Their women came ove and fat down on the banks clofe by them; and at noom they prevailed on fome of the men to bring hogs and roots and to drefs them. As foon as they had left the beach they came down to the fea fide, and one of them threw a fone; but his conduct feeming to be highly dafapproved of by all the reff, therefore they did not think it proper to fhew any refentment.

The next day they completed their watering with-

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## (257)

Chiefs had been on board to make excures for the behaviour of the inhabitants, attributing their riotous conduct, to quarrels then fubfilting between the principal people; on account of the goats, as mentioned before.

This, and the two following days, were employed on fhore in completing the Difcovery's water'; and the carpenters were bufy on' board in caulking the fhips, and in making other preparations for our next cruife.

On the 8 th, at nine in the morning, they weighed, and failed towards Oneeheow. Here they took leave of the Sandwich Ifles; fome account of them (particularly Owhyhee) connot be unacceptable.

They were called fo by Captain Cook, in honour of Lord Sandwich, as a tribute juftly due to him fot the liberal fupport thefe Voyages derived from his exertion's.

Owhyhec, the Eafternmoft, and by much the largeft of thefe iflands, is of a triangular fhape, and nearly equilateral. Its greateft length is $28 \frac{1}{2}$ leagues'; its breadth is 24 leagues; and it is about 255 geographical, or 293 Englifh miles in circumferencé..

The coaft to the North Eaft, which forms the Eaftern extremity of the ifland, is low and flat; the declivity of the inland parts is very gradual, and the whole country covered with cocoa-nut and breadfruit trees. On doubling the Eaft point of this iflann, they faw a mountain, calied Mouno Roa, which is fuppored to be at leaft 16,020 feet high, which exceeds the height of the Pico de Teyde, or Peak of Tenerifice, by 724 feet.

The coaft of Kaoo prefents a prospect of the moft horrid and dreary kind: the whole country appearing to have undergone a total change from the effects of fome dreadful convulfion. The ground is every where covered with cinders, and interfected in many places with black freaks.

The neighbouring fea abounds with a variety of moft excellent fifh, with which, as well as with other provifions, the mips were always plentifully fupplied.

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Off this part of the coaft they colld find no ground, at lefs than a cable's length from the fhore, with a hundred and fixty fathoms of line, excepting in a fmall bight to the Eaftward of the South point.

The number of dogs in thefe illands did not appear to be nearly equal, in proportion, to thofe in Otaheite. But on the other hand, they abound much more in hogs; and the breed is of a larger and weightier kind. The fupply of provifions of this kind, which was got from them, was really aftonifhing. The fhips were almoft four months either cruifing of the coaft, or in harbour at Owhyhee. During all this time, a large allowance of frein pork was conftantly ferved to both crews; fo that their confumption was computed at about fixty puncheons of five hundred weight each. Befides this, and the incredible wafte which, in the midit of fuch plenty, was not to be guarded againft, fixty puncheons more were falted for fea ftore. The greateft part of this fupply was drawn from the illand of Owhyhee alone; and yet we could not perceive that it was at all drained, or even that the abundance had any way decrealed.

The birds of this ifland are both numerous and beautiful; there are four particularly fo, which feem to belong to the trochili, or honey-fuckers of Linnæus, one of which is fomething larger than a bullfinch; its colour is a fine gloffy black, the rump-vent and thighs a deep yellow. It is called by the natives hooboo. Another is of an exceeding bright fcarlet colour; the wings black, and edged with white; and the tail black; its native name is cecerve. A third, which feems to be either a young bird, or a variety of the foregoing, is variegated with red, brown, and yellow. The fourth is entirely green, with a tinge of yollow, and is called akaicarooa. There is a fpecies of thrufh, with a grey breaft; and a fmall bird of the flycatcher kind; a rail, with very fhort wings and no tail, which on that account, we named rallus ecaudotus. Ravens are found here, but they are very fcarce.

The inhabitant of the Sandwich illands are and doubtedly of the fame race with thofe of New Zealand, the Society and Friendly Iflands, Eafter Ifland and the Marquefas; a race that poffeffes, without any intermixture, all the known lands between the latitudes of $47^{\circ}$ South, and $20^{\circ}$ North, and between the longitudes of $184^{\circ}$ and $260^{\circ}$ Eaft. This fact, which, extraordinary as it is, might be thought fufficiently proved by the ftriking fimilarity of their manners and cuftoms, and the general refemblance of their perfons, is eftablifhed, beyond all controverfy, by the abfolute identity of theirlanguage.

They are, in general, abave the middle fize, and well made; they walk very gracefully, sun nimbly, and are capable of bearing great fatigue; though, upon the whole, the men are fomewhat inferior, in point of frength and activity, to the Friendly Iflanders, and the women lefs delicately limbed than thofe of Otaheite. Their complexion is rather darker than that of the Otaheiteans, and they are not altogether fo handfome a people. However, many of both fexes had fine open countenances; and the women, in particular, had good eyes and teeth, and a fweetnefs and fenfibility of look, which rendered them very engaging. Their hair is of a brownith black, and neither uniformly fraight, like that of the Indians of America, nor uniformly curlir. is, as amongft the African negroes, but varying, in this refpect, like the hair of Europeans. One ftriking peculiarity, in the features of every part of this great nation, Captain King does not remember to have feen any where mentioned; which is, that, even in the handfomeft faces, there is always a fullnefs of the noftril, without any flatnefs or fpreading of the nofe, that diftinguifhes them from Enropeans. It is not improbable that this may be the effect of their ufual mode of falutation, which is performed by prefling the ends of their nofes together.

The fame fuperiority that is obfervable in the perfons of the Erees or Chiefs through all the other illands, is found allo here. Thofe whom they faw,

## ( 260 )

were, without exception, perfectly well formed; whereas the lower fort, befides their general inferiority, are fubject to all the variety of make and figure, that is feen in the populace of other countries. Many of the Chiefs fuffered dreadfully from the immoderate ufe of kava; thofe who were the moft affected by it, had their bodies covered with a white fcurf, their eyes red and inflamed, their limbs emaciated, the whole frame trembling and paralytic, accompanied with a difability to raife the head. It is fortunate, that the ufe of it is made one of the peculiar privileges of the Chiefs. The young fon of Terreeobeo, who was about twelve years old, ufed to boaft of his being admitted to drink kava, and fhewed, with ģreat triumph, a fmall fpot in his- fide that was growing fcaly.

There is fomething very fingular in the hiftory of this pernicious drug. When Captain Cook firft vifited the Society In nds, it was very little known among them. On his fecond voyage, he found the ufe of it very prevalent at Ulietea; but it had ftill gained very little ground at Otaheite. When he was laft there, the dreadful havock it had made was beyond belief, infomuch that the Captain fcarce knew many of his old acquaintances. At the Friendly Iflands, it is alfo conftantly drank by the Chiefs, but fo much diluted with water, that it does not appear to produce any bad effects.

Notwithftanding the irreparable lofs they fuffered from the fudden refentment and violence of thefe people, yet, in juftice to their general conduct, it muft be acknowledged, that they are of the moft mild and affectionate difpofition; equally remote from the extreme levity and ficklenefs of the Otaheiteans, and the diftant gravity and referve of the inhabitants of the Friendly Inands. They appear to live in the utmoft harmony and friendifip with one another. The women, who had childien, were remarkable for their tender and conttant attention to them; and the men would often lend their affiftance in thofe do meftic
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It muit, however, be obferved, that they fall very fhort of the other inlanders, in that beft teft of civilization, the refpect paid to the women. Here they are not only deprived of the privilege of eating with the men, but the beft forts of food are tabooed; or forbidden them. They are not allowed to eat pork, turtle, feveral kinds of fifh, and fome fpecies of the plantains; and it was faid that a poor girl got a terrible beating;: for having eaten; on board our hip, one of thefe interdicted articles.

In juftice to the fex, it muftbe obferved, that thofe ladies who admitted familiarities with our Men were probably all of the lower clafs of the people.

Their natural capacity feems in no refpect below the common fandard of mankind. The eager curiofity with which they attended the armourer's forge, and the many expedients they had invented, even befove the fhips left the iflands, for working the iron they had procured from the crews, into fuch forms ias were beft adapted to their purpofes, were ftrong proofs of docility and ingenuity.

They met with two inftances of perfons difordered in their minds; the one, a man at Owhyhee, the other, a woman of Oneeheow. It appeard, from the particular attention and refpect paid to them, that the opinion of their being infpired by the divinity, which obtains among moft of the nations of the Eaft, is alfo received here.

The inhabitants of thefe iflands differ from thofe of the Friendly Ifles, in fuffering, almoft univerfally, their beards to grow. There were indeed a few, amongft whom was the old King, that cut it off entirely, and others that wore it only upon the upper lip.

Both fexes wear necklaces made of Atrings of fmall variegated fhells; and an ornament, in the form of the handle of a cup, about two inches long, and half an inch broad, made of wood, ftone, or ivory, finely polifheds which is hung about the neck by fine threads of twitted
hair, double fometimes an hundred fold. Intead of this ornament, fome of them wear on their breaft a fmall human figure made of bone, fufpended in the fame manner.
The cuftom of taftorwing the body, they have in com. mon with the reft of the natives of the South Sea Iflands; but it is only at New Zealand and the Sandwich Iflands, that they tattow the face. They have a lingular cuftom amongit them, the meannig of which they could not difcover, that of tattorwing the tip of the tongues of the females.

The drefs of the men generally confifts only of a piece of thick cloth called the maro, about aen or twelve inches broad, which they pafs between the legs, and tie round the waift. This is the common diefs of all ranks of people. But they hive another; appropriated to their Chiefs, and ufed on ceremorious occafions, ronfifting of a feathered cloak and helmet, which, in point of beauty and magnificence, is perpaps nearly equal to that of any nation in the world. Thefe cloaks are made of different lengths, in proportion to the rank of the wearer, fome of them reaching no lower than the middle, others trailing on the ground.

The common drefs of the women bears a clofe refemblance to that of the men. They wrap round the waift a piete of cloth that reaches half way down the thighs, and fometimes, in the cool of the evening, they appeared with loofe pieces of fine cloth thrown over their fhoulders, like the women of Otaheite. The pau is another drefs very frequently worn by the younger part of the fex. It is made of the thinneft and fineft fort of cloth, wrapt feveral times round the waif, and defcending to the leg, fo as to have the appearance of a full fhort petticoat.

Their necklaces are made of falls, or of a hard, flining, red berry. Befides which, they wear wreaths of dried flowers of an Indian mallow; and another beautiful ornament, called craie, which is generally put about the neck, but is fometimes tied like a garland round the hair, and fometimes worn in both thare

## ( 263

thefe ways at once. It is a ruff of the thicknefs of a finger, made in a curious manner of exceedingly fimall feathers, woven fo clofe together, as to form 2 furface as fmooth as that of the richelt velvet. The ground was generally of a red colour, with alternate circles of green, yellow, and black.

The food of the lower clafs of people confifts principally of fifh and vegetables; fuch as yams, fweetpotatoes, tarrow, plaintains, fugar-canes, and breadfruit. To thefe, the people of a higher rank add the flefh of hogs and dogs, dreffed in the fame manner as at the Society Inands. They alfo eat fowls of the fame domeftic kind with ours; but they are neither plentiful, nor much efteemed by them. Their finh they falt, and preferve in gourd-1hells; not, as we at firlt imagined, for the purpofe of providing againit any temporary fcarcity, but from the preference they give to falted meats. For we alfo found that the Erees ufed to pickle pieces of pork in the fame manner, and efteemed it a great delicacy.

They are exceedingly cleanly at their meals; and their mode of drefling both their animal and vegetable food, was univerfally allowed to be greatly fuperior, to ours. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ The Chiefs conftantly begin their meal with a doze of the extract of pepper-root, brewed after the ufual manner. The women eat a part from the men, and are tabooed, or forbidden, as has been already mentioned, the ufe of pork, turtle, and particular kinds of plantains.

The way of fpending their time appears to be veiy fimple, and to admit of little variety. They rife with the fun; and after enjoying the cool of the evening, retire to reft a few hours after fun-fet. The naking of canoes and mats forms the occupations of the Erees; the women are employed in manufacturing cloth, and the Torwtorus are principally engaged in the ptantations and firhing.

Their mufic is of a rude kind, having neither flutes nor reeds, nor inftruments of any other fort, that we faw, except drums of various fizes. But their fongs, which they fung in parts, and accompany with a gen-

## ( 264 )

tle motion of the arms, in the fame manner as the Eriendly Iflanders, had a very pleafing effect.

Swimming is not only a neceffary art, in which both their men and women are more expert than any people we had hitherto feen, but a favourite diverfion amongt them. One particular mode, in which they fometimes amufed themfelves with this exercife in Karakahooa Bay, appeared moft perilous and extraordinary, and well deferving a diftinet relation,

The furf, which breaks on the coaft round the bay, extends to the diftance of about one hundred and fifty yards from the fhore, within which fpace, the furges of the fea, accumulating from the fhallownefs of the water, are dafhed againft the beach with prodigious violence. Whenever, from formy weather, or any extraordinary fwell at fea, the impetuofity of the furf is increafed to its utmof height, they choofe that time for this amurement, which is performed in the following manner: Twenty or thirty of the natives, taking each a narrow board rounded at the ends, fet out together from the fhore. The firft wave they meet they plunge under, and fuffering it to roll over them, rife again beyond it, and make the beft of their way, by fwimming out into the fea. "The fecond wave is encountered in the fame manner with the firt; the great difficulty confifting in feizing the proper moment of diving under it, which, if miffed, the perfon is caught by the furf, and driven back again with great violence; and all his dexterity is then required to prevent himfelf from being dafhed againft the rocks. As foon as they have gained, by thefe repeated efforts, the fmooth water beyond the furf, they lay themfelves at length on their board, and prepare for their return. The coaft being guarded by a chain of rocks, with, here and there, a imall opening between them, they are obliged to fteer their board through one of thefe, or, in cafe of failure, to quit it before they reach the rocks, and plunging under the wave, make the beft of their way back again. This is reckoned very difgraceful, and is alfo attended with the lols of the board, which has been often feen with great tes-

## ( 465 )

rodardied to pieces, at the very momerit the Mlander quitted it. The boldnefs and addrefs with which we faw then performithefe difficult and dangeroús manouvres, was altogether aftonifhing, and is fcarcely to be credited.

An accident, of whicit they were a near fpectatof Shews at how early acperiod they are fo far familfartzed to the water, as both to lofe ath fears of it, and to fet its dangers at defiance. A canoe berng over-fet, in which was a woman with her children, one of them an infant, who, was not more that four years old, feemed highly delighted with what had happened, fwimming about at its cafe, and playing a hundred tricks, till the canoe was put to rights again.

Befides the amufements already mentioned, the young children-have one, which wà much played at, ard fhewed no fmall degree of dexterity. They take a fhort ftick, with a peg fharpened at both ends, tunning through one exremity of it, and extending about an inch on each fide; and throwing up a ball made of green leaves moulded together, and fecured with twine, they catch it on the point of the peg; and immediately throwing it up again from the peg, they turn the ffick round, and thus keep catching it on each peg alternately, without miffing it, for a confiderable time. They are not lefs expert at another game of the fame nature, toffing up in the air, and catching, in their turns, a number of thefo halls; fo that we frequently faw little children thus keep in motion five at a time. With this latter piay the young people likewife divert themfelves at the Friendly Iflands.

Their mats are made of the leaves of the pandanus; and, as well as their clothes, are beautifully worked in a variety of patterns, and tained of different colours. Some have a ground of pale green, Spotted with fquares, or romboids, of red, others are of a flraw colour, fpotted with green ; and sthers are worked with beatitiful ftripes, either in fralght or waving lines of red and brown;

Their finhing hooks are made of mother-of-pearl, bone, or wood, pointed and barbed, with fmall bones, or tortoife-diell. They are of various fizes and forms: but the moft common are about three inches long. Confidering the materials of which thefe hooks are made, their Arength and neatnefs are really aftonifhing; apd, in fact, they are found, upon trial, much fuperior to thofe ufed in thefe parts of the Globe.

The line which they ufe for filhing, for making nets, and for other domeftic purpofes, is of different degrees of finenefs, and is made of the bark of the souta, or cloth tree, neatly and evenly twifted.

The gourds which grow to fo enormous a fize, that fome of them are capable of containing from ten to twelve gallons, are applied to all manner of domeftic purpofes; and in order to fit them the better to their refpective ufes, they have the ingenuity to give them different forms, by tying bandages round them during their growth. Thus, fome of them are of a long, cylindrical form, others are of a difh form, and ferve to hold their falt provifions, their puddings, vegetables, \&ic. which two forts have neat clofe covers, made likewife of the gourd; others again areexactly the fhape of a bottle with a long neck, and in thefe they keep their water.

The Chiefs exercife their power over one another in the mott haughty and oppreflive manner. Of this, the following is a ftriking inftance : A Chief of the fower order had behāved with greatcivility to one of the officers; and, in return, he was carried on board and introduced to Captain Cook, who invited him to dine. While they were ar table, Pareea, who was Chief of a fuperior order, entered, whofe face but teo plainly manifefted his indignation, at feeing his inferior in fo honourable a fituation. He immediately feized him by the hair of the head, and was proceeding to drag him out of the cabin, when the Captain interfered; and after a deal of altercation, all the indulgence that could be obtained without coming to a quarrel with Pareea, was, that he Ihould be fuf-
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## (267)

fered to remain, being feated upon the foor, whilf Pareea filled his place at the table.

In 2 bay to the Southward of Karakakooa, aparty of Officers were conducted to a large houfe, in which they found the black figure of a man, refting on his Angers and toes, with his head inclined backward; the limbs well formed and exactly proportioned, and the whole beautifully polifhed:

Human facrifices are more frequent here, according to the'account of the natives themfelves, than in any other iflands they vifited. Thefe horrid rites are not only had recourfe to upon the commencement of war, and preceding great battles, and other fignal enter prifes; but the death of any confiderable Chief calls for a facrifice of one or more Towtows, according to his rank; and they were told, that ten men were defined to fuffer on the death of Terrecoboo.

To this clafs of their cuftoms may alfo be referred that of knocking out their fore-teeth, as a propitiatory facrifice to the Eatosa, to avert any danger or mifchief to which they might be expofed.

## ( 268 )

## PARTVI. and LAST.

Iranfactions during the Second Expedition to the North, by the Way of Kamtfchatka; and on the Return home, by the Way of Canton, and the Cape of. Good Hope, from March 1779, to Auguft 1780.

0$N$ the 1.5 th of Manch, they weighed anchor, and ftood on to the South Weft. On the 2.3d the wind, which had begn moderate for fome time, freth ened and increafed to a frong gale, which fplit fome of their fails, and made the runuing rigging very frequently give way. This gale Jafted twel ve hours; it then became more moderate, and continued fo till the 25 th at noon, when they entircly loft it and had only 2 very lightair.

On the 30 th, the winds and unfettled fate of the weather induced Captain Clerke to alter, his plan, and at fix in the evening, they began to fteer North Weft, which they continued till the 6th of April, when they loft the trade wind. The fine weather they met with between the tropics, had not been idly fpent. The carpenters found fufficient employment in repairing the bjats. The beft bower cable had been fo much damaged that they were obliged to cut forty fathoms from it. The airing of fails and other fores, which, from the leakinefs of the decks and fides of the fhips, were pepetually fubject to be wet, had now become a troublefome part of their duty.

For fome time paft, even the operation of mending the failors old jackets had rifen into a duty both of difficulty and importance. It may be neceffary to inform thofe who are unacquainted with the habits of feamen, that they are fo accuftomed in Ships of war to be directed in the care of themfelves by their officers, that they lofe the vesy idea of fore-fight, and contract the thoughtleffnefs of infants. If thefe people had been left to their own difcretion alone, the

## ( 269 )

whole crew would have been naked; before the voyage had been half finifhed. It was natural to expect, thattheir expcrience, during the voyage to the North laf year, would have made them fenfible of the neceffity of paying fome attention to thefe matters; but if: fuch reflections ever occurred to them; their impreffion: was fo tranfitory, that, upon returning to the tropical climates, their fur jackets, and the reft of their cold country clothes, were kicked about the decks asthings of no value; though it was known; in both hips, that they were to make another voyage towand the pole. They were, of courfe, picked up by the officers; and, being put into cafks, reftored about.this: time to the owners.

In the afternoon, they obferved fome of the fheath-ing floating by the fip; and, on examination, found: that twelve or fourteen feet had been wafhed off from under the larboard-bow, where the leak ivas fuppofed. to have been ; which; ever fince leaving the Sandwich: Ilands, had kept the perple almoft conftantly. at the: pumps, making twelve inches water an hour. But, as they had always been able to keep it under with: the hand-pumps, it gave them no great uncafinefs. till the r3th, about fix in the afternoon, when they' were greatly alarmed by a fudden inundations. that: deloged the whole face betwen decks.. The water, which had lodged in the coal-hole, not finding a fufficent vent into the well;, had forced up the platforms; over it, and in a moment fet every thing afloat. Their fituation was indeed exceedingly diftreffing ; nor did they immediately fee any means of reliefi At: laft they thought of cutting a hole through the bulk: head that feparated the coal-hole from the fore-hole ${ }_{2}$. and by that means to make a paffage for the body. of: water into the well. As foon as a paffage was made, the greateft part of the water emptied itfelf into the: well, and enabled them to get out the reft with buck-. ets.. But the leak wàs now fo much increafed, that: they were obliged to keep one half of the people centtantly pumping and baleing, till the noon of the: 1.g.th. The men bore, with great cheerfulnefs, this A. 3.3 excefive:

## ( 270 )

exceffive fatigue, which was much increafed by their having no dry place to fleep in; and, on this acgav count, they had their full allowance of grog.

The weather now became more moderate, and they were enabled to clear away the reft of the caks, and to open a paffage for the water to the pumps.

The fudden aiteration froms the fultry heat which they experienced the beginning of this month to the extreme cold which they now felt, was attended with great inconvenience to them.

On the ${ }^{18 \mathrm{th} \text {, they had a brik gale that fplit almoft }}$ all the fails. To add to their dificulties, the fea wa in general for rough, and the Ohips fo leaky, that the fii-makers had no place to repair the fails in, except Captain Clerk's apartments, which in his declining ftate of health, was a ferious, inconvenience to him. ${ }^{\circ}$

In the afternoon of the 21 It, they faw 2 whale and a land-bird; and in the afternoon, the whter looking muddy, they founded, but got no ground with an hundred and forty fathoms of line.

On the $22 d$, the cold was exceedingly fevere, and the ropes were fo frozen, that it was owith difficulty they could force them through the blocks.

On the 23d, at fixin the morning, the land appeared in mountains covered with fnow, and extending from North three quarters Eaft to. South Weit, a high conical rock, bearing South Weft three quarters Weft, at three or four leagues diftance. The whole fonne was entirely covered, with fnow, except the fides of fome of the cliffs, which rofe too abruptly from the fea for the fnow to lie upon them.
From the $24^{\text {th }}$ till the 28 th, the Thip appeared to be a complete mafs of ice; the fhrowds were fo incrufted with it, as to meafure in circumference more than diuble their ufual fize; and, in thort, the experience of the oldeft feaman among us had never met with any thing like the continued thowers of fleet, and the extreme cold which they now encountered. Some of the crew were froft-bitten, and others laid up with bad colds. Here they loft fight of the Difcovery; but, as

## ( 27: )

shey were now for near the place of sendervous, this gave them no great nneafinefs.
${ }^{4}$ On the 28 th in the morning, the weather at $1 a t$ cleared, and the wind fell to a light brecze from the fame quarter as before. About three in the afternoon, a fair wind fprung up from the Southivard, with which we ftoodijn for IAwatka Bay. On the North head there is a look-ont houfe; which, when the Ruffians expect any of their: hips upon the coaft; is ufed as a light-houfe. There was a flag-ftaff on it; but they faw no fign of any perfon being there.

Having paffed the mouth of the bay, which is about four miles long, they apened a lange circular bafon of, twenty-five miles in circumference; and at half paft four, came to on anchorin fix fathoms water. Great flocks of wivild-fowl were feen of warious fpeciesp: likewife tavens, eagles, and large flights of Greenland pigions. They examined every corner of the bay with glafies, in fearch of the town of St. Peter and St Paul; which, according to the accounts given at:Oonalaka, they had concoived to be a place of fome freng th and confideration. At length they difcovered a few miferable houfes and fome conical huts, raifed on poles, amounting in alloto about thitty ; which, from their fituation, notwithanding all the refpeet they wiohed to entertain for alR affian oftroo, or town, they wereiunder the neceflity of concluding to be Petropaulowika. Hewever, in juttice to the generous and hoipitable itreatrent they found here, their difappointment proved to be more of a langhaable than a ferious nature. For in this wretched extremity of sthe earth, barricaded with ice, and covered with fummer fnow, in a poor miferable port, they met with feelings of "humanity, joined to a greatnefs of mind, which would have done honour to any nation or climate.
During the night much ice drifted with the tide, and at day light, Captain King was fent with the boats to examine the bay, and deliver the letters they had brought from Oonalainka to the Ruffian Commander. Having proceeded as far as they were able with

## ( 272 )

with the boats, they got upon the ice, which extended near half a mile from the fhore.

The inhabitants had not yet feen either the fhip or the boats; for even after they had got on the ice, they could not perceive any figns of a living creature in the town. They funk at every ftep almoft knee deep in the frow, and though they found tolerable footing at the bottom, yet the weak parts of the ice not being difcoverable, they were conftantly expofed to the nik of breaking through it. This accident at laft actually happened to Captain King; for ftepping on quickly over a fufpicious fpot, in order toprefs with lefs weight upon it, he came upon a fecond before he could ftop himfelf, which broke umder him, and in he fell.: Luckily, he rofe clear of the ice; and a man that was a little way behind with a boat-hook throwing it out, he by that means was enabled to get upon firm ice: again-

When they were within a quarter of a mile of the offrog, they perceived a body of armed men march. ing towards them. The officer who commanded them halted within a few yards of them, and drew up his men in a martial and good order. Ifmyloff's. letters were delivered to him, and Captain King endeavoured to make him underttand, $2 s$ well as becould, that they were Englifh, and had brought them. papers from Oonalamka. He then began to conduct. them towards the village.

Though he was all this time in his wet clothes: fhivering with cold, yet it was, he fays, impoffible: not to be diverted with this military parade. At length they arrived at the houfe of the Commanding Officer of the party, into which they were ufhered; and after no fmall ftir in giving orders, and difpofing of the military without doors, their hoft made his appearance. One of Ifmyloft's letters was now opened, and the other fent off, by a fpecial meffenger, to Bolcheretsk, a town on the Weft fide of the peninfula of Kamtfchatka, where the Rufian Conivander of this province ufually refides..

It now appeared that the panic with which the difcovery had ftruck them, had been very confiderable. The garrifon was immediately put under arms. Two fmall field pieces were placed at the entrance of the Commander's houfe, and pointed toward the boats; and hot, powder, and lighted matches, were all ready at hand.

The officer, in whofe houfe they were entertained, was a Serjeant, and the Commander of the offrog. Nothing could exceed the kindnefs and hofpitality of his behaviour, after he had recovered from the alarm occafioned by their arrival. After Captain King had changed his clothes, which the Serjeant's civility enabled liin to do, they were invited to fit down to dinner. As there was not time to prepare foup and bouill, they had in their ftead fome cold beef fliced, with hat water poured over it. They had next a large bird roafted, of a fpecies with which they were unacquainted, but of a very excellent tafte. After having caten a part of this, it was taken off, and they were ferved with filh dreffed two different.ways. Theiv liquor was of the kind called by the Ruffians quafs, and whis much the worfe part of the entertainment. As there was unfortunately no one in the place that could talk any other language except Ruffian or Kamtfchadale, they found the utmof difficulty in comprehending the information meant to be conveyed to them. They conceived the amount of the intelligence to be, that they could have fupplies at Bolcheretik, but not where they were.

It was now time for them to take their leave; and a fledge, drawn by five dogs, with a driver, was immediately provided for each party. The failors were highly delighted with this mode of conveyance; and what diverted them fill more was, that the two boathooks had alfo a fledge appropriated to themfelves. Thefe fledges are fo light, that they went with great expedition, and perfect fafety, over the ice, which it would have been impofible for them, with all their daution; to have paffed on foot.

## ( 274 )

On their return; they found the boats towing the thip toward the village; and, at feven they, got clofe to the ice, and moored, Next morning the carpenters were fet to work to ftop the leak, which had given fo much trouble during the laftrun. While they were abfent, feveral of the thips companies went a mooting, but they had indifferent fuccefs; though the bay fwarmed with flocks of ducks of various kinds, and Greenland pigeons, yet they were fo Thy, that they did not kill any.

In the morning of the if of May, feeing the Difcovery ftanding into the bay, a boat was immediately fent to her affiftance; and in the afternoon the moored clofe by the Refolution.

Bolcheretk, by che ufual soute, is about one hundred and thirty-five Englif miles from St. Peter and St. Paul's. 'The difpatches were fent off in a Aledge drawn by dogs, on the 29th, about noon. And the anfwer arrived on the fecond of May; fo that they were only a little more than three days and a half in performing a journey of two hundred and fevents miles.

The return of the Commander's arfwer was, however, concealed for the prefent.

About ten o'clock in the forenoon, they faw feveral fledges driving down the edge of the ice, and fent a boat to conduct the perfons who were in them on board. One of thefe was a Ruffian merchant from Bolcheretk, named Fedofitfch, and the other a German, called Port, who had brought a letter from Major Behm, the Commander of Kanitchatka, to Captain Clerke. They afterwards found, that Ifmyloff, in his letter to the Commander, had mifre. prefented them, for what reafons they could not conceive. Notwithftanding this information an uncommon degree of fatisfaction was vifible in their counteran ces, on the German's finding a perion on boand with whom he could converfe. This was Mr. Webber, who fpoke that language exceedingly well. Mr Port being introduced to Captain Clerke, delivered 60 him the Commander's letter, which was written in

German.
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Mr ivered ten in riman。

German, inviting him and his officers to Bolcheretis. Mr. Port, at the fame time, acquainted him, that the Major had conceived a very wrong idea of the fize of the hips, and of the fervice they were engaged in; Ifymloff, in his letter, having reprefented them as two fmall Englifh pacquet boats, and cautioned him to be on his guard; infinuating, that he fufpected them to be no better than pirates. In confequence of this, letter, he faid, there had been various conjectures formed about them at Bolcheretik.

They were much diverted with the fears and apprehenfions of thefe good people.

Being now enabled to converfe with the Ruffians, by the aid of an interpreter, the firft inquiries were directed to the means of procuring a fupply of frefh provifions, and naval foses. On inquiry, it appeared that the whole fock of live cattle, which the country about the bay could furnif, amounted only to two heifers; and thefe the ferjeant very readily promifed to procure. Their applications were next'made to the merchant, but the terms, which he offered were fo exorbitant, that Captain Clerke thought it neceffary to fend an officer to vifit the Commander at Bolcheretk, and to inquire into the price of fores at that place.

Captain Clerke having thought proper to fix on Mr. King for this bufinefs received orders, together with Mr. Webber, who was to accompany him as an interpreter, to be ready to fet out the next day.

Captain Gore was now added to the party, and they were attended by Meffrs. Port and Fedofitich, with two coffacks, and were provided, by their conducters, with warm furred clothing; a precaution which they found very neceffary.

They were pulhed forward by fix men, with long poles, for ten hours. The fatigue they had undergone obliged them to give up all thoughts of continuing their journey that evening.

They fet out as foon as it was light, in the morning, and had not advanced far, before they were met by the Gision, or Chief of Karatchin, who had been apprized
apprized of their coming, and had provided canoes that were lighter, and better contrived for navigating the higher parts of the river. A commodious veffel, confifting of two canoes lafhed clofe together with crofs fpars, lined with bear-fiins, and furnified with fur cloaks, was alfo provided. They now went on very sapidly. At ten they got to the ofrog.

This'oftrog was pleafantly filwated by the fide of the river : they were conducted to the dwolling of the Toion, who was a plain decent man. His houfe, like all the reft in this country, was divided into two apartments. A long narrow table, with a bench round it, was all the furniture in the, outer; and the houfehold fuff of the inner, which was the kitchen, was not lefs fimple and fcanty. But the kind attention of their hoft, and the hearty welcome they received, more than compenfated for the poverty of his lodgings.

Whilft they were at dinner in this miferable hut, the guelts of a peaple with whofe exiftence they had before been fcarcely acquainted, and at the extremity of the habitable globe, a folitary, halk-worn pewter fpoon; whofe fhape was familiar to them, attracted their attention; it was ftainped on the back with the word Londoan. Thofe who have experienced the effects that long abfence and extreme diftance from their native country produce on the mind, will readily conceive the pleafure fuch trifling incidents can give.

They were now to quit the river, and perform the next part of their journey on fledgos. After fupper they retired to reft but were much difturbed by the melancholy howlings of the dogs, which continued all the time their baggage was lafhing upon the fledges; but as foon as they were yoked, this changed ints a light cheerful yelping, which intirely ceafed the infant they marched off. But before they fet out, the reader may exped to be mado more particularly acquainted with this curious mode of travelling.

One of thefe Sledges was brought over by Mr. King, and it is now in the poffefion of Sir Afton Lever.
led canoes navigating ious veffel, ether with nifked with wwent' on
fide of the ing of the houfe, like two apart. oh round it, te. houfehold n', was not tion of their ived, more dgings.
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The body is about four feet and a half long, and'a foot wide, made in the form of a crefeent, of light suagh wood, frongly bound together with wickerwork; it is fupported by four legs, about two feet high, which reft on two long flat pieces of wood, five or fix inches broad, extending a foot at each end beyond the body of the fledge. They are feldom ufed to carry more than one perfon at a time, who fits afide, refting his feet on the lower part of the fledge, and carrying his provifions and other neceffaries behind hin. The dogs are nfually five in number, yoked two aud two, with a leader. The leader is always trained up with care and attention; fome of them, on account of their dociiity and fteadinefs, are valued at forty roubles, (or feven pounds fterling.) The driver is provided with a crooked tick, which anfwers the purpofe of whip and reins; as by friking it into the fnow, he is enabled to moderate the fpeed of the dogs, he alfo che Rifes them by throwing it at them, and their dexterity in picking it up again is very remarkable; they fay, that if the driver fhould happen to lofe his fick, the dogs. will inftantly perceive it; and directly run a-head full fpeed, and never ftop till they are quite foent:

The dogs are fed, during the winter, on the offal of dried and ftinking filh; but are always deprived of this miferable food a day before they fet out on a journey, and never fuffered to eat before they reach the end of it. It is faid they will perform a journey of one hundred and twenty miles without eating. Thefe dogs are in thape fomewhat like the Pomeranian breed, but confiderably larger.

The party confifted, in all, of ten fledges. That in which Captain Gore was carried, was mide of two lahed tugether, and abundantly provided with furs and bear ikins; it had ten dogs, yoked four abreaft; as bad alfo fome of thofe that were heavy laden with baggage.

When they had procecded about four miles, it began to rain; which adding to the darknefs of the B. b
night.
night, threw them all into confufion. It was at laft agreed, that they fhould remain where they were till day-light. About three o'clock they were called on to fet out; after encountering many difficulties, which were principally occafioned by the bad condition of the road, at two in the afternoon they got fafe to an oftrog, called Natcheekin.

Natcheekin is a very inconfiderable oftrog; they were received herę in the fame hofpitable manner as at Karatchin, and in the afternoon they went to vifit a remarkable hot fpring they faw at fome diftance, the fream arifing from it, as from a boiling caldron; and as they approached, perceived the air had a ftrong fulphureous imell: there were forne fmall ones equaily hot. The water flowing from thefe fprings is collected in 2 fmall bathing pond, and afterwards forms a little rivulet; which falls into the ziver. The bath they faid had wought great cures in feveral diforders.

The next morning. they embarked on the Bolchoireka in canoes. The country on each fide was very romantic, the river running between mountains of the moft craggy and barren afpect, where there was nothing to diverfify the fcene but now and then the fight of a bear, and the tlights of wild-fowl. They flept on the banks of the river under their marquée, and fuffered very much from the feverity of the weather.

About nine in the forencon of the 12 th, they arrived at an oftrog, called Opatchin, which is computed to be fifty miles from Natcheekin. The remainder of their paffage was performed with great facility, the river growing more rapid as they defcended, and lefs obitructed by .. vals.

As they approached the capital, they were forry to find they were to be received in form. Decent cluthes had been, for fome time, a fcarce commodity amongit, them and their travelling dreffes were made up of a burlefque mixture of European, Indian, and Kamtfchadale fafhions. The manner in which they were received. by the Commander, was the moft engaging that could be conceived.

## 279

They were conducted to the Commander's. houfe, where they were-received by his Iady with greak civility, and they had tea and other refrefhments. After the firft campliments were over, Mr. Webber was defired to acquaint the Major with the object of their journey, with their want of naval ftores, flour, and frefh provifions, and other neceflaries for their mips crews.

About feven o'clock, the Commander, conceiving they might be fatigued with their journey, and defirous of taking fome repofe, begged he migit conduct them to their lodgings; when they were led to a very decent houfe.

Early in the morning, they received the compliments of the Commander, and of the principal inhabitants of the town. The Commander and Captain Shmaleff, propofed fparing half the provifions that was in the garrifon, for the ufe of the fhips, and they agreed to accept their liberality, on condition that they might be made acquainted with the price of the articles; and that Captain Clerke Thould give bills to the amount, upon the Victualling Office, in London. This the Major pofitively refufed; telling them, he was certain, that he could not oblige his miftrefs more, than in giving every affiftance in his power to her good friends and allies the Englifh,

In return for fuch fingular generofity, they had little to offer but their admiration and thanks. Fortunately, however, Captain Clerke had fent 2 fet of prints and maps, belonging to the laft voyage of Captain Cook, which he defired, might be prefented in his name to the Commander; who being an enthufiaft in every thing relating to difcoveries, received it with a fatisfaction which hewed, that, though a triffe, nothing could have been moe acceptable.

Mr. King prevailed on his fon, a young boy, to accept a filver watch; and he made his little daughter happy alfo, with two pair of ear-rings, of French pafte. Befides thefe trifles, he gave Captain Shmaleff a thermometer he had ufed on his journey.

They dined this day at the Commander's, who had a number of difhes dreffed in the Englifh faition, befide a great variety of others, after the Ruffian manner. The afternoon was employed in taking a view of the town, and of the adjacent country. Bolcheretik is fituated in a low fwampy plain, that extends to the fea of Okotk, being about forty miles long, and of a confiderable breadth. There is no corn of any fpecies; and Major Behm faid, that his was the only garden that had yet been planted. There were about twenty or thirty cows; and the Major had fix fout horfes. Thefe, and their dogs, are the only tame animals they poffefs; the neceffity they are under of keeping great numbers of the latter, making it impoffible to bring up any cattle, that are not in fize and ftrength a match for them. For, during the fummer feafon, their dogs are entirely let loofe, and left to provide for themfelves; which makes them fo exceedingly ravenous, that they will fometimes even attack the bullocks.

The next morning they applied to the merchant Fedofitfch, to purchafe fome tobacco for the failors. However, this, like all other tranfactions of the fame kind, came immediately to the Major's knowledge; and they were foon after furprifed to find, in their looufe, four bags of tobacco, weighing upward of a hundred pounds each, which he begged might be prefented, in the name of himfelf, and the garrifon under his command, to the failors. At the fame time, they had fent twenty loaves of fine fugar, and as many pounds of tea, being articles they underftood the officers were in want of. Captain Clerke alfo reccived a prefent confifting of frefh butter, honey, figs, rice, and fome other littlc things of the fame kind, attended with many wifhes, that, in his infirm fate of health, they might be of fervice. It was in vain to oppuic this prafufion of bounty, as they were giving away, not a fhare, but almoft the whole ftock of the garrifon.

They dined this day with Captain Shmaleff, and in the afternoon, in order to vary the amufements, he
treated them with an exhibition of dancing, which is intended to reprefent the awkward and clumfy gettures of the bear. The body was always bowed, and the knees bent, whilf the arms were ufed in imitating. the tricks and attitudes of that animal.

They were now with great pleafure informed by the Major, upon mentioning their defire to return, that if they could ftay one day longer, he would accompany them; as he fhould feel great pleafure in returning with them to St. Peter and St. Paul's, that he might himfelf affift them as much as it was in his. power, in fupplying all their wants.

The next morning being fixed for their departure, they retired early to their lodgings, where the firft things they faw were three travelling dreffes, made after the falhion of the country, which the Major had provided for them.

All the foldiers belonsing to the garrifon weredrawn up on one fide, and the male inhabitants of the town, drefied out in their beft clothes, on the ather; and, as foon as they came out of the houfe, the whole body of the people joined in a melancholy fong, which, the Major told them it was ufual in that country, to fing on taking leave of their friends.

In this manner they marched down to the Coinmander's houfe, preceded by the drums and mufic of the garrifon. After partaking of fome refrefhment, that was prepared for them, they went down to the water-fide, accompanied by the ladies.

We had difpatched a meffenger to Captain Clerke, from Bolcheretk, with an account of their extraordinary reception, and of the Major's intention of returning with them; apprizing him alfo of the day he: might probably expect to fee them. The Major was: much ftruct at the robuft and healthy appearance of the boats crews, and fill more at feeing moft of them without any other covering than a fhirt and trowfers, although at the very moment it actually fnowed.

After vifiting the Captain, and taking a view of both the hips, the Major returned to dinneri on board. B. b. 3
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the Refolution; and, in the afternoon, the various curiofities that had been collected in the courfe of the voyage, were fhewn him, and a cor plete affortment of every article prefenied to him by Captain Clerke. The failors of both flips exhibited a great proof of their generofity and gratitude. When they were told of the handrome prefent of tobacco that was made them by the Major, defired, entirely of their own accord, that their grog might be fopped, and their allowance of fpirits prefented, on their part, to the garrifon of Bolcheretik.

Major Behm having refigned the command of Kamifchatka, intended to fet out in a fhort time for Peterfburg; and he now offered to charge himfelf with any difpatches they might truft to his care. This offer was accepted, and Capt. Clérke acquainted him, that he would take the liberty of fending by him fome papers relating to the voyage, to be delivered to the Englifh Embaffador, at the Ruffian Court, and the whole account of the difcoveries down to that time, with Charts, Plans, \&ec. were entrafed to his care.

Short as their acquaintance had been with Major Behm, his noble and difinterefted conduct had inspired them with the highef reffect and efteem for him. The intrinfic value of the private prefents they received from him, exclufive of the fores, muft have amounted to upwards of two hundred pounds. But this generofity was exceeded by the delicacy with which all his favours were conferred. "The fervice in which you are employed," he would often fay; " is for the general advantage of mankind, and therefore gives you a right, not merely to the offices, of humanity, but to the privileges of citizens, in whatever country you may be thrown. I am füre I am acting agrecably to the wihes of my miftrefs, in affording you all the relief in our power; and I cannot forget either her character, or my own honour, fo much, as to bartes ©or the performance of a duty.

## ( 283 )

various of the rtment Clerke. roof of were at was f their d, and part, to himfelf is care. quaint ding by be deRuffian es down ntrafted

Major had incem for prefents s, mult pounds. delicacy "f The ld aften nd, and e offices zens, in fure I trefs, in 1 I can. honour, ce of a

On the 15 th, the beach being clear of ice, the peow ple were fent to haul the feine, and caught an abundant fupply of fine flat fifh for both the fhips companies. Indeed, from this time, during the whole of their ftay in the harbour, they were abfolutely overpowered with the quantities of fin which came in from every quarter.

The fnow now began to difappear very rapidly, and abundance of wild garlic, celery, and nettie tops were gathered for the ufe of the crews. The birch-trees were alfo tapped, and the fweet juice, which they yielded in great quantities, was conftantly mixed with the mens allowance of brandy.

The next day a fmall bullock, which had been procured for the thips companies by the ferjeant, was killed. It was ferved out to both crews for their Sunday's dinner, being the firtt piece of frefh beef they had tafted fince their departure from the Cape of Good Hope in December, 1776 , a period of near two years and a hàlf.

This evening died John Macintof, the carpenter s: mate, after having laboured under a dyfentry for a confiderable time.

On the firft of June they received a confiderable quantity of flour, and the men were put in full allowance, with which they were fupplied from the fores of St. Peter and St. Paul's.

June 4th, they fired twenty one guns in honor of the day.

On the 6th, twenty head of cattle, of a moderate fize, were fent by the Commander's orders from the Verchnei oftrog, which is near a hundred miles from shis place, in a direct line.

Before day-light, on the 15 th, they were furprifed with a rumbling noife, refembling diftant hollow thunder; and, when the day broke, they found the decirs and fides of the fhips covered with a fine dutt like emery, near an inch thick. The air, at the fame time, continued loaded and darkened with this fubftance; and, toward the volcano mountain, fituated to the North of the harbour, it was fo thick and black, that


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that they could not diftinguifh the body of the hill. About twelve o'clock; and during the afternoon, the explơfions became lourder, and were followed by fhowers of cinders, which were, in general about the fize of peas; though many were picked up from the deck larger than a hazel nut. Along with the cinders fell feveral finall fones, which had undergone no change from the action of fire. In the evening they had dreadful thunder and lightning, which, with the darknefs of the atmofphere, and the fulphureous /fmell of the air, produced altogether a moft awful and terrifying effect. They were, at this time, about eight leagues from the foot of the mountain.

The fnow had now difappeared, and the indes of the hills were covered. with a beautiful verdure,

The valcano was fill feen throwing up immenfe volumes of fmoke; and they had no foundings with one hundred and fifty fathoms, at the diftance of four leagues from the fhore.

On the 22d, they paffed a dead whale, which emitted a horrid ftench, perceivable at upward of a league's diftance; it was covered with a great number of feabirds that were feafting on it.

On the 24th they faw fome Gulls, and were witneffes to the difgufting mode of feeding of the arctic gull, from whence it is called the parafite.*

At noon on the 6th of July, they paffed a confiderable number of large maffes of ice, and at three in the afternoon, they fell in with an extenfive body of is. This fight gave great difcouragement to their hopes of advancing much fas ther Northward this year, than they had done the preceding.

Having little wind in the afternoon, they hoifted out the boats is purfuit of the fea-horfes, which were in great numbers on the detached pieces of ice; but they foon returned without fuccefs; thefe animals be-

[^9]ing exceedingly Thy, and before they could come within gun-fiot always making their retreat into the water.

On the 10 th, the people were more fuccesfful thit they had been before, having thot three large onet, and a young one, befides killing and wounding feveral others. They were witneffes of feveral rematkable inftances of parental affection in thofe animala. On the approach of the boats toward the ice, they all took their cubs under their fins, and endeavoured to efcape with them into the fea. They afterward obferved them bringing them, at times, ahove the furface, as if for air, and again diving with a dreadful bellowing. One female, in particular, whofe youtg Thad been deftroyed, and taken into the boat, became To enraged, that the attacked the cutter, and firuck her two tuleathraugh the bottom of it.

We continued to fteer Northward, till the 13 hh When they gain found themfelves clofe in with a folid field of ice, to which they could fee nolimits froth the malt head. This, at once, dafhed all hopee of penetrating farther.

Captain Clerke now relolved to make one mor. and linal attempt on the American coaft, for Bafing orthudfon's Bay. Accordingly they kept worling the remaining part of the day to the windward.

On the I6th in the forerieon; they found themflves embayed; the ice having taken a fudden turn to the South Eaf, and in one coupact body furrounding them on all fides, except on the South quartex. They therofore hauled to the Southward; they were naw about twenty five leagues from the coat of Americh.

On the 18 th , at five in the morning, they fave for veral whales. It is remarkable, that thoygh they faw no fea tionfes on the body of the ice, fit they were in herds, and in greater numbers on the defacto ments, than they had obferved beford. A bout mine in the evening, a white bear was feen fwimming clofo by the Difcovery; it afterward made te thoipay on which ware alfo two others.

On the 19th, at one in the morning, the weather clearing up, they were fo completely embayed, that there was no opening left, but to the South. They were never able to penetrate farther North than at this time, and this was five leagues fhort of the point 'to which they advanced laft feafon.

In the afternoon faw two white hears in the wa. ter, to which they inmediately gave chace in the jolly boat, and had the good fortune to kill them both. The larger, which probably was the dam of the younger, being fhot.firft, the other would not quit it, though it might eafily have efcaped on the ice whilat themen were reloading, but remained fwimming about till, after being fired upon feveral times, it was Mot dead. One weighed 436 pounds, the other 256 pounds:

Thefe animals afforded a few exceligntimeals of frefl meat. The fefh had indeed a froisf finy tafte, but was in every refpect infinitely fuperio 10 ciast of the fea-horfe.

At eight in the morning of the 21ft; they faw the American coaft to the South Eaft, at the diftance of eight or ten leagues, and haulded in for it 3 but were foppred again by the ice.

Thus, 2 conneeted, folid field of ice, rendering every effort to a nearer approach to the land fruitlefs, and joining, as judged, to it, they took a lat farewel of a North Eaft paffage to Old England. Here Captain King gives in Captain Clerke's own words, the reafons of this his final determination, as well as of his future plans; and this the rather, as it igige laft tranfaction his'health permitted him to write down.
ese It is now impolible to proceed the leaf farther - E to the Northward upon this coaft (America) ; and co it is equally as improbable that this amaving mafs of of ice thould be diffolved by the few remaining ef fummer-wecks which will terminute this feafon; es but it will continus, it is to be believed, as it now - is, an infurmountable barrier to every attempt we © can pofilibly make. I, therefore, think it the beft

## ( 287 )

"ftep that can be taken, for the good of the fervice, os to trace the Sea over to the Afiatic coaft, and to " try if I can find any cpening that will admit me of farther North; if not, to fee what more is to be - done upon that coaft, where I hope, yet cannot © much flatter myfelf, to meet with better fuccefs; "fdr the fea is now fo choaked with ice, that a paf"fage, I fear, is totally out of the queltion."

They now continued, during the afternoon of the 21 it of July, to fteer to the Went North Weft. At ten at night, difcovering the main body of ice through the fog, right ahead, and almoft clofe on every fide, except to the South Weft; they tack'd and flood on that direction. At length, they were obliged to attempt to fice a paflige, which they accomplifhed, but not without fubjecting the flip to fome very fevere fhocks. The Difcovery was lei's fuccefsful. For, the became fo entangled, that her. way was ftopped, and immediately dropping bodily to leeward, the fell, broadfide foremus, on the edge of a confiderable body of ice.

In this dangerous fituation the Refolution faw them at noon, about three miles diftance. To add to the gloomy apprehenfions which began to arife; at half paft four in the afternoon, the weather becoming thick and hazy, they loft fight of her. Their concerns for her fafety did not ceafe till nine, when her guns were heard in anfwer to theirs; and foon after: being hailed by her, they were informed, that upon the change of wind, the ice began to feparates and that fetting all their fails, they forced a paffage thisough it.

On the 24th, at four in the afternoon, they hoifted out the boats in purfuit of the fea-horfes, which were in prodigious herds on every fide, and killed ten of them; which were as many as they could make ufe of for eating, or for converting into lampoil.

It was now determined to fail for Awatka Bay, to sepair our dimages there; and before the winter ohould fet in, to explore the coaft of Japan.

I will notendeayour to conceal the joy that brigh wéd this retorition, for it had an amazingeffec upon the faitors who could not conceal their joy as foun as they were informed of it. They were all heartily ffek of a naviggion futt of danger and in whictre the timof perfeverance had not been repaid -ath the fmalfeft probabitity of fucsels. They now. surned their faces home, after an abience of thee zeites with a delight and fatisfaction as Tully enjoyZd'r as if they had been already in fight of the-Land'send.
O On the 28th and 2gth, the wind being contrary, they made but flow progrefs to the Southward, and had no land in fight tiff feven in the evening of the 30th; from which time; to the 17th of Auguft nothing interefting occurted.
Captain Cterke was now no longer able to get out of his bed; he therefore defired, that the officers would receive their orders from $\mathbf{M r}$. King, and direeted that they flould proceed, with all fpeed, to Awatika Bay.

On the 21 t, at half palt five in the morning they faw very high peaked mountain on the coaf of Kamtffhatka, called Cteepoonfkoi Mountain, twan. - ty-five or thirty leagaes diftant.

On the z2d of A ugut, 1779, at nine $0^{\circ}$ clook in the morning, departed this life Captain Charles Clerke, in the thirty eighth year of his age. He diad of a confumption, which had evidently commenced before he left Eagland, and of which he had lingered during the whole voyage. His very gradual decay had long made him a melancholy object to his friends; jet the equanimity with which he bore it, the confant flow of gocd firits, which continued to the laft hour, and a cheerfut refgnation to hir fate, afforded them fome confolation: It was impolible not to feel a more than common degree of compafion for a perfon, whofe while life had been a continued fcene of thofe difitulties and hardfilips, to which a feaman's occupation imfubject, and under which he at laft funk. Lho was brought up to the Nayy from his carlief youth

## (2t9)

Yoth, and Thad been in feveral aetions dusing the whis which began in 1756, particularly in that between the Bellona aud Couragevx, where boing ftationed in the miven-top. he was chried ovorbond with the, maft, but was taken up writhgut having receimed anys Hott. Hé wưs Midfhptan in the Dolphin; copamanded by Com. Byron, on her firt voyageronad the world, and afterwatd ferved on the American fation., In 1768 , he made his recond voyage ronnd the wold. in the Eqdeavour, as Malter's Mate, and by the prom motion, which took place diuring the expeditiong he returned + Licutenant Iis third yoyge raund the world was in the Rerolution, of which he was ape pointed the Second Lieutenant, and foon after hisre-, turn, in 1775 , he was promoted to the rank of Mot: ter and Commander; when the prefent expedition, was ofdered to be fitted out, he was appointed to the, Difcovery, to accompany Captain Cook and by the death of the latter, fucceeded, as has been already mentioned, to the chief command.

It would be doing his memory extreme injuftice nots to fay, that during the fhort time the expedition was under his direction, he was moft zealous and anxiona for its fuccefs. His health, about the time the principal command devolved up him, began, to decline very rapidly, and was every way unequal to encounter the rigors of a high Northern climate But the vigour and aetivity of his mind had, in no hape, fuffered by the decay of his body and though he. knew, that by delaying his retinn to a whrmer climate, he was giving up the only chance that remained for his recovery, yer, careful and jealous to the laf dem gres that a regard to his own fituation fionld never Bias his judgment to the prejudice of the fervice, ho perfevered in the fearch of a paffigeintill it wast the opinion of every officer in both thips, that it was impracticable, and, that any farther atteppts would not only be fruitef, bat dangerous.

Mr. King feat M. Williamfon to acguaint Captai Coor witt the death of Captain Cleske, and receivad aetter in returp, ordering him to wle all his endea. vi: ? . $\quad$ ?

## (-298)

yours to keep in company with the Difcovery; and, in cafe of feparation, to make the beft way to the Harbour of St. Peter and St. Paut; where they anchored, befort three in the afternoon, on the 24th, With their enfon half ftaff $\mathrm{u} p$, on account of carrying the body of their táte Captain; and were foon fold lowea 'by the Difcovery.
2the Ifription of the volcano, which was fo violent wheit they Trifed out of the bay, had done no damage here, motwithftanding fones had fallen at the ofrog, of the fize of a goofe's egg.
In the frorning of the 25 th, Captain Gore made dut the nev commiffons in confequence of Captain. Clerke death appointing himelf to the command of the Refolution: and Mr. King to the command of the Diftovery and Mr. Lanyan, Mafter's Mate of the Refolution, was promoted to the vacant Lieutenancy, Thefe promotions produced feveral other arrangements of courfe.

Both the Thips, upon, examination, fuffered much injury from the ice, and confiderable repairs were hecome indifpenfable
As the feafon was now fo far advanced they were fearfal def aity delay or hindranee Thould arife to Captain Gore's farther views of difcovery, and thereRore gave orders that no more thould be dope to them.
On Sunday afternoon, Augult the 2gth, they puid the laft offes to Captain Clerke. The officers and men of both thips walked in proceffion to the grave, Whilt the fips fred minute guns; and the fervice beThg ended, the marines fired three vollies. He was in terred under a tree, which fands on a rifing ground, in the valley to the North fide of the harboyt where the Korpital and Itore houfes are fituated. All the Kuffians in the garrifon were aftembled, and attended with great refped and folemnity.
They'had a cohftant courfe of dry weather till this day When there came on a heavy rain, accompanied with hrag fqualls of wind, which obliged them to taite their yards and topmaft.

## (291 )

 The 12 th, being Sunday, was kept as a day of rett But the weather unfortunately continuing fout, the trien could not derive the advantage from it withed, by gatherieg the berries, and taking other pattime onthore.On Wednefday they had finimed the fowage of tho holds; but the cattle wete not yet arrived from Verchinei, and as frefh prowifions were the moft $\mathrm{m}^{-}$ portant articles of their wants, they could not thith of taking their departure without them.
On the 17th, they fet oat on a hunting pary; bears were their object. They directed their courle to the Northward, toward a pool of water that lies near the mouth of the river Paratounca, and which was a knowy haunt of the baits. They had ccarce landed, whe unfortunately the wind changed to the Eaftwardo and deftroyed all hopes of coning up with their game; for the Kamtfchadales affurtd them, that it was if Thin to expeat to meet with bears, whilt they kere to the windward; owing to their being poffered of an uncommon acutenefs in feenting their partours, which enabled them, under fuch circumftances, 10 ofoid oh danger, whilf it to yes at a very greao diftures. Next mitoming they crofled the bay and thoul they faw feveral bears at a diftance, they coutr Bey colityve to get within libe of them. Then dYe fion was therefore changed to fpearing of diflogh Which they faw pufting in great numbers throyg $\frac{1}{4}$ furf intot frall river. It fell out very op ormahely that the water afforded them a little prey or befide their thfteceefs in the chace by land, liey had ato been difappointed in their expectations of hioothos whld fowf, on a fupply of which they had in onfe meafirs depended for fubfiftence; and on its failure; begati to think that they had been full long abtentrcm head-quarters.
3 It whit night before they reactred the hips, and they Hituten been twelve hours upon their Tegs. However, they 5 got the fatigues and ill fuccers of their expedie tivitbver y good Turpper.

## Cc 2

## (229)

- Mezad, being the anniverary of his Mratetyeroo. zolation, twenty-one guns were fired, and the hands Domenfeat theit fitution would allow of, was pret Dired in honout of the day. As they werefitting down 18 dinners the arrival bf Captain Shmaleft was an: mounced. Thiswas a yery agrecable furpsizes bea cauf he arived fo opporfanely to partake jof the good The and tertivity of rife occafion. He acquiginted Th n that their not having received the fixteen head Whordk cattle, way owing to the very heavy rains at Yechatis which had prevented their fetting out s the niexe day, on coming on board the kefolution, Hewor faluted wish elejen guns Specimene of all Their cariofices were prefented to himiz and Captain Cope agded to thoin a gold watch apd a fowling:战

The next day he was entertained on, boosd the Diff covery $f$ and on the 3 th. he togk leavesto rerprn to Oicieretk. He could ngt be prevailed peso lengthem Mistis M, a day Captain Ting fee on foot anothet H2 4 pary, and pat himfelfunder the direction or the Clotk of the parifh, who, way a celebrated bears yunder. They arrited by fin-(ét at she ide of oite of Wiagor latee. The next Aep was to conceal thems Chy worch as poftible. Thiey had not lain long Wambeth before they had the pleafure to hear the phowing of bears in differest parts round about, and ORA ezpecations were foon gratified by the fight of she of the in the water, which feemed to be fwimming direety to the place where they hy concealed, Wha when the animal had ad vanced about fifteen yurds, Siree fied at it pretty nearly at the fame time. The tide inmediatefy turned fhort on one fíde and made a naife which could not properly be called roaring Horgtawling nor yelling, but was a mixture of all thees, and horriblo heyond defcriptions, It potrented to fome thick bu fhes at a little diftance, and continned to make the fanie terrible noile \& end thopghthe idime. Tefiadales were perfuaded it wan mptoly wiounded, Whey thoughe it mof fadzifable not tg roure it again

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## ( 293 )

*or the prefent It was at thia timespafkininf ojelock. and the night threatening a change of weather it they returnod home; and deferred the gratification of their curiofity till morning when they fond the bgar dead in the place to which it had beentwatchedt It proved to be a female, and beyond the coinmon hay,

Here Captain King entertains the reader with defcription of the manner in which this (portin gopdueted at Kamtfchatka.
$s$ When the natives come to the ground frequented by the bears, which they contrive to reach about funs, fet, the firft fep is to lonk for their rackon to ex? amine which are, the, freftert and beft fituated with a view to concealment and taking aim at the beaft cither he is pafing by, or advancing in front,ops going from them. The place of ambufcade beind determined upon, the hunters next fix in the gropnd the: orutches : upon which their frelocks are made to reftrpointing them in the diredion they mpony make their thot. This dones they kneclorlicidayth asithe circumitances of the, cover requita z and ingith their bearspears by their fids, wat far, their gamen Thefe precautions are chiefly tahen in onder to mats Gare of their mank- for if the bear be ant sentered incapable of purfuit by the firfthot thocenchaygnot

 attaclap his adyerfaries wich fart fyydo it, wiot Zoffite for thom to reload sis the gimulig fado smoresthen twelve or fifteen yardedrifandy yog he or
 attly putheriemfalves in:s pofure no recelye hiond? their fpears s and their fafety greaty numath in their giving him a mortal Aabyas hafricamet Map theime , 时

When they are yery hungey, if at a fon
 byiche fenty. im - The The Kamf fhadales never, venture to fire upon ${ }^{\circ}$ youns boar when the mother is near: for, if the cul



 arap minds keen deata Tong time sut convinuo.
 aria geftures, marks of the deepeft aftictions and thus: vecond in eafy prey to the hanters.
in The Samtifiadales very thanlafully acknowledge their obligating to the bears for what little advanceHen ther hate pherto made; either in the fciences diforts They confofs that they owe to them. diditit fill both in, phyfic and furgerys. the by then with: what ferps chere aninale rub their wotadency five receivedy and whit chey have recourfe whey fick and latiguid they have become Eequanied with mot of the fimplog in ufo among theth, eithe in the way of interval medicing on extrnal application they acknowledge the Beate tikeWhetop their dancrig mafersy. Indeed ohrgeviderice - bue's fafes presthis out of dipfite for the bextdinto or the gutichadapes ahe eqcetcomaterpart of - ofyentithde afid geffote peculitr sothis animal; ohematis urious funcions? -and thetrot the foun-





 Wh ca ain pure age and rank mima the objea



 On the 5 th; they received from Bolcheretic, Biffell




## (298) H

Mierefore got the ferjeant to tendi paty of foldieperin fo different direations, in fearch of him whilf some of the Gilore wens to a well known haunt of his in the neigetibourhoods. where they found him, and broughe Bime on board.- They now took their leave of thinplacee

Kamutchatka is thie name of a peninfula fifutied on ? the Baftern coalt of, Afix, sunning nearly. North and: South:
It is bounded on the North by the conntry of the Koriacks; it the South and Eaft, by the North Pacific Ocean ; and to the Wett, by the fea of Oftotife. A chain of high mountains ftrectches tho whole. length of the country, from North to South, dividing it
 number of rivers take their zife, and empty themrelves on each ifites inito the Racific: Ocean, and, the fea of Okatif.
A This onunt tog is Bisren in the extremen-and beare a groat uefemblanee sa Newfoundland.
 the beginning of Miyy, $\mathbf{2 7 7 9}$, when the whole fice of, irewas coverect with from, from fix to cight fret deep. On their return, the 24 th of A aguf, the for liage of the treds, and all forte of vegetiblees feemed to be in tho utmoft fate of paricenton? hut af the betinimg of 1 Ocober, the topraf the hills neene whin covered with new fallon leow, tha wind contiwhing Weffeity.

Major Nehm told them that theroldand inclemeney of the winter of i7t9 wias fiegh, that, forfereral woeksy ill cinteccoute ! between the inhiabitant wate sidtizaly, Atbpped, every one being afraid to tir evien from onie houfe to another, for fear of being frop thitem.

To avoil the hurricanes, and fevere wiatoert, thay. Lhate fohterranedus habitations.
Thib peain fula aboonds in volcaums of which only falree have, for fome time pat, been fubjeat ta icsyt1 the We. They bave alrendy montioned that which is
 जtanyth this,

Uhiv, there are others not lefs romarkable, according ta the atcount $g$ giten of them by Krascheninicoff. $\rightarrow$ The violtano of Tolbatchick is fituated on a neck of ground tetween the river of Kamtichatka and Tolbatchick: The mountain, from the fummat of awhich the eruptions proceed, is of a confiderable height, atid terminates in pointed rocks. In the beginning of the year 1.739 , there iffied, from it 2 whirlwind of flames, which reduced to a fhes the forefts of the neighbituring mountains: This was fucceeded by a cloud of fmokes, which fpreai over; and darkened the whole councry; till-it.was diffyjated by a hhower of cinders, that covered the ground to the diftance of thirty miles. Mry R rarcheninicoff, who was at this time on a journey fram-Bolchoireka to the Kamtfchatka of res, at no great diflance from the mountain; relates, that the eruption swas preceded by an alarming found in the woods, which he thought the forerunner of fome dreadful form or hurricane, till three fhocks of an earthquake, at about a minute's interval cach cons vinced him of its real caufe; ;but that he , was hindered from approaching nearer the mountain; by the cint ders'that fell, and prevented him ifrom proceeding on this journey.

The third voleano is on the top of the higheft mount tain of Kamtichatka. A thick fmoke never ceafes to :afcend from its fammit, and it has frequently erup. tions, of the moft wiolent and dreadfab kind, fome of which were much talked of, and feemed to be freftr in the memories of the Kimit tchadales.
The country is likewife faid to contain numerous fprings of hot water.: Krafcheninicoff nakes mention of two wery- extraordinaty pits or wells, at the battom of which the water: is feen to boillas in a caldron, with prodigious force and impetuofity y at the fome time a dreadful:noife iffucs out of them, atid $\mathrm{f}_{0}$ thick a vapour, that a mancannot be feen throigghit

The real riches of this conntry mult always confif in the number of wildsanimals it produces 3 and no latapur can ever be turned to fo good account as what is smployed upon thedi furrieries. Their animals

## (29\%)

enimals are the common fox ; the fort, or crming, the exibcline, or fable', the jatis, or aretic fox 9 ithe varying hare; the mountain rat, or earlefs maro not; the weafl; the glatton or wolaurewe the or dali, or wild fheep; Yein-deer; bears ; wolvet; doght
The fox is fie mol general objee of the schaces and they are found in great numbers, and of zatew of colours. The maft comman is the frime in jpecips wifh the European ; but fome are of a dank chefruth Some black; others of a fone colour: f and thets wert 3 few quite white Their fur is exreedipgly thice and fine and of a quality much frperior to thofechs Siberia or America.

The ikin of the glutton, of cuolverean is .here in the higheft repute; in fomuch, that, a Kamt cadale look upon himfelf as mof richiy attired, when $A$. fyall quantity of this fur is feen upon hime. The women dorn their hair with its pats, which are whiteo and confidered as an extraordinary piece of finerys and they have a fuperfitiousi opinion, that the Ahgeldeaber clad with the ekins of thofe gnimals It is faid that ghis creature is eafily tamed, and tanght anmbot of dearant tricks.
All the bears Captain King faw were of e d brown culone'; they are feldom wifible in the wigh months: $\dagger$
Their feins are exceedingly ufeful. They mith both excellent warm matraftes and coveringe for theit peds; comfortable bonnets and aloves, and goad, collers for their dogs hameis Their flefh, and pertiont layly the fat, is confidered as great delicacien.

- Kriffchenimicoff, relater, that this froall animal freguendy deAroys deer, and the wild mountain-fheep, in the following way f hat fatter at the zoitom of the trees bark and mors, which chote gin thale wo fond of; and whilat they are pickling it up, drop fudian? Mone them, and feftening:behind the head, fuck out their ajeche3 3
 seage They futpeni, between che forks of a tree a running nobits, Witin wich they fotten a bait, which the animal, endevoouthe to
 \$watr

TIt has been already obferved, that the dogs of this Quntry are, in hape and mien, exceedingly like the Homeranian, with this difference, that they are a Heat leal larger, and the hiir fomewhat coarfer. They ate of a variety of colours; but the moft general is a light dan, or dirty cream-colour. Toward the end © Maty, they are all turned loofe, and left to pröVide for themfelyes through the fummer; being fuire to return to their refpective homes when the frow betits to fall. Their food, in the winter, confift incirely of the head, entrails, and back bones of falmon; which are put afide, and dried for that purpofe; and with this diet, they are fed but fparingly. The number of dogs muft needs be very great, fince five are yoked to a fledge, and a fledge carries but one perfon; fo that on their journey to Bolcheretik, they required no fewer than an hundred and thirty-nine, at the two fages of Karatchin and Natchikin. It is alfo to be remarked, that they neper make ufe of Bitches for the draft, nor dogs, but thofe that are cut. The whelps are trained to this bưfinefs, by being tied to takes with light leathern thongs, which are made to ftretch, and having their vituals placed at a proo per diftance out of their reach'; fo that, by conftant. ly pulling and labouring, in order to come at their food, they acquire both the firength of limbs, and the habit of drawing, that are neceffary for their fu. shre deftnation

In the wordis through which they paffed, were feen Soveral eagles of a prodifious fize, but of what speoies they were, they could riotpretend to deternime. Of the hawk, falcon, and buftard-kind, there are great numbers.
Whates are frequently feen, both in the fea of O kotif, ant on the fide of the Eafterp ocean and, when fanght, are turned to a variety of ufes. Of the fkin they make the foles of their thoes, and ftrapt and thongs for various other purpofes. The fen they ent, and the fat is carefully fored, both for kitchem Gite. and for their lamps. The whikers are Fongt to bif the beft materials for fewing sogether the feams of

## ( 299 )

their cances; they likewife make, nets of them for the larger kind of fith; and with the under jaw-bonef sheir fledges are fhod. They alfo work the bones into knives; and formenty the chains with which their dogs are tied, were made of that material, thougl at prefent iron ones are generally ufed.

They have in thofe Seas abundance of various forts. Gin indeed may here, be called the ftaft of life it is certainly a much greater object with them than bread.

The lakes that have a communication with the, fea, which was the cafe withall, thofe that were feen, abound with fith that have very much the refemblance of fmall falmon, and are fromfour to fix pounds weight. They could not underfand that the inhabitants thought is worth their while to fif for them:

The furs fell at a high price. The failors brought a great aumber with them from the coaft of America, and were not lefs aftonithed than delighted with then quantity of filver the merchants paid down for them: but on finding neither gin hops to refort to a mpt tobacce, or any thing elfe that they cared for, ifo he had for money, the roubles foon became tropble fome companions, and were kicked about the deck.

The people of this Country generally enter into. the conjugal fate at the age of thirteen or fourteen. Their induftry is abundantly confpicuous.

Their houfes are only to be found in towns, which are called Oftrogs. St. Peter and St. Paut confift of about thirty habitations.
The outermof garment of the mens drels is of the fhape of a carter's frock. Thofe worn in fummer are of nankeen; in wiater they are made of kins, mof, commonly of the deer or dog, tanned on one fide, the hair being left on the other, which is worn innermof. Underthis is a clofe jacket of nankeen, or other cottof fufts, and beneath that a Mirt of thin Perfian filk, of ablue, sed, or yellow colour. The remaining part of their drefs confifts of a pair of tight trowfers, orf long bréeches of leather, reaching down to the calf of the leg, of a pair of dog or deer Kin boots, wis The hati innermott and of a fur cap with two faps,

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Whighergenerally tied yp clore to the heid, but in Whenther are fet to fin round the choulders.

The inftiptions from the Boaid of Adminalty havHi left a difcretionary power with the commanding Olficer of the expedition, in cale of failure in the fetrod of a paflage from the Pacific into the Aclantic Ocein, to return to England by whatever route he ftioutd think beft for the farther improvement of geograpliy, Captiain Gore demanded of the principal officers their fentiments, in writing, refpeating the fiatifter in which thefe orders inight moft effetenally be obeyed. The refur of their opinions was, that the conidition of the ihips, of the fails and cerdage, made it unfafe to attempt, at fo advanced a feafon of ate year, to navigate the fea between Japan and Afia, which wôuld otherwife have afforded the largef field Dor difcovery; that it was therefore advifeable to keep to the Eaftwara of that ifland, and in their way thio ther to turi along the Kuriles, and examine more parteulaily the iflands that lie nearet the Northern coaft of Japan, which are reprefented as of a confiderable fize, and "independent of the Ruffian and Japanefe overriments. Stiould they be fo fortanate as to find
thefe any fafe and commodious harbours, they copceived they might be of importance, elther as places of Pelter for any future ravigators, who may be employed in exploritig the fexas, or as the means of opening a commercial intercourle among the neightouring dominions of the two empires: Their next object was to fuirver the coaft of the Japanefe Mands, and afterWhat to make the coaft of China, as Far to the Northward as they wefe able, and ruin along it to Macao.

- This plan being adopted, at fix oclock in the evenhity of the gth of October, having cleared the entiance of Awatha Bay, they fleered to the South Eat, with dite wind Norch Weft and thy Wert. At midnight they baid $a$ dead tatm which continued till noon of the ioth. Being in bourdings of fixy and feyenty far toths of water, they enoloyed thar time ver? poo

[^10]
## ( 301 )

itobly in eatching cod, which were exceedindelt fire and plentiful.

After a feries of formy weather which prevented their endeavours to get to the North"Welt, ang Titcle Hikelihoad of its becoming more avaurable at athis time of year, Captain Gore gave up all thought of fearching for the Iflands to the North of Japen,
At day breatsof the 26 th, they had the plealurg of defcrying high land to the Weftward, which prayed sco be lapan.
Whey flood on till nine, when they were withingwo teagues of the land. The country is of a moderate height, confifts of a double range of mountains; it abounds with wood, and has a pleafitg variety of hills and dales. They fav the fmoke of feyeral tow ofor villages, and many houfes near thefooren in pleafnt and cultivated fituations.

On the agth, at nine $o^{\prime}$ clock, the wind fiffing te the Southward, and the iky lowering, they tackect and ftood off to the Eaf, and foon after, they faw a vech, clofe in with the land, ftanding along the fage to the Northyard, and another in the offing, coming idy on them before the wind. Objects of any hand use Longing to a country fo famous and yot folitele bang o it will be eafily conceived, muflaye exaithda cospral curiofity - As the veffel to windward 3 pprocte The Kauled farther of fhore i upgn which ollay brought to, and fhe paffed a -head of them, 4 th the 1 diftence of about half a mile. it would hay se been caf to thave fooken with them ; but percequit 8 , by sheir manceuvres, that they were much frighteved, Captain Gore wat not willing toangemeny,fich feryors; and, thinking that they figyld have many, bettanopportunities of communication with this poeple, foff fered them to go of without interruption

From the zgth of October to the 5 th of November They conatinued theircoprfeto the Soush Eaf, having vety unfercled weacher, atrended with p ychlightningind
 - guqiel tone, fóveral pieces of which they: woot up.
 $\because$

## 302

- IThe eotitinuef thitir coure to the South Wett having the winds from the Northward, without any semarkable occurence, till the 12 th, when they had a mot violent gale of wind from the fame quarter, Which reduced them to the fore-fail; and mizen ftayfait.

On the efth they faw three inands, and bore away for the South point of the largeft, upon which they obrieved, a hith barren Mill, flattinh at the top, and when feen from the Wef South Welt piesents ad evident volcanic craier. The earth, rock, or fand, for it was not eary to diftinguifh of which'ts furface is compored, exhifited various coldurs, and a confidesable part they conjectured to be fulphur, both from its appearance to the eye, and the frong fulphureous
${ }^{2}$ Smell. Some of the officers on board the Refolution', which pafted nearer the land thought they faw feams vifing frum the top of the hill. From thef circumAtinces, Captain Gore gave it the name of Sulphour IRand.

At fix is the morning of the 26th, the wind having - confiderably ahated, they bore away Wett. They - faw this day, a lock of ducks, and many tropic bitde, 116 dolphitis and porpuffes, and fill continged to peif feveral pumice fones. They fent the mitht 4pon their tacks, and, at fix in the motring of thic 0 th; again bore away Wef in fearch of the Bamees.

In the forenoon of the 2904 , they pafled feveral Chinefe fifing boats, who eyed them with great indifference.

If ife morning of the 30 th, they ran along the Lemithes. At nine o'clock, a Chirefe boat came aJoug fide, and wated to put on board then' \& pilot, Which however they declined, as it was their bufiefs ko follow their confort.

Soon After, however, the Refulution made a figinal of one, they now saw an excelleat race between folif Ghinefe bonty ty and Captein Gores engaged with the Pan who arrived s.t, to wirty the Mip to the Typa,

## (303)

on, boand the Refolutina infifted on condugting the Ghip, bus this was oppored, as gre pilor Was fufficient for both the fifipsis
In obsdience to the inftrudions given to C pratic Cook by the board of Admiratty, it now became ne: ceflary to demand of the officers and men their Jourt. nati, and what other papers they might have in thair pofiefiop, relating to the hiftory of their voyage. Cuts tain Gore fays, that it gave him the greatef Tatio faction so ind shat both officers and men chearfuly compiled with his requef.

They kept working to windward til fix in the evening, when both thips came to anchor on the if of December.
In the forenoon of the 2 d , one of there chinef: concraetors, who are called Coimpradors, went on hoant the Refolution, and fold to Captain Gore yo hun dred pounds weight of beef, together with a soif derable quantity of greens, oranges, and eggs.

In the evening Captain Gore fent Mr. Kingor Ahore to vifit the Portugueze Governor, and to, requef his affiftance in procuring refreithments for the crews, which he thought might be done on more senronable terms than the Comprador would unat the to firnith them. On his arrival at the cited 14 Fot-major informed him, that the Governor wat fack, end not able to ree company, on acquaintig the Major with their dcife of proceeding immediate to Cancon, he told him that they could not ventur 4 Gurnin them with a both, till leaye was ohtaince fotion the Hoppo, or officer of the cuftoms.
Aghe was seturning to the hip, much vexed atitte
 If they did not mean to vifit the Englifh gentlemen ${ }^{3}$ Mantag this quetion gayc Mr. King inexprefibie pert fure, indeed wanfporied him with joy he inmedithets proceeded, to the poufe of one of hir countryen. Whers the information he roceived was in if cheat


 40

## (. 304 )



 him that thelf befy engenvours fivald be treat 6 procare tie fuspplits they tog 60 in need ors as expeditri-

 The roild wing day an Englift merethat applied of cup nid Cde for the afifiatice of few hands to. rathgate a vent he riad purctiafea ar Macado up to Carton. Captain Gofe jubging this a good opport Whity to tond Captair King to procece to that plate, geve orders hat he fould take along with hint hig Scond Lieatenant, the Lieutenant of marintse arid
 Wich as hitteen leagues fom Macto, the Chith col thap eated in whive cliffs.
Chie did hot arrive at Wrampt, whith is onlynine Tedgue fiom the Bocen Tygris, till the 18 th. Wampo 0,1 cmalr Chinere town, of which the fhips of the Cifferent hations, who trade here, hie, in orect to

Whom Wáhpote imnediately proceeded in a amEfor or Chinere boat, to Cahron, which st 4out tho teagues and a half higher yp the river. Thite bouts are neat and very convenirnt for faytengers. They are of various fize, ? almof flat at the bortin, yry troad upon the beam, and natiow at the head Hind hem, which are raifed and ornatimented? the Midde, where they fat, was arched over with a foof of bamboo, which may be raifed or lowered ar pleaure fin the fides were, rinth windows with thetters, Ind the aparticot was firnifhed bith handrometmats; Chairs, untubles? chairs, and tables.
 Cnd at te Engling retbry, whete, thoulh his ar-
 anarl of attention ath culty. The seled ComHitce, at this time, conffled of Mre Hetuigh ate Hefident, Mr. Bevan alitur Mr: Rapitr. Ther inPediately gave him an account of foct tores ar the Thdia fhips were able to afford. Wifhing therefore to

## 13051

 the gentlemen to procure boats toe him the next dy to canvey the fores; bat they were fognin rrmed, the bufinefs of that kind was not to be tranfacted to pre pidly in this country; that many forms weffe to ho complied wich, and, in thort, that patience wapand indifpenfable virtue in China.

As Canton was likely to be the noft dy yartageous matket for firs, he was requeffed by Captain Gpre to: carry about twenty fea-bttcrs fiins, chiefy the proeerry of the decealed Gommanders, and to dirpore of them at the beft price; 2 commiffion, which gete him an opportunity of becoming a little acquainted, wh the genius of the Ch nefe for trade. He wat gc cordingly direted is member of the Honge 2 fo ciefy of the pincipal merchants of the placenstho aflared him they might depend on his integrity and in 2 cafe of this lort, he thould confider himele: mezely as an agent, without lookitig for any prodif to himelf. Hzeing laid the goodg before him, he ext mined them with great care, and faid, that he, fould not venture to olter more than three hindred filurs for them. As he knew from the price fins had fold fon in Kamtichatka that he had not offered oife half their value, he now found it neceffary to be courions, in histurn, and therafore demanded one thoifagt and aqually received cight hundred.
Canton, including the old and new town, and to Caburbs, is about ten miles in circuit. tt inhablcanth, as mear as can be computed, from, 100 to 150,000
There are befide fuppored to be 40,000 who fefilo contancly in Borges, called Samparss, of Floncifg, Houles upon the River. They are moored in rive clofe to each other, with narrow pallage at interrals tor the boats to pafs up and down the fivar. As the Tygris at Canton is fomewhat wider thin the Thamesat London, and the whole niyer is covered in this manner for the extent of, 2t leat a mile, thit, ic, ount of their, number does, npt appears to me in the Tant exige erated.

 re to


## $(306)$

 lliven had well paved with ldge fones, and,
 Heitwintoffrick; ond tary Righ, having genemilly itwo ar thike coures biekward, in which are the waretipure Bridenchandize; ane In the houres within the city, the gartments for the women. A very few ia the neateft fort are buif of wood.
Whe Englin fupercargoes live together at a common table, which is hept by the company The time of tieir refrdence fetdom exceed eigtt month. ennully. They yery rarelf pay any vifits within the: talls of Canton, except oh public occafions.
II the evening of the 26th, he tupk leave of the - percitgoes, having thanked thembor theif many gobligig lavours atrofigt which, he mintions ank A 7 ind mo prefent of tea of the ufe of the mips comgaties, and a large collection of Earglith petiodical pablications. The latter was found a valuable acitifition, as they both ferved to amufe their impaIt pteduring a tediots voyage home and enabled them. © feturn not total frangets to what had been tranf$t$ Leting in their native coantry:

- Furing Captain King's abrence a brifk trade had
- veryearring on with the chlfife for the fea-otter
- Cut Which had exery day been rifutg inetheir value.

On tof the feamen cold his tock, Mone, for cight.
Ghudred follars; and a few prime ains, which were

- Hean aid had been well prefesved, were foht for one

Yrugdted und twathty etzeh. The whole amoant of the value in fecie ath geods that was, got for the furs in - bich mip did not fall thoue of tup thoufaid rioundo Herning zind it was generily figpofed, that antaf 20.thint of the quarity the had originally ged from talerthericans wite fpoited nifdrworh out, op had Ebow loen amay, und otherwife difofed of in Kant. Whikh

## (309)

The torker which had been cerfying on when the Chinefe for the featortet gäns, had bredaced a tady whimficat change in the drefs of all theif crew. on their urivil here, nhthing could exreed the ragged appearance both of the younger oficers and famen; for as the voyage Had already exceded, by netur a twelvenobnt the cinc it was at firl onkgiod they Thould retilain at fed, athof the whole of thetr orglnal ftock. of European clothes thad been lorg worb olit, or patched up with okn, and the various hai. - ufatures they had met with in the courfe of thetr difcoveries. Thefe were now again mixed and elata out with the gaudieft 11 k and cotton of Chisa. wh On ofte IMco Januaty, two fermen, betonglag to the Refolution foutid means to ruth of wih atyoared cutte, and notwithitanding dillent fatch WIs. Miadel both ,hat and the following ay they were Hetreable to leatany tidings of her. It was $1 P$. pofte that thero people had been reduced by theyte Valling fotion of making a fortune by returding to the fur illands.

## 




 Xi/ $\AA$ handicrafrofth
 2n- A wonpanis labious dontiderably cheaper,

## (.308)

2lid fitid to have boen given by the AtmericanCongrefen Wo the vefils employed in their fervice. Ay this inselligence was fatither confirmed by the private letters of faveral of the fupercirgoes, Captain Gore thought: himfelf bound, is return for the liberal exceptions. yade in their favour, to refrain from availing himSelf of any opportunities of capture, which thefe might affurd, and to preferve throughout his voyage, the fricef neourality.
In the morning of the zoth, they fteered Weft by South for Pulo Condore; and at half paft twelve got Gghte of the ifind.

As Coon as they were come to anchor, Captain Gore Gired a gun, with a view of apprifing the natives of cheir arrival, and drawing them toward the Ghore, but vithout effiel.
None of the natives having yet made their appearance, notwithftandipg a fecond gni had been fred. Captain Gore thought it adviféable to land, and ga: in fearch of them. They proceeded through a thick wood, up attep hill, to the diftance of a mile, when after defcending, they arrived at fome hute; Captaim King ordered the party to ftay without, left the fight of fo many armed men thould terrify the inhabitants, while he entered and reconnoitred alone. He founds in one of the huts an elderly man, who was in a great fright, and preparing to make off with ehe moft valuable effect. However, a fews figns, pasticulerly that moft fignificant one of holding out a handfut of dollars, and then pointing to a herd of buffeloces, and: the fowls that were running about the huts in great numbers, left him withoptany dopbte as to tho objeets of their vifit: He puinted toward a place whgre chectapn flood and made nhem comprechend, that by going thither, all their wants mould be fuppliede an their firt coning out of themopds a hend of buffuloes, Do the number of swenty at leaf, came ruaning towards them, toffing up theif lieads, fanfing the . if. and soaring in 2 hideoura manner That hadrollowdit them to the hyts e tad A ood drawion up in, a boly, ire lixted difance su nd the oldman mede them onder-

## ( 309.)

 tillithey wete driven inso the woodes blt 160 enragiobty ware theranimale grown at its fighe of choms thet thity wai not effeced without a geadtelt of xime ind dificulty. The imen', ter bting able to iopotimplim


 animalo, and fecuring them whictividete by porteing
 boys wero alwaye employed, who cortad firoke and handie them with impunity, at times when the men durt inot Mpprongh them. fiveng got zid bef cid

 wogether, befiles fit or Reven oftion tive are toputern'

 wadry the oppofite fide, ficing the fet it incirely ppeh; but; by manht of a foet of bimbso fercom? they can exclode or lot in wis miefi of the fant midid as thig pleafe:
They were condieted to the ligget hoife whiv


 Ar twa in the aftermoon they returned to the Ahtp.. Cuptain Gore's ing airifes were now folety direcied tro. and out what fapplies coold be obteined from the Inendest fte was informed that where was plenty of Butsaloes, which might be purchafed fofir fout or the

 Natives yofe in their deminds, ind nuidete thitich iny far Wen of eight dothirs.





 hirst
employed

## ( 310 )

grulayed in shis bufinefs gavenillas their opinion' that between ithe violence of the furf, and the fiercemeff of the buffalpes, it would be extremely imprudent 40, atcempt brioging any more of in this way ordThey had purchafer eight, and were now at a lofs in what manner to proceed io get them on board. It was at laf concluded that; they fhovid be driven, through itho wgod, and over the hill down to the bay where Capsain Gore and Captain King had landed the day before which being fheltered from the, wind, was more fres from furf. This plan was accordingly put in execution; but the untractablenefs and prodigious Arength of the buffaloes, rendered it a tedious and difficult operation. The method of conducting them was by pafing zopeathrough their nd frils, and round their horns, but having been once enraged at the aght of the failors, they became fo furions that they fometimes broke the trees, to which we were often unden the necefity of tying them ; fometimes they tore afupder the cartilage of the noftril, through which the ropes, ran, and got loofe. On thefe occafions, all exertions to recover them, would have been ineffectuals without the affitance of the young boys, whom as beErementioned there animals would permit to apphaach them and by whole litule managements, their rage is Soon appeafed. And when, atleng th, they were got down: to the beach, it was by their aid, in twiting ropes round: their legs, that they were thrown down and got into the bgats. A circumitance, refpecting thefe animals, no tefs fingular than this gentleneis toward, and, as it houtd ferm, affection for little children, was, that they had not been twenty-four hours on board, before they berame the tamef of all creatures, Captaip King Kept two of them, $a$ male and female, for a confider able trime and thinking that a breed of animals of fach frength and fize weighing, when dreffed, feren hyndred pounds weight, would be a valyable acquifition, he inten ded to hare brought them to Englands bnt was frufrated by, an, incurable hurt that one of 4fm recaived at fes.
 $\rightarrow 4$

## (3II)

- Befides the busfithoesf of which there were reverit large hends in this ifland, they purchafed from the ith tives infone remarkable fine fat hogs, of the Chit refe breed: They brought with them three or four of a wild fort, and feveral of their tracks were feen in the whoots 'which alfo sbound with monkies and fquirrels, bitife fhy, thatit wasdificult to flioot tiem. The flipo verere in want of wood, with which this inand fupplied them.
The intabirants, who are fugitives trom Cambodia and Chochin China, are not numerous. They are of 2.fhortitature, and very fwartily, and of a weak and unhealthy afpect, but, as far as they could judge, of a gentle difpofitio
On the 28 th of January, 1780 , they unmoored; and, as foon as they were clear of the harbou:, ftecied South South Weft.
On the sth of February, they approached the coatt of Sumatra. At the diftance of two or three miles fom the fhore, there are ten, eleven, twelve, or thirteen fathoms, free from rocks or thoals. This tifland is tovered with wood down to the water's edge:

On the 9 th, at four in the afternoon, they faw two fail in the fraits of Sunda. Not knowing to what niation they might belong, they cleared for action; anid at fix came to an anchor. The fhips now hoining Dutch colours, Captain Gore fent a boat on board for inteiligence.
Early in the afternoon, the boat returned with an acoount that the large fhip was a Dutch Eaft-Indiaman, bound for Europe; and the other 2 pacquet from Batavia, with orders for the feveral thips lying in the Straits. It is the cuftom for the Dutch mips, as foow as their lading is nearly compleated, to lent Batavia, on acccunt of its extreme onwholefonemen, and proceed to fome of the more healthy illands in the Straits, where they wait for the femainder if their cargo, and their difpatches.
Notwithftanding this precaution, the Iidioman Whad lof, fince her departuse from Batavia, foer wing, whithid as many more whofe recovery was doubrful.

## (C)

1. Sit femen in the morning of tho oth, they weigher, -and foon after faw another Dutch veffel.

Next morning Mr. Williamfon went on hoard, and Learnt, that Ae had been feven monthis from I urope, fand three from thet Cope of Good Hopes that beI fore the railed, Framcednd, Spain had feclared war againft Great Britain; aind that Theileft Sir Edward Hughes, with a fguadrom of men of war, vand a fleet of Eaft-India fhips at the Cape.

This news was immediately communicated to Captain Gore.

At three o'clock in the morning of the 12th, they fpod over for Princes Lland, and came to an anchor within half a mile of the Choref Here they began wateringearly the next morning, and finithed the fame day.

The natives, who came to them foon after they-anchored, brought a plentifulfupply of large fowls, and fome turtles; but the laft, for the mof part, were very fmall.
On the 18th, they weighed and food oui to fea, but yariable winds, prevented their getting ander o way till two in the afternoon, when a light wind fprung tap Evom the Northward; but this foon after leaving them, they were obliged todrap their anchor again; at - eight o'clock that night, in fifty fathoms water, and - wait till the fame hour the next morning.

Captain King fays, he was exceedingly freck with rethe great refemblance of the Inhabitants in figure, colbur, manndrs, and even language to thofe he had beerifo converfant with in the South Seas.

Here iney were well fupplied with fmall uarte, and fowls of a moderate, fize; the laft were fold. the reite of ten for a Sanifh dollar The natives alfo itrought them many hog, deer, and a prodigions numat ber of monkeys, to their great annoyance, as moft Io of tete failone provided themfelicel ywith one, if nut two of thefe troublefomelanimals.
nsutSyoin the time of their entering thefe Straits, they it Wegratio experience thenpowersul efferis of this peltiAntrucus S.

Tential climate. Two of the people fell dangeroully. in of malignant, putrid fevers; which however they prevented from fpreading, by putting the patients apart from the reft in the mof airy births 3 and were had the fingular fatisfaction of efcaping from thefe fatal feas without the lofs of a fingle life; probably owing to the vigorous health of the crews, and the ftrict attertion, now become habitual in the men, to the falutary tegulations introduced amongft them by Captain Cook.
It had hitherto been Captain Gore's intention to proceed diroctly to St . Helena, without fopping at the Cape; but the rudder of the Refolution having beea for fome time complining, and, on being examined, reported to be in a dangerous ftate, he refolved to fteer immediately for the Cape,' as the moft eligible place, both for the recovery of his fick, and for procuring a new main-plece to the rudder.

In the forenoon of the 1oth of April, a fnow was feen bearing down to them, which proved to be an Englifh Eaft-India packet that had Ieft Table Bay three days before, and was cruizing with orders for the China fleet, and other India hhips. She told them, thitat about three weeks before, Monf', Trongoller's fquadron, confifting of fix fhips, had failed from the Cape, and was gone to cruize off St. Helena, for the: Englifh Eaft Inqiamen.

The next morning they arrived at the Cape, and ftood into Simons Bay. They found lying there, the Naffau and Southampton Eaft-Indiamen, waiting. for convoy for Europe. The Refolution faluted the fort with eleven guns, and the fame number was returned.

Mr. Brandt, the Governor of this place, came to vifit them as foon as they had anchored. He appeared much fupprifed to fee the crew in fo healthy a condition, as the Dutch Mip that had left Macao, on their arrival there, and had touched at the Cape fome time before, reported, that they were in a moft wretched ftate, having only fourteen hands left on board the Refolution, and feven on board the Difcovery. It is

## 43 34 )

not eafy to conceive the motire thefe, people ceild have had for propaicting fo wanton and malicions F faltehood.

On the 1 gth, Captain Gore and Captain King went to Cape town, and waiced upon the Ggutnor by whom they ware received with every Foffl $^{\text {a }}$ attention and civility: Both he and Mr, Brande hal conceived 2 great perfonal affection for Cnptain Cpoks as well as the higheft admairatien of his charater, and leard the recital of his misfortune, with many expreflions, of unaffected forrow.
Having completed their vietualling, and furnifhed themelelves with the neceflary fupply of naval fores. they failed out of the bay on the Gh of May.

On the i2th of Jute, they palted the equator for the fourth time dining the voyage.
On the 22th of Auguft, they made the weflorib coat of Ireland, and ater a fruitefs attompt to get into Port Galway, from whence it was Captan Gore?. intention to have fent the Journals and maps of cheir syade to London, they were obliged, by frong: Sondierly winds, to fter to the Northward. On the zud of Auguft, at cleven in the morning, both thipe tame to an anchor at Stromnefo; and on the 4t day of Oetobor the thips arrived fafe at the Nors afteran abfeence of four years, two months, and ferentystro daye.

In the courfe of the voyage; the Refolution loft: bat five men by ficknef, three of whom were in a precarious ftate of health at their departure from EnyInd; the Difeovery did not lofe a man. An unremitting attention to the regulations eftablinhed by Captann Cook, may be jafty confidered as the principal caufe, under the bleffing of divine Providences. of this fingular fuccefs.

The preientives they principally reliad on were four krout and portable foup. As to the antifcorbutic remedies, with which they were amply fupplied they had no opportunity of trying their effects, at Lliere did not appear the nighteft fymptons of the: fonters in either fipe during the whole royage

## ( $3: 5$ )

Opptain Xing firongly recommends the praftice off allowing a quastity of Pecuvina bark to fuch of his Majefty's flips as may be expofed to the influence of: menwolefome climates. It happened very fortunately in the Dilcovery, that only one of the men that had fevers in the Straits of Sunda; tood in need of this: medicine, af he alone confumed the whole quantity ufually carvind out by the Suirgeones, in fuch veffels as. theirs.
It is very extraordinary that in fo long and hazardous a voyage, the two ihips never lof ${ }^{\text {gight of eache }}$ other for a day together, except twice; which wae owing, the firft time, to an accident that happened to the Difcovery off thy coaft of Owhyhee ; and the fecond, to the foge fiey met with at the entrance of Awatika Bay: 2 frong proof of the merit of the fui maltern officers.

FIN 15

In the Preff, and in a fow Days will be publifioise ACOMPENDIOUSHISTORY

## $0 . E$

## Captain Cook's former Voxages of Discovery:

Printed to correfpond with this Volume and the Aisingement of Lond Anson's Voxagr.


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##  





Exhibiting the DIscoverizs made by Capt.


## NERAL CHART.

1d his Two preceeding Voxages with the Tracks of the SHIPS under his Command.
(



[^0]:    Sir Godiry Copley's gold medal was adjudged to him, an that opo Cation.

[^1]:    *The moft remarkable thing in the Cape fleep, is the length and. shicknefs of their tails, which weigh from fifteen to twenty paundaj the pooreft inhabitants ufe it for butter.

[^2]:    - It'may de proper to mention here, on the authority of Captain King, that it is common for the inferior penple to cut off a joint of thicir little finger, on account of the ficknel's of the Chiefs to whom they belongs.
    $t$ This is peculiar to the men; the women mlways fitting with both fegs throwis a little or one fide. We owe this remark to Captain King.

[^3]:    § Perhaps they owed their fafety, principally, to Captain Cleike's walking with a piftol in his hand, which he once fired. This circrimftance is omitted both in Captain Conk's and Mr. Anderfón's Journa'; $;$ but it is here mentioned on the authority of Captain $K$ ingo

[^4]:    * Captain Cook having here left a Blank which he had not filled up with any particular name, Lord Sandwich directed, with the greatelt propriety, that it fovold be called Cook's River.

[^5]:    Oa this iland, a Aost tiser aftes as appeare by the aanraitive purnin Cook lot his lifes

[^6]:    5 The unhappy circumftance which clofed the tranfatione at thit place, will ever make the remerboraice of ite difeovery a mith efr to be limented.

[^7]:    - Captain Cook generally went by this name amongtt the natives of Owhyhes but we could never learn its precife meaning. Sometimes they applied it to an invifible being, who, they faid, lived in the heavens. We alfo found that it was a citle belonging to $a$ - perfonage of great rank and power in the inhand, who refemiles pretty much thic Delai Lima of the Tattars, and the ecclefiaftical Emperor of Japan.
    $f$ Front this time he is nited Capratn King, but he did hot ficceed. - Clant appointment 'till after Captain Clerke'edeath.

[^8]:    - The word matte, is commonly ufed, in the language of thefe iAands, to exprefs either killing or wounding; and we were afterward. told, that the Chief had only received a llight blow on the face from a Rone, which had been \{truck by one of the balls.

[^9]:    -This bird, which is fomewhat larger than the common gull,: purfues the laterer kind whenever it meets them; the gull, after flying. for Come trime, with loud fereams, and evident marks of great terror, drope it dung, which its purfuer immediately darts at, and catches tefuxs it falls into the feni-

[^10]:    сани.

