

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

REMEMBER
THERE IS NO NEED TO
SEND AWAY FOR YOUR
PRINTING!

The Granite Town Greetings

PUBLISHED IN THE INTERESTS OF ST. GEORGE & VICINITY.

GOOD AD-
VERTISING
MEDIUM!

VOL. 7.

ST. GEORGE, N. B., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1911

NO. 17.

THE NEW Church Hymnal for sale at the Greetings Office in several Qualities and Styles.

Fortune Telling

Does not take into consideration the one essential to woman's happiness—womanly health. The woman who neglects her health is neglecting the very foundation of all good fortune. For without health love loses its lustre and gold is but dross. Womanly health when lost or impaired may generally be regained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

This Prescription has, for over 40 years, been curing delicate, weak, pale, and nervous women, by the hundreds of thousands, and this too in the privacy of their homes without their having to submit to indelicate examinations and offensive gynecological examinations.



Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter free. All correspondence held as sacredly confidential. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's GREAT FAMILY DOCTOR BOOK, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, newly revised up-to-date edition—1000 pages, answers in Plain English hosts of delicate questions which every woman, single or married, ought to know about. Sent free, in plain wrapper to any address on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover mailing only, or in cloth binding for 50 stamps.

Feeding Cows for Milk.

In ninety nine cases probably out of a hundred where cows in a herd are not producing satisfactory profits the results are due to a lack of system in the management. It is the first place the breeding of the herd may be at fault, but this is not always a criterion, and the farmer is not justified in jumping to hasty conclusions. The cow is really a machine for the purpose of turning roughage, meal, grass, roots, etc., into milk. One does not know whether or not a machine has profitable capacity until it is put to the test. If a farmer weighed the milk of his herd of, say, ten cows and feed the cows alike, he might come to the conclusion that all the cows were doing well or he might come to the opposite conclusion, that they were all unprofitable. In both cases he might be wrong. The only correct basis on which to estimate the yield of a herd of cows in individual performance. Then he knows that certain cows are making good use of the food they consume; others are making poorer use, and perhaps still better use. As soon as the question of individual production is solved he is at once in possession of the data necessary to determine whether or not he is feeding the cows, so they will have a chance to show what they can do. Many farmers feed corn-stalks, hay and some roots, and expect their cows to yield large quantities of milk. Often the quantity of hay is limited, and the whole ration is wheat bran, cornmeal and oilmeal mixed equal parts by weight. This should be fed twice daily. Each cow should receive as many pounds of this grain, ration a day as she produces pounds of butter fat in a week. For example, if a cow produces nine lbs. of butter fat in seven days she should be fed nine pounds of grain a day, or four and a half pounds night and morning. If one does not know how much butter fat his cows are producing or how much milk each individual yields he is in the dark as how each should be fed. When the meal ration is settled, then the roughage, whatever form it takes may be fed with a liberal hand. If the ration be well balanced good cows will do justice to themselves and yield profit to their owner, even on dry feed.

Canton; Cradle of Chinese Unrest.

By J. Gordon Smith.

Canton, where the anti-dynastic movement first found an ally and the Chinese in America has recently broken out, is, after Peking, most famous of the great cities of China. It is the real capital of the Chinese, as Peking is the capital of the Manchu Government, and there is real led the movement which will before long kindle into a second Taiping revolution

Some are restaurants, some sing-song halls, some theatres, in fact. This is Canton, centre of the growing movements which seem to be the start of a great struggle of the Ming to regain from the conquering Manchus the sovereignty of China.

It has been known for some years past that revolutionary societies which have their headquarters at Canton maintain agencies in America. Canada and Australia, and many shipments of arms, which are sent by overseas patriots and much money is forwarded in preparation for an uprising which is to seek to wrest the government of China from the Manchu usurpers. Canton is essentially Chinese; it is one of the Chinese towns which to this day, outside the Shameen, show little trace of foreign influence, and with its brown-sailed junks, sampans and river fleets, where thousands live, many without ever landing, and its brown, closely packed city within the walls, presents a picture of strangeness and one of a life incomprehensible to Western eyes. So narrow are many of the streets, that stretching out one's arms both sides can be touched, and there is color, a warm riot of colors—everywhere crimson, yellow, blue, from the looms of the silk weavers or the embroiderers, gleam of copper or of gold from the jewellers, iridescent light from the kingfisher's feathers deftly handled by the enamellers, and endless play, of hues where the fan-makers are using their brushes. The thronging people add to the color of it all.

Before one can make a landing from the river steamer on the shore of the Pearl River there is displayed in miniature a picture of the teeming, toil-driven people in the jam of "shahsahs," clammy boats of bamboo turtleback roofs each the home of a poor family—that swarm around the steamer, clutching at the sides, while the gaunt men and women yell for passengers to be ferried ashore.

The visitors to Canton usually seek chair coolies and a guide and in a sedan chair, he hurried to the usual places, the Five-story Pagoda, the Water Clock, the Temple of the Five Hundred Genii, the Temple of Horrors, the Temple of Medicine, the City of the Dead, the execution place where a half-nude Chinese swings a sword and asks for cash—but these are the least interesting. The great live of human bees through which the strong chair coolies bear the travellers' bear the travellers, the continuous line of shops and booths which make a background for the living picture, the swarm of coolies who swing along through the crowds with a ceaseless clamor, bearing loads along the slippery, narrow ways on their shoulder-poles ranging from live Mandarins in clothing like fields of cloth of gold down to the dead swine dressed for market—these things are most interesting.

It is in the evening, when strings of twinkling lights rise in every direction, that color strikes the strongest note in the street scenes of Canton, when the singing girls sit party-faced in the windows of the tea houses or restaurants. When the noisy musicians play, and the leonard parade, then Canton strikes the warmest note of its riot of picturesque color. Then the flower boats of the river people, the thousands who live apart, have their inning. These boats are affairs of freccos and embelcheries, givings and decorations. They lack only flowers,

and have given the bulk of the emigration to other lands, the bulk of the Chinese in America being Cantonese. The Cantonese have long since played themselves in the van of the reform movement and many patriotic so-called have been formed, while young and irresponsible press does much to inflame the people. The boycotts against America and Japan were influenced by this press, and both had their centre at Canton.

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OPEN SORE Baffles Doctors.

Morrissy's No. 4 Eczema Ointment Healed Like Magic.

Nauwigewauk, N. B., Oct. 3, 1910

"I can gladly recommend dear Dr. Morrissy's Eczema Ointment because it cured me of a sore which I had on my ear for over 8 years. I did everything to have it cured, and had the most skillful doctors treating it, but it would not heal up. I went under treatment with Father Morrissy's Ointment, and in a short while it was cured. That was 2 years ago, and I am sure the cure is permanent. When I think how quickly No. 4 Eczema Ointment cured me it seems wonderful indeed, because you know I doctored with several skilled physicians who could not help me. You surely must have a big demand for this wonderful Salve. My only regret is that I did not use it at first, as it would have saved me over 8 years of pain, to say nothing of an unsightly ear and expensive doctor bills."

John Ryan

The above prescription is not a "Cure-All" or so-called patent medicine. Dr. Morrissy prescribed it for 44 years, and it cured thousands after other doctors failed. Price, 25c. per box at retail dealers, or \$1.00 per box at wholesale dealers, of Morrissy Medicine Co., Limited, Montreal, Canada.

pulls the rice stalks over the gunwale and, as he does so, beats the heads off with a stick. The grains thus severed from the stalk fall into the boat. It is then taken ashore and spread out to dry in the sun or in a building. During the drying process it is turned frequently and, being thoroughly dried, is placed in a large kettle or spread on the floor and subjected to beating by a flail. When in the kettle it is placed under pressure by an Indian's feet, and under such friction the hull separates from the grain.

The cleaning is effected either by shaking in a sieve, the meshes of which are made to separate grain and chaff, or pouring out the unseparated product in face of a strong wind, which carries off the lighter and valueless particles.

The final procedure is the inspection, and once the rice passes the expert it is fit for market. Of late some of the rice has been sent for seed purposes to Asia and Europe, an effort being made to grow it in the shallow lakes of these continents, the larger proportion finding its way to urban centres of Canada, where it is appreciated as an article of diet for its peculiar flavor.

A special preparation is made for a small proportion of the crop by parching. The cleaned rice is placed in a vessel and subjected to heat and stirring. By this process the grain breaks and assumes the appearance of popcorn.

The rice crop, with all the profits which accrue from the gathering, is regarded by all the redmen on the reserves as their requisite. The white residents respect their claim and leave the business to them. The aggregate gain is not large, but to the people that live the simple life a little goes a long way.

At the season of the ingathering the Indians camp in large numbers on Sugar Island, on the north shore of the lake. The work proceeds during the day, and at night several hours are devoted to singing, dancing and other amusement around the camp fires; while on Sunday several religious meetings are held at which Indian and other preachers are heard. The event partakes partly of a social nature, partly of a religious and partly of a commercial nature, and is looked forward to by the Indians on the reserve with much interest, and the season itself constitutes an agreeable break in their otherwise monotonous existence.

Asaya-Neurall

THE NEW REMEDY FOR Nervous Exhaustion

Heredity is one of the main causes of nervous exhaustion. Children whose minds give way in school, girls lacking in nerve stamina, and young men exhausted by ordinary business cares, prove this. Occasional treatment with "ASAYA-NEURALL" is their salvation. It feeds the nerves, induces sleep, improves the appetite and digestion, and restores full nerve power. \$1.50 a bottle. Local agent.

Andrew McLean, Baid Bay, W. S. E. Junction, P. E. I., Miramichi, Coombs & Co., St. George.

Rice Harvesting by Canoes.

By Rev. J. R. Black

The rice known to commerce and used as a food on our tables is grown in tropical and sub tropical countries and forms the food staple of the people wherever it is produced. But the variety of this cereal native to Canada gives its name to an Ontario lake twenty miles long, three miles wide, lying seventy miles east of Toronto to the north of Lake Ontario. On either side of its banks and extending back for a few miles are two Indian reserves, inhabited by reserves, inhabited by the remnants of several of the tribes belonging to the aboriginal race. The existence of this body of water was a main factor in the choice of the territory for Indian use, as it afforded the inhabitants the opportunity of fishing and hunting, and at the time of the selection of these lands the rewards of the fishermen were not small. Fish such as muskallonge and black bass abounded in the lake, and trout could be found in the tributary streams, while in the bays along its shores were mink, marten, beaver, muskrat and otter, and in the early and late autumn wild geese and ducks fed luxuriously on its rich beds. Now, however, some of these fur-bearing animals are extinct, and of the bands which remain the numbers are greatly lessened. Fish of the early kinds are yet caught but these, too, have considerably decreased. Yet the Government regulations for their better production are effecting a check in their destruction and affording the fish and affording the fish and fur-bearing animals more favorable conditions for reproduction.

The rich beds are found at intervals throughout the area of the lake, but are more extensive in the central portion. These extend in some cases almost from shore to shore, leaving free only a small margin in the centre where the water is deeper or the soil unfavorable to its growth.

The seed from the stem in the latter part of September and rests all winter on the soft alluvial deposit at the bottom. In the spring when the water becomes warmer and the heat of the sun's rays finds its way to the sleeping seeds, it germinates the stem pushes its way upward and by the middle of July appears at the surface of the lake, giving it a green tinge. When full grown the plant will measure from three to four feet in length, the greater part being beneath the surface of the water. At maturity the grains are longer than those of the rice of commerce. They are darker brown and the taste is a slight musky flavor.

The harvesting is done by Indians and the manner of doing is as follows: Two Indians enter a canoe, one sitting well forward, the other at the rear. The front man propels the canoe through the rich bed with his paddle, while his comrade in the rear

pulls the rice stalks over the gunwale and, as he does so, beats the heads off with a stick. The grains thus severed from the stalk fall into the boat. It is then taken ashore and spread out to dry in the sun or in a building. During the drying process it is turned frequently and, being thoroughly dried, is placed in a large kettle or spread on the floor and subjected to beating by a flail. When in the kettle it is placed under pressure by an Indian's feet, and under such friction the hull separates from the grain.

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How Many to an Acre.

The number of cattle to be grazed per acre must be determined by the experience of the farmer himself. Under a circumstances is overstocking to be practiced, the supply of grass proves defective, sell off the superfluous animals if the feed be abundant, buy stock or convert the excess of grass into hay. It is an undecided question whether it is right or not that cattle, sheep and horses should be allowed to feed together in the same field. There are many farmers who will have no such trinity, and others who positively object to sheep. Twelve of the latter to the acre is the rule. By horses are understood, not working horses that are too worn out to roam about in search of food, and that prefer the soiling plan, but colts which are all for pay and disturb the other occupants. Cattle do not bite the grass clean; sheep eat the heart of the clover, the sheep killing it; they also pick their food daintily the horses nip, as it were, between both. Sheep fold the soil, which is no small gain, but are not liked by either cattle or horses. There is still another matter to be decided and which influences the number of cattle to be maintained. Are they to be soiled or left to graze? The latter is the least troublesome, but fewer head can be kept. In soiling the green stuff must be cut twice a day and left some hours to heat down. That implies a great deal of carting away manure. But then there will be more stock supported. If the cattle be left out during the summer nights in a paddock that outdoor relief will be prized. The milking can take place in the stable as well as in the field. In the rich grass land of New-mansly the cattle are there fed by the picket plan. Every animal has a tether of six or nine yards that works on a swivel, so that this surface of soder must be fed bare; the herder changes the sweep of the tether twice a day. At night the animals are housed. The water is specially supplied from pumps to the troughs.

Even when they have nothing to do some fellows can't do it well.

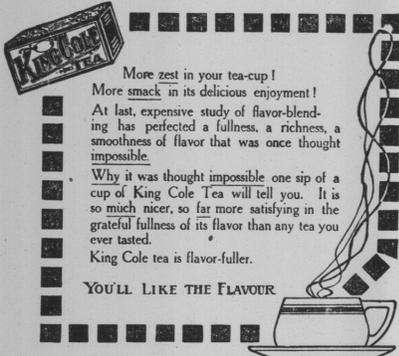
Six minutes is all the time required for brewing Red Rose Tea; and the result is a beverage of matchless flavor and satisfying strength. The verdict of your family will be that

How a Fish Balance.

A fish keeps its balance very much as a bicycle rider keeps his. In both cases, if the fish or the rider ceases to exert himself, over he goes. This appears clearly from experiments made in France which show that the turning of a fish wits belly upward after death is not because of the de-

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS



More zest in your tea-cup!
More smack in its delicious enjoyment!
At last, expensive study of flavor-blending has perfected a fullness, a richness, a smoothness of flavor that was once thought impossible.

Why it was thought impossible one sip of a cup of King Cole Tea will tell you. It is so much nicer, so far more satisfying in the grateful fullness of its flavor than any tea you ever tasted.

King Cole tea is flavor-fuller.

YOU'LL LIKE THE FLAVOUR

BEAVER HARBOR

D. G. S. Curlew arrived here from Halifax on Wednesday and left again on Thursday for St. John.

John Barry and Embry Paul are painting their houses.

Capt. Gideon Justason is loading his vessel on the eastern side of the harbor with box wood for W. White.

Schr. R. Bowers, Capt. Wm. Nelson arrived here on Wednesday with torn main sail, having been out in the bay in a gale. After repairs being made the schooner proceeded on her voyage on Friday.

Mrs. Melvin Mawhinney and daughter Melba are spending a week with Mrs. E. Barry.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hutton returned on Wednesday from a pleasant visit with friends at St. George.

Mrs. Dan Thompson and Mrs. Embry Paul spent a short time in St. George on Wednesday.

Mrs. R. T. Mawhinney and Mrs. Martha Thorpe of Maces Bay and Mrs. Colin McKay, Penfield Ridge were guests of Mrs. James Mawhinney on Thursday.

Schr. "Forest Maid" Capt. Joseph Hatt arrived on Saturday from Grand Manan with twenty hogsheads of large herring for Beaver Har. Trading Co. and John P. Paul.

Mr. Morton of Digby spent a few days here recently.

Miss Amelia Dakin returned to Island Falls on Friday after a month's vacation spent here.

Thos. Crawford of St. Stephen, agent for organs and sewing machines made us a visit last week.

Medley Wright returned home on Thursday from St. Stephen.

Mrs. Walter McDowell, Penfield and Mrs. George Wilson, Oak Bay were guests of their sister Mrs. George Wilson one day last week.

Mrs. George H. Tatton and sons Oran and Chas. returned from Granville, N. S. on Saturday.

Lewis Eldridge who has been receiving treatment at the General Public Hospital at St. John for about four months returned home on Saturday somewhat improved in health.

Hayward Sparks arrived home on Saturday from a trip to Lubec and St. John.

Neil Gross who is engaged in seining at St. John spent Sunday at his home here.

We are pleased to report that Daniel Thompson who has been ill for some weeks with typhoid fever is now recovering.

John Thompson spent Sunday in St. George.

Schr. "Pearl" sailed on Tuesday for St. John where they will be engaged in seining.

R. M. Coulter, Inspector of Post Office paid an official visit here Tuesday.

As Mrs. W. S. R. Justason and Mrs. B. Bradford were driving through the village on Monday, their horse stumbled and taking fright, bolted and threw both ladies from the carriage. The horse then ran but was caught by Harry Barry, the shaft of the carriage was broken and the ladies received slight injuries.

Mrs. Martin Eldridge visited friends in Penfield one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Wright spent Tuesday in St. George.

To Incline toward Mercy.

Jim had been far from a good boy during the day, and toward nightfall he realized the fact fully. Being well acquainted with the workings of family discipline, he essayed a little diplomacy.

"Shall you tell father about me?" he inquired of his mother.

"Certainly I shall tell him," responded his mother, with sorrowful firmness.

"Shall you tell him before dinner or after dinner?" asked the culprit.

"After dinner," was the announcement.

"Mother," and Jim gave a wriggle of anticipation, "couldn't you do that much for me mother?"

English Brides Now Older.

Statistics Show a Falling Off in Marriages.

The British registrar general's full report for 1909 on births, marriages and deaths has just been issued.

The marriage rate 14.9 per 1,000 of the population—shows a fall of 17.4 per cent when compared with the rate of 1876-1880. The registrar general states that the effect of the modern tendency towards postponement of marriage is clearly shown in the facts that the marriage rates for women have declined in all groups except 25-35, and that the marriage rates for bachelors have generally increased at ages above 25, below which there is a large decrease.

The birth rate which was 25.6 and the death rate was 24.5 both the lowest on record. The trend of the birth rate, it is stated, is still downwards, the provisional rate for 1910 being 24.8. The same statement is made concerning the death rate for 1910, which is 1.1 lower than the 1909 rate.

New Brunswick Sunday School Association.

The Annual Convention of the New Brunswick Sunday School Association will meet this year in the City of St. John from October 17th to 19th. A splendid programme is being arranged, and one of the very best Conventions in the Association's history is anticipated. In addition to the workers in our own Province, we expect to have with us President Cutten of Acadia University, Wolfville, N. S., and also Dr. Franklin McElfresh—International Teacher Training Supt.—of Chicago. Single fare transportation has been arranged for on all railroads including branch lines, and on the river steamers, on the standard certificate plan. All delegates should secure standard certificates when buying tickets, and if going over more than one railway line, secure standard certificates from each. All clergymen and superintendents are delegates ex officio, and each Sunday School should send two additional delegates.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN N. SMITH

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

A FLIRTATIOUS woman is more apt to spend her time putting crimps in her hair than in taking care of her house.

Being able to marry doesn't make it compulsory unless the girl consents.

Think for yourself, but not too much of yourself.

Intimate friends generally live to deplore expansive moments.

Hard luck isn't so bad when it's picturesque and can be made good for a stunt.

Running for office is too often like chasing defeat.

If everybody roasted the goose somebody in every family would be done brown.

The more a man really knows on a subject the less occasion he finds to talk on it.

Advice is so plentiful that none need ask for it. It comes unbidden.

Plenty of money is desirable, but a lazy man can get along without a lot of desirable things.

The two that live as cheaply as one want a change of boarding houses about twice as soon.

The trouble is that some women call a spade a snow shovel and expect their husbands to wield it.

Tit For Tat.



"We really must economize, Mary."

"All right, John. I will cut your hair for you and save the barber's fee."

"Good! And I will dress your hair for you and save the hairdresser's."

Practical.

"Darling."

"Yes, dear."

"I would do anything for you."

"Anything?"

"Yes, honey."

"But anything won't answer. I want you to be a millionaire."

To the Purpose.

"How can you tell when a girl is in love?"

"In love?"

"I don't know. What I want to know is how can you tell when they ain't?"

PLEASANT RIDGE

Miss Bessie Daley is spending a few days with friends in St. George.

Mr. and Mrs. David Boyd and son Harold and Miss Clara Boyd spent Sunday at Seely's Cove the guest of Mrs. John Carter.

Willard Cawley and Will Murray shot a moose last week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Spear and family spent Sunday with relatives in Cathlamet.

Mrs. Adrian Cross of Truro spent a few days with her sister Mrs. David Boyd.

George Boyd spent Sunday with friends in St. John.

Mrs. Lydia Trimble was a recent guest of Mrs. A. B. Hawkins.

Mrs. Colin McKay left on Monday for St. John where she will spend a few days.

A number of young people gathered at the home of Mrs. Sina Hawkins on Sunday evening where they enjoyed a good 'sing.'

Messrs Walter Boyd and Sam McKay have been kept quite busy threshing for the last few weeks.

Mrs. D. Boyd and Miss Laura Boyd called on Mrs. Jack Sunday afternoon.

The building of Trynor's wharf which has been under the management of John Kane will be completed during the week.

These Cool Nights

Remind us that it is time to put on Heavy Underwear. We have Fleece Ld. shirts and drawers, 35, 50 & 60 cents per garment! Unshrinkable Wool Underwear 75, 90 & \$1.00 per garment. Stanfield's heavy unshrinkable underwear \$1.25 per garment. Men's heavy all wool sweaters, 1.50 to \$2.50. Men's and Boy's coat sweaters from 75 cents to \$2.50 each.

Connors Bros. Ltd

BLACK'S HARBOR, N. B.

George F. Meating

Custom Tailor

Clothing Cleaned and Pressed

St. George N. B.

Rooms over Milne, Coutts & Co.'s store

The flavor lingers.
The aroma lingers.
The pleasure lingers.
And you will linger over your cup of CHASE & SANBORN'S SEAL BRAND COFFEE.

In 1 and 2 pound tin cans. Never in bulk.

this wharf will be a great accommodation for a large section of country and when the one at Mill Cove is built all parts of Penfield parish will have convenient access to tide water.

Christianity in South India

It is reported that a remarkable movement towards Christianity is just now going forward among the parishes in the Mysore District, South India. Two men went to work for a while on a certain tea estate, and there heard the Gospel preached by a missionary. When they returned to their own village they influenced many of their neighbors so that they, too, heard and received the message of Christ, and numbers avowed themselves to be disciples of the Lord. Then the movement spread to other villages, until now a wide district is affected. Many difficulties have arisen, but in some instances they have actually fallen out rather than unto the furtherance of the Gospel. In one of the villages some of the people became Christians, whereupon their unconverted neighbors refused to let them draw water from the village well. To avoid strife, they resolved upon digging a well for themselves but since water was known to be scarce they were not very hopeful as to the result. Prayer, however, was made to God continually that he would guide them in the choice of the spot

Evolution.

Once every seven years or so a man will change from head to toe—his brain, his heart, his hair, his bones, his aspirations and his tones. His methods and his point of view, his overcoat a time or two—But give me the conditions right And I will change him overnight.

He may have been a Democrat And with that party standing pat. It may be in the O. P. Redemption only can be seen. Perhaps some cult of lesser size Alone finds favor in his eyes. No odds by what he may set store, I'll change him, as I said before.

And will I turn the little trick By argument suave and slick. Backed up by logic, tact and skill? Oh, no; I do not think I will. But I will stir to him say, "There is a chance for better pay By being on the other side." Then calmly wait and watch him slide.

Self interest—it is all I ask. That furnished, it is not a task To make him see that black is white, That wrong is very nearly right. That what he held to hard and fast Is but an error of the past. If I can make the profit clear I've got him going, never fear.

Boyd's Hotel,
ST. GEORGE, N. B.
First-Class Livery and Sample Room in Connection.

Professional Cards

Henry L. Taylor,
M. B. C. M.
Physician and Surgeon,
ST. GEORGE, N. B.

C. C. Alexander,
M. D., C. M., M. G. L. L.
Physician and Surgeon,
Residence, Goss House,
Eyes tested for errors in Refraction

With poor teeth or the teeth absent mastication cannot properly take place and the Stomach is forced to do the work intended for the teeth resulting in a diseased stomach.

Leading physiologists now declare it their belief that this causes not only gastritis but such serious growths as cancers.

DR. E. M. WILSON
DENTIST

at St. George (in new office which is fitted with every convenience) the last two weeks of every month.

Office Hours 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.
During office hours teeth extracted without pain 25c.
After hours and Sundays, 50c.

Long Distance Telephone.
House 161.
Office 127.

N. MARKS MILLS L.L.B.
BARRISTER AT LAW,
ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

W. S. R. JUSTASON
General Dealer
Penfield, N. B.

Have your Watch Repaired here in St. George by

Geo. C. McCallum

Satisfaction guaranteed.
Have also on hand a stock of brooches, stick pins, lockets, rings, bracelets, watches, chains, charms, etc., which I will sell at a great discount.

TO LET
HOUSE BELONGING TO
MRS. MAGGIE DUNBAR
APPLY TO
Wesley Phillips.

where they should dig, and also that he would give them good success. A place was presently fixed upon and digging operations were begun. This is what happened. When only a few feet of earth had been dug they found a splendid spring of water; and the non-Christians of the village are so impressed that they call that well "The well of Jesus Christ."
"British Congregationalist."

ADVERTISE

IN THE

"GREETINGS"

Guns & Ammunition!
Largest Line! Buy from Us and Save Expressage.
Cherry's, Eastport, Me.

PROPELLORS & SHAFTING
All sizes Propellers, 12" to 26", 2 and 3 Blade, Right and Left hand. Bridgeport Bronze Shafting. BEST MADE, 3/4 to 1 1/2" PRICES RIGHT
CHERRY'S, EASTPORT

\$3.64 Buys A Good
Well Finished 12 Gauge Shot Gun and 25 best shot shells, they won't last long at this Price
CHERRY, EASTPORT

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THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

Personals.

Mrs. E. R. O'Brien left last week for a short vacation and is the guest of her niece Mrs. Danl. Sinclair of Scotch Ridge.

I. B. O'Brien of Winthrop Mass., who spent some days here visiting relatives and renewing old acquaintances left last week for his home.

Mrs. Edward Milliken of Vancouver B. C., who has been visiting her father Peter McVicar and other relatives here for the past few months, intends leaving for her home on Tuesday next.

Wm. Tatton of Pennfield who went out to Inlian Head last fall returned home on Wednesday and will likely remain here.

H. M. Carson and Chas. Hanson of Boacbec were in town for a few hours on Tuesday.

Miss Mary Macowan of Amherst is spending her vacation at her home here.

Mrs. Mann is suffering from a severe attack of La Grippe.

Miss Louise Gillespie of Pennfield spent a few days of last week with her aunt Mrs. Jas. McKay.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Harvey and daughters Violet and Edna spent Sunday in Pennfield.

Miss Annie Austin left for Boston on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson Gray have returned to Boston.

Mrs. Thos. McGrattan and children returned to their home in St. John last week.

Mrs. J. H. Brown returned from St. John on Wednesday.

Mrs. Guy Clinch has returned from a pleasant visit in Calais.

Robt. Billings of St. Andrews accompanied by his cousin Saml. of Boston were guests of relatives in town over Sunday.

E. M. Cherry of Eastport an old St. George boy was here from Thursday till Saturday of last week enjoying a fishing outing on the lake with his old school friend H. V. Dewar.

J. F. Calder and George M. Byron of Compoello were in town for an hour or two on Wednesday.

Mrs. D. Sinclair of Scotch Ridge was the guest of her aunt Mrs. E. R. O'Brien last week while attending the Sunday school Convention.

Miss Edna O'Brien is visiting with Miss Jessie Catharine at Letete.

Mrs. A. C. Toy entertained a few of her young friends at tea Wednesday evening.

H. R. Lawrence was at St. John for a few days this week.

Jas. L. Watt has accepted a position as salesman with D. Bassen.

D. Bassen was here for a few days during the week leaving again for St. John on Wednesday. Mrs. Bassen went to St. John Friday of last week for the Jewish New Year services, she returned on Tuesday.

J. F. Calder Fishery Inspector and H. Merriman Manager of the Owen Hotel Compoello were at Bonny River for a few days during the past week.

Edw. McGrattan and W. L. Harding of St. John are hunting the big moose, accompanied by Walter Maxwell.

Miss Winnie Doyle entertained a number of friends at her home on Saturday afternoon in honor of her friend Miss Helen Boque of Boston.

Edgar Rioux now of Calais Me., is visiting at Frank Fishers after an absence of several years.

Harry Dayle who is now employed at Musquash spent Sunday at his home here.

E. G. Maphy manager of the Pulp and Paper Co., arrived here last Friday and intends returning to Norwalk Saturday.

The many friends of Mrs. Rev. Hillock now of Calgary will be sorry to know that she has for several months past suffered very much with head and ear trouble, she and husband spent a time at the Pacific coast in hopes of benefit but without avail. She was last week operated on in the states by a specialist and now seems much improved, all wish her recovery.

Miss Bessie Daley, Pennfield Ridge is the guest of Miss Alma Coffee this week.

100 dozen Home Knitted Socks at 25c per pr. at D. Bassen's, never before like them.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

THERE are people who keep themselves so busy saying nothing that they never have time to get into trouble.

Saving the country is a religion with some people and a graft with others.

Always being in the right might get to be monotonous.

A splinter is a woman who doesn't believe in entertaining and coddling the opposite sex.

Marrying for money may require a lot of self assurance and nerve, but it is marrying without money that takes the courage.

Grumbling is a method some people have of letting you know that they are around.

That man is a genius who always succeeds in living beyond his means.

Some people who know nothing are often master hands at exploiting it.

Poise is more to be desired than position.

The difference between a musician and a gossip is the latter is seldom caught out of practice.

Dignity is an uncomfortable perch when jollity is passing around.

It frequently takes all of a young man's time and ability to be the son of a rich father.

Wasting time and money is the measure of fun with many people.

There are people whose only fault is that they want to take everything in sight and insist on trying to act in harmony with their desire.

Chance For Comparison.

"He is the biggest fool I ever saw."

"You don't tell me."

"Yes, I do."

"But has your experience with fools been large?"

"Well, I have a lot of friends."

Not For the Kicker.

"Food prices have dropped once more."

"So I hear."

"Great, isn't it?"

"Maybe for those who like to eat cheap things. They never did appeal to me."

Ignorance is Bliss.

"See what a fine diamond he gave me."

"What is it worth?"

"I have no idea. I think I will ask a broker."

"I wouldn't take a chance."

Have Learned Obedience.

"Some men wear good clothes, don't they?"

"Yes. Do you know why?"

"No. Why?"

"Because they are married men."

Sounds So.

Though Omar disposes, I fear that our man was sadly selected. To rushing the can.

Her Husband, of Course.

"Come, now, listen to me."

"But you talk all the time."

"But you never listen, so what's the difference?"

Knows How.

"He is a great kisser."

"Blacksmith or critic?"

Vanishing Trouble.

About a year or so ago, As you will clearly Recollect, The world was very nearly Wrecked, Or we were happy To expect A catastrophe that would spell Our doom, and would wring the knell Of the old, satisfying world. That every whisker would be curled And every hair would stand on end And each into the other bend— In short, if not in sweet, that we Some things very soon would see That would, to say the very least, Not be a surprise in the east. A comet lightened up the sky. Oh, my! It was as to say, "Shoo fly!" And every one was doomed to die Except! That was it in the book. The comet's tail would be our doom. The dustiest eye could take a look. There was no chance to take the cars For Mars Or any other star on high. The means were not at hand to fly. All we could do was sit and wait. The die was cast, the doom was straight. The comet's tail was made of gas That had some class. And we were hanging on the brink Of nowhere, ready for the wink. We were too scared to move or speak, And then the comet took a snick. It never breathed on us a breath And only scared a few to death. That is the way, if you should chance To note your troubles in advance, That many of them fade away Before their published date and day When time—should the measurement fill They're miles away, and going still.

Envelopes

Neatly Printed at The Greetings Office

SHINGLES

During September and October we will make Special Prices on Cedar Shingles, in order to close out Our Stock

St. George Pulp & Paper Co.

Union Foundry & Machine Works, Ltd

WEST ST, JOHN, N. B.

GEO. H. WARING, Manager

Engineers and Machinists. Iron and Brass Moulders
Makers of Saw Mill Machinery and Engines
Shafting Pulleys and Gears Stone Cutting and Polishing Machinery
Bridge Castings and Bolt Work

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO REPAIRS



THERE is always ONE by which all the rest are measured. In Tailoring the one paramount force is

Semi-ready Tailoring

Semi-ready Clothes are the first choice of people who like good clothes!

We have Semi-ready Clothes at \$15, \$18, \$20, and up to the finest at \$25 and \$30.

J. O'NEIL



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Dredging Boutouche Harbor, N. B.," will be received until 4.00 P.M., on Tuesday, October 3, 1911, for dredging required at Boutouche Harbor, N. B.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa. Tenders must include the towing of the plant to and from the work. Only dredges can be employed which are registered in Canada at the time of the filing of tenders. Contractors must be ready to begin work within thirty days after the date they have been notified of the acceptance of their tender.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for five per cent of the contract price which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, September 16, 1911.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

FARM AND FIELD

THE UPKEEP OF THE SOIL.

Results of Ten Years' Experiments Successful.

Experiments have recently demonstrated the virtues of phosphorus in striking fashion. In Ohio university tests have shown that a phosphorus fertilizer accompanying manures could practically double the yields of corn, wheat or hay as compared with lands where no fertilizer was used. In another instance the average yield of corn was increased nine bushels an acre when raw rock phosphate was used during the previous four or five years.

A rational and practical method of maintaining soil fertility is being rapidly established by the soil chemist and bacteriologist. It involves the use of mineral fertilizers to meet the present deficit, accompanied by proper soil management to encourage the growth of the desirable forms of germ life. Nitrogen may be supplied by growing leguminous crops or by the addition of manures from livestock. A supply of potash, if needed, may be furnished in the form of a mineral fertilizer, kainit, or, on limited areas, in wood ashes, or more concentrated forms, such as potassium chloride. Phosphorus may be supplied at a minimum cost through raw rock phosphate or other commercial forms. The soil must be kept sweet by liming and through drainage. Proper tillage, frequent but not deep soils—will aid. The countryman may invoke the counsel of the chemist, but should test general principles by local trial before applying them on a commercial scale. Above all, the true countryman will not be niggardly with his soil, but will liberally replenish the stores from which he expects an abundant return.

NEW WAY OF CATCHING RATS.

Catching rats with oyster shells is the unique method employed by some pearlers round about Broome, West Australia. They leave a large oyster on the floor of the cabin at night. It opens for a breath of fresh air, and the smell of fresh meat attracts the rats. When the rodent thinks he'll try a little supper, the oyster suddenly decides that he doesn't like fresh air. Next morning the shell is prized open, and the dead rat thrown overboard.

For Sale
Five Second Hand
Air Tight Stoves
Inquire of
H. H. Goodnow
Barry Estate.

Sentences Sermons.

The point of view of religion, of a religion spiritual and profound, alone gives to life all the dignity and energy of which it is capable.

To be disinterested is to be strong, and the world is at the feet of him whom it cannot tempt.

The ideal of the Greeks is not as high as ours, but they understood infinitely better than we how to reverence, cultivate, and ennoble the man they knew.

Look twice, if what you want is a just conception; look once, if what you want is beauty.

A man only understands what is akin to something already existing in himself.

The child who can rouse in us anger, or impatience, or excitement, feels himself stronger than we, and a child only respects strength.

The first principle of the education of others is: Train yourself. The first rule to follow if you wish to possess yourself of your child's will is; master your own.

The promised land is the land where one is not.

It is by teaching that we teach ourselves, by relating what we observe, by affirming that we examine, by showing that we look by writing what we think, by pumping that we draw water from the well.

There are two states or conditions of pride. The first is one of self approval; the second, one of self contempt. Pride is seen probably at its purest in the latter.

When we are doing nothing in particular, it is then that we are living through all our being; it is then we ripen and possess ourselves.

Sleep and idleness do not interrupt life; the flower is growing.

Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture Ottawa, Sept. 26, 1911

A Cable from the International Agricultural Institute, Rome, Italy, gives the official figures published there on that date concerning the production of wheat during the present season in Great Britain and Ireland, France, Russian Empire, Algeria and Egypt. Revised figures are also given for Belgium, Hungary, Italy and Tunis. The estimated production for the latter countries on Sept. 1st, compared with that of August 1st, is given in bushels as follows, with the August estimate in brackets: Belgium, 14,617,000 (14,054,000); Hungary, 192,691,000 (187,760,000); Italy, 192,170,000 (203,192,900); Tunis, 6,625,000 (7,716,000)

For the totality of the countries so far reported, the 1911 wheat crop is expected to be 100.5 per cent. of that of last year.

Full date concerning oats, barley and rye, will be given in the regular printed bulletin to be issued shortly.

T. K. Doherty,
Chief Officer.

A Debtless King

King George One of Few Monarchs With That Record.

George V. is one of the very few monarchs who have ever ascended a throne without a penny of debt, says Harper's Weekly. He will have, therefore, no equal and he certainly has no inclination to surround himself with the German Jewish capitalists with whom King Edward rather too openly mingled. The old English aristocracy will come into its own again at the new King's court, and the atmosphere of the Royal household will be everything that is humdrum. But while George V. is a British through and through he is not by any means as negative a personality as many people think. The English papers write of him as though he were a dour, grim, as a matter of fact an outspoken, energetic, rather obstinate man, with strong views of his own public questions; not at all afraid of responsibility, a close student of politics and delicately indiscreet in airing his opinion about men and affairs—the very opposite in short, of the type of sovereign who is content to be a mere figurehead. England does not yet know him, but it will before very long.

Young Wife (in passion) "I shall go straight home to my mother!" Husband (calmly) "Very well. Here's the money for your railway fare." Wife (after counting it) "But that isn't enough for a return ticket!"

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

Does Your Stomach Work Properly?

There is no complaint so humiliating and tiresome as stomach complaint. The reason so many people suffer with their stomach is because they overwork it and do not give it a tonic.

Mi-o-na Tablets will tone the stomach and speedily remove the disagreeable belching (gas on the stomach) sour stomach and foul breath. Dizziness, biliousness and headache all disappear when you begin to take Mi-o-na.

Mi-o-na is guaranteed by J. Sutton Clark who will refund your money if they fail to cure or do what we claim. Postpaid from the R. T. Booth Co., Limited, Fort Erie, Ont. on receipt of price, 50c.

A Self-Made Man.

General Nogi Tells of His Early Struggles.

Men are not "self-made" in Canada alone. Do not these reminiscences of General Nogi, the famous Japanese soldier, recall the pluck, determination and industry which have raised more than one poor boy of our own land to prominence?

"My father could not give me the education other boys in the clan were receiving," he writes in Nihon Shonen "I had to stay at home. But one day I said to myself, 'Come what may, I must learn while I am young. Life without some sort of achievement is not worth the living.'"

"So I pleaded with my father, and at last prevailed upon him to send me to a dormitory known as the Shudoba, from which I was able to attend the clan school.

"My days at the dormitory were days of hardship. It was under the control of the clan government, and sheltered about sixty boys, all under eighteen years of age, for in those days a boy was supposed to reach manhood at eighteen, and what 'man' would live in a dormitory?"

"Things have much changed since that time. In those days the boys brought their own unhusked rice to the dormitory and pounded it for themselves in the mortar provided for their use; there was not a shop in the place where you could buy hulled rice. The boys, too, had to cook their own rice for themselves and to collect their own fuel from the neighboring woods.

"There were no curryscombs or clippers in those days. I had to singe the horses' coats with improvised torches made of dry twigs, and chop the straw for their bran mash as well as I could, and all this for want of labor-saving contrivances entailed much expenditure of time and trouble.

"In addition to all this manual labor I had the usual school lessons to attend. Never very strong, I found my double task a severe strain on my powers of endurance, and I began at times to doubt whether I should be able to go through with the task I had set myself to lose heart."

A Fine Memory.

Blinks, after inviting to dinner his friend Jinks, who had just returned from abroad, was telling him what a fine memory his little son Bobby had.

"And do you suppose he will remember me?" said Jinks.

"Remember you? Why, he remembers every face that he ever saw." An hour later they entered the house, and after Jinks had shaken hands with Mrs. Blinks, he called Bobby over to him.

"And do you remember me, my little man?"

"Course I do. You're the same fellow that dad brought last summer, and ma was so cross about it that she didn't speak to him for a whole week."

Ethel "All is over between us. Here are your presents. A gold locket and chain, a diamond ring, and a pearl necklace." Herbert "There are some other things I gave you I insist upon being returned!" Ethel "What are they?" Herbert "Seven thousand, three hundred and fifty one kisses."

Advertise in Greetings

CAMEO KIRBY

By Booth Tarkington and Harry Leon Wilson
Adapted From the Play of the Same Name by W. B. Ferguson

Copyright 1909 by the Amies Magazine Company



condition."

Young Randall being one who cherished his matrons and affections and renounced them with difficulty, this was not obviously a serious reason of his father's suicide left him in a state of mental fog. Where Adele was only too willing and eager to believe, the boy was not. To the girl Kirby had once appeared all that woman can think of man, but to her brother he had ever been the personification of evil. Tom had blindly nourished his hatred. Now he felt strangely bewildered, self-distrusting and unclean.

His credulity had been shattered with his self-respect. He did not see at the thought of how implicitly and on such meager evidence he had believed the specious and totally unscrupulous Moravia. Now from such a throne of falsehood he had carefully erected his elaborate tent. He had even stooped to the unutterably foul act of swearing a murder upon this man, who rather than being an enemy, had stood his father's sole friend. To him it was difficult to relegate into himself a new viewpoint with the "common gambler."

"I am not a man to lose out on anything," he tentatively observed.

"Well, I'm glad," Gene. "I reckon they'll let me have a boss now. Member better have two saddled, eh?"

"Well, what do you think?" purred Kirby, slowly lifting the deck of cards from the table. "Is that my wife? Do I turn back to the old river road with you, or do I?" He lifted his head with lightning vision. "Have two saddled," he adieu quietly, with bitter finality.

Bunce nodded slowly, understandingly.

Alone, Kirby remained at the table, staring and seeing not.

"Take one good look at yourself, Gene Kirby; then take another at her," he mused mechanically and with dull monotony reiterating the phrase, "Take one good look at yourself, Gene Kirby. I might never have thought of that—I have been so busy looking at her."

As he sat there face to face with the future, striving to learn reconciliation without exultation, the General, now dressed in nightclothes, tiptoed softly into the room.

"They sent me to bed again," he whispered, triumphant at the man's extended arm. "I want to know the end of that story. Tell me."

Kirby strove to assume his wonted gravity of manner. How long ago it seemed since in the closed carriage he had prompted that light-hearted laughter.

"So you made another hatbreathed scape, General," he commented lightly. "And you want to hear the end of the story—about the bad prince who was half good?—I don't know if I can tell you the end."

"Why? Hasn't the end happened yet?"

"Yes, it's come."

"But it ended all right, didn't it?" persisted the General, with all youth's confident optimism.

"Yes," said the man; "it ended all right."

"But I want to know if he's still a mixed prince—a mixed good and bad prince?"

Kirby pressed a weary hand over his throbbing forehead. "I guess he's pretty much mixed," he confessed, still smiling bravely.

The child pondered over this statement until at length he began to nod. "Did—did he go away?" he murmured drowsily, inattentiveness battling nobly against outraged nature.

"Yes—he went away," whispered the man, his arm flitting about the small form. "You're sleepy, General."

"HAVE TWO SADDLED," HE ADDED QUIETLY significant atmosphere. Then there fell upon the silence, with a softness so palpable that it seemed merely a progression of the hush, the sound of distant singing. For some time strain and source were alike indefinite, a mazy setting to harmony the chords of the young morning. And then it arose like a sweeping curve of beauty until it resolved itself into the throaty, melodious chorus of "Mississippi River."

Kirby shivered, and his eyes came back from the great beyond, while Bunce shook himself like a great dog leaving the water.

"There's the siggers gosh' out to the cane," he said acidentally. "The mor'nin's here. Well, Gene?"

"Well, Larkin?"

The other hesitated, fortifying himself with a cheroot, which he contended himself with chewing. Finally he arose, offering elaborate signs of departure.

"I hate to see a man lose out on everything," he tentatively observed.

"Well, I'm glad," Gene. "I reckon they'll let me have a boss now. Member better have two saddled, eh?"

"Well, what do you think?" purred Kirby, slowly lifting the deck of cards from the table. "Is that my wife? Do I turn back to the old river road with you, or do I?" He lifted his head with lightning vision. "Have two saddled," he adieu quietly, with bitter finality.

Bunce nodded slowly, understandingly.

Alone, Kirby remained at the table, staring and seeing not.

"Take one good look at yourself, Gene Kirby; then take another at her," he mused mechanically and with dull monotony reiterating the phrase, "Take one good look at yourself, Gene Kirby. I might never have thought of that—I have been so busy looking at her."

As he sat there face to face with the future, striving to learn reconciliation without exultation, the General, now dressed in nightclothes, tiptoed softly into the room.

"They sent me to bed again," he whispered, triumphant at the man's extended arm. "I want to know the end of that story. Tell me."

Kirby strove to assume his wonted gravity of manner. How long ago it seemed since in the closed carriage he had prompted that light-hearted laughter.

"So you made another hatbreathed scape, General," he commented lightly. "And you want to hear the end of the story—about the bad prince who was half good?—I don't know if I can tell you the end."

"Why? Hasn't the end happened yet?"

"Yes, it's come."

"But it ended all right, didn't it?" persisted the General, with all youth's confident optimism.

"Yes," said the man; "it ended all right."

"But I want to know if he's still a mixed prince—a mixed good and bad prince?"

Kirby pressed a weary hand over his throbbing forehead. "I guess he's pretty much mixed," he confessed, still smiling bravely.

dance over its majestic proscenium, and the room was now suffused by a dim, rosy glow. For a space girl and man eyed each other in silence, both waiting for the other to speak. Finally she whispered:

"Am I to tell him the end of the story?" nodding to the sleeping General. "But he'll want you to."

"I'm afraid it won't be fixed so that I can, Miss Randall. You see, I was only waiting to say good-by to you."

"He'll—he'll be disappointed," she ventured, with a pitiful attempt at composure. "And—you are only waiting to say good-by?"

"Are you and I like that?"

"Just like that," he said.

"But some time"—She broke off, making a hopeless, pleading gesture.

"Tell him when he awakes," said Kirby, taking a great breath and holding high his head. "The end is that for one great day, from sunrise to sunrise, the mixed prince was with somebody so good that he went away to try to make himself all over. And if he can't—He faltered and stopped; then, taking courage from her eyes, began again, "And if he can't—"

"And if he can't," she prompted, a great wave of color surging to cheek and neck. "And if I should wait for that—that wouldn't be the end?"

"No. That would be—"

"It would be"—she whispered, holding him by her eyes.

"Just the beginning, after all."

THE END.

French women are growing taller and French men smaller, according to statistics gathered by the Academy of Science.

Breathes there a man with nerve so great Who sees unto his wife to state: "Your bread this week has too much weight?"

When we get civilized, children will so by number until they get old enough to choose their own names.

Traffic on the Lakes.

Canada's Soo Canal traffic, 1909, season of eight months, 57,985,149 tons; St. Lawrence Canal, all of 1909, 15,457,527 tons.

Canada's canal traffic, 1910, 45,000,000 tons.

The "Midland Prince" broke all records in grain cargoes on July 7th, 1910, by sailing from Port William with 523,251 bushels of oats.

There are 111 vessels in the Lake Superior trade over 500 feet in length, and 157 between 400 and 500 feet in length.

There were carried down the lakes during 1909, 112,252,561 bushels of wheat, and over 45,600,000 bushels of grain other than wheat.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

interesting bit of history. He told how it was that Belfast came to be the biggest shipbuilding centre in Europe.

When he and the late Sir Edward Harland decided to start for themselves as shipbuilders they fixed on Liverpool as the city of their efforts but when they applied to the harbor authorities there for land for a yard they were told bluntly that they were far too young to undertake such an enterprise.

He was then twenty-three, and Sir Edward Harland a year or two older, but the Belfast people didn't think them too young, and gave them the facilities they needed. They began by building one ship at a time and employing 150 men.

Now they employ 14,000 men regularly and often nearly twice that number, and pay at least \$115,000 a week in wages. Their success also attracted to Belfast the firm of Workman & Clark, which, although not so well known, because it builds smaller ships, employs nearly as many men, and it also led to the establishment of the Belfast Rope Works, which is the largest undertaking of its kind in the world.—F. X. C.

He Was Curious.

The prisoner at the bar had a long list of previous convictions against him.

"Your worship," he said to the judge, "would you mind postponing the case for a week, the lawyer who is defending me is ill?"

"Dat you were arrested with your hand in the gentleman's pocket," objected the judge. "What possible defence can your lawyer make?"

"Just so, your worship. That's why I want the case postponed. I'm curious to know what on earth he will say!"

The King's Plans for India.

The next great event for which King George and Queen Mary are preparing is, of course, the Indian durbar, and much of the equipment has been despatched from England, including the traveling and reception tents, which have been made after the model of, but more extensive than, those made for the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia during their African tour.

The king has given further commissions to certain jewelry firms for articles of various descriptions, with the royal monogram, to serve as presents while in India.

Delhi-ke-Bashab is the title with which the king-emperor will be hailed at the durbar. No official programme is ready, but the work of preparation is well advanced, and it is well known what it will be like. It involves almost the reconstruction of the city, roads, railroads and sanitation all being extensively improved.

King to Crown Self.

King George will be the first of the English, to be crowned Delhi-ke-Bashab. He himself will perform the act of crown ing, as no religious ceremony is possible in a land full of so many jarring creeds as in India.

For King George and Queen Mary special crowns are being made at the crown jeweller. They will be of a characteristic Indian type and will be assumed by them with their own hands at the durbar on Dec. 12.

The king and queen will be in Delhi from Dec. 7 to 15. The king then leaves for a shooting expedition at Nepal, when he will be the guest in a shooting camp of the maharajah, the queen remaining at Agra.

Among the ceremonies fixed is a state entry into Delhi, presentation of the inevitable addresses and the reception of several thousand Indians in a pavilion on historic ridge, where the British camp was during the mutiny days.

Chiefs to Meet George.

Two days are set apart for visits from the ruling chiefs, the king being anxious to come into personal touch with them, and for these two days he will do nothing but converse with the rulers of native India.

This is looked upon as a stroke of very wise policy, due entirely to the king's comprehension of the Indian problem, in which he is known to have taken a very deep interest, and it is considered that it will make permanent the good effects of his trip to India.

The king will not return his visit, in that respect his place being taken by Lord

Harlinge, who, when the king steps ashore at Bombay, ceases to be viceroys and becomes simply the governor general.

The durbar will be witnessed by at least 50,000 persons. The scene is expected to be overwhelmingly splendid even to the Indian mind, which expects a great deal. There is to be on another day a review of 80,000 troops. Calcutta children will sing the national anthem in that city in four languages, English, Gujarati, Marathi and Urdu.

5 Minutes the Time Hyomei Takes to Relieve a Cold or Croup.

At the first sign of a cold breathe Hyomei (pronounced High-o-me) It will relieve the most stubborn cold in the head in five minutes.

Hyomei's way is nature's way. It is a well known fact that we breathe disease germs and you can only overtake them by breathing the healing essence provided by nature. The medicated air of Hyomei immediately comes into contact with the disease germs. These they quickly overcome and destroy. The work of healing is then commenced.

The Hyomei outfit consists of a hard rubber pocket inhaler and a bottle of Hyomei. This costs \$1.00 (Extra bottles 50c.) All druggists or postpaid from The R. T. Booth Co., Ltd., Fort Erie, Ont.

Hyomei is guaranteed to cure catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, coughs, colds and croup. Money back if it fails. Sold and guaranteed by J. Sutton Clark.

Agriculture in the Jordan Valley.

(From Consul General W. Stanley Hollis Beirut, Asiatic Turkey.)

Many people have thought it strange that some extended use has not been made of the rich lands in the Jordan valley and that some irrigation system has not been devised to utilize the millions of gallons of water that are weekly carried by the River Jordan simply to be evaporated in the Dead Sea.

The Jordan Valley is a long plain extending along both banks of the river and bounded on either side by the mountains, first of Samaria, then of Judea, and then of Moab. In the upper reaches the mountains come close to the banks, while lower down near Jericho and the Dead Sea the plain is quite extensive, reaching a width of about fifteen miles on both sides. In this region the waters of the river might be turned to advantage.

It has recently been reported, however, that a syndicate has acquired a large tract of land in this district, which is going to be exploited by a system of irrigation. The land being Turkish domain land, the company has agreed to pay per cent of its profits to the government against the lease. About \$200,000 have been devoted to the redemption of this tract.

Whether cotton will be grown or not in this district is still a matter of doubt. One man from Jerusalem has imported cotton seed from Egypt and tried it in the Jordan Valley with every satisfactory result. Lack of capital was the reason why such an experiment was not further continued. There is one difficulty besides that of water which stands in the way of cotton growing: it is the difficulty of transport. The means of communication in the valley are very primitive. The nearest railway station is Amman, which lies across the river and is one day's journey to Jericho. Jerusalem is about 2,000 feet above the valley and about seven hours distant; and next is Haifa which, for commercial purposes, is too far removed from the centre of the agricultural district. This difficulty might be surmounted by building a station on the Hedjaz railway line nearest to the valley and thus bringing the district into communication with Haifa and Damascus.

When at Haifa recently I was informed that although there is a steady stream of Syrian emigrants leaving the country, this exodus is counterbalanced in a way by the influx of a considerable number of Jews, mostly from Russia, of the agricultural classes, who are very industrious and hard working and who make excellent farmers. These people may prove to be the pioneers in the agricultural regeneration of these lands.

Advertise in Greetings.

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

NOTICE

A large number of our subscribers are more or less in arrears, all of whom we would ask to kindly make a prompt remittance. This is a very small matter to the individual subscriber but when multiplied by the hundreds, it is a matter of quite large dimensions to the Editor.

The date under your address will inform all of the date they are paid up to. Remember 25 p. c. discount allowed when subscriptions are paid in advance.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.

S. S. CONNORS BROS. will leave St. John for St. Andrews Saturdays mornings calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Blacks Harbor, Back Bay or Letete, Deer Island and Red Store or St. George.

RETURNING leave St. Andrews for St. John Tuesdays mornings calling at Letete or Back Bay, Blacks Harbor, Beaver Harbor, and Dipper Harbor. "Tide and Weather permitting."

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Thorne Wharf & Warehouse Co.
Freight for St. George received up to Noon Fridays, not later.

Manager LEWIS CONNORS
Blacks Harbor, N. B.

An Independent Miner

The Mexican miner is the best in the world, says Mr. S. D. Woods in "Lights and Shadows of Life on the Pacific Coast" and he gives an instance of an old Mexican who seemed by an instinctive faculty to know where "mineral" can be found. He was nearly seventy years of age, and had, apparently, no ambition beyond providing for his own simple needs.

He was, I think, the best mineralogist and worker of ores I ever knew. He would take his little sack, wander over the hills for perhaps a month, and delve into the old dumps of the abandoned mines. By this search he would, in a month's time, fill his sack with a hundred pounds of ore. This ore was rebellious, and required the most careful and skillful reduction and refining.

For this purpose he had built in one of the canons near by, out of adobe which he had made himself, a little smelter and a refinery.

The work accomplished by means of this little adobe smelter and refinery was as complete as could be found in the magnificent system of Swansea, which is the world's chief mineral reduction plant, and to which are sent the rebellious ores which defy the skill of the resident ore-workers.

The old Mexican would build a little fire in his smelter, and when the heat was just right, cast in with the necessary fluxes, which he would gather from the hill slopes, his little handfuls of rebellious ores, and by and by out of the smelter would run a little stream of mineral, in which were mingled lead, copper silver and gold. The mass would be, perhaps, out of the hundred pounds he smelted, about half as large as an ordinary foot-hall.

The mass of unseparated ore he would subject to the processes of his little refinery, and by and by—for the process was slow-out of the refinery would flow the separated streams of gold, the silver and the lead; and thus from his hundred pounds of ore the old Mexican would usually secure from fifty to seventy-five dollars. This was enough to supply his simple wants for quite a while, and it was by this process of the highest scientific character that this old, uneducated, simple-minded man brought to himself what he called the necessities and comforts of life.

Camels for South Africa

It is not generally known that for many years past the Cape of Good Hope Government has utilized camels as a means of postal and police communication in the more remote and arid districts of what is

now the Cape Province, stretching away north to the area of Gordonia, on the Orange River. The authorities at Cape Town have recently replenished their stock of these "ships of the desert" by the purchase of a dozen, which are now being shipped from Suez, in charge of Belouinus who accompanied them from the Sudan.

Berlin's Wealth.

Berlin with its surroundings represents about nine per cent. of the population of the Kingdom of Prussia, but it pays in taxes one-fourth of the total amount collected on incomes. The total amount assessed in Prussia was 294,000,000 marks at the end of 1910. Berlin itself contributed 42,000,000 but when the suburbs are included the sum amounts to 72,500,000. The German metropolis pays 10,000,000 more than the whole Rhenuish Province, and the six eastern Provinces furnish to the Treasury 10,500,000 marks less than does Berlin.

Dirt and Disease

Lowering of Death Rate Due to Increasing Cleanliness.

When the celebrated Paris physician was asked how the city could prevent the coming of a plague then ravaging other European places he answered, "Boil your ice!" the tersely called attention to the necessity of utter cleanliness and that even ice made from impure water carried disease.

"Yellow fever," said Henry Ward Beecher, "is God Almighty's opinion of dirt." The chief contributing cause toward modern efficiency in surgery is that surgeons have learned to keep clean. Nothing is so spotless as a good hospital. Everything is boiled and sterilized—beds, instruments, clothing, wash-rags, floors, hands, and finger nails. That is why they save lives there. Nobody would die if he could keep perfectly clean. Death is the final triumph of dirt.

That Bald Spot

Don't let that bald spot grow! Go to your druggist at once and get a bottle of Parisian Sage and if that don't check the falling hair, and cause new hair to grow, nothing will.

Dandruff is the cause of baldness; dandruff germs cause dandruff. Parisian Sage kills the germs, eradicates dandruff, stops falling hair and itching scalp. We will refund your money, if it fails to do this in two weeks. Parisian Sage will cause the hair to grow, if the hair root be not dead. It causes the hair to grow thicker, more luxuriant, and puts new life into it.

The girl with the Auburn hair is on every package of Parisian Sage. It is sold for 50c. by all druggists or sent postpaid by The Gironx Mfg. Co., Fort Erie, Ont., on receipt of price. Sold and guaranteed by J. Sutton Clark.

For Sale

14 tons of hay, 3 milch cows, 2 beef cattle, 3 young cattle, 1 Horse five years old weighing 1600 lbs., 1 truck wagon, 1 top buggy, 1 express wagon, 1 pump, 3 sets of harness, 1 single mower, 1 harrow, 1 horse rake, 1 hay cutter, 1 pitching machine, 2 sets of bob sleds, 1 long sled, 1 cream separator, 1 organ with the rest of my household furniture.

Apply to
David Nichols
Elmcroft.

Speaks Without Tongue

ORGAN REMOVED, BUT MAN RETAINS COMMAND OF EIGHT LETTERS

Despite the loss of his tongue by an operation, Fred W. Maune, of St. Louis, Mo., will retain command of eight letters of the alphabet and their combinations, affording a vocabulary of about fifty words in common use, according to Dr. Greenfield. Sluder Maune's tongue was removed by the hospital surgeons to prevent his death from a cancer due to excessive smoking.

The sounds which Maune will be able to articulate without his tongue are the vowels "a" as in arm and "o" as in blow and the consonants "p," "b," "m," "h," "f," and "v."

In literature, Maune will be able to name Poe and Pope, but not Longfellow

and Dr. Maune. He can refer to a "poem" which most people will recognize as "poem."

He can address his parents as "pa," and "ma," but not as "father" and "mother." He can call for a "bow," but not for an "arrow," and ask for an "aim," but not for a "gift." The only tone of the scale which he can enunciate will be "fa." He can both "hope" and "mope," but not "grieve."

The surgeons cut Maune's lower lip and throat to the "apple" and burned the tongue out at the root. The vocal cords were not affected by the operation. Maune is fifty-two years old.

Good and Bad Points.

"Did you enjoy your coffee, sir?" asked the waiter of the man who had dined.

"Well—
"Excellent coffee, sir, was it not?" We pride ourselves upon our coffee. I should very much like to hear your opinion of it."

"Waiter, that coffee had its good points and its bad points. One of its good points is that there is no chicory in it."

"Yes, sir," said the waiter, rubbing his hands in expectation of a tip. "Very good point, sir. No chicory in it."

"Yes," replied the diner, and one of its bad points is that there is no chicory in it."

And the waiter's smile faded away.

No Hurry.

A number of weeks after an old man was appointed postmaster of a small village the villagers and their friends began to complain about the non-delivery of letters.

An inspector investigating the matter found out that the postmaster had sent out no letters since his entrance into office, and, pointing to the hundred or more dusty letters that the postmaster had kept by him, said sternly:

"Why on earth didn't you let those go?"
"I was waiting till I got the bag full," said the old man, with a gentle smile.

Made Him Think

He was her very best young man and she was doing all she could to encourage him.

"Did you know," he asked, "that I passed your house last evening?"
"Of course I did!" she answered promptly. "Did you think I wouldn't know you step?"

And the young man grew thoughtful and grave, for he had passed in a cab.

We Are Now Fully Equipped For Your Fall Trade!

Men's, Youth's & Children's Clothing
**POPULAR IN PRICE!
SMART IN STYLE!**
Satisfaction Giving in Every Respect

SWEATERS An Endless Variety at every Price, up to the Finest Goods, made in all styles and cuts, all colors and combinations of colors, all sizes and all weights, for Men, Boys, Women, Misses and Children. . . .

UNDERWEAR Good Quality, good finish good fit and at moderate prices, for Men, Women and Children.

FURNISHINGS We are Always in the lead with the very latest in Gloves, Shirts, Collars, Neckwear, Socks and everything in Furnishings, for Men and Boys. . .

High Class, **STYLISH CAPS** For Fall
Prices run from 50c. to \$1.50

Frauley Bros.
The St. George Clothiers & Furnishers

Advertise in the Greetings!

OCTOBER 6th. 1911!

We have this week Landed 30 Barrels Gravenstein Apples direct from the growers in Nova Scotia. They are No. 1, 2 and 3. - - Quality is extra good and Prices are Correct Have a Barrel - - - for - - - Your Home!

JOHN DEWAR & SONS, Ltd.

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THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS
ST. GEORGE, N. B.
PUBLISHED FRIDAYS
J. W. CORRELL, Editor

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All Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the writers name and address.
Correspondents have a well equipped job printing plant, and turn out work with neatness and despatch.

FRIDAY, OCT. 6 1911

Ship with no Masts or Funnels Crosses Atlantic.

A great deal of interest is being felt in shipping circles by the arrival in Canada of the ship "Toiler." This ship represents a veritable revolution in our St. Lawrence and lake carriers, and bids fair to establish an entirely new type of boat for our inland water transportation. The "Toiler" is in many respects a most extraordinary vessel and unlike any ship that has ever before come up the St. Lawrence. This is due to the fact that she is propelled by combustion oil engines, and is the first ship ever driven by oil to be employed in the St. Lawrence and Canadian lake route.

The vessel was designed and built by Messrs. Swan, Hunter & Wigham Richardson, Ltd., the world renowned ship building firm of Wallend-on-Tyne, England, who built the "Mauretania" and other vessels. Messrs. Swan, Hunter & Wigham Richardson have for years been deeply interested in shipbuilding for Canada, and have built a large number of vessels for our Upper Lakes and the St. Lawrence traffic, as well as for Canadian ocean trade, both on the Atlantic and the Pacific. Their interest in our inland traffic led them to design improvements from time to time which greatly increased the carrying power of vessels passing through our canals, and in the course of their investigation of the requirements of Canadian trade they studied various types of engines, oil, gas and electric, resulting in their designing eventually the present ship "Toiler" driven by Diesel oil engines. She carries no coal, shows no funnels, and practically no masts, and is altogether a unique looking boat. The ship was built in the Neptune yards of Messrs. Swan, Hunter & Wigham Richardson, Ltd., and has been consigned to Mr. Clarence I. deSola, of this city, the director of Messrs. Swan, Hunter & Wigham Richardson's business in this country. Mr. deSola will take over the vessel on arrival, and she will be operated in the trade between Montreal and Lake Erie.

The vessel is propelled by two sets of two cycle reversible Diesel engines. In many ways she is more economical than a steam driven boat. She has a greater deadweight capacity, owing to the fact that the Diesel engines are much lighter than steam engines and the boiler space is saved, and besides the oil fuel is carried in the double bottom in place of water ballast, thus saving bunker space. The consumption of oil is much less in weight than the consumption of coal for steam engines. In the "Toiler" the consumption at full speed does not exceed 1.75 tons per day of oil fuel of 18 B. T. U. calorific value, whereas with steam engines of equal power the consumption would not be less than eight tons per day. Not only is the economy of this vessel shown in the increased cubic capacity and the low fuel consumption, but the staff on board to attend to the Diesel engines is less than the staff required for steam engine and boilers.

The deck machinery and engine room accessories of the "Toiler" are driven by compressed air, being furnished by a compressor driven by a Diesel engine.

The electric light with which the vessel is fitted obtains its power from a paraffin engine. The accommodation is heated by hot water, the heat being obtained from the exhaust gasses of the main engine. There is thus no steam on board the boat and the vessel, therefore, presents an unusual appearance in having no funnels, and as the masts are mainly used for hoisting purposes and, therefore, very small, her appearance is unrecognizably different from that of the types of boats to which we are accustomed.

The Cause of the Political Turnover.

(To the Editor of the "Witness.")
Sir: My theory is that the real overture which defeated reciprocity was the old jealousy of Quebec in Ontario. The feeling against the solid Quebec majority had become intensified during the last two years over the Bucharistic Congress and the Ne Temere decree, and also of the recrudescence of Nationalism. The mass of the people in the upper province had been set "on edge" by these several factors, and they were thus psychologically prepared to be swayed by the unjust suspicion of the real intention and purpose of reciprocity which has swayed them. They have really believed that it meant annexation, but they would not have believed it if they had not thought that Bourassa was the real voice of Quebec. It was this which made them suspect Laurier. If there had been no solid Quebec, or preponderating majority from this province, Ontario would not have voted for reciprocity.

It certainly looks as if the old spirit of antagonism between the two provinces is going to continue in our politics, to the danger of large national issues. My first feeling after the defeat was that it would have a dampening effect upon the Liberal party in ever taking up progressive measures. After such a setback it would be perfectly reasonable to argue with regard to any progressive measure that it may be in advance of public opinion.

The next thing to observe is, I feel that we can only "observe" now, prophecies being put out of business, what the effect will be in our provincial affairs. Will it be reaction or not?

The Liberal government are now hard at work cleaning up house, and it is possible they may place their resignation in the hands of the governor today (Thursday) but in all probability it will be Friday before they are able to do so. It is reported that they have awarded the contracts for I. C. R. extensions, and other contracts received, some pressure is being brought to bear on them to also award the Courtenay Bay contract at St. John many conservatives as well as Liberals thinking it better that the matter be closed up rather than be left in abeyance.

Mr. Borden has intimated that he will not be ready to assume control until Friday at the earliest, all kinds of rumors are going the rounds as to the composition of the future cabinet, one of the latest is that Premier Hazen will be the Minister of Railways and that Charlotte Country will be reopened for him. Mr. Hartt resigning also that Dr. Daniel will be shelved in the Senate and that J.B.M. Baxter will contest St. John County the conservative standard bearer.

Van Horne is at Ottawa in close conference with Borden and it is reported that he has been offered a cabinet position but is unlikely to accept. Crockett of Fredericton who has been making a big fight for one of the plums seems now to be left in the shade.

It is now expected that the New Cabinet will be announced on Monday. Sir Thos. Tait is spoken of as head of the I. C. R. Board of management, it is also reported that there will be some surprises as a dark horse not among the throng of office seekers will come to the front at the end of the race, Mr. W. T. White of Toronto is spoken of for Finance Dpt.

"Now, Miss Agely," said young Mr. Rich. "I should like to propose..." "Oh this is so sad..." That we have some ice-cream..." "That would be lovely! I like straw..." "Some evening when the weather is warmer."

FARM AND FIELD

Holstein Herds Also Proved to be Low in Butter Fat.

The recent finding of a number of Holsteins in New Jersey state has caused some interesting investigations as to the reasons of the milk being below the required standard.

Upon looking in the matter closely, and after sampling and testing a number of milkmas from the herds which were found to be below standard and observing the methods used in handling the milk, it has been found that the cause of the low test in 90 per cent of the cases looked into was due undoubtedly to neglect on the part of the dairymen to mix properly the entire milk from the whole herd before delivering to the creamery or bottling for shipment.

In every instance where the duplicate sample taken by the Standard of Health testing for shipment. In every instance where the duplicate sample taken by the Standard of Health testing for shipment. In every instance where the duplicate sample taken by the Standard of Health testing for shipment.

There are a number of causes which are apt to make the per cent of butterfat in normal milk low and especially in this noticeable in Holstein herds where there is not at any time a great margin between the standard requirements and the herd average.

The following are some of the causes which were most frequently met with in studying conditions outlined above:

1. Holstein heifers having just freshened with their first calf. In two instances the normal milk tested only 2.1 per cent of butterfat.
2. Heavy producing Holstein cows from the season to the next.
3. In a number of cases where cows were suckling their calves, it was found that the practice was to leave about half of the milk from all the tests for market purposes previous to letting the calves suck. This would undoubtedly tend to produce a low test of milk sold, as the last milk drawn is always richer than that taken at any other time during the milking.
4. Carelessness in mixing the milk was undoubtedly caused some of the low tests.

CORN TILLAGE GOOD FOR SHEEP.

Experiments Prove That Silage Has Great Advantages Over Roots as Economical Feed.

The Dominion Experimental Farm is showing its worth to farmers by its practical experiments and even more so than its recent trials in stock food.

In a series of experiments conducted for two years under the direction of J. H. Grisdale, director of the Dominion Experimental Farm, it has been found that silage has a great advantage over roots as an economical sheep feed.

Duplicating the experiment of the preceding year, twenty-seven lambs of uniform weight were divided into three groups of nine each and fed different rations from which to form a basis of the experiment. No. 1 group was fed on clover hay, meal and turps; No. 2 on clover hay, meal and silage; the latter replacing the turps; and No. 3 group was fed on clover hay, meal, turps and ensilage mixed.

CARE OF PEACH TREES.

Selection Determined by Locality.

The varieties of peach trees selected must be largely determined by the locality in which they are to be grown as some varieties thrive better in some localities than others. If convenient to transport in many cases the earlier varieties are the most profitable, provided, of course, they are of good quality, but with peaches, as with almost every variety of fruit, if an extra fine quality is grown, there is no difficulty in selling at a good price.

PROGRESS OF AGRICULTURAL COLLEGES.

Ontario Makes Splendid Showing.

It is a maxim of trade that competition stimulates business. Apparently the principle holds true in regard to agricultural colleges, which have increased so greatly in numbers and in student attendance. Until about ten years ago there was no great gain made by the Ontario college at Guelph. Since that time the classes have grown larger every year, so that the present enrolment is nearly 1,000 with an additional 400 at the Macdonald Institute. This is a remarkable showing when it is considered that three other agricultural colleges opened in the meantime have narrowed its constituency somewhat.

We have in stock an immense quantity and full assortment of

SPRUCE Lumber
in all lengths and all sizes.
Spruce Boards
Spruce Scantling
Spruce Timber
HALEY & SON
St. Stephen, N. B.

The Most Up-to-date Repair Department in connection with this Jewelry Business in Eastern Maine.

All Kinds of 'Work Done
Jewelry mending and repairing, Diamond Mounting, Optical Work-fitting and repairing Class and College Pins and Rings, Gold Chain making and repairing, Watch Case making and repairing. Special Attention given to Watch-Work and all work guaranteed as represented.

OTIS W. BAILEY
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN
CALAIS, MAINE



For Sale
Farm containing 100 acres, Plenty of Wood, Good Water and Buildings, terms reasonable, Apply to
David Oliver
Manor Road, St. George, N. B.

Curbed His Curiosity.
"I wish I knew whether those were food-toms or snuff-toms."
"Taste them and find out."
"I don't want to know that badly."

Disappointment.
The growing cities of the west have heard how small they are. Perhaps the census man knows best, but, oh, it is a jar!

The Explanation.
"She is a tailor made woman all right."
"Can her husband stand it?"
"Sure. He is a trust made man."

The Grouch.
"Don't worry."
"Why not?"
"It won't do any good."
"Who said I wanted to do good?"

Run That Way.
"Man is such a creature of habit."
"And that isn't the worst of it."
"No."
"Most of them are bad habits."

Didn't Make an Impression.
"Are you afraid of lightning?"
"I should say not."
"Did it ever hit you?"
"Not that I remember of."

...the dairy luncheon in New York was tried to get all the Georges in America to do the same for the King.
The women named Mary in England have given a \$62,000 fund to Queen Mary.
And a British clergyman in New York named George, tried to get all the Georges in America to do the same for the King.

F. M. CAWLEY
ST. GEORGE, N. B.
Undertaker and Embalmer
Complete stock Funeral Supplies on hand
Prices lower than any competitor

J. B. SPEAR
Undertaker and Funeral Director
A full supply of funeral goods always on hand.
Telephone at Residence
All goods delivered free Prices to suit the people

Neat and Tasty
Printing
Greetings Office

Great Power From the Sun
Professor Sir J. J. Thomson delivered the first of a series of addresses on "Radiant Energy and Matter," at the Royal Institution, London, a few days ago.

There is no doubt that in the energy of the sun lies a great resource to fall back upon when other powers will use up.

Ottawa's Splendid New Hotel
The "Chateau Laurier," Ottawa, Ont., which will be owned and operated by the Grand Trunk Railway System, will be, without doubt, the finest hotel on this continent, not only architecturally, but also in regard to its general appointments.

Situated in Major's Hill Park, it faces to the west the Parliament Buildings and grounds, to the north the Ottawa River, and the Grand Old Laurentian Hills in the Province of Quebec. It can truly be said that the location is unsurpassed on this continent.

It is built in the French Chateau style in the most approved method of fire-proof construction. The frame of the building is steel, the walls are of Bedford limestone, surmounted with copper roof, and the whole building presents a majestic as well as picturesque appearance from every viewpoint. The possession of such a structure must prove to be not only a valuable asset to the city of Ottawa, but a credit to the Dominion of Canada.

The hotel will contain, in addition to its regular dining-room and cafe, a Ladies' Dining-Room, a State Suite, and a number of private dining-rooms, as well as three hundred and fifty bed-rooms with two hundred and sixty-two private bathrooms. Each bedroom will have a front outlook, for there is no court-yard to this hotel, and upon three sides it fronts the beautiful Major's Hill Government Park. Every feature of drainage, heating,

ventilation, lighting, and cooking arrangements have received the most detailed consideration, and will be of the most modern form and appointments.

Besides the ordinary entrance to the "Chateau" from the street, it will be connected with the Grand Trunk Railway's new Central Union Passenger Station by a private passageway.

Mr. F. W. Bergman, the Manager, has had a wide experience in hotel management, both abroad and in this country; he has been selected to make the "Chateau Laurier" the favorite hotel in America.

The hotel will be opened for business next fall.

Odd Fact: About Dust
FOUR THOUSAND MILLION PARTICLES OF IT IN A PUFF OF SMOKE
Dust would not be possible were it not for the fact that matter is almost infinitely divisible. It has been estimated that an average puff of smoke from a cigarette contains about four thousand millions of particles of dust.

A single grain of indigo will give color to a ton of water; of course says popular mechanics, a drop of this water must contain an immense number of ultra-microscopic particles of indigo.

A few grains of fluorescein, a substance derived from coal tar, will produce a distinct fluorescence, shining with a yellowish green light when strongly illuminated, in a hundred tons of water. To produce this result the fluorescein must be divided into countless billions of particles.

Every conceivable substance enters into the composition of dust. In street dust may be found bits of iron and steel from the tires of wagons, horse-shoes and the nails of our shoes, bits of leather from harness, fragments of wood, cotton, silk, stone, gold, silver, clothing, wool, hair, animal excreta, various ores, tin, paper, clay, sand, moulds, bacteria-in fact, everything under the sun.

Two seats in the Provincial Legislature are vacant—that of Mr. T. A. Hartt in Charlotte, and that of Mr. James Lowell in St. John county. Will these vacancies be filled, or is Mr. Hazen likely to call on a general election?

The United Kingdom ranks first in the importation of automobiles, the figures for the calendar year 1910 being \$24,989,000, against \$2,737,208 for the United States, \$2,457,000 for Germany, \$1,864,000 for France, and \$1,024,000 for Italy.

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE

That after Nov. 1st, 1900, our business will be conducted on a strictly CASH basis.

Will be in a position to give you great value as our stock in all departments consists of the very best bought at the lowest prices, consequently will sell low.

Do not forget the place. Come and bring your money, and if you cannot come yourself send your money.

ANDREW MCGEE - **Back Bay**

BACK BAY

Daniel Holland of Letang was a business visitor here one day recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Harris spent Tuesday here in town.

L. W. Thierbach attended the S. S. Convention in St. George Tuesday.

Mrs. Ned Oliver spent one day last week with her mother Mrs. E. Barrett.

Mrs. H. Harris and Mrs. Orben Harris spent one day recently with Mrs. D. Cook.

Miss Estella Mitchell spent a few hours in Letang Tuesday.

Miss A. Babcock is spending a few days here.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Leavitt spent one day recently with Mr. and Mrs. S. Dines of Letang.

Mrs. Wm. Mitchell was a business visitor in town recently.

Sam Leslie and Althes Cook captured a fine moose one day last week, when dressed it weighed 500 lbs., and antlers measuring 44 in.

Our teachers Misses Greason and Mitchell attended the institute at St. Andrews last week.

Capt. Snow of Nova Scotia arrived here one day last week with a good supply of apples selling very reasonable.

Robin Grey of St. George is working on the public wharf here.

Mrs. Spencer has returned to Toronto after a few months spent with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Saml. Craig.

Wilfred Kinney paid a business trip to Blacks Harbor one day last week.

Mr. Williamson of Second Falls was here during last week with apples.

Allie Kinney has purchased a new dingy.

Eben Leavitt spent one evening last week in St. George.

Allen Sprague lost a valuable horse one day last week.

Mrs. Murray Kinney was the guest of her sister Mrs. Eliza Cook Sunday.

Miss Agnes, Helen, and Grace Leavitt of Letang spent Sunday evening here with friends.

Mrs. Thos. French was the guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Eben Leavitt Monday.

A coal vessel arrived here Monday with a load of coal for A. McGee.

Mark Morrison and family have moved from town.

Pauline Craig is spending a few weeks with Mrs. Mary McGee.

A number of the men from St. John spent Sunday at their homes here.

LETELE

Mrs. Wilson returned to Deer Island after a short visit with her aunt Mrs. John Wentworth.

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Chubb attended the Calais fair last week.

James Seeley is laid off with quite a sore hand and his place with Capt. Willard Tucker in the 'Mildred' is being filled by Thos. Tucker.

Sidney Dines and daughter were in Eastport Saturday.

Mrs. J. Smith and family returned to their home in Canbridge, Mass. Monday after spending the summer very pleasantly at Letang.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard McNichol and family spent Sunday at Letang.

Mrs. George Cooper and Mrs. Lewis Holmes left Thursday morning for a short visit in St. John from whence Mrs. Cooper returned to her home in Boston and Mrs. Holmes spent a few days at Lubeo, Me.

Mrs. Seymour McLean and two children went to Lubeo on Thursday for a short visit with her sister Mrs. Dr. Holmes.

Miss Portia Seeley is stopping in Calais

for a few days receiving treatment from Dr. Gilbert.

Mrs. Samly McNichol was pleasantly entertained by Mrs. J. Smith Thursday.

Mrs. Enoch Mathews and brother Jacob Randall are passing a few days at Letang.

(From Another Correspondent)
Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Wentworth of Ansonia, Conn. who have been visiting here attended the Sunday School convention last week in St. George.

Those attending the convention in St. George from here were Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Wentworth, and Misses Hazel and Clara Dines.

Mrs. Colin McVicar of Mascarene and daughter Mrs. Smith of Pomeroy Ridge and Miss Gertrude Dick of High River, Alta. called on friends here last Friday.

The Viking did not come back Saturday evening as usual, owing to a mishap she had to lay in Eastport over night, but arrived Sunday afternoon ready to go on her route Monday morning.

Thos. Wentworth and wife who have been visiting her father and other relatives here returned to their home in Ansonia on Monday.

Mrs. John Holmes is visiting her daughter Mrs. J. W. Leland at Eastport, Me.

Walter Hoyt spent Sunday at his home leaving Monday morning to join the dredging company in St. Andrews on a trip to P. E. I.

The fall weather seems to be getting in its share of work this month and it makes people think more serious of gathering in their harvest.

Miss Daisy Hoyt has been on the sick list the past week but we are glad to know she is improving.

Mo-see seem to be quite plentiful the past week.

W. R. Wentworth and wife drove to Pennfield Monday.

School opened here Monday after a vacation of a few days, the teachers Misses Ma'loch and McCaffery being away attending the teacher's institute.

Election of Councillors was held here Tuesday, but at the time of writing do not know who was elected.

H. H. McLean and daughter Effie returned home on Saturday morning after spending a few days in St. John.

PENNFIELD

The Baptist church which has been closed for repair is opened again for service, much credit is due the Ladies for their efforts in raising money to help pay the debt, when completed it will be a handsome church.

Lizzie Murray was the guest of Marion Justason on Sunday.

Miss Margaret Beach of Honeydale is visiting her sister Mrs. Rupert Hawkins.

Fred Murray and Harry Young got a fine large moose on Saturday, they report game plentiful.

A number of young people enjoyed a pleasant evening at the home of Mrs. Murray on Tuesday.

Dan Justason and family have moved from St. George to his home here.

R. C. Justason and mother drove to Beaver Harbor on Tuesday evening to see Mrs. Ira Hawkins, whom we are sorry to say is very ill.

MASCARENE

Mrs. Alex. Maxwell and children are visiting Mrs. Wm. Hilyard for a few days.

Percy Stuart of Letang spent Sunday at his home.

Jas. Cumberland of Pomeroy Ridge spent Sunday at the home of Colin Mc-

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

THROUGH SERVICE

To

Quebec & Montreal

Ocean Limited

Leaves St. John 11.20

Maritime Express

Leaves St. John 12.35

Both daily except Sunday

Dining and Sleeping

Car Service

The Best in America

Meals Table D'Hote,

Breakfast 75c, Lunch-

eon 75c, Dinner \$1.00

The Only

All Canadian Route.

GEORGE CARVILL

City Ticket Agent, St. John.

Vicar.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Mathews are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a son.

Miss Wilena Maxwell is visiting friends here for a few days.

Miss Edith Stewart spent Sunday with friends at Back Bay.

Mrs. Chas. Smith of Pomeroy Ridge has been visiting her mother Mrs. Colin McVicar for the past week.

Menzie Chambers went to Letang on Tuesday where he will be employed for the fall.

Mrs. Wm. Mathews and son Stua and Annie Stewart spent Monday afternoon with John Stewart.

Mr. and Mrs. Nevin Cameron and daughter Mrs. Fulton are spending a few days here, arriving on Monday.

Benny Penny went to Calais Monday where he will spend the winter.

George Chambers spent Sunday evening in Calithness.

Miss Grace Stewart is spending a few days at her home.

Misses Leland and Stewart spent Sunday with Mrs. Thos. Tucker at Lower Letang.

Mrs. Em-ry Greason and daughter Helen called on Miss Emma Christie Wednesday.

Messrs Rod and Dick English and Roscoe Burgess were in St. George on Monday.

Jennie Leland spent Sunday evening with Grace Stewart.

John Dick of Letang called on friends Saturday evening.

NEW RIVER

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Marling of St. John called here for a few days on their wedding tour.

Mr. Fenwick and John Reid are in the woods on a hunting trip.

Mr. Izzard of St. John is spending the week on a hunting trip here.

Edgar Smith spent Monday night in St. John.

Miss Ada Mealey and Mrs. Ward and little daughter are spending a few days in St. Stephen.

Mrs. Margaret Giles was very bad on Saturday and Sunday. Dr. Taylor arrived on Sunday accompanied by Edward McGirr. She is a little better now.

A Nasty One

"Now, sir," began the smart K. C., "you say you discharged the plaintiff from your service because he was somewhat addicted to liquor. Is that correct?"

"It is," answered the defendant.

"Good!" said the G. C. "You do not consider it advantageous to yourself that your employees should be devotees of Bacchus?"

"That is so."

"Now, kindly tell the gentlemen of the jury—do you drink yourself?"

"That is my business!" retorted the defendant angrily.

"Quite so!" assented the K. C. suavely. "And have you any other business?"

LOCALS

A move is on foot, says an Ottawa despatch to the Montreal Star, among certain of his friends to get Hon. W. S. Fielding back in the House, and it is said that Mr. Law, of Yarmouth, may resign to make way for him.—Ex.

United States Senator Stephenson admits that he spent \$200,000 to get elected to the Senate, but he is quite unprepared to show the money was spent. If it were not that Mr. Stephenson is a New Brunswicker, it would be natural to suspect that he is not telling the truth.—Globe.

The wonderful growth of magazine circulation in recent years offers inviting fields for syndicators to act as take agents in soliciting subscriptions and pocketing the money collected in advance. A bulletin just published by the Periodical Publishers' Association shows 530 such to have been operating in different parts of the United States.

The financial statement of Yale University shows that the revenue of that institution in the year ending June 30 last, was \$1,317,385, but this was \$16,000 less than was expended. The trouble with many institutions of learning is that while the are given large sums of money with which to enlarge their work, the way to keep them in motion is not also provided for to the extent needed. In addition to the ordinary revenue stated above, Yale had in the year gifts for principal and income amounting to \$1,543,385, but this is \$1,250,000 less than in the year preceding.—Globe.

Carlson St. will soon have another of its stores as the Messrs Boyd are building an addition to their hotel taking in the passage way between it and the O'Brien & Kilmer store, to be used for their Hardware and Grocery business.

Bishop Richardson will hold Confirmation at St. Mark's church this Friday evening, after the ceremony he will preach the usual confirmation sermon. On Saturday he will leave for St. Stephen where he will also hold confirmation and preach on Sunday.

T. H. Fradley of Newport, R. I., arrived in town Friday of last week and is superintending the erection of a building on his farm to be used for storing his machinery. Mr. Fradley has made considerable improvements on his farm during the past year and will probably farm more extensive in the future.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Spinner and son Frank of Utopia called on friends here Monday.

Mr. Elliott of Nova Scotia is visiting his only daughter Mrs. Frank Leighton.

Misses Betrice and Kathleen Hart of Letang visited friends here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred McLeod of Letang spent a few days here last week with Mrs. Frank Leighton.

The Agricultural Society will hold a fair here Tuesday, Oct. 23th.

Mrs. L. Rutwick spent Friday afternoon with Mrs. Gideon Justason.

Joseph Hart of Grand Manan spent Sunday with friends here.

The ladies of the Baptist church intend holding a dinner and supper here this day.

Capt. Gideon Justason of the Sch. Division spent Sunday at his home here.

Miss Elytie Justason has come to Vancouver where she intends spending the winter.

C. Hart called on friends here Friday evening.

Mrs. Gideon Justason called on Mrs. Ellen McDowell Tuesday.

Teach rs' Institute.

Twenty-eight sessions held in St. Andrews.

The twenty-eight sessions of the Charlottetown County Teachers' Institute was held in Memorial Hall, St. Andrews, beginning on Thursday of last week with the following teachers present from St. George and vicinity:

B. A. Lee, M. E. Crawley, Mascarene, Edith I. Stewart, Callinnes, Delia M. Wetmore, Pennfield, Janet K. Holt, Boscage, Anna May Holt, Letang, Sara E. McCaffery, Besse McIlkay.

Letang, Mary L. Frost, Back Bay, Olive J. Mitchell, S. Helen Greason.

Lambert Town, Jennie L. Simpson, Lords Cove, Grace L. Condlan.

Words of Wisdom

More than half the cares of life are of anticipation.

We can persuade ourselves of something quicker than we can persuade anybody else.

We were not meant to be always happy; and the best things do not endure.

People are apt to despise what they are unable to appreciate.

One of the great mistakes of the past has been to suppose that any woman with a little good will on her part and a deal of good nature on her part of her partner can set up a satisfactory home.

Some people are often expressing wishes for the times which were gone, but it is far better to make use of the present.

Breadth of mind is often but another name for slackness of morals.

A woman who loses her pride in her children has lost her pride in herself.

It is human nature to be selfish; unselfishness is the product of teaching.

OUR CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

THE JOLE OLD CROW.

In the limb on an oak sat a jolly old crow, And whistled away with glee, with a song he knew, And he saw the old farmer go out to see, And he cried, "It's all for me, for me!"

"Look, look, how he scatters his seeds around! He is wonderful kind to the poor, the poor!" He had empty it down in a pile on the ground, I could find it much better, for I am sure!

"I've learned all the tricks of this wonderful man, Who has such a regard for the poor, the poor," That he lets 'em out his grounds in a regular plan, And covers his corn in a row, a row!

He must have a very great fancy for me; He tries to entrap me enough, But I measure his distances as well as he, And when he comes near, I'm off I'm off!"

IT is warming to the hearts of his opponents to see a heavy politician standing on a flimsy platform.

Money in Economy

Classified Want Ads are an economical and effective method of reaching the buying public. Their small cost is not an expense, but an investment which will return large dividends.

Who was Omar Khayyam?

"I dunno exactly; some bush leaver whose battin' average never brought him into the limelight, I guess."

Boys suits from 8 to 12 years, \$2.48 at Basse's.

Lamp burners should be washed frequently to remove dust and carbon that choke the perforations. Occasionally they should be boiled in a washing powder solution.

LOCALS

500 lbs. of the famous Golden Grain Yarn at 55c. per lb. at D. Bassen's.

The Oct. sitting of the County Court has been postponed to the 31st of the month.

Price Webster, the well known showman, opens a three night engagement at St. Andrews coming on the 23rd. He may possibly also show here, but he objects strongly to paying the license of 25 per night.

Carlson St. will soon have another of its stores as the Messrs Boyd are building an addition to their hotel taking in the passage way between it and the O'Brien & Kilmer store, to be used for their Hardware and Grocery business.

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MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

The Ameer's Vengeance

When Sir Charles Euan Smith, who died not long ago in England, was in the market place of an Afghanistan town he was fired at by a native. He lodged complaint with the Ameer, who appeared to take no notice of the incident, merely remarking, "That's all right." Sir Charles complained again and met with the same reply. He still thought that the Ameer was treating a serious matter with less consideration than it deserved, but the subject left him alone for some time. About a week afterward he was invited by the Ameer to ride with him. They rode for some distance outside the town and passed gibbet after gibbet. At length Sir Charles said: "Your Highness has been busy of late." "Oh, no," replied the Ameer, "they are your little lot." He had taken all the members of the would-be assassin's family and mangled every one of them.

Angry Samoan Women

ARMED WITH WHIPS AND STICKS THEY ATTACKED A MALE CRITIC. The latest news from the South Seas brings a story which illustrates, in a fashion at once comic and serious, the chief difficulty of the German empire-builder in Samoa, to wit, the readiness of the German settler to intermarry with the native women. The white population of the German colony is about 500, and there are already about 1,100 half castes. Of the twenty married German officials no fewer than twelve have Samoan wives. As the native girls nearly always speak English and refuse to learn German, the

frequency of these mesalliances causes particular disquiet in colonial circles in the fatherland. In April last a German settler named Michaels took it into his head to express these truths in a letter to the colonial newspaper, adding that quite apart from race considerations the Samoan women made inefficient and unworthy wives. Seldom has an author had more gratifying proof of his power to arouse interest and inspiration. The very next morning a deputation of several hundred Samoan women of various shades waited upon him armed with whips, sticks and gardening tools. The police were just in time to rescue Michaels by taking him into custody. But the dusky amazons scored in spite of the police, for the authorities had to bundle their clamorous orator out of the island as the only means of preventing serious trouble.

Manitoba is Quite Old.

For 200 Years Fur Traders Kept Most Settlers out of it. It may surprise many people who as late as ten years ago looked upon Manitoba as on the edge of the world to know that Manitoba probably is the oldest settled section of the North American continent west of the Mississippi River and north of New Mexico. It was near the present site of Winnipeg that Lord Selkirk settled his Red River colonists in 1813. Away up in the Peace River country, 200 miles north of Edmonton, the Hudson's Bay Company has a wheat mill that has been in operation for fifty years. And Edmonton is 1,000 miles west of Winnipeg and

about 300 miles north of the United States line. The mill grinds wheat that is grown in the great fur region. As a matter of fact western Canada was thoroughly explored many years earlier than was the district between the Missouri River and the Pacific coast in the United States. But for 200 years it was exploited by the fur traders, who discouraged every effort to turn it into an agricultural region. The factors of the fur company resisted the incoming of the farmer.

The American is ubiquitous in western Canada now. He is on the farm, in the towns, in the cities, in the irrigated districts, working hard and setting the pace for his neighbors. They have caught the boom spirit from him, and some of them, like the young Scot, even go him one better at times.

Yet they have reasons to boast, says the Columbian Magazine. Ten years ago Winnipeg had only 40,000 inhabitants. Ten years before that it was a small town. It is now the largest single inland grain market in the world. Saskatchewan, the middle of the three prairie provinces, is an empire in itself covering an area of approximately 250,000 square miles. Only the southern half has been touched, and less than a quarter has been developed to any extent. Still it does fairly well. In 1900 its wheat crop amounted to 3,443,771 bushels. Now it raises from 75,000,000 to 100,000,000 bushels annually. Its oat crop has grown from 1,600,000 bushels in 1908 to more than 100,000,000 bushels annually.

Alberta, the province just west of Saskatchewan, is following right along. It is the southern part of Alberta, near Calgary, in the Bow River Valley, where the largest single irrigation project in the world outside of Egypt has been undertaken by the Canadian Pacific Railroad. Three million acres are to be irrigated when the work is completed; about half a million acres are now under the ditch.

Do You Want?

- A** Driving Harness Nickle, Rubber or Brass Mounting.
- A** Suit of Clothes, made to measure by the House of Hobberlin Toronto. Fit Guaranteed.
- A** Pair of Boots or Shoes for any member of the family.

Special Discount for August
500 PAIRS
Footwear to be Sold
H. McGrattan & Sons,
 ST. GEORGE, N. B.

WEDDING PRINTING

IS A
SUCCESSFUL SPECIALTY OF OURS

Let Us Show You Samples, and

Quote You Prices.

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

Subscribe TO Greetings

PATRICK McLAUGHLIN, J. P.
 Collecting Justice Conveyancer, Licensed Auctioneer, etc. Office Clinch street.

A big stock of latest novels by popular authors. Fruit at lowest prices.
 L. B. YOUNG'S.

JOHN B. SPEAR, Contractor and Builder. Estimates furnished.

Try Greetings for
JOB PRINTING!
 St. George, - N. B.

NOTICE

The Parish Aid of St. Mark's church, St. George, after Sept. 20th, 11, will undertake to do quilting, make underclothing and frocks for children, kitchen aprons made for 10 cents each, and all kinds of underclothing for ladies, gentlemen and children repaired at reasonable rates. Apply to Mrs. J. Spencer or Mrs. G. Clinch.
 St. George, Aug. 31, 1911.

Job Printing at
 The Greetings Office.

Bassen's Great Selling Out

BIG BARGAIN SALE

For the next 6 Months! - Save! Save! -

The Largest Orders we Ever Placed, we Placed Last Spring

Not Knowing the Result of our St. John Store. All is decided now.

Six Months More We have to stay in St. George

Our Stock will be Sold Right Here! We don't want much left, if possible none!

People start in Saving, just now! and Continue doing so!

FOR Millinery, Ready-to-Wear Clothing and Furnishings for ladies and gents, Flannels, Dress goods, Corsets Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, Ribbons, Hats Caps, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, - - Anything, Everything, you want for yourself or family, Come to Bassen's, and Save money & time! You can do all your shopping Here!

Specials 10,000 Yards Shaker Flannels, Mill Ends worth 12 & 14c., we sell them at 10c. the best you ever got for the price. 400 Shaker Blankets, 98c. & \$1.35 a pr. Wool Blankets, white and grey, Comfortables grey, red and blue flannels, all at **SELLING OUT PRICES.** We bought Lots and do not want any Left in the Spring. **COME TO Bassen's STORE FOR SAVING.**

At D. Bassen's,

St. George, N. B.