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THE DO-IT-YOURSELF (DIY) MARKET IN JAPAN

REPORT ON

EXPORT DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES

MAY 1985 — MARCH 1987

THE DO-IT-YOURSELF (DIY) MARKET IN JAPAN

INDUSTRY/GOVERNMENT REPORT ON THE FIRST (SEPTEMBER 1985)

AND SECOND (SEPTEMBER 1986) DIY MISSIONS TO JAPAN

AND THE MITI STEP CANADIAN DIY COMMITTEE

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INTRODUCTION

The maturity of the Canadian DIY manufacturing industry and the potential to market DIY products in one of the largest consumer markets in the world led the Departments of External Affairs (DEA) and Regional Industrial Expansion (DRIE) to begin recruitment in May 1985 for the first DIY mission to Japan. The results of this mission, combined with the findings of a special Canada-Japan DIY Products Committee aimed at assisting Canadian manufacturers in understanding and penetrating the Japanese market would lead one year later to the second DIY mission to Japan.

This joint industry/government report spans two Canadian DIY missions to Japan, the activities associated with the joint Canada-Japan industry/government DIY committee, the Hinode Corporation's February 1987 mission to Canada and the last formal meeting of the MITI STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee in Tokyo. Beginning with the recruitment for the first mission, the report concludes with the last MITI STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee meeting on 26 March 1987.

Canada's DIY Industry in Brief

Canada has a well established and developed Do-It-Yourself industry, which underwent a major expansion in the late 1960s. In Canada DIY relates primarily to activities in and around the home that are designed to improve the home's function, efficiency, and/or appearance.

Home renovation expenditures in Canada reached approximately \$11.4 billion in 1985, and were expected to exceed those of new home construction. About 75 percent of all homeowners in Canada carry out maintenance, repair, or replacement work each year, at an average cost of just under \$700. Some 50 percent make additions, alterations, or improvements at an average cost of \$200. Over 40 percent of all homeowner renovations are DIY. Most of these DIY projects are indoor, not outdoor. Exterior DIY projects tend to be in lawn and garden care, with some eavestroughing work.

The importance of the DIY market to Canadian manufacturers is reflected by the following statistics: 50 percent of kitchen cabinet production was used in renovation (\$145 million) and 50 percent of wood mouldings and 43 percent of windows were used in home renovation (\$240 million).

Extensive Canadian manufacturing capability supplies the needs of Do-It-Yourselfers. At the same time, many Canadian manufacturers export DIY products. The United States is Canada's primary export market. Precise DIY production statistics in Canada are difficult to obtain. Most manufacturers produce a range of products that may also be supplied to the non-DIY trade (construction & home builders). As such, the breakdown of these sales figures is seldom released.

The Canadian Export Strategy Implemented

The first Canadian DIY mission to Japan was conducted 20-29 September 1985 (see Appendix A for membership). It was the first joint industry/government project aimed at assessing the export potential for Canadian DIY products and services in the Japanese market. The mission agenda also presented members with an opportunity to acquire an overview of the Japanese perspective on DIY and to identify possible market niches.

Coincident to, but quite separate from this first mission, the Japanese Government announced market liberalization measures in August 1985 aimed at increasing Japanese imports of foreign manufactured goods. As part of these measures, Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry (MITI) implemented a Specific Products Trade Expansion Programme (STEP) to promote the import of manufactured goods.

STEP provided a vehicle through which opportunities for Canadian DIY products could be further explored and more clearly defined. Following discussions with the Canadian and Japanese players, DEA, DRIE, the Canadian Embassy in Tokyo, and the MITI STEP Committee agreed to form the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee (see Appendix B for membership). This committee undertook to apply the STEP mandate to the Canadian Government's initial thrust to assist Canadian manufacturers in defining and assessing the Japanese DIY market.

The data collected in the first mission and its later analysis was combined and applied to exploratory discussions and "second stage" negotiations defining the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee mandate. This led to the Committee's decision to have the Research Institute for Distribution Policy in Tokyo conduct a <u>Survey of the DIY Market in Japan</u>.

The survey's description of the Japanese market for DIY products and services and its assessment of export opportunities, led to the second DIY Mission to Japan recruited by the Government of Canada (see Appendix C for membership). The programme in Japan, from 11 - 19 September 1986, was arranged by the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee. As a complementary initiative, DEA sponsored a Canadian Information Booth at the second International Japan DIY Show in Tokyo.

During this second mission, at a briefing held by the Hinode Corporation (see Appendix D for company profile) at its East Omiya DOITTO Store, Hinode announced its plan to sponsor a twenty member Hinode buyers mission to Canada 7-11 February 1987. Although initially the Canadian Hardware Show in Toronto was their primary focus, DRIE and DEA, in planning their itinerary, arranged for mission members to meet with several Canadian DIY manufacturers of wood and wood-related products and to tour Canadian types of DIY stores in Ontario and British Columbia.

The Hinode mission's comments and observations on their visit to Canada were presented in Tokyo on 13 March 1987 at a meeting hosted by the Canadian Embassy (see Appendix E for attendees). At this meeting DEA took the opportunity to present an overview of Canada's two DIY missions to Japan and of the Canadian response to the MITI STEP initiative as it pertained to Canadian DIY products. Discussion of follow-up activities planned for both sides of the Pacific concluded this meeting.

The last formal meeting of the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee was held in Tokyo 26 March 1987. It presented all members with the opportunity to review activities and results.

The preceding activities were designed and undertaken with the express intention of presenting the Canadian DIY industry with a better awareness of possible market niches in Japan. Detailed reports on these activities follow.

THE FIRST DIY MISSION TO JAPAN (20-29 September 1985)

The objectives of the first DIY mission were to undertake an initial overview of the Japanese market and to identify possible market niches for Canadian DIY products. The six Canadian mission members were marketers of the following DIY products: wallcoverings, parquet flooring, tongue and groove plank natural wood paneling, a consumer line of silicone products, garden hand tools convertible to upright, parts and fittings for built-in central vacuum systems, and cutting tools.

The Canadian Embassy in Japan arranged the mission's programme. It began with an introduction to Japan's DIY market and industry presented by the Japan DIY Association. This briefing took place at the 8th Japan DIY Show in Tokyo. Coincidently, this was also the first year this show would go international. The Japan DIY Association identified their main objective as building Japanese consumer awareness of the Japanese consumer's ability to repair or remodel home interiors by their own efforts. To this end the Association gears the first day of the Japan DIY Show to trade. The next two days were devoted to consumer end-users: educational tools are used to achieve the Association's main objective of informing and instructing the consumer.

The Association continued its briefing by pointing out that because of increasing labour costs, the Japanese attitude towards "do-it-yourself" activities was changing. A growing push towards the Beaver Lumber/Home Hardware type store in Japan was also evident (see Appendix F which was the Association's handout on the DIY industry in Japan).

This briefing was followed by a tour of the Japan DIY Show and then of the nearby Harumi Exhibition Home Centre. This Centre exhibits and displays a variety of housing-related products ranging from building materials and components to housing fixtures and interior goods. It includes thirteen model homes, each designed and furnished by leading pre-fab house manufacturers. Information services such as consultation on housing and financing, and catalogue delivery, are also provided. Coupled with seminars and meetings, the Japanese consumer is thus provided with the latest housing information.

Mission members then visited a Tokyu Hands Store (see Appendix G: Article from March 1987 Trade Scope).

During this visit one of the chain's managers took the occasion to stress that foreign manufactured products must conform to Japanese size requirements. The manager also discussed Japanese building safety and electrical codes, and the importance of product instructions for DIY use being translated into Japanese.

Mission members then travelled to East Ohmiya to tour a DOITO Store (part of the Hinode Corporation), and then to the Shibata Garden Tool Company.

Observations of the First DIY Mission Members

The debriefing of mission members took place at the Canadian Embassy in Tokyo. Their observations and comments included:

- Although Japan's DIY market is in its infancy, the market is growing. The time to break into it is now.
- While there exist good opportunities in Japan, Canadian exporters would need a clarification of the Japanese distribution system and how it applies to the import of foreign manufactured DIY products. The typical mark-up appeared to be 30 to 50 percent from the importer through the wholesaler to the retailer, although final store mark-up was based on how much the consumer would be willing to pay. The cost of advertising, which is mostly through newspaper and in-store flyers, is added to the store-shelf price of the product.
- Given how expensive housing is in Japan, the Japanese would prefer products of quality and prestige.
- In general, the Japan DIY Show was assessed as being less sophisticated than the Canadian Hardware Show in Toronto, in terms of a Canadian understanding of trade shows. Perhaps the main difference between the two shows was in the number of recreational products on display at the Japan DIY Show, and the fact that that show is specifically designed to meet the needs of consumer traffic and education.

- Japanese packaging of DIY products displayed at the DIY Show were, to the surprise of mission members, also considered less sophisticated than in Canada. By Canadian standards, packaging in general lacked colour and design creativity. There were few graphics and the quality of materials was considerably lower than expected.
- Some Canadian items packaged as a DIY product in Canada could be re-packaged on a larger scale for the construction, designer, and home builders markets in Japan.

JAPAN'S AUGUST 1985 MARKET LIBERALIZATION MEASURES AND THE STEP INITIATIVE

The Japanese government determined from the outset that STEP would not apply to agriculture, forestry, fisheries and livestock products, to energy and mineral resources, or to other primary commodities. Only one exception was made, that of Australian wine products.

The STEP programme stipulated that products selected had to meet the needs of and be beneficial to both countries. After careful consideration, and in full consultation on both sides of the Pacific, Canada chose the DIY products category. This permitted a wide selection of Canadian value-added hardware and manufactured wood products to fall within STEP's mandate. Shortly after that decision was taken, the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee in Japan was established (see APPENDIX B for membership). In Canada, representatives from DEA's Japan Trade Development Division and DRIE's Secondary and Service Industries Machinery and Converted Wood and Paper Products Divisions worked with the Canadian Hardware and Houseware Manufacturers Association (CHHMA) to establish the Canada-based connection.

It then became a question of where best to begin. In Canada, DIY is generally understood to mean the 4 Rs: Redecorating, Remodelling, Repairing, and Renovating; the greatest interest is in redecorating. The first DIY mission's assessment to the Japanese DIY market was that DIY was strongly identified as a recreational activity. However, as their assessment also indicated a maturing orientation towards the North American idea of DIY, it was determined that there would be significant value in a DIY Survey being undertaken to highlight the following:

- Trends in the Japanese DIY market;
- 2) Trends in the demand for DIY products in Japan;
- 3) Distribution of DIY products in Japan; and
- 4) Position and prospects of Canadian products in the Japanese market.

At the same time, the study would attempt to answer such questions as:

- What do Japanese consumers and retailers consider to be DIY?
- As the Canadian and Japanese concepts of DIY appear to be different, what exactly are the differences and to what degree do they differ?
- How do the differences affect the ability of Canadian companies to meet Japanese market demands?
- What DIY products do Japanese retailers and consumers look to buy?
- What do they currently buy?
- From whom do Japanese retailers generally source foreign manufactured products?
- What type of DIY products are currently being imported into Japan?

The DIY Survey presented an analysis of the demands of product selection and identified the trends of the Japanese DIY market. For the purposes of this report the survey's main findings are interspersed with the second DIY Mission members' observations.

Upon review of the survey's findings, the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee agreed to arrange a programme in Japan for Canadian companies who might best benefit from participation in a second DIY mission. Recruitment would be undertaken by DEA and DRIE.

THE SECOND DIY MISSION TO JAPAN (11-19 SEPTEMBER 1986)

The second DIY mission resulted from the recognition of the wide range of Canadian products suitable for the Japanese market, the growing and maturing market for DIY products in Japan, and the findings of the DIY Survey on Japan's market potential. The goal of this second mission was to introduce to Japan a selection of Canadian DIY products, and introduce Japan to some of Canada's most successful manufacturers. As well, the First Vice-President of CHHMA, William Kushlick, was able to participate in this mission.

The second DIY Mission's main objectives were:

- 1) To assess the state and growth of the Japanese DIY market, and the potential for the export of Canadian DIY products to that market; and
- 2) To establish the export potential of the seven manufacturing companies whose representatives accompanied the mission.

The mission's itinerary prepared by the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee, gave a thorough overview. of, as well as practical insights into, the Japanese DIY market. During the first mission, Canadian members had visited only the Japan DIY Show. On the second mission, the Canadian government participated in this show (being the Second International Japan DIY Show), with an enhanced information booth (see Appendix H for list of 1986 show exhibitors). The Canadian stand presented the companies of mission members and other Canadian manufacturers unable to participate in the mission, with an opportunity to exhibit product samples and literature. Over fifteen Canadian products were displayed, including wire racks and polyethylene film, wood spindlets for corner stands, flower stands, wood spindles for bookshelves and furniture, door systems (closet and shelving hardware), pre-pasted solid vinyl wall coverings, smoke detectors, pine components and panels, pine knock-down furniture (chairs and end tables), snow shovels, and hardwood and parquet flooring.

Individual appointments were scheduled for mission members with potential Japanese purchasing agents on two occasions: the first was on-site during the Japan DIY Show at the Canadian information booth, and the second at the Japan Export Trade Relations Organization (JETRO) headquarters.

Mission members then visited the DOITO Home Centre in East Omiya where they were given an overview of the Hinode Corporation's extensive operations. Mission members noted the existence of a wide variety of "How To" brochures available free of charge, located near the check-out for easy access. A selection has been included in this report (see Appendix I).

Mission members also visited the Tokyu Hands Store in Tokyo and other DIY outlets in the Tokyo area, the Japan Home Products Show, and the Harumi Exhibition Home Centre. At Tokyo Hands the following foreign manufactured hardware items were among the type of brand names being sold: Bosch, Knipex (German); in plyers: Bachro-(Swedish), Proto (U.S.), Beta (Italian); Snap-on-Tools and wrenches (U.S.); Heyco (German); Facon (French); Belzor and Stahlwill (German); Stanley Saws (U.S., identified by a store employee for use only by home builders/construction), Agdor axe (Swedish); Wolfcraft dovetailor and combination jig (German); Cooper Tools (Canadian); and Sandvik sanders (Swedish - labelled under licence).

Mission members had the unique opportunity of viewing two private residences in a Tokyo suburb: those of a banker and a JETRO deputy director. Members also had the opportunity to discuss constraints on Canadian product imports with the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee. A reception at the Minister Commercial's residence, to which potential Japanese buyers were invited, presented mission members with an informal opportunity to further pursue new clients.

Notes from the September 12, 1986 Briefings by the Hinode Corporation and the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee

The following presents a synopsis of the September 12 briefings by the Hinode Corporation at their East Omiya DOITO Store, and by the Japan DIY Association and JETRO at the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee meeting.

The Hinode Corporation Briefing

The Hinode Corporation has 190 member stores, called DOITO DIY Centres. Of their product lines, sales are highest in automotive products. Sales in housewares, such as cleaning products, are second. Laminated wood

products, excluding wood furniture, were third highest in sales. Items such as toasters, fry pans, and other small appliances are usually sold in department stores and supermarkets, and are not sold in the DOITO DIY centres. Knock-down kitchen cabinets tend not to be popular because ready-made products are reasonably priced. Drywall is usually contracted to professionals.

Energy-saving devices are very popular. Among the items for sale are window-film, insulation materials, and solar panels. Weather-stripping is available in Japan, but product is generally sourced from domestic manufacturers in Hokkaido.

As an importer, the Hinode Corporation sells to 45 distributors. Because of the Japanese business ethic, that of not by-passing the wholesaler, 95 percent of purchasing is from distributors and not directly from the manufacturer. Decisions to purchase a new product for Hinode owned stores are made at Hinode's headquarters. New products are occasionally tested for consumer reaction; the DOITO DIY Centers have areas designated for DIY-type demonstrations.

At the <u>East Omiya DOITO DIY store</u> visited by the mission, 3 percent of sales merchandise is imported, mainly from the United States (approximately \$US180,000). Mission members identified wood, hardware, and windows from the United States, and wood spindles from Canada and the United States for sale among the items imported to the East Omiya store.

The layout of this store locates the DIY demonstration area and hard products on the first floor. Soft products such as those sold in grocery stores are on the second floor, as are lighting and bathroom fixtures, wallpaper furniture, floor coverings, and some toys.

Visitors to the DOITO DIY Centres are 70 percent male and 30 percent female.

The Hinode representative noted that the consumer response to the Canadian label appears to be favourable, but added that Canadian brands are often equated with those from the United States.

The Japan DIY Association Briefing

The Japan DIY Association presentation began with a general statement that Canada, is perceived as an uncomplex healthy clean country with an abundant resource

base. The Association felt this image should be used to strengthen Canada's approach to the Japanese market, particularly with respect to wood products, the natural colour of which suits Japanese tastes.

The overall breakdown of DIY products imported into Japan is:

1/2 from Australia;

1/3 from France, Germany, and England;

1/4 from the United States; and

1/8 from Canada.

In the past, repair and improvement of the home in Japan has not been common because:

- The Japanese do not have the custom of changing the appearance of their home with the seasons (for example, repainting during spring-cleaning); and
- 2) The exterior appearance of their home is not associated with the interior, and therefore the exterior appearance is not essential to the Japanese sense of pride of home.

Use of DIY products in the average Japanese household is about Yen 18,000 to 19,000 (converted at Yen .0087/\$1 Cdn = \$156.30). However, future growth of DIY activities in Japan is expected as evidenced by the Yen 1 billion growth in DIY sales since 1972. The concept of DIY is also expected to be a catalyst for the changing housing market.

The JETRO Briefing

Mr. T. Fujimura began by noting that Japan had experienced rapid economic growth until the 1970s when expansion gradually decelerated and competition for the Japanese consumer purchase intensified. However even now, while the Japanese market has an abundant supply of the goods it needs, there is a place for high-quality foreign manufactured products.

As the life expectancy of the average Japanese increases, more attention is being paid to the quality of life; for example, longer vacations are being enjoyed. Within this changing lifestyle, DIY products are now marketed to the Japanese consumer as being part of that enhancement.

The range of DIY products in Japan currently on sale are selected to meet the demands of both the inexperienced and the experienced handyman. To satisfy consumer demands, DIY stores stock both DIY and handicraft/hobby products. The majority of merchandise in these stores tends to be domestic with a significantly smaller selection of foreign manufactured products. However the larger chains, such as Tokyu Hands, DOITO and Uni Living, market some foreign products.

What tends to be the deciding factor on purchases of foreign products is a product's requirement for parts (after-market service availability), weight, and design. As North American products are designed in size and weight to meet North American market demands, they tend to be heavier than these with which the average Japanese consumer feels comfortable. This usually results in the Japanese consumer considering only domestic products at the time of purchase. (At this point in the discussion, William Kushlick, representing the CHHMA, noted that many domestic products available in the DIY stores appeared to be heavy, almost as if they had been designed for contractor use. In response, Mr. Fujimura stated that while this may be so, the trend by domestic manufacturers is to produce smaller lighter tools for general consumer use.)

In conclusion Mr. Fujimura offered the following recommendations to Canadian manufacturers:

- Canadian manufacturers interested in the Japanese market should undertake a market survey to identify the needs and requirements of the Japanese consumer.
- Exporters should be prepared to offer a wide range of products, but in small quantities.
- To consolidate smaller shipments, Canadian exporters should consider the use of trading companies.
- And lastly, Japanese safety codes and other product standards must be met before such products can marketed in Japan.

JETRO has produced mini-reports on selected DIY market niches. These include:

Mini-Report No. 17 Your Market in Japan: Wooden
Sept '85 Fittings (Doors and Window Frames)

No. 40 Your Market in Japan: Bathroom March '85 Equipment

No. 51 Access to Japan's Import Market: Feb. '85 Hand Tools

(These and others are available through the JETRO office in Toronto.)

Initial Observations of the Second DIY Mission Members

By the end of these briefings and their itinerary, the major differences in lifestyle between Canada and Japan had become very evident to mission members.

- In Canada, the tendency is to use the home more as an entertainment and leisure centre. In Japan, homes are more functional in design with smaller kitchens and bathrooms (the major locations for Canadian renovation time and energy). In Japan the bedroom and family room usually occupies a single area. Entertaining of friends and business acquaintances generally occurs outside the home.
- The Japanese people have considerably less leisure time than the average Canadian. Working hours are longer and often include Saturday mornings. In addition, commuting time to work can easily average 4 hours/day. The hours remaining are usually devoted to the family. Nevertheless, the increasing amount of leisure time available to the average Japanese since the early 1960s has contributed to a greater interest in DIY projects.
- In Japan DIY is undertaken as an expression of creativity, as a hobby, and is considered within the concept of healthy, happier living. But as in Canada, there is a sense of accomplishment in "doing-it-yourself". Major renovations, such as putting in kitchen cabinets, windows and doors, or adding a room, given the time involved, are rare. Such projects are usually contracted to a specialist. As well, DIY stores generally do not handle such "basic" building materials as roofing, doors, windows, lumber etc.

- The limited availability and extremely high cost of housing in Japan's major cities has resulted in much less "moving" taking place. There is little of the home renovation (painting, re-flooring, etc.) activities associated with marketing a house or apartment in Japan. Most Japanese can only afford a home in their forties; for many, the house they will own will likely be their parents' residence. Having said this, it must also be noted that while there are more homeowners in Japan than in Canada, the style of their homes generally are not conducive to North American DIY-type activities and projects.
- Many Japanese are apartment dwellers. DIY and renovation activities are for the most part limited to cosmetic applications, and then only when there is a change of tenant. As most Japanese dwellings are rentals, there is less concern for the exterior appearances of the dwelling. In highrise apartment buildings, Japanese tenants are extremely limited in what they are allowed to change, maintain, or repair under tenant contract. It would be safe to generalize that tenants are rarely allowed to renovate.
- Most Japanese residences have limited outdoor space. This makes outdoor recreational equipment, such as bar-be-ques and lawn and garden furniture extremely difficult to market in Japan.

Differences in doing business with the Japanese and in the Japanese consumer's preferences and environment also became clearly discernible to mission members.

- Different customs, a different language, and transportation distances contribute to the complexity in understanding and trading with a country so distinct from North America. Because of this, substantial market research and identification is required to break into this very selective market.
- A business/social relationship has to be established with the Japanese business client before even initial discussions can be undertaken. Among Japanese buyers there is much

less individual risk-taking in purchases of foreign-manufactured products. Decisions are usually made following group consultation.

- Canadian companies must seriously plan the necessary field trips, and must decide if they can afford them. More importantly, they must be willing to strategically redirect their marketing efforts for selected products from the North American to the Japanese market.
- There are well-established traditional distribution channels and methods in Japan. For most export transactions, the foreign manufacturer must market through an importer/agent willing to take the risk of marketing and distributing a foreign manufactured product. This importer/agent will then sell to the distributor, who sells to the wholesaler, who sells to the store, who sells to the consumer. One must market at all levels of this network before the Japanese importer will even consider marketing the product in Japan.
- The distribution system is so complex that there is a real risk that the product can be priced out of its market. Because of this, many products are sold on consignment, and cash flow requirements may make it more difficult to get established in the Japanese market.
- The risk of merchandising foreign products often results in the Japanese client placing too small an order to warrant the foreign manufacturer shipping or re-tooling to meet specific Japanese requirements. If the shipment is large enough for the exporter, it is usually too large for the Japanese importer.
- Transportation costs also place Canadian manufacturers at a disadvantage because the distances involved are so great. Since DIY products are low technology, countries closer to Japan who have lower labour and transportation costs are already manufacturing DIY products similar to those made in Canada. An advantage the Canadian manufacturer may have over this Far East competition was offered in the DIY Survey. Whereas the Southeast Asian countries provide

goods which are low in price and quality, the Japanese, being discerning shoppers, tend not to impulsively buy "bargains". However, the quality of goods from Southeast Asia is expected to improve. This is expected to introduce greater marketing competition in the Japanese market. Manufacturers of similar products will likely only successfully compete if they have already defined and established market niches for specific products and established buyers market connections.

- In Japan large cities are built on a concentric ring pattern. In the inner rings, strict fire codes severely limit the use of wooden materials for residential construction. However, outside these locations, and especially in the new Timber Frame Construction (TFC) developments in the suburbs, wood is popular and is being used more generously.
- Japanese consumers demand high quality and appreciate innovative and distinctive products. The DIY Survey notes that the Japanese consumer tends to attach a greater amount of importance to the rare and handmade craft as opposed to the mass-produced/uniform manufactured products. Survey continues in its description by splitting Japanese consumers into two categories. There is the consumer who does DIY out of necessity, and who is therefore more interested in product function and more discriminating about cost. other is the consumer hobbyist who, although interested in the function, is more impressed by the colour, shape, and design of the product. This consumer tends to buy upgraded and brand name goods. As a result, price is of secondary importance.
- Foreign manufactured products must be designed for their specific needs. Many North American DIY products currently being marketed in Japan have had to be modified for Japanese use. For example, the hand-saw technology in Japan is significantly different from that of North America. Hammers and screw drivers are noticeably smaller. Electrical requirements are different. Products and product demands (because of more compact living space) are smaller. Also,

Japanese made products have innovative help-aids incorporated into the product design, such as marker in tape measures.

The DIY Survey suggests that European products, such as lighting equipment, door parts, and furniture, are valued by the Japanese despite their higher price. The main reason could be that while European products can incorporate ideas quite different from Japanese thinking, they are designed to work within a smaller living space; this makes them highly compatible with Japanese standards and product familiarity.

Concluding Observations of the Second DIY Mission Members

At the debriefing held at the Canadian Embassy at the mission's end, mission members offered the following observations.

- Perserverance is needed to penetrate the Japanese market. In many cases, a demand would have to be created for Canadian DIY products.
- Market research is essential.
- Japan is a consumer society, but the Japanese consumer is very frugal in product selection and ultimate purchase.
- Canadian companies interested in penetrating this market must offer high-quality well-designed goods, but at competitive prices.
- Small Japanese retailers, while interested in sample shipments, often choose not to buy Canadian products given the complex Japanese distribution system, their lack of knowledge of how to import, and the difficulty in accomplishing direct importation of goods from the manufacturer. The larger chains seem more interested in having Canadians participate in a "World Product Week" than in buying a container of goods and dedicating on-going shelf space. Perhaps insufficient Canadian manufactured products are exported to Japan to warrant a "Canada Week".

- For the most part Japanese consumers do not generally undertake DIY activities nor do they undertake home renovation often, even when they own their own home. For example, the banker's home visited by mission members had been owned by that banker for 30 years. The first re-decoration in 27 years, and that in itself limited to some painting, wall-papering, and upgrading of the indoor stairwell, was contracted to professionals.
- The DIY Survey stressed that the DIY market in Japan is a rapidly growing one. The number of stores and the volume of DIY products is on the increase. However, the theme of DIY stores in Japan is quite different from that found in North American Canadian Tire, Beaver Lumber, and Home Hardware type stores. Most maintenance, redecoration, and repair work in Japan is contracted to professionals. There exists very limited leisure time, and what is available of that is rarely devoted to DIY projects that are not somehow "family" applicable. Primarily it is Canadian manufacturers of DIY products that can be installed in short time frames (i.e. one day) that should be encouraged to try the Japanese market. However many Canadian DIY products remain too complicated and too big for the average Japanese consumer, given the Japanese DIY market is some five to ten years behind that of North America.
- The DIY and renovation market potential for Canadian manufactures, still appears to be limited. Even so, there is market potential in new housing and contractural renovation for products such as mill work components, solid wood decorative paneling, DIY furniture components, wall coverings, wood mouldings, floorings, doors, windows, and spindles for furniture. High potential is seen for the supply of traditional Canadian style kitchen cabinetry, due to the strong Japanese consumer preference for wood.
- The best opportunity for Canadian manufacturers products therefore appears to be in wood and wood-related products, especially but not exclusively for the construction industry and the decorator market. The key market niche for

these products appear strongly aligned to the rapid growth of Timber Frame Construction (TFC) in Japan outside the major population centres. TFC is now firmly accepted, having totalled some 25,000 units in 1985. In 1986, TFC housing starts were anticipated to reach some 25,000 units. Expectations are for upward of 40,000 units in 1987, with similar strong growth continuing in the future. Such products should concentrate on "better design" features. The best Canadian wood products can compete in quality and price, but will generally have to meet stringent local specifications requiring changes in design and production.

Product packaging is all important. It must be strong and clear so that the purchaser understands the function and potential of the product, and the method of installation.

THE DIY MISSION REPORT MEETING, 13 MARCH 1987 TOKYO

This meeting had three objectives:

- To report on the Hinode Corporation's 7-11 February 1987 visit to Canada;
- To present the findings and observations of the two Canadian DIY missions to Japan; and
- To discuss follow-up activities in support of Canadian manufacturers of DIY and home builders products in light of the growing Japan market evidenced by mission members.

The meeting was hosted by the Canadian Embassy. Members of the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee and the Hinode Corporation's mission were invited to attend and participate.

The Hinode Corporation's Mission to Canada Report

Hinode's report was presented by the mission leader, Mr. M. Yagami, Managing Director, DMC Department, Hinode Corporation. His general comments were followed by more specific observations by his assistant, Mr. M. Ishizone. During their visit to Canada, William Kushlick, as First Vice-President of the CHHMA, Ruth Zeisler of DEA and Lorne Sweet of DRIE met with them in Toronto at the Canadian Hardware Show. Mr. Sweet was able to accompany the group for their visit to Canadian DIY-type stores and to Canadian manufacturers in the Toronto environ. John Melnyk of DRIE accompanied their visit to British Columbia. Prior to Hinode's visit, the Canadian company D.H. Howden had offered to consolidate Canadian products identified by the Hinode buyers for market assessment at their stores throughout Japan. was accepted by Hinode to facilitate sample shipments.

Mr. Yagami's general comments on their visit were:

Mission members did not consider the Canadian Hardware Show in Toronto as "international" in scope. The tie-in between wholesaler and manufacturers was complicated and not easy to understand in that situation. Many of the products were non-Canadian in origin. In fact, two-thirds appeared to be American, making it even more difficult to focus on these which were non-Canadian.

- Hinode's primary interest was in sourcing wood and wood-related products. A number of hardware products on display at the Canadian Hardware Show therefore did not meet their mission purpose.
- Canadian manufacturers should have greater understanding of the Japanese market, whether it be hobby or recreational. More focus should be placed on product size, requirements and other specifications that meet Japanese needs.
- The Hinode Corporation imports extensively from Japan's neighbours. It is their wish to avoid direct competition among foreign-manufactured products. Because of this, Canadian manufacturers should concentrate on that which is uniquely "Canadian".
- The increasing cost of labour in Japan is contributing to the Japanese consumer's growing interest in DIY products. Canadian manufacturers should note this growing market and its trends.
- From the visits to retail stores in Canada, the Hinode mission members considered that both product mix and inventory were good. Mission members did state that they wished to have more opportunity to visit wood manufacturers; however, as these are usually located in areas not easily accessible to major centres, this had proven difficult given the Hinode group's limited time in Canada.

At this point, Mr. Ishizone continued with more detailed observations:

- Mission members all appreciated that the 76th Hardware Show is very prestigious. It was noted that although this show was not open to the public, organizers anticipated there would be some 24,000 visitors to the exhibits of 600 companies.
- Canada does not have a comparable association to Japan's DIY Association. There are 2,500 home centres in Canada with 2,300 companies supplying to retailers. In the United States, 9,000 businesses supply 23,000 retailers/home centres. Canadian agents of U.S. manufacturers were

primarily exhibiting at the CHHMA show. In most cases, mission members did not see products which were distinctly Canadian. They also felt they could buy U.S. manufactured products in the United States.

- Mission members saw little difference between Canadian and U.S. home centres. (At this point, Mr. Ishizone provided a detailed breakdown of the stores visited in Canada). He continued with a comparison between home centres in Canada, the United States, and Japan:
 - In Canada and the United States, North American DIY-type stores tend to sell a great deal more building materials and tools.
 - In Japan, there is less variety of building materials sold, with greater emphasis placed on tools.
 - The difference in historical background was noted as the reason for the different orientation in products sold in North America and Japan.
 - Also noted was the fact that in Japan, consumers must abide by the many restrictions placed on consumer products by their government. This has a significant impact on what is, and is not sold in Japan. Similarly, it impacts on the foreign manufactured products which are, and are not, imported into Japan.

Mr. S. Urakabe, Senior Managing Director of Tokyu Hands Co., then followed with this observation on Japan's Home Centre market:

- Japan's Home Centres can be divided into two types of stores that serve two kinds of customers:
 - Customer I: comes with a specific purchase in mind. This customer wants to make or to repair something and knows exactly what is wanted or needed;
 - Customer II: comes to the store wanting to do something, but is absolutely uncertain as

to what that something is. This customer will look around and then decide.

He continued by noting that Canadian Home Centres emphasize building materials. Herein lies the future for DIY in Japan. Japan's DIY industry must increase its emphasis on building materials, with less emphasis on tools. In this regard, both Mr. Urakabe, during his visit to the 1985 Hardware Show, and the Hinode mission members were disappointed as to how tool-oriented the Canadian Hardware Show was, particularly its significant lack of emphasis on building materials (wood and wood-products).

Mr. Urakabe's observations continue:

- The purpose of any particular product may not be the same in Japan as in Canada. Canadian manufacturers should look at their product lines and be "imaginative" in their possible uses. These should be looked at from every conceivable angle, not just that of the retailer or manufacturers. For instance, Canadian plastic products have sold quite well at the Tokyu Hands stores. However in the case of smoke detectors there appears to be a different understanding of its use in Japan. Customers in the Tokyu Hands store were purchasing these as party gags to surprise smokers, rather than for their assigned use.
- There are all kinds of products in DIY stores throughout Japan. Most Japanese are not as concerned with brand names; this presents Canadians with an excellent opportunity to market Canadian products.
- There is a popular saying in Japan, "every village has one unique product." Canadian manufacturers should take note.
- Most Japanese buyers do not want large volumes of many things; the preference is for smaller shipments of a variety of items.

Mr. Yagami's concluding remarks were: the Hinode mission members represented twelve retailers throughout Japan, five wholesalers and one manufacturer; Canadian exporters should be flexible so as to meet the specific needs of the Japanese; and finally, laminated lumber will continue to be of primary interest to Hinode's operation.

DEA's Presentation on Canada's DIY Missions to Japan

The notes for this presentation, made by the Japan Trade Development Division of DEA are attached as Appendix J. These notes have been included in this report as part of the record.

Notes on Discussion Concerning Follow-up Activities

It was agreed at the meeting that discussion should continue on the feasibility of holding information dissemination seminars across Canada in June 1987. This would precede the September 1987 mission to Japan currently being planned to provide Canadian manufacturers of wood and wood-related products with an opportunity to further address the growing TFC housing industry, while building on the market niches identified for Canadian DIY product manufacturers.

FINAL MEETING OF THE STEP CANADIAN DIY PRODUCTS COMMITTEE (26 MARCH 1987)

The last formal meeting of this Committee was held in Tokyo. In summarizing the Committee agreed that the programme developed was both timely and useful, having being struck shortly after the first Canadian DIY Mission to Japan. Succinctly, it was agreed that the immediate results were:

- (a) A better appreciation of similarities and differences between the Canadian and Japanese DIY industries.
- (b) An opportunity for the CHHMA and the Canadian industry to get first hand information on the Japanese DIY industry through participation in The Japan DIY show, and in the September 1986 visits to Japanese DIY stores, interviews, etc.
- (c) The successful introduction of several Canadian firms into the Japanese market. Although initial sales volumes are small, steady increases are expected.
- (d) The introduction to Japanese contacts seriously interested in importing from Canada.
- (e) And most importantly, all STEP programme related activities led to the same conclusion regarding DIY exports to Japan; that is, the focus should be mainly on wood and wood-related products channelled through importers/distributors connected with home builders and renovators as well as home centres and DIY stores. Other products, whether tools or materials, would need to be unique, innovative and prove competitive to find acceptance in Japan.

BUSINESS CONDUCTED: OPPORTUNITIES EXPLORED

Although the volumes involved were small, six of the participating companies on the two DIY missions reported either immediate and/or potential sales for their products. Liaison activities aimed at facilitating and reinforcing the success achieved on these missions are ongoing.

1987/88 EXPORT MARKETING INITIATIVES

The Canadian Embassy in Japan is currently discussing with MITI, JETRO, and Japan's DIY and Home Builders Associations and industry the feasibility of conducting information dissemination seminars across-Canada in June 1987. These would be aimed at Canadian manufacturers of wood and hardware products for specifically the home builders/decorator, but including the DIY, market. Participation by the first and second DIY mission members in their region, and by the CHHMA, DEA Japan Desk, and DRIE sector branches will be co-ordinated as this project is finalized.

Following on this theme, the emphasis of the third mission to Japan (Fall 1987) will be shifted from the DIY market sector to that of the new residential construction and contractual renovation market. DEA and DRIE are currently planning a Canadian manufactured wood products mission to Japan in September 1987 to complement a Canadian information booth at the Japan Home Show (see Appendix K for list of 1986 show exhibitors). activity will be similar in format to the one designed for the Second International Japan DIY Show and the second DIY Mission in September 1986. The Japan Home Show has been chosen for Canadian participation this year given its greater emphasis on wood products. Recruitment for this mission, and company participation in the Japan Home Show to complement the Canadian information stand, will begin in Spring, 1987.

There will be a concerted effort to involve some of Canada's larger, more competitive millwork firms to seriously look at market penetration in Japan. Opportunities in the DIY sector will continue to be explored and monitored. An incoming buyers mission from Japan is being planned to coincide with a Canadian trade show primarily exhibiting manufactured wood products and other building materials. In addition, more emphasis will be placed on plant visits to Canadian wood and wood-related manufacturers to meet the specific market interests of these buyers.

APPENDIX A: MEMBERSHIP OF FIRST DIY MISSION TO JAPAN

18-24 SEPTEMBER 1985

Bill Smiljanic President Kakabeka Timber Limited P.O. Box 78 Kakabeka Falls, Ontario POL 1WO

S.J. Freeman
Vice President
CSL Silicones Inc.
Corporate Headquarters
144 Woodlawn Road West
Guelph, Ontario
N1H 1B5

Dennis Wall Vice-President Administration Berkley Inc. Papiers paints-Wallcoverings 1051 Galt est Sherbrooke, Quebec J1G 1Y7

Allen Simpson President Allen Simpson Marketing and Designs Ltd. 1 Albert Street Eden Mills, Ontario NOB 1P0

Ted Hayden President Hayden Manufacturing Co. Ltd. 110-2931 Olafson Avenue Richmond, B.C. B6X 2R4

Pierre Dubeau Sécrétaire-Trésorier Les Parquets Dubeau Ltée. 1680 rue Principale Norbert, Quebec JOC 3CO

Ephrem Tabbakh
International Sales Manager
Simonds Cutting Tools
80 Simonds Avenue South
Granby, Quebec
J2G 8G1

APPENDIX B: MEMBERSHIP OF THE STEP CANADIAN

DIY PRODUCTS COMMITTEE

MITI

M. Ishiguro
Director
Import Division
International Trade Administration Bureau

H. Matsumura
Assistant Director
Import Division
International Trade Administration Bureau

M. Hasegawa
Inspection
Import Division
International Trade Administration Bureau

K. Konno
Manager
General Affairs
Import Division
International Trade Administration Bureau

H. Takahashi
Manager
General Affairs
Import Division
International Trade Administration Bureau

I. Matsumiya Director Housing Industry Division Consumer Goods Industry Bureau

Y. Ikeda Housing Industry Division Consumer Goods Industry Bureau

K. Mitsui Inspector of Industry, Trade, & Commerce Consumer Goods Industry Bureau

K. Sato
The Americas-Oceania Division
Consumer Goods Industry Bureau

T. Harisima The Americas-Oceania Division Consumer Goods Industry Bureau

Economic Planning Agency

S. Toshida Director 1st International Economic Division Administration Bureau

K. Kobayashi Assistant Director 1st International Economic Division Administration Bureau

A. Tsunoda Assistant Director 1st International Economic Division Administration Bureau

JETRO

Y. Doi Director Merchandise Division Economic Information Department

H. Nenoi Assistant Director Merchandise Division Economic Information Department

S. Amano
Manager
Information Service Division
Information Service Department

S. Kimura
Deputy Director
Import Promotion Task Force
Planning Department

M. Ebata
Deputy Director
Import Promotion Task Force
Planning Department

K. Kagami
Chief Leader
Domestic Exhibition Team
Exhibition Department

A. Suzuki
Import Promotion & Cooperation Department
Import Planning Department

Distribution Policy Research Institute

T. Hirata Chief Researcher

M. Ishiguro Researcher

I. Sakagami Researcher

A. Yamamoto Researcher

Canadian Embassy

R.O. Merner Minister/Counselor Commercial

G. Milot First Secretary Commercial

H. Ohyama Commercial Officer

Committee Members (Industry Representatives)

A. Urakabe Senior Managing Director Tokyu Hands Co. Ltd.

H. Otsuka Managing Director Uni Living Co. Ltd.

T. Okamoto Vice President Keyo Co. Ltd.

M. Kikuchi Manager/International Department World Import Mart Co. Ltd.

N. Kobayashi Senior Managing Director Yamatoto Plywoods Co. Ltd.

Committee Members (Industry Representatives) cont'd

T. Nozaki Secretary General M.I.P.R.O.

M. Yagami General Manager/Managing Director DMC Department Hinode Corporation

M. Yamamoto Secretary General Japan Do-It-Yourself Association

N. Fujimura President Fujimura Co. Ltd.

APPENDIX C: MEMBERSHIP OF SECOND DIY MISSION TO JAPAN

11-19 SEPTEMBER 1986

Peter C. de Vries President Canada Wood Specialty P.O. Box 458 Orillia, Ontario L3V 6K2

Donald Park Vice-President, Marketing Dicon Systems Limited 719 Clayson Road Weston, Ontario M9M 2H4

Oonagh McNerney President Extrufix Incorporated 11 Heritage Road Markham, Ontario

Derek Ashton
President
North American Decorative Products Inc.
1055 Clark Blvd
Bramalea, Ontario
L6T 3W4

Patrick Donahue Asian Trade Division Head Interal Marketing 320 de Berniéres Quebec, Quebec G1R 2L7

Robert Straus
Export Sales Manager
Acmetrack Limited
100 Walker Drive
Brampton, Ontario
L6T 4H6

William Kushlick
(First Vice-President, CHHMA)
Vice-President, Sales and Marketing
Stanley Canada Inc.
65 Imperial Street
P.O. Box 66
Postal Station B
Hamilton, Ontario
L8L 7V2



Appendix D

PROFILE OF DOIT GROUP

Parent Company

Hinode Corporation

Registered Address

4-14-2 Honmachi-Nishi Yono Saitama, Japan Phone: 0488-53-9700

Paid-in Capital

Yen 186 million (US4 775,000)

Date of Founding

September 14, 1950

Representative Director and President

Masami Hasegawa

Director and Senior

Kokichi Saito

Executive Vice President

Yen 20.3 billion (US\$ 84.5

million)

Yearly Sales

4-14-2 Honmachi-Nishi

Yono Saitama, Japan

Home Office of Store Operations

Phone: 0488-53-9700

Business Operations of DOIT Group

"DOIT" DIY Center

Doit Co., Ltd.

DMC Group Headquarters

N.B. Besides the above entitles, Hinode Corporation has another operation of Automotive Traffic.



I. Store Operation of Hinode : Chains of "DOIT" DIY Centers

Yearly Sales : ¥16.6 billion (US\$69.2million)

(For 14 stores)

Gross Margin : 32 %

(For 14 stores)

Sales Area : 21,600 sq-ft.

(Av. per store)

No. of employees : 700 (Incl. 240 parttime workers)

II. Doit Company Limited

Location : 2-8-20 Sakuragoaka, Yono Saitama

Japan

Phone: 0488-54-1563

Yearly Sales : ¥ 2.5 billion (US\$10.4 million)

Aim of business : Wholesaling of DIY merchandise

with an emphasis on automotive

and garden items.

III. DMC Group Headquarters

Location : 4-14-2 Honmachi-Nishi Yono

Saitama, Japan

Phone: 0488-53-9827

Scale of DMC Group :

This group has celebrated its 11th anniversary and now has under its control 45 firms and 190 DIY Home Centers and 39 approved venders who are ready to render complete supply services in the Group's cooperative spirit. And it is Hinode Corporation who acts as coordinator of

the Group.

rue group.

No. of member firms : 45

No. of member stores : 190

Aggregate total of

employees : 4,647 (Incl. 1,196 parttime

workers)



Aggregate total of

Sales : ¥135.4 billion (US\$ 520 million)

Aggregate total of

interior sales area : 2,210,000 sq-ft.

Aggregate total of

exterior sales area : 883,700sq-ft.

Aggregate total of

parking capacity : 26,700

Yearly sales per store : ¥ 815 million (US\$3.3 million)

Yearly sales per salesperson : ¥ 29 million (US\$120,000)

Sales area per store : 12,700 sq-ft.

Gross Margine : 28 %

Turnover : 5.6 per year

Activities of DMC Group Headquarte :

I) Merchandising

Development of its original merchandise.

Pursuance of reduced prices by cooperative distribution and buying.

Development and implmentation of merchandising plans to facilitate one stop shopping for full lines of DIY merchandise.

2) Marketing

Research and analysis of the situation of consumers and the industry.

Collection of various information on markets, merchandise, management, overseas situation, etc. and its circulation within the group.

Systematization and standardization of various elements and processes for better store-making.



3) Training and guidance over new store development

Development and implementation of plans on training
of salespeople.

Organization of various study meeting on merchandise and technical matters.

Guidance over sales jobs.

Guidance and assistance in new store development. (Location Survey, layout, merchandise mix, pricing, promotional plans, etc.)

As of September 20, 1985

APPENDIX E: ATTENDEES AT THE CANADIAN DIY MISSIONS

REPORT MEETING

13 MARCH 1987, TOKYO

Mr. T. Hirata
Chief Researcher
Distribution Policy Research Institute
Wako 13 Bldg.
16-1, Nihonbashi Koami-cho
Chuo-ku, Tokyo
Tel: 03-669-8193

Mr. M. Yagami
Managing Director
DMC Dept.
Hinode Corporation
4-14-2, Nishi, Motomachi
Yono-shi, Sa;itama 338
Tel: 0488-53-9827

Mr. M. Ishizone DMC Dept.

Mr. M. Yamamoto
Secretary General
Japan Do-It-Yourself Association
To-so Bldg.
9-4-1, Shinkawa
Chuo-ku, Tokyo
Tel: 03-553-6397

Mr. S. Kimura
Deputy Director
Import Promotion Task Force
Planning Dept.
Japan External Trade Organization
2-2-5, Toranomon
Minato-ku, Tokyo
Tel: 03-553-6397

Mr. Y. Doi Director Merchandise Div. Economic Information Dept.

Mr. M. Ebata
Import Promotion Task Force
Planning Dept.

Mr. T. Okamoto Vice President Keyo Co., Ltd. 1-28-1, Mitsuwadai Chiba 260 Tel: 0472-55-1111

Mr. K. Fujimoto
Director
Manufactured Import Promotion Organization
World Import Mart Bldg. 6F
3-1-3, Higashi Ikebukuro
Toshima-ku, Tokyo
Tel: 03-988-2791

Mr. H. Matsumura
Deputy Director
Import Div.
Int'l Trade Administration Bureau
Ministry of International Trade & Industry
1-3-1, Kasumigaseki
Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo
Tel: 03-501-1659

Mr. H. Takahashi Sokatsuhan Import Div.

Mr. K. Sato
The Americas-Oceania Div.
Import Div.

Mr. S. Urakabe Senior Managing Director Tokyu Hands Co., Ltd. 2-29-20, Dogenzaka Shibuya-ku, Tokyo Tel: 03-476-5741

CANADIAN EMBASSY:

Mr. G. Milot, Mr. H. Ohyama

EXTERNAL AFFAIRS OTTAWA

Ms. R. Zeisler Japan Trade Development Division

Mrs. S. Jorgenson

APPENDIX F





The first DIY home center in Japan was opened in December, 1972 in a suburb of Tokyo, right next to a major highway. 15,000 pg. 16. space; 1983, 1,400 home center now of 48 U.S. gythis Link home center us.

As of 1984, some twelve years later, Japan's home center business has grown to thirteen hundred retail outlets with annual sales of approximately 900 billion yen, or U.S.\$ 3.6 billion. In addition, same department stores and general merchandise stores have been allocating floor space for DIY product displays. As a result, the concept of do it yourself is becoming more familiar to Japanese consumers and a strong foundation is being built for further growth by the industry.

Whithin the wholesale sector, there are now about a hundred wholesalers and several joint purchasing groups buying from over a thousand manufactures.

The present condition of the Japanese DIY Industry

Number of home centers and sales: 1973-1984

Sales (Billion Yen) Number of home centers [1973 D28· 469 (



JAPAN DIY INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION

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The Home Center Business in Japan

The typical home center in Japan is a one-story building located next to a principal road in a suburban area. It may carry from 20.000 to 30.000 different items, and have an indoor sales area of over 330 square meters with outdoor sales area. Most home centers provide customers with a spacious parking lot, a custmer service counter and a workshop. Some of them hold DIY classes and print up instructional materials for give away. Almost all of them have a sales area specifically set aside for auto-related products. And most are so successful that they are branching out to nearby areas, but they are not like food chains as the home center business should have much skilful persons who can consult with consumers. It takes time to train these persons.

The range of products handled by home centers in Japan includes:

- 1) Hand tools, power tools
- 2) Construction-related hardware
- 3) Racks and shelves
- 4) Repair materials including adhesives, fillers, tapes, and so on
- 5) Materials used for interior decoration
- 6) Building materials
- 7) Semifinished products such as furniture kit
- 8) Paint and sundries
- 9) Plumbing supplies
- 10) Exterior decorations
- 11) Small electrical appliances and equipment
- 12) Auto-related products

Japan's Do-It-Yourselfers

First of all, various studies show that the Japanese as a whole, are not as familiar with the idea of DIY as are Americans and Europeans. We expect that this situation will change very rapidly, however, as a result of the many educational and marketing programs now underway to increase consumer awareness and knowledge about do-it-yourselfing.

For example, TV broadcasting corporations, have DIY consumer education program sometimes.

In addition, many books and magazines on DIY are being published, and homecenters, wholesale centers, and manufacturers themselves, are printing up instructional materials to distribute free of charge to their customers

The point-of-purchase (POP) customer service counters set up in most of the home centers are also making DIY more accessible to people by giving them a place where they can easily go to their questions answered.

Last but not least, advertising is spreading the word. Whithin their market area, many home centers are using newspaper inserts as an advertising vehicle. Not only do these inserts show home center products, but they also provide basic information about DIY.

In response to this rapid development, not only was the Japan DIY Industry Association established in July of 1977, but the Ministry of International Trade and Industry of the Japanese government also formed a committee within its Consumer Goods Industries Bureau to assist our industry to develop further and approved our association as a corporate judical person in May 1980.

With the support from the government and cohesiveness within the industry as a whole, we expect the DIY business to have one of the highest potentials for growth of any sector in our economy.

Our past trends and current projection show that Japan's home center market have doubled its current scale in five years from 1980 to 1985; to boast some 1400 home centers with around U.S.\$ 4 billion in sales.

The Role of the Japan DIY Industry Association

The Japan DIY Industry Association was established with the purpose of disseminating DIY concepts and know-how among the consumers and offering assistance in the overall development of the DIY industry. Our effort to accomplish these objectives are reflected in the following activities of the association:

- 1) Holding an annual Japan Do-It-Yourself Show
- 2) Running DIY seminars to train DIY-store employees and DIY school to instruct housewives
- 3) Conducting various studies on DIY
- 4) Sending study missions overseas
- 5) Preparing DIY instructional booklets
- 6) Publishing an association newsletter
- 7) Keeping an up-to-date membership roster

Our membership, which totals 442 as of January 1985, is broken down as follow:

Retailers : 105 companies operating a total of five hundred

fifty home centers

Wholesalers: 123 companies
Manufacturers: 193 companies
Others: 21 companies

Membership of Japan DIY Industry Association

1977	265	
1978	273	
1979	279	
1980	318	•
1981	340	
1982	362	
1983		397
1984		442 3

As for the do-it-veselfers, the following are some of the main activities:

- 1) Painting ceilings, walls and furniture
- 2) Wallpapering
- 3) Laying carpets, tiles and other floor coverings
- 4) Plastering
- 5) Repapering screens and sliding doors
- 6) Putting up racks and shelves
- 7) Changing casters on sliding doors
- 8) Packing and replacing faucets
- 9) Repairing flush toilets
- 10) Repairing tiles

As these activities show, most do-it-yourselfers are concerned with the maintenance and repair of their homes. They are still a long way from seeing DIY as a means for home improvement.

But given the level of enthusiasm among Japan's DIYers and the seriousness with which educational efforts are being carried out, we expect that our DIY movement will continue to mushroom and the DIY industry will become one of the fastest growing sectors of our economy.

Come and See Us This Fall

For now I'd like to invite you all to join us this fall in Tokyo, we are planning to have the 8th Do-It-Yourself Show which will be held for three days on September 20-22.

By coming to participate in this programs, I'm sure you will have an excellent opportunity to see the state of our industry. And, of course, our association will do its best to make your visit to Japan as informative, enjoyable and worthwhile as possible.

Besides, you couldn't pick a lovelier season to visit Japan. The sky should be clear so I can almost promise you'll be able to see Mt.Fuji. So why not treat yourself to an experience I'm sure you'll never forget.

Officers:

Vice Presidents..... Toshiharu Endo, Hirotoshi Kan, Tomoo Shimura

Naokazu Fujimura, Hiroshi Waki

Executive Director...Kimio Kodama



TO-SO BUILDIMG, 1-4-9 SHINKAWA CHUO-KU, TOKYO, JAPAN. 104 TELEPHONE TOKYO 03-553-6397

Tokyu Hands A New Approach to Department Store Purchasing

Imagine a department store dedicated to the idea of making things with your hands and staffed with people knowledgeable in almost every conceivable field of craftsmanship from woodworking to bicycle maintenance. Tokyo has such a store, it is called Tokyu Hands and it will either spark your desire to make something or leave you overwhelmed by the variety of tools and materials at your disposal. What makes the store so uniquely appealing are completely novel approaches to hiring personnel and purchasing stock.

A quick trip to Hands to pick up some mounting board for photographs can easily turn into a two hour browse after you get sidetracked in the kitchenware section on your way to pick up the extra spokes for your bicycle you suddenly remembered you needed. Why the peculiar fascination? Hands really does have almost everything you might want for things you do with your hands, it has it all under one roof and the store's staff can give intelligent answers to questions about the products they are selling and solutions to problems. This rare combination is a result of the original Hands concept.

The guiding philosophy of Hands holds that with the advance of civilization, people have gradually lost the pleasures of working with their hands. They must be given back the tools and materials they need to make things on their own and regaining the hands is the lofty guiding principle of the Tokyu Land Corporaton, the owners of Hands.

Regaining the Hands

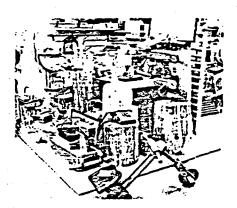
They came up with the idea for a craft department store in 1972 when the company was looking for something new to do with some land they possessed in the Shibuya area of Tokyo. After discarding thoughts of building a conventional shopping center or hotel, they began to toy around with the idea of a completely new kind of 'do-it-yourself' (DIY) shop. Before plunging ahead, they opened stores for 'DIY and a variety of other products in the Tokyo suburbs of Fujisawa in 1976 and Futagotamagawa in 1977. Confident of success, if ey opened the Shibuya store in 1978 with rive product lines. DIY, home improvement, craft, hobby and 'variety' — a kind of a catch-all section for interesting products of notable design. The company believed that there was a society-wide trend away from simple home improvement towards a desire for the rediscovery of the pleasure and goodness of making things with your hands.

What makes Hands different is their staff. By hiring people with an interest in the area that they are working. Hands creates sales staff that are keenly interested in providing answers to customer questions or as they say at the store. 'spending 30 minutes explaining a 50 yen item'. Customers appreciate the attention but the Hands difference doesn't stop there.

Hands Will Have It

Hands is so well-stocked that most of its loyal customers feel that if they need something for a particular job, even if its an unusual item and not very profitable for a store to carry. Hands will have it. A thorough and efficient purchasing department? Just the opposite - Hands doesn't even have a purchasing department.

The store's sales staff are responsible for selecting stock, ordering keeping track of inventory and setting up displays. As a result, the abilities and



Unique products provide key to success



ਾbol of Tokyu Hands' handicraft ਮਹੀ

enthusiasm of each individual staff person plays a vital role in the success of a Tokyo Hands Store, and also ensures that no two outlets will be the same. This purchasing system is very unique to Tokyu Hands; in conventional stores purchasing and selling are carried out by different people. But the Hands system is not the result of a system well thought out by distribution experts, it is the result of amateurism. Since Tokyu Hands was originally set up by a real estate company, distribution know-how was lacking when they started the store. With no assistance from existing department stores, they came up with this system and it turned out to be a great success. In this way, sales staff feel responsible for their products and it is also easier to fulfill the wants of customers and provide feedback on changing consumer trends to makers. Also, those staff already holding abundant knowledge of products will become more professional in the field and their pride in their work is an essential ingredient in the very successful Hands formula. It is a more expensive way to run a business but Hands does not try to undersell other stores. They attract customers by selection and service and the sometimes higher prices that result from this very labor-intensive way of operating are compensated for with loads of happy customers.

Despite the burdens of small orders and frequent deliveries required by Hands, suppliers are usually happy for the market information they receive and the exposure for their products in a store favored by the trendsetters of Tokyo. Exceptions to the Hands purchasing system are the 10 to 20 percent of the store's stock that is purchased overseas by a small group of personnel within the store. Imports are difficult within their purchasing system so Hands set up a direct importing team to increase imports in 1986.

As a kind of a DIY shop, the Hands management originally thought that their largest clientele would be middle-aged people, but they have not found this to be the case. Young people in their teens and 20's turned out to be the largest group after the opening of the Shibuya store. Less surprising is the popularity of the shop amongst graphic designers, photographers and those in the film and television industries such as set designers. In the initial plan, Hands was to be directed more at men than women on the basis that the large number of conventional department stores and boutiques found in the area would probably already have the attention of the female population and that males would be therefore more available as a market. This turned out to be only partially true with not so much difference in the attraction the store has on men and women as originally expected.

Hands has become well-known throughout Tokyo and all of Japan with limited advertising, largely on the basis of its uniqueness and word-of-mouth promotion by satisfied customers. Their sole means of advertising is through twice weekly newspaper inserts featuring products available in the store. A new idea for Hands is an open competition they are running for handmade things with six winners from among the 1.800 entries to be featured in an exhibition in the Spiral Hall in Tokyo.

Careful Expansion

Success at the Shibuya branch has also led to the opening of new branches in different parts of Tokyo and other cities. Shops were opened in the Tokyo suburb of Machida and Osaka in 1983 and in Ikebukuro. Tokyo in 1984. These were directly owned but in 198 the decision was made to permit the opening of an outlet in Nagoya as a franchise owned by Sanko Creative Life, part of another real estate firm. The companies went through an extensive process of transferring the management know-how needed to run a Tokyu Hands store. For the future there are plans to open directly-owned shops in Kobe and Yokohama.

Though expansion has proceeded steadily on the enormous success of Hands - lanuary to September sales in 1986 were 37.8 billion yen - Tokyu Hands is being very careful to proceed slowly enough to ensure the preservation of the basic concepts of the store. Since the staff are vital to the success of any Hands outlet, finding qualified people is essential. Each store is different, simply because the staff purchasing and section management system determines that no two could be alike. And that the Tokyu Hands stores are like no other anywhere else.



'86 JAPAN DO-IT-YOURSELF SHOW

SEPT. 13 (sat). 14(sun): 15(mon), 1986
East. South & C Hall of Tokyo Harumi International Trade Fair Grounds

GUIDE FOR OVERSEAS VISITORS
LIST OF EXHIBITORS



JAPAN DIY INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION

'86 JAPAN DO-IT-YOURSELF SHOW

Show Theme: My Life, My Creation Events Theme: Hello, Good Living. Let's Try DIY!

At the '86 Show, we have expanded the creative space of DIY from the realm of residence to that of living itself based on the above themes, and in order to have as many visitors as possible experience the essence of DIY, we have planned a variety of events.

Let us introduce each of these events.

1. DIY Kids' Kingdom (Sept. 14 and 15)

As one of the main events and PR shows for the general public, we have created a DIY kingdom (an outdoor DIY square) which encompasses our traditional "Parents and Children Handicraft Workshop," so that both children and adults can enjoy DIY.

- Let's build a totem pole DIY style.
- Log cutting
- Parent and child handicraft workshop
- Hand-made mikoshi (portable shrine) created by kids
- And more.

Now, in carrying out this event, we have had the cooperation of Japan Nichiyo-Daiku Club and other exhibitors.

2. Let's Try DIY! (Sept. 14 and 15)

On the previous two occasions, this event was held in a close tie up with Harumi DIY School, and we were able to efficiently use the school grounds as the event space for "Let's Try DIY." This year, under the Show theme of "My Life, My Creation," we want to carry out "a dramatic remaking of living space" which incorporates the spirit of the main theme. Harumi DIY School is planning to take in new items, so this event, too, is planning to take the first steps in the new direction.

3. The 5th Contest for New DIY Products and Idea Products (Sept. 13, 14, and 15)

This is the fifth time that we have held this event, and each year, the number of products exhibited has increased. They have improved in quality and the event itself has become one of the highlights of the DIY Show.

Like last year, we will ask seasoned experts in the industry to serve as judges, and they will carry out an impartial and fair examination and selection.

This year, we have classified exhibited products broadly into different types of industry (15 classifications), and will exhibit them along with the standard retail price. Also, the sales pitch (in which the exhibiting company explains the characteristics and strengths of their company's products within the scheduled time period of 1 minute) will be taken into account in the overall evaluation.

With regard to prizes (the prize presented by Director General of the Consumer Goods Industries Bureau of the Ministry of International Trade and Industry, the prize presented by the president of Japan DIY Industry Association, the Gold Prize, and the Silver Prize), the results will be announced on September 13, and there will be an award-giving ceremony on the final day of the Show. On September 14 and 15 (the General Public Show), there will be a division of general popularity which will be based on votes cast by visitors at large, and the top five entries will be given an award in the ceremony on the final day, also. (Those participants who cast a vote will receive a present as well.)

4. Distribution of the New Products Catalogue File (Sept. 13, 14 and 15)

We have made a catalogue file of the new products which we solicited from the companies exhibiting at this year's Show. We have made 1000 sets, which we are planning to distribute to our retailermembers, and to them only.

This is one way of the ways in which we planned to create DIY business opportunities, with this Show providing the occasion and arena.

5. Harumi DIY School (Sept. 13)

This year, it will concentrate its efforts on the first day (i.e., the trade show), and it will be carried out on a full-day basis, with a full program both in the morning and afternoon.

The lectures and practical sessions will be focused on the key theme of the show, "My Life, My Creation." Based on that theme, efforts will be made to create "dramatic change in living space." As such, the program will incorporate new items as well.

Afterwards, the DIY school will be held in more than a dozen locations throughout the country other than the Harumi trade fair grounds. Also, in this event, the staff of cooperating exhibitor-companies will be taking part as instructors for the practical sessions, with DIY advisers playing a central role.

6. The Inter-Collegiate DIY Competition (Sept. 13)

When we think broadly about the future of DIY, our ability to draw and attract the younger generation in their teens and 20's is an extremely important matter. This event focuses on the strata of college students who serve as a "volume zone," that is, the most numerous group among the young, and who tend to be more knowledgeable about DIY, so that they can become even more familiar with DIY.

Competition Games: "Fusuma (sliding door) refurbishing" → "Wallpaper recovering" → "Log-cutting," etc.

- * Contestants will be judged on the basis of the amount of time used and the overall quality of work.
- 7. Panel Discussion by Representatives of the DIY Industry (Sept. 13)
 The DIY Industry Aims at the Future, and Confronts Some Problems

Instead of the commemorative seminar that we have had in previous years, this year we will have various representatives of the DIY industry gathered in one sitting to discuss a wide variety of problems that the industry faces today in a free discussion format. It will be a panel discussion through which we will explore business opportunities of future.

- * Tutor: (MC and a moderator of various viewpoints)
 Professor Kozaburo Sakai of Business Administration Department
 of Aoyama Gakuin University
- * Panelists:

Satoru Urakabe (Representative Director, Executive Managing Director of Tokyu Hands, Ltd.)

Hiroyoshi Takii (Managing Director, Nitomuzu, Ltd.)

Toshimitsu Kawaguchi (President, Joint-Ten Co., Ltd.)

* Overall MC: Naokazu Fujimura

Date and time: September 13 (Saturday) 1:00PM - 3:00PM

Admission: ¥5,000 per person

Place: Nitto Kocha Tea Lounge in the Harumi Trade Fair

Grounds.

8. 2nd General Assembly of DIY Advisers (Sept. 13)

The General Assembly of DIY Advisers, which was started at last year's Show, will be convened at this year's Show as well.

Time: 3:00PM - 5:00PM

Place: Nitto Kocha Tea Lounge in the Harumi Trade Fair

Grounds

9. Get Together Party for the DIY Industry

After the end of the trade show on the first day, we will hold a friendly get-together party for the industry, which by now has become a regular part of the DIY Show. We would like to see active participation on the part of all of you,

Admission: ¥3,000 per person

Place: New Tokyo (Within the Harumi Trade Fair Grounds)

Time: 5:30PM - 7:00PM

10. DIY-Day Photo Contest (Sept. 13, 14, and 15)

The Association has designated the first Sunday of each month after October 1984, as an integral part of the public education and dissemination activities for DIY. Following the Solicitation of "Catch Phrases for DIY Goals" which was held on the first time, we are soliciting DIY photographs (photographs of DIY works and scenes in actual work, etc.) from the public at large. On the day of the show itself, we will show only the prize-winning entries in the quarter size, so that visitors can deepen their familiarity and understanding about DIY from a more familiar angle.

11. Consultation Corner for the Qualifying Exam as DIY Advisers

During FY 1983, 1984, and 1985, a total of 1,055 DIY advisers were born.

This "DIY Adviser Qualifying Examination" has been gathering much attention from the mass media in recent years, and we have had a large number of inquiries about it in recent years as well. Therefore, we have prepared a consultation service window for those who are interested in the role of DIY advisers, and those who aspire to serve as DIY advisers in the future. And we plan to carry out aggressive PR activities.

12. DIY Girls to Take Part Again (Sept. 13, 14, 15)

"DIY Girls," who made their appearance for the first time last year to help to create an attractive atmosphere and facilitate the process of various events, will be at work this year as well. Because we will use three halls for the first time, the number of "DIY Girls" will be increased to 20. With their efforts, the entire show will be more colorful and exciting.

13. DIY Consultation Corner Staffed by 100 DIY Advisers (Sept. 14, 15)

Each year, we have a large number of inquiries and requests for consultation from visitors to the Show. There are so much demand in this area that the methods we have used in previous show were not quite sufficient to adequate to fully respond to these needs.

So this year, we have called upon 1,055 DIY Advisers who work all over Japan to gather at the Show. These Advisers will be assigned to the halls for the General PR Show in order to respond to the consultation needs of visitors at large.

14. Sunday Carpenters Build Homes (Sept 13, 14, 15)

This highly popular event from last year will be held at the outdoor event space this year. At present, "Association of Sunday Carpenters to Build Homes" is in the process of finalizing the items to be implemented.

15. Flower Festival (Sept. 13, 14, 15)

At the outdoor event space, there will be a display of gardening exhibits, a suggestion corner on greenery, a consultation corner on gardening, and on-the-spot selling of gardening items. As such, it will be a lively event.

16. Car-Life-Corner (Sept. 14, 15)

The "Car Care Corner" of previous Shows has been upgraded to become the "Car Life Corner" this year. This event, also held at the outdoor event space, will explore and propose a DIY automotive life which will give us more dreams.

17. On-the-Spot Sales of DIY Products (Sept. 14, 15)

At this event, the products that were used at "Harumi DIY School" (such as tools, materials, etc.) will be put on display at a space adjacent to the "Let's Try DIY" Corner, and they will be offered for sale on the spot. By showing a large volume of products in a dramatic display, it will be possible to produce an atmosphere with a rich variety, which will be fitting for this Show.

18. T-Shirt Present (Sept. 14, 15)

As the traditional "Visitor Present," an original DIY Show T-shirt will be given to the first 1,000 visitors on September 14 and 15 (General PR Show), for a total of 2,000 persons.

19. DIY Book Corner

Here, books (including those in foreign languages) related to DIY will be on display, and will be offered for on-the-spot sale.

20. Show Stamp Rally (Sept. 14, 15)

This year's show is larger in scope and it is held in three different halls. Therefore, we need to exercise some ingenuity to encourage the visitors to visit all the different exhibits without skipping any. In this event, a stamp counter is set up at five location, and those visitors who get all the stamps will receive a present.

21. Home Center for the New Era

DIY Laser Disk Information System (Sept. 13, 14, 15)

In line with the new media the so-called Data Base for dealing with products and the Coordinator System are leaders which are sure to draw many customers to the Home Center on the near future.

The key point is the speed and accuracy with which the needs of the customer can be met. Of course we would never settle for less than the best when it comes to quality.

In this comer we make the fullest use of both the hard and soft Pioneer "Laser Disk" and demonstrate how to classify several tens of thousands of items in the DIY Home Center. We also, using an actual model, show how it is possible to search for information on products, combine it and then how to use it to improve customer service. Expect nothing but the best.

Appearance

The following persons will be making an appearance at various events of this Show and providing assistance.

Matsutaro Ishikawa (DIY Consultant)

Tetsuo Kimura (Director, Japan Nichiyo-Daiku Club)

Masato Nishizawa (Director, Japan Nichiyo-Daiku Club)

Kazuko Yuda (Home Adviser)

MESSAGE TO VISITORS FROM OVERSEAS:

Welcome to the '86 JAPAN DO-IT-YOURSELF SHOW! This is the nineth in a series of shows which started in the Fall of 1978. This annual show has developed year after year and now has become Japan's largest of its kind both in name and in reality with its enriched variety of contents together with an increasing number of visitors. The total number of visitors last year exceeded 100,000 over the three day period, which set an all-time record. This year's show is at an even higher level, which includes an expansion in the size of the display booth areas. This year the total period of the show has been divided into two parts: on the first day [September 13th (Sat.)], the show will devote itself entirely to business purposes as a trade show, and on the subsequent dates [September 14th (Sun.) & 15th (mon.)] it will open to the general public hoping that they will acquire a better knowledge of "Do-It-Yourself."

This English edition of a list of exhibiting enterprises of the '86 JAPAN DO-IT-YOURSELF SHOW has been prepared for visitors from overseas. In the Japan DIY Industry Association section located in front of the Event Corner inside the South Hall, there will be exhibition staff. Please feel free to ask them to provide you with any assistance.

In 1987, "Japan Do-It-Yourself Show" will be held on the three days of Augast 28th (Fri.), 29th (Sat.) and 30th (Sun.) in Tokyo International Trade Fair Ground. We look forward to seeing many exhibits from overseas corporations.

September 1986

Toshiaki Tanzawa President Japan DIY Industry Association

■ PURPOSE, SCALE AND PRODUCT CATEGORY OF THE SHOW

Purpose:

1. Wilder diffusion and education of concept of DIY-HI activities among consumers.

2. Comprehensive trade fair of DIY industry

Scale:

Number of exhibitors: 356 companies

Number of booths:

842 booths

Product

Hand tools, paints and paint sundries, hardware, repairing Category: materials, building materials and timber, garden tools,

automotive tools and accessories, interior and exterior decoration products and materials, electric parts, water supplies and appliances, pet goods, research and publication organizations, exhibits from overseas, and hobby

products.

SUPPORTING ORGANIZATIONS

- **★ JAPANESE GOVERNMENT** Ministry of International Trade and Industry Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery (Forestry Agency)

MAIN THEME OF THE SHOW

Create and improve your living space with your own hands. "My Life, My Creation", "Let's Try DIY"

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1. Hand tools

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Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
CAMPING GAZ CO., LTD.	(T.M.M. Bldg.) 10-5, Iwamoto-cho 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Masaru Ishida	Tsukasa Kobori	Soudogaz 206, Gas Cartridge, etc.		C-50
HATAYA TOOL CO., LTD.	10-90, Ohsu 4-chome, Naka-ku, Nagoya, Japan Phone: (052) 261-3821	Torao Adachi	Junjiro Minato (Tokyo Branch Phone: (03) 661-7881	Cord Reels, Hose Reels, Hand- lamps, Extension Cord and Oilers	Export	C-47
INOGON JAPAN CO., LTD.	4F Conny Bldg., 6-3, Higashi-machi 1-chome, Toyama 930, Japan Phone: (0764) 21-7700	Seiji Kuroda	Kunimitsu Yoshida	Pittashi Sensor (Finding Stud) Inogon Angle Indicator	Export	. C-40
KAI JIRUSHI HAMONO CO., LTD.	9-3, Iwamoto-cho 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 862-6411	Saijiro Endo, President	Morimasa Koyama (Merchandising & Marketing Director)	Hobby Tools, Scissors, Hardwares & Sprayers, etc.		C-49
KARAKANE KOGYO CO., LTD.	18-8, Higashinakahama 3-chome, Joto-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Shojiro Karakane	Sigetsugu Karakane	Ring Star Tool Box & Free Box	Export	C-43
KISO POWER TOOL MFG. CO., LTD.	1-8, Hannan-cho 7-chome, Abeno-ku, Osaka, Japan Phone: (06) 693-5351	Eijiro Kiso	Eijiro Kiso	Mini Tool: Drill, Jigsaw, Sander, Router & Compressor	Export	C-34
KYOTO DAIICHI INDUSTRY, INC.	45, Nagaike, Kaminara, Yawata-City, Kyoto, Japan Phone: (075) 981-3400	Goichi Morino	I Iiroyuki Nishimura	Volga 25, Mini Multiple Machine		C-56
KYOTO MEASURING INSTRUMENTS CORP.	24, Matsuda-cho, Higashi-kujo, Minami-ku, Kyoto 601, Japan Phone: (075) 681-2761	Yoshizo Murata, President	Hideo Ishida, Foreign Trade Division Manager	Steel & Glass Fibre Measuring Tapes, Cutter-Knives and Blades, Digital Length Measuring Instruments and Other Hand Tools	Export Import	C-59
LUXO CO., LTD.	1-9, Yatomi-dori, Mizuho-ku, Nagoya 467, Japan Phone: (052) 831-1401 Fax: (052) 834-2743	Seltaro Okumura	Akira Toyoda	Universal Band Sawing Machine LUXO-U-16 Type	Export	C-42

1. Hand tools

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representativ e	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
NABEYA IRON & TOOL WORKS, LTD.	25, Wakasugicho, Gifu, Japan Phone: (0582) 71-6301	Taemon Okamoto	Tamio Miyawaki, Director	Vises & Clamps	Export	C-53
NAKAYAMA KIKO CO., LTD.	96B, Honjyokiko-cho, Higashi-Osaka City, Osaka 578, Japan Phone: (06) 747-5470	Chuji Nakayama, President	Masamichi Mikami	GOLD JAGUAR Brand Hand Tool, VANLACK Brand Tool Case, UNION Brand Mainte- nance Equipments, TOYO Brand Tool Box	Export	C-61
O.H. INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.	481, Mizuhai, Higashi-Osaka, Osaka, Japan Phone: (0729) 63-2221	Yoshihisa Shimizu	Yoshihisa Shimizu	All Kinds Hammer & Caster	Export	C-51
OLFA CORPORATION	11-8, Higashi-Nakamoto 2-chome, Higashinari-ku, Osaka, Japan	Yoshi Okada	M. Ariki	"OLFA" Brand Cutters, Blades, Mats	Export	C-39
OMARK JAPAN LTD.	Phone: (06) 972-8104 Toranomon Kotohirakaikan, 2-8, Toranomon 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105, Japan Phone: (03) 503-6716	Toshio Suzuki	Hideyo Yamamoto	Saw Chain & Chain Saw Accessories	· .	C-63
PRINCE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD.	1-11, Asakusabashi 1-chome, Taito-ku, Tokyo 111, Japan	Sadao Yoshinaga, Director	S. Kagami	GB-2001, GT-3000, GT-5000		C-52
SHIBAURA ENGINEERING WORKS CO., LTD.	I-12, Akasaka I-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo 107, Japan	Akira Watanabe, President	Hiroshi Nakajima, Manager, Overseas Dept.	Toshiba Brand Power Tools and Relative Appliances	Export	C-64
TECHNO GESCO LIMITED	825-I, Karima, Yatabe-machi, Tsukuba-gun, Ibaragi, Japan Phone: (02975) 6-1388 Fax: (02975) 6-1389	Yasuhiko Kawamura	Yasuhiko Kawamura	Flexo-Plan Grinder Set (Flexible Shaft Grinder for Hand Drill) Drill Grinder for Homeworker, etc.	Import	C-60
TOOL SUPPLY INTERNATIONAL, LTD.	14-10, Katsuta-dai 3-chome, Yachiyo-shi, Chiba 276, Japan	Shinzo Horie	Shinzo Horie	Imported Tools, Wet & Dry Grinders, Building Hardware, etc.		C-54

1. Hand tools

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
UNIVERSAL TRADING CO., LTD.	5-5, Yushima 4-chome, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 816-4505	Yuzo Amagasa	Yosuke Hiyoshi	Taymar Brazing Torch, EPI Gas Appliances		C-57
VESSEL CO., INC.	17-25, Fukaekita 2-chome, Higashinari-ku, Osaka 537, Japan Phone: (06) 976-7778	Teruo Taguchi, President	T. Hiyori, Manager of International operations	Hand Screwdrivers, Wire Stripper, Hand Ratchet Rivet Gun, Plastic Hammers, Bits, Pliers and Other Related	Export Import	C-37

2. Paints and paint sundries

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
ASAHI OKUMA INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.	5050, Asahimae-cho, Owariasahi, Aichi, Japan Phone: (05615) 3-1213	Yuzo Amari	Inosuke Suzuki Tokyo Office: 16613, Uchikanda 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 254-0911	High Volume-Hot Air Spray Equipment, "Volumair"	- ;	E-145
KAMPE HOME PAINT CO., LTD.	37-20, Kashima-cho I-chome, Yodogawa-ku, Osaka, Japan Phone: (06) 302-4551	Yoichi Mori President	Shiro Yamauchi	Home Paint	Export	E-141
NIHON TOKUSHU TORYO CO., LTD.	16-7, Oji 5-chome, Kita-ku, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 913-6131	Taroh Nakanishi	Shoichiro Kuga	Household Paints "ICHIBAN- SERIES", BONNET-Q, OTONA-SHEET	Import	E-142
SUNDAY PAINT CO., LTD.	9-16, Ohyodominami 1-chome, Ohyodo-ku, Osaka 531, Japan	Shoichiro Yamao	Hajime Moriguchi	House Use Paint		E-150

3. Hardware

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
ASAHI INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.	Sunshine 60 Bldg., 1-1, Higashi-Ikebukuro 3-chome, Toshima-ku, Tokyo 170, Japan	Akira Kato	Kazumi Ishikawa	BOB PETERS (Fertilizers)		C-25
HIKARI CO., LTD.	17-9, Uemachi 1-come, Higashi-ku, Osaka, Japan	Saburo Kimura	Shoji Sano	Sign System	Export	C-31
MATSUI WIRE NETTING INDUSTRY CO., LTD.	Head Office: 32, Minami-Honmachi 2-chome, Higashi-ku, Osaka 541, Japan Phone: (06) 261-2322 Tokyo Office: 16-7, Nihonbashi-Kayabacho 2-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103, Japan Phone: (03) 669-8426	Hiroshi Matsui	Shoki Asakawa	Welded Wire Mesh in Small Wire, Plain Weave Wire Cloth, Chain Link Wire Netting	Export	C-13
MIYADOU CO., LTD.	13, Mithisitacho 3-chome, Nakamura-ku, Nagoya, Japan Phone: (052) 481-2188	Masami Miyadou	Shirou Miyadou	Rope, Tape, Taito		C-12
NIHON LOCK SERVICE CO., LTD.	17-3, Kandajinbocho 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101, Japan	Toshio Futagami	Kiyohiro Otsuka	Electric Lock System, etc.	Import	C-18
RYOBI LIMITED	15-1, Sotokanda 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101, Japan Phone: (03) 257-1335	Hiroshi Urakami President	Yoshio Kanesada Vice President Builder's Hardware Division	Power Tool & Hardware	Export	C-8
SAKAGUCHI PLASTIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.	16-6, Nishishinjuku 5-chome, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 372-5284	Keizaburo Sakaguchi, President	Junichi Sakaguchi	Lock Catch, Fishing Rod Holder, Racket Holder	Export	C-21
SANKO SHOTEN	201, 8-1, Saiwaicho 2-chome, Chiba-City, Chiba 260, Japan	Mamoru Shimotake		Topper Can Opener		C-32

3. Hardware

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
SHIMIZU CO., LTD.	5-9, Kanamono-cho, Higashi Osaka City, Osaka 577, Japan Phone: (06) 723-1971	S. Shimizu President	O. Shimizu Director	Builder's, Cabinet and Furniture Hardware, Decor and Utilities	Export Import	C-24
WAKI SANGYO CO., LTD.	10-32, Minami-Kamikosaka, Higashi-Osaka-City, Osaka, Japan Phone: (06) 723-5551	Hiroshi Waki	Harumi Iwago	Materials, Hardware, Lumber, etc.		C-1
YAHATA CO., LTD.	Tenjinhigashi 18, Nishiharu-cho, Yamanokoshi, Nishikasugai-gun, Aichi, Japan		Yuji Murai	Fasteners and Builders Hardware	Export Import	C-9

4. Building materials and timber

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
FANCY TSUDA CO., LTD.	2-33, Matsubara 2-chome, Naka-ku, Nagoya, Japan Phone: (052) 322-3101	Sotaro Tsuda President	Ryutaro Tsuda Managing Director	"FANCY ROLL" Rolled Veneers	Export	E-64
HOSHINO KOGYO CO., LTD.	692-8, Tamada-machi, Kanuma-City, Tochigi, Japan Phone: (0289) 65-5131	Daichu Hoshino	Akio Hoshino	Chopping Board, Sunoko		E-62
IWAKI SHOTEN, LTD.	1728, Shimookubo, Urawa-City, Saitama 338, Japan Phone: (0488) 52-7511	Todayoshi Nishimagi	Yasuharu Sugama	Rain Gutters, Incinarator, Grating, Underdrain Pipe		E-60 O-4
JUMBO CO., LTD.	12-12, Chuo-cho 2-chome, Fujishi, Sizuoka, Japan Phone: (0545) 53-6126	Toshiharu Endou	Takemi Yamamoto	Wood, Lumber	Import	E-55

4. Building materials and timber

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors,

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
TAKIRON CO., LTD.	Yaesu Osaka Bidg., 1, Kyobashi 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 274-6541	Hitoshi Yamaguchi President	Michio Taniguchi	Agriculture and Hobby Gardening, Building Products	Export	E-56

5. Repairing materials

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
CEMEDINE CO., LTD.	5-9, Higashi-gotanda 4-chome, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 442-1331	Masanao Hara	Hiroshi Ema	Adhesives & Sealants, Home Melter, Hi-span Form, Jagar Series	Export	E-43
HENKEL HAKUSUI CORPORATION	Nissho Iwai Bidg., 3-30, Imabashi, Higashi-ku, Osaka 541, Japan	KH. Jastram	K. Morii	Renovating Products, Household Adhesives and Homecare Products		E-50
KONISHI CO., LTD.	2-6, Dosyou-machi, Higashi-ku, Osaka City, Japan Phone: (06) 228-2811	Shinichiro Konishi	Yukio Oshima	Wood-craft, Bond G17, Bond G Clear	Export	E-42
SCHLEGEL ENGINEERING CO., LTD.	4th Fl., Iwanami Shoten Annex, 3-1, Kanda Jinbo-cho, 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101, Japan	John E. Ragan Representative Director	Takayuki Yoshimura Sales Engineer	Weather Seals (Polypile tape, Door Bottom Seal, etc.)		E-36
SHOWA KAKO CO., LTD.	565, Tohori, Himeji-City, Hyogo, Japan Phone: (0792) 64-1234	Akeo Tanaka	Yoshiaki Tanaka	Vinyl Gloves for Household and for Workers	Export	E-51
SONY CHEMICALS CORPORATION	1-6, Nihonbashi Muromachi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Michio Yamaguchi	Hirofumi Hyakutake	Shoe Repair Goods	Export	E-41
THREE BOND CO., LTD.	1456, Hazama-cho, Hachioji-City, Tokyo, Japan	Tadasu Nonaka President	Hirofumi Masuyama Asst. Manager Overseas Dept.	Household Chemical Goods	Export Import	E40

5. Repairing materials

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
YATSUYA KOGYO CO., LTD.	5-16, Meiekiminami 2-chome, Nakamura-ku, Nagoya, Japan	Masao Shimizu	Sankichi Shimizu	Household Goods — Brush, Bloom, Duster, Lake, Mop,	Export	E-44
8				Squeegee		

6. For-hobby products

· Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trad	Booth No.
GUNZE SANGYO, INC.	17, Kanda Nishiki-cho 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 294-4155 Telex: GUNZE TRA J22275 Fax: (03) 233-0329	Hiroshi Matsushima Director, General Manager of Hobbycraft Dept.	Seiji Ueno	Aqueous Color, Handcraft Materials, Painting Tool for Craft & Hobby	Export Im	port E-79
ŞANYO TRADING COMPANY	2F Hashimotokaikan, 1-5, Higashikanda 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101, Japan Phone: (03) 861-7321~2	Takao Nakayama	Shigeru Yoshida	Wooden Toys & Hand Weaving Looms	- Im	port E–80

7. Electric appliances

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
DX ANTENNA CO., LTD.	2-15, Hamazaki-dori, Hyogo-ku, Kobe 652, Japan Phone: (078) 681-1361	Fujino Yoshio President Hiroshi Maeyama Masayoshi Mori	Hajime Ishizaki	TV Reception Products, Burglar Alam Products		E-28
IPPONDO SHOJI CO., LTD.	21-7, Negishi 3-chome, Taito-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Motonori Hamano	Kat Ishizuka	Battery Tester, Light Meter, Green Meter	Import	E-37
OHM ELECTRIC INC.	Janome Bidg., 28-7, Higashi-Ikebukuro I-chome, Toshima-ku, Tokyo 170, Japan Phone: (03) 981-4116	Kazuhide Niisato	N. Miyagawa	Home Electrical Products	Import	E-27

8. Interior decoration products and materials

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
ARAKAWA & CO., LTD.	17-1, Nishiwaseda 1-chome, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 160, Japan Phone: (03) 202-9177 Fax: (03) 202-9288 Overseas Agent: United Arrows Inc. Suite 408,21-12,Otowal-chome, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 112, Japan Phone: (03) 944-7325 Fax: (03) 944-7209 Telex: 0265-5594 UCHIYA J Cable: UCHIYA TOKYO	Hideo Arakawa	Yukio Shiozaki Sales Manager	Art Clair Part-1 & 2 (Interior Rail)	Export	E-11
FUJI BOEKI CO., LTD.	9-17, Hamamachi 3-chome, Wakamatsu-ku, Kitakyushu- City, Fukuoka, Japan Phone: (093) 771-5668	Yoshiaki Tasaka President	Shichiro Kataoka Manager Sales Promotion	Interior Goods	Import	E-9
FUJI HOME CO., LTD.	8th Floor Dai-ichi Azuma Bldg., 4-5, Iwamoto-cho 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Shigeru Fujimura	Toshio Tsuzura	Plastic Chain, Fixings (Anchor's), Interior Goods	Import	E-18
HINAKA MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.	1-18, Ogata 4-chome, Kashiwara, Osaka, Japan Phone: (0729) 72-1681	Kazuo Nakamura	Akifumi Tsuyama	Curtain Rail, Venetian Blind	Export	E-33
INOWELL CO., LTD.	17-7, Hatano-cho, Atsuta-ku, Nagoya 460, Japan	Hiroshi Tanaka	Hiroyuki Murase & Makoto Itoh	Decro Tile, Wallpaper, Electric Heater Vest	Export	E-24
JAPAN ART KIKAKU CO., LTD.	243, Sakuragi, Sayamagahara, Iruma, Saitama 358, Japan	Hiroshi Yoshida	Kouzo Yokonori	Irepane, Noritsuki Panel, Sho Sho Gaku, Etoru	Export	E-23
LETRASET JAPAN LTD.	20-21, Mita 2-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo 108, Japan Phone: (03) 454-0921	Taisuke Okawara	Shigeko Yoshida	Graphix 4		E-8

8. Interior decoration products and materials

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
MANTEN CO., LTD.	14-1, Nipponbashi-Higashi 3-chome, Naniwa-ku, Osaka, Japan	Takashi Nakanishi	Klichi Arai	Jumbo Fangle & Color Fangle	Export	E-6
NICHIBEI CO., LTD.	Nihonbashi Nichibel Bldg., 15-4, Nihonbashi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103, Japan Phone: (03) 272-2011	Yunosuke Fukuoka	Hiroyuki Sugihara	Horizontal Blind, Vertical Blind, Roll Shade, Accordion Door, etc.	Export	E-26
NOAH CO., LTD.	15-9, Kandasuda-cho 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101, Japan Phone: (03) 251-0641	Mineo Takeuchi	Osamu Harada	Shelf System (Knock Down)	Export	E_34
SANKO CO., LTD.	13-15, Minamisemba, 1-chome, Minami-ku, Osaka 542, Japan	Yoichi Masuda		Carpet Roller, Accordion Bag	Export	E-10
YAMAICHIYA CO., LTD.	522, Bethuin Kainan-City, Wakayama, Japan Phone: (07348) 8-0331	Masanori Katayama	Nozomu Nakanishi	Shuronawa	Export	E-5

9. Exterior decoration products and materials

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
ALNA LIVING CO., LTD.	3-577, Togasaki, Misato-shl, Saitama 341, Japan Phone: (0489) 55-5161	Hisao Yamakoshi	Shohel Miyamoto	Unit Frame for Drying Clothes		O-8
HASEGAWA KOGYO CO., LTD.	23-4, Ebie 7-chome, Fukushima, Osaka, Japan	Yoshiyuki Hasegawa President	Koji Otani Asst. Manager Overseas Div.	Aluminium Alloy Ladders, Scaffoldings for Building Construction	Export	E-89
KANSAKA CO., LTD.	19-5, Shinmachi 4-chome, Nishi-ku, Osaka 550, Japan Phone: (06) 538-3241	Yoshio Sakaguchi President	Morimasa Sakaguchi Senior Vice President	Aluminum Step Ladder, Aluminum Flower House, Flower Stand	Export	E-84

9. Exterior decoration products and materials

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
TATEYAMA ALUMINUM INDUSTRY, CO., LTD.	550, Hayakawa, Takaoka-City, Toyama 933, Japan Phone: (0766) 22-3331	Eiji Takahira	Yasuhiro Mishima	Store Element		E-82

10. Water supplies and appliances

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
CASLE INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.	9-6, Shin-Moji 1-chome, Moji-ku, Kitakyushu-City, Fukuoka, Japan	Kenji Watanabe	Masanori Iwama	Ventilation Fan Filter, Water- filter, Water Saving Hose Joint to Faucet	Export	E-137
KAKUDAI MFG. CO., LTD.	4-4, Itachibori 1-chome, Nishi-ku, Osaka 550, Japan Phone: (06) 538-1122 Fax: (06) 538-3367 Telex: 05253021	Junji Tada President	Michihiro Okamoto Manager	Plumbing Fittings, Mixer, Hand Shower Fixture, Bathroom Accessory, Garden Sprinkler, Nozzle and Fountain	Export Import	E-131
SAN-EI FAUCET MFG. CO., LTD	12-29, Tamatsu 1-chome, Higashinari-ku, Osaka, Japan Mailing Address: C.P.O. Box 830, Osaka Phone: (06) 972-5921	Akira Nishioka	Toyoji Miyagawa	Bathroom, Kitchen & Garden Products	Export	E-134
SANYO KASEI CO., LTD.	15, Hanatsune, Oharu-cho, Ama-gun, Aichi 490-11, Japan Phone: (052) 442-1131	Kesami Goto	Tsugito Yanagisawa	PVC Flexible Hose, Plastic Chopping Board, Plastic Hose Reel, etc.	Export Import	E-133
STIHL JAPAN SALES CO., LTD.	8-14, Nakahara I-chome, Mitaka-City, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 307-6161 Telex: (03) 232-4776	Akiyoshi Kataoka	Miyuki Yoshino	High Pressure Cleaner: Model HD555, HD580 Rinse Cleaner: Model Ex-1000 Wet and Dry Vacuum Cleaner: Model NT200SE Produced by Messrs. Alfred Kärcher Gmbh + Co. (F. R. Germany)		0-6

10. Water supplies and appliances

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
•	5-8, Fukae Minami 1-chome, Higashinari-ku, Osaka, Japan	Shinya Fujimoto	Yukio Nagira	Drain and Pipe, Clean Up Tools	Export Import	E-132

11. Automotive tools and accessories

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
AIM JAPAN CO., LTD.	21-23, Nishibenzai 1-chome, Asaka-City, Saitama, Japan	Hiroaki Kimura	Hiroaki Kimura	Polyethylene Tarpaulin	Export	E-77
FUJI INDUSTORY CO., LTD.	25-9, Nishiimagawa 1-chome, Higashisumiyoshi-ku, Osaka, Japan	Junichi Katayama	Masaaki Yoshimoto	Car Body Cover & Bike Cover	Export	E-171
ISHIBASHI BRUSH MFG. CO., LTD.	58-15, Komazawa 2-chome, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo 154, Japan	Isamu Ishibashi	Norio Imai	Car Washing Brushes & Auto Cleanup Supplies	Export	E-76
MUSASHI HOLT CO., LTD.	TBR Bidg., 5-7, Kiol-cho, Koji-machi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Hiroshi Maniwa	Toshiyuki Inaba	Radiator Leak Sealer, Body Repair Putty, Muffler Repair Putty, etc.		E-65
OKADA CORPORATION	3-7, Shiba Daimon 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Motoshi Hongyo	Masao Okada	Automotive Accessories, Motorcycle Accessories & Leisure Products	Export Import	E-72
J. OSAWA & CO., LTD.	2-3, Shibaura 4-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo 108, Japan	Seizi Tsutsumi	Kohel Tanabe	ARMOR ALL Protectant, WD-40	Export	E-74
TERAO CO., LTD.	4-16, Mikuriya-higashi 1-chome, Higashi Osaka, Japan	Akira Terao	Isamu Terao	Cycle Parts, Cork Goods, Net Goods, Shoe Repair Kit, Idea Seat		E-73

12. Garden tools

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
ARS EDGE CO., LTD.	2-32, Kuken-cho Nishi 2-chome, Sakai City, Osaka, Japan	Shigetsugu Takigawa	A. Nakamura	Pruning Shears, Pruning Saw, Handicraft Scissors, Long Arm Pruner	Export	E-112
CANYON TRADING CO., LTD.	2-1, Sarugaku-cho I-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101, Japan	Hiromu Tada	Akira Nedachi	CANYON Hand Sprayer	•	E-103
HANAGOKORO CO., LTD.	109, Namihana, Shimonoishiki- cho, Nakagawa-ku, Nagoya, Japan Phone: (052) 301-8279	Ritsuo Kozuka	Junichi Kozuka	Hanagokoro (Bonsai Fertilizer)	Export	E-127
HIRANO SEITO CO., LTD.	Kolehonmachi 1-chome, Tokoname-City, Aichi, Japan Phone: (05693) 5-4416	Itsuro Hirano	Itsuro Hirano	Planter, Pot, Bonsai Pot	Export	E-114
H.D. HUDSON ASIA LTD.	1 San Hop Lane 2F, Tuen Mun N.T., Hong Kong Phone: 0-821504	Andrew Fong, Marketing Manager	J.C. Romans, Managing Director	Automatic Compression Sprayers, Cordless Electric Sprayers, Bak-Pak Sprayers	Export	E-121
HYPONEX JAPAN CORP., LTD.	New Noda Hanshin Bldg., 2-7, Ebie 5-chome, Fukushima-ku, Osaka 553, Japan Phone: (06) 458-9272	Hirotaro Murakami	Hideo Kubo	Gardening Fertilizers (Hyponex, Magamp-K, etc.)		E136
MARUMASA CO., LTD.	7-12, Meieki-Minami 4-chome, Nakamura-ku, Nagoya 450, Japan	Kooji Kito	Yasuo Kito	Sunday Carpetry Tools, Gardening Tools	Import	E-107
MENEDAEL CHEMICAL LABORATORIES, INC.	6-32, Nakanoshima 3-chome, Kita-ku, Osaka, Japan Phone: (06) 441-2810	Akira Hata	Koichi Hata	Menedael (Activator for Plant)	Export	E-104

12. Garden tools

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
NIHON TOKUSHU NOYAKU SEIZO CO., LTD.	4, Nihonbashi Honcho 2-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 665-8288	Kozaburo Tateno, President	Soichiro Shirode	Agrochemicals for Garden Use		E-117
NIPPON KATEI ENGEI SHISAI CO., LTD.	Hikari Bldg., 2-8, Honcho 4-chome, Kawaguchi-City, Saitama 332, Japan Phone/Fax: (0482) 25-0369	Ryozo Omae, President	Ryozo Omae, President	Lefra Block, Tum Table	Import	E-94
NISHIGAKI INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.	346, Ohmura, Miki-City, Hyogo, Japan Phone: (07948) 2-6500	Takanobu Nishigaki	Masayuki Kuroda	Pruner	Export	E-122
THE NISSHIN OIL MILLS, LTD.	Head Office: 23-1, Shinkawa, I-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104, Japan Phone: (03) 555-6915 Telex: 720-252-2234	Yukio Sakaguchi, Chairman Mitsuo Fukawa President	Kihachi Kawasaki, Manager, Horticulture Sect.	Garden Fertilizer "Ryo-kka, Hanano-tomo", Rapeseed Meal	Export Import	B-95
OHYAMA BLOW INDUSTRY CO., LTD.	Ohgawara-machi, Shibata-gun, Miyagi, Japan Phone: (0224) 52-3711	Kentaro Ohyama	Masayuki Kayaba	Iris Planters and Garden Ware	Export Import	E-115
RAINBOW CHEMICAL CO., LTD.	15-6, Ginza I-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104, Japan Phone: (03) 563-1761	Kazuhiro Shioi	Yumiko Horigome	Rainbow Flower Fluid, Tsuya Tsuya, Ant Hunter, Nekosogi Powder	Export	E-97
SANKO KENSOU CO., LTD.	22-15, Mikuni-honmachi, 3-chome, Yodogawa-ku, Osaka, Japan	Masuo Iwasaki	Hirofumi Moriwaki	Rainbow Curture	Export	E-109
SELON CO., LTD.	11-7, Shinsen-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 150, Japan	Jiro Serizawa	Koichi Serizawa	Green Interior Goods	Export	E-106
SHIBATA GARDEN EQUIPMENT SUPPLY CO., LTD.	73-3, Honkomagome 5-chome, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Kazuo Shibata	Mitsugu Shibata	Hydro Culture	Import	E-119

12. Garden tools

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
TOSHO CO., LTD.	350-1, Honnakane, Yaizu-City, Shizuoka, Japan Phone: (05462) 4-0817	Toshihiko Oishi	Takeshi Ozawa	Fermented Fertilizer Series and Soil for Orchid, Green Plants and Other Plants	Export	E-108

13. Pet goods

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
KANSHYOGYO	859, Futatsunomiya, Omiya-City, Saitama, Japan Phone: (0480) 93-1641	Kojiro Ishikawa	Hideo Ishikawa	Aquarium, Fish, Bird, Small Pet and These Accessory	Export Import	E-59

14. Research and publication oarganizations

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
KATEI-NICHIYOHIN SHINBUN-SHA	4-19, Kitahorie 3-chome, Nishi-ku, Osaka 550, Japan Phone: (06) 541-1281	Kazumi Kitamura	Sachio Minami	Newspaper, Magazine, Booklets, etc.		C-3
NIKKO TSUSHINSHA CO., LTD.	New Kojimachi Bldg., 8F, 5-3, Kojimachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Tomoo Kubo	Akinori Wakano	Advertising Agency having a Intelligence about Japan's DIY Industry		C-2
NIPPON T.M.I. CO., LTD.	488-5, Kotobuki-Shirasebuchi, Matsumoto-City, Nagano, Japan Phone: (0263) 86-0191	Chiyuki Kanoh	Masao Aruga	Video Dubbing Machines	Export	C-26

15. Mikl producers group

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
1	58-14, Omura, Miki-City, 1lyogo 673-04, Japan	Masaaki Tomosada	Takayoshi Takada	Interchangeable Blade Saw	Export	C-86

15. Miki producers group

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
KANZAWA TEKKO CO., LTD.	Miki City, Hyogo 673-04, Japan	Tamio Kanazawa	Hiroshi Sakumoto	Quality Tools & Hardware (Expansive Bit)	Export Import	C-81
KOBAYASHI GIMLET MFG. CO., LTD.	570-1, Higashi Hoda, Bessho Machi, Miki-City, Hyogo, Japan Phone: (07948) 2-3232	Tsunemi Kobayashi, President	Katsuyoshi Okumura	Auger Bits (Hand Tools)	Export	C-89

16. Sanjo producers group

Comapany Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form and Trade	Booth No.
AIGO KOGYO CO., LTD.	2153-5, Oaza-Tsukanome, Sanjo-City, Niigata, Japan	Akio Aida	Shintaro Aida	Hand Tools	Import —	C-74
FUCHIOKA TOISHI CO., LTD.	16-34, Nishiyokkamachi 4-chome, Sanjo-City, Niigata, Japan Phone: (0256) 35-5111	Shigeru Fuchioka	Yukihiro Shimada	Diamond Tool, Grindstone, Grinding Materials, Machine Tool	Export	C-69
KAKURI CORPORATION	25-5, Sakuragi-cho, Sanjo-City, Niigata, Japan Phone: (0256) 34-6111	Toshiatsu Kato	Iliroshi Kato	Carpenter's Tools, Hand Tools, Garden Tools	Export	C-66
KIYOMITSU & CO., LTD.	6-43, Yothukamachi 4-chome, Sanjo-City, Niigata, Japan	Isao Kamata	Tetsumi Murata	All Horticulture Materials Manufacture	Export Import	C-80
KOYAMA TEKKOSHO CO., LTD.	2171, Tsukanome, Sanjo-City, Niigata 955, Japan	Tetsuro Koyama	Kilchiro Koyama Director	Side Cutting Plier, Long Nose Plier, Cutting Nipper and so on	Export Import	C-76
MEGURO WOODCARVING KNIFE MFG. CO., LTD.	5-19, Nishi-Uradate I-chome, Sanjo-City, Niigata 955, Japan	Kiichi Meguro	Hideaki Meguro	Woodcarving Knives for DIY & Station y Use	Export	C-77
TAKAGI CO., LTD.	13-16, Higashi Uradate 1-chome, Sanjo-City, Niigata, Japan Phone: (0256) 34-3131	Kazuo Takahashi	Mitsuru Watanabe .	Hand Tool	Export	C-78

16. Sanjo producers group

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
TOP KOGYO CO., LTD.	2190-5, Tsukanome, Sanjo-City, Niigata, Japan Phone: (0256) 33-1681	Yasusuke Murayama	Hideichi Kojima	Long Nose Pliers, Diagonal Cutting Pliers, Adjustable Wrenches	Export	C-67

17. Overseas exhibitor corporations

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
MULLER & PHIPPS EXPORT MANAGE- MENT CORP.	One Gourmet Lane Edison, N.J. 08838 U.S.A. Phone: (201) 494-7900 Telex: 642880 MUPEXCO	Michael Oliu Export Manager		Lawn Sprinklers, Sprayers Gardening Aids & Show Shovels.		E-1
WIM MARKETING CO., LTD.	1-3, Higashi-Ikebukuro 3-chome, Toshima-ku, Tokyo 170, Japan Phone: (03) 987-3163 Fax: (03) 987-1248 Telex: 272-3348 JSCWIM	A. Taniguchi		Wire Strage System (Swedish)		E-3
CANADA EMBASSY	3-38, Akasaka 7-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo 107, Japan Phone: (03) 408-2101	G.M. Milot	Ohyama			E-152
CANADA WOOD SPECIALTY	P.T. Box 458 Orillia, Ontario L3V 6K2 CANADA Phone: (705) 326-1301 Telex: 06-875508	Peter C, de Vries President		Wood Turnings Hardwood Dowel and Handles, Knock Down Furniture Components		E-152
CANWOOD LIMITED	955 Timmins Street Penticton, British Columbia, V2A 5V3 CANADA Phone: (604) 493-5656 Fax: 604-493-4405	Bruce Tumbull President		DIY Furniture in Solid Woods (Tables, Chairs, Bets, Shelving Units).		E-152

Exhibiting Enterprises of '86-JAPAN DO-IT-YOURSELF SHOW

17. Overseas exhibitor corporations

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

CCompany Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
DICON SYSTEMS LIMITED	719 Clayson Road Weston, Ontario M9M 2H4 CANADA Phone: (416) 745-6044 Telex: 06-969667	Donald Park Vice President, Marketing		1. Residential smoke alarms, both ionization and photo-electric type, battery operated. 2. Gas alarms Propane gas alarm for recreational vehicles. Natural gas (methane) alarm for residential use.		E-152
EMCO LIMITED	420 Burbrook Place P.O. Box 5750 London, Ontario N6A 4L6 CANADA Phone: (519)451-1250 Telex: 064-5866	Edward McLaren Manager, Export Products		Residential and Institutional Plumbing Fixture Trim.	<u>_</u> .	E-152
EXTRUFIX INCORPORATED	11 Heritage Road Markham, Ontario CANADA Phone: (416) 294-3934 Telex: 06-986771	Oonagh McNerney President		Roll and Rack Disposal System		E-152
KAKABEKA TIMBER LIMITED	P.O. Box 78 Kakabeka Falls Ontario POT IWO CANADA Telex: (807)577-7511	William Smiljanic President		Wood Paneling		E-152
NORTH AMERICAN DECORATIVE PRODUCTS INC.	1055 Clark Blvd. Bramalea, Ontario L6T 3W4 CANADA Phone: (416) 791-2700 Telex: 065 (25268)	Derek Ashton		P.V.C. Wallcoverings		E-152
STANLEY CANADA INC.	65 Imperial Street P.O. Box 66 Postal Station B Hamilton, Ontario L8L 7V2 CANADA Phone: (416) 544-2803 Telex: 061-8712	William Kushlick Vide President Sales and Market- ing		Mr. Kushlik will represent the Canada Houseware & Hardware Association (CHHA).		E-152

Exhibiting Enterprises of '86-JAPAN DO-IT-YOURSELF SHOW

18. Tokyo hardware and household appliance trade fair association group

The code E with the Booth No. refers to East Hall, C to C Hall and O to outdoors.

Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
DAIKEN CO., LTD.	7-13, Niitaka 2-chome, Yodogawa-ku, Osaka, Japan Phone: (06) 392-5551	Hidekazu Fujioka		Gratings, Hall Mats, Tranches, Mail Post, Ceiling Hatches	Export	C-109
FUJIMURA CO., LTD.	5-2, Iwamoto-cho 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101, Japan	Naokazu Fujimura	Tomiaki Ebisu	Hardware		C-97
KIYA & CO., LTD.	1-8, Nihonbashi, Muromachi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 241-1141	Masuzo Katoh	Shunichi Yasuda	Kitchen Knives, Scissors, Kitchen Tools	Import	C–99
MACHIDA CO., LTD.	11-2, Nishi-machi 2-chome, Gamou, Koshigaya-City, Saitama 343, Japan Phone: (0489) 86-7171	Hirokazu Machida	Teruo Kato	Hardware Housewares	Import	C-103
MK SEIKO CO., LTD.	1825, Amenomiya, Kohshoku- City, Nagano, Japan Phone: (0262) 72-4112	Eiki Maruyama	Takuo Emi	House Wares & Kitchen Wares	Export	C-117
NAKANISHI INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.	1-11, Izumi-cho, Kanda, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101, Japan	Yoshitaka Nakanishi	Takashi Nakanishi	Power Stick, Rain Coat, Maintenance Oil	Export	C-141
NIPPON TRANSFER PAPER CO., LTD.	3-29, Nakano 4-chome, Iligashi-Sumiyoshi-ku, Osaka 546, Japan Phone: (06) 702-1551	Sachiko Ibata	Motonobu Kato	NT Cutter & NT Dresser	Export	C-123
SUGATSUNE KOGYO CO., LTD.	8-11, Higashikanda 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101, Japan	Hiroshi Sugasawara President	T. Sugano Manager Int'l Dept. E. Takayama Int'l Dept. M. Kawaguchi, Int'l Dept.	Fittings for Furniture, Builders Hardware	Export Import	C-124

Exhibiting Enterprises of '86-JAPAN DO-IT-YOURSELF SHOW

18. Tokyo hardware and household appliance trade fair association group

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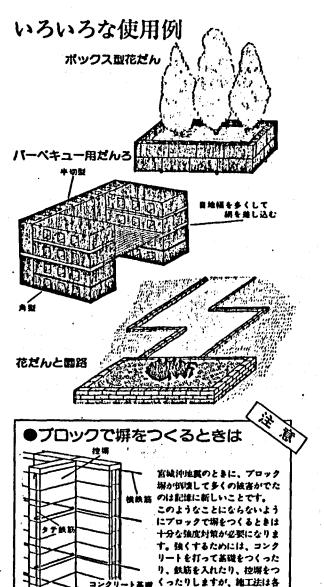
Company Name	Address & Phone Number	Representative	Responsible Personal	Main Products to be Exhibited	Form of Trade	Booth No.
SUGITA ACE CO., LTD.	14-15, Midori 2-chome, Sumida-ku, Tokyo, Japan Phone: (03) 633-5151	Saburo Sugita, President	Kazuo Abe	Hardware, Furniture	Export Import	C-108
TAKAHASHI- KANAMONO CO., LTD.	27-4, Iriya 1-chome, Taito-ku, Tokyo 110, Japan Phone: (03) 876-0601	Ryoichi Takahashi	Yoshio Osaka	Metal Fittings for Building & Furniture		C-130
TOKYO BUILDER'S HARDWARE MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION	27-13, Higashi-Tateishi 4-chome, Katsushika-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Masayuki Maiyama	Akira Takayanagi	Builders Hardware & Houseware Door-Lock, Padlocks, Cresent, Hings, Bracket, Handles, Knobs, etc.	Export	C-98
TOSHIBA BATTERY CO., LTD.	Koel Bidg., 13-10, Ginza 7-chome Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104, Japan Phone: (03)542-9171	Isao Kinugasa	Hiroshi Hashimoto	Battery, Powered Appliances	Export Import	C-98
YAMAGATA CUTLERY INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION		Toshishige Hosoya	Keiji Tobitsuka	Sickles, Knives, Pruning Scissors, Gardening-Cutlery		C-135
YAMATO KOSAN CO., LTD.	525, Omiya-City 4-chome, Saitama, Japan Phone: (0486) 52-9190 64-2611	Yutaka Kimura	Yutaka Kimura	Hydro-assisted Hand Metal Shear, Hydro-assisted Hand Metal Bender	Export	C-128
YAMAYA	5, Tomiyama-cho, Kanda, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Kazuhide Yamaya	Kazuhide Yamaya	Builder's Hardware	Import	C-112

[•] You will find the JAPAN DIY INDUSTRY booth inside the South Hall.

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[•] Those enterprises which failed to submit documents for the list in English are not included on the list of exhibiting enterprises in English.

[•] Concerning the exhibiting booths of each enterprise, please refer to the sketch map of the site on which booth numbers are printed.



界によって決まりがあり、また

地盤の軟器度によっても違いま

す。プロックで堺をつくるとき

は、ホームセンターの担当者や

専門家にまず相談してください。

は無駄をはいき失敗をならす。 はではでいるという。 はではないできます。 はできます。 はできまする。 はできまなる。 はできまなる。 はできまなる。 はできなる。 はできなな。 はできなな。 はできな。 はでなる。 はでなる。 はでをなる。 はでをなる。 はでをなる。 はでをなる。 はでをなる。 はでをなる。

チェック・リクト (使用する材料)

□角材 (違方用)

□砂利 (基礎用)

□プロック □レンガ

□セメント・砂 (モルタル)

(使用する道具)

□スコップ □カナヅチ

□コテ □目地ゴテ

□下げ振り

□トロ舟

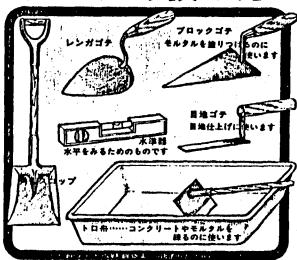
□平クワや角型スコップ



与野店 ☎0488(53)5621 吹上店 ☎0485(48)3211 朝賀店 ☎0484(64)5656 足利店 ☎0284(42)1234 入間店 ☎0429(34)6015 小山店 ☎0285(22)1341 伊勢時店 ☎0270(24)5656 南葉台店 ☎0485(86)5601 大和店 ☎0462(63)3711 春日部店 ☎0485(92)1911 北本店 ☎0485(92)1911

ハウツーシリーズ発行(株) ダイヤモンド・フリードマン社 〒100 東京都千代田区流が関1ー4ー2 203(504)6759 定価20『 の対無断転載 8104

37 DO-IT-YOURSELF ブロックと レンガの積み方



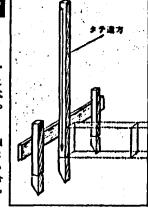
プロックやレンガを積むときは、 ただモルタルを塗りつけて積み上げても 決してうまくいきません。 垂直や水平の目安にする適方を立てたり 地面をしっかりと平らにするなど、 いろいろな作業が必要です。 しかしこのような基本的な工程さえ知っていれば、 ゆがみなくきれいに積むのは簡単です。 青々とした芝生にレンガの花壇や園路は美しいもの。 プロックで生垣をつくるのもいいですね。 気軽にブロックやレンガを使って 庭をグレードアップしてはいかがですか。

積むときのポイント

遺方を立てるいる

プロックやレンガを彼む場合、まず 予定地の両端に角材を立てます。こ の角材のことをクテ進方といい正式 には、ブロックやレンガの幅に合わ せて2本ずつ立てますが1本でも、 よいでしよう。

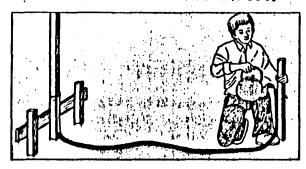
立て方は、下げ振りを使って、先端 を斜めに落とした角材を打ち込みま す。この違方は、水平の基準になる 糸を結ぶものなので、不安定な場合 は、クイを2本打ち、板をクギ打ち して固定してください。



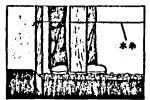
水平のとり方や神がいれば海洋がいかい

まず一方の進方に印をつけ、透明な、をやめ、印をつけておきます。

造方に水平をとって印をつけます。 のところまできたら、水を入れるの ホースを結び、大に他方の進方にホー この印の部分に糸を結び、たるみの スの口をそえ、ヤカンなどで水を入 ないように張ります。この糸を水糸 れましょう。ホースの中の水面が印 といい、水平の基準にします。



せっかく水平のラインをとっても、 地面がやわらかだったり、凹凸があ っては何にもなりません。 ブロックや レンガを検む位置に少し溝を掘り、 砂利を入れてから、丸太や太い角材 🥆 で突を固めてください。 このとき、 水糸からの長さを辿り、水平になる ようによく注意してください。



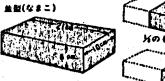
ブロックとレンガの種類と大きさ







●ブロック……普通、妖さ39cm、高さ19cm、厚さは10cm、15cm、19cmの ものがあり、それぞれに並製、半分のサイズの半切、端の部分に使う 構型、鉄筋を入れるときに使う横筋型などがあります。重さは呼さ10 cm、並型のもので11kgぐらいあります。また、これとは別に炎面にい ろいろな加工をした化粧プロックがあり、サイズは普通のプロックよ りも大きくなっています。



●レンガ……長さ21cm、4410cm、厚み 6 cmか標準で、重さは2.25kgで す。また、積み具合によって使う、光、光、光、クテ光のものがあり ます。色や焼き方によって黒焼過ぎ、焼過ぎ、並焼きなどの種類があ り、これとは別に白レンガ、耐火レンガ、空洞レンガなどがあります。

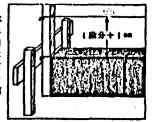
●レンガは彼む畝に水につける

レンガは乾いたまま使うと、モルタルの水分を吸収し接着力が弱く なります。彼む前に5分ぐらいは水につけて、十分水を吸い込ませ ておきましょう。

が氷は小段ごとに高さを変える財際機能

まず、1段目を並べるときは、道方の一方にプロックやレンガを当て、 その位置まで水糸を下げます。他方の遺方の水糸も、移動した分だけ下 げましょう。このとき、似り近した水水には水水器を出て、水平を確認 してください。

この強り直した水糸が、1段目の水 平ラインになります。このラインに 合わせて1段目を並べます。2段目 からは、プロックやレンガの高さに 目地分の1cmを加えて水糸を上げて 扱り直します。なお、プロックやレ ンガは、1個債むごとに水準器を前 後、左右に置いて水平を確認してく ださい.



プロックやレンガはモルタルをコ テで喰りながら積みます。モルタ ルはセメントと砂を容積比で1: 3に促ぜ、水を加えて繰り合わせ たものです。また、このモルタル の接合部分を目地といい、目地幅 は1cmにするのが推通です。しか し目地悩を1cmにそろえて積むの は、非常に難しいので、100円の 角材を通当に切り、これを間には さんで作業するときれいにそろい ます.

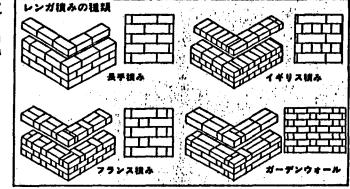


一目地と積む配列。中央政策的執行体制等的構造和原理的政策的影響的影響的影響的影響。

プロックは、普通、クテ族をそろえた通し日地 (罕日地としい います)で配列し、目地仕上げも、平目地にしますが、レンガ は美観を重要視するので、遅か好重なるような互い接ぎにしま す。また目地の仕上げし凝ったものがいろいろあり、プロは目 地部分を目崩りし、新たに砂を少なくしたモルクルで化粧目他 をつくります。

自地の細額

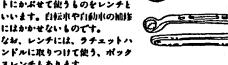




揃えたほうが便利な道具

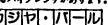
スパナ・レンチ類

ナットを締めるためのしりで、ロ の削いているものをスパナ、ナッ トにかぶせて使うものをレンチと いいます。自転車や自動車の補佐 にはかかせないものです。

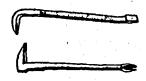


スレンチもあります。

やはりナットを締める工具で、口の 附きをネジで糾節できるようにな っています。使うときは必ず、下 あご倒に引くようにしてください。 同じような工具で、引っかかりの ないパイプにもかっちりくわえら れるパイプレンチがあります。



クギを狭いたり、柳包をはずした りするために使います。

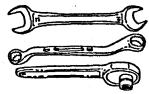


キリ

穴を閉けるための近りです。クギ や木ネジの下穴をあけるのに 便利です。



サンドペーパーで代明もできます が、本格的なヤスリも揃えたいも のです。金属用には、鉄ヤスリの 本机のもの。木工用にはサーフォ ームやアプレーダのようなものが 他いやすいで ``しょう。



木を削るための道具です。プロは

表面化上げ用に使いますが、わり と熟練を要します。しかし、木工 作で、材料が少し大きかった場合

電気や板金の作業にはかかせませ

ん。単気関係は30Wぐらいまでの

ものを、板金にはそれ以上のもの

でものを削るとまや、水と水の後

着などには、なくてはならないL

のです。

ハンダゴテ

など、カンナを他 うと便利です。

のほうが使い

なたのロイのため回溯が

チェック・リスト /がい始またい治見。 ア月1

(この)所んだい 個共・土井	₩.
ロドライバー (プラス・マ	イナス)
ロカナツチ	
ロノコギリ	
ロカッター・会尺	
ロコンピネーションプライ	+-
口ウォーターポンププライ	+-
ロニッパー	
ロコンペックス	
(あると便利な道具・工具	,
ロスパナ・レンチ	口カジヤ・パール
ロカンナ	ロキリ
ロハンダゴテ	ロヤスリ
ロクランプ・ハクガネ	口ましかね

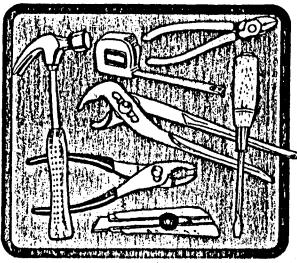


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- Fマン! 59	社 定価20円		

DO-IT-YOURSELF 揃えておきたい



DIYの作業をするときに、 どうしても必要なのが材料と道質です。 特に道具類は、

補修から製作まで、いろいろと使えます。 いざというときに不便のないよう、 日ごろからそろえておきましょう。 また、いつでも使えるように、 使用後は

スプレーの防錆剤を吹きつけるなどの手入れをして いつまでも使えるようにしておきましょう。

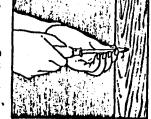
必要な道具・工具類は 揃つていますか

木ネシやピスを締めたり、ゆるめた りするもので、一番使用頻度の高い 道具です。⊕と⊖かあり、大小各2 本ずつは揃えておきましょう。

片手で軸を押さえながら、もう一方 の手のひらで押しつけるように持っ て使います。

ピスや木ネシの頭の切れ目とドライ パーの先端とは必ずピックり合うも のを使ってください。合わないもの を無理に使うと切れ目が壊れて、は ずせなくなることもあります。 また、先端や軸で重いものをこじお こしたり、収手部分で物をたたくと、

軸がまがるのでやめましょう。



木を切るときに使います。種類はい ろいろありますが、家庭用には、駅 つきノコのような形状の新しいクイ プのノコギリがよいでしょう。 このクイブのものは、木の種類や木 目のクテ、ヨコなどの区別なく使え るようになっています。 使い方

日本のノコギリは、引くときに切れ るようになっています。押すときに 力を入れるとノコ身が曲がったり折 れたりするので注意しましょう。 切り始めは、おや指をそえて、低く 引くようにするとよいでしょう。



ものをつかんだり、くわえたりする 使い方 また口の臭の部分は、ピアノ線やハ くしましょう。 リガネなどを切ることができるよう プライヤーは、指や手にかわっても ノ緯などの硬い線はニッパーやペン になっています。

もので、結合部か2ヵ所に移動する 支点になる結合部は、口を90°開い したりしないようにします。 ことにより、ものの大きさに合わせ た状態で移動させることができます。口の奥の部分は、刃がついているわ て口の聞きをかえることができます。ものの大きさに合わせて、使いやす けではありませんが、ハリガネやク

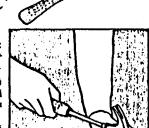
> のをしっかりとつかんだり、固定さ チで切ると刃を似めるので、プライ せたりするものです。 カナツチかわ ヤーで切るようにしましょう。

トイレの水もれなど、いざという とまに困らないように、必要な道 具・工具は、日ごろから描えてお まましょう。また、必要に応じて 戦助工具も描えると、DIYの統 思もぐっと広くなります。



クギを打つほかに、ものをたたくのに 使います。大小2つぐらい揃えたほ うが促利です。カジヤのない場合は、 片方にクギ抜きのついたネイルハン マーを揃えるとよいでしょう。 使い方

ものを打つときは、柄の端を違った ほうが力が入って打ちやすいもので すが、小さなクギは、頭に近い所を 持ったほうが楽です。ゲンノウの場 合など、使い分けましょう。柄と頬 かしっかりと固定されていないと作 葉中に、頭がはずれて危険です。ま た、伽面でものを打ったりすると頻 が破損したり、柄が折れたりするこ とかわるので、やめましょう。



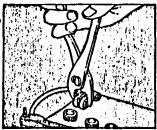
名前のとおり、水まわり関係の作業 に大いに力を発揮する工具です。特 に水位や、トイレのタンクの揺移に は、これ1つあると他の工具はいら ないほど便利なものです。 使い方

コンピネーションプライヤー同様口 を開いた状態で、結合部を移動させ、 口の捌きを開始することができます。 口の部分は、ものの大きさに合わせ て、平行になるように網節して使う のがコツです。

りにものをたたいたり、ナットを回

ギを切ることかできます。特にピア

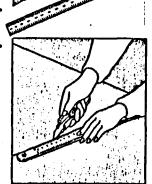




紙やひもなどを切るのに使うほか、 大型のものはベニヤを切ったり、 木を削ったりするのにも使います。 大型と小型と両方あると便利。金 尺はカックーに当てるほかに、もの で を測ったり、線を引いたりします。

挺りをしっかりしないと、作業中 危険です。

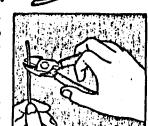
定規を当てるときは、金尺を使い ましょう。プラスチック製だと、 定規を削ってしまうことがあります。 切り始めは、まずラインをつける 感じで軽く引き、2~3回に分け て切るようにします。特にベニヤ 挺を切るときは、木目にそって曲 かりやすいので注意しましょう。



しのを切るための工具です。 特に批判関係の補修にはかかせな いしのです。また日常生活でし、 爪切りに使うと抜群の切れ味です。 使い方

スプリングつきのものは、捉るだ けでいいですが、スプリングなしの ものは、人益し指をレバーの内に 入れて開閉します。

銅線のように柔らかいものは先端 でも切れますが、太いハリガネな どは、なるべく奥の方で切るとよ いでしょう。また、ピアノ線など の釧線やワイヤーなどは刃を傷め るので切らないようにしましょう。

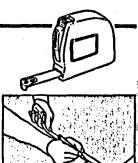


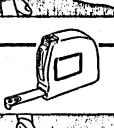
ものの長さを測るためのもので、 他尺ともいいます。

先端の金具がグラグラしているの は、引っかけて使う場合と、押し 当てて使う場合の金具の以みを網 髪するためです。

使い方

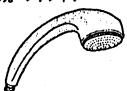
延さを測るときに斜めになると、 長さが迫ってきます。上下、左右 とも気をつけまっすぐに割るよう にしましょう。どうしても、平6 な部分を測れないときは、たるみ にも注意しましょう。





シャワーヘッドの種類

●丸ハンドシャワー



九型の標準タイプのシャ ワーです。

●角ハンドシャワー

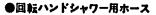
ヘッドの部分が角形のシ ャワーです。機能的には、 九型と同じです。



●その他

デザインかシャレたもの や、いろいろな機能があ るものは、外国製品に多 いようです。このシャワ ーは、水流にマッサージ 効果かあるタイプです。 外国製品が、店頭にない 場合は、係具にご相談く ださい。

ホースの種類





ヤシャワーヘッドとホースの接合 部のテーパー金具が、回転するた め、ホースのよじれがありません。

●ハンドシャワー用ホース

➡サンプレード樹脂にチフロン糸 を編み込み、外側を塩化ビニール でおおったホースで、冬でも柔軟 ct.





●ラセンホース

一英しい金属性のホースです。 ホースがねじれない回転テー パー金具付もあります。

チェック・リスト

〈使用する道具〉

●シャワーヘッド、ホースの交換

ロウォーターポンププライヤーなど

●掛具の取り付け

ロコンクリートドリル ロカナヅチ

ロドライバー

●穴づまりの捕炸

口当プラシ

口虫ピン、マチ針

(使用する材料)

ロハンドシャワーヘッド ロホース

住まいと暮らしのDIYセンター



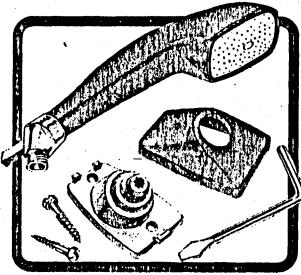
与野店 ☎0488(53)5621 吹上店 ☎0485(48)3211 朝霞店 20484(64)5656 足利店 20284(42)1234 入間店 20429(34)6015 小山店 20285(22)1341 羽村店 20425(55)8501 伊勢崎店 20270(24)5656

川越店 20492(23)1751 育葉台店 2045(981)8221 東大宮店 20486(86)5601 大和店 20462(63)3711

春日部店 20487(54)5811 板橋志村店 2503 (969)3221 北本店 250485(92)1911

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DO-IT-YOURSELF ヤワーヘッドの交換



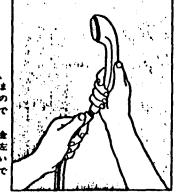
ギラギラと太陽の照りつける戸外から帰宅し、 サッとシャワーをあびて汗を流す。 じつに気持ちのいいものです。 しかし、シャワーヘッドがこわれていたり、 ホースが破れていては、 せつかくの製作威が台無し。 シャワーヘッドやホースの交換は、簡単にできます。 こわれているのに気がついたら、 すぐに交換しておきましょう。 また、浴室の壁を塗りかえたときは、 カラフルなシャワーヘッドにするのも、 気分が変って良いものです。

シャワーヘッドやホースは、それぞれ単体も、セットになっているも のもあります。必要に応じて交換すると良いでしょう。

量シャワーヘッドの 交換

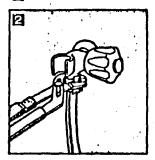
ホースとシャワーヘッドは、 どのメーカーのものでも合いま すが、ヘッドによって、専用の 掛具を使用するものもあるので 注意しましょう。

ホースとヘッドの接合部の金 具をしっかり押え、ヘッドを左 にまわすとはずれます。新しい ペッドはしっかりとネジ込んで おきましょう。

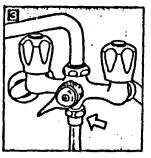


置ホースの交換

監禁 ます、ヘッドをはずします。



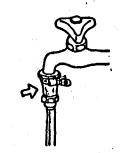
合次に、水位とホースを接続して いるナットをはずし、新しいホー スと交換します。ナットを締める ときは、俗をつけないように、有 や革をあてると良いでしょう。



合導水混合位でシャワーと吐水口 の切替え式になっているもののと きは、総合栓のメーカーにより、 ホースのナットと合わないものが あるので、注意してください。

8 ホース差込口

ハンドシャワーのホースを普 通の水栓に蒸し込んで使用する アグプクーです。





☆ シャワー用逆止弁

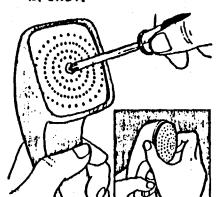
ハンドシャワーホースからの・ 行水の逆流を防ぎます。ホース と水栓の間に入れて使用します。

シャワーの穴づまり

シャワーの水が均一に出なかったり、水の出が悪いと きは、水アカによる火の詰まりが原因です。

1. る中央にピスのあるものは、ピスを取ると、 金属部分がはずれます。

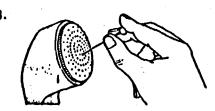
ピス止めでないものは、全体を左にまわせ ば、とれます。



シャワーヘッドの次のあいた会解部分をはずし、パス 用洗剤を歯ブラシにつけて洗うとだいたい直ります。 それでも詰まっているときは、針で、火を通し、水ア 力を取ると良いでしょう。



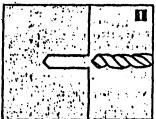
食物プラシなどに、パス用洗剤をつけ、火をよく過すよ うにこすります。



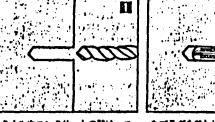
食マチ針や虫ピンなど、斑のついた針で大を突いて、水

シャワー用の掛具には、エポ キシ系の接通剤がセットされて いるものもありますが、浴室は、 湿気も多く温度差もはげしいと ころなので、接着剤だけで止め るよりも、ピス止めの方が安心 TT.

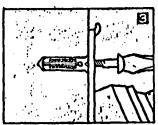




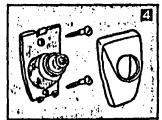
★タイルやコンクリートの壁は、コ ンクリート用ドリルピットで火をあ 付土十。



☆プラグを蒸し込みます。入りにく いときは、カナツナで軽くたたくと 及いでしょう。



會掛具の止める部分を、木木ジで周 迎します。

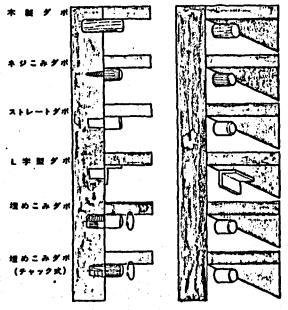


食掛具本体をかぶせ、強く押えつけ るとカチッとはまります。

■中仕切りの棚板をささえるダボ

既成のキャビネットなどの機によく使われているのがグポです。 種類はネジ込み式と、穴をあけて、差し込むタイプ、またオス、メス があり、メスダボを領板に埋め込み、そこにオスダボをセットするタ イプと3種類あります。

側板に埋め込み式のグボをいくつかセットしておくと、仕上がって から編の高さや段数を変えられるので便利です。

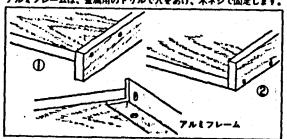


■棚板がしなわないために

機にものを乗せると 棚板がしなうことがあります。これを防ぐに は、棚板の前面に幅の狭い板やアルミフレームを取りつける方法があ ります。

補強用の板は、普通①のように取りつけますが、高いところにある 横には、落下防止をかねて②のようにつけてもよいでしょう。

アルもフレームは、金属用のドリルで穴をあけ、木ネジで固定します。



編無駄をはいき失敗をならす。 学行に立つハウンボジルボジが 経験あるたのDIYのために対す

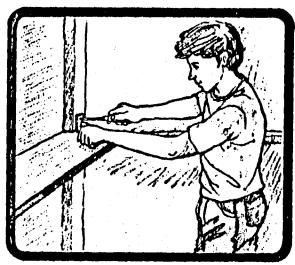
チェック・リスト (使用する道具)

. . .

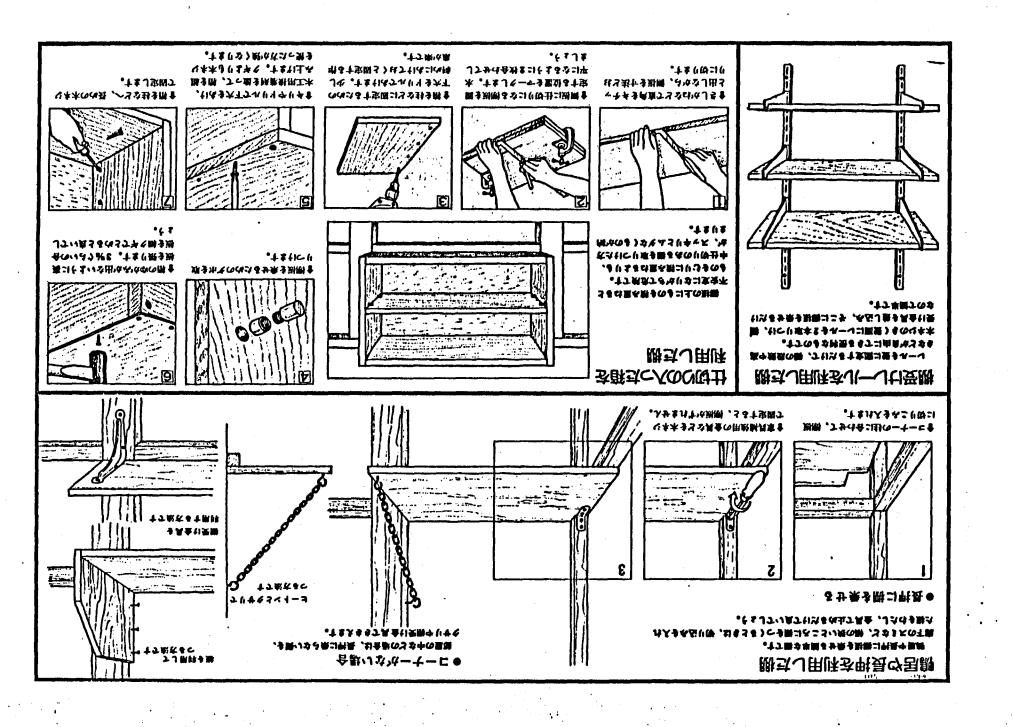
口さしがね
ロカナツチ
ロドリル
ロクギ
□合板(3%ぐらい)
ログボ
口棚受けレール
,

住むせ称らしのロソセンター

ハウツーシリーズ発行 (株) ダイヤモンド・フリードマン社 〒100 東京都千代田区茂が間1-4-2 会03(504)6759 定備20円 の対無所転載 8006



自取使わないバックやクツ、小物など、 家の中のものは、
知らず知らずのうちにふえてしまいます。 このようなものを整理するときに、 まず考えるのが棚をつることです。 棚を上手につるのは、難かしいようですが、 実際に作業してみると意外に簡単にできます。 階段の下や出入口の上部など、 空いているスペースを有効に利用しましよう。



生き生きとした芝生にするために

●芝刈りはひんぱんに

芝の成長最盛期は月に4回、春 と秋は月2回の河で刈りこみまし ょう。刈りこむことにより、上に 伸びる栄養分が新しい葉や茎にな り、芝が密生して雑草のはえにく い見事な芝生になります。

●芝刈りの方向はそのつど変える ●芝刈り機は面積によって選ぶ 1回目をクテに刈ったら2回目 はヨコ、3回目はナナメとそのつ ありますが、芝生の面積によって ど安えるようにしましょう。刈り 時が残らず、きれいな芝生になり #t.

●仲ぴてしまった芝は急に迸くし

急に短くすると光のあたってい ない葉や葉が表面に出るので、全 体に黄色くなり、枯れてしまう場 介もあります。急に似くせずに、 何回かにわけて短くするとよいで しょう。

芝刈り機には手動式と配動式が

選ぶとよいでしょう。また、場ぎ わや敷石のまわりなど、隅の部分 はパリカン式のものや芝刈リパサ きを使うと便利です。

●土が堅くなったら穴をあける

芝の表面に太いタギをさして、スポッとを さらなくなったら土が固まっています。 こうなると水分や姜分が根で吸収できず、 通気も悪くなるので芝生全体が弱ってきます。 このような場合、芝生に欠をあけると水は けや通気がよくなり、根の張りが促進されて 芝生が生きかえります。穴あけは15cm間隔、 深さ5~6cmぐらいでよいでしょう。 先のとがった鉄の浄や太クギなどでもでき

ますが、専用のものにローンスパイクがあります。





●芝生に凹凸ができたり、部分的 に潜しなった場合

凹凸ができたときは、鎌やナイ フでその部分に切れ目を入れ、芝 きます。 をはがします。日土を入れたり、 土を取ったりして平らにし、芝を もどし、足でよく辨みます。最後 に目土をかけておきます。またへ こみが少ないときは、上から日土 をかけて、平らにするだけでも、 もとにもどります。

・サッチというのは枯れた糞や茎。 刈りカスなどが固まったもので、 これが堆積するとやはり水分、姜 分の吸収が悪くなります。

この場合は、ナイフや銀で20~ 30cm間隔に浅い切れ目を入れ、レ 一キや使い古した竹はうきでかき 出します。そのあと、大あけをし ておくとよいでしょう。

部分的に薄くなった場合も、同 様に、薄い部分の芝をはがし、新 しい芝を入れて、日土をかけてお



あなたののYのために飛締

チェック・リスト (芝張りや手入れに使用する道具と材料) 〈使用する道具〉

ロスコッフ	口をない	
ロシャベル	ロレーキ	•••••
ロナイフ	ロローンスパイク	• • • • •
口木切れ	口クイ、糸、ロープ	
〈使用する材料〉		•••••
口芝苗	•	
□消石灰		•••••
口肥料		
		•••••

住まいと暮らしのDIYセンター

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よく手入れされた芝生の庭は 見た目に美しいだけでなく 砂ポコリをたてない 雑草の発生を防ぐ 地温を保つて、夏すずしく 冬は瞪かいなど 数々の特長をもっています。 またガーアンバーティーなどにも 爽やかな雰囲気をあたえてくれます。 お宅の庭も芝生にしてはいかがですか。

芝を張る前に床土をつくる



ベルなどで根から取りましょう。



石灰は、酸性の土壌を中性に近 つけるためで、量は土地によりち かいますが、だいたい1㎡に 100 ~200gでよいでしょう。日光にさ らすのは、土壌中に潜む細菌を数 し、朝気を予防するためです。

食スコップなどで土を掘り起こし、

41元配として骨粉、油柏、草木灰

などをやり全体に混ぜ合わせてか

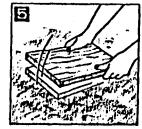
6石灰をふりまいて、4~5日、

日光にさらします。

土のかたまりは細かくします。



會全体を表面から15cmぐらいの課 さまで、よく泥せ合わせます。



食金体をならし、足で難むか木片 でたたいて凹凸をなくし完成です。

芝の肥料

植物が生育するためには、三要 楽と呼ばれるチッソ、リン酸、カ りが必要です。

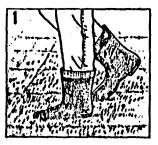
芝生に与える肥料は、晩秋から **脊先までの葉の枯れている時期に** 骨份、堆肥、草木灰、油柏、藕黄 などの有機肥料を目土といっしょ にほどこすとよいでしょう。また

配合肥料は、袋にチッソ、リン酸、 カリの割合を15-10-10などと%で 表わしてあります。

巻から秋までの芝の生育期には、 化成肥料 (無機肥料) の芝生用の ものを少量すつ与えるとよいでし ょう。化成肥料は、有機肥料に較 べ、効果が表われるのが早く、ニ オイや病気の発生が少ないなどの 利点がありますが、持続性があり 三要集をパランスよく混ぜ合わせ ません。また、どの肥料も多すぎ た配合肥料もよいでしょう。この ると書があるので注意しましょう。

■芝の張り方

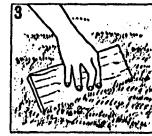
芝張りに適した時期は3~9月ごろで、特に梅雨入り前の4~5月ごろが最適です。



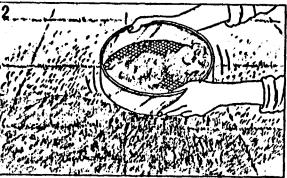
◆ まず、芝を張る床土にクイを 打ち、そこに糸を張ります。

この糸にそって芝苗を並べ、 板切れで芝の上をよくたたくか 足で踏みます。

■ 全体に床土と同じ土をふりか けます。「ふるい」を使うとよい でしょう。この作業を「目土を かける」と言います。



← 木切れを使って目土をよく芝 苗にすり込みます。またメジ(芝 苗のすき間)の段差がないよう に全体を平らにして、水をたっ ぶりあたえ、作業は終りです。



芝張りの種類



ベタ張り すき肌をあけずにならべる張り方 で、杖も早く芝生が完成します。



メジ延り

芝苗とうしのすき間を3~4つあけ て扱る方法で、芝生が均一になる までに5~6ヶ月かかります。



THE PERSON OF TH

有關的機能的特別

市松连リ・一条连り

芝苗は、ベタ張りの半分の量です みますが、芝生が均一に完成する までに1年以上かかり、雑草の発 生など手間がかかるので、あまり おすすめできません。

●芝張り直後の手入れ法

水はたっぷりと与えた方がよいのですが、表面に水たまりができる のはやりすぎです。また芝苗を張った後1週間は、日土が亡く乾いて きたら水をやるとよいでしょう。

また2週間ぐらいは、ローアを張るなどして、芝生に入ら ないようにしましょう。

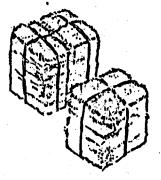
3週間から1ヶ月もすると葉の 長さか6~7cmぐらいに伸びるので、 1回目の芝刈りをします。このと き4cmぐらい残るようにするのが コツです。その後は1週間に1度 ぐらいの割で芝刈りをするとよい でしょう。

また、メジの部分がくはんだら 日土を与え平らにします。 たごごう かまり

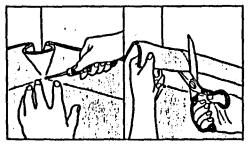
置芝苗の大きさ

市服されている芝は、ふつう 4尺×4尺分の芝が1つのセッ トになり、寒ねてあります。これ は、実際に芝を張るときには、 メジを3~4cmとって似るので、 1坪(6尺×6尺)となるわけ です。しかし、芝の切りがはま ちまちで、枚数や大きさは一定 していません。

芝苗を買い求めるときは、1 東でどのくらいの面積を張るこ とができるのか、よく聞きまし 17.

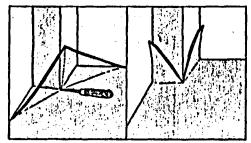


コーナーの処理



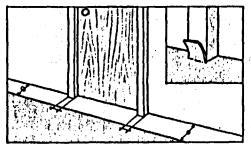
食コーナーは、床材を押しつけ、中心点に干枚通しやキリな どで大をあけ、はさみで切り込みを入れておきます。

大きな出っぱりの処理



★きな出っぱりの場合は、荒切りをせずに床材の角を持ち 上げ、頂点の部分に千枚通しを打ちます。斜めに切り込みを 入れ、出っぱりの壁ぎわをきめ込み、カットします。

小さな出っぱりの処理



★ドアの飾り縁など小さな出っぱりの場合は、壁と平行に床 材を置き、出っぱりの幅に切り込みを入れてから、壁に押し つけ、きめ込んでから余分を切り取ります。

は無駄をは必ぎ失敗をなくだ 機能あるだのロイのために対象

チェック・リスト (使用する材料)

口塩ピクッション型床材

口カーペットテープ

口ピニール床材用シーリング剤

〈使用する道具〉

口万能パサミや数ちパサミ

口カッターナイフ

口千枚通しやキリ

口和数用へラ

口大型金属ヘラ

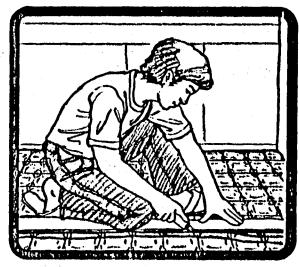
住まいと暮らしのDIYセンター

与野店 ☎0488(53)5621 吹上店 ☎0485(48)3211 朝政店 20484(64)5656 川越店 250492(23)1751 春日部店 120487(54)5811 北本店 150485(92)1911

足利店 ☎0284(42)1234 入間店 10429(34)6015 小山店 150285(22)1341 羽村店 本0425(55)8501 伊勢崎店 本0270(24)5656 育葉台店 ☎045(981)8221 東大宮店 ☎0486(86)5601 大和店 ☎0462(63)3711 板提志村店 2303 (969)3221

ハウツーシリーズ発行 (株) ダイヤモンド・フリードマン社 〒100 東京都千代田区茂が附1-4-8 2003(504)6759

DO-IT-YOURSELF ビニール床材の敷き方

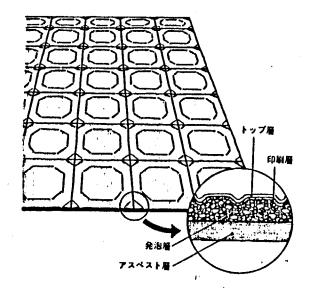


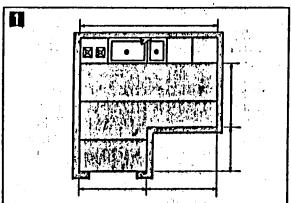
台所に貼ってある プラスチックタイルがところどころはがれてきた。 洗面所の木製の床が湿りがちで汚れが目立つ。 このようなトラブルは、わりに多いものです。 解決法はいろいろありますが、防水性や防管性のある クッション型のピニール床材を敷きつめては、 いかがでしょうか。

このピニール床材は、ロール状で販売されているので、 ちょっと作業が難かしそうですが、 コツさえわかれば、索人でも簡単にできます。 ぜひチャレンジしてみてください。 **部屋が見ちがえるようになります。**

ルビュール床材を割き口める。

クッションタイプの構造

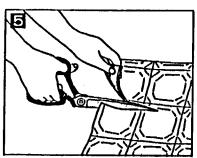




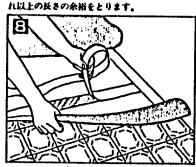
床材の必要な長さを見積る まず、床材を貼る部屋の見取り図を書き、寸法を入れます。これに床材 の幅(#90cmか180cm)で、めやすの線を入れると必要な長さかでます。



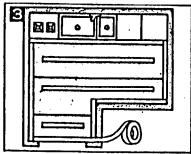
床の掃除をする 床の表面がホコリや油で汚れていると、カーペットテープの粘着力が割まります。ゴミを樹除した あと、住まいの洗剤で伏いておきましょう。



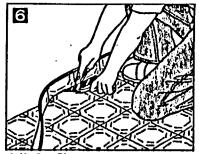
荒切りをする 球材を両端5mぐらいづつ余裕をとり、大きめの ハサミで切ります。 補合わせが必要な場合は、柄のピッチを剃り、そ



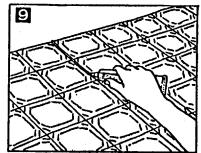
つぎ目にもテープを貼る
つぎ目が中心になるように、味材の下にカーペットテープを貼ります。このとも、壁ぎれのテープと重ならないように注意しましょう。
はくり紙をはがし、固定します。



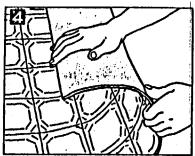
カーペットテープを貼る 海いタイプのカーペットテープを四方の壁をわと、 仮止的用として中央に貼ります。このとき、はく り低は、まだはがさないようにしてください。



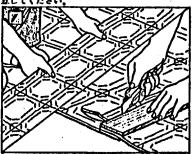
1 枚目を貼る 仮止め用のはくり紙をはがし、水材を貼ります。 繋ぎわの余分は、和助用のヘラできめ込み、金属 の大型ヘラを定規がわりにしてカッターで切りま しょう。



壁 ぎわを固定し、シールする 部屋全面を貼り終ったら、繋ぎわのテープのはく り紙をはかし、床材を固定します。 次につぎ目や、 切り込みすぎた部分にシーリング制でシールして おきます。



床材は逆巻きにしておく 買ってきた味材は巻きぐせかついているので、遊 に巻いておくと作業しやすくなります。しかしあ まりもつく着くと美のアスペストか別れるのでは 意してください。



柄合わせをする クテ、ヨコの柄を合わせ、ガムテープなどで固定 し、仮止めテープのはくり紙をはかします。 乗なっている部分は、3枚いっしょにカッターで切り ましょう。



フックの種類

粘着式フック

ネジ込み式フック



アコフ、スチール家具など、 平らな面に向いています。貼 も前に面をよく拭いておきま しょう

接放式フック

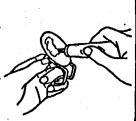


多少の凹凸のある面にも使用 できます。接着する面は、ホ コリヤ油分などをよく取って おきましょう



すぐに落ちる吸盤

台所や浴室で使用する石鹼受けや タオル排けなど、吸盤で固定する ものが多く市販されています。 このようなものが、すぐに落ちて しまう場合は、取りつける面を乾いた布でよく試いてから、吸盤に 瞬間接着剤を塗って取りつけてく ださい。



解無駄をはぶぎ失敗をならす。 解役にゴラルカンボシリポス酸 が解あなたのDIYのためにする

チェック・リスト
〈使用する道具〉
□ドリル (下大用)
□文能 (ブラグを打ち込む)
□ドライバー (木木ジを止める)
〈使用する材料〉
□フック
□Uブラグ
□木木ジ
□I Tプラグ
□カールプラグ



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羽村店 \$20425(55)8501	伊勢特店 ☎0270(24)5656
川越店 20492(23)1751	青菜台店 ☎045(981)822
東大宮店 ☎0486(86)5601	大和店 ☎0462(63)3711
春日88店 20487(54)5811	板構志村店 2303 (969)3221
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27 DO·IT·YOURSELF 壁にものを吊るす



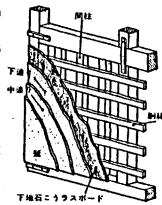
壁に吊るした額が突然落ちてきたこのような経験はありませんかこれは、 壁の材質とフックの組み合わせがうまく合わず、 吊るしたものの重量が ささえきれなくなって、落ちるのです。 特にうら紙をはがす粘着シートや 接着剤で固定するフックは、 取りつけるところのホコリや汚れをよく落とさないで使用すると、すぐにはがれ、 落ちてしまいます。 壁にものを吊るすときは、 壁の材質や表面の状態をよくわきまえて、 フックを選びましよう。

壁の構造

一般の木造住宅の場合、髪の内 部には、間柱や網線が入っていま す。

間柱は、柱と柱の間に約45cm間隔 で入っている角材で、胸線は、30 cm~45cmの間隔で間柱に止めてあ る後板です。

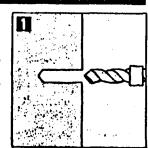
ホネシで固定するフックや、ネシ込み式のフックは、表面がどのような整でも、間柱や胴縁に固定すれば食いわけです。しかし実際には、クロス貼りの整小件社会板の盤以外は、間柱や胴縁を探しだすのは田雕なので、それぞれの壁に合った方法で、フックを固定しましょう。



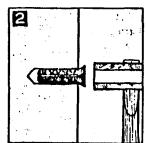
コンクリートの壁にフックをつける

カールプラグの取りつけ (コンクリートプラグ)

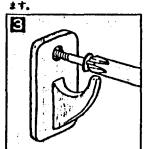
コンクリートの整やタイル張りの 盤にフックを取りつけるときは、 カールプラグを使います。カール プラグにはプラスチック製と鉛製 のものがありますが、プラスチッ ク製は、打ち込むときに折れにく いのに対し、鉛製は折れやすいの ですが、強度があります。



食コンクリート用ドリルビットで ほをプラグに合わせて下火をあけます。



★カールプラグを打ち込みます。

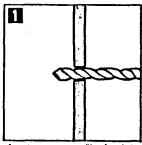


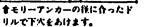
★本本シでフックを固定します。

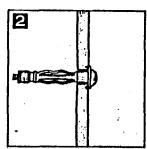
中空構造の壁にフックを回ける。

石膏ポードや化粧合板の並は、間柱や胴縁に止めてある部分以外は内 に何も無い中空の構造になっています。このような並にフックをつける 場合は、モリーアンカーや | Tプラグを使用すると良いでしょう。

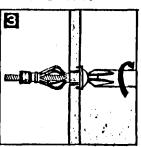
モリーアンカーの取りつけ







★モリーアンカーを差し込みます。

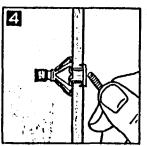


食ドライバーでネジをまわすと、 内側でカサが開きます。

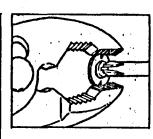
食ものを吊るすためのフックを通

し、再びネジを締めます。

5



食力サが削さきると固定されるので、ネジをはずします。

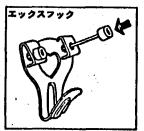


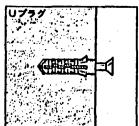
カサが開くときに、企体がまわっ てしまっときは、プライヤーでは さみ、ポジをまわすときちんと開 きます。

けいつくいなどの塗り壁に刃心のをつける

領中力レンダーなど、軽いものも吊るすとまは、網くて長いピンを 斜めに打ち込んで固定するエックスフックを使います。

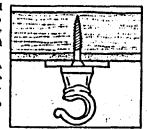
洋泉掛けなども取りつける場合は、ドリルで下穴もあけてから、カールプラグを少し大きくしたようなUプラグを差し込んで、木ネジで 関定すると良いでしょう。



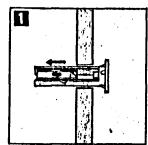


天井カビグラツタでなどを吊るす

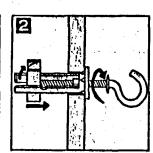
天井裏には、必ず野縁という極や角材が入っています。天井から物を吊るすときは、ネジニみ都分が35%以上あるフックをこの野縁に固定して下さい。フックを取りつけたときは、左右にゆすってみなりが浅いので位置を少し着らったよいでしょう。また、タウあるものはブランターフッいます。



ITプラグの取りつけ



食下穴をあけて、ITプラグを並 し込みます。

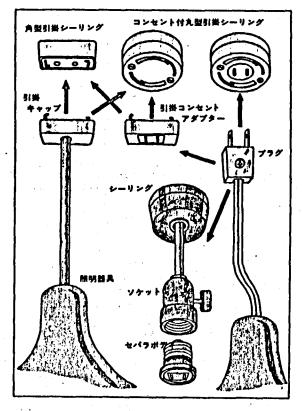


すフックをまわすと、押さえの板 が起き上がり、ボードを締めつけ で囚定されます。

電源との接続

天井の電源部は、引掛シーリングやコンセント付きの引掛シーリング、またシーリングからコードが出てソケットのついているものなどがあります。

引掛シーリングの場合は、引掛シーリングキャップを、ソケットのついたものは、セパラボディーをねじ込んで、プラグで接続します。



引掛シーリングをはずすときは注意

引掛シーリングだけで吊ってある古い間明謀員を取りはずすときは、必ずコードを持ち、数具の重量をささえてから引掛シーリングをはずしてください。不用意に引掛シーリングをはずすと、思わぬの異さがかかり、取り落とすことが、入ります。



機無財差はなど失敗をなどは 機役は近かいプレデシルデス機 機能的なたのDIYのために機能

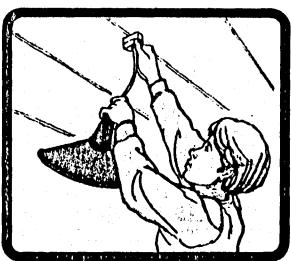
チェック・リスト
〈使用する道具〉
□ドライバー
□ニッパー
□ドリル
□千枚通しやキリ
〈使用する材料〉
□木ネジ
□ペンダント用コード
□洋灯吊リやヒートン
□プラグ
□引掛シーリング・キャップ



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29 DO-IT-YOURSELF 照明器具の取りつけ方

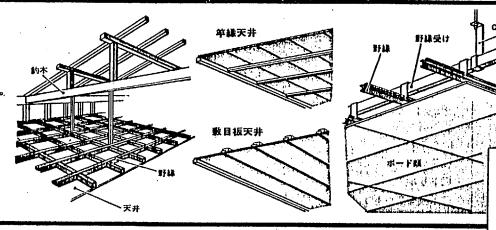


カーテンや壁紙などとともに、 解明器具を取り替えることも、 部屋の雰囲気を変え、気分転換にはいい方法です。 しかし、

華著に見える器具でも重量はかなりあります。 取りつけは、ほとんどの場合が天井。 場所が場所だけに落ちたときは危険です。 天井の構造をよく理解して、 安全な方法で取りつけましよう。

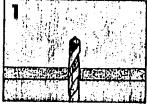
天井の構造

天井の真伽には、必ず野縁とい う板や角材が入っています。 この野縁は、天井板を止めるも ので、関係は45cmになっています。 鼠明器具を吊り下げるためのフッ クや会具は、必ずこの影響に固定 してください。フックは、ねじ込み 部分か35mm以上ある洋灯吊りを使 うとよいでしょう。

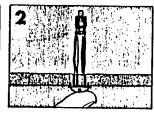


アングルで吊ってある天井に 照明器具を取りつける

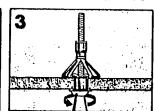
●モリーアンカーの使い方



食モリーアンカーに合った径のドリ ルで下穴をあけます。

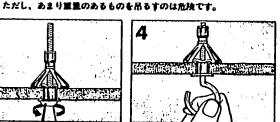


★アンカーを差し込み、ドライバー で締めます。



を取りつけるとよいでしょう。

食力サが開き、手ごたえが重くなっ たらピスをゆるめて取ります。



マンションなど、鉄筋コンクリートの住宅の場合、木製の野縁ではな

く、CチャンネルやMバー、Tバーなどのスチール製のアングルで天井

材を吊っていることがあります。このようなときは、アングルから少し

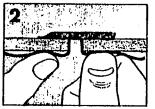
はなれた位置に欠をあけ、モリーアンカーや安全アンカーの洋灯タイプ

★洋灯タイプのフックをねじ込んで、 しっかり止めます。

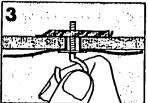
●安全アンカーの使い方



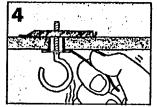
★10.5mmの径のドリルで下穴をあけ ます。石膏ボードならば、アンカー 「のドリル部分でも穴をあけることが いできます。



★アンカーを登し込み、帯金を左右 に開いて仮止めしておきます。



★洋灯タイプのフックにワッシャー を通し、アンカーのナット部分にね じ込みます。



◆左右の帯金は、6~6回上下に折 り曲げると、その部分からチギレま

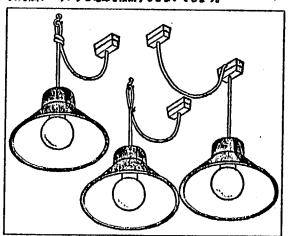
野縁のさがし方

野様の入っている位置をさかす場合は、和室ならば天井をた たいてみます。空洞のような音の部分とつまっているような音 の部分があります。このつまった資かする部分が影縁の位置で

洋宝で、防食テックスなどの天井材が残ってあるときは、天 井材のメジ部分 (ツギ目) に野様が入っています。また、下地 が石膏ボードでクロス張りしてある天井は、壁際から45cm割り、 千枚通しを突き差してみると對縁の位置がわかります。磁石を 利用したネイルレーダーを使って、石膏ボードのクギの位置を 見つける方法もあります。

ペンダントタイプの照明器具

幽部屋のある部分だけスポット的に明るくしたいような場合、蟷螂部か らのコードの長さがたりないことがあります。このような場合は、ペン ダント用の長いコードに取り替えます。ペンダント用コードが入事でき ない場合は、ペンダントを吊り下げる位置に引掛シーリングを取りつけ、 その引掛シーリングと電源を接続するとよいでしょう。



ドアの防犯

防犯警報器

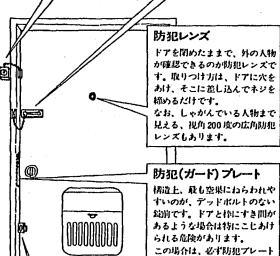
ドアや窓にセットしておくと、閉 けられたときにマグネットスイ ッチが作動してブザーがなりま す。乾龍池をセットして両面テ ープで貼るだけなので取りつけ



ドアチェーン

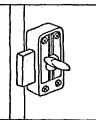
ドアチェーンを取りつけるとき は、必ず横位につけましょう。 ドアのはしに似に取りつけると、 わずかなすき間からはずされる ことがあります。

ドアの構造上とうしても概にし かつけられない場合は、ハズレ 止めか、押しネジのついたタイ アを選んで取りつけるとよいで しょう。



補助錠

よくワンドア・ツーロックといわ れますが、これは1つのドアに錠 を2つということです。 万一主錠 か壊されても補助錠があれば安心 です。取りつけ方など群しくほう リースNa 3の補助錠のつけ方を参 考にしてください。



と補助錠を取りつけましょう。

止めるだけなので簡単です。 フロント板の長さにより、合う

ものを選んでください。

取りつけ方は、ドアに木ネシで

チェック・リスト 《使用する道具》

口マイナスドライバー

ロプラスドライバー

口カッター

(使用する材料)

口錠前

口割りばし

口木工用接着剂

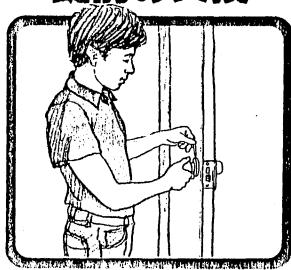


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吹上店 20485(48)3211 朝霞店 40484(64)5656 足利店 40284(42)1234 小山店 230285(22)1341 伊勢崎店 230270(24)5656 **資菜台店 2045(981)8221** 大和店 430462(63)3711 板橋志村店 2203 (969)3221

北本店 250485(92)1911 ハウツーシリーズ発行(株)ダイヤモンド・フリードマン社 〒100 東京都千代田区設が関1-4-2 〒03(504) 6759 定価20円 (D)禁無膨転級 8107

DO-IT-YOURSELF



玄関や勝手口など、 ドアの錠前のトラブルは防犯の上からも困りものです。 錠前のトラブルは、錠前自体が壊れていなくても、 錠がすり減ったり、

錠穴にゴミがつまったりすると起こります。 まず、よく点検して、 錠前の調子の悪いときは、 すぐに交換しておきましょう。 交換作業は、

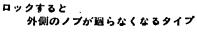
同じサイズの錠前ならば簡単にできます。

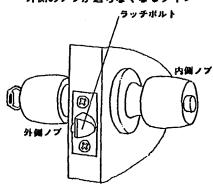
錠前の交換

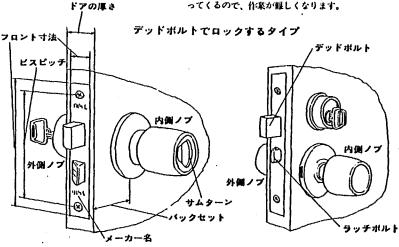
玄関や勝手口のドアについている錠削は、ドアノブの中心に鍵穴のあるモノロックタイプと健穴が別にある箱錠タイプのものがあります。また同じモノロックタイプでもロックしたときに、ノブが回らなくなるものと、デッドボルトがストライクに入るものがあります。錠削を交換するときは、違うタイプのものにすると、ドアの表面や側面の穴の大きさが違ってくるので、作業が難しくなります。

同じタイプで、同じサイズ、できれば同じメーカーのものと交換するようにしてください。

新しい錠削を購入するときは、古いものを持っていくのが一番ですが、それができない場合は、簡単な絵を集いて、パックセット、フロント寸法、ビスビッチ、ドアの厚さ(できれば材質も)、ラッチとデッドボルトのビッチ、メーカー名を書き入れて持むするとよいでしょう。

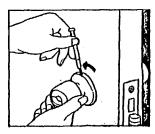


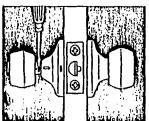




錠前のはすし方

11内側のノブをはずす

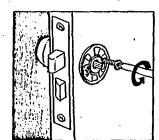


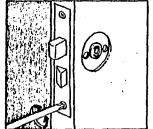


モノロックタイプで、デッドポルト のあるものは、九座とノブが一体の ままはずれます。丸座がネジ止めし てあるものはネジをゆるめると簡単 にとれます。その他、丸座を左に回 してはずすもの、このタイプは回し やすいように丸座に小さな穴があり 細いドライバーなどを差し込んで回 します。また、取りつけ部分に切り 込みがあり、マイナスドライバーで こじ起こすものなどがあります。 ロックしたときにノブが回らなくな るタイプのものは、ノブと九座が別 別にはずれます。ノブの根元の部分 に小さな穴があり、そこに干枚通し やクギを差し込んでノブを引くとは ずれます。また、クギなどを差し込 んだまま1度ロックし、それを解放 するとはずれるタイプもあります。 九座は、切り込み部分にマイナスド ライン・一を差し込んで、こじ起こします。

21丸座要金をはずす

九座をとると、ドーナツ型の九座展 金がピスで止めております。このピ スをはずすと、九座展金と外側のノ ブをはずすことができます。





③フロント板のピスをはずす

フロント板を止めているピスをはず

し、フロント板をこじ起こすように

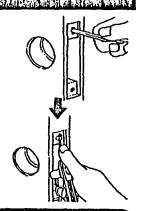
すると、残りの部分がはずれます。

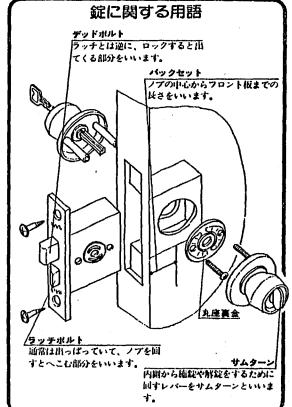
錠的は機種によってはずし方が多少違いますが、基本的には、内側 のノブから聞にはずしていきます。

統訂の図げあ

新しい錠削は、セットされた状態になっているので、あらかじめ分解しておき、はずしたときと逆の 刷字で組み立てます。このとき、フロント板を止めるための、古い 木木シの穴は、割りば着剤を強っていた。カッターで表面を平らにしてから取りつけるとよりしっかりします。

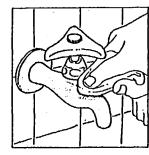
桁錠タイプのもののはずし方や取りつけ方も、サムターン部分など、 内側の木ネジで止めてある部分以 外は、他のタイプのものとまった く同じです。





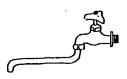
水栓金具のお手入れは?

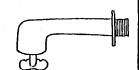
水栓金貝は、水を使う場所だけ に意外と汚れやすいものです。 通常は、バス川洗剤や石所用洗 剤を介につけて洗うときれいに なります。それでもおちない的 れや、多少サビの出てきた場合 は、カー用品のメッキ部にも使 えるクリーナーを布につけて拭 くとよいでしょう。このクリー ナーは、サビや汚れを落とすだ けでなく、保護膜をつくってサ ビを防止する働きもあります。



水栓金具のいろいろ

自在水栓 台所によく使われます。 衛生水栓 トイレの手が別。





ます。カギ付なので、他人に使っか熱くなりません。 川されません。

アクリルハンドルの水栓 国外の駐車場や飲水川に使われ 湯を長時間使っても、ハンドル

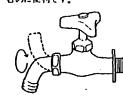




散水川ホースが取りつけやすい ようになっています。

ホーム水栓 学校でよく使われます。 1面き にすると目を洗ったり、水を飲 むのに似利です。





ではいる(O)DINAON MINE

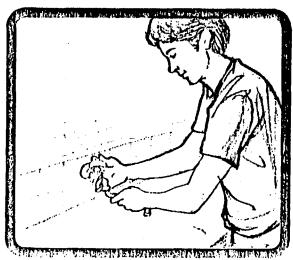
チェック・リスト 〈使用する道具〉 口水道修理セット 口水栓取外しレンチ 口立カラン締め ロウォーターポンププライヤー (使用する材料) □水栓金具 口シールテープ

住まいと暮らしのDIYセンター

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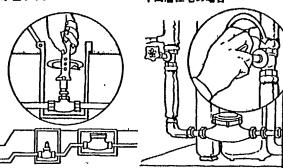
水栓金具は、パッキングさえ交換すれば、 半永久的に使えるものです。 しかし、サビが出て汚れてしまったものや メッキのはガれてしまったものは、 新しく交換してはいかがですか。 特に浴室など、壁を塗り替えたときは、 水栓の汚れが目立ってくるものです。 また、洗濯機を使うときなど、 水栓がもう1つほしいときは、 分岐水栓を取りつけると便利です。

作業の前に、まず止水栓を止めましょう









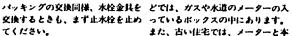


水平面に取りつけてある水栓金具を立水栓金具といいます。 ト雄付用スパナ)を使うとよいで

まず、連結管と水栓を止めている ナットをはずします。次に水栓本 体を止めているナットをはずし、 水栓を引き抜きます。このとき洗 面白のように、作業する場所が狭 く、通常の工具ではナットがまわ せないときは、立カラン締め(ナッ

立カラン峰の

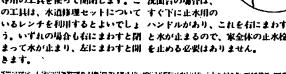
しょう。 新しい水栓は、ネジ部の先端から 1cmぐらいにシールテーブを告さし はずしたときと逆の肌圧で組み立 てます。



止水栓は、ほとんど水道メーターの 管の間に止水栓が設けられているこ 付近にあります。1戸雄住宅ではメーとかあります。これは、鉄の円崎の ーターボックス内に、マンションな ボックスに止水栓が納められていて

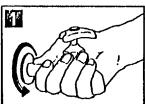
交換するときも、まず止水栓を止め っているボックスの中にあります。 また、古い住宅では、メーターと本

専用の工具を使って開閉します。こ 洗面台の場合は、 の工具は、水道修理セットについて すぐ下に止水用の いるレンチを利用するとよいでしょ ハンドルがあり、これを有にまわす う。いずれの場合も右にまわすと閉 と水が止まるので、家全体の止水栓 まって水が止まり、左にまわすと閉 を止める必要はありません。

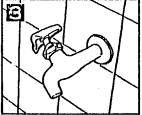




盤面に取りつけてある水栓金具を横水栓金具といいます。



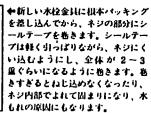
やまず、古い水栓金具を左へまわし てはずします。松道手でまわせます が、かたい場合は維用などをはさん で、ウォーターポンププライヤーを 使うとよいでしょう。また水栓金具 専用の水栓取外しレンチを使うと間 単にはすせます。



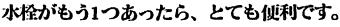
◆祈しい水栓金川を右にまわしてね じ込みます。杖扱までねじ込んでも 水栓が斜めになる場合は、いったん はずしてシールテープの量を増減し て正しい位置になるようにしましょう。 最後に正水栓を開け水もれを点検し ます。水もれするときは、シールチ 一プの巻き方が膨いので、もう1度 作業しなおしてください。



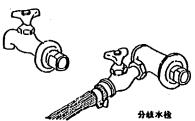


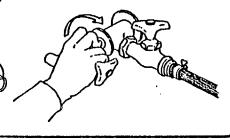


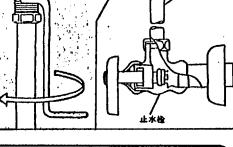




洗漉塊を使ったり、シャワーに したり、1つの場所からもう1 つ水栓がほしいときには、分岐 水栓を取りつけましょう。 取りつけ方は、基本的に横水栓 と同じです。







APPENDIX J

NOTES FOR A SPEECH TO THE

DIY MISSION REPORT MEETING

Friday, March 13, 1987, TOKYO, JAPAN

The maturity of the Canadian DIY manufacturing industry, and the potential opportunities to market DIY products in one of the largest consumer markets in the world, has resulted in the Government of Canada conducting two DIY Missions to Japan.

The first was from September 20-29, 1985. It was the first joint industry-government project to assess the export potential for Canadian DIY products and services in the Japanese market, to ascertain an overview of the Japanese perspective on DIY, and to identify possible market niches.

The data collected in the first mission and its later analysis combined with the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee mandate led to the Research Institute for Distribution Policy in Tokyo conducting a survey of the Japanese DIY market in June 1986.

The description of the Japanese market for DIY products and services identified by this survey, and its assessment of opportunities led to the second DIY Mission to Japan (September 11-19, 1986) to be recruited by the Government of Canada. The program was arranged by the STEP Canadian DIY Products Committee, with the Canadian Government hosting a complementing enhanced Canadian information booth at the Second International Japan DIY Show.

OBSERVATIONS OF THE FIRST DIY MISSION MEMBERS

Their main observations and comments were:

- Japan's DIY market is in its infancy, but the market is growing, and the time to break into it is now.
- While there exist good opportunities in Japan, Canadian exporters need a clarification of the Japanese distribution system and how it applies to the import of foreign manufactured DIY products.
- Given how expensive housing in Japan is, the Japanese tend to prefer quality and prestigious products.

- In general, the Japan DIY Show is less sophisticated than the Canadian Hardware Show in Toronto in terms of Canadian understanding of a trade show; the primary difference is in the number of recreational products on display at the Japan DIY Show. The show also appears designed to more specifically meet the needs of the consumer, not trade, traffic.
- Japanese packaging of DIY products displayed at the Japan DIY Show were also considered less sophisticated than expected in that the packaging in general lacked colour and design creativity.

 There were few graphics and the quality of materials was considerably lower than expected.
- Canadian items packaged for the DIY market in Canada being re-packaged on a larger scale for the construction, designer and home builders market. In Canada, DIY is generally understood to mean the 4 "R": redecorating, remodelling, repairing, and renovating; the greatest interest being in redecorating. The first DIY mission's assessment of the Japanese DIY market was of DIY

being strongly associated as a recreational activity. However, their assessment also identified a maturing orientation towards the North American idea of DIY.

THE SECOND DIY MISSION TO JAPAN (SEPTEMBER 11-19, 1986)

The second DIY mission resulted from recognition of the wide range of Canadian products suitable for the Japanese market, the growing market for DIY products in Japan, and the findings of the DIY Survey on Japan's market potential. The goal of this second mission was to introduce Japan to some of Canada's most successful manufacturers while introducing to Japan a selection of Canadian DIY products.

The mission's itinerary prepared by the STEP

Canadian DIY Products Committee, gave a thorough overview

of and practical insights into the Japanese DIY market.

During the first mission, Canadian members had only

visited the Japan DIY Show. On the second mission, the

Canadian government participated in this show with an

enhanced information booth, which presented these

companies, and other Canadian manufacturers unable to in

the mission, with an opportunity to display product samples and literature. Over fifteen Canadian products were displayed.

OBSERVATIONS OF THE SECOND DIY MISSION MEMBERS

By the end of their itinerary the major differences in lifestyle between Canada and Japan had become very evident. In Canada, the home tends to be used more as an entertainment and leisure centre. In Japan, homes are more functional in design with smaller kitchens and bathrooms (the major locations for Canadian renovation time and energy); bedroom and family room generally occupy a single area.

The Japanese have considerably less leisure time than the average Canadian. Working hours are longer, often including Saturday mornings. The hours remaining are usually devoted to the family. The entertaining of friends and business acquaintances primarily occurs outside the home.

Even so, the increasing amount of leisure time available to the average Japanese since the early 1960's has contributed to a greater interest in DIY. DIY is

undertaken as an expression of creativity, as a hobby and within the concept of healthy, happier living. But as in Canada, there is a sense of accomplishment, in "doing-it-yourself". As such DIY activity in Japan is much more craft or hobby-based than in Canada.

Major renovations, such as putting in kitchen cabinets, windows and doors, or adding a room, are rare and are usually contracted to a specialist. As well DIY stores generally do not handle such "basic" building materials as roofing, doors, windows, lumber etc.

Different customs, a different language, and transportation distances contribute to the complexity in understanding and trading with a country so distant from North America. Because of this, substantial market research and identification is required to break into this very selective market. A business/social relationship has to be established with the Japanese client even before initial discussions can be undertaken.

Japanese consumers demand high quality and appreciate innovative and distinctive products. As referenced in the DIY Survey, the Japanese consumer attaches a great deal of importance to the rare and

handmade craft rather than mass-produced and uniform manufactured products. Even so, imports must be designed for their specific needs. Many North American DIY products currently being marketed in Japan have had to be modified for Japanese use. For example, the hand-saw technology in Japan is significantly different from that of North America. Hammers and screw drivers are noticeably smaller. Electrical requirements are different. Products and product demands (because of more compact living space) are smaller. Also, Japanese made products have innovative help-aids incorporated into the product design, like a marker in tape measures.

Many Japanese are apartment dwellers. DIY and renovation activities are for the most part limited to cosmetic applications, and then only to when there is a change of tenant. In highrise apartment buildings, Japanese tenants are extremely limited to what they are allowed to change, maintain, or repair under tenant contract.

Most Japanese residences have limited outdoor space. This makes outdoor recreational equipment, such as bar-be-ques, lawn and garden furniture extremely difficult to market in Japan.

There are well-established traditional distribution channels and methods in Japan. For most export transactions, the foreign manufacturer must market through an importer/agent (who is willing to take the risk of marketing & distributing a foreign manufactured product), who sells to the distributor who sells to the wholesaler who sells to the store who sells to the consumer. One must market at all levels of this network before the importer will even consider bringing the product into Japan. The distribution system is so complex that there is a real risk that the product can be priced out off its market. As such, many products are sold on consignment, and cash flow requirements may make it more difficult to get established in the Japanese market.

The risk of merchandizing foreign products also often results in the Japanese client placing an order to small to warrant either the foreign manufacturer shipping it or re-tooling to meet specific Japanese requirements. In other words, if the shipment is large enough for the exporter, it is usually too large for the Japanese importer.

FINAL DEBRIEFING: SECOND DIY MISSION MEMBERS

Mission members offered the following observations:

- perseverance is needed to penetrate the Japanese market. In many cases, a demand would have to be created for Canadian DIY products;
- market research is a major necessity;
- Japan is a consumer society, but the Japanese consumer is very frugal and careful in product selection and ultimate purchase;
- Canadian companies interested in penetrating this market must offer high quality, well-designed goods, but at competitive pricing, and,
- small Japanese retailers wanting to buy Canadian products, while interested in sample shipments, often choose not to, given Japan's complex distribution system, their lack of knowledge of how to import, and the difficulty in accomplishing direct importation of goods from

the manufacturer. The larger chains also seem more interested in having Canadians participate in a "World Product Week" than in buying a container of goods, perhaps because not enough Canadian manufactured products are exported to Japan to warrant a "Canada Week".

Primarily it is Canadian manufacturers of DIY

products which can be installed in short time frames (i.e.
one day) that should be encouraged to try the Japanese
market. However, many Canadian DIY products remain too
complicated and too big for the average Japanese
consumer. The DIY and renovation market potential for
Canadian manufacturers, for wood and paper converted
products still appears to be limited. Even so, there is
market potential in new housing and contractural
renovation for products such as millwork components, solid
wood decorative paneling, wall coverings, wood mouldings,
floorings, doors & windows. High potential is seen for
the supply of traditional Canadian style kitchen
cabinetry, due to the strong Japanese preference for wood.

The best opportunity for Canadian manufacturers products therefore appears to be in wood and wood-related products, especially but not exclusively for the home

builders industry and the decorator market. Such products should concentrate on "better design" features. The best Canadian wood products can compete in quality and price, but will generally have to meet stringent local specifications requiring changes in design and production. Product packaging will be all important. It must be strong and clear so that the purchaser understands function, potential, and method of installation.

The key market niches for products from the Canadian converted wood and paper product sector appear strongly aligned to the rapid growth of Timber Frame Construction (TFC) in Japan, outside the major population centres.

FOLLOW-UP ACTIVITY

Although the volumes involved were small, six of the participating companies on two DIY missions have reported sample shipment sales and further potential sales for their products. Liaison activities aimed at facilitating and reinforcing the success achieved on these missions are being ongoing.

However, the emphasis for the third mission will be shifted from the DIY market sector to that of new residential construction and contractural renovation. DEA and DRIE are currently planning a Canadian manufactured wood products mission to Japan this coming September to complement an enhanced Canadian Information Booth at the Japan Home Show, (similar in style to the one designed for the Japan DIY Show last September). The Japan Home Show has been chosen for Canadian participation given that show's greater emphasis on wood products. Recruitment for this mission and company participation in the Japan Home Show to complement the Canadian information stand will begin this spring.

There will be a concerted effort to involve some of Canada's larger, more competitive millwork firms to take a serious look at market penetration in Japan.

Opportunities in the DIY sector will continue to be explored and monitored. A report on the recent Hinode Corporation buyers mission to the Canadian Hardware Show (February 7-11, 1987) in Toronto is currently being completed by the Canadian Embassy and will incorporate the information provided by the Hinode Corporation at today's meeting. To facilitate initial sample shipments, the Canadian company D.H. Howden has offered to consolidate Canadian products identified by the Hinode buyers for market assessment in their store chains.

As well, the second DIY mission members have now completed a six-month update of their market activities since the 1986 mission. This update is being presented today and we hope will be used as a platform for further discussion of DIY and related marketing activities.



JAPAN HONE SHOW '86

HOME AUTOMATION '86

Guide for Visitors

September 16 — 20, 1986 Tokyo International Trade Center, Japan

GREETINGS

The JAPAN HOME SHOW is a comprehensive presentation of new home furnishings, appliances, furniture, floor covering, wall covering, lightings, building materials, gardens and home improvement supplies promoting the home building industry.

Side by side with the 1986 event will be held the HOME AUTOMATION '86. This is because of the great interest continually generated concerning the development of Home Automation (HA) with an extensive utilization of electronics and other gimmicks of advanced technology.

One of our greatest concerns is how to produce better-quality homes and more functional home furnishings and appliances to meet growing needs.

Of the many changes taking place in Japan now, the government has targeted its attention to the activation of the home building industry, as one of its main tactic to spur the domestic economy. Because of this, the organizers believe that this year, both exhibitor and visitor response will be a more satisfactory one than ever before.

The intensive demonstrations of the home related products at the JAPAN HOME SHOW will stimulate the exchange of up-todate information among some 220 exhibitors including manufacturers and suppliers and visitors, and will benefit all of them.

EXHIBITION INFORMATION

Period:

Sep. 16 - 20, 1986

Place:

Tokyo Internetional Trade Center, Harumi, JAPAN

Exhibition Hours:

Dally from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Sponsored by:

** ***

y:

Japan Management Association
Japan Housing Equipment & System Association

Authorized by:

Ministry of International Trade and Industry

Ministry of Construction

Ministry of Posts and Telecommunications

Ministry of Home Affairs

Science and Technology Agency

Housing & Urban Development Corporation

Housing Loan Corporation

Number of Exhibitors:

211 companies 688 booths

Haii Space:

Heli 1: 6,782 m² Heli 2: 6,782 m²

Exhibit Space:

5,292 m² (net space)

Admission:

Free of charge but all visitors must register on errival.

Products to be Exhibited: J

JAPAN HOME SHOW '88

Kitchen Appliences, Bath Tubs and Washing Stands, Cooling, Heating and Ventileting Equipment, Home Interior, Home Exterior, Building Materials, Housing Melntenance Materials, Housing Information, Housing

Equipments and Appliances for the aged

HOME AUTOMATION '88

HA Network System, Home Security System, Information Communication System, New Medie, Living Environ-

ment Control System

Organized by:

Japan Management Association

3-1-22, Shiba-Koen, Mineto-ku, Tokyo 105, JAPAN

Tel.: (03) 434-6211 Tix.: JMA J25670

Japan Housing Equipment end System Association 1-23-7, Torano-Mon, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105 JAPAN

Tel.: (03) 503-4546

SPECIAL EXHIBITION CORNER

HOME HEALTH CARE

Year after year, acceleration in the increase in the over-65 age group in Japan is recorded, and in connection to this, expansion of the "Silver Market" (business targeted to this over-65 age group) is expected.

Talking of the home industry, the public has high expectations in the development of homes and related products for the aged and handicapped, and also for the improvement and enhancement of the Home Health Market such as Home Care.

To provide for safer and more convenient homes, HA (Home Automation) comes to play an even more important role.

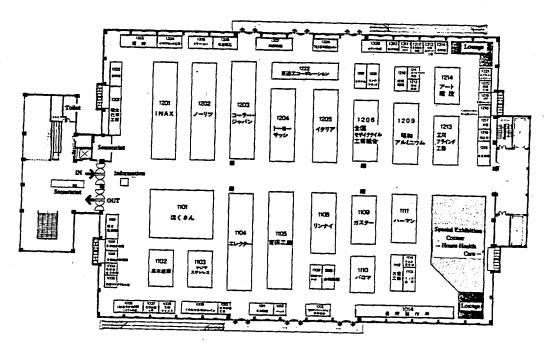
With these developments in mind, we will exhibit overseas and domestic home health care products, which will be in great need from now on. The intention is to assist, guide and activate the home industry to adjust and cope with the changes triggered from the progress of the "old-age society".

Company	Major Exhibits
GARAVENTA (CANADA) LTD. 7505-134A. Street Surrey, B.C. V3W 7B3	Stairway Lift for Wheelchair
F. J. PAYNE MANUFACTURING LTD.	Lift for Bathing and Nursing (Electric/
Stanton Harcourt Road, Eynshaw, Oxford OXB IJT	Fland-driven)
HOMECRAFT SUPPLIES LTD. 27 Trinity Road London SW17 7SF	Helping Appliances for Bathing and Toilet
MANGAR AIDS LTD. Prestéigne Industrial Estate Presteigne	Helping Appliances for Bathing
	GARAVENTA (CANADA) LTD. 7505-134A. Street Surrey, B.C. V3W 7B3 F. J. PAYNE MANUFACTURING LTD. Stanton Harcourt Road, Eynshaw, Oxford OXB 1JT HOMECRAFT SUPPLIES LTD. 27 Trinity Road London SW17 7SF MANGAR AIDS LTD. Presteigne Industrial Estate

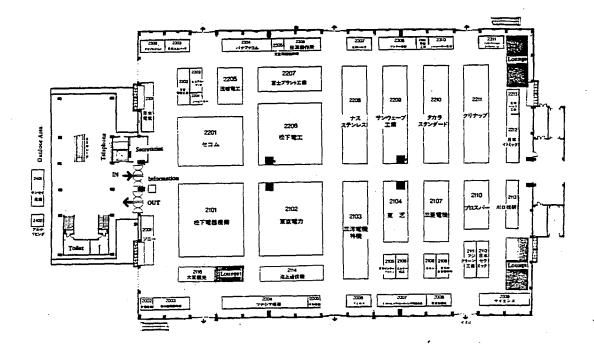
Nation	Company	Major Exhibits
ı	DAYS MEDICAL AIDS LTD. Litchard Industrial Estate Bridgend, Mid-Glamorgan	Tip-Up Seat for Bathing, Handrall Lift, Walker
	MINIVATOR SALES LTD. Townsend Industrial Estate, Houghton Regis, Beds., LV 55BA	Chair Type Lift for Stairway
U.S.A.	FRED SAMMONS INC. 145 Tower Dr. Burr Ridge IL. 60521	Supplies for Bathing and Tollet, Kitchen Utensiis
	GUARDIAN PRODUCTS INC. 780 Easy St. Siml Valley CA93062	Shower Chair, Handrail, Walker
	TRANS AIDS INC. 13 130 S. Nomandie Ave. Gardena, CA 90249	Slope for Wheelchair
	MADDAK INC. 6 Industrial Road Pequannock, NJ 07440	Supplies for Bathing and Tollet, Hand- rall, Kitchen Utensils
Sweden	ARJO HOSPITAL EQUIPMENT P. O. Box 61 S-241 00 Eslov	Bathing System for Home Use
France	LEICHLE SA P. O. Box 14 54480 Cirey	Bath Tub for Home Use
Belgium	HANDI-MOVE Leopoldiaan 47 9400 Minove	Ceiling Lift
Holland	LINIDO BV Weceringweg 7 P. O. Box 70 2640 Aa Pijnacker	Bath Chair of Hanging-up-on-the-Wall Style, Bench, Handrail
	HOMAT BV Muideoweg 6 P. O. Box 1090 Gouda 2800 BB	System Kitchen
Japan	MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. 2-I-61, Shiromi, Higashi-ku, Osaka 540	Home Automation Machinery and Equipment, Infrared Sensor System
	JAPAN ABILITIES ASSOCIATION 5-16-4, Yoyogi, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 151	

Floor Plan

Hall 1



Hall 2



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Exhibitors' List

Domestic Exhibitors

Company	Address	Exhibits Booth	No.
A			
ABC TRADING CO., LTD.	2-12-14, Nagala-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100 Tel.: 03-507-7111 Tix.: 222-6742 ABCTKD J	Building Materials	1211
ABE KOGYO CO., LTD.	1-7-10, Shinjuku, Shinjuku- ku, Tokyo 160 Tel.: 03-341-9021	Royal Kits, Beds, President Door, Blind Door	1307
AIPHONE CO., LTD.	2-18, Jinno-cho, Atsuta-ku, Nagoya-shi, Alchi 456 Tel.: 052-682-3877 Tix.: J59995	Vidao Door Station W/CCD Camera, Intercom end Telephone W/Video Monitor, CATV Condominium Telephone System, etc.	2006
ALNA LIVING CO., LTD.	3-577, Togasaki, Misato-shi, Saltama 341 Tel.: 0489-55-5161	Unit Frames for Drying Clothes	2402
ART KENSETSU CO., LTD.	Shasoku Bidg., 4F. 5-3-13, Koutoubashi, Sumida-ku, Tokyo 130 Tel.: 03-833-7271	Heelth Room	1214
C			•
CHOFU SEISAKUSHO CO., LTD.	2-1, Chofu, Ouglmachi, Shimonoseki-shi, Yameguchi 752 Tel.: 0832-48-1111	Water Heater, Air Conditioner, Oil Fan Heater, Soler System	1014
C. ITOH & CO., LTD.	2-5-1, Kita-Aoyama, Minato- ku, Tokyo 107 Tel.: 03-497-2121		2007

Company	Address	Exhibits	Booth	No.
• INTER CENTRAL HEATERS CO., LTD.	Yamada Bidg., 48, Kanda- Higashi-Matsushita-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101 Tal.: 03-258-1271 Tix.: 222-3665 INCNHS J	Hot Water Electric Baseboard Heater I THERM (Interther U.S.A.), Redient II Electric Panal Heat Heat"	NTER- m Inc. nfra Red	
CLEANUP CORPORATION	6-22-22, Nishi-Nippori, Arakawa-ku, Tokyo 116 Tel.: 03-894-4771 Tix.: 2655398 CLINUP J	Household Kitcher ment, Steinless Ste Steinless Steel Beil Range Hood, Gas (etc.	el Door, Tub,	2211
CPU CO., LTD.	2-1-24, Arlmatsu, Kanezawa-shi 921 Țel.: 0762-41-0001	Interlocked Squari	ng System	2204
D				
DAIKYO KANKD CO., LTD.	4-19-18, Sendagaye, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 151 Tei.: 03-476-1111	Model Room (Mar	sion)	2116
DEMPA PUBLICATIONS, INC.	1-11-15, Higashi Gotanda, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo 141 Tel.: 03-445-6111	Dampa-Shinbun, Soler-Guide-Book Denwaki-Guide, G "Denkitan", OA-Jo Computer-Design, Pasocon	uhou,	2008
E .				
E,G,O. NIHON	6-4-19, Wakane-dort, Chuo-ku, Kobe 651 Tal.: 078-242-1531	Solid Element Co.	ok top _.	2310
ERECTA INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION	NS Bidg., 2-4-1, Nishi-Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 163 Tel.: 03-344-4611	Jacuzzi's Whirpoo and Spa	i Beth	1104
F				
FUJICLEAN INDUSTRY CO., LTD.	4-1-4, Imaike, Chikusa-ku, Nagoya 464 Tel.: 052-733-0325	Shower Tollet		2111
FUJI PLANT KOGYO	Kodachi 1909, Kawaguchiko- machi, Minamitsuru-gun, Yamanashi 401-03 Tal.: 05557-3-1151	Energy Stations		2207

Company	Address	Exhibits Bo	oth No.
G			
GASSTAR CO., LTD.	3-4, Fukami-dai, Yamato-shi, Kanagawa 242 Tel.: 0462-62-0181	Watar Heatar, Bath Boilars	1109
GREEN LIFE CO., LTD.	4-1-9, Minami Yokka-machi, Sanjo-shi, Nilgata 965 Tel.: 0266-35-3754	Pedestrian & Traffic Controlling Poles	1311
H			
HAJIME CO., LTD.	8-5-19, Toshime, Kita-ku, Tokyo 114 Tel.: 03-927-0111	Solar System	1012
HARMAN CO., LTD.	1-1-52, Minami-Ichioka, Minato-ku, Osaka 552 Tal.: 06-584-4000	Watar Heater, System Kitchen	1111
HATAYA TOOL CO., LTD.	4-10-90, Ohsu, Naka-ku, Nagoya 460 Tel.: 052-261-3821	Cord Reels, Metal Sansor Reels, Gas Reels, Air Reels Hose Reels, Hand Lamps, etc.	1220
HOUSING LOAN CORPORATION	1-40-10, Kouraku, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 112 Tel.: 03-812-1111	Information on Housing	1007
HOXAN CORP.	6-13-12, Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104 Tel.: 03-543-6551	Beth Units, Senitary Ware	1101
1			
CO., LTD.	Takasago Bidg., 8-8-18, Nishi-Gotanda, Shinagawa- ku, Tokyo 141 Tel.: 03-490-3220	Anti-Moid Sealing Materiele Anti-Moid Painting System	i, 1212
 LABORATORY OF ANTI-MICRO MICROBIAL TECHNOLOGY 	Takasago Bidg. 4F, 8-8-16, Nishi-Gotanda, Shinagawa- ku, Tokyo 141 Tel.: 03-490-0740		
IKEGAMI TSUSHINKI CO., LTD.	1-1-11, Hamamatsu-cho, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105 Tel.: 03-433-5261	Ikegami Video Information System (Mr. Look 401, etc.	
INABA DENKO CO., LTD.	4-16, Takalda Hondoori, Higashi-Osaka-shi, 577 Tel.: 06-783-5061 Fax.: 06-783-5079	Quality Piping Material and Service Tools	2205
Joint Company	10	·····	

Company	Address	Exhibits Booth	No.
INABA DENKI SANGYO CO., LTD.	1-4-6, Honden, Nishi-ku, Osaka 550 Tel.: 06-582-6651 Tix.: 06-525-5804 ELINA J		
INAX CORPORATION	3-8, Kole-Honcho, Tokoname-shl, Alchi 479 Tel.: 05693-5-2700	Systam Kitchen, Bath Tab, Wash Basin, Water Closet with Washing Device, Sanitary Ware, Unit Bath, Shower Unit, Interior and Exterior Tile, Ceramic Tile, Floor Tile	1201
INOGON JAPAN K. K.	Conny Bldg. 5F, 1-8-3, Higashi-machi, Toyama 930 Tel.: 0764-21-2520 Tix.: 05152-850 CONNY J	Pittashi-Sensor Finding Stud, Inogon Angle Indicator (Inogon INT AB, Swedan), Inogon Guide Light (Inogon INT AB, Sweden), Jet Clamp System (Sylvax Corp., USA), Rubber of Resist Vibretions	1221
INTER CENTRAL HEATERS CO., LTD.	Yamada Bidg., 48, Kanda- Higashi-Matsushita-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101 Tel.: 03-258-1271 Tix.: 222-3565 INCNHS J	Hot Watar Elactric Baseboard Heater INTERTHERM (Intertherm Inc. U.S.A.), Radient Infra Rad Electric Panel Haatar "Glass Heat"	2007
• C. ITOH & CO., LTD.	2-5-1, Kita-Aoyama, Minato- ku, Tokyo 100-91 Tel.: 03-497-7095		•
INTERFIELD	Mitsul Bldg. 6F, 2-1-1, Nishi Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 163 Tel.: 03-348-5671 Tix.: J26970	Personal Computar	2311
ISHIKURA PETRO PLANT ENGINEERING MFG. CO., LTD.	1-14-2, Fukuura, Kanezawe- ku, Yokohama 236 Tel.: 045-784-1471	Underground Storege Chamber "Under Spaca"	1306
ITAL MARMO JAPAN INC.	Koito Bidg. 2F, 6·12-4, Nishishinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 160 Tel.: 03·342-4551 Tix.: J27149 ITALMAR	Italian Marble and Granite (Polishad Slabs), Fire Place, Table Tops, Marble Rollers end Surfaces, etc.	1009
• SHINSHO KAIHATSU CO., LTD.	Eitaro Bidg., 1-2-5, Nihon- bashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103 Tel.: 03-276-2414		

Company	Address	Exhibits	Booth No.
.1			
JAPAN CERAMIC MOSAIC TILE MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION	2105-4, Kasahara-cho, Toki-gun, Gifu 507 Tel.: 0572-43-3208	Ceramic Tiles (Interio Exterior, Wall Tile, Fl Tile, Mosaic Tile)	
JAPAN COPPER DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION	Konwa Bidg., 1-12-22, Tsukiji, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104 Tel.: 03-542-6631 Tix.: J23793	Copper Tubing for Cit Water Supply	y 1308
K			
KAWAGUCHI GIKEN CO., LTD.	1-14-41, Kami-Aoki, Kawaguchi-shi, Saltame 332 Tel.: 0482-65-5411	Aluminum Gate Door Frames for Drying Clo Sauna, Door Locks	
KEIDEN SANGYO CO., LTD.	1-12-1, Sugemo, Toshime-ku, Tokyo 170 Tel.: 03-945-0069 Tix.: KEIDEN J 33652	Tag Card Locks, Home Security Systems	e 2002
KINSEI INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED	768, Yanake-cho, Takaseki-shi, Gunma 370-12 Tal.: 0273-46-2161	Kinsel Anti-Pollution Smokeless Incinerator Bollar	2401 and
KIRINDO CO., LTD.	2-7-12, Tsukiji, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104 Tel.: 03-545-6431	Building Materials and Tubs made of Japanes Cypress	
KISHU PAPER CO., LTD.	1-4-16, Dojimehema, Kita-ku, Osake-shi, 530 Tel.: 06-345-6471	Construction Material Thermal Insulation, So Proof and Vapor Constion Control	ound
KITAMURA VALVE CO., LTD.	308, Kurono, Gifu 501-11 Tal.: 0582-39-3111	Excellent Shower, Combination Faucet	2307
KOBAYASHI BLOCK INDUSTRY CO., LTD.	1-7-14, Futaba, Shinagawa- ku, Tokyo 142 Tal.: 03-783-0186 Fax.: 03-783-0188	GRC Manufactured G	oods 1304
KODAIHINOKI CO., LTD.	4-11-2, Tokiwa, Urawa-shi, Saltama 336 Tal.: 0488-31-41 <i>2</i> 6	Unit Bath Room, Cyp Wooden Bath Tub	ress 1302
KOHLER JAPAN K. K.	3-19-23, Minami-Azabu, Minato-ku, Tokyo 106 Tel.: 03-440-4440	Bath, Lavatory, Tollet Bidet, Faucet, Accesse	

Company	Address	Exhibits I	Booth No.
KURITA WATER INDUSTRIES LTD.	3-4-7, Nishishinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 160 Tal.: 03-347-3381	Prevantive Agent for Re or Bluish Supply Water "Mizukurin", Feeding U "Mizukurin-Feeder", Cleaning Agent for Porto Water Supply Line "Cleaning Agent f Portable Weter Supply T "Cleanife-T", Cleaning Agent for Electric Dust Cleaner "Kurichemical-A Cooling Water Automati Controller "Sun-Catch"	nit ible in- or ank
KYOWA CONCRETE INDUSTRY CD., LTD.	Yuraku Bidg., 1-B, Nishi, Minemi 1-jou, Chuo-ku, Sapporo 060 Tel.: 011-251-0181	Basement Units	1313
L			
LINDAL CEDAR HOMES JAPAN K. K.	No. 3 Sanwa Bidg., 4-5-4, Ildabashi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 102 Tel.: 03-234-0661 Fax.: 03-221-7208	Lindei Ceder Home	1218
SHINSHU CEDAR HOMES	Odunal, Mibusawa, Toyooke-mura, Shimoina- gun, Nagano 399-32 Tel.: 0265-35-8327		•
LIVING LIFE INC.	2-18-1, Maruyama, Funabashi-shi, Chiba 273 Tel.: 0474-39-3514	Interior and Heuse Maki Books .	ng 1001
M			
MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.	National Tower 21 F, 2-1-81, Shiromi, Higashi-ku, Osaka 540 Tel.: 06-949-2121	System Kitchen, House Equipment, Home Autor tion System	2101 na-
MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC WORKS LTD.	1048, Kadoma, Kadoma-shi, Osaka 571 Tel.: 06-908-1131	Systam Kitchan, etc.	• 2206
MEIKOSHA CO., LTD.	6-8-19, Shimomaguro, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 153 Tel.: 03-712-1106	Electrical Wiring Devices	1216

Company	Address	Exhibits Bo	oth No.
MIC	2-13-20, Nakano, Nakano-ku, Tokyo 164 Tel.: 03-380-2671	Sauna, Elactromotive Bed	1113
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION	2-2-3, Marunouchi, Chiyoda ku, Tokyo 100 Tal.: 03-218-2111 Tix.: J24532	House Keeping Systam, Tele-Control System, Intalligent Telephone	2107
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SHO DN GIKEN CD., LTD.	1-9-11, Kolshikawa, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 112 Tel.: 03-815-7091 Fax.: 03-812-6073	1K-Type Silencer, Ing Noise Filter, 1 Noise Filter		2117
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TABUCH! MFG. WORKS CO., LTD.	2-1-56, Urlwarl-Minami, Hirano-ku, Osaka 547 Tel.: 06-708-0150 Fax.: 06-708-0210	Faucets, Mixing Unit, Thermostetic Mixing Unit, Celor Mixing Unit	2306
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TSUNASHIMA & CD., LTD.	3-20-12, Yushkne, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113 Tel.: 03-833-1331	Hefrigerator (G-E, A U.S.A.), Washer (G-E Wastinghouse, U.S.A Dryer (G-E, White-W house, U.S.A.), Dish (G-E, White-Westingi U.S.A.), Gas Range (Chef, U.S.A.), Dispo (Waste King, White-V house, U.S.A.)	E, White- .), esting- wesher house, Magic ser
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URBAN UNDER UNIT CO., LTD.	2-1-14, Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 160 Tel.: 03-354-1090	Underground floom Underground Storeg Facilities, etc.	
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Armerica mant man	Tokyo 184 Tel.: 0423-83-3366	Bath Unit, Sauna	

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YOSHIDA KOGYO K. K.	1, Kandaizumi-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101 Tel.: 03-864-2177	Garage, Awning, Bay-Window, Door	1105
Z ZEON KASEI CO., LTD.	6-9-7, Shinbashi, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105 Tel.: 03-433-2144	"Sendam" sheets ere highly valued for their performences as a noise control barrier for industrial and housing applications.	1309

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INAX CORPORATION — 1201
KITAMURA VALVE CO., LTD. — 2307
MATSUSIIITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL
CO., LTD. — 2101

MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2206

MK SEIKO CO., LTD. – 2106

NORITZ CORPORATION – 1202

TOKYO ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. The – 2102

Water Saving Type Toilet System NEPON INC. – 2108

Others
KINSEI INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED
– 2401
KOHLER JAPAN K. K. – 1203

I. DISASTER PREVENTING AND BURGLARY-RESISTIVE EQUIPMENT

Burglary-Resistive System and Equipment OBAYASHI SANGYO CORP. – 2005

Parking Station Management System NIPPI DENSHI CO., LTD. – 1312

Video Information System IKEGAMI TSUSHINKI CO., LTD. – 2114

J. UNIT EQUIPMENT

B.:.. Units

IIOXAN CORP. – I 101

INAX CORPORATION – I 201

KODAIHINOKI CO., LTD. – 1302

NAS STAINLESS CO., LTD. – 2208

OHSATO-KOGYO COMPANY LIMITED

– 1112

TAKARA STANDARD CO., LTD. – 2210

Dining Units SUN WAVE INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. – 2209 TAKARA STANDARD CO., LTD. – 2210 Kitchen Units
CLEANUP CORPORATION - 2211
YAJIMA CO., LTD. - 1103

Shower Units INAX CORPORATION - 1201

K.HOME INTERIOR

Blinds
TACHIKAWA CORPORATION - 1213

Door Locks/Closers
KAWAGUCHI GIKEN CO., LTD. - 2113

Doors
CLEANUP CORPORATION - 2211
KAWAGUCHI GIKEN CO., LTD. - 2113
TOTSUKO CORPORATION - 1222
TOYO SASH CO., LTD. - 1204
YOSHIDA KOGYO K. K. - 1105
ZEON KASEI CO., LTD. - 1309

Furnishings
CENTRO ESTERO CAMERE DI
COMMERCIO DEL LAZIO – 1205
ITAL MARMO JAPAN INC. – 1009

Illuminators
TOKYO ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY,
INC. The - 2102

Living Sets
CENTRO ESTERO CAMERE DI
COMMERCIO DEL LAZIO – 1205

Sashes
TACHIKAWA CORPORATION - 1213
TOYO SASH CO., LTD. - 1204
YOSHIDA KOGYO K. K. - 1105

Systematic Storage Furniture ABE KOGYO CO., LTD. – 1307

MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2206

Others DAIKYO KANKO CO., LTD. – 2116 VIP GLOBAL CO., LTD. – 1219

I. HOME EXTERIOR

Gardening Facilities

MONTE BUSSAN CO., LTD. – 1310

SHOWA ALUMINIUM CORPORATION
Housing Materials Division – 1209

TOSHIN CO., LTD. – 1303

Gate Doors, Fences GREEN LIFE CO., LTD. – 1311

Sunrooms, Sun Decks
SHOWA ALUMINUM CORPORATION
Housing Materials Division – 1209

Shutters, Garages YOSHIDA KOGYO K. K. – 1105

Underground Rooms, Soundproof Chambers SHO-ON GIKEN CO., LTD. – 2117 URBAN UNDER UNIT CO., LTD. – 1305 ZEON KASEI CO., LTD. – 1309

Windows, Bow Window Units TOTSUKO CORPORATION – 1222 TOYO SASII CO., LTD. – 1204 YAMAZAKI SANSYO CO., LTD. – 1107

Others

ALNA LIVING CO., LTD. – 2402

ART KENSETSU CO., LTD. – 1214

ISHIKURA PETRO PLANT ENGINEERING

MFG. CO., LTD. – 1306

KAWAGUCHI GIKEN CO., LTD. – 2113

SHO-ON GIKEN CO., LTD. – 2117

M. BUILDING MATERIALS

Bricks, Stone Materials, Roofing Tiles ITAL MARMO JAPAN INC. — 1009

Ceramic Tiles
INAX CORPORATION – 1201
JAPAN CERAMIC MOSAIC TILE
MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION
– 1206

Floorings, Ceiling Materials
ITAL MARMO JAPAN INC. – 1009
KIRINDO CO., LTD. – 1314
KODAIHINOKI CO., LTD. – 1302
PINCH BLOCK COMPANY LTD. – 1208
TOTSUKO CORPORATION – 1222

Flooring Tiles
INAX CORPORATION – 1201
JAPAN CERAMIC MOSAIC TILE
MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION
– 1206
KODAIHINOKI CO., LTD. – 1302
NIPPON KINZOKU CO., LTD. – 1215

GRC Products

KOBAYASHI BLOCK INDUSTRY CO., LTD.

– 1304

TOSHIN CO., LTD. – 1303

Heat Insulation Materials ABC TRADING CO., LTD. – 1211 KISHU PAPER CO., LTD. – 1210 NICHIAS CORPORATION – 1207

Metal Sidings TOYO SASH CO., LTD. – 1204

Mosaic Tiles

JAPAN CERAMIC MOSAIC TILE

MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION

– 1206

New Materials for Housing, Building Materials of New Types NICHIAS CORPORATION – 1207 KISHU PAPER CO., LTD. – 1210 KYOWA CONCRETE INDUSTRY CO., LTD. – 1313

Roofings CLEANUP CORPORATION - 2211 NAS STAINLESS CO., LTD. - 2208

Sound Absorption Materials, Sound Insulation Materials, Vibration-Proof Materials
KISHU PAPER CO., LTD. – 1210
MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2206
PINCII BLOCK COMPANY LTD. – 1208
SIIO-ON GIKEN CO., LTD. – 2117

ZEON KASEI CO., LTD. - 1309

Tiles for Interior, Exterior
CENTRO ESTERO CAMERE DI
COMMERCIO DEL LAZIO – 1205
INAX CORPORATION – 1201
JAPAN CERAMIC MOSAIC TILE
MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION
– 1206
NICHIAS CORPORATION – 1207

Wall Panels
CLEANUP CORPORATION – 2211
ITAL MARMO JAPAN INC. – 1009
NICHIAS CORPORATION – 1207
NAS STAINLESS CO., LTD. – 2208
KIRINDO CO., LTD. – 1314
KODAHHINOKI CO., LTD. – 1302
TOYO SASH CO., LTD. – 1204

Others
ITAL MARMO JAPAN INC. – 1009
NIPPON KINZOKU CO., LTD. – 1215
KIRINDO CO., LTD. – 1314
LINDAL CEDAR HOMES JAPAN K.K. –1218

N. HOUSING MAINTENANCE MATERIALS

Adherent, Sealing Materials, Tapes ICHIKAWA KENSO CO., LTD. - 1212

Cleaning Agents
KURITA WATER INDUSTRIES LTD. – 2309

Cleaning Apparatuses, Cleaning Machines KURITA WATER INDUSTRIES LTD. – 2309 SAN-AI – 1217

Decorative Materials for Wall ICHIKAWA KENSO CO., LTD. - 1212

Paints and Painting Materials ICHIKAWA KENSO CO., LTD. – 1212

Tools and Instruments for Maintenance HATAYA TOOL CO., LTD. – 1220 INOGON JAPAN K. K. – 1221

Water-Proof Materials, Spraying Materials ICHIKAWA KENSO CO., LTD. – 1212

Wiring Apparatuses and Related Electric Parts MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2206 MEIKOSHA CO., LTD. – 1216

O. HOUSING INFORMATION

Computer-Aided Design System for Housing and Housing Facilities CPU CO., LTD. – 2204 NEC CORPORATION – 2301 NIPPON UNIVAC KAISHA, LTD. – 2303 PANAFACOM LTD. – 2304 SYSTEM MAC CO., LTD. – 2203 TECHNOVISION INC. – 2302 Consulting about Housing
HOUSING LOAN CORPORATION - 1007

On-Line Real Estate Information NIPPON UNIVAC KAISHA, LTD. - 2303

Publications
DEMPA PUBLICATIONS, INC. – 2008
LIVING LIFE INC. – 1001
NIHON SOGO SHUPPAN CO., LTD. – 1002
NIKKEI MCGRAW-HILL INC. – 1005
YANO RESEARCH INSTITUTE LTD. – 1003

Squaring System
CPU CO., LTD. – 2204
SYSTEM MAC CO., LTD. – 2203

Others LIVING LIFE INC. – 1001 NIKKEI MCGRAW-HILL INC. – 1005 NIPPON UNIVAC KAISIIA, LTD. – 2303 TOKYO SOKKI CO., LTD. – 2305

P. MACHINES AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE AGED, HANDICAPPED PERSON

Electromotive Beds MIC - 1113

Floor Heating System
PROSPER CO., LTD. – 2110

HOME AUTOMATION

A. TOTAL SYSTEM

Home Automation Network System
MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL
CO., LTD. – 2101
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION
– 2107
SECOM CO., LTD. – 2201
TOKYO ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY,
INC. The – 2102

B. SECURITY SYSTEM

Burgiary Resistive System
AIPHONE CO., LTD. – 2006
KEIDEN SANGYO CO., LTD. – 2002
MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2206
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION – 2107
OBAYASHI SANGYO CORP. – 2005
SANYO ELECTRIC TOKKI CO., LTD. – 2103
SECOM CO., LTD. – 2201
SONY CORPORATION – 2001
TAMURA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2003
TOSIIIBA CORPORATION – 2104

Disaster Preventing System
AIPHONE CO., LTD. – 2006
MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2206
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION – 2107
SANYO ELECTRIC TOKK1 CO., LTD. – 2103
SECOM CO., LTD. – 2201
TAMURA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2003
TOSHIBA CORPORATION – 2104

Display and Communication System KAWAGUCIII GIKEN CO., LTD. - 2113

MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2206

SECOM CO., LTD. – 2201

TAMURA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2003

TOSIIIBA CORPORATION – 2104

C, INFORMATION COMMUNICATING SYSTEM

Home Telephone

· AIPHONE CO., LTD. – 2006

MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2206

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION – 2107

NIPPON INTERPHONE CO., LTD. – 2105

TAMURA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2003

Interphone, Door Phone
AIPHONE CO., LTD. – 2006
NIPPON INTERPHONE CO., LTD. – 2105
SANYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD. – 2103
TAMURA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD. – 2003
TOSHIBA CORPORATION – 2104

Telecontrol

MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD.
– 2206

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION
– 2107

NORITZ CORPORATION – 1202

SANYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD. – 2103

TOSHIBA CORPORATION – 2104

Others
AIPHONE CO., LTD. – 2006
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION
– 2107

D. NEW MEDIA CATV System INTERFIELD – 2311

Videotex INTERFIELD - 2311

Others
INTERFIELD - 2311

E. LIVING ENVIRONMENT CONTROL SYSTEM

Air Conditioning, Ventilation, Air Cooling and Heating MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION – 2107 TOSHIBA CORPORATION – 2104

Cookroom, Bathroom NORITZ CORPORATION – 1202

Hot Water Supply, Sanitary NORITZ CORPORATION - 1202

Illumination, Lighting, Acoustic Effect
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION
– 2107
TOSHIBA CORPORATION – 2104

F. OTHER HOME AUTOMATION RELATED MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

Electronics • Computer Hardware/ Software Information System NIKKEI MCGROW-HILL INC. – 1005

Integrated Home Automation System AIPHONE CO., LTD. - 2006

EXHIBITION PREVIEW

JAPAN HOME SHOW '87.

8 — 12 September, 1987

Tokyo International Trade Center

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