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Boy Drowned in Old Canal

St. Catharines, Aug. 6.—A little French-Canadian lad named Henry Grolo, 8 years of age, who resides with his parents at 19 St. Paul St. was drowned in Lock 3 of the old Welland Canal, in the rear of McGuire's store, St. Paul street west, last week. The lad was playing on the bank with another youngster and in reaching for a stick, fell into the water. The playmate of the unfortunate lad immediately summoned assistance and later Aid Westwood summoned the firemen with their life-saving apparatus. The body of the lad was quickly recovered, and Dr. MacDonald worked over the prostrate form for some time before he pronounced life extinct.

250,000 Greeks Deported

New York, Aug. 6.—More than 250,000 Christian Greeks have been deported by the Turks from their homes in the flourishing regions of Turkey bordering on the coast, notably from Samsoun, Aivli, Trebizond and Smyrna, according to a report from the Greek Foreign Office to the relief committee for Greek of Tsia Minor, given out here today.

Aliens Get Good Wages

Aliens at work in Algonquin Park get \$3.25 per cord for wood cutting. A pair of these men will average 5 cords per day and some have been known to cut 50 per cent more than that. The hold-up price charged by these aliens is a big factor in the high cost of lumber being paid for by the Government.

Lady Wardell Weds Again

To have lost two husbands and married a third during the war has been the experience of Lady Michael Wardell, one of London's recent brides. She is a daughter of Sir Daniel Cooper, an Australian millionaire. She married first the late Viscount Northampton who lost his life in active service in 1915, and left a will in which he expressed the hope that his widow would marry again. She fulfilled his hope when she was married to Captain Geoffrey Mills, who was killed a year ago. Her third husband is also a British officer.

Wingham Child Terribly Burned

Wingham, Aug. 6.—The 6 year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lehnis, Lower Wingham, was frightfully burned while playing with a box of matches and is now in Wingham Hospital in a very precarious condition. The child, after securing the matches, went outdoors to play in a buggy standing near the house. The matches became ignited and set fire to her clothing, which was completely burned off her body. Her family has suffered from several previous fire accidents lately. A short time ago the house was seriously damaged by a fire, which originated from an incubator.

Served Meat on Wednesday

A Chinese restaurant keeper at St. Thomas, Ont., was fined \$100 for serving roast beef on Wednesday—a meatless day. Attracted by an advertisement which promised "roast beef breast," F. W. Mosser, Inspector for the Canada Food Board, went to the place and enjoyed an excellent meal of roast beef.

Mr. J. Russell Barker, of Toronto spent the week-end with his parents on Bridge St. West.

President Averse to Wearing Uniform

WILL NOT VIOLATE PRINCIPLE MILITARY SUBSERVIENT TO CIVIL
Detroit, Aug. 3.—President Wilson is head of the army and therefore entitled to wear a uniform, says the Detroit News. A desire to make it plain that the military must always be subservient to the civil power, however, prevents him from availing himself of the privilege, even at a military review. Here is a copy of a letter he wrote to a tailor who had volunteered to provide him with a natty uniform:—

"I warmly and sincerely appreciate the sentiment which led you to make the etching of which you were kind enough to send me a copy, but I feel bound, in replying to your letter to say that there is a sense in which putting me in uniform violates a very fundamental principle of our institutions, namely that the military power is subordinate to the civil."

"The framers of the Constitution, of course, realized that the President would seldom be a soldier and their idea in making him the commander-in-chief of the Army and Navy of the United States was that the armed forces of the country must be the instruments of the authority by which policy was determined. It is for that reason that we can so truly say that our organization is in no sense and can in no sense be militaristic."

"I do not think this is a mere formal scruple on my part. I believe it goes to the root of things, and I am sure I may thus candidly express it to you without creating the impression that I do not fully appreciate the motive and the idea of your etching, by which I am very much complimented."

A Great Union That Never Strikes

What if the men of the army should go on strike? They are hard worked, get overpaid, nothing for overtime, and have conditions such as no other working men ever have to endure. The Philadelphia Public Ledger relates the experience of a lad from Glen Falls, N.Y., who was just nobody in particular, but went across, dodges death, gets his military cross shining silver star on his ribbon for risking his own life to save a wounded French Lieutenant. From his local paper he got the news that "paper mill men are not going to strike." His simple comment was, "Well that's better than this is a time to strike in America."

Traitor's Sentence

Lance-Corporal Dowling Heard of Without Emotion
London, Aug. 6.—Lance-Corporal Dowling who was landed on the coast of Ireland from a German submarine three months ago, heard without emotion Friday the sentence of the court-martial that he be executed. The sentence was read aloud to the prisoner on the parade ground at the London Tower in the presence of the troops quartered at the tower. The King, acting on the recommendation of his advisers, has commuted the sentence to imprisonment for life. Dowling was found guilty on charges of aiding the enemy.

If precedent is followed, Dowling probably will be released after serving twenty years provided his conduct has been good.

Says Motorman Negligent
The following verdict was returned by the coroner's jury in the case of the death of three Pole girls killed at Beamsville, where the truck on which they were driving was struck by a trolley car. "That Helen Lewandowska came to her death by being struck by an H. G. & B. car, corner of Queen and King streets, on July 22, 1918, at 12.15 noon, and we further find that the motorman, William Konke, was negligent in his operating of the car, and that he did not take proper precaution to prevent the accident."

Letter From King George

Niagara Falls, Aug. 5.—A letter written by King George of Great Britain to a Niagara Falls soldier boy has been sent to Miss Alice Ross, of this city. The letter is one of the many autograph letters King George is sending to American soldiers going overseas and is filled with words of praise for the Americans. The letter is written in ink on stationery that bears the imperial crest. The crest is in red ink and embossed. On the opposite side of the envelope appears the same seal without ink.

Lovers Shot in Hotel Parlor

MURDER AND SUICIDE MAKES DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN TIMMINS, ONT.

Timmins, Ont., Aug. 6.—Guests at the Hotel Goldfields last night about eight o'clock, investigating the cause of two revolver shots one right after the other, found the bodies of a man and young woman on the settee in the hotel parlor. Both were shot through the head and were so covered with blood as to be almost unrecognizable.

Chief Wilson and Drs. McInnis and MacLaren were summoned, and it was found that the man was beyond hope of recovery. Though the doctors worked for two hours in earnest desire to save the girl, she too died about ten o'clock. Papers on the dead man bore the name Orville Della Donne. He was an Italian employed in the T. and N. O. section at Cunnought while the girl was identified as Irene Leverton, clerk at the registered hotel. The tragedy in a small parlor was two letters addressed to the girl's handwriting. One of these was marked G. Della Donne, Sankinika, the man's father.

While the tragedy is a mystery, the opening of the letters at the inquest today called by the coroner, Dr. McInnis, may throw some light upon it.

Break up Your Old Meadows Now

The old meadow has been giving you—half a crop; weeds, a full crop. In autumn plough thoroughly and as deeply as the plant food will allow.

Proceed as follows: Plough shallow, roll and harrow, disc-harrow and cultivate at intervals. Keep down all growth throughout summer. The new meadow will give you: hay, a full crop; weeds, few or none. Grain sown on land prepared as above will give a full crop. Fall or spring ploughed sod will give half a crop. Clover and timothy sown on land prepared as above are usually a success. Fall or spring ploughed sod is usually a failure.

A Miraculous Shilling

The scene is a crowded bus in London. A soldier, back from the trenches, is sitting in a corner near the entrance and puts his hand in his pocket for his fare and pulls out a shilling and some coppers. The bus jolts violently and, to the soldier's dismay, the shilling slips from his fingers just as lights go out, as they always do in London. In these days when a bridge is being crossed, the passengers with one accord begin to grope for the soldier's shilling. "Fraid it rolled off, mate," says the conductor. Then the lights go up again, and discover three passengers each holding out the shilling which they had found.—London Daily Chronicle

Passes to Her Rest

Mrs. Ann Beattie, London's oldest resident and one of the oldest residents of Canada, has just passed away. She had celebrated four years ago her hundredth birthday anniversary.

Missing Since April Found in England

WM. SMITH RETURNED LAST APRIL—NOW ON OCEAN-GOING TRANSPORT
William H. Smith, of Ottawa, a returned soldier who left Kingston with the 77th Battalion, Ottawa, has now being located in England, after experiencing a strange adventure. Smith left for overseas in 1916, and after two years' service was returned home last spring. He was reported as being mentally affected and to have suffered from loss of memory. He came to Kingston from Ottawa in April, and received his discharge papers on April 15th. After that he disappeared and nothing was heard of him until his wife received a letter on Thursday from a friend in England, telling her that her husband was working as a cook on an ocean-going transport.

The officials of Scotland Yard have been requested by Mrs. Smith to have her husband traced. No clue to his present whereabouts is given by the letter received, which was apparently written after the departure from the neighborhood of the missing husband. The letter is reported to be so affected mentally as to seek to marry, despite the fact that his wife and four children are living in Ottawa.

Passed Peacefully Away

One of the best known Methodist ministers in the London Conference died at his home here on Thursday of last week. In the person of Rev. John W. Andrews, aged seventy years and three months.

Mr. Andrews was a son of the late Rev. J. H. Andrews and was born in Lennox County more than seventy years ago. He spent his early days in Ontario and later entered Albert College to study for the ministry. After graduation he spent several years in the Bay of Quinte Conference, later transferring to the London Conference, in which he occupied the following charges: Berlin, Newbury, Dawn Mills, Courtwright, Cornua, London, York, Victoria, Parkhill, Crediton, Bluevale, Parvich, and West Lorne, his last charge. Mr. Andrews, who had spent more than forty years in the ministry, came here four years ago but was superannuated a year ago owing to failing health.

At all times, under all circumstances, he walked in the well beaten path of righteousness and when conscious that he was nearing the last of earth, he was fully impressed with the idea that at the end of time eternity began, and that the bright faith which sustained him during his trying hours would only grow brighter and brighter as he journeyed toward the Infinite, and the final goal of death be dispelled by the radiance of God's love. Could all live the just and upright life he lived, and die in his trusting faith, death could no longer be called "the King of Terrors," for he inspired no terror there. The dying man and sorrowing family looked forward with the same eye of faith to the brighter future when this temporary separation would end in an eternal reunion.

Besides his widow, eight children survive: Mrs. Forbes and Mrs. McCormick, Manitoba; Mrs. Boyce, London; Mrs. Stringer, Madeline Hat; Mrs. Cornell, Windsor; Mrs. Eggleston, Amherstburg; George Andrews, Alberta; and Russell at home. The funeral took place from the residence on Saturday at 2 p.m. in the Methodist church where a deeply impressive service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Hicks, of Chatham. Revs. MacMillan, Kennedy, Nethercott, Fowler and Penrose also assisting in the service. Interment was in Evergreen cemetery. The Masonic Order had charge of the service and the society services in the church being in charge of Past D.P.M. Jos. Conway, and at the grave by Arthur Peterick, six members of the order being pall bearers. The funeral was very largely attended.—West Lorne (Ont.) Sun.

Women Clean Park

Corning, Aug. 6.—Corning society women, armed with rakes, hoes and cutters are to report at 5 o'clock today at the court house park to put the park in condition that will be satisfactory to the women of Corning. The women were invited to do this work by W. O. Drake, park superintendent, who has been unable to find men for the work because of the labor shortage.

End of Octogenarian

John Piper, aged 82, of Chatham Township, fell from a wagon and, although his injuries did not appear to be serious, expired, without regaining consciousness.

Montreal Police May be Austrian

UNUSUAL CHARGE LAID LEADS TO QUESTIONS AS TO HIS NATIONALITY
Montreal, August 6.—A city policeman, an alleged alien enemy at the same time, arrested by a Rumanian priest, and charged with forging a document to prevent the priest from visiting his country, is in custody here. The policeman, whose name is not given, is in opposition, was the startling tale revealed on Friday morning through the appearance before Judge Leet in the Arraignment Court of Constable Visli Rotari, of No. 18 station, Rosemount. Rotari who is an Austrian was arrested on Wednesday on a warrant charging him with forgery sworn out by the Rev. G. Ghenadie, representing the Rumanian Bishop of the Orthodox Church for this district. Rotari pleaded not guilty of the charge and was remanded until next week for hearing on a \$500 bond.

Fatal Auto Accident

Two Killed When Car Plunged Into Canal at Buffalo.

Buffalo, Aug. 6.—Two persons, man and wife were drowned, and three others in a manner little short of miraculous escaped the same fate at 8.15 on Friday night, when a light touring car in which they were riding crashed through a fence on the left side of the Hamburg turnpike and dropped into the Goodyear canal. The dead are: Arthur Hovey, 32 years old, of 5101 Memphis avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

Vera Hovey, his wife, 30 years. The rescued are: Mrs. Belle Howard, Arthur Hovey's sister, 44 years old, of 22 Larsons avenue, West Springfield, Mass.

Kenneth White, Mrs. Howard's son, twelve years old. Mildred Hovey, four years old, daughter of Arthur Hovey. The car was going west in the road, and just this side of the bridge it struck an obstruction. It climbed over the sidewalk and crashed through the fence, dropping ten feet into the water. A man who witnessed the accident said the car was not going over five miles an hour, and it remains a mystery how it climbed over the sidewalk and smashed through the fence.

Training of the Blind

Arrangements have been made by the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, whereby returned blinded soldiers in need of training, which cannot be given in Canada, may be sent back to England, to receive that training at St. Dunstan's Hospital. While it has always been the policy of the Department to have blinded Canadian soldiers trained at St. Dunstan's, a very few of the fifty odd, who comprise the total have returned to Canada for various reasons without receiving sufficient training to establish them in civil life. Some of these have been given training in Canada in courses which institutions in this country are able to give. But when it develops that a blinded soldier's best interests would be served by having him trained in some occupation not taught at one of the Canadian institutions, the Department can now send him back to England for the necessary course. They will, of course, receive the Canadian rate of vocational pay and allowances during the period of training.

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C. N. Statement
The Canadian Northern Railway year ended June 30th and from the monthly statements it is figured there will be a large debit amounting almost to \$10,000,000.

First Ottawa Boat to go Through Trent

A. J. FRASER AND A. H. SMITH LEAVING ON 1,000 MILE TRIP
The first Ottawa motorboatmen to go through the Trent waterway which was opened this year, will be Mr. A. J. Fraser and Mr. A. H. Smith. They leave this afternoon in Mr. Smith's launch, and will go by the way of the Rideau to Kingston and thence up the Bay of Quinte to Trenton. They will go as far as Lake Couchiching, which is present is at the head of navigation. The round trip will be about one thousand miles.

Pays \$10 for Using Scales 137 Pounds Out Of Poise

Carp Weighmaster Claimed He Was In Habit of Adjusting Machine—Scales Were Used by Many Farmers.

E. K. Schonnop, a public weighmaster at Carp, Ont., was fined \$10 and costs at the County Police Court on Friday afternoon for operating a weighing machine which was 137 1/2 pounds out of balance. The machine, which was used largely in the weighing of farm produce, was found in this condition at the end of April last by an inspector of weights and measures, on whose report the summons was issued.

In his defence, Schonnop stated that he was in the habit of adjusting the machine to a state of equilibrium before allowing articles to be weighed upon it. He was, he said, under the impression that this was widely done, and since he had no intention of developing those who used the machine, he never tried to get from possession of the law.

The prosecution, however, urged that the law does not allow the balancing of a scale by such practices as that indulged in by Mr. Schonnop, whether these are used with or without intent to deceive. This, it was stated, if not actually fraudulent, at least facilitated deception.

The defendant was found guilty by Magistrate McNab, who stated in imposing the minimum fine of \$10 that he did so because Schonnop was guilty "not of fraud but of carelessness" and so that the case should serve as a warning to others similarly situated.

Bananas and Potatoes

Fruits Give Much the Largest Yield to the Acre
Bananas, according to a legend current in tropical countries, are the original "apple of the Garden of Eden" along with the grapes, and Mrs. Adam, the cause of man's fall. At least they tend to serve a similar purpose in these times, because they are almost equal to the coconut palm as an "aid to idleness."

An acre of bananas will yield 50 times as much food as an acre of potatoes and 140 times as much as wheat. The banana is immune to almost every plant disease and has fewer insect enemies than any other fruit. It will grow on poor land, if need be, and will distance any weed or shrub that tries to contest its claim to soil and sunlight.

The banana is "neither fish, flesh nor fowl" of the plant kingdom. It is usually classified as a tree, but is not a tree. Although it attains a height of 30 feet, there is no wood fibre in the stalk. The bunches of fruit on the dwarf varieties are often heavier than the remainder of the plant. It is not a palm, nor a herb, nor a bush, nor a shrub, and it is not a vegetable. In some distant way it may be related to the grasses, but the relationship is so distant that it stands in a class by itself.

Wives of Soldiers Demand More Money

Winnipeg, Aug. 6.—Soldiers' wives and dependents of this city are starting a nation-wide movement demanding that they receive an allowance of \$100 per month instead of the \$42 which is now given them. This was the decision reached at a mass meeting held on Friday afternoon in the Labor Temple, at which over 300 wives and dependents of soldiers attended. The trades and labor forces of this city declare that they will back them up to the limit, and will interest the whole of the organized labor of Canada in this much-needed increase in the allowance paid by the Government to the soldiers' dependents.

Cutting in Alberta
Lethbridge, Alta., Aug. 5.—Cutting has been started in some fields in this district. Yields in some districts are going to be surprisingly large in spite of the extremely adverse conditions. Many fields northeast and northwest of the city will yield fifteen bushels, and some twenty bushels.

The Berries That Were Not Picked

Owner of Patch Ordered a Party of City Girls Off His Premises
The holiday folk should pick wild berries by the gallon this summer and make jam to save butter. There is one little corner in Ontario where the wild berries grow so thickly that they make a jungle interwoven with the paths of the berry pickers. Hundreds of the residents of a nearby city seek the peace and coolness of this resort when the heat becomes unbearable and the languor of July and August overtakes them at their desks. Many of them wander forth in search of the wild berries which grow so abundantly, but a bevy of girls who set out the other day armed with pails and baskets to gather fruit met with a rude rebuff which they are not likely to forget in a hurry.

"They hit on a piece of land that was literally covered with wild raspberries, but they reckoned without their host, for the tenant of the land ordered them off the premises. "But don't you intend to have the berries picked yourself?" asked one of the girls. "He didn't. "And won't you let anyone else pick them?" He wouldn't."

It was only a question of a man being a dog in the manger but he was actually militating against a patriotic cause in deliberately allowing good food to go to waste. It would be an impossibility under any circumstances to begin to scope with the wild fruit stretches which are to be found in various parts of the Dominion, but great quantities of jam and preserves might be added to the country's larder were those who are located in districts where wild berries are plentiful to be allowed to make the most of their opportunities. It will cost them nothing except a little time and energy. This is one of the benefits of the wild fruit crop which belongs to whoever feels like claiming it.

The question is one of immediate interest. The wild fruit season is at its height, and residents at summer resorts are asked by the Food Board to buy themselves right now in seeing what they can do about it. The prospect for small fruits in Canada this year are by no means rosy and the prices are high. At the same time it is essential that jam and preserves of all kinds be used on an unprecedented scale, in order that they may be used as substitutes for butter during the winter months. The need for fats in Europe is steadily increasing. Yet there is no visible sign of supply here on this side of the Atlantic. Britain's shortage of butter as a result of the war is 205,148,784 pounds. Canada has only been supplying about 1 1/2 per cent of her requirements. The draft on the fat supplies will be all the heavier from now on, as there is a marked shortage of jam in the United Kingdom, the output of all the manufacturing having been commandeered for the army and navy.—Peterboro Review.

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Had Some Curious Traits

DAVID KENNEY HAD THIRTY YEARS' SERVICE TO HIS CREDIT.

With the Rennie Warehouse in Toronto, and Took Great Pride in His Work—Was a Privileged Character With the Firm.

The Toronto Telegram has the following story regarding David Kenney, the aged man who died in the Kingston General Hospital on Friday last:

"Dave Kenney's Corner" will know him no more. His fellow employees in the Rennie warehouse on Jarvis street, some with almost as long a record of service as Dave's thirty years, looked towards the "corner" where the old man used to work so carefully and methodically and faithfully as they pass today, almost expecting to see the well known figure there, then suddenly remember that he had passed on.

Dave Kenney was seventy-eight and a privileged servant of the firm in many ways. The "corner" was made comfortable for him by the addition of a radiator, and they tell in the "store" how he would come in of a cold winter morning after his walk to work—for he always walked, and scorned street cars—and there would sit down leisurely and take off his boots and place them to the heater, and prepare for his task by a thorough warming.

"He was the most extremely methodical parceler we had," said one of the firm, "and took great pride in putting up his shipments in compact and neat packages, the label must be in the centre exactly or he was not satisfied. Helpers could never satisfy him, his pride in the quality of his parcels was too great to have it suffer by amateur assistants. Take a lesson from Dave Kenney," was the reproof that careless ones got in the parcel rooms."

The old worker was a privileged character. For many years it was his habit to leave his work for a couple of months in the summer and usually he took a trip to his beloved Ireland yearly before the war. He lived alone and talked little of his own personal affairs. He was a well known figure at the public libraries, was well read and interested in world events. He was a warm friend of Dr. Patterson, of Cooke's church.

He left his work on July 5th last and at a tea he gave his old friend and fellow-worker, Joe Lewis at his room at 101 Matland street, said he was taking a trip to the sea shore. He left the city shortly after and then the news came of his death in a Kingston hospital on July 26th, and the bundle of bills amounting to \$1,300 that he had with him. He had made his trip to the sea and was returning from Montreal when he took ill on the train and had to be removed to the hospital.

700 Americans in This District

Many are Reporting Each Day Under New Treaty

That there are about seven hundred young men in this consular district who are affected by the recent treaty between the United States and Canada respecting citizens of the one country who are resident in the other, and that these young men are daily reporting in large numbers.

Under the terms of the treaty every American who still claims citizenship under the Stars and Stripes between certain ages must report to the nearest consul, and later must report at the nearest registration station in the United States. There he will be medically examined and placed in his proper category. Those who are found to be in class A will be sent to the Saskett's Harbor Barracks, and from there will be given the disposition which is thought best. Those who do not come in that category will be allowed to return to Canada if they so desire. The cost of transportation must be paid to Wellertown by the citizen, but for those who are found in class A1, they become at once American soldiers and their transportation is furnished them.

No allowance is made for transportation or subsistence for those who do not come in the first class, but those who come in that class after examination become at once American soldiers and all expenses after the examination at Watertown is looked after by the U. S. Government.

U. S. Consul Johnson speaks highly of the aid which he has constantly

received from the officers of M.D. No. 3, who have been ever ready to assist him in every way. He stated this morning that this was the only consular district in Canada of which the same could be said, and he was glad to testify to the fact.—Kingston Standard.

Upper and Lower

"Let me have sleeping accommodations on the train to Ottawa," I said to the man at the window, who didn't seem at all concerned whether I took the trip or stayed at home.

"For a single passenger?" he finally inquired.

"No," I replied, "I'm married, but I'm not taking anybody with me. A single shelf will answer."

"Upper or lower?" he asked.

"What's the difference?" I inquired.

"A difference of fifty cents," came the answer.

"Our prices to Ottawa are \$1.50 and \$2.00."

"Then let me have a lower," I said.

"You understand, of course," explained the agent, "the lower is higher than the upper. The higher price is for the lower berth. If you want a lower you'll have to go higher. We sell the upper lower than the lower because the upper is higher than the lower. It didn't use to be so, but we found everybody wanted the lower. In other words the higher the fewer."

"Why do they all prefer the lower?" I broke in.

"On account of its convenience," he replied. "Most persons don't like the upper, although its lower, on account of it being higher and because when you occupy an upper you have to get up when you go to bed, and then get down when you get up. I would advise you to take a lower, although it's higher than the upper, for the reason, as I have stated, that the upper is lower than the lower because it is higher. You can have the lower if you'll pay higher; but if you're willing to go higher it will be lower."

When he got through elucidating I was seasick, and decided I wouldn't go at all if I could get out of it.

Mr. Pup-Salesman

The other evening a bunch of us were seated in a hotel lobby, and there came wandering into our midst a half-grown, and more than half-starved pup.

His pedigree was as mixed as boarding house hash, and an X-ray to determine the location of his spinal and other vertebrae would have been altogether superfluous.

A bell-hop promptly escorted him to, and through the door. In a few moments he was back again only to have the process repeated.

Shortly thereafter he came trotting in through another door. He had a most ingratiating manner and he would stop before some one and another of us with that look of appealing trustfulness that only children and pup dogs can successfully put over.

Soon a hand was reached out to give him a friendly pat, and the way that pup and the fellows warmed up to each other was remarkable; even his natural enemy, the bell-hop, thawed out and slipped him a hunk of real meat he had purloined from the kitchen.

That pup succeeded in being allowed to remain where it was warm, to get something to eat, and to make friends, because he was a salesman.

He had nothing to sell but himself—and his visible stock in trade was far from A-1, but he knew the fundamentals.

He realized that he had a hard proposition to put over, and that he could not sell unless he could get to the buyers, so he was persistent.

Putting him out once or twice meant nothing in his young life, and I really think that he had a sense of advertising value—the attention creating value—his putting-out and reappearance would create.

Even in the moments of stress during the putting-out processes he never forgot to be a gentleman; he did not rend the air with wild and unseemly yappings, nor did he offer violence to those seeking to deprive him of his market.

No—he was a wise dog; he departed each time quietly and philosophically, and reappeared the same way, with his tail wagging in gentle friendliness, and his brown eyes searching into the faces of the humans about him, not boldly, not cringingly, but with quiet assurance that commanded attention—and so he put his proposition across.

Mrs. Martha Burr and daughter of Pawling, N.Y., are the guests of Mrs. Burr's niece, Mrs. Delbert Cook, Hilsdale St.

Huckleberries are in Plenty

But Prices Did Not Decline Today—Potatoes Cheaper

Huckleberries, 25 cents per quart, \$2.00 per peck! This seemed the big feature of this morning's market. Almost a dozen wagons and cars had brought in the precious fruit. Almost the same eagerness as usual was manifested in purchasing, but the supply was greater than the demand. The huckleberry bushes in the Queensboro and Bridgewater districts are reported to be laden with the berries.

Potatoes are down to \$1.00 per bushel. By the peck they bring 25c to 35c. The offerings were fairly numerous.

Harvest apples bring 20c to 25c per peck.

Cucumbers sell at the rate of 3 for 5 cents.

Tomatoes are scarce but are becoming more plentiful. They are offered at 25 cents per quart box.

Berries are higher in price. Red raspberries sell at 30c and the blues at 23c to 25c. There was not a very large offering in raspberries today.

Cabbages sell at 5c to 10 cents per head. Onions, beets, lettuce, carrots sell at 5 cents per bunch.

Butter was a little higher at 50c per pound. The offering was not large.

Fowls were high in price. Many were chickens. Figures ranged from \$1.25 to \$1.75 each.

Small pigs sold at \$17 per pair.

Military News

Defaulters Tipped Off
Inspector J. J. Graham of the Dominion Police recently made a trip to Thurso, Que., rounding up evaders of the Military Service Act. However, information preceded Inspector Graham, and as a result the fifty men known to be in the district took to the bushes. Some of Inspector Graham's party found it necessary to wade through water and marshy ground looking for the defaulters.

Lieut. Cross Wounded Twice
Lieut. Robert Cross, of Ottawa, has been again wounded, this being the second time the young officer has been wounded. Lieut. Cross went overseas from Kingston with the 10th Battalion from Lindsay and served in the trenches for the past year. Prior to joining the 10th Battalion, Cross was with the 38th Battalion at Barriefield Camp, and later transferred to the 80th Battalion, being again stationed here for duty.

Divine Service Sunday
On Sunday the fourth anniversary of the declaration of war by Great Britain will be observed by the soldiers of the garrison, and the day is being also observed in every district in Canada. A garrison church parade will be held on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock to St. George's Cathedral, Kingston, where services will be held by Major the Very Rev. Dean Starr and Rev. Captain Sparling. All the available troops in the garrison will participate and as many as possible will attend this service from Queen's Military Hospital and Ogwanada. At other places in the district arrangements have been made to parade the units to one place for Divine Service.

Notes
Athol E. Leach, who was wounded in France two years ago, has been promoted to staff-sergeant in the Canadian army gymnasium staff overseas.

Lieut.-Col. Floyd has been appointed police magistrate at Cobourg, succeeding Lieut.-Col. Boggs, who is the representative of the judge advocate-general on the headquarters staff of M.D. No. 3.

Col. J. N. S. Leslie, R.S.H.A., has been granted leave of absence from Aug. 2nd until Aug. 15th.

Capt. Palmer, R.C.E., has been granted leave of absence until Aug. 14th.

Capt. E. H. Young, C.A.M.C., left last night for London, Ont., having been called there owing to the serious illness of his little son.

Q.M.S. T. W. Gucklee, C.A.D.C., is on duty at Camp Mohawk, Deseronto.

Pte. J. Donaldson, of the Depot Battalion, is posted in district orders today as a deserter.

Chief Justice of Ireland

London, August 1.—Lord Justice Thomas Francis Molony, Lord Justice of Appeal in Ireland since 1915, has been appointed Lord Chief Justice of Ireland.

Girl Masqueraded in Men's Clothes

ABIGAIL DAWSON GOES TO RECEPTION HOSPITAL FOR EXAMINATION

Toronto, Aug. 3.—The celebrated case of the young girl who was found masquerading as a man in a lumber camp in the Northern Ontario woods, had a counterpart last evening in Toronto police circles when, upon a charge of vagrancy arising out of an unpaid board bill, Abigail Dawson was arrested.

The prisoner when taken into custody proved to be of slight build, swarthy complexion, and apparently about seventeen years of age. The suspicions of Jailer Mahews were aroused by the figure of his charge and propounding the question, "Are you a man?" he received a negative nod in reply.

The prisoner was found to be dumb and any further communication was checked until, in the Women's Court, versatile Police Court Clerk Child conversed with the accused in the deaf and dumb alphabet.

By this means it was discovered that the prisoner was a native of Sheffield, England, and that she had spent thirteen years in this country.

"I am going to be married next week," was the only answer which she vouchsafed when Mr. Child asked her reason for posing as a man.

"Where did you get the clothes?" continued Mr. Child.

"I bought them on Yonge Street for thirteen dollars," replied the accused.

"Well, she will be remanded for one week at the Reception Hospital. We can then get a report of their medical examination," decreed Col. Denison.

To Keep Child at School

Hon. Dr. Cody Would Raise Age to Sixteen Years

Toronto, August 1.—Hon. Dr. Cody, Minister of Education, addressed an executive meeting of Ward Four Conservatives and the Ladies' Committee at the Aurora Club. He pointed out the wonderful opportunities which await Canada after the war and the necessity of preparing the children of to-day to meet those conditions. He urged the necessity of keeping children at school until they are sixteen.

"I am convinced that public opinion of this Province will be such that people will say that we want our boys and girls in due time to stay at school longer, and thus be better equipped for the great battle of life," said the Minister. "One of the greatest needs is to make rational use of our leisure hours."

"The greatest factor in the reconstruction of Canada is the factor of education in its broadest sense, the education which relates to the body, the mind, and the soul, for no man or woman is really educated unless educated all round."

Rifle Shooting

The civilian rifle club held a competition at the Butts for a gold medal, the conditions being 10 shots at 500 yards, 2 sighting shots. The best scores out of three shoots to count some excellent scoring took place especially amongst the junior members. Following are the full scores including handicap.

H. O. Stewart—50.
W. Harden—50.
A. R. Symons—50
G. B. Smith—49
W. B. Doolittle—49
J. Douch—47
C. J. Symons—44
J. C. Wills—44
A. W. McLeod—42
A. Harman—41
R. Turney—40

Belgians are Fined for Celebration

London, July 31.—The Maastricht newspaper Les Nouvelles says the inhabitants of Liege, Belgium, held an enthusiastic public demonstration over the success of the Entente offensive on the Marne salient, during which the "Marseillaise" was sung. Because of this, the newspaper adds, the German Governor had ordered the curfew rung at seven o'clock in the evening for several weeks, and the city also had been fined.

The Toll Gates Off

Today marked an epoch in the history of the Brockville-Préscott road. The four toll gates which have for so long a period marred the pleasure of travellers of this highway were removed. The road is now free for all kinds of vehicular traffic.

Strikers numbering 150 out of 750 at the Riddon Pulp Mills at Hawkesbury nearly precipitated a riot.

Mr. Henry Elliott shipped thirty hogs and 14 head of cattle to Toronto, on Saturday and the shipment totalled \$2,300. Owing to the excessive heat, the hog car had to be fed.—Port Hope Guide.

Frost Three Mornings

This Week According to Gardeners—No Damage in Vicinity.

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TWEED

Miss Claire Hughes, of Belleville, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Thos. McCann.

Mrs. (Dr.) Muir (nee Miss Brownridge) is the guest of Mrs. F. J. Black.

Miss Gladys Wiley, of Belleville, is visiting her friend Miss Laura Bateman, of Lodgeroom.

Mrs. Jas. Lawrence, Mrs. Wemp and Miss Wemp went to Kingston on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Fellis and baby Margaret, of Innisfail, Alta., are visiting Mrs. Pollis' sister, Mrs. Smart, at the rectory.

Mrs. Murray, of West Huntingdon, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. S. B. Rollins.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Davey and children spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. E. Buck, of Harrowmuth, Mrs. Buck accompanied them home.

Mr. Ed. Fitchett left Wednesday morning for Lanham, Sask., where he will visit friends and assist in the harvesting operations.

The Misses Edna and Gracia LaFontaine are spending the week at Marmora visiting their aunt, Mrs. T. Clement, and their grandmother, Mrs. Foley.

Miss Bernice Gabourie, of the Bank of Montreal staff, is holidaying this week with her friend, Miss Cicily Mulrooney, Marlbank.

The Rev. Fred Williamson, a returned chaplain, has accepted the appointment as rector of the parish of Roslin, succeeding the Rev. R. H. N. Bulteel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Black returned last Friday from a prolonged visit with members of their family and other friends now resident at various points in the United States. They had a most delightful time and return to their home greatly refreshed. Their daughter, Miss Gladys, is now on French soil helping to kill the Kaiser.

Mr. J. E. Cowan, M.E., who has been ailing for several weeks with symptoms of brights disease, left on Wednesday for Buffalo where he will consult a specialist. In the event of not being able to get relief in Buffalo he purposes going to Mexico, where eminent specialists on the disease have been recommended to him.

Miss Barbara Nolan spent the week-end with Trenton friends.

Mr. T. H. Thompson, M.P., of Madoc, was in town on Monday.

Miss Marjorie Wright, of Brighton, is visiting Mrs. Geo. Clark.

Mrs. Taylor and Miss Mand, of Tamworth, were the week-end guests of Mrs. R. Coulter.

Mrs. P. Clark has returned from a two weeks' visit with Filinton friends.

Miss Edna Stout has gone to Toronto where she has accepted a position in a wholesale millinery house.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wheeler and little girl, Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler, sr., of Bancroft, motored to town on Saturday to visit Mrs. D. Badgley. They left on Monday to visit Mr. H. A. Martin, of Tyendinaga.

Mrs. G. W. Lafontaine and two children, of Toronto, and Mrs. W. S. Hinds and little daughter Ellen, are spending the week with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ferguson, of Roslin.

The bishop of Ontario visited the mission of Madoc on Sunday last. At the evening service the new rector, Rev. T. H. H. Hall, was inducted. The Rev. A. E. Samr't being the bishop's chaplain.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Aull, of Sheffield, Sask., and Miss Lucy Aull, of Belleville, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. Grant. This is Mr. Aull's first visit to Tweed and it is twenty-nine years since he last saw his sister, Mrs. Grant.—Advocate and News

Sinclair's

LADIES' SILK SUITS

Greatly Reduced in Price

The only reason why we offer these Suits at Sale Prices is to make room for the New Fall Garments, which will soon be here.

These Silk Suits are all the very latest styles, made of choice Taefitas, Satin Duchesse and Silk Poplins, in Black, Navy, Taupe, Brown, Green and Grey colors, and our Clearing Prices are \$22.50, \$27.50 and \$32.50. These Are Silk Suit Bargains.

Knit To-Fit Coats

We have just placed in stock a lot of Ladies' and Misses' Wool Coats, the "Knit-to-Fit" Brand, in all the fashionable colors and in a variety of very smart New Styles.

You will have to see the Knit-to-Fit Styles in order to appreciate these Garments. Prices \$6.50 to \$12.50 each.

White Wash Skirts

This means that we show Ladies' White Dress Skirts in many styles and made of a variety of cloths and we show them in every size from 23 to 36 Waist Band, in fact we fit every figure in White Dress Skirts, at every price from \$1.00 to \$7.50 each.

Goddess Corset

Guarantee

Do you know that we give an absolute Guarantee with every Goddess Corset? Here it is:

"If within One Year from the date of purchase a stay in this Corset breaks or rusts, or if the Fabric tears, we will replace it free of charge."

This is some Guarantee and we stand behind it. The Goddess is the most comfortable Front Laced Corset and sells from \$2.25 to \$4.50.

Ask to see the New Model, style 820, all sizes, price \$4.00.

Stripe Wash Silks

\$1.25 to \$2.25 yd.

These are among the most popular Silks for the Summer Season, because they are shown in a great variety of Fancy Colored Stripes on White and Cream Grounds, all 36 in. wide, and they sell at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2 and \$2.25 per yard.

Pure Table Linens

There was a time when every store could show you lots of pure Table Linens, but now many stores can only show you Pure Cotton Damasks.

If you would have the Pure Linen Damask we have these in more than 30 patterns, by the yard, any length you wish, to sell from \$1.25 to \$2.50 per yd.

Special Silk Waist Values

We have just received one of our first shipments of Ladies' New Fall Silk Waists, in Plain and Fancy Stripe Silks, Crepe de Chines, in Tailored and Fancy Styles, to sell from \$2.65 to \$12.50 each.

Here are Three Special Waist Values: 1st—Ladies' White Jap Silk Waist in a heavy wash Silk, in Three Styles, with New Convertible Collars and Turn Back Cuffs, price \$2.65; 2nd—Ladies' Black Jap Silk Waists, smart tailored style, Convertible Collar, in all sizes from 34 to 44 Bust Measure, to sell for \$3.50 each; 3rd—Ladies' Silk Crepe de Chene Waists in White and Flesh Color, a very pretty style, Pearl Button Trimmed, price \$4.65.

Sinclair's

De [L.S.]

GEORGE Great Seas. To all to wise. A Proclamation. Proc or ar tions

E. L. NEW Deputy Minister of the Interior. belonging to the vice Act and our Canadian defence of the 13th Oct become by Service of C

Have f required of vice Act including the April 20 la Or hav from our Ca

And it and unfortu find theus fact that no warning co said, they obligation, of ill-dispos

AND V avoid the in the law imp soldiers hav them an of report and Canadian I their bound defence of C

NOW of Our pleasure in declare and know TH ELAXED to Class 1 1917, and vation afors from any of to report fo failed so to and obtaine report at t become de Force, PR DUTY ON FOURTH

The Canada Cross

REPORT FO

The following Belleville Cheese Branch C.R.C.S. July shipment of and soldiers' com

St. Albas's R. File, Pres.—11 s

Acme R. C. S. Pres.; Miss Har pyjamas; 36 prs. caps.

Albury Ladies' once Dempsey, P Sec.—20 stretch cloth handkerch

Ameliasburg Church: Miss Ell H. Fox, Sec.—2 prs. bandage sock 22 prs. socks, 77

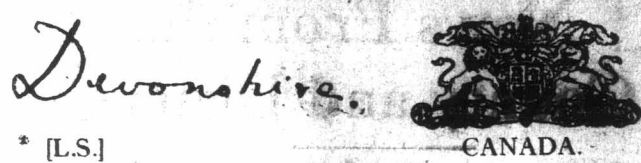
Bayside W. L. Pres.; Mrs. Ge sheets, 20 pillow pyjamas, 60 am 18 prs. socks.

Centenary R. Vanderwater, P Thrasher, Sec—

Chatterton W. Giffin, Pres.; M Sec.—45 towels, 2 erty bags, 2 h socks, 1 whisk, 2 low, 2 pillow cov

Castleton W. Campbell, Pres.—10 flannel shir 2 suits pyjamas, 3 stretcher caps.

Castleton R.



PROCLAMATION

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come or whom the same may in any wise concern,—GREETING :

A Proclamation of conditional amnesty respecting men belonging to Class 1 under the Military Service Act, 1917, who have disobeyed our Proclamation of 13th October, 1917, or their orders to report for duty, or are deserters or absent without leave from the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, Deputy Minister of Justice, Canada.

WHEREAS considerable numbers of men belonging to Class 1 under our Military Service Act, 1917, called out on active service in our Canadian Expeditionary Force for the defence of Canada under our Proclamation of 13th October, 1917, although they have thus become by law soldiers enlisted in the Military Service of Canada.

Have failed to report for duty as lawfully required of them under the said Military Service Act and the regulations thereunder, including the Order in Council duly passed on April 20 last,

Or have deserted.

Or absented themselves without leave from our Canadian Expeditionary Force.

And it is represented that the very serious and unfortunate situation in which these men find themselves is due in many cases to the fact that, notwithstanding the information and warning contained in our Proclamation aforesaid, they have misunderstood their duty or obligation, or have been misled by the advice of ill-disposed, disloyal or seditious persons.

AND WHEREAS we desire, if possible, to avoid the infliction of the heavy penalties which the law imposes for the offences of which these soldiers have thus been guilty, and to afford them an opportunity within a limited time to report and make their services available in our Canadian Expeditionary Force as is by law their bounden duty, and as is necessary for the defence of our Dominion of Canada.

NOW KNOW YE that we in the exercise of our powers, and of our good will and pleasure in that behalf, do hereby proclaim and declare and cause to be published and made known THAT THE PENALTIES OF THE LAW WILL NOT BE IMPOSED OR EXACTED as against the men who belong to Class 1 under our Military Service Act, 1917, and who have disobeyed our Proclamation aforesaid, or who have received notice from any of our registrars or deputy registrars to report for duty on a day now past and have failed so to report; or who, having reported and obtained leave of absence, have failed to report at the expiry of their leave, or have become deserters from our Expeditionary Force, PROVIDED THEY REPORT FOR DUTY ON OR BEFORE THE TWENTY FOURTH DAY OF AUGUST 1918.

AND WE DO HEREBY STRICTLY WARN AND SOLEMNLY IMPRESS UPON ALL SUCH MEN, and as well those who employ, harbour, conceal or assist them in their disobedience, that, if they persist in their failure to report, absence or desertion until the expiry of the last mentioned day, they will be pursued and punished with all the rigour and severity of the law, SUBJECT TO THE JUDGMENT OF OUR COURTS MARTIAL WHICH WILL BE CONVENED TO TRY SUCH CASES or other competent tribunals; and also that those who employ, harbour, conceal or assist such men will be held strictly accountable as offenders and subject to the pains, penalties and forfeitures in that behalf by law provided for their said offence.

Provided however that nothing contained in this our Proclamation is intended to release the men aforesaid from their obligation to report for duty as soon as possible or to grant them immunity from arrest or detention in the meantime for the purpose of compelling them to perform their military duty; Our intention being merely to forego or remit the penalties heretofore incurred for failure to report, absence without leave or desertion incurred by those men of the description aforesaid who shall be in the proper discharge of their military duties on or before the said twenty-fourth day of August, 1918.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. Witness: Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order; Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this FIRST day of AUGUST, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and in the ninth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
Thomas Mulvey
Under-Secretary of State

prs. bed socks, 20 hospital shirts, 23 night shirts, 25 khaki shirts, 24 service shirts, 97 stretchers, caps, 45 sheets, 15 cakes soap, 15 towels, 12 ties.

Twenty-one cases have been shipped as follows: Canadian Red Cross Society, London, Eng., 11 cases; Canadian War Contingent Association, London, Eng., 6 cases; hospitals, 4 cases.

Note change of packing date—next packing days at St. Thomas Parish Hall, Bridge Street, Monday and Tuesday, September 2nd and 3rd.

Agnes A. McFee, Pres.
Stella C. Blackburn, Treas.
L. Maude Van Burskirk, Sec.

Oak Lake Camp Meeting

The first week of the camp meeting having passed, some idea of its popularity and possibilities may now be safely formed. The opening Sunday was such a decided success that all connected with it were impressed that the popular opinion was very favorable; but amidst the rush of the harvest season and the steady demand of our national need that every person do his or her best in production and conservation, it could not be concluded that the worship and evangelism aims were altogether in the foreground because of thousands being present on the Lord's Day.

However, when night after night cars and buggies come up from all points of the compass, bringing goodly numbers, we may feel sure that it is not merely for an outing, but to seek to serve the Lord. Thus, too, they aid our fellow-men in their vision of a Christ who toiled but also worshipped and sacrificed throughout the week and in the summer time found His way amidst the haunts of nature to ponder the truth and to lift up the fallen or encourage the faint at heart.

Tuesday evening had a goodly number in advance of the week night of 1917, and Evangelist Sharpe delivered an inspiring message. Rev. S. F. Dixon, of Rawdon, was present to give some assistance in the service, as was also Rev. J. N. Clarry, of West Belleville, who is camping at the Lake. Wednesday afternoon, several faithful workers from Foxboro, Rawdon, Sidney and vicinity turned out and a fine lot of work was accomplished. In the absence of the speaker announced for the afternoon session, Rev. L. M. Sharpe of Rednersville, gave a practical talk to the laity, emphasizing the co-operation of the laymen with the preachers in the work of evangelism and warning against the sins of selfishness and forgetfulness, of the needs of the Christian ministry. Rev. S. F. Dixon assisted in both the afternoon and evening sessions and proved his sympathy with the work as did also the people who were present in goodly numbers.

Thursday and Friday evenings were very gratifying in that the attendance is steadily increasing and the preachers are more and more co-operating. Revs. Wallace, of Sidney, Clarry, of West Belleville, Seymour, of Bath, Share, of Rednersville, Lovelace, of Cordova, and others are taking interest and their influence is being appreciated.

Sunday, the 4th inst., promises to be a red letter day as several preachers will assist in the afternoon service, and the dedication of the tabernacle will take place. The Foxboro Band will render music for the occasion.

FRONT OF THURLOW

Mr. and Mrs. J. Easterbrook and children, also Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Burnett and Master Edward, motored to Havelock on Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Kirkham and children are visiting relatives in Maberly.

As a result of the electrical storm on Monday night Mr. Geo. Hall had his barn burned. The loss was heavy.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Roach, Marysville, spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. P. O'Neill.

Mr. Harry O'Neill of the 72nd Battery, Kingston, is spending ten days with his parents here.

On Tuesday night a large number of neighbors and friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bradshaw to bid adieu to their son, Donald, who on Thursday night reported in Kingston under the order-in-Council. During the evening Donald was presented with a wrist watch.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown received a message on Saturday that their son, Gerald, had left for overseas.

The aeroplane that fell on the Canada Cement Co. farm on Thursday morning caused quite a lot of excitement.

No man or woman should wobble painfully about because of corns when so certain a relief is at hand as Holler's Corn Cure.

Canada Leads in Goods Sold to U.S.

Great Increase in Imports Across the Border

Washington, D. C., Aug. 1st.—Imports in the fiscal year ending last June 30, were \$2,946,059,402, an increase of \$287,000,000 over the previous year, figures issued today by the Department of Commerce show.

Canada, with \$434,254,567, led foreign countries in the value of goods sold to the United States. Grain and nickel constituted the bulk of the trade. Imports from Cuba increased more than \$9,000,000 while those from the British East Indies increased \$70,000,000 to \$296,606,000, largely due to heavy shipments of tin and jute. Japan also increased in shipments, particularly of silks, rice and cotton goods.

Military News

Retention of Cooks

Orders have been issued to officers commanding units in regard to the retention in Canada of cooks. All provisions in this respect will be put into effect on September 1st.

Major Starr to Officiate

Special services were held in Ottawa on Sunday in commemoration of the fourth anniversary of the declaration of war. At Rockcliffe where the 2nd Depot Battalion is stationed, special drum-head services were held and Major, The Very Rev. Dean Starr, chaplain of Barriefield Camp officiated at the services.

Must Pay Full Price

Orders have been received in Toronto from Ottawa to the effect that only men bound for overseas and those who have returned will be allowed to purchase tobacco and cigarettes at reduced cost. Several canteens in Toronto military circles have been struck off the free list, and will hereafter sell their tobacco and cigarettes at the same price as in the stores. As yet no orders have been received in Kingston in regard to the new order, but when it does come, it will mean that canteens in the city selling cigarettes will have to charge the same price as the retail stores except to soldiers bound for overseas and those who have returned.

Notes

Capt. E. W. Sisson, C.A.D.C., Cobourg, has been granted two weeks' sick leave.

Lt.-Col. Gillespie is in Ottawa on military duty.

Lieut. J. G. Bews, C.A.G.S., left today for Ottawa in connection with the exhibition of physical training and bayonet fighting at the headquarters of the gymnastic school.

Pte. F. Lloyd of the Depot Battalion, has been transferred to the 73rd Battery, Petawawa camp.

Pte. J. J. Miles of No. 3 A. M. C. Training Depot, has been discharged as medically unfit.

Thanks God he Has a Crop to Work at

Govt. Needs Parliament's Advice Says Dr. Michael Clark.

Calgary, Alta., Aug. 1.—Recent events would go to show that before the year is out the Government will need the advice of Parliament, said Dr. Michael Clark, M.P., of Red Deer, in an interview here today.

Dr. Clark expressed himself as being strongly opposed to the Canadian Government taking up the subject of imperial preference at the present time. He said that the government was elected to win the war and that was its business. It had no mandate from the people to deal with post-war problems.

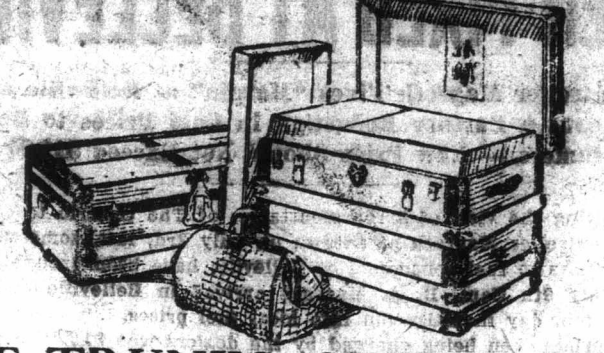
"Let us first dispose of the enemy," he said, "and then it will be time to deal with tariff questions."

Dr. Clark has spent two strenuous months on the farm. He appears to be in perfect health and thanks God that he has a crop to work at.

He left tonight for Hamilton and Ottawa.

A Mild Pill for Delicate Women.—The most delicate woman can undergo a course of Parmentel's Vegetable Pills without fear of unpleasant consequences. Their action, while wholly effective, is mild and agreeable. No violent purging follows their use, as thousands of women who have used them can testify. They are, therefore, strongly recommended to women, who are more prone to disorders of the digestive organs than men.

JULY AND AUGUST CLEARING SALE



OF TRUNKS, SUIT CASES AND CLUB BAGS

In order to make room for our Fall Goods we are putting on a Sacrifice Sale. We have a large assortment of Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags.

Good strong trunks, with \$3.25 to \$13.50 or without straps from.....

Also Wardrobe Trunks in all sizes.

Suit Cases, with or without straps from..... \$1.25 to \$16.00

Club Bags in all colors, \$2.00 to \$25.00 from.....

CALL AND ASK TO SEE THEM ATTRACTIVE WINDOW DISPLAY

VERMILYEA & SON

Slater Shoes for Men—Queen Quality Shoes for Women

PICTON

Mrs. Wm. Tait is visiting at Colliers Bay.

Mr. Mont. Stapleton, Chicago, is spending holidays in town.

Mr. Henry McClement, Watertown is visiting his sister, Mrs. Richard Skillen.

Miss Marjorie Carter is seriously ill in Toronto. Her father, Mr. W. J. Carter, left for the city last week to be with her.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin, Misses Minnie and Lottie Cole, Mrs. S. J. Collier and son, Harold, of Picton, are at Camp "Rest-a-While", Glenora.

Miss Jean Francis, of Conway, is visiting at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. George Francis, Union St.

Mrs. E. J. Marvin and daughter, of New York, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Bewer.

Rev. J. Cooper Robinson, of Japan arrived home on leave on Saturday.

Mr. Robinson is the oldest missionary of the Canadian Anglican Church, having gone to Japan in 1888.

Mrs. E. W. A. Church, Woodrout, was at the Carlisle, Toronto, having gone to the city on Thursday last to see friends leaving for the West this week.

Mrs. Harry J. Clarke is spending the week with her cousin, Mrs. Harry Stanton, Woodrout. Lieut. Clarke is now on patrol duty near Cape Race, Newfoundland.

Misses May and Maud Sloggett, of Campbellford, have returned home after spending a very pleasant week with Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Whattam at Bay View Home.

Mrs. J. W. Brewster leaves today (Thursday) to visit her son, W. E. Brewster, Campbellford. She will also visit friends at Belleville, Rednersville and Albany before returning home.

Mr. Harold Anderson, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Anderson Bawlf, Alberta, belonging to Class B under the M.S.A., is now serving his country in the Northwest Mounted Police at Edmonton.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Miller are occupying their summer home at the Outlet Bridge. The old log cabin has been temporarily fixed up for present occupation with a view to further improvements before another summer.

Manager Wright had to run the Old Homestead factory on Sunday to save the peas. All the workers responded. He showed his appreciation by treating all to ice cream and the gentlemen to cigars.

Dr. J. T. Gilmour, for so many years warden of the Central Prison, Toronto, and more recently inspector of paroled prisoners in Ontario, died July 29th, aged sixty-three years.

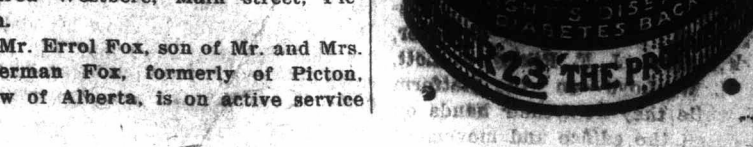
Miss Clare Goodwin has returned to Toronto after spending holidays in town and at Crow Lake.

Mr. Wm. Bailie, Watertown, N.Y., is visiting his brother, Mr. N. Bailie, and sisters in Picton.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross VanDusen have returned home after spending holidays with friends in Cressy.

Lt. Westburn and wife, Kingston, are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Westburn, Main street, Picton.

Mr. Errol Fox, son of Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Fox, formerly of Picton, now of Alberta, is on active service



The Canadian Red Cross Society

REPORT FOR JULY, 1918.

The following branches of the Belleville Cheese Board District Branch C.R.C.S., contributed to the July shipment of Red Cross supplies and soldiers' comforts sent overseas:

St. Albans' R. C. Soc.: Mrs. F. C. File, Pres.—11 suits pyjamas.

Acme R. C. S.: Mrs. D. I. Rose, Pres.; Miss Harry, Sec.—18 suits pyjamas, 36 prs. socks, 6 stretchers caps.

Albany Ladies' Aid: Mrs. Florence Dempsey, Pres.; Mrs. E. Sager, Sec.—20 stretcher caps, 42 cheese-cloth handkerchiefs, 5 prs. socks.

Ameliasburg R. C. S. of Methodist Church: Miss Ella Terry, Pres.; Mrs. H. Fox, Sec.—28 night shirts, 16 prs. bandage socks, 22 suits pyjamas, 22 prs. socks, 77 pillow covers.

Bayside W. I.: Mrs. C. Hall, Vice-Pres.; Mrs. Geo. Gunn, Sec.—18 sheets, 24 pillow covers, 10 suits pyjamas, 60 amputation stockings, 18 prs. socks.

Centenary R. C. S.: Mrs. Milton Vanderwater, Pres.; Mrs. J. L. Thrasher, Sec.—24 prs. socks.

Chatterton W. I.: Miss Beatrice Guffin, Pres.; Miss Sadie Boardman, Sec.—45 towels, 38 personal property bags, 2 housewives, 18 prs. socks, 1 whisk, 3 cakes soap, 1 pillow, 2 pillow covers.

Castleton W. I.: Mrs. Geo. H. Campbell, Pres.; Miss Welton, Sec.—10 flannel shirts, 5 hospital shirts, 2 suits pyjamas, 3 cheese-cloth suits, 3 stretcher caps.

Castleton R. C. S.: Mrs. F. A.

Black, Pres.; Miss E. Nichols, Sec.—15 hospital shirts, 2 prs. socks.

Edith Cavell R. C. S.: Mrs. R. R. Hannah, Pres.; Mrs. Geo. A. Ferguson, Sec.—28 suits pyjamas, 12 service shirts, 18 prs. socks.

Frankford W. I.: Mrs. J. B. Lowery, Pres.; Mrs. D. A. Vandervoort, Packer—18 suits pyjamas.

Ivanhoe W. I.: Mrs. John Clements, Pres.; Miss Mollie Tanner, Sec.—16 stretcher caps, 2 suits pyjamas, 3 towels, 25 prs. socks, 10 cheese-cloth handkerchiefs.

Melrose W. I.: Mrs. C. Haight, Pres.; Miss Marion McFarlane, Sec.—19 prs. socks, 6 amputation stockings, 5 day shirts, 4 suits pyjamas, 6 personal property bags, 6 prs. bed socks, 14 sheets, 7 feather pillows.

Marysville W. I.: Mrs. P. McAlpine, Pres.; Miss Cassidy, Sec.—1 doz. carbolic soap, 6 insect powder, 2 doz. khaki handkerchiefs, 2 khaki shirts, 24 towels, 12 personal property bags, 1 stretcher cap.

Mountain View W. I.: Mrs. Mary Spencer, Pres.; Miss Lottie Post, Sec.—12 prs. bed socks, 24 face cloths, 18 prs. socks, 24 pillow covers, 24 towels, 12 handkerchiefs, 48 suits pyjamas.

Plainfield W. I.: Mrs. D. Hall, Pres. Mrs. R. Wellman, Sec.—31 prs. socks, 37 handkerchiefs, 3 towels, 24 pillow covers, 7 sheets.

Queen Alexandra R. C. S.: Mrs. R. W. Lawrence, Pres.; Mrs. J. McPherson, Sec.—12 suits pyjamas, 18 prs. socks, 17 towels, 6 pillow covers.

River Valley W. I.: Mrs. Edgar Morrow, Pres.; Mrs. T. J. Smith, Packer—12 suits pyjamas, 30 prs. socks, 3 feather pillows, 2 shirts.

Roslin W. I.: Mrs. Wm. Kincaid, Pres.; Mrs. M. Hickey, Sec.—24 prs. socks, 8 suits pyjamas, 5 large rolls

absorbent cotton.

Shannonville R. C. S.: Mrs. (Dr.) Moore, Pres.; Mrs. J. F. McFarlane, Sec.—6 suits pyjamas, 72 prs. socks.

Shannonville W. I.: Mrs. John Dooreen, Pres.; Mrs. Harry Murphy, Sec.—3 feather pillows, 6 pillow covers, 12 personal property bags, 2 prs. bed socks, 36 stretcher caps, 35 prs. socks, 7 1/2 suits pyjamas.

Shannonville Soldiers' Comfort Soc.: Dora Dies, Pres.; Uora Farnsworth, Sec.—12 handkerchiefs, 12 ties (red crocheted), 2 personal property bags.

Stockdale W. I.: Mrs. Walter Grass, Pres.; Mrs. Davidson, Sec.—28 prs. socks, 26 personal property bags, 2 stretcher caps, 40 handkerchiefs, 9 suits pyjamas.

Union R. C. S.: Mrs. S. Danford, Pres.; Miss Mildred Eggleton, Sec.—20 suits pyjamas, 20 towels, 128 handkerchiefs, 18 prs. socks, 6 stretcher caps, 26 face cloths.

Wallbridge W. I.: Mrs. C. J. Massey, Pres.; Mrs. C. H. Ketcheson, Sec.—11 suits pyjamas, 2 sheets, 18 prs. socks.

Wooler W. I.: Miss Mabel Rogers, Pres.; Mrs. P. J. Wessel and Mrs. A. W. Clarke, Packers—10 suits pyjamas, 4 sheets, 2 cobalt caps, 2 prs. socks, 29 pillow covers, 14 towels, old cotton.

West Huntington R. C. S.: Miss R. R. Donnan, Pres.; Mrs. Geo. R. Post, Sec.—34 prs. socks, 16 shirts.

Total comforts and supplies:—5 rolls absorbent cotton, 66 amputation stockings, 3 cheese-cloth suits, 2 cobalt caps, 50 face cloths, 281 white handkerchiefs, 24 khaki handkerchiefs, 2 housewives, 6 tins insect powder, 2 bdles. old linen, 253 1/2 suits pyjamas, 11 large feather pillows, 192 pillow covers, 96 personal property bags, 515 prs. socks, 36

PRICE OF COAL HAS BEEN FIXED AT BELLEVILLE

Fuel Controller Magrath Fixes "Margin" at Belleville at \$2.65 - Means a Further Reduction in Coal Prices to Belleville Consumers - New Price Should Not Exceed \$11.25 a Ton.

Following the visit of a representative of The Ontario office of Fuel Controller Magrath at Ottawa on July 3rd, last, some very important results to fuel consumers at Belleville have been brought about. On July 8th Capt. B. A. Magrath arrived in Belleville and commenced a four-day investigation into local fuel prices. The prices then being charged by the dealers was \$12.50 a ton. The price had advanced 50 cents a ton on July 1st from the price of \$12 that had prevailed during the months of April, May and June. On Saturday, July 13, the Belleville coal dealers, on their own responsibility, reduced the price of coal one dollar a ton, the new price being \$11.50 a ton. That price has been in effect up to this morning. On Friday last Commissioner Wills received the following letter from Fuel Controller Magrath making the very important announcement that the "margin" allowed the dealers at Belleville had been fixed at \$2.65 for prepared sizes of anthracite coal and \$2.50 for bituminous or soft coal.

Office of the Fuel Controller Ottawa, Aug. 1, 1918.

Dear Mr. Wills: Under authority vested in me by order-in-council of July 27th, 1918, I beg to notify you that the maximum gross margin for the City of Belleville for coal delivered from the bins or yards shall be as follows: (1) Anthracite Coal, prepared sizes larger than pea \$2.65 per net ton of 2,000 lbs. (2) Bituminous Coal, run-of-mine or prepared sizes, \$2.50 per net ton of 2,000 lbs. By "gross margin" is meant the difference in the cost of the coal to the dealer f.o.b. cars or boat at Belleville and the retail selling price of such coal delivered in lots of at least one ton under the conditions of delivery which prevail in your city. These maximum gross margins are to go into effect on the 5th day of August. Your attention is called to the fact that this notification does not in any way relieve the dealers of the responsibility for any non-compliance with the coal regulations which may have existed in your case up to the present.

Yours truly, C. A. Magrath, Fuel Controller for Canada

In Mr. Magrath's letter there appeared to be a contradiction of terms, the first paragraph referring to "coal delivered from bins or yards," and the fourth paragraph to "cars or boat at Belleville." In order to make the matter perfectly clear Mr. Wills wired the fuel controller and on Saturday evening received the following reply:—

Thos. Wills, Fuel Commissioner, Belleville. - Margin of \$2.65 for Belleville includes unloading charges but not harbor dues or marine insurance. Average cost of unloading ten cargoes at Belleville last year from records submitted by Belleville dealers was about twenty-five cents per ton. With 20 per cent. increase in the wages over last year's average, this cost would now be 31 cents. Average gross margin at present authorized for 25 American cities of about the same size as Belleville is only \$2.26. Hence I feel that figures set for Belleville are fair.

Mr. Wills today notified all the Belleville dealers of the order from Ottawa and the new regulation has now gone into effect.

What does this order secure for the coal consumer at Belleville? That is the question.

According to the statements submitted by three of the largest Belleville dealers, the invoice cost of coal at Oswego is \$7.01. Freight from Oswego to Belleville is quoted by two of the dealers at \$1.25. Marine insurance amounts to 5 cents a ton and harbor dues, 10 cents a ton. The cost of coal therefore f.o.b. boat at Belleville to the dealers who have been paying that price at Oswego for their coal is \$8.41. Add to this \$2.65, "margin" allowed after the coal leaves the boat and you have the proper retail selling price at Belleville—\$11.06 a ton.

Water freight, Oswego to Belleville, we are informed was formerly 50 cents a ton. Freight rates on our railways are fixed by the Government. Why has the Government made no attempt to fix freight rates on our waterways? Canada has spent several hundreds of millions of dollars on improvements to our system of inland water routes and yet we have not one word to say as to what prices may be charged for the carrying of freight over those waterways.

The fixing of a maximum margin to cover expenses and profits of the local dealers is a new and very sensible departure on the part of the Dominion Controller.

In an editorial published in The Ontario on July 13th under the heading, "Doing Business Expensively," we pointed out a serious weakness in the system under which Mr. Magrath was endeavoring to control the fuel situation in Canada. There was nothing in the regulations to prevent the dealers paying exorbitant salaries to their office assistants or running up unreasonable expense accounts for unloading and delivering the coal.

While at Brockville and hundreds of other towns and cities in Canada and the United States they were doing business on a margin of from \$2 to \$2.50 a ton, from car or boat to consumer, in Belleville we were charged up with more than \$4 a ton.

That charge has now been scaled down, by the Fuel Controller to \$2.65 a ton.

The investigation at Belleville and the subsequent ruling will have a Dominion-wide effect. The system of fixing maximum margins will, we have no doubt, be put into effect also at Pictou, Peterborough and elsewhere where the people have been paying about the same price for coal as at Belleville.

The saving to the people of Belleville by the reduction secured will amount to more than \$40,000 in a year.

Thousands at Oak Lake Meeting

Thousands gathered at the Oak Lake Tabernacle yesterday afternoon for the dedication of the building. The Rev. G. M. Sharpe, evangelist, was in charge of the ceremonies and had assisting him the Revs. L. M. Sharpe, S. F. Dixon, J. N. Clarry, Wallace and Seymour. Proxior band was in attendance. An inspiring moment was when the evangelist had all the ministers and the trustees, G. M. Sharpe, J. W. Seeley, K. A. Ketchum, C. J. Massey, W. B. Tuffs, D. A. Thrasher, Mark Holden, J. F. Rikley, J. Lott, and S. W. Loyd—on the platform and while they held their hands on the pulpit the edifice and movement

were offered to God's service. Large numbers could not gain admittance so great was the crowd. Miss Ketha Wooten of Holloway St. Church, of Belleville sang a solo. Mrs. J. N. Clarry was in charge of the music, presiding at the piano. Evangelist Sharpe preached to large crowds in the morning and evening yesterday.

Indians Remain Mute. Ottawa.—Clad in Indian costume, two Mohawk chiefs from the Grand River Reserve came to Ottawa to meet before Hon. C. J. Doherty, minister of Justice, their objections to registering under the national registration plan. The minister of Justice endeavored to show his visitors that registration would not involve any sacrifice of rights and privileges. His visitors departed without further expression of opinion.

Tom Longboat Wants \$500 From City of Toronto

Toronto, Aug. 5.—Tom Longboat, the famous Indian marathon runner, now with a construction battalion in France, has written to the city asking that the \$500 voted to him in 1907, following his victory in the Boston Marathon, be paid him in order that he may take a correspondence course in civil engineering. As the money has not been provided in the estimates of this year the matter was laid over until the Indian's return.

Prize Winners

- Following is the list of prize winners in the Standing Field Crop Competition conducted by the Amherstburg Agricultural Society, Daniel English, of Durham County, judge: July 31st and Aug. 1st. Oats—1st—Jas. R. Anderson, Industrial variety. 2nd—W. J. Barber, Yellow Russian. 3rd—Harold Young, Yellow Russian. 4th—Norman Weese, Swedish Victor. 5th—Nelson Parliament, M.P.F., Banner. Wheat—1st—E. E. Wallbridge, Marquis. 2nd—Jno. A. Weese, Marquis. 3rd—W. H. C. Roblin, Marquis. 4th—Jas. Robinson, Marquis. 5th—Jno. Cairns, Marquis.

FOXBORO

The Misses Hilda and Geraldine Pine, of Madoc, are visiting their grandmother, Mrs. Burrows. Mr. J. C. MacFarlane is home again from Montreal. Quite a number from this vicinity took in the Oak Lake camp meeting on Sunday. Mrs. C. Shorey and son, Maxwell, of Belleville, spent a few days at the home of Mrs. Leonard Shider last week. Mrs. J. C. MacFarlane, Miss Mary Miller and Mrs. H. Gardner called at Mrs. C. Hethering's on Friday evening last. The lawn social held on the 31st ult. was well attended and a decided success. Mrs. H. Frederick and Miss Helen Prentice visited Mrs. Byron Foster at the Kingston Hospital on Thursday last. We sincerely hope Mrs. Foster may soon be well enough to return home again. Mrs. Will Holgate returned home after spending quite a long time with her daughters in the States. Mrs. Nell Davis and family called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart on Saturday evening.

BANCROFT

Thos. Tucker, jeweller, of Madoc, has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. "Flat as a pancake" about describes the condition of many a promising field of grain after the storm passed over on Monday last. Mr. Thos. Wooten, of Rawdon Township, and his sister, Miss Nellie, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Wooten at Maynooth during the past week. Mr. Robt. Dixon, for many years reeve of Cardiff Township, but who has been making his home in the West for some time, was renewing old acquaintances in Bancroft last week. We are to have an up-to-date garage in Bancroft. Dr. Embury and Mr. R. J. Stringer have secured the lot next to the butter factory and will commence work on a building as soon as possible. The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Everett Yeaman, of Baptiste, aged one year, died on Friday last and burial took place in the Anglican cemetery here on Saturday. Rev. H. R. Pettum officiating. Mr. A. Russell's residence near Trout Lake was struck by lightning during the storm on Friday last. A good deal of damage was done to the interior of the building, but the family fortunately escaped injury. This section was visited by the worst storm of the season on Monday afternoon last. The thunder and lightning were terrific and rain fell in torrents. As a result the roads are badly washed out, and a good deal of grain is seriously damaged.—Times.

MARMORA

Mr. Fred Paquet was in Boston last week on business. Miss Irene Shea, of Peterboro, is

GLEN ROSS

The S. S. "at home" held Thursday evening last was fairly well attended. A short program was given. Among the selections was a recitation especially well given by Mrs. A. Hammond, of Stirling. A suitable lunch was served by the ladies and all report having had a fine time. Collection \$3.50. Several from this way are interested in the Oak Lake camp meeting. Mr. W. Brown has bought a threshing outfit. Mr. D. A. Weaver is working at his trade in Deseronto. Mr. A. Wilson went to Gilmore on Saturday to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. Wright. Miss Thora Hubbell is ill. Mr. and Mrs. Ed Pyear and Mrs. H. Hubbell took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. R. Potter of Frankford on Thursday last. Mrs. C. Sharpe of Mount Pleasant, Ont., Mrs. Wm. Carlisle and Mrs. W. Anderson took tea with their sister, Mrs. J. B. Weaver on Friday last. Mrs. H. Jones of Belleville and

PERSONALITY OF COWS

It is possible to find dairymen who never dig deeper than the surface knowledge of the whole herd giving so much milk, counting simply the total weight sent to the factory one day, or per month, or again simply the average yield per cow for the factory season. A plain fact that cannot be impressed too strongly is that cows have individuality, says a communication from the Dominion Department of Agriculture. What makes two cows yield quite different weights of milk and fat when all conditions are practically equal? Economy were made visible and luminous, has any man the requisite knowledge to fathom all the mysteries of milk manufacture? We do know this, the yield of milk and its percentage of fat are apt to vary from day to day most strangely. The first half of the milk drawn may not contain much more than half as much as the latter half; the cow may have some slight sickness; some of her delicate nervous functions may be deranged temporarily; extremes of weather, undue exposure to excitement, may all influence the yield of milk and the test. Hence it is clear that the sensible way to judge a cow's performance is not by any test or weight, but rather on her total yield for the season.

GOVERNMENT ADVICE IS TO GIVE EACH COW INDIVIDUAL CARE

Mr. J. B. McKillop, of London County Crown Attorney for Middlesex, and Mrs. McKillop were in Pictou last week for a few days, visiting relatives. Mr. McKillop is vice-president of the "Better Understanding" movement and has been attending meetings in Ottawa and Belleville in its interests previously.—Pictou Gazette.

Local Man Appointed

William J. McGrory, of Brockville has been appointed an inspector of bakeries under orders of the Canada Food Board for the district of Brockville and vicinity and will commence his duties immediately inspecting the bakeries and ascertaining that the bread and pastry bakers are conforming to the regulations of the Food Board.

Liquor was Returned

On Friday last the fifty-seven gallons of liquor that was seized by License Inspector Goodrich from the Cobourg restaurant keeper were returned to him. At the trial the restaurant man was fined \$200 and costs, and P. M. Davidson recommended that the liquor be returned if the defendant got a dwelling house. This he has done, and, on advice from the Department in Toronto, the liquor was returned. The fine, however, stands.

Major Sharpe is Feared Drowned

Kingston—This morning the uniform of Major W. J. S. Sharpe, Casualty Officer, was found near the pump-house at the Outer Station, and it is feared that the officer has been drowned. S. S. Corbett received a call to the scene and grappling for the body was being done by Mr. J. Cornelius and several of the police. Major Sharpe went overseas with the 21st battalion, returning some time ago, and being

News From the County and District

Brief Items of Interest Gathered by Our Exchange Editor.

Wanted to Visit Father. W. S. Carson, of Kingston, was arrested here because he was unable to show identification papers under the Military Service Act. He said he was going over the River to visit his father.—Niagara Falls Review.

The Tweed News Entertains. Last Friday, The Tweed News was "At Home" to its staff of regular correspondents and office employees. A large number of invitations had been sent out, about thirty of which were accepted. After an inspection of the office plant, the new High School was visited. Mr. Sandy Grant, M.P., did the duties of escort at this institution. The noon hour having arrived, a trip across the lake was made for dinner and the afternoon was pleasantly spent in speech-making, interspersed with singing etc. The proceedings were closed by singing the National Anthem. The guests of the day came by autos and in departing expressed their pleasure in the occasion. The management of The News purposes making this an annual affair and already plans are under way for a bigger and happier time next year.

Firm Penalized for Selling Flour. Ottawa, Aug. 6.—Messrs William Borthwick and Chevrier Brothers of Cornwall, Ont., have been prohibited by the Canada Food Board from purchasing or selling flour for a period of fifteen days from August 1. This action was taken because the parties named above were not conserving in the distribution of flour and did not take sufficient precaution to prevent illegal export of flour from Canada.

Pigs Killed by Lightning. Cayley Bros., of West Ops, were sufferers from the storm on Monday when five or six pigs were killed by lightning. With pork at the top notch price, the loss of these porkers is a serious one.

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Doing V.A.D. Work in Italy. Kingston.—The lady superintendent, Mrs. G. H. Ogilvie, of St. John's Ambulance Brigade, Overseas has received word that Miss Freda Burns and Miss Eva Cron are at present in Italy doing V.A.D. work. They are two members of the Kingston Central Nursing Division, St. John's Ambulance Brigade Overseas, and were the two chosen out of five called for duty on the continent.

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appointed Casualty Officer. He is married and belongs to Ottawa.

Appreciation of Kindness. Three soldiers who had been in prison under Dr. Gilmour were killed in the present war. It was found that all three had named him as next-of-kin. No words could describe the brotherly relation created by the spirit of the doctor better than this simple, practical act.

Drowning at Presqu'ile. A drowning accident occurred at Presqu'ile on Tuesday evening last when a young man, P. Hewitt, of New York, who was summering at the Point, fell out of a rowboat and was drowned.

Navy Brigade in Cobourg. On Sunday, Cobourg was visited by the steamer Wave Crest, carrying fifty-two navy brigade boys, who are most enthusiastic young sailors. They attended church Sunday evening, and after a delightful time the Wave Crest left port again on Tuesday.

Baptised an Infant. Rev. S. Sellery, pastor of Bowmanville Methodist Church, holidaying in Kingston, baptised his grandchild, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Taylor, Johnson street, with water taken from the River Jordan.

Barn and Crops Destroyed. A fine new barn on the farm rented by Hiram and Ernest Aldrich from Wm. Acheson, on Con. 4, Elizabethtown, was struck by lightning and destroyed with crop and machinery. Partly covered by insurance. The barn of John Pierce, near Newboro, was struck by lightning and burned just after the last load of hay had been gathered and placed in the barn. Barn and crops of Edward Shahan near Spencerville were destroyed with three horses and machinery.

Entitled to Whole Plant. Last week at the Verona Division Court an action was tried which involved the right of a purchaser of a farm to the horse fork and appliances in barn when nothing was said of them in the agreement of sale. In this case the fork, car and rope were taken away by the farmer who sold the farm; the track and pulley only being left, and he contended that as he only removed the movable parts of the outfit and left the parts which were fastened to the building, he had a right to do so. Judge Lavell reserved his decision and on Friday gave judgment for the plaintiff, holding that the whole plant, carriage, fork, rope pulleys and track was a fixture which, unless reserved, passed with the farm, and should have been left there by the vendor.

How to Dry Fruit. Fruits may be dried in the sun until the surface begins to wrinkle, then finished in the drier. With stone fruits, such as peaches, plums, apricots and cherries, none but fruits that are fresh, ripe and in perfect condition should be used. With apples, pears and quinces effective throat calls for using the sound portions of fruit that may be partially wormy or imperfect. When properly dried, fruits should be entirely free from moisture when pressed between the fingers on removal from drier. Lint trays with cheesecloth or wrapping paper before spreading the fruit on them.

AMELIASBURG. Messrs. W. C. Pulver, C. Clapp, R. Dempsey, J. Wilson and families motored to the Sand Banks, and Wellington on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Vandervoort spent Sunday at Geo. Alyea's. Mrs. R. E. Dempsey is entertaining a cousin from Detroit. We are sorry to report that A. H. Snider is on the sick list. Mr. and Mrs. M. Carrington spent Sunday at Mr. Ayrhart's. Mrs. M. Snider visited at Wm. Elvin's on Sunday afternoon. Several from here attended the Red Cross concert at Carrying Place and all report a very enjoyable time. The good news that their second son, James had been promoted recently from lieutenant to captain and flight commander reached Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Gray, 1135 Catherine street, Victoria.

No man or woman should bobble painfully about because of corns when so certain a relief is at hand as HOLLER'S CORN CURA.

Advertisement for HUNGERFORD HOG PRODUCTS. Includes text: 'Just the Straw Hat price and season, with up of wa Linens, 8 Percents for regular to', 'Every in our reduced to new styles every one', 'Lawn in a showing col and plain priced 20c', 'A special very new Elastic and to \$1.00 for', 'Silk Equally the Sun or shades with \$3.00 to \$7.50', 'The Hungertford Hog Products Cam', 'Some have no question, Did the to increase produce results? In the would think that at least not perch of producing price of the feed was never bushel of weight. With 10 per cwt. ry ad born at \$3.75, act to carry it to the price began to \$17 per cwt. mar However, it is finished hogs have same length of th'

RITCHIE'S

A Week of Special Underpricing in The Men's Store

These specially reduced lines of Men's and Boy's wearables offer timely savings to those who buy this week—Save considerable and take advantage of the offering.

Boy's Sport Blouses 69c

All smart Blouses made up of washable Chambrays, Linens, and Fancy Striped Percal for ages 8 to 14 years regular to 88c for 69c.

Children's Wash Suits \$1.49

A limited assortment of this season's smartest Wash Suits for Boys 4 to 7 years, value up to \$2.50, in the lot reduced this week to \$1.49.

Clean Up Sale Of Straw Sailors 98c

Just think of a new Straw Hat at this low price and so early in the season, with several weeks of real hot weather ahead. They are all smart and stylish. Sennit Braid Straws in Boater Style, and the regular prices are \$1.25 and \$1.50, clearing at this week at 98c.



\$5.00 Panamas \$3.95

Every 500 Panama Hat in our Men's Store now reduced to \$3.95. Several new styles to select from and every one at distinct bargains.

Men's Outing Shirts

Fine quality Neglige Shirts with low turn down collar attached—shown in White, Stripes, and Colors priced \$1.25 to \$2.00.

Interesting Items From the Front Store

Lawn Handkerchiefs In a very fine quality, showing colored, Plaids, stripes and plain White, very summery priced 20c—3 for 50c.

Hat Bands 25c A special clearing lot of the very newest Hat Bands, in Silk Elastic and Jersey Cloth, reg. to \$1.00 for 25c.

Silk Umbrellas Equally useful to keep away the Sun or Rain, all the latest shades with fancy handles priced \$3.00 to \$7.50.

Patent Leather Belts In the latest style, Black or White very suitable for Summer Dresses, 25c to \$1.00.

The New Neckwear Fischu Collars are just now to the fore and these stunning new effects we now display are exceptionally attractive—also colored Collar and Cuff Sets, priced 35c to \$2.00.

Fischu Frilling This is shown by the yard in the various new shades, priced 50c and \$1.00 yard.

Store Closed All Day Wednesday
Belleville Civic Holiday

The RITCHIE Co. Ltd.

Hungerford and 1917 Hog Production Campaign

Some have no doubt asked the question, Did the campaign of 1917 increase production of hogs bring results? In the last month one would think that our township has at least not declined along the line of producing pork, even though the price of the feed used for that purpose was never so high by many cents per bushel or dollars per hundredweight. With barley at over 60 per cent, rye as high as \$4.45 a bushel at \$3.75, it took some courage to carry it to the hogs when the price began to sink toward the \$17 per cent mark.

However, it is a question if more finished hogs have gone out in the same length of time.

In three weeks the United Farmers around Tweed sent out six carloads, amounting to 327 hogs. Eighteen cents was paid for the last shipment on July 18th, and \$17.50 the week before. Messrs. Kerr & Coulter also loaded at the same place, bringing in hogs from the surrounding townships and sending them out with those secured here making the Tweed stockyards one of the liveliest spots in the town at this season of the year.

The United Farmers are also sending out lambs, sheep, calves and cattle for those who wish them to handle them.

Each man's animals are marked before leaving and an account of the markings sent ahead of the stock to the man buying them or to the market.

The buyer weighs each man's stock and takes note of the markings according to the list sent him. He classes them according to quality

and prices them at market prices, sends down a statement of each and a cheque for the whole.

The shipper then writes out a cheque for each man's amount less per cent, for handling, where no one goes with them, or a fraction more where a man's time and expenses are extra.

The good stock yields splendid returns as one man received over \$51 for a pair of dry ewes weighing 340 pounds at Tweed. Another last week got \$63 for a pair of fat calves which weighed 385 pounds at Toronto, while some of the poorer ones sold at 12 1/2 cents per lb., Toronto weight.

Five spring lambs averaging 73 pounds each at Toronto, brought a cheque for \$77.69 after paying the expenses, which amounted to the huge sum of 80 cents on the bunch, were taken off.

This method of doing business should tend to greatly improve the quality of the articles shipped, as each is anxious to get the highest price and none but the best bring it. The man who takes the trouble to get his stock to that point is always highly pleased with his cheque and the buyer is after more of his stock.

This is educating a man by touching his pocket which is usually a very effective way.

Picked Up Around Town

Messrs. Charles McConnell and William Bell, accused of assaulting John James Barrie on July 15th at the corner of Dundas St. and Foster Avenue were before Magistrate Masson this morning on a preliminary hearing and after certain evidence was taken were committed for trial. W. Carnew for the crown. A. Abbott for the defendants.

A horse dashing westward across the C.P.R. bridge spanning the Moira and a train moving eastward over the C.N.O.R. bridge at the same time was the unusual sight near Dundas street on Sunday morning. A horse attached to a milk wagon ran away on South Front street. The gate at the crossing on Front street was closed for an east-bound train on the C.N.R. The horse smashed through the gate guard and broke the milk wagon against a pole. Being free, the animal swung on to the track, and in some unaccountable way managed to get across on the ties. The animal was caught uninjured.

Nikolai Nishkov was found by the Belleville police in an intoxicated condition and was fined \$50.00 and costs. Nishkov also had in his possession when arrested a can with a queer smelling liquid, and said to be part alcohol or explosive. A charge of having liquor in his possession was not pressed.

The Moira River is not smelling as sweet as a rose garden the past few days and citizens who have occasion to cross the bridges are complaining of the condition.

The steamer "Belleville" called at this port this morning and took on a large cargo of cheese, etc. for Montreal.

The funeral of the late William James Rigby took place yesterday from his parents' residence, 316 Blecker Ave., Rev. A. M. Hubby officiating. The interment was in the Church of England cemetery at Trenton, where Rev. Archdeacon Armstrong officiated.

Mrs. Elizabeth Holland died at the age of 91 years in Thurlow yesterday. The remains were today shipped to Coe Hill by Tickell & Sons Company for interment.

A Ford car bearing marker number 89637 was yesterday found standing east of the G.T.R. yard on the second concession of Thurlow with its engine partly through the fence. The car looked as if it had met with an accident. It is owned by George Millen, of Trenton.

The Marsh Engineering Works observed yesterday as civic holiday instead of Wednesday, thus being in unison with Toronto and other large cities. Many of the mechanics are spending week ends in berry picking in the northern districts.

The large brick chimney which has stood for many years on the site of the vinegar works on Dundas St. opposite the old burying grounds has recently been demolished by workmen of Thos.

A LIFETIME OF SUFFERING

Prevented by "Fruit-a-lives" The Wonderful Fruit Medicine

58 MAISONNEUVE ST., HULL, QUE.

"In my opinion, no other medicine is so good as 'Fruit-a-lives' for Indigestion and Constipation.

For years, I suffered with these dreaded diseases, trying all kinds of treatments until I was told I was incurable.

One day a friend told me to try 'Fruit-a-lives'. To my surprise, I found this medicine gave immediate relief, and in a short time I was all right again."

DONAT LALONDE

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

Manley who is constructing new houses in the vicinity. Judging from the quality of the stone foundation and state of preservation of the brick it is no wonder that the sweep of strong winds will not be able to blow down this tall structure.

The bell in Bridge Street Methodist church tower was rung late yesterday afternoon in honor of the allied victory in the Marne salient.

Samuel H. Wannamaker was arrested at noon today by Sergeant Harman as an absentee from a Kingston unit.

For tomorrow's baseball game at the Driving Park Mr. Ed. Thomas has been fortunate in securing two Toronto players, namely: Alex. Graham and McDonald, of the Toronto Dental Baseball team. This will materially strengthen the local team and fast ball is assured.

Picked teams representing the British Chemical Company of Trenton and Belleville city baseball league will play tomorrow at the Fair Grounds. The game will open at three fifteen. A fine game is promised. Fred Goyer and T. Nolan will be the visiting battery.

About eleven o'clock this morning an automobile on Bridge Street near Albert St. ran into a boy on a bicycle. The cyclist was named Reid and resides on Chatham St. The result was that the wheel was damaged and the boy's arm fractured, while the car also suffered. It is said several cars were in the vicinity at the time.

Social and Personal

Mrs. S. Brown of Eldorado, is visiting friends in the city.

Mr. G. A. Payne, barrister of Campbellford, is in the city today.

M. Ed. Young, of Toronto, is in the city renewing old acquaintances.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Blackburn are visiting in Toronto, St. Thomas and Stratford.

Mrs. H. L. Lovering, of Regina, Sask. is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. F. Seantlebury, College Hill.

Crown Attorney Carnew and Inspector Arnott are in Trenton this afternoon on a liquor prosecution.

Mr. and Mrs. L. McCutcheon and family, of Ottawa, are spending a couple weeks with relatives in the city.

Mr. Louis P. Lake and Master Hamilton, McDonald Ave., visited over Sunday in Deseronto under the parental roof.

Miss Marie Fitzpatrick, of Rochester, N. Y. is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Wm Fitzpatrick, 172 Church St.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fitzpatrick and daughter Alleen are visiting his mother, Mrs. Wm. Fitzpatrick and sister, Mrs. B. J. Black, 172 Church St.

Mr. J. O. Herly left this morning for a tour through Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island and will be absent about two weeks.

The former lady superintendent of the Belleville Hospital known to all as Miss Gordon, now Mrs. Gordon Jones, of Pueblo, Colorado, is a guest at Sidney Cottage this

week, revisiting her old home.

Mr. Frank Anderson, tool maker with the John Ingh's Co., Toronto, visited over the holiday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Anderson, Hillside St.

Rev. E. O. Seymour and Mrs. Seymour of Bath are spending August with Mrs. Seymour's parents Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Seantlebury, the present week being spent at Oak Hill Lake Camp.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie M. Buller returned to their home in Toronto last night after spending the week-end and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Boyce on Chatham St. Mr. Buller was formerly the Canadian Northern freight agent here.

On Tuesday Aug. 6th, 1918, Rev. Rural Dean Swayne, rector of Christ Church united in holy wedlock Harry Douglas Rowe and Miss Carrie Belle Anderson, both of Belleville. The young couple were unattended. They will reside in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Harker and Mr. and Mrs. F. Corin of Toronto, motored to Belleville on Saturday to spend the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Harker, Bridge St. West.

Mrs. Joslin and two children of Edmonton who have been visiting Mrs. James Fleming, John St. left for Toronto this afternoon where they will visit relatives before returning home.

CHOLERA INFANTUM

Cholera infantum is one of the fatal ailments of childhood. It is a trouble that comes on suddenly, especially during the summer months, and unless prompt action is taken the little one may soon be beyond aid. Baby's Own Tablets are an ideal medicine in warding off this trouble. They regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach and thus prevent all the dreaded summer complaints. Concerning them Mrs. Fred Rose, South Bay, Ont., says: "I feel Baby's Own Tablets saved the life of our baby when she had cholera infantum and I would not be without them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Sick Man in Europe

If Turkey has broken with Germany, as reported, the step is in line with the instinct accredited to the proverbial rat that desert a sinking ship. The Turkish Government is far from being moral in any true sense. If Turkey has not deserted the Central Powers, as the cable has it, the reason is that the watchers on the "Tosphorus are not quite certain of the outcome of the war. Another German retreat in France or Flanders, stronger evidence that the Bolsheviks are not having a clear track in delivering Russia to Germany, further proof that the American people are determined in their undertaking, will bring Turkey groveling to the feet of the Allied powers by way of Washington—the only capital that maintains friendly relations with a nation which is at war with the rest of our allies.

One of the reasons assigned for the alleged break between the "Sublime Port" and Germany, is the seizure by the latter of a Turkish cruiser—a lame excuse. Another and more likely cause of friction that will ultimately lead to severance of the two powers, is the failure of the German map-makers to give Turkey her share of the Roumanian carcass. Instead of Turkey's being assigned the Dobruja territory, she was given small slices taken from Russia in the carving of that empire through the Brest-Litovsk treaty. If Turkey had been given her slice of Roumanian she would have been in possession by this time, whereas the strips thrown to her from the Russian carving she may never get, and once in possession, she would have to fight to retain them.

Furthermore, Turkey has had to give up her most precious possession, outside of Constantinople, to the enemy. Britain is in Mesopotamia, in permanent possession; Britain is also in Jerusalem and the surrounding country, and the same power has strengthened greatly her position in Egypt.

Germany rendered little or no assistance in Turkey in fighting the "Infidel" England in entering her sacred possessions, and the time is gone to expect aid from that quarter. Turkey, sooner or later, must save herself, and as a "last resort" she has many times contemplated the prospect in their predictions of her overthrow.

America is not yet at war with Turkey. The State Department has its reasons, other than sentimental, we hope, and the main one is report-

ed to be a promise to break with Germany at the first opening. We are in the same position with Bulgaria. When Turkey moves, Bulgaria will respond; if not now, later, whenever it is certain that Germany is going to be defeated.

Turkey has often prayed both ends against the middle. When Great Britain feared Russia and her designs upon India, Turkey was under guardianship of the Union Jack. The Crimean War was waged by England, France and Turkey against Russia to save the Turkish empire from Russian dominion; and when a score of years later, Russia was about to capture Constantinople in the Russo-Turkish war, the British fleet appeared in the straits with an order of "Hands Off!"

It was when Russia and England came together in the present war that Turkey changed her allegiance and joined the Hun standard. It was claimed that Turkey was justified, because the intent was to turn over Constantinople to Russia and give that empire her century-old aim of a "window on the sea." But the best laid plans of mice and men, except diplomats, go wrong, and Russia is no longer worthy of fear or distrust or anything but contempt from the powers that so long saw the "bear that walked like a man" in their dreams. Turkey, since the disappearance of Russia as a factor, has little to fear from the Allies, and no selfish reason to cling to the Central Powers.

On the other hand the defection of Turkey will mean the end of the "Mittle Europa" ambition of the Kaiser. It will cut the scheme fairly in the middle.

Four years ago Germany seemed all powerful, a world-scorcher, that would take the rest of mankind a long time to overcome. And yet when Germany begins to show signs of falling, like all bullies, she will collapse quickly. She has held her allies by fear, and self-interest, and not by love or respect.

Steamers Lost in Gale

Valparaiso, Chile, Aug. 3.—During a heavy gale last night several small steamers were lost in Valparaiso bay. An American steamer was torn adrift by the wind and blown about the harbor, colliding with several small craft, damaging both them and herself.

TODAY'S CASUALTIES

Reported Dead by Germans
Lieut. E. T. S. Kelley, Picton, Ill.

Wounded—
F. N. Porter, Bloomfield
W. F. Catchpole, Smiths Falls

STOCKDALE

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Chase attended the funeral of the late Mr. John Chase at Concession on Wednesday last.

Some of our Red Cross workers were in Belleville on Tuesday assisting at the packing of boxes for overseas.

Mr. B. Maybee attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Alley at Wooler on Monday last.

Mr. Bellamy has purchased the house and lot lately owned by Mr. Peter Kilbink.

Mr. and Mrs. McGowan attended the funeral of a relative near Orland one day last week.

There will be no services in any of the churches on this circuit on Sunday next in order to give all who wish the privilege of attending the services at Oak Lake camp meeting.

Miss Marguerite Chase of Wooler, visited her grandparents on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Morley Davidson and mother and Mr. and Mrs. R. McMurtter visited at Warkworth on Sunday.

Mr. Arthur Walt visited his sister at Bonar Law on Sunday.

Miller's Worm Powders are complete in themselves. They not only drive worms from the system, but repair the damage that worms cause and so invigorate the constitution that it speedily recovers from the disorders of the digestion that are the result of the work of these parasitic intruders. They do their work thoroughly and strength and soundness follow their use.

With the Bishop of Columbia presiding and Lt.-Col. Bishop De Pencier and Archdeacon Heathcote as speakers, the Anglican summer school opened at Victoria.

Mayor McClymont, of Prince Rupert, was officially notified by the Grand Trunk Pacific that the contract for building five steel steamships here, has been signed and that negotiations are in progress for the construction of an additional five

For Sale

A NEW MILCH COW FOR SALE.
Apply 189 Wellington St. 27-11d

Farm consisting of seventy-four acres, fifty acres good work land, balance in pasture, also new silo, well watered and fenced. Good frame barn with stone wall under it, hen house, fine horse stable and cow stable. Close to school and church. Four miles west of Trenton, lot 15, Township of Murray, better known as the Fred May Farm. For further particulars apply to W. J. Blair, on premises, Trenton, Ont., South of York Road. a8-2tw.

80 acres, 5th concession of Tyendinaga, lot 9, under first class cultivation, good buildings, never failing spring, 2 wells. Apply on premises, John O'Sullivan, Corbyville P.O. a8-2td,4tw.

SIXTY ACRES GOOD CLAY LOAM adjoining village of Plainfield, double frame house, barn with basement stables, two wells, small orchard. Apply Mrs. Shepard, Plainfield. j18-6td

That beautiful solid brick house, residence of the late A. W. Vermilyea, just over the foot-bridge. Price reduced from \$4000 to 3600, which includes an extra building lot \$3300 without the extra lot. The house has just been newly painted. Modern improvements. Look into this as it is a big snap. Apply C. H. Vermilyea. j28-d&wt

Wanted

Two laborers for farm work, married men only need apply who have good references and are willing to live on the farm. Employment by the year and good wages paid. House with electric light and running water provided. Apply to R. J. Graham, R.M.D. No. 3, Belleville. jy25-2tw

STRAYED

ONE PURE BRED HOLSTEIN yearling heifer, nearly all white except black spot on left side and around left eye, three black spots on left shoulder and side of neck and around right eye. Liberal reward for information as to her whereabouts. K. M. Sime, R.R. 2, Belleville; phone 317 ring 3-1. a8-2td,1tw

STRAYED

On Sunday night one black horse, short tail, had rope on neck and one brown mare, white spot in forehead, two white hind feet. Anybody having information please advise N. Picton, Lot Centre St., Thurlow Station P. O., Belleville. J30-3td,2tw

LOT FOR SALE IN STOCKDALE
About 2 1/2 acres good garden, small house, barn and henhouse, near store, grist and saw mills. Apply to Geo. Savage, R. M. D. Frankford, Ont. jy17-3mw

DEAF PEOPLE

"FRENCH ORLEANS" absolutely cures Deafness and Noise in the Head, no matter how severe or long standing the case may be. Hundreds of persons whose cases were supposed to be incurable have been permanently cured by this New Remedy.

This Wonderful Preparation goes direct to the actual seat of the trouble, and One Box is ample to effectually cure any ordinary case.

Mrs. Rowe of Portland Crescent, Leeds, says: "The 'Orleans' has completely cured me after twelve years' suffering."

Many other equally good reports. Try one Box today. It costs \$1.00, and there is nothing better at any price. Address: "ORLEANS" Co., 18 SOUTHVIEW, WATLING ST., DARTFORD, KENT.

Save Your Eyes

Don't you feel that for YOUR OWN eyes you should have the best service?

McFee Service enables you to have for yourself careful reliable eye-examination and perfect glasses.....at standard cost.

McFee Service made good by 24 years' experience

Consultation by Appointment

Angus McFEE

Post Office Inspector J. F. Murray, has received word from Ottawa that his son Lieut. Kenneth William Murray who left Vancouver with the 196th Western Universities Battalion, was officially reported missing on July 1st.

News From the County and District

Brief Items of Interest Gathered by Our Exchange Editor.

Kingston Woman Leaves

A Kingston woman has left her husband, taking with her three children. It is thought she went to the States, consequently the American police have been notified. No reason can be given for her sudden disappearance.

Someone Please Explain

A citizen remarked recently that there had been about twenty of the County's finest type of manhood literally slaughtered in aeroplane accidents this summer without one solitary inquest being held. What is the matter with the officers of the Flying Corps, the general public and the Friends of the deceased, that investigations or inquests are not held? We take it too much for granted — he was killed in a crash — and let it go at that. There must be causes for such accidents, why not look more carefully in them? A little public sentiment would go a long way toward making the truth known. Every accident at the Toronto camps is looked into and why not at Deseronto? — Post

Big Canning Business

Canning industries in the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham are scenes of busy activity. Canning peas has been extensively carried on the past two weeks. The pea crop is an excellent one, the best that has been known for years in that locality. The Durham Canning Factory at Orono is also a busy place. About 60 persons are employed, with a weekly pay sheet of \$1,000. About 30,000 cans of peas is the daily output.

Native of Athens

Pte. Clarence Palmer, a Smith's Falls young man, who has been killed in action, was the son of Mr. and Mrs. John Palmer, of that town and was born in Athens, 20 years ago.

Thoughts by the Way

Sights and Sounds of Summer From a Country Verandah
Written for The Ontario by "Wayfarer."

A hot July sun is sending its glaring rays relentlessly upon a parched earth; the road winds by white and bare and is lost from sight as it dips over an adjacent hill; the atmosphere swims in waves of heat and the woods in the distance are veiled in purple mist.

The hay-makers are making ready their wagon for bringing in the fragrant hay and although they are hidden from sight behind a clump of bushes, I am aware of their preparations by the expectant waiting attitudes of the old dog. He is in sight, and sits eagerly watching the men, hitching the team to the wagon, and, as the last trace is hooked, he darts like an arrow, making his way ahead of the horses to the field, where he enjoys himself hunting for mice in the hay. In a neighbor's field is another wagon busy in the hay, and in this, a woman is on the load, handling the pitch-fork as deftly as a man. It is certainly good hay weather, but rain is badly needed for the growing crops.

A glance at the fields reveals how rapidly harvest time is approaching. The wheat and barley are turning their green to gold and early peas are also ready for the harvest.

In the midsummer heat, the birds sing but little, although one hears a continual chirping from their tiny throats. They are busy darting here and there, now flying to earth to feast on seeds and worms. A tiny pair of grey birds, very tame and unafraid, hop about on the grass, a foot or two from the verandah, leisurely eating weed-seeds. It is surprising what a quantity of these seeds is apparently required to satisfy their voracious appetites.

A robin wings its way past the cherry trees, where alas! no red fruit is seen this summer, and then darts to a wild bush where it feasts on the berries growing thereon. From the garden comes a little maid with a small pail of ripe raspberries and says she found the bushes covered with birds feasting on the ripe fruit, but on her arrival they rose with a

whirring of wings and a protesting chorus of shrill screams at being interrupted in their noon-day feast.

Bees too, are busy, sipping the sweets of the flowers on the verandah. But some large velvet, yellow bumble bees are too friendly, for with a seemingly definite purpose they circle round, until one dodges this way and that, to avoid coming in contact with these "zigzag steers". But let them make their way under the verandah floor, where doubtless, there is a nest of which we may have practical, if not pleasant proof in the near future. These yellow-jackets are followed by several honey-bees, which leads one to wonder if the latter are ever known to plunder the stores of the former.

In yonder field is a minister's son, who has come to the country for the harvest as a soldier of the soil. He seems a little, husky chap of fine physique and pleasing personality and tackles his unaccustomed tasks with a right good will, so that his employer says: "He is a willin' chap but he doesn't know nothing." Perhaps, some of our townsmen will learn that farming is both a science and an art. While the farmers, birds and bees are busy and as I ponder these lines, there are passing in auto, buggy and bicycle, young people to enjoy themselves at Hill Crest, the new Rest Resort. The doctor, too, drives past in his motor, being hurriedly on his errand of mercy and almost unconsciously we contrast his life with that of the pleasure-seeker and recall the following lines by Dr. Durmond:

"There's wan man got hees han' full o' red ev'ry kin' o' wadder. An' he's never sure o' nothin' but work and work away. Dat's de man dey call de doctor, when you ketch him on de contras. An' he's only man I know-me, don't get no holiday."

But another motor comes in sight, this one purring its way along the gravel drive to the verandah. It proves to be the country parson and

with him Rev. (Capt.) Garbutt, of Oshawa, recently returned from overseas, where for twenty months he served as chaplain to Canadian forces. It really was a pleasure and a privilege to meet Capt. Garbutt, who is speaking throughout the country in the interest of overseas chaplains. Canadian churches are endeavoring to raise \$50,000 for the Chaplain Service, Anglicans assuming \$15,000; Presbyterians \$15,000; Methodists \$15,000 and the balance \$5,000 among other denominations. In his visit the Captain spoke most interestingly of his experience as a chaplain at the front. Among other things he said: "There is one chaplain to each battalion, perhaps in the construction battalions there are not so many, as the danger is not so great. Chaplains accompany the troops to the front lines and share the hardships of the soldiers. They conduct the burial services for the dead. Where possible the soldiers are buried in separate graves and the chaplain writes an account of death and burial which is sent to the next of kin. Since my return I have received many letters from parents whose sons have paid the supreme sacrifice. Religious services are not held in the fighting areas but farther back, as soldiers are not allowed to congregate closely in forward areas for fear of shells."

To the question: "Do the men seem interested in the services?" The Captain's ready answer was "Yes." Continuing he said: "It is certainly a great privilege and opportunity for service to fill the position of chaplain for overseas forces." And as he spoke with war's remembrance in his eyes, we could not but believe that this man with his quiet, kindly, thoughtful way, had been a tower of strength to many a homesick, wounded soldier.

But, of the horrors of war he said little, although he certainly could have told much, having been at the battle of Vimy Ridge, where the Canadians forced bore themselves so bravely. The remembrance of these things will never fade but few of our returned heroes care to dwell on the tragic side of war. But as we listened to his experiences so modestly told, here on the shady verandah of our peaceful Canadian home, the war and its needs were brought very near to us, and our hearts went out as never before to our Canadian soldiers who are giving up all that life holds dear, that our homes and hearths may not be devastated by German invasion. As he spoke, very, very near seemed the presence and spirit of those boys "over there."

"Space cannot part us, we who have one aim; We who have sacrificed in Freedom's name; But those at home who boast no service star— How far away they seem; How far! How far!"

Now, the shades of night are falling and the cool evening air is most welcome after a day of heat and toil. And as we resume our seats, on the verandah to enjoy the close of this summer day, a huge motor glides almost noiselessly and swiftly, towards our place of rest. As we converse a night-hawk darts by and voices its pleasure in its usual, sharp, metallic cry.

"What a strange sound to denote joy!" remarked our friend. "See," he continued, "how he flies high and drops with that grating, guttural sound."

"It is the current of air flowing through his feathers," he informed us, "that produces that sound."

It was interesting to watch its flight, first outward and upward, then a swift, darting, gliding motion forward.

"I had a peculiar experience with a Kildeer, not long ago," he said. "The bird had its nest in the gravel between the rows of beans. In cultivating, I would raise the cultivator and avoid breaking the eggs, when passing over it, when the mother bird would fly away at some distance with wings dragging the ground and pretending to be dangerously hurt. After a time I thought I'd remove the nest and did so, placing it out of the way of the cultivator. She returned and continued brooding as if the nest had never been disturbed. In fact she seemed to become very tame and would not fly from the nest unless I came very near."

This incident related by the young farmer, is one of many experienced by the agriculturist and reveals a love for God's wild, helpless creatures in harmony with Burn's feeling of sympathy for a mountain daisy which he had to overturn with his plow and on which he composed his poem "To a Mountain Daisy."

A bonus of three months' salary is being sent to civil servants in the Customs Department at Nelson and district.

Believe This Woman is a German Spy

QUEBEC MILITARY MEN HAVE CHASSED HER TO NEW YORK CITY

Quebec, Aug. 3.—Quebec has a German spy story all its own, with a woman occupying the centre of the stage and two members of the military body playing the role of "Beau Brummels" to the fair lady.

The chase to run down the agent of the Huns has now been transferred to New York, and with the evidence thus far in their possession the military will forthwith denounce the woman to the American authorities and ask that she be dealt with in certain circles here it is believed that the woman is the one who advised the Huns of the departure of the Lianoverly Castle, as examinations of her correspondence, immediately prior to the date of the sailing of this vessel showed that she had written several letters to the New York address, wherein vengeance was made to her "coming voyage in the interests of her health."

It is a part of the duty of the Board of Pension Commissioners to care for the orphans of all sailors and soldiers who are killed on active service or who subsequently die from disability so incurred. Through its district offices, guardians and administrators are selected and appointed to supervise under the direction of the Board the welfare of such children. The utmost care is taken in the selection of such guardians, the moral character and the ability to care for their wards being carefully investigated by the district representatives. Pensions have been provided, of course, for the maintenance of these children and the board is seeking to discharge its duties in fulfillment of the high spirit which promoted the great Grecian statesman to say: "Due honour has now been paid to the dead, and for the rest, their children will be brought up to manhood at the charge of the State, this being the crown and reward which for valour like theirs she offers both to them and to those they are leaving behind."

Motherless Children Fails to Support His German Wife

Man Charged in Police Court with This Offence

Kingston.—A young man appeared in the police court this morning charged with non-support by his wife who admitted that she was a full-blooded German, and did not appear to be ashamed of that fact. The woman, who is well educated and of fine appearance, and attractive manners, told Magistrate Farrell that her husband was constantly calling her "Hun" and had failed to give her the money needed to keep a home. When she mentioned that word "Hun" the few who were in the court smiled, and at least one is still wondering whether it was a term of endearment or not. It appears that the young man who belongs to a good family in the Napanee district married the woman in Buffalo before the war started, and that for some time the pair lived at University avenue. Matters did not progress very amicably between them, hence the action. The woman admitted that she had a bank account of her own.

The young man told Magistrate Farrell that he was willing to support his wife but did not care to live with her, especially till after the war is over. Magistrate Farrell counselled the pair to try to sink their differences and make life pleasant for each other and told them that he would adjourn the case for one week in order to give them one more chance to make an honest effort to do so.

A Necessary Sacrifice

Some people are disposed to scoff at the idea that any substantial saving can be effected by the food regulations. But it is announced that the saving effected by the people of the United States during the past six months has made it possible to increase the quantity of wheat for export from 30 million bushels to 110 million bushels.

Letter From Overseas

France, July 7, 1918.

Dear Mother and Father:— A few lines to let you know I am still in the best of health and having a fairly good time of it here. We have had a beautiful summer so far and everything in the back country looks fine, but it is rather desolate around here.

There is really nothing to write about, as the life is nearly always the same, but I like to drop a few lines every week to let you know I am well. I was reading in a big piece in a Toronto paper the other day about the Y.M.C.A. and it certainly rubbed them pretty hard, and said we had to pay five cents for a cup of tea out here; well I never yet paid anything for a cup of tea at any of their canteens. It also said they were never any nearer the lines than seven or eight miles, but this will show you different. Easter Monday, 1917, the morning we took Vimy Ridge, there was a Y.M.C.A. canteen less than half a mile from the support trenches, and we had to pass it going from our battery to our O.P., and they had five cases of biscuits. We tried to buy some, but the fellows knew us and made us go farther back to the one near the battery, as they were giving them to the infantry only. All men, whether wounded or not, that came from the trenches were given a package of biscuits and a mug of tea and they kept that up for three days. Also at Ypres they were giving tea away during the whole two months we were there, and they were up in front of our guns and open day and night.

Your loving son, Arthur.

TO-DAY'S CASUALTIES
Gassed, 1st Canadian Division, A. Stone, Deseronto. Wounded, C. Ayrbart, Carrying Place.

Husband Dead Message That Greets Wife

Syracuse, N.Y., Aug. 2.—Less than an hour after she had arrived here from Canada, where she had been visiting for two weeks, Mrs. Vienna Kehop, of No. 200 Lionel avenue, So-vay, was informed of the death of her husband, Mehanic Ernest G. Kehop, in an accidental explosion of hand grenades in the vicinity of the headquarters of the 38th U. S. Infantry in France.

News of the soldier's death was contained in a telegram from Adjutant General McCain, received by Mrs. Kehop's mother, Mrs. Byron Caldwell yesterday morning. The accident happened on July 5th. Kehop had been in France since early in March and although his regiment had been in the first line trenches since June 1, he being attached to the headquarters company of the unit, was stationed some distance in the rear of the lines.

News of the soldier's death was contained in a telegram from Adjutant General McCain, received by Mrs. Kehop's mother, Mrs. Byron Caldwell yesterday morning. The accident happened on July 5th. Kehop had been in France since early in March and although his regiment had been in the first line trenches since June 1, he being attached to the headquarters company of the unit, was stationed some distance in the rear of the lines.

August Clean-up Sale

After a very busy summer season we have a number of odd lines which we will clear during our August Clean-up Sale.

One Third Off Summer Dresses

Dresses regular \$5.00 for \$3.35
Dresses regular 9.00 for 6.00
Dresses regular 11.50 for 7.65

Crepe Blouses

3 doz. Crepe-de-Chene Blouses in White, Pink, Maize, all good styles only 3.69

Kiddies Middies

3 doz. Kiddies Middies regular 1.25 and 1.50 only 98c

Corset Cover Embroidery

125 yard Corset Embroidery from quality cambric, special values at 29c yard.

Wash Goods

300 yards Wash Goods in Spot, Voiles, Stripe Skirting, Fancy Voiles etc., regular up to 75c to clear at 39c yard

Black Taffeta Silk

100 yards of Black Taffeta Silk, 20 ins. wide, regular 85c and 1.00 to clear at 69c

Shantung Silk

100 yards of Natural Shantung Silk 34 ins. wide, special at 69c

Earle & Cook Company Limited

17 Campbell St. O.P.O. 1212
Phone 797

Double Taxes on Tobacco in States

Amusements and Mail Order Houses Must Also Help to Pay for War. Washington, August 2.—Doubling of the present special taxes on manufacturers of tobacco, cigars and cigarettes and increased taxation on brokers, theaters and other amusements, billiard and pool parlors, bowling alleys and capitalization were agreed on by the House Ways and Means committee yesterday. In framing the \$5,000,000,000 revenue bill. A new tax of one per cent. on retail sales of mail order houses more than \$100,000 annual business was adopted. Pullman seats and berths and passenger rates will be subject to a uniform tax of eight per cent. Stamp taxes were undisturbed.

CHOICE WHITE FOOTWEAR



Our Ladies' White High Cut Boots At \$3 and Pumps at \$2 Have Been a Great Success All Sizes Now in Stock High and Low Heels

THE HAINES SHOE HOUSES BELLEVILLE NAPANEE, SMITHS FALLS

August Clean-up Sale

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Earle & Cook Company Limited

17 Campbell St. O.P.O. 1212
Phone 797

Picnic And Holiday Goods

Fishing Tackle, Base Ball Goods, Tennis, Goods Golf Goods, Hammocks, Express Carts, Kiddie Carts, Bathing Suits, Croquet, Paper Plates Napkins, Table Clothes, Doylies. We have every thing to help you enjoy your holidays. THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Windsor, Aug. 2.—Retail merchants of the border comprising Windsor, Walkerville and Sandwich have launched a movement designed to definitely kill any effort to market German-made goods in Canada for at least ten years after the war. Major H. Wilkinson, himself a veteran of the trenches, is fathering the movement. Pledges are being signed by the merchants not to transact business with any German firms or handle any "made in Germany" merchandise for at least ten years after peace is declared. After the border is thoroughly organized, the campaign will be extended to other cities in the province.

Clearing

White Wash Shirts
White Undershirts
Middies at ...
Blouses ...
Kiddies Middle
Undershirts ...
House Dresses ...
Travelers ...
Flight Blouses ...
Night Gowns ...
Skirts ...
5 doz. D. & A. ...
Children's Gingham ...
to \$2.75.
Romper ...
Children's Waists ...
\$1.50.
MEN'S
Working Shirts ...
Fine Shirts ...
Sport Shirts ...
Overalls ...
Fine Sox ...
Boy's Sweaters ...
REMEMBER
Linen ...
Dress Goods ...
Velvets ...
Table Linens ...
DON'T MISS

Wim



Every Body
"Ye Be"

Bake a pie with Flour and you will result, and the family. The splendid MONARCH Flour every time. As MONARCH Flour from us.

We have Wheat

W. D. H. Phone 812 - - - 12-12 Canada Food B

DR. W. Fly and Des \$1.25

Berger PARIS Bordeaux Slu for Ostr

DRUG 213 F the B

CHOCOLATE BARS

A fine assortment of Bars in 5c and 10c packages in your

Chas. S.

PRIVATE MORTGAGE

Mortgages of every at lowest terms to suit borrower. F. S.

Corner Front and ...

FRANK & ... Front Street, ...

William Huston of Halton, paid and reported the ten by a dog at

Clearing Sale

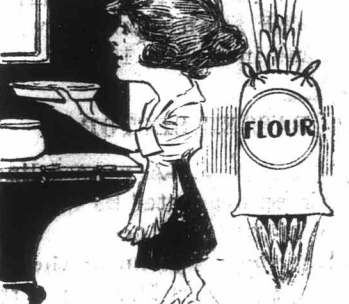
White Wash Skirts... 98c
White Underskirts \$1.19 to \$2.25
Middies at... 98c
Blouses... \$1.19
Kiddies Middies... 98c
Underskirts... 98c
House Dresses... 98c to \$2.75
Travellers' Samples
Fine Blouses
Night Gowns
Skirts Corset Covers
5 doz. D. & A. Corsets, only \$1.00 pr.

Children's Gingham Dresses 49c to \$2.75.
Romper... 50c
Children's Wash Suits... 75c to \$1.50.

MEN'S WEAR
Working Shirts... 90c to \$1.50
Fine Shirts... 69c to \$5.00
Sport Shirts... 98c to \$1.50
Overalls... \$1.50 to \$2.00
Fine Sox... 25c to \$1.75 pr.
Boy's Sweaters... 50c

REMNANTS OF
Linen Prints
Dress Goods
Velvets Silks
Table Linens
DON'T MISS THESE

Wims & Co.



Every Body Loves 'Ye Berry Pie'

Bake a pie with WONARCH Pastry Flour and you will be proud of the result, and the family will be delighted. The splendid baking qualities of WONARCH Flour can be counted upon every time. Ask your grocer for WONARCH Flour—or order it direct from us.

We have everything in Wheat Substitutes
W. D. Hanley Co.
Phone 812 - 329 Front St.
Canada Food Board License—12-12 & 7-128

DR. WILLIAM'S Fly and Insect Destroyer \$1.25 Gallon
Bergers English PARISGREEN Bordeaux Mixture Slug Shot for Cabbage Ostrom's DRUG STORE 218 Front St. The Best in Drugs

CHOCOLATES BARS
A fine assortment of Chocolate Bars in 56 and 10c sizes just received. Just the thing for packing in your overseas boxes.
Chas. S. CLAPP

MONEY
PRIVATE MONEY TO LOAN ON
Mortgages on farm and city property at lowest rates of interest on terms to suit borrowers.
F. S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, & Co.
Corner Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville, over Dominion Bank.

William Huestler of the tenth line of Halton, paid a visit to a doctor and reported that he had been bitten by a dog affected with rabies.

MOB TRIES TO STORM TWO TORONTO STATIONS

Batons are Used Freely and Twenty-Six People are Attended to at the Hospitals, While Ten Arrests are Made—Returned Soldiers Demand Release of Those Arrested Friday Night

The rioting which was begun on Friday night at Toronto when many restaurants and other places were raided by returned soldiers with a large following of civilians, including many women and children, was continued on Saturday night, the main attempt on this occasion being one to storm No. 2 police station, where those arrested on Friday night were being held. The police were prepared for the rioters and made a stand near the station. There was a stiff fight, which lasted for some time. The returned men were armed with wooden weapons and those they used to some extent. The police, however, did not confine their efforts to the men with weapons, women, children a blind man, and newspaper reporters, and others whose business had taken them into that part of the town coming in for more of their attention than those who were armed. Ten arrests were made and 26 casualties were taken to the hospital.

Sunday night was on the whole quiet. At an evangelist's meeting at the corner of Dundas and Yonge reference was made to the affair, and a collection was taken on behalf of those now under arrest. T. Matheson, one of the speakers at this meeting, expressed sympathy with the returned men and censured the civic and government authorities. It was arranged at this gathering to have a meeting in Queen's Park today at 10 o'clock, before the community singing begins, in order to augment this fund and to discuss the subject further. Toward midnight last night a crowd of between two and three hundred gathered at the corner of Queen and Bathurst, with the intention of smashing the Allies Confectionery store there. Three or four

Crutch Cases First
With the resumption of hostilities on Saturday night, came the first serious clashes with the police. The soldiers were intent on rescuing the men who had been taken into custody on Friday night. With this end in view about 200 returned soldiers started down Yonge St on Saturday on their way to No. 1 police station. At Albert St. the parade formed in fours at the command of a bugle, all crutches came marching in the front ranks, and by the time they arrived at Court St. the parade had been augmented to about 2000. The crowd was so large that they not only packed Court St. but extended out and filled Toronto St. north and south. The crowd surged up to the station in response to the bugler's "Advance." When it was seen by the police that the crowd would not disperse quietly about twenty issued from the door way of the station and charged into the mob with batons drawn. The street, and adjoining streets were quickly cleared of the dense crowd. No arrests were made here.

Corbyville Bowling Club

A meeting was held last Friday evening at the office of the H. Corby, Distillery Company, Corbyville, Ont., for the purpose of organizing a Lawn Bowling Club. The following officers were elected:
Patron—Sir Mortimer Davis
Honorary President—Mr. J. R. Orton
President—Mr. D. J. Brennan
Vice-President—Mr. W. J. Hume
Secretary—Treasurer—Mr. J. F. Hume
Membership committee—Mr. J. Brasher, Mr. M. Vermilyea, Mr. E. Smith
Ground committee—Mr. J. W. Lill, Mr. J. Crump, Mr. J. Logan
The Corbyville Bowling Club is busily engaged in preparing their lawn for bowling, and will have everything in readiness for play next season. For the balance of this season, they will play on a lawn adjoining the green now being prepared.

Pte. Edward J. Townsend
Pte. Edward James Townsend, was born in Cokethorpe, near Witney, England, June 7, 1891. He was the son of the late Thomas Townsend and Mrs. Townsend. Coming to Canada in March, 1906, the family located at Belleville. Eight years ago he was baptized into the fellowship of the Victoria Ave. Baptist Church and he was also a member of the Sunday School. He was married to Sophia McKay of this city.

Believing it to be his patriotic duty to help the Empire he enlisted on July 5, 1916 with the Queen's Ambulance Corps. About one month ago he re-enlisted with the engineers. Less than a week ago a message was received stating that "Some where in France" on July 20, 1918, Pte. Edward James Townsend had been wounded. This message was quickly followed by another bringing the sad intelligence that he had made the supreme sacrifice. Pte. Townsend leaves the following to mourn their loss: his widow and four small children; his widowed mother and one sister and five brothers, one of the brothers, being also overseas. He also leaves a host of friends. Once again we are reminded of

the great price that is being paid to make the world safe for democracy. All honor to the brave and true, that have gone, and are going, to uphold the cause of right and win for us a lasting and righteous peace. "Soldier, rest, thy warfare o'er Sleep the sleep that knows no breaking. Dream of battlefields no more. Days of danger, nights of waking. In our isle's enchanted hall, Hands unseen thy couch are strewing. Fairy strains of music fall. Every sense in slumber drowsing. Soldier, rest; thy warfare o'er Dream of fighting fields no more! Sleep the sleep that knows not breaking. Morning toll, nor night of waking." In the absence of the pastor, Rev. W. H. Wallace, a memorial-patriotic service was held, conducted by the Rev. A. K. Scott, Sunday morning, Aug. 4th, 1918 in the Victoria Ave. Baptist Church.

Picked Up Around Town

Six International Bible Students were baptized in Oak Lake yesterday, five from Stirling and one from Trenton. Several Bible Students were present from Belleville. Mr. Whelpton, of Hamilton, lecturer, delivered three discourses, one in Stirling and two at Oak Lake.

An aeroplane hovered over the city on Saturday evening in the vicinity of the lower bridge. It fell a shower of large confetti of various colors. The effect as the sun was setting was very pleasing.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Garrison, Coleman Street, took place on Saturday morning to St. Michael's church where Father McNeil conducted a solemn requiem mass. Interment was in St. James Cemetery.

William James Rigby died Saturday evening at the age of eight years and four months. He was the son of Mr. James W. Rigby, G.T.R. engineer, 313 Bleecker Avenue and was born in Toronto. The little boy was taken ill about a week ago. He was a scholar of Queen Victoria School and of Emmanuel Reformed Episcopal church.

Two Indian girls, accused of vagrancy were this morning given a suspended sentence for one year and allowed to go under their own bonds. They had been arrested on Saturday morning early and pleaded guilty to vagrancy charges. Inquiry showed that they led pretty fair lives and were industrious.

Because Benj. Cole was intoxicated while in charge of a horse and buggy and because he had liquor in a place other than his home, namely in the buggy, he was found guilty in police court this morning before Magistrate Masson and fined \$10, and costs on the first count and \$200 and costs on the second. These fines go to the city as the police made the arrest.

The boy scouts of the city are on a holiday today at Point Anne.

Rev. Capt. Baycroft, chaplain at the Mohawk and Rathbun aviation camps, preached an intensely practical and impressive sermon at Bridge St. Church last night. He took his text from Luke 9-32. "And when they were awake they saw His glory." He spoke of duty, responsibility and the life of service. It was impossible for a man to realize his duty and responsibility in life until he had been touched by the Spirit and seen the vision. Then when he engaged in the life of service he became awakened and realized the glory of the spiritual side of his nature.

Mr. William Rose, Commercial St., has received some very discouraging news from his farm superintendent near Saskatoon, Sask. On the night of July 26th there were eight degrees of frost and the entire crop of wheat and oats on 850 acres of land is frozen and worthless. Mr. Rose estimated that this season's crop had to come to maturity, would have brought him in more than \$20,000. The fields looked very promising before the frost. Potatoes and garden vegetables were also killed by the freezing. Mr. Rose does not know how extensive the damage has been in the district or province, but fears it is very considerable.

Fined \$200 and Cost
Percy Burd Admitted Having Liquor in Place Other Than His Dwelling.

Percy Burd, a young man paid \$200 and costs today for having liquor in a place other than his dwelling, namely at the C.P.R. station in Trenton. The prosecution was brought by Inspector Arnott.

Charged With Taking Car

George G. Brown, a young mechanic, who lives in the city, was yesterday arrested at Harrowsmith on the charge of stealing an automobile belonging to Mr. Herbert Carter. The car was undergoing repairs and it is alleged Brown took it without permission. It is understood he claims he had secured permission to have it for a trip. Magistrate Masson enlarged the case until August 14th.

Social and Personal

Mr. John Lee, of Toronto is in town.

Mr. Edward Kerr, of Ottawa is in the city.

An automobile has been reported for speeding.

An automobile pump was found on Mill street.

Mr. James Thompson from the U.S. is in the city.

Mr. Frank Fitzpatrick, of Toronto is in town.

Mr. Pratt, of Toronto, is in Belleville for a few days.

Mr. John Holgate, of Bowmanville is visiting in this vicinity.

A bunch of keys awaits the owner at the police station.

Mr. William Holley, of Toronto, is visiting his parents in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Leslie, Macdonald Ave., are visiting in Brockton.

Mr. Richard Burke, of Toronto, was in the city for the week-end.

Mr. Raymond Burke, Toronto was in Belleville for the week-end.

Mr. G. M. Campbell, Indian Agent at Deseronto, is in town today.

Messrs. Davis, Foster and Beard of Napanee spent Sunday in the city.

Mr. L. M. Pringle spent the week-end at 12 O'Clock Point with relatives.

Captain T. D. Ruston yesterday took the Salvation Army Service in Napanee.

The Rev. A. S. Kerr, M. A., of St. Andrew's Church was in Kingston yesterday.

Mr. Fred Wheeler, James street, is generally ill in the Belleville General Hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gibbons and child of Stratford are visiting relatives in the city.

Cadet Gordon Addy, of Mohawk Camp, Deseronto, spent the week-end in Belleville.

Thomas Barrett, of the Army Dental Corps, Kingston is int won on leave for a few days.

Mr. Wm. Burke, of Toronto, was in the city to attend the obsequies of the late Amos Kehoe.

Miss Kate Cahill, of Rochester, N.Y., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Cahill, Geddes street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Parker, and friends returned to Ottawa today, taking Miss Bessie Thomas with them.

Mr. John Druenn returned to Kingston on Saturday after visiting his mother, Mrs. Druenn, Wellington street.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Davidson and family left today for their home in Moosejaw after visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. Price.

McINTOSH BROS.' War-Time Economy Sale

Special Bargains Will be Offered This Week

Misses' White Skirts, reg \$1.25 for 98c
Sample White Embroidery Dresses from 6 to 14 years from 98 cents to \$2.49
Special table of children's Dresses 49 cents
Sample White Waists, reg \$2.98 for 98c
Gingham Dresses to clear at \$5.98
White Skirts, valued at \$2.25 for \$1.00
Men's Blue and White Striped Overalls for \$1.75 & \$2.25
Khaki Overalls, special values at \$2.25.
Khaki Pants, regular \$2.25 for \$1.98
Men's Best Work Shirts, sale price \$1.00
Also special prices in Sox, Sport Shirts, Underwear, Ties, Boys' Shirts, and Hammocks
Ladies' Black, White, Brown and Grey Silk Hose 50c pr.
Ladies' Black and White Lisle Hose, special 49c pair
Ladies' Black & White Silk Lisle Hose, special 2 pr 75c
Children's Ribbed Black and White Hose 25c pair
Ladies' Black and White Cotton Hose, 25c pair
Children's Hose at 25c pair
Ladies' and Children's Lisle Hose 15c and 19c pair
Ladies' Sport Veils, all colors 10c each
Dressing Combs at 15 cents each
Ladies' Handkerchiefs, all at old prices
Rubber Bathing Caps, \$1, 75c, and 25c, all colors
Ladies' Hand Bags 49c, 69c and 98c
Ladies' Stock Collars up to \$1.50 for 39c
Ladies' Summer Hats to sell at half price
Very large size Ladies' Middy Ties reg \$1 for 59c
Linen and Turkish Towels to sell at 25c
\$1.35 Queen Quality Silk Gloves double tip 98c
Black Silk Gloves, 6 1/2 only 49c
Black and White Silk Gloves \$1 quality for 75 cents
All Flannelettes in stock will be sold at old prices
Dress Muslins to clear at 19 cents a yard
SEE special table of Summer Wash Goods, etc 49c
Silk Poppins, all shades, \$1.49 yard
Window Muslins, with lace edge to clear 10c yard
Crepe de Chine, all colors on sale at \$1.49 yard
Take Advantage of This Money-Saving Sale

Late Mrs. Blakely

On Saturday afternoon the funeral of the late Mrs. Blakely, took place, Rev. A. S. Kerr, of St. Andrew's church officiating at a solemn service at the family residence, Everett street. The obsequies were attended by many citizens. The bearers were Messrs. G. Way, R. H. Ketcheson, J. Hodge, J. Henley, A. Gilbert and L. Ross. Interment took place in Belleville cemetery. Floral offerings were contributed by the following: Ritchie Co., Ltd. Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy and Nellie McCormick Family

TO-DAY'S CASUALTIES
Killed in Action—
M. Johnston, Fenelon Falls.
Gassed—
H. E. Green, Oshawa
T. M. Bartlett, Foxboro
D. MacLeod, Millbridge

Men's Blue Serge Suits

—For— \$25.00
We are still offering some nice Blue Serge Suits at the above price, cut in the Daper Sack or Belted Young Men's Suits.

Extra Value

Considering the very high price of this Particular Cloth we are sure you can make no mistake in picking up one of these Suits at once. Blue Serge Cloth is very scarce and in a short time will be completely off the market.

OAK HALL

District Jottings

The Ontario Invites Correspondence Where Not Already Represented.

REDNEVILLE AND ALBURY

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Allison and Marion spent Sunday with his sister Mrs. W. R. Russell.

(Cadet) Willie Sexsmith of Toronto who is in the flying corps was the guest of Mrs. Roy Anderson on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Delong and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Delong and daughter of Toronto also Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Brickman and Audrey called at J. W. Brickman's on Sunday evening.

There was a large attendance at the Quarterly service on Sunday last. Miss Bentley of Bancroft is spending a few days in the vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Wheeler, also Mr. and Mrs. E. Russell, went huckle-berrying last week.

GILEAD

The Lawn Social held on Friday evening proved to be a success despite the inclement weather of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sheffield visited at the home of Mr. Wm. Howe, Plainfield on Sunday.

Miss Greta Bradshaw, Fourth Line, returned home on Sunday, after spending a few days visiting relatives in our midst.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Coulter and Mr. and Mrs. A. Lawrence, motored to the Oak Lake on Sunday to attend the Rev. Sharpe's meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred York and baby Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hodgen and Mr. and Mrs. E. P. York and family spent Sunday at Mr. M. Windovers.

We are pleased to report Mrs. Wallace is very much better again. Mr. and Mrs. T. Coulter, attended Quarterly Service at Carmel on Sunday.

Miss Margaret Wickson, Belleville, spent last week at Mr. A. Martin's.

Mrs. I. Way, Fourth Line, spent a few days at Mr. Bruce Ways.

There was no church service at St. Andrews, nor at the Methodist church on Sunday but a service was conducted at the Methodist church.

MELROSE

Farmers are through haying, and are busy cutting spring wheat barley and oats.

Miss Henry, aunt of Dr. Lanfear, has returned again to her home in Kingston.

The Union Picnic held last Thursday on Mr. Fox's Grove, was well attended and was a very enjoyable day for all.

A good game of baseball was indulged in, between Shannonville and Melrose, in which Melrose won. Number of runs scored were 18 to 2.

Miss Hazel Knapp is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Eugene Badgley.

Miss Effie Miller, after spending a week at her former home, has returned to Belleville to spend the remainder of her holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Black.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Stafford and Mr. and Mrs. W. Gibson spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Clem Haight.

Mrs. Marysley Beatty was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. Stinkins for a few days.

Mrs. James Houston and daughter Ruth, and nurse from Detroit, spent Sunday and Monday with Mr. and Mrs. Will Smith.

Miss Robinson of Belleville is spending her holidays with her sister Mrs. Roy Badgley.

Miss Maggie Danson who was so unfortunate in breaking her leg is gaining as well as can be expected. Her niece Miss Goodfellow has been staying with her.

Rev. Mr. McArthur, former pastor will occupy the pulpit in the Presbyterian Church next Sunday.

HALLOWAY

Mr. Roy Ross had a narrow escape from being drowned, as he was running past a well of considerable depth in some way he was over-balanced and went to the bottom; in raising to the top he clung to the stones till his father secured a rope for him to catch, bringing him out safely, none the worse for his dip. Had his father not been near, he quite possibly would have drowned.

No service was held at this appointment on Sunday last owing to quarterly meeting at Foxboro.

Quite a number from this vicinity attended the lawn social in Foxboro on Wednesday evening.

Mr. M. Hought and family motored to Peterboro on July 28th.

Mr. T. Stouil is visiting friends in this vicinity.

Master Winsor Bushell is confined to the house with scarlet fever. Mr. and Mrs. J. Longwell and

family of Foxboro were guests of Mrs. Whaley on Sunday last.

Mrs. W. Hagen and little son have returned home to Kitchener after spending the past month with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Hough.

Mrs. H. Gay and son of Foxboro, called on Mrs. Townsend on Monday last.

Quite a number from this vicinity are attending the camp meeting at Oak Lake.

CARMEI

Quarterly services were conducted at this appointment on Sunday.

Many people from this district attended the evangelistic services at the Oak Lake on Sunday.

Miss M. Spencer and Master Harold of Burrs, have been spending a few days with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Pitman.

Mr. and Mrs. Hudgins of Plainfield visited at Mr. Vanderwater's on Sunday.

Mrs. K. English, Melrose, Miss H. McMillen and Miss Wanda Reid, spent Thursday with Miss Leah Gilbert.

Miss Martha Pitman, Foxboro visited Miss S. M. Gilbert on Thursday last.

Miss M. Spencer and Master Harold have been visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Pitman for a few days.

Miss Martha Pitman of Foxboro has been spending a few days with Miss Ferne Patterson.

Mrs. and Mrs. Louis Brown, Mr. and Mrs. George Brown spent Sunday in our neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Vanderwater, Mr. and Mrs. C. Stevenson and family, Mrs. L. Vanderwater and Miss A. I. am spent Sunday at Mr. Gilbert's.

VICTORIA

Mr. and Mrs. Rae Fox and Vivian spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Delbert McCall, at their cottage, 12 o'clock Point.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bonter and Elmer, and Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Bonter, of Trenton, motored over on Sunday and spent the day at Mr. Everett Brickmann's.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Stacey, of Trenton, visited on Sunday at Mr. Norman Wesse's.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Delong and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Delong and Helen, of Toronto, are visiting for a couple of weeks with friends and relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Redner and Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Brickman went huckleborrying on Wednesday.

Miss Carrie White spent Thursday evening with Miss Vera Brickman.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Langabeer and family visited at Mr. Pope's for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bush spent Sunday at Mr. Burley White's, Sidney.

Mr. and Mrs. Lou McCutcheon and children, of Ottawa, took tea at Mr. J. F. Wesse's one evening last week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Redner spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Pearsall, Bloomfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bonter and girls, and Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Hennessey and children, motored to Madoc on Sunday and visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harris.

ZION

A number of people attended the evangelistic services at Oak Lake on Sunday last.

Miss Eva Simonds and Miss Isabella Orms spent Sunday last with their friend, Miss Yettia Palmer.

Miss Mary Raddick, of Belleville, is spending a few days with her friend, Miss Evelyn Wilson.

We are sorry to report that Mrs. J. Elliott is on the sick list. We hope for a speedy recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Hawley entertained friends on Sunday.

Mr. Harry Sloan has purchased a new milking machine.

Miss Nellie Reid spent Sunday at her aunt's, Mrs. Vera Mitts, of Crookston.

Rev. Mr. White and daughter, Mary, took tea at Mr. H. K. Denyes' on Sunday evening.

IVANHOE

Mrs. Frederick of Peterboro, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. (Dr.) Barwell, of Edmonton, were week-end visitors at the parsonage.

Mrs. Claud Barnett and children, of Tweed, are spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. D. L. Fleming.

Several from here attended camp meeting at Oak Lake Sunday. Miss Thillie Wood spent Sunday

with her friend, Miss Minnie Ketcheson, of Halloway.

Mr. Harold Welas, of Petawawa Camp, was a Saturday evening visitor in town.

WESTERN AMELIASBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Smith Brown and Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Brown spent Sunday at Colborne.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Moon, Bay City, are spending a few days at Mr. Wm. Aleya's.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Ayrbart have the deepest sympathy of their many friends and neighbors in the loss of their son, Pte. Charles Ayrbart, who was killed in action "somewhere in France."

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Bellamy and children, Miss C. Bellamy, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Rathbun spent Sunday at Wm. Aleya's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Vandervoort took dinner at Mr. Geo. Aleya's on Sunday.

Mr. Alfred Baker, Oshawa, spent the week-end at Mr. M. A. Brown's.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Pierson, Hillier, spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Rae Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Stoneburg, Miss Flossie Carrington, and Messrs. Morley and Henry Ayrbart took tea with the Misses Lulu and Nora Rathbun on Sunday.

Mr. Howard Empey spent Sunday with Mr. Ernest Orser.

Mr. and Mrs. Morley Carrington spent Sunday at Mr. Thos. Ayrbart's.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Brown attended camp meeting at Oak Lake on Sunday.

Miss Pearl Bellamy is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Aleya, for a couple of weeks.

FULLER

Is it warm enough for you? Do you think that it will do? Well I guess—

Master Stewart Kirby is gaining after a very severe attack of tonsillitis, though we believe Nurse Conley is still in attendance.

A number from here attended the W.M.S. open meeting at West Huntingdon on Thursday evening.

The camp meeting at Oak Lake is well attended from this section.

Mrs. R. A. Elliott, of Stirling, spent Wednesday afternoon in our burg.

The lawn social and dance held on the lawn at Mr. Owen McEvoy's was largely attended and did not break up until the wee sma' hours. Receipts were \$407.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kellar motored to Foxboro on Friday evening.

Mr. William Ray is in our midst for a few days before leaving for the West.

A number from here intend taking in the moving picture show on the war, Thursday evening in the Guild Hall, Crookston.

MELVILLE

Faint, far-off winds a-whispering to the trees;

Bright sunny slopes a-gleam with golden grain;

All Nature dozing to the hum of bees,

And drowsy poppies nodding down the lane.

In harvest fields the binder's constant hum;

The lake a-gleam with diamonds masiff;

The cooling shade to which the cattle come z z z z z z

These all recall the August days of old.

—Helen E. Anderson.

The Misses Hanlon, Kingston, returned home on Saturday after spending a delightful three weeks, holidaying at Hill Crest.

Adjutant W. A. Davern of the R. E. A. Camp Borden, spent the week-end at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Zufelt with Miss Ruth Vincent, Belleville, visited with Mr. and Mrs. F. Blakely, Wellington, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Morton accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. J. Crispin, Hillier, enjoyed a motor trip recently to Hastings Village where they visited friends.

Miss Helen Alexander is at home after taking a summer course at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

The quarterly sacramental service of Hallowell Circuit was held at the Burr appointment on Sunday, the pastor, Rev. H. H. Matton, officiating. Among those attending from Melville were Mr. and Mrs. Osborne, Mr. and Mrs. W. Kinneer, Mrs. S. Adams, Mrs. Harston, Mr. John Morton and Albert, and Mr. Frederick Bainforth.

Miss Maud Alexander, Toronto, spent over Sunday under the parental roof.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Anderson entertained friends from Belleville on Sunday at their summer cottage.

Several gentlemen from Toronto enjoyed the week-end at Hill Crest, Monday being Toronto's civic holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Blakely and Miss Marjorie motored to Melville on Sunday and visited with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Anderson.

Mr. Wilfrid Trampour, Niles Corners, visited friends here on Sunday.

Mr. Ross Cruickshanks has purchased a new Ford car.

Sympathy is extended to Mr. Stephen Chase in the death of his father Mr. John Chase, Conesecon, who passed away last week after a brief illness.

Mrs. J. Hubble, Frankford, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Adams, last week.

Mrs. Fred Morton spent a few days last week at Hill's Island.

Miss Alice Harston, Madoc, is spending a few days the guest of Miss Frances Osborne and other friends.

Pte. Bruce Chase, Barriefield, spent last week at home, returning to Kingston on Saturday.

Mrs. Harston and daughter, Mrs. Schofield, returned to Madoc on Monday after spending a few days with friends here.

Mr. C. H. French made a flying visit to Oshawa last week, going up on Wednesday and returning on Thursday in time to enjoy the dance at Hill Crest.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Morton, Mr. and Mrs. Willie Morton and Mr. Frederick Bamforth enjoyed a motor trip to Milford recently and visited friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Osborne and daughters, with their guests, Mrs. Harston and Mrs. Schofield, spent Thursday at Lake Shore, the guests of Mrs. C. B. Clapp.

"The largest crowd of the season" is the report of the regular Thursday evening function at Hill Crest last week. Despite the decidedly cooler weather conditions prevailing, the supply of ice cream soon disappeared. Music was furnished by the Ameliasburg orchestra.

Miss Jane Morton, Toronto, is expected this week at her brother's, Mr. John Morton's.

Rev. J. M. Whyte, a former pastor of Conesecon, is now stationed at Bobcaygeon, which Mrs. Whyte describes in a letter as follows: "No doubt you have heard that we were going to Bobcaygeon, but I don't think you know what a nice place it is. It is as beautiful naturally as it can be, almost, and besides, it is being made beautiful artificially. They say that Bobcaygeon is really an island but there are so many bridges and canals running through it that I cannot tell you just how it is. It looks like fairyland to me, sometimes, canoes and motor boats gliding up and down and everybody so gay and care-free. Of course, a large number are strangers, as it is quite a summer resort. The parlourage is built of brick with electric lights and modern conveniences."

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Mr. Arthur Ellis has recently purchased a new Ford car.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Ryan spent Friday with Mr. and Mrs. David May, at Little Kingston.

Mrs. Laura E. Nease is visiting at her son's, Mr. Norman Datoe, at Middleport, N.Y.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Cox and Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Spencer, of Conesecon, motored through here on Sunday and called on Mr. and Mrs. C. Ryan.

Mr. Earl Ellis has purchased a new Ford car.

Rain is badly needed just now.

FIGHTING FOR HAPPINESS

When you get into a frame of mind that makes life seem one tiresome duty after another, with no pleasure in it; when ill-health seems to take all the joy out of life and you worry over things that are really not worth worrying about, then your nervous system is becoming exhausted, and you are on the way to a general breakdown in health. In this condition your health and happiness is worth fighting for and good, rich, red blood is what your system needs. It is a hopeless task to try to restore your health while your blood is deficient either in quantity or quality. And remember that no medicine can be of any use to you that does not build up your weak, watery blood.

To build up the blood and strengthen the nerves there is one remedy that has been a household word for more than a generation—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. It is the actual mission of these pills to make new, rich, red blood, which strengthens the nerves and tones the entire system. They give you a new appetite, make sleep refreshing, put color in the lips and cheeks, and drive away that unnatural tired feeling that oppresses so many people. If you want to experience new health and happiness give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial.

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Kingston, Aug. 6.—Nothing has been discovered respecting

WHERE, WHAT AND WHEN TO EAT—AND NOT TO EAT

It is generally conceded that the human race, at least the civilized part of it, eats too much. Eating and all that pertains to it, in fact, is one of the most interesting things in life, and it follows that this management of the city restaurants, where food is prepared and served is a subject that has an interest for everyone. Louis M. Boomer, manager of the McAlpine Hotel restaurants in New York gives a most illuminating picture of the management of up-to-date restaurants in the course of an article in the American Magazine. He writes, in part:

Some Principles Apply

One of the first things I want to make clear in this article is the simple fact that running a hotel involves the same principles necessary to the successful conduct of any business. No matter what your business is, you must know how to buy, how to sell, and how to handle the members of the human race.

For example, we know at the Hotel McAlpine that every Monday between September and June, with a slight lull during the winter months, there will be twelve hundred guests at luncheon. On Wednesdays and Saturdays, when there are theater matinees, we know there will be about fifteen hundred people at luncheon, and that on Sunday there will be very few, that day being the smallest in the week. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays the number ranges between fourteen hundred and fifteen hundred.

And since those figures are practically constant year after year we know exactly how much to purchase, always preparing a little less than we need, so as not to be overstocked with perishable goods.

In the same way, we know that January and August are with us the two biggest months of the year. We know that the peak of the business will be in the second week of January, because of the automobile show in the city. August, of course, is explained because of the great influx of buyers.

Effect of Weather

One day a friend in my office spoke of how beautiful the day was outside. Yet a few moments later, when my secretary put a piece of paper on my desk, I looked at it, picked up the telephone, and cancelled a large order of perishable goods which were due for delivery the next day.

"Hearing me do this, my friend said, seriously:

"Why do you do that? Find you had another on hand?"

"No," I answered, "but it is going to rain tomorrow." And I handed him the weather report from Washington, which we receive every day. "Rain or snow hits the business of selling food in certain places," I said to him, "although snow has not such a bad effect as rain. My experience has taught me that men and women do not come to hotels to eat when the weather is bad. The men go to the nearest place and the women stay at home.

"A man looks out of the window, sees the driving rain, and either sends out for a sandwich or dives into the nearest good restaurant, making business for the restaurant."

"The Cafe Savarin, down in the Equitable Building in the Wall Street district, a building containing ten thousand persons, is crowded on a rainy day, when business at the Hotel McAlpine or the Claridge will be comparatively quiet."

Stock Market Influence

The weather is only one of the many things we must try to foresee in order to save ourselves from loss. If the stock market has been going down for a few days, we order a little less, because we know that when men and women have their eyes glued on the ticker they will not spend their time eating in a hotel.

The war, of course, has had a decided effect on business, and that is something no one could anticipate. At its outbreak there was a general depression in all lines of business, and a most marked one in the hotel business; but afterward, when the enormous war orders began to pour into this country, business was extraordinary, especially during the year of 1916. People were making lots of money and were spending it freely. Since we have gone into the war, however, and since the various food restrictions came into being, there has been a decided falling off.

People often ask how we know what kinds of food to order and how much of each kind. Well, the answer is that we go by our records. For example, previous to the Hoover embargo for a reduction in the consumption of meat approximately 50

per cent. of our patrons would order roast beef at luncheon or dinner. Accordingly we would purchase enough beef to meet that demand. Since the general conservation of meat and its increasing high cost, the demand has fallen about thirty per cent. One week, for example, we saved 5,500 pounds of beef.

Quantities Prepared

How much to prepare is really very simple if records are kept. We know that we must bake two and one-half rolls per capita, as that is the amount used, although not eaten. We have to prepare this amount because of the thoughtlessness of persons, who, while engaged in conversation, break up and spill rolls, thus rendering them useless to us. This is of course merely thoughtlessness, and it is this thoughtlessness that Mr. Hoover and all the hotel and restaurant people are anxious to correct. Butter, too, is wasted, and the sooner people realize that it is willfully wrong to use more bread and butter than one absolutely needs, the sooner we shall be able to save enormous amounts of these precious commodities needed by our Allies.

In preparing other kinds of food, we know that the average man likes various kinds of consommé better than any other kind of soup, that he eats more apple pie (with mince pie a close second in winter) than any other kind, and likes chocolate and vanilla ice cream better than strawberry or any other flavor. And so we are able to gauge orders, year in and year out, because the public taste varies so little.

Wild duck, as a rule, is the most expensive dish being ordered at hotels. It costs four dollars and twenty cents a portion. It is ordered, perhaps, about twenty-five times a week. Such luxuries are dying out, however, because people are getting more and more simple in their tastes. They are gradually coming to realize that the simple thing is always the best, in everything.

Among the other meats, roast beef of course, is the most popular, with bacon and ham running it a close second. Potatoes, among the vegetables, lead the field, with tomatoes close behind because of the diversity of ways in which tomatoes can be used. Iced tea, in summer, is a great favorite, especially on a very hot day. Taking the meals all year round, however, the greatest staple of all is bread and butter.

Fish is a great seller in hotels and restaurants. In New York, if you expect oysters and lobsters, hushfish and bass are the most liked fish. Codfish and salmon are also good sellers, as are mackerel and halibut.

Among hotel men, the question of the day is, "How much shall we give to eat?" In other words, how large or how small shall the portions be? For many years they have been too large. People wasted their food, yet we were forced to keep to the large portion because of that custom.

But now conditions are quite different. Since the outbreak of the war, people are eating much less and the result has been profitable for both parties. While a man does not spend as much money as he used to on a restaurant meal, he is more careful about how he uses butter, bread, sugar, and other things that once were wasted in enormous quantities. This lack of waste naturally means that we do not lose so much in that way as we once did. The customer, however, gains more than we do by these meatless and wheatless days because he can't spend a lot of money even if he wants to.

That there has been a decrease in the amount of liquor consumed at meals is a matter of common knowledge, but few people realize how great the decrease really is. Where once the man who did not drink at a meal was the exception, today the exception is the man who does. This has had its effect, of course, on the amount of food eaten, because liquor has always been a great whip to the appetite. From food and liquor the average man has turned to tobacco and candy, the consumption of which in 1916 was the greatest in the history of the country.

Problem of Prices

Turning from portions to prices, we come to another problem. The great cry among people today is that restaurant prices are too high, even exorbitant. Well, I am going to try to show you why they are high by taking our best seller, roast beef, as an example.

The price of a set of ribs varies. At this writing, it is between \$15 and \$20. Figuring an average price of about \$17 a set of ribs, let us see where we come out:

From such set of ribs, the bones and fat are removed, we get a certain amount of meat. This is cut into thirty large portions, the very choicest parts being used. Of course, if the size of the portions were reduced, we could cut forty or perhaps fifty from that same piece of meat, but I am referring to the standard portion that had been served in hotels before the propaganda for saving food was started.

So that at seventeen dollars a set of ribs, without figuring overhead at all, a portion of roast beef was costing hotel men sixty cents to serve. Add to that the lighting, cooking, service, and all other multitudinous charges, and you will see how much profit a hotel man can make on roast beef even when he charges eighty cents a portion for it. I can say positively that if we had to depend upon staples such as roast beef for our living, there would be no profit in the restaurant business.

Where is the Profit?

"Where, then," someone may ask, "do you make your profit?" Well, the answer is, in things like oysters, in which there is a large profit, and in commodities such as soups, vegetables, and desserts, things which do not cost us a great deal, and yet for which we can get a fair price.

It has always been of interest to me to see how differently people from other cities or countries act in New York hotels and restaurants. When a Westerner or a Southerner sits down in a New York restaurant, the first thing he asks for is seafood. Westerners are keen about oysters, while the Southerner wants fresh clams.

The South American wants his conditions at home duplicated as nearly as possible. And because this has been impressed upon us, we have in the Hotel McAlpine Spanish bell boys, clerks, telephone operators, waiters, and last but not least, Spanish cooks.

During the last three years there have been many changes in restaurants. One of them is that the habit of "dressing-up" for dinner is practically dying out. People want to go to a place where they can be natural and simple and not stiff and formal, and as a result there has been a great increase in these good, well-conducted basement restaurants, rathskellers or grill-rooms, where men can go in business clothes and smoke and lounge and talk.

Where to Eat

Yet, curious though it may sound, these places get only the night trade. I do not mean they are empty at noon, but at lunch time men seem to want to eat in a place that is either on a street level or a few floors up at the most. A man likes to eat facing a window, so he can glance at "show" and then see what the world is doing while he eats. In the summer, roof gardens, of course, get all the crowd. One reason is because it is cool, but another reason is the appeal to the eye that a roof garden makes. The swinging lanterns, the soft music, the roar of the city all make for atmosphere, and one of the greatest aids to restaurant success is atmosphere.

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Aid for Farmers

Our Army of Wheat Harvesters will Help Them Gather in Crop

Washington, July 30.—Under the direction of the United States Employment Service, America's great army of wheat harvesters is preparing to cross the border into Western Canada. If weather conditions continue favorable the vanguard probably will be engaged on Canadian farms in two or three weeks, the cutting now having progressed as far north as the Dakotas and Minnesota.

Thousands of men and boys, who have been instrumental in saving the banner wheat crop of the Central West, are preparing to carry through the same service for our northern ally. Their employment in Canada is the result of an agreement between the two governments.

W. W. Cory, Canadian Deputy Minister of the Interior, who came to Washington early this week to make final arrangements with Director Denmore, of the United States Employment Service about the transfer of the harvest army to the Canadian wheat fields, stated that record crops have been planted by the farmers of Western Canada this year, and all their grain is in excellent condition. The influx of trained American harvest hands will meet, he expects, the severe shortage of native farm labor in the Dominion.

Mr. Fred Soal, of Sarnia, cousin of Mr. Thomas Soal, of this city, is in the city making his annual tour of the Government Fish Hatcheries.

Auto Band

BLAZED TRAIL OF CRIME IN NIAGARA DISTRICT

Fresh details of the trail of crime left by the seven auto bandits, who stole D. E. Wood's car from in front of the Commercial Club here on Monday night, continue to pour in from many places on the Niagara peninsula. The latest report is that the septet of thieves "broke" into a store at Stoney Creek and stole a quantity of perfume, "one bottle" of which they sold to a little girl in Grimsby, after their car was wrecked near St. Catharines early yesterday morning. From Stoney Creek the trail leads to Beamsville, where the daring youths are said to have broken a gasoline fountain to steal a quantity of "gas" and a measure.

In the wrecked car was found a registration card bearing the name and address of a local lad, whose home was fruitlessly watched all last night by local police officers. Four of the seven men in the car are said to make Hamilton their rendezvous, although it is said they cannot claim to have homes here, sleeping outside or wherever they can find a bed. It was learned this afternoon that the one known to the police as the worst of the gang was in the city last night, but made his escape. The \$2,500 Overland car which they stole was towed up from St. Kitts this morning. It is said to be a total wreck. The police expect to effect at least one arrest in the case before tomorrow.—Hamilton Herald.

Count D'Harcourt Unmasked As Hun, Walloped on Jaw

"ARTIST" IN LAST GIRL CASE PROVED TO BE A G. VON DONWITZ

New York, July 30.—As if by magic Inspector John Gray at Police Headquarters changed an alleged Spanish nobleman of considerable haughtiness into an insolent German—insolent until the fist of a fellow prisoner in the line-up landed on his jaw and sent him sprawling to the floor. Count Childe de Rohan d'Harcourt by the transformation became Gustave von Donwitz. The magic wand was a finger print card which told how von Donwitz had been in jail here.

As Count d'Harcourt, von Donwitz was arrested on Wednesday on a charge of extortion, it being alleged by Mrs. Julia Bowie, of Teatons, N. Y., that following the payment of \$25 to the German he gave her information that led to the finding of her daughter, Thelma, fourteen years old, who disappeared from her home two weeks ago. A detective and Mrs. Bowie went to Bellevue Hospital and found the girl quite ill. Peter Coccia also was arrested, but on a more serious charge.

Von Donwitz, who said he was thirty-four years old and an artist with a studio at 16 East Nineteenth street, with much boasting told of his noble birth and during the night asked that the Spanish ambassador be notified of his arrest and detention at Police Headquarters. He still was boasting when placed in the line-up yesterday morning. Next to him was Coccia.

"So you're a Spanish coffee, hey?" was Inspector Gray's greeting when von Donwitz's name was called out for inspection by detectives.

"I would have you know, sir, that I am none other than Count Childe de Rohan d'Harcourt," he replied, as he twirled his moustache, the tips of which were on the ascendancy. "I am of true Spanish blood and—"

"You're just German and I'll prove it!" Inspector Gray began.

"Yes, I am German. What of it?" von Donwitz said.

It was at this point that Coccia became wildly excited, saying something about the alleged propriety of a German standing next to him, and let fly a mighty blow with his clenched hand. Von Donwitz's jaw was the objective and it was reached in record time and the German went to the floor. Coccia followed the advantage by throwing himself upon the prostrate German and was pummeling him when Inspector Gray separated the men.

In the Jefferson Market Court later von Donwitz somewhat subdued and nursing a bruised chin, was held by Magistrate Corrigan in \$2.00 bail for examination next Monday. Coccia was held in similar amount.

Why Not in Khaki?

Controllers Refuse to Appoint Five New Pirates

Toronto.—The controllers today approved the appointment by Fire Chief Smith of George Thompson to

be an instrument to the plan of Chief Geo. Thompson, who has been drafted for military service. The board refused to appoint five firemen who are not returned soldiers. The chief said that returned soldiers were not available. The controllers decided to ask why the proposed appointees are not in khaki if they are physically fit to become members of the Fire Department.

The scarcity of eligible men for fire department service is not peculiar to Toronto. The District of Columbia (City of Washington) has been running full-page advertisements in the daily papers, inviting husky men to become firemen.

Military News

All "A" Men Gone

Practically every category A man of the Depot Battalion is now either overseas or on the way across. The camp is now about the smallest it has been all summer, although three hundred men are expected in camp this week, some reporting after having been granted leave and others reporting for service.

Looking for Seamen

Serjt.-Major Kenning, of the Inland Waterways and Docks Section, Royal Engineers, in Kingston looking for recruits for that particular branch of the service. The headquarters of this special department is in Montreal, and Serjt.-Major Kenning is making a special effort to secure marine men for service along the canals of Great Britain, France, Egypt and Mesopotamia. Various classes of men are needed including master mariners, tug masters, marine firemen, marine engineers, seamen, lightermen, and watermen, while the rate of pay is practically the same as the men would get in civilian life. The beauty of this branch of the service is that a mariner signing up for this service does not lose time in trying for captain's certificate, but the time goes on the same as if he were at home. Provision is made for the support of dependents, and the branch is altogether one that will appeal to all mariners. Serjt.-Major Kenning is at present stopping at the Salvation Army Military Hotel.

Capt. R. A. Palmer, C.R.C.E., is absent on a short leave of absence. Twenty-three members of the Depot Battalion have been struck off the strength as deserters.

Serjt. M. J. Murphy, Depot Battalion, has been discharged owing to his being an American citizen. Lieut. V. B. Crothers, R.C.D., who returned from overseas recently, has been granted leave of absence until September 5th.

Li.-Col. J. N. S. Leslie, R.C.H.A., is in Ottawa on military duty.

Leave or Fight

U. S. Citizens in Britain Have Only Until September 29 to Choose

London, July 31.—In pursuance of the British-American convention for drafting Americans of military age resident in the United Kingdom, notice has been given American citizens desiring to return to the United States for service that they must make their own arrangements to leave before September 29. If they fail to leave by that time, they become liable to service in the British army without right of appeal. An American may enlist in the American forces by applying to a British recruiting officer.

Child Killed

FRED WILMOTT STRUCK BY DOCTOR'S CAR

Hamilton.—Nine-year-old Fred Wilmott, London avenue, was run down and instantly killed yesterday afternoon when he crossed directly in front of an automobile driven by Dr. Smith, of Grimsby. The dead lad was playing with several other children on Ottawa street. Warning of the car's approach was given and the children made for a place of safety. Wilmott failed to clear the street and ran directly in front of the automobile. The brakes were applied but the car was so close to the lad that it could not be stopped, and the wheels passed over his body.

Dr. W. O. Stevenson was called and decided an inquest necessary. The jury viewed the remains last evening and will meet this evening at 8.15 o'clock at the east end police station.

DIED
PHILLIPS.—In Belleville, August 1, Hattie Edith Phillips, wife of Wm. Blakely.

What Does Quebec Want?

To the Editor of La Presse:—
Sir.—The two articles published in your paper in response to the question, "What does Quebec want?" have been reproduced partly or in full by several English Canadian newspapers, and will serve the important purpose of informing English-speaking Canadians of the wishes and hopes of their French-speaking fellow countrymen, bound to them by the indissoluble tie of provincial federation in a Dominion fellowship. There are many things we all desire, such things as tend toward a better understanding and kindlier feeling, but the fact remains that it is the Ontario separate school question that has divided Canada as it never has been divided for the past fifty-one years, and even led to Ontario putting an educational question before winning the war constitution, altering during the war Regulation 17 from a provincial regulation that could be suspended or repealed at any time to a provincial law incapable of change without legislative action. Enforcements contain to prejudice recruiting in the Province of Quebec and to that extent militate against winning the war.

Your paper from its leading position and unequalled circulation was wisely appealed to by Mr. Frank Wise and Mr. John Boyd, into whose labors I have entered, to give an authoritative answer.

From your articles all Canada now knows or shortly will know that French-Canadians in the Province of Quebec only want that such instruction should be given in the schools of the other provinces, where the number of French-speaking pupils warrants it, as will enable them to speak read and write their mother tongue correctly and readily, and that this does not mean that they should not acquire at the same schools a perfect knowledge of English. French-Canadians desire in addition to this only everything that tends towards kindlier consideration, better understanding and wider tolerance between the races on the lines laid down in your reply to Mr. Frank Wise, but it is the Ontario separate school question that has divided province from province, race from race, and close personal and political friends from each other, and that like a grim spectre has the way to complete good understanding.

To the ten excellent reasons given by you why the French language should be properly treated, allowing me to add three others:

1. Because it is the highest wisdom to do to others as we would they should do to us.
2. Because a nation or people divided against itself cannot stand a truth all history confirms.
3. Because proper treatment of the language of others has made Switzerland the most united nation in Europe, though it contains German, French and Italian-speaking cantons. Belgium was united against German aggression though the Flemings do not generally speak French or the Walloons anything but French. Also Wales is closely united with England, though very many of the people speak only Welsh, while a common language, forced on its people, has failed to really unite Ireland with England, or even Ulster with Connaught. A common language did not prevent a long and bitter civil war between the Northern and Southern States.

In correcting the mischievous and unfounded impression that French-Canadians desire similar rights or privileges for the French language outside the Province of Quebec to those existing in that province, you have performed a great public service. You have made it clear that they are not dissatisfied with its present recognized and admitted position in the provincial parliaments, law courts and generally apart from French in the separate schools.

With full appreciation of the consideration shows myself and my efforts in your article, and trusting you will increase my obligations by the publication of this letter.

Ed. Harper Wade.
—From La Presse, July 16, 1918.

475 Miles in 6 Hours

Paris, July 31.—Two aviators are reported to have made a flight from Paris to St. Nazaire and return in five hours and fifty minutes. This time included a stop of three-quarters of an hour at St. Nazaire. The distance during the round trip was 475 miles.

Miss Hilda McKenna, Belleville, had her hand badly crushed in a mangle at the steam laundry, Kingston Whig.

Cupid's Queer Prank

A WEDDING BLUNDER THAT FURNISHED A CURIOUS CLIMAX

The other evening we were talking to Mr. Bransby Williams, the delightful impersonator of Dickens' characters, and he told us this story: The scene was a London parish, and the period recent. The vicar was sitting in his study one morning when in burst the verger in a great state of excitement.

"Mr. —" (mentioning the curate's name) "wants you at once sir," he exclaimed. "He has married two couples and married the two men to the wrong women and he does not know what to do."

"Have they signed the register?" inquired the clergyman.

"No," was the verger's response. "Then they can be married again," said the vicar. "Tell Mr. — I will be at the church in a minute or two to perform the ceremony."

In due course the incumbent made his way to the church and found the parties gathered at the entrance. Before he could say anything one of the bridegrooms approached and said:

"We have been talking it over sir, and we have made up our minds to remain as we are."

And they did so.—Pearson's Weekly.

Save The Birds

We are informed that the caretaker or cultivator of a certain berry patch in the vicinity of Port Hope has been boasting that he has shot 124 robins so far this season. The person who makes this boast cannot be aware that there is an international agreement between the United States and Canada providing for the protection of migratory birds and in addition to this there has been an Ontario statute providing for the protection of "Insectivorous and other birds"—R.S.O. Chap. 263. The penalty under this Act is a fine not exceeding \$20, and the penalty under the International agreement is not light. Let us see, 124 offences at say, \$500, (a quarter of the limit) would mean a fine of \$62,000. The whole of the penalty shall be paid to the persecutor, unless the convicting justice has reason to believe that there is an agreement between the offender and the persecutor.—Port Hope Guide.

Albert College Notes

The results of the departmental examinations just received so far have been most satisfactory, 85 per cent. passed Lower School, and 75 per cent. Upper School.

One of the O.M.A. students, Capt. Stanley Everson, has been sent by the Imperial Air Board to Washington to report to the British War Office as to the adaptability concerning new bombing planes at the front, which are being made in America. Well done Stanley!

The Board has been most fortunate in securing for the vocal department Mr. S. Anglin, B.A., of Brandon. He comes with the highest recommendations. The outlook for a good attendance for the opening of the fall term is brightening day by day.

Gets Post in Customs Office

Mr. Ernest L. Phillips served With First Division in France

Mr. Ernest L. Phillips, who has been on the postal staff for some time, has been appointed to the position in the customs office at Belleville left vacant by the death of Mr. William Williamson.

Mr. Phillips enlisted at the outbreak of war with the 34th Battery and went overseas with the First Division. He served for several years at the front with the 2nd Battery, 1st Brigade, C.F.A. and was ultimately very seriously wounded by a shell explosion. He was after months in hospital invalided home and finally discharged.

His place in the post office has been taken by Mr. Floyd Maidens, who was a soldier in the 254th battalion, but was discharged.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Thrasher wish to thank their many friends for the kindly sympathy expressed during their recent bereavement in the death of Mr. Thrasher's mother.

Miss J. Corbett, Charles St., is holidaying this week in Cobourg with her brother.

Miss Lena and Edna Burns left yesterday for Hastings, where they will spend a couple of weeks.

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Morton & Herity, Publishers.

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W. H. Morton, Business Manager. J. O. Herity, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1918.

A DEPARTED CITY OF ROMANCE

There is bad news from Bagdad. The city is now described as a "bustling hive of humanity." Streets are paved and lighted, the people are dodging motor cars; there are electric lights, a fire department, training schools for children, sanitary regulations. Mosques, have been repaired. The water supply has been improved. Sad news for the sentimental arm-chair and veranda travellers; also for the lovers of "The Thousand Nights and a Night," whether they read the wondrous tales in the old translation of Galland's version, the stilted volumes of Lane, or in the English of Burton or Payne. The romance of Bagdad is gone. Civilization has done its disillusioning, deadly work. In vain is the sentimentalist reminded that Bagdad before the occupation of the English was nothing like the city of Harun al Rashid and the Barmecides. When Masrour, the sworder, served the Caliph as secret service man and executioner; when Caliph and Vizier and sworder listened to the strange adventures of the three one-eyed Kalandars; the Bagdad of music and mirth and terror, of amorous and knavish intrigues, of jewels and poetry and girdle-girls, a city not unvisited by jinn and afreet; the city described by Marco Polo as famous for silks wrought in gold, damasks, velvets, ornamented with the figures of birds and beasts, of pearls brought from India to be bored; the city where magic, physics, astronomy, geomancy, physiognomy and the Mohammedan law were studied; the city where the pious shoemaker, a Christian, in the reign of the indolent and voluptuous Mubassam Billah, moved by faith a mountain; the noblest and most extensive city to be found in this part of the world. For there are cities that, never visited by the sentimentalist, Bagdad, Damascus, Ispahan, Carcassonne, Toledo, are nearer and more familiar to him than Toronto or Kingston. He sees in the streets of Bagdad the shops where old women serving jealously guarded beauties bid young merchants to go with them to wild feasting and horrible death; where Harun at night, disguised, sees the false caliph lording it superbly on the Tigris, or hears the sound of lutes and passionate voices. What to the sated traveller are electric lights, pavements, sanitary plumbing? He would not exchange Solomon's carpet for a garage full of motor cars. A uniformed policeman is a sorry replacer of Masrour. To this traveller there is no modern, improved Bagdad. The city that he knew has vanished with Ys, Iram and Atlantis; with the Paris pictured by Gustave Dore in the droll stories of Balzac.

"THE POOR LITTLE AMERICAN ARMY."

Although the French form naturally the great bulk of the armies engaged in the present fighting between the Aisne and the Marne, yet nevertheless and deservedly so, much interest is directed towards the Americans. Why? Because as in the case of the contemptible "little English army, so too the Germans hug the delusion that the Americans would not fight, and then they referred in characteristic sneering tones to the "poor little American army." That army at the present moment overseas consists of no less than 1,200,000 men and with in two months will reach one million and a half. As with the English, so with the Americans, the German war lords disposed of their war possibilities by claiming that they were not good fighting material. Napoleon, in the days when he lost his mental balance, also referred to the English people as a nation of shop-keepers and the Germans described the Americans as too busily engaged in chasing the almighty dollar ever to enter in to a world-war. It has never been noticed, however, that the German aristocracy objected to wedding with the American almighty dollar whenever there was a possibility. The German people were told by their war lords that the Americans could not cross the sea because ships were lacking. They had no uniforms and above all they had no rifles. P-

ther than that there were no leaders in the United States and above all no generals. In a sympathetic mood, these Hun military leaders declared that if there was any sense left in the Allied capitals, the governments there must see that all prospect of America saving the situation had disappeared. The Germans, however, found it much easier to sneer at the Americans than to fight them along the banks of the Marne. The men, the rifles, the military geniuses, the pluck and the energy were with the Americans just as the Germans found them with the Canadians, but the limitations of Germany's discoveries in this respect have been by no means finally reached.

AN IDOL OF CLAY OR WORSE.

According to the recently published report of the death of Field Marshal von Hindenburg in a newspaper at The Hague his death was due to apoplexy, following a stormy interview with the Kaiser. It has been said that his face had a purple tinge which suggested apoplexy. But, according to the Countess Turczynowicz of Poland, a former resident of Ontario, it was not apoplexy, but temper and alcohol which gave his face its purple tinge. The Countess knew from her own experience the horrors of war as waged by von Hindenburg. She had been compelled to act as his hostess, and had seen so many horrible things that, according to her own statement, she could not bear to look at him. "A great brute—so ruthless and so terrible"—summed up her description of him. And this "great brute" became the idol of Germany. He was for a time the chief power in Germany. For a time he seemed to be the embodiment of the spirit of Germany, an incarnation of the German war god—merciless, bestial, thorough-going, capable. He seems to be alive yet, confirmation of his death not having been received, though shorn of his power. His place has, however, been given over to Ludendorff, who has the full position of military dictator.

LOCK THE DOOR, LARISTON!

"Lock the door, Lariston, lion of Liddesdale; Lock the door, Lariston, Lowther comes on; The Armstrongs are flying, The widows are crying, The Castletown's burning, and Oliver's gone!"
"Lock the door, Lariston—high on the weather-bleam, See how the Saxon plumes bob on the sky— Yeoman and Carbineer, Billman and haliberdier, Pierce is the foray and far is the cry!"
"Beware the brandishes high his broad scimitar Ridley is riding his feet-footed grey; Ridley and Howard there, Wandale and Windermere; Lock the door, Lariston; hold them at bay."
"Why dost thou smile, noble Elliot of Lariston? Why does the joy-candle gleam in thine eye? Thou bold Border ranger, Beware of thy danger; Thy foes are relentless, determined and nigh."
Jack Elliot raised up his steel helmet and looked, His hand grasped the sword with a nervous embrace, "Ah, welcome, brave foemen, On earth there are no men More gallant to meet in the foray or chase!"
"Little know you of the hearts I have hidden here; Little know ye of our moss-troopers' might— Linhope and Soble true, Sundhope and Milburn, too, Gentle in manner, but lions in fight!"
"I have Mangerton, Ogilvie, Raeburn, and Nertherlie, Old Sim of Whitram, and all his array; Come all Northumberland, Teesdale and Cumberland, Here at the Brecken tower, and shall the fray!"
Scowled the broad sun o'er the links of green Liddesdale, Red as the beacon-light tipped he the wold; Many a bold martial eye Mirror'd that morning sky, Never more oped on his orbit of gold.
Shrill was the bugle's note, dreadful the warrior's shout, Lances and halberds in splinters were borne; Helmet and hauberk then Braved the claymore in vain; Buckler and armor shivers were shorn.
See how they wane—the proud files of Windermere! Howard! Ah, woe to thy hopes of the day! Hear the wild welkin rend, While the Scots shouts ascend— "Elliot of Lariston, Elliot for aye!"
—James Hogg, the Ettrick Shepherd.

Other Editor's Opinions.

FIXING PRICES

Once more the food controller tells us that it is impossible to fix the prices of edible commodities because the result would be to restrict production. Statements like this are what convince a great many long-suffering people, who, of course, are ignorant, and do not know any better, that the Food Control Department is in league with the middleman. But surely the food controller has discovered—or has the point not interested him?—that the producer does not get the high prices. In the matter of fruit, for example, about which the food controller has just expressed himself, does the fruit grower get anything like a fair proportion of the tremendous increase in prices? The food controller applies the principle of high prices encouraging production to the fruit grower. Well, is there any more fruit? Do the apples and the plums and the cherries multiply themselves on the trees any more abundantly, or the peaches respond more blearily to the enticements of the market? We believe not. It is just possible that if a special high price were guaranteed for strawberries and raspberries next year growers would set out more plants and canes, but with higher prices this year fruit is scarcer than ever.

The food controller continues to bark up the wrong tree. It is not the producer who is making the exorbitant prices and forcing the rates beyond the reach of the average, modest, thrifty citizen with a limited income. Citizens with motor cars and some others with more primitive conveyances have gone into the country in recent weeks and been able to buy fruit and vegetables and fowl and butter and eggs, almost as cheap as four years ago, and the farmers were glad to sell at the price. Where then does the need for price fixing come in? Obviously where the middleman boosts the price beyond reasonable limits. And this, we submit, is where the food controller falls down.

Our old friend, the law of supply and demand, is invoked at every corner and turn of the handling and sale of food products, but anyone who has studied the matter knows very well that the law of supply and demand is an artificial condition manipulated for their own benefit by the big operators, the stockmen, the cold storage men, the commission agents, and the whole troop of parasites who pass things along at their own pleasure, and profit from producer to consumer. We do not wish to be understood as meaning anything very obnoxious by the epithet parasite, but the man who produces nothing is necessarily a parasite, although he may be and usually is the victim of the system of which he is a part. What is needed, however, is to make sure that he does not get more than a fair proportion of the results of the labor of the producer.

This is the radical and essential business of the case. Labor as a whole—farmer, factoryman, artisan, mechanic—the producer, gets an unfair undershare of this product. The parasite gets an unfair overshare of the product. The result is a disturbance of the balance of exchange of products which is constantly seeking regulation in fluctuations of wages and in other ways. It is more accentuated at present than in so-called normal times, because we have a condition in which the parasites have taken advantage of their position—Toronto World.

PLENTY OF PROOF

When prohibition had been in force for a few months there was no difficulty in obtaining testimony from business men as to its success. There never was much doubt as to the success of the measure from the moral view-point, but from the economic side thousands of our business men were dubious.

They are not dubious now. Statements have from time to time been published in the Pioneer that show what an enthusiasm prevails amongst business men, manufacturers, etc., in regard to the success of the new measure. For instance, out of 399 members of Ontario Board of Trade, 372 gave opinions entirely favorable. This is the strongest testimony along economic lines that Ontario has to offer, and it ought surely to be satisfactory.

Just now there is a great campaign in progress in New Zealand for national prohibition. Several Canadians have gone to help in the good work at the request of the Prohibition Alliance of that country. They take with them many facts to show that Canada is gratified at the suc-

cess of the measure of prohibition she enjoys.

An added testimony has just within the past few days come from the West, where a vote was taken in a meeting of the Calgary Forum, which resulted as follows: Favorable to prohibition, 191; unfavorable, 21.

There is abundance of proof to show that prohibition is a success. With proper enforcement it will become daily more popular.—Pioneer.

Hamiltonian Fined

A. VAN VOLKENBURG SENTENCED FOR MAKING SEDITIOUS REMARK

Ashton Van Volkenburg, of Hamilton, who for some months has been employed by the Canadian Crocker-Wheeler Company, in St. Catharines, on munitions making, was fined \$100 yesterday when found guilty on a charge of making seditious utterances. A verbal notice of appeal was immediately filed by the defendant's solicitor, Mr. J. McCarron, and bail was renewed at \$200, the Machinists' Union furnishing security.

The statement alleged was to the effect that he would like to see the company that could put him in khaki, that he could shoot her as well as in France.

Serving His King at 80

An airplane crossed from France to England a few days ago carrying as a passenger a king's messenger, aged 80 years, one of the oldest veterans serving his country in the present war. This was Lord Ruthven, eighth baron of his historic line. He had fought with gallantry in the Crimean war, played a part worthy of his fighting race in the Indian Mutiny, and won further military distinction in fighting against the Boers. But when Old England called her sons to the colors, he answered once again. Hurrying to London he offered his services, and though then 76 years old, his offer was accepted. Since then, as an assistant provost marshal in London and an extra king's messenger, he has placed another splendid record of service at his credit. Hale and hearty, tall and straight, the baron is a fine and soldierly figure, who walks and looks as if he had just turned fifty. If in such open space who has made England great, they ready to place their all on their country's altar. They fought her battles valiantly and knew not what it was to admit defeat. Lord Ruthven, at the age of eighty, once more doing his "bit" for the flag and the great cause it represents, is a shining example of a man who recognizes the obligations and duties of citizenship in a free country. We in Canada have need to take to heart the lesson he teaches.

Look Cheerful

No longer can one justifiably use the term of "man's war." Women have proved beyond the shadow of a doubt that not only are they not negligible quantities, but that they are very potent factors in the waging of this conflict.

Expression

But none the less "soldiers" are the multitudes of women who are working with the Red Cross, serving canteens, binding up the broken in the body and healing the wounded in heart, putting their shoulders to the wheel of commerce or worsting waste and the high cost of living over the kitchen stove.

Indifference to present day conditions is impossible, and it is only a poor patriot who could achieve it, but every woman among us can, but must, keep her selfpoise, not alone for her own sake, but for the good of those with whom she comes in contact.

Beware of that wartime expression, "Eyes and mouth are the two most expressive features of the face and we may do well to study ours in the mirror."

If our mouth drops we are sure to look peevish and discontented, while if its corners are tightly drawn we seem disapproving if not actually disagreeable.

A pleasant expression of the eyes may be called into being in the same way.

There is nothing better than a good humorous story to relieve the tension of the mind that is so often the result of strenuous day or a sad one, and when one feels almost at the "end of the rope" a cup of tea often proves cheerfully refreshing.

Face Reflects Mind

The face reflects the mind far

more than many of us realize, and in the matter of looks no one can afford to be disagreeable.

Unselfishness, thoughtfulness and cheerfulness do much to make a plain face beautiful and years do not detract from its charm.

Marriage

PITCHER—MCCOY.

A quiet wedding took place yesterday, July 31st, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John McCoy, Hillside street, when their second daughter, Vera Blanche, was united in marriage to Herbert Randolph Pitcher of Rosmore. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. M. Hubby of Emmanuel Church. The immediate relatives of the young couple were present and enjoyed a well arranged and sumptuous wedding feast. Mr. and Mrs. Pitcher left on the afternoon train for their future home, Duff Sisk. Many friends were at the station to bid farewell to these two very worthy young people. Vera is one of beautiful Belleville's much beloved daughters, and an esteemed member of Emmanuel church.

GREEN POINT

Mr. and Mrs. J. Parks and Mr. and Mrs. H. Thompson visited with friends at Big Island on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. S. Parks and Mr. and Mrs. G. Parks spent Sunday at Mr. Ezra Anderson's. Mr. and Mrs. Hackett and family of Texas, who have been visiting the former's sister, Mrs. D. Cole, motored to Kingston on Monday, and from there they will proceed to Ottawa and then on to their home, the trip being made by automobile. Mr. and Mrs. Bonger of Waupoos, spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Percy Lyons. Miss Emma Anderson is spending a few weeks with friends at Frankfort.

Picked Up Around Town

Red Raspberries were held at the market at 25 cents per box today and huckleberries at 25 cents per quart.

St. Andrew's choir took advantage of the half holiday yesterday to hold their picnic. This year they went to 12 O'Clock Point, 2 buses carrying the party to the park. The afternoon was spent in games and races and a general good time and a number enjoyed bathing in the canal. The picnicers arrived home at ten o'clock in the evening.

Zwick's Island was the scene of a happy gathering yesterday, the annual picnic of the Women's League of the Salvation Army. The women whose husbands are overseas, gathered in goodly numbers with their families at this spot, and spent a most enjoyable day, attractions of many varieties being enjoyed. The excursionists returned at six o'clock to the city.

A baseball fan desires to know who is the manager of a baseball team in town who had a Cobourg team visit Belleville yesterday and then refused to put on a game with them.

Aeroplane No. 269, from Camp Mohawk, Deseronto, fell this morning one mile west of Shannonville C.P.R. depot and the two occupants of the machine were injured. Cadet Forrest was in charge. The news of the mishap was sent to Camp and the truck and ambulance were sent to the scene.

The local police last night arrested a youth, Edward Snider, charged with stealing a horse, buggy and harness, the property of Mr. Frank Cooney. This morning the case was enlarged by Magistrate Masson until tomorrow W. Carrow for the crown; Col W. N. Ponton for the accused. This charge arises out of Snider's securing a horse and outfit the day before from Mr. Cooney.

Mrs. E. R. Hinchey has just received word from her husband, Lt. Hinchey, that one of the generals in France had written him commending the excellent playing of the band of which Lt. Hinchey is the leader. This band went overseas in May 1917 with the 25th battalion. They have been in France about a year. On Dominion day they won first place in a play-

ing competition among the regimental bands in active service at the front. This applied both to playing whiffs on the march and while standing. Near all the members of the 25th band were well known Belleville boys and nearly everyone here will learn of their fine attainment with pride and satisfaction. Leader Hinchey has amply earned the great compliment he has received.

The Right Hon. Sir Gilbert Parker Bart. writes to Col. Ponton stating that he had heard Premier Borden speak in London when he delighted everyone with his address. Sir Gilbert adds: "The Canadians have covered themselves with glory both on the battlefield and the field of public life." He has changed his address from 20 Carlton House Terrace to 24 Portneau Square, London W. I.

Following is the resolution forwarded to Principal MacLaurin by the Board of Education on the occasion of the death of Mrs. MacLaurin: "That this Board of Education of the City of Belleville do unite in the heartfelt expression of the deepest sympathy with Mr. P. C. MacLaurin, principal of our High School, in the sad bereavement which he has suffered in the loss of his most estimable wife, whose good deeds and gentle words, philanthropic and devoted service to every meritorious cause during her residence in Belleville, will never be forgotten."

A baseball match has been arranged for civic holiday afternoon (next Wednesday) at the fair grounds between the T.N.T. team of the Chemical plant at Trenton and Belleville. Freddie Goyer, who pitched for the Ontarios for some years, is the Trenton pitcher.

The Vimy and Park Nines play a scheduled baseball match this evening at the fair grounds. A good game is expected.

Expression of Sympathy

The following letter has been received by Mrs. S. M. Townsend, from the Militia Department, in reference to the death of her husband, Private Edward James T. Townsend, who gave his life for the cause:

Minister's Office, Ottawa, July 29, 1918.
Dear Mrs. Townsend:— I desire to express to you my very sincere sympathy in the recent death of your husband, No. 536034, Private Edward James T. Townsend, C.E.F., who in sacrificing his life at the front in action with the enemy, has rendered the highest services of a worthy citizen.

The heavy loss which you and the nation have sustained would indeed be depressing were it not redeemed by the knowledge that the brave comrade for whom we mourn performed his duties fearlessly and well as became a good soldier, and gave his life for the great cause of human liberty and the defence of the Empire.

Again extending to you in your bereavement my condolence and heartfelt sympathy, I am,
Yours faithfully,
M. Burrell,
Acting Minister of Militia.

Fool Talk

How would it do to arrest Gordon Waldron and let him try a habeas corpus to get himself out of quod? Why should a lawyer under pretence of legal proceedings be allowed to attempt to obstruct the war effort of Canada and escape consequences where another man would not?—Ottawa Journal Press.

Had His Hands Burned

Kingston.—M. F. Patton, Princess Street, had his hands badly burned on Friday night when some of the gasoline in his motorboat took fire on his return to the city from Garden Island. He managed to smother the fire before much damage was done to the boat. His wife accompanied him, but she was uninjured.

Girls! Wake Up!

The Canadian soldiers caught on in England. We read that Sir George Perley is asking the Admiralty to give leave for 20 young Englishwomen to come to Canada to fill engagements at the altar to Canadian soldiers now discharged from the service.

Rev. Dr. Biagrawe, Mrs. Biagrawe and Master Douglas Biagrawe have left for three weeks' vacation at Blue Lake.

Father M. Asks For Inve

Toronto, July 31.—The well known and social worker, who has been cancelling the extensions who entered tober 13, expressed a strongly investigation of the "We want to c We don't want a declared warmly, an investigation, bottom. In the ne it be thorough and doubts. Let them and all the rest o and make it thora want to be shirk

No Evidence of N

Charge Against Employee of at Trenton

Henri Paulus, French Canadian, with negligence in his duties at the Company's Plant, appeared before Mr. in that town yesterday will be remembered weeks ago a young E. Rankin, of the burned by acid of vessel at the chequette had certain form, among them a tap. At the heaquette was disc Holley's evidence, steps taken by Pa rect under certan act might be ve ment, but certan Mr. Goodacre, an evidence.

Mr. W. Carrow and Mr. A. tendant.

Brand N

It has happened that ships which discarded as failures have come to a good end. The Great doomed to inflor inevitable by the size of the ship, for the Great Eas being the only vessel of laying the and what greater pened than the in case?

Few ships can with the Vindict builders looked up more than a se. Even her name was than a "hand-u years ago, when the building, it was lect a ship's name book. They said which had alrea warship of com date. And so the with her father's ons that she was shown on the Tha head, for charity. Navy, unmention of sentiment in history and crow all the glory that possibly support, to "think it over" scheme was men was that the Vind commenced on St. G which lacked just the end which the Navy desired.

Instead of send up the Thames fo peded her with e over to Vice-A Keyes who, in tur Commodore Hube and, once more, s behind a smoke s

and, once more, s behind a smoke s

Father Minehan Asks For Full Investigation

Toronto, July 29.—Father Minehan, the well known parish priest and social worker, although unaware that an order had been issued cancelling the exemption of the students who entered orders since October 13, expressed himself on Saturday as strongly in favor of a full investigation of the situation.

No Evidence of Negligence

Charge Against Henri Paquette, Employee of Chemical Works at Trenton Dismissed

The young Canadian who was charged with negligence in connection with his duties at the British Chemical Company's Plant in Trenton, appeared before Magistrate O'Rourke in that town yesterday afternoon. It will be remembered that about three weeks ago a young man named W. E. Rankin, of this city was fatally burned by acid overflowing from a vessel at the chemical works. Paquette had certain duties to perform, among them, the watching of a tap. At the hearing yesterday Paquette's evidence went to show that steps taken by Paquette were correct under certain conditions, that an act might be an error in judgment, but certainly no negligence. Mr. Goodacre, an operator also gave evidence.

Brand New Name

It has happened, more than once, that ships which were practically discarded as failures after launching have come to a great and glorious end. The Great Eastern seemed doomed to inglorious idleness made inevitable by the very grandeur and size of the ship. Yet fate reserved for the Great Eastern the honor of being the only vessel fitted for the task of laying the Atlantic cable, and what greater event ever happened than the laying of that same cable?

Enjoyable Outing

The members of St. Thomas' Church choir had most enjoyable outing yesterday at "Huyck's Point." Swimming and sports were indulged in, after which tea was partaken of in the woods. The beautiful drive through Prince Edward County was a delight to all, and the following, who so kindly loaned their cars provided a service which was greatly appreciated by all the members:— Miss Evelyn McCarthy, Mrs. Smith, Capt. Allan Harper, Ven. Archdeacon Beamish, Mr. Freeman Ketcheson, Mr. Harold Saunders and Mr. Frost. The party arrived back in the city about 10 o'clock, tired but happy.

To Pay For Adventure

An increase of 40 per cent. in freight rates in two years is only part of the price the country has paid for its railway adventures, says the Toronto Globe, which has long and persistently advocated a complete nationalization of all Canadian railways as the only satisfactory solution of the problem. The strongest of our railways did not require any increase as its profits were already large enough to take care of growing operating costs. Weak and inefficient lines are responsible for increase in rates.

Delegates Break From Convention

Winnipeg and Ottawa Veterans' Representatives Have Grievance—Statement is Issued—Decision is Reached After Separate Meeting Held Last Night.

Winnipeg and Ottawa delegates to the Great War Veterans' convention in Toronto have broken away and refused to attend sessions yesterday afternoon. Last night they held a meeting in the Carls-Rite Hotel and discussed their stand and later handed over a statement in regard thereto to Lieut.-Col. Purney, president of the G.W.V.A.

Tests Made of City Milk

Statement of Tests—Comments by Mr. J. A. Kerr

On Tuesday a milk test was made under direction of the medical officer of Health. The result of the test which was made by Mr. J. A. Kerr is shown in the following report:

- Belleville, July 30, 1918.
- H. A. Yeomans, M.D., Medical Health Officer, Belleville, Ontario.
- Dear Sir,—
- The following samples of milk were tested today:
- Miss Meagher, 1.6 per cent fat, adulterated, not clean.
- G. A. B. Gay, 3.3 good
- S. Hagerman, 4.1, fine quality
- Colman, 3.4, good
- Culhane, 4.3, good
- R. F. Miller, 3.4, good
- Whitfield, 3.1, dirty
- Citizens' Dairy, 3.4, not clear
- Commis, 3.4, good
- DeVault, 4.6, good
- Smith, 5.4, part cream
- Waldron, 3.2, good

Irish Vocalist Was Fined \$10

Mixed His Beverage and Aroused Trenton Police With His Canary Notes

"Love Me and the World is Mine" and "Come into the Garden Maud," sang an ardent red-head, lovable Irish gentleman from down near the Indian woods "Bogant" on Wednesday, at 2 a.m. on Marmora Street, Trenton in front of Dr. Johnston's hospital. His song disturbed but struck no responsive note in the hearts of the nurses. His piping notes however did awaken one of the strongest policemen of the new manufacturing city. The son of Ireland, had been mixing two per cent and "Nervine" in his worship, T. A. O'Rourke soaked him the usual ten and costs. He faded away towards the East singing "No Never no More."

German Staff Admits Plans Totally Fail

Hindenburg Begs "Home Front" to Support Army Still—New Blow to Come—Tone of Official Note Betray Shaken Public Confidence

Washington, July 31.—Official despatches today from France tell how the German high command has caused to be published in the newspapers throughout Germany an official statement preparing the people to accept the defeat in the second battle of the Marne, but renewing the promise of a decisive blow against the Anglo-French front.

German Staff Admits Plans Totally Fail

"How far will this retirement be carried out? A retreat of about a dozen kilometres will perhaps be sufficient." It is not thought necessary today that Hindenburg should find himself under the obligation of withdrawing the front as far back as the Vesie.

Mannerisms in Commons

Grey, O'Connor and Even Asquith Had Little Peculiarities.

William O'Malley, M.P., who had 20 years' experience in the British House of Commons, writing about "Mannerisms in Parliament," said "Mr. Asquith and Mr. Redmond are very graceful in their actions—they suit the action to the word, but their action is not very marked."

Judge Huycke Vice-President

Elected to That Position by County Judges' Association

Toronto, July 30.—Judge D. F. MacWatt of Sarnia was elected President of the County Judges' Association at its annual meeting in the King Edward Hotel yesterday afternoon. Judge E. C. S. Huycke, of Peterborough was chosen First Vice President; Judge Hugh O'Leary, Second Vice President, and Judge T. A. McGillivray, Secretary. The election of officers and other business was concluded at one session in the afternoon, which, owing to the war conditions was the first meeting of the association since 1915.

Obituary

AMOS KEHOE.

Amos Kehoe, a well known resident of Belleville, died yesterday in Toronto, where he had been living for some years. He was about 70 years of age, unmarried and a Roman Catholic in religion. He was a brother of Mrs. R. Burke of this city. The remains will be brought to Belleville for interment.

Obituary

MRS. R. TURNER.

Mrs. Rosina Turner, widow of the late Charles Turner, died on Wednesday afternoon at the residence of her daughter on Pine street. She was born in London, England in 1850 and came to Canada at the age of 17 years. For fifty years she had resided in Belleville. Yesterday she had dressed as usual but was stricken shortly after with heart failure. Mourning her loss are one daughter, Mrs. Gordon Harris, Pine Street, Belleville; three sons, Walter, Samuel and George and one sister, residing in Belleville. Mrs. Caroline Simfield and five sisters in England.

Obituary

MRS. WILLIAM BLAKELY.

Mrs. William Blakely, Everett street, died suddenly this morning at the family residence. Yesterday afternoon she was sitting on the verandah when she suffered a stroke of apoplexy. At the time little hope for her recovery was held out. She never recovered consciousness.

Obituary

ALICE EMILY GARRISON.

The death occurred this morning of Mrs. Alice Emily Garrison, aged 28 years at her home, 312 Coleman street. She was a daughter of Cornelius John Donovan and was born in Trenton. Her husband is serving overseas with the C.E.F.

Obituary

DEED.

KEHOE.—In Toronto, on Wednesday, July 31, 1918, Amos Kehoe, formerly of Belleville.

The first person we hear complaining about it being cool we will report them to the Police—Port Hope Guide.

Vigilantes Tear Kaiser's Picture

Oyster Bay Crowd Destroys Arch-Hun's Painting in the Streets

Oyster Bay, N.Y., July 30.—A life-sized painting of Emperor William, presented by him to Colonel Theodore Roosevelt several years ago, came to grief when a party of citizens visited the home of its possessor, Mrs. C. H. Pollitz, here yesterday.

Wood Very Scarce

Aids, Robinson, Hanna, Curry and the City Engineer travelled ninety miles yesterday hunting for wood, in the northern district, and could find only one small lot for sale, amounting to 45 cords. This they bought at a reasonable price after practising considerable diplomacy and "dickering." They called at several places where they were told wood was for sale but in all other cases the wood had been bought up by other purchasers. Both wood and slabs appear to be very scarce. The party did not arrive home until nearly ten o'clock p.m.

Japan Makes Big Loan to Siberian Gov't.

Stockholm, August 1.—(British Admiralty, per Wireless Press)—The official organ of the Siberian Government, published at Omsk, stated on July 12 that Japan had granted to the Siberian Government a loan of £50,000,000 sterling for the formation of a strong army. In return Siberia undertakes to supply Japanese troops which arrive there with provisions.

Dead Turn Black

Epidemic Has Reached Alarming Proportions in Switzerland.

Paris, August 1.—Reports from Switzerland say that the epidemic of Spanish gripe in that country has grown to alarming proportions. Entire families have died from the disease. Funerals are being held at night, and relatives are forbidden to follow the bodies to the grave. The bodies of the dead turn black.

Germans are After Canadian Lumber

Agent Seeking British Columbia Timber Properties.

London, August 1.—The Financial Press publishes current reports of German schemes to secure timber properties in Canada, notably in British Columbia, through a well-known expert, who is receiving a handsome fee, and who has sailed for America in behalf of one of these Swedo-German parties.

Girls in Post Office

Saskatoon, July 29.—Girls have been put to work at the post office. Labor leaders are preparing to call out power house employees at once.

Coat of Mail Device

The soldiers of old went forth to fight, clad in cumbersome and expensive armor, which, while serving as a protection, nevertheless hindered them from putting forth their best fighting strength. Today, Martin Jellalain of Rhode Island has made it possible for a soldier to be protected by armor. He is one of several dozen inventors who have reinvented the coat of mail.

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Soldiers' Wives Not Looked After in Living Cost

Toronto, August 1.—The dependents of the soldier today get 100 per cent. less than they should have, for the simple reason that the wages for labor have increased from 35 to 40 per cent. due to the high cost of living. No one is looking after the high cost of living for the soldiers' wives." The foregoing statement was made yesterday by a member of the Albert delegation to the G.W.V.A. convention. Alberta delegates favor a closer supervision over aliens and the imposing of a super-tax.

Wrecks Auto and Made Record Sale

HULL MAN HOLD CAR TWO MINUTES AFTER CRASH.

Two hundred and seventy-five dollars looked better to Jack Hanson, 11 Front street, Hull, on Monday night than a wrecked Oakland automobile, worth \$1,400 when new, with the result that he sold the car within about two minutes after it had been smashed in a collision with street car No. 510, at the corner of Bank and Slater streets at 9:15 p.m.

Wrecks Auto and Made Record Sale

Hanson was driving north on Bank street and attempted to turn west on Slater street and was hit by the street car which was proceeding south on Bank. Hanson said that he did not see the street car until it was too late to avoid a collision as it was hidden by another car proceeding north. The police say that Hanson was to blame in that he attempted to make too short a turn and was violating the traffic rules.

Wrecks Auto and Made Record Sale

Just after the accident occurred a man who did not give his name to the police appeared on the scene and offered Hanson \$275 for the damaged car, and the latter accepted the offer on the spot. He said he had no use for a damaged car as he had another automobile at home in his garage.

Farmeretts Go on Strike

High School Girls Force Farmer to Pay \$1.50 a Day.

Demanding \$1.50 a day, thirty-five high school girls between the ages of 17 and 20, who were working on a fruit farm near Winona, went out on strike. The contract at the beginning of the season was that a minimum of \$1 a day should be paid, with piece rates of 4 cents per basket. However, if the majority of the pickers in a patch did not earn \$1 a day provision was made that they could be put on hour rates at 15 cents an hour.

Farmeretts Go on Strike

The women's branch of the Ontario government employment bureau was communicated with and it was found that a number of the girls were not really doing sufficient work to earn the minimum wage. They were told to go back to work and the farmer, rather than have the berries spoil, agreed to pay them \$1.50 a day.

Try to Influence Jews to Encourage Turks

Paris, August 1.—Important conferences have been held in Constantinople, according to reports from Berne, in regard to Palestine. The Turkish Government and various Zionist societies through Turkey and the Central Empires were reported.

Germany is understood to be trying to use the Jews to enlist the sympathy of their co-religionists all over the world in order to obtain back for Turkey her old dominion over Palestine, hoping thereby to fall at least one of the promises she made to restore Turkey's power in the Mediterranean in return for Turkey's participation in the war. Promises which the Porte is beginning to fear will never be kept.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Kearns, Jr. and babies, Vincent and Ray, returned on Saturday to Toronto after spending two weeks with Mrs. Kearns mother, Mrs. J. Foster, of Albert St.

PERT PARAGRAPHS

Gathered by Our Exchange Editor and Condensed Down to Make Spicy Reading.

Why Socialism Thrives

Mrs. Beeman-Smalley whoever she is, hired a Pullman drawing room for her pet Pomeranian, had his meals served from the diner, had a French maid to wait on him and had him carried from the train at Chicago in a miniature sedan chair.

Name for Women Flyers

London, July 31.—The coming of the woman aviator promises to infuse a new war name on a long-suffering public. Already "aviateuse," "aerette," "airlady" and "aerielite" have been suggested for them.

At Last a Truthful Man

A Carrallton citizen who every summer goes to the Northern lakes returned last week from his annual outing and confessed that he hadn't caught a single fish, and the Carrallton Republican-Record says Diogenes may now blow out his light and lie down to pleasant dreams.

Called on Eve of Marriage

Rev. S. W. Hann, of Sandwich, who volunteered four years ago to serve as a chaplain in France, was notified on the eve of his marriage to report for duty—Kingston Standard.

Quibble Prussian Efficiency

Serious considerations of a plan to invade Canada from this country with 100,000 German speerists was exactly what might have been expected from the Kaiser's agents here. The quibbliness of Prussian efficiency is one of the most amazing qualities.—New York Sun.

Never Retreat

A Danish engineer has invented a "steel soldier" to stand in the forefront of battle and never retreat. Look out for the first huge order from Austria.—Montreal Star.

Curtailed Divorce Business

If, owing to the objection which many have on religious grounds, to the granting of divorces, it is not deemed expedient to establish divorce courts in Ontario and Quebec, the Canadian Parliament might well diminish the evil—for an evil it is—of the present practice of Parliamentary divorce courts, where such exists, and thus limit the disagreeable divorce business at Ottawa to cases arising in Ontario and Quebec.

Strikers Arrested

Duluth, Minn., July 31.—Two hundred striking laborers from the Great Northern Alouex ore docks were arrested last night on state warrants, after refusing to await consideration of their grievances by the War Labor Board. The roundup of the strikers continued all night. The majority of the men arrested are Finns.

The Roosevelt Record

Among U.S. families the Roosevelt undoubtedly hold the war record. The five sons of the ex-president and a son-in-law went to the front. One son has been wounded and decorated by the French; another son, who has also been decorated, has been gassed and wounded; and a third son, Quentin, has been killed in action. The Colonel himself was not allowed to fight in France, but he is doing splendid work at home; while his cousin, Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary to the navy, has had much to do with the highly successful contribution which the navy is making to the war at sea.

Seized Another Barrel

Guelph.—License Insp. O'Brien yesterday seized another barrel of liquor at one of the freight sheds. It contained several dozen bottles of wine, but the inspector wants to make sure that the sale and delivery of this is legitimate before he will allow it to be taken away. It is consigned to a resident on Huskisson street.

Life of Reichstag Extended Year

New York, July 31.—The Berlin Tagblatt, a copy of which has been received here, says it learns that a bill will be submitted to the Reichstag prolonging the life of that body another year. The legislative period of the present Reichstag, which would have terminated in January of this year, was extended for a year in 1917.

A further extension now is to be

made "because the end of the war is not yet to be foreseen," says the Tagblatt.

Widowers Included

Deputy Registrar Beresford calls attention to the fact that men of the original Class 1, under the Military Service Act, that it is men between the ages of twenty and thirty-four years who have become widowers without children on or subsequent to May 8, 1918, automatically pass into Class 1 and must report for service or claim exemption within ten days from the date upon which they become widowers.—Guelph Herald.

Attacked by a Cow

Lindsay, July 31.—Miss Irene Smith, of Cameron, was painfully injured when she was attacked by a cow in a pasture field. The beast caught Miss Smith on its horns and tossed her violently in the air. As a result the young lady suffered a fracture of the ankle and dislocation of the leg.

Mrs. Myrtle Neal, twenty-five years old, of Cheyenne, Wyo., arrived at Omaha, Neb., in men's clothing. She said she "rode the rods" of a freight train, holding her three-year-old baby in one arm, part of the way to Omaha.

Lindsay Man Fined

J. J. Hendricks, of Lindsay, was fined \$8.70 in Police Court this morning for failing to report an automobile accident in which he was involved. On Saturday, July 20, he was driving south on Water street when he bumped Joplin & Sons' car as it backed out of their lane north of Brock street. The Hendricks car failed to stop, but the little Ford followed its smoke down Water street and reported its number to the police.

Smokers Cause of Fires

Men who smoke are, we believe, responsible for more fires at this season than any other one cause. How fires are caused, the influence of the weather, and what amount of damage they do are told in Bulletin No. 64, "Forest Fires in Canada," just issued. This is the first attempt on systematic lines to give the statistics of fires for the whole of Canada and to classify their causes. By this means the most prolific sources of fires are shown so that means may be applied for their prevention. A copy of this Bulletin may be had free upon application to Director of Forestry, Ottawa.—Bowmanville Statesman.

Felled Completely

"A battle is a living thing," said Hindenburg shortly after the great German offensive began in March. "It must grow and develop." It is Foch who is now giving emphasis to the dictum of the German field marshal. In nine days the Franco-American counter offensive on the Soissons-Chateau-Thierry line has developed into one of the decisive battles of the war. The only question at issue now is whether it is to remain a German defeat or be turned into a German disaster, with all the inevitable consequences of disaster at this stage of the war. But whether the armies of the crown prince are trapped or whether they manage to save themselves from the ring in which Foch is enveloping them, we can count on one thing as certain. The German offensive on the western front is ended insofar as it involves a distinct military menace to the Allies. The monumental plan of the German general staff has failed, and failed completely.—New York Sun.

Stripped of His Uniform he Nearly Needs Barrel

New York, July 31.—When James Owens, of Atlantic City, pleaded guilty in Newark, N.J., to wearing unlawfully the uniform of a sergeant in the Medical Corps of the army, Judge Haight, of the United States District Court in Newark, sentenced him to three months in the Essex County Penitentiary and ordered that the uniform be taken off the man immediately. "But, your honor, the prisoner has no other clothing here," said a marshal. "I don't care," said Judge Haight. "He has pleaded guilty to wearing that uniform unlawfully and he is not going to disgrace it further by wearing it to jail."

"I'll get a barrel somewhere," said

the marshal. "Get what you please so long as you get that uniform off him," replied the judge. "Owens was taken to the prisoners' pen outside the courtroom until a suit could be obtained for him."

Says Draftees are Doing Great Work

BRIGADIER-GENERAL SWIFT RETURNS FROM FRONT

"The new Canadian army—the draftees—is a splendid organization. The men already in France are doing excellent work, and their spirit is fine. In many respects they comprise a more formidable force than the volunteer troops, by reason of the fact that there is more uniformity with respect to age and physique, and because they have had the advantage of training under officers who have returned after seeing service overseas." The speaker was Brigadier-General A. E. Swift, who has just returned to Canada after having been "over there" since the early days of the war, and who is in the Capital for a few days.

Brig.-Gen. Swift stated that the spirit permeating all of the Allied forces was one of absolute confidence, while the morale of the enemy had for some time been declining. The arrival in France of the Americans stimulated the French and British to a marked degree.

Prospects of Bumper Harvest

Brig.-Gen. Swift stated that the food situation in the Old Country was steadily improving. Increases in rations have recently been allowed, and prospects are for a bumper harvest, which, with the improvement in the shipping situation, makes for a decided improvement in conditions.

When the war broke out Brig.-Gen. Swift was on the permanent staff, as inspector of arms and ammunition. Joining the 12th Battalion, composed of Quebec City and New Brunswick men, he went over with this unit as second in command, with the rank of major. In December, 1914, he was appointed to the 1st Canadian Divisional Staff, with which he proceeded to France in February of the following year. Four months later he was made second in command of the 2nd Battalion, and in August, 1915, he succeeded General Watson as G.O.C. of this unit. The appointment to the rank he now holds was made in November, 1916, when he was named commander of the 14th Canadian Infantry Brigade, Fifth Division.—Ottawa Journal-Press.

Little Girl Killed

When Buffalo Automobile Jumped Over Curb

Buffalo, July 31.—Mary Petronio, six years old, 20 Trenton avenue, was killed instantly and her sister Rose three years old, was badly hurt on the head when the two were run over by an automobile while they were playing on the sidewalk next door to their home at eight o'clock last night. The automobile according to the police, was driven by Daniel Tomaseulo, 218 Etna street, who ran away after the accident.

The automobile was going north in Trenton avenue. The little girls were romping close to the house on the sidewalk. Witnesses said that the automobile swung suddenly to the side of the street and went over the curb, crashing into a stone wall next to the Petronio home. Mary was struck by the fender of the car and pinned against the wall. Her chest was crushed and her neck broken. Rose was also struck by the fender, but was thrown to one side.

Had Remarkable Escape in Toronto

Fell 30 Feet and Landed on the Vacant Seat of an Auto Truck

Toronto, July 31.—Overcome by the shock of 2,300 volts from a live electric wire, Robert Cameron, a Hydro employee, fell 30 feet from the top of a pole through the hood and into the only vacant seat of an automobile truck which was standing at the side of the pole, and bounced out into the road, falling feet first, with heavy spurs on, just missed striking a fellow workman who sat in the space next to where he landed. Cameron sustained burns about both hands, due to the shock, and an injury to the right from the fall. The mishap occurred on the Danforth avenue yesterday afternoon when a squad of fifty men were en-

gaged in doing some repair work. The auto into which he fell was the property of the Hydro, and was used by the men for carrying supplies and tools.

Strasser Fined \$100

Guelph—Geo. Strasser, who was arrested on July 15th on a charge of having in his possession a copy of "The Finished Mystery," one of the text books published by the International Bible Students' Association, and which has been forbidden by the Dominion Government to be in the possession of a resident of Canada, appeared before Magistrate Watt for trial in morning. Through his counsel, Mr. N. Jeffrey, a plea of guilty was entered. Mr. Jeffrey said this man was not a member of the International Bible Students' Association and that he had forgotten all about having a copy of this forbidden book in his possession. This, however, he admitted did not excuse him and he must be penalized for his forgetfulness. The magistrate imposed a fine of \$100 and costs on Strasser. Mr. Jeffrey asked for permission to take the book away, and his request was granted.

Poultry Diseases Responsible for Big National Loss

At least fifty per cent. of the chickens, young ducks and turkeys, and ten per cent. of the adult birds, die each year from diseases, many of which are preventable. This is an annual national loss of probably millions of dollars that should be avoided to a large extent.

War conditions make it imperative that farmers and poultrymen as far as possible should stop this enormous leak. To do this every breeder should pay strict attention to the general conditions of his flock. When anything unusual is noted in a fowl, it is advisable to place the affected individual in separate quarters. If within a short time recovery does not take place, it is unwise to destroy the fowl without first ascertaining the cause of the disorder. The prevalence of disease is more often the cause of failure than the lack of practical knowledge and the extreme importance of keeping the quarters clean; isolation of all infected fowls and immediate action in regard to finding out the cause cannot be too strongly impressed upon the poultryman.

When trouble occurs, forward to the Biological Laboratory, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, Ont., a live but sick fowl, or, in the absence of such, a dead bird. In the interval disinfect the quarters, runs, drinking fountains and feed dishes to check the spread of any infectious disease.

Disinfect the poultry houses by spraying the interior with a lime-wash solution (50 lbs stone lime slaked in a barrel of water plus one gallon of a good commercial disinfectant). Fill cracks and crevices to destroy mites, lice, etc. If a smaller amount is required it may be prepared by adding two and a half pounds of lime to a pail of water plus half a teaspoonful of disinfectant.

Keep a crop growing in some part of the yards and alternate poultry and crops. If the runs are small cover with a coating of air-slaked lime and dig up. If the runs are too large to dig, plough and cultivate before sowing. Rape is a good crop for this purpose. Rear all chicks on fresh soil.

Although these precautions may appear unnecessary, it is the only way of combating many disease conditions affecting poultry, which if left to themselves will undoubtedly prove decidedly costly in the long run.

S. S. NO. 5 THURLOW

- List of promotions: Sr. III to Jr. IV: Vera Lloyd, Harry Kleinsteuber, Kenneth McMullen, Bert Spencer, Jr. III to Sr. III: Nellie Reid, Jack Cole, Horace Palmer, Sr. II to Jr. III: Mae Stevenson, Marjorie Cranston, Richard Cranston, Pearl Spencer, Russel Kleinsteuber, Harold Bird, Sr. I to Second: Aletha Bird, Hazel Rutter, Clarence Salisbury, Primo to First: Windsor Bushell, Lawson Kelley, Malcolm Bird, John Townsend, Teacher—Marion A. Minto.

20,000 Men Needed to Garner Crop in West This Fall

Winnipeg, July 31.—A meeting of railway and Government officials was held here yesterday morning to deal with the question of harvest help. Twenty thousand men will be needed in Western Canada this autumn. Special rates will go into effect on August 1st from Eastern Canada, of one cent a mile for harvest workers, to be effective until August 31. The same rate will be effective for workers from United States between August 20 and September 10. These rates will also be effective from various cities in the west to country points. The first train of harvesters from the east is expected to arrive in Winnipeg about August 20.

Jumped From Plane

French Aviator Made 600-Yard Drop With Parachute

With the American Army in France, July 31.—Captain Sarret, a French aviator, has carried out the first experiment on record of falling from a moving airplane with a parachute. He dropped 800 yards with an umbrella 12 yards in diameter and landed safely. He occupied and fell from the observer's position, but similar experiments for the pilot will be undertaken soon.

The aviator crawled out of his seat when the plane was above smooth ground and hung by his hands with the parachute firmly attached to his body and lightly attached to the airplane. When he jumped the parachute opened perfectly and bore him to the ground, where he landed unharmed. This is the first time that an aviator has jumped from a machine with a parachute. Experiments which have been carried on during the past have been made with sand bags, which were cut loose at varying heights.

Although the trial was made at a height of 800 yards, it is declared there is no objection to jumping a greater distance, since the parachute has an even better chance to open. When successful the employment of parachutes will save the lives of many aviators as they will be able to leave their flaming machines.

Made \$25,000 Haul

Robber Bound and Gagged the Express Messenger

Charlottesville, Va., July 30.—An express car on a westbound Chesapeake and Ohio passenger train passing through here today was robbed by an unidentified white man, who bound and gagged Express Messenger Marshall of Washington. The safe was emptied of all valuables.

When the train reached Staunton the express messenger was untied and told of the robbery. He said the bandit entered the car soon after the train left Charlottesville and held him up at the point of a pistol. After tying him up securely, he said the robber took his keys and opened the safe. No estimate of the value of the bandit's haul was made in first reports of the holdup reaching here.

Railroad officials assumed that the bandit left the train at Basic City, the only stop between Charlottesville and Staunton.

Although express company officials refused to discuss the robbery, later reports reaching here said the robber got away with not less than \$25,000 in valuables. A considerable amount of currency was in the safe, it was said, representing the payroll of a west ern concern. The money was taken, but packages of bonds were not disturbed.

Disease Sweep Over Germany

Not "Spanish Influenza"; Much More Serious.

Paris, July 31.—The state of health in Germany appears to have become a source of worry to the Imperial Government. German newspapers for several days have exhibited a marked soberness over the news reports apparently having escaped the censor with certain very clear statements relative to the numerous epidemics now raging in nearly every large city.

The Neue Zuerche Zeitung announced recently that the German censor had forbidden the publication of any news of the progress of the epidemic, which at first was mis-

OATS PRESAGE VICTORY, MANY FARMERS THINK

Among the list of omens of war, which are vital to victory, there is none more important than the oat crop of Canada, the food for man and beast and of the most valuable of the farmer's field crops, and in the oat plants themselves this year many people profess to find a portent of coming victory for the allied arms.

For some weeks, observant people in the agricultural districts, have pointed out a curious phenomenon in connection with the structure of the leaves of the oats, which many claim was observed in the year the British arm triumphed in South Africa. The sign or portent is to be found on the flag leaf of the oats. The sign can be variously interpreted as the letter "B" or the figure "8" some of the leaves looked more like the one and some the other.

Does it mean that 'victory' is coming to the British arms in 1918? Such is the interpretation given to the phenomenon by the superstitious who declare they looked in vain for the sign last year and the year before, remembering the portent of victory in 1902.

How to Find It

The sign may be seen by anyone. It is to be found on the oat leaf, which is the leaf nearest the head of the grain. To find it, pull the leaf, in doing which it is unnecessary to injure the grain, and spread the lance-shaped front flat on a table under a strong light. It makes no difference which side of the leaf is uppermost as the mysterious sign can be seen on either side. About one-third of the distance, from the place where the leaf joins the plant to the tip, there is usually, but not always, an appreciable narrowing of the leaf.

which the Swiss press, because of the ravaging effects upon the Berlin population, declares to be "much more serious." The public hospitals in Berlin already are overtaxed in caring for the legions of wounded soldiers arriving from the western front, but they have had to make room for thousands who fell in the streets from the disease. Scores of deaths are reported each day in the army, and the army doctors also declare the condition of the troops, particularly those in the interior, to be alarming. The number of deaths among them is far from being insignificant.

The Lokal Anzeiger learns that typhus cases in many sections of Berlin and the surrounding country have been attributed by the local authorities to the consumption of infected milk. As a result the Minister of the Interior has addressed a note to the Berlin municipal government and the police, ordering that dealers stop selling unsterilized milk, under threat of a heavy penalty, and ordering that where it is impossible to obtain sterilized milk none shall be drunk.

The Strassburger Post also learns that the epidemic of malaria raging in certain parts of the country, especially in Baden, was caused by germs brought to Germany by soldiers returning from the Balkans. In the Black Forest and Baden the local government has created special sanitariums to care for the thousands who have been stricken.

Movies a Hit in Palestine

Jerusalem Fans Throw Stones at the Villain and Cheer the Hero.

New York, July 31.—Alan B. Stewart, a Portland business man returning home after a trip through Palestine, discussed conditions in the Holy Land at his hotel. He said that the movie had hit Jerusalem hard. The cinema introduced to public use by the soldiers of General Allenby's command had filled a want long felt by the natives, and business was booming.

"Many of the natives," Mr. Stewart said, "never had seen the motion picture until recently, and when enthusiastic friends finally persuaded them to go they were at first frightened and then mystified. They quickly, however, became hardened fans, and right now they are developing into serious-minded critics, with pronounced tastes in what they do and don't like in pictures.

"The two favorite brands of reels are Wild West shootings and scenes of ice and snow. The pictures showing Iceland and Newfoundland are prime favorites, and many of the people on hot nights get quite cool watching polar bears eating ice or

and right at this point, impressed through the leaf," as it were, as though with a large type, is the letter "B" or the figure "8" plain to the eye.

An explanation of the sign which finds favor with some, is that it is connected with the new star, for many people believe that astral visitors have a special influence on crops. The grapovine is supposed to be peculiarly susceptible to the influence of comets, and wine produced in the years when comets, in the course of their erratic orbit, pass the earth is supposed to be better than in other years and the supposition during last century has been proved on many occasions, commencing with the visit of Halley's comet in 1811. "Comet Port" was especially sought by connoisseurs of wine.

Influence of Comets

And comets themselves, whether or not they can influence the growing crops, are believed in many lands to presage war. And old Scotsman who remembers the Crimean war, remembers also the visit of the comet that year.

The strange part of the appearance of the sign on the oat leaf this year is that it should be this year. With the portent of victory in South Africa in 1902 it may safely be assumed that eager eyes scanned the leaves last year and the year before and people there are who see in the sign the interpretation of the recent war despatches which tell of the defeat of the German arms and the discomfiture of the Crown Prince's forces.

Stories of the discovery of the sign are not confined to any one field or any one locality, but are widely scattered over the farms of old Ontario.

rolling around in the snow. The Jerusalem patron is a demonstrative fan; he speaks out "in church" when he wants to express approval or disapproval. For instance in the Wild West pictures, when the villain plants himself back of a rock and prepares to draw a bead on the good-looking hero, the crowd is apt to throw a few rocks at the screen; the worst they do is to whoop out a warning chorus.

"When the villain is finally killed off, there is a general nodding of heads and muttering of thanks.

Mr. Stewart said that Jerusalem had only one theater when he left, but that plans were being made to form a chain of playhouses.

HIG ISLAND

We had a delightful rain on Monday night. The farmers in this vicinity are busy working in the hay.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Peck and Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Kerr were Sunday visitors of Mr. and Mrs. T. Carr. We are pleased to report that Stanley Sprague is better.

The next meeting of the W. I. will be held at the home of Mrs. T. Carr, the first Wednesday in August. Jay Sprague of Mountain View, who is helping his brother, J. E. Sprague on his farm here, had the misfortune to fall off the mower into the knives and cut his leg severely.

Mrs. W. Goodmurphy and daughter, of Bloomfield, spent several days last week with Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Goodmurphy.

Mary and Sidney Kerr spent over Sunday at Milford, the guests of Mr. Milton Walker and family.

Mrs. George Emery is staying with her sister at Ameliasburg.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hallett entertained company from Stirling on Sunday.

Mr. U. Nelson, of Demorestville, had the misfortune to collide with another car on the Marsh bridge and backed his car into the marsh. Fortunately no one was hurt.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Purtille and Alford spent Sunday evening at J. E. Sprague's.

Quarterly service will be held at the village on Sunday morning.

When a newspaper gives you a lot of free advertising in order to boom some concert or church entertainment which you are interested in, keep track of the number of lines that are printed week by week, and multiply that number by the regular advertising rate of the paper. Compare the results with the actual money value of any favor you can get from any other business concern. Then take into consideration the fact that advertising and circulation are the only two things that a newspaper has to sell, and in these days of higher prices, how much do you think they ought to give away for nothing?

A of

A few weeks account in the pe in the course of for the prosecution both declared, all words, that any observed the beha men conductors easily understand must arise betw passengers. A tri I pricked up my Surely some c some constant repon would enter these ugly ma Not a word. Any ments, if they we ed, were an inju have stirred dich Browning and flaming protests. Amid all the m less times, notli society seems to of sincere admira and patience tram-conductors long since become dom. Cars that and crippled vet cleaned up for diminishing in month, while t carriages are not therefore crumme The passage dow passage it can like a sardine t decent soap (the which everyone i leaps to the nos on the back plat front by the dr array of basket sacks of potatoes, huge packages of be-parcelled ladie from a hunt thro once held in ill- smuggling. (The date. The trade i its underhand ch itself in broadest benefit of owners and profiteers of life.) Life on these comfortable. Grow ing, with never a polite word on the panionable. I quizzed, knecded hat tickling or sc time; at every to before every cur ribs, or stomach, goes on all day t the close of the places of amuse Satan alone knu whether our Evr the move.) In fr ears, and late, t cigars, cigarettes, some weed which commands it, we The stink alone. Worse still, in the is the cloud of g not only the eyes mantle and hat, ditions equally people in all ran lacking in public unaware of the t ing this misma vegetable into t and children in would yesterday, aginable, then b ounce must be pu That, at least, wo of novelty. Sure confirmed smok On the other ha bidding passage front door of abolished. Now overflying in a human beings, th this door closed common-sense. rule were abolis by the door w loading and unlo cargo facilitated "Move a little please," would no "obeyed. People convenient to ge than to come th elbows through of the central pa with newspapers official," where ov wives of Privy strap-hanging sh And in this c ful confinement, and storm, in c over in the stin little women of

A GLIMPSE of GERMANY

By MAXIMILIAN HARDEN
IN THE "ZUKUNFT"

A few weeks ago there was an account in the paper of a libel case, in the course of which the counsel for the prosecution and the court both declared, almost in so many words, that anyone who had observed the behaviour of the women conductors on the trams could easily understand how often disputes must arise between them and the passengers. A trifling little lawsuit, of the kind that attracts no attention I pricked up my ears and waited. Surely some estimable editor or some "constant reader" with a ready pen would enter a protest against these ugly masculine sentiments. Not a word. And yet these statements, if they were made as reported, were an injustice such as would have stirred Dickens and Mill, Mrs. Browning and Mary Evans, to flaming protests.

And all the misery of these senseless lines, nothing in any rank of society seems to me more deserving of sincere admiration than the devotion and patience of our women tram-conductors. The tramway has long since become a place of martyrdom. Cars that resemble infirm and crippled veterans pertinently cleaned up for some outbreak; diminishing in number month by month, while taxis and horse-carriages are not to be had, and therefore crammed past endurance. The passage down the middle (if passage it can be called) stuffed like a sardine tin. The want of decent soap (the only want about which everyone is not complaining), leaps to the most Twelve passengers on the back platform; ten in the front by the driver. Within an array of baskets, portmanteaux, sacks of potatoes, breakable utensils, huge packages of clothes, and smartly be-parcelled ladies returning home from a hunt through the suburbs, once held in ill-repute as homes of smuggling. (The reproach is out-of-date. The trade has long since lost its underhand character and flaunts itself in broadest sunshine for the benefit of owners of ancient wealth and profiteers of recent enrichment.)

Life on these cars is not exactly comfortable. Growing and grumbling, with never a friendly, hardly a polite word on their lips, the uncompanionable freight is pressed, squeezed, kneaded together. A straw hat tickling or scratching you all the time; at every touch of the brake, before every curve, a knock in the ribs, or stomach, or back. And so it goes on all day long, not only after the close of the business houses and places of amusement (the sun or Satan alone know whence and whether our eyes are now always on the move.) In front and behind, early and late, there is smoking—cigars, cigarettes and open pipes; some weed which, because custom commands it, we still call tobacco. The stink alone is had enough. Worse still, in the perpetual draught is the cloud of smoke, endangering not only the eyes, but also the coat, mantle and hat, under present conditions equally irreplaceable. If people in all ranks of society are so lacking in public decency as to be unaware of the impropriety of puffing this misma of misbegotten vegetable into the faces of women and children in such a crowd as would yesterday have been unimaginable, then bad manners (for once must be publicly forbidden. That, at least, would have the charm of novelty. Surely even the most confirmed smoker could abstain for the brief space of a tram journey. On the other hand, the rule forbidding passengers to leave by the front door of the car should be abolished. Now that the cars are overflowing in every corner with human beings, the bolt which keeps this door closed is a sin against common-sense. If this senseless rule were abolished, the deadlock by the door would be relieved, the loading and unloading of swarming cargo facilitated and the request to "Move a little further forward, please," would not be so reluctantly obeyed. People would find it more convenient to get out at the front than to come thrusting with their elbows through the narrow furrow of the central passage, all rustling with newspapers with the "latest official," where even flappers and the wives of Privy Councillors are strap-hanging side by side.

And in this crowded and dreadful confinement, in rain and snow and storm, in cold and heat, for ever in the stink of nicotine, the little women of the tram-service

hold rule and governance. To take the fares, to give change, to clip the tickets, to call out the halts, to pull the bell once and twice, to dam the overcrowding of the car, to see that no one is hanging on behind, to look after the light, to keep the service-book and tickets in order, to reverse the pole and see that it is properly hooked in, to wipe the axles, to clear the mud from behind the lines, to direct the motions of the heavy car, to mend the cable on the roof with hemp substitute—all this falls to their lot. And they do it, in spite of their brief apprenticeship, as well as any man could—quietly, carefully, cleverly, with womanly patience. Often on for twelve hours at a stretch, sometimes longer. Nothing to drink. For food, at best a hunk of bread with something indescribable spread upon it. How they stand it is a mystery. Certain that in the long run their womanhood must go to pieces. Pathetically their pale faces, with skin like an ungreased strap, gaze out in front as they are nearing the end of their appointed stretch of line. "I was so certain of getting off. [Not a bit of it! Must do another round. Another hour and a-half. Makes twelve in all. And not a drop of coffee. What can she be up to?"

Will they have a good rest afterwards? First cook the dinner. Potatoes and, with luck, sorrel soup. Must have a drop of something warm in my inside. Then to my bunk. Six hours later, off again. No time to do my room till tomorrow. Or, in God's own morning hour, when you put the question: "Why are you looking so tired already?" you get the answer: "I was back at the garage with the last car at one. Saturday too. Accounts to be made up, and I had to help a new girl who was so nervous that she could not get through them. When I got home at three I had a cake to mix. It is my little girl's birthday. The least I could do for the kiddie was to get her a bit of something sweet. Her dad's at the front and she hardly sees her mother. Such a running around I had to get the bit of yeast; to let it be wasted would have been a sin. When the alarm woke me this morning I found the pot covered up by my bedside. How I crept in last night I don't know. But from four to six is too little sleep. I was glad little Frieda didn't wake up; it would have spoilt the surprise." She had hardly time for a sigh in between the everlasting. "Anyone here without a ticket?" Clumsily built, yet she winds like a lizard through the throng. "The third stop from here." No; you must take No. 8." At the front door: "Your fare, please." Not a single alteration did I see in which the conductress was to blame; but a hundred times I heard rough sarcasms and impertinent answers. "Fall up, please to step off: the gentleman (short morning coat, boots with parti-colored insets, fat pearl in his necktie, close-cut moustache, eye-glass—can't you see him?) stirs not a muscle. Please to step off." "You will catch cold, miss." All-round chuckle from the passengers. "We stop here till you get off." None of your tickets with me; there are plenty more to be had, without a coupon. "Loving from the herring barrel. The little woman has to submit. Haven't you anything smaller, my lady?" "But I protest, surely you will change my two-mark note?" "I have been changing notes all the time; if everybody gives me two-mark notes!" Murmur from the neighborhood: "These awful women!" "Erbach street? I didn't know it. It's not a stopping place." "But you ought to know it. What are you here for? If one has the bad luck to be on a car with woman . . . Or," whispers a white-haired Red Cross sister, "with such ill-bred men?" "I must protest against such language. Be so kind as to mind your own business. You may have a medal, but you are far from being a picture. Ill-bred! I am a professor and you are a swine (Rindvieh)!" I step off the car.

Even in times like this a peep into such muddy depths of human nature is uncommon. But equally uncommon is the tribute of gratitude and respect which every woman worker has a right to claim from the public, even if her work is such as to leave her with blackened nails and hands ingrained with dirt. So, adapting a familiar line, I would say to my fellow-countrymen: "Give honor to women, O Germans, even on the trams!"

When the alarm woke me this morning I found the pot covered up by my bedside. How I crept in last night I don't know. But from four to six is too little sleep. I was glad little Frieda didn't wake up; it would have spoilt the surprise." She had hardly time for a sigh in between the everlasting. "Anyone here without a ticket?" Clumsily built, yet she winds like a lizard through the throng. "The third stop from here." No; you must take No. 8." At the front door: "Your fare, please." Not a single alteration did I see in which the conductress was to blame; but a hundred times I heard rough sarcasms and impertinent answers. "Fall up, please to step off: the gentleman (short morning coat, boots with parti-colored insets, fat pearl in his necktie, close-cut moustache, eye-glass—can't you see him?) stirs not a muscle. Please to step off." "You will catch cold, miss." All-round chuckle from the passengers. "We stop here till you get off." None of your tickets with me; there are plenty more to be had, without a coupon. "Loving from the herring barrel. The little woman has to submit. Haven't you anything smaller, my lady?" "But I protest, surely you will change my two-mark note?" "I have been changing notes all the time; if everybody gives me two-mark notes!" Murmur from the neighborhood: "These awful women!" "Erbach street? I didn't know it. It's not a stopping place." "But you ought to know it. What are you here for? If one has the bad luck to be on a car with woman . . . Or," whispers a white-haired Red Cross sister, "with such ill-bred men?" "I must protest against such language. Be so kind as to mind your own business. You may have a medal, but you are far from being a picture. Ill-bred! I am a professor and you are a swine (Rindvieh)!" I step off the car.

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To Grow Tomatoes Most Successfully

If you are growing tomatoes to a single stem, be sure to remove all side shoots before they become of any size. All the extra food which is used in their growth is wasted and the breaking off of large shoots injures the plants. When August 15th comes it is well to nip off all the growing ends so that the fruit will finish ripening, also open out the plant, if very thick, to allow the sunlight in.

When first fruits begin to ripen, apply nitrate of soda—a teaspoonful in a watering can full of water—to the plants twice a week to make a liquid manure and use it instead. These are more especially valuable after the growth has been stopped. Keep a dust mulch around the plants. If the weather is very dry, soak the ground around them thoroughly in the evening, then make a new mulch in the morning.

When the first fruits in staked tomatoes are beginning to color, remove one-half of each leaf. This will hasten the ripening. Sunlight is necessary for rapid ripening. Leave only growth enough on your plants to carry what fruit will ripen before frost. There is no use in allowing more to set than will be of use to you and the fruits you leave will be larger.—A. H. McLennan, Ontario Vegetable Specialist.

17 Infants Die

One Week's Toll During Hot Spell in Ottawa

Seventeen little tots under two years of age died in Ottawa during the hot weather of last week. In most cases the death toll represents the taking away of the lives of babies who really never had a fighting chance owing to malnutrition or to unhealthy surroundings. Wonders are being accomplished by the nurses connected with the three local milk stations.

Local Canadian Patents

The Titanium Alloy Mfg. Co., of Niagara Falls, N.Y., has recently secured two Canadian patents—one for the manufacture of Inoleum incorporated with a titanic material, and the other the manufacture of rubber incorporated with a compound of titanium, zinc oxide and sulphur respectively.

CAMPBELLFORD

Miss Bella Coleman is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Alex. Donald. Mrs. W. I. Stillman visited her mother in Lindsay, who is very ill. Miss Carter, of Toronto, is visiting her brother, Mr. H. Carter, Frank St. Mrs. Johnston, of Markham, spent a few days with her son, Mr. R. C. Johnston.

Mr. and Mrs. M. G. McCarty, of Toronto, are spending their holidays here. Mrs. Percy, of Stratford, who has been with her sister, Mrs. M. H. Frederick, returned home Tuesday. Miss Velma Runnels is spending the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. H. Lawson at Brighton.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Ballantyne and little daughter of Peterboro', spent the week-end with their parents here. Mrs. Harry Lawson and Master Moran of Brighton, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Runnells.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jeffs of St. Catharines, are visiting the latter's brothers, Messrs. John and James Irwin. Mr. and Mrs. Martin Stillman and Miss Colman, of Brantford are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Curle.

Mrs. McLennan, who has been visiting Miss Winnifred Hay has returned to her home in Kingston. Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Garrett and family, of Toronto, are spending a few weeks camping at Bradley Bay, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Irwin.

Miss Winnifred Armstrong accompanied by her niece, Dorothy Kingston, leaves today for Dwight, Muskoka, to spend the month of August. Misses Mae and Maud Sloggett, have just returned from a pleasant week's visit among friends in Prince Edward Peninsula.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Sargent and daughter, of Toronto, are visiting at the home of Mr. W. G. Thompson, Kent street. Mr. Thompson's father is on a visit from the States. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Reader, Mr. Reader, sr., and Mr. and Mrs. John Ploughman, of Scugog Island, Port Perry, motored down and spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Abernethy.—Herald.

A broken truck caused the ditching of twenty-three freight cars on the G. T. R. near Onondaga.

WHY DO NOT OUR WOMEN START COMMUNITY MARKETS?

Baltimore's War Food Bureau Opens Wholesale Markets at Twelve Schools, Where Women Can Get Supplies for Canning and Drying.

"Why are not women doing something about the high price of fruits and vegetables? We are having canning demonstrations but how can some of us get anything to can? Could not we start a special market like the Housewives' League did this year Christmas poultry was so high?"

"So asks a reader in a letter of protest. She goes on: "People with motor cars have some relief from the soaring prices. They can go to the country and buy at wholesale prices. But still others with plenty of money give the farmers at their very doors top-notch prices, so that many no longer need come to the market. Cannot something be done?"

Vancouver is one city where things are being done. There, best sockeye salmon which fish dealers were selling at 25 cents a pound is now procurable at 8 cents, and other kinds at five cents. Now a fruit and vegetable market is being planned to enable people living in so rich a fruit region to be able to buy some.

But from Baltimore comes a plan that will particularly appeal to women. There twelve community markets where housewives bought food-stuffs at wholesale prices have been opened. The venture, which had been made by the War Food Bureau with some experimental tremors, proved a thorough success. The eager housewives bought up every scrap of produce provided in a short space of time.

The community markets were located at the 12 schools, which have become food centers for the summer. They were established for the purpose of enabling women who wish to can and dry fruit for future use to procure it at more reasonable prices than those offered by the markets and retail stores. The stuff which is bought direct from the commission market, is sold at wholesale prices.

Hot Weather Happiness

One of our most valued exchanges gives four rules which, if followed, will wipe the perspiration from your brow and fan you while you sleep, during the heat of August. The wisdom of the ages, crystallizing in adages, has brought down to us four priceless rules for human conduct during midsummer:

"Keep your pores clean, your head cool, your bowels open and your conscience clear. To which we would add a fifth: "Don't fret about the thermometer forget it."

Of course, there are other summer rules which are also good. For example, summer is a fine time to let up on meat eating and to emphasize on salads. Almost anybody can have a little patch of lettuce, onions, spinach and the like, from which frequent salads can be made. They're inexpensive, nourishing, cooling and help you in the observances of that very important mandate about the bowels.

Fruits, too, are useful parts of the summer dietary, but you would do well to be very careful that the fruits you eat are fully ripened. Here is a rule with regard to fruits which, if observed, will save many

a doctor's bill: "If in doubt, stew." A stewed fruit is almost always digestible, but a green fruit may be a terror in the tummy.

Another suggestion, perhaps a minor one: "Fight shy of ice water. Slowly sipped when you're not overheated—and assuming, of course, that the water itself is pure—ice water is safe enough. But that isn't the way it is usually taken. Gulped immoderately when the bodily temperature is abnormally high, it chills the system and starts loads of trouble. Drink abundantly of hot water in the hot spells—there's little danger of over-drinking; your "inards" are flushed as much as your sewers—but let the beverage be only moderately cool. A handful of oatmeal or the juice of a lemon in a pitcher of cool water makes a fine jolt when Old Sol is cutting high jinks.

Finally—don't worry. It is idleness and thinking about the heat which make the heated term so trying. Don't overwork, but don't loaf, either—at least not for long at a time. Being interested in congenial work is one of the best aids there is to forgetfulness of heat.

Picked Up Around Town

Mr. George Wilson and other residents along the Marshall Road complain of serious losses of fruit by thieves. Mr. Wilson had two long rows of red raspberry bushes stripped of their load of fruit a couple of nights ago by night-time visitors and some of his neighbors had similar unbidden callers. Apples have also been disappearing in considerable quantities.

Ald. St. Charles is becoming a strong advocate of Zwick's Island as a public bathing place. Twice this week he visited this park and as a result he strongly favors the building of dressing houses.

This morning in police court Edward Snider was discharged, the charge of theft of a horse, buggy and harness from Mr. Frank Cooney having been dropped, as costs had been paid, the outfit returned, and compensation paid to Mr. Cooney. Crown Attorney Carnew

and Col. W. N. Ponton were the opposing counsel. A surprise was sprung on Snider as he was discharged when he was told that the constable would hold him as a deserter in view of his alleged statement that he had deserted from Barriefield. As a result of a long distance phone message an escort will be sent up from Kingston.

Police circles have been quite active for some time. Last night was quieter than usual, no arrests having been made.

"Dismissed with costs" was the judgment given by Magistrate Masson in police court this morning in an abusive language case. A mother of six children accused a well-known young man, who is her neighbor of calling her twelve year old boy an insulting name on Sunday, July 21st. Her story was supported by the boy. The defendant denied the charge and set up the defence that he had never used such language to any one and that at the time of the alleged utterance he was asleep, retiring from a heavy day's work on Satur-

day. Attorney W. Carnew for the crown and W. N. Ponton, K.C., for the defendant.

At the baseball match last night between the Vimys and Park Nines, Mr. Chas. Taylor had the misfortune to get struck in the arm with the ball while at the bat. He was given first aid by Mr. Geo. Powell, sr., after which he was hurried down town to a doctor. It is not known whether any bones were broken.

Mr. Sylvester Sills, Burton St. had two nice flower plants and pots stolen from in front of his residence on Wednesday evening. Mr. Sills takes a great pride in his flowers which adorn the front of his place of abode and if the guilty ones are caught it will not go easy with them.

The funeral of the late Amos Kehoe took place this morning from Messrs Tickell & Son's Company's funeral parlors to St. Michael's Church, where Rev. Father Killeen officiated at a solemn requiem mass. Interment was in St. James Cemetery, the bearers being Messrs W. Donahuc, J. Geary, H. Geary, Martin Wims, T. Hogan and Hugh Welsh.

Mr. Benjamin Thompson, Metamora, Mich., formerly of Moira, in a letter renewing his subscription to The Daily Ontario, informs us that crops in his section of the state are remarkably fine. Everybody is busy and no idlers are allowed. They must all either work or fight. The farmerettes are also doing their share. They are provided with uniforms by the Government, similar to those worn by soldiers, and work in the fields or on fruit farms to take the place of the men who have gone to fight. The country is responding to the call to arms with the utmost enthusiasm.

The funeral of Mrs. Meribeth N. Elliott, took place yesterday at 3 p.m. in St. Andrew's Church, Rev. A. S. Kerr, officiating. Interment was in Belleville cemetery. The floral tributes and large attendance testified to the high esteem in which she was held. The pallbearers were Col. Ponton, A. Boyce, D. M. Waters and J. W. Walker.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Rosina Turner took place on Friday afternoon from her late residence, the Rev. F. Anderson and Rev. Mr. Seymour officiating. Many floral tributes and a large attendance of friends were witnesses of the public esteem of the late Mrs. Turner. Interment was in Belleville Cemetery, the bearers being Messrs. L. Johns, W. Johns, W. M. Leslie, George Maybee, J. Donaldson and C. B. Scantlebury.

In Trenton police court on Thursday evening two young men were each fined \$200 and costs or 3 months in default for having liquor in a place other than their homes. Magistrate O'Rourke tried the case and Inspector Arnott laid the charges.

Aeroplane C 478 from Deseronto yesterday had a mishap near Massasauga church, when in landing the machine ran into a fence. The flyer was not hurt. The plane was slightly damaged.

Mrs. Townsend, of Donald St. has received the sad news that her husband, Pte. Edward James Townsend, has made the supreme sacrifice somewhere in France. A memorial service will be held for him tomorrow morning at the Victoria Avenue Baptist Church.

Mr. W. W. Knight, of the teaching staff has received the following strong endorsement of the overseas Y.M.C.A. from his son, Harold, now on active service in France. Harold enlisted over three years ago.—"You ask me what I think of the Y.M.C.A. I think it is good. Their canteens are the best in the country. The imperial fellows are delighted with the quick service they give. At an imperial canteen you wait until they are good and ready to serve you and they don't seem to care whether you get what you want or not. The Y.M.C.A. keeps a good stock of Canadian goods which are better than the English stuff. Baseball outfits and in fact, all sporting goods are given free. All one has to do is to ask for them. We (D.R.'s) have a gramophone and at Y.M.C.A. headquarters we get needles and new records whenever we want them."

A typographical error occurred in the report of an insulting language case in yesterday's issue. "Dismissed with costs" should have read "Dismissed without

costs."

Green corn was offered today on the market for the first time. It sold at 30 cents per dozen.

Massasauga Park has been definitely closed to the public by the present proprietors, the Ontario Rock Company. Parties who landed there lately have committed serious depredations and wanton damage to property. The company therefore has been compelled to protect itself by withdrawing the privilege of all.

Police Constable Smith made his third or fourth arrest of girls for vagrancy this week when he found two Deseronto girls, May Brown aged 19 years and Sadie Maracle, aged 22 years, walking on the railway track below the C.N.O.R. depot at 140 this morning. They were placed under arrest. In police court this morning they admitted the charge of vagrancy and were remanded until Monday for judgment and sentence.

Lt.-Col. Wilson is Going Overseas

Relinquishes Post of A.D.D.S.—Retires in Rank at Own Request.

Lt.-Col. J. M. Wilson, Assistant Director of the Dental Services, for the Third Military District, is going overseas shortly with the Dental Corps. Col. Wilson is retiring in rank at his own request and will leave in the course of a week for overseas.

Col. Wilson is probably one of the most popular officers of the garrison. It was under him that the Dental Corps was practically organized as a part of the C.E.F. and he was placed in the position of A.D.D.S. in this district in 1916, with the rank of major. His abilities were soon seen to good advantage, and he was promoted to the rank of lieutenant-colonel. Lt.-Col. H. E. Wilson, a brother, was formerly D.A.S. and Q.M.G. in this district, being succeeded by Brig-Gen. G. S. Maunsell.

The departure of Col. Wilson from the city will be a source of regret to his many friends. He is what they call in the army, a "good mixer," being equally as congenial with men of the rank and file as with men of his own rank in sporting circles he took a great interest, and his career overseas will be followed by a host of sporting men, both military and civil.—Kingston Standard.

Mine is Sold for \$100,000

FAMOUS PROPERTY THAT CAUSED WRECK OF FARMER'S BANK.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—By the payment of \$100,000, the company known as the Associated Gold Fields of West Australia, has secured possession of the Keeley mine, investment in which property was chiefly responsible for bringing about the collapse of the Farmer's Bank in December, 1910. When the bank assets were being disposed of, G. T. Clarkson, the liquidator only a nominal sum was held by the liquidator until three years ago when an option was given to the company which has now exercised its right of purchase.

The \$100,000 obtained will not benefit the unfortunate depositors, as the bank's failure was so disastrous that the assets were not sufficient to even the outstanding circulation, and the sum newly secured will merely recoup the other banks which stood surety for the payment of the notes.

A recent Cobalt despatch said that official estimates placed the value of ore in sight at the Keeley mine at upwards of \$250,000, the ore being for the most part, low-grade.

Too Many Holidays

The government is considering the action of the steel workers in the employ of the Dominion Iron & Steel company of Ottawa, who have recently been taking brief holidays. It is claimed that this discourages the operation of the industry. The adoption by the government of some definite measure of control of the situation is probable.

Dr. J. A. Faulkner has returned from Rochester, Minn., where he had been spending a few weeks taking a special course in certain branches of surgery.

WHEN LORD AND LADY MINTO PAID A VISIT TO BELLEVILLE

A friend has handed us for publication the following clipping from an old issue of the Daily Ontario, giving an account of the visit to our city of Lord and Lady Minto. Lord Minto was then governor-general of Canada and he afterwards became viceroy of India where he won signal honor for his splendid public services. He has since passed away. The visit to Belleville took place in 1903:

Belleville yesterday received a visit from Their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Minto under most favorable auspices. No more perfect weather could be imagined, and everything combined to make it pleasant and joyous event befitting the presence of the distinguished representatives of the King. The business men and citizens generally spared no pains to make their premises attractive with bunting and decorations of all kinds, which with the flags everywhere visible gave the city a beautiful holiday appearance.

The whole party drove rapidly up Victoria avenue, down Anne to Queen street, along to George street, down to Dundas and to the hospital, where Miss de Penster and her staff were waiting to receive them. After a few pleasant moments spent at the hospital, the party returned by way of Bleeker avenue and Bridge Street to Front street, where they proceeded to Victoria Park and driving around the park, proceeded up Front street, across the Upper Bridge to Moira street, then along Hillside street, Dunbar street and West Bridge street to Commercial street, and on to the D. and D. Institution. Here most perfect arrangements had been made for the spending of the fifteen minutes allotted time. The pupils were drawn up in front of the Institution and made a very pretty sight. To their right was No. 1 Co. of the Fortyninth. The vice-regal party were received on a beautiful carpet strewn with daisies. Superintendent Mathison welcomed them with a few well-chosen words, after which the pupils, led by Mr. Ballis, signed the National Anthem, which Mr. Denyes interpreted. Dr. Goldsmith, Mrs. Tyrrell, and the whole staff were then presented to Their Excellencies. Bouquets were presented to the distinguished ladies by the pupils. Before leaving His Excellency addressed a few words to the assemblage, stating that it was the first time he had ever seen an institution of the kind. The progress the children made was very wonderful to him, and he thought the pupils should be very grateful for what had been done for their behalf. He thanked them for their splendid reception.

The party then returned to the market station, where the guard of honor again presented arms as the vice-regal party entered the train, which at once moved off. Mr. J. J. B. Flint acted as marshal and a splendid appearance he made on horseback, which was remarked by the vice-regal party. To Mayor Graham, both Lord and Lady Minto expressed their very hearty appreciation of the splendid reception given them and the enjoyment of their visit. He said Belleville was the most beautiful city in Canada, and they were particularly impressed with the glorious shaded streets and beautiful bay.

The vice-regal party arrived shortly after 4 o'clock. Their special train was composed of the coaches Deptford and Victoria. The train was run down to the market square where the party alighted and were driven to Queen Victoria School, where they were greeted by hundreds of school children who were armed with Union Jacks. A carpet stretched from Church street to the raised platform at the main entrance to the school. Lord and Lady Minto were the first to alight and as they walked along, thirteen little girls strewed the path with flowers.

Arriving at the platform Lady Minto was presented with a beautiful bouquet of roses by Miss Evelyn McCarthy. Lady Aileen Elliott and Lady Ruby Elliott were each presented with bouquets by Miss Kathleen Lynch and Miss Gertrude Alford. Those who strewed the flowers were: Queen Victoria School—Julia Burrell, Jean McPherson, Marjorie Walters, Frances Blackburn, Octavia Street School—Mary Post, Louisa Symons, Grier Street School—Ruth Tenney Una Bell, Cannifton Road School—Edna Bowen, May McDonald, Pinnacle Street School—Mabel Kaiting, Separate School—Flora Patterson, Zeta Power.

The ladies in the carriages were then presented to Their Excellencies. The National Anthem was then sung by the children, after which Mayor Graham read an address. In reply, his excellency expressed the great pleasure it afforded him in visiting Belleville and the great pleasure he felt at the reception accorded him as a representative of His Majesty the King. In speaking of the Belleville educational institutions he complimented exceptionally good ones were seen in the happy, healthy faces about him. They had good lungs to cheer with, too. He hoped he would again have an opportunity to visit Belleville as he was much impressed by its beauty. He hoped the Mayor would grant the children a holiday for their reward in contributing so much to the pleasure of the governor-general's visit.

Three lusty cheers were then given for the governor-general. Mr. S. Burrows sang "Rule Britannia" and the children sang the chorus. It was splendidly rendered, the children's voices blending very sweetly. The pupils gave three cheers for the Empire and the vice-regal party and their friends started on their drive around the city. The procession then drove off as follows: First carriage containing Lord and Lady Minto, Captain Graham and Mayor Graham. Second carriage containing Lady Ruby Elliott, Lady Aileen Elliott, Captain Bell and W. B. Northrup, M.P. Carriage containing Mrs. Graham, Mrs. W. B. Northrup, Mrs. E. G. Porter. Carriage containing E. G. Porter, M.P., Col. Halliwell, Mrs. W. W. Pope, Mrs. J. W. Johnson. Carriage containing Aldermen Pope and Aid. Chown, Mrs. J. J. B. Flint, Mrs. Clarke. Carriage containing Col. Hendrick, U.S. consul, Mr. J. Frith Jeffers, and Mrs. and Miss Fairman, of New York. Carriage containing Aldermen McFos, Mr. R. Mathison, Mrs. Mathison, Miss Jean Sinclair. Carriage containing Aldermen Galbraith and Sulman, Miss Galbraith, Miss Pringle. Carriage containing Aldermen Marsh and Cooper, Mrs. Marsh, Mrs. Cooper. Carriage containing Alderman Panter and Mrs. Panter, ex-Mayor Johnson. Carriage containing Mr. R. C. Hulme, Mr. David Price, Mrs. W. B. Robinson, Mrs. (Col.) Halliwell. Carriage containing Mr. C. M. Stork, Mrs. W. W. Chown, Mrs. D. Price, Miss Vera Borbridge. Carriage containing Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Mikel, Alderman Sinclair. Carriage containing Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, Mr. E. J. Butler, Mr. J. P. Thomas. Carriage containing Mr. S. Burrows, Mr. W. B. Robinson, Mr. J. Ford, editor of The Intelligencer, Mr. H. Davis, editor of The Ontario. The guard of honor was taken from the Fifteenth and Forty-ninth Regiments. The Old Veterans were also a guard of honor at Victoria school. The members of the Board of Edu-

The King

Here are a few facts about England's king, presented in tabloid form: He is fifty years old. He has six children, five of them boys. He is one of the best wing shots in the world, an expert navigator, an authority on men-o'-war, and domestic in his tastes. He hates classical music and likes sprightly melodies. He has the best collection of babies' photographs. He makes the collection of postage stamps a hobby. He goes to the people of the humbler sections and carries sincere messages of goodwill to them.—New York Herald.

Has Come Back

BRANTFORD BOY MISSING OVER A YEAR RETURNS

Brantford, July 30.—Milton Ireland, who on April 12, 1917, disappeared after coming into the city to attend the Collegiate Institute, turned up most unexpectedly at the parental home last evening, and Harry and Mrs. Ireland with open arms awaited the prodigal son.

The search for the lad was kept up for many months, the police of Ontario being enlisted in the cause, with a reward of \$250 offered. Milton and his parents refused to divulge where he had spent the intervening time and why he had never written, but it is stated that the lad had been working on a farm near Oshawa for a time and had afterwards been on the road as a commercial traveller. He was but fifteen when he left home.

Awarded Medal for Life Saving

Royal Humane Society Presents Him With Handsome Token for Rescuing Drowning Lad From Canal.

The Royal Humane Society, with headquarters in Hamilton, have awarded a life-saving medal of the first class to Mr. John F. Pilcox, 39 Ware street, as a reward for his heroism in saving little Aiden Moore from drowning in the Trent Canal on April 27 last at the risk of his own life. The medal is of bronze and carries the following inscription: "Awarded to John F. Pilcox for rescue of Aiden Moore, Trent Canal, April, 1918." On the reverse side is an imprint of the royal crown with the words, "Royal Canadian Humane Association." On the top of the ribbon is the one word "Bravery," the whole making a decoration as ornamental as it is a distinguishing mark of honor.—Peterborough Review.

Hot Weather Hints

SIMPLE METHODS OF PASTEURIZING MILK AT HOME.

In a small tin pail or deep kettle place a saucer; put the milk in a sealer covered with a glass top, or in a milk bottle with cap or cover on, stand on the saucer, pour enough warm water (which is not hot enough to break the bottle) into the pail and fill to within four inches of the top of the bottle. Now stand pail and contents on stove and heat until the water begins to boil. Immediately remove bottle from the pail and let cool enough to handle; place the bottle on ice. If ice is not available, wrap bottle in a thin cloth place in pail of cold water, allowing cloth to keep wet. All pasteurized milk is to be consumed within twenty-four hours.

Woman Caused Excitement

Operation Too Much for Mother

Shock Caused Death of Mrs. Benthan, of Gananoque—Two Sons Overseas

Kingston—A very pathetic death is that of Mrs. Benthan of Gananoque, who came to the city to be near her young son who underwent an operation for appendicitis Thursday night at Hotel Dieu. On Friday night the mother, who had practically been an invalid for the past five years, died from the shock of the son's operation.

The Chain Prayer Idiocy

The vitality of the chain prayer idiocy is remarkable, and no matter how often it is exposed it never fails after a while again to "bob up serenely." The latest form of this folly that we have seen is a chain prayer for the soldiers and sailors of the United States, France and England. Again the devout soul is urged to write to seven different people, on each day, sending the chain prayer, and on the seventh day great joy will come to the writer. But in any case he must be careful not to break the chain. We wonder how people can be foolish enough to adopt this chain letter idea, as its absurdity is self-evident. Suppose that this particular chain were not broken, then in 91 days there would be 95,889,014,407 people in the chain. But as the world has only some 1,500,000,000, it is hard to see where the others are to come from. But if we could find them, the postage on letters at two cents would be \$1,937,120.08, and the letters, allowing one-half ounce to each, would weigh over 3,000,000,000 pounds. And if each postman delivered 1,000 letters a day, it would keep 3,000,000 men busy distributing this fool letter. There is need of prayer for our soldiers and sailors, but there is no need of the transparent foolishness of a chain letter to accomplish it. We venture to say that there is today no need of urging people to pray for the boys at the front, for they cannot forget those boys at the front day or night. But the chain prayer is a species of mental imbecility with which we find it hard to be patient. Despite its religious appearance, it is an idiotic performance.—Guardian.

Must Belong to Local Branch

Comrade Shanahan Loses His Office in Veterans' Association—President Parney so Rules—Status of Men Who Have Not Seen Service Discussed.

Toronto, July 30.—At the Great War Veterans' Association convention this morning the point was raised whether Vice President Shanahan, who is no longer a member of the Toronto Branch through failure to pay his dues, was entitled to hold office as a member of the Dominion Executive. After a brief discussion, the chairman ruled it was necessary to be a member of a local branch.

Freaks of Lightning

Whitby, July 29.—During the thunder storm of Saturday afternoon the home of Mrs. C. Brown, near Audley, Pickering township was struck by lightning and Sgt. C. E. Bradley, of Toronto, very badly burned. Sgt. Bradley, with a party of friends including Mr. and Mrs. J. Booth, Mrs. C. E. Ray, Mrs. Mabel Ray and Miss M. Jamieson, of Toronto, had arrived at Mrs. Brown's by automobile just before the storm broke. Miss Ray was standing inside the screen door looking out at the storm, when a bolt struck a cedar tree in front of the door, smashed the screen door to pieces, singed the hair of Miss Ray and knocked her to the floor, and passing in where Sgt. Bradley was seated, tore the boots and socks from his feet, tore his trousers and very badly burned his limbs, right up to his body. All the inmates in the house were violently thrown to the floor, but were otherwise uninjured.

Inspect These

Phaetons, Auto Seat Top Buggies, Platform Spring Democra Wagons, Steel Tudular Axle Wagons, Lolster Spring, Roy Mail Delivery Wagons, Factory Milk Wagons, Repairing Painting, Trimming, Rubber Tires, All kinds of Automobile repaired, painted and upholstered.

THE FINNIGAN CARRIAGE & WAGON CO. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO

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THE FINNIGAN CARRIAGE & WAGON CO. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO

Hot Weather Hints

SIMPLE METHODS OF PASTEURIZING MILK AT HOME.

In a small tin pail or deep kettle place a saucer; put the milk in a sealer covered with a glass top, or in a milk bottle with cap or cover on, stand on the saucer, pour enough warm water (which is not hot enough to break the bottle) into the pail and fill to within four inches of the top of the bottle. Now stand pail and contents on stove and heat until the water begins to boil. Immediately remove bottle from the pail and let cool enough to handle; place the bottle on ice. If ice is not available, wrap bottle in a thin cloth place in pail of cold water, allowing cloth to keep wet. All pasteurized milk is to be consumed within twenty-four hours.

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CAPITAL & RESERVE — \$1,000,000
TOTAL ASSETS — \$1,500,000

MONEY IN CATTLE

National demands make it essential that more cattle be raised immediately. "We must go on or go under"—the surest way to go under is by not keeping the Allied armies fed. The profit of raising cattle is enormous on account of the prices now prevailing and prices will continue high even after the war. Raise more cattle as a duty to the nation and your bank account. If financial help is required, consult our local manager.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE — WINNIPEG, MAN. 218
BELLEVILLE BRANCH, J. G. MOFFAT, Manager.
PICTON BRANCH, C. B. BEAMISH, Manager.

The Young Man's Best Recommendation

A Savings Account is more than a start towards financial independence—it is a mark of character. One of the strongest recommendations in the world of business that a young man can present, is a Merchants Bank Pass-Book, showing a record of consistent savings. A Savings Account may be opened with \$1.00, which shows how highly we regard the accounts of those who desire to save.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864
BELLEVILLE BRANCH, N. D. McFADYEN, Manager.
Safety Deposit Boxes to Rent.

STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO

Money Orders and Drafts are issued by this Bank payable in all parts of the world.

BELLEVILLE BRANCH

John Elliott, Manager

Office Hours 9:30 a.m. to 2:30 p.m.
Wednesdays, 9:30 a.m. to 12:00
Shannonville Office open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro Office open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Office open Wednesdays.

Home Seeker's Bureau

We have all kinds of Properties in every part of City and Country. Good bargains for investment or speculation. Let us show you some nice homes at right prices.

John Elliott, Manager

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Mr. W. E. Burke, of Toronto, is in the city attending the funeral of his uncle, the late Mr. Amos Kehoe.

Miss Maud Foxton, of Toronto is spending her holidays with her parents in the city.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. C. T. Scott leave today for Quebec province where they will spend their holidays.

Mr. R. Templeton and family left today for Rideau Ferry.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Good blood makes firm tissue, strong nerves, steady eyes and

Ex-Czar Propped Against Post and Shot Down

Was Given Only Two Hours' Notice
That He was to be Executed

Amsterdam, July 31.—Given two hours in which to prepare for the end, Nicholas Romanoff, former Russian emperor, was taken out by his executioners in such a state of collapse that it was necessary to prop him against a post, says the Lokai Anzeiger, Berlin, which claims to have received from a high Russian personage an account of the emperor's last hours.

Nicholas was awakened at five o'clock on the morning of the day of his execution by a patrol of non-commissioned officers and six men. He was told to dress and was then taken to a room where the decision of the Soviet council was communicated to him. He was informed the execution would be carried out in two hours.

With Great Calmness

The former emperor, it is added, received the announcement of the sentence of death with great calmness. He returned to his bedroom and collapsed in a chair. After a few minutes he asked for a priest, with whom he was allowed to remain unattended. Subsequently he wrote several letters.

When the escort arrived to take him to the place of execution Nicholas attempted to rise from his chair, but was not able. The priest and a soldier were obliged to help him to get to his feet. The condemned man descended the stairs with difficulty, and once he fell down.

Propped Against Post

As he was unable to stand without support when the place of execution was reached, he was propped against a post. He raised his hands and seemed to be trying to speak, but the rifles spoke and he fell dead.

Dr. Beland Anxious to see His Mother

London, July 31.—"I am looking forward to seeing my old mother again and my boy," said Hon. Dr. H. S. Beland, who recently reached here after three years' imprisonment in Germany, as I bade him farewell on shipboard just before his departure for Canada. "My mother is 84 years old and her great fear during my imprisonment was that she would die while I was away and I would never see her again, but she's waiting for me."

"We soon will meet my boy. He was ten when I left, and now he is fourteen."

Dr. Beland had a busy time here while waiting for a vessel where he could be accompanied by his daughter. He was especially delighted at the hearing of the Quebec recruits and marked the success of the visit of the French-Canadian troops and the Canadian editors.

"The chief thing that struck me about England after being in Germany was the great prosperity of the country and the great abundance of everything. The people lack practically nothing. Things are dear, but everyone is earning good money, and they have all they want to eat. After what I was told in Germany it is amazing."

Have You Declared War?

A new spirit has arisen lately, at least new for those of us on this side of the Atlantic. There is beginning to exist a sense of discrimination as to what is war work, real and proper. The question, over here, no doubt started where war has fixed its fangs into everyday living—over there. From the trenches this keen discrimination between what is essential and what is not, and what merely seems to be, has filtered through to the consciousness of those in the cities and hamlets where men and women toil for victory. Perhaps, because they have worked almost to the point of exhaustion, the less wearing work of others is attracting attention. At any rate, however it has come about, there is arising a sharp distinction between war work that is for victory and war work that is merely a pastime. Writing in the Illustrated London News of May 19, G. K. Chesterton sums up the difference between that patriotism which the general run of people have not yet sensed, and the real article which sinks all differences about means and all personal quarrels in the great fact that unless this war is

won, we perish. "One very simple way of making the truth," he says, "is to say that there is nothing we can complain of in any of our fellow-citizens or any of our Allies, which victorious Prussia would not impose on the world with all the evil proper to itself and with seven devils worse than itself. There is no disease of ours that we can try to cure which they would not merely make incurable. If the brazen militarist and materialist once strikes us down, he will stain us forever. We shall have lost the strength to reform and even the power to repent." Again he says: "The very existence of our nation is in deadly peril; the last hope of all nations really is pinned to a victory over Prussia."

English women are criticizing their staters at home who diabolic at "war-work"—just a little of this length. When one of the group falls out, the others grow faster; also thicker, stronger and darker. Growth depends upon the seasons, also.

IT IS WELL TO REMEMBER when deciding to have four eyes examined, that RAY—is the only exclusive Eyesight Specialist in Belleville, with him it is not a part of his business or a side line to be pushed when business in other lines is poor, but his entire time and study is given to this ONE THING—how to give the most restful vision and relief from eyestrain to those who consult him. Alexander Ray—the only exclusive Eyesight Specialist between Toronto and Kingston.

How Lt. Frederick Came to His Death

Mr. and Mrs. B. O. Frederick have received the following letters giving particulars of the death of their son, Lt. Frederick, at the aviation camp at Montrose, Scotland:

July 9, 1918.

Dear Mr. Frederick:—I very much regret having to write this letter to you telling you of your son's death in an aeroplane accident yesterday afternoon. We went up into the air in a single seater scout to have a sham fight with another pilot. I was watching the fight, and the aviation your son performed proved that he was a daring and efficient pilot. During the fight the two machines collided and fell to ground.

While your son was training here he had always shown himself to be a keen and enthusiastic worker and his loss to the R.A.F. is very great, but nothing of course compared with your own. He had the pluck and stamina which has made our pilots in France so predominant over the Germans. I can only add my deepest sympathy and of his instructor and brother officers in your great loss. If I can furnish you with any more details concerning your son's stay here I shall be very pleased to do so.

Yours very sincerely,
Arthur G. Jones-Williams,
Capt.
No. 6 Training Squadron, R.A.F.
St. Mary's Rectory,
Montrose, Scotland,
July 15, 1918.

Dear Mrs. Frederick:—I am writing as chaplain of the R.A.F. at Montrose to offer to you and your husband my very sincere sympathy on the death of your son. I did not know him personally; it is extremely difficult to make the acquaintance of individuals in a big station like this where there is so much coming and going.

He was manoeuvring his machine in company with another when the accident occurred. The machines collided and both the pilots were killed.

The funeral service took place on Saturday, July 13. The first part was at the Infirmary Chapel. There was a large attendance of his fellow officers, six of whom acted as pall bearers. Men of the R.A.F. and from the U.S. troops here also attended. The cemetery where his body was laid to rest is one of the most beautiful spots in this neighborhood; it is called Steep Hill. At the graveside the pipers of the Highland Light Infantry played a lament—one of our Scottish customs—three volleys were fired, and the last post sounded. The Burial Service of the Prayer Book was used.

I feel very much for you, so far from here, and if I can be of any service to you please just let me know. Again assuring you of my sincere sympathy, I remain,
Yours faithfully,
H. M. Rankin

Mrs. Howard Sharp, Hillside St., is spending a few weeks in Kingston with her husband who is Sergeant Instructor at Barrfield Camp.

power to absorb moisture. This is a fact to be remembered when the hair becomes dry and harsh from any cause, during warm weather or when travelling in hot climates it requires because it absorbs more—additional moisture, and nature must be aided by tonics if the hair is to be preserved and kept in good condition.

Hair does not continue to grow indefinitely. New hair grows more rapidly during its first two years, after which its growth becomes perceptibly slower. Many women complain that their hair grows quite rapidly for a while, and then nothing will stimulate it to keep up the pace. No; because that is its nature. Hairs grow in groups of three or four. One of the four grows faster than the other three, thus accounting for the inequality in length. When one of the group falls out, the others grow faster; also thicker, stronger and darker. Growth depends upon the seasons, also.

Most of our dwellings and many of our schools, offices and other large buildings are warmed by hot water circulation, and for years it has been a voice crying in the wilderness if anyone suggesting anything else.

Personally I am convinced that for small dwelling houses and flats, heating by circulation of hot water can be done with any other method known at present, provided the heater selected is one designed to do what is expected of it, with the least quantity of fuel, and provided the rest of the apparatus is properly installed; that is, the proper amount of pipe or cast iron radiators, with the water maintained at a given temperature, and further provided the connections between the heater and the radiators have been properly made.

I am convinced though, and do not believe in large buildings, such as large dwelling houses, stores, schools, warehouses, convents, and buildings generally larger than small houses and flats can be warmed by hot water circulation with less fuel than by any other method. On the contrary, I believe that if our large buildings that are now warmed in this way were warmed by circulating vapor the same result could be obtained with a saving of from 15 per cent. to 25 per cent. of the fuel used.

Returning to the statement that I believe hot water best for ordinary houses, under certain conditions: The first condition is, of course, the selection of the type and size of heater to meet the requirements. There are various types of heaters on the market and they will all heat water, anything that will hold water, and that a fire can be put under will heat it. How many know, or have ever tried to find out, what type will do it quickest and with least fuel?

My experience has proved to me that the heater that has a central water circulation, that is one in which the water is heated, ascends directly up through the center of the heater and is always surrounded by the heated gases and products of combustion will heat and circulate water quicker, and with less expenditure for fuel than any other type. And I understand that the Institute for Thermal Research at Buffalo has proved this to be the case.

Having decided on the type of heater to be installed, before it can be determined what size of heater will be required, it is necessary to find out how much heating surface, either in iron pipe or cast iron radiators is required to heat the building, and every large house and indeed every room in the house presents its own problem for solution. The construction of the building, the wall exposure, the glass surface, the prevailing winds, and various other conditions, all have a bearing on this and on their correct solution depends the result whether we get an apparatus that will do the work intended with the minimum amount of fuel.

The point I wish to make is this, that thousands of tons of coal are actually wasted, burned up, absolutely for nothing but a disregard of these essentials in the installation of the heating plant.

As a concrete example, I personally know of a building, a store on the ground floor and two flats above, in which there was installed some years ago a No. 6 hot water heater and 992 square feet of heating surface, designed to warm it and supposed to be a first-class heating system, and as a matter of fact the work was well done, but it never did heat the place properly, and this year, up to date, they have burned up thirty tons of hard coal, and the place has been scarcely warm enough to live in. The user of this apparatus, like most of us, knows nothing about heating problems except that he has a hot water heater and puts in more coal, not knowing that it is doing all that can be expected of it for its size, and for the amount of radiation in the place, and that if he burned fifty tons of coal in the heater he would get no better results upstairs.

On the system being analysed it was found that on the ground floor alone there was nearly 100 square

A CHAT ABOUT COAL SAVING

Coal Should and Can be Saved
—Sanitary Engineers Will
Find Some Splendid Common
Sense Arguments in This Article—Simple, and Constructive,
Foresightful and Free From
Highly Technical Phraseology

J. F. L. CARRON, Montreal, in The Sanitary Engineer.

To my mind, the saving of fuel that can be effected in the already installed heating apparatus is only a fraction of what might be saved had the proper type of apparatus been selected and installed originally, having in view the size and style of the building to be warmed and the requirements of each case.

Most of our dwellings and many of our schools, offices and other large buildings are warmed by hot water circulation, and for years it has been a voice crying in the wilderness if anyone suggesting anything else.

Personally I am convinced that for small dwelling houses and flats, heating by circulation of hot water can be done with any other method known at present, provided the heater selected is one designed to do what is expected of it, with the least quantity of fuel, and provided the rest of the apparatus is properly installed; that is, the proper amount of pipe or cast iron radiators, with the water maintained at a given temperature, and further provided the connections between the heater and the radiators have been properly made.

I am convinced though, and do not believe in large buildings, such as large dwelling houses, stores, schools, warehouses, convents, and buildings generally larger than small houses and flats can be warmed by hot water circulation with less fuel than by any other method. On the contrary, I believe that if our large buildings that are now warmed in this way were warmed by circulating vapor the same result could be obtained with a saving of from 15 per cent. to 25 per cent. of the fuel used.

Returning to the statement that I believe hot water best for ordinary houses, under certain conditions: The first condition is, of course, the selection of the type and size of heater to meet the requirements.

There are various types of heaters on the market and they will all heat water, anything that will hold water, and that a fire can be put under will heat it. How many know, or have ever tried to find out, what type will do it quickest and with least fuel?

My experience has proved to me that the heater that has a central water circulation, that is one in which the water is heated, ascends directly up through the center of the heater and is always surrounded by the heated gases and products of combustion will heat and circulate water quicker, and with less expenditure for fuel than any other type. And I understand that the Institute for Thermal Research at Buffalo has proved this to be the case.

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The construction of the building, the wall exposure, the glass surface, the prevailing winds, and various other conditions, all have a bearing on this and on their correct solution depends the result whether we get an apparatus that will do the work intended with the minimum amount of fuel.

The point I wish to make is this, that thousands of tons of coal are actually wasted, burned up, absolutely for nothing but a disregard of these essentials in the installation of the heating plant.

Hunger Stone is Visible Now in River Elbe

Amsterdam, August 3.—The famous "hunger stone" in the River Elbe, near Tetschen, which according to popular belief in Germany, predicts a famine when seen is now visible for the first time since the beginning of the war.

The stone lies in the bed of the river, and has never been visible only at exceptionally low tide. On the stone is chiselled in old German: "When ye see me, ye will weep."

Failed to Affix Stamp to Cheque

SCHOOL TREASURER WAS FINED
FIVE DOLLARS AND COSTS

School Teacher Pressed an Action

On June 28th last, John F. Quinn, of Piccadilly, acting as secretary-treasurer of Union School Section No. 1 and 14, Hinchinbrooke Township, issued a cheque for \$126 to Thomas E. Furr, a teacher, whose services at the school had been terminated. The cheque did not have affixed to it a stamp, as required by law, and for this offence Mr. Quinn was fined \$5 and costs by Justice of the Peace Hunter.

Mr. A. B. Cunningham, acting for the defendant, Mr. Quinn, entered an objection to the proceedings without first having secured a fiat from the attorney-general for the Dominion of Canada, and his objection was entered in the evidence. Whether this will have the result of any further action in the case or not is not yet known, as the defendant did not appear in court.

The plaintiff, Thomas F. Furr, was the only witness examined. He told of having asked the defendant for the balance of the salary due him as teacher in the school, and of receiving the cheque, which was produced, and some cash. In answer to a question by Justice Hunter he stated that it was not through spite that he had brought the action. Replying to Mr. Cunningham he said that there had been some differences between him and the defendant about some screens that witness had wanted in place in the school but that the defendant did not want them. He also admitted that in May he had received notice from the defendant that his services as teacher would be dispensed with on the closing of the school term. He also admitted that some slight trouble had arisen over money matters before the present action was entered. Mr. Cunningham in evidence the letter written by the defendant notifying the plaintiff of the termination of his services as teacher. Witness said he wanted to see the officers of the Union Government enforced. "This is not a law of the Union Government," said Mr. Cunningham.

At the close of the examination Justice Hunter conferred with Crown Attorney J. L. Whiting, K.C., and later announced his finding. Mr. C. R. Webster appeared for the plaintiff. The case attracted much attention owing to the fact that it is the first one in this district under the War Measures Act, and the decision will be a guidance for many who have been neglecting to affix stamps to cheques and other papers.

Disease Among Cattle

A disease known as among the black leg is working havoc among the cattle herds of Carleton Place. A Pearl Branscombe is in the General Hospital, Kingston, having gone through two very serious operations. The latest reports are that she is doing very well.

Mrs. J. J. Jendron, Miss Anna, Miss Margaret and Master Richard Jendron, of Toronto, are spending a couple of weeks with the former's sister, Mrs. John Doran.

OPEN AIR MEETING

Last Sunday evening Port Hope Methodist Church held services on the church lawn. Autos came, group and group, and the occupants remained in the cars during the service. So many people expressed their pleasure and comfort that it was decided to hold another open air service next Sunday in the event of an extremely warm day.

An automobile that won't turn turtle is another crying need. The most useful, the most reliable and the most profitable of all domestic things is the cow and the hen, whose products are always saleable and always usable by the family. You show us a man who takes good care of a dairy or one who gives his poultry intelligent care, and we will show you a man who runs no store bill and keeps square with the world.

John Diamond of the C.P.A. Petawawa, is home on a few days leave.

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