

Read our Tailor News Carefully
Better yet—see the stock—you'll wonder why you didn't before. Richness of fabric, both from master hands.
Suits—\$15, \$18, \$20 and \$22.
Our Spring Overcoatings are unequalled.
Richardson & Co.
.....GARDEN HOUSE BLOCK

The Prettiest Muslins

Are here on our counters, the nicest colorings, the newest designs. It is wise to select your muslin dress now before all are picked over. The same applies to prints and ginghams for shirt waists, wrappers, children's dresses, etc.

Heavy fast color prints, special at..... 5c
Fine dimity muslins, in Dresden effects..... 12c
Heavy fast color English prints special at..... 10c
Fine organdies in new colorings special at..... 25c
Fine plaid Scotch ginghams, reg. 25c quality for..... 18c
Extra fine plaid ginghams, fast colors for..... 10c
New Scotch figured muslins, special at..... 40c
Plain color organdies in all new shades..... 25c

Thomas Stone
Agent Butterick Patterns

The Daily Planet.

VOL. VI.

CHATHAM, ONT., FRIDAY, APRIL 30, 1897

NO. 114

THOMAS STONE

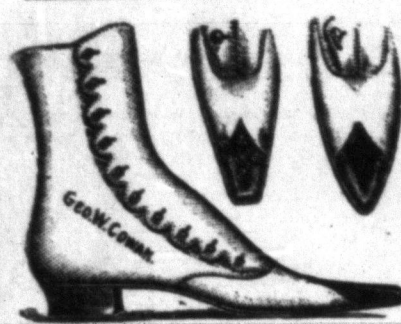
Window Shades

There is no more essential part of a house furnishing than nice window blinds. You want a shade to match your rooms, you want a nice lace or fringe on the shades in your front rooms, and look at what it will cost you:—

Plain opaque shades mounted on spring rollers, complete with pull..... 25c
Plain opaque shades, mounted with lace, 4 in deep, mounted, special at..... 45c

We make shades to fit any size windows and at less than prices charged at the factory. We mount all our shades on Hartshorn rollers. We are shading the prices for you on blinds.

Thomas Stone
House Furnishings



Think of a Ladies' Button Boot

Made of fine Dongola Kid, hand turned soles, flexible and easy, no squeaking, opera toe, made by J. D. King & Co., their regular \$3.00 boot on sale for \$1.50 a pair.

Remember we have all sizes, this is no odd end, but new goods just in. We got them at a bargain on account of it being an order to the factory from a dealer who failed about the time the goods were ready to ship. While they last we marked them \$1.50.

Geo. W. Cowan

A. E. Ham & Co.

A. E. Ham & Co.

..Saturday Specials..

Ladies' Shirt Waists
Corsets
Gloves
Hosiery
Veilings
Underwear
Ladies' White Wear

A. E. HAM & CO.

"STANDARD FASHION PATTERNS."

Millinery Show Room 2nd Floor.

SIT DOWN

IN OUR

POET'S CORNER

AT REST.

The death angel snatched Alexander Motilne. He won a check short and a No. 9 shoe. And he had a pink wart on his nose. No doubt he is happier dwelling in space Over there, on the evergreen plain. The friends are informed that the funeral takes place To-morrow at twenty-to-four.

One of Max Adler's ordinary poems, when he ran the mortality department of the paper out west. The subject was doubtless an estimable citizen and fully deserved the post mortem eulogy. To the fashionable furnisher the reference to his partiality for check shirts will have an interest. This season's stylish shirts present striking effects. The patterns are rainbow hues. Dresden China effects and sea that go with them are CRIC. See ours after looking at other dealers. You can appreciate them all the more. TO-DAY we put out conspicuously lines that suggest the dawning of winter—gloves, ties, etc., and notions that go with every gentleman's spring outfit, and keep him in touch with big city fashions. Prices will surprise you. But the goods are cash bought, and you mean to pay cash for them. That's what makes small profits possible.

Stone The Hatter

Are You Prepared For Spring?

NOT LEGAL

To Fish in Lake St. Clair for Bass.

Close Season Commenced on April 15th

YET HOOKING AND NETTING HAS NOT STOPPED—PROSECUTORS ARE LIKELY TO FOLLOW.

There has been a great amount of illegal fishing done in the waters of Lake St. Clair this month, and it is understood that those interested in the preservation of black bass are about to adopt stringent measures against the offenders, in the hope of putting a stop to it.

The following letter just received by W. B. Wells is self-explanatory:

Ottawa, 27th April, 1897.

Sir,—In reply to your letter of the 15th inst., asking what is the close season for bass in Lake St. Clair, I am to state that such fishing is prohibited from the 15th April to the 15th June, both days inclusive.

Yours obedient servant,

F. GOURDEAU,

Deputy Minister Marine and Fisheries.

From the letter itself one would naturally conclude that from April 15 to June 15 was the close season for all the Canadian waters of Lake St. Clair, including Mitchell's Bay; but Fisheries Inspector Raymond, of Mitchell's Bay, has written to several Chathamites informing them that the close season for the Bay was from May 15 to June 15. If this be so, it seems extraordinary that they should be so much as if somebody had a political pull. There has been considerable agitation at Mitchell's Bay over the getting question, and some good Liberals have written strong letters to the Banner denouncing Mr. Campbell's course in the matter. These letters were never published, because they "might hurt the party." The public interest, of course, didn't count. But the row is apparently only starting, and some queer things will come out before it is all over, showing how the past two seasons have been urged as an excuse why those who are opposed to the present slaughter of bass in the spawning season should keep quiet.

However this may be, it is an assured fact, and susceptible of ready proof, that illegal fishing, and a great deal of it, has been done in the past two weeks, both in St. Clair, apart altogether from the Bay. Large quantities of bass have been shipped since April 15th, and in one instance seven hundred pounds of bass are known to have been illegally taken on one haul.

That fishing has been done during the same time in Mitchell's Bay is also known, and from this point large shipments have been made, and it is known, during the past few days. Whether or not the fishing is illegal remains to be seen; but if it prove to have been so, and it is unless Mitchell's Bay is governed by different provisions—prosecutions will follow.

SOMEbody's BLUNDERED.

Here is one of the communications received from Inspector Raymond, which may reasonably be taken as a fair sample of the others. This one, addressed to Walter Thrasher, of Thorntons, is as follows:

Mitchell's Bay, April 22nd '97.

Sir,—The close season for bass in Lake St. Clair and Mitchell's Bay is from 15th of May to the 15th of June, both days inclusive, this being my instructions from the Commissioner of Fisheries.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

C. W. RAYMOND.

From this it will be seen that Mr. Raymond makes no distinction between the close season in the lake and in the bay. There is certainly something wrong somewhere, and as the communication to Mr. Wells is authoritative, it would seem that a mistake has been made at the bay, which will lead the St. Clair fishermen into no little difficulty.

A shipment of bass was made to Cleveland this morning from Chatham.

ON THE FOOTBALL FIELD.

The C.C.I. Defeats the Y.M.C.A. Team by Two Goals to One.

The local football season was inaugurated last evening with a capital match between the teams of the C.C.I. and the Y.M.C.A., in which the former won a splendid struggle by 2 goals to 1.

The match was played on the collegiate grounds, and was much more exciting than first games usually are. There were a considerable number of enthusiastic onlookers, and both teams got their share of encouragement. The game also demonstrated that the Maple City possesses excellent material for a first class team this spring, some of the players exhibiting good individual work. There was a lack of the essential combination play, but this will easily be remedied by steady, and systematic practice.

The work of the forwards was at times especially brilliant, but precision was somewhat lacking, and shooting on goal must be practiced. The defence players worked hard and kept their heads well, while both goal-keepers distinguished themselves by several brilliant stops. This is the first of a series of local games, which should be beneficial to the sport.

The teams were as follows:

C. C. I.—Goal, Young; backs, Asher, D. Stewart, halves, Ramsay, Minchell, Perrott; forwards, Smith, W. Mercer, C. Stewart (capt.), S. A. Mercer, McKenzie.

Y. M. C. A.—Goal, Findlay; backs, Ward, Gammon; halves, Crawford,

Garrett, Heath; forwards, Shambhau (capt.), Cook, Adams, Errett, Leak, Referee—H. W. Anderson; umpires, W. Hillman and M. Side.

SUDDENLY STRICKEN.

Death of Mrs. W. C. Smith, of Blenheim, From a Paralytic Stroke.

(Special to The Planet.)

Blenheim, April 30.—Mrs. W. C. Smith, wife of the late town assessor, of Blenheim, was taken with a second stroke of paralysis last night and died this morning. She was first stricken about four weeks ago, but apparently fully recovered from the effects. Yesterday afternoon she appeared in good health and prepared the evening meal as usual. Her death, therefore, comes to her friends as a great surprise. She was 60 years old and had five children. Her father was the late William English, a well known resident of Harwich. The funeral will take place on Sunday.

THEY WONT GO IN.

City Will Not Invest in the Machinery Business.

Proposition of an American Firm Rejected—Might Give Exemption and Free Water, Though.

Representatives of the F. B. Hart Wire and Iron Works Company, were in the city yesterday and met in Harrison Hall representatives of the board of trade and of the city council with reference to the proposed establishment of works here. There were present Ald. Arnold, chairman of the finance committee, President John Piggott, of the board of trade, and G. P. Schofield, J. J. Ross, G. W. Cowan and Maxson Campbell.

The F. B. Hart Co., of Detroit, claim to own a valuable patent upon a machine for weaving wire for fences and other similar purposes. Their proposition was that a joint stock company be formed here for the manufacture and sale of the machine in question—half of the woven wire—this company to be capitalized at \$50,000, of which \$15,000 was to be paid up stock. Against this they would put in their patent rights, and all interested would at once set out with bold and rapid strides upon the way to wealth.

The gentlemen present seemed to be unanimously of the belief that the invention was one of merit, whose usefulness would commend it to favorable consideration and all that sort of thing; but they seemed to think that the company having the patent was so generous in their requests that it was simply would be the height of liberality. They could not but feel that in cases of this kind it would be much more prudent upon the part of the company to hunt up rich but deserving relatives, or even grasping capitalists, and give them an opportunity to put up whatever ready cash might be desirable to place the company enterprise upon a solid basis, and having done this, to come to the corporation and ask for such assistance as might be within its power to grant.

The city may be reasonably taken as saying to the proprietor, "Silver and gold have I none; but such as I have (taxation, free water, etc.) give I unto thee." This, at least, was the light in which the meeting viewed the proposition. If the citizens, as individuals and not as a corporation, wish to subscribe, let them do so, and they will find the council and the board of trade waiting with reasonable exemptions and free filtered water, to extend to them the warm right hand and make them feel that their lines have fallen in pleasant places and it is good for them to be here. In other words, the city, as a city, declines the proposition, but as individuals, but if such a company be formed and located here they will do the proper thing by it, giving, along the lines of taxation, free water, etc., whatever encouragement the affair deserves.

The gentlemen seem to feel that such a company would be a good thing, but that we are not in a position to go into it in the manner proposed. The representatives of the company departed with the understanding that, should any private individual wish to subscribe, he will be put into immediate communication with the F. B. Hart company.

BID HIM GOOD-BYE.

H. A. Rispin's Friends Give Him a Send Off to New York.

Last evening Frank Merrill, of the Hotel Merrill, made a spread at the request of several of the bicycle boys to do honor to the departure of Henry A. Rispin to New York, after which a splendid toast list was honored. Good music was rendered by Bragg's orchestra.

Edwin Bell presided and the following toast list was rendered:—The Queen—National Anthem. Maple City—Geo. S. Heyward, Geo. Massey, W. E. Riggin, Song—J. F. McIntyre, Education and Sports—J. F. Cairns, Wm. Harrick, C. H. Dunn, Recitation—H. M. Richardson, Our Guest—H. A. Rispin, Theatrical Profession—Geo. C. Rankin.

The Press—T. W. Torrance, D. W. B. Sperry, The Ladies—Percy Brown, D. J. McLean, G. Hall, Our Good—Frank Merrill.

The company escorted Mr. Rispin to the G. T. R. depot at 2:30 this morning and bid him an enthusiastic farewell. Mr. Rispin will permanently reside in New York, where he has secured a position.

ANGRY AT MCGREGOR.

The Tibbity Times has this to say of the arrest of Anthony Labadie for indecent assault: "However, Constable McGregor, of Chatham, got wind of the affair, and in the keen scent for fees bungled the case by swearing out a warrant for only common assault. A stead of the more serious offense, came to Tibbity and took the prisoner back the same night, in mortal dread that our local constables might secure a warrant and get the fees in spite of him. The Tibbity officers having made the arrest, were quite capable of taking charge of the prisoner until he was safely lodged in Chatham jail. Owing to the absence of Reeve Richardson, Tibbity was for the time without a magistrate."

NO CURFEW

For the Governor of Michigan.

The Parental Slipper He Thinks Much the Best.

VETOES THE LEGISLATURE'S BILL TO KEEP CHILDREN OFF THE STREET—AN INTERFERENCE IN AFFAIRS DOMESTIC.

Lansing, Mich., April 30.—Gov. Pingree Wednesday sent to the house his veto of the Donovan curfew bill. His message said among other things: "In returning herewith without my approval house bill No. 59 to prohibit minors over the age of 8 years and under the age of 16 years, from being upon the streets, parks and alleys in the cities and incorporated villages of this state during certain hours of the night, I beg leave to state that it is a partial revival of the ancient curfew law. That law was established in England by William the Conqueror, in order to prevent night meetings of his oppressed subjects, and the name of 'curfew law' was employed as a by-word denoting the most odious tyranny. In the year 1103 it was repealed, under Henry I.

INTERFERES TOO MUCH. I submit that the act provides for interference on the part of the state in matters of purely domestic concern, and seeks to interpose police and parental authority. Under such an act the evident duty of the police would be to arrest children improperly out at night, and imprison them in the station awaiting the court's action next day, thus bringing the immature minds into familiar contact with criminal courts, prisons and their surroundings, for an offense within the power of parents and guardians to remedy. The first impulse of boys would be to scheme to evade such a law, and for the state to provide for such lessons of incipient law-defying, would be to afford schooling that might eventually develop into something of a more serious nature, both for the boys and for the state.

I regret to refuse my approval to a bill founded, as I believe this to be, upon good intentions. It is a serious matter, however, to submit the citizens even when of full age, to arrest. It is doubly so when the person arrested is a child. An arrest, even when followed by a small fine, classifies one as a criminal. The person arrested may be asked on the witness stand if he has ever been arrested, and he is compelled to answer. An arrest of a boy or girl, for being out at night may put a blot upon an entire life. It not only tends to disgrace one in the eyes of others, but to destroy self respect.

Under the present law, persons who are behaving in a disorderly manner may be arrested and punished. This, it seems to me, is as far as the state should go in interfering with personal liberty. The reports of the attorney-general show that we are prosecuting about 30,000 people every year for crime; this is nearly one per cent of our whole population. Nothing is more revolting than to see children in prison.

If such a law as this was aimed at parents who allow their children on the street at improper hours, it would be much more justifiable. We must remember that the family is the unit in every civilized community, and the state cannot take the place of fathers and mothers. We must look to them for the training of youth, and unless they discharge their duties we cannot expect to see our boys and girls become honorable men and women.

A NERVOUS PRIEST.

Fr. Ryan, Of Pontiac, Took An Ungrateful Hobo To Jail.

Pontiac, Mich., April 30.—Rev. Fr. Ryan had a nice meal cooked for a supposed deserving tramp, who begged the privilege of doing some work on the grounds of the new Catholic school in return. After a greedy repast, the man dropped his shovel and slid through the fence. Fr. Ryan was wakened by the noise, and overhauled the Weary Willie in the next block and, although a small man, handled him over to the sheriff.

TO KEEP YOUR LAWN LOOK ITS BEST

The grass requires to be cut often. If you want the MOWER which you can use with pleasure and ease, get the genuine Woodyard High Wheel. The price is lower this year. We sell the 14 inch 4 blade for

\$5.00

Longer blades cost a little more. A full line now at

"THE ARK"

A few low wheels on hand, which we are selling very cheap. One for \$2.00. See them.

H. MACAULAY

Just Opened Up

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A DIRECT IMPORTATION

OF LADIES' STRAWS, CONSISTING OF

Red Rustic Sailors

White Leghorn Hats

White Fancy Hats

In a variety of shapes, very stylish at.....75c

LADIES YOU SHOULD SEE THEM

BURRIS'S

Millinery 2nd Floor

COOPER'S BOOK STORE

New Lot of Wall Papers Just Arrived.
Good and Cheap.

TELEPHONE 153.

..4..

Saturday Specials

No. 1—Ladies' Chocolate, Vici Kid Oxford, hand turn soles, razor and coin toes, cheap at \$1.60.

Saturday special \$1.29

No. 2—Gents' fine American calf lace shoe, creased vamp, strictly solid and well got up: A low priced shoe at \$2.00.

Saturday special \$1.49

Misses Dongola button, wedge heel and patent tips, sizes 11 to 2, regular \$1.35 goods.

Saturday special 99c

Girls' Kid button, pat. toe caps, heel or wedge, size 8, 9 and 10.

Saturday special 69c

Also a bargain table of odd lots away down.

White Shoe Store

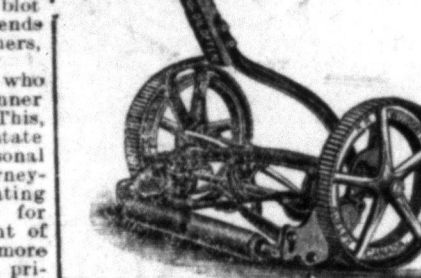
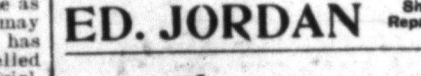
G. J. Peace



Children...

Are always wanting new shoes. Parents know to what an incredible short time they wear 'em out—the ordinary kind. We have an EXTRA-ordinary kind—genuine wear resisters. They can only be secured at The Sign of the Big Clock.

ED. JORDAN



TO KEEP YOUR LAWN LOOK ITS BEST

The grass requires to be cut often. If you want the MOWER which you can use with pleasure and ease, get the genuine Woodyard High Wheel. The price is lower this year. We sell the 14 inch 4 blade for

\$5.00

Longer blades cost a little more. A full line now at

"THE ARK"

A few low wheels on hand, which we are selling very cheap. One for \$2.00. See them.

H. MACAULAY

G. W. Cornell

... Dentist

Our Teeth and King Street
Over Geo. E. Young's Grocery

LAST EDITION

THE PROBS.

Strong winds or moderate gale from north-east and north; unsettled and cooler, with rain.

LOCAL BRIEFS

Ride the Wm. Gray & Sons' Oxford or Cambridge, and you will be pleased. This week's municipal pay-sheets amounted to \$123.86. Corporation men are paid to-day.

Mayor Smyth was worse again last evening, but showed slight improvement this morning.

The Ridgeway Standard has ceased its semi-weekly edition, and henceforth it will come out as a weekly only. A feast of good things to wear at bargain prices, for Saturday only. Shred buyers will note this well. See Peace's adv., first page.

A slight cave-in in the Queen street cable-station pavement near St. Joseph's church is said to be due to the falling in of an old box drain beneath.

John A. Campbell brought a charge of insulting language against Harry Damon, who was assessed \$1 and costs, for the offence at the police court.

It is rumored that at Monday night's council meeting John M. Northwood will throw up his contract for the laying of this year's granolithic walks.

Judge Houston has not yet returned from St. Thomas, and Squire Furber accordingly adjourned the French larceny case until this evening, when it is expected that his honor will be here.

Chief Young desires to secure information concerning Samuel Vinson and his daughter, Mrs. Wright, supposed to be living in this city or vicinity. He has had several enquiries from friends regarding them.

Maggie Jackson, aged 17, colored, who claims her parents live at Pope, Ont., in under arrest in Detroit, for grand larceny. She stole clothes and money from her employers, it is alleged.

During the night someone broke off one of the new traps being put in on King street to provide proper drainage before the new cedar block pavement is laid from Third to Fourth streets.

The Hospital Board of the Public General Hospital are having plans prepared for an addition to the hospital, which will give them additional accommodation for fifteen more patients. The contract for the Nurses' Home was awarded yesterday to Messrs. Robertson & McKie, builders, their being the lowest tender.

During the early days of next week, Dr. J. L. Bray, chairman of the parks and cemeteries committee, will inspect Maple Leaf Cemetery, in company with Inspector Delahanty to ascertain the extent of drainage required and make an estimate of its cost. This necessary work, it is understood, will be put through without delay.

Upon King street, west of the gas works it is proposed to fill up the gas with brickwork. This, Inspector Delahanty points out, will soon result in two boxes for each one so filled, one on each side of the filling. His proposition is that the old cedar block pavement be torn up and the street properly graded.

Hitherto the function of the Scotch terrier has been the catching of rats, but another and higher use may be found for him. A Chatham citizen writes to the papers to say that a good precaution against robbers is to keep a Scotch or Skye terrier in the house when the family is out. These dogs hear the slightest noise, and keep barking so that in most cases the burglar would make tracks.—Windsor Record.

A number of residents on St. Clair street have protested against the quality of the plank laid out for use in their new walk. Inspector Delahanty, going over it, found a few that were too thin, but stated that the rest were of fair quality. Plank such as they insisted upon, he told them, would cost \$50 per thousand. This price they decline to pay, and the council will no doubt have to deal with the matter.

The road scrapers are kept at work whenever weather will permit. All of ward 4 has been gone over and ward 2 has been almost completed. Lacroute, West, Richmond, and Raleigh streets have been done, and this ward will probably be finished up by tomorrow night, weather permitting. A number of the streets are still too wet to be scraped. The cost of running the two scrapers is about \$1 a day. Ward No. 3 will be gone at next.

A number of the rate-payers on the north side of Wellington street east petitioned for a plank walk; others wanted a permanent walk. The old plank sidewalk was torn up from the Erie & Huron to Prince street. Then those who favored permanent work protested. Some of them ordered the workmen not to lay the proposed plank in front of their respective properties. Inspector Delahanty set new men to work when the others quit. Then the rate-payers proceeded to the city clerk, with the result that work has been stopped until the matter can come before the council on Monday night.

Shoes for \$2.00

If you want a pair of shoes and have \$2.00 to spend it will pay you to go to Turrill's, they have some of the best values in the market. Note shoes in window.

Turrill's

93 King Street

Repairing Done Promptly and Neatly



Beautiful eyes grow dull and dim. As the eyelids grow old and weary, beautiful, willowy forms so slim lose fairness with every day. But are still in queen and bath charms to spare. Who wears youth's coronal—beautiful hair.

Preserve Your Hair

and you preserve your youth. "A woman is as old as she looks," says the world. No woman looks as old as she is if her hair has preserved its normal beauty. You can keep hair from falling out, restoring its normal color, or restore the normal color to gray or faded hair, by the use of

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Willie, son of W. S. Marshall, has the measles. For colored shirts, see Ridley & Co's big window, 50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Artistic funeral designs made up on short notice at Victoria avenue Greenhouses. Phone 181.

A child of Dr. Martin, of Essex Centre, who has been very dangerously ill, is getting better.

John Hunter's twelve-year-old son, of Charing Cross, who has been quite ill with pneumonia, is getting better.

The board of trade will meet Monday night. After the meeting a citizens' meeting will be held to discuss the electric railway by-law.

A first class concert in aid of organ will be given in William street Baptist church on Tuesday, May 4th. Admission 10c. The ladies desire all talent money in that evening.

The Erie & Huron Ry. will run their 4.30 train down to the Eau to-morrow and on Monday the 10 a. m. train will run there also. This will permit those wishing to stop over Sunday to reach the city about noon Monday.

Nothing new was reported at police headquarters to-day, concerning the two motorcars awaiting trial on the McConnell robbery. The chief has almost completed his evidence for the prosecution, which is to be very conclusive.

The tobacco dealers and grocers of London have mutually agreed to raise the price of five cents plugs to 7 cents, or 4 for a quarter; 10 cent plugs to 12 and 25 cent plugs to 30 cents. This increase is to meet the new tariff conditions.

The police have shown a good deal of leniency with bicycle riders in not enforcing the by-law relating to the use of the sidewalks, but they are now determined to put the regulations in force, and riders who are subject to a fine of one dollar and costs will have themselves to blame.

Chatham papers like to put on metropolitan airs, but the assessment roll proves it to be a rural kind of place after all. It is quite true that its population, but within its confines are 62 dogs, 73 pigs, and 108 cows. We greatly doubt if population counts here, it is not ahead of Moravia town in the matter of canines.—Ridgeway Dominion.

Bargain carnival in boys' suits, sale for one week, commencing to-morrow. Lot 1—Boys' 2-piece suits—\$1.98, \$2.98, and \$3.98, worth \$3, \$4 and \$5. Lot 2—Boys' 3-piece suits—\$2.98, \$3.98 and \$4.98, worth \$4, \$5 and \$6. Lot 3—Youths' Long Pants suits—\$1.98, \$2.98, and \$3.98, worth \$2, \$3 and \$4. Lot 4—Youths' patterns (won't hurt the wear) 98c., and \$1.48, regular \$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50 kind. The 2 T's.

HAS A LABEL SUIT.

Councillor McCarty, of Ingersoll, has been served with a writ for \$5,000 damages for alleged libel on behalf of Chief of Police Arch. H. Skirving, formerly of the Maple City force. The chief of striking intoxicating liquor and being drunk in Woodstock. Mr. McCarty maintains that he is prepared to prove any statements he has made, and the case will in all probability go to trial.

LICENSES GRANTED.

The License Commissioners met last evening and granted the following additional tavern licenses:—D. F. Heffernan, Tupperville; Martin Carlyle, Rich. Pope, R. Harrison, W. E. Peck, F. & E. Pennefather, city. The license for the Station hotel is still in abeyance.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.



Special Sale OF BOYS' ARTISTIC ATTIRE

Never a time like now—never a place like The 2 T's to correctly and cheaply clothe the youngster. It's a great event. To be sold as they were bought—at a bargain. Sale for one week, commencing Saturday morning.

LOT 1—Boys' 2 piece suits. You'll like 'em at first sight, \$1.98, \$2.98 and \$3.28, worth \$3, \$4 and \$5.

LOT 2—Boys' 3 piece suits, \$2.98, \$3.98 and \$4.98, worth \$4, \$5 and \$6.

LOT 3—Boys' and youths' long pant suits, \$4.93, \$5.93 and \$6.98, worth \$6, \$7 and \$8.

LOT 4—Men's all-wool pants, last season's patterns 98c, regular \$1.50 kind; \$1.48, regular 2 and \$2.50 kind. Boys' odd pants 49c.

Cash Only

Only Black and White Front in the World.

The 2 T's SEEMS TO BE A GO TO-DAY'S LATEST.

The Erieau and Cleveland Boat Line.

Mr. Sexton Secures Several Subscribers to Stock—Expects to be Running by May 24.

"Well, we have had \$1500 in stock subscribed this morning," said W. F. Sexton, the Toronto boat owner who is here arranging for a regular service between Cleveland and the Eau.

"I have \$300 more coming from Blenheim so that about \$3000 additional will be sufficient. I haven't a doubt but that the enterprise will go through seeing that almost \$12,000 of the required \$15,000 is already subscribed."

"In that case when do you expect to have your boat running?"

"By the 24th of May. She is already under way. I think the 24th will be early enough."

"As soon as I complete the organization of the company I intend to move my family from Toronto to Chatham. I will live here, although of course I will be with the boat myself when it is running."

THINKS IT WILL PAY WELL. J. E. Thomas, manager of the Bank of Commerce, speaks of the establishment of the proposed steamship line as giving promise of being a paying investment.

"Such a service as proposed," said Mr. Thomas, "would seem to be a very desirable thing. The facilities it would afford for visiting Cleveland, would no doubt be largely availed of; but the greater and more important feature of the undertaking would be the placing of our farm products upon the Cleveland market, where it is proposed that they should arrive early in the day. This would open up our producers a large market and could not well fail to meet with liberal patronage."

According to the view which Mr. Thomas takes of the enterprise it would be both desirable and profitable, not alone to those whose capital found investment in its promotion but to the farmer whose products found the market that Cleveland with its thousands of population would afford.

The promoter of the enterprise shows his faith in it by the proposition that he retain a two-thirds interest in the project and recede upon his investment no interest until the concern is paying all other investors six per cent. upon their investment.

Mayor Ferguson, of Blenheim, says the Blenheim News intends to take stock in the new boat company.

DOAN'S! DOAN'S! DOAN'S!

Doan's Kidney Pills cure headache, weak back, rheumatism, Bright's disease, diabetes, dizziness, sleeplessness and all kidney, bladder and urinary difficulties. Price 50c. per box or 6 boxes for \$2.50. Sold by all druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price by T. M. Doan & Co., Toronto.

A MEMBER OF THE ONTARIO BOARD OF HEALTH SAYS:

"I have presented Scott's Emulsion in Consumption and even when the digestive powers were weak it has been followed by good results."

H. P. YEOUMANS, A. B., M. D.

This Little Girl



is taking better care of dolly's eyes than mamma does of her's. Poorly as she never thought that the reason her little girl is not sore-footed and bumps into the furniture through seeming carelessness is because her eyesight is defective. If she were brought to us we could give her glasses and perhaps correct this important vision completely.

TRY OUR OPTICIAN.

A. I. McCall & Co.,

Druggists and Opticians

91 King Street, Chatham.

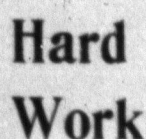
We Want You

TO REALIZE THAT WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR EXTRA VALUES IN LACES. THIS DEPARTMENT IS SECOND TO NONE FOR THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Valencienne Laces.

NARROW VALENCIENNES Laces by the dozen yards. 1 inch 12c and 15c 1 inch 20c, 1 to 2 inch 25c doz. VALENCIENNES LACES in newest pattern, in white and butter, 1 inch wide 24c, 1 inch 2c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 3c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 4c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 5c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 6c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 7c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 8c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 9c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 10c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 11c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 12c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 13c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 14c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 15c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 16c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 17c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 18c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 19c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 20c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 21c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 22c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 23c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 24c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 25c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 26c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 27c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 28c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 29c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 30c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 31c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 32c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 33c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 34c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 35c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 36c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 37c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 38c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 39c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 40c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 41c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 42c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 43c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 44c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 45c, 1 to 1 1/2 inch 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MUNYON | ARRIVED TO=DAY



1990

JACKSON AND LEE.

STORIES OF TWO OF THE CONFEDERACY'S GREAT GENERALS.

The first year of the war Jackson was called "Crazy," but that opinion did not last—Lee's darky cook and his flapjacks saved the Union at Gettysburg.

Strange, is it not, that Jackson, like Sherman, should have been considered "crazy" the first year of the war? Indeed, before the war was over he was called "Crazy Jack" at the Virginia Military Institute. Nobody seemed to understand him. But so it has ever been and ever will be—when ordinary mortals can't comprehend a genius we get even with him by calling him crazy.

I remember well how uneasy some of the Confederate generals were when placed under Jackson's command in early 1862. Ewell didn't like it and Dick Taylor didn't like it. They were afraid Jackson would lead them into some awful scrape or even kill them. But when Jackson's division was lying near Gordonsville in late April, 1862, but subject to Jackson's orders, Ewell and Taylor were very anxious to get from under him—either to go down to Lee Johnston at Yorktown, or to have some general sent to the valley who would rank with Jackson. So, at Taylor's instance, he was sent to Richmond by Ewell to see Mr. Davis, his secretary of state, but recently secretary of war, about getting away from Jackson. But while Taylor was gone Jackson ordered Ewell to "come running" to the valley! The camp had left in the morning at Swift River Gap, on the northwest side of the Blue Ridge, Ewell occupied that night. Jackson was gone, he knew not where. The valley campaign had opened. He was making his strategic detour back southwest over the Blue Ridge toward Charlottesville, hence went back toward the southwest to Buffalo Gap and thence northward by long marches to McDowell, where he struck Milroy. But there were for a few days at Swift River Gap without hearing a thing of Jackson. General Ewell may have known where he was, but I doubt it.

Meanwhile Taylor returned from Richmond to the old camp near Gordonsville to find that Ewell had gone to Jackson in the valley. Taylor was thunderstruck. One of his commands happened to be a little way out from camp on the road toward Gordonsville, when Taylor came rattling down the mountain side in his ambulance. He asked me what meant General Ewell's being ordered to the valley. I told him I did not know. He then asked me where General Jackson was. I again had to confess my ignorance and could only say that he had broken camp in the morning, going with his own division southwest, no one seemed to know where, and that General Ewell occupied his camp that night and asked him what the movement meant. "Well," said Taylor, "this is strange. Nobody at Richmond knows anything about it. But," he added, "there is one consolation. We won't be under this old camp for long. General Lee is coming. Longstreet is coming up here to take command."

It was too late, however, to change commanders. Jackson was fighting Milroy far to the west of us. He probably never knew how near he came to missing his great fame in the valley, and that in that campaign he not only defeated four Federal commanders, but "outflanked" two of his own best generals and the "folks" back at Richmond.

Jackson disturbed his immediate subordinates by never telling them his plans or consulting them. He never explained any proposed campaign to a subordinate, or called a council of war or asked advice. Soon after Ewell joined him in the valley I remember riding with General Taylor and coming upon General Ewell. Taylor asked him what the movement meant. In his curt, half abstracted way Ewell replied: "I don't know. If General Jackson were about down, I wouldn't know a thing of his plans." "What?" said Taylor. "You second in command and don't know? If I were second in command, I would know." "You would, would you?" smiled Ewell in his odd way, holding his head to one side like a sap sucker peeping around a tree. "No, you wouldn't know any more than I do now. You don't yet know the man." But Ewell and Taylor found the "crazy," reticent commander to have more war sense than all of them put together. So they ever pinned their faith to him, admired him and loved him.

Our great General Lee was the victim of an indignation, and it cost the south dear. It cost us the battle of Gettysburg. The battle of Gettysburg is a singular exception to General Lee's battles. It wasn't General Lee who fought it. It shouldn't count against him. His usual skill is wanting at Gettysburg. There must be a cause for it. He was sick, and not in possession of his usual equanimity and fine mental powers. Those near him at the time tell us this, and from some of them the story of how it came about has leaked out.

General Lee was very fond of old Virginia flapjacks—wonderous cakes of African invention—thin as a wafer and big nearly as a cake, and when made of new flour and served hot, with fresh butter and maple molasses and folded and folded, layers thick, are a feast for the gods. But General Lee, the best of generals, as well as the greatest, hadn't it in his heart to fare well—such as his simple means would have allowed—when his men were suffering for food, and if one wanted a poor dinner he had only to drop in on General Lee at that hour. He lived but little better than his men. This greatly disturbed his dark-skinned wife, who, when army advanced into Pennsylvania, dined with milk and honey and other good things edible, he said, "I've got to get something good for Master Robert for once, if he never gets none so no more." So, skilful as a general, he got up the necessary ingredients for the general's favorite cake. The darky, in his pride as chef and zealous love for his master, outdid himself on that 30th of June. The cakes were too tempting. The general ate too plentifully, was sick accordingly, and Gettysburg was lost. The nigger and the flapjack saved the Union! Some time ago it was the "crane" to find a national flower. Why not have a national cake? I suggest that at Thanksgiving the flapjack have equal honor with the pumpkin pie!—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Agreeable.
Dollie—I took off my hat at the theater last night.
Dora—You don't mean it?
"Yes, I do."
"Whatever possessed you?"
"What was the use of keeping it on? I was in the very back seat!"—Yonkers Statesman.

GREATEST IN THE WORLD.
Loran E. Adams, Deep Brook, N. S., says: "I have taken Norway Pine Syrup with grand results. I had a very bad cough for five weeks and could get no relief, but after taking one bottle of Norway Pine Syrup I was entirely cured. It is the greatest cough medicine in the world."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.



Liniment and Turpentine is not only a popular remedy, but the best known in medical science for the treatment of nervous members of respiratory organs. It compounds this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of the turpentine and, remedy, and more of it is sold in Canada than all other cough medicines combined.

A Banker's Experience

REMEMBER HE INTENDS TO BE HIS OWN FAMILY DOCTOR
"I tried a bottle of Dr. Chase's Liniment of the throat," writes Manager Thomas Davidson, of the Standard Bank of Montreal, Quebec, "It proved effective. I read the remedy is simple, cheap and exceedingly good, it is indeed a great relief to me. I have been in trouble of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor."

The earnest question of the hour, And general theme, no doubt, Is not of love or politics, But, "Will the coal hold out?"

How much business can a man do whose system is in a state of disorder? Headache is only a symptom. It is not a disease. The pain in the head is the sign of rebellion. There have been mistakes in diet and other abuses. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a gentle, effective renovator and invigorator of stomach, liver and bowels. They assist nature without threatening to tear the body piece-meal. There are no gripping pains, no nausea. One is a laxative.

A book of 1008 pages, profusely illustrated, written by Dr. R. V. Pierce, called "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," will be sent free for three-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only. World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 653 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Mudge—"Oh, yes, we had a real lively time; Simmons and I. It cost us nearly \$50."
Wickwire—"Yes, I saw Simmons this morning, asked him to hold me \$15."

PROMINENT BUSINESS MAN OF PETERBORO CURED OF RZEMMA.

Mr. Thos. Gladman, bookkeeper for Adam Hall, East, store and tinware dealer, Peterboro, writes the following facts:—"Have been troubled for nine years with RZEMMA on my leg, and sometimes the itching was something terrible; tried many eminent doctors and got pronounced incurable. I had given up hopes of ever being cured when I was recommended by Mr. Madill, druggist, to try a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment. I and I am happy to testify that after using two boxes I am completely cured."

First Savage—I suspected all along that this case of conversion was not sincere.
Second Savage—Ah, to be sure! I wish a person didn't wear a lot of clothes all the year except just before Christmas, and then nothing but gold stockings! why, who could help but suspect him!

BLOOD IS LIFE.
It is the medium which carries to every nerve, muscle, organ and fibre its nourishment and strength. If the blood is pure, rich and healthy you will be well; if impure, diseased, it will overtake you. Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to keep you in health by making your blood rich and pure.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness, etc.

IS OIL AND DUST PROOF.

Canadian Typograph Co., Windsor, Ont.: Gentlemen,—It affords me great satisfaction to state that I am perfectly delighted with my No. 50 cycle. It has not been oiled during the season, and it runs perfectly after covering 1,700 miles. The wheel has certainly proved itself to be easy running, oil and dust-proof, and is in every way a most satisfactory mount.

J. C. CONNELL, M. D.
Kingston, Nov. 8, 1896.

Stratford, 4th Aug. 1893.
Messrs. C. C. Richardson & Co.
Gentlemen,—My neighbor's boy, 4 years old, fell into a tub of boiling water, and nearly scalded to death. A few days later his legs swelled to three times their natural size and broke out in running sores. His parents could get nothing to help him till I recommended MINARD'S LINIMENT, which, after using two bottles, completely cured him, and I know of several other cases around here almost as remarkably cured by the same Liniment, and I can truly say I never handled a medicine which has had as good a record or gave such universal satisfaction.

General Merchant.

LOCK THE DOOR.
Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

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MY NEIGHBOR TOLD ME
About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it. This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS ACT easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

BY-LAW NO.

A by-law to authorize aid by the City of Chatham to the Chatham City and Suburban Railway Co. in the guarantee of the said municipal corporation.

Whereas the Chatham City and Suburban Railway Company by its act of incorporation was authorized and empowered to construct, complete and operate a railway in and through and from the city of Chatham to various other points in the county of Kent, subject to the provisions of the said Act, and to the Electric Railway Act, 1895, and also to furnish electric light and power.

And whereas, the said company has applied to the municipal council of the said municipality for leave to construct and operate a railway in and through and from the city of Chatham to various other points in the county of Kent, subject to the provisions of the said Act, and to the Electric Railway Act, 1895, and also to furnish electric light and power.

And whereas, the said company has applied to the municipal council of the said municipality for leave to construct and operate a railway in and through and from the city of Chatham to various other points in the county of Kent, subject to the provisions of the said Act, and to the Electric Railway Act, 1895, and also to furnish electric light and power.

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until 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 1 at the wagon shop of John D. Thompson, on the north side of Head street, by Arthur Richardson.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 2 at the dwelling of Wm. Manning, on the south side of Head street, by John Rice.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 3 at the court room and police station, by Charles Northwood.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 4 at the grocery of Mr. Wilson, at the corner of Adelaide and Murray streets, by J. W. Montgomery.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 5 at the tailor shop of J. E. Johnson, at the corner of Colborne and William streets, by John M. Northwood.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 6 at the dwelling house owned by Harry Chase on the north side of King street, by W. O. Bently.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 7 at the old town hall on the market square, by Henry Robinson.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 8 at the tailor shop of James Scott, south approach to Fifth street bridge, by James Cleve.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 9 at the office of J. & O. Odgers, on the north side of King street, by Arthur Dunn.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 10 at the grocery of Wm. Potter, corner Raleigh and Cross streets, by W. W. Michell.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 11 at the dwelling of Mrs. Hansboro, corner Queen and Richmond streets, by Jno. Turner.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 12 at the dwelling house of Joseph Westmore, corner Queen street and Grey street, by John R. Scott.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 13 at the shoe shop of A. L. Savage, west side of William street, by James Marquand.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 14 at the bakery of Joseph Waterhouse, on the south side of Park street, by J. C. Richards.

In and for Polling Sub-Division No. 15 at the dwelling house owned by G. T. Gutteridge on east side Queen street, by Wm. Sykes.

On the eighteenth day of May the clerk shall attend at the Council Chamber at two o'clock to appoint persons to attend at the various polling places and at the final summing up of the public ballot in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

And that the Clerk of the Council of the said municipality shall attend at the Clerk's Office, Harrison Hall, in the afternoon of the 22nd day of May, 1897, and sum up the number of votes given for and against the by-law.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS.
The following are the terms and conditions agreed upon between the Corporation of the City of Chatham and the Chatham City and Suburban Railway Company.

The aid hereby given and the grant made by this by-law is hereby declared to be subject thereto and to be given to the said railway company in the manner and at the times set forth therein and not otherwise and shall not be given or paid to said company or to any other person except in accordance with and upon the fulfilment of such terms and conditions.

The aid to be granted under the provisions of this by-law by the Corporation of the City of Chatham to the Chatham City and Suburban Railway Company shall be given by executing 20 coupon debentures for the sum of \$1,500 each, payable on each year for 20 years from the 1st day of September 1897 guaranteeing the payment of interest to that amount on the bonds or debentures to be issued by the company for the construction of the electric plant in the city of Chatham herein referred to and the construction and equipment of the said railway, such coupon debentures to be attached to and shall specially refer to the debentures or bonds of the company which such coupon debenture is to guarantee.

The value of each coupon debenture shall be \$1,500 and the interest thereon shall be paid by the city of Chatham to the said railway company at the rate of 5 per cent per annum until the erection of a complete electric plant in the city of Chatham and the completion of the construction of supplying sufficient electric light and power to enable the said company to fully perform the contract herein referred to and also until all the poles, wires and lamps of a first class description are erected in the city of Chatham to light the streets thereof with 100 lamps of not less than 1,200 candle power which are to be kept lighted from sunset to sunrise at least 300 nights in the year and also supply with all proper appliances incandescent light in the public buildings hereinafter named in this by-law so as to supply incandescent light at 1/2 cent per hour for each light while it is lighted. Such electric plant and all the appliances necessary to supply such light to be furnished by the company and everything fully completed to furnish such lights ready to be turned on by the 1st day of September, 1897, or at such date as the council of the city may extend the time in case of delay caused by the city or by litigation respecting this by-law, or by strike of workmen in the city of Chatham.

Not till the said company shall have expended the sum of at least \$10,000 on the said railway within the said city limits exclusive of the costs of surveying, engineering and solicitors' fees and incidental expenses and exclusive of the electric plant.

Not until the said company shall have executed and given the city a proper and sufficient agreement satisfactory to the council of said city under seal fully to operate and maintain the said electric plant and supply the electric light herebefore mentioned and hereinafter mentioned for the term of 10 years from the 1st day of September 1897 and also for the further period of 10 years thereafter for which the city agrees to renew the said franchise and also to construct, operate and maintain the said railway for the term of 20 years from the 1st day of January, 1898, the said electric railway both in the city and to Lake Erie as hereinafter mentioned and shall have given to the said city such security for the due performance of both said contracts as the council may require. The said works to be completely free from all claims and the said company shall be completely free from the payment of the said \$7,500, which is the value of said electric light, and is the sum agreed to be applied in guaranteeing interest as aforesaid, and if the company pays such interest so guaranteed by the city or if the company holds the bonds upon the surrender of the coupon debenture for \$7,500 each year or any year to the city as the same comes due the city will pay the said \$7,500 to the company. And if the city pays any sum to any bond holders of the said coupon debentures, such sum so paid shall be held in payment and satisfaction of the liability of the city for such lighting to the extent of the amount so paid.

And the said agreement shall among other things provide in addition to the complete and perfect construction in the first place of an electric plant in the city of Chatham, as herein

before described, also provide for supplying electric power to all persons requiring it in the city at reasonable rates. And the power house built for mechanical as well as incandescent lighting purposes. That the maximum rate to private consumers for the first five years shall be 3 1/2 cents per light per hour, and that a revision of the price shall be made at the end of each five years by which the average price for supplying incandescent light to private consumers in any four cities in Ontario, using similar power to be chosen by the council, except the cities of Toronto and Hamilton, shall be the maximum price for such light for the next succeeding five years. And that incandescent lights for public buildings or private individuals shall be all night lights and of first-class quality. And that the street lamps shall be suspended over the centre of the street at the intersection of streets, from wires attached from poles at diagonal corners, and at other places in such places, way and manner as the council or the committee on fire, water and light may direct. And the council shall have power at any time to use any necessary appliances for testing the quality of the light.

And that the railway shall be fully and completely constructed, equipped and ready for use and be operated both by the city and to the line connecting the village of Cedar Springs not later than the first day of January, 1898, with proper connections with the railway lines of the province and the efficient interchange of freight and passengers, unless the time thereof is extended by the council by reason of delay caused by litigation strikes in the city or other unforeseen and unavoidable circumstances. (Such agreement to proceed, to the company shall have the exclusive contract for supplying the said city with the said electric lighting for streets and public buildings, under the said agreement, for the term of ten years above mentioned for the term of ten years from the first September, 1897, and the renewal of such contract for the further term of ten years after the expiration of such term.

And that only permanent residents of the city of Chatham shall be employed in constructing the said works in the city (except skilled foremen) and the construction of the electric plant and that only permanent residents of the county of Kent shall be employed in constructing the railway outside the city limits.

And that the railway roadbed and electric motor thereon shall be sufficient to haul ordinary loaded railway freight cars to and from the city of Chatham to the various lines of railways the said Chatham City and Suburban Railway Company.

And that the said railway shall be extended and constructed to the bank of Lake Erie within two years from the date of the said agreement and be operated thereto after that time.

The agreement to provide that the said company shall construct, complete and operate a railway track, complete and ready for use, in the city of Chatham, along King street from Third street to William street, and from there along William street to Queen street, and from thence along Queen street to the southerly limit of the city, and on other streets both north and south of the River Thames, and across one or both of the bridges; the track on King, William and Queen streets to be completed on or before the first day of January, 1898, and the remainder of the road, sufficient to make up the total mileage of five miles within the city limits, to be constructed within five years thereafter, and not less than one-fifth of such remainder to be completed in each year after the completion of the King, William and Queen street sections.

That the company shall provide all necessary and proper equipment, motors, passenger and freight cars to operate the whole of said railway in a proper and efficient manner, and will provide a proper place for carrying milk and vegetables twice each day into the city as may be required, and also four times a week, and a proper compartment for market baskets, parcels and baggage.

And that the company will also haul for the city from the gravel ridge at Cedar Springs, such quantity of gravel as the city may require not to exceed four cars per day. The gravel to be supplied by the city at a pit within half a mile from the railway, the city to pay for the truck going into the pit and to load the gravel, and the company to place it at such place along its line in the city as and where the council may direct for a reasonable price.

And the car service in the city shall be once every fifteen minutes each way from Third street to the Grand Trunk railway depot, from 6.45 a.m. till 8.45 p.m. And in the line outside the city limits the service shall be at least once every two hours each way from 6.45 a.m. till 8.45 p.m. in the summer from the 15th of May till the last of November and once every four hours from each way during the remainder of the year.

And that the rates to be paid for passengers shall be 25 cents for a return ticket, over the whole line, between Chatham and Lake Erie; and 15 cents for a single fare for adults, and one-half for children under 12 and over 3 years. And in the city the fare shall be 5 cents for a trip one way for an adult, and one-half thereof for children.

And that each adult passenger may carry a basket, parcel or baggage, weighing not over twenty pounds, for which no charge shall be made, but a proper place for receiving and holding such parcel shall be provided; and the rates to be paid for all other freight shall be the same as paid on other like railways in Ontario, and for the carriage of a parcel, where there is no passenger, which does not exceed fifty lbs. in weight, to be 10 cents.

And also that the company shall have between the rails of the track of the said railway, on King and William streets in the city, and one foot on either side thereof at such time and in the same manner and with the same material as the city or inhabitants pave the streets or any part thereof.

And also that the said company shall fully perform and indemnify the said city from all loss, damages or injury by reason of any act done, suffered or permitted by said company or its servants, either in construction, maintaining or operating the said railway or electric plant in the said city, which the said city may sustain, be put to or suffer.

And also, that if the said company shall neglect, refuse or fail to construct, maintain and operate the said railway in manner herebefore set forth and to supply the said city with electric light and power to perform the conditions herebefore set forth in or any of them, either in respect of the said railway or electric plant, that the liability of the said city for the payment of the said sum of \$7,500 either to the city or to the bond holders to the holder of the said coupon debentures or to the company shall cease, and the city shall not be liable to pay any sum whatever in respect thereof.

The said agreement shall be executed by the company and the security which may be demanded by the city shall be given on or before the 15th day of June, 1897.

NOTICE.

The foregoing is a true copy of the proposed by-law, together with terms and conditions, which has been taken into

consideration and which will be finally passed by the Council, in the event of the assent of the Electors being obtained thereat, after one month from the first publication in The Chatham Daily Planet and The Evening Banner newspapers which first publication was on the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1897, and that at the hours, day and places there listed for taking the votes of the Electors, the polls will be held.
JNO. TISSIMAN,
Clerk of the Council of the City of Chatham.

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