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FRONTENAC

POEM OF THE IROQUOIS

BY

ALFRED B. STREET


ALBANY
JOEL MUNSELL mboculavi

## Entered according to Act of Congreas in the year $\mathbf{1 8 0 6}$

REFACE.

Our tale is based upon the following chapter of history. In the month of June, 1696, Count Frontenac, then Governor-General of Canada, assembled an army at Lachine, a few miles from Montreal, for an expedition against tho Iroquois, who, from the earliest settlement of the provinec, had been inimical to the Fronch.
The army consisted of the regular troops, the halitans or militia of the province, and some of the Indian tribes, who were the allies of the French, and who entertained an hereditary hatred against the iroquois, by reason of their nations having, in former iises, been conquered by the Confedcracy. Frontenac, with this army, ascended the St. Lawrence, in batcaux and canoes, carrying with him, in addition to light arms, cannon, mortars, and grenades. Making the customary portages, he reached Lako Ontario, consted its eastern waters, ascended the Oswego River, crossed Onondaga Lake, and
encamped upen its borders. IIo then plunged, with his forees, into tho vast wilderness, in seareh of the Iroquois. Arriving at the prineipal eastle or village of the Onondagas, into whose partieular canton or country he had penetrated, he found it desorted. Pushing farther then into the wilderness, Frontenao diseovered nothing of his wild enemies, and fimally, in disappointment, he retraced his march. On his return path, however, the Irocqueis waylaid his steps, killed a number of his men, and did not cease their attacks until he had entirely left their territory.
The Irocquois at that time consisted of five nations, viz.: the Mohawks, Oneidas, Cayugas, Onondagas, and Senecas, oecupying a territory whieh they figuratively ealled their Long House, extending from east to west over what is now the State of New York, from the Lakes Erio and Ontario to the Indson River.

These Indian nations lad banded themselves into a League or Confederaey, at first for protection ugainst their common enemies, eoutinuing it afterwards for conquest. The time of the formation of this League is not known, but is supposed to have been ages before the white man appeared among them, and it has given birth, on aeeount of its value and importanee, as well as its being insolved in the mist of uncertainty, to a wild mythology coneerning it among themselves.

When Champlain first eame to Quebee, he found the

Confederacy at war with the Hurons and Adirondacks, then warlike and powerful nations. Having allied himself to the Adirondaeks, he joined them in an expedition uguinst the Iroqueis; and, by reason of the fire-arms he carried, then totally unknown to the warriors of the Confederacy, he was the means of defeating the latter on the borders of the very lake which now bears his name. This kindlodananinosity ngainst the French on the part of the Iroquois, which was never forgotten. Receiving, n few years afterwards, firearms in their turn from the Dutch, whe, in the meanwhile, had penetrated the forests along the Hudson and Mehawk Rivers in New York, the confederated warriors cemmenced their nttacks upon the French nt every post and settlement. So serious did their inroads beeone, that at times the very provinco itself was in jeopardy. And not only did these warlike savages annoy the Freneh, but they turned their arms against all the neighboring tribes, driving the IIurons and Adirondaeks, their former rivals, from their villages and hunting-grounds, and absolutely exterminating many of the savage nations around them. Pushing their eonquests in all directions, they at length mastered every Indian tribe residing, not only in New York, but every other, as far as Carolina to the south, and the Mississippi to the west. The Governers-General of Canadn made frequent ineursions into their territory or Long Housc, but those ineursions only served to

## Preface.

stimnlate the wrath of these haughty and powerful savages, without weakening their atrength or dininishing their power. That streagth and power had arrived at their helght when Frontenao took the reins of eommand for tho necond time, in 1689. The Irofuois had now assumed no threatening an attitude, that this atern and proud noble thought it advisable to penetrate their fastuesses and crush them, if possible, at a blow. Hence the expedition above dotailed, which was, however, ns fruitless as those of the former Governors-General De La Barre and De Nonville.

In the meanwhile the Confederacy (its good-will and friendship having boen transferred by the Duteh to the Euglish) proved Itself as faithful to Corlear, the name it gave to the English Governor, as hostile to Yon-non-deyoh, its title for the Governor-General of the Freach. Consequently, in 1776, when the war of the Revolution broke out, true to their old friendship, the Ircquois sided with England. This led to the expedition of Sullivan, the American General, into the heart of their eountry. Sullivan deselated their fiolds, destroyed their villages, and oxterminated the warriors they brought against him. From this period they began to deeline. With the return of peace, civilization commeneed hewing down their forests, and taking possession of their hunting.grounds; and the unweleome sight of the Pale-faee mot them in every direetion beside thoir beautiful streams and roman-
tie lakes. Their Long Houne, to use their own pathetie language, was broken open at both ends, and the storms of destruetion mado it desolate for over. The Mohawks abandoned their lovely valloy in a body, and settled upon Grand River, in Canada, on territory granted them by the British Government. The rest of the Confedoracy, although it had been previously increased by the accession of the Tusearoras, a reclaimed original tribe, gradually diminished, and has still continued to vasto away until now only a fow individuals remaln, haunting their smiling valloys, and hovering around thoir sparkling waters, miserable spectres of the former greatnoss of the Iroquois. A fow more years, and oven they will disappear. The memory of the Confedoracy only will romaln to furnish fit themo for song and story, and ono more melancholy instance of a once powerful and happy people entirely disappearing from the face of the earth.

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CANTO FIRST.

LUCILLE,
FRONTENAC.

## CANTO FIRST.



## LUCILLE.

I.

WAS in June's bright and glowing prime
The loveliest of the summer time.
The laurels were one splendid sheet
Of crowded blessom everywhere;
The loeust's elustered pearl was sweet, And the tall whiteweod made the air
Delicious with the fragrance shed
From golden flowers all o'er it spread.

## II.

In the rieh pemp of dying day
Quebec, the reck-throned monareh, glowed -
Castle and spire and dwelling gray
The batteries rude that niehed their way
Along the cliff, beneath the play
Of the deep yellow light, were gay,
And the curved flood, below that lay,
In flashing glory flowed;

Beyond, the sweet and mellow smile Beamed upon Orleans' lovely isle; Until tho downward view
Was elosed by mountain-tops that, reared
Against the burnished sky, appeared In misty dreamy hue.
III.

West of Quebee's embankments rose
The forests in their wild repose.
Between the trunks, the radiance slim
Here camo with slant and quivering blaze;
Whilst there, in leaf-wreathed arbors dim,
Was gathering gray the twilight's haze.
Where eut the boughs the baek-ground glow
That striped the west, a glittering belt,
The leaves transparent seemed, as though In the rieh radiance they would melt.
Iv.

Upon a narrow grassy glade, Whero thickets stood in grouping shado, The light streaked down in golden mist, Kindled the shrubs, the greensward kissed, Until the elover-blossoms white Flashed out like spangles large and bright.

## v.

This green and sun-streaked glade was rife With rights and sounds of furest life.

## Lucille

A robin in a bush was singing, A flicker* rattled on a tree;
In liquid fife-like tenes round ringing A thrasher $\dagger$ piped its melody;
Crouehing and leaping with pointed ear From thioket to thicket a rabbit sped, And on the short delieate grass a deer
Brushing the inseets from off him, fed.
vi.

Sudden ho paused with lifted foot, Then, like an arrow, away he shot;
Robin and flieker and thrasher were mate;
The rabbit glided from the spot -
The next an Indian, from the shade, Camo bounding out upon the glade.

## vir.

A warrior was he, armed for strife, With tomahawk and scalping knife Thrust through his wampum-belt; The long loek crowned his shaven head; Baro, save tho bolt, his form of red, And where around his loins was spread A stripe of shaggy felt.
-The golden-winged woodpecker of the American forests.
$\dagger$ The brown thrush of the same.
viII.

With head aside he stood intent An instant, then he stooped and bent

His ear upon the ground;
Then looking forth with piereing eye,
Entered a laurel thicket nigh
So subtly, to the breezo's sigh
More motion 'twould have found.

## IX.

Silence fell deeply down onee more,
Till fluttering sounds ameng the trees
Told that tho woodland fright was o'er
And soon would swell fresh harmonies.
The robin's warble was renewed,
The flicker's hammer tapped again, And onee more through the solitude

Rang out the thrasher's splendid strain;
But the sweet sounds had scareely filled
The plaee, when they again were stilled.
On the green glade two figuros came;
One of a tall and stalwart framo,
With sword and plume and martial air ;
The other searee four summers old, Whose coal-black eyes and raven hair

And features - though of loveliest mould,-
O'er-tinted with a light red shade,
Blood of the native race betrayed.
x.

The seldier, on the grass reelined, Viewed the glad gambols of the child, Who, to each impulse of her mind,

Now, gave her shout of pleasure wild,
As the rich red-bird in his flight
Passed with a flash some streak of light Slanted in hazy sheen ;
And now, with footstep bounding free, Chased the fleet squirrel to its tree,

Across the sylvan scene.
xI.

Tired with her sports, at length the girl Paused at the leauing soldier's side, Brushed from his brow a silvery eurl, Aud then her panting efforts plied, Until she bared his glittering brand, And seught to poise it in her haud.
XII.

Closer the child the senior drew And with delight earressed her head;
"Thou would'st have been a soldier too
Had'st thou been born a boy!" he said;
"Thy sire's brave blood within thee glows
Too strong for peaceful dull repose;

And the wild nature I enpy
Of thy red mothor in thine eye.
Listen! I'll tell the tale again
I told theo yester-night,
When proudly on the battle plain
France stemmed the dreadful fight,
And heard at last the elarien strain
Of vietory crown her might!
And then commenced the legend old:
The girl's red features fiushed more red,
Brightened her eye more wild and bold As on the story sped,
Until with sight that fairly blazed, The blade with beth her hands she raised And waved it o'er her head.

## XIII.

At the first words, a thicket's sereen Had noved behind the pair, And then two cyeballs fierce and keen

Like spots of fire gleamed there;
Out came a scalp-loek - then a head -
Then was put forth an arm of red, And, like the cowering panther's tread, The Indian left his lair.
xiv.

Stilly, as glides o'er earth a shade From bush to bush along the glade

## Lucille.

The stealthy savage went:
A snap, the girl half turned; his orouch
Was like the spider's, when a touch
Its filmy snare has rent.
Then, rising frem behind the bank
Where for an instant's spaee, he sank, Again he glided low;
The tremble of the leaves and grass Telling alone his snake-like pass,

So viewless, silent, slow.

## XV.

Near and more near, with oyes of flame, The Indian creeping, ereeping, came,
Until he paused and drew
His hatehot, then leaned quickly back
And from his clutch in whirling track
The glittering weapon flew;
It fell upon the soldier's head,
Who, as gushed out a stream of red, Greaned deep, and started from his bed

Convulsive to his knee;
In vain, in vain; the hatehet drank
Agnin his blood, and down he sank
Bencath his enemy.
And, as in pangs of parting life
The quivering eoldier lay,
The savage drew his gleaming knife
And wrenched the scalp away.

## xvi.

The ohild, tranefixed in mute surprise, Had viowed the seene with staring oyes;
But, as the fearful Indian shred The aealp from off that honored head, Then, wakened from her trance,
Lifing the weapon, at the foe
She leaped, and sought to aim her blow With stern defying glanee.

## xvis.

The sarage gazed; across his brow
A look gleamed proud and high;
'Twas vivid admiration now
That glittered in his eye; And with a guttural of delight,
The ehild, agnin o'erwhelmel with fright,
But holding still the hlade,
He swept upon his stnlwart arm, And, as she shrieked in wild alarm,
Plunged with her in the shade,
Leaving the seene to its repose
In the off hue of twilight's elose.
xvir.
Over the glade the ladened bee
Darted straight forward to its tree; Each bird low twittered on its porch; The nighthawk flew in jarring search

The crow flapped o'er wht nolemn croak;
The frog its elamorous piping woke; The wolf drew out his plaintive howl; Shouted, in pauses brief, the owl; Her wail set up the whippoorwill; The tree-toad awelled ita hollow trill, The fre-flies shed, in thickening flight, Their gold-green intormittent light Until the gray and glimmering haze With fairy moteors, seomed abluzo; And onee another deer stepped ent, But as he stooped to feed, about
He sworved with *nort of dread, And through the darkening forest waste Dashed far away in frenzied hasto There lay the bloody dead.

## FRONTENAC.

## XIX.

Reared on the eliff, at the very brink, Whenee a pebble dropped would sink Four-score feet to the slope below, The Castle of St. Louis caught Dancing hues of delisate pink,

With which the elouds o'erhoad were fraught From the rioh sunset's streaming glow.

## xX.

Opposite, in the soft warm light
The Reeollets' steeplo glittered bright;
And tipped with gold was the Convent by, Whilst both threw a mantle of raven dye The brond I'laco d'Armes across,
That up to the massive eurtain lay,
Savo where a slanting and hazy ray,
Shooting between the buildings gray,
Streaked it with yellow gloss;
The bnstions threw on the ('astle court Creseents of shade, whilst the sallyport

Open, was filled with a golden glare
That made the sentinel's cuirass glow With transient flashing, as to and fro

Trod he monotoneus there.
XXI.

Within a room of the Castle, bright From a ray of rich ruby light,
That eansed great tremulous blots to fall On raltered ceiling and oaken wall, And touched the weapons in nooks arranged. Till keen quiek winkings they exclanged, Frontenac sat at a massive desk,
C'nrved all over with shapes grotesque.
XXII.

Around him were splendor and rudeness at strife. Signs of the savage and civilized life.

IIere branched, for some gay garment's use, The broad flat autlers of the moose; There, o'er some painting rich were hung Wampum in varied colors strung; Whilst moceasin and blunket red By corslet and steel pike were spread.

## xNiII.

A will, restraint that could not brook,
And pride that downward frowned on all,
Gleamed in his stern and haughty look
And breathed around his figure tall, Although his bended eye and brew Were fixed in anxious musing now.

## XXIV.

The Irofuois in their dread and might Stood frowning in his mental sight; Onward mid onward their power had pressed; Upward und upward had risen their crest ; Nought in the woods now their might conld oppose, Nought could withstand their confederate blows; Banded in strength and mited in soul, Ihey moved on their course with the cataract s roll.

NXV.
Wherever the banner of France was reared, The blood thirsty hate of the Braves appeared; Kindled against Champlain when first IIis lightening death on their sires had burst, Years had not iquenched it, for never depart Thoughts of revenge from the Iudian heart.

## Frontenac.

## XXVI.

Frontenae long, with eare, had tried To win their kinduess to his side ; But tho stern Natious in disdain The proffered belt east back again. If he uttered wrathful threat, With a taunting seorn 'twas met: And if ho sent, in a burst of ire, A sudden foray of sword and fire, Everywhere up the wild warriors stood, And rushed in fieree joy to their banquet of blood.

## XXVII.

From eeiling and wall the light vanished away,
The room now began to grow dusky and gray ;
Sculptured desk and high-backed ehair
strange wild figures seemed to wear;
Branching antlers round the wall
Scemed to wax more wide and tall;
Weapons in their corners mado
Faint dull glimmerings in the shade:-
Still sat Frontenae motionless,
Still thought's burthen seemed heavy to press.
Hark : a sudden ery ! a beat
In the eourt of many feet -
He glanced throngh the casement - amid a throng
Of soldiers, a figure was borue along -
A drooping figure, the glimmering light
Yielding the outlines alone to sight.

## Frontenac.

## XXVIII.

E'en as ho looked the portal jarred,
A hurried step at tho door was heard,Hastily entered a pallid guard,
With a soldier's salute at the bidding word;
"That form - whose is it? - this stir why made?"
"The Sieur Lavergue's! ho is"-
"What, speak!"-"Dead!"-
"Dead?"-
-"Found by the lunter Bizarre in the glade
Where he used at sunset to ramble, with head Showing the knife of the Iroquois wild!""Dead! found in the glade! but where is my child! Lueillo! my daughter! together they left The eastle at sunset!" The father bereft Struggled with groans that the soldier suppressed; "Send the seouts quiekly and hid them not rest Till the forests are scoured! let Count Lavergne Be brought in tho room!" The spirit stern Of the warrior seemed again to sway,
While on tho table they placed the dead,
Lighted the eresset swung overhead, Then hastened with soft falling footsteps away. Seizing the hand of his carly friend, Again did the soul of proud Frontenae bend; He pressed that mangled and elotted head, There were the muscles all bare and red. "Those Iroquois fiends!"- he muttered low "Lueille, Lueille, did the murderous blow "Fall on thee! ho! without there! haste!

Let the hunter Bizarre in our presence be placed!Tell me," as low the rough woodsman made Obeisance uneouth, "didst thou traverso the glade? Was there none other lying there?"
" None!"

> "Leave me!" No eye must behold his despair.

The ruthless stern Frontenae bent o'er the dead With a heart from which all but deep sorrow was fled; That arm, cold and stiff, had once sheltered his life Iu a whirlwind of bloody and desperate strife; And Lucille the loved child of Sa-ha-wee:* too gone: Must his winter of life be left checrless and lone! The Irofnois! up flashed his fury! he sprung, ('lutehed his sword until in its steel seabbard it rung; And on through the roon with quick gentures he strode, Is though some ficree demou was plying his goad.

## XXIX.

Scaree a fleeting three months glide
Since his murdered Sa-ha-wee died,
Struck by the hand of 'Ta-yo-nee $\dagger$ while seeing,
(So her Iropuois handmaid said),
Seated upou Cape Diamond's head,
slowly the beautiful sunset flecing
From the laudscape below her spread.
"You-uon-de-joh's slave no more,"
Hissed the fierce brave as his hatehet flashed o'er -
" Die!" and bleeding, Sa-ha-wee fell;
Then pealing a wrathful triumphant yell,
*A Nine, in the On-on-dah-gah tongue.
-A wolf, in the eame.

## Frontenac.

And spurning the shrieking attendant away. Off bore the chieftain the lifeless clay.
Ta-yo-nee! her brother ! and could it be That he again was the enemy! The On-on-dah-gah fieree, whose hate

To the French race had visited
The vengeance of such dreadful fate
Upon a sister's head!
And then the thoughts of that sister stole
Like music e'er Frontenac's tortured soul.
A captive brought to the shores of France
By noble De Tracy with her sire,
In his stern bosom her fawn-like glaneo,
Kindled at length delicious fire;
And when, heart-broken, her fither died, He wooed the red maiden to his side; In his gray eastle beside the Rhone
Five bright summers above them shone; Decked with his Sovereign's trust, he bore
His destinies then to Canada's shore
With Sa-ha-wee and little Lucille; and the moon
That saw them drop anchor, her beautiful boou O'er the brow of the night had ceased searcely to spread E'er the blood of the first was thus ruthlessly shed.

## XXX

And now too the fate of Lavergne! Lueille Torn frow him! his over-wrought senses reel. But hark! on his ear a pealing swell; The neighboring Recollets' vesper-bell! And soon, through the open casement, song

Comes like the blessing of pence along;
Pouring on his heart like balm,
Spreading a delicious calm,
IIushing every thought of pain,
"Mary Mother!" swelled the strain.
"Mary Mother: from thy dwelling. Look with soft and smiling eye !
Us, thy humble suppliants telling
Thou dost watch us from the sky.
Ever be thy presence near us!
Ever o'er us be thy earo!
Mother of Him who perished! hear us!
Mary Mother, list our prayer.
" Honored abovo all, yet lowly Bend the sweetness of thy brow,
Mary Motherl Virgin IIoly ! On thy waiting children now,
Let thy smile, sweet Mother! eheer us:
To our souls thy blessing bear !
Mother of Him who perished! hear us!
Mary Mother ! list our prayer."
He glanced without - the splendid moon
Was climbing to her gorgeous noon;
The massivo chureh and convent bright Reared their tall summits in her light;
Whilst on the court the eastlo laid
The sharp cut blackness of its shade;
The sentry still with neasured stride

Passed and repassed the portal wide; All, all was beauty, light and peace, He felt his feverish throbbing cease. "Mary Mother!" seemed to bear Still upon the balmy air; Now to riso along tho sky, Now to tremble from on high; Falling, swelling, echoing roand, Till the moonlight changed to sound; Sound that told of heaven above; Sound that told of guardian lovo;
Off from his bosom rolled the gloom, The wrath, the anguish, the despair; And in that still and lonely room
The stern old soldier knelt in prayer.

## CANTO SECOND.

THE IROQUOIS.
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## CANTO SECOND.

## THE IROQUOIS.

1. 

WENTY-FOUR years! a flecting span
In the flecting career of man,
Twenty-four years have passed along
In the flow of my humble song.

## II.

Oh the Lagle is swift when he sweeps from his height,
With his wing to the wind, and his eye to tho light, Darting on, darting on through his empire of air, With nought to oppose him - his pathway to share; But the king of the sky would have drooped on his way E'er his wing could have measured the Iroqueis sway. The League - the prond summit had elambered at length, Sought so long by their firm banded wisdom and strength; Their Long House extended new, spacious and high. The branches its rafters, its canopy, sky, From the grand Mountain River's* full oceanward bed, To where its great bosom Ontario spread.

* Tho Iludson, called In old chronicles The River of the Monntaine. The Irounols name is Co-ha-ta-te-yah.


## Frontenac.

The fieree Adirondacks had fled from their wrath, The IIurous been swept frous their mereiloss path; Around, the Ottawas, like lenves had been strown; And the lake of the Eries nat silent and lene. The Lenape, lords once of valley and hill, Made women, hent low at their conquerors' will; By the far Mississippi, the Illini shrank When the trail of the Tontoine was seen on the bank; On the hills of Now England the l'equod turned pale, When the howl of the Wocra swelled at night in the gale; And the Cherokee shook in his green smiling bowers, When the foot of the Mesn stamped his earpet of flowers.
111.

Death, death to the tribes that now lingered behind When the Iroywis young nen came on like the wind. The forests were filled with affright and despair When the whoops of the braves keenly rolled on the air; They looked-at their frown the whole region grew black; They rose - and their way was the hurricane's track.

## Iv.

Stern Frontenac saw, from the walls of Quebee, This flood from the woods dashing on without eheek. His forts were surrounded, his outposts were burned, French blood he saw flowing wherever he turned, Now here, and now there, as clouds flash in theirstrife, Was the dart of the foeman, the flash of their knife; The hunter, whilst traeking the Hudson Buy snow In search of the ermine, sank under their blow;

The settler whilst plying his ax in the wood, At the skirts of Quebee, dyed the enrth with his blood; The bateaman, pushing his oraft to its goal Up the swift Cataragui,* fell dead ut his pole; The sentry, whilst guarding Fort Froutenae's wall By Ontario's waters, felt death in the ball; The fir trader, skimming with blanket and bead The Lake of the llurons, was followed to bleed; Blood crimsoned the earth, and cries burthened tho air, Until Frontenne, lashed into muddening despair, Raged roumal like the lion foes gird in a ring, Ilis mane bristling fierce, yet in doubt whore to spring, Here oponing his roar and there glaneing his oyo, With the circle still growing moro threatening and nigh.

## V.

The proudest of all in the hostile array Was young $\dagger$ Dawn of Morning, the lied of the Day, The Leaguo's At-a-ta-ho! the boldest in fight!
The wisest in council! in furm the most bright! The flectest of foot, the most skilled in the chase! The glory und boast of the lroquois race! Day after day to lierce Frontenac's ear Was the name of the chicftuin borne loudly by fear ; With the rush of the blast trod the l3rave on his path, Slaughter and flame were the marks of his wrath; In silence of midnight his wur-whoop arose; In brightness of noonday were strick on his blows;
*The St. Lawrence in the lroquols tongue.
$\dagger$ Thu-ren-be-rah in Iroquols. In the On-ou-da-ga language The Dawn of Day.

## Frontenac.

Woe to the French 1 for a demon seemed sent
On its way of dark horrors wherever ho went; Woe to the lrenel! for the hatehet he bore Wearied not, spured not, streaned ever with gore; Woe to the lirench ! for their ramparts of stone Saved thom from utter destruction alone.

## THE CANADIAN SPRING.

## vi.

'Twas May! the Spring with magic blum Leaped up from Winter's frozen tomb. bay lit the river's iey mail;
The bland warm rain at evening sank; Ice fragments dashed in midnight's grale;
The moose at morn the ripples drank.
The yacht, that Nound with naked mant
In the locked shallowa motionless
When sumset fell, went enrteryiug past
As breathed the morning's light caress.
The woodman, in the forest deep,
At sunrise heard with gladdening thrill
Where yester-eve was ghoomy shepl,
The brown rowsignol's carol shrill;
Where yester-eve the showbank spread
The hembeck's twisted roots between,
He saw the eoltsfout's grolden head
Rising from mosses plump and green;

Whilst all around were budding trees, And mellow wweetuess filled the breeze. A few dnys passed along, and brought More changes as by magic wrought. With plames were tipped the becehen sprays; Tho birch long dangling tassols showed;
The oak still bare, but in a blaze
Of gorgeous red the maple glowed;
With chnsters of the purest white
('herry and shadbush ehurmed the sight
like spets of now the boughs nuong; And showers of strawberry blossouns made Rich earpets in eneh field und glade
Where day its kindliest ghaces flung.
And air too hailed Spring's joyons sway ;
The bluebird warbled elear and sweet;
I'hen came the wren with carols gay,
The enstomed roof and poreh to greet;
The meekbird showed its suried skill;
At evening moaned the whipporwill.
Type of the Spring from Wiuter's gloom:
The butterfly new being foumd;
Whilst romed the pink may-apple's bloom Gave myrind drinking bees their sound.
Great flecting elonds the pigeons made;
When near her brood the limenter strayed
With trailing limp the partridge stirred;
Whilst a quick feathered pumgle shot
Rapid as thought from spot to spot Showing the fairy hummingbird.

## TIIE PEACE-BELTT.

VII.

In the samo room where Frontenae stern
Heard tho loss of Lucille and the death of Lavergne.
Twenty-four rapid years ago;
In this same roon where his footsteps bent
To and fro, to and fro;
Over his visage shades came and went;
Now thought in his wrinkles cronehed low like a suake,
Now renomous fury all up and awake,
Now death-like pallor, now erimson glow.
Those years have dimmed his eye's fuick flame,
Whitened his brow, and lent his frame,
For more than the threeseore-and-ten had been given.
Whether in favor or anger, by Ieaven,
Within these years had the staff of command
Been wielded by another's hand,
But once more at his sovereign's word,
O'er Canada's destinies stood he lord.
viII.

To and fro, to and fro,
Frontenae strode through light and shade Hastily, heavily, still and slow,
As thought or passion within him swayed.
Now, chafing fieree, and treading high,
Like a roused lion in his den;

Now, like the panther erceping uigh
The hunter slumbering in the glen.
$\mathrm{He}_{\mathrm{e}}$ ! governor of the province! ho
The sport of Iroquois enmity!
He clenelied his teeth, and his sword half drew,
Whilst darkened his brow to a swarthy hue:
" Oh, that this Dawn of Moruing stood
Before me, e'eu in his native wood, This aged arm - but slumber pride,
'Twere best to wiu him to my side."
He stamped his foot, "Without that wait!"
A guardsman in his presence bent;
"The Otter* bid attend us straight!"
Then on again the stridings went.
Tho door reöpened; with a tread
Noiseless as snow-flakes in their fall
And bowing scarce his haughty head,
Near came an Indian grim and tall.
With one proud step the noble met
This IIuron runner of Lorette,
Holding a wampum belt in sight,
Of braided colors black and white,
"List Otter! take this belt of paace ;
Rest not till Dawn of Morning's found;
Tell him, wo wish the storm to cease;
The hatchet bury in the ground.
Tell him, the At-o-ta-ho prond,
Forgettiug eumity and wrath,

## Frontenac.

Should from our sky sweep every eloud, Should clear all briers from off our path.
Tell him to seek this lodgo of stone,
Whero oft the eouncil fire has shone;
That Yon-non-de-yoh nisks a talk
The tree of pedee between to set,
Beneath to smoke the ealumet,
And wipe from blood the tomahawk!"

## ON-ON-DAH-GAH.

Ix.

The sunset, from his rainbow throne, $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{n}} \mathrm{On}$-on-dah-gah Hollow shone.
A double ring of palisade
Enclosed within one-half its bounds
A round-topped Indian village, made
Of mats and branches ; scores of mounds
Told that the other yielded space
To the thrice hallowed burial-place;
Thenee maize, ris'n newly, spread each way, (Save where the usual ball-green lay),
The earth-dones tipped with golden glow;
The whole shaped like the Indian bow
By the eurved ferest, and a stream
That stretehed below its sunset gleam.
$\mathbf{x}$.
Along the eastle's beaten square, Displaying marts of akill and care,

## On-on-dAil-gAif.

The famous Temple of the Glow*
Extended its loug log-built framo;
Shrining with the Saered Flame,
Whose star it never ceased to show.
Type of the ancient leaguo that bound
The five Red Nations into one,
Ages had seen its light east round
Successive forms of sire and son
In countless couneils bearing part :
The Feast of Union every year
Renewing by the radiance clear
The tic in cach eonfederate's heart.

## XI.

Ever on high the smoke-clond streamed.
In sumuer's sun it richly gleaned; Agrainst stern winter's sky of gray In wreaths eondensed and pale it lay; In midnight's bushed and solemn gloom It touched the heavens with sable plume;
Like ocean's surges wild it cast Its rolling fragments on the Jlast; And pointed upward deep aud proud Toward the black frowning thundereloud.

## XII.

All cyes, but onc, were barred the Flame, Save when the Feast of Union came; And if the portal oped perehanee, Or, throngh some crevice, streaks of red

[^0]Broko out, away was turned tho glauce, Quick from the preoinets passed the tread.
xill.
Uneeasing sustenance it found
From the vast forests spread around.
The boy had seen it with awed sight;
It shono upou his loeks of whito;
Still glowed its undiminished light
When death its trophy won;
Another generation passed,
And still the ruddy gleams were east,
Unwasted as tho sun.

## xiv.

A priestess watehed with tireless eure
That the pure splendor of tho fire
Should never, day or night, expire,
And ulways was her presence there.
The At-o-ta-ho's mother - she
Cherished with pride tho dignity
To keep alive the blaze ;
And, save for him, her heart had not
A thought or wish beyond the spot
So sacred to her gaze.
$x \mathrm{v}$.
Once every year a glowing braud,
Whose sparkles from the Flane had birth, Was borne by *Spark of Suulight's haud.
*To-na-sa-ha in Iroquois.

To every On-en-dah-gab hearth; And there again the wigwam-fire, Fer this end suffered to expire, At the braud's toueh its radianee threw The hearth thus sacred made anew. Emblem hew all is cold aud black

When Hah-wen-ne-ye's smile is o'er,
And then how warm and bright, when baek
Flashes his glerious glance once more.
Thenee through the Leng IIouse went the tread
Of the gray priest, the brand made red
By the whirled wheel, and everywhore
Again he made the dark hearths bright
With the fire emblem, whilst the air
Rang with the usual festal rite.

THE AT-0-TA-HO.

## XVI.

Upon the square's opposiug side
The At-o-ta-ho's lodge arose! Its demed shape also, greater pride And skill displaying far than those On either side the space that flanked, And into ways broad trodden ranked, Each warrier's totem rudely cut Above the perch ef every hut, With narrow transverse lanes between, Till the slant piekets elosed the scene.

## Frontenac.

## xvif.

The entrance of tho lodge before
Hung a gigantie panther skin,
-Spoil of the At-0-ta-ho's might
Won in a desperate mountain fight,-
While beaver furs the earthen flowr
With deliente softness robed within.
The walls with deerskins wero o'erspread,
White as the snew the lake-marsh shed.
lmpending from moose-mitlers, shone
Tho League's great C'alumet, its stela
Plamed like the feathery diadem
The At-o-tn-ho on his throno
Of branches in the square displayed,
Wheu for the Vinon Feast arrayed.

## xvilit.

Ilis own rich pipe was hung below, Its bowl and stem one general glow With thickly pietured tiuts of red, 'Telling of' actions stern aind dread. On one side was the bearkin couch, Above it his fusee and prouch; A round were ranged the war-club strong And curved, with its wrist-looping thong; The bow with deeds all over dyed, The flint-head arrows ut its side; Leggiugs of crimson, mantle felts;

Tie At-0-ta-ho.
Snowy and purple wampum-belts;
Moecasins quilled in rainbow hue;
Brond sinewed snow-shoes; girdles bluo;
Sharp scalping-knives and hatchets keon; And Feast-Crown rich in feathery sheen; Whilst from the floor a sapliag sprung With human scalps upon it strung; Age's gray locks, long woman's hair, Childhood's and manhood's blended thers.
XIX.

No wife the warrier's wigwam shared, His venison or his maize prepared; No gentle accent welcomed him When from the chase camo weary limb; No soft hand bound his wounds when back Returned from battle's bloody track;
Sweet woman's eye - that household star, Driving all household gloom afar Within his bleak walls never shone; Tho $\Delta t$-o-ta-ho lived alone.
$\mathbf{x x}$.
Aud yet more bright each maiden's glance When moved his figure in the danco; More eager bent each listening car When roso his war-soug high and elear; Each maiden's tongue was loud to tell His feats, so bold, so terrible,
The foemen slain, the castles won, Within the frequent war-path done.

## XXI.

When through the ways and lanes he went, Dark sparkling eyes were eu him bent; Soft hearts beat wheresee'er he trod; Sweet eheeks blushed sweeter at his nod; Fer as the League's young men beyond In deeds, in beauty was he too; But yet affeetion's gentle hond

The graceful warrior never knew. He -the proud At-0.ta-ho-kept

No thoughts within lis heart for leve;
llis spirit with the eagle swept,
It cowered not to the coeing dove.

## JISKOKO.

xxil.
Still for that nature steril and high, One loveliest of the maden train, In secret heuved the burning sigh,

In secret felt the tender pain.
Her mether, eaptive in some strife, In youth had been a white man's wife.
Then, hurried to a bloody grave
By a fieree On-on-dah-gah lBrave,
Who said slie had forgot her pride
Te slumber by a l'renehman's side; And in another war-path brought

The infant to her tribe, that she,

Theugh with the hatsd blood so fraught, An On-on-dah-gah still should be.

## XXIII.

Since, eighteen springs their blossoms sweet Had twined around The Robin's* feet. Hor large soft olk-like eye the race Of the Ho-de-no-sonne showed,
While on her sunny ehoek the traco Of her pale lineage-rose-like-glowed.
She followed ever with her eyo
The At-0-ta-ho passing by;
Whene'er his look was on her turned,
IIer downeast brow with bluslies burned;
In the wild danee she marked his grace,
Her whole roused soul within her face;
Wheno'er ho struck the battle-post,
She lonug delighted on his boast;
When on the war-path stern he went,
She freçuent hid to weep the while;
But when his seal $p$-whoop high he sent,
Returuing, oh! how bright her smile ;
And the glad maidens she would leave,
As if for very joy to grieve.
Then when she joined the praising throng,
Amid the tinkling Indian lute,
Or the loud swell of joyons song,
To him, she, she atone was mute.

* Jis-ko-ko in On-on-da-ga.

Yet there, e'en there, so seeming cold, The sigh and bluwh their story told.
But though the At-o-ta-ho blind
To her deep love appeared, his tome And look were ever, ever kind, Telling warm frieudship held the throue.
xxiv.

Thus, whilo The Robin loved in vaia, She wildly was beloved again, By Ko-lah of fiereo desperate mood, Whose fiery will and vongeful blood Caused her to shodder mad turn pale, Whencer he told his hated tale.
xxv.

His sire The Raven was a 13rave, Noted, get to vilo passions slavo.
Treacherous, blood-thirsty as a wolf, Yet full of deep decoit and guile, A calm look veiled the boiling gulf, Murder was hidden in his smile. But still, when on the war-path rushed

His feet, so just his after boast, All blame was in his praises lushed, The wreteh was in the warrior lust.

TIE MESSAGE.

## xxyr.

The sun his journey bright had bont So low, a level ray lie sent, Tipping the forests with the glow, While twilight gathered gray belew.

## xxvir.

Upon the pleasant outside green 'I'wo shouting bands, the gates between, With their hroal rackets, sent on hight The ball now searing to the sky, Now falling, to again be eaught Aud sent aloft with speed of thought, Ever upou its whizzing wing As though it were a living thing.

## XXVIII.

IHere, through the alleys, warriors bore Short searlet elvaks their shoulders o'er, Arrow and how in either band, Yet wearing nought of war'н eommand; There, others strove in mimic fray, Wrenching the fancied sealp away, Casting their tomahawks about, And quavering war-whoops pealing out.

## Frontenac.

## XXIX.

Boys also in the moeking strife Whirled the dull hatehet, aimed the knife; Whooped shrill, the sealp in gestures reut, From the twanged bow the arrow sent, Or, with strained strength, and flying feet, Shot on, the distant goal to greet, While with their pipes the old men sat, Each at his entrance on his mat.

## $\mathbf{X X X}$.

Upon the stragyling trees that flung
Their boughs outside, apon themaize,
Infants in their lashed baek-boards hungr
Asleep, or with dull patient gaze ;
While grouped their mothers gossiping,
The eorn to golden powder pounding,
Drawing the water from the spring,
Or the bright kettle's* flame surrounding.
XXXI.

Over the river's surface flew
Youths in the rapid birch canve;
Or floated for their fimy prey;
Or lurked, the feeding duek to slay.

- Ku-na-tah in Ouondaga.


## XXXII.

Suddenly threugh the maize, where led A pathway to the neighb'ring shades, A stranger's form was seen to tread, Approaching toward the palisades, And lifting, as ho came, on high Wampum of blaek and snowy dye. A ringing whoep of warning swelled Froms those the figuro that beheld. The ball plunged down, and lay in sleep; The meck fights ceased, ceased whoop and leap; The warriers eheeked their sauntering strides;
Sought the canoes the river side.
XXXIII.

The eomer was an Indian tall, And on him curiously gazed all; Grave through the palisades he passed, And paused within the square at last.

## XXXIV.

There followed the the village crowd;
And, though the warriers sileut grazed, The women, boys, and ehildren loud

Their veices in enquiry raised.
But uid the wild and ehattering din, The grim and frowning panther skin Of Dawu of Morning's ledge was reared, And at the threshold he appeared.
xxxv.

Of beauty high and rare was he; A deer-skin shirt of white was spread Close round his frame from neek to knee.
Meeting his leggings riehly red.
Delicate were his features, yet
A haughty soul was in them set; The eustomary paint in trace Of red and black was o'er his face; And while a slender form he reared, Lithe as a panther's it appeared.
xxXVi.

Upon his heart his hand he pressed, And to the stranger bowed his cerest ; Then to the tall pipe-bearer* said,

Who near lim stood, "My Sachems call!"
Next to the stranger, "Come!" his tread
Bent toward the palisaded wall,
Where the long council-honse appeared
Beneath a row of hemlocks reared.

## xxxvil.

They entered, soon the Sachems eane;
The cirele crouehed upon the floor ;
The pipe its eustomed eireuit bore ;
And then the stranger reared his frame,

- Ita-ya-do-ya, or aid to the At-o-ta-ho.

Extended in his brawny hand
The wampum, and in aecents bland
To Dawn of Morning said, who sat
In front upon his tufted mat,
"Ta-wen-deh Yon-non-de-yoh's talk
To the great At-o-ta-lio brings;
IIe seeks to plant the tree of Peace,
Water it, bid its boughs inerease,
And then to hide the tomahawk
Under the pleasant shades it flings,
And hard the earth above to tread,
Until it is like rock o'erspread!
Then round the tree loek Friendship's chain,
And never let it break again.
'Great At-o-tilho come!' says he,
' To my stone lodge upon the rock, And there together will we loek
This chain unbroke and bright to be,
Until the grass shall eease to grow,
Until the waters cense to flow!'"
XXXVIII.

A guttural quiek "Yo-hah!" awoke
From the dark ring; still no one spoke;
Once more the pipe breathed round its smoke, Then Dawn of Morning rose ;
Ilis eye caeh Saehem's countenance
Sought, and each Sachem to his glance Said " Good," and his repose
Vauished into a lofty air ;

## FR. -JTENAC.

His head he reared, his arm he spread,
"Good words speaks Yon-non-de-yoh" said,
"The At-o-ta-ho will be thero!"

## QUEBEC.

## Xixilx.

The fresh May morning's earliest light,
From where the riehest hues wero blended,
Lit on Cape Diamond's towering height
Whose spangled erystals glittered bright,
Thence to the eastle roof desended,
And bathed in radianco pure and deep
The spires and dwellings of the steep.
Still downward erept the strengthening rays;
The lofty erowded roofs below
And Cat-a-ra-qui cavght the glow,
Till the whole scene was in a blaze.
The scattered bastions - walls of stone
With bristling lines of eamon erowned,
. Whose muzzles o'er the landscape frowned
Blaekly through thoir embrazures-shone.
Peint Levi's woods sent many a wreath
Of mist, as though hearths smoked beneath,
Whilst heavy folds of vapor gray
Upon St. Charles, still brooding, lay; The basin glowed in splendid dyes Glassing the glories of the skies, And ehequered tints of light and shade The banks of Orleans' Isle displayed.

## Quenec.

## XI.

To active life the seenc awoke;
A brigantine her canvas spread,
And as her sailor-songs outbroke
Down toward the southern channel sped.
A courier in his bark canoe
From Skan-na-da-rio's boundless blue, Measured his oars, ns swift along
He glided, to his frontier song;
And a bateau forth slowly slipped
Its little wooden anchors tripped,
The boatmen at their poles low bending
Their chorus in rude musie blending.

## XLI.

Quebec's great thoroughfare within
Rose to the usual stir and din :
With flowing plume, and mantle gay,
The mounted noble went his way; Chaunting, with erucifix on hizh, A train of monks swept slowly by; With pike and corslet, grim and searred, And measured step, on strode a guard. Couriers de bois, lond chattering, went Bencath their packs of peltry bent; Tho half-blood scout, with footstep light,
Passed glancing round his rapid sight;
Inrons quick boro, with loping tread,
Rich beavers toward the tradcr's shed;

Woodmen with axes in their hands, IIunters with houuds and rifles long, And rough batemumen, grouped in bands, On sauntering, swelled the motley throng.
XIII.

Suddenly rose a murnur through
The busy strect; a word passed on;
Eyes glaneed around; together drew
In groups the erowd; with visage wan
At doors and winduws mothers pressed
Their sereaming infants to their breast;
IIero, with elenched teeth men grasped the kaife.
As if to rush on desperate strife;
Whilst others, there, east looks of fear On wives and children shuddering near; What word was that, so quiek had made The sun-bright seeue so dark with shade!
'Twas Dawn of Morning! uttered now In whispers deep, with cowering brow, And spoken now in anger loud With haud tight elasped and bearing proud.
"Ha! here he comes!" exclaimed the scout,
"Sce how he throws his glance about!"
"The dog! here, midst us, in Quebee!"
Muttered the noble, sudden eheek
Giving his steed, "as proud his feet
As though the forest leaves they beat;
He seems to beard us with that tread,
And bow he lifts his haughty head!"
"The demon ! see his glittering knife !" Murmured a female easting look On her palo child who by her shook,
"Christ save us from this murderous strife;"
"St. Francis, keep it far away !"
Exclaimed a passing Recollet.
"Ho, comrado!" a batenuman said,
"How feels the scalp ipon your head!
Creeps it, as on that stormy night We tugged upon St. Peter's lake
When the uoon showed with fitful light That fearful savage in our wake?"
"Milet! dost thou remember Roux,
Sealped by this fiend in his canoe?"
A courier asked, his bended back
Frecing an instant from his pack:
"Ashes are where Moyne's cabin stood, And his the torch that waked the fire,
His hatehet drank Le Renault's blood, Liis stake saw La Montayue expire,
Tho time our village in the dell A prey to his wild fury fell!"
A rough Cariguan settler said,
In a low voice of rage and dread, To a fur-trader at his shed;
" Allaire ! I'd give a year to strike
That haughty Indian with my pike!"
A youthful guardsman fierecly eried, To an old veteran by his side,
"Hush Merle 1 the Calumet behold,
Besides there tread his followers bold!"

## Frontenac.

Such sounds preclaimed the warrier's way, Rising and sinking as his feet
Passed crouching hut and building gray, That walled the long and winding street.

THE CALUMET.

## XLIII.

On eame the At-o-ta-he's tread, Leading the file of his tawny band;
Like the erest of the elk rose his haughty head, While high he lifted in his hand
That sign of peaee, the ealumet,
So saered to the Indian sonl,
With its stem of reed and its dark red bowl,
Flaunting with feathers white, yellow, and green,
Which seemed as if jewels were over them set,
As they glaneed to the sun in their changeable sheen.
XLIV.

Courage that danger ne'er disturbed, And a proud spirit never curbed, Were throned upon his forehead bold,
And in his dark wild glance were told.
His usual slose white robe he wore,
Its hue in emblems uearly lost;
A short fusee his shoulders crossed;
His head the bristling scalp-lock bore;

## The Talk.

A heron plumo of snow hung o'er; Memorial of that bird that swept
Its way to Hah-yoh-wont-hah dread, And whose pure plumage long was kopt
To deek the bravest warrior's head.
Behind, his mat hung, richly dyed, And dangling loosely at his side,

His pouch ef rabbit skin was soen;
His limbs bright crimson legginga graced,
Worked moceasins his feet encased,
And in the sunshine gleaming keer
His hatehet o'er his mat was slung,
While his long knife before him hung.
XLV.

His warriors also bore fusee,
Hatehet and knife, with bearing proud;
But not a sign showed enmity,
"Inai! hai!" they sounded oft and loud.
Thus down St. Louis' street, that led To the Place d'Armes all slowly sped, And there they eheeked their lofty tread.

## THE TALK.

XLVI.

The castle's council elamber, long And narrow, raftered low and strong; On a raised chair sat Frontenac, A seore of notles at his back,

## Frontenac.

While pikemen in two rows before Stretelied to the threshold of the dour.

## xivif.

The sunshine through the easemont streamed.
Filling with golden glow the room,
On corsclet, casque, anil pikehead gleamed.
And danced on sword, fusee, and plane.
But the wide portal opeu flew;
Five forms strode up the nvenue
By the grim bristling pikemen made,
The file the At-ota-ho leading,
The rest close after, each a brave,
In a brave's weapons each arrayed,
Seeming to see nonght, storn and grave,
Yet subtly every objeet heeding.

## xivil.

As Dawn of Morning slowly passed,
Around his eagle leak he enst,
Smiling with seorn as pike and gun
Flashed all around him in the sun.
No panse he made, uutil his tread
Placed him two puees from the chair
Where Frentenac, with kindling air,
Sat gazing; then in broken speech,
While swept his arm a haughty reach,
The youthful wurrior said:
" Great Yon-non-de.yoh whispered 'Come:'
Te Dawn of Morning: he is here,

F'en in great Yon-non-de-yoh's home;
The At-o-ta-ho knows not fear, For a great brave is Dawn of Day: What doth my Canada father say?"

## XLIX.

A breathless pause; at length 'twas broke By Frontenac, as thus he spoke: "My Sachom, dwelling o'er tho sca, To his red children speaks through me Why should the Ongue-Honwee host Against me atrike the battle-post! Why should my young men vainly cry

For suecor at their burning stake!
Why should my lightnings round them wake, Bidding their boldest warriors die!
Why should our pathway with a cloud Tho brave Ho-de-no-sonne shroud!
I listen as the west wind comes,
Its errand in ny car it hums;
It says - I bear the shriek and groan
From distant Missillimakinak
To Yon-non-de-yoh's lodge of stone,
A dreary, long, and bloody track.
These things have riven my heart with pain, But let us now make bright the chain, And smoke the Calumet together,
While on our path will rest tho glow, The soft warm glow of Summer weather,

Not Winter's chilling robes of snow. This belt preserves my words
We'll plant the peacotree deeply now,
So that ita shado shall steep each brow;
And no mare let the fires of wrath
Bo kindled in the battle-path
By deeds or singing-birds.
See, Dawn of Morning ! you bright pile
Of gifta will make thy warriors smile!
Fusees, to bring the fleet moose low;
Rackets, to hunt him in the suow;
Blankets, within whose downy fold, The sires ean brave the bitterest cold; Sashes, to hind the robes of skin; Beads for the tawny muceasin;
Trinkets to mako the sumuws more bright; Paints fitting warriors for the fight;
J'owder and ball, to seathe with flame The fire, and heap the lolge with game ; leggings that match the roddy blaze;
Kettles to boil the golden maize;
And look! let Dawn of Morning eppread
Round him this mantle rich and red,
Worthy an At-o-ta-lo's sight,
Whose deeds have made his name so bright."
L.

The warrior stirred not from his place, But reared his tall light form more tall,

And naid, while letting, with free grace, Upon his arm the mantle fall:-
"When, in his snowy-winged canee, First Walking Thuader* erept to view, On Cnt-n-ra-qui's flood,
The Adirendack dogs the knife
Against my people held in strife, Red ever with their hood.
So by the oldest sires avouched, In winter, in the lodges erouched; And though those dogs nor trembling, feel The scorntul stampings of whr heel, Then did our fathers know their wrotis, And die within their blooly path. Beside that hrond num lu- oly lake
Where dwells the preptec of the winds,
Who, if no offering mot als make
Passing his lodge of rock, unbinds
His rushing fury o'er the wave, And whelms them in a watery grave; Herding with those base dogs, the fires Of' Walking Thunder fiereely flashed
Against the besoms of our sires,
And down to earth their bravest dashed, Sudden, as when the lightning's bound Clenves the prond hemloek to the ground.
They nude our trembling warriors bow, Warriurs who only bowed hefore


* Champlain.

And flash of Walking Thunder's wrath, Their feet flew o'er a briery path, And long they veiled their humble brow.
n.I.
"But tho wise Charistooni* eame, And gave the dust where slept the flame To our awed sires; from that bright hour,
Their sealp-locks loftier, loftier, rose, They olimbed the mountain of their power,

They poured destruction ou their foes; Each warrior's lodye with sealps was filled, We swan within the blood we spilled. Not only Adirondacks bowed,
When o'er them passed our tempest-cloud, But Huron, Erie, Illini, Ottawa, Pequod, bent the knee, Until turned every red man pale, Where'er was seen our stealthy trail; And where our wandering footsteps led, The earth was strown, like leaves, with dead.

## LiI.

"Then the good Charistooni placed
The chain in Corlear's friendly hands;
We since, heart liuked, the game have ehased,
*The Dutch were so called by the Iroquols.

And still the tree we planted stands, This belt preserves my talk! Oft has the At-0-ta-ho smoked

The pipe with Corlear, his white brether, And oft have we the smiles invoked

Of Hah-wen-ne-yo on each other;
Deep lies our tomahawk!
If Yon-non-de-yoh, then, the ehain
Would place in Dawn of Moruing's grasp, And make it free from every stain, The links must Corlear also elasp, And Yon-non-de-yoh, with his hand Upon his heart, by Corlear stand, A brother."
—" Nay, it eannot be!"
Thus broke in fiery lirontenac:
"The mighty sachems o'er the sea Have dug the hatchet from the ground, The knife must gleam, the war-whoop sound;
Ne'er Yon-non-de-yoh bends the knee,
Or from the war-path turns him back!"
"Then!" and the At-o-ta-ho dashed
The mantlo down, with eye that flashed, And spurned it with disdain;
"Then shall the hatchet still be red,
And still the sky with elouds be spread;
See! Dawn of Morning's seoruful tread
Is on the broken ehain!"
"This to my face!" cried Frontenae,
Upstarting, "Seize him!" - In his track
The savage turued - one bound he made, 9

His hatehet gleamed, and low was laid
A pikeman on the floor;
Another bound, another blow,
Beneath his feet another foo
Was gasping iu his gore;
A third, and, with a war-whoop shrill, That picreed all ears with deafening thrill, He vanished through the door;
Over his tribesmen fierce, who stood
Stern, fighting, till they fell in blood, Nobles and pikemen pour.
Aeross the court the chicftain flies,
One struggle more - the sentry dies;
Haste, haste, thy need is sore !
Ope, ope the sally port ! thy flight
Thy foemen press with stern delight,
Thy warriors are before.
Joy, joy! the sally port is spread!
And, with loud whoop and winged tread, He plunges midst his tribesmen red, And with quick words he points ahead -

All vanish from the square;
Up through St. Louis' strect they dash, Corslet and pike behind them flash, And shots at rapid periods crash,

But onward still they bear.
All, wondering, view tho warriors flee, In their left hands the elutehed fusee,

The hatehet in their right,
Bateauman, hunter, courier, scout,
Show their surprise by clamorous shout,

Wemen shriek wild with fright;
Yet searee is marked the tawny crowd
Before, like passage of a cloud, They shoot athwart the sight; But ero they gain the walls, a band Of hunters in their pathway stand, Poured from a little inn at hand, And deadly firo threw in;
Hatehets and kuives and woed-blades flash,
Fusees and rifles blend their crash,
Whoop, shout, and scream their din;
Bosom to bosom, eye to eye,
Pale-face and red-skin sink to die, Blood gushes through the street;
Near and more near the armed array
Of guardsuen come to grasp their prey;
Still cut, still cut, wild braves! your way !
Still urge, still urge your feet!
Haoh!* Hah-wen-ne-yo's smile is cast
Upon them yet - they reach at last The walls - tho sentries low they bring,
The massive gates they open swing, Nought now their way retards, And turning, Dawn of Morning throws
His hatehet with a look that glews
In glaring fury at his foes;
Then, as dash near the guards,
Vanishes with his dusky band
Amid the tangled woeds at hand.

[^1]END OF CANTO SECOND.

CANTO THIRD.

THE WAR-SONG.
THE HUNTERS. THE BATEAU.
the carignan
village.
THE BRIGANTINE.


## OANTO THIRD.



THE WAR-SONG.

## I.

OOH! hooh! how the panther springs,
As flies the deer on affrighted wings!
Hooh! hooh! how he rends his prey!
So will the On-on-dah-gahs slay!
Hooh! whoop! how he rends his prey! So will the On-on-dah-gahs slay!
"Hooh! hooh! how the eaglo screams, As the blood of the fawn from his talons streams ! Hooh! hooh! how the woods ring out! So will the On-on-dah-gahs shout!
Hooh! whoop! how the woods ring out! So will the On-on-dah-gahs shout!"

## II.

Thus the next morning that beheld
The At-o-ta-ho safo again
At On-on-dah-gah, loudly swelled
The war-song in its angriest strain.

Revenge on Yon-non-de-yol! ! high Went up the fierce and bloody ery; Revonge on all his race! their iro Flashed into furious, frenzied firo; Revenge ! revenge ! it filled the day, It e'en disturbed the midnight's sway, Its sound the At-o-ta-ho swelled, The eeho wild his warriors yelled, Tho old men, wemen, chillren, all Blended thoir voices in the call, Rovengo! revenge! till every breast Had but that passion for its guest.

## III.

And now round flame and war-pest red
Within the eastle's crowded square,
The wrathful At-o-ta-ho led
His braves, and raised his ehauntings there, Joined by their tones, whilst every bound Beat to the song with muffled sound.
1.
"Hooh! hooh! how the sharpened knife Will gleam again in the war-path's strife! Hooh ! hooh! like the lightning red, The On -on-dah-gahs will flash in dread! Hooh! whoop! like the lightning red, The On-on-dah-gahs will dert in dread:

## 2.

"Hooh! hooh! how the liungry fire
Will wrap the Freneh in its leaping ire!
Heoh! hooh ! like tho torrent's flood,
The On -on-dah-gahs will rush in blood!
Hooh! whoop! like the torrent's flood,
The On-on-dah-gahs will rush in blood!"

Breaking the song, abovo his head The At-o-ta-ho flashed a sweep
With his bright hatehet; down it sped, And in tho post was buried deep.
The next one gave a piereing yell,
And down his hatehet also fell.
Another struek - another - shrill
Whoop upon whoop resounding, till
Blows rained upon the post so fast, In fragments round 'twas strown at last

## IV

The At-0-ta-ho elutehed his axe And shook it high with fiereest gaze, Then - seores of warriors in his traeks Rushed through the palisades, the maize, And bounding to the water-side

Where, from the soft white bass-wood hollowed,
Threo war eanoes with withes were tied,
Entered the first; his warriors ${ }^{{ }^{n}}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ wed

Till all were filled, and the furious throng With flashing paddles then left the shore, Skimming the river with whoop and song

Upon their war-path of flam :' ' ${ }^{\text {on }}$

## TIIE IUUNTLIAS.

## $v$.

'Twas one of June's delicions eves;
Sweotly the sunset rays wero streaming.
Here tangled in the forest ieaves,
There on the Cataraqui gleaming.
A broad grade lay besido the flood
Where tall dropped trees and bushes stood.
A cove its semicirele bent
Within, and through th: sylvan space, Where lay the light in splintered trace,
A monso, slow grazing, wem;
Twisting his long, curved, flexile lip,
Now the striped moosewood's leaves to strip,
And now his maned neck, short and strong,
Stooping, between his fore-limbs long
Strotehed widely unt, to erop the plant And tall rich grass that elothed the haunt.
On moved he to the basin's ellge,
$\therefore$ inwing the $\times$ vordflag, ru-h, und sedge,
Aud wading short way from the shore
Where spread the waterlilies o'er
A pavement green with globes of gold, Cow inenced his favorite finst to held.

## VI.

So still the seene - the river's lapse Along its ceurse gave hollow sound,
With seme raised wavelet's lazy laps
On $\log$ and stene around;
And the erisp noise the meose's oropping
Made, with the water lightly dropping
From some lithe, speekled, lily stem Entangled in his antlers wide,
Thus seattering many a sparkling gem
Within the gold-eups at his side.
Sudden he raised his hend on high,
Spread his great nostrils, fixed his eyo,
Reared half his giant ear-flaps, stood,
Between his teeth a half-ehewed root,
And sidelong on the neighboring wood
Let startled glanees shoot.
Resuming then his stem, once more,
He bent, as frem suspicion free,
His bearded throat the lilies o'er, And erepped them quietly.
VII.

Minutes passed on in such repose,
No sound within the seene arose,
Save, as befere, the river's tinklings;
The rustling that the feeding moose
Made in the lilies, and the sprinklings
Each mass of roots he reared let loose;

## Frontenac.

But now a rifle crackel - he atarted, And through the ruffled basin darted,
Found quiekly the oprosing side,
Anil, hoofs loud elicking, left the spot,
His frame extendel in $n$ wide,
Headlong, yet awkward trot;
But scaree an urrow's flight he bore,
When burst another quiek flat somud,
Ancl, with drawn limbs, and gushing gore,
He floundered on the ground.
Two lunters rushed then from the shade,
Amd while one drew his woodman's blade
Across the vietim's throat,
The ether whooped eut shrill and keen,
That rang along the silent seene
In startling, deafening note.

## vili.

As from their prey they strip the skin, Two uther huuters enter in, Bearing a deer with staggering strength, And on the greensward cast their length. Now voices all around ure heard, The leaven by hasty feet ure stirred, And seon the whole gay hunter band Within the sylvan hollow stand,
Casting their wildwoed game around
Until it thickly strews the ground.

## IX.

Now the golden light has slid
From the henlock's pyramid;
Now the maple's dome is dark, Flashing late with lustrous spark;
Aud within the solemn woods,
Twilight, dusk and shimmering, broods.

## X.

Soon the pile of sticks and loaves
Fire from flint and steol receives,
And the flesh, in juicy flakes,
Olors rich and pungent makes;
Seated on the pleasant grass,
Jest and song tho hanters pass;
Then, the rites to huuger paid,
Careless every limb is laid
On the swect and dowy glade.
XI.
"'Twas a long shot which struek that goose,"
Snys one, " ho beat the air so far!"
"Yes," cries another, " and the moose Some caution cost us ; hey, Bizarre?"
"Ind he but been that fiend-like boy,
The At-o-ta-ho, greater joy,"
Answered Bizarre," within would glow !
I saw a wolf, an hour ago,
Down in the Wild-ent strenmlet's glen,

## Frontenac.

And his fierce rolling eye was like, I thonght, to that young demon's, when I saw him low Jerandeau strike, Before the Inn of the Canoe,
When his wild band came trooping through
St. Louis' street, like panthers leaping;
Oh, that an instant. brief he stood
In my good rifle Bee-flight's keeping,
He'd never spill auother's blood!"
"Why did not," gay muother cried,
" Bee-flight bore through him in the strife?"
"As hard as gun e'er tid it tried,
But fortune favored not ; lieside
It had to guard ite master's life!"
"Well, let the At-o-ta-ho go,"
A third one said;" we cannot reaeh
His fierce blowlthirsty heart with speech -
Come. come, Bizarre, let pleasure flow :
Sing, sing! the 'Happy llunters' swell, We all can trip the ehorus well!"
xII
Bizarre bemmed loud, then poured amain. Till the woods rang, his ferest strain :-

## 1.

" Happy and free
Ilunters are we,
Free as the winds that roam so wide;

Camping at night,
$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{p}}$ with the light,
Itunters are happy whatever betide!
Shout out the chorus then,
Swing it out louder, men!
Sorrow or eare cannot with us abide,
Hunters aro happy whatever betide!

## 2.

" Happy and free
Hunters are we,
Free as the elouds that above us glide ;
Seoraing the worst,
Humger and thirst,
Ilunters are happy whatever betide:
Shout out the chorus thea,
Swing it out louder, men !
Sorrow or eare cannot with us abide,
Ilunters are happy whatever betide!"

N111.
On pass the hours: the caun-fire bright Steeps the near leaves in bromeing light, And shifting, plays o'er the figures laid, In the semerons glow, on the grassy glade. 'The whetsaw's tiakle, the owl's loud shout, And the ceaseiess chime of the frogs, ring out ; With the neighboring Cat-a-ri-qui's rush llaking profounder the midnight hush.

## Frontenac.

XIV.

Silent are the sentries sitting ;
One feels dozing visions flitting
O'er his brain, while laney teming.
Riots through the other's dreaming.
xv.

Creeping, ereeping, onsard ereeping,
Toward the sentries, helpless sleeping.
Through the gloom
Two figures come-
Are they wolves upon their way? Creeping, ereeping. on still ereeping, Then, like lightning, upward leaping.

Fall they on their slumbering prey.

## xvi

Two flashing blows, two gasps, onee more
Silence browds for an instant o'er ;
Wild forms are then in a circle round
The slumbering hunters - - a blended sound
Of crashing riffes, a whooping bound
'If' the figures wild, and the camp-fire's ground
Is covered with shapes that fall and rise,
lise and fall, with shouts and cries
lealing, while savage fury ples
Its murderons work: as Bizarre samk low,
An enber launched upward a tongue-like giow;

He saw above him, in glimmering trace, The hated, yet feared, At-o-ta-ho's face; The next, and the swift curved knife is gleaming, His sealp at tho belt of the chief is strcaming, Out peals the Iroquois' war-song,-their feet In a dance of mad joy the green forest-glade beat
"Hooh! hooh! how the panther spriags, As flies the deer on affirighted wings: IIooh! hooh! how he rends his prey! So do the On-on-dah-gahs slay!
Hooh! whoop! how he rends his prey!
So do the On-on-dah-gahs slay!"
Then Dawn of Morning points before
With his red kuife, and in the wood Darts with his tawny braves once more

For other seenes of woe and blood.

TILE BATEAU.
xvir.
Morning is brightening with golden smiles The beautiful " Lake of the Thousand Isles." Scattered all over the green flood lie Islands profuse as the stars in the sky ; Here, scarce yielding a few trees room, There, bearing upward a forest of gloom,

## Frontenac.

Breaking the wave, now, in broad expanses,
That flashed out like steel in the morning's glances,
And now into vistas whose either side
Darkened with intermizod shadows the tide.

## x VIII.

A sheldrake by an islo of wood,
Within a watery streak was stecring,
Dipping his green head in the flood,
When, quick his bill of yellow rearing,
With a loud whiz he flew away,
As a gigantie war-canoe
Filled with a grim and plumed array Of warriors wild came shooting through :
Amidst them, with his look of pride,
Was Dawn of Moruing, his keen eye
Scanning the tangled shore beside,
Till, toward a weeping elm-tree nigh,
Which in a thickly foliaged wreath
Down to the wave its branches threw.
He waved his arm, and underueath
Instantiy vanished the eanoe.

## xix.

It was not long ero voites gay
Broke on the air, and a bateau
Moved up the furrowing narrow way
With its rough crew in double row,
Each bending shoulder strongly bracing Against the pole with struggling strain.

## The Bateau.

Then, every one his way retracing, To stoop down to the toil again.
The long curved craft, the jackets red Of the bent boatmen, gliding, spread In sharp, soft lined, yet shaken trace Upon the water's rippling face.

## XX.

" The sunset's light, I trust," said one,
"Antoine, will see our toiling done."
" Aye, Vigne, sound sleep this night we win Fort Frontenae's strong walls within."
" Much more than we," Vigne answering eried,
" Gained the last night - those sereams and whoops
We heard, though in the distance, tried
My manhood, comrades,-deeply droops
My heart within me as I think
Of those poor hunters that we saw
At noon along the river's brink ;
For, comrades," and a look of awe
He glanced around him, "we all know
That Dawn of Morning and his braves
Are on the war-path!"
"Be it so,"
Broke in a third, "we'll not be slaves, We, boatmen, we, to abjeet fear :
I did not, Vigne, thy whoops e'en hear :
Those mariugouins!* swarm on swarm

+ A little white gnat found on the banks of the St.Lawrence.


## Friontenac.

Througed all tho night about my form; The little whito fiends seemed as mad To drink up all the blood I had."
"Cease," said Antoine, " the morn, at least, Is bright ; we taste it like a feast; I'll sing the boatuan's well known air, And you must all the chorus bear."
"Push aloug, boys, push along, boys, Merrily, cheerily pushalong;
Ard while our prow makes merry musie, We'll ton raise the soug.
We'll too raise the song, my boys, Swift as wo push along;
Each to his pole, boys, bend to each pole, hoys.
גurily, cheerily push along;
And white the waters ripple round us,
We'll tow raise the song.
"Push along, hoys, push aloug, boys,
"Merrily, eheerily" -
"Hush!" said Vigne,
"I saw a flash amidst those leaves
Beside, as of some weapon keen:"
"Pshaw ! some white birch thy sight Jeceives,"
Impatiently another spolie-
"Ou, let the song again be woke!"

- Push along, boys, pusl: along, boys, Merrily, clecerily push atong;

And while the wave"-
"Stay! stay the strain!
There is no wind, and yet $I$ seo
Yon thieket fluttering! Mark again
That gleam. Ha! from behind this tree
I saw a scalp-lock peer: Beware!
My comrades." Just then on the air
Broko crashes quiek, with yell on yell
From the elose banks; the boatmen fell -
Some dead, some on their knees; once more
A volloy rings, and from the shore
To the bateau fieree figures bound,
Swift weapons flash - shrieks, groans, resound.
xxi.
"Spare! spare! great At-o-ta-ho," eries Vigne, as his throat a warrior grasps;
But the kuife falls; in death lo gasps ITis rent scalp swinging to his cyes Then whoops the At-o-ta-he keen, The warriors vanish from the scene; And the wild islo its eehoes wakes, As forth the savage war-song breaks.
" It ooh ! hooh! how the eagle screams, As the blood of the fawn from his talons streams! Hoon! hooh! how the woods ring out! so do the On-on-dah-grahs shout!

## Frontenac.

Hooh! whoop! how the woods ring out! So do the On-on-dah-galis shout!"

Whilo the bateau with its strowed dead,
Now straight, now sidewise, swiftly spod,
A faee here hanging - there a limb,
O'er its stained sides: a pieture grim;
Down at the merey of tho flood,
Marking its course with trickling blood.

The carignan village.

## xxil.

The sun had vanished - a golden rin
Striped the western horizou's wall;
Tho forest arbors were fading dim,
Twilight was letting his mantle fall.

## xxill.

'Twas a sweet landseape. A village strod In a rough cloaring enelosed with wood. Log-built cabins, a palisade, Piereed with two gateways, around arrayed;
Thenee to the Cat-a-ra-qui's glass,
Were wavelike neadows of velvet grass;
Graiu fields growing, and pastures greeu,

## Tine Carignan Village.

Fallows spotted with stumps and blaek, And forest-choppings - a choked-up seene,
Showing the axe's reeent track.
All else was a wilderness, thiekening to sight, Each moment beneath the first shadows of night.

## XXIV.

Oxen were plodding like snails along
To the open gates; and with careless cong The settler was lounging behind; the bleat Of flocks approaehing their folds was sweet. Along the paths of the winding lanes Herd-bells were tinkling in fitfill strains, The kine now stalking, now stopping to feed, While frequently neighed some scmupering steed.
Hunters from woodland avenues cane
Followed by houncis, and hurthened with game; And from the far hill-lots cehoed free
Tho sounding axe and the erashing tree.
A sylvan pieture, this whllwood land
Sketehes alone with its rough fresh hand.

## XXV.

Over the brow of a hill that towered
Aueve this landseape - in woods embowered, Tho shaggy head of a cedar shot In a slanting lino from a bollow spot, Tangled with brushwood, and in its breast Deeply his limbs had au Indian pressed;

## Frontenac.

Cautiously, steadfantly, through the grees.
He Irew his eye o'er the village seene,
Then gliding down to the hollow, where
Each shadowy bush wns an Indian's lair,
The Atoota-ho also found
The depths of one of the thickets round.

## xxys.

A youthful comple heguiled the night,
With talk by the social eandelight.
"One short gear, as man mal wife,
We, Marie, have skimmed the stream of life;
One short year from thelay: hast thomght
Of the lovely pieture the sumset wrought
The eve we wed! My sire, who then
banced at our plad merry-making, said
" ${ }^{\text {mat }}$ him in mind of the day he wed:
Yis know he was one of C'arigman's men!
6ut old Lemoyne says, none more brave
C"w naw the flag of Carignan wave.
There hangs his sabre, all rusty and dull!
I wonder if ever the bade I 'll pull
From its steel seabbard! 'Ta-wen-teh the scout
1 hear, a week since told a few,
Within the Inn of the 'inne,
At Quebee, that again with the Iroquais out;
That bawn of Morning. inflamed with wrath
Frou Firontenac's treatment, had taken the path:
And furthermore, Marie, a courier saw,

The carignan Village.
Whist icading the Thousand Isles above
II". 'is lemel. kins, a sight of awe, point the current drove. mber the large batenu |lage two nights ago, l.e Mas, and Vigne,

A th the danee on the atarlit green :
Well, ateau was, stained with gore,
With heads and limbs hung ghastly o'er -
Beached on the point: he approaehed with dread,
There lay the erew - our poor boatmen - dead,
Sealped and mangled, displayiug plain
That Iroquois devils his friends had slain.
Well, Marie, I'm ready to draw at word,
With my father's heart my father's sword:
IIark ! tho wind rages, a stormy night!
I trust that to-morrow will rise up bright!"
To-morrow! Ah, folly! Ah, vanity!
Who - who ean be sure that to-morrow he'll see:

## xxvir.

Midnight camo, in its sablest hue, With elouds on a roaring wind that flew; Nearor and nearer the dawn of day, Wrapped in its slumber the villago lay.
xxviII.

From the gusty forests passed
Swift approaching shapes at last.


## IMAGE EVALUATION

 TEST TARGET (MT-3)


Photographic Sciences Corporation

They foree the gates of the palisade -
There stand the dwellings in gleomy shade;
Scatter the Iroquois far and near;
A moment more, and their whoop of fear
Peals out, succeeded by crash on crash, As inward their batchets the frail doors dash; To his rifle in vain the Carignan flics, The hatehet gleams after - he sinks, he dies! The daughter is broined as she shricks in dread, The hairs of the grandsire are stceped in red, Mothers, imploring in anguish, fall, Infants are dashed against threshold and wall. Ah, the young husband! he starts from his dream! Ah, the young wifo! she but wakens to screain ! Those whoopings and shriekings, and groans all around! The Iroquois ! God! can no refuge be found! They glanco from the casement, wild forms hero and there Shoot past, weapons glitter, shots stream through the air! The husband has drawn forth the sword of his sire, And he stands by the barred door with aspent of fire, While trembling, half frenzied, his Maric is nigh. "Oh, husband! oh, husband l" her agonized cry;
"My brain reels! oh, Virgin, most holy! we flee In this time of our need for protection to thee! Let us hide! no, the torch will be here too, we'll gain The forest, we'll steal through the herds in the lane! Come, husband! oh, husband, come! haste! let's begone ! Ob, God! 'tis too late! hero their glances are drawn!" Ha , that shock! she screams wildly, down crashes the deor, And a brave bursts upon them with tomahawk o'er.
"Spare, spare, Dawn of morning!" but downward it sinks, The blood of the husband laid prostrate it drinks; The brave plants his foot on the neck of the slain, And down falls the gore-dripping hatchet again; The wife plunges headlong, her sorrows are o'er, The couple shall sit at the hearthstone no more.
xxix.

Still flies round with delight the brand, Flames flash out upon every hand; Over, the olouds are bathed in red; A glaring horizon around is spread; The tops of the woods seem to stagger in smoke; All the wild life of their depths has awoke, Eagle and panther, and wolf and bear, Screaming and howling and snarling there; Bleut with the Iroquois war-song loud, Pealing from out of the smoky shroud.
"Hooh! hooh! how the sharpened knife Has gleamed again in the war-path's strife! Hooh! hooh! like the lightning red, The On-on-dah-gahs havo flashed in dread! Hooh! whoop! like the lightning red, The On-on-dah-gahs have flashed in dread!"

## Frontenac.

At midnight the village drew slumber's sweet breath, At dawn it was hushed in the stillness of death; At midnight roofs rose in the wild gusty air, At dawn a wild waste of dark ashes was there; While the fierce At-0-ta-ho, more rengeance to claim, Was again on his war-path of earnage and flame.

## THE BRIGANTINE.

$\mathbf{x x x}$.
In tho soft twilight's darkening glow, Near the wild shores of Ontario, Where points of wilderness form a bay, Now changing its hues to one shade of gray, Three crowded eanoes of Iroquois braves Are gliding; in one Dawn of Morning, now Bending his ear to the glassy waves, In front then looking with anxious brow. Sudden he speaks, and tho prows turn quick To where a cluster of spruces thick Slants o'er the waters, their shaggy woof Shaping there an impervious roof, And in the black shadow beneath it thrown Eael glides, and the seene to all seeming is lone. But dashes are heard, and a brigantine creeps Round one of the points to the push of her sweeps;

Then dropping her anohor the beautiful bark Motionless sits in the gathering dark.

## XXXI

A group of seamen surrounds the mast;
The stream of their converse is free and fast. "The Griffin," says one, "was strong and fleet;
I saw her, some two-score years ago,
Launched on Niagara's rapid sheet,
Near where the eataract rolls below;
The Sieur La Salle and his gallant crew, And good father Hennepin, learned and meek,
Stood on her deeks as she downward drew,
And kissed, with a curtsey, the river's cheek;
The Iroquois At-o-ta-ho too,
Ku-an was there, and with his glance
Of drcad scowled Ta-yo-nee beside, who slew
His sister whom Frontenac brought from France.
They were then on the war-path in which they fell,
Both of the ehieftains knew I well!"
"What talcs," said another, " of blood we hear
From the now At-0.ta-ho; deeds of fear
By this young Dawn of Morning so constant are done,
That a score of warriors he seems in one!
The Carignan village St. Mié you know,
Near the foot of the Thousand Isles - it stood
In its pleasant clearing three days ago,
'Tis a waste of ashes now, slaked with blood;

The At-0-ta-ho led his band
On it with hatchet and with brand;
Not a dwelling now rises there -
Not a soul did his fury spare -
Frontenae woll the day should rue,
When the wrath of the savage he kindled anew."

## XXXII.

The frog's hoarse bassoon, the loen's sorrowful shake, Alone the deep hush of the seene now awake; The sailor thinks fond on his wateh, of the spet Where rises mid vineyards his dear native eot. Onee more his free footsteps press valley and plain; Once more the glad harvest is sounding its strain; He is there - he is there in his home of delight Hestarts, he looks round, the lake gleans on his sight, But the starlighted hush again falls on his soul, And his thoughts again fly far away to their goal.

## XXXIII.

A haze has now spread a thiek mantle of gray, The waters are hidden, the stars shrink away; From the roof of dark cedars quick movements begin, How silently, silently, onwards they win!
Still silently, silently, every canoe
Still urged the gray waters invisibly through, Like barks from the spirit-land, speetral and dim, So still fall the paddles, so light is their skim;

## The Brigantine.

Still silently, silently, onwards they glide,
They reach without question the brigantine's side;
Forms spring up tho vessol - hush ! hush! not a sound! They peer o'er the bulwarks, the sleepers are round: They grasp now their hatehets, all eaution is past, To the deck, to the deek, they are bounding at last! Up, upl Dawn of Morning the foremost is there! Quick, quiek! how their shouts ring abroad on the air! Upstart the pale sleepers, and wilderod by fright, And with senses still swimming, thoy stand to the fight, Hand to hand is the battle, olash outlass and knife! Clash steel-pike and hatehet; wild, wild is the strife: $\mathrm{H}_{0}$, the young At-0.ta-ho! his eyeballs are flame, Aud the blood of his foes is splashed over his frame! At the sweep of his latehet one plunges in death! At the dart of his knife gasps another for breath! God save the poor seamen! no suceor is nigh! Christ save the poor seamen! they struggle to diel They are borne to the deek, o'er the sides are they east; The water grows red round the brigantine fast, Till nothing remains of the erew but the dead, Then over the vessel deep silenee is spread. Off darts the eanoes, smoke the doomed bark surrounds, On the lines of the rigging flame flashes and bounds, Red ponnons stream out from the red-eireled mast, A glare all around on the vapor is east, The waters blush crimson; but wildly and high The Iroquois war-song goes up to the sky.
"Hooh! hooh! how the hungry fire Has wrapped the Freneh in its leaping ire!

Hooh ! hooh ! like the torrent's flood,
The On -on-dah-gahs have rushod in blood!
Hooh ! whoop ! like the torrent's flood,
The On -on-dah-gahs have rushed in blood!

CANTO FOURTH.

THE THANKSGIVING DANCE.
THE DANCE OF THE GREAT SPIRIT.
KO-LAH.

THE EXPEDITION. THE BIVOUAC. THE ABDUCTION. THE RESCUE AND DEATH.

## CANTO FOURTH.



## THE THANKSGIVING DANOE.

I.

RIGHT ushering in tho day of feast For Dawn of Morning's safe return From his red path of anger storn, Tho dawn was flickering in the east. As the rich tints began to spread,

Brave, saehem, sire, boy, matron, maid,
By the Priest To-ne-salh-hah led
In a long file, slow treading, wound Thriee the Tear-jis-ta-yo around; Then through the maize fields sought the shade, Where lay the eustomed offering-glade.
There at a pile of faggets dry, Heaped with dew-spangled forest flowers, Just gathered from their sylvan bowers, The At-e-ta-he standing by, As the sun showed its upper rim, The gray-haired priest, with upturned oye, To IIah-wen-ne-yo raised the hymn,
The sun-tived calumet he bore,
Sending its light smoke-offering o'er.

## 1.

## Hah-wen-ne-yo! Mlghty Spirit!

Humble thanks to theo we render.
Inal-wen-ne-ye! Spirit vast!
That to our loved At-o-ta.ho,
At-o-ta-ho, great and high,
Thou hast been a kind defender
In the war-path that is past,
War-path stuined with deepost dye.
And that safe, $\mathbf{O}$ wise Creator:
Wiso Creator, dwelling o'or!
He returns to us ouco more.

## 2.

" Hah-wen-ne-yol Mighty Spirit!
Thou art to our leaguo a father,
Hah-won-ne-yo! Spirit good!
And arouad our At-o-ta-ho,
At-o-ta-ho, chiof of fame,
Thou dost robe of safety gather
In the war-path past of blood,
War-path filled with blood and flame.
And thus safe, wiso Hah-wen-ne-yo!
Wiso Creator, dwelling o'er!
He returns to us once more.

He consed - struck nteel and fint, and fro Glittered in dots upon the pyro;
Then, as the offoring ment lis suoke Ou high, the braves their dance awoko; Whist Spark of Sunlight by tho flaue,
The rocking stamping ring within, Praised still the Hah-wen-ne-yo's name, Amid the drum's* pulmating din.
But, as passed off the morning's shado, The saerificial ritos woro stayod Until the sunset's dipping light, When Dawn of Morning, at the head Of all his braves, would, in its sight, Tho dance of Hah-wen-wo-yo tread.
III.

Pleasuro meanwhilo ruled every soul, Tho bird-liko ball swift soared on high;
The straining racers sought the goal,
And mooking war-whoops rent tho sky.

THE DANCE OF THE GREAT SPIRIT.
iv.

But now tho sun, in its deseent, Its rich and stretching radianco bent;

[^2]
## Frontenac.

Suddenly Spark of Sunlight beat A great drum, planted in the squaro:
Censed war-whoop shrill, paused flying foot,
The ball no longer whirled in air ;
And as once more together came The village throng, his lodge from out, Auid a general joyful shout
Stepped Dawn of Morning's graceful framo,
The olose white robe was o'er his breast;
The snowy plume beside his crest;
His right hand grasped a bow sketched o'er With deeds; his left an arrow bore.

## v.

He strode with slow majestie pace
To where his chiefest warriors* stood
Armed like himself; then all the place
Left for the sacrificial wood.
Heading the long and dusky file,
At length the At-o-ta-ho elhecked
His feotstep in the glade now deeked
With the soft sunset's sinking smile.
vi.

The women lined in groups the seene,
Fastening upon the braves their sight, As they upon the floor of green,
Prepared to celebrate the rite;

- Ko-so-no-wahna in the On-on-dah-gah tongue.

While age and childhood sought tho shade That thiokly edged the sylvan glade.

## vir.

The braves, with arrow and with bow In either head, gazed steadfastly
Upen the sum, whose parting glow Streamed down the glade's green vista free. And as the west's rim felt its flame
The At-o-ta-ho forward came, Quick swingine is a dance his frame;
And in a mild and mellow blaze,
Where a soft golden carpet shone,
Began, in quavering guttural tone,
The Hah-wen-ne-yo's hymu to raise.
1.
" Mighty, mighty Hah-wen-ne-yo! Spirit pure and mighty! hear us!
Wo thine own He-de-no-sonne, Wilt thou be for cver near us : Keep the sacred flame still burning! Guide our chase! our planting cherish!
Mako our warriers' hearts yet taller! Let our fees before us perish !
Kindly wateh our waving harvests! Mako each sachem's wisdom deeper!
Of our old men, of our wemen,
Of our children be the keeper !
Mighty, holy Hah-wen-uc-yo!
Spirit pure and mighty! hear us!

We thine own Ho-de-no-sonne, Wilt thou be for ever near us!

## 2.

"Mighty, mighty Hah-wen-ne-yo!
Thou dost, Spirit purest, greatest !
Love thine own Ho-de-no-sonne, Thou as well their foemen hatest!
Panther's heart and eye of eagle,
Moose's foot and fox's cunning,
Thou dost give our valiant people When the war-path's blood is running;
But the eye of owl in daylight,
Foot of turtle, heart of woman,
Stupid brain o bear in winter,
To our valiant peoplo's foemen!
Mighty, holy IIah-wen-ne-yo! Spirit pure and mighty! hear us!
We thine own Ho-do-no-sonne,
Wilt thou be for ever near us!"

## vili.

As ceased the strain, a warrior band, Arrow and bow reared high in hand. Arranged their files, and wildly dashed Into a dance with ejes that flashed:
Now toward the west, and now o'erhead.

Timing their ohantings to their tread; While frequently the war-whoop rung In thrilling eadence from their tongue; The dull dead drum-stroke sounding low, Like the deep distant partridge-blow.
IX.

With mingled grace and dignity
The At-o-ta-ho led the dance;
To Hah-wen-ne-yo now the knee
Bending, with lifted reverent glance, Now springing to his feet, with eye

Fixed where the sun had fall'n below, Leaving within the cloudless sky

A spot of tenderest, yellowest glow.

## KO-LAH.

x.

The rite was o'cr - the throngs were gone; The lovely sylvan glade was lone. The air grew dimmer yet and dimmer, Till outlines all began to glimmer; The sassafras commenced to mingle

With the soft air-breaths fluttering round, O'erpowering, with its fragrance single, The other odors of the ground;

## Frontenac.

While n young moon, with timid glanee,
Looked down from heaven's undimued expanse;
Her touch so faint on all beneath,
It seemed 'twould vanish at a breath.

## XI.

By On-on-da-ga's * grassy side, An arrow's passage from the glade,
In melting tints the waters dyed,
The sad but lovely Robin strayed.
Oh, did she eome of him to dream
Beside tho solitary strean!
Her sighs to mingle with the breeze
That erept so softly through the trees:
She heard the river's murmuring flow.
Filling the spot with music low;
She saw the branches by the wind
In light and graceful motions moved.
And all were blended in her mind
With him so fondly, deeply loved.
The sound was like that voice her car
Oft bent in breathless joy to hear;
The softly swaying braneh o'erhead
Was like that lithe and springing tread;
Yet ah! in vain, in vain, she knew
Love o'er her heart its witehery throw ;
The eagle with his soaring erest,
Disdained the robin's lowly nest.

- Kun-da-qua in Iroquois, name for the On-on-da-ga river or creek.


## XII.

As thus she mused, from out the wood Sudden a brave before her stood. Hatehet, fusee, and knife he bore, With the red eloak his shoulders o'er; His brow was frowning, yet a smile Seemed called upon his faee the while, Like a pale straggling moonbeam shot Within some wild and gloomy spot.

## XIII.

She started, and a seream suppressed,
Then lifted high her form, and turned; But in her path, with laboring breast

And a fieree eye like fire that burned, The warrior planted firm his tread, And in soft honied aceents said :
"The Robin seeks to leave in fear
One who has loved her deep and long;
Will ne'er in Ko-lah's raptured ear
The Robin trill responsive song?"
"Has not The Robin, Ko-lah oft
Told that she eannot love?"
" Her heart
At Dawn of Morning's glance is soft!"
"Cease, cease, The Robin will depart!'
"Not till she, Ko-lah hears! - that slave,
That At-o-ta-ho! that moek brave!
That coward dog! who does not dare

Like us to leare his bosom baro, But ever with that robo of whito Keeps it closo hidden from the sight, As if he feared an cye should see Tho deer-like heart within him - be
Shall not The Robin havo!"
" 1 way,
Tho Robin will no longer stay!"
The warrior's strong grasp stayed ber path, His shape dilated with his wrath;
He clenehed his hand as if to beat
Her trembling frame beneath his feet;
Then swept the frenzied tempest o'er,
And in soft tones he spoke onee wore:
"Listen! thou know'st a moon ago We young men went to striko a blow Against tho distant Cherokees. Look ! tho sweet, warbling Robin sees This little flower! their grassy floor Of open woods is covered o'er With blossoms thiek as Night's bright eyes, And brilliant as the glorious dyes Of Itah-wen-ne-yo's bow, when he Makes the red lightning* baekward flee. Their breath seents every wind that blows, Like that The Robin's lips unelose; The moon is like Tho Robin's faeo,
The morn and eve her blushing eheeks,

- Ta.wen ne-wus in Iroquois.

And birds the hours with musie ohase,
Sweetly as that The Robin speaks; Look! my war-pirogue * floats below, The Robin will with Ko-lah go To that bright land."
" Unelasp thy hold,
How darest thou! Set The Robin freo!
She will not go, fioree brave, with thoe!"
"Then Ko-lah takes thee!" In the fold Of his strong arm her trembling frame
He swept, and toward the river went. The Robin shrieked, and forth the name, The deepest in her boson shrined The foremost ever in her mind,
Of Dawu of Morning loud she sent.

## xiv.

As if that cry his preseneo woke, Out from the woods a figure broke. One hand a glittering hatehet elenehed, The shrieking maid tho other wrenehed From the base Ko-lah, who, thus foiled In his dark purpose, back reeoiled With burning rage, yet abjeet dread, Stamped wildly on his visago red, And gazed in fixed affrighted staro On Dawn of Morning towering there; Who looked on him in turn, his form Loftily swelling with a storm

Of high disdain, yet bursting wrath, As if tho reptile in his path
To crush; but from his features passed
The anger, and he said at last, Liftiug his figuro to his height, With eye that shed disdainful light And pointing his contemptrous finger Before him, "Why does Ko-lnh linger!" Then us the wreteh shrank, cowering low, As if he would, yet dared not spring,
He felt in heart so base a thing,
The At-o-tn-ho uttered "Go!"
And looked at him so stern and high
That, shuddering from his searching eye, The savage turned; nnd when again, In aceents of more deep disdain, The At-0-ta-ho his command Spoke, sweeping out his pointing hand, With a low ery of rage, yet mien Weighed down by fear, he left the seene.

## x $V$.

The At-0-ta-ho, with a look Of deep and pitying kindness, took The hand of the half shrinking maid, With pleasure bushing, trembling now, Longing to thank him, yet afraid

To lift her moist eyes to his brow,
Or spenk lest glance or word betray
IIow deep within her heart his sway;

## The Expedition.

Then left the river - passed the glade
And belt of weod-and trod the maize
By one of its four cuartering ways
All steeped in dusk, until he made
The glimmoring palisades - then straight
Both entered at tho olesing gate.

## THE EXPEDITION.

XVI.

Paeing the Castlo's gallery,
Over the verge of the reek outspread,
Wheneo the vision reamed far and free,
Slow passed Frontenac's musing tread.
Back in goldon and sapphire blaze
Sent the river the sunset rays;
Below were the roofs of the warehouses, bright
In straggling and long-reaehing pensiles of light,
Though dim were the streets, with forms dwarfed small
Creeping between the buildings tall;
Down the vale of St . Charles shot a mellow beam,
But hid in the depths of its bed was the stream;
Above it a pinion of hovering mist
By the soft yellow sun into splendor was kissed ; Between, broad meadow and level grain
Smiled in the hour's enchanting reign ;
While on the basin's lake-like breast
Was the long spread island in lustre dressed, Dividing the flood that but parted to meet, And sink like a vassal at Ocean's fect.

## XVII.

It was a sweet and placid hour,
When purest feelings and thoughts had power, And the stern old soldier felt his breast
Ilushing itself into holy rest;
But the cares of his rule again bore sway -
The angels flew from his heart awny -
A figure apprenehed him: "Ha, Laverguc!
Weleomo! for thee is a duty stern!
Band thee together a hundred men!
Hasten and sweep every hill and gles:
Whero'er thou canst meet with the Iroquois foe,
And seourge thom with bloody unsparing blow :
Take too this Ko-lah to be thy guide,
The Indian who joined us last even-tide;
I think wo may trust him! some wrongs, he said,
The proud At-o-ta-ho had heaped on his head.
A way, and when next thy face I see,
Thou knowest what tidings will gladden me!"

THE BIVOUAC.
xvili.
The moon in glorious benuty glowed;
The heavens were one resplendent sheet, And her white lustrous mantle flowed

Over the forests at her feet.

## The Bivouac.

But only hero and there a ray Of silver piorced a sunkon glen
O'erhung by trees, searce light by day, In whieh were hid a throng of men. Couriers de bois with hunting-shirt, Blue-girdled Hurons of Loretto, And pikemen in their buff-coats girt, Were in this gloomy hollow met, Armed with their different weapons all, As if preparod for instant call. A youth bencath a hemlook's height, Stood with plumed hat, and cuirass bright, With an old pikeman at his side,
Eroet and grim in martial pride,
Each viewing the wild bivouac rouud;
Somo stretehed at caso upon the ground;
Some busy at their sylvau meal;
Some eausing fragrant wreaths to steal
I'heir hatehet-calumets from out;
With others, chattering, grouped about. At length he spoke: "No more delay, La Croix! this moon will guide our way : We-nn-dah - such our captive's numo, Doubtless a ohiof of power and fame, So high his prido - by morning's light

May by his tribo be missed, and thus
Lingering uear Dawn of Morning, might
To my small force provo dangerous.
And Ko-lah! he is gone I hear.
The dog! his treachery too I fear !

## Fiontenac.

Haste, hawn freix : prepare the men ! This inatant muse we leave the glen."

## TIIE ABDUCTION.

## xix.

The same broad moon-night's radiant queen!
Was smiling on a different scene.
The Ou-on-dah-gah maize-fields gleamed,
The river flashed, the woods were bright,
And the low rounded lodges seemed
Great silver helmets in the light;
Great as those ensques the forms of atone
Displayed - forms terrible, unk nown!
Told by the sires with shuddering fright, That eame in their destroying might,
Till pitying Hall-wen-ne-ye cast
Destruetion on their heads at last.
xx.

Within the slanting picket's shade, Outside the gate, The Robin strayed In all her serrowing beauty's pride, Her friend, The Blossom,* at her side; In silence ' oth were bound; - the one Was dweiliag on her being's sun,

## The Abduotion.

Whomo kind, kind looks nud words, when last By his her timid footstep passed, Und deepened love within her heart, Which ouly could with life depert; With Ko-lah rising like a oloud, Ever that hour's aweet light to shroud; The other, in her nympathy,

Mute in her speoeh, but wlth quick view
Noting the diatnant atream - the tree
At hand - the maize - the moon - the dew -
And thinking with dolight perehance,
Upon some future fenst-day danee,
Or on some youth whoso deeds had wove
Around her heart the net of love.
xxi.

The two alone disturbed the scene, Sleeping beneath the dreamy sheon; The sunset breeze had sank to rest
Upon the forest's leafy breast; While the field-crioket's silvery trill Mado the deop silence deeper still.

## XXII.

But as they passed a thicket, dashed
An Indian out, - his hatehet flashed, -
The Blossom foll in blood; - he caught,
The swooning Robin,-then like thought
Rushed through the maize, and struck the woods, And skimmed the moonlight solitudes

## Frontenac.

With a fleet foot that, as it sped,
Scemed drawing strength at every tread, Till a short league had flown, and then
Entered a gloomy, shaggy glen;
Through a wild throng, unheeding, passed,
Who seemed in preparations fast
About to leave the shadowy dell;
And, striding where a moonbeam fell
Upon a plumed and cuirassed youth,
"Ko-lah" exclaimed, "would prove his truth !
See, brave of Yon-nod-de-yoh! here" -
Down placing as his feet the maid
Who, now recovering, looked in fear
Bewildered round, whilo aceents strayed
Hurried and broken from her lips,
Betokening the mind's eclipse;
"Is Dawn of Morning's pulse of life!"
Then his fieree cye more venomous grew,
He hissed the words his elenehed teeth through,
" Hool! Y Yon-non-de-goh has a knife!"

The rescue and deatil. .
x×111.
Up Mountain strect's steep winding traek,
As evening's mists began to curl,
Two of the guards of Frontenae
Went with a stag-like Iudian girl.

The Rescue and Death.
Upon their left, in glimpses seen, The low and straggling huts between, The rock, where stood the castle, stooped Sheer down, then sloped with thickets grouped.
The battery flanking it they passed,
Entered the Place d'Armes spreading vast, Thenee, through the opened sallyport, And, crossing the broad eastle court, Said to the sentry at the door, "Speceh of the noids Governor!"

## XXIV.

Within a room, the gallery next, Where hung a cresset from its beam, Sat Frontenae, his forehead vesed
With musing, in the ruddy gleam That faded gradually away,
Till lost in nooks and angles low Save where glanced baek by antlers gray,

Or where a corselet caught a glow.
Upon a map his cye was placed,
On which were lakes and rivers traced, . With Indian trails all o'er that wound, And Indian castles scattered round, Bearing the well-known names that showed There made the Iroquois abode.
xxv.

He struck the floor-a guardsman came. "Mcux! tell the Count Lavergne I olaim

## Frontenac.

His presenee hero in two hours' space!" And down onee more he bent his face.

## xxvi.

A rap!-the door at his command Opened - the bending guards thero stood,
The Indian girl erect, at hand.
"Your errand speak!"
"Within the rood
That stretehes by St. Charles's flow,
Where he had gone to hunt the deer,
Ko-lah mas found an hour ago
Dead, by the young Carignan Pierre.
Searee had Pierre told to us the tale,
Meeting us by the water-side,
When o'er the basin, from a veil
Of shadow a eanoe we spied.
This Indian girl alone it bore,
And near our post it found the shore;
She Yon-nou-de-yoh sought, she said,
And here direct we bent our tread!"
Frontenae waved his hand - "Depart!"
Upon the girl then glanced his eye;
Still reared ereet, her Indian heart
Shown in her presence proud and high.
Her features wore a lighter hue
Than that her forest sisters knew,
But ber full eyo was dark and clear
As the orbed splendors of the deer.

From her dark hair a feather sprung, Behind, the usual roller hung; While fell a light loose dress of skiu Down to her broidered moceasin.

## xXVII

"What seek'st thou?"-the deep voiee was kind, And slight the girl her head inclined, Answering in tones so soft and low That Frontenac searee heard their flow. "The Robin's voice is vory sweet, Like the bird's flight her gliding feet, Her eye is like the star which ne'er Moves from its lodgo within the air: But now that voice no more is heard Whero late each heart to joy it stirred; No more those light feet make the gronud Burst into laughing flowers around; The eye no more is sparkling bright, 'Tis filled with tears, and dark with night; Will not great Yon-non-de-yoh's ear The Robin's sorrowing sister hear? So great a warrior will not keep The bird to tremble and to weep! He will not let The Robin's trill Be longer moan of whippoorwill ! No! he'll restore the lird its tree, He'll set the poor lone Robin free!" "Never!" fiereo shouted Frontenac, While his eyo flashed, his brow grew blaek,

## Frontenac

" Girl! daughter of a hated race ! How hast thou dared to seek this place! How, bold one, how ! art not afraid?
Thou seek'st thy sister! know'st not thou
That Dawn of Morning loves the maid?
The dog! who, could I eluteh him now.
I'd tread beneath my feet, and make
His death-song echo at the stake!"
A wild light glaneed his features o'er,
And sternly stamped he on the floor,
While the girl's eyo with sidewise lift
Glared with a furious fire, and swift
Glided her hand within her dress.
Downeast the eye, hand motionless
Again, as Frontenae his glance
Turned once more on her countenance :
"But yet I will not harm thee, girl!"
His eyo grew soft, his features caught
A shado of pensive struggling thought:
"There's something that subdues the whirl
Of passion in me as 1 gaze,
Leading me back to former days!"
"Then Yon-non-de-joh will set free
The Robin:" flashed tho wild fire back
Into the face of Frontenac:
"Not till thy At-o-ta-ho's kuee
Is bent, aeknowledging my sway!"
Again tho maiden's cowering eye
Shot its keen, furtive, sidewise ray
Like some fieree serpeut's crawling uigh;

Again within, quiek glaneed her hand, Then all once more was still and bland: "My Canada fathor then will let The Blue-bird * on The Robin look!" Frontenac's eye the maiden's met, The wrath his face onee moro forsook; His dirk a corselet struek - with speed

Entered a guard - with softened tone:
"This maiden to The Robin lead,
Let them remain an hour alone!"

## XXVIII.

The guardsman through the gallery led, Until he reached and oped a door, And when passed in the maiden's tread, He locked and barred it as before.
The Robin on a couch was leaning,
Her long black hair her features sereening; A single lamp with feeble light Yielding the bloak bare walls to sight; But as the maid with noiseless tread
Approaehed, and soft "Sweet Robin!" said, Up to her feet she instant sprung With a wild cry upon her tongue;
Amazement, deep amazement took
Possession of her staring look;
Then joy in brightest flash shot o'er
Her face, and then a blush it bore, A blush so deep, brow, neek, and breast
The rich and radiant tint confessed;
*Jo.gwe-yo.

She trembled, shrank, as half afraid, When took her timid hand the maid; Her bosom heaved with quiek delight, Then down sho dropped her sparkling sight, With heart and soul all wrapped to hear The low tones whispering in her ear: "Listen! when Ko-lah's hatehet fell!" The lobin here suppressel a ery "Thy friend, Tho Blossom, did not die At onee - she lived her tale to tell. By her poor sorrowing mother found, At morn stretehed bleeding on the ground.
The Arrow* on a deer's trail - then
Saw thee with Yon-non-de-yoh's men;
With speedy foot and heart with flaue,
Hither the At-0-ta-ho came
Garbed as thou see'st him, with a band
Of his best braves to aid his hand.
He met the base dog Ko-luh - low
He brought him with one hatehet-blow;
But e'er our Eril Spirit's $\dagger$ ire
Plunged the base warrior's heart in fire,
The At-o-ta-ho made him tell
Where was the sorrowing Robin's eell;
And, now the At-o-ta-ho's here,
The Robin will no louger fear;
Ere Kah-qua $\ddagger$ brings another day,

[^3]With Dawn of Morning, far away
Will fly The Robin, and again
Will On-on-dah-gah list her strain!"
xxix.

The maiden listened - every word
Delicious joy within her stirred; That he, the At-o-ta-ho, he

The worshipped of her every thought, Should dare so much to set her free,
Perilling life; - her heart was fraught
With deeper, tenderer love, imbued
With warmer, holier gratitude.
Ah, did ho also love! her eyo
Was raised a moment to his faee, But glowing kindness, with a sigh,
She there could only, only trace;
The same that ever spread his brow,
But sweeter, stronger, livelier now!
Away with him - she did not ask
Tho means - she knew, fond maid, she knew
That Dawn of Morning told her true;
He would perform his promised task,
And nerved to strength her drooping frame,
To act when time for action came.
xxx.

The warrior oped his dress, unwound
A deer-skin line of braided strength
Knotted to seores of feet in length,

Close swathed his slender form around; Then grasping it in folds, ho drew His knife, approaehed the massive door, And stood; the faint lamp fainter grew,

At last its fliekoring light gave o'er;
A plaintive wind eonmenced to sweep, The room was filled with darkness deep, Save whero the loopholes, pierced on high, Let in some glimmerings of the sky.
xXXI.

At length they glared, and fell the bar, Quick rattled in the loek the key, Opened the door with sullen jar,

A gasp - a fall-and instantly
The At-o-ta-ho, with a stamp,
Fxtiugnished the shain guardsuan's lamp; Aeross the jutting gallery theneo
Drew him with harried violenco;
And, heaving with convulsive strength, Lifted him o'er the rails at length,
Into the chasm, - one murky frown, Then pitehed the body headlong down, Lashed to the rails the line, and then Rushed to The Robin's side again. He took the maiden's hand: "Fear not!" He said, then bore her from the spot.
"Now eling to me!" The maiden elang. And soon upon the line they swang;

## Tife Rescue and Deatir.

Tho trembling girl gave ono swift glance -
Round was a rainy black expanse;
Above, dark outlines on the nir
Told that the castlo's mass was there;
Near to the left, with shuddering awe
The battery's frowning line she saw,
The muzzles filled sho knew with denth,
And searee she drew her vory breath;
By swept tho wind with rushing sound,
Dashing the rain upon their forms,
In one of May's most furious storms;
Far swung they out, swift whirled they round;
Sho elosed her eyes again, her eling
Drawn eloser with ench whirl and swing;
And yet, e'en yet, her sore uffright
Yielding at times to wild delight,
Though blushing shame, that she, most blest,
Was elinging, elingiug to his breast.
Down still, nought hearing but the wind;
Still down, down through the darkuess blind;
At last they touched the lesser steep,
Where seareely eould Jiskoko keep
Her foothold, though her stumbling tread
Was by the At-o-ta-ho led,
Aud slowly worked their laboring way
Down the rough sloping rocks that lay
Towards the dim huts in straggling rank,
Between them and the river bank.
The shrieking, howling, sweeping blast,
The rain in dashes on it east,
Keepiug beneath each reeking roof

All from the miry street aloof.
Henehing the marge, the warrior drew
Out of the thiekets a eanoe,
And, placing quick within the maid,
The paddle seized; but e'er the blade
The water struck, he glaneed around,
Ilis ear bent down-ro sight, no sound,
But the slant rain, the dwellings gronped,
And blast like that a warrior whooped.
He stood an iustant - muttered low,
"Should Dawn of Morning strike the blow
To Yon-um-de-yel's heart, how high
Would rise tho League's triumphant head!
How Hah-wen-ne-go from his why,
His glorions smiles would on ns shed!
He goes: but yet"一ho looked to where
The maiden sat -"she chnims my eare:
Still did not You-nom-de-yoh boast,
That underneath hi- feet heed tread
Me, Dawn of Morning! me, a brave!"
His knife here glittered in the wave.
"The lawn of Morning of the dread
And prond Ito-do-no-konue host!
He goes! The Rubin will not wait,
But seek the other side - she'll find
There well-known braves. Let Te-go-nyt *
Bring the cance again: the wind
Has censed, its rush of fury o'er!"
IIe said and bonnded frem the shore.

## XXXII.

On mid the seattered roofs he went, lights, sparkling in the ensements, lent Quiek gleanings to the rainy street, But none wero there to stay his feet. Winged with fieree speed he shot along,

While a low eabili here and there
Gavo forth some swinging hunter-song,
With shout and laughtor on tho air.

## XXXIII.

He elambered up the bushy steep, With tug and seramble, pull and loap. Until ho reached the eliff he found

The line still swinging in the blast; Around a rock its end he womed,

Knotting the yielding texture fast, And then with Indian skill und strength, Commenced to elimb its slender length. He saw a black stripe drawn on air:
Tho battery's dreaded guns were there, Whieh into death-winged lightning broke, And with stern voice of thunder spoke; The wind but uttered feeble howl, But still the heavens showed sable seowl, And the rain beat; up, up he went His steady eye above him bent,
Foothold receiving from the knots
Set en the line in bulging spets.
The eastlo blackened now the nir,

## Frontenac.

Bat one bright njot was glittering there;
It whone in that sane room where he Stood by his hated enemy,
And henrd thene threate that made his ire Blaze into ferec though smothered fire. Still up he went; the gallery now Broke forth, then level with his brow;
Over the ruils he leaped - his tread
Skimmed the broad npee beneath him spread ;
He glaneed within the canement, there
Frontenac with his fice of care
Over the map atill bowed his frame;
Ile struck the door, the bidding eame;
" Again, sweet maid!" naid Frontenae!
Rising with face of kiudling flow; -
The Indian erouehed his figure low
Like the roused panther drawing baek
For his dread leap upon his prey:-
" Did not great Yon-non-de-yoh say
That he would underneath his feet
The At-o-ta-ho tread? Hooh: look:
I am the Atorta-ho!" Jleet
As a deer's bound his leap he took
Full at the startled noble's breast; -
But ere the destined blow eould fall
A form, unscen before, with eall For help, the chieftain backward prest, And drew a sword, while too the hand Of Frontenae found ready brand.
The lndian gave one ery ol' wrath
When thrust thus backward in his path;

Then, with a face all flame that grew, leaped like a wild eat on the two, With gnashing teeth and plaring eye, And knife and hatchet fourished high; Frontenae's thrunt he parried, stayed The other's yuick deseending blade. With furious valence for life, Here-there-all round-now raged the strife; The Indian's form scemed phumed with wings, So swift his rushings, high his springs; In thashes of quick light, his blows He rained upon his pressing foen, Till, in his blind haste, lroutenae
Stumbled and headlong past him fell.
The savage gave one smothered yell, And, as the other crossed his track, Sank his keen hutehet in his hend, And toward the Yon-on-de-yeh sped; But wide an inner door now swung, And in the room two guardsmens aprung. The It-o-tu-ho wheeled and flew Like light tho onter portal through; Swift to the gallery's end he went, And down the line commeneed deneent, Ilis knife between his teeth, and slung Hiv tomahawk upen his arm; But an in middle air he swung,
The eastle bell rung out alarm.
Stern clanged the tencs along the air ; Down past him drepped a toreh's light Tossed from the gallery; cuick a glare.

## Frontevac.

Burst from the battery on his sight, Smiting into a splendor keen All the stern features of the sceno: Instant a ball above him serceehed -

Echoed a deep and stumning roar; Still down, still down he glidiug bore,
But now the line was severed o'er, And with slight shock, the slope he reaehed.
xxxiy.
Out still the bell's stem elangor rung,
As down the slope himself he tlung; Before, amid tho scattered way Of roofs through which his pathway lay,
He heard loud calls, and saw the glow
Of torehes passing to and fro.
He paused - long, deep, full breaths he drew, hlis knife and hatehet grasped nuew;
Then, like an eagle in its wrath,
Ile dashed aloug his forward path.
Hurrying and bustling forms wero there, Scores of red torehes fired the air, Gleaming on halberd, gun and knife,
Ilastily snatehed for unknown strife;
The eourier wild, the keen-eyed seout,
Hunter, bateauman, trader, all
The dwellers of the suburb, eall
On oue another, peer about,
Wondering what enemy so bold
The castle's tongue of iron told
Within their strong aud guarded hold.

## $\mathbf{x x x v}$.

Near and more near, with flying frame, The fiereo and desperate Indian came;
Near and more near, each sinew strung,
Eaeh thought on fire, still, still he sprung,
And now within the space he rushed
Where bright the flaring torehes blushed;
Shouts rang out boldly on the night, And gathered all to bar his flig it.
Swinging his weapon right and left,
On, on, the At-ota-ho dashed.
Amid the crowd his path ho eleft,
Forms dropped, ories pealed, and weapons elashed.
On, on, the At-o-ta-lou still,
Right, left, his weapons swinging yet.
And, er a blow his form had met,
His pathway through the throng was won.
On, on, the At-o-ta-ho still,
There was his bark, a figure light,
With vigorons and determined will,
Eagerly gazing, grasping tight
The loop of a desecending root,
Stealy for the approaching foot.
He enters with a ringing ery,
Mects with a suile The Robin's cye,
Then grasps the padde - from his bow
Swiftor his arrow never flew,
Than o'er the Cat-a-ra-qui's flow Shot Dawn of Morning's wiuged canoe.

Frontenac.
But quiek a rifle rang - with ery Jiskoko dropped - a gasp, a sigh.
Poor loving maid! poor loving maid!
His mandate she had not obeyed,
But with an anxious heart had staid
The wateh herself for him to keep,
Poor loving maid! to look and weep,
Alive to every sound and sight,
Hearing the tumult with affright;
And Dawn of Morning, as the bark
Turned round Cape Diamond's profile dark,
Projecting boldly from the beach,
Where not a shot the place could reach,
Beheld, as down he bent his head,
By the faint radiance of the stars
From the rent storn's swift floating bars, But the loeked features of the dead.

## CANTO FIFTH.

TIE INN OF THE canoe.
WE-AN-DAH.

THE SUMMONS.
THE ENCAMPMENT.
THE MARCH.

## CANTO FIFTHI.



THE INN OF THE CANOE.

## I.

T the rude suburb's western end A littlo inn of logs was set, Where oft, a social hour to spend, Bateaumen, hunters, couriers met Above the porch, in rough daubed hue, Outsido was painted a eanoe; Within, a table stretehed mid floor, With beuches ranged at either side; While shelves, in one paled corner, bore Flagons in glittering tints that vied. The eareass of $n$ slaughtered deer At one sido, carelessly was flung; A bow, a pouch, a fishing-spear And Indian paddle, round were hung As afternoon its shadows wrought, The customed throng the tavern sought; The eourier rude, his eoarse blue eheek Spread from his bare and sunburnt neck; The hunter in his green-fringed skirt, To mateh the forest leaves in hue;

Aud the bateamman in his shirt
Of red, and tasseled eap of blue.
Glasses were in each hanl, while rung In loud confusion every iongue.
II.
"IIo, l3œuff!" a couricr said, "how now?
Why dost thou show so grave a brow?
A moon ago I saw thee track
The Huron islauds - thy eanoe
Heaped up with blankets, and thy erew
So jovial! Did the Ilurous back Without a barter turn thee?" "No!
But when their usual hannt I gained, The Boll-rook, empty huts to show

Whero they had been alone remained.
At last, as elose we searched about,
We found an aged sire; he said, While shook his aged frmme with dread,
That the fierce Iroguois were out
Upon the war-path, and were near,
And off his tribe had fled in lear.
He told us then to strike the roek,
And, short time after, to its sound,
Sending o'er isle and wave its swell, We saw the frightened warriors floek

Fror. all the neighboring coverts round.
Their safety-sign that roeky bell.
To quiet then their fears we tried,

But from their hearts had vanished pride:
Al.d finding talk of barter vain,
We with our load turned back again!"
" And others," a bateauman said,
"Cun of the Iroquois own dread:
Las: ; the setting of the sun,
Within the Thousand Islands lake,
Our crew had landed upou one,
Our fires to light and suppers tako;
But e'er we struck a flint in brush,
1 chaneed to look between a bush,
And thero I saw a great eanoo
Filled with the fiends swift paddling through.
With Dawn of Morning easting look,
The eurst . oung At-o-ta-ho round;
Close our buteau was in a nook,
But never gave we sight or sound,
And tho whole bund passed through the same,
In wisdon as the demons came!"
"IIow stringe that Bell-rock. I have heard"-
Thus thrust another in his word:
"The ILurons say, a towering form
Is seen beside it, stand to take,
Foretelling, though the winds are warm,
And skies are blue, that some fierce storm
Upon the seene is soon to break;
And then le wakes a sounci so clear
And loud, it pierces every ear;
Warning his children on the wave
To hasten homeward, ere the blast

## Frontenac.

C'pon their lingering barks is east,
Too quiek and fieree for skill to sare.
Exclaimed a hunter, "As I weut
Basquet! aloug St. Charles's side
This morn, I saw thy riflo beut
To shoulder."
" $\boldsymbol{A}$ huge panther died
Beneath my aim, whoso whine all night
Plunged me, the beast! in sleepless plight.
Fiends are these Indians to the core!"
Spoke the bateauman giving o'er
A draught, and deeply breathing - "IIush:
We-an-dah there is lying!"-
"Tush
For him, the drunken wretch! so low He's fall'n, he's man no longer ! ho! Here's drink for thee, We-an-dah! sleep No moro!" With swiftest, eagerest leap,
An Indian left a nook, and flew
To where the glass was held to view.
Quiekly the rosy stream he quaffed,
Then with delirious pleasure laughed.
"Good, good, fire-water's good!"-his elutch Another eup held towards him gained, And then a third one wild he drained -
"Wo-an-dah loves the Pale-face mueh!"
Then staggering back, his kuife he drew, And in a dance his liuabs he threw, While the rough eoncourse round him stood And mocked him in their reck!ess mood;

## The Inn of the Canoe.

"Seo! ha! ha! see him as be bounds ! And hark! his war-whoop now he sounds ! Ha! ha! ha! mark him reel! look, Fleer !
Look, Vaux! a great brave have we here !
A valiant warrior! hear him shout,
'More, more fire-water !' Givo it out, Good landlord! fill it to the hrim.

It vanishes at his lips as fast
As rain-drops on tho water east, Ah! that has proved too mueh for him!" And headlong on the floor ho fell Strotehed out, relaxed, insonsible; And as beneath their feet he lay, They spurned him to a nook away. Ah , forest ehioftain ! noble brave! Wert thou, indecd, so mean a thing! Better have filled a warrior's grave, Thou eagle with a broken wing!
III.

Now, round the table, each one held A goblet, while a courier swelled His rough, free song, all joining in The chorus with tumultuous din.
"Over the waters now we dash, Ever sing merrily, boys, sing merrily : Ripples around our paddles flash,

Frontenac.
Onward so merrily, thus go wo!
Round let the bowl fly, Quaff, boys, quaff!
Ha! ha! ha! ha! Laugh, boys, laugh!"

A humter then took up the strain, And pealed it till ull rang again.

> "Through the thick forests now we tread, Ever sing merrily, boys, sing merrily!
> Crack goes the riffe! the game falls dead,
> Onward then merrily, thus go we!
> Round let the bowl fly,
> Quaff, boys, quaff!
> Ha! ha! ha! ha!
> Laugh, boys, laugh!"

Then a bateauman passed the song.
Rolling a volume full along.
" Up, up the waters pole we now,
Feer sing merrily, buys, sing merrily!
Tramp, tramp, tramp on eacla side of our prow,
Onwarll so merrily, thus go we!
Round let the bowl fly,
Quaff, boys, quaff!
Ha! ha! ha! ha!
Laugh, boys, laugh!"

And then all joined their tones so deep, Tho very glasses seomed to leap.
"Thus with our paddle, our rife and pole, Ever sing merrily, boys, sing merrily
We go ethrough life, with the gravo for our goal, Onward so merrily, thus go we!
Round let the bowl fly,
Quaff, boys, quaff!
Ha! ha! ha! ha!
laugh, boys, laugh!"

## WE-AN-DAII.

## iv.

Frontenac, in his usual room,
Sat with a brow of doepened gloom:
Junc's sunshine lay upon the floor,
Through the oped easement eame the breeze,
And the broad transserse gallery o'er
He saw the distant tops of trees.
A dark aneestral portrait glowed
As, searching out each hidden dye,
The sunlight o'er the surfaco flowed,
And woke to life brow, cheek, and eye.

Beaide a table where he sat, $A$ wolf-hound crouched upon a mat, While parchments, majs, and volumes lay Around in negligent array.

## v.

At length he rose, the threshold passed, And on the gallery stood, where vast The prospeet opened to his siew, Stecped in the sunshine's golden hue.
Below him was the chasm of nir
Where the eliff fell; thence sloped the steep,
Rocky and prouped with thickets, whero
Browsed the ruick goats with many a leap.
The lower city's chimneys roso
Along the margo in long array,
While in its calm nad smooth repose,
like air the broad curved river lay.
A brigantine was crecping round,
With its one sail, Cape Dinmond's bound; By Orleans' Island a batcau
Was, like a lazy spider, slow
Crawling - the boatmen, spots of red,
Pushing their poles of glimmering thread,
While field. roof, furest filled his gaze,
Till vauishing in the soft gray haze.
Vi.

But nought was there to charm his oye, Uis mind lent darkuess to the sky;
A breeding shade was our the seene, So glorious in its summer mien.
Again his gloomy reom he sought.
IIis brow e'erspread with drearier thought : -
"Poor, peer Lavergne! poor youth! that he
Should die, brave boy! defending me!
And by that bloody demon two:
That Dawn of Morning!'"- Deeper hue
Fell on his visage like a pall.
"The sire, and now the son, to fall
Beneath the tomahawk!" - Again
That dark deed of the distant past
Was on his shuddering memory cast!
Lavcigne's dead form - his harrowing pain -
His loneliness - the evening gloom
Darkening within this solf-sume room -
The lost Lucille - that radiant child!
And she, the young, the perished mother,
L. d with such depth of passion wild, Slain, slain, and, henven : by her own brether,
Abllhe an Iroquois! That trick
Of Dawn of Moraing's too! Thus mecked!
Cheated! The Robin's eell unlocked
Before his very eyes, and he
Attacked by his fieree enemy
Io his own room.- "Without there, hol"

## Fiontenac.

A guard obeyed. "The Otter, quick 1"-
The usual strides went to and fro
Until the lluron runuer came.
" Brave Otter!"- with an eye of flame -
"Thy foot be now the eagle's wing!
Take the war-wampum! roy command
Bear, that the hatehet through the land
Uuburied be against my foe,
The Iroquois: This urm shall bring
At last these haughty nations lew!"
The Otter vanished, and onee more
Ilis tread be to the gullery bere.

## vit.

At length in Menutain street he spied We-nn-dah, with his snnutering stride. Across him seemed to flash a thought;
His room regained he. "Ho, Altaire!"
Again the guardsman entered there.
"Haste! let We-ar-duh here be brought!"
vili.
The Indian eame - his flushed swoll'n face Of deep debauch showed wildest trace. Il is scalp-loek down neglected hung; Round him a blanket soiled was flung; Ilis once rich leggings nuw were torn;
Ilis moccasius to tatters worn; Ah, furest chicftain! noble brave!
Wert thou, indeed, so mean a thing!

Better have filled a warrior's grave,
Thou eaglo with a broken wing!
ix.
'Twas but ono flecting week ago
That, eapturing hilu in ehase, Laverguc To Frontenao tho chief had brought, Soaring in soul, unbowed in thought,
Reared befora Yon-mon-de-yoh stern
Aud fierco, a foe, a fearless foe:
Taunting him as a brave should taunt, $\Lambda$ brave whom danger ne'er could daunt. Yea! hurling scorn, as if ho stood
Within his natiro forest free, Fronteuae eaptivo at his side, Showing, through all, such glorious pride, That Dawn of Moruing's self, had he Stood in his place, had not defied
With sterner, higher, haughtier mood Or loftier wrath, his enemy.

## $\mathbf{x}$.

That very night, as with his wound Lavergno's sword gavo him in the fray, Fainting within his cell he lay,
The guardsman, as tho hurt he bound, Offered, alas! tho fital draught, Which for tho first time now he quaffed. As the fell firo within him ran, 19

## Frontenac.

Ife sank at once to less than man;
He chattered in delirious glee
Amid his feverish agony;
And, as the first delicions glow
He felt, first poison of the foe:
He thought the white man, that could make
Such draught as this, his thirst to slake, Had greater power and skill to lift

The soul on soaring wing, than even
Great Hah-wen-ne-yo, who had given
Only his tame and tasteless gift.
Hour after hour he drank the flame; More strong the horrid thirst becaue;
More eager did he grasp the bowl;
Deeper and deeper sank his soul;
While Frontenac, with scornful smile,
Marking by what a weapon he
Could strike down his red enemy,
One of the hated race, in guile
Hour after hour the stream supplied,
Then for a time withheld the tide,
Until the brave! the warrior proud!
The strong-winged eagle of the cloud:
Au Ou-on-dah-gah :- he that late Dared Yon-non-de-yoh in his state,
And would have strode to fiery death
With the stern war-song ou his breath,
He, he; oh, shame! oh, shame! subdued:
Slave-like! scourged hound-like! lowly sued
At the contemptuous guardsman's foot,
That Yon-uon-de-yoh still should give

Tho stream by which he ceased to llve, Sare as an abjeet, groveling brute, Till Frontenae, in deep disdain, Yielded the devilish draught again, And, in pure scorn then made him free To roam Quebee at liberty, The mark - the sneer - the jest of all -
How could an Iroquois so fall!
Ah, forest elicftain! noble brave!
Wert thou, iudeed so mean a thing!
Better have filled a warrior's gravo,
Thou eagle with a broken wing!

## xI.

But now before stern Frontenac,
The ehief seemed struggling sore to call Some of his ancient spirit back;
He strove to lift his figure tall
To its full height, and make his mien Show the pround warrior he had been; But ah, in vain, in vain, his eye,
From Frontenae's now lenient gaze,
When he would seek its glance to raise,
Cowering and dim, away would fly,
And there he stood, an humbled slave, Not a IIo-de-no-sonne brave.
XII.
"We-an-dah!" Up the ehieftain rolled His cye at the commuadiag tone,

## Fron: vac.

" A sweeping eloud of midnight fold Within thy people's sky las grown
And Yon-non-de-yoh's; in the trail
Between us, sharp thick !. 'ers prevail,
And soon will Yon-non-de-yoh's tread
Be on the war-path stern and dread;
But thou! thou art my brotier, brave!
We've buried in one comman grave
The hatehet, trodden it down deep,
And still between us will we keep
The chain of friendship! thou wilt go,
My friend and guide against my foe!"
xiII
" Hooh!" and the warrior reared his frame Proudly, while flashed his eye with flame, "Hooh!" and he flang his arm on high, As if to soar up to tho sky,
". as Yon-non-de-yoh"- and his look
Was tur. and sublime, as down
On Frontenac it wildly flashed,
Then elanged it to a mighty frown,
His lip with rage impetuons shook,
And en the floor his foot he dashed -
"Think th. We-an-dah is a dog!"
He elutehed tis knife with fury, " Rather"-
Grated his tee in -"my Canadn father
"Back to his ecll the brave shall flog, Than he will lift the hatchet red
Against his tribe or League:" And dreal

Rang his shrill whoop, so loudly pealed,
It seemed all objects round him reeled.

## xiv.

Frontenac started as at first
This fierec defiance on him burst, Then, smiling in derision grim,
Signed to Allnire close by, who took
A cup and flagon from a nook,
A: 1 filled the goblet to the brim;
The Indian threw one eager glance
On it, in prond restraint then torned, And with majestic aspeet stood;
Then viewing it again askunce,
He clutehed it, whilst his features burned,
And drank it as a wolf drinks bleod.
Another draught then down he flung,
And then another, still another,
Then reeling up, with stammering tongue,
Said, "Yes! We-an-dah is the brother
Of Yon-non-de-yoh ! whitemen all
Ilis brothers are ${ }^{\text {© }}$ the brave feels tall!
His heart feels big! fire-rrater's good!
It fils his veins with leaping blood!
He goes where Yon-mon-de-yoh goes!
Ilis foes shall bo We-an-dah's foes!
Whoop! whoop! fre-water's good! more, more!"
Aad down he pitched upon the floor.
Ah, forest chicftain ! noble bravo!
Wert thou, indeed, so mean a thing!

Better have filled a warrior's grave, Thou eagle with a broken wing!

THE SUMMONS.
$x \mathrm{x}$.
Ho: ho: to the war-path! with high lifted head. The Huron unburied the tomahawk red;
The bowed Adirondack looked up with the knife Clutched keen in his hand for the pitiless strife; The Ot-ta-wr's wild wrepaint glowed fresh on his cheek As ho eane the fieree hatred of ages to wreak; The rough hardy boatmen left river and lake; The trapper the beaver; the woodman the brake ; The noble clasped corselet of steel on his breast, For the glory that gave to existence its zest ;
The artizan closed his dim workshop, and took His arquebuse rusting for years in its nook; The soldier, who fillowed on Ilungary's phain Carignan's spread flag, grasjed his musket again; The husbandman, singing gay Normandy's songs In Canada's grain-fields, rose toc with the throngs; The axe in the stumps of the elearirg was flung; No longer the hunter's sharp rifle-crack rung; The village was empty ; deserted the glate; All came where the bamer of lirance was displayed; Ho, ho, to the war-path! stern Prontenac's tread Will dash to the enrth the leagued enemy's head.

## THE ENCAMPMENT.

## XVI.

The summer sun was sinking bright Behind the wo ' 1 of Islo l'errot;
Back Lake St. Louns gleamed the light
In rich and mingled glow;
The slanting radiance at Lachine
Shone on an animated secue.
Beside the beach npon tho swell
Scores of canoes were lightly dancing,
With many a long bateau, where fell
The suv, on pole and drag-repe glaneing.
Throngs wero upon the gravelly beach
Bustling with haste, and lourl in speeeh;
Some were placiag in rocky bateaux
Cannon and mortars and piles of grenades;
Some were refitting their arrows and bows,
Others were seanning their muskets and blades;
Some were kindling their bivouac fire,
Others were blending
Their voiecs in song;
While others, coutending
With utterance strong,
Searee kept from blows in their reekless ire.
xvir.
Scabbard touehed hatehet, and sealp-lock plume;
Wheeling platoons here and there foreed room;

## Frontenac.

The Indian with girdle and kuifo was here; There was the buff-conted musketeer;
The pikeman's steel breastplate liere flashed in the sun, By the swarthy Camadian's sude halberd and gun; The noble's gay mantlo and sabre passed there, By the hunter's rough deerskin and loug shaggy hair ;
Couriers de bois and bateaumen, made gay
By their sashes and caps, swell'd the mingled array;
While guttural aceents and laughter loud,
Blent with the tones of stern command;
Loudly arose upon eyery land
From the quick, busy, and enger crowd.

## xVIII.

O'er a fur trader's eabin, spread broadly on high,
Framee's white standard saluted the eye;
Below were the griffins of Fronteuac gleaming
In gold, on the breast of a pennon outstreaming.
Before the threshold the sentries went,
Two of the guardsmen grim and tall; There were the steps of the leaders beut,

In and out of the audienee-ltall.
xix.

The sunset tints from the lake withdrew,
And now on the broad expanse were seen
Here, rough Ot-ta-wa's tawny hue,
There Cat-a-ra-fui's splendid green.
Onward flowing, disdaining to mingle,
Fither color distinet and siugle ;

## Tie Encampment.

And not till league on leaguo woro passed, Did tho hues, so separate, blend at last.

## $\mathbf{x x}$.

As the twilight darkened round, Flame on flame existenco found; Stir and bestlo ceased, and all
Welcomed night's slow gatheritg pall.

## XXI.

Cireling a fire up merrily streaming,
A group of pikemen and musketeers
Sat with their corsolets and weapons gleaming
Red in tho light.
"'Tis a sight that eheers
My bosom, to see this warlike host
Cooped so long in one dreary post!"
Said old Allaire.
"Yes! well sayest thon,"
Answered La Croix. "I've vowed a vow
To holy St. Ursula, that this pike
Shall ten of the whooping demons strike!"
"Ten, sayest thon! should there be but one,
Aud he Dawn of Morning, thy prowess were done!"
"What know'st thou of my prowess!"
"Naught.
But if thou the Iroquois often hadst met,
Less wouldst thou boast! De Nonville sought
Our Seucea focmen! I cannot forget
The combat we waged in the thickents and trees,

## Frontenac.

With our ereeping and serpent-like enemies.
Their bullets puttered like hail about;
And then their hideous battle shout.
It cleaves tho brain like a fiery dart :
In many a battle I've borno a part,
I followed Tureune and great Conde, but no'er
Strove I before with empty air,
And denth all about ue!"
"Allaire was in fear,
Methiuks!" said the pikeman, uround with a sneer.
"Iu fear! base hound!'
"Nay, nay!" outbroke
The others, "La Croix was but in joke!
Men should not aet like thoughtess boys;
Sing us, Allaire, tho soldier's joys!"

## XXit.

Alaire had started to his feet,
Clenching his hand, while the other stoed smiling, yet holding his urm, as though To intereept a threatened blow;

But quiekly calmed the old guardsuan's blood.
And agrain on the grass he took his seat;
And elearing his voiee with an effort, sang
In toues that aloud o'er the bivouac rang.

## 1.

". Banners all around us flying!
Trumpets all around us ringing :

## The Encampment.

Weapons gleaming! chargers springing!
Comrades! who's afrnid of dying!
Forwarl mareh! quiek on wo go, Ghadly, freely, breast to foo;
Furward, forward, on wo go,
Such the joys wo soldiers know,
Honor bright to fleeting breath,
Give us vietory or death;
With our bosoms to the foe,
Such the joys wo soldiers know !
2.
"When is past the conflict gory, And our voins have censed their leaping, Then the wateh-fire redly henping,
Hound fly merry song and story;
Frowning eare behind we throw As our gleaming glasses glow; Backward march wo bid it go !
Such the joys we soldiers know!
Ever ready for the field,
Ever ready life to yield;
Onward, onward, breast to foe,
Such the joys wo suldiers know!"

## XXIII.

In the room of a lonely roof that stood Beside the rapid and sounding flood, Around a board with glasses set, A joyous company were uet; The noble leaders of the array

Speeding a fuw liright hours away.
Here nat ide Gras and Vaudreuil ; there Callières and llekancourt moeking at eare.
Sparkling jost and witty gleam
Shot o'er the winecup's ruddy stream; And story, dehate, and legend old,
With frequent song time onward rolled.
Hark! a voice sounds merrily;
"Tis lekancourt singing in light-hearted glee.
1.
" Lavely France! my native France! At thy name my hosom hounds!
To my eye sweet vixions dance!
In my ear foft masic nounds:
Hail! thy purple vincyards flowing:
Inail: thy bright-eyed daughters glowing!
Of my life thou scem'st a part,
Lavely l'rance! Ah, la belle Franee, tilorions France, how dear thou art!

## 2.

" Lovely France! my mative France! Pamous are thy latte-fields;
Aud where points thy glittering lance, Vietory there ber trophy yields.
Hail! thy high historic story!
Hail! thy legends rife with glory!
Shrine, where bends my willing heart !
Lovely lirauce! ah, la belle France!
(ilorions France: how dear thou art!"
XXIV.

As ainks the voice upen the upplauding throng, The young De Gras takes up the thread of nong
1.
"What thughat makes my heart with mont tenderness swell? 'Tis the thought of thy beauty, my sweet Gabriolle! To the soft wind of summer swings lightly the tree, But the glide of thy step is far lighter to me.
2.
"Oh! tho breeze when it meets theo takes sweeter its flight! And the sun glows more warmly when rising thy sight! The nightingale chants her melodious glee,
But the sound of thy voice is far sweeter to me.

## 3.

"Thou hast circled thy chain - thou hast woven thy apell For aye round this bosom, my own Gabrielle !
The star of tho evening is brilliant to see,
But the glanee of thy eye is far brighter to mo.
4.
"In life, my loved angel, when struggling in death,
Thy dear mue will dwell on my last ebbing breath. Heaven's hiss would be elouded and dark without thee, The step, voice and eye, that make heaven to me."

## Frontenac

## THE MARCIL

## xxy.

Day after day, on Cat-a-ra-qui's breast,
The embattled host their upwrd pathway pressed.
All the noblest of the land
Ningled in that warlike band;
Gallant men, whose blood had poured
Where'er France had drawn the sword.

## XXVI.

In the bright midst was gray-baired Frontenae, His bery soul in arms for the attaek.
long lad be burned his veugeful hate to shower On the wild foes so scornful of his power;
To ernsh und whem them in one doom of dread, Ot blood und flame, and now the hour had sped.
xxvis.
On the flotilla passed - sword, pike, and gun
Traced on the wave, and glittering in the sun.
xxuyi.

Now by green islands, where the feeding deer
Looked, and was gone ere arifuebuse could bear ; Sow by still cores, upon whose mirrers elear
The glossy duck seemed gliding through the air; Now o'er zome lake, whose broad expanded breast,
As came the breeze, to white-capped waves was driven,

And on whose distant flood appeared to rest
The hazy softness of the summer heaven;
Athwart the mouth of some fieree river, now
llurling its fomming, tumbling tribute in, And marking with its stain its conqueror's brow,

Beheld for hours before the spot they win.
Merrily now somo basin o'er,
Borue with paddle and oar quick dashing:
Turuing now to the taugled shore,
Where the eatarnct down came crashing;
And while a part, with weary struggling care,
Aeross the portage wild tho burthens bear,
The rest, waist-deep, in whirling foam, drag slow,
Thus lightened of their londs, eanoe and huge bateau.
xxix.

Now by smooth banks where, stretched beneath the shade,
The Indian hunter gazed with eurious eye;
Now eatching gliupses of some gra:sy glade,
Rich with the sunshine of the open sky;
Now by the vista of some ercek, where stond
The mooso mid-leg, and tossing high his crown
Hazy with gmats, and vanishing in the wood.
Waking to showers of white the shallows brown.
Thus on they passed by day - at night they made
Their bivonae-fires amid the forest shate,
Searing the wolf and panther, till the reign
Of morning bade them lanneh upmin the flood again.

## CANTO SLXTH.

[^4]
## CANTO STXTII.



## THE WAR-HATCHET.

## I.

PON a gorgeous woodland seene,
Whoso limits mocked the eagle's sight, A billowy sea of differing green,
The sun inoked downward from its height.
Along an Indian trail, that traeed
Its seam amid theso forests vast, A narrow furrow, through the waste, Swiftly the A t-o-ta-lio passed.
The war-paint's blaek and crimson streaks Glenmed fiereely on his brow and eheeks;
Upon his customed robe were spread
Ilis battle rededs in tints of red;
Hateliet, fusee, and knife he wore,
His shaven head the war-tuft bore;
While a roused spirit, fieree yet high,
Sat, like couched flame, within his eye.
II.

With a red girdle round his frame, behind the tall pipe-bearer came.

Nodded a erimsoned eagle plume
Over a brow of erimsoned gloom;
No weapon bore ins, sare on high A hatelet of vermilion dye.

FHE WIGHFHNDSS.

11
Innuneralle tions fan
Wxtemded, myriad trank a ween,
sye-tangline and ircegntar
B.ll cheed ay litionk ot raviac.

Tress, trees, a verlant world, were round,
Straight, erowhed, slant, tach seekiug light;
With some e? splintered hare and white, Telling the lightaing's blasting bound.
And how and the 1 was seen a ${ }^{\text {nath }}$
Of prostrate trinks in chaos cast,
With upturned roots, dark cireles vast, E.4, of the ficree tornado's wrath.

## iv.

lincs wet the eye all tasseled o'er; Hewhens that fringy cones upore; Oaks with their seallog ed verdure; beeches Whose moss the morthward pathway teaches; P'oplars, light-haed and sensitive,

## The Wilderness.

To every air-breath all alive;
Maples, their red-stemmed foliage fliekering To downiest winds like streaulets biekering; Striped dog-woods, birehes sweet, that stood The incense bearers of the wood;
Grim lurehing firs and liturels green, Showing tho swamp's wet, clustered seeno.

## v.

Through this gigantic roof, tho light Here, made some natural opening bright; Here, down a arrow vista swept; Here underneath dense thiekets erept; Here, broken, struggling being found, Sprinkled like fire-flies on the ground. But searce these colurs few the sway Broke off the general hue of gray, That filled, subdued and soft, the air, Making a solemu twilight there.
VI.

This glorious sylvan seene showed rife Waeh stage of regetable life.
The downy sprout, the ground-bird trod Elastie to the downy sod;
The sapling with faint verdure erowned, Low bending to the siguirrel's bound; The tree, that towering strong and high spread its green standard to the sky;

## Frontenac.

Then the dead top with lieliens dressed;
Then the dark hollow in the breast;
At last the lead prone log, wit! moss
Flung like a shrond, its form across.

## VII

As hy the Indians passed, its lay The robin ceased and slot away; Off, like a flash the red-bird flew; Its gambol seared, the rabbit threw; The crackling of the under-brush Told of the deer's retreating rush; With heary wing, and croaking hoarse, The monutain raven urged its course; White now and then the cagle gray lointed his beak and soa-ed amay.

## vilt

O'er some green glade now went their tread, Spotted with strawberries pouting red; Now by a fountain elear as dew Trickliug its mossy chamel through; Now in a broad and swcepiug aisle; Now in a deep and dark defile; And now across the jagged bridge Of sume tree fall'u from ridge to ridge, Forming between the hollow black, Where crept the sedgy streamlet's traek.

## THE CATARACT.

## IX.

A steady sound, whose rumble deep ILad long bren mingling with the air, Mrre loud and stern commeneed to sweep, Till on tho ear it seemed to bear A mighty load; the woods it filled With its grand volume of stern sound; Nature's most seeret heart seemed thrilled, And every other tone was drowned. To the light wind the branches shook, Down sparkled on its way the brook, Flew in aud out each merry bird, But not a sigh, dash, ehirp, was heard.

## $\mathbf{x}$.

Over the trees a form of snow Was towering, by the sumny glow Kissed inte flashing diamonds ; bright That silvery shape of glancing light, Seeming as changing, quivering, there, Some hovering spirit of the air.

## XI.

Well, well the At-ota-ho knew
That shape, thus glittering to his view; Oft had he stood aud on it gazed,
As in its neontide pomp it blazed;

## Frontenac.

And when the mennlight nor it threw
Its delieate robe of silvery hue;
In eontrast sweet and tright , to where The erashing, flashing, plonging form Of floods rush'd down in fearful storm.
One mighty curve upon the air.
The first seemed telling him to rise, Until his fame ahould reach the skies; The last in thunder seemed to say,
Kucel, At-0-t: in! kneel and pray !
Forget thy dee ds, and with low brow,
Thiak of the Llab-wen-ne-jo now!
xiI.
'Twas 0 -ninal-garrah there that hurled Its awfinl graudeur dawn its rock; Dim sign of that dread slape a world

Heeling, shall see, when with fieree shoek
He plauts Ilis tread on sea and shore.
And swears that Time shall be no more.
Further my harp is mate to tell
Of the sublime - the Terrible.

## TIIE SENECAS.

xili.
The westering sum shot slautine beam
Along a narrow winding strenm,
Bathing the basswoods of the bank, Beuding in interlacing fuld,

Whose rieh and pendent elusters drank
The light, till seemed they wrought of gold.
XIV.

An Indian cuatle clustered by, Girdled with palisadoes high. Within a grassy spnce that lay Next to the forest, an array Of warriors in a circle sat, Eael or thed upon his bear-skin mat. Solemuly passed tho wreathing pipo Adorned with many a blazoned typo; While ench fixed eyo and rigid fuco Of deep ubstracted thought bore trace.

## LEAPING PANTILER.

$x \mathrm{x}$.
At length a warrior rose, his breast Bearing a snake, tattooed, its crest Aud forked tongue ready - with a brow Whero eare had driven its furrowing plough, And with a keen heart-searehing eye That flew around, each point to spy, As if some danger near to find Lurking beside him or behind.

## XVP.

- Twas Lenping Purather, chieftain fimed! Who mid the League's atern warriors, claimed
To Dawn of Morning next, the meed
Of honor and authority
By the fivere nations yielded free
To wisdom and to valurous deed.


## xylt.

Yet though in coumbil elorgent
And wise, and on the war-path brave, To remomed envy's thrahdon bent

Dark leaping Panther, veriest slave;
And hatred fieree with euvy came,
Kindling his breast with blendel flame.
'Twan Dawn of Morning's finme that fraught
With venom foul his every thonght;
Ilis power and sway within his heart
Kankled in sleepless, ceaseless ire,
But yet, so matehless was his art,
He veiled from all the fiendish fire.
Oft in the Union Feast would sheer
Or pesture of disdain uppear
When Ihwn of Morning met his eye ;
But with nuch quickness $1^{\text {nased }}$ they by
That scarcely could the sight desery,
He reemed a mhalowy neorn to throw
Epon the It-o-ta-ho's state
By quick grimace - eyces sidewise glow,

## Leaping Pantier.

Or tone'r wight sareusm- yet his hate Wan ne'er displayed in open word; Aud nll thene nigns so slightly stirred The mind, none heeded at the theme; And still, so lurking was the slime, That memory by unwitting apell
On those strange shrugs and smiles would dwell,
But then some action high and proud Of the young At-o-ta-ho far
Swept every doubt as from a star
The strong blast sweeps the transient clond.

## xyili.

For a brief instunt silently
Like a tall form of bronze stood he,
Then rearing more crect his head
And stretching out his arm, he said: -
xix.
"Sachems and warriers ! each his eye Cast round; the sun about to dio
Onee more, sends out his loveliest blaze
Lighting our lodges, graves, and maize.
Where these stand now, ye oft have heard,
Brothers! this heart holds every word,
In time of snows our old men tell,
How by our sires the Kah-kwalhs fell;
Their sens will no'er then slumber long
De-o-se-o-wah's luts within;
Rouse warriors ; to the war-path throng!

Ilere, glory braves ean nover win !
Our tomahawks are thirsty! sce
How bright they are! we'll let them drink Deep of the blood of Illini!

Will any of my goung men shrink?
No: Nun-do-wah-gahs never fail When points Agreskoue* the trail.
Never the war-path did they shun!
Sachems and warriors! I have dono!"
$\mathbf{x x}$.
A loud " yo-hah!" burst out, hut e'er
Auother eould his mind declare,
A form stroule in with lafty tread,
A crimson hatehet in his eling,
Glanced for a moment round the ring, Then waved the weapen o'er his head.
XXI.
"The At-o-ta-ho!" pealed on high;
Fach brave leaped upward with the ery;
"The At-o-ta-ho!" every head Was beut; agrain arose the shout
"The It-o-tn-ho!" quick it spread T'ill every quarter pealed it out ;

- The It-ti-ta-ho!" matrons, maids, ('hildren, oll mon, youthe, warriors, all
- The wargod of the Irognole.


## Leaping Pantier.

Came rushing from the palisades,
Roused by that loved and well known eall.
While the lean dogs that glaneed about
Joined their loud barkings to the shout.

## xxif

Grim Leaping Panther's eye flashed fire, As Dawn of Morning first strode in
And burst on high the joyful din, Then lost his brow all trace of ire, And, bowing, ho stood waiting till He heard the At-o-ta-ho's will.

## xxili.

Slow Dawn of Morning swayed aronnd
The hatehet, hushing every sound, While every eve to his was turned ;

And, by the erimson hatehet woke
To flame antieipating, burned
Flashing more fierce an now he spoke:
" Braves! Yon-non-de-yoh comes to slay
And burn! hoola! Nun-do-wah-rah braves!
'To On-on-dah-gah! up! away!
Fly warriors ! for your fathers' graves!
Let every young man seek the trail!"
Out burst the warwhoop's quavering wail,
Forth knives and hatehets flashed, onee more
The whoop, keen echoiag, trembled o'er,
Lodges and palisadoes rung,
Each tree seemed gifted with a teugue,

Each face grew wild, the very air Gleamed with the weapons wielded there, Till twilight, soft and gentle, drew Aeross the seene its shimmering hue.

## CAYUGA LAKE.

xiv.

Another lovely sunset beamed
lyon (iwe-u-gwe's glassy brenst,
Which in responsive lustre gleamed
As if there plowed a sceond west.
The forests on the Eastern shore
Half' roles of golden radiance bore;
Harsh sights and sounds with melting day
Had from the lovely scene been driven.
Nature secmed kneeling down to pray
In praise and pratitud to Heaven.

## xxy.

Sweet sylvan lake: in memory's gold
Is set the time, when first my eye
From thy green shore beheld thee hold
Thy mirror to the sunset sky :
No rip,'e brushed its delicate air,
Rich silken tints alone were there;
The far opposing shore displayed,
Mingling its hues, a tender shade;

## Cartga Lake.

A sail scarce seeming to the sight To move, spread there its pinion white, Like some pure spirit stealing on Down from its realm, by beauty won. Oh, who could view the seeno nor feel Its gentle peace within him steal, Nor in his inmost bosom bless Its pure and radiant loveliness: My heart bent down its willing knee Before the glorious Deity; Beauty led up my heart to IIim, Beauty, though cold, and poor, and dim Before IIis radiance, beauty still That made my bosom deeply thrill; To higher life my being wrought, And puritied my every thought, C1 _pt like soft musie through my mind, Each fecling of my soul refined, And lifted me that lovely even
One precions moment up to heaven.

## xXVI.

Then, eontrast wild, I saw the cloud
The next day rear its sable crest,
And heard with awe the thunder loud
Come erashing o'er thy blackening breast.
Down swooped the cagle of the blast, One mass of foam was tosing high,
While the red lighnims, fieree and fast, shot from the wild and seowling sky,

And burst in dark and mighty train
A tumbling eataract, the rain.
I saw within the driving mist
Dim writhing stooping shupes - the trees, That the last ere so softly kissed,

Aud birds so filled with melodies.
Still swept the wiud with keener shrick, The tossing waters higher rolled,
Still fiereer flashed the lightning's streak.
Still gloomier frowned the tempest's fold.
xxvil.
Ah such, ah such is Life, I sighed,
That lovely yester-eve and this!
Now it reflects the radent pride
Of youth and hope ani promised bliss ; -
Earth's future track and Eden seems,
Brighter than cenen ur brightest dreams.
Again, the tempest rushes o'er,
The sky's blue smile is seen no more, The placid deep to foam is tossed,
Ai trace of beauty, peace, is lost,
Hespair is hovering, dats and wild,
Ah! what can save earth's stricken child:
xxvis.
Swect sylran Jake ! beside thee now, Villages point their mpires to heaven, Rieh meadows wave, broad grain-feids bow, The axe resounds, the phongh is driven;

## Cartga Lake.

Down verdant points come herds to drink,
Flosks strow, like spots of snow, thy brink;
The frequent farm-houso meets the sight,
Mid failing harvests seythes aro bright,
The watch-dog's bark comes faint from far, Shakes on the ear the saw-mill's jar,
The steamer like a darting bird
Parts the rich emerald of thy wave,
And the gay song and laugh are heard,
But all is o'er the Indian's grave.
Pause, white man! cheek thy onward stride!
Cease o'er the flood thy prow to guide!
Until is given one sigh sineere
For those who once were monarehs here,
And prayer is made beseeehing God
To spare us his avenging rod
For all the wrongs upon the head
Of the poor helpless savage shed;
Who, strong when we were weak, did not
Trample us down upon the sput,
But weak when we were strong, were cast
Like leaves upon the rushing blast.

NXIX.
Sweet sylvan lake! one single gem
Shines in thy liquid diadem.
No sister elaims this little isle
To yield its beanty smile for smile;
With it to hear the blue-bird sing;
"Wake leaves and flowers! here comes the Spring!"


The greedy pike in mottled vest, The pereh in golden armor drest, The trout in bronze and crimson dight, The bass in streaks of blue and white, And now, us homeward courso they take, They raise their anthem to the lake.

## 1.

Gwe-u-gwe the lovely! Gwe-u-gwo the bright! Our besoms rejoico in thy beautiful sight; Thou bear'st our kah-we-yahs, we bathe in thy flow, And when we are hungered thy bounties we know.

## 2.

In peace now is spread the pure phain of thy waves, Like the maidens that cast their kind looks on their braves; But when the black tempest comes o'er with its sweep, Like the braves on their war-path fieree rages thy deep.

Thou art lovely, when morning breaks forth from the sky, 'thou art lovely, when noon hurls his darts from on high, Thou ar' lovely, when sunset paints brightly thy brow, And in moonlight and starlight still lovely art thou.

## 4.

Gwe-u-gwe! Gwe-u-gwe! how sad would we be Were the gloom of our ferests not brightened by thee;

Uals-wen-ne-yo would seen from his sons turned away; Gwe-u-gwe ! Gwe-n-gwe! then list to our lay.

## NXXIIf.

As the kalt-we yahes touched the shore, A band of other warriurs eame
From the thick rank of woods before,
Bending bencath their forest game;
The slender deer, soft, eboneved,
As if in sorrow he had died;
The long-eared rahbit damgling down,
The partridge in its mottled brown,
The shagyy bear in sable coat
Giaping with white-fanged erimson throat,
The wild-eat with its eyen' green gleam,
And wolf with jaws one foamy stream.

## xxxiy

Pausing upon a little ghade
That edged with grassy stripe the shade, In one great pile their game they threw, Around it in a circle drew,
Then in widd dance their forms they flung, White one, the ring that headed sung:

## 1.

"Kind Kah-hah-goh!*
Our glad praiso to thee we send,
Thou urt the Gwe-u-gwes' friend, Saying, 'Warrior, bend thy bow! Look, brave, look! the bear is lew!'
Saying, 'Warrior, aim thy gun!
Look! the deer's swift course is run !'
Kind Kah-hah-geh !
Thas our praiso to thee we send,
Thou art the Gwe-u-gwes' friend.

## 2

"Kind Khh-hah-goh!
In thy role of summer green
Thon dost o'er our ambush lean,
Saying, 'Warrior, grasp thy axe,
Hush ! the foe is on thy tracks!'
Hush! hooh! now in blood he lies!
Wave his sealp before his eyes!
Kind Kah-halhoh :
Thus our praise to thee we send,
Thou art the (iwe-u-gwes ' friend!"

## xxXV.

Ceases the deep and droning strain, The hunters elaim their loads again,

* The aplrit of the forest, in the Caynga language.

Fuostexac.
Joining the braves then from the lake, All to the enstle, puthway take.

## XXXVi.

But words that told surprise and awe, Burst from the front, and ench one saw
L'pon a naked mound that stood
Like ngreen bantion from the wood,
Against the background rich and warm,
In posture of supreme command
Reared to fall height - a warrior form,
A hatchet lifted in his hand,
Red as the blushing clonds that threw
lifon the lake their gorgeons hue.

## NXXVII

A moment's sileace pait al ou?
"Twas broke by Rrm 子, tor ripest's shout,

Burst then from every warior there -
"The At-o-ta-hu!" far the swell
Rolled on the suft and Numbering air ;
"The At-o-ta-ho!" deep the words
Thrilled to their inner solitules;
"The At-o-ta-ho:" e'en the lake
Secmed into that one somel to break;
Then the shout fell, as, thashing, eped The comer's eye arros the eloud,

And with his hatelet now his d,
He spoke in ter I NE atom?
To cvery bomm.
The bloody Yıu-n.... -
To seek us in our fic
Wurriurs! lovo ye
To On-on-duh-gah, br... :ste!
Each fort upon the trail b .
Gwe-u-gwes, rouse! like engle gn!
Warriors, ull haste! ull meet the five!"

## THE ONLIDAS.

## xxxvili.

Morning had winged its radiance down, Bathing one half the hemloek's head, Tipping the dogwood's luwlier erown,

The laurels then beneath it spread.
The mist had furled its plumes on high.
Blue robed the late flushed, varied sky,
And the glad birds their chorus gay
liad ceased, to flit from spray to spray;
The deer had left the grassy glade
And erouched ugain within the shade,
And tho whole forest realm once more
A summer day's rich lustre wore.

## XXXIX.

Ku-na-wa-lo-ah's lodges too Were glittering in the golden hue;


## IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



Photographic Sciences


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The eircling palisades were bright And the short lanes were streaked with light.

## $\mathbf{x L}$.

As the great orb on tiptee atoed Upon a neighboring knoll of wood, The prophet, a black bearskin spread Around his form, with solemn tread Came to the council house, reared low And leng amidst the trodden square; Pealed out a ery drawn shrill and slow, And as the echo died in air, Warriors in pomp of paint and plume, Sires in bright robes that deeked their gloom, Matrons and maids displaying bead And erimson skirt, round every head Thiek strawberry-leaves in garlands spread The rich ripe fruit amongst, with speed The narrow ways came thronging through, And in the square their numbers drew.
XLI.

There the young Roll of Thunder proud, Whose deeds were on the war-path loud, Stood in his plumaged, painted pride, With the grim prophet at his side.

THE STRAWBERRY DANCE.
XLII.

Now must the Council square's expanse
Echo the usual Strawberry danoe, And thanks each bosom render there To Fire and Water, Earth and Air.
XLIII.

The file, the council house around Was ranged:-first, Roll of Thunder high, Looking the brave, his actions showed; The bear-robed prophet next him frowned,

Upon the Orient fixed his eye;
And thon, with sight that eager glowed,
The stalwart warriors; then the sires,
Burning with all their manhood's fires; .
And last the women, every glance
Flashing impatient for the dance.
xLIV.

Beside the counoil building's door The rude bowl-drum a patriarch bore, While took a youth beside him stand, With the gourd-rattle* in his hand.

* Gus-th-we-ea, a gourd tilled with dry beang.


## KLV.

Upon them, from the eastern sky, Looked Hah-wen-ne-yo's blazing eye; His azure breast was o'er them gleaming

With clouds in wreaths of spotless hue, A band of his good genii seeming

The coming grateful rite to viem.
xlvi.

The soft yet brilliant sunshine streamed On round-topped lodge and palisade; In rising quiek pulsations gleamed

O'er the domed maize-fields next arrayed, And flashed upon the leafy dress Of the encireling wilderness.

## XLVII.

First, Roll of Thunder bowed his head To where the sun its splendor shed, Then waved his arm - the drum awoke, The rattle into elatterings broke; And forward, with his roeking feet, The chief began the ground to beat, Swelling his guttural anthem strain, Followed by all the stamping train, Each joining in at every close Where Hah-wen-ne-yo's praise arose ; While the long ring the square around Like a slow coiling serpent wound.

## 1.

" Earth, we thank thee! thy great frame Bears the stone from whence we came, And the boundless sweeping gloom, Of our glorious League the home;
Thou the strawberry's seed dost fold, Thou its little roots dost hold, First of all the fruits that raise Gifts for us in summer days. Thanks, too, thanks we give thee, lowly, Hah-wen-ne-yo great and holy!
Maker, wise! of all the sire, Earth and Water, Air and Fire!

## 2.

"Water, thanks! we safely glide
On thy bosom long and wide; In thy rills their way that take Through swcet flowers our thirst we slake; Thou dost give the strawberry-vino Drink, when hot the sunbeams shine, Till its leaves spread fresh and bright, And its buds burst forth in white.

Thanks, too, thanks we give thee, lowly, Hah-wen-ne-yo, great and holy! Maker, wise! of all the sire, Earth and Water, Air and Fire!

## 3.

"Air, we thank theel for the breeze Sweeping off the dire disease; Thou dost bring the gentle rains; Thou dost cool our feverish veins; Thou dost kiss the strawberry-flower Nestling in its grassy bower, Till its little wreath of snow Swings its fragrance to and fro.

Thanks, too, thanks we give thee, lowly, Hah-wen-ne-yo, great and holy! Maker wise ! of all the sire, Earth and Water, Air and Fire!

## 4.

"Fire, we thank thee! for thy ball With its glory brightening all, And the blaze whieh warms our blood, Lights our weed and eooks our food, To thy glance the strawberry swells With its ripening particles, Till the fruit is at our tread In its loauty rich and red.

Thanks, too, thanks we give thee, lowly, Hah-wen-ne-yo, great and hely!
Maker, wise ! of all the sire,
Earth and Water, Air and Fire!"
XLVIII.

The last loud strain had scarcely died, When a light form, with hurried tread, Strode to the panting chieftain's side, Uplifting high a hatchet red, A look - a pause of silence brief, And then "The At-0-ta-ho!" rung
In voice of thunder from the chief -
Forth, warrior, sire, maid, matron, sprung;
"The At-0-ta-ho!" eehoed high;
It filled the woods, it filled the sky,
With manhood's shout, and woman's cry.

## XLIX.

"Hark, Oncotas!"* loud and clear Now swelled on cvery listening car The At-0-ta-ho's clarion tones -
"Hark! Yon-non-de-yoh comes to tread
Into tho dust your father's bones;
Up, warriors ! ere the day be sped!
To On-on-dah-gah as for life,
Agreskoué calls out for strife!"

THE CANOE VOYAGE.
L.

Two Indians in a bark canoe,
Went skimming up a rapid stream

- The Oneldas.

That lay in many a winding gleam, The dark primeval forest through, Here on the brushwood-tangled banks, Rose the tall trees in column'd ranks; While slauting, there, they elosely wove A thick and bowery roof above.
Frequent some great elm, undermined, Within the wave ita bonghs inclined, Causing the water, sliding dark, To wheel and fret in flashing spark. Dead jagged logs lay all about, Black from the shores protruding out; The tips light tilting as the furrow

Csused by the paddles, on them bore,
Or , as the musk-rat scampered o'er,
Seared by tho dashing to its burrow.
Now the stream slumbered in a mass Of shade, like polished sable glass : And now it fluttered o'er its stones, In hollow and reolian tones.

## LI.

The Tall Pipe-bearer's paddles wide, With rapid dips the waters spurn, While with his usual look of pride, Sits Dawn of Morning at tho stern. Each side the climbing laurels spread Their pink-tinged chalices o'erhead; And now and then the thickets fling So low neross thoir sylvan bowers,

## The Tall Pipe-bearor's feathers bring

 The spangled dogwood's creamy flowers Showered, like a sudden fall of snow, Upon the wrinklod glass below; While in some sweoping aisle of green, The tassoled ohesnut on their sight, Where a long sunbeam casts its sheen, Sends flashes quiek of goldon light.The broken, glancing rift from out, At tho white moth low quivering o'er, Leaps like a flying-fish the trout,

Then falls with echoing plash before:
As threads the prow some channel narrow,
The snipe darts from it like an arrow ; To his deep don of knotted roots
The otter, a swift shadow, shoots; Startled from his o'erhanging limb, The blue kingfisher leaves the flood;
Wades from the marge the heron slim, The gorgeous sheldrake seeks the wood.

## LII

But thickets, spotted aill around, Dividing into the 's the eourse, Till searee a struggling way is found, Proclaim them near the river's source; And searee the shallow waters now Float o'en thoir bubble of a prow, They seek the marge, the bark they lift

O'er Deo-wain-sta * tread they swift, Thrending the solemn trees that rise In ahapea majestie to the akies;
And in the stooping iight they glide
Down wild O-wah-nah-dah-gah's $\dagger$ tide, That steals, with broader breast, between
The same close wilderness of green.
Over thia wild magnifieence,
Laeed by the bright meandering streak,
Solitude broods unbroke, intense,
Save when sonie speeding eugle's shrick
Startles the air, or hewl of wolf
Issues from some blaek bordoring gulf.

## Llll.

Now liquid alleys pass they through, Mid sylvan islets set no near That, frighted by the swift canoe,

From one another leaps the deer.
From tree-top to its opposite
They see the flying-squirrel flit
Slant on its membrane wings across
The narrowed strip of ruftled gloss,
Then, down the sparkling frothing rift,
The quivering bark shoots free and swift,
The Tall Pipe-bearer's ready skill
*The Iroquols name for the portage between Wood creck and the Mohawk river

+ The Iroquole name for the Mohawk river.

Wielding the frail light thing at will; Tho pointed roek avoiding now,
Foam, like some angry bear's tusk, ehurning, In lts blind pathway, then the prow, $\Lambda_{s}$ if by instinet, safely turning.

## uv.

As sunset flushed the sky with red, Thoy eame to where a lakelet spread, With domes of elay 'twas spotted o'er,

Where beavers plunged and skimmed the wave, Whilst others, busily on the shore,

The sapling gnawed, or dragging, gnve Its leafy hooors to the tide, Towards the twined dam their prize to guide; But as the bark umidst them passed, The sentry struck his blow, and fast Amid a shower of strokes all vanished, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ Till every sight und sound were banished Of tho late bustling seene to tell, With silonce settling like a spoll, Whilo passed the prow tho lakelot ealm, And, bowing, erossed the erashing dam.
Lv.

Then, as the night its shadows wrought, The dim tree-slanted brink they sought, Where some wide spruee above them bent Its bristling bramehes for a tent;

And slumbered till the morning camo Firing the heavons with eheerful flame, And sent them onee more on their way, With woods and waters glittoring gay.

## THE MOHAWK'S SOALP DANOE.

LVI.

At last, ns in the glowing west
The sun onee more rolled down its erest,
They eame to whero a creek laid down, At tho broad stream, its subject crown. Upon the bank, with maizefields green, An Indian palisado was seen;
Between it and the brink, a ring
Of painted braves e'en now was forming; As sought the bark a bush - tho swing

Began, the dance each moment warming; Till, while the drum gave measured stroke, The sealp-song of the warriors woke.
1.
"Whoop the whoop! dance the dance! Let the knife and hatehet glance! Poal aloud, aloud, tho strain! Pequod dogs! they mourn their slain ! Mourn their slain! the lequod dogs, How they seek the clustered bogs!

The Mohawk's Scalp Dance.
Wave their bloody sealps on high :
Pequed dogs! how low they lie!
Low they lie! the ground is red!
Pequod dogs ! they mourn their dead!
Groat Agreskoue ! to thee
Swolls our song of victory !

## 2.

"See our war-path! far it windl, l'equod hunting.grounds it fiuds; Scarce our mark on earth we make; Now wo glide as glides tho smako. l'equod dogs aro shmbering deep, Near, atill near, more near we ereep: Now we elimb the palinades; Not a sound the air invades. Not a sound! crash, crash! In tho lodges now wo dash : Now we dash! our hatelets fly, Cllenm our knives! They die! They die! Gleam our knives! their scalps we wrench! Blood in streams their eastle dreneh! Pequod dogs, like leaves aromidSce! they pile the very ground! Seo! they beud like women now : Whoop! our foet is on their brow!
Great Agreskene! to thee
Swells our song of vietory!

## LVII.

Ere the last shrill-toned eeho sank, A figure elimbed the shelving bank, Holding a tomahawk on high, Gleaming in deepest vermeil dye, "The At-0-ta-ho!" loudly sounded From every lip, and toward him bounded The Knotted War Club.*
" Mohawks, hear!"
The At-o-ta-ho, uttered shrill -
"Your battle-whoops peal louder still, To red $\Lambda$ greskouè so dear.
Braves! Yon-non-de-yoh comes! His feet
Are on the war-path! Men of blood!
To On-on-dah-gah like a flood
This Matchi-Manitou $\dagger$ to meet ! Away! stern Bears! in all your might, Ere on ye dawns again the light !
*Ye-an-te-ka-no in Mohawk.
† Matchi-manitoo, bad epiril.

CANTO SEVENTH.

THE MARCH.
the war dance.
THE COUNCLL.

THE QUARREL.
THE PRIESTESS.
THE SACRED FLAME.

## CANTO SEVENTH.



## THE MARCH.

## I.

AYS sped along, the rudo flotilla traced The shoreward waters of Ontario's waste. Up the Oswego's narrow rapid tide With struggling efforts the invaders glide; On either hand the erowded forests gave A sombre darkness to the rushing wave; Banner and cannon, pike and corselet east Unwonted glitterings as the foemen passed; Upon the oak-tree's sealy breast they flashed, Out with a seream the startled eagle dashed, Within the thicket's depths a gleam they flung; Forth with a snort tho brown bear awkward sprung, Quick slid the otter down the shelving brink, Back shrank the doe and fawn about to drink, The beavers plunged withiu eaeh mud-built hut, As through their dam of trees a path was eut.
Ha! look, proud Frontenae! upon yon tree Tho haughty savage still easts scoru at theo! Drawn on its naked wood in tints of red Thou, with the warriors of thy host, art spread;

While at the roots the bundled rushes show
The stern defianee of thy tawny foe.
II.

Broader gleamings upon them break, Through the thiek forest -"The lake, the lake!" Over its wide and lueid glass Gallantly, swiftly, now they pass;
Dash and ripple, and ripple and dash, How the depths tumble, and sparkle, and flash! Hushed so the silence, at every sound Eeho is up and away with a bound ; Solitude tangible seems to their gaze, Startiug from sleep to shrink back in amaze; Huadreds of water-fowl riso from the sheet, Screaming and soaring on piuions fleet; In the deep waters of purest green, Fishes in myriad swarms are seen; Along the uargin, a traet of white Glitters like silver beneath tho light. A shout weat up - were the old dreans true? Was treasure there flashing its dazzliug hue? Boat after boat to the margiu shot, Numbers thronged to the sparkling spot; And the salt springs shone to their curious eye, Mantling all over their pearly die.
But away at last the sunbeams shrank,
And the whole fleet moored to the marshy bank.

Night eloses round, the splendid moonlight beams: The leaf-roofed tents are chequered with the gleams; Beneath the gorgeous diadem of the skies The whole wide seene in delicate beauty lies; One blaze of silver Gar-noh-gwe-yoh glows, Its bosom hushed in beautiful repose;
Mid the grand woods the light its quiet weaves,
Save where the wateh-fires gleam in crimson through the leaves.

THE WAR-DANCE.
IV.

The mellow sunset glow that lay On Frontenac's debarked array, The On-on-dah-gah Hollow too, Suffused with soft and lovely hue. The maize-fields wore a roseate flush, The placid stream displayed a blush, While the surrounding forests seemed $A s$ if with slauted spears they gleamed.
v.

Swarms of dark figures roamed around Within tho eastle's spacious bound. The warriors of the league had all Obeyed their At-o-ta-ho's eall. Tho Mohawk, oldest brother keeping

## Frontenac.

Wateh the Long House's east poreh o'er; The fieree, wild Seneca, unsleeping,

Making his breast the western Door ; Tho Oneida, offspring of the Stone, The mother now alas left lone; And the Cayuga from that flood, With eolor of the summer wood.

## vi.

Of tho eight Totems, ono each breast Displayed, in blue tattoo iupressed. Here crawled the Tortoise, glared the Bear; The Wolf there lurked within his lair; The Crane on slender linb stood here, Here bowed the Snipe, there leaped the Deer; The Beaver here made waddling walk, And high in air thero soared the Hawk; While frequently was seen the mark Of the Ho-nont-koin next the other, Which none decyphered but a brother; Order mysterious, secret, dark ! Each making - all save this unknown, And this by only actions shown The other's weal or woe his own. Tho At-o-ta-ho was its head:
And through the league its members spread, The head chiefs of the other nations Holding within next highest stations; Save Leaping Panther who kept free, From eraftiest, basest policy.

All at their backs the hatchet bore, The curved knifo keenly gleamed befere.
War-paint en overy face was spread, Though shewed the ferm the naked skin, Save the blue waist-cloth, legging red, Aud the rich quill-worked moceasin. Fisees were in each hand, each eye Waic flashing fieree with swarthy fire; All showed that danger, threatening nigh, Had roused their deepest martial ire. While womanhood, age, childhood lay Within the Oneidas' neighboring woods, Until the storm should sweep away, Now rising o'er their solitudes.

## viII.

In the broad square a post was placed With stripes of red - war's hue - arrayed, Save in one spot where, rudely traced, Was the league's coat of arms displayed.
Five braves that in a circle stood With hands tight grasped in one another's A heart amidst theu - tribal brothers, Banded in one firm brotherhood.
IX.

The broad moon's sweet delicious light Began to bathe the summer night;

Upon their domes the maize-plants glowed, The atream a track of diamonds showed, And the still, windless forests stood Entranced within the pearly flood.

## x.

As the sky kindled to the moon's rich flame, Within the area throngs of warriors came; Around the post in mazy file they wound, Then couched in rings successive on the ground, Within, two gaunt and withered figures sat, With drum and rattle, each upon his mat, While upward streamed in one high ruddy spire Beside the post the usual war-danee fire. The dusky ring wore looks of fixed repose, Until at last a tall young warrior rose; With hatchet, knife, and war-elub armed was he, A snowy mantle falling to the knee
Upon his breast the totem of the Bear,
The IIo-nont-koh stripe too, placed eonspicuous there
Mid record of his deeds, one crimson blaze;
Dress worn alone on most momentous days!
'Twas the young At-o.ta-ho! slow and grave He reached the fire, and then one whoop ho gave, And, as his brow grew dark, and wild his glanee, He broke into a stamping swinging dance; From right to left he went, the hollow beat Of the rude drum dull echoing to his feet Chaunting in measure to his rocking frame, While from the two old forms a censeless drouing came.
" Dawn of Morning smiles to hear Agreskoue within his ear Whisper, ' warrior foes are near 1' Eat their flesh, and drink their blood!
Eagle, there'll be dainty food
When thou stoopest to the wood!
Dawn of Morning smiles to know
Blood shall at his hatohet flow;
Blood, blood, a erimson flood;
Dawn of Morning smiles to hear
Agreskoud within his ear
Whisper, 'warrier, foes are near!'
Hush, hush! foes are near I
Whisper, 'warrior, foes are near!'
"Bends Agreskouè his erest At the deeds upon my breast, Fifty death-sereams have I woke: Fifty scalps are in my smokel Eat their flesh, and drink their blood!
Frenchmen will be plenteous food
For the eagle in the wood;
Dawn of Morning listens low, In the grass he hears the foo, Quiek he sees the ambush! see! Now he aims the quick fuseo! Now he fires - the foe is dead Off his dripping sealp is shred Now beside the lodge he creeps -
Hush ! within, the foeman sleeps -

## Frontenac.

Now! he dashes down the door!
Now! the foeman drops in gore!
Sco! the wife beside hin dies!
See! beside the infant lies!
Eager now the toreh is gleaming!
See! nee! the lodge is atreaming!
Fat their flesh! and drink their blond!
Blood, blood, a erimson flood!
Dawn of Morning smiles to hear
Footsteps sounding in his ear,
Telling that the foe is near;
IIush, hush! the foe is near.
Telling that the foe is near."
XI.

Thus far the strain had made advance, When forth the Leaping l'anther bounded, And joining in the stamping dance,

II is war-song too ho loudly sounded.
Till the first ring of braves was springing Wildly around, all wildly singing;
Their limbs in strange contortions flinging, Plunging their knives, their hatehets swinging, While rose the chaunt, and thrilled the yell, And on the post tho war-club fell.
XII.

And now the mimic fight begun;
They strike, they scalp, they mect, they shun,

They creep on the earth, and they bend on the knee, Tomahawk launching, and aiming fusen, Pealing their war-whoops, and striking their blows, As in eye to oye, hand to hand strife with their foos; The shake of the rattle, the drun's rapid beat, Blending with weapon elash, war-shout and feet; Till, faint with exhaustion, they reel from the ring, While others inpatient, in place of them spring.
On went the war-danee - the beautiful noon Poured down the sweet quiet smile from her noon; On went the war-danee - she stooped to the west; On went the war-dance - she shrouded her erest; And not till the east was made bright with the sun, Did the lone silent spot tell the war-dance was done.

TIIE COUNCIL.

## xiII.

The glorious day resumed its bright dominion; Hues, sueh ns tremble o'er the flashing pinion Of the arehangel nearest to the throne, Aleng the rim of the horizon shone. Now the rich colors decpen in the sky, Now the hill-pines have eaught a golden dye, And now a glorieus burst of light Makes the whole sylvan landseape bright;

Leaves in the downy-winged breezes quiver; Mint curls wifon the dimpling river; And out breaks dew-spaugled thicket and tree Iuto a chorus of harmony.
xiv.

Now was displayed to many a gazo An Indian coming through the maize. A nenrer view, "We-an-dah!" high Arose the joyful weleone cry ;
The warriors rushed to meet him, each With outstretehed hand and kindliest speech, For, towering in the tribe, stood he
A brave of wide authority;
His a strong heart that ne'er had drooped,
His a proud soul that ne'er had stooped.

## $\mathbf{x v}$.

He atrode al oug with hasty tread
And in hi.s cowering look was dread, Dread blent with shame as if he strove To lift his heart the fear above, But could not; still, whilo welcomes warm Gave the glad warriors, crowding digh, He for the instant, reared his form, $A_{s}$ in his past days flashed his oye, And, with his usual mien, he gave Salute in turn to every brave.

Tus Councle.
And gone the cravea sign that must At the firrt sight have rouned distrust Had they not in the unlooked-for meeting Of nothing thought but joy of greeting, For on We-au-dah every breast Reposed in full implicit rest; And all were filled with deep delight That he, eseaping from the foe,
Ilad eome to aid them with his might At Yon-non-de-yoh's threatenod blow. Ah, forest chieftnim! noble bravo! Wert thou indeed so moan a thing!
Better havo filled a warrior's grave
Thou eagle with a broken wing!

XV1
Where the grim war-dance lately whirled around
Once more the warriors creuched upon the ground ;
The tiuts retouched on every thoughtful faco
And every weapon quiet in its place;
Sachoms, and those in years aud wisdom old Whose thoughts in council had been offen told, And braves whose deeds sunidet their onemies Wero traced in crimbou on the annal-treos, And by the old men of the nations laid In memory deep for song, tho circles made; While gathered throngs arouad these eireles, some Striking the war-post, hut in council dumb; Some neither known for wisdom of for deed, The others, youths, who glowed five glory's meed.

## Frontenac.

## xvil.

Upon a rich beaver-skiu was set
The gorgeous prido of the ealumet :
As the light touched its feathers, liko sunlit dews, It glittered all over with flashing hues.
Beside, shone the flame of tho eouncil, its gleams Ghastly and pale in the morning's beams.

## XVIII.

Head of the cirele, on a rieh stained mat
With his proud look, the At-o-tr-ho sat, At length a sign he gave, and forward eame The 'Tall Pipe-bearer with a toreh of flume, Who seized the calamet, and with the weed Filled the red bowl and kindled it; as through
The nir meandered the light wreaths of blue, He pointed towards the sun the feathered reed, Then toward the earth, and then around in air ; The first imploring Ilah-wen-ne-yo's earo,
The next, to sooth his brother's enmity, The last to make all evil genii flee;
'Po Dawn of Morning then the pipo he gave,
Townrd heaven, on earth, the smoky volumes wave;
Then to We-midah next the chieftain seated,
Who the same soleunn offering net repeated;
To Leaping Panther then, the next beside,
Till the rich bauble passed the eircuit wide.

Then rose Wo-m-dah, now his mieu was high, Yet cuick and restless oped and shut his eyo, And as with dignity his arm he spread "We-an-dah greets the At-0-ta-ho!" said. "In Yon-non-de-yolh's dungeon dark and loue, We-an-dah languished like a toad in stoue, Until he blinded Yon-non-de-yoh's eyes, For tho fox taught Wo-an-dah to be wise: He sang a song in Yon-non-de-yoh's ear, For he has stopped the mocking-bird to hear ;
He spun a web meunt only to beguile, For he has watehed the emming spider's wile; On Yon-non-de-yoh smiled his lips, net heart, Until he bade him from his cell depart, Placed him a brother at his hated side, And of his host then wished him to be guide; We-an-dah would not lead their bloody tread, And when night filled their eyes with slumber, fled. Great At-o-ta-ho! 'tis Wo-mildah speaks! A warrior's paint is glowing on his eleeks, He in the dance a warrior's deeds has sung, He is no suake! lies sit not on his tongue ! We-an-dah says then, fly! wait not the foo! In erushing wrath will fall his drendful blow. See'st thon yon leaves? - as thick his warriors erowd With their great guns that speak sueh thunder loud; Balls too that falling burst in flames, and dash Destruction round them like the lightning's flash; Stoekade and lodge will shrivel at their breath, And every warrior find a speedy death."

## XIX.

He ceased - low guttural sounds ran through
The startled cirelo ; cye sought eyo
In doubt ; each thoughtful visage grew
Darker, as though the very sky
Had with a sudden drop let fall
Ovor the scene a shadowy pall.
That he, We-sid-dah, thus should speak,
The valiant warrior, just and true!
Whoso spirit like an eagle flew,
It made their hearts turn faint and weak.
Glances began to falter round,
Ears bent as if on distant sound,
And, midst the outer dense array,
Movements began to gather way,
As though to seatter in dismay.
But Dawn of Morning rose, his arm
He waved; it was as if a eharm
Held the assemblage; every eye
Was fixed upon him as he stood, And looked around hin proud nad high,

As though to shame their fearful mood;
Then, striding in mid-ring, he spoke In tones that fire in all awoke.

## $\mathbf{x x}$.

"Sachems and warriors! can it be You tremble at an enemy?
What! On-gue-Honwee crouching low

In fear before the threatened blow!
Shall a few paltry words of air
Down to the dust your courage bear?
Have you not grasped the hatohet red?
Have you not struck the battle post?
Scarco have you ceased your war-dance tread!
Scarce wind has lost your song and boast.
Shame, warriors of the Long House! shame!
Scorn Yon-non-de-yoh's thunder flame,
Have you forgot that here is burning The pure Ho-de-no-sonne fire?
Rather than, from its splendor turning,
Leave it to Yon-non-de-yoh's spurning, Around it glad should all expire:
See ! streams its smoke before your eye
Like Hah-wen-ne-yoh's scalp-lock high !
Remember, far as step your feet
From Winter's snow to Summer's heat,
Scatter the tribes like frightened deer;
Wherever turns our frowning brow,
The boldest young mon shake with fear, The woods as though with tempests bow.
How often has the Great White Bird
Seen us returning from our path
Loaded with sealps, and, joyful, heard The songs that told our warrior wrath.
Senecas! in the month of snows
Our old men chaunt that time of pride,
When the last Yon-non-de-yoh roso,
To dash bencath his wrathful stride
Ye - the strong, fast-closed, mighty Door

## Frontenac

Of our Long Heuse, within to tread;
Ne Ho 0 -ne-he-ont basely fled,
But bloody Yon-non-de-yoh tore
His flesh among your briers, till lame,
Wearied, and frightened he beesme;
And like a foetsere dog he turned
From a few huts and cornflelds burned,
Buek on his war-path, while ye hung
Your pole with sealps - yeur songs ye sung.
xxi.
" Gwe-u-gwes! eften have ye feught
Beneath your At-0-ta-ho's eye !
Glorious the deeds you of have wrought,
Gwe-u-gwes! braves! ye will net ly!
XXII.
"Oft Oneotas! on your path Has At-o-ta-ho seen your wrath, When breast to breast the foe were met, He ne'er has seen you falter yet.
XXIII.
" Mehawks ! stern men of blood ! ne'er yo Have fled before your enemy!
From Hah-rah's drift-wood stream, to where The Pequods on the salt waves sail,
Your sealp-whoops oft have filled the nir,
There of has led your bloody trail.
Fierce Bears! shal! Yon-non-de-yoh say
'Women!' to ye, 'nway, away!'

## xxiv.

"Last, On-on-dah-gahs! always true! Proud people of the hills! to you Your At-0-ta-ho speaks; - the knife

Of Yon-non-de-yoh gleams above
This your own castle; let your love
Be shown for it in deadliest strife.
Rememberl in yon palisade
Your fathers' sacred bones are laid!
Oft has De-kan-e-so-ra's voice
Of musio made your souls rejoice.
If from Sken-ec-ta-da his speeoh
Upon the wind your ear could reaeh, How would it echo to your heart? - My On-on-dah-gahs! aet your part As should ye, when upon his path Comes Yon-non-de-yoh in his wrath, And his stern hand with torch of red Is raised above your castle's head.' Hoart of the league ! which holds the glow Of the pure flame! ye'll brave the foe!
XXV.
"Grasp all then tomahawk and knife, Amid the leaves like serpents hide, As Yon-non-de-yoll comes in pride; Then leap like panthers to the strife.
And our deep forest's frowning gloom Will rest on Yon-non-de-yoh's tomb."

## XXVI.

He ceased - the wild "yo-hah" burst out From the whole erowd in blended shout, Their flashing weapons waved about; $\Delta$ way their sudden panic bore,

Up rose thoir faltering hearts again, Aud their stern native pride onee more

Rushod back to all ita former roign.

## xXVII.

Noxt, Shining Itatehet slowly went Within the ring, looked slowly round Each weapon fell, sunk every sound, Aud every eye was on him bent. The At-o-ta-ho, while the thrall Of ohildhood Dawn of Morning elained,
High as a ehieftain was he famed,
Wise too and just, and loved by all.
XXVIII.
"Sixty long years have in their flight My scalp-lock streaked with threads of white. But nover," said he, "have these eyes Beheld a ehief so great and wise As Dawn of Morning; to his words Listen; they come like songs of birds In time of blossoms to my ear,

My arm to nerve, my noul to eheer. Drend Yon-non-de-yoh's thumler! who Will in this riug of warriors stand, And own his henrt e'er fainter grew At denth; shall You-nou-de-yoh's hand"Aud here his stern and flushing oyo Rolled round than ring in seornfiul glow, " Fright us with his uplifted blow l'rom where our fithers' athes lie? No! let his great gums shake our woods, We'll erouch within their solitudes; And, ns eomes on his haughty tread,

From tree and buslo our shots will gleam,
And in his bosem's dearest stream,
Our knives and hatchets will be red!"

## TILE QUARREL.

xxix.

At the brave Shining Ifatehet's elose, Again the deep "yo-lanh!" arose. But while each savage cye was beaming
With thoughts that for a timo had slept,
And knife and tomalawk were gleaming,
$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{p}}$ the fieree Leaping Panther stepped.
In all its foulest venom now
His soul nat coiled upon his brow;
Away lad vunished caution's power
That held his face and tongue alike,

## Frontenac.

For now he thought had eome the hour, Tho At-0-ta-ho down to strike.
$\mathbf{x x x}$.
"Brothers! when frowns the tempest-cloud, And lightnings gleam as air grows black,
The very eagle fieree and proud, Sweeping high up in boundless track, Turus his keen piuious to the peak, Ere the wild storm its wrath shall wreak. Whou the red flame with flash and roar, Wrapping the craekling woods is near,
The famished panther flies before,
E'en though beueath him lies the deer ;
Brothers ! stern Yon-non-de-yoh's wrath Will, like the tempest, sweep our path, Like the red flamo will burn his eye;
A bird is singing iu my ear,
' Death and destruction hover near,
Wait not tho foe! fly, brothers, fly!'"

## XXXI.

"Coward!" a fieree keen voice rang out, And Dawn of Morning with his shout,

High boundiug to his warrior sped;
In frenzied fury blazed his look,
For rage the very hatehet shook,
He held abovo his head;
" Back! an I not, base ereeping thing.
Thy At-ota-ho, and thy king?

Baek from my sight!" terrifio flame
From Leaping Panther's cyo-balls came.
"Ho will not bnek! ho seorns thy pride!"
Then die, foul dog!" the hatchet fell, And headlong with a broken yell

Tho traitor foll and died.
Up to their feet tho cirele sprung,
The outer crowd a moment hung
Bewildored, then tumultuous swung,
like some great billow in;
Voice upon voiee contending rose,
Eyo flashed to cye liko mortal foek, And now and then eamo sound of blows,

But pealing o'er tho din,
The tones of Dawn of Morning bore:
"Braves! Yon-non-do-yoh is before!
Your At-o-ta-ho ealls once more,
To ambush for tho foe!"
A crowd of warriors round him pressed,
The Ho-nont-koh stripe on every breast,
Fierco cye, spread nostril, towering erest, Showing their martial glow.
Just then, from out the jostling throng,
A rapid hatchet whirled along
Close to his ear, and bounded nigh
A warrior with a whoop, and cry -
"Revenge!"-'Twas Leaping Panther's brother;
On sprang another - then another -
And still another ; flame on wind
Not sooner wraps the withered wood,
Than through the untamed Indian mind

## Frontevac.

Rush passion and desire for blood. We-an-dah's words had aoon quick seeds, Which Dawn of Morning's utmost skill IIad but sufficed to cheek, not kill, And now they bore their fruit in deeds. Dark Leaping Panther's wily art
Had also gained him many a heart, And when they saw him in his gore,

And heard the brave, his brother, eall
For vengeanee, then, forgetting all,
These wild hearts boiled iu frenzy o'er.

## XXXII.

Brave Shining Hatchet nt a stride Steod by the At -o-ta-ho's side.
"Ho-mont-koh! Brethers!" shouted he,
"Peal ont your whoops!" and loud and free, The brothers swelled the piereing asund, Crowding the At-o-ta-ho round.
All save The Raven - (though by nono
leloved, he toe, through eourage rare
So prized by Indian minds, had won
At length a slow admission there,
And yet searce trusted) -
Struggling throngh
Toward Dawn of Morning and his band,
Braves sent baek whoops at every band.
Wilder the wild contention grew,
Forth in each grasp keen weapons flew,

Forms struggled, hatehets whizzed in nir, In lifted elutehes knives wero bare, Fusees were aimed, shots rang around,
Heads dropped, blood gushed upon the ground, And death-sereans, bleut with war-whoops, rose Frequent from these unnatural foes;
In vain the At-o-ta-ho sprung,
From point to point his arms outfluag,
As if to court the blow.
"Slay me, but oh, these murders ceaso!"-
The strifo seemed only to ineroase,
Bruve upon brave sank low;
While Shining Hatchet elung besido,
Seoking each threatened blow to ward,
As if all danger he defied,
Ilis At-o-ta-ho's lifo to guard.

## XXXIII.

The Raven, in his hand his knife, Was quiet midst the desperate strife, But following, following, following still Whero'or tho At-0-ta-ho went, Struggling to come moro near - until O'er the chief's back his knife was bent; It fell but in tho opposing breast Of Shiuing Hatehet who had pressed

Between, as down 'twas seut :

Dead fell the good old chief; and on
The unconscious At-ota-ho won
Still mid the erowd his way,
While glanced The Raven awifly round,
And thenee once more with stealthy bound
Plunged after through the fray.

## THE PRIESTESS.

xxxiv.

But ns the storm of whoop and blow
Ruged wildest - slirieked a voice in air, In wild and thrilling tones, "Forbear!" Reared on the Temple of the Glow
Where a small platfirm erossed its height, A woman's form met every sight
With rolling cye and outatretehed head,
And hair - a black veil-o'er her spread.
"The Priestess!" burst with loud exelaim
Around and at the dreaded name
Ceased whoop, and blow ; nud every frame,
Quickly so motionless had grown,
Some with a limb advanced - with arm
Uplifted some - it seemed a charm
Had ehanged them into stone.
In attitude of stern command,
Towards the fixed throug she stretehed her hand,

## Tie Priestess.

And eried again more ahrill, "Forbear!
Like the blind rattle-snake will ye,
With your aharp fangy your own flesh tear,
When near ye frowna the enemy!"
As though borne downward by a spell,
Hach form bent low, each weapor fell;
On went the volee, "I see a cloud
O'er the Ho-de-no-sonne head!
Is every warrior's spirit cowed?
Iy every warrior'a courago dead?
Up Dawn of Morning's hatehet rose,
Up Roll of Thunder's at his side,
The braves of the Ho-nont-koh elose Around with looks of flashing pride, Rearing their tomahawks, and then
Burat from these atern devoted men
The thrilling war-whoop, rolling keen
Far o'er the distant forest seene,
Causing tho engle hovering near, With a quiek flap to disappear.
XXXV.

The priestess raised her smiling faco,
But the loud whoop no oeho finds
Among the rest ; deep, deep the trace Beth by Wo-an-dah, who from sight Hud vanished in the late wild fight,

And Leaping Panther left in minds Untaught, impulsive; then the breath Of the great guns that winged sueh death

With terror ever had been fraught,
Within their simple savage thought; The eombat also had renewed

Suspieion of Ho-nont-koh sway
Which Leaping l'anther had imbued,
Thinking this too might open way
At Dawn of Morning; and the paiu
Of their fresh wounds, friends, kindred slain
Old rankling wrougs, and private feud,
Jealonsy, envy, all the brood
Of passions wukened in their might,
Spread their fieree witharing influence now
And eneh bent eye and sullen brow
'Told of submission, or of tlight.

## xXXVI.

"And ean it be," the Priestess said, That the league's braves would to the tread Of Yon-non-de-yuh leave the flame:" A breathless silence reigned around, Each clouded look was on the ground And quict every frame.

## xixvit.

Onee more extended she her hand And anid in tones first winning, bland, Then rising londly on the air Till like a trumpet rang they there,
"From you tall pine the feeblest eye Can view the waters of the lake

Where the three Wise Ones formed the Tie
They fondly trusted naught would break;
Whuse records yo at feasts lave heard
IIo-no-we-ma-to oft repeat !
De-kan-e-sora ra ! tongue of bird!
How often has thy musie sweet
In praise too of that League been given. Alh why, when darkness now is driven $O^{\prime}$ er the llo-de-no-somne diay Are both of ye so fiar away! Warriors, ye will not break that Tie And from stern Y'on-non-de-yoh fly, As if he were O-yal-kher black
Coming on his devouring track:
No! when he comes, ye ll be, oh brawes !
like that bold creature from the waves,
That rose and made the onemy
Fieree as he was, back, blecding, flee.

## xxxvill.

Still from them not a voiee was heard,
Still no one from his pusture stirred;
Although the llo-nout-kole with quiek breath Clutehed weapons, and fixed eyes of flame, Shoulder to shoulder every frame
stwod the tall temple underneath, Look ing mute seorn at those so hase Who clung like cowards to their place.
xXxix.

But onee moro was the silenee broke, As once more thus the Priestess spoke.
"Braves! hear again the words of dread
By bright To-gan-e-we-tnh said
A hundred hundred moons ago,
'When the White Throats shall come, if ye Shall separate, then yourselves will throw

The Long IIouse down, destroy the Tree
Of l'eace, and trample out the Flamo!'
Must now this doom our people elaim? -
Must ye with fieree and wicked will
This awful propheey fulfil?"

## XL.

Then the Grand Saehem rose, a sire Of wisdom:-" Eyeball* will not linger
Until the blasting Thunder-fire
Of You-non-de-yoh comes; the finger
Of Hah-wen-ne-jo points the way
Iuto the deepest woods; delay
Brothers, no longer! I have said!"
And down once more he bent his head.
Next rose The Wampum $\dagger$-" Searee has moved
Yon thin white clond an arrow's flight
Since I, the only friend I loved,
Saw perish; hooh! I will nut fight!"

* O-kah $\ln \mathrm{On}$-on dah-gah.
+ O1-ko-ya in Cayuga.

Tho Tamarack * then: "I ever thought
That the Ho-nont-koh evil wrought;
A warrior's heart is open! I
Wait not ; my council is to fly!"
Then Lightning $\dagger$ : "From his hunting-grounds The voice of Leaping Panther falls
Within me! 'Brother!' low it sonnds,
'Fight not where Dawn of Morning ealls!'"
The Serpent $\ddagger$ last: "A Mohawk brave
You know am I, and yet"- his teeth
He ground till foam flew forth - "beneath
The knife of yon Ho-nont-koh slave
Who from mo stole fair Min-na-soh
(But I repaid her with my blow)
In the late strife I bleeding fell.
Hooh! whoop! I will not fight!"一his yell
High bursting forth in fiendish swell.

## XLI.

"Then"-and the loud indignant tongue Thrilling again -"let warriors fly;
"I, a weak woman"- and she flung
Her arm toward heaven and raised her eye -
"Come Yon-non-de-yoh's scorned array,
Beside the Saered Flame will stay!"
Again she tossed her arm in air,
And the slight platform then was bare.

* Kul-ho-an.
+ Ee-no in Seneca.
$\ddagger$ Ou-yar-he in Mohawk.


## XLII.

Away the recreant warriors filed To plunge within the neighboring wild; Some bending underneath their dead; Some with turued look and lingering tread, As if, had not forbidden pride,
Back to their At-o-th-ho's side
Would now have come their willing stride.
XIJII.
Sorrowing mid his Ho-nont-koh band Bent Jawn of Morning, brow on hand, While stood the balefinl Raven near, Foremost of all with seornful sueer And jibe at their mean dastard tread, Who from their At-0-ta-ho fled.

## XLIV.

Now from the Temple of the glow
l'aint stepping, came the l'riestess nigh;
Gone were prond front and fiery eye,
Siught, naught was there but deepest woe;
She gansed at Dawn of Morning's side,
And placed her hand upon his head,
And in soft tones of teuder pride,
"Come to thy lodge, my son :" she said.

## XhV.

They entered, and her arms she pressed
Around him: "(child, my dearest child:

Thy mother loves thee now, far more Than when thy iufant form she boro
Weeping and helpless in her breast ; How bravely"-and she fondly smiled
Upon him -" hast thou done to-day, My own true noble child! but still Thou must with thy bold band away, Though I-'tis IIal-wen-ne-yo's will, I — Priestess of the Flame must stay."
" But Yon-non-de-yoh, mother!" low
Tho Priestess bent in crimson glow.
"He will not harm me! Safely round Will ILah-wen-ne-yo's arm be found,
Though death should come to elaim its prey,
'Twould come like that swift Bird of snow,
By the Great Spirit sent to say
To Ital-yoh-wout-hah, '('ome away!'
And I, oh glad, as le will go -
And waiting thy lowed presence there
The endless strawberry will prepare -
But thou must Yon-non-de-yoh flec.
He is thy deadliest enemy
Yes, thou must flee him - thou, who late "-
She shuddered deep --" didst raise the knife
Against him, thou hast ronsed his hate !
Yes, thou must mo, but at his life
Thou ne'er again, my child, must aim,
For"- dropped her woice till searee he heard -
" hate Italh-wen-ue-yo's whispered word
I heard while kneeling at the Flame.
It said, ' Ito-de-no-some hand

Ne'er Yon-non-de-yoh's blood shall shed; My arm shall deal with him!'- a brand
Broke in the depths - the whisper fled.
Go: but I do not say thy wrath
Shall hover not around his path,
From ambush deep tho ball to wing,
Upon his stragyling young men spring,
And on them in their wearied sleep
With thy still wild-eat tread to ercep;
I might as well bid life depart
From thy Ho-de-no-sonno heart.
At night let thy unslumbering eye
Be like the owl's; thy feet by day
Be like the tireless moose's way;
And llah-wen-ne-yo, from his sky,
Oh! may he bo for ever nigh!
And when again thy feet shall roam
To thy loved On-on-dah-gal home,
Onee more, she trusts, thy mother's voiee
Will glad thine ear - the Saered Flame
Its rich, grand glow as ever claim,
To bid the league again rejoice!"
She ceased - both left the lodge - and bore
Their footsteps to the band once more.
XLVI.

The other vietims of the fight,
By the deserters left, were laid
Within the burial-place - the rite
Hasty, and short, and simple paid,

The Priestess.
And then was every narrow mound By the rude sorrowing emblems erowned. Then - Roll of Thunder at the head,
And the sad At-o-ta-ho's tread
Heavy and oft-ehecked in the rear Filed the IIo-nont-koh from the seeue, Each stepping in the other's track,
And Dawn of Morning paused when near
The forest, gazed long lingering baek
On the lone mother - then between
The thronging trunks his figure light
Was hidden from her loving sight.

## XLVII.

The I'riestess glaneed her thoughtful eye Above, around; within the sky The saered smoko was curling high;
One pearly eloud was melting there
Like Inah-yoh-wont-hah's white canoe,
When upward through the summer air,
He vanished from his people's view Amid the sky's triumphal strain, Its weleome to bis home again.
The sun threw soft and reddened flood O'er huts, stockade, maize, stream and wood,
As if the expanded flame was shed
By Itah-wen-ne-yo's kiad command, Proteetion o'er the seene to spread,
lrom the approaehing spoiler's hand;
The river's voiee was in her ear,

Frontexac.
Seeming To-gan-a-we-tah's own,
Thus to her heart: "Thou art not lone,
True l'riestess : I an with thee here!"
She stood a moment, turned, then slow
lintered the Temple of the Glow.

## THE SACRED FLANAE.

XLVHI.
A hollow shaft of stone stond there
Upou a hearth in spaces hewed, Hollowed bencath, through which the air Uneeasing gnshed, a furnace rude.
From the barred hearth, the saered blaze
Streamed up in brond and splendid rays;
Beforo it reached the shaft, it showed
A spot that liko an eye-ball glowed,
So keen, away recoiled the sight
Before the fierce and blasting light.
A low deep rumble from it came,
The voice mysterious of the Flame; As though To-gan-a-we-tah wise, Ere went ho to his native skies,
Had left, with deep and tender care,
Ilis warning voice for ever there.
Each Union Feast it sceusd to wake
To the erouehed ring of warriors near :

- Nover the league, my children, break,

If ILah-weu-ne-yo's frowas ye fear:

And nevor lot my gleaming eye, Kindlod by the red lightning first, When on the mountaiu pine it burst, And dashed it into atoms, die!"

## XLIX.

Deep to the floor her brow she bent, A glanee imploring upward sont, And then took down her tufted mat Passed out, and by the portal sat Down shed the sunshine greater strength, The shades commeneed to shrink in length, Shut were her eyes, seareo flowed her breath, Sho seemed as though reelined in death; Net e'en the slightest musele stirred; Around her tripped and searehod the bird, Jeaped to her knee and then her head, And then unseared its pinion spread; Still lightly roso the sacred smoke, And in the soft wind gently broke, And o'er leer wreathed, as if to bear Away her spirit through the air. Noen passed - the building's shadow deep Began arourd her form to ereep; A fresher wind allayed the heat, The sun sent beam more mild and sweet; Farther the shadow stole - its trace Was now o'er all the area's space; Beside her paused the butterfly, The sounding bee went swerveless by,

## Frontenac.

Eveu the humming.bird, most shy
Of all winged things, whizzed fearless nigh.
Until at last her raven hair
Turued goldeu in the suuset glare.

## CANTO EIGHTH.

TIIE MARCIL.
the meeting. THE March.

TIIE MOCCASIN.
PRINT.
TILE NIGUT-WATCII.

## CANTO EIGIITH.



## THE MAROH.

I.

N Froutenae's camp tho gray merning arose, And the drum-rattlebroke en its heavy repose, The Indian was wrenehing red sealps in his dream; The hardy bateauman was buttling the stream; Fame pealed in the ear of the noble her strain; And the pikeman was swelling his chorus again. Up sprang the fieree Indiun and felfor his knife; Up sprang the batemuna all armed for the strife; The noble donned sabre and corselet once moro; And the pikeman again his long weapon upbore. The tents disappenred, and the war-like array, In splendor and radeness, passed slow on their way.

## 11.

Strange was the sight ! rough trunks between, Henenth fresh boughs, deep thickets through, Husket and breastplate cast their sheen, Mantle and flag displayed their hue.
Now on some low hemlock's cone,
Arquebuse an instant shone;

## Now against a streak of light

Glanced the uniform of white;
And some tawny buffenat now
Gleamed upon the streamlet's brow.
On the forest-earth were feet
Bloodiest battle-fields had beat,
And had bounded in the danee,
Nid the gay saloons of France;
Instead of the trumpet nud shout of blood,
Was the soothing peace of the quict wood;
Instead of rich arras nad waxen glow,
Were the fleee-like leaves and the silk-like moss:
Instead of soft voices and footsteps gay,
Were the song of the bird, and the dance of the spray.
III.

Upon their ereaking wheels the camon rolled, Jolting oer roots, ur sinking in the mombl; In a carved clair behind, amid a throngr Of nobles, Frontenac was barne along; While in the van We-nu-dah slowly went, His deep-flushed brow upon his lowsom bent. lassed was the pine reared proully in the air, Whose top the eagle claimed - whose trunk the bear; Passed was the mining streanalet flowing deep Below its alder roof with sullen creep;
l'assed were wet hollows, dry mud mowsy knolls, Aud grass. openings set with pillared lonls; Passed great prone trunks with enerald enate oberspread, And swamps where trees stowd lichened. ganut and dead;

Passed sunlit vistas reneling far away, And glades spread broadly to the golden day; "Onward!" shouts Frontenac, as here and there His numbers hesitate the depths to dare;
Thus was each mile of struggling labor won ;
Up to its noon arose the fervid sun,
Then it commoneed the curve of its deseent,
And grew more golden as it downward went; Still ou they struggled, all arruy were lost, And each as willed it, ridge and hollow erossed, The pikeman layged amid wayward roam, And sang the vineyard melodies of home, While the grave Indian passed with stag-like stride, Nor deigned a glanee in his majestie pride.

## IV.

Varied the talk the reckless bands exehanged As through the woods thus brokeuly they ranged.
"Sco in yon covert where those maples meet, That startled deer! how fiereely doth he beat With his black hoofs the earth - hark, hark, how shrill
His whistle: now ho darts behind the hill.
Yon partridge by that bush, a mottled speek, He's upon tiptoe! view him streteh his neek! List to his startling elap! he shoots away.
Hear that black squirrel hissing on the spray:
View master hawk! what long sharp yellow elaws!
He whets his beak : he's off! Those deafoning eaws
Tell of the erow ! yes, there they swift retreat,
Warned by their sentry of our coming feet !
That snort and blow : off bruin waddles there-

You're a strong wrestler, Merle! a chanee so rare
You have but seldow! Head him! show your hug!
Ile seeks yon windfall through the hollow dug By the tornado. Haste ! or in jammed bough And root he hides! yes, yes, ho's vanished now!" "Why dost thou start thus baekward, Meux? with fear! The rattle-suake! beware! the monster's here ! Ifere in this nook! hark now the note he springs, Ilis warniug, like the song the locust sings!
Ha : the coiled monster! see his tongue of flame : Ilis flattened head! his striped and swelling frume: Back fies his jaw! that missile mark him strike. Falling bevide him! thrust him with thy pike: Well done, Meux : how he darts! give thrust once more ! IIe sinks! he writhes! his mischief now is oer ! Though hours he'll linger. Inark ! that distunt song : It is the thrasher's thrilling thus aloug.
How sweet the warble! now so high its shake,
It seems its fine-drawn delicate thread will break; Now in full ring comes on its liquid swell,
Like the riel umsie of sone silver bell;
And now the strain drops low, yet full and round,
The listening soul dissolving with its sound!
Is it not sweet, Allaire?"
"Ah yes, Merle, yes:
How of when eve commenced on day to press, I from the gallery at Quebee have heard The soft pure flute of this enehanting bird, And thought of home upon the smiling phain Beside the Loire, and I was young ugain; My boy came bounding toward my homeward feet,

My wife was there her weary one to greet, While the low vesper bell was on the air, And all things round me seemed to whisper prayer. Oh then I lived in long departed years, My eges were filled with sad delicious tears, And not until that weodland strain was o'er Did the dream pass and leave me old onee more!'

## tile meeting.

## v.

The afternoon breathed cool among the shades, And sunset now was streaming through the glades. The western foliage gleamed in golden gloss, And sifted sprinklings on the grass and moss; Now tho grim cannon blinking sparkles shewered Its ponderous wheels in leafy gloom embowered! Now, where some hollow poured its slanting rays, Gun, flag, and corselet, all were in a blaze. On, on they pressed, but patehes now of light Gratefully ehcered their gloom-aceustomed sight; Broad glitterings through the trees, and murmurs low Blent with the wood's hum, told a river's flow; And now, in front, a slender thread of smoke On the sky's rieh and golden baek-ground broke. The stealthy scouts crept every eye to shun, Aud told by signs the welcome goal was won.

A brightness fassed aeross each weary brow, Ranks were reformed, and all was order now. Swift they approached the opening plimmering wide, Kun-da-fun's ripples glaneing by their side. They left the woods, the maize-fields spread their green. An On-on-dah-gah Castle there was seen. Whoops burst ut wildy from the Indian throng, Like famished wolves they howled and leaped along, All save We-an-dah,-with nverted gaze Ile erept and hid aneng the phalmused maize.
On through the gateway of the palisade,
On through the lonely lames their way they made,
Until at last they burst upon the sipuare;
The high-roofed Temple of the cilow was there;
That shrine so famel throughowt the Rel-men ! shaine Which held the Flame se hallowed, so divine!
Known in all tribes by leqends strange and dark, Of mystery, weuder, drend, yet hate, the mark ! On toward the porch they sprang, but who sits there
With such compused and yet majestic air: The Otter, leader of the savage bands, Stops. looks, advances, stone, extends his hands. " Back, slave ! touch not the Priestess : back!"-with awe
That rising form the startled Indians saw,
And not a weapou stirred nor war-whoop sang;
It seemed as if a spell were ocer them flung,
The mastery of the mind; onee more she spoke:
" head me to Yon-nen-de-yoh!"-just then broke
The throng for Frontenac; she met his eye;
He lounded from his chair with one with ery
" Ia: "- theu he cheeked himself with eflort strong;
" IIo! Otter ! take from hence thy warrior throng! Guarks, draw around!"- then to the Priestess turning, "Enter!"
"Not where the Sared Flame is burning!"
Grasping her arm, yet gently, then he led Swift within Dawn of Morniug's louge her tread.

## vi.

"Sa-ha-wee! Can it, can it be My loved, my long lost: "- and he threw Ilis urm around her passionately ;
But up her slender form she drew, And with a sternly frowning brow Broke from his arm, and wus ed him back:
"Sa-lta-wee is the I'riestess now;
O-mil-tah * is fierce lirontemae,
Red Yon-non-de-yoh ! "— but he still
Exclamed in tones of tenderest thrill,
"Oh do not, do not turn from me! Lomg yeurs have pessed, how drear and long, My hird! since Last I heard thy song!"
And once more to his losom he
Her form caught wildly; in his face Sa-lu-wee looked with softening eye, A moment stood in his cmbrace, Then breathed a quick and yielding sigh, While wakeaed feeling on her cheek Commenced in risiug hue to speak;

[^5]And then a seeond rush of thought
$\Lambda$ deeper kindlier color brought,
Although a lingering sternness yet
Within her eye the softness met.
"But how Sa-ha-weo ! dearest, how,
How hast thou risen thus from tho dead?"
The Priestess swept from off her brow
The long black hair across it spread,
And there displayed a deep-marked sear:
"Ta-yo-nne's hatehet did not slay!
But wheu Sa-ha-wee woks, afar
In her own lodge once more she lay
At On-on-dal-gah; the stern mood Of the stern brother soft was made
When by his arm he saw, in blood,
His onee loved, only sistor, laid.
Long were the hours 'twixt life and death
I hung; O-nah-tah scemed to stand,"
And a soft loving eye she now
Turned on his carnest listening brow,
"My head oft holding with his hand,
And words of love upon his breath;
But always, ahways was my child
Around - my neek her little arm
Now eireling, now her kisses warm
Touehing ny lips as sweet ste smiled.
I rose; Ta-yo-nee by my side Had kept a never ceasing wateh
Lest other ears the tale should eateh
My ravings told; he wished to hide,

He said, my burning shame that I,
Tho daughter of Tho Sounding Bow,
His sister should have fallen so low
In Yon-non-de-yoh's breast to lio
Unwedded! I deserved to die!
He told that I had been the wife Of a Freneh soldier lately o'er
In tho ne:- Yon-non-de-golh's train,
From where the last one basely bore Myself and sire ; my husband's lifo Had watelied, and him at last had slain In our own lodge; by aceident

One of the blows his arm had dealt, Had from my husband's head been bent, And thus my brow the weight had felt.
All this time too within my ear,
A gainst thee he was whispe: ng, till
Against my strong and struggling will,
The tall O-nah-tah, loved so late,"
Here on his hand a kiss she pressed, And strained it fondly to her breast, "To Yon-non-de-yoh eliauged, and fear

Chased love away, then blent with hate.
But still my eliild so sweet so bright,
Was never absent from my sight;
In thought by day in dreams by night,
I saw her, and so deep my pain.
Ta-yo-nee left to pluek my flower
From hated Yon-non-de-yoli's bower ;
He brought her and I smiled again!"
"What! doth she live?" in quickly broke Itere Frontenae. Sa-ha-weo's faeo
An instant's painful thought bore traco, She bowed and hid it — then she poke:
"No, $n$, O -nah-tah! sho is dea.
Fronto ne bent his silvered head:
" 'Tis as I deemed; my scouts I sent
On every side; but first they went
To On-on-daligais, for Ithought
Ta-yonee too this deed had wrought;
They bore baek tidings he had died
In some late war-path""True, most true,
The very night that by my side
My eliild he phaced, the war-path drew,
With Ku-an, At-ota-ho then,
My brother's warrior tread away
To a far Adirondaek glen,
And both braves perished in the fray!"
Frontenae's eye a moment flamed:
"IIenven took the vengennee that I claimed;
But let him rest in peace. No word
Of my last little one I heard
Through thy Long Itouse, my seouts in vain
Made search, no tidings did they gain,
Till hope at last I ceased to feel,
And the blind fruitless search gave o'er ;
Since then I've only thought Lucille,
Like thee, Sa-ha-wee, was no more.
My scouts too told me in their tale,
When ut thy village ceased their trail,

It was a day of feast and glee
For the new Priestess of tho Flame.
Ah : little did I deem that she
And thou, my lost ono, wero the samo."

## viI.

He ceased - and each a momeat stood In sileace by deep thoughts subdued: Then low the Priestes ent her frame, And taking in both hers his hand,
Exclaimed in toues of musio bland,
'. One boon, one boon, the Saered Flame Spare, spare, O-nah-tah!"
"For thy sake,
Thy sake, Sa-ha-wee! - ha! that glare,
Those whoops!'" they saw a fierce light break O'er the dim space of twilight air, Through the smoke-opening overhead, And both rushed forth with startled tread. Alas, poor Priestess! one keen glow Wrapped thy loved Temple of the Glow, While wildly round the red expanse, Writhing in fast and frantie danee, The Otter and his Hurons went, Aud high triumphant whoopings sent That with the fire's loud eracklings blent; Alas, poor P'riestess! fiereely sprung Frontenae forward, fiereely rung

His loud harsh tones: "What daring haud Has dono this doed without command?"
The Priestess gazed - that Flame so long
Watched o'er by her with love so strong,
For whoso loved sake sho'd sought this hour
To save it by ()-nah-tah's power,
The star to which the nations turned,
Sign of tho leaguo! so deeply eherished! Which for unnumberel years had burned, And which she hoped would no'er have perished.
Eye of the Long House! kindled there
By Hah-wen-ne-yo's loving care,
To bo extinguished, spurned bencath The feet of foes uost scorned, who fled Before her people's very tread
Ere this - she reeled - she gasped for breath, And, mid the wild and stunning swell Of savago joy, sho, swooning fell; And quiek his kindling rage forgot,
Frontenao bore her from the spot,
Aud his old, faithful, staid Allaire
Meeting, consigued her to his care.

## TIIE MARCH.

VIII.

Bofore the tent of Frontenae
Pitehed in the square, the sentry Merle Saw, striding in his weary track,

Slowly the wings of darkness furl.
Tho watoh-fires that around him burned
Wasting to ghastlier eolor turned ;
Tho tent, bathed lato in ruddy light,
Stood in its graceful folds of white;
A erimsoned object in adraneo
Changed to the snowy flag of France;
The lodges, whero the whole array
Save the disdainful redskins lay
In slumber, through the shimmering air Their eustomed shapes commeneed to wear ; Its redly-flickering, chequoring shado, Threw off the neighboring palisade; Spectres, that baek and forward ranged, To brother sentinels were ehanged; The barky emblems, shapes grotesque, Upon the mounds of burial placed, In the wild light so pieturesque,
Were in the brightness fully traeed A shadow, wavering motions making To the wind-moulded wateh-fire's shaking, Slirank to the drum that, near, had found 32

## Fhontenac.

Agniu its native fign round,
Displaying even the tifo within
Its ring of beaten tawny skin;
A crimsons fiash that of had shot
Into Merlo's eyes as past the spot
He strode, to steely glow turned new
Upon a breast-plute east below;
The buglo lying by it, slung
Upon ita strup, a glitter flump;
The easque, thrown near, keen rays llashed out;
Dark brands of fires showed, strewed nhout;
While numerous figures round the square
Told that the wild men of the hust,
Seorning all roof but sky, were there
Ia sleep, wrighed dowa by orgies, lost.
Spots in the area's midst, deep gleaming,
Eyeballs of lurkiug monster sceming Within Merlo's wanderinp, idlo dreaming. Maumoth or serpent terrible,
Theso forents' former habitants,
Ite oft had heard the Hurons tell,
Devouring all within their haunts,
Turned to pale coals; while, midst them reared,
A tall and blackened shaft appareal,
The sole menorial left to show
Where stood the Temple of the Glow.
Not this alone, but hiskeen eye,
Ouee by a shoot of searlet light
Seut by the watch-fire, ehaneed to spy
A erouching figure ; through tho night
He oft had thrown his curious look

Upon that black and frowning nook Where naw he first the form, a gleam Would now and then neross it strean And still he saw the flgure there Hent as if crushed by deep despair. No foe be deemed lt, yet 'twas atrange There without motion, without change, By the red glow which o'er would flit He viowed that dark weird figure sit. The dawning lifht diselosed at last The droopin, Priestess who, while fast Allaire, toil-spent with arching, slept, Away with stealthy wore had erept In ber unslumbering srief to brood Amid the יwoksaround her strew d; Wrecks oi whiai lately was the frame Of its, whe thought, undying flame, Flame of her glory! holding place

Next Dawn of Morning in her heart, Which, we most deep! most foul dixgrace !

Had seen its last finint flash depurt.
Flame of her glory ! oh, how prized!
Amid the foes the most despised!
Never again to show its light
Unless in pity to the uight,
Shrouding the Long House from his eye Should Hah-wen-ne-yo eause to fly The lightning as in days of yore, And give the saered light once more, That would onee more with sparkling power Make summer of the winter bower,

Mako daylight of the midnight hour, With its rejoicing blaze
And gladness through the Long Houso shower,
As in its brightest days,
Ero treacherous counsels had prevailed,
Erc craven terror had assailed,
Or evil passions had burst out,
Seatering their awful fruits about,
Cansing the Long House now to lie
In gloom beneath a gloomy sky.

## IX.

Still, still the east horizon grew
More soft and elear and bright in hue ;
The clouds displayed a daplled mien;
The forests changed from dark to green;
Whilo in full joyous ehorus there
Burst warbles on the dewy air ;
At last the elouds with light were laeed,
On gold and pearl the woods were traced,
The Orient seemed of rainbows wrought,
Gold seemed across the trees to run,
And then, like some majestic thought
Kindling the bruin, Merle saw the sun.
x.

As on the hill-top's loftiest pine it glowed, The wide encampment stir and bustle showed;
Froutenae, restless, with a pieked array

Of pikes and muskets, quick his vengeful way, The Adiroudack and the Huron band, Fiercest of all his tribes! to aid his hand, Was now, umong tho ondless woods to push, The Oneidas in their fastnesses to crush, Leaving his orduanee, and remaining train At On-on-dah-gala till ho como again.
xi.

Seatel within his ehair of state once more Frontenae takes his pathway as beforo; Sa-lia-wee, still the object of his earo, Near him is placed, protected by Allairo; The yet soft sumbeams of the morning strike Again on moving musket, flag und piko, And once moro do the unmbers onward press Amid the vast and solemu wilderness.

THE MOCCASIN-PRINT.
XII.

Noon's burving eye was now refulgent o'er, Sprinkling with light the variant sylvan floor; The hemlock's myriad particles of green In tiny thashes, glinted baek the sheen; The long-leaved polished laurels to tho sight Sent rapid glanees of keen dazzling light; The beech's moss was turned to golden fringe,

And the air's gray suffused with emerald tinge; The straggling numbers still their path pursued Amid the crowded columns of the wood, The deep-trod trail they followed, winding, here, Around some swamp extending wild and drear, Bristling with tamaracks and with hemloeks dead, And by one sea of laurels overspread, And seaming, there, some swelling ridge's back With yawning hollows either side the track.
Inceasing on the air arose the beat,
Tpon the forest earth, of trampling feet, With rustle, brittle smap of twig, and erush Through the dry leaves and tangled underbrush : Shrill ehirping voices, sudden whirring wings, Told the quick flight of frighted woodiund things. While the mostuito, ever hovering near With its fine twanging, teased the shrinking ear. We-an-dah, wear the head of the array, With cowering fontstep stalked upon his way; His shrinking figure, and his drooping erest, Showing he wished no eye on him to rest ; Sorrow and eonscious guilt upon his face, In furrows sunken deep, had left their trace : But sudden flashed his dim blank comitenance, Round him he east a quick and furtive glance; A pikeman, treading near, was making bare Ilis forehead from his iron pot, for air ; Another, with low-bended hack had stopped To lift the long buff gamutlet he had dropped; Another, making of his sword a staft, Was joining in a fourth one's careless laugh;

Slo: , sauntering onward went a musketcer, His huge piece slung within his bandoieer; While a young noble, pausing at a tree, His gorget was adjusting busily ;
The rest were hidden in the trail that wound Its crooked way through thickets grouped around: He looked again on what his eye first met, And then his moecasin upon it set, Turned round a laurel-clump, and, bending low, Surveyed the slope with glances keen and slow; Again - but 'twas a faint, a searee-marked trace, And nearly hid below a dock-leat's faee, A moceasin's light print,- so faint, so light, Naught but an Indian could have caught the sight, Eagerly glanced he further down,- a brook Its rushy way along the hollow took, $\Lambda$ wide leap's distance from the print, but not Auother foot-trace marked the tangled spot; He lifted every spreading plant, he drew Aside each thicket, cluster, bush in view, Ito lightly scooped the dead fall'n leaves away, But nothing more did his elose seareh repay; If other trace rewained, with such deep eare And cunning was it hid, that in despair We-an-dal, noted for his eye-sight keen, Refraiued his searel and turned him from the scene. Climbiug onee more the ridge, the eye he caught Of Menle by passiug. "1ta! what hat thou sought In those thick laurels, redskin? I'll be bound
Fire-water cannot in those depths be found Here, in those never endiag woods!-but look!"

And lifting up his buff coat-flaps, he took From his truuk-hose a flask of blushing hue, And held it smiliug to the Tudian's view; "What, redskin! dost thon turn away? wilt not The flagon taste? thou! why, We-an-dah, what, What has got in thee, man! that eye of thine I're uever seen with such sharp glanees shine: Thy form seems loftier too: thy native woods Have gisen thee one of thy best warrior moods! What has got in thee, man! I thought thy throat Long us my pike when wiue was down to float!" Thus as the gay and reekless soldier talked, Mute by his side We-an-dah proully walked; lis figure, lowly bent for many a day, Seemed towering now, beneath the wakened sway Of some strong feeling, while around his eye In subtle glances uever ceased to fly.

## XIII.

Thus hours passed on, until the sinking sun Told that the long day's marel was nearly done. They now another ridge were crossing o'er, On either side derp hollows as before. Sudden We-an-dah's roving cye beheld Ou a steep hill, that, searee a gunshet, swelled Beyond the hellow on whose edge he went. A moving objeet ; keener search he sent,A snowy feather from behind a tree Was thrust, and then a dark face cautiously

Pecred forth; upon the bands was fixed its gaze, Seeming with anger and disdaiu to blaze; But, as he looked, back shrauk the head, and there Again the pine-tree rearel its column bare. We-an-dah east round furtive glaneo onee more: Distant, short way, a pikeman strode before, His back-plate, casque and pikehead glancing back Rays of keen radiance in the sunset's track; Another, pausing, was refitting, nigh, The thick plume in his skull-cap jerked awry ; Another, loud protesting he would melt, Was loosening the broad buekle of his belt; While Merle, low humming some familiar song, Strode with his heavy jack-boots slow along, Stamping his prints upon the feru and grass, The air thus flavoring with erushed sassafras. None heeded him, he turned a thicket near, And down the ridge-side urged his flect eareer.

## THE NIGHT-WATCII.

XIV.

Night, in its carliest wateh, was glowing uow, And on a lofty sumuit's wooded brow
The $\Lambda$ t-ota-ho stood : the eloudless arch Glowed with its stars in their majestic mareh,

- Here sheteting outlines,- strewed, disordered there Some quicl pulsating, others fised in glare, While through the whole, in gorgeous broad array Sprang, linked in snow-white light, the Milky Way,
A. Dawn (1) Hosnine vere it the lovely ak:


With his thick crowded deeds, one wif bio
And his rich beit of wampum Sroadl beond,
Thite as his pure and mighty thomelon an unt


## XI:

Wht ather fol lings came, and sad his virw


Watch-fires beneath the wood's lopped bonth were spread,
In which tha pike and musket ruddy ghowed.
A- show athw ert each baze the sentries strede.
Frequent lous, somg and aredess lamghter bene

While crichet, owl, and whip-poom-will awoke
'The night-wood's stillaess romen him holdius: reipn.
is thene the frowning Indian gazed, he thought
Oi all the hated seene beneath him, brompht;
If that strang falu-face race which, years are
W'cre seen on C'it-a-ra-qui's heaving breast.
It the Great Jiral with speading wings on' snow.
Bearer 0. arref and evil. Hharl pressed;
First, erecping on the earth. with whispered words suall in his races ear as chirp of birds,
Then, vearing high their hughty fronts, imel loud Spaking the ir will. as speaks the thander-ed
liont, strotching trembling hands of lieblest cian .
bixtending the: their pity f ranted bounds.

Until they threutened, with iusatiate grasp.
All, all, yes, all the red-man's hunting grounds.
And here, oh burning, buruing thonght ! below
Was You-non-de-yoh, that detested foe!
Here, in the forest's most profonnd retreat:
While of the host of warriors he had won
Together, this proud enemy to meet,
All hat his true and brave Ho-nont-koh, gone :
And they, and he, elose hiding in their fear
As from the prowling panther hides the deer.
His mother too, whose bent and weary tread
IIe saw near Yon-non-de-yoh, eaptive led;
Aud then, those cuming, base and treacherous arts
Whieh in their uet had trapped his warriors' hearts.
Vile Leaping lanther! here he grimly smiled;
We-mn-dah! elutehed his fingers fieree and wild.
His tomahawk in vengeful, deadly wrath,
Whom he bad marked throughout the livelong day.
As olose ho hovered round the invader's path,
Guiding, and he an Iroquois! their way;
Oh could his thirsty hatehot drink his grore !
But just then from a neighboring thicket sprung
A form, and trembling, eowering, stood before,
We-all-dah! high his tomahawk he swung,
But still with spreading hands and head beut low,
His recreant warrior stood and trembled there,
The At-o-ta-ho stayed the falling blow,
He could not strike at that meek, offering air,
But in his sternest toues of anger said,
"Why comes fork-tongued We-mn-dah here?" the chief
Auswered, but lifted not his humbled head -

## Frontenac.

"As the last sun was pouring his hot sheaf Of arrows from mid-sky, We-un-dah caught A print which he the At-o-ta-he's thought, And keeping watch as neared the sun his grave, Beheh the At-ota-ho's white plume wavo From the pine's ambush, while he viewed the way That Yon-now-de-yoh took with his array. This foot has tracked, eye dwelt on him, sinee then, And when We-mblah saw him leave the glen, He followed to yield up his wretehed life To his wronged At-otatho's rengeful knife." - We-an-liah!"-lowlier bent the Indinn's head-
"The Chieftain and the Warrior! he whose whoop Laal rong so often on the war-path red,
Suffered his crouehing broken soul to stoop,
The burning fire-water's slave to be; The erawling serpent loftier far than he; That made him cowurd, woman, when his word Of warning fear was in thy council heard; We-an-dalh meant not treachery! no! he felt Itis prostrate soul within his bosom melt With fright at Yon-non-de-yoh's numbers! he Spoke as he felt - he wished the braves to flee, To save them from the lifted arm whose blow He thought would lay the lengue for ever low; But when they fought among themselves, in dread Some kuife might reach his quailiug heart, he fled; llis fiery thirst its rejpu chamed also o'er, And Yon-non-de-yols thus he joined onee more. "But," here he lifted up his frowning brow, "We-au-dah's all IIc-de-no-soune now,

His warrior heart once more he come to him; His blinded eyesight is ne longer dim; Great At-o-ta-ho, liston then! again Will the next sun light You-non-de-yuh's train, Threading our people's forests in their pride, We-an-dah still their seeming friend and guide.
Listen! as shuts that sun once more his eye, Tho $\mathrm{A} t-0$-ta-ho with his fuithful band In the Wolf's throat like lurking snakes will lie,

Hatehot, fusec, and knifo in every hand;
And when We-an-dah, You-non-de-yoh there Conducts, the At-o-ta-ho's whoop in air Will burst and pierec his ears with fiercest wrath, While glad We-an-dah by another path Than the up-eavern's found oue day by him, Chasing a fleeing wolf, will with swift limb Leave You-non-de-yoh trapped, and scale the height To join his valiant brothers in the fight!"
Within the thicket once again be sprung, As the last words fell rapid from his tongue; And slowly down the hill': w! ng side Tho Al-u-ta-ho bent his the delitiol stride, And plunged within the tangled glen beneath, Where the night's silenee brooded, hushed as death; But, as if wakened by his gliding tread, From some black bush would rise a frequent head, Uutil he reached a grape vine's arbor vast, And there, as if for sleep, his lorm he cast.

## CANTO NIN'TH.

TIIE BATTLE.
THE TORTURE
TII: DEFIANCE.
TILE DEATH
FRONTENAC.
MASS FOR TIIE DEAD.

## CANTO NLNTII.

## THE BATTLE.

## 1.

ILE sunset was pouring its yellow flood
In a long deep glen of the boundless wood, A precipico sought on ono side tho kky,
The wall ou the other arose less steep With great roeks brokon, and ledges high,

With tall trees elusterel and thickets deep :
The dark Wolf's throat, and slept it still,
Naught heard but the tap of the woodpeeker's bill, And naught in the narrow vista seeu But birds in and out of their dwelliags green.
II.

Now slow from a bush on the sloping side Wus thrust a savage's plumuged head; Along tho passage his eyo ho sped, And "Roll of Thunder !" ho quiekly eried. Another grim Indian arose from his lair, And instantly then were uplifted in air, From jutting roek aud frow hollow trunk, From the head of tho hemlock dewaward sunk,

## Frontenac.

From bush of cedar and mossy mound,
Sealp-locks bristling in seores around; The nest all vanished, rock, bush, and tree, Resuming once more their rajuility.

## III.

Next suapping of twig and careless song, And beating of steps from a trampling throng, Waving of feather and shining of brand, Frontmae with his approaching band.
IV.

Through the hollow they erowding tread, Which seems a torrent's abandoned bed,
With rock and gravel to firm its floor.
And spotted with pools and thickets rier.
Birds from the bushes loud ehirpiner dart.
Rabbit and squirrel affrighted start;
Sare there, deepsilence and solitude
Scem o'er the gloomy seene to brond.
Still in they tread, till a rocky wall
Blocks up the passige with sudden fall.

## v.

At onee the air is filled with eries That from the brohen steep arise, Pealing and echoing to the skies, While ou the startled crowd, From rock, and tree, and bush, and mound. Comes one quick simultacous sound;

Though not an enemy is found;
All is confusion loud!
Down sinks the dying musketeer,
The pikeman stands aghast with fear,
The Indian seeks the thicket near,
But keen in every deafened ear
The warwhoops rise onee moro;
Again rock, tree, and thieket gleam,
Again the shots upon them stream,
Again forms drop in gore;
Frontenac's voiee calls out in vain,
"Stand to your arms!"- the wildered train
Hear the stern warwhoops ring again,
And feel once more the leaden rain,
Fall back, sway to and fro.
All gaze around, but naught they see
But rock, and bush, and bank, and tree,
Whence shoots the flame of the fuseo,
And deadly balls shower fearfully;
No mark for aim or blow,
Save now' and then a plumaged head, A tawny arm, a legging red,
A muzale bent, an eye of dread,
An instant seen, an instant fled,
Ere gun or pike can bear.
Although six hundred gallant men
Were gathered in that narrow glen,
All yielded to despair;
Veteruns of many a bloody field,
Whose creed, to mortal foe than yield
Was with stern pride to die;


## The Battle.

Following The Raven up they went, The eavern's roof above them bent, Till suddenly it eeased, and round Ledges and trees were only found; But still The Raven for their guide, They turned their bosoms to the side. Now to the pino's great roots they clung, Now to the elm's drooped branehes hung, Now by the hemloek up they swung, And now from roek to roek they sprung Till all firm footing made;
Then eaeh one sought his bush and tree, And sent the deadly bullet free
In turn upon the enemy,
Whose eoverts were betrayed.
Then shrub and grass shot startled look,
Then rose phmed heads from many a nook.
Trees with deseending figures shook,
Wild warriors crouehing lairs forsook, And sought each open space;
Then elosed the foes in desperate strife,
With hatchet, elubbed fusee and knife,
Fieree struggling faee to face.
vir.
From the impending death relieved, The soldiers new-born hope received, And, shaming of their late despair, With braeing strength they upwards bear, Climbing the eaveru high;

The fray above fills eye and ear,
Now far - now nigh - now thero - now here Shot, elash and groan and ery.
Between the trees quick figures dash, Echo fusees and hatehets flash,

Blood pattering, falls from o'er;
The dead and dying now and then
Roll past them downward to the glen,
Marking their path with gore.
Still up they elimbed. and now their sight
Eubraced in widening seope the fight.
Here on the ground writhed, snake-like, foes;
There face to face, exchunged they blows;
With aimed fusee, hore, rrouching deep,
There, bounding on with hatehet's sweep;
One shout for France, the air that rent,
The flnshed and eager soldiers sent,
Ind in the furions combat blent,
O'ermatehed in numbers now, and caught
In their own ambush, wildly fought
The brave Ho-nont-koh, but for naught;
Hemmed in on every hand,
Each desperate effort ouly broupht Thicker the knife and brand.
VIII.

At the first burst of the attack,
From his apurned ehair had Frontenae
Sprung to his feet, und romud, on high, Had swept his fierce unguailing cye.

And sent his loud and stern command
Amnng his rocking, jostling band,
To brave the worst, unflinehing stand.
As still within the glen he stood,
He saw, above, a swaying throng,
l'assing a broad-spread ledge along,
Bare from the usual eloak of wood,
Where pikes and blades and hatehets rose,
Darted and fell, ono storm of blows;
That instant broke the elustered strife,
And a young warrior met his sight,
Hewing his way through with hatchet and knife,
Pikemen and Indians surrounding his flight;
Another savage beside him clung,
And fiereely his knife too und tomahawh swung;
Foe after foe about them fell,
But pike and hatehet still barred their path.
The young brave's struggles were terible,
While battled the other with dogged wrath;
Tho fate of that other met l'rontenae's eye,
ITe started, and pointing his sword with ery,
"We-an-dah! base wreteh! slay the treacherous hourd !"
Sprang toward the eavern with feeble bound,
But just then eame flashing a tomahawk's blow,
On the hesd of We-au-dah who dropered below,
While broke the young brave with a mighty bound
From the cluster of foes that were pressing him round.
From thieket to thicket, from ledge to ledge,
Now seen and now lost, dashed the warior free,
Leaping now from some dizzy edge,
Swinging now by some hanging tree;

Bullets ent brauehes beside his head,
Ilatehets whirled pant him, but still he fled;
At length through the eavern that opened at hand
Fmerged the fiereo suvage by Frontenae's side ;
The veteran flashed at his bosom his brand,
But on, without cheek, went tho warrior's rtride:
Forward through the hollow's gloom,
Like a white bird skims his plume,-
But the foremost of those that came,
After him bounded The Raven's trame;
Onward, ouma:d through the dell
Fleet the At-o-ta-ho went,
But now 'Tho Raven's fusee was bent,
The bullet in Ko-lah's revenge was fent,
And, amidst the father's triumphan yell,
The Dawn of Morning headloug fell.

THE TORTURE.
IX.

Night whs around, the moon serene
Shed o'er all objeets her beantiful sheen;
On the tents, through the boughs of the forest she beamed;
On the weapons up-piled, and round seatered, she gleaned;
In a suall hollow, a pillared blaze
Blotted the silver with rudly glaze;
Scowling Hurons a stake stood round,
Where, branehes piled round him, We-an-dah was bound.
x .
Hundreds were erowled to view the sight, The buff-eont and corselet were bathed in light Borne by the pikemen and musketecr ; And in the radiance ruddy and clear, The faco of tho wild Adirondack was keen As he waited impatient the torture-sceno; While loftily in his chair placed high, Frontonac sat with a gleaming eye.
xi.

Shouting and leaping the IIurons went, Wildly and fierecly their timbs they bent; As each one passed he thrust his kuife
Deep in the stern We-an-dah's flesh,
Who, though all over were wounds from the strife,
Though at auch thrusting burst out afresh
In torrents the smoking and purple gore,
Uuflinehing, unshrinking, the torture bore.
As peeled from his body the skin in strips
The death-song rose to his seornful lips,
Rose to his lips, while his haughty eyes
Sought the pure depths of the rosy skies.

## xII.

At length from the stamping cirele bounded The Otter, head of the savage baud,
Close to We-an-dah; his whoop resounded As he kindled the pile with a fiery brand. 35

## Frontenac.

But ns shot a red streak the doomed chieftain around,
He leaped with $n$ mighty eopvulsive bound,
The shrivelled thongs parted - swift forward he sprung,
From the belt of 'The Otter the hutehet he ture,
One moment in air the keen weapon he swang,
Ind headlong the Itron tell dead in his gore.
Then, with a staggering faltering foree
He east the red hatchet; in wavering course
It eireled by Frontenac's head so near,
That he sprung from his ehair with a look of fear,
Then plunging down, with hisarms outspread,
l'rone on his face lay We-an-dah dead.

## THE DEFLINCE.

xill.
Again rone the morn: From the pine top whe bent Her rich gulden glory on Frontemaces tent;
The Cirifins were drooping the emusas o'er,
Two of the guardsmen were striding befire :
Within sat Frontenae; on each haud
His leaders, arrayed with plume, mantle, and brand.
The Raveu, vile traitor: was coweling nigh,
With gratified hate in his sullen eye.
Full in Frontenne's flashing view
Dawn of Morniag, the hapless stood.
A handage showing in ruddy hue,
Where the fell bullet had drauk his blood.

Strove he to rise to his fullest height,
Yet over his slender und graeeful frame,
Swaying it with a fearful might,
Droopings and totterings frerpuent eame.
"Wolf!" burst Froutenae out at length,
"Caught at hast in thy den of strength!
Quaver thy fiereo, will death song now ! And yet"-a tenderness touched his brow, A softness grew in his greaming eyo,
"I know now, but scaree would I have thee die ! Answer: Why didst thou my young men slay? Why didst thou kzep on thy vengefnl way, With hateliet and toreh, when I wished my hand
Knit with thit:e own in friendwhip's band?"
xiv.

The At o-ta-ho mamed his framo And said, whle glowed his eyo with flame, "From You-non-lo-ybl's lodge of pride, The Cat-a-ra-qui swifl beside, To where the birds forever sing, And flowers their sweets unceasing fliug, The Ongue Honwee sway the kuife Wou by long years of bloody strife; The streams our swift ka-we-gahs skim, Our war-whoops wake the forests dim, The vales and mountains hold our game;

And shenld the tribes lift hatelet red, Their lodges melt in midnight flame,

Ueaped are their war-paths with their dead,

Yet Yon-non-de-yoh to the aky
Lifts his proud fromt, cants round his eye,
And says, 'These hunting.gromuls are mine:
And bilk his deadly tightuings shine;
leare his stone huts within our woods,
Sends his wingel pirognes o'er our floeds,
And threatens in his burning wrath
To sweep cen Corlenr from hix puth.
Doen not tho pauther grard his den?
Nay, does not e"en the timid leer
Turn when the hunter comes too near?
And shall not Dawn of Morning, then,
With his best blowd protect the carth
Owned by his preple, whence their birth?
Aud did not Yon-nom-de-yoh spreme
In Dawn of Morning'e path a mare,
F'id while the calumet he bore?
Sa-ha-wee too!'"-a look of care
Dwelt transicut on his features red,
Then grew they calm and high once more.
"And has not Yon-non-de-yoh come,
With all his warriors in neray,
To Dawn of Morning's furest-home,
Itis huts to burn, his people slay?
Where are his brave Ho-nont-koh! those,
Who round their At-0ta-ho stood
When friends proved false, and threatened foes:
Law lie they in their bloent.
And Roll of Thunder: of the band
The loftiest! in the Woll"s throat too

He lies; and goue We-un-lah, who, Midst tho scorned Huron dogs upflew,
Tol lah-wen-ne-yo's Spirit-land.
But yet, though Yon-uen-de-yoh's kuife
Prints at the At-o-ta-ho's life,
though Hah-wen-ue-yoh's smiles depart, Though storms upon his head have burst, Up Dawn of Morning lifts his heart, And proud and lofty as when first He braved the white man's power and art, Dares You-non-de-yoh do his worst!"

## $x \mathrm{x}$.

"IIn ! spenk'st thou words like these to me?"
Frontenae thundered. "Dar'nt thou, slave?
Ho, Maven ! bear him to the stako!
We'll seo if there ho'll tower so brave -
If flame will not his spirit break.
Hasto! let us from his prute bo free!"

THE DEATII.
xvi.

In a green opening by Froutenae's tent, Cireling a stake, in their varied mien, Again was tho throng of the army blent, Seemingly waiting a coming sceue.


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Suddenly shrill whoops rent the sky, And mid an advancing Indian host, The At-o-ta-ho met each eye,

Treading in majesty towards the post.
Beside him The Raven, fieree frowning, came
With a pine-toreh flaring in smoky flame;
Louder and louder the whoops pealed out, Wildly flashed hatehets and knives about, But calmly his way the young warrior took, Forward he gazed with a steadfast look, That look from all traces of passion exempt, Save that of freezing and lofty eontempt, Trampling beneath o'en the weakness and pain, So late beforo Frontenae elaiming their reign.

## xvir.

Now to the stake is bound his waist,
Leares and branehes are round him placed;
Then as eeases the whooping din,
The Raven's revilings and taunts begin.
" Kooh! dog and eoward! he fears to die!
He cannot look in a warrior's eye!
" Kooh! trembling deer ! when he comes to his pain,
His moans will echo, tears fall like rain !
That the great At-0-ta-ho! shame!
I see but a coward who fears the flame!
That Dawn of Moraing proud and high !
I see but a coward who fears to die!"

## The Death.

## xviII.

Down in disdain the young warrior gazed, At first on The Raven; his brow then he raised, As if lifting his soul o'er the joer aud the taunt,
And from the bright hunting-grounds waiting him, he Was scenting the feast of the strawberry, And forth rushed his death-song in rapturous ohaunt; Ringing more loud, as his foe more fierce

Hurled his seorn, till The Raven pressed
Close to his victim, to tear from his breast The olose white robe, that his knife might pierce The naked flesh e'er he kindled the fire, Where the proud At-0-ta-ho was doomed to expire.

## xIX.

Forward across his tent and back, With hurricd stride went Frontenac. Deepest determination now Was seated on his frowning brow; Doubt wavered then within his eye "So young, so gallant! thus to die! And yet!"一his face again grew stern, Until it worked with passion's strife "Did not his hatchet seek my life? Did it not strike down young Lavergne? And"-here his wrinkled brow was fraught With weblike lines of crafty thought "Daring and wise! he's formed to lead

The Iroquois to greatest deed;
Escaping now, he'll tread some hour
Upon my neek to loftiest power.
He dies!"-Just then a figure dashed
Within the tent, "Sa-ha-wee I"-wild
Her starting eyebslls on him flashed.
" Fly ! save her! haste! my ehild ! our ehild !
O-nah-tah, hoar'st thon! ours! she dies!"-
"Who, who, Sa-ha-wee l"-
"She! Luaille! -
The At-ota-ho!" Shrill her cries
On his bewildered senses peal.
"Lucille! the At-ota-ho! quick,
Explain —quick, woman!"

> From her tongue

The rapid words in torrents sprung,
Although with anguish hoarse and thick,
Whilst at his feet her form she flung;
" When Ku-an - At-o-ta-ho - fell,
Had not Ta-yo-nee died as well,
He would the dignity have worn
By our law's eourse, and next, my child,
Had she - thou hear'st - a son been bern;
A thought flashed o'er me quick and wild!
When came Ta-yo-nee with her, night
Wrapped all, nene saw, her life knew none, And at first tidings of the death Of him and Ku -an, with loud breath From the Flame-Temple's saered height, As Priestess, armed thus in my might, Her life I told but as a son,

All their young At-o-ta-ho hailed, The Union Feast approved the elaim, And while his boyish years prevailed,
Bade Shining Hatehet bear the name ;
Still stand'st theu here to see her die!
Fly! on my knees I ask it ! fly!"
"Woman! thou told'st me she was dead!"-
"I' did ! my seoret still to keep !"-
Bewilderment, amazoment deep,
Yet Frontenso's pale visage spread.
Knows she, Sa-ha-wee, I'm her sire?"
"Nol like the league she only knew
Her father in the paleface brave,
In his false tale Ta-yo-nee slew -
Haste, haste, they'll kindle soen the fire; Will not his child a father save?
Fly, fly, O-nah-tah! fy!"-
A shout
Broke just then from the erowd without -
A shout of wonder wild - he sprung,
Tho tent's front folds he open flung,
There, Heavenly Powers! St. Francis! there!
There, with a woman's breast made bare
By the recoiled fierce Raven's hands, The mighty At-0-ta-ho stands,
Stands with a shrinking drooping frame,
As if crushed down with decpest shame;
But as looked Frontenac, like thought
Lucille leaned forward, stretched her arm, The torch light from The Raven caught 36

And fred the pile; in mad alarna Forward the father leaped with ery Of "Pluek him thenee!" yelied shrill and high, "Ho! Pluck him thenee !" his hisir streams out, "His arms he stretehes,-but the ahout
None of the erowd wild-rocking hears; All is confusion elamorous there,
Eyes forward fixed, tongues runding air, The fires dread eraekling fills his ears, And on he struggles, "pluck him thenco!"

None heed, obey none, still he ealls, Till darkness sweeps o'er every sense,

And, fainting, mid the throng he falls.
A form springs past with frantic foreo,
Through the dense erowd it cleaves its course.
"The Priestess!" on - down gleams her knife,
The Raven yields his groaning life;
Into the fire she dashes now,
And, nerved with all her mad despair,
One flashing wreath around her brow,
Areund her form one blazing glare,
She breaks from out the senttered flame,
And forth she drags a blackened frame
Which, staggering wildly to its knee,
An arm throws prondly to the skies,
Sounds a low war-whoop brokenly,
Then drops and, struggling faintly, dies.
Turned into stone, with: frenzied gaze,
The talons of the ravenous blaze
Keen in hor flesh, the Priestess kneels

## Frontenac.

Beside her child, a shriek then peals, A shriek of agony, so shrill, It made the hearts all reund her thrill, Then swift as light, her knife she sheathed Within her breast, her bloed gushed red, And as "I ceme, Lueille!" she breathed, She fell aeross her daughter, dead.

FRONTENAC.
$\mathbf{x x}$.
Years, alas! how fast they fly! April's clouds along the sky! Bubbles on the gliding stream! Dyes that in the rainbow gleam! Leaves that autumn's tempests sever! Thus they fly, and fly for ever!
XXI.

Five rapid years have passed away, And on Quebee's embattled height The sunset sleeps with mellow ray,
Making the mountain soft and bright.
Rich rose is on Cape Diamend's head, Glints, here and there, the river's bed, While to the voyageur's rude eye,
Paddling along his bireh canoe,

A streak of silver, eurving high
The gold enamelled foliage through, Tells the tall Montmorenci's leap
From its sunk valley duwn the steep.

## XXII.

The wide Place d'Armes in shade was cast, And on it was a concourso vast.
Bateauman, hunter, courier, scout, Noble and menk, were grouped about, Whisporing and pale as if in fear That some calamity was near.
"He's dying, Merle!" with sorrowing air The young Carignan Pierre said low,
"How know'st thou?"
"The old guard Allaire
Told me a brief half-hour agol"
"Has he not seemed to wasto away,
Since the strange dreadful seone that day
Down in the On-on-dah-gah woods?"
"Yes! all through those grim solitudes
Haggard his visage was and wild,
And sinee that hour he's never smiled. Well, mainly he's been just and good, Though fieroe and hasty in his mood; The Holy Virgin waft his soul Up to its pure and happy goal!"
"Hark!" just then came a deep stern swoll
Along the air, a heavy elang:
It was the castle's giant bell,

And loud, slow, startling tolls it rang. Clang, olsng again - clang, olang again It seemod to strike to every brain, The low vibrating hum between Quivering along the awe-struok soene. Stirred by one impulse stood the crowd With brow uncovered, shoulders bowed; They knew the tale thet solemn bell, The sorrowing tale 'twas swang to tell; Quebec rang out in every street, Cape Diamond back the volume beat, The walls spoke forth in deep rebound, The river's breast returned the sound; It needed not that grsy Allaire,

With trembling voice and bended head, Should from the sally-port declare
That noble Frontenac was dead.

## MASS FOR THE DEAD.

## XXIII.

Sunset again o'er Quebeo Spread like a gorgeous pall ;
Again does its rich glowing Joveliness deok
River, and castle, and wall.
Follows the twilight haze, And now the star-gemmed night;

And outbursta the Recolleta' ehurch in a blaze
Of glittering spangling light.
Crowds in the spacieus pile
Are throngling the aisles and nave,
With soldiers from altar to porch, in file, All motionless, mute, and grave.
Censern are swinging around,
Wax-lights are shedding their glare,
And, rolling majestic its volume of aound,
The organ oppresses the air.
The saint within ite niche,
Pillar, and pieture, and eross,
And the roof in ita soaring and atately pitch
Are gleaming in golden gloss.
The chorister's sorrowing strain
Sounds shrill as the winter breeze,
Then low and soothing, as when complain
Soft airs in the summer trees.
Tho taper-starred altar before, Deep mantled in meurning black,
With sabre and plume on the pall spread o'er, Ia the coffin of Frontenac.
Around it the nobles are bowed,
And near are the guards in their grief,
While the aweet-breathing incense is wreathing its eloud Over the motionless chief.
But the organ and siager have ceased, Leaving a void in air,
And the long-drawn ehaunt of the blazon'd priest
Rises in suppliance there.

## Frontenac.

Again the deep organ shakes
Tho walls with ita mighty tone,
And through it again the sweet melody breaks Like a sorrowful spirit's moan.
A sudden ailence now;
Eaeh knee has sought the floor;
The priest breathes his blessings with upturn'd brow, And the requiem is o'er.

NOTES.

## NOTES.



## CANTO FIRST.

stanza I.
WAS in June's bright and glowing prime,
The loveliest of the summer time.
The laurels were one splendid sheet
Of crowded blossom everywhere;
The locust's clustered pearl was sweet,
And the tall whitewood made the air Delielous with the fragrance shed
From golden flowers all o'er it spread."
The appearanee of the American forests in June is truly magnificent. The fresh leaves are so elosely set, and are so bright in hue, as to cause the branches to look as if elothed in an emerald flece. The laurel thicisets are one sheet of superb blossom, whilst the loeust and the whitewood displar their white and yellow flowers in unison with the dogwood, linden, and chestnut, as if tho wood genii had scattered gigantic bouquets among the green summits.
gtanza if.
"In the rich pomp of dying day
Quebec, the roek-throned monareh, glowed."
"Quebee is from Quebeio, whieh in the Algonquin language signifies contraction."-Charlevoix's New France.
"The batteries rude that niched their way Along the ellff:"

The fortlfications of Quebec at this periol of our tale (1072) were very incomplete, consisting of batteries seattered along the edges and inequalities of the cliff, with here and there palisades between, and embankments of earth and stone upon the landward end of the town.
" Beyond, the sweet and mellow smile Beamed upon Orlenns' lovely isle;
Untll the downward view
Was ciosed by mountain-tops that, reared
Against the burnished sky, appeared
In misty dreany hue."
"The river itself (the St. Lawrence) whieh is between five and six miles wide, visible as far as the distant end of the Island of Orleans, where it loses Itself amidst the mountains the bound it on each side, is one of the most beautiful objects in sature."- Wald's Travels in North America.
stanza xix
" Reared on the cliff, at the very brink, Whence a pelbble dropped would sink Four-score feet to the slope below,
The castle of St. Louis caught."
The eastle of St . Louis was built upon the edge of $n$ rock which fell sheer down for about eighty feet, and then sloped more graduaily until within a short distance of the river side. The narrow strip of level ground immedlately along the river, was in line with the rock, scattered with huts and cabins of a rude description.

## sTANZA XX.

"Opposite, in the soft warm light The Recollets' steeple glittered bright; And tipped with gold was the convent by, Whilst both threw a mantle of raven dye The brond Place d'Armes across, That up to the massive curtain lay."
"The fortress of 5 . Lonis covered about fonr aeres of ground and formed nearly a parallelogram; on the western side, two strong bastions on each angle were connected by a curtain in the centre of which was a sallyport."-Bouchette's Canada.
The eastle of St. Louls stood within this fortress. "Care shonld be taken," says IIawkins, in his Pieture of Quebec, "to distinguish between the castle and the fortress of St. Louis."
"Twenty paces further we arrive at two pretty large squares or openings. That on the left is the Place d'Armes, which is before the eastle where the governor-general resides. The Recollets are opposite."-Churlecoix's Deseription of Quebec in 1711.
"The Recollets' ehureh is opposite the gate of the palsee on the west side, looks well, and las a pretty high-pointed stee-ple."-Kalm's Travels in North America.
Both these authors wrote some time after the periods of our tale, and probably the curtain and bastions whech composed the fort were removed before their visits.
" Immediately in front of the castle was an esplanade or open space still ealled the Pluce 'darmes, on one slde of which stood the chureh and convent of the Recollets."-IIuckins' ricture of Quebee.
stanza ixit.
"Wampum in raried colors strung."
"Belts of wampum are made of'shells found on the coasts of

Notes.
New Enghand and Virginia, wheh are sawed out luto beads of an oblong form about a quarter of an inch long, and romd like other beads. Belug strung on leather strips, and several of them sewed neatly together with the sluewy threads, they then compose what is termed a belt of wampum."-Career's Travela.
stanza xxiv.
"The Iroquois in their dread and might Stood frowning in his mental slight."
"The mame of Iroquois is purcly French, and has been formed from the term hiro or hero which signities I have said, and by which these savages terminate thel dlscourse, as the Latins sometimes did by their dixi; and from koue. which is a cry as well of distress when it is pronounced long, as also of joy when they pronounce it shorter."-Mistoire et Deacription de la Nourelle France, per le P. De Charlecoir.
"Naught in the woods now their might could oppose, Naught could whistand their confederate blows; Banded in strength and united in som,
They moved on their course with the eataract's roll."
The lroquois were formerly separate nations, and for a long time not only warred amongst themselves, but were driven from point to point by their common enemies, the Adrondacks, the Ilurons, de. They at hugth, however, for the purpose of healing their own dlssensions and to protect themselves against their enemies, formed themselves into a league or contederacy. By thus concentrating their power, they were not only enabled suecessfully to resist aggression, but to drive, in their turn, their enemies tefore them, the firearms given them ly the Duteh assisting them muterfally in so doing. When this league was formed is uncertain. "Pyr-
laus, a missionary at the ancient site of Dionderoga or Fort Hunter, writing between 1742 and 1748 ," says Schoolcraft in his Notes on the lroquois, "as the result of the best conjectures he could form, from information derived from the Mohawks, that the alliance took place ' one age' or the length of a man's life, before the white people came into the country. Taking 1609, the era of the Dutch discovery, and estimating a 'man's life' by the patriarchal and scriptural rule, we should not, at the utmost, have a more remote date than 1539, as the origin of the confederacy."
stanza Xxy.
"Wherever the banner of France was reared, The blood-thirsty hate of the braves appeared; Kindled against Champlain when first His lightning death on their sires had burst."
"The progress of its (Quebec's) aggrandizement was slow, for the new settlers, and indeed Champlain at their head, were not only so impoltic as to encourage the prosccution of hostilities between the two neighboing nations of Algonquins (Adirondacks) and Iroquois, but even to join the former against the latter. This interference drew upon the French the hatred of the powerful Iroquois, and was the means of involving the whole colony in a long and most destructive warfare, which at an early period rendered some defensive fortifications necessary to protect Quebec from the enmity of her new but implacable enemies."-Bouchette's Canada.

## STANZA XXIX.

"A captive brought to the shores of Frauce
By noble De Tracy with her sirc."
The governors-gencrai of Canada were accustomed in those
days to send or take with them as captives to France, those of the native race who had fallen Into their hands. See the histories of the period.

## CANTO SECOND.

stanza 11.
"Their Long House extended now, spacious and high, The branches lts raters, its canopy sky,
From Co-lha-ta-te-yah's full oceanward bed,
To where Its great bosom Ontarlo spread."
The term Liong House was used by the Iroquois symbolleally, to denote the league they had formed, and also to describe the continuity of their possessions or territory. The Long IIouse was constantly alluded to by thelr orators, and also in conversation amongst themselves.
"To the league whleh was formed on the banks of Onondaga lake," says Schooleraf In his Notes on the Iroquois, "they in time gave the name of the Long House, using the term symbolleally, to denote that they were tied and braced together by blood and llneage as well as political bonds. This house, agreeably to the allusion so often made by their speakers during our colonial history, reached from the banks of the Ifudson to the lakes."
"The fierce Adirondacks had fled from their wath,
The IIurons been swept from their merciless path."
" The Iroquois, after they confelerated, drove tho Adirondacks from their ancient lunting-grounds around Quebec, and under its walls defeated the IIurons in a dreadrul battle beneath the very eyes of the French, who dared not leave the
protection of their embankments to assist their alles. They destroyed the naticn called the Eries on the borders of the vast lake known ty their name. They made the Ottawas abandon their river, Sumbled the Lenni Lenapo or Delawares, once strong and powe.ful, to such an extent as to force them to declare themselves women, and place themselves under the protection of their hanchty conquerors, and at last carried the terror of their arms teen amongst the distant Illini, Pequods, and even Cherokces."-Sco Colden's History of the Five Nations, Schooleraft's Notes on ihe Iroquois, and other histories of the time.
"By the far Mississippi, the Illini shrank When the trail of the Tontorse was seen on the bank; On the hills of New England the Pequod turned paic, When the howl of the Wolf swelled at night on the gale; And the Cherokee shook in his green-smiling bowers, When the foot of the Bear stamped his carpet of flowers."
"Each of these nations (the Five Nations or Iroquois) is divided again into three tribes or famllies, who distinguish themselves by three different arms or ensigns - the Tontoise, the Wolf, and the Bear." - Colden's History of the Five Nutions, (They are called the Five Natlons by the English and the Iroquois by the Freneh).
There were five other totems than those mentioned by Colden, but these three were the most ancient and the highest in rank, the totem of the Tontorse being the highest of all ou account of the belief of the Iroquols that the carth rested on the baek of a tortoise.
The order of the eight totems resembled somewhat that of the tribes of Israel, umongst which the tribes of Benjamin and Judah oceupied the highest grade.
"They (the Five Nations) carried their arms as far south as Carolina, to the northward of New England, and as far west

## Notes.

as the river Mississippi, over n vast country whith extends twelve hundred miles in length from north to south, and about six hundred inlles in brendth, whero they entirely destroyed many nations, of whom there are now no necounts remainIng among the Finglish."- Cohlen'a History of the Fire Nationa.
stanza v.
"The league's At-ota-ho."
The At-o-ta-ho is the head elitef of the Iroquols. The history of this rulershiph is as follows:- Just before the formation of the confederacy, $n$ most extraordiary and formidable warrior was heard of amongst the Onondagas. Living serpents composed the hairs of his head, which so entangled and knotted themselves up in their motions, that he aequired the mame of At-ota-ho, meaning entangled. Not only was his head a mass of writhing reptiles, but his fingers and toes were terminated by them, hissing and laumeling out their tongues perpetually. So cirendful was his nspeet that the very sight of him caused instant death. When the two other projectors of the allinnce, however, visited him, protected by Hah-wen-nc-yo in their divine mission, they approached and divested him of his smaky truppings, unharmed. At the completion of the alliance he was made Grand Nachem of the confederacy, his two brethren superuaturally disappearing. IIe still preserved the name of At-o-ta-ho, and when be died his name and ofllee were continued, A long line of At-o-tahos thus suceceted, extending down in a regular chain to the present day.
stasza Vi.
"'Twas May ! the Spring with magle bloom Leaped up from Winter's trozen tomb."
"scarecly is the ground cleared of snow in Cunada, when
vegetntion breaks forth, not gradmilly as with us, but with almost preternutural ruphlliy."- Murray's British America.
"The yacht, that stood with nuked mast."
The yacht was a species of vessel much used in the rivers and lakes of Canada at that period, and frequently mentioned by the old writers. It had one high mast, and much resembled the sloops that ply on the IIudson and other rivers in the United States.
"The brown rossignol's carol shrih."
This is one of the earliest, if not the earlicst spring bird in Canada. It is of a brown color, and slugs sweetly.
"He saw the coltsfoot's golden head."
"The coltsfoot is the first flower of spring. It is a low, yellow, syngenesious flower, much resembing the dandelion."Gosee's Ctnadian Nituralist.
stanza vili.
"The Ifuron runner of Lorette."
The Ifurons of Loretto were the fast alles of the Frencli, and resided in the little village of Lorette a few miles from Quebec. A runner was a messenger, and selected for his speed of foot and cudurance of hunger and fatiguc. These runners would frequently travel from a hundred to a hundred and thirty miles between sun and sun.
"Holding a wampum belt in sight, Of braided colors black and white."
"Wampum is of several colors, but the black and white are

Norzs.
chicfly used. Those given to Sir William Johneon were in several rows, black on ench side and white in the mildule; the white belng placed in the centre was to exprens peace, and that the palh between them was falr and open."-Long's Travele.
"That Yon-non-do-yoh aska a talk."
Yon-non-tle-yoh was the name given by the Iroquois to the governor-genernl of Canada. IIennepin says it slgnifles a fine mountaln.
"The tree of peace between to set."
"The tree of peacels a aymbolic metaphor for peace itself." - La Ilontan.
gTARZA X.
" Along the castle's beaten square."
The Indion villages are called castles by the old writers. "Thelr castles," saya Colden, " are genernlly a aquare surrounded with palisadoes withont any bastions or outworks."
"The famous Temple of the Glow Extended its long log-bullt frame."

In Onondaga, Tcar-fle-ta-yo, slgnifying the house of the sacred flame."
"Shrining within the sacred flame
Whose star it never ceased to show."
The Onondaga canton was the central one of the Five Can-
tons of the Iroquols. This Canton, from its position, was the place of the general council fire, a aent of government of the natlons. The castle or village in Onondaga Hollow was the particular spot of this counell fire. Here It was kept, accordIng to the historiea of the period "continually burning." Thls was probably a metaphorical term to show the perpetulty of the league, but I have chosen, for poetical purposen, to conaider It literal. I am justified In thils hy the fact that amongst the Chippowayans there was a fire kept perpetually burning, answering somewhat to the vestal fire of the Romans, and aiso that the Natches nation preserved a cont|nual fire in their aacred temple.
"The feast of union every year
Renewing by the radiance clear
The tic in each confederate's heart."
"The feast of union is a term used by the Iroquols to aig. nlfy the renewing of the aliiance between the flve Iroquois nations. Every year the Five Cantons send deputles to assist at the union feast, and to smoke in the great calumet or plpe of the five nations." - La Hontan.

## STANZA XV

" Once cvery year a glowing brand, Whose sparklcs from the flame had birth, Was borne by Spark of Sunlight's hand To every On-on-dah-gah hearth."

It was a striking peculiarity of the ancient religious system of the Iroquois that once a year the priesthood supplied the people with sacred firc. "For this purpose, a set time was announced for the ruling prjest's visit. The entire village was apprised of this visit, and the master of each lodge was expected to be prepared for thls anuual rite. Prellminary to

## Notes.

Hyyy y) the his longe fire wan carcoully put onfre and ashes scatterve alluat it."-Sehooleraft'a Notes on the Iroquoin.
"The brand made red
By the whirled wheel."
The mode, as I was Informed by a Cayuga sachem, of supplying fire, by a wheel turned rapldy round.

GTANzA XVII,
" White as the suow the lake-marsh shed."
The salt maralies of the Onondaga lake, white with the crys. tallzed salt.

## stanza xytil.

" Illa own rich plye was hung below, Ita bowl and stem one general glow ; With thlekly pletured tints of ret, Telling of actions stern nud dread."

The Irofmols warriors covered thelr gumaents, pipes, bown and tomahawks, whith the emblems or reprenentationa of their deeds on the war-path. These wete stalned ted, that beling the favorite war color.
" Hroad sinewed snow -shoea; gfrdles blue."
The snow-ahoes which the savages used, were calculated to bear their welght on the deep snows of a northern winter, when chasing thelr game.
The girdle, or walsteloth, was astrlp of cloth or akin, twined around their lolns, and used by the warriors both on thetr war-pathe and in their villages.
When made of eloth they were generally of a blne color.

## Notes.

"Wlilist from the floor a saphing aprung, With human sealpa upon it strung."

It was the custom of the Iroctuols to plant a long pole in their loiges, and string upon it the sealps they hat taken in the war-jath.

## STANZA XXIII.

"Whencer he struck the battle-post, Sho hung dellghted on lis boast."

The Iroquois wartor on the eve of an expectition always danced hia war-dance around the war-post, boamting of his exploits, and atriking at the same time the post mith his tomahawk or war-club.

## atanza XxYIt.

" Upon the plensant outside green, Two shouting bands, the gates between, With their broud rackets sent on high The ball now soarlng to the sky."

Baif-playing was a fivorite pastime amongst the Iroguois. They played with rackets (which resembled the temils rackets or the butthedoors of the whites, onty larger), fixing two sticks upright in the earth several lnches apurt, and then planting similar ones five or alx hundred paees opposite. These were called gates. The art of the play consisted in keeping the bull by the aid of the rackets continually in the air, and if it passed or fell beyond the gates, the party or band whose daty It was to keep it within, lost the play.

## STANZA XXVIII.

"Here through the alleys warriors bore Short searlet cloaks their shoulders o'er."
"Both the young and the old hang upon their hacks, in a careless way, a covering of hide or scarlet, when they go abroad to walk or make visits."-La IIontan.
gTANZ. XXXYIII.

## " A guttural quiek 'yo-hah!' awoke From the dark ring."

" Yo-hah! denotes approbation, being a ioud shout or cry cousisting of a few notes pronounced by the Indians, in the nature of our huzzas."- Cohlen's History of the Fïce Nations.

## gTANZA XXXIX.

"Thence to the castle roof descended, And bathed in radlanee pure and deep
The spires and dwellings of the steep. Still downward crept the strengthening rays; The loty crowded roofs below."
"Quelee is divided into the upper and lower city. The suerchants live in the lateer for the conveniency of the harbor, ujon which they have built very the houses three stories high, of a sort of stone that is hard as murble. The mper or ligh eity is full as joptilous and well adorned as the lower. Both cities are commanded ly a caste that stands upon the lighest ground. The castle is the residence of the governors." -Lat Montun's Description of Quebec in lest.
"And Cat-a-ra-qui canght the glow."
The Iroquois name for the river St. Lawrence.
"The scattered bastions - walls of stone
With bristling lines of cannon crowned."


#### Abstract

" A little above the bastion on the right, they have made a bastion in the rock. There is a little square fort still above this called the eltadel. From the angle of the eitadel they have made an orielle of a bastion, from whence they have nade a curtain at right angles."-Charlevoix's Description. "As the place (Quebec) obtained consequence, and beeame an object of desire to other and far more powerful enemies than the native savages, it was in the last mentioned year (1601) fortified ln a more regular manner by works according to the rules of art, built of stone, which from that period have been attended to."-Bouchette's Canada.


"The basin glowed in splendid dyes."
"The wide part of the rlver mmediately below Quebee is ealled the basin."- Weld's Travels in Canadu.
" And chequered tints of light and shade The lanks of Orleans' Isle displayed."
"The island of Orleans is seven leagues in length, and three in breadth. It is surrounded with phantations that produce all sorts of grain."-La Iontan.
stanza XL.
" A brigantine her cancas spread,
And as her sailor-songs ontbroke Down toward the southern ehannel sped."
" A brigantine is a small vessel with one deek, built of light 39

## Notes.

wood, whlch plles both with oars aud sails. It is equally sharp at bow and poop, and is built for a quick sailer."- La Hontan.
"At Quebec the river divides itself Into two branehes. The ships sail through the South channel, for the North channel is so foul with shelves and rocks, that the small boats can only pass that way."- La Hontan.
"From Skan-na-da-rio's boundless blue."
"The Iroquols name for lako Ontario, meaning a very pretty lake."-Sce Hennepin.
"And a batean forth slowly slipped
Its little wooden anchors tripped,
The boatmen at their poles low bending."
The bateau was a long flat boat sharp at both euds, used to transport heavy articles along the rivers and shores of the lakes. They were propelled by long poles, against which the boatmen plsced their shoulders and pushed with all their strength. In smooth deep places they used oars, and in the broad breezy reaches hoisted a sail.
"About midnight we welghed our little wooden anchors, and one half the men rowed, whilst the others were at rest."- La IIontan.

## gTASZA XLI.

" With pike and corselet, grim and scarred, And measured step, or. strode a guard.

Frontenac had a body of soldiers who were immediately armed around his person, called his guards. "Count Froutenae," says Hennepin, "gave me two of his guards, who understood very well how to manage a canoe, to carry me to Quebec." La IIontan aiso mentions them.

## Notrs.

"Courlers de bois loud chattering went, Beneath their packs of peltry bent."
"Couriers de bois, i.e. forest rangers, are French or Csnsdese; so called from employing their whole llfe in the rough excreise of transporting merchandize goods to the lakes of Canadi, and to all the other nations of the continent in order to trade with the savages." They exchanged their goods for beaver skins, and ran in canoes hundreds of leagues up the rivers and lakes of the country.-See La Hontan.
"The lialf-blood scout, with footstep light,
Passed, glancing round his raptd sight."
Scouts were much employed by the French at that period to track the forest. They were generally half-breeds.
"And rough bateaumen, grouped in bands."
The bateaumen constituted, as well as the couriers de bois, a distinct class by themselves. They assoelated together, and were rude in speech and manner.

STANZA XLII.
"'St. Francis! keep it far awny,' Exclaimed a passing Recollet."

The Recollets were monks of the order of St. Francis. They were the first priests that settled ln Canada, and were employed as missionaries generally amongst the Indians.See Hennepin, who belonged himself to the order.
" A rough Carignan settler said."
"The Carignan Salic̀res were a French regiment which on its return from Hungary, was sent to Canada to make war

## Notes.

against the lroquols, and the greater part of the regiment, after the war, remained in the country and became settlers."Charlecoix's Nourelle France.
The desecndants of this regiment were ever afterwards, and are to this day, enlled Carignans.
" Inush, Merle, the ealumet behold!"
"The savages make use of the calumet for negotiations, and stato affars; for when they have a calumet in their hand they go where they will in safety." - La Iontan.
"One with the calumet may venture amongst bls enemies." - Mirquette.

It was, in faet, the Indian's flag of truce.
" Passed crouching hut and building grey."
Quebec in 1696 (the time of the greater portion of our tale) consisted of houses built of grey stone, interspersed with the sheds and eabins of the fur-traders, hunters, de., de.
gtanza ximi.
" On came the At-o-ta-ho's trend, Leading the file of his tawny band."

The Indians always march in single tile, so as to tread in each other's footprint, and thereby conceal their numbers, and also their trail as much as possible.
"Whllst high he lifted in his hand
That sign of peace, the calumet,
So sacred to the Indian soul,
With its stem of reed, and its dark red bowl,
Flaunting with feathers, white, yellow, and green."
"I must here speak of the ealumet, the most mysterious thing
in the world. The sceptres of our kings are not so much respected, for the savages have such a deference for thls pipe that we may call it the god of peace and war, and the arbiter of life and death. They adorn it with feathers of several colors."-Marquette.
"The head is fincly polished; and the quill, which is commonly two fect and a half long, is made of a pretty strong reed. They tie to it two wings of the most curious hirds they find."- Hennepin.
"The red columets are most estecmed. It is trimmed with white, yeliow, and green feathers, and has the same effect amongst the savages that the flag of friendship has with us; for to violate the rights of thls venerable pipe is amongst them a flaming crime."-Lit Hontan.

Tho calumet is a large smoking.pipe made of marble, most commouly of dark red."-Colden.
gTANZA NLIT,
" A short fusec his shoulders crossed."
"Short and light fusces are in use amongst the savages."La Hontan.
"His head the bristling scalp-lock bore."
"The Indian warrior shaves his head, with the exception of a long loek upon the crown, to facilitate the taking the scalp, should he fall into the power of his enemy.
" A heron plume of snow hung o'er, (Memorial of that bird that swept
Its way to Hah-yoh-wont-hnh dread,
And whose pure plumage long was kept
To deck cach bravest warrior's head.")
Hah-yoll-wont-hah was one of the three projectors and makers of the league, or confederation, of the Iroquois. The other two were At-o-ta-ho and To-gan-a-we-tah. The three
were considered of preternatural origin, and possessed of preternatural qualities. Hah-yoh-wont-hah, however, had dwelt long amongst them, choosing the Onondagas for his nation, and Onondaga jake for his resldence. Here he married and had a daughter, who was regarded almost as divine. Ife instructed his people in the arts of hunting, agriculture, and war, was deepiy venerated, and at last proposed, with the tro others, the alliance. Whilst standing in the midst of the assemblage of the Fire Nations which was congregated on the shores of the lake to join in the league, with his daughter by his side, a rushing sound was heard, and a great white bird swooped from the heavens and fell at the side of Hah-yoh: wont-halh, crushing his daughter in its fall. The warriors around him rushed to phek the plumes from the wings of the bird to phace by their scalp-loeks, and the fenthers were preserved afterwards to adorn the heads of the most valiant warriors of the confederacy. When these feathers became destroyed the phmes of the white heron supplied their places. In process of time, the At-oth-ho aione acquired the right to wear the white heron phume, in his capmeity of head sachen, as well as head war-chief of the confederacy.
The name of this birl was Sah-lah-ga-nh in Seneca, and Hah-googhs in Onondaga. The meaning in both dialects is the bird of the clouds.
" Behind, his mat lung, richly dyed."
The Iroguois warrior always lung hits mat, staned with rieh colors, at his back when equipped fully for his talks, or cercmonial visits to the high personages of the white race.
" And dangling loosely at his side, Itis pouch of rabbit skin was seen."

The pouch held the tobaeco for his pipe. It was generally made of the whoie skin of some small aniunal - a rabbit, fox, or the largest species of squirrel.
"His hatchet o'er hls nuat was slung, Whilst hls long knlfe before hlm hung."

The hatchet or tomaliawk, was carried slung at the back, with the handle up ready for the hand, and the scalping-knife, for the same reason, was placed $\ln$ the wampum belt before.
gTANZA XLV
"'Hai! hail' they sounded of and leud."
The cry, Hal! hal! in the Irequols language is the sign of peace. "There was an Iroquese captain," says Hennepln "who, one day wanting bls bowl, entered into the town of Montreal, in Canadn, crying 'Hal! hail' whleh, in thelr language, is the sign of peace; he was reccived with many caresses of kindness."
"Thus down St. Louls street, that led
To the Place d'Armes, all slowly sped."
The long street that led from the walls of Quebec to the square or Place d'Armes, was calied in Frontenac's time, as it still ls , St. Louis street.

## stanza XlViII.

"What doth my Canada father say?"
The governor-general was styled by the Iroquois Canada father, as well as Yon-non-de-yoh.

BTANZA XIIX.
"Why should the Ongue Honwee host."
"The Flve Nations (or Iroquois) think themselves superior to the rest of all mankind, and eall themselves Ongue Honwee, that is, men surpassing all others."-Colden.

## Notes.

"Why should our pathway with a cloud The brave Ito-do-no-some shroul!"
The confederated nations, although called Iroquols by the French, never adopted the name. The name they bore among themselves was the Ho-de-no-sonne, meaning, the United People, or the people of the Long House. They took this name after they had formed themselves into the league, so often alluded to. The tern Ongue Houwee was a phrase, not a name.
"From distant Misslllimakinak."
"The couriers de bois have a smull settlement at Missilli-makinak."- Ia Ifontan.
" We'll smoke the calumet together."
Smoking tho calunict together ls, with the Indians, a sure sign of friendshij).
"This belt preserves my worls."
"This colier (belt of wampum) confirus or contains my words." This expression frequently oecurs in the speeches of La Barre and Garangula, in their celebrated interview, as described by La IJontam. "Without the intervention of these coliers," says La llontan, "there is no business to be negotiated with the savages; for, being altogether manequainted with writing, they make use of them for contracts und obllgations. In regard that every colicr has its peculiar mark, they learn from the old persons the circumstances of the thme and place in which they were telivered."
"By deeds or singing-birds."
Singing-birds nean, flguratlvely, tule bearers.
"Fusees, to bring the flect moose low;
liackets, to hunt him in the snow."
Fusees were most generally amongst the gifts to the ludians. The snow-shoes were called, as well as the ball-clubs, rackets
by the French, and were used by the savages to hunt the moose and deer in the deep drifts of the winter forests.

## stanza

"When, in his snowy-winged canoe, First Walking Thunder crept to viow."

Walking Thunder was the name given to Champlain, by the Iroquols, on necount of the fire-arms ho carried when they first came $\ln$ contnet with him.
"Tho Adirondack dogs the knife
Against my people held in strife,
IRed ever with their blood."
Champlain, on his first arrival in Canada, found the Addrondacks and Iroquois at war; the former had driven the latter from their hunting-grounds, and were generally suecessfil in their encounters with them.
"Beside that broad and lovely lake, Where dwells the prophet of the winds."
"There is a rock In this lake (Corlear's lake, or lake Champlain, as it is now ealled), on which the waves dash and fly up to a great leight when the wind blows hard. The Indians believe that an old Indian lipes under this rock, who has the power of the winds; and, therefore, as they pass it in their voyages over, they always throw a pipe or some other small present to the old Indian, and pray a favorable wind."- Colden.
" IIerding with these base dogs, the fires Of Walking Thunder ficrecly flashed
Against the bosoms of our sires,
And'to the earth their bravest dashed,
Sudden, as when the lightning's bound
Cleares the prond hemlock to the ground."
"Monsicur Champlain, the first governor of Canada, joined

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the Adirondacks In an expedition agalnst the Five Nations. They met a party of two hundred men of the Flve Nations in Corienr's lake, which the French on this occasloa called by Monsleur Champlain's name, and both sides went ashore to prepare for battle, which proved to the disadvantage of the Flve Nations. The French began to Join battle; and their fire-arms surprised the Five Nations so much that they were immudlately put into confusion, for before that time they had never seen such weapons." - Cuden.
"Warriors who only bowed before
To IIah-wen-ne-yo."
Liah-wen-ne-jo is the name of the Iroquols Creatur, or Great Splrit.
gTANZA LI.
"But the wise Charistoonl came, And gave the dust where slept the fame To our awed sires."
"Charistoonl, or the Iron Workers. This was the name the Ir zuois gave the Dutch, accorling to the Rev. J. Megapolensis, the first clergyman in Renssclacrwyck."-See Moutton'd LIistory of New Netherhand.
It was from the Dutch that the Iroquois first recelved firearms, from which time they began their conquests.
btanza lif.
"Then the good Charistoonl piaced The chain in Coricar's friendly Lands."

After the English conquered the Duteh in 1604, the latter transferred the good-will of the Iroquois to the former. On the 24th of September In that year, the first convention was held between the English and the Iroquois, and a treaty of peace entered into at Albany.
"It was in honor of Corlear, a Dutchman, who was a great faverite with the Indians, that the governors of New York wero named Corlear by the Iroquois."-Sce Sinith's Ilistory of Neto York.
This name was soon extended by them to the English generally.
Corlear was drowned whilst crossing the lake, now known as Lake Champlain. The Indians said, aecoriling to Colden, that he was drowned for not only disregarding to make the customary present to the old Indlan of the roek (see note to Stanza l.), but absolutely moeking him. Tho lake fs, however, to the present time called by hls name by the Iroquols.
" Have dug the batehet from the ground."
Digging the hutchet from the ground means, figuratively, according to Indian ideas, to declaro war.
" And, turning, Dawn of Morning throws
His hatehet, with a look that glows
In glaring fury, at his focs."
"Their (the Iroquois) hatchet, in war time is slung in their girdle behind them; and besides what use they make of this weapon in their hand, they have a dexterous way of throwing it which I have seen them practice in their exercises, by throwing it into a tree. They have, in this way, the art of directing and regulating tho motion, so that though the hatchet turns round as it flles, the edge always sticks in the tree, and near the place at which they aim it."-Collen.

## CANTO THIRD.

STANZA III
"And now round flame and war-post rel."
A arge fire is always kindled whenever the war-dance is to be danced, and beside it a post is planted painted red, and
ealled the war-joat ; and around theme two objects the Iroquols warrions performs the ceremony.

## ntinza V .

" A moose, alow grazing, went."
The mame moone la a corruption of the Indian appellation musee or wool-enter.

## ntanza XX.

"Those maringouitan! swarm on awarm Thronged all the night alout my form!"

Gnats foumil on the lunks of the St. Lawrence in great numbers. La Iloutan mentions them un objects of great ниноу"иere, and we does Kinlus. "The maringoulns," snys La IIontan, " which we enll milges, nre lusufferably trouhlesome In all the countrles of Canadn. We were haunted with such clouds of them that wo thought to be ent upa."

HTANZA XXXI.
"' The Criflin,' snys one, "was strong and fleet."
This was the name, necording to Itemupin, of tho first vessel of civilized man that unvigated the grent lakes. It was fitted out for a voyage of discovery under the command of the celebrated la Salle; Fuhher llemepin (who was one of the number that embarked with him, suys, "The ship was called the Grifin, alluting to the arms of Count Frontenuc."
canto folktif.

## NTANZA I.

"The sun-flred enlanet he hore, scorting its light smokr-offering o'er."
In the Irotuots dances of thankeghing to IIah-wen-ne-yo, it
was enstomary for the premiding priest to present him, accordIng to La Ilontan, with pipes of tobneco lighted at the sun.

RTANZA II.
"Until the sunset's dlpping light, When Dawn of Morning, at the heal Of all hils braves, would, in ita alght, The dance of Hall-wen-ne-yo tread."
"When the sun is alntost down, the warriors mareh out of the village to dance the dance of the Grent Spirt:."-Ia IIontan.

## HTANZA XVI.

" Along the enstle's gallery,
Over the verge of the rock outapread, Whence the vision romed fur and free."
" A fine gallery with a balcony runs the whole length of the castle. It comnands the ronil (harbor), and the lower city nupears mader your feet."- Charlecoix.
"Whilns on the lensin's lake-like brenst,
Was the long spread island in lastre dressed."
"The wide part of tho river Immedintely below Quebec is palled the basin."- Weld's Tratela in Canada.
"Between the clty and the isle of Orleans there ls a basin a full lengue in extent every way, into whtel the river St. Charles Ulischarges itself."-Churleroix.

RTANZA XIX
"Grent as those casques the forms of stone
Displayed - forms terrible, unknown."
There is a tradition amongst the Iroquois that their ancestors were invaded n logg whils ugo hy giants covered with garments mate of stone. These invaders were called the Ot-ne-yar-he, or the Stonish Giants. They were very flerce and

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terrible, and moreover cannibals, devouring men, women, and children, and depopulating in this way wholo villages. Against their stone armor, the arrows of the Iroquois rattled harmlessly and in valn. At jength Hah-wen-ne-yo took pity upon their distress, and, assuming the slinpe of one of these giants, pretended to lead them in search of tho Iroqueis, and at night induced them to lie down together in a hollow. Aseending then an eminence, he rolled great rocks upon them, and buried them underneath
stanza XXVI.
"From her dark hair a feather sprung,
Behind, the usual roller lung.'
The hair of the Iroquois women "is rolled up behind with a sort of ribbon," says La Hontan, "and that roller hangs down to their girdle."
stanza xxviif.
" But ere our Evil Spirit's ire."
The Evil Spirit is brother of IIal-wen-ne-jo the Good Spirit.
"Ere Kah-qua brings another day."
Kah-qua means the sun. The Iroquois personify almost every object in nature of importance, such as the sun, moon and stars, mountains, de.
stanza XXXI.
" The battery's frowning lines she saw."
"By the side of the gallery of the castle there is a battery of twenty-five pieces of cannon." - Charlecoir.

## stanza xxxitt.

"Instant a ball above him sereeched."
A cannon-ball in passing through the air gives a keen sereeching sound.

## CANTO FIFTH.

## stanza m.

"The Bell-roek -
Sending o'er isle and wavo its swell."
Upon tho island of La Cloche in lake Huron, there is a rock, which, when struck, yields a metallic sound like the toll of a bell.
The Indians look upon the spot as subject to supernatural influences, and have a great many superstitions and traditions conneeted with the rock.
stanza vi.
"Take the war-wampum! my command Bear, that the hatchet through the land Uuburied be against my foe!"
The wampum belt is a sign of war as well as of peace, and is sent by means of a runner amongst those who are to be notified of the expected hostilities, so as to rouse them against the commou enemy. The sight of this mute messenger is well understood.
It is aiso sent to the tribes against whom the hostilities are to he directed, to inform them. The unburying the hatchet is, as before explained, a figurative expression denoting a declaration of war.
sTANZA XII.
-"in the trail
Between us sharp thick briers prevail."
"There are briers in the trail between us," is the metaphori-

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cal expression of the savages to signify that diffeulty nad trouble are between two tribes.
bTanza xy.
" His arquebuse rusting for years in its nook."
The arquebuse was a clumsy hand-gun, the pioneer of our musket, and was used in the wars of that period.
stanza xyi.
"The summer sun was sinking bright Behind the woods of Isle Perrot; Back lake St. Louis gleamed the light In rich and mingled glow."

Islo Perrot is situated in the upper or western part of lake St. Louis, where the Ottawa river empties into tise lake. The lake itself stretches its expanse to the westward of Lachine, which is situated upon a small bay of the former.
"The sianting radiance at Lachine
Shone on an animated scene."
Lachine was the piace where Frontenac assembled his army, and whence he embarked on his expedition against the Iro-quois.-See the histories of the period.

## stanza xillt.

"Beneath were the griffins of Frontenae gieaming
In gold, on the breast of a pennon outstreaming."
"The arms of Count Frontenac have twe griffins for sup-porters."-Hennepin.
gTANZA XIX.
"The sunset tints from the lake withorew, And now on the broad expanse was scen,
Here rough Ottawa's tawny hue, There Cataraqui's splendid green."

This is a remarkable sight. The Ottawa dashes into the St. Lawrence with such force and voiume that the discoloration of its waters is seen for a great distance, in contradistinction to the pure beautiful green of the river which receives it. It seems as if the latter shrank from the contaet, to protect its purity as long as possilile from the pollution of the stranger.
stanza xxi.
" De Nonville sought
Our Sencea foemen!"
Several years previous to Frontenac's expedition De Nonville, the immediate predecessor of the former, made a deseent upon the Iroquois, which proved disastrous to him.

## CANTO SIXTH.

stanza 1.
" Along an"Indian trail, that traced Its deep seam through these forests vast."
The trails of the Iroquois, in the time of their power, wound in every direction of their Long House, and, trodden for centuries, were worn deeply in the earth. In some places they were worn three or four ceet deep, and were quite narrow. Dr. Wilson, a Cayuga chief, told me that he had seen parts of these trails sunk knee-deep in the ground, with large trees growing in then.

STANZA XV.
"At length a warrior rose, his breast
Bearing a snake tattooed, its erest
And forked tongue ready."
The Iroquois warriors were in the habit of tattooing upou 41

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their skin their individual totem, which was generally the sigu of some beast, blrd or reptlle. This was in addition to the totem of their clan or family.
stanza XIX.
"In time of snows our old men tell How by our sires the Kals-kwahs fell."
The Kah-kwahs were an Indian nation residing on the banks of Buffalo creek, which was called by the Iroquois De-o.sc-owah, or the place of basswoods. They were defeated in a great battle near where their ehlef village was situated, by the Senecas, who took possession of the locality, reared their own villsge upon $1 t$, and made it the seat of their government or council fire. "It is a site," says Schoolcraft, "around which the Senecas have clung as if it marked an era in their national history."
"De-o-se-o-wah's huts within."
The Senecas called their village mentioned, De-o-se-o-wah.
gtanza xim.
"Qulck it spread,
'Till every quarter pealed lt out."
The Iroquois villages were divided into quarters or districts.
stanza xxil.
" Makes clustered apple-orchards bright,"
Remains of the apple-orchards of the Cayugas are still seeu in the neighbortood of the village of Aurora, which itself occupies the site of the chief village of the ustion, which was called Ko-lah-ue-kah. The trees are mossy, and gnarled, and not inapt emblems of the race whose fathers planted and reared them.

## stanza XLVII

"Earth, we thank thee! thy great frame Bears the stone from whence we came."
The Oncldas deduce their origin from a stone. They call themselves Oncota-aug, people sprung from a stone.
"Thls stone," says Schoolcraft in his Notes on the Iroquois, "is in Stockbridge, Madison county, New York. It lles on a very commanding eminence, from which the entlre Onelda creek valley, as far as the Oneida lake, can be seen in a clear atmosphere. There, in stclusion from thelr enemies, the tribe expanded and grew in numbers. Time and usage rendered the object sacred, and as they expanded into nationality and power while located around it, their sages asserted with metaphorical truth that they sprung from this rock.
"It is a large but not an cnormous houlder of syenite of the erratic block group, and consequently, geologically foreign to the location. There are no rocks of thls species in situ, I believe, nearer to it than the Kayaderosseras, or the Adirondack mountains."

## stanza lvil.

"Men of blood!"
The Mohawks were an exceedingly fierce and warlike nation. They were a terror to their enemies for a great distance, and were known by the appellation of men of blood. This title was a source of great pride to them.

> "Away! stern Bears!"

The word Mohawk is supposed to be derived from the Mohegan word Muk-wa, a bear.

The Mohawk chiefs, in their speech at Albany, in 1690, sympathizlug with the whites on the burning of Schenectady, said, according to Colden, "We are all of the race of the bear; and a bear, you know, never yields while one drop of blood is len. We must all be bears!"

Notis.

## CANTO SEVENTH.

## stanza I.

"The beavers plunged wlthin each mud-built hut, As through their dam of trees a path was cut."
"As we came down the river (Wood Creek) the dykes, formed of branches and elay, whleh the beavers had made in it, produced new difficulties. We could not get forward with the boat till we had cut through them."-Kalm's Travels in North $\mathbf{A}$ merica.
" lia! loek, proud Frontenac ! upon yon tree
The haughty savage still casts scorn at thee !
Drawn on lts naked wood In tints of red,
Thou, with the warriors of thy host, art spread;
Whist at the roots the bundled rushes show
The stern deflance of thy tawny foe!"
"The arny moved slowly along the Oswego river. They found a tree as they passed along, on which the Indians had, in their manner, palnted the French army, and had taid by it two bundles of cut rushes. This was a defiance in the Indian manner, and to tell them ly the number of the rishes that fourteen hundred and thirty-four men would meet them."Colden.
stanza II.
"Broader gleamings upon them break, Through the thick forest - ' the lake, the lake?'"

This was Ouondaga lake, through which Frontenae passed wth his flotilla, and encamped upon its borders neur where the Onondaga ereek joins the lake, and close to the celebrated salt licks.
"Along the margin, a traet of white
Glitters like silver beneath the light; A shont went up - were the old dreans true?
Was treasure there flashing its dazziling hue?"
" About this time (10t0) a party of Spaniards, consisting of twenty-three persons, arrived at the village, having for guides some of the Iroquois, who had been taken captives by some of the southern tribes. They had been informed that there was a lake to the north whose bottom was covered with a substance shining and white, which they took from the Indian's description to be silver. Having arrived at Onondaga lake and the French village, and finding no silver, they seemed hent on a quarrel with the French, whom they charged with having bribed the Indians, so that they would not tell them where the silver might he found."-De Witt Clinton's Memoir on the Antiquities of Western New York:

STANZA III.
"One blaze of silver Gar-noh-gwe-yoh glows."
This is the Onondaga name for the Onondaga lake, according to a sachem of the same nation, known to the whites as Colonel silversmith. IIs Indian name, however, is Ho-no-we-na-to, keeper of the records, which title he bears in accordance with the laws of the Iroquois, which makes the sachemships descend from father to son, like the tities of nobility amongst the whites. Ho-no-we-na-to is a respectable looking, grey-haired man, introduced to me by my friend Dr. Wison. In the conrse of our interview he sang a war-song for me.

$$
\operatorname{stanz} \mathrm{v}
$$

" The Mohawk, oldest brother, keeping Watch the Long House's east poreh o'er."
The Mohawks were considered, necording to Cusick and Schooleraf, as the oldest brothers, and were appointed to keep

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a watch towards the sunrise. They were cslled by the rest of the confederacy, with referenee to their locailty, Do-do-o-gah, meaning message-bearers.
" The flerce, wild Seneca, unsleeping,
Making his breast the western Door.
The Senceas, according to Dr. Wisson, are not the Doorkeepers of the Long House, but the Door itarlf. They were called Swan-ne-ho-ont, meaning the door on tho hinge. A single Seneca was ealled $H o$-ne-ho-ont.
stanza VI.
"Of the eight totems, one each breast
Displayed in hlue tattoo impressed."
The confederacy was subdivided into eight distinet clans or families, without reference to the five tribal distinctions. These suislivisions were distingulished by eight totems, viz: the Tortoise, Bear, Woif, Crane, Snipe, Deer, Beaver, and Ilawk, of which the first three, as beforo observed, (see Stanza il, Canto ii), were the highest in rank. These totems were tattooed, in aldition to their inilividusl ones, upon the naked skin; generaliy upon the breast.
" While frequentiy was seen the mark
Of the IIo-nont-koi next the other,
Which none deciphered but a brother; Order mysterious, secret, dark !"
The Ilo-nont-koh, or secret order of the Iroquois. This was an order answering to our Masonic institution. It was secret, the members bound by the closest ties. Its objects have never transpir:d. Their sign, according to Dr. Wilson, was a stripe tattooed upon the skin.
gTanza Vilf.
"Was the league's cont of arms diaplayed."
The coat of arms described in this stanza was given me by
my îriend, Ely f. Parker, a young Sencea of great intelligence and talent.
stanza X.
"Upon his breast the totem of the Bear."
The At-o-ta-ho of the confederacy belonged to the clan of the Bear.
gtanza xi.
"Thil the first ring of braves was springing Wildly around, all wildly singing."
Thls was the Was-sas-sa-o-nah, or Osage war-dance; so called from its having been borrowed by the Iroquois from the Osage nstion. It is more expressive than their own war dance.
gTANZA XVI.
"And braves whose deeds amidst their enemies Were traced in crimson on the annal-trees."
The Iroquois represent on trees peeled of their bark, in red colors, their expeditions, the deeds of their warriors, the scalps taken, de. "These trees," says Colden, "are the annals of the Five Nations. I have seen many of them, and by them and their war-songs they preserve the history of their achicvements."

## "Some

Striking the war-post."
Striking tho war-post means that those doing so are fitted to be warriors.
sTANZA XX.
"How often has the Great White Bird
Scen us returning from our path
Loaded with scalps, and, joyful, hesrd
The songs that told our warrior wrath !"
This is the bird of the Great Spirit, and is several times

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alluded to in the poen. It takes note of the Iroquols warrlors returning from the war-path with solps, and bears their names to IIah-wen-ne-yo, the nume of the Great Spirit of the Iroquols.
gTANZA XXIII.
"From Inah-rah's drla-wood stream, to where The Pequols on the salt waves sall."

Hah-rah is the Mohawk namo for Scholanric creek, meaning Inti-wool, from the quantities of floating trees and branches that were in it.
The Mohawks extended their conquests to the sea-wide ln an easterly ilrection, overcoming the Pequoils, whe were the largest and most formidable of the tribes in that directlon.
btanza xxiv.
"Inst, On-on-dah-gahs ! always truc : Proud people of the hills!"

The Onondagas were called among the confederacy, the people of the hills, the word On-on-dah-guh, meaning literally in Iroquols, on the hill.
"Of has De-kan-e-so-ma's volec
Of music made your souls rojoice;
If from Sken-ec-ta-da his speech."
De-kan-e-so-ra was an Onondaga sachem, living at the period of our tale, and was very relebrated as an orator. Colden frequently mentlons hlm, ned said that "he resembled much the bust of Clecro." Ife generally represented the Onondagas at the conventions at Altany, between the Iroquois and the Eugllsh, and was very frequently there. Sken-ec-ta-da was the Iroquoly name for Albany,
" Heart of the league."
The Onondaga canton was the central one of the confederacy.
gTANZA XXXIV.
"Like the blind rattiesnake, will yo With your sharp fangs your own thesh tear!"
The rattlesnake, at a certain period of the year, becomes blind. It is then more feroclous than ever; and, If attacked, in rage at not belng ahle to see lts enemy, it will strike its fange into its own flesh.

## gTANZA XXXV.

"The combat also had renewed Suspleion of the IIo-nont-koh sway."
The order of the Ho-nont-koh was slways regarded with suspicion by those of tho Iroquois who were not members of it. To thls day some of them assert it was instituted for wicked purposes.

## gTANZA XXXVII.

"From yon tall ping the feeblest eye
Can view the waters of the lake
Where the three wise ones formed the tle."
Onondaga lake, from which the chief village of the Onondagas was situated only some five or six milles, was the spot where the league was formed under the dlrection and superIntendenco of Hah-yoh-wont-hah, At-o-ta-ho, and To-gan-a-we-tah.
"Whose records yo at feasts have he ard
Ho-no-we-na-to of repeat."
The only records of events which the Iroquols, as a neople, possess, are the records of that, by far the most important epoch of their history, the formation of their confederac. A sachem of the Onondagas was appointed to keep them, called Ho-no-we-na-to (meaning literally kceper of the records), and at feasts, and other important assemblages either of the nation or whole league, he was aecustomed to repeat them for the
information of his hearers, aul to instil in them love and reneration for the confederacy itself and the objects of it
"And from steru Yon-non-le.yoh fly As it he were the O.yal-kher black Coming on his devouring track. No! when he comes, ye'li be, oh brares! Like that bold creature from the waves, That rose and made the enemy, Fieree as he was, hack, bleeding, flee."
" Rumors began to be rife of the appearance of an extraordinary and feroclous animal in various places, under the name of the great O-yal-kher, or Mammoth Bear. One morning while a party of hunters were in their camp, near the bauks of a lake in the Onelda country, they were alnmed by a great tumult brenking out from the lake. Golag to see the canse of this extraordinary noise, they saw the monater on the bank rolling down stones and logy into the water, and exhiblting the utmost signs of rage. Another grent nnimal, of the cat kind, with great paws, came out of the water and seized the bear. $\Lambda$ dreadful fight ensued; and in the end, the bear was worsted, and retired, horribly lamed."一Schooleraft's Notes on the Iroquois.

## TANZA XXXIX.

"Braves! hear agaln the words of dread, By bright To-gan-n-we-tah sald,
A huadred hundred moons ago!"
To-gan-a-we-tah was regarded by the Iroquols as a preternatural belog ; he is described as a young man of a remarkably beautiful person, so beautiful that Hah-wen-ne-yw himself might envy him - very good and very whe. He was, as before stated, one of the three makers of the league, and
appenred anddeuly amidat the people, Just hefore the agitation of the subject, no one knowing whence he enme. After the formation of the confederncy, he uttered the following extraordinary prophecy. Sald he, "When the white throata shall eome, then, If ye are ilvided, you will pull down the Long Jlouse, cut down the tree of peace, and put out the councll fire."
These words (given to mo ly Dr. Wilson, an Iroquols chlef, as before stated, as the literal prophecy) mado a deep and lasting impression upon the minds of all who heard them. To-gan-a-we-tah, as soon as he had uttered the prophecy, disappeared as suddeuly as ho appeared, and was seen no more, but his prophecy was remembered.
The Iroquols had never heard of the existence of the whites, and could not therofore understand what the term white throats meant. They kept looking out, however, from that timo, during generations, for the appearance of the objects described ln the sayling, and when the white men came, they

- discovered ut last the meaning of the words. How the propheey has been fulfilled, is now a matter of history.
gTANZA Xiv.
"'Twoukl come like that swift bird of snow, By the Cireat Spirit sent to bay, To IIah-yah-wont-hal, 'Come away!'"
(Sce note to Stanza xliv., Canto li.) This bird was supposed by the Iroquols to have been sent by Hah-wen-ne-yo to tell Hah-yol-wont-hah that his misslon being accompllahed he must return to the happy hunting-grouuds.
"And walting thy lov'd presence there
The unfalling strawberry will prepare."
The Iroquols believe that when they reach the happy hunt-

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ing grounds, the Great Spirit will provide for them the most delieious fruits known to their woods, chlef of which will be the strawberry. One large berry of the latter will be placed before each, divided into four parts which, as fast as they are consumed, will be successively renewed, thus making one unfailing and eternal strawberry for the reciplent's use.
" Thy feet by day
Be like the tireless moose's way; ${ }^{\text {n }}$
La Hontan relates that the Indlans told him "the moose could trot three days and nights without Intermission."

## sTANZA XLVII.

"One pearly cloud was melting there Like Hah-ybh-wont-hah's white canoe, When upward through the summer sir, He vanished from the people's view Amid the sky's triumphal strain, Its welcome to his home again."

The traditions of the Iroquols concerning the three framers of the league are excecdingly interesting and romantle. After the accomplishment of the confedersey, To-gan-a-wetah, as before remarked, on the delivery of his extraordinary prophecy, suddenly disappeared, snd was supposed to have returned to the hearens, whilst IIal-yoh-wont-hsh was seen by the assembled multitude to ascend amidst bursts of the sweetest melody, in a snow-white canoe which had auddenly shot down from the aky, rising higher and higher, until he melted away in the upper distance. At-o-ta-ho alone remained to place himself at the head of the confederacy, and leave his name and authority to a long line of successors.

## CANTO EIGHTH.

## stanza III.

"Upon their creaking wheels the cannon rolled, Jolting o'er roots, or sinking in the mould; In a carved chair behind, amidst a throng Of nobles Frontenac was borne along,"
"The Count de Frontenac was carried in a chair directiy after the artillery."-Colden.
"Still on they struggled, ranks and files were lost, And as chance willed it, strode the motley host."
"It was impossible to keep order in passing through thick woods, and in passing brooks."-Colden.

## sTANZA IV,

"That startled deer! how fiercely doth he beat With his black hoofs the earth - hark, hark, how shrill His whistle!

The American deer, when suddenly startled, stamps with his fore-feet vlolently, and gives birth to a shrill, whistling noise.

## STANZA XII.

"Siow sauntering onward went a musketeer, His huge piece slung within his bandoleer;"
The bandoleer was a strap attached to the person, and used to support the weight of the ponderous musket of those days. This name was also given to a strap slung around the shoulder containing ciarges of ammunition.

## Notes.

## CANTO NINTH.

gTANZA XVIII
" And in the bright hunting grounds waitiug him, he Was acenting the feast of the strawberry."

When an Iroquois is dying with a calm and tranquil comntenance, those around him say, "he is scenting the strawberry of the Great Spirit !"



[^0]:    *Tcar-jis-ta-yo in Iroquois.

[^1]:    * An exclamation in Iroquole, expreseive of joy or triampb.

[^2]:    * Ga-nu-yath In Iroquols.

[^3]:    - Ks hala-kah in On-on odah-gah.
    $\uparrow$ Ha-no-ga-ale-geh in On-on-dah-gah.
    ₹ The Sun in On-on-dah.gah.

[^4]:    TIIE WAR-IIATCHET.
    THE WILDERNESS.
    $\mathrm{TH}_{\perp}$ CATARACT
    THE SENECAS.
    LEAPING PANTHER
    CAYUGA LAKE
    TIIE GAYUGAS.

    THE ONEIDAS.
    THE STRAWBERRY DANCE.

    THE CANOE VOYAGE.
    TIIE MOHAWK'S SEALP DANCE.

[^5]:    *The pre-tree in On-on-dah-gah.

