

Vol. I. No. 18.

TORONTO, SATURDAY, AUGUST 1st, 1885.

15 CENTS PER COPY.



RECEPTION OF THE SHARPSHOOTERS OF THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S FOOT GUARDS ON THEIR RETURN TO OTTAWA. (From a Photograph by Topley.)



been reluctantly resolved for the present to forego the possible advantages to be gained by establishing this journal on a permanent basis.

The publishers beg, in conclusion, to express their warm appreciation of the encouragement extended to their enterprise, and desire to say that they feel particularly indebted to those who, by furnishing sketches or photographs, have enabled them to perform their undertaking with such marked success.

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of the CANADIAN PICTORIAL AND ILLUS-TRATED WAR NEWS, complete, from No. 1 to No. 18 inclusive, may be obtained of the Grip Printing and Publishing Com pany at the following low prices : With ordinary cloth binding, \$3.25 per volume; cloth binding and gold stamp on side, twenty-five cents additional.

THE BATTLES OF CUT KNIFE CREEK AND FISH CREEK.

It is opportune to announce that the Grip Printing and Publishing Company have in preparation two lithographs, in five colors, similar in style to the "Capture of Batoche," showing correctly the topography of the battlefields at Fish Creek and Cut Knife Hill, together with the positions occupied by the troops who participated in each engagement. As the sketches from which these views have been drawn were submitted for the criticism and suggestions of officers and men who fought in the engagements represented, full confidence is entertained in the accuracy of the details. The retail price of each picture will be 30 cents, and it is expected they will be ready in about ten days.

THE SOUVENIR NUMBER.

of the Illustrated WAR News has been specially prepared with a view to meet the demand for a moderate-priced history of the Rebellion and its suppression, suitably illustrated. Part No. 1 (price 50 cents) is already in the hands of the booksellers and newsdealers. Part No. 2 (same price) is now in course of preparation, and will, we confidently believe, meet with equally general acceptance. It will contain numerous illustrations by Mr. F. W. Curzon, our special artist with Gen. Middleton's command, and others who took part in the recent campaign. This publication will be ready in the course of a few days to place in the hands of the trade, and it will embrace that portion of the history of the campaign which commences at the battle of Fish Creek and terminates with the departure of the troops from Fort Pitt for home.





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prise, which they have carried on with unabated success to the close of the operations of the North-West Field Force, and the return to their respective homes of the gallant troops who composed it. With this phase of the history of Canada the career of the ILLUSTRATED WAR News terminates. The present issue (No. 18) of this publication will accordingly bring the series to a close.

the campaign upon which the volunteer

militia entered with such patriotic enthusi-

asm, suggested the publication of an illus-

trated weekly paper devoted to this

exclusive subject. The gratifying appre-

ciation which the undertaking met with

at the hands of the public encouraged the

publishers to persevere with their enter-

In view of the fact that the Grip Printing and Publishing Company are already engaged in an extensive publishing business, they do not feel warranted just now in embarking upon the unknown sea they would be called upon to navigate if they continued the issue of an illustrated journal in these "piping times of peace." An endeavor has been made, by circulars sent to the retail newsdealers, to ascertain the extent of the support that could be relied on ; but, the satisfactory responses not having been commensurate with the expectations indulged in, it has

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COL. MILLER'S MISTAKE.

ACCORDING to the reports in the papers, Col. Miller, of the Queen's Own, has dismissed from the service, in disgrace, one Private McLean, of No. 4 Company, for writing a letter to a Hamilton paper which reflected upon Col. Otter in the Cut Knife Creek fight. The offender was not present at the final parade last Saturday when this decision was publicly announced, being in fact absent without leave.

The Regulations and Orders for the Militia say that "anonymous complaints and the publication of anything calculated to act seriously on the interests of the service, or to excite discontent in the army, are strictly for bidden," but it is more than doubtful whether a proper course has been taken

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for the punishment of the alleged culprit. The commanding officer of a corps cannot deal with a man who is not before him, nor does it seem just that he should pronounce sentence without affording the offender a chance to meet his accusers. Moreover, it would appear that Col. Miller has arrogated to himself a power which could only be exercised by a court-martial, for the Articles of War distinctly state (see Sec. 117) that any general, district, or garrison court-martial may "in addition to any other lawful punishment, sentence any offender to be discharged from our service with ignominy."

It is well, perhaps, for Col. Miller that he is not Col. Ouimet, that he does not command the 65th instead of the Queen's Own, and that McLean is not Conway, a Protestant member of a Catholic battalion. Otherwise, this case would now be the chief subject of discussion by the party press.

ALMOST as soon as the troops from the North-West have reached their respective headquarters have they been released from active service, and consequently relegated once more to the freedom from restraint enjoyed in civil life. It has seemed somewhat hard to many that the organisations with which they have been connected for four months should so suddenly be disrupted ; but the large majority of the officers and men are well pleased, now that no more fighting is to be done, to doff their well-worn uniforms and resume their ordinary attire along with their civil avocations.

In dismissing the Queen's Own from active service, Lieut.-Col. Miller, who enjoys the respect of all the men under his command, availed himself of the opportunity to state publicly that there had been no friction between Col. Otter and himself. The most cordial feelings existed between them, and when parting, he felt that he was parting from a friend. Then in regard to the Grenadiers and themselves, he wished to say that there was no ill-feeling between them. The feeling between them was just what it should be. There was a spirit of emulation and that was all. We hope this statement will set at rest for ever the calumnious stories set on foot of jealousy and ill-will existing between the battalions which have performed with equal efficiency the duties respectively assigned them. As regards the Cut Knife Creek affair, close enquiries of officers and members of corps who participated in that engagement tend to fully confirm the reports of the gallantry shown by the members of the Queen's Own who took part in the expedition against Poundmaker.

In dismissing the Royal Grenadiers from active service, Lieut.-Col. Grassett, of whom it is gratifying to hear nothing but warm eulogiums from members of the corps, after making acknowledgments to the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men -specially mentioning Sergt. Munro, of the Infantry School Corps, who performed the functions of sergeant-major — observed that in no single instance has a man showed he regretted he had gone to the front. There were some men who were not physically constituted to stand the privations so well as others, but this was the only corps in the field which did not send any noncommissioned officer or man to the rear, unless wounded or invalided through sickness. In conclusion, he said : "Though it is far from my wish to take away from the credit of any other corps, or to attach to this battalion more credit than they are entitled to, yet I feel compelled to say that I do not think that you have recieved yourhonest, fair meed of praise in regard to the final battle of Batoche. (Cheers.) You know that that was essentially a soldiers' battle, under the personal direction of the commanding officers. It was no day for the officers to show their knowledge of strategy. It was a day for the soldiers to fight with rifle and bayonet, and you did it. (Cheers.) Your officers and myself feel sorry that you have not been given all the credit to which you are entitled for your action on that memorable day." (Cheers.)

THE Globe has made the brilliant suggestion that the volunteers should be allowed to keep their old uniforms, after the same have been condemned as unfit for further service. Such a proposition was hardly necessary, as it is never customary to take condemned clothing that has been used back into store. Indeed, it is to be doubted if the old tunics have any value, except so much per pound as old rags, now that the girls have claimed all the buttons off them as souvenirs; except such tunics as that worn by Corporal Halliwell, of the Midland Battalion, which shows seven perforations by bullets. Stains of mud or perspiration, and even threadbare elbows, can, by no stretch of sentiment, be regarded as worthy of preservation for their own sakes.

THE brief trial of William Henry Jackson, the alleged Secretary of Riel's council, has terminated, at the suggestion of the Crown counsel, in a verdict of acquittal on the ground of insanity. It is clear from the evidence that the exciting political events in which Jackson participated brought on softening of the brain, the symptoms of which were no doubt aggravated by the cruelty with which the unfortunate man was treated while held as a prisoner by Riel, who, in this case as in that of Thomas Scott, showed that the "new religion," of which he professes to be the prophet, is not characterized by the ordinary dictates of humanity.

THE endeavor to make a hero of Lieut. Howard, "the man with the Gatling," is still being perpetrated by a section of the press, in defiance of all the facts and of any exercise of common sense. Voilà one of the latest attempts to carry on the "boom" first started by a correspondent of the Mail, who was not present at Batoche, but for whom Howard asserts that he formed a "close friendship."

"OTTAWA, July 25.-The Gatling gun, used by Capt. Howard with such good effect at Batoche, arrived here yesterday, and was visited by a large number of people. There seems to be a very general belief, based on the reports of those who saw the weapon in action, that it was of little use, except, perhaps, that it served to demoralize the enemy, and this even it did not do so well as the shrapnel of the field guns. After Batoche, of all the killed on the battlefield but one could positively be said to have been struck by bullets from the gun, though thousands were fired. Much difficulty seems to have been experienced in getting the correct range, even when practising at a fixed target, and the general conclusion come to by practical men is that the Gatling is not suited for bush fighting or rough campaign work, however useful it might be in repelling an attack in close order, or in clearing a street or defile."

The above is a despatch to the Montreal Witness from an intelligent correspondent who coolly states that the Gatling (wonder if it was the dummy shown in Toronto) was used with "such good effect" at Batoche in his opening sentence, and then sets to work in the remainder of his telegram to prove that "it was of little use."







L. A. MORRISON, General Agent,

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TRIAL OF LOUIS RIEL.

It has been said that "liars should have good memories," and surely Louis Riel must have forgotten the incriminating documents in his own handwriting and above his own signature, addressed to Major Crozier, when he wrote to Dr. Fiset denying that he was the chief promoter of the armed rising. The evidence produced by the Crown leaves no doubt as to what the verdict ought to be, and everything points to the probability of the plea of insanity constituting the sole defence of the prisoner's counsel.

NOTICE TO CONTRIBUTORS.

WE regret that the pressure upon our columns for the last two numbers and the resolution to discontinue the issue of this periodical should prevent us from publishing various photographs and sketches of no small public interest, forwarded to us with the view of their reproduction in these pages. After Part II. of the Souvenir Number has gone to press we shall be happy to return any such unused contributions, if the desire be made known to the editor by post card.

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148

TYPICAL SPECIMENS OF THE RECEPTION DECORATIONS.

 (1) The Globe building, 26 & 28 King St. East, Toronto. (2) Premises of Messrs. A. H. Dixon & Son, 305 King St. West, Toronto. (3) "He quarters" of Mr. M. McConnell, wholesale dealer in cigars, etc., 46 & 48 King St. East, Toronto. (4) Publishing office of the Star (J. Graham & Co.), St. James St., Montreal. (5) The Victoria Tea Warehouse, 93 King St. East, Toronto. (6) Head office of Messrs. Elias Rogers & Co., Coal and Wood Merchants, 22 King St. West. (3) "Head-



GRAND MILITARY DEMONSTRATION IN MONTREAL, JULY 25th. (From Sketches by Mr. P. Roy.) (1) Scene on Fletcher's Field—the Brigade marching past. (2) The Pyrotechnic display on Mount Royal.



(1) Arrival of the remains at Owen Sound—from a photograph by Mr. Wm. Craig.
 (2) Scene in the waiting-room of the C.P.R. railway station at Owen Sound—from a sketch.
 (3) The funeral procession passing up Walton Street on the way to the cemetery—from a photograph by Mr. Ed. Hamly.
 (4) Portrait of the deceased officer, by Topley, of Ottawa.
 (5) Floral tribute from the ladies of Port Hope, prepared by Mr. James Pape, of Toronto.



149

THE LAKE ROUTE HOME.

The C. P. R. Steamship Alberta, at Sault Ste. Marie, passing through the locks in view of the United States troops. (2) The C. P. R. Steamship Athabasca, which brought down the Montreal Garrison Artillery, the Foot Guards, the Queen's Own, and the Royal Grenadiers. (From Photographs by Notman & Sons.)



THE MILITARY HOLIDAY AT MONTREAL.

In obedience to the proclamation of the Mayor, Montreal on Saturday, the 27th ult., donned her holiday attire. The occasion was one of no ordinary interest, and in keeping with its importance the whole-heartedness with which the citizens decided to celebrate the holiday displayed more enthusiasm than is usual in such cases. The civic holiday might be said to have a double significance : first, to enable the people of the city of Montreal to do honor to the brave volunteers who, during a hazardous campaign, had been a credit to Montreal, and had raised her name as a military city to the same pre-eminent dignity which she holds as the commercial metropolis of the Dominion. The second object was to show that, although the Garrison Artillery and the Mount Royal Rifles were the heroes of the day, there were other volunteers in Montreal ready to do and dare in the defence of their country either from insurrection within or from invasion without her borders. The weather-a most important factor in the success of all out-door demonstrations, was beautifully fine. At 3 o'clock the volunteers began to muster on the historic drill ground of the Champ de Mars. All being ready the brigade left the ground by the west gate in the following order :--

brigade was called to attention, being massed in line of contiguous columns at fifteen-pace intervals. Officers and colors were ordered to the front and the general salute was given, when the order to open out to thirtypace intervals from the Engineers followed. After this movement the brigade marched past, each regiment being played past by its own band, and the Royal Scots by the pipes and drums. Each of the battalions as they marched past was greeted with cheers by the assembled thousands, the 65th and Garrison Artillery-who had just returned from the front-marching by amid deafening applause.

Dinner over, the fall-in was sounded, and the troops, headed by Lieut.-Col. Harwood and the staff, left the grounds, proceeding by way of St. Lawrence Main Street to Craig Street, the several regiments proceeding to their respective armories. It was intended to have the troops proceed to the Champ de Mars prior to being dismissed, but the men, after being for nearly six hours under a broiling sun and arms, were anxious to get home. The display of fireworks on the brow of the mountain was hardly so fine as was expected ; this was not owing, however, to an insufficient quantity of fireworks, but because they were let off too quickly, the display only lasting about fifteen minutes. Six stations were fitted up on various parts of the mountain. The signal to start was to have been a colored light burning in the central station, but some of the boys were too impatient and started off ahead of time, blazing away as if for dear life. The others soon caught on, and it appeared for some minutes as if a hostile army were bombarding the city from Mount Royal.

MEMBERS of the Queen's Own are loud in their praises of the conduct of the Ambulance Corps at Cut Knife Creek.

GEN. MIDDLEION and Lieut.-Governor Dewdney have gone to the Rockies after seeing Crowfoot.

THE Cavalry School Corps, under Col. Turnbull, having been ordered home from the North-West, are now on their way to headquarters in the City of Quebec.

THE citizens of Calgary have sent to Montreal for a diamond ring worth \$200 for Inspector Steele of the Mounted Police, who so distinguished himself in command of the scouts with Gen. Strange's brigade.

COL.-SERGEANT CUSACK, of the Royal Grenadiers, who was with Capt. Young when some of Riel's papers were found, expects to be



Montreal Troop of Cavalry. St. John's Infantry School Corps (military police for the day).

police for the day). St. John's Infantry School and brass band. Lieut.-Col. Worsley, A.D.A.G., commanding brigade : Capt. Clapham, cavalry, and Lieut. Freer, 38th Regiment, A.D.C's. Montreal Garrison Artillery and band. Sixty-fifth Battalion and band. Prince of Wales Rifles and drum band. Montreal Engineers with fife and drum band. Fifth Royal Scots with pipes and bugle band. Sixth Fusiliers and band.

Victoria Rifles of Canada and band-

proceeding along St. James Street, Victoria Square, Beaver Hall Hill, through Phillips Square, Union Avenue, Sherbrooke Street, and Park Avenue, to Fletcher's field. The heat was most oppressive, telling upon the men, causing several to fall out en route. The reviewing officer having arrived, the

LIEUT. HALLIWELL, Col.-Sergt. Wrighton, Sergt. Christie, and Corporal Halliwell, of the Midland Battalion, all of whom were wounded at Batoche, were quartered at the Northerner, the first hotel in Port Arthur, until their corps arrived from Winnipeg The Government in all cases boarded the wounded, irrespective of rank, at first-class hotels and gave them saloon passages on the steamers.

subpoenaed to give evidence at the trial of Riel at Regina.

THE excitement over a gold find at the Big Bend of the Columbia River in British Columbia still continues. Gold is found on McCullough Creek, fifty miles above the second crossing of Columbia and near the famous field of 1859.

PRIVATE ALEX. Ross, No. 4 Company, Royal Grenadiers, was married on Friday, the 24th ult. He was at Batoche, and will claim the stove promised to the first volunteer entering the matrimonial state after the return from the North-West.

ALL of the volunteer corps who returned to or passed through the city of Toronto, were liberally supplied with cigars by Mr. W. E. Dobson, who availed himself of this excellent method of introducing his new brands entitled "Brave Boys" and "General Middleton."

THE question of the alleged looting after the capture of Batoche is still being agitated, and an investigation by unofficial commis, sioners is being insisted on by Le Manitobaa Conservative organ of the Metis. It is alleged that Mr. Bedson, chief of the transport service, personally appropriated Gabriel Dumont's billiard table and had it transported at the public expense to the Manitoba Peni-tentiary, of which he is the warden.

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RETURN OF THE 7TH BATT. FUSIL-IERS.

THE steamer Alberta, with the 7th Batt. Fusiliers, of London, on board, arrived at Sarnia from Port Arthur at an early hour on the 24th ult. The citizens were not expecting the steamer until nine o'clock, and there was but a spare attendance at the wharf, compared with the vast crowds assembled the previous Monday to greet the Halifax Battalion. As soon as the presence of the troops was known the citizens began to pour down the streets, and by the time the men had disembarked and transferred their baggage and equipment to the cars in waiting, the whole population was in readiness to receive them. The 7th band came down from London by the 9.30 train, and together with the 27th Batt. band, headed the triumphal march through the streets, which were made gay for the occasion by a brilliant display of banners and bunting. On arriving at the Town Hall the reeve read a congratulatory address to the officers and men of the battalion, to which Col. Williams briefly but feelingly replied. At the close f his remarks arms were piled, and the battalion marched into the large hall, where a luncheon of fruits, sandwiches and lemonade had been prepared by the ladies of the town. At the close of the luncheon the chairman, Mr. D. McKenzie, proposed the health of the Queen, which was received with cheers and the singing of "God Save the Queen." Mr. R. S. Gurd, in a patriotic speech, proposed the health of the officers and men of the 7th Battalion. U. S. Consul Pace was called upon, and happily addressed the volunteers. Mayor McMillan, M.P., responded, returning the heartiest thanks of the 7th for the very handsome reception given by the citizens of Sarnia. Col. Williams proposed the ladies of Sarnia, who had prepared the refreshments and waited so attentively on the men. Chaplain Ball replied on the part of the ladies, and the proceedings were brought to a close by cheers for the Queen. The men boarded the train and left for London about 2 p.m., highly pleased with their reception at Sarnia.

Telegrams were sent to London as the train neared the city, and as it entered the limits a salute was fired by the London Field Battery. In a very few minutes later the train drew up at the platform, and, as the boys sprang out, they were literally received in the arms of a vast multitude of waiting friends. In a frenzy of joy the people cheered and cheered the returned heroes as their bronzed and weatherbeaten faces appeared outside the coaches. In this outburst of welcoming enthusiasm all order was lost and it was fully twenty minutes before the men fell into their places. Then the ladies of London South presented each one of them with a bouquet and bade them welcome home. A line of procession was formed, headed by over 100 veterans of the Fenian raid, who were followed by the Cavalry Corps and the London Field Battery. Then came the 7th. As they marched up the streets the people gave full vent to the emotions within them and from thousands of throats a continuous chorus of thrilling cheers arose. They passed under an almost unbroken awning of brightly coloured streamers and evergreens, while decorations hung from almost every building. Arches had been erected in great numbers, and at the intersection of Dundas and Richmond Streets a gallery full of choristers sang "Rule Britannia " as the 7th halted. Words fail to convey any idea of the unbounded demonstrations of joy that followed, and it must do for the present that London has never seen such a day in her history. At the drill shed lunch was served, and then the men dispersed. On Tuesday evening a grand banquet was given to the returned troops.

mand, had been directed by Gen. Middleton to land the troops above Sault Ste. Marie and march them to a point below the rapids where they could be re-embarked. the march being estimated at about ten miles. The object of this arrangement was to obviate any difficulty arising with the United States authorities as to passing through the locks. Capt. Anderson, however, demurred to any action of the kind, contending that the boat had not been chartered by the Government, and accordingly his authority as commander was not affected by the presence of troops on board. He accordingly made up his mind to run the vessel through the locks in the usual way, though many on board thought it exceedingly doubtful whether the attempt would be successful. Before reaching the locks, however, the troops were all ordered down below, and the port-holes closed. All officers who remained on deck, with the single exception of Col. Deacon, doffed their uniform jackets and caps so as not to appear conspicuous, and quietly awaited developments. On entering the channel by which the locks are approached, a sergeant of the U. S. infantry from the adjacent military post, carrying his rifle, was observed approaching, and then presently came into view some twenty-five additional soldiers, armed and accoutred, together with two officers, assembled at the locks. It now began to look as if preparation had been made to seize or turn back the steamer, and developments were awaited with increased interest. No molestation was offered, however, and it soon became apparent that the troops were simply crossing the locks to engage in ball practice at a target erected on the strip of land between the locks and the rapids. Since then other corps have passed through without any attempt at concealment, and therefore had no similar experience.

OBSEQUIES OF COL. WILLIAMS, M.P.

THE remains of this gallant and popular officer, who commanded the Midland Battalion during the recent campaign, were finally laid to rest in the cemetery at Port Hope, on Tuesday, the 22nd ult., when the largest military funeral took place that has occurred in Canada of late years. Our illustrations of the events in connection with the last honors paid to Col. Williams show the triumphal arch erected by the people of Owen Sound to celebrate the return of the North-West Field Force, draped in mourning on the occasion of the arrival of the C. P. R. steamer with the coffin ; also a view of the latter as it remained in the waiting room of the station, pending the departure of the train. The views at Port Hope represent the head of the procession filing up the leading street of the town, and a beautiful floral tributeone of the very large number from various quarters-contributed by the ladies of Port Hope. On account of the great personal popularity of Colonel Williams, the funeral procession contained representatives from almost every station of life, from the Lieut.-Governor of Ontario and Cabinet Ministers of the Dominion to the various benevolent societies of the town and district. In the military part, nearly 150 officers unattached to either of the corps present under arms attended to show their respect for the memory of the deceased. The entire Midland Battalion, who had gone into camp in the public park in the outskirts of the town, composed the escort and firing party, under the command of Lieut.-Col. Deacon. The town of Port Hope was crowded with strangers on this occasion, the hotel-keepers reaping a rich harvest and something more, if those who had experience of the extortion practised at the Queen's for meals of the most meagre and inferior character may be accepted as authority. The town generally exhibited mourning decorations, only a single dwelling-house being observed by the writer which did not expose a mourning emblem of some kind.



THE C.P.R. LAKE ROUTE.

WE gave a brief description in our last number, that would be incomplete without illustrations of the vessels themselves, which are models of symmetry, speed, security and comfort. Their normal rate of speed is fourteen miles per hour, which can be increased to eighteen whenever circumstances require lost time to be made up. As a rule, however, if not delayed by fog, each stage of the distance is performed with the most perfect regularity, according to the time-table. This is accomplished by the simple device of increasing the number of revolutions of the screw if a head wind should be encountered. and of decreasing the same when the breezes are favorable. The first steamer to bring back troops by this route was the Alberta, which took on board at Port Arthur the Midland Battalion and the 9th Quebec Voltigeurs. Col. Van Straubenzee, D.A.G., who had com-

THOMAS SCOTT, one of Riel's sympathizers at Prince Albert, has been quietly re-arrested and sent to Regina for trial. He had been indulging in some "big" talk of late.

MR. BEDSON, chief transport officer of the North-West Field Force, who is warden of the Manitoba Penitentiary, presented Capt. Mutton, adjutant of the Queen's Own contingent, with a buffalo bull calf from his herd of fifty-three at Stoney Mountain. Mr. J. J. Withrow, President of the Industrial Exhibition Association, has promised to keep it in the Exhibition park until after the exhibition. It will be the property of the battalion, and has been named "Poundmaker."

Can be retained on the weakest stomach

when all other food is rejected.

MONTREAL,





RECEPTION OF THE 7TH BATT. FUSILEERS, AT LONDON, ONT.

(1) Richmond Street, looking south.

From Sketches furnished by a member of the "Free Press" staff.
(2) The Gregg House. (3) Corner of Dundas and Richmond Streets. (4) Carling Street.
(5) Lewis Arch. (6) The Drill Shed.