SAINT JOHN, NEW-BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1850.

THE Weekly Chronicle.

"Nec Regis, Nec Populi, sed utroque."

Volume 14. Number 44.

THE SAINT JOHN CHRONICLE,

Is published every Friday afternoon, by DURANT & Co., at their Office in the Brick Building of L. W. Dovoher & Son, west side Prince Wm.-st.

☞ Visiting and Business Cards, (plain and ornamental,) Handbills, Blanks, and Printing generally, neatly executed.

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Chronicle Office, Saint John, N. B.

Weekly Almanack.

[The time of high water here given is for P. M.]

June		d.	Sun. s	Moon s.	w.	
22	Saturday,	4	20 7	45 10	54	1 36
30	Sunday	4	20 7	46 11	15	2 16
1	Monday,	4	21 7	46 11	47	3 7
2	Tuesday,	4	22 7	46 —	—	4 8
3	Wednesday,	4	22 7	46 0	17	5 25
4	Thursday,	4	23 7	45 0	43	6 44
5	Friday.	4	24 7	44 1	14	7 49

Last Quarter 24 July. 1h 33m aft.

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84, *King William street, Mansion house, London*

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Four fifths of the profits given every *five* years to the Assured by the participation scale.

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LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY
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Capital, £500,000 sterling.

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April 2, 1850.—6ins. fi's.

ROYAL MAIL STAGE
BETWEEN
St. John and St. Andrews,
DAILY.

THE subscriber having become contractor for conveying Her Majesty's Mails between St. John and St. Andrews, hereby gives notice that his carriages will leave each of the places, every morning, (Sundays excepted,) going through on the same day.

Passengers travelling on the route, will receive every attention from the Proprietor of the line, with whom they are requested to leave their names, or at the St. John Hotel, where Stage Books will be kept. GEORGE CHRISTY.

Fresh Seeds.

Received from the "Boston Agricultural Seed Establishment."

A FULL supply of Fresh GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS, warranted the growth of 1849.

ALSO—

5 bsls. RED CLOVER;
10 do. Grass SEED, growth of New-Brunswick.
For sale at No. 1, North side Market Square.
April 13. WM. O. SMITH.

THE ACCOMMODATION BILL.

SUCH of the incidents of the following narrative as did not fall within my own personal observation, were communicated to me by the late Ralph Symonds, and are the dying confession of James Hornby, one of the persons killed by the falling of the iron roof of the Brunswick Theatre. A conversation the other day with a son of Mr. Symonds, who has been long settled in London, recalled the entire chain of circumstances to my memory with all the vivid distinctness of a first impression.

One evening towards the close of the year 1806, the Leeds coach brought Mr. James Hornby to the village of Pool, on the Wharf, in the West Riding of Yorkshire. A small but respectable house on the confines of the place had been prepared for his reception, and a few minutes after his descent from the top of the coach, the pale, withered looking man disappeared within it. Except for occasional trips to Otley, a small market town distant about three miles from Pool, he rarely afterwards emerged from its seclusion. It was not *Time*, we shall presently see—he was indeed but four-and-forty years of age—that had bowed his figure, thinned his whitening hair, and banished from his countenance all signs of healthy, cheerful life. This, too, appeared to be the opinion of the gossips of the village, who, congregated, as usual to witness the arrival and departure of the coach, indulged, through Mr. Symonds, who was an inside passenger proceeding to Otley, in remarkably free and easy commentaries upon the past, present, and future of the new comer.

'I mind him well,' quavered an old white-haired man. 'It's just three and-twenty years ago last Michaelmas, I remember it because of the hard frost two years before, that young Jim Hornby left Otley to go to Lunnon; just the place, I'm told, to give the finishing polish to such a miscreant as he seemed likely to be. He was just out of his time to old Horoby, his uncle, the grocer.'

'He that's left him such heaps of money?'

'Ay, boy, the very same, though he wouldn't have given him or any one else a cheese-paring while he lived. This one is a true chip of the old block, I'll warrant. You notice that he rode outside, bitter cold as it is?'

'Surely, Gaffer Hicks. But do you mind what it was he went off in such a skurry for. Tom Harris was saying last night at the Horse-Shoe it was something concerning a horse-race or a young woman; he wasn't quite sen-ible which.'

'I can't say,' rejoined the more ancient oracle, 'that I quite mind all the ups and downs of it.—Henry Burton horse-whipped him on the Doncaster race course, *that* I know; but whether it had been about Cinderella that had, they said, been tampered with the night before the race, or Miss Eliza Gainsford, whom Burton married a few weeks afterwards, I can't, as Tom Harris says, quite clearly remember.'

'Old Hornby had a heavy grip of Button's farm for a long time before he died, they were saying yesterday, at Otley. The sheepskins will now no doubt be in the nephew's strong box.?'

'True, lad; and let's hope Master Burton will be regular with his payments; for if not, there's jail and ruin for him written in large capital letters on yon fellow's cast iron phiz, I can see.'

The random hits of these village gossips, which were here interrupted by the departure of the coach, were not very wide of the mark. James Hornby, it was quite true, had been publicly horse-whipped twenty-three years before by Henry Burton on the Doncaster race-course, ostensibly on account of the sudden withdrawal of a horse, that should have started, a transaction with which young Hornby was in some measure mixed up; but especially and really for having dared, upon the strength of presumptive heirship to his uncle's wealth, to advance pretentions to the fair hand of Elizabeth Gainsford, the eldest daughter of Mr. Robert Gainsford, surgeon, of Otley,—pretensions indirectly favoured, it was said, by the father, but contemptuously repudiated by the lady. Be this as it may, three weeks after the races, Eliza Gainsford became Mrs Burton, and James Hornby hurried off to London, grudgingly furnished for the journey by his uncle. He obtained a situation as shopman in one of the large grocery establishments of the metropolis, and twenty-three years afterwards, the attorney's letter informing him that he had succeeded to all his deceased uncle's property found him in the same place and in the same capacity.

A perfect yell of delight broke from the lips of the taciturn man as his glance devoured the welcome intelligence. 'At last,' he shouted with maniacal glee; and fiercely crumpling the letter in his hand, as if he held a living foe in his grasp, whilst a laugh of fiendish passion broke from the deep cavern of his sunken eyes—'at last I have thee on the hip! Ah, mine enemy! it is the dead—the dead alone—that never return to hurl back on the head of the wrong doer the shame, the misery, the ruin he inflicted in his hour of triumph.'

It seemed, by his after-confessions, that he had really loved Eliza Gainsford with all the energy of his violent, moody nature, and that her image, fresh, lustrous, radiant, as in the dawn of life, unceasingly haunted his imagination, with visions of tenderness and beauty, lost to him, as he believed, through the wiles, the calumnies, and violence of his detested and successful rival.

The matronly person who, a few days after the Christmas following Hornby's arrival at Pool, was conversing with her husband in the parlour of Grange farm-house, scarcely realised the air-drawn image which dwelt in the memory of the unforgiving, unforgetful man. Mrs. Burton was at the time a comely dame, whose *embonpoint* contour, however indicative of florid health and serenity of temper, exhibited little of the airy elegance and grace, said to have distinguished the girlhood of Eliza Gainsford. Three of her children—the eldest, Elizabeth, a resuscitation of her own youth—were by her side, and opposite sat her husband, whose frank, healthy countenance seemed to sparkle with careless mirth.

'Hornby will be here presently, Elizabeth,' said he. 'What a disappointment awaits the rascally curmudgeon! His uncle was a prince compared to him.'

'Disappointment, Henry! to receive four hundred pounds he did not expect?'

'Ay, truly, dame. Lawyer Symonds' son Frank, a fine, good-hearted young fellow as ever stepped in shoe leather——Lizzy, girl, if that candle were a little nearer your face it would light without a match.'——

'Nonsense, father!'

'Very likely. Frank Symonds, I was saying, believes, and so does his father, that Hornby would rejoice at an opportunity of returning with interest the smart score I marked upon his back three-and-twenty years ago.'

'It was a thoughtless, cruel act, Henry,' rejoined his wife, 'and the less said of it the better. I hope the fright we have had will induce you to practise a better economy than heretofore; so that instead of allowing two year's interest to accumulate, we may gradually reduce the mortgage.'

'That we will, dear, depend upon it. We shall be pushed a little at first: Kirkshaw, who lent me the two hundred and fifty, can only spare it for a month; but no doubt the bank will do a bill for part of it by that time. But sufficient for the day is the evil thereof. Here is the money for Hornby at all events; and here at last comes the shrivelled atomy; I hear his horse. Fanny, light the candles.'

If Mrs. Burton had consciously or unconsciously entertained the self-flattering notion that the still unwedded bachelor who had unsuccessfully wooed her nearly a quarter of a century before, still retained a regretful tenderness for her, she must have been grievously surprised by the cold, unrecognising glance which Hornby threw on her as he entered, and coldly replied to her civil greeting. *That* was not the image stamped on his heart and brain! But when her eldest daughter approached the light to place paper and pens upon the table, the flushing glance and white quivering lip of the grave visiter revealed the tempest of emotion which for an instant struck him. He quickly suppressed any outward manifestation of feeling, and in a dry business tone demanded if Mr. Burton was able to pay the interest of the mortgage.

'Yes, thank God,' replied Burton, 'I am; here is the money in notes of Governor and Company of the Bank of England. Count them.'

'They are quite right,' he said, rising from his chair; 'and here is your receipt.'

'Very good! And now, Hornby, let us have a glass of wine together, for the sake of old times. Well, well, you need not look so fierce about it. Let bygones be bygones, I say. On, if you *will* go—go in God's name. Good night!'

'Good night!'

'Baffled—foiled!' muttered Hornby as he rode homeward. 'Where could he get the money!—Borrowed it, doubtless; but of whom? Well, patience—patience! I shall grip you yet, Henry Burton!' and the possessed man turned round in his saddle, and shook his clenched hand in the direction of the house he had just quitted. He then steadily pursued his way, and soon regained his hermitage.

The month for which Burton had borrowed the two hundred and fifty pounds passed rapidly—as months always do to borrowers—and expedient after expedient for raising the money was tried in vain. 'This money must be repaid, Kirkshaw had emphatically told him, on the day stipulated Burton applied to the bank at Leeds, with which he usually did business, to discount an acceptance, guaranteed by one or two persons whose names he mentioned. The answer was the usual civil refusal to accept the proffered security for repayment—'the bank was just then full of discounts.' Burton ventured, as a last resource, to call on Hornby, with a request that, as the rapid advance of the market-value of land, consequent on the high war prices obtained for its produce, had greatly increased the value of Grange Farm, he would add the required sum to the already existing mortgage. He was met by a prompt refusal. Mr. Hornby intended to foreclose as speedy as possible the mortgage he had already held, and invest his capital in more profitable securities. 'Well, then, would he lend the amount at any interest he chose?'

'The usury laws,' replied Hornby, with his usual saturnine sneer, 'would prevent my acceptance of your obliging offer, even if I had the present means, which I have not. My spare cash happens to be just now temporarily locked up.'

Burton, half-crazed with anxiety, went the following day to the Leeds bank with the proffer of a fresh name agreed to be lend him by its owner,—Useless. 'They did not know the party.' The applicant mused a few moments, and then said, 'Would you discount the note of Mr. James Hornby, of Pool?'

'Certainly; with a great deal of pleasure. Burton hurried away, had his horse saddled, and galloped off to Pool. Hornby was at home.

'You hinted the other day,' said Burton, 'that if you had not been short of present means you might have obliged me by the loan I required.'

'Did I?'

'At least I so understood you. I am of course not ignorant, Mr. Hornby, that there is no good blood between us two; but I know also that you are fond of money, and that you are fully aware that I am quite safe for a few hundred pounds. I come, therefore, to offer you ten pounds, *bonus*, for your acceptance of a bill at one month for two hundred and fifty pounds.'

'What?' exclaimed Hornby, with a strange vehemence, 'what?'

Burton repeated his offer, and Hornby turned away towards the window without speaking.

When he again faced Burton his countenance wore its usual colour; but the expression of his eyes, the applicant afterwards remembered, was wild and exulting.

'Have you a bill stamp?'

'Yes.'

'Then draw the bill at once, and I will accept it.'

Burton did not require to be told twice. The bill was quickly drawn, Hornby took it to another table at the further end of the apartment, slowly wrote his name across it, folded and returned it to Burton, who tendered the ten pounds he had offered, and a written acknowledgement that the bill had been drawn and accepted for his (Burton's) accommodation.

'I don't want your money, Henry Burton,' said Hornby, putting back the note and the memorandum. 'I am not afraid to be the loser by this transaction, You do not know me yet.'

'A queer stick,' thought Burton, as he gained the street; 'but Old Nick is seldom so black as he's painted. He was a plaguy while, I thought, signing his name, but I wish I could sign my name to such good purpose.'

Burton laid the accepted bill, face downwards, on the bank counter, took a pen, indorsed, and passed it to the managing clerk. The greyheaded man glanced sharply at the signature, and then at Burton. 'Why, surely this is not Mr. Hornby's signature. It does not at all resemble it.'

'Reynolds, look here,' continued the clerk, addressing another of the *employes*. Reynolds looked, and his immediate glance of surprise and horror at Burton revealed the impression he had formed.

'Please step this way, Mr. Burton, to a private apartment,' said the manager.

'No—no, I won't,' stammered the unfortunate man, over whose mind a dreadful suspicion had glanced with the suddenness of lightning. 'I will go back to Hornby;' and he made a desperate but vain effort to snatch the fatal instrument. Then, pale and staggering with confused terror and bewilderment, he attempted to rush into the street.—He was stopped, with the help of the bystanders, by one of the clerks, who had jumped over the counter for the purpose.

The messenger despatched by the bankers to Hornby, returned with the answer that the alleged acceptance was a forgery. It was stated on the part of Mr. Hornby, that Mr. Burton had indeed requested him to *lend* two hundred and fifty pounds, but he had refused. The frantic asseverations of poor Burton were of course disregarded, and he was conveyed to jail. An examination took place the next day before the magistrates, and the result was, that the prisoner was fully committed on the then capital charge, for trial at the ensuing assizes.

(To be concluded next week.)

ATTEMPT OF A CANON OF THE ENGLISH CHURCH TO CONVERT THE POPE.—A letter from Rome, dated May 2 says:—"One of the most interesting occurrences of last week was the interview of the Rev. Dr. Townsend, canon of Durham, with the Pope. I mentioned in a previous letter that the Rev. doctor's object was to induce his holiness to do away with the bickerings, animosities, and polemical discords which keep the various denominations of Christians separate and at enmity; and, by calling a general council, to establish the basis of a universal creed. It was certainly a bold attempt for a Protestant clergyman to convert the Pope himself, but the doctor was resolved to beard the lion in his den, and on Friday last he went to encounter, in full dress canonicals. After having knelt to kiss the Pope's hand, Dr. Townsend was invited by his holiness to take a chair, and an animated conversation commenced in Latin, a fit language for controversy, and one in which the disputants might be presumed to be a match for each other. The Pope was upon the whole very tolerant, as may be imagined for his having not only listened with calmness to Dr. Townsend's arguments in favour of releasing the Catholic clergy from their vow of celibacy, but also assured him that he entertained serious ideas of adopting such a plan in the early part of his reign, especially after having received pressing letters upon the subject from Germany, but that in the present state of Italy, and indeed, of the whole continent, any innovation on his part would be dangerous, even if he had the power to act freely, which he had not, being by no means the free-agent that he was on his first accession to the throne. The same objection would prevent him from calling a general council, or attempting to unite the great and divided family of Christians, although he fully admitted the grandeur of the scheme, protested his own desire for peace and harmony, and wept at Dr. Townsend's enthusiastic picture of England recognising in Pio Nono the head of a universal church. After three quarters of an hour's discussion the reverend canon took his leave, placing in the hands of his holiness a document containing the principal heads of his argument, which appears to have made some impression on the pontiff's mind, judging from the fact of his having sent to the doctor's residence on Sunday last, only two days after the interview, requesting to be made acquainted with the period of Dr. Townsend's return, (he had just gone to Naples,) as he should then like to have some more conversation with him."

CURIOUS INSCRIPTION.—Listen to the inscription on a gravestone that was stumbled upon in—no matter where:—

"John Smith,
Born May 14, 1806,
Died August 18, 1848.
"He is not dead, but sleepeth."
"Susan, wife of John Smith,
Born March 26, 1818.
She is not dead."

"But wide awake," ought to have been added to this unique monumental P. S., which is not a bad idea for a widow of 30, and is certainly a fair advertisement.

A woman complaining of her hardships to her husband, who was sometimes in the habit of flagellating her. He endeavoured to pursuade her that her complaints were groundless; and among other arguments, remarked that she had always had "a plenty of wood and water in the house. "An ye may well say that," she keenly retorted, "I'll always have plenty of that while I'm wid you, for I'll niver be without a stick to my back or a tear to my eye."

A lawyer in one of our southern cities having a very red face, which it was understood was not the effect of living on skim med milk, was told he was not much of a lawyer. "Why, sir," said he, "I have been called the DEEPEST RE(A)D lawyer in the city."

An editor away Down East, and who served four days on a jury, says he is so full of law that it is hard work for him to keep from cheating somebody.—[Boston Liberator.

The settlements are in preparation for the marriage of the beautiful and accomplished daughter of Bernard Granville, Esq., of Wellsburne Hall, and heiress to his Warwickshire estates, with the Rev. Lord Charles Paulet, brother to Marquis of Winchester.

PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION.

The annual great meeting of this society was held on Wednesday 5th instant at Exeter Hall, the Right Hon. the Earl of Roden in the chair.

The Rev. A. S. TREVALL invoked the blessing of Divine Providence upon the efforts of this association, and especially on the proceedings of the day.

The noble chairman said, he regretted that a severe affection of his throat prevented him from addressing the meeting at any length or in those high terms which the sincerity of his heart, and the anxiety he felt for the cause he was engaged in, would have induced him most anxiously to do. But he could not help assuring the meeting that there was no individual then present, or, he would venture to say, in the country at large, who took a deeper interest than he did in the important objects which occupied the attention of this society. (Applause.) It was, indeed most gratifying to be engaged in an object essentially Protestant.—This was not only a Protestant political society, founded and guided by party motives and party objects, but it was essentially a Protestant society, which had the immutable and unerring Word of God for its foundation; and to be engaged in such a society was an honour to any one (Applause.) He trusted that those who were present would feel it to be so, and would use every exertion to promote the great cause in which they were embarked. He need hardly tell the meeting that they lived in times of great interest and difficulty—that they lived in times in which the glorious Protestant cause was surrounded and attacked by enemies of the worst description. They lived in times when they found those enemies were not confined to the community of the Church of Rome, but were to be found in the midst of the community of the Church of England. Therefore, was it, he said, surprising that an individual like himself, who had now passed upwards of sixty years in this world, and who had watched the public and private circumstances of the country, and all that occurred during that period—was it, he asked, to be wondered at that such a person should not see the dangers by which the great Protestant cause was surrounded, with some anxiety at all events, but with no doubt as to the result of the straightforward course taken by those who were not afraid to acknowledge themselves Protestants, both in principle and in heart? (Cheers.) He need hardly tell this meeting that the blessed word "Protestant" (which was one near and dear to his heart) was almost excluded, or looked upon as a byeword, amongst many of those who once regarded and prized it! He would only ask to whom was the glory due but to the blessed Lord and Saviour—(Applause)—who watched over his people and kept them firm, and who promised that what he had begun he would accomplish. (Applause.) He feared that he had taken up the time of those who would follow him in a most uninteresting manner—(No, no)—but he begged to say, that we did live in times which were most awful. He believed that there were circumstances before the country which few people dared to look at; but it was the duty of Christian men to grapple with them, remembering that their strength was from on high, and that they themselves were perfectly helpless, and but as worms in the accomplishment of anything; but that the God was on their side. His word was the foundation of Protestant principle, and should accomplish what it pleased, and should prosper their efforts. It was on those principles and those were the words upon which they were called upon to rely; and he would now conclude by adding the memorable passage, "If God be for us, who can be against us?" (Applause.)

The elaborate report was read by the Secretary. After some preliminary remarks, it proceeded to regret that, on the late occasion of her Majesty's visit to Ireland, the titles of Romish archbishops and bishops were recognised, and precedence given to the nominees of the pope of Rome &c.—It then adverted to "the removal of a nobleman from a commission of the peace for having taken part in a legal and loyal procession—a nobleman distinguished for his loyalty and attachment to the Crown, no less than for his love to all classes of his fellow-countrymen—a nobleman too, highly esteemed, too extensively known respected and beloved, to be disgraced by the arbitrary proceedings of any party, whether suggested from the Vatican, from the Castle or from Downing street." Allusion was made to the oath taken by the Roman Catholic members of parliament, and to the fact that they had seen the same hon. members "plotting the Established Church—now voting for the suppression of her bishoprics, and now for the alienation of her revenues." They had observed the omission of the words "Fid Def. Dei gratia Brit. Regina," and they found "that a Roman Catholic is Master of the Mint." The report went on to comment on the fact that poor exiles of the popular party in Rome in the late revolt had been refused protection at Malta, and they were told that the Governor of Malta is a Roman Catholic." The Bishop of Gibraltar had taken the initiative in protesting against the Popish efforts made at Malta, and the committee congratulated their subscribers that but one bill had been introduced this session directly in favour of Popery. The financial statement showed the receipts for the past year to have been 1,253l. 4s; those for the preceding year have been 928. 6s. 4d. The receipts, 1,253l. 4s. expenses 1,244l. 11s. 5d., leaving a balance of 8l. 12s. 7d. The committee desire that it may specially be borne in mind that the income of this association is by no means to be taken as a criterion of the tone of Protestant feeling throughout England." A further remittance of 10l. 5s. had been received from New Zealand. Three legacies had been received; one of 22l. 10s. another of 100l. duty free, and another of 100l. Three-and-a-Quarter per Cents. The remainder of the report had reference to the publications of the society, and included much interesting correspondence, showing the progress of Protestantism.

Mr. PLUMPTRE, M.P., moved that the report, an abstract of which had now been read, be adopted, printed, and circulated under the direction of the committee, and that the following clergymen and gentlemen be the committee for the ensuing year, with power to add to their number (here followed the names.) He took that opportunity of saying that he did not know whether the displacement of the noble earl emanated from the *ex fiatum* of the Vatican, from Saint James, or the castle; but it was an act which never would operate injuriously upon the noble earl at whom the shaft had been levelled, whose life was not of very short duration—a life, he did say—and the noble lord knew that he (Mr. Plumptre) had no wish to flatter him—a life of sincere uprightness, a life of loyalty and fidelity, which was not to be affected, not to be run down by the occurrence of a day—(Applause)—an occurrence, too, which in his humble judgement, carried on the face of it its own defence and justification. (Hear.) He need not ask that Protestant assembly whether the noble

lord's fair fame had been touched or sullied. That fair fame was not of yesterday; it was the fruit of a long-tried, well-known, and consistent life. (Loud cheers.) The spirit of Popery had manifested itself in our own beloved Church of England.—Among other facts, he declared that attempts had been made by the enemies of Protestantism to assume the very supremacy of the Queen; and it was clear that the cloven foot had shown itself.—Attempts had been made here to elevate the mitre and to depress the sceptre; to elevate the priest and to debase the Monarch. But he trusted that every effort of the kind would be met as they ought to be by the Protestant people of this country. (Cheers.) He trusted they would make it manifest that they would not be priest-ridden—(Applause)—that it was not intended to exalt the sacraments above the Lord of Ordinances; that it was not intended to make saviours of men who administered the sacraments; but they must bear in mind that there was no power in the law, or in the sacraments, or those who administered them, but that all power came from Christ himself—(Applause.)

The Rev. DANIEL WILSON seconded the resolution and in the course of his remarks said they were met together on the occasion of one of those great crises which did not often occur, but which, when they did occur, required to be met with unshaken firmness, with practical wisdom, and with prayer—and with humble prayer. (Hear.) The resources of the Roman Catholic body to disseminate error through this country greatly exceeded those of all the great religious Protestant societies. Dr. Wiseman, the Roman Catholic Bishop, had kindly stated his determination to look to Islington. The Rev. gentleman, with great ability, brought before the notice of the meeting the indefatigable efforts of Roman Catholic priests in his own parish of Islington. Unceasingly they were at work making known false doctrines, and they had arrived at such a point that the Roman Catholic priests cursed the children of other schools. (Shame.) And the effect of these curses was not so trifling or so empty a matter as might be conceived even in Islington; and in proof of this he quoted a case in which a Roman Catholic family were by the curse of a priest supposed to be nailed to the floor, where they remained, and could not be removed till the priest absolved them on condition that they should not attend their schools. The reverend gentleman eloquently referred to the case of his former friend and fellow collegian, Dr. Oakeley, who had become a "pervert" to the Roman Catholic faith. Dr. Oakeley was working diligently, he was acting laboriously, and no doubt conscientiously trying to prevent his (Mr. Wilson's) people from the faith of their fathers. The state of things was such that they must go back 300 years, they must protest against any half-and-half Protestantism—Protestantism was the only Word of God.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

Lieut. Colonel Sir DIGBY MACKWORTH rose to move the second resolution, and, in doing so, maintained that Ireland was prostrated under Papal dominion, and the teaching of the Divine word was kept from the people. A blow indeed had been struck at that noble lord, who might be called the very representative of Protestantism in Ireland. The system by which grants were made for the purposes of education was false in principle as effecting the protestant religion. Thus he found that government grants were given in this way—there was 125,000*l.* for schools where the Bible was excluded, 30,000*l.* for endowing the College of Maynooth, and 20,000*l.* for the godless colleges;" making a total of 175,000*l.*, whilst 125,000*l.*, was given to this country for purely Protestant schools. The gallant officer concluded by moving the following resolution:—"That while the political influence of the Church is constantly used to advance its spiritual interests and ascendancy, it is equally evident that the religious influence of Romanism is no less made use of for the attainment of political power; and whether Romanism is regarded as a religious or as a political system, it is, in its nature and principles, directly opposed to the cause of true religion, of social happiness, and of national prosperity and independence."

The Rev. [illegible], of Reading, in seconding the resolution, referred to the efforts making by the Roman Catholics, and said that it must be admitted that Popery was more consistent than Protestantism—it had been more consistent in carrying out error—but Protestantism had not been consistent in carrying out truth, and adverted to the case of the dismissal of Lord Roden in glowing terms. Protestantism was the honour and Glory of God.

The resolution was then carried unanimously.

A letter of apology was then read from the Rev. Mr. Priest, who was to have moved the next resolution.

Mr. PAUL FOSKETT said that, taking, as he did, a very zealous course as to his political opinions, after the report which had been read he would feel safe grounds to do upon, when he avoided allusions to anything political. He thought they were met there as protectionists alone of the Protestant Reformed religion of the British people. The third resolution which he had to propose, was, "That it is the bounden duty of British Protestants to oppose the political as well as the religious influence of the Church of Rome, inasmuch as by means of its political power it aims at the overthrow of British Protestantism, and obtains grants of money from the public funds for the dissemination of its injurious principles, and sends forth emissaries educated at the expense of Protestants, throughout the British empire to the great obstruction of the cause of evangelical piety at home, and that of evangelical missions abroad." He would remind the meeting that when he last addressed them, two years since, he heard it said from that platform that the Roman Catholic religion was at its last gasp. He then declared that was not his opinion, and that opinion was founded on the prophecy of an eminent man. He thought the Church of Rome had lost nothing which she might not recover. Though wounded, she was not destroyed and she would come again forward in her strength before the final overthrow, which would not be the work of man, but that of God.—The three foul spirits which were abroad were Popery, Infidelity, and Popery without a pope, Tractarianism. (Applause.) And these three foul spirits took their rise in the marshes of the Tiber. The Pope had been restored to Rome, with not, certainly, the undivided approbation of 100,000 people. The Bible, which had made some progress during the Pope's suspension was, now Prohibited in Rome. Communism too, was at work. Eugene Sue had been returned as the representative of the capital of France. He had seen it observed in an evening paper that the two great events of the day were the return of the Pope to Rome, and the election of Eugene Sue. The hon. gentleman concluded by adverting to the mischievous effects of the endowment of Maynooth, and other measures which had tended to increase the progress of Popery.

The Rev. SAMUEL ROWE, of Credition, in an eloquent speech seconded the resolution, which was carried with acclamation.

Mr. HENRY BLANSHEAD moved the next resolution:—"That the cordial thanks of the meeting be given to the Right Hon. the Earl of Roden, K.P., P.C., for his kindness in presiding on this occasion, and for his persevering, patriotic, and consistent efforts to support the Protestant institutions of the country."

The Rev. W. W. ROBINSON seconded the resolution, and in so doing observed that in seconding he motion he was treating with the light of a glow-worm instead of the brilliant light of the glorious sun. He had a few moments before received the intelligence that the bishops who had been assembled had been refused to draw up any document defining the doctrine of baptismal regeneration. (Cheers.) This was intelligence for which the meeting must return thanks, as he did, to the Almighty. He had stated that whatever might be the issue of this question, he did feel that the safety-valve of the Sixth Article of the Church of England was what must be looked to, because it declared so distinctly, that which was not proved in the Word of God was not to be required of any Christian man. He was thankful to God to see that the great bishops of the Church were with them, and with Christ in the same vessel they would smile at every storm. In relation to Protestantism, let every man bear in mind Lord Nelson's motto—let every man feel the responsibility which attached to him when they said "England expects every man this day will do his duty."—He conjured those present to carry away with them plenty of religious tracts, and to distribute them; they knew not, perhaps, the good they might do in settling those who were wavering, and in converting those who were far gone to Roman Catholicism.

The meeting all stood up on the question being put, out of respect to the noble chairman.

The noble CHAIRMAN said the custom at meetings of this kind in Ireland was to dispense with the vote of thanks to those who occupied the chair, for this good reason—that the individual, by being called to so important and ostensible a situation, was himself most highly honoured by the meeting which placed him there. All he could say with regard to himself was, that after what he had heard and seen, he desired to be most thankful for having been permitted to occupy such a situation—(applause—and, in conclusion, he would only observe that there was no individual in that assembly who more anxiously wished than he did that the statement which had just been communicated by the rev. gentleman might appear eventually to be the fact, and that our Church might be relieved from scenes which it was impossible for any one to describe. Under these circumstances he agreed with the rev. gentleman that they were bound to thank God for the statement which he had communicated.

The meeting separated after singing the Doxology.

FOREIGN PREPARATIONS FOR THE INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

As we have from time to time shown to our readers,—the current of interest in the forthcoming Industrial exhibition is passing from land to land, and connecting nation after nation with the great peace movement. We have already stated what has been done in France; where, we may repeat, a Commission has been formed to correspond with the Royal Commission of England—and the manufacturers and others are earnestly urged to come into the lists prepared to do no discredit to the industrial chivalry of France. In Russia, two Commissions are to be established—one in St. Petersburg and the other at Odessa—for bringing the legions of the Czar worthily into the field. Sweden has appointed M. de Strogman, President of the College of Commerce at Stockholm, as her Commissioner to the modern tourney. Norway has named a Commission:—and at Copenhagen a Commission has been formed to bring Danish interests to the contest. The Central Federal Commission at Frankfort has summoned the Germain states to the great muster. Prussia intends to establish a Special Commission at Berlin,—and calls on her trades to furnish their contingents. Mecklinburg Strelitz, Anhalt, Desson, Nassau, Hanover, Saxony, Bavaria, and Switzerland are avowedly preparing to take the field. Holland and Belgium have appointed Commissions; and the Government of the latter country has appealed to the various Chambers of Commerce to see her honour maintained. The same Government has decided to send a certain number of artisans at the expense of the State, to visit the Exhibition, to complete their professional education at the best sources, in order that in the work of Emulation and progress, the small workshops may be associated with the large manufactures. Spain has summoned her provinces, and issued a code of regulations for the worthy marshalling of her industrial forces. It is worthy mentioning as among the stimulants there offered to successful emulation, that a Royal ordinance announces to the manufacturers and others, that all Spanish subjects who shall take prizes in the great competition in England, shall have the distinction confirmed by some species of personal decoration in Spain, or by the publication of their names in the Royal Gazette as an especial record of honour. In Sardinia a Commission is about to be appointed:—our Minister at Turin being one of its members. The American Institute of New York is taking steps to secure the place of the United States in the great gathering; and a proposal has been made, with the Sanction of the American Government, for transferring to that country such portion of the London exhibition as it may be possible to carry over, after the termination of the exhibition here.—Everywhere the nations are "afoot;" and on all the highways of the world are the scouts of coming forces looking towards England.—*Athenæum.*

Communications.

[FOR THE CHRONICLE.]

ST. ANDREWS 24th June, 1850.

MR. EDITOR.—In your valuable paper of 21st inst., I notice an article headed "St. Andrews and Quebec Railway," in which there are a few errors, arising from wrong information that you have received upon the subject, and to these I would respectfully beg to call your attention.

The first suggestion of a Railway to connect the waters of the Atlantic and the St. Lawrence, appeared in the "United Service Journal" in the autumn of 1834 or spring of '35, in a letter from H. Fairbairn to the Editor of that Journal, in which he says, in speaking of the British North American Provinces—"Here I propose first to form a Railway for waggons from Quebec to St. Andrews, upon the Bay of Funday, a distance of 195 miles"—"cutting off a navigation of 1200 miles down the River St. Lawrence, and around the shores of Nova Scotia;" and proceeds to state the probable expence of the work, and the enormous trade that would be carried on between the two Ports upon its completion. This letter first attracted the attention of the late lamented Dr. Frye, of St. Andrews, who at once took up the idea, and upon all occasions advocated the measure, and for months continued calling upon the Gentlemen of St. Andrews to move in the matter;—upon the late Mr. James Rait he repeatedly called to speak upon the subject, well knowing the energy and activity, as well as the enterprise of that Gentleman, and as Mr. Rait upon several occasions remarked to the writer of this communication, he really thought that the good Doctor was mad upon a subject that at first appeared to him to be so visionary and impracticable, but that the more he reflected upon the subject the more convinced he became, that the Doctor had taken the correct view of the matter, and after a short time he entered upon the prosecution of the project with all that zeal and energy for which the Doctor gave him credit.

These, Mr. Editor, were the first movements that were made in October 1835, in connection with the proposed Railway on this side the Atlantic; both Mr. Rait and Dr. Frye, as indeed all the first Committee of Management, have departed this life, with the exception of John Wilson, Esq., and the Hon. H. Hatch, with Adam Jack, Esq., the then Secretary, and to the former of these Gentlemen the country is now mainly indebted for the advanced state of the work, and whose time and money have been freely expended in forwarding the undertaking, and to whom the County of Charlotte owes a deep debt of gratitude.—In conclusion I may remark that there is not a doubt entertained but that the cars between this and Woodstock will be in full operation within eighteen months from the present time.

C.

[We did not pretend to assert, that the late James Rait, Esquire, was the first person in St. Andrews who took a *favorable view* of the project, or who in conversation advocated its advantages; but to this moment we are under the conviction that this gentleman was the first *to act* in the premises, by procuring the draft of a Bill to incorporate the undertaking, and by exerting himself very conspicuously in pointing out the benefits which would accrue to Charlotte County by its adoption. The worthy gentleman alluded to by our correspondent, did not possess that influence in the community which attached to Mr. R., notwithstanding the just and general esteem in which his character and motives were held. Did not, we ask our correspondent, Mr. R. form one of the delegation to Quebec, appointed to influence the House of Assembly of Lower Canada in favor of the project? Was the other individual one of the party; and why not?]

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THE CHRONICLE.

SAINT JOHN, JUNE 28, 1850.

ENGLISH MAILS.—Two mails have arrived from England since our last publication—those of 8th and 15th instant.—The latter arrived at the Post Office on Wednesday evening, having been brought to Halifax in the steamer *Niagara*, in 9½ days from Liverpool.

The prospects of an excellent harvest in Britain were every where apparent, and flour stuffs were consequently dull of sale.—The market for deals is dull in consequence of anticipated extensive arrivals.

It has been officially announced that all Post-Office labour on the Sabbath is to be abolished.

M. Thiers has arrived in London, on a visit to Louis Philippe; the object is stated to be an endeavour to effect a reconciliation between the two Bourbon houses.

In Parliament, the Ministry have been signally defeated upon a motion for a Committee to inquire into the mode of levying duty upon home made spirits in bond. The Chancellor of the Exchequer protested strongly against the motion, but there was found a considerable majority in its favour.

Lord Stanley was to bring in some resolution on the affairs of Greece on Monday the 17th inst., and the opposition boasted of having a majority in their favour. The Liverpool Journal says:—If they are beaten, it is likely enough that they will make some show of going out.

THE EUROPEAN FLEETS.—A report reached this country in the early part of the week, that the Russian Fleet had left Sebastapool, and moved in the direction of the Dardanelles, with the view of passing into the Mediterranean to join the French Fleet at Naples or Athens. The report is not confirmed, and yet it is evident that great activity prevails in the Black Sea, and also in the Baltic, amongst the vessels of the Russian Navy.

The British Fleet, under Commodore Martin, has also taken in provision, and remains in a state of readiness to join the Fleet under Admiral Parker at Malta, on the shortest notice, should their services be required.

The levy of seamen ordered by the French has been countermanded, but the order to levy has placed the Republic in a position to know what number of men are available, should they be required on any emergency taking place.

Spain is also increasing her Fleet, and a number of fine steamers will shortly be added. It is therefore evident that all the European powers are watching the movements of each other, and are resolved not to be taken by surprise when the torch of war is lighted, and a very trifling subject will effect that end, now that the combustibles are laid and ready for ignition.—*Woolwich Gazette.*

THE SPANISH AMBASSADOR.—The Court of Spain has resumed diplomatic relations with this country, His Excellency Senor Isturitz, the Spanish Ambassador, having arrived in London on Wednesday, the 5th inst., attended by a numerous suite.

FRANCE.—The President of the Republic has made a demand in the Legislative Assembly, that his salary be increased to £10,000 per month, or £120,000 per annum; and although disuaded by his sincerest friends from taking such a step in the present unsettled state of France, persists in his demand, and says he must have it. The apparent present tranquility of the inhabitants of that country can only be compared to the calm which often precedes the most dreadful storms, or the silence which prevails in the crater of a volcano for some time before a violent eruption, carrying awful destruction of life and property when it bursts through the restraint imposed upon it.

The King of Prussia is rapidly recovering from his wound.

The latest intelligence from the continent goes far to prove that the recent dispute between the French and English cabinets is amicably settled.

At Doncaster, recently, a lady who had left an infant slumbering in its cot, was alarmed by cries of distress, ran to its side, and discovered a rat eating one of its hands.

The Marquis of Waterford has returned twenty per cent., and Sir M. W. Ridley twenty-seven per cent. on their respective estates in Northumberland.

It is confidently stated that the Pope has, since his return, made three attempts to escape from Rome; but the strict watch kept by the French has prevented it.

Our consular agent at Rome is pressing, for the second time, on the Papal Government, claims of compensation for damages sustained in their property by British subjects during the reign of the republican Triumvirate.

RE-ISSUE OF THE FLORIN.—The Master of the Mint announced, on Monday last, that the florin would shortly be re-issued, with the addition of those words (recognising the Supreme Being, and the supremacy of the Queen in these realms,) which that Papist Minister had omitted. He also announced a large issue of silver threepences.—This small coin will greatly facilitate the convenience of "change." But it will behove parties receiving small silver change to be on the look out to avoid receiving threepenny for fourpenny pieces.

A valuable copper mine has been discovered near Limerick.

The beggarly contribution of £5 7s. 6d. towards the repeal exchequer, extorted another (the fifth or sixth) threat on Monday from Mr. John O'Connell to close the doors, and let the agitation shift for itself.

POSITION OF THE NEW COMET IN JUNE.—From a note published by Mr. Hind, the eminent astronomer, it appears, that during the next fortnight the track of the new comet lately discovered by a continental explorer will be nearly parallel to a line joining the stars called 31 (Psi) and 15 (A) in Draco, the comet being always about two degrees nearer to the pole than this line, and moving towards the latter star. At the end of June it will enter Bootes, and, subsequently, traverse the whole length of this constellation, passing most likely about a degree west of the bright star Arcturus near the middle of July. It will be finally lost on the confines of Virgo and Hydra, shortly before the perihelion passage, on the 1st August.

At Bowness, on Thursday week, a man and four horses were killed instantaneously during a thunder storm, by the electric fluid.

The bullion in both departments of the Bank of England has increased from £16,621,080 to £16,701,949, being a difference of 70,969. The paper in actual circulation has decreased from £20,650,416, to £20,199,440, being a difference of £459,976.

MESMERIC INFLUENCE.—We have received from a correspondent the following very extraordinary circumstances respecting the arrival at Peterhead, on the 23rd instant of the Hamilton Ross, whaler, early in the season, beyond any former precedent. She has made the voyage, out and in, in two months and three days, being the quickest ever made, and brings 152 tuns of blubber. This remarkable event was distinctly and positively announced by a boy under mesmeric influence at Peterhead. He stated lately, in presence of a large audience, that the Hamilton Ross would be the first vessel to arrive, on the 5th May, with 1,000 seals (about 110 tuns). The boy was asked what he saw on board the Hamilton Ross at the time he was speaking, and replied, that he saw the captain and doctor in the cabin hanging over the mate, who had got his hand hurt, a circumstance which proves to have been true at the exact date mentioned. At the same time the boy stated that Sir John Franklin was quite well, but looking thin, and would return safe.—*Liverpool paper.*

On Wednesday, six West Indian estates which, ten years ago, were well worth £200,000, were sold by auction, at Glasgow, for £22,500.

The *Inverness Courier* states, "on good authority," that her Majesty's visit to Dunrobin Castle, the princely seat in the north of the family of Sutherland, is again postponed. Her Majesty is not expected there this season.

IRISH RAILWAYS.—Government has determined on giving further aid to the construction of Irish railways. The Exchequer Loan Commissioners intimated on Friday to the directors of the Belfast Junction Company that they intend advancing them on the security of the line, at five per cent. interest, £100,000; and an additional £15,000 or £20,000 should it be required for the purpose of constructing the suggested bridge over the river Boyne.

DEPRECIATION OF PROPERTY.—At a meeting at Beverley on Saturday, Mr. Ward, a shipowner at Hull, stated that on the previous day a portion of a ship East Indiaman, belonging to a gentleman in Hull, which a short time ago would have fetched £12,000, was sold for £2400. To this Mr. Ferrand added, that the other day, a fellow passenger told him he had just freighted two vessels for St. Petersburg for £420, and that three years ago he would have received £700.

The Nepaulese Nôli me tangere.—In anticipation of the arrival of the Nepaulese embassy at Southampton, instructions were sent to the Southampton custom-house authorities, ordering them not to search the baggage and presents brought by the embassy. On Friday night, however, instructions were sent to the Southampton custom-house authorities from London, ordering them not to open the presents for her Majesty, but to partially examine the personal luggage of the embassy, the same as is usually done with foreign embassies when they arrive in this country. On the latter being informed of the counter orders, he appeared much disappointed and displeased, and he declared that if any portion of his baggage, or that of his suite, were touched, he should be compelled to remain at Southampton until the departure of the next outward Alexandria bound vessel, when he would leave England without accomplishing the object of his visit. Telegraphic communications were immediately received by the Treasury, urging that the obnoxious instructions should be rescinded. In consequence of which, a message was transmitted to Southampton, ordering everything belonging to the embassy to be passed without examination. A bed belonging to the embassy got by accident into the baggage warehouse of the customs, and while one of the officers were examining it, a Hindoo drew his sword on him.—Although pacified, he refused having the bed back after it had been touched. The ambassador declined to go to any Southampton hotel, unless he could have it entirely to himself. This arose from religious scruples, lest any food prepared for Christians should be mixed with his own. In consequence of this determination, immediate arrangements were made to enable the ambassador and suite to cook their food at the Peninsular offices during their stay at Southampton. The Hindoos refused hen eggs, and preferred the larger eggs of ducks and geese. They took a great fancy for cauliflower, and purchased an immense quantity of it. The appeared to observe the almost secrecy in dressing and eating their food, but quite indifferent as to who saw them at their ablutions. They wash after they touch anything, more as a religious ceremony than for the purpose of cleanliness. Not only the Hindoo servants, but some of the chiefs were in the back yard washing themselves almost perpetually. They stripped, with the exception of a slight cloth around their loins, and they would wash themselves all over with about half a pint of water. They seemed much pleased with the apartment in which they resided, which is a very spacious and handsome one.

CONTINUED REIGN OF TERROR IN ROME.—ROME, MAY 20.—The recent outrage on the Chancellor of the British Consulship has just been followed up by another hostile demonstration. A gang of Government officials have broken into the dwelling of Signor Sartori, collector of pew rents to the British chapel, and seized all the books belonging to the reading society of the English at Rome, though marked with the stamp thereof. They also carried off books and parcels belonging to Sir Drummond Hay from the same house. The wife of Stettini has been ordered off suddenly with her young children, Dandini, the policeman, declared that the name must be blotted out of Rome. Countess Cicocchi and Countess Malvezzi are banished to-day for having attended the wounded in the hospitals.—The palace of Prince Canino has been taken possession of by the police, and the correspondence of his two daughters carried off. Their governess, Mde. Fornini has been ordered away. Some French officers who spoke rather freely in the cafes have been told to beware; but the soldiers swear they will throw the *sbirri* into the Tiber if one is touched. Duke Litta, of Milan, at an evening party of Cardinal Alliere, having spoken his mind as to clerical encroachments in Piedmont, got next morning orders to quit Rome, and was this morning taken up by a troop of dragoons and hurried off.

CURIOUS CORRESPONDENCE OF THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON.

A Kent contemporary furnishes us with a remarkable correspondence that has taken place between Mr. Waddington, surgeon of Margate, and his Grace the Duke of Wellington, respecting a whale caught on the Long Sand a short time since. The circumstances out of which it arose are thus stated:—"The Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports' officers having claimed, and sold by auction for £60, the whale captured, *alive*, upon the Long Sand, and towed into Margate Bay by the crew of the Liberty lugger, the novel case was, at their request, respectfully submitted by Mr. Waddington to his Grace the Duke of Wellington. The *three* principal points submitted to the consideration of the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports were—1st. That a whale was not a 'royal fish,' but a mammiferous animal, having warm red blood, in common with birds. 2ndly. That it was a denizen of the deep, and had never been the property of any one. 3rdly. That it was taken alive, and at considerable risk to the lives and property of the captors." To this the Lord Warden refers the mariners to the Court of the Admiralty of the Cinque Ports. Mr. Waddington again writes, stating that that court had awarded the captors £28 12s., a moity of £57 4s., less £2 16s. expenses for sale and printing. Mr. Waddington again writes, urging his Grace to take the case of the poor mariners who captured the whale into his consideration, expressing a hope that in kindness and charity his Grace would forego his claim upon the monster of the deep. To this appeal his Grace thus snappishly replies—

"The duke is not aware that a Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons has any relation with the Court of Admiralty of the Cinque Ports. The Court of Admiralty of Cinque Ports, after inquiry, decreed that the whale brought into Margate belonged to the Lord Warden and Admiral of the Cinque Ports; and further that out of the proceeds the sum of 28 12s. was to be paid to the salvors or finders, which sum has been paid to those men in conformity with the decree. The remainder of the proceeds, after paying the charges, is at the disposal of the Lord Warden; and the Duke of Wellington will take the liberty of disposing of the same without consulting the opinion of Mr. Waddington."

The reply of Mr. Waddington to this rebuff is very dignified, and must have made the iron duke smart a little. He says—

"I assumed not any relation to your Grace's jurisdiction: I did but appeal to the great and powerful in behalf of the friendless and poor.—My professional designation showed that I am not a lawyer; and if, when considering the law of reason and humanity only, I misapprehended the law of the courts, I might have reckoned on being spared your Grace's repulse. To this, however, I must submit, as mightier men have been obliged to do; consoling myself as well I may, in the integrity of my purpose."

THE ELECTIONS.—Monday last being the day appointed by the Sheriff of Saint John, for declaring the successful Candidates, the Court House was opened for that purpose, and after the numbers polled had been announced by the Sheriff, a scrutiny was demanded on the part of the Hon. John R. Partelow, of the votes polled for the Hon. Charles Simonds and John H. Gray, Esq., in the County of Saint John; and Mr. Ansley demanded a scrutiny of the votes polled for Mr. Needham, in the City election—objecting also to his property qualification. The Sheriff thereupon declared Messrs. Robert D. Wilmot, Wm. J. Ritchie, John H. Gray, and the Hon. Charles Simonds—for the County; and Messrs. S. L. Tilley and W. H. Needham, for the City, as the Members duly elected—they having the greatest number of votes: he also appointed Thursday (yesterday) for entering upon the scrutinies, but stated the incompetency of his Court to try Mr. Needham's property qualification, which would be handed to the House of Assembly.—The County Scrutiny, accordingly, was commenced yesterday, when lists were exchanged, and some preliminary arrangements made for disposing of the business on Tuesday next.

The City scrutiny, we are informed, will be commenced on Wednesday.

KENT.—The following is said to have been a state of the Poll at the close of the Election in Kent County:—Cutler, 536; McPheilm, 464; Weldon, 348; Desbrisay, 344.

CARLETON COUNTY.—Messrs. Charles Connell and H. R. Beardsley have been returned for this County. Mr. Beardsley is a new member. Mr. Perley and Mr. Tupper have protested against the election.

SUNBURY.—George Hayward and William Scoullar are elected.—The other two candidates were C. L. Hatheway and J. P. Taylor.

CHARLOTTE.—The election took place on Wednesday; the Candidates were Thomson, Porter, (old members,) Robinson, Fitzgerald, Boyd, (old,) Street, Knight, Wetmore, Eastman, Ellis, Nesbit. The four former are elected—being one from each quarter of the County, successively, viz:—St. George, St. Stephen, West Isles, St. Andrews.

KING'S.—The nomination of Candidates for King's County took place on Tuesday; the polling on the 29th, and the declaration on the 1st July.

WESTMORELAND.—Nomination of Candidates on the 25th, add the polling on the 29th. There are about thirteen Candidates in the field—Crane, Palmer, Hannington, Landry, Gilbert, Babineau, Chapman, Bliss Botsford, Binney, Dickson, Steadman, Cassidy, &c. Two of the late members, Hazen Botsford, Esq., and Dr. Wilson, it is said, have retired.

COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.—The following Candidates are in the field:—Messrs. John A. Street, Wm. Carman, Jr., Martin Cranney, John M. Johnson, Jr., Richard Sutton, John Hea, and John T. Williston, The Hon. Alexander Rankin, it is stated, has retired.—The nomination takes place on the 26th inst., and the polling on the 2d of July.—Four members to be elected.

QUEEN'S.—Candidates—Messrs. Gilbert, Earle, Bailey, Davis, Ferris, and Kieth.—Polling on Tuesday next.

ALBERT COUNTY.—Nomination of Candidates on the 1st of July; the poling on the 4th, and the Declaration on the 5th.—There are five or six Candidates for the two seats.

COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER.—The cards of Joseph Read and T. DesBrisay, Esqrs., appear in the Miramichi Gleaner. It is expected that Mr. End will again be a Candidate.

It is reported that a leading candidate in the County of Victoria has resigned his pretensions to the Hon. J. R. Partelow, and that his interest will be used to secure his election, strongly matter the Head Quarters remarks:—

"The Election for the City and County of Saint John has also taken the people up here somewhat by surprise. The loss of the Hon. Mr. Partelow to that section of the Province will be a great loss, for although no one pretends to doubt that the County will be ably represented by the leading candidates, yet at the same time every one must feel that Mr. Partelow has done more to secure for his late constituents their full share—and more than their share—of legislative assistance than any one who has represented them for a number of years past. The best thing which the people on the River St. John could do would be to endeavour to secure the Provincial Secretary's election for the new County of Victoria. By that means the good people up there would not only secure the services of one of the most influential members of the Government, and of the Assembly, for their own particular County, but they would do something to neutralize the powerful influence of the St. John representation, and benefit almost every County on the river—*St. John alone excepted.*

"It should not be forgotten that the Hon. J. R. Partelow was a member of the Government which proposed and carried a grant of £100,000 for the improvement of the navigation of the River St. John, and it should not be forgotten that he gave the whole weight of his personal and political influence to carry that measure in the lower House."

If there is one nuisance more than another, of which our public authorities should feel ashamed, it is the neglect to enforce the Dog Law. As a consequence of this negligence, the peaceful inhabitants of the City are nightly annoyed by the most terrific yelling, barking, and howling, of countless dogs on the streets, and scarcely any part of the City is exempt from the abomination. Surely if it is an offence against the Police regulations for a cur to "crow," these hideous howlings of the canine tribe,—ten thousand times more annoying—should meet an equally impartial rebuke from our "City Fathers."

A fine first class ship of 758 tons, intended for the East India trade, was launched last week from the building yard of Messrs. Stackhouse & McLauchlan, Carleton. She is owned by the builders.

H. M. Brig *Sappho*, Captain Cochrane, arrived in our harbour on Sunday morning, from a cruise in the Bay.

THE EXHIBITION OF 1851.—In all the towns of England, meetings are being held, and subscriptions made, in aid of this greatest project of the age, in London. At a recent public meeting held in Woolwich, the under Sheriff of London stated that there would be seven miles of counter laid, and £150,000 required at least, that the charge for exhibition may be such as to allow the very humblest to see it; the arrangement of the articles would be one of the greatest difficulties to be overcome.

TERRIBLE STEAMBOAT DISASTER.—The steamboat Griffith, from Buffalo bound to Toledo, with over 200 passengers, took fire on the 17th instant, when about 20 miles from Cleveland, and was entirely consumed—causing the destruction of *two hundred and fifty lives*, among whom were the captain of the vessel, and his whole family; another man lost his wife and four children. The scene is represented, as it could not otherwise be, of a most harrowing description, and altogether a dreadful calamity.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—A young man named Crowell, 19 years of age, son of Captain Lapez Crowell, belonging to Barrington, N. S., was unfortunately drowned on Wednesday forenoon, at the end of the North Market Wharf. The body was recovered in a very short time, and every exertion was made to resuscitate him, but the vital spark had fled.—*New Bruns.*

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that a serious accident happened to Captain Moses Akerley, of the steamer *Madawaska*, on Tuesday. It appears that the Captain went into the paddles to clear a rope attached to a raft which the steamer was towing, and while there, the paddles were set in motion, crushing him very severely between the side of the boat and the paddles. Although seriously, we are happy to say that he is not dangerously injured.—*Ib.*

PLEASURE TRIPS.—The *Forest Queen's* advertisement is in our columns, for a pleasure trip to Eastport on Wednesday next, 4th July.—The *St. John* also leaves here on a similar excursion.

THE WEBSTER TRIAL.—Arguments have been heard at Boston on the application of Professor Webster, for a new trial, and the Court have decided against the request.

CORONATION DAY.—This day being the anniversary of Her Majesty's Coronation, in 1838, Royal Salutes were fired from the Garrison, and Her Majesty's Ship *Sappho*, in the harbor.

AMERICAN SUMMARY.

The N. O. Delta gives the following scene as happening in the Court-room, at the time of Gen. Lopez's examination:—

As Gen. Lopez was handing his snuff-box to Mr. Prentiss, a tall man in the crowd reached over and requested a pinch. The General politely gave the box to the tall individual, who, handing it around to his neighbours, remarked audibly—"Boys, let's take a Cuba sneeze." The invitation was accepted, until the General's Maccaboy was exhausted, and the Court-room resounded with sneezes.

TROUBLE IN POINT PETRE, (GUADALOUPE.) The Journal of Commerce learns that a letter of May 23d had been received there from Point Petre, to the following effect:

"On the night of May 12th, the city was set on fire by the negroes, as a signal for insurrection, previously agreed on. They however did not succeed in entering the city, having been deterred by the prompt measures of the citizens; but the overseers' houses were burnt to the ground. The city has been fired four different times since, and 18 houses burnt. The Governor has placed the city in a state of siege, and we trust that for the present it is safe. No citizen is to be out after 9 o'clock. Many persons have been arrested, and will be tried to-day. Several of them will probably be shot. The report of to-day is that the city will be fired to-night.

"The Governor General is expected to-day with troops from Martinique. We have at present about 800 troops, and the Militia, (the latter all colored,) under orders. God alone knows what the end will be; but judging the future from the past, it may yet prove a second edition of the St. Domingo tragedy."

NEW OUTLET FOR THE MISSISSIPPI.—The New Orleans Bee has but little doubt that for all future time, the crevasse at Bonnet Carre will form one of the permanent outlets of the Mississippi. The current has already made itself a channel 60 to 80 feet deep, and the stream of the crevasse is actually wider than the river itself. The water from this crevasse finds its way into Lake Ponchartrain, and thence into the Gulf by a much shorter route than the p[illegible] sissippi.

AMERICAN BREADSTUFFS [illegible] CALICOES.—It is stated [illegible] authority, says the Lewiston [illegible] the entire exports of bre[illegible] England in 1849, will a[illegible] one half the Calicoes im[illegible] during the same period [illegible] dated from Great Britain [illegible] oath of Calicoes! Mean[illegible] manufactures in the Uni[illegible]

Twenty new steamboats [illegible] fitted out at Pittsburg [illegible]

Kentucky papers of the [illegible] prevailing dry weather [illegible] to the young tobacco pla[illegible] at least within a range of [illegible]

In Batavia, N Y., the [illegible] new wheat country, flour [illegible] wheat from 12 to 12 ½ [illegible] in the city of New York [illegible] the 10th was but 36 [illegible] The shipping of a cargo [illegible] to New Orleans excites [illegible]

SEVERE SENTENCE.—[illegible] at Charlestown [illegible] with aiding a slave to e[illegible] to be hung on the 12th [illegible] ever, been recommitted [illegible] James Cantley, convicted [illegible] arson, has been sentenced [illegible] imprisoned until the [illegible] during the interim, to re[illegible] place, on the first Friday [illegible] last Friday in August [illegible] Friday in December 20 [illegible]

Wives (says somebody [illegible] for their husbands, instead [illegible] to do so. It makes two [illegible] arrival at home.

DEATH OF HIGH CO[illegible] well known High Cons[illegible] Jacob Hays, died on Fri[illegible] He held the office of H[illegible] century, and was a mo[illegible] officer.

HORRID CASE OF [illegible] pondent of the Albany [illegible] from Thomasville, Ga., [illegible] gives the particulars of [illegible] recently occurred in that [illegible] Robert A. Pearce, Esq., [illegible] that country, was taken [illegible] the 10th of March last, [illegible] widow came before the [illegible] that a Mr. C. P. Henton [illegible] he had poisoned Mr. Pe[illegible] kill her if she did not con[illegible] made some promise of [illegible] immediately came before [illegible] as above. Henton has bee[illegible] Jury brought in a true b[illegible] brought into Court but b[illegible] poned until the next term [illegible]

NEW [illegible] The *Picayune* says th[illegible] Cooper is foundered fe[illegible] yards wide—sweeping o[illegible] running plantations. It is [illegible] attempts to stop it have [illegible] Attakapas county stands [illegible] submerged. If this sho[illegible] plantations will be destro[illegible]

The steamer Swallow [illegible] and Dobbs Ferry, was b[illegible] this afternoon, when [illegible] North River. Passenge[illegible]

Steamer Victory, of G[illegible] with sixteen passenge[illegible] steamer which has left th[illegible] in the last seven days.

THE WEATHER AND [illegible] ricton Head Quarters say [illegible] description in the neighb[illegible] coming on remarkably [illegible] may now be considered a [illegible] ception of very low li[illegible] abundant yield in all pa[illegible] which we have heard. [illegible] mouth has been rather [illegible] with occasional showers [illegible]

Twelve head of fine c[illegible] market on Wednesday, [illegible] dore, from Portland.

Marr[illegible]

On Thursday, by the [illegible] Alexander Gilchrist, to [illegible] of this City.

At the Centenary Chap[illegible] by the Rev. Mr. Knight, [illegible] Mr. William Smith, of H[illegible] this port, to Henrietta Jan[illegible] late Rev. Mr. Busby, We[illegible]

On the 25th inst., in the [illegible] the Rev. R. Cooney, [illegible] Francis W. Clear, Prof[illegible] Frances Anne Hewitt, [illegible] William Hewitt all of this [illegible]

In Carleton, on Mond[illegible] ter, Captain John Olive, [illegible] Mary Narraway, second [illegible] Bentley.

At the residence of the [illegible] Rev. Merritt Keith, on T[illegible] Mr. John Mullin, to Miss [illegible] of Mr. Henry Keith, [illegible] County.

On the 21st ult., by th[illegible] Enoch Hor

shorter route than the present channel of the Mississippi.

AMERICAN BREADSTUFFS AND BRITISH CALICOES.—It is stated, on the most reliable authority, says the Lawrence (Mass.) Courier, that the entire exports of breadstuffs from the U. S. to England in 1849, will not be sufficient to pay for *one half the Calicoes* imported from that country during the same period! In the year 1843 we imported from Great Britain alone, over $12,000,000 worth of Calicoes! Meantime the heaviest calico manufacturers in the United States have failed.

Twenty new steamboats have been built and fitted out at Pittsburg during the last five months.

Kentucky papers of the 6th inst., state that the prevailing dry weather had proved very disastrous to the young tobacco plants all over the State, or at least within a range of 200 miles.

In Batavia, N. Y., the centre of the great Genesee wheat country, flour is $7 per barrel, and wheat from 11 to 12 shillings per bushel; while in the city of New York pure Genesee flour on the 10th was but $6 19, and wheat in proportion. The shipping of a cargo of flour from New York to New Orleans excites much remark.

SEVERE SENTENCES.—John McNamee, convicted in Charleston of stealing a slave, and also with aiding a slave to escape, has been sentenced to be hung on the 13th September. He has, however, been recommitted to Executive clemency.—James Cantley, convicted of grand larceny and arson, has been sentenced as follows:—To be imprisoned until the first day of January next; during the interim, to receive in the public market place, on the first Friday in July 20 stripes, on the first Friday in August 20 stripes, and on the first Friday in December 20 stripes.

Wives (says somebody) should always sit up for their husbands, instead of getting their servants to do so. It makes two hours difference in their arrival at home.

DEATH OF HIGH CONSTABLE HAYS.—The well known High Constable of New York city, Jacob Hays, died on Friday, at the age of 79 years. He held the office of High Constable near half a century, and was a most vigilant and successful officer.

HORRID CASE OF POISONING.—A correspondent of the Albany (Ga.) *Patriot*, writing from Thomasville, Ga., under date of June 1st, gives the particulars of a case of poisoning which recently occurred in that vicinity. It appears that Robert A. Pearce, Esq., a respectable citzen of that country, was taken suddenly ill, and died on the 10th of March last. On the 30th of May, his widow came before the Grand Jury and testified that a Mr. C. P. Henton had confessed to her that he had poisoned Mr. Pearce, and threatened to kill her if she did not consent to marry him. She made some promise or other to pacify him, and immediately came before the Grand Jury to testify as above. Henton has been arrested, as the Grand Jury brought in a true bill against him. He was brought into Court but by desire his trial is postponed until the next term.

NEW ORLEANS, June 14.

The Picayune says that the crevasse at Point Coupee is fourteen feet deep and six hundred yards wide—sweeping off houses and crops, and ruining plantations. It is still extending, and all attempts to stop it have been abandoned. All Attakapas county stands in great danger of being submerged. If this should occur, hundreds of plantations will be destroyed.

NEW YORK, June 22.

The steamer Swallow running between here and Dobbs Ferry, was burned to the waters edge this afternoon, when off the foot of 42d street, North River. Passengers all saved.

Steamer Vicetoy, of Galway, left this morning with sixteen passengers. This is the fourth steamer which has left this port for Europe, within the last seven days.

THE WEATHER AND THE CROPS.—The Fredericton *Head Quarters* says—The crops of every description in the neighbourhood of this city are coming on remarkably well. The grass crop may now be considered sure, and, with the exception of very low meadow land, will be an abundant yield in all parts of the country from which we have heard. The weather during the month has been rather variable in temperature, with occasional showers of seasonable rain.

Twelve head of fine cattle were brought to this market on Wednesday, in the steamer Commodore, from Portland.

Married.

On Thursday, by the Rev. A. Stewart, Mr. Alexander Gilchrist, to Miss Gertrude Cook, both of this City.

At the Centenary Chapel, on Friday afternoon, by the Rev. Mr. Knight, Chairman of the District, Mr. William Smith, of Her Majesty's Customs at this port, to Henrietta Jane Carter, daughter of the late Rev. Mr. Busby, Wesleyan Minister.

On the 25th inst., in the Centenary Chapel, by the Rev. R. Cooney, Wesleyan Minister, Mr. Francis W. Clear, Professor of Music, to Miss Frances Anne Hewitt, eldest daughter, of Mr. William Hewitt all of this city.

In Carleton, on Monday, by the Rev. F. Coster, Captain John Olive, of the Barque *Olive*, to Mary Narraway, second daughter of Mr. Joseph Beattenay.

At the residence of the Bride's father, by the Rev. Merrit Keith, on Thursday the 13th instant, Mr. John Mullin, to Miss Naomi, second daughter of Mr. Henry Keith, all of Studholm, King's County.

On the 21st ult., by the Rev. D. Crandall, Mr. Enoch Horsman, to Miss Jane Dryden, both of Moncton.

At Sackville, on Sunday the 16th instant, by the Rev. T. N. DeWolfe, Rector, Mr. William Hickman, of Dorchester, to Mary Ann daughter of the late Mr. Joseph D. Wells, of Jolicoeur, Westmorland.

Died.

On Friday evening, the 21st instant, Hannah Green, infant daughter of John and Lucy Ansley.

On Tuesday morning, after a painful illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude and pious resignation, Mr. James McAuley, in the 56th year of his age, leaving a wife and eight children to mourn their irreparable loss.

On Wednesday evening last, in Portland, James Henry, aged 13 years, son of Mr. David Johnston.

At Carleton, on Wednesday morning last, after a short and sudden illness, Hannah, wife of Mr. Otis Small, aged 20 years.

At Moncton, on the 8th inst., Alice, infant daughter of Mr. William Weatherson, aged sixteen months.

At Sackville, Charlotte B., daughter of John and Ann Boutilier, aged 19 years.

At Bacteuche, County of Kent, on the 13th inst. after a painful illness, Walkington Bowser, aged eighteen years and nine months, son of John Bowser, Esq., of that place.

At Campobello, of Scarlet Fever, on the 19th inst., Mary Elizabeth, aged 2 years and 3 months, and on the 13th, James, aged 4 years and 9 months, children of John Alexander, Esq.

Marine List.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.—ARRIVED.

Friday—Barque Brothers, Sullivan, New York, 5—Wm. Carvill, ballast.

Schr. Three Sisters, Cann, Boston, 4—William Thompson, flour, pork, &c.

Saturday—Brig Lastilla, Couch, New York, 10—order, do.

Triumph, Dudy, New York, 9—R. Rankin & Co., do.

Sunday—Prussian Brig Elwood, Lindamann, N. York, 7—order, ballast.

Agnes, (Prussian,) Zepheis, New York, 7—Lunt & Pickup, do.

Nord Havet, (Norwegian,) Helmer, New York, 8—order, do.

Hedwig, (Prussian,) Wulf, New York, 8—John Robertson, do.

Brig British Queen, Brown, New York, 6—Wm. Thompson, flour, &c.

T. P. Perkins, Gilkey, Boston, 2—order, ballast.

Schr. Charles, Whipple, Halifax, 7—G. & J. Salter, wine, sugar, &c.

Franklin, Russelle, Newburyport, 3—Jouett & March, ballast.

Harmona, Meloney, Boston, 4—order, do.

Monday—Brig Agnes Sophia, Betts, Boston, 5—order, do.

Tuesday—Barque Rose, Brown, New York, 6—Ballast.

Brig. Conn, McCrosty, Philadelphia, 10—Ettabrooks & King, flour, wheat, &c.

Schr. Challenge, Mahoney, Lubec,—Edwin Ketchum, plaster.

Wednesday—Barque William Carson, Vaughan, Bristol, 30—D. & T. Vaughan, ballast.

Thursday—Schr. Relief, Crowell, Halifax, 6—J. Robertson, oats.

CLEARED.

June 21st—Ship Townsend, Richardson, Liverpool, deals; Lachnitz, Jorgensen, Hull, deals; barque Atlantic, Murphy, Kingstown, timber and deals; British Queen, Bell, Londonderry, timber and deals; Brig William Cowland, Shirkell, Arbroath, timber and deals; Reliance, Lowe, Wisbeach, timber and deals; Beacon, Turner, St. Andrews, (Scotland,) timber and deals; Monticello, Clifford, Kennebunk, pine timber; Schr. Francis, Logan, New York, deals; Herald, Andrews, Thomastown, (Me.) hackmatack timber and scantling; Josephine, Langlois, Quebec, herrings, molasses, &c.

22d—Barque Odessa, Sally, Dublin, timber and deals; Richard Young, May, Wisbeach, do.; Bacchus, Sergeant, Gloucester, do.; Brig Garland, Riordan, Cork, do.

23d—Ship John S. DeWolfe, Reid-Iwy, Liverpool, timber and deals; Outlin, Bridge, Liverpool, do.; Schr. Monadnock, Colson, Boston, boards and shingles; Martha, Greenow, Robbins, St. John's, N. F., lumber.

25th—Brig Charlotte, Fowles, Kingstown, deals; Caroline, Bunker, Sunderland, timber and deals; Lafoes, Fleming, Sunderland, do; Daring, Douglas, Barbadoes, lumber; schr. Sultana, Whittier, Boston, lumber.

26th—Barque Sovereign, Hall, timber & deals; Harriott, Dyer, Liverpool, do.; Medium, Crosby, Glasgow, deals and boards; Brig Lydia, Trask, Glasgow, do.; Schr. Chronometer, Pierson, New Haven, lumber; Echo, Holder, New York, scantling, &c.

At San Francisco, 24 May, barque Teal, Gray, hence; do., 6th, brig Volante, Wheelan, hence.

Brig Ceylon, from Boston, for this port, has been cast away at Little River—said to be a total loss.

Pleasure Trip to Eastport!

THE Steamer "FOREST QUEEN" will leave FREDERICTON for St. John on Wednesday the 3rd July, on a PLEASURE EXCURSION, and will leave ST. JOHN at 7 o'clock the next morning for EASTPORT.—She will leave Eastport on her return at 3 P. M., and will leave INDIAN TOWN for FREDERICTON at 9 o'clock that evening. ☞ Fare for the Trip from Fredericton, 10s., ditto from St. John, 5s.

June 28. F. W. HATHEWAY.

COALS on hand for Sale.

300 CHALDRONS best LIVERPOOL;
200 do. WALLSEND;
200 do. JOGGINS;

JOHN KINNEAR.
June 28. *Prince William Street.*

WILLIAM CRAIG, M. D.,

GRADUATE of the University of Glasgow, intends practising the various branches of his profession in this City.

Residence in the house belonging to, and lately occupied by, DAVID J. MERRITT, Esq., corner of Germain and Union Streets.

Advice to the poor gratis, between the hours of 9 and 10, A. M.

St. John, N. B., June 28, 1850.

NOTICE.

THE Semi-Annual Visitation and Examination of the Public GRAMMAR SCHOOL in this City, will take place on SATURDAY next, the 29th instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

J. H. GRAY,
June 28. *Clerk to the Board.*

Boy's Long Boots, and Men's BOOTEES.

FOR Sale at 4, South Side King Street, at 3s. 9d., and upwards, per pair.

June 28. J. CROUCH.

JOHN MUNRO

RETURNS his best thanks to his Friends and the public, for their support, while working at the Silver-Smith business; he now begs leave to inform them that he is prepared to work in the JEWELLERY LINE, as follows:—Ladies' Hair Bracelets with Gold or Silver Catches, Hair Gard Chains, Hair Rings, Hair set in Lockets, Brooches and Rings; Gold and Silver School Medals, Gold Studs, Stones set in Gold for Brooches and Rings; Plain Star'd Gold and Fancy Rings; Engraving, Jewellery neatly repaired, &c.

J. M. will be found in that pleasantly situated House, South East of the Wesleyan Chapel, and next East of Mr. G. E. Fenety's, Orange Street, where the most trifling favour will be gratefully received, either to be made or repaired, and executed on reasonable terms for Cash.

June 21. JOHN MUNRO.

Dr. Lester

HAS taken the House lately in the occupation of Dr. McLellan, opposite the residence of R. F. Hazen, Esq., Charlotte Street.

June 7th—3i.

"Hole in the Rock."

DOMESTIC Sugar Cured HAMS, superior to Yankee, Pickled PORK and BACON, choice Roll'd BUTTER and fresh EGGS, always on hand.

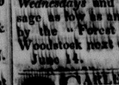
The above is recommended on the principle that it is the duty of every individual of New-Brunswick, to encourage the produce, and every article that is, or can be manufactured in the Province, in preference to foreign articles, from the lofty pine tree of the forest, to the spruce gum of Loch Lomond, that it is the *best* protection we can have, and will tend more to our future prosperity, than free trade, or reciprocity with foreign states.

Groceries of the best quality and in every variety, at the above establishment.

J. G. LESTER

Charlotte Street, 14th June, 1850.—1m.

"FOREST QUEEN."



IN consequence of numerous solicitation, the subscriber has been induced to let the "Forest Queen" run as a Day Boat until the *Anna Augusta* is ready to run, or until further notice.

She will therefore leave Fredericton on *Mondays, Wednesdays*, and *Fridays*, at 12 o'clock, noon, and returning will leave INDIAN TOWN on *Tuesdays* and *Thursdays* at the same hour, and Saturdays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

She will pass on the west side Long Island on *Wednesdays* and *Thursdays*. Freight and Passage as low as any Boat on the River. Freight by the "Forest Queen" will be forwarded to Woodstock next day.

June 14. F. W. HATHEWAY.

CARLETON UNION, No. 707, (on the Registry of England,) will meet in Masonic Hall, on Thursday evening next, 7 o'clock. R. N. By order of W. M.

BOARDERS WANTED.—A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with Board in a pleasant part of the city, about five minutes walk from the Square. Apply at the office of this paper. June 14.

THE subscriber begs to intimate to his Friends and the public in general that having disposed of his retail business, he will in future devote his time to the teaching of Music in its several branches.—Also to tuning and repairing Piano Fortes and all other descriptions of Musical Instruments.

Office in Lawrence's Brick Building, King st.

TERMS MODERATE.

June 14, 1850. S. STEVEN.

APPRENTICE WANTED.—A Boy of about 14 years of age as an apprentice.

WM. MAJOR.
June 14. (Cour.) *Prince Wm. street*

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having entered into Partnership, under the Firm of

Smythe & Abercrombby,

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have received per the *Harriott*, from Liverpool, part of their SPRING SUPPLY, comprising a great variety of

DRESS MATERIALS,

in Muslin, Barege, De Laines, Orleans, Cashmere, SILK, SATIN and LINEN,—

RIBBONS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, LACES, PARASOLS,

SHAWLS and Handkerchiefs,

Linen, Lawns, Dispers, Damask Cloths and Napkins,

Grey, white, and Printed COTTONS,

CARPETS, Druggets, Morceens, and Damasks,

BROAD CLOTHS, Cassimeres, and Tweeds,

Gent's Silk and Satin Handkfs.; Ariel, Nautical, and Albert TIES.

☞ Remainder of Stock expected per Steamer, and *Alice Bentley*.

JAMES SMELLIE,
ROBERT W. ABERCROMBY.

St. John, 24th May, 1850.

PIANOFORTE ESTABLISHMENT;

SOUTH SIDE KING SQUARE, St. John, N.B.

MESSRS. KENNAY & SCRIBNER having entered into Co-partnership in the above business, offer for sale, PICCOLO, COTTAGE, and CABINET PIANOFORTES, warranted to stand the climate, combining richness and purity of tone, with elegance of finish, superior to any hitherto furnished in this place. Prices as follow:—

PICCOLO £35; ditto *elegant*, £40;
COTTAGE £45;
CABINET £60; ditto *very elegant*, £75.

Every description of horizontal PIANOFORTES, made to order at equally low prices.

All Instruments made by K. & S. will be warranted for three years; and as they have materially reduced their prices of Pianofortes they hope by a strict attention to business, they will be enabled to secure public patronage.

E. Kennay can confidently recommend his Pianofortes to the Public, having been for many years engaged in one of the first establishments in London.

☞ Every description of English and American Pianofortes tuned and repaired,

May 10, 1850.

HUGH RENNICK,

BOOT and SHOE MAKER,

WOULD inform his friends and the public that he has removed his Boot and Shoe Shop to No. 24, North side of King Street, five doors above Germain Street, where he keeps constantly on hand BOOTS and SHOES of his own Manufacture made of the best Leather that this market can produce, which he will sell very cheap for cash.

For No. 24, you will please to inquire,
By calling elsewhere you may have to pay higher.

☞ All orders in the above line will be promptly executed. St. John, May 10, 1850.

SHANTY, No. 25,

Sign of the Side of Leather,

NORTH SIDE KING-STREET.

Received per "Olive" from Liverpool, a choice assortment of LEATHER and Shoemakers' FINDINGS, viz:

ONE Dozen and a Half best English SOLE LEATHER;
6 doz. French CALF SKINS; 4 do *Morocco* do;
24 dozen best quality of Lining and Binding SKINS, divers colours;
3 do. silver printed ROSES, fancy patterns;
14 gross best Binding Ribbon, 16 lbs *Hard Ash*.
20 do. Boot Webb, fancy colours;
5 lbs. best Bristles; 20 gross Allerton's AWLS, SHOE PICKERS, KNIVES, &c.
448 lbs. Brass NAILS; 148 do. Brass SCREWS, ½ and ⅝; these articles are all the best to be had, and will be sold Cheap for Cash.

☞ Daily expected, a large supply of the best article of SHOE THREADS.

Also, per Admiral & Maid of Erin from Boston:

60 Sides SOLE LEATHER, choice; 19½ doz. Lining and BINDING SKINS;
4 dozen Kid Skins; 4 do. Boot Morocco do;
2 do patent *Calf Skins*; shoe Knives, all sizes,
A choice selection of Boot KITS;

DOMESTIC STOCK!

Lasts, Boot Trees, Cramps, &c.

600 Pairs LASTS, all sizes; 20 do Steel Toes do;
100 Pairs BOOTS; 13 dozen CALF SKINS, 11 dozen Patnas; 200 Sides SOLE LEATHER, and all other articles to complete a general Leather and Finding Store; all of which are offered cheaper than can be purchased elsewhere.

☞ Shanty, No. 25, North Side of King-street, Sign of the Side of Leather.

May 31. JAMES J. CHRISTIE.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having legal demands against the Estate of JAMES P. PAYNE, Esq. late of the Parish of Portland, County of St. John, Merchant, deceased, are requested to render their accounts, duly attested, within three months from this date; and those indebted to the Estate will make immediate payment to CHARLES SORELL.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

AT a General Meeting of the Stockholders of the *South Bay Boom Company*, held on the 13th instant, RESOLVED, that the following be an additional Bye Law of this Company:—

"That no Timber, Logs, or other Lumber that may hereafter be deposited within the Booms of the Company, shall be allowed or permitted to be taken from within the same unless the Initials or other private mark of the purchaser is distinctly inscribed upon it, besides the Surveyor's private mark; and such purchaser or purchasers shall furnish the Superintendent with his or their marks for that purpose."

Extract from the Minutes,
THOMAS McMACKIN,
24th May, 1850.—2m. *Superintendent*

CHAINS & ANCHORS

Now Landing ex *Gratitude*—

21 CHAIN CABLES, from 5-8 to 1 1-8 in.
30 Anchors, Iron and Wood Stock,
from 1 to 16 cwt. For Sale by

May 31. THOS. F. RAYMOND.

Fashionable **FURNITURE** *and* **Upholstery Warehouse,**

Second Story, Brick Building, head of King-St.,

FURNITURE in modern style, on hand and made to order. ALSO—Feather Beds, Hair and Grass Matresses and Pallyasses, &c. Curtains and Carpets cut and made.

J. & G. LAWRENCE.

FOR SALE.—MAHOGANY & WALNUT, in boards, Planks and Veneer. J. & G. L.

May 31. Second Story.

PANTECHNETHECA.

SUPERFINE DRESS COATS, Frock and Sack
Ditto,
SUMMER CLOTH OVER COATS,

in great variety; Rich Dress VESTS, Morning and Walking VESTS; Black Doe TROWSERS, best quality; Blue Plaid Ditto

All descriptions of
WALKING AND RIDING TROWSERS.
Driving and Boy Coats. A great variety of
BOYS CLOTHES.

In drawing attention now, at the commencement of the Spring Trade, to our Large Establishment.

Corner of King and Cross Streets.

We wish briefly to enumerate the advantages which we offer to our Customers and the Public. We have always studiously avoided claiming to ourselves any power of selling at thirty or forty per cent. under others in the trade, but simply rested our claims on our extensive experience—buying our Goods direct from the best Manufacturers at Cash prices.

In commencing the Clothing Business some time ago, in St. John, in addition to our large Custom Trade, we introduced a scale of prices little known previously to the respectable class of the public; this we were enabled to do, by entirely rejecting the long credit system, and supplying first rate articles at a moderate scale of Profit for cash.

Our theory has invariably been, that improvements can always be introduced. This year we endeavour to do better than last.

PRICES THE LOWEST—QUALITY THE BEST—AND WORKMEN SUPERIOR.

And by thus continuing to progress during the few years we have been in business, we apprehend we have now brought our business to a point surpassed by none.

The superiority of our style of Cutting is well known. The newest Paris and London Styles are introduced as early as in New York or Boston, and every improvement is at once adopted. In alluding to the large Stock of Clothes in our Establishment, we may merely state that it comprises the best assortment of FRENCH and GERMAN TWILLED CLOTHS, and DOESKINS, of every shade and colour to be found.

Having thus alluded to the general arrangement of our business, as far as regards the Order Department, we wish particularly to draw attention to the other very large and increasing branch of our business, viz:

THE EXTENSIVE READY MADE DEPARTMENT.

Of this branch, we may say that every article in our Establishment is made up as carefully as if ordered. No workman is too good to be employed by us. We make all description of Garments, up to the highest priced COATS, Numbers have proved and acknowledged the value of being at once fitted.

Some idea may be formed of the system pursued, when we state that in Coats we keep thirty six sizes, so that all shades and heights may feel a certainty of being fitted.

To enumerate the varied Stock would far exceed the limits of an advertisement, but our customers will find on visiting the

PANTECHNETHECA,

Corner of King and Cross Streets, that all their expectations will be fully realized.

A SUIT of MOURNING at five minutes notice.

May 31. GARRETT & SKILLEN.

BOOKS! BOOKS!!—Just Received at 4, South Side King Street—Mechanics' *own BOOK* or Artist's Guide, embracing the portions of chemistry applicable to the Mechanic Arts, with abstracts of Electricity, Galvanism, Magnetism, Pneumatics, Optics, Astronomy, and Mental Philosophy, by J. Pilkinton,

Pirates own Book, of the lives, exploits, and executions of the most celebrated Sea Robbers, etc.

Also, Scott's, Milton's, Young's Kirkwhite's, Moore's, Byron's and Wadsworth's Poetical Works, together with

Tuppers Proverbial Philosophy, Poems of Ossian,
Bancroft's Life of Washington,
Heroes of America, Life on the Ocean,
Life of Franklin, Life of Christ,
Ramon the Rover, and other Tales, 220 Engs.,
Marryatt's Works in great variety, and upwards of 700 copies of the newest publications always on hand for sale at very reduced prices.

June 14. J. CROUCH.

CIGARS! CIGARS!!—12,000 of various qualities, in lots to suit. J. CROUCH.

N. B.—Shopkeepers and Country dealers will do well by calling before purchasing elsewhere.

J. C.,
June 12. 4, South Side King street.

No. 4, South Side King Street.

READING FOR THOUSANDS!

THE Subscriber has just Received per Steamer *Maid of Erin* from Boston and New York a large and extensive assortment of Periodicals and Bound BOOKS of every variety.

May 31. J. CROUCH.

COFFEE.—To the Lovers of an excellent article equal if not superior to any yet introduced into this market, for Sale Wholesale and Retail at the Store, 4 South side King Street, below St. John Hotel. J. CROUCH.

Heads of Families will do well by making a visit. May 30.

Indian Town Hotel.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the Public generally that he has taken that house in Indian Town, formerly known as Smith's HOTEL, where he is prepared to accomodate both permanent and transient Boarders—And trusts, by contributing to the comfort and convenience of those who may patronise him, his exertions will be appreciated and rewarded accordingly. CHAS. A. LANGAN.

Indian Town, N. B., May 10, 1850.

PAPER HANGINGS.

TWO THOUSAND Pieces (new Patterns) low priced, just opening and for Sale by

June 7. JOHN KINNEAR.

South Bay Boom Company.

A DIVIDEND of Six per Cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid to the SHAREHOLDERS on or after the 18th day of June next, at the Office of the Company, at Indian Town. By order of the Board.

THOMAS McMACKIN, *Treasurer.*

St. John, N. B., 18th May, 1850.

South Bay Boom Company.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a further Instalment of Ten per Cent. on the Capital Stock of the SOUTH BAY BOOM COMPANY is required to be paid in at the Office of the Company, at Indian Town, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

THOMAS McMACKIN, *Treasurer.*

St. John, N. B., 18th May, 1850.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

Ex LEBANON, from London.

THE Subscriber has received a full supply of DRUGS and MEDICINES, Patent Medicines, PERFUMERY, Soaps, &c.

—Also—

900 Kegs No. 1 Brandram's White Lead;
250 do. Red, Yellow, Black, Brown and Green PAINTS;
14 Casks double boiled Linseed OIL;
18 do. Raw do. do.
20 Bels. Whiting; 6 Bals. Paris White;
10 do. Yellow and Red Ochre;
1 Cask London GLUE;
5 do. Brunswick Green, Bright Green, Prussian Blue, Vermillion, Umber, Raw and Burnt; Crome Yellow;
10 casks Powder of Red LEAD;
1 cask Paint and other Wash BRUSHES;
40 dozen GOLD LEAF.

In Store—11 barrels Spirits TURPENTINE.

WM. O. SMITH.

May 17. *No 1, North Side Market Square.*

CHEAP

HAT, CAP, & FUR STORE.

No. 1, Prince Wm. street,

and corner Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Now opening by the *Lisbon, Faside, Olive*, and *Maid of Erin*, and from *Manufactory*—

40 DOZEN Gent's Satin HATS, newest styles, very superior.
70 dozen Men's Paris and Plate Hats,
60 do. Men's and Youth's Drab, Brown and Green Sporting Hats,
40 do. Men's and Youth's Pearl Tampice Hats,
40 do. Men's and Youth's Cloth CAPS, every style,
20 do. Glazed Hats,
10 do. Brussel's Carpet Bags,
Glazed Hats in Variety, Table Oil Cloth,
Gent's Furnishing Goods.

☞ Orders received for rich heavy Curtain Fringe, newest patterns on sight.

LOCKHART & CO.,
May 17. *No. 1, Prince William Street.*

ENCOURAGE DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE!

HATS AND CAPS—Spring Style for 1850.

THE Subscriber would respectfully invite the attention of the public to his well assorted Stock of HATS and CAPS, made of the best materials, and of the latest fashion, and he feels warranted in stating that for Style, Cheapness and Durability, they cannot be surpassed.

Parties in want of a GOOD HAT, would find it to their advantage to call at this Establishment where they can be suited with a good article and *Cheaper than at any Importers establishment in this City.*

N. B. Hats made to order at the shortest notice, and will be repaired free of charge.

May 24. A. MAGEE, *King street.*

HATS AND CAPS.

Spring Styles for 1850.

C. D. EVERETT & SON have received per *Olive*, and *Harriott*, from Liverpool, and *Maid of Erin*, Boston, their Spring Supply of Satin and Silk PLUSHES, and HAT and CAP MATERIALS, &c.;

And are now prepared to furnish the public with Fashionble HATS AND CAPS, at prices which defy competition—*for Cash only.*

We have imported a quantity of the very best French Plush, from which we are manufacturing Satin HATS, of a quality superior to any imported in this market. Price 20s.

Our present Stock consists of Satin, Moleskin, Silk, Beaver, Angola, Sombrero, California, Kersey and other HATS; cloth, silk glazed, and cotton glazed CAPS—in various fashionable styles, manufactured by ourselves of the very best materials.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ Cash and the highest prices paid for Furs.

May 24, 1850.

☞ NOTICE.

The St. John Gas Light Company.

AT a General meeting of the Stockholers of the above Company at the Works on the 6th day of May, inst., it was resolved by the Stockholders representing a majority of the shares that an assesment of twenty two shillings per share be called in, for the purpose of carrying on the business of the company.

Public notice is hereby given of the above assesment, and that the sum of twenty-two shillings per share, is required to be paid to the Treasurer, at the Company's Office, in the city of St. John, within thirty days from this date.

R. BRITAIN
May 10. Treasurer.

☞ NOTICE.

The St. John. Gas Light Company

A dividend of twenty-two shillings per Share, was this day declared payable to the Stockholders on the tenth day of June next, at the Office of the Company.

By order of the Board of Directors.

R. BRITAIN.
May 10. Treasurer.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Paints, Oil and Glass.

THE Subscriber has received from London per *Lisbon* and *Faside*, his Spring Supply of DRUGS, Medicines, Patent Medicines, PERFUMERY, &c.

Also—7 tons Brandram's No. 1, White LEAD in 1 cwt. ¼ cwt. 28 and 14 lb. kegs; 60 Kegs Coloured PAINTS.

Per "Elizabeth Holderness" from Hull:

9 casks Raw and Boiled Linseed OIL;

Per "Harriott" from Liverpool:

400 boxes Window GLASS, assorted sizes;—all of which he offers Wholesale and Retail, at prices, and upon terms advantageous to purchasers.

May 24. S. L. TILLEY.

Common and Refined IRON.

Now landing ex "J. S. DeWolf," from Liverpool:

130 TONS Common and Refined IRON, all sizes; for Sale low by

THOS. F. RAYMOND,
May 31. *Nelson-street.*

MOLASSES AND PORK.—In bond or duty paid—30 hhds. of superior MOLASSES; 20 bels Mess PORK, just received and for sale low if taken from the wharf. J. CROUCH,

May 31. 4, South side King-street.

CALCINED PLAISTER.—50 Barrels of the above, received this day, and for sale by

April 26. THOS. HANFORD.

Received from Liverpool per Barque *Harriott*:—

10 TONS Boiler Plate IRON, ass'd sizes.

For sale by WM. CARVILL.

Complete Triumph of the LOW PRICE SYSTEM.

GRANITE HALL,

No. 1, Dock Street.

Famed throughout the Provinces for the neat cut, superior work, and unrivalled cheapness of its

CLOTHING.

The low priced system adopted by me in 1849 was completely successful, and is now renewed for 1850.

The community of Saint John and vicinity now have the changes to buy CLOTHING for Men, Youth's, and Boys, at such prices as have never yet been known in this City.

COATS.

50 Light Gambroon Business Coats, a superior article for 12s. 6d.
72 Dark Drill Hunting Coats, 6s. 9d, 7s. 6d, 8s 9d. 10s., &c.
50 Light and Dark Satinett, 15s. 16s. 17s. 18s. etc.
72 Black Russel Cord and Cashmaretta Summer Coats, a respectable and genteel article for elderly gentlemen, 13s. 9d. 14s. 6. etc.
100 Black Cloth Sacks and Palitots, at 25s. 27s. 6d. 30s. warranted the best value in the City at the prices.
50 Black Russel Cord, Cashmerettas, Cassimere and Sacks, Peltoes and Palitots—superior articles for summer wear.
100 Dark Plain Doeskin Hunting Coats, 20s 22s 6d, 25s.
50 Slate lining and Holland Blowsers at all prices from 4s. 6d.
Dress and Frock Coats in great variety.

VESTS.

60 Fancy Marsillas, latest styles, 3s. 3d. 8s. etc.
30 Light Paris style Cashmere, 4s. 4s. 6d. etc.
30 Fine White Marsillas Figured and Plain, Beautiful articles for balls, parties, etc., made expressly for "Granite Hall" by a Fashionable shape at the "West End" London, 10s. and upwards.
60 Dark Quilting in every variety, from 2s.
100 Single and Double breasted Fancy cut black Satins at prices from 6s. 9d.
Black Mourning Vests in great variety.
75 Paris checked and embroidered, silk in beautiful styles, 7s. 6d. 8s. 9. 9s. 5., etc.
60 Fancy Tweed Plaids in all the different clans, 5s. and upwards.

PANTS.

60 pair plaid and checked drill, 5s. 5s. 6d. etc.
60 do. Black, blue, Grey and checked Satinnett from 6s 9d.
40 do Russel Cord (superior for summer wear) from 8s.
150 black Cloth Cassimere, Fancy Check and striped Doe at all prices from 12s. 6d.
100 Moleskin, Homespun, Tweed, etc, for Working Clothes.

Furnishing Goods of every description.

In fact every article to furnish a Ward robe

BOY'S CLOTHING.

Jackets, Peltoes, Palitots, etc., in Cloth, Russel Cord, Cashamarett, Cassimere, etc.
Linen Coats in variety.
Drill, Cantoon, Gambroon and Tweed Shooting Coats.
A good article of School Coat for 5s. only.
Every variety of Vests and Pantaloon.
Gents Mourning Suits; every description at 5 minutes notice, and at prices from 29s. upwards.

OUT SIZED CLOTHING,

of every description to suit any large person constantly on hand.

Clothes, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Vestings, &c. constantly on hand. and Gentlemen who with a neat ordered Garment, at a low price, should bear in mind that my cutter has no superior in his profession in this City.

Every description of Seamens Outfits at my usual low prices.

St. John, May 24. T. R. JONES

Liverpool House,

PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public that he has commenced business in Mr. Dunn's Building, in Prince Wm. Street where he offers for sale a general Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

—CONSISTING OF—

Black and Coloured SILKS AND SATINS; black and coloured Orleans & Coburg CLOTHS; California Strips and Chameleon CLOTHS; Printed Cottons and furniture PRINTS; Grey and White COTTONS; Shirting Stripe and Bed Tick; CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, PRINTED MUSLIN DRESSES;
Ginghams, Linens, Lawns, Hollands;
Shawls, Handkerchiefs, and Neck Ties;
Gloves, Hosery, Laces, Ribbons, Parasols;
Bonnets, &c. &c. &c.

May 10, 1850. N. S. WETMORE.

REMOVED.

T. COLLINS has removed his WATCH MAKING Establishment to the South Side of King Street, in the Store formerly occupied by Mr. McCollough, as a Clothing Store, where he is prepared to execute all orders entrusted to him in a workmanlike manner and on most reasonable terms. May 3.

GERMAN, FRENCH, ENGLISH & AMERICAN FANCY GOODS.

A LARGE assortment for Sale Wholesale and Retail. J. CROUCH,

May 31. 4, South side King-street.

REMOVAL.

MELICK's Daguerrian Rooms,

King Street, over the Store of Mr. Myles, near the Market Square.

☞ LIKENESSES taken at all hours of the day.

WANTED.—An Apprentice to the Printing Business. Apply at this Office.

June 14.

A SUPPER will be given under the Banners of the "*Grand Royal Black Orange Chapter*" at the "Brunswick House" on Friday the 12th day of July, instant, when brethren of other Lodges are invited to attend. Application to be made to the Committee of Management.

John Brown, R. C. Minnette, Jr.
Abraham Magee, W. C. Godsoe.
Committee.

GRAND LODGE.

Postponement.

THE meeting of the Grand Orange LODGE which was to have taken place at Woodstock on the third Tuesday in June, is postponed until the third Wednesday in July next, then to meet at Woodstock, 10 o'clock, a. m. By Order.

HYMN ON THE TRINITY.

Who made the world, the skies above,
The earth beneath, so bright and fair;
Sun, moon, and stars, whose light we love,
And flowers smiling every where:
God the Father, One in Three,
Ever-blessed Trinity;
Glory for ever be to Thee.

Who left his home above the sky,
For us, on earth in grief to dwell;
How God would have us live and die,
Left us his holy word to tell:
God the Saviour, One in Three,
Ever-blessed Trinity;
Glory for ever be to Thee.

And who God's children ever near,
In hours of danger or distress,
Will guard and guide, support and cheer,
And with his holy influence bless:
God the Spirit, One in Three,
Ever-blessed Trinity;
Glory for ever be to Thee.

Who made us and each living thing,
And gave us power to think and feel
A heart to know a voice to sing,
The goodness that his works reveal:
God the Father, One in Three,
Ever-blessed Trinity;
Glory for ever be to Thee.

Who on the cross for sinners died,
That we be pardoned for his sake
And now the Father's throne beside,
For us, doth intercession make:
God the Saviour, One in Three,
Ever-blessed Trinity;
Glory for ever be to Thee.

And who will help us when we pray,
For Jesus' sake to be forgiven,
And guide us in that holy way,
Which leads to happiness and heaven:
God the Spirit, One in Three,
Ever-blessed Trinity;
Glory for ever be to Thee.

Glory to the three in one,
God the Father, God the Son,
And the Spirit, ever be:
Glory to the Trinity!

Sanetatum Ægris Medicina Promittit.

FELLOWS & CO.
Chemists and Druggists.
FOSTER'S CORNER.

IN connection with their Drug and Chemical business, F. & Co. offer to their customers and the Public an extensive and varied assortment of English, French, and German PERFUMES, FANCY SOAPS in great variety, *DYES, OILS,* and other preparations for the Hair; Dentrifices for the Teeth, Lotions &c. for rendering the Skin soft, smooth blooming; BRUSHES of all kinds, COMBS, SPONGES of various qualities, and every article deemed requisite for the Dressing Table, the Toilet, and the Boudoir, of excellent quality, and at prices much lower than usually asked for the same in this City.

Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals.

These are all selected with the greatest care, an important consideration due from the Apothecary to the Invalid, in order that only the choicest Medicines shall be used in putting up the prescriptions of the Physician; that their Chemicals are the manufacture of the most eminent Chemists is sufficient guarantee that they cannot fail to give the highest satisfaction.

GARDEN, FLOWER, & OTHER SEEDS.

It shall be the aim of F. & Co. always to keep the best assortment and freshest SEEDS that can be procured. The stock on hand is mostly from the English and Scotch markets, selected by an experienced and honest Seedsman in Liverpool.

Patent MEDICINES, &c., may be had at this establishment, *genuine.*

The Proprietors are grateful for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business in this City, and solicit a continuance of the same at their new Store; the strictest attention will always be given to the various branches of their business.

A competent person will always be in attendance to dispense Medicine at night.—And the premises will be kept open on *Sunday* from 7 *a. m.* till 5 *p. m.* for dispensing Medicine *only.*

Pure Cold SODA WATER highly Carbonated, with rich Syrups as before. Wholesale and Retail. May 10.

Phœnix Foundry,
POND STREET.

THE Proprietors of the above Establishment having erected a new *Moulding Shop* on the Premises occupied by the late firm of THOMAS BARLOW & CO., are now prepared to Manufacture STEAM and FIRE ENGINES, Steam Boilers, Force Pumps, MILL MACHINERY, Turning Lathes, Screw Presses, Bark Mills, Patent Purchases and other Ship Castings, Hoisting Wheel Gear, &c., &c.

In Hand—CAMBOOSES; Cooking, Close and Franklin STOVES; Oven and Furnace Mouths; Side-Hill, Double Mould Board, Sod D, Improved D, E, and other pattern PLOUGHS; Fanning Mill Wheels; Truck and Barrow Wheels; Waggon and Cart Boxes, &c. &c.

FLEMING & HUMBERT.

☞ *Brass and Iron Castings made to order. Brass and Iron Turning. All kinds of Machinery repaired.*

St. John, October 16th, 1849.

Store to be Let.

From the 1st of May next:

THE STORE AND PREMISES at present occupied by Messrs. VAUGHANS & LOCKHART, in the Subscribers Fire Proof Brick Building, Prince Wm. Street, being one of the best stands in the City for Business. Rent very low to a good tenant, for particulars enquire in the building to

April 19. D. & T. VAUGHAN.

New and Cheap
ROOM PAPER.

THE Subscriber has just received the Handsomest variety of

CHEAP ROOM PAPERS

that is to be found in the City, and which he offers for sale at *Lower Prices* than similar qualities can be bought for at any other Store in Town. S. K. FOSTER.

WINE, BRANDY, GENEVA,
East India Pale Ale, Brown Stout, Porter, &c.

New landing ex 'Lisbon,'—and hourly expected to arrive per 'Faside,' from London:

20 HHDS. Choice Old PORT, Pale, Brown, and Golden SHERRY, *MADEIRA, LISBON, MARSALLA,* &c.
50 hhds. fine Old Pale & Brown Cognac Brandy, —Martell's, Hennessey's, Otard's;
50 hhds. Pale Schiedam Hollands GENEVA;
2 hhds. fine "Old Tom," or London GIN;
1 puncheon very old Jamaica RUM;
100 casks Byass' best London Porter, } In Pint
100 casks Byass' and Bass' genuine } and
East India PALE ALE, } Quart Bottles.

In Store.—Choice Old Wines and Spirits, of every description, in Wood and Bottle; Sparkling Champagne, Moselle, Hock, Claret, Tinta, Malaga, &c. &c. &c.—For Sale by

RANNEY, STURDEE, & CO.
Wine Merchants, &c.
May 10. Prince Wm. street.

STEAM TO
Eastport, Bangor, Portland, and BOSTON.

ON TUESDAY AND FRIDAY MORNINGS, AT SEVEN O'CLOCK.

THE sea-going Steamer MAID OF ERIN, Capt. BREWER, will leave the North Market on TUESDAY, and FRIDAY mornings, at Seven o'clock, for EASTPORT, to meet the splendid Steamer

ADMIRAL, Captain HUTCHINS, which leaves BOSTON on MONDAYS, and THURSDAYS, at Eleven o'clock.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

THOMAS PARKS,
Dock Street.

May 10.

For Digby and Annapolis.

☞ The *MAID OF ERIN* will also leave for DIGBY and ANNAPOLIS *on Wednesdays*, returning on *Thursdays.* (May 17.) T. P.

For Bangor, Lowell, Portland, and Boston.

"COMMODORE" AND "FAIRY QUEEN."

ONE of the above Steamers will leave regularly every MONDAY and THURSDAY Mornings for *Portland* and *Boston*—conveying by Railroad and Steamer *Governor*, (which connects with the above Steamers,) to *Bangor, Thomaston, Frankfort, Belfast,* and *Lowell.*—These steamers will be in time generally for the Trains from Boston to New York, the next days, Tuesdays and Fridays.

May 10, 1850. JAMES WHITNEY.

STEAM NOTICE.
Twice a week to Dorchester and the Bend.

THE steamer *"Herald"* will in future leave St. John for DORCHESTER and the BEND, every *Friday and Monday* afternoon, and will leave the Bend on her return every *Saturday and Tuesday*, high water—prices reduced—Cabin fare 12s. 6d. Forward, do. 10s. Cattle 12s. 6d. Horses 15s. other Freight as usual.

May 10. JAMES WHITNEY.

STEAMER ST. JOHN.

Fare and Freight Reduced!!

THE Steamer "ST. JOHN," Capt. Mowatt, will leave Indian Town for FREDERICTON on Monday evening at 6 o'clock, and will continue to run until further notice as follows—leaving Indian Town for Fredericton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, at 6 o'clock; returning will leave Fredericton for Indian Town on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, at the same hour.

☞ Cabin Passage, 5s.; Forward do. 2s. 6d.; Freight, 4d per Barrel, when paid on delivery—5d if charged. Way Freight, 9d. per Barrel.

P. S.—Freight will be received at the Warehouse, Indian Town, at all times free of charge.

May 17, 1850. I. MERRITT, *Agent.*

BRUNSWICK HOUSE,
CHURCH STREET.

THE subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above Premises, (formerly known as the Hibernian Hotel,) and is now prepared to wait upon them.

The House has undergone a thorough alteration and is fitted and furnished in the best manner, being second to none of the kind in this city.

Parties can be supplied at any time with Rooms.

The best liquors always on hand.

January 25. J. JUDGE.

GLASS'S HOTEL,
Gagetown.

THE Proprietor has recently put this Establishment in the most thorough and comfortable repair, and he is prepared to accommodate Travellers and Residents in the most satisfactory style.

Excellent stabling for Horses, and good attendance always on hand.

Gagetown, Dec. 1849. JAS. GLASS.

TO LET,

THE subscribers two story HOUSE in Peters' Alley, off Peters' street, suitable for accommodating two families, with wood houses, cellar, and tank for rain water; a reduction would be made to one party taking the whole with the privilege of letting part of it. Also Four Apartments in the subscriber's new House in David street, with plenty of cellar and yard room; being situated in the neighbourhood of the Foundry and ship yards would be eligible for parties intending to work in the same. Apply to

N. ADAMS.

Feb 8. Boot and shoe store, King street

Instruction in Music!

MR. F. W. CLEAR, Teacher of the Organ, Piano Forte, and Singing, would notify his friends and the Public, that he has REMOVED from his former residence to the house of Mr. John Armstrong, Charlotte street, four doors north of King's Square.

Mr. C.'s terms for instruction are 30s. per quarter; and he pledges himself to give satisfaction, or no charge will be made. Jan. 4.

On Consignment.

Just Landed, ex brig "CLARE," from Dublin—

10 PUNS. IRISH WHISKEY, (a very superior article;)
1 cask ass'd. HARDWARE, Whip Thongs, &c.
3 tons *Hollow Ware*, in Pots, Ovens, Pans, &c.
10 Bales HEMP; 9 coils CORDAGE;
19 bolts CANVAS.—assorted numbers,

All of which are offered for sale at low prices by WILLIAM CARVILL.

WHITE LEAD, GLASS AND NAILS:—*By the Lisbon, from London,*—300 boxes German Window Glass, from 8x10, with all the intermediate sizes, up to 14x30; 50 cases (containing 200 feet each,) ditto, from 22x26, with the intermediate sizes up, 24x46; 100 kegs Brandram's No. 1, White Lead; 100 kegs Brandram's No. 2, White Lead; 50 kegs 1 inch to 3½ inch Wrought Nails. JOHN KINNEAR.

May 17. *Prince Wm. street.*

LOCKHART & CO.

HAVE received their Stock of Fashionable *HATS* and *CAPS*, for the Spring and Summer, by the *Lisbon*, and *Faside*, from London, *Olive*, from Liverpool—and French Goods by the *Admiral*, and *Maid of Erin*, from Boston—which with the stock of their own manufacture, makes the usual variety complete. Their customers and the public will please make an early visit to their Establishment, and obtain the Newest Styles at the lowest prices for Cash.

May 17, 1850.

SPRING
IMPORTATIONS.
PRINCE WILLIAM STREET—1850.

RECEIVED by the Subscriber per ships *Catherine* and *Ann*, a splendid and well selected Stock of SCOTCH GOODS. The public are invited to call and inspect the following articles, and will find it to their advantage by purchasing, the whole of which will be sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL, as low as any other house in the trade.

DRESS GOODS.

Consists of Printed Delain and Cashmeres in all colours;

Printed Muslins, Organdi and Checked Barege, Swiss and Scotch Lawns, Earlston, and Linen *Ginghams, Cashmere, Shawls,* all wool, Fill'd, Check'd Maud, Norwich, *Lama,* Indiana, Barge, and

LONG SHAWLS.

Together with a beautiful assortment of Cashmere, Barge, Indianna, Crape, Mohair and Silk *HANDKERCHIEFS*, Carpeting and Druggits *Patent Linen and Cotton Threads.* Sheeting, Towelling, Osnaburgs, Damask Cotton and Linen Diaper, Table linen, Canvasses, twild Regattas, white and brown Drills, Satinetts, Cotton Handkerchiefs and Gingham Cravats, and a large assortment of white brown and

FANCY HOLLANDS,

Many expected per ships "Harriot," "Candace," and "Olive," the remainder of the Spring Goods.

May 20. JOHN HASTINGS.

M. FRANCIS & COUGHLAN,
No. 12, Prince Wm. street.

BEG leave to return their sincere thanks to their friends and the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on them during the short time they have been in business, and hope by strict attention still to merit their future favors.

They have just received per *Lisbon* and *Olive* from Liverpool, their Spring Supply of BOOTS and SHOES,—consisting of—

Ladies,' Gentlemen's, Misses, and Children's BOOTS AND SHOES;

of all descriptions, quality and style.

The Subscribers keep always on hand, of Domestic Manufacture, a large assortment of Gentlemen's Morocco, Calf Skin, Green Leather, and Kip BOOTS; Half Boots; and every description of Shoes; Boys' and children's Boots and Shoes; Women's and Girls' cheap Shoes. The above Goods will be sold Wholesale and Retail at their usual low prices for cash.

Also—an elegant assortment of India Rubbers.

May 24.

S. K. FOSTER'S
LADIES' FASHIONABLE SHOE STORE,
GERMAIN STREET ST, JOHN, N. B.
Two doors South of Foster's Corner.

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Ladies of this City, vicinity, and Province generally, that he has just received a portion of his SPRING and SUMMER Supply of New and Fashionable BOOTS and SHOES, of every description, suitable for the present and coming Season. S. K. FOSTER,

April 26. *Germain-Street.*

NOTICE.
To those interested in the Lumber Trade.

THE Subscriber having taken the well known TIMBER POND, WHARF, and BLOCKS in the Parish of Portland, formerly occupied by James P. Payne, Esq., intends carrying on the business on his own account, and solicits from those engaged in the trade a share of their patronage. The Pond being roomy and convenient will enable him to put a large amount of Timber in Shipping order in very short time; every attention will be given to cause despatch to vessels loading.

The Wharf is very convenient and well adapted for piling Deals or Coals on, the charges will be moderate.

Vessels of the largest description can lie on the Blocks for the purpose of being examined or repaired.

Any orders left at the Office near the Pond, will be promptly attended to. CHARLES SORRELL.

St John, N. B., 5th April, 1850. 5t

Favor's Express!

FAVOR'S PACKAGE EXPRESS will leave per steamer "Maid of Erin," on THURSDAY morning the 28th inst., at 7 o'clock.—Orders to purchase Goods, Notes and Bills for Collection will receive the personal attention of Mr. Favor.—For further particulars apply to

L. H. WATERHOUSE, Agent.

St John, March 1st, 1850.—3t. *South Wharf*

Simmonds & Co.
Old established Agents for the Colonies and Commission Merchants,
Burge Yard, London.

CONTINUE to transact all descriptions of AGENCY business, and to supply goods at manufacturers' prices on receipt of a remittance for the amount.—The postage of all letters must be paid.

GUNNISON'S EXPRESS.

A SPECIAL MESSENGER will be despatched with Gunnison & Co.'s Express, on THURSDAY, per *Maid of Erin*, to connect with the *Admiral*, at Eastport.

Small Packages and Parcels forwarded as usual to any part of the United States; also to San Francisco, Sacramento, and Stockton, California.

☞ Goods forwarded to *Dye House* in Boston and back to this City.

THOMAS HANFORD, *Agent, St. John.*
J. B. HALL, *Rail Road Exchange, Boston*

St. John, March 1, 1850.

REMOVAL.—The Subscriber would beg to inform the Public that he has removed his UNDERTAKING ESTABLISHMENT to the Shop lately occupied by Mr. P. Shuttleworth, Germain street, and one door North of his old stand, where he will furnish every article in his line at his usual low prices.

May 4. M. N. POWERS.

FOR SALE:

A VALUABLE tract of LAND on the Richibucto River, in the County Kent, containing upwards of 800 acres.—Apply to

August 24.—tf. ALEX. BOYLE.

CANVAS.—Per *Harriott*, from Liverpool—264 Bolts Abroath Navy CANVAS, very superior; for sale by

THOS. F. RAYMOND,
May 24. Nelson street.

Window Glass, Nails, &c.

Arrived ex the Ship Princess, from Liverpool,

140 BAGS best quality Cut NAILS, 3d, 4d, 5d, 6d, 8d, 10d, and 12d sizes;
160 Boxes Window GLASS, 8x10, 9x12, 9x13, and 10x12;
25 Kegs best quality MUSTARD;
1 Barrel Cream of Tartar; 1 Box SAUCES.

For sale by JOHN KINNEAR.

March 15. *Prince William Street*

Important to the Public.
Horse and Cattle Medicines.

Don't permit your Horses or cattle to die, when the means of cure are within the reach of all!

The undersigned has spent several years in the study of Veterinary practice in "London and Edinburgh," he has also availed himself of the researches of Leibig, and other celebrated men, who have contributed so much towards a judicious treatment of animals; the principles of our practice consists of the rejection of general bleeding and the total rejection of all medicines that experience has shown is be of a dangerous tendancy. These remedies are in harmony with the vital principle, and when given according to the directions which accompany each article they are capable of exciting and increasing the natural functions, without diminishing or destroying their power, hence are safe in the hands of every one.

G. H. DADD, M. D.

List of Horse and Cattle Medicines.

Physic balls, 3s. 9d per box.
Alterative ball, 2s. 3d. do.
" powders for bad condition, 3s 9d package.
Heave powder for diseases of the lungs, 3s 9d.
Grime powder for " " Kidneys, 3s 9d, do.
Tonic powder for bad condition glanders, 3s 9d do
Cordial drink for inflamation of bowels, 3s 9d per bottle.
Liquid blister, 3s 9d per bottle.
Ointment for promoting the growth of hair, 2s 6d per pot.
Healing balsam for wounds and saddle galls, 3s 9d per bottle.
Wash for inflamed eyes, 2s 6d per bottle.
Ointment for mange scratches, old sores, &c., 2s 6d per bottle.
Embrocation for sore throat, 3s 9d per bottle.
Hoof ointment for sand crack, brittle hoof &c. 2s 6d per bottle.
Horse Liniment, the most celebrated article known in England for lameness of every description, 3s 9d and 5s per bottle.
Distemper powder for red water, 5s. per bottle.
Worm powders for the removal of worms from the intestinal canal, 3s 9d per package.

For sale by Simpson & Reed, 26 Merchants Row, also at Dadd's Horse and Cattle Depot, Nos. 1 and 2 Haymarket Square, Boston.

Pamphlets describing the diseases for which these remedies are used can be had gratis.

Numerous Certificates are in possession of the Proprietors, of cures performed by the above Medicines.

For sale by S. L. TILLEY St. John, Agent for New-Brunswick.

June 8.

£250 Reward.

IS offered by Dr. TOBIAS if their is any article which will cure Colic, Dysentery, Chronic, Rheumatism, Cuts, burns, Corns, Headache, Pains in the Back, Chest and Limbs, Toothache, old Sores, Warts, Palpitation of the Heart, Coughs, Sore Throats, &c. quicker than his celebrated Venetian Liniment, which has never yet failed in 30,000 cases. It was used with success by his late Majesty Wm. the Fourth and many of the nobility of England have certified to its wonderful Pain relieving properties—It is internal as well as external remedy, and warranted to contain no ingredient that can injure even an infant. The money will be refunded, should it fail to give relief when used according to the directions.

Principal Depot, No. 1, Murray street, N. York. Price 25 and 50 cts. per bottle.

Agents for St. John, New-Brunswick.

November 9. FELLOWS & CO.

SOAP & CANDLE MANUFACTORY.
GEORGE WOODS,
West side Water Street, between the Ferry Landing and Fish Market,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

CONTINUES to manufacture Wax-wick MOULD CANDLES, which for brilliancy of light, and length of time in burning, cannot be excelled—made expressly for the parlour table.

Constantly on hand, DIPT CANDLES, of all sizes, made out of the pure hard Tallow, and undertakes to sell cheaper than can be imported from any part of the world. April 27.

VULCAN FOUNDRY,
MAIN STREET, LOWER COVE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the Public, that he is ENLARGED the above named Establishment, and having also recently increased his facilities for manufacturing STEAM ENGINES and other Machinery, BOILES, Iron castings, SHAFTING, &c. &c., he is *he prepared to take New Contracts for Work in any department of the Iron Foundry and Blacksmith Business.*

He has on hand a large assortment of

Cooking STOVES and Franklins,

of the most approved patterns, and is constantly manufacturing further supplies of these articles; which, together with Mill, and Ship's Castings, &c. &c. will be sold at lower rates than any other of equally good quality in this Market.

August 7. GEORGE CRAIG.

CITY HOTEL.

THIS well known Establishment, being now under the management of the Subscriber, is undergoing a thorough refitting, which, the subscriber is determined, shall render it second to no House of the kind in the Province. The Tables will be constantly supplied with all the essentials and delicacies of the season, and the attendants will be found civil and obliging. The subscriber, resolving to use every means of contributing to the comfort and convenience of those who may patronize the CITY HOTEL, trusts his exertions will be appreciated and rewarded accordingly; and respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public, in general, who visit the City of Fredericton.

ZEBULON M. P. THOMPSON.

Fredericton, Dec. 20, 1848.

HAMMOND RIVER HOUSE.

THE Subscriber grateful for past patronage from the Travelling community, begs to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has lately removed his establishment, to the above House, 16 miles from this City, 1 mile North of Hammond River Bridge, where he is prepared to entertain Travellers at all times and seasons

DINNERS, &c. &c. got up at shortest notice.

Constantly on hand, a choice supply of WINES, &c. &c.

Comfortable and commodious Stabling attached to the Premises, careful hostlers always in attendance. WASHINGTON ALDEN,

February 2, 1849.

SASHES! SASHES!

THE subscriber is prepared to Manufacture Sashes to any extent, from 3d. 6 light up, for home use or ready packed for exportation.

☞ About 1000 Lights on hand. DOORS made to order.

☞ Lumber, Bricks, or Country Produce taken in Exchange. J. E. TURNBULL,

November 30 Harding street.

FARM FOR SALE.

SITUATED in the Parish of Lancaster, 5½ miles from St. John, consisting of 200 acres, 25 of which is cleared. It fronts on the bay of Fundy, and has a good HOUSE, Stable, and Outhouses, &c. fronting on the St. Andrews road. Enquire at the Chronicle office.

March 9. W. SCOTT

☞ The above Farm would be exchanged for property in the city.

"OF INTEREST TO ALL,"
TO THE LADIES.
THE GENUINE BALM OF COLUMBIA, FOR RESTORING THE HAIR.

"Long hair is a glory to woman," says Paul,
And all feel the truth of the pious quotation;
Preserve it then, ladies—your glory may fall,
Unless you protect it with this preparation.

If you wish a rich, luxuriant head of hair, free from dandruff and scurf, do not fail to procure the genuine Balm of Columbia. In cases baldness it will more than exceed your expectations. Many who have lost their hair for twenty years, have had it restored to its original perfection by the use of this balm. Age, state, or condition, appears to be no obstacle whatever; it also causes the fluid to flow with which the delicate hair tubes is filled, by which means thousands (whose hair was grey as the Asiatic eagle) have had their hair restored to its natural color by this invaluable remedy. In all cases of fever it will be found the most pleasant wash that can be used. A few applications only are necessary to keep the hair from falling out. It strengthens the roots, it never fails to impart a rich glossy appearance, and is a perfume for the toilet it is unequalled. It holds three times as much as other miscalled hair restoratives, and is more effectual.

☞ *Caution*—Never buy it unless you find the name of Comstock & Co., proprietors, on the wrapper of each bottle, or you are cheated with a counterfeit article.

DR. SPOON'S SICK HEADACHE REMEDY

Why will you suffer with that distressing complaint, when a remedy is at hand that will not fail to cure you? This remedy will effectually destroy any attack of headache, either nervous of bilious. It has cured cases of twenty years' standing.

WORMS IN CHILDREN.

Kolmstock's Vermifuge is the most extraordinary remedy ever used. Should there be no worms it will not hurt the most delicate child but will do it good. ☞ *Caution*—All of the above named articles are sold *only genuine* by COMSTOCK & CO., 59 Poydras st. New Orleans; COMSTOCK & BRO., 69 Second st., St. Louis, under the Monroe House; and COMSTOCK & CO., 21 Cortlandt st., N. York proprietors of the original and only genuine Magical Pain Extractor, and Hays' Liniment for the Piles.

☞ *Have you a cough?—Do not neglect it*—Thousands have met a premature death for the want of attention to a common cold. Rev. Dr. Bartholomew's Expectorant Pink Syrup will most positively give relief and save you from the most awful disease, Pulmonary Consumption, which usually sweeps into the grave thousands of the young, the old, the lovely and the gay.

HAYS' LINIMENT FOR THE PILES.

The worst attack of the Piles are effectually and permanently cured in a short time by the use of the genuine Hays' Liniment. Hundreds of our first citizens throughout the country have used this liniment with complete success. It is warranted to cure the most aggravated case.

☞ *Caution.*—Never buy it unless you find the name of Comstock & Co., upon the wrapper, proprietors of the genuine article, or you are cheated with a counterfeit.

DEAFNESS.

Use DR. MENAIR'S ACOUSTIC OIL, for the cure of Deafness. Also, all those disagreeable noises like the buzzing of insects, falling of water whizzing of steam, which are symptoms of approaching deafness. Many persons who have been deaf for ten, fifteen, or twenty years, and were subject of ear-trumpets, have, after using one or two bottles, thrown away these trumpets, beside made perfectly well. It has cured cases of ten, fifteen and even thirty years standing of deafness. Price $1 per flask.

For sale by S. L. TILLEY, King street, St. John, N B

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Cheap Variety Store.

The Subscriber having removed to the spacious and well fitted Store, formerly occupied by Mr. F. McDermott—King-Street:—

HAS opened and offers for Sale, a large and varied Stock of Furnishing and Household GOODS, Hardware, Cutlery, Dry Goods, Clothing, Fancy Goods, Rose Wood Wares, Musical Instruments, Accordions, Watches, Jewellery, Guns, Pistols, Belts, &c., American Brass Clocks, Looking Glasses, Birmingham Wares, all kinds, Tea Trays, all sizes, Fancy Vases, Glass Ware, Window Glass, Crockery Ware, Cheese Good Tea, Boxes Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Starch, &c., Paper Hangings, Stationery and Steel Pens, and a variety of useful Goods.

Furniture, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Mahogany Bureaus, Sofas, Book Cases; Stoves of all kinds On Sale as usual. J. LORDLY.

N. B. Goods will be received on Commission for private sales at limited Prices.

June 7th, 1849. J. L.

Temperance BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR will be held in the City of Saint John, in the early part of the month of *July*, to raise funds for the purpose of employing a competent person to Lecture on Temperance throughout the Province, for one year.

The assistance of *all* is respectfully solicited.

Donations may be left with any of the following Committee of Ladies:—

City of St. John—Miss Beatty, Miss Hazen, Miss S. E. Davidson, Mrs. W. H. A. Keans, Mrs. Jas. Gerow, Jr., Mrs. G. A. Garrison, Mrs. Joseph Lordly, Mrs. J. R. Marshall, Mrs. R. C. Frost.

Carleton—Mrs. J. Wetmore, Mrs. S. W. Olive, Mrs. J. Christopher, Jr.

Portland—Mrs. S. L. Tilley, Mrs. Jas. Harris Mrs. John Owens, Mrs. Richard Seely, Mrs. J. L. Woodworth.

Indian Town—Mrs. Moses Tuck, Mrs. James Flewwelling, Mrs. Robert Stevens, Mrs. Richard Dalton. April 30.

Fredericton, May, 1849.

THE Subscriber would intimate to the Saint John and Up-River Merchants, that having removed his business into those large and spacious premises with fireproof Cellars, &c., formerly owned and occupied by the late Mr. Slason, he would be happy to receive GOODS of any description for Sale on Consignment, or Storage, and make immediate RETURNS, or comply strictly to the orders of the Parties Consigning. Confidence and Punctuality most strictly adhered to.

SAMUEL A. AKERLY.
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

References at St. John, George Thomas, W. D. W. Hubbard, Esquires. May 11, 1849.

Paper Hangings, Wooden Ware, &c. &c.

RECEIVED AND FOR SALE—800 pieces assorted *PAPER HANGINGS*, handsome patterns. Also—2 Children's Willow WAGGONS; Nests of Tubs and Kettles; Butter Scoops and Stamps; Cylinder and Dash Churns; Pictures and Saw Frames; Clothes and Market Baskets; Brooms, Brushes, Bed Cords, Door Mats, Willow Chairs, Clothes Pins and Piggins; 8 boxes French SOAP.

May 17, 1850. JOHN KINNEAR.

By the Olive from Liverpool:—

4 HHDS. Linseed OIL; 1 case Castor OIL; 3 hhds. Crushed SUGAR; 10 crates Ginger Beer BOTTLES; 120 bags assorted SHOT; 100 Reams Wrapping PAPER; 5 bags COFFEE; 5 bags Black PEPPER; 12 dozen PIPES; 1 barrel Tartaric Acid.—For sale by

JOHN KINNEAR.

Turnip Seed.

500 LBS. Ruta Bags or Swedish, Yellow Aberdeen, White Flat and Garden TURNIPS; ex 'Lisbon,' from London. Warranted fresh and true to their kinds.

May 17. W. O. SMITH.

Dr. LA'MERT
ON THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF YOUTH AND MATURITY.
With Forty Coloured Engravings.

Just published, and may be had in French and English, in sealed Envelope. 2s 6d sterling.

SELF-PRESERVATION:

A MEDICAL TREATISE ON THE PHYSIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE, or *Disorders of Youth and Maturity* usually arising at an early period of life, which eviscerate the physical and mental powers, diminish an enfeeble the natural feelings, and exhaust the energies of Manhood. With practical observations on the Treatment of Nervous Debility and Indigestion, whether arising from these causes, close study or the influence of Tropical climates, Local and Constitutional Weakness, Syphilis, Stricture, and all Diseases and Derangements resulting from Indiscretion. With Forty *Coloured Engravings*, illustrating the *Anatomy, Physiology, and Diseases of the Reproductive Organs*, explaining their structure, uses and functions and the various injuries that are produced in them by solitary habits and excesses, and infection."

By Samuel La'Mert, M. D.

No. 37, BEDFORD SQUARE, LONDON.

Doctor of Medicine, Matriculat Member of the University of Edinburgh, Licentiate of Apothecaries' Hall, London, Honorary Member of the London Hospital Medical Society &c.

CONTENTS OF THE TREATISE:

CHAPTER I.—On the Philosophy of Marriage, with its Hindrances and Obligations, and on Infelicitous and Unproductive Unions.

CHAPTER II.—On the Anatomy and Physiology the Generative Organs, their functions, structures, and secretions, proving that great Mental and Physical Power are dependant on their healthy action.

CHAPTER III.—On solitary Habits; their various effects on the Animal Economy; the concealed cause of Debility of the functions of the Stomach, Lungs, and Brain, and general Weakness of the Mental Faculties.

CHAPTER IV.—On the Secret Disorders of Youth and Maturity, and the Treatment of Nervous and Local Weakness, Mental Debility, and Premature Decay.

CHAPTER V. and VI.—On the Disorders arising from indiscretion, Excess, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, and other diseases of the Urethra.

REVIEW OF THE WORK.

Marriage requires the fulfilment of several conditions, in order that it may be really the cause of mutual happiness. Concealed evil, which covers the origin of domestic wretchedness, be revived and its true source in every instance discovered, in how many could it be traced to physical degradations and their attendant disappointments. Excesses are always injurious; the gift, which when used in moderation is fraught with advantage, becomes, when abused, the terrible source of misfortune, and of greater or less injury to the constitution and vital powers. The particular excesses, on the nature and consequences of which this Treatise professes to dilate, are productive of greater misery to the human frame, than any other to which it is subject.

This Work contains an accurate and complete account of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Reproductive Organs, and of their relative conditions in health and disease. Not are these the sole contents of the Work, the means of escape, as well as the nature of the danger are pointed out in clear and intelligible language. It deservedly requires the closest attention and study, for what subject can be of more importance than the preservation of health, and the physical capabilities of which every man should be possessed. It unfortunately happens that the unhappy victim of excesses in dissipation and vicious habits, whether acquired in early life, or from the follies of advanced age, while suffering from their inevitable consequences, unwisely entertains a fear of applying to the qualified physician for relief. Shame and the dread so frequently but erroneously entertained that these complaints are beyond the reach of art, alike restrict him, and prevent his seeking for assistance where alone it can be procured. In acting thus, he forgets that accurate discrimination in ascertaining the causes of disease, sympathy with the sufferer, and above all, secrecy, invariably characterize the intelligent and practical physician, and to the medical man, who can show by his possession of the requisite legal qualification that he is entitled to esteem and respect in his professional pursuits the utmost confidence should be extended.

DR. LA'MERT has obtained the highest medical honours, as his diplomas testify, and the great extent of his practice for many years is a guarantee for his professional experience, which has reference almost solely to the treatment of these diseases.

The work may be had in St. John, of H. Cussen & Co., price 2s 6d stg.; Halifax, Messrs. Morton & Co.; Quebec, Mr. Neilson.

August 24, 1849.

☞ **Notice.**

THE subscriber having received his Licence as an AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT in this City, returns his sincere thanks to those who have patronized him for the last ten years, and again offers his services professionally for the sale of *Lands, Houses, Personal Estates, DRY GOODS, Undertakers and Furniture Sales*, on the premises of the owners, which will receive special attention.

Also—Will have one or two Sales weekly, at the *VARIETY STORE*, of such Goods as may be consigned from time to time.

☞ The Retail business by private sale continued as usual, over the counter, in a variety of Cheap Useful Goods.—*Call and See!*

14th sept. J. LORDLY.

Candlesticks, Just Received.

1 CASK containing 20 dozen assorted German Silver, Silver Plated Brass, and Japanned Table and Chamber CANDLESTICKS, very cheap at the Variety Store, King-Street.

July 6. J. LORDLY.

Fellows' Rasberry Vinegar.

STRAWBERRY, Raspberry, Lemon, Sarsaparilla, Ginger, Orgeat, Vanilla, and Rose SYRUPS.

Over 200 Gallons of the above choice selection of Syrups on hand—warranted to be prepared of pure Loaf Sugar, and to contain more of that article and to be of better flavour than any sold in this Market for the same money

FELLOWS & CO.
Manufacturers.

N. B. Any choice Syrup made to order in its proper season at short notice. F. & Co.

September 7.

EDWIN BAYARD, M. D.
Graduate of the University of Edinburgh,

☞ Residence in Portland, in the house next above and on the same side of the street as the Rev. Mr. Harrison.

N. B.—Any of Dr. E. B.'s patients wishing the Professional assistance of Drs. E. and W. Bayard, can have it without any additional charge.

St. John, March 22, 1850.

Buffalo Robes, Fur Caps, &c.

The Subscribers have received by late Arrivals from New York and Boston—

8 CASES Fur CAPS, newest styles,
5 bales best Buffalo ROBES.

Glazed Drab Soft Felt HATS, which will be sold at a very small advance, on cost—Wholesale and Retail. LOCKHART & CO.

No. 1, Prince William street, and Corner Market Square.

Nov. 2.

PITCH & TAR.
On Consignment ex Olive Branch.—

50 BARRELS PITCH;
50 do. Wilmington TAR.—for sale low from the vessel by

Feb. 1, 1850. THOMAS HANFORD.

SAINT JOHN,

Volume 14.

THE SAINT JOHN
Is published every Friday morning by Fellows & Co., at their Office in King-Street, E. H. Devober & Son, were the Printers.

☞ Visiting and Business Cards, Ornamental, Handbills, &c. executed generally, neatly executed.

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Mind! *IN ADVANCE*, and *CASH*.

All letters, orders, communications must be post paid, and addressed to the Chronicle Office.

Weekly Almanac
(The time of high water here.)

June		
6 Saturday,		
7 Sunday		
8 Monday,		
9 Tuesday,		
10 Wednesday,		
11 Thursday,		
12 Friday,		

New Moon 9th.

MINERVA LIFE ASSURANCE,
84, King William street, Strand.

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Francis Mills, Esquire.
Thomas Heath, Esquire.
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John