Ont.

Beardsley, fo

RTS.

L A Plummer

e 10. str Tou

Carrie L Smith, port—16 days. Victory, Stiles,

William Mar-

sch Laura L

k Cavalier, An-

str Dora, Shaw, Bella, Andersen,

son, for Fleet-

Belfast, Kvern-

Monrovia, Hib-

Garnet, Long

ig Sceptre, Dex-

G E Bentley.

sch Hattie Mu-

enland. Anderhark Nicanor

ohn J Hill, Me-

bark L W Nor-

Low Wood,

ch Fred H Gib-

brigt Ino, Mo-ith, Ja; Marion, ice, McLean, for

10. str Tyrian.

bark Ensenada,

sch Alice Maud.

and at 6 p m.

Philadelphia.

2, str Glasgow,

for Liverpool

e 9, str Prince

enos Ayres for
lon 64.52,
rom Boston for
7 S, lon 34 W.
m Tacoma for
N, lon 29 W.
rom Genoa for
lon 4 W.
om Ponce via
12, off Montauk

13—Outer Casco hinery at Half-lich was report-

13—Notice, is of that on or i light will be in Middle Break-he light on the er will be fixed k pole with a se westerly end led red, supportet top. The focal a 30 feet above

against 152 reby the Rt. Hon.
liberal, and forIndia, praying
proposal of the

INERS.

ed lost, whereupon Sir Charles de-manded a recorded vote.

The members were called and the motion to adjourn the debate was lest by a vote of 23 to 18.

Hon. Mr. Milis said he believed the colonial secretary had invited another conference on the Pacific cable pro-

Hon, Mr. Mills—"Yes."

The minister of justice said that the provisional boundary, had been decid-

NOTES.

actuaries, the banking and merce committee agreed to com-iss on the government insurance

Mackenzie Bowell-"In Eng-

Mackennie Bowell asked what it

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### SAMOA DIFFICULTY.

Great Britain's Proceedings at Samoa Attacked in the Reichstag.

Germany's Foreign Minister Says He Will Not Depart from the Stipulations of the Treaty.

BERLIN, June 19.-In the reichstag today the Anglo-German treaty was referred to a committee of 21 members. During the course of the debate Herr Leibermann Von Sonnenberg attacked Great Britain's proceedings in Samca. The minister of foreign affairs, Baron Von Buelow, replied, sayfairs, Baron von Buelow, replied, say-ing: "I have no objection to again define our attitude on the Samos question. We shall not depart from the stipulations of the Samoa treaty nor allow others to turn us from our We recognize the rights of others while maintaining our own."

In conclusion the foreign minister said: "We shall provide for full inlemnification of the Germans whose roperty was destroyed by illegal

ritish or American action.' After referring to the powers of the commission, Germany's insist-on the principle of unanimity in tts decisions and the provisional as-sumption of the government of Samoa by the commission, "under whose di-rection the maritime and consular reves were instructed to place es," the minister despatches, the situation as already the only new point being the commissioners' statement Malietoa Tanus and Mataafa as having equal rights as party leaders and the announcement that the possibility of strife may be ended by the abolition of the kingship. Baron von Buelow next mentioned the departure low next mentioned the departure from Samoa of Admiral Kautz, Mr. is and Vancouver today.

Mr. Lieyd will reach Montreal in Henry Rose, the German consul, and the release of Herren Huffnegit and Marquard, the two Germans arrested.

Marquard, the two Germans arrested

ed by Mr. Lieyd and liss son, and with they landed at Vancouver they single member seats out of double single member seats out of double ones in Toronto and double seats and out the first train of the new of single ones in Prince Edward Island. The only excuse for this given by Mr. Vulock was that they were restoring the ancient system in P. E. William V. S. S. John, with which no previous measure interfered. The government in St. John, with which no previous measure interfered. The government in the small of the small did not do it. It established the single member seats out of double ones in Toronto and double seats out of single member seats out of double ones in Toronto and double seats out of single member seats out of single ones in Toronto and double seats out of single ones in Prince Edward Island. The only excuse for this given by Mr. Vulock was that they were restoring the ancient system in P. E. S. John, with which no previous measure interfered. The government in St. John, with which no previous measure interfered. The government in St. John, with which no previous measure interfered. The government in St. John, with which no previous measure interfered. The government in St. John, with which no previous measure interfered. The government in St. John, with the stabilished the single member seats out of double ones in Toronto and double seats out of south continue their journey eastward on the first train of the new of single ones in Toronto and doub lalietoa Tanus and Mateafa as havmission had assured itself of their complete innocence," and then con-tinued: "The first work of the commission will be the restoration of peace and legal conditions in conformity with the Samoa act. "It would be accordance with article 1 of the act

ff, in the settlement of the future government the wish of the inhabitants were consulted by a majority vote of the people, but, I repeat emphatically, we will take no side in the local disputes or in regard to the candidates for the throne. We do not approve of the partisanship of the agents of other powers in behalf of Malietoa Tanus, Another task be-fore us is to see our subjects in Samoa indemnified, in accordance with the principles of the laws of nations for losses through destruction of property or illegal arrest. (Loud cheers.) This question, however, will only be ripe for diplomatic action after the restoration of order. I hope the activity of the commission will result in a just and equitable sentiment. We will not cede any of our rights, but at the same time we do not forget that complicated international disputes must be treated with quite de-

### FREDERICTON.

liberation and in cool blood.

### Funeral of the Late Mrs. Wark-Big List of Law Students for the Michaelmas Examinations.

FREDERICTON, N. B., June 19.— The following is a list of the persons who at the Michaelmas session of the supreme court will present themselves for examination for students at law, attorneys and barristers:

Students-B. W. Robertson, Wickham; Harry McLeod, St. John; B. R. Wright, Newcastle; R. D. Foster, St. John; R. B. Hanson, St. Andrews; Geo. Ross, Shediac; G. R. Balloch Fredericton; A. C. Calder, Campobello A. E. McKenzie, Campbellton; E. K nnell, Woodstock; G. W. Aitken, Fredericton; J. F. Hawkins, Frederic ton; W. Mills, St. Stephen; L. J. Mc-Leod, Newcastle; L. E. Rowley,

Marysville.

Attorneys W. Max Altken, New-castle; J. N. Ellis, W. J. Mahoney, R. B. R. Armstrong, H. H. Brittain. St. John: C. L. Hanington, Dorchester; F. J. Robideoux, Shediac; J. L. Faw-eett, Sackville; J. N. Richardson, St. eett, Sackville; J. N. Richardson, St. Andrews; A. A. Rideout, J. A. Philps, W. Limerick, H. F. Alward, J. V. Magee, W. R. Taylor, Fredericton.

Barristers—R. T. D. Altken, Newcastle; R. R. Fairweather, H. W. Robertson, J. H. McFadgen, E. B. Ccakley, St. John; W. McDonald, Moncton; T. M. Jones, Woodstock; P. J. Husbas, Fredericton.

J. Hughes, Fredericton.
The funeral of the late Mrs. Wark took place this afternoon and was largely attended. There were a large number of beautiful floral tributes. Interment was made at Forest Hill

The trial of Alfred Gover for the murder of McLean at Stanley begins before Judge Vanwart at the York circuit court tomorrow. The petit jury

is the largest ever empannelled in York county, eighty citizens from all sections of the county excepting the parish of Stanley having been summoned to appear. Attorney General White will conduct the case for the crown, and G. F. Gregory for the pris-

One hundred and fifteen candidates presented themselves today for the entrance examinations to the high The examinations were conducted by B. C. Foster, principal of

The Gould Bicycle Company have, informed their agents, R. Chestnut & Sons of this city, that they will offer a handsome cup for competition at the meet to be held here on July 1st. The public closing exercises of the deaf and dumb institution took place today and were largely attended.

### IMPERIAL LIMITED.

First Flyer of the C. P. R.'s New Service On Its Way East.

VANCOUVER, B. C., June 18 .-Henry D. Lloyd and his son William rass Lloyd of Chicago left Vancouver for Boston today on the Canadian trans-continental line's new imperial limited flyer, and when they steam into the Hub they will have ended a most remarkable journey from Sydbreaking run is being made to enable Mr. Lloyd to witness his son's graduation at Harvard university on Friday next. When in Australia Mr. Lloyd was cabled the date of the graduating exercises, and barely had time to catch the steamship Warrimoo of the Canadian and Australian Royal Mail Steamship line, which cleared at Sydney May 24. The ship's record was closely watched by Mr. Lloyd and his son, and when they landed at Vancouver they were overjoyed to learn that they pould continue their journey eastward out the flyer, the first train of the new service having started.

Canadian Pacific imperial limited No. 2, which left Vancouver at 1.15 o'clock yesterday afternoon, arrived at this yesterday afternoon, arrived at this resort on time at 4.10 today, having made the run with splendid success. The passengers are enthusiastic and proud of being on this first train of the new fast schedule inaugurated so auspiciously yesterday. The first west imperial from Montreal will becrused at Burrows, Assiniboia, at 1.33 o'clock formorrow afternoon.

1,33 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. FORT WILLIAM, Ont., June 19.-Half the town turned out this after-noon to greet the first through im-perial limited express from Montreal. The train arrived promptly on time at 16.55. The limited is running promptly on schedule time. Winnipeg will be reached at 6.80 tomorrow

THE C. P. R.'S ELECTRIC TROLLY.

An electric trolly, owned by the C. P. R. and manufactured by the Shef-field Co. of Three Rivers, Mich., was on exhibition at the depot yesterday. The trolly is very light, and the motive power is electricity generated by means of a naptha engine. When not 'n use, it occupies very little room, as the axles connecting with the outer wheels, can be easily disconnected. The machine will hold three or four men, and is capable of a speed of about thirty miles an hour.

### A PLEASANT JOURNEY.

Miss May Pitman of Carleton, daughter of the late Capt. Pitman, will leave by the Boston express to-day en route to New York, where she will take passage on a steamer for Liverpool. At the latter place Miss Pitman will be one of the principal figures in a ceremony that will make her Mrs. (Captain) George Cowley. Mr. and Mrs. Cowley will sail immediately after the nuptial knot is tied for Australia.

Miss Pitman, who is a most charming young lady, has for some time past been engaged as an operator in the telephone office. Her friends are numerous on both sides of the harbor and among the young ladies in the telephone office and others in the en ploy of that company she is a par-ticular favorite, and while all join in congratulations and best wishes for a happy and prosperous journed through life, they will sadly miss her. Yesterday before saying good by, her lady associates presented Miss Pitman with a handsome gold brace-

NO HOPE. Without education there is almost absolutely no hope of attainment to any great measure of usefulness or success in this world. The Currie Business University of this city is now in session day and night throughout the summer.

LONDON, June 19.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The government has forwarded a battery of heavy guns to Kimberly for the defence of the Diamond fields. There is great activity in the Cape imperial command, and munitions of war are being sent northward in large quantities."

## PARLIAMENT.

Tarte Wants no More Public Work Done by Contract.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell Gives the Government Timely Warning-Must Have the Informa tion Promised by Sir Oliver Mowat.

OTTAWA, June 16.-Hon. Mr. Mu-

lock today moved the second reading of his redistribution bill. He apolugized for his absence when the bill was introduced, and after denounc ing the present arrangements, pro opposition members, and got much confused in his answers. He sgalb and again begged members not to terrupt him with questions, and the ally sat down in the midst of his explanations. He, however, annound that one part of the bill would withdrawn. The representation of Toronto, fixed by the bill at four members, would be increased to five, while the representation of Kent, which was fixed at three, would be

reduced to two. Sir Charles Tupper remarked th Mr. Mulock need not have apologiz for his failure to be present to explain his bill at the introduction, sine he had atterly failed to explain it day. He had, however, made it chat the bill had one object, and o one, and that was to keep the govern ment in against the will of the p They had sought to destroy members as McNeil, Wallace, and Clancy. The three first were n to whom the government owed a of gratitude. It was due to to course, inistaken, as Sir Charles posed, but conscientious, as he ways admitted, that the condit were produced which enabled Mr. Laurier to get into power. But they were honorable men and true to their consurvative principles, and therefore were excosed to this cowardly stroke. "They gloat over the prospect of driving these men out of parliament," said Sir Charles, "but I tell them that they have not done it yet, and I do not believe they will ever accomplish it." Sir Gharles briefly pointed out the inconsistencies of the bill. It professed to restore county boundaries and did not do it. It established single member seats out of double ones in Toronto and double seats out of single ones in Prince Edward Island. The only excuse for this given by Mr. Mujock was that they were restoring the ancient system in P. E. Island. Yet, said Sir Charles, they were produced which enabled Mr. sure interfered. The government in the original bill gave 200,000 people in Toronto four members, while the same population elsewhere had ten members. The opposition leader then made the argument that the measure was unconstitutional, as the British Forth

ly, in his place, and on his responsi-bility is a nember of this house.

use their influence with maritime pro-

vince governments to secure an appeal to judges from the revisors'

the ministers not only failed to use

guile the senate in the same way again.

here was no doubt of the power of

the senate to act in this matter. The house of lords had exercised such jur-isdiction in Great Britain. Liberal senators in 1892 had taken the view

lace moved the adjournment of the

Sir Wilfrid Laurier insisted that

the discussion go on and refused to

adjourn unless Sir Charles Tupper

would promise that there would be no

obstruction on this question.
Sir Charles assured the premier that he had no disposition to ob-

struct and would do all he could to

bring the debate to an end after a

The premier requested Sir Charles

to promise that the debate on the second reading would close on Tues-

day week.
Sir Charles Tupper said he had no

authority to make such a promise. He could not, and would not be forced

lebate must go on.

Sir Charles warned him that he

was taking the wrong course to ad-vance public business and reminded

im that the opposition was not whole

ly newerless. Sir Wilfrid requested Sir Charles to

Wilfrid Laurier then said the

easonable discussion.

into such terms.

debate must go on.

debate.

ment has given up threatening sen-ators, and will try milder methods of persuasion. It is expected that the minister of justice will adopt a differ-ent tone from that of Mr. Blair, who tried to convince the commons that the proposed contracts were no bet, American act provided for redistribu-tion only after the decennial census. In the evening Sir Charles Plaper resumed, meeting the point raised by the premier when the bill was introter, or almost very little better, than the one thrown out by the senate. If Mr. Mills nakes that argument he will only be inviting the senate to repeat the performance, and this he is not likely to io. A number of senators have no hesitation in saying duced, and by Mr. Britton of Kingston today, that the late government in 1893 and on another occasion intro-duced bills readjusting the representaion. He showed that the bills mentioned made no boundary changes at all, but were intended to correct some aters have no hesitation in saying that the contract, even now as presented, has not their approval, and that they will not vote for it.

The premier's performance of Friday night in absolutely refusing an adjournment without reason and then backing down is a matter of general comment. Only the week before the comment set out to force through clerical errors in the regular distri-bution bills. Sir Charles expresses the opinion that even if the bill should pass the commons it would still not become 'aw. There was another cham-ber which would have a duty to perform. He had not spoken to members of that body on the matter and would not do so. What he had to say as to the senate's duty he would say open-

covernment set out to force through the second reading of a bill without giving the oromised information. On that occasion the backdown did not happen until after an all night debate. On both occasions the combination of weakness and obstinacy resulted in ministerial humiliation. Last year the government got the franchise bill through the senate by the promise that the ministers would General Autton in his order re ferring to the work of the Niagara court. After this promise was made

camp expresses the opinion that 12 days' training is not adequate for the purpose intended.

The governor general's sudden \*ethe influence promised, but actually used it in the opposite direction. The government would not be able to be-The governor general's sudden e-turn to the capital, obliging him to break other engagements, is under-stood to be in connection with com-munications between the Canadian and imperial governments concerning the Alaska provisional boundary. Hon. Mr. Tarte has engaged pass-age to England by the boat sailing on Wednesday. He takes his two daugh-ters.

that the senate had taken the view that the senate had the power and the right to reject representation and franchise acts. Sir Charles went on to discuss the anomalies of the bill. Hon. Mr. Paterson followed, speaking till midnight, when Clarke Wallese moved the adventure of the patern of the p OTTAWA, June 19.—Answering Mr. McLennan of Inverness, Hon. Mr. Blair stated that an investigation had been held into complaints agains Captain Reynolds of the Intercolonia

Captain Reynolds of the Intercolonial ferry steamship Mulgrave, and it was found he had not been to blame.

Mr. Davin moved for orders in council respecting letting of contracts without tender. He gave a large number of instances in which the government had given contracts without competition and at considerable loss to the country.

Hon. Mr. Tarte pleaded that some of these contracts were too urgent for tender. He went on to argue that great loss had often been met by acceptance of the lowest tender, men-

ceptance of the lowest tender, men-tioning two cases in which he accept ed the lowest tender and the contractor had not been able to properly carry out the contract. The m spoke strongly in favor of the government performing public works b labor, where good foremen can be obtained. Contract work was, after all, day's labor, and he could not see why the government should not itself employ the labor. Incidentally Mr. Tarte said he did not expect much

Sir Wilfrid requested Sir Charles to ask no more favors from him.

"I ask for no favors," said Sir Charles, "I demand justice."

Clarke Wallace's motion was declar-

der and contract system Admitting exceptions in special cases, the rule requiring public work to be done by public bender was a healthy and prudent one, and was adopted as the result of experience. Besides motives of economy there were motives of purity and Jecency. Hon. Mr. Tarte was himself authority for the doctrine that "elections were not made with prayers."

Hono. Mr. Tarte—"And it is about true."

sir Charles Tupper asked whether Sir Charles Tupper asked whether Sir Wilfrid considered it seemly that a house of 41 members should be held after midnight on Friday to discuss the principal measure of the session on the very day that the second reading was moved.

The premier resented the suggestion that his conduct was "unseemly," but as it was now half past twelve he would consent to adjourn. Hon. Mr. Foster-Well, my ho friend, when he gives up reliance on the higher power is tempte dto resort to lower methods.

The speech led to a renewal of the

would consent to adjourn.
Having thus nacked down, the pre-mier requested Clarke Wallace to re-pest his motion, suggesting that the irregularity of repeating the motion would be overloaded. discussion of the Traverse lighthouse and other public works, the debate After recess several private bills were advanced a stage.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier promised Mr Sir Mackenzie Bewell drew attention to a cable stating that there was a tlesire on the part of the imperial latterities for another conference with the colonies on the Pacific cable project. He asked if this was correct and if the government had appointed a commissioner. He also wanted to know if the cablegram about a modus virendi on the Alaska boundary was correct. Fint's provincial prohibition scheme.

The discussion of the Georgian bay canal scheme was then resumed by Messrs. Casey, Edwards and Davin and continued till 10 o'clock, when

A motion of Senator Perley relat-ing to contracts let without tender led to a discussion in the senate to-day similar to that in the other cham-

Sir Mackenzie Bowell this afternoo gave the government warning that the opposition in the senate would expect from the government the in-formation respecting the working of the Montreal extension of the Intercolonial, which had been promised by Sir Oliver Mowat. He did not think the Drummond bill would make much progress until the information was furnished. PERSONAL.

Rev. Cecil Wiggins, rector of Sack-ville, N. B., and wife, are here on their return from the Pacific coast. Rev. Mr. Wilson, rector of Spring-hill, N. S., is among the visitors at the capital.

apswer that question.

Sin Mackenzie Bowell wanted furthinformation about the Pacific sable
felence, and the minister of justailed that the matter was now
and discussed by the Canadian high
commissioner and the colonial secre-Mr. Pottinger and H. A. Price of the Intercolonial are here on business with the railway department. After three days careful considera-ion, and after hearing the state-nents of leading insurance men and actuaries, the banking and com-

### RECIPROCITY TREATY

In Relation to Trade Between United States The government insurance bill. The government measure first proposed that reserve on new business should be calculated on a 31-2 per cent. Instead of the present rate of 41-2, though on old business the 41-2 per cent. basis should remain until 1904 with 4 per cent. till 1912, and 11-2 per cent. thereafter. The compromise arrangement, accepted by the Fielding brings in the 31-2 per cent. and Barbadoes Signed,

WASHINGTON, June 16.—A recipre-city freaty between the United States and Great Britain in relation to trade between this country and the British colony of Barbados was signed at the department of state today. It is the first treaty framed under the Dingley OTTAWA, June 18.-Notice "has

been given in the senate that the Drummond and Grand Trunk bill will The treaty is made for the term of five years, with provision for an extension until either party should denounce it in the meantime. It is made strictly within the terms of section four of the Dingley law, which provides for a reduction of not more than 20 per cent, of the regular duties on goods, wares and merchantes which may be agreed upon in refuse which be taken up next week. The governmay be agreed upon in return for re-ciprecal reductions given by other countries. This section further per-mits goods to be taken from the du-tiable list and placed on the free list. also for placing of goods on the free list, also for placing of goods on the free list for a term of years. The act provides that the treaty is to be made by the president, by and with the consent of the senate. An anomalous clause is added, that the reduced duties are to apply when such treaties shall have been duly ratified by the senate "and approved by congress."

Because this convention is a treaty
and not a mere reciprocity arrangement, and consequently like all treatment, and consequently like all treat-les must be submitted to the United States senate for its approval, the state department is precluded from making public its terms. The infor-mation received from official quar-ters has shown that the chief articles of export from Barbados to the U. S. are sugar, molasses and maunjak, the latter being a pitch much like asphalt. Sugar is the chief product of the islands and the chief export of the country, the trade last year reaching \$2,036,610. The chief articles sent ing \$2,036,610. The chief articles sent to Barbados from the U. S. are food-stuffs, mainly flour, cornmeal, sait beef, bacon, pork, bread and corn. The islands depend almost entirely on this country for their food supply. On the other nand they have been getting their nanufactured goods almost exclusively from England.

### STRIKE ENDED.

MONTREAL, June 18.—The strike of the Grand Trunk trackmen, which has been on for a month, was ended today with a compromise. The road has agreed to take back all the men who were not guilty of acts of law-lessness, only a few in number, and to meet a committee of five trackmen, employes of the road, to discuss the

employes of the road, to discuss the men's grievances.

Sir Charlés Rivers Wilson and General Manager Hays arrived in town on Saturday afternoon and immediately had a conference with James Sutherland, liberal whip, representing Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The result was the agreement of the men to go back to work. The men will apply to the Grand Trunk for employment, and all men not securing it have the right to appeal to the general superintendto appeal to the general superintend-ent. The terms are practically the same as those secured by Messrs. Taylor and Powell a ccupie of weeks ago and which fell through owing to

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Information has been received at the treasury department from the senate committee now considering the subject of currency legislation. The report of the senate committee, according to this information, will take about the same view as that of the report of the house committee, which met at Atlantic City in April, and there will be little difficulty, it is said, in getting together upon a programme for currency legislation.

# BABY FOWLER

The Heir to Considerable Property in New Brunswick,

Abandoned Four Years Ago in New York by Its Heartless Mother.

A Sensational Story That Will More or Less Interest Many Residents of Kings Co.

NEW YORK, June 19.-There is a omance in the life of George W.

Although an estate was left him on the death of his father, which ocarms, he has never known the luxury

arms, he has never known the luxury or comforts of a home such as the ample legacy could well provide. He is now an inmate of Father prumgoole's home on Staten island.

Wm. Fowler, the father of the boy, was a well to do merchant in the vicinity of St. John; New Brunswick. He died six years ago, leaving considerable of an estate. His only heir was the baby George. Mrs. Fowler was the baby George. Mrs. Fowler, the widow, and her baby came to New York soon after Mr. Fowler's death. After she had been here a few weeks

Mrs. Fowler took the baby to Mrs. Agnes Shannon of 444 East Twentieth street, a woman who boarded chir-Mrs. Fowler told Mrs. Shannon that

she was contemplating marriage, that her prospective husband desired her to be relieved at once of the burden of caring for baby George. Inasmuch as she was going on a long ocean voyage, she wished Mrs. Shannon to take care of George, and stipulated to pay \$12 a month for his

The agreement was made. Mrs. Fowler went away and has never since been heard from.

since been heard from.

Mrs. Shannon had taken the precaution to inquire definitely about the parentage and relations of the baby.

Mrs. Fowler candidly admitted that she was the child's mother, that its father was well known in St. John, New Brunswick, and that the baby, had been christened in the name of its uncle. George W. Fowler.

had been christened in the name of its uncle, George W. Fowler.

Mrs. Shannon ascertained that the uncle is a prominent barrister in Kings county, near St. John, and in the course of two years, not having heard from the mother of the child.

Mrs. Shannon communicated with

The treaty is made for the term or five years, with provision for an extension until either party should denounce it in the meantime. It is made strictly within the terms of section four of the Dingley law.

This letter established fully the identity of the boy, and is proof existing of his claim to the property.

Other letters, in which the uncle offered to pay 130 a year for the support of the boy are in symptomes.

offered to pay \$30 a year for the support of the boy, are in existence.

Mrs. Shannon was stricken with a fatal illness last March. Shortly before her death Mrs. Shannon called to her bedside her two life-long friends, Mrs. Mary Falkner of No. 411 East. Twenty-second street and Mrs. Jane McWriggin of No. 603 East Jersey street, Elizabethport, N. J.

The dying woman gave Mrs. Falkner the letters astablishing the identity of the boy and teld them his history.

subsequently R. Riewett, a boss truckman of East Twenty-fourth street, called on Mrs. Falkner, saying he came from Father Phelan, and procured the several letters so valuable now in establishing the identity of the boy.

These letters Mr. Riewett, a boss truckman of the several letters so valuable now in establishing the identity of the boy.

These letters Mr. Bleweit turned over to Father Pendergast, paster of the Church of the Epiphany on Second avenue, who now has them in his Father Pendergast had the boy sent to Mount Loretto.

GERMANY INVINCIBLE.

### So Said Emperor Illiam at a Dinner on

Board the Fuerst Bismark,

BRUNSBUTTEL, Prussia, June 18.
Emperor William distributed the prizes at the Elbe regatta today and afterwards dined on board the Fuerst Bismarck with the owners of the com-

Bismarck with the owners of the competing yachts.

In replying to a toast to his health, his majesty referred to the advantages of yachting, pointing out that it was a sport Germans could cultivate because Germany was "able to live in a state of assured peace."

"We can only do that," he said, "be-

cause we now stand on the basis won cause we now stand on the basis won for us by grandfather and father. We know that the firm co-operation of united Germany represents in the world an invincible power, which has to be reckoned with. The German people are like a thoroughbred horse which suffers no one to bridle him, but will maintain the foremost place. May we with all our strength continue as heretofore to march in the

May we with all our strength continue as heretofore to march in the van. To that I raise my glass."

During the races the Meteor, which was under the emperor's personal command, went aground and had to be towed off. His majesty subsequently sailed other yachts.

The Senta secured the emperor's and the senate's prizes.

Add Midnight Telegrams.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 19.—The grand Jury today held John, Alias Buck, Skinner, George Skinner, George Frye and John O'-Brien for court, on a charge of murder, it being alleged that they were responsible for the death of Boss Scooper Wm. H. Kennedy, resulting from a quarrel on the docks May 2. Buck Skinner was indicted for murder in the first degree, and the other men on a charge of riot.

# OTTAWA LETTER.

The Grand Trunk and Drummond Bills Pass the Commons.

The History of Some Shabby Dismissals by Sir Louis Davies.

Whose Conduct in the Matter Must Make Even His Friends Blush for Him.

OTTAWA, June 15.—At last the house of commons is done with the Grand Trunk and Drummond bills, which passed the third reading yes terday by a majority of 51. Mr. Blair secured a single conservative vote, given by Moore of Stanstead, a good party man, but one whose constituency is traversed by the Montreal extension. Several other members are locally affected in the same way, but they did not allow that to stand be tween them and their condemnation of the two measures.

On the third reading Mr. Foster summed up the whole story in a speech of great force and clearness He save the salient points in the two transactions and held up Mr. Blair's career as a railway negotiator to the ridicule and contempt of business men. He showed how Mr. Blair plunged into this transaction without parliamentary authority, without information from his own officers, without an engineer's report on the value the property and in the face of the recommendation of his own deputy that an examination of the Drummond road ought to be made before the property was bought. It was all done directly after the election of 1896, in which many public and private promises were made and in which Mr. Greenshields was an effective ally of the government. After this election Mr. Blair sat down with Mr Greenshields to negotiate, while Mr. Tarte was carrying on some side bargains of his own with the same man The result was that a small local road, completely isolated, with no net earnings, in a bankrupt condition, was purchasei at an extraordinary price. Mr. Greenshields had got one-eighth the road as a present, another fifth of it for \$24,000, and an option for more than a third of it at par, which option he took when he began negotiations but took care not to exercise until the road was sold. When the thing was completed Mr. Greenshields was the owner of two-thirds of the road and had made an immensely profitable

The senate threw out the first Drummond bill and enabled Mr. Blair to make a new bargain. By this transaction he caused the company to spend \$65,495 on the road more than was required originally, and the price was reduced by \$494,492. This made a total saving brought about by the senate of \$559,987 in the Drummond end of the contract alone.

When the senate stopped the transwould try the experiment of rentin the road, and if the returns were satisfactory everybody would consent to promised that the test of experiment would be made. Sir Richard Cartwright made the same statement in the house and Sir Oliver Mowat in the senate. They all undertook to present the accounts of the Drummond and Grand Trunk extension by themselves in such a way that the country would know whether the experiment was a success or not

The government did keep a separ ate account. The road was taken over on the last of March, 1898, and for month of March Mr. Pottinger the separate returns ended. Mr Blair discovered the accounts could not be kept by themselves, so today the se had no direct information as to the success of the experiment.

Mr. Blair, according to Mr. Foster. would not admit that he had made a better bargain with the Grand Trunk than he had before. Mr. Foster is of the opinion that the new bargain, though a bad one is very much better than the old one. He works it out in this way: In the first place the rental, which was \$146,000, has been reduced to \$140,000. This saving of \$6,000 a year is equal to the capital sum of \$210,000. For betterments the country pays not five per cent on half the value of improvements made hereafter, but at the most four per cent on a value proportionate to use, with the option of paying in cash the share belonging to Canada and thus escaping at the regular interest of 2 1-2 to 3 per cent. Assuming that \$100,000 a year is so spent, the saving in this item is \$21,250 a year, equal to a capital sum of \$740,000. Then there a new set of traffic arrangen Under the old one the Grand Trunk, which has a line from Montreal to Levis, opposite Quebec, was allowed to deliver freight to the Intercolonial either at Montreal or Levis. new arrangement requires the Grand Trunk to hand over the freight at Montreal. This saving is figured out by Mr. Powell on the basis of last year's traffic at \$35,000 a year, which is equivalent to a capital sum of more than a million dollars. These are among the amendments which have been made under the new arrange ments, for which we must thank the Mr. Foster values them at

Mr. Foster says that these provements do not let Mr. Blair out. It was the old arrangement he wanted it would have had if the senate had let him alone. Even today Mr. Blair condemns the senate for not accepting his bill. But the fact that the Grand Trunk was willing to make the Grand Trunk was willing to make a better bargain is abundant proof that the great corporation got ahead of Mr. Blair in the original transaction. Mr. Foster thinks the Grand Trunk is well ahead yet. Mr. Blair is paying five per cent on half the value of the Grand Trunk property.

ing one-quarter of the use of it. is paying this rate on a valuation of \$50,000 a mile for a road that could be built for \$20,000. It is paying five per cent when money can be borrow less than three per cent. The fact that the old bargain was worse does not justify the country now in paying an obsolete rate of interest for double the use on an extravagant

Mr. Foster dealt briefly with the subsidy. The government had paid more than the cost of the Drummon road after giving that road a heavy subsidy, which it had to pay twice. The road had received a subsidy from the provincial government. "As sure as we 're alive," said Mr. Foster, "the province of Quebec will put in a claim for a refund of that \$300,000."

"Do you think it ought to be paid," said Mr. Blair. Mr. Foster refused to sanction the payment, but he assured Mr. Blair that the claim would be presented before two years. He would deal with the case when it came, but was of the opinion that Mr. Blair should have provided in advance that this claim would not have to be met by the government. Mr. Foster dealt with the arbitrary mileage basis which is made by Mr. Blair's traffic arrangements with the Grand Trunk, whereby the government gets half the rates on export and import traffic that the Grand Trunk takes for it-self. He could not see how Mr. Blair hoped to make money out of one-half of a low freight rate.

Mr. Blair had some difficulty in defending his scheme, though he devoted something over an hour to the ef-His greatest trouble was that he could not argue that the new bargain was much better than the old one, without condemning himself. It was rather pitiful to see the minister struggling with this problem. He maintained that the old bargain or the Drummond road was about as good as the new one. In fact, it was a kind of a toss up between the two and he was not quite sure yet that was better to pay \$1,600,000 straight than to go on paying four per cent on the amount. As to the Grand Trunk bargain, he would admit that to have the \$6,000 thrown off was a very good thing. Still it was a mere trifle, not worth mentioning in so big a transaction. It was almest amusing to notice the tone of contempt with which Mr. Blair dismissed an item equal to a payment of \$200,000. As to the difference tween paying five per cent on half the cost of betterment and four cent on a cost proportionate to the amount of use, Mr. Blair in a most judicial tone explained that he could see very little difference. Some might think the bargain was a better one; some might think it was a worse one. Of course, he thought it was an improvement or he would not have made it, but on the whole there really wasn't very much in it. One would suppose that it is entirely a question if ministerial judgment whether five per cent was more than four per cent, and that Mr. Biair was able to see beyond the oure mathematical question and discover some mysterious in-tiuence by which four could be made

Mr. Borden briley replied, assuring Mr. Blair that four per cent was less money will be invested in iron to than five per cent, and insisting that take fully to heart the scripture it would not cost so much money to maxim that "sufficient to the day pay one-fifth of the cost of betterment as it would to pay half. Mr. Blair had said that the Intercolonial got a good thing out of the arrangement because the cost of maintenance was pooled with the Grand Trunk, and that it did not cost very much more to maintain a large traffic than a small one. Mr. Borden saw another point in this. It did not cost much more to keep up the Grand Trunk with the Intercolonial using it than it did before. Therefore the \$140,000 which Mr. Blair was paying that road, the one-quarter cost of maintenance and of betterment, was clear gain for the Grand Trunk, showing that it had nade a good bargain.

The house of commons was welded linost 'into one harmonious whole' later in the evening. Mr. Fielding brought in his iron bounty resolutions extending another feature of the protective policy of the late government. He made a very good protective speech He told about investments that were likely to be made in Hamilton, at Deseronto, at Midland and in Cape Breton, dependant upon the extension of the bounty beyond the period assigned in the bill of 1897. explained that the industries which had grown up under the bounty system could not at present get along without it. This was quite an admission, but he went farther and explained that the men who contemplated new iron industries were also unwilling to undertake them without a bounty. protectionist would go farther than to idmit that this protection had been useful in the past and was necessary in the future, not only to continue the in the future, not only to continue the old industries but to establish new ones. Mr. Fielding was quite eloquent in his forecast of the future iron industry and the establishment in Canada of great steel shipbuilding inter-

Sir Charles Tupper did not even hint that Mr. Fielding was departing from his principles or the platform of his party. He magnanimously refrained from "rubbing it in,," but joined the finance minister in expressing the hope and belief that this policy would tend to establish new industries and assist the old ones. If it should be possible to decrease the county by Mr. Fielding's sliding scale ut injuring the investment. Sir Charles Tupper would be glad. He looked forward to steel ship building industries in Nova Scotia and the develcpment of iron and steel manufacre in British Columbia. Sir Charles had only one suggestion to make by way of amendment. He wanted Mr. Fielding to treat Newfoundland ore the same as Canadian ore. It was not necessary in his opinion to treat Newfoundland as a foreign country in this matter. Mr. Fielding could not go so far as this for the reason, as he said, that the amount of bounty to be called for would be very large and this change would increase it.

Mr. McDeugall of Cape Breton was naturally well plesased with the pro-gramme and foresaw great results in naturally well plesased with the pro-gramme and foresaw great results in his own island. He expressed the L'Ardolse. He swore:

pointon that the sliding scale of bor ty ought to be modified to give the full amount for a longer period to in-dustries not yet established. Mr. Bell, Pictou, took occasion to commend the government for adopting the policy of the liberal conservatives, and this sentiment was echoed by half a dozen Ontario members, who explain that the finance minister would make not mistakes if he continued to adhere to the financial policy that he found in existence when he took office.

Discordant notes were only hear from three members, and these were on the government side. The protest of Mr. Edwards and the Russell county lumbermer who bemoaned departure from sound free trade principles was heard with respectful silence. When Mr. Ellis offered his testimony in favor of the liberal party platform as against liberal government practice, he was en-couraged by one faint "hear, hear," from a rear bench in the southeast corner of the chamber. No one was able to find out what voice it was, and there is a suspicion that it may have been a page in another corner. Mr. Rogers, the patron member from Frontenac, rose and in his jerky way was understood to be expressing his disapprobation. lugubrious waving of Mr. Rogers' head was the strongest manifesta-tions of disapproval that gould be collected. Mr. Rogers u ticulates with his head.

sometimes says that he had a hand in framing the tariff, came nobly to the defence of the government. He explained that free trade was good in principle and that bounties were bad in theory. But covernments must consider conditions and not theories. So far as could be gathered from Mr. Bertram's discourse it is his opinion that virtuous governments can only succeed by adopting vicious prac-

The iron bounties have now stood for 16 years. They were established with the strong opposition of the liberal party. They have been retained in the face of liberal condemnation. By the legislation introduced by the Laurier government they will have a guarantee of eight years' longer life, three years without substantial reduction and four years more on the see danger 'n the proposed reduction McNeill's successor. Of course and final extinction, they will take Matheson did not fail in the extinction of the successor. comfort from history that there was never a time when the iron bounties statutes had not a limitation. This is not the first time that the reduction was fixed for a future year.

It has come about that whenever the period of reduction came it was postponed, and the bounties have been extended year after year, so that we have had them for 16 years, though they never were premised more than five years at a time. Mr. Fielding two years ago increased the bounty. He made a limitation in 1897 which he is abandoning in 1899. Whether he shall abandon in 1902, if he is then in power, the limitations that he is now adopting, remains to be seen. Henry M. Whitney has sufficient confidence in himself and in the persuasive powers of the capitalists whose

OTTAWA, June 15. Mr. Gillies has succeeded in obtaining from Sir Louis Davies the papers relating to the dismissal of Togeph MeNeill, light keeper at Point Jerome, St. Peters. The correspondence begins with a letter dated April 21st, 1897, to Sir Louis Davies, as follows:

The undersigned members of the executive council of the Liberal association of Richmond, hereby recommend the appointment of George E. Bissit of St. Peters to the position of lighthouse keeper in place of J. McNeill, whose dismissal we do hereby urge on the ground of grossiy offensive partisan conduct during the election of 1898 and other constants.

This letter is signed by A. J. Boyd A. E. Morrison, Simon Joyce, M. P. P.; Durcan Finlayson, M. P. P.; Joseph Matheson, Isidore LeBlanc.

April 27th, one day earlier, Mr. oseph Matheson had written to Sir Louis Davies to prepare his mind for this request. He said:

Now that the elections are over in our province I think it is time that some attention was paid to obnoxious officials, of which Mr. Angus McLeod, lighthouse keeper at St. Esprit and Joseph McNeill, lighthouse keeper, are two of the most corrupt. If an investigation into their action is necessary to their discharge, will you please order that it be attended to. It will be seen that this is the demand for dismissal after investigation, if that were necessary, but a

Sir Louis Davies seems to have accepted the terms and agreed to the dismissal, but to have concluded to hold the investigation first. On May 7th he promised to consider the mat-

dismissal in any case.

The next document is dated July th and is a report of Capt. Bloom field Douglas, commissioner, on the charge made by E. B. Flinn, Esq., that Mr. McNeill was guilty of "political interference and partisanship during the late election." Capt. Douglas states that Mr. McNeill having denied his guilt, two witnesses were called for

The first was Arthur Brymer, fishery verseer at L'Ardoise. He testified: overseer at L'Ardoise. He testified:

I met defendant at L'Ardoise before the late election and discussed political matters with him. He supported his party, and I supported mine. The defendant did not speak of members or candidates oftensively. He did not approve of the liberal party generally. I do not remember that he spoke of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. He gave me to understand that the government would be better administered by the conservatives than by the liberals. There were some women present; it was a private meeting and we met accidentally and discussed matters as among friends. I do not know that defendant convassed anyone or attended political meetings or drove voters to the polls. I did not see him at the polls. I believe defendant supported his party as I did mine. Know of nothing that could support or substantiate the charges against him.

It will be observed that this witness

It will be observed that this witness knew nothing except the private conversation among friends, in which the officer expressed his opinion courteously, and that the witness distinctly states that he did not know I am a liberal. I met defendant 2nd day of June. We talked politics and argued. He maintained that the conservatives were right and the liberals wrong on the school question. I maintained that the liberals were right. It was on the public highway, and there were three others present besides us two. I never knew the defendant canvass anyone. He said that as my brother was a priest I should be on the other side. I know nothing to substantiate the charges. This also it appears was a private conversation, and the defendant swore that the conversation was begun by the other party. These were all the witnesses for the prosecution, and both of them swore that they knew nothing to substantiate the charges, and knew nothing of any canvassing by the defendant.

Mr. McNeill himself testified. He

said: "Had I known of any objection to discussing politics among my friends I would have kept my mouth shut." He denied that he canvassed anybody or drove anybody to the tolls, but he believed he was at a meeting in which Gillies was nominat-Once he drove Mr. Gilles to L'Ardoise, but that was the year before the election, and Mr. Gillies was fendant was going to L'Ardoise on his private business, and at the request of Mr. Gilles gave him a passage. In the discussions mentioned by the plaintiff's witnesses it was they began the talk.

This is all the evidence reported by

Captain Douglas on the 9th of July. On September 27th, Sir Louis Davies vrote to Matheson, stating that an avestigation had been held, and add-Neill is not strong, but he appears But Mr. Bertram of Toronto, who wito have been a partisan and to have against Laurier and Flinn, and in addition to that admitted that he was on the convention that nominated Gillies. This taken altogether, would justify his dismissal. If in addition you can give any statement from your own personal knowledge that he is a notorious partisan, and if so you desire his removal, will you give me the name of his successor?

We have here a remarkable deliverance from a minister of the crown. On the evidence of three men who swore that Mr. McNeill did not canvass, Sir Louis Davies states that he was proved to have canvassed. He says the evidence is sufficient to justify dismissal if supported by a simple statement of Matheson's, which the minister himself dictates, though the dence itself "is not strong." Finally sliding scale. If there are any who he asks Mr. Matheson to choose Mr. Matheson did not fail in the emergency. On October 4th he wrote to Sir Louis:

Sir Louis:

I have yours of the 27th with regard to the case of Joseph McNeill and note that the evidence would justify his dismissal, I can assure you that very little of McNeill's partisan conduct was placed before the commissioner, as the only witnesses present were two from L'Ardoise, ten miles from McNeill's home. I can assure you that Joseph McNeill was not only an obnoxious partisan but a man having very little regard for truth in his canvass, a veritable poison bag, unworthy of being retained in the public service. At your request I beg to recommend as his successor James McAskill.

Now note what Sir Louis Davies re-Now note what Sir Louis Davies reports to the governor general in council on the 11th of October: "The dersigned with reference to the or-der in council of 1892 appointing "Joseph McNeill keeper of lighthouse at Jerome Point has the honor recommend that the order in council be cancelled and McNeill's ser-"vices be dispensed with, as it ap-"pears by an investigation held into 'the charges were fully proved and "that McNeill was guilty of offensive political partisanship on the occasion of the last dominion election.

It will be observed that Sir Louis Davies, who in September announced though he asserted that some things were proved which were in fact contradicted by all the witnesses, had got so far in October as to state that all the charges were "fully proved" in the investigation. In September Sir Louis wanted a statement of Matheson in addition to the evidence. October he found the case "fully proved" by the sworn evidence. It is unnecessary to say that the dismissal followed and the appointment of the successor was made.

Another instance of the decency with which Sir Louis Davies conducts his investigations and makes dismissals is shown in the Prince Edward Island return. On the 9th February, 1897, Sir Louis wrote to Mr. Mulock asking him to appoint Mr. Palmer of Charlottetown to investigate some charges against postmas ters in Prince Edward Island. day," he says, "I have received com-plaints against David Ross of Kinross and Archibald McDonald of Murray

Nine days later, Mr. William Welch and Attorney General McDonald of Charlottetown being in Ottawa, sent a note to Sir Louis saving "we are much troubled by reason of the delay in dismissing Duncan Crawford, postmaster at Wood Island, and David Ross of Lot 57. They are both ac-tive and offensive partisanss and ld undoubtedly be dismissed." The ext day Sir Louis wrote to Mr. Mulock, enclosing the letter of his Char-lottetown friends. Sir Louis had by this time entirely overcome his deready to have the officers dismiss without ceremony. He wrote: "There need be no enquiry into either of these cases, because they are notorious leaders in their respective local-tiles. I make that statement on my own knowledge. Crawford has been for many years a very promi-nent leading political stumper, and Ross was very little behind him."

It thus appears that in the Prince Edward Island case, as well as in the Richmond affair, Sir Louis started out to hold an enquiry, apparently with the intention of accepting the finding of the commissioner. In both cases he departed from that purpose at the request of men interested in local politics and influenced by provincial onsiderations. It will be admitted even by the friends of the minister of marine that he appears in a very shabby light in these two affairs.

Children Cry for CASTORIA

# RACE PROBLEM.

Joseph W. Henderson of Boston Replies to Governor Northen

In Reference to the Recent Southern Outrages Upon Colored People.

It is the Blue Veined Aristocracy of the South That is Creating Havoc With the Negro's Morals."

BOSTON, June 18 .- Joseph W. Henderson of Providence, editor of the New England Forchlight and founder of the American Protective league an organization of colored people for the securing of their rights, delivered an address in the Park street church today, in which he replied to the recent speech of ex-Governor Northern of Georgia with reference to the recent southern outrages upon colored

ecessary at this date of American history for me to make any reply to Governor Northen's dramatic defense of human slavery. But had I been an owner of human beings and mankilling dogs, as he has been, and since written my name among the followers of Christ, I would have felt more like coming up to the altar of repentance at this stage of reform than to have come to one of the greatest cities in the world with a typewritten defense of the most cruel institution of human debauchery ever known to civilized or savage man. Were it not that it was in Georgia that my poor mother was born-there that she tremblingly obeyed the slave master's whip and felt the slave hounds bite, there that she was sold and deported for life from her blood and kin, I would not stoop to dignify Gov. Northen's pro-slavery utterances ever with a sneer. And at that I let the matter drop.

Gov. Northen declares that he did not come north to apologize for the south. If he did not apologize he offered excuses for the south in abundance. He argues that if the south has done wrong the north has done wrong too, therefore the south has done right. But is it to the south's credit that the dominant gentleman of the south refuses to apologize or repent for the increased wrongs heaped upon the negro's head in that section of the country? I think not. What hope can there be for the negro's future liberty in the southland when Gov. Northen says that the to him to find that all over the Engsouth stands abreast of all other nations and will continue its way of name of Gordon is known, his scheme governing until a better people, a is universally approved. He conveys better government, are found else-

That means that the negro must continue to be robbed of his manhood rights, forced to ride in Jim Crow cars, deprived of his right of fran-chise, or lynched without cause until the southerners shall have concluded ian army—both good men and frue." that they have found somebody who

Continuing, Mr. Henderson said: But miscegenation in the south has already taken place. It has been on the road over 200 years. Not miscegenation by law, but by brute force, which is the very worst form of law What started it? Not the negroes, l am sure; nor was it the pe' white trash. It was the blue vein aristocrucy of the south that broke over the fence, defied all law and the is we have black negroes and white negroes-some of them-as white as

Governor Northen. Many a southern aristocrat played the part of the alleged Sam Hose at a black woman's door. But he did it with the perfect understand ing that no human hands would chas tize him. The brute force of slave master marked the beginning of this racial intermixture, and it is going on now with increasing rapidity.

One seldom hears of the wholesale assaults that southern white men are making upon colored women; but

they are as constant as the rising and setting of the sun. Go south and count the penitentiary born children, whose mothers are colored and whose fathers white. That tells the story. Aside from force there is a regular organized society of white men and olored women, for which the colored vomen are as much to blame as the white men. These particular colored women have long concluded that they would rather wear diamonds and ride in carriages of their own than to chop cotton or wash dishes for somebo else; and be it said to the discredit

of this class of colored women and their white gentlemen associates that they are living in clover. The poor whites of the south are not to b for this racial amalgamation. they and the blacks do not associate They mutually hate and scorn each other. It is the blue vein aristocracy of the south that is creating have with the morals and social affections in negro homes and mixing the races most alarmingly. I have been unable to ascertain

what led Governor Northen to tell his southern audiences that the negro that the white man has. law is the white man's cloak and the black man's enemy. It is often used to protect the lawless and punish the lawful, provided the lawless are white and the lawful black. It is the collar that yokes the negro to the stool of humiliation and holds him with a grasp of crucifixion."

"As to lynching," continued the speaker, "I would ask if lynching is the proper cure for assaults upon simply lyach the assailants and let lynching drop at that? Why have they victimized some 50,000 others against whom there were no charges of assault?"

Magistrate-Why didn't you answer to your name? Vagrant—Beg pardon, jedge, but I forgot wot name I gave las' night. Magistrate— Didn't you give your own name? Vagrant-No, jedge, I'm travellin' in-



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ST. CROIX SOAP M'F'G. CO., St. Stephen, R.B.

### BRADSTREET'S REPORT.

NEW YORK, June 16 .- Bradstreet tomorrow will say: Some quieting effect has been exercised upon Canadian trade by current hot weather, but underlying conditions remain in a high degree favorable in most lines. Montreal reports less activity, growing out of warm weather influences, but values remain notably firm and collections are sat-isfactory. Special complaint of dull-ness is found only in the leather business. A satisfactory spring trade is reported in the maritime provinces, but collections are poor. Victoria reports navigation open to the Klondike and shipments are heavy, while Vancouver reports that improved weather has helped trade. bank dearings aggregate \$28,697,000, a gain of 9 per cent. over last year. Canadian failures number 25, against 18 in this veek a year ago. Retail business has been helped at Toronto by warm weather. Crops in Canada have improved. Advances in wages in industrial lines are a feature of

KITCHENER SENDS THANKS.

Canada's Share in the Last Soudan Expedition.

OTTAWA, June 13.-The majoreneral commanding has received the following communication from Major-General Lord Kitchener, the Sirdar, with reference to the contribution to the Gordon memorial fund made by the officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the militia of Canada to the special fund raised by his excellency the governor-general:

"The Sirdar thanks the Canadian militia for the kind and generous manner in which they have supported his scheme. It is intensely gratifying lish-speaking world, and wherever the the command of the general officer commanding the militia. The Sirdar further adds that Canada had its share in the last expedition, as we had Girouard as director of railways and Carrington Smith in the Egypt-

MARRIED AT DORCHESTER.

A wedding took place at Dorchester. Wednesday, says the Post, in which William A. Breau, assistant agent at Dorchester station, and Miss Eugene Landry, eldest daughter of Ferdinand Landry of the penitentiary staff, and niece of Mr. Justice Landry, two of Dorchester's Lopular young people, were the contracting parties. Frank McGowan did the honors of groomsman, and Miss Alice Landry, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Cormier of St. Edward's church at 3 o'clock. The bride and groom went to Boston on a wedding tour.

THOS. MORRIS'S BODY FOUND.

The body of Thomas Morris, who was either pushed off or jumped from the Suspension bridge on May 17th last, was found on Friday afternoon floating in the slip at Robertson's wharf. The body was towed to Market slip, where it was positively identifled by the deceased's brother and mother. Coroner Berryman viewed the remains, and being satisfied with the evidence of identification, gave the necessary permission to the family of the deceased to remove the remains. Michael Morris, the father of the unfortunate man, is now even more positive than before that his son met with foul play. No marks which could he sworn to as the result of violence were found on the body. Noseworthy, who was with the deceased at the time of the accident, has left the city. He notified the police of his intention prior to doing so.

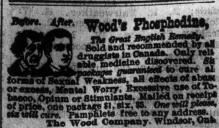
Coroner Berryman decided that an inquest was unnecessary.

### TRANSVAAL SITUATION.

LONDON, June 17 .- The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "Mr. Stowe, the American consul general here, who has just arrived from the Transvaal, has advised the Americans in the Rand to keep cool and calm, and to observe a cautious and neutral attitude. He says the Transvaal officials showed him every courtesy."

Traveller -The houses in some of he ancient cities had walls three feet thick. Mr. Brickrow (enviously)-I presume some of the neighbors were

No man wants to hire a loafer. Employers generally prefer to do their own loafing, if it must be done.



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TION. Cape Town Chronicle ican cond to keep ve a cau He says

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put the fire out then the whole pit must be flooded. When the bodies were taken up they were carried to the wash house. Women and children wept bitterly be-side their beloved dead. The bodies were laid along the wall, covered with

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION put into caskets and taken to their

of the Dead.

Accident Unparalleled in the History of Cape

Breton Mining-Heart Rending Scenes

at the Pit's Mouth.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 16 .- An ex-

plosion unparalleled in the history of

Cape Breton coal mines occurred early this morning in the Caledonia

pit, one of the chief mines of the Do-

minion Ceal company, of which H. M.

Whitney of Boston is the president.

This mine has been working two

shifts, and the night shift was about

coming off work when the explosion

occurred. In the early morning some

of the men smelled burning wood

and sent word to the underground

manager, Thomas Johnston, who im-

mediately went to the pit bottom

There he called to his asssistance the last of the men who were returning

after their night's work, and pro-

ceeded to make an examination of the

mine where the fire was supposed to

the whole party were killed where

The men who were killed and who

lost their lives in an attempt to save

Thos. Johnston, underground manager, and brother of the assistant

general manager; John Doyle, sr.,

leaves wife and three children; John

Martin, leaves wife and two children:

Arthur Grant, leaves wife and three

children; Alexander McDonald, leaves

wife and eight children; Stephen Mc-

Cormick, leaves wife and six children;

Rory D. McDougal, leaves wife and

three children; Neil McDonald, single;

Malcolm McAulay, single; William

Hon. Senator MacKeen of this city,

who was formerly manager of the

Caledonia mine, and who six years

ago sold it to the Whitney syndicate

for \$300,000, told your correspondent

that fire damp in the collieries of Cape

Breton is comparatively rare, nor

does it cause the same danger that

follows explosions in mines in other

parts of Nova Scotia. The Pictou

measures have more of the character

of oil shales, while in Cape Breton

there is little or no oil. There are

coal fires in Pictou county that have

been said to have been burning for a

century. The loss of life from fire

damp in Cape Breton has, in consequence, been very rare. Of the two

explosions that are on record in Cape

Breton one occurred at Lingan, and

there was one in the areas owned by

both of which only one or two men

were killed. Though there hitherto had been no fatal explosion in the Caledonia mines, its record shows a

larger amount of gas than any other

of the Dominion Coal company's

same seam neither Dominion nor the

old Bridgeport mines ever showed

The loss of the party organized by

Underground Manager Johnston was incurred in the hope of saving the

mine. They had no other purpose in

facing the danger of the subterranean

fire and explosives. The cause of the

accumulation of gas and the explo-

the new drop. In the meantime the

somewhere and started surface also.

They met Underground Manager

Johnston and informed him of the

spades and started back, but never

the others had closed lights. Johnston,

when found, had the appearance of

being thrown against the pit timber

by the force of the explosion through

the air hole between the rooms. He

was the first brought up. He had

been called out of his bed only about half an hour before he was brought to

the surface a dead man. The other

men were found not far away, with

the exception of Martin, who has not

rescue party to go down were James

Casey, John Casey, Thomas Casey, Hugh McDonald and Silas Dollman.

When these men came up with John-

them into box cars and rushed them

to the botton. There was no time for

eremonies. The men were in danger

of their lives. Everthing must be done hastily down there. Dr. McKay and

others were ready to receive the bod-

ies. The sight as they came in, piled

one on top of another, the place light-

ed only by the pale glow of their safety lamps, was a wierd one. Manager Brown, who was one of

the rescue corps at the bottom, be-came overcome and was rushed to the surface. Aften ten of the bodies had

been recovered the search for Martin's

the fire and to fight it. One hundred

responded. They located it and buckets were used, but the primitive

plan was a failure. The flames gain-

They went down many at a time, but still the fire was making such headway that it had to be given up.

The manager, under the advice of Dr. Gilpin, decided to flood that sec-

tion of the pit, and if this does not

oollen blankets, and later they were

Volunteers were called for to find

emains was abandoned.

they returned for the others. Having found the bodies they threw

General Mining Association, in

the mine, were the following named:

they stood.

Simpson, single.

Immediately on the opening of

doors the explosion occurred, and

Ten Men Killed in a Caledonia

Coal Pit.

Coal Pit.

Had not the liquor men of the town used some discretion the weeping of the mourners would have been offset by the orgies of men on the streets under the influence of drink. The bar rooms were crowded, and as it was several staggered along where the bodies of the ten men lay. The howling of some of the drinkers can be Had not the liquor men of the town ing of some of the drinkers can be heard now on the streets. Nearly All Were Married Men-List

Dr. McKay, who was one of the leaders of the first rescue party that went to the bottom after the fatal explosion, told the Sun that his opinion is that the disaster was caused by the exposure of a naked light.

General Manager Hiram Donkin, and Government Inspector of Mines Gilpin, told me they had nothing to say more than that the only thing to be done now was to fight the fire as vigorously as possible. The loss to the company will be a heavy one, but connot be estimated.

Telegrams of condolence have been pouring in all the afternoon. Among those received was one from Sir Charles Tupper, and others from prominent men in Canada, and the Uni-

HALIFAX, June 18.-The story of the funerals of ten of the victims of the Caledonia mine explosion is pathetic. Glace Bay was crowded with people, and flags were at half-mast everywhere. In all the churches special savues were held and of weep cial services were held, and of weeping women and children there were many. The hearse bearing the remains of Stephen McCormack started first for the cemetery, four others following in a melancholy line. Five caskets were in the Catholic church together, where mass was celebrated by Father McDonald. An hour later bells tolled again for the funerals of the Protestant dead. It was the largest procession ever seen in Cape Breton. "The saddes; day the island ever saw" were the words that fell from the stricken people.

Doyle, jr., son of the former; Daniel The mine is still on fire, despite the volumes of water pumped down, Huge clouds of white smoke arise from the funnel of the air shaft. An attempt was made to go down today, but forty feet from the shaft the workmen's lights went out, and they had to return. Martin's body lies buried in the burning mine and will probably never be found. The pit is

being flooded. One hundred and twenty-five miners were in different parts of the pit just before the explosion. Old miners told your correspondent that the mine was too hot on account of its being rushed night and day. Inspector Neville is said to have told the management of this. The general opinion is that underground manager Johnson was too hasty when he ordered the men to go back with him. Daniel Martin, foreman of night shift, was of that opinion and refused to go back with Johnson. The Bridgeport mine is now being rushed to fill Dominion

Coal company's orders. SCENE OF THE DISASTER.

SCENE OF THE DISASTER.

Little Glace Bay, the scene of the dreadful accident, is on the east coast of Cape Breton, some dozen miles south of Sydney, in the county of Cape Breton, and on the island of the same name.

The place is the headquarters of the Dominion Coal Company. Here are located the general offices of the executive officers of the company, in charge of H. F. Dokin, the general manager. The town is populated almost entirely by miners, and lays on both sides of the coal company's railway, which runs from Sydney to Louisburg, the latter areas. Even where these were on the

amost entirely by miners, and lays on both sides of the coal company's railway, which runs from Sydney to Louisburg, the latter being the winter port of shipment for the product of the company's mines. The head-quarters of the railway are also at Little Glace Bay. In summer there is a big trade between Montreal and the scene of the accident of today, chiefly in coal. There is a good harbor at Little Glace Bay, and the largest steamers can take on a full cargo. Little Glace Bay at present has a population closely approaching 2,500 people. It is made up of miners, some of them of English stock, but mainly natives of the island, attracted to this centre of employment. Thus the loss of life will not only bring sorrow and privation to the families of the dead at Little Glace Bay, but will be felt all over the island of Cape Breton.

The accident comes at a particularly inopportune time for the Dominion Coal Company. Some gigantic enterprises centering on the development of its mining properties are now in contemplation. While, no doubt, they will be ultimately carried out, the occurrence of today may have a retarding effect. It was only last week that Hon. W. S. Fielding moved his iron bounty resolutions in the house at Ottawa. These had a direct bearing on the operations of the Dominion Coal Company had great iron enterprises in view. Mr. Fielding ventured to hope that out of the further development of the iron industry there would grow up steel ship building to replace that of wooden ship building, which formerly did so much for the country. Sir Charles Tupper had also congratulated Mr. Fielding on the adoptice of this policy. He looked forward with interest and hope to the Cape Breton iron enterprise and shared the baller that Canada would become a great producer of steel ships. Sir Charles Tupper represents Cape Breton county in the dominion house of parliament, and the loss of life which has occurred affects his constituents. In the early part of 1896 and again at the general election of June, 1896, Sir Charles was a fire that originated at what is known as the "Old pump."

Here Leopold Mills, who was to look after the pump, used a small lamp stove in which to warm the place. He went from the upper pump to the lower one, and when he attempted to get back he could not. He started to go up the travelling road, but could not, and then went back and came up other men felt that there was fire fact. He persuaded them to return and they threw down their picks and returned alive. Manager Johnston is supposed to have had a naked light, been found yet. The first men of the

### CHANCE FOR ANDREE

STOCKHOLM, June 16,-The members of the hydrographic congress were received by King Oscar at the Royal Castle today. His majesty showed the torn despatch from Prof. Andree, the missing Arctic balloonist recently found in Iceland; and Dr Nansen, who examined it most care fully, declared that if Andree has succeeded in descending with his bal loon and taking with him his erms an ammunition, there was good reason to assume he had reached Greenland, where he would probably be found by the Nathorst expedition. It will be impossible to hear the result of this expedition until September.

THOISSEY, France, June 18.—Major Marchand arrived this morning at Tnoissey, his birthplace, and was received by the mayor and enthusiastic crowds. His passage from the railway station to the residence of his father was veritably a trimuphal progress.

# TUMORS.

We have lately made some truly wonderful cures without knife or plaster. Write for addresses and particulars. STOTT & JURY, Dept. 1, Bowmanville, Ont.

### SUPREME COURT.

New Trial Granted in the Hesse Case.

The Judges' Reasons - Judgement Against A. H. Bell in the Divorce Case.

FREDERICTON, June 16.-The supreme court delivered the following judgments today:

W. Frank Hatheway v. R. W. Kinsman-Motion to set aside judgment for costs refused. Welton v. Municipality of Kings et

l-Motion for judgment quashing non-suit dismissed or plaintiff's peremptorily undertaking to bring cause down to trial at next St. John circuit, costs to be costs in cause. Ex parte Chas. McL. Troop—Rule discharged. This was an application to remove judgment on a scire facias against applicant as ball in a bastardy

case in St. John county court. Ex parte Simeon Jones-Rule dis charged to remove St. John city ascharged to remove St. John city as-sessment against applicant, counsel having admitted that the facts were-the same as in the case of the assess-ment of 1896, which the court sus-tained by judgment delivered last June. All the judges stated they were bound by that judgment, although Judge McLeod, who had not hear the argument in the previous case, stated that had the matter not been concluded by that judgment he would have held that Mr. Jones was not a resident of St. John and not liable to

Ex parte Black-Rule discharged. This was an application to remove by certiorari an order made by Judge Wilson rescinding an attaching made by him against Edward Moore

under the garnishee act. Temple v. Western Insurance Co. Court desire to hear further argument with respect to a condition of the fire policy, which had not been referred to in last argument.

John MacPherson v. Jane Calder, administratrix, etc.—Appeal dismissed with costs. This was an appeal from a judgment of Judge Wilson refusing a motion for judgment as in case of non-suit.

Prince J. Flood—Cause remitted to St. John county court, with directions to reduce verdict to \$84.10. Hunt et al v. Mayberry and Rogers Appeal from St. John county court dismissed with costs. This action was brought to recover the price of two hogsheads of whiskey, plaintiff recov-

illegality of consideration was raised as defence. Price v. Wright-New trial ordered. This was an action tried before Judge Vanwart in Albert county for damages for bite by a dog, verdict being entered for plaintiff at \$400. The majority of the court thought the judge's charge as to damages was in some respects erroneous, particularly as to the scar on the child's face affecting her prospects of marriage. This was held to be too remote. Judge Haning-ton thought a verdict should be en-

tered for defendant.

Bell v. Bell—Appeal from court dismissed with costs, Judges Barker and Landry taking no part. The chief justice said that Judge Vanwart, the trial judge, having found the facts, he was not disposed to dis-turb his finding. He further stated that he was not prepared to believe the evidence which was offered to make out the recriminatory charges.

Judge Hanington went further, and said he believed the evidence as to recriminatory charges was "got" up for the occasion, and severely censur-

ed Bell, who was present in court, for his conduct. Hesse v. St. John Railway Company -New trial, per chief justice and Judges Hanington and McLeod, Judge Vanwart dissenting. The reason for the majority judgment is misdirection of the trial judge as to inferences that the jury might draw from defendants' objection to Robinson stating the result of his inquiries at Providence respecting Prof. Hesse's position, and from defendants not using evidence taken under their commis-sion at Providence, and also from the evidence with regard to Dr. Walker's consenting, as representing defendant company, to amputation of leg only on condition of Dr. Quigley agreeing not to claim damages by reason of the amputation. The majority of the court held that Judge wart's comments in reference to these features of the case were improper and calculated to affect the jury prejudicially from lefendants' standpoint. With respect to questions of rejection and admission of evidence, it was held that there was none rejected or admitted that would have materially affected the case. As to excessiveness of the verdict, both Judge Hanington and Judge McLeod

stated that in view of their judgments on the judge's charge it would be unnecessary to pass upon this ground, but Judge Hanington remarked that the damages were more than he would have given; while Judge McLeod observed that in cases where injuries were of a permanent nature the courts would never interfere with the jury's assessment, neither would they interfere in any case unless the verdict were such as to shock the judicial mind. The chief justice held there should be a new trial, not only on the grounds of misdirection, as stated above, but on the ground also of improper admission and releases proper admission and rejection of evidence, as well as on the ground of excessive damages. He thought damages were entirely out of proportion to the injuries sustained. Judge Va wart said there was only one feature of his charge that he had felt any doubt about, viz., as to his comment respecting defendants' objection to Robinson's evidence as to his inquiries at Providence about Prof. Hesse, but having carefully considered this since the argument he had concluded that his distriction.

the propriety of his comments.

In the case of Collins v. Fidele the

court ordered that the order of the

chief justice be set aside, with costs.

Bell will appeal 'o the supreme

that his direction was a proper one inasmuch as Robinson was a party defendant himself. If it had been any other witness than defendant himself Judge Vanwart said it would have been different. As to the other objections taken to his charge, he said he had not the shadow of a doubt as to

### of Canada from the judgment in the divorce case.

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES. Largely Attended Meeting Held in the King's Daughters' Home,

There was a meeting Friday night of the Associated Charities in the rooms of the King's Daughters' home. Pre-sident W. S. Fisher occupied the chair and there was present a large representation of the society.

President Fisher said it was the purpose of the meeting to hold a consultation in regard to further cooperation in advancing the aims of

the society. Some five years ago a similar organization to the present one was established, but on account of lack of co-operation it fell through. It augured well for the future of the present society to see so many persons present. Mr. Fisher read letters of regret at their inability to attend from Jas. Reynolds and Judge Forbes, and gave verbal explanation of the absence of Rev. G. O. Gates, W. M. Jarvis, Rev. John deSoyres and

Mrs. J. V. Ellis. Hon. R. J. Ritchie, introduced the president, said that ever since the matter was suggested he felt that the society should be launched, and every citizen interested in it, cause persons are being continually asked for alms. Often times these palls came from persons who depend upon charity for their living. The Associated Charities is not another association formed to be a second to the continual of the continual ssociation formed to give relief, but it is a bureau of information. Persons then being called on for relief will put themselves in touch with headquarters, if nothing is known there concerning the applicant, visitors will be sent out to procure information. Just as soon as an associa-ed board is established deserving persons will be relieved and undeserving will not be encouraged. One great good that would come from friendly visiting would be a more complete knowledge of the home life. In the homes there is a great deal of neglect, he himself had been amazed at some of the revelations concerning home life which had come to him in his official capacity. He had great faith in the usefulness of the society. W. S. Fisher reported that the society had secured Mrs. Hall as secretary and that her headquarters would

be in King's Daughters' home. Rev. J. M. Davenport seconded the remarks of Judge Ritchie and asked, with him, for the cordial support of the citizens. He had been interested in similar organizations before. While an undergraduate at Oxford, and during the period of his curacy in London, he had been in most intimate reering verdict for \$154. The question of lations with such societies, and he highly recommended their work. He thought it should be an easy matter in a small city like St. John to free ourselves from the undeserving. He looked forward hopefully to a future

of great good for the association. Mrs. C. Skinner said that Associated Charities appealed to her strongly. She had some experience with such organizations while in Boston during the severe winter of '94. She believed that it was an economic solution of certain social problems. The friendly visiting meant a great deal, it meant that the visitor should get so in love with the people that they could help them in every way. The aim was to do all the great them in severy way.

# P. E. ISLAND.

A Young Man Drowned While Lobster Fishing Off North Cape.

The Public Library May Materialize New Cheese Company-Government Steamer Launched.

Hurt by a Vicious Rooster-City Council Proceedings New 1. O. G. T. Lodge Recent Deaths - The Methodists.

CHARLOTTETOWN, June 16.—Off the North Cape on Thursday last a young man named Gray, belonging to Alberton, was overbalanced while trying to reach a buoy when lobster fishing, and was precipitated into the water and drowned.

Mrs. Wm. Lockett of Bridgewater, N. S., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Lawson, in this city.

The Rev. J. R. Douglas and bride of Nova Scotia, who have been in the city, suests of Mrs. D. Gordon, have returned home.

The Rev. A. D. Sterling of Skelburne, N. S., is visiting his old home at Clifton. Mr. Sterling and his father, the Rev. A. Sterling, are to exchange pulpits for a few weeks. Lieut. Gov. McIntyre was banquetted at Souris Thursday night last.

The public library may yet become a fact in Charlottetown. One generous citizen has offered \$1,000. This, together with some \$600 in hand and other subscriptions coming in, may give the scheme a good start.

Mrs. George M. Moore and children, who have been visiting Mrs. Copp of St. John, N. B., have returned home.

Bassett Henderson and family of North River leave this week for High River, Calgary, N. W. T., where Mr. Henderson will be associated with Benjamin Heartz in ranching.

The Brown property on Fitzroy street was sold by auction last week and bought

be associated with Benjamin Heartz in ranching.

The Brown property on Fitzroy street was sold by auction last week and bought by Mrs. George Stanley for \$1,270.

A few days ago, while returning from the field on horseback, Charles Dockendorff of North River was thrown, and the animal fell back on him and broke his leg below the thigh. Dr. McLeod attended him and set the limb, and the patient is doing well.

William H. Williams, G. W. P. of the Grand Division of Massachusetts, delivered a stirring temperance address in Grace church Sunday night last. He is visiting at North Wiltshire, the guest of A. Clow.

A monument to the memory of the late lamented pastor of Zion Presbyterian church of this city, the Rev. D. Sutherland, has been completed and will shortly be placed in position in the People's cemetery. It is of Scotch granite, and cost about \$200. It is the werk of E. F. Purdy.

It is said that Captain Finlayson of the Stanley has been appointed captain of the new steamer Minto, and will go home in August to bring her out. Capt. Angus Brown has been appointed commander of the Stanley.

A company has been formed here for the purpose of manufacturing imperial cream

A company has been formed here for the purpose of manufacturing imperial cream launched on Saturday last, when Mrs. (Premier) Farquharson performed the ceremony of christening.

Edward Hennessey, charged by Caroline Burke with criminal assault, was after a preliminary trial on Monday forenoon sent up to the supreme court. He has since been released on ball, James Young has been appointed harbor master at Wood islands.

The closing exercises of the convent of Notre Dame will take place on the 22nd inst.

A two-year-old daughter of James Spitts

retain social problems. The friendly visiting meant a great deal, it meant with the visitor should get so in love them is every way. The aim was to do all the good they could, in every way. Except financial. The greatest weak point in this city would scheme affoat in the Woman's Council to provide work for women, but there was none for men. She earnestly saked for co-operation in this great was none for men. She earnestly saked for co-operation in this great was none for men. She earnestly saked for co-operation in this great was none of men. She earnestly saked for co-operation in this great was not continued to provide work for women, but there was none of men. She earnestly saked for co-operation in this great was laid on the system of visiting, questioned by the president, she said that in regard to the city were at their discontinued to forth of city were at their discont in other layers of the city were at their discontinued to look for work for themselves.

Rev. W. O. Raymond said that the president of the continued to the president of the city were at their discontinued to look for work for themselves.

Rev. W. O. Raymond said that the first of the continued to the continued to the president of the continued to the president of the continued to the section of the continued to the president of the contin

At the examinations for teachers at the P. of W. College, t irty-five were given first class, and twen! -one who failed to take first were given second class certificates. Fifty-three others took the regular second class icense, ght others took supplementary examinations, and twelve others were entitled to the same.

In the case of William Bryenton, tried for forgery at Summerside on the 14th inst., the prisoner was convicted and sentenced to five years in Dorchester penitentiary.

Alexander McNeill was committed to jail for a violation of the Liquor Regulation Act, Wednesday.

tor a violation of the Liquor Regulation Act, Wednesday.

Ronnid McDonald of Springton, Lot 67, father of S. A. McDonald, merchant tailor of this city, died on Wednesday afternoon, aged 79 years.

A little boy, son of Edward Hoge of New Annan, is likely to lose the sight of one eye by an accident on Monday. Falling with a cup in his hand, the eye was severely cut with broken pieces of the china.

At a meeting of the Central Dairymen's Association on Tuesday, the directors were elected as follows: President, Mr. Simpson: vice-presidents, Laughlin McDonald, Alfred Dewar, John Anderson, Mr. Calbeck. A cheese board was also organized: Mr. Capel, president; Robert Jenkins, vice-president; Alfred Dewar, secretary-treasurer.

Daniel McLeod, of Sentner, McLeod & Co. of this city, and Miss McDonald of Montague Bridge were married by the Rev. Henry Penna on Thursday.

The electric storm of Wednesday Killed

tague Bridge were married by the Rev. Henry Penna on Thursday.
The electric storm of Wednesd.y killed three head of cattle belonging to Robert Roberts of Winsioe Road, valued at \$90, and struck a barn belonging to Cephus Nun of the same road. Some damage was done on other parts of the Island, where some cattle and barns were struck.

The grain is well up and looks encouraging. The grass is also improving with the late train. The fruit trees seem to be well covered with blossoms.

### GEN. LUNA'S DEATH.

hreatened Aguinaldo and Was Assassinated Next Day.

Attempted to Break Through the Guard Into the Insurgent Leader's House and Was Literally Hacked to Pieces.

MANILA, June 16 .- A rebel force, estimated to number at least 5,000 men, attacked the American forces yesterday north of this city, and were repulsed with a heavy loss. The American loss was but small. Aguinaldo is reported to have personally conducted the attack.

A Spanish officer, who has been a prisoner in the hands of the rebels and who was released by Aguinaldo, has come through the lines to Manita. He claims to have been a witness of the assassination of Gen. Luna. According to his story, the relations beween the two Filipino leaders had been strained to the breaking point because of Luna's attempt to assume control of affairs, and the final rupture was forced by Aguinaldo issuing secret orders to the provincial governments. Luna demanded of Aguinaldo copies of the documents, and Aguinaldo replied curtly that Luna was a general of the army and that the civil government did not concern him. Luna, on opening the reply at his headquarters, in the presence of his officers, exclaimed hotly: "He will be dead tomorrow."

One officer, who was friendly to Aguinaldo, hastened to warn him, and Aguinaldo called together twenty trusted soldiers fellow townsmen o his, and stationed them around his house, with instructions to kill any one attempting to enter, regardless of

Luna appeared the next day and saw Aguinaldo at the window. A member of the guard said: "Aguinaldo has gone to inspect the troops." Luna then exclaimed: "You are a liar," drew his revolver, struck the guard and tried to force an entrance into the house. Before he could use his revolver one of the guards bayonetted him, another shot him in the back, and others stabbed him. In all he had twenty wounds. Luna's aide-de-camp was killed in the same way.

was killed in the same way.

The Spaniard's story has not entirely dispelled the doubts of Luna's death, and bets that he is alive are freely made in the clubs. Some people think Aguinaldo has taken pains to send the Spaniard here with his story for the furtherance of some diplomatic scheme, while others suspect Aguinaldo has been assassinated by Luna's men.

# NEWFOUNDLAND.

LONDON, June 16.—Replying to a question 'n the house of commons to-day, the secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, said the commiscion on the Newfoundland fisheries had rendered its report, but, he added, it would not be published unadded, it would not be published unadded. til the government had decided upon its future action after consultation with the color al government.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., June 17.—It is reported that the coming visit of Ad-miral Bedford with the British warmiral Bedford with the British warships Crescent, Parsepine and Quail
to this port, where he will meet Commodore Giffard's squadron composed
of the Comus, Alert, Buzzard and
Columbine, is intended as a demonstration in force against the French
squadron consisting of the Isly, Trude
and Fulton, in view of the determination of the British government to
bring the fishery dispute to an issue
this season.

GRADUATES AND PRIZEMEN.

Among that who received the degree of M. D. C. M., at McGill college last week were A. H. Gordon, T. E. Morris and E. F. Murphy, St. John; W. B. Burnett, Sussex; C. B. Trites, Petitcodiac; H. W. Peppers, Fredericton; G. T. Alley, Charlottetown; J. S. Burris, Halifax; S. Francis, Sidney Mines; G. H. Thompson, North Sidney; E. G. Jillis, Indian River, P. E. I.; D. C. Jones, Maitland; A. E. Loggie, Chatham, N. B.; J. D. McIntyre, Clifton, P. E. I.; D. A. McNaily, Abram's Village, P. E. I.

The Holmes gold medal for highest aggregate was won by A. H. Gordon of St. John; Sutherland medal, third year, J. W. T. Patton, Ponds, N. S.; senior anatomy prize, second year, J. Bruce, Moncton; first year prizeman, junior anatomy prize, R. M. Vanwart, Fredericton.

RELGRAVE, June 17.—Serious conflicts are reported to have occurred on the Turkish frontier. According to the advices received the Servian post at Propachtida has been plundered and burned and several striegic positions are occupied by the Turkish troops and Albanians. Great excitement pre-

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## THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., JUNE 21, 1899.

THE TELEGRAPH AND MR. FOSTER.

The valued Telegraph on Friday ade some allusions to the Hon. Mr. Foster.

"Lost to all sense of decency.

shame," "scurrilous," "low tone,"
"degeneration of parliamentary debate," "Ill nature," "floods of abuse" "in a frenzy." "pounded the desk," "intense hatred of Mr. Blair," "thwarted ambition." "extinction." "if he had any manhood," "drag parliament through the mire," "miserable Billingsgate," "slanders." "sheer force of abuse,"-these are a few gems from three-quarters of a column devoted to the ex-minister of finance.

It is in this courteous and kindly way the Telegraph seeks to realize Dr. Hannay's ideal of elevating the tone of public discussion relative to politiciars and political measures.

There was no need to single out Mr. Foster in discussing the recent all night sitting of the house. The conservative members were standing fo the principle that a minister should keep faith with the house, and that information promised should be furnished. Mr. Blair appeared to take the opposite view. Not only Mr. Fos ter, but the opposition as a party, and as members of a deliberative body which should have some regard, for its honor, insisted on having the information promised. They got it. Mr. Blair was compelled to do what his self-respect as a minister of the crown should have prompted him to do at the outset. If he had been in the right; his colleagues would have supported him. No doubt they felt like doing so, since the statement so re-luctantly brought down showed what an outrageous bargain he had made with the Grand Trunk last year, and how much the senate saved the Naturally, the government would prefer not to give that information, but the line of opposition attack compelled Mr. Blair's colleagues to remonstrate with him, and insist that his pledge to the house be carried out. Then the house went on with its

work. The Telegraph, in its attack on Mr. Foster, once more effaces Mr. Em. merson and his platform and the whole provincial cabinet. It proclaims once more that it was Mr. Blair who won the last provincial election New Brunswick.

THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

The following editorial from Montreal Star will neceive the hearty endorsation of all militia officers who have had the opportunity of personal contact with the G. O. C .:

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

General Hutton seems to be winning the approval of every one in Canada excepting Lieutenant-Colonel Domville, liberal member of parliament for Kings, N. B. Newspapers all over the country of both political persuasions have expressed approval of his methods, and the reports seem to indicate that he is exceedingly popular among the volunteers, both officers and men. Some of the newspapers say he is the most popular and efficient commander-in-chief Canada has ever had, but old volunteers who served in the early seventies and the men of the first Red River expedition think it would be hard for any one to surpass General Wolseley.

General Hutton from the first recognized the fact that while the people of Canada are intensely British in sentiment, there is also a very strong Canadaan national sentiment. To this Canadian sentiment he constantly appeals. He talks and acts like a man who believes in the greatness of Canada and has confidence in the Canadian people. He recognizes that the conditions prevailing here follows: "General Hutton, commander-in-chief of the Canadian militia, seems to have brought to his post a creative enthusiasm which most of his predec soldiers, but not always capable organizers. Too often they failed to adapte themselves to their new surroundings. They usually followed ideas and practices of the regular service, which were not suited to Canadian conditions, so that our militia system was actually retrograding for want of intelligent purposeful control. General Hutton here with the definite concept making the Canadian militia an effective unft, but he wisely realizes that he must employ democratic methods in a country where arbitrary notions in military discipline do not find acceptance. In other years the unteers at the annual camps barely go pse of the commander-in-chief. That ctory gentleman was thought to be doing a great deal if he gave a whole day to any one of the camps. General .autton, however, believes that he has more practi-cal duties than sitting at his desk in Ottawa and occasionally reviewing a brigade. He

has been with the London camp from the beginning, working every day on the drill beginning, working every day on field and inspiring the men by word and example. He told them he had come to help ample. He told them he had be deat now. and not to criticize. He is the first commander who has aroused positive enthusiasm among the Canadian volunteers. If he continues to direct affairs with the same tact and judgment he will leave the militia system vastly more useful than he found it."

SUFFERING FROM DROUGHT

Says Friday's New York Herald Lack of fain is likely to cost the farmers of the eastern states millions of dollars by the partial or complete failure of crops. Vegetation has been fairly shrivelled up by the drought, which in many places has lasted practically three months. The hay crop especially is in danger, and fruit and vegetable crops have been badly dam.

Despatches to the Herald from Albany state that prayers for rain have been ordered in many churches in that and adjoining counties; from Rochester that the drought conditions have not been paralleled for years; from Philadelphia, that the hay crop and pastures have been very badly damaged.

The Boston Herald says: : "In New Regiand the lack of rain has caused a drought, and the outlook is very discouraging. Grass is considered beyoud recovery, and haying has been begun to save a partial crop. Oats are poor; rye is filling well, and corn is growing favorably in northern sections of New England, but slowly in the southern portions,"

MR. BLAIR'S BRIDGES.

It will be remembered that Hon. Mr. Blair, in endeavoring to show that an independent live of railway from St. Rosulie to Montreal, stated that to bridge the Yamaska river at St. Hvacinthe would cost \$300,000, and to bridge the Richelleu at Beloeil would cost at least \$400,000. Mr. Mc-Lennan, M. P., effectively exposed the absurdity of these estimates, and Mr. Blair was asked in vain to give any reputable authority for them. In the Montreal Star of Saturday last Mr. A: Rousseau makes some observations that are worth quoting in this connection. He says: "I have constructed bridges for over twenty years. I am well acquainted with the Yamaska and Richelieu rivers, and I affirm, without fear of being contradicted, that bridges can easily be built, according to government specifications, for \$80,000 to \$100,000 in the widest part of both rivers. And they would cost a great deal less were they to be built at St. Hyacinthe, or St. Aime or St. Charles on the Yamaska. and St. Ours on the Richelleu. The minister was wise in rot publishing the name of the engineer who gave those estimates, as he would have exposed him as either a good joker or treasury."

The new reciprocity treaty between the United States and Barbados will have a tendency to divert more of the trade of that island to United States channels at the expense of Canadian trade. It is announced that a treaty with British Guiana is about ready for signature, and that a treaty with Jamaica will probably be concluded in a short time.

THOMSON-SKINNER.

St. John's church was the scene of a brilliant social event at 10.30 Saturday morning, when Percy Walter Thomson, only son of Robert Thom-son, was united in holy matrimony with Miss Maude Sherwood Skinner, youngest daughter of A. O. Skinner. The ceremony was performed by Rev. John de Soyres, and the choir of the church was present and sang appro-priate music. The church was filled with invited guests and spectators. As the bride entered the church upon the arm of her father, the choir sans "The Voice that Breathed O'er Eden." Miss Skinner was charmingly gowned in white satin trimmed with chiffon She wore a veil and orange blossoms and carried a large shower bouquet. Her maid of honor, Miss Jean Smith of Windsor, N. S., wore a pretty gown of white organdie, with white picture hat. The bridesmaids, Miss Edith kinner and Miss Mona Thomson were dressed respectively in pink and blue organdie, with silk and lace trimmings, and white hats. The maid of honor and the bridesmaids carried bouquets of pink carnations. The nd the ushers J. Harrison, Walter Foster, Roy Thomson and Roy Skin The wedding was one of the prettiest of the season. After ceremony, coaches were taken to Mr. Skinner's residence, Coburg street, where a reception was held and a light wedding breakfast served. Mr. and Mrs. Thomson left by the C. P. R. for an extended trip through Nova Scotia. On their return they will re-side on Princess street. The presents from friends and relatives were many, and in many cases very costly and beautiful. Substantial remembrances were sent by friends in England and other distant spots. Flags were flown in honor of the

event by many of the vessels in port, for the groom is one of the most popular, voting men in the shipping business.

canterbury, York Co., on July 13th.

Ernest L. R. Jack, who since December has been located at Hartland,
N. B., as teller in the People's bank,
has been transferred to Halifax. has been transferred to Halifax.

E. E. Fraser of St. John and H. A. Fleming and wife of Halifax were at the Windsor hotel, Montreal, on Friday. At the Queen's were H. A. Hanson and G. H. Simpson of St. Stephen, W. K. Reynolds and W. H. Price of the I. C. R., and W. C. Mitchell of Halifax

T HALIFAX

Closing Exercises at the School for ti id-New Brunswick Prize Winners.

ecial to The Sun.) HALIFAX, N. S., June 13.— The closing exercises of the school for the blind took tlace today. The New Brunswick pupils who won prizes were: Paul Duffy, Hillsboro; Leon Duffy, Hillsboro; Grover Livingstone, Harcourt; Louise Blaksley, Hartland; Edward Riley, St. John; Hollis Lindsay, Woodstock (two); Oliver Cormier, Moncton; Lelia McGibbon, St. Ste-phen; Walter Day, Moncton.

During the year 103 scholars were in attendance. There were five graduates, as follows: Rulph Giffin, Isaacs Harbor, teacher's certificate; Michael Parnell, St. Johns, Nfld., teacher's certificate and planoforte tuning; Ella Casey, St. Johns, Nfld., teacher certificate; W. H. Stevens, Liverpool teacher's certificate; Robert Finlay son, Truro, industrial certificate.

A city sewer was built on Young avenue, it is believed by a great many people because certain wealthy me who had property there wanted to open it up. The cost will be more than \$100,000. Mayor Hamilton spok of his as a job. Ald. Hubley, wh opposed Hamilton's election, says the mayor explain his, conduct then or apologize for what he has now said or on the other hand leave his seat as

mayer. A fake report was started today and wired abroad that owing to an alleged critical international situa-tion in Newfoundland in connection with the French shore two hundred marines had been ordered to go from Halifax to St. Johns by steamer Silvia to reinforce the British fish squadron. The story proved to be groundless alarm. The only founda tion for it was two marines taking passage on the Silvia to rejoin their

BRIDGETOWN. Death of Samuel Parsons, a Victim to Religious Mania.

BRIDGETOWN: N. S. June, 16 Samuel Parsons died here this at the asylum after a short illin Mr. Parsons had been a religious thusiast all his life and recently be came deranged in religious matters, hence his removal to the asylum. The deceased had a remarkably retentive and precise memory of scripture, and could repeat passages from any portion; of the Bible. Councillor Roop of Springfield is ill the black measles and pneu

The June term of the suprem opens here next Tuesday. The chief justice will preside. The jury causes aret Morgan v. Morgan, Lyon v. Beals, and Hatheway v. Queen In-surance Co. Non-jury are Morgan v. son v. Smith, Rumsey v. Rumsey, and Messenger v. the town of Bridgetown. There are several criminal matters residence on Granville str

residence on Granville street, and Officer Ruffee, Henry Shaw and Gren-Kendall are building themselves very retty cottages! Misses Edna and Minnie Price startd yesterday on their return to their come in Bristol, England They go y way of Quebec and Liverpool. A. Price returned this week with his

bride from Truro. PARRSBORO NEWS

PARRSBORO, N. S., June 17 - Tug Spring Hill sailed for Calais on Monday, towing barge No. 5, with 739 tons coal The Norwegian bark Cleveland has been chartered by M. L. Tucker to load deals at West Bay for W. M. Mackay. 8. 8. Aldersgate has been fixed to load deals at West Bay fo George McKean, She will be loaded by Capt. N. C. Nordby. William Eville, a New York actor, is here visiting his abrother, C. K.

Eville of the Halifax Banking Col-J. Medley Townshend, Mrs. Towns hend and Miss Mabel Pugsley of Amerst are the guests of Dr. A. S. Townshend.

Rev. Robert Johnson has been Annapolis this week attending the neeting of the Masonic Grand lodge.-Rev. W. G. Lane is attending the Methodist conference at Yarmouth.

PERSONAL MENTION. A. L. Clark of Ottawa and John Connor of St. John, N. B., are guar-tered at the Driard.—Victoria, B. C., Globe, June 10.

R. Huntley Gordon of St. John, N. is visiting his brother, H. Gordon of Royal avenue, R. H. Gordon has been in ill-health, and has come to the Pacific coast for a three months' rest.—New Westminster, B. C. Sun,

June 10.

The engagement is announced of Miss Evelyn Kierstead, daughter of Rev. Dr. Kierstead of Acadia college, to J. W. DeB. Farris of this year's graduating class at Acadia. Mr. Far ris is a son of Hon. L. P. Farris of White's Cove, Queens Co.—Fredericton Herald.

Lieut. Col. Gordon, D. O. C., who has been spending the past, five months in Kingston, has returned to Montreal, and has resumed his duties as D. O. C. for the fifth military dis-

Customer (at a restaurant) This steak is much smaller than the one I had yesterday. Waiter-Yessir; came off a smaller ox.

Summer



and our superior ventilating facilities make summer study just as pleasan as at any other time. In fact, there is no better time for entering than

THE ISAAC PITMAN SHO HAND and the New Business Pract (for use of which we hold excludance promotors 124 6

S. KERR & SON.

RICHIBUCTO NEWS.

RICHIBUCTO, June 17.- The Norwegian barkentine Handy arrived in port on Thursday, making the seventh arrival this season. The captain has a pigeon which came on board in mid-ocean. Two Norwegian barks and a brig sailed this week. W. A. Black of Fredericton, formerly a resident here, is spending this

R. O'Leary received a fine horse from P. E. Island on Thursday. Wm. O'Leary, who has been at-tending the School of Technology at Boston, and Fred Richard, who has completed his third year at McGill, home for the vacation.

ST. ANDREWS

ST. ANDREWS, N. B., June 15.-Tuesday, 13th inst., in the absence of County Court Judge Stevens, the clerk, Jas. S. Stevens, jr., opened and adjourned pro forms the June term of the Charlotte county court, there being no causes of any nature for trial. Rev. F. Edwards, Episcopal minis-ter of Malden, Mass., arrived here by C. P. R. yesterday. He drove to the residence of G. D. Grimmer. The rev. gentleman, with Mrs. Edwards and family, occupied Grimmer log cabin last summer, at Chamcook lake, and probably will do to the present sum-

Mrs. Frank Algar of San Francisc riends than relatives here; returned to St. Stephen yesterday.

J. E. Hoar and Mrs. Hoar of Brook.

line, Mass, arrived by steamer today. They drove out to their summer resi dence, "Risford."
Mrs. Bowser, wife of Rev. A. Bowser of Wilmington, Delaware, arrived Kennedy's Hotel. She came to pre-pare her residence, Cedar Croft, for occupation during the summer. Mr. B. and boys will come later.

SHEFFIELD NEWS.

SHEFFIELD, June 17.-Mrs. Millie F. Reid of Marysville and young daughter are visiting her parents in Sheffield this week. Miss Laura Bridges of Bridges' Point returned this week after a short visit with her invalid mother at the home of H. of Hampton spent a day or two visit-ing friends in Sheffield this week.

Thomas Bridges of Tilley's landing who spent a portion of last winter in the hospital at Fredericton under the surgical treatment of Dr. Atherton for a disabled hand, is now able to do light work on his farm again. Charles Burpez, ex-M. P., is loading vessel with hay on the bank of his Canning, Queens Co., farm. John F. Bridges is so crowded with work for his tugboat Martella that he has been obliged to put a day and a night crew on her. His work is principally in Queens Co.

The principal lumbermen of these parts are in St. John this week disposing of their lumber, and find it in Frederick Bailey of Little River shipped on board the David Weston on Wednesday last a whole flock of sheep and lambs for the St. John

ST. STEPHEN. June 19.—The store secured about eight dollars in coppers that had been left in a drawer in the desk. The burglary was very that they were tired of New Glasgow.

Similar to the one recently effected at the were tired of New Glasgow.

H. E. Hill & Co.'s store and only a few doors away. Entrance was made through a celiar window. There is de clue, though suspicion points strongly towards one young man as the perpetrator of the breaks.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE.

MEMRIAMCOOK. June 19.-The ncement exercises of the colege will be held on the afternoon Wednesday, the 21st, and those of the Convent of the Sacred Heart on the afternoon of Thursday, the 22nd. A dramatic entertainment will given by the young ladies of the Sacred Heart convent in Lefebyre hall on the evening of the 22nd. The new engine and boiler ordered from the Robb Co. of Amherst by Si man Gaudet for his mill at McGinlev's Corner have arrived and are be ing placed in position.

CAMPBELLTON.

CAMPBELLITON, June 19 .- A num per of the shingle sawyers and bunch ers employed in Kilgour Shives' mill went on strike today because Mr. Shives refused to discharge another sawyer who refused last summer to Mr. Shives may find it difficult to re e the strikers, as the good shingl market has made an increased de-mand for that kind of labor. Other nill owners here will not employ the

There is no truth in the report pub ished by an evening paper that Trinity church has extended a call to the Rev. Mr. Richardson to the rectorship of the parish.

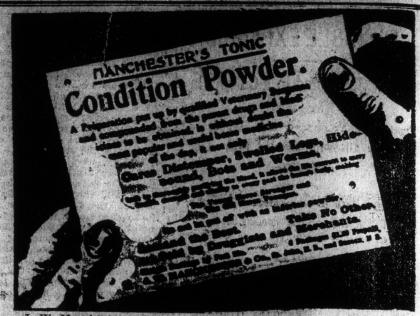
DO YOU WANT Money GOD SAVE -

Can you guess the missing words omplete it is the "quotation" used by over 20,000 people now residing in Can-

If you can supply the correct mise ing words you may get a present of \$100.00 or more in cash." Contest opens May 6. The fund will be equally divided among those who

nswer correctly—No capital prize. CONCLUSION.—This is a form of contrist which does not require you to send any money with your guess, nor does it contain any element of chance. We have a perfect right to give away any part or all of our re-

This is an honest method of adver-tising Scott's Stemach and Nerve Food. Address - SCOTT MEDICINE CO.,



J. W. Manchester, veterinary surgeon has returned from Montreal. Those wishing to consult him inquire at Hamm's stable, Union street, St. John,

COAL MINE DISASTER.

Relief Fund Committee Organized - Fire Now Well Under Control.

GLACE BAY, C. B., June 19.—At meeting of the citizens of Glace Bay held today the several resident clergy-men and four citizens were appreciated a committee to be known as the "Caledonia explosion fund committee! receive and distribute contributions in aid of the distressed families. J. W. Ryan, agent of the Union Bank of Halifax at Glace Bay, was appointed secretary-treasurer, to whom donations may be sent.

HALIFAX, June 19.—Encouraging developments are reported this even-ing from the Dominion Coal company's mine at Caledonia. Manager Brown and Mr. Robinson went down this noon. Then four more men went down, followed by other shortly after. They think it possible to recover Martin's body by tomorrow evening. The condition of the mine is not as bad as anticipated, and the fire is pretty well under control.

The coroner's inquest was further adjourned on account of the illness

AMHERST.

Hon. A. R. Dickey the Unanimous Choice of the Conservatives of Cumberland.

AMHERST, N. S., June 19.— At a liberal conservative convention held here this afternoon, Hon. A. R. Dickey was unanimously selected the standard-bearer for the next dominion election. On request Dickey was allowed four weeks in which to make his decision. The meeting was one of the most enthusiastic. held in this county. Representatives were present from every section

the county.

Rev. J. H. MacDonald has resigned the pastorate of the Baptist, church palship of here to assume the princ Acadia Seminary at Wolfville.

Two boys, John Brown, aged 13, and
Samuel Fraser, aged 14, are under arrest here for running away from their morning last. The boys walked near-

other reason for their escapade except ONTARIO.

How the Liberals Win Seats in the Province. TORONTO, June 19.-Donald Mo-Nish, liberal member of the Ontario legislature for West Elgin, today filed a disclaimer to the seat. Conservatives protested the seat, and at the trial last week brought out evidence of corruption sufficient to vacate the seat. In one poll near St. Thomas presided over by a man named Bale, imported from Sault Ste. Marie, fortytwo conservatives and one hundre and twenty-seven liberal ballots were returned by the deputy returning officer. Eighty-four electors of the polling district made statutory declarations that they voted for the con servative candidate. Bale has been immigration agent at Sault Ste. Mavie for some time.

McGILL STUDENT SUICIDES.

MONTREAL, June 19.-Fred Williams, a medical student at McGill, hailing from Boston, committed suicide last night by taking cyanide on potassium. He had been studying hard, and had recently taken to drink. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of suicide while temporarily insane.

RAN HIS ENGINE A MILLION

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 12. Andrew Walker, the veteran enginee of the Vandalia died today. He be shows that he was at the throttle fo 1,060,918 miles, or more than forty times around the world, and never had a serious accident.

Says the Fredericton Gleaner: "It Says the Fredericton Gleaner: "It is stated upon good authority that there is to be a big legal fight over the will of the late Miss Mary Canby of this city, whose death occurred quite recently. Miss Canby left an estate valued at about one hundred thousand dollars and a will bequeathing a practically all of this wealth to ing practically all of this wealth to two of her nieces and two nephews merous, are very much put out over the terms of the will and will it is stated, immediately take steps to set it aside and have the estate divided among all the legal heirs."

A meeting of the New Brunswick Association for the Prevention Consumption will be held in the High Consumption will be held in the High school on Union street. in St. John, on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. His honor the lieutenant governor will preside. The contagion of consumption and the best mode of preventing the spread of the disease will be explained by Dr. Bayard, chairman of the Provincial Board of Health; the meeting will be addressed by many of the most able speakers in the BARBADOS MARKET.

Clairmonte, Man. & Co's letter of May 27th reports the flour market fully stocked and trade very quiet. Janadian oats were \$2.55 per 160 lbs; hsy, 95c per 100 lbs. Potatoes were wanted. Sixty three caks Yarmouth large celd sold at \$18.09 to 19.59 per csk Last sale of white pine lumber was at \$21.50 for first and \$15.50 for second quality. Spruce was in good demand, last sale at \$15. Shingles were util with anies of large Gaspe at \$4.56; extra large, \$4.66, and small, \$3.50. Cedar aying were \$2.77; spruce do, \$2.27\frac{1}{2}. Shipments of molasses to date were 14.924 puns, compared with \$1,288 if the same period last year; and of sugar 13.152 hhds, compared with 24.253. The molasses thanket of letter.

etter. U. S. LUMBER MARKET. The New York correspondent of the American Lumberman says: The New York correspondent of the American Lumperman says:

"Spruce is getting decidedly scarce and there are individual advances by manufacturers. One of them has just put the price up 50 cents, but it cannot be said that there is any concerted action. The high prices are well upneld for it will be some weeks before the new cut will be in. For northern pine there is also a good steady demand, with no sign of prices weakening. The demand for hemicok has assumed its old proportions and prices continue firm. Dealers who usually carry 13,000,000 to 14,000,000 feet confess to having about 3,000,000, and there says, many, who declare that they will be busy away into the fall without taking another order."

The Boston correspondent of the same journal says:

"The feeling of the market on sometic legical content of the same interest on the same interest."

The Boston correspondent of the same journal says:

"The feeling of the market on spruce is rather better. The fact that many of the last set mills see mail covered with orders, coupled, with the scarcity of cars, holds prices fairly firm. Agreement prices are held to on all special orders without break, and on extra wide or long stuff. On easy orders there is some cutting of these prices, though rot enough to influence the market. Opinion among the best judges points to a higher level yet. The strong position of spruce has its inducate a hamlock, and with the peault of a much more soule market."

BRITISH LUMBER MARKET.

BRITISH LUMBER MARKET.

Of trade at Liverprol the Timber Trades
Journal of June 16 says:

"The import of spruce deals continues
upon a fair scale, but the demand is equally
good. The consumption is steadily making
inroads into the large importations which
have come forward by steamer. It might be
assumed that prices would weaken under
pressure to sell, arising from these extensive arrivals coming forward so early in
the session. On the contrary, prices are
better today than they have been at any
time this year. For instance, a large steamer cargo with an indifferent specification
which everages only 14 feet in height has
been soft today; (Wednesday) on clean
c if terms at 26 12s 6d per standard. An
offer of £6 11s 5d e if for a good-sized
steamer cargo for July, shipment was wired
nout only to meet with a negative reply, for
the shippers expect to get £6 15s & least. ly the whole distance and give no

for some years past. As fast as it arrives it goes into consumption, and we have that besides several big cargoes now being dealt with, at least two large cargoes of spruce 'now nearly due' are all sold, and will go into direct consumption. Business at the docks is now in full swing. The Mantinea is now discharging a big cargo for Lumley, Lloyd & Co, of Miramichi spruce deals. H and G Curwen & Co are discharging a large cargo of spruce deals ex Mendota, from Parrsborough. Nearly the whole of this cargo is going into direct consumption."

Among deal vessels bound or fixed for Manchester, says a Manchester letter of June 10th, are the sailers Sir John Lawrence and Egers, from Bale Verte; steamers Maritime, Treasury, Mantinea and Pharsalia, from St John Cunara, Leuctra, Lemanthia and Derwentholms, from Miramichi Ainmere, Vera and Wilderspool, from West Bay and Mantinea from Miramichi were then discharging, and the Ahmere on the way from St John.

Stocks of N B and N S spruce and pine feels at Liverney Birsanead Garston. St John.

Stocks of N B and N S spruce and pine deals at Liverpool, Birsenhead, Garston, Saltport and Runcorn on May 31st were 10,-832 standards, compared with 7952 a year before, and 7721 two years before.

THE NEW LIGHT.

Nelson's establishment, brilliantly illuminated of late with Acetylene gas, supplied by a local company, of which Alfred Morissey is manager. The new light, besides being particularly pure and strong, is said to possess economy and safety, superior to any other ar-tificial light. Every nouse holder can have his own gasometer and make his own gas. Mr. Morrissey's company is manufacturing under the first patent rights granted in Canada for the acetylene machines, and claim they have the leading machine in the market.

THE SISTERS' NEW BUILDING.

The Sisters of the Hotel Dieu at Chatham have begun the erection of fine stone building. The basement walls are well advanced. The build-ing will face the west end of the convent. The building has a frontage of 89 ft. and the end facing the river s 77 ft. long. This depth is preserved for 39 ft., the rest of the structure having a depth of 54 ft. It is, practically, 39x54 ft., with a wing 50x1 9ft. tI will be three stories high, with gable roof, slated, and will present an mposing appearance. It will contain a large assembly, hall, school rooms, music rooms, etc. The re-moval of the schools to this building will enable the Sisters to enlarge the hospital, the necessity of this having led to the erection of the new one. With the I while that it sen office ensure the issuin while the issuin the issuin that it is the issuint that it is the issu

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guest at Toronto members town gaged by

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Plain I did value Black . 55c., 75c. White yard, the Grey ( Having we are g neh Cotte Curtain



Montreal. The eet, St. John.

RKET. letter of May 27th rully stocked and no ats were \$2.55 100 lbs. Potatoes e caks Yarmouth to 19.59 per cak lumber was at or second quality. I, last sale at \$15. es of large Gaspe and small, \$3.50 pruce do, \$2.27½, or date were 14.924 in the same per—13.152 hhds, commolasses market toost at date of cost at date ARKET

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MARKET Timber Trades

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BUILDING. th is preserv-It is practi-It will con-The rethis building of this having

# CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges.

When ordering the address of your WERKLY SUN to be changed, send he NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as hat of the office to which you wish

ember! The NAME of the Post must be sent in all cases to prompt compliance with your

THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY issuing weekly 8,500 copies of THE WEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces. Advertisers, please make a note of this. To cure a Headache in ten minutes

ise Kumfort Headache Powders, 10c.

Retail grocers say there is a perfect craze among housekeepers over the UNION BLEND TEA KEYS.

Charles A. Sampson contributes to this week's Wesleyan an interesting historical sketch of Methodism in

Sch. E. V. Glover has been purchased by parties here, and is now undergoing repairs. Capt. Shanks is to take command of her.

Str. Eddie gets 42s. 6d. on deals from West Bay to Bristol Channel and str. anapolis 44s. from Grindstone Island to Manchester. your grocer for Hamilton's

graham wafers. They are excellent.
Telephone, 1,114, their agent, J. W.
Godard. See advertisement, under the second secon

Fredericton is offeriffs marry attractions for Dominion day. There will be lots of sports and fun from early morn till late at night.

The Robb Engineering of Company, Amherst, N. S., are building two 350 horse-power engines for the Sac Paulo Railway, Light and Power Co., Brazil. The crew for the ship Sthdacona

arrived from Boston this morning, the captain being unable to get men here or at St. John or Halfar Tarmouth News. Of trace at Live

Bathurst advertises a programme of races for July 6th. D. J. Stockford of Fredericton, who is now in this city, left for Bathurst on Friday, to train three horses for the races! bent as three horses for the races.

Addural Bedford will leave Halifax
July 5th, with H. M. Ships Grescent,
Prosperine, Indefatigable and Quan,
visiting Charlottetown and Sydney,
and arriving at St. John about the court, will sail for home about July
15th Major Gircuard has wen great

Richibueto Review: Reuben A. Richard of St. Louis has a sheep that gave birth to one black lamb, and about two weeks afterwards the same sheep gave birth to two white lambs. All three lambs are living.

At the meeting of Albion Division, S. of T., on Wednesday evening, the G. W. P., Rev. Mr. Crisp, read a paper on Party Politics and Prohibition, which the division by unanimous vote requested him to have published.

The Fowler flour mill on Rodney wharf is now boarded in and will soon be ready for the placing of machinery. The structure much resembles an elevator in appearance and adds to the commercial aspect of the west

The exhibition executive have received a donation of \$600 from the St. John Street Rallway Company, \$300 in eash and the balance in exhibition stock. The railway company also gave a bonus of \$100 to each of the

Miss McSweeney, daughter of Hon. Senator McSweeney of Moncton, N. B., who has been spending the session at the Russell house, Ottawa, is a guest at "The Maples," Cobourg, the residence of Hon. Wm. Kerr, Q. C.—Toronto Globe.

L. A. Currey, one of the leading members of the St. John bar, was in members of the St. John bar, was in town on Tuesday, having been engaged by the pilotage commissioners in the injunction case. The matter will be heard at St. John on the 20th.

W. W. Turnbull is steadily improving in health.

mice for children's wear, 15c., 18c., 25c. Fancy Mixtures, 28c., 40c., 45c.

Black Fancy Lustre, 25c. to 50c. Plain Black Lustre, 25c. to 45c., splen-

Colored All-Wool Cashmere, 35c. Black All-Wool Cashmere, 35c., 40c.,

36 in. wide, 6c., 7c., 8c., 9c. and 10c. yard, the best value in the city.

Having made a splendid purchase of 100 pieces before the advance in price, we are giving our customers the full

we are giving our customers the full benefit and are offering 30 yards of 36 inch Cotton for \$1.00

Colored Fancy Lustre, 22c.

Dress Goods

White Cottons

Grey Cottons

Curtains

SHARP & MCMACKIN

235 MAIN STREET, ST. JOHN, N. S. (NORTH END).

per pair.

The Lowest Priced Dry Goods Store in St. John, are Now Showing:

We have them at all prices, the very Men's Shaker Flaunel Shirts

It will be to the advantage of people living in the country to buy from as and save time and money, as our PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

Don't forget 385 Main Street, North End-

Wanted.—A case of Headache that Kumfort Headache Powders will not Rumfort Headache Powders will not relieve in ten minutes. All dealers, Notice to Subscribers. N. S. METHODISTS

Says the Portland, Me., Press: "An order has been issued that henceforth only naturalized citizens of the United States shall be employed on the government works at the islands. About 50 men have been discharged so far because they were foreigners."

The hardware clerks are putting their weekly half-holiday to good use. They have engaged the Artillery band to give a concert in the park on Saturday afternoon, thereby inaugurating, it is to be hoped, a series of summer Saturday concerts in this popular resort.

One of the claims advanced by the dvocates of the profit sharing system as been that it would put an end to strikes, yet we observe that at T. S. Simms & Co.'s factory, St. John, where such a system has been in vogue, a strike is now in progress.—St. An-

Mr. Robt. Crowe of Truro, N. S., the well known representative of the New Glasgow Milling Co., writes: "Kum-fort Headache Powders work like a charm with me. I heartly recommend them to all sufferers from headache.

It has been decided by the executive of the Board of Regents of Mount Allison that the university residence must go up again. It is the present intention that the work of rebuilding will be rushed, so as to have the kitchen and dining hall completed when the students arrive in September.

At Newcastle last week, Chancellor Harrison of the university, presented to S. L. Tiley Harrison the hoporary vellum of the Royal Humane Society of London, England, unanimously awarded for his courage and human-ity in having saved the life of Miss A. A. Aitken on the 6th of September,

The Baie Verte Cheese Manufacturing Co. commenced the season's coperations on T'enday, with 2,000 ths. of milk. The decision of the board of operative system meets with general favor among the patrons and has given new stimulur to this important industry.-Post.

H. G. Babcock of Wilson's beach, Campobello, N. B., was in Eastport on Wednesday, looking after supplies for different cottagers which had arrived from St. John, He has the contrac to supply meats, provisions, etc., to the hotels and summer houses on the islands, and had the first spring lambs of the season, which came from St.

A number of homing pigeons were sent to St. John last month by F. S. Milliken of Eastport, and several of the collection failed to return to their quarters. Eac of the homings has Henry C. Lorenson, a Nova Scottian, brakeman on the Boston and Maine railway, was instantly killed Sunday, June 10, by being ran over by an engine and tendar at Charlestown. Sunday Would be glad to hear from anyons who has seen or heard of his missing to the collection failed to retain the collection failed to retain

distinction 'n he Soudan, and his achievements as the engineer of the Souden railway have received the most flattering mention by the imperial government and the Sirdar General Lord Kitchener.

The San Jose Daily Herald of June The San Jose Daily Herald of June 5th contains a somewhat lengthy account of the death of Samuel F. Ayer of that city, who was born in Sackville nearly 60 years ago. Jas. R. Ayer and Stephen Ayer, both of Sackville; were brothers of the deceased, who went west in 1860 and became a leading citizen of San Jose county, Cal. He leaves a widow and nine children.

It is expected the D. A. R. stearer. Prince Rupert will go on the route between St. John and Digby on the 27th. The new wheel was put together. Thursday at Fleming's foundry. All the floats are new, having been imported from England, so that the wheel is practically a new one. It will be put on board the steamer this week and placed in position as soon

The supreme lodge of the Good Templars will meet this week at Toronto. New Brunswick will be represented by Grand Secretary W. M. Burns of Hillsboro, and Past Grand Chief Tem-olar Rev. W. R. Robinson of New-castle. The provincial grand lodge will convene at Shediac on July 18th. One of the features will be an excur-

See our Ladies' Cotton Hose at 10c.

50 pieces of the above which we are offering at very low prices.

1 yd., 11-2 yds. and 2 yds wide

TABLE OUG OTES

Men's Ready-Made Pants Made of the best Canadian and Eng-lish Tweeds from 93c. up. Also Cloth for Men's Wear, all wool,

rom 25c. per yard up.

Hemp Carpets

Floor Oilcloths

The following agents are travelling in the interests of The Sun.

T. E. A. PEARSON, in For Its Breach of Faith With the Ma-Carleton Co.

L. M. CURREN, in York Co. E. CANNING, in Albert

Commencing today, the sleeper which leaves Halifax by the I. C. R. will run right through to Ottawa.

Co.

There is to be a horse trot at Grand Falls on Dominion day, when \$250 will be given in prizes.

The prospects for a heavy apple crop in Carleton county this year are very promising. When the Montreal express reached loncton on Wednesday night there ere six bridal parties on board.—

Capt. McLennan, who has lately been in command of the sch. Chas, I. Jaffrey, is here and will take his old

The cheese factory owned by W. T. Carter of Mount Whatley is again in operation, with Wellsley Pribble as nager and Albert Cutten, assistant.

The yearly conference of the Primitive Baptists will convene at Pem-broke, Carleton Co., on the first Saturday in July.

The I. C. R. authorities have added to the P. E. I. railway service a pos-tal car and smoker combined. A cold storage car and two first class coaches are under course of construction. Wm. O'Hara was arrested Saturday

night for being drunk and assaulting a man on Charlotte street in view of the police. O'Hara put up \$28 and was allowed to go. The Battle line str. Pharsalia, from this port, arrived at Manchester Sat-urday. She comes back at once. The

Cunaxa of the same line left Livergool for Miramichi the same day. A special prayer of thanksgiving was offered at Sunday night's service in the Rothsay Episcopal church for the narrow escape of Bert Harrison from drowning in the Kennebeccasis.

Universal sympathy is extended to Elder Tucker over his severe affliction through the loss of his estimable wife, who died after a comparatively brief.

While playing among some logs in Gray's mill-pont, at Campbellton, on Monday, June 12, Gordon, the sevenyear-old son of James Sargent, was drowned. The body was recovered on

The Toronto Globe publishes a very fine cut of Madame Marie Harrison. Accompanying the cut is an article which speaks of her success in England. The Globe says: "Mme. Harrison is so favorably impressed with the mother country that she has resolved to make her home in London."

The lumber cut on the Restigouche this year, will total 29,006,000 feet. While all the operators have had a hard time stream driving but a small quantity of the lumber will be hung up. Most of the cut will be brought safely to the booms.—Gleaner.

So far this season seven hundred salmon have been put in the Carleton pond. The fish were purchased from the local fishermen at two dollars aplece and are pronounced by Prof.
Prince, who is in the city at present, to be splendid specimens. The sal-mon weigh from twenty-five to forty pounds. Last year only four hundred and nineteen fish were procured.

The corner stone of the Presbyterian church, which is in the course of eraction in River Charlo, Restigouche Co., was laid on the 6th inst. by the Rev. L. M. McLeod, pastor, and the Rev. T. Nicholson. The church, when finished, will have a fine appearance. finished, will have a fine appearance. The people have contributed liberally to the building fund. For example, P. Hamilton and Jas. Hamilton each gave \$400, and together donated a bell which cost \$250. Daniel McMillan gave \$300, and generously offered to put a furnace into the church.—Advo-

Quite a number of changes will oc-cur in the staff of the D. A. R. when the new steamer Prince Arthur is added to the Prince Edward and Prince George on the Boston-Yar-mouth route. Fred Pheasant, jr., who has been in the prince of the pri Ladies', Misses' and Children's Cotton and Cashmere Hose from 5c, up.

A special ribbed Boy's Fast Black
Hose 5 to 81-2 inch, from 8c. to 14c.

Handle the Laurier Government Without Gloves

jority of the People of Canada.

Rev. Mr. Lane Tells a Fairy Story Relative to the Way the Plebiscite Vote Was

The first public meeting of the Methe first public meeting of the me-thodist conference of Nova Scotia, the ten perance anniversary, was held on Wednesd y evening in Wesley church, Tarmouth.

The exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. William Dobson of Grafton street church, Hallfax. The president, Rev. A. D. Morten The president, Rev. A. D. Morton, in his introductory remarks, said the conference was glad once more to meet with the warm-hearted people of Yarmouth. The oftener they came to Yarmouth, the oftener they desired to come. The more they came the better they liked the people of Yarouth and he hoped the converse was so true. It was not usual to place temperance anniversary first, but was considered there would be a occasion, in view of the events which had transpired during the year. A plobiscite had been taken hearly a year ago. He was not sure that such a course commended itself to all. He was personally of the opinion that the responsibility rested primarily and solely upon the government; and it would have been becoming in them to accept their responsibility. The reaccept their responsibility. The result of the plebiscite had become a matter of history. For some time there had been much anxiety as to how the authorities at Ottawa would not the plebiscite at Ottawa would. act. What was to be said in regard to the action of the government? There was a great liversity of senti-

There was a great liversity of sentiment with regard to it. Some favored the expression of the premier and many had satisfied themselves that prohibition, for the time being, at least, was a dead issue. Others had then disappointed and discouraged. Many thought the cause hid been this pleblacite. the plebiscite.

there was any cause for discourage-ment. The cause of temperance in the dominion, he thought, was farther advanced than ever before in the history of the country. There were two aspects to the question. Because of the moral issue involved it had forced itself upon the attention of the Chris-tian churches. The time had come Elder Tucker over his severe affliction through the loss of his estimable wife, who died after a comparatively brief illness of pneumonia.— Woodstock Sentinel.

John Irvine, ir., son of John Irvine, sr., of Mount Pleasant, Carleton Co., was drowagd on Wednesday evening while working on logs at Drew Lake, near Houlton. The body was brought home for burial.

Han churches. The time had come when the question had been entrusted as a practical question must decide whether they would be influenced by the church, or by those connected with the liquor traffic.

He thought that the attention of the province was concentrated on this influence and he was sure that the said that he was heartly in sympathy with Mr. Hughment of the province was concentrated on this influence was growing the province was concentrated on this influence of the saloon shall not have his vote."

A burst of applause greeted the speaker as he took his seat after this eloquent arraignment of the government.

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REV. J. E. HUGHSON, REV. J. E. HUGHSON, lend the first speaker, said the question was, would the people of Canada atlew its government to break its pleages and go unpunished or should the electorate arise and teach the present government or any other Ottawa outweigh the opinion of the Canada declare for a great moral as Canada declare for a great moral reform, the government must obey the people's will. That was the question which vitally affected, not only the temperance question, but the integrity and stability of the netional life. Should a score of ordinary men at were satisfied with the opinion of the were satisfied with the opinion of the Capadian people. That was the crestion which must first be settled. Loiwhat are the facts of the case, said the speaker, "the temperance people did not ask for a plebiscite. They were satisfied with the opinion of the provinces as already expressed. They did not base their demands on popular caprice. I heard the present premier to on the floor of the house

They did not base their demands on popular caprice. It heard the present premier to on the floor of the house how the debiscite came about, and he practical confessed that it was a piece of party expediency growing out of political exigencies. He had said that no pledge had been made to the temperance party, simply to political parties. A mere subterfuge as any one can see.

"The present premier had stated that he would offer a plebiscite to the people, and pledged his sacred honor to abide by the result. The great mafority believed his promises and lent themselves to placing his party in power. They hushed every suspicion of trickery, and when the party did suspicious things they placed the best possible construction upon them. They furnished influence and money to the campaign, believing that the party would be true to its word and chiact prohibitory legislation if elected. "The vote of September, '98, was a

magnificent victory for the temperance cause. I am sorry some had ance cause. I am sorry some had taken a discouraging view of the result and had played into the hands of the opponents of prohibition, when not in a position to judge of the facts. Abstract questions never, receive more than a fraction of the possible vote. I was in a town in Ontario where the question of higher taxation. Abstract guestions nevers reactive from her usual plan and red them, at added to the Prince Edward and Prince Boston-Yarmouth recitz. Fred Pheasant, ir., who has been in charge of the D. A. R. wharf in this city for some time, will it is said, he made purser of one or the steamers above mentioned. Rupert Olive of St. John is also slaved for a position in the purser's department. Ernes: Thomson, formerly of the government steamer, Landdowner, takes a position in the purser's department. The dry, goods gustless of G. Bred McLean, at the corper of Christite and Duke streets, has been in the stewards department. The dry, goods gustless of G. Bred McLean, at the corper of Christite and Duke streets, has been taken been used only by the and Duke streets, has been in the most sensitive story; and the electorate had registered half of sale for \$13,900, and it will probably take the entire stock to said; the first occurrence of the maintenance of the clean, Mr. McLean, who has been in hushess for some time, was gunerally supposed to be doing will. As Mr. McLean, who has been in hushess for some time, was gunerally supposed to be doing will. As Mr. McLean, who has been in hushess for some time, was gunerally supposed to be doing will. As Mr. McLean, who has been in hushess for some time, was gunerally supposed to be doing will. As Mr. McLean, who has been in hushess for some time, was gunerally supposed to be doing will. As Mr. McLean, who has been in hushess for some time, was gunerally supposed to be doing will. As Mr. McLean, was a court of the streament has as yet been sively out. The streets and the happy couple formed their cut is the streets of the first out on the question of the streets and the happy couple formed their cut is the street of the first out on the guneral election. Prohibition had recited the clean and only the street of the street of the street out of the street of the street of the street of the street out of the street of the street of the street out of the street of the street out of the street

government should appeal to the country on the question of senate re-form and should receive such a vote, would it consider itself sustained or defeated? Every government organ from the Pacific to the Atlantic would herald it as a magnificent victory The government has treated the plebiscite as it would treat no vote for party purposes. Should the premier say that prohibition would not mier say that prohibition would not be granted unless it received a vote of at least 50 per cent, a vote which no party ever received at any poll, and nearly double that is which the present government assumed power. If such conditions had been stated by the premier before the plebiscite took place the temperance people would have repudiated him and his party.

"The government had said that those who had not voted on the question of prohibition had practically voted against it. A brilliant victory for the government was recently announced in startling headlines when the Drummond railway bill passed the house by a vote of 91 to 40. The splendid majority of 51 was announceed, yet there were 82 members who did not vote on the bill. Then why did not the government apply the principle by which it turned the plebiscite into a victory for the temper-arce party and say that the Drum-mond railway deal had been lost by 27

"The temperance party were keenly disappointed at the action of the government. It had proved false to the trust imposed in it. It should have pressed the question to an issue and tested parliament upon it. The representatives should have been placed on record by their votes." record by their votes. The govern-ment should have faced the issue in-stead of dodging it and spending time and energy in inventing schemes to appease the electorate without em-

"Provincial prohibition should be re-pudiated. It is only a half measure to put back what the temperance people might obtain if they push the bat-tle to the gates. It is now time to organize for the next election. It is time for the church to go into politics, because politicians have arrayed themselves against the church. It is ime to teach the government that it is the servant, not the master of the people. The Christian church could settle this matter in twelve month should it set itself to the task, and some know this fact better than do "I was at a meeting of the Domin

ion Alliance and I got the impression that a majority of the members would have evaded the issue but they were scared to death of their consti tuencies. One man more frank than the rest had said it was not the majority for prohibition that affected him; it was the attitude his constituency would take at the next election. "The emperance may should step out from his party when his party is

wrong, and say that the man party who seeks the vote of the saloor

not be improved upon. He then proceeded to extol Canada, rointing out that a country must raise men of morality and piety. Anything short of that must be disastrous. Was that the kind of men we had in Otthat the kind of men we had in Ottawa? The Bible taught him to exercise charity in his judgments, but he was sometimes inclined to shut up his Bible when he saw politicians seeking naught but their own selfish interests. He had been led to the conclusion that there was as much justice in Ottawa as there were snakes in Ireland. The ballot box had been used to upset constitutional government. That was the kind of thing that made revolutions, crossed swords that made revolutions, crossed swords and shed blood. The bottom had been knocked out of the ballot box, but the people would quietly put it back

Three years ago the minister of agriculture had said the people were free and governed themselves. Practice had shown this statement to be mere clap trap, and the people felt a deep sense of injustice, partially sup-pressed by party loyalty, at the trick played on them by the present gov-

ernment at the late plebiscite.
"In order to avoid the necessity of going deeply into a discussion of the question," said the speaker, "I will tell a little fairy story that will serve equally well, if not better."

Once upon a time there was a "Once upon a time there was a little silvery tongued fairy named Wilfrid. She had a farm that was bounded on one side by Cape North and on the other by Vancouver; its southern boundary was the 49th parallel and its northern the Aurora Borealis. Now this little fairy thought she would like to go into poultry raisealis. Now this little fairy thought she would like to go into poultry raising, so she got a number of hens and some chickens and she gave each a name. One she called N. S., another N. B., one P. E. I., one Que., one Ont., one Man., one B. C., and so on, and the chickens she called Territories. Because they were of different strains, each hen was kept in a different coop, each coop was called a province. But she had a decided preference for Quebec, which she desired to foster and perpetuate. One day she departed from her usual plan and fed them all from one dish, which she shrewdly named, plebiscite, because it was everybody's dish.

JUST RECEIVED: HAMS, BACON AND LARD. COFFEE, TEA, SPIGES, ETC Ontario and Provincial Oats, Bran, Feed, Victor Feed, Flour,

JAMES COLLINS. 208 and 210 Union Street, St. John, N.B.

Meal, etc.

# Second-Hand Machinery FOR SALE

One Locomotive Boiler, 40 horse power One Upright Boiler, 8 horse power One Engine, 40 horse power. One Engine, Automatic Ball, 25 horse

power. One Engine, 3 horse power. One Newspaper Press, Hoe make, 27x33 inches.
One Adams Job Press, 9x13 inches.
One Sturdevant Blower No. 3.
One Dynamo, 75 lights, 116 voits.

Agents for Gilbert Wood Split Pul-eys. Compressed Steel Shafting and dangers in Stock.

### W. F. & J. W. Myers, WATERLOO STREET ST. JOHN, N. B.

"But have we any promise to base our demands upon."
"Sir John Macdonald said: Sendprohibitionists to parliament and we prohibitionists to parliament and we will liste nto them.' Sir John Thompson said curtly: 'We can do nothing for you.' There are no promises in those words, but Sir Wilfrid Laurier said: 'Once the liberals come intopower a plebiscite will be held, by which the party will stand and the will of the people shall be carried out, even if it cost the liberal party power forever." To the delegation from the Methodist general conference he said. those who are in a minority will have to concur with those in a ma-jority." But these promises had been broken and subterfuges bred faster at Ottawa than aphides on a rose

bush.

'One remedy was to take the question out of party politics, both parties initing in formulating t measure; the other was the union of the temperance forces ceasing to fight in Indian fashion as at present."

In concluding the speaker said he was reminded of a story which he read in his Bible of Paul saving the crew of a ship, though the ship went

read in his Bible of Paul saving the crew of a ship, though the ship went to pleces. He thought the Paul of prohibition would get safely to land though he feared the captain would lose his ship.

The meeting closed with the benediction by the Rev. G. O. Huestis.

YARMOUTH, N. S., Juen 19.—The report on the state of the work was presented at the Nova Scotia Methodist conference this morning. It showed a slight decline in membership.

A lengthy discussion followed, the gist of which was to the effect that more earnest pastoral work was more earnest pastoral work was called for. A great amount of sickless had interfered with the progress of the church. The Sunday school-report showed a total of 215 schools, with 14,710 pupils. The sustentation fund receipts had been \$1,810. A spirited discussion arose on the method of distribution of these funds. Dr. Allison of Sackville presented the claims of the college in the afternoon. A crisis was upon the church and must be met. Twenty-five thousand dollars with insurance would put the college in a position as good ashefore. Sackville would never make money, but her friends must rally around her. The Methodists must keep up with the other churches in educational work.

educational work.

Dr. Potts spoke in the interests of the twentieth century fund tonight.

The conference business is how drawing to a close, and a number of the ministers will leave tomorrow.

WEDDING BELLS.

On Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock an interesting wedding took place at St. Thomas' church, Black River, Parish of Simonds, when Morley Smith of Fort Lawrence, N. S., was united in marriage with Annie S., eldest daughter of James K. Daley of Gardner's Creek, N. B. The Rev. L. A. Hoyt officiated. After the ceremony the wedding party returned to the home of the bride's parents, where luncheon was served. The bride, whowas very popular, will be greatly missed by her many friends in the community. The large number of presents received testify to the esteem in which she was held. The happy couple left at 2 p. m. for St. John, to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John LeLacheur, fr., Princess street, where a reception and tea was held that evening in honor of the event. A number of invited guests assembled. The happy pair left in the C. P. R. for their future home in Port Lawrence, followed by the best wishes of their friends for their future happiness. On Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock

WEDDED AT STARKEY'S.

A very pretty marriage was solemnized at the residence of J. W. Patterson at Starkey's, Queens Co., on Thursday evening, when his second daughter, Laura L. Patterson, was united in matrimony to Mark J. Cole, one of Cole's Island's most popular and enterprising young men. The ceremony was performed by Rev. David Patterson. The bride, who was unattended, entered the room shortly after seven o'clock, looking very pretty in a gown of heliotrope merino, daintily trimmed with ribbon and lace. After the ceremony a bountiful repast was served and the happy couple started for their future home at Cole's Island, followed by the good wishes of their friends and showers of rice. The bride was a very popularyoung lady and will be greatly missed; from her home.

RICHIBUCTO, June 14.-John O'-Leary, who was married at Concord, N. H., last week, arrived on Monday with his bride. They will spend a fortnight visiting Mr. O'Leary's moth-

Sheriff Leger took Maurice, sailor, to Dorchester penitentiary

yesterday. W. E. Forbes left for Charlottetown, P. E. Island, this morning, to take part in the maritime rifle

matches there tomorrow. ST. STEPHEN, June 16.—Professor Herbert C. Grant of New York has arrived here to spend the summmer

with his parents. The Butler Dramatic Co., now playing at Calais, is by far the best company that has appeared there for a long time. An air of art and refinement pervades all their work. Their leading lady has a particularly pleasing stage appearance, while all the members are actors of ability and the plays are put on with a care to details that is very pleasing.

The hopes which were entertained The hopes which were entertained here a year ago of prosperity coming to the town through the nickel deposits have about vanished. The seven tons of ore sent to England for ussay did not make encouraging returns. The English capitalists are now negotiating for an extension of their option to sinking a shaft to enable them to secure samples from a greater

A gang of young boys have made themselves very objectionable lately to store keepers and residents of ward, near Ferry Point bridge. Marshal Campbell had two of them arrested and lodged in the cooler last night. This morning they were arraigned before Police Magistrate Crilley, who imposed light fines as a warning to them and to their com-panions who are candidates for similar

treatment. FREDERICTON, June 16.-Mrs. Wark, wife of Senator Wark of this city, died at her home this afternoon after a lengthy and painful illness. Mrs. Wark was a daughter of the late Isaac Burpee of Sheffield, Sunbury county. Her only surviving brother is E. R. Burpee of Bangor, who was at his sister's bedside at the time of her death. The deceased lady was held in high esteem by all who knew her. She was an active church member and ever foremost in philanthropic work. Miss Helen Wark is the only surviving daughter, and she and the bereaved husband have the sympathy of the whole community.

The Canadian General Electric Co. of Toronto have been awarded the contract for supplying the electric lighting machinery and appliances in the shoe factory. The contract price is in the vicinity of \$1,000.

finished their examinations at the Normal school yesterday and a large last. The total assessment ordered number of them left for home today. by the council is \$52,000, which will

HOPEWELL HILL, June 16 .- The schooner Victory, Capt. Stiles, went to Shulee yesterday to load lumber. essrs. Peter and Amos Turner are offering for sale their fine farm of 235 acres, with residence, barns and out-buildings, situated in the parish of Harvey, about two miles from Albert

Wm. Milton is quarrying and hauling freestone for the cellar of G. D. Prescott's new residence at Albert. The mason work is being done by John Thompson of Hillsboro.

The annual convention of the Albert County S. S. Association will meet at Five Points, Coverdale, on July 6th and 7th.

Miss Lida Tingley, who has been living in Lynn, Mass., for the past two years, came to her home here today to remain for the summer Arthur Bleakney of Albert was taken to St. John this week to undergo treatment at the general hospital Isalah Tingley of Lynn, Mass., is visiting his former home at Albert.
F. J. Steeves, the optician, recently purchased a handsome driving horse

at Sussex that can do the mile inside of two-forty.

On account of the storm vesterday only one delegate arrived to attend the W. M. S. convention, and no meetings were held. This evening a public meeting was held in the Methodist church, which was addressed by Miss Stewart of Sackville and Mrs. Col-

pitts, president of the local society.
WOODSTOCK, N.B., June 18—About thalf-past seven this evening there was an alarm of fire and it was soon learned that the house of the caretaker of the water works station, John Gunter, was on fire. It spread rapidly and the house was in flames when the firemen arrived. The family just escaped with their lives, and none of their furniture was saved. The flames spread from the house to two sheds adjoining, containing the wood about 300 cords, used by the pumping station. The sheds were destroyed and the wood is now burning. The



If you want a binding that will out-wear all the others twice over, is three times as rich and handsome as any other, and will positively fit because it has the only "Natural Curve," then you will buy, and at a few cents more than the cheapest, short-lived binding price.

PROVINCIAL NEWS fire is well under control. Fortunately the wind blew the sparks on to the river or the conflagration would have been most disastrous. The main pumping station did not suffer, being of brick, with a slate roof. The fire is supposed to have caught under the house, but how is not known. The firemen had to depend on the water from the stand pipe, as they could not work at the engines in the stabecause of the heat. There was insurance on the house, which is owned by the town, but Ganter had nothing on his furniture.

WOODSTOCK, June 16.-Joseph F. Snow of Bangor is visiting Wood-stock, the guest of his cousin, W. R. Snow. Joseph F. Snow is the son of Joseph Snow, who lived below Vic-toria Corner in this county and moved to Bangor fifty-three years ago. He was then fifteen years of age, and he has lived in Bangor ever since. For 44 years he was engaged in the dry goods business, thirty-three years of that time in his own name. He retired from business a few years ago with a more than comfortable independence. Mr. Snow served as a councillor of the city in the years of 1961-62, and as an alderman in 1868-69, and in 1891 he was elected mayor by a majority of over 500 over his opthat he is a lemocrat and a low

tariff man in politics.

Samuel Watts and his bride have arrived home.

Unless something unforseen occurs there will be immense quantities of farm produce for sale this year. A strong movement is on foot to establish a large produce buying company which will handle all kinds of farm produce, making Woodstock its head-

for is in the old country. ST. STEPHEN, N. B., June 18.-While pole vaulting on Saturday evening, James Greene, eldest son of Jas. Greene of the Shore Line railroad, fell and broke his arm.

quarters. The main market looked

Word was received here by relatives on Saturday of the death at Vancouver, B. C., of Mrs. Vaughan, wife of Wm. Vaughan, formerly of St. Martins, N. B. Her death resulted from a cold and was quite unexpected. FREDERICTON, June 18.—About three hundred excursionists came to the city yesterday on the steamer Aberdeen from Hampstead and other points in Queens county. They spent the afternoon in the city and returned to their homes in the evening. The excursion was held under the auspices of the Foresters of Hampstead. Charles Parker, an employe of Risteen's woodworking factory, had the middle finger of his left hand taken off at the first joint yesterday afternoon while operating a buzz saw. The funeral of the late Mrs. Wark will take place from her late home tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock.

The new assessment roll for the city is nearly completed. With one ex-The second class student teachers ception, that of the poll tax, every assessment this year is heavier than The first class teachers finished work make an increase of nearly 20 per today. sary. The rate on income last year was \$5.13 per hundred. This year it will be \$6.08 on every \$500 worth of real estate owners will have to pay \$6.08 against \$5.13 last year. The rate of poll tax for those living in the fire and water limits of the city has been reduced from \$8.05 to \$6.19, and for living in the suburbs from \$6.9 to \$4.75.

> Quite an interesting little tussle has been going on for the last few days between the Oddfellows of this city and Mayor Beckwith, and has result ed at last in a victory for the former. The Oddfellows, who are to run an excursion to Houlton on July 4th, wished to put an advertising streamer across the street in front of their lodge room. His worship when approached on the subject strenuously objected, and ordered that under no circumstances should the streamer be put up. Thereugon the Oddfellows, pelicving they were in the right, went to each alderman individually and obtained their consent to having the banter, put up. Yesterday it was put up, and although Police Magistrate Marsh threatened and Mayor Beckwith fumed, it still continues to flaunt bravely in the breeze, and will probably keep on flaunting until the Oddfellows are ready to take it down.

A telegram to F. B. Coleman today announced the death at Boston last night of Alex. H. Wood of Wood Pollard & Co. Mr. Wood was wel known in the province, and frequent-ly visited the fishing and junting sections in company with the late Governor Russell, Jos. Jefferson and other prominent American sports

### THE RACE FOR OFFICE.

(Hartland Advertiser.) "The race is not always to the swift or the battle to the strong." This was clearly exemplified in the race for the deputy collectorship at Centreville. The present incumbent stated to his friends that he would retire from the office on the first of May last. Then it was some eight aspirants, all good grits, entered the race to reach the winning post. One of these had a di-rect promise; another was recom-mended by one in authority; another had a petition numerously signed and presented to the government. To accept the resignation of the present in-cumbent and appoint his successor would allenate seven quite influential supporters. In this perplexity the government thought discretion was the best part of valor. So report has it the present incumbent had an in-crease of salary and retains the office while seven "mourners go about the streets." This action of the government will still hold the seven supporters.

# PERSONAL NOTES.

W. H. B. Sadleir of Manchester, Robertson & Allison's wholesale de-partment sailed from Boston last week for the old country. He will return about the first of September. F. H. Hale, M. P., and Mr. and Mrs Geo. Murchie of Calais sailed from Montreal on Monday for a trip across the Atlantic. Mr. Hale goes on business, while Mr. Murchie intends consulting a specialist regarding some head trouble from which he is suffer-

Wm. Dyas, a divinity student from Acadia university, has been engaged to supply the Albert street Baptist Woodstock, for the summer.

# LAST DE HIVEST (4 CALLS)

Revised Every Monday for the Weekly Sun.

try. Potatoes green stuff of

ä	prices easier. Rhubarb is no	ow ve	CA C	heap
ğ	(Wholesale Price	<b>15.</b> )		
ä	Beef (butchers'), per carcass	.0 07	***	0 69
麗	Best (country), per quarter.		4	0 06
ď,	Spring lamb, per carcass			4 00
ğ	l'ork, fresh, per lb			0 116
ā	Shoulders	0 07		C US
겲	Hams. per lb.	0 10		0 14
2	Butter (in tubs), per lb	0 12	2022/03/20	0 14 0 11
3	Butter (lump)	0 12		0 17
g	Butter (creamery), tubs	0 17		0.18
篋	Butter (creamery), rolls Dairy (roll)	0 14		0 16
ä	Fowl	0 50		0 70
劉	Chickens	0 50		0 80
뜋	Turkeys	0 10	4.72	0 14
g	Eggs, per doz	0 11	44.23	0 12
	Henery eggs, per doz	0 12	**	0 13
焽	Henery eggs, per doz Muttou, per lb. (per carcass)	0 06	44	0 10
ä	Cabbage, per dosea	0 90	200 March 200	4 80
	Potatoes, per bbl	1 00	âN.	1 50
ä	Squash, per lb	0.03	1000	0 05
	Parsnips	1,00	505 AV	0 05 1 25 0 60
	Turbips, per bbl	0 45		
ş	Rhubarb	0 00%		0001
Ñ	Lettuce, per doz	0 50	能各。	0 40
	Radishes, per doz.	0 25	222	2 20
ğ	Beans, green, per bush Calf skins, per lb	0.00	54.0	0 10
헆	Sheep skins	0 10	44	0 15
a	Hides, per lb	0 07		0 074
8	Beans yellow eyes)	1 90	Albert 9	2 00
	Beans (white)	1 00	3600	1 10
	Carrots, per bbl	0 00		1 10
	Cheese	0 081/		0 09
d	Horse radish, per doz bot	0 90		1 00
	Horse radish, pints, per doz.	2 25		2 50
L	Beets, per bbl	6 30		1 00
	Maple Sugar	0 10		0 12
	Maple syrup, per gal	0 80		1 30

	Maple Sugar	0 10	" 0	12
	Maple syrup, per gal	0 80	"'1	30
	Retail.			
	Beef, corned, per lb	0 45	0	
	Boef tongue, per lb	0 08	c	
	Roast, per lb	0 10	111	
	Lamb, per quarter	0 75	" 1	
	Pork, per lb (fresh) Pork, per lb (salt)	0 07	0	
	Pork, per lb (sait)	0 07	U	
	Hams, per lb	0 12	. 0	
顃	Shoulders, per lb	0 08	0	
	Bacon, per lb	0 1z		16
	Sausages, per lb	0 10	9	
	Tripe	0 06		
	Butter (in tubs)		0	
	Butter (creamery), roll	0 20	ENGERNIS AND	00
ä	Dairy roll	0 18	0	Ь
ģ	Eggs, per doz	0 00	0	
	Eggs (henery), per doz		0013700001500140014	14
ĝi,	Mutton, per lb	0 10	SOURCE STATE OF	報
ġ.	Potentage per pools	0 10	1110	
	Cabbages, each	0 04		i
ä	Radish, per bunch	0 09		04
ā	Fowl	0 75		90
ä	Fowl	0 70	Atta	
	Turkeys, per lb	0 12	0	11
Ŗ,	Carrots, per bunch	0 08	0	0
	Parsnips, per peck	0 20	Her: 0:	
S	Squash, per lb.	0 05	** 0	
関	Turnips, per peck	0 16	0	
ű	Beets, per bunch		** A	00
8	Maple sugar	0 13	0	14
	Maple honey, per gal	1 00	" 1	50
ğ	Strawberries, per box		** 0	
ĝ	Rhubarb	0 01	" 0	
8	Rhubarb	0 12	" 0	16
3	Cucumbers	0 06	0	08
Į,	Beans, per peck	0 40	" 0	60
80		122 HO MARKET LAD	55,071996085289854	2000

FISH.		2	
Dry cod and pollock are lower. Fresh shad are out, so pereaux are less plentiful. The change to note.	lmon	and	i gas-
Large dry cod			3 60 3 60
Small cod	0.00	44	2 50
Smoked herring	0 05%	VP	5 00 061/
Pollock	1 75	1000	1 80 0 04%
Bay herring, hf-bbls	UUC	80,000	1.75 0.08
Cod (fresh)	0.00	Mar (50)	U UZ
Gaspereaux, per 100 Lobsters, small	0 00		0 75
Salmon, per lb	0 11	•	0 15
GRUCKINS.	COLUMN TO SECURITY	M31860 1428	AND THE PERSON

			250	zes	45000
Java, per lh, green	0	24	15)	0	26
Jamaica, per lb	0	24	**.	0	26
Matches per gross			490		
Matches, per gross					
Rice, per ID	v	031/		v	USY
Molasses-					
Barbados, new crop	•	32	••		99
Darbauds, new crop				×	30
Porto Rico (new), per gal		33	**		
St. Croix, puns		31	551		
St. Kitts	0	30	*	0	00
	娫		57,55	48	
Salt-	48		3830		
Liverpool, ex vessel	0	40	45		43
Liverpool, per sack, ex store	ň	42	46	ñ	AF
Liverproof, per sack, ex store	en.	Section 1	Ot	23	45
Liverpool butter salt, per		9901297		AND	200
bag, factory filled	0	90	**11		00
Spices-			2334		14.7
		-		•	2010
Cream of tartar, pure, bbls.		181/2			
Cream of tartar, pure, bxs		21,	i.a	0	本
Nutmegs, per lb	0	50		0	70
Cassia, per lb. ground	0	18	•41	ø	20
Cloves, whole			221	0	15
Clared manned					
		10		M	24
Ginger, ground		15	250	0	20
Pepper, ground	0	19	200	0	20 20
Bicarb soda, per keg	1	85	**	1	20
Sal soda, per lb 0					013
	Bar.	13	(1) B	86	1
Sugar-			3655	180	

20)	Diggrap Bong, hot wolf	Section 1911		See See	а
9	Sal soda, per lb 0	00%	**	0 1	J
	Sugar-				
20	Standard granulated, per lb.	4 60	44	0 4	ò
氮	Yellow, bright, per lb	3 95	MAN E	0 (	Ö
3	Yellow, per lb	3.80	*	3.5	ä
8		0 00	•	0 (	
셡		0 96	••	0 (	Ü
ă	Pulverized sugar, per lb	0 05%	44/1	n (	Х
M	Tea		10.03	延續	ë
묑	Congou, per lb, finest	0 22	**	0	2
잌	Congou, per lb, good	0 18		o :	
셞	Congon per lh common	0 14		0	
ä		0 30		0	
3	Tobacco-		100	90	ē
	Black, chewing	0 45		0.	6
	Blight, chewing	0 45	8	0	ż
	Smoking	0 45	••		
	PROVISIONS.	0			
		2			ă
	Quotations are unchanged a	nd tra	de	qu	1

	PROVISIONS.	
	Quotations are unchanged and trade quie	t.
	American clear pork 14 75 " 15 50	
	American mess pork 13 50 "14 25	
	P. E. Island mess 14 50 " 15 00	
	P. E. Island prime mess 11 00 " 12 00	
	Plate beef	
	Extra plate beef 13 75 "14 00	闘
ĕ	Lard, compound	4
	Lard, pure 9 07% 0 08 Domestic mess pork 14 50 " 15 00	Ä
	Domestic mess pork 14 50 18 00	
	GRAIN, SEEDS, HAY, ETC.	
	Quotations are without change. Hay	is
	firmer but demand is very limited	22
	firmer, but demand is very limited.	
	Oats (Ontario), car lots 0 41 40 0 42	
	Oats (Ontario), car lots 0 41 40 0 42 Oats (Carleton Co) 0 38 4 6 39	
	Oats (Ontario), car lots 0 41 47 0 42 Oats (Carleton Co) 0 38 4 0 39 Beans (Canadian), h p 1 10 4 1 15	
	Oats (Ontario), car lots 0 41 47 0 42 Oats (Carleton Co) 0 38 4 0 39 Beans (Canadian), h p 1 10 4 1 15	
日本のは日本のなりのである。	Oats (Ontario), car lots 0 41	0
日本のは、日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日	Oats (Onfario), car lots.     0 41     0 42       Oats (Carleton Co)     0 38     0 39       Beans (Canadian), h p.     1 10     1 15       Beans, prime.     1 05     1 10       Beans, yellow eys     1 90     2 0       Sullt neas     4 10     4 20	0
日本のは日本からいのは、	Oats (Ontario), car lots	0
日本のは、日本のでは、大きのでは、	Oats (Ontario) car lots.     0 41     0 42       Oats (Carleton Co)     0 38     0 39       Beans (Canadian), h p.     1 10     1 15       Beans, prime.     1 05     1 10       Beans, yellow ey*     1 90     2 0       Sylit peas     4 10     4 20       Green Dried Peas, per bush     1 10     1 25       Pot barley     4 10     4 20       Hay, pressed, car lots     7 00     8 00	0
のないは、地方では、ないのでは、これでは、	Oats (Ontario), car lots.         0 41         0 42         0 42         0 42         0 42         0 38         0 39         0 39         Beans (Canadian), h p.         1 10         1 15         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25	0
のなっては、他のないとなったが、ないのでは、他のない	Oats (Ontario), car lots.         0 41         0 42         0 42         0 42         0 42         0 38         0 39         0 39         Beans (Canadian), h p.         1 10         1 15         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25	0
	Oats (Ontario), car lots.         0 41         0 42	0
日本のは、日本のでは、一名は、日本のでは、日本	Oats (Ontario), car lots.         0 41         0 42         0 42         0 42         0 42         0 38         0 39         0 39         Beans (Canadian), h p.         1 10         1 15         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         1 10         1 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25         2 25	0

Green Dried Peas, per bush.	1 10		1 25
Pot barley	4 10	100	4 90
Hay, pressed, car lots	7 00	44 %	8 00
Red clove	0 06%		0 071
Alsike cloher.	0 0714	200	0 00
'Fimothy seed, Canadian	1 80		2 25
Timothy seed, American	1 50	44	2 00
Clover, Manimoth.	0 07	9.5	U 973
FLOUR, MEAL, F	TC		
\$27(0):00000000000000000000000000000000000	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE		1000
Ontario flour is a little high	er tha	ца	Wee
ago in this market. There is	в по с	ALC: YE	ige 1
meal. Middlings are easy.	STATE OF THE PARTY		
Buckwheat meal, gray	0 00		2 25 2 00
Buckwheat meal, yellow		Soft.	2 00
Cornmeal		Earth)	2 10
Manitoba hard wheat			4 85
Canadian high grade family		44	4 15
Medium patents			3 85
Catmeal, standard.		568	4 35
Middlings, car lots		SON.	0 00
Middlings, small lots, bag'd.	21 50	bet.	2 00
Bran, small lots, bagged	20 00		21 00
Bran, bulk, car lots	17 00	融色	8 00
THE PARTY OF THE P	Super land	SEC.	DEFICE

The market has been about a shipme ast week. They are quoted buotations in the rest of the	nt was received at 9% to 9%c.
ore. New California fruits he market, and will soon b	are coming on e plentiful.
Strawberries	0 00 " 0 80 .
currants, per lb	0 05 " 0 08

22	Trinidad Cocoanuts	2 50		3 00	
题	Cocoanuts, per sack	3 25	**	3 50	
鹺	Cocoanuts. per doz		••	0 70	S
		08	200	0 10	
靍		0 21		0 00	
鬣	Honey, per lb	0 20	8 / <b>**</b> 8	0 00	H
题	Sorrento oranges	4 00	**		ä
S	OILS.		190		
	Burning oils are firmer, bu	t not	t au	otably	ĕ
	higher. Linseed oil has adva-				B
器	在公司的时候,他们就是100mm的时候,但是100mm,100mm 100mm 1			13 9 17	
瓥	"White Rose" and "Ches-	A 37		0 101/	
	ter A"	0 11		0 1814	ķ
	"High Grade Sarria" and			A 400	
8	"Archight"	0 16			
3	"Silver Star"			0 16%	ä
翼	Lamston on trans	0 54		0 00	B
羉	Linseed oil (boiled)	0 57		0 00	
54) 64)	Turpentine	0 623	2	0 6434	ä
	Ccd Oil	0 27		0 29	ä
8	Seal ofl (pale)	0 37	Telle	0 39	ä
2	Seal oil (steam refined)	0 42	B. V.	0 43	Ş
3	Olive oil (commercial) Extra lard oil No. 1 lard oil	0 85	100.00	0 95	ä
額	Extra lard oil	0 55		0 65	ä
麗	No. 1 lard oil	0 50	Att	0 60	ā
27	Castor oil (commercial) pr lb	0 09		0 10	B
髲	FREIGHTS.	ALL L	1		
	The last charters reported	We	re i	at the	ğ
1253	The same of the sound sopos coo	STEP TO SERVICE	MAN POR	W20100011000	ă

HARDWARE.

The strength of the hardware market continues. Bar iron is higher, at \$2.15. Wire nails advanced 10c per keg on June 5th, and cut nails are ziso up 10c. Advices were received on Saturday of an advance in boits and nuts, lag screws, and the like. Iron pipe is still advancing. The representative of an American firm, who was in town last week, said some makers refuse orders at any price, and some have orders booked ahead to the end of the year. Manila rope was advanced \( \frac{1}{2} \)c on June 15th.

BON VOYAGE TO LT. COL. M'AC-LEAN.

On Saturday evening the officers of the 62nd battalion gave a supper to their colonel, who leaves for England next week in command of the Bisley team. The guests were Lt. Col. Markham, Surgeon-Major March and Capt. McRobble of the Cavalry, Lt. Col. Jones and Surgeon Lt. Col. Daniel of the Artillery and Major Parks, president of the P. R. A. A long table, set diagonally across the battalion's own club room, had been tastefully decorated and laid by the wives of the officers and oresented a very handsome appearance, when, led by Major chairman, and Surgeon Major Walker, vice-chairman, about thirty-five gentlemen took their seats at 10 o'clock and attacked the bountiful supper so nicely prepared for

After "The Queen," that silent toast which so much impresses a foreigner when seen for the first time as done by "the soldiers of he Queen," Major Sturdee proposed the toast, Lt. Col. MacLean, in a speech expressing much feeling and showing the good comradeship which exists between amongst all the officers of the battalion. Round after round of cheers followed, which mu been most gratifying to Col. Mac-Lean, whose reply showed how much he was moved by the personal regard exhibited towards him.

The toast of Our Guests brought speeches from all the visitors, each one bearing testimony to the satisfaction with Col. MacLean's pointment to command the team had given to all good militiamen in the

Some excellent songs were sung. among them one by Surgeon Lt. Col. Daniel composed by himself, as follows; tune, "Prince Charlie": Salling ower the friendly main, lony a heart will brak in twa, Should he ne'er come back again. Will ye no come back again? etc.

We wish ye luck all through your tour,
That bulls may mark each rifle crack;
We hope the cup called Kolapore 'll
Be in your trunk when you come back.
Will ye no, etc.

So here's a health afore you go,
A health to a' your shooting men,
wi' mony a prize when you're awa,
An' welcome when you're hame again. Will ye no, etc.

It was perilously near Sunday morning when the national anthem was sung as only soldiers sing it. TEA DRINKING IN NEW YORK.

Dr. George F. Shrady, when asked for his view of the Phelan case, said: "The case is a very unusual one. It may be, however, that Phelan's condition is due not so much to the tea itself as to the fact that he tried to substitute it for food. "His case should not, however, de

ter any one from drinking tea in moderation. Properly made and taken in sensible quantities, tea is not only harmless, but positively beneficial. It is the one beverage that can be taken. between meals without harm by the average healthy person. There is no danger that tea drinking will be carried to excess in this country at least, and I consider it a much more beneficial beverage than beer or whiskey.' It is thought by many that the new INDO CEYLON Teas now coming into the country are the least hurtful to In fact, it is claimed for the TIGER

INDO CEYLON Teas that they are a great help to the system and actually assist digestion. The TIGER Teas are certainly pure as the British grower in Ceylon and India is careful of his stock and fir-

Col. Hadley, who is starting the tes saloons in New York, says: "We had not intended to open our first saloon until Autumn, but the interest excited by the Herald's recent articles on the tea question encouraged us to begin at once "We intend to fight the battle of tes

against beer, and we will show that

it is not only a good substitute, but better stimulant. "There is more nourishment in a ne cent glass of tea than in a five cent glass of beer, and our mission-aries will show the women that they get more refreshment out of a pint of

ea at three cents than one of beer at eight cents. They can get it ready made from

# HORSE FURNISHINGS

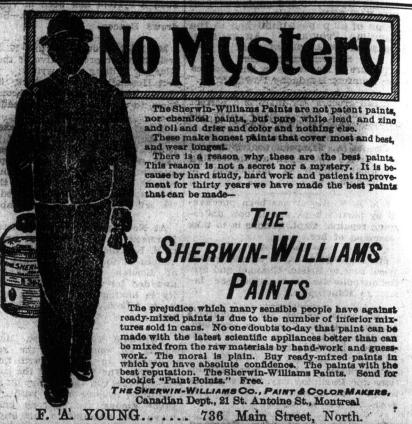
We carry the largest and best assortment of HORSE FURNISHING GOODS in the Maritime Provinces, and make a specialty of the following articles:



s 15 and upward
len Carriage Rugs 140 and upward
mer Carriage Rugs 20 and upward
e Brushes 20 and upward
by Brushes 15 and upward
by Combs 05 and upward Single and Double Working Harness, all prices. 

Besides a great variety too numerous to mention; in fact we can supply anything for the horse. All at Lowest Prices. We also carry in stock a large line of Bicycles from \$33.00 and up-ward. Please call and examine.

H. HORTON & SON., 11 Market Square, St. John, N



# \$250 FREE BRIGHT PEOPLE

1 KNIPS.	3 PPPOY.	5. GOLDMARI.	7 SEPA ETWES.
2 RASTE.	4 YSNAP.	6 GINMORN GORYL.	8 UNS WOLFER.
Can you arrange these	eight different groups of	letters into the names of eight (8) we	all known and popular flow
READ CAREFULLY. ment. There is only on	mes denoting eight well Remember, we do not we se condition which will to	known flowers. Have we succeeded rant one cent of your money when ake less than one hour of your time	d in attracting your attention you are answering this adve-
nany times as they app up. After you have ar	ear in each individual granged the 8 groups and	s eight names the letters can only be roup, and no letter can be used win found the 8 correct names, you will dividual group. The money will be	used in their own groups ar ich does not appear in its ow
WHY WE DO THIS.	we make this liberal of	names, the prize of \$250 will be equal for so that the name and fame of every home in the United States a	lly divided among the winner our popular family magazin
d. TRY AND WIN. I will get the Cash? Ar eresting. This is not an	f you will make the 8 c nyway, we do not want y easy contest. It is a tes	correct names and send them to us you to send one cent with your lette st of merit and skill. The WOM	at once who knows but what and a contest like this is ver ANS HOME JOURNAL is a
eresting, large, illustrate women: Society, Short S	ed Magazine, of never le stories of intense interest	ess than 64 columns. In scope, it of the first transfer of the fir	contains everything pertaining

the saleons, or our workers will teach them how to make it at home." The new Tiger Indo Ceylon Teas sell at :0c., 50c., 40c., 30c.

THE "VETS" ARE HAPPY.

A veterinary surgeon with business in his eye and a case of some sort of thermometers in his hand was halted by the Sun on Saturday and probed for information. It was learned that the gentlemen who have made a special study of bovine temperanment and temperature are likely to have a busy time. There are many cows concern ing whose health the board of health is now solicitous, in the interests of the consumers of ice cream and other cream. A cow with tubercules concealed about her person is no longer to be permitted to go into partnership with the microbe family and make war upon humanity. If she fail to stand the tuberculin test she will get her head hurt. Possibly there are none such, but the test must be made, and the "vet" figured it out that there would be about 90 cows at Penobsquis, 430 at Sussex, 170 at Apohaqui, 30 at Norton, 200 at Bloomfield. and over a hundred at Hampton and Lakeside, beside all those nearer St. John, to be operated on in the interests of St. John buyers of milk.

ANALYZE VERY RICH.

Intercolonial Copper Company to Work New Brunswick Mines.

(Boston Herald.)

The Intercolonial Copper Company has just been organized in Boston for the purpose of developing copper mines in the parish of Sackville, N. B., Ex-Gov. Ladd of Rhode Island is president, the Hon. H. A. Stearns of the Union Wadding Co., Pawtucket, R. I., is vice president, and J. W. Phillips of Providence is treasurer. The company has acquired mineral rights to five square miles territory, including the old Colonial mining properties, which were developed some 15 years ago, and abandoned because of the low price of copper. The company at that time sunk a shaft to the depth of 125 feet, and there is still remain ing on the dump upward of 10,000 tons of ore which analyzes very rich.

GARDEN TRUCK.

The supply of garden truck in the ountry market is increasing. At the stalls on Saturday the retail prices were: White turnips, rew beets and carrots, 8c. per bunch; lettuce, 4 to 5c.; celery, 10c.; cauliflower, 15 to 25c.; spinach, 8 to 10c.; parsley and mint, 4c.; radishes, 3 to 4c.; asparagus, 12 to 15c.; cucumbers, 6 to 8c. each; onlons, 5c. per lb.; tomatoes, 20c.

### FRENCH PREMIERSHIP,

PARIS, June 16.—Senator Pierre Waldeck-Rousseau has accepted the task of constructing a cabinet, M.

A RECLAIMING PLANT

That Cheapens the Cost of Manufac-turing Pulp in the Mispec Mill.

The Sun had an interesting talk on Saturday with Aage Drewsen, who nas been in St. John in connection with the reclaiming plant he has placed in the Mispec pulp mill. Mr. Drewsen is a native of Norway, but his headquarters is at 5 Beekman street, New York. He represents the patentees of a process which is in use in thirty-two pulp mills in the United states, in the Dominion pulp mill at Chatham and that at Mispec, and In Eddy's mill at Hull.

Mr. Drewsen speaks very highly of the Mispec mill. He has seen about all of the mills in the states, and none of them surpasses this one in convenience and equipment. The lo-cation, whereby the force of gravity takes the place of a pumping plant, is the best he has seen. He thinks this mill should be very successful The patent plant with which Mr. phur used. When the sulphurous acid

Drewsen equipped the mill makes a great saving in the quantity of sulis heated by steam in the digestor a lot of gas 's given off. Formerly this was all lost in the air. Mr. Drewsen's patent simply saves this gas and turns it back again into the digestor to be used over and over again. There is a saving of at least 100 lbs. of sulphur to the ton. It is thus the agency for a very considerable saving. With the development of pulp mills in Canada. Mr. Drewsen anticlpates much nore business in his line.

LATE PATENTS

Below will be found a list of United States patents granted to Canadian inventors on May 30th last. This list is prepared by Marion & Marion, so-licitors of patents and experts, New York Life building, Montreal.

625,732—Robert S. Anderson, Toronto, Can., back pedaling brake.
626,138—Samuel W. Butterfield, Three Rivers, P. Q., log thawing ma-625,932—Israel Kinney, Burford,

Ont., boot .r shoe cleaner. 625,887-Paul Lair, Lotbiniere, P.

626,070-Thomas Mason, Montreal, P. Q., railway car axle cox. 625,815—William M. Thawley, Toronto, Can., advertising sign.

BERLIN, June 18.—The Kolnische Zeitung today announces the "complete failure" of the disarmament committee of the peace conference at The Hague. Several provisions, it asserts, have been adopted in the committee vote, but all of these, it predicts, will fail in the plenary sitting.

# CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

Leizure C

the paste Rev. Dr. ed in his rent poli a vigoro against and wes problem cities. H tunity of look Upor bury." I "In all hungered to break at which its love, each age sure of the the glory hero stan love and sympathy. "That g ed by He the mode Miss Bar Ruskin a material the ach classes, or literature ment of t the Engl for a hur of leisure their ance era of sci "If the Britain h made ga

centuries, for leader ant men, and stone scholars. and sense a John S "The p Carlyle, of its gr years hav have pass cup. If dominion broken by in our tim tions empl an enemy ing tares dustry. lar and pu

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tion has be who repres property. "Only th day and a and West, tudes ass lic squares, any conce class hatre land with t vancing cor who lighted October ni flames kind tire city, so those who hatred had havoc to

seditious ign Strangely hatred are have been the commu by saving has produ and a baron mote con m the object in Kentucky of tramps, excursion i travelling censed again one handbag knick-knacks rags, that th of the hum

dead. "Neverthe ceasing to en ure class a crease. Suc country: treasures of forest, quarr is machiner of hand or t that wealth people with flood. The come well t do will beco ses are certal "Already e

safely withd pursuits and while in the sities of buy emulate the leisure abro "For this come for all son meant w pit in Bosto under the con tellectual, phited. Neith

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SHING GOODS

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A ETWES. WOLFER.

of Manufac-

Mispec Mill. sting talk or in connection oulp mill. Mr. Norway, but t 5 Beekman represents the in the United n pulp mill at Mispec, and in

as seen about states, and rce of gravity n. He thinks th which Mr. mill makes a intity of sul the digestor a Formerly this Mr. Drewsen's this gas and the digestor over again. least 100 lbs. It is thus the ment of pulp ss in nis line.

list of United to Canadian last. This list & Marion, so experts, New nderson, ing brake. Butterfield, thawing may, Burford,

Lotbiniere, P. Montreal. Thawley, To-

Colnische Zeitung plete failure" of e of the peace Several provis-adopted in the these, it predicts,

Children.

sign.

THE NEW CRUSADE. Class hatred made the temple a heap and the city a ruin. Dr. Hillis Says War Against Wealth Is

hreatening America.

Towns, Plymouth's Paster Declares,

Have Passed Under the Rule

of Circe's Cup.

(N. Y. Times.)

For the first time since he became

the pastor of Plymouth church, the

Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis touch-

ed in his sermon last night on cur-

rent political problems, and delivered

a vigorous denunciation of the war

against wealth going on in the south

and west. He also referred to the

problem of the misgovernment of

cities. His subject was "The Oppor-

tunity of Leisure and Wealth: An Out-

look Upon the Life of Lord Shaftes-

hungered for heroes. Each generation has sought some forehead over which

to break its alabaster box, some feet

at which to empty out all its flowers,

each age has admired gives the measure of the nation's civilization. It is the glory of our age that the modern hero stands forth armed, not with

love, its tears. The quality of hero

"That group of ancient heroes head.

ed by Hector and Achilles, with one

blow hewing off an opponent's head,

seem rude barbarians contrasted with

the modern Florence Nightingale or

literature and science it is the achieve-

for a hundred years did the children

of leisure climb upon the shoulders of

their ancestors and usher in the era

and sense of a Benjamin Franklin or

become history, and our large towns have passed under the rule of Circe's cup. If Carlyle discerned that the dominion of the demagogue could be broken by the rule of a leisure class,

in our time a thousand new considera-

tions emphasize his thought. Today an enemy is abroad in the land, sow-

dollar and put it into the savings bank

In past times good men rose up

against the Bastile, the Inquisition,

the dungeon of despots, but today, for the first time in history a revolu-

tion has been fomented against those

who represent law, order, thrift, and the economy that makes and saves

"Only those who have traveled a day and a night in the great South

October night never dreamed that the

flames kindled would consume an en-

tire city, so charity bids us hope that those who lighted the flames of class

hatred had no conception of the awful havoc to be wrought through their

Strangely enough, the objects of

hatred are those who in times past

have been deemed most serviceable to the community. In the city, he who,

by saving what other men wasted,

has produced \$500,000 is a plutocrat and a baron; in the town he who has

\$50,000 is the public enemy; in the remote con munity he who has \$10,000 is

the object of scorn and attack, while

in Kentucky recently, when a group

of tramps, making their usual winter excursion into the south, met a young

travelling peddler, they were so in-

censed again this plutocrat who had one handbag and two bundles of knick-knacks, where they had only rags, that they beat him as an enemy of the human race, and left him half

"Nevertheless, instead of property ceasing to exist, wealth and the leisure class are destined to greatly increase. Such are the resources of this country; so vast are the unbroken

treasures of meadow and pasture, of

forest, quarry, and mine; so rapidly

is machinery multiplying the power of hand or foot as to render it certain

that wealth is to come in upon our people with the force of an advancing

flood. The industrious poor will be-come well to do, the thrifty well-to-

do will become rich, the leisure classes are certain to increase.

pit in Boston and retired to Concord, under the conviction that the supreme

need of the hour is a leisure class, in-tellectual, philanthropic, public spir-ited. (Neither silver money nor gold will explain those ruined heaps where once was Corinth, Ephesus, Thebes.

"Already each village and town in-

seditious ignorance

tares by day and night, lighting

era of science and invention.

a John Stuart Mill.

"In all ages the human heart has

In part he said:

and the city a ruin.

"If the republic is to go forward unto better laws, happier homes, greater happiness, to the toil of the working classes must be added the toil of the leisure classes. Our jalls are full, our haunts of vice are full, our reputation as hoodlums is also fully established. Eut in the light of what Ruskin and Shaftesbury accomplished for London, should a score of men and women of the leisure class give their lives to the higher life of this community an affirmative answer might be given to that momentous question. 'Can we make ours a true city of God?'" Leizure Class a Necessity-America's Large

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Larative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

MILK DEALERS' ASOCIATION.

The milk dealers of the city and The milk dealers of the city and county met Friday afternoon in the Victoria rink to receive a report from their committee who interviewed the board of health, and to decide upon some line of action necessitated by the new inspection and license law.

The attendance was quite large, R. McLean presided and J. Donovan acted as secretary.

ed as secretary.

Mr. McLean and Mr. Donovan gave Mr. McLean and Mr. Donovan gave the meeting an account of their in-terview with the board of health, af-ter which the whole situation was discussed at length. One of the points advanced in opposition to the act was the much discussed question as to whether the tuberculine test is reli-able or not and a couple of articles swords or spears, but weaponed with love and kindness, with service and able or not, and a couple of articles written by well known veterinary surgeons were read in support of the statement that the test was not infal-

After considerable more discussion Miss Barton, with Livingstone, and it was on motion decided that they Ruskin and Shaftesbury. If, on its all have the cows inspected. material side, English superiority is the achievement of the working The question of increasing the price of milk was then discussed, and classes, on the side of government and met with general favor. As a step to that end and also as a means of afment of the leisure classes. Not until the English people had been well fed fording the milkmen some necessary protection, it was decided to form an association to be known as the St. John Milk Dealers' Association, and the following committee was apof lyric song and dramatic art, the pointed to draw up laws, etc.: Messrs. "If the working classes of Great Britain have in the last fifty years made gains greater than those Turnbull, Carpenter, Creighton, Roberts, Donovan, McLean, McAulay, Britain have in the last fifty years made gains greater than those achieved during the eighteen previous centuries, it is because they have had for leaders, not hot-headed and ignorant men, whose sceptres were clubs and stones, but have been guided by scholars, who have had the sanity and some of a Bandard. Translits of the sanity of th Moreland and Corr. J. Donovan w appointed treasurer pro-tem and the following paid the initiation fee: Wm. Mullin, Major Green, Wm. Donovan, Allison Armstrong, A. Gibson, Wm. Jarvis, Duncan McLachlin, Jas. Belyea, John Cogger, T. Robinson, S. A. Kirk, J. H. Secord, N. McDuff, R. D. McLean, C. M. Huggard, Mrs. W. Clark, J. M. Donovan, T. A. Lilly, C. "The peril of the republic,' said Carlyle, will be the misgovernment of its great cities.' Now that fifty years have passed, the prophecy has A. Morrison, Edw Carvill, John J. McManus, F. Davidson, A. McAulay, N. Brennan, G. Martin, Jos. Moreland, S. A. Finniss, Henry Anthony, Jas. Barrett, Jas. G. Sullivan, C. H. Mc-Kimht, S. A. Carpenter, S. Creighton.

Dr. J. H. Frink, V. S., will inspect the cattle. the flames of class hatred.

"The children of unrest and discontent are being drilled and forged REV. A. B. O'NEELL'S POEMS. Readers of New Brunswick newspa-pers and of Roman Catholic periodi-cals in the United States, have learned into a weapon against order and in-dustry. Men who have earned a dolto appreciate the poetic gift of the Rev. A. B. O'Neill, C. S. C., of St. cloquent sermon Rev. Mr. McKim Joseph's College. While he has never selected II. Kings, 5th chap., 16th and being inoculated with moneyphobia against those who have earned a attempted what might be termed an ambitious poem, the great bulk of his work being in sonnets and poems of three or four stanzas, the graceful smoothness and elevated thought of these have been much admired. There has lately been published a collection of these poems. They are for the most part devotional in character, and the appeal is to the deeper feelings of the appeal is to the deeper feelings of the heart. Faith, friendship, hope, suffering, consolution and worship are the themes of most, with here and there a vein of reminiscence. Running through the book one feels the author's day and a night in the great South and West, who have met the multitudes assembled in groves, upon public squares, or in vast hails, can have any conception of the fierceness of class hatred now sweeping over the land with the force and fury of an advancing conflagration. As the person who lighted the lamp on that tragic October night never dreamed that the fine appreciation of nature's moods. To the friends of Father O'Neill, and they are many, and to a wider circle, this little book will afford great plea-

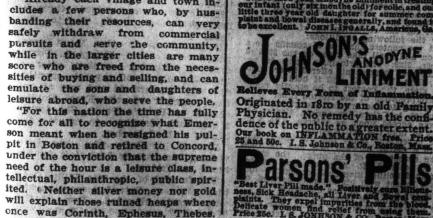
(Between Whiles, by Rev. Arthur Barry O'Neill, C. S. C. D. H. Mc-Bride & Co., Akron, O., New York,

MUST PAY UP. The following names of men not categayers and working in the city without a license have been handed in to the police: Jas. Hughson of Queens Co. Thos. McRae, Harvey Currie, hus. McRae, Thos. Morris, Arthur Morris, Lewis Carvell, Jas. Cunningham, Jas. P. Warlen, Jos. White Geo. Chittly, Wm. Doncey, Hugh Dunn, of Kigs Co., all work in Jewett's mill; Fritz Sangster, also of Kings Co., caretaker R. K. Y. C.

"Do you see that pale young man calling out 'Cash!' at the ribbon counter?" "Yes." "Fate's awful funny sometimes. Ten years ago, when we were boys together, his one ambition was to be a mighty hunter and catch lions with a lasso."

Plums and cherries are likely to be

scarce through the Arnapolis valley this season, owing to late frosts. EVERY MOTHER SHOULD Have it in the House For common ailments which may



# TO THE FORESTERS:

Rev. R. P. McKim, the Rector of St. Luke's.

Graphically Portrays Two Ideals. Which Are Personified in Human Life.

The Open Secret Which Marks the Distin tion Between Elisha and Gehari,

The 25th anniversary of the found ing of the Independent Order of Foresters was observed on Sunday ing by a procession of me of the St. John courts to attend divine service in St. Luke's church.

The morning was cool, the sky being overcast, and the march was not, therefore, tiresome. The members, to the number of nearly two hundred,

the number of nearly two hundred, assembled at Foresters' hall, Charlotte street, and murched by way of King, Dock and Main strets.

The Royal Foresters in uniform led the procession. With them marched Brig. Gen. E. J. Todd and High Chief Ranger Macrae. After the Royal Foresters were members wearing sashes, then the Artillery band, twenty-two strong, and after them twenty-two strong, and after then Foresters in glain dress.

Past Supreme Vice Chief Ranger H. C. Creed of Fredericton, E. R. Charman and W. J. S. Myles, representing the high court, and Frank Fales, secretary of the general committee, brought up the rear of the Drocessio Sergt. Baxter acted as chief mar-

From various points along the route crowds witnessed the going and com-ing of the parade. The marching, though not as steady and regular as it should be, was an improvem uton former parades of the same

At St. Luke's the central portion o the body of the church was reserved for the visitors, and when the service began the sacred edifice was crowd-

Rev. R. P. McKim, assisted by Re-F. F. Flewelling, conducted the service. A strong choir rendered the musical portion, and solo parts taken by Geo. R. Craigle and Miss Dale were much appreciated. The singing of the doxology by the whole congreration was very impressive. The hymns sung were All People That on Earth Do Dwell, All Hail the Power of Jesus Name, and Onward Christian Soldiers The Scripture readings included the 90th and 91st Psalms, Deut. 6th chap. and Ephesians 3rd, from the 14th verse.

The committee will meet next Thursday at the Agricultural hall, Before commencing his sermon Rev. Mr. McKim, on behalf of St. Luke's, Mr. McKim, on behalf of St. Luke's, welcomed the Foresters, congratulated them on the attainment of their 25th anniversary, and wished them God-speed in their commendable work as an organization. All joined them, he said, in giving thanks to God, and in praying that He would grant continuance of His blessings to them and to all. Marsh road, and a general meeting will be held about July 1st.

selected II. Kings, 5th chap., 16th and 20th verses:

"But he (Elisha) said, As the Lord liveth, before whom I stand, I will receive none. And he urged him to take it, but he refused. . . . But Genazi, the servant of Elisha the man of God, said, Behold, my master hath spareed Naaman, this Syrian, in not receiving at his hands that which he brought, but as the Lord liveth, 1 will run after him, and take some what of him."

The preacher observed that he would ask his hearers to consider these verses, because in them were set forth two ideals. Naaman the leper had been cured, and had returned to Elisha to show his gratitude, and reward the prophet. The latter refused to accept the gift. But there was one in the group who dif-fered from Elisha, and who ran after Naaman to get the reward.

Elisha and Gehazi are representative men. There are men like them today. The peculiarity of one is in getting getting all from his fellow men. He may be what is called a good provider, but there is selfishness in it all. He works in a circle, but always from the circumference toward the centre. The other man works also in a circle, but from the centre outwards toward a circumference that is ever widening, so that it takes in not only himself and his family, but his friends, his business ecquaintances, and even people he does not know. His heart reaches out to every one who has need of help.
"You have known both," said th

preacher. "Possibly some such as the first described have applied for adission to your order, beca mission to your order, because they wanted cheap insurance, and benefits for themselves. But from what I have heard and read of the principles of your order, the man who comes to you noted for such characteristics will not be long a member till he is taught and develops the traits of the

One of the cardinal principles of th religion of Jesus Christ is that we love one another. Love is the fulfilling of the law, and is all-comprehending. If a man loves his brothe he uses him right.

No doubt Gehazi had an eye of pity. He had proved it on a former occasion. No doubt he was much interested in the case of Naaman. But he was like those who experience a comfortable feeling at the thought of help being given to a bereaved family, yet who are also busy conning over the mortuary tables to find out how cheap their insurance will be this year. With Gehazi the two changes of clothing and the two talents of silver were the chief thing, and the

men who give aid to the needy. The three words "man of God" reveal the secret. All philanthropy has its source in God. The ctoss of Jesus Christ reveals the great philanthropy of all time. God's love has sufficient for us all. All is comprised in the love of God through Jesus Christ.

You see the sky overcast with clouds. The west wind rises and carries them out over the ocean, and we have the sunshine. But is it sufficient? No—we need the moisture, we need God's irrigation to give growth to the crops and power for

we need God's irrigation to give growth to the crops and power for our industries. And so the east wind blows and gathers up the clouds, and they come back and spread over the land to refresh it with the rain. The ocean of God's love—that is the secret. His love is boundless. It is considered the land to refresh it with the rain of the local control of the local c cret. His love is boundless. It is in the preliminary examination of enough for all. No matter how far Mrs. Hattle Sweenie will be held tois a goodly land, but there are hearts bereft of happiness, homes where there is no laughter—only sorrow and distress. There is consolation for all in the love of God. Can we bring it to them? Yes—when our own hearts are filled and satisfied we are able to

At the conclusion of the service the Foresters re-formed and marched back to their hall, where they dis-MILITARY MATTERS.

The following militia orders are is HEADQUARTERS, OTTAWA, Monday, June 12th.

The period of training allotted to the ist Hussars and the 1st Infantry Division has expired on the 10th June, and the division has been broken up

the major general commanding, in Divisior Orders, are notified herewith for general information:—

1st Division.—Divisional After Order.

Order by Major General E. T. H. Hutton, C. B., A. D. C., commanding. London, June 9th, 1899. The 1st Infantry Division and the 1st Hussars having completed their 12 days' training for 1899, will be broken up from tomorrow, inclusive, and all units and staff officers will remain

their headquarters accordingly.

The major general commanding desires to convey his congratulations to the officers, N. C. officers and men of the 1st Hussars and the 1st Infantry Division upon the success of this year's training. It is, so far as the major general is aware, the first occasion that Canadian troops have been brought together and organized into brigades and divisions, with a staff in accordance with modern regulations, formed from officers of the

Canadian militia. Many changes and reforms have been initiated both in drill, interior economy and in discipline. The major general commanding desires to jor general commanding desires to express his warm appreciation at the excellent spirit shown by the troops generally in carrying out the changes necessary to the increased efficiency to the militia of Canada, and for the card and enthusiasm generally shown the performance of duty.

Many errors and mistakes have been made, and there are innumerable matters which require amendment and improvement before the militia of Canada can be considered to hold the high place among the forces of the empire which it is the earnest determination of all concerned to ensure. The major general commanding feels confident that next year, and each successive year will bring about the improvement in administration,

organization, discipline and drill which all ardent Canadian soldiers are so determined to ensure. The major general commanding has been bleased to make the following observations with reference to his in-spection and review of the 1st Hus-sars and the 1st Infantry Division

this day, viz:-Turn Out.—Great care had been tak-en by the troops to turn out to the best advantage.

March Past.—The troops were markably steady under arms and the marching, all considered, was well done. Many numerous mistakes were made, due to inexperience in ceremonial parades, which require not only more experience on the part of staff of-ficers managing the same, but consid-erable practice of the troops themselves. These opportunities can hardly be given in so short a training as twelve days. The determination of troops to acquit themselves well in the march past is, as a rule, a sure means of success. In this instance success may be considered directly attribut-able to this.

The cadence of both brigades was too hurried, in one 124 and in the other 128 to the minute, in place of the re-

ient interval was not allow The Cavalry, both at a walk and a trot, acquitted themselves remarkably

General Remarks.—The review gen erally may be considered to have been successful, and, with additional opportunities for gaining experience on the part of staff officers and other

senior officers, would have been very cessful By order. G. HOLMES, Lieutenant-Colonel, Chief Staff Officer, 1st Division. By order,

HUBERT FOSTER, Colonel, Chief Staff Officer OF COURSE.

(New Westminster, B. C., Sun.) Lady Davies and party are cruising in Pacific waters in a governmen silver were the chief thing, and the pity, and the joy at Naaman's cure, were incidental.

But Elisha would take no gift, He had learned a secret Gehazi had never fathomed. He had learned that if a man do God's will, God will see him through and in some way provide for him. God's will was that he should nelp the Syrian, and he looked only to God for his reward. Would that we might all learn this secret. Our standing should be on the side of

away you r.ay be it can bring you day. She was arrested under suspi-home again and cleanse you from all cion of complication in the child mur-sin. Cpen your hearts to the love of God in Jesus Christ, and drink it in that by the discovery of the remains is a goodly land but these sources. Ours of another child buried in the place indicated by her, which she alleges was concealed by her after its death. Mrs. Sweenie is now held only on the charge of concealment of the dead body. Policeman Bowles, who with Coroner Daley has been conducting the investigations, is still on the go and tell to others the story of this track of suspected parties, and other great love of God which is in Christ arrests will follow.

After a trial lasting a day and a After a trial lasting a day and a half, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty in the case of Ezekial Hill-for assault on John Porter. Chief Justice McDonald discharged the prisoner after a warning, which he said might also be taken by others in the same neighborhood, that unrestrained passions and vindictive feelings freely indulged might lead to more serious

BRIDGETOWN, N. S., June 17.— Constable Harry Wright of Halifax arrived in town at noon today from Cherryfield, where he had rather an interesting time with a gang of

and the division has been broken up accordingly.

A gang of three broke into a store at Cherryfield, Lunenburg Co., and the major general commanding, in stole about \$60 from a safe which they carried out of the building into the woods near by and broke open. Wright and two other men were on their track and located them at a house kept by "Aunt Mar," who was secreting them. Wright broke in and then broke his way through two inner doors, when he suddenly found himself in close company with a man whom he grabbed, but the man shouldered Wright and carried him

out of the house.
Wright clinched his man by the throat with one hand and pulled his revolver with the other and called for a surrender, but the stranger was apparently made of better stuff than Constable Wright usually runs across, and he, too, had his revolver out as soon as Wright appeared and held it full cocked in Wrights face and remarked that they could both shoot. Wright thought he had a man that he could soon scare and was watching a chance to secure him, when the man

through Wright's cheek into his mouth, but did not fire.

poked the barrel of his revolver right

perado, and was captured by Detec tive Powers three years ago at five o'clock in the morning at Port Lorne and brought to town and put in the

Annapolis jail, from which he escaped.

He is a man of medium size and remarkably strong and active, and it is not believed here that any one man can take him, 'unless at some disad-

vantage. Power shoved a shot gun in his face pefore he could draw his pistol and told him if he moved hand or foot he was a dead man, and captured him without trouble. Wright is badly marked, or rather perforated, but is determined to catch his man. It is supposed Sibbons will make for Port Lorne, his old home, and the spot will

be closely watched tonight.

He and his father are notorious thieves, and have both been in the penitentiary several times.

DARING NOVA SCOTIAN

Has Attempted to Cross the Ocean in a Frail Craft.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., June 18.— Under escort of the Gloucester yacht club and a fleet of nearly 100 yachts, club and a fleet of hearly 100 yachts, and umid the cheers of several thousand people gathered along the water front, Howard Blackburn of this city set sail alone, at 2 o'clock this afternoon, in his little sloop rigged, fourton boat, the Great Western, on his adventurous trip across the Atlantic, Blackburn, although a native of Nova Scotia, followed a seafaring life on Gloucester fishing vessels for many years, and in January, 1883, was cast years, end in January, 1883, was cast away in his dory on Grand Banks, with one companion for five days, without food or water. His companion died, but Blackburn was rescued, although he lost his fingers and toes, and was otherwise crippled as the result of his terrible experience.

Two years ago he organized an ex-pedition to the Klondike, sailing from Gloucester on schooner Carrie E. Phil-lips. Returning here he has since lips. Returning here he has since been engaged in business. His present trip is taken purely as the outcome of his love for adventure. The Great Western is stored with provisionz for 90 days, and it is her master's intention to sleep days and do his sailing at night. Gloucester, Eng., is the point where he expects to land first, and he carries with him a letter of introduction from Mayor French to introduction from Mayor French to the lord mayor of the English city. All the principal European cities will be visited, including Paris, during the exposition, and Mr. Blackburn in-tends to occupy about two years on his trin.

# Children Cry for CASTORIA

Wife (at breakfast)-I want to d some shopping today, dear, if the weather is favorable. What are the forecasts? Husband (consulting his paper)Rain, hail, thunder, and light-

HEAVY TAX PAYERS. What the "Big Uns" of Woodstock Have to-

(Woodstock Dispatch.) Following is a list of those who pay \$50 nd upwards in town taxes, according to the new property book prepared very satisfactorily by John S. Leighton, jr.: Thos, J. Boyer. \$ 55.38

Balmain Bros. \$1.90

Bailey Bros. \$4.26

Brown Rat \$4.26

Brown Est 57	20
Brown Est. 67  Mrs. M. L. Dugan 50  F. H. J. Dibblee 50  J. A. Hayden 265  Hugh Hay 140  F. H. Hale 61  Mrs. C. Munro 63  John McLauchlan 78  People's Bank 138  R. E. Guy Smith 73  Saunders Bross 75  Clare Tabor 80	40
T A Dibblee 60.	39
Hugh How 265.	77
F. H. Hale	
Mrs. Sarab Loane. 61.	74
Mrs. Sarah Loane. 61. Mrs. C. Munro. 51. John McLauchlan 63.	65
People's Bank 78.	53
R. R. Guy Smith	60
Saunders Bros. 73.	84
Clare Tahor 75.	60
J. T. Allen Est 80.	55
H. R. Baird Est 105.	84
H. Paxton Baird	18
W. B. Belves 63.	90
Bank of Nova Scotts	49
Howard Bust Scotia 138.	
Est Chas Connell 57.	87
W. M. Connell 995	ఓ
Saunders Bros.   73   73   75   75   76   76   77   76   77   77	34
J. T. Collins 67.5	95
Chas. G. Connell	91
T. S. Duncan 58. L. P. Fisher 1154. Mrs. Sarah Fisher 50. J. T. Garden 70. Patrick Gillen 97.1.	61
Mrs Sarah Weber	33
J. T. Garden	47
Patrick Gillen 97 1	10
A. Henderson 75.	77
R. K. Jones Est. 127.  Geo. Kitchen 75.  Wm. Lindsay Est. 263.2	26
Geo. Kitchen. 75.6	30
I C Milmon Est 253.2	6
B R Mayrow 100.7	铅
Ab. Marsten	-8
Merchants' Bank. 138 6	9
M. McManns 52.8	3
John McAfee 52.8	3
H N Porton 67.9	ó
Alanson Payson Flat	7
W. S. Saunders	9
Miles	6
Dan. Thompson 118.6	i
Rev. Thos. Todd 112.3	ī
Mrs. Nancy Trewin 50.4	0
Woodstock Woodstock Bank) 99.5	
Geo. Bull Est	基
John Connor 59.80	
Mars. Nancy Trewin   50.48	3
Chas. Diekinson 122.1	3.
J. D. Dickinson 54.3	5
I F Dickingon 93.1	5
Electric Light Co	
John Graham. 180 of	棴
W. B. Jewett 63.00	83
Owen Kelly Est 51.6	6
W. B. Jewett. 63.00 Owen Kelly Est. 51.60 R. B. Ketchum. 192.68	
Pat MeAnna	
For McLean Estate 278 00	棚
C. M. Moore. 74.25 Pat McAnna 56.61 For McLean Estate 378.06 B. H. Smith 162.71 Duppa Smith 103.86	
	鵩
A. 1. Teed 71.19	
A. I. Teed	
G. W. Vanwart. 136.25 Ed. Williams. 67.95	
Ed. Williams. 67.95 J. T. A. Dibblee. 80.37 Mrs. A. Davis. 93.24	
G. W. Vanwart. 136.26 Ed. Williams. 67.95 J. T. A. Dibblee 80.37 Mrs. A. Davis. 93.24	
	13/6
ODT TOTTO TO THE TOTAL	

SPLENDID DINING HALL.

The new dining hall of the Royal hotel was used the first time Thursday evening. The large room formerly used as a ladies parlor has been added to the old dining room, which gives Messrs. Raymond & Doherty a hall 45x60 feet. The work of decorating the room has not yet been completed, but it will be finished in the course of a day or two. The walls are done in robin's egg blue and the ceil-ing is elegantly decorated. All the wood work is finished in white. The contractors, Geo. Partelow and Hugh Beck, have made a very creditable job of it. The hall will seat 140 people comfortably, and when the tables are arranged for a banquet fully twice at number can be accommodated

# Going to Re-Decorate? Why not enjoy the practical advantager offered by our

Metallic Ceilings & Walls



They are both handsome and econo mical—outlast any other style of interior finish—are fire proof and sanitary—can be applied over plaster if necessary—and be applied over plaster if necessary—and are made in a vast number of artistic designs which will suit any room of any building.

Write us—we'd like you to know all about them. If you want an estimate send outline showing the shape and measurements of your ceilings and walls.

Metallic Roofing Co. Limited TORONTO.

W. A. MACLAUCHLAN, Selling Agent St John.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

There will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the SIXTEENTH day of SEP-SATURDAY, the SIXTEENTH day of SEP-TEMBER next, at fifteen minutes past twelve o'clock in the afternoon, at Chubb's Corner so called, in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, all the estate, right, title and interest of Hiram B. White, in and to all that certain lot of land situate, lying and being in the said City, de

Dated at the said City of Saint John this Ninth day of June, A. D. 1899.

### SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived.

June 16—Sch La Plata, 299, Sloan, from Kingaport, bal.

Coastwise—Schs Miranda B, 73, Day, from Almosate; Fleetwing, 53, Goucher, from French Oross; Susie N, 38, Merriam, from Canning; Trader, 72, Merriam, from Parasboro; Helen M, 62, Hatfield, from Moncton; Friendship, 65, Alexander, from Alma; Maggie, 34, Scott, from Noel; barge No 1, 439, Warnock, from Parrsboro; str Westport, 48, Powell, from Westport; sch Olio, 92, Glaspy, from Advocate; Maitland, 44, Merriam, from Windsor, June 17—Str State of Maine, Colby, from Boston, C E Laechler, mdse and pass.

Coastwise—Schs Buds, 20, Stuart, from Beaver Harbor: Seattle, 56, Morrison, from Beaver Harbor: Seattle, 56, Morrison, from Bass River; Jessie, 17, Spicer, from Harborville; Willie D, 63, Wasson, from Parrsboro; Druid, 98, Tuffs, from Quaco;
June 18—Str Montenegro, 2,856, Williams, from London, Wm Thomson and Co, bal.
June 19—Barktn Emma, 563, Bassich, from Barbados, J H Scammell and Co, bal.
Sch Vera B, Roberts, 122, Roberts, from New York, J W Smith, coal.

Coastwise—Schs Jessie D, 86, Salter, from Anupolis: Ripple, 16, Benzanson, from Hansport; Glide, 30, Tufts, from Quaco; Harry Morris, 38, McLean, from do: Hustler, 44, Gesner, from Bridgetowa; Sparmaker, 23, Livingstone, from Advocate Harbar.

Cleared.

June 16-Str St Croix, Pike, for Boston. Sch Georgie D Loud, Sanborn, for New

York.

Sch Geo L Slipp, Wood, for Boston.
Sch Henry F Eston, Ashford, for Vineyard Haven f o.
Coastwise—Schs Gazelle, Morris, for
Waterside; Trader, Merriam, for Parrsboro;
Morning Star, Edgett, for Harvey; Athol,
Morris; for Advocate; Hustler, Crosby, for
Saimon River; Dove, Ossinger, for Tiverton; Wanita, Healey, for Annapolis; Whistier, Fatikner, for Maltland; str Westport,
Powell, for Westport; sch Three Links,
Egan, for Sackville.

June 17—Sch Nimrod, Barnes, for New
York.

June 17—Sch Nimrod, Barnes, for New York.
Sch James Barber, Springer, for Camden, Sch Wentworth, Ghbson, for New York.
Sch Lizzie D Smati, Ricker, for New York.
Sch Abana, Floyd, for New York.
Sch Golden Rule, Hawks, for Calals.
Coastwise—Sch Willie D, Wasson, for Parrsboro; Susie N, Merriam, for Windsor; Mattland, Merriam, for do; Alma, Whelpley, for Alma; Silver Cloud, Bain, for Digby; Marysville, Monatt, for River Hebert; Spedwell, Black, for Quaco; Buda, Stuart, for Beaver Harbor; Seattle; Morrison, for Five Islands.

19th—Sch Adelene, McLennan, for New Haven.

19th—Sch Adelene, McLeinian, 100 storage Haven.

Str State of Maine, Colby, for Boston.
Sch Carrie Belle, Gayton, for New York.
Sch Reporter, Glichrist, for New York.
Coastwise—Schs Gazelle, Morris, for Advocate; Halen M, Hatfield, for Hillsboro; Sarah M, Seaman, for Quaco; Comrade, Dickson, for Advocate Harbor; Sparmaker, Livingstone, for do, Olio, Glaspy, for Advocate; Rex, Sweet, for Quaco; Fanny, Sypher, for Fredericton; Glide, Tutts, for Quaco; Maggie, Scott, for Noel; Miranda B, Day, for Alma; Carlotta, Dickson, for Hills-boro.

CANADIAN PORTS. Arrived.

At Newcastle, June 15, str Basuter Fair. At Neweste, June 15, barktn Handy, Dahl, from Belfast, At Point du Chene, June 15, bark Marie, Nielsen, from Gloucester.
At Halifax, June 17, s s Siberian, from Liverpool via St Johns, Nad.
At Vancouver, June 17, s s Warimoo, from New Zealand. Cleared.

At Hillsboro, June 15, sch Wm Marshall, Hunter, for Newark.
At Moneton, June 15, sch Victory, Stiles, or Hopewell Cape.
At Chatham, June 15, bark Tamerlane, ansen, for Bowling. dersey. lediac, June 16, barks Amal, Knudsen, for Birkenhead; Messel, Hermansen, for Preston.

At Newcastle, June 16, bark Lima, Heigesen, for Larne Harbor.

At Chatham, June 16, s s Maritime, Jones, for Manchester.

m Hubbard's Cove, June 15, barks Inga, and Dictator (Nor), for United King-From Point du Chene, June 14, bark Ber-tha, Jensen, for Garston, 15th, bark Atten-stjersen, Maland, for Preston.

BRITISH PORTS.

Arrived. At Coleraine, June 10, bark Frederics, Cosman, from St John.
At Manchester, June 17, str Pharsalia, Smith, from St John.
At Scattery Roads, June 17, bark Albatross, Chalmers, from St John for Clare

cha, for Miramichi.

From Ardrossan, June 13, str Teelin Head,
Arthur, for Miramichi; 15th, str Oakfield,
for West Bay.

From Shanghai, no date, bark Semantha.
Crowe, for Portland, O.

From Liverpool, June 17, str Cunaxa,
Grady, for Airamichi and west coast; 14th,
bark Ossuna, Andrews, for Richibucto.

From Yokohama, June 16, str Empress of for Vancouver.

n London, June 15, bark Dagney, for From London, June 15, bark Bagada, acpe Tormettine.
From Hong Kong, fune 16, bark Margaret, Fraser, for San Francisco.
From Cardin June 17, str Ardanbhan, Smith, for Miramichl.
From Barbados, June 2nd, brig New Dominion, Hare, for Campbellton, NB; 3rd, bark Emma R Smith, Hassell, for Trinidad; 6th, seh Lena Pickup, Roop, for Montreal.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Arrived. Mobile, June 14, bark Arizona Rio Janeiro via Ship Island from Rio Janeiro via Ship Island quarantine.

At Bridgeport, Ct, June 14, sch I N Parker, Lipsett, from St John.

At New York, June 15, sch Americana, Hatfield, from Rio Janeiro.

At Baltimore, June 15, str. H. M Pollock, Newman, from Santjago de Cuba.

At New York, June 16, bark Luarca, Starratt, from Montevideo.

At Boston, June 17, str Acacla, Thomas, from New York.

At Rosario, April 24, bark Africa, Davison, from Brunswick. Cleared.

At New York, June 14, str Acacia, Thomas, for Boston: schs Leo, Springer; for Fredericton, Calabria, Cayton, for Hillsboro; Cora May, Harrington, for St John.

At San Francisco, June 14, ship Andreta, Nickarson, for Queenstown.

At Port Reading, June 15, sch Etta A Stimpson, for Portland.

At Wimington, June 16, sch Str Hibbert, Ratuse, for St Croix.

At Boston, June 16, sr Storm King, Crosby, for Antwerp.

At Baltimore, June 17, str H M Poliock, Newman, for Philadelphia.

At New York, June 16, bark Alkaline, Houghton, for Rosaria; schs Gypsum Emperor, Dill, for Windsor, NS; Bartholdi, Grafton, for Annapolis, NS; Blomidon, Barter, for Kingsport, NS; C R Flint, Maxwell, for Boston; Sadie C Summer, McLean, for Annapolis, NS; Blomidon, for Wilmington, NS; H A Holder, McIntyre, for South Amboy, 17th, sons Ceto, Weatherbee, for Pictou NS; W R Huntley, Howard, for Yarmouth, NS; Hazelwoode, Ferrie, for St Andrews, NB; Rowens, Stevens, for Fredericton, NB; Helens Mand, Swim, for Gaspe; Rayols, Forsyth, for Perth Amboy, NJ.

sport, June 12, sch Hannah F

Read, for Melbourne; brig Iona, for Jamaica; sch Katie, for Hallfax.
From Sabine Pass, June 14, sch Iolanthe,
Spurr, for Matanzas.
From Baltimore, June 14, str Salamanca,
Reynolds, for Curacoa.
From Jacksonville, June 14, sch Congo,
McKinnon, for Guadeloupe.
From Dieppe, June 13, Adile, ror Miramichi. From Dieppe, June 13, Adlie, for Miramichi.

From New York, June 15, schs Beatrice, for Chatham; Leo, for Fredericton; Calabria, for Hillsboro; Marion, for St John.

From Jacksonville, Fla, June 15, sch Fred H Gibson, Publicover, for Las Palmas.

From New York, June 16, schs Cora May, for St John; Ruger Rrury, for Boston; Ella A Stimpson, for Portland; 17th, bark Alkaline, for Rosario; schs Lily, for Windsor; Bartholdi, for Annapolis.

From New London, June 17, sch Centennial, Ward, from Norwich for St John.

From Funchst, June 11, sch Prohibition, Richards, for Trinidad.

From San Francisco, June 16, ship Andreta, Nickerson, for Queenstown.

From Rosario, May 24, bark W W McLauchian, Wells, for Santos.

MEMORANDA In port at Falmouth, Ja, June 3, bark N B Morris, Stuart, for New York.
In port at San Juan, PR, June 8, brig Clio, Gerhardt, for Boston (loading).
Passed Lizard, June 15, str John Bright, Keene, from London for Sydney, CB.

SPOKEN. Brig Sunlight, Davison, from Barbados for Montreal, June 11, off Scatary; all well. Bark Star of the East, Rogers, trom Auck-land for New York, May 27, lat 3 N. loss

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

TOMPKINSVILLE, NY, June 14—Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that the East Bank red gas buoy, No 4, East Channel, New York lower bay, brought in for repairs May 18, 1899, has been replaced on station.

WASHINGTON, DC, June 14—Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that on or about June 21, 1899, light vessel No 45, moorded in Long Island Sound, off Cornfeld Point, will be temporarily withdrawn from her staticn for repairs and replaced at the same moorings by relief light vessel No 20. Light vessel No 20 will show two reflector lights, but the one at the foremasthead will be fixed white, inscead of flashing white, while that at the mainmasthead will be fixed red, like that on light vessel No 48. During this or foggy weather a bell will be sounded by hand instead of the 10 inch steam whistie. Light vessel No 20 has two masts, schoner rigged, no bowsprit, and a black circular cagework day mark at each masthead, but differs from light vessel No 48 in not having a black smokestack and a steam whistie between the masts, and in having a lead colored huil with "Relief" in large black letters on each side and "No 20" in black on each quarter. Light vessel No 48 will be returned to her station as soon as repairs have been completed, of which due notice will be given.

WASHINGTON, DC, June 15—Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that on or shout June 10, 1899, an additional fixed wance sector, fo guide between Perkins Island South Ledge Buoy, will be established in the fixed red lens lantern light at the station, on the westerly side of Perkins Island, Kennebec River. The sector will lie between NNE % E and NE % E. NOTICE TO MARINERS.

DEATHS.

ARNOLD—At Hampton Viliage, on June 18th, Emma L. A., daughter of Elizabeth and the late William R. Arnold. KILPATRICK—Ou June 16th, Elizabeth Kilpatrick, agents, relict of the late William Klinatrick. patrick, aged 75 years, illiam Kilpatrick.

(FEE In this city, on June 17th, James office, aged 79 years, born in Coleraine, aland, and a resident of this city for the set 65 years, leaving a son and daughter. rietta and the late Edward O'Shaughnessy. STENTIFORD—In this city, on June 17th, Joseph eldest son of Joseph B. and Katle Stentiford, aged 17 years.
[Boston and New York papers please copy.]
VAUGHAN—In Vancouver, B. C., June 17th, Sarah R., wife of Wim. Vaughan, formerly of St. Martins, and daughter of the late John Marks of St. Stephen, N. B. WARK—At Fredericton, on June 16th, Anne Elizabeth, beloved water of Hon. David Wark, aged 18 years.

A DIFFICULT TASK.

PARIS, June 19.—It was announced late this events, that Senator Waldeck-Rousson and declined the task of forming a new cabinet.

The failure of M. Waldeck-Rousseau to form a cabinet is due, it is aid, to the refusal of M. Camille Krantz to accept the portfolio of pub-lic works, which he considers inferior to the portfolio of war, held by him in the retiring cabinet. But for this the Waldeck-Rousseau slate was com-

# EDINBURGH ELECTION.

EDINBURGH, June 19 .- In the parliamentary by-election held today in the southern division of Edinburgh, to fill the vacancy caused by the death on June 2nd last of Robert Cox, liberal unionist and radical candidate, Arthur Dewar defeated the liberal unionist candidate, Major Gen. Andrew G. Wauchope, carrying the divi-sion by a majority of 831 votes. This is a liberal and radical gain in party representation in the house of com-

Brigt. Venice is loading timber at Weymouth for an American port.

Schooner Wellman Hall is at Annapolis to load lumber for New York.

Schooner Florence R. Hewson, now on the passage from Mobile to St. John, will go over to Annapolis to load lumber.

Schooner Bartholdi, at New York, is to load lumber at Annapolis for the West Indies.

The price paid by Elder, Dempster and Co. for steamer Lord Erne was about \$325,000. A new steamer will be built by the Lord line to take her place.

The former Gloucester seh. Geo. J. Tarr. has been rebuilt at Digby and will be called the Elva Hayden. She is a creditable addition to the Digby fishing fleet.

Part of the cargo of the steamer Hatasu, from Chicoutimi for Manchester, which put into St. Johns, Nfid., on the 4th damaged by collision with an leeberg, was placed on steamer, Aurora and the Hatasu went on dock the other day to have temporary repairs effected to her day to have temporary repairs effected to her bow.

PORTSMÖUTH, N. H., June 19.—Harry Hough, the former assistant cashier of the Cocheco National Bank, and treasurer of the Cocheco Savings Bank of Dover, who was arrested in Boston this afternoon, arrived in this city at 5.20 p. m., in charge of U. S. Marshal Nute. He was taken before Commissioner Kelley and charged with the embezzelment of \$10,000. He pleaded not guilty. MARINE MATTERS.

PHILADELPHIA, June 19.—A gang of masked robbers, probably ten in umber, early today raided the receiving office of the Fairmount park, and after holding up the receiver and five other employes of the railway, blew open the safe and tecured \$4,000 of the company's receipts for two days.

BOSTON LETTER.

Continued Increase of American Exports to Canada,

While There is a Steady Falling Off in the Dominion Exports to United States.

Judge Palmer Rapidly Recovering from His Recent Accident - Tourist Travel-Hay Crop Will be Short - Lumber and Fish Markets.

(From our own Correspondent.) BOSTON, June 13.—President Mc-Kinley and a party of Washington people are visiting Massachusetts just now, and Admiral Sampson and his now, and Admiral Sampson and his squadron are at this port. The admiral says he has been invited to attend the big celebration at Sydney, but does not know bether the secretary of the navy will order him and his four ships there or not. It is thought, however, that the vessels will go to the Cape Breton town.

Several distinguished Americans have been touring New Brunswick for the purpose of trying some of the the purpose of trying some of the fishing streams, Among them were United States Senator William, E. Chandler of Concord, N. H., Senator William, P. Frye of Lewiston, Me., and Dr. W. Seward Webb, the millionaire railroad magnate, and a son-in-law of Commodore Vanderbilt. Hon. Russell A. Alger, secretary of war, and a party also visited Canada last week. Mount Olivet lodge of Free Masons of Cambridge is on a trip to

Nova Scotia.

The Intercolonial Copper company was organized in this city recently for the purpose of developing copper mines near Sackville. Lx-Gov. Herbert W. Ladd of Rhode Island is president of the company, Hon. Henry A. Steams of Pawticket, R. J., is vice-president, and J. W. Phillips of Providence, treasurer. The company has acquired mineral rights to five aquaramiles of territory, including the cold Colonial mining properties, which were developed fifteen years ago and abandoned because of the low price of copper.

The jury which has been trying the ase of Murdoch McKenzie, a Cape Breton young man who brought suit against Dr. C. A. Lougest, a well-known specialist of this city, for \$50,000 alleged alienation of his wife's affections, was unable to agree, and another trial is necessary, providing the parties do not reach a settlement. McKenzie was coachman for Dr. Lourest and fell in love with the doctor's daughter. The two ran away to Lo-well and got married, but the girl left her husband on the appearance of her father, and since that time she has declined to live with her Nova Scotis

last week. He received a dip The board of health as the result of an, investigation into the recent spread of smallpox in certain localities lately, finds that one of the early victims worked on the St. John bark Low Wood. There is no evidence, however, to show that the bark brought smallpox here from the Phil-

Isaac Watson of Portland, Me., and Mrs. Julia O'Brien of Brunswick, N. S., were married at Portland on June

The statistics recently issued by the treasury department at Washington show a continued increase in American experts to Canada. In nearly all articles, exports to Canada have increased standily during the two years in which the new Canadian tariffshas been in operation. Of agricultural implements, \$291, 107, worth was sent to Canada in the ten months of 1887 prior to the enactment of the law in question. question. In the ten months of the fiscal year, 1899, during which time the full twenty-five per cent. reduction on British goods was in operation, the value of agricultural implements tak-en by Canada was increased to \$1,008,en by Canada was increased to \$1,008,-976. Total exports to Canada in the ten months just ended amount in value to \$78,052,819, against \$66,239,872 in the corresponding months of 1898, and \$52,831,784 of 1897. The imports steady gain, show a steady reduction. During ten months in 1897 the imports amounted to \$30,966,674; \$26,099,200 during ten months in 1898, and \$25,550,538 in a like period of the present fiscal

The St. John Tourist association has an interesting article on the St. John river in the June number of Greater Boston, a new magazine published in this city by John J. Lane, a prominent newspaper, man. The article makes about eight hundred words and is accompanied by a large cut of the city of St. John.

he city of St. John.

The tourist travel eastward is growng rapidly with the arrival of the racation season. The provinces have been advertised pretty well, and are certain of a big influx during the com-

ng weeks.

The drouth in the eastern part of the country was relieved by a heavy rain country was relieved by a heavy rain one night last week, but the ground is still very dry and some crops are tadly in need of more moisture. The drouth has lasted too long as far as the hay crop is concerned, and it will be very short. The price of hay is now three times as high as that quoted in the farming districts during the ed in the farming districts during the arly spring. Many other farm pro-M. A. Macfarlane and Mrs. Macfar

ane of St. John were in the city a days ago. Ex-Judge Palmer, formerly of St. Ex-judge Palmer, formerly of St. John, who was injured by falling from a car in the sub-way several weeks ago, has greatly improved and will soon be as well as before the accident.

Mrs. Lucy Sullivan, wife of Michael Sullivan, formerly of Halifax, died in Rozhway or Lucy Sullivan, formerly of Halifax, died in Roxbury on June 12. She was 54 years

old, Arthur 9. Martin, 44, a Nova Sco-tlan, died here on June 14. The spruce lumber situation con-

months ago by millmen prevailing more generally. For certain measurements prices are a shade higher than last week. The demand is much better than was the case a month ago, and the trade is greatly encouraged over the outlook. Random spruce at wholesale is worth \$14 to 15; frames by care \$15 to 18; and hoards \$12 to wholesale is worth \$14 to 15; frames by car, \$15 to 18; and boards, \$12 to 13. Laths continue firm under the ad-vance noted in the Sun last week. One and five-eighth inch laths are worth \$2.25 to 2.40, and 11-2 inch, \$2 to 2.10. Shingles are firmer and prices for some brands a shade higher. Best brands extra cedar are quoted at \$3 to 3,10; clear, \$2.60 to 2.65; second clear, \$2.10 to 2.15; clear white, \$2; extra No. 1, \$1.50. The retailers are asking \$3.50 for extra cedar. Clapboards are quiet and rather easy at \$28 to 29 for extra spruce; \$26 to 27 for clears; \$23 to 25 for seconds; \$36 to 40 for pine extra, and \$34 to 36 for clear. Hemlock con-

tinues in good demand with the market firm. Eastern boards are worth &11.50 to 12.50, and No. 1, \$10.50 to 12. The mackerel situation is somewhat firmer on a poor outlook. The New England fleet has taken few fish in this section, and last week only 600 barrels of salt mackerel were landed at this port. The new mackerel received have been large and have sold out of vessel at \$12 to 12.50 a barrel. Codfish are a little easier, although the scarcity of large shore fish con-tinues. Large dry bank cod are worth \$4.75 to 5 per quintal; medium, \$4.25 to 4.50; large pickled band, \$4.75 to 5: large shore and Georges, \$6 to 6.50. Pickled herring continue quiet at \$6.50 to 7 for Nova Scotia split. Box herring are firmer, with prices slightly hogher on good lote. Wholesalers quote medium scaled at 13 to 15c.: No. 1, \$12 to 13, and lengthwise 12 to 14c. Sardines are rather dull at unchanged prices. Canned lobsters are still very scarce and firm. Flats are still held at \$3.10 to 3.25 and uprights at \$3 to 3.10. Live lobsters are worth 14c. and boiled 16c. Fresh fish continue plentiful and low in price.

LOBSTERS GOING

Annual Crop of Maine Coasts Shows Yearly Decrease -- What a Close Observer Thinks About the Present Situation.

(Bangor Commercial.)

"I tell you the lobster is going," said the west side fisherman on Tuesday afternoon, seriously. "The lob-ster is going; gradually he is disap-pearing and unless something sharp, continued close time is done, he'll be gone before we know it. It is another case where folks are so greedy that they cut their own heads

Inquiry following this led to the discovery that it is the opinion of close observers hereabouts that notwithstanding the efforts of the United States fish commission to re-stock the waters along the New England coast with lobsters, the annual sup-ply has steadily decreased, and the relative scarcity of this valuable relative scarcity of this valuable crustacean has caused prices both for fresh and canned lobsters to advance this year beyond anything heretofore quoted. Fifteen years ago the annusicatch of lobsters along the New England coast: exceeded 100,000,000, and over 15,000 fishermen were employed in the industry; but today over 30 per cent of the lobsters brought to rican markets come from the British

The crustaceans are found along the Atlantic coast from Delaware to Labrador, making a distance of some 1,200 miles, but the most prolific breeding grounds has always been off the Maine coast.

Lobsters were regarded at first as a nuisance by the fishermen, because of their interference with bait used for catching fish, and they were often as ruthlessly destroyed as crabs are today. The farmers along the coast would drive down to the water's edge at low tide and actually fork them

at low tide and actually fork them up on their wagons in great numbers. They were shipped to markets and sold as low is four cents a pound in New York at wholesale.

The appreciation of the crustaceans as a toothsome article of diet soon grew in general appreciation, and the fishermen found more profit in gathering them than in trawling for fish. Then the canning factories began to be erected on the coast and randily be erected on the coast, and rapidly extended the consumption of the lob-sters. As the industry increased the canning factories multiplied in number. The high-water mark of the New Ergland lobster industry was reached in 1888. In that year the output of the Maine canneries alone was over 2,500,000 pounds, representing a value of \$200,000. A DEJLINE.

But even in that year of unexampled prosperity signs of a decline were noticeable. The demands were too great not to deplete the stock, and

great not to deplete the stock, and every succeeding year the number of lobsters which returned to the shoal waters along the shore was noticeably less than in the previous year.

In 1889 the canneries along the Maine coast numbered half a hundred; the combined output of the canneries amounted to 300,000 to 400,000 cans, and it was estimated by shrewd observers that in ten years the New England fishermen could not supply the demand. Some of the canneries made preparations to move to new grounds, and many have new been transferred

preparations to move to new grounds, and many have new been transferred to the British provinces.

Today there are over 200 lobster canning factories in the British provinces. But the supply even there is not what is used to be off New England. The combined output of the 200 canneries does not equal that which Maine alone produced 12 years ago. The fact is, the lobster industry has declined to the point where it will declined to the point where it will never again play such an important part in the commerce of this country unless the fish commission and state protective laws perform the unexpec-

IN HATCHERIES. IN HATCHERIES.

The fish commission interested itself in the question about three years ago. A lobster hatchery was established at Wood's Holl, and since then several others have been put into operation along the coast. Vast numbers of the young lobsters were turned out of the hatcheries as early as 1895-'96. In the hatcheries as early as 1295-96. In the latter year the numbers mounted up into the millions, and the graduating classes have been larger every succeeding year. But the lobsters are slow of growth, and they have so many enemies in the water that the What is

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percentage which ever reaches maturity is necessarily extremely small. Thousands of common fishes prey upon the young lobsters, and the old crustaceans show such cannibalistic tendencies test that many of the young fry must be destroyed by members of must be destroyed by members of their own tribe.

SPORTING MATTERS.

Littlejohn-Fenton Go a Draw.

BANGOR, Me., June 16.—At Orono tonight Paddy Fenton of Boston, claiming the lightweight championship of New England, and Dan Littlejohn of St. John, N. B., claiming the middleweight championship of New Brunswick, sparred ten rounds for a decision. Thomas W. McAloon of Bangor was referee. Fenton started in to knock out his man, but Littlejohn kept out of his way sufficiently to prevent scrious injury. Fanton had the better of it every round, Littlejohn failing to punish him in the least. Before the last round the referee announced that if both men were on their feet in the tenth and able to take their corners he should declare it a draw. Fenton failed to get in a kockout, and the contest was delared a draw. The crowd was much disappointed, as they looked for a knockout

Connoily Defeated by Kearns.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Tim Kearns secton and Eddie Connoily of St. John, 3., met tonight before the Broadway A. After the men had fought 21 hard rour Referee Johnny White stopped the bout he middle of the 22nd after Connoily open floored four times, and awarded yout to Kearns. The men met at

been floored four times, and awarded the bout to Kearns. The men met at 135 pounds.

Both seemed to be in good condition, but Kearns looked much the stockier and stronger. Connolly had the benefit of height and reach. Early in the first round Kearns landed a left swing on Connolly's right, eye, raising a big lump on that optic. It was nip and tuck between the two for a dozen rounds, with Connolly the aggressor, but Kearns managed to get cleverly inside the other man's swings, and avoided punishment in this manner. The thirteenth was the liveliest round of the bout, a well directed blow from Connolly's left splitting Kearns' eye, which bled so treely that both men were covered with blocd before the round closed. Their seconds patched the cuts, but Kearns' was reopened in the sixteenth, while in the round previous he had cut Connolly's other optic. It was anybody's fight at the end of the twentieth round, with the odds slightly in favor of Connolly. In the 21st Kearns showed to advantage, and had a decided lead when they came together for the 22nd. Kearns rushed and punished his opponent severely, knocking him down four times in succession. The last time he sent his left to the body and the right over on the law, and Connolly, while not knocked out, was so groggy and helpless that the referee stopped the fight, awarding the decision to the Boston man.

helpless that the referee stopped the night, awarding the decision to the Boston man.

Jeffries Going to Defeat.

LOS ANGELES, Jal., June 15.—"I'm opposed to prize fighting. I don't believe in it, but Jim will keep it up till he gets thrashed. Then he'll quit. He'll keep it up long enough, but he'll get licked. But Jim's a good boy. He's no worse than the rest of you. He'll keep up his devilments till he gets licked, and then he'll quit, and he will then find his way to the Lord. He is making a short out through the prize ring to salvation."

These were the words that fell from the lips of the Rev. Alexander C. Jeffries, father of the world's new champion puglits. Mr. Jeffries has for sighteen years preached the gospel, but his appearance on the corner of Fourth street and Broadway yesterday afternoon in the calling of an evangelist has been the first opportunity given a Los Angeles audience to hear his voice. As the old man sat in a dilapidated wagon and addressed a small crowd of admirers he made a picturesque figure. His long hair and black beard, that falls far down on his chest, gave him the look of a patriarch, and his massive frame added to the effect. As he spoke of his aversion to prize fighting his eyes flashed, and they burned with almost fanatical fire as he went on to tell the crowd how to gain salvation.

Jefffries and Sharkey Matched. Jefffries and Sharkey Matched.

Jefffries and Sharkey Matched.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Wm. A. Brady and Tem O'Rourke, representing Jim Jegries and Tom Sharkey respectively, met here today, and after a good deal of quibbling, articles of agreement were signed, insuring a bout between Jeffries and Sharkey. In the articles the parties agree to engage in a contest for the championship of the world under the following conditions:

That the contest shall be 25 rounds for a decision and shall take place on the 23rd of October, 1899. The principals agree to accept the best inducements offered before midnight, Sept. 1st, 1899, and if held in New York state, the contest to be strictly under the interpretation of the Horton laws.

According to the articles the gloves shall not weigh less than five cunces. George Siler was agreed upon as referee. The winner is to take the entire purse.

The agreement holds that if either man suffers a defeat between now and the time of the acceptance of the purse, the match will be declared off. After the club articles are signed neither man shall engage in any contest except with his sparring pariner, or forfeit the amount he has deposited.

On the signing of these articles each man shall post \$2,500 with "Al" Smith, who shall be final statisheder, said torielt to stand as a guarantee of good faith and to be paid to the contestant who has lived up to this

THE TURF.

Sharies for the Border Races.

ST. STEPHEN, June 16.—No official list of entries for the races here and at Calais on July 1st and 4th could be obtained tonight, but it is known that the following horses have been entered:

Maud K., Keyes Bros., St Stephen.
Nellie Eaton, W. L. Eaton, Calais.
Hand L. R. W. Sawyer, Calais.
Special Bleind, E. E. Willis, St. John.
Arclight, W. H. Fowler, St. John.

2.23 Class.

P. Haley, Milltown.

Big Bicycle Meet

THE WHEEL.

Big Bloycle Meet.

The programme of sports for Domision Day, as arranged at Fredericton, makes up one of the best holiday's entertainments seen for some time. Of course the main attractions are the bicycle meet in the afternoon, when the annual provincial championship races will take place. There is a programme of ten cycling events, viz.: Half mile one mile and five miles championships, two failes faindicap; half mile and one mile novice; quarter mile flying start; three miles open; and half mile and one mile boys races. There are also five athletic events, they being 100 yards and 220 yards dashes; half mile run; high jump; 220 yards dashes; half mile run; hig

AT CODY'S.

CODY'S Queens Co., June 16.—Willie Cody, aged 10, son of Warren Cody, died of inflammation of the bowels Mrs. Walter Hornbrook, who has

been very sick, is slowly recovering.

Dr. Beverley Somerville left for his home in Maine yesterday. Mrs. T. R. Jerse left for St. John

Evangelist King passed through ere yesterday on his way to St. CODY'S, June 19 .-- Mrs. Mary Perry. vidow of the late Henry A. Perry, died on Saturday morning after a lingering illness of several months. She was 13 years old and was an active member of the Free Baptist church at Perry's Point. She leaves

a son and daughter to mourn the ss of a kind mother. Rev. H. A. Cody, who has been visiting his parents here, left for his

The funeral of the late Willie Cody took place on Saturday morning, and was largely attended. Rev. Charles Warneford conducted the funeral sercan A

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