Technical and Bibliographic Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for scanning. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of scanning are checked below.

L'Institut a numérisé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de numérisation sont indiqués ci-dessous.

Coloured covers / Couverture de couleur		Coloured pages / Pages de couleur	
Covers damaged / Couverture endommagée		Pages damaged / Pages endommagées	
Covers restored and/or laminated / Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée		Pages restored and/or laminated / Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées	
Cover title missing / Le titre de couverture manque		Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/ Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées	
Coloured maps /		Pages detached / Pages détachées	
Cartes géographiques en couleur		Showthrough / Transparence	
Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black) / Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)		Quality of print varies / Qualité inégale de l'impression	
Coloured plates and/or illustrations / Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur Bound with other material / Relié avec d'autres documents		Includes supplementary materials / Comprend du matériel supplémentaire	
Only edition available / Seule édition disponible		Blank leaves added during restorations may appear within the text. Whenever possible, thes have been omitted from scanning / II se peut que	
Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin / La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure.		certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été numérisées.	
Additional comments / Continuous pagina Commentaires supplémentaires:	ation.		

THE SCRIBBLER.

Vol. II.] MONTREAL, THURSDAY, 12th SERT. 1822. [No. 63.

Palam prostare nudam in negula linea. Publius Syrius.

Nought but a linen cloud her naked beauty hides.

Lo! Appius reddens at each word you speak, And stares tremendous with a threatening eye, Like some fierce tyrant in old tapestry.

Pauperiem fugiens. Currit ad Indos

Nay e'en to distant Canada he goes Rather than stay at home and eat kail-brose.

I shall, as in last number, commence with a few of the favours of my correspondents. And first, my poet in ordinary, who, by the bye, is an idle chap, and will never do any thing but when the maggot bites, having just brought me his vertion of my narrative alluded to in No. 55, I am enabled to fulfill my promise to Mr. Tinker.

MR. MACCULLOH,

In sending you this precious morceau, I am led to suppose that some of your fair readers, with feel an inclination to know who its author is.—
I do not hesitate to disclose my name; but, by feeping them in the dark as to my residence, a few of them may possibly set out upon dreaming excursions; and as in these days we have professed interpreters of dreams, visions, etc.* the expounding of them may afford no small fund of amusement.

Vide the Records of the Philological Society.

A DREAM

As I lay wrapt in balmy sleep, And silence did her vigils keep, Methought I heard the gentle breeze, Wafting along with softest ease, Heave the white muslin of a maid, Who in transparent robe array'd, Near me appear'd, with blushing mien; (How fraught with extacy the scene!) Her snowy bosom, light and fair, The falling ringlets of her hair, The beauty of her rosy cheek, One more than mortal seem'd to speak. I gazed in wild confusion round. Her brightness did my sense confound; Her witching smiles entranced my heart; Remembrance ne'er will thence depart: And while I thus in rapture lay, She nigh advanced, with visage gay, Then to my ruddy cheek she prest Her cheek, and to my breast her breast, And whispering, "bade me dream the rest." Then round she tu n'd with foot-step coy, (My heart exulting, beat with joy,) And said, "Adieu" 't is morning light"; So vanish'd quickly from my sight. SAM TINKER.

To which I subjoin the following, as a copt panion, forming a couple of cabinet-pictures, dapted for a boudoir.

AN APPARITION.

The candle lent a bine and glimmering ray;
At midnight's fearful hour in bed I lay,
With curtains half undrawn; the ticking clock
Scarce broke the awful silence, that might shock
Each mind, on dismal yawning graves that dwelf,
Or spectres ever saw, or clammy terrors felt.—
It was that hour when ghosts and phantoms glide,
Sprites, nightmares, imps, and thousand forms beside,
That haunt the church-yard, or through mid-air ride,
A sudden creaking noise disturb'd my ear,
And to the opening door I look'd with fear,

^{*}My correspondent has rather an unfortunate rame I think, as the police seldom like tinkering.

For there a female apparition enter'd, On which my fetter'd senses wildly center'd-Tall, slender, pale, array'd in purest white, Half-hesitating, seem'd the wandering sprite. Its long dark hair, dishevelled, flow'd adown, And by the falling shroud, its bosom's snow was shewn, Still whiter than the linen was that breast, And wide apart two crimson spots confest, Shew'd like two wounds by murderers point imprest. With large and glistening eyes it pierced my soul, And flashing fire seem'd from their orbs to roll; No clanking chains, nor sulph'rous flames arose, But odours, fragrant as the budding rose, Seem'd rather to be speak a heavenly guest Than earthly spectre, rest of grave and rest-One hand a taper held, the other drew Its garment closer, and then, full in view, It gently glided, with pit-patting feet, Appearing like the ghost of maiden sweet, Of lover's perjuries come to tell, and wail Her virgin-flower, cropt, lost, in youder dale,-Then, as if listening for the matin-crow, Its long, thin, finger up it lifted, slow, Next laid it on its lips, as if it said "In secret silence must be done the deed."-Then its bare feet again pit-pat I heard, And to my bed the fluttering phantom near'd-Within my curtains there it stood at length-When for th' encounter strait I summon'd strength-To speak, my faultering tongue did make essay; But_"Hush! for thy life"—I heard the vision say:-Desperate I then stretch'd forth my hand to clasp Its airy form—Ye gods! what met my grasp! Glowing with life and love, the spirit proved to be, And, panting,—in her shift,—slipt into bed to me. s. H. W.

FOR THE SCRIBBLER.

To Lucy, on bidding her good night.

Good night my love! yet, ere we part,
I fain would teach your tender heart

To feel for one, whose form can prove

"His life has been a task of love;"

Of love for you, and well you know it,
Tho' you will ne'er pretend to shew it.
Yes, love for you, and you alone,

Has worn me down to skin and bone,
And made me, (poor love-stricken elf,)
The shadow of my former self.
What between grief and late hours' keeping,
Wasting my precious eyes with weeping,
At your unkindness—Curse on Cupid!—
I'm nearly grown deaf, blind, and stupid:
But I do solemnly declare it,
I will, nor can no longer bear it;
Nor longer on your caprice tarry,
So plainly ask you—will you marry?
Answer me—Lord! you yawn, I see—
Good night, my love, go dream of the.
SKIMMERHORN.

SENTIMENT. A little while since, passing rath er hastily through the street, a horse stood close to that part of the road appropriated to pedestri ans, the horse, at the moment I approached, turn ed his head suddenly round towards me, which I not expecting, by that means came in contact with his nose which at that time was none of the cleanest I had ever seen—the arm of my coat was in consequence curiously bedaubed-"dirty beast!" exclaimed I involuntarily. After wiping off the foul offence, it is probable little more would have been thought of this matter, had not a little uf chin, who stood in my way a few feet farther of been suddenly arrested by a temale, I suppose its mother, with the exclamation, "dirty beast." The cause of this epithet I could not discoverbut it led me to think of what I had said just be fore; -poor beast, thought I, no harm was in tended thee, for surely at that moment thou deservedst rebuke-nay, thought I again, I will do thee justice-thou wert unconscious of the fault; the blame be mine alone—

"May I govern my passions with absolute sway, And grow wiser and better, as life wears away."

Montreal, August 1822.

DEAR SCRIB.

Your excellent little book has certainly contriuted much towards the reduction of vice and olly in this place, one of their emporia. The Scribbler has had much effect in reforming both manners and individuals, but there are some characters that are perfectly incorrigible, and as callous and insensible both to reproach and ridias a piece of brick is to the magnetic power the loadstone. There is one in particular, the byeword of the place, who, notwithstanding frequent lashings, continues as inveterate ever in all his vices, and in none more so than that disgusting, disgraceful, and inexcusable one, of blaspheming and swearing at every third ord. It is almost unnecessary to add that I hean that notorious mass of corruption Tom Tan. Prove it, the following is literally the fact. hid him a visit the other day, being necessitated do so, from the nature of my business. We entered into a general discussion of the topics of the day, when I remarked that his name was quently mentioned in the Scribbler, and that ways in terms of reproach; he immediately pluttered out this verbatim answer "yes, yes, oddamnhim, my name, goddamnhim, what does he want with me? goddamnhim; his Scribder, goddamnhim, if he does not let me alone, goddamnhim, I wish his Scribbler in hell, goddamnhim, goddamnhim, the rascal, goddamnin!!!" And this is the chief managing part-

hed can bear witness to the correctness of this report of the language hed by the party alluded to, whom I have hundreds of times heard utter similar and worse execrations, without prevocation, and from mere superscut of venom. Not that he ever swore at me; he is, like all bullies, too food a judge to bluster to those whom he knows will not bear it, but when speaking of absent persons, he will vomit out a black torrent of oaths, no matter who is present, and execrate all his partners, and those he treats to the present as his best friends, without cause and without measure. Of

ner of an extensive commercial company, this is a member of our legislature, (tho' I believe he has never once attended his duty since his election,) this is a companion of all our great men, nay even a favourite of some ladies. Alas! degraded Montreal!

La Prairie, a leet ces of de shursh.

Monsieur Le Scripleur,

You do not no me, eh!—hé bien, I will tell a you farst what I do dress you for; you must be informé, dat de oder day in de ebening, I go to Mr. Cammell's ouse, for see a maladi; what you call one sick man. When I dere, I ave see, seven or ate young mans round de bar, who was laff very much, at one very drol story in a leet book, avec un couvert bleu, and just when I cum in, monsieur Haleine have say, "speek of de devil, and he will appear"— hé bien, I ask for tell me what dey was all laff at, den del all begin and laff more wurs den auparavant: Ventrebleu! what dat can meen, I have tink, moi même. At lass one young man ave tell me, was one take-hoff bout un docteur in dis place; den ask lequel que c' etoit, he tell me de name was Dearmud. I do not no any docteur of dis name -mais vous allez voir-de nex day, I was inform dad it meen for me, et que, it was make menshup dat I nevair got any malade, excepté one grumphie and dat I ave went too late to save his life. Well Mons. le Scripleur, dat iss not true, for many of my sick peepel's frens have had l'idee dal supposé I have not call at all, dere frens would yet be alife. Oh, dis iss one ver wicket wurl, for

all things, what most surprised me in Montreal was, that in a civilized community, such a man could have escaped being kicked, or having his nose pulled, ten times a day; but he is a privileged person, has an uncontrouled and measureless command of money, and is the nephew of his Major by the king of Montreal.

L. L. M.

supposez dat un docteur go see un malade, and de malade should go dead, den his frens not content, unless he leave bien de l'argent et des terres, to his childrens; and supposez de malade get well, why den he will not pay, and he will say, it was nuff for be sick, sans payer for to get well. What you tink of it, mons. le Scripleur. But I ave got onc pensée who it was ave rote dat lettair to you. do tink, I beleef, it was one man who ave carry One habit rouge in de war-timpes. I do not recollec if he was one quart-mast or not, and I beleef I tink he ave got promotade to be one capitaine, mais, if I do fine it hiss im who do rite dat lettair, I will tell you un histoire plus drole about sum pork-barrels (full ones) dat ave been put in One docteur's sellar; (ce que nous apellons une cave.) Nex week I will dress you agen, and I will tell a You how I ave learn to dixsec de youman boday. ave take some lessons avec de celebrate docteur Slé. He cuts em up like de ver devil.

Votre Serviteur
UN DOCTEUR.

L. L. MACCULLOH, Esq.

The following I received some time ago, which you will oblige me by inserting in your valuable publication. It may be the means of reforming the characters alluded to.

A Subscriber.

Quebec 25th July, 1822.

DEAR JAMIE,

This comes to let ye ken, that I cam oot in the Glenbervie, last Thursday, frae the land o' cakes; and to tell ye the even down truth, I wish I had ne'er left it. This kintra is na what I thought it was awa and one o' the reasons I hae for no liking it is, because I find the maist o' my auld acquaintance sae prude that they's scarce luck at a body. I brought oot letters wi' me to

the -..... wha I kent weel eneugh at hame twa o' them keep stores as they ca' them here, of grocer's shops as I wad say they were. I first ane I ca'd on was the young ane, wha I spiered giff he was weel, but ye may guess how he made me grice, the clatty brat, when he glow'd as he ne'er had kent me. I then spiered for his brith er Tam, wha they say is an unco rich mon if Montreal, but was meikle mair astonished to heat him say he did na ken siccan a mon; an unco thing, by my faith, when he was the vera that did maist for him. I left his shop in per fect scummer at him, and gaed straught o'er to I ga'ed him the letters, wha received me meikle mair civilly, spiering how lang it was sin I left Scotland, and sic like questions, but aye sae mony high-flown words that I scarce could make out what he said: he crackit awhile wi' me an telt me he had been in Scotland no lang synth (altho' he did na think it wordy his while to ca on me,) and at Lunnin tae, where he saw mon a wunder nae doubt, an learned to blabber big words he was aye deayin me wi' was gay decent, till I was just cummin awa, when he spiered giff I did na want a bottle o' real Co' nec brandy, (as he ca'd it I think,) to comfort me on my way up the kintra: I said I had nae ob jections, expectin a' the time to get it for nace thing; but what do ye think of the warld's worm? he made me pay for the drink and 522 bawbees for the bottle and cork to the bargain, Nae wonder they are rich, when they are aye 536 Weel, thinks I, is this a' I get by my letters, sae aff I cam till my gude-brither, whi kens a' about them, since Tam cam keepit a wee change-houseabout Quebec. Things gaed well in thae days, quoth he, and he soon made siller, and brought out his ither brithers,

ane frae the loom, anither frae the cart-wheel, and the youngest frae the schule. Now, says he, they are a' on aneanither's taps, an like to cut aneanither's throats for naething but siller. But the warst doing e'er they did was to bring Out their puir mither to see naething but fighting an quarreling amang them. It's weel for them they're no in Scotland, or they wad hae them set in the repentin stool. The auldest has got an unco brae house whilk they ca' Castle folly, where he has a big family of sonsy lasses. he has got twa o' them aff his hans; ane, (the Mower o' the flock) to Rab the Ranter; an anither to samie Lard. A' this I dare say ye ken Well eneugh yersel. But I was sae nettled at them that I could na help telling ye aboot it: an If ye think a body could do aught weel where ye are, write me, an I will gae up without loss o' time. I am, dear Jamie, your's truly

CALLUM BEG.

Montreal, August 1822.

MR. SCRIBBLER,

Noris quam elegans formarum spectator fiem. TERENCE.

You shall see how fine a judge of beauty I am.

I have just returned from Quebec, whence I took my passage in the beautifulsteam-boat—, Captain—, to whose civility and attention feel very much indebted: the neatness of the cabin, the cleanliness of the births, the wellspread table, furnished with the best of viands and choicest of fruit, together with most excellent wines, fichly deserve the preference of persons travelling to or from Quebec, whether on business or pleasure. While on the passage down, a curious circumstance occurred not undeserving of your notice. Amongst the ladies was one whose beauty and accomplishments, rendered her the

general loadstone, and attracted the polite atten tion of the gentlemen on board. Foremost in the croud of her admirers I particularly noticed that great North-West character, Sir Plausible Pompous McKillaway, who not only paid the most devoted attention to this fair Helen, but proffered his person, his property, his all, declaring that his future days would be rendered most dolorously miserable, should she not return his love, nor accept the offers he was impelled to make by those amorous sensations he felt so forcibly that he could not explain them; mingling. the whole with due doses of encomium upon her most beauteous form, her enchanting air, and her whole je ne sais quoi. But, alas! notwithstanding these fond protestations, and all this rhapsody of love, the charming fair-one, would you believe it, Mr. Scribbler, turned a deaf ear to the solicitations of this love-lorn ratcatcher; and was afterwards heard to say that she would far prefer the person of his valet for a partner through life were she disposed to change her condition-This coming to the ears of the Knight of the trap. it so enraged him to suppose that his servant should be considered preferable to himself, that, in a manner perfectly characteristic of the manand the clan, he dismissed the poor fellow from his service, as soon as he arrived in Montreal.

Your's very respectfully,

AMYNTOR.

Ste. Marie Nouvelle Beauce.

MR. SCRIBBLER,

An occurrence that lately happened in this parish I think is not unworthy of being recorded in the pages of your paper, as illustrative of the unrivalled sagacity, and no-where-else-in-theworld to be heard of ideas of comparative justice, entertained by the distributors of that commodity in this happy country. I must premise that a statement of the fact I am going to relate was sent to a Canadian paper, and refused insertion; your's is, however, from your fearlessness and independence, aresource, when othersflinch from their duty, in exposing men of wealth and authority, who abuse the one, and are unfit for the other. Agentleman (whose name, being a German one and very difficult to recollect, is a poser,) Whose principal qualification for filling a magisterial chair is to be found in his riches, acquired certainly by laudable industry and enterprise in Quebec, having been appointed as one of the Commissioners for this parish,* did, upon the demand of a certain young lady, issue his summons to a certain young man to answer to a charge of having dishonoured her. The court being met to try this important matter, the lady opened her own case, and with a volubility of tongue, which carried conviction with it, submitted her narrative of the when, the where, and the how, to the judge, whose gravity, amidst the risibility of the audience, was exemplary; the defendant next urged what he had to say in his defence, but could not deny the fact, and relied chiefly on his allegation that he was the cour. tee and not the courter. After a long and boisterous war of words, the judge applied to his "fidelis Achates," one Mr. Nanny, (formerly of Quebec, and a manufacturer of pocket rotatory dinedesignators, who acts as a kind of protho-notary here, and who lays down the law to the hatives,) for his advice, what damages it would be proper to allow the lady. Mr. Nanny told him that one dollar with costs, would be sufficient, and judgement was given accordingly.

the country-parishes.

But the lady was by no means so to be satisfied, telling the court it was not enough, "moi qui ait perdu ma nais ance, cela ne vaut pas le peine."—
The prothonotary, however, having the ear of the judge, said, "Sir, it is impossible to give more than a dollar, because you know it is the common price of the thing in town." The judge therefore addressed the plaintiff, "ma pauvre fille, ce'st moi etre bien faché de ne pouvoir accorder plus de cinq cher lins, car c'est vous connoitre qu'une piastre est le prix de la ville; A DOLLAR IS THE REGULAR CITY PRICE."

"A second Daniel come to judgement."
GRATIANO.

I have to beg my correspondent's excuse for not noticing at an earlier period, his account of a glaring breach of decorum, to call it by its mildest title. I had laid it by as scarcely credible, and requiring confirmation, but being reminded of it, here it is "with all its imperfections on its head." There is such a mixture of the serious and the burlesque in it, that I must leave it entirely to the neighbours to judge which is which.

Chamblee 1 July.

MR. MACCULLOH,

I do not believe that such a complaint as this has been laid before you, since your useful publication commenced. Yesterday (Sunday) we were visited by a tremendous storm of hail, which broke all our windows, and destroyed the greatest part of our melons. As soon as the storm had passed over, Sir Isaac, our learned as tronomer ordered out his new achromatic telescope to the garden, and immediately took an observation: in a few minutes, he exclaimed in a thundering voice, that the devil had actually attacked the Almighty, and had got the better of

him, whilst in the scuffle Aquarius, (the water-holder) was upset, and that thence arose the fall of such a quantity of rain and hail. Sir Isaac then got on horseback, and rode through the age proclaiming the victory in favour of the devil. The people were all alarmed, and tollowed Sir Isaac in crouds, until they came to the Hon. Col. Thunder's, who appeared them, and Sent them to their homes. On Sir Isaac being deked by a gentleman how many panes of glass were broke in his premises, he swore a vehement Oath there were a thousand: the gentleman replied he thought more of the damage done to the poor farmers' wheat, than of all the glass in the country. Sir Isaac damned all the wheat that was growing, and wished the storm had cut it all pieces—it was too cheap—the millers could not live.—Now, when the habitans heard of his good wishes towards them, they said they would not carry their wheat to be ground at the devil's mills.

I mean to send you a geneological account of the noble family of Sir Isaac, and should you think a few plates would be an embellishment to I here give you a sketch of what they would epresent; No. 1, Pol Thomas on her knees, preenting two love-children to Sir Isaac, and begging he would marry her, and not let her children be lost to society; No. 2, Sir Isaac shewing the white feather from behind a barn at the battle of Queenstown; No. 3, Sir Isaac discovered the garden with Miss Scratch, in which the attitudes are beautiful. There are several others, but I shall probably suppress them provided he behaves well to his tenants, and not be retrieving their lots, and making underhand bargains before he takes the land from the poor people. never could be the original intention that such people should buy land to sell again.

To be continued at the end of six months.

10th August.

DEAR MR. SCRIBBLER,

If you think the following materials in any way useful to you, they are heartily at your self vice. My subject is noble game and I am sure will afford you great scope, and your admirer in the small town of Quebec, great fun, for the original from which this portrait is taken is to be seen in that place, of which he is at present a resident. You may find him and the sident. sident. You may find his name among the baro nets of Nova Scotia, and as I spell it, it runs thus Sir Herbanic Klince; a native of a place from which a very high personage (now deceased) took her title, he is now a merchant, though still baronet, and numerous are the occasions on which he takes care to shew his "degree." He is made up of contraries; impatient of the slightest con tradiction, yet he always agrees to what a strate ger says; sparing by inclination and habit, be wishes to appear lavish; assuming to have an tensive knowledge of every thing, yet not knowing perhaps how much six and four make*; such pecting every man, yet every man's friend; he general admits that he is of no religion, yet always disputing about the bible; sometimes Pain, at others an Addison; considering himself as skillful in language. as skilful in language, yet remarkable for a total misapplication of words; he tells a good story; but you find himself generally in the middle it. From his conversation you would think he could and would load all the ships in Quebec;

^{*}This is rather a wonderful degree of ignorance, for the immortal Cocker, and his brother-authors who figure in the same line, are universally atudied by most men in this country, to the exclusion of almost every other writer.

L. L. Me

and frequently brags of his extensive credit; yet all this mercantile consequence is founded on bringing out from the capital of an island in the ocean, west of Britain, a cargo of goods worth \$500. There are two things he can never distard "from his mind." that is to say, two articles he can not get off his hands, viz. "wine and pork;" these edge themselves into all his conversations, and figure along with, "the wretchedness of the harkets," "the poverty of the Canadians," "the high price of timber," and "the great expense of a lodging in Quebec."

It is from a friend at Quebec I have these particulars, and hoping to see Sir H. K. in print, let mit me to subscribe myself and my Quebec friend. Your sincere admirers.

VIS ET VIM.

NOTA BENE.

It was omitted to be stated in the account of the ballet-interlude of the Olympic Banquet, in number 61, that, in the performance, the parts of the soldesses were left out, none of the ladies having graded the stage on that occasion, excepting the squaw; this arose from not having consulted the prompter's book; besides it was abvious that, although their goddesships were not there, they ought to have been.

Advertisement.

Quebec, 19th August, 1822.
At the Police-office, every Thursday, to commence in September, and to be continued till further notice, will be given, Lectures upon natural and experimental philosophy, comprehending grog drinking, bull-baiting, rateatching, snipesheating, plundering, ravishing, etc. Also a few students at law will be laught the art of making long speeches in very simple cases, the utility of which has never been denied.

And, by a blind assistant, well versed in the same, lessons will be given in the art of seduction, and it that of living upon credit, which the said lecturer has practiced for the last ten years, with the most flatter ing success. In case of accident to the gin-reservoir? gentlemen who attend are expected to come provided with some palatable beverage, some parts of the fore going lectures being very likely to excite thirst in the lecturers.

The commission to Mr. Jeremy Tickler, is delay ed, not having yet gone through the forms of office; the secretary and treasurer, whose duty it is to record, and seal the same, being engaged in the ungracious and difficult task of collecting arrears of subscription!

To Correspondents.

Catus from Quebec, shall have a prominent place in nest week's number; I have to apologize to Junius, for the alterations and omissions that were made; I deemed it never sary to soften some of the expressions, and leave out others but it was with regret I was obliged to omit the case men ioned of Inspector Street, on account of its obscurity should it be thought worth while to transmit a more es pircit report of that case, I do not doubt that it will be found deserving of attention. Junius will also be good enough to observe that I was at that time, laid on a sick-bed, whence could with difficulty lift up my head for ten minutes togeth To WILL O' THE WISP, (whose lines to Azura will fe ceive early insertion,) the same cause will be an excuse for the want of strict attention in the correction of the proof sheet of his verses in the same number : to note the errate as I do below, is but poor consolation, but is the only repar ation that can now be made. BALAAM's Ass hath opened his mouth to some purpose, and shall be heard in his turn I must, however, repress some of the ad libitum tugues in his brayings that may give ffence to nice musical ears. to and A Merchant from St. Johns, are under considera tion: there is more than one version of the transaction the allude to : it will probably be noticed in my next. I am L. L. M. most afraid TRISTRAM is madmisible."

ERRATA IF No. 60.

Page 122. 6th line from bottom for To bring, read increase brings.

123. 7th line from top for seems, read scenes. 21st line do. for to repay, read meant to pa