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The Chartered Sanks	[
BANK OF MONTREAL,	T
ESTABLISHED IN 1817. Incorporated by Act of Parliament,	-
Capital All Paid Up, \$12,000,000	
Rest, 6,000,000	P
HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL,	R
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:	Lo
	1 200
Hon. Sir D. A. SMITH, K.C.M.G., - President. Hon. GEO. A. DRUMMOND, - Vice-President. A. T. Peterson, Esg. W. C. McDonald, Esg. Hugh McLenna, Esg. Hon. L. L. C. Abbatt.	J J. 3
A. T. Psterson, Esq. W. C. McDonald, Esq.	Joi
Hugh McLennan, Esq. Hon. J. J. C. Abbott. Ed. B. Greenshields, Esq. R. B. Angus, Esq.	Ga
W. H. Meredith, Esq.	He
E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.	Ric
A Mechider Chief Inspector and Supt. of Branches.	
R. Y. Hebden, A. B. Buchanan,	Hez
Asst. Inspec. Asst. Supt. of Drauches	
Branches in Canada : MONITERAL U. V. Maradish Manager	
MONTREAL, H. V. Meredith, Manager. West End Branch, Catherine St.	
Almonte, Ont. Hamilton, Ont. Quebec, Que.	LO
Relleville, " Kingston, " Regina, Ass'n,	Bra
Brantford, " Lindsay, " Sarnia, Ont.	Pa
Brockville, " London, " Stratford, Ont.	Ha
Calgary, N.W.T. Moncton, N.B. St. John, N.B. Chatham, N.B. New Westmins- St. Marys, Ont.	TO
Chatham, N.B. New Westmins- St. Marys, Ont. Chatham, Ont. ter, B.C. Toronto, "	
Chatham, Ont. ter, B.C. Toronto, "Cornwall, Ont, Ottawa, Ont, Vancouver, B.C.	N
Tt William of Darth If Victoria "	fiel
<b>Ft.</b> William, "Perth, "Victoria, "Goderich, "Peterboro", Ont. Wallaceburg, Oat. Guelnb. "Picton. Ont. Winnipeg, Man	- 8
Halifex, N.S.	Ag
IN GREAT BRITAIN :	and
London, Bank of Montreal, 22 Abchurch Lane, E.C.	F
Committee - Sir Robert Gillespie, Peter Red- path, Esq. C. Ashworth, Manager.	erp Ne
path, Esq. C. Ashworth, Manager.	of J
IN THE UNITED STATES :	lan
New York-Walter Watson and Alex. Lang, 59 Wall St.	Me
Chicago-Bank of Montreal, W. Munro, Manager,	Ag
BANKERS IN GREAT BRITAIN :	Bai
London-The Bank of England. "The Union Bank of London,	Co.
The London and Westminster Bank.	1
Liverpeal-The Bank of Liverpeal.	avi
Scotland The British Linen Company and Branches.	$\mathbf{T}$
BANKERS IN THE UNITED STATES.	┙┻╺
New Vork—The Bank of New York, N.B.A.	
'The Merchants' Matichal Dalls.	Pa
Boston-The Merchants' National Bank.	Rei
Ruffalo-Benk of Commerce in Buffalo,	

Boston-Bank of Commerce in Buffalo. San Francisco-The Bank of British Columbia, Portland, Oregon-The Bank of British Columbia, Montreal. Nov., 1891.

## THE BANK OF TORONTO,

OANADA. Capital, \$2,000,000. Rest, \$1,600,000 DIRECTORS: GEORGE GOODERHAM, - President. WM. H. BEATTY, - Vice-President. Alex. T. Fulton. Henry Caveta. John Leys.

#### Head Office, Torouto.

Hankers : London, Eng.......The City Bank, Limited. New York...... National Bank of Commerce.

### BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

Objital Subscribed, - 5000,000, Diggorong-W. Woir, Pres.; W. Strachan, Vice-Pros.; O. Foucher, John T. Wilson and Godfrey Weir. Ubalde Garand, Cashier. Branch at Borthier, - A. Gariepy, Managor, Branch at Louiseville, F. X. O. Lacoursiere, " Branch at Louiseville, F. X. O. Lacoursiere, " Branch at Louiseville, F. X. O. Lacoursiere, " Branch at Sico Thorese - M. L. J. Lacasse, " Branch at Sic. Thorese - M. Beisvort, " Branch at Sic. Thorese - M. Beisvort, " Branch at Sic. Charles (oity), W. J.E. Wall, " Branch at Hochelaga [oity] Geo. Dastous, " Agents at Nov Yerk : ho National Bank of the Republic London-Bank of Montreal. Paris-LaScolete Genarale.

#### THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF MANITOBA

OF MANITODA,					
Authorized Capital, -	\$1,000,000				
DIRECTOR	5.				
DUNCAN MACARTHUR,	President,				
Hon. John Sutherland, Hon. C. E. Hamilton,	Alexander Logan,				
Hon. C. E. Hamilton,	W. L. Boyle,				
Deposits received and interest promptly made. Drafts issued a	allowed. Collections vallable in all parts of				

the Dominion. Sterling and American Exchange bought and a

The Ohartored Banks.	The Ohartered Banks.
THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.	THE MERCHANTS BANK OF OANADA. Capital Paid-up, Rost,
Paid-up Capital, £1,000,000 Stg. Reserve Fund, £\$65,000 "	Head Office, - Montreal,
London Office, 3 Olement's Lane, Lombard St., E.O	BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
COURT OF DIRECTORS: J. H. Brodie, Ed. Arthur Hoare, John James Cater. H. J. B. Kendall. Gaspard Farrer. J. J. Kingaford. Henry R. Farrer. Frederic Lubbock. Richard H. Glyn. George D. Whatman. Seoretary, A. G. Wallis. Head Office in Canada, * St. James Street, Montreal	ANDREW ALLAN, Ksq., - President. ROBERT ANDERSON, Esq., Vice-President. Hector Mackensle, Ksq. John Duncan, Esq. Jonathan Hodgson, Esq. H. Montagu Allan, Esq. John Cassils, Esq. J. P. Dawos, Esq. T. H. Dunn, Esq. GRORGE HAGUE, - General Manager JOHN GAULT, Asst. Gen. Manager.
R. R. GRINDLEY, General Manager. E. STANGER, Inspector.	BRANCHINE IN ONTARIO AND QUINNIG
Branches in Canada: London Kingston Frederioton, N. B. Brantford Ottawa Halifax, N. S. Paris Montreal Victoria, B. U. Hamilton Quebec Vancouver, B.U. Toronto St. John, N.B. Winnipeg, Man. Brandon, Man. Agenis in the United States : NEW YORK - H. Stikeman and F. Brown-	BRANCHES IN ONTARIO AND QUEENO Bellevillo. Kingston. Quebec. Berniton. Loudon. Reafrew. Brampton. Moutreal. Shorbrooke, Que. Chatham. Mitchell. Stratford. Galt. Napance. St. Johns, Q Gazanoque, Ottzwa. St. Thomas. Hamilton. Owen Sound Toronto. Ingersoll. Perth. Walkerton. Kincardine. Prescott. Windsor. BRANCHES IN MANITOBA:
field, Agents. SAN FRANCISCO—W. Lawson and J. C. Welsh,	WIRDIDER. Krandon.
Agents. LONDON BANKERS-The Bank of England and Messrs. Glyn & Co. FOREIGN AGENTS-Liverpool-Bank of Liv- erpool. Australia-Union Bank of Australia. Bank of New Zealand-Union Bank of Australia, Bank of New Zealand, Colonial Bank of New Zea- land. India, China and Japan-Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Agra Bank, Limited. West Indies-Colonial Bank, Paris-Messrs. Marcuard, Krauss & Co. Lyons-Credit Lyonnais.	Bankers is Great Britain - London, Giasgow, Edinburgh and other points, The Clydesdalo Bank (Limited). Liverpool, The Bank of Liverpool (Ltd), Agency in New York-62 Wall St., Messra. Henry Hague and John B. Harris, Jr., Agents. Bankers in United States-New York, Bank of New York, N. B. A.; Boston, Merchants National Bank; Chicago, American Exchange National Bank; St. Paul, Minn., First National Bank; Detroit, First National Bank; Bufalo, Bank of Bufalo; San Fran- cisco, Anglo-Californian Bank. Newforsadland-Commercial Bank of Newfound- land.
available in all parts of the world.	Nova Scotia and New Branswich - Bank of Nova Scotia and Merchants Bank of Halifar,
THE MOLSONS BANK. Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HaaD Orpica, MONTRALE Patd-up Capital Best Fund	British Columbia-Bank of British North America. A general banking business transacted. Letters of Credit issued, available in China, Japan, and other foreign countries.
BOARD OF DIRBOTORS. JOHN H. R. MOLSON, - President. R. W. SHEFHERD, Vice-President. S. H. Ewing. W. M. Ramsay.	LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE, ESTABLISHED IN 1835.
S. H. Ewing. W. M. Ramsay. Henry Archald. Saml, Finley, W. M. Macpherson, F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, Gen. Manager. A. D. DUANVORD, Impoctor. BRANGHEN;	Capital Paid-Up, - \$1,200,000 Reserve, 425,000 HEAD OFFICE, - MONTREAL.
Avimer, Ont. Montreal, P.O. St. Hyacinthe, O.	Board of Directors: JACQUES GRENIER, ESQ., President
Brockville, Ont. Morrisburg, Ont. St. Thomas, Ont. Calgary, Norwich, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Clinton, Ont. Ween Sound, Ont. Trenton, Ont. Exeter, Ont. Ridgetown, Ont. Waterloo, Ont. Hamilton, Ont. Smiths Fails, Oat. West Toronto Jc. London, Ont. Sorel, P.Q. Winnipeg, Man. Meaford, Ont.	GEORGE BRUSH, ESQ., Vice-President M. BRANCHADD, ESQ. WM. FRANCIS, ESQ. CHS. LACAILLE, ESQ. ALPH. LECLAIRE. A. PRÉVOST, ESQ.
AGENTS IN CANADA. Quebec-La Banque du Peuple and Eastern Town- ships Bank.	J. S. BOURQUET, Cashler. WM. RICHER, Assistant Cashler ARTHUR GAGNON, Inspector
Ontario-Dominion Bank, Imperial Bank of Can- ada and Can. Bank of Commerce. New Brunnwick-Bank of New Brunswick.	Branches :
Nova Scotla-Hallfax Banking Company. Prisce Edward Island-Merchants Bank of P.E.I., Summerside Bank. British Columbia-Bank of British Columbia.	<ul> <li>St. Catherine St. East-Albert Fournier, Manager.</li> <li>Quebec, Basso-Ville, P. B. DuMoulin, Manager.</li> <li>"St. Roch, Nep, Lavoie, ""</li> <li>Three Rivers, Que., P. E. Panneton, Manager.</li> <li>St. Jean, Que., Ph. Baudouin, Manager.</li> <li>St. Jeröme, Que., J. A. Théberge, Manager.</li> <li>Coaticook, P.Q., Mr. J. B. Gendreau, Mgr.</li> </ul>
Maniteba-Imperial Bank of Canada. Newfoundland - Commercial Bank of Newfound- land, St. John's. IN EUROPH.	St. Rómi, "C. Bédard, " St. Jérôme, Que., J. A. Théberge, Manager, Coaticook, P.Q., Mr. J. B. Gendreau, Mgr.
London-Allianco Bank (limited); Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.; Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co. Liverpool-The Bank of Liverpool, Cork-Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd.	Agents in Uanada: Ontario-Molsons Bank and Branches, Now Brunswick-Bank of Montreal, Nova Scotia-Bank of Nova Scotia.
Pariz, France-Credit Lyonnais. Antwerg, Beiginm-La Banque d'Anvers UNITED STATES.	Prince Edward Island-Merchants Bank of Halifax, Agents in United States:
New York - Mechanics' National Bank; Messrs. W. Watson and Alex. Lang, Agents Bank of Montreal; Messrs. Morton, Bliss & Co. Bettem-The State Na- tional Bank. Portland-Casco National Bank. Chica- re-First National Bank. Cleveland - Commercial National Bank. San Francisco-Bank of British Col- umbin Dettert Commercial National Bank Bard	Boston-The National Revere Bank. New York-National Bank of the Republic. <i>Foreign Agenta:</i> England-The Alliance Bank, Limited, London. Franco-Le Crédit Lyonnais, Paris.
National Bank. San Francisco-Bank of British Col- umbia. Detreit-Commercial National Bank. Reff-	Franco-Lo Credit Lyonnais, Paris,

N W. Me tion Nat National Bank. San Francisco-Bank of British Col-umbia. Detreit-Commercial National Bank. Buff-ale-Third National Bank. Milesankes-Wisconsin Marine and Fire Insurance Co. Bank. Teitede-Second National Bank. Helena, Montona-First National Bk. Butte, Meniana-First National Bank. Fort Ben-ton, Meniana-First National Bank. Minneapolis-first National Bank. Agents in Canada for the Money Order Departments of the Pacific Express Co. and American Express Co. of the U. S. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and re-turns prompily remitted at lowest rates of acchange. Letters of Credit issued, available in all parts of the world

## THE QUEBEC BANK.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, A.D., 1818. CAPITAL, \$3,000,000.

pital Paid-up, 1,	<b>\$5,799,200</b>
	. Montreal.
BOARD OF	DIRECTORS :
ANDREW ALLAN, E Robert Anderso	sq., - President. N, Esq., Vice-President.
ctor Mackenzie, Esq. athan Hodgson, Esq. n Cassiis, Esq. T. H. Dur	John Duncan, Esq. H. Montagu Allan, Esq. J. P. Dawos, Esq.

Belleville,	Kingston.	Ouches.
Berlin,	London.	Renfrew.
Brampton.	Montreal.	Sherbrooke, Que.
Chatham.	Mitchell.	Stratford.
Galt.	Napance.	St. Johns, O
Gananoque.	Ottaws,	St. Johns, Q St. Thomas.
Hamilton.	Owen Sound	Terento.
	Perth.	Walkerton.
Ingersoll. Kincardine.	Prescatt.	Windsor

#### BRANCHES IN MANITOBA: Brandon

#### NQUE DU PEUPLE. ESTABLISHED IN 1835.

Foreign Agenta: Foreign Agenta: England-The Alliance Bank, Limited, London, Franco-Le Crédit Lyonnais, Paris, Franco-Le Crédit and Circular Notes for Trav-ellers issued available in all parts of the world.

## Union Bank of Canada.

#### DIVIDEND No. 50

NOTIOE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Dividend of THREE per cent. for the current half-year upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches, on and after SATUBDAY, January 2nd, 1892.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st December next, both days inclusive,

By order of the Board, E. E. WEBB, Cashier. 

Quebec, November 24th, 1891.

#### The Chartered Banks THE CANADIAN

#### BANK OF COMMERCE. HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

Paid-Up Capital, 36,000,000 Rest, 900,000 DIRECTORS:

DIRECTORS: GEO. A. COX, Esq., - President. JOHN I. DAVIDSON, Esq., - Vice-President. George Taylor, Esq. Jas. Crathern, Esq. Robs, Kil-gour, Esq., W. B. Hamilton, Esq. John Hoskin, Esq., Q. C., LL.D. Matthew Leggat, Esq. B. WALKER, General Manager, J. H. PLUMMER, Ass' General Manager, A. H. IRELAND, Inspector. G. de C. O'GRADY, Asst. Insp. Naw York, - Alex. Laird and Was. Gray, Agents, BANCHES.

BRANCHES:

Ayr,	Dundas,	Orangovillo,	Simcoe,
Barrie,	Dunnville,	Ottawa,	Stratford,
Bolloville,	Gait,	Paris,	Strathroy,
Berlin,	Goderich.	Parkhill.	Thorold,
Blenheim,	Guelph,	Peterbor'gh.	*Toronto,
Brantford.	Hamilton,	St.Cath'rines	.Walkerton,
Cayuga,	Tarvis,	Sarnia,	Walkerville
Chatham.	London.	SitSte.Marie	Waterloo,
Collingwood,	Montreal.		Windsor,
	117	3	

Collingwood, Montreal, Scaforth, Windsor, "East Toronto-Cor, Queen St, and Bolton Avenue, North Toronto--yor Yonge St. North West Toronto--Cor, College St, and Snadina Ave. Yonge & College-48 Yonge St., cor. College St. Queen St. W.-544 Queen St. W. and 415 Farliament St. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, East and West Indies, China, Japan and South America. Sterling and American Exchange bought and sold. Collections made on the most favorable terms. Interest allowed on deposits. BANKERS AND CORRESPONDENTS. Griest Britain--The Bank of Scotland. Iedia, China and Yafam--The Chartered Bk. of India, Australia & China. Assistaited: New Zealand--The Union Bk. of Aus-tralia.

tralia

(alla, Prancs-Lazard Freres & Cio. Brutests, Bilgium-J. Mathleu & Fils. New York-The Am. Ex. National Bk. of New York. Chicage-The American Exchange National Bank

of Chicago. San Francisco British Columbia. ancisco and British Colla-The Bank of

ritish Columbis. Inamilton, Bermuda—The Bie. of Bermuda. Kingston, Jamaica—The Bank of Nova Scotia.

#### THE ONTARIO BANK.

Capital Paid-Up, - - - \$1,500,000 Reserve Fund, - - - - 280,000 und,

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO. DIRECTORS-Sir WM, P. HOWLAND, C.B., K.C.M.G., Pretident ; R. K. BURGESS, Esq., Vice-Pretident ; Hon. C. F. Fraser, A. M. Smith, Esq., G. M. Rose, Esq., Donald Mackay, Esq., G. R. R. Cockburn, Esq., M.P. C. HOLLAND, General Manager.

	BRANCHES:	•
Amherstburg,	Lindsay,	Port Arthur,
Aurora,	Montreal,	Pickering,
Bowmanville,	Mount Forest,	Sudbury,
Cornwall.	Newmarket.	Toronto.
Guelph,	Ottawa,	Whitby,
Kingston,	Peterboro',	480 Queen St. W.,
	AGENTS:	Toronto.
London. Eng	-Alliance Bank []	[imited].

London, Eng. --Alliance Bank [Limited]. France and Europe-Credit Lyonnais. New York-The Fourth National Bank of the City of New York and Messrs. Waltor Watson and Alex, Lang. Boston-Tremont National Bank,

#### BANK OF OTTAWA, OTTAWA.

Capital (all paid-up) - - \$1,000,000 Rett, - - 425,000 JAMES MCLAREN, Esq., - President, CHARLES MAGEE, Esq., - Vice-President.

DIRECTORS :

R. Blackburn, Esq., Hon. George Bryson, Alex. Fra-ser, Esq., Geo. Hay, Esq., John Mather, Esq. GEO. BURN, Cashler.

Branches-Arnprior, Pembroke, Winnipeg, Man., Cariton Placo, Ont., Keewatin, Ont. Agents in Canada, New York and Chicage, Bank of Montreal. Agents in London, Eng., AllianceBank.

### BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA,

Capital Paid-Up, . . . \$710,100 Reserve Fund, . . . 160,000

DIRECTORS:--F.X. ST. CHARLES, Pres. R. BICKERDIKE. VICe-Pres. Chs, Chaput. J. D. Rolland. J. A. Vallancourt, M. J. A. PRENDERGAST, - Manager. C. A. GIROUX. - Assistant Manager. A. W. BLOUIN, - Inspector TRAID OFFICIAL MONTEPAL.

C. A. GIROUX, - - ASSISTANT MANAGET, A. W. BLOUIN, - - Inspector HBAD OFFICE, MONTHEAL BRANCHES, Three Rivers, H. N. Boiro, Manager, Joliotto-J. H. Ostigny, Manager. Sorol-A. A. La-rocque, Manager. Valleyfield-S. Fortier, Manager. East End Abattoirs Vankleek Hill, Ont.-Wm, Fer guson, Mgr. Sav. Dept, at Head Office and Branches, CORRESONDENTS, London, England-The Cipdes dale Bank (Limited), Paris, France-Credit Lyonnais, New York-The National Park Bank, Boston-Third National Bank and National Bark of Redemption, Chicago - National Live Stock Bank, Collections made throughout Canada at the cheapest rates, Jet-iers ef credit issued available in all parts of the world.

The Chartered Banks.				
BANK OF HAMILTON.				
CAPITAL (All Faid), \$1,200.000 RESERVE FUND,				
HRAD OFFICE, - HAMILTON.				
Directors : JOHN STUART, President, A. G. RAMSAY, Vice-President,				

A. G. RAMBAY, S. Vice-President, John Proctor. George Roach. Charles Gurney. A. T. Wood. A. B. Lee Torontol.
 J. Turnbull, Oashier. H. B. Steven, Assistant Cashier. *BRANCHISS*:
 Alliston, Listowel, Owen Sound, Simcoe. Cheeley. Lucknow, Orangeville, Toronto. Georgetown. Milton, Port Elgin, Wingham. Hamilton, Barton Street. *Correspondents in United States*:-New York-Fourth National Bk. and Hanover National Bk. Buff-alo-Marine Bank of Buffalo, Detroit-Detroit Na-tional Bank. Chicago-Union National Bank. *Collections effected* at all parts of the Dominion of Canada at lowest rates. Careful attention given and prompt returns made.

#### THE DOMINION BANK.

Capital, \$1,500,000. Reserve Fund, \$1,350,000 DIRECTORS :

JAS, AUSTIN, - - - President. HON, FRANK SMITH, - Vice-President, Wm. Ince, Edward Leadloy, E. B. Osler, James Scott. Wilmot D. Matthews.

Head Office, Toronto.

Actacles :--Brampion, Belleville, Cobourg, Guelph, Lindsay, Napanco, Oshawa, Orillia, Uxbridge, Whitby, Toronto, Queen St. W., cor. Esther : Dundas St., cor. Queen : Spadina Are, No. 366 : Sherbourne St., cor. Queen : Market Br., cor. King and George Sts. Drafts on all parts of the United States, Great Bri-taia and the Continent of Europe bought and sold. Letters of Credit issued available in all parts of Europe, China, Japan and the West Indies. R. H. BETHUNE, Cashier.

MERCHANTS BANK

#### OF HALIFAX.

\$1,100,000 BOARD OF DIRECTORS; THOS. E. KENNY, M.P., President, THOMAS RICHTR, Vice-President. M. DWYOF, WIGY Smith, Henry G. Bauld, H. H. Fuller.

Head Office, Hallax, N.S., D. H. Duncan, Cashler.

Monireal Branch. E. L. Pease, Manager. "West End, Cor. N. Dame & Seigneur Sts.

 West End, Vor. N. Dame & Sciencur St.

 AGENCIES:

 Antigonish, N.S.
 Maitiand [Hants Co.],

 Bathurst, N.B.
 N.S.

 Bridgewater, N.S.
 Monoton, N.B.

 Charlottown, P.E.I.
 Nowcastle, N.B.

 Dorchester. N.B.
 Pictou, N.S.

 Fredericton, IA.B.
 Port Hawkeebury, C.B.

 Guysboro, N.S.
 Sackvile, N.B.

 Kingston [Kent Co.], Summerside. P.E.I.
 N.B.

 Londonderry, N.S.
 Truro, N.S.

 Lunenburg, N.S.
 Woodstock. N.B.

#### CORRESPONDENTS:

CORRESPONDENTS: Dominion of Canada, Merehants Bank of Canada, New York, Chase National Bank. Boston, the National Hide & Leather Bank. Chicago, American Exchange National Bank. Newfoundland, Union Bank of Newfoundland. London, Rugland, Bank of Scotland and-Imperial Bank (limited). Paris, France, Credit Lyonnais. Collections made at lowest rates and promptly remitted for. Telegraphic transfers and drafts issued at cur-

#### La Banque Jacques Cartier. HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL. Capital Paid-Up, \$500,000 Reserve Fund, Directors. ALPR. DESJAEDING, Esq., M.P., President. A. B. Hamelin, Esq., Vice-President. D. Laviolette. Esc., Lucien Huot, Esq., A. L. DeMartigny, Esq. A. L. DeMartigny, Esq. M. BEUNET, Assistant Manager. TANGREDE BIENYERV, InSpector. Brasches-Beauharneis-H. Dorion, Mgr., Drum. mondwille, J. E. Girard, Mgr. Frascruille, J. O. Le-blanc, Mgr. Hull, P.O., J. P. de Martigny, Laurensit it. Gars. St. Hyacinthe, A. Clement, Mgr. St. Sauveur (Quebec) N. Dion, Mgr. St. Simon, D. Denis, Mgr. Valleyfield, L. de Martigny, Mgr. Victoria-ville, A. Marchand, Mgr. Sto, Cunegende (Montreal) G. N. Ducharme, Mgr. Ontario Stroet Montreal A. Royer, St. Henri (Montreal) F. St. Germain, Mgr. St. Jean Baptiste (Montreal) S. St. Gormain, Mgr. St. Jean Espiste (Montreal) Michel Bourret, Mgr. Paris, France-Credit Lyonnais. New York-The National Eank of the Republic. Boston-

	CANDARD	
		•
Capital Pal Reserve Fu		\$1,000,000 500,000
HKA	D OFFICE, TORU	NTO.
	DIRECTORS :	
W. F. COWAN, W. F. Allen.	JOHN BURNS Fred. Wyld. I	, Vice-President.
A. T. Todd.	AGENOIES:	. J. Somerville.
Bowmanville. Brantford. Bradford. Brighton. Brussels. Campballford.	Cannington, Chatham, Ont Colborne, Durham, Forest,	Harriston. Markham. Newcastle. Parkdale. Picton. Stouffville.
11 A.	BANKERS.	

The Obertored Banks.

MANNESS. New York—Importers and Traders National Bank, Montreal—Can. Bank of Commerce. London, England—National Bank of Scotland, All Banking business prompily attended to. Corres pondence solicited. I. L. BRODIE, Cashier.

#### **IMPERIAL BANK of CANADA**

Rest. Directors: H. S. HOWLAND, F3q., Fresident, T. R. MERRITT, Esq., Vice-Prov St. Catharines, Wm. Ramsay, Esq. T. R. Wadsworth, Esq. Robert Jaffray, Esq. Hugh Ryan, Esq. T. Sutherland Stayner, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE TOBONTO.

D. R. WILKIE, CASHIER.

D. R. WILKIE, CASHIER. B. JENNINGS, Asst. Cashier. E. HAV, Inspector Branches – Brandon, Man., Galgary, Alba., Essex, Fergus, Galt, Ingerst Falls, Port Colborno, Prince Albert, N. W.T., Sault Sie. Mario, St. Cathar-ines, Rat Portage, St. Thomas. Toronto, Yonge St. cor. Queen; North Toroato, cor, Yonge and Bloor streets; Welland, Winnipeg, Woodstock, Drafts onNew York and Sterling Exchange bought and sold. Deposits received and interest allowed, Prompt attention paid to collections. Debentures purchased.

## Eastern Townships Bank.

#### Dividend No. 64.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three and One-Half Per Cent. upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Bank has been de-clared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Head Offices and Branches on and after SATURDAY, 2ND DAY OF JANUARY NEXT.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 31st December, both days in-clusive. By order of the Board.

WM. FARWELL, General Manager Sherbrooke, 2nd Dec., 1891.

#### THE WESTERN BANK OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE OSHAWA ONT

		 	~~	, v	217		<i>.</i> , י	OT I	<ul> <li>199</li> </ul>
Capital					-	-	· -	\$1	,000,000
Capital					-	•	•	• `	500,000
Capital					•		-	•	350,000
Reserve,	-	 -	• .	-	-	-	-	• :•	75,000

#### BOARD OF DIRICTORS:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: JOHN COWAN, Esq., President, REUBEN S. HAMLIN, Esq., Vice-President, W. Y. Cowan, Esq. Robert McIatosh, M.D. Thomas Patterson, Esq. T. H., McMirLAN, Brancke: --Whitby, Milland, Tilsonburg, New Hamburg, Paisley, Penetanguishene, Port Perry, Draits on New York and Sterling Exchange bought and sold. Deposits received and Interest allowed Collections solicited and prompily made, Correspondents at New York and in Canada-The Merchants Bank of Canada. London, England-The Royal Bank of Scotland.

### ST. STEPHFN'S BANK. Incorporated 78:6. ST. STEPHEN, N.B. Oapital, - - - - \$200,000 Reserve, - - 25,000 F. H. TODD, President, J. F. GRAWT, Cashier, AGENTS London-Messra, Givan, Mills, Currie & Co. Nev York-Bank of New York, N.B.A. Boston-Glob National Bank. Montreal-Eank of Montreal. Si John, N.B.-Bank of Montreal. Drafts issued on any Branch of the Bank of Montreal

Lean Secleties

## . ਆ ਜਾ ਸਾ Trusts Corporation of Ontario. Offices, 28 Toronto Street, Toronto. CAPITAL, - \$1,000,000.00 CAPITAL, 51,000,000.00 Presidents, HON. J. C. AIKINS, P.C.; Vice-Presidents, HON. SIR ADAM WILSON, HON. SIR RIDHARD CARTWRIGHT, K.C.M G. This Corporation is accepted as a Trusts Company by the High Court of Justice, under the sanction of the Ontario Government, and acts as Executor, Administrator, Roceiver, Guardian of Children, Committee of Lunatics, Assignee, Liquidator, &c., also as Agent for any persons appointed to the above offices, obviating the finding of Security and all oner obviating the finding of Security and all oner-ous duties in connection therewith. Moneys Invested, Estates Managed, Bonds Issued and Countersigned. All business entrusted to the Corporation promptly and economically managed. A. E. PLUMMER, Manager.

#### THE CENTRAL CANADA Loan and Savings Co. of Ontario. Dividend No. 15.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend, at the rate of six per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this Institution, has been declared for the current half-year, and the same will be payable at the offices of the Company, on and after Saturday, the 2nd day of Ionney payt of January next. The transfer books will be closed from the

16th to the 31st day of December next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board, F. R. WOOD, Secretary. Peterborough, 13th November, 1891.

## The Dominion Savings and Investment Society. Dividend No. 89.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Society has been declared for the Stock of this Society has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Society opposite the Oity Hall, Richmond Street, London, on and after the 2nd day of January, 1892. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 11th to the 31st December inst., both days inclusive

inclusive.

H. E. NELLES, Manager. London, Dec. 12th, 1891.

#### THE HAMILTON Provident and Loan Society. Dividend No 41.

Notico is hereby given that a Dividend of THREE AND A HALF PER CENT. paid the Paid-up Capital Stock of the Society has been declared for the half-year ending 31st December, 1891, and that the s-me will be payable at the Society's Banking House, Hamilton, Ontario, on and after

Saturday, 2nd of January, 1892. The Transfor Books will be closed from the 16th to the Sist December, 1891, both days inclusive. H. D. CAMERON, Treasurer. Hamilton, November 18th, 1891.

#### Logal.

Cornwall, Ont.

R. A. PRINGLE S. LEITOH BITCH & PRINGLE, BARRISTERS.

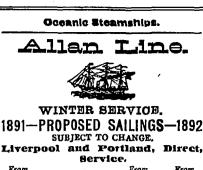
Solicitors for Ontario Bank.

#### Bamilton, Ont.

#### D. CAMEBON,

A. D. UAMBEUR, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Con-yeyancer, &c., No. 10 Hughson Street, South Hamilton, Ont.

Kingston,	Ont.
SMYTHE & SMITH, BARRISTERS, H. H. SMYTHE, LL.D., Q.O.	SOLICITORS, &c. 0. ybonythag nuite



From		From	From
Liverpool.	Steamships,	Portland.	Halifax.
	. •Numidian		9 Jan.
	. Parislan		23 Jan.
	Sardinian		6 F.b.
	*Numidian		20 Feb.
	. Circassian		5 Mar.
25 Feb	.*Mongolian	17 Mar.	19 Mar.
All Steame	rs call at Halif	ax on both	homeward

All Steamers call at Halifax on both homeward and outward voyages. These Steamers will not call at Halifax on either the outward or bomeward voyages. • SS, Carthagnian Numidian and Mongolian will carry Cattle and only Cabin Passengers to Liverpool.

Steamers sail from Portland about y p.m., Thursdays, or as soon as possible after the arrival of Grand Trunk Railway train due at Portland at noon. Trains connecting with the Steamers leave Montreal for Portland: Via C. P. Ry, 6.25 p.m., arriving at Portland 8 s.m. "G. T. Ry. 10.15 p.m., " " 11.45 s.m.

#### Rates of Passage.

Cabin \$40 and upwards, Children, 2 to 12 years, half fare; under a, free. Intermediate and Steerage at lowest rate. Children under one year free.

#### **Clasgow, Londonderry and New York**

Service. (Late State Line of Steamers.) From From New York. Steamships, Glasgow. 

Aud weekly thereafter, Steamers with a \* will not carry passengers from 'ew York. Now

Rates of Passage from New York.

Itates of Fassage from New York. Cabin, to Londonderry or Glasgow, by "State of Nebraska," 540 to 560 single, and 575 to 5100 return. By other steamors, 533 and 540 single; 563 and 575 return, Children between ages of s and 12 years, half fare; under two years, free. No second cabin or intermediate accommodation; all saloon passengers have equal privileges.

Liverpool, Queenstown, St. Johns, Halifax and Baltimore Mail Service.

	Baltimore	Halifax via
	Halifax	St. Johns, N.F., to
	Liverpool.	Liverpool.
Polynesian Caspian	. 17 Nov.	23 Nov. 7 Dec.
*Mongolian	. 15 Dec.	
Sardinian	. 12 Jan.	18 Jan.
*Carihaginian	. 26 Jan,	direct.

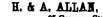
• SS. Mongolian and Carthaginian will not carry passengers from Baltimore, and only Cabin passe-ngers from Halifex and St. Johns, N.F.

Last sailing of the season. Glasgow, Galway & Philadelphia Service.

From Glasgow to Steamships, to Glasgow on Philadelphia, or about
13 Nov
And fortnightly thereafter. •Via Halifax on voyage from Glasgow.
These steamers do not carry passengers on voyage to Europe.
Alasgow, Londonderry, Galway and Boston Service.
From Glassow From Boston

to Europe. For all information apply to

Dec. 11, 1891.



25 Common Street, Montreal	1
80 State Street, Boston.	
1 India Street, Portland,	



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COMPANY For CHARLESTON, S.C., the South and Southwest. For JACKSONVILLE, Fia., and all Florida Points.

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Mondays, Wednesdays & Fridays at 3 P. M. The Only Line between New York and Jacksonville, Fla., without change.

JE Unsurpassed Passenger Accommodations and Cuisine.

- and Cuisino. Str. "Algonquin" Capt. Jos. McKee. Str. "Iroquois," Capt. L. W. Pennington. Str. "Cherokee," Capt. H. A. Bearso. Str. "Sominole," Capt. S. C. Platt. Str. "Yemaszee," Capt. J. Robinson. Str. "Delaware," Capt. L. K. Chiohester.

Through Tickets, Rates and Bills of Lading for all points South and Southwest, via Charleston, and all Florida points via Jacksonville.

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Jacksonville, Palatka, Sanford & Enterprise, Fla. AND

AND Intermediate Landings on the St. John's River. Sailing from Jacksonville daily (except Saturday) at 3.30 P.M., making close connection with all railroads at PALATKA, ASTOR, BLUR SPRINGS and SANDFORD. Through Tickets and Bills of Lading at Lowest Rates to all interior points in Florida. Str. "City of Jacksonville." Capt. W. A. Shaw. Str. "F. De Bary," Capt. T. W. Lund, Jr. Str. "Everglade." Capt. Chasen. Str. "Welaka," Capt. Ohlsen.

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## Intercolonial Railway.

1891. Winter Arrangement. 1892

Commencing 19th October, 1891.

Through express passenger trains run daily (Sunday

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Leave Montreal by Grand Trunk Railway from Bonaventure St. Depot	
Leave Montreal by Canadian Pacific R'y from Dalhousie Square Depot	
Leave Lovis	14.95
Trols Pistoles	18.48
Rimonski	00 00

Rimouski	20.20
Little Metis	
- Campbellton	84.30
Bathurst	8.25
Newcastla	1.48
Moncton	6.00
St. John	0.38

G.	<b>W.</b>	<b>BOBINSON</b>	, Бва., -	

136] ST. JAMES STREET, - - MONTREAL D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent Rallway Office, Moncton, N.B., 13th Oct., 1891.

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#### NAL OF COMMERCE.

THE CA	NADIAN JOURNAL OF COM
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Cor First Class Treasury Bond, Bank Note and Parchment Papers are unexcelled.

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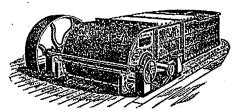
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EXTRA HEAVY

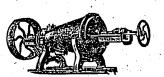
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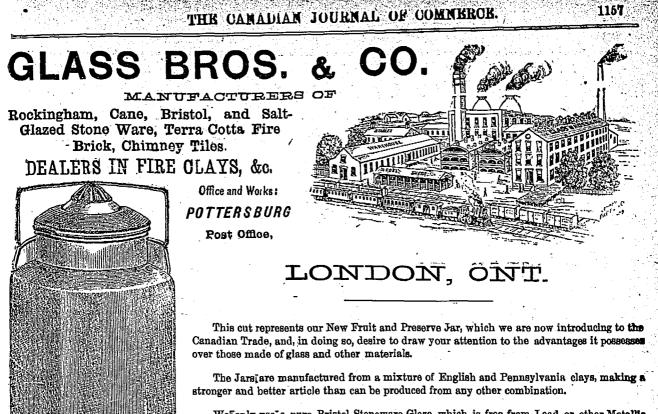
# WASHBURN & MOEN MANUFACTURING CO.,

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Iron, Steel and Copper Wire; Barbed Wire, universally acknowledged to be the best styles in existence; Bale Ties, unequalled for strength, convenience and security; Bright, Annealed, Tinned, and Galvanized Wire for all purposes; Fence Staples and Stretchers; Round or Flat Steel Wires and Fabrics for every purpose, tempered or untempered, straight or in the coil; Steel Needle and Drill Wires; Superior Watch and Clock Springs; Eye-Glass Springs; Wire Rods by the wholesale, No. 8 Stubs' guage and coarser; Wire Rope and Cable for all purposes, of any length to order, Iron, Steel, Copper or Phosphor-Bronze, Annealed, Galvanized or Boiled in oil.

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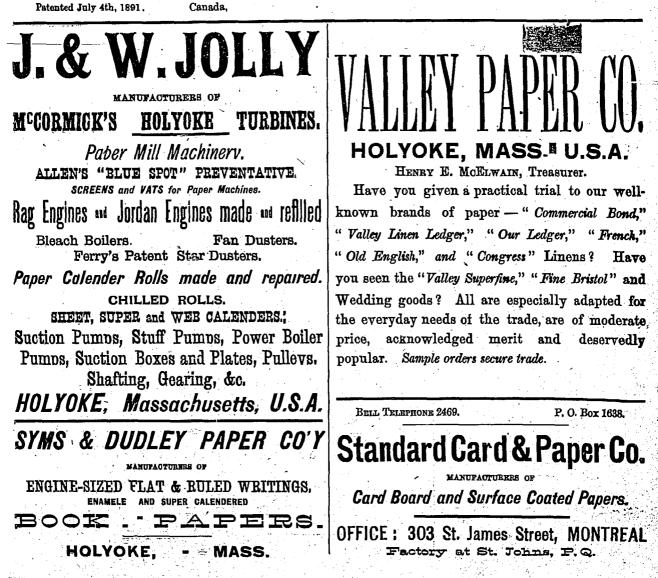




We only use a pure Bristol Stoneware Glaze, which is free from Lead or other Metallic substances, readily attacked by all acids. We guarantee the body to be thoroughly vitrified and absolutely acid proof.

2377 These Jars will be found superior to all other articles in use for the preservation of Fruits, etc. Being non-transparent, the action of light cannot field the color or ferment fruits kept in them, as is the case where glass is used, and, being a non-conductor of heat, preserves are kept at a more uniform temperature than in either glass or tin, and will be free from the unpleasant metallic taste so frequently noticed where tin is used.

- They are made in various sizes, and are for sale by all Crockery and Grocery Dealers in Canada,



Our New Fruit and Preserve Jar,







BRANCHES: 52 Princess St , Winnipeg. Man. Government St., Vietoria, B.C. IMPORT ORDERS A BPECIALTY. Perth, Brockville, Almonte and Carleton Place over the Canada Atlantic road consisted of twelve cars, containing over 100 tons of poultry, valued at about \$26,000. Prices were higher than



last year and the supply for the United States somewhat smaller than usual, owing to the large quantity shipped to England for the Christmas market also, to the fact that for the first time buyers were present from the West and British Columbia, three carloads being taken for Vancouver and one for Winnipeg.

COLONEL Albert Goldsmid, -a well known staff officer in the British army, has resigned his commission to supervise the settlement of the Hebrew colonies which Baron Hirsch proposes to establish in Argentina.

THE Toronto Rubber Co., of Canada (Limited), with a total capital stock of \$100,000, to acquire and to operate the rubber factory and premises at Port Dalhousie, Ont., has applied for letters of incorporation.

IT is claimed that the lumber cut of the McLachlins, whose saw mills are at Arnprior, has been greater during the past season than that of any other lumber firm in America. The cut amounted to eight million feet.

As THE result of an investigation by the Civil Service examiners into the conduct of three railway mail clerks named Elliott, Armstrong and McDonald, who, with the assistance of a printer named McGillivary, got hold of some Civil Service examination papers, these three clerks have been suspended.

H. VINEBERG, Manufacturer of FINE CLOTHING 7 VICTORIA SQUARE, cor. St. James, MONTREAL. Buyers visiting Montreal markets will consult their interest by inspecting my lines. **LANCASHIRE** Fire Insurance Co. of England Capital and Assets, over \$20,000,000,

JAMES P. BAMFORD, Agent, 43 and 45 St. John Street MONTREAL RUSSIAN papers are claiming that the crops this year, including potatoes, were 25,000,000 bushels in excess of requirements, Up to the time that the prohibition went into effect exports were 72,000,000 bushels. The Liverpool Corn Trade News says that as it is impossible the deficiency in rye, barley, and oats in Germany can be made good by any other country such deficiency will have to be supplemented with other articles, say wheat and corn from America.

THE clearings and balances of the Toronto clearing house (of which the Bank of Toronto is not a member) for the week ended Thursday, December 17, 1891, were as follows :---

	Clearings.	Balances.
Dec. 11	\$1,701,358	\$219,630
" 12		125,867
" 14	841,210	62,302
" 15,	1,264,322	317,149
" 16		105,139
" 17,	1,109,862	107,068
Total	\$7,170,174	\$837,155
Total last week	\$6.876.783	\$706.400

We trust the Bank of Toronto will begin the New Year well by falling into line at the Clearing house.



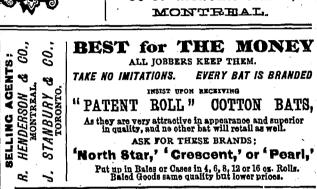


## GEO. H. HEES, SON & CO., Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Spring Rollers, &c. TORONTO, ONT.

FROM Ontario, the following assignments come to hand :--Geo. J. Carter, shoes, Deseronto, has failed for a small sum.--Wm. G. Montgomery, tailor, Port Arthur, has assigned. He never made much more than a living and at last found the competition more than he could stand.--C. L. Paré, manufacturer, Sandwich West, has assigned.--Jno. A. Grant, hotel keeper, Vankleek hill, has assigned.--James Leighton, builder and holder of real estate, Toronto, has assigned with liabilities of abont \$70,000.

The annual meeting of the Montreal Wholesale Grocers Association was held at the office of the Board on 18th inst. Messrs. Geo. Childs, president; Chas. P. Hebert, vice president; D. T. Tees, treasurer; Chas. Chaput, H. Laporte, J. C. Rose, W. W. Lockerby and others were present. Mr. Childs was re-elected by acclamation. The new board being as follows: President— Geo. Childs. Vice president—Chas. P. Hebert Treasurer—D. T. Tees. Directors—Chas. Chaput, W. W. Lockerby, J. C. Rose. Committee of arbitation—Arthur Birks, I. C. Brosseau, Wm. Kinloch, H. Laporte and H. Regan.

APPLICATION is to be made for incorporation by letters patent of the Ottawa Transportation Company, limited. The proposed incorporators are: Dennis Murphy, John William McRae, William C. Bangs and George A. Harris, all Ottawa forwarders; James Wood, Rockland, county of Russell, and James Williamson, of Grenville. The chief place of business is to be at Ottaand the capital stock is placed at \$225,000. Application is also made for the incorporation of the Electric Mining Company,



limited, an Ottawa concern, with a proposed capital of \$125,000. The applicants are : Hector McRae, John W. McRae, Archibald Stewart, John Nicholson and Francis H. Chrysler, all of Ottawa.

STEFHEN N. ALLEN, of Arcadia, general trader, is endeavouring to get creditors to sign his composition deed at 50 cents on the dollar secured by assignment of all his own property and mortgage of his son's real estate to Bowman B. Law, of Yarmouth, as trustee. Allen made an assignment some years ago and his business has evidently not been a paying one since. His chief place of business was Arcadia with a number of small stores at other points. He has never been considered very safe or as a remarkably astute business man. Law & Co., and others of Yarmouth, are his largest creditors but he owes a number of firms outside of the Province.

LORAN J. KELLEY, of Yarmouth, N.S., boot and shoe dealer, has just assigned in trust for creditors, to Harris H. Crosby, of Hebron who is selling out the stock. The preferred claims for accommodation paper, cash lent and shop rent amount to \$2232 and the unpreferred to \$3023. It is doubtful whether there will be enough for preferred creditors. The unpreferred ones will probably get nothing. Kelley has some seventy creditors in Yarmouth, Halifax, Boston, Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, St. John St. Stephen; Sackville, Amherst, etc. He never had much capital and always did a small business struggling along under difficulties and with keen competition which was too much for him. He was close going, economical and honest but not particularly energetic.





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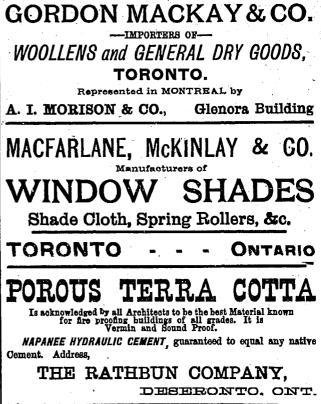
Dry Goods Jobbers, Glenora Buildings, - 1886 Notre Dame Street

······ MONTREAL, ······

LINDERY & Co. and Mansfield & Co., two Philadelphia concerns, are alleged to be doing a fraudulent business. The former claims to represent the Australian Fire Insurance Co., of N.S.W., and the Victoria Fire Insurance Co., of Melbourne, both are advertised by the firm as gilt-edge concerns, and the latter represents the Columbian National Fire Insurance Co., of Philadelphia, which is quoted as in a most prosperous condition. The Insurance commissioner doubts if the first two companies named have any existence whatever, and says the Columbian is a fiction pure and simple. Local insurers need to look out for such swindles, as they are at work here, offering rates that enable them to cut out the respectable companies.

The lower provinces furnish a longer list of failures than usual:--W. L. Foreman & Co., storekeepers, Acadia mines, have assigned. Their success was always doubtful.--Chisholm Bros., furniture and tinware, New Glasgow, have assigned.--W. J. Mowatt, grocer, Chatham, is offering to compromise at 25c on the dollar.--Geo. E. Mercier, trader, Dalhousie, has compromised at 70c.-T. P. Trueman, general store, Nanwigewauk, has assigned. A small affair.--R. & F. J. S. Finley, grocers and feed dealers, St. John, have assigned. The partners are steady young men of small experience, and succeeded their father, William Finley, 4 years ago. Unfortunately capital was limited. Liabilities \$4,000 and assets \$2,000.--Welsh, Hunter & Hamilton, dry goods, St. John, have compromised at 60c,--James Smith, grocer, same city, is offering to settle at 25c on the dollar.---Thos. Hull, tanner, Southampton, has assigned.---John Price, carpenter, Woodstock, has assigned.





MR. FRED HUGHES has been re-elected president of the Dominion Commercial Travellers' Association. The other officers are vice president, R. C. Simpson ; directors, Alf. Elliott, J. L. Gardiner, J. E. Wright, R. G. Stokes and C. Gurd. There are now 2250 members in the rolls, an increase of 71 over last year. During the year 9 members died, and \$6175 was paid for death claims. The total income for the year was \$37,721.64 and expenditure including insurance indemnity, \$11,841.62, leaving a gain of \$15,880.02 for the year, which was carried to capital account, which now reaches \$180,012.82. Satisfactory arrangements had been granted by the Windsor & Annapolis and Nova Scotia Central Railways giving uniform concessions with other lines. The amount paid for weekly indemnity for accidental injuries received had been in excess of last year. In this connection it was announced that a further reduction of \$3 per \$1000 had been made by the London Guarantee & Accident Insurance Company to members of the Association who might wish to carry additional accident insurance. Thanks were given Messrs. Watson and Gurd for their evening's entertainment on December 12, also to the Mayor and Corporation for co-operation in entertaining sister associations from the United States, and to retiring directors and scrutineers.

THE following business troubles are reported in this province: —Jas. Martin & Co., grocers, Buckingham have compromised at 40c. Particulars were given in a former issue.—D. Morrier, general store, Capelton, has assigned. He succeeded his father 8 years ago and he fails now on account of the closing of the



For particulars N. T. GAGNON, Manager, 86 St. Peter St.

1168



mines in his district under the Quebec government act .-- A meeting of creditors and shareholders of the Standard Steam Laundry Co., is announced to take place on the 28th inst. to appoint a liquidator .-- A meeting of the creditors of Jos. Paquin, trader, city, is called for the 28th inst. He is absent from Montreal.-Arthur J. Martin, plumber, city, has failed for \$9,000.-Jas. Lee & Co., wholesale grocers sundries, city, have suspended. Liabilities direct \$15,000 and indirect the same, a total of \$30,-000. They have been unfortunate in making quite a few losses this fall and claim a surplus. Stock is being taken and a statement prepared .- H. Stone, retail fancy goods, Notre Dame St., city, is absent and owes a few thousand dollars. Some time ago his premises were damaged by fire and on obtaining his insurance, he restocked .- J. E. Dion, trader, Robertson Station, has assigned. Last May he obtained a settlement and now owes between \$3,000 and \$4,000.-J. F. Morrison, general store, Ste. Anne de Bellevue, has assigned. He was formerly of Leduc & Morrison, who failed and compromised in '85, Morrison continuing. Since then he has been unfortunate and now owes \$5,000. -Chas. E. Johnson, storekeeper, Warwick has assigned for some \$9,000. He asked an extension a short time ago and shows a surplus but his means are locked up in real estate.-Joseph Langlois, general store, St. Scholastique, an old trader has failed for \$11,000! Supposed to be a case of "behind the times."

CURRENT NOTES.—The Electric line from Hamilton to Grimsby is likely to be built.—The running Hamilton street cars by electricity is on the cards.—The evidence given before House of Commons in the Connolly & Co., case is all in, and an early verdict may be looked for.—A Toronto Custom House appraiser has been suspended for passing goods under. valued for Davidson, a defaulter.—A church at Toronto has been seized by the sheriff for debt.—Judge Simonton dissolved the

Farmers' and Mechanics' Fire Insurance company, of Millersburg; the Merchants, of Altoona, and the Dauphin Fire Insurance company, of Dauphin, and appointed receivers. They are mutual fire insurance companies and are insolvent —Canadian apples are pronounced better for storing in England than Amercan.—The Dominion line steamship Toronto, from Portland, December 9th, with a shipment of of 404 head of cattle, arrived at Liverpool the 20th inst, and landed the whole of her live stock in good condition.—Messrs. W. Bell, of Guelph ; S. Trees J. Walmsley, H. M. Pellat and W. S. Howland, of Toronto, are seeking incorporation as the Canada Print Company, limited, with the chief place of business at Montreal and capital \$25,000. —Messrs. W. J. Cook and E. G. O'Connor, of Montreal ; G. C. Nicholson, of St. Henri ; H. Earle and J. R. Walker, of Cote St. Antoine, are applying for incorporation as the United Card and Paper Company, LL, with a capital of \$90,000 and headquarters at Montreal.—English tramways charge an average of less than 3 cents a mile. American opinion on an address by Mr. Charlton, M.P., at Buffslorecently is summed by the Express of that city thus : "Although he didn't precisely say so, he rather favored a political union of the two countries."—Fresh aslmon is being shipped from British Columbia to Germany via C.P.R., and German steamer.—Florida has sent out 3,000,000 boxes of oranges this year, a box holds about 150.—At Lethbridge coal is selling at \$350 per ton.—Official statistics of the wine season in France show a yield of 4,000,000 hectolitres over the yield of 1890. In Algeria the yield is doubled. Allowing for a decrease in raising and fictitions wines for sweetening, the total production shows an increase of 1,500,000 hectolitres.— Between 100 and 150 tons of coal are turned out every day from the mines at Anthracite, N.W.T., says the Toronto organ of the coal trade.—The U.S. Customs seized 7 large trunks a few days ago filled with costly dresses. Uncle Sam is very wissly and justly do





excess of the maximum for October, and at the end of the month it was quarter of a million higher than at The gradual development of the cirthe beginning. culation is worth noting, at the close of November in 1879 and in the last three years the figures stood as follows:

Nordheimers Buildings,

MONTREAL, P.Q.

1879. 1889. 1890. 1891. 21.827,000 34,899,000 36,344,000 37,340,000

The most striking difference between the course of business this season and last is shown by the respective changes made in the public deposits of 1890 and 1891. Last year these funds fell in November no less than \$2,580,000 below the figures of October. This year the deposits increased last month by \$2,700,000 over the October figures. In last year's discounting compared with this, the same indications occur of more financial ease. During November 1890, the discounts increased \$1,800,000 over the October figures, this year during November the discounts decreased \$800,000. So that putting the three items together we find that they compare as follows :

	C	irculation.	Deposits.	Discounts.
Sept	1890	35,500,000	132,400,000	153,100,000
	1890	36.344,000	133,000,000	153,500,000
- '	1891	34,100,000	145,600,000	185,900,000
	1891	37,400,000	149,700,000	187,800,000

These figures show that the total volume of the increases in these three main items of the business of the banks was in the fall months of 1890, \$2,640,000, and in the same months this year \$9,300,000.

The decrease of the Specie and Dominion notes held, by \$810,000, partially arises from a parting with these assets to a larger amount by two or three of the larger banks, the balance being added to them in others. The debts due by some of the banks to others increased in November by about the same figures as the specie and Dominion notes decreased. The decrease of discounts last month, \$800,000, was about equal to the enlarged loans on call and what was devoted to various securities. There was also an increase of \$1,400,000 in the indebtedness of foreign agencies and banks, naturally enough, as with deposits swelling daily and discounts not in active demand, the overflow must be diverted into a channel where the funds could earn interest. There is an apparent diminution of the amount of Directors' liabilities in November, the total being given as \$5,033,314, and for October \$6,106,141. This, however, arises from the official figures being wrongly cast on last month's sheet by one million.

There is more produce moving forward than a few weeks ago, but the deficient storage and grain transport | regard to lumber, as in other imports, to enable the



1165

blockade, will keep back great quantities from the market for some time to come, even if farmers feel more inclined to sell than they now are.

T. S SIMMS & CO., - St. John, N.B.

The financial situation in New York is improving with the inflow of harvest proceeds, and the favorable effect upon railway finances owing to freight traffic being large beyond record. The president's message also had a re-assuring effect, as it declared the general business of the country and its prospects to be favorable, and did much to remove apprehensions arising from the silver currency agitation.

The political agitation in this Province will be a diversion during the quietude of mid-winter. The financial effects cannot be troublesome. We may learn as facts what are now suspicions, and, it is to behoped the people will have more definite, explicit and reliable statements placed before them by the new ministry than they have yet received, as to exact financial conditions of this Province.

The usual comparative statements will be found in another column, and the full statement in its usual place.

#### THE SAW LOGS QUESTION.

In resuming the question dealt with in our issue of 11th inst., we may say that in that article the intimate relations of the lumber and timber interests to the general trade of the country were stated as urgent reasons for more interest being taken in so large and so vital a question. To enforce this we also gave a few statistics as to the enormous volume of this trade. We briefly urged that the difference to Canada between sending our logs to be manufactured abroad and having them manufactured on our own soil, at our own mills by our own citizens, employing our own capital, was a difference involving the gravest sacrifices by one policy or the development and employment of native industry by a contrary course.

Some time ago we deemed it advisable in the interests of international comity, and in hope that some reciprocal tariff arrangements were in the near future, to favor a decrease of the export duty on saw logs. At that time the McKinley bill had not loomed up as a menance to our trade with the States. The situation to-day is so changed from that existing in 1889, that considerations of weight then have since become irrelevant.

The intention of the McKinley tariff is clearly in

States to monopolise the manufacturing of whatever articles can be made within the States. One provision is aimed directly and with fatal precision at our mill and factory industries. The duty on pine lumber was reduced to \$1, but if imported from any country that imposed a duty on its exports of saw logs, then whatever that duty was should be collected on the lumber imported from such country. This however is not the existing regulation, which is, that *if any country imposes any duty whatever on its export of saw logs*, then the lumber from that country shall be subject to the old duty of \$2, a regulation that reveals the anxiety of the States mill-men to secure our logs and to keep out our manufactured lumber.

In order to counteract this, Canada took off her export duty on saw logs, with this result : the exportation of raw material has enormously increased, and on the other hand some of our mills have been shut down that employed a large number of hand; factories also have been closed where articles of wood were made, and our people and our capital and enterprise have been compelled to emigrate to the States. The United States import duties on lumber rise from \$1 a thousand up to 35 per cent, according to the extent to which it has been manufactured. The latter rate which includes boxes, doors, sashes and so on, is prohibitory. The intermediate rates, which include planed boards, and those planed, tongued, and grooved, are also practically prohibitory, as they give the American mills such an advantage in that market that the Canadian mill-men can only compete with them by paying and so sacrificing the amount of the duty. We, while thus treated by the States, are allowing them to control a vast extent of Canadian territory for the purpose of stripping the land of its lumber, floating it across to their mills without one cent of restrictive imposts. Thus our policy results in lowering the supply to our own mills, and enabling them to supply themselves with a manufactured article at the lowest cost, which they would be compelled to purchase from us after work done in our mills, by our people, and our capital had raised it enormously in value, and so caused a distribution of vast sums of money amongst the people of this country. We are depriving the industries of Canada of food, in order to fatten our rivals at the least expense to themselves.

One feature in this business displays a degree of arrogance on the part of the States which we believe to be without a parallel. Logs cut in Maine are floated down the St. John river to reach United States mills. On this river our logs also are floated. To disentangle the logs cut on each side of the river causes great trouble. If our logs reach American mills they are entered free, and are sawn and worked up by United States men and machinery. If their logs get to our side they must be sawn and worked up,-not by us,but by Americans, or they cannot be sent across. So that, as a matter of fact, the soil of Canada is made a happy hunting ground for American monopolists and American labor. Our men are thus prevented working in our own country, in mills built in Canada, where theowners enjoy all the protection and privileges of this country. For our granting this power to control our workmen, the only return they make is, to prohibitus selling manufactured lumber in United States markets. As a scheme to paralyze Canadian enterprise, and to depopulate this Dominion, the present lumber policy is an undoubted success.

The Chicago Timberman publishes an interview

with an Ontario dealer who has been visiting the lumber mills. He declares that pine for the United States mills must be sent from Canada, that when our lumbermen favored the lowering of export duty on logs, they expected in return to get freer access into United States markets, but this has turned out all vanity and vexation of spirit. He points out that the rushing over of Canadian logs has amazed and alarmed our lumbermen; that Americans who had established saw mills on this side have closed them, and thereby thrown over a thousand men out of work in Canada who have gone over to the States; and that the manufacturing of lumber has been stopped at a number of places, the work being now confined to cutting saw logs to be floated over to American mills.

To the plea that if the Americans did not fetch away our saw logs they would be an unsaleable product, the very fact that they do fetch them is a complete answer. The towing of logs across a lake is not done for amusement, although it affords much to the American mill-men whose laugh at Canada sounds across Lake Huron. Our logs are taken away because they are needed to work up into lumber for the United States market. That lumber is needed, and if not cut in the States would have have to be cut in Canada. If our logs were kept at home, and the United States kept out our cut lumber, they would "fry in their own fat," and get so badly scalded that the process would soon be stopped.

The removing of export duty on saw logs was like throwing up the portcullis of a beleagured castle in the hope that so friendly an act would cause the siege to be at once raised, and reciprocal good-will established, when it turns out that the besiegers were only waiting this chance to strip the castle of its arms and food supplies. The Sault Ste Marie Pioneer, published in the centre of an important lumber section, says :--"In a few years at longest--unless sooner restrained--these grand Canadian pineries will have been stripped of their timber by the United States mill men, and Canada will be left with a thousand miles of pine stumps to remind her of the prodigal waste of one of the richest territories in the world."

#### THE PROVINCIAL CRISIS.

A more difficult question could not be presented for discussion by a journal detached from party ties, whose sole aim is the furtherance of the business interests of the country, than the one now so unfortunately prominent. Nor could one be found more easy for the party press to display in its treatment the heated rhetoric, or the passionate invective, that provide fuel for the fires of party zeal. However strongly any feelings of anger may be stirred by those actions that have brought about a provincial political crisis, or whatever view may be taken of them, the predominant feeling of all Canadians must be, that of profound sorrow at the humiliation to which this Province is now being subjected. No dispassionate mind can approve of the violent hurrahing of the political foes of the fallen Ministers over their, overthrow. Still less can it sympathise with, or regard as well-timed, wise or prudent, the intense vehemence of attacks upon the Lt.-Governor, who, in the discharge of what he regards his duty to the country, has dismissed his ministerial advisers. The one class gives some plausibility to the plea that the action of the representative of the Crown was inspired by partisanship. The other

furnish no little ground for the sarcasm that as they cannot justify the implicated ministers they may protect them from popular indignation by exciting the public mind against the official by whom they have been dismissed from office,—a policy which is well styled—"Drawing a red herring across the scent."

We submit that the only questions of moment before the country are, whether a sum of money was unlawfully taken from the public treasury by an agent of Mr. Mercier and some of his colleagues, and whether such money was unlawfully applied to purposes of their private advantage? If, as is alleged, the Lt.-Governor strained the constitution in his anxiety to punish such offences, the strain was infinitely less injurious to the constitution than making it a party to the wrong doings charged. For, if the constitution is indifferent to, or incapable of punishing trauds against the State, it is practically responsible for such frauds, as it is one of the main functions of a constitution to protect the public from evil doers. But Dr. Bourinot, one of the highest authorities says,

"The Lieut. Governor has full constitutional power to dismiss his constitutional advisers. It is for him alone to consider whether the reasons are sufficient to justify this extreme step, which is open to him under the constitutional system of England and Canada."

Those who are showing so much anxiety about the Constitution are however estopped from complaining against Mr. Angers, by having themselves when in power approved of Lt.-Governor Letellier dismissing his Ministers, not for alleged fraud, but because he objected to their policy. It seems too, somewhat unreasonable to complain that the Lt.-Governor was hasty, for if his action was justified, then the quicker the offenders were removed from power the better.

This brings us to the pith of the matter, to the questions above stated, to this point—has any wrongful act been committed for which Mr. Mercier and some of his colleagues were responsible?

The evidence in support of the charges against Mr. Mercier and others, with their explanations and defensive statements, were heard in open Court by three Judges. Against that Court no charge has been laid; the accused accepted the three judges as forming a competent and impartial tribunal. Owing to sickness, one of the judges, did not share in the decision given, but we all know that even the difference of one judge from his two colleagues does not vitiate the judgment of the Court. A two-thirds majoritymis not only sufficient, but carries overwhelming moral weight.

The charge in brief was, that one Pacaud, an admitted agent of Mr. Mercier's entered into an arrangement with a contractor to secure \$100,000 from the Treasury over and above what was due, or could become due to such contractor; that he took this money and used it largely to pay the private debts of certain Ministers; to spend otherwise to their private advantage; and to put a large sum in his own pocket, while having not the slightest claim for money against the government. The judges decision is:

"The bargain entered into between Armstrong the contractor and Pacaud about March 19, 1891, by which the sum of \$100, 000 was promised and afterwards paid to Pacaud was fraudulent, contrary to public order and an audacious exploitation of the provincial treasury; it was effected under a protext bearing all the outward appearance of plausibility."

The judges proceed to condemn as illegal the Order in Council by which this money was obtained, and are especially severe on the words "privileged debts" being replaced by the words "actual debts," which was a

grave and deliberate falsehood. They then go on to trace various amounts taken from the \$100,000 to certain Ministers, as we have already set out in detail. They trace \$23,000 to have been devoted to the discharge of notes for the payment of which Messrs. Mercier and Langelier were liable, and they point out that although such a discharge of these liabilities, "appears to have been made outside of the knowledge and without the consent of the interested parties, it does not the less constitute the discharge of a debt personal to each of them, and when the payment was known later it was not repudiated by them, and they profited by it." They also accuse Mr. Mercier of having made two irreconcileable statements touching this matter, and express regret at the non-production of certain important letters. We have much satisfaction in recording that their last words are, "The Hon. Messrs. Ross, Shehyn, Boyer and Duhamel derived no advantage whatever from the transaction."

In his letter of dismissal the Lt.-Governor recites the finding of the judges with a specific addition, that "letters of credit to the amount of \$175,000 were issued in violation of Treasury law, without the sanction of the Lt.-Governor and to the injury of the public credit." Looking at these transactions from a business stand-point the evidence is conclusive that there were such guarded arrangements made for the securing \$100,000 of public money for private purposes as would enable the chief actor if accused to say with Borachio; "Not honestly, my lord, but so covertly that no dishonesty shall appear in me." Happily the party press has no words of defence for these transactions. The Globe condemns the boodling, but runs off into the constitutional question. The chief local organ of the Liberal party, with keener insight into the moral effect upon the party, declares that the constitutional question is secondary. The Witness says : "The main question is, shall a corrupt and discredited minister. who has played at ducks and drakes with the resources and credit of the province, who has allowed boodlers and toll-takers to grab provincial moneys, be sent back to power to continue that game? That question affects very closely indeed the commercial interests of this Province, which will suffer discredit before the world if those condemned by a Commission of Judges of exploiting the funds of the Treasury for private use, are regarded as at last sufficiently honorable to represent and to control the finances and governing powers of this Province. \*

#### BANKER'S ASSOCIATION.

Following English and American precedents, a Canadian Banker's Association was formed at a meeting in this city on 17th inst. The advisability of taking steps to reduce the volume of United States currency afloat was discussed briefly. The following are the officers of the new association : Hon. J. D. Lewin, president of the Bank of New Brunswick, St. John, and R. W. Heneker, president of the Eastern Townships Bank, Sherbrooke, honorary presidents; President, Mr. George Hague, of the Merchants Bank; vice-presidents, Messrs. Walker, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce; Ward, of the Bank of British Columbia; Stephenson, of the Quebec Bank, and Fysh, of the Bank of A council was elected, composed of Nova Scotia. Messrs. Clouston, of the Bank of Montreal; Grindlay, of the Bank of British North America; Thomas, of the Molsons Bank ; Burn, of the Bank of Ottawa; Bousquet, of the Peoples Bank; Schofield, of the Bank of New Brunswick, and Farwell, of the Eastern Townships Bank. Some surprise has been expressed at the absence from the meeting of local managers of branch banks. But until the association had received approval from headquarters, it would not have been in harmony with the fitness of things for subordinate officials to have shared in the preliminary work of organisation as they would have been placed in an embarrassing position had that work been disapproved at head quarters.

Having long ago urged the formation of such an organisation, we have much pleasure in recording its being established. The subject spoken of at the first meeting is doubtless of some importance, but only trifling in comparison with others, such as for instance, the questions of banking competition, and the position of certain banks being such as to render them far too liable to serious trouble and thereby the whole banking interest to disturbance, owing to their unpreparedness for any unusual demands.

The Association might also formulate a banker's guarantee society to include the whole of the officials, which could be done with great advantage to them in economy, as well as serving to bind bank officers together by a mutual interest being created in each other's welfare. An educational work could also be undertaken that would be of the highest service to all the officials, but more especially to the junior staff of the banks, who are now left to pick up professional knowledge by chance opportunities if they desire to do so, or to remain entirely ignorant of banking history, principles, usages and laws.

We fear the prospect of the bankers, realising a solidarity of interests, and exchanging confidences, as do the bankers of Great Britain, is not at present as hopeful as their own interests and the interest no less of their customers demand. But as they get accustomed to acting in concert by the work of their association, they will be drawn closer together; a sense of mutuality will be thus developed, the jealousies of isolation will be toned down, and the tone of the more cautious and experienced will have a wholesome effect on the less prudent when felt to be that of an organised body, for men will pay heed to advice from such an association who would resent it from an individual. Most of the worst disasters that have befallen banks in Canada, would, in all probability not have occurred \_or at least have been far less scandalous, had there existed a banker's association to bring the whole power of this interest to bear as a restraint upon such institutions as were known to be drifting into ruin.

#### CIVIL SERVICE ECONOMIES.

The work of reducing civil service expenditure to the basis we long ago urged as necessary to be adopted, seems to be going on throughout the departments. A considerable number of the staff has been relieved of duty, and more will be dropped in the next few The ideas prevalent at Ottawa as to the months. Civil Service may be judged by a report sent into the government by the Deputy Ministers on the hours of duty to be kept in the offices. As an extension of them was proposed, this report suggests that the hours be from 9.30 a.m. to 5 p.m. with one hour for lunch, thus making the official day to consist of six and a half hours work. This is thought to be a great reform! What must then be the hours when a day of 61 hours is regarded as a radical change? We venture to say that the proposed Civil Service day is from one to l

three hours shorter than the average day of business managers and clerks. The bank officers in this city average not less than 9 hours per day, they are on duty frequently 10 to 12 hours, and no lunch hour is allowed, while their application to work is very much closer, and their speed at work far higher than in the Ottawa departments. We are satisfied that the Ottawa staff would in time be improved by longer hours than If business rules prevailed, a more those proposed. business tone would be imparted, and the Civil Service would cease to have such attractions as it hashad for those who desire to combine a very easy, short hours, lounging style of life, with drawing public money largely as a political compliment to some constituent of the member who secured the appointment. The duty of recommending reforms should have been left to the Royal Commission. The Deputy Ministers are Civil Servants, and it would have been strange indeed if they had advised any changes that were disagreeable to themselves. The withdrawal of the franking privilege from the clerks will reduce internal private correspondence, and leave the staff more time to attend to public duty. But this reform is too cheese-paring, it ought to be absolutely abolished, and official documents alone be postage free. One of the most urgent reforms needed is the oversight of the staff while on duty. It would no doubt be a highly offensive change for the offices to be under such discipline as would keep the staff at work, but if this were done it would result in a considerable weeding out of loungers. There is already an intensely rebellious spirit being shown against the changes that are being made and proposed. We would, however, advise Civil Servants to be civil; they will not gain public respect by kicking at the reform broom.

#### AMERICAN PARTIES AND RECIPROCITY.

The negotiations that have been going on for a long time between the Washington authorities and those of foreign States, the legislation by which the tariff relations of the States are controlled, the arrangements made for mutual concessions relating to their respective customs duties between the Republic and other powers, all prove that though all these are classed as acts of Reciprocity, there is little, if anything, in them to justify such a term. It is this misuse of the phrase, this misunderstanding in regard to what really constitutes reciprocity in international relations that causes the difficulty that exists in establishing reciprocity of tariffs between this country and the States. The exchange of different articles for their equivalents in value does not make a reciprocal act. If a friend sends us the assurance of his good wishes at this season, we reply that his kindliness is reciprocated. If our poulterer sends us a turkey that is charged to our account, although the service is a mutual one, it is not one that can be properly styled an act of reciprocity.

The treaties made between the States and the countries to the South stipulate that certain products of each, that the other does not grow or make, shall be allowed to enter the respective ports of the two contracting parties free of duty, or on terms more favorable than the imports from other lands. Such treaties are a commercial exchange of equivalents in value, as much as the parting with a dollar bill for ten silver dimes. Such treaties imply no mutual good-will, neither party concedes anything that involves a sacrifice, but on the contrary the bargain is entered into solely to secure something by each party that he needs, and which by

the treaty he considers that he has secured on profitable terms to himself.

If Canada grew tobacco and the States did not, there would long ago have been a so called Reciprocity Treaty made between the two countries based upon the enormous demand for this article in one country and our desire to sell it in a large open market. As, however, there is not one single article of prime importance produced by us that the States imperatively require, or one that we can only get there, as, in a word, we are rivals in business, there are lacking the essential conditions for international arrangements between Canada and the United States of the same nature as those made by that country with southern powers, by treaties that are dubbed "Reciprocity."

The Republican party that is making treaties of this nature so freely, is the party that shows so much aversion to adopting a like policy with this country, The inference is irresistible that in the opinion of the American people, as evidenced by their support of the Republican party, a Reciprocity treaty with Canada could not be made to serve their trading interests, as those treaties are expected to do which have been made with other nations. The democrats who coquet with Free Trade, without any serious intentions of espousal, plead that the other party has made the idea of reciprocity with Canada so obnoxious that they dare not affront public sentiment by making it a plank in their platform. A leading organ of the democratic party recently said;

"All executive and all legislative action has for its object the humilation of the Dominion—its degradation if possible. By its attitude on the "Canadian question" the Republican party has made it almost impossible for the Democracy to join issue with it on that question. The latter would be put on the defensive at once if it so acted as to invite the good will of Canada towards this country. Prejudices have been so carefully nursed, and wilful misrepresentation of Canadian feeling has been so cleverly managed that the growing hostility of the United States to Canada has come to such a point that an American politician dare not stand up and take any other but the extreme view that is popular in administration circles."

We are told by an eminent authority that we cannot be Americans and Canadians at the same time, which means that if we desire those trade advantages that a reciprocity treaty might confer, we must reciprocate more truly by entering the Union.

However earnestly then Canada may desire to make some favorable tariff managements with her neighbor, in the present state of political feeling in the States, a feeling that dominates both political parties,—a feeling therefore that may fairly said to be universal all over the Republic,—the prospects of a Reciprocity Treaty being entered into between the two countries are so remote, so obscure, that the question cannot now be regarded as in the sphere of "practical politics."

#### LEAD COATED PLATES AND PIPES.

A process of coating iron sheets and piping with lead, as certain metals are plated with silver, has been invented. The sheets it is affirmed are more serviceable, than galvanized terne plates as the process of galvanizing somewhat weakens the iron sheets to which it is applied. One marked advantage of the process is that iron plates or pipes coated with lead can be bent, closed and rivetted without breaking the coating, owing to its extreme thinness, and the well known elasticity of lead. The metal is applied 2 oz. to the square foot, so that we presume the cost of lead plating will be less than of galvanizing. This is after all a return to a very old usage, for lead has for centuries been used for roofing purposes, and this new process simply brings the metal back to a duty for which it is pre-eminently well adapted .

#### RAILWAY TICKETS FOR ELECTORS.

A decision was given at Toronto on 19th by Justice Rose in regard to the supplying of railway tickets to carry votors to polling stations. The Judge ruled that although the G. F.R., had nominally charged the cost of tickets to an election agent to extent of \$10,000, yet his financial position was such as to prove that they were really given free, in order to offset similar activity on behalf of the opposite party by the C.P.R. By this decision the railways in future may place their several lines at the service of any political party they desire to help without risk. of bresking the law. In the public interest the judgment is one not to be commended. The enormous power of a railway, its means of doing a political party invaluable service at election times by carrying voters wholesale free of charge, its influence over thousands of votors who are in its service, are all strong temptations to make those powers a political lever to lift a government into or out of power, as the interests of the railway may suggest to be desirable. The public have a vital interest in placing and keeping all such corporations under the absolute control of the government, but if they can sway an election, then the governing authority will be in the hands of the great corporations. The decision of Judge Rose should be considered by Parliament.

#### THE SENECAL COMMISSIONS.

The government has commenced suits for the recovery of those commissions that were paid by a number of firms to Mr. Senecal, ex-superintendent of the Printing Bureau, Ottawa. We may fairly assume that with so strong an array of legal talent at the Board of the Privy Council, such a step would not have been taken unless the ground was clear for such actions, both as to the law involved and the provalidity of the facts necessary to sustain the suits. The result will be of extreme importance not to the officials, and the government only, but to the mercantile community. The law in this matter, which we were the first to draw attention to in the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE of October 30th last, page 806, is one specially made to protect the public, it is not applicable to the affairs of private persons. But if these suits are successful, the principle will be established that com. missions paid to an intermediary between the firm selling, and the firm buying, are paid at the cost of the latter, and constitute an equitable claim against the seller, who is to be held responsible for the acts of his agent.

That large corporations, such as railways, and manufacturing companies, are taxed constantly in all they purchase by commissions paid to some officials is notorious. The "toll taker" is not a monopoly of Quebec. Officials are paid commissions to secure their influence in getting orders; to induce them to sanction unduly high prices; to pass goods inferior to sample; to pass estimates before the work estimated for is really done; to report adversely upon a rival's goods, and to conceal defects in articles that have been supplied. The commission payer will even condescend to treat the workmen of a firm at a saloon bar in order to stop them reporting deficiencies and imperfections. in tools, machinery and other goods used in a factory, such as it is their duty to make known, and which being concealed are a source of loss to the proprietor. One of the methods by which some firms are swindled by a commission payer, is for him to get their advertisements transferred from high class papers of long standing, wide circulation, and honorable repute, to some sheet that is only kept alive by such underhand tactics, indeed in some cases by downright blackmail. Some years ago we saw a mill pond emptied by a break in a wall. It was crossed by a bridge, part of a public road between the country and a large At the bottom of this pond were tons of placards, and city. other advertising matter, which had been thrown over the bridge to save the trouble of distribution. These advertisements were not more absolutely wasted than those inserted in certain disreputable sheets with high sounding titles, as they have no circulation that is of the slightest service to any institution, manufacturer or merchant. How can an advertisement be of service that is only circulated amongst the competitors of the advertiser ?

It is, however, the railways, factories, and all users of materials for manufacturing, that are bled in one form or other by commissions being paid to their representatives by houses from whom they buy these supplies. Cases have been known even of one partner taking a commission unknown to his firm, a commission to sanction an act in the name and on behalf of the firm that was an absolute fraud upon it. Not long ago the President of a Canadian Gas Company was proved to have been regularly in receipt of commissions from American coal mine proprietors, and he was driven into disgrace by the exposure. Engineers are peculiarly open to this temptation, and a recent and very sad case, shows how fatal it is to be found ont. Yet it is done on a large scale by certificates for extras being given—for a commission paid by the contractor.

The government suits will do much to stamp this business with shame. They will cause very general enquiries to be made that will alarm those unfaithful officials who have sold their honor for a commission, and be a caution to bribers of public and private servants. When the firms are called upon to hand over the commissions paid by them to Mr. Senecal to Mr. Senecal's master, they and the public will learn a needed lesson as to the location of the pocket out of which these commissions really were drawn.

#### JOHN RITCHIE, QUEBEC.

The announcement of the suspension of John Ritchie, manufacturer of boots and shoes, Quebec, was scarcely a surprise to the trade in this city, as for some time, he has been known to have had a hard struggle with bad trade and over competition. It is impossible as yet to give any reliable figures, but stock is being taken and a statement may be ready for the meeting of creditors called for the 30th inst. Mr. Ritchie started in 1879 and the creditors are generally friendly in their remarks, so that it is not unlikely he will be able to effect a settlement. A Montreal creditor who has visited Quebec says that the liabilities will be \$50,000 to \$60,000, probably nearer the inside figure. Outsiders think there has been a heavy shrinkage and that the estate will turn out none too well. There has been some talk about bank accommodation, etc., but this is mere conjecture. Beardmore and Co., yf Toronto, are probably the largest creditors. Montreal names mentioned are Duncan McIntosh, \$7000 to \$8,000; H. J. Fisk, \$4,000; J. E. M. Whitney & Co., \$1,500; J. H. Wardlow \$1,000; L. H. Packard and Shaw, Cassils & Co., the latter for small amounts.' A creditor states that Ritchie had a good record and could easily have extended his line of credit to the extent of \$50,000 before his failure if he had been so disposed.

#### INSURANCE ASTRONOMY.

Considering the gloomy atmosphere prevalent of late it is hard to believe, but it is none the less true that the solar luminary has been paying special local attention this month. Whether it proposes to absorb some other body, or to throw off from its own mass a satellite of its own, is not yet known. This orb has an infinite stomach for taking in smaller bodies by the irresistible force of its attractive powers. The probability is that one of these that now occupy an independent local orbit will disappear, and he replaced by the satellite aforesaid, as lawyers say, which will be immediately dependent upon, and form a portion of the system of the larger body. Some time ago in commenting upon the re-organisation of the old Sun Fire Office, we predicted the appearance of the company in the Canadian field. Our judgment is likely to be verified, as a movement is on foot to establish a local business, and the question is whether the Sun will simply establish a city branch, a satellite, or absorb one of the existing companies and with this as a nucleus, endeavor to build up a larger connection. Other insurance luminaries will not be gratified at the Sun's appearance, as they have all the light they need, and competition supplies as much heat by friction as is good for them.

#### ROUGH ON RATS.

Our clever and lively contemporary "Rough Notes," has administered a dose to a city paper which is enough to do for it what "Rough on Rats," does for rodents of another class. It distinctly charges The Insurance and Finance Chronicle with misappropriating portions of an editorial published in its August issue. The I. & F. C. tried hard to squirm out of this charge, but only got deeper into the mud by an explanation which Rough Notes shows to be false in fact. After demonstrating that what the Chronicle offered as an explanation could not possibly

be true, it closes its exposure of the falsehood in these words, "We are not charging a contemporary with theft from rash conjecture." In another column it rubs salt into the wound thus, "The Insurance Chronicle, familiar as it is with waste basket loneliness, longs for good society and has asked us to favor itwith the companionship of Rough Notes." The Editor, however, refuses this courtesy point blank on the ground that he prefers "better company." Such a triplet of stabs and snubs, as a charge of falsehood, stealing and refusal to exchange, seldom falls to the lot of a journalist. The Chronicle, therefore is quite a distinguished figure at present, a figure which is too scandalous and lamentable however, to excite the laughter of L'homme qui rit," or of any who are interested in the honor of journalism.

#### THE NEW MINISTRY.

The Provincial Cabinet has been completed and is as follows . C. B. De Boucherville, premier and president of the council. T. C. Casgrain, attorney general. G. A. Nantel, commissioner of public works. E. J. Flynn, commissioner of crown lands. J. S. Hall, provincial treasurer. Louis Beaubien, commissioner of agriculture. L. P. Pelletier, provincial secretary, L. R. Masson, L.O. Taillon, J. McIntosh, ministers without portfolio. If the Cabinet is sustained at the polls they will have a highly unenviable task in bringing the affairs of the province into order, and we anticipate their finding a state of affairs in regard to the funds received from Europe on the last loan that will prove the necessity of a radical reform in provincial expenditure. The Courrier "Four millions received from Europe have du Canada says : been expended to the very last sou, and the floating debt has not been extinguished, the two millions of railway deposits have not been reimbursed and we have still a floating debt of five or six millions. This is one of the terrible aspects of our financial. situation."

#### HELLO! INSPECTOR OF INSURANCE!

We beg to call up Mr. Fitzgerald, Inspector of Insurance, Ottawa, to ask him this question: "What are you going to do about the funds remaining undistributed of those insurance companies that have been wound up? For example, there is a sum of money in a bank at Ottawa belonging to the shareholders of the late Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company. This conpany has been dissolved, but there is money on hand which is the undoubted property of the shareholders or of their living representatives. The new Provincial Treasurer of Quebec is in the latter position. To engage a lawyer to recover this money would simply be to commission a hungry cat to fetch a mouse out of its retreat—the whole thing would be gobbled up. The Inspector of Insurance can effect a distribution of these funds, and we trust he will not need any further urging to do the needful.

#### FRAUDULENT LABELS.

For some time past complaints have been made by Canadian distillers that American imitations of well knows brands of Canadian whiskeys were being put on the market, the labels, brands and even the revenue stamps on which are counterfeited. Mr. Walker has had detectives at work with the result that the guilty parties have been located in Chicago. Criminal actions against all the parties to the fraud will shortly be instituted. This probably will explain what we pointed out some time ago, that certain brands of beverages were sold of two qualities, one very inferior to the other. There are whiskies vended that are almost weak enough to suit the conscience of a teetotaller.

The failure of John B. A. Rickaby, who kept a fancy retail grocery on Beaver Hall Hill, city, is announced with liabilities of \$13,000. The stand was not considered an extra good one and competition is keen in this line in the west end. Of late Mr. Rickaby has found himself cramped for money, owing to the difficulty of making collections.

The Legislature of Quebec is dissolved. The House will not meet again as now constituted. The elections will take place on 8th March. Another Royal Commission will be appointed to investigate other transactions of the late Provincial Government. By the time these affairs are through there will be a very loud cry, "Let us have peace," and give business a chance to be attended to.

AMONGST those who will lament the death of Father Dowd, none will have more reason than the managers of the City and District Savings Bank, which has reason to remember very grate-fully the late Father's services.

MR. ROBERT MUNRO, of the firm of Fergusson, Alexander & Co., lead and color makers, Montreal, has taken advantage of the quiet season in this trade to go over to Glasgow and spend. Christ-mas with his Scotch friends. Until his return, about the middle of January, Mr. W. H. Evans will take charge of the business.

The firms against whom suits have been commenced to re-cover sums paid as commissions to Mr. Senecal are Miller & Richards, type founders, Toronto, \$6000; Barber, Ellis & Co., Toronto, \$2000; Polson Iron Works Co., Toronto, \$540; Buntin, Reid & Co., Toronto, \$300; J. T. Johnston Toronto Type Foun-dry, \$1500; Dominion Type Founding Co., of Montreal, \$1800; George Lowe, machinist, Ottawa, \$800; McLean, Roger & Co., \$750 \$750.

#### Porrespondence.

Acadia Mines, N.S., Nov. 23rd, 1891.

Editor JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

DEAR SIR,-Enclosed please find P. O. Order for \$1.50 am't due for Subscription to date, and please have our naime Erased of your Subscribers list,—as we don't want the *thing* round here any longer. Any Editor who can display as much *Ignorance* as any longer. Any Editor who can display as much Ignorance as you have done in the Matter of the Independent Order of For-risters is certainly unworthy of the patronage of an Intiligant reader.

#### Yours, etc.,

#### D. J. FERGUSON.

We print the above precisely as it is written, in all its unadorned beauty of style, spelling, and manners. A correspondent "who can display as much Ignorance," with a capital I, is unworthy the serious attention of an "Intiligant" Editor; though what "Intiligant" means is a "thing" which even our dictionaries decline to mention.-ED.

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MONTREAL CLEARING HOUSE .- Olearings and balances week ending 24th December 1891 :---ુ્ર

		and the second second	Clearings.	Balances,
18th	Decemb	ər 1891	\$2,090,885	\$241,094
18th			1,818,619	177,292
21st	**	1891		227,956
22nd	(*		1,880,711	256,623
23rd	б	1891		191,315
24th	61		1,713,633	210,689
Т	tal		\$10,771,025	\$1,304,969
		0		\$ 847,280
108	⊳+ek 188	9	\$ 7,873,924	8 923,972

## Meetings, Reports, &c.

#### BANK OF OTTAWA.

The seventeenth annual meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Ottawa was held in the Board Room of the bank on the afternoon of Ottawa was held in the Board Room of the bank on the afternoon of the 10th inst. Among those present were Meesrs. Blackburn, Keefer, N. Bate, Hon. Geo. Bryson, son., Alex. Fraser, George Hay, Ohas. Magee, John Mather, David MacLaren, Shoriff Sweetland, J. C. Edwards, G. Church, J. G. Whyte, H. Bobinson, W. F. Alluway (of Winnipeg), Hon. F. Clemow, A. H. Edwards, James Cunningham, D. K. Cowley, D. Murphy and Wm. Scott. On motion of Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Hay, Mr. Charles Magee, the vice-president, took the chair, and the cashier was re-quested to act as secretary. The chairman then called upon the cashier to read the report of the directors as follows:

#### REPORT.

The balance at credit of profit and loss account on the 30th November, 1890, was ..... Net prefits for the year ending 30th November, 1891, 31,079 83

after deducting expenses of management, reduction in bank premises, and making necessary provision for in-terest due to depositors, uncarned interest on current

disconnts, and for all bad and doubtful debts, .... \$153,561 16

\$184,640 99

Appropriated as follows : Dividend No. 30, peid 1st June, 1891..... \$40,000 00 Dividend No. 31, payable 1st Dec., 1891..... 40,962 37 Oarried to rest account ..... ..... 75,000 00

	<b>\$100,9</b> 62	31	
To which has to be added the premium from the new	\$28,678 500,000	00	
stock paid in	74,468	60	

Total rest account...... \$574,468 50

The usual careful inspections of the different offices of the bank

The officers of the bank have performed their respective duties diligently and to the satisfaction of the directors. All of which is respectfully submitted.

#### JAMES MACLAREN, President.

\$6,144,837 03

	GBUAMAN	Of WY DWWW P	ON HURDINITINO WAD, WOORTO	AO UA OUTH	-
		· •	NOVEMBER, 1891.	••	. 5
			Liabilities.	İar	
ote	in circu	lation		\$1,031,468	00

	Deposits not bearing interest	531,523 39	9 004 455 00
l	Balances due to other Canadian banks'in daily exchanges		3,224,477 38 804 91
	Balances due to agents in the United Kingdom	· · · · · ·	15,441 25
	Total liabilities to the public Oapital paid up (subscribed \$1,387,100). Best Dividend No. 31 Former dividends unpäid Beserved for interest and exchange Bebate on current discounts Balanced of profit and loss account car-		
1	rled forward	28,678 62	1 879 BIK 40

Assets			•	
Specie	\$115,715	29		
Dominion notes	111,358	00		
Notes of and cheques on other Canadian	-			
banks	85,042			
Deposits in other Canadian banks	311,131	55		
Balances due from other Canadian banks				
in daily exchanges	2,346	47		
Balances due from other banks in foreign			,	
countries	145,361	66		
Dominion Government debentures or	180.000	~~		
Btock	172,300	00		
Deposit with Dominion Government for	10 900	~~		
security of note circulation	19,300	00	962,555	02
Toons and bills discounted				
Loans and bills discounted			5,084,185	
Overdue debts			14,626	07
Real estate, the property of the bank, othe	r than ba	nk		
premises			24,729	38
Mortgages on real estate sold by the ban			8,239	58
Bank premises	••••	•••	50,500	
			,	_

\$6,144,837 03

#### GRO. BURN, Cashier.

In moving the adoption of the report, the vice-president said; I regret the absence of our respected president, Mr. MacLaren, to-day, as I am sure every one in this room will, when they know that the is seried of all of the series of the statement and sign that his condi-tion is very much improved within the last few days, and that he was able to examine the figures of the statement and sign the report.

The statement which you have just heard read, ought to very satis-factory to the shareholders. It is the best showing we have yet been able to make, and that is saying a good deal, as we have been fortu-

able to make, and that is saying a good deal, as we have been fortu-nate in having a series of successful balance sheets. The net profits are over 15 per cent on the paid up capital—this is after making provision for every debt of a doubtful character, and writing off \$2 900 from bank premises account. The head office building, including safes and fittings, now stands at \$40,000, the property at Carleton Place at \$8,000, whilst the safes and strings of the office are held of merely nominal formes

fittings at the other offices are held at merely nominal figures. Comparing the figures in the report with those of last year, I find that in circulation there is an increase of \$174,094, in deposits of \$78,-

766, and in loans and discounts of \$678,641. The directors have, as usual, made careful inspections of all the offices and valuations of the securities held for loans and bills under discount, and to the best of their judgment the business of the bank is in sound and healthy condition, as well as being strong in the confid-ence of their customers and the public generally.

I therefore think I can congratulate the shareholders not only on the results of the past, but on the prospects of the future. We have had a very abundant harvest this year, and owing to the failure of the creps in may parts of Europe, good prices are being realized for our surplus. The effect of the good harvest is being felt in every Pro-vince of the Dominion, and I look forward to a very general revival of basiness. The lumber trade promises to be fairly remunerative. The labor strike of last summer reduced the output of sawn lumber, and profiting by past experience, the manufacturers of square timber are acting cautiously and are not likely to over stock the market this year

The bank is doing a large and profitable business at Winnipeg and Keewatin, and, in fact, business at all the branches, as well as at this office, is prosperous.

In Ontario the mainstay of our business is the lumber trade, and in Manitoba it is the grain trade. Both of those businesses being con-ducted either on a cash or short credit basis, they are not subjected to as great risks from bad debts as other kinds of mercantile business at the larger contres, where long credits and renewals are customary. I do not wish to convey the idea that this bank confines its business to the staples mentioned. On the contrary the business is distributed amongst all the various kinds of manufacturing and mercantile operations carried on at the points where we have agencies ; but what I want to point out is that necessarily the larger part of loanable funds of the bank is employed in facilitating the carrying on of the two leading lines of business I have mentioned, viz, grain and lumber, and business arising out of them, and although it may take considerable time for these products to reach the market, yet when sold, the terms of credit being short, the banker's risk is less. The addition to the capital stock will strengthen the position of the bank and enable it to take business that would otherwise have had

to be refused. The prompt acceptance of the allotment by the shareholders shows confidence in the management as well as faith in its earning powers. Although six months is given by law for the taking up of these allotments, \$423,000 has been subscribed in less than six wooks.

The amended Banking Act went into operation on the first of July last, and in many respects it is an improvement on the old Act. The Government acted wisely in taking counsel with the representatives of the banks and in adopting many of their suggestions. The most important amendment passed is the one requiring a deposit of five per cent with the Government on the average circulation of every bank as security for the payment of the circulation of any suspended bank. There are still some amendments of a minor character that can with advantage be made.

At one of the bankors' meetings, held when the new bill was be-fore Parliament, steps were taken for the formation of a Bankers' Association, and a committee was then appointed to draft a constitution, and although this committee have been somewhat slow in getting to work, they are now ready to report and a meeting is to be held at an early date in Montreal,

An association of this kind is much needed, and in times of finan-oial disturbance, or when danger is threatened, the Canadian banks by acting together would be able strengthen and sustain the mercantile credit of the country. The importance of united action on the part of the British banks was recently seen when the great house of Baring Broz, was in difficulties, and a great disaster was only averted by the promptitude of Mr. Lidderdale, the Governor of the Bank of Eng-land, in making arrangements with other large banks to take up all Barings' accentances as they fall day Barings' acceptances as they fell due, This Association could also watch legislation affecting banking and

mercantile interests.

At the present time there is a very general demand for a "Do-minion Act" to deal with the distribution of insolvent estates, and no class of business men could give better advice in the framing of such an Act than representatives of the banking interests. Such an association could aid in devising some means of prevent-

ing the circulation of American currency to the loss and detrimen' of Canadian banks. The American government having placed an em-bargo of 10 per cent on Canadian currency entering the United States, I think a little reciprocity in this direction would do no harm.

I need not take up more of your time in commenting on the report, but will move, seconded by Hon. G. Bryson : That the report of the directors and statement now read be adopted, and printed for the in-formation of the shareholders. Before putting this motion to the meeting, however, I shall delay, in order to give any shareholder present an opportunity of commenting upon the report, or of making any enquiries he may see fit.

enquiries he may see nt. Hon. George Bryson having seconded the resolution, Mr. J. G. Whyte enquired whether, under the new Banking Act, the banks were oblig-ed to hold a stated percentage of their public liabilities in specie and Dominion notes to which the cashier replied in the negative, but he explained that the law required each bank to hold not less than forty ner can't fits ceah reserves in Dominion notes. per cent of its cash reserves in Dominion notes.

No further remarks being offered, the motion was put and carried unanimously

It was then moved by Mr. T. C. Keefer, and seconded by Mr. J. G. Whyte, "That the thanks of the shareholders are due and are hereby tendered to the president, vice-president and directors for their careful attention to the interests of the bank during the past year."-Carried.

Mr. Geo. Hay, on behalf of the board of directors, thanked the shareholders for the resolution just adopted. It was then moved by Mr. David MucLaren, seconded by Mr. J.

C. Edwards, "That the thanks of the shareholders be tendered to the cashler and other officers of the bank for the efficient manner in which they have discharged their respective duties "Before moving this Before moving this resolution Mr. MacLaren said that his father, Mr. James MacLaren, had requested him to say that he regretted he was unable to be present to meet the shareholders, and that he wished to congratulate them on the success which had attended the bank's operations during the past vear

The resolution was then put to the meeting and carried unani-

Mr. Burn replied as follows: I thank you very sincerely on be-half of the other employees of the bank, and of myself, for the com-plimentary manner in which the motion, just carried, was received, and the words of kindly appreciation which accompanied it. I do not hesitate to say that we have a staff of officials who are diligent and sealous in the interests of the bank, and trustworthy in the highand there is the set of the set o tors, hope to deserve success, and to meet with comparatively few reverses

He then made some remarks regarding the new Banking Act, quoting from a paper read before the recent convention in New Orleans of the American Bankers' Association, in which a United States backer spoke in terms of high commendation of the Canadian banking sys-tem. Allusions were also made by Mr. Burn to a decision of the United States Revenue Department, in ruling that a bank in the United States interesting Department, in fulling that a bank in the United States which pays out Canadian bank bills happening to come into its possession in the ordinary course of its business, even to an individual coming to Canada, is liable to a tax of 10 per cent on the amount so paid out, while on the other hand, United States currency of all kinds passes current at par in Canada, even silver certificates, when the silver on which these certificates are based would only be taken at a discourt. In the absence of lordelytion on the enbict ha taken at a discount. In the absence of legislation on the subject, he urged that the public should aid in reducing the circulation of Ameri-can money to a minimum, by depositing in the banks any such currency they receive instead of paying it away. It was then moved by Sheriff Sweetland, seconded by Mr. Cun-

ningham. "That the ballot-box be now opened and remain open until five o'clock, for the election of seven directors for the ensuing year, and that Messre, D Murphy and William Scott be appointed scrutineers, the polls to be closed whenever five minutes shall have elapsed with-out a vote being tendered."-Carried.

The scrutineers presented the following report:

Ottawa, Dec. 9th, 1891.

To Geo. Burn, Esq., Cashier: SIB,--We, the undersigned scrutineers appointed at the general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Ottawa, held this day, hereby declare the following gentlemen duly elected directors for the enaulog year: Messrs. James MacLaren, Charles Magee, Robert Black-burn, Alex. Fraser, Hon. George Bryson, sen., George Hay, John Mather Mather.

D MURPHY, WM. SCOTT, Scrutineers.

At a meeting of the newly elected board of directors, held subsequently, James MacLaren, Esq., was re-elected president, and Charles Magee, Esq., vice-president,

WINDHAM, CONN. SOUTH

-MANUFACTURERS OF-

PAPER MACHINERY

-CONSISTING OF-

Fourdrinier and Cylinder Machines, Washing and Beating Engines, Air-Drying Machinery for Drying Sized Papers.

COLE MANUFACTURERS of the Jordan Patent Beating Engine, which has no rival for clearing the stock for fine papers. Chilled Iron and Paper Roll Super Calenders, Plate Calenders, Chilled Stack Calenders, Rag Cutters, Hand and Power Cutting Presses and Stop Cutters; the Hatch Patent Stop Cutter, the only cutter that can be regulated to cut between water marks of writing paper. Screens, brass and nickel plated, the latter warranted to wear twice as long as brass. Bed Plates, Roll Bars, Fan and Plunger Pumps.

Also Gun Metal Covered Rolls, for Size and Press Rolls; Stevenson Water Wheels. Shafting and Mill Gearing generally.

10%, 12%, 13%

IN ::: MONTHLY ::: PAYMENTS.

MAY-MAZEPPA STOCK. Price, \$1.25 PER SHARE. Regular dividend 11-4 per cent monthly; paid since June \$110,000 in dividends. April dividend, \$12,500.

BATES HUNTER SHARES, par \$1; price 70 cents per share. Monthly dividend equal to 1 per cent. on price. APRIL DIVIDEND, \$7,500.

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED GOLD MIN-ING COMPANY, GENERAL BENJ. F. BUTLER, President; shares, par \$10.00. Price, \$6.00 per DIVIDEND MONTHLY, 5 CENTS PER share. SHARE - 10 PER CENT. PER ANNUM ON PRICE OF STOCK.

All Dividends by Check. Send for Information. COY INVESTMENT GOLORADO MINING JAMES GILFILLAN, - - Treasurer. (Ex-Treasurer of the United States), AMES BUILDING, - BOSTON

NO MORE BURST PIPES.

Bell Telephone 2438.

147 St James St., MONTREAL

Of Montreal and Toronto,

Real Estate

AND Investment Brokers.

Owners of -

Money to Loan.

ANNEX

Debentures for Sale.

MONTREAL

B. A. MAINWARING

Montreal.

O. J. MOUTAIG,

Toronto

An ingenious device to prevent pipes from bursting by frost, is a cup-shaped air chamber attached to a piece of pipe, which can be coupled at both ends with the pipe to be protected. The air chamber is separated from the water flowing through the pipes by means of a rubber diappragm. In case the water in the pipe freezes, the expansion of the water, instead of finding an outlet by burst-ing the pipe, simply forces the diaphragm to yield, thus compressing the air cushion with-in the cup. It is said that a pipe so protected will have entire immunity from bursting by will have entire immunity from bursting by frost.

Several good reasons WHY the Trade should handle

# IELISSA RAINPROOF COATS

## Instead of RUBBER COATS.

MELISSA Coats will always be found good sound reliable stock and will not deteriorate in value.

MELISSA Coats will not get stiff, hard and worthless after being on the shelves a few weeks as Rubber Coats generally do.

- MELISSA Coats will never be brought back by customers, a few days after purchase, with sleeves and collars off as rubber coats frequently are.
- MELISSA Coats are full value for their pricesimply as ordinary cape overcoats leaving out of account altogether their GREAT value as rainproofs.

As MELISSA Coats are sold to all dealers at uniform prices, no one can undersell his neighbor.

IT WILL PAY dealers to see these goods before placing orders for waterproofs.

Spring Samples are now in the hands of Travellers in all parts of the Dominion.

## MELISSA MANUFACTURING CO.

J. W. MACKEDIE & CO., Montreal, WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR THE DOMINION

THE ocean "lane" routes suggested by the nautical experts of the Marine Department to be followed by the Allan, Dominion, Beaver and other steamship lines trading to and from Canada, constitute a reliable source of comparison of distances from Canadian and American ports to ports in Great Britain. From Halifax to Plymouth the distance is given at 2,443 miles; from Quebec to Plymouth, by Grape Race, 2,788, and by way of the straits of Belle Isle, 2,696 miles. The distance from New York to Fastnet light, on the Irish cosst, is 2,766 miles, and from Boston to Fastnet, 2,588 miles. This is by the northern or sum-mer 'route. Tho southern route, which is weed in winter, makes the distance from New York 2,843 miles and from Boston 2,684 miles, the comparison thus showing considerable advantage in favor of the Oanadian ports. The difference is, however, even greater than appears by the figures given, for it must be remembered that the Amorican routes are calculated from Sandy Hook and Fastnet lights as points of departure, while from the Canadian side the distances are computed between port and port.

1174

#### FASHIONABLE TABLE LINEN.

According to the Mercer, fashion has set her seal upon pure white as the most elegant tone for table use this winter. Touches of color of course are permissible, especially in the way of doylies, but the most superb examples of the looms of the Old World have their snowy expanse nubroken by color. Hemstitching, drawn work, heavy band embroidery and embroidery of cobweb fineness are the embellishments in all sorts of household linen. Lace insertions and edgings find some favor, but not to the same extent, except perhaps in finger bowl doyles, a variety of which, of the finest mousseline de sole, in various tints, edged with point lace, shares honors with others of Irish linen, hand embroidered in raised butterflies. The chrysanthemum and bow-knot patterns are prominent in tableoloths and napkins of the most noted weaves, cloths five and six yards long showing a double border st either end. Magnificent specimens are of royal Ardoyne linen, the weaves said to be used by the royal family, for lustre and quality not unlike a rich satin.

ELECTRICITY VERSUS STRAM .- The cost of electric as compared with steam power is most favorable for the former in the case of some wharf cranes on a London dock. A tenton and a two-ton steam crane required for their operation \$1,250 worth of coal per year, steam being required night and day. The cranes were fitted with electric gear at a cost of \$1,500. A gas engine drives the dynamo, cranes, a chaff outter, a corn-crusher, and a common friction hoist, at an expense of \$280 for the year.

Financial.

#### MONTREAL, Thursday Evening,

Dec. 24th, 1891. As a broker put it, some of the civic

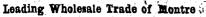
magnates were again "floundering" around among the banks in an effort to dispose of a block of sterling on city account. The amount is not definitely known but remarks were made that the authorities were not likely to make a good job of it Christmas Eve. One man said their tour began one day too soon. It is common opinion on the local Wall street that tenders should be called for and patronage loving aldermen scored out, Sterling, 60 days sight, 8 3-16 @ 5-16 and 8] @ ]; demand 8 13-16 @ 15-16 and 9] @

 $\frac{1}{4}$ ; cables  $9\frac{5}{5}$  (a)  $\frac{1}{2}$ : New York funds 1-10 dis., (a) 1-16 and  $\frac{1}{5}$  prem. (b)  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Posted ster-ling in New York 482 $\frac{1}{2}$  and 4.84 $\frac{1}{4}$ . Consols 95 3-16 money, 95 5-16 account. Bank of England rate  $3\frac{1}{2}$ ; street  $2\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. The feature on the Montreal Exchange has been the drop in Telegraph which has declined from 135 $\frac{1}{2}$  to 124, with little recovery at the close. Another bomb shell on the part of the Ameri-can clique. similar to the oae which frightened an clique, similar to the one which frightened investors before, is rumored. Brokers think that after a bad break the stock will be quietly taken up by parties who want control. The taken up by parties who want control. The short interest has been largely increased, aided by the tightness of the money market, which has stiffened with the close of the month. Commercial Cable seems strongly held. Regular stock sold up to 147. The accompanying table gives, the total sales, in-cluding regular and ex-dividend stock, quo-tations applying to the latter only. Canadian Pacific was moderately dealt in between 90g and 91. Bell Telenhone is not so active but and 91. Bell Telephone is not so active, but fluctuations have been wide. Only trifling deals have been made in other securities. Money on this market 5, 54, and 6 per cent on call. A street rumor is that the Grand Trunk is interested in the Telegraph deal, as it wants a complete line of its own.

Banks.	No. Shares.	Highest price.	Lowest price.	Average this week last year
Commerce	31	135	1341	124
Merchants	50	151	1481	1421
Ontario	• 4	1104	1104	<u>110</u>
Moisons	57	161	160	
Quebec	1	120	120	
Peoples	12	99	994	97
Miscellaneous.	·· .	1		
Telegraph 5	456	1351	124	98
Com: Cable	1,350	1451	144	
N. W. Land				701
Bichelieu	26	57	_ 54	
Street Railway, new	. 5	183	182	
Can. Pacific	1,220	91	70 <del>1</del>	714
Bell Telephone	242	1581	_ 154 <u>1</u>	102
	1 A A			19 C

SCOTCH

STRAIGHT



# WHOLESALE DRY GOODS MONTREAL. PURSES. SATCHELS. FANS.

BUTTONS DRESS TRIMMINGS.

MANTLE TRIMMINGS DRESS ORNAMENTS MANTLE ORNAMENTS

WHITE FLANNELS **GREY FLANNELS** SCARLET FLANNELS **OPERA FLANNELS** PRINTED FLANNELS GERMAN FLANNELS FLANNELETTES TABLE LINENS

LINEN TOWELS LINEN SHEE NS, &c., &c.

Carsley & Co.

Wholesale Dry Goods, 113 St. Peter Street, MONTREAL.

18 Bartholomew Close, London, Eng.

#### TO KEEP WINDOWS OLEAN FROM FROST.

The only way to keep windows clean from frost is to cut a' space through the window frame at the bottom and another at the top of the windows fronting on the street. Then close up the back of the window from the store proper. This keeps a current of cold air circulating inside of the show window, making the interior of the display window the same temperature as the street all the time. You will never have frost on your windows if you follow this plan,—Corr. of Chicaga Apparel Gazette.

WHISKEY, Or what is termed in the trade, a SELF or ENTIRE Whiskey. We carry in stock only two brands of "STRAIGHT" HIGHLAND MALTS, but they are undoubtedly the two best to be had. They are The "Lagavulin" Specially Selected AND \* Long John's " Dew of Ben Nevis. Both STRAIGHT Scotch Whiskies, one the pro-duct of the Lagavulin Distillery, on the Island of Islay ; the other the product of Donald P. Mo-Donald's Distillory at Fort William, near Inver-ness, and popularly known as Long John's Dew of Ben Nevis 50 cases Long John Straight Scotch Whiekey. 50 cases Legavalin Straight Scotch Whiekey. 1n BLENDED Highland Malt Whi kies we have a lot of reliable brands, and there is no doubt the popular taste appears to be for Blended Whiskies. SEE OUR LIST. All the popular and reliable brands. King William the IV. Very Old Pale Special Liqueur. Scotch, \$1.50 per bottle, \$17 per case. Sheriff's Extra Selected X.X.O. Islas Blended Whiskey, \$1.35 per bottle, \$13.50 per case. Bherriff's V.O., Very Old Islay Whiskey. Sheriff's Old Islay Whiskey. FRASER, VIGER & CO. CHOICE OLD PORTS, In Wood and Bottle. Sandeman & Co.'s and Taylor, Fladgate & Yeat-nan's Fine Old Port Wines.

	Per gallon.	Per bottle.	Per dozen.
O. R. Old Reserve, £100, oldest and choicest P. S. "Private Stock,"	<b>\$9</b> 50	\$2 00	\$20 00
£90 tawny, very old delicate	9 00	1 75	18 50
E. P. No. 3. Extra Par- ticular Old Four Diamond Choice	8 00 🗄	1 50	17 00
Old Delicate No. 10 Very Superior	6 00	125	13_00
Rich Old Port No. 4 Fine Fruity Wine.	4 50 3 50	1 00 75	10 CO 8 <u>1</u> 00
No. 2 Superior Sound Young Port Tarragona Genuine	2 50	55	6100
Wine	1 50	85	4 00

FRASER, VIGER & CO., Family Grocers & Wine Merchants. ITALIAN WAREHOUSE, 199 St. James Street. Montreal.

#### MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS

MONTREAL, THURSDAY EVENING, ] Dec. 24th; 1891.

Unfortunately for the holiday trade the expectation of steady, cold weather and more snow has not been realized, the cold snap mentioned in our last having been followed by rains and consequent slushy streets and sidewalks. The larger retail city warehouses have made a creditable display and have gone have made a creditable display and have gone into the basaar idea to quite an extent. Naturally there is al ays a free circulation of money in a centre like this at holiday time, but business, generally, can only be written as fair for the season. The weather has been depressing and there is more or less influenza both in town and country. Many look for-ward to a larger New Year's trade than usual. In wholesale circles trade is practically at a In wholesale circles, trade is practically at a standstill and the distribution is likely to be moderate until we are well into the new year.

Apples -The market is firm with a good demand, Sales of car lots at \$2.10/@\$2.25, and of smaller quantities at \$2.50@\$3.

CHEESE AND BUTTER .- Cheese holds a firm tone, but business is quiet. Short sales for January being covered by the recent deals, there is no other inducement for business for the time being. Sellers not anxious, being confident of a demand in a monthe time. Yalues at present are on an 11c basis; finest fall made Western 11c@112c; finest made Townships 102c@11c; medium descriptions 101/2c@102c; cable 55s. Butter market firm, the recent business in western dairy having

#### CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO'Y. Dividend Notice.

Dividend Notice. A-half yearly Dividend upon the Capital Stock of this Company, at the rate of five por cent. per annum, will be paid on FEBRUARY, 17TH NEXT, to Shareholders of record on that date. Of this dividend one and a half per cent. is from the annuity provided for until August, 1893, by a deposit with the Canadian Government, and one per cent. is from the surplus earnings of the Company. Warrants for this dividend payable at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, 59 Wall firet, New York, will be delivered on and Mater FEBRUARY 17TH, at that agency to Shareholders on the New York Register. Warrants of European Shareholders on the

Warrants of European Shareholders on the London Register will be payable in Sterling the rate of four shillings and one penny halfat the Bank of Montreal, 22 Abchurch Lane, London, and will be delivered on or about the the same date at the office of the Company,

1 Queen Victoria Street, London, England. A The Transfer Books of the Company will be JANUARY 23RD, and will be reopened at ten o'clock a.m. on TUESDAY the 13TH FEBRUARY NEXT.

By Order of the Board, OHARLES DRINKWATER,

Office of the Secretary, Montreal, Dec. 22nd., 1891. Secretary.

had a beneficial effect on the market. There is call for it yet at 16c@17c, but sellers in-different. Ohoice Townships dairy is scarce and firm at 20c@21c, which is too high for and firm at 20c@21c, which is too high for export, and the same can be said of creamery. A lot of creamery, west of Toronto, was sold recently on behalf of a Montreal shipper. The terms have n t transpired. - Fall made creamery 24c; finest Townships 20c@2010; finest Western 161c@01712c. The exports of cheese from New York for the week are 2.543 boxes to Liverpool, 9.194 to London, 750 to Glasgow, 300 to Bristol, 1.018 to Newcastle; total 13,805 boxes, of which about 9,000 are either through freight or direct shipment. The exports of Canadian cheese via American seaports for the week were 22.270 boxes. scaports for the week were 22,270 boxes, which do not include all the steamers that sail from Portlaud, one not being advised as sail from Portlaud, one not being advised as yet. The above total was made up as fol-lows: 13,722 boxes on through account and 8,548 from Montreal. This brings the total shipments to date since the close of naviga-tion up to 88,451 boxes, of which 54,311 boxes were through shipments and 34,140 from Montreal. A morning contemporary states that shippers who have been figuring maintain that the exports have made a good hole in Canadian stocks. One shipper. hole in Canadian stocks. One shipper, whose information is generally pretty correct, estimates stocks in Montreal at 100,000 boxes at the outside, of which almost 60,000 are controlled by one firm; between here and Toronto 45,000 and west of Toronto 65,000 to 70,000, making 200,000 boxes odd.

DEY GOODS .- Orders have come to hand in an irregular sort of way, this week, for odd, fancy lines, and the staple trade is practically dead for the moment. Storekeepers do not seem to be short of stock, but, no doubt, have been engaged at counter, and a number in good localities may be heard from again before the holidays are quite over.<sup>2</sup> Travelle are generally back to headquarters, or are so home, eleswhere, for the festive season, at that business, altogether, is of a desultory charactor. The lateness of the season has caused sales of winter goods to drag and the effect will be that the poorer consumers will buy more sparingly than they otherwise would for the balance of the winter.

DRESSED POULTRY .- There were heavy supplies in spite of the depressing, wet weather and bad roads. Stock not all in the best of condition and prices favored buyers. Turkeys 10c/011c, chickens 6c/08c, geese 5c/07c and ducks 8c/09c. Lower prices for off quality and condition. Partridge abundant and prices

#### THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

SURETYSHIP.			BTOOL		BUNDS	• 2.	· ····································		
The only Company in Canada confining itself to this business.	NAMB.	Par Val'e	Capital Sub- soribed.	Capital pAid-up	Rest.	Div. Iast 6 Ms.	Dates of Dividends.	er Cent Prices Dec. 24	Value
THE GUARANTEE CO. OF NORTH AMERICA. Capital Authorized, - \$1,000,000 Paid up in Cash (ne notes), g04.600 Resources Over - X,108,402 Deposit with Bom. Gov't, - \$7,000 <b>THE BONUS SYSTEM</b> of this Company renders the Premiums in certain cases annually reducible until the rate of One-Bail per sent, per annum is reached. This Company is under the same experienced man- agement which introduced the system to this continent orier iwaity-eight years ago, and has since actively and successfully conducted the business to the satisfaction of its clients. 8840,000 00 heve been paid in Olaims to Elmployers. President, - SIR ALEX. T. GALT, G.C.M.G. Vice-President and Managing Director EDWARD RAWLINGS. Baskers, - THE BANK OF MONTREAL. HEAD OFFICE: 157 St. James St., MONTREAL,	Brit.North America Can. Hank Commerce. Commercial, Manitoha. Commercial, Manitoha. Du Peuple. Hastiern Townships Federal. Hochelaga Imperial. Jacques Cartier. Morchants' Can Morchants' Can Woltawa Contario Ottawa Contario Union, (Halifax) Union of Can Western Bank of Can	\$ 243 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	\$4,866,666 6,000,000 587,200 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,200,000 1	6.000,000 84,155 306,500 1.500,000 1.200,000 1.200,000 1.200,000 1.217,510 710,100 1.217,510 710,100 1.217,510 710,100 1.200,000 2.000,000 1.200,000 2.000,0000 2.000,0000,0	900,000 50,000 165,000 165,000 125,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 425,000 50,000 50,000 20,000	344 35 3 34 14 5 2 6 34 4 35 2 4 5 8 3	April Osi June Desi 2May 2Nov 30 June 31 Des 	105 248 971 140 177 115 189 104 145 131 140 20 50 249 111 140 112 118 118 111 140 112 118 120 59	876 56 87 50 42 60 42 60 42 60 48 75 70 00 189 00 49 00 180 00 49 00 180 00 49 00 181 50 24 00 180 00 440 00 240 00 181 50 249 00 181 00 180 00000000
BUWARD BAWLINGS, Fice-Pres. and Managing Director. The Company's Deposit is the largest made for Ourantice business by any Company, and is not lights for the resonasibilities of any other risks. BURRNS & LEWSS BURRNS & LEWSS Molesale Clothiers, LONDON, - ONTARIO The Largest Manufacturers of or owner owner owner owner owner owner Children's, Boys' CLOTHING and Youths' Director owner owner owner owner owner Any CANADA. We make a SPECIALTY of this line of Contractor placing orders elsewhere, as we sam to show something WEW each sensor. All the leading retail houses of the Dominion for a sold of the company of the sensor. All the leading retail houses of the Dominion Chirt Travellers are now on the road in	Agri. Sav. and Loan :Co Brit. Can. Loan & Inv. Co. Brit. Mortz. Lean Co Building and Loan Assoo. Canada Cotton Co Can. Sav. and Loan Assoo. Can. Janded & Nat'i Inv't Co. Gan. Perm. Loan and Sav. Co. Dominion Eav. and Loan Co Central Can. Loan & Sav. Co. Dominion Sav. and Inv. Co. Freehold Loan and Sav. Co. Hamilton Prov. and Loan Co Home Sav. and Loan Co Hamilton Prov. and Joan Co Montreal Cashion Loan Sav. Co Montreal Coan and Morg. Ont. Indus. Loan and Morg. Ont. Loan and Deb. Co Montreal City Gas Co Montreal Coan and Deb. Co Montreal Stoet Ry. Co Montreal Coan and Deb. Co Feople's Loan and Deb. Co Foople's Loan and Deb. Co Bar M'rg Co., Halifaz Toronto City Gas Co Union Loan and Sav. Co		630,000 1,622,000 450,000 750,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 1,500,000 2,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	322.412 289.058 750.400 2,000.000 663.999 800.000 918.257 1,000.000 7500,000 1,000.000 1,000.000 1,317.100 1,317.100 1,317.000 1,000.000 493.000 1,317.000 1,000.000 812.568 2,000.000 812.568 2,000.000 812.568 2,000.000 812.568 2,000.000 812.568 2,000.000 812.568 2,000.000 812.568 2,000.000 812.568 1,200.000 812.568 2,000.000 812.568 1,200.000 812.568 2,000.000 812.568 1,200.000 812.568 2,000.000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.0000 800.00000 800.00000 800.0000 800.0000 800.00000 800.00000000	60,000 53,000 100,000 1,550,156 158,000 158,000 158,000 159,000 159,000 255		180 July 31 Dec 16 Jan-Quy May Not 1 June 1 Dec 2 Jan 2 July 2 Jan 2 July 2 Jan 2 July 2 Jan 2 July 8 Jan 4 July 8 Jan 3 July 15 Meh 15 Sep 30 June 31 Dec 10 May 6 Not 15 Meh 15 Sep 30 June 31 Dec 30 June 30 June 31 Dec 30 June 30 June 30 June 30 June 30	112 132 10 132 10 132 10 120 120 124 132 124 132 124 132 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 12	28 00 64 25 98 00 44 77 56 128 00 132 0 125 00 125 00 122 0 125 00 122 0 125 00 122 0 122 0 120 0 122 0 120 0 100 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 000 0

Business otherwise quite tame, and dealers will close out the year with as light purchases as possible

FIGH AND OILS,- Our full remarks on fish last week leave us nothing to add, as this is about the dullestson seaf the year for barrol led stock, especialley. The Newfoundland question will revive in interest with the approach of Lont, when Canadians may have to pay dearly for their fish. Oils quiet at lately revised prices.

FLOUR AND GRAIN,-Local trade has been quiet. Oats has been placed at equal to 1c per lb on the track, and good barley at 52@ 540 on spot for choice grades. There was nothing doing in peas locally, but there were sales on the Grand Trunk Railway and sales on the Grand Trunk Railway and Caundian Pacific Reilway at 75c per 66 lbs. Straight rollers are dult and nominal at \$4 60. (05\$4 80, and the better grade of strong bak ra-are moving in a small way at \$5 with some lower grades running down to \$4.90. Feed is guilt, but firm. Bran and shorts are scarce, with prices strong at \$17@\$18 and \$19@\$20 respectively ; while mouillie is quiet and un-changed at \$25. A Chicago despatch says : One great fact in wheat is that since the close

same time a year ago. That is at the rate of 245,000,000 bushels for twelve months, which is all anybody has thought we would have to spare from our latest crop, while the reserves left over from 1890 were confessedly worked down very close when new wheat began to come to market. If we keep on exporting at the same rate to the end of the cereal year, we shall have used up and sold the whole of our magnificent crop which has been such a weight on the minds of the "bear". We are getting rid of it at full speed still, and there is no sign that the outgo will be materially less for months to come. This however, is hardly sufficient to sustain the market here in the face of other facts. If this year we raised 600,000,000 bushels of wheat we have already used, sold and wasted, fully balf of it. Waste in the North West must have been large, the snow catching a great deal of grain while in the same rate to the end of the cereal year, we now catching a great deal of grain while in show, and melting soon afterwards, spoiled immense quantities. On this continent and afloat io Europe, is 77.951'000 bushels, an increase of 2,082,000 bushels compared with a week ago.

GROCERIES, - Wholesalers have received some sorting orders for holiday goods, but business is now in the hands of the retailers to be possible as low as 44c, but fine stock is worth its price. With regard to prunes one leading broker is authority for the statement that although there have used attract stock here there are no really new prunes on the market. New peel has sold well and table raising are quite scarce. Teas quiet that although there have been arrivals of table raising are quite scarce, and no large lots are mentioned. Sugars also dull. Evaporated apples have further im-proved in price and holders have got their ideas up to 90.

HIDES AND TALLOW .- Business done is small and at the former range. Tanners will make no stir until the New Year. Refined tallow quiet at \$5@\$5.50.

IRON AND HARDWARE. - Another nail combination is being discussed during the lull preceding the holidays, and we are told to look forward to higher prices in the New Year. Unusual efforts to prevent bolting are being made so it is said. In pig iron there is nothing doing, and prices are nominal. The American market is easy in tone, with a belief that there is abundance to meet all requirements. One point is that the Western demand absorbs the really cheap Southern iron



that might have more or less depressing effect if not thus disposed of. American orders have been placed for 7,000 tons of steel rails with Eastern mills, and some business has also been closed in the West, but railroad companies that were put down some time ago as sure buyers of large blocks, still hold aloof. Prices are \$30, f o. b. mill, for heavy sections. Copper firm in sympathy with other markets. In the States, cheap outside lots appear to have been either worked off or wi'hdrawn, and at present it seems doubtful that Lake Superior product can be secured at less than 101c. A number of sales of moderate sized 104c. A number of rates of modelate share parcels have, in fact, been made at that price during the past two days, and 104c is bid for quantities London is stronger, with merchant bars up to £45 78 66 for prompt, and £46 for future delivery. Pig lead is in slightly better demand. Tin plate dull.

LEATHER AND SHORS .- The usual holidays at the boot and shoe factories will cause even a slackened demand for a time. Spring trade succened demand for a time. Oping state is fairly promising. The "swamp" has been agitated over the Bitchie fuilure, and has incidentally felt some interest over the trip of a Montreal creditor 10 Quebec. Three cr four local firms figure as creditors, some for respectable amounts respectable amounts.

PROVISIONS AND EGGS .-- Some old mess pork has sold below the market ; later pack steady in price, but everything dull all round. Canada short cut nominal at \$15.75 @ \$16, and Western \$1626@\$16.50. Hama, city cured, 101@110. Lard 84@90 for Canadian in palls, and common refined 74@80. Eggs, strictly new laid, at retail 50@600, and held fresh, 23 @250. A good demend for city limed, whole 12250. A good demand for city limed, wholesale at 15/0160.

Woor.-Business flat with only a few odd lots moving. Stock taking is engaging attention

TOBONTO WHOLESALE TRADE.

(Revised by Telegraph.)

TOBONTO, Dec. 24th, 1891.

Business has been quiet this week in wholesale circles, and the weather has been unpropitious for retailers. The Christmas trade is only of moderate proportions. In fact many lines are dull, and dealers consequently complaining, Remittances are reported variously; in some cases merchants report satisfactorily while in most instances they are said to be slow. Prices of the leading staples are without change. There is a fair demand for money, with call loans quoted at 5@51 per cent and prime paper discounted at 6@7 percent. Sterling exchange is weaker. Speculation is less active, and values somewhat irregular. The demand for the loan company shares is improving. Following are the closing blds as compared with last Thursday :-

Banks,	Bid Dec , 24.	Bid Dec. 17.		Bid Dec. .24.	Bid Dec. 17.
Muntreal. Juiario Turonto Verchants. Commerce Imperial . Dominion . Standard Hamilton .	220 110 226 15 134 188 248 170	109 226 150 13 19 248 170	Bidg. & Loan Can, Landed Dom. Savings Frechola Huron & Erie Imperial Loan Peoples Union	130 155* 91 138 160	

BUTTER,-Trade is moderately active and prices unchanged. The best tub is quoted at 17c@18c, medium at 12c@15c and common at 10c. Eggs are unchanged, with fresh quot-

SOULANGES NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the un-D dersigned, and endors: d "Tender for Soulanges Canal," will be received at this (fice until the arrival of the eastern and western mails on TUESDAY, the NINE-TEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1892, for the Works, convected with sections, No. 11, 12 works connected with sections Nos. 11, 12 and 13, Soulanges Canal, situated between the Villages of Coteau du Lac and Coteau Landing, P.Q.

A map of the locality together with plans and specifications of the respective works can the seen on and after FBIDAY, the EIGH-TEENTH INSTANT, at this office and at the Engineer's office, Cotean Landing. Printed forms of tender can also be obtained at the places mentioned. In the case of firms there must be attached to the tender the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation, and residence of each member of the same; and further an accepted bank cheque for the sum of four thousand (4,000) dollars must accompany the tender for section No. 11; an accepted bank cheque for the sum of two thousand (2,000) dollars must accompany the tender for section No. 12; and an accepted bank cheque for the sum of six thousand (6,000) dollars must accompany the tender for section No. 13.

These accepted bank cheques must be en-dorsed over to the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party ten-dering declines entering into contract for the works at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted. The accepted bank the offer submitted. The accepted bank cheques thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. By order, T. TRUDEAU, Acting Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals, ) Ottawa, December 16tb, 1891.

### J. E. R. RENAULT Commission Merchant and General Agent,

QUEBEO. 96 Bridge Street,

Consignments solicited. Collections made in all parts of the Province of Quebec. AT References furnished when required and correspondence cheerfully attended to.

ed at 18c in case lots, and limed 14c@15c. Cheese is firm at 11c.

DERESED HOGS .- Receipts are large and price easy. Selected weights bring \$5.35@ \$5.40, and common \$5@\$5.15.

FLOUR AND GRAIN .- The flour trade has been FLOW AND GRAIN.—Ine hour trade has been very dull this week, and prices nominal. Straight rollers are quoted at \$4.15(@\$4.26, and extras at \$4. Wheat is in fair demand; fail is selling at 89c@90c, and spring at 90@ 91c. No.1 Manitoba hard sold at \$1.05, and No. 2 at at 99c/0\$1, North Bay. No. 3 hard nominal at 93c. Barley is dull; sales of No. 3 extra at 44c and of No. 3 at 42c. Oats are easier with sales outside at 30c, and on track at 34c@341c. Pess are easy with sales out-side west at 60/@61c. Bye sold outside at 93c west and at 920 east, and buckwheat at 5200 530. Oatmeal dull at \$4.000\$4.10 by the car lot for ordinary brands. Bran is scarce and firm; small lots sell here \$17. Shorts are worth \$18@\$19.

GROCERIES.—There is a good demand for ried fruits and peels. Dates are selling at dried fruits and peels. Dates are selling at 51c@6c. Bugars unchanged at 41c@50 for railows granulated, and at 33c@440 for yellows. Coffees are unchanged and teas in fair demand. HARDWARN .--- Trade dull and prices unchan-

ed. Payments somewhat unsatisfactory

HIDES AND SEINS -Hides are dull, with cured quoted at 44c/25c. No. 1 green 44c, No. 2, 34o; No. 3 24c. Sheepskins are firm, the

#### 1178

#### THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

	Bank Statement to Govt. Month ending Nov. 80,'91.	Capital Authorized.	Capital Subsoribed.	Capital Paid up.	Reserve Fund.	Dividend Rate p. c. p. annum.	Notes in Cire'l'tion.	Bal. due to Dom. Govt. aft'r ded'ot adv'nc's for Credits.&c	Balance due to Provincial Govts.	Deposits by the Public payable on demand.	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario Standard Imporial Traders Ilamilton	\$2,000,000 6,000,000 1,500,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,250,000	\$2,000,000 6,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,000,000 1,963,200 604,40J 1,245 700	\$2,000,000 6,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,000,000 1,895,450 604,400 1,235,400	\$1,600.000 900,000 1,310,000 280,000 500,000 947,947 35,000 612,888	10 7 10 7 8 8 6 8	\$1,832,920 3,018,995 1,361,591 1,100,28 925,164 1,498,344 594,680 1,184,179	\$24,244 18,028 21,224 18,939 20,230 31,688 	773 217 107,624 68,569 1,432	\$4,769.971 4,997,511 2,827,991 1,601,474 1,658,951 3,094,567 831,422 1,912,747	12845678
9 10	Ottawa Western Total, Ontario	$\frac{1,500,000}{1,000,000}$ $\frac{1,000,000}{19,750,000}$	1,387,100 500,000 17,700,400	1,235,490 1,176,420 356,206 17,257,667	674,465 75,000 6,875,303	<u>8</u> 7 	1,031,468 340, 60 12,928,729	41,467 	254,137 492,752	1,312,747 784,932 180,368 22,052,934	9 10
11 12 13 14 15	Montreal British North America Ju Pouple Jacques Cartier Villo-Marie D'Hochelaga	$\begin{array}{c} 12,000,000\\ 4,860,666\\ 1,200,000\\ 500,000\\ 500,000\\ 1,000,000\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 12,000,000 \\ 4,866,666 \\ 1,200,000 \\ 500,000 \\ 500,000 \\ 710,100 \end{array}$	$12,000,000 \\ 4,866,666 \\ 1,200,000 \\ 500,000 \\ 479,250 \\ 710,100$	6,000,000 1,289,566 425,000 150,600 20,000 160,000	10 71 6 7 6 6	5,406,627 1,256,189 749,479 423,957 416,30 629,531	1,203,840 4,987 13,133 19,922 20,218 19 059	517,791 12,0%) 192,461 50,000 27,541	12,652,272 2,065,8 3 1,204,993 489,994 178,762 602,522	11 12 13 14 15
16 17 18 19 20 21	Molsons Morchants Nationalo Quebeo Union	2,000,000 6,000,000 1,200,000 3,000,000 1,200,000	2,000,000 5,799,200 1,200,000 2,500,000 1,200,000	2,000,000 5,799,200 1,200,000 2,500,000 1,200,000	1,100,000 2,510,000 500,000 225,000	8 7 6 7 6	1,941,225 3,564,541 762,602 680,772 1,191,715	35,930 218,830 2,201 12,701 5 223	4,787 5,: 85 47,763 10,587 835,089	4,231,355 3,578,427 676,694 4,012,783 1,054,887	16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24	St. Joan St. Ilyacinthe Eastern Townships Total, Quebee	1,000,000 1,000,000 1,500,000 36,966,663	500,200 504,600 1,500,000 34,980,766	254,380 304,141 1,487,582 34,501,318	10,000 15,000 <u>600,000</u> 13,004,666	2 6 7	51,130 288,049 8,8,200 18,260,297	22,925 1,578,469 233,949	39,059 53,7 -7 11.462 1,30/,932	6,785 60,64 <u>6(4,219</u> 31,539,590	21 22 23 24
555582 8	Nova Scotia Morohants of Halifax Pooples. Union Halifax B. Co. Xarmouth	1,000,000	$\begin{array}{r} 1,520,000\\ 1,100,000\\ 677,720\\ 500,000\\ 500,000\\ 300,000\\ 300,000\end{array}$	1,484,754 1,100,000 677,720 500,000 500,000 300,000	885,226 375,C00 90,000 90,000 170,000 50,000	6 6 6	1,801,146 1,003,918 492,276 837,879 497,082 91,840	233,949 93,024 4,03J 4,040 25,988 17,521	3,503 51,087	1,139,823 992,325 261,423 860,827 371,107 77,174	25 26 27 28 29
81 32	Exchange Commercial, Windsor Total, Nova Scotia Now Brunswick	280,000 500,000 6,380,000 500,000	280,000 500,000 5,357,72J	249,788 260,000 5,072,202 500,000	30,000 65,000 1,755,226 450,000	<u>6</u> 	71,976 84,542 3,880,159	<u>11,(51</u> 389,6.3 16,266	54,590	32,005 52,726 3,287,419 513,169	30 31 32
83 34 85 86	People's	180,000 200,000 880,000 2,000,000	500,000 180,000 200,000 880,000 733,600	180,000 200,000 850,000 544,190	105,000 40,000 595,000 50,000	8 6 7 6	457,167 109,787 106 142 673,046 5 2,277	6,118 12,9·2 35,546	109,465	44,529 92,983 656,681 716,628	33 34 35 36
878	Brit. Col Summerside, P. E. I Grand Total	48,666	2,920,000 48,666 62,621,152	2,920,000 48,666 61,234,202 Dep'its pay	1,070,666 4,648 23,355,5.9	<u> </u>	1,128 281 47,901 37,430,690	264,083 2,463.114	817,908 2,722,+47	2,133.110 20,936 60,467,295	36 37 38
	BANKS. Liabilitios-Continued.	Deposits by the Pablic, payable after notice or on a fixed day.	Loans from Banks in Can. secu'd	on demand aft'r notice or fixd day by other bks in Can	Balances Due other Banks in Canada.	Balances Due bks. or agts. not in Canada.	Balances Due other Bks or Ags. in U. K.				1.2.
12345 6	Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario Standard Imperial	2,912,264	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$86.739 308,908 33,700 703	\$22,778 6,288 2,223 497	\$6,708 20,694	809,072 249,535	100,003 211,188	\$9,67J,712 18,9 4,455 10,109.927 5,665,904	•••••	2 8 4
7 8 9	Traders Hamilton Ottawa	1,531,449			5 806	••••			5,258,996		
	• Western Total, Ontario	2,879,763 2,143,940		9,143	5.806 26,116 10,382 804 230 74,224	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15,441	3,156	5,258,996 8,949,132 3,052.237 5,416,833 4,272 191 1,442 425		6 7 8 9
11 12 18 14 16	• Western	2,879,763 2,143,940 918,310 35,704,561		9,143	26,116 10,382 804	27,402	15,441	8,156 	5,258,996 8,919,132 3,052,237 5,416,833 4,272 191 1,442 425 72,743,812 33,377,887 10,192,404 4,474,402 2,466,292	-	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
16 17 18 19 20	Vostorn Total, Ontario Montroal. British North Amorica. Du Pouplo Jacquee-Cartior Villo-Mario D'Hocholaga Molsons Morohants Nationalo Quebee	$\begin{array}{c} 2,879,763\\ 2,143,940\\ 918,310\\ \hline 35,704,561\\ 11,418,590\\ 6,760,431\\ 2,801,546\\ 1,451,303\\ 558,741\\ 1,245,183\\ 8,550,617\\ 6,875,582\\ 1,131,457\\ 1,345,589\\ \end{array}$	·····	9,143 439,193 1,024,388 22,104 	26,116 10.382 804 230 74,224 17,574 2.166 4,333 3	27,402 67,699 618 10,949 245	15,441 574,048 11,216 45,041	3,156 314,344 107,502 745 8,4 4 19,825 16,524 35,352 45,576 206,116	5.228,996 8.949,132 3.052.237 5.416.833 4.272 191 1.442 425 72,743,812 33,977,837 10,192,404 4.474,402 2.466,202 1.491,165 2.552,454 10,020,015 15,394,622 2.666,339 6,180,887	-	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<ul> <li>Wostorn Total, Ontario</li> <li>Montroal</li> <li>British North Amorica.</li> <li>Du Pouplo</li> <li>Jacques-Cartior</li> <li>Villo-Mario</li> <li>D'Hocholaga</li> <li>Molsons</li> <li>Morshants</li> <li>Motonalo</li> <li>Quebeo</li> <li>Union</li> <li>St. Jean</li> <li>Bastorn Townships</li> <li>Total, Que</li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{c} 2,879,763\\ 2,143,940\\ 918,310\\ \hline 35,704,561\\ 11,418,590\\ 6,760,481\\ 2,301,546\\ 1,451,303\\ 5,58,741\\ 1,245,183\\ 3,550,617\\ 6,875,582\\ 1,131,457\\ 1,436,309\\ 2,319,308\\ 8,55,140\\ 427,627\\ 1,963,120\\ 41,475,604\\ \end{array}$		9,143 439,193 1,024,388 22,104 90,958 920,130	26,116 10,382 804 230 74,224 17,574 17,574 2,166 4,333 8,293 13,273 22,407 45,373	27,402 67,899 618 10,949 245	15,441 574,048 11,216 45,041	3,156 314,344 107,302 745 8,4 4 19,825 16,524 45,576 206,116 206,116 	5,258,996 8,949,132 3,052.27 5,416,833 4,272 191 1,442 425 72,743,812 2,466,292 1,191,165 2,562,484 10,020,015 15,394,622 2,2666,339 6,113,935 6,113,935 1,13,935 5,3,499,927 97,128,258		6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 77 28 29	<ul> <li>Wostorn Total, Ontario</li> <li>Montroal.</li> <li>Montroal.</li> <li>Du Pouplo</li> <li>Jacques-Cartior</li> <li>Villo-Mario</li> <li>D'Hocholaga</li> <li>Molsons</li> <li>Molsons</li> <li>Morbants</li> <li>Nationalo</li> <li>Quobec</li> <li>Union</li> <li>St. Jean</li> <li>St. Hyacinthe</li> <li>Bastorn Townships</li> <li>Total, Quo.</li> <li>Nova Scotia</li> <li>Morbants of Halifax.</li> <li>Peoples</li> <li>Union</li> <li>Halifax B. Co.</li> <li>Yarmouth</li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{c} 2,879,763\\ 2,143,940\\ 918,310\\ \hline 35,704,561\\ 11,418,590\\ 6,760,481\\ 2,301,546\\ 1,451,303\\ 558,741\\ 1,245,183\\ 8,550,617\\ 6,875,582\\ 1,181,457\\ 1,436,309\\ 2,319,308\\ 8,551,400\\ 427,627\\ 1,963,120\\ -1,963,120\\ -41,475,004\\ 4,333,117\\ 2,883,614\\ 665,558\\ 560,116\\ 1,490,050\\ -443,172\\ -41,475\\ -41,472\\ -41,475\\ -4$	25,000	9,143 439,193 1,024,388 22,104 90,958 920,130 26,526 56,000  2,184,1.6 15,108 140,188 14,380 8,853 48,188	26,116 10.382 804 280 74,224 17,574 2.166 4.353 3 8.293 13.273 25,407 45,573 608	27,402 67,899 618 10,949 245 1,398 81,109 41,566 2,535	15,441 574,048 11,216 45,041 116,313 172,570 91,773 3,486 61,422	3,156           314,344           107,302           745           8,4           19,855           16,524           35,352           206,116	5,258,996 8,949,132 3,052,237 5,416,833 4,272 191 1,442 425 72,743,812 2,466,292 1,992,404 4,474,402 2,466,292 1,992,404 4,474,402 2,466,292 1,992,404 4,474,402 2,466,399 6,180,387 5,113,935 1,33,932 2,266,399,927 97,128,259 7,076,163 1,337,986 4,707,788 1,337,986 1,365,944 2,2466,477		6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 11 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 27 28 29 27 28 29 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 80 31 82	<ul> <li>Wostorn Total, Ontario</li> <li>Montroal.</li> <li>British North Amorica.</li> <li>Du Pouplo</li> <li>Jacques-Cartior</li> <li>Villo-Mario</li> <li>D'Hocholaga</li> <li>Molsons</li> <li>Morchants</li> <li>Motonalo</li> <li>Quebec</li> <li>Union</li> <li>St. Jean</li> <li>Bastern Townships</li> <li>Total, Que</li> <li>Nova Scotia</li> <li>Morchants of Halifax</li> <li>Pooples</li> <li>Union</li> <li>Yarmouth</li> <li>Exohange</li> <li>Commercial, Windsor</li> <li>Total, Nova Scotia.</li> </ul>	2,879.763 2,143.940 918.310 35,704.561 11,418,590 6,760.481 2,301.546 1,451.303 5,58,741 1,245.183 8,550.617 6,875.582 1,131.457 1,436,309 2,319.308 8,355.140 427.627 1,963.120 41,475,004 4,333.117 2,833.614 4,333.117 2,833.614 4,333.117 2,833.614 4,475,558 560,116 1,490,056	25,000	9,143 439,193 1,024,388 22,104 90,955 922,130 26,526 55,009 2,184,1.6 15,108 14,389 14,389 14,389 14,389 	26,116 10.382 804 230 74,224 17,574 2.166 4.333 3 8.293 13.273 25,407 45,373 608  112,078 1,405  2,167  8,572	27,402 67,899 618 10,949 245 1,398 81,109 41,566 2,535	15,441 574,048 11,216 45,041 116,313 172,570 91,773 3,486 61,422 156,681	3,156           314,344           107,302           745           8,4           19,825           16,524           35,352           45,876           206,116	5,258,996 8,949,132 3,052,237 5,416,833 4,272 191 1,442 425 72,743,812 1,92,404 4,474,402 2,466,292 1,191,165 2,562,484 10,020,015 15,394,622 2,2666,339 6,180,887 6,180,887 6,180,887 6,180,887 6,139,952 97,128,259 97,128,259 97,128,259 7,076,163 4,707,733 1,337,986 1,369,947 7,076,163 4,707,737,986 1,337,986 1,337,986 1,337,986 1,337,986 1,337,986 1,337,986 1,337,986 1,337,986 1,337,986 1,337,986 1,337,986 1,337,986 1,366,947 2,358,40 2,358,40 2,358,40 1,366,47 1,366,947 1,366,47 1,36		6 7 8 9 10 11 112 13 4 14 15 16 177 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 266 27 2 29 30 31 2 2 30 31 2
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 7 28 29 80 31	<ul> <li>Wostorn Total, Ontario</li> <li>Montreal.</li> <li>British North America.</li> <li>Du Pouplo</li> <li>Jacques-Cartior</li> <li>Villo-Mario</li> <li>D'Hocholaga</li> <li>Molsons</li> <li>Morchants</li> <li>Morchants</li> <li>Morchants</li> <li>Morchants</li> <li>Morchants</li> <li>St. Jean</li> <li>St. Jean</li> <li>St. Jacan</li> <li>St. Jacan</li> <li>St. Jacan</li> <li>St. Jacan</li> <li>St. Joan</li> <li>St. Joan</li> <li>St. Joan</li> <li>St. Joan</li> <li>St. Joan</li> <li>St. Joan</li> <li>Morchants</li> <li>Total, Que</li> <li>Nova Sootia</li> <li>Morchants of Halifax</li> <li>Peoples</li> <li>Union</li> <li>Halifax B. Co.</li> <li>Yarmouth</li> <li>Exchange</li> <li>Commercial, Windsor</li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{c} 2,879,763\\ 2,143,940\\ 918,310\\ 35,704,561\\ 11,418,590\\ 6,760,481\\ 2,301,546\\ 1,451,303\\ 5,58,741\\ 1,245,183\\ 8,550,617\\ 6,875,582\\ 1,131,457\\ 1,436,309\\ 2,319,308\\ 8,55140\\ 427,627\\ 1,963,120\\ 41,475,004\\ 4,333,117\\ 2,833,614\\ 4,665,558\\ 560,116\\ 1,490,056\\ 443,172\\ 131,297\\ 217,979\\ 10,124,909\\ 1,094,749\\ 9,5,1003\\ 75,000\\ 1,264,852\end{array}$	25,000	9,143 439,193 1,024,388 22,104 90,955 922,130 26,526 55,000 2,184,1.6 15.108 140,188 14,380 6,853 48,138	26,116 10.382 804 230 74,224 17,574 2.166 4.353 3 8.293 13.273 25.407 112,078 1,405  2,167	27,402 67,899 618 10,949 245 1,398 	16,441 574,048 11,216 45,041 116,313 172,570 91,773 3,486 61,422	3,156           314,344           107,302           745           8,4           19,825           16,524           35,352           45,876           206,116	5.258,996 8.949,132 3.052.27 5.416.833 4.272 191 1.442 425 72,743,812 2.466.292 1.992,404 4.474.402 2.466.292 1.992,404 4.474.402 2.466.292 1.992,404 4.474.402 2.466.399 6.180.387 5.113.935 5.3499.927 97,128.259 97,128.259 97,128.259 97,128.259 97,128.259 1.37.986 1.366,94 2.35,846 1.366,94 1.366,94 1.366,94 2.35,8462.35,846 2.35,846 2.35,8462.35,846 2.35,846 2.35,8462.35,84662.35,846 2.35,84		67789910 1111233144 1151661778199200 122222324 25562277288 233445 2556227788 233445 2556227788 233445 233445 233445

Return of Bank British North America includes Canadian business only Importal Bank of Oanada bours of I per cont. equal in all to a dividerd of 9 per cent. per annum. Bank of British Columbia b mus of I per cent equal in all to a dividend of 7 per cent. per annum.

best bringing 95@\$1. Calfskins dull at 6c@7c the latter for No. 1. Tallow steady at 52@6c for rendered. Dealers pay 51c.

LIVE STOCK. — Receipts of cattle are limit-ed and prices unchanged. The best sell at 33-(74c; medium at 3c/0340, common 24. Sheep are solling at \$4,50(@\$5.25 for the best, and lambs at \$3(@\$4.25. Hoge steady at 4c/04450 per lb for the best and at 35c for inferior.

PROVISIONS.-There is a quiet trade, and prices generally unchanged. Long clear bacon

3

sells at 74c@8c. Hams sell 104c@11c for smoked; bellies 11c, backs at 104c@11c for moked; bellies 11c, backs at 104c@11c for and \$16 00 for shortcut. Lard rules at 94 @ IOc. Potatoes easier at 40c@43 per bag on track. Beaus job at \$1 35@\$1.40, and hops at 20@21c. Hay firm, car lots of baled sell-ing at \$11 75@\$12 and straw at \$8@\$6.60 ing at \$11.75@\$12 and straw at \$6@\$6.50.

Wool,-Nothing doing with fleece nominal. Fulled wools quoted at 22c and extras at 27c.

#### SPECIAL NOTICE.

The firm of Barrington & Sons, whose ad-vertisement occupies our outside page, are making a trunk that is meeting with great ap-proval by our leading firms for its combin-ation of great strength with lightness. A local house after using one for some time, purchased twelve more for its staff of travel-lers. That is the best form of testimonial, and stamps "The Sample Trunk," as having all the merits its makers claim for it. all the merits its makers claim for it.

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	BANKS. Assets.	Specie.	Domini'n Notes	Deposits with Dom Hovt. for s'c'r'ty of note cir.	Notes & Cheq. on other bks	Loans to oth'r bks in Can. seoured	Dep. pay. on dem'd on fixed day with bks. in Can.	Bal. due from bks. in Can. in daily exch'ngs.	Bal. du from bl not in Canada	Bks or Ag	Dom. Gy. 1 Deb. or Stock.	. up. 200 a	Reilman	Call Loans on Bonds and Stocks	-
23456789	Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario Standard Imperial Traders Hamilton Ottawa	\$ 334,447 418,672 216,463 161,668 135,158 294,528 72,796 161,254 115,715	\$691,215 641,309 843,292 347,592 287,738 671,087 165,805 253,931 111 3,8	\$37,141 67,539 37,500 23,+24 17,524 32,002 12,800 24,791 19,300 7,237	209,912		81,653 105,137 308 389 57 978 113,070	4,050 7 58,350 9 2,138 8 35,023 0 1,163 1 2,346	1,237,5 97,9 64,1 44),9 7,6 60,5 145 3	76 69 10,728 79 844,760 48 182,733 98 290,918 66 30,810 51	\$ 158,558 138,364 123,666 172,783 55,616 126,270 172,300	\$82,714 1,250,900 433,716 304,956 598,011 1,014,244 353,750	1,356 272 92,201 165,702 90 053	1,646,586	12345 6789
10	Western Total, Ont.	32,741	29,255 3,542,882	279,361	12,660 3,052,12			2 32,087	20,2		· [	4,038,291	1,704,228	7,405,791	10
12 13 14 15	Montreal B. N. A Du Peuple Jacq. Cartier Ville Marie . O'Hoche laga	1,620,740 355,099 41,658 32,049 15,615	1,772,025 641,677 238,877 169,831 27,616 56,684	135,000 31,339 18,873 10,235 10,000	-1,325,233 452,172 187,702 157,607 75,122	32,00	0 64,93 1,1c	9 5,270 5 26,730 10,302 1,942	11,357,6 500,8 42,9 19,6 4,5	1,903,33 128 122 122 124 122 138,04 142 18,06	540,000	710.275 173,602		63,578 71,257 342,875 194,224 38,833	15
17 18 19 20 21 22	Molsons Merchants Nationale Quebec Union St. Jean	67,320 192,233 345,554 62,177 80,651 32,795 2,119	684,918 631,954 92,872 872,205 299,277 4,935	13,952 42,500 70,000 15,020 14,857 24,650 1,070	146,243 170,03 238,78 2,05	25,00	20,09 0 133,35 . 191,46 . 5,08 . 52,49 . 12,93	2 131,94 8 4,185 8 10,435 3 1,82 7 4 2,16	1,207 8 66,6 84,5 155,6 22	195 363 115,80 392 88,26 516 652,89 589 589 589 589 589 589 589 5	104 975		72,398	825,446 97,325 1,766,288 318,849 1,484,053 125,550 59,000	20 91
23 24	St Hyacinthe E. Townships		17,777 95,840	5,014 19,706	38,89	å	. 737,55	6 5,63	7 230,1		-				28 24
95	Total, Que.	2,983,217	5,106,548 402,935	412,266	1		1,360,71 86,97		1			1,375,917 277,795		4,886,778 294 917	95
27 28 29	Nova Scotia. Merchants People's Bk. Union HalifaxB.Co. Yarmouth Exchange Com'l W'dsor	237,744 147,370 25,281 25,731 19,159 18,065	372,363 372,363 84,206 73,681 21,792 24,692 5,560	31,942 25,198 10,417 12,500 12,010 2,372 1.350	35,87 50,78 96,68 16,84	1 4 6 	91.55 20,05 57,00 11,40	32 52 52 52 52 	80, 11, 18, 8,	576 44,81 697 897 239 11,68	.6 1,000	327,423 221,878 71,000		********	25 22 28 29 30
32		4,808 13,216	15,098	2,530	8,21			77		236 5,20	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	32
34 35	Total, N. S. N.Brunswick Peoples St. Stephen's	7,400 10,471	1,000,327 172,209 16,833 18,950		32,41 5,94 8,66	7 37,3	18 55,3 4,0 15,5	99 22 64	. 124 3, 11,	757 6.5 617 3,8 754 1,0	15 16 	1,500	187,181 		33 34 85
86 37	Total, N.B. Com.B. Man. Bank B. C	185,831 5,193 224,905	207,942 16,924 223,445	18,169 8,757 25,311 891	42,03 83,97 48,73	1 37,8 2 7	78 74 9 87.9 9,8	79) 25,83	. 1 141		94	1,500		207,333	36 37
38	Bank B. C Sum'e,P.E.I. Gr. Total	678	5,989 10,104.057		1,51 8,195,71	4	4,5	18	9 20,364	.043	27	6,345,799		<u></u>	88
-	BANKS.	Current Loans.		1	verdue R	.E. be- M des Bk. R. emises. by	'tg's on E. sold Pi	-	Other ssets.	Total Assets.	Liabi't's of Direct'rs & their firms.	Average specie	1	Greatest	
	Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario Standard Imperal Traders	6,956,1 5,313,2 8,692,1 7,164,8	25 79 33 97  09  68 	1.853	\$24,331 105,463 103,878 80,098 26,232 26.092 2,087	\$6,182 12,130 17.139 98,831 17,000  67,219	179,578 42,630 98,309 1,172	\$120,000 664,349 211,343 163,980 90,000 192,273 19.411	78,398 4,299 1,404 30,488 7,200 18,040	\$13,486,833 25,953,065 13,2,2,143 7,663,509 6,894,098 12,047,235 3,738,073	70 346 383,852 491,000 816,700 156 816 88,984 152,560	333.565 413,000 224,000 157,700 136,460 295,274 72,000	692,000 341,000 290,700 254,825	\$1,924,500 3,119,060 1,361,591 1,125 800 935,128 1,526 974	12345 67
	Hamilton Ottawa Western	4,993,7	53 72 82 03		40,665 14 626 23,679	6,686 24,729	656 8,239	19,411 170,891 50,500	18,040 48,510 6,029	3,738,073 7,447,084 6,144,837 1,908,723	152,560 25,132 43,607 23,059	295,274 72,000 161,254 117,144 31,978	132,000 262 151 118,045 28,356	1,184,179 1,081,468 355,520	10
1	Total, Ont	1	i26 · · · · · ·	306,817	452,151	249,916	330,584	1,682,747	194,868	98,480,600	1,751,556	1,942,865			•
1	Montreal 2B. N. A 3Du Peuple 4Jacq. Cartion 5 Ville Mario 6 D'Hochelaga	9,513,1 4,886,9 2,017,8 1,012,1	11 41 56  15 25  73		547,628 186,026 97,348 36,580 80,831 85,930	39,776 18,432 84,861 103,641 36,517 68,629	54,791 58,151 40,016 19,621 21,200	600,000 226,234 68,740 82,415 16,926	439,549 31,674 6,733 247,704 337,912 17,802	51,800,127 12,493,622 6,152,060 8,160,035 1,696,977 3,521,874	660,000 272,504 160,479 90,418 109,893	1,743,000 357,946 42,713 37,918 13,911 59,104	667,940 237,687 128,530 21,818	470,115	) II D -
11122	7 Molsons 8 Merchants . 9 Nationale 0 Quebee	10,509,7 16,786,8 2,651,3 5,511,2 5,543,7	10 328 397 63 57	· · · · · · · · · · ·	153,195 213,853 66,223 131,934	44,761 229,675 53,203 13,246	6,585 65,561 6,519 27,095	190,000 503,173 134,357 162,115 186,000	7,238 60,550 45,282 68,592 70,621	13,386,763 23,942,870 3,983,513 9,305,285 6,688,708	80 <sup>°</sup> 700 916,057 127,000 15,611 250,511	191,003 834,000 70,000 80,456 82,831	3 533,444 3 719,0.0 3 100,000 5 430,347 8 50	1,941,225 3,579,000 846,681 805,695	0 17 18 19 5 20
222	2 St. Jean 3 St Hyaointhe 4 E. Township	187,6 722,0 8 4,058.4	i97 109 171		91,517 82,225 62,215 128,609	23,721 2,450 28,272 67,072	8,223 4,742 62,908	12,008 101,000	4,800 876 7,573	406,547 1,222,621 5,695,709	12,763 58,464 221,009	2,000 12,681 121,318	5,280 1 18,652 3 98,70	1,197,400 54,000 300,799 918,840	
	Total, Que		i6u		1,914,114	814,256	<u> </u>		,366,936	143,462,711	2,975,209	3,098,881	1 5,117,48	18,888,702	2
22222	5 Nova Scotia 6 Merohants - 7 People's Bk 8 Union 9 Halifax B.C. 0 Yarmouth 1 Exchange 2 Com'l W'dso	. 1,812.0 . 1,391,3 . 3,072,3	309	34.520 176,899 55,135  20,000	30,392 24,989 33,674 20,797 33,046 3,650 15,158		26,688	87,967 64,000 61,326 48,000 1,800 8,000 22,881	9,620 13,052 3,810 12 0L0 382	9.630,185 6:337,300 2,173,730 1,995,952 8,283,893 1,013,127 526,797	115,468 310,194 97,183 13,667 9,379 89,437 93,700	25,379	4 42,45	5 508,27 5 381,030 5 497,740	5 25 27 28 29 30 L
8	2 Com'l W'dso Total, N.S		150 345 075	286,554	31,491 193,180	37,002	26,688	293,914	88,864	25,668,047	178,031	497,08	-	-	- 1.2
ž	3 N.Brunswio 4 Peoples 5 St. Stephen'	k 2,243, 453, 8 , 453,	999 021 859		193,180 15,589 . 674 6,396 22,659	15,488 2,000 17,488	1,926	293,914 30,600 6,000 12,000 48,000	2,275 21,795 24,070	25,005,047 8,212,933 575,417 578,879 4,367,229	202,138 87,134 85,000 324.272	117,91 7,34 10,50	3 169,74 4 16,91 0 18,50	6 469,14 5 123,45 0 106,14	2 83 4 84 2 85
	Total, N.B. 6 Com. B. Mar 7 Bank B. C 8 Sum'o, P.E.] Gr. Tota	5,830, 5,830, 134, 187,847,	537 743 185		70,723	17,488 19,632 18,245  531 1,157,070	7,350 530	9,139 114,200 658	24,070 8,400 5,742 741 1,639,121	4,307,229 2,028,069 6,651,937 165,200 280,816,793	324.272 40,651 	266,96	- <u>5,74</u>	502.27 31,210,71 947,90	1 38
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PLATE GLASS FOR THE MILLION.

A Minneapolis inventor has patented an A Minneapolis inventor has patented an apparatus which, it is claimed, will reduce the cost of making a square foot of platé glass from 75 to 10 cents. The invention consists in rolling the plate of glass on a perpendicular instead of a horizontal surface; and it is roll-ed the exact thickness required, instead of having to be ground down and polished. The plate is said to come out with a fine, smooth surface and free from wave or chills, and a

covering of sospstone prevents it being scratched or marred while cooling. [The rollers turn out two sheets simultaneously

ever, gave out and the mines were abandoned, Indications of this mineral are still to be met with in Albert, Westmoreland and Kings counties, and much time and money has been spent in prospecting for it for years past. In various parts of the province the work of exploration is going on quietly for different minerals. Below St. John for many-years past considerable money has been spent in the search for anthracite, and those interested firmly believe their efforts will be crowned with success.

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	AL WHOLESALE PRICE		<u> </u>		
Name of Article.	Wholesale.		Wholesale.	· ····································	Wholesale.
Beets and Shees. Brogans. Cobeurgs Split Balmorals. Kip Buff " Galf " Split boots Calf " Split boots half fox " fail " Solit Balmorals. Kip " Sox. Perged. Split Balmorals. Kip " Buff " Pebbled " Mackins Sewed. Peopled Button Goat " French Kid	Wormens.         Misses.         Childs.           0 65         0 85         0 70         0 80         6 40         0 50           0 80         9 90         0 70         0 85         0 50         0 60           1 00         1 10         0 75         9 90         0 50         0 65           9 90         1 16         0 80         9 90         0 50         0 65           9 90         1 15         0 80         0 90         0 50         0 65           9 90         1 15         0 80         0 90         0 50         0 65	Rosst chicken, 1-1b tins Rosst turkey, 1-1b tins <b>Corn Brooms.</b> No. 1 Gem 4 strings, hard wood handlo No. 8 do 3 strings No. 0 do 3 strings No. 0 do 3 strings No. 1 do 3 strings No. 2 do 3 strings No. 3 do 3 strings Drugs & Chomicals Acid Carbolio Cryst Medi Aloes, Cape Alum	8 60 0 00 2 85 0 00 2 40 0 00 3 00 0 00 3 20 0 00 3 25 0 00 1 85 0 00 1 50 0 00 	Soda Ash. Soda Bicarb. Sal Soda. "Concentrated Dyostuffs. Archil, con Cutob. Ex. Logwood. Gambier Madras. Fish. Labrador Horrings, No 1. French Shore, No 1. French Shore, No 1. Sea Trout Cape Breton Herrings. Mackerel, No 1, kitts. Mackerel, No 1, kitts.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
French Kid	1 60 1 200 1 85 1 50 0 80 1 85 1 50 2 00 1 80 1 75 0 90 1 85 1 85 8 50 1 90 2 50 1 40 1 75	Brom. Potass. Camphor, Eng. Ref	0 45 0 48 0 67 0 70	Draft "No.1	6 50 5 75 6 50 0 00 5 25 5 50
per dos	Name of Article.         Whelesale.           Peas, Mar., 3-lb tins         1 10 1 25           Boston baked beana, pds 2 15 2 20         215 2 20           Corned Beef, 1-lb         1 65 0 00           Corned Beef, 2-lbs         2 70 2 85           "Gorned Beef, 1-lb         2 70 2 85           "Gorned Beef, 2-lbs         2 70 2 85           "Gorned Beef, 1-lb         2 70 2 85           "Gorned Beef, 2-lbs         5 21 5 26           "Gorned Beef, 2-lbs         5 21 5 26           "Gorned Beef, 2-lbs         5 21 5 20           "Gorned Beef, 2-lbs         8 76 9 00           "Gorned Beef, 2-lbs."         5 20 6 76           "Gorned Beef, 2-lbs."         5 20 0 00           "Gorned Beef, 2-lbs."         5 20 0 00           "Gorned Beef, 2-lbs."         0 00 1 70           Hoogr's Boston Beans,drs 0 00 2 325         260 0 00           "Gorned Tong's 1 b."         1 20 0 00           "Gilb."         5 00 00           Deviled Tong's 1 b."         1 20 0 00           Chicken 1-lb."         2 00 0 00           Ox Tongre 2-lb."         0 0 0 00           Worne 2-lb."         0 0 0 0 0           New pack         0 00 0 50 <td>Acid Carbolle Gryst Medi Alocs, Cape. Alum. Campho. Eng. Ref. Camphor, Eng. Ref. Camphor, Eng. Ref. Camphor, Eng. Ref. Corperas, ner 100 lbs. Grosan Tartar Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Oplum. Oplum. Orasile Acid Phosphorus. Potash Biohromate. Potash Slodide. Tin Grystals. Bisesching Powder. Bine Vitriol. Brimstone. Caustie Soda &amp;0°</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ļ</td>	Acid Carbolle Gryst Medi Alocs, Cape. Alum. Campho. Eng. Ref. Camphor, Eng. Ref. Camphor, Eng. Ref. Camphor, Eng. Ref. Corperas, ner 100 lbs. Grosan Tartar Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Gyrosrine. Oplum. Oplum. Orasile Acid Phosphorus. Potash Biohromate. Potash Slodide. Tin Grystals. Bisesching Powder. Bine Vitriol. Brimstone. Caustie Soda &0°			ļ
Retailers will please bear in mind th	ai ačeve queisiiens spęły enły ie large l	di.	<u> </u>		
-	ters of Coffees , Corner St. JOHN St. REAL. tation of Ceylon Teas, packed in	MEAT	PAC	KINC C KINC C TREAL. ERS of the EXTRA FL MP BCC	O'Y
		Pure Leaf La		-	
THE BEST GOODS	IN THE MARKET!			Beef and Barre	l Beef.
Frankfort, Cambridge, Bologna,	Chicken, Ham and Tongue	First-Class 8/	AUSAG	s of all kinds of ES, Fresh or S G CHECK P	· · · ·
	CING CO., MONTREAL, class Meats & Sausages.		0123	BB I	
				s)	

ARTHUR	P. TIPP		CO.
• •	· -·		
UNITED ALKALI CO	., Cl	iemicals.	
E. LAZENBY & SON		ckles, &c.	
ORLANDO JONES &	CO R	ice, Starch.	
L. CODON,	พิ		
H. FAULDER & CO.,	"81	iver Pan" P	reservos
&c.,	&c.,	åc.	
1 Wellington St. E., TORONTO.	Alox. Wells, NONTERAL	Prince Will ST. JOR	

PREVENTS RAISING OF CHEQUES.

SPACKMAN & CO., 164 St. James St., Montreal

1181 **TBIT** 

MONTREAL V	VHOLESALE	PRICES	OURRENT	THURSDAY.	DEC. 24	1891.
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Name of Article W
Name of Article W Farm Products. Far

"Nors.-Refiners prices to the wholesale trade ; jobbers would have to pay le additional.



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WHOLESALE	The same are also used and	AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS ADDRESS	 DIMO	A	001

Name of Article.	Whol	05310	Name of Article.	Whoistais	Name of Article.	Wholesale		Wholesale.
Hardware-Continued. (dy to 5dy- { Cold Cut, }	\$ 60		Borse Shoes Terms, 4 months, or 3 pc	340 350	Shot per 100 lbs Lead Pipe per 100 lbs Zfmc: Sheet "Spelter Scree free-Chairs	5 55 5 75	Upper Heavy. Light. Grained Upper	
Bdy-fine, HotCut, Am Pat Siel Cut, Am. or Can. Pat's	5 00	ŏŏŏ	4xes - 8 8	7 00 7 50	Zime . Sheet	6 50 0 00 6 00 6 25	Kin Sking, French	028 030
10dy to 60dy	2 10 2 35	0 00	Coll Chain-1	0 041 0 00	Scrap from-Chairs	18 00 00 00 0 00 17 00	English Canada Kip	050 070
tdy to 5dy	2 85	0.00	5-18 7-16		Machinery sorap. Wrot iron Proder : Canada Blasting F f to F F F	3 00 3 50 4 75 5 00	Hemlook Calf Light French Calf	1105 140
Casing, Flooring, Box, Shook	1 10 10	ŏŏŏ	Morewoods Lion, No. 28.	0 00 0 061	Darbed Wire, por ib Gai		Splitz, Light & Medium	014 020
and Tobacco Bon : 8dy 4dy to 5dy	4 00	0.00	Morewood & Heathfield. Queen's Head, or equal. Common	0 00 0 05	Fencingwire, No. 8 No. 9 No. 10	0 00 2 75	Enameled Cow, per ft	0 12 0 14
Edy and 7dy Edy and 9dy	2 75	0 00	Pig Irow : Siemens No. 1.	21 50 22 0J 22 00 0 00	Buckthorn Wire	0 00 0 00	Glove Grain	0 10 0 14
10d to 30dy Cut Sother : all sizes Common Flour Barrel :	2 £0	0 00	Calder	22 50 0 00 22 00 0 00	Hides and Tallow.		B. Calf Brush (Com) Kid Buff	0 10 0 13
07 in	4 40	0 00	Summerlee	22 00 0 00 21 50 22 00	Montreal Green Hides	0.00 4.50	Russetts, Light	0 35 0 40
1 in 14 in Finithing Nails :			Cambroo		" No. 2	0 00 3 5	"No. 2 "Baddlers" Int. Fr. Calf	020026 800900
1 inper keg 1} in	5 95 4 25 8 50	0 00 0	Hematite. Bar Ires, per 100 lbs Ord. Crown		Tanners pay \$1.00 more for sorted, cured and insp'd Toronto ' 1	4 25 0 60	English Oak	0 38 0 49
1 in "	8 50	0 00	Best Refined Swedes Sheet Iron to No. 20	1 0 100 2 25	Norn The above are	000 000	Dongola, extra No. 1 ordinary	10.90 0.99
21 in	8 00	0 00 0 00 0 00	Boiler Plates	2 60 2 75	prices in the west. Dry No'r West	0 10 0 00	Oils.	. 015 020
8 in and up " Clinck and Heavy Clinch :	2 75	0 00	Canada Plates :		Ulip8	0 80 0 00	I Cod Oil Newfoundland	0 371 0 60
1 in por 100 lbs 1} in	4 25	0 00	Good Brands Iren Wire : 0 to 7 p 100 lb. Wro'' fron pipe, 1 to 2 in	8 2 60 0 00	Lampskins, Calfskins uninspected Horse Hides western, each	. 0 05 0 00	"Halifax "Gaspo S. R. Pale Scal	000047
2 and 21	3 25	000	621 p.c., over 2 in 60 p.c. Sseet, cast per 16 "Spring, 100 lb "Tire "Ib	0 00 0 00	City Tailow, refined	. 200 225	Straw Seal Cod Liver Oil Norwegian	0 LO 0 76
Bin. and up	2 75	0 00	" Spring, 100 lb " Tire " lb " Sleigh Shoe, lb	3 00 0 00	" rough	200 300	[Distributing Prices]	
1 inper 100 lbs 14 in 14 and 13	4 75	00	Tin Plate : IC Coke	1 8 00 D D	Leather.		Cod Oil, Newfoundland Do Halifar	.10 00 0 00
2 and 2	8 75	000	IC Coke IO Charcoal IX "	. 3 60 3 75 . 4 25 4 50	No. 1 B. A. Sole,	0 20 0 22	Do Gaspe 8. R. Pale Seal Straw Seal.	. 0 19 0 00
Sin. and up " "Terms. Herze Nails : 9 lb	3 20 0 22	0.00	IO Charcoal           IX           IX           DC           DX           DXX.*           DXX.*           Terms Plats:           IC, 20 x 23           Russ. Sheet Iron           Anghors, pay Ib	Ususi Trade	No. 1, ordinary Sole No. 2	. 0 19 0 20	Cod Liver Oil. Nfid	. 085000 n 10000
4 4 8 Ib	0 23	000	DX " DXX "	Extras.	No. 8 Buffalo Sole, No. 1 No. 2		Lard Oil, Extra	. 0 09 0 10
Dist. 60 and 10 p. c.	0 27	0 00	IC, 20 x 28 Russ. Sheet Iron	7 75 8 25	China " No. 1 " " No. 2		Linseed, raw	·1058 0£9
Wrenght or Ship Spikes : 71-16 and 1 in	8 90	0 00	Auss. Sheet 1701 Anchors, per lb Lion & Grown, Tin'd Sht' 24 gauge Lead : Pig, per 100 lbs Sheet	4 75 5 50	Zanzibar, No. 1 " No. 2 No. 3		Olive, Puro Machinery	115 125 095 1.0
8-8 in 5 1-16 in	4 25	0.00	Lead : Pig, per 100 lbs	- 6 00 6 25 - 8 50 3 75	Slaughter, No. 1	. 0 20 0 24	" Extra, qt., p cas pts do pts., do	. 240 200 . 240 200
(Dis. 25 per cent.)	1 2 10		Davde	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	Il Spirits Turpentine	0 65 0 66

Estations will please bear in mind that the above quotations apply only to large late

\*Discounts on Nails apply only for immediate delivery, and for quantities named of each kind separately.

•AGT-Terms for Cut Casing, Book and Shock, Finishing and Tobacco Box, Barrel, Clinch and Pressed Nails, four months note or 8 per cent. off for cash within 20 days. Discount on Boltss: Carriage and Tire, 75 to 80 and 10; Machine, 70 to 75 per cent. Terms, four months or 5 per cent. off for cash in 30 days. Nails and horse shoes, three per cent. off within 80 days. Horse nails and spikes four months or 5 per cent. off in 30 days.



In purity, consistency and flavour; an excellent substitute for butter, preserves, etc.



Lump or Loaf Sugar of very finest quality in 5-lb. boxes.

Stellarton Foundry Machine Works Manufacturers of Rotary Mills. Shingle, other Machinery. Supplies also Double Surface Plane and Matcher-Buz. Planers. Stoves, Furnaces. Props. : WHIR & MORRISON STELLARTON, N.S. Correspondence solicited. THE lelephone Rell Company of Canada. C. F. SISE, GEO. W. MOSS, C. P. SOLATER, President Vico-President

1188

Sec.-Treasuror C. P. SOLATER, - - - Bec.-Treasurer This Company manufactures and will soll its Telephonic Instruments, including the inventions of Bell, Blake, Edison, Gray, Phelps, Berliner, Anders, Watson, Goodman, Gilliand, and the Law and Consolidated Companies, many of which are fully protected by patents, at prices ranging from \$10 to \$50. It also manufactures every description of Electric Fire Alarm Apparatus, and will con-tract to supply Cities and Towns with the same,

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30 St. John Street, Montreau

Name of Article.	Wholesale	n vi Articin	Wholesai«	antiois	W 11010224	APRILIA 19 OFFICE	Wholesale
Tad. Oil : rade Car Lots Store, [2 p.c. off] Broken lots Am. in car lots " 6 bbls " 10 bbls single bbls	<b>\$</b> c. <b>\$</b> c 1 27 0 (W) 0 151 0 00 0 00 0 20 0 00 0 20 0 00 0 20 0 00 0 20 0 00 0 21	Jand'n Min'i, 5 shds, pr 100 No. 1 Furnit'o Vrn'h, pr gi Extra Brown Japan Black Frange Shellao, No. 1 Pure Balt.		Spirits		Hay, Fairman & Cogal oasos Claymore	8 C0 8 25 8 90 4 00 9 75 0 00 8 75 8 95 7 25 8 75 9 80 9 75 3 40 8 55 8 50 8 75
<b>Glass.</b> United inches, 00 to 25 United inches 26 "40 41 " 50 51 " 60	1 85 1 40 1 45 1 50 3 15 8 25 8 40 8 50	Liverpool per bag Riev'ns Ganadian, in small bags. Quarters #actory-filed per bag Rice's pure dairy, per bag quarters Turk's Island	2 89 3 25 0 33 0 85 1 20 1 25 0 85 0 40 0 00 2 00 0 00 6 50 0 00 0 00	Rye Whisky Imperial, 5 yrs. old "1886 in cases, qts 1886 "flasks "1886 "flasks Club, 1886 "gts "1886 flasks	1 90 0 00 2 55 0 00 7 00 0 00 7 50 0 00 8 00 0 00 8 50 0 00 9 50 0 00	// ++++00+ too	5 60 5 70 2 671 2 76 9 50 9 90 5 00 5 20
Paints, &c. W Lead pure, 50 to 1001b kgs "No. 1	6 00         5 500           4 60         5 450           5 25         5 75           5 25         5 75           1 50         1 76           1 50         1 76           1 50         1 76           1 50         2 53           1 50         2 55           1 76         2 55           1 76         2 55           2 55         2 500           1 10         2 12           1 7         50           2 50         0 11           0 11         0 124           0 11         0 124           0 11         0 124           0 11         0 202           0 17         0 20           0 244         0 44           0 44         0 48           0 48         0 48	No. 2. No. 4. Smoking. Smoking. 68 Solaco. 128 "" Myrtlo Navy. "And the second	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 46_{1} & \cup & 51_{4} \\ 0 & 46_{1} & \cup & 50_{1} \\ 0 & 45_{2} & \cup & 000 \\ 0 & 41_{1} & 0 & 000 \\ 0 & 41_{2} & 0 & 000 \\ 0 & 43_{2} & 0 & 57_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 50_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 16_{2} & 0 & 0 & 55_{2} \\ 0 & 16_{2} & 0 & 0 & 15_{2} \\ 0 & 16_{2} & 0 & 17_{2} \\ 0 & 17_{2} & 0 & 18_{1} \\ \end{array}$	Perie- MacKenzie, Driscoll & Co. T. G. Sandleman & Sons- Clode & Baker Tarragona Skerries- Pedro Domecq Penartin Misa Clarets - Barton & Guestier alvet & Co. vintage wines Nat. Johnston & Sons Champagnee- Pommery, Fils & Co G. H. Mumm & Co. ex. dry Piper Heidseck Louis Duyan Louis Roederor Brandte: Hennessy J Star Gases (one star) Gases (one star)	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \ 40 \ 6 \ 600 \ 210 \ 4 \ 000 \ 1 \ 100 \ 1 \ 600 \ 200 \ 6 \ 550 \ 200 \ 6 \ 550 \ 200 \ 5 \ 500 \ 200 \ 5 \ 500 \ 200 \ 500 \ $	two stars defined as the star, dts defined as the star, dts defined as the stars, dts defined as the stars, dts defined as the stars, dts defined as the stars, dts was as the stars, dts defined as the s	$\begin{array}{c} 1028510502 \\ 128510502 \\ 128510502 \\ 1285510502 \\ 1285510502 \\ 1285510502 \\ 1285510502 \\ 1285510577 \\ 2210 \\ 6550 \\ 6550 \\ 125000 \\ 15500 \\ 15500 \\ 15500 \\ 14500 \\ 15500 \\ 14500 \\ 16000 \\ 16500 \\ 100$

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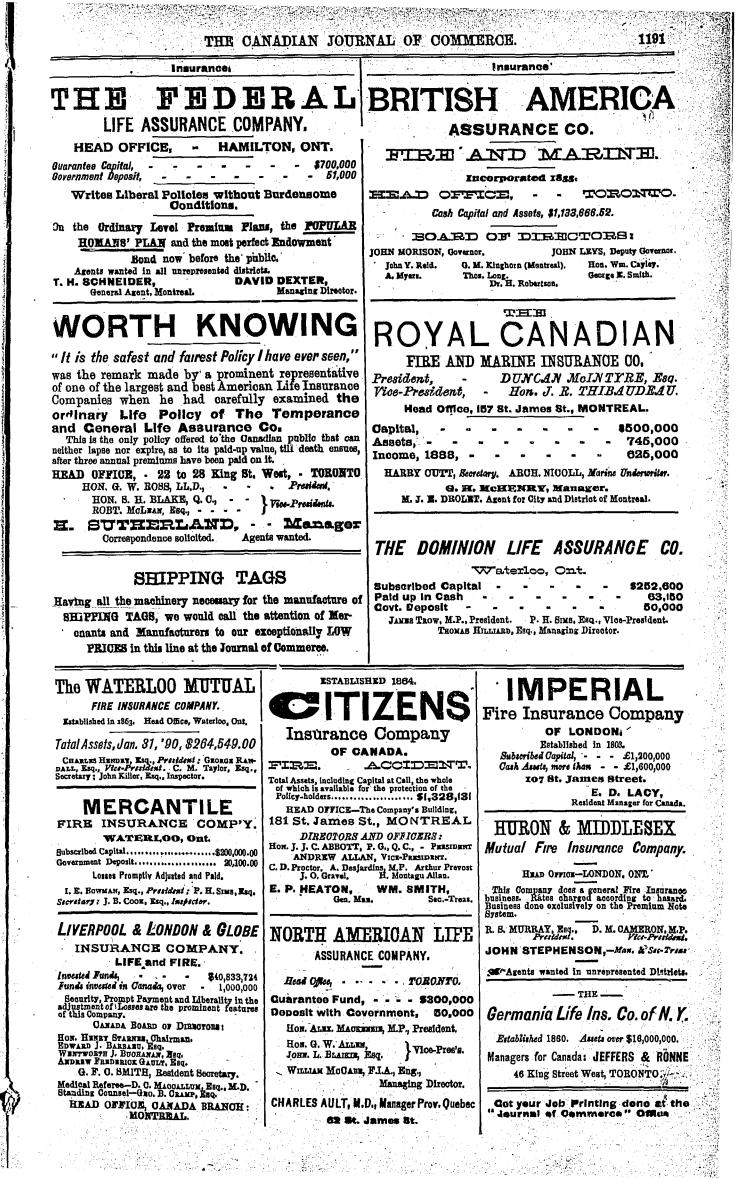








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AMHERST BOOT & SHOE CO., AMHERST, N.S. TESTIMONIALS. Montreal, Dec. 21, 1891. Messrs. G. Barrington & Sons:

W. C. PITFIELD & CO.,

GENTS-

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Montreal, Oct. 30, 1891.

do.

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