







Rossland Weekly Miner.

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WANTED, A MAN.

Never in the history of British Columbia was there greater need of a MAN than the present time; never was there such a golden opportunity to win fame and the lasting gratitude of a long suffering people. The condition to which the public affairs of the province have been brought through the manipulations of a set of incompetents is simply scandalous. The amount of injury done the country in consequence is incalculable. And the painful feature of the situation is that there does not seem any likelihood of a change for the better being made in the immediate future. What is needed is a man—one with the ability and the courage to take hold of the tangled affairs, unravel them, place himself at the head of a party representative of the people and establish a strong, capable government. There does not seem to be a man in the legislature as it is at present composed competent to undertake the task. Joe Martin is a strong man—so "strong" that his name stinks in the nostrils of the people of this province. He is a clever man with a great deal of ability—but he is a political pugilist, and he has been weighed in the balance and found wanting. British Columbia wants no more of him. He may succeed in grasping the reins of office once again as a result of the present muddle. That he has not already done so is surprising, when one considers the set of weaklings he is confronted with. But if he does so, it will be because of successful intrigue, not as a result of any desire on the part of the people to see him and his followers entrusted once again with the management of the public affairs of this province. But the danger which lies in the possibility of Martin's success makes it all the more urgent that some one with the necessary ability should come forward and restore order out of chaos. When one considers the occurrences of the past in the politics of this province—it is almost incomprehensible how the people have submitted tamely so long to the trifling they have been subjected to. There must be scores of able men in the province who are thoroughly competent to give us good government. But they do not come forward. They busy themselves with their private interests, assist in sending weaklings to the legislature and then kick themselves when they see the country brought almost to the verge of ruin in consequence of the acts of their votes. But is it not timely to suggest that British Columbia has been toyed with, played football with, long enough? Or is it desirable to let the policy of drift be pursued to a further stage and the country kicked and cuffed still more? If the people can stand it, no doubt the legislators can continue drawing their salaries without experiencing such pain as will necessitate the administering of an opiate. But if the Miner has correctly estimated public opinion a change would be welcomed—and the man competent and willing to bring it about would find himself supported by an overwhelming majority of the people of this province. Where is that man? The question may not be speedily answered, but he must be found, if British Columbia is to prosper and not continue to remain as at present the laughing stock of the outside world because of the submission of the people to the ridiculous whims and ruinous pranks of set after set of political tricksters.

THE STUDENTS' VISIT.

The McGill University mining students have arrived at the coast and may be expected in Kootenay shortly. They should be given a hearty welcome and we think some special efforts might properly be put forward by citizens of Rossland to show them the attractions and advantages of the camp. The Summer School of Mines, in connection with McGill University, Montreal, was founded some years ago for the purpose of giving a post graduate course to those of its students who have taken the mining and engineering course at the university. This finishing course by the Summer School is now looked upon as very important in completing the education of mining engineers and in giving our embryo experts a practical knowledge of mining by a course of study in the mining districts

of Canada. This year the summer class, numbering 25, with four instructors, will spend a couple of months in the mining camps of British Columbia. The party left Montreal May 1st. An extended stay will be made in Rossland, where the copper-gold ores and peculiar formation of Red Mountain will be subjects for careful study and on which a course of lectures will be given. From this point the C. P. R. smelter at Trail will be visited and the students afforded an opportunity to study the treatment of various ores as accomplished at a modern smelter. A short trip through the Boundary will be made, after which the party will return East via the Crow's Nest Pass, breaking their journey at Fernie, where they will examine the coal mines at that point. On arriving at Montreal the balance of the summer will be devoted to a careful study of the notes and observations made on the trip, and a complete course of lectures on the practical working of mines and the reduction of ores will finish the education of a quarter of a hundred mining men. With the party are several British Columbians, among whom is noted Norman Parlee of Rossland. The visit of this party is made at the solicitation of the C. P. R., which has placed a special car at the disposal of the class, and is affording the instructors every facility for making the work of the tour successful. Its officials never miss an opportunity for advertising and making known the mineral wealth of the province, and this is one of the many methods adopted by the company. This policy can not but result in great benefit to the province, for wherever a member of this graduating class may locate there will be found an enthusiastic friend of British Columbia and its mines.

WHY NOT HAVE GOOD GOVERNMENT?

We do not think it will be disputed by anyone that British Columbia has been woefully misgoverned in the past and that the administration at present in charge of affairs at Victoria has shown itself to be weak and incompetent. It is not necessary to mention specific charges in support of this contention. That it is true is admitted on all sides. The province is seething with discontent in the manner in which our public affairs are conducted, and the time is ripe for action on the part of those desirous of seeing installed in office a government representative of the people, sane, strong and capable. Can a condition so desirable be brought about? We think so. In every constituency in the province a movement should be inaugurated for the formation of what may be termed, for want of a better title, a "Good Government Association." How best to start such a movement would seem to be the chief difficulty, but surely that difficulty can be overcome. All that would be necessary is for some man with ability and courage to come forward and suggest such action on the part of the people and he would speedily get a following which would grow and grow until it had formed a great party extending to the uttermost confines of the province. There is not the slightest doubt in the world but that the great bulk of the people would welcome such a movement. They are heart-sick of political trickery, of the supremacy of political weaklings who have wrought great injury upon the province.

The suggestion which the Rossland Miner has here put forward may be considered unworkable and untimely. But is it? The public affairs of this province are either being properly managed or they are not. We have not heard of anyone—even among the staunchest supporters of the present government—who has the hardihood to say that they are. If they are not, why is not something done to rectify matters? As a rule, people get just what they deserve. The great mass of the people require to be trod upon, ground under the iron heel of oppression, before they rise and assert their manhood. But even a worm will turn; and signs are not wanting that the time is not far distant when the people of this province will turn and declare themselves sick and tired of the misrule which has been meted out to them by government after government and determine upon placing in office a strong and capable administration which will restore confidence and ensure us permanent good government. Is that impossible? Then God help British Columbia. Rich in natural resources, capable of supporting an immense population, only awaiting the magic touch of Capital to make it an immense hive of industry, it must suffer from dry rot for years. Who is there who will declare that that shall be the case? He would be denounced as a traitor who would put forward such a suggestion. Yet, we submit it is within the realm of possibility that just such a state of affairs may ensue unless something is done to ensure the installation in office of a strong, capable government.

The Miner may be fated to see many moons pass before the slightest move will be made in accordance with the suggestions here put forth. Perhaps so; we

shall not whine if that be the case. But as the Miner is a newspaper—not a dummy—it purposes giving expression to its views; and it will eventually have the satisfaction of knowing that it has been laboring in the right direction. When the people get good and sick of misrule they will probably say so. The Rossland Miner stands ready to assist them in making their voice heard. That is this paper's position, put very simply and plainly.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Dunsmuir government received the support of almost the entire house on its railway policy, when the question came to a division, nothing could be more fallacious than to assume that the government's position is a strong one of that the possibilities of an early defeat are removed from the situation. Quite the contrary. There are present all the elements which foreshadow turmoil and disaster to the government, and none of the elements calculated to give a guarantee of permanency and political peace. Let us examine the situation for a moment. James Dunsmuir is premier. Mr. Dunsmuir has no more political capacity than an infant-in-arms. That may seem a rather hard thing to say, but everybody knows that it is true. And not only is he entirely ignorant of the game of politics, but he is not in any sense a man of ability—that is to say, he is utterly barren of the qualities which are required in a man who acts as a representative of the people in a public capacity. He has wealth and obstinacy—that is all. Everybody knows that there is an understanding between him and Joe Martin—the most degraded and the ablest—political trickster who ever "operated" in Canada. Knowing anything of the two men can anyone doubt whose views will prevail in any conference between Premier Dunsmuir and Joe Martin? It's a ten-to-one bet that Joe Martin is master of the administration today—that he is directing its policy. Attorney-General Eberts loathes Martin, but in his anxiety to hold on to office and ambition to get a judgeship he is prepared to swallow anything—even Martin. The scheme is, it appears, to take Martin and J. C. Brown—a whimsical demagogue—into the cabinet and kick out Eberts and Prentice. Assuming that this move will be accomplished what sort of a government would we have? Martin and Brown holding the reins of office and directing the public affairs of this province would mean little short of anarchy. That isn't pleasant to contemplate, is it? Yet we may wake up one of these fine mornings to find it an accomplished fact. We repeat that the situation at Victoria is a most dangerous one—dangerous because the control of the government may at any time—if it has not already done so—pass into the hands of men who would take a delight in wrecking every industry in this province. A clear duty seems to devolve upon those who are desirous of bringing about a condition of affairs which will ensure permanent good government to this province. That duty may be neglected still further, as in the past, but taken up and performed it must be, and shall be some day. The question is, why wait?

DANGER AHEAD.

The Nelson Miner, in common with thoughtful people all over the province, realizes how grave is the danger to the country from the present mix-up in provincial politics. It says that it is an open secret that Mr. Turner is to be the next agent-general, and it is not too much to say that he will go to his duties with the good wishes of every man in the province whose good wish is worth having. He ought to be the last man about whom there should be the least fear as to the permanency of his appointment. Yet it is evident that there is such a fear, or the unusual course indicated in the Bill in question would not be taken. A member on the opposition side sought to amend the Bill by providing that the incumbent of the office should be removable in the usual way. This was resisted by the Government, and was defeated by a large majority. Mr. Turner's tenure of office, therefore, is to be protected by a provision which will make it impossible to remove him except by address of the legislature, an expedient that is resorted to very rarely and always with great reluctance. There could be no more significant commentary on politics in British Columbia than this. It is a recognition in the first place of the exceeding instability of political conditions. The Dunsmuir government is making the appointment, if it survives the session, but before the close of another session there may be another government who knows not Mr. Turner. Anything may happen. Even Mr. Martin may be back with his Beebes and What-do-you-call-ems. And then staring us in the bill is the confession that governments in British Columbia are so unscrupulous that they will not hesitate to dismiss the most faithful and competent official, should some hungry follower covet his place. The apprehension is almost expressed in words that

the first needy politician who come to the top might dismiss Mr. Turner in order to enjoy the office himself. And truth so tell, not only this but any other discreditable apprehension may be entertained, with good warrant, of politics and politicians as we have them in this province. They understand this well in Victoria, and because they do, his friends are determined to surround Mr. Turner with every possible safeguard. They are in the majority today; tomorrow they may not be. They are wise.

THE STOCK PANIC.

While it may be true, as Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan told a representative of the Associated Press yesterday, that no serious results are to be apprehended immediately from the prevailing stock panic, there can be no doubt but that the situation is fraught with grave danger. It is quite certain that the hundreds of thousands of people all over the country who are risking everything in the hope of getting rich quickly will have leisure enough, in the near future, to mourn over their folly in trying to beat professional stock gamblers at their own game. A man has even a better show in a poker room than in an Eastern stockbroker's office. The keepers of bucket shops have their scores of victims who drop every dollar they can raise in the vain expectancy that things will come their way before long. The great trust combinations that are responsible for the present inflation in prices will swell their bank accounts at the expense of the unfortunates who are now biting at the glided hook. While it is true that men never become wealthy out of their earnings as day laborers in the varied departments of life, yet after all it is not well to take too great risks in the hope that sudden wealth may come. Only the few are fortunate gamblers and speculators. Better to invest your savings in a bank or a mortgage, even if the rate of interest is low, than to give it to the bucket shops or stockbrokers.

The money market in the commercial centres is tightening up, and it will be the safest plan in these days of big trusts for the smaller traders to keep close to the wind.

A PLEASING PROSPECT.

It seems quite certain that the control of the government of British Columbia has again passed, or is about to pass, into the hands of Joseph Martin. That that circumstance is something to be keenly regretted by all who have the true interests of the country at heart we think very few will be inclined to dispute. But aside altogether from the concern which will be felt about the political situation locally, it is interesting to ponder for a moment on what will be the effect on the foreign investor of the announcement of the latest turn which political events in this province have taken. Mr. Martin is a record in British Columbia. It is hardly one calculated to inspire confidence in regard to any policy he may be permitted to adopt now that he has another chance to shape the destinies of the province. There are no two opinions about the absolute necessity of interesting foreign capital if this province is to be properly developed. But a combination of evil circumstances seems to conspire against the success of all attempts in that direction. The great natural wealth of the country has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the whole world. No similar area on the face of the globe contains such excellent opportunities for the investment of capital for the exploitation of our marvellous resources. The foreign investor appreciates this very thoroughly. Ask him, however, why he does not seek this field and he will tell you he is afraid to do so. Afraid of what? Afraid of the whims and pranks of incompetent governments. There is no confidence in our government. The laws affecting the operations of large industries are liable to be so tinkered and tampered with at any time that the investing of capital in any enterprise is a very hazardous proposition indeed. The foreign investor who talks in this strain is right in his contention. There is no use in mining matters—British Columbia has been, and is, cursed with a rotten government—rotten in the sense that they have made a muddle of almost everything they touched. That is the simple truth of the matter. And now we are going to have another dose of misgovernment concocted and administered by Messrs. Martin, Brown and McInnes. The prospect is very pleasing, isn't it?

THE SESSION.

The session is over; the house has been prorogued and the tired legislators are returning to their homes. It was a grand session, wasn't it? In the language of the schoolboy it was "a dandy"! Do you ask what was accomplished? Why, we are surprised at your ignorance. Do you not know that the members after strenuous wrestling with the problem succeeded in passing a bill increasing the seasonal indemnity from \$200 to \$300. That was a great achievement and removes once and for all any doubt which

may have existed in the minds of the people that those who were sent to look after the interests of the country were liable to overlook opportunities to place an honest dollar in their pockets. But something more was accomplished during the session—oh, yes, something more. For instance, the country has been introduced to a brand new railway policy. This policy is unique. It is, as was the session, "a dandy." It may be termed a "Sweet Bye and Bye" policy. It promises a great deal and accomplishes nothing. The people are given a policy when they wanted a railway—that, in short, seems to be about the size of the government's achievement. But something more was accomplished during the session. This was the nuptials of Martin and Dunsmuir. They were married during the session. Didn't you hear about it? Oh, yes, they were, and it was a grand affair. All, or nearly all, of the members of the Opposition assisted at the ceremonies. McInnes was best man and other assistants were Brown, Houston and Green. The presents were "numerous and costly." The C. P. R. contributed handsomely, so it is said.

WEAK AND INCOMPETENT.

For a number of days past the Rossland Miner has devoted considerable of its space to comment on the provincial political situation, recent acts of the government and occurrences during the session just closed. In the strongest language we could employ we denounced the present government as weak and incompetent. Justification for such denunciation is furnished in the fact that nearly every newspaper in the province is expressing loathing and disgust for the crowd which makes up the legislative assembly of the province of British Columbia. Take the News-Advertiser of Vancouver. The News-Advertiser is one of the sanest papers published in British Columbia. It never indulges in hysterics. Its editor, Mr. Francis Carter-Cotton, is one of the ablest political critics in the province. Hear what he has to say: An impartial and disinterested observer will scarcely claim that the government at the close of the session is as strong in either the house or the country as it was when the session opened. Neither the administration as a whole, nor its members as departmental heads, have come up to the expectations of its friends, although they may, we think, be held to have disappointed the anticipations of their political foes. The brave words put into the mouth of the lieutenant-governor have not materialized in deeds; the seemingly clear-cut policy dwindled into irresolute and indefinite action; positive propositions dissolved into passive acceptance of amendments which made them useless or of acquiescence in conditions which nullified their effect. One result of this administrative feebleness is seen in the disproportion in the financial measures which have passed the house. With one breath we are asked to admire the financial ability of a province which can calmly double its debt in order to carry out a general scheme of railway extension; with the next we are appealed to in plaintive tones to make a pitiful dole of an additional two dollars in the poll tax. The railway subsidy bill is but a caricature of the measure outlined in the speech or in the glowing periods of the mover and seconder of the address. What a melancholy procession of invertebrates do we see in the many bills which have passed the house—the school bill, mining bill, assessment bill, revenue tax bill and many others—in place of the vigorous offspring of the heralded "Business Government." But if its friends deplore the enfeebled state of the government, its enemies have still less reason for gratulation. The Opposition has practically disappeared. It has been torn and rent by its internal dissensions; its putative parent has destroyed its own offspring. Mr. Martin at least has been consistent in his course and another party has met destruction at his hand. What is the real meaning of all this, is still a secret to outsiders. That he has carried with him Messrs. Brown and McInnes does not seem to us to be a cause for surprise. There are rumors that one, perhaps all of these gentlemen, will save themselves from being overwhelmed in the flood of popular condemnation of their inconsistency by finding a place in the cabinet ark. If they have ever really entertained the idea of such a reward for their abandonment of the principles which they so vehemently professed to hold in the electoral campaign of last year, they are likely to be disappointed. No self-respecting supporter of Mr. Dunsmuir would be inclined to tolerate such a suggestion and any attempt to carry it out would inevitably result in the immediate defeat of the government when it again met the legislature. But we cannot believe that the three seceders from the Opposition lack political astuteness so much so to think that such a thing as we have mentioned could be possible. To the Opposition, as to the government, the political situation at the beginning of the session presented magnificent opportunities. By a wise and patriotic course it could have strengthened its hold on the people and have attracted

to itself large support from other elements in the legislature. It has done neither. It abrogated its functions at the early part of the session. It left to others the duty of criticism. In the closing days of the session it has drawn down on itself both ridicule and contempt by its fulsome flattery of the government.

OUTLOOK IS BRIGHT.

Yesterday was pay day at the mines and a large sum was disbursed among the workers employed by the several companies. The output of ore of late has been the largest in the history of the Trail Creek division, and this accounts for the size of the amount disbursed, as each ton of ore extracted means an addition to the amount paid out for labor. The leading mines of the camp have for considerably over a year been augmenting the size of their plants with a view to increasing the output of ore and are now in a better position than ever to mine on a large scale, and the outlook is that the number of miners will be added to and increased each month and with it will come a larger and larger pay roll. The mines here the week before last extracted and sent to the smelter over 11,000 tons of ore and it takes a small army of men to perform a task of this magnitude. The time, too, is close at hand when even the 12,000-ton limit will be passed, and it is obvious that the possibilities of the camp in this direction are only commencing to be realized by even the most sanguine.

In addition to the mines which are now being operated another strong British company has been formed and it is on the cards that it will commence operations here before the summer is over on a large scale on a property which has already shipped considerable ore, and that besides this it is the intention of the syndicate to acquire several adjoining claims.

The outlook, therefore, in the direction of an increase in the quantity of ore taken out, of an augmentation in the number of men employed and of a constantly enlarging pay roll, is promising and it now seems certain that the output this year will not fall far short of half a million of tons.

The effect of the rocky situation cannot help but be beneficial to all the best interests of the community. The camp has, so to speak, got its second wind in the race for supremacy as the leading mining centre of the Dominion. The population will now grow more rapidly than ever, as the opportunities for employment will be and are greater. The merchant will find that his business will grow larger than he imagined a year since would be the case. Those in the building trades and the professions will also thrive because of the better opportunities consequent upon an increasing and prosperous population.

The situation is not based upon dim possibilities, but rather upon actualities. The true test of the worth of any mining community is its production and its capacity for production. It is known that the camp has produced something over 11,000 tons in a week. It is also known that the output of some of the larger mines is being kept down in two instances, and in the third that shipments have not yet commenced, although it has large reserves of ore, owing to the lack of smelter facilities. These are being provided as rapidly as possible, and when this is done the output of 20,000 tons a week will be quite common, and this would mean that the present force of mine employees would be doubled. The ore is in sight, and all that has to be done is to provide the means for reducing it. The smelter facilities are not adequate, but this is a condition of affairs which will be soon mended.

In the connection it may be said by some: Why do not these companies send their ore to the customs smelters for treatment? The answer is simple. The larger companies are strong enough financially to build their own reduction works, as by doing this they will be able to swell their dividends by adding to them the profits which are made by the customs smelters. So, under the circumstances, they prefer to take out a little ore and send it to a smelter in which the people who control their properties are interested and to not ship on a large scale until the time comes when they can own their own reduction plants, or have an interest in one which is already in existence.

View the situation from whatever standpoint one may, the outlook for Rossland is an alluring one, and those who have invested their all here and have been faithful to the place, through weal and through woe, are certain now of substantial and speedy reward.

Young Mr. Winston Churchill seems the coming man in Great Britain. Though but a mere youth, he has already had a remarkable career. The present seems an age for the supremacy of the young men in all walks of life.

Lord Kitchener announces another victory over the Boers. One would imagine that the Boers would soon get tired of this sort of thing and quit and go farming.

TO VOTE O

THREE BYLAWS TO THE RATEP MAY 28

DR. REDDICK FILES ON THE RECENT OF SMALL

At last night's meeting the most important item on the agenda was the fixing of the date for the election of the board of water works, as follows: Bylaw for raising of the sum of \$25,000 for water system and making of it. Bylaw for the sum of \$25,000 for sewer system and for its maintenance. Bylaw to extend a bridge of block 29 and to rebuild known as the Allan highway. Bylaws were each read.

The report of the board adopted. It recommended an amount of \$18.10 be made for the city of Mountain Railway. It also recommended that spark arresters be installed on the engine stacks, as there is great danger so many houses track.

The fire, water and recommended that \$5 Armstrong, also that J. A. Armstrong, Don surgeon, as sound an disease, be forthwith use of the fire department of \$800. The report was adopted.

The report of the committee recommended an amount of \$135.87 be paid in communication with Attorney Abbott advised to Mrs. Ida Coe way over her property line. Placed on file.

A report was read of medical health officer recent smallpox outbreak. He was pleased to say that there would be no trouble with this epidemic during this year. Disease was closed on the building and its contents thoroughly fumigated. It is to be done but as it is certain that it will occur. He said that all six cases, three of three severe, of semi-cases first came in on second on January 30th, February 16th. The next three at one time and one at the corner of Second and Second avenue. Of Fagan, secretary of the of health, visited Rossland isolation hospital. He said he was highly pleased with the management of the hospital and the nurse, Miss Kelly, of the best in the province. In conclusion thanked the mayor and council for its untiring co-operation in stamping out the disease.

A communication was received from the committee from the post office building parties a portion of the Dean said he had noted that the contract to do this and that a this effect was to be seen on file.

A petition was received from owners in block 52 alley in that block block file.

The reading of the city attorney was deemed advisable to collect taxes.

RIFLE ASSOCIATION

It Takes Steps in the Its Organized A meeting was held last evening for the purpose of organizing a Rifle Association to general order. Issued a notice for a meeting on April 15th a goodly attendance. Landon was in the chair. F. Eagles was secretary resolved to apply to musketry at Ottawa for rolling forms. Officers already enrolled them the number required was an interesting detail and manner of organization necessity for the formation. Sergeant W. elected captain. It is a range as soon as possible of arms and expected, will soon be Landon desires those signed the roll to call Eagles, on Columbia street, with their own sign the roll prior to Ottawa. The meeting followed by a Rev. S. J. Thompson

ATTENDED BY

Many Present at the E. W. I

The funeral services of Edgar Wesley Petch Methodist church commencing at 2:30 p.m. The services were followed by a Rev. S. J. Thompson

TO VOTE ON THEM

THREE BYLAWS TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE RATEPAYERS ON MAY 26th.

DR. REDDICK FILES HIS REPORT ON THE RECENT OUTBREAK OF SMALLPOX.

At last night's meeting of the city council the most important matter discussed was the fixing of Tuesday, May 22nd, as the date for voting on these by-laws as follows: Bylaw for raising by way of debentures the sum of \$25,000 for extending the water system and making certain betterments to it. Bylaw for raising by means of debentures \$25,000 for extending the sewer system and for repairing the one in existence. Bylaw to permit Mrs. King to extend a bridge over the alley in block 29 and to rebuild the premises known as the Allan house. These three by-laws were each read for the third time.

The report of the board of works was adopted. It recommends that bills amounting to \$1810 be paid. It also directed that the city clerk write the Red Mountain Railway company requesting that spark arresters be placed on the stacks of the engines within the city limits, as there is great danger of fire because so many houses are close to the track.

The fire, water and light committee recommended that \$5 be paid to J. A. Armstrong, also that the War Eagle team, which had been certified to by J. A. Armstrong, Dominion, veterinary surgeon, as sound and free from all disease, be forthwith purchased for the use of the fire department for the sum of \$800. The report was adopted.

The report of the health and relief committee recommending that bills to the amount of \$135.87 be paid, was adopted. A communication was read from City Attorney Abbott advising that \$75 be paid to Mrs. Ida Corbett for right of way over her property for the stove pipe line. Placed on file.

A report was read from Dr. E. Reddick, medical health officer, regarding the recent smallpox outbreak. He stated that he was pleased to say that he did not think that there would be any further trouble with this expensive infectious disease during this year. The isolation hospital was closed on April 17th, and the building and its contents have been thoroughly fumigated and nothing remains to be done but to burn the ticks and bedding, which will be done as soon as it is certain that no more cases will occur. He said that there had been in all six cases, three of mild varioloid and three severe, of semi-confined form. The first case came in on January 27th, the second on January 30th and the third on February 16th. The next cases came in three at one time and were found in a shack at the corner of Washington street and Second avenue. On March 27th Dr. Pagan, secretary of the provincial board of health, visited Rossland and inspected the isolation hospital. He expressed himself as highly pleased with the management of the hospital and complimented the nurse, Miss Kelly, as being in charge of the best run isolation hospital in the province. In conclusion, Dr. Reddick thanked the mayor and members of the council for its unstinted liberality and co-operation in stamping out the disease.

A communication was read from John Dean acknowledging the receipt of a letter from the city council inclosing a communication from the Hon. Israel Tarte in relation to the contractor on the postoffice building letting to private parties a portion of the premises. Mr. Dean said he had noted that Mr. Tarte stated that the contractor had no right to do this and that a communication to this effect was to be sent to him. Placed on file.

A petition was received from property owners in block 52 requesting that the alley in that block be graded. Placed on file.

The reading of the tax sale bylaw was postponed to Tuesday, June 5th, and the city attorney was instructed in the meanwhile to collect the outstanding taxes.

REFLE ASSOCIATION.

It Takes Steps in the Way of Completing Its Organization. A meeting was held in the city hall last evening for the purpose of completing the organization of the Rossland Rifle Association to comply with the general order issued by 1901. There was a goodly attendance. His Worship Mayor Lalonde was in the chair, and Mr. Chas. F. Eagles was secretary pro tem. It was resolved to apply to the inspector of military at Ottawa for the necessary enrolling forms, sufficient members having already enrolled themselves to guarantee the number required by the act. There was an interesting debate on the method and manner of organization and the necessity for the formation of the association. Sergeant William Harp was elected captain. It is intended to secure a range as soon as possible. A full complement of arms and ammunition, it is expected, will soon come to hand. Mayor Lalonde desires those who have already signed the roll to call at the office of Mr. Eagles, on Columbia avenue near Queen street, with their entrance fee and to sign the roll prior to its being forwarded to Ottawa. The meeting adjourned to the call of the secretary.

ATTENDED BY HUNDREDS.

Many Present at the Funeral Services of E. W. Petch. The funeral services of the late Master Edgar Wesley Petch took place at the Methodist church on Sunday afternoon, commencing at 2:30. Before the services commenced the church was crowded till there was no standing room, and most of the latter only standing room, while a number, unable to gain admission, stood in the vestibule and out on the sidewalk. It is estimated that fully 600 friends of the deceased and members of the congregation were present. The services opened with a hymn by choir, followed by a fervent prayer by Rev. S. J. Thompson of Revelstoke. "In

THE HOME FAR AWAY

was rendered by the choir and congregation. Rev. George H. Morden read the 1st and 22nd chapters of the Book of Revelations. "Asleep in Jesus" was next sung. Rev. George H. Morden delivered an eloquent and touching oration, taking his text from the 1st, 2nd and 3rd verses of the 14th chapter of St. John. The dominant idea of the discourse was that in the Father's house there are many mansions, and he asked those present if they were so living as to fit themselves to occupy one of these mansions; whether they had accepted salvation, which was free to all. He paid a strong tribute to the life and worth of the departed lad, who had so nobly done his duty to himself and his mother. An anthem by the choir and "Asleep in Jesus" by the choir and congregation closed the services in the church.

The cortege was then formed and wended its way to the cemetery. A number of those who were present at the church walked to the cemetery. At the grave the ritual service of the Methodist church was read, and this completed the services.

Spokane on Saturday for the purpose of conferring with the state health officer of Washington regarding the situation across the line. While the authorities are desirous of raising the quarantine as early as possible, it will not be changed at the present time, and the date on which the regulations will be relaxed probably depends upon the tenor of the report made by Dr. Sinclair after his conference with the health authorities of Spokane.

CONTRACT FINISHED

The contract for the completion of the court house was formally finished yesterday when the clerk of the works, J. E. Thomas, concluded his duties in that capacity. The grading and arrangement of the grounds is now under way and can be completed in a short time after the city raises Columbia avenue to its new grade. On the furnishings for the buildings being arranged for the premises will be put to the use for which it was built, but it is understood that the government has no as yet taken any action in the direction of procuring the necessary furniture.

AGILE HOSEMEN

The game of handball introduced at the firehall for the purpose of giving the members of the brigade exercise is becoming very popular among the firemen. Yesterday afternoon representing the crews of the chemical and hose wagons played a lively series of games, the hose men winning by four games to two. The firemen have had a challenge from the Trail handball team and have the matter under advisement. A game with the fire brigade of Spokane is also under consideration, and will probably eventuate in the near future.

LEARNING RAPIDLY

The new horses recently installed at the fire hall are rapidly learning their routine of duties, and it is now practically assured that the animals will fill the bill admirably. The teams have not yet got into the run of things to such a degree as to enable the firemen to perform the lightning hitch-up with the celerity that was secured with the old horses, but this will be accomplished shortly, and the city will then have a brigade rivaling any similar organization in the province.

A BENEFIT BALL

Larry McKelvie, who was injured at the Le Roi several months since, is to be given a benefit ball at the Miners' Union hall on May 20th. Good music is to be provided and a pleasant time is assured all who attend. The pleasure of the occasion will be enhanced by the fact that those who attend are helping a worthy but unfortunate man.

THE MCGILL STUDENTS

The party of McGill students in the summer mining class are now in the Sloan securing information with regard to the silver-lead ores of the country. It is evident that the party are figuring on reaching Rossland at an early date as their mail is now being sent here. The postal matter, or a portion of it at least, is being sent in the care of the C.P.R. officials, and already upwards of a hundred letters have been received.

PRETTY WEDDING

MISS MARY BELLE RUFF AND MR. GUY IRVING SWENEY MARRIED YESTERDAY. The residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. Ruff, Cliff street, was the scene of a pretty wedding yesterday when their only daughter, Miss Mary Belle, was united in marriage to Mr. Guy Irvine Sweney, formerly of Rossland, and now an employee of the Great Northern road at Seattle. The ceremony was celebrated at 10 o'clock by Rev. J. Millen Robinson, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, in the presence of a gathering of the intimate friends of the families. The drawing room was tastefully decorated, Oregon grape with smilax and carnations being used extensively with bride ribbons in the archway. The central ornament of the archway was a floral bell-shaped crown, which the bridal party halted on entering the apartments. The bride was given away by her father and was supported by Miss Mabel Whitney. The bride costume was a traveling gown of gray cloth with hat to match. The bridesmaid wore tan broadcloth and a hat of the same color. The bride carried white and the bridesmaid pink roses. The groom was supported by Mr. C. H. Urquhart of Seattle.

LARGE LAND DEALS PENDING

The Yale-Columbia Lumber company is endeavoring to purchase from the Kaslo and Slocan Railway company 6,000 acres of land, located between Kaslo and Sandon, and Col. W. N. Brayton of Kaslo, land agent of the railway company, is in the city for the purpose of closing up the deal. In talking about the matter yesterday he said he would endeavor to sell the same company 23,000 acres of land in the Lardian section. This land will be made available by the railway which the C.P.R. is now building into that section.

VERDICT IN HALL CASE

The coroner's jury, which convened on March 12th to inquire into the cause of the death of John Hall, a miner, who was found dead in his bed, and who was thought to have been poisoned, and who was adjudged in order that the contents of the stomach might be analyzed, reconvened last evening. Dr. Reddick read the following telegram, and directed the jury to bring in a verdict of death from unknown causes: Victoria, B.C., May 13.—Dr. Reddick, Rossland: Completed analysis today. No poison found. I am writing. (Signed) C. J. Fagan, provincial analyst. The jury found "from the evidence produced that the cause of death is unknown to the jury."

THE QUARANTINE

Dr. Sinclair, Dominion quarantine officer for this district, will probably go to

THE STOCK REVIEW

MARKET HAS TAKEN A CHANGE FOR THE BETTER DURING PAST DAY OR TWO.

CENTRE STAR, WAR EAGLE AND CARIBOO (CAMP MCKINNEY) ADVANCING.

While the sales on the stock exchange for the week were only 108,700 shares, still it was important, inasmuch as there came during the week a turning point in the market. Stocks have steadily slumped for some weeks and during the past few days the bottom point was reached and prices have commenced to rise. The public is always anxious to purchase on a rising market and brokers naturally look for an increase in business during the next few weeks. They say, under the generally good condition of mining affairs in this camp and elsewhere that lulls should not be of long duration and that the furries should be more frequent and that prices generally should rise higher this year than they did last. Of course, the leaders of the market in Canada have been Centre Star and War Eagle and when they fall they carry the other stocks down with them. There was ample evidence of this in the recent slump. These stocks are recovering. Centre Star has risen to 33 cents, which is a rise of three cents during the past few days and War Eagle sold yesterday at 23 cents, which is high water mark for the stock for some time past. There are no new finds or strikes on either of the mines to cause a rise in the shares and the advance is simply the result of a belief that they are worth more than they are selling for at present. Mr. Wayne Darling, the eminent expert, whose report on the Centre Star resulted in its purchase by the Gooderham-Blackstock syndicate, is in town for the purpose of examining the Centre Star. His report, when it is made public by the company, will be read with considerable interest by the stockholders.

IS IN THE SADDLE

C. P. R. APPARENTLY IN CONTROL OF AFFAIRS AT THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT. PEOPLE OF THE BOUNDARY COUNTY TRY HAVE AGAIN BEEN TURNED DOWN. Mr. Lloyd A. Manly, ex-mayor of Grand Forks, arrived last evening from the coast, where he has spent the last two weeks on business in conjunction with the Coast-Kootenay railway. Mr. Manly, in an interview with the Miner representative last evening, said it was impossible to determine from the rapid way in which political combinations were being made in Victoria, what the ultimate outcome will be. Even in the centre of provincial politics it was not imagined that the covert alliance between Joe Martin and his two followers on the opposition or three followers on the Dunsmuir government would be so openly avowed as it has been. But now every principle which the government professed when it took office has been abandoned, and it is on the cards that the transportation interests of the country are to be made the sport of corporations and politicians.

THURSDAY'S SALES

Table listing stock sales for Thursday: Rancier-Cariboo, 5000, 26 1/2c; Home-stake, 1000, 2000, 20c; White Bear, 4000, 10,000, 2c; Centre Star, 1000, 20 1/2c. Total 19,000.

FRIDAY'S SALES

Table listing stock sales for Friday: War Eagle, 3000 at 20c; White Bear, 5000 at 1 7/8c; Centre Star, 2000 at 21c; 500 at 30c, 200 at 30 1/2c; Morrison, 1000 at 3 7/8c; Rancier-Cariboo, 1000 at 26 1/4c; Cariboo (Camp McKinney), 1000 at 37 1/2c. Total 15,300.

SATURDAY'S SALES

Table listing stock sales for Saturday: White Bear, 4000, 17-8c; Giant, 1000, 37-4c; Rancier-Cariboo, 1000, 20c.

TERRIBLE TALE

OF A SHIPWRECK

Crew of Bark Angolia Drift for Days and Then Are Cast Ashore.

Victoria, B.C., May 14.—The steamer Empress of India, which arrived this afternoon, brought a terrible tale of shipwreck and cannibalism, which was recounted to the naval court at Singapore by Johnson, a Swede, and a Spaniard, the sole survivors of 19 men who sailed from Cavite on the bark Angolia October 12th. They were cast ashore from their raft on an island of the South China Sea group after 42 days of horror, and taken on board a junk two days later, which landed them at Singapore on April 13th. The Angolia was wrecked on a coral reef when six days out from Manila, and went to pieces soon after she struck. The boats were washed away, and the crew made two rafts out of the wreckage. They had been 22 days at sea when one man died, and then one by one other sailors died and their bodies were thrown to sharks which followed.

Story of Their Sufferings and Horrors—Men Resort to Cannibalism.

The Frenchman went mad, and attacked the captain with an axe, and when the mate went to the captain's assistance he killed him with the axe and drank his blood and ate his brains. The others killed the Frenchman and ate part of his body. Then, one by one, the survivors died, until but two were left, who subsisted on small fish taken with hooked nails and lines made of pieces of canvas. They drifted on, until after 42 days of terrible suffering they were washed onto the island of Seubi on November 20th. By that time their bodies were covered with large boils, and they were so weak they could not walk, but had to crawl on their hands and knees.

OLD BARK COLOUSA.

Victoria, May 14.—(Special.)—The Quarra reached port this morning from Queen Charlotte Islands, whither she went to investigate the wreckage reported there. It was found to be the old American bark Colousa, which was wrecked on the Alaskan coast two or three years ago, and which has now drifted down to the Queen Charlotte group and gone to pieces.

HONORING A HERO

LIEUT. JACK LECKIE GIVEN A PUBLIC RECEPTION—HANDSOME GIFT PRESENTED.

Greenwood, B.C., May 14.—(Special.)—At the Auditorium last night Lieut. Jack Leckie, of Strathcona's Horse, was the guest of a public reception and smoker. He was the recipient of a handsome gold watch, appropriately engraved, and a chain as a token of the citizens' appreciation of his distinguished services. In making the presentation, Mayor Dr. R. W. Jakes told the hitherto unknown story how Lieckie obtained his distinguished Service Order. He was selected by Col. Sam Steele with six men to undertake a dangerous piece of reconnoitering in connection with the British prisoners, then quartered at Nitogatchat, Eastern Transvaal. His mission was extremely difficult and hazardous, but was successfully accomplished after two days' hard work.

ST. EUGENE RESUMES

Mine and Mill to Be Restarted—Two Hundred Men to Be Employed. The Moyie Leader of May 11th says: "The St. Eugene mine and mill are again to start up and a force in the neighborhood of 200 men will be employed. This will go into effect at once. Manager James Cronin returned yesterday from Toronto and gave the company formation to the lease. The company intends completing its contract with the Belgian firm, and it will take several months steady running to do so. Mr. Cronin says that the chances seem very favorable for the Dominion government granting a bonus on refined lead, and he thinks this will be done very shortly, as the season will soon close."

Mr. W. H. Olin of the Chicago Great Western railway is in the city on a business trip from Spokane.

Richard Flewman returned on Monday evening from a trip through the Boundary country.

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OUR RIFLE CLUBS

PLAN FOR THEIR ORGANIZATION RECEIVED FROM MILITIA DEPARTMENT.

WHEN ROSSLAND ORGANIZATION TO MEET ON MONDAY EVENING TO COMPLY WITH REGULATIONS

Lord Salisbury, premier of Great Britain, last year advised the formation of rifle clubs throughout the empire to the end that the people might learn to shoot straight, and hence be better soldiers in time of war.

The order provides among other things that military rifle clubs or associations shall on the basis of the reserve militia, as defined in section 12 of the militia act, 46 Vic. c. 11, s. 6.

There shall be two classes of rifle associations: (a) Military, formed in regiments or companies of the active militia and managed by the officers of the respective units.

The Inspector of Musketry shall be charged with the organization, etc., and shall submit the names of fit and proper persons as officers, to assist in the administration of the association.

Every member before he shall be ranked as an effective member must take the oath of allegiance before a justice of the peace.

Associations may be supplied with rifles for the use of members on application of the captain, and on furnishing a bond signed by the responsible members.

Extra ammunition may be supplied on the captain's requisition at the following prices: Lee-Enfield, per thousand, \$15; miniature cartridges, per thousand, \$2.

A meeting of the Roseland Rifle Association has been called by Mayor Lalonde, president, and C. F. Eagles, secretary, in the city hall for Monday night.

It is Being Erected by Agnew & Co. on Washington Street.

The foundation has just been completed for a two story wooden building by the firm of Agnew & Co. The new structure will occupy the site of the firm's store on Washington street north of Second avenue.

store purposes and the other for a residence. The store room will be 24x36 and the dwelling 16x36 feet.

REACHED CAPE VERDE. A Member of the Baden-Powell Constabulary Writes From There.

Among those who enlisted from this city in the Baden-Powell South African constabulary was Mr. Lawrence A. Herchmer.

THE LADIES' BAZAAR. The ladies of the Methodist church have made all necessary arrangements in regard to holding their bazaar.

ROSSLAND SPORTS DISGUSTED WITH THE DECISION IN THE GOFF-BURNS CONTEST.

GOFF SHOULD HAVE BEEN DECLARED THE WINNER AS HE MADE THE MOST POINTS.

The Roseland delegation of sports who went to Nelson Tuesday evening to witness the Goff-Burns contest returned yesterday morning about 5:30 weary and thoroughly disgusted with the decision of Referee MacNaughton in calling the contest a draw when it was evident, and conceded by Burns' backers and admirers that Goff had about 98 points out of a 100 in his favor.

GOFF'S DANCING AND JABING TACTICS seemed to mystify Burns to such an extent that his heavy leads punched great holes in the atmosphere.

YESTERDAY AFTERNOON, Mr. G. A. Carlson was engaged in repairing a chute on the Centre Star ore bin.

WILL PLAY A RETURN GAME. On Sunday next the Trail Smoke Eaters and the War Eagle and Centre Star Savages will play a match game of baseball in this city.

DOG POISONER ABROAD. Again the despicable dog poisoner is abroad in the town.

BOUGHT THE TEAM. Dr. Armstrong, veterinary surgeon, at the request of the city council, examined the team of horses owned by the War Eagle company.

PLEASANT WHIST PARTY. On Wednesday evening of last week Miss M. G. Kinross gave a very delightful whist party.

NOT EVEN A NIBBLE. Fifteen Anglers Whip Sheep Creek and Catch Nothing.

Fifteen of the best anglers in Roseland visited Sheep Creek below the falls on Sunday for the purpose of catching trout. They fished and fished and did not get even a nibble, much less a bite.

COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND. Is necessarily used monthly by over 100,000 Ladies. Safe, effective. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

CITY NEWS

FIREMEN TO GIVE A BALL. The members of the fire department intend to give a ball on Victoria day.

PHOENIX IS LIVELY. Mr. A. E. Sanderson returned yesterday from a visit to Phoenix and reports that the place is lively and that real estate is increasing in value.

WILL OBSERVE VICTORIA DAY. The mayor, aldermen and citizens of the city of Kaslo request the pleasure of the presence of the Roseland Miner and its friends in their city on May 24th on the occasion of the celebration of Victoria Day.

THE LADIES' BAZAAR. The ladies of the Methodist church have made all necessary arrangements in regard to holding their bazaar.

HONORS FOR VOLUNTEERS. The Miner is in receipt of an invitation from the citizens of Greenwood to attend a smoker.

CITY HALL ADDITION. Work on the small addition which is being made to the office of the chief of police, is going forward rapidly.

FELL FIFTEEN FEET. Yesterday afternoon, Mr. G. A. Carlson was engaged in repairing a chute on the Centre Star ore bin.

WEDDING BELLS. On Tuesday, May 7th, at the residence of Frederick Peatt, Craigflower road, brother-in-law of the bride, the marriage took place of the Rev. J. R. Robertson.

THE GOLDEN ASSIZES. The Hon. T. Mayne Daly left last evening for Golden. Mr. Daly has gone to attend the special assizes, which open at Golden on the 14th instant.

ADDITION TO CITY HALL. Work was commenced yesterday morning on a small addition to the present city hall.

SURPRISED VANCOUVERITE. Said Roseland Had Advanced Wonderfully in Four Years.

WORK ON THE POSTOFFICE. Since the trouble with the contractor and the stone masons has been amicably settled, the work on the new postoffice building has been crowded forward actively.

SEWER ABOUT COMPLETED. For some time past, that portion of Columbia avenue west of, and opposite the new courthouse building, has unavoidably been almost closed to travel.

AN ANNEX TO THE HOFFMAN. The twelve rooms over the Bodega are being fitted up for an annex to the Hoffman house.

AN ENJOYABLE HOLIDAY. The Canadian Pacific is offering a single fare for the round trip from Roseland to Halcyn Spring.

SALVATION ARMY SOCIAL. The Salvation Army will have an ice cream and cake social on Thursday afternoon and evening at No. 30 Washington street.

LADIES' BAZAAR ON THURSDAY. All who visit the bazaar of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church on Thursday will be able to select useful and appropriate articles at reasonable prices.

A TRANSFER COMBINE. The three transfer companies of the city and the expressmen have formed a combine, and after May 15th the cost of removing baggage, such as a trunk or gripesacks, will be 50 cents.

HAVE RESUMED WORK. The force of masons engaged on the new postoffice building was at work yesterday, having reached a temporary understanding with Mr. Thomas Bradbury, the contractor.

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back home I intend to do considerable missionary work for the mines here and elsewhere in the interior.

Mr. Richard Plewman is in the Boundary country on a visit and will return on Monday evening.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENT. Notice. Requisite fraction mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district.

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CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION. I hereby certify that the "St. Louis Mines, Limited," "Non-Personal Liability," has this day been incorporated under the "Companies Act, 1887."

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IN THE COUNTY COURT OF KOOTENAY, HOLDEN AT FORT STEELE, B. C.

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of April, 1901, it was ordered by P. McL. Forin, Esquire, deputy judge of the said court, that James Ferguson Armstrong, official administrator of the county of Kootenay, be administrator of all and singular the estate of William Matthews of Roseland, miner, deceased, intestate.

Every person indebted to the said deceased is required to make payment forthwith to the undersigned.

Every creditor or other person having any claim upon or interest in the distribution of the personal estate of the said deceased is required within thirty days of this date to send by registered letter, addressed to the undersigned, his name and address and the full particulars of his claim or interest.

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DEBATE ON RAIL

Report Was Computed by Co. a Late

Some Sharp Passes

The Premier

Tem

Victoria, May 9.—torn and evening debate to a stirring debate the loan railway bill, presented by the committee morning. Tatlow's motion, including the C.P.R. from any contract was then of 20 to 13. On the resolution, Tatlow rose to a modified form by ing a subsidy for road preference show competitive line.

During the speech sharp passages took and the premier. Tatlow's motion, including the C.P.R. from any contract was then of 20 to 13. On the resolution, Tatlow rose to a modified form by ing a subsidy for road preference show competitive line.

Further questioned he said he did not think that the C.P.R. would build the line, province could not line, but the only line was to have the line was at last lost he was willing to go to the country. Cur do it."

Houston then followed to Curtis that he his constituency, Cur it up, and offered to Vancouver in opposition that made of followed Curtis and consistent in a rath Dunsmuir offered to the Coast-Kootenay they would accept McBride also spoke, as follows: Ayes—G Oliver, Hawthorn, Manro, T. Hall, Mc Tatlow, Hayward, M Nays—McLone, Sta Kidd, Green, Housto muir, Eberts, A. W. ford, Garden, Fulton McBride, Pooley, Ross Dickie, Mounce—24.

THE PUL

The Main Provin

Victoria, May 9.—troduced the governa afternoon, which has that made of follow ful for the commis works to enter into agreements, with an any water records under "Water Clause 1887," and amending the erection and com pany of a pulp mill of capacity as shown by agreement, all sid wter privileges held be reserved to the ability to forfeiture, ment of fees, for a 21 years from the date and providing for to the government. The purpose of the pace with a schedule be in force at the da After the period of fees shall be fixed u and regulations as v visible by the li shall be made. Said agree such terms and cond anti-governor-in-counci able.

FATAL MIN

One Man Killed an Injured in a

Victoria, B.C., Ma explosion occurred in at Alberni yesterday toria, and partner, the tunnel, and wit mine, sticks of gelati tending to be fired afternoon, an explos Jones, and in flictin injuries to Davis.

T. H. Wilson, cha board of the Lyeec accompanied by his Wilson, are expecte The purpose of the a smelter on the I will have at least capacity.

ROSSLAND A

Appropriations Mad

Victoria, B. C., T the supplementary down at 1 a.m. The motion towards the station riding, in \$ 865,000 to \$2,724, 150,000 in the Ros lowing appropriations: Hardy crossing, \$2,000, the river, at Ingram Mines, \$1,500.

Public Institutions

Killer very useful. T to it in all cases of s substitutes, there is Perry Davis' 25c. an

OF KOOTE- RT STEEL

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OF KOOTE- RT STEEL

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# DEBATE ON LOAN RAILWAY BILL

### Report Was Completed and Presented by Committee at a Late Hour.

### Some Sharp Passages Occurred-- The Premier Loses His Temper.

Victoria, May 9.—(Special.)—This afternoon and evening the house was treated to a stirring debate on the report of the loan railway bill. The bill was completed by the committee at 2 o'clock this morning. Tatlow's motion practically excluding the C.P.R. from the Coast-Kootenay contract was then defeated by a vote of 20 to 13. On the report this afternoon, however, Tatlow revived the resolution in a modified form by moving that in giving a subsidy for the Coast-Kootenay road preference should be given to a competitive line.

During the speech by Curtis some very sharp passages took place between him and the premier. The latter said it was not the intention of the government to give a contract to the C.P.R. but to the road offering the best bargain, and added that if the V. V. & E. agree to the terms of the bill he would give it to the V. V. & E. tonight.

Further questioned by Curtis, the premier said he did not agree with Martin that the C.P.R. was the only road which could build the line. He added that the province could not have a competitive line, but the only way to get competitive line was to have the control of rates. The premier at last lost his temper, and said he was willing to resign tonight and go to the country. Curtis retorted: "Do it, do it."

Houston then followed with a challenge to Curtis that he resign and go back to his constituency. Curtis immediately took it up, and offered to resign and run in Vancouver in opposition to Martin, and, if allowed to make one speech, he would beat Martin out of his boots. McInnes followed Curtis and attacked him as inconsistent in a rattling speech.

Dunsmuir offered to give the contract to the Coast-Kootenay road at once if they would accept the terms, as they had offered to build 30 miles at each end. McBride also spoke, and division resulted as follows: Aves—Gilmour, E. C. Smith,

# HE USES TOBACCO

### THE METHODIST CONFERENCE TAKES ACTION IN THE CASE OF REV. BAER.

### MATTER TO BE FINALLY SETTLED—OTHER PROCEEDINGS OF THAT RELIGIOUS BODY.

Nelson, B. C., May 9.—(Special.)—The Methodist conference is in full swing. The most interesting feature of today's sitting was the consideration of the case of Rev. W. W. Baer, a coast clergyman, who uses tobacco. The weed is tabooed by the discipline of the church, but Baer uses it medically to take the place of opium, or cocaine, for a nervous disorder. Some of his parishoners objected, and the matter came before the district meeting which whitewashed Baer. They then appealed to the executive general conference and it was referred back. Ministers of the district knowing all the circumstances, again cleared Baer of any intent to infringe on the discipline.

At the conference today, the ministers expressed the opinion that Baer was placed in an unfavorable light before the public and conference. The opinion expressed was that steps ought to be taken to bring the matter to a conclusion. Baer courted the fullest inquiry in his case and tomorrow will place all facts with proof of statements before the conference in session. It is expected that conference will go on the record in such terms as will disarm all further criticism.

The first draft of stationing committees report is being prepared for presentation to the conference for Friday morning. Rev. G. H. Morden, of Rossland, is down to be transferred to Queen's Avenue church, New Westminster. The Rossland congregation invited Rev. A. M. Sanford, of Sandon, to be its pastor, and it is thought that conference will acquiesce. D. D. Birks of Rossland is placed on the list as a supernumery minister.

Other excerpts of committees report are: Rev. John P. Bowell to be superannuated; Rev. Ebenezer Robson to enter active work; Agassiz Columbian College students; Cumberland, Rev. R. W. Wilkinson; Victoria West, W. G. Mahon; James Bay, B. H. Balderston; Thomas Howell, formerly brigadier of the Salvation Army, to be an active minister with post at Inland district. Dr. Carman, president of the Church in Canada, arrived today, and was given an ovation.

### MONEY TO INVEST.

Vancouver, May 11.—(Special.)—J. B. Rawlings, representing Seattle people, is here with \$40,000 with which to purchase plants for the mine on Texada Island, on which very rich samples of gold

# THE MEETING OF GOFF AND BURNS

### Fight Was Declared a Draw in 20th Round---Goff Secured Best on Points.

### He Landed on Burns at Will. Rosslanders Very Sore Over Referee's Decision.

Nelson, B.C., May 11.—Jimmie Burns and Charlie Goff fought 20 rounds to a draw here tonight.

Goff had decidedly the best of the fight in points, landing at will on Burns, who rarely succeeded in getting back. Goff's blows lacked weight, and he never had Burns anywhere near out at any time.

In the first part of the fight Goff slipped and went down, assisted by a punch from Burns, but soon recovered. Burns also was flogged in the early part of the fight. Goff came through without a scratch, while Burns' right eye was almost closed and his lip badly swollen.

Archie McNaughton of Vancouver refereed the battle, and was not a conspicuous success. When he announced it a draw the crowd was furious, demanded a decision for Goff, and a wild scene ensued. The Rossland contingent, 75 strong, was particularly sore. They backed Goff heavily, and thought he should get the verdict.

Jack Goff was in Goffs' corner and George Lawler wielded the towel for Burns. Dan Thomas of Rossland was the official time-keeper. Before the fight Burns raised a howl about the stake money and wanted the stakeholder changed, but the management refused to act on short notice.

Throughout the fight Goff was the aggressor, but would not venture to close fighting, preferring isolated outs, which Burns could have stood all night. Goff landed five times to Burns' once, but avoided the big fellow's proximity. Probably this fact led the referee to declare the fight a draw. In the clinches Burns struck before a breakaway was called, and the crowd demanded a foul. The referee would not grant it.

The Rossland special left at 1:30 this morning, and carried away a sore crowd. Visitors played money on Goff wherever possible, and stood with a few hundred dollars. The decision makes the bets off. It is suggested to have the men fight it

# PASTOR'S MEETING

### PROCEEDINGS OF THE ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF THE METHODIST CHURCH.

### A LIST OF THE TRANSFERS—PROBATIONERS RECEIVED—MISSIONARY SERVICES.

Nelson, B.C., May 10.—(Special.)—The sessions of the annual conference of the Methodist church in British Columbia are now being held at Nelson.

The stationing committee met at 9:30 a.m. on Wednesday, and the first draft of stations will be reported to the conference Saturday morning.

The special ministerial session commenced yesterday at 9:30 a.m. The proceedings were opened by a conference prayer meeting.

Rev. Dr. Carman, general superintendent of the Methodist church in Canada, took his place in the chair of the conference and received a most enthusiastic reception. Dr. Carman responded with a speech of characteristic vigor and eloquence.

The list of transfers out of and into the conference was read as follows:

Out of the conference: John E. Gardner, superannuated into Toronto conference; Thomas Neville into the Manitoba and Northwest conference.

Into the conference: A. C. Wrinch from Toronto conference, C. W. Service from Montreal conference, S. J. Green from Bay of Quinte conference.

Under the clause of conference relations, Revs. Cornelius Bryant, Thomas and Pearson were accorded a superannuation relation and Revs. J. A. Rossman and D. D. Birks supernumery relation for one year.

The next order of business was the examination of ministerial character.

Rev. George Hasbrouck having left the work irregularly during the year, his name was, on motion dropped from the list of ministers.

The following probationers were ordered to be received into full connection with the conference, and ordained: Samuel J. Green and George A. Cropp.

The probationers for the ministry are as follows: Robert Hughes, three years; David W. Scott, George K. Bradshaw, W. G. Mahon, A. C. Wrinch, M.D., two years; Richard W. Large, M.D., C. W. Service, B.A., M.D., George B. R. Kinney, B.A., one year.

J. S. Okell was received as a candidate on probation for the ministry.

In the evening the annual missionary service was held, at which the address was delivered by Rev. Goro Kaburagi, superintendent of the Japanese work of the church in the province.

# THE ACQUITTAL OF DES REVIERES

### Jury Were Out Only About Fifteen Minutes in His Case.

### Told a Straightforward Story of the Killing---Crowd Pleased With Verdict.

Nelson, B. C., May 10.—(Special.)—The jury in the Des Revieres murder trial, returned a verdict of not guilty this afternoon, after deliberating about fifteen minutes. The jury was practically unanimous. Early in the day the accused went on the stand and told his story of the killing.

His statements were straightforward and told without faltering. The cross-examination by the crown attorney continued for two hours, but it failed to shake Des Revieres' story in the slightest degree. The judge's charge was impartial, but not prejudice the prisoner's case. The matter narrowed down in evidence, as to whether the accused's story was to be accepted. The jury evidently thought it should.

On the verdict being given, Des Revieres was immediately set at liberty. He shook hands with the officers of the law, solicitors and witnesses. The accused was more deeply affected after the release than at any other juncture of the proceedings. The verdict pleased the crowded court room. The spectators waited outside and gave Des Revieres an ovation.

# NEW ASSAY OFFICE

### THE RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE BOARD OF TRADE LAST NIGHT.

### GOVERNMENT ASKED TO HAVE SUCH AN OFFICE LOCATED AT VANCOUVER.

Vancouver, B.C., May 13.—(Special.)—At a special meeting of the board of trade this evening, a resolution was passed asking the government for an assay office in Vancouver. G. B. Marshall, M.

# CASE OF REV. BAER

### CONFERENCE FULLY INVESTIGATES THE CHARGES OF HIS USING TOBACCO.

### HE WAS EXONERATED OF ANY PURPOSE TO DISOBEY THE DISCIPLINE.

Nelson, B.C., May 10.—(Special.)—The case of Rev. W. W. Baer occupied the attention of the Methodist conference yesterday. The matter was thoroughly investigated, and as a result Mr. Baer stands before the denomination and the world today completely exonerated from intent to infringe on the spirit of the discipline of the church.

Most of yesterday afternoon was devoted to inquiry, a regularly constituted church trial sitting on the case. Naturally the principal feature of the investigation was Mr. Baer's statement as to the reason for using tobacco when he could not have been unaware of the fact that the use of the weed was forbidden to the cloth. The fact that he had used tobacco, and still continues to do so, was frankly admitted. In justification, Mr. Baer detailed serious nervous illness which threatened to put an end to his usefulness altogether. It became absolutely imperative for him to resort to a sedative, and, in this crisis, his physicians prescribed cocaine, opium or tobacco. Mr. Baer chose the latter, and his health had been benefited materially as a result of its use.

Ministers of the district were aware of Mr. Baer's sufferings, and the production of a number of medical certificates corroborating the statements, no further doubt could be entertained. The court unanimously determined to exonerate Mr. Baer. His co-workers in the Victoria district agree that the Methodist church in British Columbia has no more faithful and exemplary minister on its roll than Mr. Baer, and members of the church generally will be disposed to agree unanimously with the verdict of the conference that the minister who uses tobacco under compulsion in preference to drugs should not be exposed to the criticism of croakers.

The stationing committee's first draft gives Rossland district appointments as follows: Rossland, Rev. Albert M. Sanford; Trail, to be sent later; Grand Forks, J. A. Wood; Greenwood, M. Gordon Turner; Phoenix, J. D. P. Knox.

### LOAN BILL PASSED.

The Legislature Will Prorogue Tonight at 8 O'clock.





# RIFLES AND SABRES

## Military Aid is Called in at Albany.

## STRIKERS ARE VERY DETERMINED

### Non-Union Men Roughly Used in Spite of Soldiers' Protection--Many on Both Sides Wounded--An Exciting Ride Through the Streets.

Albany, May 15.—So serious is the situation here tonight over the Tractor company strike that Governor Odell postponed the continuation of his trip to the state institutions and at 5:30 tonight started for Albany with a military escort. The city limits, more or less, and 2,500 are in readiness to move to Troy when Governor Odell so orders. The streets are thronged with excited men, women and children, and the otherwise quiet day terminated in bloodshed. A dramatic element was added to the features by the sudden death of Adjutant General Hoffman. As long as the Tractor company does not attempt to move cars or bring in non-union men, the crowds on the streets remain good-natured except for taunting the soldiers and police, but the instant an attempt is made to work on the lines or bring non-union men in the crowd grows frenzied and bloodshed results.

#### BLOOD WAS DRAWN.

Citizens, unarmad, non-union men with broken limbs and bloody faces, women and children trampled under foot soldiers maimed with flying missiles and ringleaders in a crowd beaten with the butts of muskets were some of the results of the day.

Anticipating an attempt to move the cars in Troy, Major-General Roe had ordered the Thirtieth, Fourteenth and Forty-seventh regiments of Brooklyn, troop C of Brooklyn, the Second signal corps, the Seventeenth separate company and the Third battery, which carries Gatling guns, to hold themselves in readiness to move immediately.

Mob and militia closed in combat late this afternoon but by the accident of fortune, there were no serious casualties. It was the introduction of more non-union men to take the places of striking Tractor employees that produced the violence, and it was only by the skill and forbearance of the guardsmen that the clash was not a desperately serious one. Seventy-five non-union men reached the union depot shortly before 6 o'clock, and their delivery at the Quail street barn, a mile and a half away, was a dash under cavalry escort with mob resistance in almost every block.

Frenzied men in countless numbers swarmed through the police lines, surged around the cavalrymen and fought to get at the crowd of non-union men inside the circle of galloping horses. The rays of the setting sun gave a glint to busy sabres, but the long blades, wielded by forbearing hands, seldom descended in serious blows. Several non-union men were injured during the ride, and the record does not yet show the score of a single fatality. In the mad ride through the streets few of the non-unionists escaped the flying bricks and stones that the angered mobs hurled at them, but less than a dozen were badly hurt. The courage of nearly a dozen of the non-union men fled in the opening spurt through the turbulent crowds, and they sprang from the wagons that carried them to mingle and be lost in the crowd that demanded their blood.

#### A PERILOUS RIDE.

The ride of the non-union men through the city was the dramatic spectacle of the day. Their coming was no secret, indeed it was as well known as if proclaimed, and the design back of it was evidently for an open, daylight movement with arms enough to awe the crowd. At 5 o'clock the Third signal corps, mounted and armed as cavalry, formed on Broadway just south of the depot. There were solid platoons in front and rear, and both flanks were closed in. As they rested they formed a parallelogram, but later when they sprang forward their lines were depressed by the onslaught of the crowd until oval was the shape of the outer line.

Five thousand men bogged at their heads and jammed and crowded around them when they formed and thousands more crowded into the intersecting streets.

Fifty policemen formed in cordon about the waiting dragoons and tried to force the crowd back. The street was cleared, but the walls of humanity on the sidewalk held firm and could not be moved.

#### FACING THE MOB.

Men and boys climbed awnings and poles and every window in the surrounding building framed half a dozen faces. A broken alley way that runs along the south side of the Union depot was the stage at the opening scene. Into it at 5:45 o'clock were driven four flat-topped open trucks. The crowd recognized them as the same unwieldy vehicles that had carried the first batch of strike-breakers and greeted them with groans. The police singled out individuals who were demonstrative and drove them far back of the lines, but their activity did not repress the mob. Suddenly a side door of the depot was thrown open and up the alleyway marched the non-riders. There was scarcely a sound, and for a moment no demonstration, but most of those who fell when they got the first view of the crowd. It showed in

blanched faces and shifting eyes and stronger still in the way they crouched when they climbed into the awkward wagons that waited to carry them on the wildest ride they will ever know. Once they were all aboard the drivers brought their teams out into the street and the cavalry closed in around them. As if by a signal or plan every whip descended, every spur was chinked and the race was on. High up in a window on the top floor of a Broadway building a widely excited man barked out an imprecation on the heads of the lawless fellows below him and 10,000 men took up the cry. It was the bounds and the wolves over again, with the added frenzy of the splendid animal man. The police threw themselves across the street in solid phalanx, but the crowd swept over them and took up the chase. Ahead were thousands more, and with no fear for either heels or blades of steel they closed in around the cavalrymen. The fighting, swirling crowd caught one cavalryman swinging him out of line. He beat himself free with the back of his blade and went galloping on into line. Then another plunged into the strike of the strike-breakers sprang from the rear wagon. They were surrendering to men more desperate than they. The firing column held its way and dashed into State street for the run up the hill past the capitol. Here the crowd was as dense and desperate as the other, and the men plunged in around the galloping horses. Another rider cut out from the face of one of his sabre down and a line of blood marked where it struck.

#### WITH FIXED BAYONETS.

Two blocks up State street and a clever military ruse blocked the downtown mob. Two companies of the 10th Battalion were concealed in Chapel street and when the cavalry rushed past they ran across State street and faced the pursuing crowd with fixed bayonets. The new line wavered and broke one flank, but in the main the movement was successful. But the strike-breakers were not yet free. Smaller crowds had gathered at various points along the route to the barn and three stones when they rushed past. There was another wild scene at the barn, where thousands more had assembled. The infantry repeatedly charged into the crowd, substituting butts for bayonets, and a shove for a thrust at the point of contact. A passage was opened for the scurrying cavalry and it was safe inside the enclosure.

The horses were done and the men were limp. Sixteen of the strike-breakers were injured during the ride, and many of them, stunned, weak and scared, had to be helped from the wagons. Of 16 injured men Gilbert Hart of Brooklyn was the only one sent to the hospital. The surgeons say he was shot. He also was cut on the head. The strikers say that 18 strike-breakers deserted during the desperate ride, and that less than 50 were safely landed in the barn.

#### ELABORATE PRECAUTIONS.

With a hollow square of infantry protected by lines of pickets that reached into every bisecting street and an outer skirmish line in circular form, the wagon composed all the tactics of a regular army. This afternoon at 4 o'clock, and two hours later in repairing trolley wires. The heavy force of guardsmen and the stringency of the protective measures seemed to awe the crowds that surged around the outer skirmish line, and there was no disorder. The soldiers were jeered and derided, but no one offered them violence. The military movement was in charge of Major Chase of the 23rd, and he had four companies of his own regiment and two of the 10th Battalion under his command. Quail street for six blocks was first cleared at the point of the bayonet, and then the side streets were swept. The crowd fell back sullenly, but the movement against them was spirited and broke no delay. Next every house within the lines was closed and sentry placed on every doorstep. Roofs were cleared and pickets posted on sheds and bill boards in commanding places. Then the outer skirmish line was extended until an area half a mile long and a quarter wide was clear. The men were ordered to hold their ground and defend themselves, and when all was ready the tower wagon was brought out. Two full companies formed a hollow square around the wagon and rapidly moved down Quail street to the main break. The first man to climb the tower offered a splendid mark to anyone within a mile, but he went to his task without interruption. The broken trolley wire was made fast to a grasping clutch, the slack had been pulled in the broken ends were welded. The process was a simple one in electrical mechanism, but it was watched today as no climax drama ever was. West of the barn a long-ridged hill rises rather sharply, and for afternoon it was a vantage ground for thousands. The whole scene was strongly dramatic. It was lighted by a brilliant

# GRANBY SMELTER

## THE PRESENT CAPACITY OF THESE WORKS TO BE DOUBLED SOON.

A LARGE FORCE NOW AT WORK—INTERESTING DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW PLANT.

Grand Forks, May 11.—(Special.)—The work of doubling the capacity of the Granby smelter as well as installing a converter plant is now well under way. The grading of the site for the buildings has been completed, and a large force of stonemasons is engaged in laying the various foundations. The two new furnaces will each have a capacity of 320 tons each, making the total capacity of the smelter 1,280 tons daily. The crushing and sampling plant will also be enlarged. The proposed addition will crush and sample 1,000 tons daily, making the total daily capacity of the crushing and sampling plant 1,600 tons per day. Additional ore bins will also be built. They will have a carrying capacity of 4,000 tons, and with the existing bins, provide a total capacity of 10,000 tons. The new converter plant, which will be supplied by the Gates Iron Works of Chicago, will have a capacity of from 150 to 250 tons daily. The power plant will also be increased by a 250-horse power horizontal turbine water wheel and a generator connected with the water wheel, making a total of 850-horse power developed for the use of the smelter. This is exclusive of the 250-horse power developed for the city of Grand Forks, the total power thus developed on the Kettle river being 1,000-horse power. There will also be added an additional triple pump which will supply an additional 750,000 gallons of water daily for granulating the slag, and for the water-jackets.

The capacity of the blower room will be increased by another No. 3 Connorsville blower and 200 feet will be added to the dust flue. A sufficient number of motors will be installed for the purposes of running the new plant. Of the new plant the two new water-jacket copper-matting furnaces will be 44x100 inches. The new No. 5 gyratory crusher will be capable of crushing 1,000 tons daily to a size not exceeding four inches.

The converter building will be a steel fire-proof structure 100x88 feet, its height in the main portion being 35 feet. The crane for the new plant has been awarded to the Hamilton Bridge company works, of Hamilton, Ontario. This building will contain two stands of converter of the horizontal barrel type. The shafts will be 72 inches in diameter by 100 inches in length. Each stand will have three extra shafts. They will contain a heavy-duty travelling crane for handling the sheets and matte; in another portion of the building will be a twenty-ton reverberatory tilting furnace.

In the same building there will also be the quartz crushing plant and grinding pan for mixing the converter slag. Under each converter stand will be three bins, and these will be operated back and forth by a hydraulic ram. The converters will also be tilted by hydraulic power as well as the tilting furnace. Near by the converter building will be the engine room, in which will be located the blowing engine for blowing the converters; also the hydraulic pump which will furnish the pressure to operate the various machines in the converter building.

The blowing engine will be run by a belt from a 20-horse power alternating motor. It is of the power type, has an air cylinder 36x36 inches and has a special unloading device attached so that when the pressure reaches a maximum no power is consumed while the converter is not using air. This unloading device was especially built for the Granby company and has never been used on any low pressure blowing engine used for converter purposes.

The furnace building is on the same level as the furnace room containing the four blast furnaces and 100 feet distant therefrom. The two buildings will be connected by a ten ton electric crane. The matte from the furnaces is first caught in receivers, which in turn are tapped out into matte ladles. The ladle of molten matte to the end of the converter building, and there pours the hot metal into the tilting reverberatory. When the converter is ready for a charge the large forty-ton crane in the converter building places a large matte ladle in front of the furnace and slowly tilted until there is enough for charge. The large crane transfers this hot matte to the converter into which it is poured. The converter is then turned into an upright position and the blast turned on.

The pressure blast is twelve pounds per square inch. The blast is maintained until such time as sufficient slag has formed. Then the blast is turned off and the slag skimmed off into a large ladle. This ladle is then carried by a large crane and the slag is poured hot into the tilting furnace. The converter is then blown for a short time when the matte is all converted into metallic copper, still retaining the gold and silver values. The moulds on the carriages are now brought into position by the hydraulic moer and the copper is slowly poured out of the converter into these moulds. The copper is moulded into bars or into cakes weighing about 30 pounds each. The converter is then ready for another charge. It takes from two or four hours to convert one charge into metallic copper, the time depending on the grade of copper matte. By converting the matte at the smelter a saving of fifty per cent in the weights of the metal sent east to the refinery is effected.

The main furnace room will be enlarged an additional 84x82 feet. The sampling room will also be increased by 70x70 feet, and at its highest part will have a height of 65 feet. The triple pump in the power house will be furnished by the Stillwell-Biggs company of Dayton, Ohio. The Dayton company globe iron works will supply the 250-horse power water wheel. The furnaces and converters will be manufactured by the Gates Iron Works. All the contracts for the supply of the motors and electrical plant has been awarded to the

Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing company of Pittsburgh.

To the superintendent, Mr. A. B. W. Hodges, who also planned the original plant, belongs the credit of arranging all the details of the proposed enlargement. Many of his own original ideas are being incorporated in the machinery by the builders. Mr. Hodges, who was the first to solve the problem of the economical treatment of Boundary ores, is directing all the details of construction. When completed and in running order some time in September next, the Granby smelter will not be surpassed by any other copper-matting plant in the world.

## FROM GRAND FORKS.

Important Mining News From That Lively Camp.

Grand Forks, B.C., May 9.—(Special.)—It is understood that Jay P. Graves, who owns the controlling interest in the R. Bell mine in Summit camp, has acquired the Champion claim, adjoining to the east from Alex. Owen, Joe Barron and Fred Munn. The second payment of \$1500 on a bond of \$5,000 was made yesterday. Prospecting with diamond drill in the R. B. mine, Summit camp, has resulted in the discovery of some hitherto unexpected ore bodies in the lower levels, thus largely increasing the value of the property.

Peter Porter of Roseland returned here today after examining several prospects and mines in Summit camp.

The bylaw to incorporate the Ruckels addition in the city of Grand Forks was rejected by the rate payers today.

## RAILWAY SUBSIDY

THE MINISTER HAS PRESENTED HIS RESOLUTION TO PARLIAMENT.

QUESTION OF CANADIAN SEALING VESSELS SEIZED BY RUSSIA IN 1892.

Ottawa, May 14.—(Special.)—The minister of railways presented his railway subsidy resolutions to parliament tonight. In all, they total \$3,462,472. Of this amount, only \$1,725,472 is for new subsidies, the balance being revotes.

Distributed by provinces, the subsidies are as follows: Ontario, \$1,320,000; Quebec, \$765,475; New Brunswick, \$307,000; Manitoba, \$112,000; Nova Scotia, \$915,900; total, \$3,462,472. The only subsidy west of Lake Superior is for the road from a point on the Selkirk branch of the Canadian Pacific railway to Iceland river, via Gimli, 35 miles, \$112,000.

On a vote for arbitration expenses in connection with claims of Canadian sealing vessels seized by Russia in 1892, Sir Louis Davies said the vote had been taken before, but not used because Russia wanted the deference to arbitration to be of a character that Canada did not consider would permit of justice being done. No arrangement had been made, but the vote was taken so that it would be available should an agreement be reached.

Premier Bond, of Newfoundland, arrived here today. He is here to confer with the Ottawa authorities, with a view of getting them to withdraw their objections to the ratification by Britain of the Bond-Haine treaty passed between the United States and Newfoundland.

## THE THIRD READING.

Two Important Railway Bills up for Consideration.

Ottawa, May 14.—(Special.)—The Kettle River Valley Railway company's bill was read the third time. Kamloops and Atlin railway bill read the third time.

## YALE POWER COMPANY.

Corporation Formed With a Capitalization of \$200,000.

Grand Forks B. C., May 10.—(Special.)—The Yale Power company with a capitalization of \$200,000 has been incorporated for the purpose of developing water power on the main Kettle river opposite Gilpin's ranch, seven miles below Grand Forks. The incorporators are John Manly, G. W. Averill, R. R. Gilpin, F. A. Sinclair, W. K. O. Manly, Grand Forks, and George H. Hinton of Victoria. It is proposed to construct a dam twenty-one feet high at a point where the river narrows, and conduct the water in a mile flume to a power house. It is estimated that this will give a fall of thirty feet, and develop two thousand horse power at low water. The water right was located by John A. Manly last fall.

## BOUNDARY ORE SHIPMENTS.

For Sixteen Months They Aggregate 216,788.

Greenwood, May 11.—(Special.)—Boundary ore shipments during May to the day are approximately 9,221 tons, as follows: Old Ironsides and Knob Hill, 5,111; B. C., 1,050; Mother Lode, 2,460; sundry shipments, 200. Total, 9,221. For the first four months of the year, 109,854. For the year 1900, 97,533. Total, 216,788.

## WAS NOT BROKE.

They Found the Sum of \$1,500 Under His Bed.

Greenwood, May 13.—(Special.)—Albert Casole, an Italian aged 40, a section foreman at Elbott, died suddenly here today of pneumonia. An examination of his pockets revealed a wallet containing nearly \$1,500 in certificates of deposit, time checks and cash.

## ORE TREATMENT.

Grand Forks, May 11.—(Special.)—During the week ended today the Granby smelter treated 4,527 tons of ore. Total treated to date, 140,622.

Hundreds of Omionins agree upon the fact that Pain-Killer has alleviated more pain than any other medicine. Unequaled for diarrhoea and dysentery. Avoid substitutes; there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis' 25c. and 50c.

Mr. T. G. Holt of Vancouver, is in the city.

# NEWS IN PHOENIX

## GREAT ACTIVITY IN THE PROPERTIES OF THE DOMINION COPPER COMPANY.

LARGE FORCE OF MEN AT WORK IN THESE MINES—OTHER NOTES.

Phoenix, B.C., May 10.—(Special.)—Great activity prevails around the properties of the Dominion Copper company. The two new 30-horsepower boilers at the Brakley mine are now completely bricked up, and the lumber for the boiler and engine house has arrived. There are now about 100 men being worked on these properties, and when the new plant is completely installed the force will be very materially increased. Mr. James Breen, the manager, is expected here in a few days.

Mr. B. Tomkins, who used to be chief steward on a tour of inspection, has returned, and late manager of the Crown Point hotel, Trail, B.C., has arrived here, and will take over the management of the B. C. Hotel company's hotel, the "Victoria." Under the able management of Mr. Tomkins this well known hotel will no doubt enjoy once more a season of great prosperity. Two new sample rooms will be added to accommodate commercial travellers, and the hotel will be thoroughly renovated throughout. G. W. Wooster, treasurer, and H. W. Gallor, purchasing agent, of the Miner-Graves syndicate, were in town this week to attend the meeting of the Granby Consolidated Mining and Smelting company, limited.

Jay P. Graves, manager, and A. C. Flummerfelt, assistant manager of the Miner-Graves syndicate, will arrive here today on a tour of inspection.

The following are among the hotel arrivals at the Knib Hill hotel yesterday: A. McQueen, Grand Forks, B.C.; L. W. Major, Roseland, B.C.; T. C. Johnson, Montreal; J. Ranton, Winnipeg, Man.; H. W. Graves, Nelson, B.C.; G. C. Hodges, Nelson, B.C.; D. W. Deeks, Toronto.

The regular weekly meeting of the city council was held Wednesday night at the city offices. All the alterations were presented and Mayor G. W. Rumbarger presided.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted.

Bylaw No. 15. "Municipal Rate." This bylaw is to fix the municipal rate, which will be 12 mills on the dollar, and will be levied on 26 per cent of the assessed value of the realty.

Bylaw No. 16. "Street Improvement." This is to raise by way of debentures the sum of \$15,000, payable in 1921, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable half yearly. A special tax will be levied every year to pay interest and sinking fund.

Bylaw No. 18. "Municipal Works and Supplies." This bylaw is to provide for the abolition of contracting in all city undertakings and have the same done by the "Labor Protection" bylaw. Contract bylaw No. 21, providing that all city work should be done by contract, was given the six months' hoist.

## PHOENIX NEWS.

Big Plant to be Installed—Contract for a Brick Block Lot.

Phoenix, B. C., May 10.—(Special.)—Messrs. Jay P. Graves and A. C. Flummerfelt have been here for a couple of days. They are the very much pleased with the way the mines, Old Ironsides, Knob Hill and Victoria are looking and they will proceed immediately with the installation of their new machinery plant, which will take from six to nine months to assemble and set up. As soon as this arrives and is in working order a start will be made on the big four compartment shaft at Victoria ground. From time to time additions will be made to the mines' and smelter' equipment as needed.

The contract for the erection of Messrs. Graves and Williams new steel block has been let to Smith Bros., the well known contractors. These same contractors have the contract for the addition to the Granby smelter at Grand Forks, B. C.

Tenders are being called for the erection of the Phoenix general hospital. This much needed building will be a great boon to the camp when completed, as now all outwardly injured men have to be taken to Greenwood hospital, a distance of five miles over a rough mountain road. The cost will be in the neighborhood of \$4,000.

Hotel arrivals, Knob Hill Hotel—William Spier, Grand Forks, B. C.; H. W. Gerhardt, Winnipeg, Man.; David Whitebaugh, Spokane, Wash.; David White, Arthur, city; C. H. Hunter, city; P. C. McIsaac, city; C. D. Hunter, city; P. C. McIsaac, city; R. N. O'Hara, Spokane, Wash.; Dr. R. B. Boucher, city; E. W. Monk, A. G. Simpson, city; Frank Huckleby, city.

Victoria Hotel—James Cline, Loomis, Wash.; J. R. Roake, Roseland, B. C.; A. S. Williams, Toronto, Ont.; A. E. Peterson, Roseland, B. C.; P. F. Richardson, Vancouver, B. C.; Mrs. Barnett, Roseland, B. C.

## CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice.

Agnes mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Lake meadow.

Take notice that I, E. Pavier, F.M.C. No. B.41105, for myself and as agent for Peter Kennedy, Free Miner's Certificate No. B.31299, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that a claim under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this sixteenth day of May, 1901.

E. PAVIER.

To the Editor—I have written your remarks in 17th inst. sent one of passed by the provincial act, Mr. Editor, is ble on the beach, as I this letter.

What I want to refer to No. 31, respecting steam boilers and engines introduced by the Hon. missioner and also passed of parliament.

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