MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

WE WANT YOU
to subscribe to the GAZETTE. It costs but 35 cents a month, one dollar for three months. Send us your name.

The Evening Gazette.

IF YOU CAN'T BUY
THE GAZETTE on the street, send your name and 35 cents to this office and we will send it to you for a month on trial,

VOL. II.---WHOLE NO. 219. ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

AMUSEMENTS.

CITY CORNET BAND
CONCERT.
Mechanics' Institute,
Tuesday Evening, Jan. 22nd.

HIS WORSHIP MAYOR H. J. THORNE, will make an address and presentation in behalf of the subscribers of the NEW SILVER PLATED SET OF INSTRUMENTS, which will be performed on in public for the first time.
Several well known Lady and Gentlemen Vocalists have kindly consented to assist.
Doors open at 7.15; Concert commences at 8 o'clock. TICKETS—Reserved, seats 35 cents; Gallery and Balconies, 25 cents.

MISSION CHURCH, PORTLAND,
Third Organ Recital
DR THOMAS MORLEY, with selections from the Oratorio of St. Paul by soloists and a choir, THURSDAY EVENING, 24th inst., at 8 o'clock.
Tickets at C. Flood & Sons, King street; and T. J. Cochran's, Druggist, Main Street, Portland. PRICE 20 CENTS each.

Mechanics' Institute.
Three Nights Commencing Thursday Jan. 24
GRAND PRIZE MATINEE,
Saturday at 2.30.
PRICES—15, 25 and 35 cts. Reserved seats on sale at A. C. SMITH & CO'S.
JOHN S. MOULTON
Dramatic Company,
Supporting the Coming Comedian,
JAY HUNT,
Will Present the Following Repertoire.
THURSDAY THE GREAT IRISH DRAMA—KILLARNEY.
FRIDAY - - - - - LIFE IN THE METROPOLIS.
SATURDAY - - - OUR BOYS, AND DEAD SHOT.
" MATINEE - - - RIP VAN WINKLE.
Secure your seats early.

Victoria Skating Rink
GRAND
FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL,
Tuesday Evening, 24th Jan. inst
PRIZE OF $10 EACH will be given to a Lady and a Gentleman for the best representation of character assumed.
Tickets 25 Cents Each.
Dated 18th January, 1889.
A. C. JARDINE, President. G. C. COSTER, Secretary.

SPENCER'S
Standard Dancing Academy.
New classes will open on Thursday, Dec 27th, for beginners.
Afternoon, for Young Ladies, Masters and Misses at 3 o'clock.
Evening for Ladies and Gentlemen at 8 o'clock.
Those wishing to join, will make application at the academy for terms, which are very low.
All the popular dances taught in a term of 20 lessons. COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES. Don't miss the first lesson.
Private Lessons given in Waltzing and Fancy Dances day or evening. ASSEMBLY EACH WEEK.
Mr. Fred. L. Scribner pianist.
A. L. SPENCER, Teacher.
ACADEMY, Domville Building, King Street.

WANTED.
HYMENIAL—A reliable Gentleman, of good standing, would like to correspond with a Lady of some means. Address at once, DOCTOR, Francis, Gleaner Office, Fredericton, N. B., giving full particulars. Letters positively confidential.
ONE first-class marble worker. Must give good references. Address J. W. Nugent & Co., Moncton.

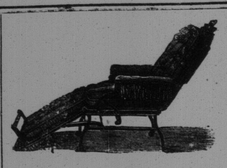
LOST.
NEAR the Market, or on King street, a Cuff containing a Sleeve Button. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it with the Proprietor of the Clifton House.
WHILE skating on Lily lake yesterday, (Wednesday) afternoon, between 4 and 5 o'clock, a Laidy's Gold Bracelet. Finder will be rewarded by returning it to GAZETTE office.

FOUND.
ON Christmas Eve, a Child's Framer, which the owner can have by paying advertising and proving property. D. Magee's Sons, 7 and 9 Market Square.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.
CUSTOM Tailors, Dress Makers, Barbers, Liquor Dealers, and others whose business requires similar premises, are respectfully requested to view the handsome brick building on Canterbury street adjoining the W. C. T. U. restaurant, which is so arranged that the rooms above the elegant shop on the ground floor, can be utilized either for dwelling purposes or may be occupied for daily work by the employes. Price low or rent moderate. Apply to J. H. Kinnear or C. A. Stockton, Real Estate Agent.

Going Out of Business
—AN—
Extra Special Reduction
—FOR—
THIS SEASON
Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.
MRS. J. McCONNELL,
15 King Street.

COAL!
IN STOCK.
OLD MINE SYDNEY.
VICTORIA COAL from Sydney.
SCOTCH (ELL), SPRING HILL, PICTOU and AUTHRACITE COALS of best description, in all sizes.
Prices Low.
VICTORIA COAL now due.
R. P. & W. F. STARR,
49 Smythe St., 74 Prince Wm. St.



ADJUSTABLE CHAIR
AND
BEDSTEAD COMBINED
30 Changes of Position.
Easy Chair, Lounge, Bed stead, Crib, &C.
Mantel Beds and Bed Lounges
Iron Bedsteads and Cribs.
Woven Wire Mattresses and all kinds of First Class Bedding.
HUTCHINGS & Co.
101 to 107 Germain Street.

The Same—With a Difference—Time, Wednesday Night.
Last July we announced that we would, commencing on the 18th, sell our Dress Goods at half-price. These are the comments on the first day's sale.
"Wednesday came, but not the crowd, We hardly expected a crowd on the first day. Why should we! The morals of cheap sale advertising are very low. We cannot complain because ours has been classed with the others. We merely said that we would reduce Dress Goods to half-price, and we did so."
We then ventured to predict that the day would come when our announcements would be distinguished from others.
Last Saturday we announced that we would on Monday sell Dress Goods, Ulster Cloths and Dress Trimmings at half-price. Monday came, and the people. They brought their friends with them. They came in such numbers, and to such good purpose, that in three days our stock of Dress Goods was about sold out. Evidently the time has come when you have learned to discriminate between our half-price and any other half-price.
Next week our mutual advantage lies in turning our attention to Ulster Cloths —buy your next winter's jacket— (perhaps you'll need it this year)—when you can buy $3.30 Astrakan for $1.65. Isn't the inducement worth some present outlay.
About Dress Trimmings—Yesterday we saw the samples of the latest goods for the coming season, and we tell you —straight—there is nothing newer at full price than what we are today selling at half-price. You have bought your dress to be made up in the spring, buy your trimmings also.
Hunter, Hamilton & McKay.
Half-price goods cannot be charged.

THE CHARTER OAK IS THE BEST.
WHY?

Because it has the heaviest Castings and the largest fires, hence will outwear any other Stove made and will draw where many others fail.
While these features are well worthy of consideration by all who think of purchasing a new Stove, we would direct special attention to the
WIRE GAUZE DOOR
As the advantages to be derived from its use. These are so manifold that it is impossible for us to explain them in the limited space of our column.
To those who may visit our warerooms we will be pleased to explain its desirability. To those who cannot we shall be glad to supply circulars explaining fully the principles, and the savings made by its use.
The largest foundry in the United States is engaged in turning out Charter Oaks at the rate of 40 daily, and with this enormous output are barely able to supply the extraordinary demand. This proves more than anything else can do its great advantages, and the appreciation of the public for a good thing.
The Wire Gauze oven door is unquestionably the greatest invention of modern times in connection with the Stove trade.
EMERSON & FISHER,
75 and 79 Prince Wm. St.

NEW NOVELS.
THE BATTLE OF THE SWASH,
AND
THE CAPTURE OF CANADA,
By Samuel Barton,
Containing also the Patriotic Speech of Dr. W. Geo. Beers, of Montreal, in reply to the toast of Professional Annexation. Price 25 cents.
THE TRUTH ABOUT TRISTREM VARICK,
A Novel by Edgar Saltus. Price 25 cents.
COMMODORE JUNK,
By G. Manville Fenn. Price 30 cents.
J. & A. McMILLAN,
98 and 100 Prince William St.,
Saint John, N. B.

Encourage Home Manufacture.
Maritime Varnish and White Lead Works.
JAS. ROBERTSON,
Manufacturer of all Kinds of Varnishes and Japans. White Lead, Colored and Liquid Paints and Putty.
Factory, Corner of Charlotte and Sheffield Sts.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE, Robertson's New Building, Cor. Mill and Union Streets. - - - St. John, N. B.
WILLIAM GREIG, Manager.

FURS, FURS,
SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS.
BOAS in Lynx, Bear, Goat Coney &c.,
COLLARS in Seal, Beaver, Bear, Lynx, &c.,
CAPES in Beaver, Seal, Black Martin, Bear &c.,
CAPS, in Otter, Beaver, Seal, Persian Lamb, &c.,
GLOVES in Seal, Otter, Beaver, Dyed Otter, &c.
SEAL and ASTRACHAN SACQUES, MENS FUR COATS, ASTRACHAN, COON, &c. FUR LINED COATS and LININGS, ADJUSTABLE COLLARS and CUFFS, all kinds.
A very large stock and fair prices.
D. MAGEE'S SONS,
7 & 9 Market Square.

F. W. WISDOM,
Mill, Steamboat and Railroad Supplies, 41 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber and Linen Hose, Lace Leather and Cut Lacing, Cotton Waste and Steam Packing, Lubricating Oils, Mill Files, Emery Wheels, Emery Cloth and Emery, Wrought Iron Pipe, Cast Iron Water Pipe; Steam, Gas and Water Fittings, Steam Pumps, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Babbit Metal and Antimony, Steam and Hot Water Heating supplies.
Lowest Quotations Given on Special Supplies.

SECOND EDITION.

SHOCKING OUTRAGE.

A YOUNG LADY THE VICTIM OF THREE BRUTES.

She Reaches Home in a Nearly Exhausted Condition—The Scoundrels Under Arrest.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan 22.—There is great excitement in Franklin and Hill over the perpetration of a brutal outrage upon a most estimable lady in Hill last night. The wife of David Call a freight conductor on the Northern Railroad, and a boy about 16 years of age started from Mr. Call's residence last evening to attend prayer meeting in Hill village. About 8.30 o'clock, after the service, they started for home, and when in the loneliest place known as 'The Gulf,' about three quarters of a mile from the church, they were overtaken by three men, who had been at the meeting and had followed them. They so frightened the boy that he got out of the team and ran away.

Mrs. Call also alighted and started to escape but the men seized, overpowered and took her in the woods where each brutally outraged her. After accomplishing their fiendish purpose two of the trio left, the third remaining and assisting the unfortunate woman over a fence near by, she being too weak to move alone. He then started and left her to make her way home, a distance of more than a mile, in her enfeebled condition as best she might. Mr. Call got home from Boston at nearly midnight and when he heard the terrible revolting indignities to which his wife had been subjected he was about to take a shot gun and go out this morning to inflict punishment upon the villians. He was restrained however.

Constable J. R. Rowell, of Hill, arrested the men, two brothers named Ballou and a man named Lovering. They are from 19 to 21 years of age and work in Franklin. After being arrested the three confessed their guilt and gave in detail the particulars of their awful crime. Mrs. Call is about 24 years of age and a lady of irreproachable character. She is very feeble and the result of the terrible ordeal through which she passed causes great anxiety. The Ballous and Lovering were taken to Hill this forenoon and arraigned and will be brought here this afternoon and lodged in jail to await the action of the grand jury.

A CRANK'S IDEA.

New York to be Defended by a Syndicate with Petroleum.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—The World this morning says: A powerful company of capitalists already organized with millions of dollars behind it, has proposed to the government a plan to defend the entrance to the harbors by forcing petroleum to the surface of the water through pipes laid at the bottom for the purpose, and igniting it with burning bombs, thus creating a sea of fire through which an enemie's fleet must pass. The World devotes a column to a description of this new mode of warfare and states that an experiment will soon be made to demonstrate the practibility of the plan.

Chicago Street Railway Conductors.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22nd.—The officers of the West side street railway company have discovered a scheme which was being worked by the conductors of that road by which they have been turning a large share of the receipts into their own pockets. One of the conductors invented the method in practice and sold it to the other conductors for 25 dollars each. One of them betrayed him and the company will prosecute those concerned in the stealing.

A Woman Found Dead.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW BEDFORD, MASS, Jan 22.—The body of Martha Wilcox, a married woman, about 28 years old was found near Nash road this morning. She was addicted to drink and when last seen was in company of Otis Borden, a notorious character. Both were drunk and proceeding along the Old Colony railroad track. There are suspicious circumstances connected with the affair. Borden was arrested.

News from Hayti.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—At the Haytian Consulate yesterday afternoon Gen. Contreras displayed a cablegram which was addressed to him, dated Port au Prince, Jan. 21. He carefully concealed its contents and said that the cablegram came from an official source and contained news of an important nature which would seriously interfere with certain business speculations by several leading firms of this city.

The Parnell Commission.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—When the Parnell Commission assembled this morning Sir Charles Russel counsel for the Parnellites said, that owing to the publication of a later paragraph and, in order to save time, he would not press his application for a writ against the Worcester Times or issuing a placard containing objectionable words with reference to the case before the commission.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Indications, Fair, colder westerly winds, becoming variable.

THE PANAMA CANAL.

The New Company That is to Complete the Work.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The prospectus of the new Panama Canal Co., is headed "Universal Company for completion and working of the Canal in Panama." The first payment of each share is 125 francs, the second, on the constitution of the company is also 125 francs, and third, a month afterward is 250 francs. A long letter from M. DeLesseps accompanies the prospectus.

The Standard says that it is impossible to hold a meeting on the 25th because the shares deposited are insufficient to make any decisions valid.

Late Local News.

GOODS FOR ST. JOHN.

The Allan Line steamer Peruvian has arrived at Halifax with goods on board for St. John.

THE SAINT JOHN BUILDING SOCIETY.

The Saint John Building Society matter will be resumed before His Honor Mr. Justice Tuck on Thursday next.

SOMETHING LIKE A CREDITOR.

A young woman appeared at the police station this morning and stated a very sad case. Last night she went out scrubbing and earned some twenty five cents. When she went home she sent one of her children to a neighboring shop to buy something to eat. In a few minutes the child returned saying the owner of the shop had kept the money in part payment of a debt and refused to give her anything more. The poor woman and children consequently went supperless last night and without breakfast this morning.

WEALTHY BUT A MISER.

Last night officer John Collins found a man on North street almost frozen to death. The old man whose name is John Sheean, and is known to have accumulated considerable money, was lying in a snow bank, and to all appearances dead. The officer took him to the hovel that constitutes a home and got a man to look after him for the night. This morning E. J. Wetmore, secretary to the alms house, was notified. But while he was preparing to send the old man to that institution, Fathers Carnay and Donovan took him in charge and had him conveyed to the bishop's hospital, Sydney street. Sheean has a family living in the States someplace, and is reported to have a good lot of money which he has been hoarding for years.

GRATTAN'S PARLIAMENTS.

Mr. John L. Carleton delivered a very interesting lecture on Grattan's Parliament before the Father Matthew society. In concluding his lecture Mr. Carleton spoke as follows:—England and Ireland are soon to solemnize a new marriage—one of affection and not of necessity, one [illegible] when standing before the altar of justice their kiss of peace will proclaim their unity of interest, ambition and happiness; when with two crowns but one monarch they will start out on their national voyage, to be forever the peers of the strongest, the protectors of the weak, the patrons of learning and civilization; then will the past with all its bitter memories be forgotten and the two kingdoms struggle along side by side in honest competition, rivalling each other in industry and happiness, emulating each other in letters, science and art.

The Railway Extension.

A general Committee of the Council, His Worship Mayor Thorne in the chair, was held to consider that section of the Harbor Committee's report which referred to the proposed railway extension.

In speaking for the Committee of the St. John Forwarding and Trade Promoting Association, Mr. Pugsley referred to the benefits to be derived from the railway extension. The committee, he said, had made application to the department of railways to get connection with the Intercolonial, and the permission was as good as granted.

Besides the ordinary track there would be a roadway, and accomodation for foot passengers. The structure would be 20 feet wide and would be planked, the track running level with the planks.

As regards crossing the slip, the slip was already crossed by one line, and their's far from interfering with the city would be a benefit to foot passengers from this city to Portland. The work should be done at their own expense. They had not asked anything from the city or government. The plans were to be submitted to the Harbor committee and city engineer, and he believed the work would be a lasting benefit. Mr. E. McLeod said they asked nothing from the city but permission to go to work. This seemed unnecessary but the association did not desire to be conflicting with the city. Any damage that occurred they would pay for and what more could the city ask?

The plans of the proposed extension were on the table for inspection.

County Court.

The January term of the St. John County Court opened this morning. His Honor Judge Watters presiding. There was no criminal business before the court, and consequently no Grand jury was empanelled. The following is the docket:

1 Elizabeth Anderson et al vs. Joshua Henderson. H W Moore.
2 Halifax Banking Company vs. John P. Williams. J R Armstrong.
3 Andrew Johnson et al vs. The City of Portland. G A Davis.
4 John A Kane vs. City of Portland. G A Davis.
5 John McMillan vs. Edwin E Phair. J McQueen
6 The Singer Manufacturing Co. vs. Miles Hancock. T J Forest.
7 Bank of New Brunswick vs. G Rix Price. G Sydney Smith.
8 M John Sharp vs Mark N Powers. M McDonald.
9 The Phoenix Insurance Company vs. James L. Allen & Ferguson.
10 David C Moore vs. Charles H Peters. H W Moore.
11 Ross Kennedy vs. Richard J Nagle. John Kerr
12 James Patterson, assignee, etc., vs. Michael Harvey and others. M McDonald.
13 Athol Machine Company vs. George F Simonds. C A McDonald.
14 L O Goethe vs. Alfred Isaacs. C A McDonald.
15 Thomas Hoey vs. William Wilson. McKeown & Keirstead.

In the matter of Johnson et al vs the City of Portland, L. A. Currie moves on behalf of Andrew Johnson, to have proceedings stayed until security for all his costs be given, the action having been commenced without his consent, and also costs of this application. Mr. Currie reads the affidavits of Andrew Johnson and Samuel W. Johnson. Rule nisi returnable tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. After the docket was made up the court adjourned until tomorrow morning.

FIRST EDITION.

THE GERMANS IN TROUBLE.

THE ARABS ON THE EAST COAST OF AFRICA TOO MANY FOR THEM.

Conditions Which They Inspire as a First Condition to the Release of Their Missionaries.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

ZANZIBAR, Jan. 22.—The Arabs have made the evacuation of the coast by the Germans, a first condition to the release of the missionaries who have been captured by them. The naval garrisen at Dar E. Salem has been compelled to withdraw owing to a severe outbreak of fever among the men. Further fighting occurred at Bagomoyo on Saturday. The coast Arabs are jubilant over their recent victories and captures. The Italian war ship Dozali has withdrawn from the Blockade. Large shipments of arms and ammunition are arriving from Belgium, England and Germany. The British Indians are preparing a petition demanding compensation for the ruin brought upon their trade by fighting between the insurgents and Germans.

Railway Strike.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LAFAYETTE Ind. Jan. 22.—The freight brakesmen on the Lake Erie Western railway at this point struck last night for an increase of wages. It is claimed word was sent out to strike all along the line from Lima, Ohio, to Peria, Ills.

The German Admiralty.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BERLIN, JAN. 22 Admiral Baron Von Der Goltz has been appointed chief of the admiralty in place of Vice admiral Count Von Monts, who died recently.

Great Britain and Samoa.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—It is stated on trustworthy authority that the British government has decided to uphold the treaty, by the terms of which European powers are precluded from obtaining or attempting to obtain dominance in Samoa. The government have been fully informed of and shares in the United States government's views on the subject. It is agreed that the action of the German agents in Samoa is opposed to the letter and spirit of the treaty, that it violates diplomatic etiquette and endangers the good relations so necessary for Europeans to preserve when dealing with semi-barbarous nations.

Despatches to this effect have been sent to Berlin. Salisbury's latest news from Apia is threatening. The British fleet in the Pacific will be increased immediately by at least two powerful vessels.

[illegible] Berlin learns on good authority that Germany has come to a definite understanding with the United States regarding Samoa.

Crazed by Unrequited Love.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 21.—Miss Florence Hoffa, a finely educated and handsome young woman, was to-day sent to an insane asylum under circumstances that will set the whole state to talking. Six years ago she met and fell in love with the son of the Justice of the supreme Court Williams, who was then a student at the University of Pensylvania. He went home when he was graduated, and she has become virtually deranged over her unrequited love for him. On Thursday and twice on Friday she was arrested, at his complaint, for loitering around his drug store which, she only lately learned, he was keeping in this city. Young Williams has become very much dissipated, and on Wednesday night before the first arrest, induced the girl to enter his rooms and kept her there all night. Three doctors decided to-day that she was insane and she was committed. Miss Hoffa comes from a distinguished Southern family and her father was assassinated by the Ku-Klux after the war.

City Cornet Band Concert.

There should be a large audience at the City Cornet band entertainment this evening. Following is the programme:

1. Grand processional march—Silver Trumpet ..... Vivanni
City Cornet Band
2. Quartette..... Orpheus Quartette.
3. Solo—What Will I Do, Love? ..... Lover
Mrs. Parley.
4. Cornet solo—The Song that Reached My Heart ..... Julian Arnold
Prof C H Williams.
5. Duet—Life's Dream is O'er ..... Balfe
Miss L McCarron and J V Lantaluma.
6. Solo ..... A T Moore.
7. Selection—Bohemian Girl ..... Balfe
City Cornet Band.
8. Solo—Irish Emigrant ..... Lady Dufferin
Mrs. Parley.
9. Solo—Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep ..... Knight
F W Lantalum.
10. Violin solo—Fantasia, Annie Laurie ..... Theilwall
Prof J M White
11. Duet, O, Restless Sea ..... C A White
Misses McCarron.
12. Solo, Surely ..... A H Behrend
Miss Quinton.
13. Song, Ballybofey ..... H G Mills.
14. Selection, Martian ..... W V Wallace
City Cornet Band.
God Save the Queen.

Circuit Court.

The case of Henry O'Leary vs. the Pelican Insurance Company was finished last evening the jury answering the questions submitted to them by the judge, in the affirmative, and rendering their verdict for the plaintiff for $2,050,68. The court then adjourned *sine die*.

Weather Report.

Point Lepreaux, 9—a. m. wind N. W. strong, clear, thermometer 10.
3.—p. m. wind N. W. strong, clear, thermometer 18.

Stocks and Bonds.

From J. M. Robinson, Banker and Broker, No. 65 Prince William Street.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Jan. 22, 1888.

Bank	Par of Share.	Last Div'd	Asked.	Offer.
New Brunswick	100	4 p c	220	215
B N America	243.33	3½ p c	150	148
Nova Scotia	100	3½ p c x d	140½	139
Merchants	100	3 p c x d	120	118
Halifax Banking Co.	20	3 p c	117	116
St John Gas	100	4 p c	140	135
People's Bank of N. B	150	4 p c	200	195
Montreal	200	7 p c	227	225½
Commerce	50	3½ p c	119	118
Merchants	100	4 p c	137½	137
Toronto	100	4 p c		213
Ontario	100	3½ p c	128	124½
Molsons	50	4 p c	165	159
Montreal Tel Co.	40	2 p c qur	90	89
Montreal Gas Co.	40	2½ p c	198½	198
C. P. R			52½	52

HERE IS SATAN'S PUNCHBOWL.

A Pool of Flames Discovered in the Remote Wilds of Indiana.

All liars shall have their part in the lake which burneth with fire and brimstone.—Rev. xxi., 8.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Jan. 21.—A wonderful phenomenon has been discovered in Knox County, south of here, near the village of Decker. The country there is very wild and sparsely settled. Two hunters who were making their way through it came across a burning lake. The body of water is almost circular in its outline, and it is about a half-mile in circumference. A blaze nearly a foot in height extends over its surface. The hunters, terrified at the startling sight, at once alarmed the people of that vicinity and large numbers daily visit the strange lake of fire. The odor from it is like that of burning sulphur, but no smoke is perceptible. It is generally believed that a well of oil located under the lake has burst and, coming to the surface, was ignited in some manner. The superstitions people who inhabit that region are greatly alarmed over the phenomenon.

And This is the Bottomless Pit.

MIDLOTHIS, Tex., Jan. 21.—Great excitement was caused here yesterday by the sinking near the depot, without apparent cause, of a strip of territory 200 yards long over which runs the Fort Worth and New Orleans Railroad. The earth in the afternoon gave signs like the echo of the thunder storm of the preceding day. It then commenced sinking gradually, and within a few hours seemed to be going out of sight. The railroad called a construction train into service, and had forty carloads of gravel emptied in an effort to raise the grade, but by night the gravel had sunk three feet below the original level of the road and trains could not get to the depot. Some think the sink hole will develop a large river, while others believe that the sinking will spread and prove to be something like the great depressions of the earth's surface that once occurred in Missouri.

TEN-YEAR-OLD GIRL PREACHER.

Mary Semons Delivering Sermons in Kentucky with Effect.

FALMOUTH, Ky., Jan. 20, .—Mary Semons, 10 years of age, has delivered four sermons in this place, and is becoming quite popular as a preacher. She has a good voice and splendid delivery for one so young. Mary is the daughter of a fairly well to do farmer who lives about four miles from this place. From infancy she has displayed unusual brightness. About eight months ago she joined the Baptist church here, and said that the Lord had called upon her to preach. She first addressed a small congregation at her father's house and succeeded so well that she spoke next in a church near by. The little girl soon had a reputation throughout this and neighboring counties. After several months in the country, she preached here and her success was greater than it was in the rural districts. Under her ministry several person joined the church. Many allege that her sermons cannot be surpassed by any grown person man or woman. Mary is rather small for her years, has sharp features, black eyes and hair, and is very intellectual. She will remain in Falmouth for several weeks and then she will go to the largest Kentucky towns.

Concession by the Grand Trunk.

MONTREAL, Que., Jan 21. The strained relations between the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk railways appear to have been eased, as arrangements have now been made by which Canadian Pacific freights between points in Ontario west of Peterboro and northwest shall be carried by way of Northbay by the Northern and Northern Pacific Railway Companies. The Canadian Pacific railroad has, since the Grand Trunk secured control of these roads, had to take freight around by way of Smith's Falls, a considerably longer distance.

Cigarettes as Engines of War.

MARQUETTE, Mich. Jan. 21,—All the business men of Red Jacket recently agreed to close at 8 o'clock at night, except Yalowstein & Sons. Last night eight clerks of rival stores entered Yalowstein's place, each smoking a cubeb cigarette. They began looking over goods, puffing vigorously, and soon cleared the store of all lady customers. They attemped no violence, but simply smoked the people out. The clerks claim they will keep up the warfare.

Catholic Foresters.

MONTREAL, Que., Jan. 20. At St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church, today, the venerable pastor, Fr. Dowd, acting under directions of the administrator of the archdiocese Vicar-General Marechal, strongly condemned the Catholic Order of Foresters, several courts of which have recently been established here. Fr. Dowd referred to the fact that the headquarters of the institution were to Illinois, a foreign country, and that it was also a secret society,

Cable Briefs.

Three hundred houses were destroyed in Sarabat Valley yesterday, by an earthquake.

The Empire's cable from London says: It is reported here that the department of agriculture is hesitating to sanction the representation of Canada in the jubilee show of the Royal Agricultural Society at Windsor this year.

Lord Ripon presided at a banquet last night, in London, by the national liberal club to Hon. Dadabhai Naoroji, Lord Salisbury's "black man." Two hundred persons were present, including Lord Compton, Frederick Harrison Bradlaugh, Mr. McIntyre of Canada and many members of the commons.

Mr. Gladstone refused to go to Rome and see the Pope. Cardinal Manning and other eminent Catholics and home rulers pleaded with the ex-premier and urged that his presence in Rome and the circumstance of being received by the pope would have excellent effect in favor of the Irish cause, but Gladstone was obdurate.

The German war ship Eber, which left Samoa on the 13th, arrived at Auckland yesterday. Her officer denounce the reports sent from Apia by way of San Francisco and declare that the statements regarding the alleged tearing down of American flags, the burning of houses of Americans and the firing on British officers are totally unfounded.

The Daily News calls the arrest of Mr Sheehy 'Balfour's revenge for the conservative defeat in Cavan,' where Sheehy spoke in support of Mr. Wilson, the successful candidate. The Earl of Aberdeen in a speech at Patrick, Scotland, last night, condemned the arrest as an anomalous monstrosity which would make Scotland realize the meaning of coercion.

OVER TWENTY DROWNED.

COLLAPSE OF A RAILROAD BRIDGE AT SPOTTSVILLE, KY.

Tragic Termination of a Quarrel Between the Keystone Bridge Company and the Railroad Officials—A Steamer Nearly Swamped by the Falling Mass—The Contractors to Blame.

EVANSVILLE, Ind. Jan. 20.—The difficulties between the bridge contractors at Spottsville, Ky., and the Louisville, St. Louis & Texas railroad, had a tragic termination this afternoon at 4 o'clock when the draw broke in two precipitating 40 employes into the river, more than one-half of whom were drowned before assistance could reach them. Since the completion of the bridge, about 10 days ago, there has been trouble between the contractors and the road as to the terms of payment for the work. Last week the first Louisville, St. Louis and Texas train advertised that it would make its first maiden trip to Henderson, but when it reached Spottsville it found the draw thrown open by order of the contractors, and the train couldn't pass. The railroad authorities at once appealed to the courts at Henderson, and an injunction was granted against further interference with the traffic of the road until the case had been decided. A decision was rendered to-day granting the temporary injunction and the road announced that its first train would cross the bridge to-morrow morning. Forty men acting under instructions from the contractors, had gathered upon the draw, and placed on each edge of it a number of heavy rails, intending to obstruct the train in this way, and not violate the court's instructions by opening the draw.

Just before four o'clock this afternoon the Bowling Green packet, Gen. Dawes, bound for this port, whistled for the draw to be opened that it might pass through. There was a prompt response, and while all of the contractor's men were still standing upon it the ponderous draw swung open and the steamer passed into the opening, but just as she got through the draw broke in two immediately over the centre of the pier, upon which it rested, and both wings with their weight of iron and human beings fell forty feet, and in an instant sunk beneath the surface, amid wild shrieks from the doomed workmen.

Many of the unfortunates had their limbs and necks broken before the draw reached the water, and all were thrown downward upon the iron track and beams, or, entangled in the debris, were borne beneath the water. The passengers on the steamer saw three men crushed by an immense beam just as it broke, one being transfixed upon an iron spur. In falling the draw only missed the steamer a few feet, and came near capsizing it. Where the structure sunk the water is 30 feet deep. Boats were at once lowered and a little steamer the Corrinne, put out from the shore to the rescue of the drowning men. Many swimming and others apparently careless but sank again. About 18 were taken out, which were all that could be found.

The responsibility for the accident would seem to rest upon the shoulders of the contractors who had ordered the rails upon the draw which was undoubtedly the cause of its breaking in two. No names of the dead could be obtained to-night.

Youth, Beauty and Wealth Got Left.

OMAHA, Jan. 21.—Miss Louise Zimmerman, the eighteen-year-old daughter of Gottlieb Zimmerman, a liquor dealer, has eloped with one of her father's drivers an elderly, bald-headed man named Dernic. She was soon to have been married to another man who has youth, good looks and wealth in his favor. Investigation showed that the girl accompanied Dernick to Council Bluffs, where they applied for a marriage license, which was refused. They next visited Flatsmouth and Greenwood with no better success and at the latter place the girl begged to be allowed to return to her home. Dernick refused, and when last heard from the couple were on their way to Burlington.

Telegraphic Flashes.

There are three feet of snow in Montreal

The ice bridge across the St. Lawrence at Montreal, has formed and persons crossed on it yesterday.

Mr. LeBlanc, local manager of the Banque Ville Marie at Hull, robbed of $8,000 last week, has resigned at the invitation of the directors.

Emlie Pontons, daughter of the late Col. Archd. Pontons, was yesterday morning married to Alex. Montizambert, of the Bank of Montreal, Chatham, N. B.

Canon Belcher, who is very ill with pneumonia as well as a painful affection of one of his legs, has tendered his resignation as rector of Grace church, Montreal.

Father Labelle has suggested to Hon. Col. Rhodes, the Quebec minister of agriculture, that a lot of land of 300 acres should be granted to the twelfth child of any family in the Province of Quebec.

Gov. Schultz of Maintoba was thrown from a conveyance yesterday and had his left arm broken. The governor is in a low condition, physically, and it is feared the accident may result seriously.

Hon. MacKenzie Bowell, minister of customs declines to express any opinion as to the effect of the action of the United States government in taxing Canadian cars employed in the international freight traffic.

Lord Ennismore, who has been convalescing in Strong's hospital, Montreal, after having been treated for a severe attack of typhoid fever from London, Eng., by Sir Andrew Clarke, over the Atlantic cable, left yesterday for England via New York, accompanied by his father, the Earl of Listowel, and Captain Wyndham.

Joseph Chandler, the would be murderer of Sheffield, the Canadian Pacific parlor and dining car superintendent, was again brought before the Montreal police magistrate yesterday. The police reported that Mr. Sheffield was rapidly improving and may be able to make his deposition next week. The prisoner was remanded for eight days more.

Mr. Light, government engineer for the province of Quebec, has reported to C. J. Brydges, representing a syndicate, that he can continue the Sorel railway through to Chaudiere for $20,000 per mile with only 20 feet of grade against some 54 feet on the North Shore railways. This road would give the Intercolonial connection with Montreal independent of the Grand Trunk.

MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

THE EVENING GAZETTE

is published every evening (Sundays excepted) at No. 21 Canterbury Street.

JOHN A. BOWES, Editor and Publisher

THE EVENING GAZETTE will be delivered at any house in the cities of St. John and Portland for a month for thirty-five cents. The subscription may be paid at the office, or to any news agent who sells the GAZETTE.

ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, JAN. 22, 1889

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers to the GAZETTE, residing in the Eastern part of city, between Union and St. James Streets, who have not received papers promptly, will please bear with us for a few days longer. New carriers have been put on these routes, and as soon as they become familiar with all the addresses, they can rely on regular and prompt delivery.

THE PORTLAND DEFALCATION.

There is a rumor abroad that some of the members of the Portland City Council which will have to deal with the report of the committee on the irregularities in the civil and police courts, are beginning to weaken and will not be disposed to push matters to their logical conclusion. It is understood the ground these gentlemen take is, that they have not the appointment of the police magistrate in their hands, and therefore should not be required to go further than the committee have already done in reporting the particulars of the case to the council; and also that they have not in their possession sufficient evidence whereon to found a Criminal prosecution against Mr. Tapley. With regard to the latter point we conceive that the Council are quite in error, for certainly if Mr. Tapley received $620 for discharges from jail and gave no account of the money, he can be proceeded against criminally. As to the suggestion that they should remain silent because the appointment does not rest with the Portland Council, it is absurd. Such an argument, if followed to its logical conclusion, would require them to take no step even if a convicted felon, instead of a mere defaulter, should be seated on their criminal and Civil bench. It would perhaps be well for the members of the Portland Council to remember that in this matter they are not free agents. The work they have to do is not their own, but that of the people, who have elected them to transact their business at the Council Board. Two months hence there will be an election at which the people will have something to say, and we think that they will not be disposed to look with any degree of favor upon a body of gentlemen, who had so grossly neglected their interests, as to permit Mr. Tapley to remain longer in office. The duty of the council is clear. They should meet with as little delay as possible, take up the report and discuss it in committee, and its bearings. They should bring Mr. Tapley before them and ask him if he has any further explanations to make in regard to the shortage in the money under his control. If further evidence seems to be necessary to complete the case they should take the necessary steps to obtain it, and we are informed that a great deal of additional evidence might be had without going very far to look for it. If after the case had been fully considered it looked no better for Mr. Tapley than it does at present, they should present a petition to the Lieut. Governor in Council requesting his removal, on the ground that he is not a suitable person to administer justice in the City of Portland. No government would disregard such a request, coming from the Portland Council and fortified by the report of the committee, and we are confident that the request would have its due effect. The people of Portland are quietly waiting to see what their civic rulers purpose to do about it, and if such active steps are not soon taken, the voters will have the matter into their own hands on election day. This is an affair that cannot be hushed up or hidden in a corner. If any member of the Council thinks that Mr. Tapley can be saved by inaction on the part of the Council, he will find himself most wofully mistaken. Such tactics will do the Police Magistrate no good in the end, and will politically ruin those who resort to such a weak course of action.

AN UNFAITHFUL OFFICIAL REMOVED.

We observe with satisfaction, that the Government have taken the GAZETTE'S advice and removed Collector Ross, of Halifax, for his unwarrantable action in regard to the American fishing schooner Batson. Collector Ross proved himself unfaithful to his trust, at a time when fidelity was most necessary to the interests of Canada, and he made a precedent which might be used against us, unless repudiated in the most emphatic manner by the Government. As no form of censure could be so effectual as the dismissal of the offending official, the Government have taken the only step consistent with their duty to the public by compelling Collector Ross to resign the office which he was unfitted to hold. The facts in the Batson case are so recent that all the readers of the GAZETTE must remember them. This vessel came into Halifax in the early part of December with a cargo of fresh fish. A pretence was made that she was disabled, and could not proceed on her voyage without repairs, and on this the collector permitted the cargo of the Batson to be transferred to the steamer Carroll for transhipment to Boston, and also allowed the captain of the Batson to purchase supplies in sufficient quantities to enable him to go on another fishing voyage. The whole circumstances of the case show that the Batson affair was prearranged between the U. S. Consul General at Halifax and the Gloucester people with a view to create a precedent against the Canadian contention in regard to the treaty of 1818. The entry, as originally made, said nothing in regard to the vessel being in need of repairs, but was subsequently amended by the words, "for small repairs." The Batson has been represented in every American newspaper as a vessel in distress, and unfit to proceed on her voyage and, no doubt, this falsehood will be repeated in the American press; but it ought to be known that the repairs she required were so small that they only cost fifty cents, viz: twenty-five cents for repairs to a double block, and twenty-five cents for repairs to a dead eye. It will be seen from this that the whole affair was a pretext and that there was no ground whatever for the statement in regard to the vessel needing repairs. Collector Ross fell into the trap so cleverly prepared for him by the Yankees and permitted the Batson's captain to entirely set aside the terms of the Treaty of 1818. His conduct was such that Consul General Phelan was able to report to the Washington government that the collector was acting under instructions from Ottawa, and that the Canadian authorities had abandoned their interpretation of some of the provisions of the Treaty of 1818. THE GAZETTE said, when this state of facts was disclosed, that Collector Ross should be at once dismissed from office, and, so far as we have observed, we were the only Canadian newspaper that maintained he should be dealt with in this summary fashion. But the government had really no choice in the matter. If the Ottawa authorities cannot rely on their own paid officials to obey their instructions and vindicate their interpretation of public law, in whom can they trust? Collector Ross may have been honest in his action, but if so, he was lamentably weak, and a weak man, in a public position, may be almost as dangerous as a dishonest one.

A WORD WITH OUR YANKEE FRIENDS.

The Bangor Commercial republishes, with some comments of its own, the militia comparisons we published the other day in regard to the three Maritime Provinces and the three New England States which lie nearest to us. The Commercial cannot deny the correctness of the figures we gave, but it seeks to weaken their effect by saying of the GAZETTE: "It is positively amusing to see how this gay young sheet handles our great national questions. It is greatly troubled at all times by the small size of our regular army, but it forgets that Great Britain years ago, tried conclusions with us, when we were weak, and they were stronger, if anything than at present, and became satisfied that the Yankees were able to take care of themselves. Now with regard to the accusation of being young the GAZETTE pleads guilty!—this paper will be six months old tomorrow, but the youth of a paper is nothing here nor there. A paper is made by the men who write it, and the men who conduct the GAZETTE have probably had more experience in journalism than those who conduct the Commercial. It can hardly be otherwise, or our Bangor contemporary would not have been so injudicious as to cite the last war between Great Britain and the United States as a proof of Yankee prowess. When that war broke out Great Britain, instead of being stronger then now was not half as strong; she had but 18,500,000 inhabitants; she has now 38,000,000. Great Britain was then engaged in a death struggle with the first Napoleon, and had not 4,500 soldiers in all Canada, which then only contained 400,000 people. The Americans exhibited on land in the war of 1812, and although they increased their regular army to 70,000 men, and called out altogether more than 450,000 regulars and militia, they made no impression whatever on Canada. We have no desire to quarrel with our neighbors, but we cannot think it wrong to recall these things at a time when men like Senator Blair, of New Hampshire, are threatening us with another invasion. Senator Blair is one of those warriors who fight a good deal with their mouths, nevertheless, he seems to represent that hatred of Great Britain and of Canada which has always existed among a certain class in the United States. The comparison of militia forces which we made, we published with a view to show that Canada is not so helpless as Senator Blair seems to imagine; and if the New Hampshire Senator will confine his belligerent operations to the militia of his own state, we promise him that New Brunswick will take good care both of his state and himself, without calling for any outside help.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

They are telling a good story in Washington in regard to Senator Blair of New Hampshire, the person who wants to invade Canada immediately. It appears that a few days ago he was caught without an umbrella by a severe rain-storm in Washington. He took refuge from the shower in the nearest friendly doorway. People passing were amused to observe that the "Prohibition or death" Senator was seeking shelter from one of the most notorious rum shops in the capital. It is just possible that some of these days the bellicose Senator will be seeking the friendly shelter of Canada, which he has so much maligned and abused. A good many of his countrymen are with us for good or bad, being apparently too bashful to return to their own country.

The January number of Macmillans Magizine contains an article from the pen of Goldwin Smith entitled "Shakespeare's religion and politics." Whatever may have been Shakespeare's religion, his politics were those of a patriot; he was a true Englishman, an earnest lover of his country he; did not possess the large heartedness of Goldwin Smith who wishes to give Canada away, and make us a present to a hostile nation. Shakespeare, although his mind was vast enough to embrace the whole world, still stood up for his country first last and every time.

The Sun calls attention to the extraordinary changes of opinion which the Telegraph has recently been exhibiting at one time advocating commercial union, at another denouncing it; at one time praising Mr. Ellis, at another calling upon him to resign his seat. The Sun might have added to its list of illustrations the fact that the Telegraph, a year and a half ago, was threatening secession and annexation and is now trying to be very loyal. The explanation of all this is that the alleged editor of the Telegraph is only a puppet, who is obliged to dance like a jumping jack when some one else pulls the string, and the string is pulled sometimes by one person and sometimes by another.

It seems to believe certain that the distinguished smuggler, James Gillespie Blaine, will not be a member of General Harrison's cabinet. One reason for his being passed over is said to be the fact that Mrs. Blaine, some years ago, when her husband was the Republican leader in the Senate, snubbed Mrs. Harrison, whose husband was then a newly elected senator. Mrs. Harrison's memory of the circumstance is so good that she does not propose to permit Mrs. Blaine to have any social standing in Washington, such as being the wife of the Secretary of State would give her. The moral of all this is that it is not safe for a woman to give herself any high and mighty airs, in a country where changes are made so suddenly as in the United States.

The cattle disease exists in Maine, and it will be necessary for our authorities to take every precaution to prevent it being brought into New Brunswick. The importation of cattle from the United States, is not now permitted, but there is always a possibility of the disease being carried from one country to the other in places where the line of separation is merely an artificial one, as it is from the head of the St. Croix lakes to where the boundary reaches the St. John River.

HERE AND THERE.

They have tidal waves in the great lakes. On Friday a wave twenty-five feet high passed over the breakwater at Oswego, N. Y. washing out two tons of ballast and almost drowning nine men.

The West Virginia legislature can only sit forty-five days each year. Before they can proceed to business it is necessary to elect a president. Twenty-seven ballots have already been taken and still no president.

The Havana Chess Club have postponed their banquet in honor of Captain Mackenzie and Messrs. Tchigorin and Steinitz. The American, English, German, Austrian and Italian Consuls in this city have been invited to attend.

A Reckless Purchasing Agent is a rather broad title for a man to bear. Yet this sign adorns the door of a gentleman's office in the Central Railroad of New Jersey's office. He has been in the railroad business for years and is very popular among the boys.

J. H. Vogt, a Methodist evangelist, who was conducting a big revival in Hiawatha Kan., eloped while the meeting was at its height with Miss Ida Keiser, the daughter of the minister in whose house the revival was being conducted, and came to St. Joseph and were quietly married.

The third trial of Turner, Ashby Rideout, for the murder of Benjamin Brey, in November, 1886, resulted in an acquittal. At both of the former trials Ridenour was convicted and sentenced to be hanged. He was granted a new trial on technical points. The trials have cost the State several thousands of dollars.

The revival is still going on. The Hatfields have turned men hunters and got out warrants for Chief Burnett and W. G. Baldwin detectives from Charleston on the charge of conspiracy to arrest the Hatfields. The object is said to be to give the Hatfields a chance of escaping.

Another cable is to be laid across the Gulf of Mexico. When laid it will duplicate the Gulf systems of these two companies, providing increased facilities and insuring most rapid telegraphic communication by the American route, via Galveston, with Valparaiso, Chili, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic and all other important places in South America.

Sixteen years ago a half breed named Rolade buried his wife twenty miles from Winnipeg. A few days ago he exhumed the remains, intending to carry them to another burying-place. Upon opening the coffin the body was found perfectly preserved, the eyes and mouth being partly open and the hair quite black and natural. An attempt being made to lift the body, when it was found quite impossible, as it was completely petrified.

An aged negro missionary recently appeared in Boston, having in his possession a check for $300,000 signed Charles Francis Adams. He said that it was given him by Mr. Adams for a vast treasure which had disappeared from the old man's keeping, but had finally been traced to the depot. The endeavor was made to convince the check-holder that he was the victim of a joke, but he clung jealously to, the delusion and the check.

A horse-thief, giving the name of Brown, sold a stolen team in Nebraska City a few days ago and next day returned to Kansas, where he stole the first team, and stole nine horses and shipped them to Omaha, where he was captured and on Saturday identified by his Nebraska City victim. He will be taken to Kansas where it is reported a mob awaits him and will undoubtedly lynch him. He is a member of an organized band operating in Kansas and Nebraska.

The cable announcement from Munich of the death of Mme. Ilma di Murska, has been received with a profound sadness to whom her beautiful voice has given hours of unalloyed delight. Mme. di Murska was in her forty-sixth year only, but her voice was hopelessly impaired; her once eminent popularity had waned until it was only a memory, and reverses of fortune had so reduced her properly that it was a woman permanently old, poverty-stricken and heart-broken who laid down her burden of life and passed into the Silent Land.

A very sensational incident occurred at the trial of Mrs. Rawson in Chicago for the shooting of Lawyer Whitney. While her lawyer was arguing the emotional insanity theory a tall woman dressed in a long black cloak, with a brown veil over her face, strode into the courtroom, advanced with measured steps to the space in front of the Judge, extended a long, skinny finger at Mrs. Rawson, and said in a sepulchral voice, "Forbear! This woman is guilty. Cease! I say so." She is a wandering lunatic and was hustled out. The taking of testimony in the case was then begun.

A large number of people, the fair sex predominating, assembled in St. Luke's cathedral, Halifax, Saturday forenoon to witness the marriage of Mr. William H. Wiswell, county clerk and treasurer, to Miss Emily S. Gossip, daughter of Mr. William Gossip of that place. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Clarence McCully.

WORKMEN'S DISEASES.

EFFECTS OF INHALING THE DUST OF WORKSHOPS AND MILLS.

Irritation of the Lung Cells, Which Results in Asthma and Consumption—File Makers, Stone Cutters and Glassworkers Occupy Unpleasant Positions.

There are many occupations in which enormous quantities of dust are evolved and float in the air of workrooms, so that the people employed there are continually inhaling it with every breath. The dust entering the lungs may act in two ways—it may set up irritation in the mucous membrane, or it may be taken up by the blood and produce acute or chronic poisoning.

By whatever method the particles reach the interior of the lung cells, their presence is a constant cause of irritation, resulting in inflammatory processes, which produces abscesses, ulcerations and consumption. The liability to this disease is greatest in persons who are obliged to sit or stand in a bent over position all day. If frequent change of attitude were allowable, with plenty of free muscular exercise, the tendency to consumption would be greatly diminished. "Hirp" is of the opinion that the inhaling of dust produces acute pneumonia. File cutters work with hammer and cold chisel, holding the blank on the anvil by a strap passing under the feet, while placing sand or other dust on the anvil to keep the iron from slipping. They have to bend over their work and keep their eyes steadily fixed upon it; they thereby inhale metallic and mineral dust.

"GRINDERS' ASTHMA."

In making coarse files a large amount of bodily exertion is needed, as the hammers weigh between five and six pounds. The work requires a very delicate touch, with constant variation of the force of the blow, because it is impossible to make all the blanks the same degree of hardness. Consumption is very common among them.

Grinders, pin pointers, needle makers, cutters, etc., inhale mixture of metallic and mineral dust. These occupations are among the most dangerous that can be followed. The steel and iron implements are pressed upon grindstones revolving at the rate of 2,000 to 3,000 times a minute. The operation requires great physical strength and a very constrained attitude. The danger lies in the amount of dust taken into the lungs and the position of the workmen. It reaches its height in the grinding of forks, which must be done on dry stones to avoid rust. Razors, scissors, table knives are ground first on dry and then on wet stones, so the danger is somewhat lessened. Saws and all the coarse implements are ground on wet stones, and in this instanco the danger is at its minimum. The form of phthisis caused by metallic dust is called "grinder's asthma."

The disease comes on slowly, and its duration may be extended over four or five years. It begins with a dry, hacking cough with little expectoration, and nausea and vomiting in the morning; then comes a dull feeling in the chest, with weak respiration. Could the person abandon work at this time, recovery would be possible in most cases. If work is continued the lung tissue begins to break down, and cavities form near the "apices" or top of the lungs. Grinders of steel are liable to injury from flying particles of metal which are intensely heated by friction and scatter in the form of sparks, often causing severe burns of the eye. They should wear plain glasses or fine wire gauze spectacles. Those who work at wet grinding, while relieved from dust dangers, are covered with spattorings of mud and water, and are constantly kept wet and cold, thus exposing themselves to pneumonia and rheumatism. A good idea is to have waterproof clothing to cover them.

There are many conflicting opinions regarding the inhalation of mineral dust. "Meinal" says such lungs contain an immense amount of silicic acid; that he found 30.71 of the bronchial glands was silica and sand, while, according to Kussmaul, the normal lung contains from 4.22 to 17.8 of this substance.

WOMEN IN POTTERY AND GLASS.

The women who make Portland cement [illegible] by shoveling the mass into sacks after it has been burned and ground. They have a persistent cough and often expectorate little lumps of cement. It is impossible for the workmen to continue their labor day after day, consequently they are obliged to take intervals of rest. Stonecutters work with a hammer and chisel, and they not only inhale quantities of dust, but are liable to injure the eyes by the flying chips and sparks from the chisel. It is the common opinion of all writers that millstone cutters are more affected by their work than any other of this class. Peacock gives the duration of working at this trade about nine years.

Workers in pottery and porcelain are exposed to many injuries. For instance, sifting and mixing the earth used, then grinding away the uneven places on articles already baked cause a great deal of dust. The flat presers, who force the clay into molds with a great loss of muscular strength, are especially affected. So common is emphysema among them that it is called "potters' asthma." To the china scourers the flint dust is a terrible irritant, and among female workers the mortality is enormous.

The burners are exposed to a temperature of 104 degs. and suffer from sudden changes, which produce acute pulmonary diseases, rheumatism and intestinal disorders. The enamels used on the different kinds of porcelain contain lead, and there are many cases of lead poisoning among the workers in this branch of the business. The mixers of clay are said to be troubled with muscular pains, especially in the tendons of the fingers. Lime and plaster burners in plaster mills are exposed to dust, but do not appear to suffer much.

Men working in glass manufactories, especially those who grind and powder the silicious material, inhale great quantities of irritating dust and suffer greatly from a constant hacking cough. It is rare to find a sound man among them. They cannot work long at this trade. "Hirp" says they should not be allowed to work more than two or three weeks at a stretch, and should then work at something else, or at least give up this occupation for double the working time. In this way, by the use of relays, the health of the men may be sustained. The most dangerous work is done by the grinders and polishers of cut glass. About 35 per cent. among them have chronic pneumonia, and the average age at death is given from 30 to 42 years.—Boston Globe.

A Deadly Railroad.

Nobody will ever know how many lives the building of the Canadian Pacific railroad through Maine cost. The dead unknowns have been buried like sheep. A correspondent of The Dexter Gazette, writing from Elliotsville, says: "An old, unused burying ground (where an interment had not taken place for twenty-five years prior to the commencement of the Canadian Pacific railroad) is being rapidly filled up. A few days ago your correspondent counted, scattered around among the skeletons of old horses, seven newly made graves. These contained the remains of workmen on the Canadian Pacific who had no friends in this part of the world."—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

Cherokees and Creeks.

There appears to be among the Cherokees, as far as travelers can observe, about the same variety of religion as prevails among the whites, but under the regulation of the Indian bureau, first established under President Grant, their agents are nominated by the Baptists, though the Methodists, Presbyterians, Quakers, Moravians and even Roman Catholics have missions among them and a considerable number of members. When the Creeks or Muskokees first went to war with the Americans and concluded what was to them a rather disadvantageous peace, a considerable number of young men refused to recognize the treaty and fled to Florida, then Spanish territory, and were given the name of Seminoles, which in the Creek language means exile, or runaway. In no long time, by intermarriage with the Indians of Florida, and to some extent with runaway slaves from the adjacent states, they became a distinct nation; but they still use substantially the same language as the Creeks. The Creeks have from the first taken unusual pains to educate their children, and the result is seen in the general high character of intelligence in the tribe.

A Wise Man.

Rudolph Limburger, of Newark, has filed a petition asking that his name be changed to something less odorous.—Newcastle Herald.

Every Household

Should have Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It saves thousands of lives annually, and is peculiarly efficacious in Croup, Whooping Cough, and Sore Throat.

"After an extensive practice of nearly one-third of a century, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is my cure for recent colds and coughs. I prescribe it, and believe it to be the very best expectorant now offered to the people."—Dr. John C. Levis, Druggist, West Bridgewater, Pa.

"Some years ago Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cured me of asthma after the best medical skill had failed to give me relief. A few weeks since, being again a little troubled with the disease, I was promptly

Relieved By

the same remedy. I gladly offer this testimony for the benefit of all similarly afflicted."—F. H. Hassler, Editor *Argus*, Table Rock, Nebr.

"For children afflicted with colds, coughs, sore throat, or croup, I do not know of any remedy which will give more speedy relief than Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I have found it, also, invaluable in cases of whooping cough."—Ann Lovejoy, 1231 Washington street, Boston, Mass.

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has proved remarkably effective in croup and is invaluable as a family medicine."—D. M. Bryant, Chicopee Falls, Mass.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5

CODEY'S LADY'S BOOK FOR 1889.

Madam! See what **15 Cents** will do! It will bring you a sample copy of CODEY'S LADY'S BOOK, which will tell you how to get the SEAL-SKIN SACQUE, the SILK DRESS, the GOLD WATCH and COTTAGE ORGAN, and other valuables, without a dollar.

YOU CANNOT GET A BETTER

two dollars' worth of Magazine than by subscribing to "CODEY," THE BEST FAMILY MAGAZINE in America.

For 1889 it will contain:—Fashions in Colors. Fashions in black and white; latest from Europe. Original Novelties in Needle Work and Embroidery. Latest and most popular Music. Plans for the house you want to build. Directions for decorating your home. Cookery and household help, by Mrs. CHAS. HOPE, teacher in several fashionable New York academies, and selected by the Board of Education for the New York Public Schools. Literary enrichments by NELLY BLY, MRS. MARY KYLE DALLAS, CORNELIA JOLLEY, WILSON, MRS. HIEESTAND, EDGAR FAWCETT, DAVID LOWRY, etc.

Every Lady Her Own Dressmaker

who subscribes to Codey's Lady's Book. The [coupon] which you will find in each number entitles you to your own selection of any cut paper pattern illustrated in Codey's Lady's Book. Your 15c. Sample Copy will contain one of these coupons. **Send 15 cents for Sample Copy, which will be allowed on your subscription when received.** The pattern shows you how to cut out the garment you want. That's all we can say in this space. For the rest see your sample number, for which send 15c. at once. **"Codey"** is only **$2.00** a year.

Address **"CODY'S LADY'S BOOK," Philadelphia, Pa.**

N. W. BRENAN,

UNDERTAKER,

555 Main Street,

PORTLAND, N. B.

BRANCH,

88 Charlotte Street.

St. John, N. B.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL

CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults

SWEETS to the SWEET.

Do you like good Candy?

Why, of course, every body likes good candy.

Then go to Murdoch's, he's got the best assortment of pure confectionery in St. John, and can sell you a barrel as well as a pound. Parties wishing to buy wholesale, would do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.

JOSEPH A. MURDOCH,

87 Charlotte St.

New Victoria Hotel,

248 to 252 Prince Wm. Street,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

J. L. McCOSKERY, Pro.

One minute's walk from Steamboat landing Street Cars for and from all Railway Stations and Steamboat Landings pass this Hotel every five minutes.

IMPERIAL TRUE FRUIT SYRUP,

A choice compound of the juices of our own lucious Strawberry

—AND THE—

Richest Fruits of the TROPICS.

If your grocer cannot supply, go to 43, Dock street.

McLEOD Manufacturing Co.

SAINT JOHN OYSTER HOUSE,

No. 5 KING SQUARE (North Side).

IN Stock:

100 BBLS OF NARROWS OYSTERS (large fat.)
100 " " MALPEQUE "
75 " " SHEDIAC " (just rec'd.)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Cider on Draught, Lambs' Tongues, Pigs Feet.

CHAS. H. JACKSON.

WHY SUFFER SO MUCH PAIN

From RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA, when

MANNING GERMAN REMEDY

will most surely cure you. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by

W. HAWKER & SON, Druggists, and Proprietors,

110 Prince Wm. St.

Get Your Carpenter Work DONE BY THE A. CHRISTIE, W. W. Co.,

First-Class Work at Low Prices.

Office—28 Waterloo St. Factory—City Road.

Just Through Stock Taking.

Immense Stock of

English and Scotch Tweeds

At a great reduction.

25 per cent. discount for Cash.

A Grand Special Sale during the remainder of January.

Now is the time for bargains as the season is advanced.

Don't miss this chance.

300 ROLLS

Of the best English and Scotch Tweeds, English Corkscrews and Diagonals, English Hairline Trouserings.

Overcoatings in Meltons, Beavers, Pilots and Nap cloths.

Parties purchasing their cloth from me can have their measures taken and their garments cut free of charge.

A splendid stock of good Ready made clothing.

(Quality A. 1.)

Prices Lower Than Ever

Clothing made to order in the latest and best styles.

A first-class Cutter on the Premises.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

City Market Clothing Hall,

81 Charlotte Street.

T. YOUNG-CLAUS,

FANCY SOAPS,

—IN IMITATION OF—

Apples, Pears, Walnuts, Oranges, Lemons and Strawberries. Also Roses (PALE AND DEEP), Violets, Sunflowers and Dahlias.

80 DOZEN JUST RECEIVED.

Will be sold low by the Doz. or Box containing three cakes each. CHRISTMAS CARDS and goods suitable for Holiday Presents now opening. Great reduction on former prices.

R. D. McARTHUR,

Medical Hall,

No 59 Charlotte Street,

Opposite King Square.

FREE

Gold Watch and Chain, Solid Gold Hunting Case, Lady's or Gent's size, Warranted Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with watch to match. Only one sent free to each locality we select our first order, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, we send **Free,** and after you have kept them in your house for 5 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. We make this unparalleled offer to introduce our Watch and Samples. We pay all expenses. Address **Stinson & Co., Box 413, Portland, Maine.**

R. & F. S. FINLEY,

DEALERS IN

Crushed Corn and Oats, Buckwheat Meal, Flour, Oats, Feed, Corn Meal, Oat Meal and General Groceries.

No. 12 and 16 SIDNEY STREET.

OYSTERS.

No. 1 P. E. I. Oysters arriving daily and served in all styles at

M. A. HARDING'S,

Foot of Portland, N. B.

P. S. Large and commodious dining room upstairs.

DR LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

WILLIAM PUGSLEY, D. C. L.,

Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,

OFFICES

Cor. Prince Wm. & Church Sts.

BURDOCK PILLS

SUGAR COATED

A SURE CURE

FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

BEST QUALITY

American and Canadian Rubbers,

Women's 45 cents.

Men's 65 cents.

R. A. C. BROWN,

19 Charlotte St.

CAUSEY & MAXWELL,

Masons and Builders.

Mason Work in all its Branches.

Slating and Cement Work a specialty

Boilers, Ranges, Mantels and Grates Set, of the most approved patterns.

JOBBING EXECUTED NEATLY AND PROMPTLY.

Order Slate at A. G. Bowes & Co., Canterbury Street.

W. CAUSEY, Mecklenburg St. ROBT. MAXWELL, Saint David St.

1888. FALL AND WINTER GOODS. 1889.

WE are now showing a large and varied assortment of Goods Suitable for above seasons in latest London Styles.

STIFF and SOFT FELT HATS,
FALL STYLE SILK HATS,
CLOTH CAPS,
" CORDUROY CAPS, TWEED CAPS,
PLUSH CAPS, ASTRACHAN CAPS,
SEALETTE & Ect.,
SCOTCH KNITTED CAPS,
" HAVELOCK CAPS
ALMA CAPS,
PULLMAN CAPS,

T. O. SHANTERS Etc

FUR CAPS

—IN—

PERSIAN LAMB, BOKARAN ASTRACAN, CRIMMER, ICELAND, OTTER, SEAL, BEAVER, BALTIC SEAL, Etc.

BOAKARAN LAMB SACQUES, ICELAND LAMB SACQUES, CRIMMER LAMB SACQUES, B. ERMINE SACQUES.

Linings in Squirrell, Hampster, Musquash etc.

Bear Boas, Blk Marten Capes, Beaver Capes, Collars, Hoods, Muffs and Boas.

Gloves in Kid, Buck, Woollen, Fur, etc.

LOW PRICES.

Robert C. Bourke & Co.

61 Charlotte Street.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND,

REPRESENTING

The Largest Net Surplus of any Fire Insurance Co. in the World.

J. SIDNEY KAYE,

GENERAL AGENT FOR NEW BRUNSWICK,

Office, No. 8 Pugsley's - - - Building, Saint John, N. B.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

FOR INTERNAL —AND— EXTERNAL USE.

Cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Influenza, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Colic, Diarrhœa, Kidney Troubles, and Spinal Diseases. We will send free, postpaid, to all who send their names, an illustrated Pamphlet containing information of very great value. Everybody should have this book, and those who send for it will ever after thank their lucky stars. All who buy or order direct from us, and request it, shall receive a certificate that the money shall be refunded if not abundantly satisfied. Retail price, 25 cts.; 6 bottles, $1.50. Express prepaid to any part of the United States or Canada. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., P. O. Box 2118, Boston, Mass.

THE MOST WONDERFUL FAMILY REMEDY EVER KNOWN.

PLUMBING.

Special and Prompt Attention given to repairs.

Tin and Sheet Iron Work done with neatness and despatch.

A. G. BOWES & Co.,

21 Canterbury Street.

Livery and Boarding Stables,

Sydney Street, St. John, N. B.

DAVID CONNELL.

Horses Boarded on Reasonable Terms.

Horses and Carriages on Hire. Fine Fit-outs at Short Notice

THE BELL CIGAR FACTORY,

BELL COURT, off CHURCH STREET.

Manufacturers of

CLEAR HAVANA CIGARS,

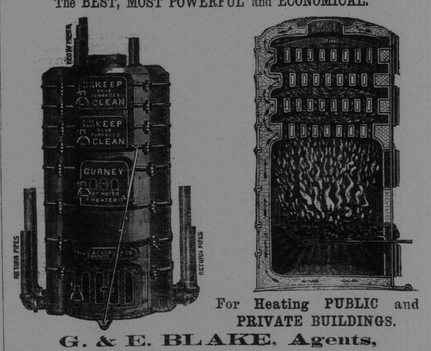
SPANISH DOUBLOON, CRESENT

PETIT BOUQUET &C.

5,000 lbs SCRAPS for sale low.

GURNEY HOT WATER HEATER

The BEST, MOST POWERFUL and ECONOMICAL.



For Heating PUBLIC and PRIVATE BUILDINGS.

G. & E. BLAKE, Agents,

177 UNION STREET, - - - St. JOHN, N. B

MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

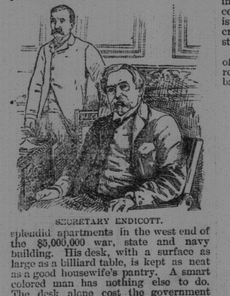
THE SECRETARIES.

WHERE FIVE OF THE CABINET WORK OUT THEIR DAYS.

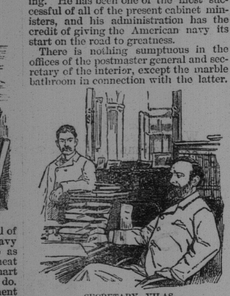
Beauty and Richness of the Furnishing of Some of the Rooms of the President's Clerks—Quarters of Secretaries Endicott, Garland, Whitney, Dickinson and Vilas.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—There are a good many gentlemen in this country who would like to take possession of the five desks in the public departments of this city of which I write. These are beautiful desks, surrounded by elegant carpets, fine paintings, hosts of mementos and a good deal of the pomp of high official station; but the men who sit at them must work hard for their salaries and abandon the delights of leisure and independence. The pay is not as great as the responsibility, and the honor scarcely equals the labor, and yet Gen. Harrison will not find it necessary to coax men into these five seats. Any one of the occupants of these desks might become president of the United States, but surely this is not the inducement which causes the posts to be so eagerly sought; for the first cabinet official of whom I write could become president only by the death of the president himself, the vice president, the secretaries of state and the treasury. Nought but a plague, earthquake or cataclysm could thus bring the secretary of war into the White House, and the chances of the remaining four ministers are even more remote. But if the secretary of war may not be president he certainly has the pleasure of occupying the most beautiful suite of offices in the United States. The present secretary has just moved into his new rooms, three splendid apartments in the west end of the $5,000,000 war, state and navy building. His desk, with a surface as large as a billiard table, is kept as neat as a good housewife's pantry. A smart colored man has nothing else to do. The desk alone cost the government something like $600. The thick, soft carpet is worth at least $5 the yard, while the frescoing overhead, a canopy of martial angels in flaming chariots, must have cost $10 the square foot. The velvet curtains are of the finest, the great mantle is mahogany, the screens are gilt and gold. The gasolier would do honor to a theatre, and the bathroom, near by, is fairly sumptuous in its appointments, though not as grand or costly as the marble bath which Mr. Lamar had put in the interior department when he was secretary there. Every gas fixture, chair, carved decoration and utensil, even to the pretty red and white door mat, has the crossed cannon and American eagle insignia of the department, hung on the walls are a score or more of oil portraits of former secretaries of war. Probably no more mild and gentle man than the present secretary, Mr. Endicott, ever occupied the seat. He is really lamb like in comparison with the fierce mien of some of his martial predecessors, but the fact that he never smelled gunpowder except on the Fourth of July has not prevented him making a satisfactory secretary of war.



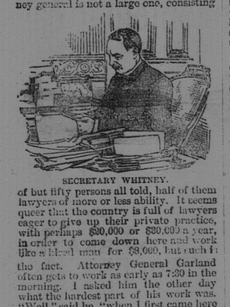
SECRETARY ENDICOTT.



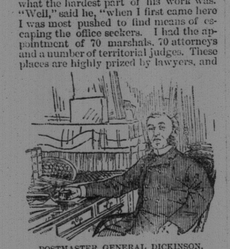
SECRETARY VILAS.

The duties of the secretary of war are multifarious, comprising, in addition to general supervision of the army, a host of minor responsibilities, but the work is so admirably subdivided into bureaus in charge of officers of the regular army that the great machine works along like an automaton. These military bureaus are the offices of the adjutant general, the inspector general, quartermaster general, commissary general, surgeon general, paymaster general, chief of engineers, chief of ordnance, judge advocate general and chief signal officer. It is somewhat remarkable that 2,000 clerks are required to take care of the fiscal and other routine affairs of an army of a little more than 20,000 officers and men. The war department is really the easiest of all the departments to manage. In times of peace it is practically able to run itself. Few changes are made in the staff on account of politics, and the organization is so essentially military and runs so largely on precedent that but few matters of great importance or perplexity reach the desk of the secretary.

The desk of the attorney general, next in line according to the law of 1889, stands in the middle of a very large room which looks rather more like a parlor than an office. It is like an art gallery, too, for on its walls are hung thirty-five or forty portraits of former attorneys general, pictures which cost the government from $100 to $1,650 each. Conspicuous among them are Beverly Johnson, Caleb Cushing, E. M. Stanton, W. M. Evarts and Roger B. Taney. The attorney general is simply Uncle Sam's legal adviser and prosecuting attorney. He has supervision of United States attorneys and marshals throughout the country, and is ex-officio a member of the cabinet. The local staff of the attorney general is not a large one, consisting of but fifty persons all told, half of them lawyers of more or less ability. It seems queer that the country is full of lawyers eager to give up their private practice, with perhaps $20,000 or $30,000 a year, in order to come down here and work like a hired man for $8,000, but such is the fact. Attorney General Garland often gets to work as early as 7:30 in the morning. I asked him the other day what the hardest part of his work was. "Well," said he, "when I first came here I was most pushed to find means of escaping the office seekers. I had the appointment of 70 marshals, 70 attorneys and a number of territorial judges. These places are highly prized by lawyers, and lawyers were never noted for their backwardness. The result was that for the 175 places we had about 9,000 applicants. Maybe its was not so large a number, but at the time I thought it was 90,000. Each applicant sent about fifty letters and all the way from half a dozen to two score of men to talk it over with me. For one office there were 240 applicants. I am sorry for my successor."



SECRETARY WHITNEY.



POSTMASTER GENERAL DICKINSON.

The secretary of the navy works in a beautiful room, from whose windows one may look out upon the White House conservatory and the window at which the president's wife sits with her book or embroidery. Secretary Whitney has had more work to do here than any secretary since the close of the war, and his successor will find his task anything but easy. Uncle Sam is now engaged in building a navy, and with his usual impetuosity he is doing it with a rush. Mrs. Whitney once told me her husband, of whom she is justly very proud, had worked harder as secretary of the navy than he ever did before. "He took hold of the department," said she, "as he used to take hold of difficult law cases, and studied night and day till he had mastered it. Mr. Whitney likes hard work. When he was in the city attorney's office in New York they used to leave all the difficult cases to him, and he rather liked it." Secretary Whitney knows how to handle men as well as ships. Indeed, the duties of his office largely consist of handling men, there being naval bureaus, in charge of naval officers, to take care of the ships and their belongings. At 10 o'clock every morning the secretary takes up position in his outer office. All his callers are admitted to the room, where he can see them and they can see him. He stands by a high desk, and receives his visitors one after another. The callers may sit, but the secretary stands. Under such conditions the average visitor states his business in the fewest possible words and gets away as soon as he can. It is a common saying in Washington that Mr. Whitney can dispose of a greater number of callers in an hour than any other official, and this is the manner in which he does it—a good hint for his successor. After two hours at the outer desk the secretary retires to his office proper, where he works steadily till 5 or 6 in the evening. He has been one of the most successful of all of the present cabinet ministers, and his administration has the credit of giving the American navy its start on the road to greatness.

There is nothing sumptuous in the offices of the postmaster general and secretary of the interior, except the marble bathroom in connection with the latter. The postmaster general works in a plain room, which has rather old fashioned furniture. In this room and about the devoted head of Mr. Dickinson's successor will be seen the worst crush of the season after March 4. Here the place hunters and their friends literally swarm. Mr. Vilas estimates that he lost ten years of his life during the first six months of the year 1885, when he sat at his desk and fought off the mob, besides two inches in height and broad in proportion. He had been concerned in a great many robberies and a large number of murders.

SECRETARY VILAS.

D. B. Thompson, of Vienna, Ga., has a curiosity in the shape of a puppy with five feet. Just below the ankle on the right leg the foot is divided into two distinct feet, lacking only a toe each of being perfect. The puppy is a month old and uses his foot as if it were perfectly natural.

A Baltimore boiler maker named Howe recently performed the feat of eating five dozen raw eggs, shelled and all, on a wager of $5. It took him two hours and cost him $ to reach the last egg, and he washed the feast down with a pint bottle of pure alcohol.

Dr. J. C. Montgomery, of Chauncey, Mass., has a curious garment in his wardrobe, one that will probably excite more than ordinary interest among the lovers of curiosities. It is a vest made of the sides of a rattlesnake killed by Eleazer Warren, of Emanuel county, forty-five years ago, and made by his wife. It is lined with homespun cloth, known as dimity.

An Untimely Test.

Mrs. Bascom—Ebenezer, why did you tell the new city school ma'am that cows had sweet breath? She tried old Brindle's this morning and it nearly made her sick.

Farmer Bascom—Old Brindle's? Gee whitaker! The pesky critter got into the shop this afternoon and eat a peck of onions!—Burlington Free Press.

FROM GRAVE TO GAY.

HOW THE WOMEN OF MEXICO MIX RELIGION AND PLEASURE.

A Strange Medley of Recreation and Devotion—Fascinating Glimpses of an Adobe Ball Room—Old and Young Enjoy Themselves Together.

The last strains of a dying hymn, chanted in a sort of jerky monotone, had scarcely ceased vibrating among the ponderous, rough beams, well covered beams of the little adobe church at Grant's, N. M., writes a correspondent, when the congregation, principally women, true to a habitual failing, began an animated conversation. Whether their comments related to any particularly impressive point of the past service, or were devoted to coming over interesting bits of domestic affairs, is not known, but it surprises the stranger, while waiting a few moments at the entrance of the church watching the people, to receive a pressing invitation to attend a "baile" or Mexican dance.

A baile is, of course, a most harmless recreation, but to fly to the opposite extreme, with the lights of the church yet burning and the priests still shrouded in sacramental robes, impressed one as being just a trifle sacrilegious.

A VERY SIMPLE BALLROOM.

Woman so lately sitting with uncovered heads in silent devotion now tripped lightly through the gloomy streets, moving in and out between the darkened structures, chatting and laughing each with the other, apparently in the very transports of merriment, all semblance of piety.

Reaching a long, low roofed building, where a small, dingy window emitted a flickering, uncertain light, and shrill strains of music floated out into the night through an open door, the casual visitor allowed himself to be hustled rather unceremoniously into the very midst of a Mexican dance.

The dancing apartment consisted of one long, narrow hall, along either side of which, for the accommodation of ladies, several rude benches were strung out, each set closely against the wall. Upon these sat women of all ages, in all imaginable toilets, with hands crossed demurely in front of them, but intent upon watching the movements of those upon the floor.

A number of tallow candles stuck into wide, wooden crosses and suspended at various places from the ceiling imparted a dim and almost religious light, that cast a weird, peculiar glow upon the dusky occupants of the room. Upon the wall, which had received a fresh adornment of whitewash for the occasion, arranged in an odd, fantastic fashion, were groups of vari-hued muslins and calicoes made up with complicated loops, bows and circles, and neatly pinned together by means of green cedar boughs. Those simple green leaves and these vari-hued muslins combined in making a noticeably pleasing effect, and greatly relieved the dull, dead white of the walls.

To assist the passage of sound two soulful musicians were accorded a seat high above the crowd on a mammoth dry goods box, where they played on a violin and guitar. However, the dancers were favored with additional sounds, very hollow, however, that issued from the depths of the resonant dry goods box on an occasional boy four well soaled boots keeping up a continual tattoo.

In the event of such enjoyable occasions the Mexican people (of New Mexico) observe very little social distinctions, consequently all classes of people in all phases of life mingle together in the ball room. The laughtiest don, surpassing himself in a sempiternal suit of broadcloth, goes around in a musty white hand in hand with a moccasined peon and calico enveloped lass.

Women of all ages and girls not yet in their teens eagerly await a request to be led out upon the floor, yet upon the face of those neglected, and who wait unasked for hours upon the unyielding benches, I have never noticed an expression that would denote envy.

The old crone of 50 accepts an invitation as promptly as the blushing young damsel of 16. She perhaps does not feel the same thrill of pleasure as her younger sister, but she certainly feels the perfection of orderliness, and I was called in. He had been a very handsome man, and his wife had been very much devoted to him. In making out the carriage list I arranged to have the widow, as was always customary at that time, accompanied by her dead husband's brother, whose features were as regular as those of the dead man had been handsome. When I came to read the carriage list at the funeral and the widow learned of my arrangement for the third time she screamed out at the top of her voice before all the people: "I won't go with that tarnal ugly lookin' critter, but I'll foller Meeder wherever he goes."

"At the funeral of a very aged millionaire belonging to one of the old Knickerbocker families of New York, which I once directed, his widow, an old lady of 80 years, walked into the room where he lay in his coffin about a quarter of an hour before the time set for the commencement of the services and sat down at the feet of the corpse. Taking out her knitting she began to work at it very industriously. Her grandaughter, observing her with great surprise, said: 'Why, grandma, surely you wouldn't knit at poor grandpa's funeral?' 'Wal,' responded the good dame, 'I jest thought I might as well draw out a few threads while the people were gathering.'"—G. W. Christine in Chicago Journal.

Poor Tray's Troubles.

James Tray, of Allentown, went to Louisville one day and sat by the open window of the car on account of the heat. He sneezed, and his false teeth fell out of the window. As he had just paid $25 for them he got out at the next station, five miles from where the teeth had escaped from him, and walked back to regain them. He found them. Then he started to walk the five miles back to get the next train. As he was crossing the railroad bridge over the Big Run a west bound freight came along. He was walking on that track, and stepped over on the beams of the east bound track. As he did so he glanced back and saw a freight train from the west just coming on the bridge toward him. There was no time for him to get across the bridge before the train would be upon him, and he did not dare to stand on the narrow space between the tracks until the two trains passed. Both locomotives sounded their danger signals. There was but one thing to do. Tray seized a bridge beam or tie with his hands and dropping quickly down hung by his fingers until the long train had passed over him. He then dragged himself back to the track.

The engineer of the train was bringing it to a stop, evidently to see what had become of Tray, but when he reappeared and the conductor saw he was all right the signal was given to go ahead and the train went on without taking Tray aboard. A mile further on another east bound freight came along. Tray thought it was running slow enough for him to get on the caboose. When the rear of the train was passing him he threw his overcoat on the platform of the caboose and grabbed the rail to swing himself on. The train was going faster than it looked, and Tray could not get a footing. He had to let loose of the rail, and he was thrown twenty feet down the bank. The skin was scraped off his face, hands and legs and one ankle was dislocated. The train went on, taking Tray's overcoat—a brand new $30 coat—with it.

In spite of his bruised ankle and mutilated face, hands and legs, Tray managed to get over the remaining two miles of his journey, reaching the station just as his train came in. Without waiting to have his injuries attended to he boarded the train. When the conductor came around Tray remembered that the conductor of the first train had taken up his ticket for the entire journey. He could not induce the second conductor to pass him either on the strength of that fact or of the story of his many mishaps and Tray had to pay his fare over again. He went to bed wondering whether it wasn't more than likely that a swelling will fall on him.—Philadelphia Times.

POSTMASTER GENERAL DICKINSON.

CRISP CONDENSATIONS.

A man registered in a Kansas City hotel recently as from Heaven.

The flower trade of London is estimated to amount to £5,000 a day.

A Jap is coming over to the United States to prove that a man can stay under water for four minutes as well as for twenty seconds.

In one flat in St. Louis there are families representing nine nationalities, and all cook onions for dinner after their national custom.

At a church fair a device for getting up a testimonial to the pastor bore the following legend: "Drop a dollar in the slot and see the pastor smile."

William Hunt, of Connecticut, kissed his girl while her mouth was full of pies. The doctor is working over her still, and William is paying the bills.

Stone precisely similar to the eastern brownstone and Nova Scotia freestone has been discovered in large quantities on the Coronado islands, near San Diego.

The leading New York hotel keepers have combined to set up a printing office which is to furnish the printing and stationery needed for the hotels of that and other cities.

A trainer of a troupe of cats hired a band to play every day before the cats for a month before the first performance, so that the nervous creatures would be accustomed to noise.

A new dye tried in a Maine dyehouse so softened the skin of the workmen's hands that the blood burst through. Every employee was affected, and the establishment in consequence had to close down.

Popular Science has information that the hippopotamus will become extinct within the next twenty years. So many have been killed off by natives and sportsmen that they are now hardly to be met with.

Atlanta has a black cat which in the evenings follows people around, emitting "mournful snarls." At midnight, according to testimony, the cat climbs a fence post and turns into a beautiful woman, who vanishes with a "fearful yell."

An omnibus run by electricity, the only one in the world, has made successful trips in London. It runs on the level of a street without the use of rails, while the so called electric omnibus of Paris is in reality a tram car running on a track.

Atlanta has a black cat which in the evenings follows people around, emitting "mournful snarls." At midnight, according to testimony, the cat climbs a fence post and turns into a beautiful woman, who vanishes with a "fearful yell."

An omnibus run by electricity, the only one in the world, has made successful trips in London. It runs on the level of a street without the use of rails, while the so called electric omnibus of Paris is in reality a tram car running on a track.

DECEIVED.

What, married! My Lillian married!
Great heavens, it cannot be so!
And yet here it is in the paper,
And happened a fortnight ago.

A wife! why, 'twas only in August,
That leaving her down by the sea,
She swore by the round moon above us,
She would ever be faithful to me.

And now she is wed to another,
If I my poor eyes can believe;
Oh false! oh most faithless of women!
So cruelly me to deceive!

Of course I meant nothing—was only
Killing time—but I swear 'tis a shame
To think that that innocent maiden
Was all the while doing the same.

—The Cartoon.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

Humorous Side of Their Business Illustrated by Several Stories.

It is a popular idea that undertakers are a very serious class of men whose lives are shrouded in the deepest gloom. Readers of jokes will remember that Mark Tapley, when searching for a lot in life which would afford the greatest possible opportunity of being jolly under difficulties, was strongly inclined to adopt that of an undertaker. Having long believed this popular idea concerning the men of coffins and shrouds and the life they led to be a gross error, I have for several years past sought a close friendship with the leading undertakers in many of our principal cities, and personally by letter have collected their views and experiences of their profession as regards its agreeableness, its healthfulness, its humors and its pleasures. They all concur most heartily in the statements made to me by one of the oldest and most successful undertakers in the country, who has carried on his business for nearly forty years, and has seen hundreds of America's most distinguished citizens decently laid in their graves.

"An undertaker's life is a very pleasant one," he said. "I shouldn't say 'undertaker,' though. We dropped that word some years ago, and now call ourselves 'funeral directors.' Away from our business, I think I may safely say that we are the jolliest set of men living. You know that clowns and comedians are often said to be very grave in private life because their work consisting in being funny, it is relaxation for them to be serious. Just so with an undertaker. He must wear a mournful countenance and affect grief, or at least mournful sympathy, as a very important part of his business, and hence it is in itself a recreation for him to throw all that off and be lively and cheerful. An undertaker's life is calculated to make a man jolly, not only for the reason just mentioned, but because it has an intensely humorous side and because the very funniest things I have ever seen in real life have been occurrences at or in connection with funerals. To a large class of persons, the burial of a friend is an occasion for mirth and enjoyment, though I believe that they mourn quite as sincerely as those who wear long faces. I remember officiating at the funeral of a noted saloon keeper a few years ago, and on the road to the cemetery we encountered the cortege of a rival publican. A race between the two funerals was quickly improvised, and we soon were bowling along at such a furious rate that when our hearse bounced over a large stone in the road its doors flew open and the corpse of my client—if I may so designate him—rolled out.

"I remember an amusing incident in connection with a prominent iron manufacturer of national reputation, who never loses an opportunity of advertising his business. He purchased a cemetery lot and surrounded it with a very ornamental fence of his own manufacture. His wife died soon afterward, and when I had laid the good lady to rest he erected to her memory a handsome monument, on which were carved these words: 'Here lie Mrs. Annie X., wife of Quintius X., proprietor of the —— Iron works, where the elegant fence around this lot was manufactured. Similar ones made to order.'

"Many years ago, when I first went into the business, there lived in Brooklyn a family whom I will call Meeder. The husband died, and I was called in. He had been a very handsome man, and his wife had been very much devoted to him. In making out the carriage list I arranged to have the widow, as was always customary at that time, accompanied by her dead husband's brother, whose features were as regular as those of the dead man had been handsome. When I came to read the carriage list at the funeral and the widow learned of my arrangement for the third time she screamed out at the top of her voice before all the people: 'I won't go with that tarnal ugly lookin' critter, but I'll foller Meeder wherever he goes.'

"At the funeral of a very aged millionaire belonging to one of the old Knickerbocker families of New York, which I once directed, his widow, an old lady of 80 years, walked into the room where he lay in his coffin about a quarter of an hour before the time set for the commencement of the services and sat down at the feet of the corpse. Taking out her knitting she began to work at it very industriously. Her grandaughter, observing her with great surprise, said: 'Why, grandma, surely you wouldn't knit at poor grandpa's funeral?' 'Wal,' responded the good dame, 'I jest thought I might as well draw out a few threads while the people were gathering.'"—G. W. Christine in Chicago Journal.

Poor Tray's Troubles.

James Tray, of Allentown, went to Louisville one day and sat by the open window of the car on account of the heat. He sneezed, and his false teeth fell out of the window. As he had just paid $25 for them he got out at the next station, five miles from where the teeth had escaped from him, and walked back to regain them. He found them. Then he started to walk the five miles back to get the next train. As he was crossing the railroad bridge over the Big Run a west bound freight came along. He was walking on that track, and stepped over on the beams of the east bound track. As he did so he glanced back and saw a freight train from the west just coming on the bridge toward him. There was no time for him to get across the bridge before the train would be upon him, and he did not dare to stand on the narrow space between the tracks until the two trains passed. Both locomotives sounded their danger signals. There was but one thing to do. Tray seized a bridge beam or tie with his hands and dropping quickly down hung by his fingers until the long train had passed over him. He then dragged himself back to the track.

The engineer of the train was bringing it to a stop, evidently to see what had become of Tray, but when he reappeared and the conductor saw he was all right the signal was given to go ahead and the train went on without taking Tray aboard. A mile further on another east bound freight came along. Tray thought it was running slow enough for him to get on the caboose. When the rear of the train was passing him he threw his overcoat on the platform of the caboose and grabbed the rail to swing himself on. The train was going faster than it looked, and Tray could not get a footing. He had to let loose of the rail, and he was thrown twenty feet down the bank. The skin was scraped off his face, hands and legs and one ankle was dislocated. The train went on, taking Tray's overcoat—a brand new $30 coat—with it.

In spite of his bruised ankle and mutilated face, hands and legs, Tray managed to get over the remaining two miles of his journey, reaching the station just as his train came in. Without waiting to have his injuries attended to he boarded the train. When the conductor came around Tray remembered that the conductor of the first train had taken up his ticket for the entire journey. He could not induce the second conductor to pass him either on the strength of that fact or of the story of his many mishaps and Tray had to pay his fare over again. He went to bed wondering whether it wasn't more than likely that a swelling will fall on him.—Philadelphia Times.

POSTMASTER GENERAL DICKINSON.

HOW TO BECOME A BELLE.

Dance Less with Delightful Men and More with Stupid Beaux.

"Mamie."

"Yes, Clara."

"I've been thinking about you. You won't mind if I speak plainly, will you, my dear? This is your first season, you know, and it's my third."

"Oh, dear, what have I been doing now?"

"Only showing your inexperience, Mamie, and I want you to be a belle."

"And I want to be one, of course."

"Then you must be more careful. I saw you dance twice with Frank Harrington last night, and you didn't dance once with Arthur Jones."

"But there's something to Frank Harrington, while Arthur Jones is insipid. He doesn't know anything but inane society gossip."

"But he's one's of the beaux, Mamie, you must remember that."

"Why, he's not entertaining, is he?"

"No-o, I can't say that I ever found him so. But he always dances with the swellest girls. You never saw him with a wallflower, did you?"

"Never."

"And you've seen Frank Harrington often?"

"Yes."

"Well, would you rather be classed with the belles or the wall flowers? Arthur Jones and Tom White can make you one of the belles of the season if they like you, and you'll let them. No one will ever think you're a belle if you're with them a good deal."

"Because they never dance with wall flowers?"

"Yes."

"Then, because they are not polite enough to pay a little attention to a girl who lacks it, I am to reward them by being particularly gracious."

"Why, Mamie"—

"Their selfishness makes them beaux."

"Mamie Browne, you surprise me!"

"The fact that a man whose politeness consists solely in looking out for his own pleasure asks me to dance should so flatter me that I must encourage him in being impolite to my less fortunate sisters."

"How can you put such an interpretation on what I said? I mean, don't you see, that if you dance much with Frank Harrington and that class of men people will think you stand in need of attention."

"That I am a wall flower?"

"Yes."

"And then in time that will make me one?"

"Yes."

"For when Arthur Jones and the other beaux get the idea that I am a wall flower they will let me severely alone."

"They won't pay much attention to you."

"Why?"

"My dear, what makes you analyze everything in this way? When I came out I was satisfied to know that things were as they are."

"But I'm curious to know why they are so. Would I be any less entertaining as a wall flower than as a belle?"

"Of course not, Mamie. What a foolish question!"

"Wouldn't I dance just as well?"

"Certainly. But you see, if they were dancing with wall flowers all the time they could hardly be beaux."

"They would descend to the level of courtesy and Frank Harrington."

"You provoke me, Mamie."

"I don't mean to. I only have a way of always trying to get at the reason of things. But it seems to me that I am to reward a man for being selfish and snub another for being courteous."

"No, no, no, no! I never said that. Dance with Frank Harrington if you want to. I never meant that you should ignore him entirely. But dance with him less and with Arthur Jones more."

"But I like him better."

"So do I."

"Well, it's all quite odd and gives me some new ideas about society. But tell me, Clara, if dancing almost exclusively with the beaux makes a belle, what makes a beau? Is the situation just reversed?"

"Yes-s, I guess so."

"Then, where does it all begin?"

"Dear me! you ask such queer questions. I never have thought about it."

"How did Arthur Jones get to be one of the 'swell fellows,' as we call them?"

"I'm sure I don't know. The first season he somehow got to dancing with the sixteen edged belles of the season before, and then all the other girls were only too glad to dance with him."

"I think I understand it," thoughtfully.

"A man has push. He insists on dancing exclusively with the acknowledged belles and ignores the wall flowers. The debutantes are learned of my arrangement for the third time and I was able to sit up by night. I would not now think of using any other medicine." Columbus Hopkins, Hamilton, Ont.

"A man has push. He insists on dancing exclusively with the acknowledged belles and ignores the wall flowers. The debutantes are learned of my arrangement for the third time and I was able to sit up by night. I would not now think of using any other medicine." Columbus Hopkins, Hamilton, Ont.

A Good Neighbor.

"Late last fall I was laid up in bed three days with a very severe attack of diarrhoea and vomiting. Nothing benefited me until my neighbor, Mrs. Dunning, recommended Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and I rought me a half bottle, which she had in her house. In three hours I was entirely relieved, and I was able to sit up by night. I would not now think of using any other medicine." Columbus Hopkins, Hamilton, Ont.

Queer, but true: The tinder-box hotel is adnuittedly insecure, while in the fireproof hotel we also feel inn-secure.

Ladling physicians recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Old and young take it with perfect safety, and it cleans the blood, strengthens the nerves, and vitalizes the system. Popular experience has long placed this medicine at the head of tonic alteratives.

The favorite hymn of the gum-chewing maiden is, 'Oh that will be jawfull.'

A Plain Statement.

All poisonous waste, and worn on matter ought to escape from the system through the secretions of the bowels, kidneys and skin. B. B. B. cleanses, opens and regulates these natural outlets for the removal of disease.

The window-glass men says they are pained at the report that they are about to form a Trust.

Tried and Proved.

"I have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for summer complaint, and have proved it, after a fair trial a sure cure, both in my own case and others of the family." Lauratta Wing, New Dundee, Waterloo Co., Ont.

The new administration society at Washington will consider lownecked dresses as low.

Constipation.

is nearly always induced by neglecting to keep the bowels regular, and is also a frequent sequal to dyspepsia or indigestion. Regulate the stomach and bowels by using Burdock Blood Bitters, which is certain to promptly relieve and ultimately cure the worst cases of constipation.

A man may be as bald as a duck's egg and yet it would not imply that he had a clear head.

Unless more care is given to the hair the coming man is liable to be a hairless animal; hence, to prevent the hair from fall-ing use Hall's Hair Renewer.

The lecturer who remarks "there is much to be said on this subject," and then doesn't say it, is indeed a true philanthropist.

A Terrible Ten Years.

Mrs. Thomas Acres, of Huntley, Ont., suffered all the tortures of liver complaint for ten years. Four bottles of B. B. B. entirely cured her, making her like a new woman again, after other medicines had failed to relieve her.

A New Jersey negro has two hearts; but that is nothing. Had he two chickens it might be worth while to enquire how he got them.

Speaking of tramps, why is one of the hirsute fraternity like a barrel of cider? Because he is sour after he has worked.

A Severe Attack.

Miss Bella Elliot, of Pontypool, Ont., writes—"My brother and I were both taken ill with a severe attack of diarrhoea, having tried other remedies, we tried Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, which gave immediate relief.

The turtle refers to his wife's 9o'clock yawn as a home-stretch.

Read The Evening Gazette.

In the Exchequer Court of Canada.

In the matter of the "Expropriation Act," and in the matter of those certain parcels or tracts of land hereinafter described.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that there has been deposited in the office of the Registrar of the Exchequer Court of Canada, on the eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1888, a notice to the Registrar by the Minister of Marine and Fisheries of Canada, stating his readiness to pay over to the persons entitled thereto, the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, which, in his opinion, is sufficient compensation for the land or property expropriated for the purposes of the erection of a beacon light at Dipper Harbor, in the Province of New Brunswick, a public work, and described as follows, that is to say:

A lot and right of way situate in the parish of Musquash, in the County of St. John, N. B., and bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the northwest side line of a grant on the eastern side of Dipper Harbor, made in the year 1836 to Hugh Campbell, and distant on said line from high water mark, 259 feet; thence, by the magnet of the year 1888, south, two degrees and thirty minutes east, 425 ft; thence south, thirty-three degrees west, 326 feet, thence south, sixty-six degrees west, 155 feet; thence south, fifty-four degrees west, 235 feet, or to its intersection with a line crossing Campbell's Island, on a course south sixty-five degrees west, and distant at right angles therefrom 100 feet from the extreme southerly point of said Island at high water mark; thence on said line north, sixty-five degrees west, 100 feet, to high water mark; thence, following the line of high water mark southerly, round the point of said Island, and northeasterly to the eastern end of the line crossing Campbell's Island, as aforesaid; thence on said line, north, sixty-five degrees west, 12 feet; thence north, fifty-four degrees east, 385 feet; to the north point of Fish House; thence north, sixty-six degrees east, 158 feet, to a point near Daniel Campbell's well; thence north, twenty-three degrees, 49 feet; thence north two degrees and thirty minutes west, 440 feet, to the northwestern end of the lot granted to Hugh Campbell, aforesaid; and thence on said line south, forty-nine degrees and thirty minutes west, 22 feet, or to the place of beginning, giving a road of uniform width, throughout, from the present highway to the lighthouse, of fifteen feet, and including two roads and a grove of pine trees, more or less.

That Her Majesty Queen Victoria is the proprietor of the land or property hereinbefore described, under chapter thirty-nine of the Revised Statutes of Canada respecting the expropriation of lands, as amended by the Act 50-51 Vic. ch. 17, intitled "An Act to amend the Revised Statutes, chapter thirty-nine, respecting the expropriation of lands."

In consequence, all persons entitled to the said hereinbefore described land or property, or any part or parcel, or representing or being the husbands of any persons so entitled or claiming to hold or represent remainders thereon or interests therein, are called upon to file in the office of the Registrar of the Exchequer Court of Canada, their claims or opposition, on or before the 18th day of February, A. D. 1889, and are notified that such claims or opposition will be received and adjudged upon by this Court, and that the proceedings herein will forever bar all claims to the compensation money or any part thereof, including any claim in respect of dower or of dower not yet open, as well as in respect of all mortgages, hypothecs or incumbrances upon the said land or property.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of December, A. D. 1888.

L. A. AUDETTE,
Registrar.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Billiousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

STEAMERS.

International Steamship Co.,
Winter Arrangement.
TWO TRIPS A WEEK
—FOR—
BOSTON

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, Dec. 17th, and until further notice, the Steamer CLEOPATRA will leave Saint John every MONDAY Morning at 8 o'clock (Local for EASTPORT, and thence to BOSTON, direct; and the Steamer NEW BRUNSWICK will leave St. John every THURSDAY Morning at 8 o'clock (Local), for Eastport, Portland and Boston.

Returning, the Steamer NEW BRUNSWICK will leave Boston every Monday morning for St. John, via Portland and Eastport; and the CLEOPATRA will leave Boston every Thursday morning for St. John, Calling at Eastport only.

H. W. CHISHOLM
Agent.

THE NATIONAL,
22 Charlotte St.

Choice P. E. ISLAND and BUCTOUCHE OYSTERS served in all Styles and shelled to order.

CHOICE LUNCHES
Served at all hours. Dinner from 12 till 2 o'clock.

CIGAR COUNTER, SHOOTING GALLERY, BILLARD and POOL TABLES.

Telephone Communication.

TRUSTEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas F. Burke, of the City of Portland, School Teacher, has this day made an assignment of his estate to the undersigned trustee, in trust for the benefit of his creditors, who may examine the Trust Deed within three months from this date. The Trust Deed now lies at the office of Charles A. Vincent, Chubb's Corner, St. John, Barristers: for inspection and execution. No preferences.

Dated November 16th, A. D., 1888.

JOHN L. CARLEE N.
Trustee.

CURREY & VINCENT.
Solicitors.

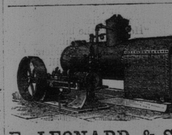
A. B. SMALLEY,
WATCHMAKER and JEWELLER
91 Prince William st.,
Saint John, N. B.

EDWARD F. LAW,
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
For Thirteen years Watchmaker at the late SHEFFIELD HOUSE.
A full line of
CLOCKS, WATCHES, and JEWELLRY, at reasonable prices.
No 3 Coburg Street (near Union).
Saint John, N B.

NOTICE.

The New Brunswick Coffin and Casket Factory, 157 and 159 Brussels St.,
keeps a large stock of Coffins and Caskets on hand to select from, also, I have lately added Children's Enameled White Caskets finely finished.
Price List on application.
W. WASSON.
P. S.—Sole manufacturer of the
Double Washboard.
We have been running extra time to supply the demand for this article.
W. W.

S. R. FOSTER & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cut Nails & Cut Spikes, Tacks, Brads,
FINISHING NAILS.
Shoe and Hungarian Nails, &c.
Office, Warehouse and Manufactory:
GEORGES STREET, - - ST. JOHN, N. B.



E. LEONARD & SONS
Steam Engines and Boilers
for all purposes.
WOODWORKING MACHINERY, TURBINE WHEELS.
Dodge Wood Pulleys etc.
SAW AND PLANING MILL
outfits furnished.
New and Second hand Machinery in stock.
62 Water St., - St. John, N. B.
GEORGE H. EVANS, Representative.

RAILROADS.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

1888 WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1889.

ON and after MONDAY, November 26th, the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:—

Trains will Leave St. John.

DAY EXPRESS	7 30
ACCOMMODATION	11 20
EXPRESS FOR SUSSEX	16 35
EXPRESS FOR HALIFAX & QUEBEC	18 00

A Sleeping Car runs daily on the 18.00 train to Halifax.

On Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, a Sleeping Car for Montreal will be attached to the Quebec Express, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday a Sleeping Car will be attached at Moncton.

Trains will Arrive at St. John:

EXPRESS FROM HALIFAX & QUEBEC	7 00
EXPRESS FROM SUSSEX	8 35
ACCOMMODATION	13 30
DAY EXPRESS	19 20

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

RAILWAY OFFICE,
Moncton, N. B., November 20th, 1888.

New Brunswick Railway Co'y.
(ALL RAIL LINE.)

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS: in effect Jan. 7th, 1889. Leaves St. John Intercolonial Station—Eastern Standard Time.

8.40 a. m.—Express for Bangor, Portland, Boston and points west; for Fredericton, St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque Isle, Grand Falls and Edmundston. Pullman Sleeping Car for Bangor.

3.35 p.m.—For Fredericton and intermediate points.

8.30 p.m.—(Except Saturday night)—

MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

LOCAL MATTERS.

For the Latest Telegraphic News look on the First Page.

MASONIC ENGAGEMENTS.

January, 1889.

Meetings will be held at Freemasons' Hall, Germain street, during the month of January, at 8 o'clock in the evening, as follows:

Tuesday, 1st—St. John's Lodge, No. 2.
Thursday, 3rd—New Brunswick Royal Arch Chapter.
Friday, 4th—Albion Lodge, No. 1.
Tuesday, 8th—Hibernia Lodge, No. 3.
Wednesday, 9th—Encampment of St. John, K. T.
Thursday, 10th—New Brunswick Lodge, No. 22.
Monday, 14th—St. John Lodge of Perfection, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite. Special Convocation.
Wednesday, 16th—Carleton Royal Arch Chapter.
Thursday, 17th—Union Lodge of Portland, No. 18.

ICE BOATS.

Eight ice boats are now ready for service between Capes Tormentine and Travers and three more are in course of construction.

HUNTER DUVAR.

In Poems of Wild Life, recently published in London, several quotations are made from De Roberval, by Hunter Duvar and published last summer by J. & A. McMillan.

SCOTT ACT.

In the year just closed there were 79 convictions in Charlottetown for violation of the Scott Act, and 190 cases adjudicated upon. The amount collected in fines was $1,389.36.

HYMENIAL.

Our lady readers who are matrimoniously inclined will please note change of address in advertisement under above head owing to misunderstanding of postal regulations the letters addressed 'Doctor' were not delivered and the fair ones who did write will please repeat to new address.

MARRIED LAST EVENING.

Last evening quite a number of friends assembled at the western train to say farewell to George W Mullin, son of Captain George Mullin, a former resident of this city, and his fair bride, Miss Laura Foster of this city. The happy couple were united in marriage last evening and were en route to their future home in Boston.

MISSION CHURCH ORGAN RECITAL.

The organ recital for this week at the Mission Church previously announced to take place on Friday evening, has been postponed till Thursday evening. This has been done from the fact that the annual meeting, etc. of the St Paul (Valley) Church is to be held on Friday evening and as many of the members of the choir intend to sing at the last recital were engaged for that evening and in order that the two entertainments should not clash the change has been made.

MARKET SLIP NOTES.

Only two schooners in market slip this morning.

No arrival of fish from the bay for several days.

Some British Columbia salmon are in the market and are offered at 18 and 20 cents per pound.

There is no business doing in salt fish, and the market is likely to be dull until the near approach of lent.

The catch of codfish and herring about Grand Manan for a week or two past has been light and consequently prices have slightly advanced.

Notwithstanding the large catch of smelt on the North Shore very few are sent to this market. It appears that it pays better to send the fish to the U. S. than to market them here.

Brevities.

The public temperance meeting, which was to be held last night at Coldbrook, was postponed on acount of the storm.

The Grand treasurer of the Good Templars proceeds to Sussex this morning, to initiate a new district lodge in Kings county.

A woman who has been imposing on generous people in Portland by soliciting subscriptions for a poor family is pronounced a fraud by Rev. Dr. Wilson.

John Mullin has been appointed to a position in the I. C. R. storekeepers office, this city, in room of John T. Kelly, transferred to the inland revenue department.

Messrs. Mackenzie and Selig of the engineering staff of the I. C. R., are in the city and will have a look at the Long wharf, Portland, to which it is proposed that the I. C. R. be extended.

Coming Events.

An interesting entertainment is to be held in Good Templars hall this evening.

A "grand ball" is to be held at the residence of William Diamond, the colored impressario, on Thursday evening.

Bishop Kingdon is to address a meeting in Trinity school room this evening in and of the missionary work of the diocese.

This evening W. G. Gance of Fredericton will occupy the lecture platform in the Portland W. C. T. U. course, his subject being A Peep at Paris.

The eighth lecture in the Symposium of Missions course will be delivered this evening in the Reformed Presbyterian church, on the Reciprocal Influence of Missions.

The ladies committee of the Free Public library, arranges for a series of evenings with Scott early in February. The city cornet band have tendered their services.

Prof. Spencer's usual weekly assembly will be held this evening at his dancing academy, Domville building. These assemblies are proving very successful this winter.

Probate Court.

The last will and testament of William Ruddock, late of the City of Portland, ship-carpenter, has been admitted to Probate. The will is dated 21st Nov. 1888, and Joseph Ruddock, brother of the deceased is named sole executor. The estate is valued at five thousand dollars and is all personal. The legacies are confined to the immediate relatives of the deceased.

Personal.

W P McCormick and bride returned from their trip to California this morning.

Geo G Corey, the celebrated rubber stamp man was in town yesterday.

D MacKeen M P from Cape Breton is at the Royal.

I. C. R. Clerk Dead.

William L. Ritchie son of the late marmaduke Ritchie and a brother of solicitor Ritchie died after a short illness last evening. He was a clerk in the I. C. R. freight department and leaves a wife and one child.

City Police Court.

Jeremiah Hayes and Michael Barry two protectionist, were discharged.

Goods at cost at George Browning's, Main Street Portland.

The Quebec express is ten hours late to-day on account of the storm on the northern division.

Town Tattle.

Yesterday's snow storm was not a success for the St. John school boy, and today is too cold to throw snow balls. The school boy enjoys a snow storm when the thermometer is just below freezing, as he can then pelt the other fellow to his heart's content.

* * *

Chief of Police Marshall says the moral one of St. John is improving. Well, perhaps it is, but the amount of small scandal that one can pick up on a short round of calls is still large. This makes one think that instead of getting better the people are only becoming more skilful in hiding their sins. But there has certainly been a great improvement in the conduct of the average small boy. He is becoming more domesticated every year. Some person has told that the average boy contains as much cussedness as his father did at a like age, but if he does he knows better how to conceal it. There is one thing certain, he is not so fond of snowballing as the old man used to be or if he is, he doesn't snowball people in the open as formerly. This is a decided improvement and is heartily endorsed by the older heads of the town whose hands have lost their cunning and no longer know how to throw a ball straight.

* * *

Speaking of the chief of police recalls the fact that, he has always had one or two close friends on the force and one or two very out-spoken critics. There have always been two factions in the police force, which are termed respectively the contents and the malcontents. Just now the chief is having a most interesting time. One of the most contented members of the force heretofore has fallen out with him and seems to think that the chief is no longer as good a man as he was. Opinions seem to change rapidly with some people. A content of a few weeks ago is now a malcontent; a malcontent of two years ago is now one of the most contented men on earth. It would do the chief a lot of good to hear what all the members of the police force have at one time and another said about him. He has a very poor opinion of newspaper reporters individually and collectively but if the police phonograph were let loose he would think the reporters angels from heaven.

* * *

Mr. W. H. Thorne, the president of the Sun Publishing Company is a gentleman when the Globe does not love, and its editor, although he pretends to be a great stickler for professional courtesy, never fails to attack Mr. Thorne personally when he feels at all bilious. Mr. Thorne, in a conversation with the writer a short time ago, gave an apt illustration of the manner in which the Globe's lies affect the business men of St. John. Mr. Thorne was in New York and went to call on a merchant there, whom we shall call Mr. D, with whom he had business relations for many years. As soon as he entered his establishment Mr. D saluted him with the inquiry "hullo Thorne, what's the matter with you all in St. John? Everything is going to ruin; every body failing; all its business going to the dogs." 'Why," replied Mr. Thorne, "you are quite mistaken; St. John is doing very well, better than for some years past and business is very good." "Why, how can that be?" retorted Mr. D, "here is one of your own papers all about how St. John is going to ruin," and with that Mr. D. produced several copies of the Globe. As the Americans are not accustomed to have newspapers which systematically run down the city in which they are published, they naturally enough accept all the the Globe's lies as true, and so this infamous paper is daily injuring St. John and impairing the credit of its business men. Yet, in spite of all this there are many loyal business men of St. John, good conservatives some of them, who continue to support and patronize the Globe. It is a matter for congratulation, however, that the number of these is less now than it was a year ago, and a year hence will be still smaller.

Commodore Brickley Felt Dull.

"Story! God bless you, I've no story to tell, sir," said Commodore Brickley, in reply to the reporter's query. "In the summer I generally hear about all that is going, but in the winter I house myself like a bear and take no interest whatever in sublunary affairs."

Then the commodore stirred the fire and gazed long and dreamily into its glowing depths.

"Speaking of bears," he resumed, "reminds me that forty years ago we were living on a farm in Quaco. It was in the winter and a brother of mine had just returned from a voyage on a Missionary ship to the East Indies, and as he had a little money he invested a part of it in a young and spirited horse. Young and spirited men like young and spirited horses, you know. At that time a bear was playing havoc with the sheep in the neighborhood and we resolved to trap him. We baited our trap with a portion of one of the sheep he had killed and set it in the woods about a mile from our house. Next day we harnessed the colt and went in the vicinity of the trap for a load of fire wood, and there was bruin securely held by one of his paws in the trap, and he was as big as a steer. My brother resolved to capture the brute alive; so we got one end of the chain around his neck, with the other attached to the colt, and then pried open the jaws of the trap with a couple of hand spikes. The bear gave a growl and the colt started. Where do you think he brought up? It was at Hampton Ferry where we found him about a week afterwards, and we found from the time occupied in the journey that he had travelled at the rate of exactly fifty miles an hour."

"How was the bear?"

"There was nothing left of him but his head and fore shoulders! Come in some other time and I will talk with you, I am feeling rather dull to-day."

For Drug Clerks.

The pharmacentical examinations are being held in the Natural History Society's rooms to-day. The examiners are Dr. Allison, W. B. McVey, St. John; Geo. C. Hunt, jun., Fredericton; and J. D. F. B. McKenzie, Chatham. There are only three candidates for diplomas. The subjects of examination are as follows: To-day, general work, chemistry and pharmacy; for to-morrow, materia medica, despencing and prescriptions.

If you wish a fine imported Havana cigar, three for a quarter mild or strong, call at Louis Green's, 59 King street; satisfaction guaranteed.

THE SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

At the Thistle curling rink yesterday the Auld N'eer Day medal was won by A Miller with 14 points.

At the same rink in competition for the Wizard Oil trophy, Skip McDonald defeated Skip Malcolm with 17 to 16 points.

Rinks were chosen to play in the match St. John city and county vs. all comers a the Thistle rink.

The play for the rink medal at the St. Andrew's club was continued yesterday, and to-day if the ice is suitable, the ten winning skips will play off. The result of yesterday's play was as follows:—

W. A. Stewart, skip 15	Jas. Thomas, skip 11
C. F. Calkin.	Geo. Robertson.
W. S. Thomas.	J. Ferguson.
A. L. Law.	M. L. Harrison.

* * *

Dominick McCaffery has signified his desire to fight Jack Dempsey to a finish for a five thousand dollar purse. Speaking of his last fight with Dempsey McCaffery said: "I am not satisfied with the result of our ten-round bout in Jersey City and I am anxious to meet him again. I say this in all kindness because while I am not an enemy of Jack, I am nevertheless displeased with the decision given by Jere Dunn, who was the referee of our fight.

"I am not yet satisfied that Jack is a better man than I am, for as you know no damage was done to either of us on that occasion. I am also satisfied that Jack, now that Mitchell has left the country, will be willing to fight me to a finish in California. I prefer going there to fight for a purse to making any gate-money snap, as I have had enough of them. I gave Mitchell $1,200 to stand before me. I fought Sullivan for all or nothing, and gave Dempsey a guarantee. Furthermore, I gave way in all points to Killen and then failed to get on a fight.

Jack Fallon and McCaffry met yesterday and signed articles to fight ten rounds Marquis of Queensberry rules. The contest will take place at Cronheim's Theatre in Hoboken, but the exact time has not yet been fixed. It is possible, however, that they will meet in March.

* * *

Unpire Gaffney has telegraphed Manager Barnie, Chairman of the American Association Committee on Umpires, accepting the terms offered for next season and signifying his willingness to sign the usual contract. It is understood that his salary will be $1,800. But one umpire remains to be signed and numerous applications for the vacancy have been received.

NOTES.

Arthur Lumley, the editor of the Illustrated News, has received the following despatch "I met Paddy Gorman at the Cremorne Theatre last night and whipped him easily in four rounds. Will make match with him, Frank Hall representing me and Joe McAuliffe backs Gorman. Stake money posted to-day at 3 o'clock. I am dead sure winner."

"SAILOR BROWN."

This comes to the editor of the World.

I see that a good many pugilists want to get at me since my return from Buffalo. Any man from 150 to 160 pounds can find me at Warren Lewis's No. 34 Bond street, any day and I will be only too glad to meet them. GEORGE LE BLANCHE, "The Marine."

T. P. Conneff and E. D. Lange will contest a match race at the 22d regiment games on Feb 16. Conneff will attempt to run three quarters of a mile while Lang walks half a mile.

Notable feats in the riding record of the New York club for the past year are the 132 consecutive riding days of W. E. Endley and J. M. Andreini's 2590 miles on a tricycle.

The fight between Jack McAuliffe and Billy Myers, of Streator, Ill., will take place Feb. 10.

Billy Renn. Ben Levy and George Johnston, of the Nonpareil club, will row to Albany in July.

Harry Bartlett and Charlie Norton have been matched to fight ten rounds with small gloves for $500 a side.

Wagg, of the Colbys, writes Manager M. A. Coyne, of the Lewistons, that the Colby team, with a few changes, will probably represent Bangor next season. The game ball men in this city know very little about this report, however. It may be possible that some wily individual is working this quietly upon his own account. The Colby team, slightly strengthened, would compare very favorably with the teams which some of the Maine cities propose to put into the field.

MONEY AND TRADE.

Rates of Exchange—To-day

	Buying.	Selling.
London, 60 day	9	10 p. cent.
Do., sight	9	10 p. cent
New York	¼ dis	¼ prem.
Boston	¼ dis	¼ prem.
Montreal	¼ dis	¼ prem.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan 22.

	Yesterday Opening	Yesterday Closing	Highest	1.30 p. m.	Yesterday Noon
Chi, Bur & Quin	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼	
N Y Central	108½	108½	108½	108½	
Can Pacific	....	....	....	....	....
Canada Southern	51½	51½	51½	50½	
Delaware & Hudson	126	126½	127	127	
D & Lack	140½	140½	141½	140½	
Erie	28½	28½	28½	28½	
Consol. Gas	....	....	....	....	....
Hocking Valley	....	25½	26	26	
N J Central	98½	98½	98½	98½	
K & T	....	13½	13½	13½	
Lake Shore	102	102	102	102	
Lou and Nash.	57½	57½	57½	57½	
Mis. Pacific	72½	72½	73	72½	
N Y & New England	45	45	45½	45½	
Northern Pacific	....	....	....	....	....
Northern Pacific pref	60½	60½	60½	60½	
Chi. & Nor.	107½	107½	107½	107	
Omaha	32	32	32½	32½	
Oregon Trans	30½	30½	30½	30½	
Pacific Mail	30	....	....	....	....
Ph. & Reading	48½	48½	48½	48½	
Richmond Term	24½	24½	24½	24½	
St Paul	65½	65½	65½	64½	
Texas Pacific	20½	20½	21	20½	
Union Pacific	63½	63½	63½	63½	
Western Union	84½	84½	84½	84½	
Wabash	....	....	....	....	....
Wabash pref	....	....	....	....	....
Norfolk & W pref	....	52½	52½	52½	
R. F. pref	....	....	....	....	....
Cotton Oil Tr	49½	49½	50½	49½	
Rock Island	98½	98½	98½	98½	
O & M pref	92½	93	93	92½	

BOSTON STOCKS.

Maine Central	....	....	....	....	
Top & St Fe	49	50	51	50½	
West Ends	....	....	....	....	
Eastern	....	....	....	....	

Chicago Markets.

	Yesday Close	To-day Open	Highest	1.30 Close
Wheat—May	100½	100½	100½	100½
June	98	98	98	97
July	92½	91½	92½	92
Corn—May	36½	36½	36½	36½
June	36	36½	36	36½
Feb	34½	34½	34½	34½
Mar	35½	35½	35½	35½
Pork—May	12 60	12 62	12 72	12 55
Feb	12 30	....	....	....
Petroleum	86½	86½	87	86½

U S Government C. Bonds, 4 p cent. 127½ @ 128

London Markets.

LONDON, Jan. 22.

Consols 98 13-16 for money and 98 15-16 for the account.

United States Fours	
Do, do. Fours and a half	
Atlantic and Great Western firsts	35½
Do do do seconds	
Illinois Central	117½
Erie	
do, Seconds	104½
Mexican ordinary	
Reading	66½
St Paul Common	
New York Central	24½
Canada Pacific	
Mexican Central firsts	74½
Pennsylvania	
Spanish Fours	
Bar Silver	

Money 1½ p r cent.

Rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months bills is 2½ per cent.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Jan 22.—Cotton steady with a fair demand. American middlings 5 9-16 pence; sales 10,000 bales, for speculation and export 1,000 bales; receipts 13,000 bales: American 10,600 bales. Futures firm at the advance.

Provincial Notes.

The young man, Clendenning, supposed to be insane, who disappeared about a week ago from St. Stephen has been seen in Fredericton.

While skating on Saturday, Robert Wilson school teacher of Steeves Mountain, fell on the ice and broke his shoulder and collar bone.

Jefferson Mourit, employed in Gunter's stables at Fredericton was kicked by a horse yesterday and it is feared his injuries will prove fatal.

The dwelling house occupied by Mrs. Hall at McAdam Junction was slightly damaged by fire on Saturday. The employes of the railway shop prevented the spread of the flames.

Hon. W. Ross, collector of customs, at Halifax, has been dismissed for granting to an American vessel, the Geo. H. Batson, the right to tranship fresh fish to the United States by the steamer Carroll.

Several of the female employes in the Moncton knitting factory struck yesterday morning. The difficulty arose by the proprietor refusing to employ a forewoman whom they wished. The manager has secured other girls in their places.

It is stated that Mr Cummings Burk of Buctouche is instituting legal proceedings in connection with the publication of letters in the Moncton Transcript, which letters contained serious reflections against Mr Burk apart from the church difficulty.

The "boys" who scan the ranks of the ladies' college processions report that so far the counties of Yarmouth and Hants seem to take the lead in beauty, and I hear of some of our young men who have been *epris* in these two quarters.—Halifax Mail.

John Whalen, of Ketch Harbor, N. S. picked a bunch of blooming mayflowers in the thicket in the rear of his residence, on Friday last. Councillor Fagan and others in the harbor have rhubarb growing in their gardens. In some instances the rhubarb has grown some six inches.

The Cumberland Railway and Coal Company has invested over a million dollars in Cumberland county and gives employment to 1700 men. There is no place in the maritimes where farm produce commands so high a price as at Springhill, Nova Scotia, and Cumberland in particular, should be proud of such an industry.

The gale was so severe in Digby basin yesterday that it caught up one of the spans of the new iron bridge being erected over Bear river and blew it into the water. The span was 127 feet long. The bridge is being built by the King Bridge company of Ohio for the local government, and the span was only completed on Saturday. The loss is five thousand dollars.

Canadian old rye is not at all what it seems. A good deal of it is neither old nor rye. The statistics of the inland revenue department show that during the year 1887-8 of the 94,243,866 pounds of grain used in the manufacture of spirits (which is whiskey) only 11,622,004 pounds were the kind that gives the name to the greatest part of the production. No one buys corn whiskey, yet 74,285,000 pounds of Indian corn was consumed in the process of distillation. The other material used was 4,606,000 pounds of malt, 2,256,000 pounds of wheat, 92,000 pounds of barley, and 1,380,000 pounds of oats. Oat whiskey must be something truly terrible in its effect on the humon constitution.

MACAULAY BROS. & Co.

61 and 63 King St.

Gents' Evening Wear.

White dress shirts in Fine Plaits, Military welt and Plain Fronts; all sizes in stock in best London and New York makes.

The latest shapes in English and American Standing and Turndown linen collars and cuffs.

White Strap Bows, Light Silk Ties and Scarfs; Made up Silk Scarfs in endless variety.

Dents White and Light shades one and two button Kid Gloves, warranted not to split in wear.

Fine Cashmere and Lisle Thread Half Hose.

Silk Balbreggan and fine Wool Underclothing; all qualities, sizes and weights.

Macaulay Bros. & Co.

McLEOD'S TRUE FRUIT SYRUPS

FLOUR.

FOR SALE Jan. 22nd, 1889.

500 Bbls Golden Eagle,
375 " Daisy,
375 " Golden Star,
250 " Walzen,
250 " Purity,
125 " Vendome,
250 " Snowball,
100 " Manitoba,
150 " Minnehaha,
300 " Golden Lion,
200 " Corn Meal,
100 " Standard Oatmeal,
100 " Roller "
40 " Pot Barley.

W. F. HATHEWAY,

17 and 18 South Wharf.

MARRIED.

WISWELL-GOSSIP—At Saint Luke's cathedral, Halifax, on the 19th inst., by the Rev. C. W. McCully, W. H. Wiswell, municipal clerk and treasurer of Halifax County, to Emily S., daughter of William Gossip.

DIED.

COLLINS—In this city, on the 21st inst., after a long illness, William, son of Thomas and the late Matilda Collins, aged 27 years.

☞Funeral from his father's residence, Alma street, on Wednesday, 23d, at half-past 2 o'clock.

MURRAY—In this city, on the 21st inst, at her father's residence, No. 25 Harding street, Mary Burns, fourth daughter of James and Kate Murray, aged 1 year and 9 months.

RITCHIE—In this city, on the 21st inst., William L., son of the late Marmaduke Ritchie, aged 26 years, leaving a wife and child to mourn their sad loss.

☞Funeral on Thursday, at 2.30 o'clock, from his late residence, corner Waterloo and Peters streets.

BLISS—Suddenly, at Richibucto, on the 18th inst, Thomas Wetmore Bliss, in the 68th year of his age.

JOURNAL OF SHIPPING

Canadian Ports.

ARRIVED.

At Halifax, 19th inst, brigt Clio, from Porto Rico via Bermuda.

CLEARED.

At Halifax, 19th inst, brigt B L Page, Spinney, for St Pierre, Miq.

SAILED.

From Halifax, 19th inst, brigt Darpa, for Port Medway.

British Ports.

ARRIVED.

At Newcastle, 18th inst, bark Octavia, Purdy, from Quebec via Nyhellesund.

At Point de Galle, 20th inst, bark Marquis of Lorne, from Buenos Ayres.

At Cardiff, 18th inst, ship Rossignol, from Liverpool.

SAILED.

From Liverpool, 17th inst, bark Olive Mount, Richards, for Cardiff.

Foreign Ports.

ARRIVED.

At Boston, 20th, sch E H Foster, Erb, from Quaco.

At Rio Janeiro, 15th inst, bark Lennie, from Newport, Eng.

At Rosario, 10th ult, barks Frederica, from Workinston, Eng; Premier, Mackenzie, from Buenos Ayres.

At Cienfuegos, 7th inst, bark John R Stanhope, from Bridgewater, N S.

At Yokohama, 21st ult, bark Scammell Bros, from New York.

At Darien, Ga, 19th, ship Bridgewater, from Montevideo.

At Mobile, 19th inst, ship Nettie Murphy, from Port Spain; sch Alena Covert, from Savana La Mar.

At New York, 19th inst, brig Alice Bradshaw, from Aux Cayes.

At Vineyard Haven, 19th inst, schrs Gleaner, and Chautauquan, from New York for this port.

SAILED.

From Yokohama, 24th ult, ship Lizzie C Troop, for Cuba.

From Rosario, 12th ult, bark Emma G Scammell, for Barbadoes.

Spoken.

Ship Minister of Marine, McLaughlin, from New York for Melbourne, Dec 10, lat 21, lon 23.

Jan 18th, off Fenwick's Island, bark Lillian M Vigus, from Liverpool for New York.

Memoranda.

Passed Deal, 19th inst, barks Antwerp, from London for New York: Louis A Martinez, from London for Barbados.

Passed Dungeness, 17th inst, bark Tuskar, from Iquique for United Kingdom.

Passed Deal, 18th inst, bark Mary Fraser, Card, from New York for London.

Notice to Mariners.

New London, Jan 18—Lighthouse steamer John Rodgers passed relief lightship No 20, on Bartlet's Reef Station 17th inst, and towed the regular ship to this port.

SQUARE-RIGGED VESSELS BOUND TO ST. JOHN.

STEAMERS.

Ulunda, at London, in port Jan 11.
Amaryllis, from Stornaway via Halifax, sailed Dec 11th.
Cepheus, from Hamburg, sailed Jan 13.
Damara, from London, sailed Jan 9th.
Noto, at Fleetwood, sailed Dec 18.

SHIPS.

Friedrich, in port at London, Nov 1st.
St George, at Bermuda, sld Dec 27.
Henry, at Montevideo, in port Dec 26.
Valvog, at Montevideo, in port Dec 26.

BARQUES.

Ocean, from Londonderry, sld Dec 16th.
Graigallion, from London, sailed Dec 2.
Countess of Dufferin, from Belfast, sld Nov 1.
Kate C Maguire, at Montevideo, in port Sept 6.
Ella Moore, from Belfast sailed Dec 1.
Active, from ——
Martin Luther, from Leith via Rio Janeiro, sailed Oct 22.
Havelock, from ——
Ashlow, at Liverpool sailed Nov 30.
Arklow, at Liverpool, sailed Dec 30th.
Finn, at Dublin, sailed Jan 13th.
Orontes, at Rio Janeiro, in port Dec 12
Alfhild, from ——
Veritas, from Cette via New York, sld Dec 22.

BRIGANTINES.

Myrtle, at Buenos Ayres, in port Nov 5.
Belle Star, at Dublin, in port Nov 11.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, has this day dissolved by mutual consent. C. Jarvis Worden retiring.

The business will be continued under the same name.

All bills payable and debts collected by W. J. Wright & Co.

W. J. WRIGHT.
B. W. THORNE.
C. J. WORDEN.

Dated at St. John, the 5th day of Jan. D. D. 1889

St. John and Digby and Annapolis.

Stmr LANSDOWNE

WILL LEAVE WHARF, REED'S POINT, ST. JOHN, EVERY

Monday, Wednesday and Saturday,

at seven o'clock, local time, and return same day.

Freight received at warehouse daily up to five p. m.

J. H. HARDING,
Agent Dept. Marine.

CAFE ROYAL,

Domville Building,

Corner King and Prince Wm. Streets.

MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS.
DINNER A SPECIALTY.

Pool Room in Connection.

WILLIAM CLARK.

Boat Nails,

Galvanized Spikes,
Black Wrought Spikes,
Wire Rope,
Clinch Rings,
Oakum, Tar and Pitch,
Copper Paint,
Cotton Duck,
Ba Iron,
Manilla Rope,
Fishing Supplies

AT LOWEST PRICES.

W. H. THORNE & CO.

Market Square.

te.l sun.

ESTABLISHED 1846.

M. N. POWERS.

Coffin and Casket Warerooms,

OLD STAND 77 AND 79 PRINCESS STREET,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

Coffin and Casket Material of all kinds, for Sale at Lowest Prices. Orders in the City and County attended to with despatch.

NEW ADVERTISMENTS.

LANDING.

One Carload Goldie's Star Flour,
" " Oatmeal,
INCLUDING
Standard, Roller & Granulated.
All the above in barrel and half-barrel.

DUE TO ARRIVE,

One Carload Barley, Split Peas and Whole Peas.

For Sale by

GEORGE S. DeFOREST.

Intercolonial, Eastern Extension and Windsor Branch Railways.

TENDER.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside, "Tender for Fencing," will be received until SATURDAY, 16th February, for the erection of all or any part of the fencing referred to in a specification dated 18th January, 1889, and which can be obtained at all booking stations.

All the conditions of the specifications must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., 19th Jan. 1889.

Contract for the Supply of Boots for Letter Carriers.

SEPARATE Sealed tenders, addressed to the Postmaster-General, Ottawa, (for Superintendent, Printing and Supply Branch,) and marked "Tender for the Supply of Letter Carriers' Boots," will be received at Ottawa until 12 o'clock noon on MONDAY, the twenty-fifth day of February, 1889, for the supply to this department of such Boots as may from time to time be required for the purposes above stated.

The estimated number of pairs required annually is Seven Hundred (700), samples of which are to be seen at the offices of the undersigned Postmasters, from whom additional information can, if required, be obtained.

Halifax, N. S.; St. John, N. B.; Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Ont.; Winnipeg, and Victoria, B. C., and at the Post Office Department, Ottawa.

The material and workmanship are to be, in all respects, equal to the samples, and the Boots when completed, are to be delivered at the expense of the Contractor or Contractors, in such quantities as may from time to time be required at the Post Office department, Ottawa.

The Contract to continue in force for a term of four years, provided always the same be executed, as to the prompt completion of the work, the quality of the material used, and the nature of the workmanship performed, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster-General.

The tender to state the price demanded per pair in the manner prescribed by the form of tender, and to be accompanied by the written guarantee of two responsible parties undertaking that, in the event of the tender being accepted, the Contract shall be duly executed by the person or persons tendering at the price demanded, undertaking also to become bound with the Contractor or Contractors in the sum of One Thousand Dollars, for the due performance of the Contract.

Printed forms of tender and guarantee may be obtained at the Post Offices above named and at the Post Office Department, Ottawa.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

WILLIAM WHITE,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Post Office Department,
Ottawa, 24th January, 1889.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership lately subsisting between ARTHUR F. DEFOREST & ERNEST C. MARCH, under the name of DeForest & March, was dissolved on the 18th day of January, A. D., 1889 by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said Partnership are to be received by the said Arthur F. DeForest, and all demands on the said Partnership are to be presented to him for payment.

ARTHUR F. DEFOREST,
ERNEST C. MARCH.

Mr. DeForest takes this opportunity of expressing his thanks to his friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage of the past, and hopes that by his attention to their wants to meet a continuance of the same.

AMERICAN RUBBER GOODS.

General attention is directed to our stock of American Rubber Goods, which with our English and Canadian importations, makes the only complete stock of Rubber Goods in the Maritime Provinces.

Special Notice.

There is not any branch of any American Rubber Company in our city. All such advertisements can be seen to be deceptive from the fact that the name of the company said to be represented is not given.

ESTEY ALLWOOD & CO.,

68 Prince Wm. St.

AGENCY OF MARINE DEPARTMENT St. John, New Brunswick, Jan. 16, 1889.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

OWING to necessary repairs, the Fog Alarm at Digby will not be sounded until further notice.

J. H. HARDING,
Agent Marine Department.

SEALED TENDERS.

MARKED "Tenders for Plumbing," will be received at the office of Public Works, Fredericton, until FRIDAY, the 25th January inst., at noon, for Plumbing and Gas Piping in the Departmental Building, Fredericton.

Plan and specification can be seen at the Public Works Office, Fredericton, and at the office of R. C. John Dunn, architect, St. John.

Each tender must be accompanied by an acceptable bank check, payable to the order of the Chief Commissioner of Public Works, or cash, equal to five per cent. of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party tendering refuses to enter into a contract when requested.

P. G. RYAN,
Chief Commissioner.

Department Public Works,
Fredericton, N. B., Jan. 16th, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT Ancillary Probate has been granted by the Probate Court of the City and County of Saint John, to ELIZA MATILDA RIORDON of the City of Toronto in the County of York and Province of Ontario, widow, and CHARLES RIORDON, of the same place, Paper Manufacturer, of the will of John Riordon, late of St. Catherines, in the County of Lincoln, and said Province of Ontario, who died on the twenty-first day of September, A. D., 1884, and whose will was proved by the said Eliza Matilda Riordon and Charles Riordon, on the seventeenth day of November, A. D., 1884, in Her Majesty's Surrogate Court of the County of Lincoln, in the said Province of Ontario.

All creditors and other persons in this Province, having claims or demands against or upon the Estate of the late John Riordon in this Province, are hereby required to send in particulars in writing of their claims or demands, duly attested, to the undersigned, ARTHUR C. FAIRWEATHER, of the City of Saint John, in said Province, Solicitor in the said Province for the said Executors.

And all persons in this Province indebted to the said Estate, are required to make payment to the said Arthur C. Fairweather.

Dated this Eleventh day of January, A.D., 1889.

ARTHUR C. FAIRWEATHER.

COFFEE, SPICES, CREAMTARTER, &c.

A full line of Fresh Ground RED, WHITE and BLACK PEPPER, GINGER, CLOVES, CINNAMON, ALLSPICE, MIXED SPICE, MACE, NUTMEGS, ENGLISH MUSTARD, BELGIAN CHICORY, SWEET HERBS, Blueing, BLACKING and WALNUTS, FILBERT'S BRAZIL NUTS PEANUTS and ALMONDS, &c., &c., at Lowest Wholesale Rates.

ALFRED LORDLY & CO.

Steam Spice and Coffee Mills,
Paradise Row, Portland, N. B.

ANNUAL SPRING SALE

—OF—

LINENS and COTTONS,

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON desire to inform the public that their Annual Spring Sale of LINENS and COTTONS will commence TODAY.

JANUARY 11th, and will continue ONE MONTH.

We are opening immense quantities of Linen Goods, such as

Damask D'Oyleys, Napkins, Table Cloths, Tray Cloths, Sideboard Cloths, Linen Sheetings, Pillow Linens, TOWELS and TOWELLING.

Bleached and Cream Damask Tabling, Bleached Cloths, Fringed; Cream Cloths, Fringed; Cotton Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, White Cottons; Night Shirt Cottons; English Long Cloth.

QUILTS. QUILTS.

N. B.—Sheets, Napkins, Slips, Cloths and Towels "Hemmed Free of Charge."

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

EVERYBODY READ!

We are the authorized Agents for the largest Rubber Company in the United States, who have branches at New York, Chicago and Boston. We have control of their goods receiving them DIRECT from factories, selling DIRECT from the manufacturers to the consumer, making a saving of a middle profit to our customers.

We DEFY the shop, 68 Prince Wm. St. to contradict this. We are prepared to back these statements at any time with as much money as the shop, 68 Prince Wm. St. can raise. We came to stay, and are here to remain permanently.

TO BE CONTINUED.

FRANK W. MULLIN. WALTER H. MULLIN.

Agents American Rubber Store, 65 Charlotte St.

SIMEON JONES,

BREWER.

BOTTLED ALE & PORTER.

DANGER!

People having Feather beds and Pillows do not seem to realize the danger there is in using them without being cleaned, especially in times of an epidemic, as feathers retain all the exhalations and poisonous matter exuding from the person, and by so doing spread sickness through the family.

Our steam cleansing process eliminates all the poisonous matter and leaves the feathers in a better condition than ever.

Leave Orders at

Ungar's Steam Laundry,

EVERYBODY CALL AT

WATSON & CO'S. STORE

Tonight and Monday.

Plush Goods, Leather Goods, Fancy Goods, Toys, Dolls, Games, Cups and Saucers,

Musical Instruments, Bibles, Church Services and Miscellaneous Bound Books.

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

ALFRED MORRISEY'S,

STOCK OF GOODS FOR PRESENTS

Excels in Newness, Variety, Richness.

OVER 4,000 ARTICLES,

All Prices to Suit all Purses.

Store is Conven