September
Tineteenth
2981.
O. Jo Stuart, Esqo. 22.29 St. Urbain Street. Montreal.

Deax Mr. Stuaxt:-
On my meturn to Montreal after spending the swmer on the other site I found awaiting me your letbex of the fixst of August. enclosing demonstration of the problem of the trisection of an angle.

McG111 is always very proud when any of her graduatos are able to accomplish the solution of a problem which has appeared insoluble to a.ll others. As far es my incomplete knowledge of mathematics goes I would sey that it is necessary to distinguish between a practicsi and a theoretical solution of this problem. For practicel purpoces'you know that any submultiple of an angle can be determined quite readily to a very high degree of accuracy by using properties of the traight line and eirele alone, but in theoretical methematios we know that such problems as the duplication of the cube and the fxisection of an angle cannot, in genersi, be effeoted by line and circle. Angles of certain degree ean be trisectod by rute and compass, but mathematioiens hold thet you oannet triseot an angle of any macnitude by usinf properties of the line and oircle alone.

I irankly edmit that I am not an expert enough mathematician to offer an opinion of any value as to whothor your ceductions are scientilicsily correct or not, but I would suggest that wowneve a chat with Propessor lurray or
C. J. Stuart. Esq., - 2 -

Professor Sullivan. both of whom are mathematicians of the highest orcer.

Before suoh a proof as yours could be given out under the backing of the University we would have to satisty oursalves that jour solution was scienblifigally end theoreticaliy correot.
I would beg you eamestly to seo oither Professor Hurray or Profescor sallivan.

I am returning horewith your demonstration.

Yours faithfully.

Principel.

Montreal I Aug 1921
Sin Anther Curie
We Gill University
Dear Sir - Z am only a little gun, fort a one time student in Applied Science at old M'Cgild, - munch interested in the approaching Centermial in October.

Shave at hand a complete and final demonstration of the age old problem of the trisection of an angle. I was about. to seek publication in the States, but the echo of such achievement is quite often the nerve force of a great University, and perhaps tor some extent makes the dollars eddy in the mill hue 3 can just fancy some old classmates taking a heave at the caber themselves Besides $L$ am Canadian an would like to keep the honors to the hnviversiti ip o could. If you will glance over the matter. I will hold ny hand until s hear your views. or until after $\varphi$ ctober ip you so decide.

I' you could favor me with a shout -talk on the matter before coins far witt" extent" advice I would be pleased. for to be frank yen have some officers of mstruction worthy of esteem. and some not. Nave met scant courtesy from several, an a little sore, have a tomahank in my wigwam, mbbed with bitter herbs, But you are well able
to judge this simple affair for yanself, or talk it oven with Derma hoyese I fully trust his opinion

If course J know German Professors have write books proving the trisection fun angle, -ais other things-infoossible, but you have known Germans reckon with ont the celt before this. Then always will be that way: and I believe you will chuctele witt me at the unesopected simplicity of the solution, when pied put together right. While the geometric trisection fan angle is not an affair of pressing practical moment, yet like any record too this good it is an honor worth guttering in for Canada - ami hst the least of the value is the neat answer it gives to cheap wits who repeat that Canada is entirely absorbed witt dollar problems, and has not time for cultivating pure knoisledge, or absolute art.


$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { How Respect wily } \\
\text { C.S. Stuart } \\
\text { coo ni qa. St. Mrbain. Sr. }
\end{array}
$$

$A C=C D=D B$ (made 56 )
Then angle $C A D=2(B A$ for $C B D$ ai $A D C$ are adeacent-ikrelles triangles, where angles $\triangle B C=D C B$ logettien equal $C D A=C A D$ :
Ai the circular segment cut off by CAB is trice the circular segment cent of by angle CBA. - (detail of proof enclosed) C.F.S.
Suginuering Building,

Csnraldir Crctur Cusric,
Principal, Prclill Mniversily.-

Mydear Sin arctur;
' Irequet that
liuperative duties in Comection wich the Iourth Har Shorlf Suroeqiip have prealeuted she from Ceing in hy officefor Leveral days. Comequenty thae oney thio late P.MU. receined Yous communiedion accompanied By Em Stuato crroneous Mathematical Affecalations.

Atwoeed require much op ace
supply Brotuast with the foce kiformation he erideatly requies on thio problewe A thorefore, confine my rewarks to a few
dalicut feriat. At is neee sary to distinging Wituuted a practiced and a theoretical tolution of the problem in question.

Those who are fomiliar with surveyiep or astrónomical lustrumento mowfull well that any rational Lubmutiple of an auple cau Lel determined wery readily to a high degree of aceuro ey, by usiop properties Pthe straiqk Lile and-cinele alone. Those who are acpuaciated wich moderninathematies know equall well that such frobleus as the duplication fothe cobe, the tisection of ar arple, ste. Can not ioj weral Lle effeoted by live aud cirele. Bistam anyles ear forle trisisted bo fule and cmpass, aud any angle can He thisected by making use of a cestain quastic curve-collel the Gonchoid of siomedes.

In becur a $I_{1}$ makhes the tasit assunptionc that B, $B$, of are colliucar, aud inthequelidiai plave his fival rewet is valid only whew The augles of the trior fle are! $30^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}, 90^{\circ}$. Le enmer $\mathbb{H}$ cau scaveeq Le reganded as $a$ therretiex consthuction aud therefore has no Learing on the problem. In Limma use is mate of I aid II,
and thise can not he afmitted. At is rather unfortunde that Pra funt is nol aware that he coulcoltrisect an augle of any maqnitude Cuy usinp propenties of the Suiequd curele alore.

1) am, Cours dincere夕, 6. \%-a/uccivaay

## MCGILL UNIVERSITY

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Sir Arthur Curries, Principal, MoGill University, Montreal.
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Dear Sir Arthur,

## Mathematics at McGill University

I read with interest the account in the "Star" of your speech at the dinner given to Dean Brown, with which for the most part I concur.

We have the staff! Let us give them a little more freedom and opportunity, It seems to $m e$ that there is some lack of courage, or enterprise, in making advances in Mathematical training, more particularly in Enginnering, where the standard is practically the same as when I first came to McGill and taught Mathematics in the Engineering Faculty twenty-eight years ago. At least the abler students should be given more opportunity, it may very well be that the training of the average student is about as good as it can be.

We have here a very able and genial graduate student, a Russian, named Kruming, a friend of the Porters, who married Sir Stopford Brunton's sister. He has just come from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, where he spent more than a year. He stated before the Porters and others, when I was present, "The M.I.T. has wonderful apparatus, but they have not got a King, and they have not got \&. Gillion". It is true! These two professors are giving excellent graduate courses to joint classes of mathematicians, physicists and engineers, rather a choice band of students.

Yours very sincerely,

A. S. Eve, Director of Physics.

## MATHEMATICS.

No of students majoring in mathematics for the years ...
1929-301
1928-29 0
1927-28 1
1926-27 0 1926-27 Mathematics \&
Physics (MI.Sc) 3
1925-26 0
Mathematics \&
Physics ( $\mathbb{M} . S c$ ) 1
1924-25
1 special student 1

March 13, 1930.

## NUMBER OF STUDENTS MAJORING IN MATHEMATICS

|  | M.A. | M.Sc. (Mathematics |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| and Physics) |  |  |

1

Total number of students majoring in Mathematics and Mathematics 1924-25 to 1929-30 inclusive six.

Special student: one.


UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
PHILADELPHIA
THE GRADUATE SCHOOL

August 11, 1930 .
Sir Arthur barrie,
mcGiel University,
Montreal
my dear Sir Arthur, This is gust a line to thank you for the increase in salary, of which I recently received notice. It is a definite encouragement to receive this recognition and Ishace do my best 5 shour myself deserving of it

Aside from rather two much hot weather, conditions here have been very pleasant. I have an interesting and induetrois group of students and an deriving a lot of benefit from my expenences here Hoping that you are having a good vacation. and are in the best of health, I am

Chess very simencly,
M. I. M. Wiehams

Dr. Williams of the Department of Mathematics at MoGill has been offered and has accepted an appointment to give courses in mathematics during the coming summer quarter at the University of Chicago. He will give two courses, one in Calculus and the other in Higher Mathematics to advanced and graduate students.

The Mathematical Department at the University of Chicago is one of the greatest in America; to be offered a position on its staff is justly esteemed a great honour.

307눈, COLLEGE AVENUE,
ITHACA, NEW YORK.
13 may 1924.
Sir Arthur barrie,
Principal and Vice = chancellor,
Inc Sill Yomerrely, Montreal
Dear Sir Arthur, - I asir roritirg to say thai o shall accepi your invitation to come to $n$ s Bill as assistant professor of Mathematics. I was impressed during my visit to $x=$ Gill by the very friendly spirit existing there and am looking forward to very pleas ant associations in soy work.

In sorting to Professor Inverray I am asking him to consider irving to get for the library a set of the "gahruch vibe die fortrchirutte der

Mathematetk. On account of the extraordinary conditions in Cerebral Europe, mathematical books weaselly very difficult to obtain and, especially, complete sets of the moat important mathematical joumals are now obtainable. This m usual situation makes it very dieirable, in my opinion, that special appropriations be made ai the present time to strengthen the mathematical library. The most important mathematical publication that the library lacks io the one mentioned above. Il gives in each volume a review of all the work which appeared during the yeas covered by tho volume in all the important mathematical journals ir the world. It is almost indispensable for research work in mathematics.

- Ir. Murray, Dr. Sullivan and I were talking the other day of the desirability of getting a set for the m: Gill library, bit tue did noil know at that time when a set wowed be arralable or what the price would be. I find Thai within a week a catalogue has been nececied here offering a sect complete from the first volume (1868) as for as 1413 [ 44 velumes]iat a cast of 950 goed marks. On accomit of the war only one or thur more volumes have appeared and there coned be rbiained boom the publisher, $I$ think.

The $x$ in is so small in comparison with the importance of the acquestuin that 9 hope:
that it can be obtained. I am writing Ir. Mecrray the name f) of the bookseller who has it so that रै it can be ordered at once of the 5 money can be found.

With kind regards to Diary Curie and to ymuralf I am

Yous faithfully
Log Meleamfounnitte
10

White Hall, barnell Itmivirsity, Ithaca, New york, December 24, 1923.
Sir Arthur IV. Curie,
Principal and Vice-Chancellor,
Mc Sill University,
Montreal.
Dear sir, - $I$ am very sony to hear of the death of Professor Aarkness. The standard work which he wrote with Professor Frank Morley did a greail deal to advance the knowledge of the theory of functions both here and in England and it probably remains after a quarter of a century the besi book in English on the subject.

In pursuance to your recent letter, 2 have asked three of my teachers at the Yemiversity of bficacags to rorite to you and $I$ am also asking the president of Miami Kemivessity, where 9 taught for fire years and Professor g. H. Tanner of bowel to write to you concerning me. I enclose herewith a some what detailed account of my life as student and teacher
and Ishall be very happy to furnish you andy - other information.
my memory of ter recent visits to Montreal is a very pleasant one and Ishoued be delighted if your committee shined consider me ur thy of the honour of being called to Mc. Sill.
yours faithfully,
N. L. Y. Nieliams

Publications
Fundamental Systems of formal Modular Seminvariants of the Binary bubic: Transactions of the American Mathematical Society, January, 1921, pp. 56-79. The Infinite and Imaginary in Algebra and Geometry: a Reply: The itmerican mathematical Mouthy, November, $1923, \mathrm{pp}$ 384-391.

Fundamental System of Formal Modular Protomorphs, accepted for publication in Transactions of the American Malt. Soc.

On the formal Modular Invariants of the Bursary babi, accepted for publication in Journal de Mathémateques Cures el spplequés.

Member, American Mathematical Society American Association of Ye meverity Professors The Research blub of bormell University (reorient (1923-24) Oliver Mathematical club, Cornell University.

Academic Record of W.L. G. Williams.

- Barn , 1888 .

Student, Haverford ballege, 1905-7, 1908-10; B. A., 1910.
$R$ Lodes Scholar, Merton bollege, Oxford, 1910-13
B.A. (Axon), Honour School of Mathematics, 1913.
M. A. (Oxen) 1916.

Ph.D. in Maths., (magma cum lauds), Univ. of b hicago, 1920.

Teaching Experience.
Miami University, 1913-18.
Penny tania bollege, 1918-19
College of William and Mary, 1919-20.
Cornell Uemivessity, 1920 to date.
Now Assistant Professor of Marthematies, bormell Memiversity.
During the year 1923-24, holding a stipend from the Heckscher Research bouncil, Cornell University, for the purpose of carrying on mathematical research.
I have had experience not only in teaching all the ordinary elementary courses in mathematics, bit also while at barnell in teaching graduate courses and in directing thesis work for the Oh. D degree.

Kllacill Ulniversity.
FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCE.
April 30:1924
MEMORANDUM
The Pruicipal
Dear Sis Cuthur:
I have writter in confidence to an obd roliable fivend, the sevion proferen in the department of mathematios at Gonull, asking hins whather the thriks or williams wonld he interested in an ascistant protessoss b/s here. It my friend is at howe, a rephy shoued he received from him withen the nert fen day. Shones he think that there is a chance of our secciring of a lhaing, Scan, shones you aplowe, po to Carnell next weet to see or williains and have a talk with hivin.

He The meantimie it seens advisatle to postfone writing mine. B. Wievor, whose pafers have come from sugland, mitie we know whather we cau secure' Dhillcaivs as avin lantrwferser. I will coweult jow inmediately flem hearing fom suy frieed at bannele Suman, with fivid copes,
Join swicuf, \&. a.musray.

Nay 17 th, 2924.

Dr. Lloỹ Williams. 307\% College Avenue。 Ithaos, Now York.

Dear Dr. Hilliams:-
In the absence of the Principal I wish to acknowledge your letter of the 13 th of May advising us of your intention to accept the position of Assistant Proféssor of Mathematics. You will in due course receive official notice of your appointiment.

As regards the book to which you refer, the purchase has involed some complications owing to the fact thet we are just at the end of our financial year. We havers however, cabled to obtain it if still available, having been enabled to do so by a very generous contribution from Dr. Hurray.

We shall be pleased to welcome you at the beginning of the coming session and hope that you may look forward to a pleasant and satisfactory oareor at MoGill.

Yours faithfully,

December $18 t h, 1923$.

Dr. Livingston Farrand, President, Cornell University。 Ithaca, New York.

My dear Dr. Farrand:-

I am to-day in receipt of a letter from Mr. W.L.G.Williams, of the Department of Mathematics of Cornell University, who asks that his name be coisidered for any vacancy in the Department of Mathematics at this University.

Perhaps you know that on the morning of December loth last Dr. James Harkness, Head of our Mathematics Department, died very suddenly. The present staff has arranged to take over his work until the end of the session next May. We, of course, must make an addition to the staff and whoever we appoint must be prepared to begin next Autumn.

Will you please send me an appreciation of Mr. Williams, with particular reference to his teaching ability, his future prospects, his influence on the student-body, and his relations with his associates. Any information about his personal qualities, his wife (if he is married) will be much appreciated.

Martin leaves tonight to spend Christmas in Victoria, B.C. Lucky dog.to get away for a few weeks from the snow and loe of Montreal.

With all good wishes for Christmas and the New Year, I am,

> Yours faithfully.

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Dr* WoLoG*Wil11ams.
Whito Hall,
Cormeli University.
Ithsca, New York。
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Dear Dr. W1111ars:-
Your letter of December 14 th addressed to Professor James Harkness has been hamded to mo for reply.

You will be soryy to learn that Professor Harkness died suddenly early in the morning of Docomber 10th. Naturally, his loss means that there is a vacancy in the Department of Mathomatios at roGill. Tho present staff has arranged to carry on tho work unt12 the elose of the term next Yay. We must, of course, provide an additional Professor to begin work when the University opens mext Autumn.

I give you the assurance that your application vill recelve the serious attention of the Committee dealing with the vacanoy. I shall be very glad to receive from you any testimonials or other information which would help us come to a decision.

Yours faitheully.

# CORNELL UNIVERSITY 

ITHACA, NEWYORK

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
January 3, 1924

> Sir Arthur W. Currie McGill University Montreal, Canada

Dear Sir Arthur:
You must pardon my delay in replying to your letter of December l8th with its inquiry regarding Mr. W.L.G. Williams of the Department of Mathematics. My personal acquaintance with Mr . Williams was not close enough to allow me to speak with any conviction and on account of the holidays I have not been able to get all the information I would wish to transmit. Even now there are a few points I would like to confirm further.

A preliminary confidential inquiry wich I have made yields a pretty enthusiastic comment upon him. It appears man of delightful personality ghly competent mathematician and a Haverford and Oxford and $H e$ has been a student both at My confidential informants doing admirably here at Cornell. as probably exceptionally well me that they would regard him which you have at McGill. Well qualified to meet the situation

I was also incidentally warned by the Dean that he would be very loath to see him leave Cornell and he would wish to make every reasonable effort to hold him. This last I presume is as good a sign as you could have of his competency.

I have as yet no information about Mrs. Williams and I will write you further after the vacation when I may have learned other facts of interest.

I look back with keenest pleasure on my recent visit to McGill and only wish it might have been longer. At any rate, I am very grateful for all the courtesy shown me and am, with kindest regards to you and very best wishes for the New Year,

Very sincer ely yours,


The Quadrangle Club
Cheago gec 2723
Sir Armaur Currie. Mresill Uuverity.
Dear fir:
Dam wisting in bebuef of the candidrey of W.L.S. Willians of Cornell U. for the racant propestorshup in Mattersaties at Megill. Williams wrote his Pho i. Utesci inder my direction and shower unnsual ablity and originality in researeh. Nis later published researches ( $*$ thre in progivers), prore that he has the ablity, industry, * enthusiones for vesearch to guarantee a puccersful career inteseard. Ne is of delightful personality
is liked by everyone, and is sure of ruceers as a College propencr, and of proving a congenial and valued member of a facwety.

I recommend hicm for the prope storshis withont any neservation fucerely yous. Lroycinvo.

Dr. G. A. B2iss,
Deoartmezt of Mathematics, University of Chicago. Chicago, Ill.

Dear Dr. Bliss:-
I thank you for your letter of

- January 12 th regarding Mr. W. L. Go Williams.

Mr. Williams application is on filo and I can assure you that his claims will recoive every constavation when the appointment is made.

Yours faithfully.

## The University of Chicago

department of ITBatbematics

January 12, 1924

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Sir Arthur W. Currie
Principal and Vice-Chancellor
McGill University
Montreal, Canada
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Dear Sir:
Mr. W. L. G. Williams, a former student in our Graduate Department of Mathematics, has written to me recently asking me to write you with regard to his qualifications for a position in the Department of Mathematics at McGill University. Mr. Williams had most of his training for the Doctor's Degree elsewhere, but he took his last year with us and was awarded the Degree some four or five years ago. Professor Dickson of our Department would know more intimately his ability as a research student, since it was under the supervision of Professor Dickson that he did his thesis work. I always found Mr. Williams a most interested and able student in my courses, and he impressed me as a man who would succeed in the classroom as an instructor. Since he received his degree, he has been at Cornell University in the Department of Mathematics, and I have heard only good reports of him. We have expected that he would continue in his research work and I understand from him in his recent letter that he has done so and will publish several papers in the near future. I have always felt sure that he had the ability to continue successfully with research work.

Yours very sincerely,


GAB-

## MIAMI UNIVERSITY OXFORD. OHIO

January 7, 1924.

Sir Arthur W. Carrie, Principal and Vice-Ghancellor, McGill University, Montreal, P. Q., Canada.

Dear Sir:

I understand that Mr. W. Lloyd G. Williams of the faculty at Cornell University is being considered for an appointment in mathematics at McGill.

Mr. Williams was assistant professor of mathematics at Miami University from 1913 to 1918, coming directly to us from Oxford, England, where he had held a Rhodes Scholarship.

Mr. Williams is in every sense of the word a gentleman, and will be an entirely satisfactory and helpful member of your staff if you take him on. He has a charming wife and we regretted losing them very much indeed. Personally, I can recommend him without any hesitation at all and feel confident that I can say that he will be as attractive a man and as desirable a faculty member as any one you could secure.

Mr. Williams is a graduate of Haverford College, where he specialized in mathematics; later he studied mathematics at Oxford University, and while he was at Miami and later he continued his study at Chicago University in the summers. While he was here we regarded him as a thoroly competent mathematician. We gave him his first experience in teaching, and during the earlier years we did not think that he was as expert a teacher as we could wish. However, he improved very materially while he was here, and before he left in 1918 we regarded him as a very good teacher. He went from here to Pennsylvania College at an increase in salary, from there to William and Mary, and to Cornell in 1920 at a further increase. I think he has been giving very satisfactory service there. I feel confident that you will find it profitable to look into Mr. Williams' record very carefully in filling the appointment you have under consideration.

With my kindest regards, and recalling very pleasantly a brief visit I had with you last summer, I am

Sincerely yours,


President R. H. Hughes, Míami University. oxpord. Ohio.

Dear President Hughes:-
I beg to acknowledge and to thank you for your letter of January 7th with reference to Mr . Lloyd G. Williams of Cornell University, who is applying for a position in the Department of Mathematics at McGill University。

You give me just the information I wished to obtain and I appreciate the interest you have taken.

Most cordially reciprocating
Jour good wishes, I am,
Youxs faithfully.

Re Profssor Williains of Cornell
in conneotion nits aw ahhointinents in mathematics.

Near un Princinal
The enclosed is a letter sert
Is Porfasson Sampon. Lead or tive difit a Sneving at Corneu, W Max Eeser, hear of the hetwhoriten rews sundicite, a friend dimine.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Whip } \\
& \text { stehher eacrkh }
\end{aligned}
$$

Dear Max
I know Williams. Save for one conversation, I should say him
slightly; but that one talk I had with/in the dining room of the University Club here/sent me away saying to myself, The man is a kindred spirit! We didn't talk about anything but maps, but we had the same passion for them, and, although you may not know it, a man who cares for maps per se is a saved soul. I liked him through and through.

I have enquired of others about him, and I get nothing but superlatives in response. One of his mathematical colleagues told that Williams is a thorough scholar, a splendid teacher, a wholly dependable committeeman, whose loss would fill the department with consternation. Another man not in that department called him, "A fine man, a fine fellow all through."

The upshot is that everybody here likes him and admires him. There aren't any reservations. The college that gets him will be lucky, and I hope it won't get him.

Happy New Year to you, Max old fellow, and to Jour admirable family.

Dr. Iivingston Farrand. President, Cornell University. Ithace, Jew York.

Dear Dr. Farrand:-
I must thank you vory much for your letter of the 3rd instant concerning Mr. W.L.G. Williams and for the trouble which Jou are taking to give me all the information asked for. I shall be very pleased to have any further advice which you can give me.

Most cordially reciprocating your good wishes, I am,

Yours faithfully,

Re Gillson's output of original work mentioned here. He has I think published nothing at all all the years he has been here.

TVヨYLNOW
ALISUヨAIN 7 7IפอW

April 2, 1924.

Sir Arthur Currie,
Principal, MeGill University.

Dear Principal,

## Department of Mathematics.

Following several casual interviews with you recently affecting this Department, I venture now to make the following suggestions for your assistence.

I do not think that we can afford to appoint a mathematician of great prestige and international reputation to thie department at present. There are not enough advanced students in Mathematies to justify so large an expenditure.

As near as I can make out, the department is very much in need of being rebuilt from the Freshman year up. Mathematics is a perfectly logical subject and the courses in this department follow one another in rigid conventional order. There is no possibility of a student undertaking special advanced courses unless his fundamental courses in the subject have been thoroughly completed, and it is impossible to apply Mathematics to any other branch of science until it has first of all been thoroughly mastered in its pure form. It would obviously require four or five years at least to complete this task at McGill.

I feel pretty well convinced that Dr. D.A. Murray is the best man available to undertake this work. His methods

Sir Arthur Currie, 2.
of teaching Mathematics are soundly conservative. He has had a long experience teaching undergraduate branches of Mathematics in Johns Hopkins, Cornell. Dalhousie and MeGill, and he has published a number of mathematical books which have been extensively used in the universities for the last twenty years. I am inclined to think that the sound teaching of undergraduate Mathematics is his particuler metier. Of his achievements in advanced modern Mathematics I know nothing at all.

I also hesitate to recommend that Prof. Sullivan be advanced just at present to the premier Chair of Mathematics at MeGill, the Redpath Chair of Pure Mathematics, and I have no doubt that the same decision is equally just of Prof. Gillson's claims to this appointment.

I am fully aware of the very close relationship between the Department of Mathematics and the Department of Physics, but I cannot see that that is any reason why the Department of Mathematics should be charged with any obligation to teach Mathematical Physics. Where the application of Mathematics to any other science is necessary the obligation seems to me to logically fall upon the scientific department making the application and not upon the Department of Mathematics itself. In any case I am very clear that we could not possibly appoint a mathematical physicist to the Redpath Chair of Pure Mathematics. To do so would in some measure at least, it seems to me, involve a distinct breach of trust.

I understand that the two halves of this Department

Sir Arthur Currie, 3.
are to be consolidated into a single department, and I have no doubt that on general principles this is the economic thing to do. To arbitrarily divide the work of any University subject in two necessarily sacrifices some measure of economy. In any case it is clear that it is the duty of the teaching staff in the department to so arrange their work that they get the very best possible results out of their combined teaching effort, and if this principle is followed it does not matter in the slightest just how the different teaching officers may be labelled. In other words, so far as the teaching obligations of the whole department are concerned, it does not matter the least which haphappens to be designated the Redpath Professor of Pure Mathematios.

Keeping then these ideas in mind, the only recommendations which seem feasible to me are as follows:-

1. That Dr. Murray be appointed Chairman of the Department and Redpath Professor of Pure Mathematies.
2. That $\mathrm{Dr}_{\text {r }}$. Sullivan be advanced to a full professorship, succeeding to the professorship vacated by Dr. Murray.
3. That the claims of Professor Gillson to be advanced to a full professorship be seriously considered in the early future should his devotion to the teaching of undergraduate Mathematies and his output of original work in mathematical science in the meantime justify such promotion.
4. That an additional assistant professor be appointed to undertake the work which Dr. Sullivan has been doing since he received his first appointment in MeGill some years ago.

I sincerely hope, my dear Principal, that these

Sir Arthur Carrie, ©
suggestions may be at least of some little help to you in arranging the affairs of this department. I am at present engaged in getting out the Announcement for next year and it is, therefore, necessary that we come to a decision in matters such as this at the earliest convenient date.

Yours very truly,


Dr. Ira A. Mackay. Dean, Faculty of Arts, McGill University。

Dear Dean Mackay:-

## Departmont of Mathomatics.

With reference to the above department I have decided to recommend to the Board of Governors, -
(1) That Professor D. A. Iturray be confirmed in the Chairmanship of the Department:

## (2)

That Dr. Sullivan be advanced to a full professorship.

I have informed Dr. Wirurray, Dr. Sullivan and Professor Gillson of these changes. The latter gave his warm approval to thema So him I gave the assurance that his claims for a full professorship would be sympathetically considered at the earilest possible date. Iou: will note that I have not nominated anyone the Redpath Professor of Pure Kathomatios.

I have asiked Dr. Murray to
advise as soon as he can whom he thinks we should secure as additional help in the Department.

> Yours Iaitheully.
L. J. BROWN \& CO.,

FINE ART DEALERG.

Proprietor: L. Jennings brown.

## 37 Hanover Street, Edinburgh.

April 3rd. I93I

Sir Arthur Currie, Principal, McGill University, Montreal.

Dear Sir,
You will forgive us troubling you on a matter that hardly concerns you but we thought you might help us. In August I928 a Professor A H Gillson who was evidently on a visit in this country bought from us an etching to the value of 5 guineas, he wrote for this and we sent it to him but there being delay in receiving payment for it we made enquiries and ascertained that he was a professor in the McGill Univ--ersity, he ordered the print on paper headed with the name of your University. We have written repeatedly for payment and though the letters were never returned we never heard from him.

We would be very glad to know if this gentleman is still at your University, this is hardly the treatment one expects from a gentleman.

Hoping we are not intruding on your courtesy and your valuable time,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { We are, Sir, } \\
& \text { Yours faithfully, } \\
& \text { I J Brown \& Co. }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { April 16, } 1931
$$

L. J. Brown \& Company,

37 Hanover Street , Bdinburgh, Sootland.

Dear Sirs.

Tour letter addressed to Sir Arthur
Currie has arrived in his absence from Canode. Professor $A$. $H$, Gillson is a member of our Department of Mathematics. It is the suggestion of the writer that you adaress your next eommenieation to him 2 s his home address, The Maxwellton Apartments , Sherbrooke Street West, Montreal. He has been advised of the contents of your letter.

> Yours falthruliz,

## Hirachraalisoise Brahhanditurg, Benelin 1.1 .in. 7 . Thtor ion Rindon 63 .

Deas 32zs"

With reference to your latter Of Jamanry $2.6 \mathrm{th}^{2}$, I bog to inform you that the Jilvorsity does not ongage itself in tho colloctine of alvate delbts. toure correspondence has horvev io bacu formeriak bo frozessox gill 160 m wion will no doulit renitt to youn

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July 4 th 1929.

## TO WHOM IT MAY CONORRN:

I have much pleasure in writing this letter of recommendation on bohalf of $\mathbb{M}$. Herbert Tate, who has been an Assistant Professor in the Departmont of Mathematics of YeGill University for the past eight years.

As a tescher he is stimulating and interesting, with a manner which is at once clear and concise. He is deservedly popular with his classes and colloagues. He is a man of pirst rate ability with an original mind and sound jivgment. He is also an excellent and scourate examiner. He gives all his time and attention to his work and I should be sorry indeod to see him go.

His academic record speaks for itself. I can only testify to his worth as a teacher, a colleague and a citizen.

Yours faithfully.

NV. Tahe

Jan.31, 1921,
Sear Sui,
Ihes to formand you a formal, Ariital aphlication fer the Port of Assis lantProferser of Mathemates at Relill Auviersig. I seid half a dozen colvir as I do knt know how many elvetos there marbe. If yon launt favourably of my aphlication and arid $t$ afponit me, wowld kon king (with kour commumication 1 affora me sone fuller riformation sithe followiri pouits?

The salary attached io the hist is said to be about $\$ 3,000 \mathrm{~h} \cdot \mathrm{a}$. and I care it liat tho bigure mentried is the nuivinum. Ray, venture to suggues. that a salary of $\$ 3,500$ either sinitially os one viereasiny tothes after a sears' servil, if satisfadoin, may appiar reasorable? The latter sum, is, ealenlate it, is about 260 h-a. more than my krecul sulary i.s. allowing for the oiffermence in the cosl of eiring in Cavada. I ttant one nught-bairk ast for the addition on soing abrod. I shall abs love corisionabh on exchauging Suglich Rover witi Canadian. I do not wish to iniint on the
precie figure quoteu nor to request unreas ouable terms. I should like to aet moderatels and neaconably on the porit ands, know, frem what is Purcer say, that ' may exfrectsuinilar consideratuon troin sou. Perhafes kon woild let-me have qour bins on the malen al Lom enveniencee? AC tuy rate ? Wowld try to med inh. ? aseume alco that if, sote Moutrical I should be allowed a friet=dars parsege out. as quar.

I shall be glad to kuow ulev when I mar expect to heare - before Eacter thokethat the mutter is decided. If it wowld al-all convencied $y$ on, and if zon offer me the vacaney, I shall immediatils eable my dece'scoin.

9very miveh reget trowblin sou witt mattus of this kuid but it is more Satisfactonn to sive qarly rifonnatire. on thece forits reather than to defer Them unctel the lait.

Eove faittfull, Henberthate

Robert M. Sagars, Es,
Neqill Nuñeneis-
Mortrical

## Application and Testimonials

FROM .

## Mr. Herbert Tate, B.A.A., b. Sc.,

Scholar, Senior Moderator, and Double Gold Medallist in Mathematics and Experimental Science, Brooke Prizeman, T.C.D.

Senior Mathematical Master, Portora Royal School, Enniskillen.

## ACADEMIC QUALIFICATIONS :--

1913. Entered T.C.D., with First Class Junior Exhibition ; Board Exhibition and Prize in Science.

1915 Mathematical Scholar. Honourman in Science and Modern Literature.
1917. Graduated (B.A.), with double Senior Moderatorship and Gold Medals in Mathematics and in Experimental Science (Physics and Chemistry).

Brooke Prizeman.
Offered Fitzgerald Research Scholarship in Physics;
A1so: 1920. M.A., Dublin Hwiverect -
1915. B.Sc., N.U.I., with First-Class Honours in Mathematical Science.

Post- \&radunate Scholar in Mathemateo.

I enclose testimonals from the following:-
Rev. E. G. Seale, M.A., Head Master, Portora Royal School, Enniskillen.
W. E. Thrift, M.A., F.T.C.D.. Erasmus Smith's Professor of Physics. University of Dublin.
G. R. Webb, Esq., M.A., Fellow and Tutor of T.C.D.
W. Bergin, Esq., M.A., Professor of Physics, University College, Cork.
(Rersmal) REFERENCES:-
R. Russell, Esq., M.A., Fellow and Senior Tutor, T.C.D.
G. V. Kinch, Esq., M.A., Head Master, Prior School, Lifford.

The Rev. G. Emerson, Monkstown Rectory, Co. Cork.

# Portora Royal School, Enniskillen, 

Ireland, 22nd January, Ig2I.

## Gentlemen,

I have heard from Dr. Purser, of Trinity College, Dublin, that you require an Assistant Professor of Mathematics in the Faculty of Commerce, McGill University, Montreal. I have pleasure in applying.

I am an ex-Scholar (Mathematical) and Graduate (M.A.) of Dublin University with double first-class honours and gold medals both in Mathematics (Pure and Applied) and Experimental Science, being Brooke Prizeman in Mathematics and Fitzgerald Research Scholar in Physics at Degree. I am nearly 27 years of age and have had over 5 years' experience both in University work and schools in the following positions:-
(I) Assistant to the Professor of Physics, University College, Cork, 1915.
(2) Senior Mathematical Master, Kilkenny College, IgI6.
(3) Senior Mathematical Master, Portora Royal School, Enniskillen, 1917.

I am also a B.Sc., with first-class Honours in Mathematical Science, of the National University of Ireland. Practical applications of Mathematics to Physics and Statistics have always interested me and had my attention.

If I am appointed you may be assured that no energy will be spared by me in the discharge of my duties.

> Yours faithfully,
H. TATE.

Trinity College, Dublin,
Registrar's Office.

I am glad to have an opportuntiy of recommending Mr. Herbert Tate, M.A., for an Assisant Professorship in the McGill University. I have seen a statement of the subjects required, and I have no hesitation in stating that I regard Mr. Tate as eminently fitted for such a post,

In addition to a training in Queen's College, Cork, Mr. Tate attended four years Honour Courses at Trinity College in Mathematics (Pure and Applied), and in Experimental Physics and Chemistry, and he graduated with First-class Honours in both sets of subjects-obtaining two gold medals. I was one of his Examiners in Mathematics on this and on other occasions, and can therefore write from personal knowledge.

Since graduating Mr. Tate has devoted himself to teaching and he will no doubt send testimonials on this side of his qualifications.

Should Mr. Tate be appointed and his services be required for more advanced subjects than those in the programme that I have seen, he will be just as well qualified to undertake the duties of lecturer in them. His work as far as I have seen it is neat, and his reasoning and style precise and logical, and I should expect him to be an accurate and careful teacher.

ROBERT RUSsELL, M.A., Senior Fellow and Professor of Pure Mathematics, Trinity College, Dublin.
28th January, I921.

> Portora Royal School,
> Enniskillen.

My friend and colleague, Mr Herbert Tate, tells me that he is a candidate for the post of Assistant Professor of Mathematics at McGill University.

I have known Mr. Tate for many years as a brilliant student and a most capable and successfu! teacher. He taught for a year at Kilkenny College and came with me at my request to become Senior Mathematical Master here. Keen, energetic, methodical extremely lucid in exposition and an excellent disciplinarian he has proved himself a most successful teacher.

Of pleasant address, he is popular both with the boys and his colleagues, and his moral character is without reproach.

He is a gentleman of all-round culture and high general ability.
For the past year he has done much Secretarial work for me and helped greatly with the School accounts.

If Mr. Tate be appointed to the post he seeks, I shall find it very hard to fill his place, yet I cannot do otherwise than recommend him without reserve.
(Signed)

> E. G. SEALE (Clk.), M.A., Head Master,
> (Formerly House Master at Highgate School, London, and late Head Master of Cork Grammar School and Kilkenny College).

January 24th, 1921.

# Physics Department, University College, Cork. 13th May, 1919. 

Mr. Herbert Tate was a pupil of mine during the Session 1915-1916. His knowledge of Physics is wide and accurate. For some time he acted as my demonstrator, and as a teacher of Physics he was most efficient.
I may add that he was in every way an excellent type of student. WM. BERGIN, MA.,

Professor of Physics,
University College, Cork.

> 27 Trinity College, Dublin.
> May 10th, 1919.

I have pleasure in testifying to the ability of Mr . Herbert Tate as a Mathematician.

I was his tutor in Trinity College. Dublin, and I also knew him well in my capacity as an examiner in the Honour School of Mathematics. He obtained a Foundation Scholarship a year before the nominal time, and several other undergraduate honours.

In 1917 he took a very good double First Class Honour Degree in Mathematics (Pure and Applied), and in experimental Science, (Physics and Chemistry).

He has since been engaged in teaching in one of the best schools in Ireland.

I think him well qualified for any Civil Service post requiring special abilities of this kind; also for a teaching post in a University College.

GEORGE R. WEBB, MA.,
Fellow and Tutor, T.C.D.

Physical Laboratory,
Trinity College, Dublin,
21st March, 1918,
I have much pleasure in stating that Mr. Herbert Tate had a very successful undergraduate course in Experimental Science in Trinity College, Dublin. He obtained Honours in the subject on various occasions, and last October he obtained a Senior Moderatorship (First Class Honours), with Gold Medal at the Honours Degree Examination in that subject. On the results of his work and examination Mr. Tate was also offered the Fitzgerald Research Scholarship, but decided not to accept it, as likely to interfere too much with his teaching work.

During the last year of his course, Mr. Tate worked in the Physical Labaratory here under my supervision. I found him a hard-working, keen, and intelligent student, and anticipate for him a successful career in the teaching profession, which, I understand, he has decided to adopt.

WM. E. THRIFT, F.T.C.D.,
Professor of Experimental Physics,
University of Dublin.

## Mr. Bealtie's Oxford Honor <br> Aood on 7 mathennaties <br> At this moment in the tribula

 tions of the University of Manitoba imneryse gratificatiof may be drawn from the birlliant success achieved by Mr. J. Robert Beattie as a Rhodes Scholar at Oxford.The promise shown by Mr. Beattie in pure mathematics at the University here, which must have guided his selection as a Rhodes Scholar, seemed a fortunate digression from the previous rather limited field of selection. The selection has been magnificently justified iu an Oxford school which can claim a Cambridge man who is perhaps the world's champion mathematician.

The selection of Mr. Beattie brings credit on the University of Manitoba and provides a tribute to the faculty. Mr. Beattie has not alone secured a first-class in his school, difficult as that is to secure; but he is the first Bhordes Scholar from the North American continent to secure a first-class in mathematics. This fact alone reflects abundant praise of the academic excellence of our own University. Its standards are high when its honors students can proceed, as Mr. Beattie has proceeded, to take the highest honors at Oxford. Other Universities-the great and rich Universities-on this continent have had their better chance. but they have been unable to do just what Manitoba happens to have achieved in Mr. Beattie's distinction.

Though the distinction is not extraordinary among honor achievements at Oxford, it is rare enough to be prized. A first in mathematics is very stiff; a first in any school is always difficult, In twenty-five years (1905-30) of Rhordes Scholars, only 15 per cent of those who went into residence at oxford ohtained first-classes in final honor schools The proportion is much larger than it may seem, for its largeness increases as the difficulty of securing the first-class is appreciated. The proportion becomes more accentuated too when it is known that only 27 per cent of the "hand-picked" English college scholars and exhibitioners, and only 5 per cent of the rank and file of Oxford's undergraduates, obtained first-classes in the same period.

Every consideration of Mr. Beattie's success suggests the excellence of the standard that must be maintained in the honors courses given students by the faculty of the University of Manitoba.

Put on
Thathematicofile rofury 1933

- Gameron Schoolhouce, St. Andrews. qich. July, 1931.
Principal Sii Authur Currie,
Incyill University,
Montreal.
Dear si Arran,
I have to chank you for letting
me know of your recammendation concerniny me to the Boand of Yovernors and wish $i_{0}$ assure you of suy eavneet endeavour io meris thi atpreciabion of my seroices.

Hours Eruly.
David Stowat.

June 29, 2933.

David Howatt, Esqe, Cameron School House, St. Andrews.
Scotland.

熼 dear Hro Howatt,

I have much pleasure in telling you that I am to-day pocomanalng to the Board of Governors that your salasy for mext yoar bo ह2500, beginning geptember eirst newt, and that you be raised to the rank of Assistant Professor. With all kind wishes for a
pleasant vacation,

$$
\text { I } \mathrm{am}
$$

Fver yours faithfully,
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

$$
\text { October } 18^{\text {th }}: 1929
$$

Sir arthur Corrie, G. C.m. S., K.C.B, U.D. Principal of mo fill university:
Dear Sir Cuthur:-
as I shall be sinty-ejht years of age next hay, I hereby resign my profesosskif of mathematics in me riel university, the resignation to take effect at the end of nu y present year of service, navel, on September first 1930.

S came to Enckile in September 1907 from Daltronice, ny alma mater, where I served as profess of mathematics from 1901 to 1907. my university teaching service from 1890 to 1901 was in the deparmanto of mathematics in Kew York Unciensity and in Cornell University.

Sn forwarding my resignation Swish to testify to the great pleasure and happiness Shave experienced in my warts and in ny associations at Ruchill. Sake wish to express my heartfelt thanes for the kind consideration and ford support mifanmly accorded me by the authorities of marie, by the deans of the faculties of arts and applied Soiree, and by the late Principal Veterans and yourself.

May Sad that it is an especial pleasure to ne, and I also regard it as an honour, to serve at Nnchiel under yow. Ireuain,
with hearties good wishes for nucice and for yourself personally, Yours Sincerely, D. a murray.

Vo Kir Klassco
Passed byon peleace. I have
 21/10/29

## Chat. M. McKergow, MiSc., Professor

Arthur R. Roberts, M.Sc.. Associate Professor

McGill UNiversity
Montreal

Sir Arthur Curries. McGill University. montreal.

The arrangements for a dimer to Dr. D.A. murray have been completed.

The dimer will take place at the
University Club, Mansfield St. on Friday the twenty-third may at seven in the evening.

Sour share of the expense, including the dimer and a small token of remembrance, aunounts to five dollars.

Would you please forward this amount to me, Room 66 Engineering Building.

> Sincerely yours.


MCGill is in need of money and so am I, which inspires this letter, and if you will give it the consideration it needs and then co-oper -ate with me to the extent suggested,it WILI result in placing our University in a very independent financial position.

The subject is so contrary to all accepted notions thatyou must be prepared to ignore conventionalism and think and act on your own initiative regarding the following proposal.

Some 12 years ago I discovered a simple natural law by Which I could see that electrical ENERGY could be multiplied indefinitely, but I did not know how to do it, and started out to find a way.

Because it contradicts everything taught in the schools ofscienc regarding what they have been taught to call "PowsR", was unable to get any assistance from the highly trained techniciens,so I went to my old friend the late Sir William Mackenzie, explained my discovery to him, he saw it at once and, that"we "as he put it, must work it out. So he gave me the necessary money out of his own pocket and allowed me to use his name as being behind it and he and his friends kept me going till they all died, and I had toget along as best I could, without money or friends.

At last I have solved my problem and the method is so extre $\ddagger$ mely simple that it amazes me that someone had not done it before, until I think of the attitude of the doctors of Physics whom I have talked and realize that they"must be shown"and that that type of mind always has been and always will be incapable of acquiring knowledge by the process of inductive reasoning.Bell, Marconi and the Wrights found it just as I have. They had to demonstrate, and so must I.

After I had cleared the way, I applied to the patent office for protection and now have it from the experts of the British Patent office up to whom I put the issue squarely, THAT AII PONBR FORNUIAB ARE PAIIA--CIES, and these men after 15 months of consideration of my claims backed by my unassailable arguments, say that I am right,mark my specification, "Complete Accepted"and have issued my patent which protects me for $11 Y$ DICCOVERY and for AIY MECHANICAI METHOD BY HICH IT CAT BE APPT IED FOR HE MUITIPIICATION OF BIECRICAI ENERGY.

I have now an electrical engineer who has learned his lessons with me, and he is building me a power unit to my design and tokeep him going I need $\$ 1,000$.

Electricity can be produced my way at a cost of $\$ 1$ or less a K.W.-YEAR and this will create the greatest revolution in industry that has ever been seen besides rendering all fuels obsolete for HBATING, light and power. When you cun heat your home by closing a switch, you will never bother with coal,oil or gas,will you?Besides, electricity produced my wayis also much cheaper than any fueis.

I have been told by experts that if such a thing as I propose could be done, I can readily get 5 a KN-YBAR royalty, and because I am now in my 80 th, year and must make hay while the sun shines, I will take thi \$5. This leads to the point of what I propose for MeGill without shocking you, and that is $\$ 10,000,000$ at least and within the next 12 months, if you can and will help out now.

Now charecare lots of men at Montreal whom you know andwho if shown a reasonablerancetting back $\$ 110,000$ for and investment with me of $\$ 10,000$ now, will advance me this money. I will give my personal undertaking to this affect to such a man, and to you to give the University out of one third of my royalties, as and when received by me,such suns as will aggrate the sum of $10,000,000$ and you should have it within 12 months, Ithink To show my faith, your man need only give me his check for $\$ 1,000$ now and $\$ 9,000$ as soon as the machine is demonstrating. If you can find such a man, and there are plenty, perhaps he will run up here to see me whereI can show him everything. What do you say?

## 4618 Chester Ave.

Philadelphia, Pa.
June 1, 1973.

Pres. McGill University Montreal, Canada

Dear Sir:
Do you anticipate that there will be a vacancy in the teaching force of the Department of lathernatics this Fall? If such be the case, I wish to make application for the position. In brief, I have my Doctor's Degree in Mathematics from Comell University; and I have taught for nineteen years. For seven years, I taught at the pennsylvania State College; and for two years, I taught at Cowell University. In the event of a vacancy, I shall be pleased to submit my credentials and to appear for a personal interview, if such be requested.

> Yours respectfully


Franklin C. Williams

## MCGILL UNIVERSITY

## DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS.

June and, 1933.

Sir Arthur Corrie, G.C.M.G.,K.C.B., LI.D., Principal,<br>MeGill University.

My dear Sir Arthur:-
In accordance with the instructions received from your Secretary on May 29 th, I submit herewith a brief report on the paper of Rev. J. A. Durocher, Pere, Hemmingford, P.Q. on "Notes and Problems on Mathematics."

Any merit which the above paper possesses accrues solely to the writer thereof himself. In other words, no one can go to the trouble of working out even such simple mathematical problems as it contains, without deriving therefrom some little benefit. From a mathematical standpoint, however, there is nothing new whatsoever in the paper, and many of the problems can be attacked in a much simpler and more direct manner. Here and there throughout the paper have been added a few notes intended to point out simpler and more direct lines of approach, and while these are not given in great detail, yet they will serve to indicate more direct and modern methods.

The whole subject of surds may be treated by means of indices, resulting in much briefer formulae and more direct solution.

The treatment of abstraction of cube roots and fifth roots, as given in the paper, is incomplete, and I have indicated the weaknesses in the method and have shown the correct method of obtaining the successive figures by means of trial divisors. The two or three examples given are merely verifications, and fail to demonstrate the correct method.

If you care to do so, I shall be glad if you will suggest to the author of the paper that he may come to see me about it at any time, when I shall be glad to go over the whole in detail and explain fully the comments outlined above.

Yours faithfully,

The Principal and Vice-Chancellor,
McGill University,
Montreal.

Rev. J. A. Durocher, Ptre, Hemming ford, $P$. $Q_{\text {. }}$

Dear Six,

Zet me aeknowlecge meceipt of youx paper "Motes and Problems on Mathematies", which I submi thed to Professor $11 . B$. Machean of our Department of Mathemati cs, and return he retirth.

Professor Maraean is kind enough to say that is you are in town and care to see hin about it, he 121 be glad to ge overit in detail with you and explain fully the comments he has mace therein.

> Youxs faithfully,

Oetober 18.
1933
J.S.G. Shot well, Esq., Messrs. Shotwell and Hoppor, 700 ottawa Zlectric Bldge,


Dear Jim,
I have shown your letter of the 14 th
Ootober to professor sullivan and he says he would
be unable to say whether there would be anything in
your grandfather's 11 brary which we could use until
he sees the lists. When you send these along I shall
gladly take the matter up again.
With all good wishes,
sver yours faithfully,

Principal.
PoS. As to your last paragraph, I expect to be here most of the time. At present I am laid up with a touch of sore throat; 0ctober 26th to 29th I may be in Kingston. Armistice Day weekend I shall spend in Toronto.

SHOTWELL \& HOPPER

OFFICES
WA ELECTRIC BLDG. OTTAWA, CAN. II TH ST. AND BROADWAY NEW YORK, N. Y:

October 14 th, 1933.

Gen. Sir Arthur Carrie, G.C.M.G.,K.C.B., IID.
MoGill University, MONTREAL, P. Q.

Dear Sir Arthur:
My mother has asked me, along with Mr. P.D. Wilson, to look after the disposing of my grandfather's (Dr. Glashan) library for her. It is a very complete mathematical library and I expect to have the lists finished at the beginning of next week. However, I think Drs. Charles T. Sullivan and I.V.King have a clear idea of the library.

I was wondering if the University would be interested in purchasing the library and, if so, I shall send you a copy of the lists when they are completed.

I had hoped to get down to Montreal a couple of weeks ago but was unable to do so. However, I expect to get down there some time in the next couple of weeks and I should like to see you when I go down. Would you please let me know when you would not be available so that I can make my arrangements accordingly.

Yours very sincerely,
JSGS/MMF
Do Ar. Rullevau


What i Rave, you
aud Nr. King
taine?


# FRANCISCAN FATHERS 133 GOLDEN GATE AVENUE SAN FRANCISCO. CALIFORNIA 

May 31, 1932.

President,
McGill University, Montreal, Canada.

Dear Mr. President :

I herewith assume the privilege of submitting to you two copies of a little booklet of mine, in which I have essayed to solve the interesting age-old problem of "Trisecting the Angle." I make bold to beg you to take a look at the booklet and hand a copy to the Department of Mathematics at your University for an opinion.

Any expression of opinion you or your faculty may be kind enough to give upon the matter will be warmly appreciated by

Yours very sincerely,


To Professor Sullivan,
Enc.
Is the re anything in this? What reply should I make?

AFC.
June 6, 1932

June 7th, 1932.

Rov. Fathes Julius J. Gliebe, Francisoen Fathers, 133 Goldom Cato Avemue, San Francisco, California.

Doar Reverend Fathor,

Let me acknowledge with thanks your booklet "Hxisectinc tho Angle". I have sent a copy to ous Departmont of Mathematies, as you requeat. For myself, I fear that as I am not a mathematician I cennot expross an opinion.

3ver yours fat theully.

## MCGILL UNIVERSITY

Dreiel Alexander Murray was born in Scotsburn, Pictou County, Nova Scotia, on May 23, 1862, the son of Angus Murray and Jano (Mackay) Murray, both of that county. Ho reeeived his early education at the Truro Academy and at Dalhousie University where he was awarded his B.A. degree, graduating with honors in Mathematics. He then took a course of study at Johns Hopking University, where he gained his Doctor's degree.

From 1890 to 1894 he taucht on the mathematical staff of New York University, later coing to Cornell, where ho lectured from 1894 to 1901. Dr. Murray was then named Professor of Mathematics at Dalhousie University and remained there until 1907 , when he joined the staff of Mocill. Prom that year until 1924 he was Professor of Appliod Mathomatice in the Paculty of Applied Science (now the Faculty of Engincering). On the death of Professor James Harkness of the Hathematics Department of the Faculty of Arts (now the Faculty of Arts and Science, the wathematics Departments of the two faculties were merged and Dr. Murray became the first head of the joined departments, with the title of Chairman of the Department of Mathematies. On reaching the retiring age in $1930, \mathrm{Dr}$. Murray was made an emeritus professor. At MeGill he won the hich regard of all his colleacues, raising the Department of Mathematics to a very high standard of excellence. Dr. Murray was a member of the American Associati on for the Advancement of Science; the American Mathematical Society; The Mathematical Association of America; the Society for the Pramotion of Engineering Eacation; the Nova Scotian Institute of Science; the Nova Scotia Historical Society; the Archaeological

Institute of America (Montreal Branch); the Royal Colonial Institute (Lond on), and was the author of numerous mathematical publications, his name being widely known in this connection. An earnest and kindly scholar, the late Dr. Murray succeeded to a remarkable degree in inspiring those with whom he was associated with his own generous pur pose.

He married Alice Muriel Malloch, daughter of Dr. W. B.Malloch, of Perth, Ont., and Moose Factory, Husbon Bay.

He was an ardent church worker, being representative elder of the Presbyterian Church of $S t$. Andrew and St. Paul, Montreal, secretary and member of the Board of Manacement of the Presbyterian College, and frequently a commissioner to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Chufch in Canada. A 32nd degree Mason, Dr. Murray was past master of University Lodge, No. $84, \mathbb{A} . F$. and $A . M ., G . R . Q$. , a member of Royal Albert Chapter, RoA.M. of the Scottish Rite, and of the Royal Order of Scotland.

Ferd. Van Bruyssel, Esc. "The Mackenzie",
Ottawa, Ont.

Dear Sir:-
Let me acknowlodge receipt of your letter. of the $21 s t$ of January with reference to the candidate for a Professorship of Physios and Mathematics.

Personaliy I knov of no vacanoy in any Canadian university. Our staff at NoGill is complete in these departments and I am not looking for eny change in the near future.
ith all good wishos, I am,
Yours faithruliy.

```
Sir Arthur W. Currie, K.C.B., L L.D., G.C.M.G.,
    Principal \& Vice Chancellor Mc Gill University,
    Montreal.
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Dear Sir Arthur,

A correspondent in Ghent writes to recommend a candidate to any professorship of physics \& mathematics which may become open in the near future in a Canadian University.

This candidate is described as follows:-
D.J. Aneckstein - former military attache to the white Russian Mission - Forced to leave Russia after the revolution - has obtained with greatest distinction the degree of doctor in physical \& mathematic sciences at the University of Ghent. Please see memo. herewith, rprotted by Mr. Demoulin, (Professeur d'Analyses \& Mathématiques Supérieures) of the Ghent University) Who states that Mr. Aneckstein is highly gifted, \& speaks fluent ly English, French \& German.

Although I have no personal interest in the said candidate, with whom I am not acquainted, I do wish to oblige my correspondent by making suitable inquiries in compliance with his desire.

As a first step, 1 am taking the liberty of consulting you, \& of seizing upon this opportunity of referring to the not to be forgotten service you kindly did me in connection with a Dominion mission to Europe in 1921.
with expressions of highest regard, 1 remain,
faithfully yours,


Aneckstein D.J.- Russian, 32 years old, married, former military attaché to the Russian White Mission, doctor in physical \& mathematicel Sciences, with specialty of superior mathematical analysis.

Thesis: Ftude d'un système particulier de quantités complexes à 2 unités.

References: I Professor A. Demoulin - member of the Royal.
Academy; 2-Professor A. Merlin, of Ghent University; 3 Professor T. Nernst, former rector of Berlin University, laureate of the Nobel prize.

> Roy B. Bstey, Beq., 117 Rodifield Place, Syracuse, II. Y.

Doar Sir:-
In the absence of Sir Arthur
Currio I am in roceipt of jour letter and am roferrine it to Professor D. A. Murray, who is Head of the Department of Hathematics, asking him to repiy.

Very truly yours,


Acting Principal.

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May 32d, 1927.
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Wiss Ama W. Grant,
St. Kilats Sohool foz Girls. Calgary, Alta.

Dear Miss Grant:-
I am to-dsy in recoipt of your iotter of April 22nd,with your applioation for a position on tho stafs of the Dopartment of Mathomaties of WoGill Univarsity.

I have spoken to Dr. Iruriay, the head of the Department, and ha tells me thet the staff is comploto fog, nozt year. However, I am forwarding your letter to $\mathrm{him} \ln$ order that he may have it on file for reference should any vacancy arise.

Yours faithfull.
(Copy Cable)

Harkness,
Can. Paulerspury, England.

Confirm Gilson's appointment. Authorize
offer 3500 fill Davies post.

Glassco.


APPOINTED GILLSON CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY AS EMPOWERED HIGHEST QUALIFICATIONS PLEASE CABLE CONFIRMATION GOOD OXONIAN APPLYING POST VACATED BY DAVIESS DEATH MY CABLE ADDRESS CAN PAULERSPURY ENGLAND HARKNESS.

610 AM .

DT. Do A. Murray, P. O. BOX 537. Truro, II.S.

Dear Dr. Murray:-
The following oablegram has
been received from Prolessor Harkess:
"Appointed Gillson Gembriage University "as empowered. Highest qualifioations "Please cable confimation. Good oxonion "applying post vaeated by Davies death. (11Hy cable address Can Paulerspury "Bngland.

It seems that he is having better luck than he anticipated at the time he wrote to us. The necessary confirmation has been eabled to Harkmess and let us hope this onds our difficulties in the Deportmont of Hethemeties. There are planty in the other departments to engage all our attention.

Yours faithfully.

Principal.

Professor A.H.S.Gillson, Coteau Landing, we.

Dear Professor Gillson:-
I thank you for your letter
of May 13 th.
The suggestions therein outlined will receive my most earnest consideration, though what we can do will be determined solely by finanoial considerations.

7ith all good wishes for a pleasant vacation, I am,

Yours faithfully.

Principal.

Dear fis tutam Cunie.
Polepo of wid smenk Mal. di land the athen don Mesefied of Adeconang wes thestiound on hais an encireli, suitille suticod. for $s(i)$, 4 he members of the L.E.A. is aponises $\}$ mu. A. Manshide:

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MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL.
Faculty of Arts
Department of Mathematics
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MCGILL UNIVERSITY
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MONTREAL.
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Department of Mathematics
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Ars. Sillon.
Arocicte Pupersa of hattanaties,
nor-depantimentil
As the poreseal is a personal (elter, attengh upon an Aeadeaic sutject, $I$ did hot misic it hecessany totend it th ungh my friend Dr.Hancmess ithe head of the departiment.

Dr. James Harkness. 23 Lorne Avenue, Montreal.

## Hy dear Harkness:

I have your letter of the 22nd instant, with which was enclosed one to you from Professor Gillson.

I am glad to be able to inform you that at the last meeting of the Pinance Committee it was deoided to recommend to the Board of Governors that Mr. Gillson's salary should be raised to $\$ 4,000$.
holiday.
I hope you will have a pleasant
,
Yours faithfully,

> Principel.

Enc.

23 Sove Aisnue,
Inontrial
July 22,1922
Sui Authur Curric, Eq.C.M.G; K.C.B
Dear Int Pruecipal,
I suclooe a lelter firm
Associate Profisson A.A.S. Gillson, ie whieh he astis that his salang should be raised to $\$ 4000$. While \& realize that many devicans are beins maic on the Uniusisits at the present tive, I would uger that this increase of salays should be grauted for the folloming reasons.

Profsson Gillson is presuminth the Kwid of mave that ins-Gill requires. Ite is a snau of snarked. abilits and is weogrizsed as such. The authoritis at the Naval Collegr at Greenuich were deternemes) xot to lat hive go if they could poseitly kelp it; Profsson Sddruiton of Comhidgs secently asked that he might be allourd to put Gillosis $x$ aure in for the racaut post of Astionomen Rogal of helauds; Profisson Desury told me recenty that he had tives to got wi loweh witt finu grest about the turie of the Ins Gill apporituncut to sun whettur he conld not te secures)
for Toronts and segrette) that he hai failes (s to so ourieg to some smosainanagment of the mail at the Luripool S.S. Fffier

Durnig the soat ture that Profissos Gillson has Frin her he has maik his riftuence foll ios a raisty of waqs. In vistauce he was sheted tast Sission to the Presideneg of the Physical Soeicty; the qear before last he Laudled with great sueves lagge fist year clasces in 15t year aits and Commerce and he has tru highly sffectur and stiveulating witt advanced stworents. Hiso he is premininty the trpor of reseaut nave that urn need hev

I ane conviniced that it would be uisi for the Univinatis is gie huie what is, I think, the ronual salay for an Assveiate Puforsonship. As a maniid man witt a child, he frios if difficult to lui on $\$ 3500$ a year.

Profisms Ens, Kuig and the Ntin who Kuour his wonk woruld, Ifol sue, emeur ui ong aorvier I aur leaving to-day fur a kolidar deme the wirs, Akemsi s shmed hav called and cutked

The malter our witt you personally. In suy ficiun Gillson is of the sawn Hiud of calikr as Krug. Witt Hivid uyaed

Quiss sucerelg S. Harblues.

# CARNEGIE INSTITUTION OF WASHINGTON 

MOUNT WILSON OBSERVATORY<br>Pasadena, California

## LIST OF LANTERN SLIDES AND PHOTOGRAPHS

1922

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## SERIES A. INSTRUMENTS AND BUILDINGS

No.
A 1 Diagram of Snow horizontal telescope building
*2 The Snow telescope building from the southeast
*3 The Snow coelostat and second mirror from the southeast
*4 The Snow coelostat and second mirror from inside the rolling shelter
*5 Interior of the Snow telescope showing concave mirror
*6 The five-foot spectroheliograph showing the slit end
*7 The five-foot spectroheliograph showing the optical train
9 Diagram of the sixty-foot tower telescope
*10 The sixty-foot tower telescope from the northeast
*16 Interior of the physical laboratory in Pasadena
17 Diagram of the one-hundred-fifty-foot tower telescope
18 Diagram of the upper end of the one-hundred-fifty-foot tower telescope and dome
*20 The sixty-foot dome from the east
*21 The sixty-foot dome from the sixty-foot tower
*22 The sixty-inch reflecting telescope from the west
*25 The sixty-inch reflecting telescope showing plate-holder attachment
*26 The sixty-inch mirror on grinding machine tipped forward for testing
*27 The sixty-inch reflecting telescope with Cassegrain spectrograph
*28 Dome of the one-hundred-inch Hooker reflector from south showing shutter open
*29 The one-hundred-fifty-foot tower telescope from sixty-foot tower telescope
*30 The one-hundred-fifty-foot tower telescope from the northeast
*31 Top of the seventy-five-foot spectrograph
*32 The one-hundred-foot dome from one-hundred-fifty-foot tower
*33 Model of top of Mt. Wilson showing buildings of the observatory
*34 View from the balcony of the Hooker telescope dome showing sixtyinch telescope dome, the sixty-foot tower telescope and the one-hundred-fifty-foot tower telescope

## THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS ARE ALL PERTAINING TO THE ONE-HUNDRED-INCH HOOKER TELESCOPE

*A 35 The site for the telescope. Concrete footings for the building being put in. Photographed from one-hundred-fifty-foot tower telescope
*36 The pier for the telescope under construction. Photographed from the one-hundred-fifty-foot tower telescope
*37 The pier for the telescope under construction. Forms for the floor and supporting brackets in place
*38 Putting in the reinforcing rods for the concrete floor of the pier
*39 The pier and a few columns for the building as seen from the southwest
*40 Same as A 39, except as seen from the northeast. Also showing the one-hundred-fifty-foot tower telescope in the distance
*41 Surfacing the rails for the dome by means of a motor-driven grinder, pushed along by a motor-driven truck, and guided by a steel boom pivoted in the center
*42 Erection of the building. Inner sheathing on lower part in place. Lower part of dome framework up
*43 Detail view of rails, trucks, and framework of balcony of dome
*44 Top section of main girder of the dome ready for hoisting
*45 Top section of main girder being hoisted into place
*46 Framework of the dome completed, and inner sheathing begun
*47 Putting on the inner sheathing and the brackets and ribs for the outersheathing
*48 Near view of the building and dome completed, except the outer balcony, showing the shutter wide open
*49 The dome completed, showing the fin used to balance the wind pressureon the shutter
*50 Drawing of a section of the building and dome, the pier, and the telescope as seen from the west
*51 North pedestal of the telescope, also showing the ten-ton crane used in the erection
*52 West member of the fork for the telescope being swung into place
*53 Lower section of the telescope tube placed in the fork
*54 Second section of the tube in place, and third section ready to be hoisted
*55 Driving clock of the telescope, set up in the shop for testing
*56 Drawing showing the driving clock, worm wheel, south spherical bearing, mercury trough and steel float, also quick motion drive in right. ascension
*A 57 Cutting the teeth in the worm wheel
*58 The driving clock, worm and part of the worm wheel
*59 The mirror on the grinding machine ready for concaving the surface
*60 The mirror on the grinding machine, with concave surface polished and ready for parabolizing, showing the full sized polishing tool, and band for supporting the mirror when turn-table was tipped forward for testing
*61 The mirror silvered and tipped forward on turn-table for testing
*62 The bottom of the cell with lever system and plates for supporting the mirror, also showing piping for temperature control
*63 Lowering the mirror on to the support system
*64 Lowering the ring of the cell over the mirror
*65 The mirror in its cell in the silvering room under the main floor of the pier, showing the silvering band and spout in position
*66 The mirror in its cell being raised above the pier floor after having
been resilvered
*67 The mirror in its cell back in the lower end of the tube ready to be bolted tight
*68 Fork of the elevator descending after the cell has been bolted to the telescope
*69 Switchboard for the dome drive, showing faces of the motor-driven rheostats and automatic switches
*70 Drawing, showing assembly of the declination bearings, tube, mirror in its cell, and coils of pipes for temperature control
*71 Drawing, showing assembly of the Coudé and Cassegrain convex mirror mountings and cages
*72 Drawing, showing assembly of the Newtonian flat mirror mounting and cage
*73 The interior of the dome, showing the telescope, Cassegrain observing platform, etc., as seen from the west
*74 The Cassegrain spectrograph attached to the telescope and the Cassegrain platform
*75 Twenty-foot interferometer beam on the tube showing mirrors 12 feet apart
*76 Diagram of light path when using interferometer

## SERIES B. SOLAR PHENOMENA

B 1 Comparison photographs of the sun, taken with the calcium $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ and hydrogen H $\delta$ lines, July 22, 1906
*2 Comparison photographs of the sun, taken with the calcium $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ line and direct image, July 30, 1906
3 Comparison photographs of part of the sun, taken with the hydrogen H $\delta$ and the iron line $\lambda$ 4045.9, November 13, 1907
4 Part of the sun photographed with the hydrogen H $\alpha$ line, April 30, 1908
5 Part of the sun photographed with the calcium $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ line, April 30, 1908
6 Part of the sun, direct photograph, April 30, 1908
*7 The sun photographed with the $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ line, October 7, 1908
8 Series of four photographs taken with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} a$ line showing the motions of a very dark hydrogen flocculus near a spot, June 2 and 3, 1908
*9 Part of the sun photographed with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} a$ line, showing rightand left-handed unipolar vortices, September 9, 1908
*10 Part of the sun photographed with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} a$ line, showing a multipolar group of spots with fine stream lines, September 2, 1908
11 The same as No. 9, except photographed October 7, 1908
*12 Series of twelve photographs of an eruptive prominence projected on the sun's disk, made with the $\mathrm{H} a$ line, September 10,1908

13 Series of four photographs of a spot group taken with the $\mathrm{H} a$ line, showing motions of the flocculi, August 29, 1908

14 Series of four photographs of two spots, north and south of the equator, taken with the $\mathrm{H} a$ line, October 4, 1908
*15 Prominence 80,000 miles high, photographed with the $\mathrm{H} a$ line, August 21, 1909
*16 Chromosphere and prominences phtographed with the $\mathrm{H} a$ line, August 20, 1909
17 Photograph of spot group taken with the $\mathrm{H}^{\alpha}$ line, showing bipolar type of solar vortices, September 10, 1909
18 Chromosphere and prominences photographed with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} a$ line, August 25, 1909
20 Series of four photographs of a prominence taken with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ line, October 10, 1910
*21 Chromosphere and prominences photographed with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} a$ line, September 20, 1909
*B 22 Chromosphere and prominences photographed with the hydrogen Ha line, September 21, 1909
*23 Chromosphere and prominences photographed with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} a$ line, September 22, 1909
*24 Large sun-spot group, June 17, 1907
*25 Series of four photographs of the southwest quarter of the sun, taken with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ line on August 3, 5, 7 and 9, 1915
*26 Part of the sun, photographed with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} a$ line, September 9, 1915. Two exposures showing large prominence (dark) on the disk
*27 Combined photograph of the sun and prominences of May 22, 1916, taken with the K line of calcium
28 Two views of prominence of May 22, 1916, photographed with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} a$ line. One showing prominence at limb, the other showing it projected on disk, and running off over and beyond limb
29 Five exposures on a portion of the sun taken with the $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ line, showing the appearance at different levels, May 29, 1916. Slit moved from center of line 0.33 A towards red between exposures
*30 Remarkable twenty-four-hour development of sun-spot group, August 18 and 19,1916
*31 Northwest quarter of the sun photographed with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ line showing a large spot group with beautiful stream lines, January 5, 1917
*32 The great sun-spot group of February 8, 1917
*33 Large quiescent prominence, 110,000 miles high. Four views photographed with the $\mathrm{H} a$ line, June 10,1917
*34 Large active prominence, 140,000 miles high, photographed with the K line of calcium, July 9, 1917
*35 The great sun-spot group of August 8, 1917
*36 Comparison photographs of the sun, taken with the hydrogen $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ line, and direct image, August 12, 1917
$\dagger^{*} 36 \mathrm{a}$ The same showing direct image only
$\dagger^{*} 36 \mathrm{~b}$ The same showing $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ image only
37-41 Series of exposures on five consecutive mornings, showing the western part of the sun, illustrating the way in which the (dark) prominences on the disk are carried over the limb by rotation. Photographed with the $\mathrm{H} a$ line: June 27, 1917 (37) ; June 28, 1917 (38) ; June 29, 1917 (39) ; June 30, 1917 (40), and July 1, 1917 (41)
*42 Solar corona photographed at Green River, Wyo., June 8, 1918, exposure 65 sec . through clouds

## SERIES C. SOLAR SPECTRA

C 5 Comparison of titanium oxide fluting in sun-spot and electric furnace入 7100

6 Iron triplet $\lambda 6302.7$ in spectrum of spot near sun's limb, with nicol and compound half-wave plate, showing plane polarization across lines of force
7 Iron triplet $\lambda 6302.7$ in spectrum of spot near center of the sun, with nicol and compound quarter-wave plate, showing circular polarization along lines of force
8 Iron triplet $\lambda 6173$ in spectrum of sun-spot, March 9, 1916, showing rightand left-handed circular polarization by transmission of red and violet components of the line on same strip of quarter-wave mica, thus demonstrating the presence of two overlapping fields of opposite sign. Slit placed as shown on photograph of spot
9 Iron triplet $\lambda 6173$ in spectra of sun-spots, $a$ and $b$, plane polarized light of spot near sun's limb, taken with nicol and ( $a=$ single, $b=$ compound) half-wave plate; $c$ and $d$, circularly polarized light of spot near center of sun, taken with nicol, and ( $c=$ single, $d=$ compound) quarter-wave plate ; $c$ shows reversal of sign of charge of adjacent spots
10 Iron triplet $\lambda 6302.7$, showing different strengths of field in two sun-spots
11 Iron triplet $\lambda 6173$ in spectrum of sun-spot near limb, showing plane polarization compared with laboratory spectra of iron lines. Taken with nicol and half-wave plate
12 Iron triplet $\lambda 6173$ in spectrum of S. preceding spot of the great group of August 8, 1917, showing reversal of circularly polarized light. Taken with nicol and ( $a=$ single, $b=$ compound) quarter-wave plate
13 Spectrum of sun-spot showing the lines $\lambda \lambda 6145.2$ and 6145.5 weakened in the spot spectrum. Taken with nicol and compound quarter-wave plate

14 Spectrum of the "flash" (lower chromosphere) showing magnesium lines, green carbon fluting, etc.
15 Spectra of opposite points on the sun's limb, latitude $0^{\circ}$ to $90^{\circ}$, showing displacements of lines due to solar rotation
*SUN SPOT SPECTRUM MAP
5 strips on each photograph. Scale on $8 \times 10$ prints is 3.7 mm per Angstrom C 16 Region $\lambda \lambda 3900-4150$
17 " $4150-4400$

18 " 4400-4650

| C 19 | " | $4650-4900$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
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| 21 | " | $5150-5400$ |
| 22 | " | $5400-5650$ |
| 23 | " | $5650-5900$ |
| 24 | " | $5900-6150$ |
| 25 | " | $6150-6400$ |
| 26 | " | $6350-6600$ |

## SERIES D. STELLAR SPECTRA

D 2 Spectrum of the Wolf-Rayet star B.D. $+30^{\circ} 3639$ having an atmosphere of hydrogen, showing the hydrogen series from $\mathrm{H} \beta$ to $\mathrm{H} \zeta$, made with the focal plane spectrograph
3 Spectrum of a Tauri $\lambda 4320$ to $\lambda 4430$ iron comparison spectrum, made with the Cassegrain spectograph
*4 Types of stellar spectra. Nine types from B to N
5 Absolute magnitude effect. 61 Cygni and $\beta$ Ursae Minoris
6 Absorption in space
7 Spectra of stars of high and low radial velocity; Lal. 1966, -325 km . and a second star, velocity -10 km .

8 Spectrum of a spectroscopic binary, showing shifts of lines toward V and R on two exposures

9 Spectrum of the star cluster Messier 13, Hercules
10 Spectrum of the central part of the nebula in Andromeda
11 Spectrum of the spiral nebula N. G. C. 4594
12 Spectrum of the nebula in Orion
13 Spectra of Wolf-Rayet stars B.D. $-21^{\circ} 4864$ and $+35^{\circ} 4013$. These are extreme types of these stars
14 Spectrum of the star Boss 5650 , showing peculiar character of $\mathrm{H} \beta$ and $\mathrm{H} \gamma$
15 Spectrum of the Cepheid variable star TU Cassiopeiae at maximum, October 7, 1917, and at minimum, September 30, 1917
16 Spectrum of the Cepheid variable star RT Aurigae at maximum and minimum

17 Spectra of N or Fourth type stars, 19 Piscium, and B.D. $+25^{\circ} 205$, $+57^{\circ} 702$ and $+38^{\circ} 1539$. Blue region
18 Spectra of Omicron Ceti (Mira), October 5 and November 23, 1917, and January, 1918
19 Spectrum of Omicron Ceti (Mira), large scale, November 1, 1917

D 20 Spectrum of $\gamma$ Cygni, showing enhanced lines
Spectrum of $\lambda$ Aurigae, showing normal lines
*21 Seven stars having unusual spectra B.D. $+23^{\circ} 123$; $\theta$ Ceti; R Aquarii; B.D. $+11^{\circ} 4673$; T Tauri; Nova Aquilae; Nova Ophiuchi
*22 Spectrum of Omicron Ceti, taken 9, 53, 87, 130, 144, 174 and 188 days after maximum
*23 Typical spectra of giant stars of types F to M
*24 Typical spectra of dwarf stars of types F to M

## SERIES E. LABORATORY SPECTRA

E 1 Photographs of spectrum of titanium: $a, b$ and $c$, given by carbon resistance furnace, temperature approximately $2000^{\circ}$, and $2400^{\circ}$ and $2600^{\circ}$ C., respectively; $d$, given by the arc (lines in furnace not given by arc for the most part due to impurities)

2 Photographs of spectrum of iron and vanadium: $a$, without magnetic field; $b$, with magnetic field, light vibrations perpendicular to lines of force; $c$, with magnetic field, light vibrations parallel to lines of force

3 Three sets of triplets in the spark spectrum of iron
4 Zeeman effect for chromium ( 31,700 gausses) $\lambda 4613$ to $\lambda 4626$
*5 Stark effect for chromium and hydrogen line $\mathrm{H} \gamma$. Three groups. Regions $\lambda \lambda$ 4098-4111-4129, $\lambda \lambda$ 5006-5028-5056, $\lambda \lambda$ 5275-5297-5329

SERIES F. SELECTED STAR FIELDS
Slides under this heading will be made to order from such negatives of the Kapteyn Selected Areas as are available

SERIES G. NEBULAE AND STAR CLUSTERS
Photographs taken with the 60 -inch Reflector
*G 1 M 42 N.G.C. 1976 Orion, Great Nebula (central portion), exposure 45 min., September 16, 1909
*2 3
*3 20
$\dagger^{*} 41$
*5
33

224 Andromeda, Great Nebula (central portion), exposure 2 hrs., October 13, 1909
6514 Sagittarius, Trifid Nebula, exposure 2 hrs. 26 min., June 4 and 5, 1910

5194 Canes Venatici, Spiral Nebula, exposure 10 hrs. 45 min., April 7 and 8, 1910

598 Triangulum, Spiral Nebula, exposure 8 hrs. 30 min., August 5, 6, 7, 1910


| *G 27 | N.G.C. 6555 | Hercules, Spiral Nebula, exposure 6 hrs., May 28 and 29, 1916 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *28 | 4567-8 | Virgo, Twin Spiral Nebula, exposure 6 hrs., March 22, May 19, 1914 |
| *29 | 278 | Cassiopeia, Spiral Nebula, exposure 4 hrs., November 8, 1912 |
| *30 | 2403 | Camelopardus, Spiral Nebula, exposure $31 / 2 \mathrm{hrs}$., November 8, 1912 |
| *31 | 4594 | Virgo, Spiral Nebula on edge, exposure $21 / 4 \mathrm{hrs}$., May 3, 1916 |
| *32 | 4736 | Canes Venatici, Spiral Nebula, exposure $31 / 2 \mathrm{hrs}$., February 20, 1912 |
| 33 | 7009 | Aquarius, Planetary Nebula, exposure $31 / 2$ hrs., July $\text { 13, } 1912$ |
| 34 | 1501 | Camelopardus, Planetary Nebula, exposure 2 hrs ., January 7, 1913 |
| 35 | 7662 | Andromeda, Planetary Nebula, exposure $11 / 2 \mathrm{hrs}$., October 17, 1911 |
| *36 | 2392 | Gemini, Planetary Nebula, exposure 2 hrs., December 19, 1915 |
| 37 | 2022 | Orion, Planetary Nebula, exposure 1 hr., February 4 , 1913 |
| 38 | 2371-2 | Gemini, Planetary Nebula, exposure $33 / 4$ hrs., March 6, 7, 1916 |
| 39 | 7008 | Cepheus, Planetary Nebula, exposure 3 hrs., July 22, 1914 |
| 40 | 2681 | Ursa Major, Planetary Nebula, exposure $31 / 2$ hrs., January 7, 1913 |
| *41 | 7217 | Pegasus, Annular Nebula, exposure $51 / 2$ hrs., September 2, 1913 |
| *42 | 2976 | Ursa Major, Elliptical Nebula, exposure 3 hrs ., December 10, 1912 |
| *43 M 13 | 6205 | Hercules, Star Cluster, four exposures, 6, 15, 375/2 and 94 minutes, increasing one magnitude on each exposure |
| 44 | 3242 | Hydra, Planetary Nebula. Comparison of yellow and blue images |
| $45 \quad 51$ | 5194 | Canes Venatici, Spiral Nebula, comparison of yellow and blue images |
| $46 \quad 94$ | 4736 | Canes Venatici, comparison of yellow and blue images |


| G47 | M 99 | N.G.C. 4254 | Virgo, Spiral Nebula, comparison of yellow and blue images |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *48 |  | 6960 | Cygnus, Network Nebula (south part), exposure 12 hrs., July 12, 13, 14, 1915 |
| *49 |  | 1068 | Cetus, Spiral Nebula, exposure 2 hrs. 22 min., December 22 and 25, 1911 |
| *50 |  | 5857-8 | Boötes, Double Spiral Nebula, H II 751-752, exposure 6 hrs., May 30, 31, June 1, 1916 |
| *51 |  | 7317-20 | Pegasus, Close Group of Spiral Nebulae, exposure 7 hrs. 45 min., August 26, 27, 1916 |
| * 52 |  | 7331 | Pegasus, H I 53, Spiral Nebula, exposure 6 hrs. 15 min., August 28, 1916 |
| *53 |  | 7814 | Pegasus, H II 24, Spiral Nebula on edge, exposure 4 hrs., September 27, 1916 |
| *54 | 74 | 628 | Pisces, Spiral Nebula, exposure 5 hrs ., October 26, 1916 |
| †*55 |  | 891 | Andromeda, H V 19, Spiral Nebula on edge, exposure 7 hrs. 15 min., November 23, 24, 1916 |
| *56 |  | 7782 | Pisces, Field of small Spiral Nebulae, exposure 4 hrs. 14 min., September 17, 1917 |
| * 57 | 22 | 6656 | Sagittarius, Globular Cluster, exposure $31 / 2 \mathrm{hrs}$., August 6, 1918 |
| *58 | 8 | 6523 | Sagittarius, Irregular Nebula, exposure 3 hrs ., June $27,1919$ |
| * 59 | 17 | 6618 | Sagittarius, (Omega), Irregular Nebula, exposure 3 hrs., July 29, 1919 |
| *60 | 17 | 6618 | Sagittarius, (Omega), Irregular Nebula, central or bright portion. Exposure 3 hrs., July 29, 1919 |
| *61 | 101 | 5457 | Ursa Major, Spiral Nebula same as G9 with arrows. indicating internal motion in 1000 years |
| * 62 | 81 | 3031 | Ursa Major, Spiral Nebula, same as G10 with arrows indicating internal motion in 1300 years |
| *63 | 33 | 598 | Triangulum, Spiral Nebula, same as G5 with arrows. indicating internal motion in 1100 years |
| *64 | 51 | 5194 | Canes Venatici, Spiral Nebula, same as G4 with arrows indicating internal motion in 1100 years |
| *65 |  | 2403 | Camelopardus, Spiral Nebula, same as G30 with arrows indicating internal motion in 1300 years. |



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*G 114
    *116
    *117
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Ophiuchus, Dark Nebula (S-shaped), Barnard 72, July 4, 1921
Sagittarius, Dark Nebula, Barnard 92, June 6, 1921
Aquila, Dark Nebula, Barnard 133, July 3, 1921

## SERIES H. MOON AND PLANETS

H 2 Mars, two views, October 4 and November 3, 1909, 60-inch reflector
4 Saturn, twelve exposures, November 17, 1911, 60 -inch reflector
$\dagger^{*} 5$ Northern portion of the moon at last quarter, showing the region from Copernicus to the limb, September 15, 1919, 100 -inch Hooker reflector
$\dagger^{*} 6$ Southern portion of the moon at last quarter, showing the region from Ptolemæus to the limb, September 15, 1919, 100-inch Hooker reflector
$\dagger^{*} 7$ Portion of the moon at last quarter from Ptolemæus to Tycho, September 15, 1919, 100-inch Hooker reflector
$\dagger$ *8 Portion of the moon at last quarter, including the Apennines, the Alps and Mare Imbrium, September 15, 1919, 100-inch Hooker reflector
†*9 The moon. Region of Copernicus, photographed September 15, 1919, 100-inch Hooker reflector

## SERIES I. COMETS

I 2 Comet 1910a, January 30, 1910; Halley's Comet, January 29 and 30, with 6-inch portrait lens
3 Halley's Comet, May 5 and 6, 1910, 6-inch portrait lens at Honolulu
4 Halley's Comet, May 8 and 9, 1910, 6-inch portrait lens at Honolulu
5 Halley's Comet, May 10 and 12, 1910, 6-inch portrait lens at Honolulu
6 Halley's Comet, May 23 and 28, 1910, 6 -inch portrait lens at Honolulu
7 Halley's Comet, May 5 and 6, 1910, 10-inch focus Tessar 1c lens at Honolulu showing entire tail
8 Halley's Comet, May 8 and 10, 1910, 10 -inch focus Tessar lens at Honolulu
9 Halley's Comet, May 12 and 15, 1910, 10-inch focus Tessar Lens at Honolulu showing tails $30^{\circ}$ and $40^{\circ}$ long
10 Head of Halley's Comet, May 5, 1910, exposure 8 min ., 60 -inch reflector
11 Head of Halley's Comet, May 8, 1910, exposure 8 min ., 60 -inch reflector
12 Head of Halley's Comet, May 10, 1910, exposure 8 min ., 60 -inch reflector
13 Head of Halley's Comet, June 2, 1910, exposure 25 min ., 60 -inch reflector
14 Head of Halley's Comet, June 4, 1910, exposure $18 \mathrm{~min} ., 60$-inch reflector
15 Head of Halley's Comet, June 5, 1910, exposure 9 min ., 60 -inch reflector
16 Spectrum of head of Halley's Comet, April 28, 1910, 60-inch reflector and focal plane spectrograph

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1523. Agyart 2)".
D) Sir Artan Cursie,

Whik takning b -de with the Astionomer Ry ol at the cape 1 leant wal a set of one hamined slides illustating alephase o soderm Astronomy can be La furn hit. Wibua daviotory for bectiven sixt sergent. dellans, aid Rwondend if. it wand be porsith for the Universig to bun thes Set as sud adet lisuad from such a reliake Source woned he gite whinest. Value in the lecturrs afore Atraveng groin by ky sel. is tha Universit, spleiatk as our isstrumemiar egripment is poactienty int. Jam wiving unimediater alat than to jon as 1 bdeve the hansio afopropviatiano are Motas de Mis teme of the pear thes xacet getiails gMa sel I wihl 4.antain as soon asi raium to Mantical.

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September 21, 1923

Dr. F. E. Lloyd
McGill University
Montreal, Canada

## My dear Lloyd.

It is a pleasure to hear from you and I think I understand the situation which you describe in your letter of September 19. Perhaps the inclosed printed list of lantern slides and photographs to be obtained from the Mount Wilson Observatory will prove satisfactory. I believe there is some dealer in Pasadena who does all of this work upon order received by the Observatory and transmitted to him . Under the circumstances I am not inclined to think that the prices charged for lantern slides ard excessive.

My very best wishes to you, with the hope that our paths may cross again before long.

$G: C$

