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### THE WEEKLY MONITOR, BRIDGETOWN, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1921

and forty-five out of every one hun-

dred of these failed on at least one

naper. Another group studied from

had even one failure and of those

hours a week there were no failures

even once.

and only seventeen per cent of these (no change.)

who studied from seventeen to twenty Stewart, (new.)

thirteen to sixteen hours per week fairs, Right Hon. Arthur Meighen,

Dr. W. B. Forbush has given us Justice, R. B. Bennett, Calgary,

#### where an extensive market has been DELICATE GIRLS INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT SEA FISHES developed for it. A small quantity is canned, but the proportion of the nack treated in this way is increas-HERRING ing each year

It is very striking that exceedingly Rich, Red Blood Means Health and The quest for the herring constitutes one of the important branches small amounts of the Atlantic and of our extremely diversified fishing Pacific herrings are used fresh in industry. More than 2,056,680 cwts. this country ,despite the fact that of herring were landed last year on they rank high in food value and they rank high in food value a our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, with palatability. They are obtainable in bad air, unsuitable food, hasty and home study profitable. He suggests: a first hand value of \$2,255,506, and abundance all the year round-from a marketed value of \$3,337,738. No the Atlantic coast during the months other fish were captured in such of May, June, July, August and Sepabundance, the cod, generally believ- tember; and from the Pacific coast ed to be the most prolific, falling during October, November, December, with languor, indisposition to mental afternoon, others in the evening. some 75,000 cwts. short of the herr- January, February and March. ing catch. From the standpoint of The herring, in addition to being value it gave place only to salmon, an important food in itself, is in-

lobster, cod and halibut.

The common herring (clupea her- important sea fishes. It is the chief angus) is beyond question, says D. S. bait used for the capture of cod, Jordon, the most important of food haddock, lobsters and halibut on the fishes in the Atlantic, if not in the Atlantic and halibut on the Pacific. world. Distributed as it is through- Large quantities are put in cold storout the whole of the north Atlantic age each year to provide bait for it affords occupation to many thou- the season when they are less readily sands of fishermen. An estimate made available. by Prof, Huxley places the world's No reference has been made in

or half that number of pounds, and canned extensively along the Atlantic some authorities place it even higher. coast as "sardine", nor to the fresh But even three billion is probably water herring of our lakes. Each of no greater than the number contain- these is of sufficient interest to be ed in a single shoal if it covers half considered separately.

strumental in the capture of other

a dozen square miles, and shoals of much greater size are recorded. Pro-An Important Hindrance fessor Huyley save that there must he scattered through the north and A woman, wearing an anxious ex-

north Atlantic at one and the same pression, called at an insurance office time scores of shoals, any of which one morning. would go a long way to supplying ... "I understand," she said, "that for the whole of man's present-day con- \$10 I can insure my house for one

sumption of herring. thousand dollars?" The herring is found in the colder "Yes," replied the agent, "that is waters of the north Atlantic. It has right." been caught on the American shore

eries are prosecuted when the fish

On the American side of the Atlan-

shore fishery. With the exception of

herring are all caught in the im-

mediate vicinity of the shore. Al-

the ocean has not assumed the im-

and in milt.

"And," continued the woman, anxias far south as Cape Hattuas, but it ously, "do you make any inquiries as seldom prevails in abundance to the origin of the fire?" south of New England, It "We generally do," replied the very seldom takes to brackish water, agent. . ... . . .... and it spawns in the open sea, the

Temale depositing from thirty to catch somewhere," said the woman. fifty thousand eggs. Unlike most

Tishes the herring is regarded as par-ticularly delicious at anothing the SALMON FISHERY IS ticularly delicious at spawning time and the most successful herring fish-

Ottawa, Sept. 22-The sock-eye the Armistice anniversary, November are in full roe, that is, ripe in eggs salmon catch in the Fraser River 11th, falls.

and Puget Sound for 1220 allocated June 4th, 1921, in this regard reads to others. Her advice, given after a Tke type is set by hand perhaps,tic the herring fishery is entirely a 2,357,695 cases in 1913.

a few occasionally taken for bait by Fisheries Branch says that, unless every year the Monday in the week lets are a mild but thorough laxative drastic action is taken, internation-in which the eleventh day of Novem-which never fail to regulate the But it prints that old home paperally, to save the situation, the fishery ber shall occur, being the day in bowels and sweeten the stomach. will become commercially exhausted which the Great War was triumphant- They always do good-they cannot though the fishery on this side of in a few years.

portance it has long held in Europe, TO SPEED UP WORK there is no doubt that the species

irregular eating, insufficient out-of-1. That a pupil should choose a K.C., Quebec, (new.) door exercise and not enough rest time when he feels best fitted for Secretary of State, Rodolphe Monty, and sleep. work and make that his regular time Montreal, (new.) It comes on gradually, beginning for home study. Some do this in the Health, Immigration and Colonizaor bodily exertion, irritability and a 2. In choosing the study period, (new.) feeling of fatigue. Later comes the do not let the week-end alter the Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, R. palpitation of the heart, headaches, regularity of your plan. Because J. Manion, Fort William, (new.) dizziness following a stooping posi- there is no school on Saturday and Customs and Excise, J. B. M. Baxtion, frequent backaches and breath- | Sunday, many students do no study- ter, St. John, N.B. (new.) lessness. In a majority of cases cou- ing after school on Friday, thinking Public Works, Hon. F. B. McCurdy, stipation is present. There may be that among the many hours before (no change.) no great loss of flesh, but usually the Monday morning a convenient hour Finance, Sir Henry Drayton, (no complexion takes on a greenish-yel- for study will appear. low nallor Cases of this kind, if neglected, study, become more serious, but if taken in annual catch at three billion fishes this article to the young herring Williams' Pink Pills, which are free pictures, books, or playthings. from any harmful or habit-forming ment begins with the first dose. As direct way. Have all your books. change.) leaves the face, strength and activity relapse is very slight. Williams' Pink Pills should be given matter. action improve the blood. You can you study, and play while you play. get these pills through any dealer If you have done your best during in medicine, or by mail, at 50 cents the fair time that each subject is The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., radeship will put you in better con-Brockville, Ont. "Oh, I thought there was some THANKSGIVING AND ARMISTICE than if you become jaded in ponder-

NEED NEW BLOOD

Strength

DAY 17. -----.1 -Our National Thanksgiving is not SERIOUSLY THREATENED to be on November 11th in each year, but the Monday of the week in which

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little ones she The printin' isn't perfect, the ink's and Puget Sound for 1920 amounted The Armistice Day Act essented to careful trial, can be readily followed with assured good results. The Tab- The dear old press-I know it well

The annual report of the Dominion "Throughout Canada in each and

ON FOUR BATTLESHIPS the name of Armistice Day.

change.) 3. Choose a secluded place for President of the Privy Council, Dr. L. G. Normand, Three Rivers, (new.) 4. Place yourself in your study Agriculture, Hon. S. F. Tolmie, Victime there is no need to worry. Dr. where you will not see attractive toria, B.C. (no change.) Labor, Hon. G. D. Robertson, (no Set your task definitely before you, change.) drug, are just the tonic needed to See clearly what you have to do in Marine and Naval, Hon. C. C. Balremedy this wretched state of health. justice to yourself and your work. lantyne ,(no change.) Though it is not noticeable, improve-6. Go about your work in the most Interior, Sir James Lougheed, (no the blood is made rich the pallor papers, and implements right at hand. Militia and Defence, Hon. Hugh 7. Whenever you have something Guthrie, (no change.) gradually return and the danger of new to master, muster up all that Without Portfolio, Hon. E. K. Spinyou already know that is in any nev, (no change.) Sir Edward Kemp, If any symptom of anaemia ap-way connected with it and use it to (no change.) James Wilson, Saskapears, prudence suggests that Dr. help understand and explain the new toon, (new,) and Edmund Bristol, K.C., Toronto, (new.) at once, and the sooner they are 8. "When you get through pump- The portfolio of solicitor-general taken the more speedily will their ing, let go the handle." Study while remains to be filled. A FINE OLD HOME PAPER a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, from worth, then exercise, play, and com- Tune-A Fine Old English Gentleman dition to meet the next day's test These magazines with gravures and all these works of art. ing over what you do not understand. Are very well for city folks who live FIRELIGHTER. by dint of mart; But give me first and foremost, I hold it is the prime-**A MOTHER'S ADVICE** That fine old home town paper-

THE NEW MINISTRY

Prime Minister and External Af

Railways and Canals, Hon. J. A.

Trade and Commerce, H. H. Stevens,

Postmaster-General, L. C. Belley,

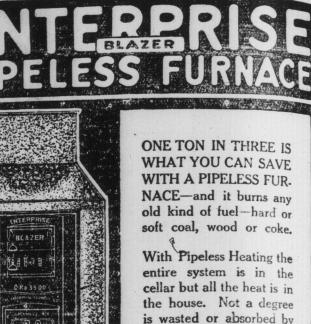
tion, Dr. J. W. Edwards, Frontenac,

Vancouver, (new.)

one of the good old time. be a legal holiday, and shall est babe. Concerning them Mrs. P. I look for it each week as regularly it comes, be kept and observed as such under Leferest, St. Nazaire, Que., writes:- And when the postman brings it in.

one of the good old time.

considerably overworn,



cellar pipes, none is thrown off around the furnace. and your cellar is always cool-just right for storing fruits and vegetables.

You can change to Pipeless Heating in a single daythere is nothing at all to the installation. If we start today, we'll be through tomorrow and your heating troubles will be ended. No matter what next winter has in store, you'll be warm and comfortable.

We have not the space to say all we'd like to in this advertisement, but if you'll call in, we'll turn the furnace inside out for you.

MAGEE & CHARLTON

## Sole Agents for Bridgetown

## The Harvester's Wonderful Herbs ARE COMING

The safest, purest and best remedies on the market. We gather from all parts of the world the very best Herbs, Rcots, Barks and Berries. We do not use poiscnous' Herbs. They kill both man and beast. What we use are full of the life principle.

FOR YOUR BLOOD-LIVING IRON FUR YOUR NERVES AND BRAIN-LIVING PHOS-

the true FURTH

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ON IN THREE IS YOU CAN SAVE A PIPELESS FUR. -and it burns any nd of fuel-hard or al, wood or coke.

ipeless Heating the system is in the but all the heat is in use. Not a degree ed or absorbed by pipes, none is thrown ound the furnace. our cellar is always ust right for storing nd vegetables.

ng in a single dayllation. If we start and your heating er what next winter mfortable.

we'd like to in this in, we'll turn the



's Wondrbs IING

lies on the market. We ery best Herbs, Rcots, iscnous Herbs. They use are full of the life

VING IRON AIN-LIVING. PHOS- THE WEEKLY MONITOR, BRIDGETOWN, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1921

# Unemployment--Freight Rates-and the Railways

THE indicator of true prosperity is employment. The presence of unemployed men, unemployed machinery, unemployed railway equipment and unemployed capital in Canada is reason enough, therefore, for every large Canadian business interest to study its relation to the general problem-to see whether anything in its power remains to be done to advance the general prosperity of the country. In this connection the railway companies have been specially interested. Freight rates touch everyone and because they touch everyone are always close to the public consciousness and more conveniently attacked than . the true causes of depression which are less easily discerned and more difficult if not indeed impossible to control.

anomalous position of demuring when it was proposed to lower railway rates. They were made to appear as though they were endeavoring with one hand to put wages down and with the other hand to keep rates up, thereby securing for their own treasuries instead of passing on to the Canadian public any saving effected on the wage rolls. They were placed in the equivocal position of having urged blanket increases of rates when wages went up-and of opposing blanket decreases when wages were seemingly decreased.

THE following statement is offered therefore with a view to exhibiting what the railways believe to be the true relation of railway freight rates to the question of unemployment outlining the history of Canadian rates explaining something of the ground-work of rate-making and clearing up the seeming anomalies referred to so that none may remain as possible causes for future weakening of confidence between the public and the carriers.

FURTHERMORF, the railways while joining with everyone else in the general agitation for deflation of prices and wages-found themselves recently in the seemingly

## Freight Rates and Unemployment

With a large part of the world's population idle, or only partially efficient owing to wars or disturbed political conditionswith inventors in many parts of the world almost afraid to expose their inventions, organizers afraid to organize, capital hesitating to invest-a corresponding proportion of world production is missing. The total of goods available for the world is less than normal. Those who do not produce-speaking generally-cannot buy. Few purchasers-few sales; few sales-little employment. This is the great world-wide fundamental of the unemployment situation.

The condition is international, not local to Canada. If Canadian railway rates were a determining factor in making the sale prices of our export goods, in other words if Canadian prices were higher in international markets than the goods of our competitors then Railway rates would be contributing to unemployment in Canada by depressing our sales abroad, lowering the number of our customers and the orders coming to our producers.

business it is to know all branches of industry intimately so that the benefit of these voluntary rate adjustments would go to "Key commodities", thus stimulating further growth of the country, increase in traffic and in the end, further reduction of rates. The difference between giving a reduction to a "Key industry" rather than spreading over all kinds of goods illustrated in the case of a certain small railway which by concentrating rate reductions on lumber enabled the mills of that region to remain open and the people to remain at work, whereas if the effect of the reductions had been scattered over all the goods carried by that road each family would have been able to save a small handful of silver in a year-(provided the decreased rates had been passed on as decreased prices by storekeepers)-but there would have been almost no employment.

So much for the day to day reductions arranged on thousands of articles by the traffic departments of the roads. In 1907 a substantial reduction in eastern rates was made. In 1914 a very material cut was applied in the west. So that the transcontinental lines entered the war period with a depressed earning power.

was applied in January. For the first six months of 1921 as compared to the first six months of 1920, the volume of traffic on the most fortunately situated Canadian road fell 26.72 per cent. And its revenue on this business, in spite of the higher rate, fell 11.14 per cent.

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The net result of these changes has been a state of emergency in the offices of even the most fortunately situated of all Canadian roads. Wages could be paid and bills met on time. Even the usual dividend was paid and a very slight surplus-one of the factors in maintaining the reputation of Canadian railway securities, was earned, but this was only done by deferring work that must ultimately be done on current account. Such economies cannot long be continued without eating too far into the broad safety margin which the Canadian roads maintain. Nothing but slackened speed of trains and reduced Canadian industrial efficiency can result if these savings have to be long continued. Falling traffic still further aggravates the condition. Maintenance cannot continue to be sacrificed to protect the credit of our railway securities. Neither can be neglected.

In May the managements approached the task of reducing their wage bills. For the first time in many years it was the man-

SH-LIVING LIME

### from Poison

ies in your stores :

estion and Reumatism norus Nerve Food ra for Constipation Beautifler Grower lagic Corn Cure

ranteed by b. Co. Ltd. TMOUTH, N. S. PY

are very popular . Sensible idea, ionable.

UMPS

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STORE

GETOWN, N. S.

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ng in our line. We take omers as we do in

r and Tobacconist Great Hair Restorer.

sell

But in the first place the real effect of freight rates on price making is a debatable point. This is proven.

(1) By the fact that prices fell last fall after the rates were increased instead of rising as the retail trades had prophesied.

(2) By the fact that a 10 per cent. reduction on western coal rates offered in order to stimulate coal movements in the summer months was followed by a drop in the coal tonnage offering instead of an increase.

In the secnd place, assuming for the purpose of argument they did have serious effect Canadian export rates are lower and not higher than the rates in countries with which Canada may be compared. Mile for mile the haul from Western Canadian points to the head of navigation is cheaper than in the United States. The export rate on grain is lower than it was last August.

In other words in international competition on her chief items of export Canada is helped by her railway rates. So far as international trade is concerned they are alleviating unemployment rather than aggravating it.

Inside Canada the same is true. Although it is a very difficult point to prove or disprove the railways of Canada are sincere in claiming that by and large goods are carried more cheaply in Canada than in the United States. Canada had one blanket reduction of 5 per cent. last January, whereas there is still no decrease nor immediate prospect of a blanket decrease in the United States.

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The Trend of Freight Rates

With the exception of war and post-war conditions-the whole tendency of freight rates in this country as in any other progressive country of its kind, is downward. As Canada's population rises, as our industries multiply and the density of traffic becomes more nearly like that of older countries some of the principal costs of railway service can be subdivided among a greater number of shippers and travellers levying on each, therefore, a smaller fraction of these costs than before. For twenty years prior to the war, traffic was on the increase. For twenty years, therefore, the railways have been adjusting rates downward-quite apart from special decreases put in effect by the Board of Railway Commissioners. These revisions have been skillfully applied by experience, practical economists-that is, by the freight traffic experts of the railways whose

Now while all-even the railways-see the desirability for low freight rates there are certain limits beyond which no one urges reduction. Of course, there are theorists such as Mr. Bernard Shaw, who believed that all railway service should be free. But leaving aside views so far in advance as yet of public opinion it is assumed by most people that a railway will give best service at least costbecause, of course, even free railways must be paid for by the taxpayer-when their managements are allowed to show their mettle by meeting the obligations of their properties out of their earnings. It is usually recognized that these obligations fall into two groups.

(1) To pay their employees; to pay for current supplies of materials such as coal, etc.; to pay for repairs and replacements.

(2) To pay such a wage or hire for the use of the capital which built these railways as will make Canadian railway securities always desirable, and easily marketed whether as bonds or stocks. This involves more than the mere payment of the establishment rate of dividend in the case of privately owned roads. It involves the earning also of some surplus-a safety margin of income over expenditure which will assure investors of complete safety. This principle of a surplus was definitely established by the judgment of the Board of Railway Commissioners in 1914, under the chairmanship of Sir Henry Drayton-and upheld by its judgment of 1920, when the matter was again considered exhaustively. On this principle rests Canada's ability to enter the money markets wherever she may need and feel confident of bringing back fund for extending her railways as she may require in the future.

War conditions, following the Western and Eastern rate adjustments, brought the railway managements sharply up against these fundamental problems. Comparing the Government's figures for 1907 against 1919-the last year for which the railway blue book is available-the wage bill of the railways rose 306 per cent.; coal 345 per cent.; ties 320 per cent. But neither the volume of traffic or the scale of freight rates increased in comparable degree during that period. The actual revenue per ton per mile (which is the real proof or disproof of the matter) advanced only 20 per cent. over 1907. The year 1920 enlarged the discrepancy, although an increase of 25 per cent. on Western lines and 40 per cent. in the East was supposed to yield enough additional revenue to meet the increased wages. The increased wages were effective from May 1st. The increased rates not until September 1st. The effectiveness of that increase depended on the volume of traffic remaining at a fairly high level. It did so for a time, then began to drop. To-day it is very low, nevertheless a 5 per cent. decrease agements and not the men who were taking the initiative. They had been forced to adopt the war-time increases granted in the United States-where 92 per cent. of the membership of the railway unions lie. Therefore when the reverse movement was undertaken in that country the Canadian roads at once gave due notice and a provisional and conditional decrease of roughly 10 per cent .corresponding to the same movement in the United States-was put in effect, tentatively, as from July 15th. This reduction has not been accepted by the United States membership of the unions, where a vote is being taken on the question-nor by the Canadian membership, who have applied for a Board of Conciliation. Every resource of the managements will be used to sustain this imperatively necessary and only too moderate reduction of their wage bill-which account for 60 per cent. of the cost of operation. They are compelled to regard the matter as still unsettled and therefore not to be considered as a basis for the reduction of railway rates-a view which a majority of the Board of Railway Commissioners has just expressed in its judgment.

### In conclusion

The railway managements welcome deflation of railway rates and are working steadily toward that end. On two grounds, however, they asked that any general decrease be deferred.

First-Because the so-called wage decreases are not yet assured and cannot be until the parallel decreases in the United States, where 92 per cent, of the union membership lies, (and where no general freight rate reductions have been ordered), are settled.

Second-Because the volume of traffic in the immediate future is problematical and any serious decline, if coupled with a decrease in rates, would have very grave effect on even the most favorably situated management.

The railways have spoken against blanket decreases on the grounds that it would be in the interests of the country as a whole to concentrate any beneficial effect to be expected on "Key commodities" rather than distribute them over all classes of goods, thereby benefiting only the distributors.

They have been actuated throughout by the desire to assist in the process of deflation-objecting only when that process might seem to threaten their solvency and injure them-and through themthe ultimate interests of the Canadian public,

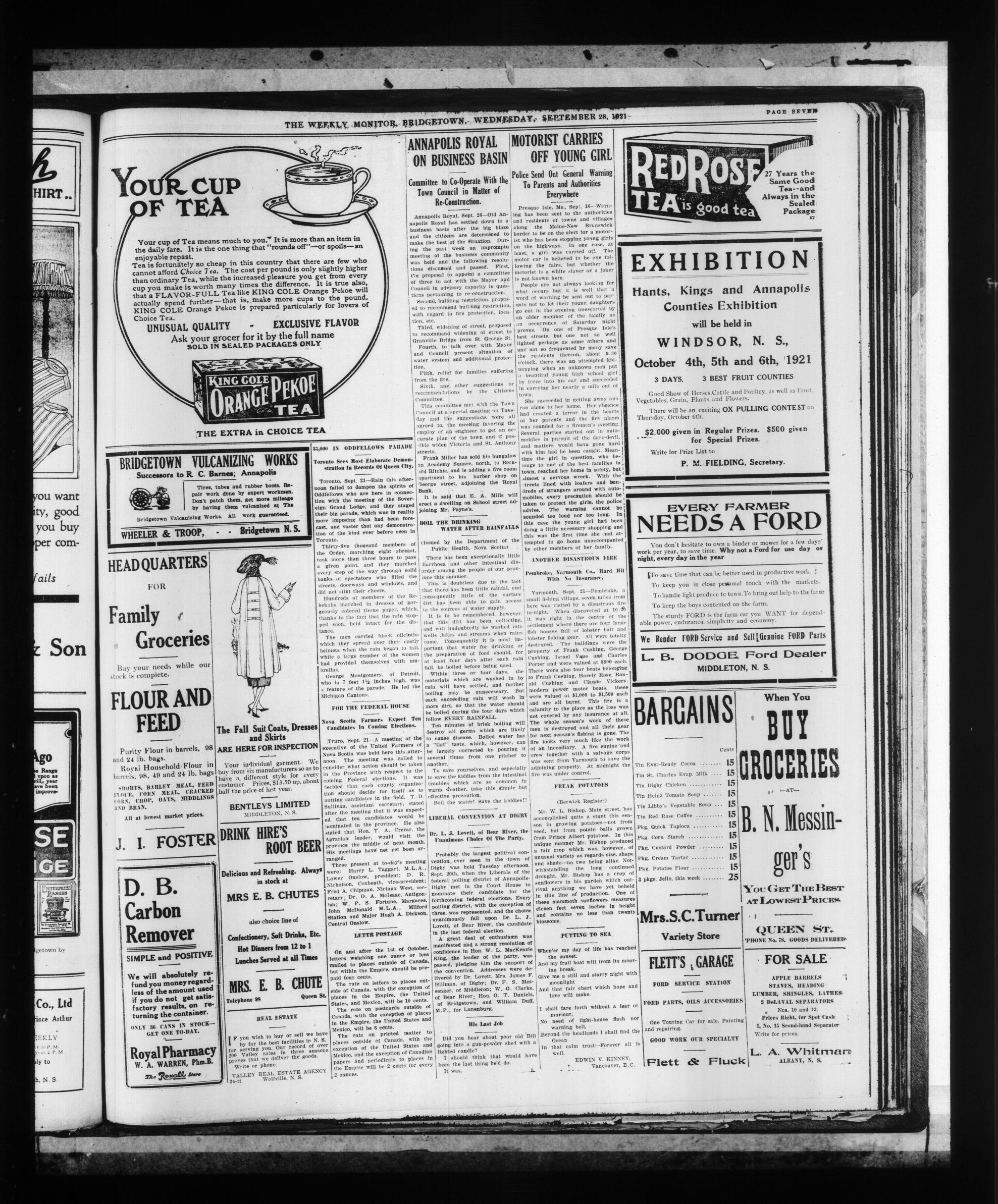
## Railway Association of Canada The 263 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL, P. Q.













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A Take



	Hearse sent to any part of the county. he	ome of Mr. Charles Brown, Church	like a lady's thimble, on the very place where my hair should be part-	many people.	Government plans to import food-		
	Queen St., BRIDGETOWN Telephone 46 H. B. HICKS, Mgr.	BRIDGETOWN, N. S.	ed, and it was getting so embarrass-		stuffs and lumber for distribution of the needy.		
ning		BRIDGETO HIN III I	ing in public that it was a constant	Don't as Tommy or Tony, act like a	The storm damage on the neighbor-	<b>Electric</b> Lig	ht kivtures
9	G. E. BANKS	FLRURNE NICHOLS	I got a bottle of your minient for abel	fool	ing island of Grenada is placed, on	<b>LIECUTIC LIQ</b>	
	Plambing	maning Outfits made up for all	good for tumors. Well I tried it and I	oigarottes	meg and cocoa plantations which		
			the second state of the second	Then the forest won't burn and you in a	were ruined will require at least	Are you satisfied with	your present electric light
	BRIDGETOWN, N. S.		all trace of the tumor, and were years	have no regrets.	seven years for re-establishment.	Do they add to t	he beauty and comfort of
6th	Telephone No. 32.	The second The holdtoring	ago, no mark would be seen. I have not been asked for this testimonial and	As for Tommy and Tony, they'd es- caped once before.	On the Grenadine group of islands, between St. Vincent and Grenada, the	your home? If not call and	let us help you to select.
	LESTER R. FAIRN	BRIDGETOWN, N. S.	you can use it as you see m.	And carelessly thought they could do	food crops and houses of the settlers	new ones.	
	Architeet	ANNIE CHUTE	(Sgd.) FRED C. ROBINSON,	it some more;	were almost completely destroyed. The first shipment of relief sup-		
	*		P.SI am a farmer and intend us- ingMinard's Liniment on a mare for	feeling had risen,	The first shipment of relief sup- plies has already been forwarded to	JUST RECEIVED	TOASTERS AND HEATERS
<b>E</b>	AYLESFORD, N. S.	MILLINERY	a strained tendon, and am hoping for some results. FRED C. R.	So now, they are spending six	the islands.	A beautiful line of Loudoir	Tungstin Lamps in all
wn, N. S.	WALTEB TOSH	Dealer in Ladies' Furnishings	Not A Patent Food	months in a prison.	MODERN FOREST FIRE FIGHTING	and table lamps. Do not miss getting one of these.	sizes. Have you a Flashlight for your car? We have a
		BRIDGETOWN, N. S.				Hot Point Electric Irons.	full line at very reasonable
	Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer		"Gimme a dozen o' bananas for	HEAVY DEATH TOLL IN TEXAS FLOODS	Great as has been the advance in	The iron with the guarantee.	prices.
Linz	Painter and Paper Hanging Carpenter Work and general repairs.	HAIR WORK DONE	children," said the red faced man to the assistant in the fruit store.		fire fighting methods and equipment		
Line of			The young man put them in a par-	and Antonio Toxas Sept. 14-	in towns and cities in Canada in the last five years, the advance in fight-	Bridgetown Electric Li	ight Heat & Power Co
11:	Work shop, Granville Ferry	Combings or cut hair made into	cel.	Turada alaimed from 100 to 150 vic-	ing forest fires has been even greater,	Bridgelowii Electric Li	TED
llinery	ROSS A. BISHOP	and Cwitches I	and omme some o the other	I I Mamag Friday	Dominion, provincial, and private		
		a contraction guar-	etuff as well-the grocer says ne	I an analyzing of the	I concentrations are now using	H. J. Campb	en, Manager.
	Watchilder	anteed. Mail orders promptly attenu-	"The other stuff?" said the assist-	night and Saturday, exclusive of the forty-nine known to be dead in San Antonio, according to special despat-	airplanes, power launches, railway		
	Watch, Clock and Jewelery Repairer		ant with a nuzzled look.	Antonio, according to-day	portable gasoline pumps, besides the		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Phelan's	Queen Street	MISS CHORGINAL D. No. 1	"Yes. I ain't good at pronouncing	Describedly all the messages told	old reliable horses, spades, hoes, and	ALOTE BELEVELT	TADES DECORTORIS
I HEIGH S	BRIDGETOWN, Nova Scotia		big words, an' I suppose I must have made a mistake with it, for the grocer	the same story that the majority of	wet sacks, in their protective work,	CASH MANDEI	FARM PROPERTIES
		H. B. ANNIS	laughed at me. But it's that there	drowned and missing were memory, living	points by means of telephones,		AND
DAY	FOR LIFE INSURANCE		stuff as you say can be given to the	in the lowlands along the San Gabriel,	and are calling men out of danger points by means of telephones, heliographs, and other signalling ap-	Prime Beef, Fresh Pork, Lamb,	
	-SEE-	Harness Making and Shoe Repairing	kiddles with the bananas.	Brozos Colorado and Little Rivers.	paratus.	Chicken, Hams and Bacon, Sausages,	TOWN PROPERTIES
TIM	THE CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION	All work promptly attended to.	"I'm afraid I don't understand, said the mystified assistant.	Property loss, principally to crops,		Headcheese, Pressed Beef, Mince	TIAL A. AN OR BARE & BEAGE
HATS	Local Agent	CRAND CENTRAL BUILDING	"Well, you are a nice man, you	was estimated at six million dollars	Will The Milkman Be There?	Meat, Corned Beef and Pork. Salt	Over thirty Formate alternation
	W. A. LLOYD, Local Agen- BRIDGETOWN, N.	GRAND CENTRAL Beridgetown 5 tf. Bridgetown	are, to be a fruiterer. Ere, come			Mackrel, Boneless Cod.	Over thirty Farms to choose from ranging from \$2,000 to \$20,000.00
ct. 1st	Personal and a second and a seco	PIANOFORTE LESSONS	outside, and I'll show you the	TIS THE TRUTH THAT HURTS	Little Betty, just initiated in the first teachings of Sunday School has	Thursday	Eighteen Town Properties to
101	FRANK H. COLE		the young man outside, and	-	displayed especial interest in a future		choose from, price ranging from
	Carpenter and Builder	HORTENSE GRIFFIN	minted to the hill, which proclaimed	I Irate Subscriber-Contound you	life.	Thomas Mack	\$1,000.00 tc \$14,000.00.
D.C.			that "hananas may be given to chil-	-   stunid editors! Here at the wedding	g "Mother will I go to heaven when	Thomas Mack	
Meat	General Job Work a Specialty	Graduate of Normal Course in piano- forte of Acadia Conserv-	dren with impunity." It took the	yesterday, instead of making me say	y I die?"	FIRST WEEK IN SEPTEMBER	
TINDS	woshington Street	atory of Music.	tor of an hour to convince the rea-	- uninterrupted bliss before	"Will my dog go, too,"		
	BRIDGETOWN, N. S.		faced man that "impunity" isn't a	a him you report it many years of	"No, because dogs have no souls."	Is the beginning of our Busy	
your wants at		BRIDGETOWN, N. S.	new kind of patent food.	uninterrupted bills'!"	A pause, then eagerly, "Well, will	Season.	ADMINISTRATOR'S: NOTICE
ces.	J. A. WAUGH	20-tf.	AS OTHERS SEE US		"No. Animals have no souls."	No need of waiting till then. You	1
-	Auctioneer and Dealer in Wire	Dr. NANA REID WARES	Y	Hay - Fever	"Oh, then we'll have to go to hell	I may enter right now and get a good	d A LL persons having legal de-
R	Auctioneer and Dealer in Wills Fencing	L.D.S., R.F.P.S. (Glasgow)	A summer visitor writes us as fol	Hay - I cver	for our milk."	start before the rush begins.	A mands against the estate of Angus Hirtle, late of West Paradize,
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		lows: "I enjoy reading all your pape	STIMMER COLDS, ASTRIMA,	·	Send for Rate Card.	in the County of Annapolis, farmer.
ent Roasts.	GRANVILLE FERRY, N. S.	DENTAL SURGEON	and think it is the best weekly pape		INCREASING DEMAND		deceased, are required to render the same, duly attested, within twelve
•	-		T have seen It is so full of new	VS DAL - IVALAA-		S. KERR	months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said estate
ruits and	KENNETH LESLIE	Special attention given to the trea ment of children and Pyorrhea.	and is gotten up so well. I thin	Positively stops these troubles	(Maritime Merchant)	Consideral	are requested to make immediate
nery.		OFFICE HOURS: -9 a.m. to 6 p.1	m. the town is lucky to have such paper, and you are to be congratula	Sneezing, weezing, 't necessary-	- There is no boom just aneau o	of Southand Principa	I. payment to the undersigned.
	MUSIC INSTRUCTOR	Evenings by appointment.	ed."	unless you like being or write	e increasing demand for the product	ts new stop	GORDON HIRTLE Administrator,
	MUSIC INSTRUCTOR	Address, Beckwith House, Queen S	St.		of industry, as the process of re	·e-	
owse	Voice, Violin, Orchestra,		St. Contrary to the general trend business the cost of publishing	Sold by	adjustment goes on and denation ha	as winand's Tinimont used by Phys	si-' Dated at West Paradise, Aug. 20-
Telephone 51	Waste for Dancing	BRIDGETOWN, N. S.	weekly newspaper is still increasing	ng. S. N. Weare, Bridgetown, N. S.	run its course.	-	
	Garlton Corn	Telephone No. 107.	- ·	. ·			
	Phone 48,						
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