

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

LOCAL AID FOR 'FRISCO SUFFERERS

Next Shipments Will Go South Tomorrow - Gov't Money May Be Spent Here.

MANY TELEGRAMS BEING RECEIVED Victorians Hear of Safety of Relatives - Supplies Will Go Duty Free.

Further shipments of provisions from Victoria will be made tomorrow, and Mayor Morley asks that efforts be made to have all contributions ready for shipment at that time.

Subscription Lists Are Open at the Colonist, and other newspaper offices, the city banks, city hall and trust associations.

Yesterday Capt. J. W. Group, superintendent of the C. P. R. Steamship company, will give a report from Monday to the C. P. R. at Victoria.

Telegrams from persons in and about San Francisco are being received in the city at a rate that is being raised.

John Brown, of Cherrbank, received word yesterday that Mrs. Burge, the wife of the Bell and McLeod, had been burned out but was safe.

J. A. Sawyer was relieved to hear that Mrs. Plasket, housekeeper for his father, had been fortunate in escaping with her life.

The F. O. E. has assembled 25 members throughout the country 25 cents per head for the sufferers.

Messrs. Wilson Bros. have been instructed by the Okanagan Flour Mills company to send 5,000 worth of O. K. flour to San Francisco.

The new Monadnock building on Market street next to the Palace hotel, was found to be in first class condition.

An inspection of the Call building at Third and Market streets disclosed the fact that several of the floors of the building were in good condition.

The fleet of coasting schooners, lumber carriers and dredgers, which consist of fully 50 vessels, will be compelled to make some other port.

The far-reaching effects of the San Francisco disaster are being felt in its direct and indirect results upon the theatrical world.

SPECULATIONS ON EFFECT OF DISASTER

Believed That Shipping Trade of 'Frisco Will Be Transferred North.

COAST'S COMMERCIAL LIFE DISRUPTED Far Reaching Effects of Calamity Shown in Multitudinous Ways.

The effect of the holocaust at San Francisco is far-reaching; shipping and general business in all lines from Mexico to Alaska will feel the loss more or less directly.

The extent of the loss is indicated by the fact that of the total Alaska pack of 2,027,700 cases handled last year, 1,204,000 were from the San Francisco packers.

Locally the supply of vegetables, fruits and other necessities imported on every steamer and considerable arrivals by the overland route.

As a result of the disaster, the shipping trade of 'Frisco will be transferred north, and the Pacific coast steamship company's local agents have not been advised how the disaster will affect the line.

As a result of the disaster, the shipping trade of 'Frisco will be transferred north, and the Pacific coast steamship company's local agents have not been advised how the disaster will affect the line.

As a result of the disaster, the shipping trade of 'Frisco will be transferred north, and the Pacific coast steamship company's local agents have not been advised how the disaster will affect the line.

As a result of the disaster, the shipping trade of 'Frisco will be transferred north, and the Pacific coast steamship company's local agents have not been advised how the disaster will affect the line.

As a result of the disaster, the shipping trade of 'Frisco will be transferred north, and the Pacific coast steamship company's local agents have not been advised how the disaster will affect the line.

As a result of the disaster, the shipping trade of 'Frisco will be transferred north, and the Pacific coast steamship company's local agents have not been advised how the disaster will affect the line.

As a result of the disaster, the shipping trade of 'Frisco will be transferred north, and the Pacific coast steamship company's local agents have not been advised how the disaster will affect the line.

As a result of the disaster, the shipping trade of 'Frisco will be transferred north, and the Pacific coast steamship company's local agents have not been advised how the disaster will affect the line.

As a result of the disaster, the shipping trade of 'Frisco will be transferred north, and the Pacific coast steamship company's local agents have not been advised how the disaster will affect the line.

As a result of the disaster, the shipping trade of 'Frisco will be transferred north, and the Pacific coast steamship company's local agents have not been advised how the disaster will affect the line.

As a result of the disaster, the shipping trade of 'Frisco will be transferred north, and the Pacific coast steamship company's local agents have not been advised how the disaster will affect the line.

GOSSIP OF THE FEDERAL CAPITAL

Commons Has Long Discussion on German Trade Relations and Preference.

FATAL ACETYLENE EXPLOSION Captain Clarke Blown to Atoms on Lighthouse Tender on the Lakes.

OTTAWA, April 23.—(Special)—A government gas buoy exploded ten miles out in Georgian bay this morning and Capt. Clarke who was on the tug carrying the buoy was blown into fragments.

Dr. J. A. Grant, of Ottawa, will likely be appointed principal medical officer at Work Point.

An animated debate took place on Canada's foreign trade and preferential relations. It was introduced by Mr. Armstrong, of East Lambton, who referred to the question of trade with Germany.

Mr. Borden criticized the government for not being able to inform the house what the new tariff of Germany was. The debate then switched off to the preference with Great Britain.

Mr. Borden criticized the government for not being able to inform the house what the new tariff of Germany was. The debate then switched off to the preference with Great Britain.

Mr. Borden criticized the government for not being able to inform the house what the new tariff of Germany was. The debate then switched off to the preference with Great Britain.

Mr. Borden criticized the government for not being able to inform the house what the new tariff of Germany was. The debate then switched off to the preference with Great Britain.

Mr. Borden criticized the government for not being able to inform the house what the new tariff of Germany was. The debate then switched off to the preference with Great Britain.

Mr. Borden criticized the government for not being able to inform the house what the new tariff of Germany was. The debate then switched off to the preference with Great Britain.

Mr. Borden criticized the government for not being able to inform the house what the new tariff of Germany was. The debate then switched off to the preference with Great Britain.

Mr. Borden criticized the government for not being able to inform the house what the new tariff of Germany was. The debate then switched off to the preference with Great Britain.

Mr. Borden criticized the government for not being able to inform the house what the new tariff of Germany was. The debate then switched off to the preference with Great Britain.

Mr. Borden criticized the government for not being able to inform the house what the new tariff of Germany was. The debate then switched off to the preference with Great Britain.

Mr. Borden criticized the government for not being able to inform the house what the new tariff of Germany was. The debate then switched off to the preference with Great Britain.

FRISCO'S HUNGRY ARE SUPPLIED

Food Is Now Very Plentiful and Sufficient for a Week's Consumption.

DIFFICULTY IN DISTRIBUTION System Rapidly Emerging Out of Chaos of Desolation Following Fire.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23rd.—Food was never more plentiful in San Francisco than to-day, and the only trouble is its proper distribution.

The success of feeding the hungry reports the most satisfactory progress in the huge task before it, and has established 52 food stations where all who are hungry may secure their daily rations.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

Which are doing the most successful work in the city. The general food committee, which are doing the most successful work in the city.

CLIFF HOUSE IS ALMOST INTACT

Is Offered as a Shelter--The Western District Is the Least Harmed.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—After a battle in which thirty-six shots were exchanged, a Japanese was killed at 8:30 last night by federal troops at the corner of Ellis and Van Ness.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock was not so serious as was feared.

REGINA'S RAPID GROWTH

DEAD AT GOOD OLD AGE. King Edward's Oldest Subject Passes Away in Ireland.

LONDON, April 23.—The death was announced in county Tyrone, Ireland, today, of George Fletcher, the oldest British subject so far as known.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

MARRIES ITALIAN COUNT.

New York Belle Wedded in London Yesterday.

LONDON, April 23.—Count Carlo Dentice Frasco of Rome, and Georgina Wilde, daughter of Mrs. Henry Seigel of New York, were married at the Oratory, Brompton, today.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

The church was crowded with many members of the diplomatic corps and prominent Italian and American residents in London.

BRANDON'S FIRST DIRECTORY.

Assessed Value of Property Returned at Seven Millions.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

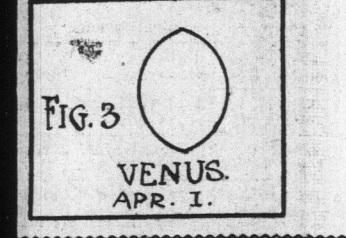
BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.

BRANDON, April 23.—First directors of this city has just been issued, and indicates a reasonable development.



VENUS APR. I.

CANADA'S REVENUE.

ment Indicates an Increase of \$75,000,000 for Current Year.

The Dominion government revenue for March, 1906, was \$2,255,187, as against \$2,526,187 in March, 1905.

The Dominion government revenue for March, 1906, was \$2,255,187, as against \$2,526,187 in March, 1905.

The Dominion government revenue for March, 1906, was \$2,255,187, as against \$2,526,187 in March, 1905.

The Dominion government revenue for March, 1906, was \$2,255,187, as against \$2,526,187 in March, 1905.

The Dominion government revenue for March, 1906, was \$2,255,187, as against \$2,526,187 in March, 1905.

The Dominion government revenue for March, 1906, was \$2,255,187, as against \$2,526,187 in March, 1905.

The Dominion government revenue for March, 1906, was \$2,255,187, as against \$2,526,187 in March, 1905.

The Dominion government revenue for March, 1906, was \$2,255,187, as against \$2,526,187 in March, 1905.

The Dominion government revenue for March, 1906, was \$2,255,187, as against \$2,526,187 in March, 1905.

The Dominion government revenue for March, 1906, was \$2,255,187, as against \$2,526,187 in March, 1905.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes J. H. Todd & Son, Spencer, Ltd., E. M. Johnson, etc.

and the Earth

MAP OF SAN FRANCISCO SHOWING PRINCIPALLY AFFECTED DISTRICT

MAP SHOWING THE BURNT AREA

Districts of San Francisco Which Have Been Principal Sufferers in Disaster.

WIDESPREAD DESOLATION AT BAY CITY

High Wind Drives Flames Around the Waterfront From North Beach.

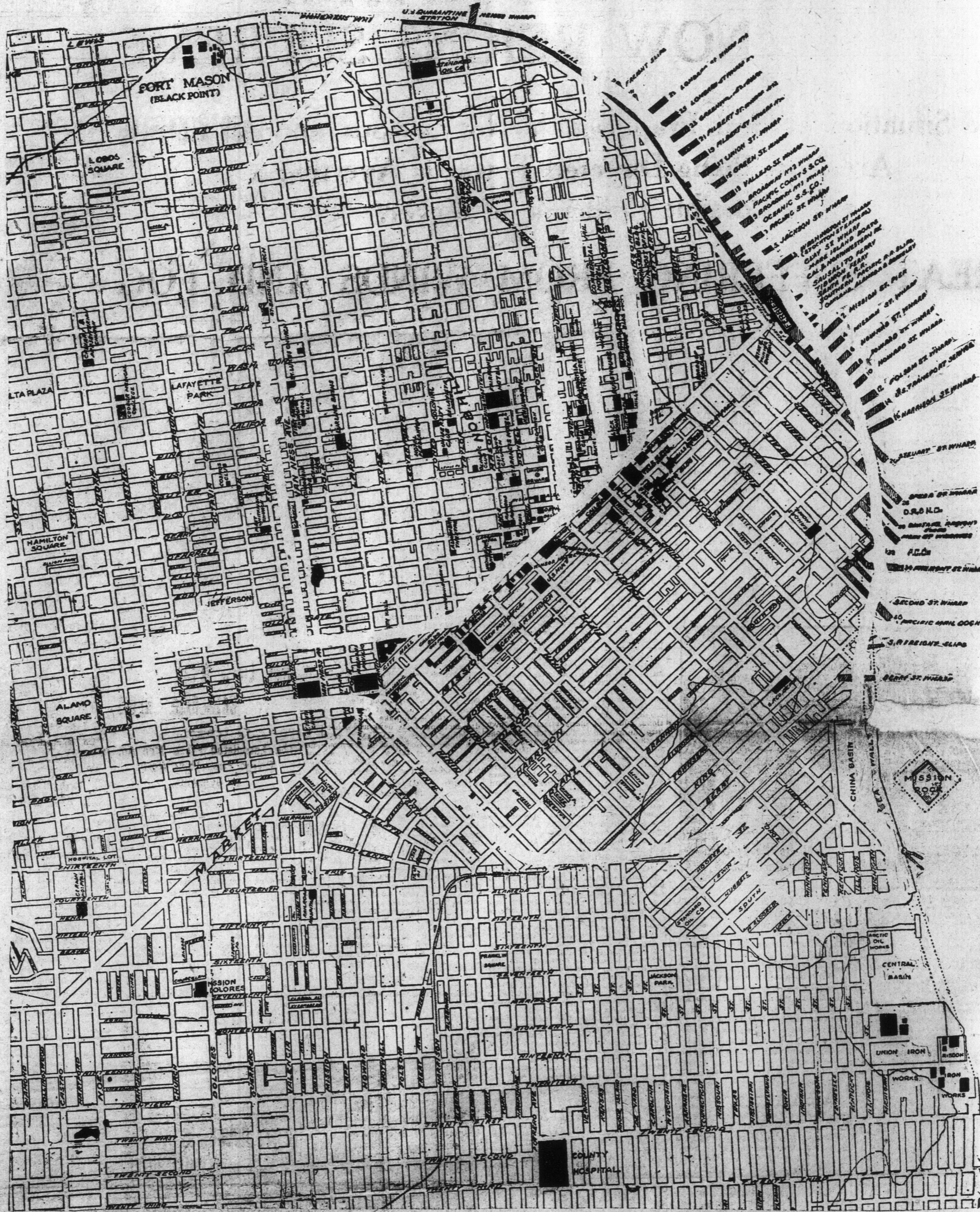
Since the accompanying map of the fire area in San Francisco was made the flames have completed the destruction of both sides of Van Ness avenue, the grand residential thoroughfare running north and south, but as to how far westward the flames succeeded in eating their way is not definitely stated. At all events their progress towards the ocean beyond this avenue in what is called the Western Addition, has been checked. On the harbor or eastern side of Van Ness avenue all the way to the water front at North Beach, at the top of the map, the conflagration has made a clean sweep. The gale which is a feature of San Francisco's climate conditions during the afternoons, was reported Friday night to have turned the progress of the flames and had headed it into portions of the district between North Beach and the harbor front that hitherto escaped the conflagration.

The fire which started at Nob Hill on California street, had also spread all the way northward to the water front, completing the obliteration of this section of the city. On Nob Hill (marked on the map) was situated the Mark Hopkins Institute of Art, a cut of which appears elsewhere in this edition. This palace contained many priceless works of art, all of which beyond a doubt have fallen a prey to the devouring flames. On the same hill were the palaces of others of the "Bonanza Kings," the Fair residence, the Stanford palace and several others. All these were built years ago by the millionaire mine owners and railroad men of the Coast.

At latest accounts the flames were making their way along the water front towards the Ferry buildings at the foot of Market street, but that they are under control and the danger of their reaching these buildings was not very great. In this building the Western Union have established an office and from this point is sent out all the news of the calamity now being received from the city itself. Two blocks south of the Ferry buildings are the coal bunkers and offices of Messrs. R. Dunsmuir & Sons. These latter were at latest advices intact, and unless the fire again gets the upper hand, of which there is very little chance from present indications, these and the adjacent property are safe. It is understood that the value of this plant alone is in the neighborhood of a quarter of a million, besides which there are some 17,000 tons of coal in the bunkers.

The fires on both sides of Market street evidently have burnt out, as telegraphic advices yesterday described the desolate scene presented by the long columns of foot-sore and weary refugees that were making their way down the thoroughfare to the ferries seeking to escape the devastated city. This main thoroughfare all the way up to near the turn at Valencia street, has been more or less destroyed. Out towards the Mission, which lies to the south, and is not shown on the accompanying map, another conflagration has been raging, but no definite boundaries have been given. Golden Gate park, in which it is said 200,000 homeless individuals have taken shelter, begins a short distance west of Alamo square, the "panhandle" or city extension of these world famous grounds being a few blocks across the peninsula to Ocean Beach, on the Pacific. The Cliff House, as to the fate of which there appears to be some uncertainty, is situated on the cliffs at the ocean front of the park.

By the aid of a magnifying glass the names of most of the well known buildings mentioned in the dispatches can be made out on the accompanying plan.



Area Within White Border Is That in Which the Greatest Destruction Had Been Wrought at the Latest Reports

STANFORD MILLIONS BLOWN UP IN VAULT

Heirs Fear Inheritance Has Been Lost - The Huntington Treasures Gone.

New York, April 21.—In the vaults of the United States Trust Company of San Francisco, which were blown up by dynamite, according to the Tribune, were \$2,000,000, according to the residue of the estate of Mrs. Leland Stanford, widow of the late Senator Stanford.

The executors of Mrs. Stanford's will on April 6 turned over to the trust company \$2,000,000 to hold as trustees for the legatees of the will. The amount of inheritance tax to be paid shall have been settled. There are several heirs now wondering if their inheritance has been lost to them.

The Metropolitan Museum of Art has lost in the San Francisco fire nearly all of the paintings bequeathed to it by Collis P. Huntington. The fire destroyed the old Collis P. Huntington house. Mr. Huntington spent years in acquiring this collection. When he died the best pictures in his collection were willed to the Metropolitan Museum. A condition in the will, however, left them in the possession of the family during the lives of Mrs. Huntington and Archer M. Huntington.

Clarence H. Mackay, president of the Postal Telegraph Company, sent a message to L. W. Storer, general superintendent of the Postal Telegraph Company in San Francisco, in which he said:

"I cannot adequately express to you my feelings regarding the calamity which has befallen San Francisco. I hope that you will move heaven and earth to open communication to San Francisco city and thus relieve thousands from anxiety. Do this at any cost within reasonable bounds."

D. O. Mills said last night that it was his intention to begin as soon as possible the reconstruction of the Mills building in San Francisco. He had no doubt that there would be a quick revival of hope and confidence and that the city would be rapidly rebuilt.

STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES. Mr. Alex. M. Finn, Takeman, N. B., writes: "I have used Dr. Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills for derangements of the kidneys and liver and stomach troubles, and can certify that they did me a good deal of good. I can heartily recommend them to anyone suffering as I did."

King's Daughters.—On Tuesday and Wednesday, May 1st and 2nd, the King's Daughters will hold a very interesting entertainment at the Assembly hall, Fort street, under the title, "A Literary Carnival." Well known books and their characters will be represented. The costumes will be all in keeping. Everyone who remembers the very successful "Made in Canada" fair, held by this order two years ago, will feel sure of being well amused at no great cost and with much pleasure and interest. In the evenings there will be a concert and entertainment, while refreshments will be served throughout the day. The "Irving Library" will be a great feature, and it is expected will attract a very lively competition.

EGGS, \$1 EACH; BREAD, \$1 A LOAF

Millionaire Tells How It Feels to Be Broke in Strange City.

Oakland, April 21.—Among the refugees from San Francisco who found themselves stranded in this city today were John Singleton, a Los Angeles millionaire, his wife and her sister. The Singletons were staying at the Palace Hotel when the earthquake shock occurred on Wednesday morning. Mr. Singleton gives the following account of his experience: "The shock wrecked the rooms in which we were sleeping. We managed to get our clothes on and get out immediately. We had been at the hotel only two days and had left probably \$2000 worth of personal effects in the room. "After we left the Palace we secured an express wagon for \$25 to take us to

the Casino, near Golden Gate park, where we stayed Wednesday night. On Thursday morning we managed to get a conveyance at enormous cost and spent the entire day in getting to the Palace.

Pays \$1 Apiece for Eggs "We paid a dollar apiece for eggs and a dollar for a loaf of bread. On these and a little ham we had to be satisfied. We reached Oakland last night on a ferryboat and are now trying to get back to Los Angeles."

Mr. Singleton, like thousands of other people in Oakland, found himself without funds this morning, and as there are no banks open and none will be open until Monday, he had difficulty in securing cash until he met someone who knew him. The people who find themselves without money in Oakland are numerous, and all are having difficulty in securing cash owing to the banks and all big houses being closed by proclamation of the governor. "Those who are unable to buy food are being supplied by the local relief committees and by the various hospitals which are being thrown open to accommodate the homeless from across the bay. Amherst Shoes are sold at leading stores.

GREATEST EARTHQUAKES. Record of Big Seismic Disturbances as Recorded in History.

Following is a list of the damages caused by the world's greatest earthquakes, with the most serious of which the San Francisco calamity is believed to rank on equal terms: 345 B. C.—Twelve cities in the Campania buried and Durus in Greece destroyed, with immense loss of life. 283 B. C.—Lysimachi and its inhabitants buried. 79 A. D.—Pompeii and Herculaneum destroyed. 206 A. D.—Four cities in Asia, two in Greece, two in Galatia, destroyed. 157 A. D.—One hundred and fifty cities in Asia, Pontus and Macedonia buried. 537 A. D.—Constantinople partly destroyed—thousands perished. 742 A. D.—Five hundred cities in Asia, Syria and Palestine overturned—immense loss of life. 838 A. D.—Constantinople again destroyed. All Greece shaken. 1069 A. D.—England thoroughly shaken. 1137 A. D.—Cantania, Sicily, destroyed—15,000 lives lost. 1138 A. D.—In Syria—20,000 lives lost. 1238 A. D.—In Silesia—80,000 perished. 1318 A. D.—In England—greatest known there. 1436 A. D., Dec. 5.—Forty thousand perished in Naples. 1531 A. D., Feb. 28.—Lisbon—1500 houses destroyed and 30,000 persons killed; several neighboring towns swallowed up by

the sea. 1550 A. D., April 18.—St. Paul's, London, partly destroyed. 1694—Japan cities destroyed and thousands perished. 1628, July 30.—At Naples, thirty towns destroyed; 70,000 lives lost. 1197, April 6.—At Schamaki, 80,000 died. 1692, June 7.—At Jamaica, 3,000 killed. 1693, September.—At Sicily, 100,000 lives lost. 1703—Jeddo, Japan, 300,000 dead. 1708—Abruzzi, Italy, 15,000 perished. 1716—May—Algiers, more than 20,000 lives lost. 1741—Nov. 30.—One hundred thousand people buried at Pekin. 1752—Naples, 1,940 lives lost. 1746, Oct. 28.—Lima, Peru and Callao destroyed; 18,000 persons buried. 1751, Nov. 21.—San Domingo overwhelmed; immense loss of life. 1754, September.—Cairo; loss of 40,000 lives. 1745, June 7.—Kashan, Persia, overturned; 40,000 people killed. 1755, Nov. 1.—Great Lisbon shock; 50,000 people killed at Lisbon; 15,000 Arabs in Morocco buried; 2,000 houses in the Grecian archipelago overturned. 1782, Oct. 30.—Baalbek, Syria, destroyed; 20,000 persons killed. 1773, June 7.—Santiago, Guatemala, and its inhabitants swallowed up. 1783, Feb. 4.—Towns in Italy and Sicily destroyed. 1754, July 23.—Ezrahan, near Erzeroum, destroyed; 5,000 killed. 1783, Oct. 12.—St. Lucia, near Martinique; 900 killed. 1787, Feb. 4.—Panama; 40,000 people

buried suddenly. 1800-1812—Great shocks, with awful loss of life in Constantinople, Holland, Naples, the Azores, the Mississippi Valley, Caracas, India, Genoa, Aleppo, Chili, Spain, China, Martinique and Guadeloupe. 1858, Aug. 15.—Cities in Ecuador destroyed; 25,000 killed and a property loss of \$300,000,000. 1858, Aug. 3.—Island of Ichia almost destroyed; 2,000 lives lost. 1858, Oct. 20.—Kratokan eruption in Java and Sumatra; 100,000 lives lost. 1884, April 22.—Earthquake general throughout England. 1888, Aug. 31.—Charleston, S. C., 41 lives lost; \$5,000,000 property destroyed. 1902—St. Pierre, St. Pierre, Martinique, whole town destroyed; ships all burned out; but few lives saved. Annual Route March.—The annual route march of members of No. 1 company, commanded by Capt. Currie, will be held in a fortnight's time. As usual, the company will leave the drill hall early in the morning, marching in sections to Goldstream. In all probability there will be a miniature sham battle on the way out in order to lend variety to the trip. Lunch, it is expected, will be served at Langford plains, where a number of games and general recreation will be indulged in. Afterwards Capt. Currie and his gallant band will line up and continue their march to Goldstream. There a short stay will be made, the whole force leaving by the evening train for Victoria.

UNSWERED

Food Shortage

GRAVE

SAN FRANCISCO, the break of day, Oakland, Alameda other points through roads have means of with San Francisco, goes of supplies at various the water front from the Presidio. These were quantity to eliminate that there would be any lack of food, provided he had to get it to this purpose the sub-committee established general committee established food distributing to the city. At each dayloads of provisions distributed as far as the cants could be served. of the city in accordance rections of the mayor was the relief committee early ing and by noon was When this has been per



Nob Hill, looking up towards the top of the hill, is the Mark Hopkins Institute of Art, the collection of paintings is complete.

the people of San Francisco a motive or another, REFRAINED FROM THEIR WA

at the public headquarters reached and succored. means reported to the general Friday evening, had been ing. In many cases in forward and offered the s homes and wagons, one particular providing the 20 vehicles. The work the vacant houses through buried districts was und charters board and it w by nightfall some 1,500 be at the service of the Brigadier General Funs Schmitz co-operated late establishment of the m with the military headq mark lodge. Engineer, sual corps officers were d charge of these depart military will, promptly possible to relieve the SITUATION OF REFUG NOW IN

Lumber is being delivered today and temporary fr are being erected on all t in the park and on the south of the park. There able suffering among the lug in the park last night by winds and damp fog from the ocean.

The same conditions e it is feared that consid will develop among the before the conditions ca alleviated.

Among the homeless, being sheltered at Jeffers ditions are as admirable as under the awful circumst her committee had supplie with food. Blankets a pled and many tents ar effort has been made by and civil authorities to s of an accurate list of the neighborhood. So far th treaty handicapped, thou ability to get reliable peo the work. Among the

ARE MANY L Last night there was a milk supply, but this con lieved at an early hour th arrival of many cans o great excitement among over the reported shooti in the square, certainly a but by whom and at wh

UNSPEAKABLE RESOLUTION NOW FOREIGN SUPREME

Food Situation at San Francisco Is Not Serious and All Efforts Are Now Being Directed Towards Averting a Possible Epidemic of Fever.

GREAT SUFFERING FROM WINDS AND FOG

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—With the break of day steamers from Oakland, Alameda, Vallejo and other points through which the railroads have means of communication with San Francisco, began landing cargoes of supplies at various points along the waterfront from the Procter to the Presidio. These were in sufficient quantity to eliminate at once all idea that there would be any suffering from lack of food, provided that means could be had to get it to these points. For this purpose the sub-committee of the general committee established nine general food distributing stations throughout the city. At each of these points, drayloads of provisions were stored and distributed as far as the lines of applicants could be served. The districts of the city in accordance with the directions of the mayor was undertaken by the relief committee early in the morning and by noon was all underway. When this has been perfected those of

er military or civil authorities doing police duties in the neighborhood have been able to ascertain. It is known, however, that no one was shot by either soldier or police at Jefferson square during the night.

The sanitary condition of the camp in the square is a matter that must be given immediate attention, if the health of the homeless is to be preserved. This matter is in the hands of the engineering corps of the army and no time will be lost in looking to the sanitation of the whole city but meanwhile there is great fear that

SICKNESS WILL WIPE OUT THE LIVES OF MANY unfortunates who have been saved from earthquake and fire. There was some relief of the crowded condition of the camp in the square before noon today when a little army of refugees, carrying all they had in the world upon their backs, made their way through debris and wreckage to the ferry building. Here those who were out of funds were given transportation across the bay.

At Golden Gate park where there are camped probably the greatest number of refugees, conditions today are improving. No estimate of the number of

AMUR FOR 'FRISCO.

Captain J. W. Troup, superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's coast steamship service, yesterday evening informed the Colonist that the company has placed the steamer Amur at the disposal of the relief committee and that the steamer will be used for the relief of the homeless in the city.

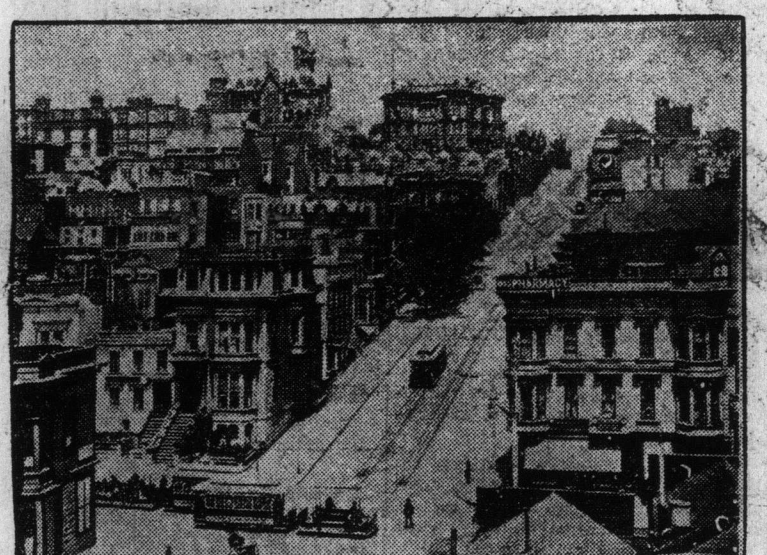
Tuesday morning, all supplies that may be available for shipment from Vancouver tomorrow evening or Tuesday morning. All supplies that may be available for shipment from Victoria for the relief of the homeless in the city will be taken on at this port at once, and the steamer will then proceed to Vancouver to load the bulk of her cargo.

halls of the city have been converted into temporary lodging houses, there will not be room enough tonight to accommodate all the people who have surged into Oakland. The effort to maintain even ordinary sanitation at these congested places is a serious task, and all the medical men of the city are engaged in the immediate care of refugees who become ill.

Workers' bureaus have been established and able-bodied men who are willing to work on railroads and other large construction schemes in various parts of California and Nevada are furnished with free transportation to the scene of labor. It is believed that many men will be provided with work within the next few days, and that the present congestion will not last.

RELIEF STEAMERS ARE NEARING THEIR GOAL

Bellingham, April 21.—The government observer at the Tacoma lighthouse station reports that the steamer Nelson, from Tacoma; Tullus, from Victoria which carries relief supplies for San Francisco and Shasta from Bellingham; and the steamer Tullus, from Victoria, have passed Cape Flattery and are now well out to sea. Citizens of Bellingham are starting a collection of relief supplies today. More will follow. Amateurs are making a collection of supplies.



Nob Hill, looking up Powell street towards California, which runs at right angles to Powell at the top of the hill, is the Mark Hopkins Institute of Art and was filled with magnificent collections of paintings and other works of art. The destruction in this locality is complete.

to any points in the interior of the state are encouraged to do so, an every person leaving the situation to just that extent.

COMPLETE DESTRUCTION OF "THE CITY OF ROSES"

Santa Rosa, Cal., April 21.—The list of known deaths now totals 147, and it is believed that 100 is a very conservative estimate of the number of people who lost their lives in the catastrophe that visited this city Wednesday morning. Five bodies were recovered today from the wreckage and the search had hardly begun. The entire business section is in ruins and practically every residence in town is more or less damaged, fifteen or twenty being badly wrecked. The damage to residences was caused principally by the shaking of the buildings, which let many structures down into the ground. The brick and stone blocks, together with the public buildings, were all thrown flat. The court house, hall of records, Occidental and Santa Rosa hotels, Atheneum theatre, the new Masonic temple, Odd Fellows' block, all the banks—everything went, and in all the city no brick or stone building is standing except the California Northwestern depot. It is almost impossible for an individual to realize the situation as it actually exists here.

FORT BRAGG ALSO WAS DESTROYED

Berkeley, April 21.—A private letter received today by Postmaster Schmidt brings the information that Fort Bragg, one of the principal fishing towns of Mendocino county, was almost totally destroyed as the result of a shock following the earthquake of Wednesday. The buildings were leveled as a result of the shock and a great deal of property had completed the work of devastation. But one person of the 5,000 inhabitants was killed, but several were injured.

RISK LIVES WHILE GATHERING NEWS

The Associated Press Men Are Driven From Their Work by Dynamite.

Chicago, April 20.—The Associated Press had the only wire out of San Francisco after the earthquake. That single line was operated up to the moment when the Associated Press men had to flee from their building at the corner of Montgomery and Post streets, when it was found necessary to dynamite adjoining structures in the hope of stopping the progress of the flames on Montgomery street.

of the people of San Francisco, who, from one motive or another, have refrained from making their wants known at the public headquarters, will be reached and succored. The lack of teams reported to the general committee today evening, had been met by honorable means. In many cases individuals came forward and offered the services of their horses and wagons, one gentleman in particular providing the committee with 20 vehicles. The work of tabulating the vacant houses throughout the burned districts had been met by the volunteers board and it was hoped that by nightfall some 1,500 homes would be at the service of the relief committee. Brigadier General Funston and Mayor Schmitz cooperated later today in the establishment of the military district, with the military headquarters in the park. Engineer, sanitary and signal corps officers were detailed to take charge of these departments and the military will promptly do everything possible to relieve the uncomfortable

the people in the park can be made at this time, but some sort of canvas is being made by the military authorities to ascertain the approximate number of people, as well as to relieve all that are suffering and to improve the sanitary conditions. The food situation is not serious. There was plenty of food of the simplest sort, of which bread lines there were at the different bread lines this morning and more will be dealt out this afternoon.

Major P. H. Keessling of the First Battalion of the Coast Artillery, N. J. C., is in command of the military relief measures in the park. His headquarters have been established at the tennis courts. Here supplies of sugar, coffee, bread and canned goods are being distributed, and at another point some prepared meats are given out. Army tents, as many as could be obtained, which are set up everywhere and other canvas

PROTECTIONS WERE MADE OF BLANKETS, RUGS, CARPETS bedclothes and every other sort of material that could be used for the purpose. In some places refugees had cleared out some tropical thick shrubbery and the semi-tropical plants for which Golden Gate park is famous, and under these found some sort of natural protection from the chill night air. As yet there has been very little sickness from nervous shock and physical exhaustion, and from these most of the people have had time to recover. The efforts of the military authorities today are all in the direction of improving the sanitary conditions and providing safeguards against any possible epidemic that may result from the exposure of millions of some thousand people. All refuse and debris of every sort must be deposited in trenches dug for that purpose, and the park has been divided into various sanitary districts, over which military officers have been given authority and which are patrolled by regular soldiers or by municipal police.

INFORMATION BUREAUS HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED and telephone services is being provided by the signal corps of the regular army. At the entrance of the park, known as the "panhandle" district, an enormous billboard has been erected and is being used as a directory by those who wish to designate their location in the camp for the benefit of seeking friends. All vehicles that enter the park are confiscated by the military authorities and are being used to deliver supplies to the various points as well as to remove refugees and those desiring to reach points beyond the jurisdiction of the authorities who desire to leave the park and to

STEEL STRUCTURES WERE PRACTICALLY UNINJURED by the earthquake, except for cracked walls and displaced plaster.

All these great structures, of course, subsequently were utterly ruined by the flames so far as the interior construction is concerned, but the walls are in most cases intact. The most notable cases of practical immunity from the shock were the St. Francis hotel, the Fairmont hotel, the Flood building, the Spreckels' building, the Chronicle building and scores of other modern steel structures.

The branch of the United States mint on Fifth street and the new postoffice at Seventh and Mission streets are striking examples of the superiority of the workmanship put into federal buildings. The old mint building, surrounded by a wide space of pavement, was absolutely unharmed, not even the few palm trees which stand on either side of its broad entrance being touched by the flames that devoured everything around it.

NEW POST OFFICE BUILDING WAS PRACTICALLY UNHARMED by fire. While the shock did some damage to the different entrances to the

SITUATION OF REFUGEES NOW IN THE PARK

Lumber is being delivered at the park today and temporary frame structures are being erected on all the open spaces in the park and on the sand dunes south of the park. There was considerable suffering among the people camping in the park last night from the chilling winds and damp fog which blew from the ocean.

The same conditions exist today and it is feared that considerable sickness will develop among the homeless people before the conditions can be entirely alleviated.

Among the homeless, hundreds now being sheltered at Jefferson square, conditions are as admirable as they could be under the actual circumstances. The relief committee had supplied every sufferer with food. Blankets have been supplied and many tents are in place. An effort has been made by the military and civil authorities to secure some kind of an accurate list of the dead in the neighborhood. So far they have been greatly handicapped, though their inability to get reliable people to engage in the work has been a serious obstacle.

HOMELESS IN THE SQUARE ARE MANY LITTLE ONES

Last night there was a shortage in the milk supply, but this condition was relieved at an early hour this morning by the arrival of many cans of the precious fluid. Early this morning there was great excitement among the refugees over the reported shooting of a looter in the square, certainly a shot was fired, but by whom and at what point, neither

later to be abandoned for a better equipped station on Goat island, in the center of the bay between San Francisco and Oakland.

Daring feats were performed by the men in collecting news and the operators in their endeavors that the outside world might receive the latest information of the earthquake and fire. More than one of the men risked his life in the performance of his duty.

The Associated Press force, while naturally exhausted, is still on duty awaiting relief men from Los Angeles and Portland, who are due at Oakland this morning.

The Associated Press force at San Francisco, which has done such remarkable work, includes Paul Cowley, superintendent; R. C. Johnson, E. E. Curtis, J. M. Carroll, John Finlay and P. H. McDonald, editors; R. L. Creigh, P. R. McDonald, editors; H. E. Gestrich, B. J. Waters, stenographers; H. E. Gestrich, B. J. Waters, stenographers; H. E. Gestrich, B. J. Waters, stenographers; H. E. Gestrich, B. J. Waters, stenographers.

GRAND FORKS NOTES.

Presbyterian Minister Inducted—The Boundary Country Booming.

Grand Forks, April 14.—In the presence of over 200 citizens assembled at Knox Presbyterian Church last evening, Rev. T. G. McLeod was officially inducted by the Presbytery of Kootenai as pastor of Knox Church here. After the official induction was completed, a reception was given at the home of the pastor, which was so great that many could not gain an entrance. This was considered the largest gathering of Presbyterians ever held in Grand Forks.

As substantial evidence that there is a decided movement in Grand Forks real estate several real estate deals for good figures have been closed here the last week; but probably the most important one made was the purchase by F. M. Kirby, P. L. S., of the handsome residence formerly owned by W. J. Morrison. This property is beautifully situated on natural terraces at the base of Observation Mountain and is an ideal home. It is understood the price was \$3,500.

Contractor J. B. Henderson of the West Kootenay Power Company was here yesterday and in conversation with your correspondent stated that he would commence immediately on the big sub-station at Grand Forks. These sub-stations, which are all the same throughout the Boundary area, are 12x25 feet, being built of brick. It is expected that it will take several months to complete the sub-station.

Contractor M. S. Martin has just returned from Spokane, where he has been investing in residential property and proposes erecting several fine dwellings thereon immediately. Mr.

View From Nob Hill Looking Down California Street

of the people of San Francisco, who, from one motive or another, have refrained from making their wants known at the public headquarters, will be reached and succored. The lack of teams reported to the general committee today evening, had been met by honorable means. In many cases individuals came forward and offered the services of their horses and wagons, one gentleman in particular providing the committee with 20 vehicles. The work of tabulating the vacant houses throughout the burned districts had been met by the volunteers board and it was hoped that by nightfall some 1,500 homes would be at the service of the relief committee. Brigadier General Funston and Mayor Schmitz cooperated later today in the establishment of the military district, with the military headquarters in the park. Engineer, sanitary and signal corps officers were detailed to take charge of these departments and the military will promptly do everything possible to relieve the uncomfortable

the people in the park can be made at this time, but some sort of canvas is being made by the military authorities to ascertain the approximate number of people, as well as to relieve all that are suffering and to improve the sanitary conditions. The food situation is not serious. There was plenty of food of the simplest sort, of which bread lines there were at the different bread lines this morning and more will be dealt out this afternoon.

Major P. H. Keessling of the First Battalion of the Coast Artillery, N. J. C., is in command of the military relief measures in the park. His headquarters have been established at the tennis courts. Here supplies of sugar, coffee, bread and canned goods are being distributed, and at another point some prepared meats are given out. Army tents, as many as could be obtained, which are set up everywhere and other canvas

PROTECTIONS WERE MADE OF BLANKETS, RUGS, CARPETS bedclothes and every other sort of material that could be used for the purpose. In some places refugees had cleared out some tropical thick shrubbery and the semi-tropical plants for which Golden Gate park is famous, and under these found some sort of natural protection from the chill night air. As yet there has been very little sickness from nervous shock and physical exhaustion, and from these most of the people have had time to recover. The efforts of the military authorities today are all in the direction of improving the sanitary conditions and providing safeguards against any possible epidemic that may result from the exposure of millions of some thousand people. All refuse and debris of every sort must be deposited in trenches dug for that purpose, and the park has been divided into various sanitary districts, over which military officers have been given authority and which are patrolled by regular soldiers or by municipal police.

INFORMATION BUREAUS HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED and telephone services is being provided by the signal corps of the regular army. At the entrance of the park, known as the "panhandle" district, an enormous billboard has been erected and is being used as a directory by those who wish to designate their location in the camp for the benefit of seeking friends. All vehicles that enter the park are confiscated by the military authorities and are being used to deliver supplies to the various points as well as to remove refugees and those desiring to reach points beyond the jurisdiction of the authorities who desire to leave the park and to

STEEL STRUCTURES WERE PRACTICALLY UNINJURED by the earthquake, except for cracked walls and displaced plaster.

All these great structures, of course, subsequently were utterly ruined by the flames so far as the interior construction is concerned, but the walls are in most cases intact. The most notable cases of practical immunity from the shock were the St. Francis hotel, the Fairmont hotel, the Flood building, the Spreckels' building, the Chronicle building and scores of other modern steel structures.

The branch of the United States mint on Fifth street and the new postoffice at Seventh and Mission streets are striking examples of the superiority of the workmanship put into federal buildings. The old mint building, surrounded by a wide space of pavement, was absolutely unharmed, not even the few palm trees which stand on either side of its broad entrance being touched by the flames that devoured everything around it.

NEW POST OFFICE BUILDING WAS PRACTICALLY UNHARMED by fire. While the shock did some damage to the different entrances to the

REFUGEES CAMPING IN PARKS OF 'FRISCO

Provisions to Be Distributed at Established Stations Twice Each Day.

HEALTH OFFICERS FEAR PESTILENCE

People Must Endure Great Suffering Unless They Find Shelter.

San Francisco, April 21.—Although every effort of the various relief committees today was bent to appease the gnawing hunger of the destitute thousands—efforts that were in a large measure entirely successful—there are tonight in this city many persons either without sufficient food or entirely without it.

The government officials took charge of every grocery store in that part of the city still standing and gave out foodstuffs to all those who were hungry. Bread lines were established at Fillmore and Turk street, at Golden Gate park and at the Presidio, and every person who stood in line was given a whole loaf.

The line at Fillmore and Turk was four blocks long all the afternoon, and those at the parks were even longer.

Milk Proves Welcome

A large supply of milk came from Oakland this morning, and this was distributed to women and children wherever they were found in need. A great deal of this milk was used for the exhausted women who arrived at the ferry throughout the day and proved a great boon to them.

The bread lines at the parks furnished striking instances of the absolute patience and fortitude that has marked the behavior of the people throughout their trying experiences. There were no disorders when the hungry thousands were told to form a line and receive their bread and canned goods. All were content to wait their turn. Silk-hatted men of affairs followed good naturedly behind Chinese and took their leaves from the same hand.

Soup Kitchens Established

Soup kitchens were established in the streets of the unburned section, no fires whatever being allowed indoors, and many hungry persons were fed by these kind efforts. Bread and such other food stuffs as may be at hand will be distributed at the various stations twice a day.

At the ferry station today there were some pathetic scenes among the hungry people. When the boat came in from Stockton with tons of supplies a number of small children were the first to spy a large box of sandwiches, with cries of delight. They made a rush for the food, seized as much as they could hold and rushed to their mothers, shouting:

"Oh, mamma, look at the sandwiches!"

Soldiers Give Supplies

Around the ferry building sat hundreds of people sucking canned fruits from the tins. Some were drinking condensed cream, and some were lucky enough to have sardines or cheese.

At several places along Market street scores of men were digging with their hands among the still smoking debris of some large grocery house for canned goods. When they secured it, which they did without molestation from any relief committee, they would open the cans, they broke the tins and drank the contents.

At Filbert and Van Ness avenues at 9 o'clock tonight a wagon of supplies conveyed by soldiers was besieged by a crowd of hungry people. They appealed to the soldiers for food and the soldiers were quickly heeded. Seizing an axe, a soldier smashed the boxes and tossed the supplies to the crowd, which took time to cheer lustily.

HOW TO TAKE THEM

FOR
CONSTIPATION BILIOUSNESS
INDIGESTION TORPID LIVER
DYSPEPSIA
IMPURE BLOOD HEADACHES
RHEUMATISM
KIDNEY TROUBLE NEURALGIA
IRRITATED HEART
NERVOUSNESS BAD COMPLEXION

Begin treatment by taking one "Fruit-a-tives" tablet three times a day and two at bedtime—for 3 or 4 days.

Take the tablets twenty minutes before meals, and always drink half a tumblerful of cold water (not iced) with each tablet.

Then take two tablets every night for a week—and then one every night for a month.

Be careful about the diet—eat regularly—avoid veal, pork, dark meat fowls, and never drink milk with meals.

Bathe frequently—dress warmly—exercise sensibly—take "Fruit-a-tives" faithfully—and see how much better you are at the end of the month.

At a box, 60c.

Martin, who has resided here five years, has accumulated a snug fortune in the contracting business. He is also heavily interested in the Pathfinders Mining Company, being secretary-treasurer of the company.

Charles Brown of the Boundary Iron Works has just purchased 100 feet frontage on Winnipeg avenue from B. Henderson and will at once commence the erection of a \$30,000 dwelling. From present indications this will be a banner year for contractors and capitalists, as a great many residences will be erected this spring.

James Newby, one of the owners of the Gloucester mine and a large land owner in this section, has just returned from a month's visit to northern Alberta. He says that land is being rapidly being taken up and everything is prosperous in that section.

W. L. Germain, general manager of the British America Trust Company, with headquarters at Vancouver, arrived here yesterday on a tour of inspection of the branch of his bank at this place.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT"

To G. A. PERRIN, Registered and Assessed Owner of Lots 5, 6, 7 and 9 to 12, 13 to 18, 23, 28, 40 and 50, Lake Street, City of Victoria.

To N. P. SNOWDEN, Equitable Mortgagee of Section 132, Lake District.

TAKE NOTICE that an application has been made to register Esther Theresa Campbell as the owner of the lots of above lands under Part 3 of the Act of the Assessor of the District of Victoria to be published in the Victoria Gazette on the 25th day of January, 1906, and the 7th day of March, 1906, and you are required to contact the claim of the said Trust Purchaser within sixty days from the first publication hereof.

DATED at the Land Registry Office, British Columbia, this 5th day of April, 1906.

S. Y. WOOTTON, Registrar-General.

First published the seventeenth day of April, 1906.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, 30 days after date, we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for special timber licenses to the following described lands:

NO. 1. Starting at a post placed on the right bank of the left branch of the Kokish River, V. I., about 10 miles from the mouth, and marked Smith & Landowner's S. E. Corner, thence running 90 chains North, thence 20 chains West, thence 40 chains North, thence 80 chains West, thence 80 chains South to point of commencement.

NO. 2. Starting at a post marked S. & L. S. E. Corner, planted on the West shore of Bonanza Lake, thence running 90 chains West, thence 100 chains North, more or less, to intersect South line of Claim No. 1, thence 60 chains East, more or less, to Lake Shore, thence following the line back to point of commencement.

NO. 3. Starting at a post marked S. & L. S. E. Corner, planted on the West shore of Bonanza Lake, thence running 90 chains West, thence 100 chains North, more or less, to intersect South line of Claim No. 1, thence 60 chains East, more or less, to Lake Shore, thence following the line back to point of commencement.

NO. 4. Starting at a post marked S. & L. S. E. Corner, planted on the West shore of Bonanza Lake, thence running 90 chains West, thence 100 chains North, more or less, to intersect South line of Claim No. 1, thence 60 chains East, more or less, to Lake Shore, thence following the line back to point of commencement.

(Signed) LAWRIE W. LANDOWNER, SURETY SMITH, spt

Alert Bay, B. C.

MINERAL ACT. (Form F)

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

W. A. E. Mineral Claim, situate Victoria Mining Division, Helmecken District, on Kokish River bank, in Helmecken District, on Vancouver Island.

Take notice that the Kokish Mining Company, Limited, Non-personal Liability, Free Miner's Certificate No. 18857, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificate of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 18th day of March, 1906.

WILLIAM FORRESTER, Local Director.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following land, situate on the north bank of the Copper River, about one mile and a half from the mouth: Commencing at a stake marked C. A. Bourne's S. E. Corner, thence running 90 chains West, thence 90 chains more or less to the Copper River, thence easterly along Copper River to point of commencement.

Skeena Canyon, B. C., February 4, 1906.

C. A. BOURNE, Agent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, sixty days after date, The Canadian Industrial Company, Limited, intends to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described fore-shore:

Commencing at a post at the Northwest corner of Lot 450, New Westminster District, thence Southwesterly, through high water mark to the Southwest corner post, thence easterly, an extension West and deep water pier, to a line drawn between said posts.

ANNAN & INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. April 19, 1906.

The Colonist.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C. A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

One year \$1.00 Six months .75 Three months .50 Sent postpaid to Canada, United Kingdom and United States.

PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME.

A correspondent, writing in another column, requests that we should continue the sermon we preached on a recent Sunday morning, taking for our text "So they hanged Haman on the gallows that he had prepared for Mordecai." Preaching, we may say, is not in our regular line, and if it were we do not believe that it is well to harp too much on one string. This is probably a fault of some persons whose regular avocation is preaching, and in the case of the Colonist our object was to promote peace, harmony and Christian charity rather than to foment trouble where too much trouble already existed. For that reason a number of letters on the subject were refused insertion. Now that the plaintiffs in the action have accomplished the object they had in view, which was in our opinion a legitimate object, viz., to establish the practice that ought to prevail according to the constitution of the Home, it is in the interests of that institution that the breach should be allowed to heal. It appeared almost anomalous in fact, it was anomalous—that there should be squabbling over the affairs of an orphanage, the very basis of which implied charity and goodwill. It is now settled that the election of officers must be held in a certain manner, and that the directors shall be comprised of a certain number of persons. The principle is laid down that there shall be no control by any element other than those whom the subscribers choose to place in authority. Any departure from that principle in the future must be sanctioned by the legislature. It behooves those, therefore, who have the real good of the institution at heart to settle their differences, sinking personal considerations, and to unite with that one object in view. Any other course of action would imply that it was dictated by motives not in accord with their professions. All we have to say in way of sermonizing is, let peace and brotherly love prevail.

RE BOARD OF TRADE.

A series of resolutions were presented at the Board of Trade on Friday respecting a line of work which was fully outlined in their text. Mr. Davies, the mover, at a previous meeting of the council and at the meeting in question spoke at some length in explanation of the resolutions, and in publicity to the facts in the quarters most desirable; and, second, that there should be at the Board of Trade building an exhibit of products, which would illustrate in a concrete way the resources of which there are statistical record obtained in the manner proposed. The matter was referred to the council of the board for further consideration, and we may hope to have a definite report on the same at an early date. It is proposed to have a sub-committee of 25 members, made up preferably of the younger element of the board, with duties supplementary to the regular duties of the organization. The scheme is one requiring careful consideration and one to be highly commended upon certain conditions. The work outlined will involve a great deal of unceasing labor in order to be made effective and valuable. It means considerable self-sacrifice so as to achieve a definite object. It should be undertaken only with a due sense of the responsibilities attaching to it. It should not be undertaken except with a full determination to carry out fully and completely the things that are proposed to be done, so that the outcome may not be to add to the graveyard of good resolutions from time to time made by the citizens of Victoria in one capacity or another and left unfulfilled.

In this connection it is highly desirable to refer to another and perhaps more important subject. There has just been received in the city of Victoria the report of the royal commission on transportation, which held sessions here last year, and also in Vancouver and New Westminster. It will be remembered that the Board of Trade of Victoria made representations upon a number of important matters affecting transportation conditions, and it may fairly be claimed that it is due to the statement presented by the special committee appointed for the purpose that the recommendations contained in the report have been made. These are given in another column, and are well

worthy of perusal. Whether they will be acted upon by the government is another question. Let us hope that the authorities will have a due appreciation of the responsibility of seriously considering the recommendations of a body appointed by themselves. The recommendations are altogether too important to be discussed editorially in one issue of the paper, and we propose to refer to them again. So far as this coast is concerned, they are both sweeping and to some extent radical in their character. One matter, to which the board has paid special attention, is dealt with in a very satisfactory manner. We refer to the abolition of compulsory pilotage at this port. In this respect the position of the board has been strongly sustained, and if the larger questions of the report cannot be dealt with for the present, there should at least be no delay in having this particular recommendation carried out. In every sense, however, the report of the commission on transportation, so far as this coast is concerned, at least so far as the general principles go—is very satisfactory, and the Board of Trade is to be highly commended for the success of its efforts in assisting towards that end.

THE NORTH ATLANTIC TRADING COMPANY.

The North Atlantic Trading Company, we state in reply to an enquiry for information, does not "trade" in the ordinary commercial sense of the term. It was formed for the purpose of exploiting the Dominion treasury, and as it had the "working" of that institution in view, it may be said to be industrial rather than commercial. There is, however, a suggestion of trafficking in the nature of the operations as well as in the name. We are really not in a position to give any more definite information on the subject than are members of the Dominion government, and would advise all correspondents to apply to Hon. Clifford Sifton, late minister of the Interior. The North Atlantic Trading Company seems to have been a special side line of his own, and with him associated two other, and with him associated in London, are W. T. R. Preston, Dominion Immigration agent in London, and James A. Smart, deputy minister of the Interior. Although presumably a Canadian industry, it has its head offices in Jersey, one of the "Silly" islands. If we remember rightly, not because the transactions of the company were in any sense silly, as with a capital of \$15,000 and a yearly expenditure of \$15,000, it has received nearly \$200,000. Readers will observe that it is really an extremely paying concern.

ONTARIO'S NEW MINING LAW.

The Ontario government is covering itself with legislative glory during the present session, commemorating that which truly Conservative in name and principle it is at the same time the most progressive government that Ontario ever possessed. The late Oliver Mowat, while in his prime, as the directing spirit of the administration of that province for a number of years, he did some admirable work in the way of codifying the laws and determining the rights of the province in constitutional matters, was not a constructive statesman. He was a great jurist. He had at various times along with him men of ability, but as a rule legal men with legal training and instincts, and without practical experience in the requirements of a province whose future depended upon the development of natural resources. Fortunately for the great province of Ontario, its population of farmers were capable of looking after their own interests, and were industrious and industriously required letting alone to work out their own destiny. Now, however, since a new part of the province is opening up and industrial conditions are greatly changing, entirely new problems have been forcing themselves upon the attention of the government. Among them are those dealing with the mining resources of the country, the water power and the educational requirements of the country in the light of later developments. Premier Whitney and his colleagues have grasped the situation in a comprehensive way and have been introducing a series of measures which have had the endorsement of the press of both parties of Ontario proud of their leaders.

We have not seen a copy of the new mining bill, but have seen a synopsis of its provisions. The only hostile criticism that has come so far regarding it is in that unctuous organ of decadent Liberalism, the Toronto Globe. It says with a good deal of concealed venom in its remarks that "it will serve no good purpose to say that it is modeled on the mining law of British Columbia," and with surprising knowledge of statesmanship demands that "if we must have a precedent, then we should go to the Transvaal for one, and not to British Columbia. Sagacious Paul Kruger showed that he was a real statesman when he insisted on 'use' as the only title to a mineral deposit. British Columbia has been recklessly prodigal in the alienation of her mineral wealth. The people of Ontario will never consent to borrow a policy that has been a handicap on the Pacific province ever since its adoption."

It is not at all wonderful that the Globe has ceased to exert an influence politically in Canada. Taking the Toronto News estimate of the bill, which will be preferred generally as an independent expression of opinion by the man who edited the Globe when it did exercise influence, we find the fol-

EGGS FOR THE MORROWS

While Eggs are cheap, preserve them for future use. Fifteen or Twenty-five cents invested in SHOTBOLT'S WATER GLASS now, and a few minutes of your time will save you dollars next winter. IT KEEPS THE EGGS FRESH. SHOTBOLT'S PIONEER DRUG STORE, 59 Johnson St., near Govrn't St. Electric Sign

Among (1) frontiersmen on the fringe of civilization, where auxiliary forces do not exist; (2) frontiersmen whose vocation fits them for military pursuits, but whom no military pay or career will induce to give up the free life and prospects of the frontier in time of peace; and (3) men debared by age or physical disqualifications from arduous military service, but nevertheless fitted by previous experience and training to act as advisers and guides.

The main proposals of the executive council are given in the pamphlet under notice. These are to be subject to such alterations or amendments as may from time to time be deemed necessary or advisable as the Legion grows and develops. It is proposed to have three classes of members, as follows: Class A.—Pledged to military service in time of war, if and when called upon. Class B.—Prepared to act as guides of local assistants and advisers, if and when called upon. Honorary—In sympathy with the aims and objects of the Legion. A scale of subscriptions has been prepared; under class A. members will be called upon to pay the lowest sum and honorary members the highest.

It is anticipated that in time of war the Legion of Frontiersmen, when fully organized, will at once be able to provide for the purposes of the Empire the defence in any part of the Empire following services: (a) Pioneers—craftsmen in all trades of military value. (b) Guides—men familiar with the seat of war, and the languages spoken therein. (c) Scouts. (d) Bodies of irregular horsemen or mounted rifles. Frontiersmen have their own system of traveling at great speed with a pack-transport and a herd of remounts. (e) An intelligence department.

The advantages of membership are considered to be: First—The establishment throughout the Empire of a friendly organization, whose members are united for a common Imperial cause, who can be known to one another by a distinctive badge, and who will be ready to act in unison when required. Second—The establishment of headquarters in London, and of a club, as funds permit, where members can enjoy the advantages of a central rallying place. Third—A system of organized sports, and of exhibitions of frontier skill in riding, shooting, packing and other war-like exercises.

Fourth—The right to efficient frontiersmen who may be selected for service in time of war of the same military status, pay, rations and allowances as obtain in the regular army, with such additional bonuses for any particular or daring work as may be specially allotted. Fifth—The gradual development of a mutual benefit association for members of the Legion.

The secretary, Mr. C. Cory Kernick, of 6 Adam street, Adelphi, London, W. C., is asking general co-operation in enrolling good men. He states that so far the organization has been promised some 6,000 subscribers, but since there are many thousands more free and qualified to join it is expected that fully 30,000 effective men will be enrolled.

NEW BRITISH COLUMBIA. The widespread interest in the coast and interior districts of British Columbia, aroused by the announcement of the construction of the Grand Trunk Pacific through those portions of the province, is manifested daily by the number of letters received by the Bureau of Provincial Information and other departments of the local government. So great was the demand for information during the past year that an edition of 10,000 bulletins descriptive of the undeveloped central and northern valleys has been completely exhausted, and it has been found necessary to publish a new and revised bulletin, the first number of which, fresh from the press, was laid out on our table yesterday.

The new bulletin, like those which have preceded it, is in appearance and typography a credit to the government printing bureau. The title, "New British Columbia," is most appropriate and was suggested by Premier McBride after a trip up the Skeena river last summer. The country so well described in the forty-six pages which the book contains is new in the sense of lack of knowledge of its extent and possibilities and the sparsity of its population, but every available source of information has been drawn upon in compiling the work. The introduction explains the object of the bulletin and the railway situation as follows: "The prospect of Central and Northern British Columbia being traversed by two transcontinental railways—the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Canadian Northern—has attracted world wide attention to those portions of the province and created such a demand for information that it is found necessary to publish a new bulletin, compiled from the latest available data, descriptive of the existing conditions and future prospects of New British Columbia. The present bulletin is a revision of Bulletin No. 9, of which five large editions have been distributed through this bureau, and in its compilation the experiences of many settlers who have established themselves in Bulkley, Ootsa Lake, Nechaco, Skeena River and other valleys have been freely

PAINTERS and ART DECORATORS MELROSE COMPANY, Ltd. 40 FORT STREET, Next to Five Sisters' Block, VICTORIA, B. C. "IF IT'S CORRECT, WE HAVE IT."

OUR GOLD MEAT COUNTER Macaroni and Cheese 15c Pork and Beans 15c Cold Chicken and a host of other things. DIXIE H. ROSS & CO. CASH GROCERS 111 GOVT. ST., VICTORIA. Telephone 1100. Wholesale You Get Good Things to Eat.

MISS ELLISON, NURSE MASSEUSE Garesche Block, 126 Yates St., Victoria. ELECTRIC LIGHT AND HEAT Massage and Vibration Treatment Cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sprains, Malaria, etc., successfully treated. Patients received for Confinement, Rest Cure, or Minor Operation. TELEPHONE 1110. While Visiting Victoria, B. C. Stay at the HOTEL VICTORIA Which is the most centrally located and best appointed Family Hotel in the city. Rates, \$1.50 per day up. American plan, and 60c up. European plan. WALTER MILLINGTON, Prop. Free Bus.

THE VICTORIA SEISMOGRAPH The following information has been obtained from the Victoria meteorological office, the times being at present only approximately given: The great San Francisco earthquake began at 5:15 Wednesday, the 18th instant; the maximum disturbance occurred at 5:18; the horizontal pendulum swinging clear across the photographic paper roll. At 10:09 a second quake took place, the maximum swing of the pendulum being one millimetre and occurring at 10:13. At 11:42 a third quake occurred; the maximum swing of the pendulum was small, being only half a millimetre, and occurring at 11:45:30. At 10:38 (1:38 p. m.) a fourth quake occurred. This disturbance, which is believed to be the Honolulu quake, was heavy, the maximum swing of the pendulum, which took place at 10:40, being four millimetres. At 10:09 a second quake took place, the maximum swing of the pendulum being one millimetre and occurring at 10:13. At 11:42 a third quake occurred; the maximum swing of the pendulum was small, being only half a millimetre, and occurring at 11:45:30. At 10:38 (1:38 p. m.) a fourth quake occurred. This disturbance, which is believed to be the Honolulu quake, was heavy, the maximum swing of the pendulum, which took place at 10:40, being four millimetres.

Cancer is Curable. The best evidence is THE TESTIMONY OF THE CURED. If interested, let us introduce you. The Western Medicine Co., Ltd. 74 Government St., Victoria, B. C.

CLEANS STRAW HATS An expenditure of 10 cents for a package of Bowes' Straw Hat Cleaner will save the expense of a new hat. Same price by mail. BOWES' Prescription Store, 98 GOVERNMENT ST., Near Yates St.

(From Friday) The Glanders on have been received in the city of Victoria, which from their horses there. The gov- ties consider the outbre- a special inspector, will deal with the case of Port Essington on will take the trail from

sale of Fruit Land- ant sales of fruit land- taken place in the Go- trict, which from their Victoria and their nat- have specially attracte- Eastern landowners, in- the prices at present, it means high, considering of the position and the of the soil. One fru- acres, 15 of which is u- ing trees of mature ge- cently sold for the m- \$8,000; while another, tent, realized \$4,000, th- both cases being East- and the present view of the very proba- values shortly and the of the many in the app- who, like themselves, v- the attractions of beaut-

Collins Was Arguing.— The disaster at San Fran- cisco, George D. Collins w- his case. He was before on the writ of habeas cor- port the week before. His argument, lasting for hour- his contention that he w- convicted of a crime, and he should go free. An argument in- by Assistant District At- torney Cook and the mat- ter for decision. Collins is a maze of technicalities that, if triable at all, h- should be on the charge on- a trial, and that until it- which he was brought ba- he was immune from an- other and subsequent g- that his conviction h- and elaborate typewrite- vening the return to the- been presented last year.

(From Saturday) Lake Service Open.— have received that the lat- son of the Canadian Pa- now open, the first steam- trip through the Great- Victoria or the other. Tri- sailings continued th-

South Africa Medals.— South Africa medals for Yeomanry Scouts and Ont- Applications for these med- be addressed to the assist- ordnance stores, (medic- ordnance), Woolwich, Eng- ned-by certificates.

News of Friends.—The representative who left for- by the steamer Tellus. Un- undertaken as far as pos- sible, and the fact that the- sufferers in the earthq- accompanying horrors. left at the hotel, and h- be forwarded to Oaklan- reach there as soon as Tel- lus.

Re Fishing Craft.—W- Co., of Hull, Eng., broke- and building of sea fishing- proposed transmittal. The- of the Colonist that they- number of first-class iron- craft to suit all buyers in- his list of very reasonable- invite correspondence an- scription of fishing craft- pertaining to ocean fish-

A Jim Hill Story.—Free Press in its issue- had the following: "A- Paul contractor, speaking- proposed transmittal. The- ern Canada, said: 'Hill- line in a hurry, unless- Pacific calls a halt on its- tentacles. Hill has had- at work for more than- has found a route th- settled portion of West-

A WOMAN'S B- THE MAINSPR- HER PHYSIC- SYSTEM. The Sil- Liable to Cause Year- Snuffing. No woman can be strong- unless the kidneys are well- their action. When the- the whole body is ill, for- the kidneys ought to have- blood are left in the sys- The female constitution- more subject to kidney d- man's; and what is more, a- is never done—her whole- tenuous strain. How many women have y- 'My, how my back aches!'- backache is one of the- kidney trouble. It is, and- tended to immediately. O- are frequent thirst, soaty, or highly colored urine, bur- highly urinating, or head- under the eyes, swelling- ankles, floating specks before- These symptoms if not tak- and a swelling of the kid- kidney suffering. All the- in fact, these diseases may- DOAN'S KIDNEY They get directly on the- make them strong and health- Mrs. Mary Galley, Auburn- 'For over four months I was- lame back and was unable- with help. I was induc- try Doan's Kidney Pills. Af- third of a box my back was- Price 50 cents per box or \$1.00 per dozen, or sent by- receipt of price. The Doan K- Toronto, Ont.

Local News

(From Friday's Daily.) The Glanders Outbreak.—Reports have been received from Bulkley valley...

Sale of Fruit Lands.—Some important sales of fruit lands have recently taken place in the Gordon Head district...

Break in Water Main.—A break in the water main on school street gave the residents of that district an unpleasant experience yesterday afternoon...

Runned Bank Change.—It was reported from Nanaimo yesterday that F. E. Main, manager of the Royal Bank of Canada in that city, had received notice of the appointment to the management of the branch in Victoria...

Collins was Arguing.—The day prior to disaster at San Francisco, on Tuesday, George D. Collins was again arguing his case. He was before Judge Murray on the writ of habeas corpus which he secured the week before last...

South Africa Medals.—The Queen's South Africa medals for the Imperial Yeomanry Scouts and Dominion Scouts Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the assistant director of ordnance stores (medical branch), royal arsenal, Woolwich, England...

Re Fishing Craft.—W. A. Massey & Co., of Hall, Eng., brokers for the sale and outfitting of fishing craft...

A Jim Hill Story.—The Windup Free Press in its issue of Tuesday last published the following prominent St. Paul contractor, speaking of J. J. Hill's proposed transcontinental through Western Canada...

Opposition Leader Seeks.—Mr. Boardman does not think there are any members of this House who do not cordially support the government in this proposal...

A WOMAN'S BACK IS THE MAINSPRING OF HER PHYSICAL SYSTEM. The Slightest Backache, if Neglected, is Liable to Cause Years of Terrible Suffering.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS They act directly on the kidneys, and make them strong and healthy. The Mrs. Mary Galley, Auburn, N.S., writes: "For over four months I was troubled with a back ache and was unable to turn in bed without help..."

up by two of his officials, Messrs. Smart and Preston, without the knowledge of parliament. Practically it covered a period of fifty years and involved at the least an expenditure of a million dollars...

A Concealed Falsehood Articles of association showed that its headquarters were in the island of Guernsey and that its capital was only three thousand pounds sterling...

An Unmitigated Fraud and a disgrace. He condemned the prime minister and the minister of finance for paying out of a company which was not a legal entity...

Mr. Foster Exposes Gross Imposture in Connection With Immigrants. To question as to when the order was sent, Mr. Oliver said Lord Strathcona was called on April 14th to notify the company...

Notice of Cancellation To question as to when the order was sent, Mr. Oliver said Lord Strathcona was called on April 14th to notify the company...

Mr. Oliver's Flight Reply. Mr. Boardman asked who members of the company are and who they were before the incorporation of the company...

Mr. Oliver said as conditions had changed there was a need of change of the mode of operation of immigration...

Mr. Oliver said as conditions had changed there was a need of change of the mode of operation of immigration...

Mr. Oliver said as conditions had changed there was a need of change of the mode of operation of immigration...

Mr. Oliver said as conditions had changed there was a need of change of the mode of operation of immigration...

Mr. Oliver said as conditions had changed there was a need of change of the mode of operation of immigration...

Mr. Oliver said as conditions had changed there was a need of change of the mode of operation of immigration...

Mr. Oliver said as conditions had changed there was a need of change of the mode of operation of immigration...

of their comrades, and their kindness to the chorus was highly appreciated. After the earthquake Miss. Eames and Miss. Sembrich found refuge at the handsome home of Dr. Harry Lewis...

They Tell of Their Experiences One Escapes in Underwear But With a Violin—Leave for the East. Oakland, April 21.—The members of the Metropolitan Opera company, of New York, all victims of the great disaster...

Describe Their Experiences When seen by an Associated Press representative in their special cars today the operatic stars gave an interesting account of their experiences...

When seen by an Associated Press representative in their special cars today the operatic stars gave an interesting account of their experiences...

When seen by an Associated Press representative in their special cars today the operatic stars gave an interesting account of their experiences...

When seen by an Associated Press representative in their special cars today the operatic stars gave an interesting account of their experiences...

When seen by an Associated Press representative in their special cars today the operatic stars gave an interesting account of their experiences...

When seen by an Associated Press representative in their special cars today the operatic stars gave an interesting account of their experiences...

When seen by an Associated Press representative in their special cars today the operatic stars gave an interesting account of their experiences...

When seen by an Associated Press representative in their special cars today the operatic stars gave an interesting account of their experiences...

When seen by an Associated Press representative in their special cars today the operatic stars gave an interesting account of their experiences...

When seen by an Associated Press representative in their special cars today the operatic stars gave an interesting account of their experiences...

When seen by an Associated Press representative in their special cars today the operatic stars gave an interesting account of their experiences...

of the earthquake here has some relation to the eruption of Vesuvius which occurred on the 23rd of April...

According to the tabular statement of the Pacific coast fire insurance business issued by the Coast Review for the year ending December 31st, 1905, the total premiums received in 1905...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

of the earthquake here has some relation to the eruption of Vesuvius which occurred on the 23rd of April...

According to the tabular statement of the Pacific coast fire insurance business issued by the Coast Review for the year ending December 31st, 1905, the total premiums received in 1905...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

of the earthquake here has some relation to the eruption of Vesuvius which occurred on the 23rd of April...

According to the tabular statement of the Pacific coast fire insurance business issued by the Coast Review for the year ending December 31st, 1905, the total premiums received in 1905...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

of the earthquake here has some relation to the eruption of Vesuvius which occurred on the 23rd of April...

According to the tabular statement of the Pacific coast fire insurance business issued by the Coast Review for the year ending December 31st, 1905, the total premiums received in 1905...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

of the earthquake here has some relation to the eruption of Vesuvius which occurred on the 23rd of April...

According to the tabular statement of the Pacific coast fire insurance business issued by the Coast Review for the year ending December 31st, 1905, the total premiums received in 1905...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

Portland, April 21.—My predominant thoughts, as I stood upon Oakland pier and looked across the bay and viewed the wreck and ruin that were being wrought in the once beautiful and majestic Queen City of the Pacific...

ECORATORS Ltd.

COUNTER

SS & CO.

ELLISON, NURSE MASSEUSE

TRIC LIGHT AND HEAT

assage and Vibration Treatment

of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Malaria, etc., successfully treated.

Telephone 1110.

Visiting Victoria, B. C.

HOTEL VICTORIA

The Spratt-Shaw Business University

ancouver, B. C.

er's Choice of 2 to 4 Post!

erly graduate. Students always in Great Demand.

Commercial, Pitman and Gregg Short-Hand, Typewriting on the six and eight machines, and Latin taught by competent specialists.

SPROTT, B. A., Principal. ROBERTS, G. A., Vice-Principal. SKINNER, Pitman Shorthand.

ancer is Curable.

Best evidence is THE TESTIMONY OF THE CURED. If interested, let us hear from you.

Western Medicine Co., Ltd.

Government St., Victoria, B. C.

PACIFIC COAST SEEDS

UIT and ORNAMENTAL TREES, EXHIBIT PLANTS, Floral Work, Industry, Catalogue free.

HENRY'S NURSERIES

Queen's South Africa Medals for "Imperial Yeomanry Scouts" and "Imperial Dominion Scouts" are now ready for issue.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

Applications for these decorations should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Ordnance Stores (Medical Branch), Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, London, S.E. 18, England.

A GREAT RUSH TO OAKLAND

Suburb Houses 50,000 Refugees From the Stricken City.

THE RESTAURANT PRICES RISE

Men and Women Throng Streets Showing Signs of Sleeplessness.

Oakland, Cal., April 20.—Refugees from San Francisco continued to pour into this suburb until a late hour tonight. While no one was taken from this side of the bay into San Francisco after 6 o'clock, the ferry-boats continued to land their cargo of humanity on this side.

Many harrowing stories of hardship were told by the refugees, women, in particular, having most pitiful experiences. One lady, the wife of an Associated Press employee, walked from the Western addition seven miles around the burned district and endured all sorts of hardships in order to reach the waterfront at North Beach, where she was taken aboard a tug and later transferred to an Oakland ferry-boat. She said that she had nothing to eat for almost two days and that her experience was not exceptional, but that there were tens of thousands of people far out on the hills toward the West beach in Golden Gate park, in vacant lots and along the North beach waterfront, without food or water. Many were seeking to reach the ferry, but thousands were camped in the hills and that the fire would soon exhaust itself and that they might be able to return to the place where their homes once stood, or to their houses, should they be so fortunate as to have one left.

Fought for Walnuts

In the extreme west end of the city the few grocery stores remaining open were being looted by hungry crowds and their supplies quickly exhausted. In one place two men fought over a bag of walnuts, the only food remaining in the store. It is said that a loaf of bread sold for \$1 and that soda crackers retailed at 10 cents apiece.

Oakland is feeling the effects tonight of the great influx of refugees from the burned city across the bay. Every restaurant in this city was "eaten out" by 8 o'clock tonight and the doors closed because no supplies could be had until morning. Thousands of people are wandering through the city seeking a place to sleep and there are few private homes left tonight that don't house a refugee from San Francisco.

There has been a great rush of people from Los Angeles and other California cities to this city, the first arriving here being residents of San Francisco who rushed back when they learned of the terrible calamity to their city. Hundreds of refugees who have certain the state of friends or to look after their material interests.

Both the Southern Pacific and the Santa Fe lines, south from Oakland brought in trains of refugees, and the few, if any of the passengers landed in Oakland have been able to reach the other side of the bay. Even those who did succeed in crossing the bay, the devastated city were unable to locate their families or their friends. As the fire swept westward toward the residence section, people were ordered to leave and sought safety wherever they could.

State militiamen and local police patrol the streets in the business section of Oakland tonight, and have established lines about the buildings damaged by the earthquake that are considered unsafe. There is absolutely no disorder or confusion in Oakland, notwithstanding the thousands of refugees who have been brought across the bay today.

Every train leaving Oakland is loaded to its utmost capacity with persons seeking to get away. Most of these are women and children, and they are being sent to various California cities until the situation is improved. Thousands are either on the way or seeking to secure transportation to Los Angeles, San Francisco and other cities where they are expected to find work. The railroad companies will refuse to bring in anyone who cannot show sufficient cause for coming here.

HOMELESS REFUGEES CROWD STREETS OF OAKLAND

Oakland, April 20.—Refugees continue to pour into Oakland until a late hour tonight. One lady, the wife of an Associated Press employee, walked from the Western addition seven miles around the burned district and endured all sorts of hardships in order to reach the waterfront at North Beach, where she was taken aboard a tug and transferred to an Oakland ferry-boat.

In the extreme west end of the city the few grocery stores remaining open were besieged by hungry crowds, and the supplies were quickly exhausted. In one place two men fought over a bag of walnuts, the only food remaining in the store. It is said a loaf of bread sold for a dollar, and soda crackers retailed at 10 cents apiece.

Every restaurant in Oakland was "eaten out" by 8 p. m. and the doors were closed because no supplies could be had until morning. Thousands of people are wandering through the city, seeking a place to sleep, and there are few private homes tonight that do not house a refugee from San Francisco. There has been a great rush of people from Los Angeles and other places in California to this vicinity, many of these arriving here being residents of San Francisco, who rushed back when they learned of the terrible calamity to their

OLD LANDMARKS ARE IN ASHES

Historic Structures and Monuments to California Progress Destroyed.

RARE ART TREASURES ARE LOST

Nothing But Debris Now Lies Where Magnificent Buildings Stood.

San Francisco, April 20.—Old landmarks, made famous by association with the early history of California, as well as the new monuments to the commercial prosperity of the California metropolis, have been wiped out of existence by the dreadful conflagration. One of the first buildings destroyed in the city was the old Palace, and personal losses in art treasures and other effects have been very great. The Hopkins Art Institute, located on Nob Hill, owned by the University of California and built by Mark Hopkins, was destroyed with its priceless contents. Close by were the Stanford mansion, the Huntington, the Flood and the Crocker mansions. All were swept away. These were the handsomest private residences in San Francisco, and were built by the men whose names they bear in the early days of the city's greatness, and who played such important roles in the development of the Pacific coast.

LOCAL SEISMOGRAPH RECORDS THE SHOCK

Meteorological Bureau Shows First Tremor Recorded at 5.16 a.m. Yesterday.

(From Thursday's Daily.) Considerable excitement was occasioned yesterday morning when the news of the earthquake which proved so disastrous to San Francisco was generally made known. The first news received in Victoria was in telegram to the Associated Press about 7 a. m. to the effect that following an earthquake shock all telegraph communication with San Francisco was stopped. The magnitude of the disaster was unknown, and several hysterical reports reached here.

When the news became more publicly known, that some disaster had occurred in San Francisco, the rumor was that the city was being destroyed. The news of the earthquake which proved so disastrous to San Francisco was generally made known. The first news received in Victoria was in telegram to the Associated Press about 7 a. m. to the effect that following an earthquake shock all telegraph communication with San Francisco was stopped. The magnitude of the disaster was unknown, and several hysterical reports reached here.

When the news became more publicly known, that some disaster had occurred in San Francisco, the rumor was that the city was being destroyed. The news of the earthquake which proved so disastrous to San Francisco was generally made known. The first news received in Victoria was in telegram to the Associated Press about 7 a. m. to the effect that following an earthquake shock all telegraph communication with San Francisco was stopped. The magnitude of the disaster was unknown, and several hysterical reports reached here.

When the news became more publicly known, that some disaster had occurred in San Francisco, the rumor was that the city was being destroyed. The news of the earthquake which proved so disastrous to San Francisco was generally made known. The first news received in Victoria was in telegram to the Associated Press about 7 a. m. to the effect that following an earthquake shock all telegraph communication with San Francisco was stopped. The magnitude of the disaster was unknown, and several hysterical reports reached here.

When the news became more publicly known, that some disaster had occurred in San Francisco, the rumor was that the city was being destroyed. The news of the earthquake which proved so disastrous to San Francisco was generally made known. The first news received in Victoria was in telegram to the Associated Press about 7 a. m. to the effect that following an earthquake shock all telegraph communication with San Francisco was stopped. The magnitude of the disaster was unknown, and several hysterical reports reached here.

When the news became more publicly known, that some disaster had occurred in San Francisco, the rumor was that the city was being destroyed. The news of the earthquake which proved so disastrous to San Francisco was generally made known. The first news received in Victoria was in telegram to the Associated Press about 7 a. m. to the effect that following an earthquake shock all telegraph communication with San Francisco was stopped. The magnitude of the disaster was unknown, and several hysterical reports reached here.

When the news became more publicly known, that some disaster had occurred in San Francisco, the rumor was that the city was being destroyed. The news of the earthquake which proved so disastrous to San Francisco was generally made known. The first news received in Victoria was in telegram to the Associated Press about 7 a. m. to the effect that following an earthquake shock all telegraph communication with San Francisco was stopped. The magnitude of the disaster was unknown, and several hysterical reports reached here.

When the news became more publicly known, that some disaster had occurred in San Francisco, the rumor was that the city was being destroyed. The news of the earthquake which proved so disastrous to San Francisco was generally made known. The first news received in Victoria was in telegram to the Associated Press about 7 a. m. to the effect that following an earthquake shock all telegraph communication with San Francisco was stopped. The magnitude of the disaster was unknown, and several hysterical reports reached here.

When the news became more publicly known, that some disaster had occurred in San Francisco, the rumor was that the city was being destroyed. The news of the earthquake which proved so disastrous to San Francisco was generally made known. The first news received in Victoria was in telegram to the Associated Press about 7 a. m. to the effect that following an earthquake shock all telegraph communication with San Francisco was stopped. The magnitude of the disaster was unknown, and several hysterical reports reached here.

When the news became more publicly known, that some disaster had occurred in San Francisco, the rumor was that the city was being destroyed. The news of the earthquake which proved so disastrous to San Francisco was generally made known. The first news received in Victoria was in telegram to the Associated Press about 7 a. m. to the effect that following an earthquake shock all telegraph communication with San Francisco was stopped. The magnitude of the disaster was unknown, and several hysterical reports reached here.

WILL SEND A CARLOAD OF SUPPLIES

The City Council Grant Sum for the Relief of the Sufferers.

WILL GO FORWARD THIS EVENING

Routine Business Is Dealt With at Regular Session of Council.

At the meeting of the city council last evening a special committee consisting of the city engineer, Mayor Morley, Aldermen Vincent and Davey was appointed to arrange a committee of business men to go forward with the relief fund. The council at the same time giving them power to expend up to \$1,000 a day from the regular business fund for the relief of the sufferers.

At the meeting of the city council last evening a special committee consisting of the city engineer, Mayor Morley, Aldermen Vincent and Davey was appointed to arrange a committee of business men to go forward with the relief fund. The council at the same time giving them power to expend up to \$1,000 a day from the regular business fund for the relief of the sufferers.

At the meeting of the city council last evening a special committee consisting of the city engineer, Mayor Morley, Aldermen Vincent and Davey was appointed to arrange a committee of business men to go forward with the relief fund. The council at the same time giving them power to expend up to \$1,000 a day from the regular business fund for the relief of the sufferers.

At the meeting of the city council last evening a special committee consisting of the city engineer, Mayor Morley, Aldermen Vincent and Davey was appointed to arrange a committee of business men to go forward with the relief fund. The council at the same time giving them power to expend up to \$1,000 a day from the regular business fund for the relief of the sufferers.

At the meeting of the city council last evening a special committee consisting of the city engineer, Mayor Morley, Aldermen Vincent and Davey was appointed to arrange a committee of business men to go forward with the relief fund. The council at the same time giving them power to expend up to \$1,000 a day from the regular business fund for the relief of the sufferers.

At the meeting of the city council last evening a special committee consisting of the city engineer, Mayor Morley, Aldermen Vincent and Davey was appointed to arrange a committee of business men to go forward with the relief fund. The council at the same time giving them power to expend up to \$1,000 a day from the regular business fund for the relief of the sufferers.

At the meeting of the city council last evening a special committee consisting of the city engineer, Mayor Morley, Aldermen Vincent and Davey was appointed to arrange a committee of business men to go forward with the relief fund. The council at the same time giving them power to expend up to \$1,000 a day from the regular business fund for the relief of the sufferers.

At the meeting of the city council last evening a special committee consisting of the city engineer, Mayor Morley, Aldermen Vincent and Davey was appointed to arrange a committee of business men to go forward with the relief fund. The council at the same time giving them power to expend up to \$1,000 a day from the regular business fund for the relief of the sufferers.

At the meeting of the city council last evening a special committee consisting of the city engineer, Mayor Morley, Aldermen Vincent and Davey was appointed to arrange a committee of business men to go forward with the relief fund. The council at the same time giving them power to expend up to \$1,000 a day from the regular business fund for the relief of the sufferers.

At the meeting of the city council last evening a special committee consisting of the city engineer, Mayor Morley, Aldermen Vincent and Davey was appointed to arrange a committee of business men to go forward with the relief fund. The council at the same time giving them power to expend up to \$1,000 a day from the regular business fund for the relief of the sufferers.

At the meeting of the city council last evening a special committee consisting of the city engineer, Mayor Morley, Aldermen Vincent and Davey was appointed to arrange a committee of business men to go forward with the relief fund. The council at the same time giving them power to expend up to \$1,000 a day from the regular business fund for the relief of the sufferers.

PRINCE ARTHUR VISITS SENATE AND COMMONS

His Royal Highness Lunches With Speaker and Attends Both Houses.

OTTAWA, April 19.—(Special)—

Prince Arthur of Connaught lunched with the speaker of the senate today, and afterwards visited both houses, and in session. The prince then viewed the high and public school children on Parliament square in the presence of the thousand spectators. Later he returned to the senate chamber and shook hands with members of both houses. Senator Scott led in the cheering when His Royal Highness returned. It was a strenuous afternoon, but the young fellow acquitted himself admirably. The state ball in the Prince's honor at Government House tonight was a brilliant affair, largely attended. Guests were present from all over Canada.

The beautiful St. Francis hotel, facing Union square, erected a cost of \$4,500,000 and a fireproof building, at California and Powell, the most conspicuous location in the city, are in ruins from the flames. The fire, which started in the city, was caused by a gas leak in the kitchen of the hotel. The fire spread rapidly and destroyed the building, which was one of the most magnificent structures in the city. The loss to the city is estimated at \$3,000,000, and named in honor of her father, the late Senator James J. Fair.

The magnificent group of buildings at Van Ness avenue and Hayes street of the St. Ignace college and cathedral, probably worth \$2,000,000, and St. Ignace church on Steiner street, near California, and the Emanuel synagogue, a handsome structure of the Oriental type, on Cutter street were wiped out.

The Hall of Justice, facing Portsmouth square and just east of Chinatown, was early a prey of the flames. Sweeping up the hillside the fire struck through Chinatown, the combustible material of the many structures being a perfect tinder. Up and on the west side of the city, the fire reached the residence portion. From Golden Gate to the northward, the Pacific street buildings were dynamited to stay the progress of the flames, but without avail. The heat was so intense that the surrounding buildings were scorched and the distance between them was filled with a wide paved space. Two blocks west of the mint stood the splendid new postoffice building, finished about six

months ago, and erected at a cost of \$2,000,000 for actual construction. It was the most beautiful building in the United States, said to have been equalled in architectural excellence only by the new congressional library at Washington.

Down in the older business section there were many old landmarks, but they exist no longer. The Occidental hotel on Montgomery street, 30 years the headquarters for army officers visiting San Francisco; the old Lick house, built by the philanthropist, James Lick; the old Russ house, also on Montgomery street; the Nevada National bank block, the Haywards building of California of ten stories; then to the eastward the splendid example of the severe Gothic style, the California National bank, the First National bank, the London & San Francisco on California street, the London, Paris & American bank, and the Bank of British North America on Sutter street; the large German-American Savings bank, also on California street—these are a few of the notable buildings destroyed in the city.

Among the splendid apartment houses destroyed are: The St. Augustine, the Alexander, the Victoria, and the Ellysium. On Sutter street—The Pleasanton, the Aberdeen, the Waldeck, the Granada. On Pine street—The Columbia, the Dufferin, the Hamilton, the Ellis, the Royal, the Hart, the Ascot and St. Catherine. On Geary street—The Knox, the St. George, the Ramona, the Alcide, the Gotham. On Taylor—The Abbey. On Eddy—The Abbott. On Broadway—The North and On Park—The Savoy. On Bush—The Plymouth.

Famous Restaurants Laid Low. San Francisco was famous for the excellence of its restaurants. Many of the names they bear in the early days of the city's greatness, and who played such important roles in the development of the Pacific coast.

Down near the business district, at the corner of Post street and Grant avenue, stood the Bohemian club, the most unique and one of the widest known social organizations in the world. Its membership lists include the names of many men who have achieved fame in art, literature and the commercial world. Its rooms were decorated with the works of artistic members, many of whose names are known wherever paintings are discussed, and many of them priceless in their associations.

Valuable Paintings Gone. Many of these were saved. The annual summer "jinks" of the Bohemian club, amidst sylvan scenes at Redwood Grove, is the most unique celebration known among the clubs. The building on an exhibition in the "jinks" room of the Bohemian club a dozen paintings by the old masters, including the "Lamentation" by Raphael and others, and probably worth \$100,000. These paintings, which were loaned for exhibition, were lost.

Further west on Post street, at the corner of Montgomery street, stood the oldest regularly organized athletic association in the United States, and famous for its appointments and for the number of its members. The building was worth \$300,000, and its furnishings were of the finest quality. Nothing remains but a mass of steel and iron. Million Dollar Building in Ruins. The great new Flood building, built by James Flood at a cost of \$4,000,000, and occupied about a year; the new Merchants Exchange building on California street, erected at a cost of \$1,000,000; the Crocker building at Montgomery and Market streets, a million dollar structure; the Mills building at Bush street, costing the city \$1,000,000; the new Spreckels building at Post street and Grant avenue, costing \$2,000,000, and occupied on April 1st by the largest jewelry store on the coast; the new Spreckels building at Post street and Grant avenue, costing \$2,000,000, and occupied on April 1st by the largest jewelry store on the coast.

INSURANCE COMPANIES NOT LEGALLY LIABLE

Litigation May Arise Over Fire Losses—Earthquake Not Covered.

THE RISKS ARE ABOUT \$250,000,000

Foreign Corporations Will Lose Heavily as Result of the Great Disaster.

Chicago, April 20.—Fire insurance companies had about \$250,000,000 of risks in the city of San Francisco, this estimate being based on the premiums received in 1905. The insurance situation there has been very peculiar. For years the Pacific Coast has been the best profit-producer of the coast. Its loss ratio for a period of years has been the lowest, less than 25 per cent. of any other city in the country, in spite of an unusual proportion of frame construction. Today's losses, however, will more than wipe out all the profit for the last 50 years, just to the company figuring interests will never get even on Chicago business for the losses in the great fire here.

Enjoyed Very Low Rate. As a result of this unusually favorable experience rates were made very liberal. On the other hand, the proportion of insurance to value was usually small, because of the long immunity from heavy losses, and also because there is no co-insurance rule in other cities, requiring the owner to carry a certain proportion of insurance to value. It was also required to be 80 per cent, except on preferred business.

One example of the custom on the Coast was furnished by the recent loss of the fireproof Chronicle building. The summer when the tower was set on fire by a skyrocket. The value was about \$500,000, and only \$15,000 insurance was carried. Although the owner carried similar losses that might result from fire started in the rooms, depending upon the fireproof construction to prevent any serious damage.

No Buildings Fireproof. This, however, overlooked the conflagration hazard as the experience on fireproof buildings at Baltimore was that the losses ran from 50 to 75 per cent. The total San Francisco premiums in 1905 were \$2,985,540, of which \$1,046,710 was written in American companies, and \$1,938,830 in foreign companies. The latter proportion is much larger than that held by foreign companies in the country at large, and the fact that the San Francisco fire insurance companies have developed the Coast business. Several companies that are never heard of in this part of the country are large writers on the Pacific coast.

The Rhine & Moselle, for instance, which writes nowhere but on the Pacific coast, had \$1,000,000 in risks in San Francisco, standing eighth in the list. There were 105 fire companies doing business in the state last year. The situation of the Firemen's Fund, which is the leading San Francisco company, it was generally supposed that it could have the largest amount at risk, but, in fact, it stands third. An unusual proportion of its liability, too, is on preferred business, dwellings and other classes of property, which is a home company, it having been trimming its lines in the business district, where most of the loss was suffered.

In this way alone will the bankers of San Francisco feel the effects of the earthquake on their business. Jacob Furth says: "The loss to the San Francisco banking interests will only be temporary."

"The banks of that city are strong, and even runs on them would fall to sleep."

Mr. Furth thinks that the destruction of San Francisco's machine manufacturing and woolen mills will cause a large demand for woolen to those of Oregon and the machinery of Seattle. He does not believe that transportation facilities will be affected, but that the loss of insurance money will now be drawn from the East to make good the losses of the people of the Pacific coast city.

E. C. Wagner, the Seattle branch manager of the Bank of California, is not alarmed about the matter. The interests of the bank, and indeed of San Francisco banking in general, are perfectly safe, he says.

The directors of the Bank of California had \$7,000,000 in the vaults, a very large amount of which lay in the vaults. Those vaults are absolutely safe. They are similar to those that withstood the ravages of the fire at Baltimore.

USELESS LINIMENTS. Are being fast driven off the market by the overpowering merit of Polson's Nervine, which is found in a quart of ordinary remedies. Full of pain-subduing properties, it is the best liniment for rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago is unsurpassed. Polson's Nervine is without question the best liniment made. For nearly a year a staple in every drug store; get a 25c. bottle of Nervine at once.

VAULTS OF THE BANKS WILL PROTECT MONEY

Bankers Speak Optimistically Regarding Effect on Banking at San Francisco.

Seattle, April 19.—

The effect of the destruction of the San Francisco catastrophe on the banking interests of that city and of the Pacific coast in general will only be, at the most, of a temporary nature, is the opinion of men prominent in banking in this city.

Though much money was undoubtedly deposited there, the vaults of the institutions there is no reason whatever to fear that the least loss will result, as the vaults are perfectly fireproof, and, however, will evidently divert a great part of that city's trade.

Business men believe that the trans-continental and transpacific trade will not be affected, but that the loss of insurance money will now be drawn from the East to make good the losses of the people of the Pacific coast city.

Mr. Furth thinks that the destruction of San Francisco's machine manufacturing and woolen mills will cause a large demand for woolen to those of Oregon and the machinery of Seattle. He does not believe that transportation facilities will be affected, but that the loss of insurance money will now be drawn from the East to make good the losses of the people of the Pacific coast city.

E. C. Wagner, the Seattle branch manager of the Bank of California, is not alarmed about the matter. The interests of the bank, and indeed of San Francisco banking in general, are perfectly safe, he says.

The directors of the Bank of California had \$7,000,000 in the vaults, a very large amount of which lay in the vaults. Those vaults are absolutely safe. They are similar to those that withstood the ravages of the fire at Baltimore.

USELESS LINIMENTS. Are being fast driven off the market by the overpowering merit of Polson's Nervine, which is found in a quart of ordinary remedies. Full of pain-subduing properties, it is the best liniment for rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago is unsurpassed. Polson's Nervine is without question the best liniment made. For nearly a year a staple in every drug store; get a 25c. bottle of Nervine at once.

MONKEY BRAND SOAP makes copper like gold, tin like silver, crockery like marble, and windows like crystal.

NOT LEGALLY LIABLE

Litigation May Arise Over Fire Losses—Earthquake Not Covered.

THE RISKS ARE ABOUT \$250,000,000

Foreign Corporations Will Lose Heavily as Result of the Great Disaster.

Chicago, April 20.—Fire insurance companies had about \$250,000,000 of risks in the city of San Francisco, this estimate being based on the premiums received in 1905. The insurance situation there has been very peculiar. For years the Pacific Coast has been the best profit-producer of the coast. Its loss ratio for a period of years has been the lowest, less than 25 per cent. of any other city in the country, in spite of an unusual proportion of frame construction. Today's losses, however, will more than wipe out all the profit for the last 50 years, just to the company figuring interests will never get even on Chicago business for the losses in the great fire here.

Enjoyed Very Low Rate. As a result of this unusually favorable experience rates were made very liberal. On the other hand, the proportion of insurance to value was usually small, because of the long immunity from heavy losses, and also because there is no co-insurance rule in other cities, requiring the owner to carry a certain proportion of insurance to value. It was also required to be 80 per cent, except on preferred business.

One example of the custom on the Coast was furnished by the recent loss of the fireproof Chronicle building. The summer when the tower was set on fire by a skyrocket. The value was about \$500,000, and only \$15,000 insurance was carried. Although the owner carried similar losses that might result from fire started in the rooms, depending upon the fireproof construction to prevent any serious damage.

No Buildings Fireproof. This, however, overlooked the conflagration hazard as the experience on fireproof buildings at Baltimore was that the losses ran from 50 to 75 per cent. The total San Francisco premiums in 1905 were \$2,985,540, of which \$1,046,710 was written in American companies, and \$1,938,830 in foreign companies. The latter proportion is much larger than that held by foreign companies in the country at large, and the fact that the San Francisco fire insurance companies have developed the Coast business. Several companies that are never heard of in this part of the country are large writers on the Pacific coast.

The Rhine & Moselle, for instance, which writes nowhere but on the Pacific coast, had \$1,000,000 in risks in San Francisco, standing eighth in the list. There were 105 fire companies doing business in the state last year. The situation of the Firemen's Fund, which is the leading San Francisco company, it was generally supposed that it could have the largest amount at risk, but, in fact, it stands third. An unusual proportion of its liability, too, is on preferred business, dwellings and other classes of property, which is a home company, it having been trimming its lines in the business district, where most of the loss was suffered.

In this way alone will the bankers of San Francisco feel the effects of the earthquake on their business. Jacob Furth says: "The loss to the San Francisco banking interests will only be temporary."

"The banks of that city are strong, and even runs on them would fall to sleep."

Mr. Furth thinks that the destruction of San Francisco's machine manufacturing and woolen mills will cause a large demand for woolen to those of Oregon and the machinery of Seattle. He does not believe that transportation facilities will be affected, but that the loss of insurance money will now be drawn from the East to make good the losses of the people of the Pacific coast city.

E. C. Wagner, the Seattle branch manager of the Bank of California, is not alarmed about the matter. The interests of the bank, and indeed of San Francisco banking in general, are perfectly safe, he says.

The directors of the Bank of California had \$7,000,000 in the vaults, a very large amount of which lay in the vaults. Those vaults are absolutely safe. They are similar to those that withstood the ravages of the fire at Baltimore.

USELESS LINIMENTS. Are being fast driven off the market by the overpowering merit of Polson's Nervine, which is found in a quart of ordinary remedies. Full of pain-subduing properties, it is the best liniment for rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago is unsurpassed. Polson's Nervine is without question the best liniment made. For nearly a year a staple in every drug store; get a 25c. bottle of Nervine at once.

MONKEY BRAND SOAP

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

MAKES COPPER LIKE GOLD, TIN LIKE SILVER, CROCKERY LIKE MARBLE, AND WINDOWS LIKE CRYSTAL.

INSURANCE COMPANIES NOT LEGALLY LIABLE
Ligation May Arise Over Fire Losses—Earthquake Not Covered.
RISKS ARE ABOUT \$250,000,000

Foreign Corporations Will Lose Heavily as Result of the Great Disaster.

Chicago, April 20.—Fire insurance companies had about \$250,000,000 of assets in the city of San Francisco, this estimate being based on the premiums received in 1905. The insurance situation there has been very peculiar. For years the Pacific Coast has been the section of the country and the only one which could be depended upon for ready profits year in and year out. San Francisco has been the best producer of the Coast.

The loss ratio for a period of years has been the lowest, less than 25 per cent, in any other city in the country, in fact of an unusual proportion of fire insurance. Today's losses, however, more than wipe out all the profit of the last 50 years, just as the losses, figuring interest, will never get on Chicago business for the losses of the great fire here.

Enjoyed Very Low Rate
As a result of this unusually favorable experience rates were low in San Francisco, and all the companies wrote liberally. On the other hand, the portion of insurance to value was unusually small, partly because of the evidence resulting from long inquiry from heavy losses, and also because there is no insurance clause in there as is the case in other large cities, requiring the owner to carry a proportion of insurance to value. Although this requirement is 80 per cent except on preferred business.

No Buildings Fireproof
An example of the custom on the coast was furnished by the recent fire in the fireproof Chronicle building last winter when the tower was set on fire by a skyrocket. The value was about \$100,000, and only \$15,000 insurance carried, just sufficient to cover any losses that might result from fires in the room, depending upon the fireproof construction to prevent any damage.

Overlooked the Condition

As a result of this oversight, the condition of the buildings at Baltimore were losses ran from 50 to 70 per cent. The total San Francisco fire losses were \$2,985,540, of which \$1,710 was written in American companies and \$1,340,830 in foreign companies. The latter figure is much more than that held by foreign companies in the country at large, as they have specially developed the coast business. Several companies that are heard of in this part of the country are large writers on the Pacific coast.

Life Companies Hard Hit
The Chicago representatives from any San Francisco companies, owing to the lack of wires, it is expected that life and casualty companies will be hit. The Pacific Mutual, which recently amalgamated with the Continental of Los Angeles, will be a donor, as the Pacific Mutual wrote life and accident insurance. It had the largest business on the Coast last year.

Not Liable Under Policies
Some very interesting questions of liability will grow out of the earthquake subsequent fires. The policy explicitly provides that there shall be no liability when a building falls. The reads as follows:

...of a building or any part thereof falls, as a result of fire, all insurance contracts on such building or its contents shall immediately cease.

THE CHRONICLES OF DON Q.

BY K. and HASKELL PRITCHARD.

(COPYRIGHT BY PEARSON PUBLISHING CO. AND CANADA NEWSPAPER SYNDICATE.)



(Copyright by Pearson Pub. Co.)

Time went on for a long period in the mountains as serenely as of old. The executive had deprived Malanda of his appointment, but otherwise the master of dealing with Don Q. was the same. The letters were written in the usual series of captives continued to appear in the Boca de Lobo, but although most of them were satisfactory from a financial point of view, it chanced that not one presented any qualities of interest in the eyes of Don Q., until a certain Mr. George McCorkadale, whose name was emblazoned in the bourses of the two hemispheres—blundered into the wide-cast net of the robber chief.

Though a naturalized Englishman, he had been born and bred in Cuba. He early crossed to Brazil for larger facilities of trade; later New York and London knew him well. There was, in fact, nothing Scottish about him but his name and his extraordinary business instinct. He was one of the few who, starting well equipped in life with a large banking account and an excellent share in a profitable business, have refused to sink back upon the couch of ease offered to them by circumstances.

Born rich, and at 35—he was hard at work, and at 35—the age at which he visited Spain—he had contrived to roll the ball of his fortunes through so much of the mud of the world's wealth that he had become one of the money kings of the day.

Already inclined to fleshiness, and over-awfully, he yet possessed in a pronounced degree the type of good looks characteristic of the Spanish colonies. It was commonly reported that he had never met his match at a bargain or as a prophet of the weather changes of the financial world. But his most brilliant quality was said to be the capaciousness of his mind. Those who knew him best declared that, if he had gathered all the wealth of the universe in his pocket, with the exception of a single dollar note, he would know no rest until he had somehow acquired that last dollar also. Under those conditions of life, or lacking some share of his irrepressible cold greed, he could be conceived a gambler. In fact, he was a gambler, but with accurate knowledge, power and pull on his side—a peril to his generation of the most modern kind.

Such was the man who in an interval, in a lull in his electric career, chose to go motoring in Spain. He took one or two friends that he was feeling the strain of business, and then slipped quietly away to join his yacht at Vigo. As a matter of fact, he was in the position of a hunter who has set a snare and waits out of sight for his quarry to fall into it. He had engineered with skill and consummate completeness a corner in the human necessity, corn. Never before had he held so strong a hand in the destinies of the world. To be absent while his enormous transactions worked out their appointed issue was a part of his scheme. He foresaw a possible amount of embarrassment when those most concerned saw his net closing over them. He resolved to go away for a holiday and leave time to play his hand for him. So, having forced even time to his own uses, he disappeared to await the moment when he meant return for his final coup and victory.

At the pasada in the village, esse

pen to you, it will give my inn a bad name."
But opposition was the salt of life to McCorkadale. His eyes gleamed. "What is your good name to me?" he asked, with a laugh.

"Thrim-thrim-thrim! The guitar I wanted a dancing measure. In my opinion there was the crisp, melodious rattle of castanets, the circle about the fire broke up, and in the clear space two couples were dancing, the girls swaying gracefully as mandow grasses, with many delicate steps, swift and involved.

McCorkadale watched them, a glow came over his face. Then he sprang to his feet, thrust aside one of the young men, and took his place as partner in the dance. There was a suppressed scuffle behind him as the cazador leaped forward, brandishing a knife thrust aimed at the Cuban's back. The ousted partner, a young shepherd, turned in hot blood on the hunter.

"Be content, Estaban: my lord desires him," said Robledo loftily. "In these dances partners advance and retreat, circle and bend, each moving in relation to the other, but separately, without contact even of the hands. McCorkadale took his partner by the waist and whirled her; the music quickened he caught the round in a rough wait.

He fancied he heard a growl from the spectators, but the dance hurried to an end and a black-browed man at once came up to tell him that the cazador had already departed to locate the quarry for his excellent pleasure.

In the forenoon of the next day Wilson from his couch by the wall watched McCorkadale ride away to the mountains with Robledo and one or two others. The innkeeper turned in from the doorway.

"George McCorkadale, most entirely at your service," the gentleman of that name was saying as he swept his hat in an elaborate bow across his feet. "McCorkadale, Don Q. repeated slowly, gazing at the white-faced opposite, "and an Englishman? Yet that turn of the wrist was surely learned beyond the sound of the Spanish triangle."

"I have heard many stories of this fellow," McCorkadale joined in. "The man is a contemptuous manner peculiar to him. Tell me his last exploit."

The innkeeper, a thin, dark, wiry mountaineer, glanced furtively round at the men gathered in the room and shook his head.

"You have the nerves," the patron, he said, "look as if you know more than I. Every one warns me of the nature of the sierra, yet you, who live under the shadow of its peak, know nothing of him."

"The lord of the sierra dwells up there in truth," he waved his hand toward the north—"but he will fall like ourselves speak little of him."

"I am curious to see him; I wish he would at this moment enter by your door!"

"The saints forbid, sense!" put in the priest. "You know not what you say. Without question you are a rich and a great man, but the lord of the sierra demands more than a ransom sometimes."

McCorkadale snapped his fingers. "Patron, you shall hire me a mule tomorrow, and I will ride into the mountains to look for Don Q."

"You must, then, buy the mule at its full price, excellency," replied the innkeeper sullenly, "for I am a poor man, and I shall never set eyes on it or you any more."

The Cuban laughed, yawned, stretching his arms over his head. "Have no fear, patron; I do not believe in your brigandage. I have met the brigand, and he is a terrible man. I will ride back into Malaga."

As he spoke someone struck a guitar and began to sing. Verse by verse it flowed—a pathetic song of love and parting. Then another voice followed, in an altered rhythm, the singer improvising as Spaniards commonly do, with a witty allusion to the stranger who, mistaking the quobranza-huesos for a parrot, would go up into the sierra to scratch his head.

A handsome young man, in the worn, leather accoutrements of a mountaineer, with a scarlet waistband, who had been dozing in a corner, an ancient fowling piece propped between his knees, now woke up, and, seizing the guitar, chanted out a hunting song in praise of the wild boar and the 'oys of bringing him to bay in some deep thicket under the human necessity, corn.

The company was visibly stirred. "Any boars to be had hereabouts?" McCorkadale asked with interest.

A chorus answered him. Robledo, the singer, was himself a cazador—two hunters who had killed many boars. There were also roeder and foxes up there in the gorges. But Robledo, in spite of the Cuban's brusque urging and offers of good payment, hung back at first, though after some persuasion, he promised to arrange a hunt for his excellency.

Under cover of a surge of talk, the innkeeper brushed past the Cuban, "Do not go, señor," he said in a low voice. "It is dangerous to hunt wild boars. If anything should hap-

pen to you, it will give my inn a bad name."
McCorkadale turned the dark red of a swarthy man.

"In spite of your exile you seem to gather some news up here," he remarked, dropping his dobanar manner.

"I flatter myself that it is so," agreed Don Q., with much amiability. "I count myself fortunate in meeting you. At one time or another members of various professions have honored me here in the mountains—sportsmen, doctors, politicians and so on; but never before a millionaire. They came to me in various ways—by rail, by carriage, on foot, and on horseback. But you, señor, outdid them all by rushing headlong into my domains in an automobile."

"Ah, the scoundrel!" said McCorkadale, "You've got the better of this trip. Well, I must communicate with my secretary. This ransom will take some time to collect, adding to himself, "but must be obtained if ever you finger a penny of it."

It was the evening of the second day. Don Q. and his guests were sitting within the cave over cigarettes and cigars. The conversation, touched on many points, lingered long on present-day financial methods. McCorkadale had explained the nature of his business and "corner." He had also admitted that such combinations stifle legitimate trade, that companies to absorb any special line could be engineered with the effect of varying small traders out of the lawful share of business. A description of the corner in corn was given, though its promoter modestly omitted to mention his interest in the operation.

Don Q. listened with attention. "It would appear from much that you have been good enough to tell me, señor, that business is a cloak for many sorcs," he remarked.

McCorkadale showed his white teeth in a complacent grin. "Business is a cloak for many sorcs, as long as the sorcs is on the back of another man," he replied.

Don Q. eyed him broadly. "The chief smiled, his teeth gleamed, and as the matter was led to a marked degree from the general-ity of individuals who occupied that position."

The bear hunt had resolved itself into a trap for the hunter. When McCorkadale arrived at the patch of level ground shut in by steep cliffs and brushwood, he was assured he was assured was excellent ground for pig—the men had closed in about him, he grasped at the rifle slung behind his saddle, and put outside the pale of the law, whereby those of whom you speak spend their lives in robbing the poor, and yet are respected and praised. How is this?"

"The matter of luck, I suppose," responded the other indifferently. "But there is something I want to talk over with you. Just reconsider the matter of ransom—\$50,000 is a long price."

Don Q. rose abruptly. "At the end of the week, señor, when we have come to know one another, we will speak of it again."

"But the delay is absurd!" exclaimed McCorkadale angrily. "I cannot permit it to last."

Don Q. eyed him steadily. "There are two courses open to you," he said slowly. "Either you remain as my guest, in which case I am sure you will respect my preferences, or you will become the guest of my children in the valley, who will, I fear, not be likely to respect your wishes."

McCorkadale turned the dark red of a swarthy man.

"In spite of your exile you seem to gather some news up here," he remarked, dropping his dobanar manner.

"I flatter myself that it is so," agreed Don Q., with much amiability. "I count myself fortunate in meeting you. At one time or another members of various professions have honored me here in the mountains—sportsmen, doctors, politicians and so on; but never before a millionaire. They came to me in various ways—by rail, by carriage, on foot, and on horseback. But you, señor, outdid them all by rushing headlong into my domains in an automobile."

"Ah, the scoundrel!" said McCorkadale, "You've got the better of this trip. Well, I must communicate with my secretary. This ransom will take some time to collect, adding to himself, "but must be obtained if ever you finger a penny of it."

It was the evening of the second day. Don Q. and his guests were sitting within the cave over cigarettes and cigars. The conversation, touched on many points, lingered long on present-day financial methods. McCorkadale had explained the nature of his business and "corner." He had also admitted that such combinations stifle legitimate trade, that companies to absorb any special line could be engineered with the effect of varying small traders out of the lawful share of business. A description of the corner in corn was given, though its promoter modestly omitted to mention his interest in the operation.

Don Q. listened with attention. "It would appear from much that you have been good enough to tell me, señor, that business is a cloak for many sorcs," he remarked.

McCorkadale showed his white teeth in a complacent grin. "Business is a cloak for many sorcs, as long as the sorcs is on the back of another man," he replied.

Don Q. eyed him broadly. "The chief smiled, his teeth gleamed, and as the matter was led to a marked degree from the general-ity of individuals who occupied that position."

The bear hunt had resolved itself into a trap for the hunter. When McCorkadale arrived at the patch of level ground shut in by steep cliffs and brushwood, he was assured he was assured was excellent ground for pig—the men had closed in about him, he grasped at the rifle slung behind his saddle, and put outside the pale of the law, whereby those of whom you speak spend their lives in robbing the poor, and yet are respected and praised. How is this?"

"The matter of luck, I suppose," responded the other indifferently. "But there is something I want to talk over with you. Just reconsider the matter of ransom—\$50,000 is a long price."

Don Q. rose abruptly. "At the end of the week, señor, when we have come to know one another, we will speak of it again."

"But the delay is absurd!" exclaimed McCorkadale angrily. "I cannot permit it to last."

Don Q. eyed him steadily. "There are two courses open to you," he said slowly. "Either you remain as my guest, in which case I am sure you will respect my preferences, or you will become the guest of my children in the valley, who will, I fear, not be likely to respect your wishes."

McCorkadale turned the dark red of a swarthy man.

"In spite of your exile you seem to gather some news up here," he remarked, dropping his dobanar manner.

"I flatter myself that it is so," agreed Don Q., with much amiability. "I count myself fortunate in meeting you. At one time or another members of various professions have honored me here in the mountains—sportsmen, doctors, politicians and so on; but never before a millionaire. They came to me in various ways—by rail, by carriage, on foot, and on horseback. But you, señor, outdid them all by rushing headlong into my domains in an automobile."

"Ah, the scoundrel!" said McCorkadale, "You've got the better of this trip. Well, I must communicate with my secretary. This ransom will take some time to collect, adding to himself, "but must be obtained if ever you finger a penny of it."

It was the evening of the second day. Don Q. and his guests were sitting within the cave over cigarettes and cigars. The conversation, touched on many points, lingered long on present-day financial methods. McCorkadale had explained the nature of his business and "corner." He had also admitted that such combinations stifle legitimate trade, that companies to absorb any special line could be engineered with the effect of varying small traders out of the lawful share of business. A description of the corner in corn was given, though its promoter modestly omitted to mention his interest in the operation.

Don Q. listened with attention. "It would appear from much that you have been good enough to tell me, señor, that business is a cloak for many sorcs," he remarked.

McCorkadale showed his white teeth in a complacent grin. "Business is a cloak for many sorcs, as long as the sorcs is on the back of another man," he replied.

Don Q. eyed him broadly. "The chief smiled, his teeth gleamed, and as the matter was led to a marked degree from the general-ity of individuals who occupied that position."

The bear hunt had resolved itself into a trap for the hunter. When McCorkadale arrived at the patch of level ground shut in by steep cliffs and brushwood, he was assured he was assured was excellent ground for pig—the men had closed in about him, he grasped at the rifle slung behind his saddle, and put outside the pale of the law, whereby those of whom you speak spend their lives in robbing the poor, and yet are respected and praised. How is this?"

"The matter of luck, I suppose," responded the other indifferently. "But there is something I want to talk over with you. Just reconsider the matter of ransom—\$50,000 is a long price."

Don Q. rose abruptly. "At the end of the week, señor, when we have come to know one another, we will speak of it again."

"But the delay is absurd!" exclaimed McCorkadale angrily. "I cannot permit it to last."

Don Q. eyed him steadily. "There are two courses open to you," he said slowly. "Either you remain as my guest, in which case I am sure you will respect my preferences, or you will become the guest of my children in the valley, who will, I fear, not be likely to respect your wishes."

McCorkadale turned the dark red of a swarthy man.

"In spite of your exile you seem to gather some news up here," he remarked, dropping his dobanar manner.

"I flatter myself that it is so," agreed Don Q., with much amiability. "I count myself fortunate in meeting you. At one time or another members of various professions have honored me here in the mountains—sportsmen, doctors, politicians and so on; but never before a millionaire. They came to me in various ways—by rail, by carriage, on foot, and on horseback. But you, señor, outdid them all by rushing headlong into my domains in an automobile."

"Ah, the scoundrel!" said McCorkadale, "You've got the better of this trip. Well, I must communicate with my secretary. This ransom will take some time to collect, adding to himself, "but must be obtained if ever you finger a penny of it."

It was the evening of the second day. Don Q. and his guests were sitting within the cave over cigarettes and cigars. The conversation, touched on many points, lingered long on present-day financial methods. McCorkadale had explained the nature of his business and "corner." He had also admitted that such combinations stifle legitimate trade, that companies to absorb any special line could be engineered with the effect of varying small traders out of the lawful share of business. A description of the corner in corn was given, though its promoter modestly omitted to mention his interest in the operation.

Don Q. listened with attention. "It would appear from much that you have been good enough to tell me, señor, that business is a cloak for many sorcs," he remarked.

McCorkadale showed his white teeth in a complacent grin. "Business is a cloak for many sorcs, as long as the sorcs is on the back of another man," he replied.

Don Q. eyed him broadly. "The chief smiled, his teeth gleamed, and as the matter was led to a marked degree from the general-ity of individuals who occupied that position."

The bear hunt had resolved itself into a trap for the hunter. When McCorkadale arrived at the patch of level ground shut in by steep cliffs and brushwood, he was assured he was assured was excellent ground for pig—the men had closed in about him, he grasped at the rifle slung behind his saddle, and put outside the pale of the law, whereby those of whom you speak spend their lives in robbing the poor, and yet are respected and praised. How is this?"

"The matter of luck, I suppose," responded the other indifferently. "But there is something I want to talk over with you. Just reconsider the matter of ransom—\$50,000 is a long price."

Don Q. rose abruptly. "At the end of the week, señor, when we have come to know one another, we will speak of it again."

"But the delay is absurd!" exclaimed McCorkadale angrily. "I cannot permit it to last."

Don Q. eyed him steadily. "There are two courses open to you," he said slowly. "Either you remain as my guest, in which case I am sure you will respect my preferences, or you will become the guest of my children in the valley, who will, I fear, not be likely to respect your wishes."

NO. VII.

A KING OF FINANCE.

McCorkadale turned the dark red of a swarthy man.

"In spite of your exile you seem to gather some news up here," he remarked, dropping his dobanar manner.

"I flatter myself that it is so," agreed Don Q., with much amiability. "I count myself fortunate in meeting you. At one time or another members of various professions have honored me here in the mountains—sportsmen, doctors, politicians and so on; but never before a millionaire. They came to me in various ways—by rail, by carriage, on foot, and on horseback. But you, señor, outdid them all by rushing headlong into my domains in an automobile."

"Ah, the scoundrel!" said McCorkadale, "You've got the better of this trip. Well, I must communicate with my secretary. This ransom will take some time to collect, adding to himself, "but must be obtained if ever you finger a penny of it."

It was the evening of the second day. Don Q. and his guests were sitting within the cave over cigarettes and cigars. The conversation, touched on many points, lingered long on present-day financial methods. McCorkadale had explained the nature of his business and "corner." He had also admitted that such combinations stifle legitimate trade, that companies to absorb any special line could be engineered with the effect of varying small traders out of the lawful share of business. A description of the corner in corn was given, though its promoter modestly omitted to mention his interest in the operation.

Don Q. listened with attention. "It would appear from much that you have been good enough to tell me, señor, that business is a cloak for many sorcs," he remarked.

McCorkadale showed his white teeth in a complacent grin. "Business is a cloak for many sorcs, as long as the sorcs is on the back of another man," he replied.

Don Q. eyed him broadly. "The chief smiled, his teeth gleamed, and as the matter was led to a marked degree from the general-ity of individuals who occupied that position."

The bear hunt had resolved itself into a trap for the hunter. When McCorkadale arrived at the patch of level ground shut in by steep cliffs and brushwood, he was assured he was assured was excellent ground for pig—the men had closed in about him, he grasped at the rifle slung behind his saddle, and put outside the pale of the law, whereby those of whom you speak spend their lives in robbing the poor, and yet are respected and praised. How is this?"

"The matter of luck, I suppose," responded the other indifferently. "But there is something I want to talk over with you. Just reconsider the matter of ransom—\$50,000 is a long price."

Don Q. rose abruptly. "At the end of the week, señor, when we have come to know one another, we will speak of it again."

"But the delay is absurd!" exclaimed McCorkadale angrily. "I cannot permit it to last."

Don Q. eyed him steadily. "There are two courses open to you," he said slowly. "Either you remain as my guest, in which case I am sure you will respect my preferences, or you will become the guest of my children in the valley, who will, I fear, not be likely to respect your wishes."

McCorkadale turned the dark red of a swarthy man.

"In spite of your exile you seem to gather some news up here," he remarked, dropping his dobanar manner.

"I flatter myself that it is so," agreed Don Q., with much amiability. "I count myself fortunate in meeting you. At one time or another members of various professions have honored me here in the mountains—sportsmen, doctors, politicians and so on; but never before a millionaire. They came to me in various ways—by rail, by carriage, on foot, and on horseback. But you, señor, outdid them all by rushing headlong into my domains in an automobile."

"Ah, the scoundrel!" said McCorkadale, "You've got the better of this trip. Well, I must communicate with my secretary. This ransom will take some time to collect, adding to himself, "but must be obtained if ever you finger a penny of it."

It was the evening of the second day. Don Q. and his guests were sitting within the cave over cigarettes and cigars. The conversation, touched on many points, lingered long on present-day financial methods. McCorkadale had explained the nature of his business and "corner." He had also admitted that such combinations stifle legitimate trade, that companies to absorb any special line could be engineered with the effect of varying small traders out of the lawful share of business. A description of the corner in corn was given, though its promoter modestly omitted to mention his interest in the operation.

Don Q. listened with attention. "It would appear from much that you have been good enough to tell me, señor, that business is a cloak for many sorcs," he remarked.

McCorkadale showed his white teeth in a complacent grin. "Business is a cloak for many sorcs, as long as the sorcs is on the back of another man," he replied.

Don Q. eyed him broadly. "The chief smiled, his teeth gleamed, and as the matter was led to a marked degree from the general-ity of individuals who occupied that position."

The bear hunt had resolved itself into a trap for the hunter. When McCorkadale arrived at the patch of level ground shut in by steep cliffs and brushwood, he was assured he was assured was excellent ground for pig—the men had closed in about him, he grasped at the rifle slung behind his saddle, and put outside the pale of the law, whereby those of whom you speak spend their lives in robbing the poor, and yet are respected and praised. How is this?"

"The matter of luck, I suppose," responded the other indifferently. "But there is something I want to talk over with you. Just reconsider the matter of ransom—\$50,000 is a long price."

Don Q. rose abruptly. "At the end of the week, señor, when we have come to know one another, we will speak of it again."

"But the delay is absurd!" exclaimed McCorkadale angrily. "I cannot permit it to last."

Don Q. eyed him steadily. "There are two courses open to you," he said slowly. "Either you remain as my guest, in which case I am sure you will respect my preferences, or you will become the guest of my children in the valley, who will, I fear, not be likely to respect your wishes."

To empty an historic lake.

Historic and picturesque Lake Zumpango, near the City of Mexico, is to be emptied of its waters and its fertile bottom given over to tillers of the soil.

This lake is one of the most beautiful bodies of water in the world, nestling above the clouds at an altitude of 8000 feet. It is considerably higher than the City of Mexico. In the time of the Aztecs, when Cortez made his conquest of Mexico the lake was much larger than it is now. When flooded, it was a serious menace to the city below.

By means of a dam which he operated upon Lake Zumpango, Cortez Ras enabled to push his advance upon the capital of Montezuma. The body of water has an important place in the history of the country.

Much of the basin has been drained since those early days by earthquakes and the work of engineers. Now the water is to be drawn off entirely, and the site is expected to prove one of the world's richest garden spots.

Monkey Brand Soap makes copper like tin like silver, rocky like marble, windows like crystal.

