

Births, Marriages, Deaths

DIED.

FLOCK—On May 16, John R. Flock, M.D., aged 66 years 9 months.
Funeral, Thursday, 18th, from his late residence, No. 346 Dundas street at 3 p.m.; services at house 2:30 p.m. 46u

Amusements and Lectures

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Wednesday evening, May 17, Olga Nema. She will appear in her great character, Paula Ray, in "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," written especially for Miss Nethersole, by Arthur W. Pinero. Miss Nethersole will be supported by her own company, from Her Majesty's Theatre, London. Seats on sale now. 50, 51, 52c, 50c, 55c.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Friday, May 19, or
GARRICK CLUB, Hamilton.

PERFORMANCE consists of comediettas, dramatic readings, songs from "Belle of New York," and other popular songs, to conclude with an original southern

CAKE WALK

The best and most original ever produced in Canada. Admission, 75c, 50c, 25c. Plan open Wednesday, 17th, at 9 o'clock. 46u

Baseball Championship

London vs. Guelph.

May 17 and 18. Hamilton, 19 and 20. Games called 3:30. South bleachers free. 45c

ERNEST GAMBLE—

THE EMINENT BASSO.

EDWIN T. SHONERT,

CONCERT PIANIST,

AUDITORIUM, FRIDAY NEXT, MAY 19.

ADMISSION, 50 CENTS,

PLAN AT Y. M. C. A.

BOATS TO MONTREAL FROM TORONTO

The steamers Persia and Ocean sail every Tuesday and Saturday, very low rates. Single \$8, return \$10, from Toronto. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

SONG OR SPEECH—WEAK, DEFECTIVE

or ugly voices improved in power and quality in ten lessons or money refunded. Voices tried free Wednesdays. Herbert Connop, vocal science system. Studio, Somerset Hall, 240 Dundas street. 250c eod

SULPHUR SPRINGS BATHS NOW

open for the season from 6:30 to 9 o'clock under the new management of Cole & Edmunds. 2xvt

CHOICE OF MONTREAL OR NEW YORK

routes to the old country at excursion rates. All information at F. B. Clarke's, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

VOICE CULTURE

EVA N. ROBLIN.
Studio, Bell Place, Residence, No. 330 Dundas street. Concert engagements. Telephone 1,270. 2x

GRAND DRAMATIC CANTATA, "BELL"

CLAZZAR'S Feast, on the Fall of Babylon," on Tuesday evening, May 23, in Adelaide Street Baptist Church. Silver collection of 10 cents and upwards. 46g

YES! YOU CAN LEARN BICYCLE RID-

ing or fencing at the Palace Dancing Academy; competent instructors; primary lessons on violin and cornet; orchestra for picnics, etc. Dayton & McCormick, 422 Richmond street. 46u

Meetings.

I. O. O. F.—DOMINION LODGE, No. 48—Regular meeting this (Wednesday) evening. Visitors invited. Syd. Smyth, N. G.; Thos. D. Hastings, R. S. 46u

Domestics Wanted.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENERAL servant. No washing. Mrs. Isaac Waterman, 330 King street. 45c

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—GOOD general servant. Apply 131 St. James street. 45c

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENERAL servant. Apply mornings or evenings, 93 Maple street. 45c

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT—Apply 338 Dufferin avenue. 45c

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENERAL servant; small family; no up-stair work. Mrs. Luscombe, 408 William street. 44tf

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GENERAL servant; good wages; washing given out. Apply to Mrs. John Cameron, 288 Dufferin avenue. 40tf

Female Help Wanted

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESWOMAN. Apply Smallman & Ingram. 46c

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL ABOUT 14 TO care for baby. Apply 171 John street. 45c

WANTED—GIRLS FOR MAKING paper bags. Apply by letter to X Y Z, care Advertiser office. 45tf

Male Help Wanted.

WANTED—MAN WITH ONE OR TWO years experience at general blacksmithing. Apply E. McNab, Arva, Ont. 45c

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO MAKE himself generally useful; must know how to milk. Apply 71 Bathurst street. 45c

YOUNG MEN WANTED IN EVERY county in Ontario to put in and take orders for electric bells, annunciators, burglar alarms, telephones, medical batteries, etc. Send for particulars. R. M. Miller & Co., 434 Talbot street, London, Ont. 9tf

Agents Wanted.

WANTED—SMART, ENERGETIC young man to solicit orders in the fall for our Real Irish Frieze Ulster Coats, for London and district. Liberal terms to pushing man. Apply, with full particulars as to character and ability, to G. R. Hutton & Co., Merchants and Manufacturers, Larne, Ireland. 46u

VALUABLE AGENCY OFFERED TO ladies and gentlemen in good paying business, not interfering with present occupation. Splendid addition to income. No previous experience required. Apply Manager, 3 Red Lion Court, Fleet street, London, England. 46c x

LET US MAKE YOUR CLOTHES

We'll promise to give you satisfaction and a large stock of imported goods to select from. Our prices are invitingly low.

DEEKS & MUNSON

393 Richmond Street,

Phone 1321.

Shoes That Satisfy

are shoes that fit—that are restful, that give ease in the wearing. Any old shoe may give service, but it takes a shoe of quality to give comfort. Our men's shoes at \$1.98 contain more satisfaction for the price than is usually obtainable. Made in box calf, calf, vici kid, in tan and black, any weight soles, all the new toes.

J. P. Cook,

173 Dundas Street.

Your money back if you want it.

Lost and Found.

LOST—GOLD CUFFBUTTON. FINDER rewarded on leaving at Public Library. 46u

STRAYED ONTO LOT 21, CON. 10, LON-

DON township, Monday, May 1, 2-year-old bay colt, about 15 hands high. Owner can have same by paying expenses of advertising and keep. 150u xxxbw

FOUND—SUNDAY MORNING—PAIR gold spectacles. Apply Advertiser office. 46u

Articles For Sale.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS WORK team—1st good condition, weight about 2,800 or 3,000 lbs; also heavy harness and wagon—new. Address Box 199, Advertiser office. 46u

BICYCLES EXCHANGED ON WELLAND

Valos and White (Cleveland) wheels. Sold for what they will bring. Stringer's, 141 King street, 3 Masonic Temple. 45tf

PIGEONS FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—

"Homes," a specialty. Apply for particulars, Box 128, this office. 45tf

ENGINE, BOILER, SHAFTING, BELTS,

wood-turning lathe, pulley and fittings, rip and cross cut saws, with tables, etc., would exchange for wood. Apply W. G. Eady, or Alex. Bogg, London Postoffice. 45tf

FOR SALE—SUMMER WOOD—AT THE

sawmill, East Bathurst street. Call, or phone 1812, and try a load. D. H. Gillies & Co. 45tf

85 CENTS WILL BUY A CARPET SEAT

and back veranda rocker worth \$1.50, at Keene Bros. Cash Bargain Furniture Store, 127 King street. 45tf

BICYCLES, TIRES, CEMENT, GRAPH-

ITE, etc., etc. First-class bicycle repairing at lowest prices. D. McKenzie & Co., 514 Richmond street. 45tf

KENNES MASONIC TEMPLE, is the

cheapest place to buy stoves or furniture. Large stock on hand. 45tf

ONE HENTZMAN & CO. PIANO, UP-

RIGHT, 7½ octave, slightly used, at a bargain. Hentzman Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence. 45tf

MERRY BELLS—WE MAKE BELLS

and Brass Work. Quality and price equal to any, and cannot be beat. John Law, 114 Clarence street, London. 45tf

DIAMONDS REMOUNTED AND OLD

jewelry made up-to-date at small expense. J. T. Westland, 340 Richmond street, upstairs. 45tf

Houses, Etc., To Let.

COTTAGE—NEW, BRICK, BROWNSTONE

foundation, 7 rooms; lovely home, 112, 71 Byron avenue. 46c

FOR RENT OR SALE—TWO-STORY DE-

TACHED brick residence; twelve rooms; 325 Queen's avenue; modern improvements. Cronyn & Betts. 45c eod

TO LET—LARGE FURNISHED BED-

ROOM, suitable for one or two, with use of bathroom. 312 Queen's avenue. 45c

TO LET—COMFORTABLE HOUSE—NINE

rooms, furnace and all modern conveniences, stable, etc.; central location. Apply J. H. Shuttleworth, 383 Clarence street. 16tf

FOREST CITY MOVING VAN—LARGEST

in the city. 30 years' experience. 338 Talbot street. Joseph Brown & Co., auctioneers and proprietors. 45tf

TO LET—JOHN BIGGS, THE FURNITURE

mover, 22 years with London Furniture Co., will do you a good job. Call phone 310. 45tf

Real Estate.

FOR SALE OR RENT—2-STORY BRICK

veneered residence; modern conveniences. Apply A. N. Udy, over G. P. R. ticket office. 45tf

\$100 A YEAR WILL PURCHASE A

50-acre farm in the township of Dawn, county of Lambton, or will exchange same for city property. Tennent, McDonagh & Coleridge, London. 45tf

FOR SALE—FIFTEEN ACRES, BASE

line, Westminster, 1½ miles from market; brick house, frame barn, spring creek. Will sell reasonably. Apply on premises. R. Craig, Bernard House, London. 46c

IN ORDER TO CLOSE AN ESTATE

the following properties are now offered for sale, viz.: Brick dwelling, No. 227 Queen's avenue; 3 frame houses, Nos. 223, 221 and 225 Queen's avenue; brick dwelling, No. 432 Park avenue; brick cottage, No. 350 Burwell street; 2 frame houses, Nos. 118 and 120 Mill street; and frame house, No. 1072 Dundas street, together with lands thereto belonging. Also a number of good building lots on Charlotte and Dorinda streets. For particulars inquire at Abbott's Carriage Factory. 29tf

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—STEAM LAUNDRY—PLANT

complete. Doing a live city business. Splendid opportunity. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Apply Jarvis & Vining, Solicitors, London. 46tf

INVEST \$300—SECURING EXCELLENT

weekly income. Safe, conservative proposition. Second success in year. Investigation invited. H. Griffin, 1150 Broadway, New York. 46u

Miscellaneous.

THE LONDON CARPET-CLEANING

Works—Carpets cleaned and relaid and every carpet disinfected. Jas. S. Shaw, Phone 1363. 46u

RESIGNATION OF REV. DR. HALE,

Boston, Mass., May 17.—Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale, than whom there is no more better known clergyman in the country, has resigned the pastorate of the South Congregational Church, after a service of 43 years.

KILLED IN BED BY LIGHTNING.

Eau Claire, Wis., May 17.—During a severe storm, the house of Julius Bundt, at Augusta, was struck by lightning. Bundt, who was lying in bed with his infant son, was killed. The boy escaped.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial.

It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done it will do again.

So far, \$9,000 subscribed towards the Burns monument at Toronto.

Expiated His Awful Crime!

Marion Brown Hanged for the Murder of Policeman Toohey.

The Unhappy Man Meets His Fate With Firmness.

How He Passed the Last Hours of His Eventful Life.

Rev. Dr. Robert Johnston Denounces the Hanging.

Closing Scenes of the Execution—Similar Tragedies in London Recalled.

Madie Brown, the pegleg tramp, met death without a tremor at 8:01 o'clock this morning.

His fortitude was the admiration of all who were with him in his last hours.

THE NIGHT BEFORE DEATH.

Mr. Fred Matthews, of the postoffice, and Mr. Sam Grigg spent the whole night with the condemned in his cell.

Major and Mrs. Southall, Mrs. Andrews, Mrs. Rogers and Mrs. Jarvis, members of the Salvation Army, remained until 3 o'clock this morning. At 4 a.m. the prisoner retired to bed, but only dozed

fitfully, and arose at 5:15. He knelt down by his bedside and prayed; then washed himself and subsequently dressed, with the assistance of Messrs. Matthews and Grigg. During the entire night, excepting the hour in which he tried to sleep, he was engaged in devotional exercises with his friends.

Twice he led in prayer himself, and he joined fervently in every hymn. Not once did he break down or reveal the slightest symptom of fear. At 6 o'clock

against the over-straining of British justice in the case of this man, against whom the crime of murder as described by any statute in the British law has not been proved. In attending him this morning I look upon him not as the subject of justice, but as the victim of persecution and his execution as the culmination of cruelty and not the administration of British law. Though he die strong and unrelenting, justice will be required at the hands of those who are responsible for his death."

Dr. Johnston then passed into the prisoner's cell, and was warmly greeted by Brown.

AT 7:24 a.m. Radcliffe arrived, escorted by P. C. Howie and P. C. Donoghue. The hangman carried the rope in a paper parcel. He walked jauntily past the crowd of people in the corridor, and deposited the parcel in front of the iron gate leading to Brown's cell. Then the iron gate was opened to admit him, and he walked quickly to the door of the death cell, shot a quick glance at the little band praying and singing within, and then went outside to view the scaffold. He was utterly cool, and looked almost defiantly at the crowd.

THE PRISONER WARNED.

Meantime Brown and his spiritual consolers continued singing and praying and the refrain of "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," floated into the corridor with deeply solemn effect. The prisoner's deep undertones could be plainly distinguished. At twenty minutes to eight o'clock Governor Boston, Turnkey Stickles and Constable Ward entered Brown's cell. This was an official intimation to the prisoner that the moment of death was near at hand. He bade the three welcome, and continued his devotions. The familiar hymn, of which the chorus is:

"This is my story,
This is my song,
Praising my Saviour
All the day long,"

was being sung when the audience in the corridor was instructed to pass into the jailyard for the execution.

IN THE JAILYARD.

The air was bleak and raw and the rain had begun to drizzle as the spectators, some twenty in number moved outside. The gloomy surroundings were in keeping with the tragic occasion. The scaffold was erected between two angles of the jail building, in the same spot where Radcliffe, nine years before, launched Smith into eternity. The scaffold was a new departure. It was entirely covered in, so that the actual execution was invisible from the front. Facing the spectators, it looked like a plain board fence, about 16 feet high, and 14 feet long. At one end was a flight of steps leading to the platform behind the board fence. This platform, in which the trap-door was fitted, was about six feet from the ground. From the beam overhead hung the rope. The scaffold was roofed in with rough

boards, so that no one could see the interior except he mounted the stairs and looked in at the side. Beneath the scaffold a hole 5 feet deep had been dug, and into this pit Brown fell when the trap was sprung. It was a terrific drop.

THE SHERIFF'S ORDERS.

Sheriff Cameron, who arrived at the jail at 7:25, stated that by his orders none but the jail officials, four members of the jury of inquest, the condemned man's spiritual consolers, and the newspaper reporters had been admitted. He remarked with satisfaction that no morbidly curious crowd had gathered about the court house, and commented on the improved tone of public feeling displayed, as compared with that shown at former executions. But when the little group of spectators filed out into the courtyard a dense crowd of people could be seen massed on the King street bridge, while the roof of every building that commanded even a partial view of the courtyard had its cluster of curious people. All they had for their pains, however, was a glimpse of a rough board screen.

RADCLIFFE MEETS BROWN.

The spectators passed a few anxious minutes waiting for the sad procession. Radcliffe mingled freely with them at first. Noting that it was raining, he commented on his forethought in providing a roof for the scaffold, and pointing to the old dead-house in the middle of the courtyard, remarked that the crowd could find shelter there if necessary. He soon disappeared into the rear door of the jail to make final preparations for his deadly work. At a minute or two before eight o'clock Radcliffe entered Brown's cell with the sheriff, Constables Ward (the day death watch), Turnkey Stickles, and other officials. Brown maintained the

same composure, shook hands with the whole party, including Radcliffe, and bade all good-bye in a firm and cheerful voice. His arms were pinioned to his sides by a broad strap around his body. To this he submitted without a murmur.

THE SAD PROCESSION.

All was now ready for the procession to the gallows. The party emerged from the door near Brown's cell into the woodyard, passing through a gate into the adjoining courtyard in the rear. The distance to be walked was only 25 feet. A hush fell on the assembly at this crucial moment. The party was headed by the sheriff. Then came the prisoner, between Ward and Stickles. Alongside were the spiritual advisers, while Radcliffe, the turnkeys and the constables brought up the rear. All eyes were riveted on the prisoner. His countenance was marvellous. The shadow of death his face for an instant wore a smile. His dark complexion may have masked other emotions, but to the eyes of the beholders he was undaunted and unmoved. When he entered the gate, and came face to face with the gallows, he showed no quiver. He walked up the steps to the gallows as steadily as if on parade. Reaching the top of the stairs he took a last, quick glimpse of nature and, with Radcliffe, passed into the dark compartment where the rope was dangling. Up the stairs with him went the sheriff, Rev. Dr. Johnston, Rev. Mr. Walker, Constable Ward and Turnkey Stickles. In their position they were able to view the prisoner, but they kept their eyes averted. There was a few moments' silence, in which the hangman adjusted the noose and fitted the black cap. He signalled that all was ready. Rev. Dr. Johnston began to recite the Lord's Prayer. Hats were reverently removed, and in the awful hush the minister's words rang out clearly. In the midst of the prayer Brown was heard to exclaim, "If it is pleasing to thee, O Lord, have mercy on my soul." This was his favorite phrase of supplication. Dr. Johnston had just uttered the words, "Deliver us from evil," when the hangman sprung the trap. There was the sharp click of a bolt, the slamming of trap doors, and then the muffled sound of the body falling and the sharp jerk of the straining rope. Radcliffe walked briskly out, descended the stairs, and entered the jail, coolly and indifferently.

REV. DR. JOHNSTON'S DENUNCIATIONS.

The little group remained at the top of the stairs for a few minutes. Rev. Dr. Johnston, who wept bitterly, raised his hand, and cried passionately, "God forgive us, and forgive this country!" Dr. Johnston was asked if Brown left a statement. He replied: "I believe Marion Brown opened his heart with perfect fullness to me, and I believe the man is as innocent of murder as the birds of the air." Dr. Johnston said that the governor-general had re-

called him cordially, and had listened earnestly to his plea for Brown, but had not thought it wise to interfere with the decision of his advisers. Dr. Johnston also tried to obtain an interview with the premier, but the latter could not be seen.

At 8:16, fifteen minutes after the trap was sprung, Dr. Thompson, assistant jail physician, examined the body, and pronounced it dead.

The lower boards screening the platform were knocked off, in order to permit the doctor to reach the body. As the boards fell a shudder ran through the little group of spectators, who stood looking and yet fearing to look. Facing them was the body hanging quite still. It was visible from the waist up, the lower half extending into the hole roughly dug in the ground.

The black cap completely covered the face of the dead man. The knot was fixed under the left ear, and the head turned over on the right shoulder. The hands hung loosely from the loops in the strap which passed around the body outside the arms, just above the elbows.

The body was a little later removed to the long unused dead house, in the center of the courtyard to await the inquest, before it is laid away in an unheated grave at the lower end of the courtyard.

THE INQUEST.

Shortly after 10 o'clock an inquest, conducted by Coroner Ferguson, was held in one of the ward rooms at the jail. The following jury was empanelled: Robert Northgreaves, James Crawford, John Lashbrook, J. W. Fletcher, W. Sadler, J. Bell, L. V. Ludwig, John Quait, George A. Macbeth, George Sampey, Archie Becher and P. J. Wait (foreman).

The body was brought in from the dead house on a stretcher, and was viewed by the jury.

Gov. Boston was called, and identified the body as that of Marion Brown. Dr. W. A. Thompson, jail surgeon, was called and testified that he had made a post-mortem examination of the body after the hanging, and found it to be dead. Both witnesses testified to the hanging. The jury found that judgment of death had been executed upon Marion Brown in the jail yard at London on the morning of May 17, and that

tin pan. The meal was placed on the prisoner's table a few minutes before he was ready. He ate a couple of bites and, drinking the cocoa, expressed himself as satisfied.

REV. DR. JOHNSTON PROTESTS.

Rev. Dr. Robert Johnston, who left hurriedly for Ottawa on Monday afternoon, to intercede for Brown, did not arrive home until 4 o'clock this morning. He reached the jail at 7 o'clock, and, calling the newspaper representatives into the kitchen, said that he wished to say a word concerning Brown's case, in order that it might come before his Excellency the Governor-General and the minister of justice. He said: "I wish to make a protest

against the over-straining of British justice in the case of this man, against whom the crime of murder as described by any statute in the British law has not been proved. In attending him this morning I look upon him not as the subject of justice, but as the victim of persecution and his execution as the culmination of cruelty and not the administration of British law. Though he die strong and unrelenting, justice will be required at the hands of those who are responsible for his death."

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"This is my story,
This is my song,
Praising my Saviour
All the day long,"

Pretoria Excited

British Officers Arrested Charged With Treason.

Prisoners Confined at the Capital of the Transvaal.

Arrangements Made for a Conference—More Arrests May Follow.

London, May 16.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Cape Town says that the negotiations for a meeting between President Kruger, of the South African republic, and Sir Alfred Milner, governor of Cape Colony and British high commissioner for South Africa, regarding the grievances of the Uitlanders in the Transvaal, have culminated finally in an arrangement for a conference which will probably be held in Cape Town.

Cape Town, May 16.—The Argus, of this city, today publishes a dispatch from Pretoria, capital of the Transvaal or South African republic, saying that P. W. Reitz, the secretary of state, confirms the report that a number of unusual arrests have been made there, and that it is rumored that the prisoners are British officers. The following dispatches, which explain the telegrams received by the Argus, of Cape Town, from Pretoria, saying the Transvaal secretary of state confirmed the report that a number of unusual arrests had been made, and that it was rumored that the prisoners were British officers.

MYSTERIOUS DISPATCH.
The advices from Johannesburg are also probably connected with a mysterious dispatch received at Johannesburg from Pretoria, on May 14, saying a special train fully equipped with Boer artillerymen, guns and search-light apparatus, was being held in readiness at the capital of the Transvaal. The statement was then declared to be without significance, but today's news throws a more serious light on the movement, and it is certain there will be a great sensation in London when the arrests become generally known.

The afternoon newspapers print special dispatches from Cape Town, saying seven men have been arrested at Johannesburg, and have been taken to Pretoria. The Government of Cape Colony, it further appears, is considering the matter secretly.

SOUTH AFRICA STIRRED.
The news has caused great excitement throughout South Africa. The Standard and Digger News, the Boers' organ in London, has a dispatch from Pretoria, which says that warrants were issued yesterday evening by the state attorney, and were executed at midnight. The dispatch adds that a plot of rebellion is alleged to have been maturing for four months, and that the accused, who are said to have been engaged by the South African League, had already enlisted 2,000 men.

Cecil Rhodes.
Mr. Cecil Rhodes, the former premier of Cape Colony, and resident director in South Africa of the British Chartered South Africa Company, who was recently elected president of the South African League, informs the Associated Press that he has heard nothing regarding the arrests made at Johannesburg, and that he knows nothing about the reason for which they were made.

EXCITEMENT AT PRETORIA.
Pretoria, Transvaal Republic, May 17.—The arrest at Johannesburg of seven alleged former British officers, named Nicholls, Patterson, Tremlett, Ellis, Eries, Hooper and Mitchell, on the charge of high treason, has caused intense excitement here. The prisoners were brought to Pretoria by special train. After they had been lodged in jail they were visited by the British diplomatic agent here. The arrests were effected by a detective, who joined the movement, which, it is asserted, was for the purpose of enrolling men in order to cause an outbreak of rebellion. Incriminating documents were found upon the prisoners, and it is expected that further arrests will be made.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S VIEW.
London, May 17.—Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, who was interviewed last evening, said he had heard nothing officially regarding the arrests in the Transvaal, and did not think that too much significance should be attached to them.

EIGHT ARRESTS.
The officers arrested, who are eight in number, instead of seven, as previously cabled, are: Capt. Patterson, formerly of the Lancashire; Col. R. F. Nicholls, Lieut. E. J. Tremlett, C. A. Ellis, lately a private detective at Johannesburg; Lieut. Col. Allen, formerly of the Horse Artillery; Quartermaster Alex. Mitchell; former Sergeant Fries, and former Sergt. R. P. Hooper. None of them has been in the employ of the British South African Chartered Company. It is said that the commissioner of police, who had the affair in hand, had been working up the case for four months.

THE CHARGE.
The charge against the prisoners is, that while staying in the Rand privately, they were engaged secretly enlisting men for the purposes of rebellion, and to give the signal. It is said that the enlistment roster included 2,000 men, and that a number of incriminating documents were found at the time the arrests were made.

WHAT OOM PAUL SAID.
The British agent and charge d'affaires, Mr. Conyngham Green, had an

interview with President Kruger and expressed regret that men who had worn the Queen's uniform should be concerned in such a movement. President Kruger replied that he would not believe the prisoners were British officers until it had been proved, adding that he hoped the affair would not interfere with the proposed meeting between himself and Sir Alfred Milner.

PRESS COMMENT.
All the London morning papers devote their principal editorials to the arrests in the Transvaal, counseling a postponement of conclusions in the case until facts are obtained, and declining to believe that British officers or subjects have been guilty of what the Standard terms such "treasonable folly."

The Times, while it repudiates the idea that the prisoners are of high rank among the British Uitlanders or represent important interests of any kind at Johannesburg, suggests that President Kruger has been imposed on by his own detectives.

WANTS TO SELL A BIG SPARKLER

London, May 16.—Lord Francis Hope, brother of the Duke of Newcastle and husband of May Hope, the American actress, applied to the chancery court today for permission to sell a family heirloom, a blue diamond, weighing 14½ karats, estimated to be worth from \$65,000 to \$125,000. The gem was unique until another one was recently found weighing 45 carats. Counsel for Lord Hope urged that the gem was useless for ornament, and that it would be wiser to sell it for the benefit of Lord Hope's income than to allow it to lie in a bank's safe for the next 40 years.

Counsel for the Duke of Newcastle and Lady Beatrice Lister-Kaye, the eldest sister of Lord Hope, opposed the sale, which the court eventually refused to sanction.

PRODUCED A BLUE ROSE.

Vienna, May 16.—Johann Stepanacki, of the Kessenik district, known as "the Valley of Roses," Bulgaria, has succeeded, it is declared, in producing a rose of azure blue. He has been engaged for many years in experimenting on the hues of different flowers, and has produced some curious results.

The blue rose is said to be perfect in color and shape, and Stepanacki, while denying that it is the result of chemical treatment, declines to reveal the secret of cultivation.

CABLE NOTES.

It is reported that Count Raden, the former prime minister of Austria, recently tried to commit suicide on account of losses sustained on the race course. The fortune of the former premier has been estimated at \$2,500,000.

The failure of the Colt gun to work properly was in a large measure the cause of the American and British defeat at Apia, Samoa, on April 11.

DEADMAN'S ISLAND

The Scene of Serious Trouble—Riot Act Read—Ludgate Arrested.

Vancouver, B. C., May 16.—The riot act had to be read yesterday morning in connection with Deadman's Island, and matters reached an acute stage at 10 o'clock. Theodore Ludgate once more started to work on the island with 50 men. The provincial and city police went out, but there were only ten of them against the workmen. Ludgate let it be known that he would forcibly resist arrest. Therefore the riot act was read. Ludgate had to be knocked down and handcuffed before he gave in. The attorney-general then addressed the men, and said if work was not stopped and all off the island in 30 minutes the constabulary would be ordered to shoot. The men held a short conference and decided to leave.

A special from Nanaimo says H. M. S. Egri departed from that port this morning for Vancouver, simultaneously with the arrival there of news of trouble, which is expected here almost any hour, but it is not known what action will be taken.

The police are still on the island and are being reinforced. It is believed that the men will go back and attempt the seizure. It is also rumored that troops will be ordered out. Ludgate is in jail, and refuses to accept his release on bail.

SHE YAWNED

And Then Was Unable to Shut Her Mouth.

Hamilton, May 17.—A peculiar accident happened in Mr. A. W. Palmer's tailor shop, in the old Wanzler building, on Saturday. Miss Maggie Bronson, No. 219 Mary street, an operator, yawned and was unable to close her mouth afterwards. She was badly frightened, and at once fainted.

A doctor was summoned, and he soon gave her relief, her jaws assuming their natural position. The girl was very nervous when she came to, however, and was sent home in a hack.

ON TIME

Good Record for the Wabash East Bound Fast Train.

The Wabash fast train for the east, which was put into service March 19, has been behind time only once.

The fastest train in the United States is to run between New York and Saratoga this summer. It will run at the rate of a mile in one minute and ten seconds.

J. N. Kendall, who has been G. T. R. station agent at Brussels for the past ten years, has been notified that he will be sent to Bluevale; J. Colley, of Bluevale, going to Alma; Cameron, of Alma, going to Drayton, and R. Sutton, now at Drayton, to go to Brussels. These changes take effect this week.

The citizens' committee of Goderich has passed a resolution pledging loyal support to the construction of an independent railway as a national undertaking to connect the waters of Lake Ontario with any portion of Lake Huron or the Georgian Bay. The committee will be proven to be most favorably situated for the purpose; but strenuously deprecating any further action being taken in the matter until a committee of experts shall have first made a searching inquiry as to the merits of every available route, and shall have reported that it is possible for such a line of railway without financial loss to divert the carriage of grain from Buffalo into Canadian channels.

Generosity is rather a matter of mood than of nature.

PUNISHMENT

Inflicted on Flying Roller McKay for Selling the New Eve Success—Fined \$100 and \$21.20 Costs.

Windsor, May 16.—Magistrate Bartlett yesterday morning gave judgment in the case of D. L. McKay, the Flying Roller, who was found guilty of offering for sale the New Eve Success on May 6, which was classed as an obscene publication. McKay was convicted last week, but was remanded for sentence. The magistrate, after reviewing the evidence, fined the defendant \$100 and \$21.20 costs, or four months' imprisonment.

McKay said that he had not the money, and several of the Israelites, who were in the court room, left in search of funds. They returned about 4 o'clock in the afternoon and told Chief Wills that they were unable to raise the amount. The chief wished to be as easy as possible with McKay, and he offered to take a note for the amount, payable in fifteen days. McKay said it would be impossible for him to pay the money in that time, and a warrant of commitment was made out. He was taken to the county jail at Sandwich by Officer Giles last evening, where he will be kept until removed to the Central Prison at Toronto.

LADY BUCKLEY'S NIECE FOUND

Hired as a Lady's Maid in New York While She Was Being Looked for in Canada.

New York, May 16.—In what manner Lady Buckley became separated from her niece remains to be learned. The odd part of the story is that the niece, finding herself friendless and resourceless in New York, answered an advertisement for a lady's maid, was hired as such, and is now a guest in the home of her erstwhile employers, while they are advertising for her aunt, says a morning paper. Here is the advertisement:

"If Lady Buckley, who is in Canada, looking for her niece, will write to F. 56 East Seventy-seventh street, New York city, she will find her. Canada papers please copy."

Mr. and Mrs. James P. Heath probably looked up the Buckley family record before they gave full credence to the strange narrative of the prepossessing girl of 15, whom Mrs. Heath had selected from among those who had answered her advertisement for a lady's maid. Mr. Heath is the proprietor of a storage warehouse at No. 102 Sixty-third street. His home is at No. 56 East Seventy-seventh street, the address mentioned in the advertisement for Lady Buckley. Lady Buckley's niece, Mrs. Heath refuses to divulge it—had no references, but she mentioned the names of several well known New York families, and so engaging was her personality that she secured the desired position.

DEATH OF SENATOR BOULTON.

Russell, May 16.—Senator Boulton died yesterday of congestion of the lungs, brought on by a drive from Elk-horn in the late snowstorm. He was the son of Lieut.-Col. D'Arcy Boulton, of Cobourg, and was born at Cobourg, Sept. 17, 1841. He was educated at Upper Canada College, Toronto.

DEATH OF MRS. GEO. BELL.

Paris, Ont., May 16.—Mrs. Bell, aged 61, wife of George Bell, broker, died at her residence yesterday, as the result of a distressing accident which happened on May 4. Mrs. Bell was furnished on May 4 with sulphur, and pouring it into the furnace to give it a start. The blaze caught her dress and burned her severely. Deceased was a faithful member of the Presbyterian Church. She leaves one son and her husband to mourn her loss.

IT CAN'T BE DONE.

No One Can Remain Well. No Chronic Disease Can Be Cured Unless the Stomach Is First Made Strong and Vigorous.

This is plain, because every organ in the body depends on the stomach for its nourishment. Nerve, bone, sinew, blood are made from the food which the stomach converts to our use.

How useless to treat disease with this, that and the other remedy and neglect the most important of all, the stomach.

The earliest symptoms of indigestion are sour risings, bad taste in the mouth, gas in stomach and bowels, palpitation, all-gone feeling, faintness, headache, constipation, liver and heart troubles, kidney diseases, nervous prostration, all of which are the indirect result of pure nutrition.

Any person suffering from indigestion should make it a practice to take after each meal one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, allowing it to dissolve in the mouth, and thus mingle with the saliva and enter the stomach in the most natural way. These tablets are highly recommended by Dr. Jennison because they are composed of the natural Digestive acids and enzymes which assist the stomach in digesting all wholesome food before it has time to ferment and sour.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists, full sized packages at 50 cents. They are also excellent for invalids and children. A book of testimonials of genuine cures sent free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

It is harrowing to dwell upon the bundle of rag-time melodies that will be wheezed forth from the merry-go-rounds this summer.

That Throbbing Headache
Would quickly be relieved, if you used Dr. Chase's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves, and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by W. T. Strong & Co., druggists.

A woman may say all sorts of unkind things about her husband, but she is not true blue if she lets anyone else say them.

Babies Tortured.
By flaming, itching, eczema, find comfort and permanent cure in Dr. Chase's Ointment, a preparation which has a record of cures unparalleled in the history of medicine. Eczema, salt rheum, tetter, scald head, old people's rash, and all itching skin diseases, are absolutely cured by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

The suburbanite who all winter wrestled with snowy and muddy roads now beams upon his city neighbor and dilates upon the joys of country life.

Greatest Sponge and Chamolins Window ever seen in Canada. Barkwell's.

Off to the Pacific Coast.

A CARLOAD OF PIANOS!



This illustration might be repeated almost daily, for never in the long history of this house has there been such a demand for the Heintzman & Co. piano—the art piano of Canada. All throughout British Columbia these pianos have the lead. The same is the record in Manitoba and the Northwest Provinces, whilst one of the most popular fields is the Maritime Provinces. It goes without saying that in Ontario, our own province—the home of these pianos for 50 years—they have no competition wherever purchasers are resolved to have the best in a piano.

Indorsed and eulogized by all the great artists, including:

Burmeister, Albany.
Plunket Greene.
Dan Godfrey,
Ben Davies,
Hylsted,
Harold Jarvis.

Scalchi,
Trebelli,
Pol Plancon,
Edward Lloyd,
Signor Foli,
Arturo Mutini.

LONDON WAREROOMS, 217 DUNDAS STREET.

Neave's Food

FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

"An excellent Food, admirably adapted to the wants of Infants and Young Persons, and being rich in Phosphates and Potash is of the greatest utility in supplying the bone-forming and other indispensable elements of food."

SIR CHAS. A. CAMERON, M.D.

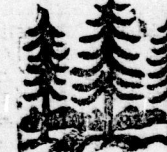
Night Coughs.

Terribly wearing on the system is the Cough that comes at night and prevents sleep. Sometimes it's a constant Cough, Cough, that won't be quieted.

Sometimes a choked-up stuffed-up feeling that makes breathing difficult, and sleep impossible. Whatever it may be, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is the remedy that cures.

Here's what Mrs. Fred Laine, St. George, Ont., says about it: "My little girl would cough so at night that neither she nor myself could get any rest. I read about Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and thought I would try it. I am thankful to say it cured her Cough quickly, and now we use no other Cough remedy in our house."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.



25c a bottle. At all dealers.

LAWN MOWERS

with latest improved adjustments.

Columbus & Huron Bicycles.

A. WESTMAN,

111 Dundas Street West.
Branch store - 654 Dundas street east.

The Springtime Is Here,

and you want pure, healthful, nourishing food.

COWAN'S HYGIENIC COCOA

is wonderfully good for building up the system.

Cowan's Chocolate

Queen's Dessert and Royal Navy.

Cowan's Famous Blend Coffee.

ALL PURE, HEALTHFUL GOODS

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

THE BANKRUPT STOCK

OF THOS. PETHICK, MUST BE SOLD IN 60 DAYS.

25c Ties—2 for 25c. 25c Black Socks, 2 pairs for 25c.
\$6 00 Pants to order, \$3 50.
\$15 00 Suits to order, \$12 50.
\$20 00 Suits to order, \$15 00.

CLOTHS BY THE YARD AT HALF PRICE.

E. J. PETHICK,

136 DUNDAS STREET.

A Tip or Two.

When you want to get a nice, neat piece of printing you will find it to your advantage to come to The Advertiser Job Printing Department. Your order will be promptly executed—and the price will be as reasonable as you can secure elsewhere. If you are too busy to call, phone 175 and our canvasser will wait on you.

Mail orders receive careful attention.

Advertiser Job Printing Department,

LONDON.

NEW MODELS. NEW FEATURES. NEW PRICES.

Standard 28 Wheels, with Dunlop Tires,

Model 26, \$40. Model 24, \$50

New Winchester, with 30-inch Wheels,

The Handsomest Wheel in America. Price \$60.

CALL AND SEE THEM

McLean's Hardware, Dundas St.

John Ferguson & Sons

FUNERAL DIRECTORS and EMBALMERS

FIRST CLASS 1. POINTS

174-180 King Street.

Telephone—House No. 573; Store No. 643

HINTON & RUBILL

THE UNDERTAKERS

360 Richmond Street

Private residence, 45 Beecher

Telephone—Store 446; House, 451.

Small Pin. Small Dose, Small Price.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

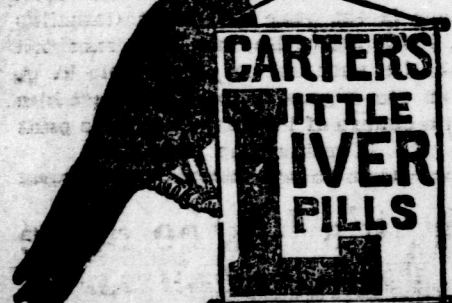
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Small Pin. Small Dose, Small Price.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

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Small Pin. Small Dose, Small Price.



"If you
see a thing too often, you no longer
see it; if you hear a thing too often,
you no longer hear it." Perhaps you've
seen and heard so much of "Pearline"
that it makes no impression upon you.
Then it's time to wake up and look about
and see what Pearline is doing for other
women. Pearline gives the easiest,
quickest, most economical washing and cleaning.

Millions of Pearline

SUMMER SPORT

**Montreal's Ball Team Defeats
the Hartford Easily.**

**Keen and Close Contest Between
Brooklyn and Philadelphia.**

**Canadian League Games Prevented by
the Rain—Billiards, Turf and Other
Sporting Matters.**

BASEBALL.

TWO GAMES WITH GUELPH.
The Guelph Maple Leafs meet the
local team at Tecumseh Park today
and tomorrow, weather permitting.
The teams will line up as follows:

Guelph Pitcher Crow
Kestel Pitcher Slevens
Setley Pitcher Slevens
Burke Pitcher Slevens
Burns Catcher McConnell
Grimshaw First base McFadden
Miles Second base Mohler
Warner Third base Cope
Francis Shortstop Babitt
Tralger Left field Jones
Sechrist Center field Howell
Lee Right field Carey

EASTERN LEAGUE—TUESDAY.
At Montreal—R. H. E. 8 2
Hartford 1 0 1
At Baltimore—R. H. E. 10 1
Batteries—Johnson and Boyd; Soud-
ers and Moran.
Rain at Toronto, Rochester and
Syracuse.

NATIONAL LEAGUE—TUESDAY.
At Baltimore—R. H. E. 15 12 1
New York 5 15 3
Batteries—McInnis, Robinson and
Crisham; Carlick and Warner.

At Washington—R. H. E. 4 7 4
Boston 1 14 0
Batteries—Dineen, Herring and Mc-
Guire; Hickman and Bergen.

At Brooklyn—R. H. E. 5 10 1
Brooklyn 6 9 1
Batteries—Fraser and Douglass;
Kennedy and Farrell.

At Pittsburgh—R. H. E. 9 10 4
Chicago 10 14 4
Batteries—Hoffer, Sparks, Leever
and Bowerman; Griffiths and Chance.

At St. Louis—R. H. E. 9 15 3
St. Louis 3 10 3
Batteries—Young and Criger; Magee,
Woods and Kittredge.

WESTERN LEAGUE—TUESDAY.
At Kansas City—Milwaukee, 7;
Kansas City, 6.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 13;
Detroit, 9.

SHUT OUT BY RAIN.
No Canadian League games were
played yesterday, wet grounds pre-
venting the game at Guelph, and rain
those at Stratford and Chatham.

FOR THE FANS.
W. H. Watkins, manager of the Pitts-
burgh baseball club, has resigned, and
Patsy Donovan, captain of the team,
takes the position.

At Appin, on the 14th inst., the Dut-
ton Crescents, average age 15, played
the Appin team, ages varying from 20
to 35. Score: Dutton 5, Appin 0. The
secretary, Jos. Balkwill, would like to
arrange with any junior team for a
game to be played at Dutton on the
24th inst.

A decision has at last been given in
the case of D. J. Lowney, the shortstop
who bolted from Chatham last year.
President N. E. Young, of the National
League, has awarded Lowney's ser-
vices to the Chatham club, and has or-
dered Mansfield to stop playing Low-
ney.

Reid, the Toronto catcher, will join
the St. Thomas team, of the Canadian
League, with whom he has signed a
contract for the season.

Manager Black, of the Guelph Maple
Leaf club, has tried out some play-
ers, and as a result has released
Pitchers Berkshire and Herbrand and
Catcher Sheehan.

TURF.
AT LAKESIDE.

Chicago, May 17.—Lakeside results
yesterday:
First race, 6 furlongs—Topset 1, Ro-
sannah 2, Hopkin's Choice 3. Time,
1:19 1/2.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Dr. Tarr 1,
First Past 2, Escholtzia 3. Time, 1:05 1/2.
Third race, 7 furlongs—Braw Lad 4,
Meddler 2, Donna Rita 3. Time, 1:31.
Fourth race, 1-1/2 miles—Hobart 1,
Alfreaso 2, Kenmore Queen 3. Time,
1:52 3/4.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Eva Wilson 1,
Blue Lick 2, Bright Night 3. Time,
1:19 1/2.
Sixth race, 1 mile—J. T. 1, Robert
Bonner 2, Sunburst 3. Time, 1:47 1/4.

AT OAKLAND.

San Francisco, May 17.—Results at
Oakland yesterday:

First race, 4 furlongs, selling—Chis-
sando 1, Racetto 2, Big Horn 3. Time,
1:49 1/4.

Second race, 7 furlongs—Cabrillo 1,
Lost Girl 2, Denomela 3. Time, 1:27 1/4.
Third race, 1 mile—Sylvan Lass 1,
Tadea 2, Catastrophe 3. Time, 1:43 1/4.

Fourth race, 7 furlongs—Rosemonde 1,
Lagolea 2, Cabrillo 3. Time, 1:27 1/4.
Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Sly 1, Special-
ist 2, Potent 3. Time, 1:15 1/2.

Sixth race, 1-1/2 miles—Eldad 1, Una
Colorado 2, Sea Spray 3. Time, 1:59.

AT MORRIS PARK.

New York, May 17.—The feature of
yesterday's racing at Morris Park was
the New Rochelle handicap.

First race, 6 1/2 furlongs—Ethelbert
won, Continental 2, Ornamental 3. Time,
1:21.
Second race, selling, 7 furlongs—
Kirkwood won, Egbert 2, Brisk 3. Time,
1:27 1/4.

Third race, Bay Chester, mile—
Greatland won, Prestidigitate 2,
Halt 3. Time, 1:41.
Fourth race, New Rochelle, 7 furl-
ongs—Previous won, Imp 2, Kingdon 3.
Time, 1:26 1/4.

Fifth race, 4 1/2 furlongs—Dangerous
Maid won, Fluke 2, Killashandra 3. Time,
1:14 1/2.
Sixth race, 6 furlongs—Klepper won,
Miss Rowena 2, Florenzo 3. Time, 1:13 1/4.

AT LOUISVILLE.

Louisville, Ky., May 17.—The prin-
cipal event yesterday was the handi-
cap at the mile and 50 yards, won by
Galathea rather handily.

First race, 6 furlongs, selling—
Brightie S. won, Sir 2, Incidental 3.
Time, 1:17.
Second race, 4 furlongs—Isibenda
won, Lady Elite 2, Lizzie McCarty 3. Time,
1:50.

Third race, 1 mile and 50 yards—C.
Galathea won, The Devil 2, Rifle 3.
Time, 1:46 1/2.
Fourth race, 4 furlongs, selling—Un-
sightly won, Love's Labor 2, Jucoma 3.
Time, 1:50.

Fifth race, selling, 6 furlongs—Sorrow
1, Iris 2, Amelia Ponso 3. Time, 1:16.
Sixth race, handicap, 6 furlongs—
Our Gertie 1, Fervor 2, Dave Waldo 3.
Time, 1:14 1/2.

Seventh race, selling, 1-1/2 miles—Eddie
Jones 1, Basquil 2, Branch 3. Time,
1:50.
Sixth race, 7 furlongs—Forget Not 1,
Sue Nell 2, Flop 3. Time, 1:45.

Gen. McGruder 2, Gold Band 3. Time,
1:28 1/4.

AT NEWPORT.

Cincinnati, O., May 17.—Yesterday's
results:
First race, 6 furlongs, selling—Pontet
Canet 1, Nancy Till 2, Kathie Ruther-
ford 3. Time, 1:18.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Lady Curzon
1, Betty 2, Beldown 3. Time, 1:02.
Third race, Owners' handicap, 1 mile
—Kris Kringle 1, Ramido 2, Dutch Com-
edian 3. Time, 1:40 1/2.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 50 yards—
Lady of the West 1, Vanessa 2, Prince
Zeno 3. Time, 1:54.
Fifth race, 4 1/2 furlongs, selling—Burt
1, Judge J. Riley 2, Ben Chance 3. Time,
1:57.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 50 yards, sell-
ing—Ethelton 1, Sue Nell 2, Flop 3.
Time, 1:45.

CUE.

SCHAEFFER BEATS SLOSSON.
New York, May 17.—"Wizard" Jake
Schaeffer, of Chicago, beat George Slos-
son, of New York, in an exciting game
of 18-inch balk line billiards, at the Pe-
nox Lyceum last night. The final
score was 600 to 418 in favor of Schae-
ffer, and \$500 in stakes, to say nothing of
outside bets, changed hands on the re-
sult.

FISTIC.

Jack Root, of Chicago, was given the
decision over "Australian" Jimmy
Ryan, at the end of a 20-round con-
test Monday night before the Monarch
Athletic Club, Louisville.

Kid Goulette, of Rochester, and Jack
Hamilton, of Syracuse, fought 20 fast
rounds before a large crowd at the
Falls Field A. C. Monday night. The
decision was awarded to Goulette on
points.

WHEEL.

GREAT DAY AT HARRISTON.

Harriston, Ont., May 17.—Harriston
to have a great day on May 24.
Among the other events are a 15-mile
bicycle race, a 2-mile track bicycle
race (open), a 2-mile local race, and
a number of other events. Entries
must be in before 10 o'clock on the
morning of the 24th. Valuable prizes
are being offered, and it is expected
that the racing will be good. There
will be fireworks in the evening and
balloon ascensions. Send entries for
races to secretary race committee,
care of Harriston Tribune.

REV. C. C. OWEN

Presented With an Address and a Hand-
some Sum of Money—Comes to the
Memorial Church May 28.

The Winnipeg Tribune of the 12th
says: Standing room was at a pre-
mium in Holy Trinity school house
Thursday evening on the occasion of
the farewell to Rev. C. C. and Mrs.
Owen, who are leaving for London,
next week. There was a brief
musical programme and short ad-
dresses. At the close of the meeting
a lengthy address was presented to
Mr. and Mrs. Owen, expressing deep
regret at their departure, and wish-
ing them every success in their new
home. The last part reads:

"We pray that his blessing may be
continued to you in the important
work upon which you are about to
embark, and that the work of the warm
interest which will ever be taken in
you and your family by the members
of this congregation, among whom
you have so faithfully and lovingly
ministered."

On behalf of the ladies of the church
Mrs. Fortin read an address to Mrs.
Owen, signed by Mrs. J. H. Brock and
Mrs. J. M. O'Loughlin. This was ac-
companied by a purse containing \$100
in gold.

Rev. Mr. Owen will preach for the
first time in Memorial Church on
May 28.

THREE FATALITIES

Suicide of a School Teacher Near
Mitchell—Windsor Child Crushed
to Death.

Stratford, Ont., May 17.—Joseph Car-
lin, a young school teacher, commit-
ted suicide near Mitchell Monday morn-
ing by drowning himself in a cistern
at the residence of his uncle, Rev. Fa-
ther Downey.

The deceased had been be-
lieved that the rash act was commit-
ted under the stress of great pain, or
that his suffering had temporarily af-
fected his brain. Young Carlin was a
general favorite in this locality.

SHOT HIMSELF.

Winnipeg, May 17.—James Robb, of
Scandinavia, accidentally shot and
killed himself while pulling a rifle out
of willows in a bush. He came from
Wellington county, Ontario, some years
ago.

TRAMPLED TO DEATH.

Windsor, May 17.—The two-and-a-
half-year-old child of James McGar-
vin, living at the corner of Parent and
Assumption streets, was playing on
the lawn in front of the home yesterday
with some other children, and was
run over by a street car just as a head
mill wagon came along. The child
stumbled and fell in the street, and in
an instant the little life was crushed
out by the horses' feet.

THE LATEST FAD

Discovery Which It Is Claimed Cir-
cumvents Old Age.

Chicago, May 17.—The Tribune says:
A discovery which, it is claimed, solves
the problem of circumventing old age
has just been made public by Prof.
Joseph R. Hawley and Alexander C.
Wiener, of the Chicago Clinical School.
The return to youth, it is asserted, is
produced by hypodermic injections of
the lymphatic fluid of animals, particu-
larly young goats. The discovery was
made a year ago, and subsequent secret
demonstrations of its efficacy are as-
serted. In one of his experiments at
the school Dr. Hawley administered
hypodermic injections of the fluid from
the lymphatic glands of a goat to a
dog known to be 14 years old. The dog
was watched carefully for two months.
At the end of that time the animal was
as lively as a puppy. A number of
human beings, it is said, have been
experimented on in Chicago in the same
way, and with the same results.

**FATAL FACTORY ACCIDENT AT
STONE CREEK.**

Hamilton, Ont., May 16.—John Place,
13 years of age, while at work in Mil-
len & Platt's basket factory, Stone
Creek, yesterday had his clothing
caught in the shaft of a revolving pul-
ley. He was whirled around and his
head dashed against a beam in the ceil-
ing several times. His clothing was torn
from his body, and he was probably
fatally injured internally before the
machinery was stopped.

The furnace man now seeks a position
with the ice company.

CANADA AND HER RAILROADS

Alternative Propositions as to
the Government's Duty.

The Idea of a Railway Commis-
sion Generally Favored.

Sir Charles Tupper and Preferential
Trade—The Pacific Cable.

Ottawa, May 13.—It is evident that
the transportation question, particularly
as it affects the west, is going to
take a very prominent place in the
business of the present session of par-
liament. Many are the resolutions on
the order paper dealing with the prob-
lem in one form or another, and while
the methods suggested as a solution to
the difficulties are various, they have
but one object in view, namely, the
more complete control of the railways
by the government for the people, in-
stead of the control of the government
by the railways for themselves, as has
unfortunately been too much the case
from the date that the first sod on the
first railway in Canada was turned.

ALTERNATIVE PROPOSITIONS.

The two proposals that have taken
most definite shape are: (1) State own-
ership of the railways, and (2) govern-
ment control by means of a board of
railway commissioners. The former
project has been industriously advocat-
ed by more than one Liberal member
of parliament, with that freedom of in-
dependent judgment which is the recog-
nized birthright of Liberalism, but
which is not always to be judiciously
exercised. It does not, however, re-
quire very much investigation to show
that such a project is utterly imprac-
ticable, at least for very many years;
last of which I will say more in a
moment. Mr. J. G. Rutherford, of
Portage la Prairie, quoted a few figures
which should give it its quietus. He
showed that there are at the present
time 16,870 miles of railway in Canada,
and that on an average \$55,244 a
mile, or a total of \$937,066,200, or about
\$1,000 per family. To burden the coun-
try with this huge sum would be to
quadruple the national debt and place
a burden of \$30,000,000 per annum upon
the people to meet the interest alone.

OPERATING AT A LOSS.

Nor would the earnings of the rail-
ways pay the interest obligation, for
ever under the careful management of
some of the most expert railway men
of the day, the history of Canadian
railways has not been one of striking
financial success. The total ex-
penses of the railways in Canada
since confederation have been \$73,029,
631, and the earnings \$64,519,950, or a
deficit of over \$8,500,000. The loss for
the fiscal year ending June last was
over a quarter of a million dollars, and
therefore most evident that the ques-
tion of Canada owning her own
railways is not today within the range
of practical politics.

The alternative proposition, that of
the creation of a board of railway com-
missioners, has been brought before the
house this session, as mentioned above,
by Mr. Rutherford, of Macdonald, Man.
His resolution declares that the said
board shall enforce the full power of
the provisions of the railway act,
and to prescribe and enforce the ob-
servance of such regulations as may
be necessary in the public interest.

A useful and interesting debate took place
before the matter was brought to a
close, and the matter has not been
disposed of, but from the very
general support given on both sides of
the house to the project, it is not un-
likely that a practical solution may
at least, in part, be found in the near
future. The pressing problems of the
hour. It is, at all events, evident that
the government is fully alive to the
situation, and prepared to do whatever
is practicable in the premises.

THE PACIFIC CABLE.

But little progress has been made this
week in the Pacific cable project, the
unexpected change of attitude of the
Imperial Government having
brought matters to a sudden and
unexpected standstill. It had been un-
derstood from the beginning of the
negotiations that London would be
prepared to assume equal responsibility
with the Canadian and Australian
Governments in the construction and
maintenance of the cable, but no
sooner have the colonies definitely ac-
cepted the proposed terms, but the
cable has been agreed to contribute eight-
eighths and Canada five-eighths,
than the home government
withdraws apparently from assuming
responsibility for the remaining five-
eighths, and in place thereof pro-
pounds to bear five-eighths of any loss
of revenue only which may result in
operating the cable, provided that
priority is given to Imperial Govern-
ment messages and that they be trans-
mitted at half the ordinary rates. This
proposal, in the part of the mother coun-
try has raised a storm of indignation
protests, not only in the colonies, but
among all parties in the old country—
such a protest, in fact, that is calculat-
ed to induce the government to re-
consider its decision. The action of the
British Columbia Government in com-
ing forward at this juncture with an
offer to assume two-eighths of the cost
of constructing the cable, has been
but a beneficial effect in emphasizing
the remonstrances which the
changed attitude of the Imperial Gov-
ernment has called forth.

AS OTHERS SEE US.

An old country paper comments thus
upon the trade situation between Can-
ada and the United States: "We note
that one of the inevitable results of in-
terfering with free trade has come
about between Canada and the United
States—in fact, they are always hap-
pening. The United States Govern-
ment, in their endeavors to protect
home industries, admit that Canada
and enterprising Yankees do not allow
these logs to go far on their territory,
but have established sawmills as near
as they can to Canada to receive the
rough logs and convert them into dressed
lumber, the latter having too heavy a
tariff placed on it to be imported at
a profit. The Ontario Legislature has,
however, passed an act, prohibiting the
export of the rough logs to the United
States, requiring the lumber to be dressed
on their own territory. A nice little
retaliatory war may be expected to
ensue, and already it is suggested that
in case the United States enforces any
retaliation on their neighbors, the lat-
ter will meet it by prohibiting the ex-
port of crude nickel, which is alone
mined in Canada. What an object les-
son the case affords to those who would
try to work in the thin edge of the
wedge of protection in England."

AN EXPLANATION IN ORDER.

The Toronto Globe remarks: "Sir
Charles Tupper says that the preferen-
tial policy of the present government
is a policy that all parties are satisfied

*A few years ago Blue
Ribbon Beryl Tea was
unknown, today it is a
household word. Why?*

with today. It would be interesting
to know how he reconciles this admis-
sion with his claim that everything
that is good in the tariff was the work
of the late government. There never
was a British preference, or anything
approaching a British preference, in
any of the tariffs that were in force
from 1870 to 1896. A private member
of the party, Mr. McNeill, moved a resolu-
tion declaring that Canada was willing
to give a preference for an equivalent.
The idea of a voluntary preference was
originated and carried through solely
by the Liberal party, and that prefer-
ence was the immediate cause of the
denunciation of the German and Bel-
gian treaties, for which the Dominion
Parliament vainly asked in 1891.

TRADE WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

The British Board of Trade returns
for the month of April show the fol-
lowing increases in exports to Canada:
Cottons, \$40,000; woollens, \$25,000; lead
manufactures, \$20,000; linens, \$10,000;
laces, \$10,000; silks, \$5,000; cutlery, \$5,
000; iron plates, \$5,000. The exports of
tin and iron show considerable de-
creases. Imports from Canada to the
United Kingdom have increased, as fol-
lows: Lumber, \$110,000; hams, \$95,000;
cattle, \$45,000; corn, \$45,000; bacon, \$40,
000; butter, \$10,000. There have been
decreases, most of them small, in fish,
sheep, horses, cheese, wheat, flour,
peas, pulp and timber.

Spring tiredness is due to an impover-
ished condition of the blood, and is
cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which
enriches the blood.

SHIRT COLLARS IRONED STRAIGHT

So as not to hurt the neck, stand up
and iron without being broken in the wing.
Ties do not look like new. Give me a call.
If you are not suited no pay. Washing returns
in 24 hours. All hand work. In the city.
Parcels called for and delivered.

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467 Richmond Street.

Massage Treatment.

MISS SHUFF—GRADUATE OF DR.
W. Mitchell's Hospital for Nervous
Diseases, Philadelphia. Massage and Swedish
Movements. 497 King Street, London, Ont.
Phone 502.

Marriage Licenses.

JOHN M. SHAW ISSUES MARRIAGE
Licenses at South London Postoffice, cor-
ner Craig and Worley Road. Residence, 62
Craig.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SHUFF'S
Drug Store, 560 Dundas street east,
corner William. Trolley cars pass the door. No
witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED—OFFICE
of the Registrar, 100 Dundas street, East London. No
witnesses required.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN
Jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W.
H. Bertram, 90 Dundas street east,
corner William. Trolley cars pass the door. No
witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT
McIntosh's Shoe Store, 196 Dundas street.
No witnesses required. Residence 304 Dundas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT
Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street
Residence 239 Dufferin avenue.

Hotel Cards.

ROYAL HOTEL—OPPOSITE G. T. R. DE
POT Central location. First class in
every respect. J. D. Fleming, prop.

THE RICHMOND—CORNER OF KING
and Richmond streets. H. L. Peine,
proprietor. A call solicited.

ALBION HOTEL—177 DUNDAS STREET.
Rates, \$1.50 per day. Choice food, good
liquors and cigars. R. E. Lloyd, proprietor.

EUROPEAN HOTEL—368 DUNDAS
street. Choice wines, liquors and cigars.
Chas. Stevens, proprietor.

O'NEIL HOUSE—CORNER TALBOT AND
DUNDAS streets, new and convenient tables.
Wm. Collins, proprietor.

CITY HOTEL—LONDON—BEST \$1 A DAY
house in Canada; good tables in connec-
tion. J. McMartin, proprietor.

**THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL—MON-
TRÉAL—Centrally located and first-class**
in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

TECUMSEH HOUSE—LONDON, ONT.
Largest and best hotel in Western On-
tario. No charge for baggage or sample rooms.
Rates \$2 and \$2.50 per day. C. W. Davis, prop-
rietor.

Money Wanted.

**MONEY WANTED—SAFE AND PROFIT-
ABLE** investment found for the
investor. H. H. Weeks, solicitor, 367 Rich-
mond street, London.

Musical Instruction.

J. T. WOLCOTT, ORGANIST FIRST
Methodist Church. Teacher of piano
organ and composition. Address 5 Prospect
avenue.

MRS. AND MISS NOBLE, TEACHERS OF
piano, organ and harmony. Residence
323 King street.

J. COATES LOCKHART (TENOR) PUPIL
of Wm. Shakespeare. Studio 400 Dundas
street.

LONDON

London Advertiser.

(ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1853.)

Managing Director and Editor, John Cameron

London, Wednesday, May 17, 1899.

Good Times for Ten Years?

The world is at present enjoying a cycle of prosperity, but the whirling of time will sooner or later bring around the corresponding cycle of depression. The question is, When? The late W. S. Jevons, in his great work "Investigations in Currency and Finance," has some very interesting chapters on the periodicity of these cycles and his conclusions have since been remarkably verified. Jevons' theory was that periods of commercial depression occurred on an average every ten years—sometimes varying a year or two. He attributed the cause to the intermittent appearance of sunspots, which are supposed to create meteorological conditions unfavorable to agriculture and production of all kind. In support of his theories he brought records to light showing a marked recurrence of decennial crises since the beginning of the last century. The chain was broken at times by great wars and in some years it was impossible to procure data, but with these few exceptions, there has undoubtedly been a regular succession of commercial panics, more or less extreme, at intervals of about ten years for at least two centuries.

The Napoleonic wars disturbed the sequence in the early part of the present century, but the order has since been preserved. The years 1825, 1836, 1847, 1857 and 1866 were all years of great industrial depression. Writing early in the seventies Jevons declared that if the cycle of depression next arrived in 1877 or 1878 he should consider his theory proved. It did arrive, and Jevons lived to see it. The year 1878 was marked by a world-wide crash. In the United States, where the situation was aggravated by currency evils, the results were appalling. In England and Wales the number of business failures, according to a chart shown by Jevons, rose to the highest point in sixty years. Canada shared the common affliction. The opponents of the Dominion Government made political capital out of that calamity, and the Conservative party have never since ceased to attribute it to the Liberal rule and a low tariff, ignoring the fact that the depression was universal and that Canada had previously flourished under light taxation.

The end of the next decade was marked by no panic or crisis but there was a marked degree of industrial stagnation. The effect in Canada was indicated in 1886 and 1887 by a decided drop in exports and imports, both of which sank lower than at any time since 1878.

The next cycle of hard times arrived on schedule time, the nadir being reached in 1896. The United States suffered terribly, and conditions there actually reacted on Canada, to some extent. Trade everywhere was dull. Now the wave of prosperity has again struck the world. How far will it carry us? It is almost too much to hope that the present boom will long continue, but if Jevons' hypothesis holds good we should at least be spared bad times for ten years more.

Ian MacLaren on the Crisis.

"Ian MacLaren" has, through the North American Review, given to the world his view of the "crisis" in the Church of England. The thing that will strike the intelligent reader is that it is an outside view for outsiders. Although Dr. Watson has been so long a minister in England there is about his article a detached air, it is the tone of one who is in the country, but not of one who is not absorbed by its strife, or carried away by its parties. He calmly sketches the history of the three great parties in the church, and apportion, with a judicial air, to each its measure of praise and blame. He sums up fairly the Nonconformist position, and remarks upon the average Englishman's lack of enthusiasm for abstract principles. All this in a well-written, well-ordered article is interesting, and will probably be welcome to the intelligent stranger; but there is no fire in it. The antithesis to all this is to be found in Dr. Parker's famous sermon. The sermon was powerful and passionate, almost violent. One phrase in it was, "I think, unfortunately, though the righteous indignation behind it was quite justifiable. Every man knows his own life, and it was natural that the great preacher, who had come so recently through a great sorrow, should have desired to be left alone, and yet it seemed important to many that his strong voice should be heard. His cry for religious equality and his condemnation of religious juggling may have something feverish and fretful in its tone, but it is a real cry and it voices the feeling of England's most intelligent and honest men. There are great battles to be fought in England yet, and although it is true that if disestablishment is to come it must be helped from the inside by the blunders and the blunders of men who cannot learn anything from their country's history, it is also true that the great movements must be led by men of clear conviction and strong passionate enthusiasm. It is well to take a dispassionate view and cherish a catholic temper, but in these days as well as in the old time the men in the heat of the battle must choose their side and play their part, leaving nice distinctions and fine balancing to the historian of future times.

The Catholic Liberals of Kingston, Gananoque, Morrisburg and Brockville have all declined to send delegates to the convention called by the Toronto Catholic Liberals for the purpose of discussing their representation in Parliament.

Dewey's Home-Coming.

The news that Dewey is coming home has sent a brand new thrill through the United States, and every community from Mudville to Manhattan is preparing to do him honor. The business men of New York, with true republican simplicity, have arranged to give him a banquet at \$100 a plate, and when the gallant admiral reaches his native land the horrors of indigestion will face him wherever he goes. Since Hobson's chivalry was kissed away, Dewey has been the one hero who has loomed large in the public eye. He deserves well at the hands of his countrymen. The actual battle which he fought was mere target practice for the American ships, but that does not in the least detract from the splendor of his feat in slipping into Manila Bay, past Spanish forts and over Spanish torpedos to reach an enemy whose weakness he had no reason to suspect at the time. Dewey's claim to distinction also rests on other grounds. He hasn't made a fool of himself and taken the fringe off his reputation by blowing his own trumpet since the war. The army and naval officers of the Cuban campaign, from Shafter up, went to work at once for the magazines and newspapers, and have so persistently occupied the front of the stage that the American people are tired of throwing bouquets at them, and are looking over their heads at the quiet figure of Dewey in the background. The hero of Manila will travel via the Mediterranean, and, it is said, will spend four months on the journey, so as to get thoroughly rested before facing the ordeal at home. His reception at the British ports en route will give him a foretaste of what he may expect in the United States. Americans may well tremble for Dewey's fame now that he is to face the lionizing process.

Well, if we can't have a Canadian mint we have a Minto.

The fact of the Ontario Government disputing the Dominion Government's authority to pass the proposed fraternal societies' bill, shows that Premier Hardy will stand up for what he believes to be Provincial rights, no matter whether friends or opponents are in power at Ottawa.

American exports showed another drop last month of \$11,000,000 as compared with last year, while imports rose correspondingly. Those who still cling to the old mercantile heresy that exports and not imports create wealth, will find it hard to account for that prosperity in the United States which still grows.

The late Senator Boulton, of Manitoba, though appointed by a Conservative Government, became a staunch free trader, and developed other views which were contrary to the creed of his party. He would not have been made a Senator if this independence had been suspected at the time. Sir John Macdonald had no use for that quality in the Senate.

The Cardiff (Wales) Western Mail, from which we quoted recently, has the following additional information as to the Welsh exodus to Canada:

"We referred last week to a large party of emigrants leaving Wales to take up free grants of land in Western Canada. Last Thursday witnessed the departure of another party, made up by persons from Newport, Brecknock, Carmarthen and Haverfordwest. There are also other parties now forming in Wales for a similar purpose. During May a number will leave the Rhondda Valley for the mining districts of British Columbia. These parties are going out under the auspices of Mr. W. L. Griffith, of Cardiff, the agent for Wales of the Canadian Government."

Germany has been quick to follow the example of British imperial penny postage. The postage on letters to and from the colonies and protectorates of the German Empire has just been reduced to the domestic rate of postage in Germany itself—equivalent to an English penny. New Zealand will also shortly introduce penny postage. Mr. J. Henniker Heaton, M.P., writing to the London Times, protests against the enormous profits of the British postoffice, which last year were £4,000,000. He contends that it is not sound policy to make a profit out of the postoffice.

The Boston Herald—would that all papers, Canadian and American, were as enlightened in trade matters—pleads for another session of the Joint High Commission and for a more liberal attitude on the part of the Americans. "Our market," says the Herald, "is becoming to Canada, through our own foolishness, a matter of relative indifference, as they have sought and are finding across the Atlantic that outlet for their goods which we have denied to them." Pointing to the value of the Canadian market to the United States the Herald frankly admits that Canada would have the best of it in a tariff war. "This is the trade," it adds, "which the folly of our government proposes to put in serious jeopardy by listening to the demands and following the wishes of a few selfish special interests. The broad commercial welfare of the United States is to be sacrificed because a few influential individuals have various 'pulls' in Washington with senators or others which make the drafting and enactment of a reasonable trade treaty an exceedingly difficult operation."

Rough on "Honest John."

[Toronto Star, Liberal.] The selection of Mr. Costigan for a portfolio is out of the question. It would render the government ridiculous, and rouse such a revolt in the Liberal party that the ministry would be beaten both in the house and in the country.

Observations.

I cannot pretend to an extensive acquaintance with millionaires, but happen to have known the one at present perhaps most talked about, namely, Andrew Carnegie. Like every other remarkable man—Spurgeon, for instance—you ponder on the elusive secret of power. In each case, you see a plain, unassuming man. Than Mr. Carnegie, I do not know that I ever met a man more natural, more illustrative of the saying of his favorite Burns—"A man's a man for a' that," even though a millionaire. It goes without saying that for a man to start out in life without a sixpence, and while still in "the youth of old age," to have become the controller of two hundred millions of dollars, more or less, implies unusual physical and mental powers, perception and judgment—Gladstonian genius, in short, applied to business and finance. Andrew Carnegie is a powerful writer, as his books and magazine contributions show. His Scotch fervidum makes him a telling platform speaker. As a conversationalist, his breadth of information, epigrammatic shrewdness, delightful naturalness and contagious enthusiasm, make him personally attractive to men as dissimilar as John Morley, Mark Twain, Goldwin Smith, and Ian MacLaren. Mr. Carnegie's life has been as happy as it has been busy. When one sees at his writing desk, everywhere, varied little pictures of his charming wife and young daughter, one can easily believe those who say the idyl of the Brownings is being lived over again in New York and Scotland. If it be true, as reported, that Mr. Carnegie intends to be himself the distributor of much of his fortune during his own lifetime, we venture to predict that whatever is done will be on wise, broad-minded, far-seeing, original lines. Few men are so well situated as Andrew Carnegie to powerfully promote goodwill between all sections of the English-speaking world; and happily there is nothing he has so much at heart.

The following letter appears in the Montreal Witness:

"Sir—I see that one of your contemporaries has the following very true thing to say concerning some books it desires to sell. It is worth repeating: 'Good books tend to make good men and women. Many a successful life can be traced directly to the influence of good books. A wise parent should be as careful of the books his children read as of the company they keep.'"

"If the inference is unfair they will perhaps forgive it, but it seems to me that good newspapers, like good books, tend to make good men and women. Many a successful life can be traced directly to the influence of good newspapers. A wise parent should be as careful of the newspapers his children read as of the company they keep."

I am rather fond of Marcus Aurelius, and often wonder where he got all his lofty philosophy, considering heredity and Pagan surroundings. He is great on the advice to keep cool, cultivate calmness, and avoid distracting one's self too much over envies and ambitions. "Consider, for example," he says, "the times of Vespasian. Thou wilt see all these things—people marrying, bringing up children, sick, dying, warring, feasting, trafficking, cultivating the ground, flatterings, obstinately arrogant, suspecting, plotting, wishing for some to die, grumbling about the present, loving, heaping up treasure, desiring consulship, kingly power. Well, that life of these people no longer exists at all. Again, remove to the times of Trajan. Again, all is the same. Their life, too, is gone. In like manner view also the other epochs of time, and of whole nations, and see how many after great efforts soon fall, and were resolved into the elements. But chiefly thou shouldst think of those whom thou hast thyself known, distracting themselves about idle things, neglecting to do what was in accordance with their proper constitution, and to hold firmly to this and be content with it. And herein it is necessary to remember that the attention given to everything has its proper value and proportion. For thus thou wilt not be dissatisfied, if thou appliest thyself to smaller matters no further than is fit."

What Others Say.

A Shocking Weapon.

[Ottawa Citizen.] Great Britain is reported to have purchased the patent for an electric gun. Such a weapon should do shocking execution.

Aldermanic Perquisites.

[Montreal Gazette.] An investigation at Ottawa discloses the fact that past and present aldermen are over \$30,000 in arrears with their civic taxes. Being elected to the capital's city council seems equivalent to something better than getting a note shaved.

Local Option in Massachusetts.

[Branford Expositor.] On May 1 all the liquor stores in Lowell, Mass., were closed in consequence of the adoption by the city of a no-license policy. Cambridge also is "dry," but that city is so close to Boston that Lowell affords a much better test of the workings of the system. Some 25 or 30 years ago there was state prohibition in Massachusetts, but the law was ultimately repealed. Now the local option plan is being taken up, apparently with some degree of success.

Russell Sage's Belief.

[Springfield Republican.] Russell Sage is down on Dr. Briggs. With the simple child-likeness which distinguishes him, he says he believes the Bible from beginning to end, including Jonah and the whale, and he is shocked at Dr. Briggs' unsound doctrines, and for his part, he is still of the same mind he was when, being asked to subscribe \$1,000 a year to get Dr. Briggs to the West Presbyterian Church, he declared: "I would not give 5 cents a year to him." For a

Phone 1046.

THE RUNIANS, GRAY, CARRIE CO.

Phone 1046

Quick Chances In Ribbons

Tomorrow (Thursday) Morning.

The touchstone of success in the retail business is to know what people want and to give it to them at the lowest possible prices. Each succeeding time we make an offering we seem to outdo all previous efforts.

Here's a special sale of Ribbons that tells whether or not we've learned that lesson. An unusually fortunate purchase enables us to make this remarkable offering. We bought them cheap and will distribute the bargains far and wide.

ON SALE TOMORROW (THURSDAY) MORNING.

12 pieces Pure Silk Ribbon, fringed edges, in all the newest shades, white, mauve, Nile, turquoise, rose and sky.

Very Special at 85c

6 pieces Fancy Stripe Belt Ribbon, in purple, gold, turquoise, fawn and brown. Very special at

Per yard 50c

10 pieces Polka-dot Ribbon, in all the new shades, 4 inches wide.

Very Special at 40c

50 pieces of Plain Taffeta Ribbon (pure silk), from 5c to 7 inches.

Special at 35c, 50c, 65c

100 pieces Fancy Pure Silk Ribbon, from 4 to 6 inches wide, in all the new and popular shades, including violet, Cyano, turquoise, red, green, mauve, white. See this line in our west window; worth 50c, 60c and 75c; on sale Thursday morning for

25c

Per Yard.

18 pieces Fancy Plaid Ribbon, 1 inch wide (pure silk). Very special at

Per yard 5c

20 pieces Fancy Chiffon Frill Ribbon, from 1/2 to 2 inches wide. Special at

5c, 7c, 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c

15 pieces Black Silk Belt Ribbon, in plain cord, satin and moire. Very special at from

25c to 75c

13 pieces Plain Silk Ribbon, in black and colored, 1 1/4 inches wide, suitable for dress trimmings.

Very Special at 5c

All Orders by Mail Will Receive Prompt Attention.

The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co.

IMPORTERS.

208, 210, 210 1/2, 212 DUNDAS STREET.

generous, hearty Christian like Sage to be brought to such a declaration indicates the heinous ingratitude of Charles A. Briggs' offense.

Goldwin Smith's Greatness.

(Woodstock Sentinel-Review.)

The article reproduced in Saturday's Globe on Prof. Goldwin Smith is a very timely one. It serves to remind the Canadian public of what a notable man we have had in our midst for nearly a quarter of a century. However much we may disagree with certain of his political views, in particular those in regard to Canada's destiny, we cannot but recognize his eminence as a writer and a thinker. During his residence in this country he has been the foremost representative of culture whom we could number among our citizens. In every movement which marked an intellectual advance he has been prominent. He has given of his time and his money to the cause of enlightened thought, and often his efforts have not been appreciated as they should have been. To our provincial university he has been a very useful friend. What he has done has not been made known to the world with the flourish of trumpets, and as a consequence his services are not recognized by the people of the country today as they should be. At the age of 76 he is proceeding with his labors with all the vigor of former years. At present he is completing a political history of England up to the time of the Reform Bill. After this is finished he will issue a volume of reminiscences. This will be looked forward to with great interest. It should be a work of great value, coming from a man who has been more or less in touch with all the leaders of nineteenth century thought and action. That health and strength may be his to continue his labors for many years yet to come is the wish of Canadians in general.

Light and Shade.

Sentiment and Fact.

She—Do you remember how you used to put your arm around my waist, when we were engaged, ten years ago? You never do that now.

He—No, my arm has not grown any longer.

Gobble.

Little Mike (in midst of his reading)—Feyther, hoy d'yez pronounce I-I-o-I-o?

McLuberty—Pronounce it? Begorra! did yez never hear a tur-r-key gobble?

The height that proved too high, the hero for earth too hard.

The passion that left the ground to lose itself in the sky.

Are music sent up to God by the lover and the bard;

Enough that he heard it once; we shall hear it by and by.

—Robert Browning.

Humor and Pathos.

Everything human is pathetic. The secret source of humor itself is not joy but sorrow. There is no humor in heaven.—Pudd'nhead Wilson.

Doubtful.

"Yes, Eddie was slightly wounded in the first fight. We have a letter from the regimental surgeon."

"Where was he wounded?"

"We are not quite sure. The sur-

geon mentioned the place, but we don't know whether it is an anatomical phrase or a Filipino town."—Cleveland Leader.

WESTERN ONTARIO

Jacob King, formerly of Wingham, is reported to have purchased Hawkshaw's Hotel in Seaforth for \$5,750, exclusive of the furniture. Hawkshaw goes to St. Marys to be proprietor of the Ontario House.

Drilling operations at Guelph ceased on Sunday, when a dry hole was struck at the depth of fifteen hundred and sixty-two feet. Mr. J. J. Cox says they found every indication of the existence of petroleum, but no traces of gas. It is not their intention to make another test at present.

Mr. C. D. Oakes, of New Gessum, has just come in the possession of a valuable historic relic in the form of a sheet-iron oven, which was used by Col. Talbot in roasting meat before an open fireplace. It was built in Liverpool, England, and was left by the colonel in possession of Mrs. Jeffrey Hunter, near Port Talbot, with whom he lived prior to his removal to London.

Sarnia Observer: In the death of Mrs. LaPlante, which sad event occurred Saturday morning, Sarnia loses one of its earliest settlers. Mrs. LaPlante was the wife of the late Oliver LaPlante, who in the early days carried on a boot and shoe business in Sarnia. Last winter Mrs. LaPlante was taken ill with an attack of the grip, which developed into heart trouble, and which ultimately caused her death at the age of 61 years.

Mrs. Dora Morrison, deputy supreme commander of the Ladies of the Mac, has been in St. Marys organizing the Pansy Hive of that order. The following are the officers: P. L. C., Lady Mattie Lewis; L. C., Lady Mary Chaffor; L. L. C., Lady Margaret T. John; E. K., Lady Cora Fisher; T. K., Lady Mable Selvedge; M. A., Lady Lily Easton; sergeant, Lady Lerena Richards; Sentinel, Lady Clara Dawson; pilot, Lady Sarah Vanston; chaplain, Lady Martha Fulcher.

Brigden Public Opinion says: "A meeting of the citizens interested in oil operations was held on Tuesday evening, in Hayne's Hall. On motion, Dr. Fisher took the chair. After was taken ill with the money subscribed at once, and then go on with operations. The company was then organized with the following officers: President, Dr. Fisher; vice-president, Orlando Collier; secretary, John Hayne; treasurer, W. J. Ward.

At an emergency meeting of Oxford Lodge, No. 76, A. F. and A. M., Woodstock, on Friday night, Rt. Wor. Bro. F. C. Martin presented to the lodge the Masonic emblems done in silk. They are over 100 years old, and belonged to Mr. Martin's grandfather, the late Bro. Calvin Martin, formerly of Beachville. Bro. Martin wore his grandfather's apron, with which he was clothed at Culver's House, Long Point, when he was made a Mason in 1810. Oxford Lodge will frame the emblems and hang them in their lodgeroom.

Open as Day.

It is given to every physician, the formula of Scott's Emulsion being no secret; but no successful imitation has ever been offered to the public. Only years of experience and study can produce the best.

PUT TWO BULLETS IN HIS HEAD.

Guelph, May 17.—Alex. Whitelaw, of Pilkington, 19 years old, employed by Mr. William French, attempted to commit suicide on Sunday evening. After supper he went out to the field and shot himself in the head with a small 32-caliber revolver, walked back to the house and told what he had done. Dr. Wallace, Jun., Alma, drove the patient, who was conscious all along, to the general hospital here, where he and Dr. MacKinnon extracted one of the bullets, which had penetrated the skull above the right ear. The other bullet, which was about an inch from the surface, was not found. The patient has a good chance of recovery. No reason for the act is known beyond that he owed a small sum of money, probably not over \$40.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Are Checking the Ravage of Kidney Disease in St. John, N. B.

Another Testimony as to Their Marvelous Power.

Anyone who desires to know anything of the curative powers of Doan's Kidney Pills in any form of kidney disease, or in any condition that arises from disordered kidneys, need not go far to look for information.

Almost every city and town in Canada sends its quota of cures. In St. John, N. B., many people are coming forward and testifying to the almost magic influence of Doan's Kidney Pills in relieving pain and eradicating disease.

One of these is Mrs. C. H. Gillespie, 204 Britain street. She says that she suffered from a severe attack of kidney disease, which was the result of La Grippe. She was so bad with the pain in her back that she could not stoop to tie her shoes, and at times suffered so much that she could not turn in bed without assistance.

For four months previous to taking Doan's Kidney Pills she was unable to attend to her household duties, and was almost a helpless invalid. "Doan's Kidney Pills have rescued me from this terrible condition," said Mrs. Gillespie, "and removed every pain and ache from my body. I am in perfect health today, and although my case was very serious, the pills checked the ravages of the dread disease almost immediately, so that I can highly recommend them."

Doan's Kidney Pills never fail to cure Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, backache, lame or weak back, puffiness and dark circles under the eyes, swelling of the feet and ankles, rheumatism, gravel, sediment, female weakness, urinary trouble, dizziness, headache, weakness of the kidneys in children and old people, etc. Price 50 cents a box, or three for \$1.25, at all drug-gists, or sent by mail. The Doan Kidney Pill Company, Toronto, Ont.

Remember the name, Doan's, and refuse all others.

The five men arrested at Tweed, on suspicion of being the parties who robbed the Standard Bank at Bowmanville, were discharged.

**"He That Stays
Does the Business."**
All the world admires
"staying power." On this
quality success depends. The
blood is the best friend the
heart has, and "faint heart"
never won anything. Hood's
Sarsaparilla is the best friend
the blood ever had; it cleanses
the blood of everything.

If you would be strong in the race of
life and "do the business," you must
"stay." Hood's Sarsaparilla makes
the struggle easy. It gives clear, strong
blood; hence perfect health ensues.

Hives.—The itching of hives which
troubled me last summer was terrible;
itches came all over my body. Hood's
Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills cured me.
Mrs. MARY BROWN, 235 Wolf St.,
Baltimore, Md.

All Run Down.—I was as tired in the
morning as at night, had no ambition, weak
and run down. Three bottles of Hood's
Sarsaparilla built me up and cured me.
Can eat well and sleep well. Mrs. CHAS.
MOLZ, 418 Madison St., Sandusky, Ohio.

Female Troubles.—I would have wel-
comed death any time as a relief from
the pain of the womb and other serious
troubles. The best physician said my
case was hopeless. I stopped taking every-
thing else and took Hood's Sarsaparilla.
New life came to me and I gained until I
am perfectly well and strong. Mrs. EMMA
J. FISHER, Londell, Illinois.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and
the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE MARKETS.

Mining Stocks.
Toronto, May 16.—Following are to-day's
closing quotations on the Toronto Mining and
Industrial change:

	Asked.	Bid.
Foley	30	29
Hammond Reef	55	54
Golden Star	55	54
Superior G. and S.	91	90
Cariboo	140	139
Minnehaha	27	26
Waterloo	10	9
Cariboo Hydraulic	146	145
Tin Horn	94	93
Smuggler	4	3
Winipeg	21	20
Old Dominion	10	9
Knob Hill	35	34
Athabasca	43	42
Dundas	27	26
Dardanelles	134	133
Noble Five	28	27
Payne M. Co.	40	39
Rambler-Clifton	38 1/2	37 1/2
Two Friends	6	5
Wonderful Group	9	8
Van Ande	23 1/2	22 1/2
Big Three	23 1/2	22 1/2
Alice A.	21	20
Enterprise	54	53
Gold Hill	10	9
Commander	10	9
Deer Park	12	11
Iron Coll.	13	12
Iron Ore	15	14
Iron Mask	65	64
Montreal Gold	20	19
Monte Cristo	12	11 1/2
Monte Belle	34	33
Novelty	4	3 1/2
St. Paul	4	3 1/2
Silver Bell	4	3 1/2
St. Elmo	6 1/2	6
Victory Triumph	37 1/2	36 1/2
War Eagle	37 1/2	36 1/2
White Bear	54 1/2	53 1/2
B. C. Gold Fields	54 1/2	53 1/2
Can. G. F. S.	54 1/2	53 1/2
Gold Hill	10	9
Crow's Nest Pass	42 1/2	41 1/2
Laithmullen	80	79
Brandon & Galt	18	17 1/2
Morrison	18	17 1/2
Republic	133 1/2	132 1/2

MORNING SALES.—Alice A., 500 at 20; 500, 500 at 20; Hammond Reef, 500 at 55; Golden Star, 500 at 55; Cariboo, 500 at 140; Minnehaha, 500 at 27; Smuggler, 500 at 4; Winipeg, 500 at 21; Old Dominion, 500 at 10; Knob Hill, 500 at 35; Athabasca, 500 at 43; Dundas, 500 at 27; Dardanelles, 500 at 134; Noble Five, 500 at 28; Payne M. Co., 500 at 40; Rambler-Clifton, 500 at 38 1/2; Two Friends, 500 at 6; Wonderful Group, 500 at 9; Van Ande, 500 at 23 1/2; Big Three, 500 at 23 1/2; Alice A., 500 at 21; Enterprise, 500 at 54; Gold Hill, 500 at 10; Commander, 500 at 10; Deer Park, 500 at 12; Iron Coll., 500 at 13; Iron Ore, 500 at 15; Iron Mask, 500 at 65; Montreal Gold, 500 at 20; Monte Cristo, 500 at 12; Monte Belle, 500 at 34; Novelty, 500 at 4; St. Paul, 500 at 4; Silver Bell, 500 at 4; St. Elmo, 500 at 6 1/2; Victory Triumph, 500 at 37 1/2; War Eagle, 500 at 37 1/2; White Bear, 500 at 54 1/2; B. C. Gold Fields, 500 at 54 1/2; Can. G. F. S., 500 at 54 1/2; Gold Hill, 500 at 10; Crow's Nest Pass, 500 at 42 1/2; Laithmullen, 500 at 80; Brandon & Galt, 500 at 18; Morrison, 500 at 18; Republic, 500 at 133 1/2.

AFTERNOON SALES.—Alice A., 500 at 20; 500, 500 at 20; Hammond Reef, 500 at 55; Golden Star, 500 at 55; Cariboo, 500 at 140; Minnehaha, 500 at 27; Smuggler, 500 at 4; Winipeg, 500 at 21; Old Dominion, 500 at 10; Knob Hill, 500 at 35; Athabasca, 500 at 43; Dundas, 500 at 27; Dardanelles, 500 at 134; Noble Five, 500 at 28; Payne M. Co., 500 at 40; Rambler-Clifton, 500 at 38 1/2; Two Friends, 500 at 6; Wonderful Group, 500 at 9; Van Ande, 500 at 23 1/2; Big Three, 500 at 23 1/2; Alice A., 500 at 21; Enterprise, 500 at 54; Gold Hill, 500 at 10; Commander, 500 at 10; Deer Park, 500 at 12; Iron Coll., 500 at 13; Iron Ore, 500 at 15; Iron Mask, 500 at 65; Montreal Gold, 500 at 20; Monte Cristo, 500 at 12; Monte Belle, 500 at 34; Novelty, 500 at 4; St. Paul, 500 at 4; Silver Bell, 500 at 4; St. Elmo, 500 at 6 1/2; Victory Triumph, 500 at 37 1/2; War Eagle, 500 at 37 1/2; White Bear, 500 at 54 1/2; B. C. Gold Fields, 500 at 54 1/2; Can. G. F. S., 500 at 54 1/2; Gold Hill, 500 at 10; Crow's Nest Pass, 500 at 42 1/2; Laithmullen, 500 at 80; Brandon & Galt, 500 at 18; Morrison, 500 at 18; Republic, 500 at 133 1/2.

Local Market.
A. M. HAMILTON & SON'S REVIEW
London, Wednesday, May 17.

Wheat, white, per bu	68c to 69c
Wheat, red, per bu	68c to 69c
Wheat, spring, per bu	70c to 71c
Oats, per bu	35c to 36c
Peas, per bu	30c to 31c
Corn, per bu	39 1/2c to 40 1/2c
Barley, per bu	40 1/2c to 41 1/2c
Rye, per bu	55c to 56c
Beans, per bu	75c to 76c

The volume of business done in grain
circles has been light this week. Oats
were the principal line offered. Wheat
took second place. Only a few loads
of any other kind of grain came in.
Little or no change occurred in prices.
There was some fluctuation in oats,
caused by the unevenness of the supply.
The price of wheat was steady at \$1.12
to \$1.15—mostly the latter.

Peas brought \$1.10, and barley 90c.
Hay sales were made at about \$3.50
to \$3.75, as a rule; some lots of low grade
selling a little lower.

American Markets.
CHICAGO, May 16.—The leading futures
closed as follows: Wheat—May, 70c; July,
71 1/2c; Sept., 72 1/2c. Corn—May, 32 1/2c; July,
33 1/2c; Sept., 34 1/2c. Oats—May, 26 1/2c;
July, 27 1/2c; Sept., 28 1/2c. Pork—May, 42 1/2c;
July, 43 1/2c; Sept., 44 1/2c. Lard—May, 10 1/2c;
July, 10 3/4c; Sept., 10 5/8c. Short ribs—May, 11 1/2c;
July, 11 3/4c; Sept., 11 5/8c. Cash quotations as follows: Flour,
No. 1, 100 lb., 1.10; No. 2, 100 lb., 1.05; No. 3, 100 lb., 1.00; No. 4, 100 lb., 95c; No. 5, 100 lb., 90c; No. 6, 100 lb., 85c; No. 7, 100 lb., 80c; No. 8, 100 lb., 75c; No. 9, 100 lb., 70c; No. 10, 100 lb., 65c; No. 11, 100 lb., 60c; No. 12, 100 lb., 55c; No. 13, 100 lb., 50c; No. 14, 100 lb., 45c; No. 15, 100 lb., 40c; No. 16, 100 lb., 35c; No. 17, 100 lb., 30c; No. 18, 100 lb., 25c; No. 19, 100 lb., 20c; No. 20, 100 lb., 15c; No. 21, 100 lb., 10c; No. 22, 100 lb., 5c; No. 23, 100 lb., 0c; No. 24, 100 lb., 0c; No. 25, 100 lb., 0c; No. 26, 100 lb., 0c; No. 27, 100 lb., 0c; No. 28, 100 lb., 0c; No. 29, 100 lb., 0c; No. 30, 100 lb., 0c; No. 31, 100 lb., 0c; No. 32, 100 lb., 0c; No. 33, 100 lb., 0c; No. 34, 100 lb., 0c; No. 35, 100 lb., 0c; No. 36, 100 lb., 0c; No. 37, 100 lb., 0c; No. 38, 100 lb., 0c; No. 39, 100 lb., 0c; No. 40, 100 lb., 0c; No. 41, 100 lb., 0c; No. 42, 100 lb., 0c; No. 43, 100 lb., 0c; No. 44, 100 lb., 0c; No. 45, 100 lb., 0c; No. 46, 100 lb., 0c; No. 47, 100 lb., 0c; No. 48, 100 lb., 0c; No. 49, 100 lb., 0c; No. 50, 100 lb., 0c; No. 51, 100 lb., 0c; No. 52, 100 lb., 0c; No. 53, 100 lb., 0c; No. 54, 100 lb., 0c; No. 55, 100 lb., 0c; No. 56, 100 lb., 0c; No. 57, 100 lb., 0c; No. 58, 100 lb., 0c; No. 59, 100 lb., 0c; No. 60, 100 lb., 0c; No. 61, 100 lb., 0c; No. 62, 100 lb., 0c; No. 63, 100 lb., 0c; No. 64, 100 lb., 0c; No. 65, 100 lb., 0c; No. 66, 100 lb., 0c; No. 67, 100 lb., 0c; No. 68, 100 lb., 0c; No. 69, 100 lb., 0c; No. 70, 100 lb., 0c; No. 71, 100 lb., 0c; No. 72, 100 lb., 0c; No. 73, 100 lb., 0c; No. 74, 100 lb., 0c; No. 75, 100 lb., 0c; No. 76, 100 lb., 0c; No. 77, 100 lb., 0c; No. 78, 100 lb., 0c; No. 79, 100 lb., 0c; No. 80, 100 lb., 0c; No. 81, 100 lb., 0c; No. 82, 100 lb., 0c; No. 83, 100 lb., 0c; No. 84, 100 lb., 0c; No. 85, 100 lb., 0c; No. 86, 100 lb., 0c; No. 87, 100 lb., 0c; No. 88, 100 lb., 0c; No. 89, 100 lb., 0c; No. 90, 100 lb., 0c; No. 91, 100 lb., 0c; No. 92, 100 lb., 0c; No. 93, 100 lb., 0c; No. 94, 100 lb., 0c; No. 95, 100 lb., 0c; No. 96, 100 lb., 0c; No. 97, 100 lb., 0c; No. 98, 100 lb., 0c; No. 99, 100 lb., 0c; No. 100, 100 lb., 0c.

TO Cure a Cold in One Night
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.
All druggists refund the money if it
fails to cure. 25 cents.

No better wheel made, "America"
Barkwell's.

EXPIATED HIS AWFUL CRIME

(Continued from page 1.)

was questionable, and he resisted arrest. Pomeroy, however, became a little too officious, through ignorance, more than anything else, and consequently met his death. Eight men were arrested on the charge in which Burleigh was concerned, but all escaped except the unfortunate Burleigh, who declared himself innocent of any charge, particularly that of murder. The escaped prisoners were captured, and Burleigh was tried for his life. He was found guilty and executed in 1831, when the people for 25 miles around came to witness the hanging. It was an awful sight, for when Burleigh was swinging off the rope broke and the half-strangled man walked around before the people with the rope draped from his neck. He was led back to the scaffold and strangled to death.

The second execution was that of Jonathan Sovereign, who lived near Appleton's Flats; in the early days of the township, for one of the foulest murders in the history of the country. Sovereign was sentenced to be hanged for cattle stealing, but through influence was reprieved. The crime for which Sovereign died was that of murdering his wife and six children, outright and injuring a 5-year-old girl so that she died in a few days. Sovereign then gave the alarm that the Indians had done the terrible deed. The neighbors, who were children with their brains battered out by the body of Mrs. Sovereign between the barn and the house, with an old shoe knife buried to the hilt in her side. In her hand she held a bunch of gray hair, which she had torn from the head of the man in the death struggle. This terrible evidence led to his execution on June 5, 1832, on the same scaffold upon which Burleigh died.

In the year 1833 Dr. E. A. Theller, Henry Anderson, and W. W. Dodge were hanged as rebels for the part they took in the rebellion of 1837-38. Later, in the same year, in September, Cornelius Cunningham, Joshua Gillean, Doane Ames Pearly and Albert Clark were charged with high treason, convicted and hanged on Jan. 14, 1839, in the court house square, and Joseph Scott was also sentenced to death in the year 1833, but there are no documents at hand to show that the sentence was ever carried out.

At the spring assizes, 1851, James S. Mason was convicted of murder, and executed on Nov. 5, of the same year. Thomas Jones was hanged Dec. 23, 1858, for the murder of his niece, Mary Jones. The dramatic feature of the trial was a confession by Jones' daughter, Elizabeth, that she, and not her father, had committed the crime. For her part in the affair she was sent to the penitentiary for ten years, but she was unable to save her father's neck. Jones was hanged in the presence of 8,000. This was the last public execution in the district. Jones had been convicted of robbery on the evidence of the niece. Jones' sons were the principal witnesses against him, and swore that their father had asked them to murder Mary Jones, and her father, Henry Jones.

On Dec. 23, 1871, Angus Pickard was hanged for the murder of Duncan McVannell, of East Nisour. This was the outcome of a love affair. Pickard fell desperately in love with a young lady, and her father wished to learn the character of Pickard. McVannell gave Pickard anything but a good reputation, and in consequence the engagement was broken off. McVannell, who was Pickard's employer, was shot in an altercation over some money owing to Pickard. The execution was a bungled affair, for while the victim was suspended in mid-air, the poor fellow, who was hanged, slipped under the jaw, and Pickard was strangled to death.

Phoebe Campbell was the first woman in London to expiate a crime on the gallows. At the assizes in March, 1872, before Mr. Justice Galt, she was convicted of the murder of her husband, of East Nisour. The poor woman was sentenced to be executed on Nov. 27, of the same year. The execution was carried out. His spiritual attendants were Bishop Baldwin, Revs. J. B. Richardson, Hicks and McGillivray. Friday, June 14, 1890, for the murder of his wife, Lucy Jackson, in a little house on Regent street.

THE SCAFFOLD.
The following is a more minute description of the scaffold: The scaffold consisted of a rough board shed built against the south wall of the jail with eight or ten steps leading up to the platform at the east end of the structure. The platform was about six feet from the ground. In the floor was a trap with double doors opening downward, in the middle, and fastened by a large number of iron bolts. Just under the platform a heavy beam the full length of the shed. Suspended from this beam, immediately over the center of the trap, hung the rope. The black cap lay on the floor, just back of the trap. Within less than one minute from the time the party had mounted the scaffold, Hangman Radcliffe had piloted Brown's legs, put on the black cap, and adjusted the noose to the words, "die, thou evil," as Rev. Dr. Johnston repeated the Lord's Prayer, Radcliffe pulled an iron lever, much like the derailing lever used on the railroad. This released the bolts, the trap door flew open, and the body shot downward with such force that the sound of the rope coming taut could be heard some distance.

Brown was a heavy man, and the rope cut deep into the wooden beam. The executioner, however, was not agout four feet deep. Beyond seeing that the technical requirements of the law were complied with, Sheriff Cameron left the disposition of all matters pertaining to the scaffold to Hangman Radcliffe.

THE CRIME AND THE MAN.
The crime for which Marion Brown died was the shooting of P. C. Toohy in this city on the night of June 24, 1898. Marion Brown was born in Sanaba, Tex. His mother was half negro and half Mexican, and his father half Indian and half white. It is supposed that he lost his leg while working as a cowboy. Before his appearance in London he was jailed at Georgetown, Tex., but succeeded by a ruse in disarming his keeper and escaping. This was on June 4, just twenty days prior to the execution. Brown, from London, was traced west in his wanderings, and was arrested at North Yakima, Wash., by United States Marshal Dilley, on

50c DRESS GOODS

A grand lot of Stylish Dress
Materials at half regular worth.
The making of really swell
skirts or costumes at very low
cost.

Your Choice

of fine silk and wool effect, new colors
and designs; the cream of this
season's styles, at..... 50c

Worth 75c, \$1 and \$1.25.

Special...

1 case only, very choice American
Batiste Cord Muslin, for waist and
dress, handsome effect, at 20c.

1 case American White Cambric—
extra value, 10c.

MILLINERY Second Floor.

Bayley's

Sept. 23, on a charge of selling liquor
to Indians. He was brought back to
London by Detectives Nickle and Dilley,
and arrived here Oct. 15. On March
30 of this year he received his death
sentence.

THE BURIAL.

There will be a quiet burial in the
corner of the jail yard at 4:30 o'clock
this afternoon. Rev. W. M. Walker,
of the South London Baptist Church,
asked and was granted permission by
Sheriff Cameron, to conduct the burial
service. The grave has been dug in a
corner of the jail yard, down at the
bottom of the hill, where the grass
grows thick and green over the un-
marked graves of Thomas Jones,
Angus Pickard, Phoebe Campbell, Ben
Simmons and Henry Smith. Marion
Brown's will be the sixth grave, and
there will be no mark to distinguish
his from the others, save that for a
time the grass may be a little thicker
and a little greener there.

NOTES.

The rope with which Brown was
hanged was bought by Rad-
cliffe yesterday in a Dundas
street hardware store. It was
3/4-inch hemp rope. Radcliffe asked for
halves, to make about three horse-
lengths, and did not reveal his identity
until he had made the purchase. He
took the parcel to the London House,
and threw it behind the bar. The
contents of the package soon became
known, and many curious ones inspec-
ted it.

Brown was hanged in the suit that
he wore at the trial—a gray tweed.
He had a turn-down collar and a black
necktie.

Radcliffe wore a beard when he
hanged Smith, and would hardly be
recognized now as the same man. He
has grown stouter and better-looking
since.

When Brown first heard that he had
no chance of life he wept, but since
then he preserved a brave front.
At the instant the drop fell there was
a peal of thunder and a flash of light-
ning. The coincidence was noticed by
the spectators.

It was perhaps the smallest crowd
that has attended an execution in
years.

WORSE THAN YELLOW FEVER.

**Kidney Disease Man's Deadliest Foe,
Dodd's Kidney Pills Its Only Cure.**
Toronto, May 15.—"Yellow fever and
smallpox combined, do not kill as
man people as Kidney Disease does,"
was the assertion of a prominent To-
ronto physician recently.

The assertion is fully borne out
by facts, and it is not that there is
a means of checking and curing Kid-
ney Disease the number of its victims
would be trebled.

But the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills
keeps the death-rate from this com-
plaint quite low compared to its
former height.

If Dodd's Kidney Pills were used,
in every case of Kidney Disease, there
would be no deaths from it.

Steamship Arrivals.
May 16. At. From.
Escalona..... Father Point..... Bordeaux
Lord Iveligh..... Father Point..... Shields
Saskatoon..... Father Point..... Glasgow
Pinecroft..... Father Point..... Liverpool
Melrose..... Father Point..... Las Palmas
Westland..... Father Point..... Antwerp
Ras Makonnen..... Father Point..... Bremen
Rotterdam..... Boulogne..... New York
State of Nebraska..... Glasgow..... New York

A Corn Photographed by X Rays.
Shows a small hard kernel, covered by
layers of hard skin. This tiny corn
causes keen pain. The only sure
means of extracting it, without pain,
in a day, is Putnam's Painless Corn
Extractor. Sure? Yes. Painless?
Yes. Cheap? Yes. Indeed? Try it.

Ras Makonnen, the principal general
and confidential representative of King
Menelek of Abyssinia, is dangerously
ill, and it is suspected that he has been
poisoned.

Elegant Curtain Materials

THE FINEST COLLECTION
EVER SHOWN IN THE CITY.

New Roman Stripe Madras

In gold and white and blue and white.
Fancy Colored Madras, in pink, green and white and gold
green and white.
Colored Frilled Muslin by theyard,
New Art Muslin, 10c, 12 1/2c and 15c.
New English Cretonnes, 10c, 12 1/2c and 15c.
Fancy French Denims, 25c, 30c and 35c.
Frilled Bobbinett by the yard.
Also Swiss and Muslin Sash Curtains.

A Visit to Our Store Will Repay You.

A. S. Creaton & Co.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR EDDY'S

"EAGLE" Parlor Matches, 300s. "EAGLE" Parlor Matches, 100s.
"VICTORIA" Parlor Matches, 65s. "LITTLE COMET" Parlor Matches.

The Finest in the World. No Brimstone.

The E. B. Eddy Company, Limited,
HULL, P. Q.

BRITISH FORCE HOLDS KOW LOON

Chinese Disarmed and Union
Jack Hoisted.

Brilliant Scene at the Queen's
Drawing-Room.

Remarkable Career of Crime—The
Marchand Expedition.

Hong Kong, May 17.—Part of the
British troops sent into the disturbed
territory near here have returned,
after taking possession of Kow Loon
city. The Chinese garrison was dis-
armed, the British flag was hoisted
without disturbance, and 50 men of the
Welsh Fusilier Regiment were left to
garrison the town. No news has been
received from the Hinterland expedi-
tion.

The Chinese war office in its reply to
the Russian demand for a concession
for the construction of a railway to
connect the Manchurian line with Pe-
kin, incidentally remarks that it can
no longer believe in Russia's promises
of friendship.

MARCHAND.

At a French cabinet council, M. Guel-
lin, the minister for the colonies, com-
municated to those present the contents
of a telegram received by the governor
of Jibouti from Major Marchand, say-
ing, say the mission was in perfect
health, and would arrive at Jibouti on
May 26.

A REMARKABLE CRIMINAL.

St. Petersburg, May 17.—A trial,
which has caused a great sensation
here, owing to the high station of the
prisoner, has just been concluded. The
evidence disclosed that the accused,
Maria Mershwizka, a woman of noble
birth, had led an extraordinary career
of intrigue and crime. The course
found her guilty of poisoning her lover
and two women, owing to jealousy;
with kidnapping a child, and with
forging documents and bills of ex-
change. She was sentenced to 15 years'
penal servitude in Siberia, and to be
deprived of her title of nobility.

A BRILLIANT SCENE.

London, May 17.—In spite of showery
weather large crowds gathered in St.
James' Park to see the carriages con-
taining people bound of the Queen's
drawing-room at Buckingham Palace.
They began arriving before noon, and
when they were allowed to take places
at 1 o'clock a double line had already
been stretched from the palace to the
Horse Guards' Parade, and another
from the palace along Buckingham
palace road to Victoria railroad station.
The unusual eagerness to reach the
debutantes of being received by the Queen
personally. The great display of state
carriages and gorgeous liveries, etc.,
delighted the onlookers. Neither the
Prince of Wales nor the Duke of York
attended the drawing-room, but the
Duchess of York arrived shortly before
3 o'clock, in a drenching rain, which
effectually checked the enthusiasm of
the crowds. Inside the palace all the
state apartments, including the ball-
room, were opened, owing to the ex-
ceptional attendance. Promptly at 3
o'clock Queen Victoria was wheeled
from her own apartments to the throne-
room, followed by the other royals,
and conducted by the great officers of
the household. The function then
began.

THE DOSSIER.

F. H. BUTLER, STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for best pocket manual. Long distance phone.

OFFICES, Masonic Temple London

Geo. McBean & Son.

We are open for orders of GRAIN, FLOUR and MILLFEED. If offering please state quantities and lowest prices.

P. O. BOX 807. MONTREAL

TODAY'S MARKETS

Montreal Stock Market

Montreal, May 17.	Off.
Canadian Pacific.....	98 1/2
Alulath, Johnson.....	100
Alulath, preferred.....	100 1/2
Commercial Cable.....	159
Comm. Cable Coupon Bonds.....	159
Commercial Reg. Bonds.....	175
Montreal Telephone.....	112 1/2
Richelleu and Ontario.....	112 1/2
Montreal Street Railway.....	112 1/2
Montreal St. Railway, new.....	112 1/2
Toronto Railway.....	112 1/2
Montreal Gas Company.....	205
Bell Telephone.....	119
Royal Electric.....	118
Bank of Montreal.....	118
Ontario Bank.....	118
Manitoba Bank.....	118
Quebec Bank.....	118
Bank of Toronto.....	118
Bank of Nova Scotia.....	118
Bank of Commerce.....	118
Northwestern Land, pref.....	118
Montreal Cotton.....	118
Canada Colored Cotton.....	118
Dominion Cotton.....	118

New York Stocks.

Reported by F. H. Butler, 16 and 16 Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser.

New York, May 17.

Yesterday's	Close.	Open.	High.	Low.	2 p.m.
Atchafalaya.....	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2
Atchafalaya Pfd.....	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2
N. Y. Gas.....	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2
Brooklyn Twp.....	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2
Canada Pacific.....	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
U. S. B. & O.....	131 1/2	131 1/2	131 1/2	131 1/2	131 1/2
C. & M. W.....	153 1/2	153 1/2	153 1/2	153 1/2	153 1/2
Chicago Gas.....	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2
Gen. Electric.....	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2
Jersey Central.....	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2
K. & N. P.....	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2
L. & N. P.....	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2
Manhattan.....	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2
Metropolitan St. Ry.....	225 1/2	225 1/2	225 1/2	225 1/2	225 1/2
Mo. P.....	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2
N. Y. Central.....	133 1/2	133 1/2	133 1/2	133 1/2	133 1/2
N. Y. Pfd.....	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Ont. & Western.....	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
P. M.....	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
R. I.....	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2
Reading.....	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
St. Paul.....	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
Southern Ry. Pfd.....	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
T. C. I.....	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
U. Pacific.....	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2
W. U.....	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2

Toronto Stock Market

Toronto, May 17.	Off.
Atchafalaya.....	185 1/2
Alulath, Johnson.....	100
Alulath, preferred.....	100 1/2
Commercial Cable.....	159
Comm. Cable Coupon Bonds.....	159
Commercial Reg. Bonds.....	175
Montreal Telephone.....	112 1/2
Richelleu and Ontario.....	112 1/2
Montreal Street Railway.....	112 1/2
Montreal St. Railway, new.....	112 1/2
Toronto Railway.....	112 1/2
Montreal Gas Company.....	205
Bell Telephone.....	119
Royal Electric.....	118
Bank of Montreal.....	118
Ontario Bank.....	118
Manitoba Bank.....	118
Quebec Bank.....	118
Bank of Toronto.....	118
Bank of Nova Scotia.....	118
Bank of Commerce.....	118
Northwestern Land, pref.....	118
Montreal Cotton.....	118
Canada Colored Cotton.....	118
Dominion Cotton.....	118

Toronto Produce Market.

Toronto, May 17.—Wheat is steady at 7 1/2c to 8c for red and 6 1/2c to 7c for white. Corn, 5 1/2c to 6c for white and 5 1/2c to 6c for yellow. Oats, 4 1/2c to 5c for white and 4 1/2c to 5c for yellow. Barley, 6 1/2c to 7c for white and 6 1/2c to 7c for yellow. Rye, 10c to 11c for white and 10c to 11c for yellow. Clover, 12c to 13c for white and 12c to 13c for yellow. Alfalfa, 14c to 15c for white and 14c to 15c for yellow. Hay, 16c to 17c for white and 16c to 17c for yellow. Potatoes, 18c to 19c for white and 18c to 19c for yellow. Apples, 20c to 21c for white and 20c to 21c for yellow. Oranges, 22c to 23c for white and 22c to 23c for yellow. Lemons, 24c to 25c for white and 24c to 25c for yellow. Pears, 26c to 27c for white and 26c to 27c for yellow. Peaches, 28c to 29c for white and 28c to 29c for yellow. Plums, 30c to 31c for white and 30c to 31c for yellow. Cherries, 32c to 33c for white and 32c to 33c for yellow. Strawberries, 34c to 35c for white and 34c to 35c for yellow. Raspberries, 36c to 37c for white and 36c to 37c for yellow. Blackberries, 38c to 39c for white and 38c to 39c for yellow. Elderberries, 40c to 41c for white and 40c to 41c for yellow. Huckleberries, 42c to 43c for white and 42c to 43c for yellow. Currants, 44c to 45c for white and 44c to 45c for yellow. Gooseberries, 46c to 47c for white and 46c to 47c for yellow. Mulberries, 48c to 49c for white and 48c to 49c for yellow. Elderberries, 50c to 51c for white and 50c to 51c for yellow. Huckleberries, 52c to 53c for white and 52c to 53c for yellow. Currants, 54c to 55c for white and 54c to 55c for yellow. Gooseberries, 56c to 57c for white and 56c to 57c for yellow. Mulberries, 58c to 59c for white and 58c to 59c for yellow. Elderberries, 60c to 61c for white and 60c to 61c for yellow. Huckleberries, 62c to 63c for white and 62c to 63c for yellow. Currants, 64c to 65c for white and 64c to 65c for yellow. Gooseberries, 66c to 67c for white and 66c to 67c for yellow. Mulberries, 68c to 69c for white and 68c to 69c for yellow. Elderberries, 70c to 71c for white and 70c to 71c for yellow. Huckleberries, 72c to 73c for white and 72c to 73c for yellow. Currants, 74c to 75c for white and 74c to 75c for yellow. Gooseberries, 76c to 77c for white and 76c to 77c for yellow. Mulberries, 78c to 79c for white and 78c to 79c for yellow. Elderberries, 80c to 81c for white and 80c to 81c for yellow. Huckleberries, 82c to 83c for white and 82c to 83c for yellow. Currants, 84c to 85c for white and 84c to 85c for yellow. Gooseberries, 86c to 87c for white and 86c to 87c for yellow. Mulberries, 88c to 89c for white and 88c to 89c for yellow. Elderberries, 90c to 91c for white and 90c to 91c for yellow. Huckleberries, 92c to 93c for white and 92c to 93c for yellow. Currants, 94c to 95c for white and 94c to 95c for yellow. Gooseberries, 96c to 97c for white and 96c to 97c for yellow. Mulberries, 98c to 99c for white and 98c to 99c for yellow. Elderberries, 100c to 101c for white and 100c to 101c for yellow. Huckleberries, 102c to 103c for white and 102c to 103c for yellow. Currants, 104c to 105c for white and 104c to 105c for yellow. Gooseberries, 106c to 107c for white and 106c to 107c for yellow. Mulberries, 108c to 109c for white and 108c to 109c for yellow. Elderberries, 110c to 111c for white and 110c to 111c for yellow. Huckleberries, 112c to 113c for white and 112c to 113c for yellow. Currants, 114c to 115c for white and 114c to 115c for yellow. Gooseberries, 116c to 117c for white and 116c to 117c for yellow. Mulberries, 118c to 119c for white and 118c to 119c for yellow. Elderberries, 120c to 121c for white and 120c to 121c for yellow. Huckleberries, 122c to 123c for white and 122c to 123c for yellow. Currants, 124c to 125c for white and 124c to 125c for yellow. Gooseberries, 126c to 127c for white and 126c to 127c for yellow. Mulberries, 128c to 129c for white and 128c to 129c for yellow. Elderberries, 130c to 131c for white and 130c to 131c for yellow. Huckleberries, 132c to 133c for white and 132c to 133c for yellow. Currants, 134c to 135c for white and 134c to 135c for yellow. Gooseberries, 136c to 137c for white and 136c to 137c for yellow. Mulberries, 138c to 139c for white and 138c to 139c for yellow. Elderberries, 140c to 141c for white and 140c to 141c for yellow. Huckleberries, 142c to 143c for white and 142c to 143c for yellow. Currants, 144c to 145c for white and 144c to 145c for yellow. Gooseberries, 146c to 147c for white and 146c to 147c for yellow. Mulberries, 148c to 149c for white and 148c to 149c for yellow. Elderberries, 150c to 151c for white and 150c to 151c for yellow. Huckleberries, 152c to 153c for white and 152c to 153c for yellow. Currants, 154c to 155c for white and 154c to 155c for yellow. Gooseberries, 156c to 157c for white and 156c to 157c for yellow. Mulberries, 158c to 159c for white and 158c to 159c for yellow. Elderberries, 160c to 161c for white and 160c to 161c for yellow. Huckleberries, 162c to 163c for white and 162c to 163c for yellow. Currants, 164c to 165c for white and 164c to 165c for yellow. Gooseberries, 166c to 167c for white and 166c to 167c for yellow. Mulberries, 168c to 169c for white and 168c to 169c for yellow. Elderberries, 170c to 171c for white and 170c to 171c for yellow. Huckleberries, 172c to 173c for white and 172c to 173c for yellow. Currants, 174c to 175c for white and 174c to 175c for yellow. Gooseberries, 176c to 177c for white and 176c to 177c for yellow. Mulberries, 178c to 179c for white and 178c to 179c for yellow. Elderberries, 180c to 181c for white and 180c to 181c for yellow. Huckleberries, 182c to 183c for white and 182c to 183c for yellow. Currants, 184c to 185c for white and 184c to 185c for yellow. Gooseberries, 186c to 187c for white and 186c to 187c for yellow. Mulberries, 188c to 189c for white and 188c to 189c for yellow. Elderberries, 190c to 191c for white and 190c to 191c for yellow. Huckleberries, 192c to 193c for white and 192c to 193c for yellow. Currants, 194c to 195c for white and 194c to 195c for yellow. Gooseberries, 196c to 197c for white and 196c to 197c for yellow. Mulberries, 198c to 199c for white and 198c to 199c for yellow. Elderberries, 200c to 201c for white and 200c to 201c for yellow. Huckleberries, 202c to 203c for white and 202c to 203c for yellow. Currants, 204c to 205c for white and 204c to 205c for yellow. Gooseberries, 206c to 207c for white and 206c to 207c for yellow. Mulberries, 208c to 209c for white and 208c to 209c for yellow. Elderberries, 210c to 211c for white and 210c to 211c for yellow. Huckleberries, 212c to 213c for white and 212c to 213c for yellow. Currants, 214c to 215c for white and 214c to 215c for yellow. Gooseberries, 216c to 217c for white and 216c to 217c for yellow. Mulberries, 218c to 219c for white and 218c to 219c for yellow. Elderberries, 220c to 221c for white and 220c to 221c for yellow. Huckleberries, 222c to 223c for white and 222c to 223c for yellow. Currants, 224c to 225c for white and 224c to 225c for yellow. Gooseberries, 226c to 227c for white and 226c to 227c for yellow. Mulberries, 228c to 229c for white and 228c to 229c for yellow. Elderberries, 230c to 231c for white and 230c to 231c for yellow. Huckleberries, 232c to 233c for white and 232c to 233c for yellow. Currants, 234c to 235c for white and 234c to 235c for yellow. Gooseberries, 236c to 237c for white and 236c to 237c for yellow. Mulberries, 238c to 239c for white and 238c to 239c for yellow. Elderberries, 240c to 241c for white and 240c to 241c for yellow. Huckleberries, 242c to 243c for white and 242c to 243c for yellow. Currants, 244c to 245c for white and 244c to 245c for yellow. Gooseberries, 246c to 247c for white and 246c to 247c for yellow. Mulberries, 248c to 249c for white and 248c to 249c for yellow. Elderberries, 250c to 251c for white and 250c to 251c for yellow. Huckleberries, 252c to 253c for white and 252c to 253c for yellow. Currants, 254c to 255c for white and 254c to 255c for yellow. Gooseberries, 256c to 257c for white and 256c to 257c for yellow. Mulberries, 258c to 259c for white and 258c to 259c for yellow. Elderberries, 260c to 261c for white and 260c to 261c for yellow. Huckleberries, 262c to 263c for white and 262c to 263c for yellow. Currants, 264c to 265c for white and 264c to 265c for yellow. Gooseberries, 266c to 267c for white and 266c to 267c for yellow. Mulberries, 268c to 269c for white and 268c to 269c for yellow. Elderberries, 270c to 271c for white and 270c to 271c for yellow. Huckleberries, 272c to 273c for white and 272c to 273c for yellow. Currants, 274c to 275c for white and 274c to 275c for yellow. Gooseberries, 276c to 277c for white and 276c to 277c for yellow. Mulberries, 278c to 279c for white and 278c to 279c for yellow. Elderberries, 280c to 281c for white and 280c to 281c for yellow. Huckleberries, 282c to 283c for white and 282c to 283c for yellow. Currants, 284c to 285c for white and 284c to 285c for yellow. Gooseberries, 286c to 287c for white and 286c to 287c for yellow. Mulberries, 288c to 289c for white and 288c to 289c for yellow. Elderberries, 290c to 291c for white and 290c to 291c for yellow. Huckleberries, 292c to 293c for white and 292c to 293c for yellow. Currants, 294c to 295c for white and 294c to 295c for yellow. Gooseberries, 296c to 297c for white and 296c to 297c for yellow. Mulberries, 298c to 299c for white and 298c to 299c for yellow. Elderberries, 300c to 301c for white and 300c to 301c for yellow. Huckleberries, 302c to 303c for white and 302c to 303c for yellow. Currants, 304c to 305c for white and 304c to 305c for yellow. Gooseberries, 306c to 307c for white and 306c to 307c for yellow. Mulberries, 308c to 309c for white and 308c to 309c for yellow. 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Elderberries, 370c to 371c for white and 370c to 371c for yellow. Huckleberries, 372c to 373c for white and 372c to 373c for yellow. Currants, 374c to 375c for white and 374c to 375c for yellow. Gooseberries, 376c to 377c for white and 376c to 377c for yellow. Mulberries, 378c to 379c for white and 378c to 379c for yellow. Elderberries, 380c to 381c for white and 380c to 381c for yellow. Huckleberries, 382c to 383c for white and 382c to 383c for yellow. Currants, 384c to 385c for white and 384c to 385c for yellow. Gooseberries, 386c to 387c for white and 386c to 387c for yellow. Mulberries, 388c to 389c for white and 388c to 389c for yellow. Elderberries, 390c to 391c for white and 390c to 391c for yellow. Huckleberries, 392c to 393c for white and 392c to 393c for yellow. Currants, 394c to 395c for white and 394c to 395c for yellow. Gooseberries, 396c to 397c for white and 396c to 397c for yellow. Mulberries, 398c to 399c for white and 398c to 399c for yellow. 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Elderberries, 490c to 491c for white and 490c to 491c for yellow. Huckleberries, 492c to 493c for white and 492c to 493c for yellow. Currants, 494c to 495c for white and 494c to 495c for yellow. Gooseberries, 496c to 497c for white and 496c to 497c for yellow. Mulberries, 498c to 499c for white and 498c to 499c for yellow. Elderberries, 500c to 501c for white and 500c to 501c for yellow. Huckleberries, 502c to 503c for white and 502c to 503c for yellow. Currants, 504c to 505c for white and 504c to 505c for yellow. Gooseberries, 506c to 507c for white and 506c to 507c for yellow. Mulberries, 508c to 509c for white and 508c to 509c for yellow. Elderberries, 510c to 511c for white and 510c to 511c for yellow. Huckleberries, 512c to 513c for white and 512c to 513c for yellow. Currants, 514c to 515c for white and 514c to 515c for yellow. Gooseberries, 516c to 517c for white and 516c to 517c for yellow. Mulberries, 518c to 519c for white and 518c to 519c for yellow. 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We Are Certainly

Imitated as far as the outside appearance of the packet is concerned, but not as far as the contents. None of them can equal

SALADA

CEYLON TEA
For downright quality and value it is without a rival. Sold in lead packets only. By all grocers. 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c.

GWYN.

"An easy existence, but far too much time for thought," he groaned. "To me, work is life, reflection, death."

When, however, the coquettish little yacht, the Undine, flew, with a stern wind, like a bird down the channel in the bright October weather, and, rounding Land's End, bore up for St. George's Channel, a new sensation fell on Rowland.

Aware of his indisposition, and the occupation of his thoughts, Edward Pensleigh and his friends respected his frequent desire for quiet and solitude. "Dr. Carr ordered rest," exclaimed the barrister, "and by George, he shall have it!"

Thus, for long spaces, Rowland laid dreamily alone upon the deck, or leaned over the yacht's side, his eyes bent on the distant shore, the possessor of a strange, peaceful sensation that—

"It is not akin to pain, but resembles sorrow only. As the mist resembles rain."

On entering the channel, the wind had, to use a nautical term, chopped round to the south, and the Undine sped yet before it. The air was fresh and buoyant; the sky clear and blue; the sea, of a deep blue, dashed into tiny foam-flakes, as it beat the yacht's side. With all this, the feeling of peace increased upon Rowland. The turmoil of the busy world was far away; not even his echo reached him, and the one in a pleasant stupor, he watched the changing British scenery, the rugged grandeur of Cornwall, and the quiet shores of Wales.

Was it very wonderful, as such scenes passed before him, that Gwyn seemed to creep into his brain, taking a firm hold there? How could he help thinking of her as he beheld craggy cliffs, with fishing hamlets, resembling St. Trevelick, nestled at their base? How could he help it when the October moon shone down on stretches of yellow sands, such as those on which he and his sea-maidens used to wander when she was the world to him, as he had hoped he was to her?

Once it was past ten, and he had come on deck to smoke a cigar, leaving a merry party in the cabin—he saw such a hamlet and such sands. Faint lights gleamed from the windows of tiny windows. As he gazed there emerged abruptly from the shadow a woman. The moon revealed so much, no more; yet it recalled another ever-beloved figure, and, stifling a cry and rising erect, his hands grasping the side, he had exclaimed, low, but as a cry:

"Gwyn!"

He did not believe the figure to be hers. He knew his night-glass would have told him it was not. But a sensation seized him that she was near; that she was true; that, after all, the terrible interval had been a fearful dream, from which he surely was about to wake.

The yacht flew on. Rocky headlands took the place of the hamlet; and Rowland, under a revulsion of feeling, bent his head on his hands and wept softly, but as though his heart was breaking. The paroxysm abated, but not that new feeling of Gwyn's proximity, or, rather, that they were drawing nearer and nearer together. Why, she had gone from him he knew not. It was a mystery; but the belief was growing stronger and stronger that she was true.

His parents were fishers. What more likely when they fled from St. Trevelick that they should make their new home on this western shore? Suppose it were so, and they two, heart of flesh, and soul of soul, were coming closer.

Supposing—and how a nervous fear possessed him—Gwyn was in one of those hamlets, and that he was passing her—each ignorant of the other's presence—that his brain beat and throbbed beneath it. He dared not make confession to the barrister for very shame, nor for Lady Mary's sake; and this very restraint only rendered him the more restless.

Edward Pensleigh saw it, without remark, but with much concern. He imagined that the monotony of the trip, to one who did not join in the mirth and enjoyment of it, was getting too much for his friend; therefore he en-

Appetizing

For this season of the year when fresh vegetables are scarce.....

Large 3-lb. tins French String Beans, 20c.
Rodel French Peas, 15c.
Rodel Mushrooms, 28c.
Whole Tomatoes for slicing, 20c.
Canned Corn, Peas, Tomatoes, Beans
French Kidney Beans, Succotash,
Baked Beans, Tomato Sauce.
California Prunes, 8c. per lb.
California Silver Prunes, 12½c. per lb.
California Dried Peaches, 10c. per lb.

Fitzgerald, Scandrett & Co

160 DUNDAS ST.

WE GIVE

in

TRADING

STAMPS

deavored, good-humoredly, to divert it by proposing excursions to the shore. Eagerly Rowland caught at the proposition, but, on landing, he always managed to slip away from the men, and, along the beach, never re-appearing until the hour of return. Why, it puzzled the other; but it was not until they were sailing past Cantire that he remarked upon this style of proceeding, saying:

"Whatever attraction can you find there, old fellow?"

"None."

"Then, why, on earth, do you go?"

"Because, Ned—because I would see her once again."

"Her?" asked the barrister, not understanding him. "Whom?"

"Gwyn Reuben. She whom, to my dying day, I must love," rejoined Gower, as, turning, he walked to the other side of the yacht, and bent his eyes on the distant Irish coast.

"What's on with our honorable member for Colindale?" asked a guest—Sydney Walcott—lurching up, his hands in his pockets, a cigar between his lips, and wearing a straw hat, cocked roguishly. "He seems more in the blues than ever."

"He's as mad as a March hare," said the barrister.

"The diagnosis of the March hare's complaint, I tell you what, if he's dangerous, and may bite, he'd better be put on shore, or the Undine will become a floating lunatic asylum."

"Tush! Walcott, I'm speaking seriously, and you, I know, are as much Rowland's friend as I am."

"Right, dear boy. But why does he say so much over those confounded politics. Why is he ambitious to spout the vehemently-expressed notions of parliament?"

"It is not the politics, I wish it were. His weight of thought, enough for double the weight of that, of—But there, Walcott, he is gravely ill; I'm sure of it. I've watched him now for some time, and I dread a sudden collapse. I mean fever—brain fever."

"In that case, I say it is advisable to put him ashore."

"But, when a fellow declares he is well. To hint to him to see as if he were tired of his company, and wished to get rid of him; and I'd sooner cut my hand off than offend the poor old fellow."

"What's to be done, then?"

"I'll have thought we'll run as quickly as we can to the Hebrides; then make an excuse to return home by the mainland. I begin to fear the responsibility. I begin to fancy he will prefer it. He is indifferent."

"That's possible. So, dear boy! clap on all hands and pray for stern winds, then come down to supper."

CHAPTER XIV.

The sails were clapped on; but if the barrister did put up prayer for stern winds, they met with no response. After that, when the heavy winds, and side-

winds, only prevailed.

The sky grew lowering, while lurid sunsets, which brought the splendid grandeur of the coast out in all their brown, purple and golden beauty, foreboded severe weather.

The change had apparently a beneficial effect on Rowland Gower. As the wind rushed whistling through the sails, and the yacht, tossed on the swelling waves, his spirits appeared to rise at times even to wild exuberance.

The barrister, watching him, felt more and more concerned. The animation, the exuberance, were not natural.

One night, when the yacht, tacking, had borne farther to sea, the wind blowing dead on shore, made proximity to the rugged coast perilous.

Edward Pensleigh was aroused from his sleep by the sounds of a scuffle, and voices on deck. Leaping to the floor, throwing on some clothes, he rushed to the companion. The first thing that met his view, in the moonlight, was Rowland Gower at the ship's side, struggling fiercely with the master and a sailor.

"What is the meaning of this?" exclaimed the barrister, rushing forward.

"Don't 'tactly know, sir," remarked the master, "only I fancy the gentleman's a mortal desire to chuck himself into the sea. I reckon there's summat wrong with his head."

"What is this, Rowland?" inquired his friend.

The other turned, and in the flushed, irritated face, the dilated glittering eyes, Edward Pensleigh saw his fears were realized.

"It's some brain fever, or no mistake, he thought, as, putting his hand on Rowland's arm he tried to draw him away.

"Come, Rowley," he said kindly, "what is this? Tell me?"

"It's all the fault of these confounded fellows," said the other angrily, "and I'll have a voice to a confound of 'em."

"Gwyn, you see, is over there in vunder hamlet. She is waiting for me. I must go. I will go. But these men fancy I mean suicide."

[To be continued.]

SICK WOMEN

are invited to consult Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., by letter, without fee or charge of any kind. Dr. Pierce is a specialist in the diseases of women. He has treated over half-a-million women for diseases of the womanly organs and ninety-eight out of every hundred women he has treated have been absolutely and perfectly cured. Every letter received by Dr. Pierce, is treated as a purely personal and private communication and its contents guarded as a sacred confidence. All answers to these letters are sent in sealed envelopes bearing upon them no printing or advertising whatever.

Write to the doctor. It is no use for sick women to write to a man who is not a doctor. It is no use to write to a woman unless the woman is a doctor. Write to a woman about cookery or any branch of housekeeping, because she is a woman and knows. But it is of no use to write to a woman about disease unless she has a doctor's training and diploma. A woman who isn't a doctor is just as dangerous as a man who isn't a doctor, when she undertakes to treat disease.

There is no qualified woman physician so far as is known connected with any proprietary medicine put up for women as the "bearded woman" who the man who advertises "write to a woman" is not a qualified physician and stands too much in fear of the law to claim that he is. There is no other physician, male or female, who, like Dr. Pierce has a record of over thirty years, as chief consulting physician of a well known institution, making a specialty of the private treatment of woman's diseases.

Write to the doctor—Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Women realize Dr. Pierce's ability when they read his great work the Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages; sent free on receipt of stamps to defray cost of customs and mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for paper-bound edition, or go stamps for cloth. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ARBITRATION
THE KEY NOTE

Of the Mass Meeting in the Opera House.

Where Street Railway Matters Were Dispassionately Discussed—Addresses by Mayor Wilson, Rev. Thomas Wilson, Col. F. B. Leys, M.P.P., E. T. Essery, Joseph T. Marks and Ald. Frank Plant.

At the mass meeting held in the Grand Opera House last evening under the auspices of Division 97 of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employees, the lower floor and the balcony were well filled. The audience was somewhat slow in gathering and it was 8:30 when Mayor Wilson took the chair. Among the others on the platform were Col. F. B. Leys, M.P.P., ex-Mayor Essery, Messrs. A. E. Pavay, Rev. Thomas Wilson, Samuel Lee, of Detroit, chairman of the national executive board of the Employees' Association, Ald. Plant, W. Burleigh and W. Hunter. All the speakers were listened to with the closest attention, and their strong arraignment of the company was enthusiastically applauded.

Mayor Wilson, in opening the meeting, made a few remarks and was greeted with applause. He said that every one present well remembered the trouble of six months ago, when the strike was on and an agreement drawn up. There were some complaints that the agreement was not being carried out. He had made promises at the time that he would see that the agreement was carried out. "I am present tonight," said the speaker, "to redeem my pledge and try and have the agreement carried out. (Applause.) The employees offered to arbitrate, which I think was most fair. We want these grievances adjusted without a strike, if possible. But if it is inevitable, myself and the city council will have to see that the company are not molested. We want to be your staunch friends, but do not put us in the position of having to protect the company. This is a matter in which every citizen is interested, and I hope the matter will be amicably settled." In closing, his worship said he was glad to announce that the Laidlaw-Watson Shoe Company strike had been amicably settled.

REV. THOMAS WILSON.

Rev. Thomas Wilson was received with applause. He was present, he said, to show that he was in sympathy with the laboring people of London. (Applause.) He was so under the trouble existing between the street railway employees and the company had not been settled as was thought six months ago. The trouble had never been settled. When the agreement was drawn up six months ago, both parties thought they were going to put it into effect. The company came to put its own interpretation upon the agreement, the men say, "That is not our way of looking at it." Personally, he was not an employee nor a director, he had to form his opinion of it. He was troubled from the press, and he was glad to give such a fair presentation of both sides. There was no other laboring class in the city who had such public sympathy as the street railway employees. In their effort to get justice they had the best wishes of the citizens generally. Their effort to get their rights was a noble one, and it was hoped that the difficulty could be settled by arbitration.

COL. LEYS, M.P.P.

Col. Leys heartily agreed with all Rev. Mr. Wilson had said. He felt that they must endeavor to settle the difficulty by arbitration, and not by strike. He urged the men to use every effort to get their rights amicably, but added, with determination, that if those efforts failed, they should strike for their lives. The employees had gone into the position of affairs thoroughly. They offered to submit their dispute to arbitration, and were willing to abide by the decision of the arbitrators. If that was their feeling, and he understood it to be so, then the men must get the sympathy of every citizen of London. The speaker read from a copy of the agreement between Mr. Everett—who was practically the owner of the London Street Railway—and the employees of the Detroit Street Railway Company, to show that Mr. Everett had encouraged the strike. "If he had done this in Detroit, why not in London?" "But," he continued, "is it President Everett who refuses to recognize the union here, or the men he has placed upon the local board? He is not the man to be trusted. Some of these local directors say that before they will recognize the union they will run the cars into the barns and let them rot. If such is their feeling, then is an insult to every citizen of London. Why should the vice-president object? He should be one of the first to give such recognition, being an old railway man himself. I could understand bankers not wanting to recognize unions, although they are glad to have union men do business with them—but they know a union means protection to laboring men from an arbitrary power above them.

"You've all heard of Legree—that good son of 'Uncle Tom's Cabin.' (Laughter.) Well, I think the foreman of the street railway is a second Legree. I know personally of some of his actions, which, if I were to tell you of them, would make your hair stand on end."

A Voice—What's his name?

Col. Leys—Mr. Potter. And I do not hesitate to say that in my opinion he is not fit to be put over men. I know that he is responsible for all that he is credited with. As manager he is bound to accept the reports made by Mr. Potter.

The speaker went on to say that in his treatment of the men Mr. Carr was, however, playing a very dangerous game. After reading extracts from the agreement with the Detroit Street Railway employees to show that Mr. Everett recognized the union, he said that he was the bounden duty of the citizens to see that he gave the street railway men of London the same fair play. The company was continually breaking its agreement with the union. By that agreement only citizens were to be employed on the road. "But," he said, "Mr. Carr claims now that a citizen is a tramp who comes here and sleeps over night. If such a one is a citizen, why are we?"

Dr. Chase's Ointment. I got a box, and used it, and never have been troubled since, and that is three years ago. It has been a great boon to me."

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conclusion, they could command his services. (Prolonged applause.)

EX-MAYOR ESSERY.

The next speaker was ex-Mayor E. T. Essery. He regretted that when the strike was over, some six months ago, it was not settled. There were two sides to every story. Either the street railway company or the employees were wrong. There was no question as to friction, and if this friction continued, a strike would certainly result. Let the employees go slow, he said. Not slow in the interests of their wives, the union or company, but slow in the interests of the city. If a strike is a declaration of war, and is just as wicked as bloodshed between nations. When I say this I don't say that men have no right to join the union. It is perfectly right for men to have gone to jail for unionism, and would willingly go again, and would be dogs if they would not. This is an age of unions, and it's just as lawful for the men to organize as for the company. In order to make this world a success labor and capital must go hand in hand. Then I want to say to the street railway company that the citizens of London have rights. The company got their franchise for nothing, and should not abuse it. They have nothing to gain by strikes. If they expect their franchise to pay them must treat their men humanely. President Everett recognized the union. The Street Railway Union in Detroit, and signs the document, agreeing to it. Why won't he recognize the union in London? Is he not the controlling stockholder of the company? Both railways are controlled by this man. I suppose London men cannot be recognized because they are British subjects. I have yet to meet a Yankee who is better than a British subject. (Applause.) Now, if Mr. Everett recognized the union across the border, he has surely set a precedent for London. He has recognized the union there, and should do the same in this city. The company tell us that the agreement signed a perpetual agreement it would bind them until the day of their death, and they must have been blind; but we read clause 14, which distinctly says 'perpetual' was not spelt 'six months.' If the agreement was forever, why not insert that simple word? The way I understand it, it is that it is to hold good for six months, and as long as both company and men stood together in keeping the stipulations. The word six months cannot be got rid of. It never meant forever. But if it is to hold good for six months, it is to hold good for both company and men. The agreement was only for six months. In this they are wrong. It was to stand as long as the men and the company worked harmoniously together. I want to say to both sides that it is not in the interests of either that the present friction should continue. A strike should be the last resort. Every lawful means should be tried to amicably settle the existing differences. Talking in the newspapers will not help matters, but only make wider the breach between the company and employees. Let the charges be laid down in black and white. In closing, the speaker said this was an age of reason, and he hoped the matter would be settled without further trouble.

JOSEPH T. MARKS.

Mr. Joseph T. Marks was well received. He knew the difficulties of the street railway men thoroughly, he said. He had seen men in their union who could not earn enough to keep themselves. He called attention to the fact that the Order of Railway Conductors, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Brotherhood of Railroad Telegraphers were each unions, recognized by far wealthier corporations than the London Street Railway Company. He dwelt upon the improved conditions that existed where employers recognized unions, and said that organized labor in the city was prepared to fight a year or more to get justice for their rights. They were numerous enough and determined enough to win. Although there was a law to prevent certain courses of action there was no law to compel people to ride on the cars. Mr. Marks scored the management of the street railway company for their "fake interviews," and said that the great trouble with Mr. Carr was that when he said anything the people believed the opposite was the case. If it came to a

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Made by Responsible Persons

Who Have Been Absolutely Cured of

ITCHING PILES

By the Use of the Only Guaranteed Cure of Piles.

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Feather and Down Cushions, 50 cents each—the best value in London. Goose feather pillows a specialty. Bedroom Suites, Fancy Rockers, Tables, Spring Beds, Stoves of every kind, at the Bed and Mattress Factory, 593 Richmond street north. JAMES F. HUNT & SONS, Telephone 697.

Prof. Dorenwend Coming. Ladies, bear in mind Prof. Dorenwend will be at Tecumseh House on Monday, May 22, with the latest styles in hair goods, wigs, bangs, long, wavy and straight switches, etc. Remember, only one day, May 22. Show-room open all day until 10 p.m. 424 44c 1st

See "America" Bicycle, Barkwell's.

A man may be in the wrong a thousand times, but he seldom, if ever, says "Forgive me."

LIFE SAVED.—Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, stating that his wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice I procured the medicine, and less than half a bottle cured me; I certainly believe it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me good."

Fris is so fashionable that a woman can be forgiven if her temper gets ruffled at times.

Warning. How many people contract disease by drinking our polluted water, when they could avoid all danger by adding 10 or 20 drops of ANGSTURA BITTERS, the world-renowned Tonic of exquisite flavor.

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The kind of cuts I sell are fit for any table; but that's not all. Everything is always fresh and clean that comes in—that's why every customer is satisfied with what goes out. When you want good steaks, good chops, or good roasts, please give me a call.

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Fine French Balbriggan

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Fine finished and well shaped. All sizes from 30 inches to 50 inches.

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METEOROLOGICAL

Toronto, Ont., May 16—8 p.m.—The general weather conditions are very complicated tonight over the greater portion of the continent. The western low area has broken up into several small areas, one of which now covers Lake Erie, another one Iowa. Rain has fallen in the lake region and Manitoba; elsewhere the weather has been fair. Temperatures of 82° have prevailed today over the southern shores of Lake Erie. Minimum and maximum temperatures—Victoria, 44-52; Winnipeg, 42-52; Calgary, 24-38; Qu'Appelle, 32-44; Winnipeg, 40-46; Port Arthur, 32-48; Parry Sound, 38-50; Toronto, 41-47; Ottawa, 36-58; Montreal, 40-60; Quebec, 34-54; Halifax, 36-56.

Local temperatures—The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Tuesday, May 16, were: Highest, 58; lowest, 42.5 degrees.

Today sun rises at 4:50; sets at 7:38. Moon rises at 11:52 a.m.; sets at 12:49 a.m.

200,000 Happy Wives

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and words cannot praise them enough.

They have steel ovens and are quick bakers and very economical on fuel.

FACTORIES IN....

Detroit, Buffalo, Chicago, Clare Bros. Company, of Preston, Ont., are the Canadian manufacturers. See them at

THOMPSON'S

424 Richmond Street. Three doors north of Advertiser.

London Advertiser.



A LOCAL BUDGET

—Mr. G. L. Walker, druggist, now of New York, is spending a short vacation with his mother on King street.

—The trustees of Knox Church, Embro, have decided to accept the plans of Mr. Matthews, architect, of this city.

—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Burgess, of Oak Park, Chicago, Ill., are on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Dale and Mrs. Burgess, 281 Dufferin avenue, city.

—Galt Reformer: R. Helme and J. Shortreed have shipped a team of beautiful horses to London today, in care of Alex. C. Menzies. They were bought for the Dominion Express Company.

—Provincial Constable Campbell, mentioned as arresting Ludgate on Deadman's Island, Vancouver, is Colin S. Campbell, of North Caradoc. He was home last June, and married Miss Christy Carmichael, Lobo.

—Stratford Herald: Mr. C. R. Sayer, general secretary of the London Association, took part in the services of the 22nd inst., under the auspices of the Sabbath School Association of Ontario. An interesting programme has been prepared for the afternoon and evening meetings.

—It is announced that Mr. J. Sheedy, of Toronto, superintendent of bridges of the Grand Trunk, for the middle division, has resigned, and that Mr. J. Wilson, district inspector, of London, has been appointed in his place. Mr. William Kirkpatrick, of Hamilton, has been appointed district foreman, with headquarters here.

—Among the honor and pass graduates at the Ontario College of Pharmacy are Messrs. W. A. Coleman, J. E. Sawdon, George L. Brown, Jas. Croach, of London; F. A. Lemon, Ingersoll; W. R. Brooks, Mitchell; J. W. Cairns, St. Thomas; L. R. Harvey, Watford; F. H. Lutz, Exeter; J. H. Mitchell, Watford; W. H. Norman, Woodstock; H. S. Roadhouse, St. Marys; DeWitt Spiers, Drumbo; Dan J. Taylor, Wallaceburg, and F. H. Webb, of Petrolia.

—At the last regular meeting of Morrill Lodge, I. O. G. T., held in Somerset hall, the following members were installed into office for the quarter ending July 31, by Bro. Brockenshire, lodge deputy: Bro. W. N. Yerex, C. T.; Sister Curnoe, V. T.; Bro. J. M. Johnston, secretary; Bro. Wright, F. S.; Sister Booth, treasurer; Bro. L. T. Carson, marshal; Bro. M. Merkle, fills the chair of P. C. T. The appointed officers were also installed. Bros. W. N. Yerex and M. Merkle were elected representatives to the grand lodge, which will meet in Toronto towards the latter part of June. The lodge is in a good condition financially, and the members hope to see it speedily become a worthy successor to the Morrill Lodge of years ago, which was recognized as the banner lodge of the Dominion.

OLGA NETHERSOLE TONIGHT.

The attraction at the Grand tonight will be Olga Nethersole, in "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray." The New York

Anderson's.

TOMORROW.

1 package, 5 quires, Imported Repp Notepaper, delicate tints, sold at 15c per quire, the 5 quires for 10c.
1 package, 5 quires, Thin Foreign Note, regular price 10c per quire, the 5 quires for 10c.
1 box containing 100 sheets Imported Society Notepaper, sold at 50c per box, the hundred sheets for 10c.
1 box containing 4 packages Imported Wall-Shaped Society Envelopes, elegant goods, retailed at 15c per package; the whole box for 10c.
1 package, 5 quires, Ruled or Plain Notepaper, regular 15c per quire; the package for 10c.

WE HAVE ARRANGED TO GIVE TRADING STAMPS.

183 DUNDAS STREET.

Evening Post says: "Miss Olga Nethersole, who is fulfilling her pledges of frequent changes of performance during her engagement at Wallack's Theater, last night produced 'The Second Mrs. Tanqueray,' with considerable success, before a large audience. It is wonderfully well constructed, presents many admirable studies of character, abounds in dialogue of a most uncommon order of literary merit, and when the premises upon which it is founded have once been granted, it holds the interest of the spectator in a steady grip, and moves forward rapidly, logically and inexorably to the tragic ending. Miss Nethersole's performance had indisputable force and cleverness, and revealed great powers of emotional expression. It presented a striking portrayal of a passionate and jealous nature in a condition of sullen unrest beneath the pressure of a false and unendurable position, and, at the last, a truthful and touching picture of a woman in hopeless desperation. She made a vivid impression, too, in her closing scenes with Tanqueray, and the dumb despair of her final exit was well imagined and well executed. Her impersonation, in a word, was the achievement of a powerful and imaginative actress."

Y. M. C. A. ANNUAL MEETING

Gratifying Statements of the Year's Work Presented.

Sweeping Change in the Board of Directors—Older Members Dropping Out and Young Men Replacing Them—Association on a Good Working Basis.

The annual meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association was held last night, in the lecture room. The progress during the past year has been very marked, and the meeting was a very gratifying one. The debt on the association has been reduced to a figure where it is no longer a grievous burden. The meeting opened with a hymn and prayer by Rev. F. H. Barron. There were sweeping changes in the election of the board of directors, many of the older members dropping out and the younger element coming into prominence. The various denominations are well represented. The newly elected board gave promise of a new era in the work of the association with renewed vigor.

Committee reports were presented as follows: Finance, by Chairman C. H. Ivey; membership, W. C. Benson; reception, O. B. Leslie; Bible study club, George W. Miller; entertainment, J. A. Nelles; physical department, R. A. Little; boys' work, C. E. Abbott; mandolin, guitar and Banjo Club, W. J. Ashplant; Bicycle Club, W. C. Ferguson; Hockey Club, J. J. Smith; and Woman's Auxiliary, by M. S. Ware.

In his address, President Hobbs stated that the past year had been a memorable one in the history of the association. The most important work had related to the debt fund, and to the friends who had so generously helped them in this matter, especially Mr. George Robinson, who, by his munificent gift of \$2,000, had secured the success of the movement. The revenue of the association needs to be augmented by at least \$1,500 per year, to enable it to meet current expenses, and this amount must be raised by subscription. "We wish," the president said, "more of our membership could help in this matter, and we might suggest that one way would be for every man to seek to get one other man to join the association." The membership could easily be increased to 800 or 900.

The reports of the committees showed a total membership of 555. The workers' Bible class has a membership of 32, and an average attendance of 22. The gymnasium class attendance weekly is 200. Three hundred and twenty-five persons take the baths weekly in winter, and 275 in summer. New athletic grounds are likely to be secured shortly. The debt on Association Hall has been reduced to \$15,500. The finance committee's report reflected greatly to the credit of Mr. C. H. Ivey, chairman. The Woman's Auxiliary reduced its debt by \$954, and has promised another \$300. Membership receipts were \$184 52, and expenditures \$174 53.

The election of directors was then proceeded with. The constitution provides for an election of eighteen directors, six of whom will serve for three years, six for two years, and six for one year. The nominations had been made by a committee appointed a week ago, and the vote was taken by ballot, resulting as follows:

Board of Directors—Term of office expires in 1901—J. W. Westervelt, F. H. Heath, J. J. Foot, J. A. Nelles, F. W. Daly, A. B. Cox.
Term of office expires 1900—W. G. Young, H. K. Pope, J. H. Chapman, W. C. Ferguson, Geo. A. McGillivray, O. B. Leslie.
Term of office expires 1899—George Mathewson, A. J. Watson, J. F. White, Alf. Talbot, Andrew Dale, J. H. A. Beattie.

The board will choose its own officers. The newly-elected men made short addresses. Mr. R. A. Little presented a strong resolution, expressive of the feeling of the members on the retiring of President Hobbs from office, and the retiring members of the board of directors. Messrs. F. W. Daly, J. J. Foot and W. J. Ashplant were appointed to draw up suitable resolutions. Much of the success of the association is due to the efficiency and energy of Mr. C. R. Sayer, the popular secretary. The numerous committees are also of great assistance, and are to be complimented on the good work they accomplished. Several selections were played during the evening by the Mandolin, Guitar

and Banjo Club, and were heartily appreciated. The Woman's Auxiliary served refreshments. The workers' Bible class presented to the association a group photograph.

CITY HALL NOTES

Members of the school board say the readiness of the city council to break faith with the board of education, and go back on a direct promise, was clearly shown at Monday night's meeting. When the board was negotiating for funds for the year, it was on the distinct understanding that the debentures promised by the council would be issued, they agreed to accept a certain sum for repairs. It was clearly pointed out that in case the debentures were not issued the appropriation would have to be about \$20,000 larger. In the struggle to keep down the rate of taxation the council promised the debentures. Now the unreliable majority has indicated that the "promise" was only so much wind. Ald. Reed is scored for his "hop" Monday night, after seconding the original resolution to bring in the by-law.

Ald. Parnell leaves no stone unturned in his effort to prevent the board of works having an overdraft this year. Realizing his determination, and fearing that Ald. Douglass, in his capacity of chairman of the board of works, would eat up the entire appropriation for works in No. 2 ward, the representatives of the other wards leagued themselves against "the man on the ground floor," and decided to get at least a nominal appropriation for their respective wards.

BRIEFS FOR BUSY READERS

West Superior's six flouring mills have been transferred to the combine for \$1,250,000.

There was frost in the neighborhood of Guelph on Sunday and Monday mornings.

It is expected that a settlement of the molder's strike at Montreal will soon be reached.

The annual excursion of the M. C. R. employees is to be run to Niagara on Saturday, July 15.

The Dominion Commercial Travelers' Association strongly urge the need of insolvency legislation.

The National Tube Company is a new trust on the slate in Syracuse, N. Y., to be capitalized at \$65,000,000.

Cleveland, Ohio, and Springfield, Ill., plants have been sold to the Republic Iron and Steel Company, for a total of \$3,200,000.

At the Baptist conference in Louisville, Ky., which closed its sessions on Tuesday, a resolution reaffirming the hostility of the convention to the liquor traffic, was passed.

Constable Alcide Riopel, of No. 9 police station, Montreal, was found dead in the canal there Tuesday. It is not known whether he committed suicide or was accidentally drowned.

Pawnee Bill's wild west show tried to parade in Princeton, N. J., on Monday, but a party of students attacked the parade and broke it up. Several persons were hurt on both sides.

Major Wiensenberg, commanding volunteers of the Philippines, who has offered a special reward to those who succeed in killing either an officer or private in the First Washington.

A Berlin dispatch says that the members of the American firm of Smith & Co., at Hong Kong, have suddenly left the city, it being discovered they were supplying Aguinaldo with arms and ammunition.

The cold snap of ten days ago has left thousands of dead sheep along the hills and gulches leading into the canyons of Price River, Utah. Out of 40,000 sheep owned in Price, 3,500 are known to be lost.

At the wedding of Wm. H. Hindley, of Yarmouth, and Elizabeth M. Stacey, of Yarmouth, at Mr. Joseph Baldwin's Union road, Yarmouth, one of the presents was a 100-acre farm from Mr. Hy. Hindley, the groom's father.

There was a strike among the men employed in the unloading of the steamer Tilley at Hamilton. The men refused to work for less than 30 cents an hour. Their places were soon filled, however, by those who were willing to take less.

C. J. Holman moved at Osgoode Hall on Monday before Judge Macdonald to set aside the whole of the 258 charges in the petition against Hon. John Dryden in the South Ontario bye-election, on the ground that they are too vague and general a character. Judgment reserved.

Nominations were made at Berlin on Tuesday afternoon to fill the vacancy in the legislature caused by the unseating of Dr. H. C. Lacker, Conservative, North Waterloo. The choice of the Liberals was L. J. Brethaupt, the doctor being renominated by the Conservatives.

One Berry Dish with every pound of Baking Powder, Barkwell's Drug Store. 33m eod

SPECIAL

1 lot Dongola Oxfords.....worth \$1 75 for \$1 25
1 lot Dongola Oxfords.....worth \$1 50 for \$1 15
1 lot Dongola Oxfords, French heels.....worth \$2 50 for \$2 00
1 lot Men's Box Calf Balmorals.....worth \$3 00 for \$2 50
1 lot Boys' Box Calf Balmorals.....worth \$2 50 for \$1 75

New Trunks & Valises

TRUNKS FROM \$1 25 UP.
VALISES FROM 40c UP.

Johnston's,

198 Dundas Street.

Marriage Licenses Issued.

One Thousand Pairs of Lace Curtains.

This is not by any means the number of Curtains we have here, as our stock is nearly five times that. This one thousand pairs we purchased in addition to our regular importations, and are in very fine Brussels Effects, finished with the new over-locked corded edge—a much neater and stronger edge than the taped Curtains.

ONE THOUSAND PAIRS

of Curtains here at our own regular low prices are quickly disposed of, but this lot—marked at from 25 to 50 per cent below the regular—must cause some quick selling. Prudent buyers will take advantage of this exceptional offering.

THERE ARE

100 pairs at....\$1 25	100 pairs at....\$2 75
100 pairs at....\$1 60	100 pairs at....\$3 00
100 pairs at....\$1 95	100 pairs at....\$3 25
100 pairs at....\$2 25	100 pairs at....\$3 60
100 pairs at....\$2 63	100 pairs at....\$3 75

KINGSMILL'S CARPET WAREHOUSE

Carling Street, London, Ont.

ARE YOU A JUDGE

of Cloth? Can you tell by looking at the piece how the suit will look when made up? Do you know whether it will wear? keep its color? keep its shape?

Will you still keep going to a tailor and paying long prices when such good clothing as **Fit-Reform** is so handy?

Is **Fit-Reform** good? It is good enough for the maker to guarantee every thread of it, from the inside to the outside—guarantee the fit and wear and color, and your entire satisfaction, or give your money back.

Suits and Overcoats, \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20.
Trousers, \$3, \$4 \$5.

THE FIT-REFORM WARDROBE,
ROBERT M. BURNS. 180 Dundas Street.

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION!

At this season of the year it is necessary to keep out the heat and keep in the cold, and we can assist you in doing so, in numerous ways, as follows:

We are sole agents for **GLACIER REFRIGERATORS**—the best in the world. All sizes, styles and prices. Call and get booklet giving full description and prices. Every Refrigerator guaranteed air-tight and ice cold.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS—the best make—in all sizes.

GAS STOVES AND RANGES—We have a large variety, at prices to suit everybody, and every stove guaranteed or money refunded.

COAL OIL STOVES—Wick and Wickless, in all sizes, at low prices.

SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS—All sizes; cheaper than ever.

We have just received a large assortment of **BRASS AND JAPANESE BIRD CAGES** to suit all people.

Lawn Mowers, Carpet Sweepers, Washing Machines, Clothes Wringers, etc.

Famous Stoves & Ranges

THE MOST COMPLETE AND EXTENSIVE HOUSE FURNISHING STORE IN THE CITY.

STEVELY'S

362 Richmond St. Phone 452.

In the same premises since 1876.

The little street band has a very brazen way of playing before lager beer saloons.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which attack the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—pulmonic, of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial results.

FOR FIRST-CLASS
DRY MAPLE AND BEECH

wood cut to order, call Phone 247.

Campbell & Chantler,
178 BATHURST STREET.



GLACIER REFRIGERATORS—the best in the world. All sizes, styles and prices. Call and get booklet giving full description and prices. Every Refrigerator guaranteed air-tight and ice cold.

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