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386

The Chartered Banks.

BANK OF MONTREAL. (ESTABLISHED 1817.) Incorporated by Act of Parliament. Capital all paid up, \$12,000,000.00 Reserved Fund, - 6,000,000.00 Undivided Profits, - 886,909.98

Capital all paid up, \$12,000,000.00 Reserved Fund, - 6,000,000.00 Undivided Profits, - 886,909.98 HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: RT. HON. LORD STRATHEONA AND MOURT ROYAL. HON. GEO. A. DRUAMOND, Vice-President. A. T. Paterson, Eeq. W. C. McDonald, Eeq. Rd. B. Greenshields, Eeq. R. B. Angue, Eeq. Rd. B. Greenshields, Eeq. A. F. Gault, Eeq. E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager. A. Macnider, Ollef Inspector and Supt, of Branches. A. B. Buchanan, Inep. of Branch Heurins. W. S. Clouston, Asst. Insp. James Aird, Sec. Branches in Canada: MONTREAL, H. V. Meredith, Manager "Weet End Branch, St. Catherine St. Goneurs St. Branch. Atmonte, Ont. London, Ont. St. John, N. B. Belleville, "Ottawa, "Anheret A.S. Brantford, "Peth, "Halfax, N. S. Brockville, "Ottawa, "Kinheret A.S. Brantford, "Peth, "Halfax, N. S. Brockville, "Ottawa, "Nebenver, B.C. Goderich, "Toronto, "Nebenver, B.C. Hamilton, "Chatham, N.B. Vancouver, B.C. Lindesy, "Moncton, N. B. Vancouver, B.C. Lindesy, "Moncton, N.B. Vancouver, B.C. Hank K. Markon, M.B. Vancouver, B.C. Lindesy, "Moncton, N.B. Vancouver, B.C. Lindesy, "Moncton, N.B. Vancouver, B.C. Hank K. Markon, M.B. Vancouver, B.C. Lindesy, "Moncton, N.B. Vancouver, B.C. Hank K. Markon, M.B. Vancouver, B.C. Lindesy, "Moncton, N.B. Vancouver, B.C. Lindesy, "Moncton, N.B. Vancouver, B.C. Lindesy, "Moncton, N.B. Vancouver, B.C.

Kingston, "Chatham, N.B. Vancouver, S.C. Morton, N. B. Vernou, "Victoria, "Noncon, N. B. Vernou, "Victoria, "IN NEWFOUNDLAND: St. John's, Nfid, Bank of Montreal. IN GREAT BRITAIN:
London, Bank of Montreal, 22 Abchurch Lane, E.C. Alex. Lang, Man. IN THE UNITED STATES: New York-R. Y. Hebden and J. M. Greata, Agenta, 59 Wall Street.
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L'The National Provincial Bank of England. Liverpool-The Bank of Liverpool, Ltd.
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BANKERS IN THE UNITED STATES: New York-The National Cliverpool, Ltd.
Stotland-The Bank of New York, N. B. A.
Boaton-The Martne Bank, Buffalo.
San Francieco-The First National Bank.
"The Bank of Britteh Columbia.

THE BANK OF TORONTO. CANADA.

INCORPORATED 1855,

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Hoad Office, - Toronto, Pald-up Capital, \$2,000,0 Roserve Fund, 1,500,0	
Paid-up Capital, \$2,000,00	nn
Roserve Fund, 1,800,0	ño l
DIRECTORS:	~
GEORGE GOODERHAM, Esc., President.	
WM. H. BEATTY, Eso., Vice-President.	1
WM. H. BEATTY, Eso., Vice-President. Henry Cawthra, Esq., W. G. Gooderham, Esq Roht. Reford, Esq., Geo. J. Cook, Esq.,	
Roht. Reford, Esq., Geo. J. Cook, Esq.,	
Charles Stuart, Esq.	
DUNCAN COULSON, General Mgr.	
JOSEPH HENDERSON, Inspector,	
DUNCAN COULSON, General Mgr. JOBEPH HENDERSON, Inspector. TorontoW. R. Wadsworth, Manage "King St. Branch, G.J. Cuthborteon, " Montreal	ər
" King St. Branch, G.J. Cuthbortson,	
Montreal MAtkingon	
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CohourgJ. S. Skeeff, " CollingwoodW. A. Copeland, "	
Collingwood	
John Pringle "	
Gontandyword	ļ
Potrolla W. F. Cooper "	1
Port Bone E. B. Andros. "	
Port Hope	
St. Catharines	
Bankers :	1
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London, Eng	
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BANQUE VILLE-MARIE,	
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HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL,	
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Capital Authorized, \$500,00 Capital Subscribed, 500,00	K I
Rest. 10.00	X
DIRECTORS-W. Weir, Pres. and Genl. Manag. E. Lichtenhein, Vice-Pres.; A. S. C. Wurtele, F. Smith and Godfrey Weir, F. Lomieux, Accountan	er
E. Lichtenhein, Vice-Pres.; A. S. C. Wurtele, F.	W
	ι.
Branch at Bertuler	or
Branch at Berthier	
Branch at Dicolot	
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Branch at Pt. St. Charles City I. W. J. Wall.	
Branch at Hochelaga felty]. D. P. Riouel.	
Branch .t L'EpiphanieJ. II. Dusseault,	
Branch at PortneufJ. H. Theoret, "	
the short St Lauront () W Lowardt (

Branch at Fortugat,, A. N. Leganit, " Branch at Laprairie,...., T. J. Bondeau, " Agents at New York—The National Bank of the tepublic and Ladeburg, Thaimann & Co. London— Bank of Montreal, Paris—La Societe Ganerale,

The Chartered Banks.	1
THE BANK OF BRITISI NORTH AMERICA.	E
Established in 1886. Incorporated by Royal Charter in 184	o.
Paid-up Capital, £1,000,000 # Reserve Fund, 275,000	
London Office, & Clement's Lane, Lombard St., 1 COURT OF DIRECTORS:	z.a.
J. H. Brodie. Ed. Arthur Hoare. John James Cater. H. J. B. Kendall,	
Gaspard Farrer. J. J. Kingsford. Henry R. Farrer. Frederic Lubbock.	
Richard H. Glyn. George D.Whatman Secretary, A. G. Wallis.	
Head Office in Canada - St. James St. Montr H. STIKEMAN, General Manager. J. ELMSLY, Inspector. Branches in Canada;	feal
London Quebec Rossland, B.C. Brantford St. John N.B.V. Sandon, B.C.	
Hamilton Fredericton, N.B. Slocan City B.C. Toronto Halifax, N.S. Trail, B.C. (Sub.Age	ncy
Branches in Canada: London Guebec Rossland, B.C. Brantford St. John, N.B.Y. Sandon, B.C. Hamilton Fredericton, N.B. Slocan City B.C. Toronto Halifax, N.S. Kingston Winnipeg, Man Victoria, B. C. Ottawa Brandon, Man. Montreal Kaelo B.C. <i>Agents in the United States</i> :	
NEW YORK, (52 Wall St.) W. Lawson and	L J.
C. Welsh. SAN FRANCISCO, (120 Sansome Street,) H. M. MCMichael and J. R. Ambrose.	. J.

SAN FRANCISCO, (120 Sansome Street,) H. M. J. McMichael and J. R. Ambrose. LONDON BANKERS-The Bank of England, and Messre. Glyn & Co. FOREUM AGENTS-Liverpool-Bauk of Liverpool. Australia-Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand -Union Bank of Australia, Bank of New Zealand, Golonial Bank of New Zealand. India, Chinn and Japan-Charlered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Agra Bank, Limited. West India-Co-lonial Bank. Taris-Mesers. Marcuard, Krauss & Co. Lyons-Credit Lyonnais. Exp-Issue Circular Notes for Travellers, available in all parts of the world.

THE MOLSONS BANK 84th DIVIDEND.

The Shareholders of The Molsons Bank are hereby notified that a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT, and a Bonus of ONE PER CENT, upon the capital stock has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the olice of the bank, in Montreal, and at the branches, on and after the

FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT,

The transfer books will be closed from the 23rd to 30th September, both days inclusive.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

of the shareholders of the bank will be hold at its banking house, in this city, on MONDAY, the lith of OCTOBER NEXT, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Board,

F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS,

General Manager. Montreal, 25th August, 1897.

THE OUEBEC BANK.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, A. D., 1818. PAID-UP CAPITAL \$ 2,500,000 REST \$600,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$ 2,500,000 REST \$600,000 HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC, BOARD OF DIRECTORS ; OIN BREAKEY, President. WM.J. WITHALL, ESG., Freedent. THOMAS MODOUGALL, ESG., Gen. Manager. Directors-G. R. Reafrew. S. J. Shaw, J. T. Bose, Gaspard Lomoine, W. A. Marsh. Branches and Agencies in Canada: Montreal, Que. Toronto, Ont. Pembroke, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Thorold, Ont. Three Rivers, Q. Branches :- Upper Town, Quebec; St. Rach's, Quebec; St. Catherine st. East, Montreal. Agents in New York: Bank of British North America. Agents in London : The Bank of Scolland.

The Chartered Banks.			
THE N	IERCHA		
	OF CAN	ADA.	
Capital Paid Rest,	up,		\$6,000,000 8,000,000
Head Offi			Montreal,
ANDREN HECTOR N	OARD OF DIR V ALLAN, Esq. IACKENZIE, H	BO Vice	President. President.
	Esq. Jo		
	Thos Long	. Ken.	
GEORGE HAG General E. F	UE, THO Manager. J. Hebden, Supt.	olat Gene of Branch	eral Manager. 165.
BRANCHI	S IN ONTARI	O AND	QUEBEC.
Belleville,	Kincardine,	Prest	on,
Berlin, Brampton,	Kingston, London,	Queb Renfi	
Chatham,	Montreal,	Shert	prooke, Que
	Mitchell, Napanee,	Strat	ford,
Galt,	Napanee,	St.Jo	ohns, Q.,
Gananoque,	Ottawa,	St. J	erome, Que
Hamilton, Hespeler,	Owen Sound, Perth,		homas.
Ingersoll,	Prescott,	Toroi	erton,
THE STORY	11000000	That	

Demanorue, Ottawa, St. Jerome, Que
 Hamilton, Owen Sound, St. Thomas.
 Heepeler, Ferth, Toronto, Walkerton, Windeor,
 Montreal West End Branch, No. 2456 Notre Dame St. BRANCHES IN MANITOBA:
 Winnipeg. Brandon.
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 John B. Harris, Jr., & T. E. Merret, Agonts.
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 Newiouradiand.—The Merchants Bank of Nova Scotia and Merchants Bank of State Cloumbla.
 A general banking business transacted.
 Letters of Credit Bseud, available in China, Japan and other foreign countries.

ST. STEPHEN'S BANK. Incorporated 1836.

St. Stephen, N. B.

Capital, Reserve, S200,000 F. H. TODD, ... President. J. F. GRANT, ... Cashler.

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THE WESTERN BANK OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE, OSHAWA, Ont.
 Capital Authorized
 \$1,000,000

 Capital Subscribed
 500,000

 Capital Paid-Up
 372,400

 Reserve
 112,000
 BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

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Imperial Bank of Canada.

OMMERCE.

387

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THE CA	NADIAN JOURNAL OF CC
The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks.
THE CANADIAN	BANK OF HAMILT
BANK OF COMMERCE	CAPITAL (All Paid)
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO. Paid-up Capital, \$6,000,000	HEAD OFFICE " HAMII Dir :: 78;
Rest. DIRECTORS: 1,000,000	JOHN. STUART, Vice
ROBERT KILGOUR, Esq., Vice-President. Jas. Crathern, Esq., W. B. Hamilton, Esq.,	John Froctor, Geo Rosch Wm. Gibson, M. L. A. T. Woo A. B. Lee, 'l oronto.)
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J. H. PLUMMER, Ass't General Manager. A. H. Ireland, Inspector.	BRANCHES: Alliston, Listowel, Owen Sound, S Chesley, Lucknow, Orangeville,
A. H. Ireland, Inspector. M. Morris Asst. Insp. New YORK-Alex. Laird and Wm. Gray, Agents. BRANCHES:	Georgetown, Milton. Port Elgin, Hamilton, E. Grimsby, J
Ayr, Dunvine, Paris, Strataroy, Barrie, Galt, Parkhill, *Toronto,	Correspondents in United States
Belleville, Goderich, Peterbor'gh, Toronto Jc'n Berlin, Guelph, St.Cath'rines Walkerton, Blenheim, Hamilton, Sarnia, Walkerville,	Fourth National Bk, and Hanover Nationa falo-Marine Bank of Buffalo. Detroit-I tional Bank. Chicago-Union National falo and the second second second second
Brantford, London, SSte. Marie, Waterloo, Cayuga, †Montreal, Seaforth, Windsor,	Correspondents in Great Britain—Nat vincial Bank of England [Ltd]. Collections effected at all parts of the Do
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Yonge St.; 258 College St.; cor. Spadina; 546 Queen St. W.; 415 Parliament St. and 163 King St. E. +Main Offica, cor. St. James and St. Peter Sts	Capital, \$1,500,000 Reserve Fund, DIRECTORS:
	Hon. SIR. FRANK SMITH E. B. OSLER Vice-Pre
and West Indies. China, Japan and South America. Sterling and American Exchange bought and sold. Collections made on the most favorable terms.	
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Interest allowed on deposits. BANKERS AND CORRESPONDENTS. Great Britain—The Bank of Scotland.	 Wm. ince, Fawara Leadisy, W. A. Wimot D. Mat HEAD OFFICE, TORONY Agencies—Brampton, Belleville, Cobour Lindsay, Napanee, Oshawa Orillia, Uxbridge, Whitby, Toronto, Queen St. Bether: Dundas St., cor. Queen; Spa cor. College St.; Sherbourne St., cor. Q ket Branch, cor. King and Jarvis Sts; Man.
India, China and Japan—The Chartered Bk of India, Australia & China; Germany, The Deutsche Bk	
Australia & New Zealand-The Union Bk. of Australia. Paris, France-Crédit Lyonnais, Lazard Freres & Cle	Drafts on all parts of the United Sta Britain and the Continent of Europe sold.
Brussels, Belgium—J. Matthleu & Fils. New York-The Am. Ex. National Bk of New York	Letters of Credit issued available in a Europe. China, Japan and the West Indi
Chicago-The Am, Ex. National Bank of Chicago. - San Francisco and Brilish Columbia-The Ba.a of British Columbia.	R. D. GAMBLE, Gen.
Hamilton, Bermuda—The Bk. of Bermuda. Kingston Jamaica—The Bank of Nova Scotla.	MERCHANTS' BA
THE ONTARIO BANK.	Capital Paid-Up, Reserved Fund
Capital Paid-up	Capitsl Paid-Up, Reserved Fund BOARD OF DIRECTORS: THOS. E.KENNY, President. THOS. E.KENNY, President. THOMAS RITCHIP, VICE M. DWYET, Wiley Smith, Henr Hon H Fuller VI.C. Hon Davi
DIRECTORS:	Hou. A. H. Fanel, M.A.O. Hou, Davi
G. R. R. Cockburn, Esq., President. Donald Mackay, Esq., Vice-President.	HEAD OFFICE, Halifax, I D. H. Duncan, Cashier, W. B. Torrance, A.
 G. R. R. Cockburn, Esq., - President. Donald MacKay, Esq., Vice-President. G. M. Rose, Esq., Hon. J. C. Alkins, A. S. Irving, Esq., D. Ullyot, Esq. D. Ullyot, Esq. C. McGILL, General Manager. E. MORKIS, Inspector. BRANCHES: Aurora. Indexs. Port Arthur. 	Agencies in Province of Que Montreal, E. L. Pease, Manager. "West End, Notre Dame St. W
C. McGILL, General Manager. E. MORRIS, Inspector. BRANCHES	In Maritime Provinces:
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London, EngPart's Bank [Ltd.] France and Europe-Credit Lyonnais. New York-The Fourth National Bank and the	Londonderry, N. S. Sydney, N. S. Lunenburg, N. S. Truro, N. S. Maitland, N. S. Weymonth, N.
Agents of the Bank of Montreal. Boston-Tremont National Bank,	Woodstock, N.
BANK OF OTTAWA.	Dominion of Canada, Merchants Bank of New York, Chase National Bank. Boston, the National Hide & Leather Ba
HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA.	I ISPIDINGS, THE BEAR OF BETWINDS LTD
Capital (fully paid up) \$1,500,000 Rest, DIRECTORS:	Chicago, American Exchange National I London, England, Bank of Scotland. Paris, France, Credit Lyonnais. Collections made at lowest rates and p
Rest, DIRECTORS: CHARLES MAGEE President, GEORGE HAY, Esq. Vice-President, Hon. Geo. Bryson, Jr., M.L.C., Alex. Fraser, John Mather, David Maclaren, D. Murphy. George Hay. Charles Magee, Branches—Arnprior, Carleton Piace, Hawkee- bury, Keewatin, Komptville, Mattawa, Pembroke, Parry Sound, Portage in Prairie, Ridoau Street, Bank Street, Ottawa, Renfrew, Ont., Rat Portage, Winni- peg, Man. GEO. BURN, General Manager D. M. FINNIE, Local Manager.	mitted for, Telegraphic transfers and drafts issued
John Mather, David Maclaren, D. Murphy. George llay. Charles Magee.	BANQUE D'HOCHEL
bury, Keewatin, Kemptville, Mattawa, Pembroke, Parry Sound, Portage la Prairie, Rideau Street, Bank	Capital Paid-Up, \$1,00 Reserve Fund, 40
Street, Ottawa, Renfrew, Ont., Rat Portage, Winnipeg, Man. GEO. BURN, General Manager	Reserve Fund, 40
D. M. FINNIE, DOCH Manager.	F. X. ST. CHARLES, President. Che. Chaput. Hon. J. D. Rolland, J. A.
Eastern Townships Bank.	Chs. Chaput. Hon.J. D. Rolland, J. A. M. J. A. PRENDERGAST, C. A. GIROUX, J. O. BERNIER,
	J. O. BERNIER, <i>Head Office, Montreal.</i> BRANCHES-Three Rivers, P. O.: Joll
Authorized Capital	Head Office, Montreal. BRANGHES-Three Rivers, P. Q.; Joll Sorel, P. Q.; Valleyfield, P. Q.; Louise Vankleek Hill, Ont.; Winnipeg, Man, 1393 St. Catherine St. E., 1756 St. Cathe 2204 Notre Dame St. West. Compagenengers-London, Eng7
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Israel Wood, J. N. Galer Thomas Hart, N. W. Thomas, T. J. Tuck, G. Stevens, John G. Foster.	dale Bank (Limited). Paris, Franc Lyonnais, Credit Industriel et Commer
HEAD OFFICE, SHERBROOKE, Que	2204 Notre Dame St. Week. CORRESPONDENTS-London, EngT dale Bank (Limited). Parie, Franc Lyonnais, Grädit Industriel et Commer rair Nationai d'Eacompte de Parie, So rale. Belgium, Brussels Crédit Vienna, Austria-Banque Imperiale R des Pays Autrichiens. Berlin, Germ Bank, New YorkNational Park Bank and Traders' National Bank, Messe burg, Thalmann & Co., and M. M. Ickelheimer & Co., Boston Nations Redemption, Third National Bank, National Live Stock Bank, Illinois Savings Bank.
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etead, St. Hyscipthe, Cowansville, Granby, Bedford Huntingdon, Megog. Correspondents:	burg, Thalmann & Co., and M. M. Ickelheimer & Co. 'Boston - Nations
Huntingdon, Megog. Corrospondents: Montreal—Bank of Montreal. London, England, National Bank of Scotland. Boeton—National Exchange Bank.	Redemption, Third National Bank, National Live Stock Bank, Illinois
Boston—National Exchange Bank.	Savings Bank, Collections made throughout Can

nks	The Chartered Banks.			
LTON.	UNION BANK OF CANADA.			
\$1,250,000 725,000 AMILTON,	Capital Paid-up, - \$1,200,000 Rest, 325,000			
· President Vice-President Roach, Waad	HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC Board of Directors.			
F. Wood, 5.)	ANDREW THOMSON, Esq President. Hon. E. J. PRICE, Vice-President. D. C. Thomson, Esq. E. J. Hale, Esq.			
ssietant Cashier, and, Simcoe,	Kd. Giroux, Esq. James King, Esq., M.P.P.; Hon. John Sharples.			
lle, Torontó, n, Wingham, Berlín.	E. E. Webb, Gen, Manager J. G. Billett, Branches:			
Winnipeg, Man. s:New York	Alexandria, Ont. Neepawa, Man. Bolesevaln, Man. Norwood, Ont.			
ational Bk. Buf- roit-Detroit Na- ional Bank.	Carman, man. Quebec, Que.			
n-National Pro-	Gleaboro, Man., Shelburne, Ont. Hastinge, Ont. Smith's Falle, Ont.			
the Dominion of tention given and	Deloraine Man. St. Lewis St. Glenboro, Man., Shelburne, Ont. Hastingz, Ont. Smith's Faile, Ont. Lethbridge, N.W.T. Sourie, Man. Macleod N.W.T. Toronto, Ont. Merrickville, Ont. Virden, Man. Minnedosa, Man. Wiarton, Ont.			
BANK. Fund, \$1,500,000	Minnedosa, Man. Wiarton, Ont. Montreal, Que, Winchester, Ont. Moosemin, N. W.T. Winnipeg, Man. Mordem, Man.			
- President,	Foreign Agents: London, Parr's Bank Limited.			
w. R. Brock. Matthews.	New York, National Par Bank, Boston, Lincoln National Bank,			
RONTO	Minneapolis, - National Bank of Commerce St. Paul, - St. Paul National Bank			
Cobourg. Guelph, rillia, Seaforth, en St. W., cor. ; Spadina Ave.,	Great Falle, Mont. First National Bank Chicago, Ill. Globe National Bank.			
cor. Queen: Mar- Sts; Winnipeg	Buffalo, N.Y. Ellicott Square Bank. Detroit, Mich., First National Bank			
ted States, Great prope bought and				
ole in all parts of st Indies. Gen. Manager,	The Standard Bank of Canada Capital Paid-up, Reserve Fund			
BANK.	TEAD OFFICE TODONTO			
•	W. F. COWAN, President. JOIN BURNS, Vice-President. W. F. Allan, Fred. Wyld. T. R. Wood, JAS. Scott.;			
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Montreal, Ontario St. ¹¹ St. Cunegondo, ¹² St. Henry, ¹³ St. Jean Bte. Beauharnols P. Q. Victoriaville, P.Q. ¹⁴ St. Jean Ste. ¹⁵ Ste. Anne de la Pérade Valleyield. Victoriaville, P.	Deposits received current rates of interests al- lowed. Deboatures issued payable in Canada or Great Britain, with half yearly interest coupone attached. Executors and Trustees are authorized by law to invest in the debentures of this Company.	The Saloons and Staterooms are in part where least motion is felt. Electr for lighting the ships throughout, the at the command of the passengere at any light. Music rooms and smoking r promenade deck. The Saloons and Sta heated by steam.
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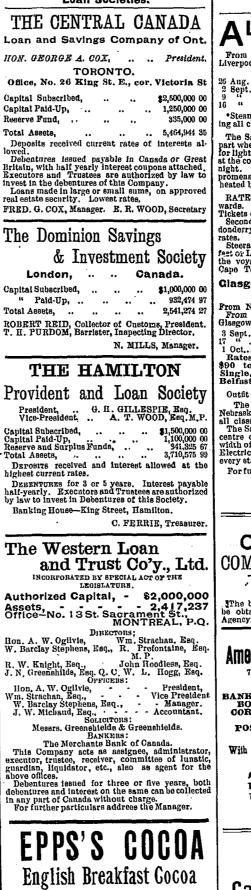
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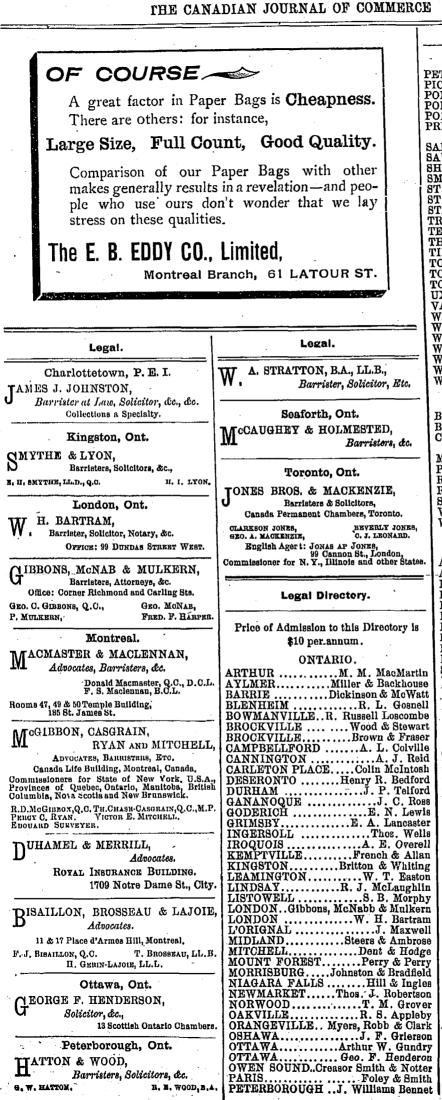
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THE LAURIE ENGINE CO.,

St. Catherine Street, MONTREAL.





-THE Russian fire insurance company, "La Moscovite," pays an annual dividend of fifty roubles per share, which is equal to twenty-five per cent of the capital.

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-THE new oil shed, to be built by the Queen City Oil Company at Kingston will only cost \$2,000 instead of \$6,000 as originally understood.

-THE European market for cream of tartar has stiffened up lately, because of the poor wine crop, and there is promise of firm values for some time to come.

-THE Australian wool sales will open in Sydney on October 5th. During a season extending over four months it is anticipated that over 1,400,000 bales will be catalogued.

-Till: sale of lands thus far this year in Manitoba has been unprecedented, and with the large crops harvested, the close of the years business will likely see last years total trebled.

---THE Natural History Society of British Columbia will import a large number of feathered songsters from England, including starlings, thrushes, larks, green and rose linnets, chaffinches, goldfinches, robins and blackbirds.

-THE Canadian Pacific has ordered 500 new box cars from Detroit. The cars will be 35 feet long and will have a capacity of 60,000 pounds. They will be delivered this week, at the rate of 40 a day.

-AN action for \$10,000 has been taken against the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co., on behalf of a New York lady who while travelling from Kingston to Montreal on the steamer "Columbian" fell through a trap door. She alleges negligence on the part of the Company.

-PETROLLUM imported in tank cars, according to a recent decision may now be stored in Canada in bond. This concession will permit an importer to bring in 500 gallons at a time by tank cars, store it in warehouse, and pay the duty as he disposes of it in barrels.

-ONTARIO millers want preferential duties to be granted to the West India Islands and British Guiana. They also will ask the government to prohibit the importation of flour adulterated with corn flour, it being a practice of American millers to put from one-tenth to one-quarter corn flour in flour for export, Flour thus adulterated, it is claimed, can easily pay the 60c per barrel duty, and still show a profit.

North Star, Crescent and Pearl Batting. Purity, Brightness, Loftiness.

No Dead Stock, oily threads nor misserable yellow fillings of short staple. Not even in lowest grades. Three grades-Three prices and far the best at EAGLE FOUNDRY, the price.

-A NEW Russian syndicate, composed of 12 large petroleum firms, will, it is expected, be formed in 1898 and on a 10 years basis. The syndicate will control an immense capital and will be represented in the great markets. It will have tank boats and reservoirs in order to compete with American oil.

-A NEW stopper for bottles and jars has been invented in England, which will come as a boon to manufacturers of proprietary articles, whose goods are liable to be tampered with before reaching the consumer. The stopper cannot be withdrawn without leaving evidence of the fact.

-THE Dominion Bank authorities are still in the dark as to who stole the \$32,000 from their branch at Napanee. New bills representing \$10,000 were among the money stolen. These lacked a signature which will probably be forged. The bank has given notice that it will not be held liable and has issued the numbers of the stolen bills to warn the public in the matter.

-MR. C. D. MAZE, civil engineer, president of the United Counties Railway Company, has taken an action for \$5,000 against D. Oppenheimer, of London, Eng. The defendant in this case made a demand of assignment upon Mr. Maze and upon the contestation the courts decided that such a demand could not be made because Mr. Maze was not a trader. Mr. Maze now claims damages.

-Tuz Lancashire cotton trade is in a perilous condition just now, and the outlook for a resumption of the India trade is every day growing worse. The closing of mills and the stoppage of many thousands of looms, has already affected Burnley and Clitheroe. There are hundreds of weavers, in these towns, asking employers to get orders if they can and offering to weave them at 1½d. or even 2d. per cut less than the standard list price.

"BENNER'S Prophecies" (the Ohio economist) have often been quoted in connection with the iron and steel market. He was the author of a theory by which he endeavored to show that pork and pig iron have always run together in the market, and that the price of one always bears a close relation to the value of the other. He predicted in his last volume that the fall of 1897 would bring an era of speculation in the United States, and it now looks as if he were not far wrong.





-A FACTORY has been established at Woodstock for the manufacture of glue from skimmed milk.

The Apollinaris Co. Ltd., of London, and the Johannis Co. of America, mineral water purveyors have consolidated their interests under the name of the United Agency Company.

-WESTERN Ontario Dairy farmers are making \$1.50 out of choose, where they only made \$1.00 last year, and this without any addition to their herds.

-THE head office of the Mercantile Insurance Co. is to be removed from Waterloo to Toronto. Mr. James Lockie, becomes president, Mr. L. H. Hall succeeding him in the active manage ment.

-CANADIAN live hogs at the moment range about 1.75 per cwt. above American. This is claimed to be owing to the greater preference buyers are giving Canadian bacon and ham, because of the swine being fed on pea and barley feed instead of corn.

-Ox Saturday last Mr. Anselm Talbot, trader of St. Thomas, Montmagny Co., assigned for the benefit of his creditors, showing liabilities of \$5,000. The provisory assignee is Fortimat Bernie of Montmagny.

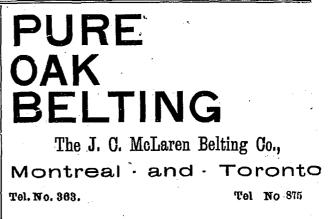
ROBERT LINTON & CO. IMPORTERS OF British and Foreign Dry Goods Woollens and Tailors' Trimmings a Specialty Canadian Woollens and Cottons from all the different mills. No. 2 St. Helen St., MONTREAL

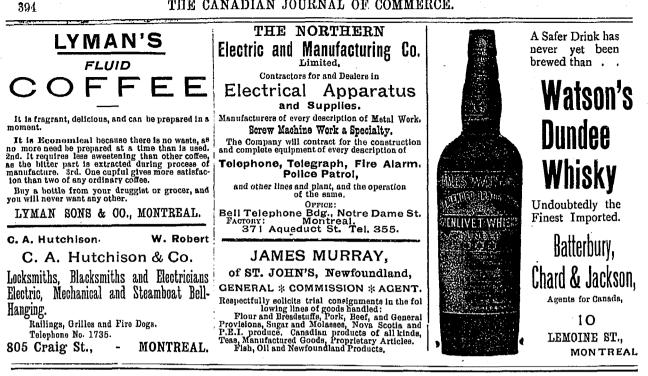
-IT is predicted that the timber cut will be considerably smaller next winter in New Brunswick, partly because of the United States tariff, and also because stocks intended for the British market are likely to be carried over till next season.

THE U. S. revenue deficit for August, compared with the expenditure is \$14,565,433, the largest on record. Perhaps half of this is due to increased imports antedating the tariff, but there is little doubt that a permanently declining revenue under the high duties has already set in.

-Robson, B.C., will probably be the place where the smelters will be erected for the benefit of the Rossland camp. The Crows Nest Pass Ry., so Vice-President Shaughnessy says, will be completed to Robson by Sept. 1 of next year, when coke will be laid down at that point at \$5 to \$5.50 per ton.

-THE difference between the apple crop this year and last is very marked. Last year apples went a-begging, now buyers are glad to get them at any price. Throughout the country buyers are numerous and offering 2 a barrel on the trees, and very few takers.





-MR. J. ALEX. CULVERWELL has received the appointment of Local Manager for Toronto and Central Ontario of the London & Lancashire Life Assurance Company. Mr. Culverwell has acted for the last three years as the chief agent of the English department at Montreal.

-IT is estimated that the New York, the American and the United States Biscuit companies are, owing to the present trade war going on between them, throwing away about \$300,000 per month, or \$3,600,000 per annum. While this is very good for the grocer and the consumer, it is hard on the people who own stock in the various corporations.

TUE farming population of Manitoba is computed to have produced 800 hushels of wheat to every family. "There are few parts of the Globe," says the Cleveland Leader, which can show such a production to the number of inhabitants and it is clear that the part of British America which lies west of Ontario and the Lake Superior region could easily feed all the people who will ever dig gold out of the remote and forbidding valley of the Yukon."

-THE advance in the price of brimstone has compelled a large number of sulphuric acid manufacturers in the U.S. to put up pyrite furnaces that they may use the cheaper material. Although the use of pyrites was adopted by many, fifteen or eighteen years since, it has not been so general as it is to day. The change being rather costly, makes it all the more essential that the very best, practical results be obtained.

-ONE of the discoveries of resources made by the putting through of the line from St. Johns to Port An Basque Newfoundland is that of extensive forests of spruce, pine, birch and other commercial hardwoods. It is said that white pine and spruce have been found in abundance. If this is so the lumber business in Newfoundland may yet attain a magnitude something like that which has largely passed away in Maine, and is passing in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. The amount of pulp timber in the island must be simply enormous.

-THE continuation of the trouble in Cuba, has given rise to a largely increased buying of foodstuffs from outside, chiefly the United States. Potatoes and eggs are being imported in large quantities; and it is claimed condensed milk, beans and cocoa are also finding more than the ordinary demand all over the island. In the opinion of a New York firm interested in Cuban trade, if the situation does not improve it is possible that quite a trade may be developed in live stock. There are no indications of cane grinding to any extent this season.

-OCCASIONALLY one hears of extraordinary prices being paid for wines and spirits, and good evidence of this is shown in a recent sale held in London. Included in the sale was a choice lot of old pale brandy, which under the hammer fetched no less than 33s a bottle. It was of 1872 vintage, and had become the property of the Earl of Aylesford in 1876. Two lots of six bottles each sold at 310s and 385s per doz. two other lots at 325s and 400s per doz, and another lot of one dozen at 350s. An average of \$95 a dozen is something befitting a price to suit good brandy.

-THE concluding paragraph of the article on "Petroleum Distribution" last week should have read as follows:-"It may be of interest here to quote from government statistics. The imports of illuminating (petroleum) oil to Canada during 1896 was 6,882,-272 Imperial gallons, valued at \$596,450; of this Ontario is shown to consume 2,673,613 gallons, valued at \$225,724; New Brunswick 1,444,243 gallons, valued at \$121,578 ; Quebec, 1,180,-157 gallons, valued at \$99,668; British Columbia, 440,737 gallons, valued at \$57,152; Nova Scotia 626,490 gallons, valued at \$49,-213. The balance was divided among the remaining provinces."

-A good deal of artificial pumice stone is now being sold in the United States. It is claimed to be better than natural pumice stone with respect, to grain, hardness, shape and uniformity. It is also said to have the advantage of freedom from the little gritty particles that often occur in powdered pumice stone from faulty bolting material, or carelessness of workmen. As another

The Canada Accident Insurance Co'y

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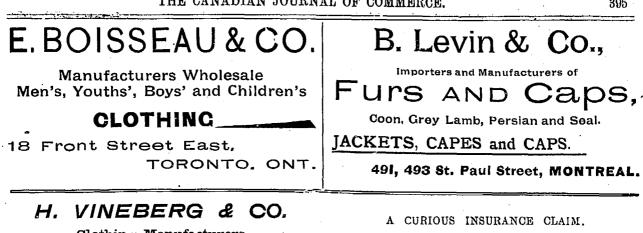
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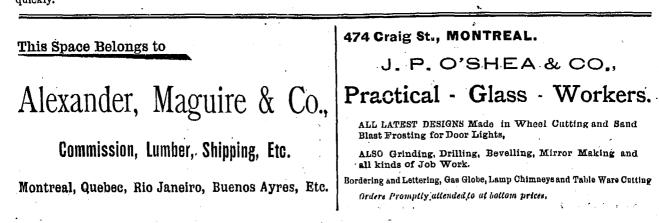


A curious case before the French courts arises over an insurance company having refused to pay 30,000 francs, for which a well known litterateur named Henri Martin was insured, on the ground that he committed suicide. Says the Insurance Times. As a matter of fact, Martin was discovered dead, hanging to the ceiling by a dog chain, the collar being around his neck, but his heirs state that he was working on a book to be called "Things I Have Seen and Done," consisting of a lot of curious experiences, one being the sensations caused by hanging. In order to give a vividly accurate account of these sensations he had hanged himself, intending to unfasten the collar when he had gained enough impression to satisfys himself. He however, failed to extricate himself in time. Therefore, his heirs are suing the company on the ground that his death was brought about involun tarily, and that he died, in fact, not from suicide, but through accident. The distinction is very subtle, and the trial promises, to be interesting and novel.

DRY GOODS NOTES.

Apropos of the millinery openings, a correspondent to the Brockville Times asks the fair sex to avoid purchasing the corpses of birds or section thereof, as trimming for their head gear? It is a vain request, when fashion, as this year, makes greater slaughter than ever upon birds and feathers for hat adornment.

* Reports regarding the German dress goods trade say that manufacturers are preparing little for the North American market. The new colours which are likely to be prevalent in ladies' dress goods for next summer show a great change. From the bright, effective shades the favour has passed to the more sombre. As successors to the light green, which was so much used, are seen grey green and blue green; the bright red shades have given place to orange red, strawberry and flesh shades; blues, which were preferred only in light tones; are now favoured and much used in darker shades. Greys also seem to be gaining ground from the darker to the lighter shades. The collections, which contain principally dull shades, show heliotrope as a favorite colour from the light lilac to the darker violet tones, so that there is a possibility that these colours will meet with success next summer.



395

Clothing Manufacturers. 1857 Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.

CASH BUYERS will do well to write for Samples.

advantage it is claimed that every stone is fit for use, while natural lump pumice is subjected to such injury in transportation that much of it arrives in broken condition. This artificial pumice stone is being used by carriage makers, marble workers, lithographers and others.

-WINDOW glass in the United States has increased in price recently 7 per cent-5 per cent by the manufacturers and an additional 2 per cent by the jobbers. This advance is the result of a combination among the numerous manufacturers in order to enable each to keep on their feet. Such an effort to defeat the results of over-extending the means of manufacture can only be partially and temporarily successful. The Belgian market from which Canada imports the bulk of its supplies, is firmer in sympathy with the rise in the U.S. strength is reflected also on spot.

-THE semi annual meeting of the Bank of British North America took place in London on Wednesday, the 1st inst. In his address Chairman Hoares is reported by cable to have said, that Canada is on the eve of a great business revival. Going into specific statements after a generalization of conditions tending towards renewed prosperity in the Dominion, Mr. Hoares cited that the bank's profits for the half year were £34,031, as against £25,941 for the preceding like period. The interim dividend was 21/2 per cent; as compared with 2 per cent.

SUBSTITUTION.

"There is a good deal being said thesedays about substitution. remarks the Grocery World Manufacturers of proprietary goods which have won a name by extensive advertising-to consumers -are very indignant that the dealer, when the customer asks for some one of the much-advertised articles, should take occasion to recommend something else. The daily papers are being used by manufacturers to preach to consumers to be on the lookout against substitutions of all sorts. It seems to us that if some of these manufacturers would only spend a little of the money they are using to warn consumers against substitutes, to increase the retail dealer's profit, so as to make it to his advantage to handle the goods, they would reach the seat of the disease much more quickly."





The Hon. Sir Oliver Mowat, G.C.M.G., President.

Will commence to issue policies about the 1st September, and is now ready to receive applications for General Agencies in Canada. Further information given on application to

F. G. COX, Managing Director, TORONTO.

ly imported from the producing country. This was however found to work against Great Britain, because goods from every European country enter the old land for shipment to this continent in British vessels. The rule to enforce direct shipment was therefore abandoned.

Ró

A circular just issued instructs the Custom House collectors that the reduction of 121 per cent, which was intended as a concession to the mother land, must also be made on goods imported from Germany, Belgium, France, Austria, Denmark, Russia, Sweden, Norway, Switzerland, Algiers, Argentina, Bolivia, Costa Rica. Tunis and Venezuela. The omission from this long list of the principal colonies of Great Britain creates a singular anomaly, as Canada is now granting tariff privileges to foreign nations, which she denies to the sister colonies of the Empire, a policy which directly antagonises the idea of Imperial unity. The circular also provides that the goods of any of those countries when imported indirectly from any of the said countries shall be entitled to the same reduction as if imported direct. By this regulation goods made in any country entitled to the 121/2 per cent reduction may be imported from any other country which enjoys the privilege without forfeiting the concession. Goods, for instance, made in Germany, France, Belgium, &c., may be sent to England, and there re-packed and shipped on to Canada, and on arrival here these goods will be entered at the reduced rate.

The regulation will have an important bearing on our imports after the date has expired up to which time the above countries are entitled to the preferential rates. It will develop in England a system of receiving goods made in Germany, France, Belgium and other European countries, for re-packing, re-marking and branding, for exportation to Canada as British goods. The JOURNAL OF COMMERCE pointed this out some weeks ago, as we have a strong conviction that' let whatever be done by our Customs arrangements to impose higher duties on, say German goods, than English ones, the goods made in Germany will be so manipulated during transit through England, as to enable them to be passed into Canada at the same rates as English goods. This has been done for many years on a very large scale whenever German, and other European goods by being re-packed in England and their origin concealed, could be entered at an advantage in a foreign port. The necessary methods are very familiar to both German and British exporters, and their ingenuity will utterly baffle any Canadian Custom's officials who endeavour to distinguish between English made goods entitled to a low duty, and foreign

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ones liable to a higher one. Until July, 1898, all goods coming from the above countries *via* England will have a reduction of 12½ per cent. After July, 1898, England will keep her carrying trade undisturbed, and German and other agents in England will do just as much business as ever, while Canada will find that just as much is being brought in under the reduced duties as the importations during 1897-8. The 12½ per cent reduction, and the 25 per cent in 1809 may be regarded practically as permanent concessions to the continent of Europe, quite as much as to the mother 'country.

In regard to goods from France, importers will have the option of entering them under the French treaty, or under the Customs Act, that is, the reductions under the treaty may be claimed, or the 121 per cent may be claimed, but not both on the same goods. When the 25 per cent reduction comes into force on British goods. we shall have all the goods we want from France imported under that reduction, as French exports will go via England, where they will be made up and invoiced for our market as British manufactures. The situation is an irritating one for the United States. No concessions, direct, indirect, or possible, are given to that country, which is being left out in the cold, while so many nations are basking in the warmth of Canadian privileges. A kiss for a blow is a pretty sentiment in a nursery, but when one nation strikes at the trade of another, it is more helpful to morality to strike back, as resentment is more likely to stop such aggression than cringing submission to a wrong.

WHEAT.

Wheat, which is said to be always "as good as gold," now naturally shares with the Klondike discoveries the attention of business men at home and abroad. While it was to be expected that some reaction should take place from the high point to which it advanced a few weeks ago, circumstances warrant the belief that the low prices of the last year or two are not likely to prevail again, at all events in the near future. We have from time to time pointed out in these columns the causes which led to the low price of breadstuffs. Not least among these was the growing tendency towards ではないです。それでは、1990年には、それがいたりでしたが、1990年になった。それでは、1990年には、199

the consumption of food in other forms among artisans and those who form the great majority of the people, to the neglect of the time-honored bread and cheese at every meal. "Flesh in the pot" has been looked upon always as indicating a comfortable, if not a luxurious style of living in the household. If any of our readers will examine his weekly or monthly bill from the grocer, the butcher and the baker he will perceive that bread forms but a small fraction of his food consumption. In one moderately large family that we are aware of in this city, the consumption of bread amounts to about 20 cents per day, while the butcher's bill amounts to about 60 cents. Oats which, according to rough Samuel Johnson "is a grain used to feed horses in England and men in Scotland" is not by any means confined to equine consumption throughout the British Empire; certainly not in Canada. There are few hotels or public houses in which oatmeal is not made a part of the breakfast bill of fare, and few families, especially of Irish or Scotch descent, who do not make it a very important adjunct at the breakfasttable. Vegetables, too, which in former years were chiefly or exclusively used to feed farm stock, and consequently despised by those who call themselves the "working-classes," are now found upon the tables of most families who look for variety in their eating. Turnips, beets, carrots, parsnips, artichokes, yams, together with various kinds of fruits are considerable competitors to the loaf upon the family table, so that bread has fallen from its former high estate as the "staff of life" to a joint position in that respect with a variety of other articles of food.

Sir Robert Giffen who, by the way, has not been maintaining his position in English economics of late, once expressed the opinion that the demand for wheat was not keeping pace with the increase in the world's population, and refers to the new indirect competition which we note above. In spite of the large growth of population which is growing richer and richer, "the increased wealth is being devoted to the purchase of meat, so that the demand for breadstuffs is proportionately diminished ;" he speaks of this as being a sad piece of news for the vegetarians. What it does indicate is the diffusion of well-being through all classes of society. We make the following extract on the subject from a recent number of the London Spectator which, though somewhat lengthy, cannot fail to possess some interest for our readers:

"It is evident that, even if 'dollar wheat' has not come to stay, the price is likely to range at or about a level well above the figure which has recently driven the farming classes of all countries to desperate demands for Government assistance, with the result that a really laughable attempt was made in Germany to support quotations in the produce markets by forbidding time-bargains. Now, in spite of the competition of flesh-meats, fluctuations in the price of wheat undoubtedly affect the purse and comfort of more human beings than any other movement in the commercial and financial markets, and it is worth while to consider a few of the chief effects, economic and political, of the recent rise."

"The effect of a phenomenon is often best understood by considering its cause. The upward movement in wheat is due to what crop statisticians gracefully des-

cribe as a 'shortage' practically all over the world except in North America. This scarcity is caused not only by poor crops this year, but also by a series of bad seasons, which has made great inroads on the reserve stocks. Then there has been drought in the Argentine, Russia will have much less to spare for export than usual, Austria may actually be obliged to import, and France, which is generally not far from self-sufficiency, will have to purchase a very large quantity abroad." In England there has been a fine crop, though in some neighbourhoods the quality has disappointed expectations, but the area under wheat has declined so rapidly in recent years that, though the rise in the price will be a very comfortable bonus in the pockets of growers, the plentiful yield will have a hardly appreciable effect upon the demand for the foreigngrown article. It is thus evident at a glance that the countries which will gain most advantage from the improvement in the value of wheat are Canada and the United States, and that those which will fare worst from it are the Continental States, which have failed to produce enough to fill the mouths of their hungry citizens, and yet insist on making them pay heavy duties, over and above the increased price, on any wheat that is imported.

As to the result in the United States, an interesting estimate is given by a correspondent of the Financial News. "Wheat," he says, "is now (before the farmers have had an opportunity to sell) nearly 30 cents per bushel higher than at the corresponding period of last year. . . . On a crop of wheat of 550 million bushels this means as a general proposition, and without regard to economic niceties, that the farmers will receive the value of \$165,000,000 [£33,000,000] more for the current crop than their last." The "shortage" elsewhere thus puts this very acceptable present into the hands of the American farmers from the .proceeds of their wheat-fields alone, without reckoning the increase in values of their other cereal crops, and a large proportion of it will have to be taken from foreign purses. The imagination can hardly grasp the effects of such a slice of luck in stimulating external and internal trade, if trade were allowed to feel its full stimulus; but unfortunately, says the Spectator,-the fiscal policy of the United States devotes itself with marked success to surrounding the trade of the country with a barrier that shall deaden all outside influences. American obligations abroad have been very materially reduced by the eagerness with which European holders have recently sold their American securities, taking advantage of the upward movement in the stock markets caused by crop prospects; and the United States have thus a unique opportunity for making a fresh start in commerce with a reduced list of external debts and a magnificent asset in hand, and could call upon the world at large to pour in the best of its products for the enjoyment of their people. They prefer to tell the rest of mankind to keep their products to themselves ; they desire no interchange of commodities, but when the balance is adjusted, and the price of the securities that European holders have sent back to them so freely has been set against their cereal exports, they will take what is over in gold. . . . "This decision will have an interesting effect upon the London money market, which is already expecting exports of gold to the United States, and an early rise in the Bank-rate ; but its effect at home will be still more interesting to wat ch. The financial history of the Republic runs so queer and crooked a course that anything like forecast is a dangerous hazard, but, unless economic laws are defeated or obscured by abnormal conditions, it is safe to anticipate that the ultimate result of an addition of some millions' worth of gold to the already redundant paper currency of the Union will be an artificial rise in prices, which will tempt the foreign importer to compete once more, with the probable corollary of a further addition to the tariff barrier. In any case, such measures cannot spell prosperity, and the United States must not expect such fortuitous gifts of Providence as bumper crops, synchronising with scarcity elsewhere, to be repeated regularly."

"In Canada, on the other hand, we may fairly hope to see the happy accident of a rich harvest turned to good advantage and as a welcome help to the policy inaugurated by the Liberal Government. All fiscal changes are serious matters, and it is most fortunate that the Dominion should have been assisted at this critical moment of transition by finding herself possessed of a very valuable asset to put in the window at the moment when she is enlarging her business connection and starting to keep shop on a grander scale. It will be curious to compare the different effects that the uses made of the same piece of good fortune will work upon the fortunes of the two North American neighbours ; but in the meantime Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his French-descended followers may well feel thankful that the reverence and love that they feel for the land of their extraction are merely Platonic sentiments, and that they do not live under the sway of French fiscal policy. The rise in the price of wheat has already caused serious anxiety in France, -Socialists are agitating, and the newspapers are suggesting an immediate reduction of the duty. One journal sagely asserts that there are two solutions,-' the re-establishment of the system of maximum price for bread fixed by the State, or the reduction of the Customs duties on grain and flour. Perhaps,' it is pathetically added, 'it would be wise to combine the two methods.' Perhaps it would, for the State might fix maximum prices with all its might, but dealers could not sell wheat for less than the price paid for it, plus the duty and a margin of profit.-Present indications look for an advance.

CANADIAN MORTALITY AND LIFE INSUR-ANCE.

The life insurance companies doing business in Canada, the native ones equally with those which are branches of British or American organizations, base their charges upon certain tables or a selected table of mortality. Every such table embodies the experience of a country outside Canada. Every such mortality table was also drawn up many years ago, since which time very great improvements have been made in sanitary science, and sanitary regulations in all centres of population wherever a community is locally organized. These two conditions though exceedingly favorable to the life insurance business in Canada, are pro-

portionately inequitable to policy holders and those who are proposing to insure their lives. The first condition, that the table, or tables of mortality, on which life insurance rates are based in Canada, is, or are not based upon Canadiau experience, discriminates unfairly against Canadian insurers. It is now a demonstrated fact that the average mortality of the people in Canada is lower than that of the people in the United Kingdom, especially so in comparison with British mortality when the life tables were arranged. At no period was the average mortality in Canada as high as it was at the same time in Great Britain, Canada started under cleaner conditions than those which existed in the old land as the result of centuries of neglect. The settlers here were much hardier and healthier in constitution, as well as more prudent in habits, than the average of the community they left behind. The number of these settlers now living who have reached ages from 75 to 95, is proportionately enormously in excess of those in the old land. The rates charged in Canada based on British experience of mortality are consequently too high, as here, the expectation of life is, and ever has been, since a life insurance business was done in Canada, longer than in the old country. Over and above this consideration, there has been a radical change in the sanitary conditions of our people, which has removed certain dangers to health, and so helped to increase the average duration of life. Canada started in the race ahead of the old land as regards healthfulness, and in the last thirty years has more than kept pace in the march of sanitary reform. In rural municipal sanitation, Canada is far in advance of England, where small towns and villages are deplorably neglected in this respect. Here then we have circumstances which together make the old British tables of mortality quite obsolete and wholly unfit for use in regulating life insurance rates in Canada. We see their unfairness in every annual report of the life insurance companies, which, year after year, have to admit that the death claims have fallen far short of the expectancy. This means that the policy holders have been charged higher rates than necessary because those rates were based upon an erroneous table of mortality, so far as Canada is concerned. The companies have a very "soft snap" in their rates being so based, they are like a storekeeper who keeps up a fixed price for goods when their cost to him has been reduced materially. Life insurance to-day does not cost the companies any thing like what they expected it to cost when their rates were fixed, yet they have made no combined effort to establish a more correct table of mortality, nor to reduce their rates in accordance with their experience. The competition has become so keen that a large share of their premiums is now paid to canvassers and agents who secure business. All of this money comes out of the pockets of the policyholders, instead of their premiums being reduced in accordance with the reduced cost of insurance. The companies are piling up reserve funds greatly in excess of what safety requires, in order out of such funds to realize larger profits for their shareholders, the policyholder being the milch cow for feeding these persons by excessive dividends and bonuses. It is quite true some of the companies distribute their profits liberally to their policyholders, But the very capacity to distribute such profits proves our point, which is, that the charges for life insurance in Canada are too high owing to their being based upon a table of mortality which reflects the experience of a more unhealthy country than Canada, and reflects that experience for years prior to the days of sanitary reform by which the average duration of human life has been prolonged. Life insurance charges need adapting to its cost to-day, not to its cost thirty years ago, and the companies would do well to recognise the justice of such adaptation.

TEA LEGISLATION.

Owing to the pure tea law of the United States which went into force on 1st May of this year, it is estimated that no less than five million pounds have already been deterred from finding entrance at the several ports of entry where examiners are stationed, viz: New York San Francisco, Chicago and Tacoma. The result of this legislation renews the pertinency of a similar law for Canada. That our adulteration act is little short of a "dead letter" concerning teas is notorious, and that "sophisticated" teas do find entrance is a conclusion which the tea trade are constantly reminded of ; moreover the presumption is largely increased nowadays because of this same pure tea law of our neighbors, offering if anything greater incentive for both China and Japan to "dump" upon us the trash refused a clean bill of health in the States.

It has been found by prominent American tea men at the present rate of rejection under the stringent regulations, that of 130,000 half chests of Pingsuey previously imported annually, not more than 60,000 half chests will be admitted under the new law. Again, more than this proportion of Amoy Oolong will also be excluded, and likewise the lowest grades of Japans and Congous. In other words the sweepings of China and Japan can no more be unloaded upon the American market, and the question naturally arises, where will the balance go?

To the States, by some other channel? There is refutation to this in the statement that the new law has reduced the estimate for 1897-98, so far as it has operated to the extent of 12,707,359 pounds as against last season, and has on the average increased the cost to importers of the lowest grade of teas coming under the standard fully 4c per lb, or from 11c to 15c. There is answer again, inasmuch as the Chinese have themselves become convinced recently that this determination of the U.S. to shut out deleterious teas is not what they were at first inclined to look upon as "fool pigeon," but a reality, stern enough to compel them to consider the advisability of placing a 5 cent export duty on tea in order to be able to produce a better variety, and to check the wholesale adulteration practised by growers by awarding these a bounty out of the tax; and the first fruits of this literal and figurative "turning over of a new leaf," has already come to hand in the "machine process" teas we have before referred to in these columns.

There is enough rubbish however floating about either in the primary markets of China or at our doors at the moment, to lend emphasis that a convenient market can at any time be swamped with the teas, already denied entrance in the States, or prepared for shipment to that market and ready to be exported anywhere on the first suitable occasion, and since the States is evidently very much "on guard" the query, where? remains open.

To Great Britain? There needs only reference to the severe test ordeal, and the phenomenal neglect China teashave been accorded there in competition with India and Ceylon kinds, to give an emphatic No ! Spurious leaf only reaches London, in bond, and herein is the crux of the danger for Canada, and the weakness of the "free breakfast table" which admits tea free when shipped direct from country of growth but exacts 10c per pound duty when shipped from intermediary countries. We destroy for ourselves the protection of the rigorous inspection laws prevailing in these secondary markets, and since the U.S. is as strict now as England in tea matters, the duty is a positive weakness, and has lost its significance.

It is unnecessary to bring in the probability of Australia or Russia, (the remaining great tea consumers) affording scope to relieve China and Japan of its undesirable commodity. These consumers pay the best prices and see to it closely that they get the best for their money. It remains then—after a survey of the conditions ruling within the radius we have taken, and remembering that the JOURNAL was before obliged to term the insufficiency of the means the Government employs to ensure only pure teas reaching Canada, as a "paralytic adulteration act"—that this country is the best disposed market of any in the world for the dumping of trashy teas without particularly much risk, and it is a state of affairs which should be altered.

At the time of tariff discussion there was a generally prevalent impression that the Government would seek in the most expeditious way possible to remedy this, by imposing a 5 cents duty, which would have had the effect of effectually blocking much, if not all of the weedy stuff coming here, and since this was not done, there is all the more reason that steps should be no longer delayed to convert our "Adulteration Act" into a really "live" thing as regards tea, and it might not be inappropriate to glance at the details of the measure which has worked so admirably across the line.

The standards selected are 16 in number. Those for Oolong include Formosa, Foochow and Amoy, and are about two grades above what has hitherto been admitted, so that anything under what would be called "fair cargo" Oolong is excluded. Great care was given to the standard for Pingsuey green tea, as this is a kind of tea which previously carried so much coloring matter as to make it unfit for use. The standard selected is absolutely pure, having entire freedom from scum. and it also has a clear green leaf after infusion. The standards selected for country green teas practically exclude all the kinds known as Shanghai packed, excepting perhaps the very best of this description. It also excludes what is known as "smoky Fychow" tea. The Japan tea standards represent about two grades above the lowest quality previously admitted, and might be called in the trade "low medium." They are free from any objection in "draw" and without "spent" leaf. The same applies to "dust" or "fannings." Those for scented orange pekoe and capers are of the very first quality, which may be judged from the fact that 5,000 pkgs. costing 6 cents to import have been "turned down" at San Francisco since May 1st. Finally no

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more than 10 per cent of dust is permitted to be packed in black teas, and no more than 4 per cent in Japans.

The importers of India and Ceylon tea recently made an appeal against the rejection of certain lots for excessive dust, on the ground that some of the needle leaf was excluded as dust, which has resulted in an equitable adjustment of the matter. It arose simply through a misunderstanding of the term "dust," as contra-distinguished from Pekoe tips and small leaf.

In marked contrast to the incongruous and contradictory state of affairs, which before the adoption of a thorough Board of Examiners existed in the United States-in all respects similar to the Arbitration plan of summoning experts representing the importer and the government, at present in vogue here-the judicial manner of appraisement now in force, is free from bias or prejudice, and there is no longer any wrangling to win a verdict by favoritism. The arbitrations from being farcical and unjust very often, are carried out without regard to the interests of importer or shipper, but strictly in conformity with the standard. The result is that the United States has within its borders at the moment-if we except the teas rushed in before the law came into force-the finest and purest teas it has ever had, and this without materially raising the price to the consumer. It will be seen from the below estimate of supplies for 1897-98 in comparison with the figures for last year, to what extent the various grades have been affected by the pure tea law.

	Sea	son.
	1897-8.	1896-7,
Greens	14,000,000	16,216,906
Japans	40,000,000	42,626,418
Formosa	17,000,000	18,994,324
Amoy	290,000	1,152,848
Foochow	3,600,000	8,430,327
Congou	8,000,000	13,080,586
Ceylon and India	7,000,000	7,000,000
· · · · ·		
Total	89,800,000	102,501,359
Malata defente de la constance de la		
Making deficit for the present season a last year of	as against	12,701,359

By this one act of Congress, tea which bid fair to give place altogether to coffee and chocolate of late years, because of its unparalleled rankness, is likely to soon increase its per capita consumption. It is now only one and a half pounds, compared to about five and one half pounds in England, and if Canada resolves to give attention to this matter after the intelligent manner of our American friends, an increased consumption would doubtless occur with us. One of the most satisfactory results from the new tea law in the States is the fact that the mere publication of its regulations has brought about at once compliance upon the part of

shippers and importers. In a following issue, we propose to treat of this subject of adulterated teas from the standpoint of the various "sophistications" practised, and the means of detection, in the hope that the attention of the powers that be may be attracted to the importance of the subject, and afford the tea trade, what it is badly in need of—pure standards.

RIVAL PORTS.

New York shippers are loud in their complaints against the rule of the Board of Trade of Great Britain and Ireland (a Department of the Government in the mother country) prescribing the depth to which ships may be loaded. For the winter months, beginning with October, there is a discrimination of six inches in favor of vessels from the Chesapeake ports as against ships from New York, Boston and Philadelphia. This discrimination, it is believed in these cities, threatens to divert the greater part of the grain shipments to Baltimore, Norfolk and Newport News. New Yorkers assert there is no sense in the rule, that it rests avowedly upon the idea that severe and prolonged storms occur on the North Atlantic in winter. While admitting the truth of this allegation, they say that ships coming out of the capes of the Chesapeake run north at once and cross the Atlantic in the same latitudes that are followed by New York and Philadelphia ships. "Thus," says the World, "the reason for the discrimination utterly fails in practice, and as the discrimination gives the Southern ports a clear advantage of from \$1,500 to \$2,500 on every cargo of grain it works a great injustice." A concerted effort is being made by the commercial bodies in the cities unfavorably affected to secure a rescinding of the rule, and they believe that when all the facts are clearly presented the British Board of Trade will see the injustice and correct it. As pointed out in our issue of 26th March last, there are other reasons for the gradual diversion of grain shipments from New York to ports further south. The rate for the long haul has been as much as three to four cents per 100 lbs. against shipments from New York, and it is also well known that the port and elevating charges were higher in that city, to say nothing of the excessive cost of transferring from the elevators to the ship. The terminal charges in other ports mentioned are much less because the wharves and elevators belong to the railroads, and they have not been as slow as ourselves in eternally discussing some "plan No.----" or other while the business which naturally belongs to us has been gradually turned aside to enrich other harbours. Let us take a lesson from both sides and see whether the charges along the St. Lawrence route cannot be reduced so as to enable Montreal to take advantage of the new opportunities our neighbours are giving us by their "dog in-the-manger" policy.

AN EASTERN DIVIDEND SHEET.

We are favored with a dividend sheet of the estate of J. H. Starrak of Little Cascapedia, Quebec, who carried on a small general store and shingle mill at that point, and was rated to be in limited credit. Starrak, who succeeded to the business formerly carried on there by J. & T. Nadeau, paying them \$700 for the balance of their stock on hand somewhat over half cash, assigned in October last on the demand of T. McAvity & Sons of St. John, who were creditors for \$330. Prior to the purchase of the Nadeau stock he had been running a small lumber mill which he sold, and invested the proceeds in his business. This is another example of the results that follow from engaging in a business which one does not thoroughly understand. The total liabilities foot up \$8,765, on which a first and second dividends have been declared at the

⁻THE Council of the Montreal Board of Trade resumed its weekly sessions after the holidays on Wednesday last. The chief business of the meeting was a resolution to open up Belfast to suit the growing export trade of Canada in live stock, and the need for a union stock yard to be provided in Montreal.

rate of 17 cents in the dollar, the second being at the rate of 4 per cent. The total number of creditors is 92. Among them are McCall, Shehyn & Co., Quebec, \$260; Walter Blue & Co., Sherbrooke, \$589; Fogarty Bros. Montreal, \$177; Clayton & Sons, Halifax, \$330; T. Davidson & Co., Quebec, \$274 ; Drouin Frere & Co., Quebec, \$411 ; W. McLimont & Son, Quebec, \$772; E. N. Heney & Co., Montreal, \$102; Waterous Engine Co., Brantford, \$750; (secured by ongine and boiler); Emma Easter, New Richmond, \$585; J. A. & M. Cote, St. Hyacinthe, \$187; George Watt, Chatham, N. B., \$235 (secured on schooner) ; Amherst Boot & Shoe Co., Amherst, \$300; E. Leonard & Sons, St. John, N.B., \$112 (disallowed) : Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, \$100; James Carl, New Richmond, \$172, etc. We give thus much space to this matter to show the economic manner in which estates are wound up in the Baie Chaleur district, and subjoin the debit and credit statement of the curator, Mr. M. J. Kelly:

Dr.

	DR.	
1896.	M	
Oct. 14,	To G. F. Maguiro,	\$ 4 50
**	J. D. Balanger, Advocate	5 00
" 21,	Miss Kearney.	5 60
	Six Telegrams. G. F. Maguire, meeting of Creditors	1 48
" 31, " "	G. F. Maguire, meeting of Creditors	3 00
	Official Gazette	5 00
	Postage, notice to creditors registered	8 20
Nov. 2,	John Campbell, for freight	17 38
" 10,	Postage	4 30
" 18,	D LoDol susting at books	3 20
"""	L. P. LeBel, auctioneer	61 36
" 23,	G. Moir, Checking Stock	4 00 4 00
	Lindsay Moir, helping at stock Miss Kearney " "	2 50
" 28,	L'Electeur, for notice of sale	6 00
Dec. 4,	E. Cormier, as caretakor of schooner.	16 00
"7,	J. B. Belanger, advocate, "taxed by	10 00
•,	court,"	. 100 00
66 66	Paid Guardian	57 00
68 66	Paid Guardian Registered letters to Creditors	1 12
"8,	89 notices to Creditors, first dividend, at	. 1 1.4
-,	30 cents	26 70
16 16	30 cents James Robertson, New Richmond, for	
	board	8200
" 28,	J. B. Belanger, taxed by court	4509
1897	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Jan. 4,	Paid registered letters, first dividend	7 12
	" First dividend, 18 cts. on \$1	$947 \ 08$
June 23,	Three telegrams, Newfoundland	3 15
4 6	J. B. Belanger, advocate for legal advice	34 00
Aug. 23,	John Mickeljohn, as inspector	$25 0_0$
	J. Boyd McMann,	25 00
Sept. 23,	Final dividend, 4 cts. on the \$1	285 31
16 16	Postage & commission on final dividend	12 60
66 44	My salary as curator	187 60
	•	
		\$1,940 65
1896.	Cu.	
Nov. 12,	By cash, R. H. Montgomery for herr-	
····,	ing and coal	\$ 49 50
"18,	By cash, New Richmond Lumber Co	57 43
** 14,	By cash, Geo. McKenzie, for coal	10 50
" 18,	Proceeds of sale of cedar timber	250 00
66 66	Proceeds of sale of cedar timber " " Stock by Auctioneer	1,022 46
.1	" " Shingles, Pictou, N.S.	,
	J. B. Carson	$180 \ 85$
Dec. 15,	Proceeds of sale of Building, Isaac Starrak	35 00
. 4 4	" " Shingles, Boston,	
	Stetson & Cutler	$56 \ 36$
" 21,	Stetson & Cutler Proceeds of sale of Shingles, P. E.I., M.	
1005	Р. flogan	74 88
1897.		Fo #-
Jan, 21,	Do Do Do	59 75
July. 21,	Do Do Do Do Shingles Mild Mar Dain	59 75
Aug. 21,	Do Shingles, Nfld, Mrs. Fair.	134 07
	Port	#1 040 CF
	Total	\$1,940 65

-MESSES. E. B. Morgan & Sons, of Oshawa, grocers, have disposed of their business to Mr. McDowell of Orillia who will continue the business with good auspices—The Ontario Malleable Iron Co. of Oshawa have nearly completed their new shop. When it is finished it will be the largest and best equipped of the kind in Canada,—The farmers in Ontario county have finished harvesting, and the crops generally are reported the best for some years.

DEMANDS OF "HONEST LABOR."

The "Workmens Compensation Act" the radical measure of Hon. Jos. Chamberlain which becomes operative July 1898, is creating a full sized stir among the industrial community in the United Kingdom, and large employers of labor are quickly putting their houses in order to meet, what they term, the "provisions of an industrial revolution," One colliery proprietor estimates that the extra responsibility which the measure will place upon his concern, will mean another \$30,000 to be added to the annual working expenses. Yet in spite of this extraordinary zeal of the British Parliament to afford every possible help to labor, the Trades Union Congress which meets in Birmingham this month, has on its programme a resolution which, whilst admitting the advantages of the new measure "deeply regrets" its very limited application, and expresses the opinion "that no Bill or Act of Parliament will be satisfactory to the workers of Great Britain which does not provide compensation for all workers both on land and sea." In a recent discussion in Brussels at a Workmen's Conference it was suggested that compensation should be extended not alone to those injured by accident, but to sufferers from disease occasioned by being engaged in unhealthy occupations. This opens up a very wide position which industrial philanthropists will doubtless have to cope with in the future. The demands of "honest labor" are certainly becoming amazing.

THE LATE MR. I. E. BOWMAN.

Mr. Isaac E. Bowman, president of the Ontario Mutual Life Co., whose death occurred on Friday of last week, was one of the best-known gentlemen in Western Ontario. He was born in Waterloo County, in 1832. In 1860 he entered upon mercantile business and later became the principal partner in the large tanning firm of Bowman & Zinkan. Mr. Bowman was appointed president of the Ontario Mutual Life on its organization in 1870, and much of its success has been due to the care he exercised in connection with its affairs. He was a director also of several Waterloo fire insurance companies. Mr. Bowman was elected in 1864, when 32 years of age, as the Reform member for North Waterloo in the Legislative 'Assembly of Canada, and held the seat continuously up to 1878. In 1887 he was again elected and continued a member until 1896, when he declined to be nominated. He was regarded by his fellow members in the House of Commons, without distinction of party, as an industrious and reliable representative.

TRADE & COMMERCE RETURNS.

The quarterly report of the Department of Trade and Commerce (to the 30th June) is to hand. It will be difficult, if not impossible, to doduce anything of new value from these returns until the goods removed from bond immediately before the present tariff went into force are largely consumed. A few items which show a decrease may prove of interest. Bituminous coal shows a decrease in imports for June of \$126,000 as compared with June, 1896 ; musical instruments \$13,000; silk manufactures \$26,500; spirits \$8,000; tobacco and cigars \$14,000 ; woollen yarn \$4,200 ; leather \$2,200; coin and bullion a decrease of \$4,000. The total of dutiable goods shows a decrease for the month of \$172,000; free goods, on the other hand, show an increase of \$228,000.

--The government sale of the Shawenegan Falls power and limits to one Russell of this city, for \$50,000 involves an expenditure of a million dollars on the property by the purchaser within 2½ years.

OUR KLONDIKE MAP.

In the absence of any thorough surveys of the region known generally as the "Klondike" and of the routes leading thereto to which so many eyes are at present directed, every information however slight, will be deemed of some interest. In another portion of this number will be found a map of the route from Juneau to Porcupine River, which so far as details are concerned, will fairly vie with anything of the kind heretofore issued. The portion on the second page of the map is supposed to be a continuation to the south of that on the first page. There is a number of other routes, some of them from our own side of the Divide, which will no doubt form the subject of future engravings for our columns.

GROCERY NOTES.

The estimate of the probable increase in the world's visible supply of coffee for the month of August has been further increased to 900,000 bags.

London advices report damage to the growing crop of Zanzibar cloves.

According to advices just received from France the crop of prunes in that country will turn out a much smaller quantity of large sizes than was expected. The French markets are reported to be very firm, and holders are said to be indifferent sellers. The views of the latter are said to be considerably above what buyers are at present disposed to buy.

Since the Retention law came into operation in Greece a fortnight ago, the currant market has been very strong. Provincials have advanced from 13s to 15s od, c. and f. The crop is variously estimated at from 140,000 to 150,000 tons, and deducting the 15 per cent taken by the Government, leaves available for export to all consuming markets only from 119,000 to 132,000 which quantity is considered to be well within the consuming power of the various countries. The rise in prices in Patras came somewhat as a surprise to dealers on spot who had been looking for a slight decline, if anything, after the excitement due to the passing of the Retention bill had subsided. Available stocks of old crop on spot may be said to be practically bare.

For the six months ending June 30th the exports of tea from Japan to Canada totalled 1,324,289 lbs. against 1,555,128 to same date in 1896. The total shipments to all countries to June 30th were 14,783,541, against 9,029,723 lbs. last year.

The result of the restoration of the rice duty in the States, will be the doubling of acreage in Louisiana next year.

Shipments of new crop French prunes may be expected to commence at the end of the present month.

There is a difference of about 2 cents per pound between the California Valencias and the foreign in United States markets at the present time and a difference of 3½ cents per pound between the foreign Sultanas and the California product. This would appear to give the California raisin, the exclusive call there.

Latest advices from Japan regarding the probable size of the coming tea crop are that it will be about 36,000,000 pounds as compared with a normal supply of 46,000,000 to 48,000,000.

The Pure Food Departments of Ohio & Michigan have issued an embargo against Dutch granulated sugars containing "blueing." The whole affair is the merest quibble, inasmuch as a barrel of Dutch granulated does not contain enough blueing to kill a rat. It is used in order to improve its appearance, and the present trouble, is said to have arisen from a desire on the part of the American Sugar Trust to cripple the importation of Dutch sugars in these states. The Trust itself in order to placate the Pure Food Department sees to it that no "blueing" is used in sugars shipped to either Michigan or Ohio, however much "blue ing" enters into the manufacture of granulated destined to be marketed elsewhere.

A new variety of orange which is called a Valencia navel, has put in an appearance from California. It is a cross between a Valencia and a navel.

The first of the new crop of Florida oranges will be shipped about the first of November, and will be of good quality. Last year Montreal got only a few boxes, but this year more is expected. The crop is said to likely reach 225000 boxes (one twentieth of the normal output). Buyers are offering \$2 to \$2.25per box on the trees, and there is every appearance that the 100 per cent increase in this years crop will not affect prices from last year's showing.

In California dried fruits the situation remains about the same as previously noted. The Coast markets hold up well and firmly, and a slight further advance in both apricots, and peaches is noted: but the actual consumption at this end has hardly opened yet. Choice Chinese bleached peaches are held on the Coast at 5½ c f. o. b. in bags, choice American bleached at 7 a 7% c f. o. b. and extra choice at 7% c f. o. b.

Denia advices state that Valencia layer raisins have advanced owing to the crop turning out considerably below first estimates.

As regards nuts, Brazil is higher and advancing in secondary market. Reports regarding the new crop of Chili walnuts state that the crop will be very small and prices high. Malaga reports a sharp advance in both Jordan and Valancia shelled almonds, the former being now quoted at 25s per bag, cost and freight, and the latter at from 17s 6d at 18s 6d per box, cost and freight to New York. Majorca shelled almonds for October shipment are held abroad at about 136 frances per 100 kilos. cost and freight, in bags, and Sicily shelled at from 50s to 58s per cwt. cost and freight, for the same shipment.

-MR. WM. M. RAMSAY, manager for Canada of the Standard Life Assurance Company, who has been visiting the old land for some months, and seeing many dear friends therein also deserving the qualification, returned to this city early this week. Although still wearing his arm in a sling, Mr. Ramsay is rapidly recovering from the accident which befol him in Scotland.

-The government expenditure for the fiscal year (including 10½ months of the new regime) is well within the former finance minister's estimate of $41\frac{1}{2}$ millions, or a deficit of somewhat over half a million instead of 2 millions.

-Rumour is busy over some alleged differences as to methods among stockholders in a large local company. It is to be hoped that all concerned may eventually be satisfied. Men who conceived and accomplished so much are not likely to disagree very long.

THE THREAD WAR.

Considerable attention has been directed of late to the thread association formed a few years ago in the United Kingdom, and generally known as the Coats-Clark-Chadwick-Brooks "com. bine." Light, second only in intensity to the Roentgen Rays was sent through the body of the phalanx, largely owing to new rivals with headquarters in Belgium, already referred to at some length in our columns. These manufacturers were accordingly stirred to the depths of their very souls-if such can be credited with spiritual parts-by the enormous profits resulting from the labours of the old British association during the few years of its existence. Reputable London contemporaries are discussing the matter. In a recent issue we read that " the struggle in the thread trade is becoming more interesting every day. It is well known that a powerful "combine" is being formed to compete with the Coats-Clark-Chadwick-Brook 'combine.' Hitherto it had been understood that Messrs. Dewhurst & Sons, of Skipton and Manchester, and Messrs. Ashworth & Sons, of Bolton and Manchester, were to be included in the new group. It now appears that these important firms have withdrawn and, according to an evoning contemporary, are likely to join the enemy. It will no doubt act as some sort of compensation to these people that the historic firm of Arkwright-founded by the famous Sir Joseph-has given its consent. These huge combinations are not looked upon with unmixed delight by consumers, and it is hinted that there was a distinct falling-off in the quality of their cotton when the Coats family assumed the aspect of financiers rather than spinners. But now that there is likely to be a little healthy competition, the quality of the goods may once more improve. Not so the spirits of those who purchased Coats shares at their most swollen stage."

BUSINESS VICISSITUDES.

The llabilities of W. T. Costigan & Co. whose financial difficulties, and that of the Sclater Asbesto Co., of which he is the only registered partner, has previously been noted. amount to about \$108,000. The list of creditors includes the Bank of Montreal \$20,000; Molsons Bank \$8,000; Merchants Bank of Canada \$10,-000; J. Costigan & Co., \$18,000; James Shearer, \$17,000; Mrs. C. Costigan, \$7,188; J. C. Murray, \$3,086; J. W. Wurtele & Co., Ottawa, \$3,198; Hunt & Co., Japan, \$3,370; Hanson Bros., \$1,570; R. Gardner & Son \$1,244; J. R. McLea, \$600; J. S. Costigan, \$604, Edmund Mfg. Co., N. Y., \$1,498; Jones Mfg., Co., N. Y., \$400; Cyclone Febrozing Co., \$500; G. Maybury, \$267; Non-Magnetic Asbestos Co., \$721; D. A. McCaskill, \$1633; Greenshields & Greenshields, \$600; T. Hearn & Son, \$446; Chas. Smith, \$1,158; John Killoran, \$360; Glasgow & Mtl., Asbestos Co., \$720; W. H. Thorne & Co., St. John, N. B., \$250; Truro Condensed Milk & Canning Co., Truro, \$629; Mattinson Co., Amber, Penn.; \$629; Mr. Teesley Ľ Costigan has reserved the right to make a further assignment, inasmuch as at the moment the books of the Sclater concern are not posted to date, owing to fires having at various intervals upset the business, and it will probably take several weeks before an accurate statement of the assets and liabilities is reached.

The Montreal real estate firm of Gohier & Cousineau assigned, after we went to press last week, on domand of Gaspard Deserre. Mr. L. Cousineau one of the partners has been in indifferent health for some time, and has been unable to attend to business latterly, with the result of the present trouble. Mr. E. Gohier, who was the Conservative candidate in Jacques Cartier at the last provincial elections, hopes to be able to effect settlement, and continue alone.

Mr. Thomas Hood, lessee of the Royal Hotel, Hamilton, has made an assignment to Mr. C. S. Scott. It is said that about \$3,000 is owing for rent.

Mrs. Elizabeth Graham, milliner, Ottawa, has assigned to James P. Langley. The estate is a small one, the liabilities being in the neighborhood of \$2,000.

The following other consignments have occurred in Quebec :---A. Silver, clothing, Lachine-Moise Menard, general store, St. Justin de Newton-James Muckle, general store Little Metis-Jules Huot, dry goods, Montreal-J. V. Plamondon & Co., mfr. shoes, Quebec-Jules Parent, general store, Beauport-Antoine Desjardines, hats, Montreal-Corbeil & Leveille, lumber, Montreal are offering to compromise-N. Faulkner & Co., hats, Montreal held a meeting of their creditors yesterday-A demand of assignment has been made upon T. E. Howard, brass goods, Montreal-R. Nedon, shoes, Montreal has called meeting of creditors-John Costigan & Co., coal &c., Montreal have compromised at 65 cents in the dollar-Frs. Tremblay, general store, Les Eboulements has compromised at 40 cents in the dollar-a demand of assignment has been made upon II. B. Muir & Co., woollens Montreal-W. A. Richardson & Co., hotel, Sherbrooke, has suspended payment-Alf. Duchene & Co., general store, Roberval has made judicial abandonment.

For the week Ontario shows also the following troubles:— E. N. Hurtubise, generel store, Casselman—J. E. Alford, grocer, Niagara Falls—Rogers & Hubbell and Rogers & Son Ottawa— Miss M. Patterson, millinery, Stratford—S. McAdam, Lumber, South River—Geo. Gregory Sr., Saw mill, Midland—Kerney & McCracken, grocer, Berlin held meeting of creditors on 3rd inst., and now stock is to be sold on 15th—E. D. Gough, clothing Toronto is financially embarrassed—stock ot groceries of Cumming & Co., Hamilton, was sold at mortgage sale on Tuesday hst—R. H. Green & Co., wholesale shoes held meeting of creditors yesterday. The business is to be continued under the style of Green & Wade—J. E. Carson, Grocer, Toronto, is offering compromise—W. T. Gibbons. grocer, Toronto has assigned.

W. E. Sittlington & Co, drygoods, Sarnia, called a meeting of their creditors for Monday last. Dingman & Co., of Toronto, sued a note for \$195 and obtained judgment a short time ago, and other paper was about to be sued when the meeting was called. W. E. Sittlington the head of the firm is a young man, formerly a clerk with little or no capital. The partnership is a special one, the liability of the other member of the firm being limited to his investment. Messrs. Thibaudeau & Co. of Montreal are said to be the heaviest creditors.

G. Bresse & Co. Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, Quebec, we regret to say, find themselves in financial difficulties owing some \$30,000, principally locally. Mr. Bresse has been in the leather business in Quebec for some years.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

QUEBEC-Canadian Asbestos & Asbestic Co., Montreal, about applying for charter; Gaboeuf & Turgeon, men's furnishings, Montreal, commencing business; G. W. Hamilton & Son, brokers, Montreal, dissolved and Arthur Hamilton registers as sole, rartner; George Percival & Co., wholesale liquors, Montreal, George Percival registers as only partnor; A. T. State & Co., plumbers, Montreal, Maud M. Wood registers as only partner; Smith, Mullin & Co., general store, Waterloo, new co-partnership; Chalout & Co., general store, Waterloo, new co-partnership; Chalout & Co., general, assets sold; Mde. Vallee & Co., milliners, Quebec, new co-partnership registered; C. W. Lindsay, pianos, &c., Montreal, assets sold; Mde. Vallee & Co., milliners, Quebec, new co-partnership registered; C. W. Lindsay, pianos, &c., Montreal, syle changed to Lindsay, Nordheimer Co.; I. Rosand & Co., tailors, Montreal, commencing business; P. Boissonnault & Son, mfrs. shoes, Quebec, commencing business; Bergeron & Frechette, mfrs. cheese & butter, St. Nicolas, dissolution registered; P. A. Somerville, general store, Georgeville, has sold out: Thos. Vaughan, general store, Lake Megantio, new co-partnership; Eusebe Tardif & fils, merchants, Levis, new co-partnership; Eusebe Tardif & fils, merchants, Levis, new co-partnership registered ; Bastien & Freres, real estate agents, &c., Montreal, dissolved; Phoenix Photo Engraving Bureau & Sterling Publishing Co., E. G. O'Connor sole owner ; Jos. Dynes, dry goods, &c., Quebec, dead; Renfrew & Co., furs. &c., Quebec and Toronto, G. R. Renfrew dead.

CNTARIO-A. Dumond, baker, Caledon East, advertises business for sale; Knox Bros., plumbers, Ottawa, commencing business; Alex. Blakly, hotel, Port Credit, dead; J. Martin, hotel, Lakeside, sold out to G. Woolway; Logan & Co., bankers, Seaforth, business to be closed out; R. H. Greene & Co., wholesale shoes, Toronto, succeeded by Greene & Wade; Miss C. Martin, fancy goods, Belleville, succeeded by J. W. Lowdon; Alex. Matchett, hotel and jeweler, Creemore, advertises hotel business for sale; J. T. Acheson, dry goods, Goderich, moved to Morden, Man.; Miss A. Duncan, fancy goods, Hespeler, succeeded by Miss Bond; D. Guenther, furniture and undertaker, Hespeler, sold out furniture business; M. M. Tucker, physician and grist mill, Orno, stapleton, shoes, Brantford, dead; W. C. Coulter, tailor, Chatsworth, adding groceries; A. C. Willett, grocer, Hepworth, sold out to E. W. Geddes & Co.; A. McMahon, shoes, Kingston, commencing business; Mrs. George Heneger, general store and butcher, Mildmay, going out of general store busines; W. H. Maybee, grocer and butcher, Port Rowan, succeeded by Hutchison Bros.; K. Furniture Co., Rat Portage, Geo. Barnes reported sold out to Horne & Taylor; J. D. Ivey Co., Ltd., wholesale millinery, Toronto, opening a branch in Montreal; Frank McLean has leased the North American Hotel, Woodstock to Peter Mitchell at \$1,200 a year. Mr. Mitchell comes from Beachville, and has paid \$2,000 for the stock and furnishings at the North American. Mr. McLean has leased the Duke of York Hotel in London.

MANITOBA-G. Perret, jeweler, Minnedosa, commenced business; G. Bedard, confectioner, Selkirk, started; Higham & Bass, hotel, Stonewall, opening; London & Liverpool clothing Co., McLeod, started; W.Montgomery, hardware, Stonewall, opening; J. C. Sproule, grocer, Winnipeg, discontinued this business.

BRITISH COLUMBIA-E. Parris & Co., feed &c., Slocan City, E. Parris dead; L. J. D. Berg, hotel and cigars, Trail, advertises cigar business for sale; L. C. York & Co., general store, Wharnock, E. Parris dead; C. F. Gailion, harness, &c., Rossland, contemplates giving up business; D. G. Ripley, grist mill, Westport, advertises business for sale.

LEGAL RECORD, &c.

Week ended Sept. 1st to Sept. 8th, 1897.

The following is a record of transactions and cases in our Canadian courts of law, comprising Writs Issued and Judgments Rendered for sums of \$300 and upwards, (Montreal, from \$175, and upwards), and Chattel Mortgages and Bills of Sale for sumof \$550 and upwards, as taken from the public records It will be understood that the actions or items do not necessarily affect the credit and soundness of the persons or concerns named, as they may have been paid or otherwise settled, and that good defences may exist in cases of writs, &o :

WRITS ISSUED PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

- Sept. 2.
- Sept. 3.
- Sept. 7.

\$823. Turcot—C. Racicot vs Dame Alex. Ayer..... London, Eng.—C. D. Maze vs D. Oppenheimer..... 500 5,000 Sept. 8.

WRITS ISSUED, ONT.

Sept. 2.

\$605. Corunna—F. & T. E. Laird vs Saml. Nelson 512 Guelph—London & Can. A. Co. vs Wm. Hart...... 1,003 Hamilton—W.J. Micks vs Armstrong & Chapman (Dmgs.), \$500.

Ottawa-J. I. Lefebvre et al vs L'Union St. Joseph 1,000

Sept. 3.

\$1,889.

to-Incandescent Light Co. vs Athenaeum Club Ltd., \$537; C. Bailey vs A. J. King (Dmgs.), \$10,000. Toronto-

Sept. 7.

Belmont-B. Wannamaker vs Jno. Wright et al	789
Brussels-W. M. Sinclair vs Daniel Ewan (dmgs.)	1,000
Burford Tp-L. Daniel vs Wm, Daniel	648
Burford-J. G. Haumer vs Thos. & Esther Huisley	1,140
Guelph-Macpherson, Glassco & Co. vs Ada Mercer	1,144
Hamilton-C. Atkins vs Martin J. Griffin	2,000
Harvey-J. J. Lundy vs P. I. Galvin et al	1,200
Hensall-H. W. Petrie vs Wm. Campbell	520
Huron Tp-Margt. Murray vs Jno. McIvor. Sr., exr	500
London-W. Cochrane et al vs Wm. & Sarah J. Haw	thorn,
\$1,040.	
Luther E. Tu-F. Snider vs. Geo. Glendinneng	1.067

Oneida-Margt. McCloy vs Thos. & Robt, McCloy...... Ottawa-Andrews, Bell & Co. vs McRae & Co. et al.... 361 1,650 411 Percy-J. A. Howard Admr. vs Michael & Danl. Cleary.

- Raleigh Tp-Mary Carroll vs J. J. & R. D. Payne...... 340 Strathroy-C. H. Gerbig vs Thos. Cole & Knox, Morgan & Co.
- Strathroy-C. H. Gerbig vs Thos. Colo & Enoy, Access and (dmgs.), \$20,000
 Toronto-City & County Loan Association vs Sarah A. & W. A. Brown, \$423; J. E. O'Reilly vs J. H. Farmer, \$586; D. D. E Cooper vs Mary C. Lester et al, \$343; E. Rogers vs Donald McArthur & J. W. McDougall, \$5,697.
 Toronto Junction-J. Montgomery vs Harriet Burford... 1,009
 Tullamore Sawyer & Massey Co. vs Robt. Shaw...... 306

Tullamore-Sawyer & Massey Co. vs Robt. Shaw...... 306

- Sept. S.
- \$632.
- \$440.

Sept. 2.

Arden—Adams Bros. vs Jno. McClung....... \$ 400 Carnduff—S. Hamilton vs J. P. Carnduff...... 1,195 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Sept. 2.

Montreal-Dame Ann E. Gray et al agt Dame Francis King et al, \$343.

Sept. 3.

Montreal-F. Lamber agt Alex. Durocher 176 Sept. 7.

Sept. 8.

Oxford-Banque Nationale agt Felix Olivier 338 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, ONTARIO.

Sept. 2.

- Sept. 2. Bracebridge Bain & Colville agt Augustine & John Russell, \$433.
- Rat Portage-C. Millar & Co. agt T. H. Gilmour..... 825 Sept. 3.

Toronto-Standard Fuel Co. agt Jno. Sheppard 309 Sept. 7.

\$600.

- Sept. 8.
- Clarence Tp-Lonsdale, Reid & Co. agt D. B. McDonnell Hamilton-F. R. Davidson agt Almeda & Jas. Ryerson.. Nissouri E-J. Munro agt Thos. Robinson...... Toronto-A. S. Compain agt W. H. Wallbridge...... 891 643 617 369 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, N.S.
 - Sept. 3.

Bridgeville-D. R. Grant, general store, for \$1,502; J. W. Grant, for \$799.

Torbrook-M. A. Spurr, general store, for 475 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, B.C.

Sept. 3.

- Chilliwack—Adam & Vedder, for..... \$1,124 CHATTEL MORTGAGES, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO. Sept. 2.
- Bruce Tp—Kate McKenzie to Freehold Loan & Sav. Co. \$2,770 Pickering Tp—Miss Siverennea Sadler to J. Barry..... 2,400 2,400 Sept. 3. 'Trenton -- Adelbert Assletine to J. Stewart 909

SEPTEMBER.						
SUN	MON	TUE	WED.	THU	FRI	SAT
		·:-	1	2	3	4
5	6		8			
12	13	14	$\overline{15}$	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

Woodstock-Mrs. Eleanor Gurnett to L. A. Gurnett, \$1,995 Peter Mitchell to Mary Ran et al, \$1,000.

Sept. 7.

\$39,710 Wellesley—F. Bordoux toRandall & Roos 1,060 Sept. S.

Ottawa-Crochetiere & Labelle to C. B Major	790
Shelburne-J. H. Dennis to W. Jelly	1,011
Sturgeon Falls-11. Legault to E. Legault	
Sudbury-J. S. Miller to Canada Perm. L. & Co	
Toronto-Lilla & G. H. Stinson to Union Loan & S. S.Co.	1.284
York Tp-Albt. Farr to A. J. Gordon	900
East Towas, Mich-The Holland Emery L.Co. to Bank	of To-
ronto, \$370.539	••
tunto, gorogoo.	

Tinancial.

Thursday Ev'g, Sept. 9th, 1897.

That the stock market has been in full control of the "bull" element during the week, needs only reference to the comparative table published in our last and this issue. In almost the whole list the appreciation is most marked, and for the isolated instances where securities only show slight variation, this is accounted for by the fact that the optimists could not do any better in these instances, simply because they had not the chance to manipulate, in the absence of stock upon offer through brokers. The large earnings of Montreal Street Ry. served as the best kind of a lever to elevate the remainder, and even Richelieu & Ontario, which has been neglected more or less, boomed up in quotations until it reached 100% as highest, and became the leading feature at Wednesday's morning session; upwards of a thousand shares being dealt in. Montroal Street Ry, during the week under review has gained 4 points, and is strong at the moment at 22434. Toronto Railway has sold to 2248 shares against 1205 last week, and is fully 2 points higher than when last writing. Gas is another stock showing a strong tendency, and has been bought up at every opportunity. Dominion Coal is slightly lower for the week, Boston holders evidently selling some of their holdings, but the stock has since reacted in sympathy with the general trend of other stocks and is now steadier. Canadian Pacific, from being fractionally easier early in the week, opened higher to-day in London, which

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being followed by New York, restored confidence here, and 350 shares changed hands at 73 xd. In banks there is firmness to note, with little or none of the favorites on the street. The trading since our last has been confined to Hochelaga and Merchants. Money is plentiful and call loans easy at $3\frac{1}{2}$, with mercantile discounts 6 to 8 per cent. New York funds are 1.16. Between banks sterling sixties are $8\frac{3}{2}$ to 8 13-16, demand $9\frac{1}{2}$ to 9 5-16. Brazilian Exchange for week ending September 8th is as follows —

Sept.	2 (Private)8d.	
ů	3 "8d.	
**	4 "	
44 [•]	6 (Holiday) 7 " 8 7-16d	
"	7 "	
"	S (Holiday)	

Below is the usual comparative record of sales for the week supplied by Messrs. Chas. Moredith & Co.

				- 14
BANKS,	sharee.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average Last Year
Hochelaga Merchants	78 28	140¼ 180	140¼ 180	124 168
MISCELLANEOUS,				
Comm. Cable		184	1834	1421/2
Can. Pacific Gas	871	194%	1981	59 183xd
Mon. St. Ry 2 " New stock . 1	180	215	210%	
Toronto Ry2 Rich, & Ontario1	846	10014	921%	851/2
Telegraph Duluth Pref	8 50		180 - 8 -	$162 \\ -7$
Duluth Com Royal Electric			4½ 137%	4 110xd
Mont. Cot. Co Dom. Cotton Co	25	135 ~	- 185 -	116xd
Colored Cotton Co.	25	40	40	- 41

PEOPLE'S Heat and Light Company,

5°, First Mortgage Gold Bonds.

These Bonds offer an opportunity for a safe investment, and one making a good return.

HANSON BROS.

Canada Life Building, MONTREAL.

CHATTEL MORTGAGES, MAN. & N. W T. Sept. 2.

Carman-David Pritchard to Union Bank...... \$1,405 CHATTEL MORTGAGES, B.C.

Sept. 2.

Rossland-Edmund Hickling, for \$768; Sarah Prest, for \$3,250. Vancouver-J. C. Keith for \$4,131; Minnie Robinson tailor, for \$550.

BILLS OF SALE, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Sept. 8. Toronto E—Frank Boston to W. H. Snell...... 1,500 Trenton—Gilmor & Co. to McArthur Brothers Co...... 130,034 BILLS OF SALE, B.C.

Sept. 3.

Vancouver-Otto Marstrand, brewer, for \$1,045

Halifax Tm. Co., 80	114 114
Cornwall Ry 5	50 50
N. W. Land Pfd., 215	57 56
Dom. Coal Pfd 1115	110 107
" com 250	211/ 201/
Cable c'p'n bds. \$1000	106 106

MONTREAL CLEARING HOUSE.

Total for Week End-

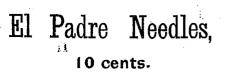
ing Sept., 9, 1897	. Clearings.	Balances
	\$11,966,156	\$1,626,172
Corresponding		
Wook of 1908	9 819 971	1 949 660

٧Y	eek	01	1000	0,010,011	1,212,000
	"	"	1895	11,618,080	1,852,945
	"	**	1894	12,095,508	1,986,034

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Thursday Ev'g., Sept. 9, 1897.

"Improvement" a word which has been hinted, and on some occasions whispered in this column, when evidences of late almost went to prove that the good times had nearly come, but not quite, may fairly be recognized to day as an audible sound, and buoyancy marks every line of business. This is not the ephemeral result of the recent millinery openings or yet of the buyers excursions, for both of these fixtures, however much they may have assisted certain lines, failed to come up to expectations all round. But rather the inception of the ordinary fall business considerably amplified. It would be invidious to specify particular interests as having the call in point of brightened trade, when so many claim the same feature, if not perhaps the same volume, but this last is a matter which will be regulated when the season and the necessity to buy perticular commodities harmonize. That the country



Varsity,

5 cents.

The Best⊬

→CIGARS ~

that money, skill, and nearly half a century's experience can produce.

Made and Guaranteed by

S. DAVIS & SONS

is disposed to spend money is growing more patent every day, and there looks some chance at last for wholesale houses to stand the cost of paying travellers expenses over many a section of the country which has for long time eaten up, not only the profits but the cost of the goods as well. Collections are reported better, and for renewals a larger proportion is be ing wiped off than obtained in August. There is also keener interest being shown (according to travellers)in short credits and best discounts for cash.

ASITES—The market is a trifle stronger. The weekly stock statement shows 54 pots and 30 pearls in store on September 8. Some demaind has been experienceed latterly from the U. S. We quote 1st. quality pots, \$3 to \$3.15, 2nds. \$2.80 to \$2.85, pearls about \$4.30. Montreal potash is quoted in store in Liverpool at .C19 per ton.

BUTTER AND CHEESE—The market for butter is steady and unchanged from a week ago. Shippers indeed in most in stances find it difficult to pick up what they want at 19½c the quality selling at this figure being not exactly up to English re quests, and there is hence indication that values before long will get back again to 19¼ & 20c. for finest creamery. In cheese the last seven days furnishes little new, factorymen are still firm at 9½, and on spot buyers are obliged to pay full limits, viz, for Oritario 9¼, Quebec 9¾, Townships 9¾ to 9½c. Cable is unchanged at 45s.

CHEMICALS—There is little doing in a distributive way, but importers are engaged steadily in stocking, up in anticipation of brisker business setting in later in the fall. Prices upon the whole hold steady. A Manchester Eng. report states there are signs of improvement in shipping but demand is slow, otherwise. Caustic soda is slightly higher, ammonia, alkali firm, and makers of caustic soda ash holding out for an advance, Sulphate of copper active and higher for early Spring shipment. Brown acctate of lime is now held in England at higher figures, freights, from America having advanced, acetate of soda is in too plentiful supply. The present extremely low price of borax has stimulated active. enquiry, yellow prussiate of soda is scarce Carbonate and caustic potash is selling at reduced figures. Tartaric acid continues firm at the advance. In the tar products branch we may note that benzoles are latterly a little firmer on the other side, crude carbolic weak with consumers holding off sulphate of ammonia slightly higher.

COAL-The fall demand which set in later than usual this season, is now in full swing, and prices are firm. The delay this year is to be attributed largely to the scarcity of money among householders, and to the fact, also, that coal men are stiffer nowdays in the matter of credits. We quote stove and chestnut at \$5.75, and there is talk that the combination is only restrained from advancing their ideas, because of Western dealers selling lower.

DRUGS—The demand for usual winter supplies is reported to be very slow for so late in the year. Quinine according to advices from U. S. and German manufacturers is rather firmer. Cream of tartar is strengthening in primary markets for the refined product, in the face of poor wine crop, and already makers abroad have raised the price twice in as many weeks. Castor oll continues firm, and is quoted f.o.b, Marseilles at £30.10s. per ton, whilst pharmaceutical whitest pure is £1.10s. more. Norwegian cod liver oil is scarce and higher.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—During the week the export movement of flour has been active at the full advance. Locally there is report of some cutting going on, and if the attitude of some leaders in the trade who propose to enter energetically into the fun, goes for anything, it is not unlikely the market is in for a brief innings of slaughtering before many days. Business in oatmeal has sagged off again to slim proportions after the seasonable flurry of last week, for which the present rather perspiring weather we are having at the moment is responsible, values, howev.r, show no change, at \$3.30 for rolled in barrels and \$1.60 per bag.

FEED—Bran is quiet, and prices have been marked down within the last few days to \$11 for Manitoba, bags included. Ontario white wheat bran is being freely offered in bulk at \$0.75 to \$10.00, shorts are held at the usual advance. The market for baled hay is firm at \$11.50 to \$12.50 for No. 1, and \$0.50 to \$10.00 for No. 2, in car lots on track.

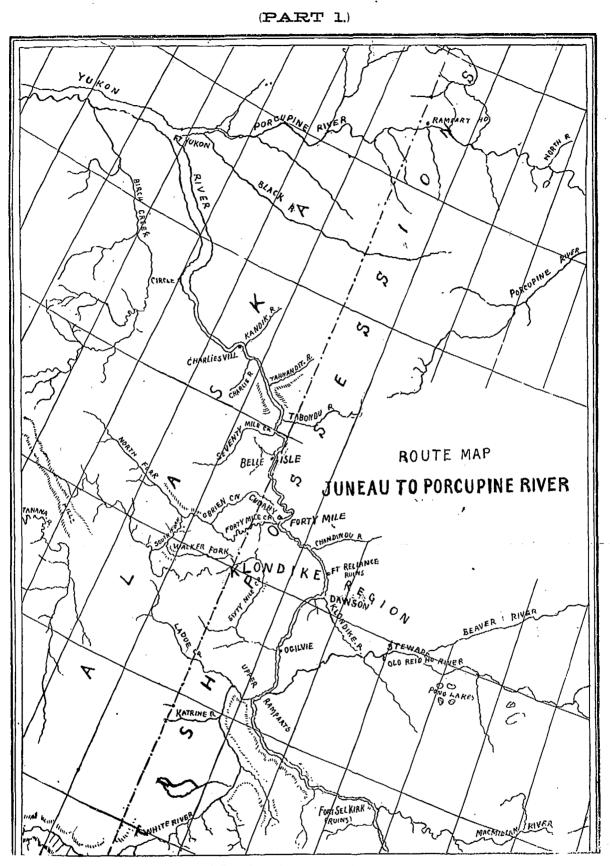
GROCERIES-After some days of comparative dullness since last writing, refiners report an active market again for sugars all over the country, owing to the large quantity of Canadian fruit, principally plums, which are coming upon the market for preserving, and it is expected the demand will continue brisk for some little time to come. Both beet and cane raw sugars are extremely strong, the former having altogether advanced 1s per cwt. from the lowest point touched a few months ago. Stocks of cane all over the world are very small. In New York, granulated advanced on Wednesday 1-16, granulated advanced on Wednesday 1-10, and another 1-16 to-day, making $\frac{1}{26}$, whilst some other special grades have advanced 3-16c in the same time. Locally quotations for standard granulated are for jobbing quantities 4 1-16, but for round lots this might still be shaded to 4c. Imitation German granulated is unchanged at $\frac{3}{24}$. Yellows are solling at 3 5-17 to 3 13-16, and are firmer at these fleures, and it is only are firmer at these figures, and it is only

likely that where a large purchase is concerned, that fractional reduction would be made. The tea market this week has been more excited in regard to Japans, and cables from Yokohama are unanimous in declaring the position a very strong one, values have advanced all round 3c, sincethe slight recovery noted a fortnight after the U. S. exclusion bill was put in force, with the effect of demoralizing values, and from the lowest point touched this year is perhaps 4½c better. Teas under 15c it is said are hard to obtain. The total shipments to Canada up to 18th August last were 2,887,124 lbs. against 3,162,906 last year "so that it is clear someone will have to pay the piper" in the face of this decrease, and the higher mark t in Japan for supplies on hand, which are said to be unusually light. There is a continuation of activity in molasses, due to the enhanced values of dairy products, and prices have improved fully ic in the last ten days for Porto Rico. The dried fruit market maintains an even stronger position than ever. California prunes have advanced to 3% f. o. b. Coast for the four sizes 60s to 90s new crops, Grenable walnuts are offering for shipment via. Havre at 69 to 70 frances per 100 kilos, and from Genoa, at 66 francs. Jordon and Valencia almonds are still very strong abroad. There is no change to note in the position of valencia or sultanas: 'For currants, the Greek market at the close appears to be somewhat more settled than information conveyed under our heading "grocery notes" elsewhere, and offers 'to sell are now being made at 143 9d to 15s 3d c. and f. barrels, whereas formerly these prices were only quotations without offer.

LEATHER AND HIDES—Boot and shoe cutters have made some large contracts since last writing at full prices, chief of which is the largest contract ever put through in Canada, amounting to 25,000 sides for a local manufacturer. Tanners hides still keep scarce and high at 9 to $9\frac{1}{2}$ c, and they are compelled to ask higher prices for black leather in consequence. The export demand for all kinds of Hemlock sole to the Old Country is fairly large, and altogether the leather business has risen to a rosier pitch within the week than has characterised it for some time past. We note an advance of 1c in the following, viz: B. A. sole Nos. 1, 2, and 8, Spanish sole Nos. 2 and 3, and slaughter sole, light, medium and heavy, the amended quotations of which will be found in prices current. In the green hide market, both receipts and quality are improving Lambskins advanced on Monday last another 5c, and are now held firmly at 50c.

LIVE STOCK—The local market is not over well supplied with good cattle, and choice stock is still harder to find. This is owing to Americans buying at Western points, and thus cutting off the source of supply. The supply of common is however fairly large, and prices show a decline of 4c per lb. Choice butchers cattle sell at 4c, good at $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ c per lb. The receipts of sheep are large, and under a good demand, steady prices are obtained at 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ c per lb. Lambs plentiful and easy at 3 to 4c, per lb. live weight. The supply of calves is small, prices ranging from $\frac{35}{2}$ to $\frac{57}{4}$ as to size and quality. The total shipments to the United Kingdom to date are 78,249 cattle 32,191 sheep 292 horses. Ocean freights are firmer. Space to Liverpool being quoted at 42s. 6d to 45s. and in some instances 50s is obtained. It is stated that all the space has been booked to January 1st next on the three leading steamship lines sailing from Boston at 35s for September and 30s for October, November and December.

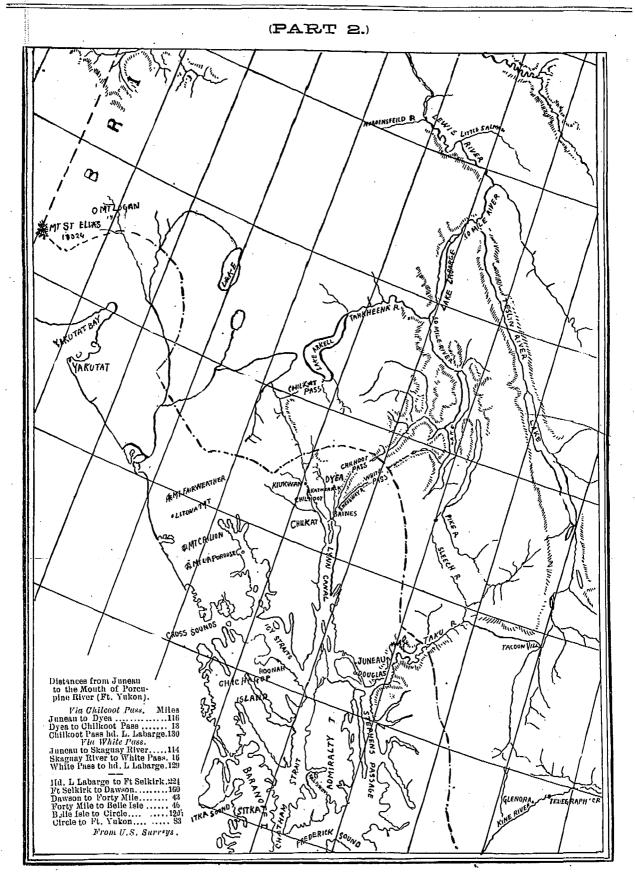
METALS AND HARDWARE- The metal



(Continued on opposite page.)

market is firming up daily under strong reports from England, and the better state of trade generally both here and across the line. Stoel plates, bars, sheets etc, are all tirmer, and prompt delivery is somewhat difficult to obtain. Pig lead is firmly held at 33/ to 4c, and the market is almost bare of stocks. Copper and tin tend lower. Iron pipe continues firm at the advance noted last week. For galvanized iron there is an active request, considerably more than

usual consumption having set in latterly owing to the favorable weather for outside work. Lead pipes owing to an advance in raw has been advanced, and is to day worth 7c, 80 per cent off, for water pipe, and $7/_2$ c, 30 per cent off for composition and waste pipe. The metal situation in Great Britain according to a Manchester Eng. report of Aug. 28th show that affairs moved fairly well in the Pig Iron markets during August. During the first fortnight prices advanced strongly, and although some of this advance has been lost, the present values are still at Glasgow 3d. per ton and at Middlesbrough 1s. per ton above those current at the beginning of the month. The stocks in public stores have been decreasing, and shipments from Middlesbrough are good, the total shipments from that port during this year, up to the middle of this month, being some 102,000 tons heavier than during the corresponding period of 1896. At present there is not actually a large business pass-



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ing in Pig Iron, but prices are well maintained, and are expected to improve further ere long. Copper and Tin, after advancing in the early part of the month, have given way again, and are at present easing slowly. Spelter has been ruling steady, and Lead has advanced strongly and is very firm.

PAINTS AND OILS—A better demand is noted in these lines this week. Turpentine continues strong at former quotations. Linseed oil is a shade easier, but without alteration for retail quantities. In the U. S. market the competition between crushers keeps prices low and rather weak, and whilst this is a feature which has no direct bearing upon values here, it serves to some extent to make holders modify their views somewhat. Fall importations of glass are now arriving. The situation continues strong locally and with the recent seven per cent. advance scored by $\sim U.S.$ glass makers, manufacturers in Belgium reflect

in turn firmer views than a week ago, but no advance has yet been cabled, although a rise would not come unexpectedly at any moment. There is very little demand passing for paris green. For leads the movement is fairly active. We quote dry white at $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ c, No. 1 red at $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4^{4} c, putty \$1.75 to \$1 80 in bladders, whiting 40 to 45.

PRODUCE-Small lots of 1st. grade eggs are in good demand from the grocery trade



G. R. KEARLEY, RESIDENT MANAGER.

at 121/2 to 13c, shipping account is slow, sidering the anticipations of operations and business impossible for quantities at over 12c. The domand for beans is improving, and values are inclined upward at 70 to 80c for prime and 90c to \$1 for hand

ably a cont per pound higher, and there is an active demand passing on local account, the influx of urban residents from the

see minux of droan residents from the seaside and country having since last writing very perceptibly appreciated con-sumption. For pork there is a steady Gulf business doing, and a fair movement as well to fill humbering wants in Ontario, which holders regard as satisfactory con-

PROVISIONS- Smoked meats are quot-

picked.

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in the woods during the coming winter were expected to be limited. In Chicago provisions are weaker on account of the yellow fever scare in the south. Pork is unchanged in Liverpool at 50s.

TORONTO WHOLESALE TRADE.

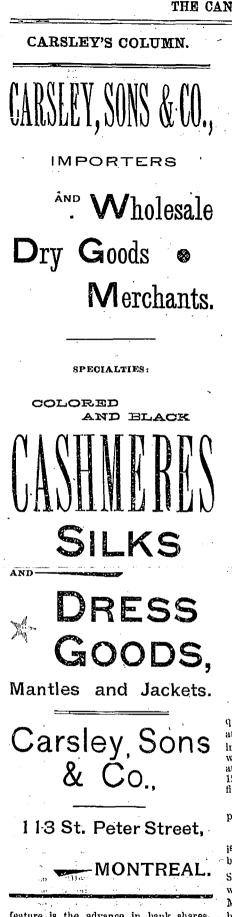
(Revised by Telegraph).

TORONTO, Sept. 9, 1897.

Wholesale dealers report a large store trade. The city is full of visitors, many

being retail dealers from the country, who are leaving many orders for dry goods, hardware, groceries, drugs, leather, etc. The millinery houses did a large trade, and the activity is generally up to predictions. The business outlook continues very encouraging. Higher prices for grain act as a stimulus, and the feeling existing among merchants is the best for some years. Money is easy. Prime commorcial paper is discounted at 6 per cent, and call loans on stocks are unchanged at 31/2 to 4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, Speculation fairly active, The

A. I, HUBBARD, Manager for Canada



feature is the advance in bank shares. Latest Sales: Dominion 254½, Commerce 139¼, Standard 173, Hamilton 172, Ontario 100, Imperial 196, C. P. R. 73¼, Toronto Railway 84, Cable 183¼, Northwest Land pr. 57, Toronto Electric 136¾, British America Assurance 126, Western Assurance 170, Freehold Loan 117, Union Loan 100, L. & C. 101,

BUTTER, &c. - Business quiet, with choice grades firm. The best dairy tub is



quoted at $12\frac{1}{2}$ to 14c, and pound rolls at 14 to 16c. Large choice rolls 15c and inferior lots 8 to 10c. Creamery is firm, with tub quoted at 17 to $17\frac{1}{2}$ c and rolls at 18 to 19c. Eggs firm, with fresh lots $12\frac{1}{2}$ to 13c per doz. in case lots. Cheese firmer at $9\frac{1}{2}$ to 10c in a jobbing way.

DRESSED HOGS-Offerings are small and prices are nominal at \$7.25 to \$7.50.

FLOUR AND GRAIN—The flour market is firmer than a week ago, with demand better in sympa hy with wheat. Straight rollers are quoted at \$4.40 to \$4.50 west. Ontario patents \$4.60 to \$4.75. Manitoba patents \$5.75 to \$6.00, and strong bakers \$5.50 to \$5.60. Bran \$7.50 to \$7.75 west. Wheat is higher; new red winter quoted at \$4 to 85c west, and new white at 86 to 87c. No. 1 Manitoba hard sold at \$1.03 Fort William and at \$1.07 Goderich. No. 2 hard \$1.04 to \$1.05 Goderich or Owen Sound. Oats quiet at 23 west for new white and at 22c for new mixed. Peas sold at 47 to 48c north and west. Corn 28 to 80c west and rye 45 to 46c east. Barley sold at 23c for feed.

GROCERIES - Trade fairly active and prices as a rule unchanged. Sugars are

firm, with granulated selling at $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $49.16_{\rm C}$ and yellows $3\frac{3}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{6}$ c according to quality. Rio coffee 10 to 13c. Canned goods firm; tomatoes 80 to 85c; peas 70 to 75c; corn 60 to 75c; salmon, (Cohoes) 95c to \$1.10. Valencia raisins, off stalk fine $5\frac{1}{2}$ to $6\frac{1}{2}$ c, and selections $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7c; Currants, $5\frac{1}{2}$ to $6\frac{1}{2}$ c. Prunes, Bosnia 6 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ c. Teas in fair demand, with prices firm.

HARDWARE-A fair trade is reported, with prices generally unchanged.

HIDES AND SKINS—The hide market is quiet, with prices firm. Cured at 8% to 9c. Green unchanged, with No. 1 quoted at 8 to 8%c, No. 2 at 7 to $7\frac{1}{2}c$ and No.3, at 6 to $6\frac{1}{2}c$. Calfskins unchanged at 8 to 10c. Sheepskins rule at \$1 to \$1.25. Tallow unchanged at $2\frac{3}{2}$ to $8\frac{1}{2}c$, choice iendered selling at the latter price.

LIVE STOCK — Offerings continue good; the demand for export is fairly active, the best cattle bringing 4½ to 4¾ c, and ordinary 4 to 4¼ c per lb. Bulls sell from 2½ to 3¾ c per lb. according to quality. Butchers' cattle firm, with sales of choice at 8¾ to 4c, per lb. medium at 8¼ to 8¼ c and inferior at 2¾ to 8c.

STOCKS AND BONDS

SURETYSHIP.	STOCKS AND BONDS.								
The only Company in Canada confining itself to this business.	NAME.	Par Val'e.	Capital Sub- scribed.	Capital paid-np,	Rest.	Div. last 6 Ms	Dates of Dividends,		Cash value per S.
TheGUARANTEECO.	British North Am Can. Bank of Commerce Commercial, Windsor Dominion	243 50 40 50	4,866,666 6,000.000 500,000 1,500,000	6,000,000 315,840 1,500,000	100,000 1,500,000	3 5 & 1	Apl. Oct. June Dec May Nov Jan July	139 105 2544	262 44 69 58 42 60 127 12
Capital Authorized, - \$1,000,000 Pald up in Cash, [no notes] - 304,600 Resources, 1,250,000	Kastern Townships Hamilton Hochelaga Imperial Jacques Cartier	50 100 100 100 25	1,500,000 1,250,000 985,550 1,963,600 500,000	1,250,000 935,550 1,963,600 500,000	235,000	4 & 1 314	June Dec June Dec June Dec June Dec June Dec June Dec	142 194 89½	75 00 172 00 142 00 194 00 22 35
This Company is under the same experienced management which introduced the system to this continent over forly-three years ago, and has since actively and successfully conducted the business to the satisfaction of its clients. Over \$1,370,000 have been paid in	Merchants' Can Merchants' Halifax Molsons Montreal. Nationale NetwoBrunswick	100 100 50 200 20 100	6,000,000 1,500,000 2,000,000 12,000,000 1,200,000 500,000	12,000,000	1,075,000 1,400,000 6,000,000 30,000	81/1 4 & 1 5 21/1	Aug Feb April Oct June Dec Jan July	200 236 75 249	183 00 173 00 100 00 472 00 15 00 249 00
Claims to Employers: President and Managing Director: EDWARD RAWLINGS: Vice-President, WM. J. WITHALL	¹²¹ Ontarlo Ottawa People's of N. B Quebec St. Stephen's	100 100 150 100 100	1,000,000 1,500,000 180,000 2,500,000 200,000	1,500,000 180,000 2,500,000 200,000	1,065,000 115,000 600,000 45,000	4 4 3 3	June Dec June Dec Jan July June Dec April Oct June Dec	161 124	10 J 00 161 00 124 00
Secretary and Treasurer, ROBERT KERR SELKIRK CROSS, Q.C., Counsel. RIDDELL & COMMON, Auditors.	Toronto Tradera Union Italifax) Ville Marie	50 60 100	1,000,000 2,000,000 700,000 500,000 1,200,000 500,000	2,000,000 700,000 500,000 1,200,000 479,620	1,800,000 40,000 160,000 325,000 10,000	53833	June Dec Jan July June Dec	230 85 123 101 <u>4</u> 73	86 50 230 00 85 00 61 50 60 60 73 00
HEAD OFFIGE: Beaver Hall Hill, MONTREAL. DIRECTORS: Edward Rawlings, Wm. J. Withall, E. S. Clouston,	Agri. Sav. and Loan Co Beil Telephone Co Brit. Can, Loan & Inv. Co Brit. Mortg. Loan Co Building and Loan Assoc	100 50 100 100 100 25	500,000 630,000 8,168,000 1,620,000 450 000 750,000) 627,298 3,168,0°(398,4\` 811,978 5 750,000	135,000 800,000 112,000 75,000 124,07) 3) 4º/) 3¼) 3¼	Jan July Jan Quarterly Jan July July Jan July	179 100	169 00 100 00 17 50
Edward Rawlinge, Wm. J. Withall, E. S. Clouston, Geo. Hague, Hartland S. Macdougall, E. C. Smith, Wm. Wainwright, John Cassils & H. W. Cannon.	Can. Colored Cot. Mille Co Can. Landed & Nat'l Inv'tCo. Can. Perm, Loan and Sav Can. Sav. & Loan Co Contral Can. Loan & Sav. Co. Dominioh Sav, and Inv. Co.	100 100 50 50	2,700,000 2,008,000 5,000,000 750,000 2,500,000 1,000,000	$\begin{array}{c} 1,004,000 \\ 2,600,000 \\ 722,000 \\ 1,250,000 \end{array}$) 350,000) 1,450,000) 195,000) 335,000	$ \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{array} $	Jan July June Dec Jan July July Dec	125	40 00 64 25 62 50 55 00 124 75 38 00
CARTERS	Dominion Telegraph Co Dominion Cotton Mills Co Farmers' Loan and Sav. Co Freehold Loan and Sav. Co Hamilton Prov. and Loan	50 100 100	$\begin{array}{c} 1,000,000\\ 8,000,000\\ 1,057,250\\ 3,223,500\\ 1,500,000\end{array}$	1,000,000 3,000,000 611,430 1,319,100 1,100,000	146,195 659,550 841,825	314	Mar—Qtly May Nov June Dec	117	65 00 80 00 42 50 117 00 105 00 100 00
IVER	Home Sav. and Loan Co Huron & Erie Loan & Sav.Go Imperial Loan and Inv. Co Landed Banking and Loan Lond. & Can. Loau and Ag. London Loan Co	100	2,000,000 3,000,000 840,000 5,000,000 679,700 2,750,000	1,400,000 716,020 674,381 700,000	700,000 164,054 145,000 410,000 74,000	41/4 81/4 3 4 3	Jan July Jan July Jan July Mch Sep Jan, July	y 158 y 110 y 110 y 110 y 101	79 00 110 00 110 00 50 C0 50 50 95 00
PILLS	Manitoba & North-W. La Co. Montreal Telegraph Co Montreal Gas Co Montreal Street Ry. Co	100 40 40 50	1,500,000 2,000,000 2,500,000 1,800,000	2,000,000 2,497,704 1,500,000	111,000) 3 2 6 4	Jan July Jan-Qtly April Oct May Nov	70 180 t 198]	70 00 72 00 77 40 111 35
SICK HEADACHE Positively cured by these	Montreal Cotton Co Merchants M'f'g Co Montreal Lonn and Mortg Ont. Indus. Loan and Inv Ott. Loan and Deb. Co People's Loan and Dep. Co.	100 50 50	1,400,000 600,000 500,000 466,800 2,000,000 600,000	500,000 500,000 814,330 1,200,000 600,000	300,000 190,000 470,000 115,000	4 34 3 3 3 4	Jan July Jan July Jan July	y 90 132xd y 30 y 122 y 35	134 00 90 00 132 0 30 00 61 0 17 50 33 50
Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A per-	Real Est. Loan Co Richelieu and Ont, Nav. Co. Toronto Electric Light Co Toronto Street Railway. U.Jon Loan and Sav. Co Westera Can. Loan and Sav.	100 100 50 50	581,000 1,350,000 500,000 6,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000	0 1,350,00 0 699,02 0 1,500,00	250,00 20,00 S'mi-An' 260,00 770,00	5 8 0 2 1 1 3 4 0 4	Jul Jul	100 á 136 i 83 i 100 100 120 y 120	100 62 136 34 83 50 50 60 60 00
feet remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsi- ness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.	Western Lean & Trust Co., Windsor Hotel		1,000,00	0 276,00 · ····	0 18,00	0 583	VAME.	. 99	49 C0
Small Pill. Small Dose, Small Price.	CANNED GOODS, FRUI			1_	AMILTON, do	•••	 The Royal, St. Nicholas, Atlantic House 	Hoo McLean & C. H. K	d Bros' Smyth Sennedy

Milch cows \$25 to \$40 each. Sheep firm, with choice ewes $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ co per lb, and bucks $2\frac{9}{4}$ to 3c. Lambs bring \$2.75 to \$3.50 each. Hogs easier, the best bringing $5\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{3}{2}$ c, per lb, thick fats $4\frac{3}{4}$ to 5c, and light weights 5 to $5\frac{1}{4}$ c. Sows 3 to $3\frac{1}{4}$ c, and stags $2\frac{1}{2}$ c.

PROVISIONS-Trade quiet, with prices vory firm. Mess pork \$14.50 short cut \$16 to \$16.50 and shoulder mess \$13.50. Bacon stoady at 834 to 91/20 for long clear. Roll 101/2 to 11c and backs 111/2 to 12c. Smoked hams 12 to 13c. Lard firm at 634 to 74c according to package. Dried apples 4 to 44c. per lb, and evaporated 5 to 54c. Beans 55 to 60c per bushel. Potatoes new, 50 to 60c per bar per bag.

Woon-Trade is very dull, and prices unchanged. Fleece is quoted at 19 to 20c, and unwashed 12 to 121/2c. Pulled wools 21 to 22c for supers and 28 to 24c extras.

CANNED GOODS, FRUIT & VEGETABLE. Kn Ln Lo Trenton, Ont. - Log Cabin Brand, - Miller & Co SCALES. Superior Qualities. MANDA NATA PRASTO TTA WW Montreal James Fyfe Corner St. Paul and St. Peter Streets.

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-	(late Kyl	
BRANTFORD,	- Belmont	
DUNDAS,	- The Elgi	
DESERONTO,	Deseronto H The Queer	
GALT,	- Provincia	

ACE.	NAME.	PROP, OR MGR
	 The Royal. 	- Hood Bros
MILTON,	THO ROYEL	
do · ·		IcLean & Smyth
GERSOLL,	Atlantic House	C. H. Kennedy
NGBTON, - Th	e British Americ	an
NDSAY.	Benson House,	- E. Benson
	The Tecumseh,	- C. W. Davis
do · ·	Grigg House,	- E. Horeman
	Grigg House,	
	Tremont House,	- Jas. E. Pitts
PANEE, -	Paisley House,	E. A. Douglas
TAWA. • T	he Ruesell, Ken	ly & St. Jacques
RIS	Arlington Hotel,	John Esland
TERBORO, -	The Oriental.	Graham Bros.
	The Belchamber,	John Buckley
OUFFVILLE, .	Queen's Hotel,	- J. G. Martin
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RONTO,	Brown's Hotel,	 Brown Bros.
enton, Ont.,	Gilbert House,	T. H. Bleecker
	Mansion House,	Thos. Bennett
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OODSTOCK	Oxford.	Chas. A. Pyne
	,	Ammon 111 1 2 110

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CHARLOTTET do	юwм,	Queen's H Hotel Da	otel, vies.		Archibald
do	•	· REVER	в,	Ρ.	S. Brown
	NE	W BRUNS	WICK		
ST. JOHNA	Ro	yal Hotel,	Ray	mond	& Doher,

'Royal Hotel, Raymond & Doher,

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The Klondyke

... THE ...

Montreal-London Gold & Silver Development Co.,

Authorized Capital \$1,200,000.

Shares par value of 24 cents each, absolutely free from liability.

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Consulting Engineer, BERNARD MACDONALD,

Has despatched a powerful expedition to the Klondyke, Stewart River, and other tributaries of the Yukon, under the command of Wm. McIntosh, of Buckingham, Que., a man of well known ability and integrity. The most complete arrangements were effected to insure their early arrival at the gold fields this season. Word has been received of their safe arrival at Skagway, Alaska, on August 20th, also that they would proceed in next to the Canadian Mounted Police. An enormous advantage will result to the Company from 6 months operations in these marvelous gold fields before the rush of next spring.

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This is a Co-operative Company. Every shareholder will receive the same treatment.

Par value is the ground floor price.

No stock has been given away.

The high standing and ability of the Directors, who are all liberal shareholders.

The reputation of the Company's Engineer.

The conservative plan of operations, whereby no large risks will be undertaken.

The fact that a valuable connection has been formed with the mine owners as well as the British and foreign investor, Already several large deals are being negotiated, which should result in sales to capitalists and large profits to the Company.

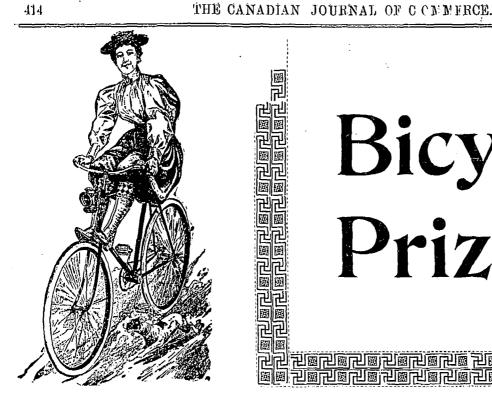
The economical management.

THE PRICE OF SHARES WILL BE RAISED TO 30 CTS. ON THE 15th DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

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The Montreal-London Gold & Silver Development Co.	Write or call for prospectus and full information to
I hereby subscribe forshares at 24 cents each, amounting to	CLARENCE J. McCUAIG & GO.,
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MONIUDAD	11 TO DEDUTE	LUIOTO	OOUURNI-	THOUSDAY,	SEPT.	y.	1091.

Name of Article.	Wholesale.		Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of A rticle.	Wholesale	
Boots and Shoes. Brogane or Colbourgs Split Balmorals Buft " or Congress Split Boots Kip " Grain " \$200 to \$300 Fait Soy	Mens, Boys, You \$0<70	ths. 55 \$0 60 70 0 75 30 0 85 90 1 00 90 1 00 10 1 30	Brooms. Spec. A Rose 4 varn. hand heavy Pansy 4 " " medium Thistle 4 " " " Map Leaf A 4 stgs.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Soda Ash Soda Bicarb Sal. Soda Concentrated	×80 250 070 080	
Grain " \$2.00 to \$3.00, Felt Sox Felt Boots, half fox Split Batts or Bals Kip Pebblad or Buff Bals Pebblad Button, Machine Sewed Glazed Buff Button. " Polish Calf " Dongola Kid 1 cuality " " " 2 " "	81 75, 82 00 full 2 42 2 50 Womene. Missee. C 0 70 1 75 0 65 0 70 0 4 0 90 1 00 0 80 0 90 0 6	10 1 30 Childs. 474 0 0 0 40 0 70 70 0 75 90 1 70 75 0 80 85 0 95 90 1 10	"B4 "etained Shamrock A4 "varn han B4 etained Daisy A3 stge varn handle "B3 "stained "	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Dyestuffs. Archil. con Cutch. Ex. Logwood. Chips. Indigo (Bengsl) Indigo (Bengsl) Indigo Madras Gambler. Madder Sumac.	0 08 0 10 0 10 0 15 2 00 2 50 1 50 1 75 0 70 1 00 0 C41 0 053	
Mens' Calf, Bals. Cong or Butt. Good "MCKa "Tan Russis Calf, Bals. Cong or	ear Welt 2 g Sown 1 Butt, Goodyear Welt 2 htor Bale. Butt, and Cong. 3 sodyear Welt 2 "" Turns 1 quality 2 "" 2 uns 2 3 Corn Beef 1-lb 2 " 2-lbs 2 " 4-lbs 5 " 6-lbs 5	50 3 50 90 2 10 50 4 50	Drugs & Chemicals Acid Carbolic Cryst medi. Aloes, Cape. Brom. Potess Camplor. Eng. Refoz.cl """" Ref Ring Citric Acid Copperas, per 100 ibs Cream Tartar. Epoom Salts. Glycorine Gam Arabic per lb" "Trag. Morphis	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Fish. Distributors prices. Cape Brot. Herring, Labrador Horrings Sea Trout No. 1 split p. b. "No, 1 Shore Herrings "Nova Scotla Mackerel No. 1. kitte Green "1 kargo Draft " No. 2 " Largodry" per quintal Salmon No. 1 bris Lab. Salmon, (terces) "Brit, Col bris	0 00 0 00 3 50 0 00 1 50 0 00 1 60 0 00 1 50 0 00 1 00 0 0 1 0 00 1 0 00	
Canadian Sardines 4 00 5 00 Mackerel 150 0 00 Jaimon 10 2 00 Clama, 1-bitna, perdoz. 130 1 60 Oysters "130 1 60 Tomatoes, 3a, perdoz. 0 80 0 85 Peaches, 2:h. yellow 2 00 2 25 "3.1b. 2 75 3 00 Bartlett Pears, 2:h. tins, per doz. 1 75 2 00 Nawpberries, Pres'd 2s 1 75 2 00 Pineapples, 3-bitns, p.d. 1 75 2 00 Grindages, 3-bitns, p.d. 2 50 2 00 Goresberies Pres 2 s	Lunch Trags 1-b per doz. "2-bs" Soups, 2 bs 8 bb Baked Beans 1 Deviled Tong's, ½ b, " 1 Ham, ½-b, " 1 Chicken, ½-b, " 1 Turkey, ½ ib. " 2 Ox Tonigue, 1½-ib. " 3 us and the second	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Oxalic Acid Phosporus Potash Bichromate Potash Iddide Strychnine Strychnine Tartaric Acid Tin Crystals Heavy Chemicals. Bleaching Powder Blue Vitriol Brimstone	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Bineless Fish "Cod	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

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Name of Article.	Wholesal	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholessie.	Name of Article.	Wholesale
Farm Products. BUTTER: Creamery,	\$ c. \$ c. 0 19] 0 00	Barley, malting "feed afloat Peas, per 60 lbs, in store Rye No. 2		Molasses (Barbados) Porto Rico Trinidad Cuba	025033	Vermicelli, Canadian Macaroni, " " Italian Peel—Citron	0 05 0 06
Dairy Rolls Western Lower grades Creamery CHEESE: FinestOatario	0 121 0 13 0 181 0 00	Corn, Ontario,	.:034 035	Raisins : Sultanas Loose Musc. California	0 22 0 24 0 07 0 10 0 06 0 08	Orange Lemon	0 13 0 15 0 12 0 15
Finest Ontario Finest Township, Quebec, Finest Quebec under grades, Bous: Selected near by	000 000	Japan, (HfChest & Cad.).	. 0 15 0 16	Layers, London Con. Cluster Extra Dessert Royal Bucking'm Clust per D	2 20 0 00 2 50 0 00	Vanilla, yel. wrap. 24 x ½ lb do Chamois do do do Pink do do do Blue do do 1, ip. Van. Green do do	0 34 0 36 0 43 0 48 0 50 0 56 0 58 0 66 0 50 0 56
Ordinary No. 1 No. 2 Hors: per b	6 03 0 10 0 12 0 13	" good med. to ilne, " cholcest " fancy " dust Y. Hyson, com. to good.	0 221 0 25	Valencia off stalk new " "Selected" "Layers new " Currants, Provincials "	0 954 0 06 0 00 0 064 0 07 0 00 0 054 0 06	o do Lilisc do do uo do Bronze do do do do White do do Unsweet'd blue prem do	0 58 0 66 0 65 0 74 0 73 0 83 0 38 0 42
Hos PRODUCTS:	0 12 0 13	Y. Hyson, com. to good. "fine to finest, I Gunpowder, Moyune" good" Pingsney, med to good. "fine to finest."	0 25 0 35	Filiatras	0 05 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 06 0 07] 0 06 0 05 0 00 0 00	Starch: Can. Laundry Silver Gloss Benson's Prep. Corn	0.00 0.07
Hame, city cured, " "" Canvaseed. Pork Ca. s.c. per bbl. new do old Lard, per b	15 00 15 50 00 00 00 00	Oolong	0 28 0 42 0 11 0 13 0 15 0 20 0 991 0 271	" new layers Sh. Almonds, bxs S. S. Tarragona Walnuts	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Can. Pure Corn Vinegar: Imp Trip, 1 brl Cote D'or Crystal Pickling	0 061 0 00 0 83 0 00 0 28 0 00 0 28 0 00
SEEDS: Clover, red, per 1b	0 084 0 10	" ine to freet. " Indian" Darjeelings" Ceylon " Coffees, Mocha (green)" Java	0 32 0 35 0 17½0 30 0 35 0 45 0 16 0 35	Filberts " Spices: Cassiamata Mace	0 091 0 10 0 091 0 121 0 90 1 20 0 071 0 09 6 50 0 90	Pure Malt Cider X "XXX	0 00 0 20 0 45 0 00 0 17 0 00 0 27 0 00
Timothy, (Can'n) per beh. ""Western Flax 56 lbs Spring Ryo. Millot. Hungarian	0 65 0 70 0 00 0 00 0 80 1 00 0 90 1 10	Maracalbo Jamalca Klo Plantation Ceylon	0 17 0 18 0 17 0 18 0 17 0 18	Jamaica ginger, bl " ""unbl." African "" Pimento" Pepper, Black"	0 08 0 10 0 07 i 0 08 0 06 0 07 i	Soap: Beet Laundry "Common Matches: Telegraph "Telephone "Parlor	0 06 0 06 0 02 0 05 3 00 3 20 2 80 3 00 1 30 2 25
Brans: white ordinary bus the band or the band of the	0 05 0 10	Gapadian do " Sugars : Ex Granulated, bris German gran'd Ex Ground, in bris	0 05 0 06	Mustard, 4 lb % jar, Eng 4 1 lb 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 10 0 12 0 72 0 75 0 23 0 25 0 65 0 70 0 22 0 24	Steamship Railroad Sovereign Washboards:	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 40 \\ 0 \\ 00 \\ 3 \\ 25 \\ 0 \\ 00 \\ \end{array} $
		Powdered, in brs Parls Lumps, in bris "" " haif bris " " Joolb bxs	0 053 0 00 0 043 0 00 0 05 0 00 0 054 0 00 0 054 0 00	Rice, large lots, standard B "Pains	4 50 6 25 4 00 4 95 5 00 5 25 6 75 7 75	Royal Lily do Rose Globe Improved Globe Hardware.	120 000
Crain. fiard Mun. No. 1 Ft. Will. "No. 2 Oats No 2 in stors		Branded Yellows	0 038 0 00	Tapioca, Pearl " "Flake	0 04 0 06 0 08 0 04 1 15 0 00		0 08 0 09 0 00 0 15 0 14 0 00 0 16 0 16 0 11 0 12 0 14 0 20

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418

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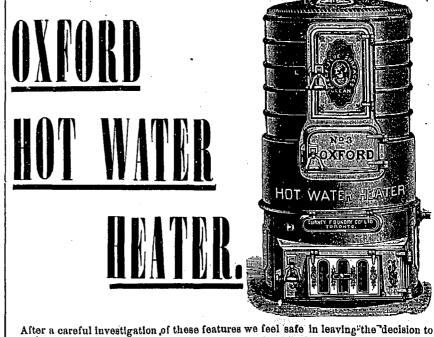
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TREAL	WHOLESALE	PRICES	CURRENT-THURSDAY,	SEPT.	9, 1897

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, SEPT. 9, 1897							
ame of Article	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale,
Hardware-Continued. NEW OIT NAL SOMEDULE. Base for Quebec & Ontario. Base-500 and 60d, f.o.b., Cut Nallsper keg F.O.B. Montreal, London, Toronto and Hamilton. For Ontario, Quebec and Lower Provinces. No delivery. Unt nalls, fence and cut delikesHot cut.	th g to ucar I	Goil Ghain—14 5-16 7-16 4 Galvanised Iron: Morewoods Lion, No. 23. Queen's Head, or equal Common		28 guage Lead . Pig, per 100 lbst Sheet, " " Sheet, " Lead Pipe, per 100 lbs. Zinc: Sheet " Spelter per 100 lbs Scrap Fron- Machinery scrap Wrot iron Wrot iron	4 50 4 75 0 00 1 5 30 0 00 1 6 00	No. 3 B.A. Sole No. 2 Spanish sole No. 3 "" No. 2 Buffalo Sole, No. 1 "" No. 2 Slaughter. No. 1 Light medium & heavy No. 2 Harness Upper, heavy Grained Upper	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Unt nalls, fence and cut splkes,-Hot cut. 29 to 40d 0 to 16d 6d and 9d 4d to 5d 8d 71 8d	0 10 0 00 0 15 0 00 0 20 0 00 45 0 00 0 70 0 00 1 00 0 00	Pig Iron: Slemens No. 1 Summerlee. Carnbroe. C.I.F.T.Riv.Charcoal Iron No. 1 Ferrona. No. 1 Siemens (Can). Amer. Brands-Northern. No. 1 Hamilton All ex yard Montreal,	00 00 00 00 18 00 18 50 00 00 00 00 17 00 00 00 10 00 00 00 16 00 17 00 16 00 17 00 16 01 19 50	Bright and Annealed No. 6, 7 and S "olled " " Galvd. No 6 to 9 " Trade discounton above 80 per cent and 5 f.o.b. MonireslQuebec. " 30 per ct and 5 with 200 freight al wince-Ontario Barbed Wire 2 and 4 barbs Plain Twist 2 and 8 was. Staples	2 60 0 00 2 65 0 00 3 20 0 00 2.25 f.o.b. Montreal,	Grained Upper. Scotch Grain. Kip Skines, French. English. Canada Kip Hemlock Calf. " Light French Calf. Splite, light 23d modelan. " heavy " Leather Board. Canada.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Casing and box, flooring, shook. and tobacco box nalls	0 55 0 00 0 60 0 00 0 65 0 00 0 95 0 00 0 95 0 00 1 20 0 00	Bar Iron, per 100 lbs. Schedule Extras adopted July 7th. Ord. Crown Norway Sheet Iron 16 G & heavier ""17,18,20 G" ""22, 24" ""22 G " Boiler plates, iron, ½ in "3-16 h	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11 ¹¹ 14 ¹¹	3 0 05% 0 06% 0 06% 0 00% 0 00% 0 07% 0 07% 0 07% 0 08	Upper, fight. Grained Upper. Scotch Grain	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 15 & 0 & 17 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 104 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 12 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 26 & 0 & 30 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 26 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 &$
1 1	0 70 0 00 0 95 0 00 1 20 0 00 1 50 0 00 1 20 0 00 1 20 0 00 1 20 0 00 1 50 0 00	Bolier Heads, steel Hoops Band Imported , Canadian <i>Canada Piates :</i> Good Brands Wro't Iron pipe, ½ to 2 in 70 p.c., over 2 in 57% pc. Imported Iron pipe, ½ 3	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 00 0 03, \\ 2 15 0 00 \\ 0 00 2 00 \\ 1 65 1 85 \end{array} $	Wire Nalls. Base Price	 1 00 1 00 0 65 0 40 0 80 0 15 	Cod Oil, Newfoundland. "Gaspe	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
3/4 " Steel nails loc extra, " Ulinch nails " 3 inch & longer extr 2/4 and 2% " 2 and 2% 14 and 1%	A 0 60 0 00 0 60 0 00 0 65 0 00 0 70 0 00 0 95 0 00	Steel, cast per lb "Spring, 100 lbs "Tire, " "Steigh shoe, 100 lbs. "Machinery	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 07\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 00\\ 2 & 50 & 0 & 00\\ 1 & 90 & 0 & 00\\ 1 & 85 & 0 & 00\\ 2 & 25 & 0 & 00\\ \end{array}$	Pannors nev Qlartro fo	V . 0 05 0 05 0 07 0 07 0 06 0 06 0 90 1 00 0 90 1 00	Štraw Seal Cod Liver Oll, Nfd ""Norwegias Process Castor Oll. Lard Oll, Extra "No. 1 Linseed, raw "bolled Olive, pure Extra, qt., per case Turpentine	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 00 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 09 & 0 & 16 \\ 0 & 55 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 55 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 55 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 80 & 0 & 9 \\ 3 & 00 & 3 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ \end{array}$
14 """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	IXX " DC " DX " DXX " Terne Plate IC, 20128 Russ. Sheet Iron Anchors, per Ib Lion & Crown tin'd sh'ts. 22 and 24 guage	Usual Trade Extras 6 00 0 09 0 10 0 044 0 03 5 06	Lambakina each Calfakina, No. 1 "No. 2 Horse bides west., each ""City. Tallow, rendered "rough Leather No. 1 B.A. Sole No. 2 ""	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Imperial Oils ; 650 Imperial Cylinder 500 Imperial Engine Majestic Cylinder Majestic Engine	0 65 0 7 0 40 0 4 0 75 0 8 0 40 0 5 0 40 0 5 0 50 0 6 0 35 0 4 n. 0 30 0 4

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LAURENT, LAFOROE & BOURDEAU, 1687 Notre Dame St., Montreau, JAMES GOOPER, GEO, WOOLSON, JAMES COOPER, 188 St. James St., Montreal. 188 St. James St., Montreal. 188 Queen St., Toronio. WH., LASH, St. Johns, N.F. and thousands of others.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT—THURSDAY SEPT. 9, 1897.

Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale
Goal Oil: Car Lots Store, [2, p.c. off 1 to 20 brls American P.W. do W.W. Astral Benzine American	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 17 \\ 0 & 17 \\ 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 21 \\ 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 21 \\ 0 & 21 \\ 0 & 21 \\ 0 & 21 \\ 0 & 21 \\ 0 & 21 \\ 0 & 21 \\ 0 & 21 \\ 0 & 21 \\ 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 00 \\ 1 & 40 \\ 0 & 00 & 2 & 90 \end{array}$	Factory Filled per bag	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Porter Dublin Stoutqta do dopta Spiritis Ganadianper gal Alcohol	1 574 1 624 4 65 0 00 4 25 0 00 2 25 0 00 8 60 0 00 8 00 8 50 6 00 6 50	Angostura Bitters, per case of 2 doz Banagher Irieb Whisty,qte do do do per gal Wataon'sOldIrish,qts,pr cs. do do pts per cs.	4 00 4 25 6 75 7 75
Paints, &C. Lead pure, 50tb 100 lb. kgs do No. 1 do No. 2 do No. 2 White Lead, dry Red Lead Venetian Red Eng'h Venetian Red Eng'h Venetian Red Eng'h Venetian Red Eng'h Venetian Red Eng'h Venetian Commer do Gilders do Faris, do English Cement, cask Belgian Cement. Fire Bricks per 1000 Fire Clay Rosin Glue:- Domestic Broken Sheet	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Derby Plug Smk'g col. 12a, do do do 7a, do do do 3a, Myrtle Navy Plug Smkg col Old Chum Plug Smkg col 4a do Smoking col. and R., & R Sa, do Cut Smoking, 9a,	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 59 \\ 0 & 72 \\ 0 & 72 \\ 0 & 70 \\ 0 & 70 \\ 0 & 64 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 64 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 64 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 64 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 64 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0$	Tarragona Sandeman Warter & May ePorts gal Sheries-Pen artin Wisdom & Warter's Sher riesper gal Barton & Warter's Sher Diarets- Barton & Gueetier J. Calvet & Co Champagnes- Pommery, Fils & Co G. H. Mum Perrier. Jouet & Co Brandies-Hennessygal 1 Star Scotch Whiskeys-	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
French Casks do hrls Coopers' Glue Golden Ochre Brunswick Green French Imperial Green Vermillionette Vermillionette Genuine Quickellver No. 1 Furnit'e Varn'h. pr.g Extra do do Brown Japan Black Japan Orango Shella', No. 1 do do Pure White do Putty Bulk per cask Paris green	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Wool. Fleece comb, ord. do clothing do Combing Pulled North West B. A. Scoured Natal Cape. Australlan Wines, Liquors, & C. Ale-English. Other	C 000 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 21 0 22 0 00 0 00 0 26 3 34 0 16 0 18 0 14 0 16 0 00 0 00	Jas Watson & Co. Dundet S star Glenlivet, per case, 1 do do Old Glenlivetper ga Watson's Old Scotch qt. ci do do pts, per ci Gin De Kuyper red cases do green do Irish Whisky Geo Roo & Co. 1 star. qti	8 76 9 25 4 30 6 60 6 75 7 25 7 75 8 75 11 30 11 50 5 90 6 00 3 00 3 15 9 9 50 0 00 9 70 10 50		

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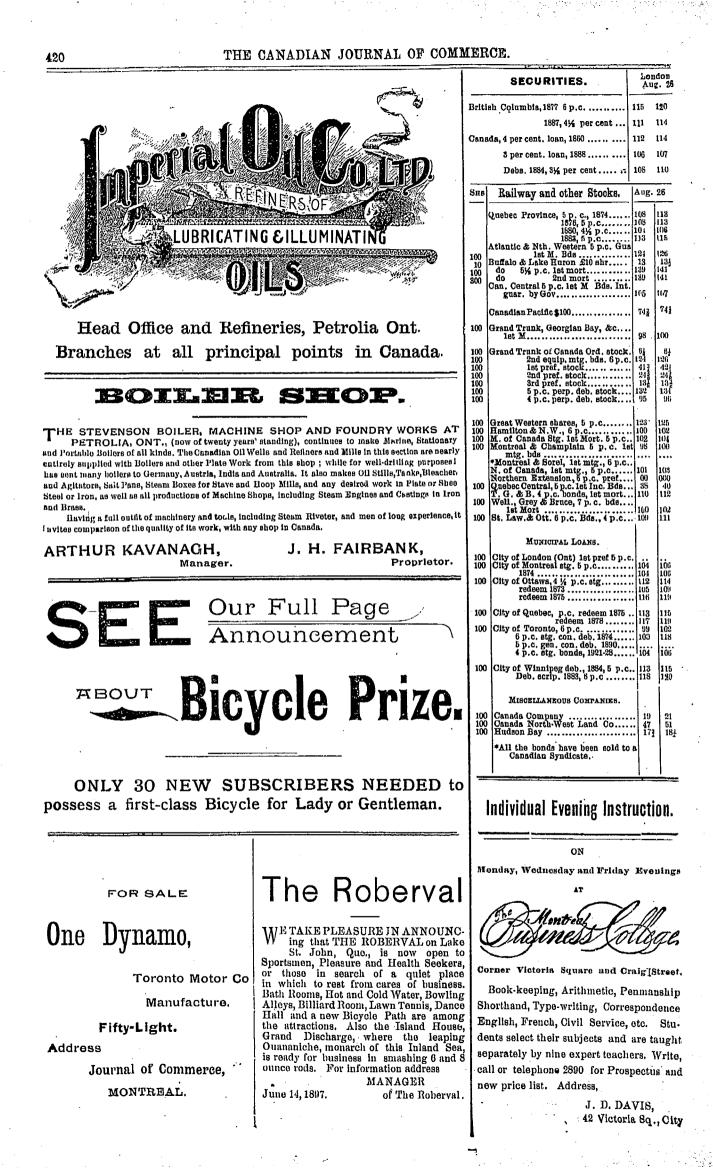
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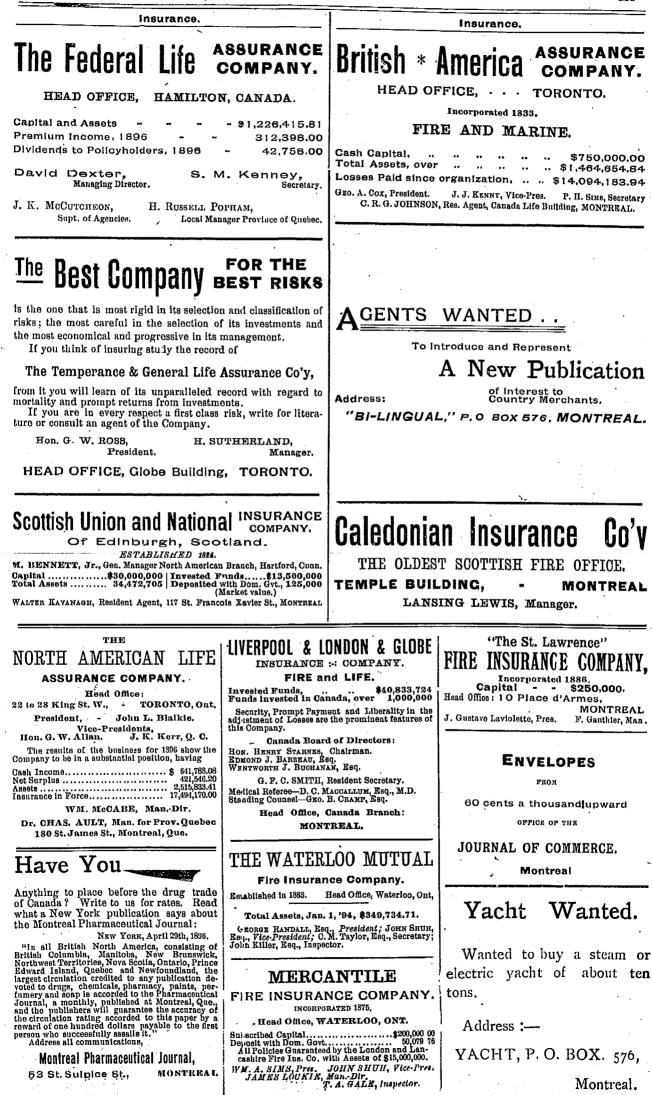






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