

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
In Canada \$1.50 per year
In United States \$2.00 per year
Payable in advance

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 49.--No. 34.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 19, 1920.

BUY IN CANADA
Be patriotic. Recognize the value
of your own goods, your own country
and your own dollar.

Whole No. 2532

STRAYED
Came into the premises of the undersigned on or about July 12, a two-year-old steer. Owner may have same on proving property and paying expenses.—John F. McLean, Ekfrid.

HOUSE FOR SALE
Nine-room frame cottage on lot 2, con. 7, Mosa, for sale. Apply to Mrs. Rose Munroe, Walkers.

GLENCOE LODGE, No. 133, meets every Tuesday evening at eight o'clock sharp in the lodge room, opposite Royal Bank building, Main street. All brethren of the Order cordially invited to attend.—Fred. Gough, N.G.; Ross McEachern, R.S.

Great War Veterans' Association of Canada
(Incorporated)

Glencoe Branch meets every Saturday evening at 8.30 in I. O. O. F. rooms, Main St. All Veterans Welcome.—W. A. Currie, Jr., President; J. Tait, Sec.-Treas.

Voters' Lists, 1920

Municipality of the Village of Newbury in the County of Middlesex.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Section 3 of the Ontario Voters' List Act the copies required by the said section to be transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said act, of all persons appearing in the last revised assessment roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at municipal elections, and that the said list was first posted up at my office in Newbury on the fourteenth day of August, 1920, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.
CHARLES TUCKER,
Clerk of the Municipality of Newbury.

PIANO INSTRUCTION

THEODORE R. GRAY, Organist and Choir Director, Glencoe Presbyterian Church, teacher on staff of Institute of Musical Art, London. Junior and senior pupils accepted in piano and theory, temporarily at Presbyterian school room Mondays. Pupils prepared for examinations.

GARDEN PARTY LIGHTING

Committees in charge of this work will do well to make early arrangements for good lighting.

THE DELCO LIGHT

is the only satisfactory light for this purpose. Terms on application. Satisfaction guaranteed.

M. C. Morgan,

Delco Light Products, Kerwood

JAMES POOLE

Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian church, Glencoe.

INSURANCE

The Ontario Farmers' Weather Insurance Mutual Co., Grand Valley, and the Great-West Life Assurance Co.—Mac M. McAlpine, agent, Glencoe, Ont.; Box 41.

INSURANCE

H. J. JAMIESON

District Manager of CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO. at GLENCOE

Also the leading Companies in Fire and Automobile at low rates.

Office, Main street Phone, 1613

We Carry A Full Line

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

Glencoe Plumber

J. B. COUGH & SON

Furniture Dealers Funeral Directors MAIN STREET - GLENCOE Phone day 23, night 100

Wedding invitations printed in the latest style and with neatness and despatch at The Transcript office.

Johnston's DRUG STORE

Developing, Printing and Enlarging

We take every precaution to give you the best results possible from your film.

Phone 35

Glencoe

KEITH'S CASH STORE

DRY GOODS MILLINERY GROCERIES

Best quality, and fair prices ensured

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Capital and reserve \$35,000,000
Total Assets over \$587,000,000

Protect your Valuable Papers and Documents by renting a Safety Deposit Box at a small annual rental. Apply to the Manager.

GORDON DICKSON, Manager, Glencoe

LUMBER! POSTS! SHINGLES!

We have a full stock at present and can fill your requirements. It will pay to buy now.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

PLANING MILL LUMBER DEALERS GLENCOE, ONT.

Electric Wiring, Fixtures and Supplies

We are now prepared to handle all kinds of wiring. No job too large, none too small.

Investigate our prices and consider the service we are prepared to render not only now but in the future.

Auto, Tire and Battery Service Garage.

Temporary Fixture and Appliance Store opposite Wright's Hardware.

W. B. MULLIGAN

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

Order your next lot of these at the Transcript Office



MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 27th day of September, 1920, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week, over Walkers No. 1 Rural Route, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the post offices of Walkers, Alvinston, Appin, Glencoe, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, London.

CHAS. E. H. FISHER,
Post Office Inspector,
London, 23rd July, 1920.

Real Estate Exchange

ALSO FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE

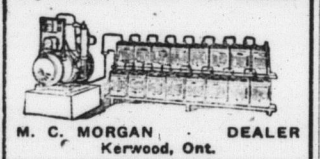
Have now for sale—

Farm of 57 acres; good clay loam, adapted for sugar beets; ¼ mile from school; 3.4 mile from railroad station; first-class buildings, consisting of frame house with 9 rooms, good barn 36x78, horse stable 24x32, drive barn 20x35; all buildings on cement foundation; 8 acres wheat; 14 acres plowed for spring crop; balance hay and pasture. Price, \$5,000.

A. B. McDONALD
GLENCOE PHONE 74
Office and residence, South Main St.

DELCO-LIGHT

The complete Electric Light and Power Plant
The Delco-Light storage battery is dependable, durable and efficient.



M. C. MORGAN, Dealer, Kerwood, Ont.

PYREX

TRANSPARENT OVEN-WARE

We have a complete line of this ware in stock at very moderate prices.

Oval Casseroles Round Casseroles Round Pie Plates Round Cake Plates Layer Cake Dishes Utility Dishes Bean Pots Bread Dishes (1 loaf size) Custard Dishes Bake Dishes

C. E. DAVIDSON

JEWELER OPTICIAN
Marriage Licenses Issued



DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE

Notice to ex-members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that ex-members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force who are entitled to and who require post-discharge dental treatment must submit their applications to the District Dental Officer at the Headquarters of the District in which they reside on or before 1st September, 1920. Applications for dental treatment received after 1st September, 1920, will not be considered.

(Sgd.) EUGENE FISBT,
Major General,
Deputy Minister, Militia and Defence,
Ottawa, August 3, 1920.

Note.—Newspapers will not be paid for the advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.
(H.Q. 3361-1-22).

CREAM AND EGGS WANTED

Cream received, tested and paid for daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Phone 72 if you want our delivery truck to call. Cash for eggs.

LAMBTON CREAMERY CO.
Alex. McNeill, Local Manager.

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

A Dominion aerial road map is being prepared for publication at Ottawa.

Forty million dollars are to be expended on highways in Ontario and Quebec.

Dugald Patton, a former well-known resident of Dunwich, died recently in the Ford Hospital, Detroit.

Rev. Peter Jamieson of St. Helens has accepted a call to South Mountain in the Presbytery of Brockville.

Joseph Roy Alexander, a member of Strathroy town council, died on Sunday, in his 33rd year, from meningitis.

As high as \$150 an acre has been made by farmers in the vicinity of Highgate by growing peas for the canning factory there.

The coming referendum on whether or not Ontario shall be "bone dry" does not seem to be causing a great deal of public concern.

According to a statement of Hon. F. C. Biggs, minister of highways in the Drury Government, the license fees of motor vehicles will be increased next year.

Rev. V. T. Mooney, B. A., of Dawn has received a call to the Presbyterian church at Port Elgin at a salary of \$1,600, manse and four weeks' holidays.

Sixty-five Hollanders with \$80,000 cash have just taken up land in Alberta. They are expert farmers.

This is the sort of immigration Canada wants.

Miss Ida Aaron, 4 years old, of Topeka, Kansas, sued John Bunck for \$5,000 damages for three hugs and the consequent pain and mental anguish. The jury gave her \$200 for each hug.

William F. Glover of Fingal paid a fine of \$10 and costs on conviction of permitting his son, under sixteen years of age, to drive an auto, contrary to the provisions of the Ontario Motor Vehicles Act.

A Saskatchewan paper says:—Harvest hands are beginning to arrive from Eastern Canada and are commanding \$6 per day and may receive as high as \$9 per day by the time harvest is in full swing.

The Forest flax industry is now harvesting the largest and best crop of flax ever grown in Lambton county. Owing to the scarcity of flax, the price for pulling has been advanced to \$25 per acre. In former years from \$4 to \$5 per acre was the ruling price.

An official of the Dominion Sugar Company is reported to have stated that the sugar beet crop in Kent county this year promises to be the best in the beet history. The acreage is well up to the needs and general prosperity is predicted for the farmers who have gone in for sugar beet growing this year.

While digging on the old battlefield of Lundy's Lane, near the Stamford high school, workmen unearthed the skeleton of a British soldier slain in the war of 1812. The skeleton was that of a man well over six feet. Copper buttons and lead bullets were found close by. It was turned over to the Lundy's Lane Historical Society and will be re-interred with the proper ceremonial, under the auspices of the society.

Reeve J. A. McCallum, who has been appointed highway superintendent for Dunwich, has assumed his duties. He will oversee the expenditure of moneys on all the roads in the township, other than the county and provincial highways, and report to the Government, which now gives an equivalent of 20 per cent. of the grant made by the township council for road improvement. Mr. McCallum receives a salary of \$5 for every day employed, of which 40 per cent. will be paid by the Government.

THE LATE MRS. DUGALD GILLIES

Margaret Brodie, widow of Dugald Gillies, passed away on Tuesday, July 20, 1920, at her home in the township of Mosa.

The deceased lady, who was in her 83rd year, was born on lot 1, concession 4, township of Mosa, in the year 1837. Her parents settled there in the year 1829 and were among the first settlers on the township north of the Longwoods road. In the year 1860 she married Dugald Gillies, settling in the township of Mosa, lot 5, concession 4, where she resided for the remainder of her life, her husband having predeceased her 25 years.

The funeral services were held at her home, conducted by Rev. D. Robertson, pastor of Burns' church, Mosa, of which the deceased was a lifelong member, the remains being laid beside those of her late husband in the family plot in Kilmartin cemetery.

Three sons and three daughters survive her: Archie, George and Dugald, at home, and Mrs. F. Pollard of Edmonston, Mrs. D. H. McRae of Chico, Can., and Mrs. Lee Clements of Winnipeg. Three of her family predeceased her: John, who died in infancy; Duncan Alexander, who died in 1907; and Mrs. P. D. Ferguson who died in 1918. She also survived by one brother and three sisters: John Brodie of Franklin, Man., Mrs. McKay of Windsor, Mrs. Norris of St. Catharines and Mrs. H. C. McLarty of Franklin, Man.

Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules and RAZ-MAH for Asthma are sold here by H. I. Johnston, local agent. Call in for a sample.

The Farmers' Sun asks Governments to remember that the real voice of the people is to be heard through the country weeklies, not from the city dailies.

PRICE REACTION BEGINS

Reports from Great Britain indicate a decided drop in prices, more particularly in the prices of luxuries. A similar movement appears in the July report of the United States Department of Labor, which gives wholesale prices as lower and announces a slump in the luxury trades. Imports of diamonds are smaller by a quarter, and the candy business is so reduced that confectioners are ready to sell their surplus stocks of sugar for family consumption. The weekly trade reports that summarizing movements in local centres agree that while the general volume of business is well sustained, it is "no longer featured by widespread extravagance in personal expenditure." They also find that "indications of the genuineness of the reaction in life's necessities are becoming more general." Apparently the tide of lavish spending that carried prices to abnormal heights has reached the flood and is now beginning to recede. Nor does there seem to be anything in sight to set it flowing again. People are beginning to realize that the reaction from war conditions has arrived and that in self-defence they must practice thrift and economy.

DEATH OF MRS. ALEX. McNEIL

Annie McNeill, wife of Alex. McNeill, passed away at her home in Glencoe on Friday last, after a prolonged illness, in her 65th year. Mrs. McNeill was a daughter of the late John Walker of Metcalfe, and was highly esteemed by a large circle of relatives and friends. Besides her husband she leaves two sons, Gordon McNeill of Burk's Falls and Archie Burke of Mosa, also one sister, Mrs. D. J. McPhail of Brooke and two brothers, Duncan and William of Metcalfe. The funeral service was held at Burns' church, Mosa, on Sunday afternoon, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Robertson. Interment was made in Kilmartin cemetery. A short service was also conducted at the house.

WARRANT ISSUED FOR ARREST

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Harry Knox on a charge of breaking into the home of Matthew Knox, Glencoe, on Saturday night, August 7, and stealing \$42. Knox, who is between 16 and 17 years of age, is an adopted son of the complainant, and has been with him for about ten years. About two weeks ago the complainant and a companion, who to London and the police have found that they worked for two days at the Silvertown plant. They returned to Glencoe on Saturday and were seen about town during the afternoon and early evening. While Mr. and Mrs. Knox were up in the village on Saturday night, entrance was gained to the house through a partition window and \$42 removed from a dresser. Nothing else was disturbed and, according to the complainant, no one, with the exception of the boy and himself and wife, knew that the money lay in the drawer beneath a quantity of clothing.

CROPS IN MIDDLESEX

Threshing is general throughout the county now, according to R. A. Finn, district representative of the department of agriculture. The cutting of oats and barley is general and practically all the wheat is cut, with the exception of a few scattered fields of the spring varieties. The fruits are looking splendid in practically all localities. The apple crop promises to be a good one, although the representative does not see much hope of low prices for this fruit, barrel packed. One reason given for this is that the price of barrels at the present time is nearly as great as the former price of a barrel of this fruit. The apples, too, are fairly free of worms. Plums and pears are fairly plentiful and the former are free from blight and insect ravages than usual, while the latter trees are well laden with fruit of good quality.

GARDEN PARTY IN GLENCOE

Chinese Missionary on Furlough Will Give an Interesting Talk

A garden party in aid of the Memorial Fund will be held on Mrs. W. A. Currie's lawn Thursday afternoon, August 26.

Mrs. Leonard, here on furlough from China, will give a very interesting talk on the customs of the Chinese and her experience of seven years in China. Mrs. Leonard was formerly Miss Edith Weeks, born within three miles of Glencoe, and taught in the High School here a few years ago. A musical program will be included. Tea will be served at 5.30. All for the sum of 35 cents at the entrance. All are cordially invited. Program starts at 3.30 sharp.

PUT ON THE DIMMERS

A correspondent writes:—When is the law respecting the use of glaring headlights to be enforced? Some of the lights used on cars in the district are, I am told, much too strong, and they are as a rule to be found on cars whose owners never dim them when meeting other cars, or who let them go full blast when driving in town. Glaring lights are a menace, as much as the speed demon, and should be dealt with vigorously.

THE TORONTO STAR SAYS TWO REASONS

"Why women leave the farm" have been overlooked:—"One is because the blamed thing is too large to carry away with them, and the other is that some city dude comes out, marries the girl and carts her off to the city."

BLAMES GLARING HEADLIGHTS

Family Have Narrow Escape When Car Goes Over Embankment

Travelling home in their car from Port Stanley on Thursday night Mr. and Mrs. Chas. M. Cameron and family of Mosa were met near Sheddin by a large touring car going at great speed with glaring head and spot lights. At the point where the cars met the road is narrow and is protected from a ravine on either side by a railing. The big car was "hogging" the road, and in turning out to give it room Mr. Cameron's car struck the railing, which it partly tore away, and went backward some thirty feet to the bottom of the ravine where it was stopped by a wire fence. Fortunately the car was not overturned and the occupants escaped injury other than a severe nervous shock. Considerable damage was done to the car. The other car sped on its way and its number could not be taken.

HYDRO SAVES PEOPLE \$24,735.623

The Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission has issued a report of the financial conditions of the 115 municipalities in the Niagara system up to December 31st last. The document is testimony that the hydro commission is a success as a public enterprise. Here is an example of what has been saved the consumers: In 57 municipalities served by private companies before joining the hydro group, consumers were paying an average per kilowatt hour of 9.8 cents, and in 37 of these there was an additional charge of 21.2 cents per month for meter rental. In the period under review these would have paid under the rates mentioned \$35,758,972 for electricity. The amount actually paid the hydro was \$11,023,349, a direct saving of \$24,735,623.

PETER J. CAMPBELL DEAD

The death occurred at the family residence on the Mosa-Metcalfe town-line on Wednesday, August 11th, of Peter J. Campbell, one of the prominent business men of the township of that section, in his sixtieth year. Mr. Campbell had been ailing for about a year and a half, but was only taken to his bed about four weeks ago. The funeral service was held at Burns' church, Mosa, on Saturday afternoon and was conducted by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Robertson. Interment was made in Kilmartin cemetery. During a brief service at the house Miss Jean Hodgins of London sang the affecting hymn, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul." The late Mr. Campbell was born in the township of Brooke. He leaves his wife (formerly Miss Bessie Munroe) and a family of two boys and one girl, John, Emerson and Wave, at home. He is also survived by two brothers and four sisters, Duncan of London, Dan J. of Ekfrid, Margaret of Harrisburg, Vermont, Mrs. Elijah Armstrong of Euphonia, Mrs. Kate Leitch of Metcalfe and Mrs. Frank Allan of Sarnia.

FAVORS CHINESE LABOR

"An old farmer" of Grey county, writes in the Farmers' Sun:—"Judging from what I see in the daily papers respecting the class of immigrants that are coming to our country, I can understand that no farmer would care to have his family associate with them, but I am satisfied that a class of people are being barred out of the country entirely who, if allowed here, would soon reduce the cost of living by cheaper production."

"But I hear some Trade Unionist declare 'We don't want cheaper living, if it is to be obtained by a reduction in the price of labor.' To such I have to say that there has got to be a reduction in its cost or farmers will have to follow the trade unionist example, and go out on strike. My ancestors produced in their home every thing they required to feed and clothe themselves, and were not uncomfortable, and I believe the farmers and their families of today, if compelled, can and will do the same."

"I have referred to a class that are being barred out of Canada, because they would provide cheap labor. It is the Chinese—but up goes the Labor Unionist's hands again in holy horror, and he cries, 'What, bring those idol-worshipping laborers into our civilized country? Never.' We are sending missionaries to China to civilize and Christianize them, and it would be much better to bring them here, where they would have all the advantages, while they helped to develop the resources of the country."

"We have a few Chinese, mostly from the coast cities of China, scattered in the towns and cities of Canada, and judging from day to day, they appear to be the most law-abiding people we have, especially among the foreigners."

"But it is as agricultural laborers I would advocate their being brought to our country, and any provision for their free admission to Canada would make it obligatory that they act in that capacity. To secure suitable people for farm work it would be necessary to go to the agricultural sections in the interior of the country. I am assured by people who have resided for many years in these sections that the agricultural classes are most satisfactory in every respect, being industrious, temperate and honest."

All things have elements of good in them. Most things can be overdone. Religion is no exception to the rule. The religious mania is as dangerous to humanity as the speed mania. A twelve-cylinder car on a crowded highway.

Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

House For Two Hundred Hens.

C. T. We are planning to build a poultry house 14x45 feet, shed roof type. As it costs so much to build, would like to get the right idea on how to build. Do you think a shed roof type practical? How would you arrange the curtain space in front to be twice the area of glass? The house is to be four feet in the rear and eight feet in front, on about an eight-inch wall. Are dirt floors practical where it is filled in to the top of about an eight-inch wall? Would that size of coop house two hundred Leghorns? How would you arrange roosts to be out of draughts with so much open space?

The shed-roof type of poultry house is practical and is used extensively by experienced poultrymen. It is high enough in front to permit the operator to work inside with ease, and all of the melting snows and rains drain off at the rear. This prevents much of the mud and water in front of the house where the birds walk.

It is more simple to build than other styles of houses and most farmers can construct them without the help of a skilled carpenter. And labor costs money.

A practical plan is to allow a square foot of glass to sixteen square feet of floor space and a square foot of maulin curtain to each eight feet of floor space. They might be arranged in each laying house or section of a laying house.

We do not like dirt floors in a poultry house unless the dirt is sand. Garden loam becomes very dry and dusty in a poultry house and the scratching of the birds fills the house with dust, making it unhealthy both for the birds and the poultryman who must work in the house. A cement floor covered with a couple of inches of sand makes a fine floor. If the walls are of cement to keep out rats and furnish a firm foundation, a good floor might be made all of sand. In that case it should be filled in early in the summer so that it can dry out thoroughly before fall. If a house is damp because of a damp floor it is apt to result in colds and roup during the fall and winter.

A 14x45 house would be satisfactory but that only gives an area of 630 square feet. We believe that 200 Leghorns will do better if they have four square feet per bird or 800 square feet. We would build the house 20x40 and divide it in the middle two sections, each 20x20. The partition would help to keep the house warmer in the winter and the door between the two sections could be left open in the summer when more air is needed. When a house is twenty feet deep the birds roost at the back of the house, far enough for the open front so they are not touched by draughts. We would never wish to build a house less than fourteen feet deep because the birds would have to roost too close to the windows. And we believe that a house twenty feet deep is more satisfactory than the fourteen-foot deep.

At the back of the house a roosting platform can be constructed. Roosts can be made of two-by-three pieces with the upper edges rounded. Nail these roosts in sections of three each and hinge the sections to the back wall of the house. Then they can be raised and hooked to the ceiling when the dropping boards need scraping. The nests can be built in portable sections which can be placed against the side walls of the house.

A B C's of Sheep Raising.

Age of sheep can be told by the teeth. A yearling has two broad teeth in centre of front of lower jaw. Two years old, four broad teeth; three years old, six broad teeth.

Buildings for sheep need not be expensive. A shed open to the south is enough shelter, except in severe weather.

Castrate lambs when from eight to sixteen days old. Cut off the end of the scrotum to permit drainage. Remove testicles quickly, but not roughly.

Save the Used Oil.

There is no question but that it is profitable to drain the crank-case of the automobile engine each thousand miles, if the best results are to be secured.

With a kerosene-burner factor the crank-case should be drained at the end of each ten-hour run, for kerosene condenses rapidly, and much of the vapor is forced past the piston rings down into the oil-pump to contaminate the lubricating oil.

As oil is cheaper than repairs we naturally use much of it. In days

past we used the oil from the crank-case to kill ants, mites, etc., but now we have found a better use for it. By mixing the used engine-oil, after it has been strained through cloth, with the same amount of steam cylinder-oil, we have as good a machine oil as we ever used. This blend of oils gives perfect satisfaction when used on both high and low-speed machines; in fact, we consider it the best to be had, and the cost, everything considered, is very moderate. By changing the mixture we can secure an oil of almost any viscosity. Try it.

The attendance of 1,201,000 in 13 days at the Canadian National Exhibition last year was greater than ever attained by the big world's fairs at Paris, London, Chicago, San Francisco, etc., in the same number of consecutive days.

Like many other successful institutions the Canadian National Exhibition was in financial straits many times in its early career, but the personal notes of the Directors kept the gates open. Last year it paid a surplus of \$175,000 to the City of Toronto.

TORONTO EXHIBITION



Be sure to visit our exhibit in the Manufacturers' Building No. 2. OWENS-ELMES, LTD. 89 Yonge St. Toronto

Financial Notes

Of Interest to Investors.

Ottawa—Deputy-Minister of Agriculture Drisdale, who has just returned from the West, states that the crop situation is excellent and that the crop will be well above the average.

Montreal—Grand Trunk Railway earnings for the last 10 days of July amounted to \$3,837,569, an increase of \$769,234 over the corresponding period last year, or 25.07 per cent.

Victoria—A local syndicate has acquired \$3,000,000 of British Columbia securities for cash at the rate of 98.91 for the whole issue. The loan will be used for construction work on the Pacific Great Eastern Railway.

Montreal—C.P.R. earnings for the last 10-day period of July totalled \$5,600,000, an increase of \$1,009,000, or 21.9 per cent. over the corresponding period a year ago.

Vancouver—The Thurston-Flavelle interests of Port Moody have purchased the Brunette sawmills for a price approximately \$1,000,000. A new company is to be formed and Mr. L. A. Lewis, who has been general manager for several years, will retain an interest in the new concern.

Halifax—The development of the steel shipbuilding industry in Nova Scotia is now regarded as assured.

Welfare of the Home

Take Infinite Care to Guard Baby's Food.

There are a great many rules for feeding babies, particularly for the mother who has to feed her baby from a bottle. Never ask your neighbor's advice. Always go to a doctor or nurse; find out just what you should feed your baby.

Don't forget how to get good clean milk and how to take care of it so it will stay so. Keep the bottles and nipples and everything that baby's milk touches perfectly clean by frequent boiling in salt water or borax water when not in use.

If you must use a bottle for your baby, don't give him plain cow's milk. Cow's milk is much stronger than mother's milk, and so too strong for a tender baby's stomach. Cow's milk must always be modified or mixed with water and other things that the doctor will tell you about. Don't try to modify the milk yourself until a doctor or nurse has shown you how. You might do it wrong and do your baby a great deal of harm.

If baby leaves a little milk in the bottle when he gets through feeding, never save it for the next time. Never feed baby old milk or milk that has stood after part of it has been used. It is very likely to make him sick, because the tiny bacteria have had a chance to grow in it. It is better to waste a little than to run the risk of wasting your baby.

Cleanliness is Chief Need.

Don't feed the baby cold milk; remember that the milk that nature meant baby to take is as warm as your own blood. If his little stomach has to warm the milk up for itself it is pretty sure to be harmed by it.

But never stick your finger in baby's milk to see if it is warm enough. Your finger may look perfectly clean, but remember a magnifying glass. There may be thousands of them on a finger that looks perfectly clean. If you put them in baby's milk they will grow there very rapidly and turn it to poison.

And, worst of all, don't put the nipple of the bottle into your own mouth to see how warm the milk is. You can't tell what bacteria may be hiding in your mouth. You are grown up and strong and well. There may not be enough of them to do you any harm, yet there may be enough of them to kill your baby, especially when they have a chance to grow in his milk. Besides, you may be coming down with some disease that hasn't shown itself to you yet. Many a little one has taken consumption or diphtheria or some other deadly disease from a careless mother or nurse who has insisted on putting the nipple of baby's bottle into her own mouth.

The best way to tell if the milk is warm enough is to dip up a little with a clean spoon that has just been in boiling water and hasn't had your fingers on its bowl since, then taste of the milk from the spoon, and don't put the spoon back in the milk.

It is best always to taste a baby's milk before feeding it not only to find out if it is the right heat, but to make sure that it is not sour. Never give your baby sour milk. It is very likely to make him seriously sick.

The Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company has now launched its seventh vessel and engineers who have had an opportunity of inspecting it state that it is the best steamer of its kind which has been launched on the Atlantic coast since the inauguration of the steel shipbuilding industry in Nova Scotia.

Steel shipbuilding at New Glasgow has become so firmly established that launchings have ceased to be of special interest and are now looked upon as a matter of course. The Volundia is a steamer of 2,800 tons displacement capacity which has just been launched.

The Scotia Company has another 2,800-ton vessel now on the stocks and nearing completion, and preparations are being made to lay the keel of still another on the berth just vacated by the Volundia. In addition there is under construction at the present time the hull of a large steel cruising vessel.

Condensed Milks.

"Condensed milks have a distinct use in the home and in the sick room," says a recent experiment station bulletin. "When properly prepared they are more digestible than fresh cow's milk, a strong point in their favor. While they can not be regarded as absolutely sterile, as the heat to which they are subjected is not necessarily high enough to kill all disease germs, they are probably more nearly sterile than most raw milk, and if properly kept after opening are less liable to spoilage and decomposition. As an exclusive diet for young children they are not recommended, because of their deficiency in fat. An unsweetened condensed milk properly diluted with water, and with cream and milk sugar added, would offer a very satisfactory substitute for human milk." The sweetened condensed milks are a good substitute for sugar and cream in coffee, if sugar is scarce.

Is there a leak in the sole of your boot, though it shows no holes? Warm a little beeswax and mutton suet until liquified. Rub some of this over the soles where the stitches are.

When at the Toronto Exhibition

Be sure to visit the CECILIAN EXHIBIT in the MANUFACTURERS' BUILDING, where a Fine Display of Cecilian Pianos, Player-Pianos, and Cecilian Concertphones will be shown.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE
The Cecilian Co., Ltd. 247 Yonge St., Toronto (Near Eaton's)

Electricity—the Housewife's Friend

Living is more complex than it used to be, and we'll never get back to the old ways and conditions. Every housewife presents a living arithmetic problem, for her duties have been added to, often multiplied, while her help has been divided and in many cases subtracted altogether; and unless modern inventions are made use of, it is not difficult to guess the results.

When electricity is available, and it should be everywhere, arrangements should be made to run out of the washer, which is refilled with clean water. The current is again turned on, the water is heated, and in a few moments the dishes are sufficiently rinsed to be taken out of the washer, when contact with the outer air dries them and they are ready to put away. Time, strength and dish-towels are all saved by this process.

Any one who has lived with old-fashioned furniture will appreciate the help afforded by a vacuum-cleaner. Sweeping day holds various problems for the busy housewife, and there are times when moving an ancestral bed or a heavy bureau seems to be the "last straw." The vacuum-cleaner, if properly manipulated, gathers up the dust from under such furniture, doing away with the necessity of moving it every time the room is swept. The attachments for cleaning mattresses and curtains are also of great assistance.

Electrical equipment for all phases of laundry work is available, such as the washing-machine, the mangle, and electric iron. The woman who has spent many weary hours leaning over the old-fashioned tub and wash-board is best able to appreciate the advantages of such helps as these.

These are only a few of the things electricity will do for farm women. The current can be used for making ice as well as for cooking food; not only in the kitchen, but by means of proper appliances, coffee, toast, grid-dle-cakes and numerous other dishes can be prepared at the table. While for removing dust from hats, woolen clothing and carriage robes, it has no equal—and electricity is cheap, compared with elbow-grease and real backbones.

Sewing on a machine which is run by electricity is pastime compared to the old method; for the current is turned on or off at will, and the work needs only to be guided by the hands. The work progresses rapidly and there is no strain connected with it.

There is that never-ending job of washing dishes. Three times a day, 865 days in the year—only this year we have an extra day, so the job has to be done three times oftener than in ordinary years.

Here again electricity can be called upon to help the housewife, for with an electric dish-washer the dishes for a family of average size need be washed but once a day. With a larger family, the process takes place often-

Chemical Effects of Humus.

First, humus contains readily available plant-food. It is soluble and contains the material from which it was derived. These include particularly nitrogen and phosphorus, but all other plant food elements are present. The availability of these constituents varies with the sample of humus. That obtained from stock manure, green manures, and leaf mould is usually very available. That derived from peat and muck soil, particularly the former, may be quite unavailable when first taken from its natural position. This unavailability is due to a sterilized condition of the soil resulting from the antiseptic properties of bog water.

Second, humus increases the availability of the plant food in the soil particles. As has already been shown, the composition of humus is complex. As a result there is certain to be a union between its constituents and some of the mineral compounds in the soil by which the solubility of the latter is increased. The presence of humus, therefore, insures a larger use of food in the soil than is possible in its presence.

Threshing Beans.

Take a large bag, such as bran comes in, cram all the beans you can get in, tie up and beat with the flat side of a shovel or spade for about a minute or two, depending on how dry and brittle the vines are. Then, turn out into a barrel, shake out the vines and leave beans and small refuse in barrel. Some good windy day, let the wind blow through them by turning them into another barrel from a pail held about three feet above the barrel. It only takes about five minutes to fill and thresh a bag. When you get through, your beans, vines, etc., are all cleaned up. Vines can be burned soon as job is done.

The attendance the first year of the Canadian National Exhibition in three weeks was 1,011,000. Last year there was a daily average attendance of over 92,000 for thirteen days, a total of 1,201,000.

Milking 25 Cows In 60 Minutes

PRETTY good milking you will admit! Yet it is by no means unusual for one man with a Macartney double unit to milk a herd of this size in less than an hour.

What this means in dollars and cents is easily illustrated. The average person milks about 8 cows in an hour, by hand. Figuring wages and board at 25 cents an hour, handmilking one cow costs about 3 cents or 75 cents for the entire herd. Twice a day for 365 days means a wage expense of \$547.50.

At 25 cents an hour the labor cost, per cow with the Macartney Milking Machine, is 1 cent, or 25 cents per day. Twice a day the year 'round this would mean a milking cost of \$182.50, or a yearly saving of \$365.00 through the use of the Macartney Milking Machine.

Simple figures but very expensive. And remember that Macartney means less hired help and more time for other important work in the fields.

The Macartney Milking Machine Co. Limited
OTTAWA
Please send me full particulars about the Macartney Milking Machine

The Macartney Milking Machine Co. Limited
315 CATHARINE ST. OTTAWA
(B-1)

THE PEOPLE CHRIST ADMIRE

Christ has been pictured so much as a dreamer, a gentle idealist that it has become habitual for thousands to think of Him so. They find it difficult to conceive of Him in any other way. But the Christ of the New Testament is not so. He is in direct contact with life as no one else has ever been. He knows men as no other man has known them. "He knew what was in man." And He knows the forces back of life, the thoughts that fill our minds, the motives that lead us to do this or that; thoughts and motives that we perhaps would want no one else to know. Hence, it is not hard to ascertain the kind of people that He respects the most. It comes out on page after page of the gospels.

In His parables He continually refers to the man who acts. He loves the man who decides on a course, and then follows it up with action. Here is the great story of the talents. The first man was entrusted with ten talents, the next with five, the last with one. Each was to use the money the best he could, and increase it, the talents representing the ability of the man. To make it more concrete, it may be interesting to know that a talent was about twelve hundred dollars. The first two are persons of enterprise and alertness. They invest the money and get good returns. The third is a pessimist. He complains about his employer, and loafs on the job. He says, he has a hard man to work for. The first two are highly commended for their faithfulness, but the last is denounced for his idleness. Take the case of the widow who is determined to have justice, and keeps at it, until she gets it. (Luke 18:2.) Then, there is the friend at midnight (Luke 11:8), who came and hammered till he got his loan. Or, there are the virgins who looked ahead, and bought extra oil, to be used in case of emergency. (Matthew 25.) All these instances turn on the use of the will. They represent energy, as a prime quality in successfully entering and living the Kingdom life. But the person of indecision, the one who does not know his own mind, is at the other end of the scale. He gets short shrift. These people represent the "half-thought-out-life," as it has been well called. They are the drifters, the slackers. This, Jesus pounds home until it would seem that there should not be a drifter in all the churches anywhere, at least among the folks who have read the Bible attentively.

There is the fellow who is forever saying what he is going to do, but never does it. And there is his brother who receives a new idea with utmost enthusiasm, but is so shallow that he cannot go on with it.

But it must not be supposed that Christ is for the strong only, the favored and the few. He has a place for the most unpromising, the weak, the outcast, if they will only act up to the limit of their strength and intelligence. The poor man who goes up to the temple and beats his breast, saying, "God be merciful unto me a sinner," the widow who drops her mite into the treasury, for all such he has praise and promise. And when those come to him, who have travelled the broad highway that leads downward, and look to him for help, what a welcome they receive! Think of the woman of the street, who came uninvited to the banquet (Luke 7). Think of Zacchaeus, who had gotten his wealth by grafting on the taxes, and who promises to restore whatever is not rightfully his. Action, decision, energy in pursuing what one knows to be the right course, is the quality that the Master of men rejoices to find.

One time a country preacher was holding some revival services. In the congregation was a farmer whose wife was a devoted member of the church. The farmer himself resolved to turn over a new leaf, and become a Christian. He went to the pastor and asked how he should begin. "Go and act," said the minister, "just as you believe that a Christian should act." The man went home, and the next morning he asked the blessing at the table. He had never done such a thing before, but he did the best he could. Then he asked one of the children to bring the Bible. He read a chapter, and knelt and tried to offer a prayer. It was awfully hard work, but he got through as well as he could. His wife was scandalized. "How can you do this when you are not a converted man?" He replied, "The pastor told me to do whatever I believed a Christian would do, and I always believed that a Christian father ought to have family worship." But now came the rub. He and his neighbor, Mr. Brown, across the road, had not spoken to each other for three years. They had had trouble over an auction sale. He went over to Mr. Brown's, found him milking, and told him he was sorry for what had happened, and wanted to hold no grudge against any man. They shook hands, and our farmer had not gone many steps in the direction of his house when he knew that a change had come in his life. He had acted on the light he possessed, and action had brought peace.

In the event of rain at the Canadian National Exhibition it is possible for the crowds to spend days in profitable sight-seeing indoors with nothing more formidable to face than a few steps over paved streets and walks from one building to another.

CANADA'S LARGEST TELESCOPE IN B.C.

SECOND LARGEST IN THE WORLD EQUALS BEST.

Was Built for Dominion Gov- ernment Just Before the War Started.

It will be news to many to learn that near Victoria, B.C., is an astronomical observatory possessing a telescope which for some time was the largest and most perfect of its kind in operation, and which is still a good second in point of size, while equal to the best in efficiency.

In order to peer farther and farther into the depths of space and to discover the true nature of our universe, it is necessary to use more and more powerful instruments. For a number of years the largest telescope in Canada was at the Dominion Observatory at Ottawa. It is 15 inches in diameter and about 20 feet in length. It has been used continually from its erection in 1905, but the need of something greater was felt, and in 1913 the Government placed an order for one larger than any then in existence.

Two Types of Telescope.

Now there are two distinct types of telescopes. In one type there is placed at the upper end of the tube a lens, through which the light from the heavenly body passes and is thereby converged to a focus, or to form an image of the body. Such a telescope is called a refractor. In the second type there is a concave mirror at the lower end of the tube. This is of glass, silvered on the front surface, not the back as in an ordinary looking glass. Upon this the light falls, is thrown back, and thus brought to a focus. Such a telescope is a reflector. The telescope at Ottawa is a reflector. The refractor is the kind we are most accustomed to. Indeed, refractors could not possibly be made as large as the latest reflectors.

The contract for supplying the mirror and the other optical parts was given to the Brushwell Co., of Pittsburgh, while that for the mounting was given to Warner and Swasey, of Cleveland. This was in October, 1917. Immediately an order was sent to the St. Gobain Glass Co., of Paris, France, for the glass disc required for the great mirror. On the second attempt the disc was successfully cast at the works of the company at Charleroi, Belgium; and by great good fortune it was shipped from Antwerp a few days before the declaration of war. It arrived in Pittsburgh early in August. The glassworks were wrecked by the Germans soon afterwards.

When it was received the great disc was 73 1/2 inches in diameter, 13 to 15 1/2 inches in thickness, and it weighed nearly 5,000 pounds. After six months of work upon it, the edge had been cut truly round, the lower surface had been made flat and the upper surface had been hollowed out in a spherical shape. At the edge it was then 12 inches thick, at the centre 11 1/2 inches, and its weight had been reduced to 4,340 pounds.

Then began the process of "figuring" the surface. By this the surface is changed from a spherical to a paraboloidal form. To get this shape about one-eighth of an inch of glass had to be removed from the centre of the mirror, and less and less as one approached the edge.

While the great mirror was being slowly fashioned the massive and complicated mounting had been constructed at Cleveland. It is a triumph of mechanical engineering. The moving parts weigh 45 tons, and yet it is so nicely balanced that the current from an ordinary electric lamp, passing through a motor, is sufficient to move it promptly into any position required for observing any object in the sky.

Fulfills All Expectations.

The mounting was completed in May, 1916, and during the following summer it was shipped to Victoria. The observatory, on San Juan Hill, 700 feet above sea level and eight miles from Victoria, The B.C. Electric Railway passes along the foot of the hill, and a fine road, one and a half miles long, to the summit, was built by the B.C. Government. One section of the mounting weighed 9 1/2 tons and twelve horses were required to pull the truck carrying it to the observatory. The sheet metal observatory building and the mounting were completed in the autumn of 1916, but the great mirror did not come until 18 months later.

The instrument has been in use over two years, and it has fulfilled all expectations. The staff of the observatory consists of Dr. J. S. Plaskett, who was for some years at the University of Toronto and later at Ottawa; W. E. Harper, whose home was near Owen Sound; R. K. Young, of Blinbrook, near Hamilton; and H. H. Plaskett, son of the director.

Some beautiful photographs of some of the heavenly bodies have been taken, but the telescope is chiefly used for photographing the spectra of stars, in this way determining what substances are in those stars and also the speed at which they are moving toward or from us.

Pungent and acid tastes are perceived by the tip of the tongue; the middle tastes sweets and bitters; while the back and lower parts taste fatty substances.

AUTO SPARE PARTS
For most makes and models of cars. Your old, broken or worn-out parts replaced. Write or wire us describing what you want. We carry the largest and most complete stock in Canada of slightly used or new parts and automobile equipment. We ship C.O.D. anywhere in Canada. Satisfaction or refund in full our motto. Shaw's Auto Salvage Part Supply, 922-921 Dundas St. W., Toronto, Ont.

I Profit by Parcel Post.

After four years of selling direct to consumers by mail, I have learned that the parcel-post system is one of the biggest boons that has ever come to country people, providing they use it intelligently. I have also discovered that advertising pays big profits, as I have used it extensively during the past few years.

I began selling by mail on a small scale at first, because I was a little dubious of its feasibility. But after my doubts were dispelled, I gradually added to my line of mail products. The mail plan of shipping saves me much expense in marketing; besides, I get better prices for my goods by this method. If I sold my products to retailers I could not expect so much as consumers are willing to pay.

My plan also saves consumers some money, as I can afford to sell for a little less than retailers ask for the same products. In addition to the money saving, consumers have the advantage of getting strictly fresh goods that have not laid around the store a few days before they are sold. Everything that can be shipped by parcel-post I sell in this way. I get my customers through advertising. During the spring and summer, when vegetables are in season, I run a small advertisement once a week in the local papers, telling of some vegetable that is ready for the market, and soliciting orders. This is all that is necessary, for after the first sale to a customer of each vegetable, I get enough repeat orders to exhaust my supply of that particular vegetable.

In the fall I dispose of my poultry in the same way. I raise ducks, geese and chickens. Of course, they must be dressed and packed in ice before shipping, but the higher price I get for them more than pays for my trouble. Dressed poultry always brings better prices than live poultry, and during the holidays I reap a big harvest from my ready-made supply.

During the late fall and early winter, dressed wild rabbits are another source of income to me. I have more orders for these than I can fill. Hickory-nuts and butternuts are easily shipped by parcel-post, and I usually sell all that I can gather. I never expect to get rich from the sale of nuts, but the best part of their sale is that they are largely profit.

Attractively displayed and neatly packed wares, and the superior quality of my goods, are my best advertisement.

Keeping Desert Chiefs Friendly

By her successful protection of the caravan routes France has earned the gratitude of the people of the regions that border on the great Sahara. Many of these great trade caravans are literally moving cities. They sometimes consist of 12,000 camels, to say nothing of horses, donkeys, sheep and goats.

As showing the constant effort that the French officials make to establish friendly relations with the natives it may be mentioned that several times each year the commandants of the French posts along the edge of the Sahara organize fantasia in honor of the Arab sheiks of the region. The sheiks come in to attend them followed by great retinues of turbaned and splendidly mounted retainers, and with the same enthusiasm with which an American countryside turns out to see the circus.

Races with valuable money prizes are arranged for the visitors' horses, and before the sheiks leave they are presented with ornate saddles, gold mounted rifles and sometimes with crosses of the Legion of Honor.

In return for this hospitality they willingly agree to capture and surrender certain fugitives from justice, to warn the more lawless of their tribesmen that the plundering of caravans must cease, to furnish quotas of recruits for the native cavalry and to send in for sale to the remount department a large number of desert bred horses. Most important of all, they go back to their tented homes in the desert immensely impressed

tisement. The repeat orders are the result of quality products neatly packed and shipped. They look appealing to the consumer when he receives them, and they taste just as good as they look.

Some things, of course, can not be distributed by parcel-post, but it pays to deal direct with everything that can be shipped by mail.

BABY'S GREAT DANGER DURING HOT WEATHER

More little ones die during the hot weather than at any other time of the year. Diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera infantum and stomach troubles come without warning, and when a medicine is not at hand to give promptly the short delay too frequently means that the child has passed beyond aid. Baby's Own Tablets should always be kept in the house where there are young children. An occasional dose of the Tablets will prevent stomach and bowel troubles, or if the trouble comes suddenly the prompt use of the Tablets will relieve the baby. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Farmer.

He loves his hearth, and seldom ventures far
Beyond his placid homestead on the hill,
Simple his wants, few his ambitions are;
His sturdy hands prepared his needs to fill.
Days pass, and find him ever in the fields;
The evening sees him in exhausted sleep;
Month follows month, and season to season yields;
He carries on his task to sow and reap.
No glory crowns his work. Elusive Fame,
The warrior's guardon, seems his rustic brow.
Exploits of sword or pen may win a name,
But not the humbler conquests of the plow.
Yet I would hail him super-knight,—
Who dares
Do battle with the very earth, and aims!

The Harvest.

Others, I doubt not, if not we,
The issue of our toils shall see,
And (they forgotten and unknown)
Young children gather as their own
The harvest that the dead had sown.
—Browning.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

TWO CHARMING DESIGNS



9616
Transfer Design
No. 1045

9616—Ladies' Dress (37 or 35-inch length from waistline). Price, 35 cents. 7 sizes, 34 to 46 ins. bust measure. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yds. 36 ins. wide. Width, 1 1/4 yds.

9274—Ladies' Dress (inside or shorter length). Price, 25 cents. In 7 sizes, 34 to 46 ins. bust measure. Size 36 requires 5 yds. 40 ins. wide; contrasting, 1 yd. 36 ins. wide. Width, 1 1/4 yds.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Ont.

A TONIC FOR THE NERVES

The Only Real Nerve Tonic is a
Good Supply of Rich, Red
Blood.

"If people would only attend to their blood, instead of worrying themselves ill," said an eminent nerve specialist, "we doctors would not see our consulting rooms crowded with nervous wrecks. More people suffer from worry than anything else."

The sort of thing which the specialist spoke of is the nervous run-down condition caused by overwork and the many anxieties of today. Sufferers find themselves tired, low-spirited and unable to keep their minds on anything. Any sudden noise hurts like a blow. They are full of groundless fears, and do not sleep well at night. Headaches and other nerve pains are part of the misery, and it all comes from starved nerves.

Doctoring the nerves with poisonous sedatives is a terrible mistake. The only real nerve tonic is a good supply of rich, red blood. Therefore to relieve nervousness and run-down health Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should be taken. These pills make new, rich blood, which strengthens the nerves, improves the appetite, gives new strength and spirits, and makes hitherto despondent people bright and cheerful. If you are at all "out of sorts" you should begin taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Writing Letters Miles Away.

A wonderful typewriter has just been tried for the first time between Newcastle and London. That sounds odd, as if it were a motor-car, but this typewriter types its letters hundreds of miles away.

It is a new form of telegraph instrument, and as the key of any letter is tapped, this letter is printed on a paper ribbon by a little lettered wheel, whose movements are controlled by the electric currents sent from the instruments.

The keyboard is just like that of an ordinary typewriter, and forty words a minute can be written in York or Glasgow by a man tapping his machine in Birmingham or London.

Their Wireless Wedding.

With the bride at the church and the groom in a battleship, what is believed to be the first marriage by wireless is reported.

The bridegroom, Mr. John R. Wakeman, is a sailor on board the U.S.S. Birmingham, and the bride is Miss Mabel Ebert, of Detroit, U.S.A.

About 1,000 miles off the California coast, the ship's chaplain read the ritual received by the ship's wireless, while Miss Ebert and her friends were assembled in the First Presbyterian Church, Detroit.

Here the Rev. C. E. Moir telephoned the bride's answers to a telegraph office, to be transmitted to the Great Lakes Naval Training Station and thence flashed on to the battleship by wireless.

It is usually the man who doesn't know the secret of success who is willing to impart it to others.

An old milk can makes a good rat-trap. Place bacon rind, cheese, cracked walnuts or other good bait in the bottom, and set the can in a likely place. Once inside the can, the rats will have a hard session to get out again.

Rheumatism

Now is the time
to get rid of it!
Nature is pulling for you—
The warm weather's here—
This is your chance—
Grasp it—take

Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules

Get it out of your system the easiest way!
Sold by reliable druggists for a dollar. Ask our agent or write us for a free sample. Templeton's, 142 King St. W., Toronto, Ont.

Many "Lost Arts" Are Merely Abandoned.

Tradition credits the ancients with many "lost arts." It is still common to hear people say that means unknown to us must have been employed to erect the pyramids, that the Damascus blade is beyond the power of modern cutlers, and that the art of hardening copper died with some little brown Arctic.

In point of fact, larger stones than any found in the pyramids have been quarried in America, carried across the sea and erected in buildings in England and France. If any one cared to pay for the cost there are plenty of contractors who would build a duplicate of the largest pyramid and not take so very long about it. It is doubtful if a "Damascus blade" will stand as much as a good modern hand saw or the spring of a cheap clock. Copper can be hardened by modern methods to equal any specimen that has been left to us by the ancients.

Many arts that are said to be lost are simply abandoned because there is no modern need of cultivating them, and others not even abandoned, but are employed every day and improved upon.

Sweet Potatoes.

The sweet potato may soon be a much more common vegetable in our markets than heretofore. Its season has been restricted by the difficulty of keeping it for any length of time in storage. Unlike the white potato, it began to deteriorate as soon as it came out of the ground.

This trouble is understood to have been overcome by new methods of curing, and plants specially designed for the storage of sweet potatoes have recently been established at many points in the Southern States.

The sweet potato, of course, is not really a potato at all, but a kind of yam. It is, like the so-called "Irish" potato, an American vegetable by origin.

Wise Men Say—

That luck is only a short way of spelling pluck.

That the day's mile can be shortened by prefixing an "a" to it.

That to make good resolutions is all right, but it is better to make good.

That to get things coming your way it is first necessary to go after them.

That every dog has his day, but it's not every dog that knows when he's having it.

That if you will learn the true meaning of the word N-O-W, you will soon be able to spell it the other way—W-O-N.

Country Rest.

Not only in loud hymn and psalm is God's love sung. Within the calm Of lush upon the fields and moors A holy anthem swells and soars!

Tired feet tread out a sweet delight. When paths of moss come into sight! Spent hearts sing silently; dim eyes Turn looks of praise to quiet skies! And souls a-weepy city-pressed Send God dumb thanks for country rest.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Gentlemen,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every-day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal. I would not start on a voyage without it, if it cost a dollar a bottle.

CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN.
Schr. Storke, St. Andre, Kamouraska.

Rough on Browne.

The Browne family possessed a whole sheaf of umbrellas, but they were all in sad need of repair. One morning on his way to the office Browne took them all to be mended. At lunch time he went into a restaurant, and on leaving absent-mindedly walked off with a lady's umbrella. She overtook him, he apologized profusely and returned it.

In the evening he called for the umbrellas again. He boarded a street car, and found himself sitting opposite the lady of the lunch-time episode.

She leaned over and whispered, dramatically:—"I say, you've had a good day, haven't you?"

Good stuff sells at a good price when poor stuff will not sell at all.

Fire escapes were used in Paris as long ago as 1761.

When it comes to jumping, the toad has the college athlete beaten to a frazzle.

BITS OF HUMOR FROM HERE & THERE

Stuck Up.

Johnny startled his mother by asking, suddenly:

"Mama, is there hair oil in this bottle?"

"Mercy, no, dear!" she exclaimed, "that's glue."

"Oh!" said Johnny. Then after a short silence, "Perhaps that's why I can't get my hat off."

Unjust Suspicion.

A proud young father telegraphed the news of his happiness to his brother in these words:—"A handsome boy has come to my house and claims to be your nephew. We are doing our best to give him a proper welcome."

The brother, however, failed to see the point and wrote back:—"I have no nephew. The young man is an impostor."

Tripped the Traveller.

A business man employed a traveller who thought reports were of no account. He sent in one showing several calls that he had made.

When he got back to the head office at the end of the week his employer went through the reports with him, and said, "I notice you called upon Mr. Brown. Did you find him well? Is his business prosperous?"

"Oh, yes," replied the traveller; "he is looking well and seems to be doing well."

"I am glad to hear that," replied the employer. "He was an old friend of mine when he was alive; he died six months ago and the business was closed. You must have made your report from an old directory."

MONEY ORDERS.

Pay your out-of-town accounts by Dominion Express Money Order. Five Dollars costs three cents.

The Bog of Allen has an area of about 240,000 acres, and extends into four Irish counties.

Some men will pay \$200 for a binder, use it two days in the year; \$65 for a planter, use it two days in the year; \$130 for a wheat-drill, use it a few days. Meanwhile their wives rub, rub, rub on a washboard all day long, fifty-two days in the year. A power-washer will do its work as well as a binder or any other machine, and is quite as necessary.

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs"
Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies
DOG DISEASES
and How to Feed
Mailed Free to any Address by the Author
Dr. Gray Glover Co., Inc.
112 West 31st Street
New York, U.S.A.

Classified Advertisements.

CHOICE SILVER BLACK BREEDING
Foxes. Reed Bros., Bothwell, Ont.

FOR SALE

Eking it Out.

Followed by seven sturdy and eager-eyed children, the lady with the firm lips entered the restaurant and looked round for a suitable table.

An obsequious waiter showed her to a comfortable corner and offered her the menu, anticipating a large order and a substantial tip.

"Let me see! Beefsteak!" murmured the lady thoughtfully. Then she turned to her eldest daughter. "Steak for you, Bertha?" she asked.

"Yes, please, ma."

"You, Reginald?"

"Yes, please, ma."

And so on till her seven offspring had plumped for beefsteak. Then she spoke to the waiter:

"Bring me a nice, well-cooked steak and eight plates, please!"

The astounded maitre—good phrase, that!—gasped.

"Didn't you hear me?" she demanded.

"Yes, ma'am!" he gasped. "Only I was thinking that if your family sat at that table next the lift and snuffed 'ard, they'd get more of a meal."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

Lawn tennis only came into existence in 1874.

DOUBLE BEAU!

OF YOUR HAIR

"Danderine" creates mass
of thick, gleamy waves



In a few moments you can transform your plain, dull, flat hair. You can have it abundant, soft, glossy and full of life. Just get at any drug or toilet counter a small bottle of "Danderine" for a few cents. Then moisten a soft cloth with the "Danderine" and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. Instantly, yes, immediately, you have doubled the beauty of your hair. It will be a mass, so soft, lustrous, and so easy to do up. All dust, dirt and excessive oil is removed.

Let Danderine put new life, color, vigor, and brightness in your hair. This stimulating tonic will freshen your scalp, check dandruff and falling hair and help your hair to grow long, thick, strong and beautiful.



**Know The Joy Of
A Beautiful Complexion
Hair And Hands**

They may be yours if you make Cuticura Soap and Ointment your every-day toilet preparations. The Soap cleanses and purifies, the Ointment soothes and heals redness, roughness, pimples, and dandruff. Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Lyons, Limited, St. Paul, Ont., Montreal. Cuticura Soap shaves without stings.

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"



For Colds, Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, and for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuritis, take Aspirin marked with the name "Bayer" or you are not taking Aspirin at all.

Accept only "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in an unbroken "Bayer" package which contains complete directions. Then you are getting real Aspirin—the genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over nineteen years. Now made in Canada. Handy tin boxes containing 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell large "Bayer" packages. You must say "Bayer!"

There is only one Aspirin—Bayer. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacturers of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitation, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

The Rich Flavor of POSTUM CEREAL

is at its best after boiling a full
twenty minutes; and a well made
cup of Postum is hard to beat.

Another form,
"INSTANT POSTUM,"
is made quick as
a wink, in the cup.

Grocers sell both.

DELICIOUS and ECONOMICAL

Business is Sensitive!

It goes where invited and stays where well treated.

We won't talk about ourselves, we leave that to others. All we want to say is—That its our business to buy where we can get merchandise of Quality at the very best place where "Cash" counts for most. We make good everything that our customers may not find right. A child can buy as safely as an adult so far as price is concerned for we have but one price and that always the lowest. The day of asking "extra prices" and depending upon sharp salesmanship to "put it over" is gone in all reliable stores.

Autumn Merchandise

Arriving and being placed on display for early buyers. And it will pay well to be early buyers this year.

Opened This Week

English Botany Serges

Guaranteed dye, pure wool, fine twill. Especially adapted for smart tailored suits. Prices—\$3.25 to \$6.50. Forty-eight-inch goods priced at \$2.75 to \$3.25.

Early Autumn Delivery of Silks

Very attractive values in Duchesses, Taffetas, Crepe-de-chenes, Messelines and Georgettes. New fall colors. Compare the values in silks.

Early shipment of Autumn Clothing

Fine Navy Serges, English Fancy Worsteds. Made up in special tailored way. Smart styles for all types of men. Compare our extra values at \$27.50, \$32.50, \$37.50 and \$42.50. All free from Luxury Tax. All full with Quality and Value.

Still a Few Lines to Clear

At Big Reductions

In Boys' 2-piece and 3-piece Suits. Easily one third less than real value—\$12.50 lines for \$9.50; \$10 values for \$8.75; \$9 values for \$7.50.

Balance of White Canvas Shoes—To close last pair is our aim and prices are further cut this week to make quick and sure work. A lot of Children's Slippers up to \$1.50 for 85 cents. Ladies' Shoes and Slippers worth \$2.50 for \$1.45.

Ladies' Shoes—small sizes only, worth \$5 and \$5.50 for \$2.90.

Women's White Duck Skirts—reg. \$2.25 and \$2.50, sale to clear—\$1.25.

Granulated Sugar

Only 50 lbs. to a customer during our Summer Sale for \$11.50.

J. N. Currie & Co.

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, 1000 Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—In Canada, \$1.50 per year; in the United States, \$2.00 per year—payable in advance.

Advertising—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application.

Job Printing—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programs, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc.

A. E. Sutherland, Publisher.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 19, 1920

"From advices I have received from Dr. G. E. Creelman, I am expecting a very heavy flow of immigrants from the British Isles to Ontario next year," stated Hon. Manning Doherty, minister of agriculture, this week. Dr. Creelman, who is agent-general for Ontario in England, and a former head of the O. A. C. Guelph, stated in his letter that the great majority of these immigrants would be agricultural laborers and farmers, and that most of them would be married men, accompanied by their families. "The type of men we have been getting this last season has been vastly better than ever before," said Mr. Doherty, "that is, in regard to farming. The men I have seen have been experienced and able farmers. Some of them had as much as \$10,000, and most had over \$1,000 to start them up. I advised them to put their money in the bank and go out and work with a farmer for a year or so to get experience and most of them followed my advice."

Some time ago death evidently traded his pale horse for an automobile.

It is said that eating onions will prevent a moustache from coming on a woman's lip.

And to think that in old days a woman could take ninety-eight cents and spend a delightful afternoon shopping.

If we had the doing of it, a war tax would be put on hats larger than the size of their heads worn by women at public gatherings.

I never knew an early-rising, hard-working, prudent man, careful of his earnings and strictly honest, who complained of bad luck. A good character, good habits and iron industry are impregnable to the assaults of all the ill-luck that fools ever dreamed of.—Addison.

There is a lot of talk going on about the price of shoes going to be reduced. No doubt there will be a reduction in footwear the same as in everything else, when people become more reasonable and less fastidious. So long as a question of style is allowed to sway buyers, the price of boots is bound to keep up.—Guelph Herald.

Try a little advertising!

Old papers for sale at The Transcript office, DISTRICT.

LETTER OF CONDOLENCE

The following touching letter of condolence and appreciation of the late Miss Sadie Lethbridge, who died recently in the mission field of Honan, China, will appeal to many of our readers.

Tait's Corners, Aug. 6, 1920.

Dear Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Lethbridge,

There is but one thought in your minds today. There is one event which so touches your life that every other event seems for the time to sink into insignificance. That event is the passing of your daughter Sadie to the higher life and to the unending service.

We, the members of the Women's Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church of Tait's Corners hasten to bring to you our message of comfort and sympathy. Our hearts are bowed with yours under the burden of a great sorrow which refuses to be lifted. The elements of sadness are strangely overcoming as we think of the close of this brave young life.

It seems so recently that we gathered together to bid her farewell. The words of benediction uttered at her departure from the home church are still fresh in our memory. The good cheer of a brave and bold venture was hers and ours as she went from us under the banner of our Church to bring healing and instruction and comfort and a beautiful Christian example to the darkened races of far Honan. We are overcome as you are overcome with sorrow. Our little congregation at Tait's Corners was never so proud of itself as on that day when Sadie Lethbridge went forth to be a missionary to China. She was ours—one hundred per cent. ours—a child of one of our homes, a product of our community, a pupil in our school, a teacher in our school, a daughter of our sister, a member of our church—all ours. Sadie Lethbridge in China was Tait's Corners in China, and we can never be more worthily represented. We are abundantly satisfied that Chinese estimate of Tait's Corners should be Chinese estimate of Sadie Lethbridge.

No one could be more devotedly loyal to the home church than she. Her letters came regularly and were intensely interesting. They were read in private and they were read in public at our meetings, and now by her death these letters become a priceless treasure of our congregation. They will be read and re-read and passed on and on, thus reminding us of the immortality of a godly life.

Again we extend to you our heartfelt sympathy. It is hard to be comforted but when we remember the difficulties and dangers through which our missionary passed during the six years of her missionary life, we must conclude that death has now saved her from many more. Honan soil is now the more precious to us all as it contains the dust which is ours, and like Honan soil Honan souls, too, become the more precious. We shall await the promptings of the spirit in our midst that another from Tait's Corners may volunteer to carry on the task so splendidly begun.

Signed on behalf of the Society, Isabella Coulthard, President.

Ruth McLean, Secretary.

The Transcript office sells blank counter check books. Handy for those not using large quantity.

THINKS CHURCH CHOIRS SHOULD BE PAID, TOO

The Bothwell Times says: Church members go to church year in and year out and little realize how much time is spent each week by the choir to prepare the music they enjoy and which is a very important part of the service. We wish to cast no slur at the minister, for he does his part well and is paid for it, or should be, but to do away with the music, empty pews would be largely in the majority. Still no compliment is expressed, and there is no established fund for the leader, singers, or organist, who are supposed to be on hand regularly. Why this should be is hard to say, excepting choirs are local talent and a "Prophet is not honored in his own country." There is considerable truth in the above quotation. People are willing to pay the price for entertainment when rendered by foreign talent and applaud and praise them, when in the majority of cases the rendition is faulty and not equal to the local singer. This reference can be equally applied to the religious and secular entertainer. It is high time that the church gave "Honor where honor is due," and pay for the enjoyment and benefit derived therefrom. In fact, it would be better for ministers and all concerned if choirs were paid and paid well. This is a progressive age. Why not fall in line?

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years Always bears Signature of

Wm. D. Gifford

FALL FAIRS

Aylmer	Sept. 29, 30, Oct. 1
Alvinston	Oct. 12-13
Alisa Craig	Sept. 22-23
Ankerburg	Oct. 12
Bienheim	Oct. 7-8
Brigden	Oct. 5
Chatham	Sept. 21-24
Comber	Oct. 12
Dorchester Station	Oct. 6
Dresden	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Essex	Sept. 25-30
Forest	Oct. 5-6
Glencoe	Sept. 28-29
Harrow	Oct. 4-5
Highgate	Oct. 11-12
Ilderton	Sept. 24
Ingersoll	Oct. 4-5
Lambeth	Sept. 29
Leamington	Oct. 6-8
London (Western Fair)	Sept. 11-15
Melbourne	Oct. 7
Merlin	Sept. 20-21
Mount Brydges	Oct. 1
Muncy (United Indian)	Sept. 29
Ottawa (Central Canada)	Sept. 10-20
Ridgeway	Sept. 25-26
Rodney	Oct. 4-5
Sarnia	Sept. 27-29
Sarnia Reserve	Oct. 6-7
Shedden	Sept. 22
S. Dorchester, Springfield	Sept. 23-24
Strathroy	Sept. 20-22
Thamesville	Oct. 5-6
Toronto (Can. Nat.)	Aug. 28, Sept. 11
Wallaceburg	Sept. 28-29
Wallaceburg	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Watford	Sept. 30, Oct. 1

The Coming of the War

Seen by Lord Loreburn

Due to Secret Diplomacy

Lord LOREBURN'S extremely interesting and valuable historical essay, "How the War Came" constitutes first of all a scathing indictment of the practical workings of secret diplomacy. It constitutes in the second place a damaging criticism of the quality of Sir Edward Grey's statesmanship.

The author is peculiarly well qualified to undertake the task in hand. As a veteran British statesman he has long been familiar with the atmosphere of the London Foreign Office and with the trend of continental politics. At the same time, as he was not connected with the Government during the war, he does not labor under the very human temptation to strain the facts a trifle in order to clear his own reputation. Moreover, he possesses the calm, dispassionate, analytical cast of mind that is indispensable for any serious and fruitful historical analysis.

Lord Loreburn describes in detail the gradual development of Anglo-French relations from the "entente cordiale" initiated by Lord Lansdowne into what was practically a defensive military alliance. This alliance, gradually cemented by secret and informal military agreements, placed Britain under an inescapable moral obligation to stand by France when the latter country was attacked by Germany. And it was this alliance, not the violation of Belgian neutrality, he says, that brought Britain into the war. On August 1 Sir Edward Grey refused to give the German Ambassador any assurance that Britain would remain neutral if Belgian neutrality were respected. And on the following day he promised naval aid to France. This aid, obviously, could not have been given without at least limited participation in the war. The German ultimatum to Belgium was delivered on the evening of August 2.

Lord Loreburn points out very conclusively the danger and weakness of drifting into a secret alliance. If Parliament had kept in touch with the negotiations between the French and British Foreign Offices it could have approved or disapproved the strengthening of the bonds between the two countries. Had it approved it certainly would have felt bound to take steps to remedy Britain's unpreparedness, to create an army able to take part effectively in a continental war. Being ignorant of the obligations to which the country was committed it allowed matters to drift, with the result that a disproportionate share of the war's burdens was cast upon France.

Moreover, Sir Edward Grey's lack of frankness during the critical week which preceded the outbreak of the war, while acting as a very sincere and laudable desire to preserve peace, had a directly contrary effect. Lord Loreburn declares. A plain statement of Britain's intention and obligation to support France would quite possibly have had a restraining influence upon the German and Austrian Jingoism. Lord Loreburn does not share the theory that Germany wished to precipitate a European conflict. The German and Austrian policy was inexcusably arrogant and domineering. But the author quotes from the British White Book to show that there was a perceptible slackening of Austria's belligerency on the last two days of July, due presumably to pressure from Berlin. What chance there was of bringing Germany to reason, according to the author, would certainly have been greatly enhanced if Britain had made a clear, definite statement of her position, instead of keeping both France and Germany in the dark as to her ultimate intentions. Lord Loreburn sums up his case with convincing force when he says:

"Secret diplomacy has undergone its 'acid test' in this country. It had every chance. The voice of party was silent. The Foreign Minister was an English gentleman whom the country trusted and admired, who was wholly free from personal enmities of every kind and who wanted peace. And secret diplomacy utterly failed. It prevented us from finding some alternative for war, and it prevented us from being prepared for war, because secret diplomacy means diplomacy aloof from Parliament.

"Let us have done with it for good."

Honoring Pilgrims.

Preparations for the tercentenary celebration in September of the sailing of the Pilgrim Fathers are already in advanced stage in Plymouth, England.

The program, as presently arranged, opens on September 3 with a civic reception. On the morning of September 4 a literary and historical conference is to take place. In the afternoon there is to be a historical procession with tableaux and a united religious service will be held in the evening.

An open-air service is to be held at the Mayflower stone on Sunday morning, September 5. This is the historic spot on the Barbican from which the Pilgrim Fathers embarked in 1620.

A play based on the story of the Pilgrim Fathers is being written for production in England. In all probability there will be a ball in the Guild hall.

From September 1 to 10 the Mayflower pageant is to be presented with Captain the Rev. Hugh Parry as the pageant master. This will later be produced in the provinces and subsequently taken to America.

Home-made Beet Syrup.

Syrup made at home from sugar beets is unpalatable, according to a report made to the Journal of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry by a committee which has been experimenting with them.

Why We Need More Money!

Last year our rates for service were increased by ten per cent.

That was the first general increase in telephone rates in over twenty-five years.

To-day the general level of commodity prices is three hundred and fifty per cent over what it was twenty-five years ago.

Our operating expenses in 1919 had increased 99 per cent over 1915, while gross revenue was only 49 per cent greater.

Wages absorbed over 56 per cent of our revenue last year, and our wage bill this year will be at least 35 per cent higher than in 1919!

It is apparent that if we are to continue to pay good wages, and so ensure good service, and at the same time pay such a return to investors as will attract new capital to enable us to extend our plant, we must earn more money!

We must accomplish both of these things, else service to our present patrons will suffer and new applicants for service cannot be accommodated!

Increased rates are the only source from which such further revenue can come!

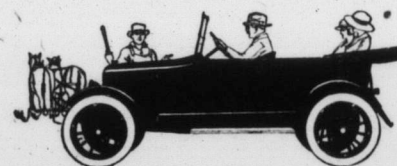
THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF CANADA



Service in Glencoe

OVERLAND motor cars require unusually little attention because of the *Triplex* Springs which protect not only the passengers but the durable alloy steels of the chassis from jolting and jarring. If service should be required, we offer full facilities for prompt and expert attention to your car. And back of Overland is one of the greatest manufacturing institutions of the Dominion.

Come in today and see one of these remarkable Overlands with Triplex Springs, whose Economy and Stamina are being established in new records every day.



WM. McCALLUM
DEALER - GLENCOE

Head Office and Factories: Willys-Overland Limited, Toronto, Canada
Branches: Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg and Regina

Particular Printing

For a first-class job of Book or Pamphlet printing The Transcript office is unexcelled. Particular attention given to this class of work.

The Road to Independence



Trouble comes to all of us at one time or another.

The man with a snug bank account, is fortified against the "slings and arrows of outrageous fortune".

It is the duty of every man to lay aside something for the inevitable rainy day.

Open a Savings Account today—and take your first step along the road to Independence.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.
GLENCOE BRANCH, 1000 R. M. MacPHERSON, Manager.
BOTHWELL BRANCH, H. R. LEWIS, Manager.
NEWBURY BRANCH, C. E. STEVENSON, Manager.
Safety Deposit Boxes to rent at Glencoe Branch.

Railway Trains at Glencoe

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Main Line

Eastbound—No. 20, Toronto express (daily) 3.15 a.m.; No. 12, accommodation (except Sunday) 9.37 a.m.; No. 18, express (daily) 2.55 p.m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer (daily, no local stops) 6.05 p.m.; No. 116, accommodation (ex. Sunday) 10.40 p.m.

Westbound—No. 21, Detroit express (daily, no local stops) 4.45 a.m.; No. 75, accommodation (ex. Sunday) 7.30 a.m.; No. 117, Detroit express (daily, stops at Glencoe, Bothwell, Thamesville and Chatham) 12.40 p.m.; No. 11, accommodation (ex. Sunday) 6.37 p.m.; No. 115, International Limited (daily, stops Glencoe and Chatham) 9.55 p.m.

Wabash and Air Line

Eastbound—No. 352, mixed, 9.37 a.m.; No. 354, mixed, 4.20 p.m.

Westbound—No. 351, mixed, 9.25 a.m.; No. 353, mixed, 2.50 p.m.

Kingscourt Branch

Leaves—7.55 a.m., 6.40 p.m.
Arrives—7.05 a.m., 5.30 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Eastbound—No. 634, 12.25 p.m.; No. 672, Chatham mixed, 4.17 p.m.; No. 22, stops for Toronto passengers, 5.45 p.m.

Westbound—No. 635, for Windsor, 4.48 a.m.; No. 671, Chatham mixed, 9.20 a.m.; No. 633, 8.16 p.m.

Trains 22, 634, 633 and 635, Sundays included.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE

Mails closed—G. T. R. East, 9.05 a.m.; G. T. R. West, 6.05 p.m.; London and East, 7.00 p.m.

Mails received—London and East, 8.00 a.m.; G. T. R. East, 7.00 p.m.; G. T. R. West, 9.45 a.m.

Street letter box collections made at 8.30 a.m. and 5.30 p.m.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

THE DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

between

MONTREAL

TORONTO

DETROIT

and

CHICAGO

Unexcelled Dining-car Service.

Sleeping Cars on night train and Parlor Cars on principal day trains.

Full information from any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Hornung, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

C. O. Smith, Agent, Glencoe; telephone No. 5.

CROWERS OF

SUGAR BEETS

Now is the time to order Sugar Beet Lifters, and be sure of delivery. We furnish both Side and Centre Lifters.

We carry a full line of Farm Implements and Machinery.

Repair work a specialty.

Neil McKellar & Son

AGENTS FOR MASSEY-HARRIS CO. GLENCOE

SINGER

SEWING MACHINES

Sold all over the world. Shop in every city. See your telephone book.

Singer's best Rotary No. 115-1 Machine price \$78, payable \$5 cash, balance \$2 per month, or a discount of 20 per cent. allowed for cash.

Machines always kept in stock. A few second-hand machines for sale. Needles, Belts, Oil and all repairs kept in stock.

A few six-octave piano-case organs for sale, suitable for schools or practice. Apply

W. A. HAGERTY

All mothers can put away anxiety regarding their suffering children when they have Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to give relief. Its effects are sure and lasting.

Card of Thanks

Mrs. Peter J. Campbell and family wish to express their thanks to friends and neighbors for kindness and sympathy extended to them during the late Mr. Campbell's illness and in their bereavement.

Card of Thanks

Mr. Alex. McNeil and family wish to express their thanks to the many kind friends and neighbors for assistance rendered them during the illness of the late Mrs. McNeil, and also for expressions of sympathy in their hour of bereavement.

TOWN AND VICINITY

Cecil McAlpine has taken a position in the Merchants Bank.

The next public holiday will be Labor Day, Monday, Sept. 6th.

Kilmartin annual picnic will be held on Labor Day, September 6th.

Rev. A. A. Laing, B. A., of Beamsville is expected to occupy the Presbyterian pulpit next Sunday.

Glencoe is now lighted by the new power, which was turned on for the first time last Friday evening.

Miss Elizabeth Grant has taken a position as stenographer and book-keeper at the Transcript office.

Potatoes have had their day. Each succeeding day brings them down to the old level of spuds or murrhies.

J. Cowper of North Newbury is relieving Lee Diegon, C. P. R. agent who with his mother is holidaying for a few weeks.

Miss Marion Huston was successful in obtaining university matriculation standing on test subjects at the June examinations.

J. D. McKellar has a turnip weighing 7 lbs. on exhibition at his grain store. He says he has others on his farm that are bigger still.

G. T. R. West, 9.45 a.m.

Street letter box collections made at 8.30 a.m. and 5.30 p.m.

The marriage took place at Virdee, Manitoba, on August 11 of Miss Margaret E. Stinson, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Stinson, to Ralph E. Glass of that place.

Apples are so plentiful this season that the early varieties are not saleable and are being given away for the picking. The weather has been favorable for the development of this fruit and the quality is excellent. The packing varieties are likely to rule low in price.

Glencoe ball team went to West Lorne Monday to participate in a tournament advertised to be held there that day. Dutton and Appin teams were also expected to play, but failed to put in an appearance. West Lorne and Glencoe played two games and both were won by the former in a close score.

Anniversary services will be held at Riverside Presbyterian church on Sunday, August 29th, at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by Rev. J. K. Charlton, St. George's church, London. A garden party will be held on Monday evening following, for which the Strathroy and other prominent talent has been engaged.

The garden party which was held on Mr. and Mrs. Harvey's premises, Woodgreen, under the auspices of the I. O. O. E., proved a very successful entertainment. In the absence of Mr. Lethbridge, M. P. P., the chair was ably filled by Mr. Charlton, rector of St. John's church, Glencoe. The program consisted of vocal solos by Mr. Sheppard of Detroit and H. K. Charlton of Glencoe. Numerous readings and songs were given by Bert Rose, comedian, of London. The Strathroy band added greatly to the success of the entertainment. Proceeds were \$340.

Found—purse containing sum of money. Enquire at Transcript office.

Alex. McAlpine & Son, dealers in flour and feed, coal, salt, cement, etc.

New milk cow for sale—Charles Sutherland, Route 3, Glencoe; phone M 11-81.

Flour and feed for sale at store corner of Main and McKellar streets.—J. D. McKellar.

Lamont's annual sale of harness, etc., Saturday, Aug. 28th. Further notice next week.

The greatest clothing sale in history still going on at Mayhew's.

For sale—young large roan cow and calf. Just freshened.—Dunc. Gillies, lot 5, con. 4, Mosca.

Splendid opening for strong, active boy with fair education to learn printing. Transcript office.

A quantity of 847-12 Frost woven fence for sale at a bargain price at Galbraith Bros., Appin.

Tea, coffee, ice cream, lemonade, sandwiches and cake at Tea Garden Thursdays and Saturdays.

Dwelling house to rent; upstairs apartment; hard and soft water convenient. Apply to A. B. McDonald.

Wanted—a moderate-sized cutting box. Must be in good working order. Apply Box No. 14, Transcript office.

The next regular meeting of The Gore Farmers' Club will be held on Monday, August 23rd, at the usual hour.

Bazaar—Parnell's vacant store, Newbury, August 21st. Home baking and ice cream on sale.—Knox church Ladies' Aid.

At the Wallaceburg automobile races last week the Chevrolet won everything against a large field of competitors.

For sale—the booth privileges for farmers' picnic at Weekes' grove on August 31st. Apply to John Reycraft, Route 1, Glencoe.

The Dominion Feather Mattress Co. of Newbury pays the highest cash price for old or new feathers. Drop a card and our agent will call.

At the garden party to be given on Mrs. Currie's lawn, August 26th, Mrs. Leonard will wear a beautiful Chinese gown while giving address.

Wanted—a girl to go to Windsor to help with general housework in small

Merchants Bank staff, is home, for a couple of weeks.

—Miss Tena Marsh is visiting her mother, Mrs. Marsh, and sister, Mrs. E. M. Doull, at Perth.

—Mrs. Harry Singleton and daughter Helen have returned home to London after a visit here.

—Miss Lizzie McCracken of Thamesville spent the week-end with Miss Tenie Sutherland.

—Miss Eugene Herrington of the Bell Telephone staff is holidaying at Sarnia, Detroit and Bothwell.

—Mrs. Albert McEue and children of Detroit are spending a couple of weeks at F. C. McEue's.

—Samuel Harris of Leamington visited his niece, Miss Lizzie and Phemie Harris, over the week-end.

—Mrs. Covey and family, Toronto, have returned from a month's vacation at "The Pinnacles," Muskoka.

—Archie Munroe, formerly of the Merchants Bank staff, is spending a couple of weeks at his home here.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Poole motor-ed to London and spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Arch. McCallum.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lou Hyftenrauch and son Craig have returned home to Windsor after spending a few weeks here.

—Misses Jean and Dorothy Turner of Blenheim are spending their holidays at the home of their uncle, Wm. Stinson.

—Mrs. John A. Dobie is on a visit to her daughters, Mrs. Ross Waterworth, St. Thomas, and Mrs. John Spackman, London.

—Dr. and Mrs. Stewart of Omaha, Nebraska, and Mrs. Bennett of Detroit are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Clannahan and Glencoe friends.

—Mrs. McEachern and daughter Agnes of Muskegon, Mich., are visiting their cousin, Miss Maggie McBean, and other relatives here.

—Mitchell Dobie of Detroit visited friends and relatives in Glencoe and vicinity this morning prior to his leaving for the West on Wednesday.

—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Henry of Winnipeg, Sask., formerly of Glencoe, will regret to learn that their little son, Jackie, is seriously ill.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. M. McPherson, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Currie, motored to Port Stanley and spent the week-end with Mrs. Wortman.

—Mrs. D. H. McPherson and two daughters of Glencoe, Sask., and Mrs. Finch and two daughters of London are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey McMurphy.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Randies, Wardsville, announce the engagement of their daughter Annie to Charles Mober of Oxford, the marriage to take place early in September.

—Mr. and Mrs. T. H. King of Detroit returned home on Saturday after holidaying for a couple of weeks at Appin, their former home.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Currie of London has a situation in the Ford works at Detroit.

—J. G. Lethbridge, M. P. P., and Mrs. Lethbridge left on Monday to spend a couple of weeks at Lake Joseph, Muskoka, where their son, Geo. Lethbridge, of London has been holidaying for some time.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

—The engagement is announced at London of Miss Julia Wilhelmie Butte, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Butler, to Neville Peto Pope, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. H. Pope of London. The marriage will take place early in September.

SUFFERED DAY AND NIGHT

The Tortures of Dyspepsia Relieved By "Fruit-a-lives"

LITTLE BRAS D'OR, C. B.

"I was a terrible sufferer from Dyspepsia and Constipation for years. I had pain after eating, belching gas, constant headaches and did not sleep well at night. Finally, a friend told me to try 'Fruit-a-lives'. In a week, the Constipation was corrected and soon I was free of pain, headaches and that miserable feeling that accompanies Dyspepsia. I continued to take this splendid fruit medicine and now I am well, strong and vigorous." ROBERT NEWTON.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

family. Good wages and railroad fare paid. Apply at Transcript office.

Special bargains this week—Two 490 Chevrolets, nearly new, two extra good Fords; one second-hand Overland, newly painted, and one slightly used light four—Overland—Wm. McCallum.

The Dominion Feather Mattress Co. are located in Newbury and are making the sanitary ten-roll feather mattress from old feather beds. A card will bring our agent to see you and show sample of work.

Mrs. Hart has donated to the Daughters of the Empire a beautiful finely crocheted quilt. Tickets are 50 cents each, and are selling rapidly. The quilt will be on exhibition and tickets sold at the McKee Hall on Thursdays and Saturdays.

After the closest inspection and

Pure, Clean,
Economical

Preserved & sold only in
Sealed air-tight packets
to preserve its native
goodness.

"SALADA"

Used in Millions of Tea-Pots Daily

The Saving Hate

By MARGARET BJORNSON PEDROSE.

PART II.

The pace was maintained relentlessly for nearly three hours, and Virginia was almost dead from fatigue when at last they came to Tom Boardman's cabin, a low, heavy log structure, half buried in a clump of birch and scrub jackpines. Her husband himself met them at the door, swept her off her horse with her baggage and dismissed her escort, who wheeled and galloped off back the trail with both ponies.

"I thought you were injured," began Virginia, with indignation, when her husband had deposited her in a robe-covered rustic chair beside the roaring fireplace.

"I am—heart's bad," he replied, enigmatically, and would say no more until she had drunk a cup of hot coffee, which he prepared in a battered tin cup. Condensed milk and water formed the basis of the beverage, and his wife winced at the taste of it; but she was so cold and hungry that she finally closed her eyes and gulped it down anyway.

Her spirits rose with the warming drink and she pointedly told her husband that his sense of humor in enjoining her into the wilderness the way he had did not appeal to her at all; that he must take her back to the railroad immediately, so she could return to the city.

He smiled grimly, crossed to the door and threw open the door.

"You know the way you came," he invited, with a gesture, "start as soon as you wish."

She sprang from her chair and crossed to him on a bound. Her face was white and her eyes were hot pinpoints of hate.

"Do you mean I must stay in this—this cave?" she demanded, her voice quivering with anger.

"Hush!" He laughed and closed the door, then folded his arms across his broad chest and studied her. "I've been wondering for a long time, Virginia, if there isn't a spark of real woman lying dormant in you," he said, musingly. "By spring I shall know."

She drew in her breath sharply.

"You mean that I must stay in this—this place all winter?"

He nodded gravely.

"You animal!" she shrieked, and with a frenzied lunge, she sank her fingernails into his cheeks.

Just what happened then she did not know. But a flash of hate that had not been there before leaped into those of her husband, and she went reeling from his outthrust hands, to bring up with a severe jolt against the log wall behind her.

"Damn!" she shrieked in crescendo, and sprang at him again. "I hate you! I hate you! I hate you!"

He held her off at arm's length. He held her off with his anger, by now and his face was a mask of determined steel. He reached for a rawhide Indian dogwhip which hung along the floor. The action, instead of frightening her, increased her fury. He drew back his arm and she lashed out at him with her foot, her sharp French heel finding its mark in the cords of his knee. Then he struck, and she, with a fragmentary cry, suddenly relaxed and sank to the floor. The whip, strangely, had ceased to sting, and she lay there like a rotten string, and only a shred of the rawhide, which years before had passed the age of usefulness, remained with the blunt stock.

The man hurried down the whiststock, picked up his wife as though she were a child, and carried her into the adjoining room, where he placed her upon the bed.

He forced her to undress and don a flimsy nightgown which she had brought along with her from the city, then bundled her into the bed, procured a cobweb-covered bottle of liquor from the other room, and made her drink down a cupful of its contents.

The liquor soon took effect. The woman's sobbing sank gradually to a moan, and finally ceased. Only when she was sound asleep did the grim-faced man beside the bed leave her. Then he strode stiffly out into the other room, seated himself beside the fireplace and dropped his chin in the palms of his hands, and stared sullenly into the crackling blaze.

For a long time after her grief had subsided the woman lay without movement on the bed, her eyes wide and staring. Resolution slowly took form in her mind; and when at last she swung out of bed and got upon her feet her features were calm—deadly calm—and her eyes had a dangerous gleam. Quickly she donned the clothing which she had worn the day before.

She felt now the strain from her long ride up from the railroad, and her first attempt at walking was accompanied by excruciating pain.

She wasted no time in self-pity, however. Three turns she took across the floor of the bedroom, to limber up her joints, then passed out into the other room.

She noticed the whiststock and shreds of rotten rawhide which still lay on the floor of the main room, but only gave them a glance and tightened her lips. A sporting rifle of the light-weight, high-power type rested on the antlers of a buck deer beside the front door. She took the weapon down. Next she donned her coat. Then, with the rifle grasped in her hand she opened the door.

The outside air, in contrast to the heated cabin, was nipping cold. An extra half-foot of snow covered the ground. The limbs of the jackpines drooped dejectedly under their added burdens. But the woman with the rifle saw only the footprints of her husband as she stepped out of the cabin and took up his trail. She would follow him to where he was cutting wood, she had decided, subdue him with the rifle and at the point of the weapon compel him to guide her to the nearest settlement. If he resisted, she told herself, she would shoot him.

As she passed into the thicker scrub she heard in the distance a high-pitched shriek cry. Had she been in the right senses she would have realized there was a menace in its tone and would have paused. As it was, her instincts were subordinated by her blazing desire for revenge, and she pressed onward without the slightest thought of danger.

Other distant cries at different points covered the first one, but still the woman paid no heed. She could distinguish the ring of an axe a few hundred yards ahead, where the jackpines melted into the high forest wall, and increased her stride.

In a few moments she came in sight of the axman. He stood with his back toward her as with mighty blows he undercut the trunk of a twelve-inch pine. She concealed the rifle behind her back as she approached him.

The axman cried again, this time from the depths of the timber close by.

On the instant the man straightened, stepped back from the tree he was felling and raised the ax on the defensive. He recognized the cry, though the woman had not.

It was the hunt-call of the timber wolf.

Other wolves answered the first one. The man whirled about-face, and with

The World's Disappearing Coinage

One of the strangest results of the war was the rapid disappearance of coinage from the world's currency. England has been very fortunate, having lost only her gold. But in Europe, gold, silver, and in many cases, even copper, have disappeared from circulation.

France has paper money as low as fifty centimes—equal to fivepence in normal times—and, during the years 1915-1917, actually had paper notes of twenty-five centimes' value. Her silver has not been withdrawn, but it is very rare. The constant moving about of British troops during the war kept it in circulation to some extent in the northern parts, at any rate.

Germany's lowest paper note is ten pfennig—one penny normally. This is also the value of her highest coin.

During the war, her whole coinage was changed. Gold and silver were withdrawn, and an iron coinage substituted. To foster the spirit of patriotism, a standard ring was made, which was worn as a sign of loyalty by all Germans that had surrendered any ornaments to the State. The ring bore the words, "Gold gab ich für Eisen, 1914—Gold I gave for Iron, 1914."

To-day, even the iron money has disappeared, and the only coins left in circulation are the five and ten-pennig pieces. There is, however, one exception. In Tilsit, in East Prussia, one can find twenty-five-pennig town coins.

As a result of this change, the old laws which forbade a man to smelt coins have been repealed, and now advertisements may be seen in the Berlin papers, offering as much as four hundred marks for a twenty-mark gold coin, and ten marks for a one-mark silver coin.

All notes from one mark—normal value, 25 cents—upwards, as made by the Government, and are only valid in the district of the town whose name they bear; neither can they be exchanged abroad.

In the occupation of Russia by the German Army from 1915 until the

a start of amercement, saw his wife. "Run!" he cried. "Run for the cabin!"

Instead, she drew the rifle from behind her and took deliberate aim at his breast.

"Drop that ax!" she ordered.

His face went white, but he obeyed. The wolf cries had ceased. He knew the significance of the stillness that had fallen upon the timber. The hunt-pack was closing in.

"Tom Boardman," said the woman with the rifle, "you are going to do what I tell you, or I shall shoot you. Answer now: How far is it to the nearest settlement, and can we get there before night?"

"Virginia," he interjected hoarsely—"the wolves! They'll get us if we don't reach the cabin!"

At that moment a huge, gaunt, gray thing stole out of the woods on his right, its belly dragging on the snow. He waved his arms at it and yelled, and it slunk behind a tree. Another wolf darted into the open from behind him and launched itself at his spine. He sensed its attack, and braving a bullet from the rifle, swept up the ax at his feet and whirled to meet it. The glistering blade caught the wolf in midair and it fell to the snow.

(To be continued next issue.)

Watching An Event 200,000 Years Old.

Astronomers are now watching an event that occurred more than 200,000 years ago.

But the event took place so far away from the earth that the light rays are only just arriving.

The attention of scientists was attracted to the matter by a message from the Lick Observatory. In California, which read, "Nova Aquila now has a diameter of 3.8 minutes of the arc."

Two years ago this new star appeared in the sky in the constellation known as Aquila.

According to the astronomers, it was probably caused by the collision of a small star, flying through space, with what is known as a dark nebula—a star cluster, or group of stars, which, in itself, gave no light.

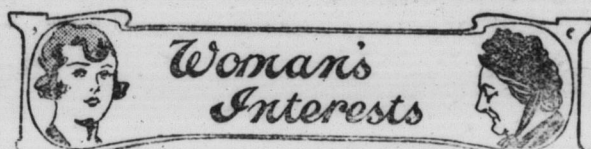
When the star hit this dark nebula the friction of its passage caused a great explosion, which lit up the rest of the dark nebula.

This illumination travelled through the nebula at the speed of light—186,000 miles a second. The astronomers, knowing the speed of light, were able to estimate, by recording how long it took the bright spot to grow to a given size as seen from the earth, how far away the light spot was.

The spot, after it had been growing for two years at the speed at which light travels, was still so small that it required a telescope and sensitive astronomical instruments to measure its size.

The astronomers compute that their measurement of the apparent size of this spot means that the flare is 217,120 "light years" away, or, in other words, the 217,120 years have been required for the light rays to bridge the distance. A "light year," or distance travelled by a ray of light in twelve months, is approximately 5,781,600,000 miles. This number, multiplied by 217,120, would give, roughly, the distance from the earth to Nova Aquila. Astronomers declare that few visible stars are known to be farther from the earth than this.

Distracted Mother: "Oh, dear! What shall I do with baby?" Young Son: "Didn't we get a book of instructions with it, mother?"



Woman's Interests

Nuggets From "Household Mines."

When my long turned out to be too soft, and I knew it would run if applied to the cake, I went confidently to my box of confectioner's sugar to add to it. I found the box empty. The icing was boiled sugar and water poured over the white of an egg, and beaten until cold. I knew I could not reboil it, so thought of using puffed wheat, crushed to a powder. Not only did it work fine, but my family remarked upon its good taste, and were glad I had been so liberal with the "nuts" in the icing. I had used a few pecans.—F. A. R.

I often think of various jobs for the men folks to do about the house, lawn, garden, or chicken yard. So I've tacked up a piece of burlap near the door leading out from the kitchen, and here I post a list of things to be done that will save me many steps. Besides this list, there are other notices on the bulletin board. I hang there a note, if I go away unexpectedly, telling where I am, and what they will find for dinner. A paper pad is fastened there with an attached pencil, whereon are jotted down, as soon as they are thought of, any articles needed from town.

When my young nephews and nieces come visiting to the country, I write a list of things they may do, one for morning and one for evening in regular routine, so they can help me. It's interesting to them to see how quickly the entire list is completed, and they are free to play or "explore."

The board has saved me much talking and directing, and leaves my mind free to act along other lines.—V. A.

Surprise Visitors.

Her house was in disorder. With things all out of place, When came her charming sister, With bright and smiling face, Together with her husband, And their wild romping son, To happily surprise her. They thought it was such fun!

She had to quit housecleaning And straighten things around— In order that sufficient room For quarters might be found. With half the task completed, And weary unto pain, She had to change her program, And gladly entertain.

A week of ceaseless duties As hostess made her heart Less happy, though reluctant Was she with them to part. And 'ere they left, an uncle, With glad light in his eyes, Arrived to pay a visit— Another grand surprise.

She bravely smiled and made them As happy as she could; For she loved each one dearly And wanted to be good. While they remained, a cousin, Who was just passing through, Knew she would be delighted— So he surprised her, too!

Before the second week passed She wore a haggard look; But still continued sweetly To entertain and cook. Her father and her mother, Their glad dream realized, And came without announcement— Once more she was surprised!

Thus came her loved ones jolly With unannounced, which had For its most worthy purpose Design to make her glad. But one who knows has stated That folks who realize, And give most joy by visits Arrive not by surprise!

Try the Other Way.

A prosperous farmer has gained the reputation of being the stingiest man in his town, and consequently is not a general favorite with his neighbors. He owns an old horse which, to put it mildly, is very thin. As if to make up for the lack of flesh on his body, however, the animal has a head many times too large. The other week he went to the expense of a new collar for the animal. A few minutes after the delivery he was back at the saddle with the collar. "Don't you know nothin'!" he blurted out. "You've made it too small. I can't get it over his head!" Over his head! replied the saddler. "Man alive, it wasn't made to go over his head. Back him into it!"

The Fairy Ship.

Pink hollyhocks in a neighbor's garden. Nod to blue larkspurs in mine. The sunshine on the green sward Is poured out like golden wine. The blue sky leans to the ambient air Like the sea to its mellow and; the great white clouds, with billowy sails Pass on to some fabled strand. Up from life's boundless horizon, Comes floating by a fairy ship. On whose prow a clear light streams. A marvelous beauty is streaming From its iridescent spirit wings. And elfin strains from some fair world Whence beauty immortal springs. Keep Minard's Liniment in the house,

EXHIBITION VISITORS

Do not forget to inspect our stock of
88 Note Piano Rolls
Perfection Rolls, 6 for \$1.00.
Pianostyle Rolls, 60c., 4 for \$2.00.
Word Rolls, 90c. Upward.
We have the largest number of selections, best quality, cheapest prices in Toronto.
We Pay Special Attention to Out-of-Town Customers.
OCTAVE MUSIC SUPPLY
8 Adelaide St. East Toronto
6 doors from Yonge St.

Teaching Trees to Dress.

Experiments carried on in England in the art of making naked boughs clothe themselves decently with leaf-buds and flower-buds have resulted this season in some very striking successes.

This work has been carried on by the National Cider Institute, on the lines of a method used for rather different purposes two hundred years ago by French gardeners.

If a tree has any part of any bough without shoots, you may clothe the naked parts without expense or much trouble. All you have to do is to cut a circle with a sharp knife, just above the place where buds should be. The cut should go through the bark and the layer below it. In respect of young wood, the cut is only a slicing; nothing is removed. In the case of older wood it may be necessary to cut out a narrow piece of bark and "cambium," or the layer below the bark.

The yield of many trees in the cider-growing districts has been much increased by this method.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians

Mexico raises more cattle in ratio to population than any other part of the globe.

COARSE SALT LAND SALT
Bulk Carlots
TORONTO SALT WORKS
C. J. CLIFF TORONTO

Beautiful Women of Society, during the past twenty years have relied upon it for their distinguished appearance. The soft, refined, pearly white complexion it renders instantly, is always the source of flattering comment.

Gouraud's Oriental Cream

"I'll tell the World"

Baby's Own Soap

The fragrant creamy lather of "Baby's Own Soap" and its absolute purity have won a great popularity.

The Hit of the Season

For the Farmer's Boy

You want him good and healthy. You want him big and strong. Then give him a pure wool jersey. Made by his friend Bob Long. Let him romp with all his vigor. He's the best boy in the land. And he'll always be bright and happy.

BOB LONG Pure Wool Worsted Jerseys
For Dad and the Lad
Full-over or Button Shoulder Style
Made for Hard Wear, Comfort and Smart Appearance
R. G. LONG & CO., Limited
Winnipeg TORONTO Montreal
Bob Long Brands
Known from Coast to Coast

HOW FICTION HEROES ASK THE QUESTION

PROPOSAL SCENE MOST IMPORTANT FEATURE.

Selections from the Writings of Different Novelists on an Absorbing Topic.

The successful novelist always knows how important the proposal scene is, especially to his lady readers, and generally manages to work up to it for all he is worth.

Dickens' proposals are the last word in artistry, but women don't cotton much to them. There is too much of the male grin in them as a rule, as though the novelist was saying to himself, "Silly young ass, too!"

Take Copperfield's proposal to the girl who afterwards became his "child-wife":

"I don't know how I did it. I did it in a moment. I had Dora in my arms. I never stopped for a word. I told her how I loved her. I told her I should die without her. I told her I idolized and worshipped her. If she would like me to die for her, she had but to say the word and I was ready. I had loved her every minute, day and night, since I saw her. I loved her at the moment to distraction. I should always have loved her every minute to distraction. No lover had ever loved, might, could, would, or should love as I loved Dora."

Edna Lyall always manages her love scenes skillfully from the feminine standpoint. This is how Donovan proposes, in the immensely successful novel of that name:

"The first time I came to you it was as a penniless outcast; the second as a friend; the next time as one who loved you, but dared not speak—May I go on? Will you hear me?"

"He took her hand in his, made her lean on his arm, still holding the little hand in his strong grasp."

"Ever since I was a young boy you have been my ideal. Oh Gladys, you little know what you did for me, what you saved my soul! You have taught me what love is and now that I am beginning to learn something of the over-lustiness of love I want your help more and more. Gladys, will you be my wife? Can you trust me?"

For quarters of an hour Gladys was silent. It was as if she were in the light of a searchlight.

How Derry did it.

There is nothing "soft" about Ansel Bennett, but he knows the battle of things, and his love proposals are true to life. In "The Card" Derry suddenly finds out that he loves the girl whom he is sending off to America with her bankrupt father. There are scraps of the following scene:

"Look here! Derry, when you and I come to a parting, I've got something I want to give you, and I've left it in a chest."

"In a sort of way, he said, he had the long hand and a dream. He had the duck to another game, and down came steep steps they clattered to the bottom."

"This way," he said, he took her by the hand and led her to the chest. "Which one is it?" she asked. "Jump in!" He pushed her in. "But I shall miss the boat!"

"I know you will. Do you think I was going to let you go by that boat? Not much!"

"But another day, I'll get it on land."

"What are you going to do with me?"

"Well, what do you think? I'm going to marry you, of course!"

"You can't think how you have staggered me!"

"You can't think how I have staggered myself!"

"But he had staggered himself into a miraculous state of happiness. She had no money, no clothes, no title, no experience, no particular gifts. But she was his."

Marie Corelli's allegory in the matter of love-making recently very largely for her treatment as popularity. Here is a sample of the way she manages the proposal of marriage in "Thelma" between the heroine and Sir Philip Erimont:

"In one second she was caught in his arms, and clasped passionately to his heart."

"Thelma! Thelma!" he whispered. "I love you, my darling—I love you!"

"She trembled in his strong embrace, and strove to release herself, but he pressed her more closely to him."

"My darling, my love, if you are not angry with me, I shall understand!"

"She hesitated. To Philip that instant seemed a long time of revolving years. Timidly she lifted her head. She was very pale, and her breath came and went quickly. He gazed at her in speechless astonishment. As in a vision, the girl's face, with its face and startled eyes, blushing more and more closely to him. Then came a touch—soft and sweet as a rose-leaf pressed against his lips."

New Machine Gun.

British army authorities are testing a new machine gun. The weight 430 shots a minute. The weight of the gun, complete with mounting, is 16½ pounds. There is no kick to the gun.

Some good harvest hands could be found in the baseball camp.

THOROLD PRISONER BARELY ESCAPES LYNCHING BY MOB

David McNeil, Accused of Murder of Four-Year-Old Girl,
Pleads Before Infuriated Townsfolk That He is
Not Margaret Beaucouck's Slayer.

St. Catharines, Aug. 16.—Canadian common-sense and spirit of British fair play to-night saved David McNeil's life from a Thorold mob of ten thousand people after the prisoner and police officers had been smoked out of the Town Hall, which the mob had set on fire.

McNeil had been formally committed for trial during the afternoon on a charge of murdering five-year-old Margaret Beaucouck.

About 10 o'clock, when darkness had set in, the mob, which had grown to immense proportions, determined to get McNeil, began to storm the Town Hall with bricks and stones.

Before long every window in the newly-built building had been shattered, and then the mob attacked the doors.

McNeil and the police officers and several reporters saved their lives by crouching in corners and holding chairs in front of them as volleys of rocks swept through the building. At first several shots were fired out of the upstairs windows to frighten the crowd, but it did not hinder them.

Then they were thrown through the shattered windows, and a couple of men rushed a bundle of hay saturated with gasoline into the ground floor. Soon the flames burst out, and eventually the smoke and flames drove the men who had been besieged since early afternoon down the stairs and out.

"We surrender," yelled McNeil, as he came down the stairs with Chief Frank Collins of Thorold hanging to his steel wristlet. A Buffalo reporter, Howard White, was just ahead of McNeil, and the crowd seized him and were rushing him off. He showed his badge and they let him go.

McNeil was seized and rushed over in front of the Town Hall to an auto. A rope taken from the town flagpole was run up a pole. McNeil had been terribly injured with bricks and sticks and his face was completely covered with blood.

"Give him a chance," called someone, and that met with popular approval. "Men, if you are men, give me a chance to make a statement," cried the blood-stained man. "It may be my last words on earth."

McNeil spoke for half an hour before a hushed crowd. He took an oath that he had not killed Margaret Beaucouck. "Only a degenerate could do such a thing," the crowd demanded why he had not made a statement before, and he said his counsel had told him not to speak.

The firemen were fighting the flames which were burning the Town Hall, so it was necessary to move from the place, so the crowd allowed McNeil to go onto the Public Library steps. There, a horrible object, he stood and pleaded for his life, and finally the whole spirit of the crowd changed.

From one section of the great audience came insistent appeals. "Give the man a chance; hand him over to the police." Finally others took up the cry, only a few dissenting, and before long it was almost a unanimous cry. When McNeil ceased speaking there was no further talk of violence.

Weekly Market Report

Wholesale Grain.
Toronto, Aug. 16.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$3.15; No. 2 Northern, \$3.10; No. 3 Northern, \$3.08, in store Port William.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 96½¢; No. 3 CW, 95½¢; extra No. 1 feed, 96½¢; No. 1 feed, 92½¢; No. 2 feed, 90½¢, in store Port William.

Manitoba barley—No. 3 CW, \$1.45; No. 4 CW, \$1.35; rejected, \$1.15; feed, \$1.10, in store Port William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.85; nominal, track, Toronto, prompt ship, nominal.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, nominal; Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, \$2.20 to \$2.30, shipping points, according to freight.

Wheat—No. 2, nominal; Buckle—\$1.22 to \$1.25, according to freight outside.

Buckle—No. 2, nominal; No. 3, \$1.75, according to freight outside.

Manitoba flour—Government standard, \$14.85, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Government standard, \$14.50, nominal.

Midland—Car lot, delivered, Montreal freight, bags included; Bran, per ton, \$6.25; shorts, per ton, \$6.10; good feed flour, \$2.75 to \$4.00.

Country Produce—Wholesale.
Eggs, select, 64 to 65¢; No. 1, 59 to 60¢; Butter, creamery prints, 59 to 60¢; choice dairy prints, 49 to 51¢; ordinary dairy prints, 45 to 47¢; butter, 35 to 40¢; Oleomargarine, best grade, 34 to 35¢; Cheese, new, large, 20½ to 21¢; twins, 30 to 30½¢; old, large, 32 to 34¢; twins, 34 to 35¢; Sultana, old, 35¢ to 36½¢; Maple syrup, 1 gal. tin, \$3.40; 5 gal. tin, per gal., \$3.25; maple sugar, lb., 27 to 30¢; Churning cream—Toronto creameries are paying for churning cream, 58 to 60¢ per pound fat, f.o.b. shipping points, nominal.

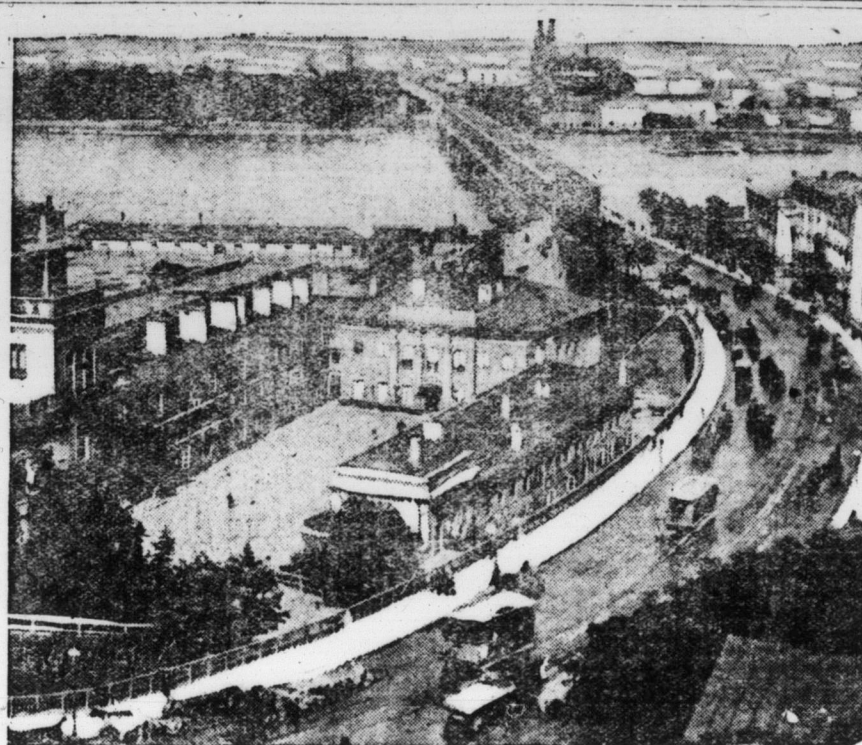
Provisions—Wholesale.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 47 to 50¢; heavy, 40 to 42¢; cooked, 64 to 65¢; rolls, 34 to 36¢; cottage rolls, 38 to 41¢; breakfast bacon, 50 to 55¢; backs, plain, 52 to 54¢; boneless, 58 to 64¢.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 27 to 28¢; clear bellies, 26 to 27¢.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 27 to 28¢; tubs, 28½ to 29¢; pails, 29 to 29½¢; prints, 29½ to 30¢. Compound tierces, 25 to 25½¢; tubs, 25½ to 26¢; pails, 25 to 25½¢; prints, 27 to 27½¢.

Montreal Markets.
Montreal, Aug. 16.—Oats, No. 2 C. W., \$1.17; No. 3 CW, \$1.14½.

Flour, Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, new stand grade, \$14.85 to \$15.05. Roller oats, 30-lb. bags, \$5.50 to \$5.85. Bran, \$5.45 to \$5.75. Shorts, \$5.15 to \$5.45. Cheese, finest Eastern, 24½¢.



General view of Warsaw, capital of Poland, showing the Alexander Bridge spanning the Vistula, across which lies the city.

VENIZELOS FIRED AT EIGHT TIMES

Premier of Greece Attacked
When Entering a French
Train.

A despatch from Paris says: Premier Venizelos, of Greece, was attacked and wounded on Thursday as he was leaving the Lyons railroad station for Nice. As the Premier stepped onto a train two men fired revolvers at him. He was wounded slightly. His assailants were arrested.

Eight shots were fired at the Greek Premier. The shooting occurred at 9:45 p.m.

Premier Venizelos was taking leave of friends, when two swarthy individuals rushed from the crowd, one firing three shots and the other five before they were overpowered. The Premier was reported wounded in the right side and the left arm.

His assailants, following their arrest, were rescued by the police from the crowds with great difficulty, the mob shouting, "Lynch him!" Both of the men were severely manhandled.

Famine and pestilence SWEEP POLAND

Red Armies Living Off Four-Times Desolated Land.

A despatch from Berlin says: No matter what the outcome of the negotiations at Minsk, the proposed conference in London or elsewhere, Poland is at the very start of the blackest of all winters that she has experienced since the beginning of the World War.

Famine and pestilence promise to be the heritage of her attack on Russia. Poland was fed very largely by the United States last winter. Now the Red forces that are sweeping over the country have advanced so rapidly that they have not kept in supplies by the railroad lines. As a consequence the men and the horses are living off the land over which they advance. Poland promises to be swept absolutely bare. Four times in the last five years huge armies have swept across the land.

Horried by what has happened to their land and with their hopes crushed, thousands of Poles are unwilling to face the winter. They want to emigrate to America.

Red Government Sends Ambassadors to Berlin and Vienna

A despatch from Paris says: Bolshevik plenipotentiaries have arrived at Berlin to resume diplomatic relations between Russia and Germany, it is reported in a despatch received here from the German capital.

The message adds that another commission has reached Vienna from Russia with a view to renewing relations with Austria.

Trafalgar Square Will be Reproduced

"The Empire Triumphant" the evening Spectacle in front of the Grand Stand at the Canadian National Exhibition this year will be a pageant of splendor, color, light and action and will provide a striking object lesson in the making and keeping of the British Empire. Trafalgar Square, a spot so alive with associations and memories for thousands of returned men and other Canadians, will be the setting for this new triumph in stagecraft and the very spirit of Nelson will seemingly hover over the scene.

Reproduced with faithful attention to detail, Nelson's monument will be shown towering 75 feet in the air, with the National Gallery in the background. St. Martin's church on the left and public buildings on the right. Profoundly impressive will be the musical treatment and divertissement, including the Empire ballet, Sailors' drill, etc., while an added touch of realism will be given by a large battle tank in action.

"Over the top with the Canadians"—and a great battleship moving majestically to her anchorage crowded with cheering blue-jackets—"Britannia Rules the Waves." Another of the many stirring episodes will be the breaking out of the largest Union Jack in the world and the trooping of the King's Colors, a gorgeous event and one of the oldest of British Army ceremonials, appropriately conducted on Trafalgar Square.

Electricity as a street illuminant was introduced to Canada at the Canadian National Exhibition in 1882.

Three violent converging attacks are under way against the Capital: along the Vistula near Alexandrov, along the Radzymin Railway via Jablonna and due west of the city along the Siedlce high road, where the Reds are storming Novominsk and have reached Gdzien.

Airplanes, piloted by German aviators, are reported to be bombing Praga, a suburb of Warsaw, and the Polish Capital is believed to be doomed to fall within twenty-four hours.

The loss of Novogorodsk disheartened the Polish Commandant, who counted on holding this key position, as the Reds were short of artillery. The fortress guns are now being turned against Alexandrov fortress, which seems sure to fall.

A Red cavalry detachment swam the Vistula near Wyszogrod and reached Sochaczew, on the Lodz Railway west of Warsaw, to-day, but were unable to cut the line, and were beaten off by the Poles, who had mounted machine guns on a railway trestle.

By entering Okunew, southwest of Radzymin, the Red forces reached a point only twelve miles from Warsaw.

The struggle is increasing in violence as the Bolsheviks are tightening their grip on the Polish Capital. French shells, fired by German gunlayers from guns captured from the French, already are dropping on Praga and other suburbs of Warsaw.

Practically all of Warsaw's 300,000 people have fled, only a few remaining.

General Weygand is reported to have telegraphed General Foch that the city is doomed, and that the position of the whole Polish army is precarious owing to Pilsudski's rejection of the French plans to evacuate everything east of the Vistula and retire behind the river, leaving Warsaw to be occupied without a struggle.

General Weygand showed the Polish Staff a map outlined by Foch personally, showing that their sole hope lay in seeking the protection behind the Vistula instead of fighting with the broad river at their backs.

Seeking Fresh Adventures
Col. Ray Collishaw, the famous Canadian airman, who is again in search of adventure, has left Canada for Russia, where he will receive a commission for service in Poland. Col. Collishaw is the most noted airman in service to-day.

AERIAL ROAD MAP FOR ALL CANADA

Air Board Will Publish a Map
Covering Auto Roads.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The road map of the sky for all Canada is in the making; in fact, it is nearly complete, and will be published by the Air Board within a day or two, according to Col. F. F. Scott, director-in-chief of civil aviation.

This map will cover every route laid out within the Dominion. One of its most important features is that it will be drawn to deal with both civil and military aviation. When revised and finally published Canada will have as complete a directory of travel through the air as it is possible to get.

There will be one vast highway across the Dominion. The map also involves an aerial survey of the whole Dominion.

Paris, Aug. 15.—The Polish Government will remain in its Capital, even if Warsaw falls, the French Government was advised this evening.

Only a few leaders will quit the city if the Reds enter, other officials remaining and hoping to prevent the Bolsheviks from establishing Soviets there.

REDS ATTACKING LAST REMAINING FORTRESS OF WARSAW

Three Violent Converging Attacks Under Way Against Capital, Which Seems Sure to Fall—Practically All of Warsaw's 300,000 People Have Fled.

Paris, Aug. 16.—The Bolsheviks today are attacking the fortress of Alexandrov, the last remaining defence to the north of Warsaw, after having captured yesterday the fortress of Novogorodsk.

Three violent converging attacks are under way against the Capital: along the Vistula near Alexandrov, along the Radzymin Railway via Jablonna and due west of the city along the Siedlce high road, where the Reds are storming Novominsk and have reached Gdzien.

Airplanes, piloted by German aviators, are reported to be bombing Praga, a suburb of Warsaw, and the Polish Capital is believed to be doomed to fall within twenty-four hours.

The loss of Novogorodsk disheartened the Polish Commandant, who counted on holding this key position, as the Reds were short of artillery. The fortress guns are now being turned against Alexandrov fortress, which seems sure to fall.

A Red cavalry detachment swam the Vistula near Wyszogrod and reached Sochaczew, on the Lodz Railway west of Warsaw, to-day, but were unable to cut the line, and were beaten off by the Poles, who had mounted machine guns on a railway trestle.

By entering Okunew, southwest of Radzymin, the Red forces reached a point only twelve miles from Warsaw.

The struggle is increasing in violence as the Bolsheviks are tightening their grip on the Polish Capital. French shells, fired by German gunlayers from guns captured from the French, already are dropping on Praga and other suburbs of Warsaw.

Practically all of Warsaw's 300,000 people have fled, only a few remaining.

General Weygand is reported to have telegraphed General Foch that the city is doomed, and that the position of the whole Polish army is precarious owing to Pilsudski's rejection of the French plans to evacuate everything east of the Vistula and retire behind the river, leaving Warsaw to be occupied without a struggle.

General Weygand showed the Polish Staff a map outlined by Foch personally, showing that their sole hope lay in seeking the protection behind the Vistula instead of fighting with the broad river at their backs.

STEAL WARDEN'S CAR AND ESCAPE

Two Convicts Break Into Garage at Portsmouth.

Kingston, Aug. 15.—About 10:30 yesterday morning the bell at the Portsmouth Penitentiary gave an alarm, and it was announced that two of the convicts had made their escape. The Warden reported the names as Briggs and Hilton. The men, who were short-termers and trustees, broke into the garage, tearing off the lock, and stole the car belonging to Warden Ponsford. Immediately afterward they speeded out along the penitentiary road. A posse from the penitentiary was sent out on their tracks at once and police of various places were notified. As soon as the alarm was sounded all convicts working in the fields and around the buildings were taken to their cells, so that all available guards might be secured to chase the prisoners.

It is thought that the plan was prearranged. The police were informed on Friday evening that a car without lights or number was standing at the corner of King street and Alvington avenue. If such is the case, it might well be conceived that the car was in readiness to take the prisoners away after they had left the city limits.

On Saturday afternoon the car in which the escape was effected was located near Enniscorthy, where the fleeing convicts abandoned it.

Taking Souvenirs on Ocean Liner is Costly

London, Aug. 15.—Transatlantic tourists, who feel that their journeys are not complete unless they lug off a piece of the liner as a souvenir, are going to find that souvenirs come high. Appalled by the value of the stuff lugged off on each trip, the steamship companies are going to fight the practice.

Their first skirmish was successful. Eli and Herbert Ambler, of Los Angeles, were each fined \$100 at Southampton for pocketing, it is alleged, silver-plated ash trays from the Olympic. They said they were merely seeking mementoes.

Canadian Towns to Get German Guns

A despatch from Montreal says: Nine hundred towns and cities throughout the Dominion of Canada are to have presented to them guns captured by the Canadians from the Germans during the Great War. Ten of them have been given to Montreal and placed in various parts of the city.

A small trench mortar has been placed before Mayor Martin's residence. "Not as a gift," said the Dominion architect, "but to commemorate the visit of the Prince of Wales to his home."

RED CAMPAIGN THROUGHOUT CANADA

Bolshevik Russia Preparing to Send Spies to America.

A despatch from Copenhagen says: Bolshevik Russia is preparing to flood the United States and Canada with thousands of secret emissaries, who will spread the Soviet propaganda. Arrangements have been completed for "Comrade" Scholovski, formerly chief foreign propagandist, for the "peaceful penetration" of America.

A large percentage of the Russians returned from the United States and Canada to fight for Russia against Germany talk English. Those from the United States have quite an American twang, those from Canada have an English accent. Scholovski told the correspondent just before he was removed, protestingly, from Denmark, and ordered never to return. "These men are now being given courses in self-binding and other useful arts, preparatory to returning to their adopted countries, where they will champion a Soviet Government. Passport regulations will not keep them out. We have tested this already through the forerunners of our armies of talkers in the United States and Canada."

Scholovski's expulsion from Denmark was due directly to the discovery that he was behind the recent sailors' and longshoremen's strike, which paralyzed the Danish ports for months.

"We are out to overthrow the present system of capitalist government everywhere," he declared.

It is hoped having enough soldier support in Scandinavia to make possible a general strike, and claimed that Estonia was practically solidly Soviet.

RUSSIAN REDS CAPTURE SOLDAT

German Flag Again Floating Over Town.

Berlin, Aug. 15.—Russian Bolshevik forces captured Soldau, on the Warsaw-Danzig Railroad, about 15 miles north-west of Mlawka, Friday night, it was learned here to-day. The city was only slightly damaged. The Poles are reported to be retreating to the north, west.

Soldau is in East Prussia, 95 miles east by north of Thorn. A despatch from Johannsburg, East Prussia, August 11, reported a rumor current here that Russian forces had occupied Soldau by consent of the German inhabitants.

The Commander of the 12th Russian Soviet Division, which entered Soldau, solemnly declared to a delegation of inhabitants that this territory never again would belong to Poland according to despatches received here.

The Polish Burgomaster of Soldau fled. The Russians appointed a citizens' Committee, from which Poles were excluded. The citizens are jubilant, the despatch says, and the German flag is again floating over the town.

SAVED BY 3-PLY SUIT OF ARMOR

Means of Protecting Life of Greek Premier From Five Shots.

Paris, Aug. 15.—A three-ply suit of chain armor, worn beneath the shirt of Eleutherios Venizelos, Premier of Greece, was responsible for the failure of his would-be assassins to kill him when they fired five shots point blank as he was leaving the Lyon Railway Station in Paris.

All five of the bullets struck, but only one, which split into four pieces, did any damage. It inflicted minor wounds. These facts were revealed to-day and in this connection it is generally known that King George V. of Great Britain wears a similar suit. The Italian King, though protesting for a long time, has finally adopted the policy of wearing armor when in Rome.

The attempted assassination of Venizelos police investigation here has revealed to-day, was part of a vast plot hatched in Switzerland to restore King Constantine to the throne.

Bigger Premiums For Live Stock Displays

The enlarged classification in the livestock section at the Canadian National Exhibition this year provides for every animal of importance utilized in Canada. The premium list for horses, cattle, sheep, swine the fur and feathered classes and pet stock together with agricultural products, the output of the dairy, orchard, etc., sets a new mark. Various breed and other association and the Governments offer new prizes which added to those given by the Exhibition brings the sum total to a standard which ensures proportionate recognition for every branch of improved husbandry on a scale more lavish than ever before and should attract a display by which will be established new records in exhibition and Canadian livestock and agricultural history.

The Canadian National Exhibition will again run thirteen days in 1929. The suggestion that it be extended for three weeks has been left in abeyance by the Directors.



Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to Washington, who has accepted an invitation to open the Canadian National Fair at Toronto this month.

"REG'LAR FELLER'S"—By Gene Byrnes

