

A ROYAL WELCOME

Extended by the Loyalist Sons and Daughters of St. John and the Province, To Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall-Weather Conditions Perfect-Thousands of Visitors From All Parts of the Province in the City.

The day to which every citizen of St. John has eagerly looked forward for months, has come at last, and the royal guests of Canada have received a welcome from the Loyalist city equal to any extended during their trans-continental tour, and one which should gladden their hearts with the proud assurance of the fealty and love and honor for themselves and their royal family which inspires every true citizen of the broad domain.

Barring the patiently endured waiting, rendered necessary by the hour and a half delay in the arrival of the royal train, every event in the day's programme passed off without an unpleasant incident. The weather, conspiring with the city to make the welcome an unprecedented success, shone cool and clear, with a brisk, refreshing breeze and

BRILLIANT SUNSHINE which, glinting from the gay decorations and illuminating the innumerable flags and varicolored streamers that clad in gorgeous splendor street after street, added that touch of beauty necessary to make the scene one that those fortunate enough to witness it will never forget. The scenes of deep enthusiasm about the railway station and along the densely thronged streets, the dignity of the ceremonies at the exhibition building and the barracks, and the formal beauty of the evening reception and the gorgeous spectacle of the night illuminated streets will remain in the memory of the participants during life, and the fairy splendor of pyrotechnic display over the quiet waters of the harbor made a fitting end to a DAY WELL WORTHY

of the most loyal city in all Loyal Canada. Around the railway station through the four hours from noon until four o'clock the throng, which occupied every inch of unrope space, every roof of building and car in the neighborhood, filled with eager faces, every window from which a possible view was obtainable and overflowed up along the slopes of Chipman Hill, awaited with cheerful patience. It was a motley crowd that here assembled, of all sorts and conditions of men and women in all kinds of dress. The formal frock coat of the silk-hatted citizen man rubbed shoulders with the homespun jacket of the modest rural visitor, silk and calico were near and cheerful neighbors, and

THE SCARLET UNIFORMS AND GOLD LACE of the men and officers of the 52nd on guard shone in glittering contrast with the sober blue of the force of city police. Children were there in their parents' arms, and there were grey heads in the crowd, of men who over forty years ago had welcomed to St. John the father of the Prince they were then greeting. And all these people waited, orderly and patriotically good natured, making not a sign of disturbance through the hours of delay. A large space about the building opening into the passage way for the procession up Mill street was roped off and guarded by the men of the 52nd Regiment, while about the interim-paraded, the city police under Chief Clark, keeping watch against possible trespassers. As the hour drew near 4 o'clock and the announcement was made that the train was approaching, the excitement

grew more intense. Those on foot struggled for better positions and those in the windows and on the buildings and hill tops stretched themselves still farther upward until as the cannon thundered the royal salute as far as eye could see from the station was a crowding, surging, plunging sea of humanity, with multitudinous voices and only one purpose—to catch a glimpse of their royal guests and cheer themselves hoarse in their honor.

THE DELAY OF THE TRAIN was most annoying to the reception committee and to all interested in the success of the celebration. All over the thousands of miles which the royal party have journeyed, they have been carried promptly, on schedule time, and it remained for the People's Railway to make on the last stage of the journey the first hitch in the proceedings. The vice royal train was due at 2:06 o'clock and the royal at 2:38, local time, but the former did not arrive until 3 o'clock and the latter at three minutes past four. Manager E. G. Russell gave a Sun reporter his version of the delay. The I. C. R. received the royal train from the Grand Trunk at Chandler on schedule time, but without the necessary ice and water for the passengers' accommodation. The train ran all night, reaching a speed at times of fifty miles an hour, but the stops made necessary by the Grand Trunk's omission caused the delay. This is Mr. Russell's story. The Grand Trunk and Mr. Blair are yet to be heard from.

Shortly after 2 o'clock the carriage containing the lieutenant governor, members of the provincial government and of the reception committee, passed along the crowded streets to the depot. A little later the groups who were to bring the royal party to the station marched to their places. King street, Market square, Duke and Mill streets were by this time packed with people on each side of the lines of troops.

EVERY WINDOW along the route had been commanded early in the afternoon. Words fail to describe the scene, which was one of the great animation and brilliancy. Perfect order and good nature prevailed. In addition to the great display of flags and banners, there were patriotic canes, buttons, badges and the like in profusion.

What was true of the route as far as King street was true of the whole of the march. Everywhere the people were striving to get a good position to view the royal procession. And all this did not include the many thousands who hurried to the Barrack square soon after dinner to take up a position and wait patiently for hours until the review took place. The privileged ones with tickets for the grand stands were also early on hand, as were those who were to have a place in the exhibition building. The school children were in their places in good time, and engaged in singing while they waited.

As the afternoon advanced, the crowd in the vicinity of the exhibition building and the Barrack square increased to such an extent that the militia had considerable difficulty in keeping the route clear. Such a tremendous crush was never before seen in that vicinity.

INSIDE THE STATION, through the afternoon, in readiness to

receive their Royal Highnesses, was the guard of honor of 100 men and four non-coms from the 52nd, in command of Capt. Dunning and Lieut. Anderson, McMillan and Peters, accompanied by their band. The guard carried two sets of colors, the first made necessary by the Grand Trunk's omission caused the delay. This is Mr. Russell's story. The Grand Trunk and Mr. Blair are yet to be heard from.

Shortly after 2 o'clock the carriage containing the lieutenant governor, members of the provincial government and of the reception committee, passed along the crowded streets to the depot. A little later the groups who were to bring the royal party to the station marched to their places. King street, Market square, Duke and Mill streets were by this time packed with people on each side of the lines of troops.

EVERY WINDOW along the route had been commanded early in the afternoon. Words fail to describe the scene, which was one of the great animation and brilliancy. Perfect order and good nature prevailed. In addition to the great display of flags and banners, there were patriotic canes, buttons, badges and the like in profusion.

What was true of the route as far as King street was true of the whole of the march. Everywhere the people were striving to get a good position to view the royal procession. And all this did not include the many thousands who hurried to the Barrack square soon after dinner to take up a position and wait patiently for hours until the review took place. The privileged ones with tickets for the grand stands were also early on hand, as were those who were to have a place in the exhibition building. The school children were in their places in good time, and engaged in singing while they waited.

As the afternoon advanced, the crowd in the vicinity of the exhibition building and the Barrack square increased to such an extent that the militia had considerable difficulty in keeping the route clear. Such a tremendous crush was never before seen in that vicinity.

INSIDE THE STATION, through the afternoon, in readiness to

H. R. H. DUKE OF CORNWALL AND YORK.

It so it were condemned in London to be not the citizens nor their loyalty, but solely the forgetfulness of the common folk to blame. Still there is hope for us yet; for at the eleventh hour the required conveyances were procured.

At three minutes past four the two flags and handsomely draped engines thrashed.

PROUDLY INTO THE STATION, drawing their royal freight in the most magnificent series of carriages ever built. The train consisted of ten cars, three for baggage, three sleeping cars, one for the royal party and one for the ladies.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS, in the gorgeous uniform and huge bear-skin helmet of colonel of Fusiliers, stepped from the last platform, followed by his royal consort in a black gown relieved only by a bouquet of red roses at her throat. They were accompanied by Prince Alexander of Teck, Lord Minto, the first to greet the Duke and Duchess, presented the Queen's colors in its center, shouldered as the train approached and as it drew into the station threw their arms to the present as the Duke stepped from the car, the band crashed but the national anthem, which every civilian head was uncovered and every one of the gorgeously uniformed officers.

STOOD RIGID IN SALUTE. Immediately after his arrival His Royal Highness inspected the guard, which with its new uniforms and splendid march, was undoubtedly the finest in appearance since it was first in St. John. The Duke walked down the serried ranks, accompanied by Capt. Dunning and Lt. Col. Dunbar, D. C., and commander Capt. Dunbar, with Lieut. D. Drake and W. A. Harrison, announced the arrival of the governor general, while a salute of 21 guns boomed out when the royal train pulled into the station. The salutes were fired from the space in the west side of Mill street towards the new I. C. R. terminus. The occasion of firing these salutes is notable, as being the first time the four-gun salute powder now in charge of the 52nd Regiment, O.A., have been used.

As the last echo of the guns died away, the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall appeared at the door of the train shed. Immediately those in front commenced cheering and it was taken up all along street to street, from one waiting crowd to the other, and in a few minutes the whole city was cheering its welcome to the heir of Britain's throne. The hurrahs rose and fell and pulsed through the city and the echoes reverberated through to the sky. In this manner did St. John pay its first tribute to her guests.

The crowd obtained a view of the party from every available vantage point. Near the depot the roofs of the cars were used and daring boys shouted their hurrahs from the tops of the

semaphores and from every place where footing could be obtained. It was a splendid outburst of enthusiasm.

THE PROCESSION

was made up as follows: Two troopers 8th Hussars, Four troopers (30 yards distant) Carriage with members of royal suite, Carriage containing Governor General Minto and Lady Minto, Capt. Bell, A. D. C. and Mr. Guise, Eight troopers, Three carriages containing members of the royal suite.

Chief Clerk with Deputy Chief Jenkins, Sergeants Kilpatrick and Officer Hamm, mounted, Three Hussars, Squadron of Hussars, Lt. Gov. McNeil's carriage containing the Lt. Governor, Premier Tweedie, C. A. Duff-Miller, Lt. Col. Dunbar, D. O. C.

Major Maude (mounted), Squadron of Hussars, Royal carriage with outriders containing the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, Capt. Viscount Crichton, D. S. O., of Royal Horse Guards, and Lt. The Duke of Roxburghe, M. V. O., Royal Horse Guards (mounted), Royal escort from 8th Hussars under Major Markham, Lt. Markham, Lt. Campbell and Lt. Fairweather.

Carriage containing Premier Laurier and Lady Laurier, Col. Tucker, M. P., Carriage containing Hon. Messrs. Pugsley, Farris, R. S. Barker and Capt. Frazer, A. D. C., Carriage containing Hon. Messrs. McKewen, Labllois and Dunn, Carriage containing Hon. A. G. Blair and Miss Blair, Hon. W. S. Fielding and Mrs. Fielding, Carriage containing Senator Ellis, Senator Dever and Hon. Geo. F. Hill.

BAND OF THE 52ND REGT. Before the royal party arrived the militia doing patrol duty on the streets were dismissed, but the people kept the lines laid down. As the procession moved up Dock street it was greeted with continuous salvoes of cheers. Reaching the foot of King street the hurrahs broke out afresh. That long declined slope was packed with people, and every voice cheered enthusiastically. Up the street along the north side of King square, down Charlotte to the exhibition building, and there the waiting thousands took up the cheering.

The guard of honor remained in the shed until the royal party were fully en route, when they marched through to the head of the reception on guard and proceeded at once to the Barrack square.

AT THE EXHIBITION BUILDING, The exhibition building, which had been elegantly decorated for the afternoon's functions, was thronged with people at an early hour. The word "not" got out that the train bearing the royal party was late, and there was a great rush for seats. The official section filled up rapidly, and in it were a great number of New Brunswick's foremost citizens. Among the number were Lieut. Governor McNeil and Mrs. McNeil, Hon. J. J. and Mrs. Tweedie, Hon. Dr. and Mrs. Pugsley, Hon. C. H. Labllois, Hon. J. F. Harris, Hon. George F. Hill, Hon. A. T. B. Macdonald, Hon. W. F. Humphrey, ex-M. P., and Mrs. Humphrey, A. B. Copp, M. P., C. J. Osman, M. P., P. P., and Mrs. Osman, John O'Brien, M. P., P. P., and Mrs. O'Brien, Hon. H. F. McKewen, W. F. Humphrey, ex-M. P., D. J. Purdy, M. P., P. P., Geo. Robertson, M. P., P. P., Hon. A. G. Blair, Hon. W. S. Fielding, Chief Justice Teak and Mrs. Teak, Judge Barker, Judge Landry and Mrs. Landry, Judge Hanington and Mrs. Hanington, Judge Gregory and Mrs. Gregory, Judge Ritchie, Judge Wells Judge Forbes, Senator Ellis and Mrs. Ellis, Senator Dever, Senator Baird and Mrs. Baird, Senator Poirer, Senator Gilmor and Mrs. Gilmor, Senator Snowball, James Robinson, M. P., and Mrs. Robinson, R. D. Wilcox, M. P., Dr. W. J. Lewis, Hon. Geo. W. McInerney, ex-M. P., W. M. Jarvis, Geo. Glasse, Ald. White, warden of the municipality, Aldermen Seaton, Hilyard, McMullin, Christie, McIlhede, Robinson, McGoldrick, Armstrong, Maxwell, Baxter and Cowell, Coun. Lee of Simons County, Secretary Vincent, Judge Trueman, W. C. R. Allan, M. Coll, Hon. C. A. Duff-Miller, U. S. Consul Myers, Sheriff Ritchie, His Lordship Bishop Kingsdon, Chief Clerk of the fire department, Dr. Bridges, Hon. C. N. Steiner, R. E. H. Cushing, Robert Wisely, R. E. Jones and wife, James Osborne of the C. P. R., Lady Tulley, H. C. Tulley, R. B. Hanington, Dr. Colter, His Lordship Bishop Casey, Edward Sears, Rev. Fr. McMurray, Dr. A. A. Stockton, A. M. Rowan, H. Hilyard, George W. Allen, M. P., P. P., Mayor, Murphree and Couns. McAllister and Fitzsimmons of Milltown, Mayor Belyea and Couns. Carr and Jones of Woodstock, Warden Morehouse and Couns. Scott and Jewett of York Co., W. A. Park of Newcastle, Mayor Snowball and Ald. Nichol, Ald. McIntosh, Ald. Hocken and Ald. Robt. Murray of Chatham, Warden Mahoney of Westmorland Co., Cole Dill and Keefe of the staff of Governor Hall of Maine.

The space allotted for the use of the royal visitors and their suite was elegantly fitted up. It was at the southern end of the building. At the opposite end was a space for the use of an orchestra, which consisted of 25 men under the leadership of M. L. Harrison. On either side of this stand were 1,000 school children from the high school and grades seven and eight. The children were trained for the occasion by Geo. Collinson, and sang well. There was a large corps of whistlers in attendance selected from the St. George's, St. Andrew's and Irish Literary and Benevolent societies, and they sang that all who came to the building got as good seats as were to be had.

At 2:55 o'clock the school children sang the national anthem, and shortly after that My Own Canadian Home

was given. The children waved flags as they sang on both occasions. At 3:10 the British societies from the United States marched into the building. This was the signal for applause and cheering. These gentlemen looked well in their handsome uniforms, and they performed several movements in a creditable manner.

Stationed in front of the building was a guard of honor from the 3rd Regiment Canadian Artillery under Capt. B. R. Armstrong. There were one hundred men in the guard, and Capt. Armstrong had with him Lieut. J. M. Robinson and Harris.

It was almost four o'clock when the royal visitors reached the building. They were received by the guard of honor with a salute, and the band of the Artillery played appropriate music. As soon as the Duke and Duchess alighted from their carriage Mayor Daniel shook hands with them and then he introduced them to the members of the city, who lined the steps leading to the entrance of the building. The mayor and Duke ascended the steps together, and the royal party took their places in the space set apart for them. On the dias were the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York with Lord and Lady Minto, Prince Alexander of Teck and Lady Mary Lygon on the right and Lady Arthur Bigge, Hon. Derek Keppel, the Duke of Roxburghe, Sir Chas. Cusi, Mrs. Kerek Keppel and Commander Godfrey Rousset on the left. Near by stood Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier, Dr. Manby, Sir John Anderson and others.

The Duke wore his uniform as colonel of the Royal Artillery, and the Duchess was as usual attired in black. As the royal party reached their proper positions the assembled crowd burst into cheers, and the national anthem was sung.

Mayor Daniel, accompanied by Aldermen Christie, Seaton, Robinson and Baxter, approached the Duke and presented an address from the city of St. John.

Mayor Crockett of Fredericton read the address from that city. Mayor Daniel then introduced Council General Blunt of Boston and Capt. Thomas R. Stokes of the British Naval and Military Veterans Association of Massachusetts read an address from the British societies.

Next there were introduced to the Duke, Mayor Alderman and Delegate from Moncton, Mayor Snowball and delegates from Chatham, Mayor Morrison and delegates from Newcastle, Mayor Belyea and delegates from Woodstock, Mayor McCluskey of Grand Falls, Warden Cronkite of Carleton county and delegates, Warden Morehouse and delegates from York county, Warden White and councillors of St. John city and county, Secretary Ory and Councillors Moore, Titus and Haveling of Kings county, the warden of Albert County, Warden Egan and Councillor Taylor of Sanbury and the representatives of Victoria county. The gentlemen having retired, the Duke delivered the following address in reply.

The Duchess and I sincerely thank the people of New Brunswick, who through the addresses which have been presented, offer us a hearty welcome to their province. I am gratified to receive their endorsement of these loyal sentiments which have characterized the generous reception accorded to us during our long journey throughout His Majesty's dominions. I shall not fail to transmit to him these assurances, as also your tender expressions of sorrow for the loss of our late beloved Queen, for whom the whole nation mourns and for that further benediction recently bestowed by our family. Your forefathers, the founders of the city, have proof of their loyalty to the King and attachment to British institutions by heavy privations and hardships patiently and heroically borne. The same sentiments animate their descendants at the present day. They have emulated the example of their ancestors in devotion to their sovereign by service gladly rendered and lives nobly sacrificed to uphold the principles of freedom and justice.

I am glad to find from the kind words of the addresses from the British societies and residents of Boston that though they have transferred their homes to a foreign land, their hearts still beat and sympathize with the applications and ideas of the empire of their birth. I rejoice to learn that the people of different origin in this province are living together under happy conditions, united under the old flag, vying with each other in fealty to the crown and upholding those liberties which the birthright of British citizenship. We regret that time does not admit of our extending our journey to the provincial capital and to other parts of the province, and to acknowledge personally the kind and sympathetic greetings which have been so generally extended to us by its inhabitants.

After this the British Veterans advanced closer and the Duke presented to them their colors, which were handed over to Lt. Collins. The royal party then moved out on to the Barrack square.

Wm. Lamb, one of the Scottish Charitable Society, from Boston, in the North West, on the 24th of May, almost at the very moment Queen Victoria first saw the light of day. Mr. Lamb was introduced to the Duke by Mayor Daniel and his royal highness invited Mr. Lamb to go to Halifax with him. The old gentleman thanked the Duke, but found it necessary to decline the invitation.

Seated next to Mr. Lamb was D. J. Purdy, M. P., P. P., and he too was born on the 24th of May.

(Continued on Page Four.)

SIMPLY COLLAPSED.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The court martial which has been taking evidence regarding the loss of the torpedo boat destroyer Cobra in the North Sea last night, while on duty from the part of her builders at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, has today decided that the vessel was not seaworthy at the time she was sent to sea, and that there was no error in her navigation. The purchase of the Cobra for the government was condemned.

COME GUNS.



12 Bore, 30 in. Rolled Steel Barrel, Full Choke, Pistol Grip, Rubber Butt Plate. The best cheap Gun made. Write for our price. Every kind of Shooting Supplies.

W. H. THORNE & CO. LTD., ST. JOHN, N. B.

IN ME. COAT. SUITS. our Clothing, coupled has placed this store at the center in the country. than heretofore as quality considered. Breasted Tweed Suits blue serges; also Single green effects. Double Double large range of Tweeds made Single Breasted Winter Suits in Dark Blue Serge made is your watchword, Tweed Suits in plain to get your needs at the collar. We also show black clay diagonal. large assortment of Ties and plain black All-Wool Tweeds and Sac Coat Style, for yourselves. What Materials and trimmative patterns in broad greys, browns and hand warmers; and brown, with large \$4.00, \$5.50, \$6.50, CO., ain,

SOME QUEER OCCUPATIONS. Ways of Making a Living Not Commonly Known.

Professional Bride Carriers—Skilled Mourners and Comforters of the Bereaved—Prayer Merchants, Steerers for Quack Doctors and Razor Swappers.

(San Francisco Chronicle.) A Chinese hauled into court for selling lottery tickets a few weeks since, testified that his occupation was "solicitor for an undertaker."

The incident recalls the fact that there are dozens of curious vocations being carried on in San Francisco, occupations that are nevertheless in the city directory and that only bob up now and then through just such an incident as this.

Of course, the most singular of these are Chinese, and of these perhaps the queerest is the trade of the bride carrier. There are three women following the occupation in Chinatown and making a comfortable, if spasmodic, income.

Another band of old Chinese women, also connected with an undertaking establishment, carry on the trade of professional mourner. This profession is better known than that of the bride carrier, but it is doubtful if its full scope is rightly understood in San Francisco.

These, however, are not the queerest careers of bread to the Chinese themselves. The most singular profession in San Francisco, judged by the Chinese standard, is that of the actress now performing at the Jackson street theatre.

Then there is a prayer store in upper Delaware street, where three or four Chinese make a good living selling guaranteed prayers and charms to the religious and superstitious among their countrymen.

All barbers, but few others, know of the occupation of "razor swapper." There are four or five men in the city following this as a vocation and several others carry it as a "side line."

bottom of the business. As every barber knows, razors sometimes act in the most unaccountable manner. Moreover, the razor may be entirely safe to one man and totally unfit for another, or a good razor may not fit a particular hone.

Old loungers along Kearney street must remember a particularly picturesque fakir who used to hold forth on the corner of Pine and Kearney some three or four years ago.

Most of the crowd would follow. When they were once inside, the "comedian" would disappear and a quack doctor would emerge, take off his "plum" hat, and deliver a "medical lecture" designed to make the most healthy man believe that he was the victim of deadly disease.

Every reader of Israel Zangwill's stories is familiar with the operations of the schachdan, the Jewish matrimonial agent of the Jewish quarter, in the big cities of the East and Europe.

It is not always possible to get together a full number of worshippers in such frequent ceremonies, and attached to every orthodox synagogue there is a number of regularly salaried men whose business it is to fill out the number.

These, however, are not the queerest careers of bread to the Chinese themselves. The most singular profession in San Francisco, judged by the Chinese standard, is that of the actress now performing at the Jackson street theatre.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

Boer Prisoners in India. The lot of a Boer prisoner in India is not so uncomfortable as some opponents of the British government have been anxious to make us believe.

BE SURE YOU GET THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS HAD.—Owing to the great popularity of "The D. & L." Menthol Flaster, unscrupulous makers are putting up one like it.

SOLDIER CHARGED WITH MURDER. VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 15.—Henry Gill, a seaman of the Royal Engineers, aged 20, was under arrest, charged with the murder of Gunner Clinch.

WHEN IN DOUBT as to what to use for Diarrhoea, Cholera, Cramps and all Summer Complaints, don't hesitate to try Fuller's Blackberry Compound, tried and tested for over twenty-five years.

No Argument Needed

Every Sufferer from Catarrh Knows that Salves, Lotions, Washes, Sprays and Douches Do Not Cure.



Powders, lotions, salves, sprays and inhalers cannot really cure Catarrh because this disease is a blood disease.

The best and most modern remedies for this purpose are antiseptics scientifically known as Eucalyptol, Guaiacol, Sanguinaria and Hydrastin, and while each of these have been successfully used separately, yet it has been difficult to get them all combined in one palatable, convenient and efficient form.

The manufacturers of the new Catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, have succeeded admirably in accomplishing this result.

Unlike many catarrh remedies, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets contain no cocaine, opiate or any injurious drug, and are equally beneficial for little children and adults.

Every reader of Israel Zangwill's stories is familiar with the operations of the schachdan, the Jewish matrimonial agent of the Jewish quarter, in the big cities of the East and Europe.

It is not always possible to get together a full number of worshippers in such frequent ceremonies, and attached to every orthodox synagogue there is a number of regularly salaried men whose business it is to fill out the number.

BE SURE YOU GET THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS HAD.—Owing to the great popularity of "The D. & L." Menthol Flaster, unscrupulous makers are putting up one like it.

SOLDIER CHARGED WITH MURDER. VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 15.—Henry Gill, a seaman of the Royal Engineers, aged 20, was under arrest, charged with the murder of Gunner Clinch.

WHEN IN DOUBT as to what to use for Diarrhoea, Cholera, Cramps and all Summer Complaints, don't hesitate to try Fuller's Blackberry Compound, tried and tested for over twenty-five years.

ST. JOHN PRESBYTERY.

Regular Session—Reports Received—Synod Fund Allocation.

The regular meeting of the St. John presbytery was held Tuesday morning in one of the school rooms of St. Andrew's church, Sedentary Rev. Jas. Burgess, Moderator, Rev. A. H. Foster, clerk, Rev. Dr. Fotheringham, Rev. Jas. Ross, Rev. D. J. Fraser, Rev. Dr. Foster, and Rev. G. Macdonnell, J. Burton Morgan, Judge Forbes.

Considerable time was taken up at the first of the meeting in discussing a point of church law. Rev. A. H. Foster had been appointed by the presbytery to preside at the adjourned meeting to be held in Sussex.

A communication was read from Rev. C. D. McIntosh, of Sunny Brae, N. S., stating that on account of the illness of his brother and father he could not accept the call to Grand Bay.

The home mission report was presented by Rev. Jas. Ross. It recommended that Rev. M. Hill be appointed as ordained missionary to Fairville and that his designation take place on Thursday, Oct. 21 at 7.30 p. m.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

The presbytery has been asked by the synod to contribute to the fund of the fund: St. David's, \$1,575; Rev. D. J. Fraser, the convener of the committee, reported the following allocation of the fund: St. David's, \$1,575; Rev. D. J. Fraser, \$1,575; St. Stephen's, \$153; St. Matthew's, \$10; St. James, \$33; Moncton, \$176; St. Stephen, \$47; St. Andrew's, \$38; Melbourn, \$15; Woodstock, \$35; Richmond, \$15; Adam, \$55; Prince William, \$45; Carleton, \$39; Chipman, \$38; South Richmond, \$33; Glasgow, \$33; Kincardine, \$33; Pisarino, \$33; Waterford, \$33; Buctouche, \$33; St. John's, \$45; Calvin, \$35; Florenceville, \$15; Springdale, \$15; Newswater and Stanley, \$15; Fairville, \$10; Grand Bay, \$5; Dorchester, \$10; Edmonstone, \$5; Grand Falls, \$5; Anson, \$5; Riverside and Alma, \$5; Waverly, \$10. The report was adopted.

Another Chance for Molineux. NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Up to 6 o'clock this evening Molineux had not been informed that he has been granted a new trial.

FOREIGN PORTS. Arrived. At Buenos Aires, Sept. 4, bark Luarca, from New York for Rosario.

NOTICE TO MARINERS. BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 9.—Notice is given by the Light House Board that on Oct. 7, light vessel No. 42 was returned to her station at the southwestern entrance to Nantucket Sound.

LOSS OF APPETITE AND GENERAL DEBILITY are quickly overcome by the use of a few bottles of "The D. & L." Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.

Only vegetable oils—and no coarse animal fats—are used in making "Baby's Own Soap."

Pure, Fragrant, Cleansing. Doctors recommend it for Nursery and Toilet use.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived. Oct. 14.—Sch Clifford C. S. Pedersen, from New Haven, P. A. Second, bal.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

MAGICAL

is the effect produced on a big family wash by a single cake of SURPRISE soap.

The housewife's labor is reduced one half; the original snowy whiteness is restored to the linens without boiling or hard rubbing and the disagreeable odors so noticeable with other soaps is done away with entirely.



At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

At Liverpool, Oct. 12, the Rev. J. C. Robertson, for the month of May at the usual rate; that the application of Thomas H. Murray, student, for work, be referred to the superintendent.

A SU

Tells the

The Place of Dell Pe

A Sunbury the harvest a very intere should not w Moonsein her more, a format and at the position to the Weston cont

Shortly after the tentinal line Perley of M N. B., settled was in 1882, house in the station. Mr. stead, comme scale and w chough not w

They had a bly situated abo 600 acres all rounded by a cattle. There 50 pasture is we slens surrou Creek, which traverses a se

It was our t the vast field after our arri genial senato only commen a few days b

to behold the gr oats standi the carriage, the grain was

Some of the taken from d ing. In appe gals about 30 of a day geti in all this h

hundred acre barley. Besi many calves, in excellent s

skin of but found the lat agricultural n that will tur the horses w no; harvests tr ed by four h

added this ye self-educat in a caper wheat per da to planters a and dig five

to affect the is an abunda ity. All sort and small fr surmounting grown on the dian Head, a Curants and from Insep, p John Nix, ity, produc

els of oats to given abou quantities in the QApJ here 2,300 bus

MAGICAL

effect produced on a family wash by a single drop of SURPRISE soap.



Read the directions on the wrapper.

St. John; Mollie Rhodes, from Miller, from St. John via New Brunswick, N. B.

REPORTS. LIGHT. Mass., Oct. 13.—The light from a fire to a light tower.

SPOKEN. S. Bernard, Andrews, from New York, A. M. Oct. 10, off.

TO MARINERS. Oct. 9.—Notice is given by Board that on Oct. 7, light was returned to Nantucket.

ATLANTIC, Me., Oct. 12, 1901. Light Station, Maine. A buoy, a red and black bottom second class nun, drift.

APETITE AND GENI-ALITY are quickly over-come by the use of a few bottles of Emulsion of Cod Liver.

vegetable oils—and use animal fats—in making baby's Own Soap.

A SUNBURY MAN

Tells the Sun About Wolsley, N. W. T.

The Place With Which Senator W. Dell Perley is Personally Identified.

A Sunbury man who went west on the harvest excursion, sends the Sun a very interesting account of his trip as far as Wolsley, N. W. T. At Moosemin he met Judge E. L. Wetmore, a former resident of Fredericton and at one time leader of the opposition to the Blair government.

Shortly after the C. P. R. transcontinental line became a reality, W. Dell Perley of Mansfield, Sunbury Co., N. B., settled down in Wolsley. That was in 1832, when there was but one house in the place, a "shack" near the station.

It was our privilege to be taken over the vast fields of grain the morning after our arrival, accompanied by the general senator. The huge binders had only commenced to lay the grain low a few days before. It was a sight to behold the great heads of wheat and oats standing as high as the seat of the carriage, while the stubble and the grain was cut was up to the hubs.

Senator Perley burned the lime used in building one of his farm houses, which is of stone. The limestone was gathered off the farm.

Wolsley station is on the south side of a bend in the Wolf Creek. Here are to be seen two elevators with a capacity of 25,000 bushels each, and another nearly completed that will carry 30,000 bushels.

Wood's Phosphatine. The Great English Remedy. Sold by all Druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered.

AROOSTOOK WAR

John Johnson Emery Innocent Cause of This Bloodless Strife.

Captured by British—Death of the Aged Man Recalls Interesting Bit of History—His Career.

John Johnson Emery, formerly a Maine farmer, politician, explorer and lumberman, and who became noted for bringing about the dispute between this country and England which ended in the bloodless Aroostook war, died of old age Saturday, at his home, 28 Bowler street, Roxbury, as stated in the Commercial of that day.

He was born in Fairfield, Me., on Aug. 23, 1806. His father was Samuel Emery, the first white child born in the town, and who was a farmer and lumberman.

He was married to Miss Miranda Southgate Deering of Portland, for whose family the town of Deering was named, and who was the aunt of Charles Deering, the venerable descendant of the patriot.

During Mr. Emery's days as a lumberman he and a companion made many explorations of the Maine woods and made a chart of the ground that they covered, and published several pamphlets describing these localities, which were then little known to the hunters and the public.

It is in 1839 he was the innocent cause of a war, which is now known in history before they came, but at the same time they assembled several regiments of troops to meet the Maine boys.

Rev. Joseph Clark, D. D., of Columbus, Ohio, en route to Fredericton to attend the N. B. Sunday School Association, will stop over at St. John tomorrow and will speak in the following churches: Morning, St. John Presbyterian; afternoon, at 4 o'clock, in Portland Methodist church, a mass meeting of Sunday school workers; evening, at 8.30, in German street Baptist church, a mass meeting; and on Monday afternoon, at St. John's church. All interested in Sunday school work are invited to these services.

CHILDREN CRY FOR CASTORIA.

Prof. Virchow.

Foremost in Pathological Research in the Nineteenth Century.

Professor Virchow's laboratories at Berlin and his lectures in his capacity of university professor there have so long been the medical student's goal from every part of the world that his eightieth birthday will bring him universal congratulations.

Others served in the Revolutionary army, acted on committees of safety, aided in organizing the protection of home, and set other examples of heroism and patriotic devotion.

During Mr. Emery's days as a lumberman he and a companion made many explorations of the Maine woods and made a chart of the ground that they covered, and published several pamphlets describing these localities, which were then little known to the hunters and the public.

It is in 1839 he was the innocent cause of a war, which is now known in history before they came, but at the same time they assembled several regiments of troops to meet the Maine boys.

Rev. Joseph Clark, D. D., of Columbus, Ohio, en route to Fredericton to attend the N. B. Sunday School Association, will stop over at St. John tomorrow and will speak in the following churches: Morning, St. John Presbyterian; afternoon, at 4 o'clock, in Portland Methodist church, a mass meeting of Sunday school workers; evening, at 8.30, in German street Baptist church, a mass meeting; and on Monday afternoon, at St. John's church. All interested in Sunday school work are invited to these services.

Wood's Phosphatine. The Great English Remedy. Sold by all Druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS



When babies are restless it is the surest possible sign of illness. Well babies sleep soundly. Correct the disorders which cause sleeplessness. Do not give children any medicines containing opiates, as such are simply stupefying and not curative.

They give the baby sound, healthy, refreshing sleep and it will wake up healthy and happy.

These tablets are the best cure in the world for simple fevers, colic, all stomach troubles, nervousness and are a relief for cramp.

They are purely vegetable little lozenges, pleasant to take, free from the slightest disagreeable taste and always effective.

You can find them at drug stores or get them postpaid at 25 cents a box by writing direct to THE DR. WILLIAMS MEDICINE CO., Brockville, Ont.

A MATTER OF HORSES: CANADA'S CHANCE.

From Notes by John Dyke in the Canadian Gasette.

Colonel Dent has finished his horse-buying tour through Canada on behalf of the British war office, and Canadian papers give us this list of purchases made in the Northwest and British Columbia:

Table with columns: Horses Bought, Price Paid, Amount. Includes entries for Mounted Infantry, Cavalry, and Royal Artillery.

This is, of course, something to be thankful for, but it must be read in conjunction with Colonel Dent's statement that "a great deal of improvement may be made in purchasing the right kind of mares and using the thoroughbred stallions."

In a word, Canada has at this moment a great opportunity, as I will endeavor to show. In point of fact, she is not able to meet one tithe of the demand that now exists for just the classes of horse that can be raised in Canada—and nowhere else better.

During Mr. Emery's days as a lumberman he and a companion made many explorations of the Maine woods and made a chart of the ground that they covered, and published several pamphlets describing these localities, which were then little known to the hunters and the public.

Wood's Phosphatine. The Great English Remedy. Sold by all Druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered.

and other authorities conversant with the position as it exists today) Canada must look to the English thoroughbred of today, which it has taken upwards of 200 years to bring to its present state of perfection.

What is to be done? There must be an infusion of new blood, to be brought about by the importation of the best specimens of the various breeds direct from Great Britain; the thoroughbred is what is wanted for the stock of military, hunting, and carriage horses.

The demand, therefore, is beyond all question. And so is the failure of the supply. Carriage horses are, as a rule, not so good in Canada today as they were 20 or 30 years ago, and the prices quoted at auction sales of Canadian horses in London, Liverpool and Glasgow, together with the absence of the high class buyers of 20 or 30 years ago, is ample proof of degeneracy.

It is in 1839 he was the innocent cause of a war, which is now known in history before they came, but at the same time they assembled several regiments of troops to meet the Maine boys.

Wood's Phosphatine. The Great English Remedy. Sold by all Druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered.

JAMES BUCHANAN & CO. SCOTCH WHISKY DISTILLERS & BLENDERS. THE BUCHANAN BLEND. GLASGOW, LEITH, LONDON, GLENTAUCHERS DISTILLERY, MULBEN, SPEYSIDE, N.B.





PROVINCIAL NEWS

HAVELOCK, Oct. 10.—The annual exhibition of the Petitediac and Havelock Agricultural Society took place today at this village. Although the threatening weather probably prevented many from being present, a special train from Elgin was crowded, and many drove from the surrounding country. The display of live stock was not up to the usual standard, but that of roots was good. An immense squash raised by Walter Burns measured in circumference fifty-five inches and weighed over a hundred pounds. A pumpkin measuring fifty inches and weighing fifty-two pounds, raised by Silas Thorne of Canaan road, was also shown. Some good fancy work was done. An especially beautiful piece of work was table linen worked in raised silk flowers by Mrs. Jordan of Boston.

Silas Thorne exhibited strawberries picked on his farm October 7th. Miss Mary Keith of the intermediate school is down with typhoid fever. Dr. Bliss Thorne is in attendance. Deibert Keith, who represented from Boston over a year ago in failing health, died on Saturday of consumption at his home, Kinnear Settlement. He was a son of Roland F. Keith and was twenty-six years of age. He leaves beside his father and mother four brothers and six sisters. His funeral took place yesterday from his late residence under the auspices of the Foresters, of which order he was a member. The services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. McNeil.

HOPEWELL HILL, Oct. 13.—Rev. Mr. Smithers held the annual harvest thanksgiving service in St. Mary's church at Hillsboro this afternoon. The interior of the church was decorated with grain, fruits and autumn leaves. Special music was furnished by the choir. The packet Velma A. arrived yesterday from Moncton with freight. Yesterday, two rigs, one driven by G. V. Peck and the other by John Daley of Albert, collided on the main street at Riverside, the occupants of both carriages being thrown to the ground. Both gentlemen were hurt considerably. Mr. Daley being in an unconscious condition for a quarter of an hour. Their injuries fortunately will not prove serious.

FREDERICTON, Oct. 15.—The Queens-Sunbury election court met today, Judges Tuck and McLeod presiding, to try the petition against R. D. Wilnot, M. P. No evidence was offered, and the petition was dismissed. The department of public works has awarded the contract for the steel superstructure of the Andover bridge to the Dominion Bridge Co. of Montreal. RICHMOND, Oct. 14.—The remains of the late Allan M. Smith, accountant of the Royal Bank of Canada at Halifax, arrived via the K. N. railway on Saturday afternoon. Edward Todd and Mrs. Todd of St. Stephen, J. E. Oakes and Mrs. Oakes of Wolfville, David Smith of Boston and O. Smith of Campbellton accompanied the remains. A large and representative gathering met at the station where the procession formed and marched to St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, where a large congregation was in waiting. Rev. D. Fraser conducted the service and delivered an impressive address. The friends of the deceased were then allowed to view the remains, after which they were placed in the family lot in the Presbyterian cemetery. The floral offerings were many and beautiful.

SACKVILLE, Oct. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Frith of Bathurst are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harper. Miss Mattie Stewart and Miss Annie Trueman left today for the station where they will remain for a short time. Charles Pickard is receiving the congratulations of his friends upon the arrival of a little son at his home. Miss Florence Frazier, daughter of J. P. Faulkner, is visiting in Truro. The annual harvest festival in St. Paul's church was held last night. The church was prettily decorated with the products of the harvest. Rev. H. Wiggins conducted the service, and the choir, under the direction of Prof. Geo. Wilson of Mt. Allison Musical Conservatory, rendered excellent music. About 25 men are at work on the Tantram bridge. The grounds of the Sackville and Westmorland Agricultural Society are being used as a place in which to frame and get ready the necessary woodwork.

WHITES COVE, Queens Co., Oct. 10.—Schooner Flying Yankee is here with a cargo of ashes for John McAfee. The election of councillors for the parish of Cambridge on Tuesday resulted as follows: A. P. Camp (con.), 145; C. D. Dykeman (lib.), 132; James Robinson (lib.), 125; Geo. Robinson (con.), 115. Miss Lane Orchard, who has spent the last two years at Bar Harbor, Me., is here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Orchard. J. Wallace Farris left on Thursday to resume his studies at Philadelphia. Mrs. J. P. Farris is visiting friends in St. John. Mrs. Susan Titus of St. John spent a few days here this week visiting friends. James Kennedy and sons of White's Point leave on Monday with several horses and carts for Chipman, where they have engaged to work on the Central railroad. Bears made a raid on Thomas Kelly's sheep one night last week and killed three. Miss Lizzie McAuley of Mill Cove has a hedge of June roses in full bloom.

SUSSEX, Oct. 14.—At a large and influential meeting of the citizens of Sussex met in the office of G. H. Whites on Saturday evening to select candidates for the coming council elections. It was announced that Ora P. King, the present councillor, would not again seek election. Orin Hayes, the other old councillor, and Dr. G. N. Pearson were unanimously selected as candidates. It is understood that H. R. McMonagle will oppose this ticket. At the close of the sermon preached

GRAPHIC DETAILS

Of One of the Greatest Battles of the War.

Kekewich, Wounded, Stood to the Guns—British Picket and a Maxim Detachment Moved Down to a Mar.

(Special to Toronto Mail and Empire.) REGINA, Oct. 9.—Details of the fight between the British troops under Col. Kekewich and 1,500 Boers under commandants Delany and Kemp, near Selous River, have just arrived. The British camp had evidently been carefully chosen. It lay in a triangle formed by the river on the west, a donga on the east, and the Zerstur-Rustenberg road on the south. The donga joins the river and forms the northern apex of the triangle. The banks of the river are deep and precipitous, and the country round is bushy. A patrol of Yeomanry, which was sent to reconnoitre to the west, crossed the drift, but were driven back by the Boers who were between them and the British camp. After going through the Yeomanry, the Boers attacked the pickets who were holding the river. A British officer of the name of Chase was the first man killed. The men made a heroic and costly resistance. The next picket to the south was defended by some of the Derbyshires, who held out until all were killed or wounded. The Scottish Horse picket, under Col. Dick-Cunningham, which was within the apex of the triangle, fought magnificently and held their own. All the men, the Scottish Horse, the Derbyshires, Yeomanry, and artillery unhesitatingly sprang into action, formed a firing line facing west and checked the Boers, who were nearly into the British lines.

TURNED THE BOER FLANK. A portion of the Derbyshires was then sent from the south to repel an attack which was anticipated from the east. They wheeled right around the camp, and arrived without much opposition northeast of the point where the donga joins the river. Here they formed in line with the Scottish Horse and thus outflanked the Boers' left. Then the Scottish Horse and these Derbyshires charged the river and donga with fixed bayonets, and with a resplendent rush, cleared the Boers out. Meanwhile the remaining Derbyshires on the British left and the Yeomanry made a similar rush on the river by the drift, and sent the Boers fleeing to the hills west of the river. At the beginning of the fight, the firing was so hot that it was impossible to see the British army, but when the Boers began to retreat the guns rendered effective work. A Maxim gun was served fearlessly by nine of the Derbyshires, all of whom were killed or wounded. All the men thought as they had been instructed and directed.

There were numerous instances of heroism on the part of the British officers and men. After Col. Kekewich had been hit by a bullet in the chest, he had his leg got up and stood by the guns, refusing to take cover, and encouraged and directed his men. The flank movement of the Derbyshires showed a remarkably good direction of the fight. The Boers lost heavily, especially in the final charges. They asked permission to remove their dead, and a full column of white flag was sent to carry them in. The Boers carried numbers of their dead off in nets between their horses. It is estimated that fully 800 of the enemy were slain. The British lost 100 men, but were greatly disheartened at the outcome of the attack, as they expected to obtain supplies and ammunition instead of being repulsed. Boer prisoners say they expected more from this battle than from years of guerilla fighting.

WEDDED AT WHITE'S COVE. UPPER JEMSSG, Oct. 10.—A very pretty wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James R. Colwell of this place last night, when their only daughter, Florence, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Harry Orchard of White's Cove. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. H. H. Gilles in the presence of about 100 guests. The nuptial presents received show the high esteem in which the young couple are held. Following is a list of a few of the articles: Rev. H. H. Gilles, a Bible; Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Camp, parlor lamp; Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Parlee, silver pickle dish; Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Titus, ivory set; Miss Ada Cameron, preserve set; Mrs. Robt. Orchard, carrying knife and fork; Miss Macy Orchard, handkerchief; Ebelbert and Frank Fowler, cash; Mrs. David Dykeman, sofa pillow; D. Colwell, glass pie stand; Walter Raymond, glass set; Gerrie and Howard Titus, glass preserve set; Mr. and Mrs. James G. Dykeman, set table pitchers; Mamie and Ashley Dykeman, half dozen silver knives; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Springer, silver butter dish; C. E. Springer, table set; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Colwell, gold lined pie lamp; Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Orchard, cash; Leslie Colwell, half dozen napkins; the bride's mother, set table mats; Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Fowler, fruit dish; Arthur Colwell and Violet Gunter, set of vases; Beale Dykeman, salt and pepper dish; the bride's father, set of glass.

PT-SHINY-BALSAM cures all coughs. It soothes, it heals, it cures quickly and certainly. Pny-Balsam sells more widely every year. Manufactured by the proprietors of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills. Must Bear Signature of Carter's Little Liver Pills. Cure Sick Headache.

LABOR MEN DISCO

The Allied A Legislative vent the Inv

(Ottawa Free Press) The small attention meeting of the Labor Association proceedings any Mayor Morris' commenda but the important domestic servants the patronizing of labor men, we V. H. Annable, the chair.

CHINESE Your executive ferred the question of Chinese domestic city, beg leave to having ascertain matter, have com that the Ottawa are at last face to Chinese question a disturbing elem past upon the Pac our co-workers in urging us to take compliance on a daily would making the importation of Chinese in tive, but we in the complacency of Chinese domestic continued. But no territory invaded selves compelled to have such legal native land and in people to compete workmen. While of the individual pleasures and in pieces, we look up of these people as community, moral and their filthy habits make them with members of the industrial world lies the greatest the importation of is to this phase of we must desire is well known that is not classed as are imported to cities organized These societies go actual safe trans evade paying the remain in this cot head enough mon native land and in for the rest of the \$300 or \$400 being purpose, and whe that a Chinaman ner, say, and spen ing for what is necessary, the q saves the money is We regret that is introduction of the pete with Ottawa taken by a minist cupping an office bo electors, who, for pend on a daily w ence. While as ye servants who are b introduction of the as deserving of our other branches of will in time injur branches of the Your executive st this association to acti monies to employed. Several tax be put on the upon labor men no people. It was shown the work given to was from the wo that labor men sho themselves, as the initiative in the cr ness laundries and troizing them.

A WARM The clause cause Mr. Draper asked other people in the Chinese besides the ways. Mr. Anderson res investigation was Blair's was the which Celestials employed. Several tax be put on the upon labor men no people. It was shown the work given to was from the wo that labor men sho themselves, as the initiative in the cr ness laundries and troizing them.

Children Cry for CASTORIA. METHODIST GENERAL CONFERENCE. MONTREAL, Oct. 15.—At a largely attended meeting of Methodist ministers in the parlors of St. James' Methodist Church yesterday afternoon, it was unanimously decided to memorialize the standing committee of the general conference of the Methodist Church of Canada to arrange matters so the next quadrennial session of the conference could be held in this city next year. It was suggested the session should be held in St. James' Methodist Church. The committee met in Toronto three years ago. Next year it was intended that it should meet at Winnipeg. Some difficulty has arisen, however, over the selection of Winnipeg as the place of meeting, owing to the distance that would have to be covered by the majority of the delegates in reaching the prairie city. In view of this fact, it has been deemed expedient to hold the conference elsewhere, and Montreal will endeavor to have an invitation from the Methodist clergy of this city forwarded to the secretary of the standing committee at once.

DUKE'S FIRST SPEECH. The Duke of Cornwall is still fond of a joke, and enjoys himself, says the New Penny Magazine. To make a public speech is as agonizing to a royalty as to any provincial lord mayor, and the duke's first speech caused him many a sleepless night. Before the day came he summoned a family confidant. The old Duke of Cambridge was present on the occasion, and as he gave the word of command he expected to be obeyed. "Have your speech typewritten, my dear fellow," held it in your hand, and refer to it when the moment comes." Our heir-apparent made no demur, but when the moment did come he decided, like a manly young fellow, to trust to himself. Anyhow, he discarded his notes and began the speech. His trepidation may be believed when he

MIN'T MARKS. (Denver Post.) "All coins of the same denomination look alike to me," says the average person who handles that form of specie. Yet every coin of the United States, of twenty-five-cent piece and over, shows distinctly what mint it comes from. There are only four places of coinage in the entire country. These are situated at Philadelphia, San Francisco, New Orleans and Carson City. The first mint was established at Philadelphia; and as the founding of other places of coinage was then unforeseen, there was no necessity for putting a mark on coins which came from that city. But as the country grew in territory, population and wealth, and as the mines in the west were developed more and more each year, it became necessary to establish other mints, and to adopt a method whereby the government could keep track of the output from each place, and if an error should occur in the coinage, could at once locate the mint from which the defective coin had come. All coins are supposed to weigh exactly the same as others of the same denomination. While on the one hand little attention is paid to the differences in weight that everyday wear and tear occasions on silver pieces, on the other hand, the slightest deviation from the fixed standard in a gold coin necessitates the trouble of recoining that piece. For these reasons small marks were put on coins which came from mints other than that located at Philadelphia. To find the marks turn the coin so as to observe the tail side. Then look directly below either the eagle or the bunch of arrows. If there be a letter in the place designated, it will be either a small s, o or the two double letters cc. Those bearing the letter s are from the mint at San Francisco. Others having the letter o are from New Orleans, while those bearing the letters cc are from Carson City. If you do not find any letter on the coin at all it is an indication that the coin came from the City of Brotherly Love.

3 a Day Sure. Send your address and we will send you a bottle of 3 a Day Sure. It is a little, red, round, pill, and it will cure you of all ailments. It is a little, red, round, pill, and it will cure you of all ailments. It is a little, red, round, pill, and it will cure you of all ailments.

BENTLEY'S LINIMENT. The best Remedy for Whooping Cough, Croup, Coughs, Colds, etc. Mrs. Maggie L. Christie, Postmistress, East Mountain, Col. Co., near Truro. Writes Nov. 21, 1899: "I recently used BENTLEY'S Liniment for a severe case of enlarged Tonsils in my daughter. She had Whooping Cough which greatly aggravated the trouble and I became very much alarmed at the symptoms. I bathed her throat freely with BENTLEY'S Liniment for a few days and the cure was marvellous." J. W. Doane, of the News Pub. Co., Truro. Writes Nov. 3, 1899: "I have used BENTLEY'S Liniment for Sprains with the most satisfactory results." Bloomfield, N. B., March 23, 1898. "I have used BENTLEY'S (roc) Liniment and it the best thing for Sore Hands, Etc., that I have ever yet tried." CHARLES HODGIN. Refuse all Substitutes--demand and insist on BENTLEY'S Liniment. All sorts of stores sell it. 2 SIZES 10 AND 25 CTS. F. G. WHEATON Co, Ltd. Sole Proprietors. Folly Village, N. S.

APOL & STEEL. A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES. superinducing Bitter Apple, Fil Coclea, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for \$1.00 from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. That the Co-partnership heretofore existing between Mr. & Mrs. Sharp, Commission Merchants, was dissolved by mutual consent on November 1st, last. The business will be continued by Geo. N. Erb, at the old stand, Stall A, City Market, where he will be pleased to receive consignments of Country Produce to sell, and guarantees to make prompt returns at the best possible prices. GEO. N. ERB, Stall A, City Market.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera. "If I were asked which single medicine I should prefer to take abroad with me, as likely to be most generally useful, to the exclusion of all others, I should say CHLORODYNE. I prefer it without it, and its general applicability to the relief of a large number of simple ailments forms its best recommendation." DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera. CAUTION—Genuine Chlorodyne. Every bottle of this well known remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHOEA, etc., bears on the Government Stamp the name of the Inventor—DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold by all Chemists at 1s. 1/4d., 2s., 3s., and 4s. Sole manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell St., London, W. C.

LABOR MEN DISCUSS CHINESE.

The Allied Association Urges Legislative Action to Prevent the Mongolian Invasion.

(Ottawa Free Press (government organ) Oct. 12.) The small attendance at last night's meeting of the Allied Trades and Labor Association did not make the proceedings any the less interesting.

CHINESE SERVANTS.

Your executive, to whom was referred the question of the employment of Chinese domestic servants in this city, beg leave to report that they have ascertained that the matter, have come to the conclusion that the Ottawa workmen and women are at least face to face with the great Chinese question, that has been a disturbing element for some years past upon the Pacific coast.

It is to this phase of the question that we must devote all our energies. It is well known that these people can not be classed as immigrants. They are imported to this country by societies organized for this purpose. These societies guarantee each individual safe transport and often try to evade paying the custom tax.

It is to this phase of the question that we must devote all our energies. It is well known that these people can not be classed as immigrants. They are imported to this country by societies organized for this purpose.

It is to this phase of the question that we must devote all our energies. It is well known that these people can not be classed as immigrants. They are imported to this country by societies organized for this purpose.

It is to this phase of the question that we must devote all our energies. It is well known that these people can not be classed as immigrants. They are imported to this country by societies organized for this purpose.

It is to this phase of the question that we must devote all our energies. It is well known that these people can not be classed as immigrants. They are imported to this country by societies organized for this purpose.

It is to this phase of the question that we must devote all our energies. It is well known that these people can not be classed as immigrants. They are imported to this country by societies organized for this purpose.

It is to this phase of the question that we must devote all our energies. It is well known that these people can not be classed as immigrants. They are imported to this country by societies organized for this purpose.

It is to this phase of the question that we must devote all our energies. It is well known that these people can not be classed as immigrants. They are imported to this country by societies organized for this purpose.

THE IMPOLITIC WISE MAN.

There was a wise man once Who sought the truth; who dared To stand for Right, who struck at Wrong Where'er its front was bared.

The clamor of the crowd Him suffered not to sway Him from the course his reason told Him was the honest way.

When masters wronged the men Who did their bidding, he Cried out against the masters then, And shamed them fearlessly.

When servants, led astray, Wronged those above, he came Forth boldly, as a righteous judge, To tell them their shame.

O he was wise and he Was error's fearless foe— A public voice, they say— Chicago Record-Herald.

COURT NEWS.

At county court Tuesday morning a petition for the appointment of a committee to take charge of the estate of Evelyn L. Estey was presented by A. A. Wilson, K. C. Value of estate, \$39,200. Court considered.

In the case of James Robertson and Margaret Adams were named in referees' report to look after the estate. Court confirms the appointment.

In the case of Calder v. William Wilson and W. H. Murray, an order was made for the foreclosure and sale of the mortgaged premises, with leave to bid. A. J. Gregory appeared for the plaintiff.

In the matter of W. Byers Lech and Edith C. Lech, Scott G. Small moved for the appointment of Eleanor Lech as guardian and for the sale of the land in question. The motion was granted.

In the case of Cassidy v. McCullough, W. Watson Allen, K. C., moved for the confirmation of the report of the referees in equity on the sale of the habitation. The motion was granted.

In the case of Alonso Wilson v. Albert J. Wilson et al, Amos A. Wilson moved to have the bill taken pro confesso against Albert J. Wilson and Roy Wilson, and for leave to prove the case against the other defendants. The motion was granted.

22ND REGIMENT PROMOTIONS. Promotions for the 22nd Regiment have been announced. They include: "D" Company—To be sergeant: Lance Sergt. J. M. Powers vice Globe, joined the South African Constabulary; Lance Sergt. Corp. Robert O'Brien, vice powers, promoted. To be corporal: Lance Corp. E. S. Roxborough, vice O'Brien, promoted. To be lance corporal, Pte. Minard Foster (S. A.) vice Roxborough, promoted.

"C" Company—To be lance sergeant: Corp. Henry Phillip to complete establishment. "E" Company—To be corporal: Private John W. Williams and special service battalion, vice F. Wilson, who joined South African Constabulary.

"A" Company—To be color sergeant: Sergt. W. Runelman, vice Marshall, who received his discharge. To be sergeant: Lance Sergt. Moran, vice Runelman, promoted. To be sergeant: Pte. C. Graham, vice Moran, promoted. To be lance sergeant: Pte. W. Trifita, vice Hayden, discharged. To be corporal: Pte. D. Donaldson, vice Clarke, discharged.

"B" Company—To be color sergeant: Lance Sergt. Thomas Nash, vice Carlos, discharged. To be sergeants: Pte. John McPherson, vice Richardson, discharged; Lance Corp. Thomas to complete establishment. To be corporals: Pte. James W. Marrice, vice Atchison; Pte. M. Thorne, vice Adams; Pte. R. A. Hickey, to complete establishment. To be lance corporal: Pte. R. D. Knowles.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

[To Correspondents—Write on one side of the paper only. Send your name, not address, for publication, with your communications. The Sun does not undertake to return rejected manuscripts. All unsigned letters are promptly consigned to the waste basket.]

THE SCHOOLS AND COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

To the Editor of the Sun: Sir—"Crusader's" letter in your issue of the 9th inst. compels me to take up the pen again for he seems to favor more than ever a compulsory law of instruction.

He says that the children are kept at home to assist in the work, to run errands, etc. True, to a certain extent, but not as much "Crusader" asserts. In winter time, for example, how many pupils do not go to school for the good reason that they are not dressed to stand the cold? It they have to walk to school? I can safely assert that this reason accounts for the absence at school of the majority of the children in the winter and spring seasons. How many who live from school? How many who attend school regularly in the spring and winter seasons?

Now, will "Crusader" say that compulsory education will provide that children with good clothes and with a team to drive them to school? No, certainly, compulsory education would be no remedy here. Let us see how the centralizing scheme would work.

Let us take the boys who run errands, together with those who dislike school life, would not the parents of these children send them to school during the winter months? And if not, why not? "Crusader" says that there are children who dislike school life. True, but why? Just because they are imprisoned in a class room like the one described by "E. M. R." in his letter of recent date. Will not "Crusader" agree with me that if a few districts were to build a school that they will have comfortable and attractive class rooms? I believe the only way of having suitable school rooms in country districts would be to unite the means of a few of them.

As regards the poor children, when a team will come right at the door they will surely wrap themselves up in a shawl or sheepskin so as to reach school without feeling much cold; the same result with those who live far from school. Then, is it not clear to "Crusader" that centralization of schools will improve the attendance of compulsory education? And since, where it was tried, it gave an average attendance of 50 with an enrollment of 62, why would it not give the same result here? Of course, centralization of schools has its disadvantages (what system has not), but under the present circumstances it is clear that if we had to choose one of the two systems, good reasoning and wisdom would make us forget compulsory education.

I say wisdom, why? Whatever thing we want an individual or people to do, we must wisdom command us to do rigorous. And if we are to have any means failed? When a country wants another country by right to grant certain concessions, if the latter either refuses to grant them or immediately follows, no months, and even years pass delegating men from one country to the other so as to settle amicably and avoid war.

The situation in regard to educational matters is analogous to that of the two countries, so the government must not proceed to adopt any rigorous measures until when all other measures have failed. Let me prove that no other system can present the advantages of compulsory education and then we will say it is the up-to-date system. Let us have it.

Yours sincerely, D. D. Shippegan, Oct. 12th. To the Editor of the Sun: Sir—I have been asked by so many people what the Lord's Day Alliance intend to do in regard to the deplorable incident of yesterday, namely, the continuance of work on the King street arch, that I trust you will permit me to correct what seems to be a very general misunderstanding. The L. D. A. is not organized for the purpose of laying information and conducting prosecutions. I do not say that it might not do this if it necessarily arose, but it is not its object, and as far as the civil law is concerned, it is to try to get the police, and others charged with carrying out the law, to do their duty. It has never instituted, or instigated, a charge against any person or class of persons. If anyone has earned for himself a cheap and, in the opinion of many by no means strait-laced, a despicable notoriety, no thanks are due to the Alliance. We have only urged that the law be impartially and reasonably enforced.

The law which has been chiefly violated has not been the so-called "Sunday Act," but the License Act, under which soda water, as well as beers and alcoholic beverages, is sold. It forbids the sale of all these on Sunday. The recent investigation has shown pretty clearly why it is not enforced and who is to blame.

There is another popular misunderstanding in which I would like to refer, and that is the Alliance's infatuation for "blue laws," "sumptuary laws," "Puritanical Sunday," etc. The idea is expressed in many forms, but the intention is to take over the individual sentiments of members of the L. D. A. may be, our only aim, in the sphere of the civil law, is to preserve the day of rest for the working man. We wish to take the law so framed and enforced that not a single man, woman or child shall be compelled, or be under the slightest constraint by fear of competition or loss of position, to labor on the Lord's day. Labor unions are beginning to recognize that the L. D. A. is their best friend. The Trades and

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

[To Correspondents—Write on one side of the paper only. Send your name, not address, for publication, with your communications. The Sun does not undertake to return rejected manuscripts. All unsigned letters are promptly consigned to the waste basket.]

POLITICAL PARSONS.

To the Editor of the Sun: Sir—The episode of the Rev. Mr. Fillingham and his remarkable letter to the President of the United States attempts me to digress a little from the subject of the Boer war to that of political parsons.

There is a class in society more worthy of a heaping of abuse than the public affairs than the vast majority of the Christian clergy. As a body they are more worthy of contempt than a most respectful consideration, and of this large body there is a section, small indeed, yet far too large (when it is too many), that must be excepted. These are the parsons of religion who befores the white robe of party politics, who turns his pulpit into an electioneering stump, preaches political crusades, and publicly teaches his ignorant folly and nonsense into the very faces of rulers and governors, deserves no respect and will get none from anybody who respects his worth.

Such a man would respect his own noble profession in the public estimation, while at the same time he does nothing or less than nothing to improve the state of politics. These parson-politicians are lucky if a small class in proportion to the noise they make; still they constitute an angry snore of our times and bode no good to the future prospects of the church or state. The most numerous and worst samples of them flourish in the United States, that fertile seed-ground of all sorts of monstrosities, religious, political, and social. Happily the breed is almost if not altogether unknown in Canada, but Great Britain has produced some remarkable specimens. One of the very same men who are now crying hoarse over the losses and expenses of the Boer war and declaring that these have brought England to the brink of ruin. Yet these pious apostles of "peace at any price" can bellow loudly enough for war when it pleases them so to do. In one thing they are they always consistent—whether prophesying a la Ingham or sobbing a la baby, they are always to be found befouling their own names and vilifying their own country and its defenders.

It is a curious and noteworthy fact that some of these pious political preachers, who are crying hoarse over the losses and expenses of the Boer war and declaring that these have brought England to the brink of ruin. Yet these pious apostles of "peace at any price" can bellow loudly enough for war when it pleases them so to do. In one thing they are they always consistent—whether prophesying a la Ingham or sobbing a la baby, they are always to be found befouling their own names and vilifying their own country and its defenders.

It is a curious and noteworthy fact that some of these pious political preachers, who are crying hoarse over the losses and expenses of the Boer war and declaring that these have brought England to the brink of ruin. Yet these pious apostles of "peace at any price" can bellow loudly enough for war when it pleases them so to do. In one thing they are they always consistent—whether prophesying a la Ingham or sobbing a la baby, they are always to be found befouling their own names and vilifying their own country and its defenders.

It is a curious and noteworthy fact that some of these pious political preachers, who are crying hoarse over the losses and expenses of the Boer war and declaring that these have brought England to the brink of ruin. Yet these pious apostles of "peace at any price" can bellow loudly enough for war when it pleases them so to do. In one thing they are they always consistent—whether prophesying a la Ingham or sobbing a la baby, they are always to be found befouling their own names and vilifying their own country and its defenders.

It is a curious and noteworthy fact that some of these pious political preachers, who are crying hoarse over the losses and expenses of the Boer war and declaring that these have brought England to the brink of ruin. Yet these pious apostles of "peace at any price" can bellow loudly enough for war when it pleases them so to do. In one thing they are they always consistent—whether prophesying a la Ingham or sobbing a la baby, they are always to be found befouling their own names and vilifying their own country and its defenders.

It is a curious and noteworthy fact that some of these pious political preachers, who are crying hoarse over the losses and expenses of the Boer war and declaring that these have brought England to the brink of ruin. Yet these pious apostles of "peace at any price" can bellow loudly enough for war when it pleases them so to do. In one thing they are they always consistent—whether prophesying a la Ingham or sobbing a la baby, they are always to be found befouling their own names and vilifying their own country and its defenders.

It is a curious and noteworthy fact that some of these pious political preachers, who are crying hoarse over the losses and expenses of the Boer war and declaring that these have brought England to the brink of ruin. Yet these pious apostles of "peace at any price" can bellow loudly enough for war when it pleases them so to do. In one thing they are they always consistent—whether prophesying a la Ingham or sobbing a la baby, they are always to be found befouling their own names and vilifying their own country and its defenders.

It is a curious and noteworthy fact that some of these pious political preachers, who are crying hoarse over the losses and expenses of the Boer war and declaring that these have brought England to the brink of ruin. Yet these pious apostles of "peace at any price" can bellow loudly enough for war when it pleases them so to do. In one thing they are they always consistent—whether prophesying a la Ingham or sobbing a la baby, they are always to be found befouling their own names and vilifying their own country and its defenders.

It is a curious and noteworthy fact that some of these pious political preachers, who are crying hoarse over the losses and expenses of the Boer war and declaring that these have brought England to the brink of ruin. Yet these pious apostles of "peace at any price" can bellow loudly enough for war when it pleases them so to do. In one thing they are they always consistent—whether prophesying a la Ingham or sobbing a la baby, they are always to be found befouling their own names and vilifying their own country and its defenders.



Cure Consumption.

Drive tubercle poison germs from the blood with Dr. Slocum's Psychine (Sikene). Build up the system with Dr. Slocum's Oxygenized Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. Use Dr. Slocum's Coltsfoot to help the lungs throw off dead matter caused by Tubercle poison. Tone up the membranes of the throat and nose with Oxojell, Dr. Slocum's Catarrh Cure.

FREE SAMPLES. Of all the above Remedies will be sent by applying to Dr. Slocum in Canada, curing consumption. Address: The T. A. Slocum Chemical Co., Limited, 179 King St. W., Toronto, Canada.



"Cornwall" Steel Ranges.

universally recognized as the best steel range made in America, are built in sizes to suit small families, and the small sizes are just as perfect bakers and fuel savers as their bigger brothers. Ventilated oven. Asbestos lining. Deep fire-box. Clinkerless duplex grates. Full nickel dress. Both coal and wood linings always sent. Made in 4 sizes and 10 styles. Free pamphlet from local agent or nearest house.

McClary Manufacturing Co.

LONDON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER, & ST. JOHN N.B.

work for the Empire to be harshly or unkindly dealt with. Are we to reward our heroes thus? The other day I blushed for the Yankees in their bounding of Schley, but now my own country is doing as bad. As to the speech of this fine old soldier, he spoke out in his honest bluff way and from his heart, after being harried and sneered at, principally by a lot of pro-Boer journals.

I will ask those who are finding fault to read the biographies of great generals of the past; say, from Camillus down. Let us regret. CIVILIAN. CRAMPS, CHOLERA, DIARRHOEA and all Summer Complaints in Children and Adults cured by Palmer's Blackberry Cordial. Always reliable. At all dealers at 25 cents.

THE ATTEMPT FAILED. PARIS, Oct. 15.—The attempt of Count De La Vaux to cross the Mediterranean in a balloon, which left Les Sablottes, near Toulon, Saturday night, has failed. The minister of marine, M. De Lanesnahan, has received a despatch from Toulon announcing that the cruiser Du Chalays, which was escorting the balloon, is returning to port with the balloon and her passengers, which she picked up ten miles east of St. Laurent Light.

The balloon was unharmed. The result of the experiment did not cause any surprise after the news brought to Marseilles by incoming steamers this morning, that the southeast winds were blowing out at sea, would carry the balloon on the coast of Spain or to Gibraltar. Moreover, the latest news from the passengers of the balloon, indicated that it was proceeding very slowly. These two factors probably caused Count De LaVaux to abandon his attempt.

SLAUGHTER HOUSE COMMISSIONERS. Will Not Give Kane & McGrath a License Until After the Magistrate's Decision in the Case Now Before the Court. A special meeting of the Slaughter House commissioners was held Tuesday afternoon to consider the Kane & McGrath matter. There were present Chairman Hall, Commissioners Frink, Berryman, Gallagher and Shaw, the secretary and inspector, also Mr. Kane. Mr. Kane admitted to the commissioners that there had been a violation of the regulations, and that after receiving notice from the secretary that his license had been cancelled, he had continued killing. He had admitted his offence before the police magistrate. Mr. Kane then asked that

TO SUBSCRIBERS OF SEMI-WEEKLY SUN. The message has need of a dozen copies of the semi-weekly Sun. If you are a subscriber, please send your name and post office to the printer.

Advertisement for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, featuring a large 'W' logo and text describing the medicine's benefits for various ailments.

Advertisement for Dr. Slocum's Remedies, including Psychine, Oxygenized Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, and Oxojell, with contact information for The T. A. Slocum Chemical Co.

Advertisement for 'EUREKA HARNESS OIL', featuring an illustration of a horse and harness and text describing the oil's benefits for harnesses.

