

St. Peters Bote,

the oldest Catholic newspaper in Saskatchewan, is published every Wednesday at Muenster, Sask. It is an excellent advertising medium.

SUBSCRIPTION: \$2.00 per year, payable in advance. Single numbers 5 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES: Transient advertising 50 cents per inch for first insertion, 25 cents per inch for subsequent insertions. Reading notices 10 cents per line. Display advertising \$1.00 per inch for 4 insertions, \$10.00 per inch for one year. Discount on large contracts. Legal Notices 12 cts. per line nonpareil 1st insertion, 8 cts. later ones.

No advertisement admitted at any price, which the publishers consider unsuited to a Catholic family paper.

Address all communications to ST. PETERS BOTE, Muenster, Sask., Canada.

St. Peters Bote. Ein Familienblatt zur Erbauung und Belehrung.

The oldest Catholic newspaper of Saskatchewan, recommended by Rt. Rev. Bishop Pascal of Prince Albert and Most Rev. Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface, and published by the Benedictine Fathers of St. Peter's Abbey at Muenster, Saskatchewan, Canada.

VOLUME 15 No. 34

MUENSTER, SASK., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1918.

WHOLE No. 762

St. Peters Bote

is published every Wednesday.

Contributions, Advertisements or changes in advertisements should reach us not later than the preceding Saturday in order to be inserted in the next following issue.

Notices of change of address should contain not only the new address, but also the old one.

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Remittances should be made only by Registered Letter, Postal Note or by Money Order, payable at Muenster, Sask.

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A WORD TO OUR READERS

With this issue, "St. Peters Bote" enters upon a new phase in its career. Nearly fifteen years ago, when the German speaking Catholics of Canada had no organ of their own, "St. Peters Bote" was founded to supply their needs in this respect. It immediately became the organ of the large German speaking Catholic settlement in the Humboldt District. The settlers looked upon the paper as their friend and adviser, and the paper used its great influence with them to help them in becoming good, true and loyal citizens of Canada. It pursued this policy not only in times of peace, but also ever after the outbreak of the present war. To the everlasting honor of the German speaking Catholics in the Humboldt District, where "St. Peters Bote" has its widest dissemination, be it said that, during the fifty months since the outbreak of the war, not only no German speaking Catholic has been interned or condemned for illloyalty, but also that the District was always found to be at the very head when the results of an appeal to assist financially some patriotic work were published.

In view of these incontrovertible facts, we had fondly hoped, as we stated in last week's issue, that the Dominion Government at Ottawa would grant our application for a license to continue as heretofore. Alas! these hopes were in vain. Last Friday evening we received a telegraphic answer from the Government saying that the subject had been discussed in Privy Council, and that the Secretary of State had issued instructions that no license was to be granted to any newspapers or other periodicals published in German or any other of the languages mentioned in the Order in Council, and that this was final and positive.

This answer settled the matter. For us there was no other choice but to follow the example of the gallant lads of the Light Brigade, of whom Tennyson so beautifully wrote that it was

"Theirs not to reason why, Theirs but to do and die."

Yes, we have resolved to DO our duty, as heretofore, towards the Church of our Fathers and towards the country of our adoption, and since it is denied to us to do it in the mother tongue of our readers, we shall do it in that language which to them, after their mother tongue, is most familiar. We hope that if it is decreed that we must DIE in the attempt, it will not be for lack of support on the part of them, who have, during all these years, been our staunch friends and supporters.

The World's War

The outstanding event of the week is Germany's offer of peace. Immediately upon taking office as Chancellor, Prince Max called together the Reichstag and stated his policy as favoring peace and a closer approach to popular and representative government. He also sent officially to President Wilson notice that he was ready to negotiate peace on the basis of Wilson's conditions, as announced by the President on January 8, and September 27, of this year, requesting that the President inform the Allies of this offer, and that an armistice be made immediately. This offer of Germany seems to bring the end of bloodshed into sight, for Wilson can hardly refuse to negotiate on his own terms, and if he wishes to negotiate, the Allies will not refuse to do likewise. Austria, it is understood, will at once make an identical offer to President Wilson, and Turkey likewise.

Bulgaria is out of the war. By the terms of the armistice, she demobilizes her army and gives control of her railways to the Allies, who may use them for military purposes. Political questions, such as determination of her boundaries etc., will be left over for the general peace conference to solve.

Bloody fighting has continued in Northern France during the week, and the Allies have again made some headway, though the progress has necessarily been slow.

LONDON, Sept. 30. — The armistice concluded with Bulgaria by the Entente Allies is a purely military convention and contains no provisions of a political character. Bulgaria agrees to evacuate all the territory she now occupies in Greece and Serbia, to demobilize her army immediately and surrender all means of transport to the Allies.

LONDON, Sept. 30. — A Turkish force of 10,000 men has surrendered to the British in Palestine, according to an official announcement made this evening.

LONDON, Sept. 30. — The British troops in the St. Quentin-Cambrai sector continued to advance today despite heavy resistance, according to Field Marshal Haig in his report from British headquarters tonight. Among other villages they captured Thorigny, Le Tronquoy, Villers-Guislain and Gonnelleu, taking many prisoners.

LONDON, Oct. 1. — Casualties among the British forces reported during the month of September totalled 94,937 officers and men. Killed or died of wounds: Officers 1,899, men 14,914. Wounded or

missing: Officers 5,573, men 72,551.

PARIS, Oct. 1. — Attacks conducted by the first army in conjunction with the British in the region of St. Quentin, says the war office announcement tonight, have obtained important results. French troops have penetrated St. Quentin as far as the canal. North of the Aisne Meurival, Ventalay, Bouvenecourt and St. Thierry have been occupied, while north of Boucenville Autry Wood and Vaux-les-Mauron have been captured.

PARIS, Oct. 1. — An official report states: "During the month of September the British forces captured 66,300 prisoners, including 1,500 officers and also 700 guns of all calibres and some thousands of machine guns. During the months of August and September the total captures by the British amounted to 123,618 prisoners, including 2,783 officers, and about 1,400 guns."

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2. — Gen. Pershing's communication today says that a partial count of the material captured during the past week by the American troops advancing between the Meuse and Argonne Rivers shows 120 guns of all calibre, 750 trench mortars, 300 guns, 100 heavy tank guns, thousands of artillery shells and hundreds of thousands of rounds of small ammunition.

LONDON, Oct. 2. — The Germans are in retreat over a wide front north and south of La Bassée Canal, with the British closely following them, according to Field Marshal Haig's report from headquarters tonight. The Germans have lost further ground to the British in the outskirts of Cambrai and northwest of that city, but northeast of St. Quentin the British under a violent counter-attack have been forced from the village of Sequehart.

PARIS, Oct. 2. — Many towns and villages were carried today by the French troops on the various fronts, according to war office announcement tonight. Especial progress was made north of the Vesle.

LONDON, Oct. 3. — The attack by the British infantry and tanks along an eight-mile front from Sequehart to the canal north of Bony, in the St. Quentin sector was completely successful, according to Field Marshal Haig's report from British headquarters tonight. British troops have reached the outskirts of Mont Brehain (about five miles east of Bellicourt) and further north have captured Gouy and Le Catelet.

LISBON, Oct. 4. — Two enemy submarines today shelled the port of Cezimbra, 18 miles south of Lisbon. Shore guns immediately replied, whereupon the submarines fled.

LONDON, Oct. 4. — The British have driven their lines within six miles of Lille at Wavrin and Erquingham, according to Field Marshal Haig's communication issued tonight. Between Lens and Armentieres, the Germans are continuing their retreat.

PARIS, Oct. 4. — American and French forces in their victorious advance on the crest of Mont

Blanc in the Champagne, captured 3,000 prisoners, according to the Echo de Paris.

ROME, Oct. 4. — American, British and Italian warships have destroyed the Austrian naval base at Durazzo and the warships anchored there, according to an announcement made by Premier Orlando. The attack on Durazzo occurred at noon on Wednesday.

LONDON, Oct. 5. — Baron von Hussarek, the Austrian premier, handed his resignation in the name of the entire cabinet to the emperor on Friday. It will be officially announced, the dispatch says, after a successor to von Hussarek has been found. The new premier, it is added, possibly will be Professor Lammash, with whom negotiations are under way to bring about a great pacifist manifestation.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 5. — The new peace note of Baron Burian will declare that all of President Wilson's terms have been accepted, according to a Vienna dispatch to the Frankfort Zeitung, which is quoted in the press of Holland. The note will be published immediately.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 5. — The Berlin Tageblatt gives the text of the program of the majority parties in the reichstag which will form the basis of the new German policy, under the new Chancellor, Prince Max of Baden: The first clause provides for adherence to the government's reply to the papal note of Aug. 1, 1917. The second clause declares readiness to join in a league of nations based on equality and free economic development. The fourth clause says that peace treaties hitherto concluded must form no hindrance to the conclusion of a general peace. In the Baltic provinces, Lithuania and Poland, popular assemblies are to be created at the earliest possible moment. Clause five provides for the establishment of an independent federal state of Alsace-Lorraine corresponding to the demand of Alsace-Lorraine for a popular assembly. Clause six demands the carrying out without delay of electoral reforms in Prussia and reform in those states which are still without it. Clause seven aims at the coordination of the imperial government and the government representatives from parliament to carry out a uniform imperial policy. Strict observance of all constitutional responsibility is demanded, as well as the abolition of all military institutions that might serve to exercise political influence.

LONDON, Oct. 6. — British troops advancing in the region northeast of St. Quentin have captured the towns of Mont Brehain and Beaurevoir. Field Marshal Haig announced today. North east of Le Catelet the British took possession of Aubencheul-aux-Bois. More than 1,000 Germans were captured by Haig's men in the operations yesterday north of St. Quentin. Pushing north of Aubencheul-aux-Bois the British have established themselves on the high ground towards Lesdain. Lesdain is nearly five miles south-east of Cambrai.

PARIS, Oct. 6. — French troops have smashed through the German positions in the Champagne over a wide front. The official statement issued today by the war office says the French have crossed the Aisne Canal and have reached the outskirts of Aguilcourt and approaching Aumenancourt-le-Petit, eight miles north of Rheims. Further east the French are advancing on a line north of the towns of Pomacle, Lavannes and Epoye, and have captured Faverges, on the Suipe River.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 6. — Prince Maximilian, the new German Imperial Chancellor, has made an offer of peace to the Allies. The text of a note forwarded by the Chancellor to President Wilson through the Swiss Government, is as follows: "The German Government requests the President of the United States to take in hand the restoration of peace, acquaint all the belligerent states of this request and invite them to send plenipotentiaries for the purpose of opening negotiations. It accepts the program set forth by the President of the United States in his message to Congress on January 8, and his latest pronouncements, especially his speech of September 27, as a basis for peace negotiations. With a view to avoiding further bloodshed the German government requests the immediate conclusion of an armistice on land and water and in the air." It was announced that Turkey will take a similar step.

BERLIN, Oct. 6 (via Basel). — Emperor William issued a proclamation to the German army and navy, dated October 6, saying: "In the midst of this severe struggle the Macedonian front has crumbled. Our front has not been broken, and will not be. I have decided, in accord with my allies, to once again offer peace to the enemy, but it will only be an honorable peace for which we extend our hand. We owe a duty to our heroes who have given their lives for the country, and to our children."

LONDON, Oct. 7. — Field-Marshal von Hindenburg has resigned as chief of the German general staff after a heated interview with the emperor in which the field-marshal declared that a retreat on a large scale was impossible to avoid, according to a Central News despatch from Amsterdam today. The correspondent based his despatch on reports from the frontier.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7. — Germany's peace note was delivered to President Wilson personally today by Frederick Oederlin, an attaché of the Swiss legation. This gave rise to suggestions that it came from Emperor William himself. Minister Ekengren of Sweden presented the note from Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, to Secretary Lansing at 10 o'clock.

Religious News

PRINCE ALBERT, Sask. — The state of health of Bishop Pascal is improving most satisfactorily, considering the very dangerous

illness undergone by him last winter. A convincing proof is furnished by the fact that he has announced that he will raise the Rev. Deacon, Father Morneau, to the priesthood in the Cathedral next Sunday.

His Lordship desires, that in all churches of the Diocese, the prayer against epidemic diseases recently approved by him for the diocese and endowed with an indulgence, be recited regularly in future. At the request of his Lordship, this prayer is published in English, Latin and German in our paper.

REGINA. — At the beginning of this month, five sisters of the congregation of Missionary Oblates of St. Boniface arrived at Gravelbourg, where they will take charge of the kitchen arrangements in the new College and, at the same time, conduct a kinder-garden.

His Grace, Archbishop Mathieu, recently administered the Sacrament of Confirmation at Kennedy, Dumas, and Riverhurst.

The Rev. J. B. Neron, C.S.S.R., who had been ordained according to the Latin rite five years ago, passed over to the Rutenian rite on Sept. 20. He is a French Canadian and stationed at Yorkton.

WINNIPEG. — On October 13th, the Rev. Father Schweers, O.M.I., of Allan, Sask., will begin to preach a Mission in St. Joseph's Church, Winnipeg, which will last eight days, concluding on Oct. 20.

ST. BONIFACE. — Rt. Rev. Bishop La Roque of Sherbrooke, at the invitation of Archbishop Beliveau, solemnly blessed the enclosure of the new Convent of the Precious Blood in St. Boniface last Sunday.

ST. CLOUD, Minn. — Ven. Fr. Jerome Fleissner, O. S. B., died of pulmonary tuberculosis at St. John's Abbey, Collegeville. He was born in St. Paul, Minn., July 17, 1893, and had made his solemn profession on the 13th of last July.

ST. PAUL, Minn. — The funeral of the late Archbishop Ireland was held in the St. Paul Cathedral on Oct. 2nd. Cardinal Gibbons and several other high dignitaries of the church who participated in the funeral of Cardinal Farley were present at the obsequies.

Not our Fault!

We crave the indulgence of our friends for offering only four pages this week, thus being obliged to cut out over half our usual reading matter. The great amount of extra work inevitably connected with the change from one language to another and the short time available — less than three days — have made this unavoidable. Next week we hope to again issue a full sized paper.

St. Peter's Colony

LEOFELD. — Mr. John Spani, one of the pioneers of this district, died of cancer, Sept. 27th, in the 69th year of his age.

FULDA. — The Rev. Father Lawrence took an auto trip to Muenster last Sunday afternoon to extend his greetings to the Rt. Rev. Abbot Bruno on the occasion of his namesday.

LENORA LAKE. — The many friends of Mr. Louis Walter will learn with regret that he has died of cancer at the St. Elizabeth Hospital, Humboldt, Oct. 5th, after being in agony a couple of days.

DEAD MOOSE LAKE. — The Rev. Fr. Casimir had the pleasure to welcome and entertain at his parish house last week the Rev. Fathers Panfaleux, O.M.I., the pastor of the Sacred Heart Cathedral of Prince Albert and Emil Pascal, O.M.I., of North Battleford, Sask.

HUMBOLDT. — The council of the town of Humboldt has engaged Mr. C. A. Cutting of Saskatoon as electrical and waterworks superintendent at a salary of \$185.00 per month, to succeed Mr. F. K. Martin who resigned his position Nov. 1st.

MUENSTER. — The Rt. Rev. Abbot Bruno made a trip to Humboldt on Oct. 2nd and paid his respects to His Lordship, the Rt. Rev. Bishop Albert Pascal, O.M.I., who a day or two previously had taken quarters in St. Elizabeth Hospital.

STRAVED. — On my premises about two weeks ago five calves, Owner, please, call for them. Paul Maier, Annaheim, Sec. 30, T. 39, R. 19.

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Two land agents, Messrs. Franks and Parker of Winnipeg, were here for a few days, looking over some of the land they have for sale around here.

ment. He returned to Muenster Friday.

Visitors at the Monastery during the past week were the Rev. Fathers Dominic, Leo, Bernard, Joseph and Casimir.

NOTICE. I wish to inform the public that besides conducting the candy store I am now also selling groceries at Muenster.

Miss Caroline Mamer. — ESTRAY 2 spring (bull) calves, gone about 4 weeks. One has white star on forehead. \$5.00 reward offered for their return.

C. L. Mayer, Muenster. — Mrs. G. Kuenper has just received a letter from Iowa in which is stated that the whole family of her sister was visited by the so-called Spanish Grippe.

On Oct. 6th, last Sunday, the Abbey was honored by the visit of His Lordship Bishop Pascal, O.M.I., of Prince Albert, the occasion being the namesday of Rt. Rev. Abbot Bruno.

The weather of the past week was quite fair and favorable for the threshers. Sunday noon a light drizzling rain set in that lasted all afternoon and the following night.

The Watson paper says: "It is rumored that some people pay special attention to only two words in the Telephone Rules—'Always listen'."

The Knights of Columbus have had a splendid success with their Army Hut appeal. Approximately \$15,000 were collected within St. Peter's Colony during their campaign between Sept. 15th and 23rd.

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The rain on Sunday delayed threshing somewhat.

The G. G. Ass. will get in their carload of potatoes this week. All those who have not sent in their order should do so at once.

On account of unforeseen circumstances the auction which was announced for Oct. 11, will NOT be held for the present.

Two land agents, Messrs. Franks and Parker of Winnipeg, were here for a few days, looking over some of the land they have for sale around here.

Mr. J. J. Halbach got in a nice carload of young heifers last week which he took out to his ranch.

I ANNOUNCE to the people around St. Gregor, that I will be at St. Gregor on Oct. 16 and 17 with Fall and Winter Ladies' and Children's Hats and Caps.

Mrs. Wilkes, Watson. WATSON. — The highest wheat yield so far reported in this district was on Mr. O. Voldeng's farm at Spalding, which threshed out 40 bushels per acre.

The other extreme is reached south of Watson, where some fields were so badly frozen that they were not worth threshing. Wheat at the Watson elevators last week graded all the way from No. 2 Northern to feed.

Profession and Investment at St. Elizabeth Hospital in Humboldt.

An impressive and beautiful celebration took place in the chapel of St. Elizabeth Hospital, Humboldt, last Friday, Oct. 4th, the feast of St. Francis of Assisi, the founder of the Sisters of St. Elizabeth. Three novices, the Ven. Sisters Aloysia Heisler, Hyacintha Senger, both from Allan, Sask., and Puleheria Poth from Carmel, Sask., made their simple triennial vows.

The Spanish Grippe having reached both Regina and Winnipeg, we may expect it to spread over the West. It seems to be the same as the ordinary grippe, only more dangerous in form, turning into pneumonia more easily.

St. Elizabeth Hospital at Humboldt to be enlarged.

Since the erection of St. Elizabeth Hospital, Humboldt, in 1912 the number of patients seeking admission to that institution has so much increased that the present accommodations are proving entirely inadequate.

The good Sisters must enlarge their present hospital, they must nearly double its present size, they must build an extension in order to better accommodate the many patients requiring and seeking hospital care.

ABOUT THE SPANISH GRIPPE

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Canadian News

Saskatchewan

REGINA.—The vacant land tax in Saskatchewan is expected to yield a revenue of \$800,000 this year. The tax was changed at last session of the legislature from \$10 per quarter section to one per cent. on the value of the land.

The fire loss of this province was \$2,750,000 in 1917, when Canada was at war and needing every ounce of energy, and fires were a

Prayer against Epidemic Diseases.

(Approved for the Diocese of Prince Albert by Bishop Pascal, O.M.I., on August 30, 1918, and endowed with an Indulgence of 50 days, which can be gained once a day by the Faithful within the said diocese.)

Antiphon. Remember, O Lord, thy covenant and say to the desiring angel: Now hold thy hand, that the earth may not be desolated, and do not destroy every living soul.

Lord have mercy on us. Christ have mercy on us. Lord have mercy on us.

- Our Father (silently). V. And lead us not into temptation. R. But deliver us from evil. V. The Lord sent his word and healed them. R. And delivered them from their death.

LET US PRAY.

O God who dost not desire the death, but the repentance of sinners, through the intercession of the blessed Virgin Mary, Mother of God, look propitiously upon thy people returning to thee, that thou, whilst it remains attached to thee, mayest graciously remove from it the scourge of thy wrath.

ORATIO CONTRA PESTILENTIAM.

Antiph. Recordare, Domine, testamenti tui, et dic Angelo percutienti: Cesset jam manus tua, et non desoletur terra, et ne perdas omnem animam viventem.

- Kyrie eleison. Christe eleison. Kyrie eleison. Pater noster (secretly). V. Et ne nos inducas in tentationem. R. Sed libera nos a malo.

Oremus.

Deus, qui non mortem, sed penitentiam desideras peccatorum: per intercessionem beatae Dei genitricis, virginis Mariae, populum tuum ad te revertentem propitius respice: ut, dum tibi devotus existit, iracundiae tuae flagella ab eo clementer amoveas. Per eundem Christum Dominum nostrum.

Approbatur pro nostra diocesi. Concedimus indulgentiam 50 dierum semel in die lucrandam fidelibus has preces infra fines nostrae dioceseos pie recitantibus.

IMPRIMATUR. ALBERTUS, O.M.I., Die 30 August. 1918. Episcopus Principis Albert.

Gebet gegen epidemische Krankheiten.

(Von Bischof Pascal, O.M.I., am 30. August 1918 gutgeheißen für die Diözese Prince Albert und mit einem Ablass von 50 Tagen versehen, den täglich einmal innerhalb der genannten Diözese von den Gläubigen gewonnen werden kann.)

Antiphon. Gedente, o Herr, deines Bundes und befiehl deinem strafenden Engel: Halte jetzt ein deine Hand, auf daß die Erde nicht verödet werde, und töte nicht jede lebende Seele.

- Herr erbarme dich unser! Christe erbarme dich unser! Herr erbarme dich unser! Vater Unser (leise). V. Und führe uns nicht in Versuchung. R. Sondern erlöse uns von dem Uebel.

Ruffet uns beten!

O Gott, der du nicht den Tod, sondern die Bußfertigkeit des Sünders willst: durch die Fürbitte der allerheiligsten Gottesgebärerin und Jungfrau Maria beflusst, blicke herab auf dein Volk, welches sich wieder zu dir wendet, auf daß du, während es dir getreu bleibt, die Geißel deines Zornes barmherzig von ihm abwendest. Durch denselben Christum unsern Herrn.

(Continued)

total loss to the w try. This staten Arthur E. Fisher for Saskatchewan Saskatoon.

Mr. A. L. for M. D. No. 12, to the Mennonite alleged Mennonite tion, and who in registrar where would be referre appeal judge at cision. Already cases from Saska send to Ottawa and the decision be given out sho

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Writs have by-election in the electoral district take place on Oct ing on October 2 are Robert Dun Portal, and Th Estevan.

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WEYBURN Crittenden, of rested for per with evidence icial investiga July.

SASKATOON officials at the word that the has been auth terminal. Th been signed.

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120 student provincial No cinated as the of a third case the past days, being a studen the Normal.

C. Jacks Interprovincia toria, fell off his leg.

PRINCE A Roberts, a rel city, was com preliminary l bert, charged Sedie Mae I will come up

### Canadian News

(Continued from page 2.)

total loss to the wealth of the country. This statement was made by Arthur E. Fisher, fire commissioner for Saskatchewan in an address at Saskatoon.

— Mr. A. L. Haining, registrar for M. D. No. 12, states with regard to the Mennonites that all cases of alleged Mennonites seeking exemption, and who in the opinion of the registrar were not entitled to it, would be referred to the central appeal judge at Ottawa for a decision. Already a number of such cases from Saskatchewan have been sent to Ottawa for adjudication, and the decisions are expected to be given out shortly.

— Spanish influenza has invaded the province, as there are four cases in the Regina hospital. There is no report as yet of the epidemic spreading in Winnipeg.

— Two smallpox cases have been located in Regina and are now in the pest house on the Northside. Both cases are women and both are residents of the city.

— Writs have been issued for the by-election in the Estevan provincial electoral district, nomination to take place on October 17 and polling on October 24. The candidates are Robert Dunbar, farmer, North Portal, and Thomas Bryce, farmer, Estevan.

— Barny Belcourt was found guilty of the murder of Mrs. Beatty at Theodore on September 2, before Mr. Justice McKay at Melville.

— For two weeks Regina street cars will operate on a restricted service, as the mayor has granted harvest leave to many of the conductors and motormen.

— Sentence of death passed on Peter Gilloux at Regina has been commuted to life imprisonment. Gilloux has been found guilty of murder.

— That the Saskatchewan courts have no jurisdiction and that the jurisdiction of the court of divorce and matrimonial causes was not conferred either upon the supreme court of the northwest territories, or the supreme court of Saskatchewan, was the judgment handed down by His Honor Mr. Justice Taylor in the petition of Walter S. Fletcher, who sought divorce from his wife Jean Catherine Fletcher on statutory grounds.

— The government has purchased the entire breeding stock of six hundred grade Cheviot ewes owned by former Lieut.-Governor Geo. Brown for distribution among the farmers of Saskatchewan.

WEYBURN.—Alderman S. A. C. Crittenden, of Weyburn, was arrested for perjury in connection with evidence he gave at the judicial investigation held here last July.

SASKATOON.—The C. P. R. officials at the local office received word that the Grand Trunk Pacific has been authorized to use their terminal. The agreements have been signed.

— Grazing leases on homesteading land within fifteen miles of a railroad can now be secured only by returned soldiers. An order to this effect was received at the Dominion Land Office here.

120 students and teachers of the provincial Normal school were vaccinated as the result of discovery of a third case of smallpox within the past days, two of these cases being a student and a teacher of the Normal.

— C. Jackson, employed at the Interprovincial Flour Mills at Factoria, fell off a ladder and broke his leg.

PRINCE ALBERT.—Alfred Roberts, a returned soldier of this city, was committed for trial at a preliminary hearing at Prince Albert, charged with the murder of Sodie Mae Mulvihill. The case will come up for trial at the next

sitting of the Court of King's Bench at Prince Albert, on November 26th.

#### British Columbia

VICTORIA.—For the purpose of purchasing 350 head of first class young beef stock on behalf of the land settlement board, Provincial Livestock Commissioner W. T. MacDonald left for Edmonton.

— Hon. T. D. Patullo, minister of lands, has announced that 50 lots in the municipality of South Vancouver will immediately be rendered available as home sites for returned soldiers.

— Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, federal minister of marine, has completed arrangements for carrying out the government's permanent shipbuilding policy as far as Vancouver Island is concerned. A contract will be let to the Victoria Machinery Depot for two 8,000-ton steel vessels. The minister has agreed to give this company contracts to keep the firm busy for two or three years. Two berths will be provided here for steel shipbuilding, and contracts for some ten vessels from the Dominion government are assured.

FERNIE.—By an unanimous vote the miners of Fernie and Michel meeting here refused to return to work in the Crow's Nest Pass Company's mine at Coal Creek, in accordance with the proposal of Fuel Commissioner Armstrong.

#### Manitoba

WINNIPEG.—Frank Sullivan and Philip Johnson, condemned to death for the murder of Constable Snowden, were executed here last Wednesday morning. Both protested their innocence to the end.

— The board of grain supervisors meeting in Winnipeg has removed the wheat embargo which has been in effect in Saskatchewan for the past month. The order becomes effective at once.

— Twenty thousand tons of western Canada's anthracite coal apportionment which have been retained at the head of the Lakes on account of the commission controversy were released for shipment.

— A raid of several foreign bookstores in the north end of the city was carried out by the city police, accompanied by intelligence officers, at which a large quantity of books, pamphlets, etc., were seized.

— William Korliek died at the Tuxedo military hospital of septic poisoning, as the result of a wound received in the leg when he attempted to desert from his battalion about three weeks ago.

#### Ontario

OTTAWA.—Canada will resume ordinary time at 2 a. m. Sunday, Oct. 27. All clocks will at that hour be put back 60 minutes.

— Sir Rbt. Borden, prime minister of Canada, has left Ottawa for a very much needed rest and is not expected back in Ottawa before a couple of weeks.

— The order-in-council commanding creamery butter applies to the provinces of Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec. British Columbia is not included in its provisions.

— Robert A. Pringle, K. C., paper controller, set new prices for newsprint paper. The price for all the mills is \$69 per ton instead of \$57, with the exception of the Fort Francis mill, which was allowed \$74 per ton, subject to certain deductions for freight rates and duty on sulphite, which charges may be reduced later on. The new order of the controller is for sixty days or to December 1, and is retroactive to July 1.

— The government, it is announced, has reached no decision as yet in regard to the calling out of men for military service who have reached twenty years since the first class was summoned.

— Canada has adopted the Allied war loaf. Announcing this policy an official memorandum says: "The Canada Food Board after full consideration of the matter has adopted the policy of the Allied food controller's resolution, as far as wheat products are concerned and will use the Allied loaf. This means that 20 per cent of substitutes must be used with wheat flour."

— After investigation the Canada Food Board has come to the conclusion, that rubber bands used on fruit jars infected with phenol do not affect the fruit and that any fruit preserved in such jars must not be destroyed. The objectionable odor and taste will disappear after 24 hours exposure to the air, leaving the preserves perfectly suitable for human consumption. There is no need to destroy any such fruit, as it has not been harmed.

— Grain dealers throughout Canada must have licenses to do business. In the past this has been demanded only of dealers doing business from Fort William west to the Pacific coast. The new order-in-council brings the territory from Port Arthur to the Atlantic coast into line.

— Lieut.-Col. Fred White, commissioner of the northwest territories, and former comptroller of the Royal North West Mounted Police, which he organized, died here September 27th, in his 72nd year.

— The Canada Food Board has received from the British ministry of food a copy of the canned salmon requisition order, dated September 2, 1918. Under this order the British food controller has seized all canned salmon packed in Canada and the United States arriving in the United Kingdom after Sept. 4, 1918.

TORONTO.—It was announced at the head offices of the Canadian Northern Railway that Wm. H. Moore had resigned as secretary of the company and had been succeeded by R. F. Ormsby, former assistant secretary.

— Announcement was made today by the provincial treasurer's department of a new scale of amusement taxes which is to go into effect November 1. Officials say that the increase in revenue will be approximately \$200,000.

— Gross earnings of the C.N.R. system for the week ending Sept. 30, were \$1,359,900, as compared with \$1,104,400 for the corresponding week last year, an increase of \$255,500. From July 1 to date the gross earnings were \$11,723,600, compared with \$10,591,800, an increase of \$1,131,800.

PORT WILLIAM. The War Nipegon, the second wooden ship to be launched at the yards of the Great Lakes Shipbuilding Co. took the water here. The first boat, the War Sioux, has already gone down the Lakes and the War Nipegon will follow before the close of navigation.

— The elevator employees at the head of the lakes have applied for a board under the conciliation act to deal with their demands for a fifty per cent increase in wages.

#### Quebec

MONTREAL.—75,000 stenographers, office-boys, messengers, watchmen, sectionmen and others in the employ of the Canadian railways were granted an increase in wages amounting to over \$22,000,000 a year on the present payroll at a meeting of the Canadian Railway war board. At the same time, in view of the demands of organized labor, it was ordered that hereafter the eight-hour day shall prevail in all Canadian railway freight sheds.

#### United States News

WASHINGTON.—The House passed the administration emergency power bill providing for gov-

ernment acquisition and extension of electric power plants. It authorizes the expenditure of \$175,000,000 for extending plants or building new ones.

— First steps looking to the fixing of prices for standard grades of raw cotton were taken by the government in naming two committees, one to investigate the entire cotton situation and the other to control during the period of this inquiry the distribution of cotton.

— Cost of living investigators of the Bureau of Statistics working in the principal cities reported that costs in Philadelphia have increased 67.15 per cent, since December 1914. Clothing increased 108.12 per cent, in cost, furniture 105.76 per cent, food 68.09, housing 9.69, and fuel and light 31.65 per cent. The increase was 13.36 per cent, since December, 1917.

— Guarantee to farmers of a minimum price of \$15.50 a hundred pounds for hogs during the war is recommended by the national agricultural advisory committee.

— Railroad telegraphers probably will soon receive a wage increase of between \$20 and \$25 a month, it was said by railroad administration officials. The application of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers for more than twice that amount of increase is still pending.

— The total number of influenza cases reported up to Oct. 3, in the camps since the epidemic began, September 13, is 113,737. Pneumonia cases total 8,575, and deaths 2,479.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J.—Many men were killed and scores of others injured in a tremendous explosion at the works of T. A. Gillespie, shell loading plant, at Morgan, near here. Estimates have placed the number of killed and hurt at from 50 to more than 100.

NEW YORK.—The opinion that Spanish influenza is leading the city into a serious epidemic of lobar, as well as bronchial pneumonia was expressed by health commissioner Copeland. Heretofore physicians have agreed that influenza induced only the bronchial form of pneumonia, but comparisons of statistics of lobar pneumonia in the past few weeks with those of similar periods in past years have led him to believe that the influenza induces both forms.

— Silver fox was king at the annual fall fur auction here. The best silver fox brought \$600. White fox came second in demand, with a top price of \$58. A new high record for dark marten skins was established at \$75.50 each. Excepting for beaver, the average prices of all furs sold equalled or exceeded those obtained at the spring sales here.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—A strike went into effect on all the lines of the International railway here and nearby cities and towns. The tie-up was complete, the company making no effort to move cars with whatever force was available.

BOSTON.—At least 85,000 persons are ill from Spanish influenza in Massachusetts and the death list is gaining hourly. Spanish influenza and broncho-pneumonia took 149 lives in this city in the 24 hours ending at 10 o'clock P. M., Sept. 29, bringing the total death toll since the epidemic started on Sept. 14 up to 1,226.

CLEVELAND, O.—Twenty-two men were instantly killed and two others probably fatally injured, when a Pennsylvania passenger train crashed into a crowd of foundry-men alighting from a local train at Bedford, a suburb ten miles from here.

CHICAGO.—A conference of medical men, representing the Army, the Navy, the Red Cross, the American Public Health Association, and the health department of the city and the state, after listen-

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All kinds of Soft Drinks  
Tobacco, Cigars,  
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FIRST CLASS BUTTER  
SHIP YOUR CREAM TO US!  
We pay highest prices for butterfat during winter and summer.  
Write to us for further information  
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Manufacturers of  
FIRST CLASS BUTTER  
SHIP YOUR CREAM TO US!  
We pay highest prices for Butterfat during winter and summer.  
RICHARD SCHAFFER, Mgr.

**Ship your Cream to the Rose Lawn Creamery ENGELFELD, SASK.**  
You are paid highest market prices for Butterfat, according to quality, during summer and winter  
Full information given on request.  
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WE BUY Cattle, Hogs, Sheep and Poultry. If you have them to sell, let us know, we pay highest prices.

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We have Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Groceries, Tobacco etc.  
Best service always guaranteed.

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ing to reports, agreed that this is an "influenza year" similar to 1890, when the United States was swept by the disease. Similar conditions are expected to prevail this winter, no matter how extensive the precautions taken to forestall and meet the epidemic. It is estimated that the victim of influenza alone has 99 in 100 chances to recover. The danger comes with the setting in of pneumonia. A formal statement issued by the conference says: "Persons who have influenza can keep from having pneumonia by going to bed and taking care of themselves, both while they are sick and while convalescent. Persons with mild influenza and common colds need to do little more than go to bed and care for themselves."

LOTT, Tex. — Texas is visited by an awful dry spell. People who have been living in this section of the country for more than forty years declare that they have never witnessed anything like this.

OLYMPIA, Wash. — Forest fires wiped out Lindberg, a lumber town, according to reports received here by E. Pape, state fire warden. The Murrey logging works near Lindberg also were destroyed. Pape declared that Washington is faced by the most serious fire that it has had in 20 years.

SAN DIEGO, Cal. — Two U.S. shipping board vessels on their maiden trips were sunk, a fleet of other craft was badly battered, the city of La Paz was partially destroyed, and the floating equipment of the United States naval coal depot at Pichilique damaged to the extent of thousands of dollars during a terrific hurricane that raged off the lower California and northwest coast of Mexico, Sept. 17.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico. — The government announced that the sugar crop for 1918 is 453,796 short tons, as compared with 503,081 tons in 1917, a decrease of slightly over 10 per cent. The prospect for the 1919 crop indicates that there will be a further reduction in the amount of sugar raised next year.

Foreign News

KINGSTON, Jamaica. — It is the intention of the government to appoint a food controller. The governor will issue a proclamation against the exportation of cloth. He has already issued regulations against the export of locally grown products, food-stuffs, animals, alive or dead, if suitable for food.

ASUNCION, Paraguay. — A mutinous outbreak of troops in the district of Villa-Hayes has been suppressed. Calm now prevails throughout the republic. Dr. Eduardo Scherer, former president of Paraguay, has been appointed minister of war.

LONDON. — Owing to ill health, Sir Frederick Jones has resigned his post in the British ministry of information, and is succeeded by the well known author and novelist, Arnold Bennett.

The Allied governments have decided formally to recognize the belligerent status of the Arab forces fighting as auxiliaries with the Allies against the common enemy in Palestine and Syria.

PARIS. — The Prussian upper house has passed a suffrage measure giving equal and direct voting privileges to all Prussians.

MADRID. — There has been an increase in the number of cases of influenza here. King Alfonso is again ill, but only slightly so. He has some fever and also is suffering from throat trouble.

The mail carriers of Spain, numbering 12,000, have gone on strike. They demand an increase in wages.

Several cases of Asiatic cholera have been discovered in Vienna and deaths have occurred from this

disease there, according to official news received here.

BASEL. — Cholera has broken out in Berlin, according to advices received here. There have been seven cases, of which six were fatal.

AMSTERDAM. — All the imperial German secretaries of State have resigned, and the Prussian ministers intend to resign, according to the Berlin Tageblatt, a copy of which has been received here.

The German emperor has conferred the order of the Black Eagle on Count von Hertling, who recently resigned from the office of imperial chancellor.

Crown Prince Charles of Rumania who recently went to Odessa and married the daughter of a Rumanian Army Officer, is reported to have renounced his succession to the Rumanian throne.

COPENHAGEN. — The Berlin Vossische Zeitung says the appointment of Prince Maximilian of Baden as Imperial German Chancellor is an accomplished fact.

STOCKHOLM. — The number of victims in a great railway disaster north of Malmo has not been ascertained, but the fatalities are estimated at 90.

JOHANNESBURG, S. Africa. — Spanish influenza has broken out here, spreading to all the diamond mines and affecting mining operations. During September it is estimated that there were over 10,000 cases, mostly of natives. Hitherto there is only one death reported.

TOKIO. — Keihara, one of the great Seiyukai party, has been appointed premier of the new Japanese cabinet, succeeding the Terachi administration.

PEKIN. — Eight Pekin newspapers were suppressed and the operations of a news agency suspended for publishing reports concerning new Japanese loans.

Archbishop on Monopoly of Education.

In a pastoral letter issued at the opening of the school year, Most Rev. James J. Glennon, D.D., Archbishop of St. Louis, writes:

"The future has its uncertainties and forbodes possible trouble for our religious schools. While the war has undoubtedly brought forth an exaltation of spirit, while our homes and schools have aided so profoundly in giving spiritual value to the cause and moral fibre to the men — thereby lifting the whole struggle, in so far as we are concerned out of the sordid and commonplace, purifying and ennobling it, yet the danger is that in the days of returning peace all this may be forgotten and a return made to materialism with all its attendant evils.

We are fighting for Democracy now — there is danger that after the war this democracy, to be effective, may be interpreted into terms of State absolutism — and the absolute State, once established, will seek by every means to perpetuate itself. Now the one way most effective is to create a State monopoly of education from which the divine will be eliminated and State worship substituted.

Our people will not easily be led into such a situation, for they realize, at least the great majority of them, that such a State is the very opposite of democracy and that, though it might fit a nation emerging from barbarism, it will never be tolerated by free America.

True democracy makes for the preservation of the rights of the people. It proposes and sustains their equality before the law — equal opportunity and even-handed justice. The democratic State must not, however, seek to dominate the intellect or the soul.

The training of the soul of the individual is something for himself to determine — not for the State. The Church, being by Christ instituted as a teaching Church,

has an inherent and divine right to establish schools for her children — and the parents have the inherent right to select such schools for the intellectual, moral, and religious training of their children.

If it be asked how far such schools go in inculcating loyalty to the State and nation — I think we have answered already. When the nation in her hour of trial asked her sons to defend her, our answer was, 'We are ready'. Our loyalty is not questioned in time of war, how can it be doubted in days of peace?

The loyalty that is deepest and most lasting is that which is of the soul — spiritual. The loyalty which has for its object and principles, purposes, and aims of the nation. This loyalty has to do not only with the lands, the homes and the lives of the people, but it goes farther; it interprets the spirit of the nation and stands guardian of its soul.

It is this loyalty, too, which inspires and ennobles the soldier, so that his strength is as the strength of ten because his heart and soul are consecrated to the cause he serves.

And this is the loyalty that is taught in the Catholic schools.

Let then their motto remain; For God and country — for faith and fatherland."

ROME AND RUSSIA.

Since the fateful day when Russian revolutionists overthrew the old Romanoff dynasty, speculation has been rife as to the future of Catholicity in that unhappy land. The once vigorous religious life of the country began to decline with the introduction of the Greek schism. Now and then it manifested itself with unwonted vitality, as, for instance, in 1779, when Catherine II invited the Jesuits suppressed everywhere else, to exercise their ministry in White Russia. But as a rule the history of the Catholic Church in Russia is one of endless persecution. The Popes never ceased to protest and to beg for justice. The Tsars promised, concluded Concordats, — and broke them almost at once. While in the very beginning of the 19th century Alexander I established diplomatic relations with the Holy See, his successor, Nicholas I enacted so many draconian laws against Catholics that they constitute a veritable "Neronian code". Under his successor, Alexander III, the Catholic clergy continued to endure the severest oppression and this condition of things was prolonged into the reign of Nicholas II, the last of his line and recently shot by the Bolsheviki.

A temporary change for the better was brought about by the unsuccessful war with Japan. Internal troubles, that threatened to overthrow his throne, led Nicholas II to promulgate the constitution of 1905, which guaranteed

FIRST ANNUAL SALE OF PUREBRED SHORTHORN CATTLE

To be held at Ed. B. Haskamp Stock Farm, Humboldt, Sask., on Friday, October 25, 1918 at 1.30 P. M.

Mr. Haskamp will dispose of his surplus Stock, comprising 31 Head of the Choicest Scotch Blooded Cattle including:

5 Bulls, 22 Cows, and 3 Yearling Heifers. 11 of these cows have calves at foot, and cows are all in calf to the noted Imported Bull, Ardlethen Clarence. This bull was bred by R. Copland, Milton Ardlethen, Ellon, Aberdeenshire, from one of W. Duthie's great bulls, "Sixtyton Moonlight".

FARMERS AND STOCKMEN! This is your opportunity to secure several head of Purebred Stock, and to have something on your farm you can take pride in, and from which you can realize a greater profit. These cattle are not in show shape, but are in good healthy condition. Some of the cows are thin owing to the nursing of large calves. It will be worth your while to come to this sale whether you intend to buy or not. Catalogues on application to Ed. B. Haskamp, Box 319, Humboldt, Sask. TERMS CASH, unless otherwise arranged.

There will also be sold 3 Heavy Draft Horses weighing from 1400 to 1750 lbs., and 2 driving mares, all good horses in first-class shape, and also some farm implements, as good as new.

Ed. B. Haskamp and G. E. Haskamp, Owners.

religious toleration. Two years of liberty were sufficient to reveal the great vitality of Catholicism in Russia: in that short space of time the number of conversions to the Catholic faith amounted to over 500,000, including 300,000 Uniate Catholics whom the Russian government had forced to declare themselves Orthodox. Strangely enough, 100,000 of these sneered at as "Obstinate", had not received the Sacraments for more than thirty years and had abstained from frequenting any church, in order not to be numbered among the Orthodox! How deeply Catholicism must have been rooted in their hearts.

Elated by this splendid success, the Catholic clergy developed the greatest activity in social and educational work and in the Press. It was not long, however, before their relentless enemies were able once more to abolish the laws relating to liberty of conscience. At the same time the government refused to recognize as legitimate the conversion to Catholicism of the former Uniates: any Catholic priest who baptized children of mixed marriages was fined or imprisoned; Catholic schools were closed and all Catholic organizations dissolved.

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Plenty of bright, safe, clean electric light. No more hot, smoky lamps.  
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But all to no avail. Conversions continued to be made, the cultured classes and nobles of the empire setting the example.

What is the present status of Catholicity in Russia? There are in the country more than thirteen million Catholics, by far the largest number of course being found in Russian Poland, which contains eight millions. Russia itself can boast of five million Catholics, a surprisingly large number when we remember what it meant in Russia to be and to remain a Catholic. Russian Poland is divided into seven dioceses and Russia proper has five bishops. But how inadequate the number of priests often is, may be realized from the fact that the parish of the Holy Cross at Loda has a population of 142,000 Catholics and only ten priests; the parish of Praga, near Warsaw, has 82,000 Catholics and only four priests!

A MISUNDERSTANDING.

He had captured a prisoner, and while they waited for the escort to come up he said: "Have you a wife?" "No," answered the German. "Nine?" gasped the "Tomny." "Lum-me! Where's yer Iron Cross?"

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and other Medicines, Herbs and Chemicals  
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You are safe in a threefold way, if you bring your prescription to us: 1) We use for the prescription exactly what the doctor prescribed, every article being of standard strength, fresh and pure; 2) We examine and reexamine the prescription, whereby every error as to drug or quantity is excluded; 3) We are satisfied with a reasonable profit and charge the lowest prices for the best quality. These are three reasons why you should buy from us.  
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DRUGGIST The Rexall Store STATIONER

Land and Farms!  
I have a number of Farms and Wild Lands for sale at low prices. Some will be sold on Crop Payment.  
For further particulars apply in person or by letter to  
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