

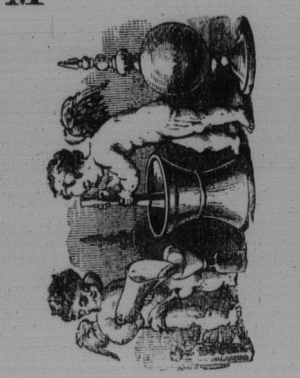
# Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. II. NO. 217.

GUELPH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 30, 1869.

PRICE ONE PENNY

## MEDICAL HALL, GUELPH.



**DR. L. M. BYRN'S**  
Only original and genuine

## Tobacco Antidote!

Packets 50c. each.

## E. HARVEY & CO.

Chemists and Druggists.

Agents for the County of Wellington.

Guelph, March 13. dw

## THE QUEEN'S HOTEL,

West Market Square, Guelph.

J. MILLER, Proprietor.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has recently been opened and fitted up in a style to meet the wants of the TRAVELLING PUBLIC, and secure his patrons all the comforts and convenience of a home.

Particular attention is paid to the Table,

which will always be furnished with all the delicacies of the season.

FIRST-CLASS SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS, with

## LIVERY STABLE

Attached to the Hotel to meet the requirements of all permanent as well as transient customers.

Guelph, March 13. do t

## To the Trade.

JUST RECEIVED

700 BOXES CHEESE OF Extra Quality.

250 BOXES VERY CHOICE

## PING SUEY & MOYUNE

YOUNG HYSON.

13 Prussian.)

## JAMES MASSIE & CO.

Guelph, March 9

## CLARKE'S NEW METHOD

FOR MELODEONS AND REED ORGANS.

JUST PUBLISHED.

A comprehensive system of instruction, and an improvement on all other methods for the simplicity and progressive character of its Studies, Exercises, Scales, Voluntaries, and Recreative Pieces—containing a splendid selection of choice pieces of every degree of difficulty, from favorite and popular authors; adapted for Reed Organs the system so successfully carried for the Piano Forte in "Richardson's New Method" for the latter instrument. Arranged expressly for Cabinet, American, Metropolitan, Prince & Co., Carhart & Swellham, Burdett, Esty, and all other Reed Organs; also for the Melodeon and Harmonium. By William H. Clarke, author of "The American Organ Instructor." Price in boards, \$2.50. Sent postpaid. Oliver Ditson & Co., publishers, 277 Washington-st., Boston. Charles H. Ditson & Co., 511 Broadway, N.Y.

## A RARE CHANCE.

A six year's Lease and Furniture of a First-class Hotel in the Town of Guelph for sale.

To be sold by private sale, a six year's lease and furniture of one of the best Hotels in the Town of Guelph. The subscriber is going to leave Canada, wishes to dispose of the above. Further particulars apply to M. BEADY, Beady's Hotel, Guelph, Guelph, 8th Feb. dtf

## Special Notice.

### HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Is the best article known to preserve the hair. It will positively restore gray hair to its original and promote its growth. It is an entirely new scientific discovery, combining many of the most powerful and restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom. It makes the hair smooth and glossy, and does not stain the skin. It is recommended and used by the first medical authority. For sale by all druggists. Price \$1. R. P. HALL & Co., Nashua, N. H., proprietors mar 12 dwim

### Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, and the numerous as well as dangerous diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, prevail in our changeable climate at all seasons of the year. We are fortunate enough to escape their baneful influence. How important it is to have at hand a certain antidote to all these complaints! Experience proves that this exists in Wistar's Balsam to an extent not found in any other remedy. It cures the suffering, relieves the application of this soothing, healing and wonderful Balsam at once vanquishes the disease and restores the sufferer to wanted health.

Mr. J. B. Cross, of Baldwin, Chenango Co., N.Y., writes: "I was cured by a neighbor to get one bottle of the Balsam for my wife, which assured by him that, in case it did not produce good effects he would pay for the bottle himself. On the strength of a letter, I procured a bottle, and was cured by it. My wife, who had been so low with the physicians' treatment, ceased to complain, and was enabled to resume her usual avocations. I obtained another bottle, and continued giving it. Before this bottle was entirely used, she ceased coughing, and was strong enough to do her usual household duties, and to go to her health, doing that which several physicians had tried to do but had failed."

Prepared by J. C. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont-st., Boston, and for sale by druggists generally.

### ACROSTIC.

Gently it penetrates through every pore,  
Relieving sufferers from each aching sore;  
It wounds it heals with certainty and speed;  
Cuts, lacerations, from inflammation freed;  
Eruptions, at its presence disappear;  
Skins lose acclimation, and complexion clear.

Salve, such as Glycerine, every one should buy,  
As it is so wonderful and so easy to try—  
Even, then, its true deserts would have;  
Verily, no balms would land Glycerine save!

Prepared by J. C. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont-st., Boston, and for sale by druggists generally.

### BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. It is a true and perfect Dye—Harmless to the hair, and does not discolor the scalp. It is a perfect substitute for the hair, and restores the hair to its original color, and gives it a soft and beautiful gloss of black. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers, and is highly recommended by the Faculty of Medicine, No. 16, Bond-st., N.Y.

Allen's Celebrated Lung Balsam—Cures Coughs, Croup, and Consumption.

Allen's Celebrated Lung Balsam—Cures Bronchitis, Asthma, and Croup.

Allen's Celebrated Lung Balsam—Imparts strength to the system.

Allen's Celebrated Lung Balsam—Is pleasant to take.

Allen's Celebrated Lung Balsam—A safe and certain remedy for the money well repaid. It is recommended by prominent physicians, and while it is pleasant to take and harmless in its nature, it is a powerful remedy for curing all diseases of the Lungs. Sold by all Druggists.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Agents, 380, St. Paul Street, Montreal.

A. B. PETRIE and E. HARVEY, Agents for Guelph, Feb 25—dwim

### Beautiful Hair

Nature's Crown—You must cultivate it.

### GRAY HAIR

is a certain indication of old age. It is a sign of the body's decline.

### Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Restores gray hair to its natural color, and produces luxuriant growth. It gives the hair a soft and beautiful gloss, and is highly recommended by the Faculty of Medicine, No. 16, Bond-st., N.Y.

Prepared by J. C. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont-st., Boston, and for sale by druggists generally.

### CANNED PEACHES!

CANNED CORN, CANNED TOMATOES,

### AT E. O'DONNELL & CO'S

Guelph, 26th March. do

### TOWN OF GUELPH.

Application for the office of TOWN CLERK AND TREASURER

Will be received in full payment seven o'clock p.m. on MONDAY the 29th day of April next.

Applicants to name three good and sufficient sureties for \$4,000 each.

JAMES HOGGH, Town Clerk. Town Clerk's Office, Guelph, 25th March, 1869. dw10

### GLENVAT DISTILLERY FOR SALE

NEAL FEIGUS.

This distillery, driven by steam power, now six years in operation, was last summer at great cost altered and refitted on the most approved system with new Worm, Mash Tub, Fermenting Tubs, Rectifiers, etc. run of stone for clapping grain, cattle sheds, pig pens, ice house, stable, &c., with about 45 acres of land, now in first-class order. Making capacity 20 to 100 bushels, and with the expense could be increased to 150 bushels per day. The above distillery is situated within half a mile from Exeter, and convenient to the proposed station at Exeter of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway. This line of railway is now under construction, and will be in running order during the fall of this year, thereby giving the distillery ready access to all markets.

Any person having a list of a moderate capital would find the above property a highly remunerative investment. Apply to J. A. VIGOR & CHADWICK, General Agents, Guelph, Guelph, 25th March. dw3

### BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

CHURCH-ST. - - - GUELPH

## Evening Mercury.

TUESDAY EV'G, MARCH 30, 1869.

### LOCAL ITEMS.

We call attention to the advertisement that appears in another column regarding the re-opening of the schools, and especially to the clause respecting the examination for grading the pupils. All pupils should make it their point to attend at the beginning, so as to have their places properly assigned.

**MUDDY CROSSINGS.**—The street crossings in this town are in a horrible state; and if the Corporation will employ some men to clean them they will receive the thanks of pedestrians. There are lots of idle men about town who would be glad of the job, and the cost will be, comparatively speaking, a trifle.

**GOING AHEAD.**—Messrs. J. & T. Davidson, woollen manufacturers, have leased the large stone building near the Erasmus bridge, lately used as a planing mill, which they have fitted up for the manufacture of woollen goods. Amongst other improvements, they have put up an engine of 15 horse-power, built by A. Robertson & Sons, Guelph. We learn that Messrs. R. & J. Stewart, who formerly occupied this building, contemplate erecting a large planing mill opposite the Alma Block, during the coming season. These changes are undoubted evidences of the steady growth of trade in this town.

**FOR THE POOR.**—A well-known merchant in this town has very generously left at this office some packages of tea and sugar, for distribution amongst the destitute people alluded to in our article yesterday, or for any others labouring under similar distress. A line from any of the members of the Ladies' Benevolent Society will entitle the bearer thereof to one of these packages of tea and one of sugar. We may mention that the donor of these gifts was very prompt in responding to the appeal made in yesterday's MERCURY, the paper having been issued but an hour or two before he made his appearance at this office. We trust his example will be followed by others.

**MR. GEORGE EASTON.**—The Globe speaks thus of this celebrated temperance lecturer, who will deliver a temperance address in the Town Hall, Guelph, on Thursday evening, 1st April.—The great feature of the evening was Mr. Easton. It is quite impossible to give any adequate idea of this gentleman's powers as an orator. His noble physique at once strikes the audience, and when he begins to speak it is felt that he is a giant both in body and soul. He is intensely Scotch, and in some of his more impassioned passages he brings to mind one of the old Covenanting preachers on the hill side. We can hardly conceive a more interesting evening's entertainment for any man—whatever his views on the temperance question may be—than to hear one of Mr. Easton's lectures.

**SCHOOL EXAMINATION.**—Mr. Editor, I believe the very hearing alarms you. Their number and length must be a good test of patience. I have been at many of them. What Canadian schools need is a competent staff of School Commissioners to supervise them. Law, medicine, theology, &c. have their respective managers, and why should education not have its managers? Why should the people desire to manage what they say they do not understand? Does payment give a right to dictate? If so, begin with doctors, lawyers and ministers. The spirit of the new school bill evidently contemplates the withdrawal of the management of the schools from the people, and the placing of it in the hands of commissioners. The change would relieve the trustees of an office as ill paid as it is sometimes ill filled. They would preside at examinations and discriminate between progress and its dross. They would raise public confidence; and more would come to hear their opinion than even now are now, notwithstanding the epicurean allowances of mock dramas, music, recitations, cakes and coffee.—"VISITOR."

**SCHOOL EXAMINATION AND EXHIBITION.**—On Friday, the 19th inst., the public examination of the school in S. No. 4, Nichol, took place. The day was rather stormy; still it was gratifying to see such a large number of visitors present. This is due, no doubt, to the untiring zeal of Mr. Talbot, who during the little more than two years of his residence in this section, has proved himself an able and successful teacher. The school is a very large one, and all the classes could not be heard. Those, however, that were heard, acquitted themselves as children will who are well taught—answering promptly and clearly—the whole school maintaining the best of order. Mr. Talbot was assisted throughout the day by Messrs. Anderson, Harold, McLean, Flewelling, D. Talbot and Scott, teachers. In the evening a number of dialogues and recitations, interspersed with pieces of music, were rendered by the pupils in a very natural and pleasing manner. Tea and cakes were supplied at noon and night by the "little folks" who seemed immensely to enjoy the position of "mine host" and hostess.

## St. Andrew's Church Sabbath School Reunion.

The annual reunion of St. Andrew's Church Sabbath-school in this town was held in the Town Hall, Jan. (Monday) evening, and was a splendid success. The attendance of scholars, and parents in particular, was very large, the hall being comfortably filled, presenting one of the finest sights a person could wish to witness. The scholars were decked in their best, and parents looked upon their progeny with delight, each one seeming prouder than the other. The refreshments were served to the juveniles and adults in the room outside the bar of the Council Chamber. The tables fairly groaned beneath the abundance of good things which had been so liberally provided. The vast audience having appeared their appetites with these creature comforts adjourned to the hall, where the most interesting part of the evening's entertainment was to take place. The sight of a piano and an organ upon the platform told the assemblage that something extra was to be expected in the musical line, and they were not disappointed, for Mr. Walker and his juvenile choir repeatedly called forth the unbounded applause of the school. The choir has only been organized since last November, and the correctness with which they rendered the various difficult anthems which were on the programme, as well as the pathos and feeling thrown into them, surpassed anything of a similar kind we have ever heard, and reflects the highest credit upon Mr. Walker for his musical attainments. The singing of the infant class taught by Miss Stewart was peculiarly pleasant, considering the tender age of the sweet little warblers, some of whom could hardly lip the words. It is evident that the old style of Sabbath school anniversaries is fast gliding away. The children like something in which scholars they can take part. An improvement in the taking place in the Palmody of the Presbyterian churches—and there was much need of it. St. Andrew's congregation is fully alive to this and maintains a very efficient choir. Young people, as well as the old ones, like good music, and the lack of this has been, in a great drawback to Presbyterian churches in general. The following are some of the selections sung last evening: Anthem, "Children of Jerusalem"; hymn, "Salvation"; infant class, "Hail or rain"; anthem, "I will arise"; hymn, "Praise the Lord"; infant class, "Little drops of water"; duet and chorus, "Hearken unto me"; hymn, "Suffer little children"; duet and chorus, "Beautiful star"; The recitations and dialogues were also given with rare correctness. The dialogue of the Misses and Master Cossitt, which terminated in a chorus with pianoforte accompaniment, was one of the best pieces of the evening. These little ones have often appeared before Guelph audiences, and upon each occasion leave a very favorable impression of the natural talent they possess. The comic dialogues of Masters A. Glass and Heatherington was given in an admirable style, calling forth prolonged applause. The little ones who took part in the recitations were Masters Hignitham (who recited the selections allotted to him in a master-like manner), beyond his years, Lincoln Cossitt, Alex. Walker and John Kennedy, each of whom did ample justice to the pieces allotted them. The little girls were the Misses Cossitt, Clara Beattie, Janet Anderson, Maggie Davidson, Amelia Henderson and—Nicholson. It need hardly be said that these little Misses fully sustained the prestige of their sex in this line.

Mr. Massie, the indefatigable Superintendent of the school, who has labored for years without relaxation to bring it to its present standing, having moved Mr. D. Allan into the chair, read the annual report of the school. From it we learn that the school is in a most efficient state. The number of scholars on the roll is 159; while the average attendance during the year was 113; total amount of collections, \$102.04. The report speaks of the receipts and disbursements thus:—Our expenditure for the year has been somewhat in excess of our receipts, and we are \$21.94 in debt. This is not a large sum for our congregation, but I regret that the balance is not on the other side of the ledger. We have collected for missionary purposes \$43.86 and paid \$45, for current expenses we have collected \$58.23 and paid \$62.50, which, with a balance in arrears from 1867 of \$16.48, leaves us, as stated before, \$21.94 in debt. The report then speaks of the steady increase which Sabbath Schools are making all over the world, and through the liberality of the followers of Christ are attaining a degree of importance and usefulness that makes them second only to the church itself. Though nominally in their infancy, Sabbath Schools, and their work, are gradually extending and improving in their usefulness, and reaching those who have never before been in youth hear the gracious invitation of our Saviour; and it is not, or ought it not to be, a personal matter with every member of the church to have the Sabbath school cause succeed.

Mr. Massie then thanked those assembled that night for their presence, as indicated that they, like himself, were interested in the great and glorious cause. He and the noble band of teachers who surrounded him would regard it as an incentive to greater endeavours in the future. He also gave a very interesting account of the progress made by the orphan allotted to the school in Calcutta.

The Rev. Mr. Hogg gave a short address, in which he urged upon parents the necessity of co-operating with the teachers for the spiritual welfare of their children.

A collection was then taken up which amounted to a large sum. The national anthem brought the evening's proceedings to a close. Mrs. Budd, with her usual ability, presided at the melodeon, materially assisting the choir. The whole of the arrangements were very complete in every part, and all dispersed well satisfied with that occurred on the evening.

**PRUNING.**—The proper time for pruning trees has long been in dispute. This is, however, come to be acknowledged to be the best. To prune in the fall or winter is to expose the cuts to frost, and to prune before the buds have started is to expose them to a flow of sap; but as soon as a frost is over and the buds fairly start, there are both the first and second growths of the season to heal them over. This is, therefore, the best time of the year for pruning, the next is summer, just before the second growth sets in, when all branches may be cut off, and the wound will heal before winter, but not large branches.

## Crosshill Correspondence.

Colds, coughs and pulmonary affections are the rage, and the medicines are divided down to the shades of their former selves. One was completely prostrated, and another, attenuated and crippled by rheumatism, is dragged about day and night by a jaded horse, between which and its master it seems almost impossible that there should be any subsist as warm a friendship as there did between the pilgrim to St. Sophia and his ass. It is pleasant to note, however, that from so much sickness but few deaths have resulted. Age and infancy have in a very few instances been borne down by the last enemy, but there is only one case of which I am aware wherein an apparently robust individual is likely not to recover from disease incident to the season. Appropos let me remark that the rumor which gained ground some time ago of the small pox having appeared on the line of the G. T. R., has brought vaccination wonderfully into practice; and there is nothing in the physician's "poke" more frequently pressed into service than the quill charged with the vaccinating virus. People have still as much respect for their beauty as when Cosar, with keen and subtle perception, ordered his cohorts to direct their sword cuts at the faces of Pompey's young patrician cavalry. Seriously, the report, whether true or false, has been instrumental in awakening country people, generally apathetic as regards disease until it is upon them, to an appreciation of the necessity for taking means to anticipate the attack of one of the most virulent scourges of the human race.

I have reason to believe that in many parts of the country there will be such a dearth of provender as has not been experienced for the last four or five years, and should winter take a fancy to recline his hoary head for long on the lap of spring there will be a mortality among cattle next to unprecedented. Straw-stacks are long ago demolished, and the farmer through the chinks of whose barn the passer-by cannot see daylight may and does reckon himself a "lucky dog." This deficiency of sustaining brute life at the most trying period of the year is chiefly owing to im-providence in the early part of the season. Hay was such a heavy crop that people allowed their cattle to waste more than would have sufficed for their subsistence until the showers and sunshine of May again draw nutriment from the earth.

The error has been discovered, but too late to be wholly retrieved—three-fourths of the farmer want to buy straw and hay; the remaining fourth have but little to sell.

The effects of dreams on those wanting in the quality of physical courage has been sadly, perhaps I should say terribly, illustrated in the case of a little boy about eight years of age, whose parents reside in this neighbourhood. The child appears to be naturally timid, and by some it is said that since reason showed itself he was always under the power of a slavish fear of the canine race. Certain it is, however, that one night about five or six weeks ago he awoke screaming so as to alarm the family very quickly.

It was with difficulty his agitation was beyond his years, Lincoln Cossitt, Alex. Walker and John Kennedy, each of whom did ample justice to the pieces allotted them. The little girls were the Misses Cossitt, Clara Beattie, Janet Anderson, Maggie Davidson, Amelia Henderson and—Nicholson. It need hardly be said that these little Misses fully sustained the prestige of their sex in this line.

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## BY TELEGRAPH

PER ATLANTIC CABLE.

### Despatches to the Evening Mercury

LONDON, March 29.—A review of volunteers was held at Dover to-day, over 30,000 men were present in the ranks. Some accidents happened, and several persons were hurt, but no one seriously. A portion of the channel fleet was off the shore, and went through the movements of a naval review, exchanging salutes with the batteries on land.

LIVERPOOL, March 29.—Intelligence has been received here of the wreck of the brig *Ferris*. The vessel and cargo are a total loss. The captain and crew were saved.

PARIS, March 29.—Officers and privates on leave of absence have been ordered to join their regiments on the first of April.

### Harmony between the Bible and Geology.

The Rev. H. Steele, a Presbyterian clergyman and a native of Nova Scotia, delivered a very interesting lecture upon "The Harmony of the Mosaic and Geological Records of Creation" in Knox's Church last (Monday) evening. The attendance was rather small, the numbers present being much fewer than the excellence of the discourse called for. The Rev. Mr. Hall occupied the chair; and after devotional exercises, Mr. Steele read the first chapter of Genesis, elucidating and illustrating passages of ambiguous meaning. The lecturer then went on with his subject, saying that the barbers of Christianity have often been assailed by atheistic and infidel writers, who sought to trace the Creator through His works. In later times scientific men have chosen a geology which to prove that the Bible is untrue, and having examined the various strata of earth and disintegrated extinct animal and vegetable remains which must have existed before the present Adam, they therefore conclude that Genesis I. is a fable. At first Christian men were somewhat puzzled to refer to the facts established, holding to the literal interpretation of Scriptures; and it was reserved for Dr. Chalmers, the eminent Scottish divine, to suggest an interpretation of holy writ to reconcile Biblical and Geological records. He said the first of Genesis did not refer to the beginning of the world; that we had a mere outline given us, and it was left to science to fill up the blanks. The first verse is a mere preface, and does not assert when the beginning really was. According to the theory of geologists all the changes in the rocks took place anterior to man; and with the advance of scientific discovery a further exposition of Genesis was found necessary. Hugh Miller first walked himself of the idea that the six days spoken of as the time of the creation were extended periods, perhaps thousands of years. This opinion was held by ancient writers, and amongst others by Josephus and Philo. In this way the order of creation is perfectly harmonious with scientific research, and each day's work corresponds exactly with the testimony of the rocks. The immense strata of rock disclosed by science are found to contain extinct animal and vegetable life, minute and gigantic; and so perfect are many of these fossil remains that they are regarded their proper place in natural history. In all parts of the world the same remains in the same formation are discovered, and occupying the same relative position one to the other. Owing to the several formations of rock, the speaker proceeded to speak of each layer testified. The primitive rock, consisting of granite, quartz, &c., contained no fossil remains; next came a layer of sandstone in thickness, containing the remains of animals destitute of the organs of sight and hearing—and not till we ascend 15,000 feet higher do we find animals once endowed with vision and hearing. The Silurian deposits come next, 20,000 feet in thickness, and here we find animals perfectly organized. The old red sandstone is next in the scale, proving remains of fish with vertebrae, and provided with impervious coats of mail, showing that the waters they inhabited were steaming hot. The coal formation, 10,000 feet in thickness, were once a large growth of luxuriant vegetation, mostly ferns; the earth at that period being a hothouse. One writer says that these immense vegetable deposits were converted into coal a million years before the Christian era. Another theory of formation or two, and then we come to the remains of reptiles, but no birds, although their footprints may sometimes be seen eight or nine feet apart, showing their gigantic size, and thus, in Longfellow's beautiful lines they

"In departing, left behind them  
Footprints on the sands of time."  
After this formation were found reptiles of huge proportions—some specimens resembling lizards and frogs, and the skeletons of which are often as long as 70 feet. There were also fishy monsters, compared with which the whale was but small in size. Above this is a chalk formation, and then the tertiary, where we find the remains of animals mostly extinct—land quadrupeds—the elephant, rhinoceros, and one or two which still remain. Above this is a thin crust of soil—prepared for the reception of man. In imagination, the lecturer turned to the evening of the sixth day. The animals roamed about the gorgeous forests; the feathered tribes flew through the ethereal expanse and warbled sweet songs of joy; while gorgeous insects fluttered thro' the balmy atmosphere humming their Creator's praise. Adam and Eve were then ushered into existence:

"Goddlike erect, with native honour clad  
In naked majesty, appear'd before all,  
Adorn'd with simple robes,—oh, how unlike  
The image of their glorious Maker, show'd."  
Truth, wisdom, sanctitude severe and pure."

Turn to the Mosaic account for parallelism with the geological, and it would be found that after chaos there was creation of light and the formation of the atmosphere. The third day land and vegetation appeared; and on the next the sun, moon and stars; on the next, sea-monsters and birds; and on the sixth day, creeping things, manna, and man. The story record completely coincides with this order of creation, showing from its layers of rock that chaos first reigned supreme, until the light, firmament and waters were created, ending on the evening of the second day; the Silurian formation showed volcanic upheavings, or land formation, and the coal deposits corresponding with that was done on the third day. Next are found animals and birds, and later still the mammalian tribes. No traces of human bones are to be found till we come to the post-tertiary formation. There is thus complete harmony between the records of Moses and science. A materiality is derived from a Hebrew word denoting a period of long or short duration; and in the fourth verse of the 2nd chapter of Genesis the creation of the world is spoken of as having occupied but a day. We do not read that "the evening and the morning were the seventh day." From which the lecturer concluded that the seventh day still continued—God resting from his work of creation. This is the only way of reconciling the Bible and geology. The lecturer concluded his able discourse with a quotation from Hugh Miller's "Testimony of the Rocks" after which a collection was taken up and a vote of thanks given to the gentleman for his instructive and eloquent remarks.

Messrs. Lawry & Stroud, Hamilton, had the finest display in the market at Easter. Amongst other things they exhibited a pair of splendid Durham steers, weighing a ton each, fed by Mr. Thomas Arkell, near Guelph.

Job Printing of every description executed cheaply and promptly at the MERCURY Steam Printing House, Macdonnell Street, Guelph. An immense assortment of the latest and most choice designs in plain and ornamental type has just been added to our previously large stock, rendering our establishment the most complete office in all its appointments to be found West of Toronto. Our changes are the latest, and our work the best in the county.

St. George's Church Vestry Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Vestry of St. George's Church took place on Easter Monday, in the school-room. The attendance was fair, Archdeacon Palmer presided, and Mr. Thos. W. Saunders was appointed Secretary. Messrs. Horsman and Walker, the retiring Church Wardens, presented the financial report, from which it appears that the total receipts from all sources for the year was \$3,025.20, and the disbursements \$2,063.74, leaving a balance on hand of \$861.55.

On motion of Mr. Chadwick, the accounts were referred to Judge Macdonald and Dr. Tuck, to audit the same, and report at an adjourned meeting of the Vestry, to be held on the 12th of April.

The Archdeacon, after paying a high compliment to Mr. John Horsman for the efficient way in which he had acted as Church Warden, nominated Mr. Wm. Reynolds as Church Warden for the ensuing year.

On motion of Mr. Horsman, seconded by Mr. John Card, Mr. Charles Walker was also appointed Church Warden.

Moved by Mr. Chance, seconded by Mr. John A. Wood, that the Church Wardens be authorized to pay \$50 towards the salary of the Curate over and above his regular salary. Carried.

The Cemetery Committee, which did nothing during the past year, was re-appointed.

Moved by Mr. Morris, seconded by Mr. Chance, that the Rector and Church Wardens be authorized to sign the receipt for \$400 in payment of the corners of the lot on which the church stands—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Saunders, seconded by Mr. Reynolds, that this Vestry do affirm the necessity of coming to a decision as to the erection of a central parish church, and that a committee be now appointed to select a site, and to obtain plans for a commodious church capable of seating at least 1,000 persons, and to report at an adjourned meeting of the Vestry at an early day; that the report of such committee, if adopted, be binding on the Vestry, and that the building be then proceeded with at once.

Mr. Saunders and Mr. Reynolds spoke in support of the motion, and pointed out the necessity there was for decided and harmonious action. Mr. Reynolds believed that all parties would unite in carrying out the object of the resolution, if the Rector would pledge himself not to exercise his power of veto, but consent to carry out the decision of the committee.

The Rector said he had but one object in view, and that was to unite the congregation and adopt any of the schemes proposed. He was ready to acquiesce in any site chosen by a majority of the committee, and adopted and sanctioned by the Vestry.

Mr. Wood said that he had been deputed by Mr. Massey to say that he would give \$800 towards the building of a new church if it was put up on Woolwich-st., and he (Mr. Wood) would supplement that sum by \$400 more.

Mr. Chance said that he knew a gentleman in town, who, if the church was put up on Woolwich street, would give \$2,000 as a subscription in aid of its erection.

After some further discussion the motion was carried unanimously, and the following committee appointed to carry out the object of the resolution:—Messrs. F. J. Chadwick, J. A. Wood, John Horsman, F. W. Stone, Geo. Elliott, John Harvey, Judge Macdonald, George Murton, Jas. Davie, Thos. W. Saunders, E. Morris, Geo. Palmer, and Captain Vale.

After it was arranged that the preliminary meeting of the committee should take place to-night, the Vestry adjourned.

A Trip to the Western States.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MERCURY.

SIR,—Owing to false reports being in circulation concerning our late tour to the West, which are said to have originated with us, and which we consider great injustice both to the country and people, you would favor us, Mr. Editor, by giving space in your valuable paper for a brief but faithful description of our observations while there.

We left Guelph on the morning of the 8th inst. On travelling through Michigan, as far as we could see from the train, the land was low and marshy and unfit for agricultural purposes. On entering Illinois the land for fifty miles along the line of railway is low and flat, and in appearance much inferior to the land in many parts of Canada; but through the rest of the State it is rolling, well settled, and very inviting, with many flourishing towns and cities. On entering the State of Missouri night overtook us, and we could make no further observations till we arrived at Shelbyna, a village about forty-seven miles west of Quincy. We stopped at Shelbyna all night and in the morning we started for Mr. J. W. Armstrong's on foot over the prairie. The first four miles was flat and wet. We then entered a narrow strip of woodland, on emerging from which the prairie was rolling and presented a most delightful appearance. We then entered another strip of woods—the wooded parts are very attractive, the timber generally oak, and standing much further apart than the trees in the forest land of Canada. Mr. Armstrong's farm is close to the last strip of woods. It is high and rolling and to all appearance is a very fine farm. We stopped at Mr. Armstrong's all night, and in his conversation with us he said he liked the country well. We started for Shelbyna on the morning of the 11th inst. There was about an inch of snow it having fallen in the night. Owing to an accident to the train we were unable to leave Shelbyna till the morning of the 12th, when we started for Kansas City, over a beautiful rolling country. We stopped in Kansas City all night and started in the morning for Leavenworth, a city about forty-five miles north-west of Kansas City. Here we called on two land agents to learn what land might be had and at what prices held. We were informed by them we could get land with in twelve miles of the city at prices ranging from twelve to twenty-five dollars per acre, according to quality and improvements. All this land was held by speculators. The only land held by government in the State of Kansas fit for agricultural purposes is in the south-west corner, and does not come into market until some time in May.

In our homeward route we took an

other course and the general appearance was the same as has been described. There was no appearance of vegetation in either Missouri or Kansas as far as we went, though some of the farmers had commenced sowing their grain. The fall wheat in some places looked well and in other places was killed with the frost. The soil is generally rich and productive and not easily exhausted. The staple productions are corn and tobacco. The prairies furnish excellent pasture for stock and they are very easily brought into a state of cultivation. The water generally used for drinking is cistern water, it being considered the purest they have. The people everywhere were kind and obliging, and contrary to reports we were by no means disgusted with either the country or people. We would just say to those wishing to emigrate to the West not to build yourselves up with the expectation of getting land in Missouri or Kansas from the government and at government prices, as it is in speculators' hands, and ranges from ten to twenty-five dollars per acre, with the exception of that small tract that will be in the market in May. Yours,

HENRY TALBOT,  
JONATHAN TOWELL.  
Eramosa, March 25, 1869.

Goderich Correspondence.

The assizes opened before Justice John Wilson on Tuesday last. Very little business was done the first day. On Wednesday a number of civil cases and three criminal ones were disposed of. One of the latter is rather a hard one, viz., that of Victorine Humphrey, for larceny. She was indicted on two counts—first stealing a pair of boots valued at \$2.50; second, stealing a pound and a half of butter and half a yard of ribbon—all valued at \$1.25—thus making the total value of the goods stolen \$3.75, for which she was sentenced on one indictment to two years in the penitentiary with hard labour, and on the other indictment to two years and six days imprisonment—the time of both sentences to run contemporaneously.

Much sympathy is felt for her, as she is a married woman with four children. On Thursday Nicholas Melady and Thomas Donovan were tried for murder, and pleaded not guilty. Twelve jurors were then called, who took their seats in the box. The prisoners were then called to challenge jurors as the names were called and before they were sworn. Melady challenged first and then Donovan, until three jurors were challenged. The remainder of the panel was called, when only five of them answered their names, and the panel was exhausted. Prisoners were then sent back to jail until the fall assizes. The Sheriff was also instructed to return 72 jurors instead of 48, so that a similar difficulty would not occur again.

The rest of the business before the Court was of minor importance. A brief review of the murder case may not be uninteresting to many of your readers. The murder was committed by the evening of the 7th and the morning of the 8th of June last, and the prisoners were arrested on suspicion. Two tracks were observed leading from the house the murder was committed in, and traced to the houses of the prisoners; but at the same time a third track was discovered leading from the house in an opposite direction from the other two—Melady and Donovan, on the 20th of June, were committed to stand their trial for wilful murder at the fall assizes, but as the crown was not ready to proceed with the trial it was postponed till the next assizes. In the meantime a government detective was sent to ferret out the case for the government, and the result was that six more parties were arrested as being accessory to the murder. Soon after two of these were discharged by the magistrate; and on the 23rd of December the four remaining prisoners were discharged, except one who was sent back to gaol, where he lay for eight days more, when he was liberated on his own recognizance. Thus matters stood until the 8th inst., when this man, Jas. Keho, was again arrested on information said to have been given by one of the prisoners. Keho lay in gaol until the 17th, when he was again remanded for eight days more, and on the 24th inst. again a freeman; but a warrant for his apprehension was issued the next day, and the constable found him in his barn, covered up in the hay now. On the next day he was examined before the Mayor and committed for trial for murder. Thus, to all appearance, the third track is accounted for. The most singular thing about this murder, for which there are now three prisoners in gaol, is that the strongest evidence for the crown has been got from the parties accused; and in Keho's case suspicion kept ever pointing to him as the third party; so that now, if rumor is to be trusted, all is clear as noonday.

Goderich, March 24th, 1869. D.D.

The Brockville Recorder says: "Who will believe that Ogle R. Gowen has received an appointment from a Premier calling himself a Reformer? And yet so it is. The Hon John Sandfield Macdonald has appointed the notorious Ogle R. Gowen to the office of Issuer of Licenses for Toronto and York, East and West. The Premier has lately taken to talk much of saints and sinners, and perhaps has learned to warble.

"For while the lamp holds out to burn, Well it would really be edifying to witness John Sandfield and the 'hero of the quarry hole' walking arm and arm along the streets of Toronto, the little boys enjoying themselves all the while at their expense, by shouting—O hookey! there goes a sad saint, but a sadder sinner."

New Advertisements.

BOARD WANTED.

A gentleman and wife wish to hire a bed room and parlor on ground that is possible with board. A private family preferred. Address with terms to C. G. H. Mercury Office, Guelph, Mar 29.

CAUTION, CHERLY.

The public are hereby cautioned against purchasing or negotiating a note of hand, note of Michael Cummings in favor of George Bolton, or bearer, for the sum of \$300, dated 10th inst. date, the 10th of March, 1870. The said note is supposed to have been lost in a fire which recently took place at Henry Bolton's, holder of said note, and no value has been obtained for the same. Also, another note for 200, drawn September 2nd, 1868, in favor of Cummings, against the said Michael Cummings, due September 2nd, 1869, and supposed to have been lost at the fire. HENRY BOLTON, do

RE-OPENING

SCHOOLS.

The Schools of the Town will re-open tomorrow—WEDNESDAY, except those taught by Messrs. Hutton, Hunter, Ferguson and Anderson, the pupils of these last are particularly requested to be present on

THURSDAY, AT 9 O'CLOCK, A.M.

at the new school building, for re-organization according to the scheme of graduation lately adopted by the Board.

The Senior Girl's School, under Miss Walker, will not re-open before Monday next.

Guelph, Mar 29 02 R. TORRANCE, Secy.

Guelph, Ontario.

We have pleasure in making known to you the arrival of all of our IMPORTATIONS DIRECT FROM THE PLACES OF PRODUCTION, for the Spring Trade, and of saying that at no previous time have we been in the same position to offer you such an assortment to select from; the Varieties of Styles, Fabrics and Novelties in the various Departments are so varied and new that they call for an immediate inspection, in order that the taste and care shown in purchasing be fully appreciated.

We are safe in saying that no other House in the business in Guelph can approach the variety of our Stock to select from; and the prices at which our entire Stock will be offered must command immediate sale.

We are desirous of impressing this fact upon all intending buyers, that it is UTTERLY IMPOSSIBLE for any other House in the Trade TO COMPETE WITH US, for this reason: We have no second profit to pay; we buy direct from the Manufacturers in Britain ourselves; and as all others in the Dry Goods business here purchase their Goods at second hand from wholesale houses in Montreal, Toronto and Hamilton, paying these importers their profit (as a profit they must have,) and then adding their own profit on before selling you the Goods here, it certainly cannot fail to convince you of the great truth that we assert, that our Goods must be at least twenty per cent under ordinary prices in other Stores in Guelph.

A call is respectfully solicited, when we feel confident that we will show you to your entire satisfaction that we are working for the mutual advantage of each.

Yours very respectfully,  
HOGG & CHANCE.

Guelph, March 29

APPLES AND POTATOES

A LARGE SUPPLY

AT J. & D. MARTIN'S

Wyndham Street, Guelph, 24th March.

GREAT  
REDUCTION  
SALE  
AT  
CUTHBERT'S  
COMMENCING  
TO-NIGHT,  
30th MARCH,  
1869.

SUGARS and SYRUPS  
REDUCED IN PRICE  
At the popular Store of  
JOHN A. WOOD  
Alma Block and Lower Wyndham-st.  
Guelph, 26th March.

FLOUR MILL FOR SALE.

The mill is situated in the Town of Brockville, within sixty feet of the Grand Trunk R. R., and close to the Freight Depot, is substantially built of stone 40x60, four stories high, covered with slate, has three runs of stones, with merchant bolts, cast-iron bed, and bolt for buckwheat flour, and a manual sifter, with machinery complete in every department, coopers in 4th and 3rd stories, with patent packer. The mill property consists of four acres, with stone dwelling house 2 1/2 stories, water for 3 or 2 months. There is also a high-pressure engine, 40-horse power, with locomotive boiler. Boiler house of stone, covered with iron, chimneys of brick rising above roof. No expense has been spared to make this the most complete mill in the country; everything about it is in perfect order. It will be sold at a bargain, and affords a rare opportunity to millers who may require a first-class mill cheap. For further information apply to E. MORRIS, Manager Ontario Bank, Guelph, or to the proprietor, J. I. SCUDFIELD, Brockville. Mar 30 dot-wat

MEXICAN EVER-BEARING  
STRAWBERRY  
WM. STEVENSON,  
Nurseryman, Guelph.  
HAVING been appointed Agent for the sale of this remarkable fruit for the County of Wellington, is prepared to take orders to be delivered this Spring at  
\$2.50 per Dozen.

Contains containing seven specimens as to its perpetual bearing qualities from June until frost to be had on application.  
WM. STEVENSON, Nurseryman,  
Guelph, 26th March.

YELLOW REFINED SUGAR!  
Dry Crushed Sugar,  
Pulverized Sugar,  
Maple Sugar,  
AT E. O'DONNELL & CO'S  
Guelph, 26th March.

POSTPONED AUCTION.  
Rare chance to procure  
AN EXCELLENT FARM

Auction sale of valuable farm property in the Township of Guelph, containing about 20 1/2 acres, with splendid stone dwelling House, and Frame and Stone Barn and outbuildings. This is one of the best farms in the Township, and is composed of Lots 10 and 11 in the 8th Concession of Division C, containing 37-2/3 acres more or less. Thirdly, parts of Lots Nos. 10 and 11 in the 5th Concession of Division C, containing 54 1/2 acres more or less. The property is in one block, bounded in the rear by the river Speed, is about five miles from the town of Guelph, and half a mile from the Eramosa and Erin gravelled road, well watered and in a good state of cultivation. There are 25 acres of woodland, about 1500 of which are excellent timber. There is also

A SPLENDID ORCHARD  
on the premises, containing more than 100 choice fruit bearing trees, and a kitchen garden well stocked.

The Dwelling House is of Guelph stone, two stories high, 20x40, with a large stone kitchen is 2 1/2, with a good pump and soft water system. The following buildings are also on the premises: 2 Barns, one with a tart stone foundation 30x40, the other a new bank Barn 18x20, Woodshed 20x25, Root House, Straw House, Sheep and Granary Buildings, 70x24, Horse Stable and open shed buildings, 70x20, Hog Pen 20x20. So desirable a farm, and one so eligibly situated is rarely to be met with. Intending purchasers are requested to view the premises.

The above property will be offered in two parcels of about 12 or 10 acres each, to make two farms, under a mortgage, which will be produced at the time of the WEENESEY, 17th March next, at noon, at the Market House, in the Town of Guelph. Title good, and immediate possession can be given. For further particulars and terms apply to Messrs Lemon & Peterson, Solicitors, Guelph.

The above sale has been POSTPONED till Fair Day,  
ON WEDNESDAY, 7th APRIL NEXT  
at noon, when the same will be offered for sale at the place and in manner above mentioned. Offers will be received up to the 3rd April by the above named Solicitors.  
Guelph, 26th March, 1869

BROOD LOST.  
Lost yesterday afternoon, a Silver BROOD, Scotch Fold setting. The flier will be rewarded on leaving it at D. Naismith's, Wyndham Street, Guelph.  
Guelph, 26th March

FARM WANTED.  
Wanted in the Township of Guelph or Eramosa a farm of from 150 to 300 acres. Address, giving all particulars, and stating price and terms, to J. C. G. Guelph, 26th March

SALE BY AUCTION.

AUCTION SALE OF

Fancy Goods!

AND STATIONERY

AT CLARKE'S MUSIC STORE.

THIS EVENING.

Same to commence at seven o'clock. No RESERVE.

W. WARNER CLARKE,

Guelph, March 29, at 7 o'clock Market Square, Guelph

No. 2, 2000 Sap Buckets No. 2

At E. CARROLL & CO'S,

No. 2, Day's Block, Guelph.

No. 2, 1000 Bbls SALT, No. 2

At E. CARROLL & CO'S,

No. 2, Day's Block, Guelph.

No. 2, 1000 Bags SALT, No. 2

At E. CARROLL & CO'S,

No. 2, Day's Block, Guelph.

No. 2, Tons Paris and Caledonia PLASTER, No. 2

At E. CARROLL & CO'S,

No. 2, Day's Block, Guelph

No. 2, CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEED No. 2

At E. CARROLL & CO'S,

No. Day's Block, Guelph.

Guelph, March 4, 1869

at 7 o'clock

CARD.  
JAMES JESSIE'S CO. having disposed of all their Retail Grocery business in the Alma Block and Day's Block, I beg to inform you that I have purchased their long established Family Grocery Business, No. 1, Day's Block, so successfully carried on under my management.  
By keeping the very best class of Goods at the lowest possible prices, and by close personal attention to the business, I hope to receive the continued favors of all old customers, with an increased patronage from the general public.  
Guelph, 16th March.

JUST RECEIVED,  
THE NEWEST STYLES OF  
HATS & CAPS  
AT THE  
GUELPH CLOTH HALL,  
WYNDHAM STREET.  
SHAW & MURTON.  
Guelph, March 4, 1869.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY.  
FARMERS,  
Buy your Clover and Timothy at  
HUGH WALKER'S  
Good Seed at a Small Price.  
HUGH WALKER,  
Guelph, March 24  
Opposite the English Church, Wyndham-st.

Jeannie Sinclair, OR, THE LILY OF THE STRATH.

The monstrous design being thus deliberately formed and settled on, Lyndoch had more motives than one for its speedy accomplishment. He was short of funds, and deep in debt, and the man who had hitherto lent him money refused to lend him any more.

The hundred pounds were gone, and Lyndoch was in great need of money as ever, and had no means of procuring it.

And was there in his bosom no feeling of compunction or of pity? Did he think as little of the cruelty as of the criminality of the deed he was going to commit? Little as little.

Day after day Lyndoch ascended to the top of his tower, and with a powerful glass scanned the prospect, in hope of seeing Sir Fergus out on the distant Moor or on the more distant mountain.

Long and steady was Lyndoch's gaze, till the glass shook to and fro in his trembling hand—trembling not with fear, but with demonic excitement.

He quickly left the tower, and going to his room, changed the dress he wore for a suit of a peculiar gray colour, with a cap of the same material and shade.

What a look his dark countenance wore as he made these murderous preparations! A furious scowl was upon his brow, and his eyes gleamed balefully like the eyes of a fiend.

The purpose of clothing himself from head to foot in grey was apparent as soon as he began to cross the Moor, for the colour was so like that of the objects around, that at a great distance he could scarcely be seen.

With that purpose, so self and close, so bloody and ruthless, how insubstantial was the day and scene. The far-stretching moorland breathed a silent atmosphere of peace.

The route he took was circuitous, so that should he be observed by any wanderer ere he reached the hills, it would not appear as if he was going near the Falcon's Glench, but in a direction far wide of it.

The Parish Schools of Scotland, which were so long the pride, not only of that country, but of the world, must, it seems, give way to the requirements of the times.

When the Free Church secession took place, it became clear that the school system of the country could not long remain under the control of the Established Church.

The tavern-keepers in the village of Grayhall's Lutter, propose having a sidewalk from the "American" to the "Commercial" hotel—a distance of thirty rods—a convenience which will be appreciated by the good folks of the place as well as many others.

The most brilliant thing the martyred Lauder said in his speech was that John Sandfield deserved the support of the country because he bought some coconuts matting instead of carpeting, thus showing his wonderful knowledge of political economy.

The contract for the extension of the Port Hope, Lindsay and Beaverton Railway, was awarded on Monday to Messrs. Noble & McIntosh, contractors.

The contract specifies that the road must be finished in December next.

Diogenes for this week has a fine medival window for the "Ye Decorations of ye Dominion Council Chamber," with Sir John A. Macdonald as chief figure.

Sunshine and Shadow

Cloth, Gift Edge.

For Two Dollars.

TO BE HAD

AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE

Opposite the Market, Guelph.

Guelph, March 25, 1869.

LADIES!

The House Renovating Season is near at hand.

WALL PAPER!

10,000 Rolls at my prices

3,000 " at your prices

2,000 " at any price.

THORNTON'S

New Cheap Bookstore.

Guelph, March 25.

PUBLIC NOTICE

NEW PROVISION STORE!

West Market Square, (Adjoining John Harris)

FLOUR, FEED

and POTATOES any quantity. Also Smoked Hams to be had.

HIRSCH & KENNEDY, Guelph, March 25.

DON'T FORGET

That you can get

12 lbs. of Fresh Raisins

FOR ONE DOLLAR

AT E. O'DONNELL & CO'S

Guelph, 20th March.

Wellington Boot & Shoe Manufactory

WYNDHAM ST., GUELPH.

JOHNA. McMILLAN

Has much pleasure in informing the public that he is prepared to fill orders for

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Boots & Shoes!

For Spring and Summer Trade.

All home manufacture, and as cheap as any house in Toronto or Montreal.

Dealers in Boots and Shoes are requested to call and examine my Stock and Price before ordering elsewhere.

An immense stock of Boots and Shoes always on hand.

WANTED.

A Partner, with \$5,000 or \$6,000 cash. A splendid opening for a practical man.

Address, if by letter, Post paid.

JOHNA. McMILLAN, Wellington Boot and Shoe Manufactory, Wyndham Street, Guelph, March 25, 1869.

DOMINION STORE

Mrs. ROBINSON

Has just received a fresh supply of

ORANGES

FICS, RAISINS, NUTS of all kinds.

For sale cheap.

STAMPING DONE TO ORDER.

MRS. ROBINSON, Guelph, 27th March.

DRIED APPLES

White Beans, Factory Cheese, Fresh Butter and Eggs,

AT E. O'DONNELL & CO'S

Guelph, 20th March.

MONEY TO LEND.

The undersigned are prepared to obtain Farm Securities for several thousand dollars, to be lent at moderate interest.

LEMON & PETERSON, Barristers, Solicitors, & Notaries, Guelph, Dec. 19th, 1868.

CAUTION.

I hereby notify all parties against purchasing or negotiating a promissory note made by or for William Hoover or under the name of John A. Wood, dated the 3rd of March, 1869, and payable at my office seven months after date, as I have received no value for the same, and shall not pay it.

Guelph, 11th March.

F. PREST.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

ALMA BLOCK RETAIL GROCERY!

WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH.

HAVING LEASED OF MR. MASSIE

JOHN A. WOOD

The most Spacious and Elegant Grocery in the Dominion of Canada,

He is able and determined to take the lead in the Grocery Trade in Guelph.

Many of the Goods will be sold at less than they would cost to lay down at the present time.

TEAS, TEAS!

AT A VERY SLIGHT ADVANCE.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS

Will be sold at market rates.

FRESH COFFEES!

CHEAP AND GENUINE.

THE WINES & LIQUORS

Are all sound and of good age, carefully selected, and guaranteed genuine.

The Crockery and Glassware Department

Has also received great attention in selecting such Goods as are useful and necessary in every household.

My Store on Wyndham Street will still be carried on in the same principles as hitherto, giving a good article at a fair price.

THOSE WHO HAVE NOT YET PAID A VISIT TO THE

ALMA BLOCK

RETAIL GROCERY!

Should do so at once, as I promise that we will sell at low rates, owing to the great facilities for buying which we possess over any other store in Guelph.

RECOLLECT, my friends, that although this is a NEW STORE, I am not a stranger to Guelph, and I have been in the Town of Guelph since I began to supply your wants thirteen years ago in the same spot that I now solicit your patronage.

ALL ORDERS, however small, will be delivered by HORSE and VAN a short time after purchase.

Active and obliging Clerks, all old friends of the Guelph public, will be found at all times ready to show Goods to parties, no matter whether they want to purchase or not.

NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS WILL BE ADVERTISED AS SOON AS RECEIVED.

Glover, Timothy, Tares, Flax and Turnip Seeds

of every description, in stock and arriving. We shall not in getting Seeds care so much about the price as the quality, as it has been proved often enough to the farmer's disadvantage that economy in the purchase of Seeds is false.

Caledonia Plaster, Liverpool Coarse & Fine AND CODERICH SALT.

All other kinds of Manures suitable for Agricultural use will be kept on hand, or obtained for customers as required.

TEAS.

Every one should know and have confidence in those they buy their Teas, as all who sell watches are not watchmakers.

JOHN A. WOOD'S RETAIL GROCERY.

Every article is sold in Families, Hotels, Saloons, Boarding Houses, &c., is sold by JOHN A. WOOD, who is a real live man, working 14 hours a day for the last 17 years.

JOHN A. WOOD, Alma Block, Upper Wyndham Street

JUST IN.

GUTMAN'S CELEBRATED

Hoop Skirts

In all the Latest and most Approved Styles.

Including the

New PANNIER Skirt

Which is a general favorite

THIS IS BEYOND ALL COMPARISON

THE CHEAPEST LOT OF SKIRTS EVER SHOWN

IN GUELPH.

A. O. BUCHAM, Guelph, Jan. 17.

PETRIE'S

DRUG

STORE.

MONTREAL STEAM SHIP COMPANY.

QUELPH AGENCY.

CANADIAN LINE—Portland to Liverpool every Saturday.

GLASGOW LINE—Portland to Glasgow every week.

CABIN—Guelph to Liverpool \$85.5 and \$99. ST. RAGE do do \$12.00

CABIN—Guelph to Glasgow, \$7.50. INTERMEDIATE do do \$47.00

STEERAGE do do \$31.00

Return Tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid Passage Certificates issued to bring friends out, at the lowest rates. For Tickets, ate-rooms every information apply to

GEO. A. OXNARD, Agent G. T. R., Guelph

Guelph, April 1, 1868

THE OLD ESTABLISHED SADDLER SHOP.

The subscriber in returning thanks to the public for the patronage bestowed on the late firm of Galloway & Beattie, would beg to say that he is now carrying on the business in all its branches at the old stand, West Market Square, Guelph, and hopes by strict attention to business, and moderate charges, to merit a share of public support.

As he intends using only the best of stock, and employing none but first-class workmen, the public may depend on getting a good article. He will always keep on hand, and make to order, the newest and best styles of

Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Martingales,

And a large assortment of Trunks, Valises, WHIPS, HORSE BLA. KETS,

CURRY COMBS, MANE COMBS, CARDS, SPURS, WHIP Lashes, all hand

OIL AND VARNISH

For Cleaning Harness, and all other articles connected with his business.

A liberal discount made for cash. All kinds of repairing done with neatness and dispatch.

GEORGE BEATTIE, January 19, Guelph, West Market Square

HAMILTON DYE WORKS,

Two doors from the Royal Hotel, Established 1856.

Silks, Satins, Merinos, Hannels, Mores, Tabb Coverts, &c., &c., dyed and finished. British and Foreign Shawls cleaned and pressed. Kid Gloves cleaned. Feathers cleaned, dyed and curled.

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GREAT EXCITEMENT.

Billiard Hall Refitted New Style Tables Exhibition Twice a Week.

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Head Office, 92 Broadway, New York.

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The rapid advance of the Society's business, the very first rank among American Life Insurance Companies, the unprecedented amount of its New Business for the year, the large accumulation of its Seven Millions of Dollars, already invested in the most reliable securities, form, collectively, a legitimate subject for congratulation by the Managers of the Society to every policyholder, and an assurance to the public that it has been carefully and successfully managed.

The rank of the Equitable among all American Companies, as to New Business done since its organization, stands as follows:—In 1866 it was the unit; in 1867 the eight; in 1868 and 1869 the twenty; in 1869 and 1870 the thirty; in 1870 the forty; in 1871 the fifty; in 1872 the sixty; in 1873 the seventy; in 1874 the eighty; in 1875 the ninety; in 1876 the hundred.

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HEAD OFFICES—1 Old Broad Street, a Pall Mall, London.

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Subscribed and Invested Capital and Reserve Fund

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INSURANCE against Losses by Fire effected on the most favorable terms, and losses paid with out delay to the Board in London. No charge made for policies or endorsements.

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Guelph, 10th Nov. dw

THE ONTARIO MUTUAL

Life Insurance Comp'y.

HEAD OFFICE, WATERLOO, ONT.

A comparison of our rates with the rates of any other company offering to do a legitimate business respectfully invited.

Every Information given to intending Insurers.

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HENRY L. DRAKE, Agent, Box 12, Guelph, P.O. Mar. 12, 1869

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DEALS IN EXCHANGE, subsequent Money and Specie bought and sold at best rates.

\$20 Bonds bought and sold at a slight advance on New York rates.

Agent for the National Steamship Company, weekly Line of Steamers between New York and Liverpool.

Also for the London and New York Steamship Company, fortnightly Line between New York and London.

Tickets via the Michigan Central R. R. and the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana R. R., for all points West and South, Royal Mail Line to Montreal and intermediate ports.

Agent for the Ketchum & Edwards' celebrated Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.

Guelph, Dec. 1. dw

HARTFORD

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INCORPORATED IN 1810. CAPITAL, \$2,000,000

Special Rates for Dwellings, and contracts for terms of one to three years.

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BEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE

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POINT AT

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E. MORGAN Guelph, 16th March. dw

CUNARD OCEAN STEAMERS.

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First Cabin, - - \$87; gold and Storage - - 29.

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Hat and Cap Store.

THE subscriber has removed to the splendid

Day's Block, late Petrie's Drug Store

And has now in stock an immense assortment of

Hats, Caps, Furs, &c.,

In all the latest and most fashionable styles and colours, which will be sold very cheap.

Being a practical hatter, he thoroughly understands the wants of customers, and invites the public to call and see his goods, as he can sell them a better article at a cheaper price than they can get elsewhere.

The highest price paid for raw Furs

Guelph, March 15, 1869. J. GARLAND

GOLDEN SYRUP,

Amber Syrup, Maple Syrup.

Wonderfully cheap.

AT E. O'DONNELL & CO'S

Guelph, 20th March. do

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Guelph, November 19, 1868. dw

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