

Here's the Final Schedule!

When and Where the International League Clubs Will Play—London at Home on Thirteen Saturdays—Clip This Out.

Two or three semi-official schedules have already been published of the International Baseball League, and when The Advertiser gave to its readers the last one there was no reason to think there would be any further change, as it had been adopted by the majority of the clubs in the league. But owing to the unforeseen objections raised by two

Michigan cities, another meeting was necessary at Port Huron yesterday. Those present were: Messrs. J. McArthur, president; Cal Davis, secretary; Charles Collins, of Hamilton; Bert Sheere, London; F. G. Robertson, St. Thomas; George Black, Saginaw; D. J. Lowney, Bay City, and J. Walsh, Port Huron. A compromise was effected,

and the following is an absolutely correct schedule for the coming season. Baseball fans should clip it out for reference. It will be noticed that London will be at home on eleven Saturdays, and in addition to this arrangements have been made with St. Thomas for two more Saturdays. The dates named with a star are Saturdays:

	AT HAMILTON.	AT LONDON.	AT ST. THOMAS.	AT PORT HURON.	AT SAGINAW.	AT BAY CITY.
HAMILTON.....	Watch	June 6, 7, 8, July 20, 21, 22, Aug. 13, 14, 15, Sept. 19, 20, 21.	June 20, 21, 22, July 13, 14, 15, Aug. 13, 14, 15, Sept. 12, 13, 14.	May 16, 17, 18, June 20, 21, 22, Aug. 20, 21, 22.	May 12, 13, 14,* June 4, 5, 6, Aug. 1, 2, 3,* Sept. 23, 24.	May 9, 10, 11, June 2, 3, 4,* July 7, 8, 9, Aug. 25, 26, 27.*
LONDON.....	June 13, 14, 15, July 11, 12, 13, Aug. 8, 9, 10, Sept. 15, 16, 17.*	The	June 27, 28, 29, July 11, 12, 13, Aug. 29, 30, 31.	May 9, 10, 11,* June 9, 10, 11,* Sept. 15, 16, 17.*	May 5, 6, 7,* June 2, 3, 4,* Aug. 23, 24, 25,*	May 12, 13, 14, June 20, 21, 22,* July 21, 22, 23,* Aug. 22, 23, 24.
ST. THOMAS.....	June 9, 10, 11,* July 21, 22,* Sept. 15, 16, 17.*	May 19, 20, 21,* June 14, 15, 16,* Sept. 22, 23, 24.*	Advertiser	May 12, 13, 14,* June 9, 10, 11,* Sept. 15, 16, 17.*	May 9, 10, 11,* June 2, 3, 4,* Aug. 23, 24, 25,*	May 5, 6, 7,* June 2, 3, 4,* Aug. 19, 20, 21,*
PORT HURON.....	May 5, 6, 7,* June 21, 22, 23,* Sept. 1, 2, 3.*	May 26, 27, 28,* June 13, 14, 15,* Sept. 5, 6, 7.	June 6, 7, 8, July 1, 2, 3,* Aug. 11, 12, 13,* Sept. 25, 26, 27.*	For All	May 19, 20, 21,* June 2, 3, 4,* Aug. 13, 14, 15,* Sept. 27, 28.	June 13, 14, 15, July 19, 20, 21,* Aug. 15, 16, 17,* Sept. 19, 20, 21.
SAGINAW.....	May 26, 27, 28,* June 13, 14, 15,* Sept. 5, 6, 7.	May 16, 17, 18, June 13, 14, 15,* Sept. 5, 6, 7.	May 23, 24, 25, June 13, 14, 15,* Sept. 1, 2, 3.*	June 23, 24, 25,* July 1, 2, 3,* Sept. 22, 23, 24.*	Sporting	June 6, 7, 8, July 11, 12, 13, Aug. 9, 10, 11,* Sept. 20, 21, 22.
BAY CITY.....	May 19, 20, 21,* June 1, 2, 3,* Sept. 8, 9, 10.*	May 23, 24, 25,* June 23, 24, 25,* Sept. 1, 2, 3.*	May 16, 17, 18, June 16, 17, 18,* Sept. 5, 6, 7.	June 20, 21, 22,* July 14, 15, 16,* Aug. 1, 2, 3,* Sept. 12, 13, 14.	Events.	June 9, 10, 11,* July 23, 24, 25,* Aug. 11, 12, 13,* Sept. 15, 16, 17.*

Shots From Morro

Likely to Upset the Plan of a Peaceable Blockade.

Rivalry as to Who Shall Receive the First Shell.

American Fleet Has Its Guns Trained Upon Havana's Fortifications.

Bombardment May Begin at Any Moment.

The First Battle of the War Was in Florida Waters.

United States Monitor Fired on a Spaniard.

The Latter Replied Shot for Shot to Her Enemy.

Reported Capture of a Spanish Transport With 1,000 Troops on Board.

An American Fleet Ordered to Blockade Manila.

Editorial Summary.

SATURDAY, 2:00 P.M.

With the exception of the Toronto Telegram (which makes faces at the United States by cartoon), and the yellow St. James' (London, Eng.) Gazette, the mass of the English-speaking newspapers side with the United States, as performing a necessary, if disagreeable, task in restoring order, and putting down savagery in Cuba.

It is believed that Canada will be temporarily benefited by the war, through an increase of summer visitors, through a certain advance in prices, through increased shipping business, and through increased immigration by preference to the Dominion. But conservative onlookers think the effect likely to be more that of a boom than anything else.

The blockade of Havana and other Cuban ports by the United States war vessels is now in progress.

There are a number of valuable United States and Spanish ships on the ocean, which the adversary is going about seeking to devour.

Spanish finance is panicky. United States bonds and stocks keep up well, all things considered, indicating the world's opinion as to the ultimate winner.

The Spanish Governor-General of Cuba, General Blanco, has issued a theatrical manifesto, calling on all Spaniards in Cuba to unite in defiance of the United States, and not allow their rights to be "trampled on by a nation of nobodies."

Spain has called out 30,000 additional

reserves. Bull-fights are being held in cities of Spain, the proceeds to go to the war funds. The mayor of Madrid, in a manifesto, says: "The Spanish lion is roused from his slumber. He will shake his mane and disperse the rest of the brute creation."

Havana is said to be short of coal. It is expected that Secretary Sherman will retire from the Washington Cabinet, owing to failing physical strength.

The German newspapers are pretty generally against the United States.

Wheat was \$1 12 yesterday at Port William.

By Telegraph.

Washington, April 23.—Important steps were taken yesterday in Washington towards actual hostilities, not to mention the overt act involved in the seizure of the Spanish vessel, Buena Ventura, off Key West. The first was the issue by the president of his proclamation announcing to the world a blockade of a number of Cuban ports, and the second was the signing by him of the bill providing for the utilization of the volunteer forces in war. Inquiry at the navy department as to the story that the government had arranged for the seizure of the Hawaiian Islands and the establishment of a coaling station in Hawaii failed to secure any positive statement on the subject.

THE BLOCKADERS.

Capt. Sampson's orders are: Ships on the blockade will be frequently relieved, and kept constantly under steam. They will not enter Havana harbor or approach within range of other ports. It is likely they will traverse a semi-circular course sufficient to detect and intercept ships which attempt to reach or leave the blockaded points. The blockade of peace will probably only last until the ships get near enough to the navy department, as it is expected in the navy department that the Spaniards will be impatient to use their new guns in their heavy water batteries.

Key West, April 23.—Five officers of the fleet ashore after midnight were of the opinion that the idea of a peaceable blockade would be dropped by the Washington authorities, or would be rendered ridiculous. No one knew just what the range of the guns of the shore batteries on either side of Morro might be, and the first ship within that range would surely be shot at by the Spaniards. That shot, it is believed, will be the signal for bombardment.

ANXIOUS TO BE SHOT AT. Lively rivalry exists aboard the fleet concerning the honor of being the first ship to receive the Spanish shell. It is especially keen between the Iowa and Indiana. Men of each ship believe they can whip anything afloat, and each are anxious to be the first to go under fire.

MOVEMENTS OF THE FLEET. Nothing definite is known as to the whereabouts of the fleet. It is believed that it is not yet near Havana. Nothing has been heard of here of any bombardment, and it is not believed that there has been an attack upon the fortifications, as 24 hours' notice would be given by Capt. Sampson.

Hong Kong, April 23.—The United States squadron is ready to sail. The States of New York city, the Free Lance, to the government. It has been accepted with thanks.

St. Johns, Nfld., April 23.—The United States Squadron has purchased the Newfoundland coasting steamer Grand Lake, subject to approval of the inspecting officers of the Boston navy yard.

SAILED FOR MANILA.

London, April 23.—The American squadron at Hong Kong, according to a special dispatch from Shanghai, has sailed for Manila, which it will attack. The dispatch says: Three steamers, recently purchased by the United States Government, will follow the fleet with coal. The approaches to Manila are mined. It is reported here that the priests and the commercial classes in the Philippines are in favor of a peaceful surrender, rather than to suffer a bombardment, but that the military are determined to resist.

WATCHING FOR PRIZES.

London, April 23.—The Daily Mail says: "The Spanish embassy immediately notified the Madrid Government of the departure of the Paris, and it is believed that fast cruisers from Madrid and Corunna will try to intercept her."

The Liverpool correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: "Surprise was expressed here today (Friday) that the Paris should have sailed unopposed, especially as there were rumors in the Mersey that Spanish war vessels were waiting to intercept her off the south coast of Ireland. Yet the passengers of the Paris were assured of the perfect safety."

The Daily Chronicle publishes a rumor from Liverpool that the American liner Paris has already been captured by Spanish warships.

St. Johns, Nfld., April 23.—Incoming ships report having seen a mysterious steamer off Cape Race. Rumor has it that she is a Spanish warship watching for American vessels.

"ON WAITING ORDERS."

Fort Monroe, Va., April 23.—"On waiting orders" is about all that can be said of the flying squadron. Pilots are here ready to take out the ships at a moment's notice, fires up and engines coupled, and a start can be made in an hour.

THE NASHVILLE PRIZE.

Key West, Fla., April 23.—The United States fleet was about twelve miles off Sand Key light at 7 o'clock when the Spanish merchantman Buena Ventura was sighted, bound north. The gunboat Nashville ran her down and put a shot across her bows from a four-inch gun on the port side aft.

The Spaniard heaved the shot, but another closer to her bows brought her to. A prize crew was put aboard. Capt. Lacaraza and his crew were taken to the Nashville. He said he did not know that war had been declared, but when he was informed of the state of affairs he shrugged his shoulders and accepted the situation philosophically.

THE BLOCKADE OF CUBA.

Washington, April 23.—The president has issued the blockade proclamation. It announces a blockade of all ports on the north coast of Cuba and the port of Cienfuegos and Sagua. It was learned at the capital that the president, in conversation with senators, had asked them (though the honor of the proposition to take the Hawaiian Islands as well as the Philippines, as a war measure) to support the blockade.

A San Francisco dispatch says: Advice from Honolulu, under date of April 14, state that it is rumored that Minister Newell and Admiral Miller will take formal possession of the islands in the name of the United States, as a coaling station, on April 15. It was impossible to confirm the rumor before the steamer Rio Janeiro left Honolulu.

In Spain.

PATRIOTIC AND PANICKY.

The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: Bull fights have been arranged in all the large towns, the proceeds to be devoted to the national defense fund. It is still asserted that Gen. Weyler will receive command of an army corps.

An immense crowd witnessed the military parade in front of the palace yesterday morning, and intense enthusiasm was displayed when the lieutenant king appeared on a balcony. A big demonstration was arranged to take place before the military club last night.

Patriotic enthusiasm prevails throughout Madrid and the Spanish provinces. Admiral Chacon, upon being consulted on the subject by the queen regent, informed her majesty that he believed the Spanish navy would be successful in its engagements with the fleets of the United States.

Gamazo, the Liberal leader, urged the Sagasta cabinet to continue in office. The premier, on leaving the palace at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, declared that there was absolutely no foundation in the rumors of a cabinet crisis.

DURATION OF THE WAR.

Paris, April 23.—The Gaulois publishes an interview with Senor De Rose, the distinguished Spanish financial authority, who declared: "The war between Spain and the United States cannot last more than ten or twelve months, and will not cost over £20,000,000 to £24,000,000—a sum Spain can easily furnish from her own resources."

PANICKY BOURSES.

The Madrid correspondent of the London Standard says: A most unpleasant feature of the situation is the panic on the Madrid and Barcelona bourses, and in financial circles all over Spain, despite the energetic efforts of the leading bankers and the demonstration of the press. The people have begun in Madrid, and even more so in the provinces, to crowd the branch offices of the Bank of Spain, to exchange notes for gold, which has long been the only currency coin in Spain. El Imparcial says that in three days 15,000,000 pesetas have been drawn in silver from the Bank of Spain at Barcelona. The decline in Spanish funds and all the favorite securities of the native investors have been painful. The Spaniards themselves nowadays hold almost all their consols. Their Cuban debt and other issues have declined from 40 and 20. The tobacco monopoly has fallen from 243 to 190, and Cuban bonds have fallen from 92 to 51, while exchange on Paris has risen 22 to 68, to say nothing of the gold premium.

The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: "Bank of Spain shares since the last settlement have declined."

FEELING IN ENGLAND.

London, April 23.—There is scarcely a public man or important newspaper in Great Britain that does not warmly support the United States. At the same time, in private conversation, much criticism of the United States and indecision of Spain is heard. The Daily Chronicle expresses the opinion that the United States fleet was throwing away an excellent strategic opportunity by going to Cuba instead of intercepting the Spanish fleet.

The Daily News says that "The Americans hardly know what they are fighting for," and that is an open question whether the freedom of Cuba could not be obtained without recourse to war."

The Daily Mail is doing much to arouse public sentiment by the daily publication of articles bearing upon the atrocities perpetrated by Spaniards, accompanied by pictures of the atrocities, reconcentrados, under the heading, "Why America is Intervening in Cuba," with the Kipling parody, "If blood be the price of liberty, Lord God, we have paid the penalty."

To Shell Havana.

GUNS OF THE AMERICAN FLEET TURNED ON THE FORTS.

Havana, Cuba, April 23.—From the hills of Guanajay I saw United States warships yesterday afternoon. They were waiting to shell the forts of the westward. The news that the guns of Morro Castle, all is alert, but fear is in the hearts of the city's defenders. Havana's defenses are not equal to the guns of the American fleet. Gen. Blanco, in full uniform, which he has worn about two days in the last two months, is at the Santa Clara battery, the strongest of the city's defenses. With him are all the officers of all the regular and volunteer regiments. Orders are rushing through the city, shouting the call to arms, and carrying orders to the batteries, and reports to the captain-general.

Ominous is the situation. Everybody is rushing out of the city or to its fortifications. The number who have sought the latter places to fight is enormous. The United States ships could not possibly select a better place for landing men than they can find in the neighborhood where they are anchored. Blanco realizes the danger and has Heated large bodies of troops to Santa Clara battery.

He has sent others in a hurry by railroad to Vedado and Carmelo. The with the rain weak there, and even long because the defenses are not strong. Troops could be landed there with little more than a skirmish, and it is thought this will be the first place at which the Americans will strike.

Then, too, Blanco is fearful lest the first of the invaders come up the little river in the westward of the city. The chief defense is the battery of D'Alers. Several regiments have been sent to an important landing place, where there is a railroad. From that point a railroad runs to Havana.

Arrols, the military governor, is acting with Blanco, and both have sent out and made a reconnaissance in the direction of Santa Clara. The two, after leaving Santa Clara, went to the Reina battery.

All the guns at all the fortifications are manned. The men have orders to stand by them all night.

Havana, April 23.—Captain-General Blanco has published a decree declaring the island of Cuba in a state of war.

The directors of the produce and stock exchanges notified Gen. Blanco that they had taken steps to avoid a rise in the price of provisions, and to expel all members who attempt to alter prices.

The chamber of commerce met in extraordinary session to plan measures in combination with the military authorities to avoid a surprise. Gen. Arrols, the military governor, is taken supreme charge of the civil government of the city, and Senor Bruzon, the civil governor, will devote his attention to sanitary precautions. There is no foundation for the rumor that Senor Alfonso XII, has been blown up.

Business today is paralyzed and exchange is weaker.

TO DESTROY CABLES. Key West, April 23.—5:30 p.m.—The Mangrove has just left here, headed south, equipped as a cable ship. Her destination is said to be south of Cuba, and her object to destroy sub-marine cables. It is believed that she will be conveyed by one or more warships.

The First Battle.

UNITED STATES MONITOR FIRED ON A SPANIARD.

Jacksonville, Fla., April 23.—According to private dispatches received by the Times-Union and Citizen last night, the first naval battle of the war took place opposite Boynton, about 25 miles south of Palm Beach, at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. George Lyman, a reliable man, and several others, who were in the boat, which was separated from the ocean by a narrow strip of land, heard heavy firing and ran to the beach. They reported to the railroad agent and postmaster at Lantana that a United States monitor was chasing and firing upon a Spanish

MUNYON'S TALK

ON CATARRH, DEAFNESS, AND OTHER DISEASES.

Professor J. M. Munyon, in an interview with a reporter, says:—Catarrh is the foundation of two-thirds of people's ailments; hundreds are treated for nervousness, weak lungs, dyspepsia, constipation, etc., which in reality their whole trouble originates from catarrh.



Catarrh in the head is a disease that is more to be dreaded than any other disease of its class known, not only on account of the local and acute trouble, but especially on account of its termination. Everyone who suffers from catarrh of the head is usually forewarned by some of the following symptoms:—There is a continual discharge at the nose, thickness in the head, and many other signs of the disease. There is a feeling of the eyes, slight pains sometimes in the ears, and various other symptoms as the disease progresses and becomes chronic in form. Symptoms such as headache or pain over the eyes, vertigo or dizziness, ringing in the ears, which is followed by partial deafness, dropping of mucus into the throat, causing sneezing and spitting, especially in the morning, which causes nausea and not infrequently vomiting.

Catarrh left alone or improperly treated soon goes to the bronchial tubes, and gives rise to such troubles as a dry, hacking cough, spitting up small pieces of mucus, which is troublesome at night, loss of appetite, a disgust for certain food, more or less shortness of breath on exertion, low spirits, loss of weight, irritability, and many other symptoms, local and constitutional. Neither is catarrh confined to the head and throat; it often extends to the stomach, causing indigestion (commonly called dyspepsia), constipation, fullness after eating, dizziness, and weak heart, and not infrequently fainting spells, dull, listless, and tired feeling, nervousness, and restlessness and inability to sleep at night. This form of catarrh is often treated for nervousness, when, if the catarrhal condition of the stomach was removed, the other symptoms would entirely disappear.

With Munyon's Remedies and improved methods of treatment we positively cure catarrh. We can refer to thousands in this city and throughout the Dominion whom we have cured.

A Separate Cure for Each Disease—At all Druggists—Mostly 25 Cents.

TREATMENT BY MAIL.

Write Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert Street, Toronto, for advice, which is ABSOLUTELY FREE. The most obstinate cases successfully treated through correspondence. All communications answered in strictest confidence. Send for Guide to Health. FREE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC:

Beware of imitators who are copying our advertisements, appropriating our methods, and following the plan adopted by us when we introduced our remedies to the people of Ontario. You can easily distinguish between the original and the imitation. Prof. Munyon, founder of the new school of Homoeopathy, does not desire that the public should be imposed upon.

Munyon's Homeopathic Home Remedy Company.

11 and 13 Albert Street, Toronto.

HAROLD JARVIS
The Popular Tenor.
—AND THE—
HEINTZMAN & CO.
PIANO—
"For tone-sustaining power and singing quality your piano seems unequalled. I would like to have the good fortune to have one of your instruments wherever I sing."
London Warerooms
236 Dundas Street.

man-of-war, or gunboat, conveying a coal transport ship. The Spaniards replied shot for shot. All the ships were traveling with a bone in their teeth. The men say they watched the battle for an hour, or until only the smoke from the funnels was visible on the southern horizon, in which direction they were traveling.

A special dispatch to the Times-Union and Citizen from Lantana says: "An eye-witness has just arrived from Boynton, and reports a supposed transport vessel southward bound, guarded by a man-of-war, pursued by a monitor, keeping up a heavy running fire."

ANOTHER CAPTURE.

London, April 23.—The Daily Chronicle publishes a dispatch from Liverpool, which says a private cablegram received there reports that the American ship Shenandoah, which was captured by a British steamer, probably the Gracia, flying the Spanish flag, which cleared from Pensacola on April 18, and was bound for Liverpool.

New York, April 23.—A special to the Press from Key West, Fla., says: The cruiser New York has captured a big ship, which at this hour is supposed to be the Alfonso XII, from Barcelona, for Havana, with 1,000 Spanish troops. The ship was sighted about ten miles off Havana by the flagship of Capt. Sampson's fleet. The New York sent a shot across the Spaniard's bow. This did not stop her. Then Capt. Sampson ordered all steam on, and a stern chase of four miles followed. The steamer was sighted about ten miles off Havana by the flagship of Capt. Sampson's fleet. The New York sent three more shots after the Spaniard. Then the steamer dove to. She will be towed to port in the morning. The Alfonso, if it be she, is a rich prize. She is a mail steamer of the

Campagne Espanol Transatlantique, and is worth \$1,000,000.

Key West, April 23, 2:20 a.m.—An incoming tug reports that the New York has captured a Spanish passenger steamer plying between Havana and Porto Rico. It is believed here that the prize captured by the flagship is the Alfonso XII, the mail steamer due at Havana today—not the warship of that name.

THE LATEST CAPTURE.

London, April 23.—The American ship reported captured by the Spaniards left San Francisco on Jan. 5 for Liverpool. She is a four-masted vessel of 2,525 tons register, and owned by Arthur Sewall & Co., of Bath, Maine.

REPORTED CAPTURE OF AN AMERICAN SHIP.

London, April 23.—It is reported here that the Spaniards have captured the American ship Shenandoah, which sailed from San Francisco in January for Liverpool.

A CENSORSHIP.

Key West, Fla., April 23.—The United States has established a censorship of telegrams, forbidding the transmission of code messages to or from Havana. This began at once.

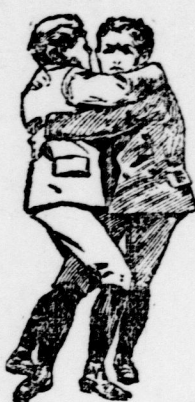
JACOBS WITH THE UNITED STATES.

Rio Janeiro, April 23.—The Brazilian Jacobins favor the United States in the coming war between that country and Spain. The Pais, the Jaco narrow says: "We are with the United States, which is giving Europe a daring example of making sacrifices for a people's liberty."

(Continued on page 2.)

OAK HALL

BOYS' SCHOOL TOUGH SUITS



All Guaranteed Thoroughly Shrunk.

Guess we have more friends among the little chaps of this town than any other concern in it. Maybe because we cultivate the boys' good opinion. The suits we put on 'em hold fast and good, no matter how the boys play rough and tumble. Pretty sure to lay solid foundation for future business in this way.

2-Piece School Suits

\$1 50, \$2 00 and \$2 50.

3-Piece School Suits

\$2 50, \$2 75, \$3 00, \$3 50.

EVERY BOY GETS A BAT AND BALL FREE.

OAK HALL,

154 Dundas Street, London.

ALFRED TAYLOR, Manager.

A Grocers' Profit

is small enough on Rolled Oats—well agree to that. Small as it is, it varies, of course, with the quality.

If inferior brands are substituted for Tillson's Pan Dried Rolled Oats you can make up your mind to one thing—big profits for the grocer.

Help him if you want to—your looser in quality. You see why?

The Tillson Co., Limited, Tilsonburg, Ont.

If You Are A Good Business Man

You want good printing, and the place to get it is at The Advertiser Job Printing Department. The price will be no higher than what you would be asked for inferior work. Our facilities are the best for executing all orders on the shortest notice.

You Use Business Cards?

Then call and see our new line—A-Jax Cards—the nearest and best on the market for the money. We will be pleased to send you samples and quote you prices on application. Phone 115.

Advertiser Job Printing Dept.

2 Lots north part of city: a bargain 10 Acres near Springbank.
4 Lots London East; Cheap. Apply
JAB. MILNE, 22 DUNDAS ST. S. LONDON, S.

WESTERN ONTARIO

Seaford's population this year increased by seven.

The Berlin Board of Works has expended \$3,100 for a twelve-ton road roller.

Ross & Richardson are shipping a large number of cattle from Tilbury, paying 4c per pound.

A receiver has been placed in charge of the N. P. Finch Company's dry-goods store at Aylmer.

Mr. Morrow, in one shipment recently, shipped 2,400 dozen eggs from Godrich, and he is making frequent shipments of over 2,000 dozen.

Mr. A. E. Snelgrove, since, has heard that his claim for a pension will be allowed. He served in the American civil war.

The spring show of the East Elgin Agricultural Society was held at Aylmer Thursday afternoon and was a good one. Although the number of horses present was not large, the display was good.

Charles J. Begg, the 6-year-old nephew of Mr. Jas. Begg, of Southwold, died on Thursday. The boy's parents live at Galt, Ohio, and he was visiting at his uncle's. Interment at St. Thomas cemetery.

The foundation of the new Methodist Church, Thamesville, is rapidly progressing, and the church people now intend to lay the corner stone on May 24, when a whole day and evening programme will be given.

Dr. McKimley, V.S., formerly of Aylmer, passed away at his residence at Drake's University, Des Moines, Iowa, and is now a full-fledged M. D. He will likely locate in Omaha. His friends send congratulations.

Robert Frazer, one of the employees of E. D. Tillson at Tilsonburg, had the misfortune to poison himself with poison ivy about two weeks ago while working at the Port Burwell diamond crossing. He has suffered intensely, the eruption being extended over the whole body.

A very serious accident occurred at McKimley's planing mill, Aylmer, on Thursday. Mr. J. H. King, the foreman, was at work with the planing machine, when his hand got caught in the machine in some manner, and before he could get it away the last finger and part of his second finger of his hand was also injured.

Wm. Wakefield, butcher, of Guelph, met with a painful accident in a slaughter house. The rope caught in the windlass, and after Wakefield released it he jumped down, and in doing so one of his arms caught on a flesh hook on the muscular portion between the forearm and the shoulder, and kept him suspended, his toes barely touching the ground.

For the past few days a number of the retail butchers of Windsor have been unable to secure a sufficient quantity of meat.

Catarrh Shackles

Broken in 60 Minutes

It is an alarming fact, but statistics bear it out, that at least 50 in every hundred persons in this country are afflicted in lesser or greater degree by that disgusting, offensive and dangerous disease—Catarrh. If symptoms appear, such as itching in the head, dizziness, pains in the forehead, headache, dropping in the throat, offensive breath, loss of taste and smell, the Catarrh Shackles may be betightening about you. DR. AGNEW'S CATARRH POWDER. Recommended by eminent nose and throat specialists—gives relief in from 10 to 60 minutes.

For years I was a victim of chronic Catarrh; the first application of Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder gave me instant relief, and in an incredibly short while I was permanently cured.—James Headley, Dundee, N.Y.—23

Sold by W. S. Barkwell and all druggists.

city of beef to supply customers. The wholesalers are unable to purchase from the farmers sufficient, as the prices demanded are very high for this time of year. It is believed that the farmers are holding their cattle on account of the war between the United States and Spain, as they expect prices to go up in a short time.

What might have proved a fatal accident happened at a barn raising of Wm. Randall's, con. 3, Thames Valley, on Wednesday. In racing, while pulling up the plate, it broke in the middle, one end striking L. Hawkey on the head and knocking him down from the building to the foundation. He was picked up unconscious and remained so for about an hour. When last heard of he was doing nicely. D. Walker was struck with a pike-pole, and Mr. K. McRae had two fingers crushed.

Norwich Gazette: News has come to hand that L. J. Siple and W. A. Siple, sons of John Siple, of Milldale, who had lived at Los Angeles, Cal., for a number of years, met with their death at sea, being passengers on the ill-fated steamer the Clara Nevada, which was lost on a return trip from the north, with all her passengers and crew, about 150 people. Many families hereabouts will be bereaved by this sad event, and will have the sympathy of all here.

At a meeting of the North Middlesex license commissioners held on Tuesday the following licenses were granted: Aylmer—John McIntyre, Gilbert Dickey (wine and beer), Ailsa Craig A. M. Munro, Chas. McCabe, Biddulph, Rev. Solars, John J. P. Theobald, Enderingham, Wm. Cunningham (wine and beer), McGillivray—Jos. Pumphrey (wine and beer), Theobald, Enderingham, Wm. Cunningham (wine and beer), Haskett, Donald McNeil, Lucan—Alex. McFalls, Robt. St. John, Silas McNamee, Robt. Mulrood (shop), Martin Green (shop), James Pheasant (shop).

Shots From Morro

(Continued from page 2.)

MACCABEES CAN GO.

Port Huron, Mich., April 23.—Many of the 300,000 members of the Maccabees want to enlist. Supreme Commander S. Markey has issued a dispatch which will make the order liable for all deaths of members while engaged in the military or naval service.

Ross & Richardson, high counselor of the Michigan Foresters, and a member of the high court, has framed war solutions which have been concurred in by the high standing committee. Members of any court who may enlist will be kept in good standing at the time of entering service.

ARMISTICE ENDED.

London, April 23.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily News held the Cuban government has instructed Governor-General Blanco to declare the armistice in Cuba ended.

STEAMER PARIS PASSES THE LIZARD.

Falmouth, England, April 23.—The American line steamer Paris, chartered by the United States Government, and which, according to report, the Spaniards are trying to capture, passed the Lizard yesterday evening, and should now be well on her way west. She left Southampton yesterday afternoon.

PRIVATEERING.

New York, April 23.—A special from Berlin says: The belief that Spain will not give up her original plans in regard to privateering is gaining ground in official circles in Germany. The admiralty is considering the advisability of sending a warship to West Indies waters to safeguard German interests.

The most foolish attempts are being made by newspapers actively hostile to America to stir up the alleged danger threatening the United States from the attitude of the Latin American republics. According to the New York Herald, the German press is condemning the United States. All the newspapers impudently and base motives to America and praise the attitude of Spain.

SPAIN'S FLEET FAR AWAY.

New York, April 23.—A special to the World from St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, says: The combined Spanish squadrons are here still. Five are banked and every man of war is ready to sail immediately upon receiving orders from Madrid.

SECRETARY SHERMAN MAY RESIGN.

Washington, April 23.—The Post today says: There is every reason to believe the Secretary Sherman will resign from the cabinet within the next few days. It is felt by the friends of the secretary that the present crisis is so severe a tax upon his falling strength, and for this reason he will retire to private life. His successor will be Assistant Secretary Day, in all probability.

AMERICA WILL WIN.

London, April 23.—Hear Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, who commanded the Condor at the bombardment of Alexandria in 1882, and is now Conservative member of parliament for York, admits, in the course of an interview, that in the long run America will be victorious. He thinks the fleets about equally matched, and that the greatest difficulty the Americans will have to contend with is the yellow jack. They would not have much trouble in landing troops in great length of coast line.

ON 'CHANGE.

London, April 23.—There was a more cheerful feeling on the stock exchange today owing to the relief from the state of tension and a conviction that bottom prices have been reached.

American securities opened strong on the stock exchange; Spanish bonds opened better and strengthened to 34½ against 32½, the closing price of yesterday.

SPANISH STEAMER PEDRO CAPTURED.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 23.—The Maritime Exchange here this morning received the following dispatch: Key West, April 23.—Steamer Pedro, from Antwerp, etc., for Pensacola, Florida, arrived here this morning, having been captured by a warship. The Pedro is a Spanish freighter of 1,372 tons, and left Antwerp March 25.

WAR NOTES.

Gen. Woodford has reached Paris. The volunteer army bill has been signed by the president.

The work of organizing the United States troops centering at Chickamauga, Tenn., into brigades and divisions has been begun.

The Rome correspondent of the

Standard says the artists belonging to the Spanish Academy in Rome, the most brilliant group of painters in Italy, have decided to return to Spain and enroll as volunteers.

The vice-president has signed the United States volunteer army bill. Spain, it is semi-officially announced, has declined to act in conformity with the declaration of Paris respecting neutral vessels and neutral goods.

A special dispatch from Madrid says the Spanish government has been officially notified that Great Britain will regard coal as contraband of war. The English flag is now floating over the American legation at Madrid.

PLAN TO KILL MCKINLEY

An Infernal Machine Sent to the White House—Guards Doubled.

Washington, April 23.—An infernal machine was sent to the president yesterday. Fortunately its character was suspected and measures taken to prevent its explosion, and no harm was done. The incident was carefully concealed, and all efforts are being made to capture the sender. There was nothing to suggest from whom it came and no clue was afforded as to the man who sent it. The machine was enclosed in a hatbox and carried in a box. An ingenious contrivance had been arranged so that when the lid of the box was opened there would be a flash of powder which would explode a stick of giant powder sufficient to blow a mark to the White House.

Lieut. Cross, in charge of the White House police, to whom the machine was handed, discovered its nature and took precautions to render it harmless. He soaked it thoroughly in a tub of water, until the contents were saturated, and then opened it.

As a result of this incident additional measures were taken to guard the executive mansion. The police force was doubled, and today it is expected that a detail from the district militia will be turned out to guard the approaches to the White House grounds.

MIDDLESEX.

Spring show of the West Williams Agricultural Society at Parkhill on Wednesday, April 27.

A petition is in circulation in Stratford, asking the council to submit a by-law to the people granting \$15,000 bonus to the Western Counties Railway.

The Parkhill High School Literary Society will hold its last meeting for the present term in the gymnasium of the high school on Thursday evening, April 23.

KONOKA.

Konoka, April 22.—Mrs. William Thelen has come on a visit to her relatives and friends.

Miss M. Hamby, who has been visiting friends in Thamesville for some time, returned home yesterday.

Mr. L. Stilson is suffering from the effects of a sprained ankle.

Several of the A. O. F. officers from Ingersoll, Stratford, London and other places, visited the A. O. F. court here last Monday evening.

The song service held in the Methodist Church here under the auspices of the E. L. of C. E. every second Sunday evening are being largely attended.

Service next Sunday evening will be conducted in a little different order, and will no doubt prove very interesting.

M. Graham is quite ill.

A chimney on fire caused quite an excitement in the village last Tuesday evening.

Rev. N. J. Mortimore attended the conference examinations held in London this week.

A HAMILTON LADY

Testifies to the Wonderful Efficacy of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Juliana Sandberg Cured of Female Weakness After Suffering for Years—No Other Medicine Gave Relief—Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured.

Hamilton, April 22.—"In the midst of life we are in death" is a fact that should impress us deeply—so deeply as to touch the heart of our hearts, the soul of our souls. Women, our mothers, wives, daughters, sisters, have it brought home to them frequently and impressively. The diseases that torture them are legion. Their sufferings never cease. Of late, however, the women of Canada have been able to boast that they possess the means of not only relieving their sufferings, but of curing their diseases. They have made and are making use of the famous Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Juliana Sandberg, of this city, was a great sufferer from Female Weakness. For three years the disease wrung her soul with agony, despite all the efforts of her physicians, despite all the medicines she used.

No pen can ascribe, no imagination can realize what she suffered. There are thousands of her sisters, though who know what that she endured—for they are suffering similar tortures daily.

At length, when it seemed as if there was no help but death for her, she was induced to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. The result was the same as in all cases of Kidney Disease, when Dodd's Kidney Pills are used—a speedy and complete cure.

The information contained in the above is enough for any woman who suffers as Mrs. Sandberg did. She will give Dodd's Kidney Pills a trial, and that is all they need. It will convince the most unbelieving that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure even the very worst case of the Diseases of Women.

Dodd's Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists at 50 cents a box, six boxes \$2.50, or will be sent, on receipt of price, by the Dodd's Medicine Company, Limited, Toronto.

When your limbs itches, it means money; you probably have somewhere a half dollar you have forgotten to spend.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

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GALLEY

Having Gained the Confidence of the Public Has Been the Recipient of Much

FREE ADVERTISING

From Foreign Concerns Who Are Jealous of Reliable Canadian Enterprise.

WORK NOT WORDS

Is the Secret of His Wonderful Success in All Branches of His Business.

CURING THE SICK

And Attending to the Numerous Duties Thereby Involved Is How He Occupies the Bulk of His Time and Not in Depreciating the Business of Rival Competitors.

Galley has proved, beyond the question of a doubt that disease, however desperate, was curable under his advanced methods of treatment. He has proved that it was not beyond the power of his remedies to give back health and strength in scores of cases where others have failed to even give relief. Galley repeats that he does not believe in rhetorical flourish or bluster; but proves conclusively that disease is not beyond the range of the power of his remedies and skilled specialists to cure and remove. The evils that afflict humanity he sees and knows as no other man, and the strongest proof of his statements are the signed testimony of scores of grateful people in this city, who have come voluntarily forward day after day to offer testimony. Numbers of these whose names never appear in the public prints, but are on file at Galley's offices, and may be seen at any time by those interested. They are from people in all walks of life, from the highest to the lowest. Professional and business men, artisans, laborers and mechanics, women and children, in all stations of life. Galley has already printed scores where others fail; not an odd case, here and there, but on every street in the city the testimony comes in of the marvelous healing powers of his wonderful little pellets. Doctors and druggists cannot understand it; indeed, it is beyond the conception of the most advanced physicians, although they marvel at the wonderful results. Galley's new system of treatment for all

forms of disease is giving back health and joy and hope to hundreds in this city alone who had been given up as hopeless. Galley says to the sick and distressed to not give up until they have consulted his eminent specialists. He says: Do not think you cannot be cured because Dr. So-and-So says it. Don't waste time or money on deleterious concoctions or unsafe patent medicines. In fact, do not aggravate disease or risk life in experimenting, but come at once to Galley's offices and seek the advice of his physicians and specialists. NOT A CENT WILL BE CHARGED FOR THE BEST MEDICAL ADVICE. You are not even obliged to buy a cent's worth of medicine, unless you desire to do so. Galley's doctors are at your service any hour in the day. They will diagnose your case, prescribe the remedies, without asking or expecting a copper in return. Can you ask more? Could you want more? Come, then, all are welcome.

GALLEY'S REMEDIES NOW ON SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS. MOSTLY 25c A VIAL—DO NOT BE DECEIVED.

Do not accept other remedies represented to be just as good. Do not endanger life by accepting a substitute which some druggist may offer you (because it costs less), the ingredients of which he does not even know, but insist on having Galley's, or none at all.

Galley Warns the Public

That his Medical Institute in this city has no connection with "Yankee Medicine Companies." Galley's Medical Institute is Thoroughly Canadian in every respect. His staff of specialists are honored graduates from leading Canadian colleges and his famous remedies do all that is claimed for them.

Consultation and Medical Advice Are Offered Absolutely Free From 8 a. m. Until 8 p. m.

GALLEY MEDICAL INSTITUTE

619 Richmond Street, London, Ont.

The Loss of the Hair

To a Lady or Gentleman Is a Great Affliction.

PROF. DOREN WEND,

Who Will Be At Tecumseh House, London, on Friday, May 6, With All Kinds of ART HAIR GOODS

has demonstrated to over a hundred thousand persons that the artificial restoration of the departed locks is pre-eminently essential to their Health, Comfort and Good Looks. Of late he has added many new styles and designs to his large collection, and is now in a position to suit every case of baldness or thin hair. Every lady should see his new and artistic fashions in Wigs, Bangs, Waves and Plain Frontpieces, Switches, etc.

Gentlemen who are partly or wholly bald should not miss the opportunity of seeing what he can do to improve their appearance, and add comfort and protect them against Colds, Catarrh, and other Head Troubles, due to lack of protecting hair. Toupees and Wigs are made feather-weight. Detection by the closest observer is impossible. Why delay? Secure the benefits now. You will be thankful later on. If it is not convenient to come to the hotel, send name and address and he will call at residence. All transactions strictly confidential.

REMEMBER—A. Tecumseh House, London, Friday, May 6, 1898.
Cut hair taken in exchange, or cash paid for it.

CRESCENT BICYCLES

are the best made, have all the latest features. The 1898 Ladies' is above comparison for its beauty and graceful appearance. Call and examine and get our Spot Cash Prices.

SOLE AGENT FOR CITY.
REID'S HARDWARE, No. 118 (North Side) Dundas St. City.

London Advertiser.

(ESTABLISHED 1863.)

FOUNDER AND MANAGER, John Cameron

London, Saturday, April 23, 1898

Their Relative Naval Strength.

A comparison of the naval forces of Spain and the United States does not, at first thought, strengthen belief in a short contest. The relative strength of these forces, however, must not be measured by the mere number of men and ships. In the munitions of war, in financial and material resources, in the morale of her people, the republic is infinitely superior. Naval authorities give us these statistics:

First-class battleships—United States, 4; Spain, 1.
Second-class battleships—United States, 1; Spain, 0.
Armored cruisers—United States, 2; Spain, 6.
Unarmored cruisers, first-class—United States, 3; Spain, 0.
Unarmored cruisers, second-class—United States, 15; Spain, 5.
Torpedo boats—United States, 10 (8 small boats and 2 submarine boats); Spain, 21 (9 torpedo gunboats and 12 large torpedo boats).

Torpedo boats destroyers—United States, 6; Spain, 7.
Sea-going monitors—United States, 6; Spain, 0.
Convoy ironclads—United States, 0; Spain, 2.
Non-sea-going monitors—United States, 13; Spain, 0.
Miscellaneous—United States, 2 (2 dynamite cruisers and 1 ram).

Ships under repair or nearly completed—United States, 2 cruisers, 3 torpedo boat destroyers, 1 large torpedo boat; Spain, 3 armored cruisers.

The United States has 25 supplementary steamers and Spain 14.
Spain has fewer ships, but she has more men. In her fleet are 1,000 officers and 726 mechanicians, 14,000 seamen and 9,000 marines. She has also a trained reserve of 25,000 men and a large seafaring population that could be drafted for war.

The United States naval force comprises 1,000 officers, 226 engineers and naval constructors, 40 warrant officers, 11,750 seamen and 2,000 marines. The naval reserve is not very large.

Apply to the Ministers.

A number of our contemporaries—notably the Toronto Globe and the Montreal Star—are exercised because The Advertiser adheres to the Senate plank in the Liberal platform, as formulated at the great national convention. Here is the resolution unanimously adopted by the great representative body, and endorsed by the people at last general election:

"That the present constitution of the Senate is inconsistent with the federal principle in our system of government, and is in every respect defective, as it now makes the Senate independent of the people, and uncontrolled by the public opinion of the country, and should be so amended as to bring it into harmony with the principles of popular government."

The Globe discards this plank, and calls for the abolition of the Senate. The Star has apparently no very decided opinions of its own, but as it is a zealous organ, the Conservative party it is no doubt satisfied with the present anomalous condition of the Senate, which represents Canadian public opinion as it was years ago, not as it is today.

Thus divided in their views, in general, the Globe and Star are united in their anxiety that The Advertiser should formulate a scheme for carrying out the Liberal platform aimed at the Senate. Mayhap we could successfully undertake the task, were the Dominion Ministers to assign it to us. We presume, however, that the Government at Ottawa is perfectly able to deal with this question, and to convince the imperial authorities of the urgent necessity for a speedy reform in this regard, in accordance with the decision of the electorate of the Dominion. The Government will no doubt at an early date find opportunity to take up this question, and provide means for an early remedy for the anomalous condition of affairs which exists in the second chamber today.

Let our contemporaries apply to our responsible Ministers, and by and by they will have their answer.

Governor-General's Supplies.

At a meeting of the public accounts committee at Ottawa, it was shown that several thousand dollars' worth of supplies for Rideau Hall had been purchased in London, Eng., and that this was done at the wish of the Governor-General. This has been the habit for many years, but it is time for a change. The taxpayers of this country have to pay for these carpets, linens, etc., and the least that can be done is that the goods should be obtained in the Dominion. When the question was under discussion, it was asked what became of all the old goods, and Mr. Taylor, conservative whip, volunteered the statement that they had been stolen. We heard such an assertion several years ago, and in regard to some articles this may have been true; but the clerk of works at Rideau Hall made partial explanation of the way in which things were managed under the late regime when he said he had discovered old carpets on hand that had been lying around for twenty years, certainly the Government now in power cannot too soon make a change

whereby more economical methods shall prevail. If at any time the necessities of the vice-regal residence require a change of internal or other fittings, the discarded articles should be promptly sold and the cash turned into the public treasury. No one asks that the representative of her Majesty should be treated in a parsimonious manner; but surely it can be insisted on that the same economy shall characterize the management of the establishment operated under Government control as a man would exercise in the running of his private affairs. Let all supplies be bought in Canada, and let all accumulations of discarded furnishings be promptly sold for the public benefit. It is no excuse for Ottawa officialdom that the present objectionable system is a continuation of that which prevailed when the last Government was in power. The country expects an improvement in this, as well as in other regards, and it cannot too soon be set about.

See-Saw at Ottawa.

The Opposition spent many hours of valuable time in the House of Commons on Wednesday arguing that already well-paid civil servants at Ottawa should be given a raise of salary. No doubt in a day or two we will have the same men complaining that too much money is spent in running the country. One day, because some Conservative civil servant has not had his salary increased there is an outcry for a larger expenditure of public money; the next they denounce the government for not making a greater reduction in public expenditure than they find it possible to do. What a waste of wind, time, and public money the Opposition is responsible for!

The mildest-mannered man is now stuffed with epithets of war.

In the manufacture of budget surpluses, Great Britain still leads the world.

Now let the Dominion Opposition cease foolish talking, and let war editors have right of way.

One of the first things the Australian colonies go to work at for their federation is a second chamber.

Great Britain and the United States are giving a grand performance of that fine old melodrama "Hands Across the Sea."

The prohibition ballot will be as simple as can be; but no doubt the usual number will be spoiled by people simpler still.

Mr. McInerney, M.P., hints darkly that the Senate will knife the new franchise bill. Has he been talking it over with Sir Mackenzie Bowell?

Does our contemporary, the Clinton New Era, really believe the Imperial Parliament would pass any legislation doing away with a second chamber altogether? If that is the New Era's faith, it can remove mountains.

The present Dominion Franchise Act would be a powerful weapon in the hands of the Liberal Government if they chose to use it as unscrupulously as their predecessors. In flinging it away and reverting to the provincial laws, the Government cannot honestly be accused of partisanship.

Andrew Denholm, a former Londoner, and a former graduate, has been ten years in the ownership of the Blenheim News. He has prospered, and built up a valuable business, his paper being one of the solid institutions of Western Ontario. The Advertiser wishes him continued success.

Knowles, a famous United States athlete, is dead, after riding a bicycle 6,000 miles in 60 days. The cautious wheelman, who logs along the highways at the rate of eight or ten miles an hour, may not be able to compete with the scorches on a month's run, but he lives in good health to a good old age, which scorches rarely do.

Canada petroleum will be used in warfare this summer. The scene of the enemy will be Staten Island, and a better plan would be to remove the fuel and stagnant waters that give the pesky biters a breeding place.

Among the patriots over the border we presume there are none so zealous as Artemus Ward, who was willing to send all his wife's relations to the front.

The British flag floats side by side with the Stars and Stripes over the city hall of Detroit. Who would have prophesied this a year ago?

The United States agents have been scouring the universe for ships. What's the matter with our own steamer Thames?

Mayor Van Wyck, of New York, says the city is bankrupt. And Tammany has ruled less than six months!

The only thing of importance in Great Britain that appears to be on the decline is the national debt.

The war has somewhat overshadowed the duel between the school board and the city council.

Mr. Blue's report reminds us that Ontario has a Klondike of her own.

The May Century will have a special cover in gold and colors, designed by Fernand Lungren, representing the "Enchanted Mesa."

THE LONDON ADVERTISER, SATURDAY, APRIL 23.

Good Day For Pitchers.

Boston and Pittsburg Shut Out Without a Hit.

St. Louis Also Treated to a Goose-Egg.

Dunnville's Catcher Disabled With a Broken Wrist.

St. Thomas Loses \$50 by the Rain—A Player Lost or Stolen.

London Horses Doing Well in Detroit—Wheeling, Turf, and Other Sporting News.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE—FRIDAY.

At Baltimore—R. H. E. 8 13 3
Baltimore 0 0 0
Boston 8 13 3
Batteries—Hughes and Clarke; Lewis and Bergen.

At Philadelphia—13 12 3
New York 7 7 1
Batteries—Platt and McFarland; Rube and Warner.

At Washington—7 14 2
Washington 12 15 2
Batteries—Dempsey, Amos, Dineen and McGuire; Yeager and Ryan.

At Cincinnati—11 10 1
Pittsburg 11 10 1
Batteries—Breitenstein and Pettit; Hastings and Schriver.

At St. Louis—0 8 0
St. Louis 7 13 1
Batteries—Sudhoff and Clements; Powell and O'Connor.

At Louisville—2 6 0
Louisville 1 7 3
Batteries—Thorn and Donohue; Dowling and Wilson.

ROWDY SPECTATORS.

Cleveland Press: All the Cleveland forces have expressed to Mr. Robinson the wish that the regulations in force here against rowdy spectators be enforced in the Forest City. Mr. Robinson has promised them that inasmuch as players are forced to hold their tongues under all circumstances, this year, no one can, by the payment of 25, 50 or 75 cents, buy the privilege of insulting a player on the Cleveland grounds.

DUNNVILLE'S CATCHER HURT.

In the game of baseball between Niagara University and the North Buffalo on Sunday at the falls, Frank Julius, who caught for the North Buffalo, and Jack Barry, who was running home, collided. Julius thought he was hurt, but a doctor who was present assured him he was only bruised. A Buffalo doctor was consulted, and his diagnosis showed that the wrist is broken in two places. This accident comes at an unfortunate time to Julius, who has signed with Dunnville, Ont., and was to report for play on April 27. Julius is a clever catcher and a hard hitter, and he would have been well liked in Canada.

PORT HURON READY.

Port Huron Times: The International League, as is well known, is composed of six clubs, Hamilton, London and St. Thomas, on the Canadian side of the border, and Bay City, Saginaw and Port Huron in Michigan. It's good, sound, healthy circuit, and one that smacks loudly of success. The league is under the protecting wing of the National League, and each club has deposited a substantial guarantee that it will stick to the last. There is no question but that the new league is off to a good start, and all that is needed to insure success is good, clean ball and plenty of it. Everything is in readiness in this city for the commencement, the players will report at Battle Creek today, and will once go into training. The park has been put in shape for the season's work.

GOOD ACT.

Manager Holman of the London, purpose carrying out the rules, as laid down by the British resolution, on T. C. C. Park, and has had printed on the admission tickets thereto for this season the information that no spectators under any consideration on pain of being incontinent ejected from the grounds, and having his money refunded.

BALL PLAYER LOST OR STOLEN.

St. Thomas Journal: C. Williams, of Cleveland, was one of the pitchers signed by St. Thomas. A week ago he was sent a ticket and \$20 advance money. Last Saturday he left Cleveland, and that is the last that has been heard of him. It is reported that Williams is really A. Beidon, who pitched last year for Power's Athletic Club, of Cleveland, and that he has signed under his right name with the Rock Island club and will play with that team this season.

ST. THOMAS IN BAD LUCK.

The rain storm and the Detroit Citizens' Street Railway Baseball Club arrived about the same time in St. Thomas, and the games were canceled. The visitors are to receive a guarantee of \$30. A telephone message was sent to Detroit telling the ball players not to come, but they were already en route.

FLYS.

Congleton and Dark gave evidence that the Huns' outfield is to be considerably strengthened this year.

Hamilton Herald: St. Goulay possesses any amount of style, and one or two good curves. There seems to be a hardly any doubt that he will be a fixture on the team.

The Port Huron International League team, instead of reporting in that city, were ordered to Battle Creek for practice until Sunday, when they will play their first game with the Battle Creek Independents.

Toronto World: Billy Rodden, the clever thing, was one of the pitchers who has been on a visit to the city enjoying a well-earned rest, left yesterday to join his team.

The Toronto pitcher, Peter Woods, who will be seen in the point. He has plenty of speed, fine control, and with a little coaching will make one of the best pitchers in the league.

Hull, the pitcher signed by St. Thomas, and who also did not report for duty, has been released.

The Cuban Giants are expected to play in St. Thomas next Tuesday and Wednesday.

The baseball season in Hamilton will open today, when the Hamilton

will play the first of a series of games for the Hinchey cup with the Niagara University team. The game will be called at 3:30.

Mr. Lachie McCrury, second baseman of Point Edward, will play with the Petrolia ball club this season.

Mr. John G. Gunn, of Ailsa, Craig, an ex-Varsity player, will be seen behind the bat for Petrolia this season.

WHISKEY.

CITY HOTEL CLUB.

The City Hotel Bicycle Club held their annual meeting in their rooms this week. The most important business was the election of officers, which resulted as follows: Honorary president, Aid. Taylor; honorary vice-president, Mr. John McIntosh; president, John Beckwith; secretary, Jas. Hickey (both re-elected); president, John Beckwith; secretary, Jas. Hickey.

James W. Chambers, Charles McGuire, the president, vice-president, committee-treasurer, executive committee, Capt. D. McMartin and Lieut. Harry Stewart will have charge of the club a bright season, as the club starts with a good membership, well officered, and a good balance in the treasury. The first outing will take place early next week.

THE TURF.

LONDON HORSES IN DETROIT.

The Detroit Free Press has this to say of Thursday evening's horse show programme: Three of the events went off splendidly. Perhaps the most interesting of the evening was the hunters and hurdlers, which was held until the last. An element of danger always enters into hurdle jumping, though nothing serves so well to bring out the best of a horse in full action, or to show up his defects. Six entered the event, and the honors were won by Adam Beck, of London, Ont., with his magnificent chestnut gelding, Hunsington. The horse was ridden by a man, ridden by Willie Wilson, owing to the fact that Wilson rode two horses, warmed up for the trial, and he jumped clean all the way round, and with splendid action. On the second he jumped over the high hurdle, and he was not a second out of the saddle. He was ridden by Miss Ottaway, of Hamilton, Ont., who was second, being also ridden by W. Buchanan's Italian, the mare jumping exceedingly well, mare Beck won another blue ribbon in the event for high steppers, showed fine knee action and plenty of spirit. There were eleven exhibitors, and the event was exceedingly difficult to judge, owing to the fact that the appointments have to be taken into consideration. W. J. Henkel's Dandy secured the red ribbon, and Lady Proudfoot, a gray mare, owned by T. S. Weld, of London, Ont., of the yellow.

WINGHAM RACES.

The Wingham Driving Park Association will hold their horse races on July 27 and 28. The track is now in first-class shape.

ESHER STAKES.

London, April 23.—Lord William Beresford's 5-year-old bay colt, Dikka won the Esher stakes, of 1,000 sovereigns, at Sandown; Celado second; Sir J. Blundell Maple's King Hampton third.

AT BENNING.

Washington, April 23.—Crowds and track good yesterday. Winners: First Fruit, Holden, Sophomore, Chantant and Vanity Fair.

AT NEWPORT, KY.

Cincinnati, April 23.—Yesterday was ladies' day at Newport, Ky., and a crowd of about 4,000 people turned out to watch the racing.

TIPS.

Mr. E. B. Clancy, of Toronto, visited Woodstock on Thursday and purchased the thoroughbred yearlings and a 2-year-old from Mr. W. H. Millman, of Guelph. The 2-year-old, Nick White, by Dandie Dimmont—Lucy Dorch, by Layton, is a very handsome and racy colt. He will be preserved for next year's Queen's plate. The yearlings are: by Imp. Saxon; bay filly by Springfield—Butter Girl, by Great Tom; chestnut colt by Imp. Pillarist—Miss Vanduit.

QUOTING.

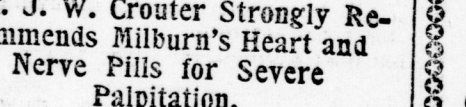
INGERSOLL HAS A CLUB.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of quilters was held on Wednesday night.

A PHRENOLOGIST'S EXPERIENCE.

Prof. J. W. Crouter Strongly Recommends Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for Severe Palpitation.

Anyone who has ever used Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for such diseases as arise from Disordered Nerves, Weak Heart, or Watery Blood, is so thankful for a cure that he desires to let all sufferers know of their sterling merit.



Prof. J. W. Crouter, the well-known Phrenologist, and author of several advanced scientific works, writes from Penetanguishua as follows:—"Last October I had an attack of palpitation of the heart, which grew so bad that I was induced to take medicine for it. Occasionally I obtained relief, but was not cured, and the beating of my heart became more and more intermittent and violent, till I feared the valves of my heart would burst. Incidentally I read of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills in the Globe, and with a feeling bordering on despair I determined to try them. I went to Mr. Nettleton's drug store and got a box. I took them regularly for about three days, when the beating of my heart became quite regular. I continued to use them for about three days' more, and by that time my heart was beating naturally and has continued to do so since.

"You are at liberty to publish this letter as it may direct others similarly afflicted to the right remedy."

Yours truly, J. W. CROUTER.

PHONE 1,046.

The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co.

LONDON'S BUSY DEPARTMENTAL.

OPEN TONIGHT TILL 10.

Price Concessions

FOR TODAY AND MONDAY

Plain, simple facts the most powerful lever. The general public can secure many unforgettable bargains that will be constant reminders of our good intentions. Once a customer, always a customer.

House Furnishings.

Lace Curtains—A few pairs of those soiled and single pairs, at less than half price.

A beauty, just in, in Brussels Net effect, at \$1 15
Ask to see our Special, 3/4 yards long, at 75c
See our regular \$2 25 Cushions, now showing at \$1 75
New Brussels Net, for Sash Curtains, at 25c and 40c
They are beauties.

Clothing Specials.

Bicycle Suits—In all-wool tweed, brown pin check; well and strongly made; good value at \$8 75; going at \$5 00

Bicycle Suits—In light colored fancy checks; all-wool; beautiful goods; regular \$8, for \$4 50

Bicycle Suits—In dark check tweeds; all-wool, regular \$4 50; sale price \$3 25

17 Men's Suits—In all-wool tweed, fancy checks; regular \$8, for \$4 75

15 Men's Suits—In small gray checks; regular \$5 65, for \$4 50

21 Men's Suits—In fine, all-wool tweed, light colors, silk-faced; Italian linings, etc.; lovely spring suits; regular \$12 50, for \$10 00

18 Men's Suits—In navy-blue Tyke serge; extra quality, equal to any custom-made garments; on sale at \$12 75

Basement.

25 only C. C. Toilet Sets, 6 pieces, for \$1 00

25 only White Toilet Sets, Grafton shape, 8 pieces, for \$1 25

25 only Printed Toilet Sets, 10 pieces, for \$2 00

Balance of Towels that's left must be cleared out regardless of cost.

A blaze in Coal Oil Stoves for one week; 2 burners, round enameled tin, for 75c

Two burners, square enameled iron, for 90c

One pound Cowan's Cocoa for 15c

Three pounds Rice and 3 pounds of Tapioca for 25c

Two pounds of choice clean Currants and 2 pounds of choice Raisins for 30c

One pound Cowan's Cocoa for 15c

Peas, Corn and Tomatoes, 3 lbs. for 25c

16 cakes of Gyp Soap for 25c

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A Cheap Way To Get a Wheel

We want you to co-operate with us in selling bicycles, and we want to make it worth your while to do so. There are a great many places in Canada where we have no agents and where the merits of our world-famous

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are but little known. We know that if we can get but one wheel into each of these places it will bring us more orders, because our wheels always give perfect satisfaction. We want you to do so. We want you to sell you a Skylark \$75 or a Leader \$55 in either lady's or gent's pattern at actual cost. This offer applies only to places where we have no regular agents, and only one wheel will be sold in each place on these terms. Write for full particulars.

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ENTIRELY NEW. It is not a reprint, retask, or revision of any other work, but the result of the steady labor for five years of over twelve scores of the most eminent and authoritative scholars and specialists in the world. Nearly 100 of the leading universities and scientific institutions of the world were represented on the editorial staff. 20 United States Government experts were also on the editorial staff. Over 500,000 words were actually expanded in its production. A single complete copy was ready for the market. Never was any dictionary welcomed with such great enthusiasm in the world.

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in the parlors of the McCarty House, and a club was organized to be known as the Ingersoll Quoting Club. Following are the officers appointed: President, John Rose; Vice-president, J. L. Vance; secretary, W. R. Smith; treasurer, A. J. McCarty; grounds committee, John McMillen; R. Tweedie, Joseph Adair, Joseph McCarty. The grounds committee will have the grounds fitted up and in shape for play at once, and practice will be started in a few days.

The speed of our fastest ocean steamers is now greater than that of express trains on Italian railways.

The great lung healer is found in that excellent medicine sold as Bickie's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membranes of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness of the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

Canoeing In Ecuador.

The Noted Frank G. Carpenter Describes That Country.

Not a Very Flattering Picture of Boarderian People.

Their Filthy Habits of Living—Immense Plantations—Novel Experiences on a Water Trip.

Bahabuyo, Ecuador, March 22.—For the last two days I have been sailing along the Columbia River of Ecuador. The Guayas is to this country as the Columbia is to the United States. It is the biggest river of the Pacific coast, and just now, in the rainy season, which lasts here from December until May, it has converted the country for miles and miles into a vast lake. Where we entered it from the Pacific, just opposite the Island of Puna, where Pizarro landed, the river is 60 miles wide, and as we sailed up it to Guayaquil we seemed to be passing through color and thickness of pea soup, and of green, great trees and water lilies which were floating down the river. It is more than a mile wide, and 26 feet deep, furnishing a good and safe harbor for the largest of the Pacific Ocean steamers. The river there is filled with shipping, and there are hundreds of dugouts, canoes, great rafts and cargo boats used by the natives to bring their wares from the interior for sale.

THE BANGKOK OF ECUADOR.

I left Guayaquil two days ago, and in the little American-built steamer Pulguit took an all-night sail up the Guayas into the interior. I am now far from the coast, almost at the foot of the Andes. Chimboraço most hear the rumbling of the volcano Cotopaxi. I am in the city of Bahabuyo, a city of 20,000 people, and the whole land is flooded, and the people live in the second stories of the houses. The town proper, which contains about 8,000 people, has streets which are now little more than rivers, and in coming from the boat I hired an Indian to carry me to the high lands of the shore. Bahabuyo is a few feet higher than the rest of the place, and just now the crossing the streets you must hug the roofs and banyan trees, and in coming from the boat I hired an Indian to carry me to the high lands of the shore. Bahabuyo is a few feet higher than the rest of the place, and just now the crossing the streets you must hug the roofs and banyan trees, and in coming from the boat I hired an Indian to carry me to the high lands of the shore.

AN ECUADORIAN HOUSE.

There are hundreds of houses here which can only be reached in canoes. The children are born in canoes, and the marketing is done in boats. The most of these houses belong to the poorer classes, though I shall describe a planter, who cannot now walk ten steps from his house without drowning. The poorer houses are built on stilts, and built upon piles so high up that the floods do not reach it.

Feed the Nerves!

South American Nervine is a powerful nerve builder and makes rich, red, healthy blood.

We live by nervous force, and if there is derangement at the seat of ailments common to humanity can be traced to sick nerves. Naturally the weakest part is the one attacked, and in cases whose number is legion the trouble begins in the stomach—and ends too often in physical and mental ruin—sluggish circulation, impure blood, exhaustion, emaciation, loss of appetite, insomnia, general debility and wasting diseases—all for lack of replenishing an overworked system. South American Nervine is the greatest of all nerve foods—purifies the blood, clears the system of all impurities, tones and strengthens the digestive organs—a wonderful remedy in cases of female weakness and functional derangements peculiar to her sex—truly a good health angel to womanhood. Mrs. Geo. Schlegel, of Berlin, Ont., says: "I always felt weak and tired; at night I could not rest on account of nervousness; my body became wasted almost to form an operation. I tried South American Nervine. The first bottle gave me great relief. I took eight bottles and am cured completely."

SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE—dissolves the solid matters which clog and impede the natural and healthy working of the functions of the kidneys—Gravel, Bright's Disease, Inflammation of the Bladder, Gravel or Stone in the Bladder, and all disorders directly attributable to diseased kidneys—A never failing, quick-relieving liquid specific, endorsed by best physicians everywhere.

SOUTH AMERICAN RHEUMATIC CURE—In chronic cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago and kindred ailments, where the suffering has been intense, relief has come testimony. My joints were stiff and swollen and the pains were almost beyond bearing, but a few doses of South American Rheumatic Cure worked wonders."

DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT—Cures blind, bleeding, itching or ulcerating piles in better, scald head, etc.—one application gives instant relief—35 CENTS A BOX

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work of bamboo cane. The floor is of cane, and the cracks in it are so many that the women do not need to sweep, the dirt of the household falling through upon the ground or into the water. As to modern conveniences in the way of water closets, these are practically unknown among the natives of Ecuador. 50,000 or more, the streets are used by the common people for such purposes, traveling, carries its own conveniences with it. In the houses of the common men and women, boys and girls, wives and maidens, all herd together, sleeping in the same clothes they wear in the daytime, lying indiscriminately upon the floor or in the hammocks, which of their houses. The cooking is done in clay pots on a fire-box filled with the fuel of the tropical parts of the country is the potato, or the yuca, which comes from the United States, which is cooked with lard, the most of the chief customers for it are foreigners, and the article most sold is the tin. It sells for \$1 a pound in American money, or about 20 cents in American gold. I am told that at this price it is not a great profit to the Italian merchants for the tariff and the selling

THROUGH THE FOREST BY CANOE.

Landing at Bahabuyo, I was a time at a loss how to make myself understood by the natives. There was no one about who spoke English, and my pure Castilian Spanish did not seem to be understood. At last, however, I met a German storekeeper, a Mr. Kruger, who told me that there was a Mr. Klein, a carpenter, contractor and undertaker, some of whom he had met. He left his work for the day, and voted himself to me for the day. To gether we went to visit one of the big plantations of Ecuador. This belongs to Mr. Augustine Barnes, a man who owns thousands of cattle and horses, and who sells something like 300,000 pounds of chocolate beans every year. The plantation is now all under water, and we had to take a canoe to visit it. Our canoe was 30 feet long and not over 30 inches wide. It was a dugout and was poled and sculled by two lusty brown-skinned natives, one of whom stood at each end of the canoe. Mr. Klein sat in the bottom, and I was in the center of the canoe. Leaving the city we were pushed along through the wide streets of water, passing by huts which seemed to be floating on the waves, until at last we arrived at a place where the water was shallow and the canoe was pulled up by a rope. We now grazed a great black mangrove, who made faces at us as we scampered away. The trees were full of strange birds, which fluttered and sang as we went by. Now we got a shot at a big as a pigeon with a bill like blood, and a plumage of royal purple.

I try a shot at a crocodile, but the ugly monster gets away unharmed. There are wild ducks and other birds which I have never seen before, and a deer on the highlands or has a shot beyond description. Under the trees of the twelve feet of water, where there is a small hut, and a few weeks ago it was all dry land. The trees are now a thick and dark shade over us, and we wind in and out through them, now making our way along the narrow canal of green and then shooting out into a great green-walled chamber of water, the trees about which are loaded down with orchids, each of which in New York would bring a sum equal to the wages of the overworked man. Insects are plenty, bugs and ants, and every description of insect upon us as we float onward, and Mr. Klein tells me how a great snake once dropped down into his boat from the branches above. There are rubber-trees, loaded with a great palm has hoisted its green head above the others. Outside of the insects and birds the silence is almost oppressive. The soft air is heavy with peace as our long canoe works its way onward, and the ripple of the water seems to invite us to sleep. Now, however, we are again a great cargo boat loaded with cocoa is shoved along its way to the markets. Nearly all the land above which we have been traveling belongs to the millionaire planter whom we are to visit. When we get out of the forest we come

directly into the grazing lands of his plantation. The grass is now under water, and his herds have been taken to the high lands on the edge of the Andes, above which here and there the wire fences are to be seen, and then passing tenant houses of bamboo, which are like those of Bahabuyo, over the water there is a platform on which the chickens and pigs of the owner live within six inches of the water. As we near the great white house of these houses, we see more and more shop resting on the water, and a butcher killed the animals which furnish meat for the planters, and go by a great barn water. We sail over the front piers, and amid a lot of long steel cables, which is also on piles surrounded by land, we see a great three-story building, which is a great three-story building by the owner. He orders a breakfast to be prepared for us, and puts wine and cognac before us. His two pretty daughters are called in to entertain us, and together we all drink to the better relations of our continents and our countries. The old man sends the Indian servant out to climb one of his cocoanut trees and give us a drink of cocoanut milk, and then directs his men to guide us in canoes to the cocoa orchard and to other parts of his estate.

I talk with him as to the profits of farming. He says he does not know anything of them if you are a martyr, nervousness, and diseases of the blood. It is now an imperative duty to get back sound health and strength by a complete restoring of the broken-down, tired and agonized system with Paine's Celery Compound. Your chief aim at this season should be to furnish the body with pure, nervous energy, and supply every artery and vein with rich, pure blood, thus expelling the seeds of disease and death. There is nothing known to physicians that can for a moment approach Paine's Celery Compound for casting off disease, purifying the blood, and making strong and healthy nerves. Do not procrastinate if you are in danger; tomorrow may be too late. Bear in mind that your case is not too difficult for the curing virtues of such a medicine as Paine's Celery Compound. A glorious victory was secured to Mr. Morissette, of Rexton Falls, P.Q., at the eleventh hour! His doctors failed, but Paine's Celery Compound was his true salvation. It will give the same marvelous results to all users; it is the world's only disease banisher; it is the only true life-giver. Mr. Morissette says:

Yes, 'Twas a Glorious Victory!

The Doctors Said the Man Would Die. Paine's Celery Compound Snatches Mr. Morissette From the Grave.

NATURE'S SPRING MEDICINE CURES RHEUMATISM.

Are you enjoying God's best blessings this spring weather? You know not anything of them if you are a martyr, nervousness, and diseases of the blood. It is now an imperative duty to get back sound health and strength by a complete restoring of the broken-down, tired and agonized system with Paine's Celery Compound. Your chief aim at this season should be to furnish the body with pure, nervous energy, and supply every artery and vein with rich, pure blood, thus expelling the seeds of disease and death. There is nothing known to

physicians that can for a moment approach Paine's Celery Compound for casting off disease, purifying the blood, and making strong and healthy nerves. Do not procrastinate if you are in danger; tomorrow may be too late. Bear in mind that your case is not too difficult for the curing virtues of such a medicine as Paine's Celery Compound. A glorious victory was secured to Mr. Morissette, of Rexton Falls, P.Q., at the eleventh hour! His doctors failed, but Paine's Celery Compound was his true salvation. It will give the same marvelous results to all users; it is the world's only disease banisher; it is the only true life-giver. Mr. Morissette says:

"Having been given up to its some time ago by some of the best doctors of the United States, I came back to Canada last autumn terribly ill, and had lost all hope. Suffering agonies from inflammatory rheumatism, I was strongly urged to use Paine's Celery Compound. I gave it a trial as recommended, and the first bottle did me so much good I continued with the medicine until I had used seven bottles; indeed, I never felt better in my life than at present. I use every possible means to tell others of Paine's Celery Compound, and will always recommend it to those troubled with rheumatism."

they had been impoverished by contributions of men and live stock to the cause of the Union, and asked for their money, they found that it had all been paid out to claimants in house repairs. The wages are so low that once in debt near the coast, peons get out. Here, month, but in the interior they do not receive over half their wages. The planters give their laborers twelve or fifteen cents a day, and a small amount of food. Each gets a hut 3 or 4 feet high, and 3 pairs of cotton trousers a year, and a house, such as I have described above. The wages are paid by a commission appointed by President Grant, but has never been paid; and Big Jim's people have never been able to command the influence at Washington necessary to put it through.

The number of persons born blind averages 55 in every 1,000,000.

Surer than the Klondike.

A GUARANTEED CASH SURRENDER POLICY IN

The Northern Life Assurance Company.

It saves your money. It does what you cannot do yourself—or would not if you could. It works nights and Sundays. It protects all the time.

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Antiseptic Spruce Fibreware

(Capacity, 3 to 12 lbs.)

For packing Lard, Butter, Mince Meat, Jellies, etc.

It prevents decay and rust.

It is water-tight, and airtight.

It is by far the cheapest package in existence.

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RATES OF PASSAGE. First cabin, Derry, and Liverpool, \$22 50 and upwards; return, \$36 and upwards. Second cabin, Liverpool, Derry, London, \$24. Steerage, Liverpool, Derry, London, \$10 and upwards, everything found, \$22 50 and \$25 50.

Glasgow-New York service—State of New York, \$45 and upwards; return, \$70 and upwards. Second cabin, \$30 and upwards; return, \$45 and upwards. Steerage, \$10 and upwards, everything found, \$22 50 and \$25 50.

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RATES OF PASSAGE. First cabin, Derry, and Liverpool, \$22 50 and upwards; return, \$36 and upwards. Second cabin, Liverpool, Derry, London, \$24. Steerage, Liverpool, Derry, London, \$10 and upwards, everything found, \$22 50 and \$25 50.

Glasgow-New York service—State of New York, \$45 and upwards; return, \$70 and upwards. Second cabin, \$30 and upwards; return, \$45 and upwards. Steerage, \$10 and upwards, everything found, \$22 50 and \$25 50.

AGENTS—E. E. Eddy Co., Ltd., 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175,

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Dorchester, Mass., U. S. A.

The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of

PURE, HIGH GRADE

Cocoas and Chocolates

on this Continent. No Chemicals are used in their manufacture. Their Breakfast Cocoa is absolutely pure, delicious, nutritious, and costs less than one cent a cup. Their Premium No. 1 Chocolate is the best plain chocolate in the market for family use. Their German Sweet Chocolate is good to eat and good to drink. It is palatable, nutritious and healthful; a great favorite with children. Consumers should ask for and be sure that they get the genuine Walter Baker & Co.'s goods, made at Dorchester, Mass., U. S. A. CANADIAN HOUSE, 6 Hospital St., Montreal.

Mothers' Clubs of St. Paul

[By Elaine Goodale Eastman, in the Outlook.]

Those mothers who have organized, or who wish to organize, for special study and mutual helpfulness, may be interested in an account of the movement in a Western city. It began five years ago, with a few thoughtful women—some of them college-bred—who were young mothers also, and to whom it had occurred that of all literary and scientific pursuits none could be of more vital consequence to them than the science and the art of child-training. During the first winter they met informally in the home of one of their number, and chose as leader a gifted kindergarten. The next year they organized after the usual formalities, and arranged a programme for the season in which lectures by physicians and educators alternated with papers and talks by members of the club. There was no attempt to limit the membership to any number or any particular clique—on the contrary, every one worked to extend the influence of the club, and members freely brought their friends to the meetings. The opening of the third year found us thoroughly in earnest about the extension of the movement. Our locality was by no means a central one, and it was too much to ask of a mother to spend an hour or even two on the way to and from each meeting. The matter was fully discussed at a meeting of the board of directors, and it was decided to try to interest representative women to organize independent mothers' clubs in their own localities. This plan was systematically carried out, with the result, in two years' time, of ten new clubs in the city and suburbs, each having from 25 to 100 members. In most of the clubs outsiders are welcomed to meetings, and the average attendance much exceeds the enrolled membership; therefore it will be no exaggeration to say that 60 St. Paul women have already been reached and helped by the mothers' clubs.

Some of the women whose co-operation was asked had for years been interested in the subject, and really awaiting such an opportunity. There was, and is, no lack of enthusiasm among the leaders. Kindergarten teachers and teachers are very generally represented in the clubs, and in localities where the hard-working mothers are untrained and unaccustomed to speak or write, these public-spirited teachers have taken the leading part. It is evident that the purely literary woman's club can be expected to flourish only in a well-to-do and fairly educated community. We have found, however, that these simple associations of mothers are perfectly adaptable to various social conditions. Organization and the conduct of meetings is more or less formal, as desired, but in no case oppressively so. In some clubs the members pay an annual fee, which is applied to room-rent, printing, and an occasional lecture. In others there is no fee and there are no expenses. Readings from approved books, and visits to the homes of doctors, ministers and teachers, obviate the necessity for an original programme. Discussion may be according to parliamentary rules, or it may be as free and informal as at an afternoon tea. Music, recitations and an occasional social gathering are entirely allowable, although one of the largest clubs attributes much of its success to the fact that the element of entertainment has been excluded from the meetings. This common aspiration toward an enlightened motherhood forms a new bond between our well-to-do women and those less favorably situated, and there is a helpful interchange of visits, lending of papers, and a general spirit of co-operation, which finds further expression in a "general board" of directors, consisting of two or three representatives from each of the clubs. About once a year we have had a large and enthusiastic general meeting of mothers' clubs, and at such a meeting, a year ago, there was inaugurated an association of parents and teachers for the improvement of the public schools of the city.

The original "Mothers' Club" in St. Paul, which was, as I have said, a neighborhood circle of bright and cultivated women, is now in the middle of its fourth winter of regular, systematic work. I believe that every woman who has conscientiously followed the four years' course will testify to having received a most valuable mental training, and I cannot recall one meeting from which we did not carry home a moral impulse or a practical lesson. I feel sure that our ideals

Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes
BEECHAM'S PILLS
FOR BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fullness after meals, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Flushing of the Face, Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Blisters on the Skin, Colic, Chills, Disturbed Sleep, Fidgety Children and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations.
THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. Every sufferer will acknowledge them to be
A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.
BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore Female complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregularities of the system and cure Sick Headache, For a Weak Stomach Impaired Digestion Disordered Liver IN MEN, WOMEN & CHILDREN Beecham's Pills are Without a Rival
And have the LARGEST SALE of any Patent Medicine in the World.

hard woods were regarded as the only fit materials for use when strength and durability were required. New paper is converted into materials for house building, furniture, railway car wheels, bats and utensils of various kinds. Glass is used for even more purposes, and its increasing cheapness and improved methods of working are likely to bring it into still wider use.

Boys and Girls.

The Wind.

The wind may blow off your cap, And puff the dust in your face, Or bring you some mishap, That is hard to bear with grace.

But never mind the mishap; The dust you may brush away; And it's fun to chase a cap In spring, on a breezy day.

A True Story of a Little Thief.

Our first introduction to him was one morning, very early one cold morning in March.

When mamma opened the door to take in the milk she found a basket tied to the door-knob, and in it a tiny fat puppy rolled up in a piece of carpet. The milkman had promised a dog, and here he was.

Such rushing about as was heard as Pierre and Lillian raced to see who could get downstairs first. Pierre didn't take time to walk, but slid down the banisters and darted into the dining-room with his shoes in his hand, while Lillian followed with her clothes under her arm, both so eager to see what mamma had to show them that they couldn't wait to finish dressing.

Then such shouts of delight as papa saw the puppy on the floor, where he tried his best to walk, but only succeeded in taking two or three steps without tumbling and bumping his little fat nose.

Finally, getting discouraged, or perhaps he was home-sick and missed his mother, he commenced to cry at the top of his voice, making us understand he felt very badly indeed.

No one could quiet him but mamma, and she was obliged to have the use of her hands in getting breakfast; so she slipped him into the pocket of her big kitchen apron, where he rolled up and went to sleep.

There he spent his days and nights, and when mamma finished her work she hung her apron behind the door with puppy still in the pocket.

He was taken out only once in a while to romp with Lillian, and have some milk, then put back, until he outgrew his bed, and grandma made a bag for him.

And now as the days were getting warmer he was allowed to play in the yard, but when he wanted a knap he would stand by the back, and by barking and wagging his tail, said plainly: "I'm sleepy. Won't someone please put me in my pocket?"

Grandma called him "Butterball," and Pierre and Lillian liked the sound of that, so they called him "Butterball," too, and the name still clings to him, though he has grown tall and slender, and leaps and jumps like a fawn.

He was so bright that he soon learned to shake hands, roll over, stand alone, to jump through a hoop, play ball, hide-and-seek, and finally to fetch papa's slippers.

One evening, much to our surprise, after bringing both of papa's slippers he trotted off, but was soon back. With a self-satisfied look, and nearly wagging his tail off, he dropped another slipper at our feet.

Where did it come from? It was nearly twice the size of papa's, and had a large "H" embroidered on the toe.

We traveled over the entire neighborhood the next day, but could find no other objects resembling "Butterball's" slipper, and gave him a whipping—the first he had ever had—and tried to make him understand he was doing wrong.

He was so firm, however, that in spite of the punishment every day he brought a slipper home, till papa had three pairs and one odd one.

Papa decided to fasten Butterball up. As there are no jail for dogs, we made one by a piece of rope, and Lillian took him out several times a day for exercise, always keeping fast hold of his chain so he couldn't get away.

He felt his punishment keenly, and sat shivering and crying for days; but papa was firm, and kept him fast for three weeks. Then he was allowed his freedom, and good use he made of it, for when papa called for his slippers as usual that night, they were nowhere to be found. The next day grandma's slippers disappeared, then Butterball was sent to jail again.

Some time after, while making alterations to the house, the woodshed floor was taken up, and there in a corner were all the missing slippers, and many times we hadn't missed them.

Papa took Butterball by the collar, led him to the place where the things lay, made him look at and smell them, then asked him if he wasn't ashamed of such naughty work.

He seemed to understand every word and saw, and kept him fast for a week, and has never been known to steal anything since.

He has a new trick now. When Pierre is riding his tricycle he stands up behind with his paws on Pierre's shoulders, and rides up and down the street by the body of the boy, as much as the boys do—Youth's Companion.

FOR THE NERVOUS And Emaciated, South American Nerve Is a Rich, Deep Health Fountain and Never Fails.

Nervous exhaustion, bad digestion, impoverished blood are the diseases printed on many a brow. South American Nerve has a marvelous power, as a nerve tonic, a blood builder and stimulant system, clears, regulates and dispels depression and restores the good spirits essential to good health. George Webster, of Forest writes: "For years I suffered much from sleeplessness, nervousness, twitching muscles and palpitation. All remedies failed but South American Nerve. The first bottle greatly helped and five bottles cured me. I feel I owe my life to it."

Sold by W. S. B. Barkwell and all druggists.

The wren often makes a dozen nests, leaving all but one unfinished and unused.

How to Cure All Skin Diseases. Simply apply Swayne's Ointment. No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, arms, legs, etc. Cleans skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents. Avoid substitutes.

The Gallant Scottish Pipers.

They Again Immortalize Themselves in the Sudan.

MacKenzie Played "Bonnie Dundee," While the Bullets Rained Around Him—Allan Stewart Was Killed.

[New York Journal.]

Piper Andrew Mackenzie, of the Seaforth Highlanders, is now honored by the whole British empire as the survivor of the late battle of the Atbara, in the Sudan.

There are Scotchmen all over the world, and they will all be thrilled to hear of the heroic conduct of one of their race. Americans know how to honor a brave man, and they, too, will be thrilled by the story of the heroic Mackenzie.

There was another piper at the Atbara as brave as Mackenzie, but he was killed, and it is more practical and instructive to spend one's admiration on a living hero.

The pipers of the Scottish regiments in the British army have within a few months performed deeds of valor which are the admiration of the whole world. They had a glorious reputation, and they have added new glory to it.

On the heights of Dargai, in India, last year, Pipers Findlater and Kidd kept on piping after their legs were shot through and through. They sent the British people wild with applause. Now come the news of similar deeds of heroism in the Sudan.

The piper is the hero of the day in England. Jests upon the bagpipes are no longer tolerated. Music that inspires heroes is music good enough for any man.

A week ago last Friday the British army fought a decisive battle against the wild Dervish forces of the khalifa on the River Atbara, a tributary of the Nile. The British forces consisted of the Egyptian army, which is officered by Englishmen, and a large detachment of the regular British army.

The climax of the battle was a bayonet charge on the zereba, the Dervish entrenched camp. The Anglo-Egyptian artillery had bombarded this for two hours, but while it had done great damage it had failed to dislodge the enemy. Cold steel was needed to end the affair, and a charge was ordered.

The Dervish force, the Cameron Highlanders, two battalions of two Scottish regiments, led the charge against the zereba in a place where the fire was heaviest.

Andrew Mackenzie, one of the pipers of the Seaforths, marched ahead of the charge, playing "Bonnie Dundee" with weird energy. When the first men reached the Dervish earthworks they were checked for a moment.

Mackenzie, blowing his pipes, stood on a little knoll, so that he was the last to fall. He was shot in his own side and the enemy as well. He was in the front of the battle, and the enemy's fire seemed concentrated on him.

His gay uniform, his kilt and his helmet were shot through and through. The Dervish shot him down, and the pipers who followed him were shot down, too. Mackenzie was the last to fall.

Side by side with them were the Cameron Highlanders. Allan Stewart, piper of the Cameron Highlanders, was shot down, too. The pipers of the Seaforths swarmed over the earthworks.

Like Mackenzie, he took his stand in the most exposed position. When the earthworks were reached, but he was less fortunate.

The Dervish shot him, but he continued to pipe. The Dervishes were clearly aiming at him, and several officers and men begged him to come down, but he still played on.

Once he fell, and arose bleeding from the forehead, and still he played on. He was shot in the chest, and he lay on his back, crying "Scotland forever" as the Dervish poured into the enemy's fortifications.

On the following day the bodies of Piper Stewart and Piper Mackenzie and eighteen men were buried in front of the zereba, where they fell. The Highland pipers and the Seaforths had played a lament. It was an indescribably weird and impressive ceremony.

After the battle it was found that two bullets had struck Piper Mackenzie, of the Seaforths, and four others had struck him in the chest. He was nevertheless practically uninjured. The two bullets which struck him in the thigh and chest had merely grazed the flesh. His escape was miraculous.

No other man in the regiment was struck by so many bullets. Mackenzie said:

"The Seaforths are as gallant as the Gordons. There are no soldiers like the Scottish lads."

There is no doubt that the pipers in the Sudanese battle were tremendously desirable of gaining a reputation for the glory of the British.

The battle of the Atbara decided the fate of the Sudan. It will soon be entirely in the hands of the British, who have been fighting for it on and off for fifteen years. The present campaign, under Gen. Kitchener, has been conducted with consummate skill.

CHASED BY MCKINLEY.

A Small Boy at Canton, Ohio, Has a Peculiar Experience.

Mrs. McKinley is exceedingly fond of children. At Canton, before and after the election of 1896, the young boys and girls of the town, knowing the reception which they could find at the famous little house in Market street, had a way of running in quite informally to see the wife of the future president.

One day during a rainstorm a ragged little fellow walked up the yard to the porch and tried to get in the door. In some way he had heard that Mrs. McKinley liked little boys, and he wanted the honor of her caresses, and perhaps he should see and speak with the president himself—who could tell?

So he knocked bravely at the door, and he didn't know how to ring the bell, and his little knockings brought no response. No one happened to hear him, and he waited and waited, his heart sinking lower and lower under his torn, dirty jacket. After a time hope and courage failed him, the tears came into his eyes, and he went. Someone in the household saw him as he walked sadly down the gate and called the attention of Mr. McKinley to him.

Quick as a flash the president-elect ran out of the house hatless in the rain, and brought the lad back with

HUMAN LIVES often depend on physicians' prescriptions; hence, a doctor cannot write a prescription without a sense of personal responsibility for his patient's welfare. The number of prominent and successful physicians who daily prescribe

Pabst Malt Extract The Best Tonic.

and the uniform success derived from its use, are fitting testimonials of the efficacy and popularity of this valuable tonic.

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Williams' Music House

Just the Place to Buy Musical Instruments.

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Bargains in Sheet Music and Books.

Williams' Music House

171 DUNDAS STREET.

him, where Mrs. McKinley's kindness for all his trials.

It is not every poor boy that has had a president of the United States chasing him bareheaded in a rain storm.—Utica Observer.

A STORY OF GRANT.

A Wounded Soldier's Close Study of the Great Commander.

"Oh, it was an intensely interesting study—my study of Grant at close range in the Wilderness."

The speaker was the Rev. Theodore Gerrish, a Maine veteran of the civil war. I repeat his story as I heard him tell it.

Ah, I can never forget that terrible day in 1864, when was fought the terrible of the two days' bloody battles of the Wilderness," said Mr. Gerrish. "I at the time lay wounded under a tree, close to Grant's headquarters in the field, and hour after hour watched Grant."

While serving as a private in my regiment, I was severely, though not dangerously, wounded, and, like a great number of others, was taken to the rear. I was placed under a small tree, and, as it happened, within a few rods of the spot where the leader of the Union army was conducting the battle. In fact, I was so near to Grant that I could see every motion he made, and I could study him in the momentous, fearfully trying role he was playing.

And such a study!

"Why, it is not hyperbole to state that it was worth all the pain and disability I endured then and thereafter from the effects of my wounds."

"There stood the 'silent man of destiny' in front of his little tent, a man plain and unpretentious, holding in his hands not only the fate of his vast army, but the life of our nation as 'one and inseparable,' yet as cool and self-possessed as if he were merely reviewing a brigade of militia on training day. All about him was wild excitement and confusion. In front of him, and for miles in extent, the unceasing roar of artillery mingling and alternating with the rattle of musketry, the bugle calls, the shouts of the contending troops; now nearer and more terrible, now seeming further away; anon the crashing of shell in dangerous nearness, causing a temporary scare in the vicinity of its fall, while, added to the appalling din was the element of uncertainty and intangibility, causing that

almost overpowering mental strain which comes of dark anxiety and forebodings of disaster.

"Everybody was agitated except him who had most cause for travail."

"Staff officers would gallop up every few minutes, to each of whom he would give a brief written order for transmission to some brigade or division commander, perhaps involving the fate of thousands of brave men. Orders were dashing hither and yon. Gen. Meade, on his short charger, was so nervous that he could no longer remain in the saddle, but would dismount and pace the ground while, removed and sit short while, then off and walk as before, his handsome face wearing all the time a worn and troubled look, and yet, through these long and terrible hours Grant never once lost his head, but kept constantly in his mind's eye all the details and intricacies of the stupendous plan which devolved on him alone to carry out—the solution of that mighty problem, the key to which lay in his right hand, which held the fatal pencil!"

"Yes, Grant knew precisely what he was about, and he knew, moreover, that a cool head and well-balanced mind were all-essential to the great work in hand."

"The lesson of that day's study of Grant was that he was one of the most wonderful men this century has produced."—Boston Transcript.

Minard's Liniment, used by physicians

Delicate children! What a source of anxiety they are! The parents wish them hearty and strong, but they keep thin and pale.

To all these delicate children Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites comes with the best of news.

It brings rich blood, strong bones, healthy nerves, and sound digestion. It is growth and prosperity to them.

No matter how delicate the child, it is readily taken.

Sole and \$1.00, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

F. H. BUTLER,

STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, bonds, cotton, grain and provisions bought and sold for cash or margin. Send for my market letter and vest pocket manual. Long distance telephone 15 and 16 Masonic Temple, London.

BANKING BUSINESS WITH THE YUKON

The Bank of British North America has made arrangements to open a branch at Dawson City. Intending travellers can now purchase drafts on that point.

APPLY London Branch.

Geo. McBean & Son.

We are open for offers of GRAIN, FLOUR and MILLFEED. If offering please state quantity and lowest price.

P. O. BOX 807 - MONTREAL

Late Afternoon Markets.

Montreal Stock Market.

Montreal, April 23.	Ask.	Off.
Canadian Pacific	105 1/2	105 1/2
Duluth, common	3	3
Duluth, preferred	3 1/2	3 1/2
Commercial Cable	103 1/2	103 1/2
Com. Cable Coupon Bonds	103 1/2	103 1/2
Commercial Registered Bonds	103 1/2	103 1/2
Montreal Street Railway	103 1/2	103 1/2
Mont. Street Railway, new, rd.	243	243
Mont. Telephone	103 1/2	103 1/2
Montreal Gas Company	103 1/2	103 1/2
Bell Telephone	103 1/2	103 1/2
Royal Electric	103 1/2	103 1/2
Bank of Montreal	103 1/2	103 1/2
Quebec Bank	103 1/2	103 1/2
Molson Bank	103 1/2	103 1/2
Bank of Toronto	103 1/2	103 1/2
Merchants Bank	103 1/2	103 1/2
Bank of Halifax	103 1/2	103 1/2
Bank of Commerce	103 1/2	103 1/2
Northwest Land, pref.	103 1/2	103 1/2
Montreal Cotton Company	103 1/2	103 1/2
Canada Colored Cotton	103 1/2	103 1/2
Dominion Cotton	103 1/2	103 1/2

Toronto Stock Market.

Toronto, April 23.	Ask.	Off.
Montreal	105 1/2	105 1/2
Ottawa	105 1/2	105 1/2
Quebec	105 1/2	105 1/2
Commercial	105 1/2	105 1/2
Imperial	105 1/2	105 1/2
Standard	105 1/2	105 1/2
Hamilton	105 1/2	105 1/2
British American	105 1/2	105 1/2
Western Assurance	105 1/2	105 1/2
Consumers Gas	105 1/2	105 1/2
Montreal Gas	105 1/2	105 1/2
Northwest Land, pref.	105 1/2	105 1/2
Canada Pacific Railway Stock	105 1/2	105 1/2
Commercial Cable Company	105 1/2	105 1/2
Commercial Registered Bonds	105 1/2	105 1/2
Com. Registered Bonds	105 1/2	105 1/2
Bell Telephone Company	105 1/2	105 1/2
Richelle and Ontario	105 1/2	105 1/2
Montreal Street Railway	105 1/2	105 1/2
Toronto Street Railway	105 1/2	105 1/2
London Street Railway	105 1/2	105 1/2
T. T. R. Co.	105 1/2	105 1/2
D. R. Pref.	105 1/2	105 1/2
London Savings and Invest.	105 1/2	105 1/2
Huron and Erie	105 1/2	105 1/2
London and Canada L. & A.	105 1/2	105 1/2
London Loan	105 1/2	105 1/2
London and Ontario	105 1/2	105 1/2

New York Stocks.

Reported by F. H. Butler, 15 and 16 Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser. New York, April 23.

Yesterday's	Close.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Atchafalca	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Atchafalca Pfd.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
C. & N. W.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Chesapeake	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Chesapeake Pfd.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Gen. Electric	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Gen. Electric Pfd.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Man. & S.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Mo. P.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Omaha	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
P. M.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
P. M. Pfd.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Reading	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
N. Y. Central	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
St. Paul	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
St. Paul Pfd.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
T. C. L.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Wash.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
W. U.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Union Pac. Pfd.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Union Pacific	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Leader Trust	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Lead	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Sugar	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Tobacco	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Southern Ry. Pfd.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Southern Ry.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Jersey Central	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
C. & T. Pfd.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
N. P. Pfd.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Can. Southern	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2

COMMERCIAL.

Toronto Produce Market.

Toronto, April 23.—Wheat is strong and higher at 84c to 85c for red winter wheat. Manitoba wheat is firmer at \$1.18 grinding in transit and \$1.11 Owen Sound. Flour—There is a better demand and the market is firmer at \$4.40 for cars of straight roller wheat. Manitoba flour is 25c higher at \$5.65 for patents and 35c for strong bakers. Rye is 25c for Canada yellow west, and 35c for American Toronto. Oats in good demand and firmer at 22c to 23c for white west. Hay is stronger at 58c north and west. Seeds slow and unchanged, the season being about over. Eggs in fair supply and steady at 10c for new laid. Butter, the receipts of large rolls are liberal, and the market is weak, nothing now selling over 15c; creamery is steady and unchanged.

Montreal Produce Market.

Montreal, April 23.—Grain in store: Oats, white, 55c; peas, 66c; rye, 54c.

CATARRH SUBJECTS



This dread malady lurks behind the most insidious colds, and when the seeds of disease are sown steals away the beauty bloom and makes life a pleasure a drudgery.

DR. AGNEW'S CATARRH POWDER will cure the insidious cold and the most stubborn and chronic Catarrh cases. It puts back the beauty pink and sheds sunshine in its trail.

"My wife and I were both troubled with distressing Catarrh, but we have enjoyed freedom from its distress since the first application of Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder—it acts instantaneously—gives grateful relief in 10 minutes, and we believe there is no case too deeply seated to baffle it in a cure."—Rev. D. Bochner, Buffalo, N.Y.—34

Sold by W. S. Blackwell and all druggists.

barley, 44c; buckwheat, 48c; wheat, red, 82c; white, 90c. Flour—Manitoba bakers, 85c; spring patents, 55c; winter do, 54c; straight roller, 54c. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$14.50; shorts, \$15.50; Ontario bran, \$14; shorts, \$15. Provisions: Canada pork, per bbl., \$16.50; ham, 11c to 12c; bacon, 12c; lard, pure to 8c, compound 8c to 7c. Produce: Eggs easy receipts good, 9c to 9 1/2c. Beans very dull, 70c for prime, 80c for choice hand-picked. Maple product, fair trade, 4 1/2c to 5c; wood, 50c to 60c per tin; syrup, 5c; sugar, 6c. Honey slow, 11c to 12c; white clover comb, 8c to 9c; dark, 8c to 7c; light east, 4c to 5c; dark, 4c to 5c.

American Markets

NEW YORK, April 23.—Flour—Receipts, 16,295 barrels; sales, 3,800 packages. State and western firm; Minnesota patents, \$5.40 to \$5.50; Minnesota bakers', \$4.25 to \$4.65; winter patents, \$4.90 to \$5.40. Rye flour firm. Wheat—Receipts, 211,825 bu.; sales, 1,775,000 bu.; options opened weaker owing to bearish Liverpool cables, but rallied promptly on covering; May, 1 1/2c to 1 1/4c; July, 93 1/2c to 94 1/4c; Sept., 86 1/2c to 87 1/2c. Dec. to 20c on track. Rye steady; No. 2 western, 64c, c.i.f. Buffalo. Corn—Receipts, 406,575 bu.; sales, 25,000 bu.; options steady on export demand and higher cables; May, 38 1/2c to 39 1/2c. Oats—Receipts, 266,400 bu.; options were dull, but steady with corn; track, white state and western, 22 1/2c to 23c. Barley—Receipts, 8,223 pkgs.; steady. Cheese—Receipts, 827 pkgs.; firm; large white, 8 1/2c to 8 3/4c; small white, 9c; large colored, 8 1/2c to 8 3/4c; small colored, 9c to 9 1/2c. Eggs—Receipts, 7,074 pkgs.; steady. Sugar—Strong; fair refining, 11-16c; refined strong; crushed, 5 1/2c; powdered, 5 1/2c; granulated, 5 1/2c. Coffee quiet. Hops dull. Lard steady. BUTTER, April 23.—Spring wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.15 1/2c; No. 2, none offered; No. 1 white, \$1.06 asked. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 37 1/2c; No. 3 yellow, 37c; No. 2 corn, 36 1/2c; No. 2 yellow, 35c in store. Oats—No. 2 white, 33c; No. 3 white, 32 1/2c; No. 2 mixed, 29c to 30c on track. DETROIT, April 23.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, \$1.02; No. 2 red cash, \$1.04; May, \$1.03 1/2c; July, 88c. MILWAUKEE, April 23.—Wheat—Cash, \$1.05; July, \$1.03 1/2c.

Chicago Exchange

Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade furnished by F. H. Butler, broker, Masonic Temple, Phone 1278.

Wheat—May	1 1/2	1 1/4	Low.	Close.
July	88 1/2	89 1/2	87 1/2	89 1/2
Sept.	80 1/2	81 1/2	80 1/2	81 1/2
Nov.	72 1/2	73 1/2	71 1/2	72 1/2
Dec.	64 1/2	65 1/2	63 1/2	64 1/2
Jan.	56 1/2	57 1/2	55 1/2	56 1/2
Feb.	48 1/2	49 1/2	47 1/2	48 1/2
Mar.	40 1/2	41 1/2	39 1/2	40 1/2
Apr.	32 1/2	33 1/2	31 1/2	32 1/2
May	24 1/2	25 1/2	23 1/2	24 1/2
June	16 1/2	17 1/2	15 1/2	16 1/2
July	8 1/2	9 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Mar.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Apr.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Mar.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Apr.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Mar.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Apr.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Mar.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Apr.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Mar.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Apr.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Mar.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Apr.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Mar.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Apr.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1		

"Bagdads"

The new thing in Wall Paper.
Handsome, durable and not expensive.
INGRAINS, 10c per roll.
GILT PAPERS, 8c and 10c per roll.
GLIMMER PAPER, 8 yards to the roll,
6c, 6c and 7c per roll.
See the splendid values we are offering.
Paperhanging by first-class workmen at
lowest prices.

E. N. HUNT
190 DUNDAS STREET.

**The Puzzling
Pretty Widow**

"Proper behavior, then, means nice-ness? I'm glad you think it proper to be nice to me!" said Rudolph. "I perceive that I've been a little out of the 'proper' line, and I'm going to take a little nearer to it," he added, as he came a little nearer to her, and looked up in her face with a glance of amusement and admiration which made her blush a little. "I'm going to make you talk to me, and amuse me, as you were told to do last night."

"No!" it was you who were told to amuse me."

"Was it? Well, we'll take it in turns then. Do you remember who taught you to amuse me?"

"Yes, oh, yes."

"And what a rage you used to be in when you were caught out?"

"Yes," answered Mabin. "I remember well; but I don't want to talk about it. I want to tell you something. Mrs. Dale has a fancy that The Towers is haunted."

And she related the adventure of the previous night, and her intention of changing rooms with her hostess. Rudolph listened gravely, and there was a pause when she had finished her story. "You are not nervous, are you Mabin? I know you used to have no end of pluck."

"Well, I haven't any less than I ever had."

"Well, if you do change rooms, you have got to be prepared to see the ghost yourself."

"You make me feel rather—rather creepy! What do you really think I shall see?"

"A face at the window, probably. What else can she have seen?"

Mabin considered a moment. "I'll risk it," she cried at last. "I shall go to bed at all. I shall sit up and watch."

"I wish you would. We should find out something if you had the strength of mind to do that."

Not without a wild beating of the heart Mabin undertook the task of holding the strange night-watch, without saying a word to Mrs. Dale of her intention.

"She thinks she only had a dreadful dream, you know," said Mabin.

"Well," replied Rudolph, "I want to know what sort of dream you will have."

He had to admire the courage she showed in undertaking a task which was, as she expressed it, "rather shuddery," for when he left her at the door of The Towers, she was still steadfast in her intention.

It was not until after dinner the evening that Mrs. Dale informed the young girl to the apartment she was to occupy that night. Mabin was astonished at its dimness, its gloominess, contrasting so strongly as they did with the fresh prettiness of the room which had been prepared for herself.

It was a large square room, with a moldy, old-fashioned wallpaper, on which unnatural pink roses climbed up a succession of thin iron poles. The pictures were groups of trees done with the pencil in the woolly early Victorian manner, and such bouquets. In water-color, of conventional early Victorian flowers. The bed, which was hung with green curtains, occupied an undue space; and Mabin felt that in the circumstances of her tenancy of the room, she would rather have died than sleep in that funereal creation.

When Mrs. Dale had kissed her and made her good-night, after receiving Mabin's assurance that she did not feel in the least nervous, the young girl felt a strong inclination to follow her friend out of the room and to implore her to find her some other sleeping-place.

By a valiant effort, however, she conquered this weakness, and made a careful survey of her surroundings. In the first place, the windows and their fastenings had to be examined. They were carefully secured and were both so high above the ground that it would have been impossible for an intruder to reach them without a ladder.

There were three doors; and at first Mabin was inclined to regard this as a disgusting circumstance. But on finding that two of them were locked, and without a key, and that there was a bolt on the door by which she had entered, she began to feel more at ease.

Exchanging her frock for a dressing-gown, and providing herself with a

**Table
Jellies**

Fresh Stock of
Lazenby's
Solidified
Table Jellies.
Just received.
Complete assortment
Of flavors.
Two packages—25c.

Fitzgerald, Scandrett & Co
189 Dundas Street.

book, she placed herself in an arm-chair which stood near the fireplace, which, although shabby, was sufficiently comfortable, and, putting her candles on a small table beside her, settled herself to read. Her book was a novel of excellent type, not too clever to be interesting, and not so commonplace as to be dull. Much to her own surprise, she forgot the vague fears which kept her in the armchair instead of in bed.

She was in the very heart of the book, and her candles had burnt low in their sockets, when a sound, a very slight sound, behind her back, caused the blood almost to freeze in her veins.

It was a soft, steady tread.

Looking round, half paralyzed with terror, she saw that the door was ajar, and that creeping softly round toward the inside handle was the long, thin hand of a man.

CHAPTER IX.

In the ordinary course of things it would have been natural for Mabin to conclude, on seeing a man's hand in that light, that the intruder was a burglar. But her mind had been rendered more clear, her perceptions more acute, by the stimulating mystery which she had been for the last two days trying to solve.

Instead, therefore, of screaming, or stretching out her hand to the old-fashioned bellows which hung by the bedside at a little distance from her, she kept her hand, she waited, watched and listened. Apparently she had not been so slightly startled, for she was not for the intruder, who was now, instead of entering, waited and listened also.

There was a pause; and then the hand which had crept so stealthily round the door was slowly and quietly withdrawn. Mabin, fascinated, watched the long, bloodless fingers as they gradually disappeared from her sight, and was sufficiently self-possessed to observe that the hand was that of a gentleman. And upon this discovery there sprang up in her mind a strong curiosity to see the face of the intruder.

Even while she felt the last remains of fear give place to courage and vivid interest, Mabin, with her wits all at the change in herself, she wondered lightly to her feet; and, with the intention of taking him by surprise, ran towards the door. But the candles, hanging sleeves, flickered and caused the shadows on the dingy, rose-covered wall to dance and quiver. The mysterious visitor, as much on the alert as the girl was, closed the door softly between her and himself.

Mabin, however, sprang forward and seized the door handle. She heard the sound of rapid footsteps on the other side, and for one moment she hesitated to go in pursuit. With the clearness of intellect which belongs to the night, when there are no sounds of busy life, no distractions of bright light and vivid color to divert the attention, she saw both the dangers on the one hand, and the attractions on the other, of a deeper dive into the mystery which surrounded her. For a few seconds the impulses struggled against each other, and then, with a suddenness which carried her to the door.

Throwing open the door, which had not been locked, and in which there was no key, Mabin, considering the circumstances, as she went, dashed through in pursuit.

It was indeed a daring thing to do, for she was not even mistress of the topography of the house. The room in which she now found herself she had never been in before, and the only light which came through the yellow-white blind, it was by this light that Mabin knew that she was in a room which she had never seen before. She could follow the trail of the intruder, and she knew that, if she chased him to the place where he had entered the house, she would see his face in the daylight.

As she cut the door on the right, which led into the corridor, Mabin saw a light which came through the windows on the east side of the house, and then this door closed between her and him as the other had done.

By the time she had got into the corridor in her turn, she saw the man. She followed him, and he followed her. He went down the four steps to the drawing-room, through the doorway of which he again passed out of her sight.

In the midst of the excitement which hurried her on to the drawing-room, the young girl felt a chill in her blood as she remembered Mrs. Dale's description of the gloom of the deserted apartment. She had described it as "a cold, dark, and moldy place, where a man would have avoided the room if he could." The meeting with her mystery there, then, would be more uncanny than there had been in the warmer, more habitable parts of the house.

But she went on. Dashing into the room with impetuosity, all the greater for her vague fears, Mabin found herself in a very long, wide, low-ceilinged room, the roof of which was supported by two rows of pillars, and the air of which struck a chill into her.

[To be Continued.]

"NO HOPE"**Camps on Many a Threshold—But South American Kidney Cure Wins a Prize.**

Mrs. J. Hallman, of Berlin, Ont., writes: "I was a great sufferer for months from kidney disease. The pains were so severe as to cause fainting spells, and I could not be left alone. I was restless and sleepless at night—no remedy or doctor seemed able to give me any help. I was advised to try South American Kidney Cure. After a few doses I was greatly benefited, and two bottles cured me. I took every trace of kidney trouble from me."

Sold by W. S. B. Barkwell and all druggists.

The White Star steamship Britannia recently made her 500th trip across the Atlantic. She is 24 years old, and her engines and boilers have never been renewed. She has traveled more than 1,500,000 miles.

Two Million Victims.

It is estimated that one-third the population of Canada are victims to the pill habit. This should not be so. As Merrill's System Tonic tones the liver, restores the natural muscular powers to the bowels and permanent cures habitual constipation. The result is that dyspepsia, impure blood and nerve troubles disappear. One 50-cent bottle cures. Sold by W. T. Strong, the Druggist.

No parental care ever fails to the lot of a single member of the insect tribe. In general the eggs of an insect are destined to be hatched long after the parents are dead, so that most of the insects are born orphans.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

**The Report Was
Long Delayed.**

At Last the Hospital Committee
Come Before the Council.

High School Debentures Reconsidered
and Granted.

The Bread Bylaw Finally Passed—Re-
Naming of West London Streets
at Last Accomplished.

The city council held a special meeting last night, at which a report was presented by the hospital building committee. The committee was roundly scored by several aldermen for its methods, but its report was finally adopted, thus ratifying the acceptance of the plans.

The chairman of the committee, Ald. Carrothers, submitted a very brief formal report, which simply stated that he had adopted the plans of McBride & Parsonage, and had instructed the architects to prepare specifications upon which it was intended to call for tenders.

Ald. Graham said that one particular objection to be made against the committee had not been shown any of them. They should not assume the responsibility of something they knew nothing about, and it was unjust of the committee to ask them to do so. He moved that the first and second choice of the plans voted on by the council be brought before the council and the different points of advantage pointed out.

Ald. Greenlees seconded the motion. He said the vote of the doctors had been counted in a most peculiar manner, and one not in accord with fair play. Some of the doctors gave as their first choice Moore & Henry's plan, and their second choice Mr. McBride's or vice versa, and the result was that by taking the two choices together, they were nullified. He wanted to see the plans "face to face," he said, "I want to see the doctors' choice of the plan, and I am in the dark altogether." He said he thought the employment of an architect was going to be a failure, and he would certainly not vote to adopt the action of the committee until they had obtained further information.

Ald. Nutkins was ready to rely on the intelligence of the committee, but he, as a builder, had been slightly in the wrong, and he was slightly in the wrong, and he was slightly in the wrong.

Ald. O'Meara claimed that a portion of the council had been ignored in the whole matter. It was the first time that he ever knew of the council being treated in such manner, and he had sat on the board probably as long as the council was seated. If the committee had nothing to hide, why should they not get up and show the contracts, and go on and build the hospital, and would stop them, "and," he added, "I'll get his people to back me."

Ald. Winnett supported the committee, but to get over the difficulty which before the contracts be let that they be submitted to the council for ratification.

Ald. Taylor said that the time to object to the resolution was when it was made. There was no use beginning to object now. The matter had been properly conducted, he thought. The committee was ready to stand by the report, and he would support it. He did not see that they could have reported earlier.

Ald. Cooper was very strongly opposed to the resolution, and he was very strongly opposed to the resolution. He was very strongly opposed to the resolution, and he was very strongly opposed to the resolution.

Ald. Graham denied that his motion was because of any personal objection to Mr. McBride's plan. But he considered it unjust to ask the council to adopt certain plans without showing the council the plan first.

Ald. Douglas did not approve of what the committee had done, either, but said that they had gone so far now nothing else could be done. If they did not adopt Mr. McBride's plan, they would have to pay him 2 per cent, or \$1,000.

Ald. Graham rose to reply, but was called down by the mayor, saying he had spoken more than once. Ald. Graham maintained his right to speak, and was finally allowed to "be brief."

Ald. Graham, Greenlees and McCallum, voting nay.

Ald. McCallum moved the third reading of the bread bylaw, which provides for the labeling of bread. The label is of paper and indicates the weight of the loaf.

Ald. Draneay advocated the use of tin stamps. He objected to the mutilation. Ald. Cooper objected to the mutilation. He objected to the mutilation.

Ald. McCallum explained that the label was put dry on the dough, and was not of the kind which caused it to adhere to the loaf. He indicated by a motion that the stamp be not less than 1 inch by 1 1/2 inches in size, and the bylaw went through with this amendment.

Ald. Carrothers held that twelve hours as a time limit for the bread to be made was too short, but no change was made.

The bylaw renaming certain streets was brought up. Ald. McCallum and Nutkins objected to the name of the streets, and their objection was ineffectual. The bylaw was passed with but two changes. John Street is called Argyle street, West London, was changed from St. Patrick street to Arundel street, then back to St. Patrick.

The school board, represented by Dr. English, Dr. Tensell, Messrs. Macpherson, Logan and Regan and Principal Merchant, made another appeal for the lease of debentures at the Collegiate Institute. It was absolutely essential to provide additional accommodation in some way, said Dr. English, and he proceeded to give several reasons why a new school should be built. Each trustee spoke, and Ald. Greenlees and Hunt moved to grant the issue.

The vote was a tie, and the petition was granted on the casting vote of the mayor.

The division was as follows: Yeas—Belton, Jolly, Stevely, Graham, Hunt, Nutkins, Gerry, Greenlees and the mayor—8.

Nays—Taylor, Douglas, O'Meara, Carrothers, Winnett, Cooper, Draneay and McCallum—8.

Ald. Carrothers said a two-thirds vote was required, as that was an expenditure of money, and should have a two-thirds vote of the finance committee for consideration.

Eleven bylaws for raising sewer rates on different streets were read the first time. Ald. Carrothers objected to the

CHAPMAN'S**The "Always Busy" Store.**

The warmth of spring is upon us, and all nature assumes a new dress.
All departments of this large establishment have a full spring assortment.

Dress Goods.

Dainty and choice is our offer in Spring and Summer Dress Goods.
Special in English Covert Cloths, 44 inches wide, in all the new spring colorings, only 50c per yard.
Bicycle Tweeds—A nice assortment, all wool, only 25c per yard.

Millinery.

Have you yet seen our spring display? If you have, you have seen the leading display that London has yet shown in this line.
From day to day elaborate designs and new effects will be shown, and at prices that are sure to please.

Beautiful Lace Curtains and Curtain Muslins**STAPLE DEPARTMENTS.****Table Linens.**

All Linen, 56 inches wide, Damask patterns, at 24c, 30c, 35c, 38c, 50c and 60c per yard.
Bleached Table Linens, from 58 to 72 inches wide, at 30c, 35c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 75c and \$1.

Dress Muslins.

French Organdies, latest designs, at 30c, 32c, 40c, 45c and 50c.
Scotch Zephyrs, in checks and plaids, fast colors, at 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, 20c, 25c and 38c.

SMALLWARES DEPARTMENT.**Specials.**

Belts—Black, with black covered buckles, 25c; also in tan, black, olive, reds, green, ox-blood, silver and gilt buckles, at 25c.
Three specials in Corsets at 50c per pair.

Shirt Waist Specials.

One line of Roman Stripes, latest American goods, only 75c each.
Three lines Fancy Plaids, American, at \$1.

Always the Leaders in Style and Quality.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO.

126-128 Dundas Street.

second reading because he did not know what proportion the ratepayers would have to pay for sewer on the streets where there are no sewers.

The chairman of the finance committee submitted a synopsis of the joint report of the city and city auditors. A request by Mr. J. S. Pearce for the prorogation of the mayor and council for the Kinross was granted.

All the members were present but Ald. Wilkey and McPhillips.

DOCTOR'S ADVICE

Is to Use Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets to Cure Dyspepsia.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets Are the Only Cure for Stomach Troubles That He Found in Forty Years.

"I don't know what makes me so nervous today," remarked the lawyer. "Every nerve in my body seems to be on fire."

"What have you been eating?" queried the doctor.

The lawyer looked in surprise at his friend.

"What has that got to do with it?" he asked.

"Everything," was the emphatic answer of the medical man. "I'll give you a little advice and won't charge for it. You are a victim of nervous dyspepsia. Now, I might tell you that nervous dyspepsia drives thousands of people insane. That is the plain truth."

"But I shall tell you what will hold you in dozens of dollars to you, and if you take my advice, you will never again complain of nervous dyspepsia."

"After every meal for two weeks take a couple of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. Also use the small cording to directions, and I guarantee your dyspepsia will vanish."

"During my 40 years' experience," continued the doctor, "I have found nothing except Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets that would cure dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness and all other stomach troubles, and that would, at the same time, rest and strengthen the stomach and regulate the bowels. Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets do this. They are the only sure and certain cure for all stomach troubles—therefore, I recommend them, knowing what they will do."

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by all druggists, at 50 cents a box, six price, \$2.50, or sent on receipt of price, by The Dodd's Medicine Company, Limited, Toronto.

Bean fever has been added to the list of epidemic diseases. It is a rose fever by a German doctor, who has christened his discovery "Favism." His theory for the disease is to keep away from beanfields.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles!

Symptoms: Moisture, intense itching and stinging, mostly at night; worse by scratching. If not cured, continue, tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore, and causing much suffering. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching, and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. All Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale agents. Avoid substitutes.

IN DEADLY PERIL.**Two Men Thrown From a Boat Above Niagara Falls.**

Niagara Falls, April 23.—Two men were near to being swept over the falls Thursday night. They were Fred Truesdale and Fritz Turpie. Truesdale is a fisherman. He lives in a house on Carson's Island. At 8 o'clock he started with Turpie for Canada in a sailboat. The boat had not gone far when it was capsized by the high wind. The two men clung to the bottom of the boat and called loudly for help, as they drifted down stream in the direction of the falls. Thomas McGuigan, a fisherman, saw the boat, and he and Wm. Callahan and Wm. Black in another boat to rescue the two men. The water was very rough, and the rescuers had hard work to make their way in the darkness with but the cries of Truesdale and Turpie to guide them. After a row of a mile the rescuers got the two men and their boat to the boathouse on the island. Truesdale and Turpie were exhausted. Before the rescuers were taken from their perilous position their cries for help attracted a large crowd to the river bank.

It's your tailor's duty to keep "Klondike" serge in stock and keep you up-to-date. Go where you will, these goods are worn by all smart, stylish dressers. Why should you wear the ordinary, the kind that lose their shape? Maple Leaf and Beaver on every third yard. J.W.T.

SPECIAL NOTICES.**The Wabash Railroad**

If you are contemplating a trip to the Klondike or any point in Alaska, please consider the merits of the great Wabash Railway. The short and true route via Detroit and Chicago, to all the gold fields of the far north. The Wabash with the superb and magnificent train service is now acknowledged to be the most perfect railway system in America. All trains run solid from Montreal to Chicago, passing through St. Catharines, Hamilton, Woodstock, London and Chatham. Detailed information will be furnished by any railroad agent, or

J. A. RICHARDSON,
Canadian Passenger Agent,
N.E. corner King & Yonge sts., Toronto.
411

Have you seen our folding beds? Something entirely new—a complete bedroom suite in itself. You can see them, as well as all other fine furniture, at Trafford's, 95 to 97 King street.

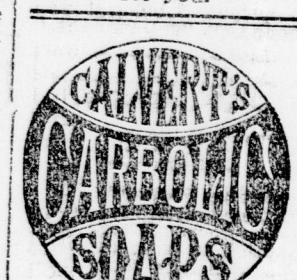
Feather and down cushions, 50 cents each. Large stock of goose feather pillows and mattresses. Fancy rockers, bedroom suites. Stoves bought and sold at the Feather Bed and Mattress Cleaning Factory, James F. Hunt & Sons, 533 Richmond street north. Telephone 937.

Wm. Long, wood finisher, repolishes furniture, pianos, etc. If you would have one piece done you would want it all done. New work made, oak frames, etc. 299 1/2 Dundas street. Phone 1,226.

Try our 30c tea. India Tea Company, 438 Richmond street. ywt

Lost Umbrellas recovered. Call and see samples and price list. Best quality workmanship and finish. PERRY DAVID, 59 Richmond street. ywt

It is claimed that Lake Erie produces more fish to the square mile than any body of water in the world.
Worms cause nervousness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mocha Graves' Worm Extirminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.



Are supplied in various qualities for all purposes.
Pure, Antiseptic, Emollient.
Ask your dealer to obtain full particulars for you.

F. C. CALVERT & CO., Manchester.

Mammoth Livery

Hacks, Coupes, Landaus, Busses and Light Livery. Saddle Horses, Suits and Boarding Stable. Open day and night. Phone 62.
A. G. STROYAN —189—
Dundas St.

**Sweet
Temper**

—AND—
**SWEET
HOME
SOAP**

GO HAND IN HAND.

In the housecleaning, temper-trying time Sweet Home Soap makes cleaning up a pleasure. It's the washer.

Try Me
For your Spring Suit. You'll find my prices a little lower than you pay for clothes down town.
W. SLATER, 551 Richmond St. Opposite the Y.

Stepping-Stone

There are many opportunities for the correct kind of young men and women who will use short-hand as a stepping-stone. The FOREST CITY BUSINESS AND SHORT-HAND COLLEGE, London, Ont., is the place in which to secure the desired training. Miss Anderson has secured the position of stenographer with C. R. Somerville, Manufacturer, London.

J. W. WESTERVELT, R.P., Principal.

Where . . .

will I buy my spring suit? Many a young man asks himself. Settle the question by inspecting our new spring goods.

C. LABELLE,
Merchant Tailor,
772 Richmond St.

Your Lace Curtains

will require to be washed this spring. We can launder them to look like new. Will guarantee to please.

Phone 556. J. K. SPRY, Manager.

Parisian Steam Laundry

That Ring

you have been thinking of buying for yourself. Get it now; we've a splendid assortment to select from, in Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, Opals, etc. Hand-some settings, exclusively our own.

H. Davis & Son,

Jewelers,
170 Dundas Street.

DR. S. J. CAMPBELL,

DENTIST, 439 PARK AVENUE,
Between Dundas and Queen's Ave. Phone 922.

MONEY TO LOAN—\$100,000

At 5 per cent.
James B. Kerrigan, Barrister,
442 Richmond Street. Telephone 1,263.

R. K. COWAN,

BARRISTER, ETC.,
County Buildings, Court House Square.

FITZGERALD

and FITZGERALD,
Barristers, 171 Dundas Street,
Fitzgerald Block.

Turn Me Loose.

I AM GOING TO
J. A. JOHNSON

To buy the Latest Bath Tub, and for less money than you can find elsewhere. He furnishes the best workmanship in this city. None but experienced union labor employed. Jobbing given personal attention. Phone 1254, 280 Dundas St.

TWO STORES.

I have purchased Sam Stewart's stock, and will run two stores for a time, with the two stocks. I am now in a better position to cater to the smoking public. Soliciting your patronage and thanking you for past favors.

TOBACCONIST,
J. GOLDNER, 202 and 206,
Dundas Street.

THE VERY FINEST QUALITY

Of Hard and Soft Coal at
Lowest Prices.

Best Beech and Maple Cordwood, \$4.50
Best Hardwood, 5.00
Knots, for Box Stoves, 8.75
Dry Kindling Wood, 8.00

C. P. R. Coal and Wood
Yard, cor. C. P. R.
Track and Richmond
Street. Phone 383.

FAIRBAIRN

MERCHANT
TAILOR,
Opp. City Hall, Upstairs.

The house owned and occupied by Mrs. Corless in Simcoe was considerably damaged by fire early on Friday. Mrs. Corless, who is an aged lady, had a narrow escape.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—a pulmonary or acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swollen neck and crick in the back, and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claim to public confidence.

The Baird homestead, east of Blenheim, has been purchased by Mr. Peter Morrison for \$4,000. This farm joins Mr. Morrison's property and now makes a most desirable farm.

FAGGED OUT—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength has gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a remedy. One box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

The St. Thomas Street Railway Company has purchased the Yarrow farm on Pinetree Lake for park purposes. The farm consists of 60 acres on the banks of Pinetree Lake, and heating, swimming, etc., will be provided. The price paid was \$6,000.

Mineard's Liniment, lumberman's friend

New Dunlaps And Fedoras

SPITTAL, SABINE & CO.,
146 Dundas Street.

Don't Be Deceived by The Word "Cheap."

A gaudily painted bicycle made of poor material is not "cheap" at any price.

Dominion Bicycles At \$50 Are Cheap.

They are the best \$50 bicycles ever made. If you want a good wheel, be sure and buy from a firm whose guarantee and responsibility are unquestioned.

WILLIAM GURD & CO.,
185 Dundas Street.

Southcott's

Suits are always fashionable. Latest styles in Imported Tweeds. 361 Richmond Street.

CLOUDY, WITH OCCASIONAL SHOWERS.

Toronto, April 22—11 p.m.—The present night has given way throughout the Dominion, and a trough of low pressure extends northeastward from Texas to the lake region. The weather continues fair and mild in the Northwest Territories and Manitoba, while Ontario it has been cool and showery. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Sault Ste. Marie, 44-58; Kamloops, 44-68; Edmonton, 23-50; Calgary, 26-52; Qu'Appelle, 22-50; Winnipeg, 22-56; Port Arthur, 24-48; Parry Sound, 34-46; Toronto, 34-44; Ottawa, 32-58; Montreal, 36-53; Quebec, 34-54; Halifax, 33-52.

Probabilities: Toronto, April 23—1 a.m.—Lower lakes: Moderate winds; cloudy, with occasional showers; not much change in temperature. Local temperatures: The highest and lowest reading of the thermometer at the observatory here yesterday were 50 and 35 above.

Use XXX

Because it is made from Pure Malt Extract. It is easily digested. It is made with the most modern appliances, which guarantees its purity and sameness each day.

XXX XXX XXX XXX

Bread JOHNSTON BROS., PHONE 818.

XXX XXX XXX XXX

The Cost of Coal

should be considered only in conjunction with the quality. Coal that is full of clinkers is dear at any price. Our Coal is free from any foreign matter and burns to an ash. Try it and be your own judge.

Harold A. Richardson,

395 Richmond St.

London Advertiser.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

107.....Business Offices

134.....Editorial Room

178.....Job Departments

UNION LABEL

News About Town

—Mrs. T. H. Race, of Mitchell, will spend a couple of weeks with friends here.

—Miss Gertie Gillean, of this city, is visiting her uncle, Mr. James R. Gillean, at Amherstburg.

—Miss Ina Bucke, daughter of Dr. Bucke, of the asylum, is the guest of Miss Cross, Notre Dame avenue, Winnipeg.

—Commencing Monday, the Springbank line will be regularly operated. A car will leave the corner of Richmond and Dundas streets at 6:30 a.m., and returning will leave Springbank at 7 a.m. In the evening a car will leave the city at 5 o'clock and start back from Springbank at 5:30 p.m.

The application for a charter to construct and operate an electric or steam road from London to Lucan, Crediton and Grand Bend, asked for by several London capitalists, was before the railway committee of parliament yesterday, and passed without material alteration.

—Mrs. W. J. Laskie, Wellington street, held a reception Thursday night in honor of the Criterion Reading Club. Between 40 and 50 young people participated. The officers of the club are: President, Mr. W. E. Vining; vice-president, Miss Lou Gahan; secretary, Mr. J. S. Reed; treasurer, Dr. Ormer; editor, Miss Grace Claypole; pianist, Mr. R. M. Hudson.

—Toronto News: There are no new developments in the J. D. King strike today. The strikers are waiting to see whether Superintendent Brown will be

HEAD-ACHES . . .

are often caused by heavy, ill-fitting hats. You needn't pay a big price to get a good quality, light-weight hat. We have some genuine "Christy's" Hard and Soft Hats that weigh only one to three ounces, at \$2.25, \$3, and \$3.50. Christy's name is a guarantee of the quality. The weight appearance a guarantee of the correct style.

BOUGHNER.

able to get men from the States to take their places. Twenty of our number have received offers of employment from Laidlaw & Watson, manufacturers, London, Ont.

—Jake Dickert, a well-known chicken man of Woodstock, had a hatch of 70 chickens out of 106 eggs in his incubator the other day. Mr. Dickert is now experimenting with ducks, having filled an incubator with 184 duck eggs.

—A. T. Perley, who has been station agent for the C. P. R. at Putnam for the past eleven years, has been presented by a few of his friends with a C. P. R. with a well-filled purse of money. Mr. Perley was taken by surprise, but was able to make a suitable reply.

—Ald. Douglass, whose feelings were much ruffled because the board of works disposed of regular business at the special session Thursday afternoon in his absence, was pacified yesterday morning. He got all the members but Ald. Carrothers together at 11 o'clock, and another meeting was held. The board then advertised the sale of the regular session, and also the laying of a granite walk on the north side of Albert street, between Richmond and Fairbairn streets.

—The wedding of Mr. Robert J. P. Carrothers, of the car shops staff, to Miss Elizabeth Sturgeon, took place at the residence of the bride's father, near Pond Mills, Thursday evening, the presence of a large company of relatives and friends. The bride was Miss Annie Carrothers, cousin of the bridegroom. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Ten Eyck. Subsequently the company sat down to the wedding breakfast. Many beautiful gifts were received by the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Carrothers will reside on the Hamilton road.

—The following list of patents, recently granted to inventors residing in Canada, is reported for The London Advertiser by P. J. Edmonds, international patent solicitor, London, Ont.: Canada patents—R. A. Klock, Aylmer, Que., coffee-burner; J. E. MacFarlane, Kingston, Ont., door-knob; G. Wesley, Crawford, N. B., bob-sleigh; J. W. Dobson, London, Ont., medicinal milk strainer; A. Brocher, Sherbrooke, Que., medical compound; J. S. McMichael, London, Ont., medicine bottle; H. B. Bligh, Q.C., et al., Ottawa, Ont., the Dominion Law Index; J. W. Robinson, N. B., Canada; R. A. Anderson, Mount Lehman, Can., fruit-pickler; P. T. McKay, Toronto, Ont., pneumatic tire; E. M. McDuctie, Can., fishing reel; E. B. Stevenson, Philipburg, Can., clothes tongs.

PAST TIME.

Four cars shipped from this city on Tuesday, April 22, containing buggies, carriages, biscuits and confectionery, shipped by local firms, routed via Grand Trunk C. and G. T. C. P. R. to the Northern Pacific, for Winnipeg, were delivered in Winnipeg on Saturday morning, April 16, consuming only four days in transportation.

REAL ESTATE MOVING IN TORONTO.

That magnificent property, 32 Yonge street, near the Bank of Montreal and the Bank of Hamilton, has been purchased by the "Salada" Tea Company. This is a solid stone building, five stories high, 40 feet frontage, Yonge street by 113 feet to a lane. The "Salada" Tea Company have moved into their present quarters here, having brightened up the whole of the part of Yonge street.

DEATH OF MRS. ASPIALL.

Members of the family at this city have received word of the death of Mrs. Aspihall, sen., which occurred at her home in Detroit yesterday, in her 85th year. She enjoyed very fair health up to a fortnight ago, when she was suddenly stricken with an illness that terminated peacefully as stated, surrounded by her children, including Mrs. W. J. Laskie, of this city. Deceased was a sister of the late Dr. Cattermole, and aunt of Mrs. Isaac Waterman of King street, his daughter. Mrs. Aspihall had been a frequent visitor to London for many years, and was much respected and beloved by all who knew her. She was a lady of the most amiable and kindly disposition, and preserved the brightness of her faculties until the end. Mrs. Aspihall was a very old resident of Detroit, having settled there about 1839. Her husband died some years ago. The surviving daughters are Mrs. W. J. Reid, of this city;

and Mrs. Aspihall, who is at home, Rev. Benj. Aspihall, of Southern California, is a son. The family have been long-lived. The late Dr. Cattermole reached 84 years, a sister was aged 70 and a brother 92, and a surviving brother, Mr. Cattermole, of Grand Rapids, is aged 82 years.

ROYAL TEMPLARS' MEETING.

South London Council, No. 397, Royal Templars of Temperance, held their regular meeting in the A.O.F. hall, South London, last Thursday evening, with a large attendance. Bro. Littlejohn in the chair. One candidate was initiated into the royal degree and two members were raised to the select degree at a select degree communication, which was held at the close of the royal degree meeting. It was decided to hold the silver medal elocution contest on May 5, when an open meeting will take the place of the regular meeting, of which due notice will be given in the daily papers. The committee were given full power to act. Bro. Aspihall, sen., was the convener of the committee. Seven persons, between the ages of 16 and 25, will compete. The selections are chosen by the committee on a ballot, furnished for the purpose by the donors of the medal. Three judges will decide who is the winner.

MORE BOOKS.

Additions to the public library this week: E. B. Tichenor, A Primer of Psychology; Hamerton, The Quest of Happiness; B. P. Westcott, On the Canon of the New Testament; J. H. Paton, Day Dawn; M. B. Eddy, Miscellaneous writings; Goldseeker, Hints for Intenders; Dr. R. Gneist, History of the English Constitution; R. Perry, Problems of the Future; S. Laing, Human Origins; E. Von Meyer, History of Chemistry; Mount & Bloxam, Chemistry for Engineers and Manufacturers; Beatty & Johnson, Canadian Accountant; Imrie, Songs and Miscellaneous Poems; Result of the Rebellion of 1837; Sayce, The Early History of the Hebrew Bible; The Early Settlers in Real Life; Haight, Before the Coming of the Cavalier; Wrong (Ed.), Review of Historical Publications Relating to Canada; E. J. Warhol, Kingsdown Lodge; Worboise, Grace Hamilton's School Days; C. Macfarlane, The Camp of Refuge; F. W. Robinson, The Camp of Refuge; H. Riddell, Did He Deserve; Simon, Dore, Valentine; E. Hope, Simon Dale.

IMPERIAL TABLE JELLIES

In fruit and wine flavors—made by the makers of Typhoo Jellies.

PALATABLE, DAINTY, NUTRITIOUS.

For the table or the sick room there is nothing so nice.

FLAVORS—Pine Apple, Cherry, Red Currant, Sherry Wine, Port Wine, Madeira, English Punch. 2 Packages for 25c.

T. A. ROWAT & CO.,
284 Dundas St.
Phone, 817.

You'll Smack Your Lips

Over our Eureka Bread. It is always fresh and made by experienced bakers. The best of flour and pure malt extract used.

PARNELL'S BAKERY,

75 Bruce Street. Phone 929, ywt.

Mrs. Hawley and Mrs. Baldsley, of Detroit, and Mr. Aspihall, who is at home, Rev. Benj. Aspihall, of Southern California, is a son. The family have been long-lived. The late Dr. Cattermole reached 84 years, a sister was aged 70 and a brother 92, and a surviving brother, Mr. Cattermole, of Grand Rapids, is aged 82 years.

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Report That He Has Resigned, or Is About to Resign.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Montreal, April 23.—It is reported here that Major-General Gascoigne, chief of the Canadian militia, has resigned, or is about to resign. Military men are inclined to give credence to the rumor. The major-general is recognized as having done good service to the Dominion. He is, I am informed, in harmony with the authorities, but he desires to return to the mother country.

SUCCESSFUL SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Annual Meeting of the Teachers of the Memorial—Officers Elected—Encouraging Reports.

The teachers of the Memorial Sunday school held their annual meeting on Thursday night, Mr. C. H. Armistage, the superintendent, presiding, when the following officers were elected:

Superintendent—C. H. Armistage.

Assistant Superintendent—R. S. Hannah.

Secretary-Treasurer—J. H. Hambley.

Librarian—John Doherty.

Assistant Librarian—Arthur Bridge and Charles Barnard.

Statistical Secretary—T. J. R. Crawford.

Organist—Thomas Hallam.

Auditor—R. S. Hannah.

The reports submitted showed that during the year ending March 31, the total attendance in the primary departments was 15,671, and the number of teachers enrolled, 7 male and 28 female, 35 in all. The rector's Bible class had an average weekly attendance of 40, with contributions averaging 36 cents per Sunday. The junior Bible class, taught by Mr. T. H. Luscombe, had an average attendance of five, with collections averaging 24 cents, and the infant class, taught by Miss N. Bacon and Miss L. Griffin, had an average attendance of 60 and contributions of 47 cents. Of the boys' classes, No. 17 showed the highest average attendance in the main school, while No. 1 had the largest contributions. In the girls' classes, No. 15 led in the point of attendance, and No. 19 contributed the most. The membership roll was as follows: Officers, 7; teachers, 35; Bible class, 90; junior Bible class, 15; infant class, 126; main school, 123; m. school, girls, 123; making a total of 522. The contributions for the year amounted to \$189.94, or an average of \$2.65 per week. The total receipts of the school amounted to \$225.99.

PASSED AWAY.

Death of an Old Pioneer, Mr. John McIlhargy, Sen., of Biddulph—A Resident of the County for 77 Years.

The county of Middlesex loses one of its oldest inhabitants by the death of Mr. John McIlhargy, sen., of Biddulph, who passed away on Tuesday morning at the ripe old age of 84 years. Having been a resident of the county of Middlesex for 77 years, he was widely known and had the reputation of always being most kind and generous to the poor and afflicted.

The deceased, who was grandfather of Messrs. James and John McCormick of this city, came to Canada with his parents in 1821 from county Antrim, Ireland, being then seven years of age. His father settled on lot 19, con. 16, London township, now owned by deceased's son, John McIlhargy, jun., Middlesex, was a vast wilderness in those days, the only settlers then in that district being the McConnell family. There were only a few shanties in the whole county, and only those along the Peel Line road from where the city of London now stands for 20 miles north. A few Indians were camped in different parts of the woods, and bears and wolves were plentiful, some members of the family having to remain up each night to keep them from coming into the yard, and stealing them off. Mr. McIlhargy volunteered, during the rebellion of 1837-38, and served as a private in the same company with Judge Wm. Elliot, of this city. He was married in 1837 to Miss Abigail Glavin, of Biddulph, who survives him, with four sons and six daughters, the sons being: Archibald, of McIlhargy; Patrick, of Lindsay, and John and Zechariah, of Biddulph, who are all deceased. Mrs. McIlhargy, of Biddulph, and Miss Lizzie, living at home.

The funeral was very largely attended, the church being crowded with sympathizing relatives and friends of deceased. The pall-bearers were the four sons, a brother and a nephew. Rest and high mass was celebrated by Rev. Father McRea, of Parkhill, assisted by Rev. Father Kieley, of Seaford, as deacon, and Rev. Father

Canada's General.

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Death of an Old Pioneer, Mr. John McIlhargy, Sen., of Biddulph—A Resident of the County for 77 Years.

The county of Middlesex loses one of its oldest inhabitants by the death of Mr. John McIlhargy, sen., of Biddulph, who passed away on Tuesday morning at the ripe old age of 84 years. Having been a resident of the county of Middlesex for 77 years, he was widely known and had the reputation of always being most kind and generous to the poor and afflicted.

The deceased, who was grandfather of Messrs. James and John McCormick of this city, came to Canada with his parents in 1821 from county Antrim, Ireland, being then seven years of age. His father settled on lot 19, con. 16, London township, now owned by deceased's son, John McIlhargy, jun., Middlesex, was a vast wilderness in those days, the only settlers then in that district being the McConnell family. There were only a few shanties in the whole county, and only those along the Peel Line road from where the city of London now stands for 20 miles north. A few Indians were camped in different parts of the woods, and bears and wolves were plentiful, some members of the family having to remain up each night to keep them from coming into the yard, and stealing them off. Mr. McIlhargy volunteered, during the rebellion of 1837-38, and served as a private in the same company with Judge Wm. Elliot, of this city. He was married in 1837 to Miss Abigail Glavin, of Biddulph, who survives him, with four sons and six daughters, the sons being: Archibald, of McIlhargy; Patrick, of Lindsay, and John and Zechariah, of Biddulph, who are all deceased. Mrs. McIlhargy, of Biddulph, and Miss Lizzie, living at home.

The funeral was very largely attended, the church being crowded with sympathizing relatives and friends of deceased. The pall-bearers were the four sons, a brother and a nephew. Rest and high mass was celebrated by Rev. Father McRea, of Parkhill, assisted by Rev. Father Kieley, of Seaford, as deacon, and Rev. Father

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