

LAURIER FEARS TO FACE PEOPLE ON THE RECIPROCITY QUESTION; DECLINES MR. BORDEN'S CHALLENGE

More Liberals Place Their Country's Welfare Ahead of Their Party Ties and Refuse to Sanction Fielding's Unpatriotic Proposals—Interesting Day in House.

Mr. Borden Defies Sir Wilfrid to Postpone all Further Discussion Until the Whole Matter Can be Referred to the Country, but Laurier Refuses.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, March 8.—This has been a crowded day. Mr. Borden challenged the government in view of the set back received by reciprocity in the United States Congress to suspend discussion and hold an election on the subject.

Charges Laurier With Bad Faith.

Incidentally, Mr. Harris made a very direct charge of bad faith against Sir Wilfrid Laurier. He had been deluged with letters and other communications from persons who were apprehensive lest something of the sort was about to be done.

In rejecting Mr. Borden's motion, Mr. Fielding laid down the extraordinary doctrine that our very procedure was settled for us in Washington. It is not our duty, it is not for us to take a vote of the people.

"Our honor as a young nation is pledged to the United States, to keep parliament at the subject, to force it through parliament, to refuse to consult the people of Canada. Not only have we entered into close commercial relations, but our very consideration of the subject, our very behavior in our own parliament are under American control."

Mr. Fielding declared definitely that the House will be kept at the question day in and day out.

Such are the developments of the debate which, occupying the afternoon took place upon an amendment on the motion to go into committee of ways and means, for the purpose of continuing the regular debate. Mr. Borden's amendment was:

"That the reciprocal agreement embodied in the resolutions submitted to the House by the Minister of Finance on the 24th of January last, was also submitted on the same day by special message of the president to the congress of the United States of America which was then in session."

"That the said session was expired and continued by the House to approve and carry out the said agreement."

"That a considerable length of time must necessarily elapse before the said agreement could be dealt with by congress at a special session."

"That the fiscal changes proposed by the said agreement are of a far-reaching character and constitute a substantial part of the policy which has been approved by the people of Canada."

"That in the opinion of this House the said resolutions should not be passed until the electors have had an opportunity of pronouncing upon their merits."

Playing Second Fiddle To U. S. Mr. Borden said that the situation was:

(1)—The Laurier Government proposed to renew the standing statutory order of the government in the statute book for nearly 20 years, taken off the statute book 14 years ago.

(2)—The United States congress had declined to carry out the proposals, the ensuing congress would be largely democratic, and its attitude was uncertain. Thus Canada was to pass the Washington tariff, the standing offer and wait the pleasure of the United States as she had during the 30 years between 1856 and 1897.

Was that wise? Was that dignified? "I respectfully submit," said Mr. Borden "that the time has come when we should wear out no more shoe-leather."

"It is now the turn of the United States to wear out some of their shoe-leather in coming to this country for reciprocity if they want it."

Opposed To Secret Tariffs. "Is anything to be lost by holding our hands?" He asked what was the programme of the Democratic party. Surely it was the enactment of a lower tariff. What had Champ Clark said. He had declared that the new house of representatives would "pass a tariff bill" that would largely take the place of this bill, of the Fielding-Knox agreement.

Surely it was inopportune for the government to enter into the treaty of the very eve of the revision of the American tariff. Surely such a moment was inopportune for putting a second standing offer on the Canadian statute book.

"I am opposed to any system of secret tariffs. I am opposed to any system of making by convention with another country, tariffs which cannot be altered in this parliament."

"This is not democratic government," Mr. Borden declared with emphasis. "No Canadian should be told that although he presents a substantial grievance it is too late to redress it because a secret and unalterable tariff has been made at Washington."

"No Canadian should be told that our parliament is not free to redress the grievances of the Canadian people because its hands have been fettered by an entangling trade alliance."

"Let our fiscal policy be worked out, not by secret diplomatic tariffs, whereof no injustice can be redressed, but by the ordinary parliamentary methods which permit mistakes to be rectified and injustices to be removed."

"Thus, and thus only can we preserve and maintain the true fiscal independence and autonomy of the Canadian nation."

Mr. Borden's Direct Challenge. Then the challenge: "Take the census, give the west its increased representation, then submit this question to the people of Canada and let them decide."

There was to be a simultaneous communication of the arrangement to congress and to parliament. The president on the one hand and the Canadian government on the other hand were to endeavor to obtain the sanction of their respective legislatures. The president had loyally lived up to that agreement. For the government to withdraw one step would be a breach of faith which would dishonor Canada. Whatever members' views might be as to the arrangement, there could be no difference of opinion as to the obligation resting on the government to conduct the measure through the House and seek to obtain its ratification.

Mr. Fielding Evaded. Mr. Cowan asked if the government entered into an obligation to deny to the opposition the cabinet an opportunity of voting on the question.

Mr. Fielding evaded or rather refused an answer.

Mr. Foster, W. F. MacLean, Mr. Northrup, Mr. Guthrie and Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke.

The vote was taken immediately after the dinner recess, and resulted in 112 for the government and 70 for the Opposition. Mr. Sifton and Mr. Lloyd Harris voted with the Opposition. All the French Conservatives and Mr. Gilbert voted on the same side. Mr. Verreille, the professed expert on the city workers, voted with the government as did Mr. Sealey, who has been talking of bolting.

Disappointed in Laurier. Lloyd Harris, of Brantford continued the debate in committee of Mr. Fielding's resolution, said he was not in a position to support the government in this matter. He had purposely refrained from making any public utterance regarding his position until he had heard the premier. He had always been an admirer of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, for he considered that the prime minister had done as much for Canada as any man who had ever been in the House.

Yesterday the premier had made a magnificent speech. It aroused enthusiasm, it had covered every aspect of the subject except the one important matter. Sir Wilfrid had been frank and admitted that he had not discussed the business side, because he was not a business man.

"Perhaps," said Mr. Harris, "I look at things from too practical a standpoint. Harris—'Every man has a right to oppose a thing he thinks wrong.' His second reason was the method of doing it. The members had not been called into consultation. Two men had gone to Washington, had come back to parliament and were trying to force this upon the people."

His fourth reason was that it hurt the pride of Canadians. Rebuff after rebuff had been received by Canada from the United States.

Mr. Harris went on to consider the economic aspects of the agreement. Mr. H. H. Miller followed.

YORK COUNTY WILL NOT WAIT FOR BIG SHOW IS READY FOR BY-ELECTION

Local Government Party Will Hold Convention in Fredericton to Choose Successor to Late Mr. Robison.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, March 8.—At a meeting of the executive of the provincial government party in York county, held in this city this afternoon, at which Hon. George A. Colter presided, it was decided to issue a call for a convention of the party to be held in this city on Wednesday, the 15th of March, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon at the County Court House for the purpose of selecting a candidate to contest the county if a by-election is called on to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Thomas Robison, M. P. P., whose sudden death at his home at Harvey was such a blow to his friends.

The party is always well organized in this county, and ready to go into an election in any county with a larger majority than ever, if the opposition have the courage to put up a candidate. No government ever stood higher in the opinion of the people of York county than the Hazen administration.

The first reception held by Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Tweedie this session was largely attended at the Queen Hotel today.

WILL NOT WAIT FOR BIG SHOW

Canadian Bisley Team Will Not Remain in England for Coronation—To Sail June 23rd.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Mar. 8.—At a meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association executive today it was decided that the Canadian Bisley team should sail on June 23rd. This means that they will not be there in time for the Coronation. The competitors which occur on July 10 in the Bisley meeting are only for British regiments and the first the Canadians could enter are on July 17, thus if the Canadians went for the Coronation, it would mean a month's stay in England. The executive cannot see their way clear to manage.

THE SUPREME COURT CASES

Two New Brunswick Land Cases Taken Up Before the Supreme Court, at Ottawa, Yesterday.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Mar. 8.—In the supreme court today the appeals from the Maritime Provinces were taken up, the first case heard being the King vs. Jones on appeal from the exchequer court.

The attorney general of Canada has filed an information alleging that land in Moncton, N. B., had been taken by the Transcontinental railway commissioners for purposes of the Transcontinental railway and asked for a declaratory decree that \$550 was sufficient compensation to the owner (respondent). The latter objected to this amount and claimed \$1,900.

When the case came before the court at Moncton, the exchequer court judge expressed a doubt as to his jurisdiction and directed that the point should be argued at Ottawa, which was done, the respondent not appearing.

The result of this argument was that the information was dismissed for want of jurisdiction in the court to decide thereon. The ground on which the exchequer court judge proceeded was that in the act providing for the construction of the eastern division of the Transcontinental railway by commissioners, the provisions of the railway act were made applicable, and that the determination of value of lands taken for that railway should be by arbitration under the railway act.

Newcombe, K. C., deputy minister of justice, argued the question of jurisdiction for the respondent. He contended that the decision in the exchequer court was not represented. Judgment was reserved.

The case of Reddy vs. Strople was then argued. Both parties claimed title to the land and claimed title thereto himself. Both parties claimed title from the heirs of one, James Reddy, and the issue between them depended on the identity of the land conveyed to the respondent. At the trial judgment was given for the plaintiff (appellant). This judgment was set aside by the full court, two judges out of five dissenting and the action was dismissed. Judgment was reserved. Newcombe, K. C., for appellant, Gregory, K. C., for respondent.

Mr. Harris introduced a bill regarding fire insurance and explained that it extended to the fire insurance policy the same provisions as to the life and accident policies under the bill passed at the last session, so that when a company admits its liability under a policy and there is a dispute as to the party to whom the policy ought to be paid, the money can be paid into the courts and thus do away with having the company sued by various claimants. He said that there are cases, sometimes, when property was mortgaged and the mortgage and mortgagee both claimed the insurance money.

Hon. Mr. Hazen introduced a bill to provide for the appointment of a stipendiary police magistrate with jurisdiction in the parish of Moncton, Westmorland Co.

Hon. Mr. McLeod presented the petitions of the city of Fredericton in favor of a bill to amend the act relating to the city election law, an act establishing a police commission, a bill to provide aid for the John Palmer Co. Ltd., and a bill to confirm the issuance of certain debentures.

Mr. Hatheway presented petitions of the city of St. John in favor of a bill to further amend the act relating to civic elections in that city, also the Women's Christian Union of the town of Portland in favor of a bill to amend the act incorporating that body.

Factory Inspector's Report. Hon. Mr. Fleming submitted the annual report of the factory inspector, which he said should be greeted with pleasure and interest by the members of the House. He reviewed the contents of the report in which it was pointed out that during that year there had been no strike to mar the industrial progress of the province.

In the lumber mills of the province there were about 4,000 men employed. Four new mills were erected during the year in the province and a number of new industries had been started.

The inspector's report also showed that he had made 684 visits to industrial establishments during the year and therefore must have been energetic in carrying out his duties. There were sixty-four accidents during the year, ten of which proved fatal.

Employers of labor were making many improvements to safeguard their employees from accidents. Seven prosecutions were conducted under the act during the year and all resulted in convictions except one at Campbellton, which was dropped at the time of the fire.

Three of these cases were for the employment of child labor and the inspector recommended that the child labor law be made to apply to mercantile as well as industrial establishments. The report closed with an optimistic paragraph regarding the outlook for the future of the province in industrial lines.

Hon. Mr. Fleming announced that the report would be printed for distribution.

Mr. Tweeddale presented a petition

MR. SPROUL CONCLUDES A TELLING SPEECH AND THE HOUSE PASSES ADDRESS

Member for Kings Forcibly Answers Criticism and Presents the Record of the Hazen Government's Capable Administration of Provincial Affairs.

Increased Expenditures for all Public Services, and Better Results Shown in all Departments --Every Pledge Made Before Election Has Been Kept.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, Mar. 8.—About midnight the House passed the address in reply to the speech from the throne, just one week having passed since the session opened. The longest speech on the address was made by Mr. Sproul, of Kings, and it was in many ways one of the best speeches heard in the House in recent years.

Mr. Sproul commenced his speech on Tuesday night, continued it this afternoon and concluded it this evening speaking in all for about three hours and a half. He covered an unusually wide range of subjects in a well thought out speech, during the course of which he was frequently interrupted by outbursts of applause from the government benches as he scolded the Opposition and their scurrilous press and pointed out the great good accruing to the province from the administration of affairs by the present government.

Mr. Hatheway's speech was one of his characteristic addresses showing the deep thought and moderation which usually mark his public utterances. He showed a keen insight into the claims of the opposition members to be the friends of the working man, and pointed out that the legislation favorable to the working man now on the statute books had been passed by the government.

Mr. Upham followed and his speech created a great deal of amusement and then Col. Sheridan closed the debate with a fighting speech which aroused a lot of enthusiasm. He declared that Mr. Upham had presented the first wind mill run by water he had ever seen in operation.

A large delegation from Newcastle and Chatham interviewed the government today relative to increased aid for the Miramichi ferries and the matter was promised consideration.

Fredericton, March 8.—The House met at three o'clock. Hon. Mr. Fleming submitted the report of the contingent committee.

Hon. Mr. Hazen introduced a bill regarding fire insurance and explained that it extended to the fire insurance policy the same provisions as to the life and accident policies under the bill passed at the last session, so that when a company admits its liability under a policy and there is a dispute as to the party to whom the policy ought to be paid, the money can be paid into the courts and thus do away with having the company sued by various claimants. He said that there are cases, sometimes, when property was mortgaged and the mortgage and mortgagee both claimed the insurance money.

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Mr. Sproul Continues the Debate.

Mr. Sproul, in rising to continue the debate on the address, said that he presumed that the St. John Telegraph and members on the other side of the House expected him to continue the debate with a chastened spirit, bowed head, and deep humility.

Instead of publishing what he said yesterday about his slanders and vituperations, and giving its readers an opportunity of seeing for themselves that every statement made in reference to the participants in that worthy facts, a course of intimidation was resorted to, and it was clearly intimated that he was to be punished for his crime of speaking out the truth.

He had no objection to the press and the opposition discussing his acts as a public man, and he challenged the Telegraph and honorable gentlemen opposite to put their finger on a single act of his as a representative which would not bear the strictest investigation.

Of course, he was aware that the Telegraph, in its article, was vaguely referring to his unfortunate weakness, which, however, was not in evidence this session.

No dollar of public money had stuck to his fingers. He had not promoted, encouraged or protected schemes of graft or misapplication of public money, and he courted the closest scrutiny of any act of his as a representative.

He was moved to make the observations he did yesterday from a strong feeling that the campaign of slanders, so persistently carried on, should have its fallacies, and its monstrosity fully exposed. He was serving notice upon the participants in that worthy warfare that in a contest of that kind they would find there are blows to take as well as to give. The only regret he had was that there should be a necessity for such remarks.

Agricultural Development. Having disposed of slanders and calumnies, which have become a chief stock-in-trade of the opposition, he would proceed to discuss matters referred to in the speech from the throne.

The first subject dealt with was naturally that of agriculture, because everybody recognized that agriculture was the paramount industry in this country.

He had the honor to represent a constituency which had long and worthily held a foremost position among the counties of the province as an agricultural community, and he had endeavored to keep in close touch with the development of that industry. He had long regretted, and had so expressed himself, that the agricultural matters should be looked at from a party standpoint.

The statements contained in the speech from the throne were accurate as regards conditions in the province. A marked increase in agricultural societies had not been obtained by a standstill policy. Whether the Commissioner of Agriculture was a doctor or a farmer was of little consequence compared with the results. The increases showed that the farmers were waking up, taking a better grasp of the situation, and were generally more hopeful as to the future.

Mr. Copp's Blunders. His hon. friend from Westmorland (Mr. Copp) with his usual aptitude for blundering and evidently without consideration, plunged at once beyond his depths by declaring that it was bad policy to subsidize the farmer, and that anything that was done for the farmer should be along the line of giving him education, and a knowledge of how to improve his condition. But at that very time the Farmers' and Dairy-men's Association were holding their annual meeting in the city and strong arguments were brought to bear in favor of subsidies for the dairy cow.

He (Copp) then proceeded to attack the government, not so much on account of the manner in which the department of agriculture was administered as on account of the individual who administered it. The fact that the commissioner of agriculture is a doctor, seemed in his opinion, to preclude all possibility of knowledge of anything else. Yet his hon. friend was a warm supporter of the former administration which inaugurated a system of appointing and continuing in office for about three years as commissioner of agriculture. Hon. Mr. LaBelle, a merchant with as much practical knowledge of farm life, as a cat has about quest throwing.

True, later on a shuffle was made and a farmer, Hon. Mr. Farris, became head of the department and so remained until an enraged and indignant people hurled the whole combination from power.

A Competent Commissioner. He was sure the good sense of the House and country would fully endorse him when he said that the present head of the department had never

er been so seriously at fault as his predecessors, Doctor though he might be, he had not yet committed the blunder of imposing wethers for breeding purposes.

Every step taken by the department up to the time of the present government assuming power, was attended with but really, financially and otherwise. The importation of horses, cattle and sheep alike proved disastrous from a financial standpoint and all importations since 1908 did not have a net loss equal to the loss on any one importation by the old government.

Where Mr. Copp Gets His. His hon. friend in the course of his remarks had pointed out the necessity of proper technical training for any one undertaking any work and he would ask the hon. gentleman what technical training in bridge work he himself had to fit him to represent the department of public works at \$20 per day and expenses on an arbitration concerning claims for references to bridges in 1905-06 when he soaked the province to the extent of \$378 when the whole matter in dispute was regarding several unimportant bridges.

The hon. gentleman might enjoy a good reputation as a lawyer, but he knew no more about bridge building than a South African ape knows about snowballing.

The government of the day notwithstanding hard criticisms of opposition had been doing much work along these very lines proposed by his hon. friend. In order to encourage adoption of improved agricultural methods students were assisted in attending agricultural colleges, were given free tuition in dairying and experts had been appointed to awaken an interest in horticulture and poultry raising.

To Encourage Poultry Raising. In reference to appointment of Mr. Seth Jones, as an expert in poultry raising, he believed he was first to suggest that gentlemen to the commissioner of agriculture and he did so with knowledge of his ability in that line, and in which he had made marked success and also upon representation of a leading Liberal of Kings county, himself a poultry breeder.

Every year there was a marked and rapidly increasing amount of poultry in the local markets which farmers were unable to supply and will continue to be unable to meet so long as the old system is adhered to. It was in this particular work that the department had made great headway.

When this government appointed an expert in fruit growing, members of the Opposition demanded a report from the government and asked why they had gone outside the province for a man and now they were displeased because a native of the province who was qualified had been appointed poultry expert.

Fruit Growing. Enthusiasm exhibited by the fruit growers at the splendid success achieved at the apple show in St. John showed very plainly that the department of agriculture had got in touch with the fruit producers.

But in order to belittle any credit which might accrue to the government because they assisted the fruit growers to make a great success of their venture, his hon. friend proceeded to put up a man of straw and then have the pleasure of demolishing it. The government cannot claim any credit for what he had done, and it was worthy of him to exhibit at St. John was planted long before this government came into power.

He was not aware that any person had claimed credit to the government for planting the trees from which that most magnificent display of apples was picked, but what the department of agriculture did, instead of standing still and knowing the possibilities of New Brunswick as a fruit growing district, was to encourage and assist fruit growing in holding that show.

That show revealed to our own people and to the outside world, the fact that here in New Brunswick it was possible to produce fruit which could hold its own in any market in the world.

The old government had planted 27 illustration orchards in the province, ten of which had been abandoned. Would his hon. friend from Westmorland state how many orchards were seen at St. John or elsewhere that came from those orchards? He was informed that only one illustration orchard was represented at the fruit show in St. John and that by only a few apples.

The Immigration Policy. If there were any subjects that should be discussed fairly and without the intervention of partisan politics those subjects were education, agriculture and immigration, and yet the hon. gentleman opposite cannot advert to these matters without displaying the most fervid party spirit.

For many years under the old government an immigration agent was employed at London who kept an office open there and that was about all that was accomplished for immigration. When the new government came into power they sought to infuse some life into the immigration policy. Other provinces of the Dominion and other colonies of Great Britain were making a greater success of the business than was New Brunswick. This government began a more vigorous course of action. The location of its offices in London was changed and generally the dry rot which had fastened upon the work was eliminated.

The Live Stock Importations. In discussing the several importations of live stock, he had omitted to mention that no importation ever received such scathing and unjust criticism from an opposition as did the importation of thoroughbred horses.

When that importation was made it met with a howl of disapproval from the opponents of the government, a

NATURAL GAS FOR MONCTON

Moncton, N. B., March 8.—Thomas A. Walton, who worked in the new I. C. R. board as a section man, was found by a fellow employee about 9 o'clock this morning leaning over a box and in an unconscious condition. He was removed to his home where he died this afternoon, death being due to a hemorrhage of the brain. He was 33 years of age.

BIG INFLEX TO CANADA

Halifax, N. S., March 8.—Five ocean steamers arrive in Halifax this week with land 3,109 passengers who will become settlers in Canada. The whole of them destined for the Northwest. The Sicilian will have 1,431; the Virginius, the Canadian 1,163, and the Sardinian from Rotterdam with 284 the Volturao from Havre with 139.

The Royal George sailed tonight for Bristol with 20 passengers.

Two ministers had returned from Washington on Wednesday. He spoke to cabinet ministers about it and found that they knew no more about it than he knew himself. The next day, a Thursday, the agreement was considered by the cabinet for one hour. That afternoon Mr. Fielding made the announcement to the House. Mr. Harris said he did not think that the members should be asked to support a proposition that had only been considered by the cabinet for one hour.

Laurier's Breach of Faith. Mr. Harris' third reason, he considered to be of the most importance. He said that prior to the conclusion of the negotiations he had had letters and interviews which showed that there was anxiety lest something might happen which would affect interests adversely.

To one and all he had given the answer that they need have no fear for Sir Wilfrid Laurier had given the assurance that there would be no revision of the tariff without a thorough investigation first. Mr. Harris quoted from the premier's speech at the opening of the session during the debate on the address, in which he stated twice in the most positive terms: "We will have a commission of investigation before we have a revision of the tariff."

Mr. Harris said that on the strength of this utterance, he had regarded as statesmanlike, he had made promises. It was a breach of faith.

His fourth reason was that it hurt the pride of Canadians. Rebuff after rebuff had been received by Canada from the United States.

Mr. Harris went on to consider the economic aspects of the agreement. Mr. H. H. Miller followed.

TO GET TIPS IN ENGLAND

Ottawa, March 8.—The annual meeting of the executive of the union of Canadian municipalities was held here this morning, Mayor J. A. Chisholm of Halifax, the president, being in the chair.

On invitation of the British Company, which is forming garden cities in the British Isles, it was decided to send a delegation to visit some of the cities.

The executive reaffirmed its opposition to the Long Sault dam proposition. It was also decided that the Union do everything in its power to advance legislation before the House of Commons affecting the rights of municipalities. Those present were: Mayor Chisholm, Halifax; W. D. Mayor Hopewell, ex mayor Fred Cook and Controller Champagne, Ottawa. The annual convention will be held in Quebec August 29 to 31.

how which the hon. gentlemen are still keeping up.

The country was told that the houses were spavined, diseased and broken down and were brought here only to help a racing promoter in St. John. His information was that the very best results possible were accruing to the farmers who had been fortunate enough to become possessed of those horses, and rather strange to say, one horse against which the most abundant evidence had been furnished was thought so highly of by the Kentucky breeders, that they had come to this province and had bought back that horse at a highly satisfactory price.

The Jordan Sanitarium. He felt sure everybody in the province was greatly pleased with the magnificent gift by Mrs. Jordan of her beautiful and valuable property at River Glade for a sanitarium. The ravages of the dread disease tuberculosis had been very great and the government of this province would be interested in making liberal provision for carrying on the work which had been so generously started by that estimable lady.

The Valley Railway. The question of the construction of a railway along the valley of the River St. John had been much discussed and had been made the sport and football of politicians for many years. When the proposal was made by the Federal government to construct another transcontinental line, the people of the valley of the St. John fondly imagined that their hopes were at last to be realized, and their reasonable demands for the railway accommodation at last acknowledged.

But they were awakened rudely from their present imagining and were given a severe jolt, when they learned that the government had chosen the central route.

Vigorous protests were made at Ottawa by the representatives of the people and a new survey was ordered. Whether that survey was conducted in good faith or not, he had no means of knowing, but he had a very strong idea that political pressure, more than engineering difficulties decided the question. Mark the reason for the selection of the central route, namely, that the cost of construction would be considerably less than the Valley route.

The building of the Central route had cost up to the present time about \$20,000 per mile, and that was not the Transcontinental, that could not be constructed down the St. John Valley because of the excessive cost of the latter. If the central route has cost the country \$60,000 per mile to build, what was the estimated cost

by the Federal government of the line by St. John Valley?

In 1907, the then premier of the province, and present minister of public works in the Federal government, prepared and carried through this House, legislation providing a guarantee of bonds to an extent of \$15,000 per mile for a road from Centreville, in Carleton county, to St. John or Westfield, on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

No company, however, would undertake the work on the proposed terms, and the matter remained in abeyance, so far as the legislature was concerned until last year. Then the premier of Canada and the minister of public works made a proposition to the effect that if the government of this province would secure the building of a road of superior class, with grades not to exceed those of the G. T. P., with construction equal to the Transcontinental, laid with eight pound rails, with an initial equipment of rolling stock, the Federal government would take over and operate such a road as a part of the Intercolonial system and pay this province forty per cent. of the gross earnings.

A Pugley Bunco Game. Now what did such an offer as that mean? It meant that a company would be required to build the road for the amount of the guaranteed bonds \$25,000 per mile, plus the Dominion subsidy of \$6,400 per mile, a total of \$31,400 per mile. This was the same road that the Transcontinental because of its expensive character. It was not a business-like proposition, but only another of G. W. Williams' bunco games he had often played, and with such success in this province.

The minister of public works in order to balk the building of the valley road, had imposed a condition with which it was impossible to comply and his emissary chosen to deliver the ultimatum is F. B. Carvell, M. P. for Carleton, who has not failed on every possible occasion to minimize and belittle the honest efforts of the Hazen administration to forward the construction of that railway.

The opposition press of the province had been crying that the local government had been guilty of delay in this matter but those who followed the debate on the valley railway bill last session well remembered the hostility and bitterness displayed by the gentlemen opposite. Every possible means were used to throw discredit upon the proposal and prevent its carrying. The leader of the opposition and every one of his colleagues strenuously opposed the passing of the bill.

Mr. Sproul continued to show that the obstructions and obstacles to the project had always come from the opposition and that the honorable member for representation, passing to the consideration of N. B. Coal and Railway affairs and was so engaged when the House took recess at 6 o'clock.

Territorial Revenue. On resuming the debate at 8 o'clock Mr. Sproul said the expansion of territorial revenue was one of the subjects in the speech which gave their friends opposite a lot of trouble. He did not say that the territory had the great increase in the cut on Crown land which the hon. gentleman had preceded him had said there was.

Public Wharves. Dealing with wharf expenditure, he said that the old government had scandalously neglected providing proper wharves and had allowed them to crumble down and decay so that when this administration happened to power they had more expense than they otherwise would have had to keep wharves in condition.

He quoted the expenditures from 1905 down to the present time showing in the last three years of administration of the old government the total expenditure on wharves was only about \$15,000 while for the last three years this government had been in power, a total of over \$50,000 had been expended on this much needed public work.

In the county of Kings the expenditures on wharves in the last three years of the old government amounted to about \$100,000, while for the last three years of this government the amount expended on wharves in Kings was about \$17,000.

In the expenditures on bridges there had been even a larger increase. He pointed out that for many years there had been an application for a high water wharf at Brown's Flats, where the Beulah canal was to be broken, but the people there did not pay politically with the right foot and their requests were refused until this government came into power, and he said the direction of the new chief commissioner there was erected there one of the finest high water wharves on the St. John river.

A Record of Promises Kept. This government had kept their pre-election pledges. They had kept their promise that all public works would be put up to tender and in every case unless it was certified by the chief engineer that the work could be better done by day's work, this policy had been strictly adhered to. Another pledge which the government had carried out was that regarding the cheapening of school books, a very pleasing matter to him, and he would gladly welcome the day when there would be free school books for the poor children of the province.

He also felt that credit was due the government for the modern workmen's compensation act, which had been enacted. In St. John before this act was modernized accidents in the winter port had been frequent but now workmen were properly protected and accidents were of the most infrequent occurrence.

He was pleased to see the work of the new factory inspector who was active in carrying out his duties. The public utilities act, regarding which some complaints had been made, was to be amended under a bill that had been introduced, that the commission would have power to go ahead with investigations without having to wait for formal charges to be laid before them.

He lauded the government for the amendment which had been made to the law relating to local elections in the province, making it so that it was necessary not to have a majority of the registered voters but only a majority of the vote polled to bring about local option in a district and declared that nothing would give him more pleasure than to support a bill providing for the absolute prohibition of the sale of liquor in the province.

Mr. Bentley followed Mr. Sproul. Mr. Hatheway. Mr. Hatheway followed Mr. Bentley and argued that the old government had not protected the interests of the province in granting franchises to the New Brunswick Petroleum Company, the Grand Falls Water Power Company and other companies.

He also traced the history of legislation in favor of the workingman, and claimed that the present government had enacted legislation which was of assistance to the workingman, and that Dr. Pugley had not complied with the requests of the St. John labor committee and claimed when labor legislation was being considered.

Mr. Upham followed and attacked the government for not having done anything of assistance for the farmers of Carleton county.

Mr. Sheridan closed the debate in a speech in which he defended the acts of the government and claimed they had carried out its pledges made before the election.

The address passed about 12.30 a. m., without incident and the House at once adjourned.

### AT DEATH'S DOOR FROM KIDNEY DISEASE

#### SAVED ONLY BY "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

Clansbrasse, Ont.

"Two years ago, the doctor made forty-four calls on me, and then said he had given up on me. I am in excellent health, and 'Fruit-a-tives' is the medicine that cured me after I had been at Death's Door for months. I am glad to be able to give you this testimonial. It may benefit some other woman suffering as I suffered, as I believe that I would not be alive to-day had I not used 'Fruit-a-tives'."

On the recommendation of a neighbor, I took 'Fruit-a-tives' and they cured me. To-day, I take 'Fruit-a-tives' as my only medicine. I am in excellent health, and 'Fruit-a-tives' is the medicine that cured me after I had been at Death's Door for months. I am glad to be able to give you this testimonial. It may benefit some other woman suffering as I suffered, as I believe that I would not be alive to-day had I not used 'Fruit-a-tives'."

MRS. P. E. WEBBER. "Fruit-a-tives" by its marvellous action on the kidneys—completely restores these vital organs to their normal strength and vigor—and cures every trace of Kidney Trouble. 'Fruit-a-tives' is the only medicine in the world made of fruit.

60c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

To my amazement and distress and shame I now see the magnificent work of a generation traded away for a vague idea or a childish sentiment—the splendid commercial and industrial position we have reached in the world, and the support of a few wormy plans, and I feel it my duty to join in the protest which is heard from every section of the country.

Today we are in an enviable position, with a commerce three times as great per capita as that of the United States, and without a doubt the most advanced and the most progressive of any manufacturing concern of any consequence. She cut her trees and lived as best she could. During the total annihilation of the breed of hopelessness and many good and honest people urged annexation as the only future open to the country.

Good Old National Policy. Then came, in 1879, our National Policy, which was a grand and bold step to appear above our tree tops and their number rapidly increased; and then came the Canadian Pacific Railway, opening up our Great West, and showing that Canada advanced by leaps and bounds.

The United States, by the McKinley tariff, added brick upon brick to her wall of Canadian protection. She was being more and more. Then came the Dingley tariff which crowned the wall with a battlement of broken glass-bottles and barbed-wire, and then Canada quite found herself. Hear what Senator Beveridge, the chief mousetrapping administration in Washington in the reciprocity matter, says about this policy of his government.

"Not the Bourbons of France in the time of Louis XVI., nor the Tories of England in the period of George III., nor foolish and so ruinous as that so-called statesmanship which instead of fostering a purchasing market in Canada, is making Canada a manufacturing competitor."

Benefit of Protection. And Senator Beveridge again: "There must be reciprocity with Canada. Our tariff with the rest of the world does not apply to our northern neighbor. They already have the American manufacturers across the Canadian borders, built vast plants with American capital on Canadian soil, employing Canadian workmen to produce goods for export to the United States. That capital should be kept at home to employ American workmen to supply Canadian demand. We should have Canadian wood pulp and Canadian paper free in return for Canada's freely admitting other American manufacturing products to Canadian markets."

"We should have a special tariff arrangement with this intimate neighbor and natural customer. This having wait means national dollars of profit every year to Indiana's factories. Reciprocity would mean vast increases in Canada's purchases from the United States."

As I said twenty years ago, in speaking of this same subject of reciprocity, it is not necessary that a small boy should be a schoolboy to know what all this means.

And if Indiana, which is a second rate state, is to gain millions by reciprocity, what millions must the great manufacturing states gain? And who will pay all these millions? Canada. Who else?

Mr. Fielding Mistaken. The other day Mr. Fielding, in a cable message to the Canadian High Commissioner in London, said that for fifty years the people of Canada and both of its political parties had wished for reciprocity. That was true of the sixties and seventies, but it has not been true since. For the past twenty years we have heard only one occasion from some survivor of Canada's Dark Age. We have heard nothing for many years back of Commercial Union, Reciprocity and all those fads which grew from empty pockets.

The Liberal party came into power eighteen years ago. The tariff was accepted by them as a national need. It was improved in many ways and with great intelligence, and preference was given to Great Britain, and our whole country applauded and was content. Everybody felt secure and the country advanced prodigiously. Thousands of miles of railway were built and our ocean steamships increased by hundreds.

Our commerce and manufacturing advanced a mighty stride before the eyes of the Government, and particularly Sir Wilfrid Laurier and

### SIR WILLIAM C. VAN HORNE PRESENTS STRONG ARGUMENTS AGAINST RECIPROCITY PLAN

#### He Declares that the Fielding Proposals will Cost Canada all that She Has Gained Under the National Policy--No Benefit to the East, but a Distinct Detriment to All Canada.

Montreal, Mar. 8.—Sir William Van Horne has addressed the following letter to Mr. Charles Chaput, chairman of the Anti-Reciprocity League. Sir—I regret that, having to leave for England on Thursday, I shall not be able to attend the meeting of the Anti-Reciprocity League next week, and to give my views in person on the question of reciprocity.

What I have to say on the subject has no reference to party politics, (for I have nothing to do with politics), nor to any particular interests. I speak only as an individual who for the past thirty years has been working heart and soul for the upbuilding of the Dominion, and who has seen the great development of the past two decades has been a source of immense pride and satisfaction.

Childish Sentiment. To my amazement and distress and shame I now see the magnificent work of a generation traded away for a vague idea or a childish sentiment—the splendid commercial and industrial position we have reached in the world, and the support of a few wormy plans, and I feel it my duty to join in the protest which is heard from every section of the country.

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### "HIS MONEY"

#### Victims Tell of Stock Dealings with Smooth Mr. Munro, of Montreal—Paid for Stock They Did Not Get.

New York, Mar. 8.—Payment of substantial sums for wireless stock that was never delivered were testified to today by witnesses at the continuation of the trial of George H. Munro, formerly of Montreal, charged with misuse of the mails in selling stock. John H. Burns of Peoria, Ill., said that in 1907 he sent the Munro firm \$2,500 by check but was put off from time to time when he insisted upon getting the stock certificates.

"I was still waiting for the stock," said Mr. Burns. The Peoria man finally had taken some interest-bearing realty stock as collateral. He testified he had to sue for a second interest payment, but the suit was compromised before coming to trial. Mrs. Ellen Pike, of Phoenix, Arizona, and the Rev. Robert L. Bachman of Knoxville, Tenn., likewise testified to payments for stock that was not delivered.

Addison Kingsbury of South County, Conn., told how he sent a \$100 cheque for stock which he never received. Barney McConville, a New York detective, stationed in the financial district, recounted his investigation of Munro's firm and said he had placed the evidence in the hands of the federal authorities.

Christopher Kittredge of London, chief transfer clerk for the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of England, testified that no stock had ever been issued to Munro and that Munro was not authorized to act as the company's agent in this country. Munro told doubling clients, according to previous testimony, that the firm was the American agents for the Marconi company.

Walter M. Watson, a stock transfer clerk, formerly in the employ of Munro, gave testimony against his erstwhile chief and was on the stand when adjournment was taken for the day.

While the Munro trial was going on Shelton G. Burr, a member of Burr Brothers, late dealers in stocks and securities, the offices of which were raided in November last by postoffice inspectors, was arraigned in the United States Circuit Court on an indictment charging misuse of the mails. He entered a plea of not guilty and was released in \$10,000 bail.

It is perhaps not possible to make a tariff out of reciprocity to every community; every interest and every individual; but, rightly considered, our tariff has come pretty near to this. Some of the farmers in the Canadian Northwest want reciprocity in the hope that it will bring them better prices for wheat and cheaper agricultural implements. It will do neither to any appreciable extent. They should remember that our tariff wall has made a home market which has made them prosperous. They have only to compare our exports of wheat and flour to foreign markets with our total production of wheat to realize the extent and value of this home market.

And as regards agricultural implements they have only to compare the prices they have to pay with the prices paid immediately south of the boundary line. The American manufacturer pays the duty and the extra freight; and he can do this because the cost at his works is only a fraction of what the farmers pay, nearly all the rest going to his profit and to that of the middlemen. Reducing the tariff will not cheapen the implements—it will only add to the American manufacturer's profit.

But if a comparison is made with the selling prices south of the boundary line, potatoes and apples, for instance, cash prices should be compared with cash and not credit prices.

No Gain For the East. We are told that some farmers in the Maritime Provinces favor reciprocity in the expectation that it will bring better prices for their potatoes and apples. All the possible gain in that way may be easily known by looking at the prevailing prices of these things in the New England States. It isn't much, and our neighbors expect reciprocity to bring the prices down.

On the other hand there are easily reached and ample markets for these things where the farmers of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick may, with a little effort, secure twice as much as they are now getting for their potatoes and apples, and at the same time quadruple the demand by reducing prices one-half to the consumer. Take Cuba, for instance, where a barrel of potatoes yields the Canadian farmer about seventy-five cents reaches the consumer at seven dollars; and so with apples. The Canadian Trade Commissioner at Havana will verify this statement. Our farmers count on exporting potatoes and apples to the United States while these same things are exported from the United States to Cuba and elsewhere. Ontario suffered in her butter, eggs, cheese, and such things until the Dingley tariff compelled a turn to other markets which proved to be more profitable.

Cultivate West Indies. Aside from the fisheries, of which I do not know enough to speak, I do not believe there is any industry anywhere in Canada that can not find a way to be better off without reciprocity than with it; and with many industries the question is a vital one. And even with our codfish, judging from the prices to consumers in the West Indies and Central America.

Let us not entertain the idea that if we make a mistake in this matter of reciprocity we shall be able to correct it at pleasure. We may not be permitted to do it. It should be remembered that there are such things as vested interests in nations as with individuals and corporations, and that the vested interests of nations, real or alleged, are terribly binding upon the weaker party. When Mr. Hill has extended his seven or eight lines of railway into the Canadian northwest—lines which have for some years been resting their noses on the boundary line waiting for reciprocity, or something of the kind to warrant them in crossing, and when other American channels of trade have been established, affecting our territory, and when the American millers have tasted our wheat and the American manufacturers have got hold of our markets, is it probable that we shall be permitted to recede? Not a bit of it. We are making a bed to lie in and die in.

Sincerely yours,  
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### AMUSEMENTS

#### AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

Lena Rivers by Merkle-Harder Company Today.

The Myrkle-Harder Company at both the matinee and evening performances yesterday gave excellent production of Texas, a strong western play with thrilling situations.

Lena Rivers, a dramatization of the famous novel by the same name is the offering of the popular company tonight. This play and novel are so well known that it is hardly necessary to go into details concerning its merits. The play is almost word for word from the novel, and the part of pretty fair haired Lena is given a delightful rendition by Miss Myrkle. Her

### OBITUARY.

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### DIED.

ROWE.—At his residence, 77 Duke street, on the 8th inst., Richard H. W., youngest son of Emma and the late Richard Rowe, leaving a loving wife and son to mourn.

Belyea.—At her residence, 1 King street, west, on Tuesday, March 7, Eliza Ann, widow of James Belyea, in the 75th year of her age, leaving one son, Charles E., eight grandchildren and eight great grandchildren to mourn.

Funeral on Thursday, at 3.30 p. m. Service at 3 o'clock.

Estey.—In this city on the 8th inst., Caroline Ring Estey, aged 82 years, widow of John Estey, leaving one son, Thomas W. Robinson, 57 Union street.

### EYE TESTING.

Eye testing and glass testing has advanced to a science, as well as to the place where they make a specialty of this business and take no chances of being fitted.

D. BOYANER, Graduate Optician, 38 Dock Street.

### West Side Meeting

THERE WILL BE A  
**Public Meeting on Friday Evening**  
at 8 O'Clock, in the  
**CITY HALL, WEST SIDE**  
In the interests of the Commission plan of City Government.  
The speakers are:—W. D. Baskin, H. B. Schofield, A. O. Skinner, and L. P. D. Tilley. Full discussion and questions answered.

### NA-BRU-CO DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

relieve at once the disagreeable sensations that come from over-eating. The lover of good things may feel quite safe if he has a box at hand. 50c. a box at all druggists.

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited

### Buy a Typewriter

ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.

Mark this:—I will give a free trial of the Empire for one week, and then sell it to you on the following terms: \$60.00, or 5 per cent. discount for cash, or at \$10.00 per month. Write, call or telephone, Main 653.

**FRANK R. FAIRWEATHER, 12 Canterbury St., St. John, N.B.**

### HUTCHINGS & CO.,

BEDDING MANUFACTURERS  
WIRE MATTRESSES, MATTRESSES,  
IRON BEDSTEDS, FEATHER PILLOWS etc.  
WHOLESALE and RETAIL  
101 to 105 Germain Street.

### WHY GET GRAY-HEADED

#### WAITING FOR THE VALLEY RAILWAY?

Ask Us for Literature on Alberta Farms

### "No Crops, No Pay"

Ask us to explain why these lands are Cheaper than Government Homesteads

Canadian Pacific Railway Colonization Department,  
**FINDLAY & HOWARD Ltd., General Agents,**  
211 Notre Dame Street, West, Montreal.

**JAMES D. SEELY**  
Representative for the Maritime Provinces  
42 Water Street, St. John, N. B.

### The Perfume Store

Just Received  
A new stock of the latest and best New York PERFUMES and SACHETS.

We invite you to call and sample them, as they comprise the very sweetest odors.

**BARDSLEY'S PHARMACY,**  
109 Brussels St.

### Don't Decide Hastily

but let us help you in your selection of

### JEWELRY

from our large and varied assortment which comprises the newest and most artistic fashions from English, French and American producers and includes Brooches, Scarf Pins, Neckties, Veil Pins, also an exceptionally nice line of

### WATCHES

**A. POYAS, Watchmaker and Jeweller**  
16 Mill St.

### If You Need A TRUSS

we make a specialty of fitting them. Have had a long experience. Call and see us.

**Park Drug Store,**  
312 Brussels St. Phone 2298

### LUMP ROCK SALT

For Horses and Cattle  
Price Low.  
**GANDY & ALLISON**  
16 North Wharf

### Save the yellow coupons inside the packages of

### Tiger Tea

and get a prize

### Tiger Tea is Pure

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### BRIDE WAS BUT A MERE CHILD

#### Hasty Marriage in City in Which Incorrect Statements were Made to Clergymen—Whereabouts Unknown.

A case of a hasty marriage which is causing much grief to the young woman's parents, was brought to the attention of the minister who performed the ceremony yesterday.

It appears that a couple presented themselves before him on Tuesday and the girl, in reply to the usual questions, said her age was 19 and that there was no obstacle to the marriage. It has since transpired that she is not yet 16, and that her parents were kept in ignorance of her intention.

Further deception was practised when the young man, who is a Roman Catholic, stated that he belonged to the Methodist church. The girl made a false statement. Her companion is not regarded favorably by the girl's parents and they are in great distress.

The whereabouts of the couple were not known by the parents yesterday but they are believed to be still in the city. The young man, who is 22 years of age, made the candid admission before the ceremony that he had no money.

It may well be that we are, as with potatoes and apples, overlooking what might easily be made our very best market.

Let us not entertain the idea that if we make a mistake in this matter of reciprocity we shall be able to correct it at pleasure. We may not be permitted to do it. It should be remembered that there are such things as vested interests in nations as with individuals and corporations, and that the vested interests of nations, real or alleged, are terribly binding upon the weaker party. When Mr. Hill has extended his seven or eight lines of railway into the Canadian northwest—lines which have for some years been resting their noses on the boundary line waiting for reciprocity, or something of the kind to warrant them in crossing, and when other American channels of trade have been established, affecting our territory, and when the American millers have tasted our wheat and the American manufacturers have got hold of our markets, is it probable that we shall be permitted to recede? Not a bit of it. We are making a bed to lie in and die in.

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SURE PURE THE KIND THAT PLEASES THE PEOPLE! MAGIC BAKING POWDER E.W. GILLETT CO. LTD. TORONTO, ONT.

F. L. POTTS, Auctioneer, Stock, Bond and Real Estate Broker, Bonds, Stock and Merchandise of every description sold or negotiated.



NOTICE A special general meeting of the shareholders of The Standard Limited will be held at the company's office, 82 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B., at 3 p. m. on Thursday, March 16th, 1911.

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES Sealed Tenders addressed to H. E. Wardrop, Common Clerk, City of Saint John, Province of New Brunswick, and marked "Tenders for Debentures," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on the Eighteenth day of March, 1911.

NOTICE OF LEGISLATION Notices is hereby given that a bill will be introduced at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick to amend "The New Brunswick Dental Act," so as to provide for increasing the fee payable on examination, to provide that any assistant, not registered, employed by any registered dentist in his office shall be under the personal supervision and direction of such dentist.

Resolutions passed by the Common Council of the City of Saint John provide for the formation of a Sinking Fund for the redemption of these Debentures at maturity. Parties tendering must state in their tender in what currency and where they desire the Debentures and interest to be made payable. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS OF DeWitt Bros. Limited, pursuant to the winding up order made by the Supreme Court in the matter of the Winding Up Act and amendments thereto and in the matter of DeWitt Bros. Limited, bearing date the first day of February, A. D. 1911.

NOTICE OF LEGISLATION. NOTICE is hereby given that a Bill will be presented to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of New Brunswick at the next Session thereof, to amend Chapter 61 of the Acts of 1910, Victoria, being "An Act establishing and maintaining a General Public Hospital in the City or County of Saint John," so as to grant to all Physicians, duly registered according to the Laws of said Province, whether on the Staff of said Public Hospital or not, the right to visit, attend, prescribe for and direct the treatment of any private or paying patient in said Public Hospital, who requests the Medical or Surgical attendance or treatment of any of such Physicians and to use the operating room and apparatus belonging to said Public Hospital.

NOTICE OF LEGISLATION. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made by The Saint John Railway Company to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of New Brunswick, for authority to extend its electric light and power lines into the County of Kings; also for power to acquire the rights and interests in property of The Carleton Electric Light and Power Company, and for power to issue bonds to such an amount as may be approved by the shareholders.

TO BUILDERS. TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to and until 6 o'clock p. m. Thursday, 16th inst., for repairing and heating building, corner Union St. and Hazen Avenue for Board of School Trustees of this city, according to plans and specifications prepared for the same by Harry H. Mott, architect, 13 Germain Street, at whose office the plans may be seen. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

NOTICE Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to and including the eighteenth day of March, A. D. 1911, for the purchase and removal of the College School Building in the Town of Woodstock. The building must be removed completely, with the exception of the foundation walls, and the site cleaned to the satisfaction of the Board of School Trustees, by the fifteenth day of April, A. D. 1911.

A Fine Assortment of Jewelry See my line of American and Swiss Watches, Watch Repairing, etc. E. LAW, Jeweler, 3 Coburg St.

To Builders Sealed Tenders, marked "Tender for School Building," for the erection and completion of the Fisher Memorial School at Woodstock, N. B., will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Saturday, March 18th. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the trustees of the L. F. Fisher estate, Woodstock, and at the office of G. Ernest Fairweather, architect, St. John.

Medicated Wines In Stock—A Consignment of Jerez-Quina Medicated Wines Indorsed by the Medical Faculty Prepared with choice and select wines from the Jerez District, Quina Calisaya and other bitter which contribute towards its effect as a tonic and appetizer. For Sale By RICHARD SULLIVAN & CO. Telephone Main 839. 44 & 46 Dock St.

Notice All accounts due The New Star for advertising or subscription, must be paid at once as the books are being closed

Wholesale Liquors W.M. L. WILLIAMS, Successor to H. A. Finn, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Spirit Merchant 116 and 112 Prince William St. Established 1870. Write for family price list.

How Do You Like Hazel?



Up over the theatrical horizon rises Hazel Dawn. On the whole stage, everywhere in the world, there can't be any girl very much prettier than Hazel. She plays "Claudine" in "The Pink Lady," a new Klav & Erlanger show.

SIR THOMAS FOR EUROPE Important Discovery Head of Candian Pacific Sails from New York - Will Order Two New Ships in Europe.

New York, N. Y., Mar. 8.—Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, was a passenger today on the steamship Celtic for Liverpool. He stated that the Canadian Pacific contemplated spending about \$34,000,000 in the coming year on improvements and extensions to their line and while in England he expected to place orders for the building of two new ships for the Pacific trade.

ICE WALL BLOCKS SYDNEY HARBOR May be Necessary to Use Dynamite to Open Port to Navigation—Sun Could Not Melt It.

Halifax, Mar. 8.—It may be necessary to use dynamite to open Sydney harbor to navigation. The ice in the harbor is nearly sixteen inches in thickness but the real obstacle is an ice barrier which has formed across the mouth of the harbor and which is now about sixteen feet thick.

PULP AND PAPER PROJECT A new company is being floated by Messrs. Donald Fraser and Son, of Fredericton, to handle the Messrs. Jas. Murchie's Sons Company property in the vicinity of Edmundston, recently purchased for \$242,000, the object being to conduct a pulp manufacturing business with the possibility of eventually branching out into the paper manufacturing business as well.

APHAQUI NEWS. Aphaqui, March 7.—The funeral of the late Miss Dora Jones was held from her mother's home this morning at 10 o'clock, and was largely attended. The services were conducted by Rev. James McLuckie, assisted by Rev. Frank Baird of Sussex. The pall bearers were the five brothers of the deceased, Seth, George B., William A., Herbert S., and Hanley, also her brother-in-law Nell Johnson.

ORANGEMEN OPPOSE IT

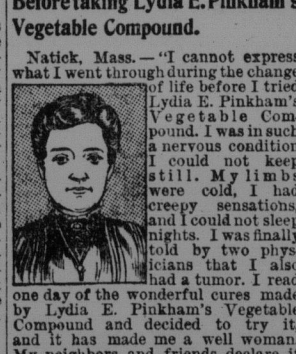
Grand Black Chapter of Ontario Urge Sir Wilfrid Laurier to Withdraw Reciprocity Proposals.

Barrie, Ont., Mar. 8.—The provincial grand Black Chapter of Ontario West, in annual convention here, telegraphed Sir Wilfrid Laurier urging the withdrawal of the proposed reciprocity agreement as a menace to British connection, and ultimately resulting in separation from the Empire.

RECIPROCIITY AFFECTS THE GRAIN TRADE Winnipeg, Man., March 8.—Through the Grain Growers Guide the official organ of that powerful organization of the farmers in western Canada orders were today sent broadcast that all grain of whatever character, is to be withheld from the markets pending the consummation of the reciprocity agreement, as an alleged combine in the United States of grain men propose to put up the price enormously.

Here's a Home Dye That ANYONE Can Use. HOME DYING has always been more of a difficult undertaking—Not so when you use DYOLA.

WHAT I WENT THROUGH Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



What Reciprocity Means The realization of a hope To give Americans greater scope Their needs to satisfy; For fear ye not their woeful wail, "If reciprocity should fall Our trade is doomed to die.

Every Woman Let your druggist for it. It is the most reliable and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. It is the only medicine that gives you relief in all cases of Women's Diseases. It is the only medicine that is safe and pleasant to take. It is the only medicine that is guaranteed to give you relief. It is the only medicine that is guaranteed to give you relief.

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Some Snaps in REFITTED MACHINERY 1-10x10 Robb Engine... \$375.00 1-14x26 Harris Corless En. 500.00 1-10x12 Robb Engine... 400.00 1-10 in. Ballantine Moulder 450.00 1-24 in. Ballantine Planer and Matcher... 350.00 1-30in. x 30x8 Planer... 350.00 1-50 Light Dynamo... 50.00 1-20in. Plain Drill... 50.00

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Musical Instruments Repaired. VIOLINS, MANDOLINES, and all stringed instruments and bows repaired. SYDNEY GIBBS, 81 Sydney Street. ENGRAVERS. F. C. WESLEY & CO., Artists, Engravers and Electrotypers, 58 Water Street, St. John, N. B. Telephone 982.

Edison Phonographs and Records, latest improved, \$15.50. New Home, Domestic and other machines, \$10 up. Genuine Needles and Oil, all kinds. Sewing Machines and Phonographs repaired. William Crawford, 105 Princess Street, opposite White Store, Phone Main 225-11.

All Styles New and Second Hand Carriages, Painted and Repaired promptly attended to. Phone, and we will send for your wagon for either paint or repairs. EDGAR W. EDGAR, 115 to 129 City Road. Phone, factory, 547 Phone 225.

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Herring No. 1 Rippling and Shelburne Herring in Bbls. and Half Bbls. JAMES PATTERSON, 19 and 20 South Market Wharf, St. John, N. B.

WANTED

WANTED AT ONCE—Girl for general house work. Mrs. D. B. Pidgeon 153 Douglas Ave.

WANTED—An honest, wide awake energetic young man to act as traveling collector for a large concern. Apply by letter giving references and stating salary wanted to Collector, care of The Standard, St. John, N.B.

WANTED—Farm Hand to work on thoroughly up-to-date Farm out West. Address A. M. Phillips, Victoria Hotel, St. John.

LOST.—A pocket book containing the card of the owner, W. H. McGowan, and a sum of money. Finder please return to this office.

WARNING WAGE DISPUTE—For the information of the National Marine Engineers of Canada, wages dispute on S. S. Connors Bros.—Member of St. John Council No. 2.

FOR SALE—Hotel Business with Lease, Furniture, etc., on Main St., St. Martins. Bargain for quick sale. 80 acre Farm at Lingley C.P. Ry., with house, barn, etc., good for building lots. Also 300 acre Farm, Springfield, Kings Co., large house and other buildings, cuts 40 tons hay, and other choice farms at bargain. For particulars apply J. H. Poole & Son, Realty and Business Brokers, 24 Nelson St.

FARMS for sale. Over 100 New Brunswick & Nova Scotia farms, some very remarkable bargains. Free catalogue. Also building lots and city Real Estate for sale. Alfred Burley, 46 Princess St. Phone 890.

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ROOMS TO LET—Oddfelloes Hall, Union St., cor. Hazen. Rooms at present occupied by S. Kerr and Son, Business College. Suitable for lodges, clubs, meetings, offices, and several other different purposes. Also rooms at present occupied by the Board of School Trustees. All rooms steam heated. For further particulars inquire at J. MARCUS, 30 Dock Street. Phone Main 1373.

FLATS TO LET—Apply to W. Humphreys, 116 St. James Street.

LARGE STORE TO LET—In my building on Mill Street, now occupied by Fraser, Fraser & Co. Shipping privilege on Drury Lane; electric elevator, vault, heated by steam; also rooms on fourth floor. Apply to JOHN O'REGAN, 17 Mill Street. Phone Main 1373.

TO LET—Two commodious self-contained residences 50 & 6 St. James St. terrace containing suite of parlors, library, dining room, kitchen, four bed rooms, bath, scullery hot and cold water. May be seen Thursdays and Fridays from 3 to 5 o'clock. Rent \$240 per annum. Apply to Robert Maxwell, 335 Union Street, or Phone Main 823.

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PUMPS Packed Pistons, Compound Duplex, Centrifugal pumps, and receivers, Single and double acting power, Triple Stuff pumps for pulp mills, Independent jet condensing apparatus, centrifugal pumps, etc. STEPHENSON & COMPANY, Nelson Street, St. John, N. B.

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# The Standard



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SAINT JOHN, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 9, 1911

## THE TIMES IS SURPRISED!

For cool audacity it would be difficult to equal a statement in the Times last evening. The organ of the Commission Plan, after heaping insults on the Common Council, holding the aldermen up to ridicule at every turn, picturing them as a set of incompetents and a clique, because they are opposed to its pet scheme, calmly expresses surprise that as yet very few of them appear to be taking part in favor of its adoption!

What does the Times expect? The aldermen granted the request of the gentlemen who wanted to test their scheme by a plebiscite, having done that they washed their hands of it. They have the city's business to attend to and have also to give careful consideration to certain reforms which they propose should be incorporated into the present system, and which, on the strength of their practical experience in civic affairs, they believe will be acceptable to the people who elected them.

The Times must be suffering from mental delusion if it imagines that all the mud-slinging in which it has indulged has intimidated the Common Council or will turn them a hair's breadth from their purpose. If there is one thing more than another which would veto the Commission scheme in the minds of the council it is the ardent advocacy of the plan by the Telegraph and the Times. Like many hundreds of their fellow citizens, the aldermen are suspicious of the Greeks bearing gifts, and they have good memories. The Telegraph and Times have forgotten where they stand in relation to civic affairs we will remind them of a certain law suit brought against them by a former employer last November in which they were mulcted in damages. The plaintiff in his evidence swore that the editor of the Telegraph, in giving his reasons for cancelling a contract to "write up" the aldermen, stated that the Telegraph was "taking no part" in the election this year, that it had got bumped last year on the head of it, and was keeping out of it "this year."

The bumps so feigningly referred to arose from the defeat of a slate which the Telegraph and Times made strenuous efforts to elect in 1909 in order to control the council for purposes which were clearly apparent. The great majority of the electors of this city are opposed to slates, and are all capable of solving a simple problem in arithmetic. If the Telegraph and Times failed to elect a slate to control a council of seventeen men, how much better are the chances of controlling five?

The attacks which the Telegraph and Times made on the Common Council two years ago are being repeated today if possible in more virulent form. The aldermen must be discredited at all costs that the Commission plan may prevail. Statements without a vestige of truth in them—as for example the story relating to the Maher property in the North End—are published in the Times and Telegraph and by the Times are given editorial endorsement. The campaign has been resumed, but under much more favorable auspices. Neither the electors nor the Common Council are fools. The Commission Plan in any event is not suitable to conditions which exist in St. John, but should the Times be again tempted to express surprise why the aldermen do not appear to be taking part in favor of its adoption it need only consult its own record and its own columns to supply the answer.

## MR. SPROUL'S SPEECH.

Mr. Sproul's speech in the Legislature has aroused the ire of the Telegraph and Times and apparently created a new issue. Instead of correcting the maliciously false statements that have appeared in their columns daily since the opening of the House, Mr. Sproul is threatened with dire consequences because he has shown up in exceedingly plain language the shortcomings of the Opposition, and exposed the vicious method of warfare adopted by the Westminster members in and out of the House.

The threats of the Times and the Telegraph are not likely to affect the course of Mr. Sproul. He will do his duty as he sees it, irrespective of either the blame or the praise of newspapers which have only one reason for existence, which is to transfer as much of the gold of the public treasury to the pockets of their owners as they can get away with. Neither the Telegraph nor the Times cares a hawbee for the interests of the people. Their motive in opposing the Hazen Government is purely selfish and if it did not pay both newspapers would be silent.

It is amusing to read in the speech of Mr. Copp his anxiety for the welfare of the common people. Was it in their interests that he pocketed a large fee from the Central Railway for doing nothing? Was it the interests of the common people that suggested to Mr. Copp that as the old Government paid good fat fees for legal services he should have his share of the loot?

Then there is Mr. Sweeney who spurns all the blue blooded aristocrats who were born with silver spoons in their mouths, and thanks his Maker that he is not of these. Of course Mr. Sweeney has said that he was misrepresented in that remarkable speech of his. He has denied the silver spoon episode and the cowardly attack on the late Deputy Surveyor General, but up to date he has not taken the people of the province into his confidence to tell them just what he did say at what Mr. Copp has described as "a little missionary meeting."

The facts are that the four members for Westminster have made the unpleasant discovery that public

opinion in that county is swinging very strongly Hazenwards and that events over which they have no control are creating a situation in the Railway Town and surrounding country which is not at all pleasing to them. It was this reason that inspired "the little missionary meetings" all over the country, and called forth malediction and vituperation on the heads of Mr. Hazen and his Government. It is Westminsterland representatives in the House to figure their personal losses through the change of government and as the feeling grows upon them their violence increases.

Mr. Sproul spoke plainly. It is a time for plain speaking. The campaign of slander and misrepresentation has gone far enough. Mr. Hazen has governed the country well. He drove from power an imbecile aggregation that had succeeded strong but unscrupulous men who had exploited the Province for their personal benefit. The corporal's guard that did not fall by the wayside in the general elections seek now to repudiate their responsibility for the reign of graft and misgovernment by the old regime, and to distract public attention from themselves by malicious attacks on Mr. Hazen and his supporters in the House.

The sense of fair play which the people of this province possess will not tolerate such a policy. The people know only too well how shallow are the pretensions of the Opposition. They know that under Mr. Robinson and his predecessors they did not get good government nor honest government. They know that year after year untruthful statements of the financial standing of the Province were handed out to them and representations made that the Government was living within its income while in point of fact the debt of the Province was being increased by over-expenditures on current account. With these facts in mind it is not common sense to believe that they will accept the abuse and misrepresentation of the Opposition for fact, and change their political allegiance.

But this is what the Opposition seem to think is going to happen and that a campaign of slander is the best means to bring it about. Mr. Sproul's exposure of their methods is displeasing to them and they have unleashed their hounds and given them full swing against the member for Kings. The silly blunder made by the Opposition, in attacking the Government for handing out a report to the press before it was laid on the table, has made the Snorkys of the Opposition ridiculous, but it is improbable they have been cured of the habit of discovering mare's nests where none exists.

## POST OFFICE REFORMS.

The Postal World makes out a good case for a classification of Canadian post offices such as is found in other Postal Union countries, and for the extension of the Civil Service regulations to all or most post offices in the Dominion. In the United States all assistant postmasters and clerks have been brought under civil service rules. The introduction of a similar reform in this country would entail the classification of from 15,000 to 20,000 Government employes, but the size of the undertaking should not deter the Government. The welfare of the officers and the efficient conduct of the offices are at stake.

It has been proposed to make all city offices first class offices, all accounting or money order offices second class, and all non-accounting offices third class and to place the first and second class under the Civil Service Commission. Postmasters of the non-accounting or third class offices do not generally give their whole time to their offices, but have these offices in conjunction with local stores, offices, etc., but the second class comprises a large body of postmasters who give their whole time to their task, and have no other occupation.

These men work hard as a rule. There is no insurance scheme in which they can join, or any provision for their superannation on an allowance. Any arrangement that would add to their sense of security would tend to improve their work, and there seems to be no reason why they should not be brought under the Civil Service Commission. The postmasters' associations which are working to this end have the sympathy of the public for which the postmasters labor. Occasionally the petty interference of the patronage committee in post office appointments and promotions is aired in Parliament. The day for such abuses has surely gone. It will be in the general interest when the conduct of the service is removed from politics and when the best posts go to men who have spent their lives at the work instead of to party favorites.

## Current Comment

(Montreal Herald.)

It is difficult for the average man, who finds himself constantly coming into contact with Hebrews who are as good workers and as civilized persons generally as he is himself, to adopt the view that they are heathen who must be "converted" like the suttee worshippers of India or the fetish devotees of Africa. And if he comes to examine into their religious life his reluctance to take that view will be deepened when he finds them doing infinitely more to raise the moral and spiritual level of their own less fortunate brethren than any Protestant community on the continent.

(Vancouver News-Advertiser.)

More unanimous and more remarkable still is the deliverance of the Winnipeg Board of Trade. If any part of Canada was expected to welcome this bargain it was the prairie country, whereof Winnipeg is the metropolis. But the Winnipeg board, by a majority of 69 to 13, or more than five to one, condemns the compact, declaring that it is not in the best interests of Canada, and particularly not in the interest of the West.

(Quebec Chronicle.)

It is interesting to note that the most successful Canadian authors of the present day are from the prairie provinces. Canada's three best sellers this year are by Western authors. They are:—"Janey Canuck in the West," by Emily Ferguson (Mrs. Arthur Murphy, of Edmonton); "The Trail of '88," by Robert W. Service, and "The Second Chance," by Mrs. Nellie McClung, of Manitoba, Man.

(Montreal Star.)

Just when the United States Consul General is urging American students at British universities to take back with them, for use at home, an intelligent appreciation of the spirit of British institutions does not seem the psychological moment for preaching the superiority of the United States brand here in Canada.

(Athenian Globe.)

While you may feel that way occasionally, it is well to remember that reprinting isn't included in the list of lucrative occupations.

(Hamilton Spectator.)

Lower Pullman rates are being adjusted now, but the charge for riding on the bumpers will remain stationary—45¢ or thirty days.

(London Free Press.)

The reciprocity editors are having a busy time of it explaining away defections in the party ranks.

# Commission Plan of Government

To the Electors of St. John:—

Ladies and Gentlemen:—Under the Commission plan of government every expenditure is openly accounted for from month to month in such a manner that every elector has an intelligent knowledge of the way in which civic business is carried on. Not only does this cause the taxpayer to take a deeper interest in civic matters, but it has the effect of making the commissioners more careful in expenditure. They are constantly under the public eye, the people are taking note in an intelligent way of all that is done, and the result is the application of careful business methods, so that the monthly statements when scrutinized may prove satisfactory.

This feature of publicity, combined with the fact that the commissioners meet daily, and are held strictly to account for every act, makes for economy, and for such an administration as will give the people value for the money expended.

CITIZENS' COMMITTEE.

## FIVE MEN, ALL CZARS

Correspondent Compares Aldermanic Rule in Milwaukee with the Commission Plan of Government.

To the Editor of The Standard:

Sir:—Since some of our wealthy citizens have become interested in the commission form of civic administration, we have heard a great deal of how the commission plan works in some of the cities on this continent. Although the Board of Trade and the citizens' committee have inquired about the commission plan, they have never thought it worth while to consider whether the aldermanic system could be run successfully or not. Because the present council and those before it failed to accomplish any startling improvements, some people wish to throw the present system of government overboard.

The aldermanic administration of Milwaukee has been and now is an unqualified success. At the last election the so called business men were put on the shelf and men from the working class were elected to run the affairs of the city. The working man in the city of St. John is not required to dabble in political affairs whether civic, provincial or federal, as he is supposed to be incapable of doing anything except to vote at election times. This fact was proved when a working man attempted to address the meeting in the North End last week, for most of the speakers and platform supporters beat a hasty retreat when they saw what they were up against.

You will no doubt wonder why Milwaukee can run their civic business successfully and St. John is a failure. The answer is not far to seek, the administration at Milwaukee has the welfare of the people at heart, the Mayor and Aldermen, mingle with them and hold all council meetings in the evening and do away with property qualifications for candidates for election. I do not want to boast of the things the Milwaukee people have done but I append a few extracts from letters which have appeared in the public press which may prove interesting.

"I cannot set in order the things the administration has done for the city, but there can be no doubt that it has lifted the business of managing municipal affairs to a higher level. There is no suggestion of graft, or of pandering to the interests of predatory wealth, but a genuine effort to minister to the welfare of the working people."—C. H. Beale, Grand Avenue, Congregational Church.

"I believe the Socialists are giving us a good administration. Conditions are better than they have been."—R. G. Pierson, South Baptist Church.

"I believe our city government is run more honestly if not more economical than formerly."—Rev. S. C. Haslam, Episcopalian Congregational Church.

"I will say that Mayor Seidel seems to be honestly, sincerely and heartily endeavoring to promote the moral welfare of the city. As far as I know there is no one else in the law enforcement department."—W. A. Cutler, Westminster Presbyterian Church.

"I have been favorably impressed, especially with the course pursued by the Mayor. Close attention has been given to moral and sanitary conditions and the effort has been made to make this a clean city."—W. Fuller, Bay View Baptist Church.

"It is disgusting that some people even Catholic priests, find fault with every step towards better. Let the Catholic priests of Milwaukee get a move on them with who to send, and there will be less for the Socialists to do. If they would visit the slums as does Mayor E. Seidel they would realize as he does the necessity of finding steps to remove and save our boys and girls physically, morally and mentally from the many aluring craters of hell. We cannot with good grace criticize the Socialists for going ahead of us in our own work."—Joseph Schell, Catholic Priest, Saseon, Wis.

"I could quote many more but with another quotation with reference to the commission plan and I am through. One of the largest contractors of city work in the United States, when asked what he thought of the commission, said, 'I prefer to do business with city administration on an honest basis,' but with a shrug of the shoulders, remarked, 'The Commission plan simplifies my work, if I have to buy, I have one man with whom to deal, and he is cheaper than a bunch of ward aldermen.' There you have the commission form of government—making czars of five men. If they are good czars there may be an improvement, but if not, all conditions are aggravated.

Yours, for good civic government, VERMILLION.

## FUNERALS.

Mr. George H. Oulton was buried yesterday afternoon at 2:30 from his late residence, Elliott Row. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. F. S. Porter and interment took place in the

Fernhill. The funeral was largely attended.

The funeral of Mrs. Noah T. McKee wife of Mr. Albert McKee, took place yesterday afternoon at 2:30 from her late residence, 55 St. Paul street, to Holy Trinity Church, where funeral services were read by Rev. J. J. Walsh. Interment took place in the new Catholic cemetery.

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LARGE ROASTING CHICKENS, SMALL TURKEYS—6 to 10 lbs.  
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NOW LANDING—Scotch Ell and Splint Coals, also Sydney, Broad Cove, Joggins—all good coals.  
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FOR YOUR SELF-FEEDER  
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MANCHESTER LINERS From Manchester To St. John

Furness Line From London To St. John

Grand Trunk Railway System Reduced Rates

HAVANA DIRECT Steamer March 22. Steamer April 15.

Dominion Atlantic Ry. S. S. Yarmouth leaves Reed's Point Wharf daily at 7.45 a. m.

International Railway Now Open For Traffic

Ideal Vacation AT Low Cost \$70 - \$95

give health, strength and warmth

One cube makes a cupful. Made by the originators of concentrated Beef Foods.

OBITUARY. Caroline R. Estey.

HAVANA DIRECT Steamer March 22. Steamer April 15.

Dominion Atlantic Ry. S. S. Yarmouth leaves Reed's Point Wharf daily at 7.45 a. m.

No Time Wasted at Council Yesterday

Aldermen Got Through a Large Amount of Business at Monthly Session--Discussion Over Magistrate's Salary--White Candy Company to Get Exemptions--Maher Purchase Approved.

At its meeting yesterday afternoon the Common Council instructed the Treasury Board to make a report on the question of taxes and values.

The report of the Board of Works was taken up. Monthly accounts to the amount of \$35,310 were ordered paid.

The Board of Works was taken up. The section recommending a renewal lease to D. J. Seely of a warehouse on Sydney slip was adopted.

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SUSSEX ODDFELLOWS GREET GRAND MASTER

Dr. Smith Visited Valley Lodge on Tuesday Evening and Presented Veteran's Jewel to George H. White.

Dr. A. D. Smith, grand master of the order of Oddfellows of the Maritime Provinces, on Tuesday evening visited Valley Lodge, Sussex, where on behalf of the members of the lodge he presented George H. White, Esq., P. G., with an address and also a veteran's jewel.

During the presentation the lodge took recess so as to allow the members of the Rebekah lodge to be present. There was a round of addresses and all spoke in the most flattering terms of the good work of P. G. White.

When developments were expected in the city it was not desirable that the business here should go into liquidation. He thought the capitalization was about \$25,000.

The report of the water and sewerage board, the Marble Cove sewer matter came up again. Ald. Likely moved that he be sent back for further information.

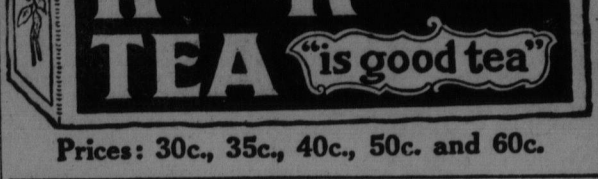
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No one disputes the splendid quality of Red Rose Tea.

Here in the East as well as in the West it is used every day in thousands of homes where its unvarying fine quality has been proven by years of continuous use.



Prices: 30c., 35c., 40c., 50c. and 60c.

Mercantile Marine

DAILY ALMANAC. Thursday, Mar. 9, 1911. Sun rises... 6.52 a. m. High water... 6.23 a. m. Low water... 0.44 p. m.

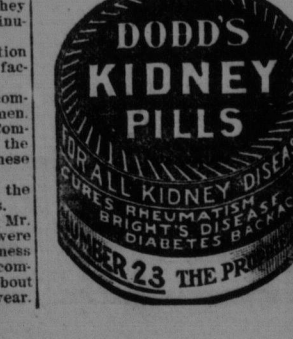
PORT OF SAINT JOHN. Arrived--March 8. Str Shenandoah, 2492, Trinick, from London via Halifax, Wm Thomson and Co, gen cargo.

Foreign Ports. Buenos Ayres, Mar 1--Sailed--Str Solfasia, Chandler, for St Lucia and New York.

Recent Charters. Br schr Georgina Roor, 423 tons, from Mobile to Port Antonio, Jamaica, pl.

Shipping Notes. Schr Eskimo that has been laid up for the winter here, has been fitted out with gasoline engines and has cleared for Alma.

WEDDINGS. Dangard--Miles. Last night at the residence of Mrs. Margaret Thorne, 203 Brussels St., George Dangard of Copenhagen, was united in marriage to Miss Margaret Miles, of Quebec's county.



if you can see into the FUTURE you will make an investment NOW in the Common Stock of MAINE and N. B. ELECTRICAL POWER CO. LTD.

The Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada Will support you in old age or look after your family if you are prematurely taken away. It will cost you comparatively little each year.

MONTREAL Morning Sales. Bell Phone, 14 @ 146. Black Lake Bonds, 1000 @ 75. Cement Pfd., 4 @ 87, 10 @ 86 3/4.

Afternoon Sales. Asbestos, 50 @ 11 1/2. Canadian Pacific, 25 @ 213 3/8, 25 @ 213 1/2, 100 @ 213 5/8.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE. Asbestos Com., 12 1/2 @ 11 1/2. Black Lake Com., 15 @ 15.

Deposit your surplus funds with the BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK. In the Savings Department of this Bank all deposits have the interest added each six months.

FINANCIAL WORLD

PRICES LOWER ON STOCK MARKET

New York, Mar. 8.—Uncertainty as to the situation in Mexico declaration of a dividend on New York Central at a rate lower than that of the previous four quarters, and the unfavorable showing of the Copper producer's monthly report, all served to unsettle the stock market today, and prices declined. The market showed no nervousness, however, and there was no apparent pressure to liquidate, stocks seeming to drift downward chiefly through inertia and lack of incentive to bullish operations.

The effect of the day's unfavorable news was offset by the fact that it had been anticipated largely in the decline of stocks most affected. The large increase in the supply of copper had been forecasted and the total consumption, which was reported as virtually the same as last month, was better than had been expected. Although reduction of New York's dividend was something of a surprise, in view of the financing which is contemplated by the company it has been known for some time that the decreased earnings of the road had caused the directors to give serious consideration to the amount to be paid.

Overnight advices from Washington and elsewhere shed little light on conditions in Mexico. Bankers having interests in Mexico were in conference today with representatives of that republic, and with one accord they declared that the most amiable relations existed between Washington and the city of Mexico. Shares of the National Railways of Mexico were weak.

The fertilizer shares were almost the largest losers of any, but the decline in these issues was explained as being due to the dissolution of a pool which has been active in that group for some time. Bear traders attacked the Condit stocks when it was reported that another offer of the presidency of Missouri Pacific had been declined and succeeded in forcing substantial recessions in Missouri Pacific and in Wabash preferred.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

(Quotations Furnished by Private Wires of J. C. Mackintosh and Co. members of Montreal Stock Exchange, 111 Prince Wm. Street, St. John, N. B., Chubb's Corner.) Amalg. Copper, 5200 62 1/2 62 1/2 61 1/2 61 1/2. Am. Best Sugar, 4100 44 1/2 44 1/2 43 1/2 43 1/2.

CANADIAN NEWS NOTES.

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. Montreal, Mar. 8.—As forecasted by Sir Wm. MacKenzie there was no change in the Toronto Railway dividend. The directors met yesterday and declared a regular 1 1/2 per cent. payable April 1 to regular Mar. 15th.

CLOSING COTTON LETTER.

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. New York, N. Y., Mar. 8.—Today's price movements on the cotton market were without rhyme or reason, so far as news items were concerned. The strength in the Liverpool market which influenced a strong opening here was unexplained and on the initial rise there was a good deal of selling of May and other near months.

CLOSING STOCK LETTER.

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. New York, N. Y., Mar. 8.—The only item of news of any interest was the announcement that the N. Y. Central

Dominion Iron & Steel Company, Limited, 5 Per Cent. First Mortgage Bonds. Due July 1st, 1929. Authorized and issued \$8,000,000. Less retired by Sinking Fund \$1,668,000. Outstanding \$6,332,000.

Royal Securities Corporation, Limited. 164 Hollis St., Halifax. Montreal Toronto Quebec London, Eng.

PRODUCE PRICES IN CANADIAN CENTRES

Montreal, March 8.—The volume of trade in hay is small, the demand being chiefly for small lots to fill actual wants, but as the offerings on spot are not excessive, a steady feeling prevails in the market.

MAY—No. 1 choice, \$11.50 to \$12; extra No. 2, \$10.50 to \$11; ordinary No. 2, \$9 to \$9.50; clover mixed, \$7.50 to \$8; clover hay, \$6.50 to \$7. OATS—Canadian western No. 2, 38 1/4 to 38 1/2, car lots ex store; extra No. 1 feed, 37 3/4 to 38; No. 3, C. W., 37 1/4 to 37 1/2; No. 2 local white, 37 1/4; No. 3 local white, 36 1/4; No. 4 local white, 35 1/4.

FLOUR—Manitoba spring wheat patents, \$4.50 to \$4.75; strong bakers, \$4.90; straight rollers, \$4.25 to \$4.35; in bags, \$1.90 to \$2. FEED—Barley, car lots ex store, 48c to 50c.

THE LONDON & SOUTH WESTERN BANK, LIMITED, OF LONDON, ENGLAND

are offering for public subscription, lists opening March 6th, and closing on or about March 11th at 98 1/2 (Stamped).

267,000 THE SPANISH RIVER PULP AND PAPER MILLS LIMITED. First Mortgage 6 Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds. Due December 1st, 1931.

Interest payable 1st January and July. Principal and interest payable at the rate of \$4.86 2/3 to the £ at the Traders Bank of Canada, in Montreal and Toronto, and at the London and South Western Bank, Limited, London, England.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS. By Direct Private Wires to J. C. Mackintosh and Co. Range of Prices. Wheat. High. Low. Close.

MONTREAL AND BOSTON CURB STOCKS. By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. Montreal Curb Sales. C. P. 25 at 60 1/2; 10 at 60 1/2.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET. By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. High. Low. Close. March 14.14 14.04 14.01-02.

We Have to Offer A Block of School District of Sussex 4% Bonds Due 1931 and 1933. Price to yield 4 3-8 p.c. J. C. MACKINTOSH & CO. ESTABLISHED 1873. H. H. SMITH, Mgr. Members Montreal Stock Exchange. Direct Private Wires. Telephone, Main 2328. 111 Prince Wm. Street, (Chubb's Corner) HALIFAX, MONTREAL, ST. JOHN.

Over \$2,000,000 in Profits HAS BEEN ALLOTTED IN 1910 TO POLICYHOLDERS BY THE CANADA LIFE. The increase in SURPLUS for 1909 amounted to \$1,200,000, the greatest gain in the Company's history. J. M. QUEEN, Manager for New Brunswick, St. John, N. B.

Capitalization. FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT. SINKING FUND BONDS. Authorized \$2,500,000. Issued \$1,300,000. SEVEN PER CENT. PREFERENCE STOCK. Authorized 2,000,000. Issued 1,500,000. COMMON STOCK. Authorized 2,000,000. Issued 2,000,000. DIRECTORS: W. J. SHEPPARD, President, Waukesha, Ont.; President, Georgian Bay Lumber Company; President, Northern Navigation Company; Director, The Traders Bank of Canada.

ORGANIZATION. The most important points regarding the Company as set forth in a letter from the President, may be summarized as follows: 1. After allowing for depreciation the value of the fixed assets as determined by the Canadian American Appraisal Company, Limited, is \$2,489,684.34, or nearly twice the amount of bonds issued. This is exclusive of the standing timber on the area on which the Company holds a concession.

Dominion Bond Company LIMITED MONTREAL TORONTO LONDON, ENGLAND OTTAWA Atlantic Bond Company, Ltd. Bank of Montreal Building, ST. JOHN, N. B.

# THE SEASON WITH THE CURLERS

## Local Curlers Had Fairly Good Season

**Thistle Lads Went Through With But Two Defeats.**

**St. Andrews and Carleton were Not so Fortunate, But Had Good Games.**

The curling season is fast drawing to a close and a very few more games will be enjoyed before the warm weather makes a break in the ice and then the roaring game will be at an end until next winter.

The curlers only have a couple of months of good curling and the past season has been a fairly good one for all of the rinks. The local clubs were pretty successful in their matches and while there were not a great many matches with outside clubs, there have been a great many matches among the members of the different city clubs and the rinks have been kept quite busy both afternoon and night.

**The Thistles.**  
The Thistle Club have played 13 matches with outside clubs during the season and have won all but two and these two defeats were experienced on a trip to Fredericton and to St. Stephen.

The Thistles' first match of the season was with St. Andrew's on Jan. 14th, when they won by a score of 245 to 215, a majority of 30 points. This match was 14 rinks a side.

On January 18th the Thistles went to Fredericton and were defeated by a score of 135 to 83, a majority for the capital team of 52 points, six rinks a side.

On Feb. 8th Fredericton visited St. John, four rinks a side and were defeated by the Thistles 72 to 61, a majority of 11 points.

On Jan. 28th, the Thistles defeated the St. Andrew's in the second match by a score of 244 to 187, a majority of 57 points.

On Feb. 2nd with eight rinks a side, the Thistles defeated Carleton with a score of 145 to 105, a majority of 40 points for the Thistles.

On Feb. 4th the third match between the Thistles and the St. Andrew's was played and this proved another victory for the Thistles with a score of 274 to 187, a majority of 87 points.

On February 9th the Thistles and Amherst played three rinks a side and the Thistles won by a score of 97 to 49, a majority of 48 points.

February 16th the Thistles went to St. Stephen and were defeated by a score of 64 to 53, giving the border city curlers a majority of 11 points.

On Feb. 17th, the Thistles played three rinks of Halifax curlers and won by a score of 56 to 29, a majority of 27 points.

On Feb. 18th the Thistles defeated Carleton eight rinks a side by a score of 146 to 103, giving a majority of 43 points.

Feb. 25th the Thistles again defeated Carleton four rinks a side by a score of 147 to 114, giving a majority of 33 points.

On March 2nd the Thistles went to Hampton four rinks strong and this was another victory for the Thistles by a score of 85 to 58, giving a majority of 27.

### How the Rinks Stood.

It will be interesting for the curlers to know how many of the Thistle skips won in their different matches. In the first game with the St. Andrew's club eight Thistle rinks won out of the 14.

With the Fredericton club at Fredericton only one Thistle rink won out of the four playing.

In the second game with St. Andrew's seven of the Thistle rinks won out of the 14 playing.

In the third game with the St. Andrew's twelve Thistle rinks won out of the 14 playing.

In the first game with Carleton, five of the eight Thistle rinks won. The three Thistle rinks won from the Amherst curlers.

At St. Stephen only one Thistle rink won out of the four.

Against Halifax the three Thistle rinks won.

In the second game with Carleton the Thistles had five winning rinks out of the eight playing.

In the third game with Carleton the Thistles had six winning rinks out of the eight.

In the first game with Hampton there were three winning Thistle rinks out of four and the same number of rinks won in the second game.

**St. Andrew's Club.**  
While there was plenty of good curling on St. Andrew's ice the club had the most unfortunate year yet for games with outside teams. They have played thirteen, and only won three of the matches—winning one game from Amherst, one from Fredericton and one from Carleton.

On January 10th, at Fredericton, St. Andrew's was defeated—score 142 to 61.

The St. Andrew's lost three games to the Thistles as stated above.

At Moncton, January 29th, four rinks a side, St. Andrew's were defeated—score 64 to 43.

On February 6th, St. Andrew's defeated Carleton—score 137 to 114—eight rinks a side.

At St. Stephen, February 14, three rinks a side, St. Andrew's were defeated—score 43 to 30.

On February 9th, on St. Andrew's ice, four rinks a side, St. Andrew's defeated Fredericton—score 71 to 63.

On February 10th, St. Andrew's defeated Amherst 49 to 37.

On Feb. 17th Halifax defeated St. Andrew's three rinks a side, score 42 to 40.

On Feb. 20th, eight rinks a side, Carleton won from St. Andrew's with a score of 125 to 124.

At Hampton on Feb. 22nd, St. Andrew's were defeated by a score of 60 to 56.

At St. Andrew's rink on Feb. 25th, Hampton again defeated St. Andrew's this time with a score of 63 to 55.

**Point Play.**  
In the playing of points there was play for the Milligan medals, and H. F. Rankine won with 37 points. There were two members who scored 30 and over. In the Jones cup match, S. E. Elkin's rink won and in the playoff Kenneth Haley won on points.

**Carleton Curlers.**  
The Carleton rink also had a good year at curling although they were defeated by a number of outside rinks. They broke even with St. Andrew's. Lost three games to the Thistles. Lost to St. Stephen, lost in Fredericton. They defeated Hampton in Carleton and lost to Hampton on the latter's ice.

In the trophies given by Ald. Norman McLeod, a rink skipped by J. M. Belyea won. His mate was James McLennan, No. 2 was Roy Drynan and the lead was H. Roxborough.

**Chatham.**  
Fredericton, Mar. 8.—The Chatham hockey team with a new goal tender and Roy Robertson of Maryville playing coverpoint lost to the U. N. B. hockey team before a small crowd in the Arctic Rink tonight by a score of 10 to 0.

Mr. Murphy was referee and he let everything go, so that a lot of rough work resulted.

The teams were: U. N. B. Goal, Chatham Binney; Point, Nelly; Sterling, Watling; Coverpoint, Robertson; Willis, Rover; Jennings, Synott; Maxwell, Winslow; Right Wing, Currie; Pugh, Flood; Left Wing, Machum; Referee, Mike Murphy; Goal Judges, G. Clynock and F. Rowan.

Timers—F. Smith and G. O'Brien. Penalty timers—E. Mc. Balkau and J. C. Godfrey.

Scoring summary—1st half, 1 Machum, 1 min.; 2 Machum, 30 secs.; 3 Machum, 7 min., 30 secs.; 4 Pugh, 2

## WITH THE LOCAL PIN STICKERS

Last night on Black's alleys in the City league the Nationals took the four points from the Imperials with the following score:

Nationals.	
Olive	117 95 86 298-99 1-3
Howard	109 87 91 278-92 2-3
Downing	75 100 81 256-85 1-3
Morrissey	81 82 80 243-81
Harrison	84 84 97 265-88 1-3

Imperials.	
Sinclair	104 81 75 260-86 2-3
Gambin	79 84 76 239-79 2-3
Smith	86 91 75 252-84
McKean	91 85 85 261-87
Stanton	77 88 77 242-80 2-3

457 448 435 1340  
437 428 388 1254

### COMMERCIAL LEAGUE.

In the Commercial league the T. S. Simms team took three points from Macaulay Bros. team. The score was:

Macaulay Bros.	
Shaw	114 59 71 184-61 1-3
Campbell	84 73 66 213-71
Breen	68 67 78 213-71
Paterson	78 99 67 244-81 1-3
Smith	75 75 75 225-75

T. S. Simms Co.	
CConnell	80 80 76 236-78 2-3
O'Brien	61 71 64 197-63
Cosman	69 66 72 207-69
Laskey	75 75 75 225-75
Pugh	82 81 75 238-79 1-3

359 373 347 1078  
367 373 362 1102

## HOCKEY FANS WITNESS TWO GOOD GAMES

There were two games of hockey in the Queens Rink last night.

In the Commercial league the M. R. A. team had a walkover with the C. P. R. West team, winning by a score of 15 to 0.

The teams lined up as follows:  
M. R. A. Goal, C. P. R. McIvryre; Point, Kelley; Smith, McKeown; Cover Point, Stevens; Killen, Ord; Watson, Ord; Right Wing, Savard; R. Smith, Centre, Fitzgerald; F. Smith, Rover, Fitzgerald; Sandall, Griffiths.

During the game Savard struck with the puck and injured so badly that the services of Dr. Bentley were necessary.

Last night's win places the M. R. A. team and Brock & Paterson team tie for the championship, each having won five games.

**Giants Beat Tigers.**  
The Giants and the Tigers had a hotly contested game. The score was 3 to 1 in the Giants favor in the first half, but before the finish of the second half the Tigers tied the score. Five minutes over time was played when the Giants made the winning goal. The teams lined up as follows:  
Tigers Goal, B. Gilbert; McAvilyre; Point, Teed; L. McGowan; Cover Point, G. Gilbert; W. McGowan; Rover, Sandall; J. McGowan; Centre, Parker; Macaulay; Right Wing, Smith; Peters; Left Wing, Hunter; Wood; Hunter.

The Giants will play the Rothesay team on Saturday night for the championship.

mins., 5, Maxwell 7 min. 2nd half, 6, Pugh, 1 min. 30 secs.; 7, Machum, 8 mins., 30 secs.; 8, Willis, 6 mins.; 9, Maxwell, 7 mins., 30 secs.; 10, Maxwell, 1 min.

Penalty summary—Chatham, 1st half: Currie 3 mins. 2nd half: Currie, 3 mins.; Watling, 2 mins. Total, 9 min. U. N. B., 2nd half: Maxwell, 5 mins.; Machum, 3 mins.; Maxwell, 3 mins.

**AN OLD ST. JOHN FRIEND.**  
It is announced in Cambridge, Mass., that Dr. Frank Sexton has been officially engaged for a two year term as coach of the Harvard baseball team. Under the new contract Dr. Sexton will coach the crimson nine during the present year and will have charge of the development of the team next season. Dr. Sexton was star pitcher for the old St. John Shamrocks in St. John in the early days of professional baseball here.

## MADE WORLD'S RECORD WITH THE BIG PINS



STANDING:—BUOMO, ZIMMERMAN (MGR.), RUTZ (FRANCHISE OWNER). SITTING:—TYSER, HUFFELAUD, KALLUSCH.

Rochester, March 8.—The Rochester team of the New York State Ten Pin league rolled what is believed to be a world's record at Syracuse the night of Feb. 21 by piling up 3571 pins in three games.

The highest score previous to that made by Rochester was 3564 pins, made in the Koeln-Kaisers at St. Louis in 1908.

The work of the team was wonderful. But one man, Tyser, gathered less than 657 pins, while Huffelaud hit 'em for 738, with an average of 246.

The Syracuse team rolled well enough to win nine times out of ten, getting 3092 pins, but this did not seem extraordinary in the face of the work of the victors. When practicing in the afternoon, Larry Sutton of No. 7 standing up, after wobbling in the Syracuse five, picked up 299 pins, in the last frame.

Rochester	
McNeill	293
Buonomo	228
Tyser	183
Kallusch	201
Huffelaud	256

Totals	
Rochester	1076
Syracuse	1121
Maurer	192
Sutton	172
O'Brien	210
Rautenberg	210
Emeric	213

Totals	
Rochester	1019
Syracuse	986
Team averages	1000 2-3

## VICS WILL GO TO HUB AFTER ALL

Moncton, March 8.—The Victorias will make the trip to Boston playing the Montreal Wanderers in the Boston Arena on Wednesday and Saturday, March 22 and 25. The management wired last night accepting the dates.

P. A. Belliveau, of Moncton who has just returned from Boston and who with Dr. George W. Tingley, a former Monctonian, was instrumental in arranging the trip says the Canada fans across the border are very enthusiastic.

Harry Scott, Moncton's rover left last night for Montreal thinking the trip was off. It was his intention to play with the Canadiens on Friday night. There is some talk of Scott being brought back to make the trip with the Victorias.

## WOLGAST AND BROWN WILL MEET AGAIN

New York, March 8.—It was announced here that another fight between Wolgast and Brown of New York, will probably be staged in California within the next three months.

In view of the excellent work of Brown against the champion in their recent engagements in Philadelphia and New York, a finish fight is looked upon as a proposition likely to attract widespread interest. Tom Jones, manager for Wolgast, is now on his way to Los Angeles, to close arrangements for the battle with Brown.

## RAMBLERS WILL PLAY ST. JOHN'S

There promises to be a large crowd at the Queens rink Saturday night when the St. Johns will meet the champion Ramblers from Amherst.

The Ramblers are the champions of the Nova Scotia amateur league and a very fast team. The St. Johns are getting in some good practice and a fast game is expected.

## JACK TWIN BOUT WAS STOPPED

Denver, Col., March 8.—(Canadian Press)—With more than 1,000 spectators waiting and the principals ready to go into the ring, the ten round bout between Jack (Twin) Sullivan of Boston and Jack O'Keefe of Denver was abruptly stopped last night by Sheriff Armstrong, who served an injunction on the principals and officials at the request of the Christian Citizenship Union.

While the sheriff was talking with the managers of the bout, the cashier, who had the gate receipts, disappeared. When the patrons demanded their money back, it was explained that the money had been taken up town for safe keeping.

## HOW THEY LOOK UPON PEASLEY

The Detroit correspondent of Sporting News notes the arrival of Pitcher Marvin Peasley, who was with Woodstock last year, as follows:

"Marvin Peasley, the giant Maine recruit, and Ralph Works, not a midget by any means, two young twirlers who are expected to make good this year, came under the inspection of Mr. Sugden. He was highly impressed with the young athletes and Mr. Peasley made an additional hit with his breadth of shoulders.

Peasley found his way into Detroit last Thursday and was the first of the Tiger kits to arrive. Peasley came direct from his home in the wilds of New Brunswick, where he has been keeping in shape all winter, heaving snowballs at the wild denizens of the forest. Peasley admits to the proverbial two deer permitted to any licensed hunter in the Maine woods, and didn't bring back a single story of one that got away.

"Peasley can look forward with pleasure to a season in which he is undoubtedly one of the highest priced youngsters in captivity. He came high, but Malachi Kittridge's enthusiasm and the added fact that Peasley's home is only a few miles from the residence of Jack Coombs, the peerless leader of the Athletics, determined Mr. Navin that Detroit must have him.

"Those who deem from the term 'Kit' that Mr. Peasley is of shrinking proportions and dainty appetite, haven't laid eyes on him. Also, Mr. Peasley can make a noise like a real Tiger, for he is familiar with wild beasts and their emotions as expressed in the language of the wilderness."

## ENGLISH FOOTBALL RESULTS

London, Mar. 6.—The results of the principal football fixtures Saturday were:

**The League—First Division.**  
Nottingham, 0; Bradford City, 2.  
Everton, 2; Sunderland, 2.  
Bristol City, 0; Sheffield United, 2.  
Oxford A., 2; Blackburn R., 0.  
Sheffield Wed., 1; Aston Villa, 0.  
Newcastle Unit, 5; Bury, 1.  
Manchester C., 1; Woolwich A., 1.  
Tottenham H., 1; Liverpool, 0.  
Middlesbrough, 2; Manchester U., 2.  
Preston N. E., 2; Notts County, 0.

**The League—Second Division.**  
Birmingham, 1; Leicester Fosse, 0.  
Bolton W., 1; Blackpool, 0.  
Bradford, 0; Leeds City, 2.  
Burnley, 1; Gainsborough T., 1.  
Fulham, 6; Stockport C., 2.  
Glossop, 1; Clapton Orient, 3.  
Huddersfield T., 3; Wolverhampton, 1.

**Southern Division.**  
New Brompton, 1; Swindon T., 0.  
Millwall A., 3; Exeter City, 1.  
Queen's Park R., 0; Brighton and H., 0.  
West Ham U., 1; Northampton, 2.  
Luton, 4; Portsmouth, 1.  
Coventry City, 4; Bristol R., 0.  
Southend U., 0; Crystal Palace, 0.  
Southampton, 2; Brentford, 0.  
Plymouth Argyle, 2; Leyton, 1.  
Norwich City, 5; Watford, 1.

**Rugby.**  
Army, 22; Navy, 13.  
Blackheath, 3; London Scottish, 3.  
Harlequins, 39; Coventry, 0.  
London Hospital, 11; London Welsh, 5.  
Northampton, 14; Llanelli, 3.  
Gloucester, 13; Swansea, 6.  
Newport, 15; Cardiff, 10.  
Edinburgh Univ., 5; Academicals, 11.

**Inter-League.**  
Scottish, 1; English, 1.  
**Amateur International.**  
England, 4; Belgium, 0.  
**Scottish League.**  
Aberdeen, 3; Morton, 1.  
Airdrieonians, 5; Queen's Park, 2.  
Falkirk, 3; Hearts, 1.  
Hibernians, 1; Clyde, 1.  
Rath Rovers, 4; St. Mirren, 0.  
Kilmarnock, 1; Partick, 1.

**Perfectia**  
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St. John, N. B.

**MASTER MASON**  
An Excellent Tobacco  
Cut from our original "American Navy" plug. Equally good as a smoke or as a chew. Made from the finest American leaf tobacco.  
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.  
Manufactured By  
ROCK CITY TOBACCO CO., QUEBEC.

**Opera House Last Week Week**  
**Myrtle-Harder Co. Mar. 6th**  
Today Matinee and Tonight  
**LENA RIVERS**  
From the Famous Novel.  
Friday Matinee and Night—PALS  
Amateur Contest Friday Night After the Regular Performance.  
VAUDEVILLE BETWEEN ACTS.  
Matinee—10c, 20c. Nights—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

**BAND AT VICTORIA RINK TONIGHT**  
NOVELTY TEAM RACE, between 4th and 5th bands,  
**LONGLEY AND GARNETT VS. BARR AND CUNNINGHAM**  
Positively the Best Race this Season yet.  
JUST FOLLOW THE CROWD TONIGHT.

### AROUND THE CITY

**Horse Whip Found.**  
A horse whip found on Water street awaits an owner at Central Police Station.

**Still On the Route.**  
The electrically heated car was continued on the loop route in the West End yesterday.

**To Butoche For Burial.**  
The remains of Mrs. J. Gallent, who died at Millinocket, Me., arrived on the Boston express and was sent on the night express to Butoche for interment.

**Still Confined To House.**  
Sterling who was struck on the head with a puck in the Queen's rink Saturday night and rendered unconscious, is still confined to his home as the result of his injuries.

**Progress of Likely Building.**  
Work of moving the likely building was resumed last night, and it was moved along Pond street to Dorchester street by midnight. Contractor Johnston hopes to get the building to the Marsh Road by this morning.

**Natural History Society.**  
The last lecture in the course given by the Ladies' Association will be delivered this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Miss Bertie Hegon will speak on life in Labrador, and her lecture will be illustrated. All are invited to attend.

**Presented With Gold Pin.**  
On Saturday Henry Arbo, who is leaving for Saskatoon, was presented by the members of Fraternity Lodge of Oddfellows with a gold pin as a memento of their esteem. Mr. Arbo is a charter member of the lodge and is much respected.

**The Bridge Plebiscite.**  
Ald. Scully is of the opinion that the plebiscite on the bridge question will carry by a large majority. "The J. C. R." he says, "brings steel all the way from Sydney to St. John for \$1.75 a ton. It costs 40 cents a ton to get steel from St. John to Carleton."

**Lecture on Africa.**  
There will be an illustrated lecture on Africa by Rev. G. A. Kuhring in St. John's (Stone) church tonight. All interested are invited to attend. Admission is not by ticket, as previously announced, but there will be a collection at the close of the lecture.

**Met in Sussex.**  
The committee of the Baptist church appointed some time ago, held its first meeting in Sussex yesterday. Present at the meeting were: Rev. Dr. Hutchinson, St. John; Rev. A. Perry, Moncton; Rev. J. B. Ganong, Havelock; Rev. H. Saunders, Sussex; Judge Emmerson, Moncton, and A. O. Weyman, of Apahouki. The matters discussed by the committee were of a private nature.

**Women's Canadian Club.**  
The members of the Women's Canadian Club will assemble at Keith's Assembly rooms Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock for a lecture by Prof. Day of the U. N. B. The subject of the lecture will be Evolution of the English Novel. A social hour will be spent after the lecture and the club members will have a chance to meet Prof. Day.

**Will Take Legal Action.**  
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Vaughan, of St. Martins are in the city, and have engaged the services of Amos A. Wilson, K. C., to take action for damages against the persons responsible for the death of their son, Manford Vaughan, who lost his life by the explosion of a defective steam boiler at Tynemouth Creek recently.

**Signet Ring For Hugh Campbell.**  
The bequest fund for Hugh Campbell of North End was closed on Tuesday evening when contributions from the following friends of the popular singer swelled the amount:—R. Sullivan, J. Connor, W. J. Brown, Hampton, \$5 each; B. V. Millidge \$1; Ald. Wilkey \$2; Alfred Wilson \$10 from ticket sale. The same evening a number of Mr. Campbell's friends called upon him and presented him with a gold signet ring as a token of esteem.

**Queens Ward Starts Work.**  
A meeting of the friends of the commission form of government in Queens ward was held in the Lansdowne Hotel last evening when a ward committee was organized with the following officers:—Chairman, H. A. Powell; vice-chairman, J. M. Robinson; secretaries, C. F. Inches and L. P. D. Tilley; executive, D.J. Brown, Dr. T. D. Walker, F. C. McNeil, Wm. Bowman, Wm. Allison, Wm. Angus, Leon Kelle, Jas. Manning.

**Presentation to Charles Ledford.**  
An enjoyable time was spent last night at the residence of Charles Ledford, 67 High street, when a number of his gentlemen friends gathered to celebrate with him the occasion of his birthday. During the evening R. Carless, on behalf of his friends presented Mr. Ledford with a pair of gold cuff links, and in appropriate words congratulated Mr. Ledford and voiced the hope of all present that he would enjoy many more such events.

**Heroes of the Loop Car.**  
Speaking of the result of the Carleton loop car case G. S. Mayes, who took the initiative and fought the case before the Public Utilities Commission, said yesterday that the loyal support of the residents on the West Side was largely responsible for the outcome. S. M. Wetmore in particular, had given valuable assistance, and C. B. Lockhart, J. E. M. Baxter, Rev. G. F. Scovill, W. O. Dunham and Captain Crossley had also put themselves to considerable trouble. They had the satisfaction of knowing, he added, that they proved all points submitted to the commission.

**The Seamen's Mission.**  
The concert given last night at the Seamen's Mission was the most enjoyable of the season. The attendance was large, and the programme thoroughly enjoyed. J. L. Jones, of the Empress of Ireland, in his solos and monologues received numerous ovations, while a large portion of the evening's success was due to his efforts. On Wednesday the 22nd inst. a recital will be held in the institute in aid of the mission. The members of the City Cornet Band have volunteered their services.

### NO. 2 SALVAGE CORPS MEN ENTERTAINED

**Pleasant Gathering Last Night at which Members of North End Corps were Guests of No 1.**

Captain William H. Turner and members of No. 2 Salvage Corps and Fire Police Co., were entertained by Capt. R. W. W. Frink and members of No. 1 Co., last night in the fire station, Union street, and the affair was one of the most enjoyable held for a long time.

A feature of the entertainment was the presence of the Band of the 3rd Regt. Heavy Brigade Canadian Artillery, under the leadership of Bandmaster F. W. McNeil. The band rendered a number of choice selections, among which was an arrangement of Scotch songs that are sung by Harry Lauder. Selections were also given by a quartette from the band.

Vocal solos were rendered by Fred MacNeill, F. T. McKean, Edward Bonnell, M. F. Kelley, Mr. Dann of Montreal, Mr. Reynolds and Mr. Mason. Roy Crawford rendered a flute solo in an excellent manner.

Refreshments were served and the happy gathering came to a close shortly after midnight.

No. 2 Corps will hold their smoker next Wednesday evening.

### THE MUNICIPALITIES AND HYDRO COMPANY

**Mr. Powell Says all Municipal Rights will be Protected, but Members of Municipal Council are not Satisfied.**

In an interview with The Standard yesterday H. A. Powell, of Powell and Harrison, solicitors for the New Brunswick Hydro-Electric Power Co., said the report in The Standard of the opposition which the municipalities proposed to offer to the application for incorporation was liable to create an erroneous impression. "Every provision for safeguarding the rights of the city and counties will be made," he said, "The bill asking for incorporation is based on a statute in force for 30 years and there is no intention of invading the rights of the municipalities. As regards opening roads and streets, the company will only proceed with the consent of the council and it will make the excavations at its own expense and to the satisfaction of the engineer."

Councillors J. K. Crosscadden and W. J. Dean, of Musquash have instructed J. King Kelley, county secretary, to see that the powers which may be granted to the company do not prejudice the rights of the parish, in so far as the waterpowers of the rivers Lepreaux and Musquash are concerned.

The municipalities do not wish to do anything which would tend to prevent the people getting cheap power, but they contend that they should have a share in the company's profits, as Montreal, Toronto and many other cities and municipalities do in the case of companies operating water powers in their neighborhood.

The municipalities contend also that no provision is made for giving the highway boards control over the operations of the company, so that they could protect the public interests.

**Death of Richard H. W. Rowe.**  
Very general regret will be felt in the death of Richard H. W. Rowe which occurred at his residence 77 Duke street yesterday. Mr. Rowe was one of the best known photographers in the city, and was widely recognized for his artistic ability in his chosen profession. He was the youngest son of the late Richard Rowe, formerly of the county treasurer's office, and is survived by his mother, his wife, formerly Miss Gerlie Rusk, and one son. He also leaves two brothers, Charles F. B., of Quebec, and Edgar A., of Glace Bay, C. B., and four sisters, Mrs. John T. Steeves, of Hillsboro, N. B.; Mrs. John F. Burton, of Ottawa; Mrs. Louis Brennan, of this city, and Misses Ella G. and Lina A. M. Rowe, of New York. Mr. Rowe, who has been in failing health since Christmas, was in the prime of life. He took an active interest in musical circles and was a member of Trinity church. Much sympathy will be extended to his family in their loss. The funeral will take place on Friday.

### PERSONAL

Mrs. W. S. Clawson, 54 Stanley street, will receive on Thursday, March 9th, from 4 to 6 in the afternoon, and from 8 to 9 in the evening.

Dr. Frank J. Flemming of the General Public Hospital staff, will leave today for a visit to New York and other American cities.

Post Office Inspector Colter arrived in the city on the Boston express last night after an official visit to Woodstock.

D. A. Fox leaves for Fredericton this evening, where he will give an organ recital in the Cathedral this evening.

John H. Case. Many friends will learn with regret that John H. Case, grocer, at 25 Waterloo street, is in the General Public Hospital and is not expected to recover. Mr. Case was admitted to the hospital only a few days ago and early this morning his condition was very critical.

### LABOUR UNIONS SNOW ACTIVITY

**In Union Ranks, in all Trades, There is Considerable Evidence of Progress — Label League Formed.**

A meeting of the Cigar Makers' Union was held in their room in the Opera House last evening, when three new members were initiated. The Union now embraces all the cigar makers in the city.

All teamsters are invited to attend the meeting in the Union hall in the Opera House this evening for the purpose of forming a union and considering the question of wages for the summer.

At the meeting of the Carpenters' Union last evening a large number of new members were initiated, and the organizing committee was instructed to continue its efforts to bring all the carpenters in the city into the fold. An open meeting for carpenters will be held in the Market building next Wednesday, and another in Carleton during the latter part of next week.

The machinists and brass workers, as well as a number of other trades are discussing the question of forming unions, and it is expected that by the middle of the summer all the trades in the city will be well organized.

Union label league, with two representatives from each union connected with the Trades Council, has been formed, and it is probable a women's label league will be organized shortly.

There is some talk of organizing a labor party. In Halifax all the papers have come out in favor of Mr. Joy, the labor candidate there, and it is likely that he will be elected without opposition from either party.

### POSTMASTERS TO ASK FOR INCREASE

**Higher Salaries will be Discussed by Canadian Postmasters, at Meeting to be Held in Ottawa.**

J. V. Bourque, of Shediac, grand president of the Canadian Postmasters' Association, passed through the city last evening en route to Ottawa where he will attend the annual meeting of the Central Committee of the association.

During the coming session many matters of importance will be brought to the attention of the committee relative to a greater efficiency in the service. The question of increased remuneration will be an important item in the programme outlined for the committee's session.

It is the intention of the Central Committee to forward to the Postmaster General a memorial embodying the demands of the association, and suggestions of postmasters throughout the provinces by which they consider improvements could be made over certain existing conditions. Previous to the meeting of the committee a synopsis of the proposed memorial was submitted to the postmasters of the provinces for consideration, desiring them to indicate such clauses as they think appropriate, or to make additional suggestions to the prescribed form.

The clauses of the memorial as it will be considered by the Central Committee are of a two-fold nature, those affecting the postmasters and those affecting at greater efficiency in the service.

In the former category the postmasters ask for an increase in salary, formation of a system of promotion, permanency of position, except in cases of partisanship, incompetency or malfeasance, inauguration of "relief system" for those desiring a holiday, petition for insurance privileges of civil servants, free transportation for postmasters with a view to fostering an exchange of practical ideas.

In the clauses which deal with the betterment of existing conditions the demand for a readable label on all magazines and periodicals; recognition of the association in the matter of dealing with complaints and grievances; that all circulars, catalogues, etc., mailed in large numbers be "routed" and securely tied in bundles, that safes be furnished for all accounting offices.

In conversation with a Standard reporter Mr. Bourque said that the proposed meeting of the committee would probably be in session for a week as there was much business to be transacted.

62nd to Visit Boston.

At a meeting of about 150 members of the 62nd Fusiliers held in the Armory last evening it was decided to make a trip to Boston in June. The men will leave here on June 16, and leave Boston to return on the 19th. While at the Hub they will be the guests of the various battalions there. They will probably take part in the celebration on Bunker Hill Day. The Fusiliers will start their drill on April 1, one month earlier than last year. Recruiting will begin during the last week in the current month.

St. John Art Club.

An enjoyable evening is anticipated by the members of the St. John Art Club at the monthly meeting to be held in their studio, 140 Union street, this evening at 8 o'clock. Following the transaction of the club's routine business, the president, W. S. Fisher will on behalf of the club make the awards in the design contests. The successful contestants are Miss Mary-Joy Taylor and Geo. T. Folly. The interest displayed in the contest has been most agreeable. During the evening the election of new members will take place, in addition to the award for the prize contest, a brief lecture on the Vatican will be given by G. Ernest Fairweather. The usual loan exhibition has been deferred until a later date and instead a select musical programme has been arranged. The customary social hour will follow the musical programme.

**New Brunswick's Greatest Shoe House**

### SOROSI'S SHOES

Henceforward we shall carry constantly in stock the favorite styles of the famous "Sorosi" shoes for women. Many of our lady customers became acquainted with this line of footwear years ago when we had the agency. The styles we shall carry are the exact same ones—styles that have never changed in the slightest since their introduction into the shoe world many years ago.



Vici Button and Laced with or without patent tips.  
**\$5.00 a Pair**

**WATERBURY & RISING,**  
King Street,  
Mill Street,  
Union Street.  
Three Stores

### Eyes Right?

You will be able to do your work better and easier if they are.  
You will get more enjoyment out of life if they are. Eye trouble shows itself in various disagreeable ways. Often headaches that won't yield to ordinary treatment are due to eye strain. Poor vision either near at hand or at a distance is directly due to defective eyes.  
It is a duty you owe yourself to know that your eyes are right or if not to make them so.  
Come in and have us examine your eyes. We will tell you what condition they are in and what they need.

**L. L. Sharpe & Son,**  
Jewelers and Opticians,  
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**An Attractive Catalogue**  
will help to sell your goods. We DESIGN, ILLUSTRATE and PRINT ADVERTISING CATALOGUES BOOKLETS, ETC. Drawings made of any subject.

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All beautifully Nickel Plated on Brass. Useful and Ornamental.

Soap Dishes  
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**W. H. Thorne & Co., Limited**  
Market Square and King Street, St. John, N. B.

**A Customer's Reasonable Wish Is This Store's Pleasure**

### DYKEMAN'S

**Feather Boas at One-Quarter and More Less Than the Regular Prices.**

There are just twelve of these to be sold at this exceptional price. They are of the very best English make and are guaranteed to be in perfect condition. They are all black.

\$6.00 Quality, Sale Price	\$4.50
\$8.00 Quality, Sale Price	\$5.98
\$10.00 Quality, Sale Price	\$7.48
\$12.00 Quality, Sale Price	\$8.95
\$16.00 Quality, Sale Price	\$12.90

Something Pretty for Spring Shirtwaists. Persian Challies, fine wool, with the popular Persian pattern, the pattern entirely covering the cloth. Two qualities 45 and 55 cents a yard. Three yards makes a waist.

**F. A. Dykeman & Co., 59 Charlotte St.**

### A Good Stove

You never hear of baking day troubles from a Cook who uses a

### Royal Grand Range

A Perfect Baker with a small consumption of fuel—has all the good features of the best stoves now in use, with patented improvements peculiar to itself.

**Have You Seen This Range?**  
We make it and supply it at a price as low as is usually asked for the ordinary make of stoves.

**EMERSON & FISHER, Ltd., 25 Germain St.**

### Marvellous Sale

—OF—  
**Black Cashmere Hosiery**  
Commencing This Morning  
**35c a Pair or 3 Pairs for \$1.00**

Having a larger stock than usual to carry over until the next season's trade we have concluded to sell a quantity at very low prices to make room for the Summer Importations of Cotton and Lisle Hose.

**Fine Llama Hose, Spliced Heel and Toe.**  
**Fine Cashmere Hose, Spliced Heel and Toe.**  
**Fine Cashmere Hose, Grey Merino Heel and Toe.**  
**Fine Cashmere Hose, Spliced Heel and Toe Ribbed Top.**  
**Fine Cashmere Hose, Lace Side, Embroidered Colors.**  
**Fine Cashmere Hose, Out Sizes, Spliced Heel and Toe.**  
**Ribbed Cashmere Hose.**

Many of the Black Cashmere Hose in this sale will be grand for the boys and girls. The greater part of them have seamless feet.

Come to this sale of Black Cashmere Hose expecting to find unusual quality at unusual price. You will not be disappointed.

**The perfect Garment depends upon the perfect pattern. Use the simplest and best. Ladies' Home Journal Patterns.**

**Use of Ladies' Home Journal Patterns means correct fitting, whether the sewer is inexperienced or expert.**

**Accuracy, Simplicity, Style. The three necessary qualifications of a pattern are found in the Ladies' Home Journal Patterns.**

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