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## THE GITANA.

## xxxvif.

## the awakening

A year had passed since the marriage or Carmen and OU ver. We may briefly summarize his time.
A few days after the wedding Morales had, acording to his sister's promise, been received n the merchant's household.
Introduced by Carmen as a protege, almost a friend, of her father's, in whom Don Jose had placed the most imple by old Le Vaillant. Indeed but for Carmen's timely intervention he would have been immediately installed as cashler and controller of the business, but his sister was too unwilling to allow the millions to Which she hoped to succeed to pass through the hands of her brother, of whose rapacity she had had only too convincling proof. So Morales found himself installed in a nondenaript but withall very com fortable position in he establishment at ingouville. In his capacity he was trented on a footing of perfect equallty by his em ployers, he set all his stock of ingenulty o work at carrying out a system of petty pilfering, on the proceeds of which he was rapidly rrowing rich. Philip and Oliver, it is almost needlens to say, had too much conidence in him, ss one of Don Jose's most trusted rill ever to dream of what was going on.
Carmen, on the contrary, had her eyes open and none of her brother's little schemes escaped much gilance. She was compelhed, however, at her brother's mercy and any exposure of his dishonesty would only lead to an exposure of the reat fraud in whioh she had so successfully embarked.
Oiver had hardly awakened fiom the happlness of his honeymoon, when he was overtaken y a misfortune which was the more cruel in as much as it was unexpected.
One day at table Pbillp Le Valllant was suddenly stricken down with apoplexy before a paring blesaling on his son.
Carmen did her best to carry off the part of a sorrowing daughter, but though her tears were both frequent and plenteous she did not this lime completoly succeed in deceiving her huxband. For the first time he was able to
penetrate the mask she knew so woll how to assume. The thoughts he real in her heart tilled him with dismay. Good God, he thought If she did not love my poor old father, whom on earth is she capable of loviag. a doubt of his wifo's able. He soon came to understand that the tenderness with which he had regarded her during the frst few months of their marriage was due merely to the admiration he felt for he beauty; nothing more. Now the dream had passed, and he was fully awake to the bitcer ness of the remorre it left behind. Remorse, for Oilver asked himseli ir be hau not commaling evil action when ho thought he was fulilling a duty ; it he really had had the right wast father, and if he had not done wrong in giving up Dinorah's confding love for the doubtrul affection of Don Jose's daughter.
"I indeed owed Annunziata a fortune," he Would argue with himself, " but I did not owe her my whole life ! I had no right to deceive for her the dear chlld whose heart I bave broken! have acted like a madman, and my unhappines in of my own maklng.
The result of such bitter reflexions as these was only what could have been expected onver's love for Dinorab, which had neve His hear exprea, blazed up nercelf onos to the Lutpy Bres land where his true love lived in retirement. "Lost to
thcughts at this time. "For what have I now to live?"
Carmen, for her part, was no happier than her husband. She was deeply hurt and enraged. Bhe had asen her hopen deoolved and her dreamas dentrojed at the same time that oliver

satisined himself therefore for some monthe with frequent visits to the house at Ingouville in order to accustom Madam Le Yailaat Lo
presence. He also pronted by these nccailons to study the turn things were only too plainly taking between humband and wife. Thus the coolness that had recently sprung up was fully known to him, and he now only awaited a ra vorable opportunity to indulge in more marked and unmistakable attentiona. The chance $h$ Since the day
 wife, oliver too had become a totally changed man. The presence of Carmen was insupport able to him, and he began to indulge his humo by taking long strolls and excursions into the neighboring country where he would brood for hours together over his unbappiness. These ab sences, at hirst fewi, and far between, bocame more and morafrequent.
The marquis was too clever a man to let such ccasions slip. While Oliver was sighing over his lost love he was entertaining Madame Le $\checkmark$ allant with his pieasant converas
In justice to Carmen howerer
hat her admirer found thit ongquent be sald his heart upon a diffecult one. She was Immensely flattered and pleased at having so great a gentleman at her feet, but she was coquetto enough to receive his attentions with assismed indifference

## xxxvili.

HEKIOAE
Oliver, on account of his repeated absence from home, did not suspect what was golng from.
On
On the other hand, the whole clty busied itself with the incessant visits of the Governor to Madame Le Vallant, and the valets of the heuse gossiped about it among themselves.
This was more than Zephyr, the old servant of the family was compromised and wes hor: in his own pride and self-respect.
"This must cease," sald he, "or else some day my young master will learn from abroad th: rumors that are circulating in his own house and the blow will be too severe for bim. I d not want this to happen. I will admenish him myself."
Then, after a moment's reflexion, Aephyr, haking his head, continued :
"Some people say that the whole truth should not always be told. What if Mr. Oliver were to if he does, the fault will not te mine and I shall have done my duty.
The same night that Zephyr had formed thi resolution, Oliver returned later than usual. He arrived Just at the moment that supper was bein ; served up.
As usual
As usual he touched with his lips the forehead - Carmen, sat down in face of her, helped her, helped himself, and after exchanging a fow in. which had become the best portion of his ex. istence, as it transported bim in spirit to!Brit tany, beside his Dinorah.
Carmen respected the sllence of her husband. She too fell back upon her thoughts and at fre. queut intervals a sigh escaped her coral lipe, whlle her great black eyes gianced at Oliver with a look of rallery and disdain.
"Poor fool," she often murmured, " incapable of appreciating the treasure which he possesses in the merchant's son, and at my feet ad senturer, tleman, a great lord, the noblest an. handsomest, the most refined of men. He loves me. He would give his escutcheon for one of my milles; his soul for one of my kisses. My dream, my useless dream, alas ! would be to set upon my brow the marquis' crown. Marquise de Grancey! oh!
And Carmen's bead would droop upon her breant.
After the repast, husband and wife retired to their respective apartments.
Zliver Into hia bed-cham in his hand, proceded door avatting his ordereber and atood at the door awalting his orders.
"Good night, old friend," sald Oliver, accord$\underset{\text { tire." }}{\operatorname{lng} \text { to }}$
Ze." duty.
Did you not hear me?" asked the young "Beg pardon, sir."

What are you wating for?"
"SIr, excuse me, but I have something parth-
cular to tell youn." cular to tell you.
"Well, speak. I listen."
Zepbyr looked perplexed.
The young man noticing his trouble, asked "It maye question of something grave?"
"that the thing is not precisely "rave, but at any rate, it bothers me."
"Tell me thent, at once, what it is ."
"Tell me thell, at once,
"My wife?" exclaimed Oliver wit
The old vaitet made an affrmative si
"Zephyr," resumed Oliver in a tone of seve
tity, "whatt do you mean ?"
yon frequently absent yourself from while tha "That is irue, but what of it ? "
"There is tais, str; while you are away Ma"I never pretended todoom her to soltude." kind-hearted for that, but do you know whom Madame receives
"How could I know, since I have never askei pleases.
"Yes, Master Oliver, but if Madame receives a certain persou too often, you shouid know it suoudn'ty, "Come, Zephyr, speak out, to whom to you
refer?" reler ?" "he Governor of the City."
"The Marquis de Grancey?"
"The Mar
"Yes, sir."
I see
Yes, sir."
I see no h
to the best haricily and it is maturals malangs "Vaillant should receive him with pleasure."
"Then his visits suit you?" Certainly
And it is all $t$
here every day?" same to you that he comes
"The Mary
"Wlthout fail. As soon as you go, he comes One would thin. As that he awaits your depar.
ture to arrive." ture to arrive.
Oinver knit
Oiver knit his brows and kept silence a mo-
ment. But recovering, he sald uith calm : ment. But recovering, he sald with calm
" If Mr. de Grancey cones when I
"If Mr. de Giancey cones when I am out,
nothing is more simple, as I absent myself nothing is more simple, as I absent myself
every evening. But tell me, Zephyr, what puts
it into your head to treat this matter at an it into your head to treat this matter as an "Because, sir, it is talked about a little more
than I like." Oliverstarted for the second time.
"Ah it is talked about ?"
"Yes, sir."
"By whom ",
" By everybody."
"By every body."
"By them more than by anybody else."
"What do they say?"
"They repeat in different ways that no doubt the Governor wululd come here more rarely if
jou remained ortener at home." "But," sald Oliver with animation, almost
with inger, "do youknow that this is a grave injury, an insuit, a blightiog taspiction thrown in to
the face of my wife?" the face of my wife?"
The old servans shook his head. "No, ino, master Oliver, nothing of the kind," safd he. "No one dreams of insulting our young
mistress. Ouly, the Cuvernor sis known as a man
who does not respect women and who does not respect wonnen and..
Oiver answered nothing.
answerd nothing.
added Zephyr ti
think ill of me for speaklug thus "you wou "11 not trary, $t$ am obliged to you. My wife is above repruach. I answer f.r her, as for myself. But I
w11: put a sop to all these rumors. Go, Zephyr, and sleep soundly, you have done your duty and Thank you again.
kised it and departed perfectly satisfied. Oh ver, left alone, dropped into an arm chair,
with a feeling of prostration. He thus soliloquized
imposed by fault. I have not fulfilled the duties imposed by the Almighty on a husband. Soli-
tude is $a$ bad counsellor and $I$ am responsible the harm It may lead my wife to commit. She to watch over her. As to the Marquis de Granced it is his trade to court Anuunziatas de Grancey, to be surprised at it, but I must defend my right. Yes, my hunor is in jeopardy. I suall figbt."
ather takiag this resolution, he was calm and slept better than he had done for many nights.
It was August. The sun poured down his fires upon the otty and the plain. Carmen, leaving the house, cirected her steps, across the garden, nity of a long avenue, and looking out outer
Havre and the sea. This kiosk was luxuriantly Harre and the sea. This kiowk was luxurtantly
furnished and had become the young woman's paradise. It was there that she liked to lounge; it was there that the marquis visited her,
breathing his tales of love. On the present ocbreathing his tales of love. On the present oc-
caston, sle had thrown herself on a divan, near
the open whindow, and was enion the open whindow, and was enjoying a sight of
the Blue summer waves. Suddenly, she heard footsteps on the sand of the alley below.
"It is he!" she murmured.

The door opened. Carmen expected the
marquis; it was Ollver she saw berore her She had not sufficient empire over herself to check a movement of surprise.
"Do I disturb
"Do I disturb you, dear friend ?" asked OHver,
" No, indeed, my friend, but I so little ex-
ected to see you; you come here so rarely."
"Is it a reproach?"
"By no means. I
our hab means. I should not wish you to change your habits of life. Do you not go out to-day?
"No. I mean thls to be a hollday for me., "A hollday."
"Which?"
"That of spending my time with you, if you
will allow." Carmen felt a thrill.
"Need I tell you," she sald, "that your resence always makes
"Theu you consent"
"Then you consent."
"How can I sufficiontly thank you."
Under the exterior of calm and courtesy, She trembled
denly make hls appearance.
Yes, my de parance. And me with your company. Come.
And she went toward the door.
"Where are you golng?" asked Oliver.
To the house, of course."
The heat is sinfing.'
O, I hardly think
hrough the wind think so. The breeze blows o go thus."
"Let us stay, then, if you wish it," murmured Carinen, falling back on the divan.
Several moments of silence followed.
The little clouds of anxlety that pas
Carmen's features did not escape Oliver
He was debating with himself how f
He was debating with himself how far these
clouds denoted the presence of evil in her She was searching some means of inducing her husband to leave the klosk. The matler If one or vital moment.
If she could draw Ollver toward the house,
the marquis' visit would seem nalural and inthe marquis' visit would seom natural and in-
tended for her husband as much as for herselr. tended for her husband as much as for herself.
If, on the other hand, the marquis came to the If, on the other hand, the marquis came to the
pavilion as usual, without being announced, pavilion as usual, without
what should Oliver think?
How was she to act
At length, he decided to use one of these ex-
edients pedients.

## (TO be continued.)

## kNOWING DOG.

"Upon returning," writes an American steamer from Leghorn to Liverpool to avold the
tailgue or the land journey. fallgue of the land Journey. On coming into
port at Marsellen we were port at Marseller we were detalned several
days, the ship's boat plying between the steamer and the shore, the harbor belng, as usual,
crowded with shlps of every nation and descriptow. On the second day after port a most mi serable, halc-starved dog after port a most mihose body was a mass of pitch, was observed terrified look around him. Much surprised at the slght of the wretched animal, the captain
exclaimed, 'Whose dog can this be ?' and th inquiry went around among the several pas-
sengers and crew. No one owned him, and the tewart, following him on deck, explained tha he had found the poor creature hidden away in an empty berth. Captain $M-$ a kind and
humane man, proposed to adopt him as one of th: ship's company, and, setting him up on his punishment for coming on board as a stowa way greatly to the amusement of the children, and cout and set him free from the pitch, making him look more respectable: and, with good living and kind treatment, Jack soon recovered his spirits and seemed, out of gratitude, to
attach himself specially to the captaln. If spoken to in any other language than English,
he would romain quite unconcer dog,' 'good old fellow,' would make him wag the Mersey River we took in our pilot. Then a sudden change came over Jact, who had been a most quiet and peaceable traveler; he grew quite excited, running up and down on the bridge and jumping up to get a look over the
side; so great was his evident excitement, the nearer we came to Liverpool, that he attracted ing our destination, and while as yet the steamer had scarcely stopped the yet the moortng being only thrown ashore, Jack was the side of the steamer and at ong bound leap on shore in a moment. 'Follow that dog.'
cried the captain to a man standing on wharf, 'and see where he goes.' Off set the breath, and after some lime returned quite out of the chase, Jack having set obliged to give over one street and down another, a quick run up the nearest road home. The curious fact was how the dog's instinct enabled him to choose out of the many ships lying round one whose
destination was Liverpool. How he came on board none of the aallors could tell ; but that he Was doing wrong he evidently knew by hid-
lay himselt away untll discorered by the

Thou of the sunny head,
With 1 liles garianded,
With llies garlanded,
o Spring in what than the blown sea-foam Whilst leaves await thy presence to unfold? The brauches of the lime with frost are gray, And all imprisoned is the crocus' gold.
Come, sweet Enchantress, come!

Though, in the sombre west,
Pale Phosphor, fronting full th
Thy violets are sepultured in snow,
Rude daisies twinkie never in the sun blow,
Enchantress, hasten soon.
White are the country ways,
And white the tangled maze,
Bare shakes the poplar on the sulting thyme;
Cold glooms the spectral mill above the
Hoarse torrents stream beneath the ivied bridge,
And lightnings strike the darkness of the
wood:
Enchantress, bless our clime.
No bloom of dewy morn,
No freshly blossomed thorn,
The day wastes drearily, through cloud and sleet;
Over the wa
The night watered meadows and stark vales
The night comes down impetuous and fleet,
And ships and cities shiver in the gales:
0 fair Enchantress, rise.
Arise, and bring with thee
The healing sunshine for the trampled grass ;
the eaves,
And shleld the swallows in the rainy hours,
The pendent flames which the laburnum heaves,
and faint scents for the wind-stirred Hac
flowers.
Enchantress, breathe and pass.
Men knew, and kissed, of old,
Thy radiant footprint on the mead or waste;
Earth kindled at thine advent - altars
burned,
And ringing cymbals bade the he
gay;
But now, in sunless solitudes inurned,
Thou leav'st the world unto reluctant day. O haste, Enchantresa, haste !
The larks shall sing again
Between the sun and rain,
The brown bee through the flowered pasture There shall b
A gurgling carol in the rushing brook
An odour in the half-unbosomed bud
And danctigg for-gloves in each fores

## CHRISTMAS IN RUSSIA.

The levellin : hand of civilization has in most countries in Europe set aside the joyous merry. making common at Chrisimas in earlier periods,
In Russia, however, the good olden times still In a great measure, prevall; for, thongh in St. Petersburg and Moscow, and other places where ancient manners and customs are wearing out In the remoter provinces of the emplre they, maintain their sway. There the Christian festiwhich prevailed on the first ing to the forms which prevailed on the first introduction of nies are considered of such importance by the majority of the Russian population, that early busy with thoughts of them all minds become the fathers of famillies begin to reflect, and to calculate how many sausages, what quantity of salted meat, how many bottles of kirsch and coming festival; whilst the women por the upon the chances of spending a right merry Christmas; they arrange among themselves whose hous they selected for the enteriain. nents, whom liey shall invite to while away would be the nost welcome guests to their own daughters, should it be their lot to celebrate the maiden festival. This last point in particular is matter for deep consideration; for the young mas festivities, which heroines of the Christtheir amusement. Meetings of friends and relaor ves are held every day during the Philltpowki, or time of Advent, to discuss these important matters, when hitter contests often ensue, to many a sugared words from the lip of nurse and tire-women, who are the diplomatists of every Russian family, have to be given.
The family whose house is selected for the
bly icclined. Long before the eve of St. Wassill the mistress of the house thus selected begins a round of visits to all the friends and relations of
the family, inviting young and old, mentioning the family, inviting young and old, mentioning
each person by name, and repeating to each the each person by name, and repeating to each the
complimentary speecnes handed down from generation to generation. On the following day the same round is made by the nurse of the family (babka posywatka), whose mission is it repeat the invitation to the young girls. Th
entry of the nurse in her anbassadorial char acter into every house is greeted with lond and joyful acclamations, and she is received with many marks of respect. While she is deliverina ler message she mentions each person several y invited, and adds the name of their place of gets in readiness for her a cup of wine, and pre pares to wheedle out of her the names of the other guests invited, those of the names of the have been rejected, and lastyy, but most important of all, the names of the young men and
young women "elected" for each other. This young women "elected" for each other. This
last question refers to the most interesting of all the customs connected with the Christmas festlvities. There is an ancient rule which de the festivities are celebrated shall chouse wher the festivities are celebrated shall choose for
each young lady a male companion called the elected." His privileges in his intercourse with the maiden are greater than those of other young men, for which he compensates by devoting himself exclusively to her entertainment The couple thus joined are called suzennyja,
and the lady of the house is expected to show and the lady of the house is expected to show
much discretion in her selections, because whatmuch discretion in her selections, because what
ever she decrees in these matters must be unconditionally submitted to by fathers and Whilst the matrons are parties themselves. among themselves, the father of the family whose house has been selected is by no means idie; he must send invitations in his own name or the guests will consider themselves slighted.
Early in the morning he calls in the swatEarly in the morning he calls in the swat-a
person well acquainted with the duties or amperson well acquainted with the duties of am-
bassador-and intrusts to him the greetings and bassador-and intrusts to him the greetings and
messages to friends and relations. The swat departs upon his mission with his highly decoparts upon baton of office in hls hand. On entering a bouse he first pronounces a short prayer before the image of the tutelary saint, and then, bowing profoundly to the master and mistress says:
"Philimon Spiridonowitsch and Anna Kar powna salute you, father Artamon Triphono witsh, and you, mother Ayaphia Nelidowna.' Here be makes a low bow, which is returned with equal courtesy, and the persons he is ad
dressing reply: dressing reply:
"We humbl
witsch and Anna Karpowua." witsch and Anna Karpowna.'
The servant than resumes:
"They have enjoined me humbly to so solicit you, father Artamon Triphonowitscb, and you, hours of Christimas evening with them, and to amuse yourselves as best may suit you, to witness the sports of the fair maidens, to break
with them a bit of bread and taste, a grain of With them a bit of bread and taste a grain of
salt, and partake with them of the roasted salt, and
Then follow the formulas which obtain in vitation until politely pressed, and eventually agreeing to come without faib,
The first evening in the house of entertainThe first evening in the house of entertain-
ment is devoted to the reception of the "fair maidens." When darkness sets in, crowds of peasants are seen assembled outside the houses
in which the great entertainments are to take in which the great entertainments are to take
place, watching for a sight of the invited guests, place, watching for a slght of the invited guests,
aud pass their judgment on the various retinues and mark how each are received. Long trains of sledges conduct the maidens to the house of their hospliable host. In the first sledge sit the maiden, her mother, and at the feet of the former ber favorite companion, generally a
poor girl of iuferior rank. In the second sledge are the tire-women, with the jewel caskets, the various sweetmeats and cakes with which the for the domestics of the provided, and presents about to visit. After these follow friends and re about to visit. After these follow friends and rebetter, for according to the length of the train is the honor and glory that redound to the house at which it stops. Each procession, as it approaches, is headed by the babk
inviter-in-chief of the family.
inviter-in-chief of the family
On arriving the guess do
On arriving, the guests do not immediately
descend from their sledges but await descend from their sledges, but await, amidst the cracking of whips, the jingling of the sledge bells, and the noise and clamor of hundreds of hostess, who, on hearing the signal, descend to the gate of the courtyard to receive them. The first greeting consists in many ceremonie, bow and salutations performed in silence, which is not broken until the partles have entered the courtyard toxether. The guests are then introduced into the house, and having prayed before with their of the saints, exchange greetings sent, and after other polite chere who are present, and after other polite ceremonies have
been gone through the new-comers are persuaded to take seats.
The young ladies thus brought together, before, at once may never have seen eacb other each other by become intimate, and address playfellow); the name "pedruz enka" (dear of the house and all the domestics they are called "krasryja diewnschki" (fair maidens). They spend the first evening in planning games for the morrow, and in ciling and guessing the
popular riddles which abound in Russia, and which form oine of the favorite pastimes of the
people. When the hour for golng to rest arrives
they are conducted to a large room in which feather-beds are spread upon the floor, and in these "the playfellows" repose during the separated so long as the festival lasts.
Next morning the whole town or village is
early in movement, and the gossips are abroad early in movement, and the gossips are abroad
to give and receive information as to the events of the preceding evening. In the festive houses, on the other hand, there is much busile and
turmoil. The nurses rise with the dawn of day to prepare the morning draught for the "fair honey, and spices; whilst the rust of the do mestics apply so freely to the new wine, which
on these occasions is dealt out to them in a liberal manner, that they are quiet unequal $t$ perform the uumerous tasks the busy housewif andisturbed tom. The "fair maidens" alone res this signal the mistress of the house, who must Dot venture to awaken them earlier, presents out. "Hollo the thil if maidens ! it is time to rise. Your elected are up long ago. They have already beaten the dust out of their coats, have
looked about them in two markets, have sold three swine, have chased about in the steppes, and have everywhere inquired for their elected.
Up, up! and now say what have been your Up, up! and now say what have been your
dreams, and who appeared to you in your The answers to these questions are listened the "fait profound attention, for the dreams of val ar considered of grave import, and are babuschka, or interpreter of dreams, in called in by the hastess to give a clear interpretation of
that which has passed through the young ladies that which has passed through the young ladles'
minds during sleep. Breakfast is now served, minds during sleep. Breakfast is now served,
afler which there is an attempt to amuse by games and sports, but these generally languish Tor the timeis drawing near when the "elected"
are to appear, and the choice which has been difference. At the appotnted hour the doors are thrown open, and a numerous procession enters, maidens by the host and the hostess as the companions they have selected for them, and to At nightfall of the second day the rest of the invited guests begin to arrive. The host takes
up his stand in the gateway to recelve them, the hosters awalts them on the doorstep, and the maldens meet them in the hall. After many
greetings and salutations the guests are at length seated in the great room, not, however, without assigned to each. Those whom the host and hostess are destrous of honoring are placed at
the top of the room. Rich old bachelors are generally seated on the right, and next to them the elder ladies of the secondary importance. If company, she is pretty sure to be selected the queen of the evening, and is led with much
ceremony to the seat of honour. The young married women are placed on the left and obdeportment the more they are admired; and mother and mother-in-law, husband and
brother, glory in the proprlety of their conduct. The suzennyja, on the oontrary, are
grouped in the corners of the rooms and are engaged in merry converse, which, however. is
carried on in an undertone, as all boisterous carried on in an undertone, as all bolsterous contrary to the respect due to the elder persons
prasent. The latter, on their part, are bound not
to interfere ones, or to interrupt their conversations.
All the guests at the Christmas festival are f fashion are banished from their garments as much as from their social pleasures. The
costume of the old-fashloned Russians is not more distinguished for its richness than for its
antiquity. In the provincial districis the son dresses as his father and as his father's father
did before him ; and even female taste and vanily venture not to introduce an innovation large beaver cap, a pelisse of sable or fox skin, a
richly embroidered kaftan butioned up the front with silver buttons, and a girille of rich called kunmatsch, is the uniform of each wealthy male guest. The married women wear the kokoschnik, a kind of head-dress made of scarlet
silk, embroldered with colored silks or pearls
aud trimmed and embroidered with colored silks or pearls
pended a white fatu or suort vell. Their dress called a whitte fatu or stort vell. Their dress man's gown, and is inade of rich gold or silver
brocade, buttoned up the front with a single row of butions; the sleeves, which are very long and
wide, are of white muslin, and a stiff muslin uff encircles the throat. A woollen cloak trimmed with sables, richly embroidered mittens, and delicate slippers with high heels, complete
the costume. Their trinkets consist of gold
chains, precious stones, and earrings of the same. These last-mentioned objects form the most important items in the dower of the rich maidens, and the lascended from mother to daughter in the same maildens" the bigher they are valued. The "falr the married women, but the rich tresses of their ribn hair, wound round with a rose-colored

## The

quantity and variety of refreshments
provided on these occasions is almost incredible. Before the arrival of the guests a large table is
placed in the middle of the room and covere with a profusion of delicacies of home growth and manulacture, as well as foreign, all served up in tin dishes and plates, and flanked with
flasks without number of the various homeflasks without number of the various home-
made liquors which are so much in favor with made liquors which are so much in favor wing
the Russians. As soon as the guests enter, they the Russians. As soon as the guests enter, hey
are pressed to partake of the good things preare pressed to partake of the good things pre
pared for them. The host presents a silver cup containing apple, raspberry, currant, or sorae containing apple, raspberry, currant, or so the guests, mentioning them by name and requesting them to drink; and when, to prove their refined manners, they make a very long resistance. he implores them at least to taste the
beverage. Tue mistress of the house in the meanwhile stands behind her "better half," accompanying each of his words with a deep
curtesy to the guest. If the latter aim at being curtesy to the guest. If the latter aim al being admired for curtesy and elegance of manner, he hand of her husband, but entreats the lady to hand it to him; then, seizing the cup, he expresses a thousand good wishes for every member of the family, und slowly tqumprint iss on , after which he is entitess. When this ceremony is gone through, the guests are
requested to partake of something more subrequested to partake of something more sub-
stantial, "something for the tooth," and the stantial, "something for the tooth," and the
bospitality of the entertainers is evinced by bospitality of the entertainers is evinced by
repeated cumplaints that their guests do not martiently bonor their cheer. To the young married women no wide or sure to find their kind hostess prepared to regale them privately in a side room with strong mead or cherry-brandy. The " fair maldons" are not allowed to partaike of the rerreshments prepared for the other guests, but each of
them is provided with a paoket of cakes, fruits, and sweetmeats, to which she applies according to her desire. The poor "elected alone are entirely exclis is gean on around them; they are expected to be nipituschtshi-i e., neither eaters nor drinkers, as it is supposed that the pleasure they enjoy th the presence of the "fair maidens" will nullify every other feeling.
When the refreshments are partaken of the guests begin to give signs of their intention to
take leave, and it again becomes the duty of the host and hostess to press them to stay. The eloquence of the latter proviny vain, masks and which are of the most primitive description, and generally rerresent bears and goats, blind beggars and clowns, perform natural dances and recite fables and fairy tales, in which they posite proverbs and playful allusions to the faults and roibles of many of the guests, and more particularly to the anxlety of the mothers to see thelr daughters suited with a desirable
"elected." No one is allowed to take amiss what is said on these occasions, provided their names are not mentioned; but should the maskers in any way overstep their privileges bound to offer them the same refreshments as other guests; If they refuse to partake of any, they are supposed to be persons of rank, and are, on departing, conducted to the gate with many marks of consideration. Those maskers who inay have only tasted a few drops of any
beverage are seized by the servants on their returning, and swun : backwards and forwards for about half a dozen times.
kind of smusement thenin to weary of this called "dish games," the most interesting entertainment of the evening. A table in the middle of the floor is covered by the babka poziwatka with a white cloth, whilst the eldest nurse in the family places upon it a dish filled with water. While this is going on the company
stand in a ring round the table, and when the arrangemests are completed, the "Pair mai men of the party, step forward and deposit their rings, bracelets, and earrings upon the table. The hostess then brings a napicin, with depositing therein all the rings, bracolets, and earrings, covers it, while the whole company
seat themselves in a circle round the table, the old nurse belng placed so as to be inmediately In front of the disb. The other nurses having then placed a few anall bits of bread, some
salt, and three bits of charcoal, on a chair close to the table, all persons present join in the to the table, all persons present Join in the
"song of the salt and the bread"" (chjehu i.
soli). This song, which has many varlations sut is essentially the same throughout Russia from the contlues of Siberia to th, frontler of Poland, is as follows
"May the bread and the salt live a hundred

## May our Emperor live still longer-slava

May our Emperor never grow old-slava
May his good courser never be tired-slav
May his shining garments ever be new-slava
Mas his good servants always remain faithful-
While this is being sung the babka poziwatka stirs the dish in which the trinkets have been plaoed, and at the conclusion of the song she
gives them all a good sbake. Other songs fol. low, prognosticating speedy marriage, the ur
expected meeting of friends, marriage with person of unequal rank, a happy life, good for
tune, riches, the fulfilmeut of a particular wish poverty, death, sickness, disappointment etc.;
and the trinkets are taken out of the dith on and the trinkets are taken out of the dish on
by one-the song that preceden the extrication
of each determin
These songs, though of a primitive character, are not devoid of grace in conception, as the fol lowing specimen will prove
slava!
And a little bird flew out from another-slava They flew to each other and kissed each othe Embraced each other with their downy wing And the good folks wonder'd and marvell'd That sparrow-hawk and dove should build their

At the end of each line the following chorus given
To him for whom we have sung it, may i turn to good! Must do without it-this cannot fall!
At the conclusion of this some games follow, which very much resemble "turn the trench-
or," blind-man's buff," etc., played by children in this and other countries. Then the guests begin for the first time in earnest to
think of retiring ; and though host and hostes are again bound to press them to stay a little longer, they are at length allowed to depart Each party, however, must be conducted to the gate with the same ceremoules as on their
arrival, and a full hour or more often elapses before the ceremony of leave-taking is gone through. Alter the withdrawal of the elde recommence their sports, which are continued until the hour of miduigh
The amusements on the following days (for omewhat from those of the first. In these diffe men take the lead. Accompanied by the ladies of their family, they go out Howards nightfall disgulsed in masks and fancy dresses, to pay
visits to their friends. The persons recelving visits to their friends. The persons receiving
the maskers treat them with distinguished polithe maskers treat them with distinguished poli-
teness and liberal hespitality even before they teness and liberal are; but when they have en deavored in vain for some time to discove them, then, they are on a given signal seized fro until they do "penance"-i. e., declare sembled in one house and have feasted to their hearts' content they all depart in company t some other house, where the rest of the night is notse and bustle of the sledges driving up and down the streets of the towns and villages during the nights that these masked visits are going on can scarcely be described, for such humbler classes, to renew old friendships and family alliances, and to give young people oppor
tunities of making acquaintance account of the retiring manners of the girls, are difficult to form during the more stald periods o the year.
The poorer people who have no rich rela tions, and are consequently never invited t seribed, amuse themselves in the streets. they perform all in merriment for whatever may be wanting in substantial cheer; and the bolder character annongst them venture sometlmey under the
leadership of a young nonla, or man of family, leadership of a young nonla, or man of family,
to fatroutuce themselves into the houses of the rich, where with their in stiks on they are per mitted to entertain the co
the hospilality of the host.

## A GOSSIP ABOUT NAMES

Readers of "The Book of Days" will remem ber, in the first volume, a collection of little ver ses brought together as "llustrations of "Rayth mical Puns on Names." Such a subject, to adi-
ligent searcher, would prove almost as endless ligent searcher, would prove almost as endless cimens gathered siluce the publication of the ubova, has been selected tor insertion in these pages, together with other fantastic exemplifcations of the furtite theine of nomenclature. It is, indeed, quite hopeless to be able to set dow
anything on sucb a milter which shall be quit new to all readers; still, one frequently falls into companies in which the very best, and even the
very oldest of such thilugs are unk nown, and we very oldest. of such things are unknown, and we
may reavonably suppose that to some of our readers inany of these will yet be new.
Lord Rockingham's becoining minister during our disputes with Ainerich, a declaratory
bill belng brought into the Ifouse of Comm ms which was judged to be to tame a measire by
the adverse party, the following distich appeared the adverse pa
in the papers
You had better declare, which you may without shocking'em,
That the nation's asieep, and the minister Rocking'em.
An old gentleman by the name of Gould havepistle to a friend to inform bim of it, and conoluded it thus
So you see, my dear sir, though I'm elghty A girl of elghten is in love with old Gould.
To which his friend replied:
A girl of eignteen may love Gould, it in true

But belfeve me, dear sir, it is Gould without
U !
Punning upon names in epitaphs has been ommon ennugh. Here are threo specimens Who killed Kildare? Who dared Kildare to Death killed Kildare, who dares kill whom he will.
ohn Penny
Reader ! of cash, if thou'rt in want of any
Reader ! of cash, if thou'rt in want of any,
Dig four feet deep, and thou shalt find a penny. The celebrated Dr. Parr attended for a short time upon Queen Caroline, to read prayers, ete.
His place was af.erwards supplied by a gentle. His place was af.erwards supplied by a gentle-
man of the named of Feliows. Upon which the

> There's a difference between

Dr. Parr and the Queen;
For the reason you need not go far
The doctor is jealous
Whom the Queen thinks much above Par
On being told that Bishop Grodenough was appointed to preach before the House of Lords, a

Tis well enough that Coodenough
Before the Lords should preach
Before the Lords should preach
or sure enough they're bad envush
He undertakes to teach.
When the above most respectable prelate was made a bishop, a certain dignitary, whom the ing asked by a friend how he came not to be
he new bishop, replied: "Because I was not Groodenough." This pua is perfect in i We have somowhere met with the followting which is more in the style of word-twisting of ur modern burlesque writers. It is on the bauk

## That Homer should a bankrupt be

If not so very old be true, as I'm instructed,
So Ill-he-had his books conducted.
The pulpit has been not seldom occupied my conflrmed punsters. The following cases name-punnin :. At Belford election once, Mr. Mr hitebread and Mr. Howard of the former party, during the heat of the election, on Sunday morning took first his text.
"Are not two sparrows sold for a farthing?" in order to draw from it this encouragement to his friends : "Fear ye not, therefore;

A clergy man of the name of Friend, who had it doubtrul whether it might not be regarded as a simonlacal contract, was imprudent enough to ask a nelghboring clergyman to preach for him on This clergyman, who remonstrated with him in the course of the negotlation, being hutuorously inclined, to the great consternation of the new Incumbent, sitting in the desk below him, chose
for his text : Friend, how camest thou in hiThe story of Dr. Mountaln and the witty Charles II. Is strongly characteristic of the shopric being vacant, Charles happened to ask his chaplain, Dr. Mountain, whom he stould appoint. "Why, sire," says the latter, "it yout Majesty had but faith. I could tell yout whom."
"How so," said the king, "if I had but fallh? "Why, in that case," sald the doctor, "your moved into the sea."
of England and Sixth of Scot Iand was, as every oue knows, not remarkabli,
for vigor and steadiness. Having heard of a ta mous preacher who was very witty in his ser
mons, and peculiarly so in his choice of texts, he ordered this clergy man to preach before him With all suitable gravity, the learned divine gave first and sixth in the latter part of the verse 'He that wavereth is inke a
driven by the wind and tossed
The Cavallers, during the Protectorate. wer accustomed in their libations to put a crambo
bread into a glass of wine, and bef $y$ they drank it, say : "God send this Crumb-well Southey, in his Life of Wesley, cites a pass age from Fulter's "Grave Thonghts," which sabjects cannot always exclude thix punning pro pensity. "When worthy Master Hern, famous
for bis living, preaching, and writing, lay on his for bis living, preaching, and writing, lay on his
death-bed (ric.t only in goodness and chiddren) his wife made such womanish lamentations what should become of her little ones? ' Peace !解, kaid he; that God who feotech th sured as light by some, wbserved by other, a prophetical ; as indeed it came to pass that they were all well disposed of.

The trivial prophecy which I heard," writes Lord Bacon "when I was a chlld, and Queen
Elizabeth was in the flower of her years, was

> When Hempe is spun, England's done;

Whereby it was generally concelved tbat afte the princes had reigned which bad the principa Ietters of th it word Herape (which were Henry,
E Iward, Mary, Philip and Elizabeth) Eugland whould come to utter confusion; which, thank be to (God, is verified in the change of the name
for that the king's style is now no more of land, but of Britain."
puns, yet the names of things as well as persons enut, many years ago, an anonymous writer deolared his objection to our gold coin, the sovonsign. "We need be careful," sald he, "of not mon expressions concerning it. How strangely the following must sound to any loyal ear: : I mave got a dreadfully bad sovereign'_' I wish I
cou't change my soverelgn'- I am sure the severelgn I have got is not worth twenty shil-
"lags." And how "ngan." And how many of Her Majesty's most m. ads freely, must cordially and daily wish to
have more soverelgns than one And to the friends of monarchy, we may be just as certaln that every person in Her Majesty's dominlons would rather have one than none."
About nfty years ago, an thent About nfty years ago, an ingenious writer conWributed several stanzas to a magazine with an
ciject thus expressed at the conclusion of them

I hope you'll acknowledge I've made 1 quite clear
The line of the argum contraries.
The line of the argument he adopts to support
his somewhat fanciful theorf will be sufflelently his somewhat fanciful theors will be suffly
laid bare by the following specimens:
Mr. Baker's as mute as a fish in the sea
Mr. Baker's as mute as a fish in the sea
Mr. Miles never moves on a journey; M-. GOtobed sits up till half after three
Mr. Makepeace was bred an attorney
Mr. Gardener can't tell a an attorney
Mr. Wilde with timidity draws back;
Mr. . Yyder performs all his dourneys on foot; 13
EMr. Foot all his journe's on horseback. To the student of nomenclature, the following medey, condensed from an article which ap-
peared in a weekly paper full forty years back, will be acceptable
Put away chronology-" a ig for your dates,"
as a punster would say-and soe confusion the world would be in about the heroes and sages of antliquity, by a reference to the
door-plates in the metropolis at the prosent at Paddington; Ce, Homer is a coal-merchant at Paddington; Cossar, a grocer and tea-dealer in Cripplegate; Alexander makes trumpets
near Leadenhall; Regulus is a toy-man in Newport Street, Long Acre; Nero keeps an hotel at the west tad of the town; and Cato the Elder Hill; Mars is a leather-dresser in Snownelds;
Bacchus is a manufacturer of decanters and Baochus is a manufacturer of decantors and
wineglasses in Thames Street; Thomas wineglasses in Thames Street; Thomas a
Becket is an attorrey in Bond Street; the Admirable Crichton is physician to the Emperor or All the Russias.
ized by the Bard of Avon, one would perbats bIzed by the Bard of Avon, one would perhaps b
surprised to flud the the blind Lear an optician in Fetter Lane, while Edgar sells ale in Fen ohuroh Street, 'Macbeth and his wife ere set up In a frutt-stall in Vinegar Yard, Drury Lane
the melancholy apothecary in Warwlick Street, Golden Square:
Angelo is celebrated as a fencing-master in the Angelo is celebrated as a fencing-master in the
Albany; Romeo, having been promoted to a Albany; Romeo, having been promoted to
captaincy, is beating up for volunteers in the
ceause of liberty; Paris is in full practice as a cause of itberty; Paris is in full practice as a
popular physiclan. Otway is major-general in the army; Milton breaks in horses in Piccadilly; Rowe and Waller are in partnership as sta-
tloners in Floet Street ; and Isnac Newton flourishing as a linen-draper in Leicester Square Alexander Pope, made stralght and fattened up,
acts traxedy at Drury Lane ; Addison sells acts tragedy at Drury Lane; Addison sells
globes in Regent Street; Richardson and Swift keep lottery-offices in the City; Congreve's pioces (which continue to go off remarkably
well) are caunon, not comedies; and Farquiar instead of a poor author is a rich banker in St. James' Street. Gay, "in wit a mana, simpliCowley is a blacksmith; Phillips is poetical only In his prose ; Prior till very lately was an en-
sign of the twellh regiment of foot; Collins, Inslgn of the twelth regiment of foot; Collins, In-
stend of odes, makes glass chandeliers; Butler grinds Greek, at Harrow; and Cowper may be
geen writing his "Task" at the table of the seen writing his "Task" at the table of the
House of Lords any day during the sitiling of parliament.

## THREE OF A TRADE;

## or, red litilli friss rringle.

by the latif fitz-janis o'brien.
The city was muffled in snow, and looked as
calm and pale and stately as a ermine robes. It was night, and the tinkling of innumerable sleigh-bells made the frosty air
musical. The sletghs themselves sped sillently through the streets, palnted blackly against the toms winging theyr passed, ike so many phan Brocken Mountains.
The last draught of porner grocerles were shut. over the counter. The last had been qrained home to his trembling wife. The red, unghole
nome light that fared over the doer had been extunguished, and the bar-keeper In the bleak sheltoratrorded by the projecting in Greenwich \&treet, close to where"that tho roughfare nears the river, and huddled, 'up
against the alde of the large ooal-bin that stood
hamped and padlocked on one side of the en-
trance, two little nguren wero visible in the dim
glimmer of the night. Two little children they were, siting with their cold arms embracing
each other, their chill cheoks pressed together, into the blank street
Down by the wharves they saw the tall, slender masts of ships piercing the sky like the serried lances of some band of gigantic Coslights stlll shone, and the air rang occasionally with the voice of a drunken sailor, who, from some friendly door-step, where he had involun-
tarily cast anchor, chanted his experiences of a tarily cast anchor, chanted his experiences of a
young West-Indian lady of color. who reyoung West-Indian lady or
joted to the hortloultural
Presently a mystic music seemed to fall from the arched skies upon the city. It was the chimes from old Trinity ringing the Old Year
out and the New Year in. The thrilling note of the changes following each other in measured Hlow, vibrated through the air like music made
by the feet of marching angels. They jubllantly by the feet of marching angels. They jublantid
seemed to scoale the slope of heaven. The wild melodious clangor floated over the great silent city. Myriads of aerial Moors, clashing thel The clock was trembing on the stroke of twelve, and Time had one foot already in the territories of the New Year.
"Tip, listen to the bells," sald one of the two awning, speaking in a faint, though clear voice, like a bell heard in a fog, "llisten. It is time for Kriss Kringle to come
herefrom but a low plaintive "' ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{m}$ hungry Binnle." but a low, plaintive " 1 'm hungrs, "So an
heeriness, as it his heart was a considerable distance, and could communicate only very faintly, "But let us wait. Perhape Kriss Kringle
will bring us something nice. What would you Will bring us som
like most, Tip?
""Coffee and cakes wouldn't be bad," sald Tip, hesitatingly, as if rather afrald of the conse-
quences if he allowed his imagination to run quences if he a
away with him.
"Or
and peach pie," sugt beef, rare, with potatoes Binnie, "just guch as mother used to give us Bn Sunday. Poor mother!",
"What are we gotng to do to-morrow Binnie,
"oget some money?"
"Shovel snow off the stoops," answered
Binite, resolutely. "We'll go into Union Square Binnie, resolutely. "We'll go Into Union Square
early, and ask all around at the houses whether they want the sldewalk cleared. Some of 'em
are sure to give us a quarter; ffty cents, and then wouldn't ; we have a time!", mother what fun we used to have on New Year's," said poor little Tip, creeping up closer Hing very cold, and a few large snow-nakes com-
menced falling straight down from the fleecy sky, white as the manna that fell in the desert,
but, alas! not so nutricious.
"Oh golly! yes. What
Oh golly ! yes. What a good mother she was to us, and what things we used to find in
the old stocking that she gave us to hang up! that she's dead d come to us any more now come down the chimuey, Tip, or if 'twas only make-believe."
"I don't know," sald Tip. "I watohed ever as many nights, but somehow I always fell got into the stocking. I used to dream, though, all cored with A in his cap, and a little sword by his side. And he used to smile at me, and say, "Tip, will you stocking for you?" and then I used to promise; and when I had promssed I used to hear music
sounding all through the house, a great deal finer than the muslc we heard when we went to the
circus, Binnle; and then Kriss Kringle would
 go clean up the chimney out of sight, like a red
cricket. Ah! how cold it is, Binnie, and how hungry I am. Tell us a story,",
The wind arose in the north,
upon the city with a savage howl. ande down now-flakes fled before him into every angle and nook, like terrifled white birds trying to hide themselves from some vast-winged, screaming falcon. They thrust themselves into the crev-
ices of the windows, and between the slats or ices of the windows, and between the slats of
the window-blinds; they got under the sills of the doors. They left the centre of the streets,
and fiew mady into the gutters; they huddled themselves into the dark corner where Tip and Binnie were cowering, ran up the legs of their frail shirt-collars and their cold little necks. It was a fierce, biting, seratching wind of prey, ind poor Binnie
Just as the pair of vagrants had drawn closer together, and Blnnie was trying to stop his two the thread of the story that the patient little
two faint was about to tell his brother, they hear whistie, sounding close to them moon and into the dim twillight they beheld a dwarfish figure standing on the sidewalk, moaning and waving its arms. It seemed to be a littie man with gold lace, and wearing a little cap, in which Woas stuck a long feather, that was bent nearly the length of a :ead-pencii, dangledd, at his
side.
"O Blnule!". whispered Tip,", "the Kriss

Kringle come again. I know him. He used to
look exactly like that in my dream. I aln't look exactly like that in, my dream. I ain't
afrald of him." Are you ?"
"Not a bit", answered Binnle "He loiks a
"Not a bit," answered Binnie. "He looks a nomething."
The little man on the sidewalk seemed very uneasy. He waved his long arms continually,
took off his little cap every now and then with a quick jerk, as ic he were making a series of abbreviated bows to the two littleg vagrants, and hen hopped about, moaning the same shrill and "Binnie, I think bis
Be and lie down he's cold; let us ask him to come and Me down with us and warm himself,"
said Tip. "You know, in all the falry books, if you trgat
wishes."
Whatever Binnie may have thought of the
suggestion of warming any thing by putting it suggestion of warming any thing boy putting it
close to two such little ielcles as himelf and close to two such 1 litle iclcles as himself and
his brother, the latter part of the speech seemed oo strike him as containing a felicitous idea. could, he sald,"Kriss Kring
with us, and we will warm you?" The little red-coated man made no reply to this hospitable invitation, but danced and shivered, and moaned, a
time in succession.
"Come, Kriss Kringle," continued Binnie,
beckoning to the dwarr, "، come in out of the
Maybe he don't speak English, Binule, suggested the imaginative Tip.
This was a new view of the
began to consider within himself whether, by some inspiration of the moment, he might not
suld suddenly master the particular forelgn tongue With which their new friend was acquainted,
when suddenly the little man made a sulft leap when suddenly the little man made a swift leap and landed right in Tip's lap.
" Why, Blunie !" cried Tip, "Iu's not Kriss Kringle after all, it's only a monkey !"
Sure enough, it was a monkey ; a poor, shiverlng, little Brazillan, with pleading eyes and soft, sliky bands, and. dangling from a belt round his waist told his story. The eternal organ in the street; the switch that scored his back at home ; the cruel pinches to induce politeness, when wondering schoolboys proffered thelr hoarded coppers; the
melancholy pantomime of sprightly gratitude melancholy pantomime of sprightly gratitude
which was taught with blows, and performed Which was taught with blows, and performed
in fear and trembling. Poor little runaway in fear and trembling. Poor le tie runaway
Poor little vagrant! He seemed to know that he had found brothers in misfortune when be thrust his timid, silky paw in Binnie's hand,
and laid his little hairy face against Tip's

The children vied with each other in atten. tions to the poor little wanderer. I do bellove moment, hungry as he was, he would have given it to his red little Kriss Kringle. The boys
placed him between them, and tried to suuggle placed him between them, and tried to suuggle to them as if he really loved them. His littie hand found Its way Into Tip's shirt bosom

- if that collection of discolored tatters which he wore beneath his Jaoket could be called a shirt, - and laid just over his heart. The
poor vagrants kissed and fondled their pet; and, God help them ! were almost happy for the time.
Meanwhile, the snow drifted and drifted right under the shed where the vagrants lay. It began to pile itself up about tem on all sides,
and it clung to every projection of their perwind swooped at them under the shed-sill, llke the wide-winged, shrinkiug falcon,-as if it away to its bleak nest to feed its unfledged tom pests. Closer and closer the three houseless creatures drew together, until a great drowsi-
ness fell upon them, and the sough of the storm sounded fartier and farther off, and sleep and Then a dream cain
litle Kriss Kringle to Blinnie and Tip. Red Iithle Kriss Kringle jumped up suddenly from
his rest in their bosom, clad in the brightest inery. A wondrous white egret's plume waved in his cap, and be wore a breastpate of diasoms of the wild Lobelia, and his sword was
hilted with gold. Then be said to the boys,
"Boys, we gold. Then he said to the boys,
Boys, ye have bet very kind to me, and shel-
tergd me when it was cold, so now ye shall where ye shall dule in the sunshine for ever and

Then he led them down the wharf near by, ships, they found a beautiful golden boat, so bright with many-colored flags that it seemed from the sky. Fairy musle sound rainbows the sails were set, and they sailed and sailed and salled untll they landed on the sweet Southern
shore.
There they found strange trees with leaves of salin and fruit of gold. Wonderfu birds shot like stars from bough to bough. The rivers
sang like musical instruments. From the limbs of the trees trailed brilliant tapestries of orchideous flowers, which with their roots in the air, sucked the sunlight tnto their secret velins, until their blo
of Day.
Here red little Kriss Kringle led them to the andimade them lie down while he fed them with
fully on their heads. The birds sang their blossoms on them, as they dropped off to sleen weary with delight, untll they reposed ben ath wher of scented snow.
When the first day of the New Year dawned, and the grocer's boy came from his bed behind the flour-barrels to take down the shatters. Le saw a mound or snow close by the side of the
coal-bin. He brought the shovel to take it coal-bin. He brought the shovel to take it
away, and the frst stroke disclosed the three away, and the first stroke disclosed the three
little vagrants lying stark and stifi, enfolded ti each other's arms.

## A FREE LUNCH

The "Free Lunch," one of the " institutions" America, is provided with unusual liberality Mr. Bright's ideal free braak fast table. Its freedom consists in this-that the consumer does not pay for it . I have heard of ordinaries in the old country at which dinner was given gratis, but yon were expected to order a bottle of wine,
the price of which was made to cover the cost people who tried to get the better of the Exclse
per by selling you a straw, and at the same time making you a present of a glass of something to
drink. The enjoyment of my free lunch is not drink. The enjoyment of my free lunch is not embittered by the reflection that there is any
such dodge about it. My digestion is not im. such dodge about it. My digestion is not im
paired by qualms of conscience. I have defrauded no one. I have eaten of the best, I am satisfifed, and I am welcome. I pay for $m y$ Orleans equivalent, and not a good one, for b.sum as should expend for suchachy hos if took them at a time when no lunch was going on, or if I ate nothing. And the best of it 18 , that if I have no money in my pocket to driuk
withal, I may eat my fill, and no one will say me nay.
The Free Lunch is spread in symposiums the like of which are unknown to you. Your pewter covered bar, with a fat pubilican be hind ith
wheezzug in an atmosphere of stale beer and
s. sweet biscuits, or your refreshment saloou, res with chignons, are nothing like them. A spaclous room, with little or no ornament about it, array of counter dors leading from the street, a ions bottles behind it, a long array of white aproned and snowy-shirted attendants, defly mixing
"drinks" between the two, aud dispensing "drinks" between the two, aud dispensing
crushed ice lavishly in bright copper scoops, as Bank unlimited, and you are tating the pro Bank unlimited, and you are taking the pro-
ceeds of your cheque for two millions, in dis-monds-that is a New Orleans drinking bar. At a side table stands all day long a supply of bread
butter, crackers, cheese, pickles, dried ham and beef, and orser seacks, at the mercy of all comers; but from 10 A.M. to mid-day is spread a trussied board, groaniug under a substanilal
repast. Oyster soup, when those bivalves are in Gulf) turkey, ham beef, und mution Mexioan boiled, in abundance ; vegetables ad lib., a derterous carver to slice for you, and no oue to cry more. This is the free lunch.
But do respectable people go into bar-rooms? There was a time in the history of New Orleans when refusal to "take a drink" was an ingult calling for satisfaction by sword or gun. Eved
now it is hard work to get an excuse accepted A vast amount of business is done in the streel -Carrondelet-street especially, and I may sol oil cake is bought or shlpped wilthout the trans-, action being solemnised by "taking a drink." Dry bargains are forbldden by a sort of unwrit ten Statute of Frauds. Hawkin $\times$ and Santinl are notaries public unenrolled. These bar-rooms ara
unacknowledged offices, but many a good barunacknowledged offices, but many a good baled
gain is made before them every day, and seale gain is made before them every day, and sealrsty
with "a drink." Politicians also are a thirst race, and must be prepared to treat largely glass of whisky fluence is not to btralght" as a persuasive in known as "lobbyiag," though it owes its nane to the lobbies of the Legislative Chambers, is now carried on, for the most part, in the nearest bar-room, where the dusky conscript fatuer
who now rule Louisiana settle many of the affairs of the country-let us hope for the counlity's good-over drinks. Now, as cotton and porb nineteen-twentieths of the populalitics absorb nineteen-twentietias of the popula-
tion, the question which heads this paragraph is answered. The gravest of the grave may be to hisoing into a drinking bar willoakes an $u$ nsteady exit therefrom, though it should be in broad daylight, is not thought the worse of od
that account. In short, libations to Bacchus are tolerated at present in New Orieans mucla as they were with us at home when the prese
contury was in its teens; only the altar is set up in the bar-room instead of on the dinnerwhisky) has ousted the monopoly for providins the saerifice formerly enjoyed by the grape. Little or no drinking takes place at or aftor
dinner, or in private houses. It is all done openly at the bar
What is "a drink?" In one sense of the ques-
tion it is fifteen tlou it is ifteen cents, of about sevenpence-no
matter of what it be compounded. Ask for whisky, rum, gin, sherry, straight-i.e. raw
for a oberry cobbler, mint julep, Santa Cr
punch, Calauba squirt, cock-tall of any composition, lemonade, or what you will-it is a
"drink," and its cost is fifteen cents. Ask for anything "straight" or to be mised by yourse and no measured ration is served you; the
bottle is handed, and you pour at your own weet will At some bars where at your own ent free lunch is served up-stairs to the habi${ }^{\text {tufs }}$ of the place, "a drink" is twenty-five cents. Before the war the universal tari
eents. Brandy, in any form, is extra.
Igures 191,000 . roms and at least another 400 institutions such as groceries, coffee-houses, \&c., whereln Hquor may be had unknown to the city assessors. childrent aside as nondrinkert (emperance folk, sick (such as women ike) only one half the population, and there is One liquor shop for every elghty thirsty souls. Of the 800 legitimate bar-rooms, I should
say that 500 are within a half-mile circult of Che Clay statue-the centre of business in New
Orleans. I know of one point within this zone from which you can count fourteen bar-rooms lo m which you can count fourteen bar-rooms
In 230 yards. And they all give free lunches ! ping a bad business in that sordid sense of the adjective which would imply that it does not pay? I am afravd it is one of the best, to that respect, we have; and it is appalling to think
or the number of drinks that must be taken to seep it up. Such a meal as is provided as a
"free lunch", at a first-class bar-room, if had at a restaurant, would cost at least a dollar. Take the profts of "a a drink" at five cents, and it very free luncheon, to make things balance on this item, but with rent, wages, Itcense, and stock-in-trade yet to be provided for. The rent
of a well-situated bar ts not less than 10002 . a ear-its outgolngs about 40l. a day. I know or one which, even in the bad times which followed
the " late unpleasantness" with the United States, made 75,000 dollars clear proft in But let
But let me return to the free lunch. This is soll $1 \cdot 1$ which it has been gradually developed. Attempts were made to transplant it in New It is like the British C metitution-a thing o checks and counter-checks, held together by
compromises and regulated by unwritten laws as vague as they regulate respectable. Like Topsy stung by competition, added to the universal crackers and cheese, by way of attracting cus-
tom. Great are the powers of competition ! Once upon a time, rival coaches on the Brighton but gave only carried passengers for nothing, the bargain. So wilh the free lunch. Compe-
uthors follow into titors followed sult, and gradually something Was and something else, and something else Was added to the repast unt11 we find it what it Other condition in its favour is the absence in eve Orleans of the 'rough,' as you have him
over the water. We have plenty or rough people, but no roughs suoh as would ren ier a simiof all sorts is also so well paid that the class hat might rain it by abuse does not exist-or at any rate does not unfairly use its privilege.
I am told that free lunch obtains in San Frin. am told that free lunch obtains in San Frin.
isco ; but with this exception it is not to be found, as I have described it, out of New Orle-
When the moral philosopher has discussed tur soup, his slice of sheep.head, and his help of
arky and has, let us hope, taken the customtudying the natural history of the free luncher Here is the man of business, whose work has Cailed him so early from his dwelling that he gas not had time to breakfast. He has "struck" go rd thing (say in ollcake) that morning, and
is in high spirits. With a friendly nod at the tir-tender, whom he knows, he pitches in hasand trembling hand denote that he has earned his lunch over-night, but who lacks the appeohoicest monsels are piled on his plate, from Which he picke halr a mouthful or so, and then retires to the bar for a brandy-squirt. Loafng
about the doors and in corners are individuals Who are walting on Providence; i. e. . .ar the
entrance of some one who will st ind treat of a
dink Trink, and so entitle them to a place at the table Which they are sby of taking. The delight of
these people to see you about midday, the in-
teret and welfare. f your family is only appeased by an welfare if your family, is only appeased by
" It 9 "ulry on your part as to what it shall be. he "Jolly dog" who, without a cent in his pocket, takes his lunch with the condidence that
he has paid for it over and over again in the past; and the hope that he will put it all back, cocktall hase ha the future. Many a cliampagne again when luck comes round. The chances are
that the bar-keeper himself will treat him tout for drinke does, but he scorns so the great a favorite
to the regular free luncher a temperate person, who eats his dollar's worth, takes
his ofteen conts of liguor, $\mathrm{H}_{\theta}$ is that he has patronized the establishment. If $_{\text {is }}$ is difficult to please as those supporters this hungry-looking man in seedy black, who haps apart eyelng the smoking viands? Per-
grated clerk, or schoolmaster, or artist, emi-
knows nothing whatever about what he recommends) has told that he is sure to find employwandering about for days in search of it, in vain. If he could roll cotton bales on the levee he might earn his three dollars a day ; but he has not strength for this. By the sweat of his bralns alone he can live, and there is no brain work to be got. Some one has told him of free lunches, and hunger has so far got the better or pride as
to drive him past the doors. He has plenty or to drive him past the doors. He has plenty of hint. Now we see the free lunch in its noblest aspect. The carver catches his eye, and with a wave of bis long glittering blade beckons him to the table. No questions; no "Well you can have some this time ;" no dole fiung at him in
charity (?). The carver calls him "sir," and is as attentive as though he were a millionaire Our poor friend not only lunches, but br fasts, dines, and sups that day like a lord lunch that the luncher who is first "through" (to use the vernacular) should go and order everybody, and so few lunch alone: indeed, it is almost an offence against propriety to do so. It is amusing to note how slow some are over their last plece of celery or salad; to observe with What care they pick up the last crumbsor their re-
past, though they inight be rehelped, or help themselves to a fresh supply. And this, not through what we call meanness (American mean and English mean are different qualities); but out
of that love for getting the better of your neighbor in small matters which is common to both sides of the Atlantic. Meanness is not a Southern vice. The man who is scraping his plate over yonder to gain time and escape paying for
drinks will stand bottles by and by with pleas are, only he llkes to do the "smart " thing just
und now. There are, of course, exceptions. "Dead beats," who liquor, and smoke, and chew all
day at other folks' expense, are to be found ; but a lavish liberality in "standing," an eagerness to be the first to say "Will you join
me? " is the rule. "Will you join me?" does not mean paying half. A stranger never pays for drinks in America.
england in the olden time.

The fifteenth century, especially, was cele brated for its great feasts, at which the con-
sumption of provisions was enormous. The bills of ex pases of some of them have been preser ved. In the sixthy year of the relgn of Edward V. (A D. 1468 ), George Neville was made Arch.
bishop of York, and the account of the expendlture for the feast on that occasion contains the following artcles:-Three buadred quarters wheat, treee hundred tuns or ale, one hundred and four oxen, six wild bulls, a thousand sheep three hundred and four calves, the same num ber of swine, four hundred swans, two thousand geese, a thousand capons, two thousand pigs, four hundred plevers, a hundred dozen of qualls, two hundred dozen of the birds called "rees," a hundred and four peacocks, four thousand mallards and teals, two hundred and four cranes, two hundred and four kids, two thousand
chickens, four thousand pigeons, four thousand crays, two hundred and four bitterns, four hundred herons, two hundred pheasants, five hunhundred curlews, a thousand egrettes, more than ave hundred stags, bucks, and roes, four thousand cold venison pasties, a thousand "parted" dishes of Jelly, lhree thousand plain dishes of jelly, four thousand cold baked tarts, nfteen
hundred hot venison pastins, two thousand hot hundred hot venison pasines, two thousand hot
custards, six hundred and eight pikes and breams, twelve porpoises and seals, with a proportionate quantityiof splces, sugared dellicactes William Warbam as Archbishop ef Canter of in 1504, the twentleth year of the reign of Henry VII., a feast was given for which the followIng provisions were purchased:- Fifty-four
quarters of wheat, twenty shillings' worth fine flour for making wafers, stx tuns or pipes of red wine, four of claret wine, one of chotce white wine, and one or white wine for the kitchen, one butt of malmsey, one plpe of wine of Osey, don ere six of Kontish ale and twenty on ale, six of Kentish ale, and twenty or
English beer, thirty-three pounds' worth of spices, three hundred lings, slx hundred codfish, seven barrels of salted salmon, forty fresh salmon, fourteen barrels of white herrings, twenty cades of red herrings (each cade contalning six hundred herrings, which would make a total or twelve thousand), five barrels of salted sturgeons, two barrels of saited eels, six hundred fresh eels,
eight thousand whelks, five hundred pikes, four hundred tenches, a hundred carps, eight hun. dred breams, two barrels of saited lampreys, lamperns, a hundred and twenty-frear soltel lamperns, two hundred great roaches, a quantity of seals and porpoises, with a considerable quantily of other fish. It will be understood at once that this reast took place on a fish day. This habit of profuse and luxurious living seems to have gradually declined during the sixteenth
and first part of the meventeenth century, until it was extingulshed in the great convulsion which produced the interregnum. After the Restoration, we find that the table, among all
classes, was furnished more soberly and with plainer and more substantial dishes, -Our own plaines

SONG OF THE PEN.

Hurrahs and bravos for the Pen: The gods ne'er gave to thinking men A prize of higher worth
uments adorn the land, Its monuments adorn the land, Come smiles and tears at its command

Its sceptre rules the earth.

## And oh, how dazzling is the dower

 Of Genius in that triumph-hour, Inflames his heart and brain And conquers death, despair, and time Etherealized by dulcet rhyme,With eyes deep sunk and visage long, He coins his health and strength in song Whose praises he adores? Ambrosial seems his feast on air He glories in a garret bare,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8 \text { on sorrow, sups on care, } \\
& \text { And dr ams on barren flo }
\end{aligned}
$$

And yet thou art a glorious thing, World-moving Pen, and wonder's spring. Czar, kaiser, emperor, nor king
Like thee an army owns. First in the vanguard of the fight Where streams the banner of the righ That shame the blaze of thrones

The soldier girds his baltle-blade, In gorgeous panoply arrayed, But thine shall be a humbler trade Thine is the grandeur of the mind, In heavenly melodies enshrined Sun-robed, radiant, unconfined,

The all-victorious Pen
Proud Science boasts its wizard skill And courier engines whistle shril The Press, the fulcrum of the free glen. Hath raised from dust the toil-bent knee But these would only useless be
Without the mighty Pen

Jove's daughters own the regal sway, And Painting, Sculpture, Music lay

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Thy throne their gariands } \\
& \text { Thy fama } .
\end{aligned}
$$

By thee those preclous boons of heaven Stern Justice mither-1sle are given-

And Freedom's holy star.
Hall, poet's pen : Thou may'st aspire To kindle souls with living fire

Thy burning sparks along. Apollo's chaples sun or blooming And, oh, I would be one of those

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { In would be one of those } \\
& \text { In }
\end{aligned}
$$

AN OLD MAN'S DARLING

## IN TWO CHAPTERS.

## Chapter i.

## bTHEL's FIRST CONQUEET.

The churchyard at Hawkshaw, in Kent, 1 one of the prettiest in England. Thirty years taking advantage of certain abrupt inequalit of ground ; planting shrubs of cheerful character to the exclusion of yews and weeping-willows causing the gravel-paths to wind sbout instead of intersecting the lawns at right angles ; and encouraging the practice of converting graves seemed like being buried so much as being planted out, and the grave is robbed of much $\rho$ or I speak of the beauty of this
te present tense, because it is churchyard in nhuch care now as when the late vicar was the proprietor, not a tenant of it; but it was only recently laid out, and the roots of the young trees had hardly got fairly hold of the soil on the fine October afternoon when Dr. Antrobus very learned, very ingenious, Dery clear-headed and very young; as young as a man well could olne have taked degree of doctor of med averring solemnly that he called him Faust second ceatury, but had drunk a rejuven his potion, some witch's put-me-back; and it was certainly difncult for the ordinary learner to imagine how he could have acquired so much success sake, without any thoued science for its own rame. Possessed of a small property, which practice him independent of profession, privat him which it is to most medical men, and he
country town, with a small, poor, and healt. is devote to the ologies.
Had he, however, been ever so desirous o trobus could have attalned it. He whether An. very highly of at hospitals; more than one learned society courted him ; high-class medimanuscripts as phical ${ }^{2}$ as bant was modest, diffident, hesitating ; and he was not a ladies' man.
It was on the third day of his arrival that he hand; for when he so ind himselfin a new in of the earth, he was like a schoolboy alone pait and in cutting a at keephis fingers off the orust and in cutting a pathway on the side of a hl: character there bexprom ror interestin; how it got there. by a slight stoop, the result of studious haibt: which had likewise compelled him to woar spectacles; he had a benevolent expressino of onlenance, and a broad winter, grubbing in the fields, dredging at sea, or at a patient's bedside; and consisted of shep.
herd's plaid trousers ; black tail-coat and waistcoat ; spotted silk handkerchief, twisted bow, which was his neck, and tied in a little sometimes under the other, never straigh ear, shirt coliars, intended to stick up, but not suc ceeding very well ; and a chimney-pot hat in need of brushing, and worn too far baok on his
head. But he was as clean, though not so sleek as a cat.
Mattock the seological luck that afternoon, for evealing secrets of subsoll Mga grave, and so preted the interest taken by the stranger in his " It will
"It will be a dry un, sir," said he, pausing in
his work, and looking up to the top of the pit in
"So I preceive-chalk," replied the doctor. You knowed her, may be, sir ?" continued viting manner. Experience had taught him that promiscuous conversation often led to I can't say till I hear her name ; mont pro"Cane, her'name was-Mias Cane, an is to be " No, I never heard of her."

Ah, then you haven't been to Hawkshaw ou might have been a relative. O I thought wunner she were !"
Doubtful whether this was. praise or blame,
Dr. Antrobus uttered a neutral "Ah !" "Shtning and vinegar; a reg'lar lady tog'lar such a tongue! The ohildren used to cut and keep but one servant, who was stone dear. But she meant no harm, bless you ; she had a kind

This last sentence was a tribite to death, not he resul of experience. Mattock remembered hat it applied with extra force when the de parted was a customer. He would glodly have o oocur to him; so he shook him head, and went on digging.
Antrobus, who turned round, and saw a fairy, Who, inding a stranger instead of a father, wide, and took stock of him. Approving, sho omained where she was, and amiled.
am not papa. Have you lost him? "\$hall we ook for him ${ }^{\text {q }}$ n
"No. Who are you?"

## " I am Gregory Powder."

## The tlowers; well, I do

are no autumn flowers planted, and the summer lowers are all dead."

## What a pity

dear; they will all come again Yes; their roots are in the ground, and "Why is Mattock digging the hole ?" asked ohild, peepling
They are going to bury Miss Oane.'
much." Do you know I did not like Miss Oane Cane won't come up again in the spring !" Miss "Oh, you nice child !" oried the doctor, catchin
you."
"You may kiss me if you won't sc'ub," said ul sometimes. Oh, there he P
The doctor turned in the directio and saw a stout man with a green net, who im. mediately called out
ou in this lucky way. I called on to lit upon ago, but you were on I called on you an hour your card, yesterday, I can tell you. Is it true The speaker was to settle here?" caraby, whos was none other than the famous once earned for him the title of the English Buffon, though of late years he had confined his personal beetles. His worship of science, however, was
catholic, and he was the president of a philoso.
phical society, which reckoned Dr. Antrobus mongst its most promising members.
"I have fallen in love with your little girl," said the doctur. "By-the-bye, Scaraty, I did
not know that you were a family man."
"I have lost all but Ethel," replied Mr. Sca raby; "and their mother has gone from me
too. I stould be a lonely man without my baby, else I had salled before now to Fevraguana in search of the singewing furdevorans, of which I have no satisfactory specimen.
would be hardly prudent to take her, I sup
" Hardly ; especially as, if you lost her while moth-hunting, you would not find her again in yard."
"True; and she is a regular little truant.-

True; and she
you not, Ethel
Sou not, Ethel
Sunctimes ; when papa's vewy long cashing utterflif
The acquaintance which already existed between sc iraby:and Antrobus soon 1 ipened into a close friendship. Their tastes, their interests, were the same; their dispositions were similar,
and the twenty years difference between their and the iwenty years difference between their
ages was never thought of by either. And
bihel played about the pair of philosophers like a kitten. It was absurd to see how fond Antrobus grew of her. She called him by the first
name he had given himself, Gregory Powder, name he had g, ven himself, Gregory Powder,
for six months; when he was promoted to Uncle Gregory, and there he remained, though
his real name was William. She was indeed a his real name was William. She was indeeda
very nice child; never troublesome, always very nice child; never troublesome,
n Hawkshaw, she put the final touch to ber in Hawkshaw, she put the final touch to ber
conquest. He went to the bank one day upon
some business which necessitated an interview some business which necessitated an interview
with one of the partners in his private room; and as he was coming out again into the office, he heard his little frlend's voice saying: "Please, will you give sixpence for that?" and drawing
back and perping, he saw her face over the counter with her chin surmounted. The grey-headed clerk whom she addressed took the
paper she presented, and said with a volce paper she presented, and said with a volce
trembling with suppressed laughter: "How will you have it Miss Scaraby's-in silver or copper "Copper," she said decisively, and walked off
with a handful of halfpence. with a handful of halfpence.
When she was clear of the premisen the
doctor come forward and recelved this document, written in text-hand on a leaf torn out of vulsed clerk
please pay ethel or a bare sickpense 6d. ethel. It seems a pity that Ethel should ever have grown out of her quaint childhood, but she did
it so imperceptibly that the transition was not observed by either her father or the doctor.
Other changes took place; Antrobus ceased to Other changes took place; Antrobus ceased to
live alone. He owned two maiden aunts who had hid themselves away in an odd corner of
Devonshire, and subsisted pretty comfortably Devonshire, and subsisted pretty comfortably
on annuities. When one died, however, the on annuitles. When one died, however, the cumstances, so this dutiful nephew had her to
keep house for him, and Ethel called her
 and prudish, and did not much approve of the
title at tirst. Indeed, she once remonstrated with the child ; but the effect of this was that the next time Ethel called her Granny in public, she turned round and explained that Miss An-
trobus could not be her giandmother really, betrobas could not be her giandmother really, be-
cause she had never been married, and she only called her so out of affection. So, atter that, the prudent spinster accepted her brevet in silence, would have felt hurt had she called her anymes.
 was fourteen, her futher caught a pleurisy in the
Essex marshes, where he was beetle-hunting, and died. He left bis collections to his university, his property to his child, and appointed
his friend and executor, Dr. Antrobus, her guarThis was Ethel's first acquaintance with death, for she was a mere infant when she lost
her mother, and the mystery, the helpless grief, her mother, and the mystery, the helpless grief,
the hopeless borror of it snattered her child-
hood. The wave of sorrow passed over her in hood. The wave of sorrow passed over her in
time, but never again did she recover the caretime, but never again did she recover the care-
less, thoughtless, bird-like happiness of her former life. She knew now the evil as well as the
good; her eyes were opene 1 to the cruel reality, good; her eyes were opene 1 to the cruel reality,
that every path in this world leads to one dreary
waste. For the rest, the burden of the childs that every path in this world leads to one dreary
waste. For the rest, the burden of the chllds sorrow was lightened so far as possible; she was
spared the sudden plunge from comitort to spared the sudden plunge from comitort to
poverty, from affectuonate sympathy to cold povertishness, from petting to tyranny, which so oflen awaits the orphian girl. The Intimacy
between the families had been between the families had been so close thit there was little change in leaving one home for the other, and with both her guardian and her
aunt, her wish was law. Indeed, Ethel Scaraby aunt, her wish was law. Indeed, Ethel Scaraby
ought to have grown up into an insufferable ought to have grown up into an insufferable
young woman, instead of, as was the case an young woman, instead of, as was the case, an one; but there are some natures that you cannot spoll, at least by kindness.
A little more than a year after Mr. Scaraby's
death, Dr. Antrobus was induced to join an exdeath, Dr. Antrobus was induced to Join an ex-
pedition having for its object the investiention of the flora, fauna, and geological phenomena of the northern and eatern cossts of Ahica, ex-
tending from Algeria to Abyssinia, and comprising Tripoli, Egypt, and Nubia. So he set his
house in order. Ethel was to house in order. Ethel was to continue living With his aunt until the uncertain date of his
return, the diffiuly ahout her edncation being
comfortably solved by the fact of there belog a
very good girls' school in the neighborhood, to which competent masters came periodically
from London. He considered bis ward to be far from Lrendon. He considered bis ward to be far
too trust indeed to be risked in the chance company of a school while her mind and with the various ; so he made arrangements aged and married, every man of them-to give her lessons separately. It was rather expensive, but that did not matter; for living in Granny's simple wa
her income on her.
Glibraltar was the place appointed as the ren-dez-vous of the philosophers. When Dr. Antro-
bus arrived there, he found the gements connected with the expedition would not be complete as soon as had been anticipated and he had a fortnight's spare time on his to a trip that had often tempted him to vilt to Siclly and Etna; so he took passage on board a ressel bound for Messina.
Take ten fine English sunsets, add an auroa orealis, mix in a dozen ralnbows, well beaten
up, and you may perhaps have the right colors up, and you may perhaps have the right colors
on your palette, to deplet the scene which Dr. Antrobus was enjoying as be sat in a smal cultivated long moustaches, and smoke cigarettes instead of chewing quids
The sea was a broad sheet of exquisitely having a single fewel, shaped like a flaw, and felucca, set in it. The mountains, swelling gracefully upwards till they culminated in Éna looked too soft and ethereal to be trice. En-
chanted boundaries of paradise they seemed, which would recede if maradise they seemed,
chan mapproached them. But the doctor, who had walked all over them, routing in tufa and scoriæ, knew better; would become black with a rapldity unknown to more northern latitudes, directly the sun was turned down, and that, therefore, as he was
more than a mile from the shore, it would be as well to go about. Just as he was about to give directions to that effect, howe ver, he thought he on a handkerchief waved, as if signaling him, hundred yards off. So he told his not above five to ber, and found, on approaching, that his surmise was correct: a lady, leaning over the bulwark, was beckoning him.
"Can I be of any serv ce to $y$
when his boat touched the side.
"the asked "Oh, you are an Englishman!" exclaimed velady, exerting herself to make her feeble
voice adible. "Is it far from a town? Can you volce audible. "Is it far from a town? Can you get me a doctor? I am so 111
along to the gangway, and stepped on bis boat a couple of Maltese sailors, who were seated ; the deck, forwards playing at cards, neated on sisting nor hindering him. They merely gave him a
game.
The lady, though dressed like a young woman, was certainly past fifty, probably a good many others, and she was sufferices. age sooner than "I am a medical man,"
"I am a medical man," sald Dr. Antrobus ;
burning pain $t$
ts my sieeping; sickners leaves me, and
" How long have you had thesere dying."
How long have you had these symptoms?"
burning, after sickness; but it pa-sed off again
at that ume. Then it returned, and grew worse
and worse. And you are really a medicat
man?"
"Certainly"
"Pardon the question; your coming is such a direct answer to my prayer! And you will save
She became hysterical: when she got a little better, Dr. Antrobus helped her down into the cabin, where he expected to find some female
attendant; but no ; except the two sailors who were playing at cards on deck, and themselves the vessel, though of Genoese build and lateen as she was of about iwenty tous' yarden, and crew could hardly consist of two men only. After certain further inquiries and examina.
tion, Dr. Antrobus asked if she had merely aken a passage in the vessel.
"O no," said she; "we have hired it, with
the crew, and have been cruising about in it for
"Then you first experienced these symptom "Then you first ex
ust before you sailed
" Yes:
11 arrangements,"
"You say we; I conclude that the rest of your party has
"Yes."
"Do you repose perfect confidence in all those
ho were constantly about youq"
"Tell me the truth, sir, I adjure you!" cried the lady, grusping his arm: "am I not-poi. soned."
The suft
The sufferer wrung her hands, and fell forward on the lable at which she was sitting, in
an agony and grief. When this had passed by a little, she broke out into violentex clamations.
"Fool that I was," she cried, "to belleve in over again by his returning love! To be talked rience! You asked if I have confidence in those about me, sir: there is only one about me, and
he is my busband. I had conflence in him, God
help me! though he squandered my mole help me! though he squandered my money on
rused him more. But when he owned himself
in the wrong, and promised to reform, I trusted him again, and caine abroad alone with him, without a single attendant, And he has mur-
dered me for my money-murdered me !-Ah! she exclaimed, in a lower volce, as the splash ot oars were heard, he has returned. Say kill me out of hand. There is no Englishman on board; and these forelgners will belleve any thing he says, and do whatever he tells them." botbisc sald the doctor hurriediy I will apply to the authorities at Messina, and

Before the lady could reply, a dark, handsome young man, dressed in yachting costume, sprang was not an easy task for Dr. Antrobus to suppress his feelings and treat this man unconcern ediy; but he had determined in his own mind The new-course to take, and he adhered to it. himself also, for though he was very pale, and in lips twitched slightly, he put on an expresthe intruding stranger.
"Pardon my having boarded you in this undecelved by tne rig of your yacht, and thought it was some trading vessel, in which I might get a passage to Italy. This lady has undeceived
"Pray, do not mention 1 t," said the young
man, with an evident effort to steady his volce "Non't you_Can't I offer you something? fully. "I must get on shore at once; it will be

## CHAPTER II.

ETHEL's second conquest.
Dr. Antrobus was a philosopher, and by no means easily flustered or excited; but his pulse ertainly throbbed faster than usual as he was
leaving the felucca. He had no doubt whatever leaving the felucca. He had no doubt whatever
of the truth of the wife's suspicions; that ahe had taken polson for some time back in increasing doses, he knew for certain; no sulcide has ever been known to kill him or her self palnrully, by inches, when speedier methods were husband; he had a direct interest in her but her beling almost a lad, uled up to an old woman Whom he had married for money, which she Withbeld; lastly, he had not yet quite stifled his conscience and to a student
tis face proclalmed his gullt.
Now, crime did not as a rule make the tor's blood curdle; he was a little too apt to look upon it as a curious and interesting branch of , d. But he could not stand slow-polsoningthat was the one sort of murder with whic. he
had no patience. That a mortal being, framed had no patience. That a mortal being, framed
like him elf, belonging to the same species, having the same propensities, subject to similar motions of love, pity, generosity, should be able ictim, to soothe her fears with tender words, o profess anxiety, to watch the effect of the top them in the waye, diminish, or temporarily uspicion, was to him a horror which made the nost brutal cuttings, stabbings, stranglings, mild and venial by the contrast.
fors his time was ap, for the stamer which was to take him back Grom Messina, which port was some ten miles distant by land from the small inn where be had been staying, and close to which he was presently landed. It bad been bis intention to go over in the moruing, but he now felt that
chere was not a moment to be lost if the mur derer was to be brought to justice, or his victim saved. Of the last, he had little hope-the
poison had got too much hold of her alreadystlll there was a chance. So he ordered a horse In vain the innkeeper remoustrated: the road were bad, and not entirely free from banditt The doctor showed his pistols, and replied that he had a better chance of making his way past any people who tried to intercept him to the it was auestion of for or death, and he had no cholce but to go.
Never had he felt so vexed and perturbed as satisfied with himself for not having made in quiries concerniog names, relatives, dates, resieturn. True that he had had very little ume and the poor lady's illness and hysterlcal emotion had rendered the task of questioning he might have gleaned more information. At present, all the clue he had was a presumption
that the yacht had been hired at Naples. He had questioned the fivbermen whose boat he nothing beyond the fact, that the felucca bad come into the anchorage the evening before, and that the young Englis
His disquietude culminated when a puff of air, Which at first merely breathed upon his face, treng thened and strengthened till he had to rress lis hat on. If the owner of the yacht had
the first breath. Had he been over-cautious, after all? Would it not have been the better cours to denounce the fellow to his fuce, and
seek to carry off his victim? The attempt must have falled; four sailors had brought him back, Which made a crew of six; he was armed, while the doctor, baving no weapon, and unable to cely on the two flshermen, hired only for the hour to help him, would have been in the falsest the only plan in seeking to keep the poisoner n ignorance that his crime was suspected until he could return armed with proper authority, and the power to interfere. And ot this he
had good hope, for he had a friend residing at Messina who was a man of wealth aud in-
fluence. fluence. the road, and in exaggerated the difficulties his friend's house. He was welcomed very ed. "What! arrest an English subject on board his own yacht; tate his own wife away from him, and accuse him of attempting to murder much less. Then suppose the charge could not be substantiated?
While they were discussing the matter, the on the station came frigate which was cruising on the station came in, and when he was reperfectly that there was a chance of getting into a legal scrape, but agreed that it was worth some risk to save a woman from being poisoned like
a rat, and sald he was willing to take his share of it. The worst of the business was, that it was a hundred to one the yacht would be out
of aight by daylight with that breeze. There is no use in detalling how they roused a Slicilian official from his slumbers, and persuaded him to take achon in the matter, for
the captain's surmise was correct, and when the bay where the felucca had lain was visited in the morning, there was not a sail to be seen.
It was with a heavy heart that Dr. Antrobus tarted that afternown for Gibraltar.
The house at Hawkshaw was dull for a long While after the owner left it. Dr. Antrobus, though a reserved and silent man at dinnerparties and tea-fights, which he hated, was as
delightful companion at home, and his aunt delightful companion at home, and his aunt
and his ward missed him terribly, the girl most; for though Granny believed in her nephew to any extent, hers was a blind faith. Whatered the contrary was a wilful heretic, and wanted burning. But as for entering into the why or
the wherefore, I do honestly think, without exaggeration, that such an idea, supposing the possibility of lis getting into her head, would have turned all the brains. She did not even
know the names of the sciences for which be was distinguished, or the societies which honor newspaper for mention of bis name, read the reports of assoclations and meetings connected explanation of what she did not understand, and, in a word, enlisted her reason in the service of her love and admiration. She could not hope might include more and more. Girls are generally far more intelligent than boys, but there
can be no doubt that Ethel was very much in advauce of her age. Her education had fostered her natural abilities. She had never been crammed; norkept, against her whe guestions; nor told that she must take this or that
granted because her elders affirmed it. Her farher had made a little companion of her; never involving what he was about in any air of mystery, yet never bothering her with it unless she
showed interest and "wanted to know." And Dr. Antrobus had fallen naturally into habits with the chlld, only his power of simplaining things simply was far superior to Mr. scaraby's. Indeed, te would have made a capital
Polytechnic lecturer, if he had gone in for that style of business. Added to this, he was a big child himself, and enjoyed a game of the simplest character, or a fairy tale for its own sake,
and not meroly because it pleased his small companton. No wonder Ethel felt as if two away when her guardian left; and a considerable part of the remainin. portion attached to the arrival of the mails. The doctor behaved well, and wrote on every opportunity, while Ethel was never without an epistle on the stocks.
The much-indulged girl found her masters whith their regular tasks very irksome at first, but Granny, as she continued to call Miss Antro-
bus, discovered a sure method of keeping her up to the collar.
a How pleased Uncle Gregory will be if you can play Thalberg to him (or read Itallan, or
German or French with him), when he comes back."
So Ethel became an accomplished young lady, learning Industry brought its own reward, for lessly; for those who put their hearty inio it, it cluse, entirely shut out from all the pleasures Hawkshaw was not a dissipated piace, but people elders played whist, and their juniors, where absorbing games. There was an archery club. too, of (not a difficult matter, by-the-bye, for they had them for sll shades of proficiency, and there were few blanks); picnic aud nutting partie ment, more or less dramatic in character, $\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{p}^{n-}}$
livened the town-hall of a nelghbouring boroug

December $27,1873$.
and formed an excuse for an evening's outling;
and though the word ball world have frightened the leading howes nto fitw, for Hzwkshaw was
puritan, a javealle party, where danclng formed puritan, a juveatle party, where da nolng formed
the principal a musement, was not considered
worldily. And the interpretation of the word worldy. And the interpretation of the word
uvenile was free. Than there was the honorable Mr. Tref fil, a lady with an aquillne nose, suill, therugh old enough to thave once boen a
tionst. While her husband who was a Whig
toast place-hunier, lived, she had held a consplecuous pace-hun, er, lived, she had held a consplruous
position in a somewhat distingulsted coterie;
and if Trefoll had only been able to take her brains about with him, his parliamentary career might have been a success insteat of a failure.
She coached him, in leed, a im irably, but every She coached him, in leed, a imirably, but every
now ant then he rishly insisted upon having an opinton of his owa, an that spoilod hi pros-
pect. so he got no return for the capital sunk n electioneering and dinner-giving; and died
with his property so much impaired that his ehildees widow was phai to retire from
a world where she could no longer make much of a figure, to the ueighborhood of quilet Hawkshaw. This dame having taken a great fancy to
Ethei, showed civility to Granay, who was rathor afrait, of her, and insisted on calling her "My Lady." To Ehel, however she was merely a
good-natured, frlendly nelghbor, who gave very pleasant little parties, and whose carriage was
useful in the flower-show season. Byyond and above all, on two several occasions Mrs. Trefoll nees the carrying Granny and Ethel bodily of to London, and giving them a glimpse of (theatrical) fairyland.
Two years passed; the doctor still remained
in Africa, and the last petals of childhood fell隹 Africa, and the last petals of childhood fell o poor Granny by the intrusion into their peaceAt one of the friendly lawn-parties given by
Mrs. Trefoil in the summer months, there ppeared a stranger, who fluttered the Hawkshaw dovecot, which knew only the cooings of two
curates, an astistant-surgeon, and the second son of a neighboring squire, now an undergraduate,
and intended for the bar, and who might be fit for the matrimonial markst in twenty years or
so, if all went well. Dulley was the stranger's so, if all went well. Dulley was the stranger's
name; he had no profession ; dressed well;
rode a valuable-looking horse rode a valuable-looking horse; was tall, hand-
some, with very white teeth, and a very black
moustache, ind a certain keen expression in his moustache, ant a certainkeen expression in his
eyes which always makes a man pass for ro-
mantic; above all, wassingle. mantic; above all, was single.
There were eight young ladies between the
ages of seventeen and twenty-five at that little hoes of seventeen and twenty-five at that little
fete, an 1 seven of them were immediately pre-
possessed in this Mr. Dudley's favor. The eighth, possessed in this Mr. Dudley's favor. The eighth, prejudice against dark men, and thought there Was something especially Mophistophelean sity which is so common in such matters, she
Was the only one who attracted hls attention, and his admiration was so decided that almost all the people present noticed it. The fact was in mans the heit-lobing or thy finest girl pre-
sent; after knowing her for a little while, one
thought her very pretty and winsome, but she diought her very pretty and winsome, but she
that strike people generally at frst. True,
thas rather a good mateh, having no near relatives, and her property, wheashe came
of aga, being entirely at her own disposal. But
how was an utter stranger to know that
It, is very rash to lav down general rules in
such matters, but, I think thata man of twenty sich matters, bit, ithink that a man of t.wenty-
six or thirty, of good manners and a certain ex-
perience, could, being in earnest, almost always perience, could, being in earnest, almost always
inake a glit ten years younger than himselftake
him for a lover, provided she was fancy free. It him for a lover, provided she was fancy free. It
lo the old shory of nature abhorring a vacuum, in he heart or anywhere. At anyrate Mr. Dudley
managed to talk E'hel's frst aversion away
that very afternoon, and the next time they met that very afternoon, and the next time thay met
her only feeling was, that she was going to have
an agren an agreeable chat. Sonn, whenever she went
into eompany, she looked for him, and she sely missed a chance of meeting her.
He hat been asked to stay at Mra. Trefoll's for He hat been askeit tostay at Mrs. Trefill's for
a conple of days only, but when he left he did not go fur. He possessed a few hundred acres in
another county, and wished to farm them him. self, if the present tenant, who was in a very
precarous state of health, should die. It was
therefore ca: farming, and for that purpose he took up his ca: farming, and for that purpose he took up his
abodo with Mr. John Higgings, a substantial
yeoman, whose homestead was not a mille out yeoman, whose homestead was not a mlle out
of the village. But as the time of year was not favorable for the stuly of top-lressing and sub.
soil draining, the agricultural nenphyte had soit draining, the agricultural nenphyte had
plenty of time on his hands, which he devoted
to the cultivation of his neighbors to the cultivation of his neighbors. His atten.
tions to Ethel became so marked that Mrs. Tretions to Ethel became so marked that Mrs. Tre-
Ponl thonght it right to call upon Miss Antrobus, and say $w$ hat she knew of the young man. It
was not much : he was a cousin of her late husband's; was pretty well off, though not exactly parents, who were both dead, had resided. In. deed, she bell
Frenchwoman.
Poor Granny was dreadfully dismayed. "But,
my Laly," she sald, when she could utter,
"Ether " Ethel is only a child
"Quite right, dear Miss Antrobus," replled
Mr. Trefoll, "you have the law on your stde
But Mrs. Trefoll, "you have the law on your side.
But the law is very otten opposed to nature and common-sense, and we cannot do any good by Shutting our eyes to the fact, that our dear Ethutting our eyes to the fact, that our dear
Eally though theoretically an infant, is practi-
" But, my Lady, her guardian, Dr. Antrobus, is away, and nothing of that kind can be ta
about till he comes back. $O$ dear, $O$ dear !" But Mr. Dudley had no idea of puishing delloa cy to the extent there did not seem to be any rational excuse for getting rid of him; he wat of suitable age and means, conducted himself with propriety, and had been Introduced by one lady who representnelghbors called upon Miss Antrobus, and con gratulated her on the c.nnquest Ethel $h$ id made thereby adding greatly 5 her perplexity Would it then really be a good thing if the gir married this man ? she assed herself perpe tually through several sleepless nights; and the there was something im proper and shocking in the idea of an orphan young lady forming any atcachment while her guardian was in Africa and she was sure the right-minded Ethel would never do such a thing. So the subject was never
mentioned between them until Ethel herself mentloned
I don't suppose that any girl had ever though less about love and marriage than she had be fore Dudley paid his court to her, and soshe was be apprecigted; to meet with a follow-creature who thought all she did perfect, all she sald wise and witty; who, when in her presence, was in a state of rapt enchantment, when absent from her, wretched. He said all this, and she believed him; for what object could he have in
decelving her ? Her power over this man affect deceiving her ? Her power over this man affeat ed her strangely; it certalnly would not be a
hard fate, she thought, to spend her life with a hard fate, she thought, to spend her life with a
companion who was so very fond of her. If she had to marry, and most women had, it seemed thus in be certainly be better to marry anan commonplace infew And then, poor fellow, he would be so very mis. serable if she rejected, and so supremely happy if she accepted him, that it seemed positively inhuman to say No.
Not belng a she Nero then, and Dudley driv ing her into a corner, she aald Yes.

Ethel! Ethel ! cried Granny, shedding tears of distress

Of course, Granny dear, if Uncle Gregory disam certain he would not do so without gnod reasons ; and be will come very soon now. Rich ard ts golng to call on you, dear."
"She calls him Richard!" cr
it tnto hysterics. Dis sister when was hardly less portutped than him of his wis had been by the engagemont. Absorbed as he occupled him the last two years, his heart had constantly turned homewards with a yearning For his grew stronger an 1 stronger as the time tion had been put to him he would hare sald that Ethel must now bs a woman, and that he supposed she would soon be carried off by a husband ; but yet he had never fairiy recognised the idea; he associated her with everything belonging to himself and his home; indeed she was a very inferior degraa, and now he foltat frst as As, had been personally robbe 1 and injured sonable man, this feeling was soon quelled; and he resigned himself with a sigh to the inealt able. "Of corirse she would not remain a child form new ties, and forget her old friend some day. Why, I am not aven a distant relat
is a mistake to love anything but science." is a mistake to love anything but science. Hawkshaw ; the fire cracklet, the curtalns wer Irawn, the lamp burned cleariv. Granny was row to a prodiglous piece of network, the upo pleted part of which was rolled up into an enorapon which she was embroldering silk flowers An open plano with music on it lonked like a famillar instrument, not a retich; and the broks habit of being read.

## anked.

He sald he
He sald he would," replied Ethel.
ady: "How goon did you say we might expec and not the lover, as you might na urally expect from the former sentence, but Dr Antrobus, who had announced his immerilat $\rightarrow$ re-
urn to England. Some girls, eapecialis if much urn to England. Some girls, especially if much
infatuated, would have answered crookedly; but Ethel knew where Granny's thoughts were, and looking up with animation this time: "The ship is due at Southampton on Wednesday, the day after to-morrow, and he might possibly come home the same evening. Oh, if ships werellise railway trains, and arrived punctually, how nice it would be to go and muet him, would it "Yes; and yet, perhaps we should be in the way: there will be a great deal of luggage, spe.
clmens and thing, will there not?" am sure $I$ should not hinder him. But we can not do it, for we might just miss him, instead or
meeting him sooner." meeting him acaer

Exactly my doar, aald Granny, much relieved; for she had once been on a quay when
a vessel was unlading, and hal been so bustled
and frightened, that she had no
com posure a week afterwards
composure a week afterwards.
"Or else," resumed Ethel,
been away for a long time, it muen you have ant to see friendly facgs the first thing pleaA - Who can that be ?
A carriage had stopped at the door, which was Thon tinon sumclent to break offany sentence st 3 p on the stairs. Then the door was flung wide, and a man, bearded, bronzed, and wrapped in n oullandish cloak, stood in the room.
"Uncle Gregory!" cried Ethel, running at
"Im.
"It Isn't William !" sald Granny. "It can't is William !" as the outlandish his beard off, and the shepherd's plaish cloak was thrown tail-coat, and the shirt collar drooping on one side, came in evidence
"And can this fine young woman really be the Ittle thing I met in the ohurchyard; and who
drew sixpenny cheques on the Hawkshaw bank without having a balance!" said the doctor, When the Arst greeting were over.
But how nloe and quick your Gregory ; that is all. But how nlee and quick your ship has been; We
did not earliest."
"I have come overland," replied Dr. Antro. bus. "After I had written my last letter, one o Parls with him to give certined me to go on he wanted, promising that I should not be de-
layed in the long-run. And he has kept his word, you see
If Ethel had thought of it ehe would have quitetly gone out of the room, and told the serhad happened, so that he whit ce came what bleness of not intruding upon the master of the house in the first moments of his arrival. But In the surprise and exoltement she forgnt all $t$ was too late.
Seeing a stranger in the room, Dudley paused near the door, till Ethel naid: "Thls is Dr. An-
trobus, Richard ; "when he advanced and trobus,
Dr. Antrobus did not return his salute. He had isen from his ohalr when the door opened, and "Who is that man ?" heot, frowning. and surprised. ommanding tones, such as nelther Granny nor Ethel had ever heard from him before
"That is Mr. Dudley," said the old lady, much distressed. ""Don't you know? Djn't you re"What are you doing here?" continued the "Stor, not hoeding.

SIr !" nald the young man, fushing red.
What have you done with your wife?"
At that question the color faded out of Dudoy's cheeks, and the anger out of his eyes. Ethel ment; she thought her guardian had gone mad, tIll she heard the other's as'ounding reply : "I hid-th
mered.

Murderer !" ortol the docto
Dudley felt the extreme folly of allowing himself to be cowed and conrused ; but the whole Was utterly unable to pull himen thim that he Was utterly unable to pull himself together, "Is not one victim suffeien
Inued Dr. Antrobus.
"I dón't know Wh
(What you mean," sald Dudley "Then I'll tell
in entgmas. - Ethel, this have no wish to speak you in marriage has already hal a wifo. She was much older than himself, b it she was rich;
, he took her abroad, yachting ; carefully got rld of all witnesses, and potsoned her."
"W Who and what are you, who dare utter these calumnies!" cried Dudiey, finding oourage in desperation at last.
"I am the man who saw your victim in your absence, of the coast of Siclly; who met you on -do you not remember me? - who would have saved her, if not too late, and brought you to
punishment, had not the rising wind enabled you to fy.
"I did not fy; I left for change of air, beright mind; you were imposed upon by the ravligs of a mad women"
"God forbld that I should condemn any man unheard, however much appearances might he against him. But your wife was dying when I saw her, from the effects of a poison I can name, nd that polson was in her food. I secured a porif you did not? Who else had an interest in her "I
-I-I do not belleve she was polsoned at all. The doctor waited for a a hile to $h$
anything further to say, and then he ralsed his right arm, and polnted to the door.
"Out of my house, assassin," he said. "The vengeance of man may fall to reach you, but the justice of God is sure." And Dudley slunk
from the house. rom the hoase.
The doctor turnsd round : Granny was lying as death, and trembling in every 11 mb .
child, if I could," sald he, taking her my dear hand ; " but perhapa it is best taking her by the cuilt yes !" bhe replied. She had read Dudley's
Dr. Antrobus found out the murdered woman's relaines, and communicated with them, and
they desired to prosecute ; but the lawyers de.
cided that there way no legal evidenco, uuless
the boty could bs discoverel, an las it had, in all the boty could be discovered, an las it had, in ill
probabllity been committed to tha soa, this was impossible.
they heard of him azain. But he had gorged the they heard of him again. But he hadgorged th
hook of the devil, who only gave him line for time. The stings of con cience drove him dissipation ; dissipation brought him to wan What to further crime, dule for IIfe.
All Hawkshaw knew of Ethel's engagement complacent sympathy
irl chat so that her spirits an it health tor observed this, and mo
she in time got over the
Ionger the same for him
lime
that two years' absence, he mitht not been for wards her like a relative to the end of the self that he was above such sentimentai nonsense, fell in love with her. Thore could be no mistake aboat it; her figure pursue 1 him everyWhere, In the laboratory, in the dissecting-room,
on the mountaln-side. Worst sign of all, when young men made themstrsiar he felt a pang of jealousy ; and when, as happon ed twice in three years, sh
At the end of those three
ree years Granny died, he did not know what to do with his word Whom he was in love with.
解 It came about very simply.
unger," he said one day. just twenty years "unger," he said one day.
"Why?" Ethel asked.
" Becanse, then, we should be abont of an age, and I could ask you

Wise girl. 'Bitter be an old man's darling than a young man's snarliny.' There is rhy me noun, is a poetical license
"The idea of your calling yourself an old ranced.

Pat forty, my love, past forty. Fancy tak-
Fthe went to the piano, and sang
Forty times over let Michicelm:at pass
Grizzling hair the brain doth clear.
Then yoaknow a boy an ass,
Then you know the worth of a lass,
Ethel herselfis nearly forty now, and the doc regretted what some kind frienls called at the time their ill-assortel anion.

> SEA YARNS

In 1809 Captain Lake, says an old sallor, commanding H. M. S. "R crait," was dismissed on the island-rock of Sombreris in the Atlantic Archipelago, as a punishmont for making fres with some spruce beer iatendol tor the onp-
tain's private delectation. Nine days the noor sallor spent, seeking shelter from tho tortd
sun, and finding none, and living upon birds; eggs and limpets, when ho was rescued from his bang an Amo Long prior to this, when St. Helena was un-
peopled, a Dutch seaman, oondemned to death age from the West Indies, Was put ashire the ship putting into the harbour for the purever, was no sooner left to himself than he opened the new-made grave, uncoffned his
dead superior, carried the coffa down shore, and having launche 1 it Jamped into his madga boat, and by using the lid as a raddar,
made way across the waves until he over took his ship, which, than
not long in doing. He was taken on bourd and received a pardon for his pluck
a petty offeer, who was constantly of reporting men and getting them habit The vessel to which he bolonged was chasing a privateer, a fast saller, which had captured several merchantmen; and on one occasion, in
order to get the ship in gool sailing trim, gritorder to get the ship in gool sailing trim, yritslung in different parts. One of these was question was descen ling in the dead of the night, thls heavy welght of metal was let fown upon his head, crushing him like a spider.
hood, wh a man now hving in my neighbout War; and, being an able seamg in the French to look out on the bowsprit; it. was on the cot of Norway. There came on a furious storm of sleet and hail, which so battered his face and eyes that he could not see (as he has told me)
half a mille ahead, and then only at intervals. and cold him tor by-and-by hatied my friend, on the starboard bow." "Now, the officer land, the aid of a powerful glass, which offlcer had ed his oye, while the man was nearly blinded performing an impossibility, the latter was ordered alor to sit on the cross-trees for four frozen climete. The result was that when the time had expired, he was fixed there a sitting statue, with every joint rigid, his flesh numbed, nid without a particle of feeling left.
"THE FAVORITE

## TERMS : INVARIABLY IN ADVANOE.

Single mabsoription, one year
Olub of seven,
hose deairoas of forming larger olubs or otherwise to obtain subscribers for THE FAVORITE, will be furnished with special terms on application.
Parties sonding remittances should do so by Post Offloe order, or registered letter.
Addross, GEORGE E. DESBARATS, Publisher
Montreal P. Q


MONTREAL, SATURDAY, DEC. 27, 1873.

## NOTICE TO CONTRIBUTORS.

We request intending contributors to take notice that in future Rejected Contributions will not be returned
Letters requiring a private answer should - always contain a stamp for return postage. No notice will be taken of contributions unaccompanied by the name and address of the writer (not necessarily for publication,) and the Editor will not be responsible for their safe keeping.

## contributions declined.

Queer Day's Fishlng; A Wayward Wonan;
Christmas Eve on the snow; Miss March's Christmas
Chre
Chistmas
Eve Christmas Eve; Love in Poot Three Lovers Dangerous: The Wrong Boat; ; Thee Lavers,
Poetical Temperance Tale; George Leitrim;
The Mysterious Letter; Trial and Triumphs of The Mysterious Letter; Trial and Triumphs of
Elizabeth Ray, School Teacher; Little Mrs. Elizabeth Ray, School Teacher ; Little Mrs.
Rivington ; Sentenced to Death ; The New Teacher; Harris Lock wood; The Back woods Schoolmaster; Mrs. Power's Lucky Day ; Nick Plowshare's Fairy Story; That Emigrant Girl; The Phantom Trapper; A Romance of Ponts
ville ; My Cousin Coralle ; The Dying Year's ville ; My Cousin Coralie; The Dying Year's
Lament ; Dawn ; Improvisation ; Skeletons ; Lament; Dawn; Improvisatile Merchant's Re ward; A Night at St. Aube's; And Then; Blossom and Blight! Esther's Lovers; The Mystery of Boutwell Hall; Mount Royal Cemetery ;
Blighted Hopes; Minnie Lee's Valentines ; Eva Blighted Hopes ; Minnie Lee's Valentines; Eva
Hilltore's Valentine; A Tom Catin the Breach; The Fatal Stroke; Only a Farmer; Meta's Broken Faith; How We spend a Hollday in and His Bargain ; The Clouded Life; My Own and His Bargain ; The Clouded Lilo; May and Canadian Home; Tossip; Lovely Spring; From India to Canada; Resurgam; A Railway Nap and its Showed In; The False Heart and the True; Leave Me; Is There Another Shore; Weep No For Me ; Those Old Grey Walls; The Stepmother ; Tom Arnold's Charge; Worth, No Weath; Miriams Love, Modern Conveniences Little Clare; Mirabile Dletu; Up the Saguenay Ella Loring; Charies Foot; The Herine of Mount Royal; The Rose of Fernhurst; Phow A Midnight Adventure ; Jean Douglas ; The Re stored Lover; Woman's Courage; A Story in a
Story; Tried and True; Dr. Solon Sweetbottlo Story; Tried and True; Dr. Solon Sweetbottlo;
Second Sight; Eclipses; Genevieve Duclos; Our Second Sight; Eclipses; Genevieve Duclos; Our
Destiny ; Port Royal; Night Thoughts ; Mr. Destiny; Port Royal; Night Thoughts ; Mr.
Bouncer's Travels; Watching the Dead; Delusions; To Shakespeare; An Adventuress; The Wandering Minstrel; Spring; The White Man's Revenge; The Lilacs; A Trip Around the Stove; My First Situation; An Unfortanate Resurrec Wood; Willersleigh Hall; A Night at MrF. Manning's; Won and Loost; The Lady of the Falls; Chroniclis of Hack Miller the Drover; Ellen May. ford; Recompensed.
These MSS. will be preserved until the Fourth of January next, and if not applied for by that time will be destroyed. Stamps should be sent for return postaye.
The Age of Vulgar Gillter; Mrs. Seymore's To a Lover; A Fragment from the scenes of Life; The Axle of the Heavens; The Correct View; Apostrophe to a Tear; June; A Debtor's Dilemmas; Proved; Wanted Some Beaux ; Can-
adian Rain Storm After Long Drought; The adian Rain Storm After Long Drought; The
Murderer's Mistake; Yesterday ; Carrie's Hat and What Came of It; Leonie Collyer's Error ; A Memory Autumn.

These MSS. will be presorved until the Twentieth of December next.

## the mistletoe.

Our ancestors considered Christmas in the double light of a holy commemoration and a cheerful festival; and, accordingly, distinguished ment, and hospitality. The custom of merrinens, decorating churches and houses of Christgreens appears to have been copled from the Pagans. It is related that when Druidism prevalled, the houses were decked with evergreens in December, that the sylvan spirits might repair to them, and remain unnipped with frost and cold winds, untll a milder season had re"Aged the follage of their darling abode. "Against the least of Christmas (8ays Stow) were decks withe, as aiso the parish churohes, whatsoever the season of the year afforded to be green. The conduits and standards in the streets were likewise garnished."-"The custom of adorning windows at Christmas with bay and laurel (says Bourn), is but seldom used in the north; but in the south, particularly the universities, it is very common, not only to deck the common windows of the town, but also the
chapels of the colleges, with branches of laurel,
these
"The mistletoe was considered by the Druids to be a remedy for all diseases. Its virtues as a medicine were no less celebrated in later times, in apoplexy, in giddiness, and other dilepsy, in apoplexy, in giddiness, and other diseases. the most esteemed ; and when this could not the most esteemed; and when this could not
be obtained, that of the hazel. In modern times, however, its medical reputation has dwindled into insignincance; and the only real use to which it has been applied is the making of bird-llme. In this process the berries are boiled in a small portion of vegetable oll, and their glutinous properties render them well adapted to the purpose. Its chier em ployment, with the evergreen and scarlet is in conjunction decorate the houses during the winter holly, to -a custom which, as it appears from traditiona accounts, has arisen from an old superstition that over the threshold where the holly and mis thetoe are found, there no evil spirit dares to tread. We need not remind our readers that in the halls of many an ancient mansion, and in the zitchens of our yeomanry-nay, some


A Christman bug."
which was used by the ancient Romans as the emblem of peace, joy, and victury. In the Cristian sense, It may be applied to the vic coming of Christ."
The of Christ
The mistletoe (says Brand) never entered the sextons; it being the heathenish and pro rane plant which was in such distinction in the Pagan rites of Druldism. It had its place assign ed it in the kitchen, where it was hung up in great state with its pear-like berries; and what ever female chanced to stand under it, the young men present either had a right, or claimed one, of saluti
The high veneration in which the Drulds were nclently held by people of all ranks, proceeded in a great degree from the cures they wrought being sacred to them, but none so that bad not the mistletoe upon it. "At this season of the year (says Stuckley) was the most respectable festival of our Drulds, called Yuletide; when mistletoe, whioh they called all-heal, was as an emblem of the salutiferous advent of the Messiab The mistletoe they cut ofr the trees with their upright hatchets of brass, called celts, put upon the ends of their staffs, which they carried in their hands. Innumerable are
limes also in the drawing-rooms of the learue and the wise, the mistletoe bush is stlll hung familles and friends are accustomed to unith around the social hearth.
The custom of decking our houses and churches with holly, etc., originates from anclent heathenish practices. Mr. Brand says that "holly was used only to deck the inside of houses at cintners, while ivy was used not only as a funerals." Archdeacon Nares mentions, "the custom longest preserved was the hanging up of hall, with the charm attached to it that the maid who was not kissed under it at Christmas would not be married in that year." In the north, a similar custom is observed, viz., that of kissing a maiden over a bunch of holly. Polydore Virgil says that trimmyng of the temples with hangynges, flowers, boughs, and garlandes, was taken of the heathen people, which dected their dols and houses with such arraye

Christmas - Christmas - Merry Chrlstmas -is with us once again, with all its hilarity and enerosity. The sun rises on no day of all the it. The old for reunions and happy memories ; the young for expectations answered and hope
enkindled. ${ }^{2}$ There'are, two phases"to Christmas One where, the beart is joyful in light of happy ircumstances-with children and friends to en iven its coming, and old association to lend it charm amid scenes of grace and beauty; the ther is where poverty, more chill and dreary han the weather, has settled down upon huma bidding the blasting hope and banishing com for the season for benerolent wishes, Und the tro artremes moet in thought and act, The frost of winter enlarges the heart, and, opening with the expansion, the milk of human kindness gushes forth to comfort and bless. At Christmas ime, amid the genial influences of the season, the disposition to do prevails, and generous performances attest the pressure of the generous princlple. What a heartiness pervades the wish orprest on that tlme, as though it wrep the to be a a moment therester, but it has all the ring of brotherhood in it and sincere affection-as if the sentiment were a more vigorous cropping out of a long-existing but restrained fact. We are glad to welcome the day, and say in the language of Tiny Tim, in his sweet and comprehensive prayer, "God bless us every one!" and in the fulness or the joy of the season we stand ready to extend our hand to all, and wish for happlness, with this and all coming occanons,
mankind. mankind.
poor, who heve the poor-with the real a portion of our Christmas with them, we must bring all that makes the time joyous and happy with us. Why should we not from our plenty give them a little? Does not duty, does not the day itself, the day of Christ's nativity, demand this of us? Of all times this in the time to help the poor; this is the time to show to the world that the world is not all bad. Let us remember that, in proportion as $w$
starving, and freezing.

## NEWS NOTES.

Bazaine's sentence has been commuted to wenty years seclusion.
Marshal Bazaine has refused to avall him self of the right of appeal.
Professor Agassiz died in New York at 10 o'clock on the night of the 14th.
No one was killed in the ra
No one was killed in the rallway accident one 12 th inst., at Birmingham, England.
There is a report that the Duke of Edin. burgh's wedding is postponed until Fer Edin The Virginius left Havana on the 12th, escorted by a Spanish man-of-war for Bahia Honda.
SEYEN deaths from fever are reported on
board two British ships stationed on the Gold board two British ships stationed on the Gold THe Carlists claimed to have gained another victory, though ne

## the battle is given. The troops besi

The troops besieging Cartagena have conconthe bombardment of the town,
THe lirginius has been fitted out as a national gunboat under the command of the officer who first boarded her from the Tornado.
The excliement in Havana is subsiding;
though the officers of the Tornado threaten to though the officers of the Tornado threaten to resign if the Virginius be given up to the Amor-
icans. icans.
Captain-General Jovellar has issued a pro-
clamation that he has received final orders to clamation that he has received final orders
fulfil the promises made to the United States Government.
Is consequence of the late Republican successes in France, the Right have resolved, by an
alteration in the Suffrage Law, to disfranchise alteration in the Suffrage Law, to disfranchise some four million persons.
Special services have been held in Madison Square Church, New York, In memory of the Delegates to the Evangelical Al
lost aboard the Ville du Havre.
The Journal de Paris says the unanimity Bazaine's judges indicates that there will be no reconsideration of the sentence. President MCMahon's decision may be expected to-day. General Garcia at the head of 2,000 men has defeated a Spanish column, and also captured some large fortifications, making prisoners of the entire garrison, without firing a, single shot.
The fog which enveloped London, England, for three days and put a stop to traffic is the for three days and put a stop to traffic is the area of fifty square milles, of which the metropolis was the centre
England has asked France to co-operate with her in instituting an investigation of the Ville du Havre disaster, offering to pay all expenses of witnesses. France cordially accepts, and promises the investigation shall be searching and complete.
The late storm in England has done immense lost through it. Sheffield seems to lives have beed more than any other town, though the storm spread over most of the northern part of the country and far up into Scotland.
About 9 o'clock on the night of the 11 th , Mr. W. B. Wood, Agent at Nashville, Tenn., for Adams' Express Company, had his skull crushed in and his safe robbed of $\$ 4,200 \alpha$ Three of rested.
In Congress Mr. Philips, of Kansas, aszed leave to bring in a motion embracing a numbet being to the effect that the United States Gor ernment should recognize Cuban Independence. The motion was referred to the Committee oll Forelgn Affairs.

## LOVE.

A rragile girl, who droops and pales, Like a fower in sudden frest Clasplog her wailing infant tight, Shrinking away from her fellows' sigh Lhe a wounded bird from the noonday light Its plumage all sm

Why ? and they whisper of sin and shame

## A grey old grange, with the $i: y$ wreath

 Far floating from the wallThe thick dust drifting its fioors to heap
The splder across its doors to creep,
The flag- staff rotting upon the keep
As the banners within the hall.
Why ? and they speak of a forfelt pledge, And their lord, who fell on his Babre's edge

A youth, in the genius-peopled room, That once his kingdom made
His pencil brokeu, his canvass blurred, And the music that once the heart-string
Dashed right across with a passionate word Like the blood trom a heart betrayed.

Why ? and a common story was told, Of troth-plight broken for sheen of gold

A little child, with frank blue eyes,
And lips like fowers in dew
Who wondered amid his childish play Why some should frown, some turn away While those who blessing words would say
Wept'mid their kisses too.

Why? the passion was past, the charm wa
A wailling cry 'neath the sombre yew,
A sob by a lonely hearth,
${ }_{\text {Bright buds fung down upon quit graves, }}$ here lush and green the long grass wave $\mathbf{B w e l l s}^{\text {And }}$ dirge or the river's res

Why ? ab, who knows not how life is marred, [hard.

Love. Love forgotten, betrayed, forsworn
Crushed beneath Death or time,
A due to every secret wrong,
A note, life's sadness to prolong;
To sorrow, or care, or crime.
Yet, priest and poet unite to prove
That " Love is Heaven, and Heaven is Love."

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## PUBLICANS and SINNERS

## A LIFE PICTURE.

## BY MISS M. E. BRADDON

Author of "Lady Audley's Secret," "To The
Bitter End," "The Outcasts," \&c., dc.

## BOOK THE LA ST.

## CHAPTER III.-Continued.

Lucius closed the litule book with a sigh. Ala how many a woman's life ends thus, with a fragile heart: Happy those nier natures whoso the soul! There are some fashioned of a duller stuff, in there are mere habit of life survives all that gave life its charm.
This was all that letters or journal could tell the investigator. But Luclus told himself that
the rest would be easy to discover. He had name, date, locality the to discover. He had common name; Burke's Landed Gentry or County Families would doubtless help him to Fontiry that Henry Glenlyne who married Thelicle Dumarques at the church in Piccadilly, had asesured had done much for him; for they made assured him orfur him; need no longer fear to pluck the curtain from the mysters of the past, let he should reveal a story of dis honour.
He took some brief notes from Mr. Glen lyne's letter, and thanked Mademolselle Dumarques for her politeness, promising that he niece should profit by the use or hose doon ments, the aunt should be amply roquited fo any assistance they afforded; and then he took apprentice leave of the dress maker and her needle had the monotonous
It was tour oclock in the afternoon when Luclus left Mademolselle Dumarques. He had thought of getting back to Dieppe in time for that evening's boat, so as to arrive in London by the following morning-he had taken a return licket by this longer but cheaper route. He found, however, that the strain upon his atnight during the last forty-elght hours, the night Journey by Newhaven and Dieppe, oomthe past, bad completely worn bim out.
"I must have another nigaus rest berore 1 himeelf. "I am beginning to feel that confuse sense of time and place which is the forerunner of mental disturbance. No; it would be of some importance to me to save a day, but won' run the risk or knocking myseli up. Thu there to-night."

## Chapter iv.

coming to meet his doom.
The passage from Dieppe to Newbaven wa of the roughest. Luclus beheld his fellow voya gers in the last stage of prostration, and pres cribed tor more Whom the sea malady had tastened with alarm ing, and Lucius, being happily exempt from the common affiction, did his best to be useful so far as the liunited means of treatment on high, and the passengers on board the Newhave
boat, who had never seen the waves that beat
against the rock-bound coast of Newfoundiand,
before the breeze, and in some spots, where tall hafts clustered thickly and cowls were numerbe holding a witch's sabbath in honour of the storm.
That north-easter had a biting breath, and chilled the blood of the Shadrackites till they winter. "We sllus gets prophecies of a hard beckwinocksshalls begins early" says one gen tleman in the coal-and.potato line to another And the north-easter howls its dreary dirge, as if it said, "Cry aloud and lament for the sum. mer that is for ever gone, for southern breezes and sunny days that return no more."
Cedar House looked more than usually darksome after the brighter skies and gayer colours of a French city. Those dust and smoke-laden old trees, lank poplars, which swayed and looking windows above it inspired no chankthoughts. There was no outward sign cheering that any one lay dead in the house; but it seemed no fitting abode for the living.
As the hansom came aground against the curb stone in front of the tail iron gate, Luctus was surprised to see a stout female with a bundle

But Lucio
migrants. think it was you were to leave your patient, Mrs. Milderson," said he; "above all during my absence."
Lor bless you, Dr. Davoren, I haven't bee way an hour and a half, or from that to two ours at most. I only fust stepped round to my wn place, azd took the grosher's coming back. hich ehe thought it untind and Mary Am, poor child, belng as she has one les anmotherly, than the other, and was always a mother's girl and 'prenticed to the dressmaking at fourteen ear old. Of course if I'd a' knowed you'd be ome to-night, I'd have put off going ; but as to he dear old gentleman, I left him as comfortable as could be. He took his bit of dinner own-stairs in the pariour, and eat the best part for prime a much-chop as you could wish to oom , but he a dill dullike in that though I'm very glad she's granddaughter, country air poor child, he says; so ho wet up o his bedroom again betore seven o'clock and had his cap of tea, and then began amusing of hisself, turning over his papers and such-like. and says I, ' Have I your leave to step round to place Hor a hour or so, to gel a change of lothes, Mr. Sivewright ?' says I; and he says yes most agreeable ; and that's the longs and the Luclus aid notion.
urbed even by the He was displeased, dis. post, were it only for a couple of hours.
Mrs. Magsby had opened the gate before this and half Mrs. Milderson's explanation had aken place in the forecourt. It had been too the dim lamplight in the hall he saw that she was unusually pale, and hat her somew
cared look.
Begging your pardon, sir,", she began at nce hurriedly, "I hope I haven't done wrong. I haven't forgot what you told me and my hussence ; but-"
"If you have admitted anybody, you bave done very wrong," said Lucius decisively. "What oes it all mean? I find Mrs. Milderson return g from a two-hours' absence, and you in a A straight ans wer was beyond Mrs. Magsby's power to give; she always talked in circles, and egan at the outermost edge of the centre she wanted to reach.
reamt of doing it if it hadn't beouldn't have order."
What order ?", have dreamed of golng what ? Wruer ?" demanded Lucius impatiently. hon fist he came to the gate-which he rang three times, for my good man was taling lous with the his lea, and baby was that frac. I told him it was against my orders and as much as my place was worth, being put in harge by a gentleman.
ius ; to be diverted from her circuitous path by not direct question.
"If the order haven't been reglar, I ehouldn't ave give way; but it was perfeotly correck, rom Mr. Agar, the house-agent, which has put ee into many a house hisself, and his handrang to buy bekn to me. The geallemax wanted to buy the house of the owners, with a lew to turnin' it into a factory, or works of explained hisself quite "That
dmitted that man-" cried Luclus aghast. "You Who ought to have been kept out of this housers to prevent whose admittance here I have taken so much trouble? You and your husband wero put into this house to defend it from that very man."
Lor, sir, you must be dreaming surely, "claimed Mrs. Magsby. "He was quite the ention to any the house Mr. Agar bay how the, when I have heard id of it, and with the horder to view to get Agar's own handwriting, horder to view in Mr. "This house belongs to Mr. Slvewright, long as he occupies it and pays the rent," sald Lucius indignantiy. "You had no right to admit

> one without his permission. Which I should have ast his

Whioh I should have ast his leaf, sir, if tha dear old gentleman hadn't been asleep. Mrs. quarter of a hour before and cup of tea not a be goes out of this ve and she says to me as hich Mrs. Muderson herself will bear withess, being too much of a lady to go from her word, he says, ' Don't go for to disturb the old gentlenfant, as I've left him sleepin' as quier as an wasn't possible to be more careful, for before howed the gentleman over the place, outbuild ns, and such-ixe, which he was most anxious o see, bein' as it was them he wanted for his actory, I calls my husband and whispers to co, Look sharp after the property, Jim, while for that chanes and things is the whe room where whole time I was away.
"How long did the man stay?" asked Lucius briety.
"Well, sir, that's the puzzling part of it all soe him eo mer since. I never out the hack was-
rom na rrow window-sills, ere the hurrican
athancted tts fury. The leaden cowls that sur mounted refractory chimneys spun wildly round by the interesting nature of her conversation.
ring the bell. She clutched her buudle with one hand, and carried a market-basket on the was not performed witho:it some'ting the bell Lucias jumped out of the cab and confronted the stout female.
"Mrs. Milderson !" he exclalmed, surprised, gled against grasped her burdens and strug gown round her stout legs, and tore her shaw from her shoulders, and mercllessly buffeted her bonnet.
stepped round to stepped round to my place to get a change of of groshery at Mr. Binks's in Stevedor-street; of groshery at Mr. Binks's in Stevedor-strcet; at the grosher's round about here, which I tell Mrs. Magsby when she offers uncommon kind to fetch any errands I may want. The wind has been that strons that it's as much as I could do to keep my feet, partickiar at the corners. poor souls a regular gale. Hard innes for them poor souls at sea, $\mathrm{P} m$ areard, sir, and no less went out of the Shadrack-basin this immigrins Brisbian, which my daughter Mary Ann the wessle start-a most moving sight she says."
easy enough, you know, and hlm as active a "You did not see him leave? Why, then, he Is in the house at this moment," cried Luclus.
"Why should he leave? His object was to remain here in hiding." house, sir, since he gave me the slip, as you may say, for want of better words to express it
though too much a gentleman, I'm sure, to do anything underhanded, and so has my husband,
up-stairs and down-stairs till our legs ached again. The gentleman asks me to show him the back premises first-his object bein' apace for
his works, as he says-and so itook him through his works, as he says-and so itook him through garden and shows him that, and I opens the garden and show, him that, and opens the shutters of the half-glass door leadin' into the back parlour, meanin' to take him
through the honse that way, when I looks through the honse that way, when for him to
round, after openin'
foller me, and he was gone. Thers wasn't a vesfoller me, and he was gone. There wasn't a ves-
tige of him-whether he'd gone back to the hall and let hisself out quitetly, havin' seen all place didn't meet his views, or whether he'd gone down the garden and got over the wall to was and gone he is, for me and my husband was and gone he 1a, for me and my husband
has exploded every hinch of th 'ousee from garret to cellar."
" Did you
"Did you look at that little back staircase I
told you of?" "L Lor, no, sir; as if any one callin' hisself a gentleman and dressed beantiful would go in that hole of a place, among cobwebs and rotten plaster, and dangerous too I should think on
such a night, as this, with the wind roaring like thunder.
"Give me a candle," said Laclus; "or no,
second thoughts I'll go up-stairs without one."
He
He pulled off his boots and ran rapidly and lightly by the old staircase and along the corridoom He opened the door of the little dressingroom where Lucile had slept with a noiseless between this room and Mr. Sivewright's bedchamber stood ajar, and Lucius heard a voice quietly enough, in tones so calm that he stop. ped by the door to listen.
It was a voice which he
a shudder-a voice which could not hear without the hut in the Ace which he had last heard in wood where never came the note of song-bird. Father!" said the voloe, with a quiet bitterness $k^{\circ}$ Father than the lo what have you ever been a father to me? Who taught me to rob you when I was
a child? My mother, you say! I say it was you a child? My mother, you say! I say it was you a fair share of your wealth-who hid yourgains
from us-who hoarded and scraped, and refused from us-who hoarded and scraped, and refused
us every pleasure!"
"Falsehood-injustice," crled the tremulous
"Falsehood-Injustice," erled the tremulous tones of the old man; "falsehood and injusice
from first to last. Becanse I was laborious, you
would have it that I must needs be rich. Because I was careful, you put me down as a
miser. I tried to build up a fortune for the futumeser. I tried to build up a fortune for the futu-
re-Heaven knows how much more for your sake than for my own. You plotted against me,
joined with your mother to decelve and che日, me, squandered in foollsh dissipations the money which my care would have quadrupled: and the art of spending money. I could make it,
but I could n't spend it. The man who does the inherited everything. I told you that. Not inherited many times. I tried to awaken your
once but mind to the expectation of the future. I tried to mind to the expectation of the future. I tried to self-denial in the present you could help me to
lay the foundation of a fortune which should not be contemptible. You, with your consummate arlince, pretended to agree with me, and
went on robbing me. This was before you were went on years old.
"The bent of my genius declared itself early," lable laugh. The very note Luclus remembere in the log-tht.
"You lied t. still loved you," continued Homer Slvewright suppressed passion audible in those faltering tones of age. "I still loved you-you were the
only child that had been born to gladden my lonely heart. I was estranged from your mothe and knew ton well that ine had never loved me
What had I in the world but you? I made ex cuses for your wrongdoing. It is his mother's
infuence, I said. What child will refuse to do influence, I said. What child will refuse to do
what a mother bids him? She confuses his senses of right and wrong. To serve her he be-
trays me. I must get him away from his trays me. I must get him away from his
mother. On the heels of thls came a hideous revelation from you. You had quarrelled with your mother- you had taken up a knife to use expense-gave you the best education that coat and grudged the price of a pair of boots,
wven when my bare feet had made acqualntsnce with the pavement. Education, and that of the highest kind, made no change in you. It
tave you some varnish of manner, but it left tave you some varnish of manner, but it left
you a thief and a llar. I need not pursue the story of your career."

The survey is somewhat tiresome, I admit come to the potnt without farther recrimination on either side. You have sour catalogue of
wrongs, your bill of indictment; I mine. Let
us put one against the other, and consider the
account balanced. I sm ready to give you a full acquittance. You can hardly refuse the same favour to an only son, whom you once loved,
who has passed through the purifying furnace yearning for forgiveness yay, even for som yearning for forg
token of affection.'
"Don't waste your breath, Ferdinand Sivewright. I know
brief bitterness.
"Nay, I cannot concelve it possible that you
nhould repulse me," replied the son in a toue or nhould repulse me," replied the son in a tone of
infinite persursion. That power of music and expression which was the man's chief gift lent a strange magic to his tones; only a deep con-
viction of his falsehood could arm a fa her's heartagainst him. "I have made nay way to you with extremest difficulty-indeed only by against me-against me, your only son, re-
turned, as if from the grave itself, to plead for pardon.

## "And to rob me with a harsh laugh.

"What opportunity have I had for that ? only arrived at Liverpool from America thre days ayo. Why should I rob you of what, in the and by? Grant that I $w$ ronged you in the past all that I took was at least in some part my own, my own, by your direct admission, in the
future, if not mine in the present; and could a boy perceive the nice distinction between actua and prospective possession
"You were not a boy when you drugged me
in order to steal the key of my irn the father in a tone that betrayed no wavering of intention. "I might have forgiven the rob
bery. I swore at the time that I would neve forgive the opiate. And I mean to keep my oath said then, and I belleve now, that a man
who would do that would, with an little com punction, poison me.
Ferdinand Sivewright wasstanding only a fow paces from the half open-door, so near that
Lucius heard his quickened breathing at this point, heard e
wicked heart
"From that hour I formed my life on a new plan," continued the old man, with a subdued energy that approached the terrible, a concen of metal at a white heat. "From that hour lived but in the expectation of such a meeting as this. Youleft me poor. I swore to become
rich, only for the sake of such a meeting as this. I tolled and schemed; lent money at usury and was pitiless to the victims who borrowed denied myself the common necessities of iff ay, shortened my days; all for such an hour a
this. You would come back to me, I told my self, if I grew rich, as you have come; you would pardon, with hate and scorn in your heart, a you have nued; and I should answer you as I
do to-night. Not a sixpence that I have do to-night. Not a sixpence that I have
scraped hyether shall ever be yours; not a penny that I have tolled for shall buy a crust to another son. I have made a will, safe and ure ; not a will that your ingenaity can -a will leaving all I possess away from you, ever condition that no sixpence of mine shall
ever Arter death, as in Mfe, I will ever reach you. Arter death, as in life, I will
punish you for the intquity that turned a father's punish you for
love to hate.'
"Madman," crled Ferdinand Siveright, " lo you hink your will shall ever see the light of day, or
you survive this night 9 I did not win my way to this room to be laughed at or defied. You have disinherited me, have you? I'm glad you told me on, and made a will in his favour. I'm very glad you told me that. I wish him joy of his inheritance. You have chosen your fate. It
might bave been life: I came here to give you might bave been life : I came here
a farr chance. You choose death."
There was a burried movement, the swift Aash which Shar pointed knife, that kind of kinte by that deadly point could reach its mark a doo was flung open, there came a hurried tread of oet, and two men were grappling with each
other by the bedside, wilh that shining blad held high above the head of both. Ripld as Ferdinand's movement had been towarils the bed, Luclus had been quick enough to intercept
bim. By the bedside of the intended victim the two men struggled, one armed with that ween knife, the other defenceless. The struggle the murderer's right wrist with his left hand, and held it aloft. Not long could he have retained the flerce grip, but here his professional skill
assisted him. His right hand was happily free While they. Fere struggling, he took a lancet from his waistcoat-pocket, und with one ra The knife dropped like a stone from Fer nand Sivewright's relaxing grasp, and a shower of blood ca
"I think I have the best of you now," sald
The old man had been pulling a bell-rope with all his might during this brief atruggle, and she
shrill clang of the bell sounded inrough the empty house, sounded even above the shrill shrick of the wind in the chimney
for an instant by that sudden about him, dazod with the wild fierce gaze of a trapped animal So had Luclus seen a woiverine stare at his
coptorn from the imprisonment of a timber
trap. He looked round him, listened to the bell, oaught the sound of footsteps in the corridor, himself with all the force of his full weight against the oaken panel. The feeble old wood
cracked and splintered as that muscutar form wacked and splintered as that muscular form rocked as the panel fell inwards. Another peaped-he was on the secret stalrcase-he had escaped them.
Luclus made for the door. He might still be In time to catch this baffled assassin at the botstopped, arreated by a sound of unspeakable panel still seemed to tremble; the wooden wall swayed inwards. Then came a sound like the roar of cannon; it was the fall or a huge beam that had sustained the wide old chimney shaft. That mighty crash was succeeded by a rushing nolse one deep long groan from below, and all was
silent. The room was fall of dust, which silent. The room was fall of dust, which
almost blinded its occupants. There was a yawning gap in the spintered wainscot, where bled from panel bad been. Pharaoh had tum nlously on the for. The and spawled tynoral that ponderous relic of medimval masonry, which had been the oldest portion of Cedar House, was down; and Ferdinand Sivewright lay at the bottom of the house, buried under the ruins of
the secret staircase and the chimney of which it had been a part.

## Chapter v.

## "'tis with us perpetidal night

They dug Ferdinand Slvewright out from under that pile of shattered brickwork and
fallen timber, after labours that lasted late into the night. Help had not been far to seek amongst the good-natured Shadrackites. Stout navigators and stalwart stevedores had arisen
as if by magic, spade and pickaxe had been as if by magic, spade and pickaxe had been seemed, almost before the echo of that thundled out of the fal
When Luctus rushed down-stairs he found the forscourt full of wind-driven lime-dust and
crumbled plaster and worm eaten wond that drifted into his face like powder, and a clamo rous crowd at the iron gate e
if any one was under the ruins.
Who'll," he said, "there's a man yonder Who'll help me to dig him out?"
A chorus of eager volces rent the alr
"Cnme, half a dozen of the st rongest of you," said Lucius, unl
The men filed in from among the miscellaneous crowd of women and bables in the foreground. Stray boys, frantic to do something, were sent right and left to fetch spades and picks. The
miscellaneo'ss crowd was forced back from the ate, unwilling to the last; the gate opened and the men entered, al once calm and eager, men who had
time.
"I knowed that end of the house would come down some day," sald one brawny navvy,
looking up at the dilapldated wing. "I told the old gent as much when he employed me to fisten some loose slates on one of the outhouses,
but he didn't thank me for my warning. 'It'll last my time,' says he. Is it the oli gent that's under the rubbidge, sir?"
"Thank God, no. But there
Lose no time. There's little hope of getting him out allve, but you can try your best."
"That we will," cried several voices unantThe stray boys reappeared breathless, and handed in spades and picks through the half-
open gate, which I ucius guarded. He didn't open gate, which I ucius guarded. H
want a uaeless crowd in the forecourt.
volce, and the work began; a tedious labour, for pile of ruin. pile of ruin.
The labou
thus fairly starte l, Lucluq wen Sivewright sitting half-dro. He foun his bed, staring at that gap in the opposite wall, shaken
terribly, but calmer than he had hoped to find terribl
"Save him, Lucius," cried the old man, ciasping Luclus's hand. "He has been an
ingrate-a villain. There was bad blood in him, ingrate-a villain. There was bad blood in him,
a taint that poisoned his nature - hereditary ralsehool. But save him from such a hideous rate. Is there any hope
Liclus shook his head
" None, I fear. The fall alone was enough to $k l l l$
any man, and that cross-beam may have
fallen upon him. There are half a dozen men fallen upon him. There are half a dozen men
clearing away the rubbish, but all we can hope to find is the dead body, of your son. Better "Which must have thus than by the gallows." had he been permitted to finish his course," sald the old man bitterly.
Luclle's vecant cham remove his patient to agitation-a vain effort; for though quiet enough outwardly, Mr. Sivewright suffered intensely during this interval of uncertainty.
"Go down and see how they are getting on,"
he said eagerly. "They must have cleared all
away by this thme surels.'
" I'm golng to look for a
plied Lucius; "The night is as black as Erebus,

Mr. Sivewright told him where to find a couple of lanterns. "Go." he cried; "don't waste time here with me. Reache my son, if you can.
His son still-by the mera
His son still-by the merg force of habit, per-
hap, although ten minutes ago his baffled mur haps,
derer

Lucius went out to the end of the house with moviug of lighted lanterns, and remained ther slowly progressed-remained miving them such help as he could-sustaining them with counse -stray boya, returned for the which one of the stray boya, returned for the purpose, fetched from a nelghboring public-house by special 11 cense of the policeman, who acknowledged the necessity of the case-remained falthful to his
post, until, in the dullest coldest hour of the dark windy night, Ferdinand Sivewright was discovered under a heap of rafters, which had bove him.
This accident had just saved him from being mothered by the faiten rubbish. The massive him, and not above him - the long-looseaed supports perhaps finally destroyed by that ferc panel which bis own mad rush at the sliding ago by the unjudicious cutting of the timbers when the old banquet-hall was pulied down. They lifted him out of the wreck, and, to the
marvel of all of them, allve, althongh unconcl marvel of all of them, allve, although unconcl
ous. Lucius examined carefully as he lay upon a heap of the men's coats a d Jack its, pallid and bloodstatned. Two of the men held the
lanterns as Luctus knelt down beside that awfal figure to make his investigation. Both legs were case case was fatal, though the man still lived of you fellows, and we'll put down a door and put a mattress upon it; we must take him to the London Hospital."
Two men followed him to the house; they an old washhouse door that hung loosely enough on its rusty hinges, and proceeded to unscrew A few minutes a ptorwards they hed lild Ferd A few minutes afterwards they had laid Ferdl
nand Sivewright on this extempory litter, and and Sivewright on this extempory litter, and were carrying
of coats, to the London Hospltal.
There was a surgical examination by two o he best men in London early next morning ; but as nothing that surgery could do could have prolonged that wicked life, the consuitation
ended only in the simple sentence, "A fatal
case." what you can to make the poor fellow comfortable," said the chief surgeon; "it would
be useless to pui him to any pain by trying to set the broken bones; amputation might have nswered, but for those injuries to the ribs and about-twose alone would be fatal. I give him
abraty-four hours. The brain is unin ured, and there may be a return of concious ness hefore the end.
For thls
For this Lucius waited, never leaving hls post by the narrow hospital bed. It was important
that he should be at hand, to hear whaterer hat he should be at hand, to hear whatever
this man might have to saj-most important that he should receive from these lips the secre of Lucille's parentage. All that care or skill could do to alleviate Ferdinand Sivewright's
cutferings Lucius did, patientiy, kindiy, and witing for the end, strong in his trust in Proidence.
"Better that he should perish thus by the visitation of God than by my hand," ne said to
himself, with deepest thankfulness. himself, with deepest thankfulness.
He telegraphed to his sister
ome to Londou immediately, and to bring to cille with her. They were to travel by a parilcular train, and to go stralght to his house, where he would meet them
Painful as the scene would be to both, he deemed it best that both should hear this man' wn ll. that he not hor father; that Janel hould hear the truth about her unhappy inar riage, from him who alone had power to en-
lighten her. It was togive to both a bitter menghten her. It was toglve to both a bitter me-
mory ; bat it was to relleve the minds of both from doubt and misconception.
A little before the hour at which Luclus expected the arrival of Janet and Lucille, the dyonce resolved not to leave him. He wrote fe Innes to Janet, berging her to come on with
Luclle to the hospital, and dispatched the note F a messenger.
Ferdinand sivewright looked about him for a Then with that bitter smile which Lucius reThen with that bitter smile which Lucius re-
membered years ago in the log-hut, he sald "Another hospital ! I thought I'd had enough
"A of them. I've been laid by the heels often
nough. Once in Mexico; another time in Brit sh Columbia, when those Canadian trappers pisked me up, half dead with frost-bites and
With a bullet through my shoulder, a mile or so from that villainous log.hut, and carried me on to the nearest sous og-hut, and carried me I'd to the nearest settlement. Yes, I thoug
Presently his eges turned slowly towards Lucius. He looked at him for a little while with the dark fever-bright eyes.
"You!" he cried; "yon, that sent that
bullet into my shoulder! It must be a bad dream that brings you to my bedside."
swered Lucius quietly. "The end of your life is
so near that there is no time for enmity.
so near that there is no time for enmity.
and afterwards helped to rescue you from a bor
rtble death under the ruins or the house you ha invaded. If it is possible for such a nature as Yours to feel remorse for the past or apprehen-
slou for the fucure, give the few remaining hours of your life to penitence and prayer."

What, am I doomed?
skill can do nothing, except to mumered. Medica a little easier"
"That's bitter," muttered Ferdinand. "Just as I saw my grip upon the old man's hoard. I had schemes enough in this busy brain to occupy twenty years more. Dying! How did 1 come nothing, except that I got into my father' house last night to bave a little peaceable con,
versation with him. Did I see him? I can't remember.
is "Don't rack your brain to remember. There is no time to think of your life in detail. Repent even at this last hour, and pray to an all-merci "Let him answer for the wort of His hands, cried the sinner. "He gave me the passions that ruled my life-the brain that plotted, the heart that knew not compunction. If He has Hist chosen vessels for good and evil, I suppos "Mave fulalled the purpose of my creation." To all His creatures He gives the right of choice between two roads. You, of your own election,
chose the evil path. It is not too late even now to cry to Him, "Lord, bave mercy upon me a
The dying man closed his eyes, and made no answer. "I don't suppose I should have been a
bad fellow," he said by and by, "if destiny had bad fellow," he sald by and by, "If destiny had
provided me with a handsome income, say teu provided me with a handsome income, say tou
thonsand a year. The tiger is a decent beast thonsand a year. The tiger is a decent beasi
enough till he is hungry. $I$ 've had a strange life-a chequered fabric-some sunshine; a good deal of shadow. You never heard of me in the
United States, I suppose, where I was best known as Senor Ferdinando, the villin improVisatore? I was the rage yonder in my time the golden waters of Pactolus, and had pretty women going mad about me by scores. Ferdl-nando-yes, I was a great man as Senor Ferdi-
nando. He paused with a sigh, half regret, half satis-

I bad a run of luck at the tables of San ed bullet-wound- gour bullet remember-and didn't do badly at the diggings, though I gained more by a lucky partnership, with some hard-
working fools than by actual work. Then came Working fools than by actual work. Then came
a turn in the tide, and I landed in this used-up old country without a five-pound note, and nothing to hope for but the chance of getting on
the blind side of my eld father. But that was the blind
diffeuti."
Luclus contrived to rob him, however," said The dying eyes looked at him with the old kedg gaze, as ir taking the measure of his know-
ledge. But Ferdinand Sivewright did not trouble himself elther to deny or udmit the Justice ${ }^{\circ}$ "Inis accusation.
"In England things went badly with me al-
ways; though I have played the gentleman Ways; though I have played the gentleman
here in my time," he muttered, and closed his here in my ty
eyes wearlly.
Lucius moistened the dry 11ps with brandy Trom a bottle that slood by the bedside. were below in the walting-room.
Luclus went down-stairs, leaving a nurse in charge of Ferdinand. He found Janet and Lu-
cllie allike pale and anxlous. Luclle was the cllle alike pale and anxlous. Lucille was the "Has anything happened to my grandfather?" she exclaimed
me quickly.",
Cedar my darling. Mr. Sivewright is sate, at Cho has no. I bave sent for you to see one -the man whom you once loved as a father."

## My father here?"

Sivewright Lucille, not your father. Ferdinand by a falsehood."
"He was kind to me when 1 was a child," happened?
Luclus told her briefly that there had been an accluent by which Ferdinand Sivewright had accident, and the events that Immediately pre ceded it, he told her nothing
To Janet he spoke more fully, when he had taken ber to the other end of the room, out of
"Your husband is found, Janet," be sald. your friend Mr. Hossack assured me of his
Her
Her frst thought was one of regret that Geoffreys
hood.
"Geofrey was decelved hy a train of oir-
cumatances that also decelved "He is living and in this place
ith a sigh for the man she had once loved.
"He is dying, Janet. If you want him to ac
knowledge any wrong done to you, it is a niting thene to obtain such a confersion
"I will not torture him with questions. I am
too sory for his mistakeu life. Take mo to
him, Lucus," him, Luclus."

And Luclle, she must come with you."
What need has luollle to be there ${ }^{\circ}$
"Greater need than you could supposo, Lu
one and the same person. Come, both of you. He led the way to the accldent ward, and to the quiet corner where Ferdinand's bed stood, shaded, and in a manner divided, from the rest
of the room by a canvas screen. His was the worst case in that abode of pain.
worst case in that abode of pain.
Lucllle drew near the bed, and
Luclus seated herself quitetly in the chatr by them dying man's plllow. Luclus stopped Janet the a warntug gesture, as she was advancing towards the screen.
"Not yet," he whispered; "hear all, but Janet obeyed, and remained hidden by the creen. Ferdinand Sivewright's eyes wandered o the gentle face bent tearfully over his plllow.
"Luclle," he gasped, "I thought you had "bandoned me."
"Not in the hour of your remorse, father," she sald ; my heart tells me you are sorry for your sins; for that last worst sin of all I know should be remorseless.
"There are anomalies in nature," answered Slvewright. "I belleve I was born without a conscience, or wore it out berore 1 was ten years
old. After all I have only sinned against my ellow man when I was desperate; $1 t$ has been my ullimate expedient. I have not injured anybody upon fancliful grounds, for revenge or which have urged some men to destroy their Elind. I have oueyed the stern law or necessi" Father, repent; life is ebbing. Have you no words but those of morkery?"
she took his death-cold hands, trying to fold them in prayer. He looked at hor, and the cynic's amile faded. There
touch of tenderness in his look.

Do you think the God agalnst whom I have shut my mind is very likely to take pty upon
me now, at my last gasp, when further imposible?

There is no state too desperate for the hope pitent thief had brtefest time for repentance, none for aronement.
Il his wferer whather he had been dotng evll all his $11 f e$; had never done a good action, never aruly served a
"We only know that he had sinned, and was orgiven."
"Ab, that's a slight ground for beller in illimitable mercy. Can you forgive me, Lucille-
you whom I wronged and deluded, whom I cheated of a birtbright?
"I do not know what wrong you have done me; but whatever that wrong may be, Heaven
knows how freely I forgive 1 . 1 Ioved you knows how
dearly once."
"Ay, once. Poor parasite, why should you ove me, except that it was in your nature to
wine your tendrile about something? oved your, iltile ooe, as much as it was in my nature to loove anytuling. Whatever love I had, I divided between you and the fiddle I used to play to you in that dusky, old parior, whon we
two att alone by the Are?"
"Father, by the memory of that time, when I knew not what sin was-when I thought you
good and true, as you were kind-tell me that ou repetied to sing you worry "R argg tried to lujure that poor old man.
Well, I'll say this much, that if I could bed IIfe afresh, with a cleau consclence and a fair have their pleasures ; but I think respectablity has the best ofit in the long run.
The strongest proof of repentance is the en deavor to atune," sald Luclus, who dreaded less the end stould come ere he had lerrued all he
wanted to know about Henry Glentyne. "The wanted to know about Henry glenlyne. "The
wrong you did Lucille Glenlyne was a bitter one for you robbed her of a father
"Luclle Glenlyne!" cried Ferdinand. " How came you by the name of Glenlyne?
me is short. Remember thand Your be the means of restoring Lucllie to her father lose not "An affectionate father," sald Ferdinand, with the old mocking tone. "He was very glad
wo be comfortably rid of his pretty ilttle daugh. ter. He came to Bond-street a week ofter his wife's death, with the merest apology for a hatin mourning and took the little one on his knee and klysed her, and smoothed her dark curis,
but never told her to call him father; and then, but never totd her to call him father; and then,
anding that she was so fond of me, proposed that I sbould adopt her altogether, and briug her up as my own."
"Yes, he pald me something of coursesum of money down-very little-but be was always whining about his difficaltes, and pre-
cended that he could do no more. After that loat sight of him altogether. I had left England before he came how his uncle's fortune, and when 1 wrote to him from south America, asklog uim to remember old promises, he did not
anywer my lettera. When I came back to Eng. land, with some idea of huntlog him up and making him pay me for my dincretion, I heard best of times, and was never worthy of his wife. "Tell mos at least where I can get most infor.
mation about Luis ?" asked Luctus earnestly. "From the family lawyors-Pullman and Eve. Thll, Lincoln's-1nn."
heart upon restoring Lucllle's rightiul name be useless labor, it might seem in the abstract but to an Englishman that question of name in strong point.
ou can give me to can tell me-the only help any rights she may have been deprived of Luclug.
"Ay, that's a question that might be worth lyne's will. Heary married a second time know, but I don't know whether he had children by that second marriage. I don't seo how can help you. Henry Glenlyne married Fo. St. James's - just twenty years in Piccadillyhad the cerlificate of the marriage. Hal Glen. gister. kept that himself. But you'll and the reReginald Glenly in will she has any under clearly enough. provide you can identis out clearly enough; provided you can Identiry the
chlld I brought home to Bond-street as the daughter of Henry and Fellicie Gleniyne. There's your greatest difficulty." The man's keen intellect, even clouded by pain, dulled by the dark shadow of death
grasped every detail, and asim grasped ever.
in the case.
"I am no fortune-hunter," sald Lucius, "and were Lucille mistress of a million she ounld be no dearer to me than she is now: nor her future make it I desire nothing but that she epo have justice-justice to her dead mother-jug tice to herself?"

You cannot get it out of Henry Glenlyne," answered Ferdinand Sivewright. "He has
slipped comfortably into his grave and esean all reckoning. He was alwaya a nneak.'
"Enougb. We must look for Justice to God, if man withiold It . There is some one her Wronged as deeply as you wronged Luctlle. Can
you bear to see your wife-my sister Jan come like the ghosts that circled crook-back Richard's bed at Bosworth."
"Will you see your wife?" asked Lucius
"Yes. she"ll not reproach me now. Let her
come."

Janet came softly to the bed, and knelt be side the man whose influence had once been all
pown to
Can you forgive me ?" he asked, looking a her with those awful eyes, whose Intensity was
slowly lessening as the dull shade of death dimmed them. "Can you forgive? I wronged you worst of all, for I told you a lie on purpose -I had your heart. You are my lawful wife man. I stole you secretly from your home be vestigation, and if I had wooed you openly there'd have been all manner of inquiries. knew the keen. prylng ways of your petty pro-
vinclal gentry. It was easier to make the busIness a secret, and thus escape all danger.
"You gave me a bitter burden to bear in an
ese years," Janet answered gently; " But 1 these years," Janet answered gently; "But
am grateful even for this tardy justice. May God forgive you as $I$ do
She covered heflece with her handa, and her head sank on the coverist of the bed, as she
knelt in silent prayer. There could be litile to be sald between these two. Janet's wrongs
were tho deep for many words.
Ferdinand atretched out his band with a fingers rested on mis wife's and the tremulons there with a ligit and tender touch, it might be in blessing.

Father, will you not say one prayer ?" ask "I will say anything to please you," he answered.
No, no, not for me, but for your own sake God is all goodness; even to those who turn to
Him at the Eleventh hour. His mercles are ninte.
"They had need be It I dit to have any part
Luclll
Lucille repeated the Lord's Prayer alowiy, the dying man repeating it after her in Latin-the
words he had learned in his boy hood when he went to mass with his mother at the chapel in Spanish-place.
They stayed with him all that day, Lucille from the Gospel-words which erced even those dull ears with some laint promise, may have kindled some vague yearning tor divine forgiveness even in that hardened
heart. The sinuer seemed at Intervals to listen; there was a grateful look now and then in the

## ured eyes.

They did not fatigue him, even with these read to him after pauses of allence wordn were when he seemed rree from pain. Lucille's gentie hand bathed the burning forehead. Janet held Had he llved cordial to the pale parohed lips charge of some sacred duty. his dying hours could not have been more gently tended. And
thus the slow sad day wore on, and started out of a brier slumber, with a sharp cry
the words Lucllle had read to him a little while " Lor
He lacked strength to fintsh that brief senence; ; but, consclous to the last, looked round arms to Luclle, fell upon her neck, and died He had loved the 1 ittle girl who sat on his
He Kne in the gloaming, while he played by his
father's Areside, better than the wife he wrong-

> To be continued.

BIBLE SYNONYMS: THE N AMES OF GOD.

In some parts of the Old Testament, human representatives of divine authority are called
Elohim. Moses in Egypt was to be "for Elohim" to Aaron, and was "appolated Elohim Pharaoh." Judges are so entitled in Fxodus was in this eense that the word fell from the Ifps of the necromancer at Endor, when the a venerable form appearing above the ground, the oarth." It is well to be reming from by is sacred. Judges sit not only as the exponents and executors of human law, but also as the pointers to heavenly justice, representing in
their office Him who his "Judge of all the earth." Subordinate applications of the name Elohim to heathen gods or to earthly judges, are, however, only occasional in the Bible. Usually
it is the designation of the Supreme Bein Maker and Ruler of all, and it implies and comprises all that is expressed when we say,
"Thine is the kingdom, the power, and the "Thine is the kingdom, the power, and the
glory." The word Shaddai is rendered in our authorized version, "the Almighty." In Genesis El Shaddai is rendered "Almighty name El. ater Scriptures, it stands alone name, and is so round 31 times in the Book of oun. Closely examined, the word indicates ounty, exuberance, all-sufficiency. And this was Shaddai that God was able to makse hit sorvants "exceeding fruitful." Eliphaz says to
Job, "If thou return to Shaddal, thou shalt be bull up: yea, Shaddal suall be thy defence" perity and happiness when Shaddai was with poem, we read of "the chastening of She same" "the arrows of Shaddal" 'the wrath of Shad dai," and "the hermitage of oppressors," as a ninence given to the unseurchable the proaustible resources of God. Accordingly inexne this as the title which expresses the Divine pleni:ude, including the raculty of government nently the riches of God's The word is famillar to many English grace. from Bunyan's allegory of the "Holy Weadery which God the Father is named Shaddar, in God the Son Emmanuel-the former, the found er and rightful possessor of the town of Manhe'cyrenny ic name like Elohim, or an adjective of dignity of Israel. Twice but the personal name of the God of the . Twice in Exodus, and thirty-five times Jah. And, Indeed, it is a question among Heor Yehovah, should not be Yeead as Jehovan, tional polnts which give the vowel sounds are more unceitain in this than in other werds, because the Jows will not pronounce the sacred
name, usually subsiltuting for it the word "Adonal," Unfortunately, in our authorized version, the proper name Jehovah is rarely retained, and instead of it, we have the generic
term,
Lord." Thereby the force of many pasages is obacured. Take for examples the contention of Moses with Pharaoh, and that of
Elyah with the prophets of Baal. The demand or the release of the Israelites from Egyptian The Pharaoh of the period was no Athelst. 16 og the claim made by Moses, he art; but hearsehovah, that I should obey his volce to let srael go ? I know not Jehovah.: Moses gave
him to know that Jehovah was the Elohim of the Hebrews ; and by a succession of blows or plagues exposed the weakness of the Elohim of
Egypt before the power of Jehovah, the Flohim of isracl. The issue was, that "Jehovah trium phed gloriously." "Who is like unto Thee, O Jen hts among the Elohim ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ Elijab expressed maintained in a degenerate age-that Jah was which he brought to wuec aod. The controversy the foot of Mount Carmel, was on this great uestion, whether Jehovah or Baal were Elohtm, Phomicians where the true. God And this uestion was well answered, when fire foll from heaven upon Elljah's sacrifice and the from exolaimed, "Jehovah, He is the Elohim. Jehovah, He is the Elohim." Our version has, "The debate. Other versions commit the same mistake. Instead of retaining Jehovah, the Greek
has Kurlos; the Iatin, Dominus ; the German,

MY only love.

## Bi frederick locker.

My only love is always near, In country or in town
see her twinkling feet, I hear

She foots th ever fair and young, Her locks are thed in haste,
And one is o'er her shoulder flung And hangs below her waist.

She ran before me in the meads; She leads me on; but while she leads, She never gazes back.
And yet her voice is in my dreams, To witch me more and more;
That woolng voice! Ah me it seema

Lightly I sped when hope was high, And youth beguiled the chase,I follow, follow still; but I
Sball never see her face!

THE MAJORS LUNCHEON.

It was a bright sunny day in July, and although people seemed to find it hot, yot to me
the amomphere had only just the chill off, for I Was lately home from a lengthened sojourn in
Bombay. I had been to the Indla Office to see one of the offlcials on a little matter of de tail connected with my furlough, a d I had two or thre hours, to spare berre my tirain- 1 live at don, Chatham, and Dover-was due to start, and I didn't exactly know how to employ the time. I strolled across the Parade, ascended the steps
by the Duke or York's Column, stood and
stared at the statue they have stared at the statue they have just put up of
Outrara; horse standing on three legs, and Outratu; horse standing on three legs, and
Outram looking back, leaning ou the flank of Outram looking back, leaning on the flank of
his horss. Well, I hadn't much fault to find with the statue, except, perhaps, as to the
horse being a little heavy, and that Y, have
nade him splashing out with his near fore leg, saading that his rider's leaning over the of nank; but, notwithstanding, it's a spirited Lank, but, hat's a good deal to say in these
thlng, and then I's had a good look at Outram I
days. When turned luto Pall-mall, and took a long stare at the print-shops, and then I sauntered along the
Opera colonnade, a fragrant whif of some cooking golng on at the restaurant there making me all of a sudden feel as if I was hungry. Perhaps you will say that I was in the right quarter to be satisfed; John Gilpin, of a frugal mind. I haven't tolled all these years in a foreign land under a
blazing sun to dissipate my modest hoard on cooks and restaurateurs ; moreover, my appette is a masculine one, and is not to be ap-
peased by cutlets as big as half-crowns. Should I take the "bus" to Paddington, and lunch
with my sister Emily? Paddiugton is a long way, Emily as likely as not would be out, and if at home she would probably bo lunching of of Gladstonian claret. Should I retreat to my station, and refresh myseif calmiy at the dining room there and await my traln? There was something ignominlous in the Idea. Here was I in one of the most wonderful cities in the was to get out of It as quickly as possible.
Irresolute I stood at the corner of the Hay market, not baving made up my mind which an old Irishwoman asked me the way to although I have a good general idea of the direction of Bethnal-green, I found it difficult to
methodise it with sufficient rapidity for the old Irishwoman, who gave me a glance of con-
tempt and passed on. Before I had recovered tempt and passed on. Betore I had recovered
from this, two very nice-looking girls, moved, I suppose, by iny fatherly appearance, besought me, with charming smiles, to direct them the the Academy, Now in my young days the that it was now at Burlington House, yet I had somehow never realised the fact, and so I sent off these two very nice young creatures entirely
in the wrong direction. My heart smote me the next moment, and I was about to rush
across the street to stop them and put them in across the street to stop them seized by a forid young Irishman, with all the superfuous energy
and fluency of his country, who insisted on my and fluency of his country, whommissioner of directug him to the Chill Service, and was very angry with me When I assured him that there was no such tiactionary. He insisted in producing an offiEsq., at some howling wilderness in Tipperary,
which certalnty bore in the corner the words, Civil Service Commissions.
"And would there be a Commission widont a Commlsioner?" cried Michael triumphantly
but scornfully ; and then I saw what he wanted f course, and sent him off to Dean's yard; but I d!dn't know, after all, whether he wouldn't idea he'd got that I was "desaving" him.
hope to goodness the Civil Service Commission hasn't moved too, or I shall fear to find my tall Irish friend waiting for me at the corner of
the Haymarket with a big stick next time I pass.
But next minute I was paid for all, when
such a sweet voice fell upon my ear, and a such a sweet voice fell upon my ear, and a
lady with a little boy in her hand asked me the lady with a little boy in her hand asked me the
way to Regent-street. She had one of those way to Regent-street. She had one of those
softly-moulded sympathetio faces that give one a heart-ache when one finds that the owners of appropriation, but with the thought that such sweet candid creatures should be set apart for
the love and adoration of all mankind, and the love and adoration of all mankind, and
not monopolised by some one unworthy wretch. She asked me the way to Regent-street, and
happy was I that I knew it. After that I dehappy was I that I knew it. After that I de-
serted my post and darted across to the other side.
I h
I hadn't got more than half a dozen yards when I felt a hand laid upon my arm, and saw
at my hide a very good looking, well-dressed at my
man.
"My dear fellow," he said, " how are you?"
I didn't know but what I knew the man, for one meets so many people of his kidney; and, for aught I could tell, I might have been hospitably entertained by him somewhere or
other up the country, so that I d'dn't 11 ke to other up the country, so that I didn't like to
confess my ignorance of his name and quality. And we walked very cordially together toward St. Martin's Church.
new friend. "Surely at the Governor-General's ball at Calcutta."
"Never was at Calcutta in my life," I said
mine's the Bombay Presidency."
"And I've been taking you all this time for
Colonel Scoop. Is it possible that I'm deceived ?" Colonel Scoop. Is it possible that I'm deceived?"
I always feel, with the least degree of soreness when in England, that my friends in the military branch have somewhat the pull over us c tor" is a very much more important title than colonel, but people don't seem to understand that, and set us on a level with the tax-gatherer. Thus it was with a slight degree of acerbity I replied that I
"Most wonderful !" cried my friend. "Never was such an extraordinary resemblance. Par
don the unconscious liberty I've taken." on the unconscious liberty I've taken.
Well, we were very polite to
aked after this man and the other, wnom, and asked after this man and the other, wnom, per-
haps, we might both know, and got quite thick together. Major Bilkins, it appeared, was the man's name; he was a nice, agreeable fellow, way. Bilkins hoped I'd come and look him up at his little place in Surrey, and I gave him my card and sald I'd be glad to see him at Sevenoaks. the Major. "Come and lunch with me at the Oriental.;
Now, the
Now, there are six or seven men to whom dally, besides whed who lunch at the Oriental Orient in India, and so I told him.
"Quite rignt," he said; "I like to get out of the regular groove. What do you say to going
into the City and having a bit of fish together? Into the City and having a bit of fish together?
I know a capital place, Chuffin's, close to BlliI know a capital place, Chuffin's, close to Bill-
ingsgate, and bandy for our trains. Take the ingsgate, and handy for our train
penny boat from Hungerford, eh?"
I willing!y agreed to thls, for I like to make competent guldance, althoughr I haven't under prise enough to cut out anything of the kind for prise en
myself.
The tide was well up, and we had a pleasant sail down the river. There is no more char ming vista than that from Hungerford-bridge. The Emand the bridge of Waterloo, surely the thand omest bridge in England, and Somerset House, the Fm . aspect to the river. A stone wall, accentuated with lamp-posts and door-knockers, is an unworthy monument of British taste. You might have taken a hint from the
landing-places, to advantage.
We landed close to London-bridge, and the Major introduced me to Chuffin's. A very nice place, with an ordinary and a regular chairman, and-ink artists, I stiould have great pleasure in sketcling for you. We had no end of fish of the travagance. A pint of champagne with our flsh, Ital iced punch, an iniquitous sort of some capfor a man who had a family dinuer awaiting bim at seven; but I got into the spirit of the
thing somehow, and the Major's conversation was really quite bright and eathralling.
"I must leave you now," sald the Major, calling the waiter and pleking out a ninepenny cl-
gar. He took a handful of change out of his pocket. "You'll allow me to settle for this little "Coul

Couldn't think of it," I said warmly; " not "O, nonsense ! Well, I wou't press it," he
said, seeing I was determined. "Let's see two and-six, five, seven-and-six, and six for the waiter, elght shillings a-plece; "shall I settle?"
" Do, if you please," I said, handing my friend
" Do, if you ple
The a soverelgn.
The Major gave me a two-shilling plece and lounged away to the tittie desk, where they mok the money, made his financial arrange-
ments, and vanished with a parting wave of the ments,

For myself I confess that I felt a little mud.
dled with the good things of which I had partaken. I ordered a brandy-and-soda and
screw of tobacco, and indulged in a long clay
pipe-a thing I very much affect when I have a chance.

Presently, as the time for my train approached, I knocked out the ashes of my pipe and made my way to the door

I have to pay for a brandy-and-soda and to-
"Co," I sald,
"Yes, sir," said the waiter, who hovered about pagne, sherry, punch-eighteen shillings, if you please, rir."
"But," I remonstrated, " my friend paid for all that." "I beg your pardon, sir," said the young wo-
man at the desk; "he left word, sir, that you would settle for everythink."
Wh Il, they wouldn't let me go without paying, and I went home rather crestalien. I wrote to Major Bllkins, at Blickley Park, Surrey, but my and other colored inks all over it, "Not known; try-" ever so many piaces
O, Major Bllkins, I didn't mind so much paying for you feed and giving your a little pocket-
money, but it was rather too bad to hand me for change out of was rather too bad to hand me for proved to be a "duffer.

## Why two Christmases came in one year.

"Kriss! Krlss!" called Mrs. Santa Claus, as she went out of the house and across the yard.
" Now I do wonder where that boy is," she "Now I do wonder where that boy is," she
added, looking behind the iceberg that stood $1 \begin{aligned} & \text { added, looking behind the iceberg that seat and } \\ & 11 \mathrm{ke} \text { a great frosted hay-rick just in front of the }\end{aligned}$ stable door. Kriss was very fond of playing
there with his little white bear; but neither boy nor bear was now to be seen. She then peeped into the stable, and saw the reindeer in their
stalls, but no Kriss was there. "Well," she thought, as she turned back, "he can't be far away, and the smell of supper will certainly
bring him home." Just as she was going in the bring him home." Just as she was going in the
door she saw the bear trotting clumsily but door she saw the bear trotting clumsily but sight of the house. She went in then, quite easy,
for she knew the boy must be somewhere near for she knew the boy must be somewhere near;
and cutting two fine, juicy seal-steaks off the seal in the pantry, she freshened up her fire, and prepared to cook supper. Mrs. Santa Claus They always had four meals a day ; but Kriss, Who was growing, and needed more food, had his two lunches besides. It certainly was a
great pity that neither Sir John Franklin nor Dreat Kane ever happened upon Santa Claus when they explored the polar region, He is
much more hospitable than the Esquimaux, and would have been glad to have entertained and that to see a stranger is quite an event, and there woulthave been no limit to the kindness
he would five shown them. 'Mrs. Santa Claus goes out still less than her husband; so, although she is obliged to have several new dresses every year, she is never worried by any change in the fashion. In fact, she cuthe the whole familly just alike. When Santa Claus brings home the skins from his grand hunts, for Santa Claus, the next for herself, and the little one do for Kriss. When the three are together, they are a comical-looking familly, for except in size, there is no difference in them. Another odd thing about them is, that they
have but the one name in common. This became very confusing after the child became old enough to run about, as old Santa, Claus would often answer the mother's call for the boy, por-
haps leaving a toy half fuished, and the glue cooling. He finally decided that it would be best to nickname the young santa, and call known by among the Pennsylvania Dutch. After th
But to come back to Kriss upon this particular evening. He was by no means even as far
away as his mother had thought, for he had not only seen her, but also had heard her speak. But if she had known where he was, he would there was a large room, neatly fitted up with shelves and boxes, where Santa Claus kept all Kriss was never allowed to go there without his fatuer; but here he was may perhaps think, playing with the toys, for
he did not care for them now; he had had so many, and knew all the secrets about them. He had even helped his father put the squeak into the dog 3 and pigs, ald knew just how the tojump properly, and how the jugglers and magic lanterns were made, and so was tired of them
all. He had just now, however, handled them very extensively, and was still engaged in the same occupati m . He had taken out his father's great leather bags, and was busy flling them
up with any thing that came nearest to hand. As every thing in the room was finished in good atyle for Curistmas, he had, in spite of his
lack of choice, made a pretty collection. His idea in doing this can be very simply explained. It much excitement and business in the Santa Claus domicile. Santa Claus was hurried with
that the Noah's arks and the menageries were all properly assorted, Mrs. Santa Claus never went to bed until after twelve o'clock. Little Kriss was, however, a looker-on in this excitement.
His parents thought him too little to work, and he did not care to play. Still he wanted a share In the bustle; and the nigbt before, as he lay in his little trundle-bed watching his mother tie the latest fashions for them, if not for herselfa bright idea occurred to him. What he wanted to do was to go with his father Christmas-eve to carry the presents to the children; but he knew this would not be permitted. The year
before he had accomplished it, for he hid himself before he had accomplished 1 t , for he hid himself and his father never found him until they reached Vermont, and then it was too late to turn back. But there was no hope for him this Christmas, for he knew the sledge would be well
searched before his father started. Still he did not despair ; and as he lay in his bed this night it flashed across his mind that he might tak the deer and sleigh some night before the Christ mas and have a little trip of his own. He was now acting upon this idea; and so, when he had finished packing the bags, and preparing every thing necessary, he smelled the seal-
steaks cooking, and, coming out of the stable, ent into the house
His mother was now busy making a walrus on the table-and only glanced up to see that he was all safe and right. Soon supper was Kriss had but little appetite, he managed, be tween what he ate and what he stealthily put in his pocket for a midnight lunch, to satisfy his mother. After supper was over his father deighted him by saying that the work was now so nearly done that he thought they might all go to
bed early and take a good night's rest. Mrs. Claus rubbed her eyes, and said she would be very glad to do so; a d d Kriss hypocritically the sooner they all went to bed the better he would like it.
It was, however, ten o'clock before they were all in bed, and almost eleven before Kriss oo, with the deer ! for Vixen the off-deer would not let him harness her for some time and then, just as he was ready to start, he found fter some wort he made every thing ready ugged down the bags; packed them safety with the tops up, buttoned up his itttle seal-skin He drove directly southeast for a time, the turned south, and passed close by the shore o Hudson Bay, and crossed the St. Lawrence and stopped in Iroy, New York. Here he selecte wax doll, a curly dog, and a candy tiger, and wax doll, a curly dog, and a candy tiger, and
jumped out of the sleigb. It occurred to bim that moment that perhaps there were $n$ but how he knew Kriss could not think. Sud denly he remembered that his mother had said that there was warmth in the house where chil dren dwelt; so he laid down the toys, took of is glove, and rell the roof, but it was icy cold He then jumped into the sledge and drove on
topping on several roofs to try them, but they were all cold. This, it was plain, was not the way to find out. He then thought be would go t the next house he accordingly left his toys in he sledge, jumped out, sprang down the chim ey, and found himselfin a large room, where Ittle baby lay asleep in a crib, and her mother near her in a blg bed. He then went back, and getting the toys, laid them beside her. But he sound found that going on such exploring expe ditions first was rather tedious work. His fathe lways strapped a bag on his back, as every one arry, so he flled his pockets with little Khings, tuck as many as possible in his belt, strung ome around his neck, and so dressed up, jump ed down many ond many a chimner.
He was just golng to step into his sledge, afte many hours of busy work, when he happen ed to glance up at the sky, and saw that it was nearly day. He had intended going farther, but hey were almost all gone-placed what he ha traight roof Whipped up his deer, and galloped home. H parents had awakened, but althomgh he fore short-cut home, he saw the smoke curling up through the keen morning air before he saw the house, and so knew that his mother certaluly be, and had just unbarnessed the deer, and wa bout to give them some moss, when a shadow darkened the door; he looked up, and there
stood bis father! Kriss did not feel very comfortable, but his only course was plain; he fol owed the never-forgotten example of George Washington under somewhat similar circumtances, and owned up. The only reply Sante laus made was to tell him to come into the was ovar they all sat down around the fire, and little Kriss had to give a full account of his ad-
ventures. After he had fnished his story, t $\sigma^{\circ}$ which his parents listened in perfect gravity hey sent hlm out to feed the tame bears an Wairuses, while they talked the subject over.
Mrs. Claus sat on one side of the fire-place, moment ; then he looked at her, she looked baok at him, and then they both laughed. It certainly was very funny to them, but it would
travel off Whenever he pleased, and purbaps
make Christmases once a month. It was easy enough to find something to whip him with, fo Santa Claus bad some every fine switches al ready for the stockings of bad children; but he never succeeded in inflicting this punishment,for
as soon as Kriss began to cry-and he generally started as soon as he saw the,switch-his mothe always ran and took him away. This being out
of the question, after much discussion they concluded to make alter mucu discussion they concluded to make him keep up the fire in the cave
of ice for three month. Santa Claus used to make his gluee there, and do various odd jobs
that Mrs. Claus did not like done at the shop; and as the fire had to be kept up regularly and so needed wood every day, they knew it would
be a severe punishment to Kriss, as he hated be a severe
stated tasks.
stated tasks.
But when this sentence was carried into execution it was found that Kriss was bright enough
to make fun out of it. He determined, it seemto make fun out of it. He determined, it seemed, that it be had to make fires, they shoutd be
blg ones; and he piled on the wood until it could blg ones; and he piled on the wood until it coult pole. Tan reflection was often seen in the Uult-
ed states and it set all the learned men to wonpole. Tae reffection was orten seen th the Uon-
ed states, and it set all the learned men to won-
dering why there should be so many dispiays or dering why there should be so many displays of
the aurora borealis that year. If they had only known that they were caused by Kriss heaping pine wood upon his father's fre, it would
saved much trouble and more talking.
saved much trouble and more talking.
But the consequences of Kriss's frolic did not
stop stop here. When the people whose houses
visited arose the next morning, they were astonished to find the presents in their rooms. Some of them thought that there must be a new fashIon regarding the time for Christmas gifts. Others thought they must have made a mistake he
the date. One old lady was so fustered that she ran down into the yard and killed her Christma turkey with her own hands, she was so afraid where he had been specially liberal, the nelghbors ran in and out of each other's, almanacs, and wondering what it all meant. The chlldren, however, were perfectly satisfied;
and when they received the second installment of presents from Santa Claus himself at the
proper time. they were so delightel that they proper time. they were so delighted that they
wished there could be two Christmases every year.
It was funny, however, to hear of the way
Kriss distributed his presents; for as he knew Kriss distributed his presents; for as be knew
nothing of the several inmates of the bouses, he nothing of the several inmates of the houses, he
bestowed them as they came to hand. He lef a solltary them bachelor an fvory rattle and a lita soiltary old bachelor an ivory ratle at three
tle erying pussy-cat; a litte girl, not yet then
months old, had a pair of skates left upou her months old, had a pair or skates and a tiny silver thimble in his room; a severe,
old naid, whodid nothlag but knit coarse, hard, Old raid, whodid nothling but knit coarse, hara,
but very durable stockings for her litule niees,
and and who hated games as inventions of Satan,
found a set of ten ptns, and a backgammon board found a set of ten pins, and a backgammon board
set out upon her table; $a$ whole family of chllddren bad nothing to divide but an empty pic-cure-frame; and a grave old minister was sire little fidule lying just on top of his balf-finished sermon for the next Sunday.
Bun, puzzle as they might, nobody ever found
out the truth of this frolic. A A for the toys Kriss out the truth of this frolic. A $\rightarrow$ for the toys Kriss
left on the roof, I do not know exactly what beIeft on the roof, I do not know exactly what be-
canne of them. Santa Claus looked for them, but in vain; so it would, perbaps, be well to say
now that if any boy or girl living in a town now that if any boy or girl living in a wivn
northwest of Boston found some toys, one being a walking doll and anothor a fishing pu e, upoa, they masy know from this account just how
they came there.
"Pat," sodd a traveller, "why did you make
the stone wall around your shanty so thick?" "Why, please yer honor, I hear they have ex. trornury high winds in Ameriky, so I thought if
I bullt it about as thick as it was high, if it should blow over it would be just as high as it
jer honur."

When an enthusiastic editor describes a bride as bonny, and an envious compositor sets har up as bony, as was done at Jacksonvile
the other day, hope for a season blds the world fare evell, and freedon shrieks as the compositor
fally yat his form, brained by the bruther of the fally at his form,
blooming bride.
Professor Brown, of Baltimore, in explaining to a class of young ladies the theory according to Which the body is entire!y renewed every seven
years, said, "Thus, Miss B. in seven years years, said, "Thus, Miss B-, in seven years
you will in reallty be no longer Miss B -", The young lady modestly dropped her eyes, and
with tone detnure responded, " 1 really hope I Wha'n tone detnure responded, "t."
shealled
Louisville has unwittingly committed itsel
to a grand temperance reform by voting to send o a grand temperance reform by voing to the
drankards and editors home insted of to the locik-up. Not even the most confirmed inebri-
ates require second treatment. They generally htes require second treatment. They generaily
come out about the third day a little more balu, and with a scared look about the eyes that tells home chastening influence of a good Coristian

Tue lady who tapped her husband gently with It's ata party the other night, and sald, "Love,
growing late; I think we had better go shook the rolling-plu under his nose and satu, look agaln at that mean, nasty, calico-faced, mackerrel-eved thing that you looked at to-ni ht,
I'll bust your head wide open."

## 

ECONOMY IN FUEL.
In addition to the suggestions which have already appeared in these columns, ove or two methods of managing fires may with dyantage
be pointed out at this season of the year. First, the laying of a frre is not an unimportant matter,
because, too of cen, time is wasted as well as because, too orten, time is wasted as wen a
fuel, and patience sadly tried, in consequence of the Ineffectual efforts of ignorant servants to get
a fire to burn which has been badly lald. Not one housemald in twenty knows how to place the wocd, coals, \&c., in the grate in a manner
that will insure a good fre burnlng up quilkily and without flling the room with smoke. A few simple rules on the subject, based on the laws or "ventilation" and "combustion," might make
even such a " menial" duty as the laying and lighting of a fire interesting, as well as proftable, wasted by allowing fires to goout in rooms that are only used occasionally, at long intervals, during the day. the chilling sight of a fire Just lighted adds to the discomfort of a meal partaken or under such untoward circumstances. Another bad habit on the part of servants if to stir a fire too often, and
to be frequently putting on fresh coals; this is to be frequently putting on fresh coals; this is
very wasteful. A room that is not wanted from very wasteful. A room that is not wanted from
breakfast till early dinner or luncheon, as the case may be, and from that again till late dinner case mald have the fire "made up" to last the number of hours required. Experience will teach keep in without being tonched fir two, three, four, and even five or six hours. I once, by way of experiment, made up a tire to last all night.
and it succeeded ; it was well supplied with ciuders and coals, wetted, and patted down, at ip. m., and at 7 a.m. It was surred up and
burnt brightly till $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$., requiring no more coals till that hour

## female resolution.

A memorable Instance of courcuse was displayed on the occusion of the defence of Erlau, aring the period of the last and inott arduous can Turks in Hungary, under the Emperor Charles V . In respect of fortificalions, the town
of Erlau was scarcely conpeteat to resist the feeblest enemy ; but its deficiency in this polut was supplied by the constancy and valor of its
garrison and intabitants. The very wonondisplayed an enterprise that the more vigorous sex stance a herolue of this sort was scen fighuing in the preseucy on her mother and
Her husband fell dead by her side.
"Let us, my daughter," sald the mother, "re-
nove the body, and devote the resi of our care to its honorable funeral.
"May God," returued the Im passloned whow, "never suffer the earth to cover my husband's
corpse, till his death has been amply revenged; corpse, till his death has been amply revenged;
this is the hour of battie, not a time for funerals and for tears
So speaking, and seizing the sword and shield the euemy ; nor cliampion, she rushed upon the slaughter of three Turks who were ascending the scalling-ladders, she had appeased the
fury in her breast, and the ghost of her departed fury in her breast, and the ghost of her departed
husband. Then raising the corpse, and pressing it to her bosom, she drew it the last honors witi
of the city, and pald to it of the city, and pald
all possible magnificence.

Puddings without Eggs.-Rice, large pearl sago, and tuploca are best when made without
eggs. Sprinkle a lltule of any one of the above at the bottom of a pudding dish; add a little sugar, and fill up with milk. Stir well before
placing in the oven. To the sago add a small placing of cinnation broken up. The rice must bake quite four hours, the sago and taploca about three. Skim
new millk.
Marmalade.-One dozen, of Soville oranges, put them into strong brine three days, changing
it each day; then with a spoon strip the pell it each day; then with a spoon strip the pell
off each halr, cut the pulp in rounds, take out the pips, cut the peel very chin indeed in strips, boll altogether till it looks quite clear. Th oranges are to be we ghed to an equal quantity not bubble too fast. else the surar is apt to candy before the fruit is done enough.
Stewen Oysters. The beard, or fringe, is generally taken off. If thls is done, set on the
beards with the liquor of the oysters and a little white gravy, rich, but unseasoned. Having boiled a few minutes, strain off the beards, put
in the oysters, and thicken the gravy with four and butter (an ounce of butter $w$ half a pint of stew), a litcle salt, pepper, nutineg, or mace, a
spoonful of catsup, and three of cream. Some prefer a little essence of anchovy to catsup, be varied according to taste. Simmer till the se $\begin{aligned} & \text { is thick and the oysters warined through, } \\ & \text { stew avold letting them boll. Lay toasted sippets }\end{aligned}$, but a $\begin{aligned} & \text { old letting them boll. Lay toasted sippets. } \\ & \text { at the bottom of the dish and round the edges. }\end{aligned}$ "Only a Woman's bair, Is an article the circumstances. From Belinda's priceless lock down to the scan
Sally Brass there are grudations iufinite. A
County Court case reported by a. Birmingham
paper, affords an instance of the difficulty of ap-
praising this femintine pras made by the plaintiff in this case for the
was destruction of his wife's hair by the defendant the hair-dresser at first attempted, at the request of the owner, to arrange the hair in some other form; that he separated it at considerable cost
of time and trouble, in order to see the best of time and trouble, in order to see the best
mode of dealing with it; that it proved so irregular that he could only make a curl of it ; and iron. Was, unfortunately, burnt by the curling iron. The hair was, according to the defendant, another curl, which she had refused. Under these circumstances his lawyer submitted that the claim of $£ 1$ was exorbitant, and the judgment fln
The first dahlia was introduced into England by Lady Holland, and is thus alluded to in
"Holland House," the recent work of the Princess Marie Lichtenstein: "Having been much her first acqualntance with Palestine Europe by ascertaining that the main ingredient was and, Jerusalem artichoke, Lain Holland procured what she supposed to be a root of it, and forher gardener at Holland House. When arr) tiful flower came up instead of a succulent vegetable, she gazed on it with a feeling near akin
to the fox-hunter, who complained that the smell of the violets spoilt the scent. But the value of her acquisition began to break upon her at it, offered thirty guineas for a root. Another at it, offered thirty guineas for a root. Another
version is, that a root was given to her at Valentia in 1804 by a celebrated botanist, who had fast received it, an unknown rarity, from South cation for the gracetul verses of her lord

The dahlia you brought to our isle,
Your praises for ever shall speat
n gardens as sweet as your smile,
And colours as bright as your che
The following cases of remarkable cuarage have just been brought before the Royal Humane Society. The frst case Was that of Miss
Ollvia G orgiana E. Maude. She saved the life of a girl named Adele Greaven, who sank whille
bathing at Sea Point, Monkstown, under the following circumstances: Miss Maude and her sister, who had themselves been bathing, were
dressed and sitting on the rocks watching the dressed and sitting on the rocks watching the
other bathers, when their attention was aroused by an alarming outcry-a girl had disappeared in deep water. No assistance was at hand, were absent or otherwise engaged. The child soon rose to the surface, but, unable to swim, sank again. She rose a second time, and the alarmed and crying for assistance, were shocised at percelving that the child's bathing dress bad
got over her face and head, and that her arms were entangled in it At this moment Mis: Maude leaped into the deep water, dressed as
she was, without even taklug time to remove she was, without even taking time to remove
her watch, caught the chld as she was disappearing the third time, and that of sareiy to Kerridge, who saved a lad of 15, named Stewart, Who sank while bathing at Wentworth, New nlon to bathe The boy had gone with a compacarrled by a strong current into deep water. Neither he nor his companion could swim, and abuut a bundred yards offi and, hearing the was cries, ran as fast as she could to the spot poy's into the river with all her clothes on, and caught the lad as he rose the tulrd time. After consicurrent, having only one hand at liberty, and aer effurts being impeded by the weight of her clothes, she ultimitely succeeded in placing the
lad in safety. The Royal Humane Soclety bestowed medals for saving life, with sailable testimonials, on each of the young la.lles.
Musi.-Put some water or milk into
and bring it to boil, then let mikluto a pot of one hand gently into the milk or water and keep stirring with the other, untll you have got it into a prelty stlit' st ite; after which let it
stand ten minutes or a quarter of an hour less, or even only one minute, and then take
it out, and put it intn a dish or bowl. This sort of half-puidding, half-purridge, you eat elth ir
hot or cold, with a little sait or without tt . It general way is to have a basin of milk, and milk, and eat excellent pudding, whother eaten with milis or without It: and where there is no milk, it is an it hot or cold. It is neither harif or lumpy take cold, but quite light and digestible for the most feeble stomachs. The Indian corn-flour is more of cooking. workman is the tields that mush can be eaten cold. It is, in fact, moist bread, and habit great thing for all classes of persons, but partievery day, and he may have it hot or cold, au there is more nutrition in it than you can g't
out of the same quanity of wheat flour. Il is eaten at the best tables in America a most every day; some Hke it hot, some cold, some meat, some like it best made with water, others Some put these cold slices again into the oven
and eat them hot, or they may be heated on
the griddle. It is belleved that the Indlan corn the griddle. It is believed that the Indian corn
even used in this one single manner more, as food for man, than all the wheat that is grown in the country, though the four from the world.
Those who are interested in the higher educa-
ton of women-sind who With interest the annual report of the read bridge examination of women above elghteenyears of age for the year 1873. It is an instruc-
tive document in many particulars, and ts short and lucid. These examinaticulars, and is short neously held at nine centres. Two hundred and quently candidates entered, twenty-five subsefive presented themselves. Religious ninetyledge is well spoken of as showing thoughtfulness, reverence, and fair acquaintance with the to be too ambitious; are recommended not given Hooker, Butler, and Paley as optional abjects, they are advised not to attempt all reading and tendency to discursiveness both in sets of examinersing is pointed out by several might expect. Most persons will be, just what we hat " a large majority of the eand glad to hear ed a very creditable mastery over arithmetic:" This is a real progress, for confessedly young ladies are not usually great in that department of knowledge. Of flgure they are fair judges, the plural number of that word in relation of The historical quantity they have a "horror." The historical papers were very good, especially advised to avold " mere fut the candidates are sion." The besetting sin of the English expresture papers was "Irrelevance." We think whave heard of that fault before. But the ins. wicked one. Our readers will be pained to learn that when these fair candidates, were required to "give a brief summary of the 'Hydriotaphia,' "Instead of at once plunging in to the sub. ject, and pointing out all the salient polnts and principal headings of that universally known work, they adroitly slipped off the ralls, and of Sir Thomas Browne," its distingulsh, not brief, The examiner gets quite augry over this and adds (rather spitefully, we think) " that several candidates who complained of a peat of time had signally misspent in this sort of way the young women, just like their writers, repro-
duclag feminie We like the young ladies all the better for good. We showing that all their hard reading had not driven out of them those essential mental pecuharlites of their sox which we all haugh at and rid of on any account. It is most satisfact ry to see that the greatest improvement is traceable Where it is most needed, in the subjects that powers and the formation of character. Lastly that all this Improvement is golng forward without any diminution of the spectal forwailties and characteristics which make woman all that she is in the estimation of right-thinking man. By such cultivation she is not moved out of her
sphere. She is only made nobler wier better more lovable in It .

## CHRISTMAS

The festival of Christmas is no mere carnal concert of the appetite, but a grand rejoicing of
love and falth that stretches from pole to pole love and falth that stretches from pole to pole

- a more than electric ehain of brotherhood among peoples of every latitude, who, one and all, have a, sympathetic affintty for the human the borders of the blessing. The celebration is universal. Europe, bound up in Prost, shakes hands with burning India and the sunny AusEralasian lands-whowe summer is our winter: European settlements that fringe mysilic Aprica;
China, Japan and many an island trodden by China, Japan and many an island trodden by Christian feet, participate; and from Patagonia
to the Artic Sea the huge New World joins in the glad song of the grand anniversary of the
year. Al the Christian people of the wlde earth with the heart's chauntThis is the month, and this the happy morn,
Wherein the Son of Heaven's Eternal King, Of wedded main and virgin mother born, There is not in this day a land of which the the Cross is not unfurled in the winds of the latest dispensation. The rigid philosophies of the mere brain are dumb in that season, and the
wildly-beating pulsations of the world of interest and passion are toned down to the healtiful temparance of a sentiment, which is far, very saldshness. In the language of the of every day interpreter of the Diyine lowed and gracious." Hallowed because halcated to a sincere thanksgiving, ani graclous bebreak from out the crust that has gathered over them during the past year's rough experlences, and show an activity as if they had been refreshed by partial or complete slumber. And
that generosity of impulsa and deeds is now conined to no nation or clime-it pervaden the universe which Caristians call clvilized.
a christmas carol.
by emile f. ford.
the manger and the sherpfold.
My yoke is eary and my burden light."
" He maketh me to lle down in green "He maketh me to lle down in green pastures."

Within a lowly room,
In dim, uncertaln gloom In dim, uncertatn gloom,
There lay a virgin mother undediled.
Upon hur couch of pain Upon hur couch or pain
She bore the shuddering And heard the dear cry of her first-born child. The patient catle saw
Withont a thrill of awe The tiny infant's coming in their midsh. The creatures did not now Lay helpless Christ-child, oft by Mary kissod.

Nor knew they, this dear friend
To their poor lives would lend A kiuder love and care for His dear sake That all unknown, unsought,
He for them pity brousht, And henceforth lighter yokes their nocke would

Nor did the silly sheep,
On hill-side fast asleep. Dream that tue shouting in the far-offoky Meant love and kidnness given
From out the bighest heaver To the poor beasts that raised not one dull eye. The angel chorus clear, Ne'er woid them that their Lord and King was And watchful herdsmen slo
And shepherd dogs, did go
Through quiet flocks who all asleep did lie. But stlll the blessing came,
In kky-words of sifl tame
That horned catlle would be better for His life; That beasts of every namee,
The wild as well as tame,
[strife. should taste some blessed peace from out His And surely it was meant That Christ to all was sentTo worlds of suffering beasta as well as men. The sheepfold not the less,
And helpless creatures fall within His ken.

A pilgrimage among the boardinghUUSES OF LONDON.

## "cremede la camma."

1s not Montmorenci-terrace, Regent's Park,
the very plnk of propriety 9 Does not its brand new expanse of frontage seem to wink and glis-
ten with a sense of excellence, a sort of ", Seee, 1 am not as other people are" appearance, aspecies of pharisaical hugsing of tiself aspect oom-
bined with unlimited ablution with choice scentbined with unlimited ablution with choice esent-
ed soap which droop bright green wooden blinds that rattle oone by one, as the usual inmates take observations of the early morning weather ;
bakers' men lean gosilping over stone balusbakers' men lean gossiping over stone balus-
trades, philandering with rosy servant-girls who make pretence of scrubblng doorsteps; butcherboys linger in the two square yards of garden,
behinil which propriety intrenches itself, plucking a fower and a lear or two of speokled laurel An indivin to adorn their cerulean garments. seen here and there giving an extra polish to seen dere and there giving an exira poilish to
the dinggroom bow windowe or putling a
nnishing toueh to the balisams and fuchasias that cluster on the sill. You could not and a single speck of smut along the whole line of houses,
for the principles of Montmorenct-terrace are Yor the principles of Montmorencl-terrace are
to be as much en evidence as may be, and to court inquiry into the unimpeachable gralning
of its woodwork or the poinuling of its yellow oficks.
bricks.
In the very centre of its noble sweep there is
a palace, a goryeous general line, sorsmounsted by a rising above the
embliazoned with legends in red, and blue, and emblazoned with legends in red, and blue, and
gotd; a magnificent edifice, that mlight be the
shrine of a tuielary delty the Holy shrine of a tutelary delty, the Holy of Holies or
Salnt Buckram. About it rallings hat Saint Buckram. About it, rallings hang bright restions, probably votive offirings of plous wor-
shippers. Yet no, those gititering things are shippers. Yet no, those gittering things are
all alike, or a familiar shape-verily, the pewter
pot of commerce, poust the word be spoken, the palace is, indeed,
ne a public-house ! The dwellings immediately on
either side of it are nint of briok, but faced with either side of it are "nt of brick, but faced with
stone, looking, therefore, as though they had tured pale, and all the other houses are so extremely yellow, that they, too, musi have suffer-
ed from en epidemle of jaundice, the result of td from en epidemic of Jaundioe, the result of
rankling shame. The throe last thouses in the
row have then row have bene transformed into one, wlth a
central entrance, over which hangsa lamp bearing the device ""Plantagenet Residences," the
wind Jws of which are alke nel odf by the red
atriped blinds, all of them drawn down exoep
thosie of the midle bow, wherein sundry gentle men and ladies converse, awalling the morning $\underset{\substack{\text { magal. } \\ \text { I hav }}}{ }$ I have engaged an apartment at this establish-
ment, and occupy ment, and occupy the pedestal accordingly,
bag in hand, while the ladies and gentlemen paise to examine me critically, previous to my
introduction to them. introuction to them. An admirable plan, by-
the-by, this pedestal, and not unlike the process of "taking your portraith," as practised by turnkeys in the Fleet, years ago. I pose in a be-
coming attitude, sllghly curving the back comiong one, siging in emulation of Hogarth's
develop inne of beauty, and feel that I am making a good impression, until, at length, the door is opened. Mrs. Mudie, the land-lady, recelves me with a
bow and a smile; the exquisitely grained portal bow and a smile; the exquisitely grained portal
closes upon me, and I enter on my noviciate
just as a loud bell claters over the hous just as a loou bell latters over the house, call-
ing its inhabilunts to breakfast Mrs. Mudie is ing its inhasitunts to breakfast. Mrs. Mudie is
rather stout, or, let us say, plump-no buxom -with a hard face, on which has been carved a
smile, long ako, for the express benefit of the smile, long ako, for the express beneft of the
boarders. She speake very slowly, as though bhe had a bit in her mouth, at which she was
she mate ever champling. That bit is the letter $\mathbf{H}$, a cruel curb that cuts her tongue and lacerates her hips.
Occasionally she forgets herwelf, loses her temper with the servants-her sinile never changes
oo the boarders-and then she flecks berself with motaphorical foam, and the elghth letter slides altogether from her alphabet. Of course she has known better days, and is intimate with
all kinds of peers and peereses wita whom her hearors are unacquainted.
"Do you know the Duke of Thanet?" you inquire, as an experi ment.
"Do you?" she asks
"Do you ?" she asks, cauttously
"No, I havent the honor."
"Lord bless you!" she riposts, certain now that there are no breakers ahead. "Know him!
I've known him ever since I was a little gurl. His grace and I used to ride together to 'ounds.
I was the best orse-woman or my day. got a whip up-stairs given me by his grace, wno presented it as a mark of admiration-admira-thon-when I took a leap his borse refused. And
his son the earl, too. A charming fellow. People his son the earl, too. A charming fellow.
used to say about us-but never mind."
When her curb is more than usnally uaruly in
her mouth, she puts up her haud and champ it her mouth, she puts up her hand and champs it
firmly, repeating the obdurate word with einenArmit, repealng the obdurale word with einen-
dations. Tus, when vexed one day, she petu-
lantly exclaimed. "Thank 'eaven, in our hedations. Thus, when vexed one day, she petu-
lantly exclaimed. "Thank 'eaven, in our he-
ternal 'ome there'll be no 'ousekeeping ternal 'ome there'll be no 'ouse keeping. Abem!
heaven, eternal home, housekeeplng." Her heaven, oternal home, housekeeping." Her
powers of imagination are little less than marvellous. She will commence a story with an evident goal in the distance, bat finding that it might be improved upou, and perceivilug fresh Vistas on her journey, she will quietly change its
object as she goes on, until at length she has object as she goes on, until at lengto she has
landed herself on entirely other ground, very much to her own satisfaction. Before I I had
mnown her ten minutes known her ten minules she had improvised a
narrative of her early Hife, according to which
her her father had been a respectable sollictor in a midland oounty town, where she kept house
for htm over his oflice; but breakfast was scarYor him over his office, but breakfast was scar-
cely cleared away when, presto ! he had become a country squire, "Quite of the old school, you
know, with his pack of beagle 'ounds-boynd
 -beaniril oldarasbioned gardens, dairy, farm," boy, a wild young slip, used to come riding over to us in the mornlng to take me to the meet,
and people did say-well, no matter." Mrs. Mudie is as briggt, and new, and creak-
ing as her abode. Her tace shines with soapy Ing as her abode. Her face shines with soapy
varnish, her hair glistens with pomade. Sbe is pink and white and round, as though just
turned out from Nature's lathe undined Time has molitided the colors or rubbed the Time has molited the colors or rubbed the
smoothness from the surface. Her smile smacks of newness too; its anyles are so precisely
marked, the carving is so distinct and maused, freshe carving is so distinct and vigo
rouk gown shines with pecullar lustre, and marks of folding on it proving
tbat it has just come from the emporium, whilst as for her jewellery, the beads, the ormolu buckles, the manacle bracelets, the parapher-
nalla of pendeut gewgaws, nothing could be nalla of pendeut gewgass, nothing could be
more brigh and glittering. Her voice is ter
ribly mors now and sharp, not properly olled as yet,
ribly
working with abrupt jerks and stops uke cordige just issued from ity maker's shop.
It must be admitted that Plantagent. Resi-
dences is an excellent huse, a trite thin th the walls pernaps, but large as to trite thin in the and expensive as to lts decorations. Crnekery of all kinds bears the Mudie orest, with the
motto, "Faclle princeps"" motto, "Fuclle princeps," in graceful commemo-
ration of the fact that $P$. R. Is the very best ration or the fact that P. R. Is the very best
boarding-house in town. Over each chimneypiece is a rramed placard setting forth the fac
that board and loding is obtained on these un exceptionable premises at the rate of three
guineas a week, that breakfast is at nine, luncheon at one, dinner at seven, tea at half past elght. That dogs, cate, aud birds are object--
ed to; that gas is turned off at the meter at ed w; that gas is turned off at the meter a
eleven p. M. ; and fnally, that " dressmaking
will under no circumstancen will under no circumstances be permitted in the drawing-room." But the second bell has clatter-
ed forth its sum mons, and twenty-two men and ladies are making for the duning-roore moa and hades are making tor the dyning-roono.
They are for the monst part Americans; mothers
with prety danghers With pretty daughters gorgeously attired, whose carriages will present1y arrive to wart them
westwards, alternately shopping and alght seelwards, alternately shopping and sightand newspapers 1 le under each napkin, vases of artinclal flowers crown the board, whereon are
spread the eiements of an excellent apread the eiements of an excellent break fast.
Tea, offee, occoa, three or four dishes of meat, teencakes, mumne, crumpels, fruth, quite
a sybaritte feast. There Is a crumpled family such as America alone produces; papa, tall ma, sallow, pointed, and sharp-edged; mam-
ma, with a face like a bag of whity-brown
paper paper crumpled into a ball; six chlldren in various stapes of thinneses, edgineoss, and puck-
ering, with hair that cannot be said to curl, for ering, with hair that cannot be said to curl, for
allits waves are angles, enjoying a repast of cold allits waves are angles, enjoying a repast of cold
mutton a
ase water, with a grim
satisfaction of aseeticisut that makes on's fingers itch to administer slaps. There to also a single lady,
young and very pretty, who reads a book with young and very pretty, who reads a book with
downcast eyes during the meal, for she is a
Quakeress from Pennsylvanis, of the most rigo Quakeress from Pennsylvanla, of the most rigo
ruas order. She hardly ever spetks, and then In a subdued whisper, Hind one marvele what
she can be dolng here, friendless and alone, untll a glance at the volume before her betray the fact that she is a tourist, a Rights of Women lady, studying her gulde-book as
though it were a breviary. Next to her is a young man, who casts quite an eccleslastical glamor over us by rea on or his belng one of the
choir of St. Paul's Cathedral, and next to him again is a spinster of middle age, a public singer she sinks into the sere and florid. She discusse choruses and Novello's list with the eccleslastical gentleman, humming and nodding reirains at
him, performing, the while, imaginary accomhim, performing, the while, imaginary accom-
paniments on the tablecloth. At the extreme paniments on the tablecloth. At the extreme
end sit an old man and woman, both or them characters in their way. Doctor M'Ayr is very small and withered, buttoned up to the chin in nance in which there is no life, like the medallion on a tomb portraying the dead lineaments of him who lies within. He wears large spec-
tacles tled behind his buld head with an elastic cord, and sits muttering to himself, obilivious o the chattering around. Now and again, a light appears $t 0$ gleam through the glasses, and he
suddenly propounds a question which receives suduenly propounds a question which receives
no auswer, and then with a murmured, "Ay! ay ! ay ! ' and a gurgle like a plece of clock work rofessor, at one time much respected at a northern university, where he lived like a splder, colling and uncolling some specially technical web, until one day a
middle-aged peer's daughter, very poor and lonely, married him, forced him to sbandon his And so, the his homeresorelate in London. And so, the poor professor's occupation being
gone, he giories instead in the possession of Lady Matilda M'Ayr, and every morning after ranges them loving along the dind tomes gums up their cracks with a 11 ttle brush, pastes
labels on their venerable backs, conu droning a monologue oble backs, continually its accompanying gurgle until the luncheon bell rings, when his companions will be ruthlessly
swept away, be will be furblshed up for an after. noon drive, and the next morning will paste and gurgle, and arrange, againt to be swept up Matilda is tall, with a profusiou of black hair held down by a black velvet across her noble
brow. She a brow. She appears at breakfast in a weird tartan flowing garment with a great cape, which
makes her look like a Gothic Pugintan extinmakes her look like a Gothic Pugintan extin-
guisher, studies the fashlonable arrangements inisher, studies the fashtonable arrangements
in the Morning Post, as she mumbles her muf fin, occasionally digzing up her lord from his abstraction with her sharp elbow, or launching into a passage of arms with Mrs. Mude about her peerage, should that lady's loquacity induce round whout apocry phal castles on unsar that her aristocratic puppets are strangers present company.
Lor bless you, Lady Matilda, sure-ly you're
wrong; why I've known the Hearl of Ply mouth these fifven years, at least-ahem, earl my father used to take him salling in his too. The hearl-ahem, earl-doted on yachting, and once save me a present that I've got upstairs and will show you some day. His lordship and I were great friends, and some of
the busy-bodies did say-but what's the use of talking about that now
Blairgowrie union, does any of poor-rate in the Bhirgowrie union, does any one know " burst
Ine doctor. "Ay! ay! ay! grr-r-"
The American young ladies wax very loud and nasal, and anally rustle to the drawingcrumpled children retire to their lessons, and the doctor is left alone to croon over his chershed library.
But as six o'clock approaches, cabs, carrlages, and pedestrians arrive in front of the glass-
lamp, the brilliant brass-knocker is contlaually on the rat-rat, a perfect gallery of statues oc cupies the pedestal, and the superior grained seems never quiet, rings for dressing at halfpast six, and the distingulshed company troops in the full splendor of evening dress. Lady, Matilda is in black sllik. She is adorned with mi-
nlatures set on velvnt nlatures set on velvit on wrist and bosom, be-
sides belng otherwise rendered glorious by sort of coronal of white camellias and lace, Which cause her to appear like the typical embodiment of a churchyard watchlng over a
shrunken mortal who futters on the borders of this world with a spasmodic imitation of life, The crumpled children make a tiberal display of skinny sboulder and arm, their countenances having become still further wizened by an ad.
ditional doze of learning ; the ex pronel lady wears $\Omega$ very low gown and a fower in her
halr, as though about to warble in a conoert.
hall; the ecclesiastical gentleman now assumes his beriln-gloves; whilst the American young ladies are magnificent with the very newes rashions straight from France. Mrs. Mudie who has desorated herself with scarlet feathers and jewels straight from the Burlington Arcade occuples the head or the table, and carves inces antly, her wooden smile being overlaid and
mosalced, as it were, with a look of anxiety and warmth varied by hlssing asides to the servants relative to unsatisfactory handings-round. Truly tbe dinner at Plantagenet Residences is a grand institution. Low people who may be wander ing without, and who are doubtless looking in his agr at and exceptional spread, but the will be mistaken, for the fascinating sight may be witnessed nightly grails by all who choose untll cold weather shall set in, necessitating curtains. But even the grandeur of the long curtains. But even the grandeur of the long
table, artificial flowers, and unlimited gas, is table, artificial flowers, and unlimited gas, is
eclipsed by the tableau of the drawing-room at tea-time. Although the heavy richness and substantlal beauty in its surroundings, for which even the Layty costumes of the Transatlantic young la-
dies cannot quite make up. Yet the effect in dies cannot quite make up. Yet the effect in
the drawing-room is mighty fine. People sit in oteries, one group totally independent of an other, a clrcle of chairs shut in discussing thei affairs as though no other group sat near them.
The A uerican circle occuples one end of the arge room, and fatrly drowns all other conver sation. One or two of them produce pen and ink to write up their journals; others studv the guide to London; one young lady produces all
the jewellery she has purchased during her conirental travels, spreading it on a table for the others to buzz round like an array of wedding gifts, though the Quakeress keeps her eyes
steadily on her book, to show that the dross of this world is naught to ber.
"Oh, my!" cries one, "that's bully; may I try them on? Now thals gra-m-nd," spoken through a trumpet.
"Oh, I've had enough of traveling," shouts could and get home again- Europe as rast as each thing, youknow. What's the use of piling dry goods in a store? So $I$ just asid ld the dry goods in a store? So I just sald I'd see one where I said to the courler, "Show me Moun Blanc. I'm told it's the biggest mountain the have, so I want to see it. I don't care about the others." And he showed me Mount Blanc, and I came away, having liked it very much, withou
beling bothered by the rest. No I've not seens beling bothered by the rest. No I've not seen l ,
Paul's because I saw Notre Dame at Paris, and one cathedral, I suppose, is the same as anothe all the world over. People do so waste their
time in traveling, pottering over the same time in travellng, pottering over the same
thlugs. Why, I've done Europe in less than three. Why, ive done Europe in less than three weeks, and expect to be back
York in six from the day I started."
"What would be the exact cost of sending
two boys under twelve to a public school, does two boys under twelve to a public school, does
any one know?" cried Doctor M'Ayr, waking up. deigning my dear," objected Lady Matilda, got any, so what's the use of talking rubbish."
Tea being over, some one suggests a little lady ceremoniously to the piano, isereby putimprovint the ecclesiastical gentleman who rican girl behis time by flirting with an Amesure," simpers she of; the very low dress. "No one wants music. I wouldn't disturb the conversation for the world." Whereupon there's
a chorus of "Oh yes, musio by all means." The a chorus of "Oh yes, musio by all means." The make a point of straining their throats when an fustrument is played upon, and the ex-profesHer vady runs her fat fingers over the keys. Her volce is thin, if her body is not, and rewithin hur control, running oft into not anpected sidings, sbe invariably selects music of the
most amblitious kind, indulging in portentous montambitious kind, indulging in portentous
recitatives, attempting acrobatic feats on her very highest note, in imitation of the "nightingale's trill," and declaring artlessly that she
would do wouderful things if only she could "through ether fly," a very unlikely contingency considering her size and weight. At last and her voice as to the exact note on which to shriek "Infelice," and we so fully participate
her sentiments as to be heartlly glad when she has risen and made way for the gentleman from St. Paul's. After every song Lady Matilda, belng of the highest rank, and therefore head of
the claque, bows with a solemn "Thant youn whioh is gravely re-echoed by evithank you, she is lize the clerk saying "Amen" at church Then the ecclesiastical gentleman favors us -framat he is pleased to denominate "bits" choruses, aud other choice extracts from its choir music. These are doubuless, delightful se patterns $r$ samples of his talent, but leave re-
ally too muc' to the imagination with a sense of incompleteness so distressing to the well regulated mind, that it quite hails with joy the
tgnomintous moment when the parlo maid appours with flat candlesticks, remarking that it is eleven o'clock, and that the gas will be inmeter as threatened in the glazed placard hang ing on every bedroom wall.

## MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Persimmon coffee is much preferred to the urned bean variely in Georgla.
An Iowa doctor thinks tight lacing is a publle
beneft, because it kills off the foolish girls and
ves the wise ones to gro in
English beer is not always worth fifty cents a botlle. Dr. Lowe says, the "impurities" consist of fusil oil and tobacco juice, in addition to
the common fraud of a large proportion of salt and a certain amount of alum
Tue position of medical adviser to the tribe late incumbent had intrusted to is is care a num. late incumbent had intrusted to his care a num-
ber of sick Indlans, all of whom, unfortunately, ber of sick Indlans, all of whom, unfortunately,
died, upon which a grand council was beld, and the medicine man
promptly
Bishop Heber wrote the popular hymn day evening in the old vicarage house of his fa-ther-in-law, Dean Shirley, who needed it for a horial occasion. He composed it in a very it was printed that evening and sung the follow
ing day in Wrexham Church. The printer is till living who set up the types when a boy. Draf and Dumb.-Dasent estimates that in
Europe alone there are 200,000 afficted in thi
Way. Warope alone there are 200,000 afficted in thi
Way. mountainous regions, as in Switzer the Berne Canton there is one to every 195 in habitants, in Scotland, one to 196 . In Grea
Britaln, ho Britain, however, the proporth in is only one in 1,$660 ;$ in Ireland one in 1,380 . At the census in
1851 there were 12,553 deal and dumb, 6,88 Male, 5,669 female. They have increased in till headiug the list.

## A Gurat baist.

orn aroind the.-The Lord Chancellor's bag is hern around the neck of this exalted off cer or made of silk, gold lace, and embroidery. When sence of his sovereign this uag rests on his breast and it contains the petitions which the loya
Bubjects desire to be laid before the throne
Every Every new Chancellor naust have a new bag,
and these are always retained as the preclous heir-loose are of the family. The great seal of Eng A is always kept in the boltom of this bag. quis de Cbavenay, one of the great names of
France, and a descendant on the female side o the Capuchin, Father Joseph, the confidaut of La Trappe. During the war he was one of the heroes of the charge of Reichshotfen. Being
Wounded at Monsbronn, he rallied the squadrous and still at Montinubronn, he rallied the squadrons left for his horse through exhaustion, and wa some one perceived that he still breathed, and belng attended to he recovered. Taken prisoner, he made his escape and joined the army of the Loire. At the combat of La Rolunde he was again Wounded and made captive. On his liberation he learnt the death of his wife, a viclim of her havotedness to the ambulances, and his father mecessive affictions plunged $h^{\prime} m$ into a deep A Startiond decided him to becomea monk.
vice vice recenting held at Bermingham a medium od the menjamin Hawkes, a toy dealer, addressappearing to be in his usual health, and then he described with starting vividity a seance in Wuich the Apostle Peter had manifested himself
to the assembled spiritists. Peter had clasped
hand bress with him, and he (Hawkes) felt the close argued that the Apostle's grasp. From this he how Thomas of Dldymus thrust bis hand into The side of "the Personificalion of Divine Love." speaker's mouth he fell back on a chair behiud him. There was great excitement, for th ; meetcontrol" A few seconds elapsed, and a surgeon The meeting broke up in wild confusion. Perthe death of this man, with the w

## Grammar beller fresh on his lip

Uvated women, it haseak been truy suil that cultivated men. And the reason of that is, the bost of them have taken in their language by ilish idiom. They have never dulled their EnyIt id idoms by stilted translations of the classics of expression that are very wearisome from con "horrepetition, such as "perfectly lovely" and or French and they usually air what they possess Weakness-but on the whole they speak better, purer, and more idiomatic Eug.ish that men.
But it was not the the ladtes to express themselves clearly and neat ly ; and in the majority of cases, If you ask one o ful or clever sentences any one of her graceWalch she constructed it, she cannot do so. The man thing may be said of public speakers. A quently vio rush of oratory in his brain freHot sure that the oramatical laws, and we are and of elling on thation is not sometimes the ans of our Bar-a man whose reputhen tion a very even world-wide, as a great jurist and as of oratorical inspiration the verb "alat"" No
one can hear him use it without thinking that, When with his reasonant voice and strong face and square gesture, be condemas a principle as unsound, and says. "' $T$ 'aint the law," the great-
est grammatical purist would acknowledge the est grammatical purist would ack
force of that crushing nenter verb.
Spanish "Existence."-A writer on Spanish domestic life says that "at early morn the master rises, and his little cup of chocolate, an egg, and a slice of melon await him in the sala
or large sitting-room - to English eyes a most or large sitting-room - to English eyes a mos
com fortless place, very large, stone-flagged, with a few massive chairs, walls painted in the rudest way, and one large table in the midst. The rooms, owing to the heat, are always kept darkened by means of closed shutters throughout the day some of the windows have glass, some not; a strong cage of massive iron-work outside. The senora has the chocolate in her bedroom, at the open window, enjoying the fresb morning breeze. the summer, to enjoy the ouly enjoyable time of the summer day. At one o'clock they have dinner, the comida, and after that follows the wo hours siesta in a darkened room. Evening then draws on, the dellicious uight breeze rise and blows freshly from the hills, and the ladies go out in groups to 'the alamedo tor the passao
or walk. Such is the Spanisit lady's day. She has, however, her creadas to lonis atter, and and her graceful mantle to arrange. It is quite a strikiug sight to pass down the streets from riage of the head and the stately upright walk of the Spanish ladies, with their long white dresse
trailing behind them in a cloud of dust. How trailing behind them in a cloud of dust. How uney manage to walk over the rough, unpaved, about ten all retire to rest,
for another uneventful day.
for another unevenlful day.
SLaNDER. It is bard
hood difflcuity that does nut bave a nelghbor the recklessness of the slanderer's tougue. Aside rom individual bitterness and quarres that deslanderer divid pleasures of a community, th cripples all enterprise that require a union o the people. The practice of libelling one's neigh bors ha. its origin in inherent demonism; serves no purpose, pays the perpetrawr nothing
for his dirty work. The victims of unmerited for his dirty work. The victims of unmerited
abuse, in the recklessness of lacerated pride, of abuse, in the recklessness of lacerated pride, of
which he at first may be wrongiully accused, but he is an better by the gratultous abuse of the slanderer. On the other hand the person can see no honesty or integrity of purpose in any one, who sedzes upon every opporlunity todraw the eyes of suspicion on his victim, will soon carry the marks of his business in his looks and you can the habitual drunkard or thief, by his ooks. His furtive'eye, hang dog expression o face and sneakish self-condemning motion as clearly mark him, as though
y branded on every
saturated bidy. In the countion of nis sin cannot find enough to occupy his dlabolical talent; in great clues there is much more than he can attend to, so that in these two places, he
usually abandons his business of abuse and atusually abandons his business of abuse and at
tends to hls own affatrs. But in villages and lends to hls own affairs. But in that of his hate fulness for having just enough to do and no more thended and tnowids neurly every one in the place, he is enabled to bring them all with in the range of his poisone i arrows, and hating every one, himself included, he fires away with easoning jeaiousy, such as the architiend himael conld not improve upon.
Don't Fret.- Where's the use of it ? You only ender yourselves and others unbappy. Ye retting is an almost universal sin. More or less
we are all given to it. We fret over almost everything. In suminer because it is too hot, in winter because it is too cold; we fret when rain because it is dry; when we are sick or then anybody else is sick. In short, if any particular whims aud fancles, we have one grand, general refuge-to fret over it. I an
afrald fretting is much more common among women than among men. We may as wellown the truth, my falr sisters, if it isn't altogethe pleasant. Perhaps it is because the little worharass our sensilive nerves more than the more extensive enterprises which generally take the attention of men. Great wants develop great
resources, but the little wants and worries are hardly provided for, and like the nail that strikes ayainst the saw, they make not much o mark, but upon all the little worries of one day a a great united worry, self-control to meet it would be developed. But as they generally come one or two little things at a time, they seem so reach once made in th.4 wall yoon grows larger Many a mother has turned her son against he own sex, and made him dread he society of
women, simply by this habit of fretilug. Iknow women, oped a daughter just like berself, who, in he other family circle. And knowing this, my sisthat we ought to set our faces like a flint against this useless, sinful, peace-des
disturbing habit of fretting.

SCIENTIFIC AND USEFUL.
HUMOROUS SCRAPS.

Tu make a very strong glue that does not get thick or pasty, dissolve ord!nary glue in
nitric ether, and add a little blt of caoutchouc.

Lieg of Mutton Stewed.-Place a small leg of mutton in a stewpan with six carrots, twelve potatoes, one bunch of parsley and shives, and one large spoonful of gravy. Add salt, and a pisund of bacon cut in six pleces. Let it sim
mer for three hours and a half, turning it often

Rheumatism.-A correspondent in the Eng lish Meclanic gives the following remedy for curing rheumatic gout, of which he had long been a sufferer. He insulated his bedstead from the floor, by placing underneath each post a the effect was inagical, that he had not been free from rheumatic gout for tifteen years, and the application of the insulators. We are rein ulded, by this paragraph from our English this office for, of a patent obtained through years ayo, which created considerable or more at the time. The patent consisted in placing glass cups under the bedposts in similar manner to the above. The patentee claimed to have his glass insulators, but we have not heard from him for some time. We cannot vouch from him for some time. We cannot vouch
for merlt in the idea, but it is one easily periment, we hope some one sise from the ex pernment, we hope some one will test it and
give us the result of his experience.

Substitute for Quinine.-A German pharmaceutical Journal gives an account of the
Echises plant, which has attracted considerable Echises plant, which has altracted considerable
attention at the Vienna Exposition, where speime were exhiblted. It is described as grow
pitabundantly in some sections of the Philipinedy ugainst all kinds of fevers. It is also ciple obtalnell from hygroscopio bitter prinSpaniard, and chief physican of the province of Manilla, has experimented with it in the hospi-
tatis under his care, and found that ditain is not only a perfect substitute for quinine, but also that in its use the trequently unpleasan after effects of quinine are avolded. It is ad-
ministered in the same manner and doses a quinine, and it is perfectly certain in its effect. It is aiso remarkably efficient as a tonic. Ditain The bark yields about two per cent. quinine. A single tree yields a large quantity of bark, Without its growth being affected. It is belleved
that the article, in its prepared state, may be that the article, in its prepared state, may b
produced at about haif the price of quinine.

Bloodless Surgical Operation.-Perhapa g-neration in surgery ts that of rendering the most terrible and prolonged operatiens absolutely painiess. Only inferior to this in importoperus a recent discovery by Esmarch whereby are rendered perfectly bloodiess. In the King ton General Hospital an important operation War performed upon a young woman who had
buen lifd up for a year a d a half with disease uch caid] iulu rubter joint. A plece of [half why taken. The ends of the tublig were fastened lirhtly passed round the foot commere verg the toes, $l 1 \mathrm{ke}$ a bandage. The winding on of the
upper coll was continued, while the lower coll was: ow belng uncovered in the same order,
until the three colls reached just below the knee, where they were fastened. The leg was during the whole of the operation. Tuere wo not a slingle drop of blood lost from first to last, companied by much heinorrhage, the annoy ance as well as the danger of which is only known to thy surgeon.-Kingston Whig.
Natural Appetite.-As a general thing, in the selection of their food. Sach desires are calls to satisty the wants of the system, and therefore are not giver us in vain. If in warm less, or even disappears, it should not be food is but if, on the other hand, there is a craving for Presh vegetables and frult, it should by all
means be indulged ln; it acts like a correcting, purifyling medicine on t.te digestive apparatug, Let notimes deranged by the heat of summer on vegetable diat exclusively. On the weather when abstaining from meat one will suffer less from protracted heat, especially when abstain Ing also from distilled or fermented liquors, and drinking water and millk instead. In winter, on food and fat, and then it is time to indulge in it. lanced with vegetables and valeut. No animai requires bread or its equi riety of food as man, who is nelther carnivorous like the lion, nor herbivorous, as the horse but omnivorous, like the plg, whose digestive appacase with most other on man more than ls the ered rather fiattering for the pigs or insulting to
men, it cannot be helped.
"No cows, ne cream," was the way an intelno crown."
high as beca gives the reason why eggs are so running on half time.
AN ignorant old lady was asked by a minister visiting her if she had religion. She replied : "I
have slight touches of it occasionally " Sume of the ladies of New Bedford are so mo"llmbs," and cover them of their plano-fortes Economy is sald to be carried to suci cent in a towa in Michigan that the such an ex bave been compelled to suspend operations for wan: of rags.
A GEURGIA paper publishes a letter which it Heaven. Further downit explains that Hent in is railroad station in Alabama.
AN Indlana paper thus politely expresses an nuch of a judge :-" He knows just about as much of law as a mule does of mineralogy-the
chancer being in favor of the mule"
"Och!" said a love-sick Hibernian
recreation it is to be dying of love! It sets the heart aching so delicately there's no taking ink of sleep for the pleasure of the paln !
A Troy policeman swore as follows against a prsoner: "The prisoner set upon me, calling me an ass, a precious dolt, a scarecrow, a raga-
muffin and idiot-all of which I certify to be true.
wife. SMITH is bound to have his joke. His wife walked nearly in front of a rallroad train
the other day, and he said that if she had gone a step farther his children would atave had a TH
The editor of a New York child's paper celved a letter from a lady subscriber recently, week after reading the last number of your va uable paper."
The editor of the Huntsville, Mo., Herald pop "There's a certaiu girl in this public fashion carry our smoke-house keys for life if she'll only say the word."
beautiful tribute tombstone pays the following With a yell and a whoop.
He died of the croup."
A Texas editor prints the following energetic opinion : "'The man who would water petroleum King of kings and steal the gilding from the Whins or line angels.
being asked if he did not feel tired after minter, belng asked if he did not feel tired after preach ing sucu lons sermons, answered, "Na, ha; I'm much pawkie naïvete, " but losh me! hoo tired foks are whiles!
monnatain young lady keeps in her port gentry, in which the sutterings she would engered if deprived of her money are so fould endur sented, that the purse has been returned to her
"Wro's there?" said Jeakins, one cold winter nigat, disturbed in his repose by some one the answer. "What do you want?" "W Want stay here all night." "Queer taste-stay there Mr. H-ans," was the benevolent reply.
resides in Fourth street, New York. His wife, who is au economical body had sent a costly silk gown to a Fronch dyer and unluckily as it happened, met the husban of the lady at the door. "Is madam within?" what do you want with. "And suppose she is for her, Sare." "You dying for my wite! out of my house, you scoundrel !" and he had into the street as the lady made her appearance and set the matter to rights.
Some originality has at last found its way Into
the obltuary columns of the George w Chils the obltuary columns of the George $W$. Childs-

Lay aside his little trousers,
That our darling used to
That our darling used to wear,
He will neverou earth want them
He has climbed the golden stair
If anybody can read that vers' without shed ding tears he may safely be called a fiend in hu manshape. The picture of a little boy climb ing solden stairs without his trousers on is very tion tbat the little one can never catch cold again.
The Professor of Natural Philosophy in a cer think of during day. The question was this. "If a hole next bored through the centre of the earth, from slde to side, and a ball dropped luto it , what motion would the ball pass througb, and where would it come to a state of rest ?" The next morning a student was called up
give the problem. thon ?" asked the professor. " Well, really," replied the student, "I have not thought of the main question, but of a preliminary one. How

## OUR PUZZLER.

200. DOUbLE ACROStIC.

The primals, dowh, will name a mau Who did refuse a orown The finals, up, found unknown lands,
And is of a great renown.

A Spanish author who did write Adventures of a famous kulght.

A minister of France doth show ;
To Huguenots he was a foe
3. This organ is shaped like a sphere, And in your head it does appear.

Here is a fossil quadruped That's of gigantic size, 'tis said.
5. From rest of Kent did this broad stralt, An isle, at one time, separate.
0. A battie is before you brought; Against their king the people fought.

In one or Shakspere's famous plays, Addresses to a lady pays.
8. The "Iron Duke" here met his foe, And did completely overthrow.
207. ARITHMETICAL QUESTION.

A traveller set out from A to $\mathbf{B}$ at 5 milles per
hour. One hour afterwards another traveller hour. One hour arterwards another trave,
sets out from $B$ to $A$ at $5 \frac{1}{2}$ miles per hour, and reaches A 12 minutes after the first traveller Find the distance from $A$ to $B$.

## 208. BURIED BIRDS.

1. H" is very smart in many thinga, you will
2. Does your friend Phillp love roses, can you lifform me ?
. Fiud a particular key to unlocik tho door.
3. But stop, he has ants in his garden, as or
yore. 5. As it ehanc
4. Weep not for
. Weep no for lost riches, I heard some one then say
. hs this wall owing for yet, and never been pald
murd
sald. .
. R!chard Crookback, Duke of Gloucester,
While the River Fo
5. At the Black Bull linn, e.her is sold vers 12. A true-hearted hero ne'er should be made 3. $H$ to weep.
s.
6. O, lonk how pur pet relishes her tea and
7. To din. werb active or nenter, theu you'll
8. In she " gleaner 9-thls is to fluish with,
9. MYTHOLOGICAL ACROSTIC.

The initials of the following, read downwards Will name at king of Pbrygla who entreated bacchua inta gold. Apollo change 1 hiv ears into those of an ass, because he declded a wustcal contest in favour of Pan :-

## . The muse who presided over trayle aud lyric runde

3. The mother of Venus
. The god who avenges slighted live
4. A king of Elis struck by lightning for imitaling the th inderbolts of Jove.

## 210. ENIGMA.

Oh, how many tales or rae could be tolu. For I never do good wherever I am, Altho' I bave been from creation of man. No legs have I got, yet how swift do I go And orten 1 asuse $h$ be blackest of woe, But if you transpose me, a man's name 1 show
A seriptural one, I woud have you to know.
211. ANAGRAMS-EMINENT ecclesiastics.

1. R. sin ran a debu; 2. Pet prayer, get hoy gore ; 8. No, he sly Jew ; 4. H. cand Romè's
marti 5 . Char hail, sop bud ; 6. rll drawl on, mart; ${ }^{5 .}$. Cbar hail, sop bud ; 6. I'll drawl on,
H.; 7. Ropen bln boshl. 212. BIRDS ENIGMATICALLY EXPRESSED.
2. A cake, a metal, and the persuasive to a horse; 2. A sweet substance and a gulde; ; . A Journey, a vowel, and partners; 4. A liquid
measure and fuis; 5. A scent and a bird; measure and fuss;
quadruped and a number (reversed) ; An Engilsh river (beheaded).

## 213. DOUMLE ACROSTIC.

1. To dwell in this it is forlorn.
2. The "prince of painters" here was born
3. A plece that's used in playing chess.
4. Etornal this is, I confess.
5. I'm sure you've heard it in the street. B. A perfume that is very sweet. The German made the Freuch retreat. These roots and plants we often eat. Here is one of Lord Byrou's laye.
Whoever this obeys not, pays.
6. If we live in this slothful state, 12. To come to this will be our fate 14. In Iceland 'tis a burning spring. 14. He did amidst the Itallans sling.
7. The earth is shaped like this, we
8. A port for which to China turn.

The filtials now please to read dow
They'll a general show of renown; And the finals, read upwards, proclaim An American patriot's name.
214. Literal charade.

In link, not in chain; sleet. not in rain; tune, not in soug; short, not in long; rain, not n snow; frast, not in slow; view, not in sight ,
ow, not in fight; strong, not in weak; month, not in week; in some, not in few, something deadly brings to view.

## CAISSA'S CASKET.

Saturday, Dec. 27th, 1873.
$\because$ All communications relating to Chess must
e addressed "Сеесемате, London, ont."
TO OUR READERS.
An unexpected call upon the spare moments of
the conductor of this department of the Fivorite has oompelled him for the present ni lenst to forego
he pleasure of a weekly chat with the FAvokrtr, the peasure of a weekly chat with the FAvoritg,
readers upon the game of chess. For the past two or
three weeks our games have not received that atten-



 Wishes of somjof our friends, the routions shant be
withe steld for just four weeks,
the give more time for their investigations.
Onee anain, we oxtend an invitation to Canadian,
American and Foreign readers for contributions of
 make them, and they will be all the nore creditable
to the genius of the composer

make By complying with hese wishes or ours, our
friends will heer us in out ofots nit will help us
to make Caissa's Casket constantly more interesting.
to make Caisgens Casket constantly more interesting.
Tomall our frionds and well wishers wo extend the
compliment of the joyous season.
PROBLEM No. 31.
By A. Z. Huggins.


White to play and wate in two moves.
Problem No. 32.
By A. Z. Hramer.


White to play and mate in three mover.
the sentiment of christmas.
There can be no doubt that Christmas is held to possess its special virtues and moralities, because at this season we are more willing than usual to listen to the promptings of our hearts,
and encourage kindy sentiments towards each and encourage kindly sentiments towards each
other. The prominent idea which flls the minds other. The prominent idea which alls the minds or all who refect, or or mulltudes who do not men, moral as well as pecuniary, of beginning again with new hopes, and of a celebration of the compact with ours Ives and the world by hospitality, good fellowship, and good wisher. The main idea is derived from the rellgious character of the festival : it is that of forgiveness. Of all the social virtues, forgiveness is, perhaps, the most prolific. Like all purely unseltish feelings, it is a blessing to self. We forgive for the delight of forgiving; and we increase thereby the one seed in anticipation of such a harvest; but we gain au abundant crop, and the more precions because utterly unexpected. To banish animosity from our heart is to get rid of a disagreable and troublesome visitor; to expel hate is to free ourselves from a corroding disease. But it is far,better even than that; for we not only expel that which is uapleasant and hurtiful, but in the place or it we recelve and make one wih pleasant and beneficial. Go out, Hatred-come in, Love! Get thee gone, Rancour; and welcome most-welcome, thou sweet-visaged and fullsouled Charity! The heart belng once opened to forgive, cannot be shut again immediately. A whole train of generous feelings, that only want encouragement aud an open door, rush in and take possession, and cannot be extruded again In one day. although we should try ever so much. It may not bless the man who is forgiven. It may be scorned and contemned; greater is its brilliancy; the greater the contempt and ingratitude with which it is recelved the greater its own merit. Besides, the man for given may not know that he is forgiven. There is no ostentation in the matter. There may be
Mercy without Forgiveness, but wherever Mercy without Forgiveness, but wherever
Forgiveness is, Mercy cannot be absent. Mercy, too, may be proud and haughty, and even revengeful, but Forgiveness is always humble. A savage may be merciful, but it takes a Christian to forgive. The minor virtues oi the world forms good wishes for a merry Christmas and a happy new year, who is the chur who would refuse to respond to them or share them? If it be true that "one fool makes many," it is still more true that good wishes beget good deeds. Kindly feelings are as epldemic as foolish ones; perhaps more so. In ordinary seasons, the distance between the tongue and the heart may be somewhat long and devinus; but the good wishes that are upon
the tongue of nall these must perforce take up their habitation in the hearts of some of them.

## social silence.

There are few so self-enwrapped that they have not known the pleasure of a social chat ; but not everyone envy those who have not, for we think it a proof that they are strangers to true, heartfelt friendship. With people for whom we have that kind of ordivary care by some called affiction or esteem we put ourselves on our best be-
ha vior, and strive that the audible interchange of thought shall be so coustent as to prevent weariness. But when those meet whose minds are in unison, and whose hearts beat reaponsid of their enjoyment of each other's presence. In the words of Fenelon, "they say nothing: they are content to be together without anything to say." And this, so far from resulting in either ledium or disgust, is full of the serenest happiness. There is a touch of deep feeling, hardly to be looked for, from Horace Walpole which mlustrates our meaning. On the loss of hi friend Chute he writes: "And him I loved to we knew one another so entirely, that he and was never the least restraint to me. We passed many hours without saying a syllable to each other, for we were above ceremony.
The truth that, when between two there in the deep sense of sympathy which is founded in true love there is often more real communion in silence than in speech, has entrely escaped the notice of those who, from the rough and ready way they look at ihings, can only see the course of man with man' but it has been taent appreciated by those who have natures sensitive enough to feel the mors subtle influence which knit human hearts together. It is such as Elia who can say "Can there be no sympathy without the gabble of words? Give me Master Zimmerman, a sympathetic silence. From such a poet as he to whom we owe the "Angel of the House" it is to be expected that loving slience should be recognized, as in thia Is made the chief feature of the scene

For hours the clock upon the shelf
Has all the talking to itself;
wice wh the the clock is striking once.
And when a wife is well in reach,
Nor need we wonder that Leigh Hunt-so buoy
Nor need we wonder that Leigh Hunt- 50 buoy-
ant, sensitive, and enthusiantic, yet withal so
patient, brave, and enduring-who was keenly allve to all the more subtle rays which with gladdening light beam forth from loving heart to loving heart, should bring forcibly out this power of sllence "hen painting "that heaven
this side thestars," By men call'd home, when some blost pair are met
As we are now; sometimes in happy talis Where friends are matched) each at its gentle task
Of book, or household need, or meditation.
So much, indeed, has this ability to appreciate sympathetic sillence been esteemed by some, that they have even made it a test of character Thus $H$ nry Mackenzie draws his Montaubad as priding himself because his new acquaint ance $M$. de Roubigne has already admitted him to such a friendship: " He does not'think himself under the necessity of eternally talking to entertain me; and we sometimes spend a morn ing together rleased with each other's societf, in the same novel one of the letters, ster refer ring to the great liveliness of Mile. Dorville proceeds : "Oh Beauvares! I have laid ou more soul in sitting five minutes with Julia de Roubigne in silence than I should In a year's conversation with this ifttle Dorville."
"the Man of Feeling" to be accused of sentlmentalism in this. There is something greator in those who can give themselves up to the full enjoyment of silence than in those who can only find pieasure in a continual fow of speech
However much this may be ridiculed by thone who are captivated by outward gitter and flash it will not be denied by anyone who under stand the deeper, though less showy, forms of character. Thus to many it gives a revelation of the noble womanhood that was to arise from the childhood of Mary Schimmelpennick, whel hough she was forced to pass her time with s invalid mother requiring absolute quiet, but to be in perfect silence, inltess when my mother called me to fetch anything, or addresb ed to me some little word, which seemed not so much to break the silence as to make it more complete and happy by an united flow o hearts.'
If sllence be ever golden, assuredly it is that ilence in which sympathising hearts find de ight-that silence which shows itself in it fullest beauty in the loving intercourse of mad
and woman : for as it has been well said, "I and woman : for as it has been well said, is a happy time when a man and a woman
be long silent together, and love one anothe the better that neither speaks of love"-or as i is put in a modern poem
Which was most full - our sillence or ou Oh sure our silence! Though we talked high of life and death, and of the soul's great wing A knowledge pure, which only love can teac And have sat beside the lake's calm beach, Wordless and still, a long and summer day As if we only watch'd the insect play,
Or rippling wave.

Lathest despatches from Cuba advise greal dissatisfaction at the departure of the Virgindus A large crowd assembled on the 12 th, paradis isapproba, and making great de comsas, in fro of Captain-General Jovellar's residence however, succeeded in dispersing the $m$ wards midnight.


GEORGE BRUSH, PROPRIETOR. ESTABLISFED, 1823.


$\$ 3.00$ LORD BROUGHAM

H. SANDERS

## 1638 st . James Street, Montre

$\xrightarrow{\text { Illamp }}$
AVOID OUACKS

##  <br> means of self-cure, which hes hellow-sufferer.

 Antoing Bt., Montreal, Dominion of Cangdan

