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The Toronto World.

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DELIVERED IN CITY AND SUBURBS
18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO

THIRD YEAR. THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 19, 1882 PRICE ONE CENT

THE BYE-ELECTIONS.

SIX ONTARIO SEATS CONTESTED YESTERDAY.

The Reformers Take Five and the Conservatives One—Loss of Two Seats by the Conservatives—A Comparative Statement.

General Elections, 1879.

Wells	2865	BRUCE SOUTH. Baird	2796	Ref. maj. 69
Wigle	1418	ESSEX SOUTH. Balfour	1261	Con. maj. 157
Macmaster	1331	GLENGARRY. Rayside	1291	Con. maj. 40
Robertson	1402	HASTINGS WEST. Rose	1075	Con. maj. 327
Cook	1324	SIMCOE EAST. Steel	1006	Ref. maj. 318
Livingstone	1699	WATERLOO SOUTH. Phin	1262	Ref. maj. 437

Bye-Elections, 1882.

O'Connor	0000	BRUCE SOUTH. Eckford	0009	Ref. maj. 68
Balfour		ESSEX SOUTH. Wright		Ref. maj. 100
Bayde		GLENGARRY. McArthur		Ref. maj. 94
Rose		HASTINGS WEST. Lee		Con. maj. 202
Drury		SIMCOE EAST. Slaven		Ref. maj. 225
Masters		WATERLOO SOUTH. Ratz		Ref. maj.
McAllister		RENFREW NORTH. Acclamation.		

On petition Mr. Robertson was unseated and a new election was held on Jan. 20, 1880, when Robertson was elected by 149 over Sills.

The above returns are not complete but the different majorities given are large enough to indicate with certainty the members who have been elected. There were eight constituencies vacant; one of these, North Renfrew, is filled by Mr. McAllister, who is elected as the joint candidate of both parties. Muskoka will not be contested for a short time and of the remaining six the reformers take five. This gives a gain of two seats to the reform party.

THE NEWS IN THE CITY.

The World has now the reputation of being the most reliable centre for election returns in the city. Unlike the party papers it bulletins the news just as received. Accordingly there was a large crowd round our illuminated window bulletins last night. Cabinet ministers, M. P's. and politicians of both shades repaired to The World office and read the news hot and unbiased from the wires.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS IN BRIEF.

There were fifty-six new cases of yellow fever at Pensacola and three deaths.

H. Camman yesterday bought at auction the old New York postoffice site for $650,000.

The Baptist state convention of Niles has adoped a resolution urging church members to abstain from using tobacco.

It is stated that Cockerell bought the revolver with which he killed Slayback at St. Louis about an hour before the shooting.

Lewis Ayers of Clifford, Pa., a soldier in the late war, has surrendered his pension on the ground that he is able to earn his own living.

Attachment suits, aggregating $40,000, have been brought against Blum & Co., cigar makers, St. Louis, whose liabilities are reported as $95,000, with assets $80,000.

Killed by a Cat.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 18—Yesterday a cat knocked a revolver from a shelf; the weapon discharged killing Thomas Goff, a 5-year-old boy.

The Star Route Jury.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18—Wells, government counsul, has asked Ingersoll to cooperate with the government in fixing the the responsibility for the attempts to corrupt the star route jury.

The Asia Disaster.

OTTAWA, Oct. 18—The keeper of the light house on Lonely island has been called on by the department of marine and fisheries to explain his conduct in connection with the alleged robbery of a victim of the Asia disaster.

Suicide Through Intoxication.

CORNING, N. Y., Oct. 18—Frank McCarg, musician, committed suicide last evening by jumping from the Knoxville bridge. He had been forbidden to play in the orchestra because of intoxication. This is the third suicide from the same bridge within ten days.

Procuring Abortion.

ERIE, Pa., Oct. 18—At the hearing of Drs. Gates and French for the killing of Hattie Hastings, Charles Zimmer, her betrayer, confessed that French had performed one operation on the girl in his presence, and Gates another, for which he was paid $20. Both physicians are held for trial.

Injured by a Tame Bear.

DETROIT, Oct. 18—The little son of A. Welch, Brockway Centre, has been fatally injured by a tame bear. The boy was playing near the bear when it broke its chain and seized the lad by the left side, fearfully lacerating the abdomen. The brute had to be clubbed into submission and the boy relersed from his clutches.

Killed on the Track.

ST. MARY'S, Oct. 18—As William Walker, a farmer of the township of Nissouri, was walking on the track near here, he was struck by the engine of the train leaving London at 5 p.m. and instantly killed. His body was brought here. A strange fact is that the deceased was walking towards the train which struck him.

A Prisoner Hard to Hold.

DETROIT, Oct. 18—In December, 1874, Charles Wertman, alias Wilson, was sent from the recorder's court of this city to Jackson for three years and six months for grand larceny. He got out of his cell one Sunday after he had been there a little more than a year, and hiding in the prison yard till dark, then scaled the prison wall and escaped, leaving several facetious messages for the keepers marked on boards with pieces of chalk. The authorities heard from him occasionally in the far west, where he committed numerous crimes, and was finally arrested, convicted and imprisoned at Canon City, Colorado, the Jackson officers intending to get him when his time was out. But he made himself a suit of white clothes, and putting them on one day coolly walked out of the prison. He was recaptured shortly after, but was so willing to go back that he got on the right side of the officer, who neglected to handcuff him. On the route he pretended to be asleep till the officer himself went to sleep in the middle of the night, when he sneaked out and got away. He was recaptured a short time after and returned to the prison, where he served out his time. He had just changed his clothes in the prison yard and was going away when an officer from Jackson came in sight, took him into custody, had shackles rivetted on him and brought him to Jackson to serve out his old term.

LATEST EGYPTIAN NEWS.

English Officers Returning Home—Egyptian Local Affairs.

LONDON, Oct. 18—The Times says that the departure of Bredif for Egypt does not indicate that he is to resume his old position of comptroller-general, but it is an indication of progress towards an amiable solution of the minor questions still outstanding between England and France. The latter is aware that the reconstruction of the joint control in Egypt is impossible.

MILITARY AND CIVIL ORGANIZAPION.

It is stated that the government has decided to submit to a conference of the great powers a scheme for a military and civil organization before its adoption.

SUSPECTED MURDER.

Mr. Wilfrid Blunt has offered to go to Egypt to ascertain the fate of Prof. Palmer and the officers sent to purchase camels from Bedouins at the beginning of the war. It is feared they have been murdered.

NOTES.

Gen. Wood has sailed for England.

HENRY GEORGE'S ARREST.

Earl Granville Expresses Regret at His Molestation.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The following is furnished for publication:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.

Henry George, Esq:

I have received from the charge d affaires ad interim of the United States, at London, a despatch enclosing a copy of a note from Lord Granville, to him dated 20th ult., in which his lordship says: On receipt of Mr. Lowell's note in reference to your arrest he lost no time in applying to the lord lieutenant of Ireland for an explanation of the circumstances which led to it. After mentioning you and your arrest, and your re-arrest and the circumstances alleged to have been calculated to excite suspicion as to the object of your visit to Ireland, Lord Granville says: "I am convinced that the United States government will readily acknowledge that allowance must be made for the difficulties which officials, charged with the preservation of order in that country, have to contend with at the present time. Nevertheless, in view of the information furnished by Mr. Lowell, the pursuits of Mr. George, which certainly rebut any presumption of unlawful designs on his part, I can only express to you the regret of her majesty's government that this incident should have occurred." Let me add, Mr. George, that it would give me pleasure to have an interview with you at this department at your convenience.

FREDERICK T. FRELINGHUYSEN.

FIRES.

Flouring Mill in Minnesota Destroyed—Incendiarism in Dayton, O.

DAYTON, OHIO, Oct. 18.—The Phillips house, one of the principal hotels in the city, was yesterday partially destroyed by fire, together with a livery stable attached. The loss $5,000 is fully covered by insurance, distributed among a dozen companies. The fire was the work of a determined incendiary, who made an abortive attempt last Saturday to burn the same building.

MINNESOTA CITY, Minn., Oct. 18.—Frost's flouring mill was burned this morning. Loss $70,000.

OBITUARY.

Mr. George Grey of the firm of Muirhead & Grey of London, Ont., died yesterday.

Mr. Oliver Mousseau of Berthier, Que., brother of the premier of Quebec, died at his residence yesterday morning.

Frank Queen, proprietor and founder of the New York Clipper, died at Philadelphia yesterday of paralysis. He gave largely to charity. In one instance he built a church in Philadelphia costing $80,000 and presented it to the congregation.

Collision at Sea.

LONDON, Oct 18.—Fourteen of the crew of the steamer City of Antwerp sunk by collision with the ship Constantia were drowned.

Expelled From the Irish Conference.

LONDON, Oct 18.—A London letter states that Cassidy, the delegate from Manchester, was expelled by the National conference with insults and threats for moving obnoxious amendments.

Assault by a Barrister.

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 18.—A telegram received from Baddeck, C. B., says that after the adjournment of the supreme court this morning, Joseph B. McDonald, barrister, of Arichat, C. B., discharged a revolver at James Crowdis, proprietor of the Bras d'Or house, the ball lodging in his chin. The wound is fatal. Mr. McDonald has been arrested.

Policy shops in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18—On account of the action of the district attorney all policy shops here were closed for several days, but Recorder Smyth having instructed the jury to discharge the arrested policy dealer on the ground of lack of evidence, shops reopened yesterday, and it is said that before Saturday night 200 will be in full blast again.

Diamond Theft by a Lawyer.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Wm Carrington, lawyer, was arrested last night on a charge of stealing $3000 worth of diamonds from Philip Clark, diamond broker. Carrington had Clark to bring the diamonds to the former's house, and on a pretence of showing them to his lady ran away with them. One thousand dollars' worth of the property was found in Carrington's possession and the rest recovered from pawnshops.

A Scene at a Christening.

GUADALAHARA, Mexico, Oct. 18—A christening took place yesterday at the residence of Manuel Rossario and a large number were present. The godfather, Peter Morso, entered the room intoxicated and began yelling and cursing and demolishing the furniture. A panic ensued and the guests attempted to escape. Morso threatened to shoot the first person attempting to leave. Several ladies fainted and the children present set up a fearful cry. The priest rushed upon Morso, but was felled with the butt end of a revolver and rendered unconscious. The mother holding the infant shrieked and fell to the floor in a swoon. The child was injured, probably fatally. Morso then fired, killing one child and fatally wounding another. The murderer escaped.

Honor The Old Residents.

One of the matters in connection with the annexation of Yorkville to Toronto that the joint committee will have to consider will be the renaming of streets in the village of the same name as streets in the city. For instance there is a Jarvis, William, James, Sydenham and Beverley street in each place. In renaming the Yorkville streets a prominent Yorkvillian suggests that they should be called after old residents of the village, and mentions the well known names of Severn, Dobson, Philbrick, Wickson and others as worthy to be preserved in street nomenclature. The suggestion deserves the consideration of the joint committee.

HENRY COOPER TURNS UP.

A VICIIM OF KIDNAPPERS AND CHLOROFORM.]

Unconscious for Over a Week—Kept a Prisoner in a Woods—His Escape—A Remarkably Strange Story.

When Mr. Meeking came down to business yesterday morning he found the following telegram awaiting him from his missing partner:

Just escaped from the villains. Send me money to Postoffice, Suspension Bridge. H. F. COOPER.

Mr. Meeking did not wait to ponder over what villains were alluded to in the despatch, but hastened with it to Isaac Cooper, who started for Suspension Bridge at 9.55 after his brother. In the afternoon Mr. Meeking was wired to the following effect:

Have seen my brother; will be back by next train. All well. H F. COOPER.

A World reporter was down at Union station yesterday evening when the 6.45 train came in but did not see the Coopers alight. He, however, met Mr. Frenkel, the jeweler, who says he travelled in the same car from the Bridge with them. Mr. Frenkel, who has been in New York for ten days, had not heard of H. F. Cooper's disappearance, and when he saw him at the Bridge yesterday he noticed that he looked pale and haggard and tired, in fact, to use Mr. Frenkel's own words, "as if he had been drifting in a row boat for a week without anything to eat." Mr. Frenkel naturally asked was the matter, and in reply Isaac Cooper told him a very strange story of his brother's adventures since his disappearance twelve days ago. To put the story together as briefly as possible, Henry says that after leaving the house of his betrothed on the night of Friday, Oct. 6, he was attacked in the vicinity of College and Beverley streets by two men who beat him terribly and then gave him chloroform, which rendered him unconscious. He remembers nothing more until two or three days ago when he found himself in a strange woods surrounded by men whose features were hidden by masks. He describes his condition as terrible. He was ravenously hungry, exhausted and in pain and asked for death rather than be kept in suspense as to his fate. He managed to escape from his captors Monday and wandered off he knew not where until late at night he came to a place which proved to be Niagara Falls, N. Y. Weary and hungry and without money he went to a hotel and told his story. The people of the hotel cared for him and wired the despatch that Mr. Meeking received yesterday morning.

Such is the story that Mr. Cooper tells, and a very strange one it is too. Mr. Frenkel did not like to question him much, and The World reporter refrained from calling upon him or his brothers last night for self-evident reasons. But it is difficult to understand how a man could be attacked, chloroformed and kidnapped in a city like Toronto, borne over to the United States and there detained for more than a week, all unknown to any one except those who were concerned in the deed. Mr. Cooper's appearance certainly indicates that he has endured great hardship and suffering, and Mr. Frenkel is authority for the statement that his mind is all right despite his physical condition. The story reached the ears of several people last night and opinion s of it differed. Some laughed at it, others shook their heads as much as to say that there was something wrong somewhere, while others again were puzzled what to think, and so are we. However that may be, the many friends and acquaintances of Mr. Cooper will be glad to learn that he has turned up.

Six Inch Water Pipes.

Water users in Front and King streets complain of the miserable pressure in these thoroughfares. Ald. Maughan mentioned the matter at the water committee yesterday and said that Captain McMaster and other merchants in Front street were very anxious about the water supply. There is only a six-inch pipe in the greater portions of these streets. The property owners the committee pointed out, have only themselves to blame, as the late bylaws providing suitable pipage for these and other streets was voted down. Ald. Boustead and Mr. Brough are about to get up a report on the general pipage requirements of the city, which will probably be submitted to the next meeting of the water committee. It is also recommended that a bylaw providing for these requirements be submitted to the electors at the municipal elections in January. Enlarged pipes must be laid in King street before it is block paved, and it might as well be done next spring as a year or so afterwards.

A Drunken Pop-Driver's Escapade.

If Ralph Burns, who drives a pop-wagon for Charles Wilson, had stuck to his own wares he would not have came so near being killed as he was yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. At that hour he was in Upper Chestnut street very much under the influence of liquor, and his horse ran away at a furious rate. The animal circulated around the upper part of St. John's ward for a while, and finally ran against a curbstone in Granville street, opposite Elizabeth. The wagon, which was a brand new one, was smashed to slivers, and the middle of the street was covered over with broken bottles and shattered boxes. Burns received severe injuries about the head, which Dr. Burns dressed, and he was sent home in an express wagon. The stock-in-trade and wagon was the most complete wreck that could be imagined.

The Theatres.

Leavitt's minstrels appear at the Grand opera to-night for the last time.

Maffit and Bartholomew's pantomime troupe at the Royal opera house to-night.

Bertha Welby will be at the Grand opera house on Oct. 23,24 and 25 in One Woman's Life.

The young actor, Mr. Wm. Stafford, will be at the Royal opera house next week. His repertoire includes Hamlet and Don Cæsar and he is supported by Miss Rosa Rand.

Barney McAuley will appear at the Grand opera house to-morrow and Saturday nights in his new play.

Removal.

Mr. W. H. Stone has removed his large undertaking establishment to 187 Yonge street. He has here opened out one of the finest and largest establishments of its kind in Canada. This commodious building is divided up in the most modern manner. The front part is fitted up magnificently for a business office: back of this is the show room 40 feet long and 30 wide. Behind this is the trimming room where four men are employed constantly.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Opening of the Night Classes—Resignation of a Trustee—More Accommodation.

The public school trustees met last night. Chairman Galley presided and there were present Messrs. Wright, Somers, Mills, Donovan, Brown, Roden, Lee, Lamb, Burns, Crombie, Mara, Johnston, McMurrich and Boxall.

Several communications of a minor character were read. Mr. Lamb gave notice to advertise for a teacher as head master of Palace street school at a salary of $750 per annum. Mr. Burns gave notice to instruct the sites and building committee to look for a lot in the vicinity of King and Sumach streets whereon to erect a new school building, and to offer the Palace street building for sale.

Inspector Hughes reported that the registered number of pupils in attendance last month was 10,541 and the average number 9299.

The finance committee recommended the payment of accounts amounting to $521.03. Adopted.

In the matter of relieving the overcrowding of Phœbe and Hope street schools, the committee on sites and buildings were of opinion that the most feasible way of overcoming the difficulty would be the adoption of the same arrangement in Ryerson school as existed in Wellesley school, and recommended that the committee on school management be requested to consider and report on the advisability of carrying this suggestion into effect. It was recommended that the church on Adelaide street known as St. Mark's Presbyterian church be rented to relieve the overcrowding at Niagara street school, the rental being $8 per month. The committee received an offer from W. Summerfelt to sell a lot adjoining Elizabeth street school property, on Chestnut street, having a frontage of 33 feet by 83 feet deep, with a church building thereon for the sum of $800 and recommended, that they be authorized to purchase the same. Adopted.

The committee on night schools recommended that the classes open November 1, and that the following gentlemen be appointed teachers at a salary of $2 per night: Louisa street, T J O'Connor; Parliament street, T W Simpson, J E Burgess Elizabeth street, G H Carveth, H E Irwin; Niagara street, R A Gray, T G Campbell; Bathurst street, W A Duncan, W W Jardine; Winchester street, J M Norris. Adopted.

The committee on school management recommended that Mrs. Riches be returned to her former position as teacher in the orphans' home school. This did not, however, please the majority of the trustees, and they passed a resolution declaring the Palace street school to be a junior third book school, thus making it legal for the board to reappoint Mrs. Riches as head mistress of that school, which they did, the report of the committee being rejected.

Mr. Burns, one of the trustees of St. Lawrence ward, thereupon tendered his resignation as a member of the board, "because my colleagues persist in inflicting a female as a head teacher, contrary to our rules and contrary to the wishes of the trustees of the ward." The board however would not hear of it, and a motion to adjourn was carried before Mr. Burns had time to reiterate his protest.

STREET LOAFING.

It is Becoming a Nuisance in the East End—How to Suppress It.

The unenviable notoriety into which the east end has been brought during the past few months through its criminal statistics shows the existence in that neighborhood of a code of morals that is susceptible of decided improvement. The number of cases of drunkenness, rowdyism, assault and several other comparatively minor offences culminating at last in that terrible tragedy, of which the particulars were made known in the preliminary trial here lately, demonstrates a condition of things that would remind one more of the little village of Lucan than of Toronto, the queen city of the west. And what is the cause of this? Why is it that the east end has long been a terror to those unfortunate enough to be compelled to travel in that direction after dark? That these fears are not groundless the almost daily records of events show and yet the half is not told. The petty annoyances suffered by respectable eastern residents day after day in their necessary travels to the city are entirely unknown to any whose imaginations are not aided by a little practical experience in this particular suburb. The cause of it is simply "loafing," to use the common and perhaps best known expression of this vice. It is impossible to travel the Kingston road at night with out meeting at the corner of every street, in addition to the fronts of stores, etc., numbers of the "rising generation" apparently bent on the very profitable labor of doing nothing. As soon as a suitable subject appears he or she is made the object of coarse comment, if not something worse. This is practised by the youth from almost childhood, every night and a particularly large slice of Sunday being devoted to this healthful and pleasurable (?) amusement. Prompt and strict measures should be used against loafing. It is a wonder that there has as yet been no law brought against the common practice of corner loafing, as it is a well known fact and could be domonstrated by statistics were it necessary that about 99 per cent of these habitual loafers find their way to the penitentiary, perhaps the remaining 1 per cent emigrate to the galleys. If a law were passed making loafing, proof presumptive of evil intentions, and instructions given to constables, all other crime would immediately and rapidly diminish. On the continent of Europe and in the united kingdom no such thing as loafing is tolerated or even known, and that toleration should be afforded there to that which is but the nursery and hotbed of crime, while crime itself is vigorously decried and opposed, presents an apparent contradiction such as cannot fail to strike the observer at first glance.

Autumn at the Zoo.

The poplars at the Zoo are doffing their faded summer suits. Peter the Great and Joe, the sea lion, are enjoying the cool north wind; the gulls and cranes and wild goose are pluming their wings for the southward flight that will not take place; the elephant Sir John and the Brahmin bull are affectionately embracing each other, Romeo and Juliet and the royal Bengal tiger are mentally enquiring when the stove will be put up, and the monkeys are turning handsprings to keep them warm, while the whale basks in the refreshing atmosphere of his refrigerator all by himself, and the small boy seeing the elephant for the first time is sadly puzzled to know what an elephant can want with two tails.

MORE ABOUT MARMION.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM FATHER STAFFORD, OF LINDSAY.

Forcing Offensive Text Books on Roman Catholics — Reasons Why Marmion Should be Interdicted.

(To the Editor of The World.)

SIR: I maintain Marmion is immoral—not Scott himself, but Marmion, and this only to the extent and in the sense that some of its actors are immoral. Marmion himself, his page, his priests and monks (they are his, not ours) are immoral, and as such are not fit reading in the schools of Ontario.

It is no excuse to say those who read Marmion know it is a fiction—a pure fiction—the offspring of Scott's imagination. Don Juan also is a fiction. Will it come next?

The teachers will say to their pupils, "Oh, don't mind it; it is only a fiction," and they will pass lightly over the offensive portions. But the ministers from their pulpits and in the press, what will they do? What they have done already; tell you that though fiction it is founded on fact, "that a hundred-fold worse remains to be told," "that poetry is history," "that we must have history with the facts left in" (Rev. Dr. Nelles) just as if Marmion were a history, though its author—the dear man—thought it was a mere novel, the figment of his own imagination, written for the pleasure and amusement of those whose tastes led them to works of fiction.

Who is the great man who said, What you put in the schools you will find in the country. Surely no sane man will say immoral pen and ink portraits are less injurious and less dangerous than immoral paintings, and what parent in Canada would allow the latter to be exhibited in the schools, and if not the latter why not the former?

Some gentlemen have said—others have written—that they can see nothing objectionable or offensive in Marmion. Mr. James Bain of Toronto sees nothing objectionable in it. Mr. Hugh Miller, chemist and druggist, Toronto, has Marmion on his table for his family to read and study. He speaks of our schools as Protestant. Mr. David Walker of Toronto "would fling the charge of immorality to the winds." The Rev. Mr. Milligan objects to the mode of withdrawal of Marmion as a text book, and denies the right of his grace the archbishop to act as he has done in this case. He says "such men object to excellent histories because they reflect on his church."

I suppose I am within the lines of the truth and not violating the great law of charity, but stating only an unpleasant fact, when I say that to certain persons the reading of anything insulting and injurious to the character of priests and nuns is not only not offensive or objectionable, but exceedingly delectable, palatable and savory and sweet. Is this not so? And being so, who would expect such gentlemen, with tastes so formed, to take offence at Sir Walter Scott's figments in Marmion against priests and nuns. The poet had to furnish spice to so recherche a dish.

Do Protestants really expect us to consult them as to what is or is not offensive to us in the matter of our religion? Will they wait to take offence till they have consulted us? It is not for them to shout out when our corns (pardon the word) are trampled upon, but for us who feel the pain.

It is something very new to us to be told by certain gentlemen that because they see nothing objectionable in a work offensive to us, therefore we must not see anything objectionable in it. No man can be a judge of what is offensive to another; and as Catholics, nothing can be so offensive to us as an insult to our religion or to those whom we honor and revere in our church.

The Rev. Mr. Milligan says history is against us—says much against our church. History may say what it likes in private households and in protestant schools, but such histories will not be used in schools common to Catholic and Protestant alike and supported alike by common funds. Our schools are carried on on the principles of partnership; one party in the firm must not insult the other. It is too much to ask the government of this free country to single out us Catholics alone for insult, and to clothe teachers with authority to teach anti-papal histories at the public expense.

This shall not be done—this cannot be done—this must not be attempted, however much certain gentlemen may desire to see it done in the interest and for the advancement of their own denominations.

The assertion that our schools are protestant is new and now made for the first time. Until now we were told they were unsectarian and undenominational, and equally acceptable to all alike. Which are they? Undenominational when you want our money for their support, but protestant when you want to insult us—to trample on our rights and to propagate your protestantism?

A cry is raised against his grace the archbishop of Toronto. For what? Because he protested against the use of Marmion as a school book. Is that a great crime? His grace is a citizen of this country and as such has all the rights of citizenship, and cannot be an alien in what concerns the good of this country. He is a Catholic, and as such has a right, in common with all other Catholics, to ask for equal rights for us in the educational institutions of this country so long as they are supported by our money. He is recognized by Catholics as the head of the Catholic church in this province, and as such he has certain duties to perform towards the members of that church. And when Catholics listen to him they are not to be told their intelligence is not above that of "poodle dogs," nor is his grace to be called a "donkey driver." There is certainly not a Catholic in Ontario who will be in a hurry to forget this language.

Now a few parting remarks:—

Over two-thirds of the Catholic students of Ontario attend the public and high schools.

Over two-thirds of the Catholic teachers are employed in the public and high schools.

The high schools, collegiate institutes and the universities are supported partly by the money of Catholics.

The educational system of Ontario is not the work of Catholics, consequently they are not to blame if Protestants are deprived of their rights to teach Protestantism in the schools.

The only books used in the separate school and convent in Lindsay are the books used in the public and high schools, consequently the Toronto Telegram will learn that there is nothing offensive in them to Protestants, but there is something offensive to Catholics in Collier's history used in those schools, but in no other book.

Will the Telegram please ask Goldwin Smith what the late council of public instruction thought of this history?

Had the senate of the university known that in all our teaching communities the prescribed work in literature had to be used in order that young ladies studying in them might be able to compete for certificates, they never would have put Marmion on the list. They never would have asked the sisters to teach the base, black calumny on their order revealed in that poem. No; the members of the senate are gentlemen.

For a plain, honest, truthful, reasonable statement of this controversy—for a common sense—Scotch sense—statement of it see last week's Canada Presbyterian. Let the Catholic press publish it everywhere for its readers. I have seen nothing like it. It is from the pen of the well-known and highly respected Rev. John King, Presbyterian minister, Toronto.

M. STAFFORD, Pt.

Lindsay, Oct. 17, 1882.

THE ARCHBISHOP AND EDITOR.

The Fight Getting Warmer—What His Grace Really Said.

The Mail of yesterday came out straight against Archbishop Lynch, who had castigated the editor of that paper, Martin J. Griffin, from the pulpit of the cathedral on Sunday. The trouble is to get at what his grace really said. No reporter seems to have been there, but those of the congregation interviewed say the worthy prelate was very severe on Mr. Griffin and the Mail. The World was the first paper to give an idea of what was said and also to state that Mr. Griffin had called on the archbishop to remonstrate with him some two weeks ago. Mr. Griffin has been a good Catholic heretofore, and his attitude is considered a very daring one for him to take. His friends are patting him on the back for the courage they say he is showing. The Mail's popularity and Mr. Griffin's popularity are going up in ultra-protestant quarters.

OUTSIDE OPINION,

The following is from the Ottawa Citizen:

"A Toronto despatch says:

'At St. Michael's cathedral yesterday Archbishop Lynch made a bitter attack on Martin J. Griffin, editor of the Mail. Of course the attack grew out of the Marmion controversy. His grace called the editor a puppit, and he laid the more stress on the attack from the fact that Mr. Griffin is a Roman Catholic.'

"What his grace expected to gain by a personal attack on Mr. Griffin we are at a loss to understand. To say the least it was infra dig. Calling the editor of an influential journal like the Mail a "puppit" will neither injure the journal nor crush the editor."

REGINA FIXED.

A telegram from George Stephen to E. B. Osler says: "Regina is absolutely fixed as the capital. It is by all odds the very best place."

From the Winnipeg Sun, Oct. 14.

N. F. Davin, who returned from the west last night, speaks highly of the country he has visited, and is seriously thinking of settling at Regina. He thinks Qu'Appelle and its immediate neighborhood one of the most beautiful spots on the American continent. Settlers are beginning to take up land in that vicinity and are scattered more or less thickly all over the country as far west as Regina. That place, he thinks, will go ahead, and has already made great progress, notwithstanding its natural disadvantages.

Services at St. Stephen's.

Special services were held yesterday at St. Stephen's church, in commemoration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the ordination of the rector, Rev. A. J. Broughall. In the morning there was morning prayer, celebration of the holy communion and a short address by the rector. In the evening Canon Dumoulin, rector of St. James' cathedral, delivered an interesting discourse in which he referred to the long and successful labors of the rector. When a man had spent a quarter of a century in the other public services he is permitted to retire on a well earned pension. He therefore impressed upon the congregation the necessity of rewarding their faithful pastor with their hearty assistance and kindness.

Presented at Court.

Ten drunks presented themselves in Magistrate Denison's court yesterday. Fred. Crawford paid $1 and costs for being disorderly. William Hickman and James Flanders were charged with throwing stones on Queen street avenue. Flanders was fined $2 and costs or two days, and Hickman was fined $1 and costs or four days. Michael Jordan absented himself from his cab in Adelaide street and was fined $3 and costs. Thomas Williams was taxed $5 and costs for assaulting Henry Sanson. Samuel L. Hackett, charged with selling liquor without a license at No. 103 York street, was remanded till next Monday.

Off for Kingston.

Chief of Police Fennings, of St. Thomas, and Detective Heenan of the Canada Southern railway, and Constable Clayton, arrived in the city 1 st evening with four convicts for the penitentiary. They were lodged at police headquarters last night and will be taken to Kingston this morning. Their names are Joseph Anson, Albert Moore, Moses Leech and Jeremiah Leech, father and son. The two latter were members of what is known as the "Bayham gang." They were all convicted at the Elgin assizes of robbery.

Queen's Own Rifles.

The Queen's Own mustered in fair strength last night for their weekly drill. Col. Otter was in command, and after performing a few evolutions on Wellington street the regiment marched back along King to the armory where a square was formed and the colonel presented the regimental badges to the successful marksmen of the year, Staff Sergeant Lewis receiving that for being the best shot in the battalion. The regiment parade for divine service at the Church of the Redeemer at 2 p. m. next Sunday.

A Pastor Inducted.

On Tuesday afternoon Rev. W. Frizzell was formally inducted into the pastorate of the Leslieville Presbyterian church. Rev. J. M. Cameron presided, and several prominent ministers of the Presbyterian churches of Toronto were present. The church was crowded. After the induction a bountiful repast was provided by the lady members of the congregation. Mr. Frizzell comes from Newmarket, where he has been pastor of the Presbyterian church for over five years.

NEARLY FIFTY YEARS AGO

THE PROPOSED SEMI-CENTENNIAL OF TORONTO'S BIRTH.

The New Committee Holds its First Meeting—Proposed Plan of Working the Celebration.

The new semi-centennial celebration committee of the city council met yesterday afternoon. Mayor McMurrich was appointed permanent chairman. There were also present Ald. Irwin, Clark, Love, Geo. Evans and Boswell. In reply to a question the mayor said he proposed the following program at present: He would issue a circular to all the organizations of what ever kind in the city, inviting them to send two delegates each to a "citizens' committee meeting." An advertisement would also be printed in the daily papers inviting organizations and societies that did not receive a circular to also send delegates. The committee could then divide itself into as many sub-committees as was deemed to be necessary for the harmonious working of the details of the proposed celebration, which would occur in July, 1884.

Mayor McMurrich favors taking the text of the celebration from a similar one held at Baltimore, Md., which lasted four or five days. An orator of the day would be chosen, the historical associations of the city's inauguration and growth would be prepared by competent persons, the trades would hold a grand celebration and parade, allegorical floats would be erected, and to perpetuate the demonstration and all its associations a memorial volume would be published. To provide funds for the celebration it is proposed that the city council make a liberal grant, to be supplemented by sums raised by the citizens' committee at large. A rough estimate places the cost of the demonstration at $15,000.

A semi-centennial celebration of Toronto's inauguration as a city, gotten up in keeping with the prosperity and growth of the city, would certainly be a great affair and would attract strangers from all over the dominion and the United States. The city will be fifty years old in March, 1884, but July 1 of the same year is proposed as the day of opening the fete. The month of March would be too early in the year for outdoor gatherings. The affair is one which every resident of Toronto will be asked to assist in, and with a hearty response ought to be the grandest affair of its kind ever held in the dominion.

There are only two gentlemen now living who sat in the first council of Toronto, and both are of course very old men. These are Mr. John Harper and Mr. James Leslie of Eglington.

The Water Works Committee.

The water works committee held a short session yesterday afternoon, Chairman Boustead presented. Engineer Brough submitted neatly lithographed plans of the new water pipe extension into the lake. They show intelligently the conduit pipes and all their bearings, their depth below the zero level and the new filterer. Mr. F. B. McNamee appeared before the committee and complained of the way in which his firm's private business had been paraded before the public in the press, in connection with his extension contract. The chairman stated that when people came before the committee and made public statements in regard to their dealings with McNamee & Co, they (the committee) could not help it if it got into the papers. The committee decided to recommend to the council that Messrs MacNamee & Co's. claim be paid in full, as the firm had filled their contract satisfactorily. And had handed over the waterworks

WHAT THEY ARE SAYING.

Toot the trumpet, beat the drum;
Sound the cannon, shoot the gun.
—*From "Carry the News to Mar(y)mion," by Little Thunder.*

It was a grit day for Ontario—Ol. Mowat.
But it was I did it—The Archbishop.
We lost our man, Dr. Slavin—Patrick Boyle.
Its the first real bit of comfort I've had for many a day—Edward Blake.
Yes, we've turned the corner—Wm. Mulock.
It's another cold day—Mr. Meredith.
I wonder where the hitch was—Sir John.
Perhaps Boyle and O'Donohoe don't control the Catholic vote—A Little Bird.
Perhaps not—The Catholic vote.
Chris, we got the goose again—John Riordan.
We're always getting it—Chris.
It makes me a heaven-born statesman—A. Crooks.
It's Marmion must go—Martin J. Griffin.
Who slayed Slavin—John O'Donohoe.
I killed him—Marmion.
I wonder if they will hack off my spurs—Sir John.
How dreary England must now be to Albert Edward—Mrs. Langtry.
By my beard, I gave Marmion a sore thrust—Father Stafford.
Everything is to us murder or manslaughter—The Juries.
I must have been a miserable trap, that they would not have me as a gift—The Charybdis.

QUEBEC.

Thou sittest on thy rocky throne a queen,
And we bow down before thy ramparts, where
As piercing the blue sky thy mount is seen;
Up to the clouds it soars in higher air.

And at thy feet the river sweeps along;
No tiny stream, with flowers and rushes lined,
But mighty, deep, impetuous and strong,
Stern e'en when winds are low—in storms unkind.

Imperial city—nor in rank nor power,
But throned in glory high above the rest,
Thy walls of granite like a mighty tower,
Thy very feet by mighty streams caress'd.

Lovely when dawn first blushes on the scene
And paints the waters in her liquid light;
Still lovely in the sunset's farewell beam,
When all is still, and nature sleeps in night.

A flag waves from thy lofty battle-crag—
The flag of England, floating o'er the free.
The day may come when floats another flag,
Flag of the nation that is yet to be.

—*J. W. Bowels.*

THE WEATHER BULLETIN

TORONTO, Oct. 19.—*1 a. m.—Lakes and upper St. Lawrence: Fresh to strong northerly to westerly winds; fair to cloudy and cooler weather, with a few local showers.*

SHIPPING.

Date.	Steamship.	Reported at.	From.
Oct. 18	Nestorian	Father Point	Glasgow.
" 18	Baltic	New York	Liverpool.
" 18	Wyoming	New York	Liverpool.
" 18	Erin	Queenstown	New York.
" 18	Ethiopia	New York	Glasgow.
" 18	Wieland	New York	Hamburg.
" 18	Jan Breydel	New York	Antwerp.
" 18	Hermod	Havre	New York.
" 18	Pomerania	Havre	New York.

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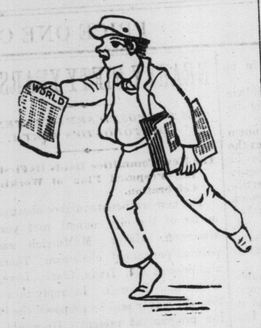

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THE WORLD

18 King Street East, Toronto

The Toronto World.

THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 19, 1882

THE WORLD AND THE NORTHWEST.

Some of our contemporaries up in the Northwest are criticizing The World because it allowed Gen. Hewson to express his opinions and conclusions in regard to the new country, and also because we chose to enumerate some of the drawbacks thereof. But we have not been a chronic bear on the Northwest; we have published whatever information that came up regarding that country simply as a matter of news. This morning we give a collection of evidence favorable to the land. The Northwest is a good country as has been said a thousand times; it is also a country with drawbacks, and it must be judged by weighing the advantages and the drawbacks together.

We have very little to say for Mr. Francis Jones who volunteered information to our reporter derogatory to the Northwest and now repudiates through the Ottawa Citizen that he said what we credited him with. The reporter's letter explains the case. Mr. Jones should be more careful, and critics who say we manufacture our interviews should not speak too fast.

The World wishes prosperity to the Northwest but it will ever endeavor to tell the people of Ontario just what the situation there is. Even Winnipeggers now thank The World for pricking the paper-town bubble last spring.

MORALITY IN SCHOODS.

We have heard a great deal about the power of education to improve public morality, but as Herbert Spencer has shown in his social science, unless moral training of the emotions can be given along with the education of the intellect no improvement in public morals is to be expected. For it is not likely the knowledge of what is right and what is wrong that prompts a person to prefer the former to the latter. It is true that criminal statistics show that a large proportion of criminals can not read nor write. But this may be quite accidental and have no more to do with their criminal habits than any other facts which statisticians might tabulate. Indeed when no moral training is given to the emotions, it is quite to be expected that the criminal classes will increase in numbers and skill. Take a savage and set him in the midst of our civilization. He is hungry and steals a loaf. We teach him a lesson, we send him to jail. He comes out, goes to school, learns to write well, commits forgery. Again we teach him a lesson, the penitentiary. He is released, he enters business, he learns all the means of keeping within the law and yet of cheating society. His immorality has now received its finishing touch from an intellectual training which does not educate the moral capacity. How is this to be done. There is the sunday school. Very good, but we want a training that extends to every day in the week instead of to one. And our opinion of sunday schools, very excellent things as we believe them to be, is that they do not give any systematic moral training. The dogmas of the church, the histories of scripture, the biography of men and women who lived for the most part under social conditions very different from ours, form the staple of Sunday school teaching.

The proposition is that a manual of morals based on the conception that what is on the whole, calculated to promote human happiness, is morally good, should be a text-book in the schools. It would impress the imagination and emotion of children with high ideals of duty, it would distinctly an on intelligent grounds indicate the duties of temperance, industry, cleanliness, truth, purity; it would help and supplement all that is good in the religious teaching of the various churches, while it would afford room for no controversy and interfere with no one's religious prejudices. Such a work was attempted some years ago by the late Dr. Ryerson, but entirely too theological, being for the most part a transcript of the English church's catechism, and was besides dull and uninteresting.

THAT DISPUTED LAND.

A CORRESPONDENT FAVORS A NATIONAL PARK.

Mr. Phipps and the Lake Superior Barren—What it Will Cost to Survey it—Ontario's Relations to the Other Provinces.

(To the Editor of The World.)

SIR,—It is quite evident that Mr. Phipps has not been up Lake Superior and west of Thunder Bay. If the truth about that region was known our b'essed politicians could no longer make it a a political football and squander millions of money surveying and developing it. Grain won't mature nor ripen north and northwest of Lake Superior, at any rate not near the lake. Pine don't grow there and apparently never did. Small birch, poplar, balsam and spruce are the only trees that grow. For 300 miles along the railway west of Thunder Bay there is not a stick of timber of any kind. The country scarcely produces ties enough for the railroad. There is said to be some pine down near the boundary but there cannot be any to speak of for Thunder Bay is but about forty miles from the boundary and in the disputed territory the railway is not very far off. So far as can be learned there is not a stick of timber of any kind between Lake Superior and Manitoba save that mentioned and little if any north of the lake, nor none to speak of between the lake and the Parry Sound district—a total distance of some 1,000 miles or more. Almost the entire country is composed of vast ranges of rocky hills and impenetrable swamps. There are some tracts of low level lands but they are composed of coarse sand, produces nothing but bushes, rushes and coarse grass that cows from down here would turn up their nose at. Here and there among the hill tops there are patches of very good soil but a person would have to own about 10,000 square miles of country to have land enough for an ordinary farm. Almost the entire country has been burnt over, and what is not soon will be. Millions of acres are burnt over every year. Long before the railroad north of Lake Superior is completed, if it ever is, the country will scarcely produce ties enough for the road. Constructing that 500 miles of road is the madness of insanity. If the truth was known about that region and the subjects the people of Canada would put a stop to the work and save the millions voted for it. The country produces nothing but bears, berries, black flies and mosquitos, and never will. Save a few poor wretches back of Thunder bay there is not a bona fide settler between the Sault and Manitoba (800 miles or more) nor is it likely there ever will be. Fires are rapidly destroying the best of that region's chief attraction—the marvellous and unparalleled beauty and loveliness of the north shore and Isle Royal scenery. Even at the present rate of depletion, and it is rapidly increasing, fishing as a business will not last ten years. Mining on the north shore has been on the whole a delusion and a snare, and is likely to be in the future.

Prince Arthur's Landing will, no doubt, soon become a place of some commercial importance, and in time a great headquarters summer resort, but never "one of the largest and most important commercial cities on the continent" as its lunatic editors assert, and infatuated natives seem to think. Omitting its population (permanent) wealth and importance of Algoma is more likely to decrease than increase, and the entire territory will never be of as much importance as an ordinary agricultural country. Either surveyors have deceived the dominion and local governments about the country in question or else the governments have deceived and kept the public in ignorance for political and patronage purposes. The more territory Ontario gets up there the worse for her. Before the bears, black flies and mosquitos are all located in townships and highways constructed for them Ontario will be bankrupt. In trying to keep Ontario out of the disputed territory Quebec is ignorantly benefitting hers.

There are several good reasons why the country between Parry Sound and Manitoba should be constituted a separate territory, or great national park like the Yellowstone valley in the States, under the general government control and supervision. There is not one reason for Ontario desiring to retain it and paramount reasons for getting rid of it as soon as possible. The only pity is that she cannot shove it off on Quebec. It would soon sink that province. Let Ontario assert her rights to the awarded territory and give Quebec to understand she will brook no interference, nor grant Quebec or any othe province any more subsidies for any purpose. Ontario can get on without the other provinces better than they can get on without her. Uncle Sam would welcome Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia with open arms, but he would not have Quebec on any terms. Commercially Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia would undoubtedly be much better off as part and parcel of the United States than they now are. If Quebec don't cease her foolish interference Ontario can pay her off with a vengeance, simply by joining hands with Manitoba and wiping out the boundary line south of us. Quebec should be ashamed to let it be known much less publish to the world that she is either too poor or too impecunious to honor her illustrious dead. If she is willing to behave herself in the future well and good. If not Ontario has the remedy and means of punishment in her own hands.

In five years time the Trent Valley canal would add infinitely more to the wealth, population, power and influence of Ontario than she would lose by getting rid of the country west of Parry Sound. The one would be a constant source of wealth; unless got rid of the other will be a millstone round her neck. Let Ontario get rid of the territory and insist on the canal's construction forthwith. It is necessary, and will benefit the whole dominion, especially the province of Ontario and the city of Montreal. It should have been completed simultaneously with the completion of the Thunder Bay railway. It is a valuable bait to keep dangling before the eyes of central Ontario, and our politicians know this. Only for this and Toronto's foolish jealousy it would have been constructed years ago. Had it it would have enriched the country and saved the money spent enlarging the Welland.

INVESTIGATION

ONE VIEW OF THE NORTHWEST.

What Mr. Francis Jones Said and Unsaid to a World Reporter.

(To the Editor of The World.)

SIR: On or about Sept. 28 last Mr. Francis Jones, ex-M. P. for Leeds and Granville, passed through Toronto from the Northwest to Kemptville, near Ottawa, his home. Mr. Jones had been engaged in surveying lands for the government in the Northwest. I met him at the door of the Queen's hotel and walked down to the mail boat with him, in company with Mr. James Cotton and two other gentlemen whom I do not know. On the way down and on the deck of the boat Mr James gave vent to his views of the Northwest, and I as a reporter of your paper published them in The World of the next day. Mr. Jones was fully aware whom I was, as Mr. Cotton introduced me as being of the World. I was surprised to read in the Ottawa Citizen of Oct. 12 a letter from Mr. Jones saying among other things:

Now this report, taken from The World, is so very different from what I stated and contains so many things that I never mentioned, that I wish, with your permission, to place myself right before the people of this dominion through the Citizen. I am represented as saying that I met Sir A T Galt and Mr Brydges and others at Regina. I never mentioned anything of the kind. I was never at Regina and never met those gentlemen there or anywhere else, and never mentioned their names to The World reporter, nor did I directly or indirectly refer to their report on the Northwest. I feel confident that Sir A T Galt represents the dominion ably and well in England. As I was never at Regina I could not say the land was bad in that locality, and so far as I know of it may be the very best locality for the seat of government.

Now I repeat, Mr. Editor, that part of the above is the substance of Mr. Jones' remarks to me about Mr. Galt's visit to Regina. Whether Mr. Jones was ever in Regina or not I am not prepared to say, but certainly in the presence of Mr. Cotton, another gentleman and myself he made the statement published in The World. I thought at the time that Mr. Jones was talking rather freely, he being in the employ of and a good supporter of the government. But then Mr. Jones is credited with being an honest man and one who speaks his mind. Perhaps he did not consider that when he "settled up" with the department at Ottawa that he would be asked to account for his better-be-kept-in-the-dark statements. Mr. Jones no doubt *did* speak the truth about the country through which he passed—at least he talked like a man who was speaking his mind. Mr. Jones goes on to say that his remarks were confined "exclusively to the scarcity of fuel and good water in the section of country through which he passed; and to the danger attending immigrants going to settle in that country who are not fully aware of the difficulties they have to encounter, or the severity of the winters on exposed prairie without the shelter of wood and where the thermometer sometimes indicates from 40° to 50° below zero." Now again, Mr. Editor, I must brush up Mr. Jones' memory. He did not confine his remarks exclusively to the scarcity of fuel and good water, etc., but said a very great deal besides, and intimated, if he did not use the exact words, that the "Northwest was a gigantic fraud."

I merely published Mr. Jones' remarks to me as an item of news. I had no prejudice or purpose to serve. I met Mr. Jones quite accidentally, and his statements were made voluntarily. I carefully noted down all he said, and I will conclude by saying that the only error or mis-statement in my report was a slight geographical blunder which had no practical bearing on the interview.

I would like Mr. Jones to give, over his own signature, the true state of the country, and what he did say about Brandon and Flat creek, and his nine days' travel without sweet water—or wood to reach the Saskatchewan—and how he left his brother and his surveying party.

As to the correctness of my report, Mr. Editor, I will refer Mr. Jones to Mr. Cotton or the other gentleman who was present, who apparently was a friend of his.

JAMES H. MACLEAN.

THE PUNISHMENT OF CHILDREN.

(To the Editor of The World.)

SIR: "A father's" letter on the "punishment of children" merely shows that the extract from the school history was correctly dated. Is not the very essence of slavery the deprivation of all freedom of will, and is not the penalty of the lash, to which slavery gives rise, brutal? Freedom always points to "a more excellent way," and the principle once admitted will always seek and find better and more really effective means of control. Love and wisdom in parents will always find a something in their children, a heart and an intellect which will respond to their commands, and where such response exists not there are the natural penalties of deprivation of privileges and pleasures, forcibly if necessary. Their infliction involves no brutality nor any wrath against the child, but only a justice which cannot permit abuse of things meant for use. Brutal penalties rouse brutality and leave it dormant in in the heart of the child, ready to break out when it can do so with safety to self. The use of the lash perpetuates the use of the lash. "Evil" has the penalty of growing as well as "good." J. L. F.

"STRANGE VERDICTS."

(To the Editor of The World.)

SIR: Your editorial of to day on the verdict in the case of John Albert is timely. It would be a disgrace indeed to the community were the sentence of death passed upon him fulfilled. So reckless, unreasoning a case of manslaughter is certainly a crime which society at present can hardly afford to condone; but how any jury could convict of deliberate murder on the evidence brought out at the trial is difficult to conceive. There should either be a move for a new trial in a district remote from the scene of the incident, or else a petition should be got up and presented asking a commutation of the sentence to a limited term of imprisonment. J. L. F.

Life in London.

Last year 26,170 new houses, covering a length of 186 miles, were built in the metropolitan police area of London, which now contains 4,788,657 persons, the largest number probably ever packed within fifteen miles of a common centre. Out of this multitude 23 children and 154 adults were entirely lost. Their disappearances is one of the mysteries of London, upon which but little light is thrown by the fact that 54 bodies of persons found dead and unknown were buried before identification. There were three times as many people killed in the streets of London in 1881 as it cost to storm Arabi's position at Tel el-Kebir, and ten times as many wounded. the figures being, killed 252, wounded 2400. There were 800 fires, 274 suicides, 11 murders and only 8 convictions; 470 burglaries and only 91 convictions.

The Girls.

From the Pioneer-Register.

Hear the laughter of the girls—
Pretty girls.
What a fund of merriment each ruby lip unfurls!
How they chatter, chatter, chatter.
In the balmy air of night!
While the stars that over-splatter
All the heavens hear their clatter
In a soft and mild delight;
To the tintinnabulation that, unceasing, ever purls
From the girls, girls, girls, girls,
Girls, girls, girls.

From the wild, capricious, saucy, jaunty girls.

See the flirting of the girls,
Radiant girls!
How the lover's softened brain wildly whirls
Through the mazes of the ball,
Up and down the stately hall!
How he skips to and fro
And perspires!
Would that we could tell the idiot all we know
Of the fires
Into which the false ones hurl
Each new whim—see the flame—how it swirls!
How it curls!
How it curls!
Better far that they were churls,
Than fall victims to the girls;
To the prattle ane the rattle
Of the girls, girls, girls.
Of the girls, girls, girls, girls,
Girls, girls, girls—
To the sacking and heart racking of the girls!

CANADIAN ITEMS.

The Kingston policemen have challenged the Belleville force to play a quoit match.

Rev. Mr. Tapscott, of Toronto, has been extended a call to the Aylmer Baptist church.

Rev. Mr. Dermid of Port Hope, will likely succeed Rev. A. A. Cameron, in the Baptist church, Ottawa.

Mr. McAdam stated at Woodstock that, taken in the aggregate, Canadian cheese realized higher prices than the cheese made in England.

One night last week some boys broke into the First Presbyterian church, Guelph, and committed a number of sacrilegious depredations.

A ten-year old child of Mr. Timothy Shea, pork merchant, of Quebec, died yesterday at a dental surgery while under the influence of chloroform.

The 'Prentice boys of Kingston are to be presented with one of the great guns used by the 'Prentice boys of Derry in the siege of that place in 1678.

The improvements and decorations in Ridesu hall are now almost completed, and will be in readiness for the arrival of the governor-general and the princess.

The congregation of London township and Proof Line road, near London, have given a call to Rev. W. S. Ball of Guelph, who has resigned his charge in that city.

The officers and men of the London field battery are to establish a gymnasium in connection with their battery, and it is not unlikely that in time a library will follow.

Dr. Dupuis, of Kingston, suggests that the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America, which occurs on the 11th of Oct. 1892, be duly celebrated. It is proposed to hold a great world's fair.

The catholic church in Biddulph was reblessed on Sunday last by Bishop Walsh, after having undergone extensive improvements. Collections to the amount of $550 were taken up.

Jos. R. Esmonde of Ottawa, is to present a set of standard silver knives and forks to the most regular attendant of No. 5 Co., Governor-General's Foot Guards, at drill during the coming season.

Five conductors on the Northern and Hamilton and Northwestern roads have been summoned before the directors charged with "knocking down." Conductors Dickson and Findlay have received notice to quit. Begley will have another hearing, and the other two, Darche and Van Order, have been temporarily reinstated.

A Railway Story.

A few years ago an enormously wealthy banker, of the Hebrew persuasion, was travelling from Munich to Vienna by rail. In the same carriage with himself was a gentleman accompanied by a friend. The stranger was of pleasing manners, and the purse proud banker at length condescended to enter into conversation with him, and gradually even (as he himself expressed it) took a liking to "the man." He even went so far as to say at last, "You seem to be a good sort of a fellow and a gentleman. Look here, I am going to Vienna to see my daughter, who is married there, is awfully rich and keeps a tiptop house. I will introduce you to her." The stranger thanked him and mentioned that, by a curious coincidence, he too was travelling to Vienna to see his daughter. "Your daughter indeed!" said the Jew banker with considerable arrogance; "and who may she be?" "The Empress of Austria," was the calm reply. The stranger was the Duke Maximilian of Bavaria, father of the present Empress of Austria and the ex-Queen of Naples; the companion was aide-de-camp. It is needless to say that the Hebrew millionaire utterly collapsed.

Killing a Bear With Cobble Stones.

From the Troy Times.

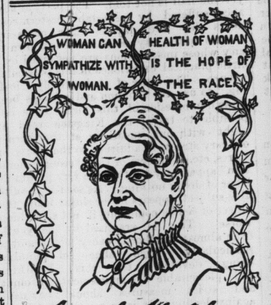
James Huxley of Cohoes, who is "roughing it" at Long Lake, in the Adirondacks, writes that he encountered a bear on Wednesday on an island, and made for him with cobble stones, his only weapons. The animal took to the lake and swam toward the main land, but Huxley stunned him with a well-directed stone, and rowing out, held the animal's head under water until his bearship was drowned. The bear weighed 200 pounds. The skin has been sent to Cohoes as a trophy.

Transformation.

She kissed me, my beautiful darling,
I drank the delight of her lips;
The universe melted together,
Mortality stood in eclipse.

A spirit of light stood before me,
I heard a far rustle of wings;
The kings of the earth were as beggars,
And the beggars of earth were as kings.

Faded articles of all kinds restored to their original beauty by Diamond Dyes. Perfect and simple; 10 cents, at all druggists.



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FOR ALL WEAKNESSES of the generative organs of either sex, it is second to no remedy that has ever been before the public; and for all diseases of the KIDNEYS it is the *Greatest Remedy in the World.*

KIDNEY COMPLAINTS of Either Sex Find Great Relief in Its Use.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, at the same time will give tone and strength to the system. As marvellous in results as the Compound.

Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. The Compound is sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3 cent stamp. Send for pamphlet. *Mention this Paper.*

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents.

Sold by all Druggists. (3)

Factory at Stanstead, P.Q.—Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, general agents for Ontario.

ST JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF
CONSTIPATION.

No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.

PILES. THIS distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed.

If you have either of these troubles

PRICE $1. USE Druggists Sell

KIDNEY-WORT

Regulates the Bowels, Removes Obstructions, Cures Piles, Liver and Kidneys.

TONSORIAL.

OLD DOLLY VARDEN.

CAPTAIN JACK

Has opened a fine Shaving Parlor for the west end

456 QUEEN STREET.

Near Denison Avenue. 135

MERCHANT TAILORS

SAMUEL FRISBY,

SCIENTIFIC TROWSER MAKER,

240 YONGE ST

West of England Goods—Latest Styles. 246

TINWARE.

1000 10 qt. Dish Pans..... 10cts
1000 12 qt. do do..... 15cts
1000 18 qt. do do..... 25cts
200 Copper Bottom Wash Boilers $1 35
200 Coal Scuttles..... 1 50
200 Fancy Tin Chamber Sets (8 pcs). 1 50

C. W. DENNIS,
213 Yonge Street.

MEDICAL.

HEALTH IS WEALTH

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco. Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in Insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

JOHN C. WEST & CO.,
81 and 83 King-st. East (Office up-stairs),
Toronto, Ont.

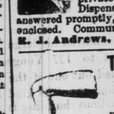
Sold by all druggists in Canada.

$500 REWARD!

WE will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes containing 30 pills 25 cents. For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., "The Pill Makers," 81 and 83 King street east, Toronto, up stairs. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3 cent stamp.

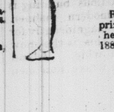
$1000 FORFEIT!

Having the utmost confidence in its superiority over all others, and after thousands of tests of the most complicated and severest cases we could find, we feel justified in offering to forfeit One Thousand Dollars for any case of Coughs, colds sore throat, influenza, hoarseness, bronchitis, consumption in its early stages, whooping cough and all diseases of the throat and lungs except Asthma, for which we only claim relief, that we can't cure with West's Cough Syrup, when taken according to directions. Sample bottle 25 and 50 cents; large bottles one dollar. Genuine wrappers only in blue. Sold by all druggists or sent by express on receipt of price. JOHN C. WEST & Co., sole proprietors. 81 and 83 King street east Toronto, up stairs.



Private Medical Dispensary

(Established 1860), 27 GOULD STREET TORONTO, ONT. Dr. Andrews' Purgentia, Dr. Andrews' Female Pills, and all of Dr. A.'s celebrated remedies for private diseases, can be obtained at the Dispensary. Circulars Free. All letters answered promptly, without charge, when stamped enclosed. Communication confidential. Address E. J. Andrews, M.D., Toronto, Ont.



TORONTO ARTIFICIAL LEG AND ARM CO.,
151 BAY ST., TORONTO,

Received the only medal and first prize for Artifical legs and arms in the Dominion of Canada for 1881

Send for Circular.

RETAIL CLOTHING.

T. Thompson & Son.

Summer's gone and over,
Frogs are falling down,
And with russet tinges
Autumn's doing brown.

Boughs are daily rifted
By the gusty thieves,
And the book of nature
Goeth short of leaves.

So October cometh
Cold and most perverse,
But the month that follows
Sure will pinch us worse.

Try "the Mammoth" clothing,
Its genial warmth and style
Make every season pleasant
And summer all the while.

And when the day is over
Keep up the natural heat
By wrapping well his blankets
Around your shivering feet.

BOYS', YOUTHS' AND MEN'S AUTUMN SUITS.

Adapted for present and winter wear. A splendid stock to choose from at exceedingly moderate charges.

COAL AND WOOD.

BUTLER PITTSTON COAL.

We beg to announce that we have recently purchased the FUEL ASSOCIATION PROPERTY on Esplanadade St., between Berkeley and Princess Sts., from JAMES G. McGEE & CO., thus largely increasing our already extensive facilities for handling Coal at Retail in the Toronto Market and are prepared to supply both Coal and Wood in the most satisfactory manner.

OFFICES—Dominion Bank Building, Cor. Yonge and King Sts.; 413 Yonge St.; 536 Queen St. W.; Yard, Cor. Esplanade and Princess Sts; Yard, Niagara and Douro; Yard, Fuel Association, Esplanade St., near Berkeley.

HARD COAL, $6.00 PER TON.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO

Miners and Shippers. 146 Wholesalers and Retailers.

INSURANCE.

SOLID GROWTH.

Another year having elapsed, we now furnish a statement of the business of 1881, compared with previous years, showing the increasing favour with which the operations of the ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY are regarded in the Dominion of Canada.

CANADIAN BUSINESS.	Premiums Received.	Insurance in Force.
Year ending December 31st, 1877...	$279,701 79	$3,240,281 00
Year ending December 31st, 1878...	291,165 10	3,760,199 00
Year ending December 31st, 1879...	307,847 00	9,289,325 00
Year ending December 31st, 1880...	317,256 80	10,224,589 00
Year ending December 31st, 1881	$463,797 00	$11,379,099 00
Year ending December 31st, 1882	4,663 31	519,993 00
An increase in 1882 of.....	23,681 90	529,126 00
And in 1882 a further growth of.....	39,499 90	1,625,563 00
And in 1883 a further increase of.....	56,746 20	1,045,112 00
And now a further increase of.....		$16,645 85—

During 1882 this Company paid for Death Claims in Canada a considerable decrease upon the previous year.

Also, during 1882, to living members, holding matured Endowment Bonds $30,364—an increase of nearly Five Thousand Dollars.

Also, during 1881, in Cash dividends, or Profits, to Mutual Members, the large sum of $54,593—an increase of nearly Four Thousand Dollars.

SOLID PROGRESS DURING THE LAST SIXTEEN YEARS.

Years.	Assets.
1866.....	$ 3,036,823 05
1867.....	4,401,433 36
1868.....	7,538,612 35
1869.....	10,359,512 23
1870.....	12,291,594 21
1871.....	15,130,626 11
1872.....	16,640,786 24
1873.....	18,077,540 06
1874.....	19,482,415 88
1875.....	20,807,563 56
1876.....	22,092,734 32
1877.....	23,357,643 95
1878.....	24,141,175 70
1879.....	25,120,304 24
1880.....	[illegible]
1881.....	26,462,440 66
1882.....	27,055,824 76

So productive are its Assets, and so carefully selected are its Lives, that the Interest Receipts alone more than defray the Death Losses, as the following figures for the past seven years will show:

Interest on funds, 1875 and 1876....	$3,027,922 59
Death Claims paid, 1875 and 1876....	2,548,561 65
Difference to the Good.....	$479,530 94
Interest on funds, 1877 and 1878....	$3,145,072 61
Death Claims paid, 1877 and 1878....	2,212,332 59
Difference to the Good.....	$932,739 02
Interest on funds, 1879, '80 and '81..	$4,000,058 23
Death Claims paid, 1879, '80 and '81..	3,744,662 42
Difference to the Good.....	$1,155,395 81

Policies issued in 1881, 4,753, insuring $8,907,290 00.
Policies now in force, 67,564, insuring $79,772,425.44.

All policies Manforfeitable after two annual payments on the Endowment Plans and after three annual payments on the Life plans.

Endowment Deposits received in sums of $10 and upwards, carrying insurance of from $200 to $15,000 on a single life, from the age of 16 and upwards.

Readers, if you are in good health (for none others are admitted) make application at once through the undersigned.

Western Canada Branch: Adelaide-st. East, Toronto.

WILLIAM N. ORR, Manager.

THE LION LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF LONDON ENG.

Subscribed Capital . . $4,000,000 | British Government Deposit, . £100,000
Paid up . . 275,000 | Canadian . . $50,000

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA: 42 JOHN-ST, MONTREAL.

DIRECTORS.

HON JOHN HAMILTON, Pres. Merchants Bank. | ROBERT SIMS, Esq., of R. Sims & Co.
JOHN HOPE, Esq., of John Hope & Co. | ALEXANDER MURRAY, Esq, Man. Bank Montreal

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HONORARY BOARD, TORONTO.

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AUCTION SALE.

By Scott, Sutherland & Co.
AUCTIONEERS.

We are prepared to attend to the sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS at the residence of parties either moving away or breaking up housekeeping, and in every case to give entire satisfaction; also all other sales such as REAL ESTATE etc., attended to with promptness and despatch.

SCOTT, SUTHERLAND & CO.
AUCTIONEERS. 234626
11 Front Street East.

HORSE EDUCATION.

HORSE EDUCATORS.

Profs. J. C. MACPHERSON, champion of the world, and W. H. McCONKEY, are now visiting the principal cities of Canada, teaching their new and wonderful theory of teaching the horse by kindness without abuse or injury to the mouth. Don't fail to call and see the clock of all clocks. Address, WAVERLY HOUSE, Yonge street, Toronto. 246

ABOUT THE NORTHWEST.

OPINIONS FAVORABLE TO THE NEW COUNTRY.

Progress of the Railway—Interview With Recent Visitors—Prince Albert—Summer Resorts.

A few facts regarding the Northwest which have recently obtained considerable prominence in the papers are likely to bear strongly in its favor with intending settlers These facts are worth stringing together, if for no other purpose than to see how they look when so placed.

RAILWAY PROGRESS.

First, as a matter of fact the railway is being pushed westward at such speed of construction as was never known in the world before. Mr. N. C. Wallace, M. P. for West York, has just returned home after having been out to the present end of the line, or farther, and is reported in the Mail to the following effect:

"The railway is already a short distance west of there (Regina), and the way in which it is being pushed on towards the Rockies speaks well for those who have it in charge. Four miles a day is the average progress, but this is often exceeded. An army of 3,500 men and 2,600 teams are at work on this part of the line, and while I was talking to Mr. Shepherd, one of the contractors, the track-layers passed, and two hours later the rails were laid for a mile beyond. So the work progresses without even a hitch. At every station along where the line is being constructed there is a detachment of mounted police for the purpose of keeping order and the 'fire water' from the men. Wages average from $2 25 to $2 50 per day, and as board costs but $4 50 per week, the men have every chance of saving their earnings. Some have several hundred dollars to their credit, while others support large families at home and still save a little."

ANOTHER TRAVELER.

With regard to the influx of people into the country, the soil and climate, and the prospects of settlers we have something also from the Rev. James Robertson, superintendent of Presbyterian missions in the Northwest, who is now in Toronto on business connected with the missions. We make these extracts from the Globe's report of an interview with him:

"During the past summer I have traveled extensively through the whole territory 400 miles west of Brandon. North of the Assiniboine it is a fine rolling country, and though the soil here is somewhat lighter than it is farther west and south, yet it is very fine throughout for grazing and silage. In some places it is rather wet, but a little drainage will render it fit for cultivation. About Regina the soil is a heavy clay, and not so dark in color as in most other places. The place where Regina is located, when I was there, appeared as if it had been under water, though it can be drained at little cost into Pileo'-Bones creek."

"QU'APPELLE IS A SPLENDID REGION,

and if a railway is taken into the country it must rapidly rise into importance. The country is a little more rolling than at Regina, and the land better. All the land between South Qu'Appelle is very good. All the land in the neighborhood of Qu'Appelle is taken up. . . . Prince Albert is already the centre of a flourishing and rapidly increasing settlement. The land around it is all taken; indeed the land west of Brandon along the railway for about 400 miles, from 25 to 50 miles wide, is all taken up. There is a strip of country as far as Montreal from Toronto all settled. I suppose that 40,000 or 50,000 people have settled in the country west of Brandon this year, and a very large proportion of these have come from the American side of the line. The land along the the Turtle Mountain westward about 150 miles and two or three townships wide is all settled. I saw a man this summer who has taken land in township seven, west of the second principal meridian.

"THERE ARE NO SUMMER FROSTS,

at least there has been no difficulty from that cause this year; indeed, I have seen none for the past few years. The increase in population, the enlarged area of land under cultivation, and efficient drainage, all are matters that tend to do away with summer frosts. As far as my experience goes, I would just as soon live in the Northwest as in Ontario. The climate is quite as good. The fact that there have been no summer frosts this year is all the more remarkable inasmuch as there was a very late spring. The cost of living is a great deal higher up there than here, but you must take into consideration the greater fertility of the soil and the cheapness of land. The cost of obtaining and stocking a farm is much less there than here, and after that there are only the luxuries and clothes that a farmer is compelled to buy. . . . For twenty-five miles round Fort Ellice, on the Assiniboine, there were only two families last year; this year it is full of people, and the land is all taken up. The country immediately northwest of Pelican lake last year had no settlers in it; now it is full and the land all taken up. . . . I found wherever I went excellent crops—in fact, above the average, though I may say that the crops on the Little Saskatchewan formed an exception to the rule in this respect, they not being quite as good as last year. I should say that the wheat crop averages forty bushels to the acre."

COAL DEPOSITS.

It appears as if another fact of vast importance were already settled—that of the existence of extensive deposits of coal, or lignite, or both. An abundance of lignite has been found on the Souris district and on the South Saskatchewan. Mr. Wallace says that, although not so good as coal, it makes an excellent substitute. The following paragraph occurs in one of the Globe's letters from Fort McLeod:

"I called the attention of your readers in a former letter to the great coal beds existing in this part of the Northwest. Since that time there has been a good deal of activity in opening up these mines. One large company of English capitalists, known as the Northwest coal mining company, have opened the mines at the Blackfoot crossing on the Bow river. They have brought up a large amount of machinery for the mines, besides a sawmill. They are also getting up a couple of steamboats and barges. Beside this mine and the old ones that were run by Mr. Sherin J. G. Baker & Co. have opened one on the S. Mary's river. From this mine all the Bull trains returning to Fort Benton load with coal. This coal is worth $30 per ton in that place. If a railroad was running from here to Montana, the whole of the Western mining states would get their coal from here. . . . The summer has been exceedingly dry, but crops have turned out remarkably well, and were all harvested on the 1st of September. Wheat is especially good."

REST AND COMFORT TO THE SUFFERING. "Brown's Household Panacea," has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a pain or ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

—Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Impaired Vision, Premature Decay, and Loss of Power cured by Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment.

We have received a full line of linen collars, which we can sell at $1 75 the dozen. Warranted four ply. Also a fine linen cuff which we are selling for 25c by the dozen. A. White, 65 King st. west.

How It Works.

Malarial diseases, so prevalent in the spring and fall, such as ague, chill fever, bilious fever, etc., depend upon an inactive state of the liver, bowels, skin, kidneys, etc., for did these outlets of morbid poisonous matter free the system properly, no sickness would result. Burdock Blood Bitters effectually regulates these organs and corrects the absorbent and secretory system as well.

It is very proper for a woman who has a bonnet trimmed with bugles to keep it in a bandbox.

A girl has been arrested at Kansas City for flirting with the mourners in a funeral procession. Great heavens! have women no rights to be respected?

Dr. J. Corlis, St. Thomas, writes: "During ten years' active practice I have had occasion to prescribe Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites. Since Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda came under my notice I have tried it, and take great pleasure in saying that it has given great satisfaction, and is to be preferred to any I have ever used or recommended. I have used it in my own family almost as a beverage during heavy colds and in every instance a happy result has followed. I cheerfully recommend its use in all cases of debility arising from weakness of the muscular or nervous system.

Skipwith is quite a town down in Mississippi. Young men frequently go there and Skip-with the fair maidens of the place.

A cure for Headache.—Thousands are suffering martyrs to this distressing trouble. If you have pure and properly vitalized blood coursing freely through your veins; if the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels act rightly you will never experience headache. Burdock Blood Bitters will effect this desirable condition, if properly used. Try it.

A Saratoga female snob sports more than 40 parasols—all different hues. She has a "dead open and shut" on the rest of the girls.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl street, Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

"Silence that dreadful belle," said Spicer, as the beauty of the hotel yowled an operatic air in the parlor.

A Good Investment.—Twenty-five cents expended to your druggist for a bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil will allay more pain and cure more diseases than many dollars spent for ordinary medicines would do. Yellow Oil cures rheumatism, burns, scalds, frost bites, sore throat, croup, stiff joints, contracted cords, and all lameness and inflammation.

"Neuralgia" is the name borne by a charming girl of Iowa. Her mother found it on a medicine bottle and was captivated with its sweetness.

A lady from Syracuse says: "For about seven years before taking Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, I suffered from a complaint very prevalent with our sex. I was unable to walk any distance or stand on my feet for more than a few minutes at a time without feeling exhausted, but now I am thankful to say I can walk two miles without feeling the least inconvenience." For female complaints it has no equal.

Woman as well as man is fond of hitting the right man on the head; but when it happens to be her finger-nail, her enthusiasm becomes wild and incoherent.

Mr. J. R. Seymour, druggist, St. Catharines, writes that he finds an ever-increasing sale for Burdock Blood Bitters, and adds that he can, without hesitancy, recommend it. Burdock Blook Bitters is the grand specific for all diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys.

"What are clouds?" asked the Popular Science Monthly. Well, one kind is when you call to see your girl and find that the other fellow is in the parlor with her.

Don't despair of relief, if troubled with chronic dyspepsia or constipation. These ailments, as well as biliousness, kidney infirmities and feminine troubles, are eradicated by Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, an alterative of long tried and clearly proven efficacy. It is a fine blood depurent as well as corrective, and contains no ingredients which are not of the highest standard of purity.

Young man, don't pay the minister over $1. You will need all your currency the first time Belinda puts her dimpled arms around your neck and tries to trade off two kisses for a spring bonnet.

Orpha M. Hodge, Battle Creek, Mich, writes: I upset a teakettle of boiling water on my hand. I at once applied Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and the effect was to immediately allay the pain. I was cured in three days.

Seventeen years old, twice married, once a widow and now deserted by her second husband, is the history of a girl who recently attempted to commit suicide at Kansas City. Don't see why she wanted to suicide. She was having a pretty good time.

Mrs. Wm Allan of Acton, says he has never been without a bottle of Haggard's Yellow Oil in the house for the last twenty years, and would not be for ten times the cost: adding that she has never known it to fail for colds and croup, sore throat, stiff neck, burns, scalds, etc. She concludes by saying, "if any one doubts its efficacy refer them to me."

"No, papa, I do not wish to marry yet. What I want is a man who does not drink, smoke, chew, snuff, go out night, gamble, bet, over-eat, etc., in short, a man with no vices, and one who is always good." "My daughter," said Mr. Dusenberry, "you are but a stranger here; heaven is your home."

Deafness that is caused by colds, inflammation of the membrane of the ear, and earache, is often cured by Haggard's Yellow Oil, the great external and internal remedy for all pain, soreness and inflammation, rheumatism, burns, scalds, frost bites, sore throat, croup, contracted muscles, etc. Never be without it.

Before the wedding day she was dear and he was her treasure; but afterward she became dearer and he treasurer.

*Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cures all female complaints by removing the cause.

Very long stemmed roses are the artificial flowers most desirable for corsage boquets A single rose costs $1, and from five to ten are mounted in a group.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so go and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents bottle.

MONEY AND TRADE

Toronto Stock Market.

TORONTO, October 18.—Montreal 213 and 212, xd. 210 at 209½; Ontario buyers, 129; Toronto 186 and 185½, transactions 10, 10, 40, 10 at 185; Merchants' 138 and 131½; Commerce 143 and 142¾, transactions 10, 43, 20 at 142½, 20 at 142¾; Imperial 144½ and 144; Federal 161 and 160½, transactions 20 at 161, 10, 19, 25 at 160½, 10, 25, 25, 20, 30 at 160½, 25 at 160; Standard 114½ and 114¼; Hamilton 117½ and 116¾, transactions 20 at 117; Dominion 206½ and 205, transactions 10 at 206½, 20 at 206¼, 4, 25, 20, 10, 45, 45 at 206, 20, 20, 65 at 206; British America sellers 129; Western Assurance 178 and 173; Confederation Life Association sellers 3 0; Consumers' Gas, 149 and 147½; Dominion Telegraph 95 and 93, transactions 10, 10 at 93; Northwestern 40½ and 40, transactions 100, 20, 20, 80 at 40; Canada Permanent 228 and 225; Freehold sellers 176; Western Canada 190 and 187; Union 132 and 131; Canada Landed Credit 125 and 123; British & Loan Association sellers 105½; Imperial Saving and Investment Co. sellers 110; Farmers' Loan & Savings buyers 126; London and Canada Loan & Assurance 137 and 136½, transactions 100, 100 at 137, 100 at 136½; National Investment sellers 108; Real Estate Loan and Debenture Co. 100 and 95; London and Ontario buyers 117; The Land Security Company buyers 137; Manitoba Loan buyers 119; Huron & Erie sellers 161; Ontario Loan and Debenture sellers 128; Hamilton Provident 128 and 125; Ontario Investment Association 140 and 136; British Canadian Loan and Investment sellers 108; Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company 210 and 200.

Montreal Stock Market.

MONTREAL, Oct. 18.—Banks—Montreal 213½ and 213, xd, 210½ and 210, sales 21 at 212½, 25 at 213, 25 at 212½, 25 at 212½, 20 at 129; Ontario Bank 129½ and 128½, sales 20 at 129; Banque du Peuple 80 and 87½; Molsons' Bank 130½ and 130½; Bank of Toronto 187 and 186; Banque Jacques Cartier 120 and 116; Merchants' Bank 138 and 132, xd 131 and 130; Bank of Commerce 143½ and 142½, sales 180 at 142, 5 at 142½, 105 at 142½, 20 at 142; Exchange Bank 177 and 176½; Federal Bank 162½ and 160½; Montreal Telegraph Company 130 and 129½, sales 525 at 130; Dominion Telegraph Company asked 96, sales 19 at 95, 100 at 94½; Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company 79 and 79½, sales 125 at 74½, 2 at 74½; City Passenger Railroad 134½ and 134, xd 128 and 127½, sales 28 at 134½, 150 at 132, 425 at 134, 25 at 127; Montreal Gas Company 191½ and 191; sales 100 at 188½, 25½ at 188½, 50 at 188½, 150 at 189, 107 at 189½, 202 at 189½, 1 at 188, 200 at 190½, 200 at 170, 10 at 190½, 17 at 191, 25 at 191; Ontario Investment 138 and 135; ; St P & M 160 and 158½; Northwest Land Company 41s 6d and 41s, sales 10 at 40s, 25 at 40s.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Oct 18.—Stocks irregular, higher; Am Ex 95½, C S 67, D & H 112½, D & L 135¾, Erie 42½, L S 111½, L & N 56¾, M C 100, J C 73¼, N P 45¼, pfd 93½, N W 149½, pfd 160½, N Y C 132¾, S P 96, U P 107½, W U 87½.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18—Stocks closed generally strong, higher.

London Money Market.

LONDON, Oct. 18—Fours 12½

E. STRACHAN COX

STOCK BROKER,

No. 86 King St. East, Toronto,

Buys and sells Canadian and American Stocks strictly on Commissi on.

Also represents the Grain and Provision House of Messrs. D. H. Denton & Co., Chicago, through whom orders are executed on the Board of Trade either for cash or on margin.

Receives legraph quotations of the New York, Chicago and Montreal markets, daily reports and financial papers.

Grain and Produce.

CALL BOARD—TORONTO, Oct. 18—Three cars No 2 barley sold at 57c.

THE STREET MARKET—TORONTO. Oct 18—There is a steady market and prices remain about the same. Vegetables are in good supply and prices easy. Potatoes plentiful at 75c to 8 c. Apples also in good supply at $1 25 to $1 50. Butter is variable, lb rolls 23 to 25c, dairy 17 to 20c, store packed is unsalable. Eggs 22c a dozen for fresh. Hogs $8 to $8 50. Hay in moderate supply at $11 to $15, the bulk is sold at $13 to $14. Straw sold at $6 to $7 per ton and $10 to $12 50 for bundled rye or oat straw. On the grain market 500 bushels wheat sold at $1 to $1 02, spring $1 02 to $1 07, goose 80 to 82c. About 3000 bushels of barley sold at 50c to 78c. Oats sold at 42c and 44c; peas sold at 75c; rye at 62c; white beans quoted at $1 50 to $1 75 a bush.

Wheat, fall	$1 00 to $1 02	Peas	0 50 to 0 60
do spring	1 03 to 1 08	Lettuce doz	10 to 0 00
do goose	76 to 78	Cabbage doz	0 50 to 0 00
Barley	0 50 to 0 70	Radishes	0 15 to 0 20
Oats	0 48 to 0 44	Tomatoes, bu	50 to 60
Peas	0 70 to 0 80	Beans, bu	1 00 to 0 00
Rye	0 60 to 0 65	Onions, bu	0 90 to 000
Beef, hd qrs	7 50 to 9 00	Chickens, pair	0 40 to 0 45
do fore qrs	6 50 to 7 00	Fowls, pair	0 50 to 0 60
Mutton	7 50 to 8 00	Ducks, brace	0 50 to 0 70
Lamb	9 00 to 10 00	Geese	0 00 to 0 00
Veal	6 00 to 8 00	Turkeys	1 25 to 1 50
Hogs, 100 lbs	8 50 to 9 00	Butter, lb rlls	0 22 to 0 23
Beets, doz	0 10 to 0 25	do dairy	0 18 to 0 21
Carrots, doz	0 15 to 0 20	Eggs, fresh	0 20 to 0 22
Parsnips, doz	0 40 to 0 00	Wool, per lb	0 18 to 0 20
Potatoes, bg	0 75 to 0 80	Hay	13 00 to 15 00
Apples, brl	1 00 to 1 75	Straw	7 50 to 12 50

MONTREAL, Oct. 18—Flour—Receipts 6445 brls, sales 1325 brls. The market to-day is pretty brisk, not much change in prices. Quotations:—Superiors $5 17½ to $5 20, extra $5 to $5 10, spring extra $4 95 to $5, superfine $4 55 to $4 70, strong bakers' $6 to $7 50, fine $3 75 to $4, middlings $3 60 to $3 80, pollards $3 40 to $3 60, Ontario bags $2 20 to $2 60, city bags $3 35 to $3 40 Sales—125 brls superior extra at $5 20, 125 brls superior extra at $5 17½, 200 brls superior extra at $5 20, 375 brls extra at $5 10, 125 brls medium bakers' at $5 30. Grain—Wheat, white winter $1 06, red do $1 06, peas 92½c, oats 36c to 37c, barley 70c per 50 lbs, rye 65c to 68c. Provisions—Butter—Western 17c to 18½c, B & M 18c to 21c, E T 21c to 21½c, cheese 11¾c to 12c, pork $26 50 to $27, lard 16c to 16½, bacon 14c to 15c, hams 15c to 17c.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 18.—Cotton dull, uplands 6¾d, Orleans 7d, cheese 57s 6d.

BEERBOHM SAYS: LONDON, Oct. 18.—Floating cargoes—Wheat and maize steady. Cargoes on passage—Wheat and maize steady. Mark Lane—Wheat steady; maize firm. Good cargoes red winter wheat off coast was 42s, now 43s 3d. London—Fair average California wheat just shipped was 44s 6d, now 45s, do nearly due was 44s 3d now 45s. English country markets a turn dearer, French firm. Imports to the United Kingdom for the week: Wheat 350,000 qrs to 375,000 qrs, maize 315,000 qrs to 320,000 qrs, flour 205,000 brls to 210,000 brls. Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet and steady, maize weaker. On passage to continent—wheat 480,000 qrs, maize 30,000 qrs. Paris—Flour and wheat quiet."

DETROIT, Oct. 18.—Wheat No 1 white $1 00½ for cash, $1 00½ to $1 00½ for Oct, 99½c bid for Nov, $1 00 for Dec, 99½c for year, $1 01 nominal for Jan, No 2 94c.

TOLEDO, Oct. 18—Wheat, No 2 red $1 00½ for cash, $1 00½ for Oct, $1 00½ for Nov, $1 00½ for Dec, $1 00½ asked for year, $1 06 bid $1 07 asked for May. Corn 73½c for cash, 73c for Oct, 67c for Nov, 55½c for May, 58½c for year. Oats 38c bid for cash, 37½c for Oct, 35c bid for Nov, 30½c asked for year.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Oct. 18.—Wheat steady, sales 1,000 bush white state at $1 09, 4,000 bush red state at $1 08. Corn scarce and higher, No 2 western 80c. Oats higher, sales 15,000 bush No 1 state 42c. Barley quiet, sales 45,000 bush No 3 Canada at 83c, 10,000 bush Canada by sample at 85c, 4,000 bush by sample, 844,500 by sample at 92c, No 1 Canada nominally 92c to 93c, No 2 Canada 86c. Rye quiet. Canal freights—Wheat and peas 5½c, corn and rye 5½c, barley 5c to New York, barley 4½c to 4½c to Albany, lumber $2 to Albany, $2 75 to New York. Lake receipts—Barley 15,300 bush, lumber 629,000 ft.

FARLEY & MARA

25 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO.

Stock Brokers,

MEMBERS OF THE TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE

and Chicago Board of Trade.

Buy and sell Canadian and New York Stocks. Also Grain and Provisions on the Chicago Board of Trade, for cash or on margin.

Latest New York and Chicago Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18—Cotton weak, midland uplands 11¼c. Flour—Receipts 19,000 brls, steady, sales 18,000 brls. No 2 spring $2 50 to $3 75, superfine etc $3 25 to $4 10, common $4 to $4 60, good $4 70 to $7 50, western extra $6 25 to $7, extra Ohio $4 to $7, St Louis $4 to $7 50, Minn extra $6 75 to $8, double extra $8 10 to $8 75. Rye flour steady at $3 40 to $3 90. Cornmeal, quiet unchanged. Wheat—Receipts 255,000 bush, unsettled, sales 2,042,000 bush, including 282,000 bush spot, exports 102,000 bush, No 3 spring 99c, No 2 red $1 10 to $1 11½, No 1 white $1 10½ to $1 12½, No 2 red for Oct $1 09½ to $1 1 1. Rye firm. Barley easier. No 2 Canada 90c, No 1 $1. Malt steady. Corn—Receipts 3000 bush, opened easier, afterwards advanced, sales 19,562,000 bush, including 30,000 bush spot, exports 1000 bush, No 2 80c to 82½c, Oct 79c to 80c, yellow 83c. Oats—Receipts 18,000 bush, irregular, sales 727,000 bush, mixed 36c to 43c, white 42c to 52c, No 2 Oct 41½ to 41¾c. Hay steady at 60c. Hops firm, New Yorks 57c to 70c. Coffee steady. Sugar firmer, standard A 8¾c to 8¾c, cut loaf and crushed 9½c. Molasses nominal. Rice quiet. Petroleum dull nominal. Tallow steady 7½c to 7¾c. Potatoes unchanged. Eggs strong at 20c to 29½c. Pork firm, new mess $24 Beef steady. Cutmeats steady, pickled hams 13¾c to 14c, shoulders 9½c, smoked shoulders 10½c, middles nominal. Lard strong at $13 60. Butter firm. Cheese firmer, fine 8c to 12c.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat firm and regular, 96½c for Oct, 97½c to 97¾ for Nov, 96½c to 96¾c for year, $1 03¼ for May, No. 2 red 99½c for cash, 99½c to $1 00 for Oct, No 2 spring 90½c to 90¾c for cash. Corn firm at 66½c for cash and Oct, 67½c for Nov, 63½c to 63½c for year, 56½c for Jan, 50½c for May. Oats firm at 30½c for cash and Oct, 31½c for Nov, 34½c for year, 24½c for Jan, 28½c for May. Rye and barley unchanged. Pork lower at $24 for cash, $23 95 to $24 for Oct, $21 02½ to $21 05. Lard lower at $12 95 to $13 for cash and Oct, $12 27½ to $12 30 for Nov, $11 55½ to $11 55 for year, $11 32½ to $11 35 for Jan, $11 30 to $11 32½ for Feb. Bulk meats and whisky unchanged. Freights—Corn to Buffalo 2½c. Receipts—Flour 31,000 brls, wheat 157,000 bush, corn 54,000 bush, oats 82,000 bush, rye 15,000 bush, barley 70,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 15,000 brls, wheat 41,000 bush, corn 107,000 bush, oats 53,000 bush, rye 29,000 bush, barley 23,000 bush.

HOPE & MILLER,

STOCK BROKERS.

MEMBERS OF TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

Land, Estate and Financial Agents. Room 6 Union Loan Buildings 28 and 30 Toronto Street Toronto.

Cheese Market.

WOODSTOCK, Oct. 18.—The offerings to-day consisted of 880 boxes, Aug. make and 3638 Sept. The Oct and Nov were boarded a balance of season. All the Aug offered were sold 340 boxes at 10c and 540 boxes at 10½c. Advices from Liverpool to-day showed an advance one shilling and sixpence. This rise encouraged the holders of Sept and Oct to hold on for an advance here, more especially as the Unnited States market quote 12c as the ruling price. Cable 57s and 6d.

BELLEVILLE, Oct 18—The cheese market continues very dull. A few factories are contracting at 10½c for August and 11c for last three months.

The Stranger in London.

That the great city will ere long be hardly recognizable by its former denizens, all the world has heard. The visitor passing up the Thames now finds his eye gratified by the many handsome edifices recently erected. As he reaches the famous Victoria Embankment, there rises over him on the right hand the new Times office, and on the left hand the new tower-crowned works of Messrs. James Epps & Co., both phases of Italian architecture. It may be said that these two buildings are types of the far-reaching business energy of the nineteenth century, for it has resulted from such means that these two establishments have brought themselves to the fore, and that the annual issue of each has come to be estimated by millions. During the last year the number of copies of the Times issued is estimated at 16,276,000, while the number of packets of Epps' Cocoa sent off in the same period is computed at 14,749,695. The latter is a large total, when it is borne in mind that in 1880 the consumption of cocoa throughout the whole kingdom was but 42,382 lbs., there then existing no preparation of it such as this, which by the simple addition of boiling water would yield a palatable drink. Truly time may be said to work many changes. tf

Courtship in Iowa.

A few days ago a staunch old farmer living a few miles from Maquoketa drove to town accompanied by his son, and reaching a certain residence where resides a family in which there is a handsome daughter not yet out of her teens, they stopped. The old man held the reins while the young man entered the yard and rapped gently on the door. When the young lady opened the door and said "Good morning," the young man stammered out, "Is Miss —— at home?" She answered, "Yes, sir." "Wall, my father wants to see 'er." "Won't you come in?" she asked. "No; I'll go and hold the team while father comes in," he said.

The father came in and without ceremony began, "My boy out there's got eighty acres of good land, a team, and wants to get a wife 'twixt now and harvest, but he's kinder bashful, and wanted me to ask you if you wouldn't marry him, and if it is all right we would come around next Sunday and settle up the business." Imagine that young lady's surprise and bewilderment, never having seen the father or son. Regaining her composure she replied, "I don't care to get married now."

A Speculative Young Woman.

From the Carson City Appeal.

"Guess I won't take in school to-day," said a Carson urchin with an Appeal in his hand.

"Why not?"

"Concordia has fallen off ten cents, and I don't dare show up until it picks up again."

"What has the fluctuations of Concordia got to do with your studies?"

"A good deal," answered the boy. "My teacher has 100 shares of the stock and when it falls off a few cents we all catch it heavy. I keep my eye on the list, and when there's a break you bet I don't go to school. I play sick. Golly! how she basted me when Mount Diablo busted down to two dollars. My mother's been patchin' my pants now ever since the big break in Sierra Nevada, and if the market don't take a turn pretty soon I'm goin to quit the public school and go to work on a ranch."

Ex-President Hayes in New York.

Correspondence Philadelphia Record.

We had a "distinguished" visitor here the other day who attracted no attention—though this fact must have impressed itself painfully upon him. The gentleman was R. B. Hayes, late president of the United States. He stayed at the Fifth Avenue hotel, but not one of the wealthy republicans of the city called upon him or invited him to dinner, while their cards were showered upon Mr. Arthur, whom Hayes had turned out of the custom house. New York has never paid much attention to ex-presidents except in the case of Grant, and his possibilities in the future have alone saved him from neglect.

Riches and Friendship.

From Chambers' Journal

A certain man of vast estate,
And generous mind withal,
So freely spent it on his friends,
He soon had none at all.

His fickle friends discovered this,
And then their worth they showed;
They left him, nor e'en paid the debt
Of gratitude they owed.

Ere long the man got rich again—
Much richer than before;
And those who then received so much,
Came now—expecting more!

The man had by this time, howe'er,
A lesson great been taught;
And straight he sent them all away,
With the large sum of—naught!

Friends, he had learned, do round us flock
When we are rich and great;
But when want comes and troubles rise,
They leave us to our fate.

And he had learned what oft is seen
When friends are in request,
That those of whom we think the least
Turn out to be the best.

Decline of Man.

Nervous weakness, dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

KIDNEY-WORT

IS A SURE CURE

for all diseases of the Kidneys and

—LIVER—

It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.

Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.

In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

KIDNEY-WORT

TEAS.

THE

LI-QUOR

TEA

IS THE

LEADING

ARTICLE.

246

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

Arranged specially for the Toronto World.

RAILWAYS.

GRAND TRUNK.

Union Station foot of York and Simcoe Streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
East.		
Montreal Day Express	7.12 a.m.	11.07 a.m
" " Night Express	6.52 p.m.	10.52 p.m
Mixed	11.12 a.m.	6.52 p.m
Belleville Local	5.07 p.m.	9.37 a.m
West.		
Chicago Day Express	12.15 p.m.	6.20 p.m.
" Nigh t Express	11.45 p.m.	6.15 a.m
Stratford and London Express	8.00 a.m.	10.00 p.m
" " Local	3.45 p.m.	1.05 p.m
Stratford Local	5.25 p.m.	11.00 a.m.
Georgetown Mixed	6.40 p.m.	8.25 a.m

GREAT WESTERN.

Stations—Foot of Yonge and foot of Simcoe streets

	Leave.	Arrive.
N w York Mail	3.30 p.m.	6.45 p.m
N. Y. (Central) & Erie Express	9.55 a.m.	4.30 p.m
London Local & Detroit Express	7.10 a.m.	1.15 p.m
Susp. Bridge & Detroit Express	5.55 p.m.	10.20 a.m
Detroit & Chicago Express	12.50 p.m.	10-35 p.m
New York & Chicago Express	11.45 p.m.	9.15 a.m

Trains leave Simcoe street five minutes later.

SUBURBAN TRAINS.

For Mimico, calling at Union station, Queen's wharf Parkdale, High Park, and the Humber, going and returning (every day except Sunday).

Leave Yonge street 10.30 a. m., 2.00, 4.10, and 6 20 p. m.

Returning, leave Mimico 8.15, 11.15 a. m., 2.00, 4.50, and 7.10 p. m.

NORTHERN AND NORTHWESTERN

Stations—City Hall, Union and Brock street.

	eave.	Arrive.
Express	6.00 p. m.	10.10 a.m
Accommodation	11.45 p. m.	2.45 p.m
Mail	7.45 a. m.	8.26 p.m

Trains leave Union Station Eight minutes and Brock Street Fifteen minutes later.

CREDIT VALLEY.

Station—Union depot.

LEAVE

ST. LOUIS EXPRESS. To the North, West, Southwest, South and Northwest	7.30 a.m
PACIFIC EXPRESS. To West, South, Northwest, West and Southwest	12.30 a.m
EXPRESS. To the West and North	4.30 p.
Through cars, Toronto to Detroit, on 7.30 a m. and 12.30	
Orangeville Express	2.45 p.m

ARRIVE

From Orangeville, Elora and Fergus	6.20 p.m
From St. Louis, Toledo, Chicago and Detroit	10.50 a.m
From St. Louis, Toledo, Chicago and Detroit	
From Orangeville, Elora and Fergus	6.20 p.m
From Kansas City St. Louis and Chicago	10.40 p.m.

TORONTO, GREY, AND BRUCE.

Union Station, foot of York and Simcoe streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Owen Sound, Harriston, and Teeswater, Mail	7 35 a m	10.35
Owen Sound, Harriston and Teeswater Express	4.35 p.m.	9.25

MIDLAND.

Station, Union Depot.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Through Mail	7.00a. m.	9.15 p.m
Local	4.55p.m.	10.30 a. m

STAGES

EGLINGTON STAGE.

Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, 11.10 a.m .50 p.m., 5 p.m. and 6.20 p.m.

Arrives 8.45, 9.55 a.m., 2.30 and 6 p.m

THORNHILL STAGE.

Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, 3.30 m.

Arrives 10.30 a.m.

Mail stage leaves Clyde hotel, King street east 3.20 p.m.

COOKSVILLE STAGE.

Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, p.m.

Arrives 11 a.m.

HIGHLAND CREEK STAGE.

Leaves Clyde hotel, King street east, 3.15 p.m.

Arrives 11 a.m.

KINGSTON ROAD TRAMWAY,

for Leslieville Woodbine driving park, Victoria park, and Ben Lamond.

Station, Don bridge, foot of King street.

Leaves Don Station 6.35, 9.05, 10.35 a.m., 12.05, 2.05, 3.35 5.05, 6.75, 8.35 p.m.

Leaves Ben Lamond 6.00, 8.30, 10.00, 11.30 a.m. 1.30, 3.00, 4.30, 6.00, 8 00 p.m

SUNDAY SERVICE.

Leave Ben Lamond 10.00 a.m., 1.30 and 5.00 p.m. Returning leave bridge 10.35 a.m., 2.05 and 9 p.m.

An extra car leaves Ben Lamond (on Saturday's only) at 9 30 p.m., and returning leaves bridge at 10.05 p.m.

PRESS.

CHEAP ADVERTISING

—IN—

THE WORLD!

The only One Cent Morning Paper in Canada.

25C. PER MONTH, $3 PER YEAR.

THE TORONTO WORLD

is Read widely, not only in Toronto but in every town and village of any importance in Ontario, as well as in many places in Quebec and Manitoba, and its circulation is advancing daily.

The large and rapidly-increasing circulation of THE WORLD on the one hand, and its reasonable rates on the other, must commend it to all classes of advertisers as a most desirable medium of communicating with the public.

THE WORLD is published every morning at five o'clock. Extra editions are also published whenever there is news of sufficient moment to demand them.

All advertisements are measured as Solid Nonpareil, twelve lines to an inch.

ORDINARY RATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Commercial advertisements, of whatever nature, FIVE CENTS a line for each insertion.

All advertisements other than commercial TEN CENTS per line.

Reports of meetings and financial statements of banks, and railway, insurance and monetary companies, &c., &c. TWELVE CENTS a line.

Paragraphs among news items, double the ordinary rates.

Special notices, twenty-five per cent. advance on the ordinary rates.

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Condensed advertisements on the first page, ONE CENT a word, each insertion.

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are charged at the following rates:

Help wanted, Properties for Sale, Houses or Stores to Rent, Houses or Stores Wanted, Board and Lodging, Rooms to Let, Rooms Wanted, Articles for Sale, Articles Wanted, Articles Lost or

THE TEMPERANCE BOOM.

TALMAGE'S PLEA FOR NATIONAL PROHIBITION.

Why the Movement Will Triumph—His Ticket for 1884.

From the Brooklyn Eagle, Oct. 16.

Dr. Talmage yesterday morning preached from "National Prohibition" to an immense congregation, the Tabernacle being literally packed. His text was from Revelation, xii., 3, 4: "Behold a great red dragon, having seven heads and ten horns, and seven crowns upon his heads. And his tail drew the third part of the stars of heaven." Some commentators think the red dragon of Revelation means one thing and some another. There is such a wide difference of opinion that I feel at liberty to think it may be suggestive of this great monster of intemperance. Last Sabbath in my discourse I reprehended the degradation of the two political parties of this day, and suggested that, as probably they might have fulfilled their mission, the loss of both of them would not be a very great loss. The republican party was organized to kill slavery. Well, slavery is dead and damned. The republican party having accomplished its objects, if it should pass out of existence I could see no very great loss. I said to you last Sabbath there needed to be in this country some great party with a God-given sublime idea. I said to you that the first principle of that party ought to be the recognition the eternal God in the affairs of men and governments. I went on also to show you that such a party ought to be antagonistic to all national wastefulness and the friend of all national economy. This morning I take a step further, and say that such a party ought not only to whisper but to thunder against the curse of curses, the abomination of abominations, the infernalism of infernalisms—the intemperance of this country; and that with national—not state, but national—prohibition it ought to go forth to slay this red dragon of my text. If you have any idea, my friends, that the prohibition victory in Kansas and in Iowa is a fanatical paroxysm you have made a very great mistake. In six years the prohibition party will hold the balance of power in every state of the American union. It may not have a majority of the votes, but it will hold the balance of power, so that no man can be governor, or lieutenant governor or secretary of state, or hold any important position in the state until he is a pronounced prohibitionist, and in twelve years it will have its president in the white house. [Applause.] I wish that what I say this morning might be received in entire silence. No party has ever risen into power so rapidly as the prohibition party is now rising. The anti-slavery party came out from under the mountain of scorn and contempt to take the presidential chair and both houses of congress, but the prohibition party, if you will watch the statistics, is coming with four times the celerity. I give fair notice to all politicians in America of what is coming. Better lead off than follow in afterward as stragglers.

A PROHIBITION TICKET FOR 1884.

I nominate for president and vice-president of the United States in 1884—caring not which is the first or which is the second name on the ticket, although one is a republican and the other a democrat, and the one a western man and the other a southern man, but both pronounced prohibitionists—Gov. St. John of Kansas and Gov. Colquitt of Georgia. The far west ought to have by this time a man in the white house, and now that the war is over let us prove that it is over and that we realize that it is over by nominating to the highest or next to the highest office the illustrious Georgian. O, my Lord and my God, [illegible] would be with no [illegible] no poor- [illegible] broken [illegible] homes—no [illegible] up in luxury, afterward [illegible] a man who sets her with shrivelled arm and hollow eye and pallid cheek and consuming lung to fight back the wolf back that thrust its nostril through the window pane snuffing for the blood of her helpless babe. Let the temperance men, the men belonging to the temperance societies, stop their quarrelling about this, that and the other insignificant thing—let this contention between the great temperance societies of America cease and the 70,000 men belonging to the temperance societies of the state of New York join hands with the hundreds of thousands of temperance men in other states, and the millions of men who belong to no temperance society, but who are anxious for the salvation and disenthralment of this country, and the work will be done, and done in less time than I tell you. First of all we want an amendment to the constitution of the United States, ratified by three-fourths of the states—an amendment prohibiting the manufacture and the sale of alcoholic liquors in all the states and territories, except for medicinal, artistic, mechanical and scientific purposes, and a prohibition of the importation of foreign alcoholic liquors, except for the same purposes. We want a great national convention this year or next year or the year after to demand an amendment to the constitution of the United States for national prohibition, and I invite such convention to come to Brooklyn, and as on this platform, in this house, last winter, Governor St. John, of Kansas, and Governor Colquitt, of Georgia, stood side by side in temperance meeting, I ask that national convention to hold their session in this house of God. The prohibition law has been executed in parts of Maine, in parts of Maryland, in parts of Rhode Island, in parts of Maryland, in parts of Iowa, in parts of Kansas and in some of those states throughout and throughout. Give us such a law in these Atlantic cities, and if the authorities did not execute it we would do as the Forty-niners did in California, and we would form vigilance committees and we would make quick work with the offenders. Give us such a law of prohibition in Brooklyn and if the authorities did not execute it some Sabbath, standing in this place, I would marshal a battalion of strong armed men and we would go out, and in the name of our homes and in the name of our Lord God Almighty we would shut up all the grogshops in Brooklyn. My friends, the churches of God—all the churches of God, will come in solidly on this subject. The rum drinking professors of religion will go clear over to the devil, who owns them now from hat to heel—[laughter]—and the Methodist church and the Baptist church and the Congregational church and the Episcopal church and the Presbyterian church, led on by some Dr. Guthrie, and the Roman Catholic church, led on by some Father Mathew, will come in on this cause, and then the question will be so thoroughly settled and the work will be so thoroughly done that after you and I are dead and gone, and far on in the future, in a museum in this country there will be standing on the same shelf the lachrymal of an ancient temple and the demijohn of a modern wine cellar, both alike curiosities; and the antiquarian in his lecture will explain to his students how one of them was a receptacle of tears for the dead and the other was the fountain of tears for the living.

LOCAL NEWS PARAGRAPHED.

Mr. Harry Nolan is off duck-shooting.

Twelve new open pens are being erected at the western cattle market.

The board of works and executive committee will meet this afternoon.

The police of No. 1 division had gathered in eight drunks up to midnight.

The sidewalk on the west side of Sackville street near Queen is in a deplorable condition.

The work of re-constructing the Sherbourne street sewer will be commenced today.

A young man named Geo. Milne was yesterday committed by the police magistrate as a lunatic.

Britton Bros.' stall at St. Lawrence market is now quite attractive. It has been nicely painted and refitted throughout.

John Smith was drunk in the Royal opera house last night. He was ejected and afterwards locked up at No. 1 station.

W. R. Haight is issuing a little monthly called the Canadian Journal whose object is to further the Canadian idea. It has a good filed.

The jubilee singers closed their engagement at Horticultural gardens to a good house. They will start on a tour through Ontario to-day.

Inspector Awde yesterday secured, after a good deal of trouble, a sample of milk from the wagon of Joseph Dunn, 147 Richmond street, and it was 23 per cent. below the standard.

A petition is being circulated in the city and elsewhere, requesting the executive to grant a reprieve to John Albert, who was sentenced to death for the murder of the boy Young at High park.

Among the arrivals at the Queen's hotel last night were Justice Strong (supreme court) Ottawa; Geo. A. Kirkpatrick M.P., Kingston; Inspector Wilmot, Newcastle; Judge Macpherson, Owen Sound, and J. J. Hawkins, Brantford.

Emmeline Moss, the girl charged with stealing wearing apparel from Mr. William Midland and the Women's christian association, was sent to the Mercer reformatory yesterday by the magistrate for ten days. She will then be looked after by the proper authorities.

The old reliable firm of James C. McGee & Co., coal dealers, No. 10 King street east, are offering rail coal at low rates, and parties wishing good fresh mined coal are advised to send their orders in at once.

In the police court yesterday Charles Phillips, one of the persons accused of feloniously killing William Long on July 12 last, was admitted to bail himself in the sum of $2000, and John Phillips and John McFadden in the sum of $1000 each.

On Sept. 2, John Bright was sent to jail for a month, he having had in his possession a quantity of valuable cutlery. Yesterday he was released and demanded the goods from the police. They were not given up and he was told to call again.

There is a quantity of nuts, raisins, tobacco and sardines at police headquarters. The articles were found in the possession of two boys named James O'Reilly and John Rennie, and are supposed to have been stolen. The boys will be held to answer on Monday.

***"Little thanks are due to him who only gives away what is of no use to himself." The thanks of invalids the world over are being showered on the inventor of Kidney-Wort, for it is giving health to all. Kidney-Wort moves the bowels regularly, cleanses the blood and radically cures kidney disease, gravel, piles, billious headache and pains which are caused by disordered liver and kidneys. Thousands have been cured—why should you not try it.

DOINGS OVER THE DON.

Owing to the anticipated increase of salary to the head master of Bolton street schools, Riverside (whoever may be appointed), the lady assistants intend to memoralize the trustees to grant them a like favor. The opinion of many ratepayers is that the lady teachers are underpaid for their services.

Mr. J. McKee has purchased a lot from Mr. M. McKee near the corner of Willow street and Kingston road and intends building a handsome brick residence thereon.

Bread has dropped to 12c. per 4 lb loaf loaf in Riverside. The article in The World of Monday made the local bakers open their eyes and come down.

"The indications given of approaching changes of the weather by rains and muscular aches amongst those so afflicted, are often wonderfully active; but some of the best of these natural barometers we have lost since the people have been using St. Jacobs Oil."—Vennor's Montreal (Can.) Weather Bulletin.

Overcoat Thieves Arrested.

An old hall thief named Isabella Reid was arrested at Yonge and Queen streets last evening by Detectives Sheehan and Burrows. On Oct. 11 she stole a valuable overcoat from the hall of Alex. Manning, Wellington street west. The coat has been recovered.

At 7 o'clock last night Detective Brown arrested a man who calls himself Dix En Earle of New York at the St. James hotel. Earle is accused of stealing a $35 overcoat from Mr. David Walker of the Walker house. Mr. Walker laid the coat down in the bar, and it is thought that Earle picked it up and passed it out to a confederate. He has been around the ferry boats all summer and has been a mystery to the police.

Charivari in St. John's Ward.

An ancient widow living on Alice street last night took unto herself a second husband equally advanced in years. Some fife and drum players serenaded the happy couple, and the bridegroom gave them a dollar. The youngsters of the neighborhood also wanted some money to celebrate the event but the old man declined to come down a second time. They thereupon exercised their revenge by a charivari — tooting horns, thumping old tins and stovepipes, and chucking things at the door. The police were sent for but the young rascals made themselves scarce before they arrived.

The "Bob-Tail" Car.

A World reporter spoke to Mayor McMurrich at the city hall last evening about his proposed action in the bob-tail car matter. The mayor had promised on the previous evening to enquire into the subject. His worship said: "The city solicitor and myself are in consultation about the liability of the horse-car company. I could give a legal opinion myself on the subject, but I do not feel disposed to do so at present."

Those Christmas Cards.

The fine collection of Canadian christmas cards now being offered to the trade is issued by James Campbell & Son, not the Canada publishing company as stated yesterday.

Flies and Bugs.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

The $5,000 match announced for yesterday in the Gentleman's driving park, New York, between the California trotter Overman and the St. Louis horse J. P. Morris is declared off on account of Morris having wrenched himself. The owner of Morris paid $1,000 forfeit.

A football match between the Collegiate institute and Normal school clubs will be played to-day (Thursday) on the Normal school grounds at 4 o'clock. The following are the names of the institute team: Goal, Mr. McEachern; backs, W. R. Shaw, E. P. Gordon; half-backs, G. A. Fere, W. H. Hunter; forwards, Mr. Hughes, N. Sampson, C. F. Jeffrey (captain). S. S. Martin, T. H. Douglas, H. C. Boultbee.

BICYCLING.

The Wanderers is the name of the bicycle club which was formed on Monday night, having for its officers: President, Lieut.-Col. Otter; vice-president, P. D. Ross; secretary, G. H. Orr; captain, T. H. Robinson; lieutenant, Geo. E. Cooper; committee, D. Duff, E. Fitzgerald, G. Cooper and T. Robinson. The club starts with a large active membership.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

At Boston—Boston, 9; Buffalo, 4.
At New York—Cleveland, 2; Mets, 1.

NOTES.

Tug Wilson had a benefit at Leicester, England on Oct. 8, but he failed to draw, owing to the fact that he showed the white feather in refusing to return to America, and because he refused to box Batt Mullins.

George Holden has written a letter to Richard K. Fox, in which he states that Tug Wilson is spending the $4000 he won so easily in his contest with Sullivan with an open hand. He refuses to return to fight Elliott, claiming that Elliott's friends would maltreat him if he attempted to fight.

GOLD IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Important Discoveries Reported From Three Different Districts.

From the Victoria Standard.

From Lillooet, Cariboo and Kootenay reports of the discovery of new gold diggings having arrived and were chronicled in yesterday's Standard. In the two former districts the deposits are said to be alluvial or placer diggings. The party that went from Barkerville struck good paying ground on a stream that appeared to take its rise at the head of Keitley's creek and run due west. The party report that the ground will pay from five to ten dollars a day to the hand. As the party only started on the 15th of August and the report of the results of the trip reached this city yesterday there can be no doubt that the locality of the newly found diggings is not remote from established lines of traffic. Experienced miners, among whom was the late Capt. Evans, have long been of the opinion that mining in the Cariboo district was but in its infancy and the discovery of these new diggings tends to give support to the opinion of these experienced men. The many creeks or streams that take their rise in the same range as William Creek are all auriferous and nothing but diligent prospecting is required to develop their riches. In these diggings the Indians are said to have taken out considerable quantities of gold. They cunningly kept the secret of the discovery and it was only the obligation to sell their gold that necessitated a revelation of the facts. The discovery reported from Kootenay of extensive and well developed ledges of argentiferous galena is perhaps of greater importance than the two above noticed. The projected line of the Canada Pacific railway will pass within a short distance of Kootenay, and will enable this hitherto remote district to be thoroughly prospected and its riches developed. It is by no means improbable that when increased means of communication come to be established that Kootenay will prove one of the most productive districts in the province. We believe we are quite warranted in saying that our mining prospects are decidedly good and that we may look forward to a brilliant future for that description of industry for many years to come.

Child Desertion at Peterboro.

From the Evening Review.

Three small children were this morning sent to the house of providence, Toronto, having been left alone in the world in a sad manner. Their mother, Mrs. Udell, who lived in the western part of the town, has not been long here, and is said to have come from Newcastle. A few days ago she departed from town, in company with a young man who had told the doubtful story that he was her brother, and left her three children, the eldest of whom is 9 years old, behind her without any person to look after them. The situation of the children without father, mother or other friends, was a sad one, and the Rev. Father Lynch kindly interested himself in their behalf and found for them a home in Toronto, where, as above stated, they went this morning.

About Baptist Ministers.

Rev. A. M. Turnbull of Belleville has received a call to the pastorate of the Peterboro' church.

Rev. A. P. McDiarmid of Port Hope has received a call to the pastorate of the Ottawa church.

Rev. A. H. Munro, after a pastorate extending six years, has resigned the charge of the First Baptist church, Montreal.

Rev. W. E. Needham has resigned the pastorate of the Grimsby church and accepted a call from Providence, R. I.

She Thought They Did.

"We had such a delightful time at the beach," exclaimed the first, as they took seats in the car.

"Did you gain any health?" asked the other.

"No, I can't say as I did."

"Do the children feel better?"

"Perhaps not."

"Did your husband get rid of his cough?"

"Oh, no."

"Then, to sum the whole thing up, did you really gain anything by going?"

"Certainly we did. My husband made friends with a man from Iowa, and got him to sign a note with him for $4,000. I should say we did gain!"

Wolves in the Parry Sound District.

From the North Star.

Wolves are very numerous and bold in this vicinity. A short time ago James Badger lost a heifer, and on putting out some poison succeeded in killing a very large shewolf. One night last week C. L. White had a calf killed within half a mile of the village. Other complaints have reached us of losses of sheep by wolves. The government bounty should be restored.

An English Peer Gives up Drinking.

From London Truth.

At a temperance meeting held at Southampton last week the earl of Lichfield stated that, having been a 'total abstainer' for twelve months, he would now join the blue ribbon army, and he was forthwith decorated with the badge of that association by Canon Basil Wilberforce.

The Efficacy of a Rattlesnake Bite.

From the Savannah Recorder.

The Beaver family, up among the mountains, were a hard set. One day the youngest of the boys was bitten by a rattlesnake, and the old folks were so scared that they sent at once for the minister, who knelt down and prayed: "O, Lord, we thank Thee for rattlesnakes! We thank Thee that a rattlesnake bit Jim. We pray Thee to send one to bite John; send another to bite Bill, and O, Lord, send the biggest of Thy rattlesnakes to bite the old man, for nothing but a rattlesnake will bring the Beaver family to repentence. Amen."

Removal.

Dr. Souveille has removed his Throat and Lung Institute and Spirometer office to 173 Church street, opposite to St. Michael's cathedral, for better accomodation and more room. Those suffering from catarrh, catarrhal deafness, bronchitis, asthma, and all diseases of the throat and lungs, can try the spirometer at his new office, 173 Church street, Toronto. Send stamp for pamphlet containing full particulars of the new treatment and wonderful instrument, the Spirometer.

Using a Shower-Bath.

Doctor—"Well, how did your wife manage her shower-bath, deacon?" Deacon—"She has had real good luck. Madame Moody told her how she managed. She said she had a large oiled-silk cap, with a cape to it, like a fireman's, that came all over her shoulders and——" Doctor—"She is a fool for her pains, that's not the way." Deacon—"So my wife thought." Doctor—"Your wife did nothing of the sort, I hope?" Deacon—"Oh! no, doctor; she used an umbrilly." Doctor—"What! used an umbrella! What good did the shower-bath do her?" Deacon—"She said she felt better. Her clothes weren't wet a mite."

Catarrh—A New Treatment.

From the Weekly (Toronto) Mail, Aug. 24.

Perhaps the most extraordinary success that has been achieved in modern medicine has been attained by the Dixon treatment for catarrh. Out of two thousand patients treated during the past six months fully ninety per cent have been cured of this stubborn malady. This is none the less startling when it is remembered that not five per cent of patients presenting themselves to the regular practitioner are benefited, while the patent medicines and other advertised cures never record a cure at all. Starting with the claim now generally believed by the most scientific men that the disease is due to the presence of living parasites in the tissue, Mr. Dixon at once adapted his cure to their extermination—this accomplished, he claims the catarrh is practically cured and the permanency is unquestioned, as cures effected by him two years ago are cures still. No one else has ever attempted to cure catarrh in this manner, and no other treatment has ever cured catarrh. The application of the remedy is simple and can be done at home, and the present season of the year is the most favorable for a speedy and permanent cure, the majority of cases being cured at one treatment. Sufferers should correspond with Mr. A. H. Dixon, 305 and 307 King street west, Toronto, Canada, and enclose stamp for his treatise on catarrh.

Lift Thine Eyes.

From the London Spectator.

O troubled Soul of mine! lift up thine eyes
Unto the mountains mighty and serene.
Full strangely chequered hath the fortune been:
And they have suffered veriest agonies,
And oftimes still the tyrant tempest lies
Heavy upon them; with the thunder they
Do wrestle. Yet of fear and of dismay
Nothing they know, still rising to the skies.
With many a thousand battles are they scarred;
The floods have broken on each helmless head,
Yet for all this their beauty is not marred,
Nor in their hearts are they disconfited;
Still they endure whatever whirlwinds roll
Aound—still glorious they endure, thy soul!

Kidney Disease.

Pain, irritation, retention, incontinence, deposits, gravel, etc., cured by "Buchupaiba." $1.

UNDERTAKING

W. H. INGRAM,
(late of Riverside) 246
UNDERTAKER,
213 Queen street east, opposite Sceaton street.

J. YOUNG,
THE LEADING UNDERTAKER,
347 YONGE ST.
Imports the finest metal and cloth covered goods. Telephone night or day.

NOTICE.
THE
W. H. STONE
Undertaking Establishment
HAS REMOVED
To the Commodious Premises,
187 YONGE STREET,
Nine doors north of Queen street.
456 W. H. STONE, Funeral Director.

BIRTHS.

BROOMFIELD—On Oct. 16 at the General hospital, Mrs. Broomfield, wife of Geo. B. Broomfield, deaf and dumb, of a daughter.

HELP WANTED.

A PERSON TO TAKE CHARGE OF CHILDREN who can also sew. References required. Address box 188, World office. 12

AT ALL TIMES SERVANTS SENT TO ALL parts of the Dominion of Canada; orders promptly attended to. 111 James street north, Hamilton, MRS. WM. POTTER.

GENERAL SERVANT — IMMEDIATELY — accustomed to cooking. No 8 Esplanade street.

GENERAL SERVANT—IMMEDIATELY—ACCUSTOMED to cooking. No. 8 Esplanade street.

GENERAL SERVANT—NO WASHING. MRS. FARR, Tramway House, Kingston Road, Riverside.

LABORERS, PORTERS, FARM HANDS, MECHANICS, bookkeepers, salesmen, and servant girls. Apply T. WHITLEY, 57 Queen st. East.

ONE THOUSAND MEN WANTED—ROCKMEN, axemen, graders and teamsters for the Toronto & Ottawa, Ontario & Quebec and Canada Pacific railways. Apply to JOHN SCULLY, Land, Immigration and Contractors' Agent, 156 Front street west. N. B.—Storage and forwarding.

PRESSMAN—MUST BE THOROUGHLY COMPETENT; no other need apply. J. G. WOODLAND & CO., Steam Printer, 11 and 13 King street west.

SHOE MAKERS WANTED — PEGGED OR sewed at MARTIN ROBINSON, box 279 Newmarket.

WAGGON MAKERS—THREE GOOD MEN, and one Painter; steady work and good wages to good men. L. LOVE, Gravenhurst.

1000 MEN WANTED to work on Canada Pacific R.R and Northern Pacific R.R at $2 per day. Choppers $35 per month and board. Rock drilling 50 cents per foot. Station work at 21 cents per cubic yard and upwards. Taking out ties, grading, clearing right-of-way and earth cutting to sub-let. B ste $4 per week. Also employment furnished to any extent for railroads, saw mills, camps, mines, and the different trades. Fare via Collingwood or Beatty's line $8. Duluth Employment Bureau, R. EADIE, Manager, Duluth, Minn. 56

FOR SALE

FOR SALE — STATIONERY AND FANCY goods business. New store with dwelling; rent low, stock small but choice. Cheap for cash. Box 6 World Office. 4

TWO FEMALE GOATS FOR SALE, ONE A mooley, age three years the other with horns agetwo years. Both gentle. A. W. Spurling, King Street East.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED GOVERNESS WISHES AN engagement. Acquirements: English, French, music (acquired from masters), and needlework. Address Miss E, care of Mrs. Truman, 207 Church street.

AN INTELLIGENT YOUNG GIRL (SISTER of a deceased minister) wishes a situation as companion to an invalid girl, or to assist with light housework in small family. S. Confort, Yorkville.

A PRINTER—BY MAN OF OVER THREE years' experience, a fair job hand and a good compositor. Address J. J. S., Box 28, Caledonia, Ont.

A COACHMAN; BY YOUNG MAN ACCUSTOMED to driving horses. Apply at box 53 World Office.

BY YOUNG MAN AS SHOPMAN IN BUTCHER business. 3 years experience. Address, M. C., No. 11 Bloor Street west, north side.

BY A YOUNG MAN AS COACHMAN—4 years' experience in this city. Best references. Address B. S., No. 11 Bloor Street east, north side.

BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED MAN OF good address any situation of trust; has had 10 years experience in grocery trade; good references. CHARLES COFFIN, 23 Herrick street, Toronto.

BY A YOUNG LADY AS ASSISTANT IN STORE, as saleswoman or cashier; is a first-class operator; best of references as to ability. Address J McDEE, 8 Louisa street, city.

COMPETENT DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKKEEPER will be open for re-engagement about November 1; best references. Address B., 24 Adelaide street east, city.

GOOD ACOUNTANT AND READY PENMAN wishes employment after 7 p.m. in writing up books, making out accounts, copying papers or any other form of clerical work. Address J. G., Box 153 World office.

MAN—STEADY, RELIABLE—WANTS EMPLOYMENT, stores or otherwise. Can drive. Box 179 World Office.

TO BUTCHERS—SITUATION WANTED BY AN experienced man. Address G M, 463 King street west, city.

PERSONAL.

CITY DIRECTORY. — PARTIES MAKING changes in their residences, places of business, or styles of firm names subsequent to Oct. 15, are respectfully requested to notify us of the same. All communications should be addressed to R. L. POLK & CO., Publishers Toronto City Directory, Room) "S" Victoria Chambers, (Successors to Might & Co.

ROOMS TO LET.

TWO OR THREE ROOMS TO LET — WELL heated and handsomely furnished, with or without board, 11 Bloor street east, between Church and Jarvis.

FINANCIAL.

$100000 TO LOAN AT 6 PER CENT on city or farm property; half margin; charges moderate. For particulars apply to C. W. LINDSEY, Real Estate Agent, 56 King street east.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES

A DINING AND BILLIARD TABLE COMPLETE in good order and moderate price. Address at once with full particulars to Box 59 World office.

AT 125 QUEEN-ST. WEST IS THE CHEAPEST place in the city to buy clothing. All wool scotch tweed pants made to order from $1 50 to $3. W. SIMON.

AT 43 QUEEN-STREET WEST, THE BIGGEST price paid for cast-off clothing, carpets, &c.; parties Waited on at their residence by dropping a card. H. YANOVFR.

ANTI-BUGS MATTRESSES AT THE FEATHER and Mattress renovating shop, 230 King street east. New feather beds and pillows for sale. 1y

BLOOD BITTERS AND OTHER HERB REMEDIES, IN PACKAGES sufficient to make four quarts, 25 cents, at HALL'S HERB STORE, next the Dominion Bank, Queen street West.

DOES YOUR ROOF LEAK? — IF SO, JUST apply two coats of the Dominion Liquid Paint Company's paint; it contains three of the most essential qualities, being fire-proof, water-proof, and for preserving the material cannot be equalled; first prize and bronze medal, Industrial Exhibition, Toronto. Office and factory, 11 Jarvis-street, Toronto. 56246

FUR CAPS—REAL RUSSIAN LAMB—ONE hundred and fifty cents. ADAMS', 327 Queen street west.

FORFEITED PANTS AND VESTS — FORFEITED coats, jackets, overcoats. Many first-class, almost new; rare chance for a big bargain. ADAMS', 327 Queen street west.

OVERCOATS—17,894 IN ALL SIZES AND every sort of cloth or color for boys from $2. Larger boys $2.50, youth's sizes $3, men's $3, $4, $5. Fine worsteds and tweeds $6, $7, $8. The best stock in Toronto. ADAMS' Clothing Factory, 327 Queen street west.

PERMANENTLY ENLARGED AND IMPROVED. Owing to my increasing business I have been compelled to make great alterations in my premises, known as the Railway News Depot 1084 Queen Street west. Thanking my numerous customers for their liberal patronage during the past sixteen months I hope soon to afford the public the best satisfaction. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. W. TOLTON.

ROASTING PORK 10 CENTS PER POUND, Roast Tender Loins 12½ cents per pound, Pork Sausages 12 cents per pound, Leaf Yard 14 cents per pound, Kidneys 5 cents per pound. New Hams, Pickled Pork and Mild Breakfast Bacon. WILLIAM DAVIES & CO., 50 Queen street west.

SUITS—MEN'S—FOR $5 86, $7, $8. LARGE choice. ADAMS', 327 Queen street west.

THE RUSH TO "MISS PHENIX, FRENCH Parisian Dress and Mantle Maker" continues unabated. All garments cut by a mathematical scale, which cannot err, consequently a fit like a Jersey is the result of every case. The very latest Paris, London and New York fashions continually on hand. Establishment at 415 Queen street west. tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

GENERAL AND FINANCIAL AGENCY—SUMS of from $200 to $50,000 to invest in Patent Rights, Business Chances, Manufactures, Hotels, Saloons, and any kind of merchantable or exchangeable property. J. I. EVANS & Co., Leader Lane, Toronto.

GO TO PIPER'S FOR OFFICE FURNITURE OF every description; orders promptly attended to. 59 Adelaide street west.

HODGE & WILLIAMS, 4 ADELAIDE STREET East, dealers in Pitch, Felt, Carpet and Sheating Papers. Roofing done to order. Agents for Warrens' Asphalt Roofing, most durable material known.

J. L. RAWBONE, 123 YONGE STREET, TORONTO, guns, rifles, ammunition and fishing tackle. Send for price lists. 1y

MRS. T. BARFF, SUCCESSOR TO M. B. PALMER, ladies hair worker, in connection with hair dressing. Mrs. Barff has also opened a fashionable dress and mantle making establishment, No. 10 Richmond street west, Three doors west of Yonge, Toronto. P. S.—Highest price paid for ladies cut hair and combings y

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND REPAIRED by experienced and first-class workmen. T. CLAXTON, music dealer, 197 Yonge street, Toronto.

THE TAYLOR PRINTING COMPANY NO. 92 King street east. J. YOUNG TAYLOR (late with Bingham & Taylor the printers), Manager.

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