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SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION

VOLUME V.

PRESIDENT KNEW WHAT WAS COMING

Senate Will Likely Get Through With the Tariff Bill Early in June.

Washington May 21—President Taft evidently spoke with authority in Virginia on Wednesday when he said that congress would get through with the tariff bill in June.

Senator Aldrich this afternoon served notice that he would ask tomorrow that a date be fixed for a final vote on the bill. It is said tonight that Aldrich wishes June 8th to be fixed as the date.

On the other hand Senators Hale and Lodge prefer the 21st. Senator Bailey speaking for the Democrats said he did not care what time was fixed. "I know that it was a waste of time to combat the Aldrich bill. He will have it passed as he wishes it. We Democrats may oppose, we may make speeches, we may dissent and argue, but after all what is the use?"

"You," addressing Senator Aldrich, "will fix this tariff as you desire it and without consulting us on this side at all. Wherefore, I speak not for the entire Democratic party, but I think for a majority, certainly for myself, when I say we are willing for a vote at once. Meantime before a vote is had I shall insist that we dispose of the income tax amendment."

But the chairman of the finance committee would not do anything of the kind. Senator Bailey then declared that he longer the session declared the advocates of the measure was dismissed.

"I already know of defections from our side since this extraordinary session," he said. "They are made by persuasion and by other means. If we give your side all the time you want to postpone consideration of this bill, until you get good and ready to take it up, we will be found lacking the number necessary to make it a law. But give us a vote now and we will show that a majority of the senators favor it."

When the automobile schedule was reached today a spirited colloquy took place between Senator Hale and Senator Bailey. The Indianapolis was never more severely rebuked. He was told to curb his impetuosity and pay more attention to senators whose service at the capital was of longer duration and of more importance to the country than his.

PROPOSE CHEESE FACTORY INSPECTOR

Delegation Interview Premier This Morning—Supervision Would Secure Uniformity in Quality of Output.

A deputation, representative of the cheese manufacturers of the province, waited on Premier Borden and the members of the cabinet at the Parliament Buildings this morning to urge that the government appoint an inspector of cheese factories with duties similar to those of inspectors of the creameries of the province. The deputation consisted of J. D. Campbell, J. R. Hamilton, G. H. Crawford and T. B. Millar, of Burnt Lake.

Mr. Millar, in an interview with the Bulletin this morning, stated that there are now ten cheese factories in the province and that the necessity has arisen to place an article on the market which has some uniformity in quality. An inspector can have a supervision over the output and immediately bring about the desired end.

"The outlook for the cheese industry is very good," said Mr. Millar. "There is a steady increase in production and a ready market is being opened in Calgary and Edmonton. Over one hundred tons of cheese were marketed in the province last year. The ideal system towards which the creamery and cheese manufacturers are working is to produce butter in the spring and fall and cheese in the summer. In this way there would be a never-failing demand for the supply of milk from the farmers."

Mr. Millar, who also operates several private creameries, has three cheese factories near Burnt Lake, west of Red Deer, and proposes to build several more. His idea is to have a creamery centrally located from these cheese factories, where the cream can be delivered at a central point and defray the cost of collecting, which is always a heavy item with both the government and private creameries of the province.

European Crop Scare. Chicago, May 21—A crop scare is hovering over Continental Europe. This fact was reflected in the Chicago wheat market today and it was a pronounced feature at Antwerp, Berlin, Paris and Budapest, where the advances were quite sensational in character, ranging from 1-1/4c to 3-3/4c. Crop conditions are attracting attention of the entire grain world, and unless some of the drought-stricken countries over there are delivered by moisture in the very near future a calamity will be set up.

MINISTER OF INTERIOR.

Will Visit the Peace River Country Next Month.

Ottawa, May 21—Hon. Frank Oliver expects to leave for the west early next month. He will make a trip of inspection into the Peace River country.

Will Build the Other Four.

London, May 21—Premier Asquith, foreign secretary Grey, and popular opinion, according to a statement in the Pall Mall Gazette have overcome the scruples of the ultra-economists in the ministry and the cabinet has decided that the four contingent dreadnoughts mentioned in the naval estimates shall be laid down before the end of the fiscal year.

The Dr. Is Willin'

Toronto, Ont., May 21—Dr. Sprole, Grand Master of the Orange Grand Lodge of British North America, writes the Orange Sentinel stating that the rumors that he has refused to stand for the honors again have not emanated from him.

MANY CASES DOWN IN DISTRICT COURT

Judge Winters, of Lethbridge, Will Preside Over Session Opening Here on Tuesday Next.

The regular monthly session of the District Court at Edmonton will open in the District Court room on Tuesday morning, May 25th, at 10 o'clock. His Honor Judge Winters, of Lethbridge, will take the place of Judge Taylor at this court. There is a long list of cases set down for trial, including twenty-nine small debt cases, thirteen large debt cases and three appeal cases. It is probable that one or two criminal cases will be tried in the District Court including Kane, who made the sensational escape from custody while being brought north to Edmonton on a C.P.R. train recently.

The list of civil actions set down for trial is as follows: M. J. Callweik v. Burdington. Small Debt Cases. J. Aitken vs. F. L. Otter et al. E. Harward vs. Jas. J. Crown. Robertson & Dickson vs. G. J. M. D. Clark. W. Stanley vs. Walker. Alberta Milling Co. vs. Hunter & Morris. Frost & Wood Co. vs. W. J. Bell. Chatrair vs. Clover Bar Coal Co. Thomas Tanner vs. F. Dorke. E. Wilwiski vs. Jno. Malowany. Canadian Bank of Commerce vs. C. Doumain. Jas. Brehant vs. W. K. Whelan. Hudson Bay Co. vs. Jeanne Russell Co. et al. W. Sprole vs. C. W. Cantley. Dr. Frin vs. Dr. Braithwaite. J. Burns vs. Clover Bar Coal Co. H. Burk vs. R. Smith. H. McFarlane vs. J. McKinley. W. J. Barre Linnard vs. Foley. Wilks & Stewart. Great West Implement Co. vs. John Predyk. Great West Implement Co. vs. J. Howiechuk. Jas. Brehant vs. W. H. Whelan. Pacific Live Stock Association vs. C. H. Boddy. J. C. Crawford vs. J. A. Lafleche. H. S. Bowden vs. Campbell Furniture Co. F. T. Shaw vs. William Reed. City Grocery Co. vs. Mrs. Gaurean. W. M. Tomkinson vs. Osmowith. Robinson & Dysen vs. R. Smith. F. A. Smith vs. A. Omb.

Large Debt Cases. D. A. Guryth vs. H. Armstrong. J. Henry vs. St. Albert Co. E. Mennier vs. G. P. Stirling. Geo. E. Foulds vs. C.N.R. Somerville Hardware Co. vs. T. McNeill. Montreal Free Press vs. C. W. Willis et al. Chas. G. Anderson vs. John Kiddier. Prudential Life Insurance Co. vs. G. W. Robertson. Mackay & Brehant vs. Peasey & Balson. E. Kallis vs. St. Albert Co. G. M. Manuel vs. Clara Hinchie. W. D. Hamburg vs. W. T. Langmaid. J. Barry vs. John Gunn & Son. Appeal Cases. Lancy vs. Pease. Lancy vs. Bolster. Jas. G. Wright vs. A. Rodgers. Clearing Away the Dead-wood. Constantinople, May 21—The new republic is exerting its reforming zeal even in the Sultan's domestic arrangements. Abdul's chief eunuch enjoyed the title of 'Keeper of the door of Felicity,' and ranked with the Grand Vizier and the Sheikh Ulkhan as a highness. An irascible decree declared that the chief eunuch will hereafter have no title. It is estimated that the re-organization of the government departments now going on will result in the dismissal of 27,000 military and civil officials, mostly sinecurists and inefficient.

351,000,000 Dry Goods Concern.

New York, May 21—The world's greatest dry goods combination was launched today. It is capitalized at \$31,000,000, three times that of the Associated Merchants' Company, up to this time the largest aggregation of capital in the dry goods business. John Claffin, president of the Associated Merchants' Company and of the firm of H. B. Claffin Company, is head of the new company, which has been christened the United Dry Goods Company.

PLEBISCITE ON HOSPITAL SITE

Board Will Submit Various Proposed Sites For Choice of Ratepayers.

The City Hospital Board made application to the Hudson's Bay Co. to purchase a site for the new hospital. The site consists of blocks 2 and 3, and will be situated on Norwood boulevard when this street is extended through the Hudson's Bay reserve. This ground is chosen because it is higher and drier than the property further south. It is close to the point where First street and Fraser avenue converge and when street car service is extended on Namuro avenue and First street, it will be convenient of access to all parts of the city.

If it is the intention of the board of the City Hospital to ask the council to submit the bylaw authorizing the grant of \$50,000 to the hospital building to the ratepayers as soon as possible. When this vote is taken the ratepayers will be given an opportunity to express their preference on a separate ballot for each of the sites available. The different sites that have been considered will be listed on the ballot and the ratepayer asked to vote for which he favors.

LONDON PAPER

Thinks Canada Should Not Build Battleship for Her Own Defence.

London, May 21—Saturday's Review says Premier Laurier's imperialism takes a curious turn when it comes to the question of the building of battleships. It says that if all the colonial governments to be represented at the defence conference share his views the delegates might as well remain home. It says Canada's naval proposals might be likened to the action of a man who occasionally makes another present to his neighbor, but who keeps for his own enjoyment.

Beresford Thinks Otherwise. London, May 21—Speaking as an Australian, Beresford, said the proposal for building one Dominion battleship is a million on battleships would not really help. The only way they can help us is by protecting their own trade sources. The Dominion has no destroyers and submarines. In the same waters would not carry out the object at all. If the Dominion would begin with cruisers they would eventually go in for larger growth, and meet the difficulty and danger of the object they have in view, namely to help the mother country. He maintained that investment in cruisers was most likely to be successful. He desired. He advocated occasional interchange of ships and declared if the nations of Canada, South Africa, Australia and Britain cemented themselves together for defense they could laugh at the rest of the world. He considered it a disgrace as regards the Dominion to be out of the picture in 1909.

Imperial Patriotism. London, May 21—The brilliant gathering of the annual dinner of the Royal Colonial Institute the Right Hon. Alfred Lyttelton, presiding. Lyttelton said the Dominion has a real imperial navy to foster the national spirit of the Dominion, yet what must be developed was not a more sense of nationality but a comprehensive patriotism embracing the empire as a whole. He emphasized the splendid solidarity of the Dominion and announced to the world the unity of the empire. Patriotic speeches were also delivered by Hall, James, representative of New Zealand, and the Earl of Jersey and Sir Gilbert Parker.

Expensive Literature.

London, May 22—There was spirited bidding for 'The Sun' by a remarkable Caxton volume, the victory remaining with a private collector, E. Stanley who paid \$13,000 for the treasure. Five small books were included in the original offer. The volume was discovered by chance recently in the library of an old manor house in the North of England. A defective copy of Caxton's Royal book was knocked down for \$1,500. Another copy of this work brought \$11,000 in 1902.

Heat Blamed for Suicide.

Rome, May 22—The intense heat that has prevailed here is held responsible for four suicides during the past 24 hours. A coachman of the Fascist convent, too exhausted by a sun jump from the roof of a convent, a French woman jumped into the Tiber and a girl of 18 jumped out of a fourth floor window.

Justice Clerk Died Suddenly.

Kingston, May 22—Geo. L. B. Francis, chief clerk of the department of justice, Ottawa, who was here on a vacation, died suddenly last night. Deceased was a nephew of Sir Oliver Mowat. A brother lives in Ottawa.

New Bank Building.

Port Arthur, Ont., May 22—The Bank of Montreal has purchased 33 feet of the corner of Cumberland and Park street and will erect a handsome building.

Fugitive Drowned.

Fargo, N.D., May 22—Seeking to escape the infuriated citizens of Moorhead, John Krafa dashed into the Red River and attempted to swim across but was drowned. He had strangled a stranger and feared arrest.

35 DEATH WARRANTS SIGNED

Constantinople, May 21—Sultan Mehmed V. today signed thirty-five death warrants of men who took part in the massacre of Armenians at Adana. Other exemplary punishments were also decreed.

Want Them Back Again.

Stockholm, May 21—Both chambers of the Riksdag have voted that natives of Sweden twenty-six years of age, or over who have been in foreign countries for eight years shall be released from military service. The law was passed to encourage the return of emigrants. The Statesdag has appropriated 30,000 crowns for Swedish marbles to be used in the peace palace now under construction at Haga.

Bank Looted.

Lisbon, May 21—The safe of the First Bank of Engralva was blown open this morning and \$3,600 taken. No clue has been found of the robbers.

POWERS ANXIOUS TO KEEP PEACE

British Ambassador to United States Thinks Powers Have More to Lose Than Gain From War

Lake Mohawk, N.Y., May 21—Ambassador Bryce interviewed here said: "At this moment all the governments in all the great military naval states are (I venture to believe) honestly desirous of peace. No one of them has any cause to desire war, and no one would be won by war far more than it would gain. Yet it is apparently possible for those who desire, from whatever motives, to stir up suspicion and enmity, to succeed in convincing the public that the other has designs upon them. Thirty or forty years ago there was a good deal of this suspicion between Britain and the United States. Better knowledge by each nation of the other has extinguished that feeling and substituted for it a genuine friendship which will, we may feel sure at once recur to arbitration for the settlement of any question that may arise. Why should we quarrel as regards the other powers also?"

MORE MONEY FOR WESTERN RAILWAYS

more money for west railways G. T. P. Branch Lines Co. to Put Million Pounds of Guaranteed Bonds on the London Market Next Week.

London, May 22—Issues of a million pounds of G. T. P. Branch Lines Co. stock guaranteed by the Alberta and Saskatchewan governments, will be made next week. It is understood the Canadian government are arranging for the issue of a considerable loan to be made in a few days.

Costs Must be Pre-arranged.

Toronto, May 21—A proclamation will be issued at once by the Ontario government bringing into force the first installment of the law reform measure which was passed at the last session of the legislature on June 10. The portions to be brought into effect are those respecting contracts between the solicitor and client as well as for new taxes, and increased jurisdiction of the county courts.

Castro Not an Assassin.

Caracas, Venezuela, May 22—In a decision rendered by the criminal court Friday, former President Castro was exonerated from the charge of complicity in the assassination of acting President Gomez, whom Castro left at the head of the Republic when he sailed on November 23 for Europe.

Mongolian Proceeds.

St. Johns, Newfoundland, May 22—The Mongolian has gone to Halifax. Several passengers walked ashore over the ice. The steamer tried to enter the harbor but the ice pack was too tight. She then made for Cape Race and proceeded to Halifax.

No Sunday Cars for Brantford.

Brantford, Ont., May 21—After consultation among the directors of the railway company it was decided to make no attempt here on Sunday to run to Mohawk Park owing to the strong objections from the Lord's Day Alliance.

New Austrian Taxes.

Vienna, May 22—In the Reichsrath today, the Finance Minister announced a plan for new taxes, including a supplementary income tax on bachelors, widows and childless married couples.

RUSSIAN LIBERTY.

Odessa, May 22—The police have arrested 100 Baptists, including 30 women, charging them with meeting illegally on a mountain top near this city.

CONDITIONS GOOD ALONG THE C. & E.

Crop Conditions Are Excellent—The Dairy, Hog Raising and Stock Growing Branches.

From Our Own Correspondent. Wetaskiwin, May 21—This season has decidedly demonstrated the advantage which accrues to the farmer who commands the working force to rush through with his seeding so as not to be compelled to spread it over a period of several weeks. Those who are fortunate in having plenty of help on their farms and good machinery equipment have all their spring work completed by this time regardless of the fact that they have not been able to get on the land as early as they would have desired. Others not so fortunately situated have still some seeding to do and it will probably be several days before the last acre in the district is seeded.

As in past years the great crop in the Wetaskiwin district will be wheat. Fully sixty per cent. of the acreage is in this cereal. Probably twenty per cent. is seeded to spring wheat, fifteen per cent. to barley and five per cent. to winter wheat. The spring wheat which was sown quite early is progressing very favorably. The fall wheat, where properly put in the ground, has wintered well with the exception of the summits of hummocks and hills where it seems to have died out in places.

The district is showing a tendency for the acreage in winter wheat. Last year the new Sweden settlement to the southeast of the town, raised more than the rest of the district combined. One man had 50 acres in crop last year and harvested 40 bushels to the acre. He sold the entire yield of some 2,000 bushels for seed to his neighbor farmers at \$1.25 per bushel. This seed wheat will be seeded down this fall and will result in a great increase in the production of winter wheat in the district.

Fully a million and a half bushels of wheat were shipped from the district last year. The six elevators, with a total capacity of 210,000 bushels, testify to the importance of this district as a shipping point. The rise of other towns in the neighborhood, such as Camrose and the extension of railway branch lines out of Wetaskiwin has somewhat curtailed the shipments made from this district. The scheme provides for the output fully as large as last year.

Dry Season Wanted. Leduc, May 21—The district will look with considerable favor on a dry summer season. The richness of the soil and the moisture which it holds conducive to a too rank growth of the crops if a wet season is the rule. Seventy-five per cent. of the acreage in crop has been in winter wheat. Seeding will be completed by the middle of next week. Very few farmers have been in the town during the past two weeks as seeding operations have been in full swing. With a large acreage under the plow it is probable that the Leduc district will make a good showing this year.—M.F.D.

Protecting Food Fishes.

Washington, May 18—There will be a meeting on May 28, in the State Department of the International Commission, appointed under the convention between the United States and Great Britain, providing for the adoption of uniform and effective measures for the protection, preservation and propagation of the food fishes in the waters of the United States and Canada. The commissioners have prepared a set of regulations governing close seasons, limitations regarding the character and size of nets and other apparatus used in fishing, a uniform system of registry and other provisions deemed necessary for the protection and preservation of the fisheries.

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TEAMSTER ARRESTED.

McInnis and Slatten, Being Drunk, Are Freed From Suspicion.

Spokane, Wash., May 21—Bert Cofer, aged 38, a teamster, was arrested last night on suspicion of being one of the bandits who held up the G. N. passenger train near Coberet on Saturday. Cofer was pointed out to Officer Delaney by Freeman J. K. Hall, who believed him to be the tall bandit who held up the train crew and directed the running of the engine. The engineer never expressed the same belief. Cofer has a local police record and his photo adorns the rogue's gallery. His house was searched but nothing of an incriminating nature found. It has been discovered that J. S. McInnis and J. W. Slatten, arrested yesterday on suspicion of being concerned in the robbery, were drunk and spent the night in the room of a friend in a hotel and they are entirely freed from suspicion, but will be tried on the disorderly conduct charge. Slatten is a druggist and has been in Spokane five months. McInnis stated that he left Winnipeg for the west two months ago.

LABOR ARRESTED AND LABOR INSURANCE

Hon. Winston Churchill Discusses Measure to Aid in Securing Employment in Insurance Against Unemployment Promised.

London, May 19.—In the House of Commons today, Winston Churchill, president of the Board of Trade, outlined the government's scheme for establishing labor exchanges and state insurance against unemployment. The exchanges will be designed to organize existing employment and to furnish to seekers after work information as to where it can be obtained. There will be 220 exchanges throughout the country with advisory committees, representing employers and employees. The estimated cost of working this scheme is \$1,000,000 yearly for the first ten years, and thereafter \$800,000 a bill of millions.

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THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

(SEMI-WEEKLY.) DAILY-Delivered in City, 84 per year. By mail, per year, \$2. By mail to United States, per year \$3.50. WEEKLY-Subscriptions, per year, \$1. Subscribers in the United States \$2. All subscriptions strictly in advance.

DUNCAN MARSHALL, Manager. MONDAY, MAY 24, 1909.

A NATIONAL FOE.

The statement that eighteen out of every one thousand Canadians are victims of tuberculosis is startling. Yet it is made as correct by a gentleman who should know whereof he speaks. In other words, this means that there are three-quarters of a million consumptives in Canada. Coupled with the established fact that the disease is contagious this condition is appalling. But coupled with the equally established fact that it is preventable, and in the early stages curable, it is not hopeless. Clearly Canadians must make war on "the white plague." It is equally clear from the results of the comparatively trifling efforts that have been made that if they set themselves to the task in earnest the spectre will disappear in a generation. Two lines of action are open—prevention and cure. Private philanthropy has been working along both lines with gratifying results. But private philanthropy cannot and should not be expected to carry on the whole campaign. The disease is a national enemy and to be treated as such. Education as to its origin and how to avoid it can do much to stop its spread—and the educational means of the state could be devoted to no nobler end than imparting such information to the coming men and women of the country. Stricter legislation could do much to abolish the conditions favorable to breeding the disease, and the duty lies upon our parliaments to enact such measures. But we must go beyond this and provide inexpensive means of cure to those who are or may be stricken. More could be devoted to no more patriotic or essentially national object. Her people are the most splendid resource of Canada and their conservation of more consequence than that of any other. Parliament has already done something to second the efforts of charity. It would be justified in doing far more—in even usurping the place charity has tried to occupy and taking up the fight as a measure of national defence. It could best do so no doubt in conjunction with, or at least with the cooperation and sympathy of the Provincial Legislatures. The time is ripe for concerted, organized and determined effort all along the line.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Calgary press will likely be announced sometime after the fair—provided the attendance is good. An Edmonton man started to walk to Vancouver, but thought better of it and took the train through the snow-belt. With wheat at \$1.30 1/2 Oriental peoples will doubtless rejoice that they have not become addicted to the use of bread. East Ottawa is enjoying its annual spring flood. Which is to say that Parliament and the Gatineau roar about the same time. It may be an accident that the Edmonton ball team is just three places from the top and Calgary team just three from the bottom. The attorney general's department is to be complimented on cancelling the license of a whisky-selling place that was not conducted as an hotel. Eighteen more Russian political offenders have been sent to Siberia. Bureaucracy is sowing strange seed in a country reputed to possess wonderful productive resources. What will the harvest be? Two men strolled into a Nova Scotia express office, held up the clerk at the muzzle of a revolver and decamped with the cash and valuables. It is time this "wild, woolly West" joke was abandoned. For "bad men" Alberta yields precedence to the older provinces. Sir William Van Horne has been telling people in London that railways on this continent do not charge enough for their services. Discretion and courage are essential to success. Sir William has both. He displayed his discretion in getting across the ocean before he disclosed this information to the world, but even so it took a man of hardihood to do it. A British M.P. discovers that 60,000 German soldiers are working in Britain at divers occupations. Yet some people say Britain should try her

many's tariff in the hope of putting her industries and industrial workers in similar condition. It would be interesting to know how many Englishmen who found things not to their liking at home have gone to Germany looking for work—and how they fared. The Mauretania has made another record, thereby fulfilling the expectations of those who have noted the regularity with which she and her sister do it. Next month the Lusitania will no doubt clip a few minutes off the present figures. It would be gratifying to the public if the boats were really sent out once to show what they could do. But it is much better advertising to let them work out by degrees and get a million free press notices every month.

Stressed and Nebogot have been released from prison. They should never have been sentenced. As commanders they had their limitations, but their failure was in large measure due to the raceability and incapacity of others. As it was Stoessel defended Port Arthur till relief was impossible, and Nebogot fought his ships until surrender or sink was the alternative. For either to have fought longer would have been useless inhumanity. They were sentenced less for what they did or did not do than because bureaucratic need scapegoats on whom to lay the sins of the breakdown in the land and sea forces of the Czar.

Statesmen in Britain and elsewhere who think high protection establishes social well-being and provides the sinews of national defence should ask Prince Von Buelow. The Chancellor has grown weary trying to extract more revenue from his tax-cursed people and is periodically beseeching the Kaiser to put some other man on the job. As William is said to be the man who wants the battlehips it seems to be up to him to take a hand at the financing business himself. Fortunately for himself the Emperor is in position to decline with dignity but firmness and to insist that the unlucky Von Buelow continue to carry the load.

Manitoba Free Press.—At the recent meeting of the Presbyterian synod in British Columbia the Moral and Social Reform committee in its report from Victoria, said: "With one accord, mention is made of the infamous 'forged telegram' in connection with the contest in the city of Victoria. The 'confession' received and published by the chief head of another denomination has only intensified the detestation for such a base thing. It is abhorrent to our sense of decency that not the slightest effort should be made up to this hour to have this scandalous business dealt with officially. The truth about this fraud will probably never be known, as the attorney-general of British Columbia has explicitly refused to prosecute. Meanwhile Mr. Barnard retains the seat obtained by this crime."

In 1890 the duty on barley entering the United States was raised from ten cents per bushel to thirty. The change played havoc with the barley-raising business in Ontario, but what of the barley-producing industry south of the border which it was supposed to help? For the seventeen years prior to 1890, under the ten cent tariff, the farmers of the United States got 61.6-10 cents per bushel for their barley. For the seventeen years succeeding 1890, under the thirty cent tariff, they received on the average 43-49 cents per bushel. The annual loss to the American farmers is placed at \$29,000,000. This on the authority of the agricultural statistics, published by the United States government for 1907. Home industry does not seem to have profited greatly by the "protection" of this particular line of business.

Some dissatisfaction is expressed of the city council's choice of the hay market site. It could do no harm and would give better satisfaction if the ratemakers were given a choice of two or three available sites and allowed to express their preference by ballot when voting on the money bill. There is general agreement that a separate hay market is needed, and willingness to contribute the funds necessary for its purchase and equipment. It would be regrettable if hostility to the site favored by council should result in the defeat of the bill by law and the postponement of the whole project. The city market has been left in the impasse state long enough. But the problem cannot now be properly solved without relieving the congestion at the present place. To erect buildings without doing so would make things worse rather than better. It is not wise to take chances on having the hay market proposal burned down and the whole market problem thereby tied up for an indefinite period.

The company carrying on the Canadian-Australian steamship service threatened to stop it a short time ago unless the Government came down

with a larger subsidy. Immediately the Vancouver papers began to tell us what havoc would be played in the commerce of the world if the service were suspended. But the Government were obtuse. Now comes the announcement that the company will not only continue the service, but will replace the Arorangi by a steamer built in the modern era. What this no doubt means is that in order to continue the service and to make it pay as a commercial proposition the antiquated boat has to be replaced by one that will attract traffic for a Canadian province or territory to 'so-so' an' for each town in the province and territory? Such are the unvarnished queries that confuse the student of "protection." This we are assured is an altogether desirable thing for a country, a stimulus to national enterprise and a tonic for the industrial organism. But its efficiency seems limited to countries. It must not be administered to provinces or other sub-divisions of countries.

THE PEACE RIVER.

Victoria Colonist.—Great progress and development is reported from the Peace River. So many people are pouring into the country, notwithstanding the lack of railway facilities, that the Dominion government is about to erect into a separate district, in this district the 3,500,000 acres obtained from the province of British Columbia will be included. A large number of claims have been applied for. The centre of this British Columbia area is Fort St. John. In direct line from Fort St. John, practically as far from Edmonton as from the head of Bate inlet, measuring the latter route by way of Fort George on the Peace River, is the Peace River. The difference is not more than fifty miles. We suggest that this is a very important fact. The government of this area will vest in the government of this province, and we submit, that the people of this area have a right to lock for its trade. At the present time Edmonton claims all that area as its territory and all plans for railway construction now before the public look to the centering of its business at the Alberta Capital. It has long been the desire of the people of this area to have a line diagonally across the province from northeast to southwest, and this interest lies in the construction of a line from Yellowknife to some point near the mouth of the Peace River, with a Vancouver Island connection. The Great Canadian Trunk Pacific is looking in the same direction. We suggest that it would be well to have a line named after the province to return to its former position, construction from Fort George south to the mouth of the Peace River. On that point it will be mentioned that the line from Fort George north to the mouth of the Peace River capital. One would suppose that a branch line from Fort George to the mouth of the Peace River would be a desirable feature of the Great Trunk Pacific system.

AN IMPERIAL PRESS CONFERENCE is to be held in London, and the delegates afterward voted about the Motherland the chief head of another denomination, lunched by duchesses innumerable and shown the beauty of the Trossachs and the industries of the Clyde. The gathering will be largely attended—by wealthy gentlemen who own stock in newspapers, by salaried journalists who draw fat salaries for looking wise, and by titled gentlemen who have accepted the "daily grind"—all of whom have about as much to do with the real making of the Empire's newspapers as they have with the operation of the solar system. Press excursions are notable in the newspaper office chiefly because they get the man who is not missed out of the road for a time. The man on the job rarely attends them; he stays on the job and demonstrates how well the concern can get along without the others. He may get to a ball game once in a while—if he can find time; or to an opera—if the press agent is wise. But he never gets to Liverpool. It will be on a cattle boat and why he knows of Loch Lomond's bonnie banks he gathers from half-tones, and the budding soprano next door. Yet he is the man who gives tone, temper and spirit to the newspaper, who determines the influence it shall exert day by day. Not likely there will be many of these men in the royal progress through the British Isles. More likely they will be at home in Montreal and Toronto and Melbourne and Auckland, standing on the bridge—at midnight and all other times—watching the chance to put a shot in whatever threatens the integrity of the Empire. But this will not prevent them hoping that the proxies have a good time with His Majesty and Lord Northcliffe and the duchesses.

The Montreal Gazette is both vexed and alarmed that the Yukon council wants to impose a territorial surtax of fifty cents a gallon on beer and other malt liquors from foreign countries. This, according to the Gazette is "uncalled for discrimination which foreign countries might resent;" and furthermore, "There should be only one sort of customs taxes in Canada, those collected by authority of and for the Government of Canada." This is strange language for a protectionist journal. Since when did the Gazette and its friends grow so considerate of the feelings of "foreign countries"? We had understood from them that the essence of patriotic duty lay in checking tariff barriers against all and sundry "foreign countries," regardless of whether or not said countries chose to consider the barriers "uncalled for discrimination" or to "resent" them; that the proof of the virtue of a tariff was that "foreign countries" did "resent" it; that a tariff that did not

waken resentment in foreign countries was a useless thing. Or when did the blessings of protection set to themselves bounds and resolve to bestow themselves only on large territories? If it were good for Canada to have more "adequate" protection on beer and other commodities, why not for the Yukon? And why not for each separate mining camp in the Yukon? If it is worth Canada's while to foster an industry at the public expense, why not worth while for a Canadian province or territory to 'so-so' an' for each town in the province and territory? Such are the unvarnished queries that confuse the student of "protection." This we are assured is an altogether desirable thing for a country, a stimulus to national enterprise and a tonic for the industrial organism. But its efficiency seems limited to countries. It must not be administered to provinces or other sub-divisions of countries.

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VARIOUS VIEWS.

The Swallow Homeward Flew. Toronto Globe.—A swallow taken from its nest in Antwerp and carried a distance of 147 miles at a rate of 67 minutes, as compared with four hours and seven minutes by the first of 250 carrier pigeons released at the same time. The bird was found on a branch of its own and the pigeons on someone else's errand.

Ottawa Citizen.—Old Great Britain is not so slow, after all, if it is true that the Government has secured an option on \$40,000,000 worth of new Spanish warships, which are to be built. At a comparatively small cost she will be able to take over these warships at a moment's notice should war threaten, in the same way that Japan reinforced her navy by way of Athabasca Landing. Since being compelled to leave their home at Lac la Biche, Mr. Young and the children have suffered great hardships and anxiety, but are still in good health.

Another draft of Edmonton men to the remaining exiles will nearly clear the place of its male population and leave it more exposed to attack than ever. But in this country, where a twenty-five cent piece usually looks as big as a cart wheel, five dollars a day will make men risk anything.

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As has been said, the net increase in the public debt during the last twelve years has been only \$25,000,000, for most of which the Transcontinental Railway is responsible. In 1896, when the Conservatives went out of office, the net debt per head was over \$50. Today it is not quite \$46. The Census Office reckoning the population at 7,000,000. Again, in 1896 the net yearly interest payable on the debt was \$1.79 per head, today it is only \$1.50. The government has met the world-wide depression, with the consequent fall in interest rates, and making a sweeping reduction in the expenditure, and there signs on every hand of improvement in trade and industry. Immigration from the United States is at a record, and the Northwest promises to exceed 70,000 this year, and as the average amount of capital brought by each immigrant, man, woman, and child, is over \$1,000, this represents an additional net wealth of \$70,000,000, aside from the value of the immigrant's labor and from his contributions to the Federal treasury as a consumer of any government rights. They are determined not to be caught again.

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New Westminster, May 23.—Regina aggregation of the lacrosse championship, which went down to defeat before Westminister today, was a case of playing one's self against one's self. The difference between the two teams, as the Regina undoubtedly considered which a disproportionally large number have on the receipts at the field just before 3 o'clock, was not in the lineup of the Royals, but in a case of playing one's self against one's self. The Westminister men were greeted with great enthusiasm by the Regina crowd, and there has been no possibility of a draw. On today's showing first, Davidson; second, McLeod; third, Gordon; fourth, McLeod; fifth, Gordon; sixth, McLeod; seventh, Davidson; eighth, McLeod; ninth, Gordon; tenth, McLeod; eleventh, Davidson; twelfth, McLeod; thirteenth, Gordon; fourteenth, McLeod; fifteenth, Davidson; sixteenth, McLeod; seventeenth, Gordon; eighteenth, McLeod; nineteenth, Davidson; twentieth, McLeod; twenty-first, Gordon; twenty-second, McLeod; twenty-third, Davidson; twenty-fourth, McLeod; twenty-fifth, Gordon; twenty-sixth, McLeod; twenty-seventh, Davidson; twenty-eighth, McLeod; twenty-ninth, Gordon; thirtieth, McLeod; thirty-first, Davidson; thirty-second, McLeod; thirty-third, Gordon; thirty-fourth, McLeod; thirty-fifth, Davidson; thirty-sixth, McLeod; thirty-seventh, Gordon; thirty-eighth, McLeod; thirty-ninth, Davidson; fortieth, McLeod; forty-first, Gordon; forty-second, McLeod; forty-third, Davidson; forty-fourth, McLeod; forty-fifth, Gordon; forty-sixth, McLeod; forty-seventh, Davidson; forty-eighth, McLeod; forty-ninth, Gordon; fiftieth, McLeod; fifty-first, Davidson; fifty-second, McLeod; fifty-third, Gordon; fifty-fourth, McLeod; fifty-fifth, Davidson; fifty-sixth, McLeod; fifty-seventh, Gordon; fifty-eighth, McLeod; fifty-ninth, Davidson; sixtieth, McLeod; sixty-first, Gordon; sixty-second, McLeod; sixty-third, Davidson; sixty-fourth, McLeod; sixty-fifth, Gordon; sixty-sixth, McLeod; sixty-seventh, Davidson; sixty-eighth, McLeod; sixty-ninth, Gordon; seventieth, McLeod; seventy-first, Davidson; seventy-second, McLeod; seventy-third, Gordon; seventy-fourth, McLeod; seventy-fifth, Davidson; seventy-sixth, McLeod; seventy-seventh, Gordon; seventy-eighth, McLeod; seventy-ninth, Davidson; eightieth, McLeod; eighty-first, Gordon; eighty-second, McLeod; eighty-third, Davidson; eighty-fourth, McLeod; eighty-fifth, Gordon; eighty-sixth, McLeod; eighty-seventh, Davidson; eighty-eighth, McLeod; eighty-ninth, Gordon; ninetieth, McLeod; ninety-first, Davidson; ninety-second, McLeod; ninety-third, Gordon; ninety-fourth, McLeod; ninety-fifth, Davidson; ninety-sixth, McLeod; ninety-seventh, Gordon; ninety-eighth, McLeod; ninety-ninth, Davidson; one hundred, McLeod.

MAN KILLS MOTHER.

Declared Before His Death That He Intended to Kill Entire Family. South Bend, Ind., May 23.—Charles Rapp, who had considerable local fame as a baseball pitcher, killed his mother and committed suicide on Saturday night. He had been drinking and when ordered by his mother to leave liquor alone he got a hammer and after hitting her on the head stabbed her with a butcher knife which he snatched from a table. When his mother fell Rapp gashed his throat with the same knife. The police found Rapp still conscious. At the hospital he stated he had intended to kill the entire family.

SMELTER BUSY.

Roseland, May 20.—The Canadian Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company treated ore at its Trail smelter during the first quarter this year, yielding values of \$1,117,000; the refinery produced 445 tons of pig lead, and in addition to shipments to customers Canada, China and Japan, the company has shipped during April 250 tons to Australia, which is the record shipment of Canadian lead to that country. In the north vein of the Centre Star mine a new ore body has been uncovered which carries just double the value of the usual run of the mine, while the big ore body in the War Eagle, estimated to contain \$1,000,000 in value, is practically untouched. The net profits of the Centre Star group alone for April were \$36,400.

FINED FOR SETTING FIRE.

Saskatoon, May 20.—Arthur Good year, a homesteader from Gladstone, was today fined heavily for setting a prairie fire which spread during the night as the result of a heavy wind and caused considerable damage and much danger to residents in that section.

REGINA WAS EASY FOR WESTMINSTERS

Cost Boys Had Rather a Picnic With the Men From Saskatchewan.

New Westminster, May 20.—The Regina aggregation of challengers for the Minto cup, carrying with it the lacrosse championship of Canada, went down to defeat before the Westminister team today.

The Westminister men appeared on the field just before 3 o'clock and were greeted with great cheers. The lineup of the Reginas, about which there has been so much speculation, was as follows: Goal, Clark; point, Howard; cover, point, Lalonde; first defence, West; second defence, Shea; third, Davidson; centre, Wainwright; fourth home, Murten; second, Alton; first, Gorman; outside, McGregor; inside, McDougall.

New Westminster—Goal, Grey; point, Galbraith; cover, T. Clifford; first defence, J. Clifford; second, C. Bonney; third, T. Bonney; centre, Feeney; third home, C. Spring; second, A. Turnbull; first, A. Turnbull; outside, L. Turnbull; inside, J. Bryson.

Lack of boring in the Westminister defense on the part of the home of the Regina was the outstanding criticism of the visitors' game today when they went down to defeat before the champions with a score of four to Westminister's six.

Just before noon today the Westminister club wired a protest to P. D. Rose, one of the cup trustees, against the competition of the Reginas on the ground that many members of the team were not residents of Regina, and, therefore, not qualified to play.

Westminster won the toss and elected to play down the field. The slight breeze from the park, Feeney drew the ball and Len Turnbull secured. A rush on the Regina net failed and then a whizzer to the goal.

The Westminister methods were in direct contrast to those of Regina. They bored in on the net and Howard intercepted a shot. For a brief time the Royal City boys were busy defending their own goal.

Right after the face off Feeney was penalized for a wicked shot and soon after a shot from Alex Turnbull went wild. Regina secured and carried down the field, but only a minute. They played a wicked shot to the Regina goal and a short by Bryson scored for Westminster. Time 3 minutes.

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While McDougall was still recuperating, Feeney came up field and Gordon Spring retired. The succeeding play in the first and especially in the second quarter demonstrated repeatedly the difference in the methods of the two teams.

By the end of the first quarter the spectators were feeling that they had seen little of a thrilling game and some of the more restless fans yelled in to the player with the suggestion that every body stop for five o'clock tea. The only brilliant play of the quarter was when the third goal was secured for Regina by Morgan. Alone he carried the ball in and doing half a dozen Westminister players put it in the net. But after this with the score 3-2 against the Westminister defense to pieces. Time and again the Westminister players were successful in stopping the ball and the goal was scored against him in that way. When Howard was asked three to their tally in the first part of the second quarter the home fans forgot any anxiety they possessed and joked the visitors more than ever on their unsatisfactory work against the defence.

TWO MEN ARRESTED FOR TRAIN HOLD-UP

Tramp Operator and Another Man in the Tolls in Connection With the Great Northern Mail Robbery.

Spokane, Wash., May 21.—J. S. McManis and J. M. Patton are under arrest on suspicion of being two of the robbers who held up the Great Northern mail train near Colbert on Saturday night.

Responding to the offer of rewards aggregating \$50,000 offered by the federal authorities for the capture of the bandits who held up and plundered a Great Northern mail train near Spokane, Saturday night, a posse of police and detectives are gathering here from many places.

Several arrived from Denver and the Pinkerton force here has been increased to 25. Police believe that the robbers made their way into Spokane and a close watch is kept on the saloons, hotels and lodging houses. A number of detectives are working on the theory that the desperadoes are hiding in the mountains back of Colbert. Police and special railway men say they do not believe that Charles McDonald, the notorious train robber, who broke jail in Helena, Mont., while awaiting trial for holding up a Great Northern mail train, is in the city.

SWINDLED BY BRAZIL

Daniel Mann Was Robbed in an Immigration House.

Spokane, Wash., May 18.—When Daniel Mann, a farm laborer, employed by John Francis on the Moran Prairie ranch, five miles from Spokane, cashed a money order for \$1,200 to Genoa, Italy, today, he released his four sons, ranging from 20 to 25 years of age, held there as security for funds borrowed several months ago to bring his wife and four daughters to Spokane. Prominent residents of Spokane county have interested themselves in the case, and they say a settlement is not made by a steamship agent at Bremen, that suit be instituted to recover damage.

Briefly told, Mann's story is that he and his family of ten left the village of Kuraka, Russia, on Oct. 3, 1898, for New York. Brazil received them and they were merely hobo's stealing ride. The post office inspectors presume that the plunder was secured, but decline to make an estimate as to the amount involved.

REAL ESTATE JUDGMENT

Which May Have Interest to Sellers and Buyers Alike.

Calgary, May 20.—Mr. Justice Beck yesterday handed down his decision in the case of Young & Reilly vs. Mr. and Mrs. Selkirk of Vancouver, in favor of the defendants. The plaintiffs are ex-claimants of the Selkirk and James Reilly, and the suit arose over the sale of the Cleared block on Eighth avenue to the defendants by the plaintiffs. The sale price was \$42,000, and so far the defendants have paid \$12,000 of this sum. The plaintiffs carried balance, but a counter plea of fraudulent sale was put up by the defendants on the grounds that Mr. Young had told them that this block was to be added to the building without any trouble.

This was incorrect, as the building bylaws of the city made a third story impossible. After hearing the evidence Judge Beck decided that there had been an innocent misrepresentation on the part of Mr. Young, and that this justified the rescinding of the contract, which was accordingly set aside. The plaintiffs were ordered to refund the monies already paid over.

A set of thirty days was granted to allow of an appeal, and Mr. James Muir, K.C., acting for Mr. Young, immediately gave notice of the appeal. The vs. the McManis case, in which the plaintiffs are being sued for damages amounting to \$12,000 for the needless sacrifice of the plaintiffs' horses after they had been seized under chattel mortgage, was not finished and will be continued this morning.

JAPS EXTEND WELCOME

Return Courtesy Shown to the Cruiser on This Side of the Pacific.

Tokyo, May 19.—The British steamer, Verano, arrived today from Vancouver, and the U. S. Asiatic squadron of the Pacific fleet and the captains of the ships composing the squadron were granted an audience with the emperor and empress today.

In an interview Admiral Harber says: "I came to Japan entirely on my own initiative and had no thought of any special reception to the squadron but on my arrival found that preparations had already been made to give us a hearty and enthusiastic welcome to all of which my own feelings naturally and cordially responded."

"I seemed exceedingly opportune that this visit should occur just when Admiral Ijishi's training squadron had been welcomed at San Francisco, a place which, despite the clamor raised by one element, has proved by the sincere hospitality displayed by the other element, that at heart the people of both countries have met only a desire for the continuance of amicable relations but also a sincere respect and regard for each other."

Admiral Togo gave a dinner in the Nobles' club this evening in honor of the Bear Admiral Gilles Harber, commander of the U. S. third division of the Pacific squadron.

A Church Squabble

London, May 18.—In the Norwich communion case, in which Canon Thompson appealed against the decrees issued by the court of archbishop that he cease denying the sacrament to Mr. and Mrs. Baustler, the King's bench court today found a refusal to grant a writ to the Bishop of Norwich's marriage to his deceased wife's sister in Montreal is illegal.

SASKATOON ENDORSES MANY MONEY BY-LAWS

Extension of Electric Light and Water Services, Erection of Collapsible Institute, Establishment of Parks, Street Improvements, and Purposes for Which Money Will be Secured.

Saskatoon, May 18.—Citizens today voted on money by-laws aggregating nearly three hundred thousand dollars for extension of the electric lighting plant, waterworks, schools, parks and so forth. There were ten in all and out of this total seven were carried by overwhelming majorities, while three were turned down.

Those carried were as follows: For the purchase of street making machinery, \$1,000; majority for 25. For equipment of city offices, \$5,000; majority for 69. A by-law for extensions, \$36,000; majority for 104. Street opening bylaw for the purchase of certain property, market by-law to provide \$20,000 for market and building and park by-law to raise \$13,000 to purchase property on west side for park purposes, defeated.

A by-law for \$2,100 to meet expenses in connection with traffic attachments on C. E. R. bridge was also carried by 111 yeas and 10 nays.

General satisfaction is expressed by all classes at the success of the collection of money by-laws as the city is now assured of one of the best investments of its kind in the west, which will be in keeping with the duty of the University City of Saskatchewan. There was considerable bitterness in connection with the vote as the result of the by-laws, which particularly affected the west, which were voted down by very narrow majorities.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

'Quake Probably Caused by Rock Placement in Some Remote Region.

Winnipeg, May 18.—Prof. Frank Allen, M.A., Ph.D., of the University of Saskatchewan, in a paper read at the meeting of the Geological Association of Canada, said that he was sitting in the house at the time the shock occurred. He did not feel it himself. He did, however, hear a slight noise in the cellar as if some one were shaking the furnace, but he was not in the room at the time.

"The earthquake, no doubt, originated at some other point on the globe," says Prof. Allen, "and it will be interesting within the next few days to see if an earthquake is reported from some distant region. The last earthquake that was felt in Canada was ascertained to be caused by the instruments in Western Europe and some weeks had elapsed before it was ascertained that the disturbance had occurred in the Hawaiian region off Northern India and Persia. It may have occurred this time in the South Atlantic or in the middle of the Pacific. We cannot tell where it originated unless we have instruments to measure the direction of the earthquake wave. We will no doubt have such instruments here after a while, when we get the University of Saskatchewan's station on the question of Canada's naval policy was taken by the United Empire Loyalist's association at its meeting last night. The resolution first expressed hearty appreciation and approval of both associations of the navy and the army, and then, in the Dominion parliament, and then said that Canadian naval service should be organized on scientific liberal and comprehensive scale to provide adequate protection to our coasts and commerce and also a contribution to the defense of the British Empire."

The resolution was carried by a large majority and the Canadian government may take pending organization of a Canadian naval service to make a special and immediate contribution to the imperial navy of one or more of the most powerful battleships in the world.

Mosquitoes and Sailors.

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Will of F. Marion Crawford.

Sorrento, Italy, May 18.—Mrs. Marion Crawford, widow of the late novelist has removed to Naples, where she will reside with her married daughter, Sigrid, and her son, Harold. Her will, which was received by the court yesterday, and her plan filed for probate, is as follows: "I, F. Marion Crawford, do hereby bequeath to my daughter, Sigrid, the sum of \$100,000, to be paid to her in equal installments of \$25,000 per annum, beginning on the first day of January, 1910, and continuing until she reaches the age of 65 years, when she shall receive the balance of the said sum of \$100,000, to be paid to her in a lump sum."

Wealthy Farmer Worked to Death.

Windsor, Ont., May 18.—Hypertension, richest farmer in Essex County, is dead as a general result of a stroke which occurred through the death of a considerable distance, like a water wave in a straight line through the earth beneath the scene of the accident. It is believed that it came out in this district and shook this particular part of the country.

SIX WERE DROWNED IN QUEBEC STREAM

Attempted to Cross Grand River Returning From Church, in Boat and Were Swept Down Stream and Up-Set.

Cape Magdalen, Que., May 21.—The latest news of the drowning tragedy at Ste. Anne Des Monts, Gaspe Co., Que., the total number of lives lost is six. The people were returning from church and had to cross the Grand river, which is bridgeless. Fifteen passengers embarked on a boat which became unmanageable in the heavy current and was dragged rapidly down stream, finally striking a rope attached to a scow and upsetting. The victims were Mrs. Gosselin, widow Mrs. Gosselin, St. Laurent; a young girl named Vallancourt, Arthur Dero, St. Anne, who leaves a wife, Philipe Simard, a sailor from Father Point, who leaves a young wife; the young son of Charles Chouard. Three bodies have not been recovered.

CALGARY'S GRAVITY SYSTEM

Water So Dirty That It Cannot Yet Be Used.

Calgary, May 20.—This morning the gravity system is knocking at the door of the city of Calgary, but its inauguration is being delayed. The city engineer has decided that for the present it cannot be allowed to enter. This means that the water is now running into the whole length of the pipe of the system, and that after it has been allowed to remain there for about one week in order to soak into the wooden pipe and swell the staves, it will be run off the pipe sluiced out, and pure water will be available for supplying the city.

Mr. Child is very well pleased with the result, as although only the "drip" water has been used so far, there is ample pressure for bringing the water to the city in a quantity far in excess of the present requirements.

However, before the system is opened another forty-foot head will be set in place, which will be sufficient to carry the water to the city head pressure, and will give Calgary a waterworks system which will be ample to cope with all the demands that may be made.

No date has yet been set for the formal opening of the system, but the first water will be turned into the mains during next week.

U. E. Loyalists and Defense.

Toronto, May 18.—A strong position on the question of Canada's naval policy was taken by the United Empire Loyalist's association at its meeting last night. The resolution first expressed hearty appreciation and approval of both associations of the navy and the army, and then, in the Dominion parliament, and then said that Canadian naval service should be organized on scientific liberal and comprehensive scale to provide adequate protection to our coasts and commerce and also a contribution to the defense of the British Empire."

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This was a case of only speculation, but I consider it likely that this happened. If we had the proper instruments we could tell the direction in which the shock came. In that way we could tell where it originated. If the shock is recorded, say at Ottawa,

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BRITISH HOUSE ADOPTS PROPOSALS

Mr. Balfour Fears Democracy and Robbery Becoming Allies—The Poor Millionaire.

London, May 21.—The House of Commons passed the new death duties by a vote of 298 to 122, the settlement duties 300 to 123; the legacy succession duties by 300 to 127; the automobile taxes without division and the reduction of the sinking fund by 203 to 50.

Ex-premier Balfour again strongly denounced the death duties. "Let us be careful," he said "we do not associate democracy with robbery, an association which never has been true in any civilized modern state, and which I hope never will be true in this country, but it seems never after this budget than ever before."

Under the new budget which is the creation of Lloyd George, chairman of the exchequer, the poor rich man has a hard lot. He must pay over 15 per cent income tax, \$200 a year for each of his big automobiles, double the former tax on all stock exchange transactions a new tax on all his land, and 20 per cent of the unearned increase in land values.

When he dies, if he was a millionaire, he will take a maximum of 27 per cent of his entire property. This is divided into three taxes, 5 per cent death duties, 10 per cent legacy duty on his real estate, and 12 per cent on all estates passing to probate. There are numerous instances annually where estates pass to probate twice in the same year through the death of an heir of the first order.

The operation of the new law would confiscate to the state as high as 54 per cent of such property. If the total amounted to a million or more, the state would receive \$540,000. This is divided into three taxes, 5 per cent death duties, 10 per cent legacy duty on his real estate, and 12 per cent on all estates passing to probate. There are numerous instances annually where estates pass to probate twice in the same year through the death of an heir of the first order.

Vienna, May 20.—Reports that King Edward will not visit Maribor had this year caused serious misgivings here and it is feared will affect unpleasantly the political relations of Austria with Germany. It is an open secret that the King and the Emperor of Austria had a serious disagreement over Maribor, which was the subject of disarrangement, Edward visited the Austrian ruler to exert his influence upon the Kaiser with a view to inducing Germany to enter upon an agreement with England for a mutual reduction of naval expenditures. As, however, the Kaiser only the previous day had met the King and flatly refused to entertain the suggestion, the Emperor felt himself unable to interfere, much to the King's annoyance.

Later Baron Adrenau's Balkan policy aroused much indignation in Britain and the press of both countries indulged in bitter recriminations. A strong anti-Austrian sentiment is still perceptible here, especially among the aristocratic classes. Under such circumstances the King's resolution to visit the Emperor to invite King Edward to visit him at Ischl. The two monarchs have met for the last six years uninterruptedly in Vienna, Maribor or Ischl. Hence it would be practically impossible for the King to visit the Emperor next year without meeting the Emperor.

Will Advance Wages.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 18.—The wages of 25,000 employees of the Independent Iron and Steel works in the Pittsburg district will on June 1 be restored to the old scale, and further than that they will be expected to work at the new scale for the ensuing six months. A cut of ten per cent took place on April 1 last. An accumulation of orders for iron and steel products is the cause given for the decision to restore the cut in wages.

The Republic Iron and Steel company with plants all over the country practically was the first to spread the news that the cut in wages would be restored. The notices were posted some time Saturday night or Sunday and when the men went to work this morning they saw the notices and there was great rejoicing. At the same time the company and the W. P. Snyder company which controls practically the independent pig iron end of the trade and which was among those to make the ten per cent cut some weeks ago also confirmed the report that wages would be restored to the old time basis on June 1. The Jones and Laughlin interests with about 10,000 men will also place wages back on the old basis two weeks from tonight.

Galician Woman's Sad Plight.

Toronto, May 19.—A Galician woman who recently arrived from Europe with a child of two years and destitute, the clothes of both being in shreds, reached the city this morning from Quebec. The child was being held after by Rev. Geo. Atlas, who in the meantime is trying to locate the husband and father.

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Ex-premier Balfour again strongly denounced the death duties. "Let us be careful," he said "we do not associate democracy with robbery, an association which never has been true in any civilized modern state, and which I hope never will be true in this country, but it seems never after this budget than ever before."

Under the new budget which is the creation of Lloyd George, chairman of the exchequer, the poor rich man has a hard lot. He must pay over 15 per cent income tax, \$200 a year for each of his big automobiles, double the former tax on all stock exchange transactions a new tax on all his land, and 20 per cent of the unearned increase in land values.

When he dies, if he was a millionaire, he will take a maximum of 27 per cent of his entire property. This is divided into three taxes, 5 per cent death duties, 10 per cent legacy duty on his real estate, and 12 per cent on all estates passing to probate. There are numerous instances annually where estates pass to probate twice in the same year through the death of an heir of the first order.

The operation of the new law would confiscate to the state as high as 54 per cent of such property. If the total amounted to a million or more, the state would receive \$540,000. This is divided into three taxes, 5 per cent death duties, 10 per cent legacy duty on his real estate, and 12 per cent on all estates passing to probate. There are numerous instances annually where estates pass to probate twice in the same year through the death of an heir of the first order.

Vienna, May 20.—Reports that King Edward will not visit Maribor had this year caused serious misgivings here and it is feared will affect unpleasantly the political relations of Austria with Germany. It is an open secret that the King and the Emperor of Austria had a serious disagreement over Maribor, which was the subject of disarrangement, Edward visited the Austrian ruler to exert his influence upon the Kaiser with a view to inducing Germany to enter upon an agreement with England for a mutual reduction of naval expenditures. As, however, the Kaiser only the previous day had met the King and flatly refused to entertain the suggestion, the Emperor felt himself unable to interfere, much to the King's annoyance.

Later Baron Adrenau's Balkan policy aroused much indignation in Britain and the press of both countries indulged in bitter recriminations. A strong anti-Austrian sentiment is still perceptible here, especially among the aristocratic classes. Under such circumstances the King's resolution to visit the Emperor to invite King Edward to visit him at Ischl. The two monarchs have met for the last six years uninterruptedly in Vienna, Maribor or Ischl. Hence it would be practically impossible for the King to visit the Emperor next year without meeting the Emperor.

Will Advance Wages.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 18.—The wages of 25,000 employees of the Independent Iron and Steel works in the Pittsburg district will on June 1 be restored to the old scale, and further than that they will be expected to work at the new scale for the ensuing six months. A cut of ten per cent took place on April 1 last. An accumulation of orders for iron and steel products is the cause given for the decision to restore the cut in wages.

The Republic Iron and Steel company with plants all over the country practically was the first to spread the news that the cut in wages would be restored. The notices were posted some time Saturday night or Sunday and when the men went to work this morning they saw the notices and there was great rejoicing. At the same time the company and the W. P. Snyder company which controls practically the independent pig iron end of the trade and which was among those to make the ten per cent cut some weeks ago also confirmed the report that wages would be restored to the old time basis on June 1. The Jones and Laughlin interests with about 10,000 men will also place wages back on the old basis two weeks from tonight.

Galician Woman's Sad Plight.

Toronto, May 19.—A Galician woman who recently arrived from Europe with a child of two years and destitute, the clothes of both being in shreds, reached the city this morning from Quebec. The child was being held after by Rev. Geo. Atlas, who in the meantime is trying to locate the husband and father.

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nomas Henderson miss wife. Tuesday night, their tunnel into to be blasted headway can be set is improving now shows horn the fort in their challenged by the did not reply They failed, allowed to proceed. chevan Garrison Association held a rartee on Thurs and after electing aterson, No. 7 nation chairman. wits of N.W.M.P. drew up a pro- come off on the location of Her The programme s, the first to be evening by the the Fort.

MOTHER.

is Death That He Entire Family.

May 20.—Charles considerable local all pitcher, killed unmitted suicide on had been drink- ed by his mother one he got a ham- ing her on the head a butcher

WITH THE FARMERS

HIGH WHEAT PRETTY CERTAIN.

Chicago, May 19.—Bullish conditions in wheat are spreading over the entire world and now include nearly every wheat raising country. Actual conditions over-balance all else and they are attracting the attention of the old time Bears as well as those who are friendly. The old world will come in first for a share of attention. Every market across the waters close and advances today. The weather in Russia is extremely dry. Crop prospects in Germany and France are anything but glowing. Smaller Argentine shipments are looked for before the long-drawn drought in that country and because seeding has been delayed so long that a reduction in the acreage is among the probabilities. The strength in cash wheat abroad was shown by the advance of 3 to 6 d in cargoes off the English Coast. The general news from this country was bullish too. In addition to the further heavy decrease in stocks at Minneapolis, 600,000 bushels so far this week, was the fact that the receipts at both northwestern markets were small. Mills at Minneapolis are taking wheat from the elevators daily and nearly all wheat held in the Minneapolis market is for export to mills, and it is not for sale. The boom trading element in wheat came down this morning and when they attempted to even up their contracts they discovered that the grain was held tightly and that in order to get it higher bids would have to be made. There was a great deal in the news of the day on which to advance prices. Sentiment changed almost completely overnight and while there were many favorable crop reports to come forward there was still a goodly sprinkling of unfavorable reports from experts who are now on the fields of the southwest.

BULLISH NEWS SUSTAIN PRICES

Chicago, Ill., May 21.—In addition to the long dry spell in France and Germany, which with a very bullish Prussian official report, the Argentine Republic has been visited by frost and the late seeding set back further in consequence. A cable from Odessa, Northern Russia, stated that the weather in the southwest is cooler, but otherwise unchanged, and that rain is badly needed. The Royal statistical bureau of Prussia returns conditions in the monarchy at 64 for winter wheat on May 15 against April 15, and 80 on May 15 against April 15, and 86 against April 15 and 75 May 15 a year ago. A bullish set of statistics will more than likely face the bears tomorrow, but for some time to come. There were gains of 1/2 to 3/4 in wheat values and the late seeding set back in great deal in the way of news to prevent any large amount of short selling. The cash demand was better with the sale of a cargo of wheat hard at May prices. This wheat was sold to go to Buffalo. The Northwest reported a heavy crop of winter wheat and spring wheat flour was more active, with the Minneapolis mills increasing their output and stocks decreasing rapidly. The persistent light stuff was in request, but killers were loaded with heavy bed. Live hantons were about steady. The recent run of southern lambs has been shut off and local killers were all in the market. Hogs—Receipts, 8,000; market 5 to 10c higher. Mixed and butchers, 7.45 to 7.42 1/2; good heavy, 7.25 to 7.45; rough heavy, 6.90 to 7.15; light, 6.40 to 7.20; pigs, 6.40 to 6.80; bulk, 7.20 to 7.30. Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; market steady; beefs, 5.25 to 7.20; cows and heifers, 2.50; steers and feeders, 2.75 to 5.00; stockers, 5.25 to 6.50; calves, 5.50 to 6.75. Sheep—Receipts, 8,000; market steady. Sheep, 5.25 to 6.65; lambs, 6.40 to 9.10.

GRAIN PRICES

Winnipeg, May 20.—Cash grain—No. 1 Northern, 1.25 1/2; No. 2 Northern, 1.22 1/2; No. 3 Northern, 1.20 1/2; No. 4, 1.13 1/2; No. 5, 1.07 1/2; No. 6, 93 1/2; feed, 85; rejected 14 Northern, 2 1/2; rejected 12 Northern, 1.15; rejected 13 Northern, 1.15; rejected 23 Northern, 1.14; rejected 1 Northern for seed, 1.17 1/2; rejected 2 Northern for seed, 1.14 1/2. Winter wheat—No. 1 Alberta red, 1.22 1/2; No. 2 white, 50%; No. 3 white, 49; feed, 49%; No. 2 feed, 48. Barley—No. 3, 50%; No. 4, 57 1/2; feed, 52. Flax—No. 1 Northwestern, 1.43; No. 1 Manitoba, 1.41. Futures—Options. Wheat—May opened 1.26, closed 1.25 1/2; July 1.26, 1.26 1/2; October 1.07 1/2, 1.07 1/2. Flax—May 50 1/2, 50 1/2; July 51 1/2, 51 1/2; October 40 1/2, 40 1/2. American options. Chicago—May open 1.30, close 1.30; July 1.15 1/2, 1.15 1/2; September 1.07 1/2, 1.07 1/2. Minneapolis—May 1.25 1/2, 1.30; July 1.27 1/2, 1.27 1/2; September 1.09 1/2, 1.09 1/2.

SATURDAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, May 20.—Liverpool cables came 1/4 to 1/2 higher and trading there was on a constant stream of bad crop news from Kansas and other states. The crop of that State is estimated all the way down to 65,000,000 bushels. Late Argentine advices report heavy frost and colder weather, making it unfavorable for wheat now seeded and the ground too hard for further seeding just now. Argentine has suffered much from drought all seasons with Winnipeg, May 20.—The Winnipeg market opened 1/2 to 1c up and continued strong and moderately active for a time, but soon fell away, and under some selling pressure prices went down. May eventually closed 1/2 over the low point of the morning and 1/2 over Wednesday's close. July sold as high as \$1.26 1/2, dropped to 1.25 and closed 1/2 over Wednesday's close. October closed 1/2 over Wednesday's close. Oats had a very spectacular run as early in the session they were bid up to 85 1/2 for July. At this figure a number apparently got cold feet and selling pressure being heavy for a short time drove the price down to a rush, as there were few takers. July sold down 2 cents and then recovered somewhat, finally closing at 85 1/2 over Wednesday's close. October oats were 1/2 higher than the previous close. There was very little wheat export demand for wheat. It was stated there was No. 2 to be had, as there was all in the hands of the mills. Some No. 3 was worked for export and brought good prices. Chicago, May 20.—The market again sold up to \$1.30 for May and closed 1/2 higher. July closed 1/2 higher and sold up to \$1.30 1/2 for May and closed at \$1.30, being 1/2 over and previous close. July was 1/2 higher and September 1/2 higher.

CONDITIONS GOOD ALONG THE C. & E.

Continued from Page One.

bountiful harvest. That each and all will fare well is beyond reasonable doubt. "Things are forging ahead," is the remark heard on every hand; "the heavy rains, followed alternately by clear and bright weather, are giving the soil all the necessary qualifications for the growth of the crops. The seed bed is in such good shape now that the weather improving, there will be a wonderful difference in the appearance of the country by the first of June." A good topic of general discussion throughout the country next to the crop outlook is the various points along the line are beginning to view with some anxiety as to which will get it. Didsbury would not be likely to turn it down; Innisfail has already put in a line for it, and Red Deer confident expectations. W. F. Stevens, live stock commissioner, although the location of the plant is not in his charge, has frequently been approached by farmers for an expression of his views as to where it should be placed. Speaking in this connection at a banquet in Innisfail on Friday night, Mr. Stevens said that he had gone so far in answering inquiries as to whether or not, in his opinion, the location should be between Innisfail and Red Deer. "Oh, that will be Penhold," is the enthusiastic rejoinder. The persistent inquirer, of course, hailed from the Innisfail district. The various districts are having a sort of competition to see which is capable of supplying the most hogs—on paper. Everywhere the farmers seem to be anxious to pack up their run on much the same basis as the government creameries will solve the difficulties at present confronting the hog industry in this province. Shipments of hogs have been increasing all along the line. For the first four months of this year 2,800 fat hogs were shipped from Innisfail. The town claims to ship more hogs per year than any other place on the line. Didsbury will probably be heard from on this matter. The creamery industry has a bright outlook for the coming summer season. Several at the various points have been closed down for the winter but activity by this time has been revived. The output of butter has been much increased as the patronage which the farmers will be able to give to the creamery is greater than last year. The dairy commissioner reports that the coast markets are strong in their demands and although prices are not expected to be in excess of the record quotations of 25 1/2 cents per pound of last year, still splendid returns will be made. The large increase of pure bred dairy cattle has given a permanent boost to the creamery industry. Shipments of winter-fed cattle which have been large during the winter season to both Edmonton and Calgary packing houses are now drawing to a close. Didsbury and Ode each ship about 2,000 head of cattle per year. Three shipments of fat steers from Innisfail in the month of May totalled about 1,000 head. Before the close of the year Innisfail will have stockyards at the C. P. E. station, which will have a capacity for 1,000 head. The C. P. E. is improving its facilities for stock shipments all along the line. Crops at Lacombe. Wheat—May opened 1.26, closed 1.25 1/2; July 1.26, 1.26 1/2; October 1.07 1/2, 1.07 1/2. Flax—May 50 1/2, 50 1/2; July 51 1/2, 51 1/2; October 40 1/2, 40 1/2. American options. Chicago—May open 1.30, close 1.30; July 1.15 1/2, 1.15 1/2; September 1.07 1/2, 1.07 1/2. Minneapolis—May 1.25 1/2, 1.30; July 1.27 1/2, 1.27 1/2; September 1.09 1/2, 1.09 1/2.

CROP CONDITIONS ALONG THE C.N.R.

Weekly Report Indicates Oat and Barley Seeding General—Wheat Seeding Practically Finished—Favorable Weather. Geo. Hutton, superintendent of the Experimental farm, told your correspondent that the experience of this year was growing the best of the good firm seed bed in the raising of winter wheat. He estimates that there will be an increase of from 20 to 25 per cent in the production of the Lacombe district for this year. The feature of the crop situation on which he places great stress is that the soil is now in almost perfect shape to respond wonderfully to good growing weather.—M.F.D. Camrose, May 19.—The districts along the Wetsaskin branch of the C.P.R. are fairly exceeding optimism today as result of the rather belated growing weather. The weather is fine and warm during the day and the temperature after sundown does not prevent the crops growing by night and day. Farmers all along the line are confident that the crops will get away to a good start. Everything is propitious and all traces of the indifference are gone. "One can not help thinking what a difference just a few hours makes." During the days when cool weather and a fall of snow were the offerings of the weather man complaints were frequently heard of the late spring and how growth was retarded. No sooner did the sun appear than the farmer exhibited a change of temper and countenance. He declared that the wet weather was the best thing for the crops and that the rapid growth now is attributable to the abundance of moisture the soil has acquired. The farmer's stock in the prospect of a good crop this year is now away above par and is steadily rising with every day of growing weather. Faith in the country, on the part of newcomers, some of whom are not always reasonable in their expectations, has revived and again this is going to be a year of big times. The seed drill is busy. Over time it has been working overtime in the Sedgwick district and is not yet through with its task. By the end of this week all the spring wheat and that seeding will be done. This is a district of small holdings, with comparatively small holdings, but all have seeded as much grain as possible. All the way from twenty to two hundred acres is under cultivation on the individual farms. Oats and spring wheat are mostly sown but many are preparing for winter wheat crop next year. The rush for land is quite as noticeable in this district as elsewhere. The harness-makers, the watchmakers, the barbers and the bartender all have homesteads in the vicinity of the town during their occupation. They have to sleep and do a little work at night and the farmer who has the homestead inspector. They are counting on having a quarter-section and an established business in the town when the development of the surrounding country pushes it along. Feeding the Burps. A phrenologist is touring the district at present and giving the towns a little melodrama to relieve the monotony of the drama which they themselves are enacting. His outfit is to be able to tell the citizens by an examination of their heads whether they have a head for speculating in real estate or a head for letting out. He can tell them whether to aim at being financial barons or whether to put what money they have in the bank and let it grow. He is not to sit tight on it. The humor of the thing is worthy of a place in the best of New York comic supplements. The outlook in the Daysland and Killam districts is on the up grade. Daysland and Killam day and night no more will be done after the close of this week. Winter wheat has been a most successful experiment in this section and the country will be able to show the province a thing or two in this line. Considerable of the spring wheat has been sown above ground and is an object lesson in the mystery of germination and growth. Some of the big farms are devoted almost entirely to spring wheat while oats is the rule in other cases. Both these districts expect to have a substantial increase in their elevators accommodation before the grain begins to show yellow. Both the town and district of Camrose are preparing for a boom. The C.N.R. has said "we must get into Camrose." The G.T.P. sized up the location of the town and spoke likewise. As if one C.P.R. line were not enough, the C.P.E. said we must run a line into Camrose from the south, being an extension of the Langdon to Alex line. It looks as if all this is going to happen and that either the C.P.R. or the C.N.R. or perhaps both are going to connect Camrose with Edmonton. The farmer focuses his attention on these railway prospects and decides that railway camps will want oats. He follows a plan surmise by sowing more oats than anything else and a great deal more than last year. It looks as if oats will be sown as late as June but fully ninety per cent of the seeding is now completed. The estimate is that seventy per cent of the crop of this district will be in oats, twelve per cent in spring wheat, twelve per cent in barley, and only three per cent in winter wheat. The latter is not sowed for any other reason than that it has been expected to raise large quantities of oats and barley. The cropologist who make out a "chart" for the Camrose district has to do his figuring in the superlative column. The district can show all the requisites for a most successful year. M. F. D. NOTICE. Trustees should immediately write me for their teachers, high school teachers, principals, and teachers for rural districts are supplied by me. Write me. W. B. SHAW, Head Deser.

WHEAT SEEDING PRACTICALLY OVER

Excellent Weather Conditions Favorable for Oat and Barley Sowing. Wheat Above Ground in Many Places. Winnipeg, Man., May 19.—Spring wheat seeding is now practically completed throughout the Canadian prairie west and in earlier districts good progress has been made with oats and other coarse grains. Where seeding was accomplished under the most favorable conditions the grain is already showing above ground while weather conditions of alternating warm sunshine and showers could hardly be better for bringing along the crop. Only in heavy low-lying country where the land is wet and cold could any appreciable percentage of the land prepared for wheat remain unseeded, and speaking generally the crop has been got in under splendid conditions and in good time as compared with any average season. Old timers say that if spring wheat is in the ground by May 24th it is in plenty of time for a good crop provided subsequent conditions are favorable. There is therefore no foundation for any anxiety which may have been felt a few weeks ago regarding the lateness of the season. Fall wheat in southern Alberta is reported looking good. Where fall wheat is grown the above method of disking and harrowing at frequent intervals during the summer should be continued till it is time to plow. For fall wheat the land should be plowed about the last week in June, then disking and harrowed at intervals of two weeks or as frequently as possible until the wheat is sown. This frequent plowing is not necessary in southern Alberta as reported looking good. Where summer fallowing is practiced the plowing should be done before the seed pods develop. It is a well known fact that if full sized pods, even though green, are plowed down they will rot and will not germinate. If full sized pods have been allowed to develop the weeds should be mowed and burned before the plowing is done, but it is much better to cultivate early and destroy these plants when young. Summer fallowing, properly done, is undoubtedly the best method of eradicating weeds. Some farmers have been successful in eradicating Stinkweed by sowing, then plowing again in succession. The method followed is to start by disking and harrowing the surface the first spring, to germinate and destroy the seeds at the surface. This should be accomplished in three or four weeks. Then plow very shallow, about two inches, and harrow three inches. This will bring a fresh supply of seeds to the surface, which can be destroyed by disking and harrowing. Then plow again to a depth of three or four inches to bring an early supply of seeds to the surface, germinate and destroy the seeds on until all of the seeds have been brought to the surface. If no plants are allowed to mature their seeds this method should prove successful. If the area infested is so large that it all cannot be handled at the same time an excellent plan is to seed a section with broom grass, 15 lbs. to the acre; winter rye grass, 15 lbs. to the acre; or timothy, 5 lbs. to the acre to keep it in check until the other part of the field is cleared. Fields that are thus seeded will require mowing occasionally during the first year, to prevent the broom grass from taking. The grass will generally choke out the Stinkweed after the first year. When the seed is plowed again the seeds of the Stinkweed should be dealt with as indicated above. TO LAND BUYERS. And Investors—Don't Miss These. Pembina Land Bargains, G.T.P. bridge, Edwinstowe, Alta. A choice block of above section with broom grass, cash and transacting C.N.E. survey, 10 minutes from Hotel Pembina. A choice block about 1 acre, near present building site, near bridge, let in town, next to hotel, with buildings on, cheap. Also available. Choice and cheap lots in all localities of the town. Write for terms. A. W. ARNUP, Auctioneer, Valuer, Real Estate Agent, and General Broker, The West Markets Building, Edwinstowe, Pembina, G.T.P., Bridge, Alta.

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It Pays to Read Our Ads.

It pays to read our ads. and more so to ask for the goods we advertise. New lines on sale. Men's Working Boots \$1.75 value, \$1.29. New Caps 40c value, 35c. New Shirts (just arrived) \$1 and \$1.25 value 65c. Good new summer hats \$1.80 value 50c. See our show windows and ask for same goods, when in the store.

Big reductions on all Men's and Boys' Clothing.

Mayer's Clothing Store

EDMONTON

The Place where your dollars go the farthest, and you can have them back if you are not satisfied.

EDMONTON NEWS

LOCAL

The Union Bank of Canada has opened a branch at Grassy Lake, Alberta, with R. W. Baillie, late accountant at Edmonton, as manager.

An Indian named Laroche, convicted of horse stealing, was brought from Wetaskiwin Thursday afternoon by Sgt. Phillips to undergo a twelve-months sentence at Fort Saskatchewan.

Milton R. Jennings, for some time circulation manager of the Mail and Empire and associate advertising manager of the Telegram, Toronto, has been appointed manager of the Journal.

Very little contagious disease is reported in the city at the present time, the cases reported at the medical health office for the month being confined to two for chickenpox and two for scarlet fever.

The funeral of the late William Inglis, Sr., took place on Saturday at 2:30 p.m. from the family residence, one mile north of the city, to the cemetery, Rev. Dr. D. L. McQueen, pastor of First Presbyterian church, conducted a short service at the house.

The Edmonton city council Thursday, after a discussion which lasted over the past month or more, decided upon the purchase of the Queen's avenue site for a hay market in preference to Block 1, Norwood, which was the strongest competitor for favorable consideration.

The convict, McGee, who escaped from the R. N. W. M. P. at Fort Saskatchewan on Tuesday, is still at large. No trace has been found of George Scott, of Pembina, or the Lac Ste. Anne farmer who disappeared several weeks ago and who is thought to have suicided.

The death occurred at the General Hospital Wednesday of Henry Kunkel of Vegreville. The deceased, who was 19 years of age, has been ill for a short time with pneumonia. The remains are being held at the mortuary of Connelly and McKinley undertakers, pending instructions from friends in Vegreville regarding burial.

W. G. Macfarlane has been transferred from the Vegreville branch of the Merchants' Bank to the Edmonton office. Mr. Macfarlane's residence in Vegreville resulted in an accumulation of friends who naturally regret his departure. The Knights of Pythias lose a faithful and efficient Chancery Commander and the Masons are deprived of their Tyler.

The tenters between Ottawa protest and Government, avenue protest against the statement of U. S. Senator made at Tuesday night's council meeting. The board of health inspectors have looked the matter up and state that the tents and grounds are in a sanitary condition, as sanitary as any of the houses that are without the sewer. The tenters in this locality have rented the lots their tents stand on for the summer.

William George King, who was sentenced by His Lordship Mr. Justice Harvey to seven years imprisonment in the Alberta penitentiary on charges of theft and fraud, was taken to the penitentiary Thursday afternoon. King pleaded guilty to three charges of theft and six of fraud in connection with the sale of horses. He also pleaded guilty to the charge of escaping from lawful custody.

M. A. Dutcher, of Vegreville, states that the horse, Moth Miller, the holder of the world's half-mile record, now in training at the Edmonton Exhibition Grounds, is still his property and has not been sold to the city. The tenters in this locality have rented the lots their tents stand on for the summer.

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BANK CLEARINGS INCREASE.

Edmonton bank clearing for the week ending Thursday is \$859,200. For week ending today total \$899,200. For the corresponding week last year the total was \$922,731, showing an increase of about 30 per cent. this year.

IMMIGRATION REPORT.

For the week ending May 15th, 92 immigrants were reported to the immigration hall, 24 letters were sent, 38 letters received and there were 320 interviews. The biggest day of the week was on May 19th, when 42 immigrants registered and the smallest on May 15, when no immigrants came.

IT WAS NOT RABIES.

Considerable alarm was created several days ago on Namayo avenue, near the Armstrongs, by a dog which several experts, including Dr. Shearer, veterinary surgeon, thought showed signs of rabies. The animal, after being watched for some time in its peculiar actions, was shot by Constable Charles, of the police force. He is now being examined by Dr. Revell, provincial bacteriologist, for examination in order to discover if it really was suffering from rabies. A much-feared disease which has been prevalent in Innisfail and Red Deer districts for several months. Dr. Revell completed his test yesterday afternoon and has arrived at the conclusion that the dog was not mad, as at first suspected.

NO TRACE OF MCGEE.

No trace has yet been found of Jas. G. McGee, the forger who made his escape from the N. W. M. P. guard at Fort Saskatchewan on Tuesday afternoon. McGee was thought to be making his way towards Edmonton, but is now supposed to be in the woods. McGee was arrested last January in the Edmonton branch of the Canadian Bank, where he was found to be endeavoring to cash a cheque signed with the name of Fred Mannix. The Canadian Bank of Commerce officials detected the forgery and the doors, summoned Sgt. Didsbury and McGee was speedily behind the bars. He is now being held in jail for an 18 months' sentence with hard labor.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

Before Magistrate Cowan Thursday Oscar Amgren, the Swede who attempted suicide at the Y.M.C.A. building, was committed for trial at the next term of the District Court. The witnesses examined were H. W. McGee, who testified that he saw Amgren in the building on the night of the attempt, and Sergeant Tidbury, who was called to the spot a few minutes afterwards. Amgren looks rather the worse of his injuries, but it is believed that he will be able to stand up in court.

COMPENSATION REFUSED.

The claim of J. H. Barsz for compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Act, against Henry Riedel, was dismissed in the District Court this morning. The honor Judge H. C. Taylor. Barsz was engaged in loading coal on cars for the plaintiff when a lump of coal fell on his hand, injuring it. He applied for compensation for his injuries, but the application was refused. The court held that the injury was not caused by the work of the plaintiff, but by the negligence of the defendant.

THE BUFFALO ROUND UP.

The buffalo which have been for some time at Elk Park are now all in the corral at the Lamont station, ready for transportation to their new stamping grounds on the Battle River. Judge Taylor interpreted the Workmen's Compensation Act so mean that a man must be employed at, in or about a mine to collect compensation for injuries. In this case he had been employed at the mine, but the plaintiff could not therefore be held liable. J. T. J. Collision appeared for the applicant and J. D. Hyndman for the defendant.

MAY SUE THE CITY.

Robert Meys, whose five-year-old boy was run over by one of the inner-urban street cars, near the corner of Saskatchewan avenue and Fourth street, some weeks ago, is threatening to sue the city for damages. Mr. Meys, whose solicitors are Harrison & Henwood, at first claimed \$500, but later reduced his claim to \$100 for physical injuries caused by the boy, who, though bruised, happily escaped being mangled by the wheels. The matter was discussed at the city council meeting Thursday and the aldermen were strongly of the opinion that it would be a bad precedent to pay damages. The city will therefore decline all liability and the city solicitor will notify Mr. Meys of this decision.

VAG GETS HEAVY SENTENCE.

For some days past complaints have reached the police office from householders in the west end of the city, who have been disturbed by a man who visited, on being told something to eat, when he was sometimes refused he became angry and made himself a general nuisance. Thursday afternoon a report came in from a house on College Avenue and a short time later a man who gave his name as Jas. Purcell and his former residence as Lethbridge, was gathered in by the police. This morning he was arraigned before Magistrate Cowan and in answer to the charge that he had endeavored to break into a house stated that he was intoxicated at the time and did not know what he was doing. The magistrate came to the conclusion that he was a public nuisance and sentenced him to two months with hard labor at Fort Saskatchewan.

CERTIFICATES OF INCORPORATION.

Certificate of incorporation have been issued to the following companies: C. E. Morris Co., Ltd., Edmonton. Pembina and Yellowhead Trading Co., Ltd., Edmonton. Holden Hotel Co., Ltd., Holden. Edmonton Construction Co., Ltd., Edmonton.

WESTERN THEATRICAL CIRCUIT.

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NEW EXHIBITION GROUNDS.

The negotiations between the city and T. W. Anderson, of the Hudson's Bay Company land department, for the purchase of 100 acres for exhibition grounds in the Hudson Bay Reserve, are progressing rapidly. The proposed property is a level tract of land facing on Alberta avenue and about three blocks west of First street. From it an excellent view can be obtained of the city. The only question that now stands in the way is that Mr. Anderson does not think the could would accept less than the assessed value, \$1,000 an acre. This would bring the cost to about a hundred thousand dollars.

DEATH OF WM. INGLIS, SR.

The death occurred very suddenly at his home, one mile north of the city at 5 o'clock this morning, of William A. Inglis, who has lived in Edmonton for his family for several years. Mr. Inglis went to his stable about six o'clock last evening to care for some stock and was killed over the head by a riding heifer. He felt no immediate bad effects and proceeded with his work as usual. About 5 o'clock this morning he was seized with severe pains and died in a few moments. It is believed that his heart was affected by the kick of the animal.

MORE 'PHONE EQUIPMENT.

Omer Kirby, of the Automatic Electric Company of Chicago, arrived in the city yesterday to install the new 300 line addition to the central office equipment in the city telephone building. This work will take three weeks or one month and when completed 300 new telephones will be ready for use. This will make a total of 1,800 'phones available for use in the city and will be an increase of eighty per cent in the past year. At the present time there are 1,500 telephones installed and in use in the city and applications for fully fifty more are now on file at the superintendent's office waiting for the installation of the new equipment to be completed. Applications for 'phones are being received at the rate of about four per day. One year ago there were only 100 telephones installed.

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The grand summer fair and fat stock show which is to be held in Edmonton this year is to be kept before the eyes of the people of the province by an attractive poster, which has just been issued from the office of A. G. Harrison, secretary of the Exhibition Association. The poster attracts attention at the first glance. Along the border and background of the poster are illustrations of horses, cattle, sheep, ewine and poultry, indicating in an unmistakable manner that the fair is to be devoted primarily to the agricultural interests of the province.

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NEW SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

New school districts have been established as follows: No. 100 school district; senior trustee, George Borgard, Iron Springs. The Greyside school district; senior trustee, E. Motter, Willeburg. The Farm Hill school district; senior trustee, Geo. Bailey, Magrath. The Mud Lake school district; senior trustee, Jos. Perrault, Macleod. The Strome school district; senior trustee, H. Cole, Strome. The North Red Deer Roman Catholic Separate school district; Red Deer Public school district; Springvale Public school district; Brightview Public school district; Pleasant Prairie Public school district; Valley Centre Public school district; Glenora school district; Amisk Creek school district; Lone Ridge school district; Rosevale school district; Bigstone school district; Plover school district; Bloomington school district; Leth school district; Lake Alton school district; and Burwash school district.

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LOANS

Interest Never Exceeding 8% on Improved Farms. Advantages Terms. Apply CREDIT FONCIER, F. C. Cor. Jasper and Third St. Edmonton. G. H. GOWAN, Local Manager. Investigate Sinking Fund Loans.

SUPREME COURT CASE.

In the action of David Davies vs. Northern Crown Bank to collect moneys due under a chattel mortgage held by the plaintiff against Hardisty Bros., judgment was given by Mr. Justice Scott for the plaintiff for \$610 and costs.

BISHOP FOR THE NORTH.

The Bishop of Athabasca, Dr. Holmes, of Winnipeg, will arrive in Edmonton early next week and proceed to his residence at the College in Calgary, and on Sunday he will dedicate the new church at the Sarcee reserve, and Sunday evening he will preach in the Church of the Redeemer in the Southern City.

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New Pianos and Organs

Right from factory to customer. For fifteen days only in order to make room for our next car load of instruments that are now on the road we are going to close out our present stock at prices that should appeal to everyone. Below are a few of the prices that should set you thinking: New Piano, 4 foot 7 1/2 in. for \$390 on easy payments. New Piano "Cottage" for \$275 on easy payments. Piano Case Organs for \$98 on easy payments. All other styles in stock at equally low prices.

KARN-MORRIS PIANO AND ORGAN CO.

In Namayo Trading Co.'s Rooms 353-355 Namayo Ave. P. S.—Every instrument has a ten year guarantee. Second-hand Organs for \$45.00, \$5.00 per month.

GEO. DUNCAN FRED DUNCAN

THE NORTH END STORE

Norwood Boulevard, facing Kinitino Ave.

Carry a full line of Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Flour and Feed, and are most conveniently located for the Farmers. Call on us the next time you are in the city. Highest price paid for farmers' produce, cash or trade. North End Agents for Parity Goods. (FLOUR AND ROLLED OATS). A full line of specially selected Western Seeds.

For Screen Doors

—AND—

Screen Windows

Call on W. H. CLARK & CO., LTD. Full Stock Always on Hand 846 NINTH STREET. PHONE 1218

LEALOND ONWARD 204

WINNER OF OVER \$10,000 IN 1907 AND 1908

Lealond's first foal from a Registered dam in Canada was dropped May 8th, property of J. H. McNulty, Strathcona. This precocious youngster's dam is Cascade, dam of Norma Colbert 2:14 in her third start, when an offer of \$2,500 was refused for her. Cascade is half sister of Capt. Colbert, 2:11 1/4, also of dam Birtwhigh 2:08 1/4; Vyeazio 2:06; Bert 2:19; Crescent 2:14 1/4. Cascade dam is half sister of Sir, dam Joe Datchen 2:01 3/4; sire of Dan Patch 1:55. This colt is eligible for Futurity Stakes, 1932, of \$12,500.

HOG FENCE BARB WIRE Poultry Netting

LOWEST PRICES Scott & Lake THE NORWOOD HARDWARE.

SHEEP DIP

You can get the best at Graydon's Drug Store. Coppe's Sheep Dipping Powder. McDougall's Sheep Dip Kress. "Zenolium."

GEO. H. GRAYDON

Chemist and Druggist. King Edward Pharmacy. Phone 1411. 260 Jasper Ave. E.

W. B. POUCHER

Phone 1666 Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Builders' Materials 535 FIFTH ST. NORTH of Jasper, EDMONTON.

J. A. STURROCK'S

(Successor to The Caledonian Store) Kirkness Ave. and Norwood Boulevard, —NORWOOD

Farmers' Hardware

We always carry a complete line of Settlers' Supplies, Stoves, Ranges, Granite and Tinware, Guns, Rifles, etc. Be sure and give us a look before you purchase.

Settlers Supply Co.

148 Queen's Ave. (Op. Market)

ST. ALBAN'S COLLEGE

PRINCE ALBERT. Boarding and Day School for Girls. President—The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Saskatchewan.

SOMETHING GOOD

Half-breed & Veteran Scrip The cheapest buy in the City, eighty feet frontage on Jasper Ave. Terms easy. A great Bargain.

Alberta Colonization Co.

621 First Street. Phone 1877.

SEMI-WEEK EDITOR

VOLUME V.

MOB DISREGARD JUDGE'S TH

Masked Men Set Aside Arkansas Town and Negro.

Pine Bluff, Ark., May 23.—Ignoring the threat of the Jefferson County mob to call a meeting to be held with them to try Lovett Davis, a negro, to law, the county sheriff and unmasked mobbers Cotton Belt shops here to a telephone pole in the town at 2:30 o'clock. He had attacked a white man who was driving a car. A shot was fired, and the mob hid in the bushes and fired at the sheriff and his deputies. The mob then proceeded to the jail, where they were driven out by the sheriff and his deputies. The mob then proceeded to the corner of a cell crowded with prisoners. He was dragged from the cell and thrown into the street. He was then taken to the hospital, where he died. The mob then proceeded to the home of Miss Amy, a white woman, and brutally choked her.

REGINA WAITRESS COMMITTED TO JAIL

With Poison.

Regina, May 23.—She on one o'clock this morning when a young girl employed at the Regina Hotel committed suicide by taking poison. The girl had returned to her room in the hotel and had taken the poison. She was found by the proprietor here her remains were taken to the hospital. She died at 11 o'clock. On process of the coroner's jury. The coroner's jury returned a verdict that the girl had committed suicide.

DON'T WANT GOVERNMENT

Ottawa, Ont., May 23.—Five second-class clerks of the civil service, who are in Ottawa, are being pointed out as candidates for the next election. They are being pointed out as candidates for the next election because they are not in favor of the government.

BUDGET OF NEWS FROM THE C

New Manitoba Judge—C. Foundland