

# The Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. V.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN, FRIDAY, APRIL 26, 1907

NUMBER 21.

## LUMBER!

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## APPEALED TO THEIR MANHOOD

### Roosevelt Averted Disastrous Panic at Opening of Jamestown Exposition:

Associated Press Despatch. Norfolk, Va., April 26—President Roosevelt, the diplomatic, naval and military representatives of thirty-seven of the nations of the world, and the governors of a score of states, participated today in the opening exercises of the Jamestown ter-centennial exposition.

From the firing of a sunrise salute of three hundred guns by United States artillerymen throughout the picturesque review of the international fleet of war vessels and the ceremonies of dedication, the day was crowded with notable incidents. Not the least prominent of these was the president's quick grasp of the situation in front of the crowded grand stand from which he spoke, when a panic seized the surging throng of spectators.

### Enthusiastic Thousands.

Thousands of eager persons in the rear of the gathering who were forcing their way forward endangered the lives and limbs of those who had the more favored position by the grand stand seemed about to be swept from their posts.

With the agility of a school boy, the president jumped up on the table which had been placed in the center of the balcony and, waving his arms, cried out to the men of Virginia to live up to their traditions of gallantry and cease the pushing and shoving, which was threatening the lives of the women and children in the assemblage.

### Grand Naval Review.

During the review the marine picture, viewed from the shore by thousands and from the decks of excursion and pleasure craft by many more, was at once imposing and impressive. When his yacht had anchored in among the sailing vessels, the president received on board the flag and commanding officer of the foreign fleet, and the chief officers of the home squadrons.

The president landed at the exposition grounds shortly after 11 a. m. President Tucker, of the exposition, personally welcomed Mr. Roosevelt, and the seers of the crowd along the water front accompanied the new words of Mr. Tucker—"Mr. President, old Virginia salutes you, sir."

The president returned the salutation and with Mrs. Roosevelt was driven to the grand stand on the parade between two lines of soldiers on the Twenty-third United States infantry.

## WANTS RECIPROCIITY

### Speaker at a Railway Men's Banquet at Pittsburgh, Says So.

Associated Press Despatch. Pittsburgh, Pa., April 26—Three hundred or more railroad presidents, vice-presidents, freight agents, traffic managers, managers and other officials, besides manufacturers and shippers of freight were guests of the Traffic Club at the Hotel Schenley tonight. The speakers at the banquet included Chas. W. Hamelin, corporation counsel of Boston. Before taking up his assigned topic, that of "Public Duties of the Citizen," Mr. Hamelin spoke briefly on the question of reciprocity with Canada. The state of Massachusetts deemed it imperative for its future welfare to increase its trade with Canada among other things Massachusetts desired that coal should be made reciprocally of reciprocity with Canada. The United States. Mr. Hamelin said: "The extensive development in all lines of industry now in progress in Canada are governed as to location largely by the cost and advantage in securing coal."

## EIGHT CARS BROKE THROUGH

### Temporary Trestle on E. Y. & P. Where Landslide Occurred Two Weeks Ago.

Eight freight cars were wrecked on the E. Y. & P. yesterday afternoon. The track occurred exactly the same place in the track as where a landslide took place two weeks ago, when 60 yards of the track was carried down into the ravine. Repairing to the track were made by building a trestle work of wood to carry the rails over the middle, thus leaving a heavy freight train, drawn by two engines, was passing over this portion of the track when two of the cars, throwing eight cars twenty feet below in a jumbled mass. The train broke in two, thus leaving a prediction on each side of the chasm. When the coupling broke the brakes were applied, and the train tumbled down upon the wrecked cars.

### Two Weeks Yet.

Port Arthur, April 26—The captain of the Whaler says that boats will not be able to get in here for two weeks yet. He could not see open water today from Thunder Cap.

### Four Killed in Mine Explosion.

Seattle, Washington, April 26—Four miners were killed and nine severely injured by an explosion of gas in the sixth level of the Morgan slope at the Black Diamond mine of the Pacific Coast on the Columbia and Puget Sound Railway.

## The Misericordia Hospital

An Institution of Which Edmonton is Proud.

While busy Edmonton hurries along in its whirl of 1907's real-estate transfers, building construction, and the every round of work and pleasure—the outskirts of the city, where the hospitals are, the hours are quite as surely filled with the duties essential as any to Edmonton's well-being.

In the extreme East End is the new Misericordia Hospital. At present the West End has two fair-sized hospitals—the General and the Misericordia—and the new Misericordia Public Hospital is erected there, Edmonton will have an aggregation of hospital buildings that many larger cities might envy.

### Misericordia Hospital.

The new Misericordia Hospital, which was opened a year ago, to continue the work carried on for seven years in the old hospital, has accommodations for 60 patients. It is a handsome new building, its interior supplied with all the modern fittings for a hospital.

### Training School Under Way.

Empowered to do so by the amendment to its Incorporation Act, passed in the Legislature this year, the hospital authorities have well under way now a Training School for Nurses. Diplomats will be granted to candidates satisfactorily completing the three-years course required. The professional training will be given by the superintendents of the hospital work—Sisters who have taken diplomas as graduate nurses previously. The medical lectures will be delivered by leading members of the medical staff of the Hospital.

A number of applications have been received in addition to those already in training, but there is still room for more nurses. The quarters reserved for the nurses are well lighted by large and airy and yet not all occupied.

### Interior of Hospital.

The Hospital is finished throughout with polished wood of a light golden color, and the effect in combination with the white walls is of pleasing cleanliness and airiness. In the basement, the kitchen, laundries and furnace room are situated, while the offices of authorities are on the first floor. On each floor a hose arrangement is provided in case of fire, while there is in addition to this an effective system of fire-scoops, providing with two stairways—an easy access to the open air in case of fire.

### The Offices and Wards.

On this floor the office and reception room open off the hall way at the main entrance. A notable article of

## VOTED AGAINST RETURN TO WORK

### Miners at Michel and Coleman do Not Endorse Their Leaders Promises.

Fernie, B. C., April 26—Another setback to the proposed agreement that the miners go back to work on Monday was received this evening when word arrived that after a long discussion, the referendum vote taken at Michel in the afternoon, as to whether the men of the Michel local union should return to work, resulted in a majority against returning to work. It was also learned that the vote taken by the Gladstone local union in Fernie last night was not unanimous as given out. The Michel vote was very significant that the men refused to attend the meeting to listen to the proposition. The operators here say that if Michel voted against, Coleman would do likewise.

### Sherman Goes to Coleman.

President Sherman left for Coleman tonight, where he will be joined by International Vice President Williams, who addressed the Michel meeting this afternoon. Mackenzie King, Deputy Minister of Labor, was down at the train to see Sherman, who stated that the district vote would govern the question of resumption of work or not, and that in his opinion, there would be no difficulty in getting the men back by Monday or Tuesday at least, as though the "C. P. R." might vote against it, it was practically certain the others would vote for it.

### Men Not in Hurry to Return.

The miners still congregate around the street corners, but remain quiet. They show no great enthusiasm to go back to the mines again. At Coal Creek mines, where the men are hanging around the mines and streets, seemingly contented.

### Several Mine Operators and Representatives Left for Home Tonight and are Following Tomorrow.

Sir Wm. Mulock Expected Monday. Sir William Mulock, chairman of the conciliation board appointed by the government, is expected to arrive on Monday Tuesday, and the board will sit immediately on his arrival. L. P. Eckstein and F. L. Parker, miners' and operators' representatives in the board, respectively, are already here. The board is expected to work night and day to expedite matters. The trouble of last week's struggle are strongly evident on all concerned, especially on the lead of each party.

### Sherman of the Mine Workers' Organization, and President Lindsey of the West Operators' Association.

The operators have been meeting all day discussing preparations for the investigation which Mr. Lindsey has wanted all along, and as to the chances for a settlement without investigation, he replied that there were none. The operators also met the boards of trade delegates at noon, and explained the stand they had taken and the reasons. The boards of trade men leave for home tomorrow. Hon. W. H. Cushing left on a trip of inspection of the mines in the afternoon. When this is completed he will proceed to Calgary.

### City's Health IS IMPORTANT

### And Council Amends Health Bylaw to Improve Sanitary Conditions.

The city council at its meeting last night amended the health bylaw so that tents and shacks throughout the city must be provided with adequate sanitary arrangements. The lack of these has been the cause of endless complaint. With the opening of the season the council will tend to prevent an impairment of the city's health.

The amended bylaw, provides that any person dwelling in a tent or shack shall within three days of their occupation notify the city medical health officer of the same. It further provides that no person shall allow anything dangerous to public health to remain on his premises. Every dwelling must be provided with a water closet connected with the sewer and waterworks, or else provided with a sanitary pail as a receptacle that may be easily removed.

Ald. Macaulay favored insisting on every tent and shack on the line of the sewer and water mains making connections. The mayor declared this to be impracticable because of the lack of means of many of the occupants of the tents and shacks.

"Then the city should make the connections in such cases," said Ald. Macaulay, "and charge it up to the owner on the installment plan."

It was explained that the city would be bankrupted if such a scheme were instituted. The property on which the shacks were located was heavily mortgaged in the majority of cases.

Ald. Walker wanted the provisions of the bylaw enforced insofar as houses were concerned. He believed this would result in a better class of houses being erected.

Ald. Picard opposed an extreme measure. The substitution of pits and the substitution of sanitary pails should be sufficient to meet the demands of the public health.

The bylaw as amended was finally passed.

## PUGSLEY'S SUCCESSOR

### Hon. Clifford W. Robinson, Who Will Be Attorney General.

Associated Press Despatch. St. John, N. B., April 26—Hon. Mr. Pugsley's place as attorney of the New Brunswick Government will be taken by Hon. Clifford W. Robinson, of Westmoreland, who was sworn in only a few days ago as Provincial Secretary.

### Burned Out—No Insurance.

Brandon, Man., April 26—The residence of Charles Botman, on Tenth street north, was completely gutted by fire last night. The cause of the fire is attributed to some children playing with matches. The fire caught by one of them dropping a lighted match in amongst some straw in the kitchen. There was no insurance.

## CITY TO CONTROL THE LOCATION

### Of New C. P. R. Station, Thus Holding a Lever Against Big Damage Claims.

The C. P. R. agreement will be brought before the council on Tuesday evening, when the clauses relating to the Tenth street grades and the damages from the erection of a subway will likely be fully discussed. The city solicitor will reduce a supplementary clause providing that the city assume the damage from the subway, and that the railway company shall make the city a donation. The railway company, having refused the city's earlier offer of \$25,000 in lieu of damages, it is expected that a larger amount will be required now by the city.

### Another clause will be introduced to provide that the railway company donate 20 feet to allow for an entrance to Tenth street from Jasper.

The mayor also stated that a supplementary clause would be introduced to provide that the city have the option, for about 6 months of the location of the station. This he expected would give the city a more favorable chance than heretofore of dealing with property owners along Jasper, regarding damages.

### American Divine for Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Man., April 26—Rev. A. A. Shaw, the noted Baptist minister of Brookline, Mass., has been called to extend to him by the First Baptist Church officials of Winnipeg a few weeks ago. The pastorate has been vacant for some months owing to the former pastor, Rev. John McNeill, accepting a call to Toronto.

## Twenty-Four Years Ago

From the Old Files of The Bulletin, April 28, 1883.

Singing birds have arrived from the sunny south.

Where, O, where is the mail! Twenty-one days out from Humboldt yesterday.

The water is too high to give the miners much of a chance this spring, and very few are going on the river.

W. Stiff has resigned the position of teacher in the public school. The school is being continued under the leadership of R. Secord, late of the Methodist mission school at Victoria.

A fire which started near Ross' hotel, on Wednesday, burned over all the face of the hill in rear of that building back to the travelled road and westward to the neighborhood of the public school house.

Simpson's survey party is subdividing at the north-western end of Beaver Lake, about thirty-five miles east of Ft. Saskatchewan. The country is level, open prairie, but with a very short growth of grass; and whether valuable or not as farming land remains to be seen.

News from Bow River is to the effect that there is no abatement of work on the C. P. R. surveys in the mountain west of Calgary. There is some excitement at Calgary about alleged rich discoveries of gold and silver in the Kicking Horse Pass. Many old miners express great faith in the reports.

An English company has secured the coal seam at the coal banks on Belly River, thirty miles below Fort MacLeod, and has contracted to supply 150 tons a day at Medicine Hat during the coming summer. The work is being managed by a Capt. Bryant, and the mine is to be known as the Leithridge mine.—Fort MacLeod Correspondence.

Paul Tavant arrived from Calgary on Thursday with one cart load of fur for the H.B.C. He made the trip in sixteen days. Cattle were still dying at Bow River when he left, principally those which arrived late last fall, and he heard that up to that time 6,500 hides had been brought

## COUNCIL FIXES NEW FIRE LIMITS

### Original Limits of 150 Feet, on Either Side of Jasper, Extended to Cover Larger Area.

A bylaw authorizing the extension of the city's fire limits was passed by the city council last night. This question has been on the slate for several months, but was held in abeyance until the committee, composed of Ald. Garpey, Manson and Daly, presented a building bylaw. This committee, however, failed to reach a satisfactory conclusion as to the regulations which should govern the kind of buildings to be constructed. Ald. Garpey reported to this effect, and advised the consideration of the fire limits extension as a question apart from the other. In the case of the building bylaw it was recommended that the question be referred to the building inspector for advice.

The fire limits under the bylaw, which was passed on motion of Ald. Walker, and which will come into effect June 1st, are as follows: From the brow of the hill at the end of Nanyo avenue north to Rice street to McDougall to Elizabeth street, west on McDougall to First street, west of Athabasca avenue to Fourth street, south on Fourth to the lane immediately south of Jasper avenue, thence east on Second to College street, east on College to McDougall street, and east from McDougall along the brow of the hill to Nanyo produced.

The original fire limits were extended for 150 feet on either side of Jasper ave. Ald. Walker raised an interesting point which he asked if a building not meeting the fire limits regulations could be erected within the limits after the bylaw came into effect. He provided the building permit had been issued previous to June 1st. It was stated the bylaw provided against this.

### Rioters At It Again.

Associated Press Despatch. Bridgetown, Island of Barbadoes, April 26—The rioters from the Island of St. Lucia are again turbulent. A despatch has been received from the governor of the island announcing that he needs assistance.

### Snow in Montreal.

Associated Press Despatch. Montreal, April 26—The weather man continues to hand out a queer line of gods to this community. Montrealers "came down" so they boasted today to find another blizzard snow storm in progress. The beautiful commenced coming down about 7 o'clock and continued up to noon. By that time the ground had quite a nice white blanket. In downtown St. Louis the snow melted as it fell and, a good many places made slush enough to create a hurry call for rubbers.

### Associated Press Despatch.

When Mr. Hardisty, who started for Bow River the week before last, arrived at Battle River he found the water high over the banks and the flats on both sides flooded. Not being able to cross his outfit, and fearing further trouble at the Red Deer, he sent on an Indian messenger with despatches, and remained at the Methodist mission on this side of the river waiting for the water to lower. This high water in the Battle River will probably cause a depression in the price of real estate on the old Battleford town site and a corresponding boom in the new town site of A. McDonald & Co. on the Saskatchewan.

### BAD FIRE AT MIDALE.

Department Store, Owned by Seaton, Will Net \$10,000 Loss.

Midale, Sask., April 26—A fire, the cause unknown, though probably due to gasoline lamps, destroyed the large department store owned by Seaton, of Macoun. The loss over insurance is close to \$10,000. Postmaster Rollin lost his books, while much mail, incoming and outgoing, was destroyed. The Northern Bank was also destroyed.

The Seaton store was lighted by gasoline, and it is presumed that one of these leaked. The fire burned furiously for many hours. The Northern Bank's safe fell through the floor and is now lying on its face embedded in the debris. This bank was largely patronized by farmers, who are expected in today to withdraw their money. There will be some disappointments. It will require a derick to remove the safe from where it lies.



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ED-7 to my premises, Febru-

1907, bay mare, some white on

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wac, Cracrow, Alta.

ED-Came to the premises of

undesignated, one red and one

steer, rising two years; owner

have same by proving property

paying expenses. D. E. Finney,

14, 32-55-26. P. O. Riviera

Barre.

# PEPPER AND PARKS ON STAND

In Wood Murder Trial. Parks  
a Good Witness Pepper  
Somewhat Mixed.

At the Wood murder trial yesterday  
afternoon the examination of William  
Parks, one of the dead man's boon  
companions, occupied the entire af-  
ternoon.

Parks gave his evidence in a  
straightforward manner frequently  
asserting that he wished to tell entire  
truth, and it was apparent that he  
did so. There was nothing of much  
importance in his evidence differing  
from his story at the coroner's in-  
quest. He said:

"I am a laborer in Edmonton. I  
knew the accused, George Wood, and  
an acquaintance with Pepper and John  
Peacock. I knew Wood also. I last  
saw Houde in the Queen's hotel on  
April 5th in the morning between  
seven and eight o'clock. Pepper and  
I went to the Queen's about seven  
o'clock and were sitting in the card  
room when Houde came in. Peacock  
was with us. He came in after we  
did. Houde came in and there was  
a quarrel on his face. Peacock said to  
him, 'What is the matter? What hurt  
you?' and he replied, 'George Wood  
me had a fight.' Pepper asked  
him what Wood hit him with, and  
Houde made no reply. He then  
handed the key of the shack to Pea-  
per and walked out. I then went  
down to the shack. I had been there  
before and saw Houde, George  
Wood and Peacock there. Houde  
went before, and one time he asked  
me to go down and have a bowl of  
soup. The next time I went down  
was in the morning a few days  
before the murder. On April 5th we  
went into the shack. I went in first  
and saw Wood lying on the bed. I  
thought at first he was drunk, but  
after looking further saw that he was  
dead. I went in and saw that he  
was dead. I told them to immediately  
notify the police. We left at once and  
Pepper went on ahead and informed  
the police.

"Pepper and I slept the previous  
night over at the Jasper. I did not  
see the accused at all on Thursday.  
I went between three and four o'clock  
in the evening in the Queen's. We had  
a drink together. He was playing cards  
there most of the morning and was  
pretty full after the drink said he  
was going home to supper and left.  
This was the last that I saw of him.  
I was last to the shack before on  
Sunday morning, March 31st. It  
was shortly after seven o'clock.  
Peacock and Houde were there get-  
ting their breakfast. Houde was  
cooking and said, 'Now, George, you  
must cut this out this way.' I  
thought he considered I was burn-  
ing a meal and I turned and went.  
Wood and I walked out and we went  
to the Jasper House."

"To Mr. Robertson: 'I met Wood at  
the Jasper House. We were sitting  
at the table. We did not have a drink  
before we went to the shack. When we  
went to the shack, when we went  
back to town on the morning of the  
murder, he came into the office  
produced out of his pocket. He then  
said he was going to the office and  
left me. I didn't see him again  
that day. Houde's expression  
'You must cut this out this way' re-  
ferred to Wood's condition. Houde  
stayed about five minutes in the  
Hill card room on the morning of  
April 5th. We did not talk about any-  
thing in particular. This scratch on  
his cheek was the only wound I re-  
minded of. I was in the Jasper  
House the night before the murder."

"Here followed a lengthy questioning  
by the defendant's counsel as to the  
position in which the body was lying  
at the time when he saw it at the  
shack."

"When Pepper left us to inform the  
police of the murder we agreed to  
meet at the Jasper. I guess it was  
my duty to have informed the police.  
I told the bartender of the mur-  
der."

"To the Magistrate: 'When Pea-  
cock got the key from Houde at the  
Queen's he asked Houde where he  
slept that night. He replied that in  
the livery barn and Peacock said he  
slept at the Jasper. That was all that  
was said. I don't know Albert  
Jones at all. I had known Wood for  
two years. He was somewhat quar-  
relsome when drunk but a fine man  
when sober."

"Last Night's Session.  
The only witness examined in the  
Wood murder trial last night was John  
Pepper, the man who reported the  
finding of the body to the police on  
the morning of the murder. He was  
at times inclined to undue levity and  
was reprimanded by the magistrate.  
His evidence was as follows: 'I  
am a carpenter and knew Wood.  
I also knew Peacock and Parks. I  
saw Houde in the Queen's this morning  
the body was found. He came in and  
sat down there, going out again  
shortly."

"Afterwards Peacock asked if we  
had seen George Wood and then we  
went down to the shack and found  
him lying dead. I hurried back and  
told the police. Afterwards I went  
to the Jasper hotel and was soon ar-  
rested there."

"The previous night I slept with  
Parks over Loozy's harness shop.  
I went to bed between ten and eleven  
o'clock. I don't know if the Jasper  
bar was closed when we went to  
bed."

"To Mr. Robertson: 'I was with  
Parks on the evening of April 4th.  
I was not very badly drunk that night.'  
The court then adjourned till this  
morning.

**SHOOTING CHICKENS.**  
Charles Neamey, of Minnesota, came  
before E. H. Malcolm, J.P., on com-  
plaint of the chief game warden  
and was convicted of killing prairie  
chickens contrary to the provision  
of sub-section 5 of section 5 of the  
Game Act, which reads as follows:—  
"No person shall hunt, trap, take,  
shoot at, wound or kill any bird of  
the family Gallinæ, commonly known  
as grouse, partridge, pheasant, prairie  
chicken and prairie chicken before the  
15th of September, 1908."

B squardon, C.M.R., will resume  
their weekly drills this Saturday, ev-  
ening.

# HOUDE VERY UNCONCERNED

Does Not Seem to Realize the  
Seriousness of Charge of  
Murdering Geo. Wood

The preliminary hearing of the  
murder charge against Victor Houde  
was resumed at 10.30 this morning.  
There was the same eager crowd of  
spectators and the same close inter-  
est as characterized the previous at-  
tempts of the court and the coroner's  
inquest.

Apparently the most unconcerned  
man in the court room is the prisoner  
himself. Sitting much of the time  
with his chair tilted back and his  
hands in his pockets, he appears to  
take but a casual interest in the  
charge which has been preferred  
against him.

After the introductory testimony of  
the police officers, the coroner and  
the physician who conducted the au-  
topsy, the Crown Prosecutor proceed-  
ed yesterday afternoon to account for  
Houde's conduct accused on the night  
of the tragedy.

Between seven and eight o'clock he  
was seen by Thomas McFee at the  
Jasper House, and then occurred a  
break till ten o'clock, which has not  
yet been accounted for. About that  
hour he was found by H. C. Payzant  
at his house on Bellamy. This witness  
took him to a shack, which he  
prisoner pointed out to him, and then  
left him. At 11.15, he was in the Sec-  
ate hotel for a time, shortly after  
he left Alberta hotel, where he  
remained till three, and then at a  
Fraser Avenue livery barn, where  
he slept till seven in the morning.

All the witnesses who saw him stated  
that he was more or less drunk dur-  
ing the night.

The greater part of this morning's  
session was taken up with testimony  
of old John Peacock. His evidence  
was much similar to what he gave  
at the coroner's inquest, but a new  
point was brought out when he stated  
that he had ascertained that Wood  
was dead on Thursday night. He  
was visited the shack before returning  
to the Jasper House. He could not  
remember the exact time he went  
to the shack, however, and on this,  
as on a number of other questions,  
he was evasive. At one point the  
magistrate threatened to commit him  
if he would not answer the prosecu-  
tor's questions promptly. His testi-  
mony in the afternoon was not  
satisfactory to the magistrate, and he  
was further questioned at the af-  
ternoon session.

There is great need of a stenogra-  
pher at the hearing, and the presid-  
ing officer several times proposed to  
close the court till such was pro-  
cured, as he was unable to take down  
the evidence at the rate it was being  
given.

The following are the facts accord-  
ing to the facts according to the wit-  
nesses.

**Houde's Movements.**  
James A. Henry—"I am night clerk  
at the Alberta Hotel. I have seen the  
accused at the hotel on the morning  
of the murder. He came into the office  
produced out of his pocket. He then  
said he was going to the office and  
left me. I didn't see him again  
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at the time when he saw it at the  
shack."

"When Pepper left us to inform the  
police of the murder we agreed to  
meet at the Jasper. I guess it was  
my duty to have informed the police.  
I told the bartender of the mur-  
der."

"To the Magistrate: 'When Pea-  
cock got the key from Houde at the  
Queen's he asked Houde where he  
slept that night. He replied that in  
the livery barn and Peacock said he  
slept at the Jasper. That was all that  
was said. I don't know Albert  
Jones at all. I had known Wood for  
two years. He was somewhat quar-  
relsome when drunk but a fine man  
when sober."

"Last Night's Session.  
The only witness examined in the  
Wood murder trial last night was John  
Pepper, the man who reported the  
finding of the body to the police on  
the morning of the murder. He was  
at times inclined to undue levity and  
was reprimanded by the magistrate.  
His evidence was as follows: 'I  
am a carpenter and knew Wood.  
I also knew Peacock and Parks. I  
saw Houde in the Queen's this morning  
the body was found. He came in and  
sat down there, going out again  
shortly."

"Afterwards Peacock asked if we  
had seen George Wood and then we  
went down to the shack and found  
him lying dead. I hurried back and  
told the police. Afterwards I went  
to the Jasper hotel and was soon ar-  
rested there."

"The previous night I slept with  
Parks over Loozy's harness shop.  
I went to bed between ten and eleven  
o'clock. I don't know if the Jasper  
bar was closed when we went to  
bed."

"To Mr. Robertson: 'I was with  
Parks on the evening of April 4th.  
I was not very badly drunk that night.'  
The court then adjourned till this  
morning.

**SHOOTING CHICKENS.**  
Charles Neamey, of Minnesota, came  
before E. H. Malcolm, J.P., on com-  
plaint of the chief game warden  
and was convicted of killing prairie  
chickens contrary to the provision  
of sub-section 5 of section 5 of the  
Game Act, which reads as follows:—  
"No person shall hunt, trap, take,  
shoot at, wound or kill any bird of  
the family Gallinæ, commonly known  
as grouse, partridge, pheasant, prairie  
chicken and prairie chicken before the  
15th of September, 1908."

B squardon, C.M.R., will resume  
their weekly drills this Saturday, ev-  
ening.

# per in one of the Chinese restauran-

At this point the witness became  
somewhat troublesome to the crown  
prosecutor, and received a reprimand,  
and was threatened with committal  
from the magistrate.

**Found Dead Body.**  
"The last day I was there was on  
Thursday. I went back to the shack  
in the evening. The door was closed  
but not locked. I don't know what  
time it was. George Wood was ly-  
ing on the floor. I felt his left hand.  
It was cold. I hid him as he lay."

"I did not look at anything around  
the shack. I was so shocked at find-  
ing my blood stains. I did not  
know my blood stains. The lamp  
was not lighted. I came up town at  
once. I don't know whether I went  
at once to the Jasper, where I slept  
that night."

"In the morning I saw Pepper and  
Parks at the Jasper, and asked them  
to go down to the shack. I can't say  
what time it was. I took them down  
so they could acquaint me with the  
place. The body was in the same posi-  
tion as the night before."

**Houde and Wood Quarrelled.**  
"When living at the house I sup-  
plied most of the food. Occasionally  
there was talk between Houde and  
Wood, but no row about food. The  
row was because Houde objected to  
Wood bringing whisky into the shack.  
I heard Houde tell Wood he had to  
go out drinking and he had to go  
to the shack in a drunken condition."

"Wood gave no reason for going  
away without breakfast on Thursday  
morning. The only other time that  
Wood alive was before dinner, when  
he asked me at the Queen's hotel if  
Houde was at the shack."

"The next morning Houde came  
into the Queen's hotel, while I was  
there and handed me the key of the  
shack. He said he had some difficul-  
ty with Wood, and then walked  
out. I asked him no questions, and  
he said nothing more. I have never  
whether Houde knew that Wood was  
dead. I swear I had no knowledge  
of the murder until I saw the body."

"The morning Pepper, Parks and  
I went down to the shack I did not  
see Houde. He was not present in the  
shack when Wood was killed. He  
occasionally brought friends to the  
shack. Parks was the only one that  
I knew of."

"At this juncture the court was ad-  
journed till two o'clock, when Pea-  
cock's examination was continued."

**YESTERDAY AFTERNOON'S  
EVIDENCE.**  
The preliminary hearing in the  
Wood murder case in which Victor  
Houde is charged, was resumed at  
1.45 yesterday afternoon before Mag-  
istrate W. A. Wood.

**The Post Mortem Examination.**  
Dr. Farquharson was the first wit-  
ness called. He testified to having start-  
ed post-mortem on the body of Geo.  
Wood on April 5th and gave the de-  
tailed notes which he had previously  
read at the coroner's inquest.

Before he started Mr. Robertson  
protested against the witness to re-  
fresh his memory of the morning of  
the murder. He had dictated to his  
assistant, Dr. Barrow, at the post mor-  
tem and afterwards copied his notes  
into a book. The magistrate ruled that  
he should give his evidence without  
using his notes and requested the wit-  
ness to return to the witness stand.

**Quite a heated argument took place  
below the witness stand. The witness  
stated that he could not give the post-  
mortem notes in detail with-  
out notes and the defence in objec-  
tion to the witness reading to the  
court.**

**Skull Produced.**  
During the progress of the evidence  
the skull of the deceased was pro-  
duced and the nature of the wound  
demonstrated by the witness.  
At the conclusion of the post mor-  
tem examination Mr. Robertson cross-ex-  
amined at some length on technical  
questions in connection with the au-  
topsy.

**To the Magistrate:—I found only  
evidence of one blow having been  
struck. It was apparently struck  
from behind, but not from that I  
cannot say. Any blunt instrument  
He replied that the fracture that I saw  
I cannot give the relative position of  
Wood and the man who struck the  
blow.**

**New Witness Heard From.**  
Thomas McFee was next called. He  
was the first witness who has not  
previously given evidence at the cor-  
oner's inquest.

"I have been working at Stoney  
Plain," he said, "and The Bulletin  
office as fireman. I saw George  
Wood last night being taken to the  
shack. I saw him at the Jasper  
House sitting-room between six and  
eight o'clock. He asked me to go  
up and stay with him all night but  
I did not go."

"I stayed at the Jasper House and  
have been staying there since. I  
have been engineer at The Bulletin  
and at the iron works. I have never  
seen Wood since that night."

"I first heard of the murder next  
day. I can't say what day of the  
week it was."

"To Mr. Robertson: 'I was a friend  
of George Wood. We used to have  
good times together.'"

**Houde's Movements.**  
Herbert C. Payzant, next called, was  
another witness. "I live at 53  
Bellamy, and am an engineer. I  
knew the prisoner Houde. I saw him  
on the morning of the murder. He was  
standing before ten o'clock. He was stand-  
ing against the door frame of the  
house in which he was living."

"I asked him what he was doing  
and he replied, 'I don't know, I guess  
I am pretty drunk.' I pointed to the  
other (the shack which the body  
was found) down the street and asked  
him if it was not his shack. He re-  
plied, 'I don't know. I have fallen  
in with a livery barn on the north  
side of Bellamy. We went there  
and he decided he didn't live  
there. He usually went out very  
early, and occasionally came back  
late."

"I then went to that morning between  
six and seven o'clock. After Houde  
and I had breakfast I went out about  
eight o'clock. I had dinner and sup-

per in one of the Chinese restauran-  
taries. One of these, however, he  
said was his and started for it. There  
was a light in this shack. (This was  
not Houde's shack.) I pointed to the  
other (the shack which the body  
was found) down the street and asked  
him if it was not his shack. He re-  
plied, 'I don't know. I have fallen  
in with a livery barn on the north  
side of Bellamy. We went there  
and he decided he didn't live  
there. He usually went out very  
early, and occasionally came back  
late.'

**At Senate Hotel.**  
George Howens also appeared for  
the defence. "I am a waiter at the  
murder. He said: 'I am clerk at the  
Senate Hotel. I know the prisoner.  
I can tell you where he was on the  
day after evening. When looked up at  
twelve he asked him to go out and  
he went. He was slightly intoxica-  
ted but was able to talk and walk  
straight. He wore a black felt hat  
pulled down over his eyes. I did  
not see any marks on his face."

"To Mr. Robertson: 'If he had much  
blood on his face I would have seen  
it.'"

**REGINA.**  
The site of the old Windsor hotel,  
which was destroyed by fire last fall,  
has been sold for \$60,000.

C. W. Hurlbut has severed con-  
nection with the firm of McDermott,  
and the firm has been re-named  
now be known as McPherson, Mc-  
Dermott & Co.

The new ground Victoria Park  
to be sold and that park as well as  
Wascana Park are to be prepared for  
the public.

The Regina Chinese Mission has  
started a subscription list for the re-  
lief of the famine sufferers in China,  
and up to yesterday \$215.10 had been  
subscribed.

Mr. Phillips, who founded the  
Moose Jaw News about the same time  
as late N. F. Davin launched the  
Leader, is a visitor here this week  
after an absence of eighteen years.

The spring floods are on in good  
shape and ordinary field streams  
are running torrents of water.  
Farmers who have come in from the  
surrounding country report bridges  
being washed away and crossing streams  
is dangerous work just at present.

Charles Wright has been appointed  
chief of the fire department, and  
will take office on Monday. He will  
without salary, he to have the gate-  
house on the north side of the gate-  
way at the corner of the street and  
privilege of stabling accommodation  
for eight horses. Rules and a sched-  
ule of rates for the use of the gate-  
house and stables will be prepared  
whereby horsemen, stockmen and  
others may enjoy the use of the race  
track and stabling.

**SETTLER.**  
There is a splendid opening here  
for a steam laundry.  
The school board will spend \$3000  
in fencing and other improvements,  
and the school will be ready to re-  
ceive a shipment of 600 sheep were  
placed in the herd yard.

Notice is given in the current is-  
sue of the Saskatchewan Gazette that  
of eighteen new school districts  
and four new village school  
districts.

Const. Sambrook, R. N. W. M. P.,  
has gone to Indian Head to take  
charge there in the place of Const.  
Stewart, who has been recalled to  
deport division.

By proclamation in the recent is-  
sue of the Saskatchewan Gazette  
some 15 townships are withdrawn  
from the reserve near Battleford,  
Marion, Hall and Schell. Umpires:  
Johnston and Bennett.

The C.P.R. through their solicitor,  
H. A. Robson, has made application  
to have the convictions against them  
annulled, and the Prairie Fire  
Ordinance set aside, as it contends  
that the Railway Commission has  
the power to make these laws, and  
not the province.

**LETHBRIDGE.**  
The increase of wheat acreage in  
this district will be close to fifty per  
cent. The Lethbridge and Maltby  
Another undertaker is to establish  
here. He is H. Banks of Latch-  
ford.

The automobile livery is to be  
opened shortly. A stock company will  
provide the capital.

The C.P.R. changes in the south  
will transfer 150 people from Mac-  
leod to Lethbridge.

G. F. Russell has just returned to  
Lethbridge with six exceptionally  
good Clydesdale fillies.

H. T. Cherry has purchased a 40-  
horse power Panhard automobile,  
which is about the largest and high-  
est-powered car in the province.

About 50 feet was the depth ac-  
complished by the gas boring outfit  
yesterday, about the best of any day  
yet.

J. S. Wellington, a contractor of  
Kenmore, N. D., arrived in Leth-  
bridge, yesterday to open business  
here.

The Lethbridge Brewing & Malting  
Co. has installed a 40-ton refrig-  
erator plant and has started its two-  
new 60-horse power engines.

Several new members were receiv-  
ed into Wesley Church on Sunday  
evening. The number received dur-  
ing the last few weeks is now about  
eighty.

Mayor Galbraith is proclaiming  
May 9th a civic holiday for the pur-  
pose of celebrating the first anniver-  
sary of the granting to Lethbridge  
of its charter as a city.

E. E. Reynolds, superintendent of  
the Diamond coal mine at Diamond  
City, states that work on the  
mine will be started in the near future.  
The mine will have 44,000 gallons  
capacity, was begun last week.

The I. O. O. F. at their last ses-  
sion appointed a committee to ar-  
range in regard to the building of  
a block upon their lots on the cor-  
ner of Round and Dufferin streets,  
which is used for stores and lodg-  
ing rooms.

Hugh Scott water-master, is dig-  
ging holes for the young trees which  
are shortly to be planted out on Red-  
path street. Of the 1,700 trees still  
in the nursery, about 1,000 will be  
sent out at this season. Some 275 by  
private parties.

A petition asking that a bylaw to bor-  
row \$125,000 for sewer and water ex-  
tensions, signed by 585 ratepayers has  
been presented to the council and  
will be considered at the next meet-  
ing.

The city council has ordered an up-  
date garbage wagon to cost \$420.  
This committee recommended the  
rigid enforcement of the health by-  
law this year; and all ratepayers  
having water and sewer connections  
have closets moved off the premises  
by May 15th; that a charge of \$4.00  
be levied on all house-  
holders for cost of scavenging for  
year 1907.

**CALGARY.**  
The first meeting of the Western  
Irrigation company will be held in  
Calgary on June 17th.

Mayor Cameron took charge of the  
proceedings in the police court yester-  
day morning, and settled the two  
cases before him in a hurry.

Yesterday morning a detached car  
jumped the rails near the freight  
yard, and ran into the oil house,  
and did damage to the extent of near-  
ly \$300.

J. H. Woods, editor and managing  
director of the Herald, arrived from  
Toronto on yesterday afternoon's  
train.

The Wednesday half-holiday for the  
retail store employees, will go into  
effect in June.

R. W. Fox, sanitary inspector, has  
decided to retain his position in view  
of the increase in the city.

The Masonic Temple building is  
now well under way, and the walls  
of the first story are fast going up.

The final survey of the Grand  
Trunk Pacific air line from Regina  
to Brandon was completed yester-  
day.

G. W. Grant-Wright has left the  
employ of the Provincial Depart-  
ment of Agriculture, to engage in  
farming near Franco.

Messrs. Storey and Van Emond  
are preparing plans for a \$30,000  
school at North Battleford and a \$12-  
000 school at Heward.

D. C. Rea, manager of the Royal  
Bank of Canada in Winnipeg, Man.,  
has been here for the past few days  
arranging for the opening

## THE WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

### Nations Producing Power Taxed to Limit. Broader Foreign Demands for Cereals.

New York, April 26.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade to-morrow will say:

Weather conditions have again dominated trade, but reports have become irregular, some sections are still complaining of unfavorable temperature, while most despatches reflect the brighter results of tardy sunshine. Similar uncertainty is recorded as to the progress of the crops, while the cereal markets are responsive to the strengthening influence of a broader foreign demand. Manufacturers continue vigorously preparing for future activity, the only idle machinery is reported at footwear factories, where spring deliveries are about finished, and full contracts have not yet arrived. A few small strikes are also interrupting manufacturers but in the aggregate a very limited part of the nation's producing power is inactive, and most of the idle machinery is due to the scarcity of labor. A vast tonnage of freight starts out from lake points with the opening of navigation and railway earnings thus far reported for April exceed similar figures for last year by 14.4 per cent. Foreign commerce at this port for the last week showed a gain of \$1,003,207 in imports and \$278,842 in exports as compared with the movement a year ago. Failure this week in the United States were 228 against 215 last year.

Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: In Canada, warmer weather has helped trade, and good reports as to fall business come from travellers on the West. General complaint of slow deliveries of manufacturers come from all leading markets.

Montreal reports that business is helped by warm weather. Business in fall goods is turning out good and there is some improvement in collections. Large shipments of butter have been made to New York. Toronto complains of slow deliveries of goods. Building is active, and Ontario collections are better. An increased area in wheat is expected. Failure this week in the Northwest. Failures reported for the week are 18 compared with 23 a year ago.

### NEW YORK STOCK COMMENT.

New York, April 26.—For many days past intimations of a change in the stock market circles that the address of President Roosevelt at the Jamestown exposition would contain utterances calculated to revive active operations in securities and quiet apprehension over the attitude of the administration towards corporations. Immediately upon the publication of this address today all active speculation practically stagnated. The habitual operators were so disgusted with the apathetic reception of this expected reviving influence that they abandoned operations. A favorite rating also helped to depress the day's attendance at the stock exchange. Crop damage reports continued to depress a large part of the speculation chiefly by depressing activity, but finally awakened the whole market. The tone of stocks was rather firm for most of the day. This was wholly in sympathy with the strength of Union Pacific and Reading. Money continued easy in spite of the prospect for a weak bank return tomorrow. Treasury operations were apparently more than offset by the movement of currency on balance to the interior, the loss in cash by the bank being estimated in the neighborhood of a million dollars.

There was some recovery in the London discount rate today, following the recent continuous decline. Reports from Paris asserted that there would be no reduction from the existing 3 1/2 per cent. rate of the Bank of France until the return to Paris of the full amount of gold recently advanced to London by that market. Atchison and Rock Island made strong returns of March net earnings, and this and the rise in Union Pacific failed to hold the market against the growing strength of wheat. Union Pacific was affected by repetition of unconfirmed rumors of a holding company to take over the stocks of other companies.

Bonds were steady. Total sales par value \$1,186,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

### NEW YORK WHEAT BULLISH.

New York, April 26.—Wheat receipts 16,000, sales 40,000, futures 92,000 spot. There was a further big advance in wheat today, last prices showing 1 3/4 to 7/8 net at 60 as a result of killing frosts in the southwest and no signs of rain. In the afternoon active export buying and sharp advances in foreign markets added to the bull market here. May 89 1-8 to 1-2, closed 90 1/2; July 89 1-2 to 90 7/8, closed 90 3/4; Sept. 90 9-16 to 91 3/4, closed 91 5/8.

### SALL MONEY AND LOANS.

New York, April 26.—Money on call easy, highest 2 1/4 per cent., lowest 2; ruling rate, 2; last loan, 2; closing bid, 2; offered at, 2. Time loans easy; sixty days' bills posted rate 4.83 1/2 to 4.84 and 4.86 1/2 to 4.87. Commercial bills, 4.83 1/2; bar silver, 65 cents; Mexican dollars, 50 3/4; government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, steady; prime mercantile paper, 5 3/4 to 6 per cent.

### LONDON MONEY MARKET.

London, April 26.—Consols for money, 85 9/16; consols for account, 85 5/8; Annuities, 12 7/8; bar silver, quiet, 30 5/8 per ounce; money 1 3/4 to 2 per cent.; discount rate short bills, 3 per cent.; three months' bills, 3 1/2 to 1 1/2 per cent.

### COPPER.

Boston, Mass., April 26.—Copper stocks were generally steady today. Calumet and Hecla were strong. Copper range was active upon news of the settlement of the Payne-Webb and Co. suits.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

New York, April 25.—Rostin, firm; turpentine, firm; molasses, steady; pig iron, steady; copper, steady, 24.50 to 25.25; lead, dull; tin, firm; straits, 42.50 to 43.50; spelter, dull; domestic, 6.55 to 6.65.

## THE INTRODUCER OF IODOFORM

### Fell Into the Danube and was Drowned. Tragic Death of Prof. Moorehof.

Vienna, April 26.—Professor Albert Ritter Von Mosehoff Moorehof, the famous surgeon and introductor of iodoform, while walking on the bank of the Danube today fell in the river and was drowned. It was at first thought he had committed suicide, but enquiries tend to prove that his death was accidental. The professor was subject to sudden fainting fits, due to calcification of the arteries. It is supposed that an attack of this sort caused him to fall into the river. His body has not been recovered.

### RETURNS TO REGINA.

After 18 Years' Absence—Journalist Who Was Formerly on Bulletin.

Regina, Sask., April 26.—After an absence of 18 years, H. T. McPhillips is back in the city and is naturally much impressed with the change he sees. It was he who founded the Moose Jaw News a couple of weeks after Nicholas Flood Davis started the Regina Leader, the two being associated on the Toronto Globe staff, though Mr. McPhillips was on a fine mechanical end. From Moose Jaw he went in 1883 to Edmonton and worked with another old Globe man, Frank Oliver, on the Bulletin. In 1888, Mr. McPhillips moved down the river on flat boats to Prince Albert and a couple of years later he published his Directory and History of Saskatchewan, which was printed and bound by the Qu'Appelle Progress. In 1889 he went East, and has not been west of Winnipeg since that time until now.

### RANFURLY.

With the disappearance of the snow Ranfurly is taking a renewed life. The first wagons out of the district made its appearance in town today. If Old Sol keeps up his good work it will only be a few days before the snow will have disappeared. The farmers are all anxious to get busy on the land. There is considerable ploughing to be done in this district this spring.

The crop area this year will be double that of last season, and conditions are good for an extra heavy crop.

Davis Bros. have stated positively that if, in July, the crops look promising, they will commence work on an elevator, which will be completed in time for the crop. They evidently do not lack present accommodations for handling grain. This will be a boon for Ranfurly, as much of the grain which belongs to this place has heretofore gone to Vegreville, where the farmers could get cash for their grain.

The Ranfurly school board are asking for tenders for the erection of a new schoolhouse in the newly formed district. Bids are invited to \$15,000. Pending the completion of the schoolhouse, classes will be conducted in the hall, which has been nicely furnished for that purpose.

The board has been fortunate in securing the services of a teacher. Mr. E. M. Conklin holds a provincial certificate as teacher. School commenced on Monday.

The farm lands to the south are rapidly being settled. Three or four cars of settlers' effects have already arrived at the village, and the settlers are here, awaiting the arrival of their cars.

Dr. and Mrs. Steele visited the doctor recently. The doctor reported on Mr. Muschart, whom he called in a very serious condition.

Mr. Muschart recently underwent a successful operation recently. The Massey-Harris Agency is kept busy just now.

What this village needs is a good blacksmith. People have to go to Lavoie to get their smithing done.

Mr. Fred Blais with a party drove to Viking to a dance this week.

Mr. R. Snowball is busy hauling building logs from the village to his farm two miles south.

Mrs. Gallagher has again taken up her residence in the village.

Mr. X. A. Blais left for Montreal last Monday.

### ABSORB SUBSIDIZED ROAD.

C. P. R. May Take Over Owen Sound and Meaford Railway.

Toronto, April 26.—It is probable that the Canadian Pacific will take over the charter of the Owen Sound and Meaford Railway which had planned to build from Owen Sound to Meaford this summer. The line was recently subsidized to the extent of \$88,000 by the Dominion Government. A conference was held a few days ago between several prominent C.P.R. officials and James McCutcheon, president of the Owen Sound and Meaford company and it is believed that an understanding was reached as to the construction of the road.

The C.P.R. plan is to build from Owen Sound through to Meaford and Collingwood and to a junction of the proposed Victoria Harbor line near Peterborough. The C.P.R. would thus secure two new ports on Georgian Bay and the line would be brought into the field for considerable business which the Grand Trunk now handles exclusively.

### KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

The new lodge, No. 22, of this fraternal order, will be instituted on Wednesday evening, May 1st, at the Oddfellows' hall, Norwood block. This lodge will start out with a large select list of charter members. Jasper Dige's crack team will consist of ranks of page, acquire and knight. The amplified form will be used and the entire work will be the best ever in or out of Alberta.

Visiting Knights will be present from Lethbridge, Macleod, Claresholm, Nanton, High River, Okotoks, Calgary, Olds, Wetaskiwin, Vegreville and other towns.

## INSURING OF STANDING TIMBER

### This Question is Basis of Suit Brought by C. P. R. Against a Company.

Toronto, April 26.—Another big question of provincial rights has loomed up. This time it is the incorporation of three companies. The question is whether the companies incorporated by the province of Ontario can do business outside of that province. Involved in this question are the rights of thousands of companies all over the province representing capital up to nearly \$10,000,000. Involved is also a matter of \$250,000 more each year to the province. But it affects every province in Canada as well as Ontario. The question will be argued in the supreme court at Ottawa on May 7, when T. C. Ritchie, K.C., and Thomas Milroy, K.C., assistant provincial secretary, will represent Ontario. The case will probably go to the privy council. The language of the act comes up in the case of the C. P. R. vs. the Ottawa Fire Insurance Company.

The C. P. R. carried insurance in the Ottawa companies against fires that might be caused by sparks from the engines passing along its line through the forests of the state of Maine. There was a loss and litigation followed. There was some mistake in the policy and the question arose as to the power of the company to insure standing timber. The C. P. R. then said to the company: "If you are not bound by the policy you should repay the premiums."

### BUILDING PERMITS.

At the office of the building inspector this forenoon, permits were taken out for the following building: J. A. Herzer, dwelling, McDonald, \$800.

Alice Bateman, dwelling, Heilmick, \$350.

W. S. Moir, laundry, First, \$360.

A. S. Sproule, dwelling, Sixth, \$3,500.

S. Swenson, dwelling, River, \$1,500.

### CANADIAN CLUB LUNCHEON.

The members of the Canadian club are reminded that Monday, April 29th is the last regular meeting of the Canadian Club for the season, and a full attendance is desired. The program will consist of a discussion on the Improvement of Edmonton. The question of a public library for the city, and other problems will come up for discussion.

### Wm. Conklin, the Dominion Inspector of Foods, Arrived in Edmonton on Friday from Moose Jaw, and is stopping at the King Edward.

## WOOD MURDER WITNESSES FIGHT

### Wm. Parks was Assaulted by Bartender Sutter. Sutter Fined \$5 and Costs.

As the result of a quarrel at the bar of the Jasper House yesterday afternoon, William Parks, one of the principal witnesses in the Wood murder case, had Charles Sutter, the bartender, summoned before Magistrate Cowan at the police court this forenoon. John Pepper, who has also obtained prominence as the result of the murder, was another principal in this forenoon's case.

From the evidence of an eye-witness, one Laurence Barry, it appears that Pepper had aroused the ire of Sutter, who squirted some water from a siphon upon him. He took refuge behind Parks, who also received a sprinkling.

This led to the quarrel between Sutter and Parks, with the result that the former grabbed Parks over the bar, and in the language of the witness "gave him a few cracks on the side of the head."

Parks wanted an adjournment to substantiate the evidence of a Galician, who had given his side of the case, but the magistrate thought that he had heard sufficient to come to a decision, and fined the defendant \$5 and costs.

Sutter left the court exclaiming angrily to his friends that he had more than received the value of his money.

### Red Deer and Camrose real estate is attracting considerable attention from Edmonton people just now. The firm of Mountfield & Graves yesterday disposed of \$1,500 worth of Camrose property, and there has been a steady demand for it all week.

### With rye, scotch or brandy, York Sparks adds zest and improves flavor, because no salts overload it; it does wonders in bringing out the bouquet of spirits. Ask for it at good hotels and clubs; or tell your wine merchant you want it.

### York Sparks is better—yet costs no more. The Mineral Springs Limited, Toronto

## Butter Direct From Milk

The Ideal Butter Separator will take Butter direct from Sweet Milk in Seven Minutes. It will also take it from Sour Milk and Sweet and Sour Cream. It costs but \$24.00 for 7 gal. size; \$35.00 for 15 gal. size; and \$40.00 for 24 gal. size. If you are interested write for particulars. This Butter Separator does away with the Cream Separator and Churns of all kinds. It separates the butter direct from the Sweet Milk in less time than a Cream Separator separates the Cream from the Milk. Our Ideal Butter Separator combines both the working qualities of the Cream Separator and the Barrel Churn at a less cost than either one or the other.

EVERY SEPARATOR GUARANTEED TO DO AS REPRESENTED. AGENTS WANTED.

## The Iroquois Manufacturing Co., Limited, Iroquois, Ont.

### Let me show you why you, personally, can make money with a PEERLESS Incubator

I Take Most of the Risk

There is money in raising poultry. Why can't you get some of it? You can; and I know you can, if you make the right start. I am so sure you can that I will outfit you to start without your paying me a cent beforehand.

No philanthropy about it—just plain business with me. I mean exactly what I say when I propose to do just this:

I will furnish what you need to start with, and you needn't pay for it until it has paid for itself twice over, at least. This is the idea:

Tell me who you are, to begin with. Then I will show you where the profit in poultry really is, and that you can get as big a share of it as you deserve.

When I have satisfied you on that, just tell me you are ready to start after that profit, and—

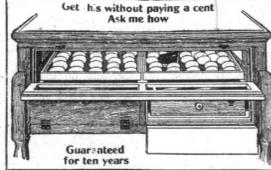
I will ship you a Peerless Incubator, and a Peerless Brooder,—or just the incubator alone.

I will pay the freight charges.

I will tell you how to run the incubator and run it right.

I will stand right back of you all the time, tell you anything you want to know about poultry-raising, find a good market for any poultry you want to sell, act as your expert advisor, and leave the profit for you.

All I ask you to do is to promise to pay me for what I ship you, after it has had time to earn twice its cost and more.



Get this without paying a cent. Ask me how.

Guaranteed for ten years.

### I will give you any time you want to pay in, three years, if you say so

I will guarantee everything about the incubator to be all right,—I will take just about all the risks, in fact.

You supply the eggs and the oil for the lamp, and use common-sense and a little energy,—that's your part of it.

I can show you why that is so, if you will ask me to,—can't do it here, because there's no room. Tell me you'd like to know why the Peerless Way Makes Poultry Pay. I will see that you get the facts. Write and ask to-day.

The Lee-Hodgins Co., Limited, 000 Pembroke St., Pembroke, Ontario

To save time and freight Western orders will be shipped from our Winnipeg warehouse; but all letters ought to be sent to Pembroke.

### I will guarantee it for TEN years and give you THREE years to pay for the "PEERLESS" INCUBATOR

### Page 13 of my FREE Book tells why the air is always clean inside this one incubator—and why that matters to you

Most Incubator-men talk loud about steady heat and little about Clean Air. I can afford to talk both, and more besides.

Because:—

The Peerless is the incubator that hatches with clean air,—the incubator that has real ventilation.

Now the quality of air an incubator-chicken gets before it's hatched is far more important than the quantity of food it gets after it hatches.

And many a poultry-for-profit venture has gone to smash by the carbon-dioxide route—bad incubator-air. Carbon-dioxide is a deadly gas every egg gives off as it hatches.

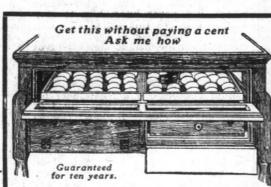
Open the ordinary incubator's door and sniff,—that sulfurous, musty choking smell is carbon-dioxide; and it is poison to animal life.

There is no smell in a Peerless—the poison is continually flushed out of the Peerless hatching chamber. Remember that for almost 500 hours the chick breathes what air seeps through the porous shell. If that air is poison loaded, as it is in badly-ventilated ordinary incubators; that chick is stunted, its vitality impaired, its vigor weakened.

It never can thrive as Peerless-hatched chicks, that breathe pure, clean air, do thrive.

Remember, too, that this is only one of fifteen plain reasons why the Peerless incubator not only hatches every chick that can be hatched, but gives those chicks the right start.

Every one of the fifteen reasons means the difference between money made and money lost in poultry-raising.



Get this without paying a cent. Ask me how.

Guaranteed for ten years.

Suppose you send me your address—use a post-card if you like—and let me send you my free book that tells some things you need to know, whether you are a beginner in poultry-raising or an expert.

Sending for the book doesn't commit you to buying the incubator. All we ask you to do is read the book. I won't importune you nor bother you.

Just send for the book and read it—that's all. If you will do that right now, I will tell you, also, how you can make the Peerless earn its whole cost long before you pay one cent for it.

Whether you have ever thought about raising poultry or not,—whether you know all about incubators or you don't, I will show you why it will pay you,—pay you, personally,—to know what the Peerless is and what it could do for you if you wanted it to.

Simply your name and address fetches what will tell you that,—and no obligation on your part. The obligation will be mine to you, if you'll just write now.

In this Free Book I show you how to start in the poultry business without spending a cent for the important part of your outfit. I will make you a partnership proposition that puts the risk mostly on me and leaves the profit wholly for you.

I will tell you how to get the incubators and brooders you need without paying for them till they have paid for themselves twice over. I will show you why that beats all the free trial offers you ever heard of, and why my way is the only sensible way for you to start raising poultry for profit.

Send for my Offer—Get the Free Book—Do it Now

To save time and freight Western orders will be shipped from our Winnipeg Warehouse; but all letters ought to be sent to

The LEE-HODGINS COMPANY, Limited 000 PEMBROKE STREET, PEMBROKE, ONTARIO

## COLONIES MAINTAIN

### Which Would be Sufficient Scheme for Imperial Government Has Been Invited a Great Admirer

London, April 24.—Yesterday the Imperial Conference devoted to discussing matters connected with the defense of the Empire. The resolution provided for the creation of a general staff Empire, which was tabled on April 29, was again brought up and adopted with a few verbal changes. It includes provisions for the change of officers representing Imperial government and the colonies.

Scheme for Imperial Defense The First Lord of the Admiralty, Lord Tweedmouth, outlined a scheme for imperial naval defense, and discussed its general trend. The subject was in favor of the continuation of the colonial connection, which had hitherto been in the general naval expenditure, the substitution of a system by which the colonies may maintain their own number of ships, to be sent by Great Britain, the colonies.

## FOUR FAST TRAINS THIS SUMMER

### C.P.R. Will Add Transcontinental Flyer to Make Trip in 85 Hours.

Winnipeg, April 25.—It has decided to run during the month heavy tourist travel a fast passenger train three times a week each crossing the continent after noon hours on the C.P.R. This will add to the two transcontinental passenger trains now running, and will also be in operation. The seas Limited will also be in service in order to connect with the Atlantic and Pacific steamers.

Intent on establishing a passenger service, the C.P.R. will operate a fast train between St. Paul and Spokane. The Soo line track will be utilized from St. Paul to P. from which point to Kingsgate, Spokane and International. The Spokane and International dary Extension will be the road which the new train will travel.

### JAMESTOWN EXPOSITION OF

### Thousands of Visitors Are Pouring Into the Big Show

Norfolk, Va., April 26.—With President Roosevelt as its guest and diplomatic and military officers all the more important nations of the world in attendance, the Jamestown centennial exposition was the event of the public yesterday. The Washington yesterday afternoon, the board the Mayflower arrives off the coast of Virginia. The arrival of the British and the arrival of the American ships, which had been peering two days by the Germans and Argentine ships in "Santo Domingo" less measurably to the attractiveness of the naval display arranged for the opening of the exposition and the board the Mayflower arrives off the coast of Virginia.

As the details of the program and the arrangements for the exposition have been carefully worked out, the position management have the opening of the latest world's fair as able day in the history of Jamestown. President Roosevelt, who will be in attendance, will be accompanied by the governor of Virginia, the board the Mayflower arrives off the coast of Virginia.

### TREATY OF PEACE SIGNED

### Salvador and Nicaragua Come to Terms

San Salvador, Republic of Salvador, April 24.—A treaty of peace between Salvador and Nicaragua was signed last night by ministers representing each country. The terms of the treaty are honorable to both countries. Conditions proposed by Salvador, accepted, and the demands made by President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, for reparations for Salvador's part in the recent war between Nicaragua, Honduras, and that there be an interchange of commodities between Nicaragua and Salvador were rejected.

### MISS SUTTON RE-APPEARS

In a Tennis Match—Will Again Visit England.

New York, April 24.—Miss May Sutton, the California girl, five years ago won the tennis championship and is preparing for another appearance in a tournament on the St. Nicholas rink indoor today. In the first round she was paired with Mrs. J. V. L. Bryan, they defeated Miss Wiley Scott. Mrs. Margaret Behring in straight sets, 7-5 and 6-3. Miss Sutton did not play her usual vigor, but it was necessary.

# Milk

Minutes. It will also take size; \$35.00 for 15 gal. This Butter Separator does for direct from the Sweet Our Ideal Butter Separator churn at a less cost than

REPRESENTED.

# Spring Co.,

at.

# ke money

almost too alluring,—but est. Write to me and I

into the poultry business see. I know that if you be a customer of mine as you will send me other

why I am willing to send you say-so.

help succeeding with earn and start right.

and address, and hear you aren't committed to anything by writing to me,—hear what I have to say you, that's all. Suppose you write now?

You don't have to "putter" with a Peerless Incubator to get good hatches. anybody who can tend a lamp can run it, and run it profitably, because the Peerless is simple, practicable, sensible. It is built by practical poultry-men who put into it what 15 years has taught them,—it of the Peerless every other incubators give money. It hatches hearty chicks, because it is because it hasn't any heat in the early right.

# o pay in,

why that is so, if you do it like, because I'll make you'd like to know why Makes Poultry Pay. get the facts. Write

# mbroke, Ontario

There ought to be sent to Pembroke.

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your address—use a post-let me send you the free things you need to know, inner in poultry-raising or

doesn't commit you to All we ask you to do is importune you no bother

and read it—that's all. know, I will tell you, also. Peerless earn its whole one cent for it.

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Simply your name and address fetches what will tell you that,—and no obligation on your part. The obligation will be mine to you, if you'll just write now.

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to get the incubators and heat paying for them till selves twice over. I will all the free trial offers my way is the only sen- sation raising poultry for

but all letters ought to be sent to

**NY, Limited**

**KE, ONTARIO**

# COMMODITIES WILL MAINTAIN THE WARSHIPS MAINTAIN THE WARSHIPS

Which Would be Supplied by Motherland—The Scheme for Imperial Defence—Sir Wilfrid has Been Invited to Visit Transvaal—Botha a Great Admirer of his.

London, April 24.—Yesterday's sitting of the Imperial Conference was devoted to discussing matters connected with the defence of the Empire. The resolution providing for the creation of a general staff of the Empire which was tabled on April 20, was again brought up and finally adopted with a few verbal changes. It includes provisions for the interchange of officers representing the Imperial government and the colonies.

**Scheme for Imperial Defence.**  
The First Lord of the Admiralty, Lord Tweedmouth, outlined a scheme for Imperial defence, and tentatively discussed its general trend. The remarks of the colonial premiers on the subject were of a nature to distinguish the colonial contributions, which hitherto have been sunk in the general fund, and the substitution of a system by which the colonies may maintain and keep a certain number of ships, to be supplied by Great Britain, the colonies also

undertaking to maintain coaling stations and ammunition and food depots available to the Imperial navy.

**Friendship Between Laurier and Botha.**  
Observers note the extreme cordiality which has sprung up between Premier Laurier and Premier Botha, both formerly members of races not owning allegiance to the British Crown, and both now the first citizens of their respective countries. General Botha has been so impressed with Sir Wilfrid Laurier's description of the Transvaal, believing that the spirit of the brilliant and accomplished statesman of foreign descent, who is yet an advocate of the highest traditions of the British Empire, will have an splendid effect upon the people of the Transvaal. It is noted also that Laurier and Botha invariably agree in the discussions of the conference.

# FOUR FAST TRAINS CAN'T SERVE THIS SUMMER TWO MASTERS

C.P.R. Will Add Transcontinental Flyer to Make Trip in 85 Hours.

Winnipeg, April 25.—It has been decided to run, during the months of heavy tourist traffic, a fast passenger train, three times a week each way, crossing the continent in about 85 hours. The C.P.R. train will be in addition to the two transcontinental passenger trains east and west, which will also be in operation. The Overland Limited will also be in service in order to connect with the Atlantic and Pacific steamers.

# JAMESTOWN EXPOSITION OPENS.

Thousands of Visitors Are Pouring In to the Big Show.  
Norfolk, Va., April 26.—With President Roosevelt as its guest and with diplomatic and military officials from all the more important nations of the world in attendance, the Jamestown Exposition, which had been opened to the public yesterday. Every steamer and every train reaching Norfolk has thousands of visitors. The city is decorated as seldom before and the governor of Virginia proclaimed a holiday in honor of the occasion.

# TRIAL OF MRS. MASSEY.

Charged With Killing Her Employer, Gustav Simon.  
New York, April 24.—Mrs. Annasia D. Massey, who is on trial charged with having shot and killed Gustav Simon, her one-time employer, today heard herself described by the jury as a murderer. Assistant District Attorney Ely, in opening the case of the prosecution, said he would show that the killing of Simon was a deliberate, premeditated act, following a quarrel between Simon and Mrs. Massey.

# DELEGATE TO DAIRY CONFERENCE.

Associated Press Despatch.  
Ottawa, April 25.—J. A. Ruddick, chief of the Dairy Department of Agriculture, has been appointed Canadian delegate to the third international congress of the International Dairy Federation, which meets this year in September at the Hague, Holland. The federation includes all the dairy countries of Europe, and both Canada and the United States will be represented by their delegates.

# B.C. LEGISLATURE PROROGUES.

Victoria, B.C., April 25.—The House was prorogued this afternoon. The Lieutenant Governor gave his assent to all the bills save the one regulating immigration. He reserved his assent to this. Hon. F. J. Fulton, Attorney General, announced in the House that after giving the matter full consideration and after consultation with the government he had resolved not to give his assent to petitions under the Dominion Lord's Day Act.

# MISS SUTTON RE-APPEARS

In a Tennis Match—Will Again Go to England.  
New York, April 24.—Miss May Sutton, the California girl, who two years ago won the tennis championship and is preparing for another visit to the British courts, made her first appearance in a tournament play on the St. Nicholas rink indoor courts today. In the women's doubles she paired with Mrs. J. V. Y. and she defeated Miss Wiley Scott and Mrs. Margaret Behr in straight sets 7 and 6-3. Miss Sutton did not display her usual vigor, but it was unnecessary.

# THE MINERS CONSENT TO RETURN TO WORK PENDING INVESTIGATION

Hon. Mr. Cushing and Mackenzie King Successfully use Their Influence to Secure Miners Decision to Observe Every Provision of the New Industrial Disputes Act—Mr. Cushing Promises Miners That Alberta Government Will pass 8 Hour Day Act, and Premier Rutherford Endorses the Minister of Public Works—Sir Wm. Mulock, Third Member of Conciliation Board, is on his way West

**FROM OUR OWN MAN.**  
Ferne, April 25.—After a closed meeting lasting from 8:30 last night to one o'clock this morning, during which Vice-president Lewis, President Sherman and the District Board officers talked earnestly to the men and exhorted them to return to work pending the investigation, the men finally decided that they do so the personal assurance of Mackenzie King, Deputy Minister of Labor, that the work of the commission will be expedited as much as possible. The men at first did not seem to want to accept the terms, but finally were persuaded to do so.

The following is the official agreement which was accepted:  
W. L. Mackenzie King, Deputy Minister of Labor, Fernie.  
Dear sir,—We beg to inform you that we have agreed to suspend all employees who have suspended work since April 1st, until they return to their respective places immediately at the same wages and hours as before the suspension of work on April 1st, and will continue at work until the Conciliation Board, the third member of which is Sir Wm. Mulock, makes its report on the investigation.

**THE WESTERN COAL OPERATORS' ASSOCIATION.**  
G. G. Lindsay, President.  
Vice-president Lewis goes to Michell and President Sherman and he will go on to Coleman tonight.

**Public Mass Meeting Addressed by Mr. Cushing.**  
Ferne, B.C., April 25.—A public mass meeting of the miners was held at four o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Opera House, which was filled to overflowing by citizens, miners and their wives.

Hon. W. H. Cushing was the next speaker. He asked the men to play their part in the settlement of the coal strike, and that they should be fair and honest in their dealings with the coal operators. He said that the coal operators were not asking for more than a fair return for their coal, and that the miners were not asking for more than a fair return for their labor. He said that the coal operators were not asking for more than a fair return for their coal, and that the miners were not asking for more than a fair return for their labor.

**Sherman Sceptical.**  
President Sherman also addressed the men and women of the mine, and he said that he was not sure that the coal operators were not asking for more than a fair return for their coal, and that the miners were not asking for more than a fair return for their labor.

**Again International Vice-president Lewis rose.** He gave a strong union speech, during which he said the working men and women of the United States and Canada were one, and on behalf of the United States workers he assured the miners they were interested in their success.

**Mackenzie King Applauded.**  
Deputy Minister of Labor Mackenzie King was the next speaker. He defined the meaning of the labor movement, and told of the formation of the Department of Labor in Ottawa, which was formed to give the working classes representation in the government.

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**MR. CUSHING AND MACKENZIE KING**  
Assist Materially in Improving Coal Situation.  
Although the operators and the miners are at present as far apart as the poles in the settlement of their differences, the intervention of the Alberta and the Federal governments, and the application of the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act have resulted in a truce whereby the miners will return to work at the same wages and hours as before the suspension of mining operations on April 1, and will continue at work until the Conciliation Board, the third member of which is Sir Wm. Mulock, makes its report on the investigation.

**MR. CUSHING MET MINERS YESTERDAY**  
Ferne, April 25.—Hon. W. H. Cushing met the officers of the district board and Vice-President Lewis yesterday. President Sherman addressed Mr. Cushing saying that in the agreement proposed by the operators there was an increase in the hours of labor in the mines in Alberta with 5 per cent. increase in wages in some cases was proposed. This was not a fair deal. Nothing could be considered tender toward an increase in the hours of labor, the miners preferred having an eight hour day established in Alberta the same as in British Columbia. Delegates also expressed their Government it would remove the standing bone of contention. He asked Mr. Cushing to give his views on the subject.

**Mr. Cushing's Reply.**  
Mr. Cushing said he would have felt free to answer the question during the last few days. Regarding the action of the Government in this particular he said that when it came before the Government at the last session of the House, and it was decided that such an act should be introduced into the House, it was found that it could not be got through the House before adjournment. The Government was in earnest about the matter, but had not sufficient evidence as to how the British Columbia Act was working out to enable them to legislate. This was the only reason the act was not passed, though it was intended to pass it next session.

**District Board Member Patterson,** asked if the miners could take this as promise made by the Government. Mr. Cushing replied that he would wire the Premier and if what he himself said was sanctioned they could do so.

**Mr. Cushing has already sent wire.** Mention was also made of election promises of legislation favoring miners. Mr. Cushing said it was the first time he had heard of them. President Sherman said he had them in writing from Speaker Fisher. Patterson declared he had them verbally from Mr. Fisher and Premier Rutherford. Vice-President Galvin said that the member for Lethbridge had told him that he was preparing to put Galvin and Sherman out of business and he had also said that he did not think the miners would get an 8-hour day act passed.

**Vice-President Lewis said that Mr. Cushing had gone the limit when he had promised to telegraph the Premier, and the miners could now rest easy.** President Sherman said he was personally more than satisfied with the position taken by Mr. Cushing. If he had assurances before from other members of the party of the same position as Mr. Cushing the miners might not have been so antagonistic to the government. On behalf of the miners he said he was more than thankful for the plain statement, and he thought that if more public men endeavored to get in touch with the masses and help out things what now seems a very difficult for legislation would be found easy.

**In the agreement just turned down there is a clause saying the miners should not be benefited by legislation passed by the government.** A committee of two miners then waited upon the operators to see if any more negotiations could be instituted, but they were told that a statement was being prepared which would be handed to them in a few hours.

**PREMIER SANCTIONS CUSHING'S PROMISE**  
Ferne, April 25.—The following is an exchange of telegrams between Hon. W. H. Cushing at Fernie and Premier Rutherford at Edmonton yesterday.

**Early in the evening, Mr. Cushing wired the Premier as follows:**  
"Position here serious. Have promised miners our government will pass eight hour bank to bank act at next session of legislature. Do you approve?"—Cushing.

**The Premier replied with the following telegram immediately:**  
"Your telegram received. I approve of your promise to miners."—Rutherford.

**MACKENZIE KING DENIES THE RUMOR**  
add conference mackenzie king de Fernie, B.C., April 26.—Vice-President Sherman are the miners' officials from the local unions at Canmore, Bankhead, Michell, Coleman and other mines as to whether the men will go back to work or not. Mackenzie King, deputy minister of labor, this morning emphatically denied statements to the effect that the government were bringing the mounted police, militia, arms and ammunition into this and other mining districts. This report has been traced to Regina, Sask., where the mounted police headquarters are.

not be used by anyone who had personal political aspirations. The man applauded Lewis loudly.  
The meeting all through tended to show that the attitude of the men to stay by their leaders is determined, and they will probably see the matter through.  
Miners meet again at 8:30 to get the statement of the operators' reply to the miners' proposition.

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# A SHOCKING TRAGEDY NEAR PADLE RIVER

Henry Dippe, a Settler Living in a Lonely Shack Near Paddle River Committed Suicide by Shooting Himself With Single Barrelled Shotgun—Deceased Left a Written Confession.

Word has come in from Lac Ste. Anne that late on Sunday evening, the 14th inst., news was brought in there by Mr. Milton McVeau, of Paddle River, that the dead body of Henry Dippe, a settler near Paddle River, had been found in his shack by W. J. Tooney. The unfortunate man's head was blown off.

On receipt of the news Constable G. F. Tyler, R.N.W.M.P., started for the scene of the tragedy, and left Lac Ste Anne early Tuesday morning with C. J. J. London, one of the jury.  
Notwithstanding the bad condition of the trail, Mr. McKean's shack was made that evening, a distance of over forty miles, and the following morning the coroner and jury, consisting of W. J. Rotchford (foreman), C. M. McKeown, E. H. Flewelling, W. F. Hart, T. V. Maloney and Constable Tyler, arrived at the scene of the tragedy about noon in a wild snowstorm.

On opening the door of Dippe's shack a ghastly sight met their gaze. There, on his bunk, with his head toward the door lay the deceased, the top of the skull from the nose to the back of the neck being completely blown off, and a single-barrelled shot gun lying on the body between the limbs, the muzzle pointing towards the foot of the bunk. The body was found in a wild snowstorm.

The boot and stocking of the right foot had been removed, and around the foot was tied a bit of strong cord, which at the other end was attached to the trigger guard. He asked Mr. Cushing to give his views on the subject.

**Mr. Cushing's Reply.**  
Mr. Cushing said he would have felt free to answer the question during the last few days. Regarding the action of the Government in this particular he said that when it came before the Government at the last session of the House, and it was decided that such an act should be introduced into the House, it was found that it could not be got through the House before adjournment. The Government was in earnest about the matter, but had not sufficient evidence as to how the British Columbia Act was working out to enable them to legislate. This was the only reason the act was not passed, though it was intended to pass it next session.

**District Board Member Patterson,** asked if the miners could take this as promise made by the Government. Mr. Cushing replied that he would wire the Premier and if what he himself said was sanctioned they could do so.

**Mr. Cushing has already sent wire.** Mention was also made of election promises of legislation favoring miners. Mr. Cushing said it was the first time he had heard of them. President Sherman said he had them in writing from Speaker Fisher. Patterson declared he had them verbally from Mr. Fisher and Premier Rutherford. Vice-President Galvin said that the member for Lethbridge had told him that he was preparing to put Galvin and Sherman out of business and he had also said that he did not think the miners would get an 8-hour day act passed.

**Vice-President Lewis said that Mr. Cushing had gone the limit when he had promised to telegraph the Premier, and the miners could now rest easy.** President Sherman said he was personally more than satisfied with the position taken by Mr. Cushing. If he had assurances before from other members of the party of the same position as Mr. Cushing the miners might not have been so antagonistic to the government. On behalf of the miners he said he was more than thankful for the plain statement, and he thought that if more public men endeavored to get in touch with the masses and help out things what now seems a very difficult for legislation would be found easy.

**In the agreement just turned down there is a clause saying the miners should not be benefited by legislation passed by the government.** A committee of two miners then waited upon the operators to see if any more negotiations could be instituted, but they were told that a statement was being prepared which would be handed to them in a few hours.

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On searching the shack a written confession of his rash deed was found, together with a request to bury him in the woods. It finished with "All will be over at nine o'clock." A strange coincidence was the fact that his watch had stopped at 9:15.

The inquest was held at J. Dugan's house, half a mile distant, the jury returning a verdict of "Death from shooting with a shot gun while the deceased was of unsound mind." The only witnesses, the former first strikers, were Mr. McKean, the deceased, and then rode over to Mr. McKean's shack, and he brought the sad news down to Lac Ste. Anne.

# ANOTHER INVENTOR INSANE.

**Hammond, of the Hammond Typewriter is Demented.**  
New York, April 23.—James Bartlett Hammond, inventor of the typewriter bearing his name, was committed to the psychiatric ward of Bellevue for schizophrenic ward at Bellevue for obnoxious brother, Thomas F. Hammond. Mr. Hammond's arrest followed a scene at the Hotel Cumberland, where, according to the testimony before Magistrate Walsh, Hammond started the outside guard of the house by singing and shouting and declaring that he had given all his money away to his employees and that he was going to Boston 68 years ago.

# STRIKERS FOUGHT

**Parade Signs an Encounter between Lumbermen and Bakers and a Body of Police occurred this morning on the Rue Du Louvre outside an annex of the Labor Exchange. Many arrests were made and the strikers attempted to rescue the prisoners, whereupon a detachment of the cuirassiers charged and dispersed the rioters.**

# FURTHER ADVANCE IN LUMBER PRICES

**Mountain Millmen's Association Have Notified Dealers of Another Increase.**  
Unofficial, but at the same time, thoroughly reliable advices have been received from the Rue Du Louvre and British Columbia lumber manufacturers have decided to advance the price of lumber over the Montreal market. The Mountain Millmen's Association have decided to make the following advances:  
Dimension timber and boards, advance \$2 per thousand feet; ship-lap, \$1 to \$2 per thousand feet.  
The British Columbia Lumber and Shingle Manufacturers' Association have also given notice of an advance of 30 cents a square on shingles. Similar advices have been sent to the retail lumbermen in the city, who will from this date purchase on the new price list.  
The reasons advanced to justify the increase are the comparatively small log cut, the scarcity and high price of labor, car shortage and the unprecedented demand for building materials to meet the requirements of the building trade.

# LACK OF FUNDS.

**In U.S. Treasury Results in Calling Off a \$1,000,000 Contract.**  
Special to the Bulletin.

**Lethbridge, April 24.—A. Casier, of Casier Bros., of Cardston, who on Thursday signed a \$1,000,000 contract for the St. Mary's reclamation canal in Montana, says the firm has been notified by the United States government that the work will be called off for the present owing to lack of funds. The reclamation service being supported by the sale of arid lands, the suspension is only temporary. Casier estimates that the work will take two years. Two million yards of earth are to be moved.**

# Robbers Held Up Post Office Officials.

**Sebastopol, April 23.—A band of armed robbers drove up to the post office here this afternoon, made the officials hold up their hands under penalty of being shot, took \$5,000 of the post office funds and escaped, leaving no trace of their identity.**

# MGR. SBARRETTI WILL RETURN.

**Rome, April 23.—The report that Mgr. Sbarretti, the papal delegate in Canada, who is now in this city, will not return to Ottawa, owing to family reasons, turns out to be incorrect. It is now stated that the delegate will go back to Canada with the Canadian Premier, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who is now in London attending the Colonial Conference. In Vatican circles, it is considered most likely that Mgr. J. Farrell, spiritual director of the American colleges here, will be appointed coadjutor of Bishop McCloskey, of Muirville, Ky.**

# \$450 IN FINES.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

DAILY—Delivered in City, \$4 per year. By mail, per year, \$3. SEMI-WEEKLY—Subscriptions per year \$1. Subscriptions strictly in advance.

BULLETIN CO., LTD. DUNCAN MARSHALL, Manager.

Friday April, 26th, 1907

THE CROAK OF THE LITTLE CANADA PARTY.

Mr. Bourassa in a recent utterance in the House of Commons made some remarks that cast a reflection upon the patriotism of the American immigrants of Western Canada. No greater injustice can be inflicted upon a class or an individual than aspersions of this kind.

As a matter of fact the Americans are the first to resent the suggestion of disloyalty. The ex-citizens of the republic are the first to express their amazement over the extraordinary democracy met with everywhere in a country where the monarchical form of government obtains. To insinuate that the American element does not accept in a genuine way the conditions as they find them in Canada is to grossly libel thousands of progressive people whose first inquiry after locating their homesteads is concerning naturalization.

They enter as enthusiastically into public celebrations on Dominion Day as our native-born. In Manitoba it was the ex-Americans who first commended the decision of the government to fly the flag on the public schools.

Hundreds of ex-Americans assert it is impossible for them to appreciate how thoroughly Canadianized they have become until they visit the States again where they are ready to denounce the imputations of ultra-republicans against the English monarchy, and correct many false impressions regarding the land of their adoption.

The constant suspicion that men like Mr. Bourassa entertain and occasionally voice regarding the Americanization of the west is an injustice to the best class of immigrants we have, and the only cause of regret they have for settling among us.

A CONDEMNING APOLOGY.

Mr. Foster has made his reply to the Insurance Commission. He has been unable to detract from one statement or interference that may be adduced against him in the report. His attitude of defence is that he was not responsible for the investment of the trust funds of the I.O.F., and that they were invested under the laws of the land. His further defence is an excuse. He says the commission pried into matters that had no relation to life insurance, or in other words the action of the Union Trust Company had no relation to the I.O.F.

What was this relation? Mr. Foster in his speech in the House does not deny, but actually declares that the trust funds of the I.O.F. were employed to float a subsidiary company to the extent of two million dollars, and that the investments in question came from this source.

Mr. Foster was manager of this company. Now he claims that he was in no way responsible for these trust funds. The responsibility, he says, lay with the Supreme Court of the I.O.F. That is to say, that the Supreme Court of the I.O.F., which is forbidden by law to invest the trust funds of the order in speculative enterprises, can form a company like the Union Trust Co., turn over the trust funds to it, whose manager like Mr. Foster may invest them in speculative enterprises while responsibility inheres neither in the manager of the subsidiary company nor in the Supreme Court.

All this, Mr. Foster claims, neither contravened his powers nor the statutes of the country. The real question is not whether it is legal or not, but is it right, and does it give adequate protection to the thousands of families in Canada who are the beneficiaries of the I.O.F. The commission has disclosed this state of affairs, and it would have been false to its duty and aim if it had not struck the visitor from the face of such hypocrisy. Every member of the Forrester's order will feel grateful that such an exposure was made. The commission did strike away the visitor, and if Mr. Foster's face was hidden there who is to blame for that?

Moreover, Mr. Foster was unable to explain away that he and his associates pocketed \$5,000 in the Montague syndicate deal, and that the money was in reality trust money of the I.O.F. All his bastard logic does not alter any of these facts, which was the commission's warrant of investigation.

Mr. Foster's argument that no money was lost is beside the question. The transactions were speculative and forbidden by law. All these dodges of high finance cannot palliate the violation of the trust reposed in him. This latter defence might have some force and appeal had not the filibustering finance of the Ontario Bank management been so fresh in the public mind. Charles McGill took the same ground as Mr. Foster. His transactions resulted disastrously, and his fate we all know. The funds imperilled by Mr. Foster were more sacred than the bank funds, provided as they were for the protection of the widow and the orphan. They were sunk in the purchase of unimproved lands which if they became dead in the stock market would have resulted as disastrously to the I.O.F. and Union Trust Co. as the efforts of the convicted Ontario bank manager did to his institution and himself.

PRaise FOR DR. McINTYRE.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Globe pays a splendid compliment to Dr. McIntyre, M.P. for Strathcona, in his reply to Mr. Armand Lavergne's motion protesting against the payment of bonuses for the promotion of immigration. "This motion," says the Globe, "brought out two uncommonly good and refreshing speeches. One was delivered by Dr. McIntyre, the member for Strathcona, and the other by Hon. Mr. Lemieux. The latter's reputation as a speaker is already made, but hitherto he has been regarded as a maker of eloquent set speeches rather than as a debater. Today he showed his powers in a give-and-take bout, and surprised friends as well as foes by his spirit, appropriateness and force of retort. As a reply to the Bourassa-Lavergne campaign it was crushing and evidently disturbed those two gentlemen very much.

"Dr. McIntyre of Strathcona, on the other hand, was an unknown force, and the House experienced all the emotions of a prospector who has struck valuable ore in place. He followed Mr. Bourassa, and that gentleman's pleasant references to the people who are coming to our shores in search of the promised land as the scum of the nations had evidently stirred him to his very depths. His effort to express honest feelings in studiously moderate language produced the effect of highly restrained indignation that had an electric influence on the House. His facts and statistics were telling, and his final characterization of the efforts of the party of two to set people against people and race against race, was singularly forceful and pointed. The postage stamp party is a phrase which will stick. Dr. McIntyre has the gift of reasoning on his legs, which is not common even among old parliamentarians. He received a remarkable ovation on resuming his seat. Considered as a first essay in parliament, it must be pronounced one of the incidents of the session of 1907."

THE CONFIDENCE OF EDMONTON

Every spring brings to the westwarder the "biggest-year on record." Almost invariably his sanguine expectation has been justified. Year after year in the long nights of winter his anticipations have been of the future. "Will this tide of prosperity reach the flood this season?" There is a grounded fear in the heart of every man that good times cannot always last. There seems to be an economic heredity rooted in the imagination of the average man that good times and bad follow each other every seven years like the seven lean and fat years of Pharaoh's dream. But with the annual rush of the Saskatchewan when freed from its icy fetters, the rush of immigration begins, the rush of new building, new capital and new railway construction, and the pessimist and the croaker is retired or converted. The sanguine spirit asserts itself, and permeates the whole community—all of which is reflected in renewed building enterprises and promising business conditions.

Property in all parts of Edmonton has considerably risen in value, even during the winter. Building material is said to be more expensive. Industrial and railway development will make unusual demands upon the labor market. But hopefully and confidently the men of judgment and experience declare this season will surpass all records.

The real estate market, a very sensitive indicator of business conditions, retains its saneness and justifies the upward fluctuations which are bound to be verified by the events of the coming year.

Property in the heart of the city commands a higher price than it did three months ago.

The character of the proposed buildings are generally of a higher class than those of other years. Manufacturers are laying plans and making investments that are calculated to give stability to local trade conditions. Notwithstanding the present financial stringency in the east, and a continued rise in realty values during the last four years, the demand for property is greater to-day than ever before. When property is increasing in value in the business area of the provincial metropolis, there are weighty reasons that pre-empt a vigorous and healthy situation and abundantly justify the confidence of our citizens.

A MINISTER OF TRUE PUBLIC SPIRIT.

Hon. Mr. Cushing's visit to the scene of the conflict between the coal miners and the operators is to be commended. Those who have followed the career of the Minister of Public Works know that he is a public-spirited man. He is ever anxious to assist the people. He has manifested this spirit in more ways than one. So it was only natural that he should pay a visit to Fernie and use his best endeavors to assist in settling the differences between the employees and the employers of the many coal mines that are now idle. The continuance of this trouble means the demoralization of the business of this province. It means a tie-up of our railroads and the closing of many of our manufacturing plants.

What more natural than that a member of the government of Alberta, who, from the very day they took the reins of office, have shown by their legislation that they have the welfare of the people at heart, should use his best efforts to bring peace in the warring mining camps. The settlement of such a trouble means a great deal to the prosperity and progress of this province, and it is the business of the government, representing the people, to make an attempt to bring about peace. If they sat idly by and allowed the struggle to continue without an effort being put forth to bring the parties to an understanding. They would be negligent in their duty to the citizens of this province. It is not, as a Fernie despatch says, "the meddling of politicians," but the honest desire of a public man to bring industrial peace and prosperity to the province, of the government of which he is a very valued and important member.

THE THAW TRIAL.

The Thaw trial has revealed a generous spot in the social life of New York, and in the administration of the criminal law of the State. Historians are wont to compare the republic of the United States with that of Rome. In many respects the parallel is striking, but nowhere is the parallel so deadly as in the power of wealth to prostitute society. It is discouraging to find a disease that seemed to be a product of old civilization recurring in a new civilization upon which so many high hopes are embarked.

Wealth, like fire, is a good servant but a bad master. In a land of freedom and honest labor, of boasted social and political equality, with education and opportunity for useful public service, Harry Thaw's millions made him a debauched idler, a member of a social elite possessed of equally debauched and servile classes ministering to their pleasures until a fatal lust made their influence a scourge.

The long-drawn-out trial with its fine-spun technicalities, its network of uncertainties, its mass of irrelevant evidence imported into the premises of the argument, the distortion of every rule admitting evidence to the limits of absurdity is a blot on the legal procedure of the Court, and a scandal upon justice itself. By such devices prostituted wealth was rendered immune from the consequences of the law of murder, and a premium put upon crime by a rich man, who aided by astute counsel, was able to thread his way through the mazes of criminal law from the galleys, thus reducing to a mockery the boast that all men are equal when they stand before a jury.

The sixth commandment still remains a fundamental law that should never be abrogated. In this connection Goldwin Smith makes the following pertinent observation: "The sacredness of human life is the keystone of all civilization. There is a tendency to shrink from the infliction of capital punishment. In some countries it has been abolished, and France seems likely to be added to the number. The same people who sign petitions for the reprieve of a murderer are ready to shout for a var in which a hundred thousand lives may be sacrificed. The substitution of solitary imprisonment for life is taken to be a measure of mercy. It is more probably a measure of cruelty. No mental agony can be conceived greater than that of endless confinement and solitude.

When a man has the mark of Cain upon him, it is best for him, as well as for society, that he should be put out of the world."

There is a deep and wide interest in this case which concerns all who are interested in the problems of civilization on the basis of a wholesome democracy. Will the nation be able to cure itself of this evil? The republic has a grave occasion for calling upon the wisdom and moral sense of her citizens. We believe she has a reserve of both to answer the call.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

Alberta and New Zealand lead the way for the rest of the empire.

Socialism is a vision of equality and felicity in a world of inequality and sacrifice.

The press has nabbed Foster for misdemeanors that are too intelligent for the police.

The German Emperor has 19,000 neckties—a fair supply for his quantity of "neck."

Alberta is a youngster, but the telephone is not to be a toy for it to play with. It is to be a convenience for the people.

Russian newspapers are fighting for the liberty that will allow them to print an item announcing the picnic of the Epworth League.

Decay of religious belief in the working classes is an element that is always associated with industrial discontent and disturbance.

Operations of the Peace Congress should be enlarged to apply to the Homeric titles of Colonel Sam Turpin Hughes and Henri Bourassa.

A lynx was shot in the street of Edmonton the other day. It is supposed it came from Calgary and was looking for the man who located the university at Strathcona.

We'll soon be able to talk over the phone with our friends in Camrose, Daysland, Stettler and Alix. How is that for a government only eighteen months old?

Millionairism is not wrong. The trouble lies in the millionaire. Millionairism is the outcome of an age of gigantic commercial enterprises which with commercial concentration has eliminated the middleman with ultimate benefit to the consumer.

PERTINENT REMARKS.

Good-bye day winter come and when you have shorter time to stay. A western paper says there are lots of lars in the country. In reply to a question as to whether there is improvement since David's time when all men were included in the list.

All this talk about Lord Aylmer's "forced retirement" is all rot. His retirement takes place according to regulations approved long ago by both parties.

In the last five years 339,350 immigrants have settled in the three western provinces. Of this number 239,944 were British born. The Anglo-Saxon is mathematically safe yet.

The Toronto World implies Sir Wilfrid Laurier would have gone to England happier if George Fowler were in jail. Not so. Being a man like Fowler is a punishment enough without incarceration.

The London Free Press, remarks that cabinet salaries should increase conditionally upon endorsement at general elections. At that rate where would Hon. George Rulas Foster and others of the bunch come in?

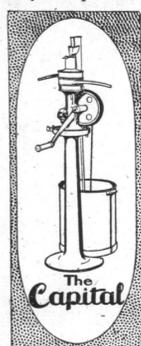
An Ottawa paper says Alberta seems to have greater attraction for the immigrant from old France than even Montreal. Of course! Alberta is lively and thoroughly up-to-date. The integrity of society demands that the good name of public men shall not be at the mercy of blowing-eadder scandal-mongers.

Mr. Fowler's attack on Mr. Emmerson is the climax of a systematic policy of slander, insinuation and suggestion that began from the first session of the Liberal Administration. It is the policy of nagging and pin pricking and one that measures the size and power of the Opposition's criticism of the Government. Their bluffs and innuendoes are called at last. They have placed Mr. Emmerson in a position to defend himself, and he will. Lay on Macduff!

SENATE CLOSES ITS BAR. The Canadian House of Lords Becomes Abstemious. Ottawa, April 25.—The Senate to-day decide to close its bar. Next session the restaurant will be run by a salaried official instead of a caterer as at present.

Four Cows Will Earn You MORE Money Than EIGHT Cows Earn You Now

Tell me to show you how to get over thirty dollars a year more out of each cow you keep. Make me prove that four cows AND a Capital Separator will actually earn you — YOU, PERSONALLY — more money in cold cash profits than an EIGHT-cow herd and no Capital Separator. Don't take my say-so for it. Don't wrap yourself up in your own belief that it can't be done. It CAN be done, and I can PROVE it to you, in a practical, hard-sense fashion, with figures and facts that you won't want to dodge. Write to me and see.



make butter and the right way to SELL butter. Tell me to tell you about it, — there's nothing to pay. Why don't I tell you right here in print? Simply because I am not giving "blanket" advice. What might be a good plan for a man in Ontario wouldn't work in Manitoba, — and I propose to advise each dairyman according to his location and other vital details. Naturally, I want to sell Capital Separators. I am no philanthropist. But I will sell them faster because I can tell people how to make them pay, — and that's something new in this business.

I don't care what your experience with dairying has been, nor what your separator. You may have what you think is the best separator there is. Or you may believe, as many do, that there isn't any real profit in dairying — farming what you are sure you're wrong in either case. Do I get the chance to do that? I'll write you to the more, short, downright facts? Just write to me and say so.

I don't care whether you feel able to buy a Capital Separator or not. It won't be a hard matter, once you get to the buying point, to make terms with me. Some of my friends — I don't consider them merely my customers — take three years' time to pay in. Some of them pay in three months. Doesn't make any difference to me, because I know, and I can prove to you, that my Separator will buy itself the first year you have it. It will save you enough money and trouble, to pay for itself twice over in that time. And I can prove that, too. — Just write and ask me to.

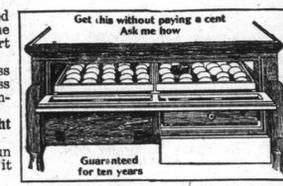
I've got a machine here, and a method, that will open your eyes to what there really is in keeping cows for profit. Maybe you are one of the few that know that already. Even if you are, you won't be any the better for reading these facts. I'll write you to tell you about the easiest separator to run, y a ever saw, the easiest to buy, — the separator that skins cleanest and does it easiest, — the one with the really low-down can, — and about the method that makes more butter, makes better butter, and gets better prices for it the whole year round. Just write to me — address as follows:

Robert Ferguson

National Manufacturing Co., Limited 91 Mall and Empire Building, TORONTO, ONT.

Let me show you why you, personally, can make money with a PEERLESS Incubator

I Take Most of the Risk There is money in raising poultry, big money. Why can't you get some of it? You can; and I know you can, if you make the right start. I am so sure you can that I will outfit you to start without your paying me a cent beforehand. No philanthropy about it — just plain business with me. I mean exactly what I say when I propose to do just this: I will furnish what you need to start with, and you needn't pay for it until it has paid for itself twice over, at least. This is the idea: Tell me who you are, to begin with. Then I will show you where the profit in poultry really is, and that you can get as big a share of it as you deserve. When I have satisfied you on that, just tell me you are ready to start after that profit, and — I will ship you a Peerless Incubator, and a Peerless Brooder, — or just the incubator alone. I will pay the freight charges. I will tell you how to run the incubator and run it right. I will stand right back of you all the time, tell you anything you want to know about poultry-raising, find a good market for any poultry you want to sell, act as your expert advisor, and leave the profit for you. All I ask you to do is to promise to pay me for what I ship you, after it has had time to earn twice its cost and more. I know it sounds almost too alluring, — but it's true, and it's honest. Write to me and I will prove that to you. I want to get you into the poultry business for my own sake, you see. I know that if you succeed as it you will be a customer of mine as long as you live, and you will send me other customers. That's one reason why I am willing to send you my incubator on your say-so. I KNOW you can't help succeeding with poultry, if you start in earnest and start right. Tell me your name and address, and hear what I have to say. You aren't committed to anything by writing to me, — hear what I have to say to you, that's all. Suppose you write now? You don't have to "putter" with a Peerless Incubator to get good hatches. Anybody who can tend a lamp can run it, and run it profitably, because the Peerless is simple, practical, sensible. It is built by practical poultry-men who put into it what 15 years' incubator-running has taught them, — and who have left out of the Peerless everything that makes other incubators give trouble and waste money. It hatches hearty, sturdy, sure-to-grow chicks, because it is properly ventilated, because it hasn't any moisture problem, because it uses heat in the only way that is certainly right.



I will give you any time you want to pay in, — three years, if you say so

I will guarantee everything about the incubator to be all right, — I will take just about all the risks, in fact. You supply the eggs and the oil for the lamp, and use common-sense and a little energy, — that's your part of it. I can show you why that is so, if you will ask me to, — can't do it here, because there's no room. Tell me you'd like to know why the Peerless Way Makes Poultry Pay. I will see that you get the facts. Write and ask to-day.

The Lee-Hodgins Co., Limited, 162 Pembroke St., Pembroke, Ontario

To save time and freight Western orders will be shipped from our Winnipeg warehouse; but all letters ought to be sent to Pembroke.

ADVERTISE IN THE BULLETIN

SPORT

After Winning Ball. Chicago, April 26.—If the Sox win the world's championship at the end of this season, the president Charles A. Comiskey will ante that their share of the prize will amount to \$40,000. The owner of the world's champions, this statement before he left St. Louis to witness the opening of the Brown Hotel. Comiskey's offer will make share of the White Sox about the same as last year. The winning club's share of the prize series with the Cubs was \$25,000 and Comiskey added \$15,000 to show how much he appreciated great work of his men. No matter how much the prize of the next season amount to, White Sox may be certain of it if they win. This offer is not bringing out the best work of every man on the squad during the entire season.

Amateur Ball at Stettler. Stettler Independent.—With a vent of spring, winter sports have to take a back seat, and the talk of the baseball prospects for the coming season. It is proposed to form the teams at Tese, Hilsler, Red Willow and Mayville leagues. Mr. Ball, our enterprising jeweller, and Ray, Richardson, promised a Fifty Dollar trophy for Stettler Club which they will defend against the other clubs in the league. One of the stipulations of the donors of the trophy was that all the members of the different clubs shall be residents of the town or settlement from which the taker's name, any club hiring outside men will be disqualified.

Players Insured for \$100,000. Cleveland, April 26.—The owners of the Cleveland Baseball Club are giving no chances on sustaining a through the team being crippled by a railroad accident, and have insured the players for an amount over \$100,000. Many of the other league clubs are thus insured, and it is believed that none are insured a larger amount. Ever since the war there has been an accident at Napoleon, the local magnates have taken chances, and before they start on training trip, they have insured so that the club will be protected financially in case he meets with accident off the baseball field.

W. C. League Expenses. Medicine Hat Times: The ml in the Western Canada league follows: Medicine Hat, \$100.00; Edmonton, \$100.00; Lethbridge, \$100.00; Calgary, \$100.00. Total, \$400.00.

This will mean that the railroads will receive about \$4,332 in one alone, without taking into consideration berths and meals. An effort being made to raise the rate on a half cent fare. This would mean the railroads \$3,100. At a low rate of interest, the money would be on at the low railroad rate, the money will spend on the railroads \$6,000.

Among the few new things we umpires have to watch this year is one which permits only one pitcher discoloring the ball. It is any other player \$5 to rub a new ball clean with soap, but is regarded as wise baseball to sid a batter switch from side to side in an effort to rattle the pitcher, but is no longer permissible. A pitcher must now decide before stepping to the plate whether to throw right or left-handed, and must to that side of the plate until his ting turn is ended.

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Calumet loses all of last year's and to date looks to be the weakest of the four teams, making up the N. aggregation.

The Tribune says Manager Merson of Lethbridge pitched a Calumet victory last year after Houghton's pennant practically cinched.

Vancouver has let out first baseman, Saunders. He was not to play in the game, but is to be placed on the Canmucks.

Winnipeg will only have five games at home before the league opens. Lethbridge, May 9, 30, and 31. Hitting, May 13 and 14.

S. Donovan, one of the most prominent members of last season's Gary baseball club, is to play a stop during the coming season Butte City, Montana.

The Aberdeen club is out for North Western League champions. Manager Brown has purchased a number of former big league stars, paid \$800 for pitcher Hickey.

A number of improvements on the Peerless diamond are also planned to send the infield, and the outfield was somewhat rough last season, but it is to be given particular care this summer.

Work on getting the diamond shape at Winnipeg has been started at the earliest possible moment. It is hoped that the diamond will be able to play their exhibition game there, but falling this, it is believed that the league games will be pulled off there.

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E Money Now

Be right way to SELL to tell you about it. I will right here in case I am not giving you. What might be a man in Ontario would t... and I propose to v... according to his v... details. Natur... Capital Separat... opist. But I will sell... I can tell people... pay, and that's this business.

that your experience... not what with... as many do, that... profit in dairy... how you where you're... Do I get the... will you listen to... downright facts? and say so.

either you feel able... separator or not. It... matter, you get... to make terms... my friends—I don't... my customer's... time to pay in. Some... months. Doesn't... me to be, because I... prove to you, that... myself the first year... will save you enough... to pay for itself... at time. And I... just write and ask.

machine here, and a... open your eyes to... is in keeping with... you are one of the... that already. Even if... be any the power... I'll write you. Let... the easiest a parator... saw, the easiest to... use that skims cream... it—the one with the... can—and about the... is more better, makes... and gets better prices... year round. Just... press as follows:

almost too alluring,—but... est. Write to me and I... into the poultry business... see. I know that if you... be a customer of mine as... you will send me other... why I am willing to send... your say-so.

It help succeeding with... in earnest and start right... e address, and hear... You aren't committed to... anything by writing to me... —hear what I have to say... you, that's all. Suppose... you write now?

You don't have to 'put-... ter' with a Peerless Incu-... ator to get good hatches... anybody who can tend a... lamp can run it, and run... it profitably, because the... Peerless is simple, practi-... cable, sensible. It is built... by practical poultry-men... who put into it what 15... years has taught them,—... out of the Peerless every-... other incubators give... oney. It hatches hearty... chicks, because it is... because it hasn't any... cause it uses heat in the... tainly right.

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SPORTING NEWS

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With the football and lacrosse teams playing their league games when the professional baseball team is out of town, Edmonton is going to have a steady run of athletic contests for the next four months.

The Calgary teams refused to come into the Alberta Association unless the entrance fee was made \$1 per team. This city was always noted for loving a few cheap sports, but apparently the football fraternity here beats them all at the something-for-nothing game in athletics.

A city league is being organized in Moose Jaw. There are four teams in sight now and there will likely be more before the schedule is drawn.

The lawyers of Regina have organized a team and will play in the city league there. Among the club's patrons are Hon. J. H. Lamont and Hon. F. W. G. Haultain.

The Calgary teams will not be allowed to perform at the Dominion Day sports under the auspices of the fire brigade, unless the cash prizes are withdrawn and medals, boxes of cigars, or souvenir spoons are given instead.

Great Football Year. From the way applications are coming in, the Alberta Football Association judiciary committee will have an interesting session arranging the districts.

At the annual meeting, Vermilion, Vegreville, Inisfail, Edmonton, Ponoka, Lloydminster, Leduc, Fort Saskatchewan, Strathcona, Leduc, Red Deer, Didsbury, Olds and High River teams stated their intention of joining and since then a number of others have been heard from to the effect that they were candidates for admission and would be along with the 85 membership fee before May 10th.

The Calgary league officials and newspaper editors are working the Association in every form, but apparently to no avail. They even have gone so far as to call a convention for next week at Red Deer to organize an opposition provincial league, but the convention will hardly materialize as all the teams as far north and including Red Deer, are with the Alberta Association, and everything looks promising for the High River and Southern leagues to affiliate with the first Alberta Association.

NEW HOCKEY LEAGUE. Winnipeg, April 23.—The big international hockey league, including the Houghton, Calumet, American, and Canadiana, is being organized. It is to take a decided change in circuit, according to the latest dope now being out in this country and the United States. The International league will lose Pittsburgh, which will throw in her lot with Montreal, Ottawa and other teams of the eastern, and the remainder of the old circuit will be known as the Northwestern League in Columbus, Ohio, and perhaps Cleveland, although the latter town will not get in within two years at least. Chicago, which would be two cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn., one from Winnipeg and another from the home of the famous Rat Portage or Kenora. This idea, who held the championship of Canada the greater part of the season last year, is also probable that Duluth will be embraced in the circuit, although not till a hockey rink is built in that city, which will likely delay the entrance of a team for two winters. Then there is more talk of a big team being put in from Detroit and of the building of a covered hockey rink in that city, artificial ice to be used, as will be done at Cleveland and Columbus.

The idea has so far progressed with the proposed backers of the Chicago team that a manager has been engaged for next season. The famous Alf Smith, who played with the champion Ottawa when they held the Stanley cup, and who later went to the Kenora Thistles in western Canada, went to Chicago last Monday and will play lacrosse in that city or in St. Paul this summer. Smith has always been counted as one of the seven greatest hockey and lacrosse players of the Dominion. He is now in communication with the managements of the Chicago and St. Paul lacrosse clubs.

RULES MAY WORRY MANY. New York, April 23.—New rule book just issued contains some funny interpretations that will cause many a poor minor league umpire trouble. All umpires do not receive the instructions like those of the National or American leagues, nor do they attend meetings called by the presidents of the two leagues to debate upon the rules as laid down.

In one part of the book just issued, under the title "Simplified Baseball Rules," one finds this: "When a ball hits the batsman or the umpire before the catcher touches it the umpire must declare it a dead ball and no base runner can advance." If the batsman is filled with runners, and the batter was hit by a pitched ball, what becomes of the man on third? Is he to remain? The seven greatest hockey and lacrosse players of the Dominion. He is now in communication with the managements of the Chicago and St. Paul lacrosse clubs.

Another place, under "Batting Rules," it says: "Before two men are out, if a batsman pops up a fly to the infield, with second or first, or second or third bases occupied, the batsman is out if the umpire calls it an infield hit." Why call it an infield hit, when second and third bases are only occupied? The rule does not say so, but the interpretation says it is.

Like Owen Sound. Associated Press Despatch. Midland, April 25.—Justice Mulock has quashed the local option by-law passed by Midland in January last. The vote was 477 to 294 against it.

TENNIS. New York, April 26.—Miss May G. Sutton, the California girl, and her partner, Mrs. G. V. L. Fryn, won the women's doubles final today on the court of the St. Nicholas rink.

Clark Griffith figures his chances for the pennant this year depends on the showing for the first month. The Highlanders have to make a complete circuit of the American league cities shortly.

Al Orth differs from some pitchers regarding the spit ball. He does not think it injures his arm in the least, but he says the pitcher who has a wind-up delivery and lets his arm go at full length never should use it.

The Lethbridge fans are sore on the city council because the aldermen refused to vote \$250 to help defray the expenses of T. A. Humphries, who goes along with the spring trip as business manager and publicist agent. The city fathers only voted \$150 and if \$150 more is not put up from other parties T. A.'s trip will be off.

City fans will hear with satisfaction that Bill Stettler who was in partnership with Geo. Adams at the Fan cigar store up till the business was sold, has caught an unexpired pipe in the Three-L league and will make his initial appearance at Peoria, Ill. in a few days. Bill has all the ear marks of making good on the job.

Pitman, the amateur pitcher with Wetsakwin last year, and who has signed an Edmonton contract has not returned to his home yet. It is not certain that he will perform an Edmonton professional uniform this year. If he does not play with the big team here the Edmonton 11 will have the services of a great box artist.

Another matter which the Winnipeg team is taking up is the possession of Pitcher Bushelman. The owners of the Three-L league claims Bushelman and the case is now in the hands of the Secretary Farrell, of the National Commission. Bushelman signed with the Maroons before the team disbanded last fall and just where the Little Rock team has an claim his services is hard to understand.

Now that the active season is about to open a gentle reminder to the diamond heroes is in order. It is not what they have done in the past, but what they will do in the future that will henceforth count with press, public and employer. To this end public relations is vitally important and it is the time to acquire that desideratum. A hint to the wise is as good as a kick.

EDMONTON'S REP. O. K. Fernie Ledger: A meeting of the Fernie baseball club is called for Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at the Napanea hotel. Desay White, of the Edmonton floaters, has written a party in town that he would like to have a game with Fernie on the team's trip from Spokane. Edmonton is said to have a team for next year and should give the boys a good practice. Edmonton has always been known as a more sportsmanlike bunch than Calgary, so Fernie need not conflict the two towns.

LETHBRIDGE'S EXHIBITION GAMES. John W. Morrison, manager of the Lethbridge professional baseball team, has now completed the pre-season dates for the period between April 27 and May 15. After the latter date the team will start for Lethbridge, playing a number of games on the way. The team will shortly rendezvous at La Crosse, the dates so far arranged are as follows: La Crosse, Wis., April 27—May 5. St. Thomas College, St. Paul, Minn., May 6. Hibbing, Minn., May 8—10. Duluth, May 11—13. Winnipeg, May 13—15.

LACROSSE. President Carlund of the N. L. U. picks Montreal to win the big eastern league championship this year. Lethbridge will organize on Thursday night. The prospects are for a better team than ever this year.

Replies so far received from lacrosse clubs indicate that the proposal to form a Saskatchewan league will bear fruit.

Yellow Grass team, which won the championship in the Soo Line league last year, will play in the Saskatchewan association this year.

Lacrosse is to be boomed in Buffalo, Detroit, St. Paul and Chicago this year, and some of the best Canadian players will perform in these cities.

It cost Nationals, Montrealeers and Chamrocks about \$700 each to run their intermetropolitan league. The teams had to travel to Sherbrooke and Quebec and got practically no gate receipts at home.

Regina club does not know where it is as respects the series in which it will appear, but has communicated with the Souris and Winnipeg clubs respecting the formation of a series.

Latest news from the east is that Alf Smith, the great Ottawa hockey and lacrosse player, will perform in St. Paul this year, and may induce Johnny Power, the crack Ottawa infielder, to play with him. Smith plays outside and Powers inside home, and are the two best scorers in the business.

Telegram: Harry Latham and Tom Gifford, the last of New Westminster's great team who cleaned up the team in 1906, have decided to go to the farm for good. And one wonders what has become of good old Bob O'Byrne. It looked at one time as if he and Billy Patterson would last the summer. But every lacrosse player has his day, even if some days are longer than others.

At St. Louis National. R. H. E. St. Louis, 100001010—3 7 1 Chicago, 000041000—5 10 4 Batteries—Brown and Marshall; Overall and Kling. Umpire—O'Day. At Brooklyn: Boston, 000000040—4 11 0 Brooklyn, 001010000—2 11 1 Batteries—Flaherty and Brown; Rucker, McIntyre and Butler. Umpire—Emale.

Philadelphia: R. H. E. New York, 01200110—5 14 2 Philadelphia, 00103000—4 9 2 Batteries—Mathewson and Bresnahan; Sparks, McCloskey and Jacklitch. Umpire—Rieger. Called and eighth inning. At Pittsburgh, April 26.—Pittsburgh-Cincinnati game postponed, rain.

At New York American. R. H. E. Washington, 000000000—0 6 1 New York, 100100200—4 10 1 Batteries—Clemens and Warner, Keefe and Kleinow. Umpire—Hurst. At Boston: Boston, 000000100—0 1 3 Philadelphia, 000000000—0 1 3 Batteries—Dyger and Barry; Pruitt and Galloway. Umpire—R. H. E. Detroit, 021000000—3 9 2 Rochester, 000000000—1 10 1 Batteries—Willett and Schmidt; Newell and Stephens. Umpire—O'Loughlin.

Cleveland: R. H. E. Cleveland, 000000010—1 6 1 Chicago, 001000000—2 7 2 Batteries—Lieber and Clark; Walsh and Sullivan. Umpire—Sheridan and Stafford.

At Providence Eastern. R. H. E. Jersey City, 000000110—2 6 2 Rochester, 000000101—1 5 2 Batteries—McCann, Deegan and Vandergriff; Clinton and Peterson. Umpire, Conway. Attendance, 1900. At Newark: Newark, 001000001—2 7 4 Baltimore, 001000005—5 6 1 Batteries—Clemens and Shaver; Atkins and Hearne. Umpires, Kelly and Haffner. Attendance, 1300.

At Buffalo: Buffalo-Buffalo game postponed, rain.

CANADIAN BANK CLEARINGS. New York, April 26.—The following table shows the bank clearings as compiled by Bradstreet's for the week ending April 25, showing percentage of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year: Montreal \$26,065,000, decrease 1.9; Toronto \$22,843,000, increase 2.9; Winnipeg \$11,077,000, increase 23.0; Ottawa \$3,990,000, increase 31.0; Vancouver \$3,035,000, increase 43.3; Halifax \$1,673,000, decrease 1.3; Quebec \$1,701,000, increase 22.9; Hamilton \$1,671,000, increase 14.6; St. John, N.B., \$1,243,000, increase 13.0; London, Ont., \$1,389,000, increase 32.4; Victoria \$1,124,000, increase 66.3; Calgary \$1,599,000; Edmonton \$1,122,000.

HAPPENINGS IN OTHER PLACES. Hapened water works system is being extended to 10th street, the corner of which the new Empire hotel has been built.

Chicago: B. is accepting nothing but perishable freight at Maledo at present.

L. Clayton, a Seattle architect, has written the Lethbridge Brick & Terra Cotta Co., asking quotations for a new Kenora, brick, Lethbridge, an 18 by 8 foot sign has been erected over the door of Eakin & Mathewson, real estate office, Lethbridge.

Postmaster J. A. Woolf, who has been in charge of the winter in Utah, returns to Cardston much improved in health.

The Grand Trunk Pacific fired up their first engine in the Lake Superior region at Kenora, and commenced switching under their own steam at Fort William.

In the first half of April 128 persons from Saskatchewan and Iowa moved, bag and baggage, across the border and became citizens of Canada. They carried with them seventy-nine cartloads of household goods and their financial condition can be seen when it is known that their combined property, every cent of which went into Canada, was \$324,805.

TO BRING WATER FOUR MILES. C. N. R. Must Do This for Supply at Humboldt.

As soon as the frost is out of the ground, the Canadian Northern Railway Company will commence the work of laying a pipe to Swanton, N. B., a distance of about four miles north of Humboldt. On account of the water supply running short this winter, the company has been compelled to run a water train to supply water for divisional purposes. The section of the pipe which the C. N. R. will lay the new pipe has been tested and found to be satisfactory for the engines. At the lake a modern steam plant will be installed for pumping purposes, the engine being 30 horse power. When this new waterworks is completed it will be a great boon to Humboldt, as the company has signified its willingness to supply the citizens of the town with water at reasonable rates.

BENTLEY. Mr. and Mrs. Priland left a few days ago for England, where they intend spending three or four months. Rev. J. H. Johnston was laid up for a week or so with a lame foot. We are glad that he is now able to get around without a cane. The funeral of Harry Saint took place on Friday from the Bentley Methodist Church. The Rev. Mr. Cobe officiated. The Bentley Creamery will be in full swing on May 1st. Mr. William McPherson, Sr., is bringing an addition to his home on Murray street. A number of our townspersons have had measles, but they are up and around again. Colonel Garries has bills up to the neck that the Bentley Feed Mill will close on Saturday until after the seeding. Is the Colonel going to retire or go into auctioneering? The Rutland and Thorp block is receiving a new coat of paint.

Ontario-Quebec Cobalt Mining Co. LIMITED. MERGER OF FOUR VALUABLE PROPERTIES.—113 1-2 Acres in the famous Buckle Township, and 20 Acres in rich Coleman. HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO. DIRECTORS: F. I. DUPRE, G. C. W. P., Montreal, Que.; J. J. LAPOINTE, M. P., Toronto, Ont.; G. D. LANGLOIS, M. P., Montreal, Que.; D. McAVOY, M. P., Valleyfield, Que. Working Headquarters—HAILEYBURY, COBALT, ONT. Transfer Agents: THE TRUSTS & GUARANTEE CO., Toronto, Ont.; and Registrars: (THE SECURITY REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENCY, 66 Broadway, New York City. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTIES. 1—The S.W. 1-4, of the N. 1-2, Lot 5, Con. 4, Buckle Tp., 27 acres. 2—The S.E. 1-4, of the N. 1-2, Lot 5, Con. 4, Buckle Tp., 27 acres. 3—The N.W. 1-4, of the N. 1-2, Lot 5, Con. 2, Buckle Tp., 40 acres. 4—The W. 1-4, of the N.W. 1-4, of the N. 1-2, Lot 25, Con. 4, Coleman Tp., 20 acres. Since the rich strike the Directors have decided on selling only 200,000 shares. The first shipment will be made in about 90 days and the amount that will be realized therefrom and the stock sold up to that time will be sufficient for all development purposes. The balance of the stock will remain in the treasury insuring larger dividends on small amount of stock issued. STOCK STILL OFFERED AT PAR One Dollar per share. The rich strike on property No. 1 continues to improve and the vein has grown larger. The vein since the first assay published (12,742.60 per ton) has shown higher values during the last few days. Report just received from Superintendent shows that the ore received from property No. 2 promises to assay as well as our rich strike on claim No. 1. We have a most excellent proposition worthy of your investigation. We do not want you to wire us your money, nor do we want you to send us your subscription until after the most thorough investigation. Space is too costly in an announcement of this sort to give full explanations. We want you to purchase all the stock that you can conscientiously carry but not until you have satisfied yourself what a good proposition we have. The stock is payable in four equal monthly payments and our guarantee given below fully protects you. WE GUARANTEE To every applicant for shares to buy back their stock at price purchased from us any time within thirty days if the proposition on investigation does not prove to be exactly as represented. Write us to-day for full information, maps, copies of assays, etc. This is an unparalleled opportunity. GORMALLY, TILT & CO. Members Standard Stock Exchange, Toronto, Canada. Established 1892.

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